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Je-D, 1893; Ap 24-D 27, 1894; Ja 3-Je 20, 1895;
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ALABAMA NEWSPAPERS

THE BANNER

CLANTON, AL, CHILTON CO.
JA-D 1893; MR 24-D 27, 1894;
JA 6-JE 20, 1895; JA-D, 1896-
1911; JA 4-MR 21, 1912

ALABAMA NEWSPAPERS

THE BANNER

CLANTON, AL, CHILTON CO.

1901

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Clanton, AL

1901

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J 1 8 15 22 29	J 1 8 15 22 29	J 1 8 15 22 29	J 5 12 19 26	J 3 10 17 24 31
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1903	1904	1905	1906	1907
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D 5 12 19 26	D 3 10 17 24 31	D 2 9 16 23 30	D 6 13 20 27	D 4 11 18 25

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 3, 1901 NO. 11

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate
Clanton, Ala.

ELECTION NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the Town of Clanton on Monday, January 14th, 1901, for the election of a Mayor and four Councilmen for the Town of Clanton.

I. P. VANDERVOOR, Mayor.
A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Mass Meeting Beat 8

Stanton, Dec. 26, 1900

A mass meeting of the people of Beat 8, Chilton county, is called to meet at Stanton, on Tuesdy, January 8, 1901, to consider the Stock, Road and Whiskey Laws proposed for our county, an to elect delegates to the mass meeting at Clanton, Jan. 12, 1901.

W. J. RUDDICK.
J. F. JOHNSON.

Mass Meeting Beat 2

A mass meeting is called for beat 2, Friday the 11th, at one o'clock, at Jemison to discuss Sock Law, Road Law and Prohibition Law of Chilton. Let everybod that can, come and let us consier the important measures for our county, and send delegates to Clanton next day.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
C. L. SANGSTON
JOHN JOHN.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

On Monday last Dr. I. B. Adams, a son of Judge S. M. Adams, had the terrible misfortune of being run over by a street car at San Antonio, Texas, where he has been residing for the benefit of his health. Our information is meagre but we understand both legs had to be amputated. Judge Adams left on Tuesday night and sent a telegram this morning saying his son was doing well. We deeply sympathize, with the family in this misfortune.

MARRIED.

On December 26, at the residence of the bride's father near Coopers, Mr. H. A. Harris and Miss Alice Elland were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. F. M. Woods officiating. We wish this popular young couple a long and happy life together.

At the residence of Mr. G. W. Wilson, father of the bride, on December 30, Mr. A. F. Mims and Miss A. E. Wilson were happily married, J. J. McDowell J. P., performing the ceremony. We join their many friends in wishing them many years of wedded bliss.

Mr. John C. Gaylor and Miss Lizzie Lodge were married at the residence of the bride at Lomax on January 2, E. B. Deason J. P., performing the ceremony. We wish the happy couple a full measure of domestic felicity.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

the up to date and hustling Dentist, who is well known and popular, will be at Stanton from 7th of January to 12th, 1901. Come promptly, you may never have a better opportunity to have good dental work done.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co and D. I Deramus, Verbena.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Burwell, Dec. 31, 1900

Editor Banner. Please allow me space in your paper to express my opinion on the stock law. I notice that some of our monied men, who are able to buy big herds of cattle, and furnish pastures for them, are coming down in very broad terms on the poor farmer who is scarcely able to furnish food for his family to subsist upon.

There is but one condition, (and a very poor one it is) in which stock law can benefit the people. If there would be a provision in the law, that the landlord should furnish the renter with a pasture free, it would then be a little benefit to a certain class of people. But if such provision was to be made, it would knock speculation in the head, and that is the chief aim of the propogators of the law. Laws of this nature, should always be made to benefit the largest number of people. It has always been the case that the monied men are working after gain. If they can force the stock law upon the poor class of people, and make a big speculation off the farmer, by either forcing him to sell his stock, or rent a pasture from him, who blames them for it? Just visit the stock law region, and see the poverty stricken cows and horses who could turn over on their backs and saw the roots in two, and you will not want any law.

Those people are like the man going around hunting a job, praying to God he would not get any. They are always going around howling to the poor man to get out of debt, and, at the same time praying to God that they might not, and they think if they can get the stock law, their prayer is surely answered. No, we don't need any such thing and more than that, I don't believe we will have it. Let them howl, Bill Arp says it is healthy. They say it looks like we need stock law or better fences, like that is any of their business. Low fences ought not to trouble them. What will be good for one will not be good for all. You are sadly mistaken when you say that. Perhaps it would be good for you to take a dose of oil to night, and yet it might kill one of your neighbors. So it is with the stock law. It may benefit you five dollars while it would injure your neighbor $1,000.00. Lets have no stock law if you please.

J. E. GOSS.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Verbena, Dec. 22, 1900

Editor Banner. With regard to stock law, I notice that the discussion is being conducted on one side, in the same javaricious vindictive spirit which has characterized the politics of this county for a number of years, branding land owners with tyranny and oppression, hence the continuous confusion. Why not discuss these things in a neighborly, friendly spirit? There are two sides to the stock law question as there are to most of problems. Some men who are accustomdd to living in a stock law country, like it, some oppose it. I know some renters who favor it. I think there are some good men in Chilton county who own farms. It is admitted that some want to domineer, but I think they are the exception, and not the rule. All this slang about farmers wanting to force tenants to rent pastures is preposterous. There is no milk in this neighborhood, summer nor winter, only from cows that are fed. Some say they have stock and no land and they think their stock ought of right, to graze on the other fellow's woodlands. Is that equal rights? In that case, which class imposes on the other? Let us get out of the vindictive, childish rut, and come together as neighbors, having a common interest, and let our motto be the greatest good to the greatest number.

HARDY JONES.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Planterville, Dec. 17, 1900

Editor Banner. Will you allow me space in the Banner to say something about the cursed stock law question. Stock law is a bad thing and is the next thing to hell on earth. I have a son and two brothers living in it and they tell me that it puts neighbors to fussing and to quarreling and lawing each other, and often ends in the exchange of bullet. Stock law means no stock at all; it breaks down and bursts up churches and does way with the religion and all civilization. You trace it back to the black belts where it first started, you find the people all at cuts and all involved in law and a preacher can't get a good congregation together to hear a sermon in north Dallas. There has been four families sold out this fall and gone west to get out of the stock law. At Riderville and Stanton there are several poor widow women who has a cow and calf and if stock law is enforced upon them they will be compelled to sell their cow and leave their poor little children crying for milk and butter. Stock law don't suit no one only the large land owners. Hon. L. P. Pounds has a petition from beat 8 with sixty-three names on it again a stock law, and we are now circulating our second petition against it and we respectfully ask the citizens and taxpayers of every beat in the county to join us in getting up petitions against stock law and help us down it. Look at the poor people that will be deprived and cut out of milk, their dependance for a living. We again ask the people all over the county to go to work at once and get up petitions in every beat against stock law and help us keep it out of Chilton county. We don't need it nowhere in Chilton county yet.

M. H. BARNES.

Clanton, Dec 24, 1900

Editor Banner. Seeing so much agitation concerning the stock law and pending road law, I wish to state my views on them. I wish to state that I am opposed to either of them. There has been enough said about the stock law. I notice one writer says the people are about equally divided. I wish to say that those that are in favor of it are in some other part of the country. There is nine out of every ten in my community against it. I see our representative, wishing to serve the people, has spent the greater part of his time in framing a road law that I do not think the people wants or needs. Men that are subject to road duty, are still subject to work roads or pay $3.00, and their property is taxed also, that makes these men subject twice. Older men which have served their time out on road duty, their property is taxed to pay their special tax, and in my opinion the 20 per cent will just only surfice to start with. The present law is enough law if it was more rigidly enforced. If the overseers would put in the time required by law the roads would be in great deal better fix. Now fellow citizens all come out to the meeting on the 12th inst. and express your selves on the three proposed laws before us.

Down with all of them.

Yours, W. A. EDWARDS.

A D p Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50 c at Clanton drug store.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $2,000.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100 (sold February 16, 1900.)

Gene al Farming Lands for sale. $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Riderville, Dec 25, 1900

Editor Banner. I would like space to say a few words in regard to the stock law. As for a general stock law for the entire county I am not in favor of that unless the people want it. Down here in the south west corner of the county there is a small territory where the people want a stock law. They have a petition now pending for same. The men who signed and want this law are men who have due regard for the widow and orphan, and for the poor generally, and we don't think any one ought to feel hard at us for trying to get what we all want. Now, I think a good way to decide the question is to take the territories where the stock law is now in force. I have recently been in one of these territories and the people seem to be doing well. I never saw or heard of a single widow or orphan who had suffered thereby. The poorer class of people generally are still alive and have become satisfied. Men who fought and opposed it bitterly, now speak in its praise. If you want to get the best beef, butter and milk in the country, just go down in the stock law country, spend a few days and you will say it is not half so bad as I heard it was. Now, fellow citizens, if a few localities in the county want a stock law, let us not meddle with it, but attend to that which directly effects us, namely, the selling of whisky in the county, which is a hundred times worse than all the stock law. Whisky is a demon that will destroy our homes, and the soul and body as well.

HENRY BURNS.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDS

Under and by virtue of the power given by the Will of K. Wells, Deceased, and under and by authority of a Trust Deed executed to us by the Heirs of the said deceased, the undersigned will proceed to sell at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama, during the legal hours of sale, at public outcry to the highest bidder for case, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1901,

the following described property, to-wit,

In Chilton County, Se 1-4 of Sw 1-4 Sec. 3, Town ship 21, Range 14. Ne 1-4 of Sec. 10, Town-ship 22, Range 14, E 1/2 of Sw 1-4 Sec 12, Town ship 21, Range 14. E 1-2 of Nw 1-4 Sec 2, township 20, Range 14. Sw 1-4 of Se 1-4 sec 21, Township 20 Range 13. S 1/2 of se 1-4, Nw 1-4 of Se 1-4 and ten acres on the east end of S 1/2 of Sw 1-4, Sec. 13, Township 21, Range 13.

In Autauga County, Sw 1-4 of Ne 1-4 Sec 3, Township 19, Range 16, S 1/2 of Se 1-4 Sec 21, Township 20, Range 14. Nw 1-4 of Ne 1-4 Sec 22, Township 20, Range 14. A acre in sec 22 with mill rocks and all machinery.

MARY WELLS, Executrix.
W. H. WELLS, Sr., Trust Trustee.
WM. WELLS, Jr.

Clanton, Ala., Dec 6, 1900.

WANTED.

FOR SALE.—4 good common cows with first and second calves from one to six weeks old. Apply at THE BANNER office, Clanton.

100 ACRES fine Farm Land, one mile northwest of Thorsby 30 acres well improved land. Good well of water. Can be bought on easy terms. Apply to

J. A. SKINNER, Jemison, Ala.

FARM HANDS Wanted. Good hands $10.00 per month. Apply to I. A. Logan, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Notice of Application to the Legislature.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned to the present session of the Legislature to remove the following described farming lands from within the corporate limits of the town of Clanton:

The Nw 1/4 of the Ne 1/4, sec 2 Tp 21 R 14, owned by J. P. Haynes.

The S 1/2 of the Ne 1/4 of the Nw 1/4 Sec 2 Tp 21, R 14 and in the N 1/2 of the Ne 1/4 of the Nw 1/4, the following piece of land one acre wide across the East end of said North half of the Ne 1/4 of Nw 1/4 owned by J. W. Edwards.

J. W. EDWARDS.
J. P. HAYNES.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

Everything seems to be the object of a trust nowadays. Even the gentle rain forms pools in the streets.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. S. M. Adams Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I, E. Z. Nix, Administrator of the estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder on the premises on

MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, upon the following terms: One third cash, one third due in one year and one third due in two years, the following described real estate belonging to said estate, to wit.

The South half (S 1/2) South-west quarter (SW 1/4) Northwest quarter of the South-west quarter, South-west quarter of the southeast quarter, Section Sixteen, and the East half (E 1/2) the North-west quarter, North-west quarter of the North-west quarter, West half of the North east quarter, West half of the East half of the North-east quarter, section twenty one, North-east quarter, south-west quarter of the south-east quarter, Section twenty, all in Township twenty-two, range thirteen, in Chilton county, Alabama. E. Z. NIX,
Administrator of the Estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
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JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. D. A. CAMPBELLE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE HOURS: Morning 8 till 10, Evening, 3 till 5.
Office at Drug Store CLANTON

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
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Telephone 494—2 Calls
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BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas,
6. A. T. Hathcock
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent.

WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Kansas is considering whether to restore the death penalty to the statute books. The practical question seems to be whether criminals shall be executed legally or illegally.

Kruger is receiving as great popular ovations in France as Kossuth received in the United States fifty years ago after his unsuccessful efforts for the independence of Hungary. And, as in Kossuth's case, enthusiastic demonstrations of popular sympathy for him will have no practical result.

While two or more expeditions are getting ready to try again to reach the North Pole, Notes and Queries has been figuring on what past expeditions have cost. It finds that during the present century 400 human lives have been sacrificed, $125,000,000 spent and 200 ships lost in the fruitless effort to reach the pole.

Already Russian butter from beyond the Ural Mountains is finding its way into the English market, and according to a report from the British Consul at Riga, arrangements are being made for the quick transportation of butter from western Siberia to connect with the steamship service from Riga to London and Hull.

A distinguished New York penologist, Eugene Smith, estimates the direct annual cost of crime in the United States at $200,000,000. The indirect effects of crime bring the total annual cost to about $400,000,000. The total cost of education in the whole country in 1880 was only one-third the latter figure, amounting to $139,000,000. In the present census returns it is not likely to exceed $200,000,000. Crime, therefore, is twice as expensive to the country at large as the education of all classes of its population.

Professor Koch says he is now convinced that certain kinds of gnats, as well as certain kinds of mosquitoes, convey malarial poison. It is a grievous affliction to the human race that microbes are enabled to take unto themselves wings through the agency of these pestilential insects. If microbes were reasonably quiet and contented, and not migratory; if they were lovers of home and clung to settled habitations, then malarial districts could be clearly defined and mapped out, and those areas of misery and suffering could be shunned and avoided. But with the help of the mosquitoes and gnats malaria, like Satan, is often all abroad.

English is a good language—a beautiful and a strong language—and it is capable of expressing adequately and euphoniously the loftiest sentiments which animates the soul, the most delicate and tender fancies of the poet, the noblest heroic emotions. From grave to gay, from simple to sublime, this tongue has as many forms as there are individual peculiarities of thought, observes the Philadelphia Record. English adapts itself to the wit of Sydney Smith and the humor of Mark Twain; to the splendor of Milton, the grace of Tennyson and the brilliancy of Swinburne. It is a far cry from the suggestive phrases of Coleridge to the cold, clear accuracy of Herbert Spencer. So rich a language could never have been invented.

"Can a woman love a plain man?" is the question just now convulsing the London Gentlewoman and its supposedly gentlewomanly readers. One correspondent, who, as she signs herself "A Mere Girl," probably brings all the weight of years and experience to bear upon the matter, says, "As a rule, girls flirt with the handsome men and marry the plain ones." Another declares, "Women, as a rule, look upon beauty as their own particular property, and resent a beauty man as having poached upon their preserves." A third answers the question with a question: "Is a man ever plain to the woman who adores him?" A fourth, dropping into philosophic platitudes, proclaims the not altogether novel sentiment: "There are several reasons impelling love for man in woman kind. And it can scarcely be asserted that the matter of his personal appearance comes first." With all due respect to the intellects propounding the question, says a writer in New York Sun, we should say that it depends largely on the plain man's ability, if a foreigner, to read his title clear; if an American, upon the size of his bank account. It would be more to the point, anyway, to inquire, "Can a woman love a vain man?"

CUDAHY WARNED BY ABDUCTORS

He Is Advised to Withdraw Reward of $25,000.

GETS A THREATENING LETTER

Request Is Refused and Document Is Turned Over to the Police For Investigation.

A special from Omaha, Neb., says: E. A. Cudahy, the millionaire packer, has received a second communication from the men who kidnaped his son. This time, as formerly, the letter contains a threat, and says in substance that unless he withdraws his offer of $25,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of each of the three bandits they will kidnap another of his children. The letter refers to the failure of the police to get anything like a tangible clew as to the identity of the kidnapers, scoffs at the idea of Pat Crowe being one of them, mentions the ease with which the "first job was pulled off," and concludes by saying that if Mr. Cudahy is as wise as he showed himself in the first instance he will comply with the request and withdraw the reward at once.

This letter is written in pen and ink on the same kind of yellow paper as the first and evidently by the same person. It was found by a servant of the Cudahy household early on the morning of Thursday, December 27th. Some one called up the house by telephone and asked if Mr. Cudahy was in. The servant answered that he was not.

"Well," came the voice over the 'phone, "you go out in the front yard and you will find a letter there near the gate. It is addressed to Mr. Cudahy. See that it is delivered to him personally and to no one else."

The servant went out at once and found a letter. It was in a plain white envelope and was addressed:

"Mr. E. A. Cudahy, Sr., personal and private."

Mr. Cudahy, who was then at his packing house in South Omaha, was summoned home at once. No one was permitted to see the letter at first except Mr. and Mrs. Cudahy. Mr. Cudahy's intention at the time was to keep its contents to himself, as the bandits had requested, but later he thought better of it, as he believed that, in the hands of the police, it would prove a valuable clew.

Mr. Cudahy says he has not withdrawn the reward, nor will he do so. It stands as originally offered.

The address, as well as the letter, is printed in lead pencil. The letter is written on common note paper, ruled with blue ink, which is scarcely traceable. The postmark shows that the letter was mailed at the postoffice at 8 a. m., Saturday, December 22d, showing clearly that one of the gang of abductors was in the postoffice on that date, if the letter had the same origin as the letter demanding the ransom. That the origin was the same is attested by General John C. Cowin, who saw both missives. The letter reads:

"Cudahy: If you value the boy's life at the price of a bullet, you will withdraw the reward at once. And let well anough alone. If you don't do this we will finish the job with a bulet. If any man, whether gilty or innocent is ever arrested, a bulet will close the boy's mouth. You will think of this warning when it is too late—"

The only marked difference between this letter and the letter demanding a ransom is in the greater number of misspelled words. This, however, may be affectation, for it will be observed that the most difficult words are spelled correctly, whereas some of the simple words are misspelled.

"Withdraw" and "reward" are correctly spelled, while the comparatively easy word "guilty" is spelled "gilty."

BOERS SURROUND KIMBERLY.

Provisions Go Up to Famine Prices and Mails Are Cut Off.

Advices from Cape Colony state that Kimberly is almost isolated by Boer raiders. No mails had reached there from December 19th to December 25th. Provisions are at famine prices. The military took charge of all the food stuffs December 22d.

MRS. NATIONS IS OBDURATE.

Refuses to Leave Jail On Bail Furnished By Her Friends.

A special from Wichita, Kan., says: Mrs. Carrie Nations, the W. C. T. U. "joint" wrecker, has refused bail secured by her co-workers. She now says that under no circumstances will she step out of jail uncleared of the charge against her and the W. C. T. U. committee that had taken up the matter has practically abandoned its effort to secure her release.

RASH DEED OF JILTED LOVER.

Attempted to Murder His Former Sweetheart and Commit Suicide.

Robert Morgan attempted to kill a Mrs. Tompkins, a young married woman, near Harrison, Ga., Saturday night, and then put a bullet into his own head, inflicting a very dangerous wound. Neither of the two shots he fired at Mrs. Tompkins struck her.

Morris had been paying attention to Mrs. Tompkins and her marriage to another man was the motive for the attempted murder and suicide.

FAILURES IN LONDON.

Big Financial Corporation Suspends and Many Firms Are Involved.

Advices of Saturday from London stated that the London and Globe finance corporation, limited, had suspended payment. On Friday, when the brokers delivered stock purchased on the London and Globe and asked for payment, they received checks, which were dishonored. This was followed Saturday by the failure on the stock exchange of twelve firms, as follows:

Haggard, Hale & Pixley, Garle & Driver, Douglas, Jr., & Co., Cornfoot Bros., F. A. Cohen, Blockey & Buckingham, Gunn & Aubrey, Richards & Sloper, Baker & Smith, F. C. Watts & Co., Flower & Co. and F. Boully & Co.

The first named is a big firm with important connections. It is feared a number of smaller jobbers will be affected.

While the difficulties of the firms closely connected with the London and Globe division were largely discounted, the repeated fall of the hammer Saturday morning caused a great sensation. It is feared the full list of failures is not yet known.

The failures involve twenty-eight members of the stock exchange and are equally divided among jobbers and brokers. It is generally regarded in the mining market as being the blackest day since the Baring smash, which was disastrous to all departments. This crisis, however, did not extend to other markets, though most of them closed depressed.

The chairman of the London and Globe finance corporation, limited, is the marquis of Dufferin and Ava, the former governor general of Canada and British ambassador to Paris. The failure of the concern of which he is the head adds one more sorrow to the closing chapter of his life, for he is at present preparing to start for South Africa, in company with Lady Dufferin, in consequence of the serious condition of his son, Lord Frederick Temple, the lieutenant in the Ninth Lancers who was wounded a few days ago at Glenfontein. It is scarcely a year ago since Lord Dufferin lost his eldest son, the earl of Ava, who died at Ladysmith. He is now encompassed by family grief and his honored name is dragged in the financial mire.

CAUGHT IN PRAIRIE FIRE.

An Unfortunate Family Is Nearly Wiped Out of Existence.

Some days ago Gottlieb Stacker and family, consisting of a wife and half grown daughter, a married daughter and her husband and babe, left Stillwater, Oklahoma, in wagons to settle on a claim near the Texas line. They arrived at their destination Christmas day and at once put up tents for temporary residence.

When all were asleep a prarie fire enveloped them before they knew it, and in a few moments everything they had was destroyed, and all of them nearly perished. The little babe died and the mother is blinded and may die. The father and son were both badly burned, while the seventeen-year-old daughter will lose both feet and will likely die.

EDUCATORS ADJOURN.

Professor Glenn, of Georgia, Elected President of Association.

The meeting of the Southern Educational association at Richmond was brought to a close Friday night.

The question of the next place of meeting was referred to the executive committee for final action. It lies between Columbia, S. C.; Charleston, S. C.; Asheville, N. C., and Knoxville, Tenn. The following officers were elected:

President, Hon. G. R. Glenn, Atlanta, Ga.; vice president, Chancellor R. B. Fulton, of Mississippi; secretary, Hon. P. H. Claxton, of Greensboro, N. C.; Treasurer, Hon. F. L. Stuart, of Knoxville.

GROVER HUNTING DUCKS.

His Party Is the Guest of Murphy Island, S. C., Gun Club.

Grover Cleveland, Fighting Bob Evans and other sportsmen, arrived at Georgetown, S. C., in a special sleeper at midnight Saturday night. They slept in their car and Sunday morning went by launch to Murphy's Island, where they will for ten days be the guests of the Murphey's Island Gun Club.

SHOALS AN OBSTRUCTION.

When They Are Removed River Navigation Will Be Open.

The Huntsville, Ala., Evening Post prints an interview with Congressman William Richardson in which he says that no satisfactory results will be received from appropriations on the Tennessee river until the Colbert shoals, upon which the sum of $6,000 has been expended, are removed. When this is done, he said, we will have unobstructed navigation from above Florence and Sheffield to the mouth of the river, a distance of more than two hundred miles.

SQUADRON OFF PENSACOLA.

Ships of North Atlantic Fleet Make First Stop On Winter Cruise.

The flagship Kearsarge and battleship Massachusetts of the North Atlantic squadron, Rear Admiral Norman H. Farquhar in command, crossed the bar and entered the harbor at Pensacola, Florida, Saturday noon.

An admiral's salute was fired from the guns at the forts. Other vessels of the fleet arrived later.

KIDNAPPERS BADLY FOOLED

They Steal a Wife and Demand $10 and a Jug of Whisky.

THREE HORSES BURNED.

Boy Hurt by Fireworks--Trunk Sewer in Jefferson County --Other State News.

KIDNAPPED A WIFE.

And Demanded $10 and a Jug of Whisky as Ransome.

A sensational kidnapping occurred near Blountsville on the day before Christmas, and although the ransom asked for the return of a man's wife was only ten silver dollars and a jug of whisky, the price was too much for the bereft spouse, who, in answer to the demand of the abductors, sent them his thanks for their pains and the season's greetings.

The victim of the conspiracy was Mrs. Patsy Strong, who lived with her husband near Holly Pond, a small settlement a few miles distant from this place. On last Monday she came to Blountsville, and late in the afternoon started home afoot, and while trudging along one of the loneliest places on the road she was overtaken by a wagon driven by two men, who were strangers to her, but who invited her to ride with them. When she got into the wagon she was blindfolded, gagged and forced to lie down, and was covered up with old quilts and taken into the mountains.

Christmas day the following note was received by Postmaster Bynum, of this place:

"Camp Hideout, December 25.

Mr. Postmaster, please see old man Strong and let him know his wife Patsy is in our hands an she is safe and sound, and if he will bring us ten dollars in selver and a gallon of good whiskey he can git her. Tel him to go out to the ketchum old place at midnite tonite and turn up the river bank two mile until he come to a outhous and it will have a lite in it and to leve the money and licker in the said house, and his wife will be returned to him in good shape. If he don't do this tel him we will slit his wife's years and he will haf to lead her around through life looking like a marked hog, now Mister bynum, don't fail to attend to this matter and don't you let enny body see this letter."

On receipt of the above the postmaster made haste to see Mr. Strong and revealed to him the contents of the note, whereupon Mr. Strong wrote a note and tied it around the neck of a jug filled with water and found his way to the out-house and left them there. The old man's note read as follows:

"My good friends:

"You think you have brought great trouble on ole Jack Strong, but you haven't. thirty-one years ago I stole patsy from her daddy in gorgy and hit has give me more trouble than all the rest of my steelin. Patsy have been a grate lode on my shoulders and I am much oblige to you fellers for steelin of her and you sertainly have my sympathy. You say you will cut her years if I don't anty—cut and be drat. i leave this noot and jug of sperits. a happy Christmas to you."

The jug of "sperits" turned out to be water, and with a red-headed woman weighing no less than 250 pounds on their hands the kidnappers were no doubt greatly disconcerted.

The woman in the case made her appearance at the Blountsville post office early on the morning of the 26. She besought Postmaster Bynum to take up her case with her husband, whom her captors had told her would not let her return home. Mr. Bynum went out to see Strong, but could not make him feel that it was any part of his duty to submit to the return of the stolen goods. The woman is now at Mr. Bynum's home, and the latter is all torn up and at a loss to know just how to unload his burden.

The census of last June shows a population of 140,000 persons in Jefferson county, an increase of nearly 60,000 over the population of ten years ago. If the same rate of increase is maintained for the next ten years Jefferson county will have 225,000 population in 1910.

Once more the introduction of American methods will revolutionize British traffic. As a result of the visit of a prominent railway official to the United States the directors of his road have decided to substitute for the present lever system of signalling the pneumatic method employed on American roads. The installation of the latter system is now proceeding.

Stable and Three Valuable Horses Burned.

A stable belonging to H. H. Mayberry, of Birmingham, was destroyed by fire at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, together with three valuable horses, four vehicles and several sets of fine harness, the total loss being placed at about $4,000.

The stable was situated in Nineteenth street, South, on the rear end of Mr. Mayberry's lot opposite the residence of W. H. Kettig, and was almost entirely consumed before the fire department could arrive. The fire was discovered by the hostler, who gave the alarm, but because of the combustable material the flames, which were first seen coming out of the roof, spread rapidly, and in less time than it takes to tell the little frame building was wrapped in flames, and in a few minutes was a mass of ruins. The hostler made a heroic effort to save the horses and vehicles, but just as he reached the stable door the roof fell in and his efforts were thwarted.

One of the horses was a fancy roadster valued at $1,000 and was one of the finest horses in the city. The others were a team of carriage horses valued at $600. The vehicles destroyed were a handsome carriage, a drag and two buggies, which with the horses, fittings and building run the loss up to the amount above mentioned.

Jim Paradise Caught.

The arrest of Isaac Paradise by Officers McKee and Keen, of Huntsville, three weeks ago, has resulted in the arrest of Jim Paradise, who, with Isaac, is charged with the murder of a man in Jackson County. Isaac Paradise was arrested on a charge of drunk and disorderly, and in searching him the officers found a letter addressed to Jim Paradise in Clarksville, Red River County, Texas. Sheriff Austin, of Jackson County, went to Texas and returned with his man last Friday night. Two rewards of $175 each were up for the arrest of the men.

Ngero Boy Shot.

Ned Allison, a negro boy, was shot and instantly killed at Merrimack Friday night by unknown parties. He was walking with two women along the street when a bullet struck him between the eyes and killed him. John George and another man named Allison have been arrested on suspicion.

News Items.

The home of Joe Ash, a few miles from Valleyhead, was burned to the ground one night recently. The roof was falling in when the family awoke. Mr. Ash, his wife and twelve children barely escaped. Their household goods were almost wholly destroyed.

Little George Davenport, of Chattanooga, while visiting his cousins in Valleyhead in the early part of the holidays, met with a serious accident. The inside pocket of his coat was filled with fire works which in some way became ignited and were discharged in his face. His neck and chest were badly burned.

A bill is now pending in the Legislature which authorizes Jefferson County to issue bonds for a sanitary sewer of sufficient dimensions to carry off the sewage of all the towns and cities from East Lake to Bessemer. The estimated cost of the sewer is a little over half a million dollars. The sewer will afford drainage for a population of over 600,000 persons.

A bill introduced into Congress by Representative O. W. Underwood providing for an appropriation of $1,750,000 for the building of the Warrior Canal. The House committee on rivers and harbors look with favor upon the bill, but the present Congress is not expected to authorize this expenditure.

The North Alabama Railroad Company has been incorporated with $500,000 and the right of way surveyed from near Cullman through Walker county to Parrish. The Louisville and Nashville is back of this company.

The taxable values of property in Jefferson county increased about $4,000,000 in 1900, the valuation as given into the tax assessor, in round numbers, being $41,000,000.

The British Navy League has arrived at the conviction that Great Britain does not rule the sea any longer. The conviction has been slow in coming, but it seems to be there to stay.

An Atlanta man has been fined $5 for digging in his garden on Sunday. Served him right. He should have been playing golf.

RECENT STATE HAPPENINGS.

Foul Play Suspected.

Sa Cole, a negro who had been making his home in Pratt City for several months, and who had been sick a several days, was found in the backyard of the Midway saloon, near Ideal City, on the morning of December 20th, in a very serious condition. He was carried to his boarding house by some other negroes, and recovered sufficently to walk about some. He went out in the yard while no one was watching him, and not returning soon after, a search was instituted, and he was found in a corner of the yard dead. The cause of his death is not known. The circumstances surrounding it, however, are of a suspicious nature, and it is probable some investigation will be made by his friends. The negro was of a peaceable disposition, and bore a very good character.

Some Appointments.

Circulars issued by the Southern Railway make the following announcements of appointments effective January 1. Mr. H. E. Hutchens is appointed superintendent of the Northern Alabama railroad, vice Mr. R. B. Pegram, resigned. W. H. Peddle, general superintendent of transportation of the Southern Railway. R. B. Pegram, assistant general manager. Mr. H. E. Hutchens, superintendent Memphis division, vice Mr. R. B. Pegram, promoted. Mr. A. Ramseur is appointed superintendent Norfolk division, vice Mr. H. E. Hutchens, transferred.

Broke a Window and Stole a Coat.

Sunday morning at about 7 o'clock some one broke one of the large plate glass windows in Erlick & Lefkovits' establishment in Bessemer and stole a man's coat, which was hanging in the window. No one has been found who saw the deed done, though there must have been a number of people on the street at the time. It will cost $75 to replace the glass.

Sam A. Fowlkes Drops Dead.

Sam A. Fowlkes, one of Selma's most influential citizens and a large real estate and insurance agent, fell dead about noon in front of the undertaking establishment of Jud Brislin, on Water street, from heart failure, on December 31. The deceased was a popular man, and leaves a wife and seven children.

Lanier's Place Filled.

L. D. Campbell, of Courtland, has been appointed Deputy United States Revenue Collector, vice John F. Lanier, who was recently killed. The appointment was made by Collector Bingham.

Items of Interest.

The Etowah County Teacher's Institute will meet at Burn's Academy January 3rd and 4th.

The Talladega County Medical Society will hold its annual meeting Tuesday, January 8, 1901, at Talladega. The society will also give its annual banquet on the evening of that date.

Drs. J. B. Kelly, S. J. McCurry and G. A. Matthews have been appointed a Board of Pension Examiners at Anniston by the United States pension authorities. Heretofore applicants for pensions have had to go to Rome, Ga., for examination.

Christmas casualties at and near Athens included the following: William Bottom, burned in both eyes by premature explosion of cannon cracker; George Rogers, struck in right eye by Roman candle; a little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Pafford was perhaps fatally burned by falling in the fire.

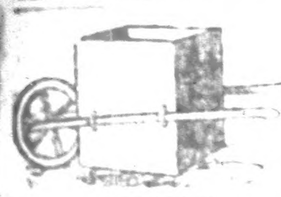
Much interest is taken in the proposed law and order league at Huntsville. A number of people have subscribed to the following obligation: I hereby solemnly promise that so long as I am a member of the Law and Order League of Huntsville and vicinity, I will faithfully observe and obey the law. And I faithfully promise that I will bring to notice of the officers of the League all violations of the law which may come under my observation. I further agree to pay 50 cents as a membership fee, payable on demand within 30 days after this date annually." A meeting will be called this week to perfect organization.

The North Alabama Conference College will assemble for work again after the holidays on January 2. The school has passed the crisis which comes to every institution of the kind and is now rapidly growing to prosperity and influence. The cottage is about ready to begin operations in Owenton, the accommodation for boarders is much increased and all the advantages of the institution are growing.

AGRICULTURAL.

A Useful Tank For a Farm.

The arrangement shown in the cut is very convenient for numerous purposes about a farm. It is a galvanized iron tank with sloping ends to run a couple of wheels through. Attach a tongue to these handles and it can be wheeled anywhere.



A HANDY TANK.

with great ease. [illegible] need [illegible] pigs to root [illegible] manure heap [illegible] sina [illegible] will really [illegible]

Preventing Pork Rust.

When hogs are destined [illegible] be farrowed in March [illegible] Pasture grasses are clean [illegible] ers. Hence there is a [illegible] age in having pigs come [illegible] soon as they are big enough. Feed soaked corn with bran skim milk [illegible] middlings. Plan to secure [illegible] rather than fat at first. Use plenty of salt, lime and wood [illegible] When the pigs are eight [illegible] old wean them. To do this [illegible] pen up the dam and let the pigs [illegible] their usual run in the pasture. [illegible] fer pasture, plenty of skim milk [illegible] little corn is provided. They will [illegible] tinue their growth unchecked [illegible] ready for market when nine [illegible] months old. I find it profitable [illegible] my yearling hogs on grass. [illegible] this time they are given a small [illegible] of corn each day they can be fat [illegible] for market on short notice. Prices [illegible] usually higher during the summer months than in autumn or winter. G., in Orange Judd Farmer.

Wintering Weak Colonies.

Weak colonies are always in most danger of being [illegible] killed, and cannot stand cold as well as strong colonies. Hence they must provide extra fuel for them, than would for stronger ones. It is usually found best to not try to winter weak stocks through the winter. Frequently we have fine valuable queens, that we do not like to lose, and thus would rather take chances on carrying them over if possible. A weak colony that does not nearly fill the hive or broodchamber with bees, should be contracted up in the hive by the use of division boards to the amount of space the swarm will cleverly occupy. A hive of eight frames may be contracted up to five or five frames of comb, with bees in them necessary to carry them through the winter. A division board should be placed on each side, thus leaving a space on each side of the bees. The space should be filled closely with a chaff cushion, and the hive then treated the same as a chaff hive in general.

If winters are not very severe, one can usually take such colonies through and with careful manipulation in spring bring them up to standard requirements, and they will prove profitable. These weak stocks are better to be wintered in a cellar, even then, it will pay to thus use division boards and chaff cushions and thus contract the space in the hives. It is always much better in matters not in what manner we work for bees, to have strong colonies to begin with, and using these weak colonies together till of proper strength, is the rule.

Uniting weak colonies is better done early in autumn, so as it gives them a chance to form their brood nests and the queen a chance to lay some eggs, and hatch out young bees before winter begins. But if this work is neglected until late in autumn it may be done yet to a better advantage than to let the bees remain as they are.—A. H. Duff, (Farm, Field and Fireside.

Planting an Old Orchard.

For the location of the apple orchard select a high piece of ground, for the atmosphere is a few degrees warmer than in the valleys below, which may save the crop after blooming time. For apple trees I do not believe there is much difference in any particular direction of slope before setting the trees, get the ground in first-class condition by manuring and draining. The ground should be deeply plowed and if a hard pan should be broken by subsoiling, and the surface put in first-class condition after any other crop. If the land is anywhere near level plant the trees out at regular distances in straight rows, but the orchard is on a hill, make the rows follow the contour of the hill, because it is much easier to cultivate, and to spray, much more convenient when hauling away the fruit, and a distance to plant depends upon the habit of growth of the trees, the soil, whether the trees are set on level land or a side hill. Where an orchard on a side hill exists may be cleared together, because they are on different elevation and head may develop above those in the rows below.

A great many orchardists set out trees twenty feet apart each way in the expectation thinning them

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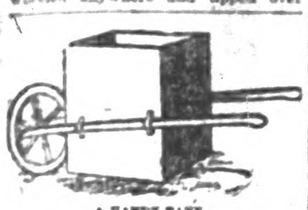
The arrangement shown in the cut is very convenient for numerous purposes about a farm. It is a square, galvanized iron tank, with sockets on each side to run a couple of handles through. Attach an old barrow wheel to these handles and the tank can be wheeled anywhere and tipped over



A HANDY TANK.

with great ease. The tank can be used to carry skim milk to calves or pigs, to remove kitchen slops to the manure heap, thus doing away with a sink drain, or for many purposes that will readily occur to any one.

Producing Pork Hogs.

When meat is desired the pigs should be farrowed in March, April or May. Pasture grasses are cheap pork makers, hence there is a distinct advantage in having pigs come early. As soon as they are big enough feed them soaked corn with bran, skim milk and middlings. Plan to secure growth rather than fat at this time. Give plenty of salt, lime and wood ashes. When the pigs are eight to ten weeks old wean them. To do this I usually pen up the dam and let the pigs have their usual run in the pasture. If clover pasture, plenty of skim milk and a little corn is provided, they will continue their growth unchecked and be ready for market when nine or ten months old. I find it profitable to run my yearling hogs on grass. If during this time they are given a small feed of corn each day they can be fattened for market on short notice. Prices are usually higher during the summer months than in autumn or winter.—J. G., in Orange Judd Farmer.

Wintering Weak Colonies.

Weak colonies are always in the most danger of becoming winter killed, and cannot stand near as much cold as strong colonies. Hence, we must provide extra for them, than we would for stronger ones. It is usually found best to not to try to take weak stocks through the winter, but frequently we have some valuable queens, that we do not like to lose, and thus would rather take chances on carrying them over if possible. A weak colony that does not near fill the hive or broodchamber with bees, should be contracted up in the hive by the use of division boards to the amount of space the swarm will cleverly occupy. A hive of eight frames may be contracted up to four or five frames of comb, with honey in them necessary to carry them well through the winter. A division board should be placed on both sides, thus leaving a space on each side of the bees. The space should be filled up closely with a chaff cushion, and the hive then treated the same as with chaff hive in general. If winters are not very severe, we can usually take such colonies through, and with careful manipulation in spring bring them up to standard requirements, and they will prove profitable. These weak stocks are still better to be wintered in a cellar, but even then, it will pay to thus use the division boards and chaff cushions, and thus contract the space in the hives. It is always much better, it matters not in what manner we winter bees, to have strong colonies to begin with, and uning these weak colonies together till of proper strength, is the rule. Uniting weak colonies is better done early in autumn, so that it gives them a chance to form their brood nest, and the queen a chance to lay some eggs, and hatch so young bees before winter begins. But if this work is neglected until late in autumn it may be done yet, a better advantage than to let them remain as they are.—A. H. Duff, iFarm, Field and Fireside.

Planting an Ale Orchard.

For the location the apple orchard select a high piece of ground, for the atmosphere is a few degrees warmer than in the valley below, which may save the crop at blooming time. For apple trees I not believe there is much difference in any particular direction of slope. Before setting any trees get the ground in first-class condition by manuring and draining. The ground should be deeply plowed and, if a hardpan should be broken by subsoiling, and the surface put in first-class condition for any other crop. If the land is anywhere near level set the trees out at regular distances in straight rows, but the orchard is on a hill, make the rows follow the curvature of the hill, for then it is much easier to cultivate, easier to spray and much more convenient when hauling away the fruit. The distance to plant depends upon the habit of growth of the trees, the soil, whether the trees are set on level land or a side hill. Where an orchard on a side hill the trees may be close together, because they are on different elevation and the head may develop above those in the rows below.

A great many orchardists set the trees twenty feet apart each way with the expectation thinning them out as they begin to crowd, but this requires more nerve than most men possess. A better plan is to set the trees forty feet and utilize the unoccupied space with small fruit or hoed crops or plant a row of dwarf apple trees. The question of variety is one of those perplexing problems that is never definitely solved. It is not advisable to plant largely of those varieties which have never been successfully tested in your own neighborhood. Make up a list of what you want and go to the nursery for it, and although you may not be able to tell whether the trees are true to name, you can see whether they are thrifty and well rooted. A two-year-old tree is most satisfactory.

Spring and fall planting have their advantages and disadvantages, but I prefer fall setting. Under ordinary circumstances the roots will make a little growth, the dirt will be firmly settled around the roots, and there will be less delay in starting into growth. We want the root system well established and at work before any development in the buds or leaves. The most economical use of labor in setting the trees may be had when it is done by four men, two to dig holes, one to hold the tree and place the dirt around the roots while the fourth man throws in the dirt. Carefulness in transplanting is the main secret in making the young trees live. The man who plants the tree should be a practical, painstaking fellow. He should not only know how to plant, but how to prune. All broken and dead roots should be removed with a sloping cut on the under side. After the tree is firmly set then prune the top. Each shoot should be cut back about half and all straggling ones removed. In the spring go over the trees again and cut off the dead ends of the shoots and give to the top the proper form. Young trees should have a mulch of some sort for the first two years.—Ernest J. Riggs, in American Agriculturist.

Some Cow Stall Devices.

New ideas have done away with some of the old-fashioned notions about cattle fastening, and have brought much relief to stock. But all dairymen have not yet reached the most humane and most convenient results. A recent visit to the progressive owner of a dairy farm was productive in securing several points that

PROTECTION FOR THE COW'S FLANKS.

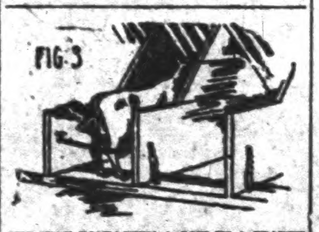
were new to the writer, and to many others doubtless. They are shown in various cuts given herewith. Figure 1 shows this dairyman's plan for keeping the cow from soiling her flanks when she lies down. A strip of joist two by three inches nailed across the floor of the stall just behind the hind feet of the cow, when she is standing as far up in the stall as she possibly can. This crosspiece is shown at A. The cow cannot lie down upon this piece of wood, so she steps ahead and lies down, all of the droppings thereafter falling behind A. Only a shallow trench is found at D.

Figure 2 shows an excellent plan for a crib. The hay comes down from the

EXCELLENT PLAN FOR A CRIB.

second floor into a slotted receptacle, under which is a place where corn fodder or other material can be placed from the walk in front, the front edge projecting in front of the hay crib to make it more accessible. Here the grain ration can be placed, or a grain bag can be set into this space.

Figure 3 shows how the cows are fastened at this dairy farm. They are not fastened at the neck at all. The stalls are three and a half feet wide, with a chain or rope stretched across the stall behind the cow. The sides of the stall must be high enough and extend back far enough so that the cow cannot turn around in the stall. She



ONE WAY TO FASTEN A COW IN A STABLE

can only back out, and this the chain prevents. This seems the most humane cattle fastening imaginable, and it works very satisfactorily in the barn referred to. Of course, the manure is scraped from the rear end of the platform several times a day, though while eating her hay the cow stands well back, where the manure will fall into the gutter. The shallow trench saves the cows from many a slip and jar.—New York Tribune.

Good Roads Notes

Road Building and Road Preserving.

THE agreeable report is current that an extensive system of good roads will presently be constructed in Westchester County, comprising at least sixty miles of macadam. Such work is to be commended anywhere, but it is particularly praiseworthy in such a region as Westchester County, all of which is suburban and most of which is possessed of singular beauty and of exceptional attractiveness as a place of residence. Despite these latter conditions, that county has in some respects been strangely neglected. Its railroad facilities have not been all they might have been, while its common roads, with a few fine exceptions, have been little short of a disgrace to any community within a thousand miles of civilization. The result has been a serious retardment of its growth. It is safe to say that in the last twenty or thirty years scores of thousands of persons have settled in the nearby counties of New Jersey who would have settled in Westchester County, and it is noteworthy that wherever these exist there is a rapid growth of population and of wealth. Such is the case along the Hudson as far as Sing Sing, along the Sound to Port Chester and around Mount Vernon and White Plains. But the Bronx Valley above Mount Vernon, the Sprain Brook Valley and the upper part of the Sawmill River Valley have been almost entirely neglected, although they comprise some of the loveliest parts of the county and lie at the very doors of New York City. As for the bulk of the upper part of the county, north of White Plains, it is still almost entirely devoid of good roads save in a few places where private munificence has supplied them or where the city of New York has built the great "main traveled roads," such as the Bedford road, the Somerstown turnpike and the roads around Amawalk and Lake Waccabuc, are still in a primitive condition. They run through some of the most beautiful country in the world; but it remains unsettled and largely unknown simply for lack of decent means of travel and transportation.

The good roads movement is therefore to be hailed with joy. But it is well to bear in mind that it will be equally necessary to guard the roads after they are built. There are many trolley schemes well formulated, but held in abeyance until these roads are built, and then to be rushed forward for the seizure and practical destruction of the roads. More than one example of such rapacity has been seen in the lower part of the county. Trolley companies have waited until the roads were graded and macadamized and have then taken possession of them, sometimes illegally and forcibly, and made them almost worthless for any purpose save their own. They are planning to do the same with these other roads as soon as they shall be built. Against all such schemes it is desirable to guard the roads in advance. There might well be provisions inserted in the bills for the construction of the roads prohibiting the building of trolley lines upon them. That would not be to exclude trolley lines from the country altogether. These can be built on other roads than those which are thus improved. Let the trolley people grade and improve roads for themselves at their own expense if they want them. When a road is built for driving purposes it is an outrage to divert it to railroad uses.

In course of time Westchester County will probably be covered with a network of electric roads, as indeed all suburban regions will be. It will also, let us hope, be covered with a still closer network of fine macadamized roads for the use of horses and automobile vehicles and bicycles, and these latter should be forever kept free from the encumbrance of the trolleys. Each system will serve its own good purpose, and each should be restricted to its own purpose. There is a league for promoting the building of good roads which has done a valuable work. Whether or not a league is needed for the purpose, there is as valuable and as essential a work to be done for the protection and preservation of the good roads after they have been built. —New York Tribune.

To Test Road Material.

The Secretary of Agriculture has established in the Division of Chemistry a laboratory for testing physically and chemically all varieties of road materials. These substances include rocks of all kinds, gravel, shells, brick, clays and other bodies used in road building in country districts, but do not include materials for municipalities.

Any person desiring to have road materials tested in this laboratory is advised to write to the Office of Public Road Inquiries, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for instructions in regard to the methods of selecting and shipping samples.

Specimens will be tested in the order in which they are received, excepting those sent by the special agents of the Department, which will be given preference over all others.

Samples of a miscellaneous nature not taken in accordance with the directions given by the Office of Public Road Inquiries will not be examined.

A full description of the laboratory and its installation and the methods of conducting the tests will be given in a forthcoming publication of the Department.—Martin Dodge, Director.

In Germany a clock has been made that is warranted to go for 9000 years.

HAS HEARD ANTS TALK.

So Thinks a French Naturalist, and His Reasons for His Belief.

Sir John Lubbock, as well as many other scientists, has of course studied the ant, but it has been given to a Frenchman, a M. Forel, to make a discovery as regards ants that proves them to be possessed of an intelligence far greater than has been hitherto supposed.

And this discovery is nothing more or less than that ants are capable of producing sounds intelligible to their fellows, and even audible to our ears—in other words, that they converse with one another.

The way M. Forel proved this was as follows:

He made a glass funnel, one end smaller than the other, which he placed, the small end downward, in the centre of a square of plain glass some six inches wide, fitting closely enough to prevent the little insects from crawling out underneath.

He then took a number of ants in a bunch about the size of an ordinary horse chestnut, free from any foreign substance, and, lifting up the funnel, dropped the cluster of insects inside.

While the ants were still in a state of bewilderment, and before any of them could reach the edge of the glass, the experimenter covered it with another square, similar to the one already in use, which had been surrounded a short distance from its edge by a rim of putty.

This effectually confined the little insects and prevented their being crushed.

The two plates of glass were then pressed together to within, approximately, the thickness of an ant's body, but closer on one side than on the other, so as to hold some fast and incapable of moving, while others could move about in their narrow prison where they liked.

On applying this box of ants to the ear, as though it had been a watch, M. Forel was astonished to hear a regular and continuous buzzing noise, somewhat similar to the sound made by water when boiled in an open vessel, though sometimes a higher note would be struck by one or another of the ants.

Further study of the box of prisoners revealed many interesting facts. The free ants were seen to advance to the sides of the ones that could not move, and to endeavor with all their strength to release the prisoners. It was then that the sounds made by the ants became louder and more stringent. It was evident that these sounds conveyed some meaning, for a palpable difference was to be found in the minute utterances which must have been intelligible to the tiny captives.

Then came the problem, how was the sound made? M. Forel proceeded to at once make minute investigations, and submitted live ants to the scrutiny of a very powerful microscope.

Here, again, an interesting discovery was in store for the investigator. The sides of the little insects were found to be in one particular place rough and scaly, resembling—though, of course, on a tiny scale—the teeth of a saw. It was by rubbing this that the ant made the sound that had rewarded the scientist's research.

M. Forel then took a couple of ants and confined them in the glass box already described, imprisoning the one and giving the other liberty to move.

The ant that had free use of his limbs became at once intensely excited. It rushed about, making what must have been—taking into consideration the comparative size of a man and an ant—a terrible noise. The modulations of the insect's mode of expression were plainly heard by the scientists.

Then, having apparently exhausted an exceedingly copious vocabulary, the ant, in despair of liberating its companion, dashed at it and killed it. This was evidently to the insect the only course left open.—Chicago Chronicle.

Gambling Resorts in Switzerland.

One need not travel to Monte Carlo or other gambling resorts to be relieved of any superfluous cash, for there are dozens of places in Switzerland, known by the name of kursaals, where a "customer" will be accommodated.

Although the play is limited by the law, highest stakes are winked at, and one's losses—for one invariably loses, with an 8 to 1 chance against him at the race-horse game—may easily run into four figures during the evening. Some sensational facts have come to light concerning the kursaal in Geneva, which is one of the best of its kind in Switzerland. The proprietor lately informed a correspondent that he could not possibly afford to run his theatre and side shows and engage well known artistes at a huge salary unless he could recoup himself from the takings of the gaming tables.—London Daily Mail.

Crows to Be Used in Warfare.

According to a Berlin correspondent, a modest little society in Germany is apparently pinning its faith to the crow, in succession to the almost universally used pigeon, as a carrier of war news. The pigeon fly experiments which Germany carried out on British soil some time ago—sending huge crates of birds to Dover for the purpose—were not wholly successful, bad weather preventing many of the birds from reaching their quarters again, and many were shot by persons in search of dinner. It is claimed with truth that very few people would shoot crows for food, and that when liberated from a beleaguered place the enemy would be more likely to allow them to fly past unmolested and unsuspected than would be the case with pigeons.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The way to get a population of 250,000 by 1910 is to begin right now.

A Scotchman has bought an Alaskan island and proposes to embark in the business of raising skunks. Oh! those uncanny Scots.

A Boston burglar resented very vigorously the charge that he was only a "peeping Tom." Which shows that there is still honor even among thieves.

A girl is not of age in Pennsylvania until she is 21 years old. Before that age the consent of her parents is necessary to secure a marriage license.

Former King Milan wants an American wife. It may be hoped that no sensible Yankee girl will marry a king out of a job, and a hard winter at hand.

Fame is queer. Through the suicide of a man the public learns that a woman of whom hardly anybody ever before heard is "famous" in two continents.

Should Holland and Portugal come to blows the noise of the war dogs will not be the deep mouthed bay of giant mastiffs, but rather the squeak of tiny toy terriers.

Surgical skill is enlarging its lines by adding to its industry the furnishing of new mouths. What good will that do unless new tongues and fresh brains are also put in?

The Boston telephone girl who has just come into $400,000 by a lucky streak in the Klondike can now afford to quit her old haughty ways, come down to earth and be like other folks.

A man was found guilty in England the other day of attempting to murder his wife by pouring paraffine over her clothing and setting fire to it. The court sentenced him to twelve months' hard labor.

A Chicago physician advances the theory that men over 35 years of age do not need exercise. It is not likely that it will be generally accepted. It deprives too many golf players of their best excuse.

Texas used to have a state geologist, but his office was abolished in 1894. An effort is now being made to have the position re-established, though the Texas Academy of Science has done much to explore and publish the mineral and geological resources of the state.

The Emperor of Austria displays a remarkable degree of common sense in the treatment of his son, the heir presumptive to the throne. The boy is thirteen years old and has just been sent to the public schools of Vienna, with a view to making him acquainted with the people.

There is such a thing as overdoing it, as a New York real estate man has found out to his sorrow. It seems that a piece of property which was listed with him to sell was afterwards withdrawn because when the owner read his advertisement he could not bear to part with such a perfect home.

There are, within the limits of the United States exclusive of Alaska and the new island possessions, nearly 573,905,000 acres of vacant government land, besides 145,122,000 acres in Indian reservations, forest reserves, national parks, reservoir sites and military reservations, or for some other reason reserved for settlement.

The Australian postal authorities are endeavoring to devise a method whereby the great delays in the transmission of mails, caused by protracted droughts, may be obviated. During the dry season the dusty deserts of Queensland and other sections of the country are impassable even for camels.

The determination of the United States to make a strenuous effort to build up a mercantile marine proportionate to the magnitude of the foreign commerce of the country is beginning to cause anxiety in shipping and other circles in Great Britain. The London Post, although it expresses no actual alarm, warns British manufacturers, ship owners and statesmen of the danger which is facing Great Britain.

An insanity expert named Dr. Goodwin Brown, of New York City, appeared before the industrial commission to advocate more restrictive legislation to keep out pauper and insane immigrants. He intimated that local officials in foreign countries encouraged the emigration of insane and impecunious persons to the United States in order to relieve their municipalities from the burden of supporting them, and as a consequence it cost the state of New York more than $1,000,000 a year to support foreign-born insane persons. He made the startling declaration that 50 per cent. of all the patients in the hospitals and insane asylums of New York were aliens and many of them were not even naturalized. He asserted that similar conditions would be found in Chicago, Buffalo, St. Louis, Cleveland and other western cities.

OUR BUDGET OF HUMOR

LAUGHTER-PROVOKING STORIES FOR LOVERS OF FUN.

The Reason. Two Paisley dies dat—His Conjecture—Their Flight Worse—A Happy Balance—Too High—Hurried—His Preference—Being His Best, Etc., Etc.

"There is plenty of room at the top,"
Said the poet, a little ornate;
And he chuckled with glee
As he said: "Don't you see,
That's the reason I live in an attic."
—Philadelphia Record.

His Conjecture.

Myer—"I wonder what causes concussion of the brain?"

Gyer—"A collision between two trains of thought, I suppose."—Chicago News.

Their Flight Worse.

"He's been talking golf so much lately he seems to be actually going crazy."

"Gracious! Then what must be the condition of the people he's been talking to!"

A Happy Exit.

"Tubbs is somewhat of a snob, isn't he?"

"Snob? Say, he'd die happy if he could get run over by a millionaire's automobile."

Too High.

"D'Auber doesn't care so much about 'high art' as he used to."

"No, the last thing he exhibited was styled by the committee."—Philadelphia Press.

Hurried.

The Idler—"How would you like to live a hundred years?"

The Busy Man—"I'd like to, but I am afraid I couldn't find the time."—Indianapolis Press.

His Preference.

"Do you boil your water before drinking it?"

"Boil it? Well, I guess not. I'd rather drink a menagerie than a cemetery any day."—Life.

Being His Best.

"Lester, dear," said Mrs. Giddings, anxiously, to her husband, "I don't like that cough of yours."

"I'm sorry," replied Giddings, "but it is the best I have."—Tit-Bits.

Unready.

"Every avenue to success is now open to you!" said Fate.

"And I haven't a decent street dress to my name!" faltered Woman, tears dimming her eyes.—Detroit Journal.

Quiet Protests.

"Well, I wonder how this marriage happened to be brought about?"

"They simply fell in love with each other."

"How unromantic!"—Denver News.

The Shadow.

"What profession does your friend follow?"

"That of the light-fingered gentry."

"You don't mean it!"

"Yes; he's a detective."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Not Any For Him.

Cholly—"Ole Chappie, why don't you have a pair of these rubber heels put on your shoes?"

Fweddy—"It would be too much trouble to keep them inflated, deah boy."—Chicago Tribune.

Further Proof of His Ability.

"Yapp has greatly misrepresented his assets to the counsel for his creditors."

"Well, that's only additional proof that his lie-abilities are great."—Philadelphia North American.

Sure to Object.

"If we could see ourselves as others see us," began Miss Quotem, "we should—"

"Very promptly inform them that they were mistaken," interrupted Mr. Flyppe.—Baltimore American.

Touching.

Here the fellow borrowed $10 of me.

"Your friendship is pure gold!" he cried.

I wrung his hand.

"Don't mention it!" I protested. "Your Midas touch would turn anybody's friendship to gold!"

Then I laughed boisterously.

The Hail That Failed.

"All hail!"

Everybody hailed.

But he to whom their acclamations were directed passed them with sternly averted face.

So it was the people walked home, for he was none other than the policeman of the last car.—Detroit Journal.

Finding Fault Early in the Game.

Bride—"You can't imagine how faithful Jack is to me, he is so selfish, mother."

Mother (sympathetically)—"Why, what does he do?"

Bride—"He always wants to go out to the theatre, and things like that, just the very time when I want to stay home!"—Collier's Weekly.

Quite True.

"You disapprove of some of the conventional fictions?"

"I do," answered Miss Cayenne.

"And yet I have heard you exclaim to a number of people, 'I am delighted to see you!'"

"The remark was perfectly true in each case. I shouldn't care to be blind, you know."—Washington Star.

The Deluded Canine.

"The dog is one of the most intelligent of animals," remarked Willie Washington.

"So I have heard," answered Miss Cayenne.

"And he is the most loyal admirer a man can have."

"Yes... I never could quite reconcile those two assertions."—Washington Star.

THE BANNER.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Clanton, Ala.

GOVERNOR Sanford, we are glad to say, has recovered from his recent illness, and has assumed the duties of his office.

HON. Ignatius Donnelly, late candidate for Vice-President of the United States on the middle-of-the-road ticket, died suddenly at Minneapolis Wednesday morning.

ALL the Populist members of the State Senate of Colorado, eight in number, entered the caucus of the Democratic members and announced their intention to join the Democratic party.

FROM all we can learn, the Beat meetings to discuss the Stock, Road and Prohibition laws will be well attended, and the county convention at Clanton on the 12th instant promises to be a notable one.

ONCE in a century backward subscribers can well afford to come forward, and the best time in a century is at the beginning. Good resolutions are good, and good papers are equally good. Start this century right, no matter how you finish it.

King Cotton has resumed his sceptre. It has been a great year for the South, as well as for the whole country. It was not long ago—not more than two years—that the cotton growing industry was depressed so much that urgent cries went up through the South for diversifying the planting and reducing the acreage of the staple. Now cotton has come up again with emphasis, and stands as the most important factor in our non-manufactured exports of 1900. In November alone we exported $41,500,000 worth of cotton, and in eleven months $270,000,000. These totals show increases of $15,000,000 for the month and $105,000,000 for the eleven months over 1899. In the month the total of all exports increased but $13,000,000, and for the eleven months $180,000,000. The importance of cotton to the whole is seen plainly from these figures.—Boston Transcript.

As respects the trans-Isthmian ship canal, the full report of the Walker commission is going to be available for the guidance of Congress. Probably the commission will take the ground that it would be practicable to build the Panama Canal, but that for the purposes of the United States the Nicaragua route would be preferable. American sentiment, so far as it has now been formed, is clearly in favor of the Nicaragua route. The public is also in favor of the ownership of the canal by the United States Government and its construction out of the national treasury. Let us hope that the opinion will prevail that it is neither dignified nor safe for the sovereign government of the United States to construct a great public work like this canal upon alien soil. Whatever the initial difficulties may be, the only simple and clear solution of all questions involved in the future control of the canal lies in the acquisition by our Government of full sovereignty over such a strip of land as may be needed for canal purposes. We have made some annexations of territory under President McKinley's administration; but none that could be compared in importance with the annexation of the requisite strip of territory in Central America. Sooner or later, such annexation is bound to come, and it will be much better to accomplish it in advance of the construction of a costly canal than to bring it about by force at some future period. To succeed in such a piece of negotiation would count for more, in the estimation of future generations of Americans, than any other of the diplomatic achievements of Mr. McKinley.—Review of Reviews.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution along as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, farmers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its ame is a household word in every Southern State, from Vergmia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward item, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

Forrest as a Negro Minstrel.

From almost the beginning of American stage history there were negroes of the minstrel variety impersonated on the stage, though it was not until about 1840 that they were organized into bands. Some of the greatest actors of later days had their experience as minstrels, among them Joe Jefferson and Edwin Forrest.

Forrest was given a negro "song and dance" act to do when he was very young, and after he had studied it up he asked where was the "old negro lady" that was to act his assistant in the piece. The management tried several of the women who were members of the company, but none of them would consent to blacken up, and, in fact, they were very indignant over the proposition. The actor, however, was not easily discouraged, and on the night of the first performance he blackened up and went around the corner to an old negro woman who did his washing.

"Hello Dinah," he said on entering. "How yo' be et feelin dis bery fine ebenin?"

"Hello, yo'," replied the African lady. "'Pears to me yo' am er bery fresh nigger."

"Taz no nigger," answered Forrest, and then, time being rather short, he assumed his natural voice and told Dinah, much to her surprise, that he was Forrest, the actor, and that he wanted her to go on the stage with him that night and laugh loudly at frequent intervals, which was all the female part called for. The two made a great hit and were kept on for some time, which goes to show that Forrest might have been a good minstrel had he been of an ambitious nature.—Saturday Evening Post.

Brought Good Fortune.

A small item in his own paper lately brought amazing good fortune to Editor Chris. Retter, of the Saginaw (Mich.) Post and Zeitung. He and his family had the Grip in its worst form. Their doctor did them no good. Then he read that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds was a guaranteed cure for La Grippe and all Throat and Lung troubles; tried it and says: "Three bottles cured the whole family. No other medicine on earth equals it." Only 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottle free.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

In mid Ocean, Oct. 2, 1900

We left Naples on Sept. 18. The whole day I had spent in watching the poor emigrants come aboard. About 600 came over with us.

I saw many good byes. I saw one strong man kissing his old mother, his young sisters, his strong brothers, his own dear wife, and last and tenderly his little children farewell. It seemed as if his very heart would break. He would go to the ship's side and then back again on the warf to the iron picket fence that surrounded the pier and ask that his little ones be handed over the fence for yet another kiss. I had thought my home parting sad, but let us compare. I left home voluntarily with my way paid the whole way and back again, and a competent guide to see after my baggage, hire my carriage, and in short, I had nothing to do but do as I was told.

Sheer poverty and awful taxes and low wages, drive the poor man from church and priest ridden and military oppressed Italy, to seek a better land to win bread in. He is not able to take them; he must go himself first, make the money and send back for them. I looked at this scene and others of like nature, until I was not quite sure it was Mt. Vesuvius I saw over the bay, and there was no mist of condensed ether in the beautiful Italian sky overhead.

As much as was my sympathy for the poor man, I did not forget my country. This emigration must stop. These people simply conquer the population of our already crowded "street veneered" cities. If we want any emigrants at all, we want some who will till the soil. I, for one, have got enough of all kinds for one hundred years, any way.

What constitutes an insult, do you know? I have always contended it was foolish to get mad, and the mere calling you an ugly name by a bad man was no reason at all to get mad, for if he was incorrect you knew it, and he lied if he knew it. I am more than ever confirmed in this opinion now, by several experiences on this trip, and one in particular, that occurred on board ship. A young American called to an Italian, "say here," to attract his attention for some purpose I do not know what. Failing to attract his attention, he whistled, as we often do in America. This set the Italian on fire, and a war was narrowly averted. It is a deadly insult in Italy to whistle at any one. It is a gross discourtesy to ask a German to let you light your cigar by the fire on his.

You know what is considered the gross insult in the South of the United States of America, while in the North, they call each other that unmentionable name with impunity. You can call the Arab any "old thing" you wish, and he will answer you by saying "I am your good friend," but just speak disrespectfully of his ancestors and you will get "a scrap" quicker than a minute. So it goes and after all, custom and not sense makes insult.

We have a nice lot of passengers aboard our steamer. There are two young ladies of New York City, also one young man and a man and wife, all of whom are artists, who have been studying in the picture and statuary quarries of Italy to improve themselves in their art.

Italy is the acknowledged birth place of the artist, nor has its people lost their tastes and cunning in that line and however much its degeneracy in other respects. It was quite amusing to me to see them show each other copies of some of the great masters where the picture or statue as the case might be, was represented in the genuine nude style so common in Italy and France, and point out with great animation its pretty points as they appeared to their higher and more cultivated taste. While a few feet away two ministers of our party kept a pair of bangus fixed right then, while I knew they were thinking up some "thunder" to turn loose on the subject when they got safely back to the village church they had left back in the hills of Mississippi and Texas.

There was one thing certain these Yankee girls lack no sense when it comes to footwear. You never see one unless she has on a shoe with a sole quite as heavy as the soles on my shoes, and they can walk a fellow down too, if he ain't a good one.

I am now nearing the shore of my native land. We will be in New York harbor to-day. I humbly thank the good Lord that I have passed through all these lands that were a dreamland to me before, and I too, like W. A. Whittle, do not remember how long ago the ambition first came to me that my first money to spare, and time too, should be expended in this way. It was an awful struggle to pull myself away from my clinging wife, and innocent little children (my wife never consenting for me to go) and trust my life on so perilous a journey, when I knew I had pledged at the altar to cleave unto her, and only, and thereby binding myself to the offspring from such union, but I felt in my heart that my purpose was good and God was good, and that He would bless it and so He has, and my heart is full of joyful satisfaction that it is now finished, and I shall, in 58 hours, be with them again, and always until He calls.

I have written under many difficulties all the way through. Often on the running train, the rocking steamship, in the crowded writing rooms of the hotels, where many things were to distract my attention, and I feel that I could have made things plainer and more entertaining, had my opportunities been better, but what I lack in that particular, let my many discomforts weigh as against it, while I bid you, one and all, an affectionate letters writer good bye.

T. U. CRUMPTON.

Set Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes, "seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it relieves me." It is unequaled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

REGISTER'S SALE

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, 7th District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

John P. Nix, Complainant, vs. Geo. W. Hodgens, Defendant.

By virtue of a Decree rendered at the Fall Term, 1900 of the Chancery Court for Chilton County, Alabama, in said cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest and best bidders for cash at Public Auction, at the Court House door in Clanton, within the legal hours of sale on

MONDAY, JANUARY 7th, 1901.

the following described property, to wit: Ne ¼ of Ne ¼ of Section 31, Township 22 North, Range 13 East, to satisfy said Decree.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends around the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Piles cure. 25c a box at Clanton drug store.

A man isn't necessarily a gardener because he is able to remove a widow's weeds.

It's Easy To Take

Thin, pale, anæmic girls need a fatty food to enrich their blood, give color to their cheeks and restore their health and strength. It is safe to say that they nearly all reject fat with their food.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

is exactly what they require; it not only gives them the important element (cod-liver oil) in a palatable and easily digested form, but also the hypophosphites which are so valuable in nervous disorders that usually accompany anæmia.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is a fatty food that is more easily digested than any other form of fat. A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health. You can get it in this way.

We have known persons to gain a pound a day while taking it.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you will need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder cape silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; a large plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, our price only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself.

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, fathers, grand-fathers and all boy's suits from 75c up, men's suits from $5 up.

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 25 to 75c per yard, outings in pink, blue, cream, and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c; sheeting, 4½c; calicoes, 5c, a nice quilt top for 40 cents.

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50. Ladies' shoes from 75c to $1.00.

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color, infant hoods, 25c up; men's hats from 75c up $3.00, water proof in black, blue, brown, 52 inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard. 1 pound of good soda for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the same rate; we carry nothing but reliable goods and anything that is not as represented we will make it right. Thanking our host of customers for their liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with first class goods at a small profit. Yours for business,

SARTOR & KICKER,
CLANTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest buildings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton carries the finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a fine line of Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK (formerly represented by W. L. Sampey). THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N.J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very best, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the finest set of attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $55.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 500 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. Ware your friend and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 1st Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increased demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest Styles and Newest Fashions.

OUR GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grades and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT?

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Birmingham, Alabama, and they will send you the list of prizes and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Circuit court stops around February first Monday in Clanton, first Monday in Montevallo, second Monday in Columbiana, third Monday in November.

...TON COTTON MART

...ly 8 cents.

...date last year 6½ cents.

...EIVED TO DATE: 1900 1899

...d & Co. 2143 2696
1775 1971
328 318
345 320
4589 5303

...al . . . . .

...C. Brown, of Montevallo, ...town this week.

...Johnson has returned to ...college.

...com V. McMorries left ...den last Sunday.

...young people had an enjoyable ...tainment at Mr. Sam Smith's ...day night.

...ler R. H. Kelly was in ...dnesday.

...L. Stewart is returning ...daughter who is in college ...eo, Ky.

...Horn, of Thorsby, was a visitor here Monday.

...lair Taylor, of Billingsley, ...he city Sunday.

...Gruddy, of Thorsby, visited ...Monday.

Thornton Dudley, of Sag ...visiting the family of Mr. ...ndley.

...S. Johnson, has returned ...edical college at Mobile.

...is out and take it to Clan... store and D. I. Deramus, ...and get a free sample of ...lain's Stomach and Liver ...the best physic. They al... ...disorders of the stomach, ...ess and headache.

Wallace C. Edlet has re... from Birmingham, where ...en for three days attend... meeting of the 32nd degree.

...ollowing teachers in Chil... ...ty successfully passed the ...mination: Thomas Wil... ...lbert Ryland, Miss Gatie ...iss Kate Garner and Miss ...rner.

A. L. Pattillo, of Verbena, ...isitor here last Thursday.

Assessor Mims and Collector ...rd finished their last year's ...Monday.

Wm. Luther, of Mountain ...was among our welcome ...Saturday.

...P. Smith, of Coosa, paid ...ts here a visit last week.

...d Mrs. J. T. Cooley have ...from a visit to Talladega.

...itizens of Clanton will hold ...y election on Friday, 4th ...nominate a mayor and four ...men.

...C. Conner, of Dillive, is ...friends here this week.

...W WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

...ou take Grove's Tasteless ...nic because the formula is ...printed on every bottle ...that it is simply Iron and ...in a tasteless form. No ...o Pay. 50c.

...iff Gullahorn has returned ...isit to his sister in South ...

...L. Marcus, whose case ...ges has been so long in the ...nd who was awarded $6000 ...rcuit court of Shelby coun... ...ion is in possession of that ...the Supreme Court having ...the verdict of the circuit ...

Wm. Robinson and Misses ...obinson and Catherine Cou... ...Kellyton, Coosa county, ...iting friends here this week.

...ew double storehouse of J. ...s and T. S. Phillips is ...rapid progress toward com...

...ge licenses have been issued ...by the Probate Judge to ...persons.

...F. Varden and Miss Ma... ...chley; Mr. A. F. Mims ...A. E. Wilson; Mr. C. B. ...Miss Mary E. Young; ...Gay and Miss Amanda ...tt; Mr. John C. Gaylor ...Lizzie Ledge.

...d. W. J. Jones and Lela ...

Blown to Atoms.

...d idea that the body some... ...ds a powerful, drastic, ...pill has been exploded; ...King's New Life Pills, ...perfectly harmless gent... ...ate liver and bowels to ex... ...nous matter, cleanse the ...and absolutely cure Consti... ...and Sick Headache. Only ...Clanton drug store.

...ric.

...l soon be here and you will ...e them to suit all.

...better one for 75c. a nice shoulder cape ...neck, black plush only $1 50; a large ...$7 50 to $10 00 in city, our price ...all, come and see for yourself ...can fit your boys, husbands, fathers, ...ts from 75c up, men's suits from $5 up ...GOODS from 5c to 75c per yard, outings ...per yard, checks 5c; shoe ...equal top for 50 cents ...men's shoes from $1 to $3 50. Ladies' ...75c, any color, infant hoods, 25c up ...water proof in black, blue, brown, $2 ...5c per yard. 1 pound of good ... ...best-class store, at the same rate; ...good and anything that is not as O K ...our host of customers for their ...ready to serve you with first class goods ...for business.

...R & KICKER,

CLANTON.

...HITE HOUSE

...he President, is one of the finest build... ...te ...re house at Clanton carries the ...

MERCHANDISE

...the country. We carry a fine line of ...c., and will treat you well.

...DOWNS, Clanton.

...MULLINS

...L & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSUR... ...LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE ...NEW YORK, formerly represented by ...L. Sampey. ...URAN CE CO. OF HARFORD, CONN. ...IFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N.J. ...FACTURING CO. the largest Sewing ...company in the world.

...ted in the problem of getting full value ...atter what the outlay is for. I will not ...ll lines, but when it comes to buying a ...nd family I am in a position to offer ...for over fifty years the Company has ...eds and requirements of the people in ...s, and our large business is proof that ...what they want. The styles are the ...ting qualities and, best of all, the ...terms within the reach of all. We are ...ading families all over the land and if ...ughtest running and the finest set of ...for the High Arm Singer. You will ...machines at the Singer Office, Clanton. ...$100 for cash or on time. Needles, ...chments, and the best and only genu... ...ed, every bottle bearing the Singer ...bottles.

Saturday and Mondays. For further ...

...MULLINS,

...SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

...E FOR THE BENEFIT OF ...CONSUMER

...er's profit. We sell direct to the ...t your Retailer pays for his goods, ...anufacturer and pay cash for our ...ttle from us at the same price your ...preparations, 500 75c. 50c pre... ...eparations, 50 to 60c. 15c prepar... ...ations, 6 to 8c.

...EY DEPARTMENT

...whiskey sold 25 per cent less than ...rm. Try a qua of our J. MAR... ...at 75c, if you're not satisfied ...ou buy elsewhere for $1, we will ...your orders. Ware your friend ...sell.

...CO. 1926 1rst Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

...GER STOCK!

...meet the increasing demands of our ...we are now laying in a NEW and ...of

...OTHING, HATS, ...SHOES, ETC.

...Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

...ROCERIES and GENERAL MER... ...DISE are of the finest grades and always fresh.

...ON THE SMALL MARGIN ...PROFITS

...TO SEE YOU

...LES, Clanton Ala.

...E GIVEN AWAY!

...E TO TRY IT?

...ADVERTISER Birmingham, Ala. ...list of prizes, terms & conditions ...their great prize be given away

...TOWN ITEMS

...chasers' court meets second ...in February, first Monday in ...Monday in June, second ...in July, second Monday in Au... ...first Monday in November.

...TON COTTON MART

...day 9 cents.

...same date last year 6⅞ cents

...CEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
...rd & Co.	2145	2696
...	1775	1871
...	328	318
...	345	270
...tal	4593	5155

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...Johnson has returned to ...college.

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...elor R. B. Kelly was in ...dnesday.

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...you take Grove's Tasteless ...onic because the formula is ...printed on every bottle ...g that it is simply Iron and ...e in a tasteless form. No ...No Pay. 50c.

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Blown to Atoms.

...old idea that the body some... ...eeds a powerful, drastic, ...e pill has been exploded; ...King's New Life Pills, ...e perfectly harmless gent... ...ulate liver and bowels to ex... ...noxious matter, cleanse the ...and absolutely cure Consti... ...and Sick Headache. Only ...Clanton drug store.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on get at le merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on any thing you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate companies—the best, based on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 cent 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 21581.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
December 3rd 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 12th, 1901, viz: Thomas J. Wyatt, Homestead entry, No. 30,-520, for the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ of Section 30, Tp 22 s of R 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Oaks, Mitch Bates, Lon Bates, Ben Wyatt, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

How the Burmese Make Fire.

One day a Burmese messenger brought me a note. While he was waiting for the reply, I observed an object something like a toy's popgun suspended around his waist. On asking what it was he showed me that it was an implement for producing fire. It was a rude example of a scientific instrument employed by lecturers at home to illustrate the production of heat by suddenly compressed air. A piston fitted into the tube; the former was hollowed at the lower end and smeared with wax to receive a piece of cotton or tinder, which when pressed into it adhered. The tube was closed at one end. Placing the piston at the top of the tube, with a smart blow he struck it down and immediately withdrew it with the tinder on fire, the sudden compression of the air having ignited it. I was so much struck with the scientific ingenuity of this rude implement that I procured it from the Burman and sent it to the Asiatic society of Bengal, with a short description of its uses.—"Recollections of My Life," by Surgeon General Sir John Fryer.

Sensitive.

Sophy (s... ...cepted Mr. Charles Fleetwood ... ...ft before—Does Mr. Fleetwood ... ...on as being a sensitive man, Pauline?

Pauline (who doesn't know of the engagement—fractious, no! A man who has been rejected by 14 girls within six months and gets fat on it cannot be sensitive. Why, Sophy, what's the matter?

She had fainted.—London Fun.

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. H JONES, CLANTON

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

A Business EDUCATION is absolutely necessary to the young man or young woman who would win success in life. This being conceded, it is of first importance to get your training at the school that stands in the front rank—

BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy. Seven experienced teachers, each one a specialist in his line. Graduates of the school are preferred Business Houses.

Write for a beautiful book giving testimonials from graduates occupying prominent positions all over the United States, it will be mailed to you FREE.

There are other schools than ours, but none can offer our facilities. School open all year, students can enter at any time.

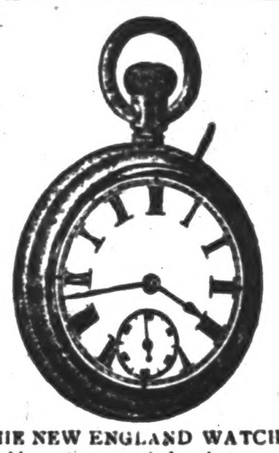
NEW ROYAL

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH. nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The Russians.

An Englishman in Russia says the "we may dislike Russia as we will and perhaps must, but there is no denying that the men and women of Russia are good lookers." The men are "tall and well built." The "women, especially those of the upper classes, have a grace and fascination that is all their own." The writer adds: "I am tired of hearing English people say that this is all show and that if I knew them better I should be greatly disappointed. Behind good looks and refined manners I have found the depth and sincerity of the Scotch combined with the wit and humor of the Irish."

Serious Complaint.

Askit—Whatever became of that patient of yours you were telling me about some time ago?

Dr. Sokum—Oh, he's got a complaint now that's giving me a great deal of trouble.

Askit—Indeed! What is it?

Dr. Sokum—It's about the amount of my bill.—Philadelphia Press.

Bad Form.

Mrs. Highflower—Don't forget, my dear, that in conversation the interest must not be allowed to flag.

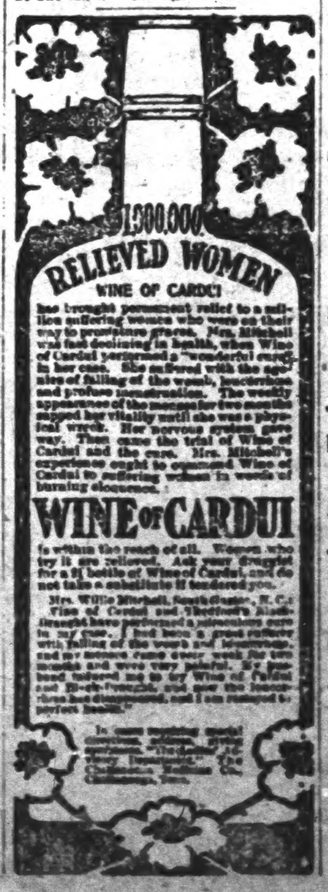
Clara—But I'm sure I do my best, mamma.

"Maybe so, but while the pianist was playing I thought once or twice that I detected you listening to him."—Life.

Scholastic Acuteness.

"Professor, how did you come to pose to me in the face of my continued indifference?"

"I proceeded on the general proposition that whatever a woman seems to be she isn't."—Chicago Record.



"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

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24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
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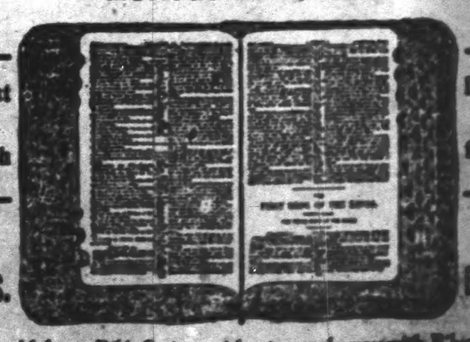

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BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Witnesses Happy Reunion of His Progeny.

BOYS ARE AT HOME FOR HOLIDAYS

Enjoys Watching the Grandchildren Play With Their Toys Sent By Santa Claus. The Christmas Dinner.

This Christmas is like "lengthened sweetness long drawn out" at our house, for the boys have gathered from the four corners and brought their love and their rations with them. New York brought a huge box of decorations for the Christmas tree. It was beautiful beyond description. Dolls of silk and satin and paper, all covered with glittering spangles—little angels with pearly wings suspended by threads of invisible rubber, golden harps and hearts and wreaths of spun glass in rainbow colors—scores of little waxen candles to illuminate the scene. Oh, it was like a fairy vision, and every limb and twig of the stately long leaf pine was burdened with Christmas gifts for old and young.

There were twenty-four of the family present, and it took half the night to untie and unfold the surprises, for all were remembered over and over again by old Santa. Yes, all, even to the venerable old patriarch—the "Paterfamilias," the antique ancestor, for he brought me a ball and a monkey jack and some candy, because he had heard that I was the boy—the only boy—about the house. But later on I discovered a silk cap and a pair of slippers, some handkerchiefs and an inkstand that the little grandchildren can't spill the ink out of if they do turn it over. Little Mary Lou, who is Jessie's child, got so many dolls and pretty things that she looked tired and, drawing a long breath, said: "Ganpa, it's too much, and I can't hardly stand it."

There were toys and books, and vases and perfumes, and baskets and gloves, and jewels and other gifts too numerous to mention. Mexico brought a beautiful hand-woven castilian shawl for my wife, and she struts around as lithe and gayas Eden's garden bird. "My boy brought it from Mexico," she says, forty times a day. "My boy and my children" are always on the tip of her tongue. Well, that's all right. They are her boys, sure enough, and she knows it. There may be some doubt, sometimes, about who is the father of a child, but everybody knows who is its mother.

Downstairs has all been clothed with mistletoe and holly. Geraniums from the pit are placed all around, and some beautiful roses lift up their lovely forms from beautiful vases that old Santa Claus brought. Bunches of mistletoe hang from every chandelier, and every time these merry, mischievous girls find me standing under one, they slip up unawares and claim a kiss. Even Mrs. Arp lost her normal dignity and coming slyly behind me, suddenly wrapped the drapery of her castillian shawl around me and claimed a mistletoe kiss from my connubial lips.

But the old marble clock that for nearly fifty years has stood upon the mantel ticking the moments and recording the hours as they pass did not stop on Christmas night, and at midnight the happy group retired to rest and happy dreams. Next day came the feast—the Christmas dinner. Every leaf was placed on the long extension table. At each end was a large, well-browned, well-done turkey and all the intermediate space crowded with luxuries for the inner man and woman. Eighteen of the family were the welcome guests at the table, while six of the infantiles surrounded a smaller one nearby. I never asked a blessing with a more grateful heart, for Providence has been kind, and since last we met no affliction or calamity has befallen us.

Verily, the lines have fallen to us in pleasant places. Would that all our kindred and friends—yes, would that every family in the land—the rich and the poor—could have a like happy and unclouded Christmas. As I survey the happy scene it is enough to look upon the serenity of the maternal ancestor as she gazes fondly upon her boys—yes, her boys, who have come so far to give her joy and comfort. Oh, ye boys—ye young men and middle-aged, whom fortune or fate has removed far from a good old mother's tender care and solicitude, don't forget her yearnings, and if you cannot go to her at least once a year, write to her every month and comfort her with your loving letters. The papers are full of crimes of all descriptions, but in my opinion there is none that will more surely provoke the curse of God than for a man to neglect or distress his mother.

Yesterday the boys with their mother and sisters visited the old homestead—the farm in the country, where our children grew up to manhood and womanhood—where these scattered boys worked and plowed and planted and reaped where they had sown; where they labored hard by day and hunted coons and 'possums by night; where they went to the naboring mill and fished in the pond while the grist was grinding; where Carl and Jessie went to school and crossed the creek on a slender footlog, and gathered haws and maypops and wild strawberries on the way. These boys and their sisters wanted to revisit the old scenes and drink water from the same old gushing spring.

These boys wanted to see the old meadow where the big trees stood in their majesty—the oak trees that we had named for Roscoe Conkling and Blaine, and the big sycamore that was named for Voorhees, the tall sycamore of the Wabash.

They wanted to see the old barnyard where they used to tease old Pete, the Merino ram and incite him to rear on his hind legs and run to butt them as they presented their posteriors in a defiant and provoking manner. Sometimes they got out of his way just in time, but ever and anon they dident, and he sent them on their winding way scratching the ground on their allfours. They wanted to see the grave of old Bows, that good old dog whom they loved. I did not go for there was no room, and as I am the boy, I had to stay at home and take care of Jessie's children.

Well they came back in due time and it was amusing to me to hear them tell how everything had changed within these dozen years; how the house seemed to have sank into the ground a foot or two and the farm had shrunk up and the fields were smaller and the hills lower and the shade trees shortened at the top. I've been through all that before, and was not surprised. Interspersed with our daily and nightly pleasures we have music, good music, classical music of the great masters and minstrel music with choruses from all the band and even my wife, Mrs. Arp, was constrained to play the "Caliph of Bazdad" with her first-born daughter—her daughter.

Music is our family's gift, for they all play on something, and all have voices for harmony of sweet sounds. This gift, I suppose comes from their mother, and her touch upon the ivory keys is still as delicate as when she was a lassie of sixteen. I used to think that I, too, had a melodious voice, and some times would venture to hist the tune in Sunday school when the tune hister was absent and like the crow who tried to sing, I thought I did it finely. Nobody else ever told me so, and one day my wife said that my voice was a little cracked and if she was me she would not try to raise the tunes in the church any more. It was a revelation that shocked me, and I have never sang in church since, nor anywhere else. There are voices in church choirs of the same kind, but nobody will tell them. They are called falsetto.

Farewell Chsistmas—farewell old Santa Claus—while we all rejoice, let us not forget that Christmas commemorates the birth of the Savior of men—the nativity of Kris Kringle, which means "the little Christ child." It is well enough to rejoice, but we should at the same time reflect and be grateful.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

NEWSY CLEANINGS.

Germany has thirty-three cities with populations exceeding 100,000.

Oxford won the football match with Cambridge, by two goals to a goal and a try.

Norway's Secretary of State has proposed an independent Consular service for Norway.

The Vassar College catalogue just issued shows sixty-seven professors and 700 students.

Germany has just held its first national exhibition of roses near Berlin. There were over 4000 entries.

Thomas Parker, a British gold-hunter, was frozen to death near the mouth of the White River, in the Klondike.

An international association for the furtherance of the exploration of Central Asia is being formed at St. Petersburg.

The weather in Stockholm, Sweden, is the mildest that has been known there for many years at the Christmas season.

A party from the United States Geodetic and Coast Survey has sailed for Manila to chart the Philippine archipelago.

The French Government has offered the cross of the Legion of Honor to Lieutenant W. S. Sims, former United States naval attache at Paris.

Sixty American Socialist Democrats have landed at Wellington, New Zealand, attracted by settlement conditions under the advanced legislation there.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sir Matthew White Ridley, Home Secretary in the last British Cabinet, have been elevated to the peerage.

There are now in the United States about 1268 lines of traveling post-offices, having a total length of 178,960 miles, and requiring the services of 8794 clerks, who in crews traveled 200,672,785 miles.

Any one who has had the pleasure of being greeted boisterously by an affectionate Great Dane can imagine what a powerful aid he would be to highway robbers, if only some of them were sharp enough to put one to such work. It has finally been done, and, of course, in Paris. There is a gang of footpads in that city which has been causing much trouble. Its modus operandi was simple, but very effective. The leader of the gang owned a huge Great Dane named Turk. Turk would be taken out in the evening with his pals, and when the victim came along he would jump at him. Of course, the victim would go down in a heap, and moreover would be scared to death, although the dog would never bite him. While down and half unconscious with fright, the gentlemen who owned the dog would clean out his pockets. This is a great improvement on the lead pipe or sandbag, because none of the victims suffered except from fright and loss of his money and valuables.

THE COURT OF NEW IDEAS.

Scheme by Which a Great Corporation Finds Out Its Men of Brains.

John D. Rockefeller is said to have originated a plan by means of which the Standard Oil Company has discovered some of its brightest and best men. A person familiar with the details of it describes it thus:

"The Standard Oil management looks upon its enormous force of men as practically divisible into two classes; first, the ordinary, every day clerk, who is a good, faithful clerk, very much like the thousands of clerks in the employ of other corporations, a steady-going trustworthy fellow, who is all right in his place, but will never be anything more important or anything original. The other class is made up of the bright fellows, those who are inquisitive, confident of their ability to do harder and better things or the same things better, the fellows with ideas in their heads that they are bound to try on somebody. These men the Standard Oil management is constantly watching for. Let us say that one of them has an idea. He presents it to his chief. That chief or head of the department is glad to listen to the young man with the idea and hear all about the scheme. If he likes it he goes to the one next higher in authority, and so the proposition comes before the right committee of the company.

"'What will it cost to try this one?' they ask.

"'Well, $5000,' if that is the sum, or '$10,000,' if that happens to be the sum.

"The committee then decides whether the new plan shall be tried or not, whether it is likely to be an improvement in the methods of accounting, or shipping, or specializing, or perfecting the work, or whether it is a really new scientific idea; and I tell you there are hundreds cropping up in this same Standard Oil management. The question for the committee is, in short, whether this new idea will help the Standard Oil Company to make some more money somehow, or to save some, which, of course, amounts to the same thing.

"Let us say that it has decided to try the experiment. If it works, and it is put to the test under the management of the young man himself, the future of that man is secure. If he has an idea and he succeeds with it, he keeps right on climbing. If the idea proves to be a bad one, or to have been badly carried out, though well enough conceived, the young man steps back into the ranks of the thousands of clerks, and his superior officers, especially the committee before which his other idea has gone, haven't quite so much time as before to listen to him."—New York Sun.

The Carriage Dog.

It is commonly believed that the spotted carriage dogs, once so frequently kept in England, were about the most useless creature of the dog kind, maintained only for show and fashion. This is a mistake. They were used at a time when a traveling carriage carried, besides its owners, a large amount of valuable property, and the dogs watched the carriage at night when the owners were sleeping at country inns. We feel that we owe an apology to the race of carriage dogs. They are not useless even now, but, on the contrary, very useful animals, and no one appreciates them more than the coachman of whose horses they are the inseparable companions. The coachman of the late Prince Batthyani told the writer that these dogs were the best of aids in training spirited young carriage horses. The horse constantly looked out for the dog as it ran by its side, paid attention to it, and was so much engaged in thinking of its stable companion, the dog, that it was far less nervous, fidgety, and shy than when taken out alone. One of his dogs was, in his phrase, the "pride of the park." Some readers may remember this dog. It used to place itself exactly beneath the pole chains when the carriage was driven out, and, trotting fast, would maintain its place there to an inch either in the park or in the streets in the crowd of a London season. In the stables, which were large, the carriage dog always had one favorite horse, which he slept with. But when the stud was sent into the country by road, he mounted guard at the door of the inn stables at night, and sometimes refused to let the indigenous ostlers and groom enter or to go near the rugs and harness.—The Cornhill.

Motor Cars Threaten England's Peace.

The prevalence of motor cars opens up a very awful vista in the future. Some people cannot bear the sound of railways; they dislike the din, rattle and dust. But what is to be done with motor cars causing the same annoyance along every rural road? No longer can children play in country lanes, or the quiet pedestrians gather wayside flowers; no longer can the nursemaid go for a stroll with the baby in the perambulator, or the lame man warm himself in the sunshine. The whole of England will be one vast railway track, the silence of the fields broken by shrill whistles and harsh rumbling sounds, while the dust flies around in clouds, blinding and confusing those who presume to attempt to admire the beauties of nature.—London Sphere.

Patriotic Mrs. Ward.

Mrs. Margaret Ward, the widow of Barney Ward, of Allentown, was the mother of eight children, each of whom was born on the Fourth of July—the first in 1860 and the last in 1877.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Mission of Christ—It Was to Teach the World That God is Love—The Sympathy and Compassion of the Almighty King.

(Copyrighted.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage describes in a new way the assertions made for the world's disentanglement and deliverance. His text is I. John iv, 16, "God is love."

Perilous undertaking would it be to attempt a comparison between the attributes of God. They are not like a mountain range, with here and there a higher peak, nor like the ocean, with here and there a profounder depth. We cannot measure infinities. We would not dare say whether His omnipotence or omniscience or omnipresence or immutability or wisdom or justice or love is the greater attribute. But the one mentioned in my text makes deeper impression upon us than any other. It was evidently a very old man who wrote the chapter from which I take the text. John was not in his dotage, as Professor Eichhorn asserted, but you can tell by the repetitions in the epistle and the rambling style, and that he called grown people "little children," that the author was probably an octogenarian. Yet Paul, in midlife mastering an audience of Athenian critics on Mars Hill, said nothing stronger or more important than did the venerable John when he wrote the three words of my text, "God is love."

Indeed, the older one gets the more he appreciates this attribute. The harshness and the combativeness and the severity have gone out of the old man, and he is more lenient and, aware of his own faults, is more disposed to make excuses for the faults of others, and he frequently ejaculates, "Poor human nature!" The young minister preached three sermons on the justice of God and one on the love of God, but when he got old he preached three sermons on the love of God and one on the justice of God.

Far back in the eternities there came a time when God would express one emotion of His nature which was yet unexpressed. He had made more worlds than were seen by the ancients from the top of the Egyptian pyramid, which was used as an observatory, and more worlds than modern astronomy has catalogued or descried through telescopic lens. All that showed the Lord's almightiness, but it gave no demonstration of His love. He might make fifty Saturns and 100 Jupiters and not demonstrate an instant of love. That was an unknown passion and the secret of the universe. It was a suppressed emotion of the great God. But there would come a time when this passion of infinite love would be declared and illustrated. God would veil it no longer. After the clock of many centuries had run down and worlds had been born and demolished, on a comparatively obscure star a race of human beings would be born and who, though so bountifully provided for that they ought to have behaved themselves well, went into insurrection and conspiracy and revolt and war—finite against infinite, weak arm against thunderbolt, man against God.

If high intelligences looked down and saw what was going on, they must have prophesied extermination—complete extermination—of these offenders of Jehovah. But, no! Who is that coming out of the throneroom of heaven? Who is that coming out of the palaces of the eternal? It is the Son of the Emperor of the universe. Down the stairs of the high heavens He comes till He reaches the cold air of a December night in Palestine, and amid the bleatings of sheep and the lowing of cattle and the moaning of camels, and the banter of the herdsmen, takes His first sleep on earth, and for thirty-three years invites the wandering race to return to God and happiness and heaven. They were the longest thirty-three years ever known in heaven. Among many high intelligences what impatience to get Him back? The infinite Father looked down and saw His Son slapped and spit on and supperless and homeless, and then, amid horrors that made the noonday heavens turn black in the face, His body and soul parted. And all for what? Why, allow the Crown Prince to come on such an errand and endure such sorrow and die such a death? It was to invite the human race to put down its antipathies and resistance. It was because "God is love."

Now, there is nothing beautiful in a shipwreck. We go down to look at the battered and split hulk of an old ship on the Long Island or New Jersey coast. It excites our interest. We wonder when and how it came ashore, and whether it was the recklessness of a pilot or a storm before which nothing could bear up. Human nature wrecked may interest the inhabitants of other worlds as a curiosity, but there is nothing lovely in that which has foundered on the rocks of sin and sorrow. Yet it was in that condition of moral break up that heaven moved to the rescue. It was loveliness hovering over deformity. It was the lifeboat putting out into the surf that attempted its demolition. It was harmony pitying discord. It was a living God putting His arms around a recreant world.

The schoolmen deride the idea that God has emotion. They think it would be a divine weakness to be stirred by any earthly spectacle. The God of the learned Bruch and Schleiermacher is an infinite intelligence without feeling, a cold and cheerless divinity. But the God we worship is one of sympathy and compassion and helpfulness and affection. "God is love."

In all the Bible there is no more consolatory statement. The very best people have in their lives occurrences inexplicable. They are bereft or persecuted or impoverished or invalided. They have only one child, and that dies, while the next door neighbor has seven children, and they are all spared. The unfortunates buy at a time when the market is rising, and the day after the market falls. At a time when they need to feel the best for the discharge of some duty they are seized with physical collapse. Trying to do a good and honest and useful thing, they are misrepresented and belied as if they had practiced a villainy. There are people who all their lives have suffered injustices. Others of less talent, with less consecration, go on and up, while they go on and down. There are in many lives riddles that have never been explained, heartbreaks that have never been healed. Go to that man or that woman with philosophic explanation, and your attempt at comfort will be a failure, and you will make matters worse instead of making them better. But let the oceanic tide of the text roll in that soul, and all its losses and disasters will be submerged with blessing, and the sufferer will say, "I cannot understand the reason for my troubles, but I will some day understand. And they do not come by accident. God allows them to come, and 'God is love.'"

But for this divine feeling I think our world would long ago have been demolished. Just think of the organized wickedness of the nations! See the abominations continental! Behold the false religions that hoist Mohammed and Buddha and Confucius! Look at the Koran and the Shastra and the Zend-Avesta, that would crowd out of the world the Holy Scriptures! Look at war, digging its trenches for the dead across the hemispheres. See the great cities with their behemoth of destroyed manhood and womanhood! What blasphemies assail the heavens! What malediction strikes the centuries! What processions of crime and atrocity and woe encircle the globe! If justice had spoken, it would have said: "The world deserves annihilation, and let annihilation come." If omnipotence had spoken, it would have said: "I have always been opposed to wickedness and always will be opposed to it. The world is to me an offensive infinite and away with it!" If omniscience had spoken it would have said: "I have watched that planet with minute and all comprehensive inspection, and I cannot have the offense longer continued." If truth had spoken it would have said: "I declare that they who offend the law must go down under the law." But divine love took a different view of the world's obduracy and pollution. It said: "I pity all those woes of the earth. I cannot stand here and see no assuagement of those sufferings. I will go down and reform the world. I will medicate its wounds. I will calm its frenzy. I will wash off its pollution. I will become incarnated. I will take on My shoulders and upon My brow and into My heart the consequences of that world's misbehavior. I start now, and between My arrival at Bethlehem and My arrival from Olivet I will weep their tears and suffer their griefs and die their death. Farewell, My throne. My crown. My scepter. My angelic environment. My heaven, till I have finished the work and come back." God was never conquered but once, and that was when He was conquered by His own love. "God is love."

In this day, when the creeds of churches are being revised, let more emphasis be put upon the thought of my text. Let it appear at the beginning of every creed and at the close. The ancients used to tell of a great military chieftain who, about to go to battle, was clad in armor, helmet on head and sword at side, and who put out his arms to give farewell embrace to his child, and the child, affrighted at his appearance, ran shrieking away. Then the father put off the armor that caused the alarm, and the child saw who he was and ran into his arms and snuggled against his heart. Creeds must not have too much iron in their make up, terrorizing rather than attracting. They must not hide the smiling face and the warm heart of our Father, God. Let nothing imply that there is a sheriff at every door ready to make arrest, but over us all and around us all a mercy that wants to save and save now.

If one paragraph of the creed seems to take you, like a child, out of the arms of a father, let the next paragraph put you in the arms of a mother. "As one whom his mother comforteth so will I comfort you." Oh, what a mother we have in God! And my text is the lullaby song to us when we are ill or when we are maltreated or when we are weary or when we are trying to do better or when we are bereft or when we ourselves lie down to the last sleep. We feel the warm cheek of the mother against our cheek, and there sounds in it the hush of many mothers, "God is love."

Out of vast eternity He looked forward and saw Pilate's criminal courtroom and the rocky bluff with three crosses and the lacerated body in mortuary surroundings, and heard the thunders toll at the funeral of heaven's favorite, and understood that the palaces of eternity would hear the sorrow of a bereft God.

What do the Bible and the church liturgies mean when they say, "He descended into hell?" They mean that His soul left His sacred body for awhile and went down into the prison of moral night and swung back its great door and lifted the chain of captivity and felt the awful lash that would have come down on the world's back, and wept the tears of an eternal sacrifice, and took the bolt of divine indignation against sin into Himself and, having vanquished death and hell, came out and came up, having achieved an eternal rescue if we will accept it.

Read it slowly, read it solemnly, read it with tears, "He descended into hell." He knew what kind of pay He would get for exchanging celestial splendor for Bethlehem caravansary, and He dared all and came, the most illustrious example in all the ages of disinterested love.

Yes, it was most expensive love. There is much human love that costs nothing, nothing of fatigue, nothing of money, nothing of sacrifice, nothing of humiliation. But the most expensive movement that the heavens ever made was this expedition salvatory. It cost the life of a King.

It put the throne of God in bereavement. It set the universe aghast. It made omnipotence weep and bleed and shudder. It taxed the resources of the richest of all empires. It meant angelic forces detailed to fight forces demoniac. It put three worlds into sharp collision—one world to save, another to resist and another to destroy. It charged on the spears and rang with the battleaxes of human and diabolic hate.

Had the expedition of love been defeated the throne of God would have fallen, and Satan would have mounted into supremacy, and sin would have forever triumphed, and mercy would have been forever dead. The tears and blood of the martyr of the heavens were only a part of the infinite expense to which the Godhead went when it proposed to save the world.

Alexander the Great, with his host, was marching on Jerusalem to capture and plunder it. The inhabitants came out clothed in white, led on by the high priest, wearing a miter and glittering breastplate on which was emblazoned the name of God, and Alexander, seeing that word, bowed and halted his army, and the city was saved.

And if we had the love of God written in all our hearts and on all our lives and on all our banners at the sight of it the hosts of temptation would fall back, and we would go on from victory unto victory until we stand in Zion and before God.

Leander swam across the Hellespont guided by the light which Hero the fair held from one of her tower windows, and what Hellesponts of earthly struggles can we not breast as long as we can see the torch of divine love held from the tower windows of the King! Let love of God to us and our love to God clasp hands this minute. O ye dissatisfied and distressed souls who roam the world over looking for happiness and finding none, why not try this love of God as a solace and inspiration and eternal satisfaction? When a king was crossing a desert in caravan, no water was to be found, and man and beast were perishing from thirst. Along the way there were strewn the bones of caravans that had preceded. There were harts or reindeer in the king's procession, and some one knew their keen scent for water and cried out, "Let loose the harts or reindeer." It was done, and no sooner were these creatures loosened than they went scurrying in all directions looking for water, and soon found it, and the king and his caravan were saved, and the king wrote on some tablets the words, which he had read some time before, "As the hart panteth after the water brooks so panteth my soul after Thee, O God."

Some have compared the love of God to the ocean, but the comparison fails, for the ocean has a shore, and God's love is boundless. But if you insist on comparing the love of God to the ocean put on that ocean four swift sailing craft and let one sail to the north and one to the south and one to the east and one to the west, and let them sail on a thousand years, and after that let them all return, and none one hail the fleet and ask them if they have found the shore of God's love, and their four voices would respond: "No shore! No shore to the ocean of God's mercy!"

THE SABBATH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR JANUARY

Subject: Jesus Anointed (Matt. xxvi., 6-16—Golden Text, xiv., 8—Memory Verses, 6, 7—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

6. "In Bethany." This beautifully situated village southeast of Jerusalem on the slope of the Mount of Olives, visited by Christ, and it was spent several nights of the last week. "In the house of Simon the leper." Simon was a very and is applied to some persons in the New Testament had evidently been a leper and been cured by Jesus. Tradition Simon was the husband of Martha, or Martha John tells us that Martha Lazarus was one of them table with him.

"Came unto Him a tells us that this woman she sat in the presence of her yet more deeply worshiping feelings of Mary could not strained. "Alabaster box." was in an alabaster bottle, was made with a long narrow says "she brake the box the flask. The seal which prevent from evaporating had moved; it was on this occasion. "Very precious ointment." ment we are to understand perfume than what we commonly ointment. John says Mary ointment. This was a Roman twelve ounces. This was worth or denarii, silver coins worth seventeen cents each, hence, it was worth, between $45 and would be equivalent to ten amount at the present time. in His head." John says she the feet of Jesus. There is neither contradiction nor diversity between the evangelists. Mary ointment over His head and the feet. John notices the anointing of feet, not only as the act of gratitude and the mark of deepest But from its unusual character anointing of the head was not so The anointing showed first, Christ; second, her love for House was filled with the odor ment, and to-day the church are filled with heavenly fragrance ever loving deeds are performed. "Sat at meat." In taking these Eastern people reclined on one's side. "When His disciples saw though originated with Judas urged it until others of the disciples to his ideas. So often working from selfish motives, by arguments gets good men to him in opposing things that good. The wolf puts on the sheep ing. Thus usually the opposition wears a shaft of virtue; religion posed in the name of liberty; fa name of free thought; prohibition name of temperance. To what There is no benefit in such a law diture. Whenever there is a splendid self-forgetfulness there a Judas to sneer and murmur at

9. "Given to the poor." Mark murmur against the woman, words and manner were also a on Christ Himself, because He mitted it to occur. How often ity serve as a cloak for covetousness is sometimes robbed of His rights the pretense of devoting what is to some charitable purpose, to which was no intention ever to give it.

10. "Jesus perceiving it." Or understood their murmurings. trouble ye the woman?" According John's account, Jesus said, alone." It was the language of rebuke. Jesus was indignant at the risy of Judas and the dull perception the others. "A good work upon was a high act of a noble soul, its noblest emotions. It is a "good to show our love and esteem for

11. "Ye have the poor always you." This act of Mary's will fere with your care of the poor. do good for them at any time. we do for Christ the more we the poor. It is not the want but the want of love that allows to suffer. It is the successors and not of Judas who really care poor. "Me—not always." Christ presence was about to be removed them. What they did for Him done quickly.

12. "On My body." On His on His feet. "She did it to prepare for burial" (R. V.) Whether Mary stood Christ's approaching death tended it so we cannot tell, but His construction upon it and thereby what He had so frequently them regarding it. She was Him in advance of time. Too words of esteem are not uttered time of the burial, while the living soul has been obliged to plod on life without so much as a "God bless from any one. One writer says: friends have alabaster boxes full perfume of sympathy and affection away, which they intend to be my body, I would rather they bring them out in my weary and hours, that I may be cheered while them."

13. "This gospel shall be preached." Another remarkable proof of the science of Christ. God has so disposed ters that this has continued as regular as the ordinances of heaven a memorial of her." This act of formed by Mary to her Lord before the entire Christian world.

14. "Judas Iscariot." Judas regarded as an infamous man, his base and his motives vile; yet he to-day bargain away their Lord honors and pleasures of this world to the chief priests." This was a time for the traitor to carry out ed designs. Much people had not only to see Jesus, but to see

15. "What will ye give me?" was his god; the love of filthy causing his ruin. Let us take warning is not the lack of money, but the money that is the "root of all evil." ty pieces of silver." This was the a slave. See Ex. 21: 32; also Zech. According to the Oxford Teachers Judas received the paltry sum of

16. "Sought opportunity." His to deliver Christ into the hands of cers privately. His act was premeditated and so much the more dastardly as

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Indian Commissioner Jones's ment that the red man is as as he was in 1492 is being show that Lo's supposed ex tion by the pale face is a fallacy think how much more numerous ought to have been by this time other circumstances.

Spain is preparing to get a navy again. But this time the sea force of a very power.

AN IDEAL PAPER.

Children in German Factories.

Automobile Patriotism.

Indian Commissioner Jones's Letter of Resignation.

manhood and wom-
...ence upon the ch-
...scene of crime and
...over the globe. It
...would have said
...much also of hal-
...and of heavy eyes
...of hours spent
...people in all
...

THE SABBATH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR JANUARY

Subject: Jesus Anointed (Matt. xxvi. 6-16—Golden Text, 6—Memory Verses, 7, 8—Memory Verses, 10-13—Lesson Story on the Day's Events).

"In Bethany." This village is situated about ... of Jerusalem on the ... of Olivet, ... and it was ... nights at the home ... In the house of ... as a very ... in some fifty ... New Testament ... a leper, ... Jesus. A ... the fat ... be ... Martha was ... Martha serv ... them ... Him a wom ... woman was ... presence of her ... worship ... Mary ... and no ... "Let her alone." ... battle, or ... narrow ... It would ... had ... undertake to ... way. It would ... born. ... run on a busi ... not leading the ... have run for po ... with them. poli ... money in the till. ... would be a paper ... enterprise as our ... papers at present ... the news. You take ... In all papers they ... ful. Now, when the ... is observed with re ... matters as is observed ... papers, then people are ... what they are reading. ... papers will give you only ... to their side upon ... question. They will not ... the ... Telling only a part ... truth is often equivalent to telling ... It may conceal that ... essential you should know ... to get at the whole truth. ... half suppresses the rest.

... papers labor to tell you ... of the truth. When I say par ... papers, it may not be simply in ... to matters of politics, it may ... gard to other matters just as ... Whenever a paper is run for the ... on an interest it will hold ... as much as will stand in the ... the promotion of that interest, ... it be politics or whether it be ...

... let me tell you what I mean. ... people lead the press, rather than ... the people. The partisan pa ... taking the position that they ... regard to a broad spirit and ... minded candidate in the com ... municipal campaign because the ... are going to demand it and the ... know it. ... papers here in New York ... day are fighting Platt with all ... might. Not a great while ago ... were standing up for him. Platt ... same now that he was then. ... such influence have such papers ... the people? ... things show that the papers ... willing to shift their sails accord ... the wind that is blowing, and ... that they are not animated ... faithfulness and an irreversible ... impulse. ... what we want is a newspaper with ... a moral purpose, which is un ... able and unpurchasable, and then ... be a power. What we want is ... newspaper with convictions—con ... ts that are deep enough to run ... underneath below the stratum ... present circumstances—a paper ... tone will not be affected either ... small or great patronage."—New World.

Children in German Factories.

... there were employed in the ... of Prussia 423,764 women ... girls. Of these, 525 were under ... years of age; 46,831 between ... and sixteen; 148,331 between ... and twenty-one years, and ... over twenty-one years of age; ... of these women and girls were ... in the Prussian cotton mills. ... the same year no less than ... children between six and four ... years were employed in Prussian ... mills. The official report states ... some parts of Saxony little ... and girls of four and five years ... been employed. The Prussian ... of the Interior has taken the ... vigorous steps against the ... of these little children, and a ... of manufacturers have been ...

Autocartic Patriotism.

... practice of autocaring is becoming ... more and more fashionable at the ... says the Autocar. There was ... automobile race at some sports held ... grounds, a suburb of Capetown. ... created great excitement, and ... Alfred Milner went round the ... twice in the winning car, while ... and played "God Save the Queen" ... "Rule, Britannia," and the whole ... cheered the ... off.

His Letter of Recommendation.

... young man from Bowling Green, ... applied for work in a store lo ... some distance from his home. ... handed the following letter of ... recommendation and was engaged on ... spot: "I have found him indus ... truthful, intelligent and sober. ... observed also that his services ... the house were satisfactory to ... wife, and anyone who can get ... along with her is a peach."

Indian Commissioner Jones's ... ment that the red man is as numerous as he was in 1492 is being ... show that Lo's supposed extinction by the pale face is a fallacy. ... think how much more numerous ... ought to have been by this time ... other circumstances.

Spain is preparing to get ... a navy again. But this time ... be the sea force of a very ... power.

AN IDEAL PAPER.

... Says Endowment Fund ... Be Established.

... makes the statement ... of wealthy men has ... the establishment ... City of an "ideal" newspaper ... declares that an endowed ... also a possibility for New ...

... those," he said, "who ... considering the matter ... a journal for the purpose ... the truth and suffi ... it, so that it will ... in telling the truth. ... being considered the ... establishing an endowed ...

... to be a fact in this ... theatre as a rule cannot ... unless there is more ... which is objection ... a first-class theatre ... by its being ... to the average ... consideration ... ground covered by ... It would be ... in resources. ... undertake to ... way. It would ... born. ... run on a busi ... not leading the ... have run for po ... with them. poli ... money in the till. ... would be a paper ... enterprise as our ... papers at present ... the news. You take ... In all papers they ... ful. Now, when the ... is observed with re ... matters as is observed ... papers, then people are ... what they are reading. ... papers will give you only ... to their side upon ... question. They will not ... the ... Telling only a part ... truth is often equivalent to telling ... It may conceal that ... essential you should know ... to get at the whole truth. ... half suppresses the rest.

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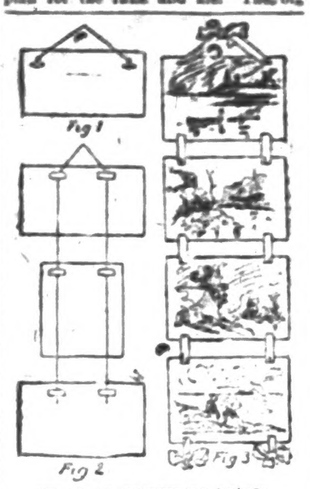
... let me tell you what I mean. ... people lead the press, rather than ... the people. The partisan pa ... taking the position that they ... regard to a broad spirit and ... minded candidate in the com ... municipal campaign because the ... are going to demand it and the ... know it. ... papers here in New York ... day are fighting Platt with all ... might. Not a great while ago ... were standing up for him. Platt ... same now that he was then. ... such influence have such papers ... the people? ... things show that the papers ... willing to shift their sails accord ... the wind that is blowing, and ... that they are not animated ... faithfulness and an irreversible ... impulse. ... what we want is a newspaper with ... a moral purpose, which is un ... able and unpurchasable, and then ... be a power. What we want is ... newspaper with convictions—con ... ts that are deep enough to run ... underneath below the stratum ... present circumstances—a paper ... tone will not be affected either ... small or great patronage."—New World.

WHAT TO DO WITH PRINTS.

The Best Plan For Exhibiting the Rank and File.

The best prints may be put in albums or sketch books, and this last plan, according to Grant Duncan, in the Amateur Photographer, is the best plan for the rank and file. The big



MEANS OF EXHIBITING PRINTS.

prints, enlargement or direct, we like to frame if they are worth the expense. And then comes that large class of prints which we use for standing about the room, on the mantelpiece, round the glass over the fire, along the tops of frames of pictures, etc., in any corner we can find. But this class soon becomes so numerous that there are no longer odd corners vacant for their reception, then what is to be done with them.

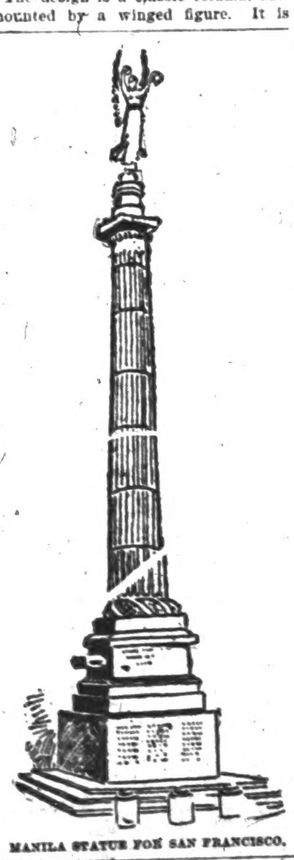
It is a very simple plan, as will be seen. The requisites are simple. They are twine, stout paper, red office tape, accotine and a knife. If it is a single mount we have to deal with we proceed as follows: Lay the mount on its face and mark points at equal distances from top edge and sides. Take the tape and cut off two pieces an inch long, bend them into loops and paste them to the back of the mount just over the points marked before, the ends pointing toward the bottom of the mount. Over these ends and across them paste two small strips of the paper and leave the whole to dry and set (Fig. 1). When the paste has set take the twine and tie to the loops, a sufficient to make the mount hang as desired. When two or more are to hang together on the same twine to form a set the only difference is that the tape loops are not used. Instead, tie knots in the twine, and place the knots over the points marked before them, paste strips of paper across the twine just above the knots (Fig. 2). One advantage of arranging prints this way is that the dust does not get on the face of the prints. The more decorative scheme is to arrange appropriate colored ribbon in this way, and the effect in the hands of an artistically inclined person is fine (Fig. 3).

MANILA MONUMENT.

Classic Column of California Granite For San Francisco.

A San Francisco correspondent writes: The Battle of Manila Monument Committee has given its approval to the design submitted by George T. Brewster, the New York sculptor.

The design is a classic column, surmounted by a winged figure. It is



MANILA STATUE FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

conventional, and, while little originality is shown by the sculptor, the shaft will be one of classic beauty.

The committee decided that seventy-six feet, the proposed height, was not enough, and the sculptor will be asked to increase the height. The committee is also anxious that the material used be California granite. Another change suggested is that bronze tablets, commemorative of Dewey's victory, be placed on the faces of the base.

Makes Hair Grow

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair food you can buy.

Your hair will grow thick and long, and will be soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair; it keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and stops falling of the hair.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our beautiful illustrated book on The Hair. Free.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

LIBBY'S

6 Plates of Soup, 10c.

A 10-ct. can of **Libby's Premier Soup** makes six plates of the best soup you ever tasted.

If there was a way to make soup better, we would learn it—but there isn't.

Oxtail	Mulligatawny
Turtle	Mock Turtle
Chicken	Chicken Gumbo
Tomato	Vegetable

Ready-Made Soups.

One can will make you a convert.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Write a postal for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

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WITH TERRIBLE SPOT WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only REINHARDT ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK RELIEF for more than 38 ailments. ONLY SCIENTIFIC CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad out and mail to us.
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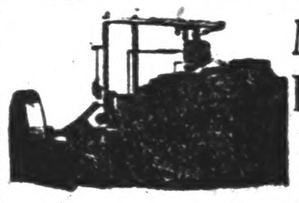
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN **CURE.** 25c. Sold by all druggists.

THE MILNER & KETTIG CO.



Machinery, Engines and Boilers

Write for Prices and Catalogue.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Trailing Skirts Unlawful.

If the law be observed, women with trailing skirts will soon be novelties in Vienna, as the local council has directed all women frequenting the public parks and gardens to hold up their skirts if they would otherwise trail them on the ground. The reason for this measure is rather puerile. The notice states that these inclosures are devoted to the recreation of persons desirous of escaping from the dusty town, and therefore the authorities object to the dust being swept into heaps by the trailing skirts.

Lots of men lose the thousands they have gained because of an insatiate pursuit after another hundred.

Alabama Increases Her Territory.

Alabama has quietly increased her territory by 200,000 acres of valuable timber land. The strip is on the state's southern boundary, and by right belonged to Alabama for nearly seventy years. In 1826 a survey was made to fix the boundary, but ten years later it was discovered that the eastern boundary line was a mile too short on the Chattahoochie river. For some unknown reason no attention was paid to this second survey, and the whole thing was forgotten. Recently some allusion to it was found in old records, the question was looked up, and after the government land office had passed upon it the strip became a recognized part of the state of Alabama.

Sanctimonious Modern Pharisees.

An untold amount of real humiliation and suffering is inflicted upon men and women striving to serve God in the church, by a lack of appreciation of their point of view. Put yourself in their places. Would not you resent being an object of disapproval, or, when the case is bettered, an object of charity? Would you enjoy feeling that your hat, your coat, your dress and your children's clothes were matters of comment, and that the parish felt that the money paid your husband must be spent to please it and not yourself?—"A Minister's Wife," in the October Ladies' Home Journal.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, that you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The mind of the bigot is like the pupil of the eye; the more light you pour upon it the more it will contract.—O. W. Holmes.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

She—I will be frank with you and acknowledge that you do not, like many men I know, assume to be perfection.
He—No; but I'm very near it.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

It is mockery to pray that your children may be gathered home in eternity while you do nothing to keep them at home in time.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

An American has erected a number of steam pumps on the Jordan, and is now supplying churches in the United States and in Europe with genuine Jordan water.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

The 200 Boer prisoners at Camp Deadwood, St. Helena, have a thriving Christian Endeavorer society. It was started at Camp Simontown, South Africa. Sometimes over 1,000 attended.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

When a woman caller begins the conversation by praising her hostess' cooking, the hostess should throw out a torpedo net; it means that she is to be asked to bake for a church social.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Trinity College, Washington, D. C., the first Catholic institution for the higher education of women, was recently dedicated with imposing ceremonies.

LaFayette College, LaFayette, Ala.

This institution has just closed its first terms under its new President, Dr. E. R. Eldridge, who so successfully organized and managed the Troy Normal College for 11 years. The first term's enrollment is nearly up to the full session enrollment in former years, and the second term to open Jan. 2d, and the third to open March 25th, will each add many, so that it is expected the total current year's enrollment will be a half more than ever before in the college's history. The course of study was made two years higher for graduation and a post graduate course of two years was added still, so that requirements and privileges are very high under a strong faculty of above twenty members. This college is striving to give the best at the very lowest rate, with provision, under certain limitations, to earn part of the expense money. LaFayette, Alabama, is noted for health too.

TWO TRAVELLING SALESMEN wanted for 1901 in each of the following states: Ala., Miss., La., Ga. & Tenn. Experience not necessary, but must be hustlers.
Steady employment with good chances of promotion.
Address, with references &c.,
THE MOROTOCK TOBACCO WORKS,
DANVILLE, VA.

THE DISCOVERER OF
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends.

Do not be persuaded that any other medicine is just as good. Any dealer who asks you to buy something else when you go into his store purposely to buy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has no interest in your case. He is merely trying to sell you something on which he can make a larger profit. He does not care whether you get well or not, so long as he can make a little more money out of your sickness. If he wished you well he would without hesitation hand you the medicine you ask for, and which he knows is the best woman's medicine in the world.

Follow the record of this medicine, and remember that these thousands of cures of women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper were not brought about by "something else," but by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,
The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Moral—Stick to the medicine that you *know* is Best.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and helpful.

An Odd Trade Mark And It's Origin.

The above singular combination is the trade-mark adopted by the Paris Medicine Company of St. Louis and is used in their advertisements of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. To the many people who may be interested to know the origin of this odd trade-mark, the following information is given:

In the spring of 1888, the little two year old son of Mr. E. W. Grove was taken quite sick with malaria. Mr. Grove, knowing the virtue of his own medicine, commenced giving him Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. He had taken this prescription only a few days until quite a favorable change was noted, in fact, he grew so rosy, healthy and plump, that Mrs. Grove in describing his condition to her husband, remarked "Grove's Tonic makes our baby as fat as a pig". This led Mr. Grove to thinking that the expression "as fat as pigs" used in connection with babies, was a very common one, and suggested to him the idea of combining a child's face with a pig's body, with wording as above, "Grove's Tonic makes children as fat as pigs". It is an attractive trade-mark, and the remedy it represents—Grove's Tonic—is regarded by the public as being the very best prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever. The record of the Paris Medicine Company shows that Nine Thousand gross—Ninety carloads—of Grove's Tonic have been sold this year from Jan. 1st, 1900, and as "orders are truly a good index of a medicine's worth" no one can doubt the virtue of Grove's Tonic. Druggists all sell Grove's Tonic on a no cure, no pay basis, for fifty cents a bottle.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Am. N.U. No. 1 1901.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.80
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

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CLANTON DRUG STORE

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

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PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

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Hearty and unanimously endorsed. We offer you the best dictionary ever put on the market at a low price. This is an American Dictionary of the English Language, containing the whole substance of the first edition, the entire contents and improvements of the second edition, to which is prefixed an introductory dissertation on the history, origin and construction of the language of Western Asia and Europe with an explanation of the principles on which languages are formed. This work contains every word that Noah Webster ever defined, and the following SPECIAL FEATURES: An Appendix of 10,000 words, Pronouncing Vocabulary of Scripture Names, Greek and Latin Proper Names, Modern Geographical Names, Dictionary of Antonyms and Synonyms, Dictionary of Familiar Allusions, Lexicon of Foreign Phrases, Dictionary of Abbreviations, etc., etc., together with 4 BEAUTIFUL COLORED PLATES, showing in their actual colors the Flags of the Various Nations, U.S. Naval Flags, Pilot Signals of Various Nations, Yacht Club Signals, and Shoulder Straps for Officers. THIS IS NOT THE CHEAP LOOK but a beautifully printed edition on fine paper with thousands of valuable additions of aid to all students of modern science. It is a grand educator of the masses, now offered to our readers in a sumptuous style in keeping with its great value to the people. Bound in Tan Sheep with a beautiful cover design and sold at the small price of $2.00, make it the handsomest, low-priced Dictionary ever published. For every day use in the office, home, school and library, this Dictionary is unequaled. Forwarded by express upon receipt of our special offer price, $2.00. If it is not as represented you may return it to us at our expense and we will refund your money. Write us for our special illustrated book catalogue, quoting the lowest prices on books.

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. . . Here in Bermuda, where I am passing the Winter, I miss many things to which I have been accustomed in the States, but do not miss THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW. You will, I believe, I have journeyed well with the weekly contribution, without which, as a writer and a lover of books, I should indeed be a castaway on a desert isle of the sea. NOAH BROOKS.
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Poet Laureate Director, Letter Librarian.
. . . THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW seems to have supplied a decided want. This fact cannot be too widely made known to all who would keep abreast with critical opinion. We need it, indeed, with somewhat the same explanatory of an urgency of gentle souls. FREDERICK SANDERS.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "Wake Robin."
. . . I look upon THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW as the most important enterprise undertaken by a daily newspaper in many years. It gives literature and art their due prominence, and recognizes them as great factors in a people's life. JOHN BURROUGHS.
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Author of "My Study Fire."
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An Eminent Woman Poet.
. . . THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is a weekly pleasure, for it keeps me so fully advised of all that is going on in the world of letters. I admire your fairness and your hospitality. LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.
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Author of "When Knighthood Was in Flower."
. . . Permit me to say that, in my opinion, THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is doing more for literature and art than any publication of which I know. Continued beginning. Especially is this true in the West, where people interested in such matters are only just beginning to find out. CHARLES MAJOR.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Editor of Harper's Weekly.
. . . I consider THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW worthy of the highest commendation. It is the first thing I look for in my copy of the Saturday Times, and I very rarely happen that I do not read it through from beginning to end. It is also interesting to me as a writer of books and as an editor of a weekly publication, but I have found it of extreme value in the pursuit of my duties as a Trustee of the Cleveland Public Library. JOHN KENDRICK BANGS.
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Author of "The Lady or the Tiger."
. . . THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is to me very much like a fine club, where I hear people talk about books and the people who write them. If a man has no literary friends or associates, let him read THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, if he has every week, let him read it all the same, so that he may be able to talk with profit to himself and them. FRANK R. STOCKTON.
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An Author and a Publisher.
. . . As far as I am in a position to judge, the information that has been presented to the reading public from week to week in THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW concerning the literature of the day has been more comprehensive, better proportioned, and more trustworthy than has ever before been attempted by any newspaper on either side of the Atlantic. GEORGE HAVEN PUTNAM.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Professor of English at Dartmouth.
. . . I am a frequent reader of that varied and interesting miscellany, THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, and am very likely, as in the case of its last issue, to cut and mark half a dozen things in it for use in my classroom or elsewhere. CHARLES F. RICHARDSON.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Professor American History, Cornell.
. . . I have come to depend on THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW for my weekly supply of information as to the world's doings in the sphere of books in our own tongue. Its reports on that matter having, as I think I find, the primary virtues of fullness, accuracy, and fairness. MORES COIT TYLER.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "Little Rivers."
. . . THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is conducted along the lines of a genuine criticism. It distinguishes clearly between a review and an advertisement. It has already achieved success; I hope it will win an ever-widening prosperity. HENRY VAN DYKE.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "Richard Carvel."
. . . A reliable literary monitor is an absolute necessity, and therefore I look forward weekly with eagerness to THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW. Its contents must be gratifying to all lovers of literature. WINSTON CHURCHILL.
The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW.

Buffalo's Hopes and the Exposition.

The Hon. Conrad Diehl, mayor of Buffalo, the home of the Pan-American Exposition, has great faith in the success of the enterprise and is more than pleased with the progress that is being made on the work of construction. He says: "I frequently drive out there and look over the buildings. It is phenomenal the rapidity with which the work is carried forward. The men who are directing the Exposition affairs are shrewd calculators, and they are going to make this enterprise the wonder of the world. Outsiders are becoming enthusiastic over it. Thousands of people who did not go to the World's fair at Chicago will come to the Pan-American. Let everybody prepare to receive them and give them a good time."

Pan-American in the Carolinas.

The work the publicity bureau has been doing in the state of North Carolina in arousing an interest throughout that state in the Pan-American Exposition is having a good effect also in South Carolina, where the press is anxious that North Carolina should not surpass South Carolina in representation at the Pan-American. Charleston, S. C., is planning to hold a fair in 1902, and it is urged that the best way to call attention to it will be through a fine exhibit at the Pan-American. It is thought that the state of South Carolina and the Charleston Exposition company should jointly make an exhibit at the Exposition in Buffalo.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Jumbo.

We are having some [illegible] er for the last of the [illegible]

Mr. T. H. Williams [illegible] matoche, Texas, glad[illegible] hearts of his parents and [illegible] a visit home Christmas.

Mrs. Virgie Vines [illegible] Texas, is visiting her pa[illegible]

Prof. Thomas Willi[illegible] ing a few days with his [illegible] tlugh Williams.

Messrs. W. C. Evans [illegible] Williams visited rela[illegible] friends at Coalmie this [illegible] report a nice time.

Messrs. Peyton Pa[illegible] Cleud Jones visited re[illegible] friends at Verbena Christ[illegible]

Mrs. Emmer Evans [illegible] holiday's with friends [illegible]

Mr Eugene Conner [illegible] boro, Texas, and Miss E[illegible] cus, of Clanton, visited [illegible] relatives here last week.

Mr. A. C. Barnes and [illegible] Clanton, were pleasan[illegible] here last week. News [illegible]

FREE BLOOD CU[illegible]

An offer paying faith to [illegible]

Is your blood pure? A[illegible] [illegible]? Does your skin [illegible] burn? Have you Pimples [illegible] Aching Bones or [illegible] zema? Old Sores? Ha[illegible] [illegible]? Rheumatism? Fe[illegible] Catarrh? Are you pa[illegible] [illegible] your blood with B. B. [illegible] (Blood Balm). It m[illegible] Blood Pure and Rich, he[illegible] sore and gives a clear [illegible] healthy skin. Deep seat[illegible] like ulcers, cancer, ear[illegible] Painful Swellings, Rh[illegible] are quickly cured by B[illegible] made especially for all [illegible] Blood and Skin Troubles [illegible] it drains the Poisons and [illegible] out of the Blood and entir[illegible] to the symptoms can ob[illegible] give it a trial. It cures [illegible] ease to stay. Thoroughly te[illegible] 30 years. Sold at drug [illegible] $1 per large bottle, 6 large [illegible] (full treatment) $5. Be [illegible] bottle reads Botanic Blood [illegible] so sufferers may test it, a t[illegible] dle given away absolute[illegible] Write for it. Address B[illegible] BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. [illegible] to-day. Describe trouble [illegible] medical advice given.

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Via UNION PA[illegible] ROAD every Tue[illegible] Utah, Montana, [illegible] Washington. For [illegible] [illegible] Agent, General [illegible] St. Louis.

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Before purchasing tickets to any [illegible] write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, A[illegible] C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville.

The Banner is [illegible] leading paper of Cl[illegible] ton county and has [illegible] largest circulati[illegible] Advertisers should t[illegible] notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

[illegible] IX

A TRIP TO THORSBY

[illegible] few days ago I had a [illegible] sant trip to the flourishing [illegible] Thorsby. [illegible] was a beautiful [illegible] like day and the country [illegible] looked wonderfully well [illegible] days though I knew [illegible] pretty well, and so did the [illegible] business street is composed [illegible] Mr. W. C. Esker proved [illegible] and until I came to the conclusion that Thorsby was a far more [illegible] portant place than I had conceived it. Why, you have to travel [illegible] and to see Thorsby, and I [illegible] fess you will see more substantial and elegant homes and [illegible] about streets within the confines [illegible] that new town than you will see [illegible] the same area anywhere in Cha[illegible] county. And I was surprised [illegible] so much land cleared and [illegible] nted with vines and fruit trees [illegible] ere is much more money invested [illegible] in Thorsby than many of [illegible] agine. Then again I was [illegible] med that quite a number of people [illegible] from the Northwest have [illegible] dy purchased vineyard tracts [illegible] and have them now planted [illegible] while the plants are maturing [illegible] owners retain their old homes [illegible] the Northwest, but as soon as the [illegible] nts are old enough to bear, the [illegible] owners will bring their families [illegible] and make their homes here [illegible] of which means much to Chilton county. We had an excellent [illegible] ner at the Concordia hotel [illegible] here we were waited upon by the [illegible] Misses Howard. Then I had [illegible] look in at the postoffice which [illegible] as neat as a new pin, and reflects [illegible] dit to the town. The stores [illegible] med to be well stocked and have [illegible] flourishing look about them. [illegible] ct the whole town of Thorsby [illegible] oks as if it was prospering. [illegible] as an eye-opener to me, I thoroughly enjoyed the trip and learned [illegible] a good deal, and when you want a day's outing combining [illegible] easure and instruction, take [illegible] dvice and go and take a look around Thorsby.

DEATH OF Mr J. R. KEMP.

On Friday night last Mr. J. [illegible] Kemp passed away at his home [illegible] west end of Clanton, after [illegible] w weeks sickness. He was [illegible] an of robust physique and [illegible] d constitution, and his friends [illegible] nd hoped that he would be able [illegible] overcome this illness. But [illegible] who knows best willed otherwise [illegible] nd at the age of 50 called [illegible] Kemp home. He was a man [illegible] terling qualities, conscientious [illegible] all his dealings, and his strict [illegible] grity and honesty endeared him [illegible] all with whom he came in [illegible] act. Chilton county has lost [illegible] its best citizens. He leaves [illegible] widow and five grown children [illegible] mourn the loss of a good husband [illegible] nd father; may the Lord be with [illegible] hem in their affliction. The funeral [illegible] took place on Sunday morning [illegible] Rev. F. M. Woods preaching [illegible] ery effective sermon in the [illegible] st church which was crowded [illegible] its utmost capacity. He was buried [illegible] with Masonic honors, having been [illegible] member of that fraternity [illegible] any years, while one the large [illegible] congregations ever assembled [illegible] Clanton paid their last tribute [illegible] respect to a worthy man and [illegible] en.

Prof. Corderie Dies Far From H[illegible]

[illegible] ladstone, Garland County, A[illegible] January 16. [illegible] To the Sheriff of Chilton county, Ala., or anybody that may be concerned:

This is to inform you that a gentleman by the name of J. [illegible] Corderie, who said he was [illegible] Chilton county, came here and [illegible] taken sick on January 8. He [illegible] with fever January 14. He [illegible] no names nor left any request. [illegible] he has any relatives or friends please send this to them and [illegible] them to answer, and I will give [illegible] in particulars. His trunk, [illegible] is belongings, is at M. C. Milton's where he died. Direct your letters [illegible] J. A. Carrwood, Gladstone, [illegible]

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 10, 1901 — NO. 12

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Clanton, Ala.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the Town of Clanton on Monday, January 14th, 1901, for the election of a Mayor and four Councilmen for the Town of Clanton.

J. P. VANDERVEER, Mayor.
A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Mass Meeting Beat 2.

A mass meeting is called for beat 2 Friday the 11th, at one o'clock, at Jemison to discuss Stock Law, Road Law and Prohibition Law of Chilton. Let everybody that can, come and let us consider the important measures for our county, and send delegates to Clanton next day.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
C. L. LANGSTON
JOHN CONN.

Stanton.

Dr. Massey, of Birmingham, has been with us this week. Mrs. Sandy and family, of Riderville, and relatives a visit here Sunday. Mr. Sam Reynolds, of Dry Valley, was a pleasant visitor here last Sunday. Mr. C. W. Plant, of Verbena, was in the city Sunday. Messrs. Felix and Frazier Fitts were in town one day last week. Mr. T. D. Parnell has purchased the Macon house and moved his family last week. Mrs. Macon has moved to her residence. Messrs. Gant, R. H. Nelson, L. L. Culver, and Misses Lee Ella Parker, Lula Culver and Sammie Nelson enjoyed a pleasant visit to Marbleville last Sunday evening. Mr. Huff, of Perry, has purchased the lath mill here and will move his family to Stanton in a few days. Mr. Charlie Cox, of Riderville, has secured a position at the furniture shop. Mrs. Cox has purchased the Callen lot next to Mr. S. R. Letcher's and will erect a dwelling shortly. A mass meeting was held here last Tuesday for the purpose of electing delegates to the meeting at Clanton, Jan. 12. Messrs. W. M. Wilson and John Dennis, of Clanton, were in town Tuesday on business. Mr. C. L. Mullins, of Clanton, was in the town Tuesday. We regret to state that Mrs. S. R. Letcher and Mrs. E. Dunsmore are both quite sick.

STAN.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

Up-to-date and hustling Dentist who is well known and popular will be at Stanton from 7th of January to 12th, 1901. Come early, you may never have a better opportunity to have good dental work done.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents on the 2d inst. Mr. John Green and Miss Amanda Devenport were happily united, Rev. J. M. Ward performing the ceremony. The best wishes for their future career goes out to the happy young couple.

Governor Samford has appointed J. L. Hayes a Justice of the Peace for Beat 3.

Eminent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Mrs. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, ex-President Illinois Woman's Club, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse. A medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now fully recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I shall never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Jemison, Dec. 31, 1900

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words about Stock and Road laws and all other laws of the county that does not infringe on the rights of other counties. In my judgment we need no stock law, as to the roads, our laws are alright; the roads just need work and under any law they must be worked or they will be no better; and the people of Chilton must do the work, other people are not concerned in it, and we had just as well work them as pay for it. The reason why we need no stock law is that there is so much woodland yet, that we can turn out our cattle in the spring and they do well till winter without feed. Someone said the fences was bad if their fence is bad let them split rails and build them up, and cultivate inside and pasture outside instead of a stock law and building the fence around their cattle and cultivating outside; it is easier to fence cattle out than to fence them in.

With due respect to Bro. Pounds and others in the legislature, I do not think that local laws ought to be made by them. I admit that we need representatives, but not for local laws. I think that as our commissioners are scattered over the county and are citizens of the county and officers of it, they ought to have the right and power over the local laws; they are at home and interested in this county and its welfare; when the general assembly is not, because they do not live under the local laws of this county.

Now dear reader think of it, if the local laws of this county were in the hands of our commissioners it would be altered or amended by us who are concerned in it, and not by men of other counties who do not have to abide by our local laws; these men of other counties legislating for us and do not know anything about us and our interest is what ails us now. I say stop it and do it now. Someone may say that our commissioners are not competent of doing the work. With due respect to past legislators, where in the name of common sense and high heaven is their competency and where has it been manifested? Now, I say take local laws out of their hands and bring home to the commissioners, or raise the salary of representatives high enough to induce our best men to fill the office. I think that the honorable L. H. Reynolds will agree that the salary is too small. Success to the Banner and its many readers.

JOSEPH H. THOMAS.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Kincheon, Dec. 30, 1900

Mr. Vinson, in piece to the Banner recently seemed to have forgotten the fact that Beat 6 is quite a large scope of country. His statement that everybody in Beat 6 was bitterly opposed to the stock law, it is at the most an unauthorized assertion. I live in Beat 6, and am highly in favor of the stock law. These are my reasons: First, because all progressive countries have the stock law: second, because we want to better our grade of stock, and under what better regime than the stock law can we hope to acquire it? third, the cost of fencing the average farm consumes about one-fifth of the clear profit from year to year. Is there anything but the stock law that will enable the farmer to keep this hard earned money in his pocket. The answer is inevitable. My views are not so broad as some of the anti-stock law fellows. I differ my own opinion on the matter, and would be glad of an expression from some farmer in another part of Beat 6. As for me and mine, we want to save our money, our muscles and our will, and turn them to better account than mauling rails. Exercise is the life of the brain, but we are going to have a gymnasium in connection with our school, and boys during vacation can take a little exercise each day under prescribed rules, and grow up to be as manly men as the world has ever developed. Success to the Banner.

FAIR PLAY

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Jemison, Dec. 29, 1900

There is being a great deal written and said about better schools in our county. The Legislature will meet and legislate, the educators will write, and the institute will meet and talk on this important question, and never a word said in regard to music being taught in our common schools until the Legislature of Alabama says to the teachers of her common schools to teach the science and art of music in their schools, just so long will Alabama remain behind in educational matters. No young man or young lady can ever claim to be educated that does not understand something of the theory of music, and no teacher, no matter what grade he may make, is a competent teacher unless he understands something of the science and art of music, and knows how to teach it. Music should be a part of the public school curriculum. To teach a child and not teach him music is to give him a one sided education, you leave one of the five senses entirely undeveloped that of hearing and appreciating pleasant sounds. The emotional nature is worth far more than the intellectual nature, and in the study and practice of music we cultivate this nature, it is the one thing that elevates a man from the real to the ideal life that is to come. Music lightens our burdens, brightens our homes, lessens our cares and elevates our societies, therefore the knowledge of music is a necessity and a duty we owe our school as well as a golden privilege. The Legislature of Alabama should make the study of music part of the public school curriculum. J.B.N.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs Phebe Cherley, of Paterson, Ia., and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Poplar Springs.

Mr. Edgar Patterson visited relatives near Salem Sunday.

Misses Annie and Bessie Harris have returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Autauga. Mr. J. B. Jones, of Lomax, visited relatives here Sunday. Messrs. J. N. and W. A. Goss attended the temperance meeting at Clanton Friday night. Some of our close observers say that from all appearance there will be more weddings in the community soon. Chills are troubling some of our people at present.

NEW COMER.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.
$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

Gene al Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Thorsby, Ala., Dec. 31, 1900

By the common law—that is, the original law of the states, no man is bound to fence his own land against the stock of another; but by that law, the owner of beasts is bound to restrain them, and is answerable for any damage which they commit upon the lands of another. The beauty of this law is that it is just to all concerned—ideas to the contrary notwithstanding.

Some of the writers on the wrong side have questioned our christian spirits and feelings of fellowship; some have gone so far as to accuse some of the promoters of a base idea. There are no grounds for any of these. The idea of making money renting pastures, I'm sure had never entered the mind of a single promoter. People broad minded and liberal enough to see as these men do, are above such small or mean thoughts. As for it being only a few large land owners in favor of the law, that is a mistake. The majority of the promoters are small land owners with little or no means but an eye to justice and right. Suppose it was only the large land owners in favor of it. They would only be contending for their just rights and protection. When the poor man's cow is out running at will, whose grass is she eating? Her owner's? No, she's beating his neighbor out of that much. This last remark was brought out by some of the pitiful excuses already given on the other side. This is a mighty poor county; but it would be in a pitiful condition if it were not for a few broad minded men who have forged ahead, even under such adverse circumstances. Has the county, in general, got to remain poor and behind in such matters just because the poorest people seem to prefer that condition? If the progressively inclined can't prosper then the others are cut off, but let some prosper and all their neighbors reap benefits therefrom.

One writer said that those in favor of stock law don't know what it is. He got mixed up. We in favor of stock law, or at least the majority of us, have never lived under any other kind of law until we came here. We know it is good and can't be improved upon. We want to get it here so you can enjoy it and we will make Chilton county among the best counties in the State. Chilton can go there if you will release some of the bondages that are holding her down. This fence business and 50 cent fruit trees are the main blocks in the way. We can't put the land in cultivation if we have to fence it. We can't plant large orchards with trees bought from fruit tree agents. Chilton county has hundred of acres of good farming lands that would be put into cultivation within a few years after we got stock law. Chilton county can grow finer fruit and earlier fruit, and make more money out of it than any other section as soon as the people learn that trees don't cost over 5 or 10 cents each, and will plant in larger quantities.

P. C. SMITH.

Subscribe for The Banner.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $5.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

FARM HANDS Wanted. Good hands $10.00 per month. Apply to I. A. Logan, Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

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Notice is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned to the present session of the Legislature to remove the following described farming lands from within the corporate limits of the town of Clanton:

The Nw ¼ of the Ne ¼, Sec 2 Tp 21 R 14, owned by J. P. Haynes.

The S ½ of the Ne ¼ of the Nw ¼ Sec 2 Tp 21, R 14 and in the N ½ of the Ne ¼ of the Nw ¼, the following piece of land one acre wide across the East end of said North half of the Ne ¼ of Nw ¼ owned by J. W. Edwards.

J. W. EDWARDS.
J. P. HAYNES.

Billingsley.

Our town is progressing nicely, we have eight stores now. Mr. G. W. Taylor of Huckabee, has opened a nice stock in his handsome new store, and Mr. Escoe, of Verbena has opened in the Gullahorn store. There is also talk of a saw mill being put up here.

Mr. M. Thompson has visited his old home in Camden, S. C., recently. Rev. A. J. Preston of Prattville filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday and preached two splendid sermons; he is one of the best preachers of the State. All should hear him. Mr. J. P. Willis spent the holidays at Jones' switch.

Mr. L. C. Taylor visited Huckabee last week. Mr. and Mrs. Jones Vernon of West Calera visited the family of W. K. Vernon last week.

Miss Bessie Wilkins and Josie May Marlar visited Adams last Friday. E. W. Price went to Kingston recently. Ed Gartman of Clanton was a visitor here Sunday. Mr. E. M. Jackson went to Haynes last Sunday. There will be services at the Methodist church next Sunday at 11 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. W. B. Dennis.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

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Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
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Office over Wright's Store — CLANTON

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F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

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CLANTON BARBER SHOP
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HAIR CUTTING
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SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

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CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John R. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insure farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and farm stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent.

WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 10, 1901 — NO. 12

Judge of Probate

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Clanton, Ala.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the Town of Clanton on Monday, January 14th, 1901, for the election of a Mayor and four Councilmen for the Town of Clanton.

J. P. VANDERVEER, Mayor.
A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Mass Meeting Beat 2.

A mass meeting is called for beat 2 Friday the 11th, at one o'clock, at Jemison to discuss Stock Law, Road Law and Prohibition Law of Chilton. Let everybody that can, come and let us consider the important measures for our county, and send delegates to Clanton next day.

L. H. REYNOLDS,
C. L. LAWSTON
JOHN COBB.

Stanton.

Dr. Massey, of Birmingham, has been with us this week. Mrs. Grady and family, of Riderville, and relatives a visit here Sunday. Mr. Sam Reynolds, of Dry Valley, was a pleasant visitor here last Sunday. Mr. C. W. Plant, of Selma, was in the city Sunday. Messrs. Felix and Frazier Fitts were in town one day last week. Mr. T. D. Parnell has purchased the Macon house and moved his family last week. Mrs. Macon has moved to her residence. Messrs. Gant, R. H. Nelson, L. L. Parker, and Misses Lee Ella Parker, Lula Culver and Sammie Nelson enjoyed a pleasant visit to Marion while last Sunday evening. Mr. Huff, of Perry, has purchased the lath mill here and will move his family to Stanton in a few days. Mr. Charlie Cox, of Riderville, has secured a position at the furniture shop. Mrs. Cox has purchased the Callen lot next to Mr. S. R. Letcher's and will erect a dwelling shortly. A mass meeting was held here last Tuesday for the purpose of electing delegates to the meeting at Clanton, Jan. 12. Messrs. W. M. Wilson and John Dennis, of Clanton, were in town Tuesday on business. Mr. C. Mullins, of Clanton, was in the town Tuesday. We regret to state that Mrs. S. R. Letcher and Mrs. E. Dunsmore are both quite sick.

STAN.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

Up-to-date and hustling Dentist who is well known and popular will be at Stanton from 7th of Jan. to 12th, 1901. Come quickly, you may never have a better opportunity to have good dental work done.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents on the 2d inst. Mr. John Grant and Miss Amanda Devenport were happily united. Rev. J. M. Ward performing the ceremony. Best wishes for their future career goes out to the happy young couple.

Governor Samford has appointed J. L. Hayes a Justice of the Peace for Beat 3.

Eminent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Mrs. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, President Illinois Woman's Club, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse. No medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now fully recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I shall never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Jemison, Dec. 31, 1900

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words about Stock and Road laws and all other laws of the county that does not infringe on the rights of other counties. In my judgment we need no stock law, as to the roads, our laws are alright; the roads just need work and under any law they must be worked or they will be no better; and the people of Clifton must do the work, other people are not concerned in it, and we had just as well work them as pay for it. The reason why we need no stock law is that there is so much woodland yet, that we can turn out our cattle in the spring and they do well till winter without feed. Someone said the fences was bad if their fence is bad let them split rails and build them up, and cultivate inside and pasture outside instead of a stock law and building the fence around their cattle and cultivating outside; it is easier to fence cattle out than to fence them in.

With due respect to Bro. Pounds and others in the legislature, I do not think that local laws ought to be made by them. I admit that we need representatives, but not for local laws. I think that as our commissioners are scattered over the county and are citizens of the county and officers of it, they ought to have the right and power over the local laws; they are at home and interested in this county and its welfare; when the general assembly is not, because they do not live under the local laws of this county.

Now dear reader think of it, if the local laws of this county were in the hands of our commissioners it would be altered or amended by us who are concerned in it, and not by men of other counties who do not have to abide by our local laws; these men of other counties legislating for us and do not know anything about us and our interest is what ails us now. I say stop it and do it now. Someone may say that our commissioners are not competent of doing the work. With due respect to past legislators, where in the name of common sense and high heaven is their competency and where has it been noted out? Now, I say take local laws out of their hands and bring home to the commissioners, or raise the salary of representatives high enough to win once our best men to fill the office. I think that the honorable L. L. Reynolds will agree that the salary is too small. Success to the Banner and its many readers.

JOSEPH H. THOMAS.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Kincheon, Dec. 30, 1900

Mr. Vinson, in piece to the Banner recently seemed to have forgotten the fact that Beat 6 is quite a large scope of country. His statement that everybody in Beat 6 was bitterly opposed to the stock law, it is at the most an unauthorized assertion. I live in Beat 6, and am highly in favor of the stock law. These are my reasons: First, because all progressive countries have the stock law: second, because we want to better our grade of stock, and under what better regime than the stock law can we hope to acquire it? third, the cost of fencing the average farm consumes about one-fifth of the clear profit from year to year. Is there anything but the stock law that will enable the farmer to keep this hard earned money in his pocket. The answer is inevitable. My views are not so broad as some of the anti-stock law fellows. I differ my own opinion on the matter, and would be glad of an expression from some farmer in another part of Beat 6. As for me and mine, we want to save our money, our muscles and our will, and turn them to better account than mauling rails. Exercise is the life of the brain, but we are going to have a gymnasium in connection with our school, and boys during vacation can take a little exercise each day under prescribed rules, and grow up to be as manly men as the world has ever developed. Success to the Banner.

FAIR PLAY

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Jemison, Dec. 29, 1900

There is being a great deal written and said about better schools in our county. The Legislature will meet and legislate, the educators will write, and the institute will meet and talk on this important question, and never a word said in regard to music being taught in our common schools until the Legislature of Alabama says to the teachers of her common schools to teach the science and art of music in their schools, just so long will Alabama remain behind in educational matters. No young man or young lady can ever claim to be educated that does not understand something of the theory of music, and no teacher, no matter what grade he may make, is a competent teacher unless he understands something of the science and art of music, and knows how to teach it. Music should be a part of the public school curriculum. To teach a child and not teach him music is to give him a one sided education, you leave one of the five senses entirely undeveloped that of hearing and appreciating pleasant sounds. The emotional nature is worth far more than the intellectual nature, and in the study and practice of music we cultivate this nature, it is the one thing that elevates a man from the real to the ideal life that is to come. Music lightens our burdens, brightens our homes, lessens our cares and elevates our societies, therefore the knowledge of music is a necessity and a duty we owe our school as well as a golden privilege. The Legislature of Alabama should make the study of music part of the public school curriculum. J.B.N.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs Phebe Cherley, of Paterson, Ia., and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Poplar Springs.

Mr. Edgar Patterson visited relatives near Salem Sunday.

Misses Annie and Bessie Harris have returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Autauga. Mr. J. B. Jones, of Lomax, visited relatives here Sunday. Mesrs. J. N. and W. A. Goss attended the temperance meeting at Clanton Friday night. Some of our close observers say that from all appearance there will be more weddings in the community soon. Chilas are troubling some of our people at present.

NEW COMER.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.
$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

Gene al Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A leading physician says no work should be performed before breakfast. Of course, he naturally makes an exception in the matter of cooks.

The Japanese Government is said to be considering the advisability of inflicting capital punishment by means of suffocation. It is proposed to place the subject in an airtight chamber and then exhaust the air from the box by means of a pump.

Perhaps it will be rather a surprise to know that there are 500 miles of the 20,000 miles of street railway in the United States yet operated by horses, and the wonder will be still greater when it is known that one of these roads is in New York City.

Another experimentalist, seventy years old, announces that he has discovered the secret of perpetual motion. Perpetual motion is like the contemplation of infinity. Too much indulgence ends in insanity. And no discovery in the world is too stupendous for a cracked brain.

The pressure of the trade competition during the last decade has prompted Great Britain to utilize an extraordinary method of impressing foreign traders with their superiority. The new scheme is to scatter broadcast over the commercial world British experts in the matters of trade, to lecture on British manufactures in every important commercial centre of the globe.

The only London paper which referred in its editorial columns to Secretary Gage's annual report is the Express, which hazards an opinion that in a century or so the staple industry of England and Europe will be that of carrying raw material across the Atlantic for the manufacturers of the United States, and bringing back foodstuffs, with such a proportion of manufactured goods as the Old World can afford to pay for.

The authorities whose duty it is to enforce the game laws of Kansas recently had reason to suspect that some market hunters were illegally shipping quail from Washington, but the gathering of evidence was found to be an almost impossible task. Finally the officers borrowed a pointer dog and took it to the freight depot, and the animal promptly centred its attention upon a large egg case. The case was opened, and under its two top layers of eggs were found several dozen quail. The lawbreakers were located without difficulty upon a reference to the railroad company's books, and arrests promptly followed.

Children who come to St. Louis schools with dirty faces are no longer sent home to complete their toilets, but are escorted to wash-rooms in the basement, where they are under the eyes of the janitor. Under the old plan, the children sent home often played truant for the balance of the day, or were detained at home by their offended and indignant mothers. As this class of children most need the benefits to be had from the schools the new plan was adopted. The children take kindly to the idea and revel in the abundance of water, soap, and clean towels. This step taken, it is thought that a long-continued agitation for the introduction of bath-tubs in the St. Louis school buildings will score an early success.

The nervous side of the racehorse is very interesting. To do the best work he is capable of the thoroughbred must be trained to a very fine edge, and when in that condition the least thing out of the ordinary disturbs him. Horsese have been known to be white with foam twenty minutes after starting on a railroad journey, and car sickness has killed many a fine racer. Thoroughbreds in training are used to certain handlers and if any one else comes around they do not like it. This is partly the result of the lavish attention which these men bestow upon their charges. At the racetrack they sleep in apartments fitted up for them in the stables. Not only do the stable boys, grooms, rubbers and jockeys do this, but also the high salaried trainers whose work makes the great racing machines of the present day. They watch the animals under their care constantly. They will run to a stall like a mother to the bedside of her child at the slightest unusual disturbance during the day or night. They know just what to do in emergencies and they are able to do the proper thing promptly and well.

GIRL HORRIBLY BUTCHERED.

Made Desperate Fight For Honor Against Would-Be Ravisher.

Miss Nellie Morris, aged nineteen, handsome and accomplished, was attacked and killed with a razor at Hackney, Morgan county, Ohio, Friday night by Walter A. Weinstock, aged eighteen years, who lived near her home.

She was going home across the fields when Weinstock met her and made indecent proposals to her. She immediately started to run. He grabbed her and threw her to the grond. She screamed and fought hard, finally getting to her feet.

Weinstock drew a razor from his pocket and cut her across the neck, severing the neck muscles and laying bare the jugular vein. Miss Morris grabbed the razor with her hands and they were cut into pieces. Her dress was torn from her in shreds and when people arrived she was almost naked. She died from the effects of her wounds shortly after the assault.

She was the daughter of Benjamin Morris, a business man of Marietta, and was prominent in society in Marietta and Parkersburg. Weinstock was grabbed by a crowd of men, who bound him with ropes, hand and foot, and removed him to a building, where more than 1,500 gathered to "guard" him.

KILLED BY WHITECAPS.

Negro Failed to Leave When Notified And Was Foully Murdered.

On the Darnell place, ten miles west of Fairburn, Ga., near the Chattahoochee river, Sterling Thompson, a prominent negro politician, and quite well-to-do, was assassinated in his own house.

About ten days ago the negro received a written notice to leave the county in ten days. Thompson paid little attention to it, and declared his intention of remaining.

Later on a party of masked men called at the negro's house and deliberately proceeded to riddle him with bullets and buckshot.

ACTIVITY IN PHILIPPINES.

Roving Bands of Insurgents Give Our Soldiers Plenty of Work.

Generals Wheaton and Bates report many small captures, the destruction of insurgent camps and the seizure of supplies, animals and other necessities. Among the captures in Smith's district was Colonel Techon, the insurgent governor of Tarlac.

General Grant is personally in command of a mounted expedition in the mountains of southern Pampangas, which, he says, is the only locality where the insurgents are in force in his district.

FINAL DRAFT OF BILL.

House Rivers and Harbors Committee Finishes Up Its Work.

The river and harbor committee of the house has completed the final draft of the river and harbor bill. The appropriations and contracts provided for in the measure were given out just before the holiday recess, but the preliminary surveys provided were not completed until Wednesday. They include the following:

Florida—Key West harbor with a view to determining the most practicable channel through the northwest entrance; Charlotte harbor, with a view to extending twelve-foot channel to railroad wharf at Punta Gorda; Hillsboro bay, upper Chipola river, Blackwater upper east bays, with view to uniform channel depth from Milton to gulf; New river and Apalachicola river, with view to constructing channel to connect the same.

Georgia—Skiddaway barrows, Chatham county, for channel connecting Isle of Hope with Burnside river; Chubbs creek and Plantation creek, with view to providing channel seventy-five feet wide.

South Carolina—Black river, to secure three feet in upper and twenty feet in lower river; inner Winyah bay, to secure twenty feet from Georgetown to shore line of Black and Waccamaw rivers.

QUEEN HONORS ROBERTS.

Bestows an Earldom and Makes Him a Knight of the Garter.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts arrived at Cowes, Isle of Wight, Wednesday, and drove immediately to Osborne house, where the queen bestowed on him an earldom, with a special reminder for his daughters. He was also made a Knight of the Garter.

A large crowd awaited him at the pier. He landed from the royal launch at 3:30 p. m., which was the signal for deafening shouts of welcome. Princess Beatrice, in her capacity as the governor of the Isle of Wight, and the Duke of Connaught, representing the queen, awaited Lord Roberts. He was warmly greeted and the party started in royal carriages for Osborne house. The route was lined with troops and thronged with cheering sight-seers.

Lord Roberts stopped on his way at the town hall of East Cowes, where eulogistic addresses of welcome were presented to him. He then resumed his drive and entered the grounds of Osborne house by the Prince of Wales' entrance, and proceeded up the troop-lined avenue to her majesty's Isle of Wight residence. After a hearty reception in the council chamber by a number of princes and princesses, Lord Roberts was ushered into the presence of the queen. His audience with her majesty was quite private.

One of the paradoxes of life insurance is that the richest men, who need it least, carry the largest amount of it

EIGHT SUFFOCATED IN A HOTEL FIRE

Of Twenty-Seven Guests, Nineteen Escape.

CUT OFF BY CLOUDS OF SMOKE

Bodies Found Scattered Through Halls By Firemen--Occurred In Minneapolis.

Eight men lost their lives in a fire at Minneapolis Sunday morning. The fire had its origin in the rear of the Standard Furniture store. The men were overtaken by an immense volume of smoke in the Harvard hotel, which occupies the second, third and fourth floors of the building, and death in every instance was due to suffocation. When the men were found in various parts of the house a man named Erickson was dead and the seven others were unconscious. The fire was discovered by Charles Hanson, and he and the night clerk set about to awaken the lodgers. In several instances it was necessary to break in the doors. What took place in the rooms and narrow, dark hallways will never be known. Every man rushed for his own life. Nineteen of the twenty-seven lodgers were successful, but the others were unable to beat their way through the oil smoke and fell in their tracks where they were found by the firemen. Many of those who escaped came staggering out on the snowy sidewalk like drunken men, barely making their way through the smoke and heat and partially clad. Several had the most narrow escapes. The loss on the building and contents will not exceed $3,000. The dead are:

Nathaniel Perly, sixty years old.
C. J. Skidmore, forty-five years old.
J. S. Bently, fifty-five years old.
B. Scofield, forty-five years old.
George Rudey, forty-five years old.
Michael Monahan, seventy-five.
J. N. Frickson, of Alexandria, Minn., twenty-five years old.
—— Jacobson, laborer, about fifty years old.

The injured are: Henry cotton, badly cut about hands.

TO BETRAY ABDUCTORS.

Cudahy Receives Letter Containing Promise of Information.

A letter has been turned over to Chief Donahue, of the Omaha police department, in which an offer is made to deliver certain information to him regarding the abduction of young Cudahy, upon his compliance with certain conditions.

The chief and Mr. Cudahy evidently considered the letter authentic, and of enough importance to justify a reply, because the following advertisement appeared in the columns of a local paper Sunday morning:

"Your request, asked for in letter mailed at Lincoln on January 4th, to be answered before January 7th, will be granted. "E. A. CUDAHY,
"J. A. DONAHUE."

TWO YEARS IN TRANSIT.

Letters Mailed In Rome, Ga., In 1899 Just Reach Washington.

A peculiar defect in the efficiency of the postoffice department developed at Washington Saturday by the receipt of two letters by Georgia congressmen which were mailed in Rome, Ga., on April 11, 1899. Where the letters have been since that day has not been determined.

W. J. Cooper, of Rome, desired to be placed on the pension roll. He wrote to Congressman Maddox, of the Seventh district, and Congressman Livingston, of the Fifth district. The letters are stamped as having been mailed on the date stated. Nearly two years has passed since the letters were posted.

Boers Release Prisoners.

A London special says that the Boers have released the members of the Liverpool regiment captured at Helvetia on December 29.

Ten Hours Too Long.

The miners of the Star mine at Aspen, Colo., have struck because of an attempt of the owners to enforce a ten hour day system.

HARD ON KIDNAPERS.

Bill Before Nebraska Legislature Calls For Capital Punishment.

A Lincoln, Neb., dispatch says: Senator Ransom, of Omaha, introduced in the state senate Wednesday a bill to make kiknaping under certain conditions punishable by death. It provides for three grades of punishment. For simple kidnaping, three to five years in the penitentiary; for kidnaping and extorting money, a life term in prison, and for kidnaping and threatening injury to the victim, hanging.

NEW CONNECTING LINK

Will Be Built By Southern From Tennessee to Kentucky.

Information has reached Knoxville, Tenn., that the Southern railway would at once begin the construction of a line of road from Jellico to Burgin, Ky., a distance of 105 miles.

A preliminary survey was made some time ago. The construction of the connecting link from Burgin to Jellico will obviate the necessity of the Southern railway using the Cincinnati Southern in connecting its lines in Kentucky.

STUDENTS PUNISHED.

Faculty of Georgia Technological Institute Demonstrates Their Authority.

The faculty of the Georgia Technological school at Atlanta met Friday afternoon to take cognizance of the organized disobedience of the seniors in entering into a compact not to return to school on December 31st.

The entire faculty was present, and one by one the eighteen seniors were brought before their preceptors to undergo a searching examination. The men confessed without hesitation to having signed the agreement to stay away in violation of the rules of the school until January 2d. They offered no excuse for their action except an occasional murmur against the decision of the faculty that the men should return to duty on December 31st.

After listening to the statements of the seniors, the faculty took but a very few minutes to arrive at a decision, and under their action the following textile students are suspended from the institution until March 30th, while their diplomas are withheld until December 31, 1901:

L. C. Swords, Madison; E. W. Camp, Moreland; Wade Langston, Atlanta; L. F. Brown, Atlanta; A. S. Mead, Decatur; W. D. Hughes, Twiggs county.

The only remaining student in the textile department of the senior class is J. G. Johnson, son of Colonel Lindsay Johnson, of Rome, Ga. Young Johnson escaped the heavy punishment inflicted on his classmates on the ground that he did not take part in the former mutiny in which the textile students were engaged.

The remaining students of the senior class are suspended until the first Saturday in February, while their degrees will be withheld until the first Saturday in November. The men who undergo this punishment are as follows: W. P. Sullivan, Savannah; J. F. Towers, Rome; B. W. Holtzclaw, Perry; J. S. Waterman, Macon; W. J. Holman, Fayetteville, Tenn.; W. Newsome, LaGrange; D. O. Dougherty, Atlanta; J. W. Moore, Hapeville; George Merritt, Macon; L. P. Benjamin, Atlanta; E. Gay, Atlanta.

Under the wholesale punishment inflicted on the senior class by the faculty of the Technological school it is probable that no effort to hold a commencement this year will be attempted, for of the eighteen men who would have graduated in June not one will be entitled to a diploma before the first Saturday of next Novvmber.

TO CONTEST WILL.

Felders Will Have to Fight in Courts For Their Fortunes.

At Nashville, Tenn., Thursday, after the probating of the will of Millionaire Samuel Murphy, his widow, Anna H. Murphy, appeared in court and adopted Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Felder, thus making them the heirs of the millions that were left to the widow.

The late Dr. John A. Murphy, of Cincinnati, was a brother of Samuel Murphy, who also formerly resided here. The widow of Dr. John A. Murphy still resides here, and it was expected that her two daughters would become the heirs of Samuel Murphy. These nieces are Mrs. Edwin Gardner, Jr., of Nashville, and Mrs. John Kilbreth, Jr., of New York, and it is claimed that they had been told by their uncle, Samuel Murphy, that they would become his heirs after the death of his widow.

It is charged now that Samuel Murphy made a different will just before he died, and that Mr. and Mrs. Felder were adopted a week after his death while Felder was made co-executor of the will without bond. In the petition to adopt Mr. and Mrs. Felder, the widow is said to have stated in court at Nashville that Samuel Murphy during his life gave his brother, Dr. John A. Murphy, of Cincinnati, over $500,000.

Mrs. John A. Murphy, in published interviews, states that the amount was less than $100,000, and mostly in real estate, which has since greatly depreciated. She and her daughter has retained eminent counsel at Cincinnati to contest the will and the adoption of Mr. and Mrs. Felder and other counsel will be retained at Nashville for the litigation.

WORLD'S MONEY SUPPLY.

According to Mint Director's Report the Amount Has Doubled.

An increase of more than 100 per cent in the money of the world within less than a generation is one of the most interesting exhibits of the annual report of the director of the mint. The total stock reported in 1873 was about $4,600,000,000, of which more than half was in paper money not fully covered by metallic reserves.

The situation at the beginning of 1900 showed a total monetary stock of about $11,600,000,000, of which only little more than one-fourth was in uncovered paper money. Director Roberts finds that, while the total money supply of the world has increased about $7,000,000,000, the increase in gold money since 1873 has been about $3,600,000,000; in silver about $2,750,000,000, and in uncovered paper only about $650,000,000.

The quantity of silver money, which was at its maximum of about $4,250,000,000 at the beginning of 1896, has since been somewhat reduced by the sale of silver by Germany and its retirement in other countries.

American firms are going to build five great battleships for Russia.

FRANCHISE SCARE STARTED IN HOUSE

Republicans are Seeking Pertinent Information.

DIRECTED AT SOUTHERN STATES

Abridgement of Electoral Franchise the Bone of Contention. Democrats Aroused.

A Washington special says: Like the proverbial bolt of lightning from a clear sky, there was precipated upon the house of representatives Thursday an entirely unexpected storm in the shape of a resolution fathered by Representative Shattuc, of Ohio. The resolution was as follows:

Whereas, In order that the apportionment of membership of the house of representatives may be determined in a constitutional manner, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the house of representatives that the director of the census be directed to furnish to this house at the earliest possible moment the following information:

1. The total number of male citizens over 21 years of age in the several states of the union.

2. The total number of male citizens of the United States over 21 years of age who by reason of state constitutional limitations or state legislation are denied the right of suffrage, whether such denial exists on account of illiteracy, on account of pauperism, on account of polygamy or on account of property qualifications or on any other reason.

"Resolved, further, That the speaker of the house of representatives be authorized and directed to appoint a select committee of five members who shall investigate the question of alleged abridgement of the elective franchise, for any of the causes mentioned, in all the states of the union in which constitutional or legislative restrictions on the rights of suffrage are claimed to exist, said committee shall be authorized to send for persons and papers to administer oaths to witnesses and hearings at such places as in the judgment of the committee the desired information can best be had. The committee is also authorized to employ a stenographer and such other clerical and expert assistance as it may deem necessary. The expenses of the investigation to be paid out of the contingent fund of the house of representatives over vouchers and approved by the chairman of said committee."

Representative Olmstead introduced the resolution.

The issue was precipitated quite unexpectedly. The leaders had decreed that the reapportiontment bill should be taken up, but before it could be called Mr. Olmstead, of Pennsylvania, offered as a matter of privilege a resolution reciting the alleged abridgement of the suffrage in Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina and North Carolina, and directing the committee on census to investigate and report the facts to the house in order that a constitutional basis of representation could be established for these states.

The leaders on the Democratic side sought in vain to heat off the resolution with points of order, but the speaker ruled against them. They then began a filibuster, openly avowing that they would fight every proposition looking to the reduction of representation from the southern states to the bitter end. Several of the Republicans were seemingly in sympathy with them, and their indifference to the fate of the Olmstead resolution in the end gave the opposition the victory. Many of them quietly paired with absent Democrats, leaving their absent colleagues unpaired.

As a result, when the question of consideration was raised against the resolution it was defeated—81 to 83. Although the vote was a strict party vote, two Republicans, Landis, of Indiana, and Mann, of Illinois, answered present, but did not vote. But the story of the defeat is found in the absentees on both sides who were unpaired. Thirty-two Republicans were absent and unpaired against sixteen of the opposition.

The Republicans failing to show a quorum, the house adjourned.

OUTRAGE BY WHITECAPS.

Negroes Near Nellyville, Mo., Warned to Make Themselves Scarce.

A gang of white men, disguised as whitecaps, visited a number of negroes near Nellyville, Mo., Wednesday night, riddled their houses with bullets, wrecked their furniture and gave five colored men notice to leave the country within twenty days, or they would be revisited, their homes burned and the occupants hanged.

REQUISITION IS REFUSED.

Alabama Governor Turns Down Application For Good Reasons.

Gov. Samford, of Alabama, refused requisition papers for B. G. Douglas, alias Eldridge Williams, arrested at Butte, Mont., charged with attempting to murder his wife and who confessed to having killed James Boswell of Wetumpka, Ala., in 1897, and afterwards escaped, pending his trial. The governor's grounds for refusal was that the indictment had been lost or stolen and all pages of court records on which a record of the case had been made had been surreptitiously torn from the books since the escape of Williams.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Minister Conger has been instructed to urge the arbitration of the distribution of China's indemnity should the diplomats fail to agree.

The Navy Department ordered the gunboat Scorpion to La Guayra, Venezuela.

Captain McDonald, who shot himself in the Department Auditor Morris in his office, is dead.

Because of failure to care for the machinery, the Navy Department is unable to send a torpedo flotilla with the North Atlantic squadron.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

There is unprecedented activity everywhere around the 477 American posts in the Philippines. Scouting parties and small expeditions are striking rapidly day and night.

The Philippine Commission has completed the preparation of a general municipal government bill.

The total custom receipts in Cuba for the eleven months ended November 30, 1900, were $14,549,647.98.

The municipal treasurer of Havana, Cuba, is short in his accounts $13[illegible].

General Wood will visit Washington in the latter part of January to consult in regard to the Cuban constitution, which will be ready then.

An active campaign was carried on by the Fortieth Infantry during December in Northern Mindanao, P. I.

Many prominent natives were arrested in Manila as alleged insurgents under General MacArthur's recent proclamation.

Senor Nunez, Civil Governor of Havana, Cuba, pronounced against the legality of the Dady sewering and paving contract.

General Wood gave the first formal reception and ball in the Palace, Havana, since he became Governor General of Cuba. More than 1000 persons attended.

DOMESTIC.

Edwin G. Bedford died near Paris, Ky., aged eighty-six years. He was a noted breeder of short-horn cattle. He paid the highest price ever given for a short-horn, $36,000, for a bull at the New York Mills sale in 1876.

The Railroad Commissioners issued an order compelling the Boston Elevated Railway Company to equip street cars in Boston with vestibules.

The consolidation of all the street railways of Detroit, Mich., under the name of the Detroit United Railway Company, with a capital of $12,500,000, was effected.

Two heavy freight trains on the Vazoo and Mississippi Valley railroad, both double-headers, met in a collision near Hays Station, Miss. Six men of the eight in the crews were killed.

A burglar robbed the house occupied by James Wilson, eighty-five years old, near New Haven, Penn., and attacking Miss Marion Morgan, her grandfather.

James Gibbons, a nephew of Cardinal Gibbons, a student at the Charity Hospital, was waylaid and killed in New Orleans, La., by two highwaymen.

Mrs. Margaret Ertell, who shot George Degee in Brooklyn, declared in court she was not sorry she had killed him.

Forty-six tons of gold and silver were received at the Seattle Assay office in 1900.

In a crusade against saloons in Ithaca, N. Y., by the Anti-Saloon League, photographs were taken, showing violation of the law in nearly every liquor store in town.

All the Populist members of the Colorado State Senate, eight in number, entered the caucus of the Democratic members and announced their intention to join the Democratic party.

Warren F. Putnam, former president of the National Granite Bank, of Exeter, N. H., who was sentenced to serve five years in the prison at Concord, in 1896, was released, 208 days of his sentence having been commuted for good behavior.

Forty-five thousand dollars in Government bonds were found in a tin box in a hut, near Fletcher, Ohio, occupied by Ypsilanti Smith, a hermit, who died a few days ago.

The original estate of $9,000,000 which was left by Mr. Pullman when he died, October 19, 1897, was increased by the management of his executors to almost $15,000,000.

Experiments made at the Chicago University have convinced medical men that salt in the blood causes palpitations.

The income of ninety-four railways in Pennsylvania in the fiscal year was $29,477,181. Forty-twenty companies paid dividends.

FOREIGN.

Lieutenant-General Pochhammer, the German army, was killed by an electric car in Berlin.

Negotiations for the settlement of German claims for damages done during the war have been begun with the United States for some time but have not reached a definite conclusion.

The Latin-American Medical Congress was opened at Valparaiso, Chile, under the presidency of Francisco Herboso, Secretary of Public Instruction.

A dispatch from Vladivostock says famine threatens the Amur and Maritime provinces. The crops there have had and the railways cannot be used for the transportation of food to the inhabitants.

The United States training ship Yorktown arrived at Tangier, Morocco. The American representatives will visit the Morocco court in February.

The Boers continued their raids in Cape Colony, and grave fears are entertained in regard to the safety of the British.

Snow fell heavily over central Germany, severely interrupting railway traffic.

The London banking house of Schnelne, Hischmann & Co., has gone into bankruptcy, with liabilities of more than $600,000.

GARDEN AND FARM

ITEMS OF INTEREST ON AGRICULTURAL TOPICS.

Keeping Vegetables Fresh—Raising Chickens—Grain Fertilizers—Freezing Ice on the Farm—Winter Treatment of Vines—Like Produces Like—Etc., Etc.

KEEPING VEGETABLES FRESH

A good method of keeping roots, potatoes and vegetables fresh is to cover the small lots wanted for daily use with sand. Put them in a box or basket and pour sand over them. Sweet potatoes especially can be kept in a cool place in this way.

RAISING CHICKENS.

Always set two or three hens at the same time. Furnish feed and water. When they hatch, give the chicks to one mother, and set the other hens again. They will hatch two or three broods, if given plenty to eat and drink. Feed the chicks clean, sweet food, and furnish fresh drink the same as you would for a week old child. When old enough for grain, sprinkle a little air-slacked lime on the grain to prevent lice. I have raised over 300 chicks in this way.—G. E. Diller, in the Farmer's Voice.

GRAIN FERTILIZERS

In the Southern States there are many who use cotton seed meal as a fertilizer to furnish nitrogen, in preference to using nitrate of soda, or any other of the fertilizing materials that contain nitrogen, as tankage, dried blood or fish waste. But it is one of the peculiarities of this meal and of cottonseed meal that when used as a food for milch cows it increases the milk, improves its quality, and then returns to the manure heap almost as much nitrogen as it had before being digested. Much the same thing may be said of the phosphoric acid in wheat bran, and in this way they are cheap foods when properly used.

FREEZING ICE ON THE FARM.

We will all acknowledge that it is a handy and convenient thing to have a good supply of ice on hand during the hot Summer months, but as a great many farmers do not possess a pond, or live too far away from one, their supply of ice during the Summer is oftentimes limited.

A good plan for such people to take advantage of is to make a number of boxes of inch boards, make them small enough to allow the amount of water that they will hold to freeze in one night. In the morning a little warmth will be all that is needed to get the ice out of the boxes, and should the boxes be too small place as many as you want to on top of one another the next night, and after pouring a sufficient amount of water over them, let them stand until the next morning, and you will have cakes of ice of a size exactly suited to your tastes.

These blocks may be put away in any ordinary ice-house and cared for just the same as ice from a pond. They will keep just as good as the blocks of pond ice, and there is every reason to believe that the ice would be purer.—New York Weekly Witness.

WINTER TREATMENT OF THE VINES.

At the approach of cold weather the grape vines are pruned, unfastened from the trellis and laid flat upon the ground. They may be held in this position by simply placing stones upon the ends, and they will safely pass the winter anywhere except at the extreme north. Where the winters are usually very severe the vines should also be covered with soil, straw or litter of some sort, and perhaps this may be desirable with tender vines anywhere in the extreme north.

Tender raspberries and blackberries have to be treated in a similar manner, but the cane, being more brittle and more easily injured than grape vines, needs careful handling and gradual bending while undergoing the operation. A good practice is to throw one or two shovelfuls of soil against the canes on one side, and bend them over this by a sort of curve. The tops are laid upon the ground near the next tool of canes and held there by another one or two shovelfuls of soil. Two persons can do this work very conveniently and quickly, and when growers learn to depend more on these simple modes of giving winter protection than on the chances of a mild winter, or supposed hardiness of plants, they will have little to complain of in winter killing, and cease to place such an excessively great value on the ability of grapes, raspberries, etc., to endure the winter without such means of protection.—F. H. Sweet, in Agricultural Epitomist.

LIKE PRODUCES LIKE.

When the greater part of our Carman No. 3 potatoes had the vines all dead and dried down I noticed two rows at the sides of the patch green, rank and luxuriant. These two rows stood out sharp, distinct and clear from the rest of the patch, and I thought they must be a different variety; but when Frank said they were Carman No. 3 like the rest, I replied: "Why, what in the world should make just two rows so green and thrifty, while all the rest, with only a hill here and there, are dead and dried up?"

"Why, don't you remember, Mr. Joe, you told us last year to pick out for the hills that were green when we

[illegible] ready to dig, [illegible] a plant it by the [illegible] if enough of the "[illegible] one two rows."

There it was, a [illegible] such. The vines were very much [illegible] the ground is heavy [illegible] stoles underneath [illegible] might be almost [illegible] an illustration [illegible] with a vengeance [illegible] sult of careful [illegible] single season. [illegible] ngs in Bee Culture.

TREATMENT OF [illegible]

The pea crop [illegible] value has recently [illegible] during the last [illegible] the ravages of [illegible] Various methods [illegible] to overcome the [illegible] ing treating the [illegible] or carbon bisulphide [illegible] holding the seed [illegible] bugless peas with [illegible] treatments are a [illegible] less pea growers [illegible] to propagate the [illegible] even those who [illegible] combat his attacks [illegible]

The weevil [illegible] last of May or [illegible] temperature of [illegible] as soon as the [illegible] swell to provide [illegible] of the species [illegible] on the outside of [illegible] tened there by a [illegible] quickly hardens [illegible] readily seen on [illegible] month of June [illegible] tieth of an inch [illegible] slender in form [illegible] Sometimes a [illegible] found on a single [illegible] hatches out, drops [illegible] works its way [illegible] The hole in the [illegible] there is then no [illegible] presence of the [illegible] The color of the [illegible] low, with a shade [illegible] are often many [illegible] than there are [illegible] only one to a [illegible] The larvae contains [illegible] bumnious part [illegible] touches the life [illegible] tality of the [illegible] reaching maturity [illegible] to the outside [illegible] the thin hull [illegible] passes into the [illegible] remains in the [illegible] lowing spring [illegible] ture weevil. [illegible] black color, [illegible] on its back and [illegible]

In sections [illegible] pea bug prevails [illegible] feed should be [illegible] sulphide as soon [illegible] At this season [illegible] stroyed in the [illegible] they have [illegible] damage. The [illegible] to use an air [illegible] say ten or twelve [illegible] oil barrels may [illegible] ever is used, [illegible] dish on top of [illegible] bon bisulphide [illegible] is sufficient for [illegible] as nearly air [illegible] leave for three [illegible] cal will have [illegible] entire space [illegible] vessel not occupied [illegible] stroying every [illegible] out injury to [illegible] out on the bar [illegible] the gas to escape [illegible] flammable, and [illegible] approached with [illegible] any other fire [illegible] in this way will [illegible] make better [illegible] untreated for [illegible] Practical Farmer.

VA[illegible]

Stock should [illegible] or drink dirty [illegible] feeding, instead [illegible] for the farm [illegible] time.

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It is true [illegible] ton is not a [illegible] by very many [illegible] man who [illegible] lows it into [illegible] furniture is [illegible] cient Egyptians [illegible] Hebrews [illegible] This fact is [illegible] recent finds [illegible] a sarcophagus [illegible] Rakkara, in [illegible] Abrahams [illegible] the mummies [illegible] the collar [illegible] with care [illegible] buttons is [illegible] able to last [illegible] it probably [illegible] ago.

VIEWS OF INTEREST ON AGRICULTURAL TOPICS.

Keeping Vegetables Fresh—Raising Chickens—Grain Fertilizers—Freezing Ice on the Farm—Winter Treatment of Vines—Like Produce Like—Etc., Etc.

KEEPING VEGETABLES FRESH.

A good method of keeping roots, potatoes and vegetables fresh is to cover the small lots wanted for daily use with sand. Put them in a box or basket and pour sand over them. Sweet potatoes especially can be kept in a good place in this way.

RAISING CHICKENS.

Always set two or three hens at the same time. Furnish feed and water. When they hatch, give the chicks to one mother and set the other hens again. They will hatch two or three broods. Give plenty to eat and drink. Feed stale cake, clean, sweet food, and fresh drink the same as you would for a week old child. When old enough for grain sprinkle a little air-slaked lime on the grain to prevent gapes. I have raised over 300 chickens in this way.—G. E. Diller, in the Epitomist.

GRAIN FERTILIZERS.

In the Southern States there are many who use cotton seed meal as a fertilizer to furnish nitrogen, in preference to using nitrate of soda, or any other of the fertilizing materials that contain nitrogen, as tankage, dried blood or fish waste. But it is one of the peculiarities of this meal and of linseed meal that when used as a food for milch cows it increases the milk, improves its quality, and then returns to the manure heap almost as much nitrogen as it had before being digested. Much the same thing may be said of the phosphoric acid in wheat bran, and in this way they are cheap foods when properly used.

FREEZING ICE ON THE FARM.

We will all acknowledge that it is a handy and convenient thing to have a good supply of ice on hand during the hot Summer months, but as a great many farmers do not possess a pond, or live too far away from one, their supply of ice during the Summer is oftentimes limited.

A good plan for such people to take advantage of is to make a number of boxes of inch boards, make them small enough to allow the amount of water that they will hold to freeze in one night. In the morning a little warmth will be all that is needed to get the ice out of the boxes, and should the blocks be too small place as many as you want to on top of one another the next night, and after pouring a sufficient amount of water over them, let them stand until the next morning, and you will have cakes of ice of a size exactly suited to your tastes.

These blocks may be put away in any ordinary ice house and cared for just the same as ice from a pond. They will keep just as good as the blocks of pond ice, and there is every reason to believe that the ice would be purer.—New York Weekly Witness.

WINTER TREATMENT OF THE VINES.

At the approach of cold weather the grape vines are pruned, unfastened from the trellis and laid flat upon the ground. They may be held in this position by simply placing stones upon the ends, and they will safely pass the winter anywhere except at the extreme north. Where the winters are usually very severe the vines should also be covered with soil, straw or litter of some sort, and perhaps this may be desirable with tender vines anywhere at the extreme north.

Tender raspberries and blackberries are to be treated in a similar manner, but the cane, being more brittle and more easily injured than grape vines, needs careful handling and gradual bending while undergoing the operation. A good practice is to throw one or two shovelfuls of soil against the canes on one side, and bend them over this by a sort of curve. The tops are laid upon the ground near the next stool of canes and held there by another one or two shovelfuls of soil. Two persons can do this work very conveniently and quickly, and when growers learn to depend more on these easy modes of giving winter protection than on the chances of a mild winter, or supposed hardiness of plants, they will have little to complain of winter killing, and cease to place such an excessively great value on the ability of grapes, raspberries, etc., to endure the winter without such means of protection.—F. H. Sweet, in Agricultural Epitomist.

LIKE PRODUCES LIKE.

When the greater part of our Carman No. 3 potatoes had the vines all dead and dried down I noticed two rows at the sides of the patch green, rank and luxuriant. These two rows stood out sharp, distinct and clear from the rest of the patch, and I thought they must be a different variety; but when Frank said they were Carman No. 3, like the rest, I replied:

"Why, what in the world should make just two rows so green and thrifty, while all the rest, with only a hill here and there, are dead and dried up?"

"Why, don't you remember, Mr. Root, you told us last year to pick out all the hills that were green when we got ready to dig, and save the seed and plant it by itself? And we saved out enough of the 'green tops' to make these two rows."

There it was, a wonderful object lesson. The vines of these two rows were very much larger, and the way the ground is heaving up with big potatoes underneath it looks as if there might be almost double the crop. Here is an illustration that like produces like "with a vengeance." It is all the result of careful selection for just one single season.—A. I. Root, in Gleanings in Bee Culture.

TREATMENT OF PEAS FOR BUGS.

The pea crop, which we so much value, has received a serious setback during the last few years by reason of the ravages of the pea bug or weevil. Various methods have been attempted to overcome this pest, such as late sowing, treating the seed with hot water or carbon bisulphide, and in some cases holding the seed for two years so that bugless peas would be sown. These treatments are all good, but since the insect travels by flight, so long as careless pea growers allow infested crops to propagate the intruder, so long will even those who sow clean seed have to combat his attacks.

The weevil makes its appearance the last of May or June, according to the temperature of the season, and is ready as soon as the young peas begin to swell to provide for the continuation of the species. The eggs are deposited on the outside of the pods and are fastened there by a viscid substance that quickly hardens. These eggs can be readily seen on the pods during the month of June. They are about a thirtieth of an inch in length, long and slender in form, of a deep yellow color. Sometimes a dozen or more will be found on a single pod. The larva soon hatches out, drills through the pod and works its way into the young berry. The hole in the pod soon grows up, and there is then nothing to indicate the presence of the inhabitants within. The color of the larvae is a deep yellow, with a shiny black head. There are often many more larvae on the pod than there are peas within, but there is only one to a berry. The rest perish. The larvae continues to feed on the albuminous part of the pea, but rarely touches the life germ, so that the vitality of the berry is not destroyed. On reaching maturity it eats a round hole to the outside of the pea, leaving only the thin hull to enclose it, and then passes into the pupa state. It usually remains in this condition until the following spring, then to become the mature weevil. The weevil is of a rusty black color, with several gray spots on its back and wing-cover.

In sections of the country where the pea bug prevails, the peas intended for feed should be treated with carbon bisulphide as soon as threshed in the fall. At this season the insects are thus destroyed in the embryo stage before they have done the peas much damage. The method of treatment is to use an air-tight box that will hold, say ten or twenty bushels, or old coal-oil barrels may be used instead. Whichever is used, fill with peas, and set a dish on top of the peas, containing carbon bisulphide. One ounce of the liquid is sufficient for a bushel. Close the lid as nearly air-tight as possible, and leave for three days, when the chemical will have evaporated and filled the entire space from top to bottom of the vessel not occupied with the peas, destroying every germ of insect life without injury to the peas. Turn the peas out on the barn floor, which will allow the gas to escape. The gas is very inflammable, and therefore should not be approached with a lighted lantern or any other fire. Peas treated in the fall in this way will produce clean seed and make better feed than if allowed to go untreated for a few months.—The Practical Farmer.

VARIOUS NOTES.

Stock should not be compelled to eat or drink dirty food or water. Such feeding, instead of realizing a profit for the farmer, is a dead loss every time.

It hardly pays to doctor chickens when they are sick, and this is the principal reason why farmers should try to keep their poultry in a healthy condition.

It's a good thing to know how to cure the ills of different stock, but you don't want to get the information by experience. It costs too much when gotten in that manner.

It is considered that a mixture of alsike and red clover is preferable to either of these varieties alone, as each variety thrives best under somewhat different conditions.

Any farmer who has not thought that the best stock pays should take a look around his neighborhood, and he will soon find that the best farmers are the ones who invariably keep the best stock.

Finding a Collar Button.

It is true that the elusive collar button is not an invention of recent times, by very many centuries. The modern man who, with bended dignity, follows it into dark corners and under furniture is doing exactly what the ancient Egyptians did long before the Hebrews went into the land of the Nile. This fact is proved conclusively by the recent finding of a bone collar stud in a sarcophagus that had been buried at Sakkara, in Egypt, about the time that Abraham appeared on earth. While the mummified remains of the owner of the collar button have to be handled with care to preserve their form, the button is as good as it ever was, and able to lead a chase today, as well as it probably did thousands of years ago.

Girls' Schools in France.

Since 1880 66 colleges for girls have been established in France. Before that time there were no municipally supported schools for the higher education of girls. Of the 68 institutions 48 are lyceums and 28 are colleges. The lyceums all take day pupils, and there were 8431 enrolled last year. The colleges had 3593 pupils. Girls of the wealthier families still are educated in convents, however, as being most exclusive.

Sachets in Frocks.

Let me remind you that there is hardly anything which so aids a dainty toilet as a faint and elusive perfume. This can be easily obtained by making large satchets to be laid in one's frocks while they are not in use, or, better still, satchet powder may be used in the lining of the bodices and also about the edge of skirts for housewear, which gives a most delightful result. Floral leaves for perfuming the bath give a fragrance to the skin for hours after using.—Vogue.

New Feather Boas.

There is an entirely new departure in feather boas. The new boa is a sort of mixed affair, like all fashionable furs and neck trimmings this year. The upper section is made of the orthodox ostrich feathers, but this only reaches about to the bust, and from there down the boa is subdivided into a mass of tails of irregular length. These are made of short pin feathers from the breast or stomach of the bird and are ornamented at the ends with feather balls and tassels. Sometimes a black ostrich boa is trimmed with green and black cock's feathers. Gray is still the favorite color, but a new shade of russet promises to be much worn with the stylish castor and "cafe au lait" gowns.

Fantastic Fancies.

Aiglon belts are of colored leather, green, blue, gray, scarlet, yellow or lilac, in suede, morocco, and other leathers. They have wide buckles of leather set in frames of brass or silver, finely chased and chiselled. Myrtle and laurel leaves and the eagle's head between outstretched wings are the usual decoration. Sarah Bernhardt wears one of these ceintures—ceintures are a fad of Sarah, and she wears them invariably low in front to accentuate her lithe, slender figure.

A luxuriously useful trifle is a deerskin reticule, with initials of the wearer wrought in pearls, coral, diamonds or turquoises.

The perfume shops have a new freak. Knots of flowers are tied with ribbons of the same color to the necks of the flasks of the perfume, to indicate the contents. Violets, heliotrope, lily-of-the-valley, etc., make very ornamental labels.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Cultivating Attractiveness.

A woman can make or mar her attractiveness. She can, by an utter disregard of hygienic laws, and a neglect of toilet accessories, lose entirely that charm of face and form that nature obviously intended should be hers. It will do no woman harm to know that a few drops of soothing lotion will transform a pair of rough hands into soft, white ones; that systematic care of the complexion will keep it smooth and ward off wrinkles, and that an eagerness to read clever books and to know things, and a lively interest in the current events of the day, will brighten the eyes as nothing else can, except it be the sympathy of the man she loves. The woman possessing this knowledge is far more charming and attractive than she in whose path no beautifying whims have ever come. And the woman who applies this knowledge is the one who will develop into the entertaining, interesting grandmother of the next generation, as dainty and as youthful as was the mother of the past generation.

Collar Trimmings.

Cloak and coat collar are very much trimmed on the inside with shirred silks. The shirrings have tucks so as to give them a full and becoming surface, and increase the collar warmth, also.

This suggests at once a desirable way to render the collar of a cape or coat needing to be furbished up a bit. It is also a serviceable idea to copy the new high collars, which have the novelty of having one part imposed upon the other in this way.

Instead of the high collar in one piece that we are familiar with, the first collar is only about half its former height, but a fitted flaring upper section is added, as the fitted bottom flounce is added to a skirt on the very same principle.

This upper part of the collar is ruched on the edge, and sometimes has a double silk ruffle, standing up on the edge of which there is some other narrow edge trimming. This all makes for a high, dressy framing-in of the face, and is most comfortable during our winter winds.

New Winter Hats.

A stylish hat has a crumpled crown of shrimp pink mirror velvet, and a brim lined with the same, with a flat rosette resting on the hair on the left side, where it is caught with a paste buckle. The edge of the brim is draped with black chiffon, embroidered with black chenille, and long black ospreys curve over the hat on either side.

An exquisite picture hat is made of black velvet, trimmed with long black ostrich feathers of the finest quality, and black moire antique ribbon. The brim is edged with gathered velvet, and is bent into the most becoming curves. In the centre there are aigrets of ostrich feather, and the moire ribbons are folded round the crown.

A toque has the new flat crown of folded chiffon to match the sable brim in color, and it is covered with ecru lace in raised design of rose petals. The scalloped edge of the design wraps over on to the fur. At the back there is a scarf of chiffon, with sable tails on the ends, which hang over on to the hair at the back, and in front there is a long gilt buckle, set with black crystals.

A Woman's Duck Farm.

The chicken farm is a thoroughly exploited occupation for women, but the duck farm has the comparative merit of novelty. Miss Frances E. Wheeler, of a little town in New York state, is the proprietor of the farm, and finds it a paying investment.

Miss Wheeler was a stenographer, but too steady work at the typewriter caused her hands to become disabled for some time, and it became necessary to do something else. The little home near Lake Champlain was on the banks of a tiny river; and not far away was a large summer-resort. Discovering that the hotel found it difficult to procure fancy ducklings, Miss Wheeler saw her opportunity, and installed an artificial incubator. The first season 300 ducklings were supplied to the summer resort. This season more than 1200 have been sold. The present "plant" comprises three incubators, each of 360 eggs capacity.

Miss Wheeler has done much of the work herself, having only one man to help her, and attends to all business details. The ducks are fed with such cleanliness and special care that they command fancy prices because of their superior flavor.

Manual Training for Girls.

A girl may begin to study manual training after the excellent kitchen-garden system; she will enjoy the setting of tiny tables and the hanging out of dolls' washing, and the making of little beds, and at the same time she will be learning neatness and order, accuracy of touch, and a dainty way of doing housework. Sewing, too, that discipline through which every girl must pass, may be redeemed from drudgery, and made a pastime if it is regarded as a part of an education in handicraft, and taught so as to awaken an interest in it. The old way used to be to set a girl a daily task of a seam; later, to teach her to cut out and make garments for herself of stiff muslin, which she usually moistened with her tears. Today a teacher is found who gathers a little group of children and gives them regular lessons; hemming is done on one square of cloth, back-stitching on another, and overcasting on a third. To make button-holes, even, in company, robs them of half their terrors. It is not so important that a child should know how to make garments as how to sew. If she knows that, the making will come later. But it should never be forgotten that sewing is not the only form of handicraft with which a girl should be familiar. She, like the boy, should learn to make things of wood and leather and metal for the development of both head and hands.—Harper's Bazar.

How to Dress.

The very latest idea is to dress to suit the furniture in your room—or, vice versa, to furnish your rooms, to harmonize with your dresses. Thus, if your drawing-room is decorated in shades of rose, your gowns for home wear must be in similar shades. Whether we are to refurnish our rooms when we want to change the color of our gowns, Dame Fashion does not say. But anything for novelty, no matter what the cost!

Until a woman reaches the age of 30 she may wear just what she pleases in regard to colors, style, and shape of garments. After that age she must be more careful, and give a little thought to her complexion and figure before deciding upon her gowns. After 40 still more judgment is needed, especially in colors. Well preserved women who desire to look young make a mistake when they array themselves in bright colors in the daytime. At night vivid tints may not be unbecoming, but worn in the sunlight they accentuate every mark of age.

Nature teaches us a lesson in color which it would be well for us to heed. In early youth, the light soft tints of spring; in early womanhood the glowing hues of summer; in autumn, rich, dark tones; in winter, the pure white and gray shades that are in perfect harmony with old age. Few people relegate black to its proper place in feminine attire. Its adoption is properly supposed to be specially suited to the elderly, or those past the bloom of youth. This is a mistake. Only women still in the glory of fresh flesh tints look their best in black. Those who are passe should avoid it as much as possible or cover it with creamy lace. This, of course, does not apply to the Dresden shepherdess type of lady, whose delicate coloring and snow-white curls are thrown into relief by the somber hue of rich black satin or stiff brocade, with its softening accompaniment of lapets and fichu of honiton or venice point. Alas! that nowadays this poor old lady should be so rare!—Trenton (N. J.) American.

Saved Her the Trouble.

"Do I make myself plain?" asked the angular lecturer on "Woman's Rights," stopping in the middle of her discourse.

"You don't have to, mum," replied a voice from the rear: "Providence done it for you long ago."—Pick-Me-Up.

Remedy For Creaky Shoes.

If you wish to cure your shoes of a tendency to creak which, once shown, lasts as long ordinarily as the shoes themselves, put them into a shallow dish in which you have placed a small amount of sweet oil, or even melted lard. Allow the soles of the shoes to remain in the oil during the night. Not only will the objectionable noise cease but the shoes will also be made proof against the wet.

Tact in the Sick Room.

Sympathy must not be overworked, nor fail to lend itself to that denial which is often a real kindness. The temptation to humor a sick friend or relative in every whim is often irresistible. But true tact, however, may generally find a way by which the patient seems to have every indulgence he desires, yet in truth have nothing but that which the one in charge desires to give him. While the will of the watcher must always be dominant, it should never be so obstrusively; the patient should be ruled so gently that he does not know he is being ruled. At times, of course, the patient will ask for something in such a way that he cannot be led from the subject or be made to think that after all he does not want that particular thing. Then a direct "no" must be given him; and a quiet, persistent refusal to meet unreasonable and harmful demands will not weaken, but rather make stronger the ties between the invalid and the watcher. Strength and sweetness combined will work wonders in holding such a situation.—Mary R. Baldwin, in the Woman's Home Companion.

Nursery Temperature.

During the first cool days, especially when clouds and rain give added gloom, the temperature of the nursery must have extra attention. The fires that are started "to take off the morning chill," are often allowed to increase the temperature, until the nursery threatens to become a sort of hot-bed—a dangerous state of affairs at any time, and especially at this changeable season.

When the temperature is too high, it causes general relaxation, and excites the nervous system of the little ones; and it is said to favor the development of convulsive and nervous diseases. It also renders a child more liable to catch cold. But with due regulation of the temperature from the time the early fires are first started in the nursery, many winter troubles may be avoided.

During the first few chilly weeks it should be kept comfortably and equably warm. It should not be allowed to go below sixty-five degrees, and if there is a very young baby it is better to keep it at about seventy degrees from the first starting of the fire, in the early fall.

Excessive heat and closely ventilated rooms are as bad as draughts to a child's health. Open fireplaces insure a certain amount of ventilation, but are injurious if they are allowed to produce cold draughts. A large screen should be placed by the nursery door to intercept cold currents of air from chilly halls.

All fireplaces should be fenced in with an iron or wire grating, and care should be taken to avoid exposing an infant to the heat and glare of a bright fire.—Philadelphia Record.

Waffles—One quart of milk, one quart of flour, three heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, six heaping tablespoonfuls of butter, one saltspoonful of salt, one egg. Melt the butter in the milk, put the salt and baking powder into the flour, mix all well together and last of all add the egg, which should be well beaten. Bake in waffle irons.

Pink Delight—Into the whites of two eggs beaten stiff, beat two tablespoonfuls of sugar and one cup of juice off of canned strawberries or strawberry preserves. If juice is very sweet the sugar may be omitted. Set on ice until thoroughly chilled. Serve in glasses, placing a spoonful of strawberry preserves in each. This simple dessert will delight the eye as well as the palate.

Compote of Quinces—For a compote of quinces peel, quarter and core six that are ripe and sound and boil them in water enough to keep them from burning until they are tender. Remove the pieces of fruit and make a syrup of one-half cupful of water and one-half cupful of sugar. Then add the fruit and boil for five minutes. Remove the quinces to a glass dish and boil the syrup until it is thick. When it is cool pour it over the quinces.

Roast Goose—Pluck, singe and carefully wash and wipe the goose, put it into a kettle of boiling water and boil for one hour, then remove from the kettle, lay it in a dripping pan and fill within a dressing prepared as follows: Put four large onions into boiling water, simmer five minutes, add ten sage leaves and let them remain two minutes longer; then take both out, chop them very fine, add one quarter of a pound of bread crumbs, and one-half tablespoonful of butter, one egg beaten light and pepper and salt to taste. Mix thoroughly. Bake from one to one and one-half hours, according to the size of the goose.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Dr. Rosy has an article in a Lyons medical paper in which he recommends as a simple but effective cure for a cold in the head, pouring cologne on a handkerchief and snuffing up the fumes two or three minutes repeatedly as soon as the first symptoms are noted.

The attraction of gravitation diminishes in proportion to the square of the distance. Theoretically its influence in the case of a planet would extend to an unlimited distance. But as a matter of fact this influence would become imperceptible at an interval depending on the size of the body.

Probably the largest casting ever made in this country was run into the moulds recently at a Milwaukee foundry. The casting is to be the bed-plate for a blowing engine for a Pittsburg concern, and it weighs 110,000 pounds, all in one piece. In making it the workmen were required to pour 126,000 pounds of metal.

It is found that the phosphorescence of decaying wood is due to minute bacteria of vegetable growth, instead of being primarily chemical as hitherto supposed. The mycelium (analogous to the roots of higher plants) of a fungus from decaying pine has been cultivated in a decoction of beech bark and agar-agar (gelatinous substance obtained from seaweed) and the result was a white growth which was brilliantly luminous in the dark. This shows that it is not the decay which produces the so-called phosphorescence.

Mr. Armand Goutier reports to the Paris Academy of Science that he has demonstrated the presence of free hydrogen in the air as an unfailing constituent. He reaches the conclusion that pure air contains normally about two ten-millionths of its volume of uncombined hydrogen. A certain proportion of hydrocarbon gases also exists in the air, but they exist as an impurity and not as an essential constituent. These hydrocarbon gases emanate from marshes, fermenting soil, decaying animal and vegetable remains, chimneys, etc. They are relatively large in quantity in the air of populous cities and almost absent in the air of high mountains.

The Rev. J. M. Bacon thus describes in a letter to the London Times the experimental combination of ballooning and wireless telegraphy, which was tested at the recent British association meeting at Bradford: "We took a lofty flight, and for 90 minutes' space sailed away over Wakefield, Barnsley and so on for Sheffield, attaining an altitude of almost a mile, at which height it would certainly be impossible for a balloon to be hit in warfare save by a blundering shot. We were in constant communication with our base and could have minutely described every feature visible over the wide area below, and practically every feature was revealed. We looked down every breathing hole of the hidden mines over which we passed, searched the recesses of the woods, and could have counted every furnace for 10 miles around, and all the while we were receiving constant assurance from distant Bradford, that the line was clear."

Value of Gutta Percha.

Gutta percha is often confounded with india rubber, but it is utterly different. It comes from a family of trees that grow only in a small area about the Malay peninsula and have not yet been successfuly raised elsewhere. The sap is not to be gotten by tapping, as with maple syrup, but the tree must be cut down and the juice pressed out by beating with heavy mallets. The gum hunters get some two or three pounds from an average tree that is from 30 to 40 feet high and about 30 years old, and, as no young trees are planted to replace those felled, the source of supply will be a serious question in the near future. The crude gum comes to the market in lumps that are sometimes worked into grotesque shapes, and must be purified from sawdust, sand, stones and other foreign matters with which the wily Chinese dealers adulterate it. The lumps are put into "devilling" machines that tear them to bits and throw the shreds into troughs of water that free the gum from impurities and leave it almost pure.—Washington Star.

Origin of the Bubonic Plague.

The origin of the bubonic plague is shrouded in obscurity. It is now quite certain that it was prevalent in Greece and Italy during the early wars, gaining a foothold under Nero, Aurelius, Galius and Justinian, but it was not a sweeping factor in the mortality of the world till about the year 1350, when no less than 25 million persons perished of the plague in Europe alone, and in 1720 some 40,000 fell victims in France.

A Massive Gold Cup.

The massive gold cup presented to the city of Dublin by Queen Victoria, in commemoration of her recent visit, is of gold throughout, weighs 160 ounces, and stands 2 feet in height. The pedestal is of black marble, inlaid with gold. The depth of the cup itself is 15 inches, and the circumference of the top 5 feet.

Vast quantities of shelled eggs are exported from Russia in hermetically sealed tins, and are drawn off through a tap. One tin holds from 1000 to 1500 eggs. The eggs must be carefully selected, as a bad one would spoil all the others in the can.

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THE Congressional reapportionment bill passed the House Tuesday. It increases the number of Congressman from 357, the present number, to 386 and went through by a vote of 165 to 102. Not a single state loses a representative but the following make gains: Illinois, New York and Texas three each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, two each, and Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Louisana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconson, one each. The bill requires all districts to be compact and contigious and all additional representatives shall be elected at large until the legislature redistricts the state.

STOPPED THE ESCAPE.

On Tuesday night Marshal Morgan arrested Henry Jackson, colored, who escaped from the McRee farm in Lowndes county last June. He was placed in the county jail, and on Wednesday morning when Mr. McRee came up he went with the Marshal to identify the prisoner. As soon as they entered the jail it was seen something was wrong. The prisoner had forced open the lower part of a door and Jackson had crawled through and was in the open corridor. They covered him with their pistols and compelled him to return to his cell. The other prisoners, one white and two colored, were put back into their cells, and a general jail delivery was averted.

A Parson's Pun.

A writer in The Cornhill Magazine credits the late Canon Bingham with the following bit of wit:

He was driving one day with other clergy to a clerical meeting, when the conversation turned upon the meaning of the two places they were nearing, Wool and Wareham, in the county of Dorset.

"How do you account for the origin of these names, Canon Bingham?" asked one of the party.

"Don't you know this is a sheep county," replied the canon, "and at Wool you wool the sheep and at Wareham you wear 'em?"

Extent of Florist Industry.

The florist business in the United States is by no means an unimportant industry. It is estimated that the retail value of flowers sold annually is $12,500,000 and of potted plants $10,000,000. There are no less than 10,000 establishments in the United States devoted to the growing of plants under glass.—Chicago Chronicle.

CORRESPONDENCE

San Antonio, Texas, Jan. 7, 1900

Editor Banner.—Please give me space to say a few words to the people at home, as I am unavoidably detained here attending my son, J. B. I suppose that most of our people have heard by this time of his great misfortune in street car accident Dec. 31, 1900. He lost both feet, and while I long to be at home and attending to my business, and to meet with the people on the 12th inst., I have no idea that I will be able to reach home that soon, I must wait until I can bring my boy with me.

I have passed through many trials, but all of them will not compare with this one that is on me now, and I want to be remembered in the prayers of my brethren in Alabama, while I sit beside the bed of my boy who has suffered so much, and who will never walk again. I am coming home the first day that I can leave, but can't tell when, and wishing all our people a happy and prosperous year, and hoping that after all, "over all these wide extended plains there shines one eternal day." I am yours in love, S. M. ADAMS.

Thorsby, Jan. 9, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me a few words concerning the questions of Stock law, Road law and the whisky or saloon question, and I shall dispose of the last first by saying that I think that everybody knows that I am opposed to saloons uncompromizingly, and regard the so-called dispensary as being no better, and I would resign my seat in the Legislature before I would vote for either, but I do think that under proper restrictions that domestic wine should be allowed to be made and sold, but space here forbids me to give all my reasons in support of such law.

Now, as to the road law there seems to be no great difference of opinion among the people, as all agree that we need a law that will insure the better working of public roads and to equalize the burden. But these things will all be discussed on next Saturday, and I only wish to disabuse the mind of my friend W. A. Edwards, who quoted me as saying that I had devoted all my time in the Legislature in framing the road bill. Now, if he had not have read so carelessly he would have understood better, for I said "at a time." For his benefit I will say at such times as the body was not in session, but I made it a point, as all the members will tell you, that I was generally at my desk, and I endeavored to acquaint myself with every measure proposed and voted according to what appeared to be right, on bills of either local or general character. Now, Mr. Editor, I must say that I am somewhat disappointed in my ideas of referring questions to the people to discuss, owing to the fact that when men wish to express themselves on any question they seem to forget that all questions have two sides and that other people have the same right to their opinion as we have and that we have no right to impugne another's motives simply because our opinions differ, and again it seems to me that there is much more fuss than feathers over the stock law question. So far as I know there seems to be a vast majority of the people opposed to it, and it would not matter whether my personal views were for or against I should oppose any measure that an undoubted majority opposed, and so far I have seen but little disposition to force local measures in counties where the people did not want it, and again it is the surest way in the world to get what you don't want by unduly agitating the matter, and arouse the animus of the opposition so they will exercise themselves to a much greater length than they would otherwise go. So let's allow both sides to speak and then endeavor to overcome them by more weighty arguments of reason, instead of of making charges of a nature to imbitter the feelings of others, and thus lose all hope of converting them to your own ideas, and as we grow older we should become more reasonable and less vindictive. Yours to serve

L. B. POUNDS.

Brought Good Fortune.

A small item in his own paper lately brought amazing good fortune to Editor Chris. Reitter, of the Saginaw (Mich.) Post and Zeitung. He and his family had the Grip in its worst form. Their doctor did them no good. Then he read that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds was a guaranteed cure for La Grippe and all Throat and Lung troubles; tried it and says: "Three bottles cured the whole family. No other medicine on earth equals it." Only 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

HOME AGAIN.

Maplesville, Oct. 5, 1900

I read a book written by W. A. Wilkie once, and he left me in Venice, Italy. It was a book of travel, and somehow I always felt that he got lost, or I got lost from him, hence my excuse for this portrait, (not being a poem), I had to give one) and in order that my readers won't have the same uncomfortable feeling about me I send these lines with my home address. I reached my home at 2 a.m., Oct. 6, having had no message from my wife since Aug 7.

Was she and my three little ones still in this world? I did not know. I reached home in the night, at 2 a.m. I walked to my home, it was still standing, my heart in my mouth, my soul murmured a thank God, but were they in it came next; I steadied my beating heart. I laid down on the floor of the porch, my three heavy valises, as if making ready unwittingly for another burden; my soul still ready, said: "Thy will be done." Fearful and fearing, I knocked. I heard noise within and a husky broken voice say, "Tom have you come at last?" She indeed was yet here. Only those who have wandered long and wandered far can know my joy. The children, wife, I said at the door, still here, there was my cup of joy complete, and my prayer heard. One was sick next day, my oldest boy. In five days I had again to say for him, Thy Will again be done, for He took him.

T. U. CRUMPTON.

What Attracts Them.

"It is perfectly natural," said one whose own business takes him about more or less, "that a man should be interested wherever he may be in things pertaining to his own business. I know I am in mine. When I strike a strange place, I like to go through the quarter where they carry on the business that I am engaged in and see how they run things in it there. But I have lately met with two illustrations of this sort of thing that seemed to me to be rather curious as well as interesting.

"Talking with a New York paint manufacturer about paint of a certain kind, the paint man said incidentally that he had seen paint of that color on walls in Pompeii. Oddly enough, the other curious illustration arose out of the same ancient city. A New Yorker engaged in the manufacture of lead pipe said, incidentally to something that he was telling me about lead pipe, that he had found in Pompeii lead pipe in fair condition, this pipe, while covered with an incrustation that had gathered upon it in the long time it had been buried, yet cutting with as bright and perfect a cleavage as though it had been made yesterday instead of many centuries ago.

"These two things interested somewhat the paint man and the lead man respectively, and they certainly interested me."—New York Sun.

Ebony was esteemed as an article of luxury by the ancients. In India it was employed by kings for sceptres and images and as it was supposed to annul the power of poisons was often made into drinking cups.

Help... Nature

Babies and children need proper food, rarely ever medicine. If they do not thrive on their food something is wrong. They need a little help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

will generally correct this difficulty.

If you will put from one-fourth to half a teaspoonful in baby's bottle three or four times a day you will soon see a marked improvement. For larger children, from half to a teaspoonful, according to age, dissolved in their milk, if you so desire, will very soon show its great nourishing power. If the mother's milk does not nourish the baby, she needs the emulsion. It will show an effect at once both upon mother and child.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to stay over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution a long as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, farmers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Col Joel R. J. Reddine, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man who can take his county newspaper, before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in the country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the office and forward them, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

Best Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes, "seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restored me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton, Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Her Sacrifice.

The Rev. Cyrus T. Brady says in his book of missionary reminiscences: "I was once preaching about missions, urging the congregation to make some sacrifice for the missionary cause and indicating to them several methods by which they could follow my advice. Among other things I suggested that they refrain from purchasing any book which they very much desired and donate the money to me instead for my missionary work. I happened to have perpetrated a book myself.

"You will therefore understand my feelings when a very bright woman in the congregation came up to me and handed me $1 with the remark, 'I had intended to buy your book and read it, Mr. Brady, but I have concluded to follow your advice and give you the money for missions instead.'

"I accepted the situation gracefully and told her I would lend her my own copy of the book to read. She smiled and thanked me, and as she did so I voiced my thought in this way, 'But after all Mrs. B., there does not seem to be any sacrifice on your part in this transaction, for you have the happy consciousness of having given the money for missions and yet have the book as well.'

"'No sacrifice?' she replied. 'Why, I have to read the book!'"

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at Clanton drug store.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you will need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder cape silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; a large plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, our price only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, fathers grand-fathers and all boy's suits from 75c up; men's suits from $5 up

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard; outing in pink, blue, cream and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c; sheeting, EE, 5c; calicoes, 5c; a nice quilt top for 50cents

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50. Ladies shoes from 75c to $3.00

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color; infant hoods, 25c up; men's hats from 75c up $3.50; water proof in black, blue, brown, 54 inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard. 1 pound of good yarn for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the same rate. We carry nothing but reliable goods and anything that is not all O.K. we will make it alright. Thanking our host of customers for their liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with first-class goods at a small profit. Yours for business,

SARTOR & KICKER,
CLANTON

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest buildings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton carries the finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a fine line of Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
TRAVELERS ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very best, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the finest set of attachments ever brought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Parts, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular other days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friend and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions. Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grades and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT?

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 8¼ cents.

Same date last year 7 cents

Receipts to date:	1900	1899
Pickard & Co.	2182	2718
Mullins	1798	1881
Wilson	353	318
Downs	348	270
Total	4681	5187

Miss L. E. Morgan returned home Sunday after a pleasant visit to friends in Birmingham.

Mr. John Garner of Montevallo was in town Wednesday.

Mr. J. G. Gay of Valley Creek was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. J. A. Skaggs of Jemison was in town last Friday.

Mr. W. F. Maddox of Jemison was one of our visitors Monday.

Mr. P. C. Smith of Thorsby was in town Monday.

Rev. A. T. Clark of Shelby made a welcome visit Tuesday.

Mr. Rush Vines, who has been confined to his room, we are glad to see is able to be out again.

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Cut this out and take it to Clanton drug store and D. I. Deramus, Verbena, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They all disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Mr. Jasper Giles of Lily gave us a pleasant call Tuesday.

Mr. G. F. Martin of Stanton was a visitor here Friday.

Mr. John F. Peterson of Thorsby was in the city Monday.

LOST a yellow spotted hound, ears marked with an old coon crop. About ten years old. Finder will be rewarded by returning to J. Reese, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. J. R. Kemp, we are sorry to learn is very sick.

Mr. O. O. Roper has moved into his new residence in the east end of town.

Mr. W. McKinney has removed his family to Lomax.

Mr. Wilson & Bro. are getting new goods into their new store.

Mr. J. McRee of Lowndesboro was in Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. E. Nally of Randolph was in town here Tuesday.

KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Marriage licenses have been issued by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. W. L. Williams and Miss Annie Skinner; Mr. H. J. Deavers and Miss Annie C. Hornsby.

Mr. K. W. Mitchell and Miss Fidelia Alford Williams.

Mr. E. Jones.

Sportland.

Rev. W. J. Armstrong preached an interesting sermon to a large crowd at Macedonia. The improvement of our country are great interest in churches, schools, also farming for the coming of the new century.

Mr. Hicks and McKee are doing work in their respective lines.

A footway at the ford of Yellow is being built at an expense of $30 for the benefit of the students of Flint Hill academy.

Miss E. Robinson, of Marble Valley, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Mahan. Miss Annie has returned from Quitman where she was attending school.

Sunshine was in Sportland last Sunday in the presence of two of Jumbo's best men, Messrs. Ross Mullins and Young. Mr. G. W. will leave soon on a western trip. We are pleased to have Mr. Young and lovely young wife in our midst. We cannot express our gratitude to Mrs. Olivia Giles for the untiring effort on her part to establish our Beer Wishes.

Down to Atoms.

The idea that the body some-times is a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; Dr. King's New Life Pills, perfectly harmless gentlemen, act on the liver and bowels to expel the morbid matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Dry Goods
Calicoes
Sheeting
Percale, one yard wide
Black Sateen
Bleaching
Cotton Checks
Ticking
Gingham, best

Clothing
The biggest line for the money ever known

Hats
Men's first-class Hats, $
Men's
Men's
Men's
Caps

Come and see us from this month on. We will be in the First National Bank building.

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Montgomery, Ala.
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to be given away

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FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCHARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate companies this year. Insist on having them. STANDARD 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 21581.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. December 3rd 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 12th, 1901, viz: Thomas J. Wyatt. Homestead entry, No. 30,580, for the Sw ¼ of the Se ¼ of Section 30, Tp 22 n of R 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Oaks, Mitch Bates, Lon Bates, Ben Wyatt, all of Clanton, Ala. ROBERT BARNES, Register.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

An Apt Answer.

The dangers associated with the fishing industry on the Newfoundland banks are many and grave. Foremost among them is that the dories may be upset while fishing, which involves the almost inevitable loss of their occupants. Callous captains secure themselves from the necessity of going, frequently order their men out when the weather does not warrant it, and disasters are the result. One of these brutal skippers was aptly answered last year by a bank man of whose courage or capacity there was no question.

"Out with you!" shouted the captain. "Hurry up there! It's a fishing day."

"Oh, no, skipper," replied the dory man. "It's too stormy today for a boat to fish."

"Nonsense, man," rejoined the skipper. "If my old grandmother from Provincetown was here today, she'd get her dory out."

"Then, skipper," said the man, "if her grandson will come out with me now I'll haul my trawl."

It is needless to say no dories were launched from that schooner on that date.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Insincerity.

"Our civilization demands a greater or less degree of mendacity," remarked the abstruse person. "We are constantly encountering some empty phrase, some conventional remark, which is absolutely devoid of sincerity."

"That's right," answered the book agent. "That's perfectly true. I am reminded of it every time I walk up to the front step where there is a doormat with the word 'welcome' on it."—Washington Star.

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

Some secondhand machines from $8 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL. CLANTON.

THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 9c
Ginghams, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1 50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 cts hat for .0
Men's	50 cts hat for 35
Men's	25 cts hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes....a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celuloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribons at half price

Lace, 50c value	25c
Corsets, 50c value	35
Corsets, 35c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Suspenders, a 50c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Wamben & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICE'S

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. H. JONES, CLANTON

FREIGHT TRAINS COME TOGETHER

Collision on the L. & N. Near Parkwood Station.

SHOOTING IN BIRMINGHAM.

Wants the Birthday of Lee Made a Legal Holiday--Other State News.

A WRECK ON THE L. & N.

Fireman Killed and Other Trainmen Injured—Was Caused by Disregard for Orders.

Two freight trains on the Louisville and Nashville road collided one mile south of Parkwood and about seven or eight miles south of Birmingham at 8:40 o'clock Saturday morning. One man was killed and several others more or less seriously injured.

Fireman Robert Howard, colored, was internally injured and died shortly after being brought to Birmingham.

Engineer G. Y. Horton was slightly injured.

Engineer Chase slightly hurt.

Flagman McDuffy, nose broken.

Fireman J. Wilson, slightly injured.

Brakeman Nix, colored, slightly hurt.

The collision occurred on a steep grade about a mile south of Parkwood, and is said to have been caused by the failure of the conductor on the southbound train to observe orders to meet the second section of No. 28, northbound, at Parkwood. Both trains were making slow time when they met and to this cause is due the small loss of life and the light damage to the trains. Both engines were wrecked, but only a few cars were torn up.

As soon as information of the collision was received in the office of the superintendent in Birmingham a wrecking train and Superintendent Welch and Assistant Superintendent Galloway together with the surgeon of the road, went to the scene. The injured men were at once brought to Birmingham and taken to St. Vincent's Hospital.

Alf Dorsey Shoots at Jasper Bryant.

At 8:30 Saturday night pedestrians on Twentieth street, between First and Second avenues, Birmingham, were startled by five pistol shots fired in rapid succession, then a flying figure darted across the street and disappeared up First alley, hotly pursued by another figure.

The first figure was Alf Dorsey, colored, who works at the Pennsylvania hat store, and the second one was that of Policeman John Tomlin.

The trouble began in Jackson's tailor shop over an argument as to how the word "one" was spelt, Dorsey, whose ideas of orthography were somewhat muddled by drink, insisted that one was spelt w-o-n. Jasper Bryant, who was standing around quietly chewing tobacco, said that one was spelt o-n-e. Dorsey then drew a dollar from his pocket and offered to bet Bryant that his way of spelling one was the one and the only one. Bryant took the bet, but while he was fumbling around in his pockets hunting for a dollar Dorsey dropped his dollar on the floor. "Pick that up," he said to Bryant. "I didn't put it down and I ain't gwine ter pick it up," answered Bryant. Dorsey thereupon drew a revolver and began to shoot. He fired five shots into different parts of the room. Seven people were in the room but none were hurt. One of the bullets grazed Bryant's arm, or as Bryant expressed it, "it burnt him." Having emptied his revolver Dorsey dashed downstairs and out into the street. People seeing a man running with a revolver in his hand gave him the right of way. Officer John Tomlin, who had been attracted to the spot by the shooting, started in pursuit, but Dorsey was the best "sprinter" and disappeared in the darkness of First alley.

Alabama Presented With Colors.

The wife of Captain Brownson, on behalf of her mother, has presented the battleship Alabama with colors.

New Brick Plant.

The new plant of the Copeland Brick Company at East Birmingham is about completed. An entire new equipment of the latest machinery has been put in and when in operation the new plant will have a daily capacity of about 100,000 brick. The new plant cost about $20,000.

U. C. D. Wants the Birthday of Lee Made a Legal Holiday.

At a meeting of the Tuscaloosa Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy on January 4, letters were ordered to be written Representatives Foster and Brandon and Senator Geo. D. Johnston, requesting them to lend their aid to the effort to secure an appropriation from the state to aid in the erection of monuments to the heroic dead on those battlefields which have been converted into national parks by the government, and requesting them to vote to make the birthday of General Robert E. Lee a legal holiday in Alabama. The name of the chapter was also changed from the Tuscaloosa Chapter to the "R. E Rodes Chapter."

The Daughters expect to present on next Memorial Day crosses of honor to about two hundred veterans of the lost cause.

Coal Miners Will Probably Get Advance in Wages.

It is more than likely that there will be an advance of two and a half cents a ton in the price paid for mining coal in the Birmingham district, beginning January 1. The price for December was 62½ cents, but the advance in the price of iron in December brought the average up to $11, which, it is believed, will entitle the miners to the maximum limit, 55 cents per ton. The miners' committee inspect the iron sales books of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company on the first of each month, and if they find that the average selling price of iron is $11 for all grades they will then receive the maximum for digging coal.

Talladega Furnace.

Eugene Zimmerman, owner of the Talladega pig iron furnace and the Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad, was in the city Saturday. He said that he saw no reason why business should not be good throughout this year. The present conditions are favorable for heavy business and the iron market is firm and the demand good. He stated that the furnace at Talladega, now idle, would be put in blast by the first of February. This furnace was banked last fall for the purpose of repairing and overhauling it. It is now in better condition than ever before and when it starts up will make about 100 tons of iron a day.

Iron Roofing Company.

The plant of the Alabama Metal Roofing Company, in Birmingham, is nearing completion and will be ready to go in operation within two or three weeks. When completed it will melt about twenty tons of iron a day, which it will convert into corrugated roofing, ceiling, siding and similar material. It is owned and operated by O. E. Smith, Haskins Williams and Mr. West, the latter taking the management of the works.

It is the intention of the owners of the plant to add machinery for making iron and steel wheelbarrows, coal scuttles, shovels and similar articles at an early date.

Bible Conference.

A Bible conference will begin at the Parker Memorial Baptist Church in Anniston, Jan. 15th, and continue until the 17th inst.

Hundreds of delegates from all over Calhoun and adjoining counties will be in attendance.

Two of the most noted ministers in the south will also be there. They are Dr. R. J. Willingham, chairman of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board, and Dr. W. H. Kerfoot, chairman of the Baptist Home Mission Board.

Big Coal Contract.

A contract has been practically closed by which B. H. Wood & Sons of New Orleans, will take 150,000 tons of coal from the Walker county mines, delivery to be made between February 1st, 1901, and February 1st, 1902. The parties to the contract are B. H. Wood & Sons, of New Orleans, and the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company, the Virginia and Alabama Coal Company, the Deer Creek Coal Company, Southern Coal and Coke Company and the Southern Railway.

Mail Carrier Charged With Opening Love Letters.

William H. Weaver, a mail carrier between Huntsville and Hoy, was arrested Saturday on the charge of destroying mail, and after a trial before Commissioner Conway, was bound over to court on a bond of $500. A man named Holden is the prosecutor, claiming that Weaver opened one of his letters and exposed the contents to ridiculing friends.

POCKET TELEGRAPHY.

Some Business and Domestic Complications Hitherto Unforeseen.

If in the near future an electric bell concealed about the person of a man in the street is heard to ring, and he draws from his pocket a small case, listens to it, and then hurries off, it must not hastily be assumed that he is mad. The probability will be that he has just received a message by wireless telegraphy.

Such things are not yet, but that they may be is not so very wide an assumption from a demonstration which took place yesterday at the Crystal Palace. In wireless telegraphy there are several Richmonds in the field. Best known is, of course, Marconi's system. But on Saturday Sir William Preece described to the British Association a system which he claims to be both earlier and simpler, and which may be used for telephony as well as telegraphy. Yesterday the first item at the Cafe Chantant of the Crystal Palace was an exhibition of Mr. Rosenberg's system. The chief point of difference between this and Marconi's method is in a slight but important alteration in the construction of the coherer, which arrests, as they travel through the air, the Hertzian waves on which all wireless telegraphy depends. Otherwise, the apparatus is much the same, and for long distances Mr. Rosenberg depends on vertical poles, just as Marconi and Sir William Preece do. Mr. Rosenberg uses an induction coil, supplied with electricity from an accumulator; a Morse keyboard is fitted to enable him to make or break the current at will, and the message is sent as usual, by means of an oscillator. It is taken at the required spot by an instrument containing the coherer, a small brass tube filled with nickel filings, and a receiver, from which the message may be printed on tape in the usual way. This was demonstrated to the interested audience at the Cafe Chantant to their complete satisfaction. But with a view to obtaining further information, the representatives of the press present afterwards accompanied Mr. Rosenberg to the press room of the Crystal Palace and discussed the matter more at length. Mr. Rosenberg's claim is that he has provided a practical system which is clear of Marconi's patents and which can be much cheaper. With only the apparatus used yesterday and with no vertical poles, he maintains that he can telegraph two miles; with poles he can send messages forty miles, and is engaged on an automatic repeating device which shall enable them to be sent on indefinitely. But in the course of conversation he mentioned an interesting fact. When he leaves his office to lunch in a restaurant, a couple of hundred yards off, he takes with him a little box containing the receiving apparatus. This he sets on the table beside him, and if the bell rings, he knows that he is wanted at the office, even though his clerks might not be aware where he was, and he can receive a message from them.

Whether this introduces a new boon or a new terror to life cannot be hastily decided. It is not too much to suppose that before long the receiving apparatus might be improved and reduced in size, so that a man could easily carry it in his pocket; and the range of the message may be increased up to, say, half a dozen miles. Then the business man may carry his receiver about with him, and be in touch with his office all day.—London Telegraph.

Argeatine Wants Japanese Farmers.

A novel experiment in colonizing is about to be made in the Argentine Republic. It has been found that the French, German and English immigrants for the most part have selected the cities and large centres of population for their residence. In these places they have got control of many industries and take a leading share in the commerce of the country. The Italians have been engaged heavily in river navigation, while the stream of Irish, which used to supply the demands for agricultural labor, filled up the ship yards and supplied the labor of the docks, flows no more. Some French, Swiss and German peasants have founded agricultural colonies, and in certain places the Russians and Poles form the bulk of the rural population.

But the Argentine government has decided that none of these nations supplies, in sufficient numbers, a rural population for the development of the country, and have decided to import Japanese farmers. A great concession has been given in the province of Formosa for the first colony and arrangements have been made to bring over 20,000 Japanese farmers and settle them there.

German Luggage Stamps.

In order to simplify the transportation of small boxes or trunks by the railroad in Prussia, the Administration has just inaugurated a system of trunk stamps similar to postage stamps. As far as Frankfort and Mayence, trunks or parcels weighing from 1 to 63 pounds now need only to have a stamp stuck on them and to be handed in at the station.

There are two divisions, one for distances of under 65 miles, the other for longer distances, and in each division three rates—namely, for packages weighing less than 15 pounds; between 15 and 20, and between 20 and 65. The stamps issued are 5 cents, 10 cents, 20 cents and 40 cents. All such parcels are sent by express. The time of transport is guaranteed to be not longer than ten hours for 65 miles. For an additional payment of 10 cents the package will be delivered to the addresses within an hour of the arrival of the train.

France spends $30,000,000 a year on timber.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Apples of Gold—An Appropriate Word May Decide One's Destiny—The Power of Little Things—Value of Sympathy.

(Copyright 1900.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows an open door for any one who desires to be useful, and illustrates how a little thing may decide one's destiny. The text is Proverbs xxv, 11 (revised version), "A word fitly spoken is like apples of gold in baskets of silver."

A filigree basket loaded with fruit is put before us in the text. What is ordinarily translated "pictures" ought to be "baskets." Here is a silver network basket containing ripe and golden apples, pippins or rennets. You know how such apples glow through the openings of a basket of silver network. You have seen such a basket of fruit on many a table. It whets the appetite as well as regales the vision. Solomon was evidently fond of apples, because he so often speaks of them. While he writes in glowing terms of pomegranates and figs and grapes and mandrakes, he seems to find solace as well as lusciousness in apples, calling out for a supply of them when he says in another place, "Comfort me with apples." Now you see the meaning of my text, "A word fitly spoken is like apples of gold in baskets of silver."

You see, the wise man eulogizes just one word. Plenty of recognition has there been for great orations—Cicero's arraignment of Catiline, the phillippics of Demosthenes, the five days' argument of Edmund Burke against Warren Hastings, and Edward Irving's discourses on the Bible and libraries full of prolonged utterance—but my text extols the power of one word when it refers to "a word fitly spoken."

This may mean a single word or a small collection of words—something you can utter in one breath, something that you can compact into one sentence. "A word fitly spoken"—an encouraging word, a kind word, a timely word, a sympathetic word, an appropriate word. I can pass right down the aisle of any church and find between pulpit and front door men whose temporal and eternal destinies have been decided by a word.

I tell you what is a great crisis in every man's history. It is the time when he is entering an occupation or profession. He is opposed by men in middle life because they do not want any more rivals, and by some of the aged because they fear being crowded off and their places being taken by younger men. Hear the often severe and unfair examinations of young lawyers by old lawyers, of young doctors by old doctors, of young ministers by old ministers. Hear some of the old merchants talk about the young merchants. Trowels and hammers and scales often are jealous of new trowels and new hammers and new scales. Then it is so difficult to get introduced. How long a time has many a physician had his sign out before he got a call for his services and the attorney before he got a case! Who wants to risk the life of his family to a young physician who got his diploma only last spring and who may not know measles from scarlatina, or to risk the obtaining of a verdict for $20,000 to an attorney who only three years ago read the first page of Blackstone?

How is the young merchant to compete with his next door bargain maker, who can afford to undersell some things because he can more than make it up by the profit on other things or has failed three times and had more money after each failure? How is that mechanic to make a livelihood when there are twice as many men in that trade as can in hard times find occupation? There are this very moment thousands of men who are just starting life for themselves, and they need encouragement—not long harangue, not quotation from profound book, not a page, not a paragraph, but a word, one word, fitly spoken.

Why does not that old merchant, who has been forty years in business, go into that young merchant's store and say, "Courage?" He needs only that one word, although, of course, you will illustrate it by telling your own experience and how long you waited for customers, and how the first two years you lost money, and how the next year, though you did better, illness in your household swamped the surplus with doctor's bills. Why does not that old lawyer go into that young lawyer's office just after he has broken down in making his first plea before a jury and say that word with only two syllables, "Courage?" He needs only that one word, although, of course, you will illustrate it by telling him how you broke down in one of your first cases, and got laughed at by court and bar and jury, and how Disraeli broke down at the start, and how hundreds of the most successful lawyers at the start broke down. Why do not the successful men go right away and tell those who are starting what they went through, and how their notes got protested and what unfortunate purchases they made, and how they were swindled, but kept right on until they reached the golden milestone? Even some who pretend to favor the new beginner and say they wish him well put obstacles in his way.

There are so many men who have all the elements of usefulness and power except one—courage. If you can only under God give them that, you give them everything. In illustrating that one word show them that every man that ever amounted to anything had terrific struggle. Show him what ships Decatur had to fight, and what a mountain Hannibal had to climb, and what a lame foot Walter Scott had to walk with, and that the greatest poet who ever lived—Milton—was blind, that one of the grandest musicians of all the ages—Beethoven—was deaf, and that Stewart, in some respects the greatest merchant that America ever saw, began in his small store, dining on bread and cheese behind the counter in a snatched interregnum between customers, he opening the store and closing it, sweeping it out with his own broom and being his own errand boy. Show them that within ten minutes' walk there are stores, shops and factories and homes where as brave deeds have been done as those of Leonidas at Thermopylae, as that of Horatius at the bridge, as that of Colin Campbell at Balaklava. Tell them what Napoleon said to his staff officer when that officer declared a certain military attempt to be impossible. "Impossible!" said the great commander. "Impossible is the adjective of fools!"

Show them also that what is true in worldly directions is more true in spiritual directions. Call the roll of prophets, apostles and martyrs and private Christians from the time the world began and ask them to mention one man or woman greatly good or useful who was not depreciated and flailed and made a laughing stock. Racks and prisons and whips and shipwrecks and axes of beheadment did their worst, yet the heroes were more than conqueror. With such things you will illustrate that word "courage," and they will go out from your presence to start anew and right, challenging all earth and hell to the combat.

The word "courage," fitly spoken with compressed lips and steel grip of the hand and an intelligent flash of the eye—well, the finest apples that ever thumped on the ground in an autumnal orchard and were placed in the most beautiful basket of silver network before hom appetites could not be more attractive.

Furthermore, a comforting word fitly spoken is a beautiful thing. No one but God could give the inventory of sick beds and bereft homes and broken hearts. We ought not to let a day pass without a visit, or a letter, or a message, or a prayer consolatory. You could call five minutes on your way to the factory; you could have a half hour earlier in the afternoon and fill a mission of solace; you could brighten a sick room with one chrysanthemum; you could put a postscript to a letter that would bring the joys of heaven to a soul; you could send your carriage and give an afternoon airing to an invalid or a neighboring street; you could loan a book with some chanters most adapted to some particular misfortune. Go home today and make out a list of things you can do that will show sympathetic thoughtfulness for the hardly bestead. How many dark places you might illumine! How many tears you could stop or, if already started, you could wipe away! How much like Jesus Christ you might get to be! So sympathetic was He with beggary, so helpful was He for the fallen and so stirred was He at the sight of dropsy, epilepsy, paralysis and ophthalmia that, whether He saw it by the roadside, or at the sea beach, or at the mineral baths of Bethesda, He offered relief. Cultivate genuine sympathy. Christlike sympathy. You cannot successfully dramatize it. False sympathy Alexander Pope sketches in two lines:

"Before her face her handkerchief she spread
To hide the flood of tears she did not shed."

There are four or five words which fitly spoken might soothe and emancipate and rescue. Go to those from whose homes Christ has taken to Himself a loved one and try the word "reunion," not under wintry sky, but in everlasting springtide; not a land where they can be struck with disease, but where the inhabitant never says, "I am sick;" not a reunion that can be followed by separation, but in a place "from which they shall go no more out forever." For emancipation and sighing, immortal health. Reunion, or if you like the word better, anticipation. There is nothing left for them in this world. Try them with heaven. With a chapter from the great book open one of the twelve gates. Give them one note of seraphic harp, one flash from the sea of glass, one clatter of the hoofs of the horses on which victors ride. That word reunion or anticipation fitly spoken— Well, no fruit heaped up in silver baskets could equal it. Of the 2000 kinds of apples that have blessed the world not one is so mellow or so rich or so aromatic, but we take the suggestion of the text and compare that word of comfort fitly spoken to apples of gold in baskets of silver.

Or the man astray may have an unhappy home, and that is enough to wreck any one. We often speak of men who destroy their homes, but do not say anything about the fact that there are thousands of wives in American who by petulance and fretting and inconsideration and lack of economy and all manner of disagreeableness drive their husbands into dissipation. The reason that thousands of men spend their evenings in clubhouses and taverns is because they cannot stand it at home. I know men who are thirty-year martyrs in the fact that they are awfully married. That marriage was not made in heaven.

Without asking divine guidance they entered into an alliance which ought never to have been made. That is what is the matter with many men you and I know. They may be very brave and heroic and say nothing about it, but all the neighbors know.

Now, if the man going wrong has such domestic misfortune be very lenient and excusatory in your word of warning. The difference between you and him may be that you would have gone down faster that he is going down if you had the same kind of conjugal wretchedness.

Besides that, you had better be merciful in your word of warning, for the day may come when you may need some one to be lenient and excusatory to you. There may be somewhere ahead of you a temptation so mighty that unless you have sympathetic treatment you may go under. "Oh, no," says some one; "I am too old for that." How old are you? "Oh," you say, "I have been so long in active business life that I am clear past the latitude of danger." There is a man in Sing Sing penitentiary who was considered the soul of honor until he was fifty years of age, and then committed a dishonesty that startled the entire commercial world.

In mentioning fine arts people are apt to speak of music and painting and sculpture and architecture, but they forget to mention the finest of all the fine arts, the art of doing good, the art of helping others, the art of saving men.

An art to be studied as you study music, for it is music in the fact that it drives out moral discord and substitutes eternal harmony. An art to be studied like sculpture, for it is sculpture in the fact that it builds a man not in cold statue, but in immortal shape that will last long after all pentelican marble has crumbled.

An art to be studied as you study architecture, for it is architecture in the fact that it builds for him a house of God, eternal in the heavens. But an art that we cannot fully learn unless God helps us. Ourselves saved by grace divine, we can go forth to save others, and with a tenderness and compassion and a pity that we could not otherwise exercise we can pronounce the warning word with magnificent result.

The Lord said unto the prophet Amos, "Amos, what seest thou?" and he answered, "A basket of summer fruit." But I do not think Amos saw in that basket of summer fruit anything more inviting and luscious than many a saved man has seen in the warning word of some hearty, common sense Christian adviser, for a word fitly spoken is "like apples of gold in baskets of silver."

So also is a word of invitation potent and beautiful. Who can describe the drawing power of that word, so small and yet so tremendous, "Come?" It is a short word, but its influence is as long as eternity; not a sesquipedalian word spreading its energy over many syllables, but monosyllabic. Whether calling in wrong direction or right direction many have found it irresistible. That one word has filled all the places of dissipation and dissolutions that curse the earth. Inquire at the door of prisons what brought the offender there and at the door of almshouses what brought the pauper there, and at the door of the lost world what was the cause of the incarceration, and if the inmates speak the truth they will say, "The word 'come' brought us here." Come and drink. Come and gamble. Come and sin. Come and die. Pronounce that word with one kind of inflection, and you can hear in it the tolling of all the bells of conflagration and woe.

The chief baker in prison in Pharaoh's time saw in dream something quite different from apples of gold in baskets of silver, for he said to Joseph, "I was also in a dream, and, behold, I had three white baskets on my head, and in the uppermost basket there was all manner of baked meats for Pharaoh, and the birds did eat them out of the baskets on my head." Joseph interpreted the dream and said it meant that the chief baker should be beheaded, and the birds would eat his flesh. So many a man has in his own bad habits omens of evil that peak at him and foretell doom and death.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR JANUARY 13.

Subject: The Triumphal Entry. xxi., 1-17—Golden Text: Matt. —Memory Verses, 9-11—Comm on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Drew nigh." This was commonly called Palm Sunday. His disciples left Bethany and toward Jerusalem. "Bethphage." cation of this town is not known; it was between Bethany rusalem. "Sent two disciples." to have been Peter and John. left Bethany Jesus sent three ahead.

2. "The village." Bethphage. find." Here we have a wonderful of Christ's prescience in very ters. Taking the different gether, Jesus says, 1. Ye shall with its mother. 2. Both would 3. They would find them as they the village. 4. At a place where met. 5. No man had sat upon 6. The owners will question When told that the Lord hath them they will let them go. "A her." The other accounts colt only, and do not refer to its Our Lord chose an animal on man had sat. "Loose them." mals were tied; and so men are "tied" by pleasure, or greed, or habit, or the gordian knot ness.

3. "Straightway he will send." Our Lord did not beg, but colt, therefore this should be as the promise of returning 11: 3 (R. V.), makes this straightway He will send him again, marg.) hither.

4. "Might be fulfilled." motive of Jesus merely to and did He turn out of the purpose? Rather, let us the right thing to do at this necessary in order to fulfil for Him to offer Himself, on portunity, to the Jews as 5. "The daughter of Sion." "Behold." Give attention and astonishment and wonder. cometh." Jesus Christ is over the church (Psa. 2: 6), cepted by the church. He to rule in thee, to rule for head over all things to "Meek." When a king great is expected, and tions are made. But in this ferent. Christ appears in not in His majesty. He for Zion's sake. "And colt." It would appear that He sat upon both the mother, but the other plain that He sat on the colt. "lowly" (Zech. 9: 9); of humility over pride and deur, of poverty over meekness and gentleness over malice."

6. "Did as Jesus commanded." a blessing it would be if every Jesus commanded them, to question or suggest a 7. "Their clothes." loose outer garments on the Jesus thereon, thus acknowl be their King.

8. "A very great crowds were present at the the time of Nero a census was it was ascertained that there 000 Jews present at this feast. many from Galilee who knew sonally, and great numbers tracted to Bethany, excited by resurrection of Lazarus. "Ga way." An Oriental mark of reception of kings on their cities. "Branches from the was a demonstration of their rying palm and other branch blematical of success and victo

9. "Hosanna." Hosanna into Greek letters of the He "Save, we pray." Psa. 118: a shout of, "Salvation! Salv used as an expression of prai lelujah." The disciples praised God with a loud voi 37, 38), and the Pharisees cealed disgust asked Him to But Jesus replied, "If these their peace the stones would cry out." Jesus here grant a license to rejoice and shout "The son of David." A co sion for the Messiah. "In In the highest degree, in strains, in the highest heaven

10. "Was moved." "Was V.) The word in the origin "convulsed" or "stirred" as quake, or by a violent wi this?" Well may we, as well this question.

11. "This is Jesus." A the Saviour, the Deliverer. "The prophet of Nazareth." referred to by Moses. Deut. we might add, He is the C of God, the living Word.

12. "Into the temple." next day, Monday. Mark 1 and His disciples went ba on Sunday night. This w cleansing of the temple; o public acts, three years b to purge His Father's hous 17. The court of the Gent braced several acres, had b a market for the sale of t doves that the foreign Jew fer in sacrifice. "Cast out instance He used a "sc cords," now His word is ey-changers." Pilgrims bro the coinage of their own Egyptian, Greek, as the and their money either wa Palestine, or, as being symbols of heathen worsh received into the treasury

13. "It is written." "A den of thieves." Th right enough in itself, bu verted the use of the evidently were robbing charging extortionate pri

14. "He healed them." of all the people He per derful cures. He now c use of the temple.

15. "Were sore displ ers saw that they were His growing popularity. dren had taken up the singing His praises; the after Him. John 12: 19.

16. "Hearest Thou They were anxious to them, but, instead, Jesus 8: 2 to show that even mony with the Scripture

17. "To Bethany." to Bethany to-day.

Movable schools is and a good one. It the demand for rooms supply, or that temp needed while building After trying tempo destroying them wh has been adopted houses of three or tions, which are p down at small cost.

Cures Asthma

Do you know what it is to the asthma? Or have ever seen one suffer with The hard struggle for air, spasmodic breathing, the spent in the chair, all story of terrible suffering.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

only cures asthma; also chitis, hoarseness, weak whooping-cough, croup, coughs, night coughs, cold colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

druggist cannot supply you, send us one will express a large bottle to you prepaid. Be sure and give us your express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO. Mass.

Electrical Cooking in Utica.

suite of apartment houses in Utica, N. Y., is provided throughout with electrical cooking utensils, consisting of a round platters, or "stoves," and a broiler. When not they can be stowed away, leaving no outward trace of the use to the room is put. The air is not and the apartment is kept cooler. The same apartments provided with electric curling heaters, which are much appre

Cronje and the Fish.

London servant girl was sent on of Cronje's surrender to the monger's for fresh herrings. rang with the news, but mind her business, and "They've got Cronje," re the fish monger, as he wrapped "five for threepence." Home maiden, and laid her purchase her mistress. "Here they are, she exclaimed; "but I don't how they'll do. The fish monger 'd got cronje!"

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

most important period in a woman's existence. Owing to modern of living, not one woman in and approaches this perfectly change without experiencing of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms.

dreadful hot flashes, sending surging to the heart until it ready to burst, and the faint that follows, sometimes with if the heart were going to stop, are symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. Those not are just so many calls from for help. The nerves are cry-

MRS. JENNIE NOBLE.

for assistance. The cry should heard in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's at this trying period of her life. Builds up the weakened nervous system and enables a woman to pass the change triumphantly.

a very sick woman, caused by Change of Life. I suffered with hot flashes and fainting spells. I was unable to go on the street, my head troubled me so. I was encouraged by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MRS. JENNIE 310 Keyser St., Germantown, Pa.

N. N. U. No. 2 1901.

CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 75

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH WITH

Hunyadi Ja

IS A NATURAL LAXATIVE MINERAL

Endorsed and used by the most prominent in the world as the best and safest ordered stomach, biliousness, liver troubles, rheumatism.

It Cured Constip

Take one-half glassful on arising in the morning, you will feel the remarkable effects in

ASK for the full name Hunyadi Janos. | LOOK

Sole Exporters, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, Budapest.

La Creole Will

La Creole Hair Restorer

BATH SCHO

L LESSON COMM
ANUARY 13.

Triumphal Entry, Golden Text: Matt. xxi. 9. Commentary on Lesson

[illegible] This was the [illegible] Sunday Jesus [illegible] Bethany and journeyed [illegible] Bethphage. The [illegible] not definitely [illegible] Bethany and [illegible] Sunday [illegible] After [illegible] discipleship [illegible]

Bethphage "Ye [illegible] wonderful in [illegible] minutes [illegible] account [illegible] shall find [illegible] and be [illegible] they [illegible] were two [illegible] upon the [illegible] "A colt hath [illegible] its [illegible] mental [illegible] which [illegible] The [illegible] send him [illegible] borrow him. [illegible] make a clear [illegible] send him hither. Was the way [illegible] fulfil a prophecy [illegible] that [illegible] time. His [illegible] in this [illegible] as their Master [illegible] Son." The [illegible] and [illegible] wonder "The [illegible] appointed [illegible] do, and [illegible] Bethany and [illegible] Sunday [illegible] After [illegible] discipleship [illegible]

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ures Asthma

Do you know what it is to [illegible] the asthma? Or have [illegible] ever seen one suffer with [illegible] The hard struggle for air, [illegible] spasmodic breathing, the [illegible] spent in the chair, all [illegible] a story of terrible suffering.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

[illegible] cures asthma; also [illegible] hoarseness, weak [illegible] coughing cough, croup, [illegible] night coughs, [illegible]

Three sizes. 25c., 50c., $1.00.

[illegible] copy you send us one [illegible] a large bottle to you, [illegible] Describe and give us your [illegible] Address, J. C. AYER CO., Mass.

Electrical Cooking in Utica.

[illegible] apartment houses in Utica [illegible] throughout with [illegible] cooking utensils, consisting [illegible] pots, pans, or "stoves," [illegible] When not [illegible] stowed away, leaving [illegible] of the use to [illegible] put. The air is not [illegible] apartment is kept [illegible] The same apartments [illegible] with electric curling [illegible] which are much appre-

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THE CHANGE OF LIFE

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MRS. JENNIE NOBLE.

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[illegible] N. Y., No. 2 1901.

ERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE CURE. 25 50 15

Chrysanthemums.

From the flowery land of Japan there is a wrinkle to be learned about the keeping of their national flower. The chrysanthemum is with us in profusion now, and will be during the next three months. So let us take the advice of our little Jap friends as to the keeping of the cut flowers. Light a piece of wood (not a match, because of the sulphur in it), and with it burn the stalks. Flowers thus treated will last fresh for several weeks—no small consideration when the beautiful blossoms are dear.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Grace—"I thought you were never going walking with that 'Snaggs?' Nell—"I wasn't; but I've got a beautiful new cloak, and I just had to go walking."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

She—"Just imagine! Suppose you were so immensely wealthy that you couldn't possibly spend your income. What would you do?" He—"Marry you."

A new electric motor for automobiles has been devised which restores energy to the storage battery when the vehicle is running down hill.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

In a ton of Dead Sea water there are 187 pounds of salt; Red Sea, 93; Mediterranean, 85; Atlantic, 81; English Channel, 72; Black Sea, 26; Baltic, 18, and Caspian Sea, 11.

Millions Use Carter's Ink

which is sure proof of its excellent quality. Is made chemically accurate. Therefore the best.

The American Federation of Labor declines to tackle the servant girl question, thereby showing a proper appreciation of its own strength. No single organization can handle the subject.

We refund 10c. for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

Mrs. Jones—Oh, doctor, is my husband still irrational?

Dr. Dosem—Extremely so. When I told him your mother was coming to-morrow he smiled.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Every mother believes her baby is so nice that lots of wicked people are waiting for an opportunity to steal it.

One of the tasks of Chinese children beginning their education is that of learning the A B C at three years old.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

A man under forty is at a disadvantage in that he cannot excuse his attentions to young women on the ground that they are "fatherly."

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Somebody has asked whether a duel has ever been fought in the air. One of the most curious of duels, says Tit-Bits, was the balloon duel in France, which was fought in 1808. The combatants were M. de Grandpre and M. le Pique, who had quarreled—about a lady, of course. This lady was one Mlle. Tirevit, an actress at the Imperial Opera. On the appointed day M. de Grandpre entered the car of one balloon, with his second, and M. le Pique, with his second, mounted the other in the Garden of the Tuileries, before an immense crowd of admiring spectators. When all was ready the ropes were cut, and the balloons shot upward for a distance of about half a mile above the earth. The wind being light, they were able to keep the distance of about eighty yards between each other with which they started. On reaching the agreed altitude the signal was given to fire, M. le Pique missed, but M. de Grandpre's ball went through the silk of the other balloon, which immediately collapsed. The car descended with frightful velocity, and both M. le Pique and his second were dashed to pieces. The balloon of the victor continued to ascend, and M. de Grandpre came back to earth some leagues from Paris.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH WITH MEDICINE.

Hunyadi János

IS A NATURAL LAXATIVE MINERAL WATER.

Endorsed and used by the most prominent physicians in the world as the best and safest remedy for disordered stomach, biliousness, liver troubles, gout and rheumatism.

It Cures Constipation!

Take one-half glassful on arising in the morning and you will feel the remarkable effects in half an hour.

ASK For the full name "Hunyadi János." | LOOK at the label, Blue with Red Centre Panel.

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Insomnia Wrecks the Nerves.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA Makes Health.

INSOMNIA is a forerunner of nervous prostration; what organism is strong enough to stand up under the strain of sleepless nights? It is plain that nothing in the world can possibly take the place of restful sleep, yet many try to eke out an existence without this sustaining power. Their nerves are in such a state of tension that sleep is an impossibility, or at best is a series of hideous dreams. It is not strange that physical and mental weakness, amounting soon to complete prostration, follows inability to sleep. There is no let up to the strain. Vital forces are drawn upon, confirmed invalidism results.

The recuperative power of natural sleep is wonderful. Complete physical and mental exhaustion gives place, after a few hours of quiet slumber, to a full renewal of energy. The fatigue of body and mind disappears entirely while all the muscles are strong and the nerves absolutely calm.

Sleep is the indication given by Nature as a guide to human plans to restore health. It shows that there are inherent in the wonderful human organism powers of recuperation which must have opportunity to assert themselves. Based on this clear demonstration, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy was constructed by Dr. Greene to help Nature combat the ills that attack men and women. What no amount of powerful drugs could possibly accomplish, can be successfully and promptly effected by healthy blood and nerves, the kind of blood which flows in strengthening flood to every portion of the body, the condition of nerves which permits awakened Nature to seize its opportunity to restore to perfect health.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES.

Mrs. FLORENCE TAYLOR, of 4 Courtland Place, Bridgeport, Conn., writes:

"For four years I was troubled with nervous debility and hysteria in a most aggravated form. It caused sleeplessness and mental depression, and for months I was confined to my bed. My constitution wasted and I totally lost my appetite. I had many doctors, but they failed to give me any relief. I was advised to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I was in a terrible condition when I began its use, and almost immediately there was a wonderful change came over me. I regained my appetite, the dizziness in my head departed; it renewed my interest in life and made me feel, in fact, like another person. After taking six bottles I thankfully proclaimed myself strong and well. Those six bottles did for me what hundreds of dollars and numerous physicians failed to do."

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the Remedy that Cures.

Full explanation of these matters given by Dr. Greene on request, without charge. Dr. Greene's address is 35 West 14th Street, New York City. Consultation with him either by call or letter is absolutely free.

WINCHESTER FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater."

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

To produce the best results in **fruit, vegetable** or **grain**, the fertilizer used must contain enough **Potash**. For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

Ball-Bearing Watch.

One of the most ingenious devices at the Paris fair is to be seen in the Swiss watch factory exhibit and consists of a ball-bearing pocket timepiece. The principle has already been applied to the driving wheel of the clockmaker's throw and also for the winding arbor of clocks. Its application to a watch, however, with satisfactory results requires exceedingly fine mechanism and minute balls. The watch was made by Leon Gruet, a foreman of a Parisian watch concern. In it the arbors roll on steel balls of two sizes. It is spoken of by competent authorities as one of the most interesting horological exhibits.

We can always depend on having friends in need—their need.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 18 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.

What Is It? Catalogue tells.

FOR 10c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Spelta (60 lbs. per A.) Oats, (250 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (175 lbs. per A.) Peas, etc. Write with $10. to get a start.

John A. Salzer Seed Co. La Crosse, Wis.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only HEIDELBERG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 30 ailments. ONLY SURE CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this advt. and mail to us.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

TWO TRAVELLING SALESMEN wanted for 1901 in each of the following states: Ala., Miss., La., Ga. & Tenn. Experience not necessary, but must be hustlers.

Steady employment with good chances of promotion.

Address, with references &c.,

THE MOPOTOCK TOBACCO WORKS, DANVILLE, VA.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Doctors Recommend Individual Beds.

Physicians declare one-half the diseases flesh is heir to are contracted by sleeping two in a bed. It is only too true. There is a poison constantly arising from each body, which the other inhales. Two single beds, placed side by side, will do away with much of the bad effect, and yet one need not feel that they are really alone.

Experiments made by German physicians have shown that about 25 per cent of all school children have some defect in their hearing.

SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Cuticura THE SET, $1.25

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

La Creole Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR JANUARY 13.

Subject: The Triumphal Entry, xxi., 1-17—Golden Text: Matt. —Memory Verses, 9-11—Comm on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Drew nigh." This was commonly called Palm Sunday. His disciples left Bethany and toward Jerusalem. "Bethphage." cation of this town is not known; it was between Bethany rusalem. "Sent two disciples." to have been Peter and John. left Bethany Jesus sent three ahead.

2. "The village." Bethphage. find." Here we have a wonderful of Christ a prescience in very mi ters. Taking the different gether, Jesus says, 1. Ye shall with its mother. 2. Both would 3. They would find them as they the village. 4. At a place where met. 5. No man had sat upon When told that the Lord hath them they will let them go. "A er." The other accounts men colt only, and do not refer to its our Lord chose an animal on whi man had sat. "Loose them." mals were tied, and so men's are "tied" by pleasure, or greed, or habit, or the gordian knot of ness.

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7. "Their clothes." They sp loose outer garments on the co Jesus thereon, thus acknowledg be their King.

8. "A very great multitud crowds were present at the Pa the time of Nero a census was it was ascertained that there w 300 Jews present at this feast. many from Galilee who knew sonally, and great numbers ha trated to Bethany, excited by resurrection of Lazarus. "Garm way." An Oriental mark of h reception of kings on their en cities. "Branches from the tr was a demonstration of their rying palm and other branche blematical of success and victor

9. "Hosanna." Hosanna is into Greek letters of the Heb "Save, we pray." Psa. 118:25 a shout of "Salvation! Salvat used as an expression of praise lelujah." The disciples re praised God with a loud voic 37, 38), and the Pharisees cealed disgust asked Him to re But Jesus replied, "If these their peace the stones would cry out." Jesus here grants a license to rejoice and shout "The son of David." A com sion for the Messiah. "In th In the highest degree, in strains, in the highest heavens.

10. "Was moved." "Was (V.) The word in the origina "convulsed" or "stirred" as quake, or by a violent wind this?" Well may we, as well this question.

11. "This is Jesus." And the Saviour, the Deliverer. "The prophet of Nazareth." referred to by Moses. Deut. we might add, He is the Ch of God, the living Word.

12. "Into the temple." next day, Monday. Mark 11: and His disciples went back on Sunday night. This wa cleansing of the temple; one public acts, three years bef to purge His Father's house. 17. The court of the Gentil braced several acres, had bee a market for the sale of th doves that the foreign Jews fer in sacrifice. "Cast out." instance He used a "secon cords," now His word is suff ex-changers." Pilgrims brou the coinage of their own co Egyptian, Greek, as the co and their money either was Palestine, or, as being stam symbols of heathen worship received into the treasury

13. "It is written." "A den of thieves." The right enough in itself, but verted the use of the Lor evidently were robbing charging extortionate price

14. "He healed them." of all the people He perfor derful cures. He now sh use of the temple.

15. "Were sore displea ers saw that they were His growing popularity. dren had taken up the singing His praises; the after Him. John 12:19.

16. "Hearest Thou wh They were anxious to hav them, but, instead, Jesus Ps. 8:2 to show that even mony with the Scriptures.

17. "To Bethany." to Bethany to lodge.

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roup of apartment houses in Uti- Y. is provided throughout with cal cooking utensils, consisting ree round platters, or "stoves," en and a broiler. When not d they can be stowed away, leav- o outward trace of the use to the room is put. The air is not d and the apartment is kept cooler. The same apartments rovided with electric curling heaters, which are much appre-

Cronje and the Fish.

ondon servant girl was sent on y of Cronje's surrender to the ish monger's for fresh herrings. own rang with the news, but Jane minded her business, and nly. "They've got Cronje," re- d the fish monger, as he wrapped "five for threepence." Home e maiden, and laid her purchase her mistress. "Here they are, " she exclaimed; "but I don't how they'll do. The fish monger ey'd got cronje!"

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most important period in a wo- existence. Owing to modern s of living, not one woman in sand approaches this perfectly l change without experiencing of very annoying and some- ainful symptoms.

e dreadful hot flashes, sending ot surging to the heart until it ready to burst, and the faint that follows, sometimes with as if the heart were going to r good, are symptoms of a dan- nervous trouble. Those hot are just so many calls from for help. The nerves are cry-

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Somebody has asked whether a duel has ever been fought in the air. One of the most curious of duels, says Tit-Bits, was the balloon duel in France, which was fought in 1808. The combatants were M. de Grandpre and M. le Pique, who had quarreled—about a lady, of course. This lady was one Mlle. Tirevit, an actress at the Imperial Opera. On the appointed day M. de Grandpre entered the car of one balloon, with his second, and M. le Pique, with his second, mounted the other in the Garden of the Tuileries, before an immense crowd of admiring spectators. When all was ready the ropes were cut, and the balloons shot upward for a distance of about half a mile above the earth. The wind being light, they were able to keep the distance of about eighty yards between each other with which they started. On reaching the agreed altitude the signal was given to fire, M. le Pique missed, but M. de Grandpre's ball went through the silk of the other balloon, which immediately collapsed. The car descended with frightful velocity, and both M. le Pique and his second were dashed to pieces. The balloon of the victor continued to ascend, and M. de Grandpre came back to earth some leagues from Paris.

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"I thought so. You needn't put it back."

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* * * I think you have achieved a distinct success on high lines. I am constantly hearing about THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW from the best sources. HAMILTON W. MABIE.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

An Eminent Woman Poet.

* * * THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is a weekly pleasure. For it keeps me so fully advised of all that is going on in the world of letters. I admire your fairness and your hospitality. LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "When Knighthood Was in Flower."

* * * Permit me to say that, in my opinion, THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is doing more for literature and art than any publication of which I know. Furthermore, I believe that your usefulness is just beginning. Especially is this true in the West, where people interested in such matters are only just beginning to find your paper. CHARLES MAJOR.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Editor of Harper's Weekly.

* * * I consider THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW worthy of the highest commendation. In the first place I look for in my copy of THE SATURDAY TIMES, and it very rarily happens that I do not read it through from beginning to end. It is not only interesting to me as a writer of books and as an editor of a weekly publication, but I have found it of extreme value in the pursuit of my duties as a Trustee of the Bordentown Public Library. JOHN HENDRICK BARNS.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "The Lady or the Tiger?"

* * * THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is to me very much like a literary club, where I hear news about books and the people who write them. If a man has a literary friend or acquaintance, let him read THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, if he has money, let him read it all the same, so that he may be able to talk with profit to himself and them. FRANK R. STOCKTON.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

An Author and a Publisher.

* * * As far as I am in a position to judge, the information that has been presented to the reading public from week to week in THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW concerning the literature of the day has been more comprehensive, better proportioned, and more trustworthy than has ever before been attempted by any newspaper on either side of the Atlantic. GEORGE HAVEN PUTNAM.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Professor of English at Dartmouth.

* * * I am a frequent reader of that varied and interesting miscellany, THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, and am very likely, as is the case of its best issues, to cut and mark half a dozen things in it for use in my classroom or elsewhere. CHARLES F. RICHARDSON.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Professor American History, Cornell.

* * * I have come to depend on THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW for my weekly supply of information as to the world's doings in the sphere of books in our own tongue. Its reports on that matter having, as I think I find, the primary virtues of fullness, accuracy, and fairness. MORSE COXT TYLER.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "Little Rivers."

* * * THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW is conducted along the lines of a gentle criticism. It distinguishes clearly between a review and an advertisement. It has already achieved success; I hope it will win an ever-widening success. HENRY VAN DYKE.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

Author of "Richard Carvel."

* * * A reliable literary mentor is an absolute necessity, and therefore I look forward weekly with expectancy to THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW. Its common sense is gratifying to all lovers of literature. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

The New York Times Saturday Review, $1 per annum. Send your name for free sample copy.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW.

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the party who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Clanton, Ala.

OVERSEERS AND APPORTIONERS.

Out of the fact that the Commissioners Court in November, 1900, the old blank in the Apportioners, which years instead of four, their terms have misled many of Apportioners. I wish to call to Road Apportioners and that their term is four instead of two.

At any time any of the Apportioners will send me their commissions I make the correction and them read four years instead

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Jasmine.

Some of the young people of attended preaching at Sunday. Rev. W. B. delivered the sermon.

Was the doll party? Always. I am glad to hear of our girls won the prize. Enjoyable at residence of Mr. Chandler we are glad to hear nice indeed.

L. P. Mills is improving after a serious attack of la-

G. Probst has returned after spending the holidays sister in Birmingham.

Ethel Johnson is back to again after giving her home visit.

S. Catts, of Verbena, was community delivering pictures Saturday, of which several. Our literary school good. SUNSHINE.

FIRE

Clanton, Jan. 15, 1900

Sunday evening last, fire destroyed a barn on J. W. Cox's about 1½ miles east of Clanton. building was full of cotton and fodder, nothing saved. fire unknown. Mr. Cox his loss at $100.00.

Insurance. This is the usual cases of this kind. No insurance. It is criminal carelessness for a man to neglect such ordinary precaution as to provide against need. He must do this times are pleasant, not wait storm is upon him. There than one way of "putting rainy day." It is right and for neighbors to "help one but if a man will not bind to help his neighbor, in need, how can he expect himself if misfortune should him? Organization is an way of giving assistance of mishap, it takes from all, proportion that they are likely receive, and renders aid to sufferer in a form that he can to the best advantage. In loss by Fire, Lightning or this Organization is called Farmer's Mutual Insurance tion" (see advertisement in per). Take heed and trim lamps while it is yet day. Mr. cured his remaining property week. W. C. E.

THE DIXIE HOME.

ONLY AGRICULTURAL AND HOME PAPER PUBLISHED IN ALABAMA

A live and up-to-date Farm, Home Journal, with a department Farm, Dairy, Horticulture, Stock, Poultry Department, and general news. The only agricultural Journal published in Alabama. It gives all the news of Industrial Development of the South. Every family should take it. Subscription price $.50 per year.

In order to introduce the Journal to new readers, we will send to new subscribers one year for 50c. Sample copies free.

Best advertising medium in the South.

Dixie Home Publishing Co.
Birmingham, Ala.

SPECIAL LOW RATES

via UNION PACIFIC ROAD every Tuesday to Colorado, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington. For particulars address J. F. Agler, General Agent, St. Louis.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, NORTH AND NORTHWEST IS VIA THE

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

The Through Car Line

On this line pass Cars daily, through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points

TEXAS AND THE WEST

Also running through to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTHWEST

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, or C. P. Ammon, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Eminent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Mrs. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, President Illinois Woman's Club, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse. A medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I was pleased to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Drug Co. and D. I. Durham, Druggists.

The Banner is the leading paper of Clanton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

See Dr. Miles' Nervine Plasters for WEAKNESS. All druggists sell them.

Unfortunate indeed is he who loses his paper and never finds it again.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

IX CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 17, 1901 NO. 13

He Believed the Sign.

It was a newly opened furni[illegible] store, and one window was replen[illegible] with neckties and cravats of glo[illegible] brilliancy. Confidently they anno[illegible] in gilt letters, "Any article [illegible] from the window." So when [illegible] in and requested to see [illegible] bright pink and green shirt with [illegible] blue in the front row" the p[illegible] salesman disarranged the front [illegible] after some considerable trouble brought the desired object.

"Rather loud, isn't it?" remarked the gentleman.

The affable salesman was in [illegible] quiet accent. "Certainly it is striking."

"I thought so. You needn't put it back."

"Very well, sir," and the man [illegible] to wrap up the thing of beauty [illegible] pride of finest paper. "Anything else, sir?"

"Oh, I don't want it," said Smith. "Only you know you advertise, 'Any article taken from the window,' and this hideous thing offends my aesthetic taste. I thought I'd ask you to remove it, that's all. Good day."

Then that salesman philosophized affably and with much fervor.

ECZEMA, ITCHING HUMOR, PIMPLES CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Does your Skin Itch and Burn? Do you feel ashamed to be seen in company? Do scabs and scales form on the skin, Hair or Scalp? Have Eczema? Skin Sore and Cracked from the skin? Pimples? Pain in the Skin? Boils? Pain Joints? Swollen Joints? Sore Throat? All Run Down? Old Sores? Eating Ulcers? Do cure to stay cured? B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. B. will cause the sores to heal, nothing else will stop the itch in two minutes and B. B. B. is just the Medicine you have been looking for. B. B. B. is a tonic tested for twenty years. Doctors are advised to try B. B. B. For sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle; six large bottles for $5 (enough to cure most cases). To prove that Blood Balm Cures Blood Poisoning we send free direct to sufferers a trial bottle free. Write for free BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and receive medical advice free.

THE DIXIE HOME.

ONLY AGRICULTURAL AND HOME PAPER PUBLISHED IN ALABAMA.

A live and up to date Farm Home Journal, with a good Farm, Dairy, Horticulture, Stock, Poultry Department, and general news. The only Agricultural Journal published in Alabama. It gives all the news of Industrial Development of the South. Every family should read it. Subscription price $.50 per year. In order to introduce the Journal to new readers, we will send to new subscribers one year for 50c. Sample copies free.

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Clanton, Ala.

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On account of the fact that the Commissioners Court in November, placed the old blank in application of the Apportioners, which says 2 years instead of four, their actions have misled many of the apportioners. I wish to call attention to Road Apportioners and Overseers that their term is four years instead of two.

At any time any of the Apportioners will send me their commissions I will make the correction and send them read four years instead of two.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Jasmine.

Quite a number of the young people of this place attended preaching at Mt. Hebrey Sunday. Rev. W. B. Mitchell delivered the sermon.

What was the doll party? All we guess. I am glad to hear that one of our girls won the prize.

Mr. Sociable at residence of Mr. Jno. Chandler we are glad to hear was nice indeed.

L. P. Mills is improving slowly after a serious attack of la-grippe.

J. G. Probst has returned home after spending the holidays with his sister in Birmingham.

Miss Ethel Johnson is back to school again after giving her home a visit.

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No insurance. This is the usual case in cases of this kind. No insurance! It is criminal carelessness for a man to neglect such an ordinary precaution as to provide against possible need. He must do this when times are pleasant, not wait until the storm is upon him. There is more than one way of "putting up for a rainy day." It is right and proper for neighbors to "help one another" but it is a man will not bind himself to help his neighbor in the hour of need, how can he expect himself if misfortune should overtake him? Organization is an easy way of giving assistance in misfortune, it takes from all, a proportion that they are likely to receive, and renders aid to the sufferer in a form that he can use to the best advantage. In case of loss by Fire, Lightning or Tornado, this Organization is called "Farmer's Mutual Insurance Association" (see advertisement in this paper). Take heed and trim your lamps while it is yet day. Mr. Cox insured his remaining property last week. W. C. E.

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Mrs. Rosa Tyler, of Chicago, ex-President Illinois Woman's Club, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse instead. The medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor bill, time and suffering, and I never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

U

Fortunate indeed is he who loses his temper and never finds it again.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Clanton, Jan. 6, 1901

Editor Banner.—I see quite a litigation has sprung up over the contemplated stock law for Chilton county, and I beg your kind indulgence for a few remarks on the subject. First, I would ask who would such a law benefit, the question answers itself—benefit to the special few and detrimental to the masses. I note someone in a card last week addressing the renters of Chilton told them the land lord would not charge them rent on a pasture. That man must have been a large land holder for such remarks do not emanate from same men who do not own large tracts of land. My dear friends, who by force of circumstances has been thrown in line with the poverty stricken wretches like I, take warning, when those special few who controls the wealth of the county, calls on you and pictures to you the grand advantages that a stock law will give you; it will eliminate that bungleson work of splitting rails, hauling and building fences and no more destruction of your growing crop; but turn a deaf ear to them. They are only trying to infatuate you, they have long since deposited their conscience and principle in the archives of perdition; hence they will obliterate the last hope of a living for the poor widow and orphans and the unfortunate poor men. There are some counties that a stock law can be profitably applied to, but not Chilton. A conservative estimate will place at least three-fourths of the county in primeval forest. It is much easier to enclose one acre than three, and if we had a stock law very little of the land which is not enclosed would then be for those who are able to enclose sufficient pasturage for their stock are exceptions and not numbered with the masses. The poor man who peradventure owns a few head of cattle can turn them out on the range, giving them unrestricted territory and they will thrive likewise your hogs. But Bro, you be misled by that special few who are advocating stock law for self interest, and eliminate these broad liberties you now exercise in building your stock roam whatsoever they will on the land of the rich or poor, has since it is not enclosed, and you will then bring your cattle and tie them to a stake and watch that flesh which they have so unnatural in the forest without cost to you vanish for want of food. You will then be compelled to dispose of her. Now, where are you? You are then where all other poor men are—in a stock law county. No cattle, no hogs and can't have any, while thousands of acres of grass is growing up and being cut down by jack frost and acorns falling and decaying, while all this under the present circumstances is profitably utilized. Friends, near three thousand years ago a wise man said that he that opressed the poor shall surely come to want, but those who greed for gain heed not the warning. That proverb is not applicable to man's administration here on earth. Dives looked upon the poor man who lay at his gate in scorn and disdain. Though Dives died a rich man, but he woke up in want, and I fear my friends that those who have planned and premeditated the elimination and destruction of the poor man's last resort to replenish his needs, will for their depredations against the poor, some day strike hands with Dives and co-opperate with him in the cries for one drop of water on their parching tongue in the depths of perdition throughout eternity. The rich have always tried to oppress the poor and the poor man does not progress much in the knowledge of these facts and how to avert them. The iron hand of oppression is yearly pressing downward on the poor man. It is a natural instinct instinct in man to long for wealth and an honest poor man will be a thief when he begins to accumulate wealth. Now, friends be considerate, meditate over this question before voting on it, don't be infatuated by demagogy, and don't vote for a stock law, it will ruin you.

R. A. ALDRIDGE.

If troubled with a weak digestion belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby, Dec, 31, 1900

These stock law opponents are the people who pay agents ten to twenty times the value of an article. The man who will oppose stock law under such conditions as exist here, is standing in his light and hindering the progress and welfare of his country. He thinks his ideas are liberal but he doesn't go deep enough. My friends, think—think deeply—if you will go far enough you will find that you are selfish in this matter.

I feel sorry for these "poor widows and orphans," that our opponents depend upon for their position. I am looking out for them when I favor stock law, they won't suffer more than they will if we won't get stock law. The Lord will provide for them any way. The fact that these people are dependant upon the lands of their neighbors shows that something is wrong. This fence business must be the trouble. In stock law counties where it is properly enforced, we don't find so many dependant people. One writer said go to a stock law county and ask some old farmer about it. That's what I wish you would all do, if you will go to a farmer that is an honor to his community. There might be a very few who would talk against it, but I am always glad they are somebody else's neighbor. They would not have stock law if the majority did not believe it better.

The existing fence law is keeping a good many good settlers from locating here, and if it continues many here now will leave. I, for one, will want to go to better fields—not simply because I can't have stock law here, but because I don't care to live in a county that is trying to stand still. It is against the law of nature for anything to remain in one condition; it must either decay or grow, and Clanton or any other county can't grow very much without stock law, it must decay—and excuse me—that's not pleasant. The golden rule is my motto, and the only reason I want to make money now, is to be more able and efficient in my work of promoting progressive modes of agriculture and extending the moral condition of this county. My personal interest, I always keep in the background, for I know if the county makes money, I will get my share. Is it true, that the majority of the people in Chilton county are dependent upon the cow and hog that roam over their neighbor's lands for a living? That is a pitiful condition. The poorest county in the State. Or do the writers mean that the more independent are in the majority, but must let the minority rule? Stock law is just and right and better for all who are Christians. We have more contention and trouble here in one year about stock and fences than I heard of during the ten or twelve years I lived under stock law. I owned several head of cattle and tied them out on the roadsides, and they did better and gave more milk than they do here where they take so much exercise to find some grass already overrun with stray cattle. It is true, and I'm glad of it, our stock would improve under stock law. Instead of milking four or six scrub cows for one pound of butter per day one ordinary good cow would give over one pound per day, and it will be worth 25 or 30 cents where the other pound is hardly worth 15 cents. And instead of killing 75 and 100 lb. hogs at 14 months old, we would have 200 lb. hogs at nine months old.

If those opposed to stock law want to always stay in the rut and poor, let them huddle together for company and sympathy. We can fence them out and make something out of this county.

But we are all too fast. The bill

(continued on 3rd col. page 4)

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Macedonia.

Mr. John Merchant and Miss Minnie Ward were married at the residence of Mr. John P. Nix on Sunday before Xmas. May they live long and be happy. Mr. James Nix was re-elected superintendent of the Sunday school with Mr. A. Glass assistant. Mr. Monroe Hubbard's new house, near his father's, Mr. T. J. Hubbard, is nearing completion. This side of Beat 3 goes solid against the local, stock and whiskey laws. X. Y. Z.

Lomax.

Mrs. Wm. Lodge and daughter, Miss Lottie, of Mountain Creek, visited relatives and friends here Tuesday. Mr. C. J. Stewart, of Clanton was among our pleasant visitors Wednesday. Mr. J. W. McKinney has removed his family from Clanton to this place; we cordially welcome them to our town. Mr. W. H. Smith will return to his home in McHenry, Miss., Saturday; we regret to see him go.

We are sorry to say aunt Martha Collins is quite ill, she has been confined to her bed for several weeks. Our young folks attended a fruit supper at the residence of Mr. Bussey; they report a nice time; the dining room was beautifully decorated in holly and cedar. The Misses Bussey know how to entertain and as usual acquitted themselves on this occasion.

One of the prettiest weddings that has occurred at Lomax was that of Miss Lizzie Lodge and Mr. John C. Gaylor which took place at the home of the bride's parents, E. B. Deason J. P. officiating. The bride was gowned in a handsome traveling costume. There were no attendants; it was a quite wedding only a few relatives and friends present. We congratulate the groom on his good fortune, he has won for his bride one of Chilton's fairest, loveliest young ladies and we wish for them a long and happy voyage on life's sea.

Kincheon.

On January 8, a warrant was sworn out by Rev. T. J. Deason for the arrest of a negro named John Wiley for using a stick on his son, Benjamin Deason, and threatening to shoot him if he didn't give him some tobacco. This occurred near the residence of Mr. J. R. Billingsley. The negro was arrested by Mr. J. W. Billingsley and carried before J. J. Owen, J. P., for trial. Being out of his jurisdiction the negro was bound over to a higher court and placed in jail at Clanton to await trial for his misdeeds.

The Mother's Favorite.

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish-American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Program Sunday-School Convention for Beats 1 and 2 at the Methodist church, Jemison, Sunday, Jan. 20 1901, commencing 1:30 p.m.

Common needs of the Sunday-school and common sense remedies. "Needs" started by W. H. Conway and C. B. Northcutt. "Remedies" suggested by others interested. Possibilities of Sunday-school work in 20th century, Profs. J. M. Collier, A. J. Neugent. The teacher and the class, Mrs. P. C. Smith, Prof. J. Stroud. Talks limited to ten minutes. Election of new officers will close program.

P. C. SMITH, Pres.
Mrs. B. W. SILSBEE, Sec.

Shoults

We are having some nice weather these times, have had lots of rain. Plenty of talk about road law in the parts; some say we need a new road law, but I think less talk and more work on the roads would be better at the present.

Timber business has taken the place of farming in these diggins.

Mr. J. D. McGee and daughter, Mrs. Settles, visited our town this week. Mr. John Ingram and wife, of Long Branch, visited the family of Mr. Ellis Sunday. We regret to say our Sunday-school is about froze out. BIG IKE.

Brought Good Fortune.

A small item in his own paper lately brought amazing good fortune to Editor Chris. Reitter, of the Saginaw (Mich.) Post and Zeitung. He and his family had the Grip in its worst form. Their doctor did them no good. Then he read that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds was a guaranteed cure for La Grippe and all Throat and Lung troubles, tried it and says: "Three bottles cured the whole family. No other medicine on earth equals it." Only 50c and $1 00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. D. A. CAMPBELLE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE HOURS: Morning 8 till 10, Evening, 3 till 5.
Office at Drug Store CLANTON

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 28 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Nothing less than the invention of an automatic horse will bring the automobile up to date.

A Boston ordinance provides that any citizen may forbid street musicians from playing their instruments within three hundred feet of his residence, and may call upon the police to enforce the prohibition.

Of the 3753 Finns who came to the United States during the previous year only seventeen were sent back; only sixty-two were unable to read and write, and only fourteen were said to be likely to become public charges.

Over in London literary people are discussing the comparative value of the novel and the short story. Times change. Nobody would have dreamed of proposing any such question in the days of Dickens and Thackeray, and Reade and Collins.

A paraffin lamp has been invented by an expert of Dublin for the purpose of lighting buoys. The lamp has been tested and found to afford a brilliant light for three months without attention. Those who go down to the sea in ships will have additional cause for thanking the inventing genius of man.

Enforced military duty, even in France, does not seem to be relished. During the recent military maneuvers in that country numbers deserted and crossed the border into Italy. On one day eight men from the same regiment deserted, preferring exile for several years to the prospect of completing their military service.

The famous stallion Axtell, which has now been sold for $14,700, fetched the record price of $100,000 eleven years ago when he was a three-year-old. However, he has earned $240,000 for his owners meanwhile, not to mention the price which he now brings as a fourteen-year-old. Oh, yes, there's big money in good horseflesh.

It will not be many years until Zululand will be fully in the civilized belt. Immense coal fields have recently been discovered, many of them forty-five feet in depth. The coal is said to be of prime quality. In addition to the coal it is generally supposed that minerals in great variety abound throughout the country.

It is said that 20,000 people will winter in Nome and contiguous camps. How many of them will never see another summer is a matter of rather serious conjecture. Still the preparations go on in the States for immigration to that section next summer, and it is more than probable that the death rate will be overbalanced by the newcomers.

The most difficult features to imitate in Uncle Sam's bank notes, whether national or of the greenback variety, is the water mark. The counterfeiter effects this by placing the note under a heavy die. The simplest, and possibly the only way to ascertain if the mark is genuine, is by dampening the same with a sponge. If genuine the water-mark will stand out stronger; if counterfeit it will almost, if not entirely, disappear.

New Zealand's latest legislative novelty is a "fair-rent" bill which has just been circulated by the Government. The intention of the bill is to set up boards with power to fix the rent payable for any land or buildings. If a tenant is dissatisfied with the rent fixed by his landlord, he may apply to the "fair-rent" board of the district, and under the bill the board will have the power to fix the rent which the proprietor could legally demand. The boards are to consist of three members, with a magistrate as president. Fair rent is defined by the bill as follows: In the case of agricultural or pastoral land, such a rent as a tenant using or cultivating in a husbandmanlike manner can fairly be expected to produce from the land over and above the necessary cost of cultivation and production, and also reasonable interest on capital invested in stock and working plant, and also above the reasonable maintenance of himself and his family or of such of them as are living and being maintained on the land. In the case of town, suburban or village lands, such a rent as a tenant can fairly be expected to pay having regard to its site, buildings and business advantage.

PRIEST POISONED.

Is Given Fatal Dose of "Knockout Drops" While In An Intoxicated Condition.

Robert Bryan, alias "Sailor Bob," alias "Jack Harris," wanted in Philadelphia for complicity in the murder there, on Friday night last, of Rev. Father Rigel, a prominent Catholic priest, was arrested in New York Thursday night. He made a confession, implicating several others, whose names were not divulged. On the night of the murder there went to Bryan's saloon in Philadelphia a man, whose name Bryan gives, but which is withheld, accompanied by three companions, one a priest, the Rev. Father Rigel. The latter was very much intoxicated.

The four men gave frequent orders for beer, which the priest always insisted on paying for. Each time he paid he displayed a large roll of bills. He was so intoxicated that he dropped bills on the floor. The men struck his hands and made him drop more. Bryan admits getting $19 in that manner, and asserts that others got more. This continued for some time, when the men left the room. He returned with a small vial which Bryan says was filled with laudanum and chloral. Two glasses of beer were poured out, one of which was drugged. Bryan says that after the priest had taken the beer the man who had drugged him admitted he was going to rob the priest.

Bryan then said that he could not allow that in his place, and made the men take the priest out of the room. He says he knew nothing further about the affair until Saturday morning, when he was told that the body of the priest had been found in the hallway of the house next door. Bryan said that he became frightened and left town.

It is said that Bryan was arrested for highway robbery in 1897, and his picture is in the rogue's gallery under the name of Jack Harris.

Father Rigel was buried at Philadelphia. Over fifty priests attended the funeral, the services being held at the church of which he was the pastor.

SENSATIONAL INJUNCTION.

Atlanta Street Car Company Claims Title to a City Avenue.

Declaring that the franchise granted by the Atlanta city council and aldermanic board to the Atlanta Rapid Transit company on Hunter street and Cherokee avenue was not legal, the Atlanta Railway and Power company applied to the superior court of Fulton county for an injunction to compel the Rapid Transit company to stop its work of laying track on the line of the Grant park route.

Judge Lumpkin issued a temporary injunction and ordered that the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company show cause before him on the morning of the 19th why this order should not be made permanent.

The most significant and interesting part of the paper presented to the judge was as follows:

"Your petitioner is the owner of all the property composing the entire width of said Cherokee avenue from Georgia to Augusta avenue, and of half the width of said avenue from Augusta avenue to Atlanta avenue, to which said city of Atlanta has never acquired title; that the title to same is in your petitioner, who is in possession of same, and to which, by virtue of said franchise, granted as aforesaid, the said Atlanta Rapid Transit Company has acquired no right whatever."

REPRESENTATIVE CLARK DEAD.

House Members Honor Memory of New Hampshire Colleague.

The desk of Representative Clarke, of New Hampshire, who died Wednesday night at his home, was shrouded in black and covered with flowers when the house met Thursday.

By unanimous consent the bill to revise and codify the postal laws of the United States was made a special order after the disposal of the rivers and harbors bill.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the rivers and harbors bill. Mr. Shackelford, of Missouri, protested against the action of the committee in abolishing the Missouri river commission.

At 4:05 o'clock as a further mark of respect to Representative Clark, the house adjourned.

COULDN'S STAND DISGRACE.

Ex-Postmaster, Arrested For Misappropriating Funds, Commits Suicide.

At Longview, Texas, Thursday, Samuel Flanagan, formerly postmaster of the town, committed suicide by drinking prussic acid, while in charge of a Deputy United States Marshal. Flanagan, who was a well known Republican politician, was charged with misappropriating postoffice funds.

Wicked Swede's Bloody Deed.

At Jamaica Plain, Mass., Thursday Sevante Anderson, a Swede, shot and killed his wife and probably fatally wounded his mother and five-year-old boy. He then killed himself.

ANDREE'S WILL MADE PUBLIC.

His Instructions Were to Open the Document at End of 1900.

Prof. Andree's will, which he gave instruction should be opened at the end of 1900 in case he had not returned from his balloon expedition to the north pole, has been opened and read at Vienna, Austria. It was accompanied by a series of letters from prominent scientists encouraging him in the dangerous enterprise and one from M. DePouvielle, warning him against it.

PEACE COMMITTEE ROUGHLY TREATED

British Envoys Flogged and Shot By Boers.

RULES OF WARFARE VIOLATED

Act Arouses England and Demand Is Made For Measures of Vengeance.

The war office at London has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener:

"PRETORIA, Sunday, January 13.—About 1,000 Boers crossed the line, attacking both Zuurfontein and Kaalfontein stations, but were driven off. They are being pursued by a cavalry brigade."

Lord Kitchener reports several skirmishes at different points, with trifling British losses, and adds:

"Three agents of the peace committee were taken as prisoners to DeWet's laager, near Lindle, January 10th. One, who was a British subject, was flogged and then shot. The other two, burghers, were flogged by DeWet's orders."

The brief report of the fate of the three members of the peace committee, who were sent to see General DeWet, excites the deepest indignation on all sides. One or two papers express a hope that Lord Kitchener has been misled by false Kaffir reports, but it is generally felt that he would not have reported the matter to the war office without undoubted evidence.

The Daily Mail heads the report with the word "Murder," and disclaims against any further attempt to coax into submission.

"DeWet has placed himself outside the pale of humanity," says the Daily Mail, "and not proclamations, but large reinforcements, must be our watchword."

The Morning Post says: "This marks the point where the guerilla phase ends and the bandit phase begins."

All the papers appeal strongly to the government to hurry forward reinforcements, since it is evident that the Boer leaders have now become desperate and conciliation is quite useless.

JAILS ARE FULL.

Many Filipino Prisoners Sentenced to Hang or Serve Long Terms of Confinement.

An Associated Press dispatch from Manila says: Since the expiration of the period within which amnesty was granted to captured insurgents, the insurrectos have been sent to Manila in batches of dozens, scores and hundreds. It is but a month since the military government began retention of prisoners of war and already the quarters fitted up to hold them are filled.

Liberty gained formerly simply by swearing allegiance to the United States was looked upon by the insurgents as so easy of attainment that the yankees were set down as being simple indeed for being so lenient. Within the past few weeks, however, the insurgents have been learning that sterner war measures are in force, and at present 1,500 insurgents are in confinement in Manila, exclusive of several hundred natives, so-called, political prisoners, most of whom may also be classed as insurgents.

The question as to what is to be done with these prisioners of war appears to be wholly undetermined.

On the other hand copies of general orders received from the Philippines at Washington show that a large number of native Filipinos have been convicted for murder and other crimes and sentenced to be hanged or long terms of imprisonment.

Centennarian Dies.

James B. Ireland, centenarian, died at his home at Skillman, Hancock county, Ky., Sunday. He was born June 4, 1797, and had lived in three centuries. Had he lived until the 4th of next June he would have been 104 years old.

ST. JOHN'S SUCCESSOR.

Captain "Bunch" McBee Is Named to Fill Seaboard Vacancy.

Captain V. E. McBee, better known as "Bunch" McBee, general superintendent of the Seaboard Air Line railway, has been appointed vice president and general manager of the system to succeed Everitt St. John, recently resigned.

It is reported, however, that the appointment is believed to be temporary, President John Skelton Williams when asked about the matter, declined to say whether Mr. McBee's appointment was permanent or not.

Captain McBee has been with the Seaboard for many years.

LECTURER SPRINGS SENSATION.

Declares Book "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Brought On Civil War.

F. Hopkins Smith, author, artist and lecturer of New York, caused a sensation in a lecture held before the Newton Club at Boston Thursday night by his ascribing the civil war to the false light on southern life given by Harriet Beecher Stowe's book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." He charged that it was the most vicious book ever issued from the press.

CHINAMEN SIGN NOTE

Powers Now Have Right of Way In Straightening Out Troubles.

An Associated Press dispatch from Pekin says: The joint note of the powers has been finally signed by the Chinese peace commissioners, Prince Ching signed Saturday, and Li Hung Chang, who is better, signed it Sunday.

It is understood that the malady from which Li Hung Chang is suffering is Bright's disease. He was feeling worse Saturday and therefore postponed the affixing of his signature, but Prince Ching was hopeful that he would be able to sign Sunday, which proved to be the case.

Prince Ching has protested to the court against the appointment, said to be contemplated, of Viceroy Chang Chih Tung as a plenipotentiary in the place of Li Hung Chang. He thinks the latter's advice absolutely essential, although he believes it might be advisable to appoint a third plenipotentiary for China and reiterates his desire for the appointment of Sheng, who would be acceptable to the foreigners.

So far as Chang Chih Tung is concerned the envoys who know him personally say that, while he is strongly anti-foreign and has never made any secret of his likes and dislikes, they believe he would be a satisfactory representative of the Chinese, and there would not be any objection to him on the score of his recent utterances. Indeed, some of the ministers think it would be wise for China to make Chang Chih Tung a plenipotentiary.

Most of the envoys have received word from their governments that the negotiations must be conducted in Pekin, on the ground that for various reasons other places suggested would be objectionable.

The Russians say they will formally turn over the railroad to the Germans immediately.

M. De Giers, the Russian minister, objects to the British attitude in refusing to permit the Russians to distribute rice and wheat to destitute Chinese in the British section.

The Italian consul at Shanghai, in explaining the presence of Italian warships at San Mun bay, says they went there for target practice.

A French force is reported to have defeated a body of boxers west of Pao Ting Fu, killing a thousand.

COURT CLERK ARRESTED.

Big Shortage Found In His Accounts. Sensation In Nashville.

Walter S. Rainey, circuit court clerk of Davidson county, Tennessee, was arrested at Nashville Sunday morning on a charge of embezzling in office. The warrant was issued upon application of a Baltimore company, which is on Rainey's bond for $10,000, respectively in the first and second circuit courts.

Some days ago Judges Bonner and Childress, of the two courts, on information of alleged irregularities in office, suspended Clerk Rainey and ordered an investigation of his books. The committee appointed made a formal report Saturday. The substance of this report was that a shortage to the amount of $25,315 had been found.

INIMICAL TO ROADS.

Texas Labor Organizations Have Significant Bill Before Legislature.

A measure likely to create consternation in railroad circles was read in the Texas legislature at Austin Saturday. It is the handiwork of the railroad labor organization and provides that no railroad engineer is eligible to operate a freight engine until he has served two years as a fireman, while he can not operate a passenger engine until he has served two years as a fireman and two on a freight engine.

It is construed that the object of the passage of such a law as this is with a view of handicapping railroads to such an extent that they cannot possibly protect themselves in case of strikes.

SENATOR DAVIS EULOGIZED.

Solons of Upper House Honors Memory of Dead Colleague.

No legislative business of importance was transacted by the senate Saturday. The session was devoted to services held in memory of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota.

American Furniture In Demand.

An order was recently filled by the Acme Furniture Company of Chattanooga, Tenn., for a car-load of furniture for Natal, South Africa; one car for Dublin, Ireland, and two cars for Havana, Cuba. There was considerable competitive bidding for the orders.

Confederate Vets to Dine.

The Confederate veteran camp of New York will hold its eleventh annual dinner in honor of the memory of Robert E. Lee at the Waldorf Astoria on January 18.

CHANDLER IS "RETIRED."

New Hampshire Legislators Nominates Judge Burnham For Senator.

A special from Concord, N.H., says: Judge Henry E. Burnham, of Manchester, was nominated on the first ballot for United States senator by the Republican members of the legislature, defeating William E. Chandler and four other candidates.

Chandler received 47 votes; Burnham 198, with others scattering.

The Democrats nominated Charles F. Stone as their candidate for United States senator.

COURT DECISION AGAINST NEELY

Ex-Postal Director Must Face a Cuban Jury.

ISLAND IS FOREIGN TERRITORY

Highest Tribunal In the Land Passes Upon the Celebrated Extradition Case.

The United States supreme court Monday rendered a decision in the Neely extradition case. The court held that Neely was subject to extradition and must be surrendered to the Cuban authorities.

The court held that Cuba is foreign territory, our purpose in the war with Spain being to free the Cubans from Spanish domination.

The decision was based upon the act of June 6, 1899, which act was held to be constitutional.

Justice Harlan handed down the court's opinion, which was unanimous, and immediately after the opinion was concluded an order was issued requiring that the mandate case be issued at once.

The opinion embraced a complete review of the case, explaining Neely's crime and arrest and his effort to prevent extradition to Cuba. The opinion also detailed the laws relating to extradition and quoted the act of June 6, 1899, extending the provisions of section 527 of the revised statutes to foreign countries, which is occupied by or under the control of the United States, so as to make the law cover, among other crimes, embezzlement in such countries.

Relating that the circuit court for the southern district of New York to which an application for a writ of habeas corpus had been made, had rendered a decision adverse to Neely's claims Justice Harlan said he had them appealed to this court on the ground that the act of June 6, 1899, was unconstitutional. Entering then upon his reasoning on the case, Justice Harlan said there was no dispute that on the 6th of June, 1900, when the act under which this proceeding is brought became a law Cuba was "under the control of the United States" and "occupied by the government."

"This court," he said, "will take justifiable notice that such were at the date named, and are now the relations between this country and Cuba. So that the applicability of the above act to the present case—and this is the first question to be examined—depends upon the inquiry whether within its meaning Cuba is to be deemed a foreign country or territory."

Announcing the court's conclusions on the status of Cuba, Justice Harlan said:

"The facts above detailed make it clear that Cuba is foreign territory within the meaning of the act of June 6th, 1900. It cannot be regarded in any constitutional, legal or internal sense a part of the territory of the United States.

"While by the act of April 25th, 1898, declared war between this country and Spain, the president was directed and empowered to use our entire land and naval forces as well as the militia of the several states to such an extent as was necessary to carry the act into effect, that authorization was not for the purpose of making Cuba an integral part of this country but for the purpose of compelling the relinquishment by Spain of its authority and government in that island, and withdrawal of its forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"The legislative and executive branches of the government by the joint resolution of April 20, 1898, expressly disclaimed any purpose to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over Cuba except for the pacification thereof and asserted the determination of the United States that object being accomplished to leave the government and control of Cuba to its own people. All that has been done in relation to Cuba has had that end in view, and so far as the court is informed by the public history of the relations of this country with that island nothing has been done inconsistent with the declared object of the war with Spain."

GRAND JURY INDICTS GIBSON.

Case of Indiana Contractor and Gov. Longino Goes to Courts.

The Hinds county, Miss., grand jury Monday afternoon returned an indictment against J. E. Gibson, the Indiana building contractor arrested several weeks ago on the charge of attempting to bribe Governor Longino to use his influence to secure for him the new statehouse contract. Gibson is in the city under a $5,000 bond. His case will not be disposed of until the criminal docket is taken up.

FOR MURDER OF A GIRL.

Three Men Are Placed On Trial For Life at Paterson, N. J.

At Paterson, N. J., the trial of Walter T. McAllister, Andrew Campbell and William A. Death, three of the four men accused of the murder of Jennie Bosschieter, a mill girl of Paterson, under revolting circumstances, commenced Monday.

George J. Kerr, the fourth man under indictment, was not in court, as he has been granted a separate trial on the ground that he was not present when the fatal dose was administered to the girl.

GEORGIA'S VOTE

Electors Meet In Atlanta State to Bryan—R[illegible] Elected Messenger.

The presidential electors chosen at the November e[illegible] in the senate chamber at t[illegible]itol at noon Monday and [illegible]gia's 13 votes for William [illegible] Bryan for president and [illegible]venson for vice president o[illegible] States.

Hon. W. T. Revill, of [illegible] Meriwether county, was [illegible]senger to take the vote to W[illegible] and Colonel Steve W. P[illegible]lania, secretary.

The following electors [illegible] roll call: State at large, [illegible]ville, Atlanta; Augustus [illegible]pont; First district, W. W[illegible] Savannah; Second, C. W. [illegible] Tifton; Third, W. C. [illegible] Jefferson; Fourth, Ben F[illegible]lin, Greenville; Fifth, E[illegible] Atlanta; Sixth, J. M. Stric[illegible]lin; Seventh, J. P. Jack[illegible]ton; Eighth, A. G. M[illegible]well; Ninth, J. J. Kimsey [illegible] Tenth, T. E. Massengale [illegible] Eleventh, A. E. Cochran, [illegible]

The balloting resulted [illegible]mous vote being cast for W[illegible]nings Bryan for president, [illegible] E. Stevenson for vice pres[illegible] United States.

The main interest in th[illegible] centered in the election of [illegible]ger to take Georgia's vote [illegible]ington. The candidates w[illegible] R. Phillips, of Jefferson, [illegible] Greer, of Bibb, and W. [illegible] Meriwether. Four ballots [illegible] before a choice was made.

The messenger receives [illegible] mile each way for taking [illegible] Washington, or a total of [illegible] for the trip.

Mr. Revill, who was cho[illegible]ger, is one of the oldest [illegible] prominent Democrats in the [illegible] editor of the Meriwether Vi[illegible] has rendered his party valu[illegible] and his election as messen[illegible]ceded to be a just reward.

FRENCH-VANDE[illegible]

Young Millionaire Weds [illegible]er Playmate at New[illegible] Brilliant Ceremo[illegible]

Although in the depth [illegible] Newport, R. I., the well kn[illegible]ing place, took on a semb[illegible] summer gaiety Monday bec[illegible] wedding of Alfred Gwynne V[illegible] probably the most wealthy [illegible] generation of the Vanderb[illegible] and Miss Elsie French, a [illegible] Newport girl and former p[illegible] the bridegroom, the daught[illegible] Frederick Orme French, a [illegible] the city for many years.

The ceremony took place [illegible] the Zabriski Memorial ch[illegible] John, the Evangelist, far up [illegible] north part of the city, on [illegible] shores of Narragansett bay [illegible] center of Newport's fashion[illegible] far removed from the socia[illegible] Bellevue avenue. Miss Fr[illegible] the choice of her own place [illegible] and her old home for the sce[illegible]rnage, instead of selecting [illegible] pretentious but less familiar [illegible]ings which would have bee[illegible] New York. Under these [illegible] the hundred or more gu[illegible] forced to make a journey to [illegible] quiet at this time of the year [illegible] secure country village.

The festivities, however, [illegible] suffer from these unusua[illegible]stances. The church, which [illegible]orated with gorgeous lavish[illegible] only about half filled with g[illegible] invitations having been limi[illegible]atives and close friends of th[illegible]

The wedding was as orn[illegible] highest forms of the Episcop[illegible] could make it.

A reception followed at [illegible]view, the home of the bride[illegible] The scene was then transfer[illegible] Breakers, the Vanderbilt [illegible] residence, where an elabor[illegible]tion was tendered the young[illegible]

The total value of gifts is [illegible] at more than one million d[illegible] is probably the handsomest [illegible] costly list ever given to a [illegible] wealth even in this country [illegible] presents.

ADVANCE IN PEAN[illegible]

"Goober" Planters of Virg[illegible] Happy Through Short [illegible]

The Virginia peanut mar[illegible] a phenomenal advance. Th[illegible] the prime product in eastern [illegible] which has been very low of [illegible] within a few days past show[illegible] a cent a pound for all grad[illegible] advance means an instant p[illegible] peanut raising section of half [illegible] dollars. There is no speci[illegible] for the increase, but the pe[illegible] are jubilant at the prospect [illegible] their stock at such a notable [illegible]

POSTAL COMMITTEE RE[illegible]

Suggest That Books, Samp[illegible] Etc., Be Taken From Secon[illegible]

The postal commission of [illegible] and senate, which has been i[illegible]ing postal matters for the [illegible] years, made its report Mond[illegible] commission unanimously re[illegible] favor of excluding from sec[illegible] matter mail rate, first, book[illegible] or unbound; second, newsp[illegible] sold sent by a news agent to [illegible] news agent or returned to the [illegible]ers; third, sample copies of [illegible]pers above a certain small [illegible] portion of the circulation.

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The following electors a rollcall: State at large, T Atlanta, Augustus D First district, W. W. Savannah, Second, C. W. Fifth, Edg Atlanta, Sixth, J. M. Strick Seventh, J. P. Jackso Eighth, A. G. McC Ninth, J. J. Kimsey, Tenth, J. E. Massengale, Eleventh, A. L. Cochran, E The balloting resulted in the electors being cast for W Sullivan for president, Stevenson for vice preside United States.

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IC WOMEN'S WORK.

For Defense of Legations, Quite Cannons Roared.

Archbishop Mrs. Conger and ladies of the legation offered linen and portieres for use. Ladies ruthlessly cut up delicately embroidered draperies and rugs, while those who charge of the fortifications and messengers asking for one of the mission la just in I'm a new supply of and some of the native holding it and knowing brought it to her. This material was used, as like material, linen sheets and were cut up without com regard to all sense of cost, sense of beauty, seemed to the sole desire to furnish a contribution to human sides these beautiful things official there were also used materials such as old Mon hangings to Sedan chairs of old Chinese clothing. were cut out and sometimes foreign ladies unused to in delicate work. However, ladies were greatly assist Chinese girls of the mission and by the women of the fam native Christians. Of the for were some 150. Beside the brought from the foreign were great rolls of cotton of silk and brocade satin, these stores. The Chinese at wear special garments. those were used the long, eyes being well suited to the of bag making. It was a con prise that new supplies from sources came in each day as housekeeping committee and worked in the diet kitchen strictly hard worked, being busy and exhibited an in in planning and preparing ap edibles that was marvelous. materials were horseflesh called oatmeal, coarse wheat flour and a dried rice. These were the sta materials. There was a small of canned meats, which was an occasional relish. The and all delicacies were re for the babies and the sick. the missionaries told me she ch day to another part of the in constant danger of flying to get a slice of white bread sick baby. The woman having baked a loaf each day, not use of her family, but for the there were three ladies on ding committee of housekeep the ladies took their turns in after the cooking, serving, ta ing, etc. As there were sev this family they were divided messes. And it was necessa have three of each of the As the dining room was also and sleeping room, it required work to keep it in presentable n. One of the hardest things was the utter impossibility of quiet. There were times when unsafe for any one to be out building, and all work had to with a large number in the Outside was the roar of artil side, three busy sewing ma and women and children, and at work, besides all the men uired outside on the fortifica r at the mill. This constant and impossibility to be alone— ore wearing upon the nervous than any amount of work.—Weekly.

Light Felt Hats Popular.

Assumes every color. Quite re a taste was developed for pale plored, sky blue and mauve of t shades. This does not mean, r, that there is any decrease in mand for chalky white and pale and for the many shades of medium and dark browns. The positive tones most in vogue rs are "Coquelicot" and "Paur and a dark, dull green, which ot figure on the color card of eason, and which may be de d as a much darker shade of the ght greens sampled under the of "exposition" and "univer Pale blue and pink felts make ing dressy hats for young girls. of these of the soft formless intended to be worn off the face ry simply trimmed; as, for in with a breadth of liberty silk ch, twisted round the crown and passing over the brim in front astened to a narrow coronet of by a small bunch of flowers. auve hats have a somewhat less ul appearance. One is of a Par t; the brim is caught back by ade of miroir velvet to match, also encircles the crown, and the sts on a coronet in which are ed two half-open roses of a Bor tint, with a few brown leaves. the edge of the brim, the head on the velvet torsade, is a mar in.—Millinery Trade Review.

Care of the Finger Nails.

ngliest hands can be improved tle careful attention is given to ils. The paring of them is important, they should be brilliantly polished, and, of course, the appearance of the milk white crescents is one of the chief features of a pretty finger nail. The shape in which the nails are cut should depend to a certain extent on the shape of the finger tips, but filbert shaped nails are generally considered the most beautiful. Manicuring will do much to beautify the hands, and if but one hour a week is given up to the care of them excellent results may be expected. Every day, after washing, the flesh at the base of the nail should be pressed back.

Lemon is one of the best mediums to use for removing stains from nails, and orange wood sticks should be employed for cleaning the skin beneath the nails. Rough hands will be improved by being rubbed with a soaped nailbrush daily. Brittle nails need the application of a stiff toilet cream nightly.

After the nails have had their daily brush and clea they should be polished with a chamois pad. Rough powders are sold for the purpose of giving a pretty pink tinge to the nails. When these are used they should be sprinkled over the nail before it is polished with the pad.

America's Grand Old Woman.

At the great bazar of the Woman Suffrage Association, which was held in Madison Square Garden, in New York City, one of the chief attractions was the presence of Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Sharp of intellect, keen of mind, and impressive in speech as ever, Mrs. Stanton is rounding out her long and important life in a golden age of fruition and consummation. Debarred now from public speaking, and from more than occasional presence at gatherings at which she was once the personal leader and vivifying inspiration, Mrs. Stanton still exerts a far-reaching influence. From the big mahogany armchair in which her delightful apartment overlooking Riverside Drive and the Hudson beyond, she sits enthroned, more commanding than many a figure embodying the inheritance of a dynasty, the venerable woman watches the world's events as they pass, keeping a sharp eye on those that relate to the efforts to which she has given her life, and almost equally interested in everything that pertains to the development of her race. She often dictates strong, vigorous utterances for publication, and every day her afternoons are spent with her secretary, writing and answering letters and attending to the innumerable details of a still active life.

One who meets Mrs. Stanton now, with her eighty-five years completed a few days ago, feels like paraphrasing Gladstone's title and calling her the Grand Old Woman. Like Gladstone, she has fought many battles, scored victories and suffered some defeats. Like him, too, she has never known when she was beaten, counting successful opposition merely a temporary backset, to counteract which renewed effort must be made. Like, Gladstone, too, physical disability has not weakened close interest in public affairs, nor, for a single moment, made her think that everything is not worth while. Rich in memories and retrospect, it is a privilege to have her draw upon them in her listener's interest. She has none of the garrulity of age. She will condense the struggle of years in a phrase, though her eye will kindle and her voice thrill over the recollection of what the accomplishing has cost her.—Harper's Bazar.

Take Children Into Partnership.

A lady was recently speaking of her plan to keep all business cares and anxieties from the knowledge of her children—keeping everything depressing out of their life, she called it—that they might be free to enjoy themselves as long as possible, with no feeling of trouble or responsibility. "But will that really add to their happiness in the long run?" asked an older mother, dissentingly. "We have always tried to take our children into partnership—to have them share our plans and interests, and let them know what we are trying to do and what we have to live on. It seems to me that successes are more valued if they come as something one has hoped for and helped to work for, and retrenchments are more easily borne if they are intelligently agreed upon in the family council instead of forced upon the younger members with only the bald statement that we cannot afford this or that. It strengthens the family tie if the children feel that it is our home, our business and our interest; if they know that their opinion is considered and that their votes count; it is a means of education in wisdom, self-control and unselfishness. Life's best good for all of us lies in its discipline; not in escaping its burdens, but in learning how to bear them.—Leslie's Weekly.

New Styles in Hats.

All the new hats are shallow at the back and stand out a good deal in front, but toques will be very fashionable, and the black velvet picture hat of moderate size is certain to be popular. Panne is also used for toques and for bows in straw and crinoline hats. All bows, whether of silk or velvet, are stiffened by the edges being stitched in many rows, and frequently the stitching is in a different color, such as heliotrope or pale blue on violet, amber or pink, or white on black, but the color is invariably repeated beneath the brim, either in flowers or in choux of silk or chiffon.

The deaf mute is the man who wants a little hear below.

FATIGUE IN ANIMALS.

Eating of Over-Hunted Game Is Attended With Risk.

The eating of "high" game is undoubtedly attended with risk, and the poisonous effects are probably due to the toxins produced in the earlier stages of the putrefactive process, says a writer in the London Lancet. The advantage, of course, of hanging game is that the flesh becomes tender and decidedly more digestible than when it is quite fresh. The ripened process, however, may mean the elaboration of the toxins. It has been stated that the production of the characteristic flavors of game is related directly to the amount of sulphureted hydrogen or sulphur-alcohol set free, but it is rather repulsive to think that the delicate flavor of game is dependent upon that invariable product of decomposition of rotten eggs—sulphureted hydrogen. The smell evolved during cooking of "high" game is even more disgusting. Fresh game sometimes sets up mysterious poisonous symptoms, which have been attributed to the fact of the game having been overhunted game, which, when injected into a healthy animal, have produced marked poisonous effects. There is no doubt that fatigue products under certain circumstances are also elaborated in the human body and give rise to a species of self-poisoning, characteristic symptoms of which are headache, stupor and gastric and intestinal pains. The flesh of overwarm cattle may prove poisonous from the same cause.

This curious formation of poisonous products in the flesh of animals through a state of terror or exhaustion is a question well worth considering in relation to the wholesomeness of animal foods, and emphasizes the importance of slaying animals intended for food in the most humane way.

WISE WORDS.

From love which is founded upon an illusion, there may be an awakening; but for love which sees its objects as they are, and still goes on loving them, there is no conceivable cure either in this world or the world to come.

Hope is the mainspring of human action; faith seals our lease of immortality; and charity and love give the passport to the soul's true and lasting happiness.

Among the lights which lie through the shadows of life the brightest is love, and the love of little children, perhaps, has the sweetest shine of all.

Some of the best lessons we ever learn we learn from mistakes and failures. The error of the past is the wisdom and success of the future.

Happiness is built up, step by step, on the common-sense principles of self-control, self-denial, and persistent effort.

Happiness is to the heart what sunlight is to the body, and he who shuts out either is an enemy to society.

We grow narrow in our views when we do not welcome thoughts and natures remote from our own.

Courage, like cowardice, is undoubtedly contagious, but some persons are not liable to catch it.

Pleasure is like a cordial; a little of it is not injurious; but too much destroys.

Good manners and good morals are sworn friends and fast allies.

Maine's Gray Squirrel Question.

The varying abundance of gray squirrels in the Maine woods is something that has puzzled hunters and naturalists for a great many years. Some seasons they will be fairly plentiful, so that a gunner may get as many as five of six in an outing of a few hours. Again, a man may walk in the woods for weeks and never so much as catch a glimpse of one. For the past two years there were none to speak of in Maine. This year not a few have been noticed, particularly about orchards and in old-growth beech woods, where the nuts were plentiful.

The question for hunters and naturalists to decide is whether these squirrels are gaining or diminishing in numbers, taking one year wth another. The man commonly known as the oldest resident, says that gray squirrels were as numerous as red ones fifty and seventy-five years ago. Then, men in middle life say there were no gray squirrels twenty and thirty years ago. Now we have a fair number some years and none during the intervening years.—Daily Kennebec (Me.) Journal.

Longest Elevator Run.

The contract recently awarded for an electric elevator for the Washington Monument covers the highest single lift elevator in the world. The rise is exactly 498 feet, and though the total ascent of the Eiffel tower elevator is greater, this is accomplished by means of a number of stages. With a maximum load of thirty-five persons in the Washington Monument car the guaranteed speed is 100 feet per minute. It would, therefore, under these circumstances, take five minutes to complete the trip. — Philadelphia Record.

Anecdotal.

Observing that the waves had broken up his bridge of boats, Xerxes gave instant commands that the sea be scourged with whips.

"In order symmetrically to develop the anecdotal side of my character," explained the King to his wondering courtiers.

This version of the incident shows clearly that the Persian monarch had far fewer bats in his belfry than he has hitherto been credited with.—Detroit Journal.

Decorative Ferns.

Boston ferns, and the sword variety particularly, have lately sprung into high favor in the up-to-date home as a decorative plant, quite equaling, if not surpassing, for the moment the vogue of the palm.

The Young Daughter's Room.

A dainty and pleasant room to which the young daughter of the house lays special claim is furnished in this way: The walls are papered with white paper strewn with apple blossoms, and have a frieze of the faintest tone of green. The woodwork is green and the hangings of old-fashioned cretonne with apple blossom pattern and lined with sateen to match the pink of the blossoms. The furniture, simple and pretty, is forest green in tone, and the stained wood floor is covered with a pink and green rug.

When the Cat Travels.

A novel method to insure the comfort and safety of a cat, while traveling, was seen on an incoming train one day last week. The pet kitten was not as usual immured in the darkness and stuffiness of a box or basket. Instead, it was sewed in a bag of stout ticking, made about eighteen inches square. At one side the little head was thrust through, the seam closing snugly but not too tight at either side of the neck. In this way the kitten's body was perfectly free inside the roomy bag, and the bright eyes could see the friendly faces about, while all chance of sudden flight was prevented. A loop of broad tape served as a strap handle, which the young owner slung over one shoulder on leaving the car, and carried her pet with ease and satisfaction to both.

A Dinner For $1.50.

A dollar-and-a-half dinner will be found ample for one or two more than the five or six persons provided for, and one need not feel embarrassed at the sudden arrival of a guest if one has a meal such as this:

Cream of beet soup	20
Veal cutlet, breaded, with tomato sauce	35
Pease, potatoes	20
Lettuce salad, crackers and cheese	20
Caramel pudding with whipped cream	20
Coffee	10
	$1.20

This leaves a margin of thirty cents, which may be used for flowers or the little extras of the dinner table, salted almonds, jelly, olives or bonbons, or it may be laid away for such staples as olive oil or fancy cheese, or some relish to be used in an emergency.

Such a menu may be varied at pleasure. For instance, if you have guests you may add another course and have a more elaborate sweet, using the whole of your $1.50 and economizing a trifle on other things. If you omit the cheese with the salad and save a little on your dessert you will have forty cents to spend on your fish course. If crabs are cheap, as they should be in the autumn, these will be delicious deviled and served in their shells. If you are where you cannot get them, you can have timbales of any fish in market. Canned salmon, hot, with sauce tartare is always nice, or you can have a very simple course by serving large sardines broiled on toast. Canned lobster of a good brand may be converted into lobster a la Newburgh and served in ramekins (individual baking dishes), or you can have creamed oysters.—Harper's Bazar.

Oatmeal Crackers—To one pint of fine oatmeal add one gill of water; work a few minutes with a spoon; turn out a dough-board well covered with dry oatmeal; roll out to one-sixth of an inch in thickness, and cut into squares with a knife. Bake in a very slow oven. If desired, a heaping tablespoonful of desiccated cocoanut may be added. This cracker is one form of the Scotch "bannock."

Minced-Meat Turnovers—Sift one cup of entire wheat flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt into a bowl. Rub in one tablespoonful of butter and milk enough to moisten and make a dough that will roll easily. Roll out on a floured board and cut with a five-inch patty cutter. Put a tablespoonful of minced meat on one-half of the round. Fold the other half and pinch the edges together. Bake about twenty minutes.

Sponge Cake (a fine old-fashioned recipe)—Beat two cups granulated sugar with the yolks of six eggs until light and foamy; add gradually four tablespoonfuls cold water; stir in, beating all the time, two scant cups of sifted flour; when well beaten fold in carefully and lightly the whites of the eggs, which have been beaten to a stiff froth with one-quarter teaspoonful of salt; bake in a moderate oven, not allowing it to brown until it has risen all that it will; flavor with one teaspoonful of lemon extract.

FARM LABORER HOARDS A FORTUNE

Death of a Man Whose Only Interest In Life Was to Save Money—Left $50,000.

By the death of Victor Williams at the home of his nephew in Depauville, Northern New York has lost one of its most eccentric characters. He never received more than the wages of a laborer, and yet by hoarding that which he earned and investing it, he accumulated a fortune variously estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000.

The only interest the man found in life was saving money, and this he enjoyed as most men enjoy spending money. He worked on farms as a laborer for his board and what money he could get, and he saved every cent. As his little hoard accumulated he would put it out at interest, loaning it on farms where he had worked and the value of which he knew to a certainty. Few men ever saw him spend a cent, and none ever saw him take a chance. As the years rolled by farm titles came to him, and he hoarded land as he had hoarded money. When the income from his farms and mortgages would have given him a living much better than that enjoyed by his neighbors, he still continued to work and to save. Hundreds of acres of splendid farming land were his absolutely, and he had mortgages on many more.

In the latter years of his life this strange man worked less, as he was obliged to devote more of his time to the collection of rent and interest. At least twice a year he would start on his long trip collecting, always walking, despite the fact that he had long outlived the allotted threescore years and ten. Over one arm he carried a pair of cowhide boots and in these he carried his money and securities. At the end of each trip he would come to Watertown to deposit his money, for he had none of the miser's distrust of banks.

In all these years no man has ever been able to say that Victor Williams was not scrupulously honest, and there was never a shadow on his integrity. He would wrong no man and would allow no man to wrong him, and above all things despised a man who would not keep a promise.

Victor Williams was born at Point Peninsula, New York, about eighty-five years ago. He had some educational advantages, and was naturally bright. At one time he taught school in the town of Lyme, and it was thought that he contemplated a professional career. Those few who remember him in those days say that he was bright in conversation and well dressed. There is a story, now almost a legend, that he was disappointed in love, and from that time his only interest in life was the accumulation of money.

Woodcock Imported From Japan.

"I dined not long since with a friend who is a great epicure, and who treated me to a novel dish," said Mr. H. Humphrey Read, a gentleman who stands high in the social and business circles of Philadelphia. "The feature of this dinner, was woodcocks that came all the way from Japan, and I want to say that the long voyage and necessary refrigeration in no wise detracted from the toothsome qualities of the birds. In truth, they were delicious, and compared favorably with our finest home-grown game.

"This friend gets them regularly during the season, but at a cost that seems ruinously extravagant. He is willing to pay the price, however, for he maintains that there is nothing in the way of wild fowl on this continent comparable to the woodcock from the land of the Mikado."—Washington Post.

Failure of the Display of Leonids.

The display of Leonids has been very disappointing, only a few having been seen. It is probable that their orbit has become changed, taking them further away from us. Assistant Professor Wendell, of Harvard University, says that unless during the next thirty-three years there shall be another change in the orbit of the meteors, bringing them back near the earth, we shall see no more of the ancient November shower of Leonids. The few which have been seen this year were stray meteors which had wandered out of the regular path. The principal cause of the change in the orbits of the Leonids is that there has been some disturbance in space which has brought a large body near the path of the Leonids, thus exerting an attraction on them and causing them to change their orbit.—Scientific American.

Stole the Old Man's Coffin Boards.

Joseph Sims, the old man of Cuckoo, Louisa County, who had prepared the boards for his coffin in anticipation of approaching death, has much improved. About three weeks ago some cruel thief stole these boards. Mr. Sims determined that his preparations for burial should not be interfered with. He therefore prepared other boards for his casket, and these he had placed beneath the mattress of the bed in which he sleeps. Mr. Sims is believed to be 102 years old. He was for a long time believed to be only eighty-two, but records have recently been found which indicate that he was born in 1798.—Baltimore Sun.

Small Horses For the Army.

The experience of the British in South Africa is said to have demonstrated the superiority of small horses to the larger as draft animals in the field of hostilities. They can go longer without food, it is said, can do just as much work and make a smaller target for the enemy.—Chicago Chronicle.

SECOND CENTURY GOSPEL.

German Egyptologists Examining an Interesting Papyrus.

An interesting papyrus is now being examined at the Strasburg Library. It was purchased in a fragmentary condition from Cairo merchants early in 1899 and has already proved of the first importance. According to German Egyptologists and theological savants the fragments are pages of a missing Gospel which was rejected as unauthentical in the third century but was widely accepted in the second.

The papyrus dates from the fifth century, but the character of the Greek words which are textually reproduced proves that the original manuscript belongs to the second century. A feature is the very close connection apparently existing between it and the Logia of Christ, the recovery of which three years ago caused a sensation. It is suggested that both are practically pages of the same manuscript, namely, "The Version of the Gospel According to the Egyptians."

As to the result of five years' work, another fine papyrus roll in the British Museum has just been published. It was written between 70 and 80 A. D., and is a collection of folk legends current in Egypt at that tim . The hero of the stories is Siosiris, son of Khamuas, Priest of Memphis. Many of the passages suggest that it is an adaption of the story of Christ as told by His disciples, and if so, it is certainly the earliest record known, being less than twenty years after the introduction of Christianity into Egypt by St. Mark in 67 A. D.

Siosiris was a miraculous child. His mother's name was revealed to his father in a dream in which these words were spoken to him: "His name shall be Siosiris, for he shall do many marvels in Egypt." He is described as being great, big and strong. He went to school, rivalled the scribe who taught and began to talk to the scribes in the House of Life.

All the land wondered at him, saying: "Behold the boy who reached twelve years of age and there was no scribe in Memphis who could equal him in reading, writing and magic."

Siosiris takes his father to Hades, where the cycles of the Land of Death are described. Here, also, are many stories of Jewish-Christian origin; for example, the story of the rich man and Lazarus. The doctrine of future punishment, not found in Egyptian rituals, is here clearly stated. Later is an account of a contest between Siosiris and the magicians of Ethiopia, which is strangely reminiscent of the story of Moses. One magician says: "Cast my spell upon Egypt and cause the people to pass three days and nights without seeing light." Even the story of Moses and the bullrushes is given. One magician rebukes the other as follows: "Art thou not Hor, the son of Negress, whom I saved in the reeds of Ra?"

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Conduct is three-fourths of life.

It takes only one to end a quarrel.

Every noble work is at first impossible.

The best hearts are always the bravest.

It matters not how a man dies, but how he lives.

Wealth is not his that has it, but his that enjoys it.

Confidence is a plant of slow growth in an aged bosom.

Increased means and increased leisure are the two civilizers of man.

Economy is half the battle of life; it is not so hard to earn money as to spend it well.

The reason most people are poor is because they spend their money before they get it.

There is nothing settled in manners, but the laws of behavior yield to the energy of the individual.

It is not what he has, nor even what he does, which expresses directly the worth of a man, but what he is.

He who has a thousand friends has not one to spare, and he who has one enemy shall meet him everywhere.

A feverish ambition to accumulate a fortune, which may be called our national distemper, is incompatible with peace of mind.

Deceit and falsehood, whatever conveniences they may for a time promise or produce, are in the sum of life, obstacles to happiness.

A sentiment is a conviction which has been worked over in the heat of emotion, and then laid away in the mind to shape action when occasion calls and there is no time to think.

First White Woman in Boston.

Anne Pollard was the first white female that trod upon the soil of Boston. Hudson's Point, now the head of Charlestown bridge, but formerly the site of the old ferry, was probably the first place where Anne left the impress of her foot. Her portrait, at the age of 103 years, is in the possession of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and her deposition at the age of eighty-nine years was used to substantiate the location of Blackstone's house.

The Mark of Genius.

A stage-struck aspirant approached an actor-manager lately.

"Well," asked the gent of the furbished coat, "what 'er your qualifications?"

"Oh," replied the youth meditatively, "I don't know, quite; but," he added quickly, "I can go a long time without food."

The manager saw that the youth had the root of the matter in him, and he was engaged.—Topical Times.

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Hon. John H. Parker Announces.

In this issue of The Herald Hon. John H. Parker announces that he will be a candidate for Delegate to the Constitutional Convention from this Senatorial District. The people of Elmore county all know John Parker and know that he is eminently well qualified to fill most creditably the office to which he aspires. He was the nominee to the Convention which Gov. Johnston killed, and it appears most fitting that he should receive the nomination this time. He is a safe man for the people of the counties of Elmore, Chilton and Shelby to send to the Convention from this Senatorial District.—Wetumpka Herald

THE State executive committee of the Democratic party of Alabama met at Montgomery on Tuesday, and the following business was done:

1. Call State Convention to meet in this city on March 19th.
2. County Committees to meet February 28th to call beat meetings or primaries as they may determine.
3. Beat meetings and primaries to be held March 9th to select delegates to county convention.
4. County Convention or primaries to be held March 14th.
5. Representation of each county the same as in the last Democratic convention.
6. The qualification of voters the same as in last election—only Democrats, those who voted State ticket in last election, being allowed to participate.
7. Convention made a party measure.

The municipal election at Clanton on Monday was a hotly contested one, both sides putting out their utmost strength.

There were two tickets in the field, one headed by J. P. VanDerveer for Mayor, with W. I. Mullins, E. M. Pinckard, Tipton Mullins, and G. Higgins for Councilmen, and the other headed by Leroy Watts for Mayor, with W. T. Callen, Dr. W. E. Stewart, W. A. Middleton and Dr. E. A. Matthews for Councilmen.

The first named ticket proved the successful one, VanDerveer receiving 11 more votes than Watts, and his ticket coming out in the same way, G. Higgins leading the entire ticket by three votes.

THE constitutional convention is beginning to be the prominent feature, and candidates are figuring on their chances of election.

NO CHANGE WANTED.

On Saturday last, promptly at 11 o'clock, the court house at Clanton was farely well filled pursuant to call, to discuss the Stock, Road and Prohibition laws of this county.

L. H. Reynolds was elected chairman, and Frank Crichton secretary. The roll was called and every beat in the county responded, but there was only one delegate from Beat 8.

Stock law was first taken up, and J. R. Vinson, of Beat 6, made a motion that Representative L. B. Pounds, be instructed to inform the Legislature that stock law was not needed in Chilton county.

Representative Pounds remarked he would in any case oppose stock law because he was impressed with the fact that a majority of our people were opposed to it. He said he had seen no disposition on the part of the Legislature to run any measure, local in its nature, over the wishes of the people.

W. B. Strock of Beat 5 offered an amendment that the question of stock law be referred to the different sections of the county. A discussion then arose as to how a vote should be taken, some arguing that where beat meetings had been held and properly accredited delegates sent they should be allowed to cast the full vote of the meetings they represented. It was finally decided that every man present shall be entitled to vote. W. H. Conway said Beat 1 held a meeting at which 47 was present and only 1 was in favor of stock law. J. F. Johnson said in Beat 8 about 60 met and only 1 was in favor of stock law. Albert Thompson of Beat 5 moved that Mr. Strock's amendment be tabled, and it was so ordered.

The vote was then taken, the result being 185 voted against the proposed stock law, and 2 for it.

The next subject for discussion was the prohibition law. J. R. Vinson, of Beat 6, made a motion that our representative be instucted to imform the Legislature that no change is desired in the prohibition law of Chilton county.

Rev. F. M. Woods was called for and made a strong and vigorous speech in behalf of prohibition. He was followed by Profs. R. A. Rasco and E. Y. McMorries, and L. H. Reynolds, C. L. Langston and others, all opposing any change in the prohibition law.

W. C. Edler explained that the proposed change so far as Thorsby was concerned had nothing to do with whiskey, it was merely to give the grape-growers an opportunity to dispose of the pure juice of the grape.

Representative Pounds, speaking of domestic wines, said he thought it would be an improvment to reduce the quantity which might be sold to one gallon, and that it should be sold under the man's own lable with a guarantee that it contained nothing but the pure juice of the grape.

The vote was then taken, 169 voting in favor of no change in the prohibition law, and one favoring a change.

Road law was next on the program, and E. H. Parrish of Beat 4, made a motion that our present road law remain just as it is.

W. H. Conway, of Beat 1, argued that the existing law was deficient and a change was needed. W. S. Cox of Beat 1 and J. R. Vinson opposed any change.

L. B. Pounds explained the provisions of the road law he had prepared and spoke in favor of its adoption.

M. F. Lett said the old system had failed and we needed a new and better system.

W. A. Mims of Beat 9 was in favor of the proposed change, and John Strock of Beat 5 pleaded for us to get out of the rut and into the better system.

A. L. Glasscock of Beat 2 thought we were doing pretty well as we were, and R. J. Williams of Beat 3 spoke in favor of no change.

W. H. Conway moved an amendment that we accept the new road law prepared by Representative Pounds, but on motion of Elijah Mims, of Beat 9, the amendment was tabled.

L. H. Reynolds said he was not in favor of the Pounds bill, and thought by each beat purchasing some road plows and paying the overseers one dollar per day, the present law would do very well.

The vote was then taken, 56 voting in favor of the road law remaining as it is, and 35 voting for a change.

The meeting then adjourned at 2 p. m.

Hon. Tipton Mullins, one of the Presidential Electors of the State, went and cast his vote at the capitol on Monday.

Mr. W. F. Claughton, of Verbena, has been reappointed watchman at the capitol. He's a good man in the right place.

CORRESPONDENCE

(continued from 3d col. page 1)

introduced by Mr. Langston and others, was only to shut up the hogs, goats and sheep, and wouldn't affect cattle and horses. As the value of the hogs, goats and sheep raised in Chilton county in ten years won't pay the cost and expense of fencing against them them three years, then there is no sense in opposing that bill. My friends start over again and think, think. P. C. SMITH.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Verbena, Jan. 14, 1900

Editor Banner.—Having attended the mass meeting at Clanton last Saturday and being deeply impressed with the workings of said meetings, I hope, as I am comparatively a stranger in your county, your numerous readers will pardon me for being so assuming. You are doubtless aware that a constitutional convention will assemble in Montgomery this summer. This body should be composed of our best men. Personal animosities and political bias should yield to our better judgment in the selection of members; and men best fitted for the work should be selected. And in looking over the list of those suggested, or those to be suggested, as far at least as I am informed, I find the names of some good men, but I think for superiority and intellectual endowments the Hon. L. H. Reynolds, his great worth as a citizen, his knowledge of his people, his usefulness as a citizen, his courage, both personal and political life, are well known to the people of this county, and we, the voters of precinct No. five, now take the liberty (without his knowledge) to suggest him as a candidate from this county. P. S. Let us hear from the voters of the county.

J. I. GRANT.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Mr. J. W. Collins, of Thorsby, butchered three hogs weighing one thousand and twenty pounds. The largest weighed five hundred and two pounds.

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: over-work and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.
SCOTT & BOWNE Chemists, 409 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution along as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, lawyers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward item, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes, "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton, Drug Co. and D. I. Doramus, Verbena.

Sportland.

The heavy rains the past week caused quite a hindrance of the mail distribution at school.

Mr. E. Smith, of Goodwater, arrived 9th inst. and joined Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Smith in a visit to relatives in Fayetteville, Tenn. We wish the old people a glorious visit as they will meet with brothers whom they have not seen since 1865. Mr. Henry Cox while squirrel hunting the other day saw a very fine deer in Mr. Jas. Smith's field. Hurrah for Sportland. Mr. Bill Smitherman at one shot killed three wild geese and crippled the fourth sufficiently for its capture the other day. Mrs. Lucy Mckee visited quincey last week.

We advise that Messrs. Gray & Downs, of Clanton, order another car of mules to supply the unlimited desire for them for our high-minded farmers. Miss Turner Mullins we are delighted to say is up again from a severe attack of la-grippe. Mr. Eugene Connell, of Texas, who drummed on dry goods in Texas, is visiting here. May the Banner ever survive. SPORT.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Piles cure. 25c a box at Clanton drug store.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, our only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself.

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, grandfathers and all boy's suits from 75c up; men's suits from

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard; in pink, blue, cream and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c; ing, EE, 5c; calicoes, 5c; a nice quilt top for 50cents.

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50; shoes from 75c to $3.00.

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color; infant hoods, men's hats from 75c up $3.50, water proof in black, blue, inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard, 1 pound of for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the we carry nothing but reliable goods and anything that is we will make it alright. Thanking our host of customers liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with first at a small profit. Yours for business.

SARTOR & KICKER
CLAN

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest ings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton can finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a fine Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey. THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for, I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years The Company done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is the we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. placing our machines in the leading families all over the land you want the best looking, the lightest running and the finest attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You and a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton. Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best oil and genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For full particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price you Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. M. TIP'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of business we are now laying in a NEW full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions. Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT?

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] to-day 9 cents.

[illegible] same date last year 7 cents.

[illegible] receipts to date:

	1900	1899
Pickard & Co.	2196	2729
Mullins	1828	1993
Wilson	560	318
Downs	550	270
Total	4734	5310

Mrs. B. F. Markwood, of Oakfield, Fla., was a visitor here Sat[illegible]

Miss Mollie Davis, of Boseman, visited Clanton Saturday.

Mrs. Langston, of Jemison, was in town Monday.

Miss Minnie Muse, of Jemison, is spending a few days with friends here.

Mrs. Ollie Robinson and son John B. have returned home to Birmingham after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mrs. F. W. Duke, of Prattville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Phipps.

Mr. F. W. Duke, of Prattville, was a visitor here last week.

Mr. W. H. S. Dorsey, of Atlanta, visited Clanton Tuesday.

Mrs. S. A. Blassingame is visiting Boseman this week.

Mr. Scott Chesnutt, of Birmingham, is in town.

Mrs. A. E. Evans and daughter, Miss Fretch, have returned home from Birmingham.

Cut this out and take it to Clanton drug store and D. I. Doramus, Verbena, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Miss Angelina Smith, of Coosa, is visiting her grandparents here, Mr. and Mrs. Patric Smith.

Judge Adams returned from Texas last Sunday. We are glad to say that his son, J. B., doing as well as possible after his accident.

Mr. Ira Champion, of Montgomery, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. Felix Eiland, of Thorsby, was a visitor here this morning.

There will be a horse-swapping convention at Clanton on Saturday, January 26.

Mr. E. E. Connell, formerly of Texas, and recently of Texas, will leave for Havannah, Cuba, in a few days.

Rev. F. A. Gibson has again been called to his former charge at Selma, Ala.

Messrs. Sartor & Kicker have dissolved partnership, Mr. Kicker retiring, while Mr. W. H. Sartor will continue the business at the old stand.

Mr. J. W. Franzen, of Thorsby, was in town this morning.

Mr. J. R. Kemp, we regret to say, is in a very low state.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Floida Merchant and Miss Nellie Cox; Monroe D. Lawrence and Miss Ebby E. Fox; Mr. W. S. Turner and Miss Zella G. Chambers.

New Salem.

The fruit supper at Mr. Bussey's was a decided success. Mr. R. M. Smith, of Bessemer, has been down a few days hunting. Mr. Walter Hill, who has been spending a while with home folks has returned to his work in Montgomery. Come again Walter, we are always glad to see you. Miss Carrie Mims has returned home from a pleasant visit to friends and relatives at Gordo. Miss Katie Hill entertained a number of her friends Sunday night. We must congratulate our young people for attending Sunday-school every Sunday; we are glad to have such a nice and flourishing school.

SCRIBBLER.

Blown to Atoms

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, cathartic pill has been exploded; Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and sick Headache. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

on be here and you
em to suit all.

one for 75c; a nice shoulder
, black plush only $1.50;
$7.50 to $10 on in a city, o
come and see for yourself
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KICKER,
CLANT

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I will treat you well.

OWNS, Clanton

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6 to 8c.

EPARTMENT
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Try a quart of our J. Ma
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O. 1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, A

R STOCK!
the increasing demands o
are now laying in a NEW

HING, HATS
OES, ETC.
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RIES and GENERAL
are of the finest gra
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THE SMALLEST MAR
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D TO SERVE YOU
S, Clanton, Ala

GIVEN AWA
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ERTISER, Montgomery,
of prizes, and the condit
reat prizes to be given a

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in May, first Monday in August, second Monday in October and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9 cents.
Same date last year 7 cents

Receipts received to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2196	2729
Mullins	1828	1893
Wilson	360	318
Devaughn	350	270
Total	4734	5210

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FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all dealers. MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Dust of the sea is one of the mysteries which perplex sailors. No matter how carefully the decks of sailing ships may be washed down in the morning an enormous quantity of dust can be swept up at night.

What's in a Name?

Although the present fashion of christening children with family surnames is much to be commended for many reasons, it carries with it some awful possibilities unknown in the days of Mary Anns and John Henrys. A glance at the following list, each name of which is genuine, will illustrate sufficiently well the possibilities of nomenclature resting with parents in their choice of names for the men and women of tomorrow:

Edna Broker Mothershead, Marian English Earle, Sawyer Turner Somerset, Will W. Epp, Nealon Pray Daily, Benton Killin Savage, Owen Taylor Money, Ima Little Lamb, Broker Husbands Hart, R. U. Phelan-Goode, Marje A. Bachelor, May Truss Upp, Will Waits Wither, Waring Green Cotes, Ira Winchester Rifle, Etta Lotta Hammond-Dagger, Barber Cutting Mann, Weir Sick O'Bryan, Makin Loud Noyes, Hurd Copp Cumming, Rodenor Pullman Karr, Doody Spies Sourwine and Knott Worth Reading.—Life.

The Temple of Zeus.

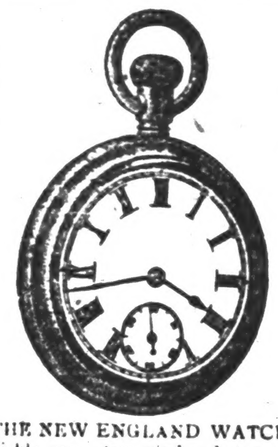
All that remains of the great temple of Zeus, which was 700 years in building, is to be found about 150 yards from the foot of the Acropolis at Athens. The ruins consist of 13 columns of the Corinthian order 6½ feet in diameter and 60 feet high. It was the second largest temple erected by the Greeks, one superior to it in size being the temple of Diana at Ephesus. According to a legend, its foundation was built by Deukalion, the Greek Noah, who from this point witnessed the waters of the flood subside. An opening in the ground is said to be the orifice through which the flood disappeared.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

Some secondhand machines from $8 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife.
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICK'S

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
¼ lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON Manager

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 9c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes.... a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 35c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5c value	2c
Corsets, 75c value	35
Corsets, 35c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. H. JONES, CLANTON

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Says World Is Growing More and More Sinful.

COMPARES PRESENT WITH OLD TIMES

Appalling Increase In Murders and Suicides—Touches Upon the Question of Slavery.

"Sorrow endureth for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." I started to write my weekly letter last night, but I was not in a calm and serene frame of mind, and concluded to put it off till morning. I had read the morning paper that was unusually full of crimes and sin and misery, and when the evening papers came there was another catalogue of calamities, and I felt sad and depressed. When will these things stop? But I am no weeping prophet nor does the public care to read the lamentations of Jeremiah as a matter of choice. And so I have waited until sleep and rest revived me and the bright sun of the morning dispelled the mists and the gloom.

But how can an old man help comparing the present with the past? Memory is his capital stock—and his best recreation. If I was now in my teens I would be better reconciled to things as they are—to modern manners and customs and to the sin and crime of this fast and reckless age. Our young people cannot realize that there ever was a better time and a better people. Therefore they give the morality of the past no thought and the crime of the present no great concern. They look upon the fearful catalogue in the daily papers as our normal condition and many join in it to keep up with the procession.

Some apologists say that there is not much difference between now and then, but that it appears so because of the telegraph and the ten thousand newspapers that spread the news. The records of the courts tell the truth and they prove that according to the white population of our state there are ten murders to where there was one fifty years ago. There are twenty-five divorce cases to one and in our cities there are forty times as many burglaries, larcenies and shooting scrapes. The number of suicides does not appear in the courts, but the increase is not less than a hundred to one. Jefferson said that the influence of great cities was pestilential to good morals.

Just think of it. In the little city of Atlanta there were over 10,000 arrests during the past year. The nineteenth century leaves us this record as a legacy and our great concern is what are we going to do about it. Our lamentation is that the people have gotten used to it and reconciled to its continuance. It is looked upon as the normal condition of public morals and human affairs. Old men, old editors and old preachers cry aloud and spare not, but the young generation do not seem to be greatly concerned. Young men, young women and even old women commit suicide somewhere every day and the editors tell us of it in the press dispatches and pass on without comment.

What an awful condition of mental distress it must be that provokes the deliberate sacrifice of one's own life. I fear we are getting hardened to the presence of crime—hardened by daily contact with it; hardened like the rich of New York are to the misery and crime in her tenement houses and to the miserable beggars on her streets. They see them every day and pass them by without a sign, but they send large monies down here to educate a lot of lazy negroes they have never seen. What a fool, what a fanatic, what a hypocrite is human nature.

This reminds me to answer a letter of inquiry from an old Democrat who lives in New Hampshire. He wishes to know who was responsible for the slave trade that peopled this country with negroes. Some of his neighbors insist that the south did it, while the north protested against it, and New England was especially hostile to it. "How long, ah, Cataline, will thou abuse our patience?" How long will the descendants of the Puritans cover up their own iniquity? My friend will find in Appleton's American Cyclopedia, fourteenth volume, the best history of slavery and the slave trade ever published. In that he will find that slave traders from Portugal brought the first cargo of twenty negroes and landed them at Jamestown, Virginia, in 1620.

Shortly after this most of the northern colonies engaged in it and Indians were enslaved as well as negroes. The son of King Philip was sold as a slave at Plymouth in the year 1686. The slave trade between the northern colonies and Africa was carried on with vigor until 1776. In that year it was resolved by the continental congress that no more slaves should be imported. In 1788 congress extended the traffic to 1808, but the state of Georgia refused to ratify the extension and in 1798 enacted the most prohibitory laws against it.

The feeling against the traffic was stronger in the southern states than in the northern. Some of the northern states continued to carry it on long after it had been prohibited. And as late as 1841 Judge Story of Massachusetts charged the grand jury of Boston that their people were "steeped up to their eyebrows in the infamous slave trade with Africa." But New England could not make the service of the slaves profitable and so sold them to Virginia and the Carolinas and to South America as late as 1847.

When her ships could no longer dodge the pursuers from England and France the traffic came to an end and then began the howl of the abolitionists against the south for keeping them in slavery—the very negroes whose ancestors they sold to us. This is history and it is also history that after 1776 never did a slave ship land on a southern coast save once, and that was the case of the "Wanderer," who tried to land a cargo of 300 near Savannah and was seized and confiscated.

This is enough of slavery and those responsible for it. The nineteenth century has left us some good, some signal blessings, and chief among them is the great advance in the social condition of woman and the general recognition of her equality with man in most all civil rights. Unless she chains herself to a brute she is no longer a slave, but stands up side by side with her husband. Her demands for herself and her children now find a respectful audience in courts and legislatures (except, perhaps, that last miserable abortion called the Georgia legislature), and no great newspaper could pass without giving a good part of its columns for their pleasure and comfort.

Woman is fast coming to the front as mistress of the situation. In every

Diogenes hoed a boy swearing on the street and he hurried off with his ruffians with them. But they got paid for it sooner or later.

A good mother writes me from Atlanta about the mutiny at the Tech, and says that the trouble with the boys of this day is the lack of discipline at home. They are not taught obedience in their early youth, and they grow up without restraint and imagine they know as much or more than parents or teachers. That is so, of course, and every parent knows it, and that accounts for many of the crimes and misdeeds that bring trouble to parents. Instead of children fearing their parents, most parents fear their children, and dread to have a rupture with them. But they get paid for it sooner or later.

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Diogenes hoed a boy swearing on the street and he hurried off with his cane and found the father and mauled him. If he was living here now he would be kept busy mauling parents, and I reckon the fathers of those Tech boys would catch a few strokes. If a teacher has not the hearty co-operation of the parent the boy had better be sent home.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

LABOR WORLD.

About 1,500,000 persons are employed in the coal mines of the world.

Linen weavers of Westphalia and the Rhine will reduce output and advance prices.

Printers of Lebanon, Penn., will demand wages of twenty cents per hour after March 1.

All the coal miners in Northern Colorado have quit work, demanding increased wages.

Last year there were forty fatal and seventy-five non-fatal accidents in the Hazleton (Penn.) mining region.

On January 1 the Pennsylvania Railway pensioned 400 employes who have grown old in faithful service.

The Alabama coal miners, 10,000 in number, have received an advance of two and a half cents per ton for digging coal.

The wages of motormen and conductors on the United Traction Company, at Reading, Penn., have been increased fifteen per cent.

Notices of a fifteen per cent. reduction in wages have been posted at the twenty-nine blast furnaces in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys.

Assemblyman Samuel Prince will introduce bills in the New York Legislature for body executions on employers in suits for wages not exceeding $50, and for additional factory inspectors.

At a meeting of the German Trades League in Philadelphia the Barbers' Association reported that a wholesale crusade against Sunday opening would be started in February. Every effort will be made to enforce the law.

All disputed points between the National Metal Trades Association and the International Association of Machinists were settled at a conference in New York City. The two organizations have an agreement to end all disputes by a permanent board of arbitration.

In the recent municipal election in London very little interest was taken by women, although large numbers of them were entitled to vote for the county councillor. It is reported that not more than 22 percent of those entitled to vote cast their ballots.

The old-fashioned method of robbing a bank by blowing open the safe is becoming less and less in vogue. The first step now is to become a confidential employe.

In two instances recently robbers have been foiled because of their inability to blow safes open with dynamite. The safe-maker will now have to rest a while and give the inventor of explosives a chance to catch up.

People are still trying to find out how to prolong their days. Yet the oldest man in the world is in a New Jersey poor-house.

REV. DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSES BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Outlook Inspiring — A Far Look Into the Future—Marvelous Advances Predicted — Religion and Science in the Next Hundred Years.

[Copyrighted 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage tells something of what he expects the next hundred years will achieve, and declares that the outlook is most inspiring; text, II Samuel xxiii, 4, "A morning without clouds."

"What do you expect of this new century?" is the question often asked of me, and many others have been plied with the same inquiry. In the realm of invention I expect something as startling as the telegraph and the telephone and the X-ray. In the realm of poetry I expect as great poets as Longfellow and Tennyson. In the realm of religion I expect more than one Pentecost like that of 1857, when 500,000 souls professed to have been converted. I expect that universal peace will reign, and that before the arrival of the two thousandth year gunpowder will be out of use except for blasting rocks or pyrotechnic entertainment. I expect that before this new century has expired the millennium will be fully inaugurated. The twentieth century will be as much an improvement on the nineteenth century as the nineteenth century was an improvement on the eighteenth. But the conventional length of sermonic discourse will allow us only time for one hopeful consideration, and that will be the redemption of the cities.

Pulpit and printing press for the most part in our day are busy discussing the condition of the cities at this time, but would it not be healthfully encouraging to all Christian workers and to all who are toiling to make the world better if we should this morning, for a little while, look forward to the time when our cities shall be revolutionized by the gospel of the Son of God, and all the darkness of sin and trouble and crime and suffering shall be gone from the sky, and it shall be "a morning without clouds?"

Every man has pride in the city of his nativity or residence if it be a city distinguished for any dignity or prowess. Caesar boasted of his native Rome, Virgil of Mantua, Lycurgus of Sparta, Demosthenes of Athens, Archimedes of Syracuse and Paul of Tarsus. I should have suspicion of base heartedness in a man who had no escepcial interest in the city of his birth or residence—no exhilaration at the evidence of its prosperity, or its artistic embellishments, or its scientific advancement.

I have noticed that a man never likes a city where he has not behaved well! People who have a free ride in the prison van never like the city that furnishes the vehicle. When I find Argos and Rhodes and Smyrna trying to prove themselves the birthplace of Homer, I conclude right away that Homer behaved well. He liked them, and they liked him. We must not war on laudable city pride or with the idea of building ourselves up at any time to try to pull others down. Boston must continue to point to its Faneuil Hall and to its superior educational advantages; Philadelphia must continue to point to its Independence Hall, and its mint and its Girard College; New York must continue to exult in its matchless harbor, and its vast population, and its institutions of mercy, and its ever widening commerce; Washington must continue to rejoice in the fact that it is the most beautiful city under the sun.

If I should find a man coming from any city, having no pride in that city, that city having been the place of his nativity or now being the place of his residence, I would feel like asking him right away: "What mean thing have you been doing there? What outrageous thing have you been guilty of that you do not like the place?"

Every city is influenced by the character of the men who founded it. Romulus impressed his life upon Rome. The pilgrim fathers will never relax their grasp from New England. William Penn left a legacy of fair dealing and integrity to Philadelphia, and you can now, any day, on the streets of that city, see his customs, his manners, his morals, his hat, his wife's bonnet and his meeting house. So the Hollanders, founding New York, left their impression on all the following generations. So this capital of the nation is a perpetual eulogy upon the Washington who founded it.

I thank God for the place of our residence, and, while there are a thousand things that ought to be corrected and many wrongs that ought to be overthrown, while I thank God for the past, I look forward this morning to a glorious future. I think we ought—and I take it for granted that you are interested in this great work of evangelizing the cities and saving the world—we ought to toil with the sunlight in our faces. We are not fighting in a miserable Bull Run of defeat. We are on the way to final victory. We are not following the rider on the black horse, leading us down to death and darkness and doom, but the rider on the white horse, with the moon under His feet and the stars of heaven for His tiara. Hail, conqueror, hail!

I know there are sorrows and there are sins and there are sufferings all around about us, but as in some bitter cold winter day when we are thrashing our arms around us to keep our thumbs from freezing we think of the warm spring day that will after awhile come, or in the dark winter night we look up and see the northern lights, the widows of heaven illumined by some great victory, just so we look up from the night of suffering and sorrow and wretchedness in our cities, and we see a light streaming through from the other side, and we know we are on the way to morning—more than that, on the way to "a morning without clouds."

I want you to understand, all you who are toiling for Christ, that the castles of sin are all going to be captured. The victory for Christ in these great towns is going to be so complete that not a man on earth, or an angel in heaven, or a devil in hell will dispute it. How do I know? I know it just as certainly as God lives and that this is holy truth. The old Bible is full of it. The nation is to be saved; of course all the cities are to be saved. It makes a great difference with you and with me whether we are toiling on toward a defeat or toiling on toward a victory.

Now, in this municipal elevation of which I speak I have to remark here will be greater financial prosperity than our cities have ever seen. Some people seem to have a morbid idea of the millennium, and they think when the better time comes to our cities and the world people will give their time up to psalm singing and the relating of their religious experience, and as all social life will be purified there will be no hilarity, and as all business will be purified there will be no enterprise. There is no ground for such an absurd anticipation. In the time of which I speak, where now one fortune is made there will be a hundred fortunes made. We all know business prosperity depends upon confidence between man and man. Now, when that time comes of which I speak, and all double dealing, all dishonesty and all fraud are gone out of commercial circles, thorough confidence will be established, and there will be better business done and larger fortunes gathered and mightier successes achieved. The great business disasters of this country have come from the work of gilded speculators and infamous stock gamblers. The great foe to business is crime. When the right shall have hurled back the wrong, and shall have purified the commercial code, and shall have thundered down fraudulent establishments, and shall have put into the hands of honest men the keys of business, blessed time for the bargain makers. I am not talking an abstraction; I am not making a guess; I am telling you God's eternal truth.

In that day of which I speak taxes will be a mere nothing. Now our business men are taxed for everything; city taxes, county taxes, State taxes, United States taxes, stamp taxes, license taxes, manufacturing taxes—taxes, taxes, taxes! Our business men have to make a small fortune every year to pay their taxes. What fastens on our great industries this awful load? Crime, individual and official. We have to pay the board of the villains who are incarcerated in our prisons; we have to take care of the orphans of those who plunged into their graves through beastly indulgence; we have to support the municipal governments, which are expensive just in proportion as the criminal proclivities are vast and tremendous. Who supports the almshouses and police stations and all the machinery of municipal government? The taxpayers.

But in the glorious time of which I speak grievous taxation will all have ceased. There will be no need of supporting criminals; there will be no criminals. Virtue will have taken the place of vice. There will be no orphan asylums, for parents will be able to leave a competency to their children; there will be no voting of large sums of moneys for some municipal improvement, which moneys, before they get to the improvement, drop into the pockets of those who voted them; no oyer and terminer kept up at vast expense to the people, no impaneling of juries to try theft and arson and murder and slander and blackmail; better factories; grander architecture; finer equipage; larger fortunes; richer opulence. "A morning without clouds."

In that better time also coming to these cities the churches of Christ will be more numerous, and they will be larger, and they will be more devoted to the service of Jesus Christ, and they will accomplish greater influences for good. Now it is often the case that churches are envious of each other, and denominations collide with each other, and even ministers of Christ sometimes forget the bond of brotherhood. But in the time of which I speak, while there will be just as many differences of opinion as there are now, there will be no acerbity, no hypercriticism, no exclusiveness.

In our great cities the churches are not to-day large enough to hold more than a fourth of the population. The churches that are built—comparatively few of them are fully occupied. The average attendance in the churches of the United States to-day is not 400. Now, in the glorious time of which I speak there are going to be vast churches, and they are going to be all thronged with worshipers. Oh, what rousing songs they will sing! Oh, what earnest sermons they will preach! Oh, what fervent prayers they will offer! Now, in our time what is called a fashionable church is a place where a few people, having attended very carefully to their toilet, come and sit down—they do not want to be crowded, they like a whole seat to themselves—and then, if they have any time left from thinking of their store, and from examining the style of the hat in front of them, they sit and listen to the sermon warranted to hit no man's sins, and listen to music which is rendered by a choir warranted to sing tunes that nobody knows! And then, after an hour and a half of indolent yawning, they go home refreshed. Every man feels better after he has had a sleep!

But all these wrongs are going to be righted. I expect to live to see the day. I think I hear in the distance the rumbling of the King's chariot. Not always in the minority is the church of God going to be, or are good men going to be. The streets are going to be filled with regenerated populations.

What will you do with those who fleece that young man, getting him to purloin large sums of money from his employer—the young man who came to an officer of my church and told the story and frantically asked what he might do? Nothing.

God's love will yet bring back this ruined world to holiness and happiness. An infinite Father bends over it in sympathy. And to the orphan He will be a Father, and to the widow He will be a husband, and to the outcast He will be a home, and to the poorest wretch that today crawls out of the ditch of his abomination, crying for mercy, He will be an all pardoning Redeemer.

The rocks will turn gray with age, the forests will be unmoored in the hurricane, the sun will shut its fiery eyelid, the stars will drop like blasted figs, the sea will heave its last groan and lash itself in expiring agony, the continents will drop like anchors in the deep, the world will wrap itself in sheet of flame and leap on the funeral pyre of the judgment day, but God's love will never die. It shall kindle its suns after all other lights have gone out. It will be a billowing sea after all other oceans have wept themselves away.

It will warm itself by the blaze of a consuming world. It will sing while the archangel's trumpet peals and the air is filled with the crash of breaking sepulchers and the rush of the wings of the rising dead. Oh, commend that love to all the cities and the morning without clouds will come!

I know that sometimes it seems a hopeless task. You toil on in different spheres, sometimes with great discouragement. People have no faith and say: "It does not amount to anything. You might as well quit that." Why, when Moses stretched his hand over the Red Sea it did not seem to mean anything especially. People came out, I suppose, and said, "Aha!" Some of them found out what he wanted to do. He wanted the sea parted. It did not amount to anything, this stretching out of his hand over the sea! But after awhile the wind blew all night from the east, and the waters were gathered into a glittering palisade on either side, and the billows roared as God pulled back on their crystal bits. Wheel into line, O Israel! March, march! Pearls crashed under feet, flying spray gathers into rainbow arch of victory for the conquerors to march under, shout of hosts on the beach answering the shout of hosts amid sea, and when the last line of the Israelites reach the beach the cymbals clap, and the shields clang, and the waters rush over the pursuers, and the swift fingered winds on the white keys of the foam play the grand march of Israel delivered and the awful dirge of Egyptian overthrow.

So you and I go forth, and all the people of God go forth, and they stretch their hand over the sea, the boiling sea of crime and sin and wretchedness. "It doesn't amount to anything," people say. Doesn't it? God's winds of help will after awhile begin to blow. A path will be cleared for the army of Christian philanthropists. The path will be lined with the treasure of Christian beneficence, and we will be greeted to the other beach by the clapping of all heaven's cymbals, while those who pursued us and derided us and tried to destroy us will go down under the sea, and all that will be left of them will be cast high and dry upon the beach, the splintered wheel of a chariot or thrust out from the foam, the breathless nostril of a riderless charger.

"I am so Glad you are well, Dear Sister."

This picture tells its own story of sisterly affection. The older girl, just budding into womanhood, has suffered greatly with those irregularities and menstrual difficulties which sap the life of so many young women.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, falling and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system.

Could anything prove more clearly the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's Medicine than the following strong statement of Grace Stansbury?

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was a sufferer from female weakness for about a year and a half. I have tried doctors and patent medicines, but nothing helped me. I underwent the horrors of local treatment, but received no benefit. My ailment was pronounced ulceration of the womb. I suffered from intense pains in the womb and ovaries, and the backache was dreadful. I had leucorrhœa in its worst form. Finally, I grew so weak I had to keep my bed. The pains were so hard as to almost cause spasms. When I could endure the pains no longer, I was given morphine. My memory grew short and I gave up all hope of getting well. Thus I dragged along. To please my sister I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. Her answer came, but meantime I was taken worse and was under the doctor's care for a while.

GRACE B. STANSBURY

"After reading Mrs. Pinkham's letter, I concluded to try her medicine. After taking two bottles I felt much better; but after using six bottles I was cured. All of my friends think my cure almost miraculous. I thank you very much for your timely advice and wish you prosperity in your noble work, for surely it is a blessing to broken-down women. I have full and complete faith in the **Lydia E. Pinkham Vegetable Compound.**"—GRACE B. STANSBURY, Herington, Kansas.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

LIBBY'S MINCE MEAT In our mammoth kitchen we employ a chef who is an expert in making mince pies.

He has charge of making all of Libby's Mince Meat.

We don't practice economy here. He uses the choicest materials. He is told to make the best mince meat ever sold—and he does.

Get a package at your grocer's—enough for two large pies. You'll never use another kind again.

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Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

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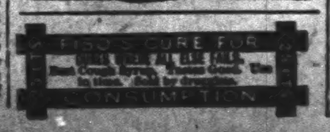

Man Eats Dead Cells.

Prof. B. Tyler of Indianapolis says that human life would average three or four times longer than it does if people would reject the senseless practice of cooking their food. Animals and fowl live much longer in proportion to the period of full development than man. Says Prof. Tyler: "Man, for some unknown reason, eats dead cells (cooked cells) to replace the dead cells that have been separated from the body. In cooking food all the acids and gases so necessary for the conservation and preservation of idea health escape with the steam, and the food retains a greater supply of acid lime and other such substances than nature requires for the amount of food taken into the system."

DYSPEPSIA
yields to Nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. As unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of unconcentrated water.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

Am. N. U. No. 5. 1901.

SEEDS WE WILL GIVE YOU A $4 FARM Collection of Seeds FREE of money cost, asking only that you show our Seeds to your friends for us at their homes. MONEY in advance. Write our postal now for this offer and we will Mail You the Seeds at once and will also send Catalog, Full Instructions, and 12 Due Bills for distribution among your friends in order to induce them to buy seeds of you. Address T. J. RIVES CO. RICHMOND, VA. A GOOD GIFT of Clothing Given for Selling 100 Packets.

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That's always the way with our Hair Vigor. When persons use it they are always so highly pleased with it that they tell their friends about it.

If your hair is short, too thin, splits at the ends, is rough, or is falling out, our Hair Vigor will perfectly satisfy you.

If your hair is just a little gray, or perfectly white, Ayer's Hair Vigor will bring back to it all the dark, rich color it had years and years ago.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our handsome book on The Hair.

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...table Compound can ...alth to women who thus ...e worst forms of female ...ling, weak back, falling ...mmation of the ovaries, ...omb. It dissolves and ...e early stage of develop... ...cancerous humors. It ...ation, and tones up the

...ore clearly the of... ...Medicine than the ...f Grace Stansbury?

...r from female weakness for ...s and patent medicines, but ...s of local treatment, but re... ...ed ulceration of the womb, ...ese pains in the womb and ...ache was dreadful. I had ...st form. Finally, I grew so ...my back. The pains were so ...nic spasms. When I could ...nger, I was given morphine, ...rt and I gave up all hope of ...I dragged along. To please ...rs. Pinkham for advice. Her ...centrine I was taken worse ...ctor's care for a while. ...Mrs. Pinkham's letter, I con... ...edicine. After taking two ...better; but after using six ...All of my friends think my ...as. I thank you very much ...e and wish you prosperity ...for surely it is a blessing to ...mplete faith in the Lydia ...ad."—GRACE B. STANSBURY.

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have ...al City Bank of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, ...person who will show that the above ...or was published before obtaining the ...—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Man Eats Dead Cells.

...B. Tyler of Indianapolis say... ...uman life would average thre... ...times longer than it does ...would reject the senseless prac... ...cooking their food. Animals ...wl live much longer in propor... ...the period of full development ...an. Says Prof. Tyler: "Man, ...ne unknown reason, eats dead ...ooked cells) to replace the dead ...hat have been separated from ...dy. In cooking food all the ...nd gases so necessary for the ...ation and preservation of ideal ...escape with the steam, and the ...tains a greater supply of ash ...d other such substances than ...requires for the amount of food ...nto the system."

DYSPEPSIA

...ds to nature's medicine.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

...tly cure Dyspepsia and all stomach, ...idney and bowel disorders. An un... ...d aperient and laxative, invigorates ...ous the whole system. A natural ...f the highest medicinal value, com... ...ed to make it easier ...heaper to bottle, ...nd use. A fine, ...e equal to 5 gallons ...ndensed water. ...y druggists every... ...Crab Apple trade ...every bottle.

TRADE MARK

...ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

Am. N. U. No. 3. 1901.

OS WE WILL GIVE YOU A ... FARM Collection of SEEDS ...f money cost, asking only that you ... ...of Vegetable Seeds for us at 5c each. ...in advance. Write us a postal now ... and we will Mail You the 6 Packets ...and will also send Catalog, Full Instructions ...and 12 Due Bills for distribution among ...ends in order to induce them to buy ...for you. ADDRESS T. J. KING ... ...OND, VA. A GOOD SUIT ... ...r Selling 100 Packets.

...with ...use | Thompson's Eye Water

HERMIT'S NIGHT-CAPS.

...ling Women Bequeaths of Them Dainty Garments.

Reading (Pa.) special Philadelphia North American: Miss Catharine ...shore, a hermit, aged 86 years, was ...ecently found dead in her little home ...n Bethel township. She left a will, ...n which she bequeathed her personal ...property to her four nieces—Mrs. J. F. ...Kutzinger, Mrs. Elias Binner, Mrs. ...mar Lengle and Mrs. Daniel Hollenbach. The executors investigated today ...and found that the old woman had ...converted her savings into wearing apparel. The larger portion had been ...made in her own hands, representing ...the work of years. The property consisted of 111 frilled night caps, 24 calico sunbonnets, 2 milk bonnets, 22 pairs ...of assorted calico and gingham aprons, ...27 homespun chemises, 22 muslin ...chemises, 36 calico handkerchiefs, 14 ...white handkerchiefs, 16 colored handkerchiefs, 10 calico shoulder capes, 12 ...colored and black silk shoulder shawls, ...beautifully figured, 61 petticoats, 3 ...heavy black shawls, 1 heavy cloak, ...with velvet collar, 33 calico sacks, 4 ...pairs of stockings, 20 calico dresses, ...and ...

Valuable Almanac Free.

We have received a copy of the new almanac for 1901 published by the Royal Baking Powder Co. It is an artistic and useful book, and will be of interest to housekeepers. A noteworthy feature of the almanac is a prediction of the weather for every day of the year by Professor DeVoe, who correctly prophesied the great Galveston cyclone and other important meterological events. We are authorized to say that any woman reader of this paper can secure a copy without cost by sending a request to the company at 100 William street, New York.

LIPTON'S LUCK.

Speculators Not Aware of the Scheme Until Too Late.

Sir Thomas Lipton is reported to have cleared $350,000 by a pork deal in Chicago. It has also been said that Lipton had so firm a hold on Chicago pork that he might have doubled his winnings had he been so minded. The Chicago pork speculators are puzzled to know how the thing was done. They had supposed themselves to know a thing or two about the pork market, and yet they let this stranger beat them out of $350,000. This stranger made a corner in October pork, which raised the price from $11 to $20 a barrel. While this operation was going on there was plenty of pork in the country. The pork speculators whose business it was to know where and at what figure pork was held did not suspect what was going on until they were called upon to fill their contracts at Mr. Lipton's own price. This pork operation may inspire a doubt in the minds of yachtsmen if Mr. Lipton's expressed determination to carry the America's cup back with him, if he can do so by fair means, may mean more than it was supposed to mean when the warning note was uttered.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Shipbuilding in Germany.

Consul Winter reports from Annaberg, Oct. 2, 1900: "During the past ten years, ship building in Germany has become a great industry. Old wharves have been torn away and new and larger ones constructed in their places. The present capacity of all the wharves does not meet the demands of the German merchant marine. Many orders must still be placed in foreign countries. At present twenty-two ships are being built in England for Hamburg alone. During the first half of the present year the dock owners and shipbuilders of Stettin, Kiel, Flensburg, and Bremen have increased their capital stock on the whole by $1,378,000. Many new enterprises are being planned. In the neighborhood of Nordenham, on the Lower Wesel, large wharves are being projected. A wharf for Stralsund is being planned which will cost nearly $1,000,000. It is also reported that a German-Belgian syndicate will build a wharf in Antwerp under the auspices of the Bremen Vulcan works. The German merchant marine now numbers 1,209 steamers of 2,159,919 tons.

Talk About It

That's always the way with our Hair Vigor. When persons use it they are always so highly pleased with it that they tell their friends about it.

If your hair is short, too thin, splits at the ends, is rough, or is falling out, our Hair Vigor will perfectly satisfy you.

If your hair is just a little gray, or perfectly white, Ayer's Hair Vigor will bring back to it all the dark, rich color it had years and years ago.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our handsome book on The Hair

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Good Roads Notes

Better Highways Desired.

THE desire for better American highways has expressed itself more or less vigorously for many years. A general sentiment that the roads should be materially improved has long prevailed in the North and East and in some of the States, as in New Jersey, there has been a continuous and in some degree successful effort on the part of associations and officials to bring the farmers to an understanding of the value of good roads. Not until the League of American Wheelmen formed a subordinate organization, however, did the work assume a definite, national character, and even then cycling interests were exclusively represented by this movement. A little later the Department of Agriculture undertook systematically the education of the farmers into full appreciation of the economy of better highways. Then good road organizations began to appear here and there without particular reference to either the agricultural or the cycling interests, and the movement received an additional impetus when the automobile began to be adopted for general use. Now for the first time all these factors for road improvement have been assembled into a single organization, capable, if rightly directed, of concentrating the sentiment in favor of this reform and producing practical results. It was formed at Chicago under the name of the National Good Roads Association, and it is designed to represent the various national, industrial, transportation, wheelmen and automobile associations of the country, which are working to the end of better roads.

This list indicates what a force is available for the reform. It doubtless represents several million people directly and many other millions indirectly. The wheelmen are not so numerous as formerly, perhaps, and it may be that the automobilists have not yet grown sufficiently in numbers to make good the deficiency due to the falling off in the wheel's popularity. But the two factors are earnest and will in the aggregate increase in the near future. Meanwhile the farmers have attained to a better understanding of their own interests than ever before and are rapidly learning the value of a smooth, hard highway and of broad tires. State laws are being enacted, and although Federal laws may be impossible of adequate enforcement, even if passed, the national influence is being increasingly exerted toward the attainment of a system of highways in all parts of the country which will bear comparison with those of Europe.

It is easy to understand why the good roads movement has been so slow in this country. Only a few score of years ago much of the land was in wilderness, many of the cities were on the frontier and the farms were mere clearings in the forest. Even later came the period when the railroads were a novelty, competing with stage coaches, rumbling and laboring through the mire of the pioneer's dilapidated turnpike. When the railroad was perfected and the stage coach was abandoned in the main the thought of the people was turned for a time from the subject of roads. It was necessary only to get goods to the railroad station to insure a speedier journey than ever before. It required another evolution to point the moral that there was perhaps even greater economy in the perfection of the comparatively short haul from the farm to the railroad. The Civil War did much to retard appreciation of this truth, and meanwhile the farmer became accustomed to his surroundings and was slow to adopt new methods.

The function of this new organization is to accelerate the sentiment which has been produced out of these untoward conditions. With all our mechanical advancement during the century now closing there remains for the twentieth century this fundamental work of providing decent pathways of internal commerce.—Washington Star.

A Century Behind the Times.

Aroused by his discovery of the quality of Chicago streets, Mr. Patullo addressed the recent good roads convention in Chicago as follows:

"What surprises me is that, while the United States is undergoing a wonderful development and is taking the steel and iron business away from England and Germany, where it has been specialized for years, you are only just now thinking if you will be able to emerge from the semi-barbarism of poor roads. In your country and in mine they are no better than they were a century ago. I am satisfied that if one-half or one-third of the subventions given to railroads had been spent on rural highways the farmer and the business man would be better off than they are to-day.

"I believe that it is to the rural highways of the country that you must look to get away from the extortions of railroads. Improved vehicles, steam and electric, which before long will traverse all our highways, will enable you to compete with the railroads and where the rates are too high bring them to terms by carrying your own produce to market."

A brisk trade in fox skins is springing up between France and Italy. The latter country during 1899 exported 4000, mostly from around Rome. Foxes are plentiful in Italy.

Evidence of Meanness.

"Mean!" exclaimed the borrowing neighbor. "She's the meanest woman I ever knew. Why, in the week since she's moved in I have only borrowed a little salt, some flour, a few eggs, a bit of coffee, some ice, a tiny bit of baking powder, a broom, a loaf of bread, a hammer, a few tacks and a half-peck of apples, and she had the nerve today to put up on her back door the sign 'Groceries at retail.' Wouldn't that shock you?"—Chicago Post.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Every mother believes her baby is so nice that lots of wicked people are waiting for an opportunity to steal it.

When a man forgets to ask his wife if she needs any money it is a sign the honeymoon is on the wane.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spoil the kettle. Sold by all druggists.

Comrie, in Perthshire, Scotland, has had more earthquakes in the last century than any other place north of the equator.

Have you ever experienced the joyful sensation of a good appetite? You will if you chew Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

There are two reasons why the average woman does not trust the average man: one is because she doesn't know him and the other is because she does.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

One consolation a man with an incurable disease has is, that he is not bored by life insurance agents.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

"Didn't he once say he would never speak to you again?" "Yes, but he saw I had a cold and he couldn't resist the temptation to tell me of a sure cure."—Boston Journal.

Worth Knowing.

A teaspoonful doses of Crab Orchard Water night and morning will cure the most obstinate cases of constipation.

This Horrid Man Listened.

A number of women in town have formed a Suffer in Silence club, and at a recent meeting their complaints were heard two blocks away.—Atchison Globe.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TOO TIRED TO STIR!

Weary Women Get Strength and Vigor from Dr. Greene's Nervura.

SHE had planned to go out with her husband, but her strength failed her.

Her nerves were excited all day, and when night came she just couldn't find the courage.

It is the old story of weakness and nervousness taking the pleasure out of life and filling it with discontent and suffering. It is not honest fatigue resulting from the daily task; it is weariness born of weakness and ill health.

The ideal strengthener for weak women is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It builds them up in every way by toning up the blood and strengthening the nerves. Nothing else in the world can do Nervura's work. It seeks out the weak spots and strengthens them. It enriches the blood and gives it a healthy circulation, thus putting new life into the entire body.

Strength to overcome the general discouragement is followed by the ambition to be well. A few nights of sound, refreshing sleep brings a new sensation of acquired strength. How ready now is this woman for every duty and every plan for pleasure! The new color in her cheeks shows the potent work of the vegetable elements in Nervura. This woman is now a cured woman, and such transformations are occurring in every community through the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura. If you are run-down and discouraged, here is the certain help.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES.

MRS. OLIVER WILSON, of Northboro, Mass., says:

"I was suffering from nervousness, caused by female weakness and nervous prostration. I was so nervous and weak I could not go up a common pair of stairs without stopping to rest, and troubled to sleep at night. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura and have obtained my old elastic step around the house. After creeping around for two years, hardly able to do anything, it has proved a boon to me truly."

READ DR. GREENE'S OFFER.

Dr. Greene's advice is free to all who seek it, either by personal call at his office, 35 W. 14th Street, New York City, or by letter through the mail. All who are broken in health should call or write without delay to Nervura's discoverer for free counsel.

Bilious--Got a Cold?

You're bilious, got a cold, you have a throbbing sensation in your head, a bad taste in your mouth, your eyes burn, your skin is yellow with dark rings under your eyes, your lips are parched and you feel ugly and mean, as if you wanted to kick a lame infant or kill a canary bird. Your system is full of bile not properly passed off, and what you need is a cleaning up inside. Don't continue being a bilious nuisance to yourself and those who love you, but send out at once for a box of CASCARETS and work off the cold while you sleep.

Be sure you get CASCARETS! Don't let them sell you a fake substitute.

...cers December 4, 1783.

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."
EDW. A. MARX, Albany, N. Y.

A movement is on foot in New York to ...

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, yellow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Four years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 25c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 25c box, return the empty box and the other unused box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice, no matter what ails you, most ailments Health will quickly follow and you will know the day you first started that one of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

Winner of Unique Election Bet.

Tom Williams, president of the California Jockey club, is the winner of a unique election bet. He will distribute among the various orphan asylums of San Francisco a car load of sweet potatoes, which W. L. Ashe lost to him on a wager that his brother, R. Porter Ashe, would defeat Julius Kahn in the race for congress.

Mother Eve may have invented curiosity, but she is the only woman on record who never turned around to see what the other woman had on.

Paid Bet in Kisses.

Samuel Weldon of Fifty-sixth street, Brooklyn, bet Miss Louise Davidson, a neighbor, a box of fine kid gloves against three kisses that McKinley would be elected. The kisses were to be delivered in Miss Davidson's home in the presence of a number of friends. Sunday night the young woman kept her agreement. At first she appeared somewhat bashful, and Wilson offered to cancel the wager. Miss Davidson would not consent, however, and after some hesitation gave the kisses, while her fiends cheered.—New York World.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, to men under the age of 45 only. REMARKABLE AUTHENTIC GERMAN ELECTRIC BELT to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; not a penny in advance; no security. DOES ALMOST ANYTHING CLAIMED FOR ANY BELT. Cures without medicine, all nervous troubles, lost vitality, lame backs, rheumatism, and kidney troubles. Belt with most all other treatments. Does not burn or blister like belts, appliances and supposed fakes. SEND FOR more than testimonials. ONLY ONE CURE for all and you claim, weakness and disease, free, complete sealed confidential catalogue, explained and illustrated. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and speedy cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE **CURE.** 25c. 50c. $1.

150 KINDS For 16 Cents

...JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year;

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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OVER 1,000 TOPICS. OVER 10,000 FACTS.

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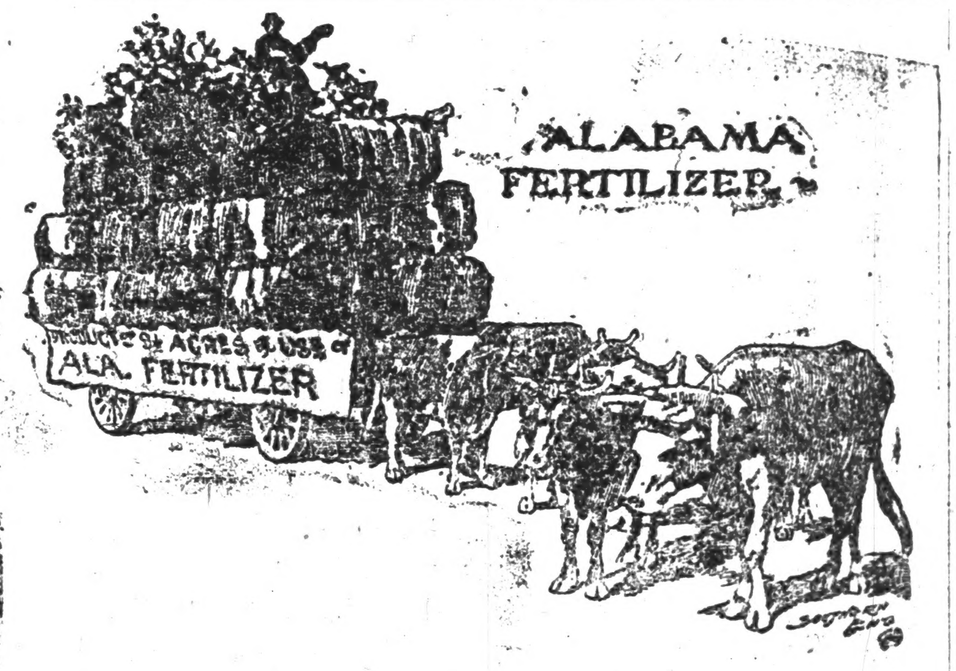

Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the standard of excellence, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are cold and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits at the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 34 bales of cotton produced on 5½ acres of land, made from Russell Improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented, and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be careful to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have used many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to resack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 49 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

An Old Time Sheffield Election.

The only contest which occurred at Gatton within historic memory was curious enough. Sir Mark Wood, who had been one of its members for many years, had, on his elevation to the peerage in 1813, seen Sir William Congreve, the inventor of the famous "Congreve rocket." The latter resigned in 1816, and the burgess whished his son to fill the vacancy.

There were only three voters in the constituency, Sir Mark, his son and a butler, named Jennings, but as the latter was away and the butler had quarrelled with his master an opportunity was afforded for a singular revenge. Jennings refused to second Sir Mark's nomination of his son and proposed himself, and a deadlock was averted only by Sir Mark coming to terms with the refractory butler, whose nomination he seconded in order to induce him to act as seconder to his son.

Matters being thus put formally right, Sir Mark arranged with Jennings that the former's vote should be alone given, and the final state of the poll at Gatton's only known contest stood thus: Wood (Tory), 1; Jennings (Whig), 0.—Westminster Gazette.

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Deep-seated, obstinate cases, of a kind that have resisted doctors, hot springs and patent medicine treatment, quickly yield to B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), thoroughly tested for 30 years. Have you mucous patches in the mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Copper Colored Spots? Chancres? Ulceration on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? If so, this wonderful B. B. B. special will completely change the whole body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and skin smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B. drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle will be given away free of charge.

B. B. B., for sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Complete directions with each bottle. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. For trial bottle, address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and Free medical advice given.

A TRIP TO THORSBY.

Few days ago I had a very pleasant trip to the thriving town of Thorsby. It was a beautiful day and the country looked wonderfully well. I had thought I knew Thorsby well, and so I did so far as business street is concerned. But when Mr. W. C. Esker pilloried me until I came to the conclusion that Thorsby was a far more important place than I had considered. Why, you have to travel to see Thorsby and I must say you will see more substantial and elegant homes and wider streets within the confines of this town than you will see in any other area anywhere in Chilton county. And I was surprised at how much land cleared and planted with vines and fruit trees. Thorsby than many of us. Then again I was informed that quite a number of people from the Northwest have actually purchased vineyard tracts and have them now planted, and while the plants are maturing, they retain their old homes in the Northwest, but as soon as the children are old enough to bear, then they will bring their families and make their homes here, which means much to Chilton county. We had an excellent dinner at the Concordia hotel, where we were waited upon by the Misses Howard. Then I had a talk at the post office which was great as a new pin, and is a credit to the town. The stores all seem to be well stocked and had a thriving look about them. In fact the whole town of Thorsby seemed to be if it was prospering. It was an eye-opener to me, I thoroughly enjoyed the trip and learned a good deal, and when you have a day's outing combining pleasure and instruction, take my advice and go and take a look at Thorsby.

1,000,000 RELIEVED WOMEN

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to a million suffering women who were on their way to premature graves. Mrs. Elizabeth was fast sinking in health, when Wine of Cardui performed a "wonderful cure" in her case. She suffered with the agonies of falling of the womb, leucorrhœa and profuse menstruation. The weakly appearance of the woman for two months adjoined her vitality until she was a physical wreck. Her nervous system gave way. Then came the trial of Wine of Cardui and the result. Mrs. Elizabeth's experience ought to encourage Wine of Cardui to suffering women in cases of burning discomfort.

WINE OF CARDUI

is within the reach of all. Women who have suffered, and yet have not tried it for a bottle of Wine of Cardui, can do so and take a reputation if the dared you.

Mrs. Wynn Stewart, Fourth Station, N. C., writes: "Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught have proved invaluable to me. My health was bad, I had a great deal of falling of the womb and leucorrhœa, and my doctor advised that I take Wine of Cardui. I took two bottles and it cured me. I also used Black-Draught and found it the best medicine I ever used for liver troubles. I can recommend Wine of Cardui and Black-Draught to all suffering women as the best medicines for the purpose they are intended for, and I will be happy to answer any inquiries about them. I am perfectly well."

DEATH OF Mr. J. R. KEMP.

Friday night last Mr. J. R. Kemp passed away at his home in the east end of Clanton, after a few weeks sickness. He was a robust physique and splendid constitution, and his friends hoped that he would be able to overcome this illness. But He knows best willed otherwise. At the age of 62 called Mr. Kemp home. He was a man of good qualities, conscientious in his dealings, and his strict integrity and honesty endeared him to those with whom he came in contact. Chilton county has lost one of its best citizens. He leaves a wife and five grown children to mourn the loss of a good husband and father; may the Lord be with them in their affliction. The funeral took place on Sunday morning, Rev. J. M. Woods preaching a very effective sermon in the Baptist church which was crowded to its utmost capacity. He was buried with Masonic honors, having been a member of that fraternity for many years, while one of the largest and most imposing ever assembled in Clanton paid their last tribute of respect to a worthy man and citizen.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST IS VIA THE

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atwood, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Murderie Dies Far From Home.

Stone, Garland County, Ark., January 16, 1901.

Sheriff of Chilton county, or anybody that may be concerned:

This is to inform you that an old man by the name of J. M. Murderie, who said he was from Chilton county, came here and was sick on January 8. He died never January 4. He gave no kin nor left any request. If any relatives or friends hand this to them and tell them to answer, and I will give all particulars. He has a trunk, with belongings, is at J. C. Milton's, where he died. Direct your letter to Carrwood, Gladstone, Ark.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 24, 1901 — NO. 14

A TRIP TO THORSBY.

Few days ago I had a very pleasant trip to the thriving town of Thorsby. It was a beautiful spring like day and the country looked wonderfully well. I had heard much of Thorsby and I knew Thorsby was well, and so I did so far as business street is concerned. Mr. W. C. Edler piloted me around until I came to the conclusion that Thorsby was a far more important place than I had considered. Why, you have to travel some to see Thorsby, and I must say you will see more substantial and elegant homes and well kept streets within the confines of this new town than you will see in the same area anywhere in Chilton county. And I was surprised at so much land cleared and fenced with vines and fruit trees. There is much more money invested in Thorsby than many of us imagine. Then again I was informed that quite a number of people from the Northwest have already purchased vineyard tracts and have them now planted, while the plants are maturing, owners retain their old homes in the Northwest, but as soon as the vines are old enough to bear, then owners will bring their families and make their homes here. This which means much to Chilton county. We had an excellent dinner at the Concordia hotel, at which we were waited upon by the Misses Howard. Then I had a walk in at the postoffice which looked as neat as a new pin, and is a credit to the town. The stores all seemed to be well stocked and had a thriving look about them. In fact the whole town of Thorsby looks as if it was prospering. It was an eye-opener to me, I thoroughly enjoyed the trip and learned a good deal, and when you want a day's outing combining pleasure and instruction, take my advice and go and take a look all around Thorsby.

DEATH OF Mr J. R. KEMP.

On Friday night last Mr. J. R. Kemp passed away at his home in the west end of Clanton, after a few weeks sickness. He was a man of robust physique and splendid constitution, and his friends hoped that he would be able to overcome this illness. But He knows best willed otherwise. At the age of 62 called Mr. Kemp home. He was a man of strong qualities, conscientious in his dealings, and his strict integrity and honesty endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. Chilton county has lost one of its best citizens. He leaves a widow and five grown children to mourn the loss of a good husband and father, may the Lord be with them in their affliction. The funeral took place on Sunday morning, Rev. F. M. Woods preaching a very effective sermon in the Baptist church which was crowded to its most capacity. He was buried with Masonic honors, having been a member of that fraternity for many years, while one the largest congregations ever assembled in Clanton paid their last tribute of respect to a worthy man and citizen.

Corderie Dies Far From Home.

Gladstone, Garland County, Ark., January 16, 1901

To the Sheriff of Chilton county, Ala., or anybody that may be concerned:

This is to inform you that an old gentleman by the name of J. M. Corderie, who said he was from Chilton county, came here and was taken sick on January 8. He died with fever January 14. He gave no names nor left any request. If he has any relatives or friends take hand this to them and tell them to answer, and I will give all particulars. His trunk, with belongings, is at M. C. Milton's, where he died. Direct your letter to W. CUTTWOOD, Gladstone, Ark.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box 25c.

Clear Creek, January 19, 1900

Editor Banner.—As I have never asked for space in your paper I will try to write a few lines about stock law. I never did live in a stock law and I have seen very few stock law and they were shabby and I have some neighbors that have lived in it and they know what it is and they don't want it. Now, Mr. Smith has said a heap about the poor man's cow eating the other man's grass; my cows eats my neighbor's grass and his cow eats my grass. Those people that can't live in Chilton without a stock law can go to it, and we can stay in Chilton. Stock law makes neighbors fall out and law each other and kill each other and turn out each other's stock and I don't see where it improves morals or value.

DRY VALLEY.

Thorsby, Jan. 23. 1901

Editor Banner.—Will you be so kind as to give me space in your columns to say a few words to the merchants and business men of Clanton. I feel an interest in Clanton, and the merchants are my friends and they are doing well and I hope to see them continue to do well, but I will say that in my judgment if the merchants sit still and allow the charter to be amended so as to allow the sale of whiskey in Clanton it means the death of Clanton. The people know what the open saloon has meant in Clanton and in Chilton county, and I can say for one that if I can find a trading point where they do not sell whiskey, and Clanton sells it I will move my business and I am confident that the people in my community will do the same thing, and I appeal to the merchants of Clanton in their own interest and in the interest of the entire people not to allow this evil enthroned and backed by licensed law. I think that I know the merchants of Clanton can prevent this thing if they will, and I beg you to take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly. JOSEPH BURNETT.

Lily.

We are having some nice weather now, and the farmers are making preparations for another crop.

Several of the young people of this community enjoyed an entertainment given by Miss Velma White on Saturday night last.

Prof. G. L. Speer, of this place, is progressing nicely with his school now. Misses Londie and Cora Malone have returned home after a pleasant visit to their sister, Mrs. Vanderslice, of Perry. Rev. D. F. Ellisor preached an excellent sermon at the M. E. Church last Sunday p.m. We are glad to have him with us for another year. Rumor hath it we are soon to hear the wedding bells in this community again. Success to the Banner. SUB.

Mrs. Maymie Veazey and Miss Maymie Rasberry visited Mr. J. S. Wright and Mr. Clint Veazey last week. Miss Della Blalock is visiting her sister. Mr. B. O. Latham, who has been visiting his father and friends, has returned to his home in Hill county Texas.

When muscadines were ripe a pig that belonged to R. L. Deavenport got fastened in a fence crack and staid there one week before he found it; it is now in the smoke house. Mr. J. C. Edwards and family are well pleased with the large doll. The farmers are talking stock law, and road law, and a car load of guano for cotton. Too much cotton makes sorry fences, too much corn makes bread plentiful. Yours for more or less cotton, a few less or more bushels of corn, a good fence and better roads. G. F. B. H.

Subscribe for The Banner.

Maplesville.

The fine weather has encouraged farmers to make a start towards another crop.

Mr. Coaker, from Coosa county, has moved his family to this place and has started his plows to work.

There are Rumors of several new dwelling houses going up in this town soon

Mr. Hudson, from Uniontown, will give us the new Maplesville paper this week.

We regret the death of Mr John Wallace's little girl, she was sick only a few days.

Rev. P. G. Maness preached at Stanton last Sunday.

Mrs. Laportas and Miss Gilmer were the guests of Mrs. Fannie Parnell.

The street fair in Selma is over; several of the ladies are suffering from colds contracted at the fair.

Mr. Ramsey has a bad time fixing the big gridge over Mulberry; bad roads in this part of the county. SUBSCRIBER.

On Tuesday night the post-office at Maplesville was burglarized and the safe blown open.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Deramus, Verbena

Jasmine.

Everything is very quiet in this part of the world, no news at all.

One of our young men, Mr. C. P. Berry, left last Saturday for his home in North Carolina. We wish the young fellow much pleasure and prosperity. Mr. E. J. Vinson and family have left this place and moved to his farm near the B. C. church in the eastern part of this county. We are glad to learn Mrs. Ped Willis is still improving after lingering sometime with a spell of fever. The young men of Jasmine will soon organize a string band and it will go by the name of the Jasmine String Band. Prof. H. A. Askins is getting along splendid with his school at this place. Jasmine is a little sawmill town but we must say we have the best school and the best teacher of any place in this country.

Misses Ira and Alpha Heaton, of Vine Hill, paid the family of Mr. E. J. Rawlinson a pleasant visit last Saturday. Mr. Courtney and Miss Ethel Johnson visited Pletcher last Sunday. Mr. B. L. Grace has his turning lathe in good running order and you just ought to see what dandy columns he is turning. BAD BOY.

Stanton.

Farmers are busy hauling out fertilizer preparing for another crop.

Messrs. Crump Graham and Cal Foshee paid us a visit Sunday.

Rev. P. G. Maness filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

Mr. Ples Gay, of Valley Creek, was with us Sunday.

We regret to state that Mr. Brigg Sexton is very low.

Mr. Lee Hayes was in the city Monday.

Mr. Will Smitherman's house caught on fire Monday, supposed to have caught from the stove.

Quarterly meeting at the M. E. church next Sunday.

Rev. Little will also fill his appointment at the Presbyterian church. STAN.

Shoults.

Health is good in our community at the present. Farmers are very backward in the way of farming, some oats are being sown in some places; don't hear much talk about fertilizers yet guess people ain't going to plant much cotton this year.

The home of Rev. P. G. Maness was made happy by the arrival of a bouncing baby boy. Mr. C. W. Shoults is running a piling job at Maplesville. Mr. J. D. McGee and daughter have returned to their home at Catoosa, Ala., Sunday.

Mr. J. H. Shoults and wife visited the family of Mr. J. P. Merchant Sunday. Mr. N. W. Latham, of Little, Texas, was in our town this week. My eyes and the latter part of Bill Arp's letter had a collision last week, or was the type set bottom side up. BIG IKE.

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 a.m. Welcome Address, F. B. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:30. Current History, Judson Strock, H. L. Davis.

1:30 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Grant.

2. Incentives to study, Thos. Williams, Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Askins.

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Horn, Miss Mary Moody.

7:30. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Rasco, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent, Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, S. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock.

J. W. MOORE, County Supt.

TO ROAD OVERSEERS AND APPORTIONERS.

On account of the fact that the Commissioners Court in November, 1898, used the old blank in appointing the Apportioners, which reads two years instead of four, their commissions have mislead many of the Apportioners. I wish to call attention to Road Apportioners and Overseers that their term is four years instead of two.

At any time any of the Apportioners will send me their commission I will make the correction and make them read four years instead of two.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I Deramus Verbena.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Clanton, Ala.

Brought Good Fortune.

A small item in his own paper lately brought amazing good fortune to Editor Chris. Reitter, of the Saginaw (Mich.) Post and Zeitung. He and his family had the Grip in its worst form. Their doctor did them no good. Then he read that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds was a guaranteed cure for La Grippe and all Throat and Lung troubles; tried it and says: "Three bottles cured the whole family. No other medicine on earth equals it." Only 50c and $1 00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life, a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor, JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Practice in all Courts.
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ROBERT H. KING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 424—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISOR, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: M. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

GLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

An Illinois man has sued a woman who declined to marry him for the car fare he expended in going to see her. This is very small business. He should have walked and sued her for footwear and doctor's bills.

A fireman in Pennsylvania in the act of being married broke away at the sound of an alarm and ran to a fire. The blaze on Hymen's altar, however, was fierce enough to bring him back in a hurry.

Out of the wilderness of dietary theories in which we are now roaming bewildered—raw meat, raw wheat and all—we may emerge into a gastronomic Canaan of content. But the man who is inclined to let well enough alone will watch the other fellow experimenting and himself stick to the diet that "agrees with him."

There is no cause for immediate alarm at the statement of an eminent mathematician that in 10 centuries the population of the United States will exceed 40,000,000,000. This would be a density, counting our present area, of over 11,000 to a square mile. Even if any of us should live till that day there would possibly be no scarcity of provisions.

A New York judge has decided that a diamond collar button is an article of jewelry and not personal attire, and that it must be left in the safe if a hotel is to be responsible for it. If New York City is shocked by the appearance of men without collars in transit from hotel offices to their rooms this judge will be entirely to blame.

In Europe there continues to be considerable discussion of the exhaustion of forest resources. A late review of the wood imports and exports of France and other countries, in the Revue Scientifique, leads to the conclusion that a wood famine is soon coming. The problem is less acute in the United States, where reforestation is urged chiefly for climatic purposes, but the prospect of a wood famine has been considered even here.

While naval authorities in Europe and America are cogitating over and experimenting in desultory fashion with wireless telegraphy, little Japan has bought two complete Marconi plants, with an effective radius of 125 miles for immediate installation on two first class Japanese cruisers. Among nations, as in lesser political or domestic organizations, it sometimes happens that the latest comer runs most swiftly and eagerly in the unending race of material progress.

Through investigations by the United States fish commission, conducted on the New England coast, it has been shown that the cultivation of clams for the market, as oysters are cultivated, is, under certain conditions, a practicable and profitable industry. This is valuable information, in view of the rapid depletion of the soft, or, as it is commonly known, the long-neck clam, along the New England shores. Success in the culture is largely a question of a proper food supply, and much depends also on the nature of the ground. Clams will not thrive in a purely sandy bottom; neither will they grow in a soft mud. The bottom must be a mixture with just sand and mud enough to make a firm bed. They will set best, it was found, where there is a rapid current, which keeps any sediment from settling. The current, too, brings more food.

The assertion of Professor Nathaniel Schmidt of Cornell university at the New York State Conference of religion in New York City that he did not believe that the average Sunday school teacher was competent to teach a Sunday school class calls attention to the plan, already in operation to some extent, of employing paid teachers for such work. Within a few days the pastor of a Boston church, where the system of hiring trained teachers for Sunday school instruction has been tried, reported enthusiastically in its favor. In some of the wealthy congregations in and near New York City, there are already paid Sunday school teachers, especially those who have charge of infant classes. By the Boston experiment it was found that good story tellers were the most successful of the paid teachers. The hearty applause that Professor Schmidt received would seem to indicate that an effort to train or secure really competent Sunday school teachers would be a move in the religious field that would command instant approval.

QUEEN VICTORIA IS NO MORE

England's Idolized Ruler Passes To the Great Beyond.

THE GREATEST REIGN IN WORLD'S HISTORY CLOSES

Whole Continent Plunged Into Deepest Sorrow which will Find an Echo From the Civilzed World.

Queen Victoria, beloved ruler of England, is no more. After lingering many hours between life and death—suffering from paralysis—the end came peacefully early Tuesday morning, at Osborne House of Cowes, Isle Wight.

Some time before her dissolution the queen lapsed into unconsciousness and death stole over her like sleep.

The flag which floats over Osborne House was at once dropped to half-mast, advising the anxious throng which crowded the grounds of the palace of the sad fact that the queen was dead.

The bulletins were posted and flashed throughout the kingdom and all parts of the world.

The prince of Wales (heir apparent) and other members of the royal family were gathered at the bedside when dissolution took place.

The scene was a most dramatic and pathetic one.

Thus ended the longest, most prosperious and glorious reign Great Britain has ever known.

QUEEN VICTORIA.

Victoria, queen of great Britain and Ireland and empress of India, was born at Kensington palace, May 24, 1819. She was the only child of Edward, duke of Kent, the fourth son of George III. and Princess Victoria Mary Louisa, of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld. She became heir presumptive to the throne of England on the accession of her uncle, William IV., in 1830, since neither George IV., Frederic or William had surviving children to succeed them. On the death of William IV., June 20, 1837, she became queen of England, and her uncle Ernest, duke of Cumberland, succeeded to the throne of Hanover, as by the Salic law she could not inherit that crown. The crowns of England and Hanover had been worn by the same person for 123 years, or since the accession of George I., in 1714; they now became separated. Queen Victoria was crowned at Westminster abbey on June 28, 1838. She was but little over the legal age of 18 years when she became queen.

On February 10, 1840, she married her cousin, Prince Albert, of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, one of the German states. Parliament voted him the title of prince consort, a bill of naturalization, January 21, 1840, gave him the rights and privileges of an English citizen, and an annuity of £30,000 was granted him for life.

On March 16, 1861, the queen's mother, the duchess of Kent, died. On December 14, 1861, the prince consort died. The queen's grief at her husband's death was so intense that for over fifteen years she did not appear in public or at any court ceremonial, though she did not neglect her duties as sovereign.

Her life of semi-seclusion was passed at Windsor castle or at her summer residence, Balmoral castle, in Scotland. The prince consort was very much endeared to the English people by his practical public spirit and a genuine zeal in all enterprises for the benefit of the people in science, art and along more modern lines of thought and action. He was made a field marshal, knight of the garter, chancellor of the University of Cambridge and invested with other high titles and functions. His business foresight was excellent. He is said to have invested the queen's funds most judiciously in London suburban property and otherwise, so that her private fortune has long been the largest of all owned by the crowned heads of the world. He exercised a wise influence over the queen, without obtrusive dictation.

Queen Victoria bore four sons and five daughters. Victoria Adelaide (1840) married (1858) the crown prince of Prussia, who became emperor of Germany. His brief reign of only about one year was followed by William II, the present "war lord of Europe," Queen Victoria's grandson. His son, Victoria's great-grandson, has attained his legal majority and is now crown prince of Germany.

Albert Edward, prince of Wales (1841) married in 1863 to Princess Alexandra of Denmark.

Alice (1843) married in 1862 to Prince Louis of Hesse-Darmstadt.

Alfred (1844) married in 1874 to Grand Duchess Marie of Russia, only daughter of Czar Alexander II. In 1866 was created duke of Edinburgh, earl of Kent and Ulster. In 1893 succeeded his uncle, Duke Ernst, as ruler of the duchy of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. Died at Rosenau castle, Coburg, July 30, 1900. He was succeeded by the duke of Albany, son of the late Prince Leopold, Queen Victoria's youngest son.

Helena (1846) married in 1866 Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

Louise (1848) married in 1871 to Marquis of Lorne.

Arthur (1850) duke of Connaught, was appointed to succeed General Sir Evelyn Wood in command of Aldershot military district August 12, 1893.

Leopold (1853), deceased.

Beatrice (1857), Queen Victoria's youngest daughter, married Prince Henry of Battenberg, now governor of the Isle of Wight.

In April, 1876, Queen Victoria was authorized by an act proposed by M. Disraeli to assume the title of empress of India. On January 1, 1877, she was formally invested with the title at a magnificent convention of Indian princes, rajans and state officials, held near Delhi, and was so proclaimed at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras. This act closed the existence of the East India Company that had founded and practically governed this mighty Indian empire for two and a half centuries.

Queen Victoria outlived all the members of the privy council and all of the peers holding titles at the time of her ascension. During her reign there have been eleven lord chancellors, ten prime ministers, five archbishops of Canterbury and six of York. In the United States there have been seventeen presidents. In Canada ten viceroys. In France one king, one emperor and six presidents. On the throne of Prussia five kings. In Russia three czars.

"CHRISTIANIZED" COUNCILMEN.

Neglected Civil Duties In Their Religious Enthusiasm.

Because a majority of the city councilmen of Hiawatha, Kas., refused to leave a religious revival meeting and attend the regular weekly council meeting, S. Hunter, mayor, tendered his resignation. Unable to secure a quorum to transact business, he sent a sheriff to the revival to compel the councilmen to present themselves at the city hall. A majority sent word that they "had to attend the revival and could not come."

GIGANTIC LUMBER COMPANY.

Concern Organized in Tennessee to Saw Up 50,000 Acres.

The Tennessee Lumber Manufacturing Company was organized at Bristol Thursday. Pennsylvania capitalists are interested in the enterprise, the leaders being W. S. and A. W. Sheafer, J. M. Edwards and J. W. Beecher, of Pottsville, Pa., and C. J. St. John, of Bristol. The company has 50,000 acres of timber land in Johnson county, Tenn. It will erect a large lumber plant capable of sawing 75,000 feet daily.

PUGILISTIC CODE

Of Military Academy Is Deeply Probed By Investigating Committee.

The congressional committee at West Point, N. Y., probed deep into cadet fighting traditions Friday. Cadet Lynch, of New York, was thoroughly examined by the committeemen, as he is looked upon as the authority on fighting at the academy. When General Dick began to question he became argumentative and shook his finger at the chairman several times when parrying some of the general's mild reproofs.

At times he leaned across the table which separated him from the chairman's table while he spoke in an insolent manner to the general. He upheld the West Point fighting code, and declared that he would fight any man of his size and weight, and said that any man who would not do likewise was not fit to join the army. General Dick exhibited a good deal of forbearance, but finally gave up his questioning in unconcealed disgust after he had given the "fistic expert" a sound piece of advice.

For the first time during the investigation it was shown Friday that there are cadets in the first class who, from the time they entered as plebes, have been opposed to hazing and fighting. Cadet Clarke, of Illinois, testified to this, and said that these practices should be abolished. He was complimented by Mr. Driggs, who said that Clarke was a credit to the academy.

Cadet Douglass MacArthur, who on Thursday strenuously denied having convulsions of hysteria on the occasion of his being violently exercised during the summer encampment of 1899 at the West Point military academy, was called again by the congressional investigation committee and was examined at great length.

RIOTERS SUBDUED

Presence of Troops at Corbin, Kentucky, Puts a Quietus On Feudists.

The presence of the soldiers at Corbin, Ky., had a quieting effect on the citizens or Corbin, and the troops being no longer needed, withdrew Friday night. While members of the Whites and Shotwells are still in Corbin under arms, they are not being interferred with by the soldiers, as they say they have no intention of precipitating trouble.

With the arrest and removal to the Williamsburg jail of five members of the Shotwells and Rollo White, who shot the father of the Shotwell boys on Wednesday last, no further trouble is anticipated. The funerals of the three persons killed Wednesday took place Friday. James Shotwell was buried at his old home, near Rockhold. The sons attended the funeral guarded by soldiers. Sutton Farris was laid to rest near Corbin and Susan Cox, at Grays.

Judge Wilder, acting coroner, began the investigation in the dynamiting of the White store, and the killing of the Cox woman and Sutton Farris. He had before him several witnesses, including Roch White, proprietor of the store which was wrecked, and in which he and Bill White were guarding their brother, who had killed old man Shotwell. White did not know any of the participants in the rioting, and the investigation was not completed. The men wounded by the explosion which wrecked the White store are doing well, their injuries not having been as serious as at first reported.

GET THIRTY YEARS.

Three Murderers of Jennie Bosschelter Get Off Lightly.

Walter C. McAllister, Andrew J. Campbell and William A. Death, three of the four persons indicted for the death of Jennie Bosschieter, a mill girl of Paterson, N. J., who was murdered on the night of October 18th last, were adjudged guilty of murder in the second degree.

According to the New Jersey law, the maximum penalty for the prisoners is thirty years imprisonment. The jury took fourteen ballots.

When the verdict was announced the prisoners exhibited neither elation nor relief. Judge Dixon thanked the jury, and said he believed the verdict a just one.

STUDENT THROWN IN LAKE.

Trouble In Sanford University Breaks Out In New Phase.

The feeling against those who have been condemning the action of Prof. Jordan, of Stanford University, broke out Thursday afternoon among the students. C. D. Montgomery, a junior from the University of Kansas, was seized by a party of fifty or more students and carried to a lake back of the university and thrown in. The water was about five feet deep and Montgomery had no difficulty in getting to shore.

The feeling against Montgomery was caused by his radical talk condemning Dr. Jordan and the university management.

PROMINENT WOMAN SUICIDES.

Widow of Member of Virginia Bar Tires of Earthly Existence.

Mrs. Annie E. Craig, of Staunton, Va., the widow of a distinguished member of the Virginia bar and herself a member of a prominent family, committed suicide early Thursday morning by hanging herself. Wrapping a rope, used for hoisting coal to the upper back porch, around her neck several times, she tied it securely and rolled over the railing.

A GLAD WELCOME TO SENATOR QUAY

His Advent on the Floor Causes Demonstration.

FLOWERS IN GREAT PROFUSION

Hearty Applause and the Glad Hand Freely Given the Victorious Pennsylvanian.

Matthew Stanley Quay, re-elected as a senator from Pennsylvania took the oath of office in the senate Thursday. Mr. Quay had been assigned to the second seat in the back row on the Republican side, the desk formerly occupied by Mr. Hanna, of Ohio.

An hour before the senate convened beautiful floral presents began to be piled on and around the senator's desk. By the time the senate was called to order, the messengers had found it impossible to place to advantage any more of the floral offering.

Not in the history of the senate has a single senator been the recipient of such a profusion of flowers, beautiful in themselves and lavishly elaborate in their arrangement, as the Pennsylvania senator received on this occasion. One of the handsomest pieces was a huge keystone arch of white immortelles, the keystone being of deep red immortelles. It was several feet in height and bore the words: "The Verdict of the People." The flowers were sent to the capitol literally by the wagon load, and it was found impossible to display them in the senate chamber. Many of them were allowed to remain in the corridors.

Just before the senate convened Mr. Quay entered the chamber. As he was recognized by his friends tremendous applause swept over the crowded galleries. It was prolonged for a full half minute. Meantime, Mr. Quay was receiving the cordial congratulations of his colleagues on the floor of the senate.

By this time the senate chamber was thronged by senators and others entitled to the privilege of the floor of the senate. Scores of members of the house had come to the senate side of the capitol to witness the inductment of Mr. Quay into office, among them practically the entire Pennsylvania delegation.

As soon as the senate had convened Mr. Penrose presented the credentials of Mr. Quay and requested that the oath of office be administered to his colleague. As no objection was offered Mr. Penrose escorted Mr. Quay to the desk of the president pro tempore, Mr. Frye. Before taking the oath Mr. Quay shook hands cordially with Mr. Frye.

The president pro tem previously had announced to the people in the galleries that no applause or demonstrations of approval or disapproval would be permitted. Thus no demonstration occurred when Mr. Quay had taken the oath. After he had signed the roll at the desk of the secretary he retired to his seat, where he was overwhelmed with congratulations. Within a few minutes hundreds of people had left the floor and galleries, the floral offerings had disappeared from the chamber and the senate had resumed its wonted appearance.

BECKHAM SENDS TROOPS.

Bloody Riot In Corbin, Kentucky, Was of Large Proportions.

Colonel R. D. Williams, with a composite company of Kentucky state militia numbering eighty men, under command of Captain Henry Hutchinson, with Lieutenant James Dodd, with one section of battery A, ten men with one gatling gun, left Franklin Thursday night for Corbin, in Whitley county, the scene of the wholesale murder and riot of Wednesday night. The militia are under sealed orders from Governor Beckham and will report to sheriff Sutton, of Whitley county, for duty in the maintainance of peace and gaurding the prisoners.

Steel Trust on Tapis.

The first steps in the formation of a $2,000,000 combination of four existing steel and wire companies were taken Thursday afternoon at a secret meeting in the offices of the Federal Steel company in New York.

BRITONS RAISE THE BLACK FLAG.

"Stop the War" Committee Passes a Red-Hot Resolution.

The "stop the war" committee at London has passed the following resolution:

"Orders which a British officer reports he personally received reveal the adoption by Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener of a policy having for its aim the extermination of a heroic nationality by starving its women and children and the deliberate massacre of unarmed prisoners."

The latter clause alludes to General Kitchener's alleged secret orders to General Dewet's pursuers to take no prisoners.

MRS. NATION RELEASED.

County Attorney Will Not Prosecute Erratic Saloon Wrecker.

A dispatch from Wichita, Kan., says: The county attorney has dismissed the charge against Mrs. Carrie Nation. He says:

"The mind of the defendant is much impaired and she labors under a delusion to such an extent as to be irresponsible. Further confinement in jail would not improve her condition of mind."

WE HAVE TURNED FROM OLD PATHS

Such Is the Declaration of Ex-President Cleveland.

AT HOLLAND SOCIETY DINNER

"There Is Need of Dutch Conservatism to Steady Popular Impulse," He Says.

The Holland Society in New York held its sixteenth annual dinner at the Waldorf Astoria Thursday night. The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, president of the society, presided. To his right sat ex-President Cleveland. There were 600 persons present.

Mr Cleveland prefaced his remarks with an acknowledgement that on occasions as this he was a stranger and pleaded as an excuse the burden of great responsibilities in his office and the need of "Dutch conservatism to steady popular impulse" he referred to "this time of heady national heedlessness."

Mr Cleveland said in part:

"The question is suggested whether in present conditions this conservatism characterizes the country and guides the sentiment of our people. There can be but one answer to this question. Conservatism has in no degree been jauntily cast aside or condemned as opposed to our country's welfare and glory. A venturesome voyage has been entered upon without count of cost and without chart or compass. The tried and sure features of our liberty and national life have been discredited. Reverence for our national traditions has been relaxed and satisfaction with our country's mission has been undermined.

"War, even with the world's most advanced civilization, may still be at times necessary and justifiable, but the demoralization that follows in its train can never be evaded. It leaves bloody instructions, which, in a country whose citizens do the fighting, will not fail to leave their impress for a time upon public and private life in time of peace.

"Thirty years after the close of our war for the preservation of the Union a treaty of arbitration was formed between the United States and Great Britain which, if completed, would have gone far toward removing the pretext of war between the two countries. This treaty failed of confirmation in the senate of the United States. Less than five years passed and English speaking champions of peace and arbitration are still operating on parallel lines—one in the Philippines and the other in South Africa—longer for peace and arbitration. Both are killing natives in an effort to possess their lands.

"This indicates a sad relapse from our case it is a most serious one. If England succeeds in her attempt in South Africa, she will but add another to her list of similar acquisitions. The brave host will be subjugated in the cause of our engagement in a similar venture in another quarter will miss the expression of American sympathy which we are accustomed to extend to those who struggle for home, life and independence.

"On the other hand, with success of our subjugating effort a new, strange and exceedingly perilous situation will be forced upon us. We can't govern the Philippines, and after conquering them can probably govern them as a distinguished bishop has said, the question is not what we shall do with the Philippines, but what the Philippines will do to us.'

"Our country will never be the same again. For weal or woe, we have already irrevocably passed beyond old lines.

"The problem is a momentous one. In the mid-st of reckless tumult and the confused rage of national pride and bloodiness, let it be proven that American freedom and popular rule cannot perish except through the madness of those who have taken their keeping, and by the blood sacrifice of our fathers, by the achievements of the free institutions they established, by our glorious victories of peace and by our reliance on the promise of God, let Dutch conservatism enjoin upon our people a faithful discharge of their sacred trust."

USURER REMEMBERS NEGROES

Noted London Shylock Directs Poor Be Looked After.

Samuel Lewis, the London money lender and usurer, who died a few days ago, left £4,000,000 ($20,000,000), all of which goes, under his will, to his widow with the exception of £100,000 which is divided among relatives.

In his will he expressed a wish that his widow should give in his name £400,000 to provide dinners for the poor of all creeds, £250,000 to the Prince of Wales hospital fund, £100,000 to the Jewish board of guardians of London, £200,000 to various hospitals.

MISS ROCKEFELLER A BRIDE

Multi-Millionaire's Daughter Weds Chicago Lawyer.

Miss Rockefeller, daughter of John D. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, was married Thursday afternoon at the residence of her parents in New York city, to E. Parmlee Prentice, a lawyer of Chicago. The reception was attended only by relatives, school friends of the bride and intimates of Mrs. Rockefeller's friends.

ARP'S LETTER

Wedding Bells Are a Joyful Sound to Bartow Philosopher.

MATRIMONIAL VENTURES

Some of the Needful Provisions, and Other Interesting Features of a Regulation Wedding.

Wedding bells have been ringing here for some time. Their joyous music always excites the good people and everybody talks about the coming event. Mothers, wives and daughters are specially interested, for it is the lady who has most at stake who has most at stake who has most at stake

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The bridal trosseaus and the g gifts have especial considera- d are carefully inspected. What rence between man and woman such things What a difference n my wife and I. It was of concern to me whether the apparel cost a thousand dollars ndred Just so she was dress- good taste and wore a few pretty ents was enough for me.

e to see a pretty woman dressed ay that you can tell pretty well uch of her is clothes and how is flesh and blood. Padding and ets may fool a man in a new stance, but a home girl can't ybody We see them ride and nd stand up and sit down and ound and we can measure them e David Harum measured a

The modern style of dress is more pleasing to men than the le of hoop skirts and bustles. g is lacking now but to shorten ir walking frocks so that they drag behind and sweep up the lks with all their filth of cigar s and quids and bacteria and rated germs of expectorated ption When I see a girl's dragging along I suspect that pigeon-toed or box-ankled and to hide it. My wife never wore that way in her life, for she a number two shoe and steps deer.

It is a woman's nature to love ent. She cannot help it and it n. John Wesley tried to cure her the discipline, but he couldent line about ornaments and jewelry her finery is a dead letter. I have ted that may be he was so hard wife about such things, and why she quit him. What a ble time those women had in ys of the Puritans when a pretty d to wear a plain black dress to a home-made straw hood like a coal scuttle on her head, t an ear ring nor a breast pin en a string of glass beads around ck.

creator adorned the earth with and studded the heavens with He gave the birds their beauplumage and taught them to sing r pleasure. There are diamonds mines and pearls in the ocean course they were made for wo- We men care nothing about hings. I wouldent give ten dol- r a bushel of them, but my wife nto rapture over them and would verything she has got for them, her children and may be me.

man is a curious and peculiar n. I have been studying them ty years and don't fully under- them yet. They are very near and very dear to us, but very un- their devotional nature; their f the beautiful; their long suf- under trial and adversity. They lingly and eagerly to the mar- altar when they know that theirs the peril and theirs to be all the nd care and grief that inevita- mes to a wife and mother. I pondered over all this and if I woman and had only a man's in- and emotions I would not mar- man upon earth.

is the God-given maternal in- that persuades and forces a wo- to marry. She will launch her upon the stream and take her es to jump the waterfalls. She harry even against her judgment e pleadings of her friends. She not realize the force of this ma- instinct, but it impels and con- her. My little granddaughters perfectly happy with their dolls, play with them by day and sleep them by night. A little four- old said to me last night, "Gam- on't take dolly away from me till fast asleep." Little boys care g about dolls. They want balls rums and firecrackers and guns ething that will make a noise.

man loves a woman and marries but there is not a particle of pa- instinct influencing him. The mother hugs her first born to osom and is happy. The young takes the advent of the child as her of course, but not of choice, rse of time the little one grows avor and he becomes attached to d even proud of it, but there is ternal instinct. The true woman to be a mother. She is not con- with one child. She wants another mother and another. Two chil- double her love and therefore her iness, and finally when she has no little one to fondle, her maternal laps over to her grandchildren, he would claim them if she could. Wilcox wrote a lamentation on Decay of the Maternal Instinct in New England," asserting that the women up there did not wish for children, and there was hardly a household that had more than one or two—just enough to inherit the father's estate.

When that decays everything else decays. A town or city or a state without children—a natural complement of children—is on the down grade. To arrest or impede the coming of children is a violation of the law of God.

The earth must be peopled by honorable marriage. Milton says "Hail, wedded Love—true source of human offspring." And again he says of marriage, "It is the sum of earthly bliss." Other cynical old poets make sport of it and call it a "lottery." An institution where those who are out wish to get in and those who are in wish to get out." Some of our modern poets ask the question, "Is marriage a failure?" and discuss it in prose and poetry. Well, suppose that it is, what is to be done about it? Who is going to stop it? How shall the earth be peopled when we all die off? What kind of incubators do they propose to substitute?

Emerson says "All the world loves a lover," and that is why the good people of every community flock to witness a marriage ceremony. Everybody loves the happy couple then and wishes them joy. Will he be kind to her, and there is a smothered thought in every mother's mind.

Dr. Gaines of the Agnes Scott Institute gave us a discourse the other day on the importance of educating our girls. It was deeply entertaining and convincing. How comes it that six times as much money is invested in giving our boys a high education as there is for our girls? Who are our educators at home and in our public schools? Sixty-six per cent. of all the teachers in Georgia are women and they should have the best opportunities to fit them for their vocation.

Who teaches the children until they can go to school. The mothers—the patient loving mothers all over the land, while the fathers are in the field, the counting room, the workshop, or maybe at the club or the billiard table. Why should the female colleges be neglected by the state? Who are doing the most good in the school room, the church, the Sunday school or by the fireside in the establishing and perpetuating morality and virtue among the children? Is it the boys who come from college or the girls who cannot go, but have to be content with such education as they can get at home.

Well, the good doctor gave us food for thought, and when he closed I felt a wish that I was rich so that I might enable every good girl to get a higher education than she can get at home. When will we have a legislature that will have heart enough to give to woman all of her rights? The marriageable girls ought to form a trust and vow to marry nobody until their rights were recognized. If it wasent for the maternal instinct they would.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

The annual report of the English commissioners of prisons, which has just been published, gives some instructive criminal statistics. The English prisons act of 1898 made a number of changes in existing methods, all of them tending toward a lessening of severity. Among other changes corporal punishment was much restricted and the prison dietary improved. The present report shows that instead of leading to the immediate increase of minor offenses, which was predicted by many, there has been a considerable decrease in this form of crime, and there are now 4632 less convicts in English prisons than there were a year ago, the figures being for 1900, 169,367, and for 1899, 173,999. The number of prisoners received during the year per 100,000 of the population were, in England, 581; in Ireland, 839, and in Scotland, 1386.

A Massachusetts leather man predicts an easing down of the price of sole leather very soon, on account of the invention of a New England genius. Sole leather grows on beasts in very limited quantities, and it is hard to get enough of it. The invention is to use leather scraps of all sorts for the manufacture of good, serviceable sole leather. The scraps are worthless for all practical purposes, and generally rot in the streets and alleys. But a machine has been devised that tears them into shreds and makes them into pulp, which is run out under great pressure in continuous sheets of good sole leather. A fall in the price of sole leather is predicted as the result of this discovery of a way to use the scraps.

Zadkiel, in his illustrious astrological almanac, proscribes several days in each month as days on which it is advisable to "avoid superiors." But here comes Rev. Edward Everett Hale with some new rules of conduct, one of which is, "Talk every day with a man whom you know to be your superior." Probably it will be the better part of wisdom to subscribe to Dr. Hale's precept. He is a notorious optimist, a man of unusually confident tomorrows, and his present advice is but another application of his old rule, "Look up and not down."

HUMAN HAIR ODDITIES.

IT GROWS SIX OR SEVEN INCHES IN A YEAR.

About 120,000 Hairs in the Normal Scalp —Blond Hair is the Finest and Most Thickly Set—Gray Hairs Have Air Bubbles.

"It is a popular notion, sedulously fostered by the barbers who get an extra fee for singeing, that the hair is a tube, and that when it is cut off it bleeds, and the natural vitality of it dribbles out into the atmosphere. I think people have often been shown the hollowness of hairs when they have looked at them through a microscope. If you can overcome your conviction that all this world affords is hollow and unsubstantial and are able to understand that most people looking through a microscope can see exactly what they are told they will see, you will be pleased to hear that the human hair is a solid bundle of epithelial cells, the inner ones being rather more loosely packed like pith. Gray hairs have air bubbles in their outer layers. Blond hair is the finest and most thickly set. Black hair is less so, and red hair is the coarsest and most sparsely planted. The human hair is not a perfect cylinder and the flatter it is the more natural curl it has, and, being affected by dampness, the more it kinks up. The hair grows six or seven inches in a year, but the reason why a woman's hair is not five feet longer to-day than it was ten years ago is that each person seems to have a definite normal length beyond which the hair refuses to grow even if you put on the very best lotion you can buy for a dollar a bottle. When a hair thinks it is about long enough it drops out and you find it stuck fast on the soap-dish or the stationary washbowl, wriggling with delight at your efforts to pick it off with your wet fingers.

It does not discourage a hair to be plucked out by the roots, as ladies who have a tendency to grow mustaches will bear me out. It simply gets angry and comes in again coarser than ever. That is because what keeps the hair going is something that cannot very well be got at from the surface of the skin. It is a little papilla, 1-180th of an inch long, away down at the bottom of the hair tube. Nothing that can be dabbed on the skin can get down there either to harm or help it. The only way to remove such hair is to make up your mind to spend money and to have an unpleasant time. Go to a physician and let him kill off the growth of each hair with an electric needle. I hope you will enjoy yourself. It is like tattooing in its sensations. There have been some ladies that have removed mustaches from their lips—I mean their own mustaches—by taking a needle and heating it in the flame of a lamp and thrusting it into each individual hair gland and so killing the papillae. They get it red hot, you know, and they also get tiny particles of lamp black on the needle, and it leaves a delicate tattooing effect that is very striking. I don't know why it is that I want to laugh about this, because you know it is not a bit funny to the girl to have her lip hurt so and then find out that in taking away the mustache that she might have shaved off every day, she has left an artificial mustache that nothing can remove. It is really a serious matter, but I always want to laugh just the same.

"In some diseases of the scalp such as favus it is necessary to pluck out the hairs in order to get at the skin, and it is on record that one little girl had to have 70,000 of them pulled out by the roots before she got well. As there are only about 120,000 in the whole scalp, and this was only one little patch, it is easy to see that plucking out a hair does not mean the ultimate extinction of hair on that spot.

"Beard appears to grow at the same rate and to follow the sale rules of personal conduct as the hair of the head. So if a man began shaving when he was sixteen and lives to be seventy years old, he will have cut more than a little bit off the top. If he could keep in position all he has thrown away, a head of hair thirty-five feet long and beard twenty-seven feet long, all in one bunch, would enable him to travel with a circus summers and sit in a store window to advertise a hair restorer in the winter. I don't know but he could get into the United States Senate, although I hear that they don't run so much to whiskers there now as they did a while ago."—Harvey Sutherland in Ainslee's.

Jim Fisk's Flagship.

Stripped of her ornaments and bereft of her old-time splendor, says the Providence Journal, the once magnificent, new, stanch, commodious and palatial steamer Providence, flagship of "Jim" Fisk's fleet, and one of the queens of the sound, now lies at the Lonsdale wharf, to be the home of rats and slowly rot away. The old steamboat came to this port yesterday and made her last dock. Unable to compete with the latter day floating hotels that float so fast over the green waters between Long Island and the Connecticut shore, the old Providence has crawled off to die, and her last days will be spent in this city that gave her name.

The state of Ohio expends $14,000,000 annually on its 1,200,000 school children. Of this fund Cincinnati pays $1,000,000.

Every cloud may have a silver lining, but every opportunity is not golden.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Entering the Gate—Exultant Admission Awaits Those Who Have Lived For Others, While the Bigot and Penurious Will Barely Squeeze Through.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In a very novel way Dr. Talmage in his discourse describes what may be expected in the next world by those who here bend all their energies in the right direction; text, II Peter i, 11, "For so an entrance shall be ministered unto you abundantly."

Different styles of welcome at the gate of heaven are here suggested. We all hope to enter that supernal capital through the grace that is ready to save even the chief of sinners, but not now. No man healthy of body and mind wants to go now. The man who hurls himself out of this life is either an agnostic or is demented, or finds life insufferable, and does not care where he lands. This is the best world we ever got into, and we want to stay here as long as God will let us stay. But when the last page of the volume of our earthly life is ended we want enrollment in heavenly citizenship. We want to get in easily. We do not want to be challenged at the gate and asked to show our passports. We do not want the gatekeeper in doubt as to whether we ought to go in at all. We do not want to be kept in the portico of the temple until consultation is made as to where we came from and who we are and whether it is safe to admit us, lest we be a discord in the eternal harmonies or lower the spirit of heavenly worship. When the Apostle Peter in the text addresses the people, "For so an entrance shall be administered unto you abundantly," he implies that some will find admission into heaven easy, rapturous and acclamatory, while others will have to squeeze through the gate of heaven, if they get in at all. They will arrive anxious and excited and apprehensive and wondering whether it will be "Come!" or "Go!" The Bible speaks of such persons as "scarcely saved," and in another place as "saved as by fire," and in another place as escaped "by the skin of the teeth."

Carrying out the suggestion of my text, I propose to show you what classes of Christians will get into heaven with a hard push and those who will bound in amid salutations infinite. In the first class I put that man who gets into the kingdom of God at the close of a life all given to worldliness and sin. Years ago he made the resolution that he would serve himself and serve the world until body, mind and soul were exhausted, and then, just before going out of this life, would seek God and prepare to enter heaven. He carries out his resolution. He genuinely repents the last day or the last hour or the last minute of his life. He takes the last seat in the last car of the last train bound heavenward. His released and immortal spirit ascends. Not one wing bears down toward him with a welcome. No sign of gladness at his arrival. None there obligated to him for kindness done or alms distributed or spiritual help administered. He will find some place to stay, but I do not envy that man his heaven. He got in, but it was not an abundant entrance.

Sometimes in our pulpits we give a wrong turn to the story of the dying thief to whom Christ said: "This day shalt thou be with Me in paradise." We ought to admire the mercy of the Christ that pardoned him in the last hour, but do not let us admire the dying thief. When he was arrested I think his pockets were full of stolen coin and the coat he had on his back was not his own. He stole right on until he was arrested for his crimes. He repented, and through great mercy arose to paradise, but he was no example to follow. What a gigantic meanness to devote the wondrous equipment of brain and nerve and muscle and bone with which we are endowed, these miracles of sight and hearing and speech, to purposes unworthy or profane and then, through hasty repentance at the last enter heaven. Cheating God all one's lifetime and then taking advantage of a bankrupt law and made free of all liabilities. I should think that some men would be ashamed to enter heaven.

Again, the bigot will not have what my text calls an abundant entrance. He has his bedwarfed opinion as to what all must believe and do in order to gain celestial residence. He has his creed in one pocket and his catechism in another pocket, and it may be a good creed and a good catechism, but he uses them as sharp swords against those who will not accept his theories. You must be baptized in his way or come to him through apostolic succession or be foreordained of eternity or you are in an awful way. He shrivels up and shrivels up and becomes more splenetic until the time of his departure is at hand. He has enough of the salt of grace to save him, but his entrance into heaven will be something worth watching. What do they want with him in heaven, where they have all gone into eternal catholicity, one grand commingling of Methodists and Baptists and Episcopalians and Lutherans and Congregationalists and Presbyterians and a score of other denominations just as good as any I have mentioned? They all join in the halleluiah chorus, accompanied by harpers on their harps and trumpeters on their trumpets, "Worthy is the Lamb that was slain to receive blessing and riches and honor and glory and power."

Denominations of Christians on earth were necessary in order to better work and to suit preferences, as an army must be divided into regiments, yet one army; as a neighborhood must be divided into families, though one neighborhood. But there is no need for such divisions in heaven, and therefore all belong to one denomination of sainthood. What will be the bigot's amazement when he sees seated side by side on the banks of the river of life Calvin and Arminius, Archbishop Cranmer and some dissenting preacher of the gospel who never graduated, one who on earth was a robed and surpliced ecclesiastic, and a backwoods minister who in the log cabin meeting house preached in a linen duster? Among the great surprises of heaven for the bigot will be the celestial friendliness of those who on earth opposed each other in wrathiest polemics. He will get through the gate, for he has a spark of divine grace in his heart, but there will not be an inch of room to spare on either side of him. It will not take long for heaven to educate him into a glorious big heartedness.

Again, the penurious Christian will not have an abundant entrance. Perhaps he was not converted until all his habits of tight fistedness were fixed beyond recovery. The people who are generous were taught to be generous in childhood. You can tell from the way that boy divides the apple what his characteristics for generosity or meanness will be for the next eighty years if he lives so long. If he eat it all himself while others look wistfully on, he will be a Shylock. If he give half of it to some one who has no apple he will be an ordinarily generous man. If he give three-fourths of it to another, he will be a Baron Hirsch or a George Peabody.

For thirty years this man has been practicing an economy which prided itself on never passing a pin without picking it up, and if he responded at all in church would put on the collection plate so insignificant a coin that he held his hand over it so that no one could discover the smallness of the denomination. Somewhere in the drive or station of his life, during a revival of religion, he became a Christian. He is very much changed in most respects, but his old shrivling acquisitiveness still influences him. To extract from him a gift for an orphanage or a church or a poor woman who has just been burnt out is an achievement.

But the day is coming for that penurious Christian's departure from the world. He has an awful struggle in giving up his Government securities. The attorney who drew his last will and testament saw how hard it was for him to leave his farm or his storehouse or investments, especially those that in the markets are called gilt-edged. Those that yield only three per cent. he easily resigns to the care of his executors, but those that yield eight or nine or ten per cent., how can he give them up while the market is still rising? Bolstered up in bed, knowing he has got to sign it, he reads the document over and over again, and then, with a manner that seems to say, "Well, if I must I must," he signs his name to that surrender of his last farthing of earthly possessions. He enters heaven, but he has not an abundant entrance.

But that brings me to the other thought of my text, that there are those who will when they leave this life bound into heaven amid salutations infinite. "For an entrance shall be administered unto you abundantly." Such exaltant admission will await those who enter heaven after on earth living a life for others and without reference to conspicuity.

I asked the manager of an insane asylum in Kentucky, "From what class of persons do you get most of your patients?" and he said, "From farmers' wives." I asked the same question of the manager of an insane asylum in Pennsylvania and the same question of the manager of an insane asylum in Massachusetts and got the same reply. "We have on our rolls for treatment more farmers' wives than persons coming from any other class." That answer will be a surprise to some. It was no surprise to me.

Well, this man of consecrated affluence is about to go out of this world. He feels in brain and nerve the strain of the early struggles by which he won his fortune, and at sixty or seventy years collapses under the exhaustions of the twenties and thirties of his lifetime. When the morning papers announce that he is gone there is excitement not only on the avenues where the mansions stand, but all through the hospitals and asylums and the homes of those who will henceforth have no helper. But the excitement of sadness on earth is a very tame affair compared with the excitement of gladness in heaven. The guardian angel of that good man's life swept by his dying pillow the night before and on swift wing upward announced that in a few hours he would arrive, and there is a mighty stir in heaven. "He comes!" cries seraph to seraph. The King's heralds are at the gates to say, "Come, ye blessed," and souls who were saved through the churches that good man supported and hundreds who went up after being by him helped in their earthly struggle will come down off their thrones and out of their palaces and through the streets to hail him into the land which they reached some time before through his Christian philanthropy. Now, that is what I call an abundant entrance. You see, it is not necessary to be a failure on earth in order to be a success in heaven.

But I promise that all those who have lived for others and been truly Christian, whether on a large scale or a small scale, will have illustrious introduction into the unpearled gateway. Here and there in some large family you see an attractive daughter who declines marriage that she may take care of father and mother in old days. This is not an abstraction. I have known such. You have probably known such. There are in this world womanly souls as big as that. They cheerfully endure the whimsicalities and querulousness which sometimes characterize the aged and watch nights when pneumonia is threatened and are eyes to the blind and sit in close rooms lest the septuagenarian be chilled and count out the right number of drops at the right time.

After years of filial fidelity on the part of this self sacrificing daughter the old folks go home. Now the daughter is free from marital alliance, but the damask rose in her cheek is faded, and the crow's feet have left their mark on the forehead, and the gracefulness is gone out of the figure, and the world calls her by a mean and ungallant name. But, my Lord and my God, surely Thou wilt make it up for that girl in heavenly reward! On all the banks of the river of life there is no castle of emerald and carbuncle richer than that which awaits her. Its windows look right out upon the King's park, and the white horses of the chariot are being harnessed to meet her at the gate, and if there are no others to meet her father and mother will be there to thank her for all she did for them when their strength failed and the grasshopper became a burden, and they will say: "My daughter, how kind you were to us even until the last! How good it is to be together in heaven! That is the King's chariot come for you. Mount and ride to your everlasting home!" Now, that is what I call an abundant entrance.

Know right well that in whatever station of life you now move, and whether your intellectual faculty be brilliant or dull, and your worldly resources opulent or poor, you may have at the gate of heaven jubilant and triumphant reception. All soldiers cannot be Hannibals and Marlboroughs, all admirals cannot be Duponts and Farraguts, all authors cannot be Bacons and Southeys, neither can all Christians be Pauls and Richard Cecils. Do your best right where you are, asking God's help, and you will not only win glorious admission, but you will make all your life in heaven a grander and higher life.

Oh, child of God, if you had never thought of it before, I present the startling fact that you are now deciding not only the style of your heavenly reception, but the grade of your association and enjoyment of the world without end. Are you satisfied with yourself that you can afford to throw away raptures and ignore heavenly possibilities and elect yourself to lower status and classify yourself amid the less efficient when you may mount a higher heaven?

While I thus discourse I am aware that some have not taken the first step toward heaven, and they feel like Jacob Strawn, who took some ministers of the gospel on the top of his house to show his farms, reaching in every direction as far as eye could see. He was asked how many acres he owned, and he replied, 40,000. "How much is it worth per acre?" was asked, and he replied, "Fifty dollars, at least." "Then," said the minister, "you are worth $2,000,000." "Yes," said Strawn, "and I made it all myself." Then the minister said, "You have shown me these earthly possessions, and now will you look up yonder," pointing to the heavens. "How much do you own up there?" and Strawn answered, with tears in his eyes, "Oh, I am afraid I am poor up there." Alas, how many there are who have acquired all earthly prosperities and advantages, but have no treasures in heaven. They are poor up there.

But I am to-day chiefly addressing those who are started for heaven and would have them know that while we are apt to speak of a Lamphier, the founder of Fulton street prayer meetings, as having an abundant entrance, and Thomas Welch and Fletcher, the glorious preachers of the gospel, as having an abundant entrance, you also, if you live and serve the Lord and fulfill your mission, whether it be applauded or unknown, will have when your work on earth is ended and you are called to come up higher an easy, a blissful, an enrapturing, an abundant entrance.

CONKLIN'S NUGGETS

JUST A GIRL'S WAY.

A maiden with an anxious heart
Sat waiting patiently;
At every sound she gave a start,
Exclaiming: "Ah! 'tis he!"

At last he came and sat and sat,
And when she loomed in sight
She cried: "I'd quite forgotten that
You said you'd come to-night."
—Chicago Times-Herald.

USEFUL.

"Then you are not ashamed of your humble origin?"

"Oh, no; it's part of my political capital."—Chicago Record.

GETS IT.

"Variety," said the man who never thinks for himself, "is the spice of life."

"I envy you," said Miss Cayenne.

"You envy me what?"

"Your enjoyment of this climate."—Washington Star.

ONE AT A TIME.

The Editor—Heavens, man! It needs to be cut down!

The Author—If I thought that was the only objection—

The Editor—Well, cut it down, and I'll look for another!—Puck.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

Hewitt—That girl in the print dress is a poem.

Jewett—She differs from most poems.

Hewitt—How is that?

Jewett—Most poems don't get into print.—Brooklyn Life.

THE MOTIVE IN DOUBT.

"Do you think Mrs. Outdoors likes golf?"

"I don't know. The other day she was poking the fire with her husband's pet driver. I can't decide whether it was sentiment or revenge."

TOO MUCH.

"I wish to tell you a stdry I have just heard," said Squilldig to McSwilligen. "You'll simply die of laughter."

"But I don't want to be tickled to death," objected the latter.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

THE CAUSTIC CRITIC.

The young author was reading from his manuscript.

"At this," he read, "Maude De Vere drew herself up."

"Where did she get the pulley?" asked the caustic critic.—Chicago Post.

WHEN FRIENDS MEET.

Tess—I thought you said May Nagger married a good-natured man.

Jess—So she did.

Tess—Nonsense! I met him last evening and I thought he was cross as a bear.

Jess—Well, he's been married to May nearly four months now, you know.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE CYNICAL PERSON.

"Did you ever meet a woman who insisted on forever talking about herself?" asked the Young Thing.

"No," said the Cynical Person. "Any I have come in contact with insisted on talking about their neighbors."—Philadelphia Record.

MYSTERY.

I fairly trembled with joy to think of my enemy's discomfiture.

"You will bring the foul crime home to him," I hissed.

"No; we merely deliver it f. o. b.!" said the detective, very mysteriously.

At this my brain reeled.—Detroit Journal.

A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

Her Father—You have been paying attentions to my daughter. You haven't proposed yet?

His Lordship—Not yet, sir.

Her Father—Now, let us come right down to business. What will you take not to propose?—Brooklyn Life.

DEPENDS ON THE SEX.

"Why do you say that bonnet is adorable?" he demanded, irritably. "That's not the word to use. You might as well say it is lovable, and you can't love a bonnet."

"You can't," she replied, quietly, "but I can."—Chicago Post.

WELL INFORMED.

"Is the correspondent of that publication a well-informed man?"

"I should say so!" was the answer. "Half the time he's the only person in the world who knows whether what he tells is true or not."—Washington Star.

The people of Berlin are now
joying the benefit of a uniform
car fare of two and a half
any distance within the limits
great city.

Stock.

During the past century
lives, $125,000,000 and
been lost in frullless
the north pole.

Fur-
Shirts
Hardware

Talk of send-
America is
many for
-lly and well.
It is no
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being
how

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

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The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

THE Legislature reconvenes next Tuesday, the 29th instant.

THE Chilton county road law may not need mending, but certainly some of our roads do.

IF you want to get a determined crowd in Chilton county all you need to do is to talk stock law. That'll fetch 'em.

WE received a money order from Randolph last Saturday, but the sender omitted to say who it was from or what it was for. Will be glad to have further particulars.

A MEETING of the citizens of Clanton has been called for Friday night, 25th inst., at the court house for the purpose of discussing the general interests of the town. Everybody is invited.

PROHIBITION continues a prominent feature in Clanton, and there is a diminution in the number of jugs openly received lately. If our Prohibition friends can convince every man in the county that whiskey is the best left alone we will rejoice with them. But conviction is one thing and Prohibition is another.

WILLIAM Jennings Bryan's new paper, "The Commoner" made its first appearance on Wednesday. It starts with 50,000 paid up subscriptions from all parts of the Union. Mr. Bryan will shortly make a tour of Europe for the purpose of studying conditions there and publishing a series of articles on them in his paper.

THE Creek Indians in the Indian Territory are up in arms and are threatening the whites. Federal troops have been called for and bloodshed is feared. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs receiv- a dispatch from Agent Shoen- of Muskogee, I. T., advising the serious trouble among ks and urging immediate to quell the outbreak. t says that the disap- Indians known as have established a elected officers, n have murder- and intimi- warrants of k Indians, nts.

DEATH OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Victoria, Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, and Empress of India, is no more. A noble life is ended, and not only the four hundred millions of British subjects mourn, but in sympathy with them the civilized world deplores the loss of a good woman. For nearly sixty-four years Victoria has been the nominal head of the great British empire, the reins of power really being in the hands of the premier and cabinet. But while the actual power of the soverign is very limited under the workings of the British government, the influence which can be exerted by the sovereign is of immense importance; and in this respect Queen Victoria was an ideal woman. Her influence was never used to attempt to thwart the will of the people. This is one reason why she was adored and venerated by all classes of her subjects in every part of the empire. But above this she was a womanly woman. She loved her home and children, and set an example as wife and mother which compels the admiration and respect of all true men and women. She was a woman of sound common sense and wise discretion. When we consider how closely allied she was to nearly all the reigning families of Europe, and how the interests and petty jealousies of each of them had to be humored and parried to avoid international complications, it needed a woman of exceptionally firm mind and even temperament to hold them in check. Such a woman was Queen Victoria, and there is no telling how often, by her tact and clear judgment, she kept the empire free from trouble. she is gone, and in her place Edward VII reigns. No longer will the British people sing "God save the Queen," but in its stead "God save the King."

THE PRESS

Rev. M. A. Matthews, of Jackson, Tenn., one of the ablest ministers of the South, preached a sermon recently on "The Press." Among other good things he said:

"The press is the world's greatest benefactor, the unfortunate's greatest protector, humanitie's greatest defender, societie's keenest pleasure and commerce's most effectual promoter. God bless the press. May He be praised for giving to the world this indispensible handmaid to the public. It is wise to use the press freely.

"The newspaper is the only ultimate and profitable medium through which to advertise. The press belongs to God, and never before in the history of the world did it so fully realize that as it does today. It is doing the evangelist work with every issue of the paper.

"Let the church support with prayer and money this God ordaining agent. The man who refuses to pay his subscription, after he has received the paper, should be excommunicated and made to sit in total darkness for one year."

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cures cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Waddy Warbles.

Miss Bettie Young paid Union a flying visit Sunday. Mr Sampey Driver paid us a visit Sunday.

Miss Nora Littlefield and cousin visited here Wednesday. Rev Thomas preached to a large crowd Sunday. Miss Claud Willis is spending a few weeks with her sister in Baltic. Miss Lizzie Willis has gone to spend the winter with her sister in Texas. Mr. Harvey Sorrell was a pleasant visitor here Sunday. Mrs Laura Cleckler visited here Saturday. Mr. Frank Robinson is in the city again. Messrs. Littleton & Blow are now ready for business. They are sawing lumber at cash prices. SWEETHEART.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

EVENING IN FAIRYLAND.

What a transformation will come at night! In the daylight picture, the artist uses heavy, dark paint to give shadow effect on various parts of the buildings; but at night, the unbroken gloom is of greater density, and under the brilliancy of the electric illumination, new and startling effects are created. The outlines of the domes, the towers and the turrets against the sky disappear when night settles, and in the place of these familiar outlines, comes the circles, the semi-circles, horizontal and perpendicular lines and the brilliant bursts of illumination from the myriads of electric lights placed with great skill and artistic effects. Truly, this night scene of the Pan-American Exposition is destined to be one of the most remarkable ever witnessed by humanity. It will be beautiful beyond description. Incandescent lamps will be used to create the effect, and these will give a softness, a delicacy, a beauty to the lines and figures that all will appreciate. Under the influence of their light many features about the various buildings, which, during the day, passed almost, if not quite unnoticed, will be brought into prominence. The illumination to the square foot of space at the Pan-American Exposition will be greater than at any previous Exposition, which is itself suggestive of the many wonderful effects that will be accomplished by the use of the transmitted electric power from Niagara Falls. The thousands of incandescent lamps to be used on the domes, the towers and the turrets will give a starriness to the night picture that one will love to linger and look at, while the exterior illumination of the general surface of the buildings will add to the thorough enjoyment of all. Concealed lamps deftly hidden by the skilled electrician, will cast their rays so that the visitor will think he is looking upon a figure that is transparent, while the fact will be that the light rays are wholly on the surface. As mysterious as is electricity equally fascinating and beautiful will be the electrical effect at the Pan-American Exposition.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

You can count your friends by your dollars.

Rheumatism.

Nobody knows all about it; and nothing, now known, will always cure it.

Doctors try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, when they think it is caused by imperfect digestion of food. You can do the same.

It may or may not be caused by the failure of stomach and bowels to do their work. If it is, you will cure it; if not, you will do no harm.

The way, to cure a disease is to stop its cause, and help the body get back to its habit of health.

When Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil does that, it cures; when it don't, it don't cure. It never does harm.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution along as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, farmers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward them, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

Bent Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes, "seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restored me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton, Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Poplar Springs.

Rev. W. J. Armstrong filled his regular appointment at Concord Sunday. Had a good congregation.

Mr. Edgar McKee, of Sylacauga, is at home now.

Mr W P. Partillo, of Jumbo, visited friends near here Sunday.

Preparations for farming are going on in our community.

Some of our boys have been bird thrashing, report a total failure No more. NEW COMER.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.
Department of the Interior.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
January 18th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks, Homestead entry, No 30673, for the Nw ¼ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt, W. E. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at Clanton drug store.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself.

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, grand-fathers and all boy's suits from 75c up; men's suits from

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard, in pink, blue, cream and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c, ing, EE, 5c; calicoes, 5c, a nice quilt top for 40cents.

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50; shoes from 75c to $3.00

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color; infant hoods, men's hats from 75c up $3.50, water proof in black, blue, inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard; 1 pound of candy for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the lowest we carry nothing but reliable goods and anything that is not we will make it alright. Thanking our host of customers for liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with first-class at a small profit. Yours for business,

SARTOR & KICKER
CLANTON

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest buildings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton contains finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a fine stock of Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we know if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For full particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 10c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. M. TIP'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1026 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a new and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU.

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT?

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Alabama, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the coupon upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Confectionery court opens second Monday in February, first Monday in May, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9¼ cents.

Same date last year 7¾ cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2133	2778
Mullins	1840	1907
Wilson	360	31[illegible]
Downs	330	28[illegible]
Total - - - -	4663	5[illegible]

Mrs. Guy Higgins is visiting friends at Deatsville this week.

Mrs. J. M. Potts visited Birmingham Wednesday.

Mrs. O. A. Duke, of Deatsville, is visiting Clanton this week.

Mrs. Dr. Meadows, of North Carolina, is visiting her brother Mr. E. M. Pinckard.

Dr. Caffey, of Verbena, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Curry, spent Monday in Thorsby.

Mr. Clair Taylor, of Billingsley, spent Sunday in Clanton.

Mr. E. M. Pitts, of Kincheon, was a visitor here last Friday.

Prof. I. M. Collier, of Jemison, was among our visitors Saturday.

Mr. J. T. Jones, of Plantersville, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. R. A. Aldridge, of Longview, came down on business Monday.

Mr. J. N. Glasscock, of Jemison, was in town Monday.

Cut this out and take it to Clanton drug store and D. I. Deramus, Verbena, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache

Dr. D. A. Campbelle has sold his drug store to his brother, Dr. V. O. Campbelle. Dr. D. A. will leave for New Orleans in a few days where he has an appointment at a hospital.

Mr. E. H. Culp, of Lilly, was down Tuesday.

Mr. Moses Mims has rented the View office and opened up with a stock of general merchandise.

Mr. J. R. Popwell has retired from the firm of Broadhead and Popwell, and Mr. Mack Broadhead has gone into business with his father, the firm now being known as J. R. Broadhead & Son.

The latest news we hear of Dr. T. B. Adams is that he has passed the danger point and is progressing favorably.

Tax Collector T. J. Hubbard was in town last Friday.

Mr. W. C. Edler is on an insurance tower in Shelby county.

Mr P. D. Wilson went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. N. A. Kicker spent Monday in Birmingham.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stacy have returned from a few days visit to Wetumpka.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Teel entertained a party of the young folks Tuesday night.

When you purchase fertilizer, get the best—Alabama Fertilizer Co.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. S. A. Curry, Jr., and Miss Rosie Jackson; Mr. George R. Moore and Miss Nancy Curry; Mr. W. J. Billingsley and Miss Elyscia Edwards.

MARRIED

At her father's home, Randolph January 13, Mr. Floida Merchant and Miss Sallie Coy, Rev. Lloyd L. Moore officiating. We wish the happy young couple a long and prosperous life together.

On January 6, at the residence of Mr. Webb, Mr. H. J. Deavers and Miss Addie C. Hornsby were happily united, Rev. A. L. Foshee performing the ceremony. Long may happy may their united lives

Blown to Atoms

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded; Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

...oon be here and you
...hom to suit all.

...er one for 75c; a nice should...
...ck, black plush only $1.50; ...
...$7.50 to $10.00 in a city, ...
...li, come and see for yourself.
...for your boys, husbands, f...
...from 75c up, men's suits from ...
...PANTS from 20 to 75c per yard; ...
...calico 10c per yard, checks 5c; ...
...quilt top for 50 cents.
...shoes from $1 to $3.50; ...
...and colors, infant hoods, ...
...water proof in black, blue, bro...
...per yard; 1 pound of goo...
...best tea store at the sam...
...and nothing that is not ...
...best to customers fo...
...to serve you with first-clas...
...business.

& KICKER,
CLANT

TE HOUSE

President, is one of the finest
store house at Clanton can
MERCHANDISE
country. We carry a fine
and will treat you well.
DOWNS, Clanto

ULLINS
LONDON & GLOBE FIRE
LONDON & LANCASHIRE FI
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INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK
CURING CO., the largest Sewi
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SINGER OFFICE CLANTO

FOR THE BENEFIT
ONSUMER
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preparations, 50 to 75c. 500
perations, 10 to 20c. 15c pre
tions, 5 to 8c.
Y DEPARTMENT
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rm. Try a quart of our J. M
at 75c, if you are not satisf
u buy elsewhere for $1, we
your orders. We are your fri
ell.
CO. 1926 First Aven
BIRMINGHAM.

GER STOCK!
meet the increasing demands
we are now laying in a NE
of
THING, HAT
HOES, ETC
Latest styles and Newest F
ROCERIES and GENERAL
DISE are of the finest gr
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ON THE SMALLEST MA
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ASED TO SERVE YO
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CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9¼ cents.

Same date last year 7¾ cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2283	2778
Mullins	1846	1907
Wilson	360	321
Downs	350	280
Total - - - -	4788	5286

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FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substituter.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separable cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTAB'D 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

Not a Song Bird.

"He said I was swan-like, I believe," said Miss Rawkis. "Wasn't that gallant of him?"

"Oh, I don't know," replied Miss Peppery. "It was while you were trying to sing that he made the remark."—Exchange.

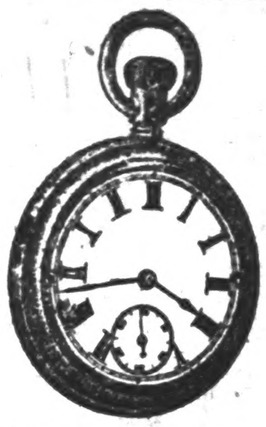
Accommodating Man.

Youth—Oh, I don't want to take that character. I'll make a fool of myself sure.

Maiden—Well, you said you wanted an easy part.—Detroit Free Press.

Robert Burns, the poet, divided the scale of good wifeship into ten parts: Good nature, 4; good sense, 2; wit, 1; personal charms, 1. The remaining two degrees covered fortune, education, family, blood.

Malformations among goldfish are produced by the Chinese by agitating the fertilized eggs at a certain stage of their development.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch is still giving good satisfaction. It is the poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

FIVE DRAWER $22.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Paterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICKS

THORSBY.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some

Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 9c
Gingham, best	per yard 6c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes....a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribons at half price	
Lace, 5 c value	2c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock. Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. H. JONES, CLANTON

AS FAR AS I KNOW.

"As far as I know," said a person one night,
"There is naught in this world but what is just right;
I have all I want both to eat and to wear,
The flowers I gather are fragrant and fair,
The birds in the trees always sing a glad song,
And as far as I know there is nothing wrong.

"All the people I know are loyal and kind,
And I am contented in body and mind;
I read about folks who are awfully bad,
About souls that are weary and hearts that are sad,
About children that quarrel and people who fight,
But as far as I know everything is all right.

"I read there are people who do many things
That on them the worst kind of suffering brings,
That women are wicked and men are untrue,
And sinfulness runneth society thro',
But as far as I know—as far as I know—
I cannot affirm that these stories are so."

The person who said that, as far as she knew,
Was a child of six years, and to her it was true;
O, what would we give could we all say to-night,
There is naught in the world but what is just right!
That we have all we want to eat and to wear,
And that justice and goodness abound everywhere?
—Thomas F. Porter, in the Boston Globe.

Three Working Girls.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"Tea is ready, girls," said Saba Thorn.

"Tea!"

It was no luxurious repast of buttered toast, fragrant Oolong, honey and preserves; no comfortable repast of cold fowl, tongue, potted meats and biscuit hot from the oven.

When Saba Thorn called it "tea," she merely used a conventionalism. It was only a scanty meal of baker's bread, with a pat of cheap butter, a little smoked beef, which had been bought from the corner grocer's in a brown-paper cover, and some milk and water, blue and tasteless; for Saba and her two cousins found it necessary to economize very strictly indeed.

Saba worked for an upholsterer. All day long she stitched pillow-ticks and tufted mattresses in a dark room, where there was a prevailing smell of rancid geese-feathers.

Her cousin, Helen, stood behind the counter of a milliner's shop on the Bowery; and little Kate—the youngest of the three—was "packer" in a fancy store, and could do up more neat paper parcels in a given time than would be believed possible.

They were all three pallid and colorless, like plants that had grown in a cellar. They all three had a certain languor of manner, and spoke in low, suppressed voices.

They lived together in this one room with a little alcove running out of it, because it was the cheapest mode of existence, and because their scant earnings, clubbed together, could be laid out to better advantage than if expended singly. Moreover, to these poor, homeless girls, there was a home-feeling in being together.

"I don't feel hungry," said Helen, with a grimace.

"I am so tired of bread and butter!" sighed little Kate. "Oh, if I could only have some of the stewed grapes that mother used to make!"

"Oh, that reminds me," said Saba, taking a letter off the mantel. "I've heard from old Mrs. Pinkney. She wants us to buy a fashionable fall bonnet for her if we can get it for a dollar and a half; and to look out for a bargain for Louisa Jane's winter frock. She wants the very best quality, and she can't go higher than thirty-seven cents a yard. And she wishes to know if we are acquainted with anybody in the business who will dye over her pea-green silk skirt at half price."

Helen shrugged her shoulders.

"She must think we have plenty of time to execute her commissions," said she.

"Thirty-seven cents a yard!" cried little Kate. "And a fall hat for a dollar and a half. Does the woman expect impossibilities?"

"But that isn't all," said Saba. "Uncle John is very poor. She thinks his relations ought to look after him."

"Uncle John!" said Kate.

"Poor!" echoed Helen.

"But what has become of all his money?" said little Kate, intently knitting her brows.

"I'm sure I don't know," said Saba. "Mrs. Pinkney doesn't go into particulars. All the rest of the letter is about the sewing society, and the chicken cholera, which has carried off so many of her fowls."

"He must have been persuaded into investing in some of those dreadful mining stocks!" said little Kate.

"But, girls," said Saba, "what are we to do?"

"Precisely what he has always done to us," said Helen. "Let him alone."

"No, no, Helen!" pleaded little Kate. "Don't talk so. Remember, he is the only uncle we have got. He was our mother's brother."

"And what has he ever done for us?" retorted Helen, bitterly.

"That don't signify," reasoned Saba. "He is old and feeble. He needs our care. That is enough.

"Saba is right," urged little Kate. "Uncle John musn't be left to die alone."

"But what can we do?" said Helen. "We can't bring him here!"

"No," said Saba. "It would break his heart to take him away from the pine forests. We must go to him."

"And all starve together?" said Helen. "I don't see that that would be much of an improvement on the present state of things."

"Listen," said Saba, lifting an authoritative forefinger. From a trifling seniority in years, and a somewhat greater experience in the world of work," Saba had become quite an oracle, "I've been considering it. I can do the housework for Uncle John."

"Yes," said Helen.

"Of course," said little Kate. "And if he hasn't been obliged to sell the cow, we can perhaps have real creamy milk, and now and then a little cottage cheese. Oh, wouldn't that be splendid?"

"Helen could make bonnets for the farmers' wives," suggested Saba. "The women out there know what a pretty bonnet is as well as any one, only they can't get it."

"Bravo!" cried Helen, clapping her hands. "I do think I have rather a genius for the business!"

"And little Kate could go out to plain sewing by the day, among the neighbors," added Saba. "Or help around in soap-making and preserving times. There are a good many who would pay fifty cents a day and board for good intelligent help. And that is a deal more than she earns here."

Little Kate looked rather sober.

"I have my doubts about the plan working," said she. "But I couldn't stay here, away from you. If you all go, why, so will I."

"Then," went on Saba, "I've laid up six dollars toward a winter coat. Uncle John wants it more than I do. I'll keep it for him."

"There is my ten dollars in the savings-bank," added Helen. "I did want a pair of thick boots and a warm winter wrap. But if Uncle John is really in need"——

"I haven't saved any money," said little Kate, sorrowfully. "How could I, with my wages of two dollars a week? But I will do all that I can to help.

"You are dear, generous girls, both of you," said Saba. "It may be a little hard, just at first, but it is clearly our duty to go to Uncle John. And I will write and tell him so this very night."

"Do," said Helen. "I'll borrow Miss Clitch's ink-bottle, and there are a pen and two sheets of paper in the wash-stand drawer. I can buy a postage-stamp at the druggist's on the corner.

"Wouldn't a postal-card be cheaper?" said wise little Kate.

But Saba shook her head.

"Would you put Uncle John's poverty on a postal-card?" said she.

And little Kate answered, somewhat abashed:

"I didn't think of that. I only thought of economizing a cent. I wonder if the time will ever come when we don't have to think of saving?"

And little Kate put on her hat and tripped around to the druggist's, where one particular clerk put himself out to wait upon her.

"She has got a face like a daisy," said the druggist's clerk. "If ever I marry, I should like a wife like that! No, she's not much of a customer of ours, but I have seen her at church meetings, and I walk home with her sometimes of an evening. She lives in Timm's tenement-house with her sister and cousin, and works in Gracey's store. That's all I know about her. But she always makes me think of a wild flower."

Uncle John Jaycox was sitting by his fireside when his niece's letter came. The fire of birch logs blazed gloriously up the chimney; a pair of fat, home-run candles glittered on the table. In all the room there was no evidence of griping poverty.

"Yes," said Uncle John to a tall young man who sat opposite, "I guess I'll have you here to run the farm for me, Israel Penfield. It's gettin' too much for me to manage alone. But as for some woman to keep house for me, now that Anastasia Grixon has been fool enough to marry old Simpson—Eh? what?—a letter? I'm obleeged to you, Miss Pinkney! Stop and take a warm while I read it, and I'll git you a basket of gilliflower apples to carry home afterward. They're jest sp'lilin' to be eaten, them gilliflowers is."

But as he perused his letter, a curious expression stole over his rugged features.

"Sakes alive!" said he, stamping one foot on the floor. "What in creation does all this mean? I guess we'll have enough housekeepers, Israel. Here's my three nieces from New York a-comin' to live with me, because Mrs. Pinkney here has writ 'em that I've lost my property. And they're goin' to take care of me. Well, I swan!"

"I didn't write no sich!" whined Mrs. Pinkney, with rather an alarmed air. "I only said you was dreadful poor in health. I meant the lumbago and rheumatiz. I didn't say nothin' about money."

"Well, no matter what you said, nor what you didn't say," declared Uncle John, crumpling up the letter in his hand and staring at the fire. "The gals think I'm poor, and they're comin' here to support me, and make a home for me in my old age—bless their hearts! I don't know why they should do it," he added, with a conscience-stricken face. "I never did nothin' for them. And Kate and Helen are my sister Jane's darters, and Saba is Hepsy's only child. And they're workin' for a livin', and I've got more'n I know what to with. It's a shame, now, ain't it, that things is so unevenly divided?"

"Just exactly what I've always said," quietly remarked Israel Penfield.

Uncle John Jaycox looked at Israel with a queer twinkle in his opaque blue eyes.

"I declare," said he, "them gals has taught me a lesson! I don't need to be took care of in my old age; but I swan to goodness! it would be kind of pleasant to have three gals around, lookin' arter the old man. I'm a mind to try it."

"I would, if I was you," said Israel Penfield.

So, when Saba, Helen and little Kate arrived, Uncle John received them with a warm welcome.

"Nieces," said he, "I ain't poor, nor I ain't likely to be; but I'm glad to see you. I'm glad to know that there's any one in the world cares enough for the old man to come and look arter him, without no expectation of bein' paid for it. It sort o' shores up my confidence in human natur'. Come in—come in! There's plenty of room for you all in the old farm-house. Come in and welcome."

The three girls looked at each other.

"Ought we to stay?" they asked each other.

"Yes," whispered little Kate. "There are two red cows in the field. I saw them."

"And the air smells so sweet!" said pale Helen.

"And Uncle John spoke as if he was really, really glad to see us," said Saba. "Oh, yes, let us stay!"

Nor did any of the contracting parties ever regret the misunderstanding which had brought them so curiously together.

Little Kate went back to the city, after a year or two, to marry the druggist's clerk, who was now setting up in a small way for himself, and had come down to the country after the daisy-faced girl who had once attracted his attention.

Helen is engaged to marry Israel Penfield, and they are to have a regular old-fashioned wedding when the dresses are made.

And Saba—quiet Saba—is to stay with Uncle John, to read the newspapers to him and cheer up the long, lonely evenings.

"For I couldn't get along without the girl, nohow!" says Uncle John, jovially.—Saturday Night.

The Blessings of Cycle-Paths.

With the construction of cycle-paths now in contemplation, touring on an extensive scale, which is now impracticable in many parts of the United States, will not only become possible, but pleasurable.

Nor can the proposed development in this respect fail of giving a wonderful impetus to the sport of wheeling, as well as lead to a more general use of the bicycle in recreative life.

It is occasion for native chagrin to compare the touring facilities of the United States with those of European countries. One excuse, that we cannot afford the expensive roads of those countries, no longer exists. The cycle-path is not expensive. We can afford it, and we cannot afford to do without it.

Besides providing a healthful, pleasurable means of recreation for ourselves, it will tend to keep numbers of tourists and money at home, and offset the stream of both which continually flows from the United States to Europe. The trunk-line system of side-paths for bicycles will make it possible for United States citizens of moderate means to see and know something of their own country besides what they read in books. Not the least of its blessings will be a checking of that neurotic condition prevalent among Americans, which a German physician calls Americanitis.—Caspar Whitney, in Outing.

Board of Green Cloth—Its Functions.

You have heard much of the Board of Green Cloth, but probably you do not know what its functions are and the need of it from a financial point of view. First, it takes its name from a green cloth spread over the table at which the board sits. This board is presided over by the Lord Steward, who, with the inferior officers, sits to pass the accounts of the royal household. It is the countinghouse of the Queen's establishment, and at the same time a little court of justice, with power to correct all offenders who break the peace of the verge—which means the court royal—which extends every way for 200 yards from the gate of the palace. Without a warrant first obtained from this board no servant of the household can be arrested for debt, so to be a queen's servant is to some extent on a par with being a member of Parliament.—Pearson's Weekly.

Iowa's Unenviable Distinction.

Iowa is one of the few states not represented in Statuary hall at the national capital and members of Congress from the Hawkeye state are considering whether it is not time to abolish the unenviable distinction.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

It has just been proved that a Bay State velocipede rider covered a century as far back as 1869.

Consul Griffth writes from Matamoros that the Mexican Government makes no distinction between a native and a foreigner in taking up mining claims. There is an annual tax of $10 for each claim, and ownership is forfeited by a failure to pay this tax, not by a failure to work the mine.

Dean Brigg's idea of college football as "a disciplinary force" in producing wide-awake business men seems to be that in football the player is always watching the other fellow and trying to get ahead of him, which is a cardinal principle of business.

The Buffalo Courier observes that there is a chance for six hundred adventurous American teachers in the Philippines. They will receive salaries ranging from $75 to $100 per month, but it is well to remember that the climate is dangerous, and living, according to our standards, is very expensive.

Bishop Joseph H. Johnson recently made a ten days' journey through the Indian country in San Diego County, California, traveling 300 miles through a rocky, barren country, made more barren by three years of drought. He found nearly all the Indians in "a pitiable condition of destitution and misery." He thinks they might be helped by teaching them to make lace.

The weight of merchandise annually imported by Great Britain has multiplied fivefold in forty years, averaging at present more than one ton yearly for each inhabitant. More than half the food supply of the United Kingdom is drawn from other countries, at an annual cost of $25 per inhabitant. The average price of imported food is $60.83 per ton. The importation of metals and minerals has grown eleven fold in thirty years, and the exportation of hardware has doubled in value.

The Mexican dollar has been in use in the Orient for many years, and the people are so conservative and so opposed to innovations that it will be difficult to persuade them to accept another form of money. A large portion of the bullion mined in Mexico has been shipped to the East in the form of dollars for many years, and this trade will doubtless continue, whatever action the government of the United States may take. The President and the Secretary of War prefer to leave the solution of this problem to Congress, but ask that immediate action be taken.

Nothing serves better to prove that action is followed by reaction than the world's fairs of history. Chicago has not yet recovered from the blight of debt and demoralization left on her by the Columbian exposition of 1893. Paris is now suffering severely from the reaction of the recent exposition. The city is overrun with thugs, thieves and loafers left stranded there, and there is almost a reign of terror. Nearly half the workmen of the city are out of employment, living is higher than ever, and it will take many months for the equilibrium to be restored.

South Carolina is the smallest and smartest of the Southern States, states the Philadelphia Record. Its especial brag is its achievement in the field of cotton manufacturing. In 1900 capital to the extent of $7,795,000 was invested in new cotton mills and in the enlargement of existing mills. The Columbia State declares that "man to dollar and spindle to loom, its white people are doing from four to six times as much in the cotton industry as any other Southern State." The State gives figures which substantiate its boast.

Out of more than 40,000 applicants at federal naval recruiting stations during the latest governmental year only 8,123 were accepted, and of these a noteworthy percentage were re-enlistments. Man-o'-war's men nowadays must possess peculiar qualifications and knowledge, and in order to acquire these qualifications there must be schooling in actual service. Hence the value of the training vessel system by means of which a green landsman may be turned out in six months a finished sailor for duty in ships of war.

William C. Whitney is reported as saying that he looks for the appearance of a horse that can trot a mile in two minutes before the first quarter of the new century is over. Mr. Whitney knows a great deal about horseflesh in a number of classes. But, so far as is generally known, he has never owned one of the champions of the trotting tracks, and if he is correctly quoted he takes what is probably too dubious and dilatory a view of the probabilities in respect to trotting records. There is ample reason to believe that an American trotter will trot a mile in two minutes flat within five years. Even if this feat is accomplished within three years, some experts will not be dumfounded.

Seditious Boots.

The Germanizing of Eastern Prussia proceeds apace. It is announced that at Kijewo a schoolmaster and his pupils have received notice that they must cease to wear boots high in the legs, such footgear being considered as a sign of Nationalist ideas.—Hartungsche Zeitung.

REVEALED THE COAL'S VIRTUES.

Obadiah Gore Said to Be the First to Use the Black Diamonds.

There are a number of stories as to the way in which the value of coal was first discovered, and the Buffalo Express adds to the number by printing in a recent number the picture of Obadiah Gore, who, it is claimed, was

(The first man who made use of anthracite coal.)

the first man to make use of anthracite coal.

Obadiah Gore and his brother Daniel, says the Express, discovered that anthracite coal would burn; consequently they made known its value. Obadiah served in the army of Washington from the beginning of the Revolutionary War, and lived after the war in Sheshequin, Bradford County, Penn., where he was judge of the local court for some years.

Daniel Gore had a farm and dwelling three miles north of Wilkesbarre. On a farm adjoining his to the north was a bed of rock, which came to the surface. A question arose as to whether it was a form of coal. It was tried in fireplaces on wood fires and failed to be of use. Daniel Gore experimented with it in the blacksmith's forge and established the possibility of its combustibility.

It should be remembered that blacksmithing was an important industry in the early days of the settlement of this country. The local blacksmith of the Wyoming Valley was no exception to rule. Implements of farming, also fixtures of houses, such as hinges, door handles and latches, nails, etc., together with kitchen utensils, andirons, cranes, hooks and trammels, such as were then in use, were made in the blacksmith shop.

The Gore family in question, when the American colonies revolted against the tyranny of England, proved themselves sturdy patriots and defenders of their country's cause.

The Oyster Girls of Arcachon.

There is a quaint little town in France where women do a great share in the natural industry of the place, and though no claim is made for them as advanced women, they wear male attire when pursuing their trade. Arcachon is the name of this little French village, and it lies on an inlet of the Golfe de Gascoigne, not far from Bordeaux. It consists of two towns, and is said to be unique of its kind. The one situated on the shore, with its shops, markets and streets, is the summer, or Ville d'Ete, the winter town, or Ville d'Hiver, nestling cosily above amidst far extending pine forests on sandy hills or dunes. With the exception of two hotels, the Ville d'Hiver is composed of about 300 independent villas, standing amidst their own gardens, the pines being all around. The avenues are laid out serpentine fashion, to avoid air currents; nothing but low hedges or light fences separate the different gardens. Neither terraces of houses are tolerated, nor shops, the result being quite park-like, and the eye, even in full winter, is refreshed by living masses of green. From the heights one gets a fine view of the Ville d'Ete, the fishing boats and "Oyster Park."

TYPICAL OYSTER GIRL OF ARCACHON

Here the oyster girls follow their trade. When the boats come in they work on the floats near the shore, and present a picturesque appearance in their knickerbockers, big hats and sabots. The accompanying picture shows them as recently photographed

POPULAR SCIENCE.

The normal rainfall of Los Angeles, Cal., is 16.25 inches per year. For the last seven years the average was only sixty per cent. of this amount. Hundreds of artesian wells ceased to flow and at San Diego water was pumped from wells 300 feet deep. The recent heavy rains have restored the balance of things.

In some of the regions in Italy where the deadly pellagra is most prevalent the houses are so constructed for the most part as to be nothing better than damp grottoes, dirty and dark, with no ventilation whatever. The drinking water is very scarce, and after rain it is often muddy, and the only food for the poor people during the greater part of the year is "polenta," a kind of porridge, made of maize meal seasoned with a little salt.

More experiments have recently been made to investigate the effect of extreme cold on bacteria, and it has been ascertained that the temperature of liquid hydrogen—about 250 degrees Centigrade—has no effect upon the micro-organisms. Dr. Allan Macfadyen and Sydney Rowland, who previously made similar experiments with liquid air, found the results the same at this lower temperature, which is as far removed from that of liquid air as the temperature of that substance is from average summer temperature. There was really no alteration either in the appearance or growth of the bacteria after a ten hours' exposure to the temperature of liquid hydrogen, the examination being made both microscopically and by culture. The bacteria so tested included germs of typhoid fever, diphtheria, anthrax and other pathogenic and ordinary bacteria.

In a recent interesting if not strictly orthodox volume on the origin and nature of matter and energy M. A. Despaux offers a new suggestion as to the ultimate fate of the solar system. He thinks, as others have thought, that the end will come through the slow dissipation of energy. But this loss of energy will not only consist of the entire loss of heat, but also of gravitation, that is, of weight. The energy passes to the ether, and matter thus deprived of its chief property becomes immaterial and disappears entirely, so that, instead of having a number of cold, barren and lifeless masses as the final representatives of our solar system, there will be nothing at all of it left. It will vanish, leaving "not a rack behind." This surprising conclusion follows as a result of his conception of atoms. These he considers to be intrinsically all alike, and only differential by their particular modes of motion.

The hollow bones of birds are frequently cited as beautiful instances of providential mechanics in building the strongest and largest possible limb with the least expenditure of material, and this is largely true. And yet birds like ducks, which cleave the air with the speed of an express train, have the long bones filled with marrow or saturated with fat, while the lumbering hornbill, that fairly hurtles over the tree-tops, has one of the most completely pneumatic skeletons imaginable, permeated with air to the very toe tips, and the ungainly pelican is nearly as well off. Still it is but fair to say that the frigate bird and the key buzzards, creatures which are most at ease when on the wing, have extremely light and hollow bones. In comparing one bird with another the paramount importance of a pneumatic skeleton to a bird is not as evident as that of a pneumatic tire to a bicycle.

The Heart as a Bequest.

It was a common thing in olden days for a testator to dispose of his body by will. Edward I. left directions for the burial of his heart in the Holy Land; the famous Earl of Millent and Leicester, who flourished in the early part of the twelfth century, bequeathed his heart to a hospital at Brockley, where he desired it to be preserved in salt; a sister-in-law of Henry II. who died at Berkhampstead in 1189 ordered her heart to be sent in a silver cup to the Abbot of Tewkesbury, who was enjoined to bury it before the high altar. In modern times such sentimentary directions have been extremely rare. The late Marquis of Bute, whose relatives have gone to Palestine to fulfill his desire for the interment of his heart on the Mount of Olives, is the only testator in recent years who has expressed such a wish.—London Globe.

The Useful Herring.

Probably no fish is better known to the consumers in northern Europe, Great Britain and America than the herring. Fresh, salted, pickled, smoked and now converted into sardines, it shows a higher record in the matter of condition on the market than any other.

Although the American sardine industry only dates a few years back, it has succeeded beyond the expectation of the people engaged in it.

From a dietary standpoint, there is no fish caught along the coast that is more healthful and useful than the herring, and we have no hesitation in saying that this American industry cannot help but grow in magnitude and importance if ordinary care be given it by the packers, in adhering to primary rules, selecting only fish, having even-sized packs, the use of good oil and sticking to a uniform standard of output.

Brussels is the nearest capital to which a direct line to London.

Stops Tickling

All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night; a dose at bedtime puts the throat at complete rest.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

The cure is so easy now, it's astonishing any one should run the risk of pneumonia and consumption, isn't it? For asthma, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, consumption, hard colds, and for coughs of all kinds, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been the one great family medicine for sixty years.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, charges prepaid. Be sure you give us your nearest express office. Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a fever, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements. Get you 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Freshmen in Oxford.

The number of freshmen who have come into residence at Oxford university this term is 732, against 764 last year. New college heads the list with sixty-eight, eight more than a year ago. Christ church comes second with sixty-seven, exactly the same number as entered last year. Then follows Balliol with fifty-four. The other 22 colleges have varying additions to their numbers down to All Souls' and Merton's hall, which have one new student each.

Cheap Stain for Wood.

A cheap and simple stain for wood is made with permanganate of potassa. A solution of it spread upon pear or cherry wood for a few minutes leaves a permanent dark brown color, which, after a careful washing, drying and oiling, assumes a reddish tint upon being polished.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment, and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. August Pfalzgraf, of South Bend, Wis., mother of the young lady whose portrait we here publish, wrote Mrs. Pinkham in January, 1899, saying her daughter had suffered for two years with irregular menstruation—headache all the time, and pain in her side, feet swell, and was generally miserable. Mrs. Pinkham promptly replied with advice, and under date of March, 1899, the mother writes again that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her daughter of all pain and irregularity.

Nothing in the world equals Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine for regulating woman's peculiar monthly troubles.

Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." Sent free.

Send name and address to ALI WORKS, 42 Nassau St., N. Y.

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The Useful Herring.

ably no fish is better known onsumers in northern Eur Britain and America than g. Fresh, salted, pickled, smo ow converted into sardines a higher record in the nov dition on the market than

ough the American sardine only dates a few years b succeeded beyond the expe f the people engaged in it. n a dietary standpoint, the h caught along the coast th healthful and useful than g, and we have no hesitation that this American ind t help but grow in magni mportance if ordinary cau it by the packers, in a primary rules, selecting a having even-sized packs, the d oil and sticking to a univ ard of output.

ssels is the nearest capit ect line to London.

Stops Tickling

All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night; a dose at bedtime puts the throat at complete rest.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

The cure is so easy now, it's astonishing any one should run the risk of pneumonia and consumption, isn't it? For asthma, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, consumption, hard colds, and all coughs of all kinds, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been the one great family medicine for 60 years.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

[illegible] send us one [illegible] express a sample bottle to you, [illegible] Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Best for the Bowels.

[illegible] headache to a [illegible] until your [illegible] CASCARETS help [illegible] a gripe or pain, [illegible] seconds cost you [illegible] sickening your health [illegible] a candy cathartic, the [illegible] tablets, every tablet [illegible] Beware of [illegible]

Freshmen in Oxford.

The number of freshmen who have come [illegible] here at Oxford university is [illegible] 732 against 764 last year. New college heads the list with sixty eight, eight more than a year ago. Christ church comes second with forty seven, exactly the same number as entered last year. Then follows Merton with 52, four. The other 22 colleges have varying additions to their numbers down to All Souls' and Pembroke hall, which have one new student each.

Cheap Stain for Wood.

A cheap and simple stain for wood is made with permanganate of potassa. A solution of it spread upon pear or cherry wood for a few minutes leaves a permanent dark brown color, which, after a careful washing, drying and oiling assumes a reddish tint upon being polished.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tricksy says woman must suffer, and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination, but no mother need hesitate to write frankly about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. August Pfalzgraf, of South Byron, Wis., mother of the young lady whose score two here publish, wrote Mrs. Pinkham on January, 1899, saying her daughter had suffered for two years with irregular menstruation—had headache at the time, and pain in her side for swell and was generally debilitated. Mrs. Pinkham promptly replied with advice, and under date of April 15, 1900, the mother writes again that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her daughter of all pains and irregularity.

Nothing in the world equals Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine for regulating women's peculiar monthly troubles.

Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." It is sent free.

Send name and address to GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.

THIS WILL INTEREST MANY.

To quickly introduce the famous blood purifier, B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) into new homes, we will give away 10,000 treatments. B. B. B. will positively cure all blood and skin troubles—ulcers, scrofula, eczema, eating sores, itching humors, swellings, pimples, boils, carbuncles, bone pains, rheumatism, catarrh, blood poison, affecting throat, bones or mucous patches, cancer, swellings, persistent pimple or wart. B. B. B. makes the blood pure and rich, heals every sore or eruption, and stops all aches and pains. Druggists, $1. For free treatment, address Blood Balm Co., 1 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given until cured. B. B. B. cures old, deep-seated cases that refuse to heal under celebrated medicines or doctors' treatment. It costs nothing to try B. B. B. Medicine sent at once prepaid. Write today.

There are two reasons why the average woman does not trust the average man; one is because she doesn't know him and the other is because she does.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Wise is the man who never trifles with an unloaded gun, a woman's opinion of herself or the business end of a wasp.

A ship is probably called she because the rigging costs so much and it always keeps a man on the look-out.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

When doctors say that an operation is successful, they mean that they found what they looked for and cut it out; they don't mean that the patient has recovered, or will recover.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

A western preacher announces that "the devil is in mince pies." We would like to know what he would think if he tried lobster after 11 o'clock at night.

For Biliousness,

Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Crab Orchard Water is a specific.

When some people have a new house they are willing to entertain all their kin in order to show it.

The best is the cheapest. Carter's Ink is the best, yet it costs no more than the poorest.

The average woman keeps forgiveness constantly on tap, and is surprised that her husband doesn't make a greater demand for it.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Troubles and thunder clouds usually seem very black in the distance, but grow lighter as they approach.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

When a sure-thing man takes another in out of the rain it is apt to be a questionable transaction.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Recent Election in Britain.

Speaking of the recent election in Great Britain, the London Saturday Review says: "What most interests the public after a general election is to glance at those who are really new to parliamentary life, if happily there may be a future statesman among them. Taking the 150 or so new members in the proper sense of the term, there never yet was a general election which threw up a smaller proportion of men with any sort of distinction, intellectual, professional, or scientific."

Signs on Wagon Tops.

Enterprising merchants in New York have learned that a majority of the residents of the metropolis look down on the streets from above, and hence they are beginning to paint elaborate signs on the tops of their delivery wagons as advertisements of their stores.

MAN'S POCKETS.

At Best Woman Has No More Pockets than Has the Kangaroo.

Man is a perfected marsupial. He is a creature of pockets. With him the necessity of a pouch simply develops one. This is the law of evolution. The first we read of him as a pocket bearing animal he was on a level with the kangaroo. He then had one pouch, fastened to his belt. Now look at him and compare him to woman, for whom—in his chivalry—he is truly sorry. She, in her helplessness, is usually behind the kangaroo, and at her best only equals him with the one pouch fastened at her waist. She has not evolved through the law of nature, but under the sterner decrees of the dressmaker. What a difference between no pockets and a score of pockets! The first is woman; the other man. Woman is literally fettered for want of pockets. She must carry in her hands whatever is not a part of her clothing, while man's arms, palms and fingers are free—free to help his unfortunate sister. Think of five pockets in trousers, five in vest, five in jacket and five in overcoat—an exact score in all. Some men have more than this. When man took up the handkerchief habit he made a pocket for that convenient article. He don't have to be picking them up—except for the women. He made a pocket for his knife and a pocket for his watch; a pocket for his keys and a pocket for his letters; a pocket for his tobacco and a little pocket for his car tickets; and he kept on making pockets as fast as he needed them. Women, in their helplessness, envy him. They reach out to him to borrow his knife, to borrow his pencil, to borrow a bit of string, and to borrow a dozen articles that he usually has stowed away about his clothing. He is kind and lends, for he is sorry for them in their arrested development.—New York Herald.

NERVOUS WOMEN CURED BY Dr. Greene's NERVURA.

THE ceaseless drudgery of household cares is more than the strongest man could endure, and it is no wonder that women show the effects of work and worry.

Thousands of women in offices, shops, and factories break down in health under the strain and become weak, tired, nervous, and debilitated, tortured with female complaints, or racked by headache, neuralgia, backache, and kidney trouble.

Here lies the great strain upon the nervous systems of women. They have little or no rest; their life is one continual round of work, duties here, duties there, duties without number. What wonder that such women go to bed at night fatigued, and wake tired and unrefreshed in the morning!

What women need is that great strengthener and invigorator of womankind, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy—that remedy which rebuilds health and strength, purifies and enriches the blood, gives strength and vigor to the nerves, and the strong vitality and energy to the system which will enable women to do their work and yet keep strong and well. It is this great medicine they need. Nothing else in the world can do its work.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES.

MRS. M. D. PERKINS, of 100 G St., So. Boston, Mass., says:

"I was completely run down and could not eat, for the sight of food made me sick. I did not sleep at night and was as tired in the morning as when I retired at night. My head and back ached all the time. I was completely exhausted if I tried to do my housework, and could not walk without being dizzy. I was excessively nervous and very weak.

"Then I began to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I cannot say enough in its praise. I have not felt so well for years as I do at the present time, thanks to this splendid remedy.

"I can now eat and sleep soundly, waking mornings strong and refreshed. I do my housework, which is now a pleasure instead of a burden as formerly. My weight has increased about twelve pounds in the last two months. I would recommend any one afflicted as I have been to use this wonderful remedy."

Dr. Greene Will Advise You Without Charge.

The benefit of Dr. Greene's special advice is at the disposal of every sickly woman, and it is well to write for it or call and see Dr. Greene at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City. Doing so may shorten the time required for recovery of full strength, and give information which will guide aright in the future. Absolute confidence is observed in all consultations, and no charge is made.

WINCHESTER GUN CATALOGUE FREE

Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition

Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.

180 WINCHESTER AVENUE . . . . NEW HAVEN, CONN.

The Biggest Pair of Tusks.

In his report upon the trade and commerce of Zanzibar for last year Acting Consul Kestell Cornish states that the finest tusks on record in East Africa, and probably larger than have ever yet been obtained in any part of the world, came through Zanzibar last year. The elephant from which they were obtained was shot by an Arab near Kilimanjaro. These tusks, which consisted of perfect ivory, without a particle of disease, measured over ten and a half feet from top to base, and weighed 224 pounds, and 239 pounds respectively. They were sold for $5,000. The nearest approach in bulk to this pair were found about ten years ago, and weighed 180 pounds each. They were, however, diseased to some extent.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only HEIDELBERG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 50 ailments. ONLY SURE CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, estimate and mail free.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

Am. N. U. No. 4, 1901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Speedy, Prompt and Sure.

Acts quicker, never gripes and obtains better results than any laxative known.

Its action is marvelous, its effect immediate.

No remedy will cure constipation and biliousness so quickly and with absolutely no discomfort as

Hunyadi János

Average Dose: One-half glassful on arising in the morning. Every druggist and general wholesale grocer in the world sells it.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János. | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer: Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

WANTED! Honest, energetic man to TRAVEL AND SELL

NURSERY STOCK.

REFERENCES REQUIRED.

We have an Immense Stock in full Variety and can Insure Satisfaction. Address,

G. H. MILLER & SON, ROME, GA.

Motormen Strike for Stools.

At Pensacola, Fla., the motormen on street cars struck for stools on which to sit while the cars are in motion. They had the sympathy of the people with them and won out.

How He Shot Two Otters.

George H. Fisher of Winterport happened to see two otters eating fish, and he wanted both of them, but he knew if he shot one the other would get away, and so he waited, says the Bangor (Me.) News. First one would take a bite out of the fish and then the other would come up for a share, but George waited patiently until both put their heads down to take a bite out of their fish, when he let go, and as both heads were in line, he shot them through the head.

FALLING HAIR

Save Your Hair with Shampoos of

Cuticura SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers, to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz.: TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet, BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most tormenting, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

Cuticura THE SET, $1.25

GREEN RAPE COSTS 25 cents per TON! Greatest, Cheapest Feed on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, etc.

Will be worth $100 to you to read what Salzer's catalog says about rape.

Billion Dollar Grass will positively make you rich; 10 tons of hay and lots of pasture grass, or also Brome, Panic, Spelts (300 bu. oats, 350 bu. corn per a.), etc., etc.

For this Notice and 10c. we mail his catalog and 10 Farm Seed Novelties, fully worth $10 to get a start.

For 14c. 7 splendid vegetable and 3 brilliant flower seed packages and catalog.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

SEEDS WE WILL GIVE YOU A $4.00 FARM Collection of SEEDS FREE of money cost, asking only that you will 10 Packets of Vegetable Seeds for us at 10 cents. Not MONEY in advance. Write upon postal accepting this offer and we will Mail You the 10 Packets at once and will also send Catalog, full instructions, and 12 Due Bills for distribution among your friends in order to induce them to buy the Seeds of you. ADDRESS T. J. King Co., RICHMOND, VA. A GOOD SUIT of Clothes Given for selling 100 Packets.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

Constipation is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of

the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. Our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.

Sold by all druggists. Look apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

USE CERTAIN CHAIN CHILL CURE.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

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We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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OVER 1,000 TOPICS. OVER 10,000 FACTS.

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The season of 1900. National and State election returns. Four centuries of American progress. Political record of 1900 (conventions and platforms). American rule in the Philippines. New governments of Porto Rico and Hawaii. Polar exploration in 1900. Conclusion of the South African war. Pan-American Exposition of 1901. China—Its present condition and status among nations. Roster of general officers of the Regular U. S. Army, 1789—1900.

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Facts that every patriot and voter ought to know.

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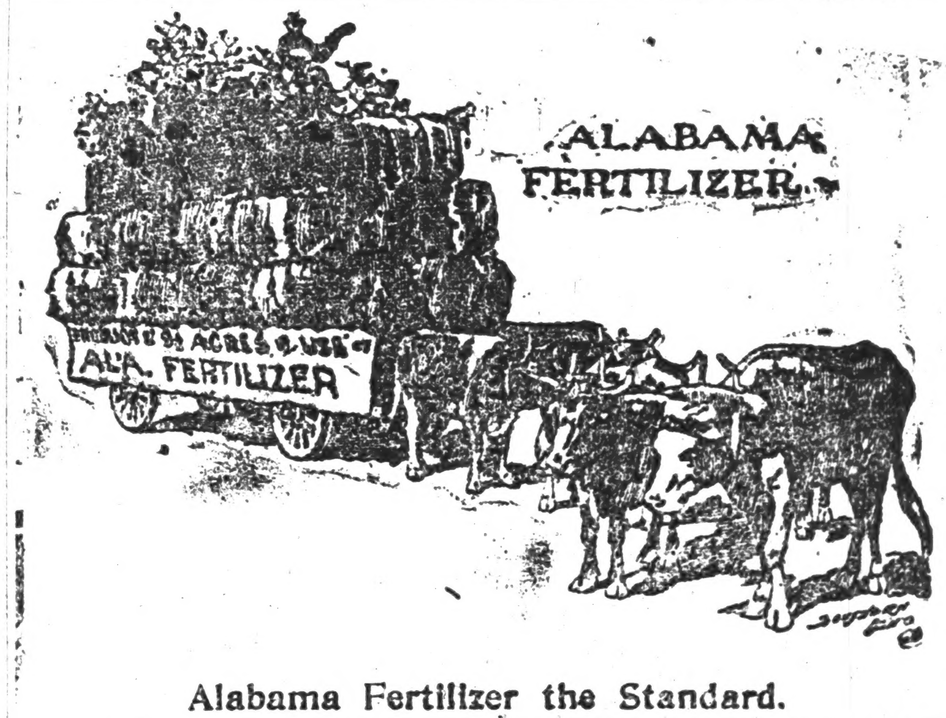
Price 25 cts. Postpaid to any address THE WORLD, Pulitzer Bldg., New York

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictates the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are sold and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 6½ acres of land, made from Russell improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to resack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 43 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

The Lady and the Cobra.

An English woman residing in India one evening found to her horror that a huge cobra had coiled itself about the veranda rails, over which she sat playing the violin. She was too near the snake to run with safety, so she continued playing while she gradually edged away. At first her only idea was to keep the creature thus engaged while she escaped, but when she had gained a safer distance and perhaps fearfully of by the unwonted sight a strange inspiration seized her. She played air after air of different characters.

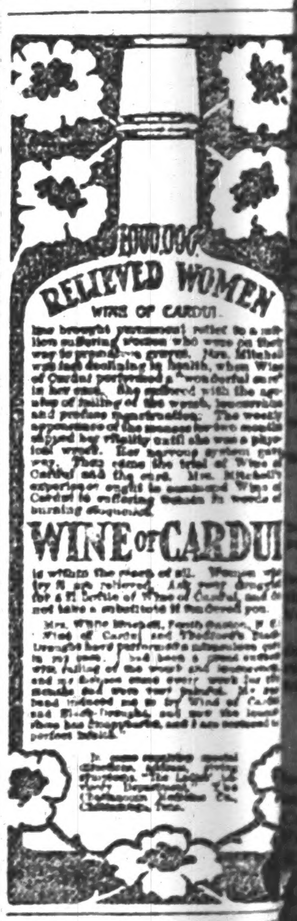
The effect was magical. That snake behaved like an ardent, but blundering disciple of Dagonet. Every variation in the music, whether of volume or tone, produced instantly a corresponding change in the attitude of the cobra. If she played a lively dance it swayed its body sideways in quick time and yet in graceful curves. Once she struck a number of false notes in rapid succession on purpose. The cobra writhed and writhed in pain as if suddenly struck with a whip.

Thus the creature behaved like a mad musician till the lady, getting tired of the sport, gradually withdrew herself further and farther and then made a sudden bolt into her room and banged the door, leaving the cobra to wander disconsolate to its lair in the fields.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to sufferers.

Is your blood pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so, purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poisons are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores at $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write to-day. Describe trouble and receive medical advice given.



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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-W

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The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, run through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

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TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTH-W

Before purchasing tickets to any write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala. C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville.

Interrupted.

Merrick—I never can remember my cards to leave when calling.

Gentleman—The rules are very good, madam. You hand one to the man and then on departing leave one on the plate as there are adults of the family, adding two for husband's cards and occasionally one is a few more for good measure. Do not be niggardly in dealing cards, so that suggests vulgar poverty.

"I am very much obliged. Are you a master of etiquette?"

"Madam. I am Mr. Bristol, the cigar manufacturer."—Exchange.

Explained.

"This," said the drug clerk, "is a wonderful hair restorer. It's our best preparation."

"Well, give me a bottle," said the bald man. "But, say, come to think of it, why don't you use it yourself?"

"I don't use it. You see, I'm the 'before taking' clerk. The 'after taking' is out at lunch. You should see me."—Philadelphia Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only at Clanton drug store.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

Whereas and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. E. Quillin, to D. C. Gandy on the 5th day of February, 1894, and filed November, 1894, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 33, page 34, on the 5th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by D. C. Gandy to S. Maas & Co., and by Maas & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 5th day of January, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One House and Lot in Stanton, Ala., said Lot being in the NW ¼ of NE ¼ Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

Sold at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of January, 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

Subscribe for The Banner.

Circuit Clerk

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY JANUARY 31, 1901 — NO. 15

Stanton.

Ella Harris was the guest of T. D. Parnell's family Sunday.

and Mrs. Ferguson are the parents of a fine boy.

regret to state that Mr. Harris is quite sick.

Lee Ella Parnell paid a visit at Marvin Pitts, of Tuskaloosa, last week.

with us a few days since.

S. T. Nelson went to Brooklyn on business.

L. A. Dell has been removing his place to Montevallo. Sorry we lose his place here.

are glad to say that Mr. Sexton is improving after confined for some time.

R. H. Nelson attended the supper at Randerville last Tuesday night.

Secor Harris was in town Monday.

John Lyons, of Fletcher, was in city Friday.

L. Parnell, of Thorsby, paid us a visit last week.

Will Jones gets hurt last at the lime mill, though not badly.

STAN.

Doors to Churches.

Church doors are often round, but square or parallelogram. In placing the door usually results having a smoke another hot roll upon their way from the street into the house of the building. The doors opening the courts of a garden usually of an elaborate kind, and diagonal from in one of the most

Religious superstition asserts itself in the architecture, and the interested throng of the numerous there will be shown in the arrangement of the doors. There is a triple entrance to each of the halls of the Imperial Court, and the same order prevails at Hindu temples, and the sacred person or character whom he was to visit in the home could only be approached by the highest officials after three or three prostrations. The Temple of Jupiter has a triple door, a triple door to the vestibule, and the minute Grecian points either to Christ or the Trinity.

The Challenge.

Persons in Cape Colony on trial for offenses were told that the judge "challenge any one on the jury to take the oath." The incontrovertible advantage of the prosecution by forcing a highly responsible function on the being asked advantageously which means not been for doing so who stated that she had supposed she was obliged to attend to some case, so had picked out the richest.

Overworking Women.

Portland Oregonian—Mr. Mr. know a woman is only an overworked.

Kansas—She might be thankful that she is young as she looks.—Detroit Free Press.

A Deep Mystery

is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Dizzy Spells when hands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such ailments. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Charles Charter, of Paterson, Ia., "lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and though 75 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It gives more Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. 50c at Clanton drug store.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by W. L. Quinn and his wife, N. J. Quinn to D. L. Gandy on the 5th day of February, 1894, and due November 1, 1894, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 33, page 34, on the 8th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by said Gandy to S. Maas & Co., and by Maas & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 1st day of January, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

The House and Lot in Stanton, Ala., said Lot being in the N.W. ¼ of NE ¼ Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

This 28th day at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of January, 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

The next State examination for teachers will be held on the 4th and 5th of March, 1901, at the University School building, Clanton, Ala.

In this connection, I wish to say that all Third Grade certificates granted at the first examination under the new law, will expire on June the 6th, 1901. Teachers holding Third Grade certificates and expect to teach in the summer, will have to take the March examination, as it will be impossible for them to take the June examination and hear from their papers in time to teach summer schools. Teachers holding Second Grade certificates issued under the new law, and desire to take a First Grade, may do so by being examined on those branches of study which are included only in First Grade, viz.: Algebra, Geometry, Physics, School Law of Alabama and theory and practice of teaching, provided the applicant will file with the County Supt. the Second Grade certificate, to be sent with the examination papers to the State Board of Examiners.

State Supt. John W. Abercrombie informs me that all teachers holding Normal School certificates and who are not now under contract, or who expect to teach summer schools, must procure certificates from the State Board of Examiners, unless they teach in separate school districts authorized by special charters to examine their teachers.

I would advise teachers holding Third Grade certificates which will expire in June, and teachers holding Normal School certificates to take the State examination at the earliest date practicable, as there is a bill pending in the General Assembly which, if passed, will provide for only two examinations annually, one in January and one in July.

Very truly,
J. W. MOORE, Supt.

Stop the Cough and Work off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cures cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Lily, Jan. 21, 1901

Editor Banner.—Not having the opportunity of being present at the mass meeting I beg leave to submit a short communication, which I think is a fair representation of the sentiment of this portion of our county upon the road law. In the first place, I do not think that the sentiment expressed at the meeting represents the will of the people. We can not get an expression from the people in that way. Our representative, L. B. Pounds seems impressed with the wisdom of a new road law, but hesitates to act; I think he should be left free by his constituents to act upon his own judgment. He has the opportunity of counciling with intelligent men from the entire State upon the wisdom of needed legislation and is surely better qualified on this account, to determine what is best for us than we can do for ourselves. Therefore we should say to him pass such laws as seem in your judgment best for us; let us try them and if they do not prove good we have the privilege of having them repealed after two years. He can give us an option law at least and let us vote upon it. In a stock law Beat 3 would perhaps be indifferent, but we would favor a better road law. We, more than any other portion of the county need improvement in our roads. We are as far from market and have more mud than any other portion of the county.

The best evidences by which to judde the intelligence of a country are its roads, churches and cemeteries and school houses. If these are good you have proof of a high standard of citizenship.

It has been asserted that the proposed road law is to be applied to only a few leading roads. We do not see how this construction can be placed upon it. One argument against stock law has been "oppression to the poor," but this cannot be used against the proposed road law. It lightens the burden upon those subject to road duty and places it upon property. Of this the poor man ought not to complain as his tax would be but a trifle. He has all to gain and nothing to lose. The man who has served out his time ought not to complain for he has never made a good road. It is not unfair to the property owner for it is right for public institutions to be supported by property taxation. Someone has said "if half the subsidies given to railroads had been given to rural highways, the country would be in better condition." It is a forcible suggestion at least, that rural highways need aid as well as railroads.

Mr. Editor, we could addduce many strong arguments for a law that will make goods roads, but the subject has been so thoroughly discussed during the last few years that we cannot see how any intelligent citizen can oppose such a law with reasonable taxation as will secure good roads. Such tax is the wisest economy, especially to the farmer, and means everything for his good.

We say, Bro. Pounds, let us have it and your people, if not at once, will finally bless you for this service. G. L. SPEER.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Sample free at Clanton drug store, or D. I. Duramus Verbena.

Randolph Jan. 27, 1900

Editor Banner.—We frequently hear that the Populist party is dead, yet it is hard to believe, particularly as to Chilton county. We remember at the August election of last year the party seemed quite healthy. We wonder if Judge Adams, Hon. L. H. Reynolds, Hon. L. B. Pounds, M. A. Kilgore, W. G. Riggins, W. A. Mims, W. T. Nix and many others of the Populist party are ready to go to another party, probably a party that they have condemned in the past, and let the name of Populism be of the dead past. We think not.

"Ah, says one, I know the party is alright in Chilton county, but we cannot elect the Populist State ticket." To all such we would reply if you believe the principles of the Populist party are right, then you cannot afford to go contrary to those principles if you never elect a man on the State or National ticket. To advocate the right is far more important than the spoils of office. And can you in that way ever hope to convince any one of the just cause of Populism by joining hands with another party that you have condemned in the past? By so doing you go contrary to your own statements. If the Populist party is right what do you go to when you date it? You cannot carry the principles of Populism into an old party successfully. The great teacher who spoke as never man spoke did not do that way. He did not put new wine into old bottles. Who is keeping Hon. L. H. Reynolds away from the senate to which he seems to have been elected, is it the Populist party? No. Have the Populists who followed Mr. Bryan in the last campaign in preference to the ticket of the middle-of-the-roaders added to the strength of the party by so doing? We think not.

There is one principle of the party which has been the subject of criticism, we think will be one of the grand features of the golden age, and that is government ownership of the ways of transportation.

While the party may look very weak, yet we do not think it dead. And if we believe its principles are right there is no question as to what we should do. Stand by the right tho' the heavens fall. V.

Most of our town boys seem to be trying to enjoy life while they are single. They seem to realize the fact that they will not get the chance after they marry.

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 6, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $80 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 a.m. Welcome Address, F. B. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:30. Current History, Judson Strock, I. L. Davis.

1:30 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Great.

2. Incentives to study, Thos. Williams Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Askins.

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Hore, Miss Mary Moody.

7:30. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10 Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Rasco, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent, Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, S. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock, J. W. Moore, County Supt.

TO ROAD OVERSEERS AND APPORTIONERS.

On account of the fact that the Commissioners Court in November, 1898, used the old blank in appointing the Apportioners, which reads two years instead of four, their commissions have mislead many of the Apportioners. I wish to call attention to Road Apportioners and Overseers that their term is four years instead of two.

At any time any of the Appotioners will send me their commission I will make the correction and make them read four years instead of two. S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Duramus Verbena.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per Acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGO, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereopticon, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 2 set Views Spanish American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work; $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.
Clanton, Ala.

Brought Good Fortune.

A small item in his own paper lately brought amazing good fortune to Editor Chris. Reitter, of the Saginaw (Mich.) Post and Zeitung. He and his family had the Grip in its worst form. Their doctor did them no good. Then he read that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds was a guaranteed cure for La Grippe and all Throat and Lung troubles; tried it and says: "Three bottles cured the whole family. No other medicine on earth equals it." Only 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jacks, Hands High, Full of Life, a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON HOLLIER
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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store. CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20½ S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 691—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP.
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Banner office is the place for Job Printing establishment in Clanton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: H. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 25c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent.

WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

There is not much satisfaction in a bank's being shown by a defaulting cashier that it was richer than supposed before the cashier got through with it.

Since 1875 the sailing ship tonnage of the world has gone down from 14,185,000 tons to 8,600,000, and yet ocean tonnage has been constantly increased. The seas are not sailed, but navigated.

It is now claimed that the Chinese discovered America 1000 years before Columbus. Inasmuch as there was a very poor opening for the laundry business over here at that time they passed it by.

Boston is introducing in the matter of school buildings an innovation that will not only prove a great convenience to pupils, but in the end result in a material reduction of their cost. The idea is that they shall be made portable, to the end that they may be utilized wherever the most needed.

Flogging is still practiced in England. The boys feel no sense of wounded personal honor in a sound thrashing, and prefer it to other forms of punishment. In the early part of the century a master at Eton enjoyed the distinction of having flogged half the ministers, secretaries and even the bishops in the kingdom.

Professor Marshall in his principles of economics is of the opinion that $500,000,000 are annually spent by the working classes and possibly $200,000,000 more by the rest of the population of England, for purposes that do little or nothing towards making life nobler or happier. This condition does not apply alone to England. The money that is squandered for worse than useless objects throughout the world would banish poverty from the world itself, thinks the St. Louis Star.

Alfred Beit is accounted in London the richest man in the world. His ambition is to run his personal holdings up to the stupendous sum of $1,000,000,000.—Atlanta Constitution. Mr. Beit is primarily, we believe, a miner, and we doubt his ever reaching his alleged goal. But in this still dawning day of colossal industrial energy, with the forces of electricity yet in their infancy and other greater forces but little more than dreamed of, it is not asking much of the imagination to predict the time when the multimillionaire of the moment shall have bloomed into the actual billionaire, observes the New York Sun.

An ordinance passed recently in San Diego, Cal., presents a somewhat gloomy prospect for the American breeders of Belgian hares. Hare meat, it is reported, has become a drug on the California market, and two or three large owners of the animals have announced their intention to turn them loose on the country. It is through a fear that this course may become general that the supervisors of San Diego have fixed a penalty, varying from $20 to $100, for liberating hares. The little quadrupeds are particularly fond of the bark of young fruit trees as an article of food, and the western growers are becoming extremely apprehensive for their orchards. The Belgian hare boom in the west, where it resides particularly, seems shaky at the moment.

Martin L. Mowry, now serving a life sentence in the Rhode Island state prison for the murder of a woman, and hence adjudged civilly dead and incapable of suing in his own name, appeared recently in the common pleas division of the Rhode Island supreme court and testified in his own behalf in a suit brought for him by his administrator. The suit was brought against the estate of Elisha Mathewson, the claim being that Mathewson owed him $5000, $4000 for 20 years' service and $1000 as a present given him by Mathewson's uncle. The suit was brought originally by Mowry in his own name, but the court ruled that as he was serving a life sentence for murder he was civilly dead and hence incapable of suing. A doctor was then appointed his administrator for the purpose of carrying out the suit. Even then the defence claimed that Mowry could not be recognized as a witness. But the judge decided that though he was civilly dead for certain purposes, for other purposes he was still alive. Hence the remarkable spectacle of a man civilly dead actually appearing in court and testifying for his administrator in a suit against the estate of a man both civilly and physically dead.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAY

Big Bank Failure at Montgomery.--Liabilities and Assets Not Given.

WOMEN FATALLY BURNED

Husband Valued at $40,000--Negro Accidently Killed at Selma--For Compulsory Education.

Big Bank Failure.

The Josiah Morris Bank, of Montgomery, one of the oldest private banking institutions in Alabama, did not open its doors for business Saturday morning. The capital stock of the bank is $100,000. Deposits are believed to be heavy. The assets and liabilities are not yet known. At the hour of opening the following announcement was posted on the door: "To the Public:

"Yesterday some of our checks in New York, for which we had made provision, were temporarily refused by our correspondents, though they were afterward paid. This information came to us late, after the close of banking hours. Since then a number of inquiries have been made and the apprehension created convinces us that, in justice to creditors, we ought to suspend payment. This condition of affairs has arisen from inability to make quick realizations on cash and the shrinkage of assets. It is hoped that the assets prudently arranged will pay creditors in full. We have not arranged or taken any legal steps concerning the disposition of assets, but await the wishes of our creditors."

Large crowds assembled around the bank and much excitement prevailed.

This (Montgomery) county has about $200,000 deposited in the bank and the city of Montgomery was also a large depositor. The county is practically secured by a bond of the county treasurer, made with a Maryland company for $120,000. The bank itself was surety on the city treasurer's bond. The bank was a depository for nearly every railroad entering Montgomery.

Awarded $40,000 Damages

The damage suit of Mrs. Bettie Wilds against the Alabama Great Southern railroad came to an end in the Tuscaloosa county court Friday night, the jury returning a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $40,000.

The case was given to the jury about 7 o'clock and in about two hours' time a verdict was reached.

Mrs. Wilds brought the suit as an executor of the estate of William H. Wilds, her husband, who was killed by an Alabama Great Southern freight last September at the oil mill crossing in Tuscaloosa.

Street Fairs.

Selma will have a street fair and cotton carnival in October, probably the first week. This was decided at a mass meeting of citizens held Friday night. A committee of seven citizens are to be appointed to take the initial step, and Selma expects to have twenty thousand visitors during the week of the fair.

Bessemer is to have a street fair to be held from the 4th to the 9th of February. This is the same aggregation of attractions that showed recently at Montgomery, Selma and other points and is now at Natchez. The necessary money has been raised and the fair is assured.

Hardie-Tynes Company Will Rebuild Plant.

The plant of the Hardie-Tynes machine and Foundry, Company in Birmingham, which burned last week will be rebuilt as was generally anticipated. The net loss over and above the $52,000 of insurance, is placed at $70,000. The company has many contracts on hand for machinery of various sorts and will finish contracts in temporary quarters while the permanent buildings are being erected.

Gadsden Furnace Will be Put in Blast

The furnace here of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company will be put in blast on the 9th day of February. At present they have a large force of men at work making some needed repairs and are also getting in ore, coal, etc. They will give employment to 1000 men and will run at least one year before again shutting down.

Fatal Shooting at Burns' Celebration

About 2 o'clock Friday morning the celebration of the birthday of the poet, Bobbie Burns, at Blomburg town hall, was rudely interrupted by the firing of several pistol shots by Frank Byrum, a miner.

Early in the evening he had had a difficulty with Wofford Rich, a brakeman on the Southern road. The men were separated by J. D. McKibbons, a Southern railway conductor, but later renewed the difficulty.

When the smoke of battle had cleared away the dead body of Rich lay upon the ground and McGibbons had been shot through and through and cannot live.

There were several hundred persons in the hall, including a number of women, and pandemonium reigned supreme. Many women fainted and several went into hysterics. The trouble is said to have been caused by jealousy. No arrests have yet been made.

Young Woman Fatally Burned.

A terrible tragedy occurred at Tuscaloosa about 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when Miss Belle Minhinnett was burned to death. No one knew anything of the burning until they heard her making a noise in the bath room, where she had gone only a short time before. Miss Minhinett when found was almost dead, breathing only a few times afterwards. A doctor was hastily summoned, but life was extinct when he arrived. The deceased was fearfully burned, and her suffering must have been intense before death relieved her. Miss Minhinnett was about 30 years of age, and had been afflicted all of her life.

Another Woman Fatally Burned.

Mrs. Ann Scroggins, of Edmond, Lawrence Count, was burned to death at her home Thursday afternoon. The old lady was alone and her clothing caught fire from the fire-place. She jumped on a bed in a frantic effort to smother the flames but fainted too soon and was horribly burned.

Favor Compulsory Education and Uniform Text Books.

The Jefferson County Teachers' Institute, which was held at North Birmingham, adjourned Friday. The following resolutions favoring compulsory education were passed:

"Resolved, That we favor a compulsory education law for Alabama, and therefore heartily endorse the bill prepared by a committee appointed by a mass meeting of citizens in Birmingham and the compulsory educational committee of the State Educational Association, and recommend that the representatives from this county use their influence for the same."

The following report favoring an uniform system of text books was made:

The committee on resolutions relative to text book uniformity respectfully recommend: That the county superintendent and board of education of Jefferson county be authorized to confer with the principals and educational boards of the special districts of the county with a view of effecting county uniformity of text books, and in case of failure theron that the county superintendent shall call a meeting of the leading teachers of the county to act thereon.

Negro Killed While Working With a Stone Derrick.

About 2 o'clock Friday afternoon Frank Webb, a negro, met his death while assisting in unloading stone for the new Methodist church in Selma from a flat car. Webb had adjusted the grippers of the derrick on to the stone and was waiting while the windlass tightened up the long wooden arm when all at once there was a sharp crack and the rope parted, permitting the heavy piece of timber to drop with all its added weight. The timber struck Webb on the head, killing him instantly, and mangling him in a horrible manner.

Demopolis Secures Another Large Industry.

Demopolis has secured another large industry, a large lumber plant. The site selected is just below the city, situated between the railroad and the river. The property was bought from Mrs Hunnegan. The name of the plant is the H. L. Wood Lumber Company.

The sawmills in Alabama cut over 130,000,000 feet of yellow pine lumber for the eleven months of 1900, ended November 30, and practically the same amount was shipped.

Shot His Wife's Lover Friday.

Palmer Watkins shot Ben Jackson at Sloss mines, near Bessemer, Friday. Jackson had been paying attentions to Watkin's wife, and had ignored instructions to discontinue this conduct. Watkins, returning home from work Friday at noon, discovered Jackson kissing his wife on his back porch, promptly emptied a revolver into him. Jackson will die. Both colored.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT FOR THE FILIPINOS

Congress Requested to Enact Suitable Laws.

SUGGESTION OF COMMISSION

President Transmits to the Senate a Report in Regard to The Matter.

President McKinley transmitted to the senate Friday a report of the secretary of war inclosing the report of the Taft Philippine commission. The president says:

"I earnestly recommend legislation under which the government of the islands may have authority to assist in their peaceful industrial development in the directions indicated by the secretary of war."

Secretary Root's letter of transmittal is dated January 24th, addressed to the president, and is in par tas follows:

"I beg leave to supplement my annual report of November 30, 1900, by transmitting a report made by the Philippine commission on that date, but only recently received at the war department. At the same time I wish to call attention to some conditions existing in the Philippine islands which indicate that the development of that country along the lines of peaceful industrial progress now requires the exercise of powers of civil government not vested in this department or in the United States military commander, but requiring a grant of authority from the congress.

"The commission gives a gratifying account of the progress made in the pacification of the country and the gradual subsidence of guerrilla warfare. A personal letter received by me from Judge Taft, dated December 14, 1900, says:

"'Since writing you about three thousand insurgents in Iloilo Norte have surrendered and 10,000 persons who were not well affected toward us in Panay have taken the oath of allegiance. I have already received two papers from natives tendering their allegiance to the United States and promising fidelity without mental reserve. The army is hitting small but hard knocks against the insurgents everywhere. Since the election there has been a great falling off in the activity of the insurgents in aggressiveness.'

"'On the 2d of January the commission as a body reinforced the views contained in their report by the following dispatch from Manila:

"'Root, Secretary of War, Washington—If you approve, ask transmission to proper senators and representatives of following:

"'Passage of Spooner bill at present session greatly needed to secure best result from improving conditions. Until its passage no purely central civil government can be established; no public franchises of any kind granted, and no substantial improvements possible. All are needed as a most important step in complete pacification. Strong peace party organized with defined purpose of securing civil government under United States and reasonably expect civil government and relief from inevitable but annoying restraints of military rule long before subject can be taken up by new congress. Time near at hand, in our opinion, when disturbances existing can better be suppressed by native police of a civil government with army as auxiliary force than by continuance of complete military control.

"'Sale of public lands and allowances for mining claims impossible until Spooner bill passed. Hundreds of American miners on ground awaiting law to perfect claims. More coming. Good element in pacification. Urgently recommend amendment to Spooner bill so that its operation be not postponed until complete suppression of all insurrection, but only until, in president's judgment, civil government may be safely established. Conditions rapidly improving to point where civil government, with aid of army, will be more efficient to secure peace than military control.

COMMISSION.'

PENALTY IS REDUCED.

Georgia Technological School Faculty Shows Leniency.

An Atlanta dispatch says: All the suspended Technological students will resume their work on the 2nd of February. The penalty imposed on the textile students has been reduced from ninety to thirty days' suspension; that of the mechanical and engineering students remains the same.

Although the term of suspension has been reduced to thirty days and diplomas will be withheld for an equal period, the summer vacation will be taken as usual, and the boys compelled to attend school until November 2d in order to obtain sheepskins.

Old Story; Usual Result.

Walter Price and wife, who live near Gadsden, Ala., went from home for a while and left their two-months-old baby lying on the bed by the fire. When they returned they found the bed on fire and the baby burned to death.

Depew Favors Subsidy Bill.

A Washington special says: Senator Chauncey Depew, of New York, spoke in the senate Friday on the ship subsidy bill.

WOMEN IN FRACAS.

Mrs. Nation, the Saloon Wrecker, Cowhided By Another Female In Kansas.

A street fight between women, led one one side by Mrs. Carrie Nation, the saloon wrecker, with a following of W. C. T. U. women, and the other by Mrs. John Schilling, wife of the manager of the saloon wrecked, backed by a dozen women who championed the saloons, was enacted in the town of Enterprise, Kansas.

As a result of the unique melee Mrs. Nation swore out warrants against Mrs. Schilling and her husband, and Mrs. William Bittner, charging them with assault, and Mrs. Hoffman swore out a warrant against Mrs. Nation, charging her with disturbing the peace. All were arrested, but later were released on bond.

During the morning, Mrs. Nation, in company with several W. T. C. U. leaders, entered a store near William Shook's saloon, which is still unmolested. Mrs. Nation, apparently to give him warning, sent for Shook. He complied, but before many words were exchanged between the two she was assaulted by a crowd of women, partisans of the saloons.

A general fight between the women ensued, during which a woman, heavily veiled, rained blow after blow upon Mrs. Nation with a horse whip. Men drawn to the scene aided neither side. Quiet was restored only when the police interferred. Mrs. Nation was badly bruised.

All concerned, except Mrs. Nation, were bound over for trial. Mrs. Nation went to the house of one of her friends to doctor her wounds, and she declared, "Prepare for tomorrow."

Much excitement prevails over the affair.

The case was concluded promptly. Mrs. Nation was found not guilty of disturbing the peace and was released. The cases of the three women arrested on complaint of Mrs. Nation were continued. Mrs. Nation declares that she will swear out additional warrants against these women, charging them with attempt to kill.

At a meeting held during the day between local temperance workers, the Mothers and Sisters Aid Society was organized, with Mrs. C. H. Huffman as president. Mrs. Nation says its purpose is to suppress saloons by law if possible, but by force if necessary.

A PROCLAMATION

Announcing Albert Edward as King of England Issued at London.

A London special says: The proclamation announcing Edward VII. as king of Great Britain and Ireland and emperor of India was read in St. James palace at 9 o'clock Thursday morning. The king was not present.

There was a great concourse of people from the commencement to the close. The proclamation, was read by William Henry Weldon, king at arms, since 1894, and formerly Windsor herald and was as follows:

"Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call to his mercy our late sovereign lady, Queen Victoria, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the imperial crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the high mighty Prince Albert Edward; we, therefore, lords spiritual and temporal of this realm, being here assisted with those of her late majesty's privy council, with numbers of other principal gentlemen of quality, the lord mayor, aldermen and citizens of London, do now hereby with one voice consent of tongue and heart to publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward is now by the death of our late sovereign of happy memory become our only lawful and rightful liege lord, Edward VII., by grace of God, king of the kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, defender of the faith, Emperor of India, to whom we acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom all kings and queens do reign, to bless the royal Prince Edward VII with long and happy years to reign over us."

The proclamation was greeted by a fanfare of trumpets.

GRIDIRON BOYS DINE.

Washington Pencil Pushers Have a Jolly Time at Annual Meeting.

The annual dinner of the Gridiron Club, composed of Washington correspondents, was given Saturday at the Arlington hotel. About 200 guests and members were at the handsomely decorated tables. Among the guests were distinguished men in all walks of life—cabinet officers, members of the supreme bench, senators, representatives, army and navy officers and ministers of foreign countries. The reputation of the club was sustained in the matter of unique features, burlesque of public affairs, roasts on public men, who were guests.

BOERS USED DYNAMITE.

They Wreck Train Having Lord Kitchener and Troops Aboard.

Advices from Pretoria state that on Wednesday January 23, a train with Lord Kitchener and a body of troops proceeded toward Middelburg, an armored pilot engine preceding. It was derailed by dynamite near Balmoral. The Boers, who were in force, opened fire and the British replied heavily. Ultimately the Boers were driven off. The British sustained no casualties.

SENATE COMMITTEE CUTS WAR TAX

Many Millions Will Be Saved By the Public.

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Stamp Tax Repealed.—Promissory notes, mortgages, bills of lading for export, powers of attorney, policies of charter, party, certificates of all kinds, leases, warehouse receipts, telegrams, dispatches, telephone messages, baggage tickets costing less than $1, express receipts, bonds, except those of indemnity, legacies to religious, benevolent, literary or educational institutions.

Special Tax Repealed.—Certificates of special brokers.

Taxes Reduced.—Conveyances, fire insurance, bankers' capital, proprietary medicines, cigars, tobacco, beer.

The statement says that, having regard to the revenue requirements of the government, the provisions of the committee has been to reduce such of the taxes imposed by the war revenue act of 1898 as are most burdensome to tax payers and to retain such as should be kept as a permanent part of our revenue system or at least retained until all war taxes can be repealed, and to reduce such taxes as fairly and equitably as possible by some general plan of reduction. Pursuing this general plan, it has been possible to reduce the taxes approximately about one-half.

Taking the estimates of the treasury department as a basis the reduction of revenue effected by the bill will be nearly $40,000,000, a reduction somewhat less than was produced by the bill as it passed the house of representatives.

Reductions.—The committee substitute provisions in regard to taxes on tobacco, beer, etc., are as follows:

That on and after July 1, 1901, the internal revenue tax on cigars weighing more than three pounds per thousand shall be $3.30 per thousand.

That on and after July 1, there shall be allowed a discount of 7½ percentum on all sales of cigars to brewers and manufacturers of tobacco and snuff upon the stamps provided for the payment of internal revenue taxes upon beer and manufactured tobacco and snuff, provided the discount allowed to brewers for beer stamps shall be in lieu of the discount of 7½ percentum allowed by the act of June 13, 1898. The tax is to reduce the tax to $1.50 per barrel and on snuff and tobacco to 9 cents per pound.

There is a general reduction of the tax on insurance policies and receipts and in lieu of the present taxes, the following taxes shall be imposed to be paid by the insurance companies, as follows:

Life insurance companies, 2 cents on the amount insured for each $100 or fraction of every policy.

The rate of conveyances, 2 cents for deeds to land, is materially reduced. In the existing law all deeds of the values exceeding $10 are taxed at the rate of 50 cents. The senate committee removes the tax on all deeds of valuations are below $2,500 and reduces the tax rate 25 instead of 50 cents. For each additional $500 above $2,500 the tax is to be 25 cents.

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Section 20 of the existing law, relating to proprietary articles, including drugs, perfumeries, etc., is practically rewritten.

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Governor Dockery has sent a message to the Missouri legislature recommending the passage of a law making the death penalty in cases of kidnapping for ransom.

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Churches Throughout Kingdom Honor to Dead Queen.

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At Westminster abbey all the services throughout the day were attended by enormous congregations.

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Secretary Gage has sent to the house a full statement of the indebtedness incurred by the annexation of Hawaii, with a request for appropriation to cancel the indebtedness, which is $3,447,585.

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Man Delves Deeply Into Old English History.

AND BAD POINTS OF RULERS

Men Were "Saturated" With Blood—Deplores the Death of Queen Victoria.

long jump—354 years from King Edward VI to the Albert, now Edward VII. Queen Victoria dident have blood in her veins. The Germans by [illegible] or three of them lived and over and the house of Hanover England for 200 years. father and mother lived got her husband there and prince of Wales, got his. If it had not been for the law which forbade a woman from ing over Hanover, she would bly have lived and died there. ides this preponderance of Ger blood, she had a strain of Italian in her veins and was pleased to herself a Guelph. Her English tors were a hard lot. Indeed, kings of England, especially the y, the Edwards and Georges, a disgrace to royalty. They were heartless, selfish and depraved. were worse than our kidnapers he hazing cadets of West Point. put to death their brothers and ers to get them out of their way. two or three kings have behaved credit to the crown. But the s have illustrated woman's sweet virtue and kindliness of heart. n Victoria is honored throughout world—not for her force of ruling or political sagacity or superior m, but for her womanly virtue, tenderness, her gentle example, Christianity.

n Gladstone consulted her and had had her way there would been no war on the Boers. er would our government be g to subjugate the Philippines if d woman had been president. It men who get up nearly all the ment in this world. I would r risk our own Mrs. Lowe as a dent than McKinley. Look what ers they make. Time was when claimed that a woman could not an institution of learning, but never were better presidents of lo colleges than Mrs. Willard, Baldwin and Miss Rutherford. I most in despair about the capac of men to govern unruly boys.

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...was a long jump—354 years from the death of King Edward VI to the accession of Albert, now Edward VII. The good Queen Victoria dident have much English blood in her veins. The Georges were Germans by birth or extraction. Three of them lived and died in Hanover and the house of Hanover ruled England for 200 years. Victoria's father and mother lived there. She got her husband there and her son, the prince of Wales, got his wife there. If it had not been for the old law which forbade a woman from reigning over Hanover, she would probably have lived and died there.

Besides this preponderance of German blood, she had a strain of Italian blood in her veins and was plessed to call herself a Guelph. Her English ancestors were a hard lot. Indeed, the kings of England, especially the Henrys, the Edwards and Georges, were a disgrace to royalty. They were cold, heartless, selfish and depraved. They were worse than our kidnapers or the hazing cadets of West Point, for they put to death their brothers and sisters to get them out of their way. Only two or three kings have behaved with credit to the crown. But the queens have illustrated woman's superior virtue and kindliness of heart. When Victoria is honored throughout the world—not for her force of ruling power or political sagacity or superior wisdom, but for her womanly virtue, her tenderness, her gentle example, her Christianity.

Even Gladstone consulted her and he had had her way there would have been no war on the Boers. Rather would our government be trying to subjugate the Philippines if a good woman had been president. It is the men who get up nearly all the excitement in this world. I would rather risk our own Mrs. Lowe as a president than McKinley. Look what teachers they make. Time was when it was claimed that a woman could not conduct an institution of learning, but there never were better presidents of female colleges than Mrs. Willard, Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Rutherford. I am almost in despair about the capacity of men to govern unruly boys.

We have but one college in the South where this tomfoolery called athletics is under the ban. In fact, baseball and football and golf and rowing of boats is the biggest part of the curriculum in nearly all the male colleges of the union. We fathers don't care a bauble whether our boys can kick a ball or not, and nobody else cares. It is not education. Some Cherokee Indians came here from North Carolina a few years ago and played ball and could beat these college boys out of their boots, and they dident go off and get drunk as soon as the game was over. The boys in our city played ball, but they played it in the campus ground and played it decently and nobody was ever killed or hurt.

Nowadays the college boys banter the boys of another college and they meet in Atlanta and play the game and hire some professionals and have a big time and then end up with a drunken frolic and run over the police and break the glass out of the Kimball house doors and go back triumphant and don't study any more for a week and the faculty wink at it and call it modern education. Our old-fashioned town ball was a better and better game than baseball and our shinny was better than golf. We called it town ball because we and boys who could knock the ball out of town, and we called it shinny because the shins were in danger when one crossed the line, and that is where I am saying "shinny on your own side" come from.

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I was ruminating about those old kings of England and how two of the princes were smothered in the tower and Edward VI had three stepbrothers, who treated him like a dog, and how subdued he wassll of his brief life, for he died when sixteen years old under a boyish rein of seven years. And those Georges were a continuous scandal, for history says that George I, who founded the house of Hanover, was fond of nothing save punch and fat women, and Wellington says of George IV that he was a contemptible compound of inconsistencies. The other two were no better, and none were the Henrys, some of whom were worse than murderers. Since the days of Alfred the Great, England has had no king who will compare with her queens, such as Elizabeth and Victoria. I am for the women, I am, in every vocation.

This reminds me that I have received a letter from an Ohio man who wants a wife. Maybe some idiotic woman would like to answer it. It reads as follows verbatim et literatim:

"PALMYRA, OHIO.—Mr. Bil Arp, Gorgy: Pleas write in your paper to the Best of your knolage the hystry of the moon from a Bibul stanpoint. Has it got a lite of its own and if not whar do it get its lite? Does this earth revolv tord the sun or not? Is the sun stashenery or not? What efekt do the moon have on animals? What efekt on hogs at Butcherin time about fryin meat and makin gravy? Does the mens inkress in the fryin pan if butchered at full moon?

"Mr Arp, I'm a widower and want you to find me a good woman for a mait. Do the moon efekt potatoes and makin lie soap, and when forlks git married should they marry in the newe moon or the old moon to live happy? Don't the Bibul say the moon is to be a sign to God and man, and if you know of a good woman down in Gorgy who hankers after a northern man tell her to write to me. Do the moon change from newe to old onst a month, or is it the same moon shaded by a planate? I would like a woman who has some good land and is not over 45 years old. Is thar a shore enuf man in the moon? I have got sum money and want a good-hearted, kind woman to love me, but I don't want a fraud. Your friend and admirer.

"P. S.—I want good land for boot to even up with my money."

Now, I will sell this man's name for a dollar to any hankerin woman and I'll give the dollar to Mr. Hemphill for the orphanage.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

Over 300 horses are wintering at the Lexington (Ky.) track.

The American Baseball Association has been granted rights under the national agreement.

Chainless bicycles with one-inch tubing have been reduced in weight to twenty-five pounds.

Efforts to hold an international boat race on the Chicago drainage canal are not meeting with success.

The students of Columbia College are hustling to raise $11,000 to pay off the indebtedness of the various athletic departments.

Foreign riflemen have been invited to shoot for Centennial Trophy in international tournament, at Sea Girt, N. J., in September.

It is a happy augury for the perpetuity of baseball that there will be no "war" between the National League, the parent baseball organization, and the American Association, the new aspirant for "diamond" honors.

One of New York's sporting clubs has purchased 1700 acres of land in western Massachusetts, to be kept under fence as a game preserve. A lake covering 100 acres will be stocked with fish, and private stables and cottages are to be erected.

The bicycle of 1901, as shown by the models of the leading manufacturers, is distinctively a comfortable bicycle. Cushion frames, coaster brakes, chainless gears, adjustable handlebars and a score of other improvements, all are in the direction of comfort.

The selection of Langdon Lea, captain of Princeton's '95 football eleven, as head coach is looked upon as a move in the right direction. Lea coached the '99 eleven, but because of a contract to instruct the University of Michigan players last fall he was unable to take the Tigers in charge.

Another epidemic of shirt waist men is threatened for next summer. Salesmen for furnishing houses now on the road say the demand for these garments is several times as great as last year.

Russian experiments in growing American seeds have proved successful. We naturally wonder what will happen when it comes to giving the products Russian names. Apples, peaches, corn and cotton are sadly unprovided with ks and ffs.

Early in the new century the long neglect of the fame of Robert Morris, the financier of the Revolution, should be atoned for, thinks the New York Herald. Andrew Carnegie says he is ready to help the good work. Morris in his day was relatively as big a man as our millionaire iron master, and he died poor. This ought to directly commend him to the library specialist.

Strangely enough, the experiment of sending Lapland reindeer to Alaska in the care of experienced Lapland herders seems to have been a failure, and to have cost the federal treasury a considerable sum without adequate return. Both the deer and the Laps develop a deplorable tendency to die off prematurely. One of the returning herd masters says that the climate of that part of Alaska to which the deer and their shepherds were sent was no more rigorous than that of Lapland, in which the animals and their keepers alike thrive, but for some mysterious reason Alaska food and Alaska conditions of the weather were deadly to most of the two footed and four footed exiles. It is a puzzle. Who can explain the causes of sickness and death among the herds and their keepers?

ANIMALS THAT WEEP.

Many Species of the Brute Creation Shed Tears When Frightened or Hurt.

"He cried like a calf," is a remark sometimes heard. It is no disgrace for a calf to cry and he sheds tears in quantities when his emotions justify them. It is even easier for him to cry than for many other animals, because his lachrymal apparatus is perfect and very productive.

A scientific writer writing in La Nature, says that the ruminants are the animals which weep most readily. Hunters have long known that a deer at bay cries profusely. The tears will roll down the nose of a bear when he feels that his last hour is approaching. The big, tender eyes of the giraffe fill with tears as he looks at the hunter who has wounded him.

Dogs weep very easily. The dog has tears both in his eyes and voice when his beloved master goes away and leaves him tied up at home. Some varieties of monkeys seem to be particularly addicted to crying, and not a few aquatic mammals also find it easy to weep when the occasion requires it. Seals in particular are often seen to cry.

Elephants weep profusely when wounded or when they see that escape from their enemies is impossible. The animals here mentioned are the chief ones that are known to weep, but there is no doubt that many others also display similar emotion.

Hawks and Owls.

Outbreaks of field mice have occurred in different parts of the British Isles for centuries, but they have always been checked by the appearance of hawks and owls, until in 1892 in the south of Scotland. Then their natural enemies having become somewhat reduced they appeared in vast herds over an area of eight to nine thousand acres. There have been somewhat similar experiences in the United States. In recent years the shooting, trapping and poisoning of carnivorous animals and rapacious birds in the West has been followed by a tremendous increase in numbers of the prairie hare or Jack rabbit.

Hawks and owls have been classed as the thieves and assassins among birds, yet many of them are now known to be useful in the highest degree to agriculture. A few species are inveterate enemies of poultry. In spite of that hawks and owls not only benefit the farmer by constituting a check on the too great increase of mice, rats, squirrels, hares, moles and other destructive rodents, but they also assist greatly in checking insect outbreaks, as they feed on such injurious insects as May beetles, the larger caterpillars, grasshoppers and locusts.—New England Farmer.

Hazing Half a Century Ago.

Hazing at colleges and Government schools seems to be attracting unusual interest just now, which makes interesting this account of hazing at Yale in 1845, taken from a freshman's letter written at that time and now published in the Harvard Graduates' Magazine:

"I had a letter from —— the other day—they are having great times at Yale plaguing the fresh, etc. That business is carried on to a great extent here. Many of the poor devils have been ducked under the windows a dozen times, etc., etc. The greatest sport is to break into their rooms at midnight (a whole party of sophs at a time), make the scart fellow get up, mount the table in his shirt sleeves, answer questions in geography, arithmetic, Latin grammar, etc. (the simplest possibly, so as to be suited to a freshman's comprehension), read a little Greek and then, what is the greatest trial, declaim. If he refuses to comply he receives a shower from his water pail until he submits. If he answers well he is highly complimented and flattered and politely bid goodnight."

A Golden Mosquito.

According to the Metal Worker a curious art discovered in France and recently introduced into this country by M. Paul Despotte, is the reproduction of insects, leaves and flowers, taking the objects themselves as the base of the reproduction.

To produce copper caterpillars, silver centipedes or nickel gnats the operator just dampens the luckless insect and dusts it over with a blowpipe. The object thus treated is placed in an electrolytic bath, and upon it the metal is precipitated by the current. The object is then transferred to a second bath and all the organic matter dissolved by an alkali. The metallic shell which remains is slightly heated, touched with lacquer and the thing is done.

The inventor carried with him quite a collection of these preparations. The most interesting of all was a mosquito in gold on a hairy geranium leaf in copper. Under a powerful magnifying glass the little organs which are invisible to the unaided eye are seen perfectly reproduced in metal.

Skunks as Domestic Pets.

August Isdell, of Lodi, has a skunk farm. He has 500 skunks on the farm and is having success in taming and selling them as household pets.

"It is claimed by lovers of pets," said Mr. Isdell, "that when the skunk is properly trained and domesticated it is one of the best natured of all house pets. I cannot say that I have experimented to my satisfaction in this direction. The favorite color seems to be black. I have a considerable demand for skunks of this color from the larger cities, where dealers in pets sell them to ladies for a neat sum."—New York Sun.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSES BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Gates Are Wide Open — No Man is Barred From Receiving God's Grace — Christ's Sheepfold Contains Flocks of All Denominations.

[Copyright 1901.]

NEW YORK CITY.—On the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the Bowery mission, Dr. Talmage preached to a vast audience at the New York Academy of Music. Ministers of all denominations were present. The text was, John x, 16, "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

There is no monopoly in religion. The grace of God is not a little property that we may fence off and have all to ourselves. It is not a king's park, at which we look through a barred gateway, wishing that we might go in and see the statuary and the deer and the royal conservatory. No; it is a Father's orchard, and everywhere there are bars that we may let down and gates that we may swing open.

In my boyhood next to the country schoolhouse there was an orchard of apples owned by a very lame man who, although there were apples in the place perpetually decaying and by scores and scores of bushels, never would allow any of us to touch the fruit. Sometimes the lads of the school, in the sinfulness of a nature inherited from our first parents, who were ruined by the same temptation, invaded that orchard, but they soon retreated, for the man came after them at a speed reckless of making his lameness worse and cried out, "Boys, drop those apples or I will set the dog on you."

Well, my friends, there are Christian men who have the church under severe guard. There is fruit in this orchard for the whole world, but they have a rough and unsympathetic way of accosting outsiders, as though they had no business there, though the Lord wants all to come and take the choicest and the ripest fruit on the premises. Have you an idea that because you were baptized at eight months of age and because you have all your life been under hallowed influences you therefore have a right to one whole side of the Lord's table, spreading yourself out and taking up the entire room? I tell you no. You will have to haul in your elbows, for we will place on either side of you those whom you never expected would sit there; for, as Christ said to His people long ago, so He says to you and to me, "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

McDonald, the Scotchman, has thousands of head of sheep. Some of them are browsing on the heather, some of them are lying down under the trees, some are strolling over the mountains, some of them are in his yard. They are scattered all around in many places. Cameron, his neighbor, comes over and says: "I see you have thirty-six sheep. I have just counted them." "No," says McDonald, "I have a great many more sheep than you found in this yard. Some are here, and some are elsewhere. I have 4000 or 5000 in my flocks. 'Other sheep I have which are not of this fold.'" So Christ says to us. Here is a knot of Christians, but they make up a small part of the flock. Here is the Episcopal fold, the Methodist fold, the Lutheran fold, the Congregational fold, the Presbyterian fold, the Baptist and the Pedo-Baptist fold, the only difference between these last two being the way in which they wash the sheep, and so they are scattered all over. And we come with our statistics and say there are so many thousand of the Lord's sheep, but Christ responds: "No, no; you have not seen more than one out of a thousand of My flock. They are scattered all over the earth. 'Other sheep I have which are not of this fold.'"

Of all the merciful institutions which bless this city not one more thoroughly enters into the spirit of the text than does the Bowery mission, whose twentieth anniversary we to-day celebrate. During the past year 3000 souls have been saved through its instrumentality, and during its existence it has put its temporal and spiritual benediction upon hundreds of thousands of the poor and suffering and lost. With the bread of this life in one hand and the bread of eternal life in the other, it is doing a stupendous work, and to all its patrons Christ is saying: "I was hungry, and ye fed Me; naked, and ye clothed Me; sick and in prison, and ye visited Me. Inasmuch as ye did it unto Me, one of the least of these, ye did it to Me."

We need, as churches, to go into sympathy with the great outside world and let them know that none are so broken hearted or hard beset that they will not be welcomed. "No," says some fastidious Christian, "I do not like to be crowded in church. Do not put any one in my pew." My brother, what will you do in heaven, when a great multitude that no man can number assembles? They will put fifty in your pew. What are the people assembled in Christian churches compared with the mightier millions outside? Some churches are like a hospital, that should advertise that its patients must have nothing worse than toothache or runrounds, but no broken heads, no crushed ankles or fractured limbs. Bring there for treatment moderate sinners, velvet coated sinners and sinners with a gloss on.

It was as though at a great battle there were left 10,000 wounded and dying on the field, and three surgeons gave all their time to a half dozen patients in a barn hospital. The Major General comes in and says to the doctors: "Come out here and look at the 10,000 dying for lack of surgical attendance." "No," say the three doctors standing there fanning their patients, "we have a half dozen important cases here, and we are attending to them, and when we are not positively busy with their wounds it takes all our time to keep the flies off."

In this awful battle of sin and sorrow, where millions have fallen on millions, do not let us spend all our time in taking care of a few people, and when the command comes, "Go into the world," say practically, "No, I cannot go; I have a few choice cases, and I am busy keeping off the flies."

We need, as churches, to stop bombarding the old iron-clad sinners that have been proof against thirty years of Christian assault and take aim in other directions.

Years ago I visited a New England factory village. I went up to the door of a factory, and I saw on the outside the words, "No admittance." Of course I went in, and coming to the second door I saw the words, "No admittance." Getting clear on into the factory I saw they were making pins, useful pins, and nothing but pins. So I think there is sometimes an exclusiveness among some of the churches.

The outside world comes up and looks at the door and there is something which seems to say, "No admittance," and the world comes up to the pew door and sees written over it, "No admittance," and looks at the pulpit and there is something there which seems to say "No admittance," while we stand inside of the same churches hammering out our little niceties of religious belief, making pins.

Oh, for deeper appreciation of the sentiment of my text, "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

I have to remark that the heavenly Shepherd will find many sheep amid the non-churchgoers. There are congregations where there are all Christians, and they seem to be completely finished, and they remind one of the skeleton leaves which by chemical preparation have had all the greenness and verdure taken off them and are left neat and white and delicate, nothing wanting but a glass case to put over them. The minister of Christ has nothing to do with such Christians but to come once a week and with ostrich feather dust off the accumulation of the last six days, leaving them bright and crystalline as before. But the other kind of church is an army, with perpetual sound of drum and fife, gathering recruits for the Lord of Hosts and saying to every applicant: "Do you want to be on God's side, the safe side and the happy side? If so, come in the armory and get equipped. Here is a bath in which to be cleansed. Here are sandals to put on your feet. Here is a helmet for your brow. Here is a breastplate for your heart. Here is a sword for your right arm, and yonder is the battlefield. Quit yourselves like men."

I remark again the heavenly Shepherd is going to find a great many of His sheep among those who are now rejecters of Christianity. Some of the mightiest advocates of the gospel were once skeptics. Thomas Chalmers once a skeptic, Robert Hall a skeptic, Christmas Evans a skeptic, Charles G. Finney a skeptic, Paul, the apostle, once a skeptic. But when once with strong hand they laid hold of the gospel chariot they rolled it on with what momentum! I do not know how you came to reject Christianity. It may have been through the infidel talk of some young man in the store or shop or factory. It may have been through the trickery of some professed Christian man, who disgusted you with religion. It may be that thirty years ago you lost all faith by what happened in an oil company which was formed amid the petroleum excitement. The company owned no land, or, if they did, there was no sign of oil produced. But the president of the company was a Presbyterian elder and the treasurer an Episcopal vestryman and one director was a Methodist class leader and the other officers prominent members of Baptist and Congregational churches. Circulars were got out telling what fabulous prospects opened before this company. The circular had all the hues of earth and sea and sky. The letters flamed with all the beauty of gold and jasper and amethyst. Innocent men and women who had a little money to invest and that little their all said, "I do not know anything about this company, but so many good men are at the head of it that it must be excellent, and taking stock in it must be almost as good as joining the church." So they bought their stock, and perhaps received one dividend to keep them still. But after awhile they found that the company had reorganized and had a different president, a different treasurer and different directors. Other engagements or an overcoming modesty had caused the former officers of the company, with many regrets, to resign, and all the subscribers of that stock had to show for their investment was a beautifully ornamented certificate. Sometimes that man, looking over his old papers, comes across that certificate, and it is so suggestive that he vows he wants none of the religion that the president and directors of that oil company professed.

But I do not stop now to know how you came into rejection of Christianity. You frankly tell me that you do reject it. You do not believe that Christ is a divine being, although you admit that He was a very good man. You do not believe that the Bible was inspired of God, although you think there are some very fine things in it. You believe that the Scriptural description of Eden was only an allegory. There are fifty things that I believe that you do not believe, and yet you are an accommodating man. Everybody that knows you says that of you.

If I should ask you to do a kindness for me, or if any one else should ask of you a kindness, you would do it. If when you are ill I should come to you with a phial of medicine and say, "This kind of medicine has cured fifty people who were just as badly off as you are. Take it," and you replied, "I do not want to take it. I have no confidence in it," I would say, "Take it to oblige me," and you would say, "Well, if it will accommodate you I will take it."

Now, you have found that this world is insufficient, and you are sick of sin. I come to you with a gospel medicine. It has cured hundreds and thousands and millions. Will you take it? "No," you say. "I have no confidence in it." Take it, then, to oblige me. I tell you of a physician who has cured more blind eyes and bound up more broken hearts and healed more ghastly wounds than all the doctors since the time of Aesculapius. Be obliging, and just make the experiment.

If you are not acquainted with the ordinary modes of prayer, say in substance: "Oh, Lord Jesus, this is a strange thing for me to do. I know nothing about the formulas of religion. These Christian people have been talking so long about what Thou canst do for me, I am ready to do whatever Thou commandest me. If there be any power in religion, as these people say, let me have the advantage of it." Will you not try that experiment?

I do not now say there is anything in religion. Do not take my counsel or the counsel of any clergyman, for you may dislike clergymen. Perhaps we may talk professionally. Perhaps we may be prejudiced in the matter. Perhaps our advice is not worth taking. Then take the counsel of some very respectable layman, as John Milton, the poet; as William Wilberforce, the emancipator; as Isaac Newton, the astronomer; as Robert Boyle, the philosopher; as Locke, the metaphysician; as Morse, the telegrapher; as Washington, the statesman.

They never preached, or pretended to preach, yet, putting down the telescope and another his parliamentarian's scroll and another his electrician's wire, came forth and commended the religion of Christ as the best thing for the cure of the world's woes. If you will not take the recommendation of ministers of the gospel, take the recommendation of highly respectable laymen.

Oh, men, skeptical and struck through with unrest, I beg you to come off that great Sahara desert of doubt into the bright and luxuriant land of gospel hope and peace. You do not want your children to come up in that skepticism. If you do not believe in anything else, you believe in love—a father's love, a mother's love, a wife's love, a child's love.

Then let me tell you that God loves you more than all these together. The great heart of Christ aches to have you come in, and He looks into your eyes this moment, saying, "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

Again, I remark that the heavenly Shepherd is going to find a great many of the sheep among those who have been full of evil habit. They were all cheated into sin. The spider does not say to the fly, "Come into the web where I kill insects." Oh, no. The spider says, "Dearest fly, come and take a morning walk with me on this suspension bridge of gossamer, glittering with diamonds of dew." Do not be hard on those gone astray. It makes me sad to see Christian people give up a prodigal as lost.

People tell us that if a man has delirium tremens twice he cannot be reclaimed; that if a woman has sacrificed her integrity she cannot be restored. The Bible has distinctly intimated that the Lord Almighty is ready to pardon 490 times. Why do I say 490 times? Because the Bible says "Seventy times seven." Now figure that out. You do not think a man can fall four times, eight times, ten times, twenty times, 100 times, 400 times and yet be saved. Four hundred and ninety times! There are men before the throne of God who have wallowed in every kind of sin, but, saved by the grace of Christ and washed in His blood, they stand there radiant now. There are those who plunged into the very lowest depths of the slums and who have for hundreds of times been lifted up, and finally, by the grace of God, they stand in heaven, gloriously rescued by the grace promised to the chief of sinners.

THIS WORLD OF GERMS

UNSUSPECTED MICROSCOPIC CAVERNS IN WHICH THEY LURK.

The Time Will Come When Each Person Will Have His Individual Objects of Daily Use—Some Innocent Causes of the Dissemination of Disease.

Even so simple a matter as borrowing a lead pencil may lead to the dissemination of disease in a family, says the Indianapolis Journal. Among children especially "swapping" pencils is one method of showing good fellowship, and the child who swaps is sometimes the innocent cause of transmitting sore throat, skin disease, or diphtheria to his best friend. The use of public pencils is also, no doubt, responsible for the transmission of disease from one to another, the danger being far greater when a person moistens the lead in the mouth. Aside from being a filthy habit, this is a dangerous one in any case, for the lead is comparatively rough and has cavities which are to the germs as vast caves in which they lurk and from which they may be transferred to the mucuous membranes through which disease enters most readily into the system.

As for penholders, they are much more commonly used by many persons, and the danger of transmission of disease germs by them is therefore greater. At the hotel counter and the bank desk penholders are handled by thousands in the course of a few days, and of this number some may and do have skin diseases, at least, which may be contagious and are thus transferable to others. It would not be a great tax upon the larger establishments at least to have cheap penholders in such quantity that each person could have a new one, but the remedy is much simpler. Fountain pens are cheap enough, nowadays, to allow every business man and woman to own one, but if that is not possible a pocket penholder is certainly within the means of all. Blotting paper, too, on public desks, bears its own evidence of soiling many hands and from its absorbent nature it is especially congenial to germ elements.

As for public combs and brushes, the danger is too evident and disgusting to need advice against their use, and the same applies to public towels; a public convenience, perhaps, but a common source, even to-day, of the itch or worse diseases. To wipe the hands upon them is bad enough, but to wipe the face and eyes is courting serious trouble.

Common drinking cups may be a source of infection as well as of a cooling or exhilarating draught, as the case may be, and this applies just as much, if not more so, to communion cups, used, it is true, in a holy cause, but none the less likely to serve a most wicked purpose. In fact, any article touched by the lips or hands that passes from one person to another may convey contagious virus or infectious germs. Nor is it necessary to even touch such articles.

Library books are no doubt conveyers of disease, and, although librarians have been frequently urged by sanitariums to adopt some method of disinfecting books, few, if any, have seen fit to do so, although there is a cheap, harmless and efficacious method of so doing by formaldehyde.

Even articles that are, in a sense, private property are possible factors in disease causation. Postage stamps, for example, and other gummed articles, notably the flap of an envelope, are fertile fields for the growth of germs that may be blown or otherwise implanted upon the gummed surface, the danger being increased from the liability that the tongue may be cut by the paper edge in moistening them. The person who uses his tongue to moisten stamps and the like may be infected or inoculated as effectually as if the poison was injected.

The time will come when the individual will have his individual objects of daily use. Even in the household it is wise to have one's own towel, soap, sponge and the like for the toilet. Surely every one, nowadays, has his or her own toothbrush and comb and brush. At the table the fad of having individual cups and saucers and other ware is a sensible one, though not a necessary one in most cases, but if there is any person in the family affected with disease, especially consumption and the like, it is absolutely necessary that that person have his or her own dishes of such a distinctive pattern that they cannot be mistaken.

Kissing has been a much discussed question, and, while sentiment defends the practice, hygiene is in favor of abolishing it at least as a mark of public affection. Many an infant who has been given a kiss of affection has in reality been given the kiss of death, and in adult life serious disease, if not fatal ones, have been transmitted by the kiss of one supposed to be pure, yet saturated with disease. Doubtless the crusade against kissing has been carried to an absurdity, but promiscuous kissing, aside from its indelicacy, is dangerous.

The food that we eat may be a cause of infection. Avoid a filthy provision store as you would the plague! Meat that is mauled over a dirty block, handled with dirty hands and cut with a soiled and rusty knife may be harmless, but the percentage of danger in it is far greater than in that sold under more inviting circumstances. So with bread, cake, and the like; dirty surroundings mean germ danger.

The most costly leather in the world is known to the trade as pigeu leather. The secret of tanning this leather is known only to a family of tanners in Germany.

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Senator W. R. Oliver introduced a bill to amend Sections 17 and 20 of act to incorporate Clanton. Referred to committee on Municipal and County Organizations. Mr. Oliver also introduced a bill to establish an Inferior Court in Clanton. Referred to Committee on Local Legislation.

THE GOVERNOR ON FINANCES.

Governor Samford's message very properly deals mainly with the financial condition of the State, the treasury being yet in the woods. The finances are the first concern of every chief executive, and Governor Samford has reason to be somewhat uneasy lest his administration may show an increasing rather than a declining deficit. There is, however, no danger of serious embarrassment or even of having to borrow money unless the General Assembly at its present session increases still further the extra appropriations. As the Journal has before stated, the treasury can move along very comfortably on a deficit of $300,000 or even more and promptly meet all demands as they come.

The declaration of Governor Samford that he will not sanction the use of special fund money to pay general demands, and to be replaced from taxes as they come in, is in the face of emmenorial custom and plain business practice. We are quite sure if there were need for money to pay interest and some hundreds of thousands of school or pension money were lying there in the same pile with the balance, Governor Samford would not go to the expense of borrowing money and paying interest rather than touch it. No other Governor ever did or ever will, and he would raise a storm if he did. Still, there is no reason why his recommendation of a law to remove any technical objection to this practice should not be promptly carried out. The recommendation is in the line of scrupulous respect for law and does the Governor great credit.

In his treatment of the deficit, the Governor very properly regards the convict money and the agricultural department balances as charges instead of assets. The legislature by a ten line act covering the bulk of this former balance into the general fund, reduce the deficit nearly a hundred thousand dollars.

The Governor makes one serious mistake in his table of extra appropriations for the current year. The extra $100,000 for the schools does not take effect until the next year, being included in the apportionment for the first time next October. But the cost of the constitutional convention and the refund of license taxes will bring out his $364,000, not far from the real figures, if the convict fund remains on the liability side.—Montgomery Journal.

[illegible]

For some years after my marriage I lived at Old Harbor, a small place about 20 miles from Kingston. One day when a visit to my Kingston dressmaker was a necessity I ordered a young negro boy to get upon the ruble and drive me to the town.

I paid my visit to the dressmaker, and, receiving my frock, a light summer thing, from her, I placed it in the box beneath the buggy seat and drove on to my sister's, where I went in to escape the heated part of the day, giving my boy sixpence and bidding him rest the nights and return at 4 o'clock.

He turned up punctually, with the grin still on his face, and in due time we reached Old Harbor once more.

When I went to take out my crispy muslin, I found, to my consternation, it was a wet, sloppy mass. No rain had fallen, and even then—

I rushed to the boy: "Bolbemon, what in the world does this mean? How"—But the look of utter helpless amazement on his face stopped me.

"Lor', mistus, it am quer, bun not so quer as what dous happen to me. Me bought a quarter (3½ d.) worth of dat pretty thing dey calls 'ice' to bring home an show ma sweet, an I put him in dar wid your dress to keep him safe, an now him gone for true, an how him get out I dunno wid you stiffin on him all de time!"—Harper's Magazine.

$10,000 For Twenty Words.

One day Andrew Carnegie at Pittsburg called up one of his New York lawyers by long distance telephone.

The steelmaker wanted to ask a question, but could not make himself understood clearly over the telephone, so he asked the lawyer to come to Pittsburg.

The lawyer said he had an important appointment in New York next day and could not get away.

"Come over now, then," Mr. Carnegie said.

"Can't get train," answered the lawyer.

"Hire a special," was the answer which came back from Pittsburg.

So the lawyer engaged a special train, went to Pittsburg and saw Mr. Carnegie.

The steelmaker asked the lawyer's advice as to whether the question troubling him called for "yes" or "no."

The lawyer answered, "No."

"Thank you," said Mr. Carnegie. "Good night."

The lawyer had said less than 20 words, for which he received $5,000, said "Good night, Mr. Carnegie," and took a special train back to New York in time to keep his appointment next day.—New York Herald.

The Old Time Doctor.

"When I was a young fellow," said the man who notices things, "the family physician attended to all the ills of the family, and the specialists of the profession were wholly unknown. The country doctor was a surgeon as well as a physician. He was almost always clever and usually had remedies of his own invention for common ailments. A large number of the successful patent medicines now before the public are prescriptions of the old time country physician. I could name a dozen such.

"Old Dr. Hill, who was the leader in the town I grew up in, was called into the country by an urgent message one night. He wasn't advised what the patient was suffering from, and upon arrival found it was an ulcerated tooth that was subjecting its owner to almost unbearable pain. Not a surgical instrument did the doctor have with him, and his office was seven miles away. Did he send back for his instruments? Not much! He extracted that tooth with an ordinary hammer and nail to the complete satisfaction of his patient and himself. I'll wager he made a mighty good job of it too."—New York Tribune.

She Couldn't Stand It.

"No," said the beautiful actress; "I cannot be your wife. I love you dearly, Mr. Frost, and if you had any other name I would be glad to go through life sharing your joys and sorrows."

"But," he protested, "my name should not stand in the way. What is it Shakespeare says? 'A rose by any other name would smell as sweet.' What is the matter with my name? Does history record a single dark or unworthy deed committed by a Frost? No. Ah, darling, say you will make me the happiest man on earth!"

"No, no! I cannot! I cannot!" she moaned. "Why, if I were to marry you every newspaper paragrapher in the country would have something to say next morning about 'the Frost Miss Darlington received at yesterday's performance.'"—Chicago Times-Herald.

Bark.

Now a large, dark vessel was descried in the Bosporus, belching fire and waking the echoes of those historic shores with the thunder of her guns.

"Whas bark do that?" asked the sultan.

"That, I take it, is the bark of the dogs of war," said the grand vizier wittily.

This sally was followed by a strict party laugh, the opposition grouning.—Detroit Journal.

Why Aim With One Eye?

Jiggins—I say, old boy, this is my first day at shootin. You might tell me in confidence what people shut one eye for when they're sightin anything.

Hoskins—Oh, that's perfectly simple, my dear fellow. You see, if they were to shut both eyes they wouldn't be able to see anything.—Pick Me Up.

In Tartary onions, leeks and garlic are regarded as perfumes. A Tartar lady will make herself agreeable by rubbing a piece of freshly cut onion on her hands and over her countenance.

More than 1,000 kinds of rubber shoes are made in the United States.

New Salem.

People around here are busy getting ready for farming.

The pound supper given by Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Maddox was greatly enjoyed by the young people.

Miss Naomi Williams, of this place, has been visiting Clanton.

Miss Callie Bussey has returned home after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Aldridge, of Lomax.

Mrs. J. N. Hicks has returned home after a pleasant visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Price.

A Bio Ikz.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Progress In Medicine

Medical science grows apace with civilization and among the leading remedies, one that combines all the results of scientific study up to the present time and is put up in convenient and economical form, easy to take, easy to carry, is the famous Cascarets. Five years ago marked the time of the sale of the first box. Last year the sale reached the enormous total of over six million boxes. In this hustling, every day, busy life of ours people need just this kind of a medicine to stimulate their bowels and keep them regular. Cascarets act on the liver just enough to help nature without causing that awful sick, weakening feeling that usually follows the taking of Calomel and violent purges. We hope our readers who have never tested the merits of Cascarets will give them a good trial. We like them because we believe in them and because we know they are good.

Very True Indeed.

News-papers in every community give their space and time and tireless energy to the aid of material development and the general moral welfare without any hope or wish for compensation apart from that which increased population may give. The average newspaper gives $10 to charity to every 10 cents given by the most charitable citizen, and a thousand dollars in advertising its town to every dime given by citizens in various occupations, and yet even the swindlers who will not pay the trifling sums of their newspaper subscriptions hold themselves free to decry the journals that served them.—Age Herald.

Pity and Beauty

The most beautiful thing in the world is the baby, all dimples and joy. The most pitiful thing is that same baby, thin and in pain. And the mother does not know that a little fat makes all the difference.

Dimples and joy have gone, and left hollows and fear; the fat, that was comfort and color and curve—all but pity and love—is gone.

The little one gets no fat from her food. There is something wrong; it is either her food or food-mill. She has had no fat for weeks; is living on what she had stored in that plump little body of hers; and that is gone. She is starving for fat; it is death, be quick!

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the fat she can take; it will save her.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.
If you have not tried it, send for free sample. Its agreeable taste will surprise you.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00 all druggists.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can make the Constitution wang as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, lawyers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 130,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward them, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

Best Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restored me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton, Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Union Grove.

People in this community are making preparations for another crop.

Mr. J. W. Sorrell's new ginning house will soon be finished.

The new church seems to be on standstill.

Miss Lina Williams has returned home after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Evans.

A School Girl.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
January 18th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 6th, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks, Homestead entry, No. 30673, for the N½ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt, W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

Robert Barker, Register.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Cure infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at Clanton drug store.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you will need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; a plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a site, our only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself.

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, fathers, grand-fathers and all boy's suits from 75c up; men's suits from $1 up.

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard; outing in pink, blue, cream and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c, outing, EE, 5c; calicoes, 5c, a nice quilt top for 50cents.

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50; Ladies shoes from 75c to $3.00

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color; infant hoods, 25c; men's hats from 75c up $3.50, water proof in black, blue, brown, 36 inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard, 1 pound of good yarn for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the same time we carry nothing but reliable goods, and anything that is not as we will make it alright. Thanking our hosts of customers for their liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with best class goods at a small profit. Yours for business,

SARTOR & KICKER,
CLANTON

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest buildings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton contains the finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a full line of Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company I represent has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are always the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most up-to-date attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 7 to 10c. 100 preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c. If you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions. Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, to me, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given during next May.

TOWN TERMS

[illegible] court stands adjourned [illegible] Monday in [illegible] and Monday in April and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9¼ cents.

[illegible] same date last year 7¾ cents

[illegible] RECEIPTS TO DATE: 1900 1899

[illegible] & Co.	2233	2778
[illegible]	1540	1907
[illegible]	860	321
[illegible]	350	290
Total	4783	5296

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Morgan gave the young people a candy pulling Friday night which was much enjoyed by all who attended.

Mr. Tipton Mullins went to Montgomery Monday.

Mr. J. E. Evans has removed to his new storehouse.

Mrs. J. W. Stanfield and Mrs. Gillespie, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. W. L. Mullins attended the editor's meeting of the Central Bank Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. G. F. Martin, of Stanton, was in town Saturday.

Mr. John Marcus, while running the train to mail a letter Friday night, ran over a hand car and broke his leg.

Mr. Jesse Woodyard, of Talladega, visited his parents this week.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton has returned from a visit to her son, Dr. F. Middleton, at Mt. Carmel.

Cut this out and take it to Clanton drug store and D. I. Deramus, Verbena, and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

Mr. J. G. Shand, of South Calera, was a pleasant visitor here Wednesday.

Mr. J. T. Rockett, of Coopers, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. T. J. Lenoir, of Lily, was a visitor here last Friday.

Mr. J. T. Chambers of Pletcher, was in the city Friday.

Mr. G. S. Eiland, of Coopers, was among our visitors Tuesday.

Mr. L. E. Pounds stopped over Monday night on his way to Montgomery.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. E. I. Vinson and Miss Jane Weaver; Mr. Milford Watson and Miss Maggie Langston; Mr. John Hayes and Miss Summer Henry; Mr. J. L. Burnett and Miss Lucie Smitherman; Mr. W. J. Carr and Miss Dosia Headley. Colored. Abraham Lowe and Elizabeth Dixeson.

Down to Atoms

The old idea that the body some times needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded. Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. On sale at Clanton drug store.

Shakespearean Authority.

"This expression of yours, Miss Dimple," said the teacher of the class in elocution, who had been exercising her on Hamlet, "is exceedingly feeling. You actually make the very air sick." "How can I think of the atmosphere being sick?"

"It comes to me," replied Miss Dimple, "I have read somewhere of an ill wind."—Chicago Tribune.

Ancient Cast Steel.

The manufacture of cast steel in India can be traced back for over 2,000 years, while there are also examples of wrought iron work nearly as old. Near Delhi, close to the Kutub, there is a pillar of wrought iron—pillar which is ten tons and is thought to be over 1,600 years old.—Chicago Chronicle.

Judge Adams went to Montgomery this morning.

Dr. W. E. Prescott, of Billingsley, was in town this week.

The O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Stewed Oysters during the Season
We pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

tic.

l soon be here and you
e them to suit

better one for 75c; a nice shoulder
e neck, black plush only $1.50; a
you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, our
t all, come and see for yourself
can fit your boys, husbands, fat
uits from 75c up; men's suits from $
GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard; ou
er colors 10c per yard; checks 5c;
ice quilt top for 50cents
men's shoes from $1 to $3 50; La

75c, any color, infant hoods, 25c
o, water proof in black, blue, brown,
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ot in a first-class store at the same
goods and anything that is not al
anking our host of customers for
eady to serve you with best-class g
s for business.

R & KICKER,
CLANTO

HITE HOUSE

he President, is one of the finest
te store house at Clanton
MERCHANDISE
the country. We carry a fine
c., and will treat you well.
. DOWNS, Clanton

MULLINS
L & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INS
E LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE
W YORK, formerly represented by
L. Sanger.
URANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK,
EAT LIGHT CO. the largest Sewing
ompany in the world

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all lines, but when it comes to buying
and family I am in a position to
For over fifty years the Company
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what they want. The styles are
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terms within the reach of all. We
leading furniture all over the land and
lightest running and the finest set
for the High Arm Singer. You
machines at the Singer Office, Clanto
bye for cash or on time. Need
achments, and the best and only g
ured, every bottle bearing the Sin
nt bottles.
Saturdays and Mondays. For furth
MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

USE FOR THE BENEFIT
CONSUMER
ailer's profit. We sell direct to the
hat your Retailer pays for his goods.
Manufacturer and pay cash for one
bottle from us at the same price you
$1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c pre
preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c prepa
parations, 6 to 8c.
KEY DEPARTMENT
All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than
or hrm. Try a quart of our J. M
RYE at 75c. If you are not satisfie
d you buy elsewhere for $1, we w
t us your orders. We are your friend
we sell.
G CO. 1928 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, A

GGER STOCK!
To meet the increasing demands of
ness we are now laying in a NEW
line of
LOTHING, HATS
SHOES, ETC.
the Latest styles and Newest Fash
GROCERIES and GENERAL
HANDISE are of the finest gra
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ED ON THE SMALLEST MA
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GILES, Clanton, Al

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LIKE TO TRY FOR IT
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Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9¼ cents.

" same date last year 7¼ cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2283	2778
Mullins	1540	1902
Wilson	360	321
Downs	350	280
Total	4783	5281

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Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. EXTRA QUICK DRYING. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

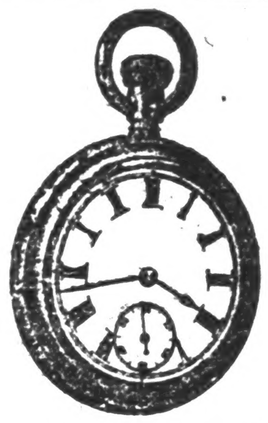
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

Small Scope of the Exposition.

Nearly all of the nations of Central and South America have already sent formal acceptances to the invitation to participate in the Pan-American Exposition. Exhibits showing the resources of all the principal countries of Central and South America are now in course of preparation. Government officials are preparing exhibits from the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico, Cuba and the Hawaiian group. About 25 acres have been set apart for the court of the state and foreign buildings on the eastern side of the grounds and a little south of the main group.

Baptist Humor.

Here is a story from the Baptist conference at Leicester. It is about a minister. He found himself at chapel one morning without his sermon. "My dear brethren," he exclaimed, "I can only give you now what God will send me, but tonight I will come back better prepared."—Pall Mall Gazette.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch is still giving good satisfaction. It is the poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

Everybody Says So.

Concretts Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please try and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $26 and $30.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Paterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE RICE'S
THORSBY.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 9c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1 50 hat for	$1.00
Men's .75 ct hat for	50
Men's .50 ct hat for	35
Men's .35 ct hat for	15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, in $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes ... $2.00 shoe for ... $1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price

Lace, 5 c value	2c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Suspenders, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white kerosene oil	15
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens, at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries
AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. E. JONES CLANTON

MANY BAD INDIANS SEEKING TROUBLE

Troops Are Sent to Quell "Fractious" Creeks.

WAR DANCES ARE INDULGED IN

Bucks Clothed In War Paint Refuse to Hold Pow Wow With Officers of the Law.

A special of Sunday from Muskogee, Indian Territory, says:

"United States Marshal Bennett, with six deputies, and Constable Hubbard, United States Commissioner Hanson and T. W. Gulick left here today for Henrietta, sixty miles distant, where they will join the troops sent to quell the Creeks. They will go overland, and took a campaign outfit, commissary, twenty winchesters and plenty of ammunition. Just before the start was made a telegraph message was received from Checotah saying that the following notice had been posted there after the Snake council adjourned at Hickorytown Saturday.

"Notice: Read, to all:

"Presents:

"White citizens and friendly Creeks should be dealt with according to the old Creek laws, and not according to the Creeks and Chief Porter.

"LATAH MEKKO.

"Attest: Edward Rajo, Second Chief."

The Dawes commission ordered a discontinuance of the surveying in the disturbed district. Mose Lyon, in charge of a party that arrived in Muskogee Sunday, says that a number of light horsemen are still riding over the country. They are heavily armed, but are not doing any damage, confining their efforts to protecting the members of the Snake band going to and from the meetings at Hickory Ground.

It is believed that the worst is over, but Marshal Bennett has his best deputies with him and if he encounters trouble will put up a strong fight. It is his purpose to join the soldiers at Henrietta and work with them in making arrests of the leaders of the uprising.

Major G. W. Lille, "Pawnee Bill," with a posse including Captain Edmund Harry of the Creek Light Horsemen; United States Marshals Dean, Hogan and Churchwell and Indian Police Keys, Howell and Saunder, visited the hostile Creek stamping ground, six miles south of Bristow, at noon Sunday. The Indians were there holding a big feast, and refused to confer with the posse.

Many of the full bloods who have been in the habit of wearing white man's apparel were dressed in full Indian regalia. They were most bitter in their denunciation of the marshals who arrested Tom Tiger, captain of the insurgent light horse, who left at dark in charge of United States Marshals Dean, Hogan and posse for Muskogee, as it is feared an attempt will be made to release him.

Deputy Marshal Grant Johnson and Bunnie McIntosh, of Eufaula, two men noted for their bravery and daring in hazardous expeditions against outlaws, made a dash upon the encampment of Snake Indians, near Eufaula, and captured Chitto Harjo, Crazy Snake. After an exciting escape from the hostile Creek camp they managed to land their prisoner at Henrietta Sunday evening, and he is now held captive under a strong guard of soldiers under the command of Lieutenant Dixon.

The capture of the central figure of the uprising, and the show of force which the troops will make, will likely put an end to the threatened outbreak.

Lieutenant Dixon and his troops will move upon the encampment of Snakes near Eufaula. It is not likely that a forced march will be made. Deprived of their leader, it is not thought probable that they will make any resistance, but will lay down their arms and yield to the inevitable.

Cruising in the Gulf.

The flagship Kearsage, the battleship Massachusetts and the tug Potomac, of the north Atlantic squadron, sailed from Pensacola, Fla., Saturday for a cruse in the gulf.

DRAIN ON TREASURY.

Denmark Seems Anxious to Sell Islands to Uncle Sam.

During the debate on the budget in the Folkething (lower house of parliament) at Copenhagen Thursday, the chairman, Mr. Hage, of the finance committee, announced that a majority of the committee were disposed to sell the Danish West Indies to the United States if satisfactory conditions were obtainable. He added that from a purely economical standpoint it was advisable to sell the islands, as they cost more than they are worth.

NEELY OFF FOR CUBA.

Is Glad to Go Back and Says He Will Be Acquitted.

Charles F. W. Neely, the former postal official who was ordered extradited to Cuba for trial on charges of embezzlement, left Ludlow street jail at New York Saturday and was taken on board a steamer for Cuba. He said to one of the wardens:

"I am glad I am going back to Cuba, because I can readily explain away everything and will be acquitted."

CURRY TALKS PLAINLY.

Discusses the Negro Question Before Turbest Legislature.

In his address before the North Carolina legislature and state officers, Dr. J. L. M. Curry dwelt upon the negro question and the educational question and handled both without gloves. He said in the course of his remarks:

"I am glad slavery has been abolished, but I regret that its curse of ignorant, stupid, unenlightened labor remains. Nobody, white or black, ought to have the right to vote unless he can read his ballot and has paid his poll tax. Anyone who would cheat a negro at the ballot-box would cheat his neighbor in a trade. There is no hatred between the white and colored youth of this country, and I have no sympathy with the doctrine that there is. There are two remedies for the negro problem—diffusion and colonization. I do not see how either is feasible.

"To me the negro problem is the most serious that ever confronted a people. I know it and it will never be solved until it is solved justly. I know that no two races live in peace together where one is semi-barbarous and the other is enlightened. If the southern states refuse to do justice to the negro, the latter will become insurrectionary and lawless and it will require all the powers of the government to control them. You must educate them."

A Determined Suicide.

Because she imagined that she was to be hanged by a mob Mrs. Bartow Odell last night drowned herself in a pool of water near Buckhead.

Her body was found at 9 o'clock Saturday morning by her relatives, who had been searching for her all night. She was within 250 yards of her own house.

Her relatives announce that her mind had been affected for several months. She has brooded considerably of late and Friday announced to them that she was to be hanged by a mob. She told them that she preferred drowning to hanging and would take her own life. Shortly afterwards she escaped from her relatives and all efforts to find her were unavailing until this morning.

The pool of water in which she was lying face downward was not more than six inches deep, she evidently having held her nose under the water until suffocation overcame her.

H. R. Lockett Dead.

H. R. Lockett, who was so severely wounded in a difficulty on the public square of Dadeville, with Charles P. Harwell, the beat constable, died early Friday morning from the bullet wound in the abdomen. He leaves a wife and several small children. Harwell is resting easy, and will get well.

GUILTY POSTAL CLERKS.

Two In the Dead Letter Office Are Dismissed For Trickery.

The postmaster general has dismissed Charles Varden and R. C. Walton, clerks in the dead letter office of the postoffice department, on charges of having purchased packages at the dead letter sale last December 17th, knowing in advance their contents, which were not fully stated on the catalogue.

After an investigation the department several days ago called upon four clerks in the dead letter office to answer the charges. The other two clerks, Mrs. Lillian Browne and Charles Albert, were not found guilty and the charges against them were dismissed.

Big Haul For Robbers.

The exact loss sustained by the revenue office at Poria, Ill., from the visit of robbers Friday night last has been determined to be $31,976. The thieves took revenue stamps of various denominations in the original package and the weight of the plunder was nearly 300 pounds.

The commissioner of Indian affairs expresses the belief that there are as many Indians within the territory now included between Canada and Mexico and between the Atlantic and Pacific as there were when Columbus first crossed the ocean. It may be so, but the matter is open to doubt. The figures of the recent censuses, it is true, show no falling off in the Indian population in the present generation. But conjectures as to the number of the aborigines in the time of Columbus can be only the vaguest of guesses. There were no census enumerators among the natives in 1492.

In the last ten years the United States has increased its wealth $28,000,000,000, which makes the wealth of the nation $91,000,000,000. This gives an average per capita wealth of $1125. This is not so great a per capita wealth as Great Britain's, for her figures are $1300 for each inhabitant. But her aggregate wealth sinks into the background before ours, for she has only $50,000,000,000 against our $91,000,000,000. Her increase in wealth in ten years is $10,000,000,000, as against our $28,000,000,000. The increase in wealth in this country in the last ten years has been $337 for each inhabitant.

WORK OF FIENDS.

Florida Family Is Chloroformed, Robbed and Burned Out—Two Children Die In Flames.

The Residence of George Fleming, agent of the Seaboard Air Line at Watertown, Fla., was burned Saturday morning at 2 o'clock. Mr. Fleming, his wife and oldest child were badly burned and two younger children burned to death. The two children who were cremated were little girls, Fern and Fay, aged three and five, respectively.

Miss Stella Crawford, sister of Mrs. Fleming and niece of Dr. John L. Crawford, secretary of state, was also dangerously burned, and her wounds may prove fatal.

It is generally believed that the family had been chloroformed and the house fired by incendiaries after robbery had been committed, as considerable money and valuables were either stolen previous to the fire or burned. Not a member of the family awoke until the flames had enveloped the house, and they they were then aroused by those attracted to the scene by the blaze.

WIELDED A BROOMSTICK.

Mrs. Nation Is Belabored By Wife of a Topeka Saloon Man.

Mrs. Carrie Nation caused a great flurry among the saloon keepers of Topeka Saturday night and as a result was roughly handled by a mob. Mrs. Nation arrived in Topeka at 6:40 o'clock and immediately hunted up a newspaper reporter, with a request that she be shown some of the leading saloons of the city. Two newspaper men volunteered to show her around. She said she did not want to begin a smashing crusade, but wanted to talk to the liquor sellers.

The keepers of the saloons had been apprised of her intentions and when she arrived at Ed Myer's "joint" on Kansas avenue, she was confronted by the wife of the proprietor, who rained blow after blow on her head with a broomstick, while Myers stood by and encouraged the effort. By this time a large crowd had gathered, among whom were numerous sympathizers of Mrs. Nation. Nobody attempted to interfere and soon Mrs. Myers stopped her assault.

Mrs. Nation said she was not hurt by her experience in the least.

"What does a broomstick amount to," she inquired, "to one who has been used to rawhides, rocks and rotten eggs? That woman should be immediately arrested, though. Where is an officer?"

A policeman then appeared on the scene for the purpose of protecting Mrs. Nation. He then commanded the mob to stand back and started up the street with Mrs. Nation, followed by hooting, jeering rowdies, who were sympathizers with the joint keepers.

Mrs. Nation at last found refuge in the editorial rooms of The Topeka Capital, where the crowd was not allowed to enter.

Later on, when quiet was somewhat restored, Mrs. Nation addressed the mob for a few moments and they gave her attention. She gave an explanation of her action and said she was a lawabiding citizen whenever she raided a joint, as a joint had no rights.

TALK OF EXTRA SESSION.

There Is a Probability of Additional Work For National Lawmakers.

A Washington special says: That senators regard seriously the prospect of an extra session of congress in view of the president's urgent recommendation of legislation concerning the Philipine islands was evidenced Saturday by the activity of those who desire to avoid an extra session. The speculation concerning the probability of a called session was rendered more definite by the fact that senators known to be generally well informed concerning the president's plans joined in the discussion of the outlook.

Careful inquiry also developed the fact that the president has canvassed the subject with a few senators. He does not appear to have indicated any fixed determination of issuing a call, but rather to have consulted them as to the advisabilisy of such a proceeding. In all such instances he seems to have had the necessity of Philippine legislation in view and senators generally expressed the opinion that in case a meeting is called the Philippine question will receive the lion's share of attention.

ALGER WAS BUNCOED.

Ex-Secretary of War Awarded Big Judgment In Tennessee Court.

A decree has been entered in the United States circuit court at Nashville in the case of General Russell A. Alger versus T. B. Anderson et al, upon a mandate from the United States circuit court of appeals of the sixth district, whereby General Alger is given a personal judgment for $201,014.75.

The litigation arose out of the purchase of several tracts of coal and mineral lands in Franklin county, Tennessee, by A. J. Freer acting as agent for General Alger. It was alleged that the lands were "salted" and that rocks painted black were palmed off as coal.

A BOOST FOR SILVER.

House Committee Favors Parity of White Metal With the Yellow.

The house committee on banking and currency voted six to four in favor of reporting the Overstreet bill, maintaining at all times parity of the standard silver dollar with gold. Two Democrats, Driggs, of New York, and Thayer, of Massachusetts, voted for the bill.

NAVAL BILL PASSED.

Democrats Have a "Misunderstanding" During Discussion Of the Army Bill.

A Washington special says. The house Friday adopted the conference report upon the army reorganization bill. The naval appropriation bill was finally passed and immediately afterwards seventy-seven private pension bills.

Mr. Hull, of Iowa, chairman of the military affairs committee, in urging immediate action, said the bill should have been a law three week ago; that it has been outrageously delayed in the congress of the United States, though not in the house. Mr. Hull appealed for the provisions designed to retire General Shafter as major a general, and Generals Lee and Wilson as brigadier generals, provisions which the house had stricken out.

Mr. Richardson protested against voting to increase the list of officers on the retired list.

"If that provision were out of the bill," interposed Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, "would the gentleman vote for it?"

"The report empowers the president to increase the standing army from 58,000 to 100,000 men," replied Mr. Richardson. "If that provision were out also."

"That is not a categorical response," observed Mr. Cannon.

"No," replied Mr. Richardson. "I would never vote for the bill." (Democratic applause.")

Mr. Hay, of Virginia, resented indignantly Mr. Richardson's statement that the report would give the president the power to increase the army from 58,000 to 100,000 men, and took the minority leader severely to task for refusing to join in a fight for a temporary army when the bill was originally before the house.

The conference report was adopted —133 to 100. Two Democrats, Clayton, of New York, and Livingston, of Georgia, voted for the report.

Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, moved to recommit the naval bill with instructions to strike out the provisions for the increase of the navy (two battleships and two cruisers). It was defeated—42 to 132. The bill was then passed.

The house then took up private pension bills.

TAKE THEIR LAST LOOK.

Queen's Coffin Is Finally Sealed By Order of the King.

A special from Cowes, Isle of Wight, says: The royal family took their last loving look at the features of the dead queen Friday. About 10 o'clock in the morning the shell was brought into the bedroom, where were waiting King Edward, Emperor William, the duke of Connaught, Sir James Reid and the royal ladies. The latter having retired, Sir Sames Reid, with reverent hands, assisted by three trusted household servants, and in the presence of the king, the emperor and the duke, removed the body from the bed to the coffin.

In death it was lovelier than in the closing days of life. Not a trace of the ravages of disease was visible. The servants having retired, Queen Alexandra, the princesses and the children were recalled, and with lingering steps and stifled sobs, they passed slowly before the white-robed and peaceful figure. At the foot, never moving, stood the king, and when the mourning crowd had passed there remained only the son and grandson of the dead.

Emperor William wept even more bitterly than the royal ladies. Finally he also retired, and the king was left alone. Sir James Reid, beckoning to the servants, who were holding the coffin lid, asked the king's instructions.

For a few seconds the king stood speechless, stricken with emotion at the last farewell. Then he said quickly:

"Close it finally. It must not be opened again."

Thus the remains of England's greatest ruler were forever hidden from human view.

Britons Get More Guns.

A special from Queenstown says: "Eighteen field guns of the most modern manufacture, with their carriages ammunition, wagons and equipment have arrived here from Germany for service with the British army in South Africa."

EMPEROR BILL HONORED.

Edward Appoints Him Field Marshal In the British Army.

A special from Cowes says: Emperor William Sunday received from the hand of the duke of Connaught his sword on his appointment as a field marshal of the British army. The ceremony took place in the presence of the household of King Edward and the dead queen, as well as a number of British and German naval officers. His majesty expressed great delight at the appointment.

FIRE CAUSES EXPLOSION.

Two Men Dead and Eight Injured Through Burning of a Warehouse.

Two men were killed and eight injured, three of the latter seriously, by an explosion of chlorate of potash during a fire in the warehouse of the Walkerville, Ont., Match Company, in Walkerville, Friday evening.

The explosion, which completely destroyed the building, was heard for mile and a half. The property loss was about $35,000.

Growing Melons.

Watermelons and muskmelons need similar treatment as regards manuring and cultivation, but the two species differ in their soil requirements. While watermelons will thrive on and prefer a sandy soil, and thrive best in a hot climate, the muskmelons prefer a soil more abounding in humus and a good clay bottom. So far as the preparation of the soil is concerned and the fertilization of the land their treatment is identical, except that the watermelons, of course, require more space for their vines. There are two methods of culture, each favored by different growers. One method is to confine the manuring to the hills where the seed is planted, and the other is to put part of the plant food broadcast over the land between the rows. Those who manure on the hills generally lay off the land ten by twelve feet for watermelons and six by six feet for muskmelons. The spaces where the furrows cross are enlarged to make quite a good sized hole where the "hill" is to be. In these holes are placed two or more shovelfuls of compost made of partly rotted manure and black earth from the forest. On this compost a handful or two of a high grade mixed fertilizer is scattered, and then covered with soil so as to bring the whole about level with the original surface of the land before planting the seed. The cultivation is then rapid and perfectly flat, and in the South as soon as the vines have reached about three feet all cultivation stops and cow peas are scattered thinly between the rows so that they will practically shade the land and prevent the melons from being scalded by the sun.

The second method is where a supply of compost is not available and the grower depends on commercial fertilizers. In this case the land for watermelons is plowed early in the season in lands twelve feet broad, and for muskmelons in lands half this width. The dead furrows are run carefully straight and clean, and a subsoil plow is run in the dead furrows between the lands to loosen the soil deeply without turning it up. A week or so before time for planting the fertilizer is applied. We have found it well to make the following mixture to make a ton: Acid phosphate or any good superphosphate, 900 pounds; cottonseed meal or tankage, 600 pounds; nitrate of soda, 100 pounds, and high grade sulphate of potash, 400 pounds. I would use of this about 600 pounds per acre. I always use sulphate instead of muriate of potash with any crop in which sugar is a desirable constituent, and on tobacco, where the muriate damages the quality of the leaf. Scatter one-third the amount of the fertilizer broadcast on the land between the rows, for the rows are to go where the dead furrows are. The remainder scatter along the dead furrows. Now plow two furrows from each side over this making an elevated bed in the dead furrow. Rake the top of this flat, and mark a shallow furrow in the middle of the ridge in which scatter the seed thinly and cover. As the plants begin to start it is a good plan to dust raw bonemeal over them to drive off the bugs, and this will also be a help to the plants. Watermelons are thinned to four feet apart in the rows as soon as the plants are safe from the bugs and the muskmelons to three feet. The advantage of the last method is that the roots are deeper in the soil and stand drought better, and the plant food being well distributed they are not running out of a very rich soil into a very poor one. When this same compost is applied on top the compost in the hills the crop is apt to be a little earlier than in the second method, but the crops by the second method are usually the larger and of a finer quality. Most growers cultivate too long and disturb the vines too much. The cultivation should be as rapid as possible, to destroy any weeds in the hills at first, and to gradually earth up the plants and thus strengthen their growth, but they do not like to have the vines moved after they begin to run. Hence the need for rapid cultivation. A good supply is essential in the fertilizer, the nitrate to start them off and the organic nitrogen to keep up a vigorous growth, and the use of the sulphate of potash will add largely to the quality of the crop.—W. F. Massey, North Carolina Experiment Station.

SALISBURY MAY RESIGN.

Relations Between New King and Prime Minister are Strained.

A dispatch to The New York World from London says:

Prime Minister Salisbury's absence from Osborne house during the queen's last moments has not been publicly explained and causes widespread speculation, especially in court and political circles.

According to information that has reached your correspondent through a sure channel, Lord Salisbury remained away owing to the strained personal relations between himself and the present king.

LARGE CONTRACT AWARDED.

New York Firm Will Build Four Passenger and Freight Steamers.

The Atlantic Transport Company has awarded to the New York Ship Building Company, of Camden, N. J., a contract for four passenger and freight steamboats suitable for fast trans-Atlantic trade.

This is said to be the largest contract for merchant craft ever awarded to any ship building firm on the Delaware at one time. The four vessels when completed will cost the company over $5,000,000.

THE SABBATH SCHO

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMM FOR FEBRUARY 3.

Subject: Parable of the Ten Virg Matt. xxv., 1-13 — Golden Text: M xxv., 13 — Memory Verses, 10-13 — mentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Then." At the season referr in the preceding chapter where them reasons for believing the coming of Savious is near; but still it is impo to fix the exact time. "The kingdom heaven." The gospel kingdom, or state of things in the visible church, tacularly the character, conduct and dition of the subjects of that king "Ten virgins." Ten as a symbol sent's completeness, and the virgins sent the purity of the Christian "Took their lamps." Each had a "which signifies individuality, preparat independence of others." The lamp nifies the outward profession of relig "Went forth." The procession accom ing the bride from the house of her er to that of the bridegroom was ally one of more or less pomp bridegroom." The bridegroom means Lord Jesus Christ, and all who are mak preparation for His coming, whether call men by death or to summon them His second appearing, may be said to going forth to meet Him.

2. "Were wise." These left nothing be attended to at the last moment were prudent and fully prepared. "F ish." Careless, negligent. The ch of Christ consists of true and f members spiritually dead and others ritually alive.

3. "Took their lamps." We must fully note the contrast: In the case of foolish the taking of their lamps is thing, but in the case of the wise it is taking of oil in their vessels. "Took oil with them." The oil represents grace, or love of God in the heart. virgins represent a class of so-called Ch tians who make profession of religion, who lack the faith which worketh by

4. "Took oil." They carried a with oil to pour into the lamp when sary. The decisive test was not the but the oil—the Spirit, the spiritual and yet they must have a lamp to the oil. Let us be careful not to de the forms of religion. True Christ unite both external and internal Ch tianity.

5. "Tarried." The figure is gene modified by the circumstances that bridegroom comes from afar, as in Ju 14; this would explain the long tarrying the bridegroom. The Bridegroom away is Christ, who is come for the riage feast from "the far country"— home above. "Slumbered and slept." time passed by the virgins in sleep re sents merely the waiting time, during which time the true Christian is fully prepared for the coming of the heave Bridegroom at any hour.

6. "At midnight." The Jewish dings were generally celebrated in night, yet they usually began at the of the evening star, but in this case was a more than ordinary delay. This the most unfit time for the virgins to tain the oil they needed. "The Br groom cometh." Though Christ long, He will come at last; though seems slow. He is sure. The year of redeemed is fixed, and it will come. and the judgment will come when expected. "Go ye out to meet Hi Here is a summons. What does mean? It means, go forth to receive recompense of your doings. What a ful thing to be thus summoned to ap before the judge of all the earth!

7. "All—arose." There is somet terrible in the security of the fool maintained up to the last; they, too, and trim their lamps, even though is nothing but a foul wick; they are yet aware that their fate is already "Trimmed." Adorned.

8. "Give us." They now began to alize their serious lack. Those who up with something short of true grace certainly find the want of it, sooner later. "Lamps are going out" (R. This shows that their lamps had lighted. Many who once have had filled with faith and love have allow worldly spirit to take possession of and now they are entirely backsli from God: their "lamps" have gone ou

9. "Will not be enough" (R. V). was impossible to render any assista There was a time when they might helped each other, but that time is past. "Go ye." They could tell what to do, but it was now too late. them that sell." To God." "For selves." They must have oil of their Nothing short of personal holiness is cient.

10. "While they went to buy." a dismal thing it is not to discover emptiness of one's heart of all that until it is too late to be saved. God knows how many are thus deceived. that were ready." Those who were pared; who not only had a profess godliness, but who possessed true hol "To the marriage feast" (R. V). T eternally glorified; to be in His imme presence. "The door was shut." T comes a period after which change possible. 1. In some cases that peri death. 2. In other cases the day of less hardness comes before the termin of the natural life. 3. At the time of second advent of our Lord Jesus Ch and to this period especially doth the able refer. As the Lord finds us so main forever.

11. "Open to us." Earnest pr when used in time, may do much but it appears from this parable that may come a time when prayer even Jesus may be too late!

12. "I know you not." There is trangement of heart that separates from the Saviour. Heart prepar alone could fit them for the enjoym the presence of the Lord, and this lacked.

13. "Watch." It is our duty to with the utmost diligence. We watch against temptations, failure in loss of love. Watch for the coming Lord and for an opportunity to lead to Christ. The time is uncertain, we always be ready. "Wherein the Son Man cometh." These words are omi in R. V., and are undoubtedly no the text.

Recent designs in furnaces and matic stokers reveal such grati progress in solving the problem smoke abatement as to encourage belief that the "smokeless city" altogether a dream, but a possibi the twentieth century. In fact, may judge from the progress al made in perfecting devices for not a "smokeless century" it w no excuse for tolerating the nuisance" for another decade. are abundant and gratifying tions that if the twentieth cent not a "smokeless century" it w the fault of inefficient municipal ernment and not the fault of scientists.

A CRY FO

Result of a Pro
Letters from
lished by Spe
For Women's

MRS. PINKHAM, LYNN, M

"DEAR MADAM:—I am
uaries and womb and have
continual pain and soreness in
pain when lying down,
stand I suffer with
ve my troubles were caused

"Life is a drag to me, an
ing a well woman. I have
everything. I am in fact now
did me but little good.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta
me by a friend, and I
their trial.

"I write this letter with the
my case." — MRS. S. J. WAT

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I
you the benefit that your advice
Compound have done for me.

"I had been suffering with
walk but a short distance, had
part of my bowels, backache, and
for four months and was so much
the distance that I could before.

"I am to-day in better heal
two years, and I know it is all d
Compound.

"I recommend your advice an
—MRS. S. J. WATSON, Hampton

This is positive proof that
advise sick women than any oth
thing.

$5000 REWARD. We have dep which will be paid to any pe are not genuine, or were
mission.

N
cro
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crop will b
"scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

LIBBY'S
PORK
AND
BEANS

There is one flavor in pork and beans that all people like. It was devised in the rural homes of New England. It has made Boston the synonym of beans.

In our kitchen we get exactly that flavor. Our beans are cooked by an expert. We put them up in key-opening cans. Your grocer will supply you.

Plenty of other canned beans, but that flavor comes only in Libby's.

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Send a postal for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

RESOURCE FOR
TIRED MEN AND WOMEN
Home Comforts Appeal, Tonics Good, Stimulants Bad, Rest Indispensable.
SEND FOR BOOKLET

THE SABBATH SCHO

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMME
FOR FEBRUARY 3.

Subject: Parable of the Ten Virgi Matt. xxv., 1-13 — Golden Text: M xxv., 13 — Memory Verses, 10-13—C mentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Then." At the season referred in the pre ing chapter where there reasons fo believing the coming of Sa e is near but still it is impos to the exact time. "The kingdom heaven." The gospel kingdom, or state of things in the visible church, ually the character, conduct and dition of the subjects of that king "Ten virgins." Ten as a symbol re sem's completeness and the virgins rep sent the purity of the Christian chu "Took their lamps." Each had a la which has generally been interpreted to indicate the outward profession of relig "Went forth." The procession accompa ing the bride from the house of her fa er to the bridegroom was ge ally a joyful more or less pomp. "T bridegroom." The bridegroom means Christ, the author and all who are mak preparation for its coming, whether call me to death or to summon them His second appearing may be said to going forth to meet Him.

2. "Were wise." These left nothing be attended to at the last moment; t were prudent and fully prepared. "Fo ian." Careless, negligent. The vis ing of Christ consists of true and fa members spiritually dead and others s ritually alive.

3. "Took their lamps." We must c fully note the contrast. In the case of foolish the taking of their lamps is ev thing, but in the case of the wise it is taking of oil in their vessels. "Took oil with them." The oil represents grace, or love of God in the heart. The virgins represent a class of so-called Chr tians who make profession of religion, b without the faith which worketh by lo

4. "Took oil." They carried a ve with oil to pour into the lamp when nec sary. The device test was not the lam but the oil. The Spirit, the spiritual li and yet they must have a lamp to h the oil. Let us be careful not to desp the forms of religion. True Christia unite both external and internal Chr tianity.

5. "Tarried." The figure is general modified by the circumstances that t bridegroom comes from afar, as in Jude It thus may explain the long tarrying the bridegroom. The Bridegroom A ways is Christ, who is come for the ma riage feast from the far country—d hence "they all slumbered and slept." T time passed by the virgins in sleep rep sents, perhaps, the entire time, duri which time the transaction is fully p pared for the coming of the heave Bridegroom at any hour.

6. "At midnight." The Jewish w dings were usually celebrated in t night, yet they began at the ris of the moon, and in this case the was a considerable delay. This w the most no[illegible] to the virgins to t time the cry needed. "The Brid groom cometh." Though Christ tar long, it will come at last, though it seems so. He is sure. The year of t redemption draweth nigh and it will come. Dea and the hour will come when lea sleep and "arise out to meet Him Here is a summons. What does th mean? It means go forth to receive t recompense of your doings. What a fe ful thing to be thus summoned to appe before the judgment of all the earth!

7. "All arose." There is somethi terrible in the security of the foolis maintained up to the last; they, too, ar and trim their lamps, even though the is nothing but a foul wick; they are n yet aware that their fate is already seal "Trimmed." Adorned.

8. "Give us." They now began to r alize their serious lack. Those who ta up with something short of true grace w certainly find the want of it, sooner later. "Lamps are going out" (R. V The shows that their lamps had be lighted. Many who once have had hea filled with faith and love have allowed worldly spirit to take possession of the and now they are entirely backslidde from God, their "lamps" have gone out.

9. "Will not be enough" (R. V): was impossible to render any assistance There was a time when they might h helped each other, but that time is p past. "Go ye." They could tell th what to do, but it was now too late. "T them that sell." To God. "For yo selves." They must have oil of their ow Nothing short of personal holiness is s cient.

10. "While they went to buy." W a dismal thing it is not to discover emptiness of one's heart of all that is g until it is too late to be saved. God o knows how many are thus deceived. "Th that were ready." Those who were p pared, who not only had a professio godliness, but who possessed true holin "To the marriage feast" (R. V). To eternally glorified, to be in His immedi presence. "The door was shut." Th comes a period after which change is p possible. 1. In some cases that period death. 2. In other cases the day of h less hardness comes before the terminati of the natural life. 3. At the time of t second advent of our Lord Jesus Chr and to this period especially doth the p able refer. As the Lord finds us so we main forever.

11. "Open to us." Earnest pray when used in time, may do much go but it appears from this parable that th may come a time when prayer even Jesus may be too late.

12. "I know you not." There is a s trangement of heart that separates th from the Saviour. Heart preparati alone enables them for the enjoyment the presence of the Lord, and this t lacks.

13. "Watch." It is our duty to wat with the utmost diligence. We are watch against temptations, failure in th loss of love. Watch for the coming of t Lord and for an opportunity to lead to Christ. The time is uncertain, we s always be ready. "Wherein the Son Man cometh." Those words are omit in R. V., and are undoubtedly no part the text.

Recent designs in furnaces and au matic stokers reveal such gratifyi progress in solving the problem smoke abatement as to encourage belief that the "smokeless city" it altogether a dream, but a possibility the twentieth century. In fact, if may judge from the progress alre made in perfecting devices for not a "smokeless century" it will no excuse for tolerating the "s nuisance" for another decade. T are abundant and gratifying ind tions that if the twentieth century not a "smokeless century" it will the fault of inefficient municipal g ernment and not the fault of scientists.

A CRY FOR HELP.

Result of a Prompt Reply.—Two Letters from Mrs. Watson, Published by Special Permission.—For Women's Eyes Only.

March 15, 1899.

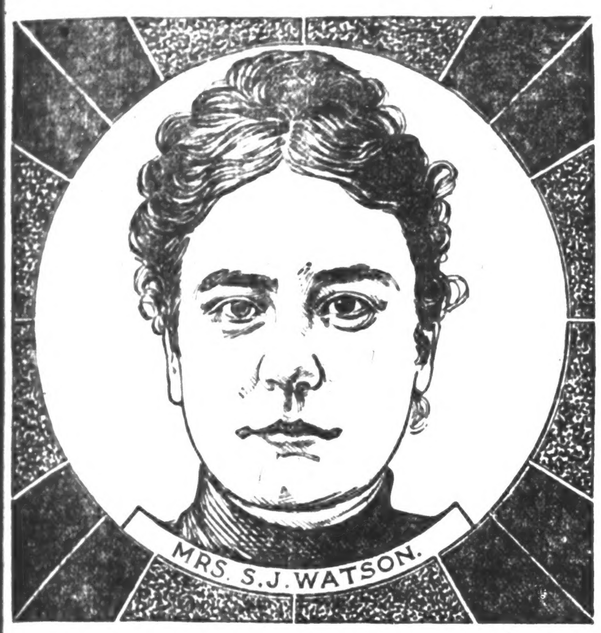
TO MRS. PINKHAM, LYNN, MASS.:

"DEAR MADAM,—I am suffering from inflammation of the ovaries and womb, and have been for eighteen months. I have a continual pain and soreness in my back and side. I am only free from pain when lying down, or sitting in an easy chair. When I stand I suffer with severe pain in my side and back. I believe my troubles were caused by over work and lifting some years ago.

"Life is a drag to me, and I sometimes feel like giving up ever being a well woman; have become careless and unconcerned about everything. I am tired now. I have had several doctors, but they did me but little good.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been recommended to me by a friend, and I have made up my mind to give it a fair trial.

"I write this letter with the hope of hearing from you in regard to my case."—MRS. S. J. WATSON, Hampton, Va.



November 27, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to acknowledge to you the benefit that your advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me.

"I had been suffering with female troubles for some time, could walk but a short distance, had terrible bearing down pains in lower part of my bowels, backache, and pain in ovary. I used your medicine for four months and was so much better that I could walk three times the distance that I could before.

"I am to-day in better health than I have been for more than two years, and I know it is all due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I recommend your advice and medicine to all women who suffer."—MRS. S. J. WATSON, Hampton, Va.

This is positive proof that Mrs. Pinkham is more competent to advise sick women than any other person. Write her. It costs you nothing.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers and adapted to all crops, are free to all farmers.
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New York.

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PORK AND BEANS

There is one flavor in pork and beans that all people like. It was developed in the rural homes of New England. It has made Boston the synonym of beans.

In our kitchen we get exactly that flavor. Our beans are cooked by an expert. We put them up in key-opening cans. Your grocer will supply you.

Plenty of other canned beans, but that flavor comes only in Libby's.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY
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Send a postal for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

THE ANOA.

Dwarf Cattle of Celebes Are No Longer Than Ordinary Sheep.

Celebes has the distinction of being the home of the smallest living representative of the wild cattle, or, indeed, of the wild cattle of any period of the earth's history, for no group appears to be known to science. An idea of three extremely diminutive proportions of the anoa, or sapi-utan, as the animal in question is respectively called by the inhabitants of Celebes and the Malays, may be gained when it is stated that its height at the shoulder is only about 3 feet 3 inches, whereas that of the great Indian wild ox, or guar, is at least 6 feet 4 inches, and may, according to some writers, reach as much as 7 feet. In fact, the anoa is really not much, if at all, larger than a well-grown South Down sheep and scarcely exceeds in this respect the little domesticated Bramini cattle shown a few years ago at the Indian exhibition held at Earl's Court. The anoa has many of the characters of the large Indian buffalo, but its horns are relatively shorter, less curved and more upright. In this, as well as in certain other respects, it is more like the young than the adult of the last-named species, and as young animals frequently are gradually lost as maturity is approached it would be a natural supposition that the anoa is a primitive type of buffalo.

Walks with a Broken Back.

A case that is attracting attention in the surgical world is that of Michael Kepler of Raveno, Pa., who is suffering from a broken back. Five years ago he fell and sustained the injury. The local doctors did not give him much relief, and after two years he went to Blomberg. Since then he has undergone fourteen operations. He was discharged from several hospitals as incurable and was told to prepare for the end. Kepler never became discouraged, and about a year ago he commenced to gain strength and for several months he has been able to walk. His health is excellent, but the pain in his back is intense. The bone is decaying, and a large amount has been cut away. He is one of the most jovial, good natured young men in the town. He has gone to Kane for another operation.

SCRAMBLE FOR DIAMONDS.

Gems Thrown Away by an Absent-Minded Dealer.

"Have you got any of those diamonds?" is the question of the hour in Birmingham. Some 800 precious stones have been shared out by lucky prospectors in Vittoria street, and the search still continues, says the London Express. It happened in this wise: In a fit of abstraction John Davis, member of a firm of diamond merchants, while walking down Vittoria street on a recent morning, pulled an old envelope out of his pocket and commenced to tear it up. When he reached the last section the terrible fact dawned upon him that it was the envelope in which were some 1,600 small diamonds, valued at £100, and that he had been sowing these broadcast over a public thoroughfare. The news spread with lightning-like rapidity. Shopkeepers locked up and came to the more lucrative occupation of picking up diamonds, while for a mile around an errand boy at his ordinary work was a phenomenon. Such a scraping of the street with knives and sticks had never been seen. As it happened, most of the lost stones went down the cellar gratings of a jeweler's shop. Ingenious youths fished for them with a piece of soap attached to a stick and reeled in three prizes at a time. Others sat in the gutter sorting an anxiously guarded handful of dirt. Still the crowd grew. At one period over 1,500 lads were to be seen hard at work. From noon to seven o'clock the street was nearly blocked. When night fell candles, lamps and lanterns were brought to aid the indefatigable hunters for treasure trove, and the scene presented could only have been done justice by Hogarth. About half the diamonds have found their way back to their rightful owner. Some were sold to a shopkeeper and the rest, like the graves of a household, are scattered far and wide. Diamond pins will shortly be fashionable in Birmingham.

IN AUSTRALIA.

Baseball Popular There, Due to Effort of Resident Americans.

Baseball is becoming popular in Australia, says the London Mail, and possibly some day Australians will be as eminent in this sport as they are at present on the cricket field. It is largely owing to the efforts of the many Americans settled in the antipodes that the game is becoming rapidly acclimated. Recently began the first series of inter-colonial baseball matches, the contestants being Victoria and New South Wales, both of which colonies possess organized baseball associations. The games were played in Sydney and the home nine won two out of three. The New South Wales side included Victor Trumper, M. A. Noble and J. J. Kelly, members of the last Australian cricket team to visit England, and among the Victorians was another member of that team, Frank Laver. Donnan of the 1893 eleven was selected as the emergency player of New South Wales. Local Americans say that wonderful proficiency was displayed, although as yet some of the finer points of the game remain to be learned.

Fight Your Liver

If you want to. But look out, or it will get the start of you. If it does, you will have dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, poor blood, constipation.

Perhaps you have these already. Then take one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime. These pills gently and surely master the liver; they are an easy and safe laxative for the whole family; they give prompt relief and make a permanent cure. Always keep a box of them in the house.

25 cents a box.

If your druggist cannot supply you, we will mail you a box direct from this office upon receipt of the price, 25 cents. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 1.0

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Safest surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Sending Magazines to Army.

Those who wish to send magazines and other reading matter to the soldiers in the Philippines can avoid transportation charges by forwarding the books to any commissary department of the army. These books must be in good condition and the literature of a wholesome character. The books and magazines must be packed in substantial boxes, but not addressed to any individual. They should be addressed to hospitals, commands or libraries.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c

The man who measures the profits of religion in dollars and cents will never strike a heavy balance.

Governor Blackburn

Always said that Crab Orchard Water would cure more diseases than any one remedy that he had ever used.

The true philosopher smiles at his own misfortunes, and tries to relieve the misfortunes of others.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

In some grottoes in Algeria, French explorers have recently discovered stone implements mingled with the remains of extinct animals belonging to quaternary times.

Bear's Antics Amuse Court.

A Frenchman arrested in Baltimore with his traveling bear brought the animal with him in court, where his antics so amused the judge that the prisoner was discharged and escorted out of the city.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Blood and Nerve Remedy

is the Greatest and Most Positive

Cure for Rheumatism

the World Has Ever Known.

Try it and be convinced of its wonderful power to cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Nothing like it for Headaches, Pain and Weakness in the Back or Limbs; unrivalled for Painful Menstruation, etc.

This Style Adopted Nov., 1898

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Guaranteed · Purely · Vegetable.

FOR THE CURE OF

DOSE.

Adults.—Two to three teaspoonfuls after each meal, in a little water.
Children.—One-half to a teaspoonful after each meal, in a little water.
Infants.—One-quarter teaspoonful, in a little water, three times a day.

If you have Constipation, Torpid Liver and Biliousness, you should take Dr. Greene's Laxura Cathartic Pills in connection with Nervura. They are the best pills in the world, vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take, certain and pleasant to act.

25 CENTS AT DRUGGISTS.

PREPARED BY Drs. R. E. & J. A. Greene, At their Medical Office and Laboratories, 35 West 14th St., New York City, 24 Temple Place, Boston, Mass.

PRICE, $1.00.

If you suffer with Rheumatism, try Dr. Greene's Nervura, and consult Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, about your case. Call there or write him. This you can do without cost or charge.

A Wonderful Cure of Rheumatism

of the many thousands cured by

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA.

The greatest known cure for RHEUMATISM.

Mr. T. H. Roleau, of Essex Junction, Vt., says: "For three years I was terribly afflicted with a most severe case of rheumatism. For 23 months I could not walk a step, and I never expected to walk or work again. I was completely helpless and suffered the most horrible agony.

"No man in these parts ever suffered as I did. I took everything that I ever heard of, but never found anything that did me the slightest good until I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"And now comes the most wonderful part of all. In a short time this splendid medicine made me completely well. It is the best remedy I ever saw or heard of, for it raised me from a condition of utter helplessness and constant agony to perfect health. It saved my ability to work which was entirely gone. I am now entirely well and strong, and I owe my health and my life to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I advise everybody to use it."

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Four boxes rule the world—the cartridge box, the ballot box, the jury box, and last, but not least, the feminine hat box.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

What has become of the old-fashioned woman who made big fat biscuit? Nowadays the biscuits are about as big as a quarter.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

Andrew Carnegie's manager on his Scotch estates is the man who taught him to operate a telegraph instrument.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Never be afraid to side with the minority if that minority is based upon honesty and principle.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Every person has two educations, one which he receives from others and one, more important, which he gives himself.

Two Horses from Queen.

The queen herself has on two occasions at least, been called upon to pay horseshoe "rent quittance" similar to that which the city corporation renders to the Crown each year. Oakham, in Rutland, posses a unique and peculiar privilege, by virtue of which any peer of the realm passing within the precincts of the manor has to pay tribute in the form of a horseshoe, and if he refuses he is obliged to give money, which the bailiff is empowered to take by force. Strictly speaking, the shoe should come from one of his own horses, but the alternative of payment in hard cash is usually chosen, the money being devoted to purchasing ornamental horseshoes to decorate the castle walls. Many of these articles, including two from her majesty, given when she visited the county, first as Princess Victoria and again some five-and-twenty years ago, and one apiece from Queen Elizabeth and George IV.—London Telegraph.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best

What Can You Expect?

There was a bargain sale of gloves in one of the up-town stores the other day. One woman who had considered herself fortunate in being in the front rank in the bargain counter rush was much disgruntled when she reached home to find that both gloves were for the same hand. She took them back and explained. "What can you expect at such a price?" asked the girl of whom the purchase had been made, in a deprecatory tone.—New York Times.

Bees in Prisoner's Cell.

John Bunch, a pioneer citizen of Macon county, Missouri, is suing the town of La Plata for injuries alleged have been received while in the calaboose at that place last August. He was arrested for some trivial cause and found on being locked up that he had for cellmates an active and exceedingly indignant hive of bees. The insects regarded him as an intruder and stung him severely during his six hours of confinement.

DYSPEPSIA

need not be endured a day longer if you use

A natural medicinal water—concentrated. A potent, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds beat it out every time.

Combination Corn. Great enough on earth. Wilt positively produce more corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 20 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.

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FOR 10c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we will mail our rich catalog, 10 kinds famous vegetables, also Seeds (20 kts. per oz.) Clover, 250 bushel per A.) Oats, Barley (175 bu. per A.) Peas, etc. Worth $10 to introduce.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

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REFERENCES REQUIRED.

We have an Immense Stock in full Variety and can insure satisfaction. Address,

G. H. MILLER & SON, ROME, GA.

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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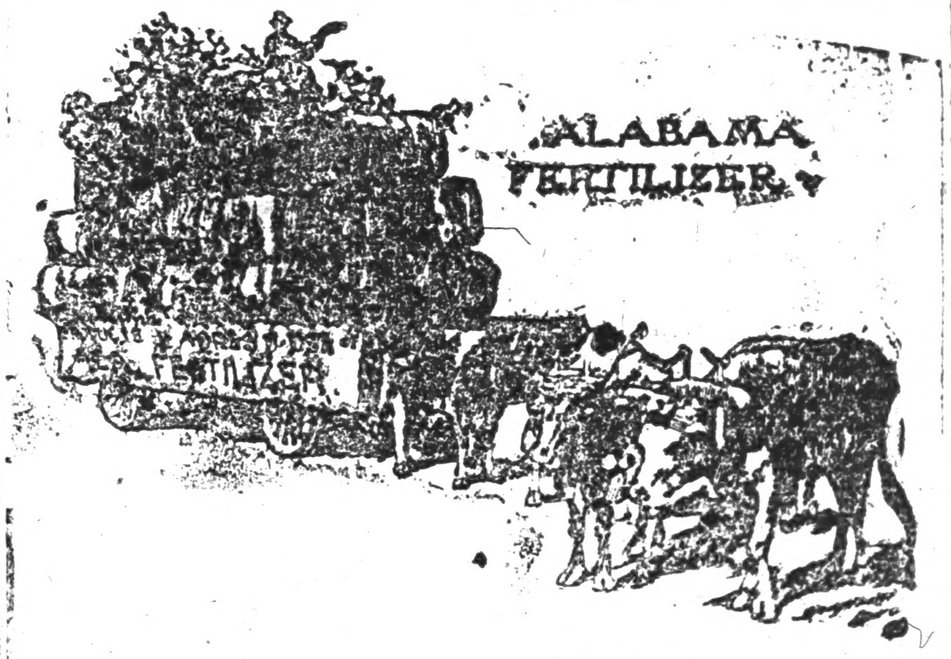

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Our most careless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 31 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of all fertilizers claim. With about as correct good grounds it is more important that one at the top keep ahead. The ALABAMA is the standard of excellence, and only those whose interests demand the unknown could offer it.

Without again going to the expense of advertising all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the celebrated ALABAMA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are sold and worked, and which, after years of handling, are still as good as new, thoroughly in consideration and prominent tests, have been tendered by the Alabama Experiment Department, who recommend these bags to the farmers of our State. Numerous experts on fertilizing have given opinion that they will only facilitate for shipment furnished sealed in these celebrated bags, thereby keeping both transportation and their contents free from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Goods Bonds Proceeding which attracted the attention of all was a cotton drawn by one well had often averaging 14 bales of cotton produced on the acre of land, made from Russell Improved Big Boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we are the first with RUSSELL VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement to effect. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. Be certain to get what you want.

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other products of equal grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Joseph S. Bishop, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Stores, who is well and favorably known throughout all South particularly in Alabama, whose sole management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer.

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Feb. 20, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost than any other fertilizer with which I have had dealt with phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The RUSSELL VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and who better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in handling, carting, the greatest blessings to all, and who better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in handling, carting, and exposure by having to struggle fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mexican Bags used very, which is the strongest testimony of their superior merits.

S. S. BISHOP, Secretary.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

Nine hundred and forty four miles of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Three hundred and thirty-two bushels of oats on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Twenty-hundred and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and work accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 40 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified acre of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

1901 WORLD ALMANAC

AND ENCYCLOPEDIA

of Statistical Volume of Facts and Figures Containing Over 600 Pages.

OVER 1,000 TOPICS
OVER 10,000 FACTS.

SPECIAL FEATURES—

The census of 1900. National and State election returns. Fourteen months of American progress. Political record of 1900 conventions and platforms. American rule in the Philippines. New governments of Porto Rico and Hawaii. Polar exploration in 1900. Conclusion of the South African war. Pan-American Exposition of 1901. China—its present condition and status among nations. Roster of general officers of the Regular U. S. Army, 1779—1900.

A Political Register.

Facts that every patriot and voter ought to know.

Standard American Annual.

Price 25 cts. Postpaid to any address. THE WORLD, Pulitzer Bldg., New York.

Neuralgia and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

Extreme Adoration.

A young man whose battered nose was red and pink and yellow with the labels of European hotels boarded a street car and held to the conductor. "I go six blocks. How much?"

"Oh, only a nickel," the conductor answered. But the young man insisted on over 15 cents, saying, "They charge a glass of beer and a cigar on me."

The conductor gave thanks for the tip and added, "First trip from Europe, hey?" And to his astonishment the young man nodded assent.

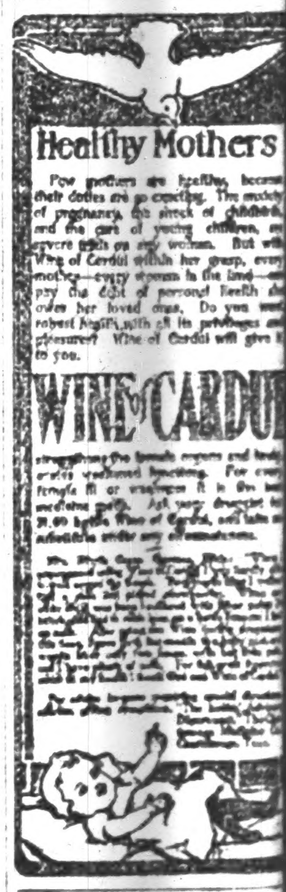
Out on the back platform a little later the conductor described the incident to a couple of passengers. "He asked me what the fare was for six blocks," said, "and then he gave me a tip. It was a case of false aboutismitis. He has just returned from Europe where you pay by the distance on street cars and where you tip the doctors, and he pronounced to forget he wasn't in Europe still.

"We thought I'd educate him of his strange conduct, and I would have too, if the trick wasn't an old one to me. Here and in New York, especially in New York, you are constantly running up against people who forget they aren't European emigrants on you. They do it so you'll know their have been abroad."—Philadelphia Record.

EUREKA. ITCHING HUMORS FINALLY CURED AT 8 80.

Doctor Does Not Interfere

Does your Skin Itch and Burn, Disfiguring Eruptions on the Face, you feel ashamed to be seen in society? Do scabs and Scales form on the skin, Hair or Scalp? Have you Scurvy, Skin Sore and Crusts, Rash, Dermatitis, Eczema, Pimples on the Skin? Boils, Eruptions, Rose Spots, Bumps, Jaundice, Pimples, Itch, All Rash, Dandruff, Old Sores? Rising Sores, Chronic Ulcers? To cure to stay cured take B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) which makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. B. will cause the sores to heal, nothing of eczema to stop from the skin to become clean and healthy and sweet. B. B. B. is just the Remedy you have been looking for. This mighty tested for thirty years, thousands testimonials are received to my B. B. B. Per sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle; six large bottles ($5 value) $5. We have free book to sent Botanic Blood Balm. Complete directions with each bottle. Sufferers may test it a trial bottle free for the asking. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble. Free personal medical advice given.



Interested.

Jewelerich—I never can remember my cards to leave when calling.

Gentleman—The rules are very medium. You hand one to the lady and then on departing leave one in the plate as there are adult members of the family, adding two of your husband's cards and occasionally drop in a few more for good measure. Do not be niggardly in dealing them, as that suggests vulgar poverty.

Jewelerich—Very much obliged. Are you a book of etiquette?

Gentleman. I am Mr. Bristol, the manufacturer.—Exchange.

Duplicated.

"I said the drug clerk, "is a powerful hard remedy. It's our specialty."

"Give me a bottle," said the old man. "But, say, come to think of it, why don't you use it yourself?"

"I do use it. You see, I'm the drug clerk. The 'after using' cut at home. You should see my."—Philadelphia Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

World-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, ointment or balm for Cuts, Burns, Boils, Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions. Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only at Clanton drug store.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—BY THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Cairo daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Louisville, Chicago and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or A. O. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama,
County.

Whereas, by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed to W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. to H. C. Gandy on the 5th day of January, 1894, and filed November, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 32, page 34, on the 5th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by H. C. Gandy to S. Mass & Co., and by S. Mass & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 5th day of January, 1901, I will proceed to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One and 1 at in Stanton, Ala. Lot being in the Nw ¼ of Nw ¼ of Section 7, Township 20, Range 13, four and a half acres.

Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of Feb., 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

Subscribe for The Banner.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY FEBRUARY 7. 1901 NO. 16

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Knoxdale.

Farmers are making preparations for another crop; quite a number of new grounds are being taken up in this part of the country.

Mrs. Glass is quite ill at this writing, hope she will soon be restored to health.

Dr. G. E. Wright and Mrs. Veazey visited Mr. J. C. Veazey last week.

Mr. D. C. Hubbard is building near his old place, he having bought land from his brother, Mr. T. L. Hubbard. We are glad to have to Mr. Hubbard back with us.

Bro. T. U. Crompton gave us a lecture not long since which was enjoyed by all. CLINT.

A Convincing Answer

"I hobbled into Mr. Backmon's drug store one evening," says Wesley Nelson, of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for Rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said 'Well if Chamberlain's Pain Balm does not help you, you need not pay for it.' I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism." Sold by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Jasmine.

We had a fine rain in our town to-day; everything is getting along nicely in our town.

Miss Ethel Johnson spent the day with her friends at Mr. J. D. Sims.

We are glad to say Mr. T. Mills is some better.

Mr. T. J. Marcus visited his brother at Billingsley.

Mrs. Propst's father is down to visit her from North Carolina.

Mr. J. Y. Propst has returned from a visit to Birmingham.

Mr. H. A. Askins visited Verbena recently.

Mr. D. W. Wilkins has moved to our town.

Mr. Lee Willis and wife went to Montgomery yesterday.

Mr. Mack Marlar, from Billingsley, will enter our school Monday.

Mr. D. A. Ash spent Saturday in Maplesville.

Messrs. L. L. Courtney and R. H. Dickinson were in town yesterday.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Poplar Springs.

Farmers are fast preparing for another crop. Some are having rail splittings and log rollings. Soon we will hear the shouts of the plow boy, as he plods merily along thinking of more ten cent cotton.

Arm breaking seems to be prevalent in our community now. Last week the little daughter of Mrs. M. B. Jones, while bird thrashing, was climbing over a fence fell and broke her arm. Saturday the little daughter of Mr. Bill Driver, Sr., fell from the fence and broke her arm.

SAME OLD IKE.

The best way to keep your enemies from finding out your own faults is not to let your friends know them.

Industry is the right hand of fortune.

Stanton.

Misses Natalie Reed and Ida Reynolds, of Riderville, paid friends a pleasant visit last week.

Dr. F. M. Parnell, of Lily, was in the city for a few hours last Sunday.

Mrs. Macon has moved to Riderville where she will take charge of the Riderville boarding house. We wish her much success.

Miss Belle Fox, of Cox's chapel is visiting her sister, Mrs. Martin.

Mr. Roy Fitts, of Riderville paid us a visit last Thursday.

Miss Effie Harris, of Riderville, attended the oyster supper here last Thursday night.

Messrs. G. F. Martin, W. L. A. Melton, Howell Martin, W. T. Nelson, John Johnson, Jim Burk and Jesse Johnson attended Probate court at Clanton this week.

C. P. Jeffcoat has resigned his position at the furniture shop and will devote his time to his farm.

STAN.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Juliet Not the Night.

At a small seaport town a star actress of the latest magnitude appeared as Juliet.

"I cannot do justice to myself," she said to the manager, "if I do not have a limelight thrown on me when I appear on the balcony."

"We ain't got no limelight, miss, but I think we could get you a ship's blue light," replied the obliging manager, and to this the lady agreed.

The lad who went to the shop to buy the blue light brought back a signal rocket, which was given to him by mistake. The prompter took the rocket in good faith.

Romeo—He jests at scars who never felt a wound.

(Juliet appears. Prompter lights a match.)

"But, soft! What light through yonder window breaks?"

(This was the match lighting the fuse.)

"Affeo, fair star!"

The sun—or rather the rocket—did rise with a terrific hiss. Juliet was knocked off the balcony, the fly borders were set on fire, and the theater was filled with a sulphurous smoke, while the audience, which was fortunately a small one, made a stampede to the doors.

Since then "Romeo and Juliet" has always been looked upon in that town as a dangerous work that could not be witnessed without personal danger.—New World.

Quicksilver.

The ore from which quicksilver is obtained is a brilliant red rock known as cinnabar. When of high purity, it is actually vermilion in color. Cinnabar is the original source of the pigment known commonly as vermilion. It is a compound of sulphur and quicksilver, and in order to separate the latter from the sulphur the rock is roasted. Passing off in the form of a gas, the mercury is afterward condensed and flows out in a fine stream, like a continuous bench of molten silver.

The discovery of the famous California mines came about in an odd sort of way by observation of the vermilion paint with which certain Indians in that part of the country frescoed their bodies. It was ascertained where they got the pigment, and thus were revealed the rich deposits which subsequently became of such commercial importance. Like gold and silver, mercury is occasionally found in a native or pure state. Sometimes the miner's pick penetrates a cavity that contains a cupful or more of the elusive and beautiful fluid.

Miners suffer much from the poisonous effects of the quicksilver fumes. Extreme cleanliness is the best safeguard for workers in this dangerous occupation. Use is also made of a sort of lemonade which serves to a certain extent as an antidote, a strong acid taking the place of lemon juice in the composition of the drink.—Saturday Evening Post.

Artificial Eyes.

Artificial eyes are supplied to all the world from Thuringia, Germany. Nearly all the grown inhabitants of some of the villages are engaged in their manufacture. Four men usually sit at a table, each with a gas jet in front of him, and the eyes are blown from gas plates and molded into shape by hand. The colors are then traced in with small needles, no set rule being observed in the coloring, and as every man uses his own fancy no two artificial eyes therefore are exactly alike.

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 a.m. Welcome Address, F. B. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:30. Current History, Judson Strock, H. L. Davis.

1.30 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Grant.

2. Incentives to study, Thos. Williams, Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Askins.

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Flora, Miss Mary Moody.

7:30. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10 Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Rasco, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent. Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, A. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock.

J. W. MOORE, County Supt.

TO ROAD OVERSEERS AND APPORTIONERS.

On account of the fact that the Commissioners Court in November, 1898, used the old blank in appointing the Apportioners, which reads two years instead of four, their commissions have mislead many of the Apportioners. I wish to call attention to Road Apportioners and Overseers that their term is four years instead of two.

At any time any of the Apportioners will send me their commission I will make the correction and make them read four years instead of two.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Six Million A Year.

Did you ever stop to consider what a million means? Multiply this six times and it shows you how popular Cascarets are and what merit they possess. For last year over six million boxes of this wonderful medicine for liver and bowels were sold in this country alone. The American people know a good thing. The sale of Cascarets prove it. The medicine is the best for the bowels, the right price, 10c, 25c and 50c a box, and a 50c box is a whole month's treatment for the worst kind of a case. It is a pleasure for us to advertise a medicine like this as well as to endorse the makers and ask our readers to buy it.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c

---

$200 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid to any person or persons for the arrest and conviction of the parties who broke into the Court House and blew open the county safe at Clanton, Ala., on Sunday night, Nov. 25, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.
Clanton, Ala.

Had To Conquer Or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel N. C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life-saver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Whooping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
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CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. HICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 30 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 604—2 Rings.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest Clay Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coburn
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

Subscribe for The Banner.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. Quillin to D. L. Gandy on the 5th day of January 1894 and the November 1, 1894 which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 33, page 34, on the 24th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by D. L. Gandy to S. Maas & Co., and by S. Maas & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 1st day of January, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1901,

between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One House and Lot in Stanton, Alabama, said Lot being in the NW ¼ of NE ¼ of Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

Dated at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day January, 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Controller Coler's latest analysis of New York City's expenses shows that the park system of the metropolis costs each inhabitant a trifle less than half a cent per annum. Cheap enough, considering the benefits they get therefrom.

The Boers have had at least one powerful ally. In the House of Commons a question elicited the statement that there had been 15,625 cases of typhoid fever among the British troops in South Africa, and that of this number 3642 proved fatal.

An interesting contribution to educational research is furnished in the annual report of the President of the St. Louis Board of Education. This educator takes issue with those who believe that poverty is the main cause of children leaving school before the completion of the course. Inquiry has shown him, he reports, that the losses in attendance occur almost entirely among the older and the backward pupils, who have lost interest, or have grown discontented because of the contrast in point of progress between them and younger children. For these the excuse of poverty is regarded as only a cloak. Added to the influence of the children in the matter is the parents' lack of appreciation of the value of an education.

The big guns are ahead once more in the unending struggle between immovable body and irresistible force which naval experts carry on the world over. Uncle Sam's latest 12-inch naval gun develops the amazing muzzle velocity of 2854 feet per second, and its 850-pound steel projectile could be sent smashing through any protective armor yet put on a battleship. The gun will do the work of destruction sure enough; the only difficulty with these steel-belted monsters is the hitting of the mark. Hundreds of 2-inch shot and shell were sent hurling at the Spanish foe on land and sea during the recent petty war with Spain; but it has not been recorded that a single one of these huge messengers of death reached its mark.

Here is what one of the big men of the New York Stock Exchange has to say of the changes in the financial world that are taking place: "Mark this as a prediction. By 1910, and possibly w[illegible] a less time, members of the New York Stock Exchange will be trading in London securities, just as American securities are now being traded in in London. The money centre of the world will surely be on this side of the Atlantic, for never in history were fortunes being piled up so rapidly or to such enormous proportions as they now are here. Already we have more money than our rich men know now to invest to advantage, and the small percentages they are willing to accept are ample proof of it. We are sure to be supreme in matters of finance, and my belief is that the change will come in five rather than ten years. That it will come is the belief in Paris and in Berlin, as I learned from men who handle enormous amounts of capital in those centres, though they do not believe the change will come as soon as I have predicted. But come, they admit, it surely will."

Chicago papers do not tire of sounding the praises of the city's juvenile court, and of the good work it is doing in the reformation of wayward boys. The reports made are ample justification for the praise. In the last year six probation officers, aided by 16 policemen, 20 truant officers, and 40 volunteers, have handled 4300 cases of delinquents in the slums of Chicago. The fact that the juvenile court has jurisdiction in all such cases, with power to compel obedience, has a restraining influence on boys and a disciplinary influence on parents. In many cases the offender is not taken before the juvenile court at all. The probation officer—sometimes the principal of a public school—notifies the father that unless the erring boy complies with certain rules he will be taken before the court and possibly sentenced to the John Worthy school or to the reformatory at Pontiac. Then the boy is given a trial. No one in the neighborhood or in the school he attends knows that he is on probation. If the boy chooses to avoid the court he has the opportunity, and in nine cases out of ten, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean, he makes good use of the opportunity.

MILLIONS VIEW FUNERAL MARCH

Queen's Mortal Remains Escorted Through Streets of London.

SCENE WAS GRANDLY IMPOSING

Solemn Services Over Dead Held In George's Chapel and a Watch Set Over the Bier.

With every circumstance of splendid pomp befitting the obsequies of so beloved a monarch, all that is mortal of Queen Victoria was borne through the streets of London Saturday, and started toward the ancient fortress palace of the sovereigns of England. Perhaps the stately grandeur of the day's sorrowful pageant through the swarming streets of London, with hundreds of thousands of mourners forming a black border to the route, will never be surpassed.

Friday the family, friends and tenantry paid their last tribute to Queen Victoria at Cowes, and the navy paid its last tribute on the Solent. Saturday the nation was crowding the capital, and tendering, with an enormous popular demonstration, its farewell to their beloved monarch.

A drenching rain was falling when, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. the royal mourners disembarked at the Clarence yard, Portsmouth, where lay the royal yacht, "Alberta," with the coffin on its deck, and where a marine guard had watched all night. The sailors bore the body ashore and placed the coffin in the royal saloon of a special train, while all the ships stretching away to Cowes, fired minute guns. Their captains and chief officers were present at the dock and bade a last farewell. The train started at once for London.

The firing of the minute guns and the tolling of bells at 11:15 announced to the countless multitude who had been crowding London's muddy streets since daylight that the funeral procession with the body of Queen Victoria had begun its passage through the capital. The people fought for hours for a glimpse of the coffin and the kings and others following it. They saw a long procession of soldiers, a passing show of dazzling regalia, with a hundred royalties crowding after them.

The day was somber, wet and chilly, as are most of London's winter days. The cloudy sky added to the gloom of the whole city.

The gun carriage bearing the coffin, drawn by cream colored horses, was accompanied by officers as outriders, and behind, all mounted, came the most remarkable guard of honor that has ever been seen in modern times. It consisted of King Edward, Duke of Connaught, and Kaiser William, riding abreast, and behind them came a few titled attendants, more "gold sticks," and then King Carlos of Portugal, King George of Greece and King Leopold of Belgium. The latter, being feeble, rode in a carriage.

The whole royal company of forty, all riding, consisted of three kings, one emperor and the crown princes of Roumania, Sweden, Germany, Denmark, Siam and Greece; the Duke of Aosta, heir presumptive of the Italian throne; Archduke Francis Ferdinand, of Australia, and Grand Duke Michael of Russia.

The remainder was made up of German and English princes. Following this came a cortege of mounted royalty and six carriages bearing Queen Alexandria, princesses and King Leopold.

The crowd fairly gasped at the splendor of the show, though throughout the passing of the procession they remained silent and stood with bared heads.

Never in English history has a sovereign been borne to the grave attended by so many distinguished mourners. The gathering of crowned heads surpassed those who rode in the jubilee procession. All the great officers of state participated. The display of the naval and military forces reached the great total of 25,000 men.

The funeral train arrived at Windsor at 2:15 o'clock and the coffin was immediately transferred to another gun carriage and escorted to Royal Chapel, where the distinguished congregation was waiting. The whole interior of the chapel had been draped with purple hangings, making a fine effect. Mendelssohn's funeral march was rendered as the body was borne in. Then followed the ordinary burial service of the Church of England, with the opening sentences chanted.

The psalms, "Lord, thou has been a refuge" and "Man that is born of a woman," were chanted. The anthem, "How blest are they thus chosen," was sung. Archbishop of Canterbury then pronounced the benediction.

After the service the lord steward and the lord chamberlain broke their wands and laid them on the coffin, which was then carried into the Albert memorial chapel, the family only following.

The queen's body lay in Albert chapel at Windsor, guarded faithfully, awaiting the last rites of interment at Frogmore Monday afternoon.

The officials of the royal household at Windsor castle visited the chapel Sunday, as well as a number of friends, and admired the great display of wreaths covering the coffin.

INCIDENTS OF THE DAY.

An incident that caused much excitement and regret occurred during the progress of the funeral procession at Windsor. The horses attached to the gun carriage became restive kicked over the traces and nearly overturned the gun caraige with the coffin. The animals were quickly removed and 100 sailors, drawing the carriage by a long rope, completed the journey. The incident delayed the procession about one-half hour.

Another incident was the sudden death of an on-looker who proved to be a retired army officer.

The directors of the Northeastern Railway System of England ordered that at 2:30 p. m., the hour appointed for the funeral at Windsor, all trains be brought to a standstill and every servant of the company remain motionless for ten minutes.

The London hospitals cared for 1,300 persons who were injured in the crowd. Of this number, however, only sixty were seriously hurt, including several policemen and soldiers and a number of women suffering from broken limbs.

One well dressed woman fell down in the street and was picked up dead, the excitement having killed her before she had the opportunity to see the pageant.

Already the political phases of the occasion are being discussed. The remarkable prominence of Germans and German influence is noteworthy. Emperor William's officers, soldiers and sailors were more conspicuous in all the ceremonies than were those of all other nations together. This has had the effect of popularizing Germany with the people, who recently regarded her as their most menacing enemy.

SERVICES AT WASHINGTON.

Officials at Capital Mourn For England's Dead Ruler.

In the presence of a distinguished assemblage, including the president of the United States and his entire cabinet, impressive tribute was rendered to England's dead queen at Washington Saturday. The ceremony occurred at St. John's Episcopal church, beginning at 11 o'clock, and was distinctly official in character.

The British ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, had been directed by the London foreign office to bestow this last mark of respect to the dead sovereign, and the time was chosen so as to correspond exactly with the solemn pageant in London as the mother of rulers was borne to Windsor.

FIVE AMERICANS KILLED.

Filipinos Surprise Detachment of Company M, and Do Deadly Work.

A Manila dispatch says: Lieutenant Hicken and a detachment of thirty of Company M. Forty-fourth Regiment, while crossing a river Tuesday night, February 29th, were surprised by insurgents gathered at Fiesta San Lucia, Island of Cebu. They were attacked in front and on both flanks by a hundred rifles and more bolomen.

Five Americans were killed, four were wounded and two are missing. The insurgents loss is believed to have been heavy.

Captain Malley, with a detachment, reinforced Lieutenant Hicken. They recovered some bodies which were mutilated. Additional detachments were sent and are endeavoring to surround the insurgents.

OFFICIALS ARE ROASTED.

Compromise Longino-Gibson Case In Mississippi Condemned.

The action of the Mississippi state officials in compromising the Gibson alleged bribery case is being made the subject of some very severe criticisms by the state press.

With but few exceptions every newspaper in the commonwealth voices the opinion that Governor Longino and the officials who were associated with him in the prosecution of the prisoner made a very grave mistake and that the result reached by no means redound to their credit.

Nay, Nay, Says Hill.

The announcement that Senator Hill is not a candidate for the presidential nomination of his party in 1904 is made by the Albany correspondent of Leslie's Weekly in the current number.

Winston Takes the Palm.

Winston, N. C., broke all former records in the shipment of manufactured tobacco during January, the total being 2,595,145½ pounds, an increase of more than 250,000 pounds over the same month of last year. The revenue stamp sales aggregated $327,992.12.

President Signs Army Bill.

The president signed the bill for the reorganization of the army at 12:45 o'clock Saturday.

TO DISCUSS GOOD ROADS.

Florida Association Will Hold State Convention in Jacksonville.

A state convention of the Florida Good Roads Association and the county commissioners of Florida will be held in Jacksonville on Tuesday, February 19th. At the convention reports will be heard as to the progress of building improved roads in the various counties, and proposed road legislation in the coming assembly will be discussed.

WILL FIGHT POOL BILL

Citizens of Pratt City Arranging for Cheaper Insurance.

A TRIBUTE TO VICTORIA.

Will Bore for Oil--$15,000 School Building to Be Erected--Other State News.

Over $6,000 for Hillman Hospital.

The mass meeting at the First Methodist church in Birmingham Sunday night, held in the interest of the Hillman Hospital building fund, was a pronounced success. The ladies in charge of this worthy institution call for $25,000 in order that they may go forward with the work of erecting the new building, the plans of which have been adopted, and at the meeting the sum of $6162.44 was raised toward the needed fund.

The pastors of the various churches of Birmingham suspended their regular Sunday evening services so that all the congregations might unite in mass meeting. The Rev. John G. Murray, rector of the Church of the Advent, acted as chairman, and sitting on the pulpit platform with him were the Rev. Dr. J. P. McFerrin, pastor of the First Methodist church; the Rev. L. S. Handley, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, and the Rev. Dr. D. B. Gray, pastor of the First Baptist church.

Pratt City Wants Cheaper Insurance.

With the water works in successful operation and an efficient fire department property values have increased in Pratt City, and cheaper insurance rates have been looked for, the rates in some cases being as high as 8½ cents. Many of the citizens are dissatisfied and are agitating the question of canceling their policies and devising a plan for mutual protection. The one most likely to be adopted will be the appointment of an insurance commissioner who, with the assistance of an advisory board, will district and rate the different risks of the city, each insured paying into the treasury his premiums, which shall be placed under bond in some bank or trust company for the purpose of paying losses; any profits accruing therefrom to be applied to improving the fire department. It is thought with the city's excellent water works and fire department this will afford ample protection and the needed relief.

$15,000 School Building Will be Erected.

Jasper is to have a fifteen thousand dollar school building in the near future. The city authorities held a meeting one night last week and Aldermen White and Hughs, who had been appointed to select a site for the new building, reported that after having investigated the matter thoroughly they had decided upon the location on which the old school stood.

Montgomery Presbyterians.

The Pulpit of the First Presbyterian church of Montgomery, which seems to have been vacant for several months, is about to be filled by the appointment of a young Georgian. It is understood that the Rev. W. L. Lingle, of Dalton, will be called to the church in Montgomery.

New Bank at Stevenson.

S. S. Broadus, cashier of the Merchants' Bank at Scottsboro, has completed arrangements for the establishment of his seventh banking institution in north Alabama The new bank is located at Stevenson, The banks under his personal control are at Tuscumbia, Florence, Russellville, Scottsboro, Moulton, Courtland and Stevenson, which makes the most complete string of banking institutions in the state.

The people of Waterloo are arranging for a circulating library.

Cumberland Presbyterian Church Organized at Easley.

A Cumberland Presbyterian church was organized at Easley Sunday afternoon under most favorable auspices. Dr. I. D. Steele, pastor of the Birmingham Cumberland Presbyterian church, conducted the exercises. The new church starts with sixteen charter members.

Chief Austin Makes Two Raids.

At 11 o'clock Sunday night a squad of policemen, headed by Chief Austin, paid a visit to the Leisure Hours Reading Club, Birmingham, over the Dude saloon, at the corner of Second avenue and Twentieth street, as it was believed gambling was carried on there. No criminating evidence was found but the clubmen present--Humphries, Freeman, Butterfield and Griffith, were arrested on the charge of vagrancy, and were held in the sum of $50 each to appear before Judge Feagin.

From the Leisure Hours place Chief Austin and Captain Weir raided a crap club over Damon & Lee's livery stable and arrested twelve negroes. Pistols, bowie knives, rundlets of whiskey and several cases of beer were also secured.

Will Bore for Oil.

The Commercial Club of Birmingham Friday afternoon authorized the president to appoint a committee to take up the question of prospecting for petroleum, and in accordance with a resolution to that effect President Kettig appointed a committee consisting of Maj. F. Y. Anderson, W. N. Malone and B. Steiner. It is also stated that a syndicate is now being formed to prospect for oils. Over half the money necessary to purchase the machinery and to pay all of the expenses connected with the tests to be made has been subscribed, and an expert engaged to conduct the investigation. The location of the proposed wells has been selected, and work is to begin at once.

Pastors' Union Will Fight Pool Bill

The Pastors' Union, of Birmingham, at its meeting Monday morning, took up the pool-selling bill which has been introduced in the lower house of the General Assembly giving the Alabama Fair Association the right to sell pools on horse races during its annual fairs, and has called a mass meeting to protest against the measure. It is understood that vigorous steps are being taken to fight the bill and the purpose of the mass meeting will merely be to give expression to the sentiment against it.

L. & N. Train 25 Miles Long.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company is now moving two thousand carloads of rock phosphate from Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., to Pensacola, and all over its own lines direct for shipment to Cuba. This is perhaps the largest single shipment of any commodity in the long record of southern railroads, and the magnitude of the Louisville & Nashville Company's undertaking may be realized in part when it is known that the company's contract calls for the delivery at Pensacola of about two hundred cars of phosphate a day. That means in fact twelve solid trains of seventeen cars each going to Pensacola every day ladened with phosphate alone.

Tribute to Victoria.

At the Friday night services at Temple Emanuel, in Birmingham, the congregation paid tribute to the memory of Queen Victoria by repeating the Kaddish prayer standing. This prayer is in memory of the dead and is repeated by murmers at each service for the period of one year. Dr. Samuel Ullman referred most eloquently to the dead sovereign, whom he said had done much during her liberal reign for the Jews.

Business is in fine shape in Florence, says the Bulletin. All the industries are running full time.

Country Produce.

The country produce market was fairly active in Birmingham last week. Eggs, which were quoted at 13c on Friday, have advanced to 14c. Leading commission merchants who had agreed on 14c were complaining fiercely Saturday afternoon that the price had been cut by certain of their rivals to 13½c. The majority of the houses maintained the fixed quotation, and lower offers were promptly refused.

Gen. Wheeler Will Participate in the Inauguration.

Alabama is to take an important part in the inaugural ceremonies, Brig.-Gen. Joseph Wheeler, U. S. A., retired, having been selected by the chief marshal, Maj.-Gen. F. V. Greene, to command the second military division of the inaugural parade. The General is very popular in Washington, and his selection will add interest to the parade.

SEWALL CRITICI[ZES] GEORGIA GOVE[RNOR]

Sensational Incident [illegible] Maritime Congre[illegible]

CAUSED BY ALLEGED INT[illegible]

Governor Makes Denial a[illegible] Some Forcible Adjectives [illegible] Regard to Matter.

The National Maritime [illegible] assembled in Brunswi[illegible] morning for the second day [illegible] liberations. Permanent [illegible] of the convention was e[illegible] election of the following [illegible]

President—A. K. M[illegible] leans.

Vice President—C. D. [illegible] wick, Ga.

Treasurer—E. P. W[illegible] nati.

Secretary—F. B. T[illegible] York.

A vice president was [illegible] each state represented:

Maine—Harold S. S[illegible]

New York—Lewis N[illegible]

Pennsylvania—Th[illegible]

Virginia—W. R. Tr[illegible]

South Carolina—C. C. Le[illegible]

Georgia—D. G. Purse[illegible]

Florida—Sewell C. [illegible]

Colorado—W. W. Bate[illegible]

After the election of [illegible] congress adjourned.

The congress unanim[illegible] Edmund Brobston's resolu[illegible] ing a ship subsidy.

Just before adjournment [illegible] tional speech was made by [illegible] Sewall, son of Arthur Sewa[illegible] Me., in which he denounc[illegible] leged utterances of Governor [illegible] to the effect that the conv[illegible] being held in the interest of [illegible] subsidy bill.

He said they (the visitors [illegible] the state of Georgia on the [illegible] of Governor Candler, who w[illegible] hand to give them a hand of [illegible] but instead had denounced [illegible] of a member of the congress [illegible] of his support of a resolut[illegible] was passed unanimously by [illegible] and had characterized his [illegible] puppets of Mark Hanna.

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He questioned his sincer[illegible] tending the invitation to the [illegible]

He also paid a tribute to [illegible] for its loyalty to the union [illegible] the old sectional feeling h[illegible] peared when young Bagley, [illegible] Carolina, was the first to le[illegible] in defense of the flag, and [illegible] son sunk the Merrimac. H[illegible] first measure looking to the p[illegible] of American shipping was [illegible] by that illustrious southern[illegible] and the father of Democracy, [illegible] Jefferson, and the subsidy [illegible] United States was by Polk, [illegible] see, and that southerners [illegible] departing from the teachi[illegible] fathers by advocating pre[illegible] ships and ship building up[illegible] but returning to traditions [illegible] their origin with southern [illegible] and southern patriots.

A "FAKE," SAYS GOVERNOR [illegible]

The interview referred to [illegible] wall's speech was one which [illegible] in an Atlanta afternoon pap[illegible] nesday, and which Governor [illegible] chanced to see for the first t[illegible] day morning when he walk[illegible] torney General Terrell's of[illegible] official business. He was [illegible] article and read it very care[illegible] expressed surprise at the [illegible] and what he said with refe[illegible] alleged interview and the [illegible] was not spoken for publica[illegible] substance of his remarks, [illegible] was that the interview was a [illegible] and simple, that he had p[illegible] fused to talk on the sub[illegible] newspaper man, etc. His [illegible] was freely punctuated with [illegible] adjectives.

When the governor was [illegible] reporter that Mr. Sewall [illegible] nounced him for the sen[illegible] pressed in the alleged in[illegible] governor's first reply was:

"It makes but d—d little [illegible] to me what Mr. Sewall th[illegible] me or about what I said."

"But did you say it?" a[illegible]

"No, I didn't and you kn[illegible] I knew nothing about the [illegible] You yourself heard all the [illegible] say about that convention [illegible] terview was a fake, pure a[illegible]

"But understand me, I [illegible] a d— what they think ab[illegible]

"Why didn't you attend [illegible] tion?"

"Because I had official [illegible] attend to in Atlanta, and [illegible] them."

The governor would ha[illegible] more to say about the m[illegible] ing strictly to his resolu[illegible] discuss the object of the [illegible] in an way.

THE "OLDEST" CENTE[illegible]

Palm is Given to a Man in [illegible] Women in Michig[illegible]

After searching six mo[illegible] oldest persons in the wo[illegible] mittee on vital statistics o[illegible] dred Year Club, of New [illegible] prepared a report which [illegible] the oldest man is Isaiah [illegible] Moscow, Russia, who is [illegible] year and the oldest w[illegible] Nancy Hollifield, of [illegible] Mich., who is 117.

[illegible] ARP'S LETTER

[illegible] Man Says There Is No Excuse For Ignorance These Days.

[illegible] SCHOOLS AND MANY PAPERS.

[illegible] Books Are Unearthed Which Bring Back Memory of the Days Of Long Ago.

[illegible] years ago there was some ex[illegible] for ignorance; we had but few [illegible] in this southern land and not [illegible] newspapers in the state [illegible] were not half as many reading [illegible] in all our town as I have now in [illegible] library of 400 volumes. [illegible] we had a blue back spelling [illegible] book, Smiley's arithmetic, Mur[illegible] grammar, Smith's geography [illegible] the English reader. I'm master [illegible] considered a good old field [illegible] I have on my shelf a copy [illegible] same old English reader. A [illegible] sent it to me not long ago. [illegible] almost wept over its delightful [illegible] for there is no school book now [illegible] that has [illegible] choice a selec[illegible] varied rea[illegible] prose [illegible] poetry. I ha[illegible] letter from a [illegible] gentleman in [illegible] asking where [illegible] will find a [illegible] that he [illegible] taught him and [illegible] of which [illegible] forgotten. "It begins," he [illegible]

"[illegible] the sorrows of a poor old [illegible]

[illegible] do not know whether he will find [illegible] in the old English reader. [illegible] written in 1769 by Thomas Moss, [illegible] quoted by Dr. Johnson and [illegible] Both loved the pathetic, [illegible] more pathetic was ever [illegible]

"[illegible] sorrows of a poor old man
[illegible] trembling limbs have borne him to [illegible] your door.
[illegible] days are dwindled to the shortest [illegible]
[illegible] relief and Heaven will bless your [illegible]
[illegible] tered clothes my poverty bespeak, [illegible] hoary locks proclaim my lengthen[illegible] years,
[illegible] furrow is my grief-worn cheek [illegible] the channel to a flood of tears [illegible]
[illegible] to your hospitable home, [illegible] the wind and piercing sleet [illegible]
[illegible] my passage to the friendly tomb [illegible] I am poor and miserably old

[illegible] are some of the verses, and [illegible] occurs the line often quoted: [illegible] pered mental drove me from the [illegible] door."

[illegible] copy of Murray's English [illegible] was printed in London two [illegible] before Queen Victoria was born. [illegible] the text book in most of the [illegible] when I was a boy, and from it [illegible] our speeches and learned how [illegible] and gesture and give accent [illegible] phasis. This book, with the [illegible] aid, gave us an idea of elocu[illegible] Jefferson, and how to read impressively, and [illegible] United States was by Polk, [illegible] was in all our schools today. [illegible] see, and that southerners [illegible] good scholars, but very few [illegible] departing from the teachi[illegible] readers. It is rare to find a [illegible] fathers by advocating pre[illegible] who can emphasize his text [illegible] ships and ship building up[illegible] chapter or a hymn. Every col[illegible] but returning to traditions [illegible] and especially every theological [illegible] their origin with southern [illegible] should have a professorship [illegible] and southern patriots. [illegible] reading and speaking. I remember [illegible] an eloquent divine preach a [illegible] from the text, "My sin is ever [illegible] me," and such was his utterance [illegible] lamentation of David and such [illegible] and solemn rendering of [illegible] aring consequences of sin, that [illegible] hearers were deeply impressed. [illegible] is ever before me" still rings [illegible] memories.

[illegible] that sixty years ago there was [illegible] house for ignorance, but never[illegible] that age and these schools [illegible] many very notable men. [illegible] young people were eager for [illegible] ge. A new book was a treas[illegible] the house, and there was more [illegible] leisure, and Solomon says [illegible] leisure there is wisdom."

[illegible] now the books are almost in the [illegible] They crowd us and surround [illegible] "the cry is still they come." [illegible] people read an average of two [illegible] a week, and forget the con[illegible] a month. There are maga[illegible] every household, and they [illegible] our best literature—instruc[illegible] and entertaining; newspapers [illegible] country by the millions. The [illegible] World boasts that it pub[illegible] 240 million copies last year. [illegible] county in our state has a coun[illegible] paper, and the editor of the [illegible] paper says the children [illegible] great deal more than their [illegible] did and keep up with wars [illegible] and murders and suicides. [illegible] what is the matter? Bishop [illegible] wrote an excellent and in[illegible] article recently on "The [illegible] of Great Men." He never [illegible] anything that does not give us [illegible] thought, and I am thankful [illegible] has not passed. Yet the day [illegible] men has passed, not only in [illegible] but in all the south. Elo[illegible] in the pulpit, the forum and [illegible] cils of the nation forty and [illegible] ago was our pride and our [illegible] when we had among our [illegible] such noble and true men as [illegible] Pierce, Dr. Means, Longstreet, [illegible] Lesser, Nathan Crawford, Dr. [illegible] Bishop Elliott and Beckwith, [illegible] Stiles, Dr. Nixson, Dr. Gould[illegible] such lawyers and statesmen [illegible] Troup, the two Cobbs, [illegible] Toombs, Stephens, Johnson, [illegible] Colquitt and Ben Hill. There [illegible] many names given, and many [illegible] might be added, and it is a [illegible] truth that their equals do [illegible] in Georgia today.

[illegible] dearth of great men is apparent

SEWALL CRITICI[SED] GEORGIA GOVER[NOR]

Sensational Incident [at] Maritime Congre[ss]

CAUSED BY ALLEGED INTE[RVIEW]

Governor Makes Denial a[nd] Some Forcible Adjective[s] Regard to Matter.

The National Maritime co[nvention] assembled in Brunswick Th[e] morning for the second day of [its] operations. Permanent orga[nization] of the convention was effected [by] election of the following offic[ers]:

President—A. K. Miller, N[ew Or]leans.

Vice President—C. D. Ogd[en], wick, Ga.

Treasurer—E. P. Wilson, [illegible]natti.

Secretary—F. B. Thurber [illegible] York.

A vice president was nam[ed from] each state represented:

Maine—Harold S. Sewall.

New York—Lewis Nixon.

Pennsylvania—Theo. C. Sea[illegible]

Virginia—W. R. Trigg.

South Carolina—C. C. Tow[illegible]

Georgia—D. G. Purse.

Florida—Sewell C. Cobb.

Colorado—W. W. Bates.

After the election of offi[cers the] congress adjourned.

The congress unanimously [illegible] Edmund Pradston's resoluti[illegible] ing a ship subsidy.

Just before adjournment a [illegible]tional speech was made by H[illegible] Sewall, son of Arthur Sewall, [illegible] Me., in which he denounced [illegible]leged utterances of Governor [illegible] to the effect that the conve[illegible] being held in the interest of [illegible] subsidy bill.

He said they (the visitors) [illegible] the state of Georgia on the i[illegible] of Governor Candler, who wa[illegible] hand to give them a hand of w[illegible] but instead had denounced th[illegible] of a member of the congress [illegible] of his support of a resoluti[illegible] was passed unanimously by th[illegible] and had characterized his [illegible] puppets of Mark Hanna.

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He also paid a tribute to t[illegible] for its loyalty to the union, [illegible] the old sectional feeling h[illegible] peared when young Bagley, [illegible] Carolina, was the first to lo[illegible] in defense of the flag, and w[illegible] son sunk the Merrimac. He [illegible] first measure looking to the p[illegible] of American shipping was a[illegible]ly that illustrious southern [illegible] and the father of Democracy, [illegible] Jefferson, and the subsidy b[illegible] United States was by Polk, o[illegible] see, and that southerners i[illegible] departing from the teaching [illegible] fathers by advocating prote[illegible] ships and ship building inter[illegible] but returning to traditions [illegible] their origin with southern [illegible] and southern patriots.

A "FAKE," SAYS GOVERNOR C[illegible]

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When the governor was [illegible] reporter that Mr. Sewall [illegible] nounced him for the sectio[illegible] pressed in the alleged inte[illegible] governor's first reply was:

"It makes but d—d little [illegible] to me what Mr. Sewall thi[illegible] me or about what I said."

"But did you say it?" wa[illegible]

"No, I didn't and you kn[illegible] I knew nothing about the [illegible] You yourself heard all tha[illegible] say about that convention, [illegible] terview was a fake, pure and [illegible]

"But understand me, I d[illegible] a d— what they think about [illegible]

"Why didn't you attend t[illegible] tion?"

"Because I had official b[illegible] attend to in Atlanta, and [illegible] them."

The governor would have [illegible] more to say about the matt[illegible] ing strictly to his resolut[illegible] discuss the object of the [illegible] in any way.

THE "OLDEST" CENTE[illegible]

Palm Is Given to a Man in [illegible] Women in Michig[illegible]

After searching six month[illegible] oldest persons in the world, [illegible] mittee on vital statistics of [illegible] dred Year Club, of New [illegible] prepared a report which [illegible] the oldest man is Isaiah K[illegible] Moscow, Russia, who is i[illegible] year and the oldest wo[illegible] Nancy Hollifield, of B[illegible] Mich., who is 117.

[UNCLE] ARP'S LETTER

[illegible]w Man Says There Is No Ex[illegible] For Ignorance These Days.

SCHOOLS AND MANY PAPERS.

[illegible]st Books Are Unearthed Which [illegible]ing Each Memory of the Days of Long Ago.

[illegible]y years ago there was some ex[illegible] for ignorance; we had but few [illegible] in this southern land and not [illegible]en newspapers in the state. [illegible] were not half as many reading [illegible] in all our town as I have now in [illegible] all library of 400 volumes. In [illegible]hools we had a blue back spell[illegible]ook, Smiley's arithmetic, Mur[illegible] grammar, Smith's geography [illegible]he English reader. To master [illegible] was considered a good old field [illegible]ion. I have on my shelf a copy [illegible] same old English reader. A [illegible]ady sent it to me not long ago, [illegible] almost wept over its delightful [illegible] for there is no school book now [illegible]hed that has so choice a selec[illegible] of varied reading both in prose [illegible]etry. I have a letter from an [illegible]ntleman in Ind[illegible] asking where [illegible]ll find a [illegible] in that his [illegible] taught his [illegible] one of which [illegible] forgotten. "It begins," he [illegible]

[illegible]ty the sorrows of a poor old [illegible]

[illegible] not know whether he will find [illegible]ept in the old English reader. [illegible] written in 1769 by Thomas Moss, [illegible]as quoted by Dr. Johnson and [illegible]mith. Both loved the pathetic, [illegible]othing more pathetic was ever [illegible]

[illegible] corr[illegible] was of a poor old man [illegible] tr[illegible]ing limbs have borne him to [illegible] our door [illegible] days are dwindled to the shortest [illegible] relief and Heaven will bless your [illegible]

[illegible] poverty bow[illegible] are less proclaim my lengthen[illegible] years.

[illegible] furrows on my grief-worn cheek [illegible] a flood of tears.

[illegible] or hospitable home, [illegible] the wind and piercing is the [illegible] passage to the friendly tomb, [illegible] and miserably old.

[illegible]ee are some of the verses, and [illegible]ther occurs the line often quoted: [illegible]pampered menial drove me from the [illegible]door."

[illegible] copy of Murray's English [illegible] was printed in London two [illegible] before Queen Victoria was born. [illegible] the text book in most of the [illegible]ls when I was a boy, and from it [illegible]t our speeches and learned how [illegible]w and gesture and give accent [illegible]mphasis. This book, with the [illegible]er's aid, gave us an idea of elocu[illegible]nd how to read impressively, and [illegible] it was in all our schools today. [illegible]ave good scholars, but very few [illegible] readers. It is rare to find a [illegible]her who can emphasize his text [illegible] chapter or a hymn. Every col[illegible] and especially every theological [illegible]nary, should have a professorship [illegible]ding and speaking. I remember [illegible]g an eloquent divine preach a [illegible]n from the text, "My sin is ever [illegible]e me," and such was his utterance [illegible]t lamentation of David and such [illegible]rofound and solemn rendering of [illegible]nduring consequences of sin, that [illegible] hearers were deeply impressed. [illegible] sin is ever before me" still rings [illegible] memories.

[illegible]id that sixty years ago there was [illegible] excuse for ignorance, but never[illegible]s, that age and these schools [illegible]ced many very notable men. [illegible] young people were eager for [illegible]ledge. A new book was a treas[illegible] the house, and there was more [illegible] more leisure, and Solomon says [illegible] "in leisure there is wisdom."

[illegible]t now the books are almost in the [illegible]. They crowd us and surround [illegible]d "the cry is still they come." [illegible]g people read an average of two [illegible]ree a week, and forget the con[illegible] in a month. There are maga[illegible] in every household, and they [illegible]in our best literature—instruc[illegible] and entertaining; newspapers [illegible] the country by the millions. The [illegible]York World boasts that it pub[illegible]d 240 million copies last year. [illegible]y county in our state has a coun[illegible]ewspaper, and the editor of the [illegible]llton paper says the children [illegible] a great deal more than their [illegible]rs did and keep up with wars [illegible] politics and murders and suicides. [illegible]en what is the matter? Bishop [illegible]ller wrote an excellent and in[illegible]tive article recently on "The [illegible]ing of Great Men." He never [illegible]s anything that does not give us [illegible] for thought, and I am thankful [illegible] he has not passed. Yet the day [illegible]reat men has passed, not only in [illegible]gia, but in all the south. Elo[illegible]ce in the pulpit, the forum and [illegible]ouncils of the nation forty and [illegible] years ago was our pride and our [illegible], when we had among our [illegible]chers such noble and true men as [illegible]ge Pierce, Dr. Means, Longstreet, [illegible] Mercer, Nathan Crawford, Dr. [illegible]er, Bishop Elliott and Beckwith, [illegible]ph Stiles, Dr. Nixson, Dr. Gould[illegible] and such lawyers and statesmen [illegible] Forsyth, Troup, the two Cobbs, [illegible]ins, Toombs, Stephens, Johnson, [illegible]er Colquitt and Ben Hill. There [illegible] twenty names given, and many [illegible] might be added, and it is a [illegible]ntable truth that their equals do [illegible]xist in Georgia today.

[illegible]his decay of great men is apparent in every southern state, and as for the north, there is nothing there now but plutocracy who buy their way into public office and defy trial or criticism. The struggle for money is the curse of the age. It has smothered the nobler aspirations of our nature. "Get money; get money honestly if thou canst, but at all events get money" is now the motto. The common people want some, and the plutocrats want more. The masses of the people are on a strain. I am one of them, and I know how it is, for I have been on a strain ever since the war. It is buckle and tongue to keep in hailing distance of society. So many of our class have a rich man's ways and a poor man's purse that we have to hang on to the ragged edge of gentility.

There are so many things nowadays that we are just obliged to have—things that did not exist in our antebellum days. Our boys must go to college to get smattering of books and a full text of athletics. Our girls must go to get polish and make college friends and receive visits and return visits after they graduate, and it takes money for clothes and money for railroad fare, and every now and then a girl gets married and chooses her college mates for her attendants, and that takes more clothes and a wedding present, and so forth, and so forth, fifth and sixth, and so on.

Oh, my country! When will this strain stop? There ought to be a miser in every family, or a rich old bachelor uncle who carried a big life insurance, and would die just at the right time and leave a fortune to his impecunious sisters or his nieces! Why, if I had a good bank account to draw on, I could write a more cheerful letter and take a hopeful view of things and keep calm and serene; but as it is, I find myself lampooning those West Point cadets, and I want those ringleaders—Berry, and Dockery, and Duval—handed down to posterity as the champion hazers, and their names put in a catalogue alongside of the duke of Alva to illustrate human brutality.

But I didn't mean to say anything hard about the Tech boys who have been suspended. I have great hope for that institution, and admiration for the manner in which the boys received their discipline. Nobody thinks any less of them, for there was nothing mean or cruel in their thoughtless conduct, and every outside father sustains Mr. Lyman Hall and the faculty. Of course their mothers are deeply aggrieved. They always are when their sons are punished; that is a natural and beautiful trait in a mother's character. She clings to her boys, regardless of whether they are right or wrong. She is like a tigress when robbed of her whelps. I have received several letters from the mothers of those boys, and they defend them with earnest indignation. One of them concludes with, "Now, I am the mother of one of those boys you wrote about, and if you wish to play Diogenes, bring on your cane." But we have made friends, for she is a lady and a mother, and the poet says:

"A mother is a mother still,
The noblest thing alive."

But I am not Diogenes, and it was not the mother, but the father that he caned, and I have not received a line from any of them.

P. S.—We see that General Charles King of the United States army is not only apologizing for the West Point hazing, but is defending them, and says it doesn't matter much, for boys will be boys. He writes in the Saturday Evening Post, and it is the poorest effort to excuse brutality I ever read. I reckon he was well paid for it.

N. B.—Judge Fite requests me to let everybody know that Bartow county is on the up grade and is going to build a thirty thousand dollar court house this year. We are out of debt and have a good pile of money in the bank.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

Manual occupation, a method long approved for the acutely insane, has been found in a Milwaukee institution to be equally helpful in the care of the incurably insane. When the weather permits, most of the patients work out-of-doors, but winter employments are also provided, and the hospital is a hive of industry all the year round. Not only is all the repairing of clothing and shoes done by the inmates, but they also build and upholster the furniture, weave rug carpets, and do a variety of other things, as nearly all trades are represented. The patients are very proud of their work, and each one imagines that he is conducting a business for himself. No one is forced to work, and no one is paid for working, but little favors go to those who do labor. When the shoemaker or tailor wants to stop in the middle of his job and spend two or three hours in melancholy brooding, no one says him nay. The attraction of the work itself is enough to bring him out of his bad moods, and while he is in them his idiosyncrasies are respected.

American exports in New Zealand are rapidly increasing, specially hardware. The American firms have wisely adopted the plan, which lies at the base of all successful export trade, of supplying what the colonies desire and not trying to force on them whatever the manufacturers wish to sell.

The Oregon's great trip around the Horn cost $47,987 and $50,226 for coal. It was well worth the price, seeing that it proved what our ships could do in the matter of distance.

REV DR. TALMAGE,

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: With Silken Cords—So Should the Fishers of Men Mend Their Nets—Christians Warned Against Harsh Criticism—Gospel Strife Deplored.

[Copyright 1895.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage describes the gospel net and how it is to be repaired after being damaged; text, Matthew iv. 21, "James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, in a ship with Zebedee, their father, mending their nets."

"I go a-fishing!" cried Simon Peter to his comrades, and the most of the apostles had hands hard from fishing tackle. The fisheries of the world have always attracted attention. In the third century the Queen of Egypt had for pin money $470,000 received from the fisheries of Lake Moeris. And, if the time should ever come when the immensity of the world's population could not be fed by the vegetables and meats of the land, the sea has an amount of animal life that would feed all the populations of the earth and fatten them with a food that by its phosphorus would make a generation brainy and intellectual beyond anything that the world has ever imagined. My text takes us among the Galilean fishermen. One day Walter Scott, while hunting in an old drawer, found among some old fishing tackle the manuscript of his immortal book, "Waverley," which he had put away there as of no worth, and who knows but that to-day we may find some unknown wealth of thought while looking at the fishing tackle in the text.

It is not a good day for fishing, and three men are in the boat repairing the broken fishing nets. If you are fishing with a hook and line, and the fish will not bite, it is a good time to put the angler's apparatus into better condition. Perhaps the last fish you hauled in was so large that something snapped. Or, if you were fishing with a net, there was a mighty floundering of the scales or an exposed nail on the side of the boat which broke some of the threads and let part or all of the captives of the deep escape into their natural element. And hardly anything is more provoking than to nearly land a score or a hundred of trophies from the deep, and when you are in the full glee of hauling in the spotted treasures, through some imperfection of the net they splash back into the waves. That is too much of a trial of patience for most fishermen to endure, and many a man ordinarily correct of speech in such circumstances comes to an intensity of utterance unjustifiable. Therefore no good fisherman considers the time wasted that is spent in mending his net. Now, the Bible again and again represents Christian workers as fishers of men, and we are all sweeping through the sea of humanity some kind of net. Indeed there have been enough nets out and enough fishermen busy to have landed the whole human race in the kingdom of God long before this. What is the matter? The gospel is all right, and it has been a good time for catching souls for thousands of years. Why, then, the failures? The trouble is with the nets, and most of them need to be mended. I propose to show you what is the matter with most of the nets and how to mend them. In the text old Zebedee and his two boys, James and John, were doing a good thing when they sat in their boats mending their nets.

The trouble with many of our nets is that the meshes are too large. If a fish can get his gills and half his body through the network, he tears and rends and works his way out, and leaves the place through which he squirmed a tangle of broken threads. In our desire to make everything so easy we relax, we loosen, we widen. We let men after they are once in the gospel net escape into the world, and go into indulgences and swim all around Galilee, from north side to south side, and from east side to west side, expecting that they will come back again. We ought to make it easy for them to get into the kingdom of God, and, as far as we can, make it impossible for them to get out. The poor advice nowadays to many is: "Go and do just as you did before you were captured for God and heaven. The net was not intended to be any restraint or any hindrance. What you did before you were a Christian do now. Go to all styles of amusement, read all the styles of books, engage in all the styles of behavior as before you were converted." And so, through these meshes of permission and laxity they wriggle out, through this opening and that opening, tearing the net as they go, and soon all the souls that we expected to land in heaven before we know it are back in the deep sea of the world. Oh, when we go a-gospel fishing, let us make it as easy as possible for souls to get in and as hard as possible to get out.

Is the Bible language an unmeaning verbiage when it talks about self denial, and keeping the body under, and about walking the narrow way, and entering the straight gate, and about carrying the cross? Is there to be no way of telling whether a man is a Christian except by his taking the communion chalice on sacramental day? May a man be as reckless about his thoughts, about his words, about his temper, about his amusements, after conversion as before? Alas, the words of Christ are so little heeded when He said, "Whosoever doth not bear his cross and come after Me cannot be My disciple." The church is fast becoming as bad as the world, and when it gets as bad as the world it will be worse than the world by so much, as it will add hypocrisy of a most appalling kind to its other defects.

Furthermore, many of our nets are torn to pieces by being entangled with other nets. It is a sad sight to see fishermen fighting about sea room, and pulling in opposite directions each to get his net, both nets damaged by the struggle and losing all the fish. In this land, where there are more than 70,000,000 people, there are at least 30,000,000 not in the Sunday-schools and churches. In such an Atlantic Ocean of opportunity there is room for all the nets and all the boats and all the fishermen and for millions more. There should be no rivalry between churches. Each one does a work peculiar to itself. But there are cities in this country where there is now going on an awful ripping and rending and tearing of fishing nets. Indeed, all over Christendom at this time there is a great war going on between fishermen, ministers against ministers.

Now, I have noticed a man cannot fish and fight at the same time. He either neglects his net or his musket. It is amazing how much time some of the fishermen have to look after other fishermen. It is more than I can do to take care of my own net. You see the wind is just right, and it is such a good time for fishing, and the fish are coming in so rapidly, that I have to keep my eye and hand busy. There are about 200,000,000 souls wanting to get into the kingdom of God, and it will require all the nets and all the fishermen of Christendom to safely land them. Oh, brethren of the ministry, let us spend our time in fishing instead of fighting. But if I angrily jerk my net across your net, an you jerk your net angrily across mine, we will soon have two broken nets and no fish. The French revolution nearly destroyed the French fisheries, and ecclesiastical war is the worst thing possible while hauling souls into the kingdom. My friends, I notice in the text that James, the son of Zebedee, and John, his brother, were busy not mending somebody else's nets, but mending their own nets, and I rather think that we who are engaged in Christian work in this opening century will employ all our spare time to mend our own nets. God help us in the important duty!

In this work of repair we need to put into the nets more threads of common sense. When we can present religion as a great practicality we will catch a hundred souls where we now catch one. Present religion as an intellectuality, and we will fail. Out in the fisheries there are set across the waters what are called gill nets, and the fish put their heads through the meshes and they cannot withdraw them, because they are caught by the gills. But gill nets cannot be of any service in religious work. Men are never caught for the truth by their heads; it is by the heart or not at all. No argument ever saved a man, and no keen analysis ever brought a man into the kingdom of God. Heart work, not head work. Away with your gill nets! Sympathy, helpfulness, consolation, love, are the names of some of the threads that we need to weave in our gospel nets when we are mending them.

Do you know that the world's heart is bursting with trouble, and if you could make that world believe that the religion of Jesus Christ is soothing omnipotence the whole world would surrender to-morrow—yea, would surrender this hour. The day before James A. Garfield was inaugurated as President I was in the cars going from Richmond to Washington. A gentleman seated near to me in the cars knew me, and we were soon in familiar conversation. It was just after a bereavement, and I was speaking to him from an overburdened heart about the sorrow I was suffering. Looking at his cheerful face I said: "I guess you have escaped all trouble. I should judge from your countenance that you have come through free from all misfortune." Then he looked at me with a look I shall never forget and whispered in my ear: "Sir, you know nothing about trouble. My wife has been in an insane asylum for fifteen years." And then he turned and looked out of the window and into the night with a silence I was too overpowered to break. That was another illustration of the fact that no one escapes trouble.

Why, that man seated next to you in church has on his soul a weight compared with which a mountain is a feather. That woman seated next to you in church has a grief the recital of which would make your body, mind and soul shudder.

When you are mending your net for this wide, deep sea of humanity, take out that wire thread of criticism and that horsehair thread of harshness and put in a soft silken thread of Christian sympathy. Yes, when you are mending your nets tear out those old threads of gruffness and weave in a few threads of politeness and geniality. In the house of God let all Christian faces beam with a look that means welcome. Say "Good morning" to the stranger as he enters your pew and at the close shake hands with him and say, "How did you like the music?" Why, you would be to that man a panel of the door of heaven; you would be to him a note of the doxology that seraphs sing when a new soul enters heaven. I have in other days entered a pew in church and the woman at the other end of the pew looked at me as much as to say, "How dare you? This is my pew and I pay the rent for it!" Well, I crouched in the other corner and made myself as small as possible and felt as though I had been stealing something.

So there are people who have a sharp edge to their religion, and they act as though they thought most people had been elected to be damned and they were glad of it. Oh, let us brighten up our manner and appear in gentlemanliness or ladyhood.

The object in fly fishing is to throw the fly far out, and then let it drop gently down and keep it gently rising and falling with the waters, and not plunge it like a man-of-war's anchor, and abruptness and harshness of manner must be avoided in our attempt at usefulness.

I know a man in New York who is more sunshiny and genial when he has dyspepsia than when he is not suffering from that depressing trouble. I have found out his secret. When he starts out in the morning with such depression he asks for special grace to keep from snapping up anybody that day, and puts forth additional determination to be kindly and genial, and by the help of God he accomplishes it.

Many of our nets need to be mended in these respects, the black threads and the rough threads taken out, and the bright threads and the golden threads of Christian geniality woven in.

In addition to this we need to mend our nets with more threads of patience. It is no rare thing for a fisherman to spend one whole day before he can take a St. Lawrence pike, or an Ohio salmon, or a Long Island pickerel, or a Cayuga black bass, or a Delaware catfish, and he does that day after day without any particular discouragement. But what a lack of patience if we do not immediately succeed in soul catching. We are apt to give it up and say, "I will never try again."

These dear brethren of all denominations, afflicted with theological fidgets, had better go to mending nets instead of breaking them. Before they break up the old religions let them go through some great sacrifice for God that will prove them worthy of such a work, taking the advice of Talleyrand to a man who wanted to upset the religion of Jesus Christ and start a new one, when he said, "Go and be crucified and then raise yourself from the grave the third day!"

Those who propose to mend their nets by secular and skeptical books are like a man who has just one week for fishing and six of the days he spends in reading Izaak Walton's "Complete Angler," and Wheatley's "Rod and Line," and Scott's "Fishing in Northern Waters," and Putnam's "Vade Mecum of Fly Fishing for Trout," and then on Saturday morning, his last day out, goes to the river to ply his art; but that day the fish will not bite, and late on Saturday night he goes to his home with empty basket!

Alas! alas! If, when the Saturday night of our life drops on us, it shall be found that we have spent our time in the libraries of worldly philosophy trying to mend our nets, and we have only a few souls to report as brought to God through our instrumentality, while some humble gospel fisherman, his library made up of a Bible and an almanac, shall come home laden with the results, his trophies all the souls within fifteen miles of his log cabin meeting-house.

In the time of the great disturbance in Naples in 1647, Massaniello, a barefooted fishing boy, dropped his fishing rod, and by strange magnetism took command of that city of 600,000 souls. He took off his fishing jacket and put on a robe of gold in the presence of howling mobs. He put his hand on his lips as a signal and they were silent. He waved his hand away from him and they retired to their homes. Armies passed in review before him. He became the nation's idol. The rapid rise and complete supremacy of that young fisherman, Massaniello, have no parallel in all history. But something equal to that and better than that is an everyday occurrence in heaven. God takes some of those who in this world were fishers of men and who toiled very humbly, but because of the way they mended their nets and employed their nets after they were mended, He suddenly hoists them and robes them, and scepters them and crowns them and makes them rulers over many cities, and He marches armies of saved ones before them in review—Massaniellos unhonored on earth, but radiated in heaven. The fisher boy of Naples soon lost his power, but those people of God who have kept their nets mended and rightly swung them shall never lose their exalted place, but shall reign forever and ever and ever. Keep that reward in sight.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR FEBRUARY 10.

Subject: The Parable of the Talents. Matt. xxv., 14-30.—Golden Text, Rom. xiv., 12.—Memory Verses, 20-23.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

14. "For it is as when a man" (R. V). Christ represents Himself as a man going into another country, or heaven. "Called his own servants." The outward framework of the parable lies in the Eastern way of dealing with property in the absence of the owner; the more primitive way being for the absentee to make his slaves his agents. "His goods." They were to till his land and sell the produce, and use the money which he left them as capital in trading. The "goods" are the Lord's; all we have belongs to God. Christ entrusts to Christians the treasures of His spiritual life.

15. "Five talents." A talent of silver was about a thousand dollars. The servants represent all of God's people, and to no one does he give less than one talent. The talents represent spiritual gifts—time, money and ability to work for Christ on any line. "His several ability." God's graces and temporal mercies are suited to the power which a man has of improving them. To give eminent gifts to persons incapable of using them would be to lead them into a snare.

16. "Went and traded." We now see the use that the servants made of their master's goods. Two out of the three improved upon the trust committed to them. They were (1) diligent, (2) faithful, (3) they went speedily, (4) they persevered in the work, (5) they succeeded. Those who do their best for God succeed. "Other five." He who receives much from God must make an improvement upon the whole, while of the one who receives little but little is required.

18. "Digged in the earth." This is the peculiar temptation of the man who has little ability, and he sullenly retires from a service in which he cannot shine and play a conspicuous part, but, although God may have given to some but small capabilities, yet the talent that is given should not be buried. "Hid his lord's money." He did not embezzle or squander it, but he hid it. Whatever abilities men possess are not their own; they are but stewards and must give an account. How sad to bury one's talent!

19. "After a long time." Time enough was given for improvement. "Cometh." Christ is certain to come. The time may seem long, but let us not be deceived—He is coming again. "Reckoneth." It will be (1) personal, (2) exact, (3) impartial. See 2 Cor. 5: 10.

20. "Brought other five talents." 1. The good servant was ready. 2. There was nothing hid; he rendered a full account. 3. He came joyfully. 4. Quickly. 5. Without fear; there was no confusion. "Thou deliveredst unto me." Recognizing that all he had belonged to his master. "I have gained." He had put forth an effort. Those people who fold their arms and talk about trusting God will find, sooner or later, that God does not help the idler.

21. "Well done." The master gives his full and hearty approval. How much more solid and lasting is the praise of God than the praise of men. "Thou good." Pure and upright within. It is possible to be "good" even in this sinful world. "Faithful." It will be worth all the toil and effort of a lifetime of service to hear such words from our Lord. "Over a few things." At best we can do but little for the Lord here. A few things are given us, all of which we should use to God's glory. "I will set thee over many things" (R. V). The faithful one is made ruler over a larger sphere. We constantly see this illustrated in this life. There is scarcely any limit to the increase which faithfulness will add to the spiritual gifts bestowed in common upon all Christians.

24. "I know thee." No person really knows Christ who thinks Him a hard master. "An hard man." This servant entertains hard thoughts of his lord. He thinks his demands are severe and that he is difficult to please. The servant, conscious of his own wrong, comes filled with excuses, and undertakes to lay the blame of his own actions back on his master. Thus do men think of God as a hard master, and try to throw on Him the blame of their own wrongdoing. "Gathering where thou didst not scatter" (R. V). This was not a true charge, for each one received much more than he had gained; God always liberally rewards all who serve Him.

25. "I was afraid." All sinners are afraid. Our first parents were afraid when they disobeyed. Fear caused this servant to hide the talent his lord had entrusted to him, and now that he comes emptyhanded he has double reason to fear. "Thou hast thine own" (R. V). He seems to boast of his honesty and uprightness.

26. "Wicked and slothful." His master was not to be trifled with. The servant had been, 1. Idle and unprofitable. 2. Ungrateful. 3. The little work he had done, in digging to hide the money, was strength worse than wasted. 4. He had entertained hard thoughts and said false things about his master. "Thou knewest." Out of thine own mouth shalt thou be judged.

27. "Thou oughtest." The fact that he knew what his master required was a reason why he should have used the talent. God appeals to us as "reasonable" beings, and tells us what we "ought" to do. "Exchangers." "Bankers." (R. V). Literally, "To those who stand at tables," because the bankers had tables before them. "With interest" (R. V). His master had a right to expect a reasonable profit from the labors of his servant.

28. "The talent from him." The unfaithful servant is not only reproached by his master, but he is actually punished. He loses what he had failed to use. "Give it unto him." Here is another reward of faithfulness. The faithful one does the work left undone by the unfaithful servant, and receives the reward for doing it.

29. "Shall be given." The one who really has powers and abilities, and makes good use of them, to him shall be given greater possessions. "The careful use of any faculty increases its power. The only way to enlarge our sphere is to fill to overflowing the sphere we are in. The horizon widens as we climb." "Shall be taken away." From him that hath not, even that which he seemeth to have (Luke 8: 18) shall be taken away.

30. "Unprofitable." He was wicked and lost all, and was cast into outer darkness, merely because he was unprofitable and idle and buried his talent. "Outer darkness." Those who fail to obey Christ will be cast from His presence. The punishment of the wicked will be terrible and eternal.

More time, endeavor and money have undoubtedly been put into the Zeppelin airship than into any previous enterprise of this nature. It is thirty years since Count Zeppelin first turned his attention to the airship as an engine of war, and those who were making experiments in flight by means of aeroplanes were inclined to look upon him as a visionary.

WOOD QUICKLY TURNED TO COAL

The Transformation Does Not Require a Long Period of Time.

Geologists have taught that tens of thousands of years, if not even hundreds of thousands, was the time needed to transform wood into combustible fossil, otherwise coal. The chance observation of a scientist, G. Arth, shows that current ideas on this topic will have to be considerably modified. He took notice of a piece of guaiacum, perfectly sound, which was placed at the bottom of a bronze sheath to serve as pivot for a turbine of the Jouval, of twelve horse power and 112 revolutions per minute. The weight of the entire machine was 840 pounds, the end of the axle, which rested upon the piece of guaiacum, was of steel. Without being really immersed in water the pivot was always moist, being placed under the holes through which the water ran.

After six months, although the under part of the wood was intact, the upper part upon which the axle of the turbine rested, was transformed into a black substance, the surface of which was cracked, and which easily broke into small pieces. The breaks, which were shiny and irregular, were entirely like those of certain combustible minerals. In fact, in six months the wood had been converted into coal.

The special conditions under which this rapid transformation had taken place were: High pressure, humidity, and elevation of temperature (the last named being produced by friction). These are the conditions under which wood is naturally changed into coal, but it will be seen that the long period of time mentioned by geologists is not necessary.

London Sewers.

There are sewers of all shapes and sizes. Some are so large that you could ride down them on horseback, others so small that you have to stoop to go through them. Some are egg-shaped, some barrel-shaped, others almost square. There are special varieties also. There are blood sewers and boiling sewers, and others under the special patronage of manufacturing chemists, candlemakers, and soap boilers. The blood sewers of the meat markets are the special habitat of the sewer rat, not often met with elsewhere underground. The reputed size and ferocity of these creatures must be liberally discounted. In the course of several tours underground the writer saw only one, and it scuttled away as fast as its legs could carry it. Finally, there are disused sewers, fallen into decay, known among the workmen as "dead sewers." There is plenty of room for variety, for if the sewers of London were placed end to end they would reach from the metropolis to Constantinople, with something to spare.—Good Words.

Japanese Acuteness.

The Nippon tells a quaint story of an English barrister, well known in Japan, whose doings used to be characterized by the epithet genkin shugi (ready money policy). This gentleman, if a friend met him in the street and sought his advice on any topic, would inevitably send in a bill at the end of the month, saying: "To consultation on such and such a day, twenty-five yen."

It happened one day that this barrister, meeting an expert Japanese gardener, asked his opinion concerning the disposition of some stones and trees. A bystander, himself a Yokohama barrister, by way of practical joke, induced the expert to send in a bill at the close of the month, couched in the usual formula. The "ready-money policy" barrister paid it at once, observing that the Japanese were getting to be up to a thing or two.—Tokio Correspondence of the Chicago Record.

Great Cattle Ranges Gone.

The large real estate holdings of the Standard Cattle Company, at one time the leading cattle concern in eastern Wyoming, have been sold to "Bud" Driskell, a large cattle owner of Spearfish, S. D. The land, including inclosed pastures, amounts to about 20,000 acres, and is one of the finest stock ranches in northeastern Wyoming.

This sale brings the fact home to the old timers in Wyoming that the days of the range cattle business are rapidly drawing to a close. The Standard Cattle Company was for years a power in Wyoming range stock business, but, like hundreds of other concerns, has submitted to the new order of things and is now engaged in raising small herds of thoroughbred stock on smaller ranches and irrigated pastures.—Denver Republican.

Photography on Trains.

Suburban commuters have various ways in which to occupy the time on the journey between the city and their country homes. One of the most novel is that of a young man who lives in one of the Hudson River towns. On bright mornings he takes his seat on the sunny side of the car, brings out a pair of plate holders and prints photographs all the way to town. It is reported that some of the suburban lines are considering the advisability of furnishing dark rooms on trains for the benefit of patrons who are amateur photographers.—New York Mail and Express.

Awakened Conscience.

The Globe occasionally does good. Lately it had a story complaining of the manner in which people borrow, and never pay back, referring more particularly to step ladders. So far, thirty-two people have called at the office to acknowledge step ladders returned. Several wheel barrows, rakes, hoes and spades have also been returned as a result of the item.—Atchison Globe.

THE BANNER.

Published and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Firm to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

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The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

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The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Mouthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

REPRESENTATIVE Pounds introduced a bill to incorporate the town of Thorsby. The bill passed the House by a vote of 65 to 0.

SENATOR W. R. Oliver has introduced a bill to prevent the running at large of stock of any kind within certain prescribed territory hereinafter set forth, in Chilton county. The bill was referred to Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Oliver also introduced a bill to establish the Mullins School District in Chilton connty and to provide for a public school therein. Referred to Committee on Education.

REYNOLDS CONTEST.

There was a meeting of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections held Monday afternoon at which time it was agreed that the contest case of Reynolds vs. Oliver from the Fifteenth District, composed of the counties of Shelby, Chilton and Elmore, which has been pending since the beginning of the session, would be taken up on Wednesday afternoon and the evidence heard from both sides. It is understood that Mr. Oliver claims he did not receive notice of the contest, as the law requires, and in consequence was not enabled to get the evidence that he could have gotten had he known of the contest. The other side say that notice was served and that the papers bear the endorsement of the sheriff to that effect. That is for the committee to decide, and as a matter of course, if notice was not given that stops the contest.—Advertiser.

Manitoba and the Exposition.

The Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo next year is assured of a representative exhibit from the important province of Manitoba. Special Commissioner Hetherson, who has made a tour of northwestern Canada for the Exposition, met with gratifying success in arousing interest in the enterprise.

Will Boom His Business

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex. writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me a new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Sent to Self Administration.

It happened in an "L" car. He was tall, handsome and just a little too well dressed and was reading a pamphlet on which stood out in letters large enough to be plainly legible to the opposite row of passengers the title, "Correct Dress." They all noticed this, for he was really beautiful.

There was no doubt as to what he was reading. The passengers followed it almost line by line and knew just what part of the essay he had reached. It began when his eyes left the book and glanced dubiously at his cloth topped patent leathers. He shook his head slightly as he saw that the upper was of a trifle too pronounced a pattern. Next he took in his trousers, and a bland smile of satisfaction wreathed his face. There was a slight frown when he compared his waistcoat with the haberdasher's manual, but his coat and hat were evidently irreproachable.

The end of the inventory and of the spectators' self control came when the beautiful one began to admire in the back of his watch case his neckwear, his shirt and the faultless curves of his collar. A titter from the two girls in the corner, and the whole benchful exploded. The model of pulchritude looked up, shut his book with a snap, blushed furiously and left the car at the next station.—New York Mail and Express.

The Professor's Escaped Bacteria.

He was apparently an old man, wore large spectacles and carried a small satchel. Across the satchel was labeled, "Professor Redd, Chicago." He entered the waiting room of a suburban station and deposited the satchel carelessly near the ice cooler. Suddenly those near saw the satchel fall and heard the sharp tinkle of breaking glass. The old man picked up the glass and muttered exclamations of distress.

"To think I brought them all the way from Brazil," he said.

"What were they?" inquired some one in the sympathetic crowd.

"Germs!"

"What?"

"Bacteria of a strange Brazilian fever."

"Quick, man! Crush them with your foot!"

"I can't, sir. They are now floating around in the air."

There was a moment of horror. Then there was a rush, and a little later the old man was the only occupant of the waiting room. A window was raised from the outside.

"Just let them out easy, Pete," cautioned a voice.

And the bogus professor obeyed. Satchels, grips and cases went through the window. After he had finished collecting the professor followed the booty. His false beard fell back in the room, but he did not attempt to reclaim it. The arrival of their train prompted those outside to venture in for their baggage. It had vanished, and the black beard told the tale.—Chicago News.

A Successful Stratagem.

When the electric telegraph was first introduced into Chile, a stratagem was resorted to in order to guard the posts and wires against damage on the part of the natives and to maintain the connection between the strongholds on the frontier. There were at the time between 40 and 50 captive Indians in the Chilean camp. General Pinto, in command of the operations, called them together and, pointing to the telegraph wires, said:

"Do you see those wires?"

"Yes, general."

"I want you to remember not to go near or touch them, for if you do your hands will be held, and you will be unable to get away."

The Indians smiled incredulously. Then the general made them each in succession take hold of the wire at both ends of an electric battery in full operation, after which he exclaimed:

"I command you to let go the wire!"

"I can't! My hands are benumbed!" cried each Indian.

The battery was then stopped. Not long after the general restored them to liberty, giving them strict instructions to keep the secret. This had the desired effect, for, as might be expected, the experience was related in the strictest confidence to every man in the tribe, and the telegraph remained unmolested.

Lincoln's Offhand Way.

In 1861, when Mr. Lincoln was on his way to Washington to be inaugurated as president, his train stopped at Rochester, Pa., a station on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad. Mr. Lincoln alighted from the car to stretch his long limbs by walking on the station platform. His identity became known to the townspeople assembled there, and a friendly conversation with him ensued.

In reply to a reference to the threatening political outlook he said, "Oh, no one has been hurt yet."

Seeing a tall man in the crowd, Mr. Lincoln remarked that he and the man were of about the same height and proposed that they measure. They took off their hats and stood together, back to back, while some one placed a hand above their heads and found Mr. Lincoln to be slightly the taller.

An Apt Amendment.

Years ago a bill entitled "An act for the preservation of the heath hen and other game" was introduced into the New York house of assembly.

The speaker of the house, who was not especially interested in matters of this kind, gravely read it, "An act for the preservation of the heathen and other game."

He was blissfully unconscious of his blunder until an honest member from the northern part of the state who had suffered from the depredations of the frontier Indians rose to his feet.

"I should like to move an amendment to the bill," he said mildly, "by adding the words 'except Indians.'"—Youth's Companion.

Cuba and the United States.

Now that the Cuban constitutional convention is in session, and it has been possible to learn something of its composition and spirit, members of the administration at Washington are hopeful of a happy outcome. It is believed that the American policy, which till now has been kept well in the background, will be adopted by the convention as its own. If this proves to be the case, then indeed will the people of Cuba have cause for thankfulness: for they will secure all the advantages of nationality along with the perfect security which is to be found under the powerful wing of the great republic. The Cubans will gain full control of their domestic affairs, without interference by the United States, save that they are voluntarily to restrict their power to contract debt. Under the new regime Cubans will be justified in looking upon their republic as a nation; for self-government in the fullest sense, it will be theirs. They may make all their domestic laws; set up their own governmental machinery; fix their tariffs, levy their taxes, order their expenditures, establish their courts, police their territory, without fear or interference from abroad.

But the foreign relations of the republic of Cuba are to be conducted at Washington, not at Havana. Cuba will have no ministers abroad, but will speak through the State Departmet and diplomatic establishment of the United States. Foreign governments having business with Cuba, will address the Secretary of State, Washington, and he will communicate with the island government at Havana. Inwardly Cuba is to be a sovereign nation, internationally it is to be an American State. In other words, the republic of Cuba is to be to the United States almost precisely what the Dominion of Canada is to Great Britain, save that Cuba will choose a presidant, and not have a nominal governor general appointed by the paramount power.—Review of Reviews.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents Samples free. Every Box guaranteed. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Peramus, Verbena.

Extent of Florist Industry.

The florist business in the United States is by no means an unimportant industry. It is estimated that the retail value of flowers sold annually is $12,500,000 and of potted plants $10,000,000. There are no less than 10,000 establishments in the United States devoted to the growing of plants under glass.—Chicago Chronicle.

Ebony was esteemed as an article of luxury by the ancients. In India it was employed by kings for sceptres and images and as it was supposed to annul the power of poisons was often made into drinking cups.

Consumption

is destruction of lung by a growing germ, precisely as moldy cheese is destruction of cheese by a growing germ.

If you kill the germ, you stop the consumption. You can or can't, according to when you begin.

Take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil: take a little at first.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

It acts as a food; it is the easiest food. Seems not to be food; makes you hungry; eating is comfortable. You grow stronger. Take more; not too much; enough is as much as you like and agrees with you. Satisfy hunger with usual food; whatever you like and agrees with you.

When you are strong again, have recovered your strength—the germs are dead; you have killed them.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409 Pearl St., New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution along as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, farmers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 31st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward them, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are efficiently set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employe of Barnes & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept coughing for a long and cough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr Honlehan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if it was not used. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and have since always turned to it when I get a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Peramus, Verbena.

A Parson's Pun.

A writer in The Cornhill Magazine credits the late Canon Bingham with the following bit of wit:

He was driving one day with other clergy to a clerical meeting, when the conversation turned upon the meaning of the two places they were nearing, Wool and Wareham, in the county of Dorset.

"How do you account for the origin of these names, Canon Bingham?" asked one of the party.

"Don't you know this is a sheep county," replied the canon, "and at Wool you wool the sheep and at Wareham you wear 'em?"

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
January 18th 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks, Homestead entry, No. 30673, for the Nw ¼ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt, W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

BUNKIT BALLARD, Register.

Gone Democratic.

Cold weather will soon be here and you need wraps, we have them to suit all.

A good wrap for 50c; a better one for 75c; a nice shoulder silk lined and fur around the neck, black plush only $1.50; a plush cape, one that will cost you $7.50 to $10.00 in a city, our price only $5; we have them to suit all, come and see for yourself.

CLOTHING, well, we can fit your boys, husbands, fathers, grand-fathers and all boy's suits from 75c up; men's suits from

A nice line of DRESS GOODS from 20 to 75c per yard; cashmeres in pink, blue, cream and other colors 10c per yard; checks 5c; ing, EE, 5c; calicoes, 3c; a nice quilt top for 50cents.

Children's shoes 25c up; men's shoes from $1 to $3.50. Ladies' shoes from 75c to $3.00.

Fascinators from 25 to 75c, any color; infant hoods; men's hats from 75c up $3.50; water proof in black, blue, brown 36 inches wide, double width, only 50c per yard; 1 pound of candy for 5 cents, and everything kept in a first-class store at the same time we carry nothing but reliable goods and anything that is not as we will make it alright. Thanking our host of customers for their liberal patronage, we stand ready to serve you with first-class goods at a small profit. Yours for business.

SARTOR & KICKER,
CLANTON

THE WHITE HOUSE

at Washington, the home of the President, is one of the finest buildings in the land, and the white store house at Clanton carries the finest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

to be found in this part of the country. We carry a fine line of Groceries, Clothing, Shoes, etc., and will treat you well.

J. B. DOWNS, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Samples.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and best of all the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and easiest [illegible] attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best oil every time Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing our trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MATTIS'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., for a sample copy, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

n be here and you
m to suit all.

me for 75c; a nice shoulder
black plush only $1.50; a
.50 to $10.00 in a city, our
u me and see for yourself.
your boys, husbands, fa
m 75c up; men's suits from $
from 20 to 75c per yard; o
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t top for 50 cents.
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per yard; a pound of good
prices also at the same
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OWNS, Clanton

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rations, 50 to 75c. 50c pre
ons, 10 to 20c. 15c prepa
6 to 8c.

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y sold 25 per cent less than
Try a quart of our J. Max
5c, if you are not satisfied
y elsewhere for $1, we will
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BIRMINGHAM, A

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the increasing demands of
are now laying in a NEW

HING, HATS
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st styles and Newest Fash
RIES and GENERAL M
are of the finest grad
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HE SMALLEST MAR
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D TO SERVE YOU
S, Clanton, Ala

GIVEN AWAY
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of prizes, and the cond
rest prizes to be given

TOWN TOPICS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 8¼ cents.
Same date last year 7¼ cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pickard & Co.	2288	2778
Mauldin	1840	1912
Wilson	360	321
Downs	350	280
Total	4783	5281

Capt. W. A. Middleton is visiting his son, Dr. W. F. Middleton, of Mt. Carmel.

Mr. [illegible] Johnson, of Stanton, was here Saturday.

Mrs. D. M. Foshee, of Selma, is visiting relatives in town.

Dr. W. F. Middleton, of Mt. Carmel, visited his parents, Capt. and Mrs. W. A. Middleton, Friday.

Dr. W. E. Stewart went to the capital city Saturday.

Mr. Tom Nelson, of Stanton, spent a day or two in town this week.

Mr. J. E. Sims, of Sylacauga, was in Clanton Monday.

Mr. Russell McDaniel, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. Tom Gullahorn, of Parkwood, was a visitor here Monday.

Mr. Frank Crichton is spending few days in Chicago.

Dr. O. M. Wisehart has returned from a few day's visit in Birmingham.

Stop the cough and work off the cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cures cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Mr. P. D. Wilson went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. C. L. Stewart was in Birmingham Monday on business.

Mr. O. A. T. Lefstead, of Thorsby, was one of our pleasant visitors Monday.

Tax Collector T. J. Hubbard was in town last Friday.

Mr. W. C. Edler went to Montgomery yesterday.

Miss Emma DeShazo, of Elmore, is visiting the Misses Cooley.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mrs. F. M. Woods visited Montevallo, Sunday.

Mrs. Strock, of Verbena, is visiting Mrs. S. E. Johnson.

Mrs. Guy Higgins has returned from a pleasant visit to Deatsville.

Mr. C. A. Peterson, of Thorsby, was in the city Monday.

Born to Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Hayes, a fine girl.

Mr. C. L. Stewart has sold his winery to Mr. J. L. Maddox.

The Clanton Drug Co., will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness, constipation and headache. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

217 acres of land to rent or sell, 4 miles northeast of Clanton; 2 good wells of water. Terms reasonable. Apply to
J. L. MADDOX, Clanton.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Lum Mull and Miss Ada Broadhead; Mr. J. M. Dennis and Miss Eshilla Culpepper; Mr. W. M. Green and Miss Ada Barnes.

Colorad. J. T. Walton and Mary E. Sanlan; Major King and Ella Williams.

Mr. J. F. Fleming of Randolph was in town last Saturday.

Mr. Tipton Mullins went to the capital city Wednesday.

Mr. G. S. Jones, of Lily, was in Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. E. Driver, of Coopers, was a visitor here yesterday.

The O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

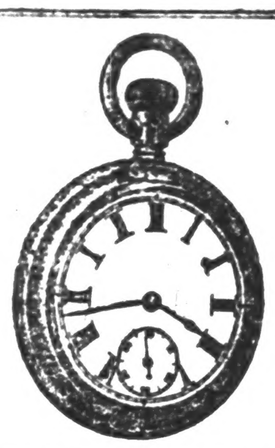
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

Broad Scope of the Exposition.

Nearly all of the nations of Central and South America have already sent formal acceptances to the invitation to participate in the Pan-American Exposition. Exhibits showing the resources of all the principal countries of Central and South America are now in course of preparation. Government officials are preparing exhibits from the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico, Cuba and the Hawaiian group. About 15 acres have been set apart for the court of the state and foreign buildings on the eastern side of the grounds and a little south of the main group.

Baptist Humor.

Here is a story from the Baptist conference at Leicester. It is about a minister. He found himself at chapel one morning without his sermon. "My dear brethren," he exclaimed, "I can only give you now what God will send me, but tonight I will come back better prepared."—Pall Mall Gazette.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord of plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch is still giving good satisfaction. It is the poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 dozen needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.
L. D. POPWELL.
CLANTON.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St. Washington, D. C.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,
T. U. CRUMPTON
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICK'S
THORSBY.

HELP WANTED
to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods
Calicoes ..... from 4 cts up
Sheeting ..... from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide 7c
Black Sateen 8½c
Bleaching ..... from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks 5c
Ducking ..... per yard 9c
Gingham, best ..... per yard 5c

Clothing
The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats
Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for $1.00
Men's ..... 75 ct hat for 50c
Men's ..... 50 ct hat for 35
Men's ..... 25 ct hat for 15
Caps 10

Shoes
Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan ... $1.00
Ladies' Oil grain $1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe .. $1.35

Men's Shoes .... a $2.00 shoe for .. $1.45

Trunks, Valises, Etc.

Gent's Furnishings
Shirts, White Linen bosom ... each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape ..... each 5c
Celuloid Collars ..... each 5c
Hosiery ..... from 5 cts up
Suspenders ..... from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs ..... 3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 30c Tie for 23c
Umbrellas, $1 value for 65c

Notions
Best Assorted Ribbons at half price
Lace, 5c value 3c
Corsets, 50c value 35
Corsets, 25c value 22
Ladies' Belts ..... from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair 20
Towels ..... from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons ..... 1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear ..... per yard 5c

—CALL AT THE—
CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,
THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	.60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.
First Come, First Served!
YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries
AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.
Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.
Yours to serve faithfully and well,
B. H. JONES CLANTON

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

What is Being Done at our State Capitol.

Members of the committee from Florida looking to the annexation of a portion of that state to Alabama, appeared before the General Assembly Monday to argue the annexation of West Florida. The committee spoke emphatically of the unanimity of opinion in West Florida for this annexation.

A joint session of the two houses was held to hear the visitors, and stirring speeches were made by them in favor of annexation, and much interest was aroused in the matter.

The sentiment among the members of the General Assembly seems to be that not a dissenting voice will be raised if the annexation can be accomplished without friction between Alabama and Florida.

The House passed the bill making the Railroad Commission an advisory pardoning board.

The bill regulating the sale of morphine and cocaine was defeated.

Dr. O. P. Fitzsimmons, of Birmingham, is leading the fight against the O'Brien pool selling bill. Representative O'Brien stated that he introduced the bill by request, and that he is not wedded to it and does not feel called upon to campaign for it.

BUCKET SHOPS UNDER BAN.

Amendment to War Revenue Act Calls For Their Taxation.

A Washington special says: The senate committee on finance Thursday reported a number of amendments to the war revenue reduction act.

One is relative to stock transactions and says that every owner or conductor of what is known as a bucket shop must pay a stamp tax of one cent on each $100 in value of the merchandise covered and also a tax of two cents on each $100 on the face value of all stocks, bonds or other securities covered. They shall also pay a special tax of $50 for each office.

NO MORE CIGARETTES.

Tennessee Legislature Passes Bill Prohibiting Their Sale.

Tobacco dealers in Tennessee have received notice of the final passage of the anti-cigarette bill by the state legislature and its signature by the governor.

They will discontinue sale and return their stock on hand to the manufacturers.

It is stated that the sale of cigarettes is practically stopped all over the state. Intimations are made that the constitutionality of the law will be tested.

PREPARATORY ORDERS ISSUED.

War Department Anticipates Passage of Army Reorganization Bill.

A Washington special says: In anticipation of the passage of the army reorganization bill, the war department has issued preparatory orders for the transportation of 5,200 regular troops to the Philippines to replace an equal number of volunteers. The soldiers to be sent to the Philippines first include eight troops of the Fifth cavalry, eight companies of the Tenth infantry, eight companies of the Eleventh infantry and the provisional battalion of troops at San Francisco.

CHARGES AGAINST WILCOX.

Hawaiian Representative In Congress Accused of Being a Traitor.

Charges have been submitted to the house committee on elections No. 1 against Delegate Robert W. Wilcox, the Hawaiian representative in the house of representatives, by George D. Gear, of Hawaii, who submitted letters purporting to be copies of letters written by Wilcox to the Filipino officials. The alleged letters are of a highly sensational character.

Wilcox is charged with treason against the United States and with being a bigamist.

JOHN GIBSON CONVICTED.

Man Who Killed Child With Red-Hot Poker Goes Up For Life.

A special from Huntington, W. Va., says: John Gibson, who was indicted for the murder of his stepdaughter in Catlettsburg, Ky., and who has been on trial there, was found guilty of murder in the first degree and a life sentence was imposed.

St. Louis Makes Contribution.

Mayor Zeigenheim of St. Louis has signed a bill for the issue of $5,000,000 in bonds for the city's contribution to the Louisiana Purchase World's Fair in 1902.

OBJECTION TO GOMEZ.

Enemies of the Cuban Patriot Make Threats of a Bolt.

A special from Havana says: The constitutional convention held a secret session Friday morning at which the anti-Gomez element announced its intention to remain away from the public session unless the naturalization clause was stricken out of the twelfth section. The Gomez faction replied that they had won over three delegates. The Gomezites admitted that General Gomez did not desire the presidency.

PIE FOR BRUNSWICK.

Government May Establish Naval Training Station at Georgia Port.

A Washington special says: Brunswick, Ga., is to get a naval training station if the recommendations which Secretary Long has made to the naval committees of congress are accepted and carried out. For some days Representative Brantly has been working on a project which means a great deal for Brunswick, and late Saturday afternoon Secretary Long took action which seems to insure the success of his plans. These are for the development of Blythe island, which lies off from Brunswick and which has, since 1857, been the property of the government, purchased for the use of the navy department.

This island contains 1,100 acres of land, is well wooded and is a valuable piece of property, but it seems that the fact that it is government property had been praticaly lost sight of by the authorities in Washington until a few days ago, when Mr. Brantley called on the secretary of the navy and Admiral Crowninshield.

Mr. Brantley has for some time been investigating the facts concerning the purchase and ownership of the island, and when he informed these officials that the navy had this property there was little delay in getting them committed to his plans of development.

As soon as he knew of the character of the property and its surroundings, Admiral Crowninshield decided that this was exactly what the naval authorities have been wanting for a training station for landsmen, and he made his recommendation to Secretary Long accordingly. There is plenty of water around the island, and the land itself is admirably adapted for these purposes. The authorities prefer the south because of the better climate and Blythe island fills the bill in every particular.

On Saturday morning Mr. Brantley and Senator Bacon called at the navy department and there made the final presentation of the case to Secretary Long. Late in the afternoon, just before leaving his office, Secretary Long addressed to Chairman Foss, of the house committee, and Chairman Hale, of the senate committee, letters in which he recommended the appropriation of $25,000 for a wharf, road and storehouse or other original improvements for Blythe island, and states that it is the purpose of the department to utilize the island for a training station for landsmen.

MOURNING IN CHARLESTON.

Memorial Services For Queen Held In Historic St. Michaels.

At the request of the St. Andrews Society, founded in 1729, and the St. George's Society, founded in 1733, special memorial services were held at the time of the queen's funeral, at historic St. Michael's church in Charleston, S. C., Saturday, Rev. John Kershaw, the rector, and all the Episcopal clergymen in the city taking part. The organ of the church is of ancient English make, and is said to have been first played at the coronation of George III. The bells of St. Michael's tolled from 12 to 1 and from 5 to 6 o'clock.

BAD INDIANS IMPRISONED.

Charged With Treason--White Instigators May Be Prosecuted.

Chitto Harjo, or "Crazy Snake," the leader of warring Creek Indians, and seventeen of the minor leaders of that tribe, have been landed in the federal jail in Muskogee, Indian Territory, where they will be held pending trial for treason. The Indians were brought from Henrietta under escort of troop A, Eighth cavalry, and United States Marshal Bennett and his posse.

It is stated that certain attorneys, who, it is asserted, misled the Indians, may be prosecuted.

PASSED TEXT BOOK BILL.

Aycock Measure Goes Through the North Carolina Legislature.

The North Carolina senate passed without debate what is known as the Aycock school textbook bill, which provides a commission of school teachers to select books and recommend them. A fight on the bill was made in the house and against this particular feature.

DELEGATES BANQUETTED.

Representatives of Y.M.C.A. National Committee Welcomed in Atlanta.

Nearly two hundred of the most prominent and successful business and professional men of Atlanta gathered at the Kimball house Friday night to welcome the delegates of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The reception to the delegates lasted from seven to eight o'clock, at which hour an elaborate banquet was served in the large dining hall of the hotel.

MINER'S UNION DENOUNCED.

Coal Operators Close Down Before Accepting Dictation.

J. C. Osgood, president of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, in his testimony before the state legislative committee which is investigating the coal strike in which a number of the company's mines are involved, caused something of a sensation by his severe arraignment of the organization and officers of the United Mine Workers.

He declared that his company would sooner close every mine it owned than submit to the dictation of the union.

"REBUKE," SAYS MARK

Resolution of Brunswick Maritime Congress Presented In The Senate.

A Washington special says: Senator Hanna presented to the senate Friday the resolutions adopted by the Brunswick maritime congress in advocacy of government aid to the merchant marine, and, in the few words he said in presenting the paper, showed that he construed it an endorsement of the pending subsidy bill, and that he regarded it in the nature of a rebuke to the senators from Georgia and other southern states, who are opposing his pet measure.

Some of Senator Clay's friends in the senate were inclined to joke with him about this action at Brunswick, and he was asked if it would make any difference in the vote he intended to cast.

"Not in the last," said the Georgia senator, whose speech against the measured was the opening gun of the opposition's fight. "I know," he continued, "that this action, if it is meant as an indorsement to the subsidy bill, does not represent the sentiments of the people of Georgia. I doubt if 1 per cent of the people favor this direct appropriation to the already wealthy ship owners.

"I know that Senator Bacon and all of the members of the house delegation are opposed to the bill, and that in this opposition they and I represent the feeling of the people of the state. Certainly we represent the feeling of practically all of the democrats, not only in Georgia, but throughout the country.

"Now, I have nothing at all to say in criticism of the very excellent gentlemen who took part in the proceedings of that congress at Brunswick, but of course, everybody recognizes the real influences which brought it about and, in a measure, controlled its actions. It might perhaps be uncharitable to say that it was a Hanna convention, but the inspiration certainly came from the men who in this particular fight Mr. Hanna represents.

"Of course there can be no criticism of the citizens of Brunswick for holding the conference and entertaining the delegates, for every city likes to have conventions and congresses of all kinds, and the business men of Brunswick contributed to give these visiting delegates as good a time as they do all visitors within their gates. As for the congress itself, however, it certainly represented an infinite small amount of southern sentiment, if it represented any at all."

ONLY COPIED THE PAPER.

Brobston Explains Authorship of His Ship Subsidy Resolution.

During the session of the maritime congress at Brunswick, Ga., Friday, Mr. Brobston, on a question of personal privilege, stated that he had been informed that it was intended to make an effort to injure him before the public by printing a photograph of his resolution, by comparison with handwriting of F. B. Thurber, to make it appear that Thurber was the man who wrote the Brobston ship subsidy resolution.

Mr. Brobston declared the resolution was written at a conference the night before with three Brunswick board of trade members participating and acquiescing and that Mr. Thurber simply copied it by request of the conference.

DENIES YOUR UNCLE SAM.

President Castro, of Venezuela Shows Hate For Americans.

Advices from Port of Spain, Trinidad, state that the Venezuelan government continues to maintain a defiant attitude toward the United States. The report is now circulated that President Castro, having troops at his disposal in the eastern province since his victory there over the insurgents, will send a regiment to dispossess the Americans at Pitch lake. The company will resist, but no doubt it will be ousted if the threatened attempt is made.

Mr. Loomis, the United States minister, is trying to compromise matters, but he is met in an unfriendly spirit by the government of Venezuela.

Money For Fortifications.

The house Thursday passed the fortifications appropriation bill and made fine progress with the postoffice appropriation bill.

VALUABLE CARGO, THIS.

Vessel Clears at Philadelphia With "Stuff" Valued at $288,677.

The Norwegian steamship Fortuna sailed from Philadelphia Thursday for Europe carrying railroad rolling stock valued at $220,880.

At Marseilles she will land ten locomotives and tenders, worth $120,000, for the Paris and Lyons railroad, and to Bilboa, Spain, she will take eight locomotives and tenders, valued at $100,880.

Besides these shipments the Fortuna has on board 7,428 flat steel billets worth $17,799 for Newport, England.

BANK CAN NOW RESUME.

Creditors Agree to Accept Payment of Claims in Instalments.

The creditors of the banking house of Josiah Morris & Co., at Montgomery held a third meeting Thursday morning and after hering from the committee which had been appointed to examine into the affairs of the institution it was unanimously decided that every indulgence be granted and the bank be allowed to resume business under the old management, the depositors agreeing to accept payment in various instalments.

A BATTLE ROYAL

Is Promised By Democrats In Congress Over the Ship Subsidy Measure.

A Washington special says:—The Democratic members of the senate have determined to continue the fight on the Hanna ship subsidy bill.

This was decided in caucus held Thursday afternoon. Senator Jones of Arkansas, leader of the minority, will make a statement to the senate, putting the Republicans on notice that the shipping bill must be discussed fully and that the minority considers it a crude measure and one of far less importance than the Nicaragua canal bill, the revenue reduction bill, or the appropriation bills, and that the minority will not submit to an early vote on the shipping bill.

Senator Jones will lay down an ultimatum to the Republicans that the Democrats will insist on a consideration of the canal and appropriation bills ahead of a vote being taken on the shipping bill and that if the Republican attempt to keep the shipping bill before the senate and delay action on the appropriation bills they must assume the responsibility and if an extra session has to be called it will be the result of the Republicans attempting to force the subsidy bill to passage over other necessary legislation.

This decision of the Democrats amounts to an ultimatum to the Republicans, and if the policy decided upon is adhered to it means that the shipping bill cannot pass at this session and that an extra session of congress will be a certainty.

The Democrats disclaim any intention of a filibuster. They insist, however, that the bill must be properly debated and they argue that as there have been only three or four speeches so far, it has not been properly debated by any means. The Democrats state that no less than ten or a dozen set speeches against the bill are scheduled. Each of these speeches will practically consume a senate working day.

If the advocates of the measure insist upon night sessions, they must, the Democrats say, furnish the necessary quorums, for at each session there will be on hand just enough Democrats to insist upon a quorum being present for the transaction of this business.

Many of the best prophets believe that the Republican supporters of the measure will yield to the pressure and go to pieces long before the Democrats who oppose it show any sign of weakening.

STRANDED SEAMEN RESCUED.

Crew of Eighteen Saved From Watery Grave By Passing Steamer.

The German steamer Barcelon, which arrived at New York Thursday from Hamburg, via Halifax, N. S., brought into port the captain and fourteen seamen of the Russian bark Cuba, which was abandoned at sea January 18th in latitude 40.30, longitude 13.10, in a dismasted and water-logged condition.

Captain Bohn, of the Barcelona, reports that at midnight of January 17th, a glare of light was sighted which at first was thought to be a ship on fire. The Barcelona headed for the light and on approaching nearer two huge flares were seen from a vessel in distress. Passing close by the craft, Captain Bohn, with his night glass, made out that she was dismasted and waterlogged and the people on the wreck were waving and gesticulating violently.

At times hoarse shouts could be heard, and finally cries of "Help; we are sinking!" were made out. There was a high sea running, but it was decided to make the attempt to rescue the shipwrecked crew.

First officer A. Lavoni and a boat's crew of five men managed to lower a life-boat and get to the side of the steamer. After an exceedingly hard pull the boat was successfully brought under the lee of the wreck, and after a severe struggle all of the men, fifteen in number, were taken into the boat and to the steamer.

Appointments By Governor.

Governor Candler, of Georgia, made two important appointments Thursday. Colonel George Gilmore of Washington county, is made a member of the board of trustees of the Experiment station. Dr. J. Frank Harris, of Thomas county, is made a member of the electic board of medical examiners.

FOLLOWERS OF MRS. NATION.

Imitators of Saloon Wrecker Get In Their Work In Nebraska Town.

Fifteen or twenty imitators of Mrs. Nation got in their work Friday afternoon at Sioux City, Neb., a suburb of Sioux City, Iowa, just across the Missouri river. Some women accompanied by the marshal of the town, and a member of the city council, marched double file down the street to John Peyson's joint. The place was locked and the marshal kicked in the front door whereupon all the women set about carrying out the furniture and everything they could lay hands on, depositing it in the street. No whisky was found.

CRUISER BIDS OPENED.

Navy Department Inspects Offers For Building Three Warships.

Bids for the building of three protected cruisers were opened at the navy department Friday. Neafie & Levy, of Philadelphia, at $2,740,000; the Newport News Ship Building Company, at $2,741,000, and the Bath Ship Building Company, at $2,750,000, appear to be the successful bidders for the three cruisers.

A RAILROAD DEAL.

Big Syndicate Gets Controlling Interest In the Southern Pacific.

A New York special says: Another railroad transaction, reaching, it is believed, much further in its ultimate results than any of the deals which have thus far marked the closing of the old and the beginning of the new century, became known just a few minutes before the closing of the market Friday afternoon, when the transfer of the control of the Southern Pacific company into the hands of a syndicate in which Union Pacific interests predominate, was announced.

The transaction completes the last link necessary for the establishment of a trans-continental railroad under a single control. This control is at present vested in E. H. Harriman. The new route includes the following lines, in all of which, except the Southern Pacific, Mr. Harriman is officially connected.

Starting at San Francisco, running over the Central Pacific end of the Southern Pacific direct to Ogden; thence first over the Union Pacific to Kansas City, and thence over the Chicago and Alton to Chicago, or, second, over the Union Pacific to Omaha and thence over the Dubuque and Sioux City branch of the Illinois Central direct to Chicago, where the Baltimore and Ohio connects, direct to the Atlantic seaboard.

The control of the Southern Pacific just transferred includes the large holdings controlled by Speyer & Co. and also the Huntington holdings. The price secured for these holdings is not known. James Speyer, when questioned, would make only the following concise statement:

"We have received a satisfactory offer for our holdings of Southern Pacific stock and have accepted it."

From a reliable source, however, it may be stated that holding of the Huntington estate in the Southern Pacific have been acquired by the same interests which purchased the Speyer stock, and that the two blocks in connection with recent purchases in the open market, which have been responsible for the sharp advance in the Southern Pacific securities, have given the purchasers a working control of the Southern Pacific company.

Alaska Will Have Delegate.

The house committee on territories has reported favorably the Knox bill, allowing Alaska a delegate in the house. The committee also voted down the bill to allow cities and towns of Arizona to issued bonds for the purchase of waterworks.

Explosion Kills Seven.

An explosion occurred Thursday afternoon in a cigar factory in New York. Several persons are reported killed any many injured.

LI HUNG CHANG DEAD?

The Report of His Demise Is Current Throughout Europe.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of The London Standard, wiring Thursday, says it was rumored that day in Tien Tsin that Li Hung Chang was dead.

The foreign office at Paris has no news of the reported death of Li Hung Chang.

To Curb Lobbyists.

The North Carolina house has passed a bill to regulate lobbyists, requiring them to register. The bill is an exact copy of the Wisconsin law, but the section was stricken out which required lobbyists to swear what fees they received.

Two New Federal Judges.

The house committee on judiciary has reported favorably bills for two additional United States judges in Oklahoma and increasing the salaries of judges from $3,000 to $4,000, and for a division of the judicial district of Texas.

Paris has a municipal debt of $350,000,000, nearly half that of all the cities of France, twice as great as that of London, and one-third of the local debts of all England. Every Parisian owes $100 more than every Londoner. In Paris government costs $25 a head, the highest rate in any city in the world. As an offset, it claims to be the best governed, and, while the contention may be disputed, it is certainly second to none, affording an example of administrative efficiency never surpassed in the urban history of any period. But Berlin is not far behind, and government there only costs $6 a head, while in St. Petersburg the job is done in tolerable fashion at $2.50 a head.

The thousands of sardine and other tin boxes that are thrown away every month form the basis of an industry which has reached vast proportions. These refuse tins are stamped my machinery into tin soldiers, and sold so cheaply that the poorest children can posses them; yet the manufacturer makes a fair profit, which he could not do if he used new material.

After all, even if the French solved the problem of getting into England, they would still be confronted with the other one—how to stay there.

Cudahy, the pork packer, has undoubtedly set a demoralizing example in paying $25,000 ransom for his kidnapped child, but there is consolation in the reflection that a great majority of us will be unable to follow it.

More than half the food supply of the United Kingdom is drawn from other countries, at an annual cost of $25 per inhabitant. The average price of imported food is $99.83 per ton.

Hard Coughs

No matter how hard your cough is or how long you have had it, you want to get rid of it, of course. It is too risky to wait until you have consumption, for sometimes it's impossible to cure this disease, even with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

If you are coughing today, don't wait until tomorrow, but get a bottle of our Cherry Pectoral at once and be relieved.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure you give us your nearest express office. Address, J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A TOUGH ALBATROSS.

After Being Fourteen Days in an Icebox It Still Lived.

A writer says Sir William Cornwallis told him some time ago that on one of his steamships coming from New Zealand an albatross, supposed to have been choked dead, kept in an ice box at a temperature which was always much below freezing point, was found to be alive at the end of fourteen days. Captain Reed, in command of the vessel in question, supplements the story with the statement that the bird was supposed to be killed by being strangled with twine tied as tightly as possible around the neck. This twine was not removed. The beak was closed and tied and the legs crossed behind the tail and tied and the legs crossed behind the tail and tied. It was then wrapped in an old meal cloth and put with three other birds in the return box at the end of the port snow truck. It remained there for certainly not less than ten days. On the snow boy complaining that the bird "grunted" when he went near the albatross was taken out, when it was found that it could move its neck about and open its beak and the eyes were open and lifelike. The lower half of the body and the legs were frozen hard. The fastening on the beak had come off. It was alive two hours after being taken out and was then strangled and put in the snow box.—From Nature.

Foolish Woman.

A woman in Connecticut wants a divorce simply because her husband, who is an expert shot, keeps in practice by shooting at glass balls on her head. Women are so unreasonable.

To Mothers of Large Families

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of

MRS. CARRIE BELLEVILLE.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am well, and can do the work for my family.

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to mothers with large families."—Mrs. CARRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludlington, Mich.

YOU'

Dr. GREENE, 35 West 14th S
diseases. He has remedies for
by letter. You can tell or writ
are answered in plain sealed e

LION

A LUXU

Watch our next adve

In every package of
list. No housekeeper, in fa
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simply cutting out a certai
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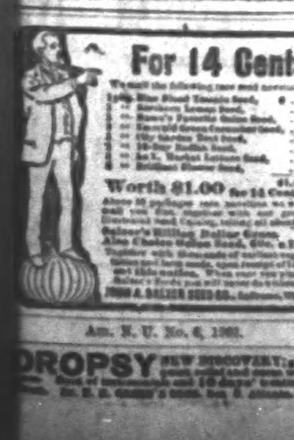

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Being Fourteen Days in an Iceberg—It Still Lived.

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"I would recommend Lydia ...nkham's Vegetable Compound to ...others with large families."—Mrs. ...RRIE BELLEVILLE, Ludington, Mich.

YOU'RE WEAK
Instead of Strong!

Make Yourself a New Man!

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA

BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY.

Will Give You the Strength and Vigor of Perfect Manhood. Renews, Vitalizes and Invigorates Weak Men.

Old before his time! A broken-down, miserable wreck—weak, nervous, discouraged!

The world to him seems a place of mist, peopled with ghostly beings, whose flitting to and fro about their daily tasks serves but to irritate him. He sneers at healthy amusements, and finds no comfort or pleasure in life.

He is sick and he does not know it. He drags about, and therefore thinks he is well. He is despondent and peevish, and weak, and he does not know that there are merely signals—some from the stomach crying for aid—others from the nerves beseeching strength—still others from the great life-current—the blood—moaning that it is so impeded and clogged with impurities that it cannot move.

He, and all others like him, will find immediate relief in Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. This is just what it was intended for. It never fails to make weak men strong and vigorous, puts new life, vim, strength, power and energy into them.

Dr. Greene's Nervura is New Life, Hope and Strength for Weak Men.

Mr. JOHN D. SMITH, electrician for the Thompson-Houston Electric Co., of Lynn, Mass., says:—"When a man has been sick and is cured, it is his duty to tell others about it, that they, too, may get well. Three years ago I had been working almost night and day, could not (at regularly) and got only a few hour sleep at night. No man can stand that long, and I soon began to be prostrated. I could not sleep when I tried, and my food would not stay on my stomach. I was in a terrible condition, and was much alarmed. I went to doctors, but they did me no good. Learning of the wonderful good done by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to try it. It cured me completely of all my complaints. I eat heartily and sleep well, thanks to this splendid medicine. I believe it to be the best remedy in existence."

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the One Great Restorative Which Cures.

DR. GREENE, 35 West 14th St., New York City, is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He has remedies for all forms of disease, and offers to give free consultation and advice, personally or by letter. You can tell or write your troubles to Dr. Greene, for all communications are confidential, and letters are answered in plain sealed envelopes.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

THE lion does picket duty for you and prevents adulteration and impurity from entering into your package of

LION COFFEE

When you buy an unbroken package of **LION COFFEE** you have coffee that is absolutely pure, strong and invigorating. A single pound makes 40 cups. No other coffee will go so far. You will never know what it is like till you try it. **LION COFFEE** is not a glazed compound, but a pure coffee and nothing but coffee.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

For 14 Cents

We will for the following rare seed novelties.

1 pkg. Blue Blood Tomato Seed, 5 .15
1 " Northern Lemon Seed, .15
1 " Nance's Favorite Onion Seed, .10
1 " Long wild green Cucumber Seed, .10
1 " Old Garden Beet Seed, .10
1 " 18-Day Radish Seed, .10
1 " Early Market Lettuce Seed, .15
2 " Brilliant Flower Seed, .15
Worth $1.00 for 14 Cents. $1.00

Above 10 pkgs. of rare novelties we will mail you free, together with our great illustrated seed catalog, telling all about Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass. Also Chufoo Onion Seed, 60c. a lb. Together with thousands of earliest vegetables and farm seeds, upon receipt of this ad. and 14c. postage. Write now, you will never see this offer again. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LaCrosse, Wis.

Am. N. U. No. 6, 1901.

SEEDS WE WILL GIVE YOU A $4.6 FARM Collection of SEEDS FREE of money cost, asking only that you sell 8 Packets of Vegetable Seeds for us at 5c each. NO MONEY in advance. Write us a postal accepting this offer and we will Mail You the 8c Packets at once and will also send Catalog, Full Instructions, and 12 Due Bills for distribution among your friends in order to induce them to buy the Seeds of you. ADDRESS T. J. KING, CO., RICHMOND, VA. A GOOD SUIT of Clothes Given for selling 100 Packets.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED! Honest, energetic man to TRAVEL AND SELL **NURSERY STOCK.** REFERENCES REQUIRED. We have an Immense Stock in full Variety and can Insure Satisfaction. Address, G. H. MILLER & SON, ROME, GA.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

Caught Another Octopus.

The largest devil fish yet captured here was placed in the aquarium a few days since, says the Los Angeles Times. Its tentacles will cover a space of six or seven feet. The one that has been on exhibition for some months was put back into the ocean and given its freedom. The new tentacle which it was growing to replace one lost in capture had reached a length of about six inches.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a nausea, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

In 1800 only 4 per cent. of the people of the United States lived in cities. To-day 30 per cent. live in cities.

Uncle Sam Aims

to buy the best of everything which is why he uses Carter's ink. He knows what's good.

The late Earl of Airlie's personal estate in England and Scotland has been valued at £44,093 3s 6d, including shooting rents due to the amount of £5,069.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

You never know people until you live with them, and then hardly more than a speaking acquaintance survives.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

She (pensively)—Ah, well. What is wealth, after all, but the mere difference between income and expenditure. He—So is debt.

Don't drink too much water when eating. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

Teacher—And why should we endeavor to rise by our own efforts? Johnny Wise—'Cause there's no tetlin' when the alarm clock will go wrong.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The Missouri is now claimed to be longer by 200 miles than the Mississippi.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDELEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Comic opera is over a hundred years old. The tragic in a way has a ways existed.

Sick Headache

And similar afflictions resulting from disordered stomach, are promptly relieved by a full dose of Crab Orchard Water.

The sum of 150 marks, heretofore annually voted in Germany for the support of German schools abroad, has been doubled this year.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. (SEAL) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dolby's Sad Fall.

Some years ago, writes a correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, Mr. Dolby, who was Charles Dickens' manager, and has just died "miserable and penniless," in Fulham infirmary, was in a quite respectable position, but was fast drifting into a reckless, vagrant life. He was fond of recalling his association with the novelist, but never told any anecdotes about him. He accompanied Dickens on his reading tours, and his services were greatly appreciated. On one occasion Dickens wrote from Liverpool, "Dolby would do anything to lighten the work, and does everything." In another letter from Glasgow, he described him as "an agreeable companion, an excellent manager, and a good fellow." Dolby wrote a book entitled "Charles Dickens as I Knew Him," which Miss Dickens considered "the best and truest picture of her father yet written."

Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies
And Rest for Tired Mothers

In a Warm Bath with Cuticura SOAP

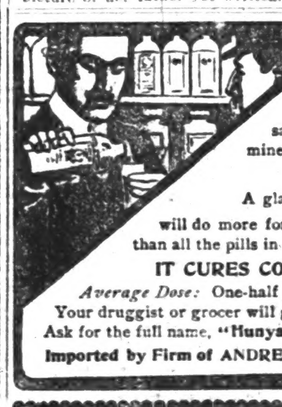
And a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, rashes, irritations, and chafings, with loss of hair, of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies fail.

Millions of Mothers Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET, costing but $1.25, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

THE SET, $1.25



"TAKE THIS!
My Bilious Friend,"

said the doctor, "it is the best laxative mineral water known to medical science."

A glass of **Hunyadi János** will do more for a disordered stomach or a torpid liver than all the pills in the world.

IT CURES CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS.

Average Dose: One-half glassful on getting up in morning.

Your druggist or grocer will get it for you.

Ask for the full name, "Hunyadi János." Blue label, red centre panel.

Imported by Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE

succumbs readily to the easy remedy to take

A natural medicinal Water—concentrated. Aperient, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures—Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Bronchitis, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most delicious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

RELIABLE MERCHANT, DRUGGIST wanted, in every town, to act as treasurer of local advisory board. Good contract. STANDARD INVESTMENT CO., Calvert Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 15

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Blacksnake a Household Pet.

One of the men employed at the zoological gardens in New York has a blacksnake that has the run of his house. It has the reputation of being the best rat catcher in the entire borough of the Bronx. It is also a family pet.

An American girl employed in one of the departments of the Paris Exposition received 177 proposals of marriage from men of fourteen different nationalities. The American girl is in demand wherever she is.

TO CARRY POWER.

Experiments with Aluminum as Conductor for Electricity.

The already practically foreshadowed widening use of aluminum conductors for electric transmission purposes adds interest to Lord Kelvin's recently expressed opinion of them. The weight of aluminum required, he said, is almost exactly one-half of the copper which would produce the same effect. The diameter of cable is 28 per cent in excess of one made of copper, and the cost of insulation for an underground cable is increased in about the same proportion when we pass from the copper to aluminum. Aluminum is not a pleasant metal to deal with, but its high conductivity will make it invaluable for overhead transmission, says Cassier's Magazine. It is true also that the weight to be supported on posts is half of copper, but the surface exposed to the wind is greater, and its strength is not great. The chief drawback to its use, especially overhead, is its liability to become rotten. This defect does not exist if the metal be pure, and especially if free from sodium. But exposure to the atmosphere, especially near the sea, induces deterioration. The fact that aluminum is easily oxidized ought not to condemn it. The same is true of iron and steel, and yet we do not hesitate to place structures of these metals in exposed positions. Only we paint them; so Lord Kelvin proposes that we paint or varnish aluminum conductors wherever necessary. A few hundred yards of 1½-inch aluminum wire were put up by Lord Kelvin on a Scotch estate somewhat over a year ago and on this line he is watching the effects of weather.

A ship is probably called she because the rigging costs so much and it always keeps a man on the look-out.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00

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OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES.

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

CLANTON. ALABAMA.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

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No matter what the [illegible] and do you good, and you can [illegible]

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

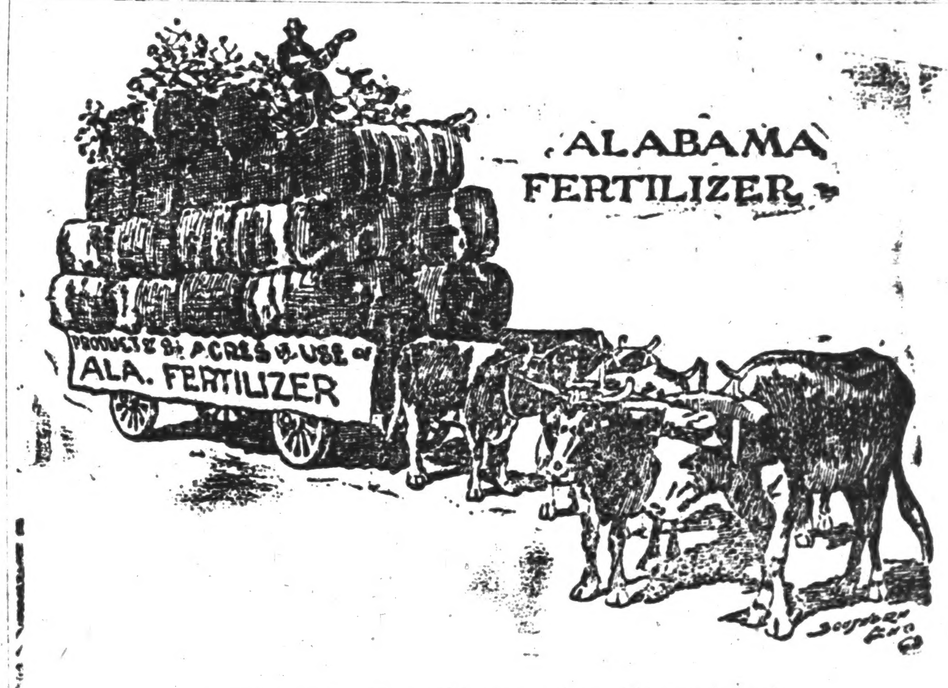
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 31 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Goods Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 8½ acres of land, made from Russell Improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to repack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 43 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

1901 WORLD ALMANAC

AND ENCYCLOPEDIA.

A Statistical Volume of Facts and Figures Containing Over 600 Pages.

OVER 1,000 TOPICS. OVER 10,000 FACTS.

SPECIAL FEATURES—

The census of 1900. National and State election returns. Four centuries of American progress. Political record of 1900 (conventions and platforms). American rule in the Philippines. New governments of Porto Rico and Hawaii. Polar exploration in 1900. Conclusion of the South African war. Pan-American Exposition of 1901. China—Its present condition and status among nations. Roster of general officers of the Regular U. S. Army, 1789—1900.

A Political Register.

Facts that every patriot and voter ought to know.

Standard American Annual.

Price 25 cts. Postpaid to any address. THE WORLD, Pulitzer Bldg., New York.

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

Not a Success.

The experiment was not a success. Fortunately she had complained to him that he was not as he used to be; that he seemed to have grown cold; that he was too proud and neither fact. So when he found one of her love letters to her he took it to the next time he was called away from the city, made a copy of it and sent it to her.

"John Henry," she exclaimed, when he returned, "you're the [illegible] that ever lived. I believe you're suffering of the brain. What [illegible] been by sending me that trash?"

"Trash, my dear," he expostulated. "Yes, trash—just sickly, sentimental nonsense."

"That isn't how you described it when I first wrote it and sent it to you," he protested. "You said that it was the dearest, sweetest letter you had written, and you insist now that I have changed and you haven't. I thought you would try to—"

"Well, you didn't succeed," she interrupted, and she was mad for a few days. Sometimes it is mighty difficult to please a woman.—Chicago Post.

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Deep-seated, obstinate cases, that have resisted doctors, hot springs and patent medicine treatment, quickly yield to B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), thoroughly tested for 30 years. Have you mucous patches in the mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Copper Colored Spots? Chancres? Ulceration on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? Then this wonderful B. B. B. specific will completely change the whole body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B. drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle will be given away free of charge.

B. B. B., for sale by druggists, $1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Complete directions with each bottle. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. For trial bottle, address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and Free medical advice given.

CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Laxative Bromo-Quinine. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Clanton, Feb. 6, 1901.

Banner.—Please allow me space in your valuable paper to express my views in regard to the roads of our county and their needed working, as force laws seems to be the order. At the mass meeting in Clanton ult., there were representatives from all parts of the county and the majority said the present laws were good enough and the stock law wasn't wanted. The road law seems to be in the minds of some yet, the need of better roads. I want better roads, but my opinion is the present law is good enough, the only thing that is needed is that the laws should be enforced, the road commissioners are wholly responsible. I saw an article from Beat 5 that the voice of the people should be obtained in the mass meeting held in January. I can't see why when every voter of the county was invited and his vote should have been counted.

Some of the citizens of Clanton are working hard to get whiskey, if obtained, be a death blow to Clanton and the worst thing that could be done for the town. Nothing advantage for them, but not the best interests of the people. I'm truly sorry that Chilton's smartest men have not enough to do without trying to enforce laws upon the people that they don't need and don't want. I think I can safely speak for hundreds of the voters west of the L. & N. Railroad in Beat 2, opposed to whiskey being sold in Beat.

[illegible] per cent of the murders committed in the United States are caused by intoxicating liquors. There is room for improvement, but only for better prohibition legislation, ingenuity and industry. Yours for prohibition.

F. M. P.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

World-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other ointment or balm for Cuts, Burns, Boils, Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions, Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Clanton drug store.

Jemison, Feb. 5, 1901.

Banner.—Please allow me space in your valuable paper, to say something in regard to the constitutional convention. I hear they are going to have a race a few weeks back between Mr. Grant, from Beat 2, and Mr. L. H. Reynolds in regard to it, asking L. H. Reynolds to come out for a key note for it. I think I can say that Beat 2 will roll up a majority for L. H. Reynolds for the constitutional convention. Let's have him come out. I want to say to the people of Chilton while L. H. Reynolds was representative we didn't have so much trouble in the county. Look in Beat 5 what we have imposed on those people; I know how long the people of Chilton will stand it. The liberty is at stake more than ever before. Let everybody think about this; I want to tell Mr. Grant that when he said he wanted L. H. Reynolds he struck a key note, for Beat 2. I know as much about anybody that lives in it; I say L. H. Reynolds to represent us.

Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, and the care of young children, are severe trials on any women. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE OF CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Edwin Cragg, Gardner, Idaho: "I was [illegible] using Wine of Cardui I could walk around the house. Two weeks after I could walk a mile and attend strenuous [illegible] other child was born I suffered with [illegible] hours, enough to raise him on a bottle instead of one milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time I gave birth last month to a baby girl and was in labor only two hours, with but little pain and I have plenty of milk. For the great improvement in my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui."

For advice in case requiring special direction address giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST. NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Chilton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or G. P. Ansley, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 14, 1901 — NO. 17

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[Offered as a candidate for Congress to represent Chilton in the Constitutional Convention, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

H. W. CARRY.

Feb. 12, 1901.]

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our readers views at any time, but must be directly understood as holding ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Laxative Bromo-Quinine
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Clanton, Feb. 6, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me through your valuable paper to express my views in regard to the needs of our county and their needed legislation, as farce laws seems to be the order. At the mass meeting at Clanton all parts of the county were represented, and the majority said our present laws were good laws, and the stock law wasn't wanted. The road law seems to be in the minds of some yet, but all see the need of better roads; I want better roads, but my opinion is that the present law is good for nothing. The only thing that is needed is that the laws should be enforced; the road commissioners and overseers are wholly responsible. I saw an article from Beat 3 stating that the voice of the people could not be obtained in the mass meeting held in January. I can't speak for Beat 3, but when every voter of the county was invited and his vote should have been counted.

Some of the citizens of Clanton are trying hard to get whiskey, if obtained, be a death blow to morality and the worst thing that could be done for the town. Seeking advantage for themselves and not the best interests of the people. I'm truly sorry that Chilton's smartest men have not enough to do without trying to enforce laws upon the people they don't need and don't want. I think I can safely speak for nine-tenths of the voters west of the L. & N. Railroad in Beat 4, we are opposed to whiskey being sold in the Beat.

[illegible] per cent of the murders committed in the United States are committed by intoxicated liquors; there is no room for improvement on this line for better prohibitory enactments and industrious efforts for prohibition.

[illegible]

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The world's wonder worker for marvelous results. Its superiors are other salves, ointments or balm for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions. Infallible to Cure. Cure guaranteed. Only at Clanton drug store.

Jemison, Feb. 5, 1900

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your valuable paper, to say something in regard to the constitutional convention. I hear they are going to have a fight. I saw a piece a few weeks ago written by Mr. Grant, from Beat 5, in regard to L. H. Reynolds asking L. H. Reynolds to come out for a candidate for it. I think I can say for Beat 2 that Beat 2 will roll up a majority for L. H. Reynolds for the constitutional convention. Let's have him come out. I want to say to the people of Chilton while L. H. Reynolds was representative we didn't have so much trouble in the county. Look in Beat 5 what has been imposed on those people; I want to know how long the people of Chilton will stand it. The cry of liberty is at stake more than ever before. Let everybody think about this; I want to say to Mr. Grant that when he said he wanted L. H. Reynolds he struck the key note, for Beat 2. I know as much about it as anybody that lives in it; I want L. H. Reynolds to represent us in the convention when it meets.

Well, I will say a few words about a local law that is trying to be imposed on those people; it looks more like a Ku Klack law than any thing I ever saw, and it was what one man said they must all do. I thought Ku Klucks was all gone but they have made their appearance again. I don't know what will come next. I want everybody to talk about this; you know that Moses said stand still and see the salvation of the Lord. But we have stood still too long.

Now, I hope to hear from Mr Grant again and from others all over the county again. Success to the Banner and its readers.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

Thorsby, Feb. 9, 1900

Editor Banner.—I wish to say just a few words in regard to whom we shall send to the constitutional convention.

In the beginning I will say that L. B. Pounds and L. H. Reynolds are the men. Pounds to represent our county and Reynolds the senatorial district. Both men are well qualified to fill the position. We have forced Pounds to be our representative against his will. He could not under any circumstances, be persuaded to run before the primary election, but after the death of our nominee we forced the nomination upon him even when he told the people he could not make the sacrifice and was not a candidate. But now he is a candidate for the constitutional convention, and I believe we ought to stand by him and see that he is elected to fill the place he now asks for.

He is now in a position that is calculated to qualify him for the position he seeks. In fact it will be in the same line of work as that in which he is already engaged. It would not be just to him, when we know that he is as well qualified to fill the place as any other man we have, should we fail to stand by him now and secure his election to the constitutional convention. Some one, I see has recommended that we send Bro. Reynolds to represent the county. I do not favor the idea, neither do I believe Bro. Reynolds would want to run against Pounds. But I do want Reynolds to represent the senatorial district and believe that he is well enough known over the whole district to enable us to easily elect him. We have elected him once and we can elect him again.

I am for Pounds to represent our county and for Reynolds to represent our senatorial district.

Very truly,
W. A. MIMS.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Verbena, Feb. 8, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words in regard to a new constitution. I am opposed to any organic law or rule that will take from the people that liberty which our forefathers fought and died for. This move to take the liberties from the people is a popish move, an aristocratic oligarchy; a government hostile to civil any I might say to religious liberty. Popery has ever been an enemy to liberty. She has long been preparing the rising generation to favor this move and now she comes in the guise of a new constitution in the form of a race issue in which if the voice of the people is stifled, we will then have a despotic government, since the people will be denied a voice in the administration of the government, when every branch of government will be in the hands of a few. Then the Pope will be satisfied. "Give me religious add political liberty or give me death."

L. L. E.

Weogufka, Ala., Feb. 9, 1901

Editor Banner.—Benjamin Callaway, Sr., departed this life February 7, 1884. He was born Nov. 10, 1803, in Wilkes county, Ga.,

(continued on 2d col. page 4)

Stanton.

Farmers are hustling hauling out fertilizer and preparing for another crop.

Messrs. Jim Lassiter and Howell Mills, of Plantersville, paid relatives a visit here last Sunday.

We regret to state that Mrs. Nelson has been quite sick.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton, of Maplesville, will give us a lecture in the afternoon next Sunday at the Baptist church.

There is talk of the Gregory-Cree Lumber Co. putting down a new mill soon.

Mr. Pet Cooper, of Vicks, one of our old chums, was with us a few hours last week.

Mr. C. W. Plant, of Vicks, was in the city Sunday.

Some of the young men of Plantersville paid us a pleasant call Sunday; come again boys.

Mr. Charlie Rasberry and his sister, Miss Minnie, of Lily, were pleasant visitors here Sunday.

Messrs. R. H. Nelson and Howel Martin were the guests of friends near Riderville Sunday.

Mr. John Burk, of British, paid relatives a visit here last week.

Mr. John Gant visited relatives at Plantersville last Sunday.

Mr. Dave Walker, the great hunter, killed two turkeys at one shot last Monday morning.

Mr. J. B. Gullahorn got slightly hurt at furniture shop last Friday.

STAN.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Samples free. Every Box guaranteed. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Shoults

The health of these diggins is good except pneumonia.

We regret to say that Mr. B. H. Head got his foot badly hurt last Saturday.

Mr. E. McGee and wife visited the family of Mr. Frank Adams Saturday.

Mr. C. W. Shoults and family visited Mr. Head, of Lawley, Sunday.

The new house of Mr. Milton Lawrence is nearly completed.

Mr. James Lawrence and wife visited the family of Mr. Buck Bowlin, of Maplesville, Saturday.

Dr. Clanghton, of Maplesville, is having fine sport killing turkeys west of Maplesville.

Mr. Dolby Atkinson was in our town this week. BIG IKE.

Concord.

The farmers are fast preparing for another crop.

That demon of Satin called stock law is fencroaching very near this strip of woods.

Mr. E. H. Mims is adding to his residence.

We have a progressing Sunday school at this place; we must compliment Bro. W. A. Edwards in his able management as Supt. and his earnest corps of teachers.

We regret to lose our esteemed citizen, Mr. J. L. Maddox, who has bought the Stewart ginery and will move to Clanton.

We heard an able sermon by Bro. Reese the second Sunday.

SUBSCRIBER.

Poplar Springs.

Stock law has created quite a sensation in Beat 5.

Messrs. J. N. and W. A. Goss spent Saturday and Sunday with parents at Burwell.

Mr. J. W. Patterson and wife visited friends and relatives at Enid Sunday.

Mr. Frank Foshee was a pleasant visitor at Mr. W. D. Driver's Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Patterson is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lilla Hardy, in Coosa.

Misses Callie and Janie Patterson, of Enid, entered our school at Poplar Springs Monday.

Married at the home of the bride, Sunday, Mr. Nix and Miss Louvenia Minor.

SAME OLD IKE.

Stops the cough and Works off the cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.
$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some house on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the office of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Jasmine.

We are having some fine weather for the farmers.

Miss Willie Marlar is a visitor to our town today.

Mr. W. M. Berry and wife will leave for North Carolina in a few days.

Mr. Jesse Moats has moved to Mr. Ped Willis' where he will remain for for some time.

Misses Mamie and Fannie Kendrick spent Sunday with Mrs. T. J. Marcus.

A number of our young friends went to the oyster supper at Billingsley Friday night and report a nice time.

Mr. D. A. Ash spent Sunday at Stanton.

Mr. A. M. Baker spent Sunday in Verbena.

Mr. J. Y. Propst visited Clanton Monday.

Mr. Walter Mills from Birmingham is spending a few days with his brother in our little town.

Mr. V. M. Courtney will enter school Monday.

We are glad to say Mr. Lee Wells is some better.

Mr. Albert Martin was a visitor in our town Sunday.

Mr. P. Adams will leave for Selma in a few days.

Mr. W. T. Heard spent Sunday with his parents near Vine Hill.

Miss Gadie Sims spent the day with her young friends at this place. WILD BILL.

Union Grove.

Rev. Vickers preached to a large congregation last Sunday at New Hope.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Williams visited their daughter, Mrs. W. C. Evans, at this place Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rogers are visiting relatives near Clanton.

There has been a great deal of sickness in this community.

The people are making preparations for another crop; hope we will get ten cents for cotton and up.

Mr. John Campbell is improving very slow from cancer.

The wedding bells have quit ringing around here.

Misses Carrie and Arvezenia Littleton visited Newhope Sunday.

A STRANGER.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama, }
Chilton County, }

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. C. Quillin, to D. C. Gandy on the 8th day of February, 1894, and due November 1, 1894, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 33, page 34, on the 24th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by D. C. Gandy to S. Mass & Co., and by S. Mass & Co. to W. H. House on the 23d day of January, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1901,

between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One House and Lot in Stanton, Alabama, said Lot being in the NW ¼ of NE ¼ of Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

Dated at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of January, 1901.

W. H. HOUSE, Trans'ee.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish-American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. T. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permenent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Had To Conquer Or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel N. C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life saver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Whooping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

Yellow-Leaf Poultry Farm
THORSBY, ALA.

We breed White Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas. A few Cockerels for sale $2 each. Eggs in season.

BARRETT & KERNEN, Props.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life, a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor, JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA.

ROBERT H. HUNT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 30 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Rings.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: M. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John R. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 25c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The Boer scheme is said to be to keep on fighting whether the war is over or not.

When a French newspaper is not sure of its news it does not say "it is rumored," but simply adds "under reserve."

Nearly two-thirds of the letters carried by the world's postal services are written, sent to, and read, by English-speaking people.

A hundred years ago what optimist would have surmised that the dawn of the twentieth century would see "American competition" become the great European hobgoblin?

A quarter of a century ago realism was announced as that which was henceforth to prevail in literature; and, behold! never had the romantic novel such vogue as it has to-day.

The Kansas City Star thinks that "the luckiest person, probably, who has ever lived on this old round earth, is the American citizen who, in this year of grace 1901, is near to middle age. That condition affords a standpoint for comparison that is well nigh priceless."

There was an enormous shortage in the crop of green peas in the United States during the past year, owing principally to the ravages of the aphis, a little green insect which destroys the plants. Long Island suffered severely, and growers in Delaware, Maryland and New Jersey were little better off. In localities further north the aphis did not appear, as the cooler climate was unfavorable to its development. Altogether the loss of growers on the pea crop amounted to about $3,000,000.

"They do some things better in France." The proverb is musty, but there is nothing stale, flat or unprofitable about the decision of the French Government to lessen the number of disfiguring advertisements on cliffs, walls, buildings and fences, by putting a proper tax on signboards, whether they are displaying upon public or private property. The Gallic example should be followed promptly in the United States. No more hideous placards can be seen anywhere than many of those in this country.

Owing to its vast extent Australia embraces every variety of climate except that found within the polar circles. It can grow most of the vegetables and animal products of the temperate, sub-tropical and tropical regions. It is given only to two nations, the United States and the Commonwealth of Australia, to be able to produce nearly all the commodities they need; and both of them may share, with the rest of the world, not only the surplus of their vegetable and animal products but also their exceptionally abundant minerals.

There is so much said nowadays about the benefits of salt to the system, that a new spurt probably will be given to the evil habit of salt eating. This amounts to a disease in some sections of England. At present it is the fad in London to chew salt crystals, and medical journals are beginning to warn the public against the yellowing and shrinking of the skin, the loss of hair and the general digestive evils it causes. The American Indian eschews salt and has always eschewed it, and the claim was never made that the American Indian, in his natural state, was a weakling or short-lived.

Harper's Bazar records that a movement originates among the equal suffragists of Illinois to add another chair to the Cabinet of the President of the United States, and install therein a woman. Believing that home interests and children are subjects of importance to the nation no less than war, finance, diplomacy, agriculture, at the thirtieth annual session of the Illinois Suffrage Association a resolution was passed defining a plan for demanding of the next Congress the establishment of a domestic science department of the administrative function of government, with a woman at the head of it.

Bishop Potter of New York City deplores the decline of home cooking, and expresses sorrow for the coming of what he calls the "tinned" era.

SHOOTING THEN A WEDDING.

Birmingham Attorney Has a Lively Courtship.

CAN'T SUPPLY COAL DEMAND

Alabama Loses Sale of 100,000 Tons of Coal--New Plant at Ensley--Other State News.

SHOOTING FOLLOWED BY MARRIAGE.

Prominent Birmingham Attorney Secures a Bride Under Difficulties.

The courtship of two of the most prominent young people in Alabama terminated in Montgomery Sunday in a tragedy succeeded by a happy marriage. The story appears to be as follows:

For several years Hon. John W. McQueen, of Birmingham, assistant solicitor of Jefferson county, and Miss Caroline Beale, one of the loveliest of Montgomery's young women, have been sweethearts. The young Birmingham lawyer was not rich in the goods of this world, and the young lady's parents were not partial to his suit, but rather encouraged that of a suitor in the east, whose high position was already established. Recently Mr. McQueen went to Montgomery on some business connected with the legislature, in which he represented his county for several terms, and while there renewed his attentions to Miss Beale. Her father is said to have emphatically informed Mr. McQueen that his attentions must cease. He continued them, however, and Saturday night the couple met at an evening luncheon. They appear to have talked matters over at the luncheon and determined to marry, as they afterwards went to the residence of the probate judge and endeavored to secure a license. The judge being a friend of the family and being aware of the parental objection, denied this request and Sunday morning informed the father of the young woman. Mr. Beale thereupon went to the residence of Chief Justice McClellan of the supreme court, and called for Mr. McQueen, who was a guest there. The colloquy at the McClellan house appears to have been spirited. Just what was said cannot be learned, but Mr. Beale fired several times upon Mr. McQueen. Fortune seems to have favored the young lawyer for he escaped unhurt, although his host, Judge McClellan, caught one of the bullets in his shoulder, causing a flesh wound which, however, his friends throughout the south will be glad to learn is not serious.

So much for the tragedy, now for the romance.

As soon as Mr. Beale left the premises friends of the young couple commenced arrangements looking to an immediate marriage, which occurred in the parlors of Probate Judge Gaston two or three hours later by Rev. Edward Cobbs, of the Episcopal church, in the presence of a few friends and relatives, the father being in the meanwhile detained down town.

Lodge of Elks Organized.

A local lodge of the order of Brotherhood of Elks was organized in Decatur Sunday night. There was a large crowd of Elks in attendance from the other portions of the state numbering about sixty, coming in a special car.

Another Furnace to Be Put in Blast.

Furnace No. 3 of the blast furnace plant of five furnaces, the property of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company at Ensley, was put in blast Monday, after an idleness of six months for repairs. Furnace No. 4 of the same plant, went out Monday for repairs. No. 3 has had a complete overhauling and is practically a new furnace and will be able to make a large quantity of iron. With No. 3 in operation and No. 4 out of blast, the plant will have four furnaces in operation capable of a production of 700 or 800 tons of iron daily.

Hillman Hospital Fund Growing.

The available cash in hand and pledges secured by the Hillman Hospital management constitute a fund that is growing rapidly toward such size as will soon enable the ladies to make definite arrangements for the erection of the proposed hospital building. There is now deposited in the bank $7,326, and $6,400 additional has been pledged.

Alabama Unable to Supply the Demand for Coal.

The Birmingham district has recently lost the sale of 100,000 tons of coal for export because the coal companies were not able to fill the orders within the time limit. The order went to the Jellico mines in Tennessee, and several tons of the coal are now on the docks at Pensacola awaiting the arrival of the steamers. This big sale was brought about by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad company through its agents, who first came to Birmingham and interviewed the operators of this district. Finding that the Alabama mines could not supply the demand already made upon them, they went to Tennessee and closed the contract with the Jellico company. Another instance of the shortage in the supply of Alabama coal is the fact that the Southern railway is now using Tennessee coal in its engines that run through Birmingham. Tennessee coal is shipped to Greenville, Miss., for use in engines on that end of the Southern's system. These conditions are made possible only by the enormous demand upon the Alabama mines, which have been taxed to their utmost capacity for the past year and a half. During that time the output in the State has been increased from about 500,000 tons to about 750,000 tons a month.

For over a year the Louisville & Nashville Railroad company has been forced to secure a good portion of its supply of coal for its engines on this division from Kentucky mines. It is safe to state that if the coal operators in Alabama were able to deliver all the coal they could sell the production of the mines in this state would exceed 10,000,000 tons a year instead of about 9,000,000 tons, the estimated production in 1900. The new mines that have been opened in the past few months and which will be worked before spring, together with other mines that are to be opened within the next few months, will add over a million tons a year to the production of the state, thus bringing the total for the year 1901 above the 10,000,000 ton mark, unless market conditions undergo a considerable change and cut down the demand. H. F. DeBardelegen, who is at the head of two coal companies organized within the last three weeks, states that several openings will soon be made on properties controlled by him.

Ensley's New Plant.

A rumor which has been well circulated on the streets of Ensley and Wylam for the past few days that the Southern Car and Foundry Company had placed the contract for the excavating and grading for their new plant, has caused a new impetus to real estate matters. A number of lots have changed hands at good prices. A preliminary survey of the location for this plant has been made, but so far as is known here the contract has not been let. It is a fact, however, that bids on this work have been turned in and it is probable that such a contract will be made very soon.

E. C. Gordon For Commissioner.

Eugene C. Gordon, of Athens, Ala., brother of Gen. John B. Gordon, the commander-in chief of the United Confederate Veterans' association, is being indorsed for appointment by the president of the United States as one of the nine commissioners to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition or World's Fair, to be held in St. Louis in 1903.

Work Progressing Nicely.

Work on the grounds where the Alexander City cotton mills are to be built is progressing nicely. It is thought that artesian water can be had, and Mr. Matthews, from Providence, R. I., is boring the well. He has gone to a depth of over one hundred feet, and will go two thousand feet if necessary to reach water that will flow.

Norwegian Ship Leaves.

The Norwegian corvette Ellida, which has been in the Mobile port for several days, left Saturday for Havana, Cuba, en route to Christiania, her home port. During their stay here the officers and cadets were given a continual round of social attention.

New Cotton Mill at Talladega.

Dirt has been broken for the erection of the Chinnabee cotton mills, at Talladega, which, according to the contract, will be completed in six months. The machinery in the Talladega hosiery mills is most ready for the starting of this enterprise, which will add quite a snug pay roll to the town's business interests.

Populists Met and Adjourned Without Making Nomination.

The populists held a meeting for the purpose of selecting a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention in Ozark Saturday, but for several days it had rained incessantly and the streams in the county interfered with the gathering. Not more than forty populists were present, and on account of the small crowd the meeting adjourned to reconvene on March 2.

SENATOR TILLMAN IS "HOPPING" MAD

South Carolinian Roasts Pensions Committee.

MAKES USE OF DIRE OATHS

Swears That He Will Block Pension Bills Hereafter to the Best of His Ability.

A Washington special says: The passage at the beginning of the session of the senate Saturday of a bill granting a pension of $50 a month to Stacy H. Cogswell, company F, Thirteenth Indiana volunteer regiment, induced Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, to make some forceful comments upon the house in not taking action upon a bill providing a pension for a Mexican war veteran who had resided in South Carolina during the civil war and naturally had been in sympathy with the confederacy. The bill had been passed by the senate, but the house invalid pension committee was delaying final action upon it.

Mr. Tillman said that there was so much sectional animosity in the house committee that the members refused to permit action upon the bill for the benefit of his old Mexican veteran.

"We, of the south, want to know if the struggle is ended," shouted the irate senator, as he uttered oaths to Senator Hale of Maine, who objected to further debate.

Senator Tillman went to Hale's desk and swore he would "see them in hell" before any more pension bills should pass, if he could prevent it.

Later he obtained the floor and reiterated his complaint against the house committee and refused to be disciplined by Senator Chandler.

Senator Tillman was furious, and his speech quickly drew a crowd to the galleries and all senators to the floor.

Senator Tillman demanded the repeal of the law preventing the pension of veterans of the Mexican and other wars because they rendered aid to the Confederacy.

MINISTER BUCK RETURNS.

He Is at Home For a Brief Rest From Duties at Japanese Capital.

Colonel A. E. Buck, minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary to Japan, has returned to Atlanta for a brief vacation, after an absence of about three and one-half years. The minister and his wife reached Atlanta, Ga., and registered at the Aragon. On the hotel register Colonel Buck gave his residence as "city." He will remain in Atlanta for two or three days attending to some private business before proceeding to Washington and reporting to the state department. He pects to sail from San Francisco to resume his post in Japan about May 1st. This is Colonel Buck's first visit to his old home since his departute for his post in the orient in May, 1897.

Colonel Buck was asked about his plans and particularly about his participation in the councils of the Republican party in Georgia. He said:

"I am not going to hold any conferences with the Republican leaders in Georgia. I am out of politics. I may see some of the leading Republicans who are my personal friends, but I am not going to talk politics with them. I do not intend again to take an active interest in politics in the state. I am not in politics any more."

NO BARROOMS LEFT.

One Kansas Town Is Entirely Rid of "Joints" By Raiders.

Hollon, Kan., was purged of its joints Saturday. The purging process was accomplished by a band of at least 1,000 who took the town in their hands and attacked the joints. Three joints were put out of business and Hollon is a dry town for the first time in fifteen years.

Death Sentence For Three.

Saturday, at Greenville, S. C., Judge Bennett passed the death sentence upon three negroes convicted of murder. John Turner, Lawrence Choice and Miles Cureton were bribed by a white man to kill Ned Clark, for whose murder he was convicted.

ATTACHMENTS SECURED.

Georgia Property of Virginia Coal and Iron Company Is Seized.

The Attala Ala., Iron Ore Company has secured attachments in the federal court at Chattanooga for certain property in Walker county, Georgia, of the Virginia Coal and Iron Company. This action grew out of the receivership of the Virginia company. The debts amounts to several thousand dollars and is for ore furnished by the Alabama company.

Hope For Mrs. Maybrick.

A special cablegram from London to The Chicago Record is to the effect that Florence T. Maybrick will be released from Aylesbury prison.

Ex-Cashier Under Arrest.

George Foster, formerly cashier of the South Danvers National bank, of Peabody, Mass., was arrested Friday charged with embezzling $3,000 from that institution.

Congressman Bartlett Better.

A Washington special says: Judge Bartlett, of Georgia, continues to improve. Dr. Hall said Friday that the judge was clearly better than at any time since the crisis in his disease.

SMASHER BALKED.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, For the First Time, Shows the White Feather.

A Topeka dispatch says: Mrs. Nation for the first time displayed the white feather Thursday. It was at a meeting of thirty of her followers, who armed with hatchets, had gathered in secret to arrange a night raid on Topeka joints. The women had been promised the aid of several male students at Washburn college who were to come to town armed after midnight and personally take part in the raid and also see that the women were not molested.

The women planned minutely for the raid. It was decided to saunter out at 3 o'clock in the morning and demolish every joint in town.

Suddenly, when everything seemed satisfactorily arranged for a terrific onslaught, Mrs. Nation balked, began putting on her wraps and said she was going home.

Instantly her followers were in an uproar. Mingled with expressions of surprise at her quick change of front, soon came words of condemnation.

Finally one woman, who had spent a greater part of the day collecting hatchets and soliciting aid of the crusaders, rushed to where Mrs. Nation stood, in the center of a group, and, shaking her fist in the Wichita woman's face, shouted excitedly:

"You are a coward, Mrs. Nation, you are a coward!"

For a moment Mrs. Nation lost control of herself.

"I am not a coward," she said with emphasis. "I will go this minute with any one woman and smash a joint."

A dozen voices were raised.

"I'll go, I'll go," and for a moment it looked as if an instant raid would result.

But Mrs. Nation soon calming herself, told the women she was tired, that the "Lord did not wish her to go tonight," and without further ado left the room.

CARNEGIE IS MASTER.

Steel Magnate Holds Money Kings to His Own Terms.

A New York dispatch says: Friday's new developments in connection with the negotiations touching the transfer of the Carnegie Steel company to J. Pierpont Morgan and his associates were first that Mr. Carnegie is to receive $1,500 for each $1,000 share of his stock; second, that minority holders who desire to sell will receive the same terms as those given to Mr. Carnegie; third, that the present stage of the negotiations contemplates the formation of a new corporation whose bonds will play a large part in the price to be paid to Mr. Carnegie, and, fourth, the first public announcement in connection with the pending negotiations of an official character consisting of a statement by H. E. Gary, president of the Federal Steel Company, confirming the news that J. P. Morgan is planning the acquisition of the properties of some of the largest iron and steel companies of this country.

If, as now seems certain, Mr. Carnegie is to receive $1,500 for each $1,000 share of his stock, the transfers in his case alone will be the equivalent of nearly $130,000,000, inasmuch as the great steel magnate's holding at present amount to $86,000,000. If, as seems probable, the minority holders are to be looked after by Mr. Morgan's syndicate, the financiering will involve the equivalent of $240,000,000.

TO WATCH AFTER BONI.

Receivers Appointed to Manage Affairs of the Castellanes.

At New York Friday Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court, appointed George J. Gould and Helen M. Gould receivers of all income of the Countess de Castellane in excess of $200,000 per year. This action was taken in a suit brought by Eugene Fischoff, an Austrian creditor, against the Countess de Castellane and against George J. Gould, Edwin Gould, Howard Gould and Helen M. Gould, as executors and trustees under the will of Jay Gould. This suit is for the benefit of all creditors.

To Build Battleship Georgia.

The Bath iron works at Bath, Maine, has received a contract for the construction of a United States battleship to be named the Georgia from the navy department at Washington.

ENDORSEMENT OF MRS. NATION.

Topeka Citizens Will Finish Work Started By Saloon Wrecker.

Three thousand male citizens of Topeka, in mass meeting in that city Sunday, decided that the numerous joints of the town must close. They issued an ultimatum giving the jointists till Friday at 12 o'clock noon to quit business. If this is not done, warning was given that a thousand armed men would immediately move on the joints and remove them by force. The action of the meeting is the result of the crusade started in Topeka by Mrs. Carrie Nation. The meeting was a remarkable one in every respect.

OLD MAN ROBBED.

Felled In Street By Highwayman. Thief Quickly Nabbed.

At Philadelphia Saturday Peter Weil, an aged and prominent manufacturer, was knocked down on the street by a highwayman as he was leaving a national bank, and a satchel, containing $8,600, was wrenched from his hand.

The money was recovered by a policeman, who captured the thief after an exciting chase.

HAZING A MENA[illegible] TO VICTIM'S [illegible]

Congressional Com[illegible] Makes Report to H[illegible]

IS A SENSATIONAL DO[illegible]

Vicious Practices at We[illegible] Would Be Classed as F[illegible] In Some States.

A Washington special [illegible] report of the special [illegible] committee which investigated [illegible] ing of Cadet Booz and the [illegible] ject of hazing at West P[illegible] mitted Saturday to the [illegible] sentatives by the chairman [illegible] mittee, Representative [illegible] with a bill making stri[illegible] tions against hazing, the [illegible] brutal practices.

The report is an exhaus[illegible] of the practice of haz[illegible] forms, and, while moderate [illegible] nevertheless a stinging [illegible] the many alleged [illegible] tices enumerated. It [illegible] than 100 distinct methods [illegible] and harrassing fourth class [illegible] describes them in detail.

One of the "funny for[illegible] scribed is that practiced [illegible] Sheridan, Jr., who was [illegible] ride a broomstick in "[illegible] illustrious father's achiev[illegible] Winchester."

The report states that a [illegible] fighting has grown which is [illegible] in its character. The fight[illegible] scribed, and the committee [illegible] the West Point code is more [illegible] than the Queensburry code. [illegible] mittee held that fighting is [illegible] form of hazing. The report [illegible] such fighting as that at West [illegible] a felony according to the st[illegible] many of the states, and the [illegible] come when congress must [illegible] whether fights, which are hi[illegible] elsewhere, shall continue [illegible] Point.

The committee finds that [illegible] MacArthur, Breth and Bur[illegible] hazed into convulsions, oth[illegible] hazed until they fainted, whi[illegible] were hazed until they were [illegible]

The hazing of Cadets [illegible] Breth are elaborately treated [illegible] committee does not attrib[illegible] death directly to hazing. T[illegible] adds:

"But while we cannot fix up[illegible] ing the responsibility for the [illegible] the probability that it hastened [illegible] and the blot it throws [illegible] otherwise fair and glorious fa[illegible] academy, its conflict with pro[illegible] ing, discipline and nuffiness [illegible] new century, urges the adop[illegible] reasonable, yet we believe [illegible] measures for its eradication [illegible] promotion of discipline in [illegible] demy."

The bill submitted contains [illegible] sections against hazing and [illegible] means for its detection and [illegible] ment. Dismissal is provided [illegible] ing part in a fight or chall[illegible] rectly or indirectly, or for [illegible] of annoying, harassing or b[illegible] cadets. Cadets dismissed a[illegible] ineligible to appointment to th[illegible] navy or marine corps.

FARMER'S WIFE SLAYS [illegible]

Victim Was Cursing Her [illegible] Was Stopped By Pis[illegible]

In Lee county, Alabama, [illegible] afternoon in the Smith State[illegible] borhood, seven miles west of [illegible] bus, Ga., Mrs. John Hann[illegible] of a well known farmer, shot [illegible] ed John Pearson, alias Jo[illegible] nati, a negro. Cincinnati was [illegible] hand on Hanners' place. He [illegible] employer were in Columbus [illegible] afternoon, and it seems that b[illegible] drinking when they returned [illegible]

Late in the afternoon the n[illegible] into the house and began to [illegible] Mrs. Hanners who was in the [illegible] told him to quit or leave the p[illegible] He continued cursing and s[illegible] ordered him out. She told [illegible] if he did not stop she would [illegible]

In an insulting manner the [illegible] walked up to her, stuck his fa[illegible] to hers and tauntingly told he[illegible] him. The next moment she s[illegible] dead with a pistol.

TRACKED IN THE SN[illegible]

Clever Capture of Thieves [illegible] Stolen an Express Sa[illegible]

Prompt and active work by [illegible] thorities at Manila, Iowa, re[illegible] the arrest of three men who are [illegible] of having been implicated in [illegible] of a United States express sa[illegible] have contained $40,000. The [illegible] Milwaukee and St. Paul train [illegible] the safe was taken from Sid[illegible] arrived at Manila at 8:35 p. m. [illegible] day night. The robbers we[illegible] tracked in the deep snow whi[illegible] ed the ground.

VON WALDERSEE KI[illegible]

Says It Is Wrong to Keep Up [illegible] In China Just Now.

A special from Pekin sa[illegible] Von Waldersee is very much [illegible] fied with the conduct of the [illegible] troops near Pao Ting Fu and [illegible] their avowed intention, in spite [illegible] protests against it, to org[illegible] expedition to take possession [illegible] province of Shan Si. He [illegible] ground that expeditions, [illegible] police purposes or against [illegible] robbers, should not be ma[illegible] during peace negotiations.

[illegible] ARP'S LETTER

[illegible] John Marshall, the Great Jurist, Was a Federalist.

[illegible] THE "FASHION" IN THOSE DAYS.

[illegible] Would Like to Change the List of Great Men Chosen For the Hall of Fame

[illegible] who has of late been [illegible] John Marshall. That he was a [illegible] has long since been well [illegible] but that takes no [illegible] of fame. Nearly a [illegible] of that day were [illegible] Washington, Hamilton, Ma[illegible] Charles Cotesw[illegible] Carolina. On [illegible] feared to rock [illegible] with the [illegible] but wanted a [illegible] Not until Jefferson [illegible] prehensions [illegible] declared to be masters of the [illegible] John Marshall could h[illegible] a federalist, for history [illegible] father and all the Marshalls [illegible] were federalists. He grew up [illegible] idea that no government was [illegible] did not have power and money [illegible] troops and a navy to defend and [illegible] it, and it would not do to rely [illegible] states separately when war or [illegible] came. No, there never was a [illegible] jurist or a purer patriot than [illegible] Marshall, and I am proud that [illegible] Virginian.

[illegible] considering the list of those [illegible] have already been chosen for [illegible] the hall of fame. I think [illegible] gentlemen who got up this show [illegible] pretty well considering the point [illegible] Up to date I believe that [illegible] have been chosen and our Rob[illegible] Lee stands eighteenth on the [illegible] received sixty-nine votes and [illegible] eleven who received less [illegible] begins with Washington at [illegible] even votes. Then comes [illegible] Webster, Franklin, Grant, [illegible] Jefferson, Emerson, Long[illegible] Fulton, Irving, Jonathan Ed[illegible] Morse, Farragut, Clay, Peabody, [illegible] Robert E. Lee, Peter [illegible] Horace Mann, Eli Whitney, [illegible] Ward Beecher, James Kent, [illegible] Story, John Adams, Channing, [illegible] Gilbert Stuart and Asa [illegible] The last named was a botanist [illegible] repute and received fifty one [illegible]

[illegible] soldiers of the civil war are in [illegible] and Grant and Farragut [illegible] presidents are in. Madison, [illegible] and Jackson are strangely left [illegible] Henry Ward Beecher as strangely [illegible] I don't know what he ever [illegible] was great or good. He is the [illegible] who said that "Sharp's rifles were [illegible] than Bibles to send to Kansas [illegible] it was a sin against heaven to [illegible] a slave-holder and miss him." [illegible] is the man whose conjugal creed [illegible] what McCaulay said of Lord By[illegible] "Hate your neighbor and love [illegible] neighbor's wife." It will be ob[illegible] that twelve of these chosen men [illegible] from Massachusetts, five from New [illegible] four from Virginia, two from [illegible] two from Rhode Island [illegible] others scattered around.

[illegible] if I had a vote I think I would [illegible] ten from that list and in [illegible] places I would insert Andrew [illegible] John C. Calhoun, Dewitt [illegible] Alex Hamilton, Patrick Hen[illegible] Stonewall Jackson, Sam Houston, [illegible] Edison and Crawford Long. [illegible] know whether I would strike [illegible] name or not. He was a good-[illegible] sort of a man with a bulldog [illegible] of purpose, but he was no [illegible] Any man who took four [illegible] with nearly three million of men [illegible] billions of money to subdue 266,[illegible] ragged Confederates is no general. [illegible] behaved well after the surrender [illegible] said: "Let us have peace!"

[illegible] conversing not long ago with [illegible] northern lady, a mature lady of cul[illegible] refinement, and when I remark[illegible] that Grant did not fight to free the [illegible] for he was a slave owner and [illegible] their hire, she was amazed [illegible] said: "Well, what upon earth was [illegible] fighting for? I thought the war [illegible] about slavery and nothing else." [illegible] I had to explain, and I told [illegible] how Lincoln issued a proclamation [illegible] setting the slaves free in January, [illegible] but he excepted Missouri and [illegible] Kentucky, and so Grant held his [illegible] until January, 1865, and kept [illegible] hitting them out and kept on fighting [illegible] us to make us let ours go. He [illegible] didn't tote fair. "Can it be possible?" [illegible] said; "surely you are mistaken." [illegible] truth is the history of this war of [illegible] just beginning to leak out. [illegible] Those yanks have abused us so long [illegible] some of our people have got disgusted and begin to confess judgment. Some of them are even apologizing for that malignant book called [illegible] Tom's Cabin." I was delighted to read John Temple Graves' [illegible] to Henry Watterson. It was the [illegible] every word of it, and our good [illegible] thank him for it. Those impudent rascals up north have had it [illegible] and stuck under our noses [illegible] twenty-five years and lots of our [illegible] folks go to see it and swallow it [illegible]

[illegible] ruminating about these slanders and wondering what made those [illegible] hate us so; when I came across [illegible] explanation in an old book of my [illegible] which said that when Jupiter [illegible] created man he hung two bags on [illegible] back, one hung before and con[illegible] all his faults and little sins; the [illegible] hung behind and contained all [illegible] neighbor's faults and shortcomings. The man got very sick in a few [illegible] and Jupiter couldn't tell what [illegible]

HAZING A MENAC[illegible] TO VICTIM'S [illegible]

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The report is an exhaustive [illegible] of the practice of hazing in [illegible] forms, and, while moderate in [illegible] nevertheless a stinging arraign[illegible] the many alleged brutal [illegible] tices enumerated. It specifie[illegible] than 100 distinct methods of a[illegible] and harrassing fourth class m[illegible] describes them in detail.

One of the "funny formatio[illegible] scribed is that practiced on [illegible] Sheridan, Jr., who was compe[illegible] ride a broomstick in "mockery [illegible] illustrious father's achieveme[illegible] Winchester."

The report states that a sy[illegible] fighting has grown which is s[illegible] in its character. The fights [illegible] scribed, and the committee sta[illegible] the West Point code is more [illegible] than the Queensbury code. T[illegible] mittee held that fighting is th[illegible] form of hazing. The reports s[illegible] such fighting as that at West P[illegible] a felony according to the stat[illegible] many of the states, and the ti[illegible] come when congress must [illegible] whether fights, which are high[illegible] elsewhere, shall continue a[illegible] Point.

The committee finds that [illegible] MacArthur, Breth and Burte[illegible] hazed into convulsions, other[illegible] hazed until they fainted, while [illegible] were hazed until they were sic[illegible]

The hazing of Cadets Boo[illegible] Breth are elaborately treated, [illegible] committee does not attribut[illegible] death directly to hazing. Th[illegible] adds:

"But while we cannot fix up[illegible] ing the responsibility for the [illegible] the probabl[illegible] by that it hastened [illegible] and the shot it throws [illegible] otherwise fair and glorious fam[illegible] academy, its conflict with prop[illegible] ing, discipline and uniness [illegible] new century, urges the adop[illegible] reasonable, yet we believe [illegible] measures for its eradication [illegible] promotion of discipline in th[illegible] demy."

The bill submitted contains [illegible] sections against hazing and p[illegible] means for its detection and p[illegible] ment. Dismissal is provided f[illegible] ing part in a fight or challe[illegible] rectly or indirectly, or for a[illegible] of annoying, harassing or bru[illegible] cadets. Cadets dismissed are [illegible] ineligible to appointment to the [illegible] navy or marine corps.

FARMER'S WIFE SLAYS [illegible]

Victim Was Cursing Her Wh[illegible] Was Stopped By Pistol B[illegible]

In Lee county, Alabama, [illegible] afternoon in the Smith Statio[illegible] borhood, seven miles west of [illegible] bus, Ga., Mrs. John Hanne[illegible] of a well known farmer, shot a[illegible] ed John Pearson, alias John [illegible] nati, a negro. Cincinnati was [illegible] hand on Hanners' place. He [illegible] employer were in Columbus [illegible] afternoon, and it seems that be[illegible] drinking when they returned [illegible]

Late in the afternoon the neg[illegible] into the house and began to [illegible] Mrs. Hanners who was in the [illegible] told him to quit or leave the pr[illegible] He continued cursing and sh[illegible] ordered him out. She told h[illegible] if he did not stop she would k[illegible]

In an insulting manner the [illegible] walked up to her, stuck his fa[illegible] to hers and tauntingly told her [illegible] him. The next moment she sh[illegible] dead with a pistol.

TRACKED IN THE SNOW

Clever Capture of Thieves W[illegible] Stolen an Express Safe.

Prompt and active work by [illegible] thorities at Manila, Iowa, res[illegible] the arrest of three men who are [illegible] of having been implicated in th[illegible] of a United States express safe [illegible] have contained $40,000. The C[illegible] Milwaukee and St. Paul train o[illegible] the safe was taken from Sio[illegible] arrived at Manila at 8:05 p. m. [illegible] day night. The robbers were [illegible] tracked in the deep snow which [illegible] ed the ground.

VON WALDERSEE KICK[illegible]

Says It Is Wrong to Keep Up F[illegible] in China Just Now.

A special from Pekin says: Von Waldersee is very much [illegible] fied with the conduct of the [illegible] troops near Pao Ting Fu and [illegible] their avowed intention, in spi[illegible] protests against it, to orga[illegible] expedition to take possession [illegible] province of Shan Si. He [illegible] ground that expeditions, ex[illegible] police purposes or against [illegible] robbers, should not be und[illegible] during peace negotiations.

[illegible] ARP'S LETTER

[illegible] John Marshall, the Great [illegible]hurist, Was a Federalist.

[illegible]HE "FASHION" IN THOSE DAYS.

[illegible] Man Would Like to Change the [illegible] of Great Men Chosen For [illegible] the Hall of Fame.

[illegible] been made over [illegible] That he was a federal[illegible] been well establish[illegible] lustre from his [illegible] Nearly all of the great [illegible] were federalists—[illegible] Hamilton, Madi[illegible] with Pinckney, [illegible] the most prudent [illegible] risk the people of [illegible] the reins of gov[illegible] a strong central [illegible] Jefferson's day were [illegible] modified and the [illegible] the masters of the [illegible] Marshall could hardly [illegible] federalist, for history [illegible] father and all the Marshal[illegible] were federalists. He grew up [illegible] that no government was [illegible] not have power and money [illegible] and a navy to defend and [illegible] and it would not do to rely [illegible] states separately when war or [illegible] came. No, there never was a [illegible] patriot than [illegible] Marshall, and I am proud that [illegible] a Virginian.

[illegible] considering the list of those [illegible] already been chosen for [illegible] in the hall of fame. I think [illegible] men who got up this show [illegible] pretty well considering the point [illegible] Up to date I believe that [illegible] have been chosen and our Rob[illegible] Lee stands eighteenth on the [illegible] received sixty-nine votes and [illegible] eleven who received less. [illegible] list begins with Washington at [illegible] votes. Then comes [illegible] Webster, Franklin, Grant, [illegible] Jefferson, Emerson, Long[illegible] Irving, Jonathan Ed[illegible] Morse, Farragut, Clay, Peabody, [illegible] Robert E. Lee, Peter [illegible] Horace Mann, Eli Whitney, [illegible] Ward Beecher, James Kent, [illegible] Story, John Adams, Channing, [illegible] Gilbert Stuart and Asa [illegible] The last named was a botanist [illegible] of repute and received fifty-one [illegible]

[illegible] soldiers of the civil war are in [illegible] Lee and Grant and Farragut. [illegible] two presidents are in. Madison, [illegible] and Jackson are strangely left [illegible] Henry Ward Beecher as strangely [illegible] I don't know what he ever [illegible] that was great or good. He is the [illegible] man that "Sharp's rifles were [illegible] than Bibles to send to Kansas [illegible] it was a sin against heaven to [illegible] at a stockholder and miss him." [illegible] the man whose conjugal creed [illegible] McCaulay said of Lord By[illegible] "Hate your neighbor and love [illegible] neighbor's wife." It will be ob[illegible] that twelve of these chosen men [illegible] from Massachusetts, five from New [illegible] four from Virginia, two from [illegible] Connecticut, two from Rhode Island [illegible] the others scattered around.

[illegible] if I had a vote I think I would [illegible] out ten from that list and in [illegible] places I would insert Andrew [illegible] John C. Calhoun, Dewitt [illegible] Alex Hamilton, Patrick Hen[illegible] Stonewall Jackson, Sam Houston, [illegible] Edison and Crawford Long. [illegible] I don't know whether I would strike [illegible] name or not. He was a good[illegible] sort of a man with a bulldog [illegible] of purpose, but he was no [illegible] Any man who took four [illegible] with nearly three million of men [illegible] millions of money to subdue 266,[illegible] ragged Confederates is no general. [illegible] behaved well after the surrend[illegible] and said: "Let us have peace!"

[illegible] was conversing not long ago with [illegible] a northern lady, a mature lady of cul[illegible] and refinement, and when I remark[illegible] that Grant did not fight to free the [illegible], for he was a slave owner and [illegible] off their hire, she was amazed [illegible] said: "Well, what upon earth was [illegible] fighting for? I thought the war [illegible] about slavery and nothing else." [illegible] I had to explain, and I told [illegible] how Lincoln issued a proclama[illegible] setting the slaves free in January, [illegible] but he excepted Missouri and [illegible] Kentucky, and so Grant held his [illegible] until January, 1865, and kept [illegible] bring them out and kept on fight[illegible] to make us let ours go. He [illegible] it fair. "Can it be possible?" [illegible] said, "surely you are mistaken." [illegible] truth is the history of this war of [illegible] is just beginning to leak out.

[illegible] those yanks have abused us so long [illegible] some of our people have got dis[illegible] and begin to confess judg[illegible]. Some of them are even apolo[illegible] for that malignant book called [illegible] Uncle Tom's Cabin." I was de[illegible] to read John Temple Graves' [illegible] to Henry Watterson. It was the [illegible], every word of it, and our good [illegible] people thank him for it. Those im[illegible] rascals up north have had it [illegible] satified and stuck under our noses [illegible] twenty-five years and lots of our [illegible] folks go to see it and swallow it [illegible].

[illegible] was ruminating about these slan[illegible] and wondering what made those [illegible] people hate us so; when I came across [illegible] explanation in an old book of my [illegible] logy which said that when Jupiter [illegible] created man he hung two bags on [illegible] neck, one hung before and con[illegible] all his faults and little sins; the [illegible] hung behind and contained all [illegible] neighbor's faults and shortcom[illegible]. The man got very sick in a few [illegible] and Jupiter couldn't tell what was the matter. He was afraid the man was going to die, so he sent for Pluto, who was a head-devil and doctor to boot. Pluto diagnosed the case and said that the poor fellow was heartsick from having to look into that bag so much; that his sins were ever before him, and so he advised Jupiter to swap the bags around and put the man's sins behind and out of sight and his neighbor's in front. This was done and the man got well and has been well ever since.

But we will not fuss about the hall of fame as long as they leave out old John Brown. When he is put in we want Lee taken out. Speaking of John Marshall being a federalist reminds me to say that Lee was not, for he declared when he resigned from the United States army that his highest allegiance was due to his state. Many great men have differed over that question. Daniel Webster differed with himself and in his last great speech at Capon Springs admitted that a state had a right to secede when there was sufficient cause and that the state must be the judge of the cause. That was what Whittier lampooned him about in those malignant verses.

I am revelling now in old things and holding converse with some good old people. I received a letter today from an old gentleman of Atlanta who has written me fourteen pages in a large, loud handwriting, for he knew I was deaf. He says he is in his ninetieth year and just wanted to write about the good old schoolboy days and about the great men we used to have. He went to school to George White, who published the statistics and "Historical Collections of Georgia" over fifty years ago, and Charles Wallace Howard was his schoolmate. My friend is blind, but writes his own letters—the lines are an inch apart and about four words to the line—and yet he writes in a most cheerful vein and tells how good God has been to him all his long life. His name is A. R. Wright and he was born and reared in Savannah. His favorite speech at school was—

"Lochiel, Lochiel, beware of the day
When the lowlands shall meet thee in battle array."

I expect there are a thousand living men who spoke that speech, and that other one, "On Linden when the sun was low." My neighbor, Rev. George Yarbrough, is a man of memories, too. He is our Methodist Episcopal preacher now and it is a luxury to talk to him. He helps me abuse the yankees and says he loves his enemies, but cannot suppress a feeling of holy indignation at their conduct. He has a curious old book printed in 1825 called "The Wonders of Nature and Providence." That part devoted to Indians and their mounds and the Lost Tribes of Israel is full of interesting data. It seems to me that the older a man grows the more he learns and about the time he gets full of knowledge and begins to run over he has to lie down and die. What a pity he could not live on and on for the sake of the children and grandchildren. But as Pope says, "Whatever is, is right."

P. S.—I have received one answer to my Ohio friend's letter, but as no money came for the orphans I have not sent it. Maybe he will send the dollar, for it is worth it.

"ATLANTA, GA.—Sir: In answer to your letter I'le tell what I think about the moon. Plant your taters and pununs in the dark of the moon tho they do very well planted in the groun.' I am a widow under 45 and have got sum land tho I dont clame any credit fur that cos I got hit from my Paw and he got hit from his Paw. The earth must move tord the sun for we got the news of the queens death over here 2 hours before she died. But if I ever marry agin I must have vittels and close a plenty, land or no land. If you want your hog meat to get more bigger in the fryin pan you must kill hit before the new moon but if you want lots of gravy kill hit afterwards.

"I have got no brothers or sisters and am powerful loansom. I dont think the moon ar inhabited. It is flat like a plate and once a month turns up on its edge and makes the new moon. I dont think the moon effeks married life. Foaks can make it happy or miserbul jest as tha pleese. Hit is either as happy as heaven or as miserbul as Dantys Inferno as they call hit. I think the moon have got a lite of its own. Foaks tell me that northern men make the best husbands and Im shore that Southern women specially widows make the best wives. Address Mrs. S. S."—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

Another communistic experiment has come to grief in the dissolution of the Christian Commonwealth Colony, which was founded three years ago in Muscogee county, Georgia, by 40 men, women and children from Ohio. They were an exceptionally intelligent and worthy body of people. Plain cottages were built, and a common dining hall, which was also used for religious services, was established. The first year was a prosperous one. Fine crops were raised and good prices secured for the products. A sawmill was built, a gristmill and a broom factory were profitably operated, and a dairy not only furnished the community with all the milk and butter needed, but afforded a surplus for the market. Then new members came and trouble began. Many shirked their work; gossip and scandal became rife; debts were incurred which there was no money to meet, and now it is announced that the colony has gone to pieces.

RUBBER OVERSHOES.

Their Sale Larger Than Ever, in Spite of Fashion's Seers.

"You surely don't mean to take rubber shoes with you? They're out of style, and nobody thinks of wearing them now, except countrymen."

"That may be so; I'll be a countryman, then; but I will be dry shod also if we should have a spell of weather," and the man wrapped his gum shoes in paper and tucked them away in a corner of his little trunk.

The fact that thousands of people never wear rubber overshoes gives rise in some quarters to the belief that these articles have become unpopular and dead weight on the shelves of the dealers, but the fact is that sales are larger than they have ever been, and the production has increased every year. Like many other kinds of trade, the sale of rubber shoes depends largely on the weather. Dry winters have done much to reduce the sales, and complications in the rubber business have had a tendency to depress the price. But manufacturers say that the rubber shoe is still an indispensable article of men's and women's wear, and that while the superior shoes may do the business a slight injury, the rubber overshoe cannot be crowded out, even if fashion writers sneer at it.

"The maker of fine shoes will probably tell you," said the head of the shoe department in a large city establishment, "that rubber overshoes have gone out of style, and that no well-dressed man or woman wears them nowadays. Well, from his point of view, the man is right. His customers have substituted extra heavy and cork soled shoes, and inasmuch as the people do not tramp about the streets much in rain, snow and slush, the heavy shoes are a good substitute. Even the people who tramp over a golf course in bad weather rarely think of wearing rubber shoes, and many who would like to do so, fear that their friends would ridicule them if they did, and so get their feet damp and grin and bear it. These people all have many pairs of shoes at home, and can well afford to sneer at the people who wear 'gums.' But the general public has only one pair of shoes apiece, and that pair must be kept dry; and for that reason more rubber shoes are sold now than ever before, although shoes are made heavier than ever and the demand for 'waterproof' goods is increasing every day. Last year we had comparatively little snow and slush, and consequently the sale of rubber shoes fell off. This year has been a poor one thus far, but when real bad weather sets in, let the man who says that 'rubbers' are out of date watch the people who walk on Broadway, and he will find that nearly all wear rubber overshoes, and those who do not, if they are not cranks on the subject, wish they did."—New York Tribune.

A FREAK OF NATURE.

Dam in the West Which is Made of Soda.

Probably few people ever heard of a soda dam, but such a freak of nature really exists in an unfrequented part of the great West, says the Washington Star. A. O. Wright, of the Indian service, who travels extensively through that section of the country west of the Missouri river, in speaking of strange things he has encountered in his tours, alluded to the soda dam. Asked what he meant by a soda dam, he said:

"In Box canon, just above the hot springs of the James river, Arizona, is a dam extending from one wall of the gorge to the other. This dam is nothing more nor less than a massive wall of pure soda, rising to a height of 100 feet, and probably 600 feet from end to end. Nature's forces, of course, started their work of construction away back in the dim and distant past, when deposits of soda contained in the water thrown off by the springs were made at the base of what has since developed into one of the natural wonders of the West. Those deposits must have been made with remarkable rapidity.

"Just ten years ago the Jemez river rose to an unprecedented height, and under the abnormal pressure of the torrent, a lower section of the dam gave way, leaving a breach in the wall of soda about 20 feet high. When the water subsided the lake formed by the dam was, of course, destroyed, leaving the upper 80 feet of the dam high and dry.

"I passed through that section of Arizona last summer, and purposely visited the soda dam. I was most astonished to see that the 20-foot breach had been nearly filled in. The soda from the springs had made fresh deposits and gradually patched up the hole made in 1890. At the present rate the breach will be entirely closed in another year and the lake will assume its former proportions.

"Previous to the break in the dam the lake above was fully 600 feet wide, and extended up the canon for at least three-quarters of a mile. Scientists who have examined the dam are of the opinion that it will never attain a height much above 100 feet, for the deposits in the water seem to sink in that great depth before the brink is reached. As they fall, however, they will tend to strengthen the base of the dam, and will gradually decrease the depth of the lake at its lower end."

The Basis of Chewing Gum.

Chicle is the basis of all chewing gum. It is produced in Mexico, and its value is three times that of the rubber crop of that country.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

[Copyrighted 1897.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—There is a great solace in this discourse of Dr. Talmage for those whose lives have many anxieties; text, Isaiah iii. 10, "Say ye to the righteous that it shall be well with him."

Here is a promise for people who are all right, but who will come and get it? How many, or rather, how few, people do you know who are all right? If it were asked of any assembly that those who were sinless should rise up, none would rise, except imbeciles and religious cranks. An accident happened near sixty centuries ago that started the human race in the wrong way, and we have not got over it yet. We know a great many splendid men and splendid women, but they will tell you that they have not always done the right thing or thought the right thought. If it were any of your business, they could give you an inventory of frailties and mistakes and infelicities that would be astonishing. Here, then, you say, is a Bible promise that goes a-begging. "Say ye to the righteous that it shall be well with him."

It is my delightful work to-day to show you that all the sons and daughters of Adam and Eve may appropriate the benediction of my text if they will first do the right thing. Over here in the next street was a man who in great misfortunes lost all he had and was positively beggared, but a letter comes from some European city, where the land records are kept, announcing to him that a great fortune is his. Now he is as opulent as he was pauperized. He doffs his rags and puts on respectable attire and moves into a home appropriate for a man of vast estate. His worldly circumstances were all wrong last year; they are all right this year. On the next street is a man who was from perfect health prostrated, and he seemed to be sick unto death, but a skillful physician took correct diagnosis of his disease, and by prompt and vigorous treatment restored him to his former vigor. As to his health he was all wrong before. Now he is all right. In these two ways I illustrate my theme.

By sin we have all been morally bankrupted. Christ the Lord from His infinite riches pays our debts and emparadises us in His mercy. From His richest wardrobe He put on us the clean robe of His righteousness, and gives us a palace in the heavens when we are ready to go up and take it. Now, as to our spiritual estate we are all right. We were morally diseased, but Christ, the physician, by a bath in the fountain of His grace, cures us.

Now, as to our spiritual health we are all right. That is the way we come to the righteousness spoken of in the text. It is a contributed righteousness, a made-over righteousness, an imputed righteousness. The moment you get into right relations with Christ the Lord that moment you can appreciate the magnificent comfort of the text, and I defy you in all this great book, from the first verse of the first chapter of Genesis to the last verse of the last chapter of Revelation, to find me a passage with higher and deeper and broader and longer comfort than that of the text, which is as deep as the Atlantic Ocean half way between the continents, and high as the sun when the clock is striking 12 at noon. But I shall be swamped with the oceanic tides of this subject unless the Lord help me to keep a foothold. "Say ye to the righteous that it shall be well with him."

Bear in mind that but few people can stand worldly success. Water is a good thing, but too much of it will drown. Fire is a good thing, but too much of it will destroy. Light is a good thing, but too much of it dazzles and blinds. Success is a good thing, but too much of it has overwhelmed many for this world and the next. If it were best for us, we would all be millionaires, live in palaces like the Alhambra, and be as personally attractive as Cleopatra appeared to Antony. But the most of folks could not endure such superabundance, and it is absolutely necessary in order to keep them right that 999 men out of 1000 should find life a struggle. It keeps them out of mischief. After Adam was ejected from the premises where by ten minutes of employment a day he could keep the garden and dress it the best thing that could happen to him was compulsion to work and fight. The ground that bloomed with spontaneous flowers and rustled with harvests that owed nothing to plow or hoe became hostile, and bramble was substituted for rose, and the panther growled where before he fawned, and horn and fang and hoof became belligerent. That Edenic ejectment shows us as nothing else ever could that idleness or only a few minutes of employment a day are doom and overthrow. Put it down among your blessings that you have to work hard with brain or hand or foot or all three of them.

How many men do you know worth $250,000 who are devout and consecrated and humble and generous and employing their means for the world's redemption? You could count them up on the fingers of your two hands even if by accident or war you had lost one or two of the fingers. As to the realm of personal attractiveness, how many women radiant of countenance and graceful of form do you know who are unaffected and natural of manner and deeply pious before God, using their beauty for the betterment of the world and not for selfish purposes? I only take the risk of asking the question and leave to you the risk of answering it. These things I say to show you that in order to have the promise of the text fulfilled in your case it is not necessary you have phenomenal worldly success.

Notice, also that God gives the righteous the power to extract good out of evil, and by a divine chemistry to change the bitter into the sweet and the harmful into the beneficial. The promise that it shall be well with you does not imply that you are to be free from trouble. There is no escape from that. We all have family relations, and some of them will be making exit from this world, so that bereavement is the universal inheritance. The difference between the prospered and those not prospered is the difference in the amount they can afford to lose. The more wealth a man has the more he can lose, but one man can afford to lose a million dollars where another man cannot afford to lose one dollar. On larger or smaller scale all suffer financial loss. Amid the rapidity of the revolutions of the wheel of national and international finance monetary perplexity is as common as day or night.

So also misinterpretation and slander come to all who live active lives. Our actions, thoroughly honest and above-board, may come under suspicion. Every court room at every term of court hears illustrations of the delusions of what is called circumstantial evidence. Innocent men are fined or imprisoned or electrocuted because of an unfortunate conjunction of events. What is true in court rooms is true in all circles of domestic or social or official life. You have been misunderstood and misrepresented, or will be misunderstood or misrepresented. Then how can my text be true? My explanation is this: The man without any divine grace in his heart finds in these troubles irritation and unbelief and melancholia and despair. A Christian man finds in them submission and enlarged views and divine support and reconsecration. Bereavement to the worldling brings hard thoughts of God and a resistance so violent it dares not fully express itself.

Bereavement brings to the Christian the thought of heavenly reunion and a more complete laying hold of God, and a more tender appreciation of the divine presence, and deeper gratitude that we were permitted to have the departed one so long, and a more lively sympathy for the sorrows of others and another evidence of God's love, for "whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth."

Financial loss, which I just now said is sure to come, never breaks up a man who has strong faith in God. In most cases it is a loss of surplus or it is the lopping of luxuries. Most of the wants of the prosperous classes are artificial wants. The late Mr. Armour, of the $80,000,000 estate, pointed to one of his clerks on ordinary salary and said: "That man has better appetite than I, sleeps better nights and enjoys life more than I do." Oh, the gigantic miseries of those who have too much! A man in Solomon's time expressed as philosophic and reasonable a wish as any man of those times or of our times. His name was Agur, and he offered a prayer that he might never have a superabundance or a deficit, crying out, "Give me neither poverty nor riches!" On the other side he had seen the awful struggle of the poor to get food and clothes and shelter and to educate their children, and on the other side he had seen the gouty foot, and the indigestion, and the insomnia, and the anxiety about large investments, and the threatened paresis often characteristic of those who are loaded up and loaded down with too many successes. Those people who are generally called the masses—that is, the most of folks—have the things absolutely necessary for their well being. They have no Murillos on their wall, nor a "Belshazzar's Feast" in their dining room, nor a pair of $3000 sorrels at their doorway.

But they have something which those superabundantly supplied seldom have—they have better health because, being compelled to walk, they get the necessary exercise, and, their diet being limited to plain food, they do not suffer from midnight salads and are not victimized by rare caterers.

They retire for wholesome sleep at the very hour in which others are leaving their homes for the dance or the card party. They will sleep the last sleep just as well in the plain graveyard as those who have over them an arch of sculptured granite in costliest necropolis or most historical abbey.

Things are more equally divided than is generally supposed. That splendid home is apt to have a taking off of some kind. It may be an invalid wife, or a deformed child, or an inherited tending toward insanity, or a dissolute son, or a despoiled reputation, or a weakened heart that may halt under the least excitement. Envy no man. Envy no woman. Be content with such things as ye have.

Do not think, in order to have it well with you, according to my text, that therefore you must have more than somebody else, or even as much as somebody else. The Lord treats us all better than we treat Him, and if we would study our blessings as much as we study our disasters we would be more reasonable and thankful.

In Isaiah God says that bread and water shall be sure, and none of us has been put on so low a diet, but we often act as though God had not kept His promise because we want more luxuries, forgetful of the fact that He promised bread, not cake, water, not sparkling cordials.

The reason so many people are miserable is because they do not let well enough alone. They are in one occupation and see its annoyances and so change to another occupation, and find as many annoyances, if not more. They live in one place and know its uncomfortable environments and move into another place which has just as many limitations. Their investments yield them four per cent., and they sell out to make investments that will yield ten per cent. and lose all. Better settle down and stop fretting about yourself and the world.

An officer in Cromwell's time was so worried about public affairs that he could not sleep. His servant, a Christian man, said he would like the privilege of asking the officer a question. Leave being granted the servant said: "Do you not think that God governed the world very well before you came into it?" "No doubt of it," was the reply. "And do you not think He will govern it quite as well when you are gone out of it?" "Certainly." "Then—pray, sir, excuse me—but do you not think you may trust Him to govern it as long as you live in it?" The remark was so sensible that sleeplessness departed and tranquility came.

Some scientists are now discussing the opening of communication between our earth and the planet Mars. Experiments are being made, but they will not succeed. We cannot build a fire large enough to attract the attention of that world, or lift a lens powerful enough to see any response interstellar. We do not positively know that that world is occupied by living beings, or that, if it is occupied, communication with them would be desirable. It might not be so good a world as this, and thus communication with it would be debasing.

But I rejoice to know that heaven is in touch with other worlds for their improvement, and a depot for glorious arrivals. It is a thoroughfare between this world and that world, and a coming and going perpetual.

Going out of this world is as natural as coming into it, but the one is with pang, and the other is with rapture, if we are fitted for the uplifting process. It shall be well with you. Now, do not get so frightened about that asthma or that cough or that influenza or that threatened pneumonia. The worst thing that fatal disease can do is to usher you into coronation and enthronement. It shall be well with you. Take as good care of your health as you can, have the best doctors you can employ, observe all sanitary laws, keep in this world as long as you are permitted to stay, and then when the heavenly call comes be glad to go.

I do not care much about what your "last words" are going to be. People put too much emphasis on "last words." I would rather know what your words are now, in days of health and with mental faculties in full play—your words of kindness, your words of sympathy, your words of helpfulness, your words of prayer.

So live that if you say not a word during the last day of your life there will be no doubt here about the place of your destination. You will go right into saintly, prophetic, evangelistic, apostolic, cherubic, seraphic, archangelic, deific presence. It shall be well with you.

Mother, you will go right up into the possession of the babe that the scarlet fever or croup took out of your arms, a sorrow that still stings you, and you often say she would now be so many years old if she had lived.

You will go into the presence of the old folks, for I hope you are of Christian ancestry, and you will find that they have no dimness of sight or halting gait that requires a staff, for they have taken a draft from the fountain of perpetual youth that springs from under the throne of God.

Oh, the blissful companionship of heaven in which you shall enter! It shall be well with you. I ring this bell of emancipation and triumph. I like the way the sexton rings the bell of the old country meeting house. I used to stand and admire him pulling the rope of that bell. He rings it a good while, so that every farmhouse within five miles hears it. He may halt a moment to take breath and give the sweet sounds time to stir up all the echoes of the hills. And when he is old and not strong enough to pull the rope any more then he sits and listens while his son rings the church bell. So my text sounds a bell of invitation and victory, and I began to ring it in the opening of this discourse. I hope to ring it as long as I live, and may those who come after us keep on ringing it till those farthest off from God shall come into the great temple of gospel comfort, and all the weary put down their burdens at its altar and find that peace which the world can neither give nor take away. Three times more I ring it: It shall be well! It shall be well! It shall be well!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR FEBRUARY 17.

Subject: The Lord's Supper. Matt. xxvi., 17-30 — Golden Text, Luke xxii., 19.—Memory Verses, 26-28 — Connecting on the Day's Lesson.

17. "The first day of the feast." The 14th of Nisan was the day of preparation and hence called the first day of the feast. "Where wilt thou." Jesus had no home of His own, and the disciples knew that some place must be chosen at once. "That we prepare." That which was required consisted of a room furnished with a table and couches; and for food, unleavened bread, bitter herbs, wine and a paschal lamb, which must be slain in the temple between 3 and 5 o'clock, and cooked in a private house.

18. "Go into the city." Luke says that Peter and John were sent. They were now at Bethany and Jesus sends them to Jerusalem. "To such a man." It is probable that this meant some person with whom Christ was well acquainted, and who was known to the disciples. Mark and Luke state that they would meet a man bearing a pitcher of water, whom they were to follow. "Say unto him." Say unto the master of the house, "who was probably a disciple, but secretly, like many others, for fear of the Jews (John 12: 42); and this may explain the suppression of his name." "The Master saith." The Teacher saith. "My time is at hand." The time of His death, elsewhere called His hour. Jesus knew that in a few hours He would yield up His life. "At thy house." This message seems stranger to us than it would to the man, even if he had little knowledge of Jesus. During the week of the Passover hospitality was recognized as a universal duty in Jerusalem.

19. "Did as Jesus had appointed them." They obeyed in every particular and found everything as Jesus had foretold.

20. "The even was come." It was probably while the sun was beginning to decline in the horizon that Jesus and the disciples descended once more over the Mount of Olives into the holy city. "Sat down." Or reclined, according to the custom of that time. It was at this time that the disciples strove among themselves as to which should be accounted the greatest. Luke 22: 24. The strife probably began when they were taking their positions at the table. It is suggested that this contention is the probable reason for some of the exhortations in John 13: 1-20, and for the washing of the disciples' feet. Possibly those sought the places of honor at the table who had been especially honored on other occasions. Let us remember that "the self-seeking spirit leads to Satan's kingdom, not to Christ's. 'To be first or nothing' leads to crimes and wars." He who does the humblest service in order to relieve the wants of others, or cleanse their souls from sin, does to them as Christ did to the disciples.

21. "As they did eat." The Passover, not the Lord's supper. "He tasted first the unleavened bread and the bitter herbs before the lamb was served." The significance of the Passover: 1. It marked the beginning of the Jewish nation. 2. It reminded them of the mercy of God in protecting their first born. 3. It commemorated their deliverance from Egyptian bondage. 4. It reminded them of their sin and need of atonement. 5. Unleavened bread signified separation from sin. 6. Bitter herbs signified repentance. "One of you." How sad! One who is pledged to be faithful and true. Jesus was troubled in spirt. John 13: 21. "Shall betray me." Judas had already agreed to betray Him. The Saviour was not taken by surprise.

22. "Exceeding sorrowful." Because He was to be betrayed, and because one of their number was about to perform the dastardly act. "Is it I?" They also asked themselves the question. Luke 22:23.

23. "He that dippeth." The thought of verse 21 is repeated. It was at this point that Peter beckoned to John who was leaning on Jesus's bosom, to ask Jesus who it should be (John 13: 23-27); and Jesus gave them a sign by which they knew.

24. "Goeth." To the cross and to death. "As it is written." In such Scriptures as Isaiah 53. "Woe unto that man." "A sad statement of a terrible fact." Jesus had previously told of His betrayal and death, but it must be remembered that the betrayer acted voluntarily; the prophecy did not compel him to sin, but merely told that in the natural course of events he would sin. "Had not been born." This proves conclusively that for the lost soul there is no redemption.

25. "Is it I?" Judas tried to cover his hypocrisy and wickedness by asking this question. He knew that he was even now seeking an opportunity to do this very thing, and if he had not been spiritually blind he would have known that Jesus knew all about it, too. "Thou hast said." A Hebrew form of affirmation.

26. "Took bread." Took the loaf or thin cake of unleavened bread which was before Him. "Blessed it." Invoked the blessing of God upon it. "Brake it." The act was designed to shadow forth the wounding, piercing and breaking of Christ's body on the cross. "This is My body." This bread represents My body.

27. "The cup." The word "wine" is not used, but "cup," "the fruit of the vine" (v. 29), so that "unfermented grape juice was all that was used." "Gave thanks." It was like giving thanks over the shedding of His own blood. "Drink ye all." They were all to drink of this. Mark says, "They all drank of it."

28. "Is My blood." Represents My blood. "The sins of the world are put away, not merely through the influence of Christ's life, teachings and example, but by His blood that was poured out for lost man." "Of the covenant" (R. V). It was an old covenant renewed, and thus a new promise to men that God would provide a great salvation, and use His infinite wisdom and love in seeking to save a lost world. "For many." For all mankind. "Remission of sins." "For the taking away of sins." But although the atonement is made yet no man's sins are taken away only as he repents and turns to God.

29. "Not drink henceforth." He would not eat and drink with them again; this was their last meal together. "When I drink it new." When I drink new wine—"wine of a different nature from this"—in the kingdom of God. Here is a pledge to them that they would again assemble, in the kingdom of glory, to commemorate the triumph of Christ and His kingdom.

30. "Sung a hymn." Which was always sung at the close of the paschal feast; it consisted of six psalms, from Psa. 113 to 118. "Into the Mount of Olives." Where we will presently find them again on this eventful night.

A $70,000 home for literary men remains empty. As the applicant for admission is required to possess $300, no surprise is occasioned.

Leborgy, a French authority on fashions for men, declares that the Prince of Wales dresses badly. And Americans have been copying him all these years!

THE BANNER.

Edited and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts [illegible]
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.25

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

CONSIDERABLE dissatisfaction is being expressed in Beat five at the passage of the stock law for that beat, and vague threats are being made that the people will not submit to it.

AMONG other communications received too late for publishing in this issue, is one from Mr. L. H. Reynolds in regard to his contest case, which we will publish next week.

ABSENCE has delayed our greeting the Chilton Reflector, a new venture in the newspaper line at Maplesville. The Reflector is a four-page six column paper, published at one dollar per year, and promises to do all in its power to upbuild Chilton county. In such a laudable endeavor THE BANNER wishes it all possible success.

THORSBY is having an interesting time at its first municipal election. There are three tickets in the field, headed by K. G. Faegre, A. Horn and J. Bice and the indications are very uncertain as to which one will become Mayor.

GENERAL Joe Wheeler, it is said, again intends to be a candidate for Congress from his old district, the Eighth. We see no reason, if the General still desires public life, why he should be retired. He always made an excellent representative and is fully capable of again doing so.

DR. H. W. CAFFEY.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found the announcement of Dr. H. W. Caffey as a candidate for representative of Chilton county in the Constitutional convention. We are gratified that the first announcement for this important position comes from so worthy a gentleman as Dr. Caffey. He is thoroughly acquainted with the workings of our present Constitution; he knows its merits and its de-merits, and we believe he knows how its defective points can be best remedied. Conservative in his views, and not blinded by partizanship, Dr. Caffey is a gentleman in whom all political parties can place reliance, and if elected he will serve his constituents faithfully and honestly.

THE Reynolds contest case in the Senate was heard last Thursday and decided in favor of Mr. Oliver. We understand the case was really thrown out on a technicality, Mr. Oliver not having been properly served with the necessary papers.

CORRESPONDENCE

(continued from 2d col. page 1)

moved to the territory of Mississippi in 1816 and settled on Line creek, west of Montgomery, in 1817, then moved to Prattville where he remained until 1819, at which place he was living when Alabama was admitted into the Union. He then moved 26 miles above Wetumpka on the Coosa river, and settled in Autauga county, where he married Mary Ann Milton on the 5th day of April, 1825, who still survives him. He moved to Coosa county in 1855 where he remained until his death. He joined the Baptist church at Chestnut Creek in Autauga county, in 1835, lived a devoted member until his death; he joined the Masonic fraternity in Rockford in 1858. He had born to him twenty children and at the time of his death he had 155 grand and great grand children. He was buried with Masonic honors at Weogufka church, on the 8th of February.

He was always a quiet, peaceable citizen, was never prosecuted for any violation of the law. He was perhaps the oldest resident living in the State, having resided here sixty-eight years.

Having made a made a good record in this life he now sleeps quietly in the grave to the welcome applause "well done, good and faithful servant, thou hast been faithful in a few things, enter thou into the joys of thy Lord."

A Convincing Answer.

"I hobbled into Mr. Blackmon's drug store one evening," says Wesley Nelson, of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for Rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said 'Well if Chamberlain's Pain Balm does not help you, you need not pay for it.' I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism." Sold by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

A Jockey's Suggestion Which Millions

"If you ride with your head down—that is to say, bent slightly, so that the wind does not beat right on to your face—you can breathe easily, but if you hold your mouth wide open and let the air beat right in your face then you will have great difficulty in breathing, and if the race is a long one you will become exhausted by the end of the ride." So said a well known jockey when questioned on the subject of what his sensations were when riding in a race.

"A mile race on a good horse is run in about 1 minute and 40 seconds. A mile in 1 minute and 40 seconds is at the rate of 36 miles an hour, so, you see, a race horse travels at train speed.

"If you want to know how it feels to go through the air at race horse speed, just hang your head out of a railway carriage window, turning your face toward the way the train is traveling. At the same time imagine that you are sitting in a saddle and have to hold on to your horse and guide him on to victory if possible, keeping him from being run down or interfered with.

"It is no easy task to ride a horse in a race. The jockey must have all his wits about him. He does not have much time to think how he feels. When riding in a neck and neck race down the home stretch. I forget everything except that I must strain every nerve to pass the other horses. No thought is then given to the plaudits from the grand stand."

How He Knew It.

We had outspanned the wagons on the veldt between Prieska and Kenhardt. The donkeys had been driven to the veldt, and we, my friend and myself, were talking in the "taal" to a Dutchman named Gert Maans about the wonders of the universe.

We mentioned that the world was round. Maans said that he knew it.

This answer was unusual for a Boer, so we asked him how he knew. He replied:

"I started to ride to Poortje one dark night through the veldt, and I rode hard all the night, and next morning I found myself at the place I started from, so I know the world is round because I rode round it."—London Standard.

Will Boom His Business

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex. writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me a new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 a.m. Welcome Address, F. H. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:20, Current History, Judson Strock, H. L. Davis.

1:30 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Grant.

2. Incentives to study, Thos. Williams, Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Akins.

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Horn, Miss Mary Moody.

7:40. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10 Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Baseo, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent, Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, S. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock.
J. W. Moore, County Supt.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Greatest In The World

Within five years Cascare's have reached the largest sale of any liver or bowel medicine in the world, simply because they cure. They have great merit and we consider the sale of over six million boxes a year our best testimonial. No matter what ails you, start using Cascarets to-day and if you are not benefitted and in every way satisfied after you have given them a fair trial you can have your money back for the asking. There is no waste. They are put up in tablet form and every tablet is stamped "C C C." They don't cost much—10c, 25c and 50c a box and a 50c box will furnish a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Cascarets are the best and cheapest liver and bowel regulator in the world.

Consumption

is destruction of lung by a growing germ, precisely as moldy cheese is destruction of cheese by a growing germ.

If you kill the germ, you stop the consumption. You can or can't, according to when you begin.

Take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil: take a little at first.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

It acts as a food; it is the easiest food. Seems not to be food; makes you hungry; eating is comfortable. You grow stronger. Take more; not too much; enough is as much as you like and agrees with you. Satisfy hunger with usual food; whatever you like and agrees with you.

When you are strong again, have recovered your strength—the germs are dead; you have killed them.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
409 Pearl St., New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Atlanta Constitution wants good agents everywhere. Men who will get out and canvass and hustle for new business. Many who have to go over their own and adjoining counties on business can take the Constitution along as the best side line. Country doctors, tax collectors, rural route mail carriers, nursery men, farmers and good workmen, could all realize among these prizes and make their commission besides. A fair salary proposition for any man.

The Weekly Constitution makes special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

The Constitution has just completed the 33st year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State, from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the name of six neighbors, on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from the outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscription with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take the Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward them, having authority from that paper that to do so. The Constitution should be in every southern home!

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employe of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cold and cough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr Honiekan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and I have since always turned to it when I got a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Administrator's Notice.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County. } Probate Court, etc. The 11th day of February, 1901. This day came O. S. Welch, the administrator of the Estate of I. A. Welch, deceased, and filed his statements, accounts, vouchers and evidence for an annual statement of his administration of said estate according to law.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 4th day of March, 1901, be and it is hereby appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
January 18th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks, Homestead entry, No. 30673, for the Nw ¼ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt, W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

This space be
longs to
W. H. Sartor
watch it

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will promise to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are always latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and best of all the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best equipped attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $35.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and Sewing Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For other particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. M. STIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c. If you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible]

CLANTON COTTON MARKET

Price to-day 9 cents.

[illegible]

Bales received to date	1900
Pinckard & Co.	2288
Mullins	1917
Wilson	353
Bowen	364
Total	4922

Mrs. H. [illegible] who has been in Montgomery for some weeks in attendance upon her husband, who underwent a surgical operation, returned to her home in this place last week. We are glad to see her improved in health.

Mrs. E. J. Phillips and Miss Lizzie Phillips are visiting friends in Clanton.

Mrs. E. M. Pinckard is visiting her parents at Tallassee.

Mrs. Lupton Mullins is visiting her sister, Mrs. [illegible], in Montgomery this week.

Mr. J. M. Potts, wife and child are visiting Florida.

Mrs. Cook, of Mississippi, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. F. M[illegible].

Mr. Charley Duke, of Auburn, was in town to-day on his way to Montgomery.

Mr. Frank Crighton has returned from a visit to Chicago.

Prof. W. M. Riddle, of Thorsby, was in town last Saturday.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

An alarm of fire was raised Wednesday afternoon, and flames were soon breaking through the roof of the storehouse occupied by Mr. Alfred Popwell. A few bucketfuls of water was sufficient to put it out. The fire arose from a defective flue.

The infant of Mr. W. J. Watson was badly burned last Friday while its mother was away. It was left in the care of a three year old child. We hope the infant will recover soon.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is recommended for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth; that it is never troubled with boll weevil, rust or the insect known as sharp shooters. Stands extreme wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

The Clanton Drug Co., will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness, constipation and headache. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. C. F. Chancellor and Miss Nellie Walker; Mr. T. J. Nix and Miss Laurina Minor; Mr. V. P. Ward and Miss Dora Beane.

Another prisoner made his escape from the county jail last Monday. Jeff Davis, colored, who was in charge of murder, managed to get out of jail, and up to the present Sheriff Killgore has not recaptured him.

Jemison.

Will Bristow, a youth about six or seven years old, while playing about a freight train at Jemison last Saturday night, fell beneath the wheels and was terribly crushed. He died about two hours afterwards. We deeply sympathise with the bereaved mother and friends.

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS:
For sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Thorsby, Ala.

O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Oysters during the Season
Highest market price for Eggs and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEAR THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

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LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INS
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SSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK,
URIES CO. the largest New
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LLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

FOR THE BENEFIT

SUMER

profit. We sell direct to the
r Retailer pays for his goods
cturer and pay cash for our
rom us at the same price your
parations, 50 to 75c. 50c pre
tions, 10 to 25c. 15c prepa
s, 6 to 8c.

DEPARTMENT

key sold 25 per cent less than
Try a quart of our J. M.
75c. If you are not satisfied
ny elsewhere for $1, we will
orders. We are your friend

O. 1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, A

R STOCK!

the increasing demands of
are now laying in a NEW

HING, HATS
OES, ETC.
est styles and Newest Fashi
ERIES and GENERAL M
are of the finest grade
nd always fresh.
THE SMALLEST MARG
FIT.
D TO SERVE YOU
S, Clanton, Ala.

GIVEN AWAY
O TRY FOR IT
VERTISER, Montgomery, A
st of prizes, and the condi
great prizes to be given

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, 3rd Monday in April, 3rd Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 9 cents.

Same date last year 8¾ cents.

BALE RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pickard & Co.	2288	2884
Marbut	1907	1256
Wilson	359	321
Thomas	364	506
	4918	5667

Mrs. [illegible] has been spending a few weeks in Clanton, has returned home in Auburn.

Mr. [illegible] Phillips, of Bessemer, is visiting friends in Clanton.

Miss M. Pickard is visiting relatives in Tuskegee.

Mrs. Eppie Mullins is visiting in Birmingham this week.

Mr. J. M. Potts, wife and Miss [illegible] are visiting Florida.

Mr. [illegible], of Mississippi, is visiting his father, Mrs. W. I. Mul-

Dr. Charley Duke, of Anniston, was in town to-day on his way to [illegible]

Mr. Frank Crighton has returned from a visit to Chicago.

Prof. W. M. Riddle, of Thorsby, was in town last Saturday.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

An alarm of fire was raised Wednesday afternoon, and flames were soon breaking through the roof of the storehouse occupied by Mr. Alfred Popwell. A few bucketfuls of water was sufficient to put it out. The fire arose from a defective flue.

The infant of Mr. W. J. Watson was badly burned last Friday while its mother was away. It was left in the care of a three year old child. We hope the infant will recover soon.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is recommended for this Section that it is the most prolific variety on earth; it has never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as the top shooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Lessens by half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

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ITTAE ORE
PREPARATIONS:
On sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
Horn, Thorsby.
N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Thorsby, Ala.

O. K. Lunch Counter
LS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
and Oysters during the Season
pay highest market price for
kens and Eggs.
NCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
E O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
EXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutor.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements. The best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all dealers.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK Aches and Rheumatism relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.
What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $30.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 dozen needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.
L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,
T. U. CRUMPTON
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods
Calicoes ..... from 4 cts up
Sheeting ..... from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide 7c
Black Satteen 8½c
Bleaching ..... from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks 5c
Ducking ..... per yard 5c
Gingham, best ..... per yard 5c

Clothing
The biggest line for the least money ever known

Hats
Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for $1.00
Men's ..... 75 ct hat for 50
Men's ..... 50 ct hat for 35
Men's ..... 25 ct hat for 15
Caps 10

Shoes
Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan ..$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain $1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe ..$1.35

Men's Shoes ..... a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings
Shirts White Linen bosom ..... each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape ..... each 5c
Celluloid Collars ..... each 5c
Hosiery ..... from 5 cts up
Suspenders ..... from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs ..... 3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for 25c
Umbrellas, all value for 65c

Notions
Best Assorted Ribbons at half price
Lace, 5 c value 3c
Corsets, 50 c value 38
Corsets, 35 c value 22
Ladies' Belts ..... from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair 20
Towels ..... from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons ..... 1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear ..... per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICKS
THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—
CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,
THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries
AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well.
B H JONES CLANTON

Talks About Womankind

The Latest Evening Gloves.

The latest evening gloves are supplied with jewel fastenings and silk lacings.

Hair Ornaments Now Fashionable.

Some of the loveliest little coiffure finishes have appeared.

Many are still true to the little bows of ribbon twisted upon wire. Some are even of gold braid. Black velvet is the stand-by, however.

Butterflies are very modish and may be had in any size, color or at any price. They are best liked perhaps in spangled or frosted tulle. All-black ones, a-sprinkle with jet, are favorites; so are white ones glittering with frosty silver.

Similar butterflies perched at the base of two soaring, frosted lace wings are pretty as they are new. Indeed, the clever fair one may thing out any number of fascinating and original schemes.

Naturally, gold on white is much admired, as is gold on black.

But there are too many combinations to mention all.

The Dainty Girl.

The girl with an air of dainty freshness is sure to be admired. She may not have many changes of gowns, she may have but few hats, but if she has always the air of being just spick and span she will never lack charm.

Of course, she must be almost perfection in details. The edges of her skirts fresh, her shoes carefully polished and handkerchief, neckwear and all her modest attempts at finery must be crisply fresh. This means the strictest attention. Brushing and pressing will take time, and once one establishes a reputation for this sort of spotlessness it must be kept up, because what would not be noticed about a careless woman would seem dreadful untidiness.

She is likely to take to inelaborate clothes and simple ways of wearing her hair. Furbelows and frizzes are not easy to keep spick and span.

Queen Wilhelmina a Colonel.

Young Queen Wilhelmina's joy knew no bounds, not long ago, when the Kaiser appointed her colonel of the Fifteenth Prussian Hussars, though it is not her first command. To be honorary colonel of a regiment of soldiers is one of the great ambition of royal princesses. The lady colonels only number about sixteen, and these appointments are confined to Germany and Russia.

There are only two women in the world who enjoy the rank of admiral of the fleet. The Empress Dowager of Russia is chief of the first establishment of the Russian Navy, beside being colonel of four regiments, and the Queen of Greece gets much satisfaction and a fair amount of glory from being chief of the second establishment of the navy. Czar Alexander III. was always extremely fond of his young relative, and, knowing her passion for the sea, gave her ships instead of troops.

"Managing" Men.

"In the first place, what is the harm in asking men for things in the way they like best? They have favors to grant; naturally they grant the best ones to those who please them. 'Ask for it pretty,' is what nurses say to children, and practically what men say to us. No one likes to be approached at unreasonable times and in objectionable ways. You have admitted that yourself in telling of the girls you don't like. Sex has nothing to do with that part of it, men and women are the same in that. But men generally hold more favors in their hand than we, and that is why we must be adepts in asking for them. But there comes a time when a man wants a favor of a woman."

"He takes it without asking," retorted the girl, thinking of her brothers.

"The supreme favor of all—how does he ask for that?"

"You mean when a man asks a girl to marry him?"

"Yes. Doesn't he go about that in the most diplomatic way possible? He is months preparing the way, scattering candy, books, flowers, cotillion favors with a lavish hand. His flattery is the most delicate and lingering; he is too amiable to be disturbed; he uses every wile, both honest and evasive, to lead up to the asking. And we like it! We like it so well that we put off the asking to prevent the end of the gratifying play. When the question does finally come, we feel amiable enough to answer favorably."—Harper's Bazar.

First Woman Lawyer in France.

A law was recently passed in France admitting women to practice at the bar. The Figaro has the following comment to make on the first woman who has availed herself of the privilege:

"Miss Jeanne Chauvin—the first woman prepared to benefit from the law which has just been promulgated. Very brunette, of medium height, with quick eyes sheltered behind a binocle—this description is the young doctress who will appear at the bar. She is, besides, not an unknown personage in the judiciary world, where more than one confrere could envy her her titles. Bachelor of sciences, licentiate of letters and philosophy, doctress of law, Miss Jeanne Chauvin is the author of numerous treatise and lectures on the law placed within the reach of women.

"In 1895 Mr. Ratier, superintendent of 'secondary teaching,' confided to her the teaching of the first notions of law in the lycees for young girls of Paris. Her lectures, that one would have imagined dry for listeners whose ages were varying from sixteen to eighteen years, had on the contrary a very great success.

"At that early date when Miss Chauvin will preside, the shadows of the Tourangeaux, who distinguished themselves by their eloquence, will come certainly to hear their young compatriot. It is in Touraine, in fact, that the first French 'lawyeress' saw the light toward the year 18——, let us not be too exact, lest we prejudice the jury."—Paris Correspondence of New York Post.

Women and Their Ways

The former Empress Eugenie is now almost too infirm to go about at all.

Marie Corelli has protested against the proposed erection of a bust of Helen Faucit opposite the bust of Shakespeare in the chancel of the Stratford-on-Avon church.

Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, the re-elected President of the W. C. T. U., is a native of Denver, Col. She met Miss Willard at Old Orchard in 1875, and from the friendship which then began spring her interest in temperance work.

The Cross of the Legion of Honor was recently bestowed on Mme. Clemence Royer, a French scientist. Mme. Royer is a Breton, and was born in Nantes seventy years ago. She studied for a time in England and afterward founded a school for girls at Lausanne.

The ladies of Wurtemberg recently hit upon a novel plan of raising funds to be used for the sick and poor. They discovered a hairdresser in Stuttgart who made invisible hair nets and struck a bargain with him whereby the hair combings of a band of women were to be exchanged for coin.

A foreign manufacturer has invented a new hat for bad weather. It is made of spun glass, like the famous dress of the Infanta Eulalia. Of course, there can be no danger in wetting a creation made of this material. It has besides the advantages of being light weight and of shedding dirt and dust.

Miss Fannie Hook is a leading factor in the management of the street railway system of Los Angeles, Cal. Not only does she own a large block of the stock of the company, but she is a power in the councils of the Board of Directors. Her wishes always receive respectful attention, and her plans are generally adopted.

Mattie Pegues, of Siloam Springs, Ark., is said to be the youngest temperance orator in the United States. She is a girl of fifteen years, and has taken the highest prize which the Woman's Christian Temperance Union has to bestow for oratory and elocution in temperance speaking—the organization's diamond medal. This she won recently at Prescott, Ariz.

Fads and Fancies

Bolts of baby ribbon for lingerie may be had, scented with one's favorite perfume.

There are new rainy-day suits, including skirt, blouse of jacket, and toque, which render an umbrella superfluous.

Light and airy are the new fans of crepe paper. They come in various colors, and are cut in feather like strips, curling at the edges. They are sure to be popular next summer.

One of the newest substitutes for a belt buckle is a long wide clasp pin, studded with rhinestones, and bearing at one end some colored stone, such as topaz, amethyst or turquoise, almost the size of a ten-cent piece.

The fleur de lis is a favorite form of embroidery just now. It appears on hosiery, handkerchief borders, ribbons and silk waists. A very pretty white silk waist has groups of fine tucks down the front, with fleur de lis embroidered between in yellow silk.

It is predicted that red will grow more popular in millinery as the season advances. The favored shade is a rich garnet with a slight cardinal tinge to give it life. This color will be seen in all shapes, which are mainly trimmed in roses and foliage. Frequently the garnitures will comprise nothing but velvet leaves in green or varied tints.

Silver cloth is deemed more elaborate than cloth of gold. A very beautiful toilet of silver tissue has a skirt covered with panels of black lace. There are six of these parcels down the front of the skirt, slightly separated from one another. In the back the passementerie makes a solid drapery over the silver cloth. The bodice is to match with the belt and chemisette of pink mousseline de sole.

Black and white effects gain steadily in favor. A beautiful model of black perforated velvet is built over a foundation of white mousseline de sole finely pleated. The large perforated pattern is filled in with black net embroidered with jet, through which may be seen the white foundation. The velvet skirt is separate from the foundation and the same idea is carried out on the bodice, which has a yoke of jet embroidered black lace over white mousseline de sole.

Household Hints:

Silver on the Sideboard.

Authoritative sources decree that the correct plan, and the one usually followed by fashionable people, is to have all silver on the dining-room sideboard. That is, the silver tea service, large pieces of silver, silver dishes, etc., but never the smaller spoons in cups, or holders. People who have many pieces of old or rare glass sometimes have them on the sideboard, but in such case the silver is disposed somewhere else.

The Shelf of Books.

The "everything-for-use and just-at-hand idea" that is a fad in the house-furnishing world these days, rather frowns on books kept behind glass doors and much prefer open bookshelves. The dust gets into the books so much on these open shelves, however, that narrow ornamental strips of dark green or red leather, tacked to the edge of the shelf, and falling just over the tops of the books on the shelf below, are being more and more used.

Success in Cake Making.

Upon the condition of the oven as much as upon any other one factor depends success in cake making. An old rule states that the oven in which a hand can be held while the clock is ticking twenty times is at just the right temperature for butter mixtures. Another one says that the oven can wait for the cake, but never the cake for the oven.

Tins are better greased with fat than with butter. The latter is inclined to stick and burn.

Nothing should be put into an oven while a cake is baking, and the cake should not be moved until it is thoroughly set.

The oven door should be closed gently while the cake is baking.

To tell when a cake is done, test it with a broom straw; if no dough adheres it is ready to take from the oven. Another infallible test is listening. If the ticking sound is very faint or inaudible it is done.

Where Care is Required.

Few housekeepers realize the amount of care that should be bestowed upon the ice box, the coffee pot and the tea kettle. An ice box should be thoroughly cleansed at least once during the week, preferably twice, the waste pipe being thoroughly scalded each time. Green vegetables, melons, fruit and fish should never be placed in the same compartment with butter. Their flavor will not only affect the butter, but will give an odor to the box and also spoil the milk. In cleansing the refrigerator the shelves should be removed and washed in strong soda water, the box thoroughly dried before the doors are closed. The proper care of the coffee pot has much to do with the success of the coffee. The outside as well as the inside of the coffee pot should be thoroughly polished. After washing the pot it is well to put cold water in it and heat slowly, then empty it and dry thoroughly before putting away. The inside of the tea kettle is another vessel that requires especial attention. It should be kept free from sediment.

Household Recipes

Grape Souffle—Add four level tablespoonfuls of corn starch wet in a little cold water to one quart of boiling milk, one-half teaspoonful of salt; cool, then fold in stiffly beaten whites of four eggs and one cupful of confectioner's sugar; have pulped grapes ready, and add to souffle when pouring in a mold lined with lady fingers; set on ice; unmold, garnish with grapes and serve with caramel sauce. Follow the directions carefully to insure the right consistency.

Italian Cheese—Wash a pound of liver, scald and wipe dry. Chop with half a pound of veal and half a pound of ham. Season with a quarter of a teaspoonful each of salt, sage, parsley, pepper and one tablespoonful of minced onion, mix, press in a greased mold, cover and steam three or four hours. Remove the lid, drain off the liquor, put it in a small pan and dissolve one tablespoonful of gelatin in it; pour over the meat in the mold and set in a cold place. When molded turn out and slice thin. Garnish with balls of boiled rice, with a little jelly on each.

Pineapple Sweet Pickles—Pineapple sweet pickle is very nice. It requires two and a half pounds of sugar, a pint of vinegar and half a cupful of whole spice to every four pounds of shredded fruit. The spice should be stick cinnamon, cassia buds, allspice and cloves, tied in a bag. Boil all together and skim before adding the fruit. Cook until tender, skim out and put into stone jars, pouring over the syrup after it has cooked an additional five minutes. The next morning drain off the syrup and cook another five minutes and pour back boiling hot. Repeat this three mornings and place in air-tight jars.

Secret Drawers.

How One of Them Was Opened Only After Using the X-Ray.

"What do you think of this for a curiosity in the line of doctors' bills?" asked a Royal street dealer in antiques yesterday of a New Orleans Times-Democrat man, producing a slip of paper from his pocket book. It bore the heading of a prominent New Orleans surgeon and read as follows:

To —— ——, Dr.

To professional services rendered to one mahogany cabinet (diagnosis) $10

Re'ed p'm't. J. SMITH, Collector.

"Here is the cabinet he refers to," continued the dealer, pointing out a highly ornate piece of furniture in the rococo style. "You will observe, if you look closely, that the slab which forms the bottom of the upper compartments is inordinately thick; in fact, it is fully three inches through. The front side, as you see, is covered with intricate relief carving, and that disguises its heaviness to some extent, but there is absolutely no apparent reason why such a massive piece of wood should be employed merely as a partition between two sections, and I came to the conclusion immediately that it contained a secret drawer. The lady from whom I bought it assured me positively that she had no knowledge of anything of the kind, but I felt certain I was correct and set to work to locate the controlling mechanism. That was about six months ago, and I soon saw that I had no easy job on my hands. I knew that what I wanted must be hidden somewhere in the bas-reliefs on the front panel, but the carving is so complicated that it was like looking for a needle in a haystack. Time and again I searched for pinholes, slides, springs and all the other contrivances usually employed in such work, and at last I gave it up in despair.

"A week or so ago, however, it suddenly occurred to me that the lock might be located by the X-ray. There was certainly some metal about it that would betral its presence, I argued, and I lost no time consulting the gentleman whose bill you have just seen. He was greatly interested, and last Sunday he brought down his apparatus and made the experiment. He fastened a photographic plate directly under the panel, laid the electric bulb on the bottom of the compartment above and gave it a twenty minute exposure. The picture that came out was very curious. Of course the rays went through the mahogany like glass, and all we could see of the panel was a faint shadow, but about two and a half inches from the left-hand side there were a lot of small black marks like a character in Chinese writing. They were made, as it turned out, by the wards of the lock, and as they showed me exactly where to look for the secret I found it in less than ten minutes. See here." The dealer stepped over to the cabinet, and, laying hold of a small ornamental projection, unscrewed it like a nut on a bolt, revealing a minute hole in the wood. He thrust in an ordinary pin, there was a sharp click and out sprung a narrow draw, the front cleverly masked by the carving.

"This discovery increases the value of the cabinet at least $25," he remarked, "so I consider the doctor's bill money well invested."

The Ladies' Cabin.

An obvious misnomer, the above sign is conspicuously posted on the cabin which in most of our ferries is supposed to be set apart for women. In the rush hours of morning and evening, women, being the weaker, are elbowed aside and pushed back by men of all ages and degrees of prosperity, who make a determined onset worthy of the football field, that they may seize and keep the seats. They have a cabin of their own, into which no woman steps. Neither the lady clad in furs and silks, nor the laundress carrying home her laden basket, nor the girl going to or from her day's work ever so much as wishes to use the men's cabin, it being as privileged to the masculine element as the smoking car. It would seem that while any women stood, men should refrain from seating themselves in the ladies' cabin. The contrary is the rule.—Collier's Weekly.

Drinking With Meals.

Nature does not intend that a very large quantity of liquid shall be used with meals, and she has provided an abundant flow of secretions to uphold the digestive process. Liquid hinders the work of digestion rather than aids it, as it dilutes these fluids and has a tendency to bring the food into the stomach without being properly masticated and mixed with the saliva. Not over one glass of liquid should be taken as a general rule, and there are a great many cases in which absorption in the stomach is very slow, where it is best not to take any liquid at all. These are the cases where there is much heaviness about the stomach after meals, and oftentimes liquid can be felt in the stomach by making a sudden pressure upon the organ.—United States Health Reports.

Russians Learning English.

"The edict of the Czar called especial attention to the growing importance of the United States as a world power, and to the marvellous commercial activity of the American people. At the time every man holding a commission in any branch of the imperial service is a student of the English language and American institutions, so that, ere many months, the American tourist, traveling in Russia, can hear his native tongue at any and every railway station or postoffice."—Captain of the Russian Cruiser Varing, in the Philadelphia Record.

THE NERVES OF WOMEN

"I am so nervous and wretched." "I feel as if I should fly." How familiar these expressions are! Little things annoy you and make you irritable. You can't sleep, you are unfit for ordinary duties, and are subject to dizziness.

That bearing-down sensation helps to make you feel miserable.

You have backache and pains low down in the side, pain in top of head, later on at the base of the brain.

Such a condition points unerringly to serious uterine trouble.

If you had written to Mrs. Pinkham when you first experienced impaired vitality, you would have been spared these hours of awful suffering.

Happiness will be gone out of your life forever, my sister, unless you act promptly. Procure **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once. It is absolutely sure to help you. Then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., if there is anything about your case you do not understand.

You need not be afraid to tell her the things you could not explain to the doctor—your letter is seen only by women and is absolutely confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with such troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Mrs. Valentine Tells of Happy Results Accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping it may induce others to avail themselves of the benefit of your valuable remedy. Before taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I felt very bad, was terribly nervous and tired, had sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything. Had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of your medicine, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person, and your medicine shall always have my praise."—MRS. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Avenue, Camden, N. J.

MRS. W. P. VALENTINE

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonials letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass. $5,000 which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The steel production of the most important countries is estimated by German authorities for the year 1899 at 26,841,755 tons against 23,866,308 tons in 1898, an increase of 2,975,447 tons.

Wanted—At Once!

Traveling salesmen with or without experience $60 00 and expenses. For particulars write Pocahontas Tobacco Works, Bedford City, Va.

Ernest Brenner, the new president of Switzerland, is only 44 years old, but he is one of the ablest international lawyers in Europe. He is a native of the Canton of Basle.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by all druggists.

Nice, for two hundred years, has been famous for its violet extracts and perfumes made from mignonette.

France consumes more wine than Germany, the United States and England put together.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Chess is taugh in all the Australian schools. It is thought to be a useful study in disciplining the youthful mind.

Men agree on one thing in this world of woe: they dislike to see a hen-pecked husband.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Fire and sword are but slow engines of destruction in comparison with the babbler. —Steele.

The Queen of Holland has an enormous fortune, only a part of which belongs to the crown.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

In American the Salvation Army has 786 corps and 2,533 officers.

LIBBY'S Premier Soup

TEN CENTS

Libby's soups are as good as soup can be. Some cooks may know how to make soups as good. None can make them better—none cheaply. Six plates of delicious soup for 10 cents—and think of the bother saved!

Oxtail, Mulligatawny, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

At your grocers, in cans ready for instant serving—just heat them.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY Chicago

Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books which discuss composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Relief of all throat and lung troubles. Prepared by a Doctor of Medicine. Quick cure. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye

OF WOMEN

...d." "I feel as if I should ...ssions are! Little things ... You can't sleep, you are ...ubject to dizziness.

...helps to make you feel

...ow down in the side, pain ...of the brain

...ringly to serious uterine

...kham when you first ex... would have been spared

...our life forever, my sister, ... Lydia E. Pinkham's ... It is absolutely sure to ...kham, at Lynn, Mass., if ...you do not understand.

...ber the things you could ...ter is seen only by women ... Pinkham's vast experi... ...er to tell you just what is ...ou nothing for her advice.

...esults Accomplished by ...table Compound.

...re that ...induce ...our val... Pink... ...ry bad ...adaches, ...n in my ...scarcely ...d sharp ...ken half ...improv... ...on four ...used to ...I your ...Mrs. W. ...n, N. J.

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have ...tional City Bank of Lynn, Mass. $5,000, ...any person who can show that the above ...ter was published before obtaining the ...ter. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

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Oxtail, Mulligatawny, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

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We have books telling ...composition, use and ...lizers for various ...They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau St., New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Safest surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People ...it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure ...Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough ...

...afflicted with ...ore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye ...

TREATY HELD UP BY BRITISHERS

Senate's Demands Prove a Stumbling Block.

COUNTER PROPOSALS PROBABLE

Fourthcoming Answer Will Be ...nount To a Flat Refusal.

...eceived by a representa... ...ve of the Associated Press in London ...that a reply will shortly be sent to the United States Nicaragua canal project. ...It will not comply with the senate's ...demands. Neither will it be in the ...nature of a flat refusal, though for ...purposes of immediate construction it ...will be tantamount to such a refusal.

...It will consist, mainly, in a counter ...project or proposals, likely to neces...sitate months of negotiations. The na...ture of the proposal is not yet ascer...tainable. Lord Pauncefote will prob...ably be the medium through whom ...the answer will be sent, and by whom ...the subsequent negotiations will chiefly ...be conducted.

In Washington official opinion it is likely ...that several months will elapse before ...the matter reaches a conclusion, by ...which time the Hay Pauncefote treaty ...will have lapsed, on the basis of the ...senate amendments.

The British counter proposals are ...not formulating, and it is hoped an ...entirely new agreement, satisfactory ...to both countries, will eventually be ...reached.

A REPLY IS EXPECTED.

A Washington special says: So far ...as can be ascertained the administra...tion has not had any intimation of the ...counter proposals the London dis...patch says will be made in the matter ...of the Nicaragua canal project. There ...is a feeling of regret that the British ...government has felt constrained to ...adopt such a course, as the hope was ...entertained that the amendments to ...the Hay-Pauncefote treaty might ...have been accepted in the spirit in ...which they were made.

Senator Morgan, when informed of ...the new stand taken by Great Britain, ...said he believed if Great Britain has ...decided to take the action stated it ...would create resentment in the senate ...and among the people and distrust of ...the motives of that government. He ...hoped it might result in some action ...on the pending bill at this session.

One suggestion already made as a ...possible counter proposal by Great ...Britain was that in return for conces...sions made by her she might desire an ...open port on the Alaskan coast as an ...entrance into her gold fields in the ...Klondike.

WILCOX UNDER FIRE.

Charges Against Hawaiian Up Before Elections Committee.

A Washington dispatch says: The ...charges against Delegate Wilcox, of ...Hawaii, were heard Friday by the ...house committee on elections No. 1. ...Mr. Wilcox was present, accompanied ...by Representative Robinson, of In...diana, who appeared as his friend and ...counsel. The specific answer of Mr. ...Wilcox to the charges contained in ...the letters submitted was presented. ...It states:

"That he (Wilcox) is a native Hawa...iian, that he shared with the native ...people loyalty to the former Queen ...of Hawaii during her reign, and ...was not in sympathy with the reign...ing power immediately succeeding her ...reign."

George D. Gear, the prosecutor, ...contended that the election of Wilcox ...was irregular and void, as the require...ments of the United States were not ...complied with.

On cross-examination Mr. Gear ...stated that in Wilcox's campaign ...speeches he said he would restore ...queen Liliuokalani. When the wit...ness said Wilcox had "eternally ...damned the Americans," the delegate ...stattered "shrieks" that was until re...strained by his counsel. After Mr. ...Gear had presented his evidence ...he made an extended argument ar...raigning the delegate.

CHAMPION OF FILIPINOS.

Ohio Congressman Makes Anti-Colonial Policy Speech In House.

The consideration of the diplomatic ...and consular appropriation bill in the ...house Saturday developed something ...of a sensation when Representative ...Bowman, of Ohio, sprang to the center ...of the Republican side of the chamber, ...made a speech strongly condemning a ...colonial policy and urging that con...gress should at once give assurance to ...the Filipinos that the purpose of the ...United States was to give them inde...pendence.

WOMEN TO STOP WAR.

Peace League Is Formed In Manila Advocating American Sovereignty.

Fifty American and 200 Filipino ...women organized the Woman's Peace ...League at the Libertad theater in ...Manila Saturday. The league advo...cates American sovereignty. A Fili...pino woman presided. The executive ...committee will meet at the residence ...of Mrs. Taft, wife of Judge Taft, ...president of the United States Philip...pine commission, to complete the ...organization.

COCHRAN CONVICTED.

Campbell County Whitecapper Is Sentenced to the Penitentiary For Life.

Pegram Cochran, the first of the seven men charged with the assassination of Sterling Thompson, the negro planter, near Fairburn, Ga., a few months ago, goes to the penitentiary for life.

The jury, after being out all night Friday night, returned a verdict of guilty Saturday morning, with a recommendation to mercy.

The defendant was present in the court room when the verdict was read. He was pale and nervous, but stood the strain remarkably well. His aged father and two of his brothers were present, as was his little boy.

"Lord bless you, son," said the condemned father, as he told the little fellow goodby with tears in his eyes.

Judge Candler sentenced him to lifetime imprisonment in the penitentiary and ordered that he be confined in Fulton county jail until carried to the penitentiary.

Counsel for the defendant gave notice of a motion for new trial, and the court fixed the first day of March for the hearing. There are six other defendants in Fulton county jail awaiting trial on the same charge, that of the murder of Sterling Thompson, colored.

CONGRESSMAN SHAW DEAD.

Former Head of the G. A. R. Expires Suddenly In Washington.

Representative Albert D. Shaw, of Watertown, N. Y., formerly commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was found dead Sunday morning in his room at the Riggs house in Washington. A physician summoned immediately after the discovery of the body pronounced death due to apoplexy, probably about 2 o'clock in the morning.

Colonel Shaw had returned about 1.30 o'clock from a banquet at the Ebbitt house in honor of his successor as commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, General Leo Rassieur, and before he left the banquet hall responded eloquently to a toast and appeared in excellent health and spirits. The body was discovered lying face downward on the floor, where he had fallen suddenly.

Colonel Shaw was fifty-nine years of age and a veteran of the civil war.

DINNER CALLED OFF.

Sprague Made the Mistake of Inviting Colored Congressman.

A Washington dispatch says: Race prejudice has caused the recall of invitations sent out by Congressman Charles F. Sprague, of Massachusetts, to members of the house District of Columbia committee to dine with him.

By an oversight Sprague sent an invitation to George H. White, the North Carolina negro member of congress, who is a member of the committee.

Representative Otey of Virginia suspected White had been invited to the dinner and he refused to accept Sprague's hospitality. Other members sent declinations, and as it finally dawned upon Mr. Sprague that he would have to break bread with himself and the negro, White alone, he decided to call off the dinner and will get up another one to which the members of the committee will be invited as individual members of congress. In this way White will not be invited.

The incident has excited much comment in the house.

Northern as well as southern members refused to eat with the negro member.

White is probably the last of the negro members of congress. He goes out on March 4 and will be succeeded by a Democrat.

A TRAIN DERAILED.

Engine Was Badly Wrecked, But No One Was Seriously Hurt.

Train No. 37 on the Southern, which left Atlanta, Ga., Sunday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock for Birmingham, was derailed three and one-half miles beyond Waco at 6:12 o'clock.

The engine was turned over and entirely demolished, but neither the engineer nor fireman was injured.

The only person on the train who sustained any injuries of consequence was John Jones, a freight conductor on the Southern, who was riding in the baggage car.

PRINTERS THREATEN TROUBLE.

Boston Union Wants Women to Receive Same Pay as Men.

Boston Typographical Union No. 13, at a special meeting Sunday afternoon, voted to call a strike in every book and job printing plant in the city in case the master printers refuse to sign the scale at once, the point at issue being whether or not women typesetters shall be treated as "journeymen compositors" and receive the same wages as men for doing the same work.

Fire Destroys Power House.

Fire at Omaha, Neb., Friday night in the power-house of the Omaha Street Railway Company caused a total destruction of the interior of the building, containing cars, machinery, etc. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

Two Houses Disagree.

The house ways and means committee has adopted the minority resolution for a disagreement in bulk to the senate amendments to the war revenue reduction bill and asking a conference with the senate.

The Vitality of Spain.

Whatever prophets of evil may think, Spain still possess great elements of vitality, and if she should ever add the resources of a well-arranged union with South America to the forces which she had at her disposal on the continent of Europe, how many calculations would be upset for the greater profit of the equilibrium of the world and of universal peace?—Paris Figaro.

Governor of Negros Island.

Colonel Charles W. Miner of the Sixth infantry, whom General MacArthur has just made military governor of the island of Negros, has been in command of the Sixth ever since the battle of San Juan Hill, excepting a little time before the regiment sailed for the Orient.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The letters of Bismarck to his wife, which are soon to be printed, are about five hundred in number, and cover the years 1847-1892.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE "LIFE OF Booker T. Washington,"

Written by himself. Everybody buys; agents are now making over $100 per month; best book to sell to colored people ever published. Write for terms or send 25 cents for outfit and begin at once. Please mention this paper. Address

J. L. NICHOLS & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.

WANTED! Honest, energetic man to TRAVEL AND SELL NURSERY STOCK.

REFERENCES REQUIRED.

We have an Immense Stock in full Variety and can Insure Satisfaction. Address,

G. H. MILLER & SON, ROME, GA.

Am. N. U. No. 7, 1901.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 15

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS. CONSUMPTION

WINCHESTER "NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

No black powder shells on the market compare with the "NEW RIVAL" in uniformity and strong shooting qualities. Sure fire and waterproof. Get the genuine.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. - - - - - New Haven, Conn.

FREE WITH SEEDS. ...

T. J. KING CO., Bookseller, Richmond, Va.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; ... Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

MAKE no mistake! See that my head is on every package of LION COFFEE you buy. It guarantees its purity. No coffee is LION COFFEE unless it is in a 1 pound sealed packet with the head of a lion on the front. Then you get pure coffee—the highest grade for the money.

Watch our next advertisement.

Why has LION COFFEE now become the leader of all package coffees? And why is it used in millions of homes?

Because it does not sail under false colors. It is an absolutely clean, pure coffee. No glazing, no coating with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

WHEN WRINKLES COME.

Departing HEALTH and BEAUTY Called Back by

Dr. Greene's Nervura

YOUR mirror will tell you the bitter truth.

Healthy women look younger than their age, but you look far too old for your years.

Time deals lightly with the woman in good health, but the wasting hand of sickness and disease spares neither your youthful looks, beauty, nor complexion.

The Creator has endowed every woman with beauty, and every woman in good health is beautiful and comely to look upon. A clear, fresh, wholesome look is the result of the possession of good health, and no woman can be beautiful and attractive without good health. The dull, dead, gnawing pain, the sense of nervousness, weakness, oppression, and discouragement, the tired, listless, languid feeling, the shooting pains, the aching head, the pain in the back, all these are symptoms of a disordered system, and all these are beauty-killers, producers of dull leaden complexions, unnatural flushings, dark circles under the eyes, humors, eruptions, blackheads, lustreless eyes, and other disfigurements which divest women of their natural gift of beauty.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes Health and Happiness

Why be homely when you can be beautiful and attractive?

Get good health and with it those looks and attributes which attract, please, and fascinate. It is within your power to do so, for it is within every woman's power to be well and strong, and hence look her best. If she will use Dr. Greene's Nervura to give her strong, vigorous nerves, pure, rich blood, a clear complexion, and thus restore the energies and vitality of sound and perfect health.

Good health means youthful good looks to every woman, and it behooves women to restore and maintain their health by taking that greatest and best of all health restoratives, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build up the health, cleanse and purify the complexion, restore brilliancy to the eye, make rich, red blood and strong, steady, and vigorous nerves. Dr. Greene's Nervura will make you look and feel young and restore your energies, vivacity, and enjoyment of life.

MRS. KATE AUSTIN, 40 Jenny Lind Ave., Somerville, Mass., says:

"I had a pain in my side for seventeen years. I also suffered with terrible backache and headache; such an awful headache, and I had not a bit of appetite. I cried with pain from womb trouble, and was as pale as a ghost. I was terribly nervous. I could not sleep for a long time, and had rheumatism in my shoulder and arm. I suffered everything; nobody but God knows how I suffered. I weighed 138 pounds. A friend recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I commenced to take it. I was so weak and run down that the first bottle did not do me much good, but I kept on, and the second bottle did me good and I began to gain. After taking the Nervura I never had a pain in my side, nor any headache, and I sleep well and have a good appetite. I don't believe there is any medicine in the world so good as Dr. Greene's Nervura. It did me good right off and I have had no return of my womb trouble. I had leucorrhœa, but since taking Nervura that has disappeared. I feel strong, and last summer was able to do the work for fourteen in a family, and I weigh 163 pounds. I was so weak before, nobody knows how I worked, but I had to work for my children. I sent two bottles of Nervura to my brother in Nova Scotia, and it did him lots of good. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura to every one."

Ill Health Destroys Beauty and Happiness. DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes You Well and Restores Your Good Looks.

Women have absolute confidence in Dr. Greene's Nervura, more so than in any other remedy, because it is purely vegetable and a famous regular physician prepares it, which is a guarantee that it is perfectly adapted to cure. As an additional assurance of cure, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, gives you the privilege of consulting him without charge or cost, either by calling or writing about your case.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00.

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For $1.30 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

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CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor

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PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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Facts that every patriot and voter ought to know.

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Headaches and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cents a dose."

THE NEW ENGLAND WA... nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch Co. giving good satisfaction. It is a good man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer putting faith to the test.

Is your Blood pure? Are you free from all impurities? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch and burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Joints? Leg sores? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Stomach? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your blood with B. B. B. (Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth skin. Deep seated cases such as ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B. made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else is in vain. Thoroughly tested for 20 years. Sold at drug stores $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. To sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

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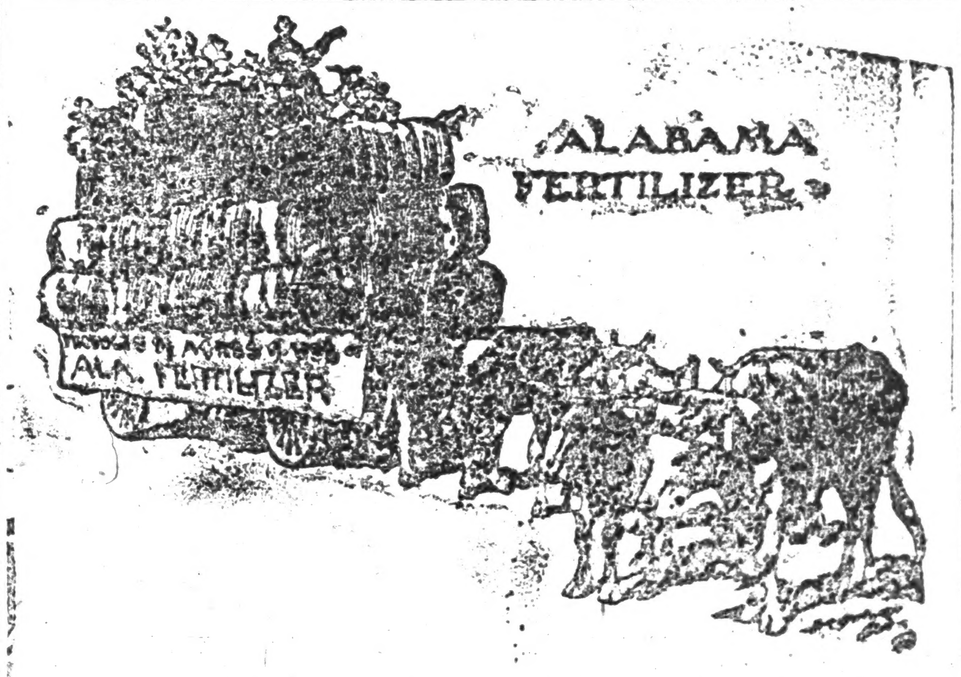
THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 37 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With critical and current good seasons it is more important than ever to get the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the standard of excellence, and only those who interest themselves sufficiently to make the inquiry are the ones who get it.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all our ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the COTTON MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are well ventilated, and prevent the fertilizer from caking or spoiling. These bags, after a thorough investigation and practical trial, have been adopted by the Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Numerous analyses certify that fertilizers packed in these bags will carry according for shipment, and that the loss in these bags, including both transit and their consignees from the handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Cotton Bale Exposition, which attracted the attention of all who passed, was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 31 bales of cotton produced on a piece of land, made from Russell imported big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the tag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement or other. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. Be certain to get what you pay for.

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Capt. S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer.

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau,
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers, during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to rescue fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merits.

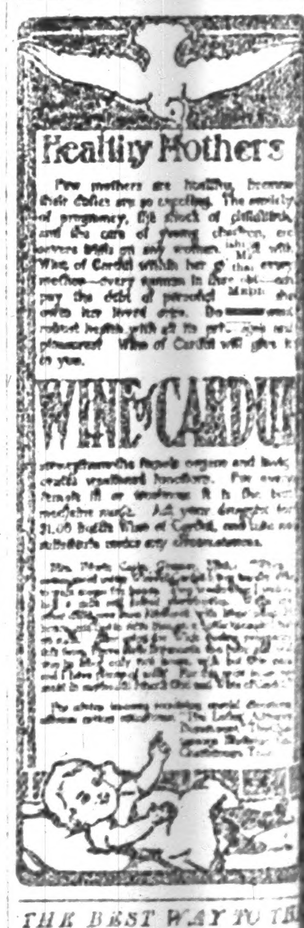
S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 43 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.



THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or D. P. Abbott, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

(Continued on 1st column page 4.)

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Sees of the Sights He Saws and Some He Saw Not.

For the past two weeks I have been up in snowy Chicago. There is plenty of snow—no end to it. It was cold. "Variety is the spice of life" someone has said or I think someone has said it, and if not you can put it down as original. Anyway it was an unusually a variety of climate for me on that trip. Warm in Alabama, cold in Chicago. At one time we had a fall of 18 inches and it cost the city of Chicago $30,000 to clear the business part of the city from snow. Just as soon as that was cleared down came another 18 inches, and soon after another. There, I'll give it up. I want to stagger you. But one word for it, there was plenty of snow, and ice was cheap.

I went over Swift & Co's packing house, and can never tell you what I saw. Think of 750 hogs killed per hour. That's the capacity of the plant. They do it by machinery. In fact, I am bound to say that every man I saw working was only a part of a machine. I could tell you a little of it but it is esquisitely neat and clean. There's a big wheel, or should be a better name, and the side of this drum is a number of hooks attached at intervals. Men stand on each side of the drum and as a squealing hog (and there's a million of hogs all squealing at the same time) pushed into where he can reach it he catches the hog by the hind leg and sticks it into one of the chains on the drum, and away goes Mr. Hog, squealing like a stuck pig, head down, until he reaches the top of the drum when he is shifted off on a traveling chain for a few feet when the butcher with a knife into his throat and he stops squalling. The blood runs on to the floor about the man's feet and there is a stench that can't be got rid of for days. Away goes Mr. Hog and he never stops until his hide is taken off, he has been scalded, scraped, cut down the middle, washed and cut up, packed in a car and shipped to Clanton for all I know. Anyhow, from the time he left his hind leg into the chain and wheel until he gets out of the packing house he never stops and if I only had the space I would never stop telling you about the wonders I saw in Chicago.

DISTRUCTIVE FIRE AT CLANTON

About three o'clock last Saturday morning fire was descovered in Powell's store and the store was occupied by J. E. Evans. It had taken good hold when the clanging ringing of the fire bell brought out the citizens who promptly to work to save the stores and try to save the buildings. The fire spread with rapidity and soon seven stores were in a blaze, and it looked like that Wilson's new brick building would also succumb, but hard work and prevented the fire from going further in that direction. Across the street it was thought to throw water over the roof of the court house, and it appeared to be to prevent W. Kanter's building which would have burned the whole town.

The stores destroyed were occupied by J. W. Davis, and L. D. Popwell, owned by C. W. Robinson, L. L. Phillips, (building by W. T. Callen) Mrs. Evans' store, J. E. Evans' and Moses Mims (building by A. C. Smith). With

(Continued on 1st column page 4.)

NEW ENGLAND WATCH.
case, stem wind and stem set
ted for 12 months. Delivered
where with a silk cord of
rush for $2.75. Try one if
ant a good time piece cheap.
New England Watch is still
good satisfaction. It is the
nan's time piece
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

FREE BLOOD CURE.
offer practically to the afflicted
our Blood pure? Are you suffe
from pimples or scratches head
? Does your skin itch or
Have you Dandruff? Eruptions
Aching Bones or Joints? Eczema
Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula
Rheumatism? Your Breath
bad? Are you pale? If so we
ur blood with B. B. B. (Botanic
Blood Balm). It makes the
Pure and Rich, heals every
and gives a clear, smooth,
y skin. Deep seated cancers
ers, cancer, eating sores,
Swellings, Blood Poisons
quickly cured by B. B. B.,
especially for all obstinate
and Skin Troubles. B. B.
the Poisons and Humors
the Blood and entire system
symptoms cannot return
a trial. Relieves in all
is. Thoroughly tested for
ars. Sold at drug stores at
Large bottle, 6 large bottles
treatment $5. Be sure the
remedy Botanic Blood Balm
Address may test it, a trial bottle
ven away absolutely free
for it. Address BLOOD
N CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write
describe trouble and learn
advice given.

Healthy Mothers
mothers are healthy, because
dren are so exceedingly. The anxiety
pregnancy, the shock of childbirth,
care of young children, are
ts with any woman who
of Cardui within her g that every
woman in the land
the debt of gratitude Mrs. Sh
her loved one. Do
health with all its pain, loss and
misery. Wine of Cardui will give it
to you.

WINE OF CARDUI

THE BEST WAY TO THE
WEST AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
VIA THE
L. & N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
The Through Cars
Fine pass Cahara daily, running
through Montgomery, Mobile
and New Orleans,
connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Running through to Nashville,
Louisville, Cincinnati
and St. Louis,
connecting for all points in the
SOUTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Are purchasing tickets to any point
the Agent of the Louisville
the Railroad at Clanton, Ala.
Lamora, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY FEBRUARY 21, 1901 — NO. 18

MAN ON THE CORNER

The Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not.

For the past two weeks I have
p in snowy Chicago. There
enty of snow—no end to it
it was cold. "Variety is the
f life" someone has said, or
I think someone has said
if not you can put it down
inal. Anyway it was un
dly a variety of climate I
d on that trip. Warm
in Alabama, cold in Chi
At one time we had a fall
inches and it cost the city of
o $20,000 to clear the busi.
rt of the city from snow.
of this, your Clanton tax-
Just as soon as that was
cleared down came another
nches, and soon after anoth-
f—here, I'll give it up, I
want to stagger you. But
y word for it, there was
of snow, and ice was cheap.

over Swift & Co's pack-
se, and can never tell you
w. Think of 750 hogs kill-
hour. That's the capacity
lant. They do it by ma-
In fact, I am bound to
every man I saw working
s only a part of a machine,
and tell you a little of it.
ing is exquisitely neat and
There is a big wheel, or
ull be a better name, and
side of this drum is a num-
ams attached at intervals
on each side of the drum
qualing hog (and there's
ds of hogs all squealing at
time) pushed into where
s. He catches the hog by
leg and sticks it into one
ams on the drum, and
Mr. Hog, squalling like
hes, head down, until he
he top of the drum when
shifted off on a traveling
a few feet when the butch-
a knife into his throat and
squealing. The blood
ut on to the floor about the
feet and there is a stench
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and cut up, packed in a
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Anyhow, from the time
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packing house he never
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would never stop telling
bout the wonders I saw in

OUS FIRE AT CLANTON

three o'clock last Satur-
ning fire was descovered
ll's store and the store re-
cated by J. E. Evans. It
taken good hold when
ning ringing of the fire
ght out the citizens who
antly to work to save the
of the stores and try to
buildings. The fire spread
t rapidity and soon seven
re in a blaze, and it look-
like that Wilson's new
brick building would al-
succumb, but hard work
and prevented the fire
ading further in that di-
Across the street it was
to throw water over the
of the court house, and
time it appeared to be
to prevent W. Kanter's
catching which would
lved the whole town.
en stores destroyed were
upied by J. W. Davis,
ll and L. D. Popwell,
re owned by C. W. Rob-
G. L. Phillips, (build-
by W. T. Callen) Mrs.
ew store. J. E. Evans'
and Moses Mims (build-
by A. C. Smith). With
d on 1st column page 4.)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each Box. 25c.

Thorsby, Feb. 19, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please let the people know that Hon. L. B. Pounds's absence from the General Assembly is unavoidable. He has been confined to his bed for more than a week, and at this writing is a very sick man.

Respectfully,
D. N. RIGGINS.

I read Mr. V's article in the Banner with interest. Pshaw; no, we are not dead. Some of our brethren went astray, but they'll come back. There's lots of us in Chilton and two or three other counties, and we'll wake 'em up time another election comes. No, we ain't dead. Fact is that Commoner that Bryan prints will bring him and the rest of us out of the kinks, and we must begin the campaign now. I say dead. Some of us must go to Nebraska in 1904 and see that he carries his home beat. Fact is the thing has to be done, because that old Cleveland goldbug democracy is trying to get back in the saddle again, and if they were to, good bye government railroad. And we'll have to keep on paying railroad fare as we've been doing, and the Philippine war might stop, and the Revenue Stamp law might cease, the Tariff law might be changed, and we don't know what else.

If we can gull as many Democrats as we did before, whether we elect Bill or not, our second choice will come in as we've been doing. A half loaf is better'n none. Stick to it boys. Chilton's safe, and when they talk about us being dead tell 'em nary times once nor gone nowhere either. W.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Jemison, Ala., Feb. 12, 1901

Editor Banner.—As I have so many enquiries about what has become of my contest, please permit me to say through your paper that my case was never tried. The committee threw out my case on affidavit of Oliver that notice of contest was not served on him by the sheriff, but was handed him by a little negro boy. I reckon it is the eternal fitness of things that a negro boy should serve notice on him. Well, I charge the Democratic party with stealing me out, then concealing stolen property officially. Take the committee's report. They did not say Oliver was elected, but threw out the case on a technicality. Oliver was asked by my attorney if he was not willing to try the the case on its merits. His answer was no, that he proposed to take advantage of all the law gave him. What is the difference of stealing a seat in the Senate and stealing a horse? Where does such stealing lead to? When men are stolen in office whose cries or petitions do they adhere to—the people's or a few rogues that help steal the office? Take up the local acts when the Legislature adjourns and see in whose interest laws have been passed. See the danger in breaking down local self-government. Where is a single instance that the people of Chilton have been heard? Did not the people have beat meetings and then a county meeting and say what they wanted? Should not a voice of a majority of the people rule? When a few men get to the place that they are not willing to abide by a majority, I

(continued on 3d col. page 4).

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate to represent Chilton County in the Constitutional Convention, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. H. W. CAFFEY

Feby. 12, 1901.

Stanton.

Rev. P. G. Maness delivered an excellent sermon Sunday.

Mr. Crump Graham, of Maplesville, was in our town Sunday.

Two charming young ladies of Lawley, Misses Kitty and Myrtle Lawley, were pleasant visitors here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Letcher are the happy parents of a fine girl.

Mr. Willis Bowline and his charming sister, Miss Billie, were pleasant visitors here Sunday last.

Mr. Cal Foshee and his mother paid relatives a visit recently.

Miss Rosa Ingram, of Pleasant Grove, paid friends a visit here last week.

Dr. M. F. Parnell of Lawley was again with us Sunday.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton, of Maplesville, entertained a large crowd at the Baptist church Sunday evening.

Mr. Wylie Mitchell and his sister, Miss Lula, were visitors at the home of Rev. W. H. Connell Sunday.

Miss Emma Sisco, of Selma, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Smith.

Mr. Howell Martin went to Maplesville Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dyer went to Selma one day last week.

Mrs. A. Mahone, of Montevallo, paid her sister, Mrs. J. F. Gregory, a visit recently.

Mr. J. W. Stewart went to Selma last week.

The town was full of people Sunday. STAN.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Samples free. Every Box guaranteed. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Jemison.

The young people had a singing at the residence of Mr. J. W. F. Garner last Sunday night; everybody enjoyed themselves.

Mr. Ira Whitaker is happy once more.

The school under the able management of Prof. J. M. Collier is doing well.

Cross ties have ceased to be currency.

We are glad to say J. H. Patton has returned to school after several weeks of carpenting work. We expect a great deal of him.

Mr. O. C. Atkinson has created a stir in our social world—all the young ladies have lost their hearts.

Everybody is expecting a wedding, probably C. N. Shaw can tell you about it.

Miss Gussie Robinson has returned home after a pleasant visit to her sisters.

Mr. A. M. Gentry is a pleasant visitor here this week.

Three of our most charming young ladies spent Sunday in the country.

Mr. C. W. Adams looks like he has loved and lost.

We pine for the return of Mr. W. G. Hand from South Alabama, as the social life of our city has been on the decline ever since his departure.

The most entertaining feature of Jemison is for the boys to get out somewhere and boil eggs.

CRITIC.

A Convincing Answer.

"I hobbled into Mr. Blackmon's drug store one evening," says Wesley Nelson, of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for Rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said 'Well if Chamberlain's Pain Balm does not help you, you need not pay for it.' I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism." Sold by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus Verbena

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $10.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $80 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Macedonia.

Farmers are hauling guano right along now.

Mr. John Atchison has put his road in good condition. Let all overseers do likewise and we can have good roads whether we get a new road law or not. I am in favor of better roads and we can have them if we will go to work.

Mrs. Gluss is still very sick, we are sorry to say.

Mr. Lewis Waldrup gave the young people a valentine party the 14th.

Miss Pearl Maronie, who is boarding with Mr. H. W. Gipson, going to school at this place, visited home folks last Saturday.

CLINT.

Had To Conquer Or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel N. C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's an unrivaled life saver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Whooping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently rendered against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The SW ¼ of the SW ¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 14, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 18th day of February, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. C. Quillin, to D. C. Gandy on the 5th day of February, 1894, and due November 1, 1894, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 33, page 34, on the 24th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by D. C. Gandy to S. Mass & Co., and by S. Mass & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 22d day of January, 1901. I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1901,

between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One House and Lot in Stanton, Alabama, said Lot being in the NW ¼ of NE ¼ of Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

Dated at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of January, 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

Subscribe for the Banner.

WANTED.

300 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereopticon, 1 Cinograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 2 set Views Spanish-American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Cinograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. Bice, Thorsby, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is claimed for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth, that it is never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as sharp shooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

Yellow-Leaf Poultry Farm

THORSBY, ALA.

We breed White Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas. A few Cockerels for sale $2 each. Eggs in season.

BARRETT & KERNEN, Props.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA.

WILLIAM M. ADAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA.

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22½ S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 491—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. E. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Spain is lending again, after five centuries of lagging. Hers is the first Government to establish systems of wireless telegraphy.

The grade crossing keeps up its deadly work. Sometimes it is an express train and sometimes a slow freight train, but the result is the same.

Porto Ricans are now enjoying their first trolley railroad. The folks down there are getting away from Spanish customs at a rate that is positively furious.

Here's the latest in the matter of a death sentence. It was delivered by a South Carolina Judge: "You are to be hanged by the neck until dead, and I hope it will prove a warning to you!"

It certainly does look like people would have no trouble in seeing themselves as others see them when we take into consideration the fact there are 1,850,000 square yards of looking glass manufactured annually in Europe alone.

Some children already born will live to see the beginning of the twenty-first century. The increase in the number of centenarians is one of the most striking indications of improvement in the art of living which this generation has furnished.

Electricians have talked across the Mississippi at St. Paul by telephone without wires, and it is believed that conversations can be carried on in the same way at twelve miles distance. May we not look forward to the time when all the people of the earth will be for social purposes in a single room?

Galveston is fulfilling the predictions made at the time of the calamitous deluge last summer by rapidly increasing its material and commercial importance. In the month of November, 1900, the export trade from Galveston amounted to $25,000,000, or $1,000,000 more than the exports in November, 1899.

Now that the various Australian colonies have become States in what their new Constitution calls "one indissoluble Federal Commonwealth," with a Parliament, Supreme and Federal courts, and uniform customs duties, the nation thus formed shares with the United States a distinction that until now has been held by this country alone.

One little item indicating the prodigality of modern military expenditure is afforded by the fact that to fire a "pompon"—a one-pounder, automatic gun capable of firing 300 cartridges in sixty seconds—costs about $450 per minute. War is costly business. And its greatest cost is not in ammunition, but in nerve tissue, life blood and anguish of spirit.

Up to the era of the completion of the transcontinental railroads millions of bison were roaming over the Western plains. These interesting creatures have been almost exterminated. Only a few hundred of them, at most, can be found anywhere. Nevertheless, some days ago, in Montana, several of the survivors, which had been bred in captivity, were butchered for sale like ordinary domestic cattle.

The tables accompanying the annual report of the United States Commissioner of Education show that New York State has 16.94 per cent. of its population in the public schools. Kansas has 27.87 per cent., the highest of any State. Utah follows with 26.78 per cent. and Iowa with 26.42 per cent., while Pennsylvania, with a smaller population, has a larger number of pupils enrolled than New York, the figures for Pennsylvania being 1,186,146, against 1,179,351 for New York.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in his annual report points out that though quite a number of strikes have been reported during the year, they were not of a defensive character, but rather for higher wages and a shorter workday. Substantial improvements and achievements are noted. During the year 688 strikes were reported, 213,100 persons being involved. Of this number 453 strikes were successful, 106 lost, 74 compromised, and 53 still pending; 217,493 persons were directly benefited while 11,257 were involved in lost or compromised strikes, thus showing that even of the small number of strikes lost the persons involved in them were comparatively infinitesimal to those who gained.

CUBA NOT WILLING TO GIVE CONCESSION

Objects to Our Having Naval Stations On Island.

WOODS' PLANS ARE OPPOSED

Question of "Future Relations" Is Proving a Hard Problem To Solve.

A special from Havana says: The special committee appointed by the Cuban constitutional convention to draw up a proposition defining the future relations between the United States and the republic of Cuba have returned from a conference with Governor General Wood at Batabano, and will report to the convention in secret session.

The question of the United States maintaining naval stations in Cuba met with strong opposition, and the commission will report to the convention not to accept this condition. The other clauses in the proposed relations have been practically agreed to.

The Cuban constitutional convention held a secret session lasting several hours Saturday afternoon considering the question of the future relations between the United States and the republic of Cuba. The commission which met Governor General Wood at Batabano Friday night offered no fomal report, but asked that the matter be considered in committee of the whole. A majority of the delegates opposed the granting to the United States of the right to maintain naval stations in Cuba, and a large number favored leaving the relations between the United States and Cuba for the future republic to settle.

The right of the United States to intervene at any time for the present preservation of peace was also the subject of a strong discussion. The questions of regulating loans and the foreign relations developed no opposition.

One of the delegates in the course of an interview said that the convention would never agree to allow the United States to establish and maintain naval stations, as the people look upon this concession as unpatriotic and a practical giving up of independence. The only way the United States can obtain this right, the delegate said, would be by insisting upon the concession, the responsibility for making which the convention does not want to take.

ONE HEAD OFFERED.

Decapitation Program Seems Not to Meet the Favor of Chinese.

A special dispatch from Pekin says: A message was delivered to the foreign ministers before the meeting Saturday morning, from the Chinese peace commissioners, which contained the wording of an edict, dated Friday, practically reiterating the recent dispatches of the Associated Press, sentencing Princes Chung to commit suicide and Yu Hsien, former governor of the province of Shan Si, to be executed, both in the presence of a high government official, in order to satisfy the foreigners.

General Tung Fu Siang is deprived of his rank and will receive further punishment afterwards.

Yang Nian and Chao Su Kian are imprisoned.

Sentence of death is suspended on those culprits who are already dead and all their honors are canceled, also the posthumous honors granted to their families.

Owing to the lateness of the hour at which the translation was made, the ministers did not consider the matter, leaving it until Monday.

A Washington special says: Minister Wu, the Chinese minister, called at the state department Saturday and spent nearly half an hour in close conference with Acting Secretary Hill. He had no late news from China, but was seeking to assist as far as he could in the pursuit of some agreement that will settle the question of indemnity for the losses suffered by the foreigners in China from the boxer movement.

SHIPPING BILL DISPLACED.

Oleomargarine Measure Given Right of Way in the Senate.

A Washington special says: At the conclusion of the morning hour in the senate Saturday, when the unfinished business—the shipping bill—was laid before the body, Mr. Spooner, of Wisconsin, moved to proceed to the consideration of the oleomargarine bill. By a practically unanimous vote—only two senators voting in the negative—the motion prevailed. Thus the subsidy bill was displaced as the oleomargarine bill was taken up. After little over an hour's consideration of that measure it was laid aside.

BOILER BLOWS UP.

Three Killed and Others Injured in Saw Mill at Damascus, Ga.

At 7 o'clock Thursday evening the boiler in the sawmill of J. Cheves & Sons, at Damascus, Ga., thirty miles above Bainbridge, on the Georgia Pine railroad, exploded, killing three men and wounding several others. The names of the killed and wounded could not be learned.

INSURGENTS ROUTED.

Company of American Troops Get Best of Big Force of Filipinos.

A Manila special says: Colonel Marcus D. Cronin and eighty men of the Thirty-third regiment have routed a band of insurgents at Candon, South Ilocos.

Captain Green, with fifty men, met a force of the enemy at Santa Maria. The insurgents, who were commanded by Tinio, had two cannon and were strongly entrenched behind stone walls on a steep mountain side. There was hard fighting for three hours. When their ammunition was exhausted the Americans retired for a short distance. Then Tinio abandoned his position retreated southward.

News of another important surrender in the Philippines is contained in the following dispatch received at the war department from General MacArthur:

"MANILA.—Adjutant General, Washington: One hundred and twelve rifles and 1,500 rounds of ammunition surrendered at Haganey February 13th, mostly from supply secreted in contiguous swamps. The incident is important as indicating a great reaction favorable to the American interests in region of Bulacan heretofore one of the worst in Luzon. The result is accomplished exclusively by the long continued, intelligent and persistent efforts of officers of the Third United States infantry."

According to mail advices from the Philippines, Captain Novico, the insurgent officer who commands the band which captured Lieutenant Gilmore and his party of the Yorktown and held them captive for many months, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life, on the charge of having permitted one of Gilmore's party to be buried alive. The victim was a sailor named McDonald, who was a burden to the Filipinos because of his wounds.

CARTER TURNED DOWN.

Once More Efforts to Free Convicted Captain Meet Failure.

A special from Leavenworth, Kas., says: Captain Oberlin M. Carter, United States army, serving a sentence in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth for defrauding the government on harbor contracts, has suffered another defeat in his attempt to secure his release. Judge Hook, in the United States district court Friday, refused to release the prisoner on bail and ordered that he be remanded to the penitentiary to await the action of the United States supreme court on the appeal in his habeas corpus case.

Judge Hook held in substance that the judgment of the courtmartial was final unless set aside by the supreme court of the United States.

There were nearly 300 people in the court room and along the corridors, and they manifested a great desire to get a look at the prisoner. This annoyed Carter and he tried to avoid facing the spectators.

After a brief argument by his attorney, A. H. Atwood, who contended that the court had the power to admit the prisoner to bail and the reading of two affidavits of physicians regarding Carter's health, Judge Hook handed down his decision. The physicians offered affidavits to the effect that the prisoner is a sufferer from neurasthemia, and if confined for any length of time will suffer mental collapse and become insane.

In his affidavit Carter said he wanted to be released and stand a civil trial at Atlanta, Ga.

MAKES VIRTUAL SLAVES.

Scandal in South Carolina Over Hiring Contracts in Vogue.

A special from Spartanburg says: The state of South Carolina is confronted with a monumental scandal. The convict lease system has been used to cover up practical slavery, and Anderson county was the first to develop the fact.

Judge Benet in a special charge to the grand jury at Anderson characterized the saystem of labor practiced on some of the farms of the most prominent men of Anderson county as a shameful practice and instructed the grand jury to investigate. He has called a special term of court for March 7th to have full report.

YOUNG WIDOW DISAPPEARS.

Atlanta Is Having Another "Mysteriously Missing" Sensation.

An Atlanta dispatch of Thursday says: Mrs. H. M. Wilson, a beautiful young widow who has been living at 82 Auburn avenue, mysteriously disappeared on last Monday morning in company with Will Hamilton, a young student of pharmacy, and as a result her mother lies prostrate with grief and the whole family share the belief that she has been made the victim of some foul plot. The mystery shrouding the disappearance continues to grow as time passes and no word is received from the missing couple.

AIMED AT SECRETARY GAGE.

Scandal Over Sale of Old Custom House Aired in House Debate.

A Washington dispatch says: The events in connection with the sale of the old New York custom house to the National City bank, which heretofore has been the subject of much comment, occupied the center of the stage during the debate on the Sundry civil appropriation bill in the house Thursday. Much excitement attended the debate.

RUSSIA ANGERED AT GAGE'S ACTION

She Hits a Hard Lick At American Commerce.

IS RETALIATORY MOVEMENT

Placing of Countervailing Duty On Czar's Sugar May Prove Disastrous.

A special from St. Petersburg, Russia, says: The finance minister, M. De Witte, has proved his ability to hit quick and had. He was evidently prepared for reprisals before Secretary Gage took final action. M. De Witte sent to the senate Wednesday for publication an ordinance levying 30 per cent increased duty on the most important American imports into Russia. The ordinance becomes effective March 1st, and requires that the articles affected be accompanied upon importation by a certificate of origin. The ordinance affects all sorts of iron and steel goods from unworked iron castings to sewing machines.

GRAVE CRISIS BROUGHT ABOUT.

Count Cassini, the Russian ambassadors at Washington received a cablegram Saturday afternoon from the Russian foreign office confirming the report of the issue of the decree, and took steps to inform the state department accordingly. It is realized that a grave crisis has been reached in the trade relations between the United States and Russia.

The immediate effect of the Russian decree, when sit becomes operative, will be to increase by 50 per cent the duties on American machinery, steel and iron goods. These goods already enjoy two separate reductions, 30 per cent being taken off from the general and 20 per cent from the convention duties. The articles referred to in the Russian decree are machinery and tools of every kind, manufactures and products of cast iron and steel. Roughly stated the United States is said to have exported goods of this descripion to Russia last year to the amount of $30,000,000. The addition of 50 per cent duty will, it is thought, prove prohibitory.

The action taken means that the Russian government will not concern itself with a test case nor await the issue of such a case. However, there is an expectation that the American importers of the Russian sugar will make the fight in their own interest. Some cargoes of Russian sugar are now afloat and on the way to the United States, where at least one is due to arrive in the next ten days. It is not doubted that the consignees in the United States will, rather than pay the countervailing duty, which would make it impossible to compete with other sugar, make up a test case. If the issue favors the Russian side, then the obnoxious decree will be amended, though it is not denied that the Russian government feels offended.

FAMILY IS MURDERED

Negro In Louisiana Commits a Fiendish Crime and Lynching Follows.

A negro named Thomas Jackson was lynched Sunday at St. Peter, La., a station on the Texas and Pacific road, about twenty miles above New Orleans. Jackson's crime was particularly fiendish. About 9 o'clock in the morning he visited the home of Alex Bourgeois, the engineer of the drainage machine on Belle Point plantation, some distance from the plantation quarters, going there on a trycicle. He told Bourgeois the manager wanted him, and the engineer mounted the trycicle with him. A little way further on Jackson stabbed the engineer in the back and threw the body into a ditch. He then returned to the house and butchered Mrs. Bourgeois and her two babies and ransacked the house.

Carter's Friends Undaunted.

L. D. Carter, uncle of Oberlin Carter, left Leavenworth, Kas., Saturday for Washington to continue the fight to secure the release of the ex-captain from the federal prison. He will appeal from the decision of Judge Hook, to release Carter on bond.

NEWSPAPAR MAN EXPIRES.

Gilbert Pierce, Ex-Senator, Ex-Governor and Journaisit Dead.

Gilbert A. Pierce, formerly United States senator from North Dakota, and in 1883 territorial governor of Dakota, died at his apartments in the Lexington hotel, Chicago, Friday, after a long illness.

Mr. Pierce had a wide experience in the newspaper field, both prior and subsequent to his election to the United States senate.

A "SHANGHIA" RUMOR.

Report That Seven Nations Have Decided to Fight China.

It is reported in Tien Tsin that seven nations have declared war against China.

It is asserted that the real reason for the deadlock in Pekin is a difference of opinion between the foreign envoys and the military authorities, the former favoring a withdrawal of the troops to Tien Tsin and the latter urging a forward movement.

The Tien Tsin dispatch regarding the reported declaration of war against China is not confirmed from any source.

LEGISLATORS ON A JUNKET.

Heavy Exports of Lumber from Mobile.

A LARGE ORDER OF CARS

Sunday School Association Will Hold Convention—New Rolling Mill at Anniston.

Legislators go to Florida.

The Alabama legislators adjourned to Florida last Friday, and they were completely captured by the people of that State, more especially the western portion, which is so earnestly seeking to become a part of Alabama. The special train bearing the legislative party arrived in Pensacola Saturday morning at an early hour over the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The party consisted of some 225 persons, being largely composed of the members, their wives and daughters. When the Alabamians left their sleeping cars they were provided with meal tickets by the Pensacola committee and for the day the city was at their command. At 9:30 o'clock the Alabamians were taken on board the tug Columbia for a trip down Pensacola Bay.

First the great United States battleships now lying in the bay were visited and the inspection of these vessels proved not the least interesting event of the day's outing. The flagship Kearsarge was first visited, and the visitors were cordially received and most courteously treated.

The Alabama was next visited. The visitors were accorded a hearty greeting by Captain Bronson and his men, and the Alabamians were made to feel that they really had an interest in the vessel which has been named for their beloved State.

Exports of Lumber From Mobile.

Exports of lumber through the port of Mobile in January were:

Sawn timber—France, 3,068,000 feet; Germany, 1,154,000; Italy, 707,000; Netherlands, 504,000; England, 4,162,000; Scotland, 1,096 000; British Africa, 705,000. Total, 11,396,000 feet.

Hewn timber—Germany, 8,744 cubic feet, equal to 104,320 superficial feet; Italy, 3654 cubic feet, or 43,848 superficial feet. Total, 12,398 cubic feet, or 148,768 superficial feet.

Timber, logs, etc.—Mexico, in value, $481; Cuba, $308. Total, $789.

Boards, deals, planks—France, 195,000 feet; Germany, 521,000; Italy, 93,000; England, 514,000: Gautemala, 1,000; Honduras, 25,000; Mexico, 38,000; British West Indies, 105,000; Cuba, 3 428,000; Argentine Republic, 2,912,000; Colombia, 59,000; Uruguay, 813,000; British Africa, 24,000. Total, 8,753,000 feet.

All other lumber—Uruguay, in value, $1272.

Manufacturers of lumber—Gautemala, in value, $138; Mexico, $228; Cuba, $194; Colombia, $98. Total, $658.

The Anniston yarn mill is being fitted up with machinery, and it is expected that this factory will be spinning yarn before April 30. The two sister mills in the same city, erected during 1900, Adalaide and the Woodstock, are in operation, and are doing well.

Seven Business Houses Burned.

Early Saturday morning fire broke out in the business section of Clanton, and the town was at one time threatened with total destruction. The estimated loss is $40,000. Most of the places destroyed were general merchandise stores. They were as follows: A. Powell, general merchandise, occupying two buildings; W. T. Callen, merchant; C. W. Robinson, general merchandise; Mrs. G. L. Phillips, millinery; J. E Evans, general merchandise; A. C. Smith, merchant. All the buildings were frame structures.

Demopolis Cement Plant.

Work is being pushed on the cement plant at Demopolis. The mill will be equipped at present with a capacity of 500 barrels per day, but only half of the force is expended in this, so that as soon as everything gets straightened out it will be easy to increase to full capacity, or 1000 barrels a day.

New Sawmills.

The Bridgeport Woodenw[illegible] facturing Company has [illegible] machinery and secured [illegible] men for the manufacture of [illegible] which from now on will [illegible] the company's output.

Capt. H. L. Wood has p[illegible] tract of land near Demop[illegible] he will erect a saw, planing [illegible] gle mill. The style of the [illegible] be the H. L. Wood Lumber [illegible] The capacity of the sawm[illegible] 25,000 feet daily; the pl[illegible] feet daily and the shingle [illegible] 000.

F. C. Turner & Co., of M[illegible] rebuilt their sash, door and [illegible] tory, recently destroyed by [illegible] have resumed work. The [illegible] is of the latest design and [illegible] ern make.

George Johnson's dry kil[illegible] was destroyed by fire recen[illegible]

E. C. and W. V. Grace [illegible] moved their stave plant fr[illegible] head, Miss., to Birmingham [illegible] actively engaged in erecti[illegible] buildings.

New Rolling Mill

The Anniston Rolling [illegible] pany, capital $50,000, has [illegible] corporated at Anniston. T[illegible] are: Thomas J. Rowley, p[illegible] William Davies, secretary [illegible] urer; Ernest F. Rowley, sa[illegible] ent. All of the officers of [illegible] pany are practical rolling [illegible] and are from Birmingham [illegible] they have been connected [illegible] nent capacities with large co[illegible] of a similar character.

Two Hundred Cars Ord[illegible]

Orders for the building of [illegible] cars have been received by [illegible] ton plant of the Southern [illegible] Foundry Company. Work [illegible] at once on the new order[illegible] plant will be kept busy fill[illegible] Fifty stock cars for the [illegible] Railway company will be [illegible] fifty flats will be made for [illegible] taw, Oklahoma & Gulf railr[illegible] largest order, that of 100 c[illegible] from the New Orleans & N[illegible] railroad.

Sunday-school Association.

March 31 has been desi[illegible] twentieth century beat [illegible] day in Jefferson county, and [illegible] date beat conventions will be [illegible] practically all the beats in th[illegible] by the Sunday-school As[illegible] At least thirty-two convent[illegible] be held and they will be p[illegible] in by not less than 12,000 [illegible] persons.

Work on Ship Canal s[illegible]

The appropriation for w[illegible] ship canal of Mobile bay ha[illegible] hausted and the work stopp[illegible] will be no more work done [illegible] other appropriation becomes [illegible] and a new contract is ma[illegible] Rossel thinks this cannot be [illegible] fore the 1st of May, if [illegible] moves smoothly and the [illegible] tion is made immediately [illegible]

New Broom Factory

The Tuscumbia Broom M[illegible] ing Company has been orga[illegible] number of well-known bus[illegible] with a capital stock sufficie[illegible] chase the necessary mach[illegible] equipping a [illegible] industry of [illegible] capable of manufacturing s[illegible] dred brooms daily and to [illegible] plant successfully.

"Carrollton now has tele[illegible] nection with Dillburg, Vir[illegible] conia, Bridgeville, Garden[illegible] ville and Columbus."

The Anniston carpet [illegible] thirty-five looms in operati[illegible] turning out 6000 yards of [illegible] pet weekly and have order[illegible] to run the mill five mo[illegible] more looms are now bei[illegible] Much of the product of th[illegible] going to Chicago, rolls [illegible] 130 yards each being turne[illegible]

The governor Friday [illegible] nominated Col. W. W. Br[illegible] Adjutant General of the [illegible] National Guard. Colonel [illegible] has made an excellent offi[illegible] appointment will be very [illegible] to the citizen soldiery of th[illegible]

Sicilian bandits and G[illegible] taineers have much to lea[illegible] superior Occidental meth[illegible] Omaha kidnappers in e[illegible] ransom.

If fish is a brain food [illegible] dents along the Nile a[illegible] short on brains. Not v[illegible] plentiful in that river, h[illegible] 2200 varieties.

L. ARP'S LETTER

[illegible] Is Besieged With [illegible] For Information.

[illegible] PEOPLE SEEK KNOWLEDGE.

[illegible] Sorely Regrets Inability to [illegible] All of Them Would Be Gratified.

[illegible] and honored to receive [illegible] day from young girls and [illegible] south asking for information [illegible] subject or for help in [illegible] or for a start in a [illegible] start. These young [illegible] generally from the country, [illegible] are scarce and their eager [illegible] knowledge and mental im[illegible] is very gratifying. I wish [illegible] three or four men so that I [illegible] to all their letters and [illegible] their requests. I reply [illegible] as I can, but I cannot take [illegible] write compositions, even if it [illegible] to do so. One boy begs me to [illegible] speech, a humorous speech, [illegible] up by asking me please to [illegible] so that he may take choice. [illegible] that some of the good ladies [illegible] Atlanta Woman's club are mov[illegible] the country schools with [illegible] libraries of good books and the [illegible] railway has donated neat [illegible] for them. This, of course, [illegible] county, but it is a move [illegible] right direction, and will, no [illegible] stimulate the ladies of other [illegible] to do the same thing. It is the [illegible] thing that I have heard of a [illegible] club doing. The desire for [illegible] read is almost universal [illegible] young people of the rural [illegible] and they should be encour[illegible] Books are cheaper than ever [illegible] own, and cheap bookcases [illegible] for a few dollars each.

[illegible] at all intimate with Mr. [illegible] but if I was I would whisper [illegible] philanthropic ear and suggest [illegible] his attention for awhile [illegible] towns and villages and let the [illegible] alone. Our Cartersville [illegible] Club is struggling hard to [illegible] up their little library, but are [illegible] by the men of the [illegible] Their books are out all the [illegible] are read and re-read by [illegible] children whose fathers do [illegible] dollar to help maintain the [illegible] This may be thoughtlessness, [illegible] I have suggested that the ladies [illegible] and see who will give 50 [illegible] cents, or even 10 cents a [illegible] to keep up the supply and pay [illegible] rent and incidental ex[illegible] Of course the character of [illegible] must be thoroughly consid[illegible] Nothing sectional or trashy or [illegible] but only those that "point [illegible] or adorn a tale." Every pub[illegible] should have a burning com[illegible] such as they have at Forsyth, [illegible]

[illegible] boy from Alabama writes [illegible] name is John Jones, and wants [illegible] when and how he got it; says [illegible] and grandfather had the [illegible], but they died without [illegible] where they got it. He says his [illegible] is named Will Higgin[illegible] and he, too, wants to know [illegible] his name came from. I admire [illegible] curiosity, for our name is [illegible] and every boy ought to [illegible] put it up and what it reads. [illegible] is too big a thing to tell [illegible] names in a letter like [illegible] must tell Jack and Bill [illegible]

[illegible] as old as the Christian era, [illegible] "Whom Jehovah loves." I [illegible] very well who lived near [illegible] his four sons were named [illegible] Mark, Luke and John, and his [illegible] daughters were named Mary and [illegible] Those good old time people [illegible] reverence for the Bible and [illegible] names. One of my father's cus[illegible] was named Shadrack Bogan, [illegible] three sons were Shadrack, [illegible] and Abednego. Another [illegible] David Allan, named his [illegible], and for a wonder he was [illegible] and made a good man, and [illegible] David, had no occasion to [illegible] "Oh, Absalom, my son, my son!" [illegible] in the course of time the peo[illegible] and multiplied so that [illegible] had to have two names, [illegible] to distinguish them, and so [illegible] was called Johnson in Eng[illegible] John Johns in Welsh. After [illegible] it became John Jones. The [illegible] are all of Welsh origin. The [illegible] was a brave, religious people, [illegible] the English for many cen[illegible] They never did submit until [illegible] promised that no king should [illegible] except one born on their [illegible] and he should be called the prince [illegible] King Edward's son hap[illegible] to be born at a beautiful little [illegible] town named Caernavron, and [illegible] accepted him as their future [illegible] called him the prince of [illegible] and that is how the title start[illegible] King Edward II.

[illegible] there was another Welsh [illegible] distinguishing the son from [illegible] The little word "Ap" [illegible] of, and it used to be writ[illegible] Jones, but in course of [illegible] little middle word was drop[illegible] It is a little singular that away [illegible] the tenth century the [illegible] who had been fighting [illegible] in civil wars for two han[illegible] at last made friends and [illegible] up Howell for their king, [illegible] a son named Evan. He [illegible] man, and his subjects al[illegible] him Howell Da—Howell [illegible] That must be our Evan, of [illegible] Constitution. He has [illegible] hid out all these years. I [illegible] chamber of commerce gave [illegible] yesterday and Evan Howell

New Sawmills.

The Bridgeport Woodenw[illegible] facturing Company has a[illegible] machinery and secured exp[illegible] men for the manufacture of [illegible] which from now on will be [illegible] the company's output.

Capt. H. L. Wood has pu[illegible] tract of land near Demopo[illegible] he will erect a saw, planing [illegible] gle mill. The style of the [illegible] be the H. L. Wood Lumber C[illegible] The capacity of the sawmill [illegible] 25,000 feet daily, the plane[illegible] feet daily and the shingle [illegible] 000.

F. C. Turner & Co., of Mob[illegible] rebuilt their sash, door and b[illegible] tory, recently destroyed by [illegible] have resumed work. The m[illegible] is of the latest design and m[illegible] ern make.

George Johnson's dry kiln, a[illegible] was destroyed by fire recently.

E. C. and W. V. Grace h[illegible] moved their stave plant fro[illegible] head, Miss., to Birmingham, [illegible] actively engaged in erecting [illegible] buildings.

New Rolling Mill.

The Anniston Rolling M[illegible] pany, capital $50,000, has [illegible] corporated at Anniston. The[illegible] are: Thomas J Rowley, p[illegible] William Davies, secretary a[illegible] urer; Ernest F. Rowley, supe[illegible] ent. All of the officers of [illegible] pany are practical rolling m[illegible] and are from Birmingham, [illegible] they have been connected i[illegible] nent capacities with large corp[illegible] of a similar character.

Two Hundred Cars Order[illegible]

Orders for the building of [illegible] cars have been received by the [illegible] ton plant of the Southern [illegible] Foundry Company. Work w[illegible] at once on the new orders [illegible] plant will be kept busy filling [illegible] Fifty stock cars for the [illegible] Railway company will be [illegible] fifty flats will be made for th[illegible] taw, Oklahoma & Gulf railro[illegible] largest order, that of 100 car[illegible] from the New Orleans & Nort[illegible] railroad.

Sunday-school Association [illegible]tion.

March 31 has been desig[illegible] twentieth century beat co[illegible] day in Jefferson county, and [illegible] date beat conventions will be [illegible] practically all the beats in th[illegible] by the Sunday-school Asso[illegible] At least thirty-two conventi[illegible] be held and they will be par[illegible] in by not less than 12,000 t[illegible] persons.

Work on Ship Canal Stop[illegible]

The appropriation for wo[illegible] ship canal of Mobile bay has [illegible] hausted and the work stopped. [illegible] will be no more work done [illegible] other appropriation becomes [illegible] and a new contract is made. [illegible] Rossel thinks this cannot be d[illegible] fore the 1st of May if e[illegible] moves smoothly and the o[illegible] tion is made immediately a[illegible]

New Broom Factory.

The Tuscumbia Broom Ma[illegible] ing Company has been orga[illegible] number of well-known busi[illegible] with a capital stock sufficie[illegible] chase the necessary machi[illegible] equipping a [illegible] industry of th[illegible] capable of manufacturing se[illegible] dred brooms daily, and to o[illegible] plant successfully.

"Carrollton now has telep[illegible] nection with Pittsburg, Vien[illegible] coma, Bridgeville, Garden[illegible] ville and Columbus."

The Anniston carpet m[illegible] thirty-five looms in operation [illegible] turning out 6000 yards of in[illegible] pet weekly and have orders [illegible] to run the mill five mont[illegible] more looms are now being [illegible] Much of the product of this [illegible] going to Chicago, rolls [illegible] 130 yards each being turned [illegible]

The governor Friday [illegible] nominated Col. W. W. Bra[illegible] Adjutant General of the [illegible] National Guard. Colonel [illegible] has made an excellent offic[illegible] appointment will be very [illegible] to the citizen soldiery of the [illegible]

Sicilian bandits and Gre[illegible] taineers have much to learn [illegible] superior Occidental method[illegible] Omaha kidnappers in co[illegible] ransom.

If fish is a brain food th[illegible] dents along the Nile shou[illegible] short on brains. Not only [illegible] plentiful in that river, but [illegible] 2200 varieties.

ARP'S LETTER

[illegible]her Is Besieged With [illegible]ests For Information.

[illegible]EOPLE SEEK KNOWLEDGE.

[illegible] Sorely Regrets Inability to [illegible] All of His Would-Be [illegible]

[illegible]pleased and honored to receive [illegible] every day from young girls and [illegible] the south asking for infor[illegible] on some subject or for help in [illegible] decide on for a start in a com[illegible] just a start. These young [illegible] generally from the country, [illegible] are scarce and their eager[illegible] knowledge and mental im[illegible] is very gratifying. I wish [illegible] three or four men so that I [illegible] good to all their letters and [illegible] their requests. I reply [illegible] as I can, but I cannot take [illegible] write compositions, even if it [illegible] to do so. One boy begs me to [illegible] a speech, a humorous speech, [illegible] up by asking me please to [illegible] so that he may take choice. [illegible] that some of the good ladies [illegible] Atlanta Woman's club are mov[illegible] supply the country schools with [illegible] series of good books and the [illegible] railway has donated neat [illegible] for them. This, of course, [illegible] Fulton county, but it is a move [illegible] right direction, and will, no [illegible] stimulate the ladies of other [illegible] do the same thing. It is the [illegible] thing that I have heard of a [illegible] club doing. The desire for [illegible] to read is almost universal [illegible] the young people of the rural [illegible] and they should be encour[illegible] Books are cheaper than ever [illegible] known, and cheap bookcases [illegible] had for a few dollars each.

[illegible] not at all intimate with Mr. [illegible] but if I was I would whisper [illegible] in his ear and suggest [illegible] turn his attention for a while [illegible] towns and villages and let the [illegible] alone. Our Cartersville [illegible] Club is struggling hard to [illegible] their little library, but are [illegible] encouraged by the men of the [illegible] Their books are out all the [illegible] and are read and re-read by [illegible] the children whose fathers do [illegible] a dollar to help maintain the [illegible] This may be thoughtlessness, [illegible] have suggested that the ladies [illegible] and see who will give 50 [illegible] 25 cents, or even 10 cents a [illegible] to keep up the supply and pay [illegible] rent and incidental ex[illegible] Of course the character of [illegible] must be the roughly consid[illegible] Nothing sectional or trashy or [illegible] but only those that "point [illegible] adorn a tale." Every pub[illegible] should have a burning com[illegible] such as they have at Forsyth.

[illegible] boy from Alabama writes [illegible] name is John Jones, and wants [illegible] when and how he got it; says [illegible] and grandfather had the [illegible] name, but they died without [illegible] where they got it. He says his [illegible] is named Will Higgin[illegible] and he, too, wants to know [illegible] name came from. I admire [illegible] curiosity, for our name is [illegible] board and every boy ought to [illegible] put it up and what it reads. [illegible] it is too big a thing to tell [illegible] names in a letter like [illegible] I must tell Jack and Bill [illegible]

[illegible] as old as the Christian era, [illegible] "Whom Jehovah loves." I [illegible] man very well who lived near [illegible] his four sons were named [illegible], Mark, Luke and John, and his [illegible] ters were named Mary and [illegible] Those good old time people [illegible] reverence for the Bible and [illegible] names. One of my father's cus[illegible] was named Shadrack Bogan, [illegible] three sons were Shadrack, [illegible] and Abedinego. Another [illegible], David Allan, named his [illegible] Solom, and for a wonder he was [illegible] boy and made a good man, and [illegible], David, had no occasion to [illegible] Absalom, my son, my son!" [illegible] in the course of time the peo[illegible] pased and multiplied so that [illegible] children had to have two names, [illegible] to distinguish them, and so [illegible] was called Johnson in Eng[illegible] John Johns in Welsh. After [illegible] it became John Jones. The [illegible] are all of Welsh origin. The [illegible] were a brave, religious people, [illegible] fight the English for many con[illegible] They never did submit until [illegible] promised that no king should [illegible] them, except one born on their [illegible] and he should be called the prince [illegible]. King Edward's son hap[illegible] to be born at a beautiful little [illegible] town named Carnarvon, and [illegible] Welsh accepted him as their future [illegible] and called him the prince of [illegible] and that is how the title start[illegible] was King Edward II.

[illegible] there was another Welsh [illegible] distinguishing the son from [illegible]. The little word "Ap" [illegible] son of, and it used to be writ[illegible] as Ap Jones, but in course of [illegible] little middle word was drop[illegible]

[illegible] is a little singular that away [illegible] in the tenth century the [illegible] people who had been fighting [illegible] in civil wars for two hun[illegible] years at last made friends and [illegible] David ap Howell for their king, [illegible] had a son named Evan. He [illegible] good man, and his subjects al[illegible] called him Howell Da—Howell [illegible]. That must be our Evan, of [illegible] Atlanta Constitution. He has [illegible] hid out all these years. I [illegible] the chamber of commerce gave [illegible] met yesterday and Evan Howell responded to the toast "Good Fellowship." That suited him exactly, I know, and had I been there I would have told how his great ancestor was called the "Da" and was the last King of Wales. I called him over the telephone this morning and said, "Hello Da!" and he answered "Here!"

Now, about Bill Higginbotham. That is old Anglo Saxon, and means a mountain ark. The old name was hicken. Probably the old ancestor took his name from an ash tree that shades his house. Names were scarce and people took their surnames from objects of nature, such as hill, fountain, dale, peak, pine, plant, oaks, chestnut, grub, twigs, branch, water, pool, moon, star, cloud and so forth; or from their occupations as baker, farmer, carpenter, mason, miller, gardener, granger and all the family of smiths who were the smiters of iron and silver and gold.

All who were detailed to watch for an invading enemy were called smiters or smiths. John Smith was originally John, the smiter. Captain John Smith was an illustrious type of that class. When names were too long to pronounce readily, they were shortened up. Peter, who lived at the Seven Oaks, was called Peter Svnoaks; then Peter Snooks, and that's how our Atlanta friend came by his name.

The name Coward was originally cow herd—a herder of cattle—and was not improved much by the change. The adjutant of our brigade was named Coward, and the army had no braver soldier. He lost an arm at Chickahominy. He always signed his name A. Coward, adj't. genl., and being asked why he did not sign his full name, said: "Well, my first name, unfortunately, is Adam, and it is not quite so bad to be a coward as it is to be a-dam coward."

A few centuries ago every civilized nation had to adopt a prefix or a suffix so as to prevent the confusion of names. The English added son to most of their names, as Johnson, Williamson, Jackson, Thompson, etc. The Scotch prefix with Mac. Irish with Mac or Mc for son and O for grandson. The French took De or Du. The Normans used Fitz or fils (from Latin of filius, a son). The Russians took vitch from the same word.

Then there are many nicknames to be accounted for, such as Bob, Bill, Dick, Jack, Jim, Sally, Polly, Betsy, etc. I don't know how these started, but some of them came out of the collieries of England and the quarries of Wales, for every miner has a nickname as Noxey, Soaker, Shanks, Jigger or something easy to call. I had a schoolmate whose name was Milville Young. One day he was trying to do a sum in Fellowship at the blackboard and wrote down what he intended—To-D—but it looked like tod, and the teacher said, "What do you mean by tod?" That was enough for the boys. They began to call him Tod, and they never quit, and he was known as Tod Young all his after life.

But the girls are not so much interested in names, for almost every girl expects to change hers when the right young man comes along. She is not obliged to marry a man named Cruikshanks or Snoozlefanter or Hogg, but I've known them to do it, and they did very well.

P. S.—In my last letter the types made me to say 236,000 confederate soldiers. It should be 766,000, all told from the beginning to the end of the war.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

Australia does not propose that her light shall be hid under a bushel. The lighthouse at Sydney is served by electricity, with 180,000 candle power, and the light itself can be seen for fifty miles at sea.

Charles R. Flint thinks that, with our untold natural resources, with out inexhaustible supply of metals and coal, with out great forests, with every variety of soil and climate, with the most industrious, most intelligent and most contented of peoples working under the best conditions of modern methods, Americans are destined to become the economic masters of the world.

Facts and figures and details from over sea show that a French railroad is now running the fastest daily express in the world, and that the laurels of the Flying Dutchman, the Flying Scotchman, the Irish Mail and the swiftest of American trains are now withered. Can it be that our Yankee ambition for the international championship with space-devouring engines will permit our Gallic friends to retain the blue ribbon? Perish the thought! We ould tax finest locomotives, and we ought to defy competition in the speed of our expresses.

Like a leaf out of an old-fashioned novel or a scene from what London would call "the transpontine melodrama," is the story that the London Daily Mail publishes from Scotland. For thirty years no man has seen the face of the hermit "Laird of the Fife Isle estate," near Dundee. For some reason he withdrew even from his servants, and when he required food it was placed near his door, a bell was sounded, the maid withdrew—and the Laird ate in solemn solitude. Well, the old hermit is dead, and a young fellow in the Seaforth Highlanders, now in the Soudan, has fallen heir to the millions.

WRITING BY ELECTRICITY.

Telautographs Invented Both in England and America.

According to the London Electrician, the Ritchie telautograph, while possessing certain fundamental features in common with the Gray telautograph, has certain interesting characteristics of its own. The salient features are two conducting circuits, each with ground return, one for one rectangular component and the other for the other rectangular component of the motion of the pen. The instrument dots its "i's" and crosses its "t's," and appears to render a fairly good copy of the sender's handwriting. There is also a telephone attachment for oral communication. The receiving apparatus are really two powerful galvanometers, with locally excited electromagnets. In view of its tests the apparatus seems to be applicable to lines which are comparatively short, and it does not appear that it could compete with the ordinary telegraph in speed, as the best it can do would be 25 words a minute over two conducting wires, while the Morse circuit would give the same speed over each of the two wires. The chief advantage of the system would be to dispense with the services of skilled operators at the station, and its greatest possibility would seem to be use as an adjunct to telephones in business offices. With it signatures could be made to documents, and other transactions of like nature might be carried on at a distance, but at the same time the complexity of the present telephone system is great enough to defer adding to it with a still more complicated system of telautographic instruments. The experiments thus far have shown that writing and sketches are reproduced legibly and distinctly, and, while the handwriting is somewhat distorted, its character does not disappear.

It is reported from Kansas City that three electricians there have invented a telautograph, which they call a postal electrodupligraph, which they claim will duplicate, through any distance, any manuscript, whether written or printed. The inventors have not yet patented the apparatus, and pending the application refuse to divulge the exact manner in which the work is done. They say, however, that it is a sort of photographic process, through the use of certain electric currents. The copy on the receiving end is produced by the action of electricity on a certain kind of chemically prepared paper, the cost of which is but a little more than that of ordinary paper. Enormous speed is claimed, and the inventor declares that the system is simpler than that of the telephone.

Power From a Solar Motor.

A device for the utilization of the sun's heat in creating power has just been put into operation at South Pasadena, Cal. The device comprises a funnel-shaped reflector 33 1-2 feet in diameter at the top and 15 feet at the bottom, and containing on its surface 1,788 mirrors. The reflector is set on two fixed supports in such a manner that it may follow the movement of the sun, and is kept in focus by clock-work. The adjustment of the mirrors is such that the sun's rays are concentrated on a boiler, tubular in form, 13 1-2 feet in length, with a capacity of 100 gallons of water and eight feet additional for steam space. The concentration of heat is capable of raising the temperature to several thousand degrees, but the boiler is prevented from being superheated by the water within it, which is brought to 350 or 400 degrees. The engine is fed and the supply of water in the boiler is maintained automatically and the only attention necessary to operate the machine is to adjust the mirror to focus and set in operation in the morning. This motor is pumping from a large underground tank at the rate of 1,400 gallons a minute.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Analytical Portraiture.

The idea of combining many pictures in one composite photograph, so as to get a type face, was brought out nearly twenty years ago by Francis Galton, F. R. S., who has now devised the opposite plan of analytical portraiture in which it is sought to record what is individual in the expression by combining different photographs of the same face. Two portraits, for example, may show a man with normal expression and when he is smiling. On placing a carefully made positive of one picture on a negative of the other, details common to both are obliterated, and the result is that only the smile is left. When the process is fully worked out, it is expected to give physiologists and artists an important means of analyzing expression. From the portrait mentioned, it has been learned already that the smile is an act involving the whole face, and not, as we have been led to believe, simply a few muscles around the mouth.

A Floating Monte Carlo.

A syndicate has been formed for a floating Monte Carlo to be moored off the English coast somewhere just beyond the three-mile limit. Negotiations are pending for an obsolete Atlantic liner, which would be turned into a miniature casino, at a total cost including the first outlay for the hulk, of $250,000. The idea is to provide a haunt for gamblers within easy reach of London, but beyond the reach of the betting laws of the realm; and, of course, capital for running the tables would have to be provided to the additional tune of some hundred thousand pounds. It is understood that the Brighton coast is thought of.—Norwich (Eng.) Daily Press.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Speak For the Right—Diabolical Agencies Active—Silence is Not Golden While There Are Evils—Be Ready When Christianity is Assailed.

[Copyrighted 1887.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls for a more demonstrative religion and a hearty speaking out on the right side of everything; text, Mark ix. 25, "Thou dumb and deaf spirit, I charge thee, come out of him."

Here was a case of great domestic anguish. The son of the household was possessed of an evil spirit, which among other things paralyzed his tongue and made him speechless. When the influence was on the patient he could not say a word—articulation was impossible. The spirit that captured this member of the household was a dumb spirit—so called by Christ—a spirit abroad to-day and as lively and potent as in New Testament times. Yet, in all the realms of sermonology I cannot find a discourse concerning this devil which Christ charged upon in my text, saying, "Come out of him."

There has been much destructive superstition abroad in the world concerning possession of evil spirits. Under the form of belief in witchcraft this delusion swept the continents. Persons were supposed to be possessed with some evil spirit which made them able to destroy others. In the sixteenth century in Geneva 1500 persons were burned to death as witches. Under one judge, in Lorraine, 900 persons were burned to death as witches. In one neighborhood of France 1000 persons were burned. In two centuries 200,000 persons were slain as witches. So mighty was the delusion that it included among its victims some of the greatest intellects of all time, such as Chief Justice Matthew Hale and Sir Edward Coke, and such renowned ministers of religion as Cotton Mather, one of whose books Benjamin Franklin said shaped his life—and Richard Baxter and Archbishop Cranmer and Martin Luther, and among writers and philosophers Lord Bacon. That belief which has become the laughing stock of all sensible people counted its disciples among the wisest and best people of Sweden, Germany, England, France, Spain and New England. But while we reject witchcraft, any man who believes the Bible must believe that there are diabolical agencies abroad in the world. While there are ministering spirits to bless there are infernal spirits to hinder, to poison and to destroy. Christ was speaking to a spiritual existence when standing before the afflicted one of the text He said, "Thou dumb and deaf spirit, come out of him."

Against this dumb devil of the text I put you on your guard. Do not think that this agent of evil has put his blight on those who by omission of the vocal organs have had the golden gates of speech bolted and barred. Among those who have never spoken a word are the most gracious and lovely and talented souls that were ever incarnated. The chaplains of the asylums for the dumb can tell you enchanting stories of those who never called the name of father or mother or child, and many of the most devout and prayerful souls will never in this world speak the name of God or Christ.

Many a deaf mute have I seen with the angel of intelligence seated at the window of the eye, who never came forth from the door of the mouth. What a miracle of loveliness and knowledge was Laura Bridgman, of New Hampshire, not only without faculty of speech, but without hearing and without sight, all these faculties removed by sickness when two years of age, yet becoming a wonder at needlework, at the piano, at the sewing machine and an intelligent student of the Scriptures and confounding philosophers who came from all parts of the world to study the phenomenon. Thanks to Christianity for what it has done for the amelioration of the condition of the deaf and the dumb. Back in the ages they were put to death as having no right, with such paucity of equipment, to live, and for centuries they were classed among the idiotic and unsafe. But in the sixteenth century came Pedro Ponce, the Spanish monk, and in the seventeenth century came Juan Pablo Bonet, another Spanish monk, with dactylology, or the finger alphabet, and in our own century we have had John Braidwood and Drs. Mitchell and Ackerly and Peet and Gallaudet, who have given to uncounted thousands of those whose tongues were forever silent the power to spell out on the air by a manual alphabet their thoughts about this world and their hopes for the next. We rejoice in the brilliant inventions in behalf of those who were born dumb.

One of the most impressive audiences I ever addressed was in the Far West, an audience of about 600 persons, who had never heard a sound or spoken a word, an interpreter standing beside me while I addressed them. I congratulated that audience on two advantages they had over the most of us—the one that they escaped hearing a great many disagreeable things and on the other fact that they escaped saying things they were sorry for afterward.

Yet after all the alleviations of a shackled tongue is an appalling limitation. But we are not this morning speaking of congenial mutes. We mean those who are born with all the faculties of vocalization and yet have been struck by the evil one mentioned in the text—the dumb devil to whom Christ called when He said, "Thou dumb and deaf spirit, I charge thee, come out of him."

There has been apotheosization of silence. Some one has said silence is golden, and sometimes the greatest triumph is to keep your mouth shut. But sometimes silence is a crime, and the direct result of the baleful influence of the dumb devil of our text. There is hardly a man or woman who has not been present on some occasion when the Christian religion became a target for raillery. Perhaps it was over in the store some day when there was not much going on and the clerks were in a group, or it was in the factory at the noon spell, or it was out on the farm under the trees while you were resting, or it was in the clubroom, or it was in a social circle, or it was in the street on the way home from business, or it was on some occasion which you remember without my describing it. Some one got the laugh on the Bible and caricatured the profession of religion as hypocrisy or made a pun out of something that Christ said. The laugh started, and you joined in, and not one word of protest did you utter. What kept you silent? Modesty? No. Incapacity to answer? No. Lack of opportunity? No. It was a blow on both your lips by the wing of the dumb devil. If some one should malign your father or mother or wife or husband or child, you would flush up quick and either with an indignant word or doubled up fist make response. And yet here is our Christian religion, which has done so much for you and so much for the world that it will take all eternity to celebrate it, and yet when it was attacked you did not so much as say: "I differ. I object. I am sorry to hear you saw that. There is another side to this." You Christian people ought in such times as these go armed, not with earthly weapons, but with the sword of the Spirit. You ought to have four or five questions with which you could confound any man who attacks Christianity. A man ninety years old was telling me how he put to flight a scoffer. My aged friend said to the skeptic, "Did you ever read the history of Joseph in the Bible?" "Yes," said the man, "it is a fine story and as interesting a story as I ever read." "Well, now," said my old friend, "suppose that account of Joseph stopped half way?" "Oh," said the man, "then it would not be entertaining." "Well, now," said my friend, "we have in this world only half of everything, and do you not think that when we hear the last half things may be consistent and that then we may find that God was right?"

Oh, friends, better load up with a few interrogation points. You cannot afford to be silent when God and the Bible and the things of eternity are assailed. Your silence gives consent to the heartbreaks of your Father's home. You allow a slur to be cast on your mother's dying pillow. In behalf of the Christ, who for you went through the agonies of assassination on the rocky bluff back of Jerusalem, you dared not face a sickly joke. Better load up with a few questions, so that next time you will be ready. Say to the scoffer, "My dear sir, will you tell me what makes the difference between the conditions of woman in China and the United States? What do you think of the sermon on the mount? How do you like the golden rule laid down in the Scriptures? Are you in favor of the Ten Commandments? In your large and extensive reading have you come across a lovelier character than Jesus Christ? Will you please to name the triumphant deathbeds of infidels and atheists?

"How do you account for the fact that among the out-and-out believers in Christianity were such persons as Benjamin Franklin, John Ruskin, Thomas Carlyle, Babington Macaulay, William Penn, Walter Scott, Charles Kingsley, Horace Bushnell, James A. Garfield, Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, Admiral Foote, Admiral Farragut, Ulysses S. Grant, John Milton, William Shakespeare, Chief Justice Marshall, John Adams, Daniel Webster, George Washington? How do you account for their fondness for the Christian religion?

"Among the innumerable colleges and universities of the earth will you name me three started by infidels and now supported by infidels? Down in your heart are you really happy in the position you occupy antagonistic to the Christian religion?

Go at him with a few such questions, and he will get so red in the face as to suggest apoplexy, and he will look at his watch and say he has an engagement and must go. You will put him in a sweat that will beat a Turkish bath. You will put him on a rout compared with which our troops at Bull Run made no time at all.

Arm yourself, not with arguments, but interrogation points, and I promise you victory. Shall such a man as you, shall such a woman as you, surrender to one of the meanest spirits that ever smoked up from the pit—the dumb devil spoken of in the text?

But then there are occasions when this particular spirit that Christ exorcised when He said, "I charge thee to come out of him" takes people by the wholesale. In the most responsive religious audience have you noticed how many people never sing at all? They have a book, and they have a voice, and they know how to read. They know many of the tunes and yet are silent while the great raptures of music pass by. Among those who sing not one out of a hundred sings loud enough to hear his own voice. They hum it. They give a sort of religious grunt. They make the lips go, but it is inaudible. With a voice strong enough to stop a street car one block away, all they can afford in the praise of God is about half a whisper. With enough sopranos, enough altos, enough bassos to make a small heaven between the four walls, they let the opportunity go by unimproved. The volume of voice that ascends from the largest audience that ever assembled ought to be multiplied two thousandfold. But the minister rises and gives out the hymn, the organ begins, the choir or preceptor leads, the audience are standing so that the lungs may have full expansion, and a mighty harmony is about to ascend when the evil spirit spoken of in my text—the dumb devil—spreads his two wings over the lips of one-half the audience, and the other wing over the lips of the other half of the audience, and the voices roll back into the throats from which they started, and only here and there anything is heard, and nine-tenths of the holy power is destroyed, and the dumb devil, as he flies away, says, "I could not keep Isaac Watts from writing that hymn, and I could not keep Lowell Mason from composing the tune to which it is set, but I smote into silence or half silence the lips from which it would have spread abroad to bless neighborhoods and cities and then mount the wide open heavens." Give the long meter doxology the full support of Christendom and those four lines would take the whole earth for God.

This is the way I account for the fact that the stupidest places on earth are some prayer meetings. I do not see how a man keeps any grace if he regularly attends them. They are spiritual refrigerators. Religion kept on ice. How many of us have lost occasions of usefulness!

In a sculptor's studio stood a figure of the god Opportunity. The sculptor had made the hair fall down over the face of the statue so as to completely cover it, and there were wings to the feet. When asked why he so represented Opportunity the sculptor answered, "The face of the statue is thus covered up because we do not recognize Opportunity when it comes, and the wings of the feet show that Opportunity is swiftly gone."

But do not let the world deride the church because of all this, for the dumb devil is just as conspicuous in the world. The great political parties assemble at the proper time to build platforms for the candidates to stand on. A committee of each party is appointed to make the platform. After proper deliberation the committees come in with a ringing report, "whereas" and "whereas" and "whereas." Pronunciamentos all shaped with the one idea of getting the most votes. All expression in regard to the great moral evils of the country ignored. No expression in behalf of temperate living, for that would lose the vote of the liquor traffic. No expression in regard to the universal attempt at the demolition of the Lord's day. No recognition of God in the history of nations, for that would lose the vote of atheists. But "whereas" and "whereas" and "whereas." Nine cheers will be given for the platform. The dumb devil of the text puts one wing over the one platform and the other wing over the other platform. Those great conventions are opened with prayer by their chaplains. If they avoided platitudes and told the honest truth in their prayers they would say: "O Lord, we want to be postmasters and consuls and foreign ministers and United States district attorneys. For that we are here and for that we will strive till the election next November. Give us office or we die. Forever and ever, Amen."

The world, to say the least, is no better than the church on this subject of silence at the wrong time. In other words, is it not time for Christianity to become pronounced and aggressive as never before? Take sides for God and sobriety and righteousness.

"If the Lord be God, follow Him; if Baal, then follow him." Have you opportunity of rebuking a sin? Rebuke it. Have you a chance to cheer a disheartened soul? Cheer it. Have you a useful word to speak? Speak it.

Be out and out, up and down for righteousness. If your ship is afloat on the Pacific Ocean of God's mercy, hang out your colors from the masthead. Show your passport if you have one. Do not smuggle your soul into the harbor of heaven. Speak out for God! Close up the chapter of lost opportunities, and open a new chapter. Before you get to the door on your way out shake hands with some one, and ask him to join you on the road to heaven. Do not drive up to heaven in a two-wheeled "sulky" with room only for one, and that yourself, but get the biggest gospel wagon you can find, and pile it full of friends and neighbors, and shout till they hear you all up and down the skies, "Come with us, and we will do you good, for the Lord hath spoken good concerning Israel."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR FEBRUARY 24.

Subject: Jesus in Gethsemane. Math. xxvi., 36-46—Golden Text, Luke xx., 46—Memory Verses, 39-46—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

36. "Then." This was about midnight. "Cometh." After they had left the upper room where they had eaten the paschal supper. "With them." There were only eleven now; Judas was absent making arrangements for the betrayal. "Unto a place." Jesus oftentimes resorted to this quiet retreat with His disciples (John 18: 2) for refreshment, retirement, quiet instruction and perhaps prayer. "Gethsemane." The name means oil press, an emblem of trial, distress, agony. "Sit ye here." He left eight of the disciples at the entrance of the garden. "Pray." Christ frequently went alone to pray.

37. "Took with Him." Further into the garden, to a spot more retired. "Two sons of Zebedee." James and John. The three disciples Jesus took with Him had been witnesses of His transfiguration and glory, and were to behold His humiliation and agony. "Began to be sorrowful." To be penetrated with the most exquisite sorrow and overwhelmed with deep anguish. "Very heavy." Sore troubled; a stronger word than the other.

38. "Even unto death." My soul is so dissolved in sorrow. My spirit is filled with such agony and anguish, that if speedy succor be not given to My body death must be the immediate consequence. "It was an agony that would destroy His life if it continued." This sorrow He felt for the sins of a lost race, Isaiah 53:4 explains it. The agony became so great that His sweat was great drops of blood falling down to the ground. "Tarry ye here." Spoken to the three disciples. "Watch with Me." It was not a sign of human weakness that in such an hour as this Christ sought for human sympathy; this desire for fellowship in hours of darkness and of sorrow is strongest in the hearts in which love is the richest.

39. "A little farther." About a stone's cast (Luke); 150 to 200 feet. There were now three divisions to the little company—the eight, the three and Jesus alone. "On His face." This was the ordinary posture of the supplicant when the favor asked was great, and deep humiliation required. The head was put between the knees, and the forehead brought to touch the earth. "My Father." In all our addresses to God we should eye Him as a Father—as our Father, and it is in a special manner helpful to do so when we are in an agony. "If it be possible," etc. This has been generally explained in a way to make it appear that Christ was fervently asking the Father, if possible, to remove the cup of His coming death and sufferings from Him. A more satisfactory explanation is that Christ was asking the Father to remove the present cup of intense suffering, which was done when the angel came strengthening Him. Jesus knew that it was the divine purpose that He should come to the cross, and it was in harmony with this plan that He asked that the death agonies of this hour might pass from Him. Christ prayed to have the suffering that threatened His life there in the garden relieved in order that He might go on and finish. The great horror of Jesus in the garden arose, not from fear of Calvary, but from fear of failure, through physical suffering, to reach Calvary, and thus to lose all for which He left heaven. "Not as I will." If it is Thy will that I should die here in the garden instead of dying on the cross, as foretold, I submit. He was entirely resigned to His Father's will.

40. "Cometh unto the disciples." He did this three times during this awful hour. He apparently desired communion with them and the sympathy and comfort which they could give. "Asleep." Luke says they were sleeping for sorrow. And yet we cannot help feeling that if they had had a deeper sympathy with Christ and a fuller realization of the crisis they would have kept awake, and not have been found sleeping on guard. Christ's gentle reproof implies this. "Unto Peter." Peter had just made loud professions. "With Me." He was suffering for them, but only expected that they would watch with Him. "One hour." Sometimes Christ continued in prayer all night, but He only asked them to watch with Him one hour.

41. "Watch and pray." A testing time is coming, and you will need to watch carefully and pray earnestly. The Christian is in danger of falling a prey to the world, the flesh and the devil. The person who fails to watch opens the door for the tempter to enter. We should guard every avenue of approach and see to it that the enemy does not enter unawares. But watching and praying go together. Prayer without watching is hypocrisy. "Into temptation." The enemy was near at hand; they were about to undergo a very severe test. Would their faith and courage fail them? God is able to keep us from entering into temptations, even though we may be in the midst of temptations. "The spirit indeed is willing," etc. They desired to watch with Him and thus show their sympathy and love for Him, but their bodies and minds were weak.

42. "The second time." His going the second and third times shows how great was the burden, and His intense earnestness and perseverance. What an example is this to us? If it were necessary for Christ to pray three times, how many times ought we to pray?

43. "Their eyes were heavy." They could not keep them open; they were not able to resist drowsiness. Mark tells us that they knew not what to answer Him when He aroused them from their slumbers. They had no excuse to offer.

44. "The same words." They best expressed the desire of His heart. It is certainly right for God's people to use the same words in prayer again and again, when they come from hearts filled with strong desire.

45. "Sleep on now." Jesus had gained the victory. The hour for watching was over, and now they could take their rest. But how is this to be reconciled with the command to rise (v. 46)? Some think this was spoken ironically, and should be read in the form of a question. Do you still sleep on? But probably there was a short period of time before the command came to rise.

46. "Let us be going." To meet Judas and the soldiers. Jesus is ready, and He knows what is before Him. Without hesitancy He turns His face toward His terrible sufferings of the cross. He does not flee from danger, but goes willingly to His death, for for this cause came He into the world.

A prisoner in an Ohio jail has been punished because he insisted on having his striped trousers creased. It was ridiculous for the authorities to object. A man who could give thought to his personal appearance under such circumstances must have something good in him. And seeing that one of the difficulties with convicts is to make them keep neat, this fellow, instead of being punished, ought to have been made a "trusty."

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY COMER.

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.25

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

THE BANNER may possibly have been remiss in its duty to the people of Chilton county, but it has always endeavored to keep posted on all matters affecting the county. It was therefore with great surprise we read in last Friday's issue of the Montgomery Advertiser the following:

S. 457—To prevent stock from running at large in Chilton county. Passed.

We do not know who introduced this bill, nor at whose instigation it was introduced. But we do know that an overwhelming majority of the people of Chilton are strongly opposed to it, and we feel that the Senate could not have been well informed or it surely would not have passed such a bill.

We are not going to argue at this time whether stock law is good or bad for the county of Chilton—it may be good or it may be bad, that is a question for the people of Chilton to decide, and they have already declared they did not want it. If local self-government has any meaning at all, most assuredly the matter of stock running at large in an agricultural community is one that the people interested should have a voice in. Surely the Senate could not have known that Chilton county was utterly opposed to any such law, and that a county convention, called to discuss the matter had voted it down.

In political measures affecting the whole State, we can confidently say that Chilton county is willing to submit to the will of the majority, but in such an entirely local measure as a stock law for this particular county we must emphatically protest against its passage. We repeat that the Senate cannot have been well informed as to the wishes of the people of Chilton, and we earnestly hope that the House will be better instructed and will refuse to concur in its passage.

Disastrous Fire at Clanton.

(continued from 1st col., page 1)

the exception of Popwells most of the goods were saved but the two Popwells lost most of the stocks. The aggregate loss is estimated at about $4000 and no insurance.

It is expected that most of the stores will be rebuilt at once in brick. J. E. Evans has commenced a temporary structure for his present needs.

AN ORDINANCE

To establish and define the fire limits in the Town of Clanton, to regulate the erection and improving of buildings in said fire limits and to provide a penalty for the violation of the conditions of this ordinance.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of Clanton, that, that part of the Town of Clanton lying on the East side of the South and North Alabama Railroad and known as lots nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen in block number eight, and lots number one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight in block number nine; and lots number one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight in block number ten shown upon the official map of the Town of Clanton, be and the same is hereby declared to constitute and embrace the fire limits of the Town of Clanton.

Section 2 Be it further ordained that it shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct or to cause or permit to be erected or constructed upon or within the area described in Section 1 of this ordinance, any frame building or building constructed of wood or to maintain any such building constructed or erected after the passage or adoption of this ordinance; or to repair or replace the roof or covering of any building, erected prior to the passage of this ordinance, within the area described in Section 1 of this ordinance, excepting that such repairing or replacing be done with slate, iron, tin or other metallic roofing.

Section 3. Be it further ordained, that no building or structure of any kind shall be erected within the area above described without the consent or permission of the Mayor and Council of Clanton, which said consent or permission shall be shown in the minutes of the proceedings of the Council of Clanton, provided, however, that the Mayor and Council may consent or permit the erection within the area above described, of frame or wooden buildings not exceeding eight feet in height, under such terms and conditions as to them may appear proper; and provided, further, that when any application is made to the Mayor or Council for consent or permission to erect any building, as provided by Section 3 of this ordinance, that the Mayor and Council may require of the party making such application, any and all desired information connected with the building sought to be erected.

Section 4. Be it further ordained, that any person who shall violate or cause to be violated any of the terms and conditions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction therefore, be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars and may also be sentenced to hard labor for a period not exceeding sixty days or both at the discretion of the Court.

Section 5. Be it further ordained, that any owner of, or any person, as agent or otherwise, who has charge of any lot situated within the fire limits as above described, who shall permit any building to remain upon said lot in violation of the terms of this ordinance, shall for each day that such building is so permitted to remain, be deemed guilty of a separate and distinct offence, and upon each conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Passed this the 16th day of February, 1901.

J. P. VANDERVEER, Mayor.

Countersigned,

A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Published by posting at the Court House door of Chilton county, in Clanton, Alabama, this the 16th day of February, 1901.

A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Will Boom His Business

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex. writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me a new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Cheaper Than Ever

SPRING GOODS COMING

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST BE SOLD UNDER COST.

BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:

Men's Suits : : : from $3 up
Boys' " : : : " 98c up

SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

H. TOURO, Clanton.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 a.m. Welcome Address, F. B. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:30. Current History, Judson Strock, H. L. Davis.

1:30 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Grant

2. Incentives to study, Thos Williams, Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Askins

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Hore, Miss Mary Moody.

7:30. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10 Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Rasco, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent, Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, S. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock.

J. W. MOORE, County Supt.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Greatest In The World

Within five years Cascarets have reached the largest sale of any liver or bowel medicine in the world, simply because they cure. They have great merit and we consider the sale of over six million boxes a year our best testimonial. No matter what ails you, start using Cascarets to-day and if you are not benefitted and in every way satisfied after you have given them a fair trial you can have your money back for the asking. There is no waste. They are put up in tablet form and every tablet is stamped "C. C. C." They don't cost much—10c, 25c and 50c a box and a 50c box will furnish a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Cascarets are the best and cheapest liver and bowel regulator in the world.

CORRESPONDENCE

(cont'nued from 2d col. page 1)

think the sooner they are taught a lesson or two the better. I reckon we have all heard the Democrats squeal about a Republican committee of Congress turning out Democrats, but did you ever know of a single instance when there was not Democrats for the election committee? Not one! But in my case our party was not represented, not a single friend of mine was put on the committee. Talk about partisan action here is a case where no one has ever stated that Oliver was elected, but he holds a stolen seat on account of his politics.

Well, I have made my contest, as my friends asked me to. I have the evidence of my election beyond a doubt, and if any of the rogues doubt when I say I was counted out by a Democratic board and that a Democratic Legislature endorsed the steal, I will take pleasure in meeting such one on the stump and prove my charge just as soon as we make nomination for a constitutional convention, let our party nominate whom they may. In conclusion, permit me to say that while I have spent my money, and my case has been like tracked in the committee, I am proud to announce that I am not dependent on a set of thieves for anything, and Lord knows I hope I will never get to the place that I cannot denounce highway robbery. These charges may seem pretty hard, but at the proper time it will be a pleasure to me to meet some of the beneficiaries of this steal on the stump, and let the people decide whether my charge is true or not. It has been demonstrated of late that it makes a Democrat mighty unpopular to be straight and honest while in office. I believe in political freedom and so long as I keep my breath I expect to fight such proceedings.

Very respectfully,

L. H. REYNOLDS.

"THE BEST ON EARTH"

TAILORING

IS MADE BY

LAMM & COMPANY

CHICAGO.

RELIABLE FABRICS,
FAREST WORKMANSHIP,
ENOWNED FITS,
REASONABLE PRICES.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

NOTICE

To the taxpayers of Beat Four.

Those of you who have failed to assess your taxes for the year 1901 will please call at the circuit clerk's office when in Clanton, where you will find me and my books at any time up to March 20, 1901.

M. F. LETT, Dep. Tax As'r.

Stops the cough and Works off the cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cures a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents

Shoults.

We are having some nice weather in Chilton now.

Miss Fannie Hicks visited Miss Lillie Latham Sunday.

Mr. Croford Shoults, of Lawley, visited Mr. J. J. Hicks Sunday.

Mr. Joe Hicks has returned to school again.

Mr. Jim Cash, of Vick, we are sorry to say, has gone to Texas where he will make his home for awhile.

Miss May Latham is visiting relatives at Centreville.

TWO JOLLY GIRLS.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employe of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cold and rough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr Honlehan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and I have since always turned to it when I get a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. J. Deramus, Verbena

Administrator's Notice.

The State of Alabama, } In Probate Court.
Chilton County. }

The 13th day of February, 1901.

This day came O. S. Welch, the administrator of the Estate of L. A. Welch, deceased, and filed his statements, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual statement of his administration of said estate according to law.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 4th day of March, 1901, be and it is hereby appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
January 18th 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks. Homestead entry, No. 30673, for the Nw ¼ of Section 32 Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best of all attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 25 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friend and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., for a sample copy and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery Court meets first Monday in February, fifth Monday in March, third Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 6½ cents.

Same date last year 8¾ cents.

Bales received to date: 1900 [illegible]; 1901 [illegible]

Pinckard & Co.	2818	[illegible]
Mullins	1932	[illegible]
Wilson	372	[illegible]
Downs	582	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]

Rev. W. B. Dennis and wife, of Pintensville, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. M. Adams.

Miss Annie Rushton of [illegible] is visiting Mrs. Hayes.

Mr. Leroy Watts came down from Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips and J. E. Evans take this opportunity of thanking those who so kindly rendered their assistance in rescuing their goods in the late fire and for acts of kindness extended.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips who was burned out the past week, says she will continue to carry on her millinery business. See her advertisement later. She respectfully asks all persons indebted to her to please come forward and settle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown, of Montgomery, have been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Foshee the past week.

Mrs. Prescott, of Verbena, is visiting her sister, Mr. S. E. Johnson.

TO KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mrs. Wm. White, of Lily, was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. W. I. Mullins visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Mrs. Dedwilder, of Lily, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Gore.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, we regret to learn, has been right sick with [illegible] the past week at Mr. J. P. [illegible]

Prof. E. C. Jones has been confined to his bed several days with [illegible].

We are glad to learn that Mr. E. Evans, who has been on the sick list for several days, is improving.

Mrs. Gartman is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Gullahorn, at Pratt City.

Mrs. E. T. Gullahorn has returned home from Pratt City, after a visit to her son, Mr. A. J. Gullahorn.

FIRE—For the present I have moved into W. Kanter's store. Call and see me. L. D. PORWELL.

The Clanton Drug Co., will refund your money if you are not benefited after using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness, constipation and headache. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to following persons.

Mr. J. T. Hamrick and Miss Mary Anderson; Mr. W. M. Wilson and Mrs. Ann Jones; Mr. G. Hamilton and Miss Sarah E. [illegible]; Mr. Clyde Pierce and Miss Josephine Goodson; Mr. Arthur J. Kerner and Miss Ethel [illegible]; Mr. J. A. Kicker and Miss Nettie C. Wells; Mr. L. B. [illegible] and Miss Frances M. [illegible]; Mr. Charley N. Shaw and Miss Martha J. Atkinson. Colored. Lenzy Sunday and [illegible] Peoples.

THE UTAH ORE PREPARATIONS;

On sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
Horn, Thorsby.
A. Ayers, Clanton.
N. A. LOGAN,
Agent for Chilton and [illegible] counties, Thorsby, Ala.

C. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Oysters during the Season

Highest market price for Game and Eggs.

LUNCH PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

C. K. LUNCH COUNTER

[illegible] RAILROAD, CLANTON.

C. H. STACY, Proprietor.

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LLINS

DON & GLOBE FIRE INSU
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formerly represented by

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ENSURED OF NEWARK, N
the largest sawing
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NORTH OFFICE CLANTON.

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PARTMENT

sold 25 per cent less than
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elsewhere for $1, we will
ers. We are your friend

1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, AL

STOCK!

increasing demands of
now laying in a NEW

KING, HATS
OES, ETC.
st styles and Newest Fashio
RIES and GENERAL ME
are of the finest grade
d always fresh.

THE SMALLEST MARGI
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D TO SERVE YOU
S, Clanton, Ala.

GIVEN AWAY
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great prizes to be given a

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 8½ cents.

Price same date last year 8¾ cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2318	2888
Mullins	1932	1966
Wilson	872	821
Downs	582	820
Total	5704	6495

Rev. W. H. Dennis and wife, of Pantenville, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. M. Adams.

Miss Minnie Rosberry, of Lily, is visiting Mrs. Hayes.

Mr. Leroy Watts came down from Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips and J. E. Evans take this opportunity of thanking those who so kindly rendered their assistance in rescuing their goods in the late fire and for the acts of kindness extended.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips who was burned out the past week, says she will continue to carry on her millinery business. See her advertisement later. She respectfully asks all persons indebted to her to please come forward and settle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown, of Montgomery, have been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Foshee the past week.

Mrs. Prescott, of Verbena, is visiting her sister, Mr. S. E. Johnson.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mrs. Wm. White, of Lily, was visitor here Saturday.

Mr. W. L. Mullins visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. Wheeler, of Lily, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Gore.

Prof. B. E. E. Hicks, we regret to say, has been right sick with fever the past week at Mr. J. P. Gore's.

Prof. E. C. Jones has been confined to his bed several days with fever.

We are glad to learn that Mr. Evans, who has been on the sick list for several days, is improving.

Mrs. Gartman is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Gulishorn, at Pratt City.

Mr. E. T. Gulishorn has returned home from Pratt City, after a visit to his son, Mr. A. J. Gulishorn.

HERE—For the present I have moved to W. Kanter's store, and welcome. L. D. POPWELL.

The Clanton Drug Co., will refund your money if you are not pleased after using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They clear orders of the stomach, biliousness, constipation and headache. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

J. T. Frederick and Miss Ada Avery; Mr. W. M. Wilson and Miss Ada Jones; Mr. G. Harrison and Miss Sarah L. Jones; Mr. Clyde Pierce and Miss Josephine Gonson; Mr. Arthur J. King and Miss Ethel Kicker; Mr. J. A. Kicker and Miss Nettie C. Weiss; Mr. L. B. Brown and Miss Frances M. Hart; Mr. Charley N. Shaw and Miss Martha J. Atkinson.

Married, Lenzy Sunday and Miss Peoples.

THE
TAE ORE
PREPARATIONS;
sale by
phelle Drug Co., Clanton,
orn, Thorsby.
Avers, Clanton.
N. A. LOGAN,
l Agent for Chilton and
by counties, Thorsby, Ala.

O. K. Lunch Counter
AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL
OURS AT POPULAR PRICES
d Oysters during the Season
highest market price for
ns and Eggs.
HES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
O K. LUNCH COUNTER
THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all dealers.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHES and KIDNEYS relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BIGG'S
THORSBY.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 6c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 38
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Gents' Shoes, a $2.00 shoe for	$1.45

Trunks, Valises &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 75c styles, a 50c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, gl value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5c value	2c
Corsets, 50c value	35
Corsets, 25c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Gatterwear	per yard 5c

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-8c
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock. Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B H JONES CLANTON

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.25

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

THE BANNER may possibly have been remiss in its duty to the people of Chilton county, but it has always endeavored to keep posted on all matters affecting the county. It was therefore with great surprise we read in last Friday's issue of the Montgomery Advertiser the following:

S. 457—To prevent stock from running at large in Chilton county. Passed.

We do not know who introduced this bill, nor at whose instigation it was introduced. But we do know that an overwhelming majority of the people of Chilton are strongly opposed to it, and we feel that the Senate could not have been well informed or it surely would not have passed such a bill.

We are not going to argue at this time whether stock law is good or bad for the county of Chilton—it may be good or it may be bad, that is a question for the people of Chilton to decide, and they have already declared they did not want it. If local self-government has any meaning at all, most assuredly the matter of stock running at large in an agricultural community is one that the people interested should have a voice in. Surely the Senate could not have known that Chilton county was utterly opposed to any such law, and that a county convention, called to discuss the matter had voted it down.

In political measures affecting the whole State, we can confidently say that Chilton county is willing to submit to the will of the majority, but in such an entirely local measure as a stock law for this particular county we must emphatically protest against its passage. We repeat that the Senate cannot have been well informed as to the wishes of the people of Chilton, and we earnestly hope that the House will be better instructed and will refuse to concur in its passage.

Disastrous Fire at Clanton.

(continued from 1st col., page 1)

the exception of Popwells most of the goods were saved but the two Popwells lost most of the stocks. The aggregate loss is estimated at about $4000 and no insurance.

It is expected that most of the stores will be rebuilt at once in brick. J. E. Evans has commenced a temporary structure for his present needs.

AN ORDINANCE

To establish and define the fire limits in the Town of Clanton, to regulate the erection and improving of buildings in said fire limits and to provide a penalty for the violation of the conditions of this ordinance.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of Clanton, that, that part of the Town of Clanton lying on the East side of the South and North Alabama Railroad and known as lots nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen in block number eight, and lots number one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight in block number nine; and lots number one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight in block number ten shown upon the official map of the Town of Clanton, be and the same is hereby declared to constitute and embrace the fire limits of the Town of Clanton.

Section 2 Be it further ordained that it shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct or to cause or permit to be erected or constructed upon or within the area described in Section 1 of this ordinance, any frame building or building constructed of wood or to maintain any such building constructed or erected after the passage or adoption of this ordinance; or to repair or replace the roof or covering of any building, erected prior to the passage of this ordinance, within the area described in Section 1 of this ordinance, excepting that such repairing or replacing be done with slate, iron, tin or other metallic roofing.

Section 3. Be it further ordained, that no building or structure of any kind shall be erected within the area above described without the consent or permission of the Mayor and Council of Clanton, which said consent or permission shall be shown in the minutes of the proceedings of the Council of Clanton, provided, however, that the Mayor and Council may consent or permit the erection within the area above described, of frame or wooden buildings not exceeding eight feet in height, under such terms and conditions as to them may appear proper; and provided, further, that when any application is made to the Mayor or Council for consent or permission to erect any building, as provided by Section 3 of this ordinance, that the Mayor and Council may require of the party making such application, any and all desired information connected with the building sought to be erected.

Section 4. Be it further ordained, that any person who shall violate or cause to be violated any of the terms and conditions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction therefore be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars and may also be sentenced to hard labor for a period not exceeding sixty days or both at the discretion of the Court.

Section 5. Be it further ordained, that any owner of, or any person, as agent or otherwise, who has charge of any lot situated within the fire limits as above described, who shall permit any building to remain upon said lot in violation of the terms of this ordinance, shall for each day that such building is so permitted to remain, be deemed guilty of a separate and distinct offence, and upon each conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Passed this the 16th day of February, 1901.

J. P. VANDERVER, Mayor.

Countersigned,

A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Published by posting at the Court House door of Chilton county, in Clanton, Alabama, this the 16th day of February, 1901.

A. C. SMITH, Clerk.

Will Boom His Business

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex. writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me a new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Cheaper Than Ever

SPRING GOODS COMING

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST BE SOLD UNDER COST.

BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:

Men's Suits : : : from $3 up
Boys' " : : : " 98c up

SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

H. TOURO, Clanton.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

to be held at Verbena Feb. 22nd, and 23d.

FRIDAY, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:20 a.m. Welcome Address, F. R. Baldwin. Response, J. W. Moore.

11 a.m. Attention, J. M. Collier, L. E. Byrum.

11:30. Current History, Judson Strock, H. L. Davis.

1:35 p.m. The Teacher and Sickness, W. M. Riddle, Albert Grant

2. Incentives to study, Thos Williams, Wm. Luther.

2:30. Best method of Reading, Prof. Williams, H. A. Askins

3:30 Why we teach Geography, Miss Ida Hore, Miss Mary Moody.

7:30. Lecture, Dr. E. R. Eldridge of Lafayette.

SATURDAY, 9:30 a.m. Requisites to successful teaching, G. L. Speer, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

10 Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? R. A. Rasco, J. W. Dennis.

10:30. Graded Studies for Common Schools, R. E. R. Hicks, A. J. Neugent, Prof. Ryland.

11. Lecture, S. J. Cole of Birmingham.

1:30 p.m. Opening the Query box. Members of the Institute or others interested are at liberty to present any question which they would like to hear discussed.

We would like to see every teacher in the county at this Institute. We expect some able speakers, among them Dr. E. R. Eldridge, of Lafayette, State Supt. John W. Abercrombie and others.

Committee—J. M. Collier, G. L. Speer, A. J. Neugent, Thos. Williams, E. C. Jones, Judson Strock.

J. W. MOORE, County Supt.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Greatest In The World

Within five years Cascarets have reached the largest sale of any liver or bowel medicine in the world, simply because they cure. They have great merit and we consider the sale of over six million boxes a year our best testimonial. No matter what ails you, start using Cascarets to-day and if you are not benefitted and in every way satisfied after you have given them a fair trial you can have your money back for the asking. There is no waste. They are put up in tablet form and every tablet is stamped "C. C. C." They don't cost much—10c, 25c and 50c a box and a 50c box will furnish a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Cascarets are the best and cheapest liver and bowel regulator in the world.

CORRESPONDENCE

(continued from 2d col. page 1)

think the sooner they are taught a lesson or two the better. I reckon we have all heard the Democrats squeal about a Republican committee of Congress turning out Democrats, but did you ever know of a single instance when there was not Democrats on the election committee? Not one! But in my case our party was not represented, not a single friend of mine was put on the committee. Talk about partisan action here is a case where no one has ever stated that Oliver was elected, but he holds a stolen seat on account of his politics.

Well, I have made my contest, as my friends asked me to. I have the evidence of my election beyond a doubt, and if any of the rogues doubt when I say I was counted out by a Democratic board and that a Democratic Legislature endorsed the steal, I will take pleasure in meeting such one on the stump and prove my charge just as soon as we make nomination for a constitutional convention, let our party nominate whom they may. In conclusion, permit me to say that while I have spent my money, and my case has been side tracked in the committee, I am proud to announce that I am not dependent on a set of thieves for anything, and Lord knows I hope I will never get to the place that I cannot denounce highway robbery. These charges may seem pretty hard, but at the proper time it will be a pleasure to me to meet some of the beneficiaries of this steal on the stump, and let the people decide whether my charge is true or not. It has been demonstrated of late that it makes a Democrat mighty unpopular to be straight and honest while in office. I believe in political freedom and so long as I keep my breath I expect to fight such proceedings.

Very respectfully,

L. H. REYNOLDS.

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

NOTICE

To the taxpayers of Beat Four.

Those of you who have failed to assess your taxes for the year 1901 will please call at the circuit clerk's office when in Clanton, where you will find me and my books at any time up to March 20, 1901.

L. M. F. LETT, Dep. Tax As'r.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cures a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents

Shoults

We are having some nice weather in Chilton now.

Miss Fannie Hicks visited Miss Lillie Latham Sunday.

Mr. Croford Shoults, of Lawley, visited Mr. J. J. Hicks Sunday.

Mr. Joe Hicks has returned to school again.

Mr. Jim Cash, of Vick, we are sorry to say, has gone to Texas where he will make his home for awhile.

Miss May Latham is visiting relatives at Centreville.

TWO JOLLY GIRLS.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employe of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cold and cough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr Honlehan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and I have since always turned to it when I got a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. J. Deramus, Verbena.

Administrator's Notice.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County } Probate Court.

The 13th day of February, 1901.

This day came O. S. Welch, the administrator of the Estate of L. A. Welch, deceased, and filed his statements, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual settlement of his administration of said estate according to law.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 4th day of March, 1901, be and it is hereby appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 31711.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
January 14th 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks. Homestead entry, No. 30673, for the NW ¼ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give you some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company I represent has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are always the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best of all attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton. Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 25 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c. If you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, for a sample copy and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets first Monday in February, first Monday in May, 3rd Monday in June, second Monday in July and Tuesday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 6½ cents.

Same date last year 7¾ cents.

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE

	1900	1901
Pinckard & Co.	2418	28[illegible]
Mullins	1912	1[illegible]
Wilson	3[illegible]	[illegible]
Dawes	342	3[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]

Rev. W. B. Dennis and wife, of Plantersville, are visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. M. Adams.

Miss Minnie Rushen of [illegible] is visiting Mrs. Hayes.

Mr. Leroy Watts came home from Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips and [illegible] Evans take this opportunity of thanking those who so liberally patronized their said firm in receiving their goods in the place here and [illegible] a share of similar extent.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips who was burned out the past week, says she will continue to carry on her millinery business. See her advertisement later. She respectfully asks all persons indebted to her to please come forward and settle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown, of Montgomery, have been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Foshee the past week.

Mrs. Prescott, of Verbena, is visiting her sister, Mr. S. E. Johnson.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mrs. Wm. White, of Lily, was visiting here Saturday.

Mr. W. I. Mullins visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Mrs. Dedwilder, of Lily, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Gore.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks, we regret to learn, has been right sick with fever the past week at Mr. J. P. [illegible]

Prof. E. C. Jones has been confined to his bed several days with [illegible]

We are glad to learn that Mr. E. Evans, who has been on the sick list for several days, is improving.

Mrs. Gartman is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Gullahorn, at Pratt City.

Mrs. E. T. Gullahorn has returned home from Pratt City, after a visit to her son, Mr. A. J. Gullahorn.

FIRE—For the present I have moved to W. Kanter's store. Come and see me. L. D. POPWELL.

The Clanton Drug Co., will refund your money if you are not benefited after using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness, constipation and headache. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

Marriage licenses have been issued by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

[illegible] T. Hamrick and Miss [illegible] Anderson; Mr. W. M. Wilson and Miss Ann Jones; Mr. G. [illegible] Hamilton and Miss Sarah E. [illegible]; Mr. Clyde Pierce and Miss Josephine Goodson; Mr. Arthur Kerner and Miss Ethel [illegible]; Mr. J. A. Kicker and Miss Nettie C. Wells; Mr. L. H. [illegible] and Miss Frances M. [illegible]; Mr. Charley N. Shaw and Miss Martha J. Atkinson.

[illegible] Lenzy Sunday and [illegible] Peoples.

THE UTAH ORE PREPARATIONS;

For sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
[illegible] Horn, Thorsby.
[illegible] A. Ayers, Clanton.
N. A. LOGAN,
Agent for Chilton and adjoining counties, Thorsby, Ala.

O. K. Lunch Counter

LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Oysters during the Season

Highest market price for Game and Eggs.

"PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS"

O. K. LUNCH COUNTER

[illegible] RAILROAD, CLANTON.

[illegible] H. STACY, Proprietor.

EARTH"

RING

MPANY

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SHIP.
CES.

Clanton

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LLINS

ONDON & GLOBE FIRE INS
DON & LANCASHIRE FIRE
RK, formerly represented by

O OF HARTFORD, CONN
SURANCE CO. OF NEWARK,
RINGER the largest Sewing
in the world

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Ring and Drawer set
High Arm Singer. You
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or cash on easy time. Next
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LLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

FOR THE BENEFIT
SUMER

profit. We sell direct to the
Retailer pays for his goods.
facturer and pay cash for our
om us at the same price your
parations, 50 to 75c. 50c pre
tions, 10 to 20c. 15c prepa
, 6 to 8c.

DEPARTMENT

key sold 25 percent less than
Try a quart of our J. Ma
75c. If you are not satisfied
ly elsewhere for $1, we wil
or kts. We are your friend

O. 1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, A

R STOCK!

the increasing demands of
are now laying in a NEW

THING, HATS
OES, ETC.
test styles and Newest Fashi
ERIES and GENERAL M
E are of the finest grad
and always fresh.

THE SMALLEST MARG
OFIT.
ED, TO SERVE YOU
ES, Clanton, Ala.

GIVEN AWAY
TO TRY FOR IT
VERTISER, Montgomery,
list of prizes, and the condi
ir great prizes to be given a

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7½ cents.

Same date last year 8¾ cents

SALES RECEIVED TO DATE:

	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2318	2888
Mullins	1932	1966
Wilson	872	821
Thomas	382	820
Total	5504	8495

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[illegible] Hendrick and Miss [illegible] Anderson; Mr. W. M. Wilson and Miss Jones; Mr. G. [illegible] and Miss Sarah E. [illegible]; Mr. Wade Pierce and Miss Josephine Goodson; Mr. Arthur Kanter and Miss Ethel [illegible]; Mr. L. A. Ricker and Miss Ettie C. Weiss; Mr. L. B. [illegible] and Miss Frances M. [illegible]; Mr. Charley N. Shaw and Miss Martha J. Atkinson.

Married, Lenzy Sunday and [illegible] Peoples.

THE
TAE-ORE
PREPARATIONS;
Sale by
Phelle Drug Co., Clanton,
orn, Thorsby.
Ayers, Clanton.
N. A. LOGAN,
Agent for Chilton and
by counties, Thorsby, Ala.

K. Lunch Counter
ND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL
URS AT POPULAR PRICES
Oysters during the Season
highest market price for
and Eggs.
PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
K. LUNCH COUNTER
THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two up-to-date cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all dealers.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHES and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP
FEED BILL DOWN

CAPACITY:
25 CARS
PER DAY

PURINA
MILLS
ST. LOUIS, MO.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Satteen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 6c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1 50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Gents Shoes.... a $2.00 shoe for .. $1.45

Trunks, Valises &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 25c styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5 c value	2c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	25
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BIGGS

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-15
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock. Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. H. JONES CLANTON

GEORGE WASHINGTON was accustomed to say that for everything he was and had and did he was indebted to his mother. Martha Washington, who shared his life, is a familiar character, but Mary Washington, the mother, is comparatively an unknown woman.

Portrait painters were not numerous in the early days, and not a picture was left of the mother of Washington. She is described, however, as having been of medium height, with a rounded, matronly figure, and having a clearly marked face, strong and firm, which that of her son is said to have resembled. Indeed, there were those who said that her rugged features were more like those of a man than a woman.

George was the oldest of six children, and he was only twelve years of age when his father died and Mary Washington was compelled to assume the duties of both father and mother. The family was dwelling near Fredericksburg at the time, for the birthplace of George had been destroyed by fire and a new house built near the Rappahannock. Mrs. Washington was kind in her manner, but not demonstrative. There was a devout religious atmosphere in the home.

(From Leslie's Monthly.)
THE BIRTHPLACE OF WASHINGTON, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, VIRGINIA.
(The house is no longer standing, but its site is marked by an appropriate monument.)

The style of living was almost severe in its simplicity. This was a part of her faith, for in after years, when the problem of existence was happily solved and she might have had a share in what was considered luxury for the times, she still maintained the quiet and simplicity of her early life. Strong, true, decided, Lafayette described her as being a mother who belonged to the type of earlier days like the Spartan or the Roman, rather than to the women of her own times. And George's half-brother, Lawrence, for Mary Ball was the second wife of Augustine Washington, was accustomed to say that in all his life he had never met a woman of whom he stood more in awe or whom he more deeply respected than Mary Washington.

The care of the estate was left to Mrs. Washington by her husband, and like the prudent woman that she was, she looked well to the ways of her household. In an old-fashioned open chaise she used to drive to her little farm near Fredericksburg. She rode about the fields, inspected her crops and buildings and insisted upon the men whom she employed doing exactly what she told them. It is recorded that one time one of her agents had ventured to follow his own judgment instead of her directions. She rebuked him sharply, saying: "I command you, there is nothing left for you but to obey." In the duties of the home and care of her lands the time passed, and at last her son was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the armies of the newly-born nation. Her love and counsels had aided him thus far.

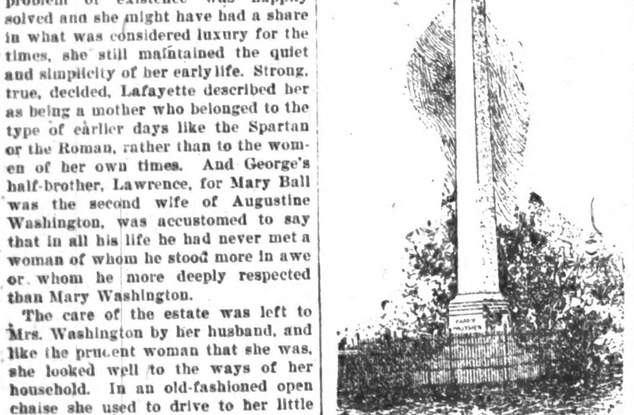
Martha Washington could in a measure share in some of the camp experiences of her husband, but Mary, the mother, must be kept in quiet and seclusion more appropriate to her age. Near Fredericksburg the General found a nice protected and secluded place for her, and from time to time her suspense was relieved by the messages he sent her. One incident in particular is recalled. It was after the battle of Trenton, and the hearts of all the patriots had been stirred to fresh courage. The men who brought her word were loud in their praises of her son, and their praises were just, but Mary Washington received the message calmly, although she did not attempt to conceal her pleasure while she disclaimed all the plaudits of her son.

When the word was brought to her that Cornwallis had surrendered at Yorktown she lifted her hands toward heaven, but without a tear, and speaking calmly, she said: "Thank God! War will now be ended, and peace, independence and happiness bless our country!" Then she said: "I am not surprised at what George has done, for he was always a very good boy."

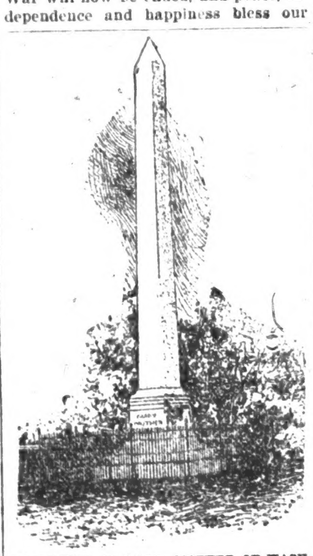
Alone, except with his friend Lafayette, without horses or attendants, the great commander came back to his mother's house. She was told that the hero of the times, the man whom all the country was praising, was at the door. But whatever he was to others he was still her boy, and in a moment she had folded him in a warm embrace, such as she used to give him when as a little fellow he climbed into her lap. Again she called him by the fond names she had used in his childhood, and though she marked the furrows which his struggles had traced deep in his face, her every thought was of him, not of the name he had won, and we are too that in that interview between mother and son she said not one word of his fame or glory.

Washington had just been elected the first President of the United States, but before he accepted the high office he went once more to see his mother, who was suffering at the time from an acute disease. The story of the interview is simple yet almost sublime. "The people, madam," said Washington, "have been pleased, with the most flattering unanimity, to elect me to the Chief Magistracy of the United States, but before I can assume the functions of that office I have come to bid you an affectionate farewell. So soon as the public business can be disposed of I shall hasten to Virginia, and——" He could say no more, but the mother, strong even in her weakness, replied: "You will see me no more. My great age and the disease that is rapidly approaching my vitals, warn me that I am not long for this world. I trust in God, I am somewhat prepared for a better. But go, George, fulfil the high destinies which heaven appears to assign to you; go, my son, and may heaven's and your mother's blessing be with you always."

Before the President's return to Virginia Mary Washington had passed away at the ripe age of eighty-five. A monument at Fredericksburg marked the place where all that was mortal was placed.

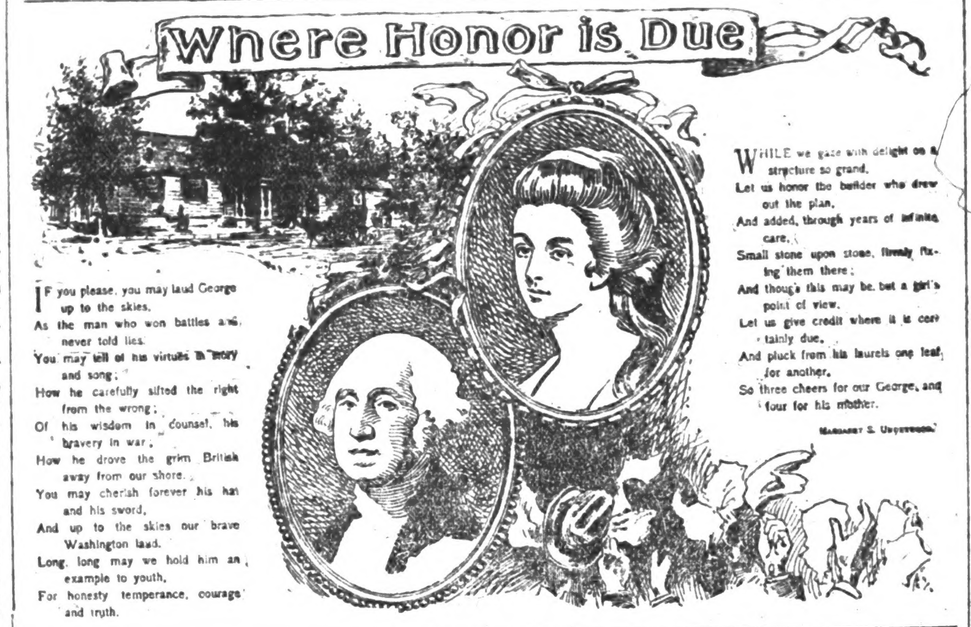


GENERAL WASHINGTON AND HIS AGED MOTHER.



MONUMENT TO MARY, MOTHER OF WASHINGTON, AT FREDERICKSBURG.

Where Honor is Due



WHILE we gaze with delight on a structure so grand,
Let us honor the builder who drew out the plan,
And added, through years of infinite care,
Small stone upon stone, firmly fixing them there;
And though this may be, but a girl's point of view,
Let us give credit where it is certainly due,
And pluck from his laurels one leaf for another,
So three cheers for our George, and four for his mother.

MARGARET S. UNDERWOOD.

IF you please, you may laud George up to the skies,
As the man who won battles and never told lies.
You may tell of his virtues in story and song;
How he carefully sifted the right from the wrong;
Of his wisdom in counsel, his bravery in war,
How he drove the grim British away from our shore;
You may cherish forever his hat and his sword,
And up to the skies our brave Washington laud.
Long, long may we hold him an example to youth,
For honesty temperance, courage and truth.

WASHINGTON'S WEDDING.

Attended With as Much Pomp and Splendor as a Royal Marriage.

"In a suit of blue and silver with scarlet trimmings, and a waistcoat of white satin embroidered with buckles of gold on his knee garters and on his shoes, his hair powdered and by his side a dress sword, the bridegroom (Washington) towered above most of his companions," writes William Perrine, of "When Washington was Married," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Mrs. Custis, his bride, did not reach higher than his shoulders when she stood with him before the old Episcopal clergyman in his full canonicals. The mistress of the White House wore a costume which had also come from London. In her hair and ears were ornaments of pearl; she wore white satin slippers, and on the buckle of each was a diamond. The sprightly little matron, with light brown hair and hazel eyes, had a plump and pleasing figure, an easy and graceful carriage, a comely face and fine shoulders, and with her three bridesmaids, and with the fine women of the families of the neighboring domains in attendance, there was a splendid display of the charms and graces of Virginia womanhood. Nor were the men less distinguished. The country gentlemen in their gayest raiment, and the provincial officers from Williamsburg in their uniforms, were headed by the gallant Lieutenant-Governor Fauquire. Around him stood a group of English officers, hardly less showy in their trappings, together with members of the Legislature and other civilians. When the bride entered the coach, which was bright with the Washington colors of red and white, and drawn by six horses guided by black postillions in livery, the bridegroom did not enter with her. There was his favorite horse, with his tall body servant holding the reins and waiting for him to mount. When Washington mounted the richly caparisoned charger he rode by the side of the bridal coach, closely followed by a cortege of gentlemen on horseback."

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS A BOY

Portrait That Must Have Been Made About the Time He Cut Down the Cherry Tree.

This portrait was given by Washington to his old friend, Captain Venamon, with whose family he was intimate. Captain Venamon died seventy-five years ago, and was buried at Marcus Hook, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, about fifteen miles south of Philadelphia. The family homestead is still to be seen there. After the Captain's death the picture passed into the hands of his wife, who bequeathed it to her niece, Maria Venamon Williamson, who in turn left it to her daughter, who was named after the Venamon family. This daughter married a Mr. Baker, and died about seven years ago. The picture then became the property of her daughter, Miss Margaretta B. Baker. Miss Baker's uncle (her mother's brother), Mr. Williamson, is still living at St. Michael's, Md. He is now seventy-one years of age. His wife is also living with him. Mr. Williamson remembers that the picture was given by

Mrs. Venamon to his mother, Maria Venamon Williamson, who gave it to her own daughter.

Sayings of Washington.

Observe good faith and justice toward all nations and cultivate peace and harmony with all.

My anxious recollections, my sympathetic feelings and my best wishes are irresistibly attracted whenever in any country I see an oppressed nation unfurl the banner of freedom.

The battle-field should be the last resource, the dernier resort of nations.

Keep alive in your breast that little spark of celestial fire called conscience.

Lenity will operate with greater force in most instances than rigor; it is therefore my first wish to have my whole conduct distinguished by it.

There is an indissoluble union between a magnanimous policy and the solid rewards of public prosperity and felicity.

The duty of holding a neutral conduct may be inferred, without anything more, from the obligation which justice and humanity impose on every nation, in cases where it is free to act, to maintain inviolate the relations of peace and amity toward other nations.

Though I prize as I ought the good opinion of my fellow-citizens, yet if I know myself I would not seek or retain popularity at the expense of one social duty or moral virtue.

He Believed That Acts Spoke.

So early as 1769, six years before the outbreak of hostilities, Washington wrote to his friend George Mason: "That no man should scruple or hesitate a moment to use arms in defense of so valuable a blessing (as American freedom) is clearly my opinion."

In the Congress of 1774 Mr. Gadsden, of South Carolina, presented a motion that Congress should call out an armed force to attack Gage's army in Boston. The motion was voted down as premature, but among the few who voted aye, according to Gadsden himself, was Colonel Washington.

When Congress reassembled in 1775 Washington was the only member who came in military uniform, as if to testify that the time had come to use powder. He was attired as the Colonel of the Twenty-second Virginia Infantry, in dark blue coat with scarlet facings, and scarlet vest, scarlet breeches, top boots, and a black three-cornered hat with a black and red "Wolfe cockade" at the left. A red sash fell aslant from the right shoulder, and a steel plate, called a gorget, hung upon the breast, supported by a silver chain.

This gorget and the hat now belong to the Massachusetts Historical Society. It was in this uniform that Peale had painted, in 1772, perhaps the best picture we possess of Washington in early life.

On the very day he received his commission from Congress Washington started for the seat of war before Boston, escorted by the Philadelphia Light Horse.

The war had begun for him long ago. At the earliest possible moment he took his place in line.

The California newspapers are rejoicing over the discovery that while 300 Mediterranean lemons yield only 19.70 ounces of citric acid, 300 California lemons yield 26.64 ounces.

When a minister preaches about social extravagance half the women in the congregation bite their lips and try to look mortified.—New York Press.

Pride is the fog that surrounds insignificance.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup
Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption, too.
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR GOUT, TORPID LIVER AND CONSTIPATION.
No medicine in the world can relieve you like the Natural Mineral Laxative Water, provided by nature herself and discovered more than 30 years ago and now used by every nation in the world.
Hunyadi János
Recommended by over one thousand of the most famous physicians, from whom we have testimonials, as the safest and best Natural Laxative Water known to medical science.
Its Action is Speedy, Sure and Gentle. It never gripes.
Every Druggist and General Wholesale Grocer Sells It.
ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.
Sole Importer, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
The real worth of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00.
Our $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. We make and sell more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.
THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town.
Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Write for catalogue showing new Spring styles.
We use Fast Color Eyelets in all our shoes. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

FREE
Our 160 page illustrated catalogue.
FREE
WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS and FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
130 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Winchester
Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

Sore Hands

Red, Rough Hands, Itching, Burning Palms, and Painful Finger Ends.

One Night Treatment

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air holes cut in the palms. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful, and points to a speedy cure of the most distressing cases when physicians and all else fail.

Cured by Cuticura

I WAS troubled with hands so sore that when I put them in water the pain would near set me crazy, the skin would peel off, and the flesh would get hard and break, then the blood would flow from at least fifty places on each hand. Words never can tell the suffering I endured for three years.

I tried at least eight doctors, but my hands were worse than when I commenced doctoring. I tried every old Granny remedy that was ever thought of without one cent's worth of good and could not even get relief.

I would feel so badly mornings when I got up, to think that I had to go to work and stand pain for eight or nine hours, that I often felt like giving up my job, which was in the bottling works of Mr. E. L. Kerns, the leading bottler of Trenton, N. J., who will vouch for the truth of my sufferings.

Before I could start to work, I would have to wrap each finger on both hands, and then wear gloves, which I hated to do, for when I came to take them off, it would take two hours and the flesh would break and bleed. Some of my friends who had seen my hands would say, "If they had such hands they would have them amputated"; others would say "they would never work," and more would turn away in disgust. But thanks to Cuticura, the greatest of skin cures, it ended all my sufferings.

Just to think, after doctoring three years, and spending dollar after dollar during that time, Cuticura cured me. It has now been two years since I used it and I do not know what sore hands are. I never lost a day's work while I was using it or since, and I have been working at the same business, and in acids, etc.

THOS. A. CLANCY, 310 Montgomery St., Trenton, N. J.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.
The Set $1.25

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap
Assisted by Cuticura Ointment for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the most skin and complexion soap, the most delicate and most baby soap in the world.

MINERS ENTOMBED BY EXPLOSION

Frightful Accident in Canadian Colliery.

SIXTY VICTIMS IS THE REPORT

Prompt Rescue of Unfortunates Cut Off Repeatedly by Volume of Flame.

A special from Victoria, British Columbia, says: What is feared to prove one of the most horrible accidents in the history of the province took place at the Coal Creek mine, owned by the Wellington Colliery Company, of which Janion Dunsmuir, premier of the province, is the principal shareholder. Newspaper correspondents hurried by steamers and boats to the scene.

As near as can be gathered, the explosion took place about 11 o'clock in the forenoon in No. 6, which is in the village of Cumberland. There were sixty men in it when the explosion took place, and not one escaped. The explosion ignited the mine, wrecking the shaft from top to the bottom and filling it with a solid mass of rocks, earth and timbers.

The first explosion was followed by several more, while a dense volume of smoke pouring from the vent hole indicated that fire, as well as gas, was doing destructive work below.

Men of the morning shift in the shaft organized a rescue party. No. 4 and No. 6 are connected by a tunnel, and through this channel the attempt was made. They had not cut many many yards through the debris when they encountered fire, which rendered the place untenable and obliged the party to desist.

The message came back by telephone to the surface conveying the heartbreaking news to the relatives of the imprisoned men, whose urging was not necessary to induce the relief party to return to their apparently hopeless task. Overcome at last by smoke and gas, they reluctantly withdrew to No. 5 and commenced work on a drift from No. 4, the only other means of reaching the men. Work on this was prosecuted with the greatest energy until abatement of the fire in No. 6 enabled them to once more resume there.

From the head office of the Dominion company at Victoria a special train proceeded at 1:15 o'clock to Nanaimo.

The last report of the inspector of mines pronounced the shaft as complying with regulations governing mines.

WELL KNOWN AUTHOR DEAD

Maurice Thompson Passes Away after a Lingering Illness.

Maurice Thompson died at his home in Crawfordsville, Ind., Friday morning at 3 o'clock after a lingering illness. Mr. Thompson was born in Fairfield, Ind., September 9, 1844. He spent his early life in the Georgia mountains, half way between Chattanooga and Atlanta, where his father was an extensive planter. He entered the confederate army in 1862 and served scout duty.

After the war he became chief engineer of the L. C. and S. W. railroad and while engaged in this work married Alice Lee, of Crawfordsville, whom he married. He then began the practice of law.

In 1867 he explored Lake Okeechobee, Florida, listing its birds, animals and plants. From his Crawfordsville home Mr. Thompson sent forth literary work which was to win him distinction.

TRAGEDY IN A ZOO.

Animal Keeper Torn Almost to Pieces By Infuriated Tiger.

A sickening tragedy occurred at the zoo in Indianapolis Friday morning. Albert Neilson, a keeper, 15 years old, entered the cage of a Bengal tiger by mistake and was attacked by the beast.

A terrible struggle followed in which the keeper was torn in a hundred pieces.

Hodhod irons were applied to the bloodthirsty animal, but not until he was struck by seven pistol balls did he release his hold on his victim.

Neilson was finally dragged from the cage more dead than alive and was hurried to the city hospital, where he died as he was being carried in.

The tiger was not fatally wounded. Neilson was in charge of the lion house, and it is supposed opened the tiger's cage by mistake.

Dispensary For Charlotte.

A movement has been started in Charlotte, N. C., having for its object the establishment of a dispensary in the place of the licensed liquor saloons, and the question will be decided by a white primary in about two weeks.

Huntington Inheritance Tax.

The executors of the will of Collis P. Huntington have paid to the state of New York $667,000, that being the amount they estimated as due to the state as an inheritance tax on the property left by Mr. Huntington.

Battleship Gun Exploded.

A big thirteen-inch gun exploded on the battleship Kearsarge while the ship was at target practice off Key West Saturday. The gun itself and its supposed turrets were damaged.

. Bull's Cough Syrup

OPSY

VER AND CONSTIPATION.
can relieve you like the Natural
vided by nature herself and dis-
ago and now used by every

Hi János
ne thousand of the most famous
e testimonials, as the safest and
nown to medical science.
and Gentle. It never gripes.
al Wholesale Grocer Sells It.
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atchelor, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

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Sold or at
ARMS Co.
Winchester
Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER" and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

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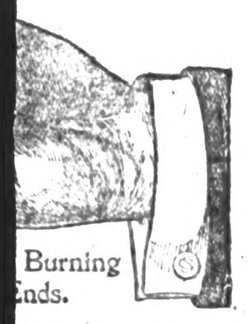

Burning
Ends.

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and bleed. Some of my friends
had such hands they would have
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a, the greatest of skin cures, is

pending dollar after dollar during
n two years since I used it and I
a day's work while I was using
business, and in acids, etc.
Montgomery St., Trenton, N. J.

ernal Treatment for Every Humor.
(25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and
ed cuticle, Cuticura Ointment (50c.),
rmation, and irritation, and soothe and
w (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood,
ient Cure the most torturing, disfig-
h loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold
, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

e Cuticura Soap
fying, and beautifying the skin, for
and the stopping of falling hair, for
sore hands, in the form of baths for
too free or offensive perspiration in
d for many sanative antiseptic pur-
and especially mothers, and for all
mount of persuasion can induce those
or preserving and purifying the skin,
DAP combines delicate emollient prop-
th the purest of cleansing ingredients,
edicated soap ever compounded it is
beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and
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ery. Thus it combines in OUR SOAP
skin and complexion soap, the most

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As near as can be gathered, the explosion took place about 11 o'clock in the forenoon in No. 6 shaft, situated in the village of Cumberland. There were sixty men in it when the explosion took place, and not one of them escaped. The explosion ignited the mine, wrecking the shaft from midway down to the bottom and filling it with a solid mass of rocks, earth and timbers.

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"SMASHING" GALORE.

Hatchet Brigades Make Things More and More Lively In Kansas.

At Perry, Kansas, Friday night, fifteen prominent women, led by the wives of a Methodist minister and a bank cashier, raided several "joints." With hatchets and axes they demolished fixtures right and left, entailing a loss in that particular saloon alone of more than $1,000.

Twenty whiskey barrels, sixty-two kegs of beer and twenty cases of wine were carried into the streets, where they were chopped into kindling wood and their contents flowed away in the gutters.

A drug store was the last place visited. The proprietor was accused of quenching the thirst of local inebriates and his stock was quickly destroyed.

A special from Arkansas City, Kas., says: Seventy men, led by the ministers of this city, crossed the Arkansas river Saturday and demolished the "Last Chance" saloon. All the "joints" in the town had been closed for several days, but the "Last Chance" being outside the city limits, its proprietor continued to do a flourishing business. When the crowd swept down upon the place the bartender was asleep. He was backed into a corner at a revolver's point and witnessed the complete demolition of the fixtures and stock.

Lanham, Neb., is in an uproar over the liquor question. Money has been raised to clean out the joint keepers. The town is peculiarly situated, the main street being the line between Kansas and Nebraska, just as the main street of the town of Bristol is the dividing line between Virginia and Tennessee. Although a town of only 200 inhabitants, it has for years given officers of both states no end of trouble, offenders from one state moving to the other at will and thus evading the officers.

There was a free-for-all fight at Beloit Saturday, arising from the feeling over the joints. The temperance men and women insisted on inspecting the places to see that their orders for closing had been observed.

The investigating committee was followed by a large crowd. Soon an alarm of fire was sounded and a hose cart dashed up and the firemen commenced throwing water on the crowd. Some men attempted to cut the hose, but were prevented by a display of revolvers. After several had been more or less-hurt several arrests were made and quiet was restored.

Mrs. Carrie Nation put in a very busy Sunday in Topeka, and as a result the capital city has experienced more genuine excitement than can be remembered by the oldest inhabitant. Mrs. Nation literally crammed the day with thrilling episodes. She succeeded in having the contents of a notorious joint smashed, broke into a cold storage plant where a number of fine bars had been stored away for safety, and demolished them; addressed a large mass meeting of men and women, and was arrested four times. The last time that the law laid its hand upon her was when Mrs. Nation emerged from the church where the mass meeting had been held.

SHOT WIFE AND SELF.

Bloody Tragedy Revealed In a Lake City, Fla., Home.

At Crescent City, Fla., Saturday morning, Dr. W. L. McLeod and his wife were found dead in their residence. The evidence disclosed that McLeod had killed his wife and then himself. Neither of the couple had been seen for a week, when Mrs. McLeod was visiting members of her church regarding some religious work.

The bodies were found in the bed room, undressed, and two bullet wound, both mortal, had been inflicted on Mrs. DeLeod. Her husband then fired the third bullet through his own brain and held the pistol in his hand. Mrs. McLeod had first been shot in bed and then on the floor as she kneeled before him.

LAWMAKERS ADJOURN.

Extra Session of Virginia Legislature Comes to a Close.

The extra session of the Virginia general assembly at Richmond closed Saturday evening and most of the members left for their homes on afternoon and night trains. The only work of the day was the passage of a bill amending the charter of the city of Charlottesville.

KING OPENS PARLIAMENT.

Edward and Wife Drive to House of Commons In Gorgeous State.

A London special says: The first parliament of the reign of King Edward VII. was opened Thursday afternoon by the king in person. His majesty was accompanied by Queen Alexandra, the duke of Connaught and many others of the royal family. The king and queen rode from Buckingham palace to the palace of Westminster in the georgeous state coach, used for the first time since the wedding of the present king.

CONFEREES ARE STUBBORN.

War Revenue Reduction Measure Causes Deadlock In Committee.

The conferees on the war reduction bill held a meeting Saturday afternoon, but nothing was accomplished. No vote was taken. It is understood that the conferees on the part of each house attempted to convince of the other that they must yield. The house conferees insisted that they could not accept the senate substitute and the senate conferees maintained that if any measure was to become law the house must agree to the senate bill.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

WHAT IS OVARITIS?

A dull, throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with an occasional shooting pain, indicates inflammation.

On examination it will be found that the region of pain shows some swelling. This is the first stage of ovaritis, inflammation of the ovary. If the roof of your house leaks, my sister, you have it fixed at once; why not pay the same respect to your own body?

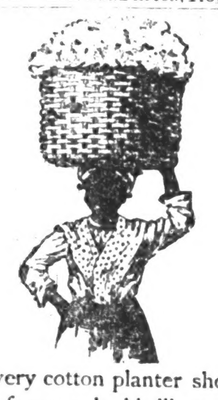
You need not, you ought not to let yourself go, when one of your own sex holds out the helping hand to you, and will advise you without money, and without price. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your symp-

MRS. ANNIE ASTON.

toms. Her experience in treating female ills is greater than any other living person. Following is a letter from a woman who is thankful for avoiding a terrible operation.

"I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My entire system was toned up, and I suffered no more with my ovaries."—MRS. ANNA ASTON, Troy, Mo.



Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." It is sent free.

Send name and address to
GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.

Constipation

is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.

Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle

TRADE MARK

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"
This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.
Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.
Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 18 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.
What Is It? Catalogue tells.
FOR 15c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we will mail our new catalog, 10 kinds farm-garden implements, also Speltz (90 lbs. per A.) Oats, Barley (175 bu. per A.) Peas, etc. Worth $10 to get a start.
John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

BIG SEED FREE Collection
No money required in advance. Full 60 pkgs of our seeds at 5c each and we will send you one big $5 Bottle of Field & Vegetable seeds free including 5 other premiums, including Silver-filled watch and suit of clothes. Write postal accepting this offer and we will forward seeds, catalogue, etc., by mail. Information Bureau of Business. T. J. KING CO., Richmond, Va.
Our Seeds Are Northern Grown.

Am. N. U. No. 8, 1901.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 $1.00

CURES RHEUMATISM OR CATARRH IN A DAY. TREATMENT FREE.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) cures the worst cases by drawing the poison out of the blood and bones. Aches and pains in the bones or joints, hot swollen muscles, swollen glands, sciatica, droppings in the throat, hawking, spitting or bad breath, impaired hearing, etc., all disappear promptly and permanently. B. B. B. cures through the blood where all else fails. B. B. B. makes blood pure and rich. Druggists, $1. Treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., 31 Mitchell St., Atlanta Ga. Medicine sent prepaid. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given until cured. 2000 testimonials of cures by B. B. B., so don't give up hope, but try Blood Balm.

A man who has been earning $200 a month, and who is suddenly reduced to $50, is a dandy if he can decrease the number of delivery wagons that stop at his house.

Carter's Ink

has the largest sale of any ink in the world because it is the best ink that can be made.

Seventeen per cent of the population of Michigan is enrolled in the Sunday schools. The average for the States and Territories of the Union is 1 per cent.

Nature Needs

Assistance only. Many of the cases of serious illness could be checked at once with a dose of Crab Orchard Water, taken in time.

One of the things a man can't understand is why his sisters get offended when he doesn't rush in to see the new little red babies at their house.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds. JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

As soon as her child is born the Turkish mother loads it with amulets, and a small bit of mud, steeped in hot water, prepared by previous charms, is stuck on his forehead.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Among the 153,000 inhabitants which the last census gave to New Mexico, there were 20,000 Indians and 50,000 Mexicans.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

The people who know us best, won't write our epitaph probably—that's one consolation.

Notice—Two traveling salesmen wanted in each state. Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary. Pocahontas Tobacco Wks, Bedford City, Va.

Dead ancestors are said to occupy too much of the arable land of China. Famines would be less frequent if the country was not one vast cemetery.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Odd Decorations.

The Swedish ware to be found in the shops which make a specialty of old pewter will probably be welcomed by the house mistress in search of odd decorations for her dining room plate rack and mantel. These articles are of wood and wicker and picturesque in form and decoration. Baskets, bowls, pails, jugs, boxes and other articles for use and ornament are included in the list. The wooden drinking cups are deep and wide and encircled by stout hoops. Sometimes leather strips are used in conjunction with the other ornamentation.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
25 CTS.

CAPTAIN OF FIRE DEPT.

Capt. H. H. Thomson Advises the Use of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

This Wonderful Body Builder and Strength Restorer Should Be Used Now.

CAPT. H. H. THOMSON OF MINNEAPOLIS FIRE DEPT.

No occupation in the world requires more perfect nerve force and physical strength than is demanded of its members by a modern fire department. The members of this branch of the public service must be ready at all hours of the day or night, and in all degrees of heat, cold or exposure, to answer the call of the public, and protect life and property. At all times they must have bodily strength and a clear brain. Without this we would never hear of the wonderful feats of bravery and rescue performed by them. Nothing in the world will build up strength like Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Captain Thomson's strong statement, which we publish herewith, carries weight, and is echoed everywhere by those who rely on Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, when disease attacks them, or they get run down in health which is so easy at this season of the year. There is no medicine in the world which will ward off attacks of the fatal grip, which is now so prevalent, and there is nothing which will drive it away so quickly or reinvigorate the body as well after the grip, as this famous remedy. Captain Thomson, whose address is 2406 Lincoln St., North East, Minneapolis, Minn., says:

"I am a great believer in the wonderful curative powers of Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It has been used in my house for years as a body builder, strength restorer and general family medicine. It never fails to give beneficial results. It strengthens the nerves and purifies the blood. As a health builder, I believe there is no medicine equal to Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy."

Remember that Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy is the prescription of a regular physician, Dr. Greene, who can be consulted absolutely free of charge either by mail or calling at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City. Consultation is absolutely free of charge. If you cannot call upon him at his office, write him a letter, telling all about your case, and you can be treated just as well at home as if you called in person. Remember his advice is absolutely free.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF is a good game to play. But you cannot afford to play it with coffee.

Know what you are drinking!
Know what you purchase!

Uncover your eyes and see whether you are getting

LION COFFEE

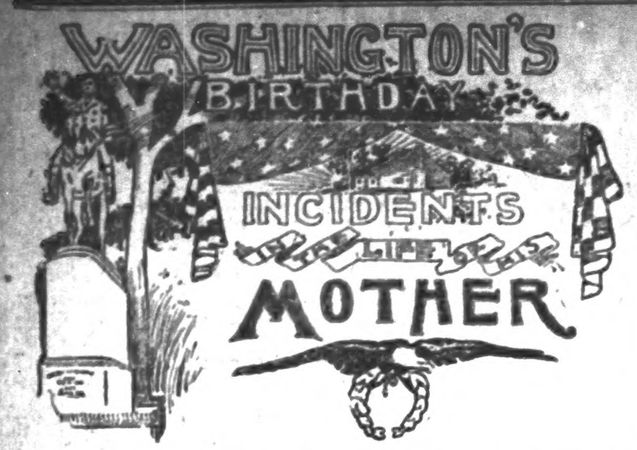
or some cheap glazed substitute that has been treated with polishing materials, in order to hide imperfections. Look at the package! Is a lion's head on it? LION COFFEE is the coffee of purity and strength. Try it once.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00



GEORGE WASHINGTON was accustomed to say that for everything he was and had and did he was indebted to his mother. Martha Washington, who shared his life, is a familiar character, but Mary Washington, the mother, is comparatively an unknown woman.

Portrait painters were not numerous in the early days, and not a picture was left of the mother of Washington. She is described, however, as having been of medium height, with a rounded, matronly figure, and having a clearly marked face, strong and firm, which that of her son is said to have resembled. Indeed, there were those who said that her rugged features were more like those of a man than a woman.

George was the oldest of six children, and he was only twelve years of age when his father died and Mary Washington was compelled to assume the duties of both father and mother. The family was dwelling near Fredericksburg at the time, for the birthplace of George had been destroyed by fire and a new house built near the Rappahannock. Mrs. Washington was kind in her manner, but not demonstrative. There was a devout religious atmosphere in the home.

(From Leslie's Monthly.)
THE BIRTHPLACE OF WASHINGTON, WESTMORELAND COUNTY, VIRGINIA.
(The house is no longer standing, but its site is marked by an appropriate monument.)

The style of living was almost severe in its simplicity. This was a part of her faith, for in after years, when the problem of existence was happily solved and she might have had a share in what was considered luxury for the times, she still maintained the quiet and simplicity of her early life. Strong, true, decided, Lafayette described her as being a mother who belonged to the type of earlier days like the Spartan or the Roman, rather than to the women of her own times. And George's half-brother, Lawrence, for Mary Ball was the second wife of Augustine Washington, was accustomed to say that in all his life he had never met a woman of whom he stood more in awe or whom he more deeply respected than Mary Washington.

The care of the estate was left to Mrs. Washington by her husband, and like the prudent woman that she was, she looked well to the ways of her household. In an old-fashioned open chaise she used to drive to her little farm near Fredericksburg. She rode about the fields, inspected her crops and buildings and insisted upon the men whom she employed doing exactly what she told them. It is recorded that one time one of her agents had ventured to follow his own judgment instead of her directions. She rebuked him sharply, saying: "I command you, there is nothing left for you but to obey." In the duties of the home and care of her lands the time passed, and at last her son was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the armies of the newly-born nation. Her love and counsels had aided him thus far.

Martha Washington could in a measure share in some of the camp experiences of her husband, but Mary, the mother, must be kept in quiet and seclusion more appropriate to her age. Near Fredericksburg the General found a nice protected and secluded place for her, and from time to time her suspense was relieved by the messages he sent her. One incident in particular is recalled. It was after the battle of Trenton, and the hearts of all the patriots had been stirred to fresh courage. The men who brought her word were loud in their praises of her son, and their praises were just, but Mary Washington received the message calmly, although she did not attempt to conceal her pleasure while she disclaimed all the plaudits of her son.

When the word was brought to her that Cornwallis had surrendered at Yorktown she lifted her hands toward heaven, but without a tear, and speaking calmly, she said: "Thank God! War will now be ended, and peace, independence and happiness bless our country!" Then she said: "I am not surprised at what George has done, for he was always a very good boy."

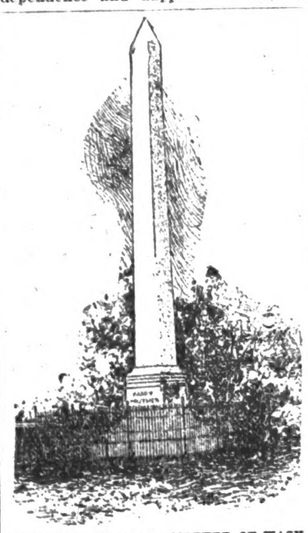
Alone, except with his friend Lafayette, without horses or attendants, the great commander came back to his mother's house. She was told that the hero of the times, the man whom all the country was praising, was at the door. But whatever he was to others he was still her boy, and in a moment she had folded him in a warm embrace, such as she used to give him when as a little fellow he climbed into her lap. Again she called him by the fond names she had used in his childhood, and though she marked the furrows which his struggles had traced deep in his face, her every thought was of him, not of the name he had won.

GENERAL WASHINGTON AND HIS AGED MOTHER.

and we are told that in that interview between mother and son she said not one word of his fame or glory.

Washington had just been elected the first President of the United States, but before he accepted the high office he went once more to see his mother, who was suffering at the time from an acute disease. The story of the interview is simple yet almost sublime. "The people, madam," said Washington, "have been pleased, with the most flattering unanimity, to elect me to the Chief Magistracy of the United States, but before I can assume the functions of that office I have come to bid you an affectionate farewell. So soon as the public business can be disposed of I shall hasten to Virginia, and——" He could say no more, but the mother, strong even in her weakness, replied: "You will see me no more. My great age and the disease that is rapidly approaching my vitals, warn me that I am not long for this world. I trust in God, I am somewhat prepared for a better. But go, George, fulfil the high destinies which heaven appears to assign to you; go, my son, and may heaven's and your mother's blessing be with you always."

Before the President's return to Virginia Mary Washington had passed away at the ripe age of eighty-five. A monument at Fredericksburg marked the place where all that was mortal was placed.



MONUMENT TO MARY, MOTHER OF WASHINGTON, AT FREDERICKSBURG.

Mrs. Venamon to his mother, Maria Venamon Williamson, who gave it to her own daughter.

Sayings of Washington.

Observe good faith and justice toward all nations and cultivate peace and harmony with all.

My anxious recollections, my sympathetic feelings and my best wishes are irresistibly attracted wheresoever in any country I see an oppressed nation unfurl the banner of freedom.

The battle-field should be the last resource, the dernier resort of nations.

Keep alive in your breast that little spark of celestial fire called conscience.

Lenity will operate with greater force in most instances than rigor; it is therefore my first wish to have my whole conduct distinguished by it.

There is an indissoluble union between a magnanimous policy and the solid rewards of public prosperity and felicity.

The duty of holding a neutral conduct may be inferred, without anything more, from the obligation which justice and humanity impose on every nation, in cases where it is free to act, to maintain inviolate the relations of peace and amity toward other nations.

Though I prize as I ought the good opinion of my fellow-citizens, yet if I know myself I would not seek or retain popularity at the expense of one social duty or moral virtue.

He Believed That Acts Spoke.

So early as 1769, six years before the outbreak of hostilities, Washington wrote to his friend George Mason: "That no man should scruple or hesitate a moment to use arms in defense of so valuable a blessing (as American freedom) is clearly my opinion."

In the Congress of 1774 Mr. Gadsden, of South Carolina, presented a motion that Congress should call out an armed force to attack Gage's army in Boston. The motion was voted down as premature, but among the few who voted aye, according to Gadsden himself, was Colonel Washington.

When Congress reasembled in 1775 Washington was the only member who came in military uniform, as if to testify that the time had come to use powder. He was attired as the Colonel of the Twenty-second Virginia Infantry, in dark blue coat with scarlet facings, and scarlet vest, scarlet breeches, top boots, and a black three-cornered hat with a black and red "Wolfe cockade" at the left. A red sash fell aslant from the right shoulder, and a steel plate, called a gorget, hung upon the breast, supported by a silver chain.

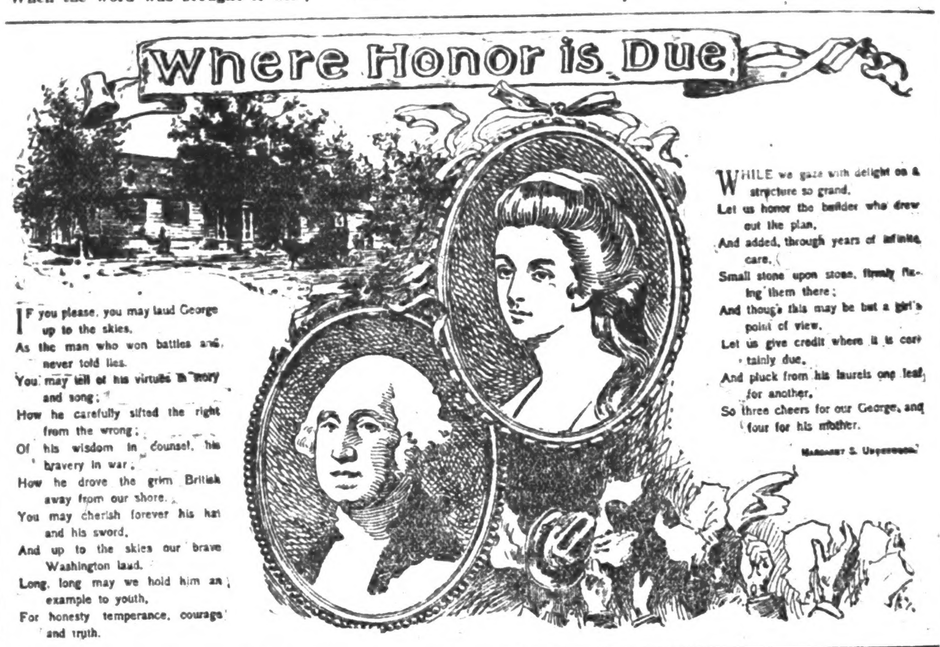
This gorget and the hat now belong to the Massachusetts Historical Society. It was in this uniform that Peale had painted, in 1772, perhaps the best picture we possess of Washington in early life.

On the very day he received his commission from Congress Washington started for the seat of war before Boston, escorted by the Philadelphia Light Horse.

The war had begun for him long ago. At the earliest possible moment he took his place in line.

The California newspapers are rejoicing over the discovery that while 300 Mediterranean lemons yield only 19.70 ounces of citric acid, 300 California lemons yield 26.64 ounces.

Where Honor is Due



If you please, you may laud George
up to the skies,
As the man who won battles and
never told lies.
You may tell of his virtues in story
and song;
How he carefully sifted the right
from the wrong;
Of his wisdom in counsel, his
bravery in war,
How he drove the grim British
away from our shore.
You may cherish forever his hat
and his sword,
And up to the skies our brave
Washington laud.
Long, long may we hold him an
example to youth,
For honesty temperance, courage
and truth.

While we gaze with delight on a
structure so grand,
Let us honor the builder who drew
out the plan,
And added, through years of infinite
care,
Small stone upon stone, firmly fixing
them there;
And though this may be but a girl's
point of view,
Let us give credit where it is certainly due,
And pluck from his laurels one leaf
for another,
So three cheers for our George, and
four for his mother.

MARGARET S. UNDERWOOD.

WASHINGTON'S WEDDING.

Attended With as Much Pomp and Splendor as a Royal Marriage.

"In a suit of blue and silver with scarlet trimmings, and a waistcoat of white satin embroidered with buckles of gold on his knee garters and on his shoes, his hair powdered and by his side a dress sword, the bridegroom (Washington) towered above most of his companions," writes William Perrine, of "When Washington was Married," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Mrs. Custis, his bride, did not reach higher than his shoulders when she stood with him before the old Episcopal clergyman in his full canonicals. The mistress of the White House wore a costume which had also come from London. In her hair and ears were ornaments of pearl; she wore white satin slippers, and on the buckle of each was a diamond. The sprightly little matron, with light brown hair and hazel eyes, had a plump and pleasing figure, an easy and graceful carriage, a comely face and fine shoulders, and with her three bridesmaids, and with the fine women of the families of the neighboring domains in attendance, there was a splendid display of the charms and graces of Virginia womanhood. Nor were the men less distinguished. The country gentlemen in their gayest raiment, and the provincial officers from Williamsburg in their uniforms, were headed by the gallant Lieutenant-Governor Fauquire. Around him stood a group of English officers, hardly less showy in their trappings, together with members of the Legislature and other civilians. When the bride entered the coach, which was bright with the Washington colors of red and white, and drawn by six horses guided by black postilions in livery, the bridegroom did not enter with her. There was his favorite horse, with his tall body servant holding the reins and waiting for him to mount. When Washington mounted the richly caparisoned charger he rode by the side of the bridal coach, closely followed by a cortege of gentlemen on horseback."

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS A BOY

Portrait That Must Have Been Made About the Time He Cut Down the Cherry Tree.

This portrait was given by Washington to his old friend, Captain Venamon, with whose family he was intimate. Captain Venamon died seventy-five years ago, and was buried at Marcus Hook, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, about fifteen miles south of Philadelphia. The family homestead is still to be seen there. After the Captain's death the picture passed into the hands of his wife, who bequeathed it to her niece, Maria Venamon Williamson, who in turn left it to her daughter, who was named after the Venamon family. This daughter married a Mr. Baker, and died about seven years ago. The picture then became the property of her daughter, Miss Margaretta H. Baker. Miss Baker's uncle (her mother's brother), Mr. Williamson, is still living at St. Michaels, Md. He is now seventy-one years of age. His wife is also living with him. Mr. Williamson remembers that the picture was given by

When a minister preaches about social extravagance half the women in the congregation bite their lips and try to look mortified.—New York Press.

Pride is the fog that surrounds insignificance.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup
Cures a cough or cold of any kind. Croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption, too.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR GOUT, TORPID LIVER AND CONSTIPATION.

No medicine in the world can relieve you like the Natural Mineral Laxative Water, provided by nature herself and discovered more than 30 years ago and now used by every nation in the world.

Hunyadi János

Recommended by over one thousand of the most famous physicians, from whom we have testimonials, as the safest and best Natural Laxative Water known to medical science.

Its Action is Speedy, Sure and Gentle. It never gripes.

Every Druggist and General Wholesale Grocer Sells It.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

The real worth of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00.

Our $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. We make and sell more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Write for catalogue showing new Spring styles.

We use Fast Color Eyelets in all our shoes. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

FREE Our 160 page illustrated catalogue. **FREE**

WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS and FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. 180 Winchester Ave., New Haven, Conn.

Winchester Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

Sore Hands

Red, Rough Hands, Itching, Burning Palms, and Painful Finger Ends.

One Night Treatment

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air holes cut in the palms. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful, and points to a speedy cure of the most distressing cases when physicians and all else fail.

Cured by Cuticura

I WAS troubled with hands so sore that when I put them in water the pain would near set me crazy, the skin would peel off, and the flesh would get hard and break, then the blood would flow from at least fifty places on each hand. Words never can tell the suffering I endured for three years.

I tried at least eight doctors, but my hands were worse than when I commenced doctoring. I tried every old Granny remedy that was ever thought of without one cent's worth of good and could not even get relief.

I would feel so badly mornings when I got up, to think that I had to go to work and stand pain for eight or nine hours, that I often felt like giving up my job which was in the bottling works of Mr. E. L. Kerns, the leading bottler of Trenton, N. J., who will vouch for the truth of my sufferings.

Before I could start to work, I would have to wrap each finger on both hands and then wear gloves, which I hated to do, for when I came to take them off, it would take two hours and the flesh would break and bleed. Some of my friends who had seen my hands would say, "if they had such hands they would have them amputated"; others would say "they would never work," and more would turn away in disgust. But thanks to Cuticura, the greatest of skin cures, it ended all my sufferings.

Just to think, after doctoring three years, and spending dollar after dollar during that time, Cuticura cured me. It has now been two years since I used it and I do not know what sore hands are. I never lost a day's work while I was using it or since, and I have been working at the same business, and in acids, etc.

THOS. A. CLANCY, 310 Montgomery St., Trenton, N. J.

Cuticura The Set $1.25 Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor. Consisting of Cuticura Soap (35c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, Cuticura Ointment (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap Assisted by Cuticura Ointment for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soap combines delicate excellent properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it continues in One Soap at One Price, viz., Twenty-five Cents, the most skin and complexion soap, the most infant and most baby soap in the world.

MINERS ENTOMBED BY EXPLOSI

Frightful Accident In Canadian Colliery.

SIXTY VICTIMS IS THE REP

Prompt Rescue of Unfortun Cut Off Repeatedly By Volume of Flame.

A special from Victoria, Br Columbia, says: What is fear one of the most horrib incidents in the history of the i took place at the Union m owned by the Welling Colliery pany, of which James Dunsm premier of the province, is the al shareholder. Newspaper pondents hurried by steamers a boats to the scene.

As near as can be gathered, t plosion took place about 11 o'c the forenoon in No. 6 shaft, sa the village of Cumberland. T were sixty men in it when the e sion took place, and not one of escaped. The explosion ignite mine, wrecking the shaft from m down to the bottom and filling i solid mass of rocks, earth and fire.

The first explosion was follow several more, while a dense volu smoke pouring from the vent hole located that fire, as well as gas, doing destructive work below.

Men of the morning shift in N shaft organized a rescue party and No. 6 are connected by a tu and through this channel the atte was made. They had not cut way many yards through the d when they encountered fire, w rendered the place untenable obliged the party to desist.

The message came back by telep to the surface conveying the h breaking news to the relatives of imprisoned men, whose urging not necessary to induce the relief p to return to their apparently hope task. Overcome at last by smoke etc., they reluctantly withdrew f No. 5 and commenced work on a at from No. 4, the only other m of reaching the men. Work on was prosecuted with the greatest v until abatement of the fire in N enabled them to once more re there.

From the head office of the D mine company at Victoria a spe train proceeded at 1:15 o'clock Nanaimo.

The last report of the inspecto mines pronounced the shaft as complying with regulations governing mines.

WELL KNOWN AUTHOR DEA

Maurice Thompson Passes Away after a Lingering Illness.

Maurice Thompson died at his h in Crawfordsville, Ind., Friday m ing at 3 o'clock after a lingering ness. Mr. Thompson was born Fairfield, Ind., September 9, 18 and spent his early life in the Geor mountains, half way between Cha ooga and Atlanta, where his fat was an extensive planter. He ente the confederate army in 1862 and served scout duty.

After the war he became chief gineer of the L. C. and S. W. railro and while engaged in this work married Alice Lee, of Crawfordsville, whom married. He then began the prac of law.

In 1867 he explored Lake Okeec tee, Florida, listing its birds, anim and plants. From his Crawfordsv home Mr. Thompson sent forth literary work which was to win h distinction.

TRAGEDY IN A ZOO.

Animal Keeper Torn Almost to Pie By Infuriated Tiger.

A sickening tragedy occurred at in Indianapolis Friday morni Albert Neilson, a keeper, 15 ye old, entered the cage of a Bengal ti by mistake and was attacked by t beast.

A terrible struggle followed in wh the keeper was torn in a hundr pieces.

Redhod irons were applied to t bloodthirsty animal, but not until struck by seven pistol balls d to release his hold on his victim.

Neilson was finally dragged fro the cage more dead than alive and w carried to the city hospital, where died as he was being carried in.

The tiger was not fatally wounde Neilson was in charge of the li cage, and it is supposed opened t tiger's cage by mistake.

Dispensary For Charlotte.

A movement has been started Charlotte, N. C., having for its obje the establishment of a dispensary the place of the licensed liquo stations, and the question will be d cided by a white primary in about te days.

Huntington Inheritance Tax.

The executors of the will of Coll Huntington have paid to the sta New York $667,000, that being th amount they estimated as due to th state as an inheritance tax on th property left by Mr. Huntington.

Battleship Gun Explodes.

A big thirteen-inch gun exploded o battleship Kearsarge while the shi at target practice off Key We yesterday. The gun itself and its co posed turrets were damaged.

Bull's Cough Syrup

OPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Use no other after trying this. Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache, Kidney Troubles, etc. If your stomach is out of order it will surely tell you so. Sold by druggists, or by mail. Large size, containing 2½ times small size, $1.00. Small size, 50 cents. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ER AND CONSTIPATION.
an relieve you like the Natural
ded by nature herself and dis-
go and now used by every

li János
e thousand of the most famous
e testimonials, as the safest and
own to medical science.
and Gentle. It never gripes.
Wholesale Grocer Sells It.
BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.
Eichner, 120 Fulton St., N. Y.

TER Winchester
S Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER" and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.
SHELLS
k or at
RMS CO.

nds

Burning
nds.

eatment
g in a strong, hot,
RA SOAP. Dry,
ICURA, the great
nts. Wear, during
res, with the finger
in the palms. For
ry, fissured, itching,
ss nails and painful
simply wonderful,
f the most distress-
d all else fail.

uticura
n I put them in water the pain
off, and the flesh would get hard
least fifty places on each hand.
ree years.
worse than when I commenced
was ever thought of without one
to think that I had to go to work
often felt like giving up my job,
the leading bottler of Trenton.
gs.
wrap each finger on both hands,
when I came to take them off, it
and bleed. Some of my friends
had such hands they would have
d never work," and more would
, the greatest of skin cures, it
ending dollar after dollar during
two years since I used it and I
a day's work while I was using
business, and in acids, etc.
ontgomery St., Trenton, N. J.
rnal Treatment for Every Humor.
cle), to cleanse the skin of crusts and
d cuticle, Cuticura Ointment (50c.),
mation, and irritation and soothe and
(50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood.
ut to cure the most torturing, disfig-
, loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold
Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.
e Cuticura Soap
ying, and beautifying the skin, for
and the stopping of falling hair, for
sore hands, in the form of baths for
too free or offensive perspiration, in
for many sanative antiseptic pur-
and especially mothers, and for all
oint of persuasion can induce those
r preserving and purifying the skin,
AP combines delicate emollient prop-
the purest of cleansing ingredients,
edicated soap ever compounded is to
beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and
erwhere expensive, is to be compared
ery. Thus it combines in One Soap
skin and complexion soap, the best.

MINERS ENTOMBED BY EXPLOSION

Frightful Accident In a Canadian Colliery.

SIXTY VICTIMS IS THE REPORT

Prompt Rescue of Unforunates Cut Off Repeatedly By Volume of Flame.

A special from Victoria, British Columbia, says: What is feared will prove one of the most horrible mine accidents in the history of the Dominion took place at the Union mines, owned by the Welling Colliery Company, of which James Dunsmuir, the premier of the province, is the principal shareholder. Newspaper correspondents hurried by steamers and tug boats to the scene.

As near as can be gathered, the explosion took place about 11 o'clock in the forenoon in No. 6 shaft, situated in the village of Cumberland. There were sixty men in it when the explosion took place, and not one of them escaped. The explosion ignited the mine, wrecking the shaft from midway down to the bottom and filling it with a solid mass of rocks, earth and timbers.

The first explosion was followed by several more, while a dense volume of smoke pouring from the vent holes indicated that fire, as well as gas, was doing destructive work below.

Men of the morning shift in No. 5 shaft organized a rescue party. No. 5 and No. 6 are connected by a tunnel, and through this channel the attempt was made. They had not cut their way many yards through the debris when they encountered fire, which rendered the place untenable and obliged the party to desist.

The message came back by telephone to the surface conveying the heart-breaking news to the relatives of the imprisoned men, whose urging was not necessary to induce the relief party to return to their apparently hopeless task. Overcome at last by smoke and gas, they reluctantly withdrew from No. 5 and commenced work on a long cut from No. 4, the only other means of reaching the men. Work on this was prosecuted with the greatest vigor until abatement of the fire in No. 5 enabled them to once more return there.

From the head office of the Dunsmuir company at Victoria a special train proceeded at 1:15 o'clock to Nanaimo.

The last report of the inspector of mines pronounced the shaft as complying with regulations governing coal mines.

WELL KNOWN AUTHOR DEAD.

Maurice Thompson Passes Away After a Lingering Illness.

Maurice Thompson died at his home in Crawfordsville, Ind., Friday morning at 3 o'clock after a lingering illness. Mr. Thompson was born in Fairfield, Ind., September 9, 1844, but spent his early life in the Georgia mountains, half way between Chattanooga and Atlanta, where his father was an extensive planter. He entered the confederate army in 1862 and did hard scout duty.

After the war he became chief engineer of the L. C. and S. W. railroad, and while engaged in this work met Alice Lee, of Crawfordsville, whom he married. He then began the practice of law.

In 1867 he explored Lake Okeechobee, Florida, losing its birds, animals and plants. From his Crawfordsville home Mr. Thompson sent forth the literary work which was to win him distinction.

TRAGEDY IN A ZOO.

Animal Keeper Torn Almost to Pieces By Infuriated Tiger.

A sickening tragedy occurred at the zoo in Indianapolis Friday morning. Albert Neilson, a keeper, 15 years old, entered the cage of a Bengal tiger by mistake and was attacked by the beast.

A terrible struggle followed in which the keeper was torn in a hundred places.

Redhot irons were applied to the bloodthirsty animal, but not until he was struck by seven pistol balls did he relaxe his hold on his victim.

Neilson was finally dragged from the cage more dead than alive and was hurried to the city hospital, where he died as he was being carried in.

The tiger was not fatally wounded.

Neilson was in charge of the lion house, and it is supposed opened the tiger's cage by mistake.

Dispensary For Charlotte.

A movement has been started in Charlotte, N. C., having for its object the establishment of a dispensary to take the place of the licensed liquor saloons, and the question will be decided by a white primary in about ten days.

Huntington Inheritance Tax.

The executors of the will of Collis P. Huntington have paid to the state of New York $667,000, that being the amount they estimated as due to the state as an inheritance tax on the property left by Mr. Huntington.

Battleship Gun Explodes.

A big thirteen-inch gun exploded on the battleship Kearsage while the ship was at target practice off Key West Saturday. The gun itself and its superimposed turrets were damged.

"SMASHING" GALORE.

Hatchet Brigades Make Things More and More Lively In Kansas.

At Perry, Kansas, Friday night, fifteen prominent women, led by the wives of a Methodist minister and a bank cashier, raided several "joints." With hatchets and axes they demolished fixtures right and left, entailing a loss in that particular saloon alone of more than $1,000.

Twenty whiskey barrels, sixty-two kegs of beer and twenty cases of wine were carried into the streets, where they were chopped into kindling wood and their contents flowed away in the gutters.

A drug store was the last place visited. The proprietor was accused of quenching the thirst of local inebriates and his stock was quickly destroyed.

A special from Arkansas City, Kas., says: Seventy men, led by the ministers of this city, crossed the Arkansas river Saturday and demolished the "Last Chance" saloon. All the "joints" in the town had been closed for several days, but the "Last Chance" being outside the city limits, its proprietor continued to do a flourishing business. When the crowd swept down upon the place the bartender was asleep. He was backed into a corner at a revolver's point and witnessed the complete demolition of the fixtures and stock.

Lanham, Neb., is in an uproar over the liquor question. Money has been raised to clean out the joint keepers. The town is peculiarly situated, the main street being the line between Kansas and Nebraska, just as the main street of the town of Bristol is the dividing line between Virginia and Tennessee. Although a town of only 200 inhabitants, it has for years given officers of both states no end of trouble, offenders from one state moving to the other at will and thus evading the officers.

There was a free-for-all fight at Beloit Saturday, arising from the feeling over the joints. The temperance men and women insisted on inspecting the places to see that their orders for closing had been observed.

The investigating committee was followed by a large crowd. Soon an alarm of fire was sounded and a hose cart dashed up and the firemen commenced throwing water on the crowd. Some men attempted to cut the hose, but were prevented by a display of revolvers. After several had been more or less hurt several arrests were made and quiet was restored.

Mrs. Carrie Nation put in a very busy Sunday in Topeka, and as a result the capital city has experienced more genuine excitement than can be remembered by the oldest inhabitant. Mrs. Nation literally crammed the day with thrilling episodes. She succeeded in having the contents of a notorious joint smashed, broke into a cold storage plant where a number of fine bars had been stored away for safety, and demolished them; addressed a large mass meeting of men and women, and was arrested four times. The last time that the law laid its hand upon her was when Mrs. Nation emerged from the church where the mass meeting had been held.

SHOT WIFE AND SELF.

Bloody Tragedy Revealed In a Lake City, Fla., Home.

At Crescent City, Fla., Saturday morning, Dr. W. L. McLeod and his wife were found dead in their residence. The evidence disclosed that McLeod had killed his wife and then himself. Neither of the couple had been seen for a week, when Mrs. McLeod was visiting members of her church regarding some religious work.

The bodies were found in the bed room, undressed, and two bullet wound, both mortal, had been inflicted on Mrs. DeLeod. Her husband then fired the third bullet through his own brain and held the pistol in his hand. Mrs. McLeod had first been shot in bed and then on the floor as she kneeled before him.

LAWMAKERS ADJOURN.

Extra Session of Virginia Legislature Comes to a Close.

The extra session of the Virginia general assembly at Richmond closed Saturday evening and most of the members left for their homes on afternoon and night trains. The only work of the day was the passage of a bill amending the charter of the city of Charlottesville.

KING OPENS PARLIAMENT.

Edward and Wife Drive to House of Commons In Gorgeous State.

A London special says: The first parliament of the reign of King Edward VII. was opened Thursday afternoon by the king in person. His majesty was accompanied by Queen Alexandra, the duke of Connaught and many others of the royal family. The king and queen rode from Buckingham palace to the palace of Westminster in the georgeous state coach, used for the first time since the wedding of the present king.

CONFEREES ARE STUBBORN.

War Revenue Reduction Measure Causes Deadlock In Committee.

The conferees on the war reduction bill held a meeting Saturday afternoon, but nothing was accomplished. No vote was taken. It is understood that the conferees on the part of each house attempted to convince of the other that they must yield. The house conferees insisted that they could not accept the senate substitute and the senate conferees maintained that if any measure was to become law the house must agree to the senate bill.

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

WHAT IS OVARITIS?

A dull, throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with an occasional shooting pain, indicates inflammation.

On examination it will be found that the region of pain shows some swelling. This is the first stage of ovaritis, inflammation of the ovary. If the roof of your house leaks, my sister, you have it fixed at once; why not pay the same respect to your own body?

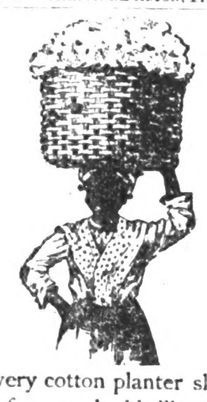
You need not, you ought not to let yourself go, when one of your own sex holds out the helping hand to you, and will advise you without money, and without price. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your symp-

MRS. ANNIE ASTON.

toms. Her experience in treating female ills is greater than any other living person. Following is a letter from a woman who is thankful for avoiding a terrible operation.

"I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My entire system was toned up, and I suffered no more with my ovaries."—MRS. ANNA ASTON, Troy, Mo.



Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." It is sent free.

Send name and address to GERMAN KALI WORKS, Nassau St., N. Y.

Constipation

is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.

Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a startling statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. 3 Bushels only revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age, 12 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.

What Is It? Catalogue tells.

FOR 15c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Spelta (90 bu. per A.) Oats, (250 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (173 bu. per A.) Peanut, etc. Worth $5, to grasshoppers.

John A. Salzer Seed Co. La Crosse, Wis.

BIG SEED FREE Collection

No money required in advance. Cut this out, send 10 pkgs of our seeds at 5c each and we will send you our big $5 Collection of field & vegetable seeds free, including of 3 other packages, including Silver-Plated watch and silk of clothes. Write postal accepting this offer and we will forward seeds, certificate, etc., by mail. Supposed—Day Book of Business.

T. J. KING CO., Richmond, Va.

Our Seeds Are Northern Grown.

Am. N. U. No. 8, 1901.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25c 50c $1.00

CURES RHEUMATISM OR CATARRH IN A DAY. TREATMENT FREE.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) cures the worst cases by drawing the poison out of the blood and bones. Aches and pains in the bones or joints, hot swollen muscles, swollen glands, ulcers, droppings in the throat, hawking, spitting or bad breath, impaired hearing, etc., all disappear promptly and permanently. B. B. B. cures through the blood where all else fails. B. B. B. makes blood pure and rich. Druggists, $1. Treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., 31 Mitchell St., Atlanta Ga. Medicine sent prepaid. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given until cured. 2000 testimonials of cures by B. B. B., so don't give up hope, but try Blood Balm.

A man who has been earning $200 a month, and who is suddenly reduced to $50, is a dandy if he can decrease the number of delivery wagons that stop at his house.

Carter's Ink

has the largest sale of any ink in the world. Because it is the best ink that can be made.

Seventeen per cent of the population of Michigan is enrolled in the Sunday schools. The average for the States and Territories of the Union is 1 per cent.

Nature Needs

Assistance only. Many of the cases of serious illness could be checked at once with a dose of Crab Orchard Water, taken in time.

One of the things a man can't understand is why his sisters get offended when he doesn't rush in to see the new little red babies at their house.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds. JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

As soon as her child is born the Turkish mother loads it with amulets, and a small bit of mud, steeped in hot water, prepared by previous charms, is stuck on his forehead.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Among the 153,000 inhabitants which the last census gave to New Mexico, there were 20,000 Indians and 50,000 Mexicans.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

The people who know us best, won't write our epitaph probably—that's one consolation.

Notice—Two traveling salesmen wanted in each state. Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary. Pocahontas Tobacco Works, Bedford City, Va.

Dead ancestors are said to occupy too much of the arable land of China. Famines would be less frequent if the country was not one vast cemetery.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Odd Decorations.

The Swedish ware to be found in the shops which make a specialty of old pewter will probably be welcomed by the house mistress in search of odd decorations for her dining room plate rack and mantel. These articles are of wood and wicker and picturesque in form and decoration. Baskets, bowls, pails, jugs, boxes and other articles for use and ornament are included in the list. The wooden drinking cups are deep and wide and encircled by stout hoops. Sometimes leather strips are used in conjunction with the other ornamentation.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

CAPTAIN OF FIRE DEPT.

Capt. H. H. Thomson Advises the Use of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

This Wonderful Body Builder and Strength Restorer Should Be Used Now.

CAPT. H. H. THOMSON OF MINNEAPOLIS FIRE DEPT.

No occupation in the world requires more perfect nerve force and physical strength than is demanded of its members by a modern fire department. The members of this branch of the public service must be ready at all hours of the day or night, and in all degrees of heat, cold or exposure, to answer the call of the public, and protect life and property. At all times they must have bodily strength and a clear brain. Without this we would never hear of the wonderful feats of bravery and rescue performed by them. Nothing in the world will build up strength like Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Captain Thomson's strong statement, which we publish herewith, carries weight, and is echoed everywhere by those who rely on Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, when disease attacks them, or they get run down in health which is so easy at this season of the year. There is no medicine in the world which will ward off attacks of the fatal grip, which is now so prevalent, and there is nothing which will drive it away so quickly or reinvigorate the body as well after the grip, as this famous remedy. Captain Thomson, whose address is 2406 Lincoln St., North East, Minneapolis, Minn., says:

"I am a great believer in the wonderful curative powers of Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy. It has been used in my house for years as a body builder, strength restorer and general family medicine. It never fails to give beneficial results. It strengthens the nerves and purifies the blood. As a health builder, I believe there is no medicine equal to Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy."

Remember that Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy is the prescription of a regular physician, Dr. Greene, who can be consulted absolutely free of charge either by mail or calling at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City. Consultation is absolutely free of charge. If you cannot call upon him at his office, write him a letter, telling all about your case, and you can be treated just as well at home as if you called in person. Remember his advice is absolutely free.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF is a good game to play. But you cannot afford to play it with coffee.

Know what you are drinking!

Know what you purchase!

Uncover your eyes and see whether you are getting

LION COFFEE

or some cheap glazed substitute that has been treated with polishing materials, in order to hide imperfections. Look at the package! Is a lion's head on it? LION COFFEE is the coffee of purity and strength. Try it once.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price $1.00.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES.

CLANTON DRUG STORE.

Dr J. S JOHNSON, Jr., Proprietor.

DEALER IN

DRUGS. : MEDICINES : PATENT : MEDICINES.

TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED DAY & NIGHT

CLANTON. ALABAMA.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

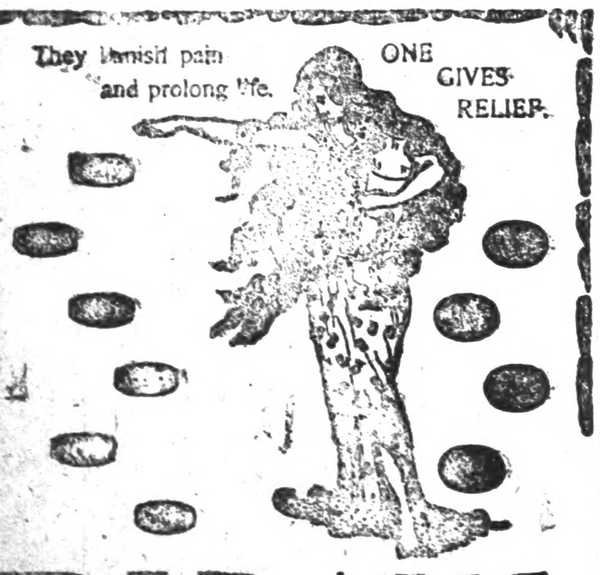
There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



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has matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Jasmine.

We are glad to say everything is moving along nicely here.

We regret very much that Mr. W. M. Berry has left us.

Miss Gertie Sims will leave Monday to take up a school at Alpine; we hope she will have good success in her first beginning to teach.

Misses Lula and Ella Rawlins spent Sunday with their young friends at this place.

The young people of this place thank Mr. and Mrs. T. Mills for giving them a candy breaking at their residence.

Quite a number of our young people spent Sunday at Fletcher.

Mrs. John Wilkins is spending a few days with relatives at Stanton.

Misses Dora and Lilie Wilkins spent Sunday at Fletcher.

Mr. John Bills and wife spent Sunday with Mr. B. L. Grace at this place.

Mr. J. Y. Propst spent Sunday in Birmingham.

Mr. R. M. Stilwell visited friends near Kincheon Sunday.

Mr. H. A. Askins spent Saturday in Billingsley.

WILD BILL.

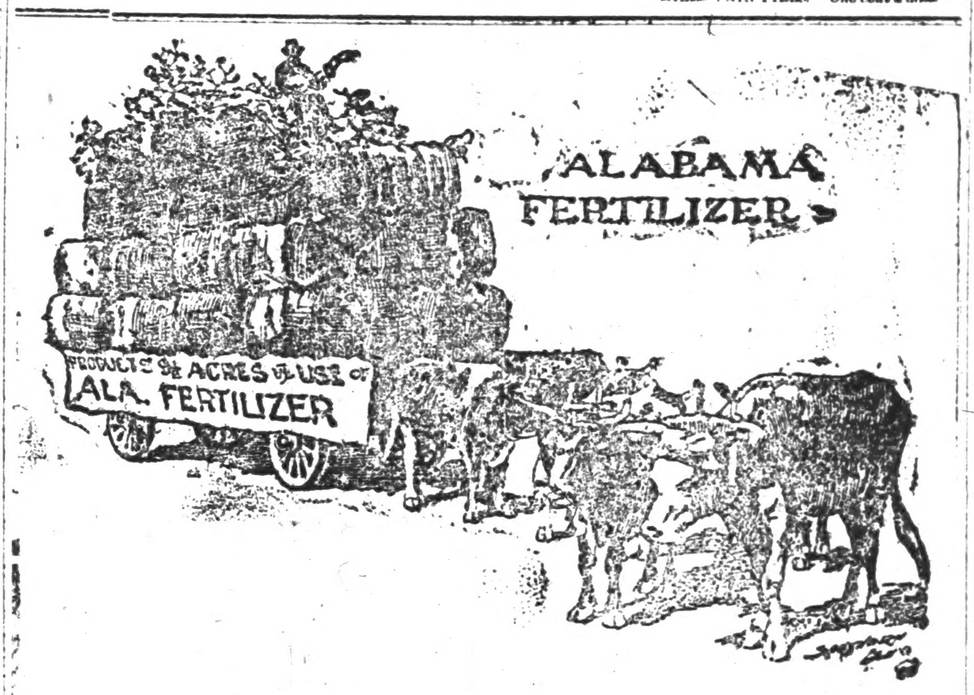
Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Clanton drug stores.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus eventually saving loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 9½ acres of land, made from Hazell improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Tropp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizer than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to rework fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 49 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH. Nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

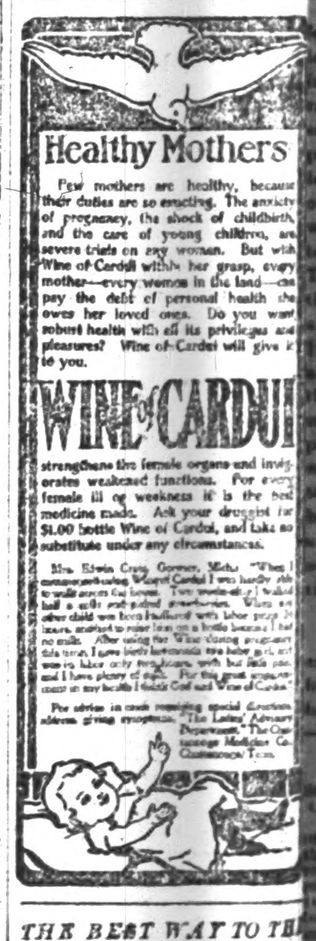
The New England Watch is proving a decided success, giving good satisfaction. It is the poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

ECZEMA, ITCHING HUMORS, PIMPLES CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Does your Skin Itch and Burn? Distressing Eruptions on the Skin? Do you feel ashamed to be seen in company? Do scabs and Scales form on the skin, Hair or Scalp? Have you Eczema? Skin Sore and Cracked? Rash form on the Skin? Pimples? Pain in the Skin? Boils? Pimples? Bone Pains? Swollen Joints? Feel like Hell? All Run Down? Sluggish? Old Sores? Eating Sores? Ulcers? To cure to stay cured take B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. B. will cause the sores to heal, the itching of eczema to stop forever, the skin to become clean and healthy and sweet. B. B. B. is just the Remedy you have been looking for. Positively tested for thirty years. Doctors are advised to try B. B. B. For sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle; six large bottles ($6 value) for $5 (for treatment). Be sure the book about Botanic Blood Balm. Contains plain directions with each bottle. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle given away. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and Free personal medical advice given.



Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, and the care of young children, are severe trials on any woman. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE OF CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Edwin Craig, Gerrish, Mich., writes: "When I commenced taking Wine of Cardui I was hardly able to walk across the house. Two weeks after I walked half a mile and picked strawberries. When my other child was born I suffered with labor pains 24 hours and had to raise him on a bottle because I had no milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time, I have had a strong healthy baby girl, and was in labor only two hours, with but little pain, and I have plenty of milk. For this great improvement in my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui."

For advice in case requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Cahaba daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

That was quite a fall of snow we had last Friday night, some four or five inches I believe, and it looked as if it would stay with us for some days, but it did not, of course, it was visited for several days after. But old Sol pounded hard with it, and that is where the Sunny South has an immense advantage over the cold North. Here it falls and melts, there it stays for no end of a time. Anyhow, the boys had a good time snowballing, and everyone seemed to enjoy it.

The recent lamentable fire at Clanton is having one good effect, it is causing our citizens to discuss what steps can be taken for the prevention of conflagrations, and is also showing the great advantages of insurance. The unfortunate sufferers were not to blame for being uninsured, no responsible insurance company cares to carry such a risk as is involved in a number of inflammable wooden buildings in close proximity to each other. Those wooden structures gone up in smoke and are a total loss to the owners. When brick buildings take their place, insurance will be only a trifle, and negligence on the part of the owner will involve him in future loss.

At the same time Clanton is fearfully unprotected from further loss by fire. Surely we can organize a volunteer fire brigade, and raise enough money to purchase some light handy ladders and a plentiful supply of buckets at the least. One of the best things any of our leading citizens could do would be to call a public meeting to take some action in this matter. There is no politics in this suggestion, it is not a Populist move nor a Democratic trick, and Mark Hanna is not at the back of it. I almost wish he was, we would get the ladders and buckets then, I'm sure. But it is a question for the protection of the town, and it had much better be discussed now than to wait until there is only four buildings left in the town, Pinckard's and Wilson's brick stores and the Court House and our beautiful jail.

I must congratulate Eugene Ev[illegible] on his promptitude in erecting his new temporary storehouse until he can get his new brick built.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama, Chilton county. In Probate Court.

Under and by virtue of the mandate of a certain commission issued out of the Probate Court of said county, directed to me, I will proceed to sell for partition and division among Lola M. [illegible], et al, parties in interest, the following described real estate situated in said county, to-wit:

[illegible] of Se ¼, Ne ¼ of Sw 1-4, Se 1-4 of Nw 1-4, Sec 3, and Nw 1-4 of Ne 1-4, all in T 21, R 14, and N ½ of Sw 1-4, Sec 33, Tp 22, R 14. Said sale is to be for cash and is to be held on the [illegible] DAY OF MARCH, 1901, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

This the 27th day of February, 1901.

E. H. ADAMS, Commissioner.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, I, Arrie Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama,

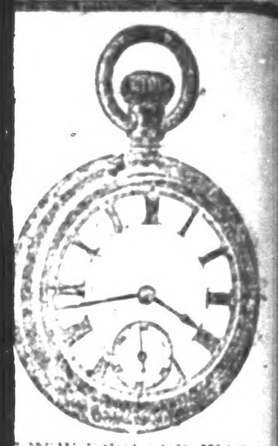
MONDAY, MARCH 18th, 1901,

between the hours of 10 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit:

Lot No. 3 of section 12, township [illegible] of range 16, east, containing [illegible] and 50-100 acres, situated in Chilton county, Alabama.

ARRIE ROBINSON,

Administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased.



NEW ENGLAND WATCH
case, stem wind and stem set
ted for 12 months. Deliver
nywhere with a silk cord
chain for $2.75. Try one
want a good time piece cheap.
e New England Watch is
good satisfaction. It is the
man a time piece.
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

EMA, ITCHING HUMORS
IMPLES CURED BY B. B. B.
Dottie Free to Sufferers.
your Skin Itch and Burn
esing Eruptions on the Skin
ed pimpled to be seen in wor
Do scabs and Scales form
you, Hair or Scalp? Have you
ad? Skin Sore and Cracked
form on the Skin? Prickling
in the Skin? Boils? Pimples
Pores? Swollen Joints? Pain
joints? All Run Down? Sk
Old Sores? Eating Sores
To cure to stay cured take
B. B. (Bo anic Blood Balm) which
the blood pure and rich. B.
will cause the sores to heal
of eczema to stop forever,
ls to become clean and healt
B. B. B. is just the Remedy
have been looking for. Thou
tested for thirty years. Ol
rs are advised to try B. B. B.
by druggists at $1 per
bottle; six large bottles (full
ent) $5. Be sure the bottle
Botanic Blood Balm. Com
directions with each bottle. S
ers may test it in a trial bottle
away. Write for it. Ad
BLOOD BALM CO., Atlan
Describe your trouble and
ersonal medical advice given.

calthy Mothers
w mothers are healthy, because
duties are so exacting. The anxiety
regnancy, the shock of childbirth,
the care of young children, are
re trials on any woman. But with
of Cardui within her grasp, every
her—every woman in the land—can
the debt of personal health she
her loved ones. Do you want
t health with all its privileges and
ures? Wine of Cardui will give it
ou.
WINE OF CARDUI
ngthens the female organs and invig-
e weakened functions. For every
le ill, weakness it is the best
cine made. Ask your druggist for
bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no
stitute under any circumstances.
Edwin Craig, Gorner, Mich. "When I
commencing Wine of Cardui I was hardly able
around the house. Two weeks after I walked
a mile and gained great strength. When my
child was born I suffered with labor pains 24
and started to raise in on a bottle because I had
lk. After using two Wine of Cardui my pleasancy
ed. I gave birth to a robust boy baby girl, and
labor only three hours with but little pain.
have plenty of milk. For this great assistance
in my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui."
advice in case requiring special directions,
g symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory
Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co.
Chattanooga, Tenn.

BEST WAY TO THE
AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—VIA THE—
L. & N.
SVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
The Through Cars
fine pass Cafers daily, running
rough Montgomery, Mobile
and New Orleans.
nnecting with all points to
TEXAS AND THE WEST;
unning through to Nashville,
nsville, Louisville, Cincinnati
and St. Louis,
nnecting for all points in the
TH AND NORTH-WEST.
e purchasing tickets to any point
the Agent of the Louisville and
le Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or
ress, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY FEBRUARY 28. 1901 — NO. 15

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

That was quite a fall of snow we had last Friday night, some 4 or 5 inches I believe, and it showed a disposition to stay with us a few days. But old Sol played no favorites, and that is where the South has an immense advantage over the cold North. There it rains and melts, there it lays for no end of a time. Anyway, the boys had a good time snowballing, and everyone seemed to enjoy it.

The recent lamentable fire at Clanton is having one good effect; it is causing our citizens to discuss what steps can be taken for the prevention of conflagrations, and is also showing the great advantages of insurance. The unfortunate sufferers were not to blame for being uninsured, no responsible insurance company cares to carry such a risk as is involved in a number of inflammable wooden buildings in close proximity to each other. Those wooden structures have gone up in smoke and are a total loss to the owners. When brick buildings take their place, insurance will be only a trifle, and any negligence on the part of the owner will involve him in future loss.

At the same time Clanton is painfully unprotected from further loss by fire. Surely we can organize a volunteer fire brigade, and have enough money to purchase some light handy ladders and a plentiful supply of buckets at the start. One of the best things any of our leading citizens could do would be to call a public meeting and take some action in this matter. There is no politics in this suggestion, it is not a Populist move nor a Democratic trick, and Mark Hanna is not at the back of it. I almost wish he was, we would get the ladders and buckets then, I'm sure. But it is a question for the protection of the town, and it had much better be discussed now than to wait until there is only four buildings left in the town, Pinckard's and Wilson's brick stores on the Court House and our beautiful jail.

I must congratulate Eugene Evans on his promptitude in erecting a new temporary storehouse until he can get his new brick built.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama, Chilton county. | In Probate Court.

Under and by virtue of the mandate of a certain commission issued out of the Probate Court of said county, directed to me, I will proceed to sell for partition and division among Luis M. [illegible] et al, parties in interest, the following described real estate situated in said county, to-wit:

[illegible] of Se ¼, Ne ¼ of Sw 1-4, Se 1-4 of Nw 1-4, Sec. 4, and Nw 1-4 of Ne 1-4, all in T 21, R 14, and N ½ of Sw 1-4, Sec. 33, Tp. 22, R 14. Said sale is to be for cash and is to be held on the

18th DAY OF MARCH, 1901,

in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

This, the 27th day of February, 1901.

E. H. ADAMS, Commissioner.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, I, Arrie Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, MARCH 18th, 1901,

between 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit:

Section No. 3 of section 12, township 20, north of range 16, east, containing sixty-one and 50-100 acres, situated in Chilton county, Alabama.

ARRIE ROBINSON,
Administratrix of the estate of
W. R. Robinson, deceased.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Lily, Feby. 26, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me a little space to say something about our candidate for the constitutional convention. I am informed that L. B. Pounds has declined to run, so this leaves L. H. Reynolds in possession of the field in the Populist party in Chilton county. Now, I have not one word to say against Mr. Reynolds, he is a good and true man, and as a reformer stands unimpeached so far as I know, and I am sure that he has been badly treated, but not by the people of this county, for they have given him everything he asked them for.

Now, Mr. Editor, why not let good thing go around among the brethren and send a new man to the constitutional convention, a man of convictions and the courage to stand by them, a man whose character as a citizen, as a gentleman and as a christian stands without reproach, a man whose qualification and peculiar fitness for the position is equal if not superior to any man's in the party in Chilton county? That man is E. B. Deason. I believe that he is the man pre-eminently to represent us in the convention, and can do us as much or more real good than anyone else. Let's send him. What say you? Will be glad to hear from others.

Respectfully,
R. J. WILLIAMS.

The greatest danger from colds and la grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is taken, all danger will be avoided. It will cure a cold or an attack of la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Clanton, Feb. 23, 1901

Editor Banner—I notice that the Chilton Reflector in issue of 21st inst. "does not know how to be anything but a Democrat and it would be worse than useless for anyone but a Democrat to go to the convention, as the opposition will be little more than a notch on a stick."

Now, if Mr. Hudson had said that fifty years ago, we would have said amen, but Democracy now and Democracy in Jefferson's day, or even later, twenty years ago, is two things. Democracy once meant the rule of the people, and old Hickory Jackson said complete acquiescence in the will of a majority was Democracy. But if the editor of the Reflector means that he does not know how to be anything but a Democrat of the modern type, for instance, the class that passes a resolution recommending that the defeated candidate, if a Democrat, shall be conferred with with reference to local legislation. Then I would say now that if the Reflector stays in Chilton county a few months it will understand and see more clearly than it does now. I am inclined to think that Mr. Hudson sees "through a glass darkly."

VOTER.

Montgomery, Feb. 26, 1901

Editor Banner.—I wish to state to the people of the county, through the Banner, that after being confined to my bed for two weeks with a bad case of la grippe that I am again at my post in Montgomery, yet I am quite feeble. And I wish to say further that so far as stock law for Chilton county, or parts of the county, is concerned, that those measures have been worked through by the foulest underground methods imaginable, and in due time I am prepared to place the responsibility where it belongs, and I promise you it will make interesting reading. I only wish to

(continued on 3d col. page 4)

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate to represent Chilton County in the Constitutional Convention, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. H. W. CARNEY,
Feby. 12, 1901.

Call for Populist Executive Com'te.

Clanton, Ala., Feb. 26, 1901

Dear Sir:—The Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton County is hereby called to meet at Clanton on Tuesday, the 5th day of March, 1901, at 10 a.m. and you are earnestly requested to be present, as business of the greatest importance to the Party is to be transacted.

Very respectfully,
L. B. POUNDS,
Chm'n P. P. Chilton County.

Jemison.

The critic feels grieved to learn that one of Jemison's most prominent men said he was a fool—there are others.

Mr. Cooper will soon have his new storehouse finished.

Miss Oron Collins, of Active, has been visiting Miss Bertha Denhan this week.

Mr. J. M. Beasley paid a pleasant visit to Hard Town last Saturday.

We are glad to say our school is gradually coming and we hope before long it will be on top.

Mr. J. H. Harrison paid a pleasant visit to his parents last Saturday night.

The young people had a singing at the residence of Mr. D. L. Langston last Sunday night in which Messrs. Whitaker and McNeill gave us unmeasurable help; everybody enjoyed themselves.

Mr. C. N. Shaw and Miss Mattie Atkinson were united in the holy bonds of matrimony last Wednesday night at the residence of the bride's brother, W. G. Atkinson, we wish them a happy life.

Mr. J. W. Patton has returned home from Ensley.

Mr. Clyde McCary, of Chicago, Ill., is visiting his mother, Mrs. J. P. Allen.

Some folks don't like boiled eggs. All the school boys do.

CRITIC

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Samples free. Every Box guaranteed. For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Pleasant Grove.

Just as we are looking for the beautiful flowers, we see the earth wrapped in a beautiful mantle of white, so we conclude the winter is not yet ready to kiss the spring good bye.

Considerable improvements are going on in this community, new buildings are numerous.

Mr. J. B. Price is moving into this community.

Mr. J. D. Hodgins and family were recently called to Providence to attend the burial of Mrs. Hodgins' brother, Mr. Jay Clements; we extend to the bereaved ones our sympathy.

The people have erected a nice new school building.

Prof. J. N. Dennis' school here has closed. He has taught a good school, and by his faithfulness and untiring efforts has endeared himself to us. He has shown marked liberality in working for the benefit of this community. We heartily recommend him to the people where ever he may go. H. D. O.

A Convincing Answer.

"I hobbled into Mr. Blackmon's drug store one evening," says Wesley Nelson, of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for Rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said 'Well if Chamberlain's Pain Balm does not help you, you need not pay for it.' I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism." Sold by Clanton Drug Co., and D. I. Deramus Verbena.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.
$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some house on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Macedonia.

Last Saturday was a fine day for snowballing and rabbit hunting.

Prof. J. T. Martin attended the Institute last Friday and Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. S. Waldrup, a son.

Mr. D. C. Hubbard's new house is nearing completion.

Farmers are taking more interest in their crops than usual, there has been more fence repaired, more new grounds taken in, and more improvements generally than we have seen in a long time.

Success to the faithful Banner and all its readers. CLINT.

Had To Conquer Or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel N. C., "I had Consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well." It's as unrivaled I feaver in Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe and Bronchitis; infallible for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup or Whooping Cough. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of the Sw ¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 18th day of February 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Mortgage Sale.

State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage given by W. T. Quillin and his wife, N. C. Quillin, to D. C. Gandy on the 5th day of February, 1894, and due November 1, 1894, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Mortgage Record No. 23, page 34, on the 24th day of April, 1894; and which said mortgage was duly transferred by D. C. Gandy to S. Mass & Co., and by S. Mass & Co. to W. H. Rouse on the 22d day of January, 1901. I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Chilton County, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1901,

between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:

One House and Lot in Stanton, Alabama, said Lot being in the Nw ¼ of Ne ¼ of Section 7, Township 20, Range 12, containing four and a half acres.

Dated at Stanton, Ala., this 28th day of January, 1901.

W. H. ROUSE, Transferee.

The open, bold and honest truth is the safest for any one in any and all circumstances.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. BICE, Thorsby, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salary and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG ROLL COTTON SEED. It is claimed for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth, that it is never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as sharp-shooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

Yellow-Leaf Poultry Farm
THORSBY, ALA.

We breed White Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas. A few Cockerels for sale $2 each. Eggs in season.

BARRETT & KERNEN, Props.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life, a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at

JEMISON, ALA,
this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - Ala.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE: S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 654—2 rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

GENERAL AGENT:
WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cohern
8. John R. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

If there were to be a new beatitude, it might well read, "Blessed are the cheerful; for to them is given the gift of diffusing hope and courage and joy."

The City of Detroit, Mich., tried standard time for just one week. Then the astute common council voted to abandon it and returned to local time, regardless of railroad timetables.

It is computed that in the column of prose and verse which he produced daily for a Chicago newspaper Eugene Field eventually wrote 7,000,000 words. This would be equivalent in quantity to 70 portly novels of historical romance or adventure of the current popular sort, and decidedly better in quality, as much metropolitan newspaper matter is.

There are now 2,777,497 horses in the United States, not counting those on stock farms and ranches. The largest number are found in New York state, where there are 302,271. Illinois ranks second, with 233,807; Pennsylvania has 215,977; Ohio, 185,683; Iowa, 144,295; Massachusetts, 132,016; Missouri, 124,952; Indiana, 124,072; Texas, 106,819 and Michigan, 100,410.

Denmark is a small country, but it has the great distinction among enlightened nations of exporting the best butter in the world. A report of Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the division of foreign markets in the agricultural department at Washington, says that, while butter is the most valuable export of the Danes, "they import a good deal of butter of the cheaper sort from the United States."

There is a great deal to be done to make wireless telegraphy applicable to all the necessities of the telegraph business; and by the time that is done the function of the telegraph will probably be so enlarged that it will take all the wire lines and wireless lines together to do the business satisfactorily. And what of the possible application of wireless telegraphy to telephony? We may, after all, be only on the threshold of a wireless age, observes the New York Commercial.

The prospective development of our sub-marine boat is likely to make a new demand on our naval training system. With only one such boat now in existence, the Holland, the requirements of the service have been met by volunteers; but when the half-dozen vessels of the kind now building are completed it will not be possible to rely only on volunteers, and a specially trained force of "submarinists" will be needed. The duty on these vessels will call for a high order of skill; it will be also very hazardous. Our sailors have never hesitated to volunteer for dangerous work, as witness Cushing's crew and Hobson's; but the requirements of the submarine boats are not met by merely personal bravery. A new rating seems needed, composed of trained men, who shall receive special pay for their very special work, commensurate with its technicality and danger. The matter has been brought before the navy department already, and will be provided for shortly, in all probability, says the New York Sun.

The Torrens land-registration law is growing slowly in favor in Massachusetts, and in recent months the court has been doing about all the business for which it has facilities. For the last two years the record of fees paid over quarterly is as follows: January, 1899, $191.60; April, $511.58; July, $949.02; October, $688.91; January, 1900, $350.02; April, $908.85; July, $887.83; October, $1154.08. The entire assessed value of the land covered by petitions presented to the court since its formation, both the cases settled and those still pending, amounts to $1,430,557. An illustration of the advantage of the system for business purposes is furnished by the Recorder. A man with real estate in the North End of Boston, which was valued at about $10,000, had registered it under the Torrens law. He went to the bank and wanted to borrow on the certificate. The representative of the bank saw the property in the morning, and the papers were all passed and the transaction finished about 1 o'clock the same day, instead of covering two or three weeks with the search of the title and other delays.

BIG STEAMER SINKS

Had on Board Two Hundred Passengers, and It Is Thought That Half of Them Found Watery Graves.

SHIP CAUGHT IN DENSE FOG

Among the Victims Reported Was Consul Wildman and Family From Hong Kong---A Scene of Horror.

A San Francisco special says: The Pacific mail steamer City of Rio de Janeiro ran on a hidden rock while entering the golden gate early Friday morning in a dense fog, and sank in a few minutes. It is thought that nearly 150 persons were drowned, but it is impossible to ascertain the exact number, owing to the fact that Purser John Rooney, who had the passenger list and roster of the crew, is among the missing.

At 5 p. m. ten bodies had been recovered, two white women, one white man and seven Chinese. The most prominent passenger was Rounseville Wildman, United States consul at Hong Kong, who was accompanied by his wife and two children. It is thought all were downed. The ship was in command of Pilot Frederick Jordan when she struck. He was rescued. Captain William Ward went down with his vessel.

As nearly as can be learned there were 234 people on the Rio Janeiro, as follows:

Cabin passengers, 29; second cabin, 7; steerage (Chinese and Japanese) 58; officers and crew, 140; total, 234.

The following have been accounted for: Rescued, 79; bodies at the morgue, 10; total, 89; missing, 145.

CAUGHT IN A DENSE FOG.

The Rio de Janeiro was three days overdue from Hong Kong, via Honolulu, when she arrived off the heads Thursday night and the dense fog prevailing at the time induced Pilot Jordan to bring her to anchor until he could see his way clear through the gateway. She laid to until about 4:30 o'clock, when the atmosphere cleared and she was started under a slow bell toward Point Bonita. All went well until 5:40 o'clock, when she struck. Most of the passengers were below at the time and it is believed many of them were drowned in their berths.

The first news of the disaster reached the city at 7:30 a. m., and soon afterward a boat load of rescued passengers and petty officers arrived at the mail dock. Tugs were immediately dispatched to render any service that might be needed, but no living persons were afloat when the tugs reached the wreck. A number of drowning people were rescued by Italian fishermen and the bodies of two white women, three Chinese and a Japanese were brought in by the tugs. The search for bodies continued all day.

All accounts show that the officers gave the necessary orders with the least possible excitement. Capt. Ward was on deck when the vessel struck and gave orders to the men on watch to hurry the passengers to the forward. At the same time the quartermaster on duty sounded the signal for fire drill and within five minutes all the men were at their stations.

There was no way of knowing the extent of the damage to the vessel, as she remained on an even keel for fifteen minutes after striking the rock. But Captain Ward knew the gravest danger threatened the 200 souls in his charge and he gave orders to lower the lifeboats and rafts. There was not much confusion until, fifteen minutes after striking, the bow of the vessel suddenly plunged under water. Then there was a wild rush for the boats.

Two boats had already been lowered and others were getting away as rapidly as the trained discipline of the crew could prepare them. A thick fog enveloped everything, and as yet no sign had come from the life-saving stations. Darkness was all about and with this added horror the people on the Rio had to cope. One boat got clear of the vessel without damage. This contained the following persons: Mrs. West, Mrs. Ripley, Chief Engineer Herlihey, Second Officer Coglan, Frank Cramp, J. R. Russell, Storekeeper Borgg, Water Tender D. Lane, Quartermaster R. Mathieson, Captain Hetch, of the German navy.

This boat got clear of the sinking vessel and then stood by to help in picking up those who had no time to get into the boats and were in the water. Another boat, containing Third Officer Holland and J. K. Carpenter, got away, but was drifted around close up under the bow of the steamer. As the forward end of the vessel plunged downward the prow caught the small boat and cut it in two. The two men in the boat were uninjured and swam away from the sinking steamer just in time to avoid being caught in the swirl of water caused by the settling of the big ship. Carpenter was picked up by the other boat. The fate of Holland is not known.

A numoes of Italian fishermen who were starting out saw the sinking of the Rio and hastened to give all the assistance in their power. While all this was going on Captain Ward was directing the passengers and trying to keep them from panic. He succeeded only partly, as many of the terrified people rushed to the railing and jumped overboard. Some of these were picked up, others were drowned.

The Chinese crew, to the number of over a hundred were terrorized. Some of them huddled in little groups, chattering in fear. Others crouched close to the deck mourning pitifully. Many jumped into the sea.

Captain Ward remained on deck until the vessel had settled to such an extent that the water was engulfing him. He then went up the bridge and from there continued to issue his directions.

That the steamer sank almost immediately after striking is the report of a majority of those rescued. Some of the passengers say that she instantly listed forward and in five minutes she went down, while others declare that she stayed afloat for half an hour after she struck.

There are several conflicting stories concerning the fate of Captain Ward. The steward of the Rio says that he stood beside the captain when the vessel went down. Two other survivors say that they also saw the captain to the last, but Frederick Lindstrom, quartermaster officer of the Rio, emphatically declared that Captain Ward emulated Admiral Trion, of H. M. S. Victoria, in going down to his cabin, where he met his doom behind a locked door. According to his story, Captain Ward, after consulting with Pilot Jordon, came down from the bridge. He was standing on the deck when the vessel crashed upon the rock.

There was a cry of "Man the boats," but it was apparent that in the midst of the awful confusion a systematic effort to save the passengers would be of no avail. Everybody was scrambling for his own safety. It was at this time that Lindstrom says he saw Captain Ward standing on the forward deck. Suddenly the captain turned and walked hurriedly to the cabin, disappeared behind the door, which he closed. A second later the vessel was plunging to the bottom of the sea.

THE PILOT'S STORY.

Captain Frederick W. Jordan, the pilot of the Rio, was rescued by an Italian fishing boat. To the customs officials he told the following story:

"We anchored about 5 o'clock last night. The weather was thick, and I left orders that when the weather cleared we should go farther in.

"At 5 a. m. the fog lifted. We could see the cliff house and the north end light, and I told the mate to heave short. After we started heaving short the wind came in from the northeast, and the fog settled in thick, and I told the mate to stop heaving. Then the captain came up and said:

"'Let her go. We can go ahead.'

"You see, my watch stopped at 5:40. When the vessel struck I ordered all the boats out. The first boat out was half filled with water no sooner than she struck. I got a ladder and placed a woman on it and we began to descend. She had a boy of eight years, whom I held in my arms. The woman and I were about half way down the ladder when the Rio gave a tremendous pitch. I was flung off the ladder.

"I saw nothing after that of the woman or the boy. I went down with the ship about fifty feet. I worked my way up to the surface and got hold of some wreckage. I had sense enough left to turn on my back and drift with the wreckage.

"Then I came across what seemed to me the top of a house with a Chinaman on it. He helped me to clamber onto the roof, and with him I drifted out toward the north heads. I was then rescued by the fishing boat."

BIRDSONGS GIVE BOND.

Brothers Were Charged With Arson and Perjury Respectively.

A Macon, Ga., dispatch says: The two Birdsong brothers, Tom and Dave, who were indicted for arson and perjury, were served with warrants, but they gave bonds in the sum of $1,000 each and were released. They will answer to the next term of the criminal court.

Five Crushed By Car Wheels.

Five men were caught on the Pennsylvania railroad bridge at Yongstown, O., Friday morning and killed. They were walking on the track on their way to work at the Sharon Iron furnace and were caught by the southbound freight train.

REGIMENTS TO RETURN.

Two Transports Will Sail From Manila During Month of March.

Colonel Miller, quartermaster at Manila, cables the war department that it has been arranged for the transport Thomas to leave Manila on the 15th proximo with the Twenty-eighth and Thirty-fifth regiments of volunteers and that the Grant will sail on the 25th proximo with the Twenty-ninth and Thirty-second regiments of volunteers.

CUBANS IN QUANDARY.

Question of "Future Relations" Proving a Perplexing One.

A Special from Havana says: Nothing definite has been decided upon regarding the question of future relations. Many of the delegates assembled in the convention hall Friday afternoon to talk over the matter informally. Most of them seem to be impressed with one conviction that if the convention stood out vigorously for absolute independence the United States congress would support them.

HAPPENINGS IN ALABAMA.

Pratt City Contractor Commits Suicide.

TEN MINERS ARE RESCUED.

Odd Fellows Will Build a Home--New Coal Company--Other State News.

J. Frank Hogan Commits Suicide.

J. Frank Hogan, a prominent contractor of Pratt City, committed suicide Saturday afternoon by shooting himself through the head with a 38-calibre revolver. Contrary to his usual habits, Mr. Hogan had been drinking, and this is the only reason that can be assigned for his rash act. It is said that Mr. Hogan came home at noon Saturday and was a little quarrelsome and upbraided his family in an unusual manner. A little later he became very angry and again abused his wife and children, threatening to commit suicide. Putting his pistol in his pocket, Hogan started to leave home, but his wife induced him to remain. He went into the bath room and presumably took another drink. Then walking into the dining room he arrested his wife's attention and placing the pistol to his head, pulled the trigger. Death was almost instantaneous. The coroner was called, but decided that the man had come to his death at his own hands, and deemed an investigation unnecessary. Frank Hogan, as he was known, was one of the best known contractors in the district, and his business affairs are in excellent condition. He leaves a wife and three children.

Ten Miners Rescued.

After 63 hours underground, for the greater part of the time in water, ten of the thirteen negro miners caught in the Asylum mines by a sudden inrush of water last Wednesday, were rescued at 6 o'clock Friday morning. When they reached the light they were nearly blind, and in an exhausted condition. Seven of the ten were able to climb up the shaft unaided, the other three being brought up in the cage. The three that were not rescued are supposed to be dead, as their caps were found. The rescue of the men was received with shouts of joy by their friends and relatives, while the families of the other three are greatly depressed, having almost given up hope.

The mine is about clear of water now, and searching parties are hunting for the bodies of the three miners supposed to be dead. The men are being taken care of by the hospital authorities, and will not suffer any very serious effects from their hazardous experience.

Summer School of Pedagogy.

In view of the new law requirements as to state license for teachers, La Fayette, Alabama, college will hold an annual School of Pedagogy, for the special purpose of reviews or new studies, and for professional instruction preparatory to July State examinations in all the counties of Alabama. As this is held in connection with the last of the college spring term, May 6 to June 13, all the advantages of college classes and model school methods will be open to teachers attending. Send for a copy of La Fayette College "Sunbeams."

Yard Collision.

A collision occurred between two Louisville and Nashville switch engines in Birmingham about midnight Friday night, in which two men were seriously hurt, though probably not fatally. The engines were running at a slow rate of speed when they collided, but they struck each other with considerable force and each was badly damaged. C. W. Meeks, foreman of the switching crew, and Howard Mason, a switchman, were both severely injured.

Fayette Lodge, No. 200, of the order K. of P., was organized at Fayette Friday evening, with fifteen charter members, by J. P. Woodall, P. C., of Spring Lake Lodge, No. 166, assisted by the following knights: Dr. W. H. Wilder, grand vice chancellor, of Birmingham; John H. Dunnahoo, G. K. R. and S., of Talladega; C. A. Beasley, of Tuscaloosa; J. E. Timmons, of Lafayette; J. G. Cook and C. T. Deloach, of Oakman.

Odd Fellows' Home.

The Odd Fellows of Alabama contemplate building a home for the widows and orphans of members of that order in this state. A meeting with that end in view was held in Fox hall, Birmingham, Saturday morning which was attended by representatives of fifteen of the twenty-seven lodges of that order in Jefferson county. Secretary H. C. Weaver of the Grand Lodge, came from Huntsville to attend the meeting and made an interesting talk, in which he urged the importance of such an institution. It was the consensus of opinion that the home should be established in the community offering the largest contribution towards it. If the scheme goes through it is probable that a small per capita assessment will be levied on each member of the order in Alabama, of which there are about 5000. A committee consisting of L. J. Rittenberry, George Huddleston, James Sharpe, L. M. Buell and J. P. Brodie was appointed to formulate an address, which will be sent to all Odd Fellows in the state.

New Coal Company.

Another big coal mining company has been organized in Jefferson county, the Valley Creek Coal Company. The organizers of this company are T. H. Aldrich, John F. Martin and T. H. Friel, and the capital stock is $200,000, divided into 2,000 shares of $100 each. The purpose of the company is to mine coal, ore and other minerals and to erect coke ovens, furnaces, etc., for the manufacture of coke and pig iron. The principal place of business will be at the mines of the company in Jefferson county. The properties of the company are located near and below Bessemer.

Clark again Succeeds Himself.

Last Friday the Governor named Gen. Louis V. Clark, of Birmingham, to succeed himself as Brigadier General of the Alabama National Guard. The Governor also named Mr. D. T. Phillips and Dr. Thomas Westmoreland, members of the board of control of the Eighth District Agricultural School. This school is situated at Athens. The appointees were indorsed by the work of the school as Messrs. Phillips and Westmoreland were old members of the board.

Livingston's New Hotel.

Livingston, Ala., is to have a new hotel to cost $30,000. It is to be built by Birmingham capitalists, they having the town's proposition of twenty-five years' use of the waste water at the bored well, and fifteen years' exemption from taxation. It is to be built of brick and stone, and modern in every respect.

Telephone Line.

A stock company has been formed for the purpose of building a line of telephone from Hillsboro to Moulton. Money sufficient to build and equip the line has been raised. The posts have been bought and are now being laid down at Moulton. A contract for setting the posts all along the line will be let to the lowest bidder next Thursday. The wire and batteries have been ordered, and telephone connection between Moulton and the outside world will be fully established in the next few weeks.

The brick work on the new coke oven plant that is being erected by the Semet-Solvay company at Ensley is rapidly nearing completion.

The new machinery for the Birmingham Cement plant at Ensley has been installed and the plant is in active operation once more.

An Attempted Assassination.

A dastardly attempt at assassination was made near the Alabama Great Southern depot in Tuscaloosa about 6 o'clock Sunday evening, when an unknown party called John Lewis, a respectable working man, to his front door and shot him in the face with a 32-calibre pistol. Lewis conducts a wood yard in the rear of his home. There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed. The physician in charge of Lewis thinks he will possibly get well, as the ball did not strike in a vital spot, although it is a very dangerous wound.

The Tennessee company, at Ensley, will soon begin the installation of their telephone exchange, which will be located in their office building on Nineteenth st est. The system will be owned and operated by the company.

Former President Harrison reopens an old argument when he says America should have been called Columbia.

LIVELY DOINGS IN THE CONGRESS

Sensational Speeches Indulged In By Our Lawmakers.

HEPBURN USES STRONG WORDS

Questions of Hazing and Double Pay of House Employes Lead to A Wordy War.

A Washington special says: To-day was another field day in the house. Two distinct sensations came. During the consideration of a supplement to the deficiency appropriation bill to prevent hazing at the naval academy, Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, in exceedingly strong language, urged against the practice, charging by indirection the habits of tyranny and oppression formed by the officers of the army and navy at their academies were responsible for the refusal of graduates in the navy and for the large number of desertions from the army.

Moreover, he alleged that officers stood by each other in trouble, saying that the record of twenty-five vessels of the navy since the civil war had, with one exception, escaped with slight punishment. Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, Mr. Dayton, of West Virginia, and others defended the navy.

The stir caused by Mr. Hepburn's speech, however, was mild compared with the row which was kicked up later over some items in the bill for extra compensation to employes of the house. Mr. Dinsmore, of Arkansas, exposed the fact that one of the employees of the house, while holding one position, was drawing pay for another and the difference between the salaries was to be made up by one of the items in the bill.

This led to a general ventilation of the domestic affairs of the house, during which Mr. Baily, of Texas, said the situation was a scandal upon the integrity of the house. He charged that there were employees about the house who were dividing their pay with others who performed no work and challenged any one on the other side to deny his allegations. He offered to produce charges if any investigating committee were appointed.

It was explained by Mr. Hepburn, of Missouri, and others, that the house had no law concerning the employes of the house. Mr. Bailey offered a resolution to appoint an investigating committee, which was referred to the committee on rules, upon the assurance of Mr. Payne, the majority leader, that it would be reported early.

The general deficiency appropriation bill, the last of the appropriation bills, was passed, and Mr. Sherman's amendment to prevent hazing at the naval academy was taken up.

At the suggestion of Mr. Mahon Mr. Sherman modified the amendment so as to make a cadet dismissed on account of hazing ineligible to appointment as a cadet at Annapolis or West Point.

Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, who had created a sensation. He recalled the contract that when the Booz case attracted the attention of the world the superintendent of the naval academy rushed into print to say that hazing had ceased at Annapolis. Yet the committee of the house found forty-one cases where under officers had been called out to engage in brutal prize fights. When he charged that he favored a "certain, severe punishment" for the cowardly browbeating of the younger men at the academies his statement received a round of applause.

Why, Mr. Hepburn asked, should the navy department 8,000 men above its complement? Why had there been 4,000 desertions from the army? Because the men were Americans and were compelled to serve under men who delighted in tyranny and oppression towards officers, Mr. Hepburn said, and towards each other.

"I have in my pocket," he said, "a list of twenty five vessels of the United States cast away upon the rocks and shoals by incompetent officers since the close of the civil war. In many cases the ships were totally lost, but with a solitary exception my brother officers let the commander off with a slight punishment."

KIDNAPER BOUND OVER.

Callahan, at Preliminary Trial, Held in $7,500 Bond.

The courtroom at Omaha was crowded Thursday when James Callahan, the alleged kidnaper of Edward Cudahy, Jr., was arraigned for preliminary hearing before Judge Vinsonhaler.

In all three complaints against him, grand larceny, robbery and false imprisonment, he pleaded not guilty.

The hearing was then continued until Monday to enable Callahan to secure counsel and prepare his defense. His bail was fixed at $7,500 on each count, which he did not furnish.

VICTORY FOR UNION MEN.

A Foundry Strike Started in Ohio Just Been Settled.

The strike in the Fair & Co. foundry company, at Knoxville, Ohio, which has been on since [illegible] was settled Thursday. The company granted increase in wages which union men claim, average about [illegible] cent, while they only asked [illegible] cent in 1899. The non-union men employed will be succeeded by union men as fast as possible.

FOR DISPOSITION OF CUBAN AFFAIRS

Senate Committee Holds an Important Meeting.

LIST OF DEMANDS OUTLINED.

Uncle Sam Wants Naval Stations and Control of Foreign Affairs of the Islanders.

A Washington special says: The senate committee on relations with Cuba met Saturday to consider a proposed amendment to the army appropriation bill providing for the disposition of Cuban affairs. The proposition was prepared by the Republican members of the committee and is said to be satisfactory to most of them.

The proposed amendment recites the so-called Teller amendment to the war resolution and then gives the president authority to withdraw from Cuba when, in his judgment, the provisions of the Teller amendment are realized.

The propositions embodied in the proposed amendment include the following points:

That the United States shall have assumption of all treaties with foreign powers made by the republic of Cuba.

That Cuba shall not undertake to contract a debt incurred by Spain in the island with Cuba prior to or after the ratification of the United States.

That Cuba shall agree either to lease or sell to the United States such coaling or naval stations as in the judgment of the president of the United States may be necessary to the protection of the interests of this country.

That the United States shall have the supervision of the laws of Cuba relating to sanitation to protect the country from epidemics liable to originate there.

The idea is that these provisions be included in a treaty to be made with Cuba, but that they need not be a part of the constitution. It is understood that the draft of the amendment containing these provisions will be submitted to the president, the secretary of war, and that they have expressed themselves as being in favor of their wording.

The minority members of the committee expressed themselves willing to come to an understanding upon these general lines. Indeed, some of the important suggestions were made by the minority. Senator Butler, of North Carolina, being one of the foremost movers in the matter. They insisted, however, upon many verbal amendments, thus evincing a determination to aid in giving form to the action as well as suggesting its general tenor.

When the committee adjourned there were still important differences to be reconciled, and the members separated with the understanding that another meeting would be held on Monday.

Members on both sides of the committee expressed the hope that an agreement would be reached, but also that the proceedings had not gone far enough to render it certain that the result would be attained.

One prominent point to which the committee is giving special attention, although that point may not be embodied or even mentioned in the proposed amendment, is the relation of Cuba to the Isle of Pines. There is some disposition among the Cubans to lay on to that island so near their coast, while there is apparently no disposition on the part of the United States to release that possession, on the ground that the island was acquired as a result of the Spanish war.

DOUBLE PAY QUESTION.

Charges Made in Regard Thereto Brings On An Investigation.

The house Saturday adopted a resolution to investigate the pay of its employees as a result of the condition of affairs ascertained during the recent debate on the deficiency bill, and the speaker appointed a committee consisting of Mr. Moody, of Massachusetts; Mr. Overstreet, of Indiana; Mr. Long, of Kansas; Mr. Bailey, of Texas, and Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, to make the investigation.

Amendments to Naval Bill.

Among the senate amendments to the naval bill, on which there was disagreement, were the following: Reducing from $500,000 to $300,000 the contingent account of the navy department. Detailing commanding officers of the navy to be assistant chiefs of the bureaus of the navy department. Increasing from $400,000 to [illegible] the appropriation for coaling stations; for a naval station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; allow the president to appoint ten more naval cadets.

Prominent Capitalist Dead.

A special from Providence, R. I., says: William B. Banigan died Sunday afternoon of pneumonia. He was superintendent of the Marvel and other rubber companies and agent of the Banigan estate, which has large business interests in Ga.

Destroys Railroad Bridge.

A western span of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad at Johnsonville, Tenn., burned Thursday, entailing a loss of $25,000.

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When the committee adjourned there still important differences to be reconciled, and the members separated with the understanding that another meeting would be held on Monday.

Members on both sides of the com ittee expressed the hope that an agreement would be reached, but all felt that the proceedings had not gone enough to render it certain that result would be attained.

The prominent point to which the committee is giving special attention, though that point may not be em bodied or even mentioned in the proposed amendment, is the relation of Cuba to the isle of Pines. There seems to be no disposition among the Cubans hold on to that island so near their shores, while there is apparently no opposition on the part of the United States to release that possession, on the ground that the island was ac quired as a result of the Spanish war.

DOUBLE PAY QUESTION.

rges Made In Regard Thereto Brings On An Investigation.

The house Saturday adopted a reso tion to investigate the pay of its officers as a result of the condition of affairs ascertained during the re cent debate on the deficiency bill, and the speaker announced a committee consisting of Mr. Moody, of Massachusetts, Mr. Overstreet, of Indiana; Mr. Long, of Kansas; Mr. Bailey, of Texas, and Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, to make the investigation.

Amendments to Naval Bill.

Among the senate amendments to the naval bill, on which there was disagreement, were the following: Re ing from $500,000 to $300,000 the contingent account of the navy de partment. Detailing commanding officers of the navy to be assistant chiefs of the bureaus of the navy depart ment. Increasing from $400,000 to $1,000,000 the appropriation for coal ing stations; for a naval station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; allow the pres ident to appoint ten more naval cadets.

Prominent Capitalist Dead.

A special from Providence, R. I., says: William B. Banigan died Sunday of pneumonia. He was superintendent of the Marvel and other rubber mills and agent of the Banigan estate. He also has large business interests in Atlanta, Ga.

Fire Destroys Railroad Bridge.

The eastern span of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad bridge at Johnsonville, Tenn., burned Friday, entailing a loss of $25,000.

FLOATING BODIES

Victims of Rio Wreck Are Washed Back and Forth on Billows at Golden Gate.

A San Francisco special says: Rain and fog hung like a pall over the ocean and during Friday night a rainstorm of unusual proportions visited the vicinity making the work of searchers for the Rio's dead very difficult. Bodies were frequently seen floating in and out of the harbor, but the roughness of the water partly hindered the work of recovery. It is possible that some of the survivors may have been washed up on the shore at obscure points.

Some fishermen early Friday morning found a packet containing the papers of Purser Rooney. Among them was the passenger list and a bunch of cancelled passenger tickets and as there were names on the list whose canceled passenger tickets did not appear among those recovered, it is assumed that they laid over either at Yokohama, Kobe or Honolulu. That they were not on the vessel at the time she went down is certain.

Up to a late hour Friday night only eleven bodies had been recovered, six whites, four Chinese and one Japanese.

Surveyor of the Port Spear has established a patrol along the ocean near Baker's Beach and along bay shore inside Fort Point. Thus far his men have picked up four mail bags, one of them washing near Baker's and the others near the Fort Point life saving stations. The surveyor has given orders that all the fishing boats must report at the customs office.

All bodies brought in by them and all wreckage and floatsam picked up by fishermen must be accounted for to the officials at the barge office. In this way it is thought that the looting of mail bags and trunks may be stopped. Among other effects picked up by fishermen was the box containing Captain Ward's papers. The police have established a patrol outside the beach south of Fort Winfield Scott.

The value of the cargo of the Rio de Janeiro has not been determined, owing to the absence of important papers, but it is variously estimated at from $750,000 to $900,000. Among some papers found floating near the scene of the disaster was a copy of the manifest, showing all the consignees with the exception of the Chinese firms. The cargo consisted principally of silk, tea, rice and other oriental products. There was no treasure aboard as was at first reported.

Of the 200 sacks of mail carried by the Rio de Janeiro only twelve have so far come to the surface.

The wreck of the Rio, which for a while hung on a pinnacle of the rock where she struck in the Golden Gate, so that parts of the upper works were visible, has slid off into deep water and is now entirely out of sight.

Pilot Captain Jordan has been a master mariner on the Pacific coast for over twenty years and declares the loss of the steamer could not have been foreseen. According to his story, the vessel drifted half a mile broadside in the fog that enveloped the home bound steamer like a pall and no man could have judged either the direction or the velocity of the invisible current that changed her course and sent her on the Port Point rock.

MORGAN'S DIPLOMACY.

Results In Getting Canal Bill Temporarily Before Senate.

During Saturday's session of the senate, by a skillful parliamentary move, Senator Morgan forced the Nicaranga canal bill to the front after that measure had been asleep for many weeks. By a close reading of the proceedings Friday, Mr. Morgan discovered that the oleomargarine bill had lost its position as the unfinished business of the senate, and with the calendar thus cleared the Nicaranga canal bill regained the status it held over two months ago as the unfinished business of the senate.

Mr. Morgan's discovery created something of a sensation, and this was heightened when the presiding officer sustained his position and laid the canal bill before the senate. Mr. Morgan's success was short-lived, however, as the fortification bill was taken up, thus displacing the canal bill, which, with the oleomargarine bill and shipping bill, takes its place on the calendar. The day was given to the fortification and the army appropriation bills, the former being passed.

"LET ME OUT OF THIS."

Mrs. Nation Makes Sarcastic Plea to Judge For Liberation.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, tiring of jail life, has written Judge Hazen a letter demanding release.

"I want you to quit your fooling," she writes, "and let me out of here. If you cause me to miss my engagements I won't feel like a ministering angel unto you. It is time for you to recover yourself before the devil, your master, makes a clean sweep with you into hell. You know you are persecuting God's children who loves you for Jesus' sake. Let me out that I may go about my business of saving such poor devils as you."

Negro Cremated.

The jail at Alphia, Ga., was burned Wednesday night and a negro prisoner was cremated in it. The negro had been arrested for fighting with another sawmill hand, and opinion is divided as to whether friends of the negro with whom he had quarreled fired the structure or whether the prisoner himself turned incendiary in an effort to escape.

MOB SHOOTS TOLBERT.

Exiled South Carolinian Dares to Return to His Old Home At McCormick.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: James W. Tolbert, one of the men driven from the Phenix section at the time of the election riots in November, 1898, was shot down in the street of McCormick at noon Thursday by a party of masked men.

James Tolbert, with R. Ed Tolbert, his nephew, were exiled at the same time, the trouble arising because "Red" was a candidate for congress, and his connection stirred up the negroes.

At that time James Tolbert was postmaster at McCormick, and on leaving, his wife was appointed postmaster. Tolbert had half a dozen citizens tried in the United States court for conspiracy, one of them eighty-six years old. They were all acquitted, but the feeling against him became more bitter.

A year ago he visited his wife at McCormick, but was chased from the house at night, and escaped through the woods. He has considerable property in Greenwood county, and has made flying visits to Greenwood during the last year, each time being run away as soon as it was discovered that he was in the neighborhood.

Several days ago Tolbert arrived at McCormick, and has been engaged in renting his property, much of which has been untenanted. The people of the town did not molest him, and he paid no attention to an anonymous letter advising him to leave at once.

At noon Thursday a party of masked men rode into town from the country, and encountered Tolbert, who was having some repairs done to one of his buildings. Accounts of eye witnesses are conflicting, one saying that on being ordered to surrender, Tolbert began shooting. Another, that he attempted to argue with the crowd, and then fired on a young man who was walking by and had nothing to do with the matter. Tolbert emptied his pistol, the masked men also firing, both parties backing away from each other until Tolbert fell.

A young man, named Martin, who was visiting in the town, is said to be mortally shot, and Tolbert's condition is more serious. He was shot through the left lung, and one arm. The first heard of the trouble was a telegram to the governor saying:

"I have been shot to death; send protection for my family."

The governor immediately telegraphed the sheriff, and intendant.

FIVE TO HANG.

Negroes Who Killed Two Officers Sentenced to Die on the Gallows.

In Screven superior court at Sylvania, Ga., Arnold Augustus, Richard Sanders, Andrew Davis, William Hudson and Sam Baldwin, all colored, charged with the murder of Milton Mears and Filmore Herrington last summer, were convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged March 29th.

Mears and Herrington were murdered by a crowd of negroes one night last summer at the house of Jesse Alexander, on Mobley Pond. They had gone to the house to make an arrest, and were accompanied by Captain J. T. Wade and George Daniels. Just as they were walking up to the cabin they were ambushed. Herrington and Mears were killed and Captain Wade was badly wounded. Six of those supposed to have been in the conspiracy escaped and have not been caught. The other six were arrested and all of them, with the exception of one, were put on trial and quickly convicted.

CUBAN CONSTITUTION SIGNED.

Senor Cisneros Refuses to Attach His Name and Gives Reasons.

A special from Havana says: The Cuban constitution, first submitted by the central committee to the convention at the public session of January 21, was signed Thursday. One copy was sent to Governor General Wood and the other placed among the records of the convention. The attendance was not large.

At 5 o'clock the members affixed their signatures, the president and vice president leading off, the two secretaries signing last. Senor Cisneros created a sensation by refusing to sign it. He said:

"Cuba is now independent, and I can see no reason for sending this constitution to the United States for acceptance. The United States government has no right to pass upon it, for it is a distinctly Cuban document and was drawn up by this convention which has assembled the responsibility of establishing the republic."

Death of Ex-Senator White.

Former United States Senator Stephen M. White died at his home in Los Angeles, Cal., Thursday morning after a short illness. He had been suffering from ulceration of the stomach.

MRS. NATION AS EDITOR.

Kansas Smasher Will Publish Paper in the Interest of Negroes.

A dispatch from Topeka, Kan., says: Mrs. Carrie Nation is to enter politics and to become the editor of The Smashers' Mail, a paper to be run in behalf of negroes. The newspaper that Mrs. Nation intends to edit will be published by "Nick" Chiles, the Negro saloon keeper who signed one of Mrs. Nation's bonds last week. David Nation will help his wife with the enterprise.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

A Love of a Toque.

A charming hat seen the other day in New York City was flat and round in shape, with large full-blown roses of black velvet, each petal rimmed with a narrow line of frosted gold, and with golden hearts, massed closely round the crown and covering the brim, lightly veiled and black lace. The hat was lifted off the head by a few white tea roses underneath the brim at the left side.

The Belt Fashionable.

The new broad elastic-webbed belts, thickly studded with steel facets, and fastened with a deep narrow oblong buckle in front should prove welcome, for they clip the waist so trimly and close, and give just that neatness to a blouse that it wants.

Belts of gold ribbon tissue are apt to be spoiled by not being properly mounted. It is quite useless to drag this soft, loose fabric round the waist like one would ordinary ribbon. It should be pinned to the figure, properly pinned and adjusted, and well boned and mounted on a foundation, then one secures a well-shaped corselet belt.

Sure Signs of Old Age in Woman.

1. When letters to girl friends are mostly addressed "Mrs."
2. When she begins to care a great deal about the supper at an entertainment.
3. When she feels a sudden interest in church and charity work.
4. When she is attractive to very young men.
5. When she realizes the folly of dressing in sober colors.
6. When she compares the new way of wearing the hair with that when she first put hers up.
7. When—most fatal of all—the gravity of youth gradually gives way to incipient kittenishness.—New York Sun.

Neck-wear for Mourning.

Some very smart arrangements for neckwear are shown in the best shops now for mourning. The stocks are very high, built up with soft folds of crepe and chiffon, and trimmed with ruches of crepe across the ends. Some dull-finish silk is used, too, in their make-up.

There are many new styles of neckwear intended solely for mourning which are unusually attractive. Mousseline de soie and chiffon are the favorite materials, and far more becoming than the dull silk ties or the peau de soie. A smart stock is finished with a narrow ruching of chiffon, and the tie is of folds of chiffon with only the narrowest ruching as a finish. Sheer white linen collars and cuffs are worn in the deepest mourning by widows, while the narrow collar and cuffs of hem-stitched linen are appropriate for any one to wear who wears mourning, whether for a near or distant relative. —Harper's Bazar.

Helen Keller Makes a Speech.

Helen Keller made her first public speech at the freshmen luncheon at Radcliffe college on the Saturday preceding Christmas. Her words were heard quite clearly through the hall, a remarkable trimuph over natural infirmity in one who was once dumb. What she said was:

"Classmates—It is a great pleasure, and I esteem it a great honor, to be present here and speak to you. I am glad to have an opportunity to thank the class for their kindness in electing me their vice-president, and I hope that I may become acquainted with many of you. Although I cannot see you, I will soon know you by touching your hands."

There was long and enthusiastic applause for the girl who has overcome so many obstacles in the course of her college preparation. One sophomore who can use the sign language quickly communicated to Helen the warm reception her speech had received, and the girl's expressive face quivered with the joy of her achievement.—Cambridge Letter in Baltimore American.

Hints on Lace-making.

Too much stress cannot be laid on this. Make all your leaves alike, flowers the same, buds and filling. Many lacemakers use such a variety of stitches, which cheapens the work. The beauty of the intricate labor is lost in this endless variety, which is a hodge-podge, standing for really nothing. Take a rose leaf, bud and background; the centre of the rose naturally is a cobweb, the leaves one fine stitch, after the valenciennes school, the background a cobweb. Now fancy, as I saw today, the daintiest collar imaginable, each thread so carefully done, a piece of elaborate work; every leaf had a different stitch, each petal might have stood for a rose or a cabbage, and the background was a little of every stitch in the calendar of needlework. The poor soul who had exhausted months of patient labor "to have a real lace collar to hand down to her grandchildren," had succeeded in handing down a sampler of stitches, but nothing to show whether she had a guipure, valenciennes, or a point-lace collar. She was triumphant over the fact that "she could make stitches with the best of them." So do, do, if you wish to put any value into your work, keep within the confines of a certain type.—Harper's Bazar.

Table Tennis.

Table tennis is the name of a new game which was introduced in England a short time ago, and has already become one of the most popular of indoor amusements. It is the game of lawn tennis in miniature, played on an ordinary dining table. The net is a tiny one, made of gauze stretched between two uprights, which rest on a bar laid across the table. The balls are made of the thinnest kind of pyroxyline material, and are consequently very light. The racquet has a slender handle and a blade with a frame about one-half inch thick, which is covered on both sides with thin drumhead material.

The play and counting are practically the same as in lawn tennis, but according to the rules "the player serving must not put his racquet over the table nor have it about his wrist." That is, he must serve underhand and never overhand, but after service he may hit the ball as he likes, but he must not volley.

The contact of the light ball with the drumhead racquet produces a pleasant sound, and because of this sound the game received the name "pompom."

Among the rules for playing the game are the following

No faults are allowed; if a fault is served, that is, the ball does not go over the net or goes off the table without touching the opposite side to the server, a point is counted to the nonserver.

If the net is touched by the ball, and the ball goes over, and otherwise the service is correct, it is a let, and counts nothing to either side. If a volley is taken, a point is counted against the person volleying.—New York Tribune.

Suggestions for a Paper Wedding.

The paper wedding, the first anniversary of a wedding day, is occasionally observed among a group of young folks, who turn it into a merry-making. They come adorned with grotesque paper caps extracted from motto crackers and sometimes in entire costumes evolved from gorgeous crepe paper. The paper wedding offers an excellent chance for a masquerade party, when paper of all sorts may be utilized, from pert, pretty Yum-Yum with a Japanese parasol to a frolicsome youth representing the yellow kid in an impromptu suit made from yellow journals.

There is the greatest latitude when it comes to gifts. The offering may be a dainty box of stationary or a book in the most artistic of bindings. For table decorations paper can be used lavishly, with paper table napkins, and even one of those beautiful tablecloths in paper which can be found in Japanese stores. Globes for gas and electricity, or lamps, can revel for that one night in wonderful paper shades, and where an artistic taste would demand flowers and wreathings of smilax or the delicate asparagus vines, it yields to the harmony of things and substitutes paper blossoms as true to nature as they can be found, with Japanese lanterns and lengths of paper ribbon for draping. If the decorator has fine taste, a house can be made really charming with paper decorations, if they are kept in delicate colors which harmonize.

At the paper wedding as in all other celebrations, the bride ought to wear her wedding gown, and after the passing of only 12 months, it is possible for her to be surrounded by her bridesmaids in their year-old frocks.—Good Housekeeping.

FASHION NOTES

Chenille is coming to the fore as a possibility for coiffure ornaments.

There are new evening gloves with silk lacings and jewel-button fastenings.

Silk petticoats are being supplanted to a great extent by the wash skirts of dainty white lawn trimmed elaborately with lace and embroidery.

Gaily colored feather eyes are dotted all over different kinds of furs in boas, capes and muffs, and make elaborate and showy furs.

Black velvet is the material for a stylish little bolero, with revers embroidered in gold thread. A wide belt of folded gold tissue should be worn with this.

Angora felts are becoming popular, especially in the gray and brown shades. A pretty example of khaki brown, trimmed with bronze brown velvet and biscuit color liberty, with a shaded ostrich plume that combines all the browns in the toque.

Among the novelties in veiling are gold dotted and gold bordered veils, red and royal blue. These are, of course, only for ultra tastes and occasions, and black, browns and white continue the ordinary wear. The green veil has disappeared absolutely.

One of the handsomest winter toilettes imaginable has a gray broadcloth skirt, with inset bands of chinchilla in fan fashion at the two side seams. The jacket of the chinchilla is in bolero shape, with a wide belt of dull blue velvet, on which are sewn rows of narrow gold braid. The revers are of the same velvet, edged with the braid, and the novel collar is of the same cut, very high, lined with the fur and decorated with braid on the inside.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

The fuse wire used in electric lighting systems and trolley cars is a composition of lead and bismuth. The proportions are varied somewhat to alter the hardness of the wire.

It is asserted that the electric furnace has been adapted to glass manufacture. The raw materials are fed through a funnel to an electric arc in the highest part of the furnace. After being reduced to a molten condition it is successively passed between two other electric arcs lower down in the furnace, finally issuing in a purified condition.

Drs. Mactayden and Rowland in their experiments on the influence of low temperatures on bacteria have found that though a certain degree of heat is destructive to bacteria they flourish vigorously and show no alteration in their appearance after being subjected to the very low temperatures attained by the use of liquid air and liquid hydrogen, even though exposed to them for a week. The selection of micro-organisms experimented on included germs of typhoid, cholera and diphtheria.

An interesting exploration of Lake Tanganyika and the country north of it, finished recently, revealed the fact that while certain sea mollusks are found in the lake, it the the only one of all the large African lakes in which such phenomena are observed. This lake is only a short distance, some 80 miles, from the great Congo basin, much of which, without doubt, was once covered by the sea. The haloilmnic fauna appeared to extend into the Congo valley, and it is believed that the lake at one time extended considerably to the west. Lake Nyassa, on the other hand, has every characteristic of a fresh water lake, and the geological fauna does not indicate that this lake is of any great age.

The discovery has just been made that camphor, known only as a vegetable product, or made synthetically, is produced by a small worm-like creature known as a diplopod with the scientific name of polyzoniium rosalbium. The animal is found in this country, and by careful examination it has been found that the substance which gives the odor of camphor is a milky fluid which is exuded from the dorsal pores. This fluid, in addition to possessing the odor of camphor, has a similar taste. Enough of the camphor has not as yet been obtained for chemical analysis, but it is considered a physiological substitute for the prussic acid secreted as a means of defense by a species of myriapod.

The changing of certain growing flowers from red to blue on applying alum, etc., to the roots of the plants has been long known; but it has remained for the late systematic researches of Minyoshi, a Japanese botanist, to open up remarkable new possibilities of coloration by the florist. The experimenter prepared watery extracts of 73 different flowers of lilac, purple and red colors, and of a number of red leaves, treating these solutions in turn with acids, alkalies and salts. What seemed to be the same coloring matter in different solutions gave greatly varying results. In most cases alum turned lilac to blue, pink or deeper lilac; hydrochloric acid changed lilac or pale red to deep red, seldom producing lilac, green or brown; and caustic potash changed lilac to green, or sometimes yellow. In practice these color transformations should follow the application of the chemicals to the plant roots, of course in extremely weak solutions.

VALUE OF TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Many Firms Pay Heavy Mileage Rates to Retain an Old "Hello" Address.

"Telephone numbers have an actual money value," said an officer of the telephone company. "The assertion has a strange sound, but if you think for a moment of the advantage a business house derives from having its location well known, the thing seems only natural.

"In the course of time people's minds begin to associate a firm with its telephone number, and if, when they start to call up an old friend, they find masquerading under a new number, it is as much of a shock as if they had called at a house with whom they were in the habit of doing business and found it had moved away. It all comes under the legal head of "good-will," a very elusive commodity, but one which has its market value.

"So much is this fact appreciated by some of our old patrons that they are willing to pay heavy mileage, if they move away from the neighborhood of their exchange, in order to retain their old telephone address. Many important houses have followed the northward trend of business in the last few years, and there are several cases of a firm's office address being in the up-town district, while its telephone number remains 9 and so Cortlandt or Broad. The firm's line to the exchange may be several miles long."—New York Mail and Express.

Russian Bells.

The manufacture of bells has for centuries been carried on in Russia. On account of the immense number of churches throughout the empire, the demand for bells has always been great. As far back as 1653 the celebrated bell, called "Tsar Kolokol," was made. It is the largest bell in the world, being 16 feet in diameter and 19 feet high. No less than 171 tons of copper were used in its manufacture.

THE BANNER.

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A CALL has been issued for a meeting of the Populist Executive Committee of this county at Clanton on Tuesday next. It is only reasonable to presume the Committee will take some action in reference to the forthcoming constitutional convention. There is no doubt but that the Populists of Chilton will take up the challenge of the Democratic State Committee, who declared the convention to be a party measure, and will nominate, and very possibly elect, the representative from this county. It was unfortunate, in the first place, that the convention should ever have been included in party politics, it would have been much better to have let the people choose their own men without regard to party. And we believe that that is what the people of Alabama would have done—chosen their best men for this particular occasion without regard to party affiliations, if the convention had not been made a party measure.

In this county, for years past, there has been strong opposition to the Democratic party, and while this opposition had somewhat moderated during the last year or so, the recent unwise action of the Legislature in regard to certain purely local matters, has again revived the old spirit of antagonism, which is intensified from the fact that many Democrats feel they are being punished by a Democratic Legislature for that which they could not possibly help, viz.: for living in a Populist county.

It will take wise and conservative council on both sides to keep Chilton from a fierce campaign to elect a representative to the convention.

A BILL was passed in the House yesterday "To provide for holding elections in stock law districts in Chilton county for the purpose of discontinuing and annulling laws preventing stock from running at large therein."

THE bill to prevent stock running at large in certain portions of Chilton county, passed yesterday, only nineteen voting against it. Mr. Pounds opposed the measure, but Mr. Tunstall, of Hale, said the bill had been prepared by the Speaker after fully investigating the matter and that Mr. Pettus desired its passage.

CORRESPONDENCE

(continued from 1st col. page 1)

say in this connection I hear that some are disposed to blame me with the matter. Now, all I have to say to such as talk or think that way, that none but a knave or a fool can make any such charge, for everyone who has anything like a correct understanding of the way that some measures are railroaded through as partisan measures, that no sort of plea or petition will affect anything.

Now, in conclusion, I want to thank my many friends who have been urging me to become a candidate for the constitutional convention, and I will say that I have never been a candidate in that sense, and after fully considering the matter, and my own private interests, I have fully decided not to enter the race, but my services are fully tendered the Populist party in the election of any good man that may be selected by the party.

Most respectfully,
L. B. POUNDS.

Randolph, Feb. 24, 1901

Editor Banner—I noticed in your last issue that Chilton has a stock law. I am much surprised at this run over that the lawmakers have done for our lovely county. The farmers were having too good a time for those who think we are not worthy of any voice or freedom of our own. We held beat and county meetings and made ourselves known as to what we needed, and they did not listen to us, but carried out their scheme by having the defeated candidate come and say what to do.

This is a shame on any people and an outrage. Can we expect anything good out of an unclean thing?

Look at the Reynolds case. You see they did not even try the case because they knew that Oliver would lose his seat. Anything to carry out their unrighteous deal. Some said it would be submitted back to the people for a vote, but this they knew would not do, for the people would vote it out. No, that would have been fair, instead they say let's run over them for they are Pops, and we don't like them. Talk about disfranchisement! Were we not disfranchised in this matter? Now, let us take a look in the Bible on those men. Psalms 37:10-21; Matt. 27:4; Daniel 7:5.

Now comes the constitutional convention. Brethren, can't you see it plain? Let us look at the other side of the promise. Read the following: Daniel 7:26, 27; Psalm 37 through; Rev. 2:26; Matt. 19:8; Luke 22:30; 1 Cor. 6:1-4. For fear that I will be too tedious I will ask all the good people to come out of any such party and not help them in their unfair doings. You see the Dems. will stoop to anything to carry out their dirty deeds.

FOR THE RIGHT.

Jumbo, Feb. 18, 1901

Editor Banner—I saw a signal star in the south and also saw it last year just about this time. It is just about a half-hour high at 8 o'clock. It goes up and down, then back and forth towards the east and then west. Would be glad you would put this in The Banner. It reminds me of a signal car light. Yours to please

E. W. WILLIS.

Hon. H. W. Caffey, a most prominent Democrat, is the first Democrat to announce for delegate from Chilton county to the convention. He was formerly probate judge of Lowndes county and has many friends in this county who would like to see him elected. Judge Caffey is a man of experience, and well informed as to the best interests of the people. He is conservative and will make a fit representative for all classes and reflect honor upon his adopted county.—Selma Morning Times.

We note from the Clanton Banner that Dr. W. H. Caffey, of Verbena is a candidate for delegate from Chilton to the Constitutional convention. The Doctor is well qualified for the place and no better choice could be made. He was the first Democratic probate judge of Lowndes county after the civil war. —Prattville Progress.

Will Boom His Business.

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex. writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitters gave me a new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." It's a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak sickly and run-down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Resolutions of Respect.

Clanton Lodge, No. 423.
Feb. 2, 1901

Your Committee appointed to draft suitable resolutions in memory of our Brother, John Richard Kemp, beg leave to submit the following:

Whereas, it has pleased the Grand Master of the universe to call from labor below to refreshment above our esteemed Brother, J. R. Kemp, who was born on the 24th day of June, 1839, and departed this life on the 17th day of January, 1901, being at the time of his death 61 years old. He was made an Entered Apprentice in Benson Lodge, A. F. & A. M. No. 103, passed July 6th, 1878, in Clanton Lodge, A. F. & A. M. No. 423, and raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason, by Clanton Lodge No. 423, December 7th, 1898, and

Whereas, Brother Kemp was a kind and affectionate husband, a loving and indulgent father, a good and accommodating neighbor, a charitable and constant friend, an honest and honorable citizen, and a true and tried Mason, beloved by all and loved most by those who knew him best, therefore be it resolved,

First, That with sad hearts we humbly bow to this Divine mandate, feeling that our loss is his great gain, and that He who doeth all things well is too good to do wrong and too wise to err, resolved,

Second, That we, as members and brethren of this Lodge, while we bow in humble submission to the will of the great Architect of the universe, do indulge the hope that when our Brother's work was called to pass the test of an unerring square, it was found well formed, true and trusty, a perfect ashler, worthy a place in the Temple above, whose maker and builder is God, and that we will strive to emulate his virtues and profits by them, covering his faults, whatever they may have been, with the broad mantle of a Mason's charity, remembering that it human to err, but Divine to forgive, resolved,

Third, That in the death of Bro. Kemp, his wife has lost a kind and true husband, his children a loving and devoted father, and to all the relatives of the deceased, we tender the condolence of our sincerest and heartfelt sympathy, and would in this hour of sad bereavement point them for comfort to our Heavenly Father, who careth for the widow and orphan, resolved,

Fourth, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished the bereaved family of our dear Brother, and a copy sent to The Banner for publication.

W. D. SARTOR
J. W. MOORE } Committee.
W. I. MULLINS

To Jno. W. A. Sanford Camp, United Confederate Veterans:

Your Committee to whom was referred the matter of the death of our late comrade J. R. Kemp, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report

First in the death of our late comrade, this Camp has lost one of its most worthy and respected members. Comrade Kemp was a true and faithful soldier, a good citizen and a loyal friend.

That a page of the minutes of this Camp be set apart to the memory of our dead comrade.

Respectfully submitted,
ROB'T H. KNOX
JNO. F. FULLER

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

Hon. J. H. Parker of Wetumpka, was in the city yesterday on business before the Supreme Court. He was formerly State Senator from his Senatorial District and last year was nominated by the Senatorial District for the proposed Constitutional Convention he is very warmly urged for renomination and from present appearances he will be called on to aid in forming a new State Constitution.—Advertiser.

Cheaper Than Ever

SPRING GOODS COMING

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST BE SOLD UNDER COST.

BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:

Men's Suits : : : from $3 up
Boys' " : : : : " 98c up

SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

H. TOURO, Clanton.

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

NOTICE

To the taxpayers of Beat Four.

Those of you who have failed to assess your taxes for the year 1901 will please call at the circuit Clerk's office when in clanton, where you will find me and my books at any time up to March 20, 1901.

M. F. LETT, Dep. Tax As'r.

Shoos the cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Do you want a mounted map of Alabama in five colors, size 24x34, giving census of every county and town? Also, a complete and correct map of the world, same size? You can get the same by sending 75 cents for one year's subscription to the Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald: Or, $2 for three months' subscription to The Daily Age-Herald. The map and the paper will be promptly sent upon receipt of P. O. or express money order. Address

AGE-HERALD,
Birmingham, Ala.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employe of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cold and cough in the winter of 1897, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr Honlehan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy, and I have since always turned to it when I got a cold, and soon find relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Clanton Drug Co., and P. I. Dearmus, Verbena

Administrator's Notice.

The State of Alabama } Probate Court.
Chilton County }

The 5th day of February 1901.

This day came O. S. Welch, the administrator of the Estate of L. A. Welch, deceased, and filed his statements, accounts, vouchers and evidences for an annual statement of his administration of said estate according to law.

It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 4th day of March, 1901, be and it is hereby appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest the said settlement if they think proper.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 3171.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
January 18th 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on March 2nd, 1901, viz: John W. Oaks. Homestead entry, No. 20673, for the N½ of Section 32, Township 22 north of Range 16 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: J. W. Jones, W. C. B. Wyatt, T. J. Wyatt W. L. Bates, all of Clanton, Ala.

ROBERT BURKE, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Samples.

THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best lonzing, the lightest running and the best set of attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $05.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the above trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friend and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., for a sample copy and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] court [illegible] to February, not Monday in [illegible] Monday in June [illegible] Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

[illegible] to-day 8¾ cents.

[illegible] same date last year-8 5/8 cents

RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
[illegible]kard & Co.	2806	2820
[illegible]lins	1984	1967
[illegible]	872	321
[illegible]	385	324
Total	5017	5502

[illegible] J. B. Pounds, we are glad [illegible], although far from well, [illegible]ficiently recovered to be [illegible] to resume his duties in the [illegible]ature on Monday.

[illegible] R. L. Martin of Big Springs, [illegible] was a welcome visitor here [illegible]ek.

[illegible] L. H. Reynolds was in [illegible] Monday.

[illegible] Tom Evans, of Birmingham, [illegible] relatives here Sunday.

[illegible] W. M. Martin, of Russell[illegible] visited his cousin, Mr. W. [illegible]dams this week.

[illegible] G. L. Phillips is visiting [illegible]ughter at Prattville.

[illegible] Pletcher, of Pletcher, was [illegible] Tuesday.

[illegible] Evans Pinckard went to [illegible]ngham Saturday.

[illegible] E. C. McMorries spent Sun[illegible] with friends in Birmingham.

[illegible] Tipton Mullins was in Mont[illegible]ry this week.

[illegible] Geo. A. Dennis, of Mont[illegible], was a visitor here Sunday.

[illegible]NOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING [illegible] you take Grove's Tasteless [illegible] Tonic because the formula is [illegible]y printed on every bottle [illegible]ng that it is simply Iron and [illegible]ne in a tasteless form. No [illegible] No Pay. 50c.

[illegible] Friday last nine members of [illegible]asonic fraternity of Clanton [illegible] over to Montevallo and were [illegible]ed in the mysteries of Royal [illegible] Master, by the Chapter [illegible] of Montevallo. A chapter [illegible] will now be formed at Clan[illegible]sisting of those who were [illegible]ed, viz: Guy Higgins, W. [illegible]ridge, A. C. Smith, Dr. O. [illegible]ichart, J. P. VanDerveer, [illegible] Sartor, W. I. Mullins, Dr. [illegible] Matthews, C. J. Stewart.

[illegible]—For the present I have [illegible]ed to W. Kanter's store. [illegible]nd see me. L. D. Popwell.

[illegible] T. J. Duncan, of Nashville, [illegible] been spending several days [illegible] the family of Dr. Stewart.

[illegible] J. W. Edwards went to the [illegible]l city Monday on business.

[illegible] R. H. Knox went to Mont[illegible]y Tuesday.

[illegible]LTON county has a new tax [illegible]issioner, Mr. W. M. Adams, [illegible]nton, was appointed yester[illegible]

[illegible] N. A. Logan has removed [illegible]ily from Strasburg to Clan[illegible]

[illegible] K. BOY. The pedigree of [illegible]ne bull, owned by Mr. W. [illegible] Wilson, is as follows: Sire, [illegible]; dam, Golden Sue, drop[illegible] March 5 1898. Its registered [illegible]er is 57988.

[illegible] Clinton Drug Co., will re[illegible] your money if you are not [illegible]ed after using Chamberlain's [illegible]ach and Liver Tablets. They [illegible] orders of the stomach, bil[illegible]ess, constipation and head[illegible]. Price 25 cents. Samples [illegible]

[illegible]arriage licenses have been issued [illegible]eek by the Probate Judge to [illegible] following persons.

[illegible] J. F. Durden and Miss Julia [illegible]ley; Mr. J. W. Walker and [illegible] Annie Bowman; Mr. E. H. [illegible]gate and Miss Mary C. Caffey, [illegible]olored; John S. Nully and [illegible]e May Campbell; Eddie Shel[illegible]nd Mary Steele.

THE [illegible]ITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

[illegible]on sale by [illegible]ampbelle Drug Co., Clanton, [illegible] Horn, Thorsby. [illegible] A. Avers, Clanton. N. A. LOGAN, [illegible]eral Agent for Chilton and [illegible]helby counties, Thorsby, Ala.

[illegible] O. K. Lunch Counter

[illegible]LS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

[illegible] and Oysters during the Season [illegible]pay highest market price for [illegible]kens and Eggs.

[illegible]NCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

[illegible]E O. K. LUNCH COUNTER [illegible]T THE RAILROAD, CLANTON. W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

FALL GOODS

Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate examples, the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHE and Rheumatism relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $30.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

"KRUMP'S KORNER."

The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,

T. U. CRUMPTON

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 5c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 49c
Men's	50 ct hat for 34
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes, a $2.00 shoe for	$1.40

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 8c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, 50 c value for	39c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5 c value	2c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Wamben & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS--SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICK'S

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock. Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B. E. JONES CLANTON

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

Long Lost Autograph Album Is Returned to Bartow Man.

ITS CONTENTS REVIVE OLD MEMORIES

List Begins With Verses Written By Bill To a School Girl Fifty-Four Years Ago.

"An album's pages tell of many a friend
Lost to the sight, but to the memory dear."

Those lines are the beginning of some verses I wrote in a school girl's album fifty-four years ago. The little book is near me now. It is old and war-worn and it makes me sad to turn its leaves and read the pretty verses that adorn its pages. The authors were her best friends and are all dead but one—the one now writing this letter. "Friend after friend departs—who has not lost a friend?" This album was captured during the uncivil war and carried away to Babylon and kept a prisoner in a strange land for twenty-one years and then was returned, through the mail. It takes conscience a long time to bring repentance to some people.

That school girl is my wife—she is now sitting by her window sewing, making a little dress for a grandchild. Will she never stop making little garments? I asked Jessie last night how many garments it took for her little Caroline in each and every year, and she counted them up—eight little dresses, ten petticoats, four pair day drawers, two pair night drawers, and one cloak—say twenty-five garments for winter and as many more for summer, and she makes most all of them herself. My wife has done all this for ten children until they were fifteen years old. Fifty times ten makes 500, and 500 times 15 makes 7,500 garments and she still keeps working on. But she is not worn out nor thin nor pale nor haggard nor is her eye dimmed when she has on her gold-bound glasses.

Oh, these good old mothers! Mine did the same thing for her flock and my wife's mother the same for hers, and so do they all—except some.

loved my mother dearly, but it grieves me sometimes that I did not love her better, for I did not realize how much she did for me and how her very soul was wrapped up in her children. Stop, young man, stop and think, when you are far away from home rollicking and frolicking with your gay companions—stop sometimes, stop and think of your good mother and write to her a loving letter. Hopeful and sad she waits for every mail and never despairs.

But about albums. A friend has left his with me for perusal—one of these old time mental photographic albums with about twenty questions to be answered. I have seen them before and was amused at the answers, but this one interested me for its pages contain an autobiography of many noble and notable men. It tells a condensed story of their emotional and mental character. When a man of thought is asked to write an answer to a question he is both cautious and sincere. He knows that he is making an exhibit of his inner life to every one who reads it.

This album begins with Alex Stephens in 1874 and then follows with Robert Toombs, Herschel V. Johnson, General Kirby Smith, James R. Randall, Richard Malcom Johnson, L. Q. C. Lamar, Richard H. Clark, John B. Gordon, Thomas M. Norwood, Rev. B. M. Palmer, Henry S. Foote, Logan E. Bleckley, Robert J. Burdette, Paul H. Hayne, Joel Chandler Harris, Wallace P. Reed, Mrs. Octavia Walton Le Vert, Judge Hook, Richard A. Proctor, the great astronomer, and others. Every name is noble and notable, and their answers are indexes to their characters. Stephen's favorite books are Milton, Pope and Shakespeare, his heroine Rebecca in "Ivanhoe," his hero Washington; his occupation reading, and farming; his best trait in man is truth, and in woman modesty.

Toombs' favorites are Shakespeare and Tom Moore, Gibbons and Macauley; his characters in fiction Rienzi, in history Socrates; his favorite occupation building air castles; best trait in man justice, in woman charity; the sum of human happiness is to make others happy.

Governor Johnson likes Pope, Milton and Byron and Swedenborg, knows nothing of romance; his best characters Washington and Jefferson; his occupation reading and writing; the highest traits truth and benevolence; his watchword duty.

Kirby Smith likes Gray, Young and Tennyson, Scott, Irving and Macauley; his favorite characters Sir Gallahad and St. Paul; his favorite occupation "making love to my wife;" his best traits in man are truth and honesty; the sum of happiness contentment.

James R. Randall likes Shakespeare and Byron, Bulwer, Thackery and Macauley; his favorite character in romance is Warington in "Pendennis;" in history Fenelon; occupation reading and writing; the highest trait in man devotion to principles, in woman modesty; the sum of human happiness is resignation.

R. M. Johnson likes Byron, Scott, Keats and Mrs. Heamans, Macauley, Bulwer and Goldsmith, historic character Aurelius; occupation scribbling; sum of happiness consciousness of God's favor.

L. Q. C. Lamar liked best Byron and Burns, Macauley, Bulwer and Plutarch; best characters Greatheart in "Pilgrim's Progress;" in history Washington and Hampden; his favorite occupation teaching in college; the sum of human happiness the love of God.

Rev. B. M. Palmer preferred Shakespeare, Milton and Wordsworth, Bacon, Bulwer, Scott and Goldsmith; best characters William Prince of Orange, Washington and Lee; his favorite occupation preaching the gospel; best trait truth; sum of human happiness a good conscience.

R. J. Burdette liked Mrs. Browning, Carlyle, Thackeray; his favorite character Colonel Newcome and Cromwell; best trait sincerity; sum of happiness a home full of friends.

Henry S. Foote liked Shakespeare and Byron, Macauley and Tacitus; his favorite characters Old Mortality and Washington; the sum of happiness, conjugal felicity.

L. E. Bleckley chose Shakespeare, Byron and Tennyson, Hamilton, Mill and Pascal; his favorite characters Don Quixote and Marcus Aurelius.

John B. Gordon preferred Shakespeare, Macauley and Carlyle; his favorite characters Washington and Cato; his favorite occupation raising fine stock; best trait in man, integrity, in woman tenderness.

T. M. Norwood, Shakespeare and Byron; best trait in man honor.

Wallace P. Reed likes Shakespeare and Macauley; best character is Napoleon; best trait justice; sum of all happiness is a happy home.

Joel Chandler Harris prefers Shakespeare, Scott and Thackeray; best characters Jefferson and Lincoln; favorite occupation looking after my roses; best trait in man is honesty, in woman modesty; sum of human happiness to be at home.

All of these men name the sweetest words in our language and also the saddest. Among the last are lost—forever lost—it might have been—friendless—hopeless—forlorn, and one says most of them begin with the letter D, as disappointment, dismay, destruction, despair, debt, duns, damnation and the devil.

There are other writers in this album, but space forbids. These are enough for a young man to choose from. From these he can make up a good library, for there is not a questionable book among them.

Shakespeare and Macauley are in the lead for authors and Washington for character, truth for the best trait in man and modesty in woman. About half these men liked the early morn and the other half the twilight, except, however, L. Q. C. Lamar, who says his favorite hour is 1 o'clock at night. (I never knew before that he played poker.) Of these sixteen notable men just half are dead. Their record is made up and the book is closed. Their influence upon the present generation cannot be estimated nor over-estimated. No great or good man or woman has an adequate idea of what he or she is worth to mankind.

Last Sabbath we heard a very grand discourse upon environment from Rev. Mr. Mumford, who has established that industrial school near Macon for the rejected children of the state, those who are under the ban and whom nobody wants and nobody cares for, the children of drunken or disreputable parents and whom no orphanage will receive. The eloquent and earnest preacher declared in words that burned: "Men and women are not born, they are made! Made by their environments, their parents or their early associates."

He is going over the state gathering up the friendless and pleading with the good people to give these children a chance. "Give every friendless child a chance," he earnestly exclaimed. His text was "bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ." It is a hardened heart who can listen to him and not give something. There should be another question in that album, what is the worst and most prevalent trait in mankind? And I would answer, "selfishness."—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

Gifts and bequests for public purposes are an item of increasing value in the account of American progress. During last year they aggregated $62,461,204, of which nearly $35,000,000, or considerably more than one-half, went to universities, colleges and other educational institutions. Of the remaining $27,000,000 a little more than a half went to charities, while nearly $9,000,000 went to churches. The remainder of $5,000,000 was divided about evenly among museums, art galleries and libraries. Andrew Carnegie was the largest public giver of the year, his benefactions footing up $4,225,000, of which all but $525,000 went to Pittsburgh's institute and library. The next largest public benefactors were Samuel Cupples and R. A. Brookings of St. Louis, who gave $5,000,000 to Washington university. But the list of these public givers of millions includes less than 20 names, and is quite short when the number of our multi-millionaires is considered.

Angora cats have been turned to a curious use. Mrs. Ballington Booth is breeding and trading in them to establish and maintain a reform home for convicts. This gives a practical and philanthropic form to a society fad.

And now a scientist has declared the gulf stream a myth. There are so few "real" things left to us now that the scientists will soon have to take to disproving their own theories.

AMERICA'S OLDEST CITY?

It Is Asserted That Tucson Was Settled as Early as 1550.

It will be of interest to all our Northern and Western neighbors in the sisterhood of States which Arizona is soon to enter to learn that we have in our Territory a city not only far antedating the American Revolution, but also the oldest city in the United States.

George G. H. Hilzinger, in his "Treasure Land," presents the facts in sprightly verse and prose:

"Ancient in years, but her long life well spent,
She smiles serenely at the face of time.
Sphinx like, she sat, while ages came and went,
The oldest city and the gentlest clime."

"The struggle between Santa Fe and San Augustine on the question of priority of settlement has about worn them out. San Augustine pants upon her sandy shore, while poor old Santa Fe grins disconsolately from amid her ruins. Tucson has not, heretofore, claimed anything but climate and prosperi but now she rises to explain that these two hoary-headed sinners have been wasting their declining years in trying to prove private property in what belongs to neither."

Mr. Hilzinger concedes, for the sake of argument, the claim of Santa Fe that it was settled in 1605. His description of the settlement of San Augustine is noteworthy for its sparkling originality.

"In 1562 Admiral Coligni obtained from Charles IX. of France the privilege of planting a French Protestant colony in the new world, and finally succeeded in establishing one on the River St. Johns, in Florida. The colonists had just become comfortably settled when the Spaniards, who classified heretics with agitators, pounced upon them.

"On August 28, 1565, (the same year the Spaniards entered New Mexico to Christianize the Indians), Pedro Menendez, with a company of 2400, descended upon the Huguenots and exterminated them, but left the alligators and mosquitoes.

"Philip II. was then proclaimed monarch of North America, or whatever it might thereafter be called, and * * * San Augustin (as it was then spelled) was founded with due pomp and ceremony."

Mr. Hilzinger gives the date of settlement of Tucson as 1555, some half a century earlier than the founding of Santa Fe or San Augustine. He bases his claim upon authentic documents, including a parchment discovered among the records of the old mission of San Xavier, dated 1552, when the settlement was ordered to be established, and attached to which is an account of the founding of Tucson, written in the hand of Marcos de Nina, who explored Arizona in 1539.—Phoenix Republican.

Story of "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

"As a writer, as a poet, there were few in the literary world of London (in the forties) who had not heard of Sarah Flower Adams, the gifted woman to whom all Chistendom to-day pays homage in its love for her immortal hymn 'Nearer, my God, to Thee,'" writes Clifford Howard in the Ladies' Home Journal. "It was written in 1840, and had subsequently been set to music by Eliza Flower, and included in a collection of hymns written and composed by the two sisters. Only within that year had their book of 'Hymns and Anthems, been published, and the hymn that was destined to inspire the world had then been heard but once or twice, and within the walls of a single church—South Palace Chapel, London.

"It was not, however, until after the year 1860, when the present well-known tune was composed for it by Dr. Lowell Mason, of New York, that the hymn attained it widespread popularity. Up to that time it had attracted but little notice. Through the spirit of Dr. Mason's sympathetic music it was quickened into glorious life and brought within the reach of every congregation and every Christian soul. But this was long after the author the hymn had passed away. She died in 1848, without knowing of the triumph and the glory that awaited her work. Her grave in the little village of her birth is unmarked by any monument to her fame."

Maple Sugar Getting Purer.

"You will find this season's crop of maple sugar better than ever," said the man who dealt in such things to his friend, the real estate agent, as they rode into town for the day's business.

"And why is that?" he asked. "Are the trees improving with age, or are they grafting something into them?"

"The sugar will be better because they are keeping something out of it," he began. "Butternut sugar is worth more than ever before, and the growers can't afford to mix it with their maple. You know there is a good bit more saccharine in butternut sap than in maple, and ever since there was a particularly short crop about ten years ago the farmers have been pouring the sap into their maple vats, in spite of its bitter, nutty flavor. The drug trade has found a market for butternut sugar under its own name, and this year the price is away up, while maple sugar prices will range rather low."—New York Tribune.

Electricity at St. Helena.

The Governor of St. Helena in his annual report just published expresses the belief that when the new barracks are finished it would pay a small company to erect a plant for lighting Ledder Hill and the town by electric light, worked by windmills. There is always a steady wind from the southeast traders, only nine days having been calm in 1900.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Welfare of the Body—Simple Life Conduces to Longevity—Religion the Great Renewer—Worry Hastens the Advance of Age.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows how any one can conquer the effect of years and grow younger in spirit; text, Psalms ciii, 5, "So that thy youth is renewed like the eagle's."

There flies out from my text the most majestic of all the feathered creation—an eagle. Other birds have more beauty of plume and more sweetness of voice, but none of them has such power of beak, such clutch of claw, such expansion of wing, such height of soaring, such wideness of dominion. Its appetite rejects the carrion that invites the vulture, and in most cases its food is fresh and clean. Leveling its neck for flight, in spiral curve, it swings itself toward the noonday sun. It has been known to live a hundred years. What concentration of all that is sublime in the golden eagle, the crested eagle, the imperial eagle, the martial eagle, the booted eagle, the Jean le Blanc eagle! But after awhile in its life comes the moulting process, and it looks ragged and worn and unattractive, and feels like moping in its nest on the high crags. But weeks go by and the old feathers are gone and new ornithological attire is put on, and its beak, which was overgrown, has the surplus of bone beaten off against the rocks, and it gets back its old capacity for food, and again it mounts the heavens in unchallenged and boundless kingdoms of air and light. David, the author of the text, had watched these monarchs of the sky, and knew their habits, and one day, exulting in his own physical and spiritual rejuvenescence, he says to his own soul: "You are getting younger all the time. You make me think of an eagle which I saw yesterday, just after its molting season, swinging through the valley of Jehoshanhat and then circling around the head of Mount Olivet. O my soul, 'thy youth is renewed like the eagle's.'"

The fact is that people get old too fast. They allow the years to run away with them. The almanac and the family record discourage them. Some of you are older than you have any business to be. You ought to realize that as the body gets older the soul ought to get younger. Coming on toward old age you are only in the molting season, and after that you will have better wings, take higher flight and reign in clearer atmosphere. Our religion bids us to look after the welfare of the body as well as of the soul, and the first part as well as the latter part of my subject is appropriate for the pulpit.

Many might turn the years backward and get younger by changing their physical habits. The simpler life one lives the longer he lives. Thomas Parr, of Shropshire, England, was a plain man and worked on a farm for a livelihood. At 120 years of age he was at his daily toil. He lived under nine kings of England. When 152 years of age he was heard of in London. The king desired to see him, and ordered him to the palace, where he was so richly and royally treated that it destroyed his health, and he died at 152 years and nine months of age.

When Dr. Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood, made post mortem examination of Thomas Parr, he declared there were no signs of senile decay in the body. The man must have renewed his youth, like the eagle, again and again.

All occupations and professions have afforded illustrations of rejuvenescence. Hippocrates, the father of medicine, lived 109 years, and among those eminent in the medical profession who became septuagenarians and octogenarians and nonagenarians were Darwin, Gall, Boerhaave, Jenner and Ruysch, observing themselves the laws of health that they taught their patients.

In art and literature and science among those who lived into the eighties were Plato and Franklin and Carlyle and Goethe and Buffon and Halley. Sophocles reached the nineties.

You cannot tell how old a man is from the number of years he has lived. I have known people actually boyish in their dispositions at eighty years of age, while Louis II., King of Hungary, died of old age at twenty.

Haydn's oratoria, "The Creation," was composed at seventy years of age. Humboldt wrote his immortal work, "The Cosmos," at seventy-five. William Cullen Bryant, at eighty-two years of age, in my house, read without spectacles "Thanatopsis," which he had composed when eighteen years of age. Isocrates did illustrious work at ninety-four.

Liontinus Gorgias was busy when death came to him at 107 years of age. Herschel at eighty years of age was hard at work in stellar exploration. Masinissa, king of Numidia, at ninety years of age, led a victorious cavalry charge against the Carthaginians.

Titian was engaged on his greatest painting when he died in his one hundredth year. How often they must have renewed their youth!

But the average longevity of those in private life, and with less mental strain and no conspicuous success, is much larger than the average longevity of the renowned. There are hundreds of thousands of men and women now renewing their youth like the eagle's, so that the possibility of such a turning back of the years is all around us being demonstrated.

Bismarck, the greatest of German statesmen, a long while before his decease, passed his eightieth milestone. When Gladstone was eighty-three years of age, I ran with him up and down the hills of Harwarden. We started for a walk, but it got to be a run. All those men again and again renewed their youth.

Some one writes me, "Is not threescore and ten the bound of human life, according to the Bible?" My reply is that Moses (not David), who wrote that psalm, was giving a statistic of his own day.

Through better understanding of the laws of health and advancement of medical science the statistics of longevity have mightily changed since the time of Moses, and the day is coming when a nonagenarian will no longer be a wonder. Phlebotomy shortened the life of whole generations, and the lancet that bled for everything is now rarely taken from the doctor's pocket.

Dentistry has given power of healthy mastication to the human race, and thus added greatly to the prolongation of life. Electric lights have improved human sight, which used to be strained by the dim tallow candle. The dire diseases which under other names did their fatal work, and were considered almost incurable now in a majority of cases are conquered.

Vaccination, which has saved millions of lives and balked the greatest scourge of nations, and surgery, which has advanced more than any other science, have done more than can be told for the prolongation of human life.

The X-ray has turned the human body, which was opaque, into a lighted castle. It is easier in this age to renew one's youth than in any other age.

But the body is the smallest and least important part of you. It is your soul that most needs rejuvenation, but that will also help bodily vivification. In order to do this I advise you to banish as far as possible all fretfulness out of your life. The doing of that will make you ten years younger. I know many good, Christian people who are worrying themselves out in managing the affairs of the universe. They have undertaken too big a job. They are trying to drive too long and fiery a team. They have all the affairs of church and state on hand, and they fret about this and fret about that and fret about the other thing. They fear that China will be divided up among the nations and there will be an entanglement causing wars such as we have never heard of. They fear that Edward VII. will not be as wise a king as his mother was a queen. They are appalled at the accumulated national debt. They fear society is going to pieces by reason of immoralities. They apprehend that America will be overcrowded with foreigners. They say the newspapers are getting so bad that this country is going to be utterly demoralized. They are all the time apprehensive of social and religious and political calamity, and it is telling on their mental health, depressing their physical health, and, instead of renewing their youth like the eagle's, they are imitating the eagle who would sit in his nest of sticks lined with grass on the rock, mourning about the woes of the ornithological world, the loneliness of the pelican, the filthiness of the vulture, the croak of the raven, the recklessness of the albatross. Would that improve things? No. It would be a molting process for that eagle which would never close, and it would only get thinner and more gloomy and less able to gain food for its young and less able to enjoy a land scape as it appears under a twenty mile flight on a summer morning under the blue heavens.

I do not advise you to be indifferent to these great questions that pertain to church and state and nations, but not to fret about them. Realize that it is not an anarchy that has charge of affairs in this world, but a divine government. At the head of this universe is a King whose eye is omniscience and whose heart is infinite love. His government is not going to be a failure. He cannot be defeated. Better trust Him in the management of this world and of all worlds. All you and I have to do is to accomplish the work that is put in our hands. That is all we have to be responsible for. In a well managed orchestra the players upon stringed and wind instruments do not watch each other. The cornetist does not look to see how the violinist is drawing the bow over the strings, nor does the flute player scrutinize the drum. They all watch the baton of the leader. And we are all carrying our part, however insignificant it may be, in the great harmony.

My text suggests that heaven is an eternal youth. A cycle of years will not leave any mark upon the immortal nature. Eternity will not work upon the soul in heaven any change unless it be more radiance and more wisdom and more rapture. A rolling on from glory to glory! In anticipation of that some of the happiest people on earth are aged Christians. The mightiest testimonies have been given by the veterans in the gospel army. While some of the aged have allowed themselves to become morose and cynical and impatient with youth and pessimistic about the world and have become possessed with the spirit of scold and fault finding, and are fearful of being crowded out of their sphere many of the aged have been glad to step aside that others may have a chance and are hopeful about the world, expecting its redemption instead of its demolition, and they are inspiration and comfort and helpfulness to the household and to the neighborhood, and to the church. The children hail the good old man as he comes down the road. His smile, his words, his manner, his whole life, make the world think better of religion.

What a good thing it is, all ye aged Christians, that you can soon get rid of dulled ear and sight that requires strong eyeglasses and infirmities which make you hold on to the banister, leaving you panting at the head of the stairs, and enter a land of eternal health, where the most rubicund cheek of robust life on earth would be emaciation compared with the vigor of the immortals. What a good thing to get beyond being misunderstood and blamed for what you could not help, and picked at by a hard world, and then pass into a heavenly society where all think well of each other, and friendships are eternal, depreciation and slander and backbiting unknown, for the gate of heaven was shut against them in the statement, "Without are dogs." What a good thing to have satisfying and glorious explanation of things that puzzled you twenty or forty or eighty years, to have the interrogation point abolished and all mystery solved and God's government vindicated, and you will see why He allowed sin and sorrow to come into the world, and why the bad were permitted to live so long and the good were cut off in the time of their greatest usefulness, and why so many of the consecrated find life a struggle, while many of the infamous ride prosperously, princes afoot and beggars a-horseback, and the last honest question shall have been answered.

Gibbon in his history says that Mohammed had a dream in which he thought that, mounted on the horse Borak, he ascended the seven heavens and approached within two bow shots of the throne and felt a cold that pierced him to the heart when his shoulder was touched by the hand of God. That might do for Mohammed's heaven, but not for a Christian heaven. No cold hand put upon your shoulder there, no cold hand of repulse or doubt, but the warm hand of welcome, the warm hand of saintly communion, the warm hand of God.

I congratulate all Christians who are in the eventide. Good cheer to all of you. Your best days are yet to come. You are yet to hear the best songs, see the grandest sights, take the most delightful journeys, form the most elevating friendships, and after 10,000 years of transport you will be no nearer the last rapture than when you were thrilled with the first.

In heaven you will have what most pleases you. Archbishop Leighton's desire for heaven was a desire for Christ and purity and love, and he has found there what he wanted. John Foster rejoiced at the thought of heaven, because there he could study the secrets of the universe without restraint, and he has been regaling himself in that search. Southey thought of heaven as a place where he would meet with the learned and the great—Chaucer and Dante and Shakespeare. He no doubt has found that style of communion. That great and good Dr. Dick was fond of mathematics, and he said he thought much of the time in heaven would be given to that study, and I have no doubt that since ascension he has made advancement in that science. The "twelve manner of fruits" spoken of in Revelation means all kinds of enjoyment in heaven, for twelve manner of fruits includes all the chief fruits that are grown on trees. I suppose there will be as many kinds of enjoyment as there will be inhabitants.

You will have in heaven just what you want. Are you tired? Then heaven will be rest. Are you passionately fond of sweet sounds? Then it will be music. Are you stirred by pictures? There will be all the colors on the new heavens, on the jasper sea, and the walls imbedded with what splendors! Are you fond of great architecture? There you will find the temple of God and the Lamb and the uplifted thrones. Are you longing to get back to your loved ones who have ascended? Then it will be reunion. Are you a home body? Then it will be home. Here and there in this world you will find some one who now lives where he was born, and three or four generations may have dwelt in the same house, but most people have had several homes—the home of childhood, the home they built or rented for their early manhood, the home of riper and more prosperous years. But all homes put together, precious as they are in remembrance, or from present occupancy, cannot equal the heavenly home in the house of many mansions. No sickness will ever come there, for it is promised "there shall be no more pain." No parting at the front door, no last look at faces never to be seen again, but home with God, home with each other, home, forever.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR MARCH 3.

Subject: Jesus Betrayed, John xviii, 14—Golden Text, Matt. xxvi, Memory Verses, 9-11—Comm on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Had spoken these words" discourse and prayer recorded in Jo 15, 16 and 17. "Went the brook Cedron." Or Kedron. This was stream that flowed to the east jerusalem, through the valley of Jo and divided the city from the Mount Olives. "Where was a garden" mane, which means "oil press" near the foot of the western slope yet, and was probably an enclosed vineyard, containing a press and tower. "He entered and his disciples." John passes over the circumstances nected with the entering and agony of Christ in the garden, probably it was so fully described by the evangelists. Also last been.

2. "Judas knew the place" us that this very week they had their nights on the Mount of Olives 21: 37), and having been there with the Master Judas was familiar His resting places; yet he was able to meet Him in that sacred place there betray Him. What a picture fallen nature!

3. "Having received a band of Judas received the Roman cohort consisted of from 300 to 600 men, tered in the tower of Antonia and the peace of the city. "Lanterns and weapons." The ordinary equipment for night duty. The Roman soldiers armed with swords, the Jewish officers with stones. With the Romans came also a great multitude. Men in

4. "Knowing all things." He was taken unaware, but voluntarily gave Himself up. "Whom seek ye?" He wishes have them own distinctly their purpose design. He speaks to make them state their object, and then to show that can attain it only by His permission. Christ "went forth" from the company of the disciples, and facing the man soldiers asked them, "Whom ye?"

5. "Jesus of Nazareth." The answer may perhaps reveal the light in which Judas had represented Jesus to the man authorities; "of Nazareth," a place lean prone to revolt. "I am He" no farther; I am the One for whom are searching. "Judas stood with them." That is, with the band of soldiers. Judas had been agreed upon as a signal to the person they were seeking. The band reached the garden Judas went what in advance of them (Luke 22: and reached Jesus just as He had the three—Peter, James and John was preparing to go and meet His tors. Judas saluted Him, "Hail, so as to be heard by the rest, and Him repeatedly, loudly, effusively 26: 49. The Saviour submitted to dignity, not stopping, but only saying He passed on: "Friend" (not the ing word, but "companion"), "for which thou art here" (Matt. and then, perhaps in answer to His tioning gesture, "Judas, with a kiss credest thou up the Son of Man" 22: 48.

6. "Went backward and fell" was the manifestation of superhuman power. The divine majesty of Jesus from His intimate communion with the unexpected boldness of inspired smote terror into hearts conscious of

7. "Whom seek ye?" The question repeated, perhaps in irony. Why the hibition of power? 1. To show that surrendered Himself willingly, as to plans and not to man's power. 2. To attention away from His disciples to self. 3. It gave courage and faith disciples in after days, to know the of Jesus, and that He could use would. See Matt. 26: 53, 54.

8. "I have told you." An intimate the armed crowd what plaything might be in His hand. "Let these way." Let the disciples go their was necessary that they should carry on the work, and Christ prophesied protect them from all harm. These words of authority, not of entreaty.

9. "Which He spake." This has ence to the prayer just offered. John 12. "I have lost none." This is applied to the preservation of their lives; even the body is a part of Christ's charge and care. He had kept them three years. Jesus perished.

10. "Peter having a sword drew" From Luke 22: 49, we see that the disciples asked Jesus if they should strike Him with the sword. Peter did not wait for an answer, but at once begins the fense. Probably he wished by this to prove his readiness to risk his life his Lord, and to fulfill his vow (Matt. 27:31); in all probability it was also design to give a signal to the friends the Lord Himself to rise in arms against the foe. "Cut off his right ear." was a very rash act, for it compromised Jesus in His teaching that His kingdom was not of this world, but a spiritual kingdom. The external ear, though wounded, was apparently hanging on a cheek; for our Lord is said, in Luke 51, to have touched His ear in performing the healing. This was Christ's last miracle before His death.

11. "Put up thy sword." He was doing the divine plan and Christ rebuked him. "The cup which My Father hath given." What God hath arranged for us in making atonement for sin is represented as a bitter medicine put in a cup for us to drink. Exactly the amount ordained to be drunk was placed in the cup. "Shall I not drink it?" The fact that the cup was given Him by the Father was sufficient. We learn from Matt. 26: 52-54 that Jesus gave three other reasons for resisting.

12. "Then the band—took Jesus." Some of the more eager ones had taken hold of Jesus before the attempt of Peter (Matt. 26: 50); now the guard took possession of Him and led Him away. At this time not only Peter, but all the disciples forsook Jesus and fled. Peter and John alone followed Him to His place of trial.

13. "To Annas first." Because this man had formerly been high priest he was still the legitimate high priest according to the law of Moses, the office being for life (Num. 20: 28; 35: 25), and he had been so regarded by the Jews. Annas, as father-in-law to Caiaphas, doubtless exerted a strong influence over him.

14. "Caiaphas." He was a cruel self-seeking man. He was willing to destroy even an innocent person to save a nation from what he considered a great peril.

The tip-to-the-waiter agitation is not down in New York City. The latest contribution to the discussion of the subject goes to show that a large number of the best customers of the hotel restaurants have been driven away from the hotels and clubs, and thousands more will soon unless the hotel and restaurant managers shall make rules and regulations similar to those which prevail in clubs.

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I cannot say enough in regard to what it has done me. More good than all other medicine. Female weakness in its worst form. I was so weak that I could not do my work. I also had falling of the womb and suffered at menstrual periods I suffered very hard. I could not lift anything without bearing on my feet long at a time. Medicines but they did me no good. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for her, and I think it would do me any good. After taking it I can say it does all that is claimed. I have taken seven packages of Sanative Wash and have no womb trouble since taking it. For years; can do all my own housework and feel that life is worth living. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I feel that I cannot say too much in its favor. I will do anything. I am always ready to speak for it if they will follow Mrs. Pinkham's advice.
Gratefully yours, MRS. A

CHANGE OF LIFE.

I was taken sick years ago with "La Grippe," and had a relapse and was given up by my doctor and my friends. Change of Life began to work on me. I suffered very badly until a year ago, when my stomach and lungs got so I suffered terribly; the blood backed up in my lungs and stomach, and I vomited it up. I could not digest anything. I cannot tell what I suffered with my head. My husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken half of it I began to improve, and to-day I am another woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough.
M. A. DENSON, Millport, N

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E SABBATH SCHO

RNATIONAL LESSON COMM
FOR MARCH 3.

...ort: Jesus Betrayed. John xviii. ... — Golden Text, Matt. xxvi. ... emory Verses, 8-11 — Commentary ... the Day's Lesson.

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Relics from University.

...F. Hickey, special agent of the ...sconsin commissioners of the Pan ...merica exposition, is arranging with ...an W. A. Henry of the agricultural ...llege of the University of Wisconsin ... an exhibit of the results of the ...rk of that college at Buffalo next ...mer. Fred Warren of Fox Lake, who ...d President McKinley a fine span of ...ing horses, will exhibit some of ...fancy stock. He has recently pur...sed a number of animals from Gen. ...orge E. Bryant, chairman of the ...te central committee, who for years ...s been breeding fine horses.

Tenements for Colored People.

...A ... in New York ... is the proposal ... tenement's for colored ... at the same price ... Heretofore colored ... obliged to pay from ... more for inferior ... than white people.

Gift $20,000 to a Negro School.

For the erection of a library building for Tuskegee institute, the school for colored pupils at Tuskegee, Ala., over which Booker T. Washington presides, Andrew Carnegie has donated $20,000. The building is to be erected entirely by student labor, and when completed will rank with the finest college libraries in the country.

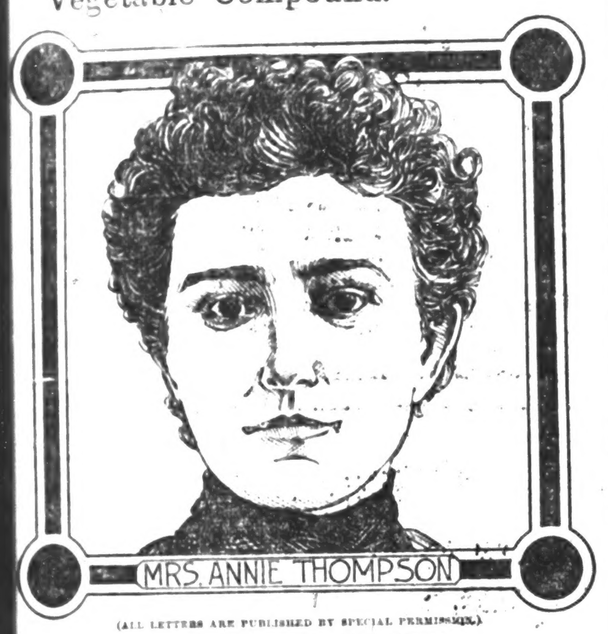
About the Same Old Feeling.

"No, married life is not so different," explained the young father. "When I have been having an all-night session arguing with the baby on the question whether it is better to yell over the advent of new teeth or to sleep it off, I have much the same feeling the next morning that I used to have after a bachelor dinner."

Medical consultation. "How do you find me, doctor?" "Very bad. You are worn out and it is necessary that you give up all head work." "That would ruin me, doctor. Don't you know I'm a barber?"

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM

Letters Proving Positively that there is No Medicine for Woman's Ills Equal to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



(ALL LETTERS ARE PUBLISHED BY SPECIAL PERMISSION.)

"I cannot say enough in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me more good than all the doctors. I have been troubled with female weakness in its worst form for about ten years. I had leucorrhœa and was so weak that I could not do my housework.

I also had falling of the womb and inflammation of the womb and ovaries, and at menstrual periods I suffered terribly. At times my back would ache very hard. I could not lift anything or do any heavy work; was not able to stand on my feet long at a time. My husband spent hundreds of dollars for doctors but they did me no good. My husband's sister wrote what the Vegetable Compound had done for her, and wanted me to try it, but I did not then think it would do me any good. After a time, I concluded to try it, and I can truly say it does all that is claimed for it. Ten bottles of the Vegetable Compound and seven packages of Sanative Wash have made a new woman of me. I have had no womb trouble since taking the fifth bottle. I weigh more than I have in years, can do all my own housework, sleep well, have a good appetite, and now feel that life is worth living. I owe all to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I feel that it has saved my life and would not be without it for anything. I am always glad to recommend it to all my sex, for I know if they will follow Mrs. Pinkham's directions, they will be cured."

Gratefully yours, MRS. ANNIE THOMPSON, South Hot Springs, Ark.

CHANGE OF LIFE.

"I was taken sick ... years ago with ... The trouble ... had a relapse and ... was given up by ... the doctor and my ... friends. Change ... of life began to ... work on me. I ... loved very badly ... until a year ago, ... when my stomach ... and lungs got so ... bad. I suffered terribly; the blood went up in my lungs and stomach, and ... from 2 to 4 at night. I could not eat ... scarcely anything. I cannot tell what I suffered with my head. My husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken half of it I began to improve, and to-day I am another woman. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine has saved my life. I cannot praise it enough."

M. A. DENSON, Millport, N.Y.

PROFUSE PERIODS.

"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound about 3 months ago, and cannot express the wonderful good it has done me. Menstruations were so profuse as to leave me very weak for some time after. Was also troubled with leucorrhœa, tired feeling, bearing down sensation, pain across the back and thighs. I felt as though there was a heavy weight in my stomach all the time. I have taken two bottles of the medicine, and now have better health than I have had for four years."

MRS. LIZZIE DICKSON HODGE, Avalon, Ohio.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

DYSPEPSIA

need not be endured a day longer if you use

A natural medicinal water—concentrated. A mild laxative tonic. A specific for all forms of stomach and bowel disorders. Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Obstinate Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical.

The genuine should be ordered with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst forms. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

LIBBY'S EXTRACT of BEEF

Made without regard to economy. We use the best beef, get all the essence from it, and concentrate it to the uttermost.

In an ounce of our extract there is all the nutrition of many pounds of beef. To get more nutriment to the ounce is impossible. Few extracts have as much.

Our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," tells many ways to use beef extract. It gives recipes for lunches and the chafing dish. Send your address for it.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY
Chicago

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

The Palm Given to Dr. Greene's Nervura.

That Grand Jury, the People, Have So Decided.

Used by Hundreds of Thousands in Spring as a Blood Medicine.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is indeed "The World's Great Spring Medicine." It has come to be recognized by almost everybody as the best possible spring medicine to take, and hundreds of thousands of our people use it during the trying spring months, to tone up anew the relaxed nerves and re-invigorate and enrich the blood.

A spring medicine is a necessity if one wishes to keep in perfect health and vigor during the changes from winter to summer. This grand spring tonic, this perfect spring medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, is exactly what the system needs at this season. It not only purifies, but makes rich, red blood; it not only strengthens and invigorates the nervous system, but re-energizes and revitalizes the nerves by feeding them with renewed nerve force and power. It is not only an aid to digestion, but it creates a regular, natural and healthy action of the bowels, liver, kidneys, which in the spring are always sluggish and inactive.

In fact, it is just what people need to make them well and keep them well during these months, so threatening to the health of all, and when it is considered that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is made entirely from pure, health-giving vegetable remedies, and that people give it more testimonials of cure than any other remedy on earth, no one can doubt that it is the very best spring remedy for everybody to use.

Mr. Gustave Leibach, of 337 First street, Jersey City, N. J., says:—

"I was troubled with sick headaches, and could not sleep on account of the pains in my head. I was suffering night and day with dyspepsia, could not eat anything, my stomach would sour so. I had to starve myself to have any ease. I had to give up work at last, I was so nervous and miserable, and I was falling away in flesh so that my friends hardly knew me. I tried several remedies, but without avail. At last someone recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I tried one bottle and began to improve. I started in to eat all right; then I picked up my health; my headaches disappeared, and my weakness and sour stomach went away. I used three bottles, and could sleep all night with ease; I used six bottles, and felt like a new man. I can now do a hard day's work without any trouble, and I am as happy as a bird in spring. I was so miserable, always suffering, always in pain, but now I am like a new man."

Use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy this spring, for it is the discovery and prescription of a well-known physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th St., New York City, who is responsible for its beneficial action, and who can be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter.

White blackberries and green roses have been propagated in Louisiana.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There are about 17,000 novels in the Paris national library and nearly 69,000 volumes of French poetry.

Notice—Two traveling salesmen wanted in each state. Salary and expenses; experience unnecessary. Pocahontas Tobacco Wks, Bedford City, Va.

The Siamese government has asked for American bids for the construction of a plant for the manufacture of ammunition in that country.

Crab Orchard Water

is used and recommended by physicians all over the world as one of the most reliable laxatives and purgatives. It is sure in its action, and has wonderful curative properties.

Like all the male members of the royal house of Germany, the crown prince is about to learn a trade, which will probably be that of a compositor.

Sweat and fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

It has been figured out that the United States produces 2,200 pounds of grain for each inhabitant; England 360 pounds.

Have you ever experienced the joyful sensation of a good appetite? You will if you chew Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The difference between the shortest and the tallest races in the world is one foot and one-half inch, the average height is five feet five inches.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The will of the late Jarvis Ford, of St Joseph, Mo., gives $20,000 for a free memorial library in that place, and $10,000 to the municipal hospital.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Twenty-five Victoria crosses have been awarded so far in the South African war.

The unspeakable Turk once more exhibits to the world his demoniac fanaticism. From Salonica comes the report that hundreds of Christians in Macedonia have been massacred by Mohammedans in the village of Bitsch, in northern Albania, a horde of Mohammedans crucified every Christian male in the place, pinning them to the trees with stakes driven through the hands and feet. Many of the women were outraged and all were carried off to Mohammedan harems. Children were chopped up before their parents' eyes. At Gruma, south of Bitsch, women were violated in front of their husbands and fathers. The men were terribly mutilated, having their ears, fingers, toes and limbs cut off. Many children were drowned.

At Riberitz the entire population was massacred after the victims' flesh had been sliced off. At Binashkia a bonfire was made of twenty Christians.

At Genevitza a priest of the Melumkovics was tied in a sack and thrown into the river. The ringleader of the Mohammedans is the fanatic Islam, who boasts of having slaughtered 200 "Giaours" (infidels) with his own hands.

The Servian consul at Metrovitza estimates the number of Christians killed at 407 men, 110 women and 430 children. He places the number of Christian women outraged at 385.

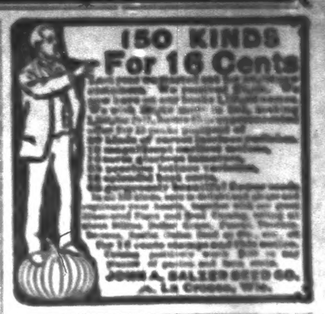
No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick cure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 1.0



150 KINDS For 16 Cents

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

FREE WITH SEEDS.

T. J. KING CO., Southern, Richmond, Va.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE "LIFE OF Booker T. Washington,"

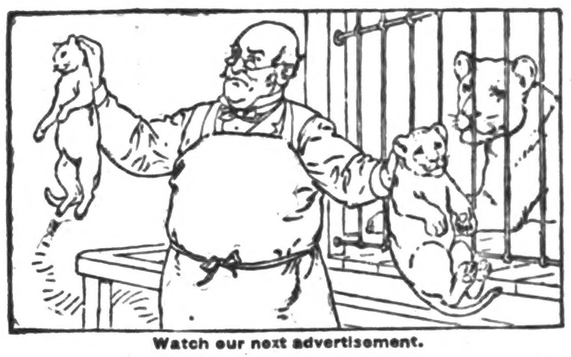
Written by himself. Everybody buys; agents are now making over $200 per month; have took to sell to educated people over published. Write for terms, or send 50 cents for outfit and begin at once. Please mention this paper. Address

J. L. NICHOLS & CO., Atlanta, Georgia.

Am. N. U. No. 9, 1901.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!



Watch our next advertisement.

If you went to buy a lion whelp you would'nt accept a kitten as a substitute, even if the dealer urges you.

Now, don't accept a substitute for

LION COFFEE.

It is bound to turn out a common yellow cat, with none of the strength of the lion.

You want LION COFFEE because it is LION COFFEE.

If, on the other hand, you want a coffee which, in order to hide imperfections, is "highly polished" with eggs and other preparations, then do not buy

LION COFFEE.

If **LION COFFEE** were common, ordinary stuff, coffee drinkers would'nt insist on having it. It is used in millions of homes because it is **the best coffee in the world** for the price. If you doubt this, take a single package home and try it.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Fight on for wealth, old "Money Bags," your liver is drying up and bowels wearing out, some day you will cry aloud for health, offering all your wealth, but you will not get it because you neglected Nature in your mad rush to get gold. No matter what you do, or what ails you, to-day is the day—every day is the day—to keep watch of Nature's wants—and help your bowels act regularly—*CASCARETS* will help Nature help you. Neglect means bile in the blood, foul breath, and awful pains in the back of the head with a loathing and bad feeling for all that is good in life. Don't care how rich or poor you are, you can't be well if you have bowel trouble, you will be regular if you take *CASCARETS*—get them to-day—*CASCARETS*—in metal box; small box 10c, whole month's treatment 50c; take one, eat it like candy and it will work gently while you sleep. It cures; that means it strengthens the muscular walls of the bowels and gives them new life; then they act regularly and naturally; that is what you want—it is guaranteed to be found in

THE TONIC LAXATIVE

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED To CURE. Five cures are the best test of CASCARETS ever sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, a phenomenal record. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely upon this basis, to be cured or money refunded. Get your druggist to-day, take one box, give them a fair, honest trial, on our simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one box, return the empty box and the empty box will be by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for the box returned. Take our advice, take CASCARETS to-day. Sample and booklet free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews" and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

A. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Stanton.

Mr. M. E. Dunmore went to Ridgeville Sunday evening.

We regret to state that Mr. R. E. Lester is quite sick.

We all enjoyed a hearty game of snow ball recently.

Mr. R. H. Nelson spent the day in Dixie with friends Sunday.

Miss Minnie Lassiter, of Plantersville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. Gantt.

Miss Eva Parnell paid relatives a pleasant visit in Dixie Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Tyer visited relatives at Ridgeville Sunday.

Mr. Claud Culver in Selma Saturday and Sunday.

STAN

Death of Mrs. Headley

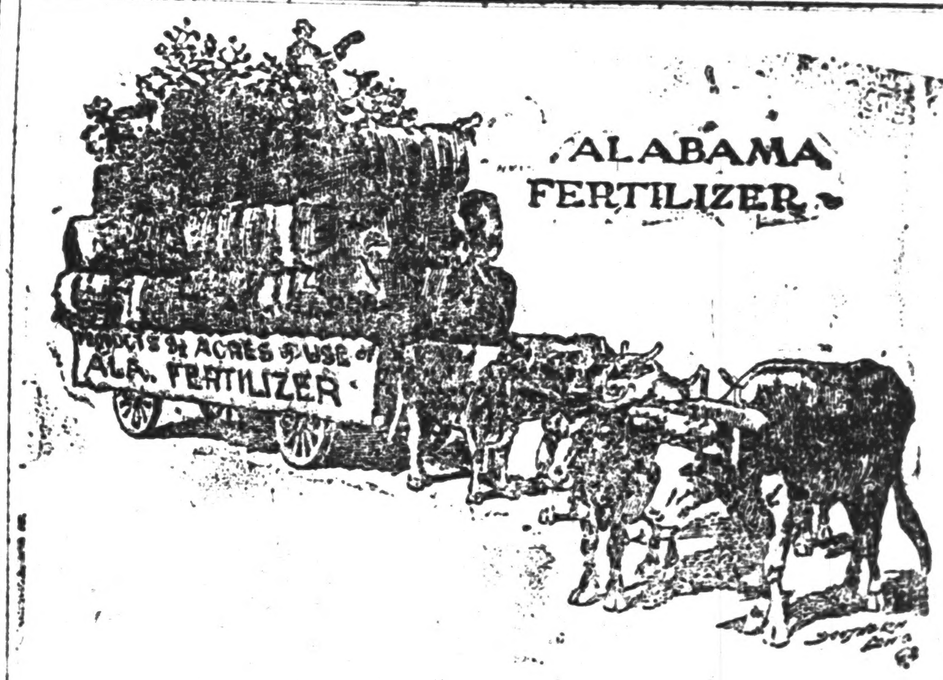
Died at her home near Kitchen, Feb. 21, Mrs. Headley, age about 72 years. She has been a consistent member of the M. E. church since a girl; after a severe illness of about four months, she passed away on the 21st inst. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved family. God knows best and makes all things work together for good to them that love him.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Clanton drug store.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 24 acres of land, made from Russell Improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the tag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Cottonseed Meal always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau,
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, Kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and retention by having to rewack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummie Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

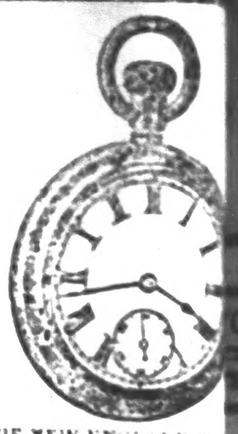
S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 48 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.



THE NEW ENGLAND W[illegible] nickle case, stem wind and [illegible] warranted for 12 months [illegible] ed anywhere with a six [illegible] plate chain for $2.75. Try [illegible] you want a good time piece [illegible]

The New England Watch [illegible] giving good satisfaction. [illegible] poor man's time piece.

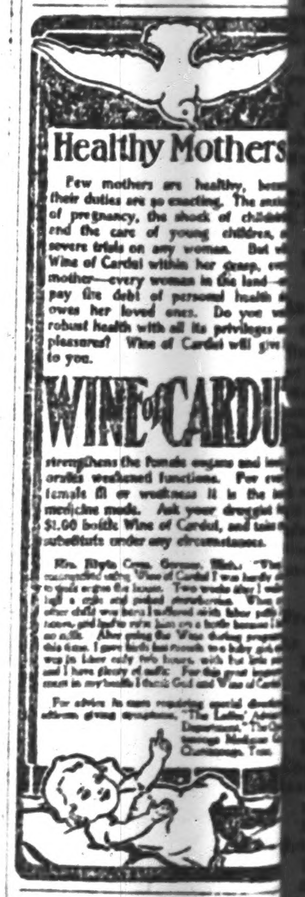
L. D. POPWELL, Cl[illegible]

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Deep-seated, obstinate cases of blood poison of a kind that have resisted doctors, hot springs and patent medicines for years, yield to B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) this wonderful blood remedy has been tested for 30 years. Have you Eczema, Pimples, Ulcerous patches in the mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Copper Colored Spots? Chancres? Inflammation on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? If so, this wonderful B. B. B. will completely change the entire body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and as smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B. drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle free, will be given away free of charge.

B. B. B., for sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Complete directions with each bottle. To secure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. For trial bottle, address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and Free medical advice given.



THE BEST WAY TO [illegible]

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala. C. P. Atkins, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Sees of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

The Constitutional Convention [illegible] up to the good people of [illegible] county. The Dem. com[illegible] has called a county convention for March 14, when it looks [illegible] that Dr. Caffey will receive the nomination without opposition. The Pop. committee has called a county convention for March 23, while one or two names have been mentioned as probable candidates, there is at present no candidate definitely out for the office.

I had a long talk with Dr. Caffey [illegible] or two ago, and his platform is right and I like his ideas. He [illegible] not endorse running stock or [illegible] over a people who don't [illegible] them, and he is not a believer [illegible] defeated Democratic candidates of legislation. It would [illegible] good idea for the Doctor to [illegible] and give his views to the [illegible]. Whether he can convince [illegible] of the votes to elect him [illegible] to be seen.

[illegible] Sunday-School Convention

[illegible] 1 and 2, to be held at [illegible] Baptist church, March [illegible], 1901.

[illegible] a.m. Prayer, J. M. Scott.

[illegible] Origin and object of the [illegible] Convention, P. C. [illegible]

[illegible] Origin and growth of Sunday-schools in Chilton county, W. [illegible] Mims.

[illegible] Model Sunday-school, [illegible] Langston.

[illegible] Who should attend Sunday-school? J. P. Gentry, C. M. [illegible]

[illegible] Why should parents attend Sunday-school? C. L. Glass, W. [illegible] Reynolds.

[illegible] p.m. Relation of Sunday-school to the church, Miss Minnie [illegible] R. F. Reynolds.

[illegible] Secretaries, Miss Anna Lowery [illegible] Duties of Superintendent, [illegible] Scott, P. C. Smith.

J. M. COLLIER President.
LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Best Medicine for La Grippe.

[illegible] W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the [illegible] cough, cold, chills and grip [illegible] taken lots of trash of no [illegible] but profit to the vendor. [illegible] Cough Remedy is the [illegible] that has done any good [illegible]. I have used one bottle of [illegible] the chills, cold and grip have [illegible] me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." [illegible] by the Clanton Drug Co, [illegible] I. Deresmus Verbena.

[illegible] Sunday-school Best Meeting

[illegible] 4, to be held at Concord [illegible] church, March 17, 1901.

[illegible] Devotional Exercise—W. [illegible]

[illegible] Address, E. H. Parrish.

[illegible] of the Sunday-school [illegible] Judson Strock. Organization.

[illegible] Sunday-school

[illegible] Teaching, W. J. Armstrong.

[illegible] for dinner.

[illegible] p.m. Devotional Exercise

[illegible] What is a successful Sunday-school? V. J. Gragg.

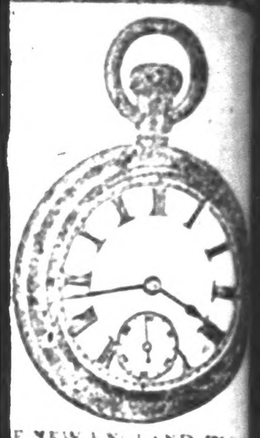
[illegible] Who is responsible for success [illegible] Sunday-school, E. L. Smith.

[illegible] Sunday-school in the Beat [illegible] expected to send two or more delegates to represent them.

E. R. DRAGON
JUDSON STROCK

Strikes A Rich Find.

[illegible] troubled for several years [illegible] chronic indigestion and nervousness," writes F. J. Green of [illegible], N. H. "No remedy helped [illegible] until I began using Electric [illegible], which did me more good [illegible] the medicine I ever used. [illegible] also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says [illegible] Bitters are just splendid for [illegible] troubles; that they are a grand [illegible] invigorator for weak, run [illegible] women. No other medicine [illegible] its place in our family." [illegible]. Only 50c. Satisfaction [illegible] by Clanton, Drug Co.



E NEW ENGLAND WA
le case, stem wind and ste
ranted for 12 months. Ind
anywhere with a silk cord
e chain for $2 75 Try o
want a good time piece ch
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r man a time piece
L. D. POPWELL, Chart

OD POISON CURED BY B
Bottle Free to Sufferers.
eep-seated, obstinate cases,
that have resisted doctors,
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anic Blood Balm), thoroug
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Glands? Stiff Joints? Co
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broken down constitution
rove the digestion. S: sal
ay test B. B. B. a trial be
e given away free of charg
B. B., for sale by druggist
r large bottle, or 6 large b
full treatment) $5 Compl
tions with each bottle.
he bottle reads Botanic Bl
For trial bottle, addr
OD BALM CO., Atlanta,
he trouble and Free med
given

ealthy Mothers
w mothers are healthy, becau
duties are so exacting. The anxie
regnancy, the shock of childbirth,
the care of young children, a
e trials on any woman. But wit
of Cardui within her grasp, every
er—every woman in the land—
fits debt of personal health sh
her loved ones. Do you want
d health with all its privileges and
ures? Wine of Cardui will give it
e.

INE OF CARDUI
Makes the female organs and living
weakened functions. For every
ll or weakness it is the best
me made. Ask your druggist for
bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no
ute under any circumstances.

BEST WAY TO TH
AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WE
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
VILLE & NASHVILLE R.
he Through Cars
ne pass Calera daily, run
ugh Montgomery, Mobile
and New Orleans.
ecting with all points in
XAS AND THE WEST.
ing through to Nashv
ville, Louisville, Cincinnati
and St. Louis,
ecting for all points in the
AND NORTH-WEST
urchasing tickets to any p
Agent of the Louisville a
Railroad at Clanton, Ala.
ress, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

L. IX | CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MARCH 7, 1901 | NO. 20

E MAN ON THE CORNER

of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

e Constitutional Convention
w up to the good people of
ton county. The Dem. com-
e has called a county conven-
for March 14, when it looks
that Dr. Caffey will receive
nomination without opposition.
Pop. committee has called a
ty convention for March 25.
while one or two names have
mentioned as probable candi-
s, there is at present no candi-
cidately out for the office.

had a long talk with Dr. Caffey
y or two ago, and his platform
right and I like his ideas. He
not endorse running stock or
laws over a people who don't
t them, and he is not a believer
he defeated Democratic candi-
ideas of legislation. It would
good idea for the Doctor to
out and give his views to the
ple. Whether he can convince
gh of the votes to elect him
ains to be seen.

gram Sunday-School Convention

Meets 1 and 2, to be held at
nson Baptist church, March
, 1901.

80 a.m. Prayer, J. M. Scott.
:35. Origin and object of the
day-school Convention, P. C.
th.
0. Origin and growth of Sun-
school in Chilton county, W.
Conway. W. A. Mims.
:30. Model Sunday-school,
Laura Langston.
:50. Who should attend Sun-
school? J. P. Gentry, C. M.
theutt.
:20. Why should parents at-
Sunday-school? C. L. Glass, W.
Reynolds.
30 p.m. Relation of Sunday
ol to the church, Miss Minnie
e, B. F. Reynolds.
Recitation, Miss Anna Lowery
:15. Duties of Superintendent,
. Scott, P. C. Smith.

J. M. COLLIER President.
Miss LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Watt, of South Gar-
er, Me., says: "I have had the
st cough, cold, chills and grip
have taken lots of trash of no
ount but profit to the vendor.
mberlain's Cough Remedy is the
y thing that has done any good
ever. I have used one bottle of
d the chills, cold and grip have
ft me. I congratulate the man-
cturers of an honest medicine."
sale by the Clanton Drug Co,
D. I. Deramus Verbena.

gram Sunday-school Beat Meeting

Beat 4, to be held at Concord
Baptist church, March 17, 1901.

a.m. Devotional Exercise—W.
Edwards.
Welcome Address, E. H. Parrish.
Purpose of the Sunday-school
vention, Judson Strock. Organ-
tion
0. Sunday-school
1. Teaching, W. J. Armstrong.
Journment for dinner.
:30 p.m. Devotional Exercise
1. What is a successful Sunday-
ool? V. J. Gragg.
Who is responsible for success
the Sunday-school, E. L. Smith.
Every Sunday-school in the Beat
expected to send two or more del-
tes to represent them.

E. B. DEASON
JUDSON STROCK

Strikes A Rich Find.

I was troubled for several years
h chronic indigestion and nerv-
debility," writes F. J. Green of
nchester, N. H. "No remedy help-
me until I began using Electric
tters, which did me more good
n all the medicine I ever used.
y have also kept my wife in ex-
ent health for years. She says
ectric Bitters are just splendid for
ale troubles; that they are a grand
c and invigorator for weak, run
n women. No other medicine
take its place in our family."
them. Only 50c. Satisfaction
aranteed by Clanton, Drug Co.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Editor Banner—As we are soon to vote on convention, and perhaps a new constitution, it is in order that every voter give expression to his views, though it is generally claimed that the constitution has already been framed and ratified by the politicians and their henchmen, and that our voting will be a mere formality. My position briefly stated is:

1. Believing suffrage to be the birth-right of the Anglo-Saxon race, I oppose the disfranchisement of any white voter of the State, except for crime. I oppose a wholesale disfranchisement of the negro. Some have shown themselves to be honest, intelligent, worthy citizens, and it would not be right to disfranchise such, especially where they have acquired property and therefore tax-payers. In conferring the ballot upon the negro I could be more influenced by his general character and common sense than by his so called educational qualifications.

3. I oppose increasing the power of the judiciary both in civil and criminal cases. I believe in trial by jury.

4. I oppose giving to the legislature power to enact any local law except upon the expressed wish of the majority of real estate owners affected by such legislation.

5. Railroads, factories, banks, etc., are a blessing to any country. I am therefore opposed to any discrimination against them. I am equally opposed to the legislature having power to grant subsidies, special rights or privileges to any individual or corporation, or allowing any trust to do business in the State.

6. I favor increased appropriations for our common schools, and am opposed to the establishment of any more agricultural or normal schools or of any other school for higher education at the expense of the common school fund.

7. I favor appropriation sufficient to provide the absolute necessaries of life for every indigent Confederate soldier and sailor, their widows and orphans within our borders, when found worthy. It is to Alabama's shame that this sacred obligation has been so long disregarded.

8. I favor prohibiting from the State the manufacture, sale or otherwise disposal of intoxicants. This position is not necessarily inconsistent with giving protection to the grape industry, to which our climate and soil have been shown so wonderfully adapted.

9. I favor the present constitutional limit of taxation.

Most of the foregoing is simply repitition of our present constitution. It is repeated for emphasis. The elimination of the vicious, ignorant vote of the negro is really the only change demanded by the people. It was so publicly declared when our present governor and legislature were elected. But it is plain now to all, as it was then to every descerning man, that negro suffrage was the pretext for a new organic law, while more important and vital matters were in view by the politicians. I shall not prejudge the document. We shall see under existing conditions in Alabama it will be difficult to frame a constitution that the people will endure for ten years. We endured the constitution of the carpet bag government not quite so long.

E. Y. MCMORRIES.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morgantown, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c. Satisfaction guaranted by Clanton Drug Co.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate to represent Chilton County in the Constitutional Convention, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. H. W. CAFFEY,

Febv. 12, 1901.

Jemison.

Prof. J. M. Collier and several of his pupils attended the closing exercises of Prof. J. H. Anderson's school at Providence last Friday night. The program was excellent and well rendered.

Mr. C. W. Adams went to Birmingam last week on business.

Mr. D. L. Langston and family spent Sunday at South Calera.

Messrs. Atkinson and Langston went to Clanton last Saturday night.

Mr. Bill Shaw, of Klondike, was in our city Sunday.

Quite a number of Jemison's young people spent last Sunday eve at Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Atkinson's. Messrs. Skaggs and Lowery were among the young gents present.

Mr. J. M. Beasley paid a pleasant visit to Hard Town last Sunday.

Mr. W. C. Mooney has returned home from Ensley.

Mrs. Moore and children, of Deatsville are visiting Mrs. Hunt.

I have not had a boiled egg in a long time. CRITIC.

Valley Creek

We have had evidence that winter had passed and lovely spring clad in sunshine, bedismoned with due and fragrant with the breath of flowers would sweetly glauden our hearts. Alas! Vain hope for to-day is cold, very cold, which makes us keep close companionship with the fire.

Miss Lily Chisolm has returned to her home at Birdeye to the regret of her many friends.

Miss Matilda Harris has left us for Glendon, where she is teaching music and literature.

We have put a new dress on our church here which adds greatly to the appearance of things. Our Sunday school is still progressing nicely.

Mrs. Gay and Mrs. Milling have returned from a visit to Centreville and Sixmile. They report having had a most enjoyable time.

Mrs. Jesse Eaves, of Birmingham, has returned to her home, after quite a pleasant stay among us.

Miss Lula Mitchell was the guest of the Misses Gay on last Sunday.

Mr. Wylie Mitchell is just smiling this week; it seems that Uncle Sam has been kind to somebody.

We are glad to say that Mr Frank Harris is convalescent.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reynolds—a fine baby girl.

NOBODY'S SWEETHART.

Kincheon.

On Febuary 25 Mr. Albert Wright split 1004 rails ten feet long three-quarters of a day, the timber being ready cut. It was a wonderful day's work,

Jasmine.

Miss Lula Rawlinson spent Sunday at Maplesville.

Miss Maud Warren spent Sunday at Pietchers.

Mrs Moats of Montgomery was a pleasant visitor here Sunday.

Mr J. P Mills went to Billingsley Saturday.

Mrs Pletcher and daughter visited friends here Sunday Mrs T J Marcus has been ill for several days

Mr W M courtney spent Saturday in Billingsley WILD BILL

A Good Cough Medicine for Children

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy", says F. P. Morgan, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children, when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby.
LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Poplar Springs.

Messrs. W. D. Driver, Arthur Dupree, Misses Clara, Mattie, and Dora Dupree visited friends at Liberty Hill Sunday.

Mr. Lonza Taylor and sisters, Misses Ella and Margaret, visited relatives at Coopers Saturday.

Messrs. J. N. Goss, John Parrish and Edgar Patterson attended church at Chestnut Creek Sunday.

Mr. T. E. Goss visited Mr. W. D. Drivers Sunday.

Mr W. A. Goss is now working with Mr. W. D. Driver.

Some of young boys are going to stand the examination; we wish them success.

We anticipate a good time at the Sunday-school convention at Concord, third Sunday.

SAME OLD IKE

When you get hurt apply Dr. Tichenors' Anti-eptic It will do the rest. Your druggist, will take pleasure in selling you a bottle for 50c.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, I, Arrie Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, MARCH 18th, 1901.

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit:

Fraction No. 3 of section 12, township 20, north of range 16, east, containing sixty-one and 50-100 acres, situated in Chilton county, Alabama.

ARRIE ROBINSON,
Administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama, Chilton county. | In Probate Court.

Under and by virtue of the mandate of a certain commission issued out of the Probate Court of said county, directed to me, I will proceed to sell for partition and division among Lula M. Day, et al, parties in interest, the following described real estate situated in said county, to-wit:

W ½ of Se ¼, Ne ¼ of Sw 1-4, Se 1-4 of Sw 1-4, Sec 3, and Nw 1-4 of Ne 1-4, Sec 4, all in T 21, R 14, and N ½ of Sw 1-4, Sec 43, Tp. 22, R 14. Said sale is to be for cash and is to be held on the

15th DAY OF MARCH, 1901.

in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

This, the 27th day of February, 1901.

E. H. ADAMS, Commissioner.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of the Sw ¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 18th day of February 1901.

M. A. KILLOUGH, Sheriff.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish-American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. BICE, Thorsby, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

A BONA FIDE SALARY—$12 Weekly. Men and women to appoint agents and represent us, some to travel, others for local work. $12 weekly salaty and expenses. Old established house, pleasant permanent positions, rapid advancement and increase of wages. Write at once. Address BUTLER & ALGER, Dept. E, New Haven, Conn.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is claimed for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth, that it is never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as sharp shooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

Yellow-Leaf Poultry Farm
THORSBY, ALA.

We breed White Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas. A few Cockerels for sale $2 each. Eggs in season.

BARRETT & KERNEN, Props.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life, a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at JEMISON, ALA, this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

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Practice in all Courts.
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ROBERT H. HICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS,
CLANTON

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John R. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

ELANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The United States has now become possessed one-fifth of the entire gold and silver money of the world.

The additional bad things they are finding out about mosquitoes will at least tend to increase the sale of netting in the summer.

Sir Thomas Lipton, coming gayly after "that bit of family plate," as he describes the America's Cup, will find it on Uncle Sam's shelf marked "personal."

Perhaps it is a sign of the sudden growth of the United States as a world power that the European papers are disposed to regard the utterances of our statesmen so seriously.

Professor Clark, of the University of Chicago, says too many preachers back dignity. Unless the preachers resent this and cause further talk the professor will probably be disappointed.

After Victoria but one actually ruling Queen remains—Wilhelmina of Holland. Of seventy-four rulers on the earth twenty-two are Presidents, fifteen are Kings and six are Emperors. This is one of the things which will not "be the same in 100 years," comments the New York World.

In the new Australian Federation the Senators are made elective directly by the people for a term of six years. The Federation has copied pretty closely American forms of government, and in this particular has probably improved upon our plan of selection, thinks the Philadelphia Record.

M. Camille Flammarion, the French astronomer, does not place the slightest credence in the idea that the inhabitants of Mars are trying to signal to our earth. He considers that the lights observed in the Icarium Mare were, in his opinion, simply the reflection of the rays of the setting sun on the clouds over that sea.

The navy of Spain now consists of one battleship, two coast defense vessels, four cruisers of the first class, five of the second class and four of the third class, with an auxiliary fleet of sixty gunboats and twenty-seven torpedo boats. Eight ships are under construction—two second class and one third class cruisers, one gunboat and four torpedo boats of the highest type.

A well-known cattle dealer who recently wrote a review of the cattle market in 1900 expressed the opinion that, before many years, nearly all the beef cattle of the country would come from the corn belt States. He said that over-cropping was rapidly destroying the grasses on the great plains, and that their importance as a source of beef was constantly diminishing.

When men so diverse as Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Rosebery, and financial and commercial organs of opinion of all shades, publicly warn English men that their trade has passed its perihelion, and that rivals are more and more outstripping them in the race for industrial supremacy, it is no strange that nervousness and even pessimism mark the attitude of England confronting the new century.

The Victorian era has witnessed the first installation and the stupendous extension of railways; the inauguration and the gigantic development of transoceanic navigation; the annihilation of distance by the invention of the electric telegraph and the multiplication one hundredfold of the productive power of mankind by the devices of labor-saving machinery. It has seen the downfall of autocratic government and the establishment of more or less perfect representative parliamentary systems in every country of Europe but one.

It has been only in recent years that the medical profession has fully recognized the importance of dietary in the treatment of the sick. Of course, in a general way the physician has always kept a supervision of the food of the patient, usually by prohibiting most articles, but now the preparation of nourishment has become a matter of direct medical concern. In Berlin Frau Heyl has started a cooking school for doctors, and more than 100 prominent physicians from France, Russia, Italy and Germany have taken the course. Branch schools will be established in every capital of Europe.

MINERS' WAGES UNCHANGED.

J. H. White, a Leading Alabamian, Passes Away.

MUTILATED AFTER IT PASSED

Alabama Federation of Labor Will Hold Convention in Birmingham.

J. H. WHITE DEAD.

Leading Alabamian Passes Away at Uniontown.

The town of Uniontown and state of Alabama lost a valuable citizen Tuesday night when Mr. J. H. White breathed his last, after an illness of several months. Mr. White was born in Uniontown in 1849 and had spent his life there. In early manhood he entered the mercantile business and made a success.

In 1898 he organized the Uniontown Cotton Oil company, and in 1900 he organized the Ella White Cotton Mills, of both of which he was president at the time of his death, and in all of which he was the principal stockholder. He has been a member and the treasurer of the Uniontown school board since its organization in 1899, and for many years was a member of the city council. In 1892 he was elected mayor of the city during his absence, but resigned the position because his numerous business interests prevented his giving it proper attention.

Miners Wages Will Remain Unchanged.

The wages of coal miners during the month of March will remain at the same figure that they were at during the past month. Tuesday morning the committee of the miners examined the books of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad company for the purpose of ascertaining the price of pig iron as sold during the past month, so as to strike the basis for wages. It was ascertained that while there was considerable iron sold at an advanced price during the latter part of the month, the sales the first part of the month offset it and the average does not warrant any increase in wages. The Pratt Mines scale for March in mining will be 50 cents per ton.

It is stated that more than 100,000 tons of pig iron were sold last month by the Tennessee company.

Was Mutilated After It Had Passed.

It is reported that the Montgomery city charter bill, which was passed by both branches of the general assembly and signed by the speaker of the house and the president of the senate Saturday night, has been greatly mutilated.

The enrolled bill, it seems, does not contain many of the amendments placed upon it in the house. Efforts to find these amendments have proven unavailing. They were attached to the bill when it went to the senate, and here all trace of them is lost.

Convention of Federation of Labor

President Edward Flynn has called the first annual convention of the Alabama Federation of Labor to be held in Birmingham on April 17. The federation was organized on September 1, 1900, in Birmingham, with a very creditable membership. David U. Williams is secretary-treasurer.

Has Changed Hands.

The Herald-Journal, of Bessemer, which appears weekly on Tuesdays, has changed hands, the former editor, George W. Price, having returned to Blocton, where he will open an office and publish a paper. The Herald-Journal, which was the property of A. Wade, has been purchased by W. G. Hurd, of Bessemer, and will be edited by Elder W. H. Parker, a well known Christian evangelist, a well informed man and good writer. The Herald-Journal, which was first known as the Journal, was established in 1888.

Tuesday afternoon A. A. Hardy, of Tallapoosa county, took from the Birmingham city prison fifteen men, women and boys, convicted in the inferior criminal court, and carried them to a farm and saw mill works operated by him. Mr. Hardy paid the fines of the prisoners, and they signed a contract to work for him at his works in Tallapoosa county. He is after a large number of these hands and says that he can work them well.

GOULD'S OPINION.

He Thinks There Will Be Other and Greater Railroad Consolidations.

A Memphis, Tenn., dispatch, dated March 5, says: President George Gould, of the Missouri Pacific system, accompanied by his wife and two children, spent most of the forenoon here, inspecting the terminal facilities of the Iron Mountain road.

Mr. Gould was asked: "Do you think the tendency to consolidate railway interests has spent its force, and what, in your opinion, will be the ultimate effect of the community of great railway interests?"

He replied: "To the first question I will answer no. The consolidation tendency will continue for some time yet. I predict other and greater mergings than any that have taken place. As to the effect of such concentration of interests, I believe the public will be benefited thereby. I am satisfied that no detriment to the great shipping interests will or can result. The community of interests among railroads is desirable, primarily for the reason that a uniform and equitable table rate basis can be maintained. All shippers will then be upon an equal footing."

"What about the rumor to the effect that the Missouri Pacific was backing the 'Frisco in its new accessions?" was asked.

"The Missouri Pacific has no interest whatever in the 'Frisco or in its new accessions and all reports that the Missouri Pacific is financially interested in the 'Frisco are without foundation."

FOR THIRD TERM

Carter Harrison is Named for Mayor of Chicago. The Platform.

Carter H. Harrison was placed in nomination for Mayor of Chicago for the third term by the Democratic City Convention Tuesday. There was no opposition to his renomination, either at the primaries or in the convention, and there was no ballot taken, the nomination being made by acclamation amid great cheering.

The platform as adopted strongly favors "the ultimate municipal ownership of all public utilities," including street railways and lighting plants, and included a resolution of sympathy for the Boers. The extension of street railway franchises is expected to be the most important question of the campaign.

Will Not Affect Pan-American Exposition.

Replying to an inquiry regarding the refusal of the house of representatives to concur in the senate amendment to the sundry civil bill granting a loan of $500,000 to the Pan-American Exposition, William T. Buchanan, director general of the exposition, said Monday that the result would in no way affect the exposition. "All the principal exposition buildings," he added, "are completed and mostly paid for. The people of the state of New York, while not realizing the discrimination made against the state, are abundantly able to carry forward a work that will not only be highly creditable to the state but to the United States and to the world."

Cortelyou Holds On.

The president issued a new commission to Mr. George B. Cortelyou as secretary to the president Tuesday.

Big Paper Company Insolvent.

A decree ordering the sale of the property of the Columbia Straw Paper Company, located in Xenia, Defiance, Massillon, Coshocton and Sandusky, Illinois, to satisfy the holders of $1,000,000 worth of mortgage bonds, has been filed in the United States District Court. The decree designates George W. Dupee, of Chicago, as special master commissioner to conduct the sale at Xenia. The bonds were issued December 1, 1892, to secure funds with which to improve and extend the company's business.

Preparing Memphis Plant.

A large number of workmen are engaged in putting in order the buildings and machinery of the car works at Binghamton, a suburb of Memphis, which plant was recently acquired by the Southern Car & Foundry Company. The works will be started on the 15th inst. with a force of about 1,000 men and will have a capacity of twenty cars a day.

TREATY IS DEAD.

Hay-Pauncefote Compact Expires From Time Limit.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, intended to replace the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, relative to the construction of Isthmian water-ways, died at noon Tuesday. The death was caused technically by the fact that the last clause of the treaty allowed only the period of time up to March 5 for its ratification. Neither the government of the United States nor of Great Britain appears to have made any formal effort to extend the period.

Although the treaty is dead from the point of international law, it may still serve a purpose. It is understood that the British government either has or is preparing a communication to the United States government based upon the senate amendments, analyzing them carefully, pointing out their probable effect upon the original proposition as seen from the British side, and perhaps suggesting some modifications.

While it is impossible to predict in advance of the receipt of this communication just what attitude the state department will assume toward it, there is reason to believe that it will be taken in good faith and that negotiations will be resumed for the construction of a new treaty with a view to meeting, if possible, the objections raised by the senate to the original treaty.

A Russian Count Kills an American in a Duel.

A Paris dispatch dated March 5th says: John MacWilson Durant, of New York, who has been living for the past two years in Paris with his mother at the hotel LeFonde Tremoille, has been killed at Ostend in a duel with a Russian Count. According to the best information obtainable, Mr. Durant had written letters to the wife of the Russian Count. The latter's nephew came to Paris to settle the matter where he met Mr. Durant in a restaurant, where a vicious fight resulted in which Mr. Durant lost his front tooth. He struck the Russian with a heavy glass water bottle and the latter died, but the doctor's certificate gave congestion of the brain as the cause of death. This occurred during January. Later the Count took the matter up, sending his seconds to Mr. Durant.

The latter went to Ostend with his mother who afterwards departed, and who is still at Glasgow. A duel was arranged and probably fought Sunday with pistols. Durant was killed and the Count was seriously wounded.

Durant registered as Charles Neville Carter. His mother has been notified. Durant was well known in the American colony here. He was a frequent attendant at official receptions given by the American officials. His engagement to a young French lady was recently announced. They were to be married this month. The names of the Russians in the case have not been ascertained.

Insane Man Escape.

While a deputy sheriff of Huntsville was taking a patient to the Tuskaloosa Insane Asylum Monday, the man in some way managed to elude the deputy when within twelve miles of Tuskaloosa, and jumping from the train disappeared in the woods before he could be recaptured.

Tuskaloosa will very likely have an up-to-date hospital at an early date. Dr. Williamson is contemplating establishing one shortly.

Hichborn and Colby Retired.

Two prominent naval officers were placed on the retired list Monday by operation of the law on account of age. They are Rear Admiral Philip C. Hichborn, who has been chief of the bureau of construction and repair for the past eight years, and Paymaster Inspector H. G. Colby, one of the ranking officers of the pay corps. Paymaster Inspector Colby is a native of Vermont and entered the navy as an acting assistant paymaster in 1863. He reached the high grade in the corps in April, 1899. His last service was at the naval pay office in Baltimore.

The Albert Fischer Manufacturing Company of Hamilton, O., has been sold to the Tin Can Trust. The price is said to have been a half million dollars. The concern was the last in the country of any importance to be taken in.

In an edict the Emperor of China has annuled all decrees and reports rendered from June 20 to August 14, 1900, in order that no trace of them be preserved in history.

NONE OF THE CREW ESCAPED

Four Trainmen Killed and Several Wounded in a Disastrous Railroad Wreck.

A disastrous freight wreck occurred one and a half miles west of Lenoir City, Tenn., at an early hour Saturday morning. Both trains were through freights and were running at a high rate of speed and had a head-end collision. Four trainmen were killed and several wounded. Not a member of the crew escaped. The dead are: C. F. Madden, engineer; J. M. Stephenson, fireman; Joseph Copeland, conductor; W. L. Cash, foreman. The injured: L. M. Vance, engineer; J. M. Snyder, conductor; Thomas Colbert, colored, brakeman; J. M. Dean, flagman; P. L. Williams, flagman; Peter Hurley, brakeman; John Stars, section foreman, all from Knoxville except Hurley, who lives at Cleveland, Tenn. Colbert will die. Orders to pass at Lenoir City and later received orders to pass at Loudon.

The cause of the wreck, it is said, was due to the east-bound failing to run under the second order and expecting to meet the west-bound train at Lenoir City.

LIBEL SUIT SETTLED.

Case Against the Confederate Veteran is Ended.

In the Federal Court at Nashville, Tenn., Saturday afternoon, the jury in the Underwood-Cunningham libel suit was discharged, having failed to reach an agreement. The suit grew out of a publication in the Confederate Veteran, of which defendant, Sumner A. Cunningham, is editor and proprietor. Because of certain statements in an article in that paper concerning the Battle Abbey fund, Gen. John C. Underwood sued Cunningham for $50,000 damages and made the Methodist Publishing House of Nashville party to the suit, that concern having done the press work for the Veteran. The jury was unanimous in the opinion that damages should be awarded plaintiff, but disagreed on the question of holding the publishing house jointly liable, four members refusing to consent to its release. The measure of damages considered by the jury was $10,000.

LAKE OF FIRE.

Sparks from Locomotive Set Pond of Oil Ablaze.

News from Beaumont, Tex., states that about 1 o'clock Saturday sparks from a locomotive set fire to the oil in a large pond near the great Lucas geyser, and in a short time the pond or lake was a seething mass of flames. The fire spread to the oil banked up alongside the railroad track and the flames increased in fury. The big boarding house, which housed some eighty workmen, fell a victim to the flames and the occupants lost a great many of their effects. Beyond the loss of the boarding houses and the fences the financial loss is so far light, as the oil is not of any commercial value.

Killed by Live Wire.

Charles Bellew, aged 12, living at Kokomo, Ind., was killed by a live wire Sunday. With four other boys he was climbing on top of Main street bridge and was bantered to touch the trolley wire, which he did. Immediately 2300 volts of electricity passed through him, and the body fell lifeless to the floor below.

Two Men Fatally Injured By Falling From a Balloon.

Professor Coleman and Clarence Boyne, both from near Brunswick, Mo., were fatally injured at El Reno, O. T., Saturday by falling from a balloon while attempting to make a double ascension. When about seventy-five feet from the ground the balloon tore away and both men were hurled to the ground with frightful force. Coleman's back is broken, as are Boyne's shoulder and legs. A traveling man was badly injured by being struck by one of the men and a small boy was seriously hurt in the same way.

Credit for Sunday Closing.

The success of the movement to have congress declare that the gates of the St. Louis Exposition should be closed on Sundays was due in a great measure to the energetic work of Rev. Dr. J. W. Hathaway, general secretary of the American Sabbath Union, of New York, assisted by Senator Teller and Representative Grout.

Activity in the Philippines.

A dispatch from Manila, March 5, says: In an interview the correspondent of the Associated Press, Mr. D. M. Carman, the American contractor, who is charged with aiding the insurgents and who recently released on $10,000 bail that sickness prevented his making an extended statement now asserted that he had done so with the authorized and that he was hopeful of securing complete vindication. He said: "Whenever I made a dollar others made money too."

Captain Hand, of the Forty-first United States Volunteer Infantry, and Captain McLean, of the Forty-second Volunteer Infantry, co-operating with the gunboat Don Juan de Austria, surprised a body of insurgents at Pasacao, near the town of Pasacao, on the coast of Camarines province. Lieutenant Lyons captured an insurgent colonel and general and a quantity of supplies.

Protesico Montejar, leader of the insurgent forces in the island of Panay, with seven officers, twenty-men and thirty-eight rifles, has surrendered to Captain Baker, Twenty sixth.

Fifteen of the insurgent leaders with 500 followers took the oath of allegiance to the United States at Concepcion, Island of Panay, and more promise to soon swear allegiance. This extinguishes the rebellion in that district.

Four thousand five hundred insurgent prisoners are now held at Manila. The new prison on Corregidor Island, in Subig bay, sixty miles from of Manila, has been completed and thousand prisoners will be sent from Manila on the seventh of this month.

The provincial officers of the provinces of Balacan and Batangas have taken the oath of office before the commission.

McKinley Renominates His Cabinet.

The president on Tuesday sent the following nominations to the senate:

John Hay, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of state.

Lyman J. Gage, of Illinois, to be secretary of the treasury.

Elihu Root, of New York, to be secretary of war.

John W. Griggs, of New Jersey, to be attorney-general.

Charles Emery Smith, of Pennsylvania, to be postmaster-general.

John D. Long, of Massachusetts, to be secretary of the navy.

Esthon A. Hitchcock, of Missouri, to be secretary of the interior.

James Wilson, of Iowa, to be secretary of agriculture.

The senate confirmed all the above nominations.

A Dog's Devotion.

During a fire in the Sutliffe block in Warren, Ohio, Saturday, Mrs. Lucilla Schoenburger was rescued from a third-story window by firemen just in time to save her life. Mrs. Schoenburger was asleep when the fire started. Her little dog bit her on the heel and by barks led her to another apartment where she discovered the flames. The dog was burned and was rescued too late to save his life.

The general deficiency, executive, legislative, judicial and the bill of appropriations have been approved by the president.

Attempted to Wreck a Train.

There was an attempt to wreck a crowded excursion train Saturday night nine miles west of DeFuniak, Fla. The attempt was discovered before any damage was done. The bloodhounds the sheriff set out captured two negroes charged with the crime. It is supposed robbery was the motive.

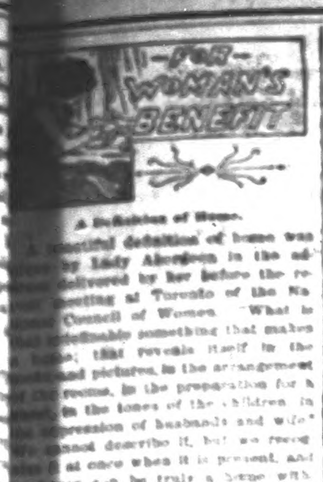
Sudden Death at Bessemer.

B. D. Givens, a Tuscaloosa county farmer, fell in his chair dead while eating in Mrs. Byer's restaurant in Bessemer Thursday morning. He was about 55 years of age. Heart trouble is presumably the cause of his death. He was conversing merrily with a number of companions seated at the same table when death came.

The general merchandise store of Sam Trum on Dexter avenue, opposite the postoffice, Montgomery, was gutted by fire and water Thursday night. The loss will be about $[illegible] partially covered by insurance.

Lee Alley, of Jasper, Tenn., while riding a horse was struck by an electric car Thursday last in Knoxville, and probably fatally injured. Alley fell on his head and the horse was thrown on him.

It is now intimated that telephones without wires is among the possibilities. The rumor is not sufficiently credible to cause any reduction of [illegible]



A Definition of Home.

A beautiful definition of home was given by Lady Aberdeen in the address delivered by her before the recent meeting at Toronto of the National Council of Women. "What is home? It is something that makes itself felt; that reveals itself in the pictures, in the arrangement of the rooms, in the preparation for a meal, in the tones of the children, in the expression of husbands and wives. I cannot describe it, but we recognize it at once when it is present, and we can be truly a home with some measure of it. We do not want houses where we can eat and sleep well, but we want homes full of rest and peace and love and refreshment."

New Occupation for Women.

A new field of employment for women has recently sprung up, but be subservient to Dame Fortune's whim, it may be of only a temporary character. It is the arranging and mending of quaint chains and neck pieces. A pretty one purchased from an English woman was composed of blue and emerald green Venetian beads intermingled with others of various sizes. At night the beads light up prettily and are almost indistinguishable from real gems. Another made of rough, uncut and beautifully polished amber. No two chains are made alike and old gems and pearls are introduced into them. Pale blue and coral are particularly fetching for young girls. Muff chains are made of Venetian beads strung on twisted gold braid.

The New Large Waist.

Small waists are going out of fashion. They are doomed soon to be extinct. Broad waists are henceforth to be the fashion, and in their honor to be sung in verse and prose. We will rejoice at this, but the question? Well, let them think of the graceful Josephine's waist and of the exhilarating quoted Venus of Medicis, and they will become reconciled to the new broad waist fashion that means that is soon to be.

This explains the present rage for the Josephine "boudoir gown," as they are now called. It is made of soft Indian cashmere, gathered on to a yoke, formed like a bolero, and the Japanese scarf is tied around the waist as high as possible. Japan silk "boudoir gowns" are also fashionable and lovely at the same time.

Fashions for Brides.

"Call the world loves a lover," correctly. It is, too, that all womanly women are interested in brides and their gowns. The interest that is bestowed upon brides in general seems to be never-failing. The trousseau of the present day is, however, a much more sensible affair than that of old. Many women have wisely come to the conclusion that a great mistake was that old-fashioned idea of having a trousseau outfit, even if by so doing the bride were a physical and mental wreck from the consequent fatigue and worry. Those brides of years ago are not to be compared with the present perfectly healthy, contented young woman who has not devoted all the years and months of her engagement to laying in a supply of clothes sufficient to last her for years. The original purpose of a trousseau is in it an excellent one, and that a bride should start on her married life with a sufficient amount of clothing to last her a twelvemonth, no one can question, but it is not necessary to buy clothes for a year ahead, particularly when fashions change so constantly. A sum of money, large or small, as the case may be, put in the bank for the year's expenses, and only what is necessary for the season of the year when one is married purchased at once, is a far more practical plan.—Harper's Bazar.

Sewing Hints.

A teacher of sewing writes to the Boston Cooking School magazine that a great improvement can be made on the old way of basting on ruffles that are to be sewed by hand, by pinning the ruffle to the garment every inch or two, using fine needles or pins, and basting them vertically (up and down) between the gathers. This does away with the irregular arrangement of the gathers often seen on ruffles.

All buttonholes for underwear should have a bar on the outside as well as on the inside ends. Without them they will tear out and ruin the garment.

When pulling threads for hemstitching—especially on fine cloth—cut one thread the entire length, then draw out, for an inch, the required number of threads; by this means no mistake can be made in the number drawn.

Scotch embroidery may be inserted in the seam of underwear by first cutting the hem (this is to be used afterward as a facing), and placing the right side of the garment and the right side of the edging together. Put the facing and baste the three together and stitch; then turn the facing and hem to the garment. Many people fell the facing at the top and bottom; the work looks better done by the first method and there is one less felling to be made.

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Fifteen of the insurgent leaders of Albay province, Island of Panay, and their families have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States after having promised to swear fealty to the United States if the war continued and if the United States should succeed in the attempt to establish a government in the Philippines. The United States Commission has received a cablegram from Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief, in which he says that he will be ready to discuss the question of the cessation of hostilities.

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How to Put That Sleeve In.

What home dressmaker hasn't worried herself almost into nervous prostration over setting the sleeves into a bodice? The pesky thing wouldn't come right. If it drew too lightly over the arms at the first attempt, it twisted all out of shape when laboriously taken out and put in again, so that a wearer would have to turn herself into a human corkscrew to get into it. If the latter defect developed first, the other followed with a sureness and regularity unbeautifully suggestive of clock work. There was the young mother who experienced this trouble in an infant's robe, and who on the third setting in of the sleeve found that it turned just half around. "The little soft arms will twist anyway," said she at last, and let it stay. But it won't work that way with grown-ups, and many a bodice well in hand has been turned over to a dressmaker to complete just because of this difficulty. Sure avoidance comes from following this simple rule: Place the inside seam of the sleeve from an inch and a half to two inches forward of the waist's under-arm seam. The exact distance depends on the size of the wearer of the bodice, and as the dimensions given are, respectively, for a small and for a large woman, it can be determined very readily. The rule applies generally from calico to satin, from infant's robe to bride's gown, and the result will be as satisfactory as could be gotten from the highest-priced dressmaker.

How Mrs. Grant Spends Her Time.

Time has dealt gently with Mrs. U. S. Grant. In appearance she is still only "elderly." In her manner she is kind and motherly, showing a wonderful simplicity and naturalness when one stops to think of the artificial atmosphere in which she has lived so long.

She has recently been engaged in adding the finishing touches to a journal of her trip to California in 1894, which she intends to present as a New Year gift to her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ulysses Grant.

"When I am in the vein for it," Mrs. Grant says, "I write with great ease. My eyes have failed almost entirely, however, and spectacles being of no assistance, I can't read what I write. This makes revision difficult, and I decline many overtures from magazines and newspapers for articles. My poor sight, too, deprives me of the pleasure of going in to society, which I should very much enjoy. It is embarrassing not to know people, and so I accept no invitations. Still, time doesn't hang heavy upon my hands. Mary reads the newspaper to me every morning, and I knit and take drives, and loll about, and Nellie and I play patience and other games of cards."

Mrs. Sartoris and her family live with Mrs. Grant, and when they are all at home there are only two spare rooms. The house is not elaborately furnished, Mrs. Grant having used in it just what she happened to have when she moved in four years ago. All objects associated with her husband, except his pictures, which are scattered everywhere, have been placed in the National Museum.—Washington Special, in Philadelphia Record.

The Daughter's Place.

After a young woman has finished her school education, when she takes her place in society and enters on her kingdom as the princess royal of the home, she discovers that she need have no sinecure. Without the slightest interference with her mother's prerogative, she may assume a number of lesser and larger cares, which have hitherto been borne by the matron, unaided. She will relieve her mother of much of the formal correspondence incidental to social intercourse, will send cardson the several occasions when they are necessary, write and answer invitations, and attend to the various small courtesies which are incumbent on families who maintain friendship with others in the same or neighboring cities. Servants usually adore the daughter of the house, and receive her suggestions with a ready acquiescence not invariable when they fall from the lips of authority. If there are younger children the daughter aids in their supervision, and she is the comrade and confidante of her brothers next in age. What she may be to her father depends almost wholly on her tact, unselfishness and sweetness of manner and disposition. Fathers are wont to hold their daughters in very tender regard; to accord them many indulgences, to deny them nothing in their power to bestow. When a father is in middle life, bearing the burden and the heat of the day, possibly carrying a heavy load of business anxieties, and losing the elasticity of youth, his daughter may give him something of sympathy, companionship and pleasure which no other person can. Her mother stands on the self-same plane of age and experience, and has too great a realization of the difficulties in the way; the daughter's ignorance natural to her age, and her youthful outlook, give her an immense advantage. Father and daughter may be the closest of friends, if the daughter so elect, to the mutual good of both.—Collier's Weekly.

Mrs. P.'s Orders.

Grimes—What an observing woman your wife is! Tetlow was way across the room, and she spied out at once that one of the buttons was off his coat.

Pilgarlic—Yes; but all the buttons might be off my coat and every other garment, and she never would find it out. In the matter of buttons she is far sighted, you see.—Boston Transcript.

PROFIT FROM A DAIRY HERD.

The profit from a dairy herd is due to the yields of the best cows. It is possible for a dairyman to sell one-half of his cows and make a larger profit on fewer animals than on the original number. There are hundreds of herds where a few good cows not only give a profit, but also support the unprofitable ones.

KEEPING QUALITIES OF ROOT CROPS.

There is a difference in the keeping qualities of root crops. Carrots and beets seem to lose their sweetness after being frozen, but parsnips and salsify can be left in the rows all winter. The parsnip is a more valuable crop than some others. Freezing does not injure its quality and it is excellent for stock and on the table. It can be cooked in various ways.

WHAT TREES TO PLANT.

The best trees to plant for forestry purposes depend largely on location and the character of the soil. Black walnut, butternut, wild cherry, curly ash and bird's eye maple are all valuable woods for making furniture. For bent woods and many farm implements, elm is most in demand. For railroad ties, telegraph poles, spars and masts, the sweet chestnut, Scotch larch, ailanthus and eucalyptus are good. Oaks and hickories are slow-growing trees, but may be planted among other varieties to be thinned out for hoop poles, while the main plantation is allowed to grow.

HOGS FOLLOWING CATTLE.

Corn is fed on the ear to cattle, there is considerable waste, and two hogs to each steer is not too many to consume this. When fed shelled in tight boxes, the waste will be smaller and consequently fewer hogs will be fattened. About one to every two steers is then the rule. When ground feed is given to the steers, there is considerable less to be consumed by hogs.

ADVANTAGES OF DEEPER PLOWING.

It has long been an expression in England that the best way to increase the size of a farm was by going down deeper, instead of widening out from the sides. Those who cultivate only the six inches of the surface soil are limiting their operations. While the cold sub-soil should not be turned over so as to be placed on the surface, yet the plow can encroach a little on the sub-soil every year, and if a sub-soil plow is used, then the lower soil may be loosened so as to permit of the easier penetration of the roots of plants. The subsoil is rich in plant foods that can be made available for crops, and as long as clover and other crops are grown and turned under, there will be added to the surface soil portions of the fertilizing elements that are taken up by the growing crops and returned to the land.

THE TRAP NEST.

The trap nest is an individual nest. It should be so constructed as to be inviting to the laying hen and yet exclude the non-layer. The laying hen loves to spend considerable time on the nest, undisturbed by her mates or the attendant, hence the individual nest is in perfect accord with nature. As the hen remains on the nest until removed by the attendant, an accurate record of her produce is obtained and we are able to weed out the drones and perpetuate the best by breeding from the prolific layers. At least one-third of the hens of an average flock do not lay eggs enough in one year to pay for their food. The good layers are undervalued, while the poor layers are given undeserved credit. They may lay fairly well in the spring, yet do little or nothing the rest of the year.

By the use of the trap nests we learn the egg value of each hen in the flock and are enabled to handle the layers frequently, thus taming them and keeping constantly informed as to their individual condition and requirements. Beginning a number of years ago as a fad, the individual nest system has gradually developed until now its adoption presents a practical business proposition to the market poultryman and the farmer as well as to the fancier and pedigree breeder. The practical, simple, inexpensive yet scientific trap nest enables every poultry keeper to adopt the individual system.—F. O. Wellcome, in New England Homestead.

SELLING FANCY POULTRY.

In order to be successful with fancy poultry we are told that we must never misrepresent any fowl when offering it for sale. That we must be candid with our customers and deliver them exactly what they buy. True, and so far as the seller goes, there is no question about the justice due the buyer. But are buyers so considerate with the sellers? Do they not ask, even demand, more than they purchase—far more than their money's worth?

For example a beginner, even often an experienced breeder, will ask for price of fowls for breeding purposes, and when they are delivered to them they send up a howl, claiming they are not what they expected, being poor in one way or another, and totally unfit for show purposes, when, as a matter of fact, show birds were never mentioned in the inquiry.

It is totally impossible to satisfy such purchasers, and the man who starts out expecting to hear only words of praise about the magnificent fowls he sends every customer, will find soon that his hair is prematurely turning gray from worry, or he will find himself making application to the almshouse. Don't expect every customer to praise your generosity. A great many really do not know when they get what they pay for.—Home and Farm.

CLEAN MILK AND BUTTER.

The first essential to securing clean and healthful milk is a clean and healthful cow. It is next to impossible to secure clean and pure milk from a dirty cow; it is impossible to get healthful milk from an unhealthy cow. Given a clean and healthy cow, she must be provided with a sufficient quantity of clean, healthful and nutritious food and water. This is the second essential. The third essential is that the person who does the milking and the place where the milking is done shall also be clean and healthful. A dirty milker, one with dirty hands, cannot do clean milking. No person who is suffering from or who attends upon others suffering from any contagious disease can milk without contaminating the milk. Scarlet fever, measles and diphtheria are especially liable to transmission by a milker.

The fourth essential is keeping the milk clean until it is to be used. Much more milk is damaged before it gets out of the cowhouse than after; nevertheless, eternal vigilance is necessary from the milk pail to the butter plate. Wash, rinse, scald, scour and sun all the milk vessels is the only programme that assures success.

Clean and pure butter can only come from clean and pure milk. Once filth of any kind gets into milk, its essence stays there. Straining, aeration, separation, each does something, and all may do much toward cleaning milk, but the only safe or satisfactory way is never to let it get in. Purity is indeed cleanliness, and cleanliness is health.—N. B. Franklin, in Jersey Bulletin.

WINTERING HALF-HARDY PLANTS.

It should be well known to advanced gardeners, by this time, that light is as great an agent in destruction by frost as frost alone. But little practical advantage has been taken of this knowledge, except by gardening folk generally, of what the advanced gardeners know. The latter shades his greenhouse when he finds the plants frozen—and he plants rhododendrons and similar plants where the sun does not strike them in frosty weather, if he should have any choice in the selection of a site. In the extra cold region of the northwest, the advanced gardener shades the trunks of his fruit trees by placing boards, fastened together like tree boxes, up against them. And thus the trees escape sunscald arising from being under the sunlight, and similar troubles.

Surely, orange growers in Florida might profit by this experience of their Northern brethren. It would not be a very expensive thing to make an arbor of lath over an orange grove, the lath being an inch or so apart. With such a partial shade the plants would probably endure ten or twelve spasmodic degrees of frost without injury—and the shade in summer would doubtless be all the better for the trees—at least the trunks of the trees might be boxed, and even filled with earth if the weight could be supported. If the tops should suffer from frost, the strong trunks would sooner recover than when the whole tree was killed to the ground. —Meehan's Monthly.

TEMPER AND TEMPERATURE.

I have observed that the weather has a marked influence on dairy cows. A dry hard wind makes them nervous. Severe cold has the same effect. Step on a corn or a cold foot and you will quickly have a chance to look into the eyes of an angry man. Speak roughly to your cow on a cold morning, or strike her, and you may be thankful if you do not get a kick as well as an unusually small quantity of milk. If you and your cow are high strung and the morning is unusually cold, or the night has been windy, be careful, and hold your tongue, your feet, and your hands, or Bossy may hurt you. It might be well, and profitable, to prepare more carefully than you do to keep up the temperature of your stable, for temper and temperature go by contraries—sometimes temperature down, temper up. Sometimes they agree, as on a blustry day, when the kick of the brindle heifer may be "passed around" the cow yard.

It is a problem to secure an even temperature for milk cows. It involves quantity of feed consumed as well as quantity of milk secured. Excessive cold not only causes waste of feed, but it reduces the vital power of the animal, turning aside from their ordinary use the products of digestion and assimilation. That which should go to make milk and butter must be used for fuel. The digestive powers of the animal are overtaxed. Every observant farmer or stockman knows that any animal that is exposed to severe cold will eat much more hay than one that is kept in a warm stable. To digest this extra amount, which serves only to keep the animal warm, is waste of feed as well as of power. And the problem of temperature is no less. Keep your cows quiet by treating them kindly, by dehorning at least the unruly ones, by keeping them in warm stables in cold weather and on wet days, and by keeping them always where their feet will be dry. Every thinking man knows it will pay.—D. W. Working, in Agricultural Epitomist.

When Buying Table Linen.

In purchasing table linen the cream weave will be found more durable than the white or half bleached. While pattern tablecloths are more desirable for "best" than those cut from the web, the latter will be found much cheaper for everyday use. Cheap, sleazy damask is never advisable, the loose weave rendering it a poor investment, in point of service. The medium grades of either Scotch or Irish make will be found unequaled for satisfactory wearing qualities. Before hemming a tablecloth see that it is cut by the pattern. The thread makes the pattern, and if one follows the pattern it takes less time than pulling the thread. While hemstitching makes a pretty finish, it cannot endure hard usage, and is, therefore, inappropriate for cloths that have to be frequently laundered. The best way to hem everyday linen is to turn and baste a narrow hem, then folding the hem back again on the right side of the cloth, sew the hem to the cloth by hand in an over-and-over seam. Then flatten and press the hem in place. The monogram or initial of the house mistress should be wrought diagonally in one corner in white linen or outline silk.—Washington Star.

A Window-Garden.

Of course, a window-garden should be planned the latter part of October or November, but if you have omitted to do so consult your florist, and he will have some suggestions to offer you for a garden as late as February. The box itself should be made to fit the window of the living-room, where it can be enjoyed by every member of the family. A southern exposure is always preferable, but if you are not so fortunate as to have a choice of windows, and are blessed with patience and ever so small a stock of gumption, you can grow plants at any window in the house. However, choose the one that lets in the most sunlight, for plants as a rule are like the human family, and need a reasonable amount of light and air.

The box proper should not be less than six inches deep, and will look much better if painted green. Put some bits of broken crockery and pieces of charcoal in the bottom to insure perfect drainage, then fill with good, rich soil. Select those bulbs which will do well under the same conditions of heat, air and moisture, such as Roman, Dutch and Italian hyacinths, Chinese sacred narcissi, paper white and double Von Sion, tulips and Chinese sacred lilies.—Hesper A. Bassett, in the Woman's Home Companion.

Tomato Bouillon—One pint tomatoes, one pint stock, one small onion, one blade mace, one bayleaf, simmered together for ten minutes. Strain and return to stove; add a paste made by rubbing together one tablespoonful butter and one tablespoonful flour; season with salt and pepper, and serve in bouillon cups with whipped cream.

Buckwheat Shortcake—Take two cupfuls of nice sour milk (freshly churned buttermilk is the best), and half a level teaspoonful of soda (more if the milk is very sour) and a level teaspoonful of salt; add sufficient buckwheat flour to make a very stiff batter. Pour this into a buttered tin and bake immediately for about thirty minutes. Serve with butter and maple syrup.

Prunes—Should be washed, soaked over night, then simmer slowly for hours until tender; add more water if needed. In this way they are very rich and delicious. The value of the fruit is too often impaired through the erroneous use of sugar in its preparation for the table. Not only is this detrimental to its nutritive qualities, but unnecessary, as the prune, when perfectly cured, contains an amplitude of native saccharine matter.

Orange-Butter Sandwiches—Take two hard-boiled eggs, put in a mortar with an ounce of butter, a tablespoonful of thick cream, an ounce of blanched chopped almonds, two ounces sugar, the grated rind of an orange. Pound all and moisten with orange juice until a soft paste is formed. Put in cool place until you want to use. Serve on thin bread and butter in the form of a sandwich.

Cream of Pea Soup—One quart of seasoned stock boiled slowly for thirty minutes, with three cloves, two bay leaves and five drops burned onion juice. Strain and add one large cupful of flaked peas and cook ten minutes, then add one large cupful of cream and milk mixed, one heaping tablespoonful of butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt and a pinch of cayenne pepper. When it boils up it is ready to serve.

Stanislaus County, Cal., has one of the largest concrete dams in existence, diverting the waters of the Stanislaus River for the irrigation of 170,000 acres in the Turlock district.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Corpses or other masses of coal often take fire spontaneously. The popular belief is that this is due to the action of moisture on the pyrites and other impurities in the coal. The Mining Review, however, now quotes the results of Professor Threlfall's experiments on the subject, and claims that popular tradition is again wrong. The investigations showed that dry coal is more likely to take fire than wet.

A lecturer at the London Polytechnic declared at a recent meeting that the progress of leprosy could be arrested if sufferers would abstain wholly from eating fish. He cited several cases in his own experience. One was that of a man who was blind from leprosy and who had had muscular atrophy for 15 years. After 18 months' abstinence, taking at the same time small doses of arsenic, all traces of patches had disappeared from his hands and feet.

An extensive botanical garden has recently been laid out at Dahlem, a village within easy distance of Berlin, which possesses some novel features. It is situated in very rough country, and unique advantage has been taken of this fact by reproducing, as far as possible, the natural scenery from which the various specimens of flora have been collected from all parts of the world. By this means a more comprehensive idea is obtainable of the native habitat of the plants and trees, and the conditions under which they thrive.

An outbreak of typhoid fever has occurred in Lambeth, Eng., owing to infected mangles. Forty-one cases occurred in 24 houses, all within a restricted area. There was much intercommunication between places and families living in different houses. Many of the inhabitants after washing their clothes in their own homes took them to some neighbor to be mangled. Owing to this custom, bedding and clothing of those ill with typhoid fever were mangled in the same machine, thus spreading the disease. Four different infected mangles were traced.

Professor Koch, in describing his experiences with the government expedition in Java and New Guinea, stated that he had reached the conclusion that gnat bites introduced and developed parasites into the human body. The germs are passed by a gnat from one human body to another, but they develop in the body of the gnat during the passage. Children are specially liable to impregnation. In a village in New Guinea, 137 inhabitants out of 700 were infected by the disease. All inoculations have hitherto proved to be failures, but the success of quinine is very gratifying.

The liquid crystals with which O. Lehmann so startled the world a few years ago have now been proven to lack no quality that can be logically made part of the definition of a crystal. The only general characteristics of crystals are that they are not isotropic, and that they possess a molecular directive force that governs their shape and the disposition of their particles. The directive force is preserved by surface tension, so that crystals may be liquid or solid but not gaseous. Liquid crystals may be produced by depositing solid crystals from a mother liquor on the cover glass of a microscope and gently heating them above the fusing point.

A Scientific Violin.

The science of the violin, as may be supposed, is but imperfectly understood. The present form of the instrument was worked out more than 200 years ago by the Italian makers, but resulted from experiment rather than an intelligent application of acoustic principles, and gives varying results. When the curves of the ribs or sides are uneven or incorrect the sound waves interfere, causing some tones to be imperfect. After much study of the subject, Dr. Alfred Stelzner, a German, has brought out a new model, in which sections of ellipses are adopted for the ribs and the opposite sides are made carefully symmetrical, so that the sound waves from each side are reflected to the same foci, in the middle. Whether the theory of the violin has been fully mastered or not the new model is said to produce a remarkably fine tone.

Sea Currents and Migrations.

A French scientific journal calls attention to a recent report of the French consul at Hawaii which it thinks, throws light on some problems of ethnography. Not long ago a little schooner, dismantled and with its rudder gone as the result of a tempest, was drifted by winds and ocean currents from Tahiti to Hawaii after 81 days of helpless wandering. Hawaiian traditions declare that in ancient days people came from Tahiti, drifting with the currents, and settled Hawaii. The adventure of the dismantled schooner seems to prove the possibility of such a migration, and it is suggested that the currents of the Pacific, which have not yet been sufficiently studied, may throw much light on the distribution of the native races among the island groups.—Youth's Companion.

To Surmount the Difficulty.

"And if your party came suddenly to a stream," said the story teller, "too deep for your horse to wade over, too wide for it to jump over, and too swift flowing for it to swim over, what would you do?"

"Why, that's easy," said one of the party; "we'd all down and think it over."—Yonkers Statesman.

THE BANNER.

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WE are informed by Mr. Tipton Mullins that he has decided to become a candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention from this, the Fifteenth Senatorial District. We understand his prospects are exceedingly good, and we hope Chilton will roll him up a good majority.

POPULIST EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Populist Executive Committee met at the court house Tuesday morning. In the absence of Chairman L. B. Pounds, who was detained by his legislative duties at Montgomery, the committee elected Judge S. M. Adams temporary chairman.

The roll was called, and all beats, except beat 8, responded.

Judge Adams read a letter from L. B. Pounds, and stated the committee was now ready for business. The first business was to provide means for the election of a delegate to the constitutional convention. He thought it would be easiest and quickest to call Beat meetings and have a county convention.

A. T. Hathcock moved that Beat meetings be held on Saturday, March 23, at 2 p.m. for the purpose of electing delegates to a county convention to be held at Clanton on Monday, March 25, at 10 a.m. to nominate a delegate to the constitutional convention.

A motion was made and carried that the number of delegates from each Beat should be one for every twenty votes, or majority fraction thereof, cast for L. B. Pounds for Representative at the last August election. Following is a list of delegates to be electrd from each Beat:

Beat 1			7	Beat 5	Box 2	2
" 2	Box 1		1	" 6		6
" 2	" 2		8	" 7	" 1	4
" 3	" 1		2	" 7	" 2	2
" 3	" 2		2	" 8	" 1	5
" 4			12	" 8	" 2	2
" 5	" 1		7	" 9		7

making a total of 66 delegates.

A committee of three, S. M. Adams, L. H. Reynolds and A. T. Hathcock, was appointed to prepare an address to the people of Chilton county.

L. H. Reynolds offered the following resolution:

Resolved. That we, the Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton county, are opposed to the holding of a constitutional convention, for we believe that many white men will be disfranchised if the convention is held.

The resolution was unanimously adopted and the committee adjourned to meet again on Monday, March 25, at 9 a.m.

TO THE PEOPLE OF CHILTON COUNTY:

The approaching election of a Representative to the Constitutional Convention is of such vast importance to every man, woman and child in this county, that we feel impelled to ask you to earnestly consider what course you should pursue. We, therefore appeal to you, First: to vote against the holding of the Convention, and Second: to vote for a Representative in whom you can place implicit trust.

The Populist party of this county has always shown good judgment in electing their several officers, and it is now, more than ever, necessary that the people should send a Representative to the Convention whose past experience has been such that he will be able to make his presence known in the Convention.

The Democratic party has declared that the Convention is a party measure. We contend that the Convention should be free from party influences, and we invite everyone who opposes the Convention, and who is in favor of local self-government, to participate in our Beat meetings and county convention, so that the people may unite upon the man best fitted to represent them in the Constitutional Convention.

The recent action of the Democratic party in the General Assembly of Alabama impresses us with the idea that they have altogether ignored original Democratic principles, viz.: the right of the people to local self government, and forces upon us the conviction that it is more than ever necessary that the people themselves should be represented in the Convention by those opposed to the present demoralizing policy of the Democratic party.

Modern Democracy advocates principles and practices unknown to original Democracy. It does this by putting in its platform a recommendation that the defeated candidate, if a Democrat, shall represent the county in matters of local legislation. This kind of legislation leads to corruption and the ultimate downfall and overthrow of the people's rights. This is proven by the enactment of a stock law by a Democratic Senator, a defeated Democratic candidate and a Democratic Legislature, against the wishes and express desires of the majority of the people, both Populists and Democrats, in Beat 5.

The Democratic party, in our judgment, can do more and mean less than any political party now in existence. For instance, after a Democratic senator, through a Democratic legislature, has put upon free white people a law like the stock law of Beat 5, they come together in their Executive Committee in this county, and publish to the world that they are unalterably opposed to stock law, when they know that it is too late for their recommendation to have an effect at this late hour.

We appeal to every patriotic, liberty-loving citizen in Chilton county, to come to our Beat meetings on Saturday, March 23, 1901, and vote for delegates to our County convention which will meet at Clanton on Monday, March 25, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the people of this county in the Constitutional Convention.

This, in many particulars, is the most important election ever held, or that will ever be held during your lifetime, for the simple reason that a Constitutional Convention will deal directly with the people's liberty in the right to vote, and upon the ballot every intelligent American citizen knows depends his freedom and the right to pursue happiness according to the dictates of his own conscience.

Each member of the Executive Committee is authorized to call the meetings for his beat, and in the event of his absence any one or more Populists who assemble at their several meeting places in each beat on Saturday, March 23, at 2 p.m., can call the meeting to order and proceed to the election of delegates to the county convention.

S. M. ADAMS
L. H. REYNOLDS } *Committee.*
A. T. HATHCOCK

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Democratic executive committee of Chilton county held on the 4th day of March, 1901, a county convention of the party was called to meet in Clanton on the 14th day of March, 1901, for the purpose of nominating a candidate delegate from Chilton county to the Constitutional Convention and for the purpose of selecting a delegation to represent said county in the state convention of the party which convenes in Montgomery, Alabama, on the 19th day of March, 1901. Beat meetings are hereby called to meet at the several voting places in the county as heretofore at 10 o' clock on the 9th day of March, 1901, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the said county convention. Each beat and voting place shall be entitled to the same number of delegates that it had in the last county convention. The qualifications of participants in said beat meeting shall be the same as that fixed by the State executive committee of the party. Beat meeting may be conducted in the form of a primary at any box in the county, if the committeeman in the beat so orders.

The following resolutions were adopted, to wit; First. That in the opinion of this committee a large majority of Democrats in Chilton county are opposed at a stock Law Resolved; Second. That we earnestly request Honorable Walter R. Oliver, our representative in the Senate, to do all in his power to pass House Bill number 1573, which submits the question of discontinuing Stock Laws in Stock Law districts of Chilton county, to a vote of the people effected by Stock Laws.

TIPTON MULLINS, Chm.
JOSEPH A. MITCHELL, Sec.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood; but when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 54 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton Drug Co.

Mrs. C. E. VanDeusen, of Kilbourn, Wis, was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipation for a long time. She says "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale at Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena. Price, 25 cents. Samples free.

We observed in the Chilton county Banner of last week the announcement of Dr. H. W. Caffey as a candidate for the constitutional convention of that county. The News would be glad to see him so honored for as ex-Judge of Lowndes county is highly esteemed both in that relation and as an honored, intellectual and christian gentleman. Chilton, in our opinion, would furnish an able representative in selecting Dr. Caffey.—Lowndes News.

Dr. Caffey's Candidacy.

We are glad to note that our esteemed friend, Dr. H. W. Caffey, of Chilton county, is a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention. He is in every sense worthy and well qualified to aid in revising our constitution and we hope that the good people of Chilton will elect him.—Tuskegee News.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic makes friends of every one who gives it a fair trial. Clean pleasant, harmless, reliable. Use externally for Wounds, Burns Sprains, etc. Internally for Colic, Pain and derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. Little wonder of the world. Household favorite wherever known. Ask Your Druggist for it. He likes to sell it, you know.

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BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:
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Boys' " . . . " 98c up
SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.
H. TOURO, Clanton.

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

NOTICE

To the taxpayers of Beat Four.

Those of you who have failed to assess your taxes for the year 1901 will please call at the circuit clerk's office when in Clanton, where you will find me and my books at any time up to March 20, 1901.

M. F. LETT, Dep. Tax As'r.

Stops the cough and Works off the cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Do you want a mounted map of Alabama in five colors, size 24x34 giving census of every county and town? Also, a complete and correct map of the world, same size? You can get the same by sending 75 cents for one year's subscription to the Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. Or, $2 for three months' subscription to The Daily Age Herald. The map and the paper will be promptly sent upon receipt of P. O. or express money order. Address

AGE-HERALD,
Birmingham, Ala.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N.C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case, First with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts affected and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in a high joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night and getting up free from pain. For sale by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Wm. T. Smith, and his wife Kate B. Smith, to Roberts A. Mullins guardian, on the 27th day of February 1900, and recorded in Mortgage Record Book 58, page 329 in the office of the Probate Judge of Chilton county Alabama, and which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House door at Clanton, in said county of Chilton, on

MONDAY, APRIL the 8th. 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate to-wit:

The north half of the northeast fourth, (less four acres in the northeast corner thereof) and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-five; and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-six, all in township twenty-three, range thirteen, east, containing 236 acres, more or less, and lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

Also, the following personal property, to wit. One dark bay mare named "Molly," One dark bay mare known as the "Cain mare," one two-horse wagon and harness.

MARY L. CURRY.
Assignee of said Mortgage,
ROBT. H. KNOX, Attorney.

Indeed you would be cruel to let your sweet, helpless Baby suffer with Colic or Pain in Stomach or Bowels when there is such a pleasant, safe and reliable Remedy to be obtained so easily. Any good Druggist will tell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CT.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N.J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best of all attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Parts, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the signature and trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS.
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price you Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. MARTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of business we are now laying in a NEW full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Ala., and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TOWN ITEMS

Congressional count started Monday in February, and Monday in March, and Monday in April, and Monday in May, and Monday in June, and Monday in July, and Monday in August, and Monday in September, and Monday in October, and Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 8 1-16 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

Gins ginned to date:	1900	1899
Pinchard & Co.	2918	2890
Mullins	1984	2019
Wilson	372	3[illegible]
Downs	417	326
Total . . .	5691	5332

Dr. H. W. Caffey, of Verbena, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. John Garner is in town visiting with his Clanton friends.

Rev. F. M. Woods preached two fine sermons last Sunday at the Baptist church.

Mr. Jim Hewer, of Tennessee, is among his Clanton friends this week.

Mr. W. T. Callen visited Columbiana the past week.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips, after having been burned out by the late fire, has resumed her millinery business next door to Abe Karter's. Call and see her when you need anything in the millinery line.

Mr. John H. Anderson, of Clear Creek, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. Walter Johnson, of Birmingham, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Fonza Culp.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Clanton Drug Co and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

We regret to say that Miss Maggie Jackson has been quite sick at the home of Mr. W. I. Mullins.

Mrs. Anderson, of Montgomery, is visiting the family of Mr. L. A. Thornton.

Miss Minnie Muse, of Jemison, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. E. J. Phillips, of Bessemer, has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends here.

Mr. A. W. Middleton, of Shortcut, is visiting relatives here.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Mrs. O. R. Bell has returned home from Birmingham.

Mrs. D. F. Ellison has returned home from Lowndesboro, where she had gone to visit her parents, Rev. and Mrs. Hood.

Mrs. Tipton Mullins visited Montgomery this week.

Judge Craig, of Selma, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. E. R. Popwell, of Energy, was in town Tuesday.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick, of Stanton, was in town on business Tuesday.

Mr. W. H. Rouse, of Stanton, was among our visitors Tuesday.

K. BOY. The pedigree of the bull, owned by Mr. W. [illegible] Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Scraps; Dam, Golden Sue; dropped March 5 1898. Its registered number is 57958.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. E. L. Burnett and Miss Mary [illegible]

Colored, P. H. Cleveland and C. [illegible]

Did you get a sample of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You need it when you cut yourself or somebody shoots you just to see you jump. If not, write Sherrouse Med. Co., New Orleans, La., for free sample.

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS
For sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Game and Oysters during the Season
Highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

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LINS
ON & GLOBE FIRE INS
& LANCASHIRE FIRE
formerly represented by
OF HARTFORD, CONN
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bottle bearing the Sig
and Morphine. For furth
NS,
ER OFFICE CLANTON.

THE BENEFIT
MER
We sell direct to the
ailer pays for his goods,
r and pay cash for our
s at the same price your
ons, 50 to 75c. 50c pro
, 10 to 20c. 15c prepar
o 80c.
ARTMENT
old 25 per cent less than
a quart of our J. Mas
if you are not satisfied
isewhere for $1, we will
ers. We are your friend.
1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, AL

STOCK!
ncreasing demands of
now laying in a NEW
ING, HATS
ES, ETC.
styles and Newest Fashi
ES and GENERAL M
e of the finest grade
always fresh.
E SMALLEST MARG
TO SERVE YOU
Clanton, Ala.
IVEN AWAY
TRY FOR IT
TISER, Montgomery,
prizes, and the cond
est prizes to be given

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and third Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 8 1-16 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2318	2890
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Wilson	372	321
Dewitt	417	326
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O. K. B. Y. The pedigree of this bull, owned by Mr. W. L. Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Newport Duke, Golden Sue; dropped March 5 1898. Its registered number is 57938.

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Mr. E. L. Burnett and Miss Mary Mullins.

Colored, P. H. Cleveland and C. L. Baker.

Did you get a sample of Dr. Bonner's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You need it when you hurt yourself or somebody shoots you just to see you jump. If not, write Sherrouse Med. Co., New Orleans, La., for free sample.

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PREPARATIONS
are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
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Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

FALL GOODS
Now on sale and daily arriving a large and varied stock of goods. Prices as low as can be made on reliable merchandise and we spare no efforts to please you. Give us a call and let us figure with you on anything you want to buy. Coffins kept in stock and also trimmings for home made coffins.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitute.
MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two separate concrete, the best. Insist on having them.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK Aches and Rheumatism relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.
What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.
FIVE DRAWER $24.
The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.
I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.
Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.
REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.
L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

PURINA FEED
KEEPS MULES UP
FEED BILLS DOWN
CAPACITY:
25 CARS
PER DAY.
PURINA
MILLS
ST. LOUIS, MO.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.
I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some
Extraordinary Bargains
and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.
READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods
Calicoes ..... from 4 cts up
Sheeting ..... from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide 7c
Black Sateen 8½c
Bleaching ..... from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks 5c
Ducking ..... per yard 5c
Gingham, best ..... per yard 5c

Clothing
The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats
Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for $1.00
Men's ..... 75 ct hat for 50
Men's ..... 50 ct hat for 35
Men's ..... 25 ct hat for 15
Caps 10

Shoes
Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan ..$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain $1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe ..$1.25

Men's Shoes ....a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings
Shirts, White Linen bosom ..... each 35c
Linen Collars, any shape ..... each 5c
Celuloid Collars ..... each 5c
Hosiery ..... from 5 cts up
Suspenders ..... from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs ..... 3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50c Tie for 25c
Umrellas, $1 value for 89c

Notions
Best Assorted Ribbons at half price
Lace, 5c values 2c
Corsets, 50c value 35
Corsets, 35c value 22
Ladies' Belts ..... from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair 20
Towels ..... from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons ..... 1 dozen for 5c
Garter web ..... per yard 5c

GROCERIES
Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.
First Come, First Served!
YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

"KRUMP'S KORNER."
The owner of this Korner has again returned to it, after wandering many days in foreign lands older, uglier and we trust a little wiser in some respects. He rejoices at his return, and would be glad to see all of the good and bad people of Chilton county. I only ask don't all of you come same day, as I have not got enough to go round for dinner. I have enough yarns however to make up shortness in grubb. Come to see me anyhow and we will talk it over, and no charge for the yarns. Please remember I keep all things the farmer needs, and I will sell him

A sewing machine, a wagon, or a buggy,
A suit, a hat, a pair shoes or a knife,
Or he can call himself very lucky,
If he will just bring his wife.

Yours for health,
T. U. CRUMPTON
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST OPPOSITE BICKS
THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—
CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,
THORSBY, ALA.
OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.
Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.
And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the
choicest Line of Fancy Groceries
AND CANNED GOODS
Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.
Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.
Yours to serve faithfully and well.
B E JONES CLANTON

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

Long Lost Autograph Album Is Returned to Bartow Man.

ITS CONTENTS REVIVE OLD MEMORIES

List Begins With Verses Written By Bill To a School Girl Fifty-Four Years Ago.

"An album's pages tell of many a friend
Lost to the sight, but to the memory dear."

Those lines are the beginning of some verses I wrote in a school girl's album fifty-four years ago. The little book is near me now. It is old and war-worn and it makes me sad to turn its leaves and read the pretty verses that adorn its pages. The authors were her best friends and are all dead but one—the one now writing this letter. "Friend after friend departs—who has not lost a friend?" This album was captured during the uncivil war and carried away to Babylon and kept a prisoner in a strange land for twenty-one years and then was returned through the mail. It takes conscience a long time to bring repentance to some people.

That school girl is my wife—she is now sitting by her window sewing, making a little dress for a grandchild. Will she never stop making little garments? I asked Jessie last night how many garments it took for her little Caroline in each and every year, and she counted them up—eight little dresses, ten petticoats, four pair day drawers, two pair night drawers, and one cloak—say twenty-five garments for winter and as many more for summer, and she makes most all of them herself. My wife has done all this for ten children until they were fifteen years old. Fifty times ten makes 500, and 500 times 15 makes 7,500 garments and she still keeps working on. But she is not worn out nor thin nor pale nor haggard nor is her eye dimmed when she has on her gold-bound glasses.

Oh, these good old mothers! Mine did the same thing for her flock and my wife's mother the same for hers, and so do they all—except some. I loved my mother dearly, but it grieves me sometimes that I did not love her better, for I did not realize how much she did for me and how her very soul was wrapped up in her children. Stop, young man, stop and think, when you are far away from home rollicking and frolicking with your gay companions—stop sometimes, stop and think of your good mother and write to her a loving letter. Hopeful and sad she waits for every mail and never despairs.

But about albums. A friend has left his with me for perusal—one of these old time mental photographic albums with about twenty questions to be answered. I have seen them before and was amused at the answers, but this one interested me for its pages contain an autobiography of many noble and notable men. It tells a condensed story of their emotional and mental character. When a man of thought is asked to write an answer to a question he is both cautious and sincere. He knows that he is making an exhibit of his inner life to every one who reads it.

This album begins with Alex Stephens in 1874 and then follows with Robert Toombs, Herschel V. Johnson, General Kirby Smith, James R. Randall, Richard Malcom Johnson, L. Q C. Lamar, Richard H. Clark, John B. Gordon, Thomas M. Norwood, Rev. B. M. Palmer, Henry S. Foote, Logan E. Bleckley, Robert J. Burdette, Paul H. Hayne, Joel Chandler Harris, Wallace P. Reed, Mrs. Octavia Walton Le Vert, Judge Hook, Richard A. Proctor, the great astronomer, and others. Every name is noble and notable, and their answers are indexes to their characters. Stephen's favorite books are Milton, Pope and Shakespeare, his heroine Rebecca in "Ivanhoe," his hero Washington; his occupation reading, and farming; his best trait in man is truth, and in woman modesty.

Toombs' favorites are Shakespeare and Tom Moore, Gibbons and Macauley; his characters in fiction Rienzi, in history Socrates; his favorite occupation building air castles; best trait in man justice, in woman charity; the sum of human happiness is to make others happy.

Governor Johnson likes Pope, Milton and Byron and Swedenborg, knows nothing of romance; his best characters Washington and Jefferson; his occupation reading and writing; the highest traits truth and benevolence; his watchword duty.

Kirby Smith likes Gray, Young and Tennyson, Scott, Irving and Macauley; his favorite characters Sir Gallahad and St. Paul; his favorite occupation "making love to my wife;" his best traits in man are truth and honesty; the sum of happiness contentment.

James R. Randall likes Shakespeare and Byron, Bulwer, Thackery and Macauley; his favorite character in romance is Warington in "Pendennis;" in history Fenelon; occupation reading and writing; the highest trait in man devotion to principles, in woman modesty; the sum of human happiness is resignation.

R. M. Johnson likes Byron, Scott, Keats and Mrs. Heamans, Macauley, Bulwer and Goldsmith, historic character Aurelius; occupation scribbling; sum of happiness consciousness of God's favor.

L. B. C. Lamar liked best Byron and Burns, Macauley, Bulwer and Plutarch; best characters Greatheart in "Pilgrim's Progress;" in history Washington and Hampden; his favorite occupation teaching in college; the sum of human happiness the love of God.

Rev. B. M. Palmer preferred Shakespeare, Milton and Wordsworth, Bacon, Bulwer, Scott and Goldsmith; best characters William Prince of Orange, Washington and Lee; his favorite occupation preaching the gospel; best trait truth; sum of human happiness a good conscience.

R. J. Burdette liked Mrs. Browning, Carlyle, Thackeray; his favorite character Colonel Newcome and Cromwell; best trait sincerity; sum of happiness a home full of friends.

Henry S. Foote liked Shakespeare and Byron, Macauley and Tacitus; his favorite characters Old Mortality and Washington; the sum of happiness, conjugal felicity.

L. E. Bleckley chose Shakespeare, Byron and Tennyson, Hamilton, Mill and Pascal; his favorite characters Don Quixote and Marcus Aurelius.

John B. Gordon preferred Shakespeare, Macauley and Carlyle; his favorite characters Washington and Cato; his favorite occupation raising fine stock; best trait in man, integrity, in woman tenderness.

T. M. Norwood, Shakespeare and Byron; best trait in man honor.

Wallace P. Reed likes Shakespeare and Macauley; best character is Napoleon; best trait justice; sum of all happiness is a happy home.

Joel Chandler Harris prefers Shakespeare, Scott and Thackeray; best characters Jefferson and Lincoln; favorite occupation looking after my roses; best trait in man is honesty, in woman modesty; sum of human happiness to be at home.

All of these men name the sweetest words in our language and also the saddest. Among the last are lost—forever lost—it might have been—friendless—hopeless—forlorn, and one says most of them begin with the letter D, as disappointment, dismay, destruction, despair, debt, duns, damnation and the devil.

There are other writers in this album, but space forbids. These are enough for a young man to choose from. From these he can make up a good library, for there is not a questionable book among them.

Shakespeare and Macauley are in the lead for authors and Washington for character, truth for the best trait in man and modesty in woman. About half these men liked the early morn and the other half the twilight, except, however L. Q. C. Lamar, who says his favorite hour is 1 o'clock at night. (I never knew before that he played poker.) Of these sixteen notable men just half are dead. Their record is made up and the book is closed. Their influence upon the present generation cannot be estimated nor over-estimated. No great or good man or woman has an adequate idea of what he or she is worth to mankind.

Last Sabbath we heard a very grand discourse upon environment from Rev. Mr. Mumford, who has established that industrial school near Macon for the rejected children of the state, those who are under the ban and whom nobody wants and nobody cares for, the children of drunken or disreputable parents and whom no orphanage will receive. The eloquent and earnest preacher declared in words that burned: "Men and women are not born, they are made! Made by their environments, their parents or their early associates."

He is going over the state gathering up the friendless and pleading with the good people to give these children a chance. "Give every friendless child a chance," he earnestly exclaimed. His text was "bear ye one another's burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ." It is a hardened heart who can listen to him and not give something. There should be another question in that album, what is the worst and most prevalent trait in mankind? And I would answer, "selfishness."—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

The practice of raising heavy buildings by means of jackscrews has been in vogue in this country for many years, but has never been imitated by Europeans until recently, and only then when an Austrian who had resided in this country several years prompted a resort to it. No one will retort that Americans are equally slow to adopt foreign practices that have had their usefulness demonstrated. Perhaps this difference in methods may explain why the United States is making such astonishing industrial progress. It certainly makes clear one fact, and that is that if Europeans traveled as much in this country as Americans do in theirs, and at the same time observed as closely here as our people do when abroad, there would be less talk of "Yankee ingenuity" and a larger exhibition of the quality in other lands.

Two young people of Jersey City, desiring to marry and not having enough money, have entered into an agreement, which was duly drawn up before a Justice of the Peace, to contribute weekly to the raising of a fund of $1500. If in two years the sum shall not have been completed the idea of marriage is to be forever abandoned. It is provided that the woman is to contribute $10 a week and the man only $5. This is not because his incidental expenses will be greater than those of the woman during the two years, but because he is making only $10 a week, while she makes $14.

An Enduring Curse.

The attempt of the Midhurst District Council to convert the famous "Close Walks"—four old yew avenues—at Cowdray, in Sussex, into an arrangement of sewage tanks recalls a creepy story of a fulfilled curse.

At the dissolution of the monasteries Sir Anthony Browne obtained a grant of Battle Abbey and the Priory of Easebourne, the parish in which the ruins of Cowdray are situated, and according to a picturesque tradition one of the monks cursed him to his face and prophesied that "by fire and water" his race should perish out of the land. What foundation there may be for the story no man can say, but unquestionably the Brownes did so perish.

George Samuel Browne, eighth Viscount Montague and owner of Cowdray, who was engaged to Miss Coutts, sister to Lady Burdette-Coutts's mother, was drowned in the falls of Laufenburg in 1793. The messenger who brought the news to England met one going to Germany to inform Lord Montague that Cowdray had been burned! He was succeeded by a distant relative, a Roman priest, who was dispensed from his vows that he might marry and continue the line, but he died a few months afterward and the title became extinct. The estates went to the drowned viscount's sister, whose two sons were drowned together at Bognor in 1815. It is a weird story.—London Chronicle.

A Pathetic Scene.

"These trousers, sir," began the the gaunt-faced, gray-haired woman, as she deposited the bundle on the counter, "belonged to my son, Willie, I never expected to sell them—but, oh, sir—"

"You want to take advantage of the cheap excursion to Niagara Falls?"

"Not that—not that! How could I think of going to Niagara Falls when my Willie is where he is? I want to raise seventy-five cents. I must raise it. If I don't get the money I will commit suicide."

"A patch on each knee and two on the seat, but they might do for a millionaire. Fifteen cents.

"Only fifteen cents for Willie's trousers!" she moaned, as the tears sprang to her eyes. "Oh, man, man, but you cannot be so heartless! Think of the sentiment connected with those trousers."

"And the patches."

"But there is a sentiment even in patches. Those patches were sewed on with black thread and a mother's tears."

"Going at—fifteen—fifteen cents."

"Never, never! I will starve first—that is, I will take the fifteen cents and buy potted chicken with it and live on. I must live on. Some day I will get up to Sing Sing and see my dear Willie and ask him if he really was guilty of that burglary, or if His Honor gave him seven years as a joke."—Washington Post.

Spiritualists in the Congress.

Almost any day may be heard in the House cloakroom some rare and inexplicable tale of spirits. Among the Representatives are many deeply interested in the theories of spiritualism, themselves often taking part in seances. The talk is often very full of "mediums," "trances," "materializations," "spirit world," "control" and other terms peculiar to the spiritualistic doctrines. Chief among those interested in the spiritualist manifestations is Representative Gaston, of Pennsylvania. He has made a life study of them and ranks as one of the most learned men on the subject. He has pursued his investigations so far as to admit being a believer in some phases of the question. Mr. Gaston's knowledge of the spiritualist doctrine and his investigations have made him known over almost the whole world. He has made contributions to the literature of the subject which are recognized as unprejudiced. He is the leader of the Tilydale Chautauqua, in New York, where the spirtualists of the United States have their annual gatherings. Representative Brownlow, of Tennessee, is also interested in the subject, and confesses to having had several strange experiences with spirits that he frequently recites to cloakroom listeners very effectively.—Washington Times.

Cat Came Back One Hundred Miles.

Not long ago F. M. Howard moved from New Hampton to Stratham, N. H., the towns being about one hundred miles apart. In the car with other goods was placed the household cat, an angora, which upon arrival at Stratham was quickly released. She soon disappeared and was seen no more. In a few days Mr. Howard received a letter from his mother in New Hampton, saying that the cat had returned to her old home, the date of her arrival being four days after her disappearance from Stratham.

The cause of the cat's long journey was revealed when she sought out a family of kittens, of whose existence the Howard family were in ignorance. She was seen carrying them, one after another, from one barn to another nearby.—New York Sun.

A Modern Patrol Wagon.

The patrol wagons of Allegheny, Penn., have been equipped with medical outfits, and the sergeants of the police have been instructed how to render aid to the sufferings of victims of accidents. The equipment includes antidotes for poisoning, dressing for burns and almost everything that is used in emergency cases.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Christian Heroism—Those Who Bear Scars Won in the Service of Jesus Christ Shall Be Richly Recompensed—God Will Honor Them.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage praises Christian heroism and tells of great rewards. The text is Galatians vi. 17, "I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jesus."

We hear much about crowns, thrones, victories, but I now tell the more quiet story of scars, honorable and dishonorable. There are in all parts of the world people bearing dishonorable scars. They went into the battle of sin and were worsted, and to their dying day they will have a sacrification of body or mind or soul. It cannot be hidden. There are tens of thousands of men and women now consecrated to God and living holy lives who were once corrupt, but they have been regenerated, and they are no more what they once were than rubescence is emaciation, than balm is vitriol, than noonday is midnight. But in their depleted physical health or mental twist or style of temptation they are ever and anon reminded of the obnoxious past. They have a memory that is deplorable. In some twinge of pain or some tendency to surrender to the wrong which they must perpetually resist they have an unwholesome reminiscence. They carry scars, deep scars, ignoble scars.

But Paul in my text shows us a scarification which is a badge of honorable and self-sacrificing service. He had in his weak eyes the result of too much study, and in his body, bent and worn, the signature of scourgings and shipwrecks and maltreatment by mobs. In my text he shows those scars as he declares, "I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jesus." Notice that it is not wounds, but scars, and a scar is a healed wound. Before the scar is well defined upon the flesh the inflammation must have departed, and right circulation must have been restored, and new tissue must have been formed. It is a permanent indentation of the flesh—a cicatrix. Paul did well to show these scars. They were positive and indisputable proofs that with all his body, mind and soul he believed what he said; they were his diploma, showing that he had graduated from the school of hardship for Christ; they were credentials proving his right to lead in the world's evangelization.

Men are not ashamed of scars got in battle for their country. No American is embarrassed when you ask him, "Where did you get that gash across your forehead?" and he can answer, "That was from a sabre cut at San Juan." When you ask some German, "Where did you lose your right arm?" he is not ashamed to say, "I lost it at Sedan." When you ask an Italian, "Where did you lose your eye?" he is not annoyed when he can answer, "I suffered that in the last battle under our glorious Garibaldi." But I remind you of the fact that there are scars not got in war which are just as illustrious. We had in this country years ago an eminent advocate who was called into the Presidential Cabinet as Attorney General. In midlife he was in a Philadelphia courtroom engaged in an important trial. The attorney on the opposite side of the case got irritated and angry, and in most brutal manner referred to the distinguished attorney's disfigured face, a face more deeply scarred than any face I ever saw. The legal hero of whom I am speaking in his closing argument said: "Gentlemen of the jury, when I was a little child I was playing with my sister in the nursery, and her clothes caught fire, and I ran to her to put out the fire. I succeeded, but I myself took fire, and before it was extinguished my face was awfully burned and as black as the heart of the scoundrelly counsel on the other side of the case who has referred to my misfortune." The eminent attorney of whom I speak carried all his life the honorable scar of his sister's rescue.

A young college student in England found all the artistic world in derisive pursuit of William Turner, the painter. The young graduate took up his pen—in some respects the most brilliant pen that was ever put to paper—and wrote those five great volumes on modern painting, the chief thought of which was his defense of the abused painter.

The heroic author by some was supposed in his old days to be cynical and fault finding, and when I saw him a little while before his death he was in decadence, but I know that over his face and all over his manner were the scars of heroic defense.

In the seventies of his lifetime he was suffering from the wounds and fatigues of the twenties. Long after he had quit the battle with author's pen and painter's pencil he bore the scars of literary martyrdom.

But why do we go so far for illustration when I could take right out of the memories of some whom I address instances just as appropriate? To rear aright for God and heaven a large family of children in that country home was a mighty undertaking. Far away from the village doctor, the garret must contain the herbs for the cure of all kinds of disorders. Through all infantile complaints the children of that family went. They missed nothing in the way of childish disorders. Busy all day was that mother in every form of housework, and twenty times a night called up by the children, all down at the same time with the same contagion. Her hair is white a long while before it is time for snow; her shoulders are bent long before the appropriate time for stooping.

Spectacles are adjusted, some for close by and some for far off, years before you would have supposed her eyes would need re-enforcement. Here and there is a short grave in her pathway, this headstone bearing the name of this child and another headstone bearing the name of another child. Hardly one bereavement lifts its shadow than another bereavement drops one.

After thirty years of wifehood and motherhood the path turns toward the setting sun. She cannot walk as far as she used to. Colds caught hang on longer than formerly. Some of the children are in the heavenly world, for which they were well prepared through maternal fidelity, and others are out in this world doing honor to a Christian ancestry.

When her life closes and the neighbors gather for her obsequies, the officiating clergyman may find appropriate words in the last chapter of Proverbs: "Her price is far above rubies. The heart of her husband doth safely trust in her, so that he shall have no need of spoil. She will do him good, and not evil, all the days of her life; she stretcheth out her hand to the poor; she is not afraid of the snow for her household, for all her household are clothed with scarlet. Her husband is known in the gates when he sitteth among the elders in the land; her children arise up and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praiseth her. Many daughters have done virtuously, but thou excellest them all."

Then after the Scripture lesson is read let all come up, and before the casket is closed look for the last time at the scars of her earthly endurance.

She never heard the roll of a gun carriage or saw a banner hoisted upon a parapet, but she has in all the features of that dear old face the marks of many a conflict—scars of toil, scars of maternity, scars of self-sacrifice, scars of bereavement.

She is a heroine whose name has never been heard of ten miles from the old homestead, but her name is inscribed high up among the enthroned immortals.

People think they must look for martyrs on battlefields or go through a history to find burnings at the stake and tortures on racks when there are martyrs all about us. At this time in this capital city there are scores of men wearing themselves out in the public service.

In ten years they will not have a healthy nerve left in their body. In committee rooms, in consultations that involve the welfare of the nation, under the weight of great responsibilities, their vitality is being subtracted. In almost every village of the country you find some broken down State or National official.

There is a woman who has suffered domestic injustice of which there is no cognizance. She says nothing about it. An inquisitor's machine of torture could not wring from her the story of domestic woe. Ever since the day of orange blossoms and long white veil she has done her full duty and received for it harshness and blame and neglect. The marriage vow, that was supposed to be a sign of unending affection, has turned out to be one link of a chain of horrible servitude. A wreath of nettle and nightshade of brightest form would have been a more accurate prophecy. There are those who find it hard to believe that there is such a place as hell, but you could go right out in any community and find more than one hell of domestic torment. There is no escape for that woman but the grave, and that, compared with the life she now lives, will be an arbor of jasmine and of the humming bird's song poured into the ear of the honeysuckle. Scars! If there be none on the brow showing where he struck her arriving home from midnight carousal, nevertheless there are scars all up and down her injured and immortal soul which will be remembered on the day when these shall leap forth for her avengement the live thunderbolts of an incensed God.

When we see a veteran in any land who has lost a limb in battle, our sympathies are stirred; but, oh, how many have in the domestic realm lost their life and yet are denied a pillow of dust on which to slumber! Better enlarge your roll of martyrs; better adopt a new mode of counting human sacrifications. A broken bone is not half as bad as a broken heart.

There are many who can in the same sense that Paul uttered it say, "I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jesus;" that is, for the sake of Christ and His cause they carry scars which keep their indenture through all time and all eternity. Do you think that Paul was accurate when he said that? If you have studied his career you have no doubt of it. In his youth he learned how to fashion the hair of the Cilician goat into canvas, a quiet trade, and then went to college, the President of which was Gamaliel, an institution which scholars say could not have been very thorough because of what they call Paul's imperfect command of Greek syntax. But his history became exciting on the road to Damascus, where he was unhorsed and blinded. His conversion was a convulsion. Whether that fall from the horse may have left a mark upon him I know not, but the mob soon took after him and flogged and imprisoned and maltreated him until he had scars more than enough to assure the truthfulness of his utterance, "I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jesus."

All ye who bear in your body the marks of the Lord Jesus, have you thought what use those marks will be in the heavenly world? What source of glorious reminiscence! In that world you will sit together and talk over earthly experiences. "Where did you get that scar?" saint will say to saint, and there will come back a story of hardship and struggle and persecution and wounds and victory through the grace of the gospel.

"Where did you get that mark?" says another spirit to listening spirit, and the answer comes: "That is a reminder of a great bereavement, of a desolated household, of a deep grave, of all the heartstrings at one stroke snapped altogether. But you see it is no longer a laceration, for the wound has been healed, and my once bereft spirit is now in companionship with the one from whom for awhile I was separated."

"Where did you get that long, deep scar?" says another immortal to listening immortal, and the answer comes: "That was the awful fatigue of a lifetime struggle in attempting amid adverse circumstances, to achieve a livelihood. For thirty years I was tired—oh, so tired! But you see it is a healed wound, for I have found rest at last for body and soul, the complete rest, the everlasting rest that I heard of before I came here as the rest that remaineth for the people of God."

Some one in heaven will say to Martyr John Rogers, "Where did you get that scar on your foot?" and the answer will come, "Oh, that was a burn I suffered when the flames of martyrdom were kindled beneath me." "Ignatius, what is that mark on your cheek?" "Oh, that was made by the paw of the lion to which I was thrown by the order of Trajan."

Some one will say to Paul, "Great apostle, that must have been a deep cut once—the mark which I see on your neck." And Paul says, "That was made by the sword which struck me at my beheadment on the road to Ostia." But we all have scars of some kind, and those are some of the things we will talk over in the heavenly world while we celebrate the grace that made us triumphant over all antagonism.

Now, what is the practical use of this subject? It is the cultivation of Christian heroics. The most of us want to say things and do things for God when there is no danger of getting hurt. We are all ready for easy work, for popular work, for compensating work, but we all greatly need more courage to brave the world and brave satanic assault when there is something aggressive and bold and dangerous to be undertaken for God and righteousness. And if we happen to get hit what an ado we make about it! We all need more of the stuff that martyrs are made out of. We want more sanctified grit, more Christian pluck, more holy recklessness as to what the world may say and do in any crisis of our life. Be right and do right, and all earth and hell combined cannot put you down.

The same little missionary who wrote my text also uttered that piled up magnificence to be found in those words which ring like battleaxes on splitting helmets: "In all these things we are more than conquerors, through Him that loved us, for I am persuaded that neither death nor life nor angels nor principalities nor powers nor things present nor things to come nor height nor depth nor any other creature shall be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord."

How do you like that, you cowards, who shrink back from aggressive work, and if so much as a splinter pierce your flesh cry out louder than many a one torn in auto-da-fe. Many a soldier has gone through a long war, been in twenty battles, led a regiment up a hill mounted by cannon and swept by musketry, and yet came home without having been once hit and without a mark upon him. But it will not be so among those who pass in the grand review of heaven. They have all in the holy wars been wounded, and all bear scars. And what would the newly arrived in heaven do with nothing to show that he had ever been struck by human or diabolic weaponry? How embarrassed and eccentric such a one in such a place! Surely he would want to be excused awhile from the heavenly ranks and be permitted to descend to earth, crying, "Give me another chance to do something worthy of an immortal! Show me some post of danger to be manned, some fortress to be stormed, some difficult charge to make. Like Leonidas at Thermopylae, like Miltiades at Marathon, like Marlborough at Blenheim, like Godfrey at Jerusalem, like Winkelried at Sempach gathering the spears of the Austrian knights into his bosom, giving his life for others; show me some place where I can do a brave thing for God. I cannot go back to heaven until somewhere I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jesus." My hearer, my reader, quit complaining about your misfortunes and disappointments and troubles and through all time and all eternity thank God for scars.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR MARCH 10.

Subject: Jesus and Caiaphas. Matt. 27-65—Golden Text, xvi., 16—Memory Verses, 63-64—Commentary on Day's Lesson.

57. "They—led Him away." The of soldiers, led on by Judas. Jesus "To the house of Caiaphas" (R. V.) John 18: 13, we are told that He taken to Annas first. It is supposed Annas and Caiaphas occupied apartments in the same palace, which probably situated on Mount Zion, David's tomb, in the southwestern the city. It was Annas and Caiaphas sent the band to arrest Jesus, and leaders wanted the sanction of fore they proceeded against scribes," etc. Scribes, that learned in the literature of and elders, who were chosen the most influential of the priests (v. 59), that is, the twenty-four priestly classes membled." Annas sent Jesus Caiaphas (John 18: 24), and all haste summoned the San time between 2 and 4 o'clock morning, but this was irregular mal, because it was contrary to carry on the trial by night. is probably the one recorded by and Mark. The usual place Sanhedrin was at the council temple precincts, but this being lar meeting is held in the high priest.

58. "Peter followed Him." Jesus; he could not help but he was anxious "to see the end what they did with his Lord Peter followed from "afar off." the cause of his downfall. "And John also went with Peter, and was John who succeeded in getting admitted in to the court of John 18: 15, 16. "Sat with the This was another great mistake. stayed by the side of John he have denied his Master, for to have had no such temptation.

59. "All the council." The great sedrim, the highest in the Jewish composed of seventy-two members, founded, it is supposed, by Moses 21), and was continued a long the days of our Lord on earth. false witness." They have without a crime. They dared tence Jesus to death without factory charge, and thus they were to search for witnesses.

60. "They found it not." had great difficulty in making against Jesus. According to (Deut. 19: 15) there must be nesses, and, out of the many nesses who came before the council impossible to find two who agreed 14: 56. "At the last came Mark 14: 57-59 we see that the of these witnesses did not points, and this accusation would not be sufficient for a tence. False hoods seldom agree truth is harmonious. "False Their testimony was false facts were not correctly stated 14: 58), and because Christ's been misapplied. This is still a mon way of injuring others.

61. "This fellow said." Here they obliged to go back to the Christ's public ministry and statement that He had made after cleansed the temple. John 2: able," etc. Jesus had never What He did say was that if they destroy this temple in three would raise it up, but He had to the temple of His body.

62. "Said unto Him." Their failed, and now the high priest tried to force Jesus to criminate "Answerest Thou nothing?" nothing to say. The witnesses dicted themselves. Give the and opportunity and he will own cause.

63. "Held His peace." Thus the prophecy in Isa. 53: 7. they were determined to put and a reply would have been adjure Thee." The high priest emn oath to Him. The difficulty question consisted in this: if that He was the Son of God, ready to condemn Him for He denied it, they were prepared demn Him for being an impostor, deluding the people under being the Messiah.

64. "Thou hast said." A expression for "Yes, it is." Mark 14: 62. Christ felt no remain silent when questioned a truth for which He came into to shed His blood. "On the right power." This is a reference to 14. The prophet is describing coming into the presence of He be invested with all power. fillment took place at the (Matt. 28: 18), but the same come at the judgment day in glory. What a contrast will His present position! "The heaven." This evidently has to the judgment executed on the Jewish nation (Matt. 16: 27, 28; (2) to the final judgment; (3) to triumph of His kingdom.

65. "Rent his clothes." An of violent grief (Gen. 37: 29, 34, and horror at what was considered blasphemous or impious. The joined by the rabbinical rules. charge of blasphemy was judges rend their garments and sew them up again. "Blasphemy." considered it blasphemy for Jesus He was the Christ. Mark 14 "Witnesses." Their witnesses had a failure to them, and they had to bring. Jesus was condemned own testimony.

66. "What think ye?" The had urged the case against Him, he puts it to vote. "Guilty of "Worthy of death." R. V. The ment for blasphemy was death. 16. The irregular court now adjourned interval now of at least two hours the regular session of the Sanhedrin convene. During this time the delivered Him into the hands of They spat in His face as a mark temptation. "Buffeted." Smote with fists.

68. "Who—smote Thee." The blindfolded Him. Mark 14: 65. The sport with Him as the Philistines Samson.

As foreign nations become ed with the numerous but its of the American mule his ity increases. In 1899 (fiscal total value of American ported to foreign countries 000. In the fiscal year of 1900 $3,919,000, and as the America becomes better known he more in demand, and a larger trade in American mules already foreshadowed.

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Knobkerries and green reeds have
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RNATIONAL LESSON COMM
FOR MARCH 10.

ITCHING
Burning Scaly
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Complete External and Internal Treatment
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Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood, and expel humor germs. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humors, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

WONDERFUL CURE OF PSORIASIS.

As a sufferer for thirty years from the worst form of Psoriasis, finally cured by Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, I wish to tell you my experience, that others may benefit by it. I was so grievously afflicted that the matter that exuded from my pores after the scales had peeled off, would cause my underclothing to actually gum to my body. After remaining in one position, sitting or lying down, for an hour or two, the flesh on my elbows and knees would split, so thick and hard would the crusty scales become. The humiliation I experienced, to say nothing of physical agony, was something frightful. The detached scales would fairly rain from my coat sleeves. I have read none of your testimonials that appear to represent a case so bad as mine. But as to the cure. I commenced bathing in hot Cuticura Soap suds night and morning, applied the Cuticura Ointment, and then wrapped myself in a sheet! In two weeks my skin was almost blood red in color, but smooth and without scales. Patches of natural colored skin began to appear, and in less than a month I was cured. I am now passed forty years of age and have skin as soft and smooth as a baby's. Hoping that others may benefit by my experience, and regretting that sensitiveness forbids me from disclosing my name, I am yours gratefully,

J. H. M., Boston, Mass., Sept. 30, 1900.

Millions of People Use Cuticura Soap

As sold by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stoppage of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, chafings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for painful weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate skin purifiers and beautifiers derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. No other soap of refined taste is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. All combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet and baby soap in the world. Sold by all druggists.

ALARMING MORTALITY.

Noticeable Among the Weak and Ailing.

Spring the Time Death Reaps Its Largest Harvest.

There is a Way of Eluding the Grim Destroyer.

Every Spring it is noticeable how many people are taken away that we have been accustomed to see in our daily life.

Statistics show that at no other season of the year does so many deaths occur.

Especially large is the mortality among weak and sickly people.

The reason for this is apparent. The body that is weakened by age or disease has much to contend with during the Winter months. Insufficient exercise frequently has been taken. Too much starchy and fatty foods have been eaten. The system has been allowed to become run down, and when Spring comes with its bright, sunshiny days, older people will begin to realize that their vitality has become very low. The same thing is true of people who are naturally sickly and weak.

This is the season of the year when even a strong person feels at his worst. That tired, restless feeling is experienced by too many.

There need not be as many deaths this year as usually take place. A little care will ward off many Spring funerals. If one is weak or ailing they should take time by the forelock and take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. This great medicine has been in many cases, and will continue to be, the means by which the black angel of Death has been driven from the threshold. It dispels the grim destroyer in a scientific way, for it purifies the blood and gives strength and vitality to the nerves. It tones up and restores to a healthy condition all of the great life-giving organs of the body.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy will enable those who take it to throw off little ills that prove dangerous only when they attack a system already wasted and weakened.

From many people, who have experienced benefit from this greatest of all life-lengtheners comes the following from the famous General Longstreet of 1217 New Hampshire avenue, Washington, D. C. He says:

"It gives me great pleasure to add my testimony with many others for Dr. Greene's Remedy, which I have used with highly beneficial results and I am able to recommend its virtues from experience. I have used it for catarrh and have derived help."

Mr. Wellington Hynes, Elizabethtown, N. Y., writes:

"I feel it my duty to tell how much good Dr. Greene's Nervura has done me. I was so run down that I could not sleep at night and everything worried me. I had no appetite and could not work, my head ached all the time and there was an all-gone feeling in my stomach and I was always looking on the dark side of everything. I began to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and in less than three weeks I felt like a new man. I can now do as much work as is expected of a man my age. I advise any one who is troubled to take Dr. Greene's Nervura. Do not go to a doctor, but get a bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura. It is cheaper than a doctor's bill."

The latter part of Mr. Hynes's advice might be profitably disregarded, however. If you should feel you would like the advice of a physician, You can have such advice and have it free if you will write or call on the greatest known blood and nerve specialist, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City.

New Vegetable Wanted.

Our present garden vegetables are cultivated varieties of wild species. Why do not our horticulturists seek for other wild plants that could be introduced with profit to our tables? A fortune awaits him who does this successfully, says Le Science Francaise. We may be shy, at first, of a dish of iris, or a saxifrage salad, but the papers will relate how Bernhardt and Coquelin ate and liked them, and then the iris and the saxifrage will become popular, like the potato.

CURES BLOOD POISON. TREATMENT FREE.

Have you eating, lingering sores, mucous patches, sore throat or gums, ulcers, pimples, itching skin, aches in bones or joints, falling hair, boils, cancer, scrofula, offensive catarrh or old rheumatism? Then you have contracted or inherited blood poison. To cure, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) which is made especially to cure the worst and most deep-seated cases, even when the bones are affected. B. B. B. heals every sore, stops all aches, makes new, rich blood, giving the rich glow of health to the skin. B. B. B. improves the digestion. B. B. B. thoroughly tested for 30 years. B. B. B. kills or destroys the poison, drawing it from the system. Drug stores, $1. Treatment of B. B. B. sent absolutely free by writing Blood Balm Co. 35 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given until cured. Costs nothing to try B. B. B. Medicine sent prepaid.

The man who is waiting for something to turn up is generally turned down.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds. N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

If you have kept a secret the time will surely come when you will be proud of yourself.

Wanted—At Once!

Traveling salesmen with or without experience $900 and expenses. For particulars write Piedmont Tobacco Works, Bedford City, Va.

It is easy to be wise without being learned. It is easier still to be learned without being wise.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

There are about 100,000 Indians in the Dominion of Canada, located upon reserves in different districts.

Dyspepsia

In its most aggravated form has been effectually cured with small doses of Crab Orchard Water.

Seventy dollars was paid in London the other day for a copy of Franklin's "Cicero," Philadelphia, 1744.

The great public schools of the large cities use Carter's Ink exclusively. It is the best and costs no more than the poorest. Get it.

New York City apartment houses in course of construction are being provided with automobile storage facilities.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Fortieth friend since breakfast—By Jove, old fellow, you've got a fearful cold. What are you taking for it? Sufferer (hoarsely)—Ad ice.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

When a man is engaged to a woman he talks to her; when he is first married he talks with her; after they've been married a year he talks at her.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Horse Shoes Weighing One Ounce.

The smallest horse probably that was ever fitted with a set of shoes by any horseshoer in California occupied a place in the shop of Howard & Millerick of Petaluma a few days ago. It was a six-months-old Shetland pony, one of a band a Los Angeles man was bringing down from Mendocino county, where they had been pastured during the summer. The rough roads had worn its bare feet and necessitated shoeing. The shoes, fashioned out of a steel bar, when fitted to the pony's feet were a trifle larger than a silver dollar piece and the full set weighed just four ounces, an ounce for each shoe.

Owing to a disagreement in the College of Bishops of the African Methodist Episcopal church, Bishop H. M. Turner, president of the college, has tendered his resignation.

HELP FOR WOMEN
WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED.

"I do not feel very well. I am so tired all the time. I do not know what is the matter with me."

You hear these words every day; as often as you meet your friends just so often are these words repeated. More than likely you speak the same significant words yourself, and no doubt you do feel far from well most of the time.

Mrs. Ella Rice, of Chelsea, Wis., whose portrait we publish, writes that she suffered for two years with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and had all kinds of miserable feelings, all of which was caused by falling and inflammation of the womb, and after doctoring with physicians and numerous medicines she was entirely cured by

MRS. ELLA RICE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you are troubled with pains, fainting spells, depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere, headache, backache, and always tired, please remember that there is an absolute remedy which will relieve you of your suffering as it did Mrs. Rice. Proof is monumental that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine for suffering women. No other medicine has made the cures that it has, and no other woman has helped so many women by direct advice as has Mrs. Pinkham; her experience is greater than that of any living person. If you are sick, write and get her advice; her address is Lynn, Mass.

To produce the best results in **fruit, vegetable** or **grain,** the fertilizer used must contain enough **Potash.** For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Elevators are by no means the recent invention generally supposed. An amusing account of what was probably the first attempt at an elevator is told by St. Simon and according to him it was from a M. Villayer that the idea of a "flying chair" first emanated. This ingenious person set up a passable prototype of the modern elevator in his house in Paris, working it up and down between the walls. The daughter of Louis XIV. was so delighted with the novelty that she had one put up in her own apartments at Versailles. This honor was, however, the undoing of poor M. Villayer's machine. The chair suddenly stopped moving while the princess was between two landings and she had to remain blocked up for three hours until the workmen broke a hole through the thick wall. The king was so annoyed at this that he forbade any further experiments in the same line.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you but 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

SICK HEADACHE

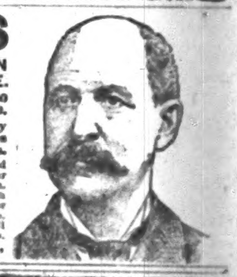
A natural medicinal water concentrated. Aperient, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Habitual Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.



The real worth of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00.

Our $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. We make and sell more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the United States.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. *Write for catalogue showing new spring styles.*

We use Fast Color Eyelets in all our shoes.

W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

CASH IN A CAC.

Peculiar War Results: Use of Banking Their Money.

The natives of that part of South Africa [illegible] to a great extent is inhabited by [illegible] and Hottentots have a [illegible] system of banks and banking [illegible] Kaffirs among whom [illegible] of banking obtains [illegible] in the south of the [illegible] The natives come [illegible] their country to trade [illegible] villages and towns in [illegible] and then return to Kaffraria. [illegible] those who trade of their [illegible] one, who for [illegible] be their banker. He [illegible] a bank of deposit by [illegible] money of those whose [illegible] a bag, and then they [illegible] stores to buy whatever they want. When an article is purchased by any of those who are in his banking arrangement, the price of the article is taken by the banker from this deposit money bag, counted several times and then paid to the seller of the article, after which all the bank depositors cry out to the banker in the presence of the two witnesses selected: "You owe me so much!" This is then reported by the witnesses. The general accounting comes between the banker and his several depositors when all desired purchases have been made, after which all the natives depart for their northern wilds.

White blackberries and green roses have been propagated in Louisiana.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH WITH MEDICINE.

Hunyadi János

IS A NATURAL LAXATIVE MINERAL WATER.

Endorsed and used by the most prominent physicians in the world as the best and safest remedy for disordered stomach, biliousness, liver troubles, gout and rheumatism.

It Cures Constipation!

Take one-half glassful on arising in the morning and you will feel the remarkable effects in half an hour.

ASK For the full name "Hunyadi János." | LOOK at the label. Blue with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Exporter, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N.Y.

WINCHESTER FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 CTS.

Am. N. U. No. 10, 1901.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

MY PICTURE goes on every package of

Lion Coffee.

Make sure that there is a lion head on every package before purchasing.

That tells you that it is genuine, and not a glazed coffee.

If you don't see my head on the package, don't buy it. If not at your grocer's try another store. All leading stores keep it.

LION COFFEE

is now the leader of them all, and is used in millions of homes.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.25
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

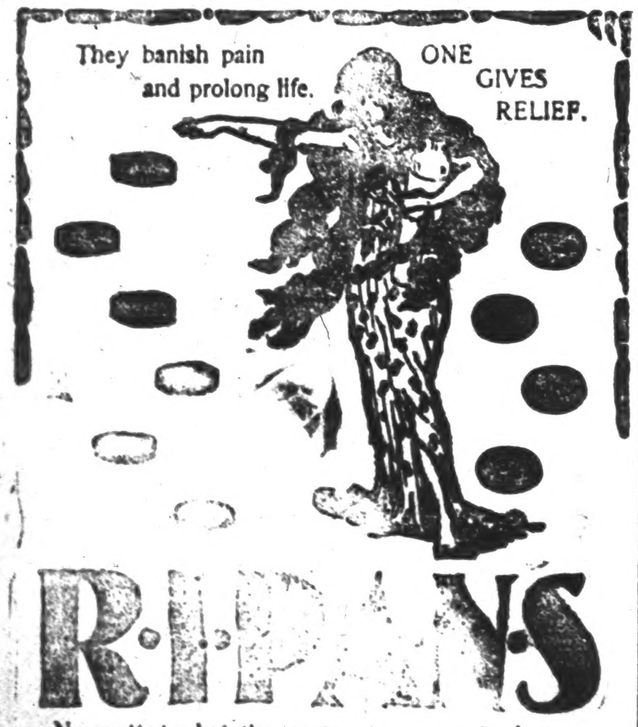
There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, they will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style package containing TEN ROLLS (enough for ordinary use for one year) can now be obtained at some drug stores—price FIVE CENTS. This convenient, economical package will be found very acceptable by those who do not care to take a dose of medicine every day. One dozen of the ten-cent packages (120 tablets) can be obtained for $5 by addressing the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Single dozen of the five-cent packages will be sent for five cents. Such medicine ever made.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

A. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Russell and the Solicitor.

It is said that once when the late Lord Russell, then Sir Charles, was on circuit, he became so indignant with every one in general and his solicitor client in particular that he seized his large and heavy brief and smote the solicitor on the head with it. The solicitor indignantly collected his papers and hurried out of court, muttering that he would never brief Sir Charles again.

Some time afterward a shipping magnate came to the same solicitor with a big case. "Brief Russell," he said. The solicitor said he was sorry, but it was impossible, as Russell had never recovered. "Then give me my papers," said the shipowner, "and I'll go to some one who will."

Eventually the unhappy man of law, not wishing to lose his best client, had to apologize to Sir Charles Russell for leaving the court when assaulted.—Pearson's Weekly.

"So On."

Lady Dorothy Nevill is one of the wittiest women in London society. Some time ago there was a rich and ambitious man in society who went in for entertaining largely and especially for making his parties interesting and representative. A marked falling off began to take place after awhile in the quality of his guests. Lady Dorothy, commenting on this deterioration, said, "Once we used to meet Browning and Whistler and Henry James and so on there; but now we only meet—so on."—Chambers' Journal.

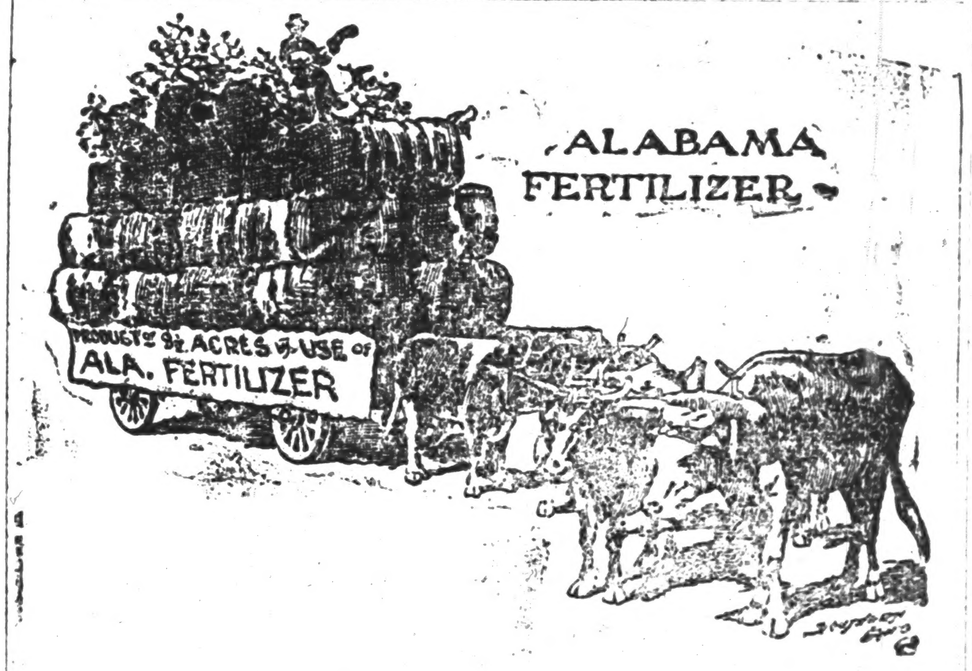
Covers Too Much Ground.

Binks—Jinks is continually telling me what a lucky fellow you are.

Kinks—Yes, but I don't like the way he expresses it. Every time he meets me he says: "Kinks, you're a lucky man. You don't seem to have anything on your mind at all."—Indianapolis Sun.

A Widow's Love Affair

Receives a setback if she has offensive breath through Constipation, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble but Dr. King's New Life Pills always cure those troubles; clean the system, sweeten the breath, banish headache; best in the world for liver, kidneys and bowels. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZERS in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 9½ acres of land, made from Russell improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 20, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to resack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit. S. B. TRAPP, President.

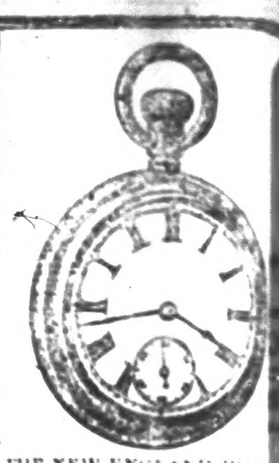
The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.

It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 43 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH, nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Sent anywhere with a silk cord and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece.

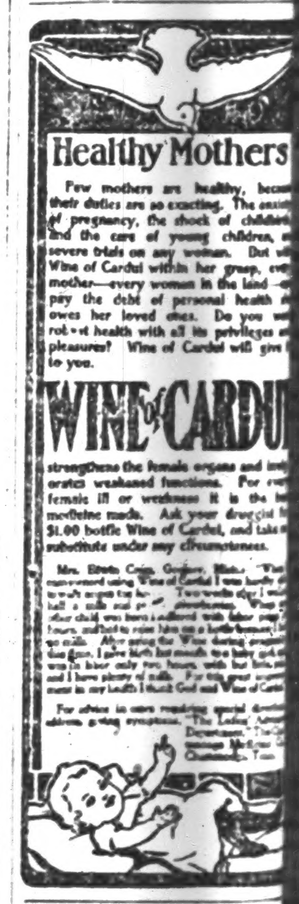
The New England Watch is giving good satisfaction. It is a poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to believers.

Is your blood pure? Are you free of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch and burn? Have you Pimples? Boils? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Neuralgia? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? Purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals the sore and gives a clear, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Impurities out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot reappear. Give it a trial. It cures when everything else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores, $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. To sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga., with stamp to-day. Describe trouble and get medical advice given.



Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, because their duties are so exacting. The anxiety of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth and the care of young children, are severe trials on any woman. But with Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE OF CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

...MAN ON THE CORNER...

...at Lochapoka they have ... Ladies' Memorial Association, ... the main object of the Association ... such a laudable one that ... might well follow in ... track. In far too many ... God's half-acre is sadly ... and but little care ... the home of the dead. ... everybody's business to ... business, and while many ... hearts tend carefully the ... of their own loved ones, ... are still reposing there ... friends are too far away to ... their departed ones are ... looked after. Fences and ... need repair, tombs and mounds require attention. ... is the work undertaken by the Ladies' Memorial Association. ... noble work it is. They will ... the remains of "those who ... before" are not subject ... ration." Fences are kept ... so that cattle shall not be ... enter the sacred enclosure. ... at a distance send their ... tions, expressing their ... as to what they would like ... the graves of those they ... and the Association carries ... desires. Friends near by, ... with the living perhaps to ... much time for the dead, con... to the Association in the ... day, and the cemetery be... place of which the entire ... proud instead of being ... to hear it mentioned. ... nice it would be if Clanton ... an association. Will not ... our good ladies take the ... in hand?

...20th Century Meeting

...Berry Baptist Church, March ...d 31, 1901.

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...a.m. Prayer meeting, conducted by W. J. Fleming.

"Our Greatest Need, the ...Spirit's Power." Discussed ...S. Maness 30 minutes; followed by others in 10 minutes ...

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...."How to conduct a Sunday School," forty-five minutes by ... Connell. 10 minutes Sermon ... the children by A. J. Dickinson. 10 minutes given to ex... of Helps in Teachers' Bible ... W. J. Rudasill.

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...missions; the command; the ..., the results. A. J. Dickinson.

...D. Sermon—L. O. Dawson.

...p.m. Our church life, the worship; the pastor; the deacons; the sexton; the meeting house; ...men; by J. M. Collier. The ...people, by I. Windsor.

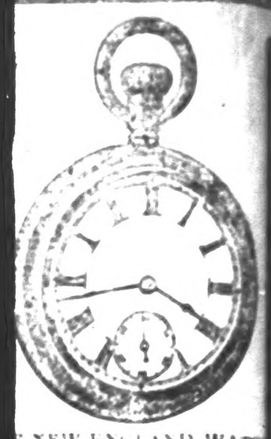
Religion in the home, by ... Coffey.

...ybody invited to attend, as ... the preachers.

F. M. Woods, Chm.

Strikes A Rich Find.

...s troubled for several years ...ronic indigestion and nervousness," writes F. J. Green of ...ter, N. H. "No remedy helped ... until I began using Electric ... which did me more good ... the medicine I ever used. ...ave also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says ... Bitters are just splendid for troubles; that they are a grand ...d invigorator for weak, run ... women. No other medicine ... its place in our family." ...m. Only 50c. Satisfaction ...teed by Clanton, Drug Co.



NEW ENGLAND WATC
...e case, stem wind and stem
...anted for 12 months. Delive
...nywhere with a silk cord
...e chain for $2.75. Try one
...want a good time piece chea
...he New England Watch is
...ng good satisfaction. It is
...r man a time piece
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

FREE BLOOD CURE
An offer proving faith to Sufferers
...your blood pure? Are you
...? Do cuts or scratches
...ly? Does your skin itch
...? Have you Pimples? Er
...? Aching Bones or Back?
...a? Old Sores? Boils? S
...? Rheumatism? Foul Bloo
...arrh? Are you pale? If so
...your blood with B. B. B. (
...c Blood Balm). It makes
...d Pure and Rich, heals
...and gives a clear, smo
...thy skin. Deep seated c
...ulcers, cancer, eating s
...tion-Swellings, Blood Poi
...quickly cured by B. B.
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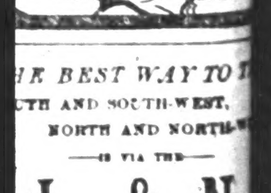
...d and Skin Troubles. B.
...trains the Poisons and Hum
...ot the Blood and entire sys
...e symptoms cannot ret
...it a trial. It cures when
...fails. Thoroughly tested
...ears. Sold at drug stores
...er large bottle, 6 large bo
...treatment) $5. Be sure
...ic remedy. Human Blood B
...sufferers may test it, a trial
...given away, absolutely
...tte for it. Address BLO
...L.M. CO. Atlanta, Ga. W
...day. Describe trouble and
...ical advice given.

Healthy Mothers
Few mothers are healthy, becau
...eir duties are so exacting. The anxi
...f pregnancy, the shock of childbir
...nd the care of young children,
...evere trials on any woman. But w
...Wine of Cardui within her grasp, ev
...mother—every woman in the land—
...ay the debt of personal health
...wes her loved ones. Do you w
...lost health with all its privileges a
...easures? Wine of Cardui will give
...you.

WINE OF CARDUI
...rengthens the female organs and lar
...rates weakened functions. For ev
...emale ill or weakness it is the b
...medicine made. Ask your druggist f
...1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take
...substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Elbeth Cross, Grocery, Mobile: "Wh
...my record using Wine of Cardui I was hardly
...Two weeks after I
...a healthy girl baby boy. When
...first child was born I suffered with labor pain
...hours, and had to raise him on a bottle because I
...milk. After using the Wine during pregna
...time I gave birth but much to a baby girl
...was in labor only two hours, with but little
...and I have plenty of milk. For this great impro
...name in my health I thank God and Wine of Card

For advice in case requiring special direct
...address giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advis
...Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co.
...Chattanooga, Tenn.



THE BEST WAY TO
...UTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-W
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
The Through Cars
...this line pass Calera daily,
through Montgomery, Mobile
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...ville Railroad at Clanton, A
...F. Ormore, G. P. A., Louisville

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

IX | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY MARCH 14, 1901 | NO. 21

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Lily, March 4, 1901

Editor Banner.—I see that some one has suggested the name of E. B. Deason as a candidate for the constitutional convention. Now, as I have the advantage of many in regard to my acquaintance with Mr. Deason, I will say that I have known him all his life, knew his parents before him, and am fully prepared to say that he is an honest man, and if you want a man who cannot be pulled around by any dishonest schemer, who will stand to the right though the world be against him, one who has the interests of his county at heart, one who at all times and under all circumstances will be found at his post fighting for the right, and one who cannot be bribed by the money of anyone, one who is not afraid of the slurs and slang of the opposing party, you can take him, for in every sense he is a true, honest, honorable gentleman, and if you want this sort of a man you can send him. R. E. Roper.

A Widow's Love Affair

Receives a setback if she has offensive breath through Constipation, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble but Dr. King's New Life Pills always cure those troubles; clean the system, sweeten the breath, banish headache; best in the world for liver, kidneys and bowels. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

Kincheon, March, 12, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words in regard to a delegate to the forthcoming constitutional convention. I have no chunks to throw at, or harsh remarks to make about, any candidate or prospective candidate, but would like to say a few words in behalf of a man whom I feel assured would, if sent as a delegate to the constitutional convention, conduct and deport himself in a way that would command the respect of the convention and reflect credit upon himself and the people of his county. The man of whom I speak is E. B. Deason. I have known him from childhood up, was daily associated with him in school for two years, and I never in all my life knew him to do anything that was beneath the dignity of a gentleman. I know him to be a man of firm convictions and honest, upright principles, and endowed with remarkable talent and tact.

So, fellow-citizens, let us send him to the convention as a delegate from Chilton. By so doing Chilton will have a representative in the convention in whom they can place the most implicit confidence and sacred trust, and feel assured that he will ever do all in his power for the well-being of the people of his State and county, and will not under any circumstances yield to measures that will be detrimental to the interests of his people. So I will say again, fellow-citizens, let us send him. With due respect to all,

I am most respectfully,
JAMES W. MIMS.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine. For sale by the Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus Verbena.

Clanton, March 9, 1901

Editor Banner.—The Chilton Reflector of March 7 contains this

(continued on 2d col. page 4)

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate to represent Chilton County in the Constitutional Convention, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. H. W. Caffey,

Febr. 12, 1901.

Jemison.

Mrs. A. D. Robinson has been spending a few days with her daughter, at Clanton the past week.

We are glad to say that Mr. W. Howard is able to be out after a severe attack of la grippe.

Mr. J. O. Gentry and family spent Sunday with Mrs. A. D. Robinson.

Mr. H. G. Jefferies of Thorsby spent Sunday in this city.

Mr. O. C. Atkinson has gone home to attend court in Jefferson county.

Camp No. 18 of the Confederate Veterans met last Friday night at Mr. J. H. Patton's and decided to have an entertainment for the purpose of raising money for the same.

Rev. F. M. Woods preached two excellent sermons here last Sunday.

Master Sam Johnson of Pelham entered school here last Monday.

Mr. Jesse Durham would make a good lawyer.

A gun shot and a dog howled; that was old Wheeler.

We take our eggs scrambled now.
CRITIC.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morgantown, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c Satisfaction guaranted by Clanton Drug Co.

Stanton.

Mr. J. F. Gregory attended court at Centreville this week.

Mr. Robert Lester has resigned his position as salesman at W. C. Dyer's, and will leave for St. Louis April 1.

Master Grover Binion got slightly hurt at the furniture shop last Monday evening.

Mr. Claud Fulford was a pleasant visitor in our city Sunday.

We regret to state that Mrs. T. D. Parnell is quite sick yet.

C. W. Plant, of Vick, was with us Sunday.

After paying friends and relatives a lengthy visit, Miss Minnie Lassiter has returned to her home at Plantersville.

Mrs. Gant has been quite sick several days.

Mr. Tom Garner, of Riderville, gave us a call Sunday.

Miss Jessie McGee paid Miss Lura Culver a visit recently.

Mrs. Macon has moved back to Stanton after being in Riderville a short while.
STAN.

Jasmine.

Percy Johnson the jeweler was here last Thursday in our little town.

Mr. L. P. Mills visited Billingsley Saturday evening; there seems to be something attracting his mind down there

Mr J C Sims went to Maplesville Sunday

Miss Donie Wilkins spent Sunday at Pletchers and reports having a nice time

Mr L P Mills went to Maplesville Sunday

Mr R P Kendrick was a pleasent visitor here Monday

Mr Tommie Herrod spent Saturday and Sunday with friends and schoolmates near Kincheon, and reports having a nice time.
UNCLE SAP.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy", says F. P. Morgan, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some house on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Billingsley.

Prof. W. W. Hinton returned from Bewton Sunday, where he attended the South Alabama Educational convention.

Mr. Escoe visited Verbena recently. The saw mill belonging to Messrs. Chamblis & Richardson near here was destroyed by fire last Thursday night.

Miss Bessie Letcher, who has spent some time here with her sister, Mrs. Gandy, returned home last Sunday.

We regret to say that Mr. Edwin Price was on the sick list last week.

Mr. Matthew Thompson went to the capitol city last week.

Mr. Newton Carter, who has been quite sick, is out agoing, we are glad to say.

The Sunday-school is progressing nicely, and as Spring comes we hope to see a larger attendance.
BILL.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, I, Arrie Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, MARCH 18th, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, for cash, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to wit:

Fraction No. 3 of section 12, township 20, north of range 16, east, containing sixty-one and 50-100 acres, situated in Chilton county, Alabama.

ARRIE ROBINSON,
Administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama, Chilton county. | In Probate Court.

Under and by virtue of the mandate of a certain commission issued out of the Probate Court of said county, directed to me, I will proceed to sell for partition and division among Lula M. Day, et al, parties in interest, the following described real estate situated in said county, to-wit:

SW ¼ of Se ¼, Ne ¼ of Sw 1-4, Se 1-4 of Sw 1-4, Sec 5, and Nw 1-4 of Ne 1-4, Sec 4, all in T 21, R 14, and N ½ of Sw 1-4, Sec 33, Tp 22, R 14. Said sale is to be for cash and is to be held on the

15th DAY OF MARCH, 1901.

in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

This, the 27th day of February, 1901.
E. H. ADAMS, Commissioner.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of the Sw ¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 14, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 18th day of February 1901.
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Subscribe for the Banner.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. Skaggs, Jemison, Ala.

EXAMINATION—Prepare for Examination or a Higher Grade Certificate at Jemison Institute. Special eight weeks Review Term will begin April 1, 1901. For particulars, address
J. M. Collier, Jemison, Ala.

SEED POTATOES, 50 cents per bushel. Apply to S. E. Bruce, Clanton.

FOR SALE. A complete entertainment outfit, consisting of 1 Stereoptican, 1 Optograph or moving picture machine, 1 Calcium light apparatus, 1 gas making outfit, 1 set Views Spanish-American war, 5 50 ft. Films for Optograph. All new. Also 1 horse and spring wagon. Full particulars of C. Nally, Randolph, Ala.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. Bice, Thorsby, Ala.

MONEY to Loan on good real estate. Apply to X. Y. Z., care of the Banner, Clanton, Ala.

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is claimed for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth, that it is never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as sharp shooters. Stands unknown of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE,
Montgomery, Ala.

Yellow-Leaf Poultry Farm

THORSBY, ALA.

We breed White Plymouth Rocks and Light Brahmas. A few Cockerells for sale $2 each. Eggs in season.

BARRETT & KERNEN, Props.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high. Full of Life. A Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at

JEMISON, ALA,

this Season.

W. C. EVANS, Proprietor,
JEMISON, ALA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON HULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 26 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 696—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Baptist—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.
F. M. Woods, Pastor.

Methodist — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.
D. F. Ellison, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS,
CLANTON

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Banner office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. Wilson, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: Wallace C. Edler, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock.
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The poor Count and Countess of Castellane must worry along on $200,000 a year. This may mean no vanilla in the ice-cream.

Balloon suicide is declared to be the latest Paris fad. Like all other fads it is perishable. A man no sooner takes it up than he has to drop it.

The Chicago Street Commissioners have declared against brick pavements on the ground that they cannot resist the crushing effect of heavy traffic.

The South African war means heavy cost to Great Britain. But it also means ruin to the hapless burghers whose lands are raided and ravaged by the Boers.

Historical events reported by cable: The German Emperor changed his clothes and the Duke of York has the measles. Does not this repay the toil of Joseph Henry and Cyrus W. Field?

The employment of American coal in Europe for gas and steam purposes has within the last twelve months impressed itself on the industrial world as possessing elements of great possibilities.

That Missouri young man who concluded an eight-year courtship over the telephone wire exposed himself at the last to an allegation of electric sparking. In the years previous he certainly had not been quick as lightning.

It has again been discovered that "blondes are approaching extinction." The original alarmist in this matter was Sir Benjamin Richardson, who wrote about it in England half a century ago and established a theme for subsequent essayists. If the blonde is passing, like the swan, whose death song is its sweetest, she is growing prettiest as she goes.

Giuseppe Verdi's long and splendid career is ended, and the uncrowned king of lyric drama sleeps among the people to whom his life has been a long benediction and artistic inspiration. Through all coming time his immortal music will be cherished among the priceless treasures of art, inspire the emulation of genius and cast its witching spell around the souls of myriads of reverent listeners.

To the student of civilization the increase of certain kinds of crime in the United States is startling. While there is a decrease in brutal crimes, there is a marked increase in crimes involving blackmail, and generally of pecuniary crimes—to coin a phrase—such as embezzlement, forgery, swindling and counterfeiting. Criminals in this country are not only of a high degree of intelligence, but many of them are quite well educated, being graduates of the common schools.

Connecticut, that thrifty State of Yankee notions, which never sold a wooden nutmeg, although in its early days it may possibly have whittled out a few for fun, is about to ship a million and a half pounds of wire for use on electric lines in India. Little brass idols for Hindoo temple worship have been modelled in Birmingham for generations, but it is somewhat startling to learn that New England is called upon to supply trolley wires for the land of Vishnu and Siva. The wheels of the triumphal chariot of the Oriental deity were red with sacrifice in former years. Let us hope that the victims of the modern Juggernaut will never equal in numbers those earlier lists of the slain, remarks the New York Tribune.

Woman's educational progress can be illustrated by a few facts collected by Professor Harris, the National Commissioner of Education. He reports that the high schools of the United States in 1899 graduated 36,124 girls and only 20,344 boys. Between 1872 and 1890 the number of male students in college in proportion to the whole population increased nearly 100 per cent., while the number of female students increased six fold in the same time. Of the sixty foremost colleges and universities in the country, all but nine confer degrees on women. Every college founded since the war is open to students of both sexes. Only three State colleges in the Union, those of Virginia, Georgia and Louisiana, exclude girl students. Practically all the schools in the country below the high school grade are in the hands of women teachers and eighty per cent. of the teachers in the high schools of New England are of the gentler sex.

It pays to advertise.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT GORDO.

What the Legislature Did for the Public Schools.

ARE AFTER WATERWORKS.

Carnegie Gives $50,000 for a Library--Endeavorers Will Hold a State Convention.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Gordo Loses Half Its Business Houses—Damage of $20,000.

At 9 o'clock Thursday night the prosperous little city of Gordo, located on the Mobile and Ohio road, had a very disastrous fire, destroying half the business portion of the town.

O. D. Graham & Co., John Kirk & Co., druggists, Carver & Son, W. R. Gilbert, J. D. H. Glass, general merchandise; A. H. Cole, dry goods and millinery; A. T. Ezell, postoffice and confectionery; J. H. Propst, general merchandise, were all badly damaged.

The estimated loss is $20,000, with one-fourth insurance.

But for the heroic efforts of the citizens and freight train No. 73, which stopped and rendered valuable assistance by supplying water, almost the entire city would have been in ruins.

The origin of the fire was in John Kirk & Co.'s drug store, supposed to have caught by a stove flue.

What the Legislature Did for the Schools.

Speaking to a newspaper reporter recently of what the legislature did for the schools, Representative Gunnells, who is chief clerk in the department of education, said:

"The friends of the public schools are very well satisfied with the action of the legislature. They usually got from it all for which they asked.

"In the first place, the general appropriation for school purposes was increased one hundred thousand dollars. The increased facilities guaranteed to the normal schools was an important and a necessary measure. The normal schools are at the head of the public school system, and whatever benefits them, benefits the common schools. The uniform examination was amended in several important details. I think we now have the best examination law in the union.

"The law to increase the public school term to five months and to make the schools absolutely free for that time, was the most important one created by the legislature. This law is preeminently one for the benefit of the people. It kills the 'pay school' and makes the public schools of the state what they should be, absolutely free.

New Knitting Mill.

The Rosenau Hosiery Mills, for the manufacture of seamless hoisery and other textiles, has been incorporated in Tuskaloosa. The capital stock is $50,000 and is already paid in. The machinery for the mill has been ordered and the president states that he expects the mill to be in operation within six weeks. At a meeting Friday the following directors were elected: D. L. Rosenau, Tuskaloosa; J. Pollok, Mobile; L. Black, Cleveland; Gus Lurie, New York; M. D. Rosenau, Tuskaloosa. The following officers were elected: D. L. Rosenau, president; M. D. Rosenau, treasurer. A superintendent for the mills is yet to be selected. A majority of the stock of this mill is held by Tuskaloosa parties.

Grand Chapter of the Evening Star Instituted.

Wednesday night, in Birmingham, Mrs. Harriet E. Ewing, of Boston, Grand Matron of the General Grand Chapter of the United States, instituted the Grand Chapter of Alabama, Order of the Eastern Star. The institution of the chapter was preceded by an able address from Mrs. Ewing on the objects and aims of the order.

The annual meetings of the state body will be held in November. The first annual meeting will take place in Jasper, Ala., next November.

New Savings Bank.

A new savings bank, namely the Birmingham District Savings Bank, will open in a few days in the block on Nineteenth street, between Second and Third avenues, Birmingham. W. J. Dangaix will be president and George Reynolds cashier. J. A. Van Hoose will be vice-president. The bank has a capitalization of $50,000, and will be a savings institution strictly so-called.

Many Alabama Towns After Waterworks Systems.

One of the evidences of advancement that is peculiar to no section of the state is the effort to secure water works, and as a consequence better fire protection and a lower rate of insurance. Several towns have secured authority to issue bonds for this purpose and others are arranging betterments in the line of such advantages.

Prominent among these places is Talladega. There the question of the city owning the water and light plants arose because of alleged failure on the part of the water company to comply with contracts. To settle the dispute an agreement of sale was reached and the municipality has just come into possession of the property of the water company, which includes also the gas plant. The city, therefore, becomes the purveyor of light as well as water to the community.

The cost of the plants, for there are two, was $45,701.43, and the deeds of conveyance, etc., bore revenue stamps to the amount of $46. As the council issued $50,000 of bonds, a surplus is left to be used in improving the facilities and equipment.

Selma comes along too, and joins the procession. It is thought by many that the protection offered the town could be greatly augmented if the city owned the water works, and, on a majority vote of the property owners, it was decided that the purchase should be made by the council. So far, however, this has not been done, but it is understood that the new board will make the purchase and improve the system.

Florence is getting things arranged for water works, and Tuscumbia is to move soon in the same direction, it is said. Clayton has been given authority to issue bonds for the same purpose and ex-Sheriff Vance at Centerville has petitioned the city council of that town to be allowed to erect such an enterprise, with an electric light attachment. Numbers of other places are also urging the same kind of utilities.

Grading Work.

Within a few weeks from now the Louisville and Nashville railroad will begin the work of grading the track of Pensacola and Selma division of that road from Sardis to Selma. When the road is graded to the river work will be commenced upon putting up a bridge across the Alabama river about a mile above Selma. The bridge will be, according to the statement of the Louisville and Nashville officials, a magnificent and exceedingly strong structure, capable of holding up the road's heaviest engines and trains.

State Convention.

The State Convention of the Christian Endeavor Society will be held in Montgomery April 26–28, and already many local societies are preparing for it. It is probable that nearly every society in the state will be represented and some by large delegations. It is probable that a car load of delegates will go from Birmingham.

For a Library.

Recently Mr. Carnegie offered Montgomery $50,000 for a public library building if the city would provide a site and $5,000 a year for support. The last legislature granted permission for the city to make an appropriation, and the city council has unanimously accepted Mr. Carnegie's offer.

Bank notes issued by the First National Bank of Greensboro, with the signature of L. M. Otts, president, and J. M. P. Otts, cashier, are in circulation. The bank went into business in February with a capital stock of $25,000 and is doing a good business.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson, United States Navy, is expected to arrive in Greensboro on the morning of the 15th from New York. While there he will be presented with the silver service which was bought by the committee headed by Mrs. M. G. Pickens and contributed to by admirers in every State. It is planned to have Governor Samford make the presentation speech at the opera house on March 19.

Seventeen white men were, last week, sentenced to ninety days apiece in the mines for walkin railroad tracks in Butler county.

In New Quarters.

The office force of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company have moved into their new office building on Alabama avenue and Twenty-fourth street, Bessemer. The building is not quite completed, but will be shortly. Furnaces Nos. 1 and 2 are running on full time and getting out 130 tons of pig iron every twenty-four hours.

DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

Several States Visited by Storms Saturday.

MANY KILLED AND WOUNDED

Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

Willspoint, Tex., March 9.—At 11 o'clock this morning a terrible cyclone swept through the western part of this city, demolishing everything in its track. Eight persons are known to have been killed and at least twenty more are severely injured. Fourteen dwelling houses, the public school building, cotton oil mills, a large gin plant and several business houses are in splinters. The path of the cyclone was about three hundred feet wide, and it burst from a lowering cloud like a clap of thunder, leaving misery and desolation in its wake. Wires were blown off the poles, fences were leveled and the air was filled with dying debris. A freight car was blown from the track and is a total wreck. Household utensils are strewn as far as the eye can reach and mark the path of destruction left by the tornado. Property loss is $75,000, which is a conservative estimate.

At Chicago.

Chicago, March 10.—One of the worst wind storms of the season struck Chicago early today and during the hours that it was at its height damaged property throughout the city to the extent of $175,000. Many heavy plate glass windows were blown in. Telegraphic and telephone companies were the worst sufferers, and it will be some time before order can be restored. Thousands of poles were blown down and Chicago was practically isolated from the west and Northwest by telephone and telegraph. The long distance telephone service was crippled so badly that it was of little value. The storm is belived to have been most severe in southern Wisconsin. Along a short stretch of the Milwaukee road in southern Wisconsin 500 telegraph poles are down. Reports from many points in Indiana and Kentucky also indicate heavy damage from the storm.

Cloudburst Does Great Damage at Owensboro.

Owensboro, Ky., March 10.—A cloudburst here last night did great damage. The sewer well at Main and Davies streets burst and a torrent of water poured into the opening and the streets were torn up for some distance about fifty feet in diameter and trenty-five feet deep. A large water main was undermined and broke in two and this added to the fury of the waters, poured into the large opening, created a roar like a big waterfall. Davies and Main streets were undermined for many yards, there being only a top crust of macadam and underneath the appearance of a mammoth stream of water.

Three Persons Killed at Forest City.

Forest City, Ark., March 10.—Three persons were killed in this vicinity last night by the tornado. Four miles west of the city Pinky Wilson and her infant child were killed, and in the same neighborhood sixteen houses and miles of fences and many trees were leveled to the ground. In Johnson township the cyclone literally lifted the house of J. A. Wil[illegible] n its foundation and shattered it to [illegible]ments, killing Wiley and seriously injuring his wife and stepson, Bob Allen.

At New Boston.

Houston, Tex., March 9.—Reports from New Boston, Tex., indicate that no lives were lost in the storm there this afternoon, but five people were seriously injured. During the storm at Texarkana the residence of Mrs. Poole at College Hill was blown down and Mrs. Poole was seriously injured.

Struck Texarkana.

Texarkana, Ark., March 9.—A storm having the fury of a tornado swept over the eastern part of this county today. It is reported that many buildings were destroyed and several lives lost. Wire connections with the stricken district is interrupted.

Sporting Brevities.

Automobilists want speed limit in cities and towns made ten miles an hour.

Brown's University hockey team has defeated Princeton's by three goals to nothing.

The National League baseball season will open on April 18 and close on October 6.

The American League has decided that no club shall carry more than fourteen players this season.

In the interstate live bird shoot between New York and New Jersey the former team won by 303 to 302.

Heavy Rain Storm.

A heavy rain, wind and thunder storm, accompanied by lightning, visited Arkansas Saturday, being an accompaniment of the Texas storm. Little Rock suffered very little and that only from the rain.

At Van Buren lightning struck the residence of James Morrell, rendering his wife unconscious. A 13-year-old boy was knocked down in the street.

At Conway fifteen business houses were unroofed and three others blown down, many of the stores being flooded.

Reports from Pine Prairie, five miles from Ashdown, say that a cyclone struck there, wrecking everything in its path. A boy, the son of Mr. Turner, was killed.

Terrific Storm at Fulton.

Fulton, Ky., March 10.—A terrific storm swept this section last night. The damage at Clinton and Hickman was heaviest. At Clinton twenty negro cabins were demolished and a score of negroes hurt. Two negroes were mortally hurt and many others badly bruised and mashed. Part of Marvin College was unroofed and the waterworks destroyed. Eight freight cars on the Illinois switch at the depot at Clinton were blown from the track. The Baptist church at Hickman was destroyed by the wind. A large number of tenant houses and barns were blown down in Fulton and Hickman counties, and the loss of property is large.

In Northwest Texas.

Houston, Tex., March 10.—News of the storm of Saturday is now coming from northeast Texas. The casualties were small considering the scope of the territory covered. There are four dead and five believed to be dying at Wills Point, where the property loss will reach $100,000. Five were badly hurt at New Boston, but none fatally. The property loss there will reach $75,000. At Blossom no one was seriously injured, but the damage was great. At and near Emery, in Rains county, one man was killed and several persons were hurt, two seriously. The damage to property was heavy.

Storm at Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., March 10.—A storm struck the neighborhood of Maxson's mill last night and upturned three houses filled with negroes. Twenty stables were blown down and many horses killed. Tobacco barns were razed and their contents blown away. The Catholic, Cumberland, Presbyterian and the Baptist churches were destroyed. Loss, $50,000.

Whole Family Injured.

Emery, Tex., March 10.—The storm which passed over Willspoint yesterday killed one man near the Sabine River. In Raines, Mrs. Miller was seriously injured and W. T. Lewis and his entire family of six were injured, two fatally. Lewis' house was completely destroyed and the buildings of Messrs. Miller and Foreman, Holder, Buchanan and Cochran were badly damaged.

Wrought Havoc in Arkansas.

Paragould, Ark., March 10.—Last night's storm wrought havoc in Green county, and three fatalities are reported. At Rockhill, Mrs. Millie Davis and a 13-year-old boy named Osmar Roberts were killed by falling timbers. At Jackson commissary, twelve miles west of Paragould, Charles Billing, a young business man, was killed by the roof of his house falling on him. Several persons are reported injured.

Three Men and 76 Head of Horses Burned to Death.

San Francisco, March 10.—Three men—Charles White, Charles Young and R. E. Jameson, with seventy-six head of horses, burned to death today in the destruction of Morton's livery stable. The men, who were employed in the stable, were asleep in the hayloft.

Sunday morning in Kalamazoo, Mich., a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kastead and a son to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kastead. Both babies weighed exactly twelve pounds and both babies were born in the same house at exactly the same hour. The fathers are twins, as are also the mothers, and the couples were married a year ago last November and have lived together as one family.

The carpenters' union of Toledo, Ohio., with a membership of 1000, have made a demand for 30 cents per hour and an eight hour day. They announce that the new schedule must go into effect May 1 or they will strike.

Fire Sunday morning destroyed the College of Medicine and literary buildings at the University of Iowa. The loss is not less than $250,000.

GENERAL BOTHA WILLING TO [illegible]

He Accepted a Pro[illegible] Armistice.

YIELDS TO HIS WIFE'S P[illegible]

Dewet and Steyn, Ho[illegible] Yet Anxious to Stop H[illegible]ities Just Yet.

A London special says: [illegible] Kitchener has granted [illegible] a seven days' armistice [illegible] to confer with the other [illegible]

A special dispatch [illegible] dated Friday, says Genera[illegible] and General Botha had a [illegible] ference on Gun Hill F[illegible] General Botha was alone [illegible] Kitchener was accompanie[illegible] retary.

The Daily Chronicle [illegible] the armistice at Pretoria, [illegible]

"The untiring agent [illegible] about the negotiations was M[illegible] who was deeply affected by the [illegible] less plight of the Boers.

"The meeting of February [illegible] limited to General Botha [illegible] know Lord Kitchener's terms [illegible] Kitchener replied that a [illegible] nesty would be granted to [illegible] surrendered, as well as to [illegible] ers, except those Cape [illegible] being British subjects, but [illegible] fomented Boer resistance [illegible] Dewet and Mr. Steyn were [illegible] expressly excluded from the [illegible]

"Lord Kitchener further [illegible] that if peace were concluded [illegible] ernment would assist in rebu[illegible] farmhouses and other buildings [illegible] stroyed under military [illegible] would reinstate the lawful owners [illegible] would help them stock their [illegible] Those guilty of acts of treachery [illegible] be excluded from the benefits.

"General Botha appeared to be [illegible] isfied with the conditions [illegible] armistice being arranged. He [illegible] ceeded to consult his officers [illegible] majority of whom accepted the [illegible]

"Dewet and Steyn both re[illegible] irreconcilable. They decline[illegible] terms, Dewet adding that on [illegible] the war had become one of [illegible] and he intended to do all the [illegible] he could.

"It is possible that the [illegible] mistice of a week has been [illegible] It is believed that the remar[illegible] General Botha's officers have [illegible] been won around and that he [illegible] to make formal submission to [illegible] Kitchener March 11th, when [illegible] will surrender to General Fre[illegible]

"According to our informa[illegible] Kitchener's dispositions ma[illegible] speedy capture of General [illegible] forces quite certain. General [illegible] frankly accepted the situation [illegible] treated by Lord Kitchener at [illegible] terviews with the greatest [illegible] ation."

"The negotiations between [illegible] Kitchener and General Both[illegible] abeyance," says the Pretoria [illegible] pondent of The Times, writing [illegible] nesday, "pending an answer f[illegible] British government."

Dispatches from Amsterdam [illegible] Brussels say that Mr. Kruger's [illegible] age continues to profess igno[illegible] the existence of negotiations [illegible] that General Botha cannot act [illegible] Orange Free State and that, [illegible] case, no terms are possible [illegible] Lord Kitchener is prepared to [illegible] independence.

Lord Kitchener reporting [illegible] date of March 7th, says:

"The Boers failed in their [illegible] mined attack upon Lichtenburg [illegible] losses, besides the two officers [illegible] ously reported, were fourteen [illegible] killed and twenty wounded. [illegible] General Celliers was killed.

"French reports further cap[illegible] a fourteen pounder Creusot, [illegible] riage and limber complete, [illegible] Hotchkiss, making a total [illegible] guns. The total number of [illegible] known to have been placed [illegible] combat since the eastern op[illegible] began is 979."

Adding to his last report [illegible] Kitchener states that 169 rifles [illegible] pounds of ammunition, 183 [illegible] 1,240 trek oxen, 3,920 cattle [illegible] sheep, 100 wagons and carts [illegible] quantities of forage have been [illegible] tured without casualties in Gr[illegible] ony.

Troops Depart.

The squadron of the Fifth [illegible] stationed at Fort Meyer, [illegible] Sunday afternoon for San F[illegible] en route for the Philippines [illegible] sail on the transport Meade [illegible] March 18. The second is made [illegible] troops L. K. and M. and [illegible] mand of Colonel Rafferty.

A sealed verdict was returned [illegible] day against Carrie Nation [illegible] Wilhelt, Lucy Williams [illegible] Muntz, charged with wr[illegible] saloon in Wichita, Kas., on [illegible] 21st.

Cuba is Quiet.

The latest advices from [illegible] Wood, so far as divulged, are [illegible] effect that affairs are quiet [illegible] and that the constitutional [illegible] tion is giving careful consi[illegible] the declarations of congress [illegible] to the future relations betw[illegible] and the United States [illegible] stated at the war department [illegible] that there is no purpose of [illegible] the military force of Cuba.

[illegible]ILL ARP'S LETTER

[illegible]ter Man "Dissects" Book Written By a Negro.

[illegible]CTS SOME SPICY COMMENTS

[illegible] Son of Ham Declares There [illegible] No Good in the Negro" and [illegible] William Agrees With Him

The race problem has bobbed up [illegible] at the north. The Hon William [illegible] Thomas out Herald Herald [illegible] demonstration of the negro, and [illegible] The New York Sun seems to indorse [illegible] Thomas is a negro freedmen [illegible] but came down to South Carolina [illegible] served in the carpetbag legislature [illegible] the reconstruction period and [illegible] afterwards held judicial office and says [illegible] preface to his book that he has [illegible] studying the negro for thirty [illegible] and is more and more confirmed [illegible] opinion that there is no good in [illegible] neither socially, morally, indus[illegible] or politically. His remarkable [illegible] has recently issued from the well [illegible] press of the Macmillan Co., in [illegible] York, and The New York Sun [illegible] a good part of a page in re[illegible] it

[illegible] author says the race is slowly [illegible] surely degenerating—that the [illegible] is by nature a savage with an [illegible] ferocity and knows no such [illegible] as mercy—that he is a beast [illegible] domestic relations and will sell [illegible] virtue of his wife or his daughters [illegible] no social position among his [illegible] or in his church. That the [illegible] preachers are the worst of the [illegible] They stalk into negro sanc[illegible] overshadow the pews, invade [illegible] recesses of domestic life and de[illegible] the family and yoke virgin inno[illegible] with brazen guilt. That the [illegible] churches are debauching ren[illegible] That negro religion is [illegible] and worthless to reform or r[illegible] late upon, and the most heinous [illegible] are committed by those who [illegible] and write and are members of [illegible] churches.

[illegible] says that the negro is a brute in [illegible] commission of crime and is a [illegible] coward after it is committed. [illegible] hen caught and punished he [illegible] himself a martyr, and if he es[illegible] the gallows would repeat his [illegible] with no sense of wrong do[illegible] He has no conception of virtue [illegible] th, no fear of hell or damnation. [illegible] with the hangman's rope around [illegible] ck is going straight to heaven. [illegible] uthor mildly condemns lynching [illegible] rtain outrages, not because it is [illegible] or illegal, but because it does [illegible] ter other negroes from sim[illegible] outrages. He says, however, [illegible] he has not yet found that an in[illegible] t man has ever been lynched. [illegible] advocates force as the only practi[illegible] remedy for the negro—force—con[illegible] subjection to the white race, not [illegible] state of slavery as before the war, [illegible] mode of fear and obedience.

[illegible] goes still farther and suggests [illegible] extermination of the inferior ele[illegible] of the race because it is better [illegible] individual extermination than [illegible] extinction. But space forbids [illegible] of these anthemas and the won[illegible] that the book was written by a [illegible] of the [illegible] publishing house would chaperon it [illegible] northern people and that, a [illegible] earlier, to be had been for [illegible] and years lampooning the south [illegible] people about the negro, should [illegible] give this book his quadrupedorsa[illegible]

[illegible] what does all this mean? We [illegible] that they did not love the negro [illegible] Aaron and Pana, nor in the slums [illegible] New York city, but we think the [illegible] still safe in the sanctum sanctorum [illegible] of Republican editors. What is [illegible] and this new departure? [illegible] agent has recently been to our [illegible] distributing sensational circulars [illegible] a new book just issued [illegible] in which the author asserts that [illegible] negro is a beast and he cries to [illegible] it by the Bible as well as by [illegible] This book is [illegible] rival of the former book called [illegible] and published about [illegible] ago. It is refreshing to [illegible] pounds of ammunition, 183 [illegible] 1,240 trek oxen, 3,920 cattle [illegible] sheep, 100 wagons and carts [illegible] quantities of forage have been [illegible] tured without casualties in Gr[illegible] ony.

[illegible] of numerous preachers [illegible] professors. One preacher up [illegible] says that if it had been written [illegible] years ago there would have been [illegible] civil war, for their people would [illegible] have fought for the freedom of a [illegible] of beasts.

[illegible] then again I see in a recent edito[illegible] in a Republican paper an evident [illegible] weakness and reaction about the [illegible] and the editor asks, "Can it be [illegible] ible that the two hundred millions [illegible] money sent by the northern states [illegible] southern negro has all been wast[illegible] Apologies are now in order. In [illegible] tion to all this it has been asserted [illegible] those who know that Mr. McKinley [illegible] changed front and that no ne[illegible] from will be appointed to office. Is [illegible] north about to abandon the negro [illegible] turn him over to the mercy of his [illegible] former masters? If so, the negro will [illegible] the gainer, and so will the south. [illegible] it is all we have asked for all these [illegible]—just to be let alone.

[illegible] they were our negroes before the [illegible] and they are our negroes yet. We [illegible] t give them offices or allow them [illegible] on our juries, nor ride in our [illegible] hotels, nor lodging in our hotels [illegible] take pews in our churches, and [illegible] for northern interference that [illegible] ld not have been allowed to vote [illegible] er state in national or municipal [illegible] but we pay them for their labor [illegible] give them a fair education. The [illegible] four of blocking our northern [illegible] ds the whipping post would have [illegible] since been the force that Thomas [illegible] must be used and then the 8,000

ENERAL BOTHA WILLING TO [illegible]

e Accepted a Profl[illegible] Armistice.

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[illegible]vet and Steyn, However, Yet Anxious to Stop Hos[illegible] ities Just Yet.

[illegible] special says: [illegible] has granted General [illegible] armistice to enable [illegible] other generals [illegible] dispatch from Pr[illegible] says General Kit[illegible] a lengthy [illegible] Hill Friday mo[illegible] a manifesto and [illegible] signed by [illegible]

[illegible] Colonies, refer[illegible] Boers, says: [illegible] agent in bri[illegible] was Mrs. [illegible] by the [illegible] of the Boers.

[illegible] February 27th [illegible] requ[illegible] terms.

[illegible] general [illegible] granted to all [illegible] as well as to all p[illegible] Cape Dutch, [illegible] British subjects, had s[illegible] Boer resistance. G[illegible] and Mr Steyn were, how[illegible] expressly excluded from the am[illegible] Lord Kitchener further pro[illegible] of peace were concluded the [illegible] would assist in rebuildi[illegible] houses and other buildings [illegible] under military exig[illegible] will reinstate the lawful owners [illegible] help them stock their f[illegible] the gunity of acts of treachery [illegible] excluded from the benefits.

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It is possible that the origin[illegible] tice of a week has been ext[illegible] believed that the remains [illegible] eral Botha's officers have [illegible] won around and that he is [illegible] make formal submission to [illegible] chener March 11th, when his [illegible] surrender to General French [illegible] According to our information [illegible] chener's dispositions made [illegible] edy capture of General B[illegible] es quite certain. General B[illegible] rally accepted the situation st[illegible] ted by Lord Kitchener at b[illegible] iews with the greatest co[illegible]

The negotiations between [illegible] chener and General Botha [illegible] vance, says the Pretoria c[illegible] dent of The Times, writing [illegible] day, "pending an answer fr[illegible] tish government."

Dispatches from Amsterdam [illegible] cials say that Mr. Kruger's [illegible] continues to profess ignora[illegible] existence of negotiations de[illegible] General Botha cannot act [illegible] ange Free State and that, i[illegible] no terms are possible [illegible] Kitchener is prepared to d[illegible] pendence.

Lord Kitchener reporting [illegible] of March 7th, says:

The Boers failed in their [illegible] attack upon Lichtenburg [illegible] es, besides the two officers [illegible] ly reported, were fourteen [illegible] ed and twenty wounded. Th[illegible] neral Celliers was killed.

French reports further capt[illegible] fourteen pounder Creusot, wi[illegible] ge and limber complete, w[illegible] tchkiss, making a total of [illegible] s. The total number of [illegible] own to have been placed h[illegible] hat since the eastern ope[illegible] gan is 979.

Adding to his last report, [illegible] chener states that 169 rifles, [illegible] nds of ammunition, 183 [illegible] 40 trek oxen, 3,920 cattle, [illegible] eep, 100 wagons and carts a[illegible] antities of forage have be[illegible] ed without casualties in C[illegible] y.

Troops Depart.

The squadron of the Fifth C[illegible] tioned at Fort Meyer, V[illegible] nd-y afternoon for San Fr[illegible] route for the Philippines. [illegible] on the transport Meade [illegible] arch 18. The second is ma[illegible] ops L. K. and M. and is [illegible] nd of Colonel Rafferty.

A sealed verdict was returne[illegible] y against Carrie Nation, [illegible] lheit, Lucy Williams a[illegible] hutz, charged with wre[illegible] oon in Wichita, Kas., on [illegible] st.

Cuba is Quiet.

The latest advices from [illegible] ood, so far as divulged, are [illegible] ect that affairs are quiet [illegible] d that the constitutional [illegible] n is giving careful consider[illegible] declarations of congress [illegible] the future relations betwe[illegible] d the United States. [illegible] ted at the war department [illegible] at there is no purpose of in[illegible] e military force of Cuba.

LL ARP'S LETTER

[illegible]tow Man "Dissects" Book Written By a Negro.

[illegible]CTS SOME SPICY COMMENTS

[illegible] Sure Son of Ham Declares Thoth [illegible]te No Good in the Negro" and [illegible] William Agrees With Him.

[illegible]he race problem has bobbed up [illegible] at the north. The Hon. William [illegible]lon Thomas cut Herods Herod [illegible] denunciation of the negro, and [illegible] New York Sun seems to indorse [illegible] Thomas is a negro freeborn in [illegible], but came down to South Carolina [illegible] served in the carpetbag legislature [illegible]ng the reconstruction period and [illegible]wards held judicial office and says [illegible] preface to his book that he has [illegible] studying the negro for thirty [illegible]rs and is more and more confirmed [illegible] his opinion that there is no good in [illegible]—neither socially, morally, indus[illegible]rially or politically. His remarkable [illegible]k has recently issued from the well [illegible]own press of the Macmillan Co., in [illegible] York, and The New York Sun [illegible]otes a good part of a page in re[illegible]wing it.

[illegible]he author says the race is slowly [illegible] surely degenerating—that the [illegible]gro is by nature a savage with an [illegible]ath ferocity and knows no such [illegible]tion as mercy, that he is a beast [illegible] his domestic relations and will sell [illegible] virtue of his wife or his daughters [illegible] lose no social position among his [illegible]pe[illegible]rs in his church. That the [illegible]gro preachers are the worst of the [illegible]. They stalk into negro sanc[illegible]aries, overshadow the pews, invade [illegible] privacy of domestic life and de[illegible] the family and yoke virgin inno[illegible]ce with brazen guilt. That the [illegible]gro churches are debauching ren[illegible]gions. That negro religion is a [illegible] and worthless to reform or r[illegible]generate them, and the most heinous [illegible]mes are committed by those who [illegible] and write and are members of [illegible]gro churches.

He says that the negro is a brute in [illegible] commission of crime and is a [illegible]ven coward after it is committed, [illegible] when caught and punished be[illegible] himself a martyr, and if he es[illegible]pes the gallows would repeat his [illegible]me with no sense of wrong do[illegible]. He has no conception of virtue [illegible] truth, no fear of hell or damnation, [illegible] with the hangman's rope around [illegible] neck is going straight to heaven. [illegible] author mildly condemns lynching [illegible] certain outrages, not because it is a [illegible]el or illegal, but because it does [illegible] deter other negroes from sim[illegible] outrages. He says, however, [illegible] he has not yet found that an in[illegible]cent man has ever been lynched, [illegible] advocates force as the only practi[illegible] remedy for the negro—force—con[illegible] subjection to the white race, not [illegible] a state of slavery as before the war, [illegible] to one of fear and obedience.

He goes still farther and suggests [illegible] extermination of the inferior ele[illegible]nts of the race because it is better [illegible] have individual extermination than [illegible]e extinction. But space forbids [illegible]re of these anathemas and the won[illegible] is that the book was written by a [illegible]gro of the north and that a reputable [illegible]blishing house would chaperon it [illegible]fore northern people and that, a [illegible]thern editor, who has been for [illegible]ars and years lampooning the south[illegible]n people about the negro, should [illegible]w giv, this book his qualified endorse[illegible]nt.

What does all this mean? We [illegible]ew that they did not love the negro [illegible] Akron and Pana, nor in the slums [illegible] New York city, but we thought the [illegible] was still safe in the sanctum sanctorum [illegible] Republican editors. What is [illegible]hind this new departure? [illegible]

An agent has recently been to our [illegible]wn distributing sensational circulars [illegible]out a new book just issued by Sil[illegible]ais in which the author asserts that [illegible] negro is a beast and he tries to [illegible]ove it by the Bible as well as by [illegible]ientific research. This book is but [illegible] revival of the former book called [illegible] Ariel," and published about thirty [illegible]ars ago. It is refreshing to old [illegible]ras, but seems to be a brand new [illegible]octrine up north and has the influence [illegible]ent of numerous preachers and sect[illegible]ge professors. One preacher up in [illegible]aine says that if it had been written [illegible]rty years ago there would have been [illegible] civil war, for their people would [illegible]ve fought for the freedom of a [illegible]t of beasts.

Then again I see in a recent edito[illegible]al in a Republican paper an evident [illegible] weakness and reaction about the [illegible]gro and the editor asks, "Can it be [illegible]ossible that the two hundred millions [illegible] money cast by the north to liberate [illegible]e southern negro has all been wast[illegible]d?" Apologies are now in order. In [illegible]addition to all this it has been asserted [illegible]y those who know that Mr. McKinley [illegible]as changed front and that no more [illegible]egroes will be appointed to office. Is [illegible]e north about to abandon the negro [illegible]nd return over to the mercy of his [illegible]ormer masters? If so, the negro will [illegible] the gainer, and so will the south. [illegible]hat is all we have asked for all these [illegible]ears—just to be let alone.

They were our negroes before the [illegible]ar and they are our negroes yet. We [illegible]on't give them offices or allow them [illegible] sit on our juries, nor ride in our [illegible]ars, nor find lodging in our hotels [illegible]or take pews in our churches, and [illegible]at for northern interference they [illegible]ould not have been allowed to vote, [illegible]ither state or national or munici[illegible]al, but we pay them for their labor [illegible]nd give them a fair education. But [illegible]r fear of shocking our northern [illegible]riends the whipping post would have [illegible]ong since been the force that Thomas [illegible]ays must be used and then the 5,000 that are in the state and county chaingangs of Georgia would have been reduced to 500 or a less number.

A bad negro who fears not God nor regards man, cares not a great deal for the gallows and less for the chaingang, and nothing for a term in jail, but he does dread a good whipping. We old masters all remember that. One good whipping will last a negro for years. The chaingang effects no reform and does not last six months. But the average negro does not need corporal punishment often; he needs a boss.

Thomas is right when he declares that they are getting worse instead of better, especially in the towns and cities. Read the Atlanta papers and ask the Atlanta police. Ask Judge Broyles to compare the records of his court. Ask the judge and solicitor of any court. They are growing worse everywhere, except on the farms and plantations, where they are controlled by landlords, who are nearly as much their masters as in the olden times. If they don't use physical force they exercise a will power that exacts the utmost obedience. The landlord is the boss.

Thomas is right when he asserts that they have no conception of domestic virtue and morality. They seldom marry according to law, but just take up and quit when they feel like it.

There are more negro children in this town and every other town who are born out of wedlock than those who are born in it. Neither man nor wife nor church member loses caste for notorious infidelity to the marriage relation. As Thomas says most of the preachers are on that line. Eight negro preachers are now in our state chaingang and as many more in the county gangs. I asked a negro the other day what they turned their preacher off for, and he said, "it were for some oureglarities." Some of our negro school teachers get the same reputation and have to step down and out. We had one here a few years ago who was highly educated and wrote a beautiful letter, but he got to kidnaping little things and ran away in the night and didn't stop until he got to Africa and was made a bishop.

But Thomas does not tell us how to exterminate them, nor where to draw the line between the inferior classes and those who shall be allowed to live and multiply. He exhausts his indignation without defining the mode and manner of the remedy. I suppose we might transport the men and boys over to the Philippines and turn the army loose upon them, but that would be expensive, or we might drive them out west and let them starve to death or be killed off by the Indians. Any way would satisfy Thomas if it exterminated all the bad ones. We are doing reasonably well on that line, for besides lynchings for the usual crime, which I hope will be kept up diligently, we have retired about 5,000 to private life in the chaingangs of Georgia, and 15,000 more in other southern states. That amounts to a partial extermination and is better, for we get their labor during the process.

We ought to take up every trifling vagabond and send him there, for idleness is the parent of vice and crime. If he had done something send him for doing it and if he hadent done anything then send him for doing nothing. And as for those snatch thieves who are prowling and robbing the ladies of Atlanta I wouldent send them to the chaingang until they had been whipped once a week for a month. Force is the thing—the force of a cowhide on the naked skin. That is the remedy for black and white in Delaware, and neither a snatch thief nor a bank robber dares to stop in the state. They hurry through to another state where there is no whipping post. Until we get a legislature that has got wisdom and moral courage enough to exterminate the dogs and protect the sheep they will re-establish the whipping post.

But about the Beasty book that says the negro has no soul. I suppose it was manufactured to sell and fool somebody. As my nigger Bob once said to Nathan Freeman: "Effen a white man got a soul and a nigger haint got no soul how about a mellater?" That is a conundrum. And how about the Indians and Chinese and Cubans and the Arabs? How much coloring does it take to germinate a soul? How about such high-minded philanthropic negroes as Booker Washington, President Council, Bishop Gaines, Bishop Turner and the bishop of Louisiana, who are doing their utmost to reform their race? I had rather risk them and many other good negroes for souls and salvation than many a white man I know. How about my faithful Tip, who was born and raised in our family and has been loyal and true to his mistress and her children all these years, and how about old time servants in almost every family who owned negroes and whose devotion never died when freedom came?

No. Let Nelson and Company write books to pervert the north and make money for themselves, but let us alone our negroes alone. Just keep hands off and we will manage them. We need them in our fields and furnaces and mines and on our railroads. Just for their labor as slaves the south would have been fifty years behind in the clearing of our forests, building our railroads and developing our mineral resources. But for them the south would be inundated with a horde of foreigners who bring with them all sorts of isms and religions and strikes. The negro has his faults, but his presence will keep immigrants away it will be a blessing. It is still the destiny of the south to perpetuate an uncontaminated white race who will save the republic from anarchy and ruin or from imperialism.

P. S.—We read that extermination has begun at Terre Haute and Indianapolis. I hope Hannibal is happy.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Brutes leave ingratitude to man.—Colton.

Discretion in speech is more than eloquence.—Bacon.

They that know no evil will suspect none.—Ben Jonson.

The root of all discontent is self-love.—J. F. Clarke.

No man is happy who does not think himself so.—Marcus Antonius.

Delicacy is to the affections what grace is to beauty.—Degerando.

He that takes time to resolve gives leisure to deny, and warning to prepare.—Quarles.

When desperate ills demand a speedy cure, distrust is cowardice, and prudence folly.—Johnson.

A word of kindness is seldom spoken in vain, while witty sayings are as easily lost as the pearls slipping from a broken string.—Prentice.

There is a deportment which suits the figure and talents of each person; it is always lost when we quit it to assume that of another.—Rousseau.

Persons extremely reserved and diffident are like the old enameled watches, which had painted covers that hindered you from seeing what time it was.—Walpole.

WHERE POLITENESS COUNTED.

Courteous Conductor Receives Good Position Through Trifling Action.

"It's astonishing how few people realize the value of politeness," said a gentleman today, in speaking of the opportunities for young men.

"I come into town every day on the Ellicott City cars," continued the gentleman, "and usually at the same hour every day. It seems to me that the conductors on that line are, as a rule, very courteous and accommodating, but there are a few exceptions. For several months a very pleasant young man was in charge of the car I used in the morning, but after New Year's day I missed him, and upon inquiring for him found he had left the road. His politeness had secured him a better position.

"It seems that during the brisk shopping times just before the holidays this conductor had as a surburban passenger one rainy day a lady who was encumbered with a number of parcels and an umbrella. When the car arrived at the lady's stopping place the conductor sprang off the car, raised the lady's umbrella for her, assisted her with her packages, touched his cap and went on his way, thinking nothing more of the incident.

"Not so with the lady, however. That night she mentioned the circumstance to her husband, who is a large wholesale merchant, and requested him, if possible, to give the young conductor a better job than ringing up fares and expostulating with truck drivers. The husband is one of those model men who live only to please their wives, and the result was that on January 2, the conductor went to work at a salary considerably better than that paid him by the railway company and with almost unlimited opportunities for advancement.

"But mark the difference in men. The terminus of the Ellicott City line is at Charles and Lexington streets, but if the cars are a little ahead of time they must wait at the corner of Saratoga and Charles streets, which is a convenient passing point for the cars of the Edmonson avenue line. Our polite conductor had always called cheerily out, on reaching this point, 'Two minutes to wait,' or 'Going right down,' as the case might be. The first morning I came in with the new conductor he plumped right down in a seat when the car reached Charles and Saratoga streets, and when, after a slight pause, a passenger ventured mildly to inquire how long the wait would be, the conductor replied angrily, 'Bout five minutes.' All the passengers got off, and then, on looking at my watch, I found there were really only two minutes to wait. Before we got to Charles and Lexington streets, the car overtook us. That conductor will never rise any higher, and it is doubtful whether he will even hold his present position long."—Baltimore News.

Deep Sea Pressure.

It is difficult to realize what the pressure at the ocean bottom really means; how enormous it is at three miles in depth. It is greater by several times than the pressure exerted by the pistons of the very greatest steam engines. Scientific men ascertain the temperature of the deep sea by sending down thermometers inclosed in small strong thick glass tubes. Sometimes these tubes suddenly collapse to a fine powder under the enormous pressure of several miles of depth. Indeed, one may say that a hollow, man-made thing that sinks in the deep sea is crushed beyond recognition before it reaches the bottom. The strongest steel ships are hardly more resisting here than pasteboard boxes.—McClure's Magazine.

He Did and Then He Didn't.

Apropos of runs on banks, a story is told of an Irishman who had heard reports affecting a bank in which he had deposited his savings.

Presenting himself at the paying teller's window, he said, peremptorily: "I want me money."

The official thus addressed quietly took his book, counted out the correct amount and handed it out.

"Then you've got it!" exclaimed the depositor, his ire subsiding.

"There it is," replied the teller.

"I don't want it. You may keep it." And he went away satisfied of the bank's solidity.—Baltimore Sun.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Printed Word—A Call For a Warm Friendship Between Those Who Make Newspapers and Those Who Preach the Gospel.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls for a warm friendship between those who preach the gospel and those who make newspapers, the spoken word and the printed word to go side by side; text, Luke xvi. 8, "The children of this world are in their generation wiser than the children of light."

Sacred stupidity and splendid incompetency and sanctified laziness are here rebuked by Christ. He says worldlings are wider awake for opportunities than are Christians. Men of the world grab occasions, while Christian people let the most valuable occasions drift by unimproved. That is the meaning of our Lord when He says, "The children of this world are in their generation wiser than the children of light."

A marked illustration of the truth of that maxim is in the slowness of the Christian religion to take possession of the secular press. The opportunity is open, and has been for some time open, but the ministers of religion are for the most part allowing the golden opportunity to pass unimproved. That the opportunity is open I declare from the fact that all the secular newspapers are glad of any religious facts or statistics that you present them. Any animated and stirring article relating to religious themes they would gladly print. They thank you for any information in regard to churches. If a wrong has been done to any Christian church or Christian institution, you could go into any newspaper office of the land and have the real truth stated. Dedication services, ministerial ordinations and pastoral installations, cornerstone laying of a church, anniversary of a charitable society will have reasonable space in any secular journal if it have previous notice given.

If I had some great injustice done me, there is not an editorial or reportorial room in the United States into which I could not go and get myself set right, and that is true of any well-known Christian man.

Why, then, does not our glorious Christianity embrace these magnificent opportunities? I have before me a subject of first and last importance: How shall we secure the secular press as a mightier reenforcement to religion and the pulpit?

The first thing toward this result is cessation of indiscriminate hostility against newspaperdom. You might as well denounce the legal profession because of the shysters or the medical profession because of the swindling bargain makers as to slambang newspapers because there are recreant editors and unfair reporters and unclean columns. Gutenberg, the inventor of the art of printing, was about to destroy his types and extinguish the art because it was suggested to him that printing might be suborned into the service of the devil, but afterward he bethought himself that the right use of the art might more than overcome the evil use of it, and so he spared the type and the intelligence of all following ages. But there are many to-day in the depressed mood of Gutenberg, with uplifted hammer, wanting to pound to pieces the type, who have not reached his better mood in which he saw the art of printing to be the rising sun of the world's illumination.

If, instead of fighting newspapers, we spend the same length of time and the same vehemence in marshaling their help in religious directions, we would be as much wiser as the man who gets consent of the railroad superintendent to fasten a car to the end of a rail train shows better sense than he who runs his wheelbarrow up the track to meet and drive back the Chicago limited express.

The silliest thing that a man ever does is to fight a newspaper, for you may have the floor for utterance perhaps for one day in the week, while the newspaper has the floor every day in the week.

Napoleon, though a mighty man, had many weaknesses, and one of the weakest things he ever did was to threaten that if the English newspapers did not stop their adverse criticism of himself he would, with 400,000 bayonets, cross the channel for their chastisement.

Don't fight newspapers. Attack provokes attack. Better wait until the excitement blows over, and then go in and get justice, for get it you will if you have patience and common sense and equipoise of disposition.

It ought to be a mighty sedative that there is an enormous amount of common sense in the world, and you will eventually be taken for what you are really worth, and you cannot be puffed up, and you cannot be written down, and if you are the enemy of good society that fact will come out, and if you are the friend of good society that fact will be established.

I know what I am talking about, for I can draw on my own experience. All the respectable newspapers, as far as I know, are my friends now. But many of you remember the time when I was the most continuously and meanly attacked man in this country. God gave me grace not to answer back, and I kept silence for ten years, and much grace was required. What I said was perverted and twisted into just the opposite of what I did say. There were millions of people who believed that there was a large sofa in my pulpit, although we never had anything but a chair, and that during the singing by the congregation I was accustomed to lie down on that sofa and dangle my feet over the end. Lying New York correspondents for ten years misrepresented our church services. But we waited, and people from every neighborhood of Christendom came there, to find the magnitude of the falsehoods concerning the church and concerning myself. A reaction set in, and soon we had justice, full justice, more than justice, and as much overpraise as once we had underappreciation, and no man that ever lived was so much indebted to the newspaper press for opportunity to preach the gospel as I am.

Young men in the ministry, young men in all professions and occupations, wait. You can afford to wait. Take rough misrepresentation as a Turkish towel to start up your languid circulation or a system of massage or Swedish movement, whose pokes and pulls and twists and thrusts are salutary treatment.

There is only one person you need to manage, and that is yourself. Keep your disposition sweet by communion with Christ, who answered pot again, get society of genial people and walk out in the sunshine with your hat off and you will come out all right. Don't join the crowd of people in our day who spend much of their time damning newspapers.

Again, in this effort to secure the secular press as a mightier reenforcement of religion, let us make it the avenue of religious information. If you would secure the press as a mightier reenforcement of religion and the pulpit extend widest and highest Christian courtesies to the representatives of journalism. Give them easy chairs and plenty of room when they come to report occasions. For the most part they are gentlemen of education and refinement, graduates of colleges, with families to support by their literary craft, many of them weary with the push of a business that is precarious and fascinating, each one of them the avenue of information to thousands of readers, their impression of the services to be the impression adopted by multitudes. They are connecting links between a sermon or a song or a prayer and this great population that tramp up and down the streets day by day and year by year with their sorrows uncomforted and their sins unpardoned. Oh, the hundreds of thousands of people in our cities who never attend churches! Our cities are not so much preached to by ministers of religion as by reporters. Put all journalists into the prayers and sermons. Of all the hundred thousand sermons preached to-day there will not be three preached to journalists and probably not one. Of all the prayers offered for sinners of men innumerable the prayers offered for the most potential class will be thought a preacher's impertinence. There are many journalists in our church membership, but this world will never be brought to God until some revival of religion sweeps over the land and takes into the kingdom of God all editors, reporters, compositors, pressmen and newsboys. And if you have not faith enough to pray for that and call for that you had better get out of our ranks and join the other side, for you are the unbelievers who make the wheels of the Lord's chariot drag heavily. The great final battle between truth and error, the Armageddon, I think, will not be fought with swords and shells and guns, but with pens—quill pens, steel pens, gold pens, fountain pens and before that the pens must be converted. The great divinely honored weapon of the past has been the pen, and the most divinely honored weapon of the future will be the pen—prophet's pen, and evangelist's pen and apostle's pen, followed by editor's pen and author's pen and reporter's pen. God save the pen! The wing of the Apocalyptic angel will be the printed page. The printing press will roll ahead of Christ's chariot to clear the way.

"But," some one might ask, "would you make Sunday newspapers also a re-enforcement?" I have learned to take things as they are. I would like to see the much scoffed at old Puritan Sabbaths come back again. I do not think the modern Sunday will turn out any better men and women than were your grandfathers and grandmothers under the old-fashioned Sunday. To say nothing of other results, Sunday newspapers are killing editors, reporters, compositors and pressmen. Every man, woman and child is entitled to twenty-four hours of nothing to do. If the newspapers put on another set of hands that does not relieve the editorial and reportorial room of its cares and responsibilities. Our literary men die fast enough without killing them with Sunday work.

"All things are possible with God, and my faith is up until nothing in the way of religious victory would surprise me. All the newspaper printing presses of the earth are going to be the Lord's, and telegraph and telephone and type will yet announce nations born in a day. The first book ever printed was the Bible, by Faust and his son-in-law, Schoeffer, in 1460, and that consecration of type to the Holy Scriptures was a prophecy of the great mission of printing for the evangelization of all the nations. The father of the American printing press was a clergyman, Rev. Jesse Glover, and that was a prophecy of the religious use that the gospel ministry in this country were to make of the types.

The tendency of criticism in the theological seminaries is to file off from our young men all the sharp points and make them too smooth for any kind of execution. What we want, all of us, is more point, less humdrum. If we say the right thing in the right way, the press will be glad and echo and re-echo it. Sunday-school teachers, reformers, young men and old men in the ministry, what we all want if we are to make the printing press an ally in Christian work is that which the reporter spoken of suggested—points, sharp points, memorable points. But if the thing be dead when uttered by living voice it will be a hundredfold more dead when it is laid out in cold type.

That Providence intends the profession of reporters to have a mighty share in the world's redemption is suggested by the fact that Paul and Christ took a reporter along with them, and he reported their addresses and their acts.

Luke was a reporter, and he wrote not only the book of Luke, but the Acts of the Apostles, and without that reporter's work we would have known nothing of the Pentecost, and nothing of Stephen's martyrdom, and nothing of Tabitha's resurrection, and nothing of the jailing and unjailing of Paul and Silas, and nothing of the shipwreck at Melita.

Strike out the reporter's work from the Bible, and you kill a large part of the New Testament. It makes me think that in the future of the kingdom of God the reporters are to bear a mighty part.

About twenty-five years ago a representative of an important New York newspaper took his seat in my Brooklyn church one Sunday night about five pews from the front of the pulpit. He took out pencil and reporter's pad, resolved to caricature the whole scene. When the music began, he began, and with his pencil he derided that, and then derided the prayer, and then derided the reading of the Scriptures, and then began to deride the sermon. But, he says, for some reason his hand began to tremble, and he, rallying himself, sharpened his pencil and started again, but broke down again and put pencil and paper in his pocket and his head down on the front pew and began to pray. At the close of the service he came up and asked for the prayers of others, and gave his heart to God. And, though still engaged in newspaper work, he is an evangelist and preaches a half at his own expense and every Sunday afternoon preaches Jesus Christ to the people.

And the men of that profession are going to come in a body throughout the country. I know hundreds of them, and a more genial or highly educated class of men it would be hard to find; and though the tendency of their profession may be toward skepticism, an organized common sense gospel invitation would fetch them to the front of all Christian endeavor.

Men of the pencil and pen in all departments, you need the help of the Christian religion. In the day when people want to get their newspapers at two cents and are hoping for the time when they can get any of them at one cent, and as a consequence the attaches of the printing press are by the thousand crowded under the cylinders, you want God to take care of you and your families.

Some of your best work is as much unappreciated as was Milton's "Paradise Lost," for which the author received $25, and the immortal poem "Hohenlinden" of Thomas Campbell, when he first offered it for publication, and in the column called "Notices to Correspondents" appeared the words: "To T. C.—The lines commencing 'On Linden when the sun was low' are not up to our standard. Poetry is not T. C.'s forte."

O men of the pencil and pen, amid your unappreciated work you need encouragement, and you have it. Printers of all Christendom, editors, reporters, compositors, pressmen, publishers and readers of that which is printed, realize that you will not write yourselves down as good for nothing that debases body, mind or soul. In the name of God, by the laying on of the hands of Isaac Ditmas, ordain the printing press for righteousness and liberty and salvation. All of us with some influence that will help in the right direction, let us put our hands to the work, imploring God to hasten the consummation. In a ship with hundreds of passengers approaching the South American coast the man on the lookout neglected his work, and in a few minutes the ship would have been dashed to ruin on the rocks. But a cricket on board the vessel felt his pulse and saved all the passengers by a shrill call at the moment of peril, and the captain, knowing that half of the island slumbered the vessel in time to avoid an awful wreck. And so insignificant means may now do wonders, and the scratch of a pen may save the shipwreck of a soul.

Are you already for the signing of the contract, the treaty, the solemn treaty between journalism and evangelism? Let it be a Christian marriage of the pulpit and the printing press. The ordination of the former on my hand, the pen of the latter in my hand, it is appropriate that I publish the banns of such a marriage. Let them from this day be one in the magnificent work of the world's redemption.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MARCH 17.

Subject: Jesus and Pilate, Luke xxiii., 13-25—Golden Text, Luke xxiii. 5—Memory Verses, 20-24—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—We left Jesus condemned by an irregular meeting of the Sanhedrin, hastily called together during the night, at the palace of the high priest. The Sanhedrin reassembled at daybreak (Matt. 27: 1; Mark 15: 1; Luke 22: 66-71), at their proper place of meeting in the council chamber near the temple gate. A formal vote was taken and Jesus was taken to the Roman court before Pilate for the approval of the sentence.

13. "And Pilate." His capital was at Cesarea, but it was his custom to go to Jerusalem at the times of the great festivals for the purpose of securing order. Writers speak of his corruption, his acts of insolence, his habit of insulting the people, his cruelty, his continual murders of people untried and uncondemned. The Jews naturally expected that he would willingly put Jesus to death without special inquiry into His guilt. Pilate greatly hated the Jews, but he was afraid of them lest they should report him to the emperor at Rome, which they did six years later, and he was deposed. "Called together." Pilate summons the rulers and the people and makes another strong appeal to them in order to get their consent to release Christ. Instead of calling them together he should have dispersed them as a riotous and seditious assembly.

14. "As one that perverteth." As one that has taught doctrines injurious to your religion, and also to the civil peace and the Roman Government. "Having examined." At the first trial he had heard all that could be brought against Him. "No fault." They had failed to prove a single charge.

15. "Nor yet Herod." Christ had traveled extensively in Galilee and yet Herod brings no charge that He had ever attempted to raise an insurrection among the Galileans. "He sent Him back unto us" (R. V.) This involved a distinct acquittal of our Lord from every political charge brought against Him. Had He in any way been guilty of (1) perverting the people, (2) forbidding to pay tribute, or (3) claiming to be a king, it would have been Herod's duty, and still more to his interest, to punish Him. His dismissal of the case was a deliberate avowal of His innocence. "Is done unto Him." "Nothing worthy of death hath been done by Him." (R. V.)

16. "Chastise Him." John says that Pilate took Jesus and scourged Him, but this was not done till a little later. The evangelists "make it clear that the scourging was inflicted as a separate punishment, in the hope that it would suffice, and not merely as the usual accompaniment of crucifixion." The scourge of leather thongs was loaded with lead or armed with spikes and bones, which lacerated the back, chest and face till the victim sometimes fell down before the judge a bleeding mass of torn flesh. Thus "He was wounded for our transgressions, He was bruised for our iniquities, the chastisement of our peace was upon Him, and by His stripes we are healed." "And release Him." Pilate hoped that when they saw Jesus scourged they would be satisfied, but not so; they were clamoring for His blood, and nothing short of death on a cross would satisfy them.

17. "Must release one." This verse is omitted in the Revised Version. But see the parallel accounts. This custom was in harmony with the nature of the feast and, however it originated, was so completely established that Pilate was obliged to attend to it.

18. "They cried out all together" (R. V.) The chief priest moved the people (Mark 15: 11); they were like a pack of bloodthirsty wolves. "Barabbas." An insurrectionist, a robber and a murderer. He was doubtly guilty of much worse crimes than they had charged against Jesus.

19. "Insurrection made in the city" (R. V.) He had a short time before this evidently been a ringleader in an outbreak in Jerusalem against the Roman Government.

20. "Willing to release Jesus." It was probably at this time, while the people were clamoring for His death so loudly that the messenger came from Pilate's wife (Matt. 27: 19), making the release of Jesus, and stating that she had just suffered many things in a dream because of Him.

21. "Crucify, crucify Him" (R. V.) Let Him die the most ignominious death possible.

22. "What evil hath He done?" How many and what various persons bear testimony to the innocence of the Holy One—Pilate, Herod, Pilate's wife, Judas Iscariot, the Thief on the cross, and the centurion at the crucifixion. "And let Him go." Pilate is laboring hard to release Him; he could have ended this whole matter with one word. It was at this juncture that Pilate asked, What shall I do then with Jesus, which is called Christ?

23. "Instant," insistent, urgent. "Prevailed." The result why He finally yielded seems to have been the one given in John 19: 12, "If thou let this man go, thou art not Caesar's friend: whosoever maketh himself a king speaketh against Caesar."

24. "Gave sentence." Before Pilate pronounced the sentence he took water and washed his hands publicly, thus expressing in deed what he uttered in words, "I am innocent of the blood of this just Person, see ye to it." Matt. 27: 24. Pilate then ascended the judgment seat, which was set up in a raised place in the open square, and delivers his final decree. Jesus is now mocked the third time, about 8 o'clock Friday morning, in the court of Pilate's palace. Matt. 27: 26-30; Mark 15: 15-19; John 19: 1-3. When Jesus is brought out before Deep Pilate makes one last effort to release Him. John 19: 4-13. Now he asks that he permit Jesus to be scourged, hoping that will satisfy them, but the cry is still, "Crucify Him," and He is taken back into the court and His own clothes are put upon Him.

25. "Fast hold." "Compelled." "Simon of Cyrene" (R. V.) Cyrene was a city situated in a province of the same name, north of Egypt on the Mediterranean Sea. There was a colony of Jews in Cyrene, and they had a synagogue in Jerusalem. Acts 6: 9. "Coming out of the country." They were taking Jesus out of the city, and they met this man. "Bear it after Jesus." He assisted Jesus, who evidently was exhausted. "Bear the kinder part from the foregoing."

A movement has been started in Virginia, and it had received the indorsement of several state legislatures, favoring the acquisition by the Federal government of the house at Yorktown, Virginia, the old Moore mansion, where Washington, Lafayette and Rochambeau received the surrender of Lord Cornwallis, which set closed the Revolutionary struggle for independence. The ground is historic, and the object is to preserve it as a public memorial of the event which transpired there.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly $1.00
invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

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The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

EX-PRESIDENT Benjamin Harrison died at his home in Indianapolis Wednesday afternoon.

MARCH, after showing us a spell of wild windy weather, is now giving us a beautiful sample of Spring, and everyone is busy gardening and preparing for another crop.

CHANCERY Court convened on Monday morning with a very light docket and no cases of public importance. Chancellor Richard B. Kelly with his usual celerity disposed of the business in short order and court adjourned Tuesday.

THE Democratic county convention meets at Clanton to-day, and we believe will nominate Dr. H. W. Caffey as delegate from this county to the constitutional convention, and Hon. Tipton Mullins will be their choice to represent the Senatorial district.

AMONGST the Populists, who will hold their convention on the 25th inst., very little interest is being shown at present, but there is an under current at work which will probably liven things up by the time the convention meets. The two names most prominently mentioned for delegate are Hon. L. H. Reynolds and Circuit Clerk E. B. Deason.

AN estimate is being made by the cotton brokers of Texas as to the probable crop for the coming season, and said estimate as given out indicates that with even a half-way favorable season Texas, Indian Territory and Arkansas the cotton output will be at least one-third if not a half, larger than for the season just passed. From every section of the two states and the territory reports are that large quantities of new land are being broken to plant cotton. The high prices prevailing this past season has brought about the usual damaging result for the future, in that it has excited the farmers so that they are going to overplant, and it is estimated that cotton will drop to 5 cents ere the middle of the coming season, unless the season is an extremely bad one and the crop is curtailed by at least half.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

H. 660—To create a separate school district to be known as the Pine Dale School District in Chilton county.

S. 434—To establish Mullins' School District, Chilton county.

H. 732—To establish a charter for Thorsby, Chilton county.

S. 457—To establish stock law in certain portions of Chilton county.

S. 343—To authorize Judge of Probate of Chilton to re-copy record

S. 376—For the relief of J. W. E. Gulledge of Chilton county.

S. 300—To amend Secs. 17 and 20 of the charter of the Town of Clanton.

S. 301—To establish an Inferior court for the town of Clanton.

H. 1010—to amend Sec. 1 of the charter of the town of Clanton.

S. 377—To prevent the running at large of stock in Beat 5, Chilton county.

CORRESPONDENCE

(continued from 2dcol. page 1)

remarkable statement: "Voter knows as well as we do that Hon. L. B. Pounds was of as little service in the Legislature to the people of Chilton county as a notch on a stick." The Reflector fails to say why Mr. Pounds was of so little service to the people. Will the Reflector tell us why? It is not because Mr. Pounds was not at his post, it is not because he is not because he is not an intelligent man, it is not because he is not honest and faithful to the people that elected him.

What is it then? The Reflector leaves its readers to guess. It is a so-called Democratic organization that undertakes to teach the people that unless you vote for and work for the Democratic party you can't be heard. This is the meaning of the Reflector when it said "If Mr. 'Hunnicutt' had been elected instead of Pounds, this county would have fared much better." Let us see if, in the light of the recent history of the last Legislature, this is correct. The people of all parties met in mass meeting and publicly declared that they did not want stock law. Mr. Pounds stood by the publicly declared wishes of the people, and the act that put stock law on Beat five and a portion of Beat eight did not come from Pounds, but it originated in the Senate by a Democratic Senator, who was not elected by the votes of the people, but counted in by a Democratic board in Elmore county, and this same Democratic Senator had the aid of the "Hunnicutt" that was counted by the votes of the people. And yet the Reflector tells us that it would have been better for the people of Chilton county to have elected this man, who without authority of law, and with no other authority than that he was the nominee of the Democratic party, goes to Montgomery and in obedience to a partisan resolution passed by a Democratic convention, uses what influence he has, jointly with a Senator who was never elected by the votes of the people, to put upon a free white people a law that less than twenty voters in the Beat wanted. The Reflector's sight is much darker than we first thought.

VOTER.

Program S. S. Convention

for Beat nine, to be held at Cedar Grove church, Sunday, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, led by president.

10. Address of welcome. Charley Eiland.

10:15. Why should parents be in the Sunday-school? J. W. Hays

10:40. What is a model Sunday-school teacher? Prof. Riddle.

11:30. The effects of the Sunday-school on the community, W A Mims.

1:30 p.m. What are the essential qualifications of a Sunday-school superintendent? A. Horn.

2. The primary class, and how to teach it, T. G. Williams.

2:30. Power of kind words and deeds, C. K. Heiland.

3. The value of the Sunday-school, Rev. L B Pounds.

Come with your baskets filled prepared to stay all day

All Sunday-schools are requested to send delegates

J BICE, Pres.
NEOMA WILLIAMS, Sec.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Lagrippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton Drug co.

ALABAMA SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Eighteenth annual convention of the Alabama Sunday-school Association will be held in the town of Talladega, Ala., Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday April 9-11. The basis of representation is as follows, to wit: Five delegates at large from each county, all ministers of the gospel, the superintendent and two delegates from each Sunday-school. The railroads of the state have granted reduced rates to delegates attending the convention. Each delegate desiring to obtain the reduced rate must purchase a ticket to Talladega at the regular tariff rate and at the same time procure from the ticket agent a certificate of the standard form. If through ticket can not be procured at the starting point, the person should purchase to the most convenient point at which such ticket can be obtained and there repurchase to Talladega, procuring a certificate from each agent from whom a ticket is purchased. Tickets for the return home will be sold at one-third the first class tariff fare to persons holding certificates properly signed by the officers of the convention. The delegates attending the convention will be entertained by the Sunday-school workers of Talladega. The delegates attending the convention should send their names to Rev. I. W. Newman, Talladega, Ala. chairman committee on Entertainment.

Mrs. C. E. VanDeusen, of Kibourn, Wis, was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipaton for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale at Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena. Price, 25 cents. Samples free.

Program Sunday-School Convention

for Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Jemison Baptist church, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Prayer, J. M. Scott.

9:35. Origin and object of the Sunday-school Convention, P. C. Smith.

10. Origin and growth of Sunday-school in Chilton county, W. H. Conway, W. A. Mims.

10:20. Model Sunday-school, Miss Laura Langston.

10:50. Who should attend Sunday-school? J. P. Gentry, C. M. Northcutt.

11:20. Why should parents attend Sunday-school? C. L. Glass, W. A. Reynolds.

1:30 p.m. Relation of Sunday-school to the church, Miss Minnie Muse, B. F. Reynolds.

2. Recitation, Miss Anna Lowery

2:15. Duties of Superintendent, J. M. Scott, P. C. Smith.

J. M. COLLIER President.
Miss LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

When you get hurt apply Dr. Tichenors' Antiseptic It will do the rest. Your druggist will take pleasure in selling you a bottle for 50c.

Program Sunday-school Beat Meeting

for Beat 4, to be held at Concord Baptist church, March 17, 1901.

9 a.m. Devotional Exercise—W. A. Edwards.

Welcome Address, E. H. Parrish.

Purpose of the Sunday-school Convention, Judson Strock. Organization.

10. Sunday-school

11. Preaching, W. J. Armstrong.

Adjournment for dinner.

1:30 p.m. Devotional Exercise

2. What is a successful Sunday-school? V. J. Graeg.

3. Who is responsible for success of the Sunday-school. E. L. Smith.

Every Sunday-school in the Beat is expected to send two or more delegates to represent them.

E. B. DEASON
JUDSON STRICK

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic makes friends of every one who gives it fair trial. Clean pleasant, harmless, reliable. Use externally for Wounds, Burns Sprains, etc. Internally for Colic, Pain and derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. Little wonder of the world. Household favorite wherever known. Ask Your Druggist for it. He likes to sell it, you know.

Cheaper Than Ever

SPRING GOODS COMING
ALL WINTER GOODS MUST BE SOLD UNDER COST.
BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:

Men's Suits : : : from $3 up
Boys' " : : : " 98c up

SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.
H. TOURO, Clanton

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em, and we know you can't be

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

Stop the cough and Work off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents

Do you want a mounted map of Alabama in five colors, size 24x34 giving census of every county and town? Also, a complete and correct map of the world, same size? You can get the same by sending 75 cents for one year's subscription to the Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. Or, $2 for three months' subscription to The Daily Age Herald. The map and the paper will be promptly sent upon receipt of P. O. or express money order. Address

AGE-HERALD,
Birmingham, Ala.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, NC

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts affected and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night and getting up free from pain. For sale by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Wm. T. Smith, and his wife, Kate B Smith, to Robt A Mullins, guardian, dated the 27th day of February, 1900, and recorded in Mortgage Record Book 53, page 320 in the office of the Probate Judge of Chilton county Alabama, and which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to the undersigned. I will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House door at Clanton, in said county of Chilton, on

MONDAY, APRIL the 8th, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The north half of the north east fourth, (less four acres in the northeast corner thereof) and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-five; and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-six, all in township twenty-three, range thirteen, east, containing 236 acres, more or less, and lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

Also, the following personal property, to wit. One dark bay mare named "Molly," One dark bay mare known as the "Dain mare;" one two-horse wagon and harness. MARY L. CONRY.

Assignee of said Mortgage,
ROB'T. H. KNOX, Attorney.

Indeed you would be cruel to let you sweet, helpless Baby suffer with Colic or Pain in Stomach or Bowels when there is such a pleasant, safe and reliable Remedy to be obtained so easily Any good Druggist will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichener's Antiseptic for 50c.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CT. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, workmanship in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most durable attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oil, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. M. TIP'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

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NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

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all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

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TO SERVE YO
Clanton, Ala

TOWN TOPICS

[illegible] Monday in February, first Monday in [illegible], first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7¾ cents.

— same date last year 9 cents

RECEIPTS RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2828	2891
Mullins	2000	2019
Wilson	372	321
Bowen	423	326
Total	5123	5557

Mr. J. L. Palmer, of Randolph, was one of our welcome visitors last Friday.

Mr. S. P. Franklin, of Thorsby, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. C. H. Mooney, manager of the Chicago Glee Club, was in town Saturday, and made arrangements for that popular club to give an entertainment at the court house, for the benefit of the cemetery, on the night of March 28.

Mr. J. H. Patton, of Jemison, was in town on business Wednesday.

Rev. F. B. Ticknor is at home with his family for a couple of weeks rest.

Mr. Tipton Mullins is in Shelby this week.

Mr. A. C. Jenkins, of the Birmingham Daily Ledger, gave us a pleasant call Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Gullahorn and Mrs. Gullahorn's sister, of Parkwood, visited the parents of the former here last week.

W. M. Wilson & Bro. have secured the valuable services of Miss Kate Freeman, formerly with Lachman & Mertief, of Montgomery, in the millinery department.

Mr. John W. Stanfield's family will shortly leave Montgomery and make their home here, John having secured a position as timber inspector on the L. & N. railroad.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Clanton Drug Co and J. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Married at the residence of Mr. E. Bruce, Clanton, on Sunday afternoon, Mr. Allen Marlar and Miss Essie Baker, Rev W. J. Armstrong officiating. We wish the youthful couple a long, happy and prosperous life together.

Married on Sunday evening at the residence of Mr. G. W. Marcus, Mr. Posey Marcus and Miss Ellen Miller, Rev. D. F. Ellison officiating. We offer our best wishes for a long and prosperous life to the happy young couple.

Judge Wilkinson, of Prattville, was a visitor here Friday.

Mrs. O. A. Duke and Lucille Croswell, of Deatsville, visited friends in Clanton Sunday.

Mrs. A. E. Evans has returned home after a pleasant visit to Birmingham.

Mr. Rasberry, of Mulberry, is visiting Mrs. Heath.

Mr. B. H. Chesnutt, of Birmingham, spent Sunday here.

Miss Laura Langston, of Jemison, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Wilson.

Mr. W. M. Wilson visited Montgomery Monday.

Mr. Wiley Gray spent Tuesday in Montgomery.

We were pleased to meet Editor Thomas Hudson of the Chilton Reflector in town this morning.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton, of Maplesville, was one of our welcome visitors this morning.

Did you get a sample of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You'll need it when you cut yourself or somebody shoots you just to see you jump. If not, write Sherrouse Med. Co., New-Orleans, La., for free sample.

O. K. BOY. The pedigree of this fine bull, owned by Mr. W. M. Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Mesops; Dam, Golden Sue; dropped March 5, 1898. Its registered number is 57988.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Rufus A. Marlar and Miss Essie Baker; Mr. P. G. Marcus and Miss Ellen Miller.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two superior articles. Try them. Insist on having them. INVALUABLE INK. 10 cent 2 ounce per bottle at all druggists. MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK Aches and Rheumatism relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

FIVE DRAWER $22.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you a doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Brown Jeans	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 5c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

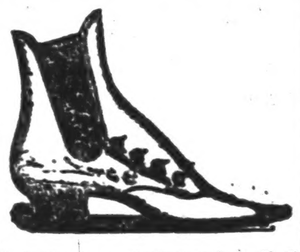
The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats,	$1 50 hat for $1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.25



Men's Shoes . . . a $2.00 shoe for . . $1.48

Trunks, Valises &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celluloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	69c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5c value	3c
Corsets, 50c value	35
Corsets, 35c value	23
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamble & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
24 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B H JONES CLANTON

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

if so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Alabama, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

TABLE LAMP.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produces the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revelation in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of smoke burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Gloves, Globes, Shades. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 250 candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

OUTDOOR ARC.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Ave. Chicago, Ill.

THE FOOTES ON TRIAL

For the Murder of Mrs Foote February 20th.

HOME FOR OLD VETERANS.

A $3,500,000 Shipbuilding Plant at Mobile.

TRIAL OF THE FOOTES.

Son Charged With Murder of His Mother—Father Accessory

The preliminary trial of Charles A. Foote and Arthur Foote, the latter charged with the murder of his mother, Mrs. Amanda Foote, on Feb. 20, at Bessemer, and the former, who was the woman's husband, charged with being an accessory, came up Monday before Justice William Jackson, at Bessemer. The case against the defendants is largely circumstantial, there being no eye witnesses to the alleged murder. A large number of witnesses have been subpoenaed and will testify at the hearing.

The murder of Mrs. Foote was one of the most shocking in the criminal annals of Jefferson county. She was found by her 12 year old daughter lying on the kitchen floor of her house, with her throat cut. The windpipe was cut in two places and the instrument of death, a caseknife, was found lying by her. The room gave evidence of a struggle, and that the woman was attacked while sitting in a chair, a dress on which she was working and her sewing materials having fallen to the floor where she was sitting.

At first it was thought to be a case of suicide, but the coroner's jury, after an investigation, brought in a verdict charging her son with the murder and her husband as being an accessory.

APPEAL FOR VETERANS' HOME

Board of Directors Issue an Address to the Public.

The following appeal on behalf of the proposed home for old Confederate veterans has been issued by the board of directors:

Birmingham, Ala., March 9, 1901.
To the Public:

The board of directors of the proposed home for old and needy confederate veterans and their families of the state of Alabama made an application to the last legislature for an appropriation to aid them in building this home, but they failed to get any assistance whatever from that body. Therefore, as this board has already received in donations, building material of all kinds nearly a sufficient quantity to build this home, and hoping for the continued generous aid of all charitably disposed citizens of Alabama towards these old veterans, have at last determined, with the aid of all these donations, to build this home somewhere in the state, regardless of the legislature and all other opponents to it. With this determination in view, the board of directors of this proposed home did at their last meeting on March 2, 1901, appoint the undersigned committee to advertise in all the papers of this state, calling on all persons who are favorable to it for donations in cash, material and also in the way of a suitable site for the location of this home. This site being open to any section desirable in Alabama, parties having any desirable locations, cash or building materials they can donate, they will confer a favor on these old veterans by communicating without delay with the undersigned committee:

C. F. ENSLEN, Chairman.
C. T. HUGHES,
H. F. BRIDEWELL.

A New Railroad.

Alabama is soon to have another railroad. It will be an independent line, seven miles in length. The articles of incorporation were issued from the office of the secretary of state this morning to William Blount, president; J. H. Ely, treasurer; Geo. B. Miles, secretary; B. L. Ely, Hugh Foster, Charles Jinks, E. Lee Blue, W. M. Ellis and P. F. Miles of Union Springs, for the building of the Union Springs and Northern railroad. The line is to extend from Union Springs to Fort Davis on the Seaboard Air Line.

Funds Are Ready to Build the Road to Brunswick.

The Brunswick and Birmingham railroad has filed a mortgage in favor of the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York. The bonds are to run for fifty years, at five per cent interest, payable semi-annually in gold. The total amount is six and three quarter million dollars. These funds will be sufficient to build and equip the road all the way to Birmingham. Work is being vigorously pushed at the Brunswick end.

CAPTAIN OF REGULARS.

Mitchell of Alabama Promoted from Lieutenancy.

In a long list of nominations for the regular army which the president sent to the senate Saturday was that of Americus Mitchell, first lieutenant of infantry, to be captain.

Capt. Mitchell is an Alabamian and since December, 1899, has been in charge of the recruiting stations in this state, with headquarters in Birmingham. He has many friends here who will congratulate him on his advancement. Of the 450 captains of the infantry only three or four are as young as Mitchell. This popular and courteous officer was born in Russell county just thirty years ago and graduated from West Point in the class of 1895. Commissioned second lieutenant on leaving the academy he was promoted to the rank of first lieutenant. After serving with the Fifth infantry in Cuba for fifteen months he was detailed for recruiting work.

An Interesting Operation at St. Vincent's Hospital.

An operation of more than ordinary interest was performed at St. Vincent's Hospital, Birmingham, Friday morning under which the leg of a man 50 years of age was amputated with little inconvenience or pain to the patient, and without the use of chloriform or the usual anesthetics. The operation is known as spinal anesthesia, and has aroused deep interest among surgeons and in the medical profession generally, and Friday's operation, which was eminently successful, was the first that has been performed in the state of Alabama. The operation was performed by Dr. John D. S. Davis. The patient was suffering from cancer of the leg and was prepared for the operation by injecting an eighth of a grain of cocaine in the lost lumbar-interzertebral space. After waiting seven minutes, there was complete loss of all sensation in the lower extremities and a tourniquet was applied and the limb amputated without pain. During the entire proceedings the patient conversed with the surgeons, and left the room in splendid condition.

A Shipbuilding Plant at Mobile.

The Gulf Coast Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company will be organized in Mobile this week, says the New Orleans Picayune. It will have a capital stock of $3,500,000. The incorporators are: William Butler Duncan, chairman of the board of directors of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and New York financier. W. D. Munson, of New York, president of the Monson Steamship Company, which operates coast lines of steamers and one system from Mobile to Cuban ports. E. L. Russell, president of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Robert C. Morris, of New Orleans, a promotor of southern enterprises. M. P. Levy, of New York, a substantial capitalist, is not one of the incorporators of the big shipbuilding concern, but he is interested in its success. He already has money in southern enterprises. There will be two plants. The shipbuilding yards, to cost about $2,500,000, will be located in Mobile. The dry docks, to cost in the range of $1,000,000, will be located in New Orleans. Iron and steel structures will be built at the shipyards.

The Dallas Manufacturing Company is preparing plans for a modern school building of brick, three stories high, to be erected at Dallas Mills and maintained at the expense of the company.

The Crotwells Brothers have moved their large sawmill from its former location near Brookwood to Coalburg, near which there is much fine timber.

Prominent Negro Dead.

Major Reuben R. Mims, colored, died Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, after an illness of a few weeks. He was a member of the state military for the past seventeen years, being successively lieutenant and captain of the local Gilmer Rifles and then major of the colored battalion of the state troops, which position he held at the time of his death. He was grand master of the colored Grand Lodge of Masons of Alabama for the past nine years. He was connected with the postoffice department as route rider, railway mail clerk and local carrier since 1876.

$50,000 Fire in Mobile.

Fire Friday afternoon caused nearly $50,000 damage to the large hardware store of the Barney Cavanagh Hardware Company, on Commerce street, Mobile. A photographer taking pictures by flash light for a catalogue caused the fire. One of his flashes communicated to a lot of cotton collar pads close by. The entire upper portion of the building was gutted while the stock of the whole building was badly damaged by [illegible] The loss is covered by insurance.

DEWET IS SAFE.

The Intrepid Leader Is Again in His Own Country.

The London Times publishes the following from Aalekopf, March 8:

"General DeWet has escaped northward by a forced march with 400 men. His objective is believed to be the vicinity of Kroonstadt. Four other Boer leaders are still in the southwestern part of Orange river colony. Now that General DeWet is back in his own country it will be almost impossible to operate against him. Just as soon as he is pressed his commando dissolves to meet again a few days later. Only a few bands of Boers are now left in Cape Colony."

WHITE CONVICT BEAT TO DEATH.

Sensational Investigation is Being Made of North Carolina Prison.

An investigation is being made at Winston-Salem, N. C., into the cause of the death of a young white convict, Rand White, at the county chaingang last week. There is evidence of cruel treatment on the part of the guards. Testimony of witnesses examined show that White was brutally beaten on Tuesday with switches and a raw hide by Pink Fulton, one of the guards. The county physician, who made a post-mortem examination of the body, which was disinterred, testified that White had been terribly lacerated and bruised, and that the wounds were sufficient to produce death. The coroner's jury returned a verdict charging Fulton with being responsible for the death of the convict. Fulton was discharged from his position on Wednesday night. A warrant has been issued for his arrest, but so far the officers have not been able to locate him.

THE OHIO RISING.

More Than $1,000,000 Bushels of Coal Has Started South.

The Ohio is at coal boat stage. More than 1,000,000 bushels of coal started for southern points Sunday and fully 10,000,000 bushels are expected to follow on the present rise. Reports from up the river show rain and rivers rising at all points. The ice in the Allegheny, from Pittsburg to Coal City, is on the move. There is lots of ice in the Monongahela above pools Nos. 1 and 2, but as yet it has not broken up. Some river men think the rivers at Pittsburg will reach twenty-six feet, the flood mark, and others believe it will not go above twenty feet.

BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Report in Capetown Shows Total of 221 Deaths and 102 Cases.

Capetown, March 10.—The official report regarding the progress of the bubonic plague in Capetown since the outbreak shows a total of 221 deaths and 102 cases.

The Malays gathered today to oppose the removal of a Malay who had been attacked by the disease and of several persons who had come in contact with the victim. The police were overpowered and the persons who had come in contact with Malay made their escape. In the event of a repetition of this occurrence it will be necessary to employ an armed force to avert trouble.

Deputy Sheriff Killed.

Deputy Sheriff Holman, of Calvaras county, California, was shot and killed Sunday night at Wallace, in a pitched battle with two highwaymen. One of the latter is reported seriously wounded. Early Sunday evening two prominent residents of Wallace were held up and robbed by bandits. The affair being reported to the county officials Deputy Sheriff Holman, with a posse, went to Wallace to arrest the robbers. The latter resisted and a pistol fight ensued. Many shots were exchanged.

Court House Burned.

The court house at Lafayette, Macon county, Tenn., was destroyed by fire Sunday night, the county records for thirty years being consumed. The loss is $30,000.

Six masked men secured tools from a blacksmith shop early Sunday morning and broke into the West Toledo, O., post office, blew open the safe and secured $700.

SHOULD THE PRESIDENT DIE.

Legal Minds Would be Puzzled as to the Succession.

President McKinley's illness from grip, though not serious, has served to call attention to the situation that would arise in the event of his death. Under the Hoar law, passed a few years ago, the succession to the Presidency falls upon the Secretary of State in case of the death or inability of both the President and Vice President, then upon the Secretary of the Treasury, and so down through the cabinet, ending with the Secretary of Agriculture. There being no Vice President at present, the Secretary of State would become chief executive in case of the President's death. There is one interesting point in connection with the Presidential succession, however, that was the subject of much gossip and speculation among public men and politicans this week. It grows out of the question of who would be President on the 4th of March after the expiration of Mr. McKinley's present term. He has not yet been elected to his second term, however, and will not be until next Monday, when the electoral college will meet and count its vote, which will be officially counted, recorded and announced on the second Wednesday in February, the function taking place in the hall of the House of Representatives, the Senate and House sitting in joint session. On the 4th of March, at noon, William McKinley's term as President will expire, and if he were dead at that time there would be no Vice President to succeed him, as Theodore Roosevelt would not then have taken the oath of office. Moreover, should the President die before elected by the electoral college it is said by some constitutional experts that as a matter of fact there would be no vacancy in the Presidential office at noon on the 4th of March, their point being that that office not having been filled no vacancy could exist. The consensus of expert opinion seems to be that if the Secretary of State should be acting President on the 4th of March by reason of the death of the President during his present term the situation would be met by the swearing in of Theodore Roosevelt as Vice President promptly at noon, this act to be followed immediately by the administration to him of the oath of office of the President.

Bribing a trolley car conductor is the newest method of elopings when an irate parent is trying to catch the car and put an end to the proceedings. Recently on Long Island two lovers were on the car, and papa came chasing after it at top speed. He was gaining rapidly; the car was clowing down, the young man's fears were rising. With an inspiration worthy of the moment the young man flashed a bill out of his pocket, pressed into the conductor's hand, and he of the punch, who comprehended the situation in an instant, pulled the bell cord and away shot the car. The young man's father-in-law arrived in time to see the parson give the young people his blessing.

A Kiss That Cost a Life.

In Prescott, Wash., one day recently, Miss Ella Boone remarked at a party that she had never been kissed. Frank Sloan heard the remark, and a little later, while she was blindfolded, he kissed her in fun. She resented his action and, pulling a hatpin from her hat, stabbed him in the leg. The pin was broken off and blood-poisoning resulted. The next day the pain became so intense that Sloan went to the hospital in Walla Walla. An X-ray machine failed to locate any sign of the pin, and Sloan grew worse and died.

The Collecting of Perfumes.

In the collecting of perfumes two processes are employed. In one, the grease process, boxes with glass bottoms are prepared, the bottom being covered with pure grease, or suet, and the flowers gathered fresh every day during the season are laid on trays in the box, the grease being left to absorb their fragrance. In the oil process the place of grease is taken by cotton saturated with oil, the process being substantially the same.

How the World Grows.

In 1850 England was 33 days to India. Now it is about 17.

In 1850 New York was from six months from China by ship. Now it is 17 days by Vancouver and by ship to Shanghai.

In 1870 emigrants came to this country usually in about 40 days. They ran into storms and had to pump. Now they come in a comfort.

In 1845 the postage on a letter from New York to Wisconsin was 25. People wrote long letters in those days in a fine copperplate hand on paper—to get the worth of their money, but they wrote seldom.

Fifty years ago news from Europe reached America in two weeks. It comes in two minutes.

A Mammoth Match Factory.

The biggest match factory in the world is the Vulcan match factory at Tidahalm, Sweden. It employs 1,200 men and manufactures daily 900 boxes of matches.

UNDER THE SNOW

Ghastly Truths Revealed on the Disappearance of Winter's White Mantle.

Deadly dangers lurk in the ground left bare by the departing snow. All Winter long there have been accumulating deadly disease germs.

These have been protected and kept alive by the covering of snow and now, with the first warm days, these death-bringing microbes are awakened by the rays of the sun, and as the ground dries they are carried to all corners of the community in the dust that is blown everywhere by the Spring winds.

The human body at this time is particularly susceptible to these germs, especially the germs of fevers. The system has been depleted by the foregoing Winter. The blood is sluggish and filled with impurities. The nerves have not recovered from the tension they have been under for the past months. The stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, the liver are all at their worst.

It is, therefore, not strange that these germs of disease find fertile ground in which to thrive, flourish and develop into deadly ills.

Spring is the time of year when one should fear an attack of fever, especially when the system is depleted, one should dread any severe illness. The vitality is at a low ebb. There is less power of resistance to throw off disease, and it is on this account that fatalities are so much greater during the Spring months than at any other time of the year.

There is but one way to ward off such dangers, and that is to fortify the human body so that it will become impregnable to the germs of prevailing disease.

To do this take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build you up quickly. It will replenish your waning appetite, it will give you restful nights of sleep, it will give vim and vigor to the nerves, it will dispel all existing poisons that have accumulated in the body by counteracting the effects of germs that may accumulate.

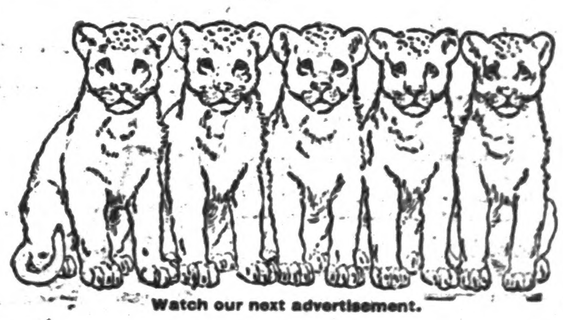
Following is an instance that illustrates the wonderful power of Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

Sheriff Jonas T. Stevens, of sheriff of Hyde Park, Vt., says: "I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy especially as a blood purifier. I had a very severe itching on my arms, accompanied by a very bad itching, so severe that I could not sleep nights, causing me great inconvenience by the loss of sleep and itching. A friend advised me to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which I did with the most satisfactory results, for the itching has entirely disappeared, and I now rest comfortably nights and none of my former misery from burning, itching sensations."

Remember Dr. Greene's advice will be given to any one desiring it absolutely free if they will write or call upon him at his office, 35 W. 14th st., New York City.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!



Watch our next advertisement.

All Alike!

LION COFFEE

is always the same.
One package is just like another.
It is uniform in every respect.

IT NEVER VARIES.

If you like one package you will like all.

LION COFFEE.

LION COFFEE is not glazed or coated with egg mixtures and chemicals, but is an absolutely pure coffee, full of strength and flavor.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved Prolific BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. [illegible] claimed for this cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth; that it is never troubled with boll-worm, rust or the insect known as sharpshooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE, Montgomery, Ala.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

FREE TO ANY ONE FOR USE WHILE IN THE HOME. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Italian Soldiers in Slavery.

An Italian who has returned from Abyssinia declares that in the more distant parts of that country there are still a large number of Italian soldiers living in slavery. They are mostly men who were wounded at the battle of Adowa, left on the field and subsequently taken prisoners.

Stole Stove From Church.

Columbus, O., thieves reached the limit the other night when they entered St. Peter's Lutheran church and stole an immense stove which was used for heating that structure. Half a dozen men must have been engaged in the work.

RESCUE From SICKNESS and SUFFERING

WELTMERISM, the divine science of healing originated, practiced and taught by Prof. S. A. WELTMER, has cured hopeless cases that pass all other methods. All who desire Health should call on or address Professor Weltmer, Suite 1 Parlors Production Block, Columbus, Ohio, for special offer and a copy of "Weltmerism," fully illustrated, free. PROF. S. A. WELTMER, 200 S. Ash St.

Am. N. U. No. 11, 1901.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye

AMERICAN TROOPS QUELL A RIOT

Porto Ricans Try to Mob School Superintendent.

TROUBLE OVER TRIVIAL AFFAIR

Reprimand to a School Girl Aroused the Quick Tempered Foreigners.

A special from San Juan, P. R., says: A serious riot occurred yesterday [illegible] artillerymen and a [illegible] of infantry, named Hiscock, [illegible] guard post without [illegible] across the plaza [illegible] with a mob of people [illegible] The soldiers [illegible] dispersed the mob and [illegible] Superintendent Armstrong, who was [illegible] by the mob in a house [illegible] about a block from the [illegible] The city had been overrun by a [illegible] crowd of probably 1,500 persons who shouted, "Down with the Americans," [illegible]

The superintendent had reprimanded a ten year old girl for disobedience [illegible] forcibly, but harmlessly, marched her to the front from the rear of the school room. Her dress caught in a [illegible] and was torn, and the girl returned to her mother that she had been [illegible] and abused. This evoked several [illegible] stories, and some of the school boys paraded the streets and were joined by many loafers and full grown men. The superintendent and [illegible] women who escorted him were [illegible] in the streets, and the Americans sought refuge in the Intendencia Building.

At 5 o'clock Governor Allen ordered the mayor to disperse the mob, notifying him that he should ask for government assistance if he was in need of it. The mayor, however, ignored the notification, although the city police were powerless.

At 5:30 p. m. the offices were closed. Martin C. Brumbaugh, the commissioner of education of Porto Rico, asked for protection of his office and [illegible]

The treasury clerk, who was one of the men who ejected rioters from the Intendencia, was attacked, stoned and disarmed by a mob.

The insular police were not called out until 6 o'clock p. m., when the firemen mentioned took the initiative without orders.

Meantime, the city police had fired about one hundred shots, mostly in the air, for there were no casualties. Several other Americans beside the treasury clerk were stoned from roofs and balconies.

Corporal Hiscock has been placed under arrest, and probably will be tried by courtmartial.

A GAY PROFESSOR.

Results Farmer's Wife and Lands in Jail in Consequence.

An Atlanta dispatch says: "Professor G. B. Bird, who has been conducting a flourishing village school at Cedar Grove, twelve miles from Atlanta, was brought to the city Friday night and locked up in a cell at the police barracks on the charge of inveigling the wife of Calvin B. Moore, a farmer of DeKalb county.

Bird is a young man and is highly connected in the state. He has owned up the whole affair and affirms everything which Mrs. Moore has told on him. He claims that at the time he induced Mrs. Moore he was mentally irresponsible on account of a dose of whisky and morphine which he had taken for neuralgia.

GIBSON ELECTED SENATOR.

Montana Legislature Elects Successor to Carter After Many Ballots.

A special from Helena, Mont., says: Half past 3 o'clock Friday morning, though the legislative clock testified that it was not yet midnight, Hon. Thomas Gibson, Democrat, of Great Falls, was elected United States senator for the term expiring March 4, 1905.

For almost the entire life of the legislature that body had been voting daily for a senator, but with no result. After taking a few votes Thursday morning without indication of result, the joint assembly took a recess until 12 o'clock, at which time began the session ending with the election of Mr. Gibson.

SCHLEY'S NAME CHEERED.

Marines at Pensacola are Entertained By Citizens With Smoker.

Over 200 men from the squadron at Pensacola, Fla., were entertained by citizens with a smoker Thursday night. Captain Parkhill, of the city, responded to the toast, "Man Behind the Guns," and when he referred to Schley the large hall shook with resounding cheers. Only enlisted men were invited from the ships.

ALL ON BOARD LOST.

British Steamer Goes Down Off Bilbao Breakwater.

Advices from Bilbao, Spain, state that the British steamer Avlona, Captain Lennox, has been wrecked at the Bilbao breakwater. All on board are lost.

The Avlona was of 1,140 tons net register, 250 feet long, 34½ feet beam and 24 feet deep. She was built at Dundee in 1888, and was owned by the Avlona Steamship Company, of Ayr.

How the World Grows.

In 1830 England was 32 days ... Now it is about 17.

In 1850 New York was from ... six months from China by ... Now it is 17 days by rail ... Vancouver and by ship to Shanghai.

In 1870 emigrants came to this ... usually in about 40 days. ... ran into storms and helped ... ships. Now they come in a week ... fort.

In 1845 the postage on a letter ... New York to Wisconsin was 25 ... and letters in those ... postage stamp on this ... to get the worth of their money ... were seldom.

Six years ago news from Europe ... America in two weeks. Now ... two minutes.

A Mammoth Match Factory.

The biggest match factory in ... is the Vulcan match factory ... Jamtland, Sweden. It employs ... men and manufactures daily ... boxes of matches.

E SNOW

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White Mantle.

human body so that it will ... impregnable to the germs of ... disease.

do this take Dr. Greene's ... blood and nerve remedy. It ... you up quickly. It will restore ... waning appetite, it will ... restful nights of sleep, it will ... and vigor to the nerves, and ... expel all existing poisons ... accumulated in the body because ... treating the effects of ... may accumulate.

... is an instance that ... the wonderful power of ... Nervura blood and nerve ...

Geoff Jones, T. Stevens, who ... of Middle Park, Vt., says: ... Dr. Greene's Nervura ... have cured especially as a ... I had a very severe ... accompanied by a ... so severe that I could ... among me great ... loss of sleep by ... advised me to ... Nervura blood and nerve ... which I did with the ... results, for the ... disappeared, and I ... comfortably nights and ... of my former misery from ... alarming sensations."

member Dr. Greene's advice ... on to any one desiring same ... free if they will write or ... him at his office, 35 W. 14th ... York City.

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always the same.
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uniform in every respect.

VER VARIES.

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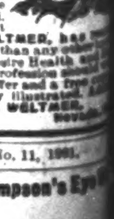
SICKNESS
SUFFERING



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PROF S. A. WELTMER,
. ASHSI. Boston.

Am. N. U. No. 11, 1901.

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AMERICAN TROOPS QUELL A RIOT

Porto Ricans Try to Mob School Superintendent.

TROUBLE OVER TRIVIAL AFFAIR

Reprimand to a School Girl Aroused the Quick Tempered Foreigners.

A cable from San Juan, Porto Rico, says: A serious riot occurred here yesterday. At five o'clock in the afternoon a lieutenant and a corporal of artillery, named Hiscock, left their post without orders and crossed the plaza into a street where a crowd of people had assembled. There they fired a volley into the mob and rescued the superintendent Armstrong, who was surrounded by the mob in a house about a block from the plaza.

The place had been overrun by a riotous crowd of probably 1,500 persons, shouting "Down with the Americans."

The superintendent had reprimanded a school girl for disobedience, but the reprimand was harmless enough, marched out from the rear of the school. Her dress caught in a door and was torn, and the girl reported to her mother that she had been struck and abused. This evoked sensational stories, and some of the school boys paraded the streets and were joined by many loafers and full-grown men. The superintendent and officers who escorted him were pelted in the streets, and the Americans sought refuge in the Intendencia Building.

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SENATORS GO HOME.

Extraordinary Session of Six Days Brought to a Close With All Work Finished.

A Washington special says: After proceedings lasting only six days, the extraordinary session of the senate was declared adjourned sine die at 1:55 p. m. Saturday. During the session practically no business except of an executive character, was transacted.

The session was called by the president in order that the senate might have an opportunity to confirm appointments made at the beginning of the new administration. The business accomplished, there was nothing further for the senate to do.

At the opening of Saturday's session the president pro tempore, Senator Frye, of Maine, was inducted into office, the oath being administered by Vice President Roosevelt. Through a committee of the senate the president informed the senate that he had no further communication to make. Without ceremony the session was then declared at an end. For a considerable time after final adjournment, many senators remained on the floor of the chamber exchanging farewells.

In his invocation the blind chaplain prayed that the fatherly care of the Almighty might be extended to the members of the senate about to separate and to all other departments and officials of the government."

At the conclusion of the reading of the journal, the oath of office was administered to Mr. Frye.

Mr. Simon, of Oregon, announced that his recently elected colleague, Mr. Mitchell, was present, and he requested that the oath of office be administered to him as a matter of privilege. On the arm of Mr. Simon Mr. Mitchell advanced to the vice president's desk. As they ascended the platform the galleries, recognizing Mr. Mitchell, cordially applauded him. The vice president sparply rebuked the spectators for the applause.

Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on inter-oceanic canals, asked unanimous consent that Mr. Mitchell be appointed to succeed his predecessor, Mr. McBride, as a member of that committee. He realized, he said, that it was an unusual request, but it was made because of the notable interest in canal legislation always manifested by Mr. Mitchell, who, like Mr. McBride, was an earnest and able advocate of the construction of the canal.

After the transaction of brief routine business, the resolution offered Friday by Mr. Hoar that a committee of two senators be appointed to wait upon the president of the United States and notify him that unless he might have some further business to transact, the senate was ready to adjourn without delay, was laid before the senate and adopted. The vice president appointed Senators Hoar and Cockrell as the committee.

On motion of Mr. Hale the senate at 12:23 went into executive session. At 1:52 the doors were opened for the final proceedings of the extraordinary session. They were very brief. The committee appointed to wait upon the president reported, through Mr. Hoar, that the president had informed the committee that he had no further business for the senate to transact.

Mr. Allison then moved, at 1:55 p. m., that the senate adjourn without day. Amid handclapping the vice president declared the motion carried, and his gavel fell, thus ending the session.

SEABOARD IS SCOOPED?

Report Has It That Belmont Secures Control of the Road.

It is stated in New York that August Belmont has acquired control of the Seaboard Air-Line and devised a close traffic arrangement with the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

In this new railroad enterprise Belmont & Co. represented a syndicate of Wall street bankers and the Rothschilds of England. The plan is said to have been completed the past week in a series of conferencrs at the offices of August Belmont and John Skelton Williams, of Richmond, Va., president of the Seaboard Air-Line.

It is told that the plan to acquire the Seaboard Air Line grew out of the knowledge that if the Louisville and Nashville did not get control of it at once its rival, the Southern railway, would do so. Therefore, in the purchase the Louisville and Nashville takes a big amount of the securities, and close connection will be established between the two systems.

ARE WATCHING RUSSIA.

United States and England Ready to Thwart Czar's Scheme.

A London Special says: A crisis has arisen in far eastern affairs, which in the opinion of the British government is graver almost than the troubles which originally turned the eyes of the world toward the orient. Secret negotiations are going on between the United States and Great Britain with a view to thwarting what both governments appear to consider a determined attempt on the part of Russia to plant herself permanently in one of the richest tracts of the Chinese empire.

NO "BLUFF" INTENDED.

Statement Published By London Paper Is Emphatically Denied.

A Washington Special says: An emphatic denial is given at the state department to a statement published in a London newspaper that the United States government has addressed a note "almost threatening in tone," to the Danish government, declaring that it will not permit a transfer of the Danish West Indies to any foreign paper.

We make a specialty of mince meat—employ the best skill—use the best materials.

We stake our fame on it. We use it to advertise the many other good things that we make.

LIBBY'S MINCE MEAT

A package makes two large pies. Your grocer will furnish it, if you ask him. You will find it better than home-made—better than any mince meat you ever tasted. You'll eat Libby's foods thereafter.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Our book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," sent free.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St.,
New York.

DYSPEPSIA
yields to nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

Wrestly cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural Water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 50c. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of uncondensed water. Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trademark on every bottle. TRADE MARK.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn. Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass. Greatest marvel of the age. 18 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing.

What Is It? Catalogue tells.

FOR 13c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Spelts (93 lbs. per A.) Oats, (156 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (173 bu. per A.) Peas, etc. Worth $10, to get a start.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Five Hundred Kinds of Trees.

With the light thrown on Philippine affairs by the American occupation comes a greater knowledge than was heretofore possessed of the many valuable products native to the soil. Under old laws forestry was almost unknown, and the most valuable rubber, gutta-percha and ylang-ylang tree were allowed to be cut down at will, says the Philadelphia North American. These old regulations are now changed, and licenses must now be taken out. Forestry Director Ahern estimates the total number of tree species in the archipelago at 500. There are no pure forests of any one species, but all grow together in one discriminate mass. The forest lands of the Philippines are estimated at from 20,000,000 to 40,000,000 acres—one-half of the islands area.—Chicago News.

The Ameer of Afghanistan has issued an order that all the young men throughout the country, who are not permanently employed at some occupation, are to join the army. He has also fancied it to be proclaimed that a vision he had when he came to the throne, in which he was instructed to build a wall round the country, has been fulfilled.

Care of the Baby.

To keep the skin clean is to keep it healthy; every mother should therefore see that her baby is given a daily bath in warm water with Ivory Soap. The nursery should also be well aired and cleaned, and all clothing washed with Ivory Soap, well rinsed and dried in the sun.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

It is believed by many that the dry climate of Southern Oklahoma and the southern district of Indian Territory is going to make all that section the home of the finest grades of cotton. During the season it has developed that the cotton grown in the Choctaw Nation was of an extra good fiber, grading above the average and in great demand for export.

A Record

Of almost a century has proven that Crab Orchard Water is a reliable specific for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Give it a trial.

The sun, earth and stars are all made of the same elements.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

There are no homeopathic physicians in the medical corps of either the army or the navy.

The oldest German college is Heidelberg, 1356.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The average annual number of homicides in South Carolina is 221.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The cornerstone of the White House was laid on October 13, 1792.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Spanish sheep are white except those of La Mancha, which are black.

Read Prof. S. A. WELTMER's advertisement in this paper. It should be of interest to you.

To forget to wind a watch is a sure sign you are getting old.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

Belgium has no navy except a training ship for the merchant marine.

If the donkey were king of the brute creation some men might truthfully boast of their royal blood.

"Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation."

Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit.

Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls.

Why should this be the case?

Because they have neglected themselves.

Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All of these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb.

What a terrifying thought! these poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation.

Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letter here published with the full consent of the writer, and see how she escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the consistent treatment of her medicines.

Mrs. Knapp tells of her Great Gratitude.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have received much benefit from using your Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash. After my child was born, blood poison set in, which left me with granulated inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I had suffered from suppressed and painful menstruation from a girl. The doctors told me the ovaries would have to be removed. I took treatment two years to escape an operation, but still remained in miserable health in both body and mind, expecting to part with my reason with each coming month. After using one bottle of the Compound, I became entirely rid of the trouble in my head. I continued to use your remedies until cured.

"The last nine months have been passed in perfect good health. This, I know, I owe entirely to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"My gratitude is great indeed to the one to whom so many women owe their health and happiness."—MRS. F. M. KNAPP, 1528 Kinnickinnie Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

MRS. F. M. KNAPP

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORE CURE. 25 50 1.0

WANTED LADY SOLICITORS of good address and character to introduce and sell "DISINFECTINE" SOAP, the healing wonder of modern times. Guaranteed for the prevention of contagion and cure of any skin disease. Popular price. Repeats everywhere. Exclusive territory. Steady, genteel employment. DISINFECTINE CO., Boston, Mass.

For the Family

All ages hail with delight the coming of the most wonderful, meritorious preparation that will lighten the ills of humanity and will do away with the taking of obnoxious, violent purges, inconvenient liquids, and pills that tear your life out. Simply because in CASCARETS Candy Cathartic you will find just what you want, convenient in form, pleasant of taste (just like candy) and of never-failing remedial action. They have found a place in millions of homes, and are the favorite medicine of the whole family, from baby to good old grandpa.

Dont be fooled with substitutes for CASCARETS!

a respite.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"I take pleasure in praising your valuable remedy CASCARETS. I and my whole family received relief from the first small box we tried. I certainly recommend CASCARETS for the cures they make and trust they will find a place in every home. Yours for success."
PETER WEBB, Jr.,
Palm Grove Ave., McKeesport, Pa.

Confliction Emotions.

Mrs. Joy ... run for the phy-

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.
NEVER SOLD IN BULK.
DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will send CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy (some) two one box, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one the box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

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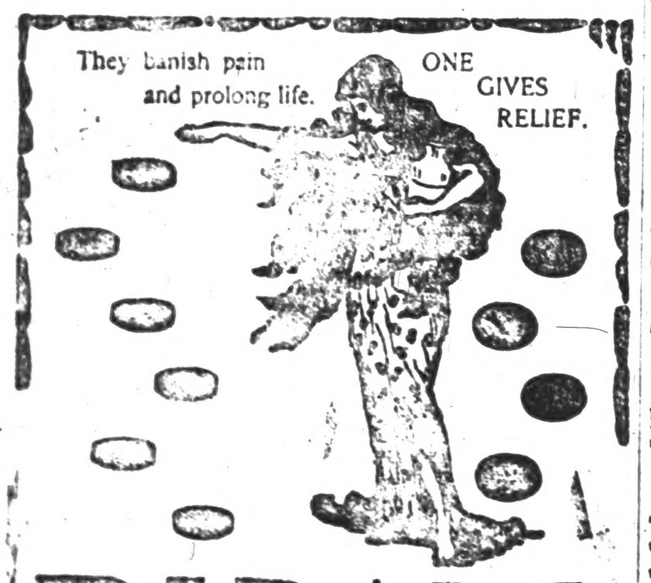
13 Astor Place, New York City.

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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A. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

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Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

THE AUTAUGA GUARDS.

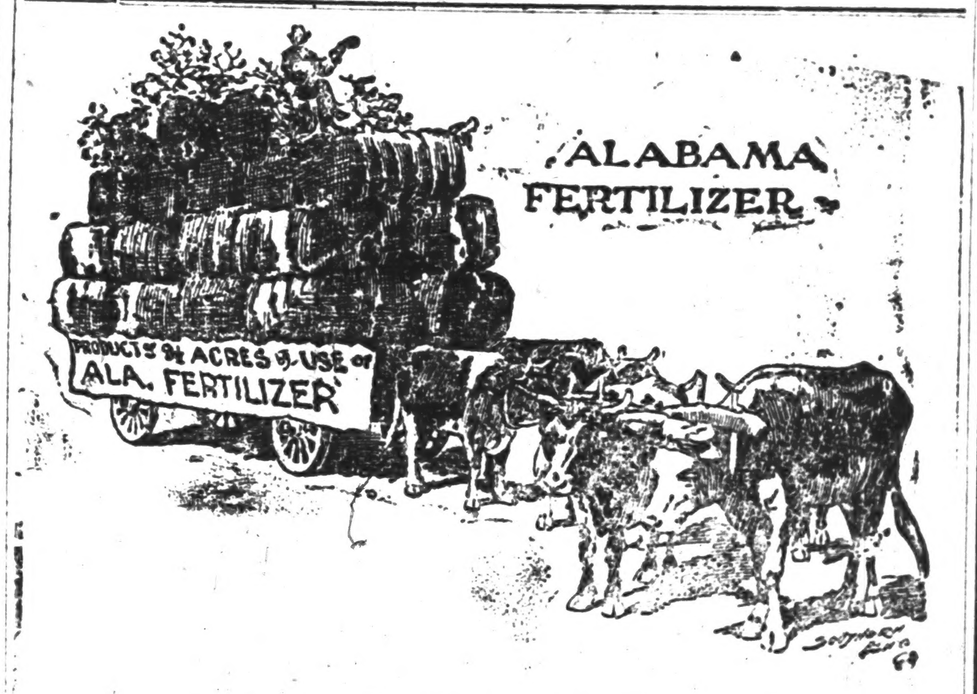
By request we reprint from the Prattville Progress the roll of Autauga Guards mustered into service on the 16th day of September, 1861, at Montgomery, Ala.

T. L. Faulkner, Capt. T. w. wiggleswith, 1st Lieut. Robert, W. Kerr, 2nd Lieut. w. w. Myrick, Jr. 3d Lieut. J. A. Hall, 1st Sergt. F. w. carwile, 2nd sergt. J. C. Stoudenmire 3d serg. Jacob M. Johnson, 4th sergt. Joseph P. Dawson, 5th sergt. G. D. Keys, 1st corporal; B. R. Holmes, 2nd corporal; w. m. wagner, 3d corporal, I. D. Lamar, 4th corporal, J. B. H. Parish, Drummer.

PRIVATES.

Jas. Anderson, J.C. Butler, H. C. Burt, J. G. Barker, J. A. Bowden, J. B. Bowden, Lewis Berks, J. W. Boone, B. J. Carter, c. G. carwile, D. L. carwile, R. S. carson, E. cook, L. A. chambliss, L. L. Davenport, J. F. Davenport, J. E. Dickins, B. F. Dunn, W. E. Dordan, G. W. Duckworth, W. H. Dickinson, J. H. Eubanks, Wm. M. Eubanks, J. Ellis, J. M. Fuller, S. J. Fuller, G. W. Fox, T. Golden, J. M. Gray, c. c. Guin, J. E. Gray, W. A. Gray, W. L. Health, Jas. Health, G. W. Hurst, c. e. Hinton, E. A. Headspeth, Thos. Hurst, J. H. Judy, T. B. Jones, S. D. Johnson, M. V. Johnson, A. J. Johnson, I. M. Lamar, c. L. Love, I. B. Love, Geo. E. wis, J. H. Lambuck, J. W. Milinder, H. H. mills, R. P. mills, F. V. moore, J. B. myrick, Simon. mason, Obadiah Moore, J. A. Northrup, B. F. Nelson, W. A. overstreet, E. Odon, A. J. Price, A. c. Pool, W. J. Pool, L. Patillo, c. H. Royals, Henry Robins, J. P. Rodgers, J. P. Rowe, J. G. Rizon, Dr. J. A. Robinson, Henry Sanders, T. M. Seem, S. J. Spencer, W. G. Shoemaker, G. W. Scott, c. W. Stewart, Wm. Turner, E. A. Tatum, J. M. Zimmerman, H. L. williams, J. K. J. Talley, c. A. Vandorn, Jas. white, J. G. walker, G. w. walker, wm. wood, J. w. kemp.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' Pain Pills to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."



Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 24 bales of cotton produced on 9½ acres of land, made from Russell Improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIRER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years' experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau,
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to resack fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 49 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

Montgomery, Ala.

THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH
nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

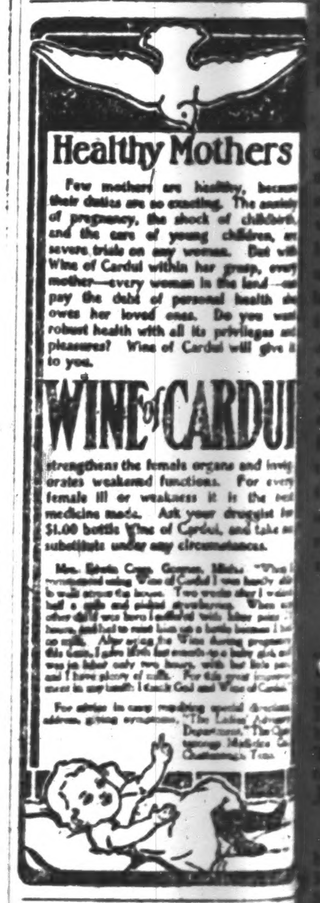
The New England Watch is giving good satisfaction. It is a poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to sufferers

Is your blood pure? Are you free of it? Do cuts, or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch and burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Rheumatism? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so, purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores, $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm so sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write to-day. Describe trouble and get medical advice given.



THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Line running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala. C. P. Ammerman, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Sees, and Some He Does Not.

Peach and pear trees blooming, the boys serenading, and the busy housewife hunting for signs of that little insect who goes

"Creeping where no life should be"

are all infallible signs that Spring is at hand. At this time of the year the energetic housewife goes to work and turns the house inside out, rendering life a misery to the men folks. Did you ever notice that while

"In the Spring the young man's fancy
Lightly turns to thoughts of love,"

the thoughts of the housewife turn in another direction and she goes vigorously to work cleaning up. Like some politicians she goes on the still hunt and has a high old time generally.

Talking of politicians it begins to look as if some of our people have come to the conclusion that, no matter what party the politician may belong to, it is the results of his labors that effects them. In this county the Democratic convention jumped with all its might on Democratic Senator Oliver and Republican-Populist Representative Davis for passing a bill on the sly through the last Legislature providing for the removal of the court house from Columbiana to Calera. Calera wants to issue $100,000 bonds to build a new court house and the county commissioners say they won't find the money to pay the interest on them. So it looks as if the politicians and the people of Shelby have mightily fallen out.

As was anticipated, the Democratic convention last week nominated Dr. Coffey, and now it remains to be seen who the Populists will nominate on Monday next. It looked as if it was just a toss up between Reynolds and Deason, but there is a good deal of talk going on about nominating Judge Adams as delegate from Chilton; and if his name goes before the convention it would not be at all surprising to see him come in first. I am sorry that Tipton Mullins did not secure the nomination from this district, as my preference is always for a deserving Chilton man, but I wish him better luck next time.

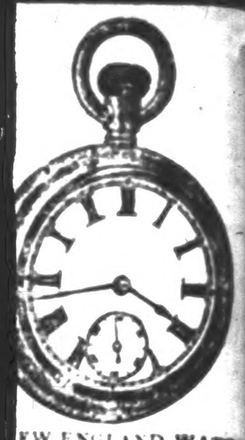
Thorsby.

Thorsby held its first municipal election last Saturday and the following were duly elected; K. G. Cargre, Mayor; J. Rice, J. L. Ross, C. K. Helland, Ira E. Sartain and E. F. Mead, Aldermen. There are now three incorporated towns in Chilton, viz.: Clanton, Jemison and Thorsby.

Rev. Elmer Van Ness, who has been holding a revival meeting at Rockymount says in a letter to Mr. Clair Thornton, "Fire fell Sunday, Monday and Tuesday nights, about 18 converted and a few sanctified. I never saw the like before. Am now at Oak Grove, commenced last night. Come and help me if you can. God bless you." He will be at Vidia and other appointments as soon as possible.

Strikes A Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green of Worcester, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicine I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Clanton, Drug Co.



EW ENGLAND WATC
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ain for $2.75. Try one
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New England Watch is s
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n a time piece
D. POPWELL, Clanton,

REE BLOOD CURE
for proving faith to Sufferers
blood pure? Are you
Do cuts or scratches h
Does your skin itch
Have you Pimples? Erup
Aching Bones or Back? E
Old Sores? Boils? Scr
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Describe trouble and free
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EST WAY TO THE
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TH AND NORTH-WEST
AS VIA THE
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LE & NASHVILLE R. R.
Through Cars
pass Calera daily, running
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through to Nashville,
Louisville, Cincinnati
and St. Louis,
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ND NORTH-WEST.
hasing tickets to any point
cut of the Louisville and
ilroad at Clanton, Ala., or
G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

OL. IX CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY MARCH 21, 1901 NO. 23

HE MAN ON THE CORNER

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Billingsley, March 16, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me a few words in the columns of the Banner in regard to the men suggested as delegate to the coming constitutional convention. I will say in behalf of Mr. E. B. Deason that I have been personally acquainted with him for several years, have been boys together, and have never found him to be anything but an honest and upright man in everything. I never in all my life knew him to do anything that was beneath the dignity of a gentleman. I know him to be a man of business and honest conviction and upright in principles and endowed with remarkable talent, and if elected will make a good delegate, one who can't be pulled around by the hair of the head by a dishonest principle

WESLEY J. BILLINGSLEY.

A Widow's Love Affair

Receives a setback if she has offensive breath through Constipation, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble but Dr. King's New Life Pills always cure those troubles; clean the system, sweeten the breath' banish headache; best in the world for liver, kidneys and bowels. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co,

Jemison, March 18, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me space in your paper to say that by the request of many of my masonic brethren, I will preach a sermon at Pleasant Grove church, five miles southwest of Jemison, on the Jemison and Randolph road, on the fifth Sunday in this month at 11 a.m.; my subject will be on the building of the Temple. Everybody invited, especially the Masons.

J. H. THOMAS.

Stanton, March 18, 1901

Editor Banner.—Will you kindly allow me space in your paper to express a few thoughts. We, the Populist voters of Beat 8, want the Hon. L. H. Reynolds to represent us at the constitutional convention. He is a man of energy, a man of ambition and a man of experience, one who knows what his people need.

A few words to the man that spoke of what the Reflector had to say about what the Hon. L. B. Pounds had done and what he had not done. He surely did want to tell the truth and did not know how else to get about it, only just to say the so-called Democrats do steal and act the rascal in general. He is the first one I ever saw that preached what they practice. Yes, Mr. Correspondent, you so-called Democrats did steal the votes from the Hon. L. H. Reynolds and gave them to Oliver and the world knows it. Now, gentlemen, if sound-minded, Christian-hearted people advocate such, I think things are getting a little too far. There is is always a hereafter in such cases. If it was just the Populist people you are doing so, it could be looked at in a different manner. You are finding it in your own advocates and followers. If the Populists don't go ahead and get stock law stopped, your own advocates will have to put with it and feed it. The common race of the so-called Democrats are worse than a notch on a stick, they are like a barrel in the middle of the sea, they have to go just as the tide goes. Mr. Correspondent, we agree that the act that was passed on Beat 5 and part of Beat 8 did not come from the Hon. L. B. Pounds, it came from the man that you so-called Democrats stole the votes for. Now, just see, you are fixing to have to feel those stolen votes.

No sooner than stock law was mentioned, some of your hot headed Democrats were the first ones to get up a petition against it, for instance. Old Mike over in West Chilton. I am as ever,

A VOTER.

Jemison.

Mr. W. H. Hunt entered our school Monday.

Mr. J. H. Harrison visited his parents Sunday.

We are sorry to say that Mr. J. M. Scott died at his home the 13th, after a spell of pneumonia.

Asa A. Langston and Walter F. Adams paid a flying visit to Oakgrove Sunday.

Quite a number of young people spent Saturday evening at Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lowery's.

We are sorry to say that Mr. Howard is sick; we hope he will be better soon.

Prof. John Martin entered our school Monday.

Master Jon Thomas Howell is suffering with the rickets.

Miss Fannie Crysel left last Monday for Kentucky; we hope she will have a nice time

We will take fried goose eggs next time.

Mr. Festus Atkinson has a severe case of pneumonia; we hope to see him out soon.

We are glad to see Mr. Ben Rodgers up again.

The young people had a singing at Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Langston's last Sunday night and all report having a nice time. HOBO.

Longstreet.

Farmers are fast preparing for another crop.

Now we hear the shouts of the plow boy, as he plods along thinking of more ten cent cotton.

Mr. John Thacker visited home folks Sunday.

Mr. L. M. Hill, of Thorsby was mingling with his Longstree friends Sunday.

Weddings seem to be prevalent in our community.

Some of the young girls were all smiles Sunday. With best wishes to the Banner. X. Y. Z.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morgantown, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c Satisfaction guaranted by Clanton Drug Co.

Stanton.

Mr. W. L. Beatty spent a few days in Safford last week.

Miss Lena Parnell, of Riderville, paid relatives a pleasant visit here recently.

Mr. W. C. Dyer went to Selma Monday.

Dr. Marlar, of Billingsley, was in town Monday.

Mrs. W. T. Callen, of Clanton, visited relatives here last week.

Messrs. Lester Parnell and Oce Connell have returned home from the Thorsby school.

Mrs. Foshee, of Maplesville, paid Mrs. C. N. Parnell, her daughter, a visit last week.

Mrs. Galliger, of Birmingham, visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. Sisco, of Selma, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Smith.

Rev. W. H. Connell's school closed last Friday; the concert was simply fine.

Mr. Willis Bowline, of Maplesville, was in the city Sunday.

Rev. W. H. Connell filled Rev. P. G. Maness' appointment here Sunday. We learn that Bro. Maness is quite sick with la grippe, but wish him a speedy recovery.

Messrs. Cal Foshee and Crump Graham, of Maplesville, gave us a pleasant call Sunday. STAN.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy", says F. P. Morgan, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Thorsby.

LANDS FOR SALE.

$2.50 PER ACRE.

We have for sale a small farm containing 40 acres, of which 30 acres are now under cultivation. Some houses on the place; land fenced; a good spring of running water. If this land was located in the Thorsby colony it would be worth $1200.00. The land is located about four miles west of Thorsby and you may take it for $100. (Sold February 16, 1900.)

General Farming Lands for sale, $5.00 to $15.00 per acre.

Unimproved Orchard and Vineyard Lands at $15.00 per acre.

Improved Orchard and Vineyard Lands from $40 to $60 per acre.

Two small farms for Rent; a 7 room Cottage for sale.

Special inducements to merchants and manufacturers in the progressive town of Thorsby, the market center of Chilton county. For further particulars call at the offices of

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

THORSBY, ALA.

Billingsley.

Farmers are busy preparing their land for planting; some are ready to plant corn as soon as the weather will do to plant.

Our town of Billingsley is going to incorporate.

The Swift Creek Timber Co. is going to discontinue business at this place next week; they are going to Jackson, Ala., to continue their saw mill

WESLEY J. BILLINGSLEY.

Program 20th Century Meeting

at Mulberry Baptist Church, March 30 and 31, 1901.

FIRST DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer meeting, conducted by W. J. Fleming.

10. "Our Greatest Need, the Holy Spirit's Power." Discussed by P. G. Maness 30 minutes; followed by others in 10 minutes speeches.

11. Speech: What God has done for Baptists in 100 years, by T. U. Crumpton. Recess 12 to 1.

1 p.m. "How to conduct a Sunday school;" forty-five minutes by W. H. Connell. 15 minutes Sermon to the children by A. J. Dickinson. 10 minutes given to explanation of Helps in Teachers' Bible W. J. Ruddick.

2:10. Baptist Principles; what are they? S. M. Adams

2:35. How Baptist Principles have spread in 100 years, and what they are worth to the world, G. S. Anderson.

3. What the Baptists ought to do for the world in the next century, L. O. Dawson.

SECOND DAY.

9 a.m. Prayer meeting.

10. Missions: the command; the promise, the results, A. J. Dickinson.

11:30. Sermon—L. O. Dawson.

1:30 p.m. Our church life; the public worship; the pastor; the deacons; the sexton; the meeting house; the women; by J. M. Collier. The young people, by I. Windsor.

2:30. Religion in the home, by H. W. Caffey.

Everybody invited to attend, especially the preachers.

F. M. WOODS, Chm.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of the Sw ¼ of Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 18th day of February, 1901.

M. A. KILGORE, Sheriff.

The best way to keep your enemies from finding out your own faults is not to let your friends know them.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGES, Jemison, Ala.

EXAMINATION—Prepare for Examination or a Higher Grade Certificate at Jemison Institute. Special eight weeks Review Term will begin April 1, 1901. For particulars, address

J. M. COLLIER, Jemison, Ala.

SEED POTATOES, 50 cents per bushel. Apply to S. E. BRUCE, Clanton.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address

C. W. DAUGETTE, President, Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. BICE, Thorsby, Ala.

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The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

FOR SALE.

A few hundred bushels of Russell's Improved prolific, BIG BOLL COTTON SEED. It is claimed for this Cotton that it is the most Prolific variety on earth, that it is never troubled with boll worm, rust or the insect known as sharp shooters. Stands extremes of wet and dry weather. Less than half the labor required for picking.

MARKS & GAYLE, Montgomery, Ala.

CHESTNUT LION

A Fine Tennessee Jack 15 Hands high, Full of Life a Fine Breeder and Sure Foal-Getter, will stand at

JEMISON, ALA, this Season.

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MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISOR, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

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HAIR CUTTING

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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

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"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

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PRESIDENT: N. J. CASLOWAY, Clanton.

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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

To furnish the people of the world with bread, there than 2,200,000,000 bushels of wheat are consumed each year.

The Mojave and Colorado deserts which were once considered irreclaimable and valueless are proving to be wonderfully rich in minerals and an energetic and industrious population is now permanently established in them.

Chicago society women are accused of taking silverware and articles of table decoration home with them as souvenirs of notable occasions. But Chicago hopes its best society is rich enough not to mind about a few spoons and candlesticks.

The first Sunday school was established by Robert Raikes at Gloucester, England, in 1780. Now there are 110,000 Sunday schools in the United States, with 2,500,000 teachers and 9,000,000 pupils. A movement is on foot to employ paid teachers in the Sunday school.

A publication recently asked a great many of the most distinguished people of the world what was the "greatest menace" of the new century. There proved to be almost as many greatest menaces as there were answers. Either people are growing very original or this is to be a strenuous period.

These are evil times for the Russian aristocracy, which is becoming landless and indignant—poorer, indeed, than the proverbial Scotch laird. Most Russian nobles are too far removed in manners and morals, as well as in locality, to be available for American heiresses—except, of course, an occasional prince like Cantacuzene. Their prospects are correspondingly unfavorable.

Great Britain turned the century distinctly under a cloud. Her immediate embarrassments are considerable, but it is the future to which her leading statesmen and industrial authorities look with an apprehension which they do not conceal. They dread lest the conditions which carried England to the pitch of prosperity and greatness in the nineteenth century have so changed and are changing that a decline must set in.

Women are admitted with few restrictions to all but seven of the 23 more prominent colleges in the land. The college girl is now far more numerous here than in England, where the first really fruitful efforts were made in her behalf. Girton has only 115 students and Newnham 170, a scant roll as contrasted with Vassar's 700, Wellesley's 715 and Smith's 1131. The latter's attendance rivals that of the leading universities for men of a couple of decades ago.

Here is a problem for lawyers to solve. An Englishman, recently deceased, had three children, one son and two daughters, and he mentioned all of them in his will. The first clause is: "I leave my piano to Mary Elizabeth when Arthur has done with it." The other clause is: "To Susan Jane—she may take whatever Arthur wishes to give to her." There is no doubt of Arthur's standing in the document, but are Mary Elizabeth and Susan Jane beneficiaries under the will?

Experienced Arctic explorers seem to be favorably impressed by the new route to the North Pole which has been proposed (and will be followed if practicable) by Captain Bernier of Quebec. This daring adventurer has profited by the work of recent explorers, and will try to make use of the system of wireless telegraphy to keep in communication with the various sections of his expedition. It is believed that the discovery of the North Pole will be one of the early achievements of the new century.

America's command of the steel markets of the world, which only a year or two ago was regarded by Englishmen as extremely improbable, if not altogether impossible, is now calmly, if regretfully, admitted by the English newspapers as an existing fact. The London Telegraph regards it as certain that the United States will keep the lead in steel, and will increase it, and at the same time warns British manufacturers that they must be more willing to imitate the methods of their rivals if they cannot outstrip them in original invention.

Carrying Out the Disguise.

The Bride—Now, dear, we must act like old married people.

The Groom—All right. Give me fifty that fifty.

SON KILLS HIS FATHER.

Date Set for Birmingham Musical Festival.

WOMAN FATALLY BURNED.

Silas P. Rather Dead—Cashier Robbed—Other State News of Interest.

JAMES AMBERSON A PARRICIDE.

Seventeen-Year-Old Son Kills His Father to Escape a Beating.

James Amberson, aged 17 years, shot and killed his father, M. L. Amberson, at Piedmont, twenty miles north of Anniston, about 10 o'clock Friday night. According to reliable reports, the elder Amberson persisted in getting drunk and cursing his family. While on a spree Friday night he advanced on his son with a hickory stick, intending to beat him. The son drew a pistol and shot his father in the groin. The man died in twenty minutes. At the time of the killing the younger Amberson was up stairs in the Amberson home at Piedmont. Coming up the stairs the father called out to his son that he was coming up to his room to beat him with a stick. The son warned him not to come, as he would shoot. The warning was not heeded, and when he opened the door of his son's room the latter shot him. Young Amberson bears a good reputation, and all of the family except the elder man were highly respected and well known. The younger man said he did not intend to kill his father, but wanted to shoot him in the leg. After the tragedy the boy surrendered himself to a deputy sheriff.

Birmingham's Musical Festival.

The dates of Birmingham's third annual Music Festival having been definitely settled—Tuesday, April 30th and Wednesday, May 1st—the management will loose no time in advertising it throughout Alabama and neighboring states. Benjamin Guckenberger, the director, had intended having the festival on May 2d and 3d and the Chicago Orchestra had been engaged originally for those dates; but in order to arrange his southern circuit with a view to making certain railroad connections the manager asked Mr. Guckenberger to allow his organization to come two days earlier, and the change was readily agreed to, especially when important concessions were made. The first contract was for five vocal artists in addition to the orchestra of seventy-five pieces, conducted by Theodore Thomas, but no artist was to sing but one night. The new contract provides that all artists shall sing both nights without extra charge and for still further good measure Mr. Thomas agrees to throw in a violin soloist and a violoncello soloist, each of whom is to be a distinguished virtuoso.

A Young Woman Burns to Death.

Mrs. Mary Morris, aged 23 years, was so badly burned at her home in Oxanna, ward five, of Anniston, Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock that death resulted Saturday morning at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Morris lost her eyesight about two years ago. She leaves a husband and one child. At the time of this awful accident Mrs. Morris had been left alone for several moments, a thing quite unusual. Her clothing became ignited from an open grate. Parts of her body were burned to a crisp and she endured agonizing sufferings.

Will Preach in Birmingham March 23 and 24.

Rev. F. B. Meyer, the noted evangelist of London, England, is in this country, and will include Birmingham in a tour of the principal cities.

Dr. Meyer is considered one of the greatest preachers and religious writers of the age, and was associated with the late Dwight L. Moody in the conduct of the Northfield school.

Dr. Meyer will preach in Birmingham March 23 and 24, and the local Pastors' Union is arranging for a great reception for the noted divine. Dr. Meyer will be accompanied by W. R. Moody, son of the late Dwight L. Moody.

Ordered 500 Cars.

The Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf Railroad has placed an order with the Southern Car and Foundry Company for 500 cars, which, added to the order for 500 given several weeks ago, makes a total of 1,000 cars to be built for that road by the Southern Car and Foundry Company. The Memphis plant of this company will be started in a few days.

Burglars Make a Big Haul.

Colonel James T. Pierce, president of the Black Diamond Coal and Iron Company, of Owensboro, Ky., who arrived in Birmingham Saturday afternoon to spend a few days with his brother-in-law, Dr. Robert Jones, was the victim of burglars Sunday morning, and every indication points to the fact that the work was done by experts.

Colonel Pierce was given a room on the ground floor of Dr. Jones' residence at No. 2204 Fourth avenue, and retired to bed about 12 o'clock Saturday night, and being tired from traveling soon fell asleep. About 4 o'clock Sunday morning he awoke with a terrible headache and noticed that certain papers in the room were in disorder, but on account of the pain in his head paid no special attention to the fact and went back to bed. After a time he again fell asleep and did not wake again until the maid called him for breakfast, when he discovered that his handsome gold watch, containing a miniature of his wife and valued at $500, was missing, and with it a diamond ring set in a Masonic emblem and $45 in money. He at once reported the fact to Dr. Jones, and an investigation developed the fact that the burglars had forced the window to the room, having previously attempted to enter the house by a rear window.

Cashier Robbed.

Cashier Stradford of the Western Railroad at Montgomery is short $500 as a result of the quick work of a thief. The cashier counted out the $500 in bills, and placing them in an envelope, he carefully sealed it, preparatory to placing it in the express office for shipment to the general office in Atlanta. There was no one in the office with the cashier at the time and he left the package on his desk near a window and stepped out into the hallway to call a porter by whom to send his valuable package to the express office. When the cashier returned the package and money were gone, and no trace of it has been found. The theory of the disappearance is that the window to the office was raised and the money package slipped out.

Silas P. Rather Dies Suddenly.

State Senator Silas P. Rather died suddenly at 3:10 Saturday afternoon at his home in Decatur. The Senator had been in ill health for many months, but took to his bed only Friday, and while it was generally known that his health was rapidly failing, yet his most intimate friends did not anticipate that he was so near to death's door. At his death bed were two physicians and several friends. The attending physicians say that death was due to heart failure.

Senator Rather was born at Somerville February 18, 1846, and Morgan County has been his constant home. He came from a family of lawyers, and his ancestors were among the earliest settlers of north Alabama.

J. W. Eubank Commits Suicide.

James Walker Eubank, of Birmingham, aged 25, ended his life Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock by sending a bullet from a 38 calibre pistol through his brain. He is said to have been despondent for some time over the condition of his health and the fact that he was temporarily out of employment, and that is supposed to have been the cause of the rash act.

Skilled Workmen Arrive.

A number of workingmen from Niles, Ohio, who will be worked in the Bessemer and Ensley districts, arrived Friday over the Alabama Great Southern railroad. There were twenty-four men in the party, and they will go to work in the puddling department of the Bessemer mills.

Ensley's Steel Mill.

Five of the furnaces at the steel mill have been in steady operation for the past six days, and a good record was made for the week. Wednesday one of the new mechanical gas producers was put into commission and on the day following the five furnaces turned out nearly 600 tons of steel, which surpasses all former records. Beginning next week the entire gas plant, including the two new producers, will be brought into service, and two additional furnaces put into commission, with the blooming mill running night and day.

Accidentally Shot His Brother.

John Butts was wounded in the face by a shotgun in the hands of his brother Thomas, while hunting near Ensley Saturday. The party was giving chase to a rabbit, which sought refuge in a hollow log, and a discharge of the gun, which was intended to go through the log, went wild of its mark, four shots lodging in the face of young Butts.

SIXTY MEN BURNED

Report that a Turpentine Camp is Destroyed.

SERIOUS FIRES AT GADSDEN

New Industries at New Dectur and Birmingham.

Sixty Men Burn to Death in Alabama Turpentine Camp.

A dispatch from Mobile, Ala., dated March 15th, says: A crowd of citizens of this place are searching Baldwin county in an effort to find three negroes, who, in a spirit of revenge, are said to have burned a turpentine camp across the bay this morning, causing the death of sixty white men and negroes. Frank C. Prissler rowed to Mobile this morning, attired only in his underwear and suffering intensly from burns. He was the only person who escaped from the burning camp. He said:

"I was asleep this morning when a choking sensation and intense heat aroused me. The log shack in which the sixty negroes slept was on fire, as was a shed near by, filled with two hundred barrels of raw turpentine. The trees surrounding us were also burning.

"I yelled to the men as I ran, but none answered, and I am sure all perished. I made my way, barefooted, over live coals to the swamp, where I found a boat, and in this I rowed to the city. The camp was doubtless fired by three negros who were dischared yesterday. They threatened to obtain revenge."

GREAT INDUSTRY FOR DECATUR.

Improvements Will be Made in the Machine Works at That Place.

The Ivens Machine Works at New Decatur, which was built here in boom days by Ivens & Sons of New Orleans, and which was recently sold to Nashville parties for the sum of $10,000, is to become one of the most extensive machine works and foundries in the south and will add materially to the manufacturing interests of New Decatur. Extensive improvements have recently been made on the buildings and about the grounds, while considerable new machinery has been added to the machine shop, and more is to follow. The proprietors will also establish a brick factory here with a capacity of 30,000 brick a day. The brick plant and the foundry and machine shop will give employment to fully 300 men. The machine shop and foundry are now in operation, but at present are only employing a small force of men. The name of the plant has been changed to the North Alabama Engineering Company.

FIRES AT GADSDEN.

Home of Congressman Burnett Was Destroyed—Hotel Also Burned.

Gadsden suffered from fires Friday. Congressman John L. Burnett's house was destroyed, with a total loss of $1500. Nearly all the furniture was saved. The fire started from a defective flue. A stiff wind was blowing at the time, and neighboring houses had a narrow escape. A sixteen room two story hotel belonging to the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company was destroyed near the furnace. The house and contents were a total loss to the extent of $3000.

A congregational meeting was held by the members of the First Presbyterian church, at Selma, and by a unanimous vote a call was extended Rev. W. R. Laird, of Danville, Va., to fill the vacant pastorate of the church, which has not been filled since Rev. Russell Cecil went to Richmond, Va.

Narrow Escape.

Arthur Summers, a 16-year old lad, of Keener, found an empty flask, supposed to have nitro-glycerine in the bottom. He washed the same, and while drying the bottle it exploded, cutting an artery in his right arm. He was two miles from home, and fell exhausted on the doorstep from loss of blood. Fortunately a doctor was near and saved his life.

Alabama Town Burns.

The village of Comer, Barbour county, was almost wiped out by fire early Friday morning. Nine stores were destroyed. There was very little insurance.

JUSTIFIES WIFE BEATING.

A Judge Thinks When She Goes With Another Man a Trouncing Is All Right.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Police Justice Fiedler decided a man is justified under certain conditions in beating his wife. The case under consideration was that of George Hart, who found his wife in the company of another man. He proceeded to beat her insensible. Hart was arrested and was committed by Judge Fiedler, who said: "Morally, Hart, I think you are justified in beating your wife."

WOMAN KILLED BY HER PET DOG.

Little Animal Saw His Mistress in Pain and Severed Her Jugular Vein.

Mrs. Carrie Cobus, of New York, met death in a shocking manner Sunday night, being killed by her dog. Mrs. Cobus, her husband, son and her mother lived together. Mrs. Cobus was subject to fits. Her constant companion was a fox terrier of unusual intelligence. Mrs. Elizabeth Broadhead, Mrs. Cobus' mother, says her daughter went out into the kitchen about 7 o'clock. A few minutes later Mrs. Brodhead heard the dog barking excitedly. The mother ran out and found her daughter lying on the floor. She knew it was an epileptic attack and dashing a pitcher of water into her daughter's face she ran into the hall and screamed for help. Philip Rockefeller, living near by, heard her and ran to her assistance. They went into the room where Mrs. Cobus lay and there saw a horrifying spectacle. The dog, seeing his mistress in agony, appeared to have gone mad. It flew at the prostrate woman as she writhed on the floor and repeatedly attacked her, burying his teeth in her throat and severed the jugular vein. Rockefeller tried to tear the maddened dog away, but it clung to the dying woman with terrible tenacity. He finally flot the animal loose. It then attacked the mother and son, but they beat it off. A physician was summoned, but Mrs. Cobus had bled to death. The dog disappeared in the street.

HOSTILITIES MAY RESULT.

Russian Admiral Alexeff is Constandly Causing Trouble.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the London Standard says: The railway dispute here is another of the attempts of the Russian admiral, Alexeff, to create trouble, and unless he is relieved there will be constant friction, which will eventually lead to hostilities. He loses no opportunity to thwart the English. Commenting upon its Tien Tsin advices, the Standard reminds Russia that "the British fleet is as potent as ever and Japan is burning to second the efforts of anyone ready to oppose the annexation of Manchuria," adding: "It is a painful task thus to be compelled even to hint at contingencies so vast and disturbing, but the perils of the moment are more likely to be overcome if it is thoroughly realized that we do not shrink from such action as would be best calculated to maintain our rights."

Russia Has Finally Thrown off Mask.

London, March 17.—Dr. Morrison wiring to the Times from Pekin, says: "Russia by her refusal to support the powers in their demands for the punishment of guilty officials has finally thrown off the mask. A plea for leniency is hardly serious coming from a power whose reprisals upon Chinese wer scarcely less than the acts of the Boxers themselves.

"Russia's action is only explicable as the fulfillment of a privat compact with Li Hung Chang to throw the concert overboard in return for concessions securing her separate interests."

Dr. Morrison protest energetically against any further sacrifices of British interest on the part of the powers to secure an outward union of action. He thinks that even France can hardly follow her ally in this instance.

Harvard and Yale have challenged Oxford and Cambridge for a regular set of track games to be held in New York during the early part of next July.

Woman and Five Children Burn.

Mrs. John Gauthier and her five children were burned to death Saturday night in their home at Little Cascapade, Quebec, by an explosion of coal oil. Mr. Gauthier tried to remove the stove, but finding it impossible to do so owing to the oil being in flames, he jumped from an upper window to get help and broke his leg. He then crawled to the next house, but everything was in flames before help could be had. His wife, who was sick in bed, and five children were burned to death.

Gordon's Sentence.

As had been generally expected, Governor Longino has commuted the sentence of John Gordon, the negro who was to have been hanged at Magnolia for a murder committed several months ago. A monster petition was presented to the governor asking a commutation to life sentence, and similar recommendation was made by the judge and district attorney.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS BUR

Several Men and Women Lost Clothing and Vanables.

The Pullman sleeping cars, and Elmer, on a Plant system from Tampa to Jacksonville completely burned early morning at Buffalo Bluff, seven from Palatka, Fla. The sleepers filled with tourists and all were asleep at the time of the So quickly did the flames spread there was practically no time for ing clothes or valuables. The section of the train left Tampa o'clock Saturday night and was arrive in Jacksonville at 7 morning.

When the first section neared falo Bluff the two Pullmans were covered to be on fire. At the the discovery of the flames gained such headway that the hurried to Buffalo Bluff for relief.

The passengers in the burning were hurried into the other and made as comfortable as pos There were seventeen passengers the two sleepers. In the hurry awakening several people lost clothing. Blankets were those who were so unfortunate lose their clothing and they remained in these until Jacksonville was The news had been telegraphed Jacksonville and when the reached the terminal station, system and Pullman officials were hand and provided for the wants the passengers.

The loss in money and pers said to be between $10,000 and $15 The total loss is estimated at $6

AMERICAN CONSUL ARREST

Taken in Custody by Venezuelan Officers Without Cause.

News has been received that United States consular agent at celonia, Venezuela, Ignacio has been arrested by Venezuelan and imprisoned without cause. This is the second has been treated in this fashion the last five months and he will sign unless protected by the ington government. It appears several sums of money have forced from him by the Venezuelan officials under threat of imprisonment. The protests of Mr. Baiz to Washington seem to have been met response thus far. Three months Mr. Loomis, the United States minister at Caracas, made a demand the Venezuelan government for apology for the outrage, but his communication was quite ignored.

SHARP NAVAL FIGHT.

Italian Cruiser and Chinese Pirate Junk Come Together.

Chinese advices give details sharp fight last month between Italian cruiser and a large junk with forty pirates, which was overhaulfng a small trading junk portion of whose crew and passengers had been killed and injured before cruiser passed the scene. The occurred on the coast of Tai near Che Kiang. The cruiser opened fire with machine guns as soon got within range of the pirates and bore down so swiftly that eleven out of forty were alive. governor of Ving Po gave the and crew of the cruiser a hand present of cattle and fresh vegetables. Six of the pirates were executed the others were to be beheaded.

Navy Department Has Report of Trial Board.

The Navy Department has received from Admiral Evans the report of naval board on trial trip of the battleship Alabama, which took place March 11 to 13 off Pensacola. Summing up results, the board that the trial developed no weakness or defect in hull or machinery that the ship is built of good material shows good workmanship and breakdown or failure. The horse power developed was 7576 and speed made was 15.2 knots.

Boxes of Shamrock.

The new Irish Guards Regiment stationed at Chelsea, England, agreeably surprised Sunday on returning from church to find that an early had arrived at the barracks Marlborough house with boxes shamrock from Queen Alexandra a note in her own handwriting ordering the colonel of the regiment to distribute the emblems to the men parade.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

A Burst of Balmy Spring Arouses Cartow Man to Reflections.

GOES ROMCHALENTLY INTO POETRY

He Draws Inspiration From the Works of Many Writers, and Accordingly Is in a Happy Mood.

How inspiring is the earliest breath of spring when nature like a blushing maid is putting on her pantaloons and preparing to bang her silken hair. What harmonious feeling spring up in man's bosom and gush forth to all mankind. A balmy day fills all the chambers of the soul with music that is not heard and poetry that is not expressed. Spring is unlocking the flowers. I see crocus violets peeping from their leafy beds and jonquils lifting their yellow heads to catch the sunshine. What a contrast to man is the innocence and beauty of the flowers—what a contrast to cruelty and strife and selfishness.

The love of flowers is refining and draws a man nearer to woman and to heaven, and it is safe to say whatever a woman loves, a man had better love, or try to. Flowers, music and birds are given for our happiness. They are the extras of creation designed for our special pleasure. Providence would have withheld them if He had not loved us. Or He might have given us only the howling of the winds for music and buzzards for birds and dog fennel for flowers. The love of flowers is akin to the love of children.

Madam deStael said that music was the only thing upon the earth that we could find in heaven, for it was common to angels and to man, but she didn't know. If there are beautiful mansions and golden streets and gates of pearl and trees whose leaves are for the healing of the nations, why not flowers? Spencer in his "Farie Queen" says: "And is there care in heaven and love in heavenly spirits for the flowers?"

Wadsworth says:

"It is my faith that every flower that blooms
Enjoys the air it breathes."

The more uncultered and unrefined a man is the less he cares for flowers and music and birds. Cowper says he would not number on his list of friends a man who would needlessly tread upon a worm. Shakespeare says the man who has no music in his soul is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils. Some years ago I was trying to sell a cottage home to a rough man who wanted to buy and I pointed out the beautiful trees that adorned the front yard. He turned away carelessly and said: "I don't care anything about them sort of things. If I buy your house you reckoned add ary cent for blossoms." The poet says: "The humblest flower that blooms gives thought too deep for tears." But there are folks who care no more for a beautiful flower than an ugly weed.

"A Primrose by the river's brim
A yellow primrose was to him,
And it was nothing more."

The poets in all ages have paid tribute to the flowers. One of the most beautiful poems ever written is the "Ode to the Flowers," by Horace Smith. It is among the classics of old England.

"Your voiceless lips are living preachers,
Each cup a pulpit and each leaf a book,
* * * * *
Floral apostles that in dewy splendor
Weep without woe and blush without a crime."

Mrs. Hemans says:

"The flowers whisper the all fostering love
That clothed them into beauty."

Longfellow says:

"They teach us by persuasive reasons
How akin they are to human things.
* * * * *
Emblems of our coming resurrection,
Emblems of the bright and better land."

But Mrs. Hemans sings the most fascinating songs to flowers—when she tires of other subjects she takes a rest on flowers:

"Bring flowers—fresh flowers for the bride to wear,
They were born to blush in her shining hair;
* * * * *
"Bring flowers—pale flowers o er the bier to shed,
A crown for the brow of the early dead.
* * * * *
"Bring flowers to the shrine where we kneel in prayer,
They are nature's offering—their place is there.
* * * * *
"Bring flowers to the captive's lonely cell,
They have tales of the joyous woods to tell."

Shakespeare had a great heart for flowers, and he knew them like a botanist. There is not a common or familiar one that he does not bring to pleasant use in some of his plays. How pathetically he laments the death of Imogen:

"With fairest flowers I'll sweeten thy sad grave.
Thou shalt not lack the flower that's like thy face,
Pale primrose—nor the azur'd harebell like thy veins—nor the leaf of eglantine that exhaled not thy breath."

There was a long time ago a ballad about two lovers for whom two flowers were named, Margaret and Sweet William. We have margarets among the flowers now, and sweet williams are very common. What became of the lovers is quaintly told in the old-time verses:

"Margaret was buried in the lower chancel,
And William in the higher;

LLMAN SLEEPERS BURN

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ARP NAVAL FIGHT.

Cruiser and Chinese Pir
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BILL ARP'S LETTER

Advent of Balmy Spring Arouses Bartow Man to Reflections.

DROPS NONCHALENTLY INTO POETRY

Some Inspiration From the Works of Many Writers, and Accordingly Is in a Happy Mood.

How my soul is the earliest breath of spring when nature like a blushing maid is putting on her pantalets and preparing to hang her silken hair. What a warm and gushy feeling spring up in me when I scent the first bloom and gush forth to all mankind! A balmy day fills all the chambers of the soul with music that is not poetry and poetry that is not expressed. My soul is admiring the flowers. I see sweet violets peeping from their leafy beds, and hepatics lifting their yellow eyes to catch the sunshine. What a shame to mix the innocence and beauty of the flowers—what a contrast to cruelty and strife and selfishness.

The love of flowers is refining and draws a man nearer to woman and to heaven, and it is safe to say whatever a woman loves, a man had better love, for love of flowers, music and birds are given for our happiness. They are the extras of creation designed for our special pleasure. Providence would have withheld them if He had not loved us. Or He might have given us only the moaning of the winds for music and buzzards for birds and dog-fennel for flowers. The love of flowers is close akin to the love of children.

Malandestes said that music was the only thing upon the earth that we would find in heaven, for it was common to a god and to man, but she didn't know. If there are beautiful mansions and golden streets and gates of pearl and trees whose leaves are for the healing of the nations, why not flowers? Spencer in his "Farie Queen" says: "And is there care in heaven and love in heavenly spirits for the flowers?"

Wadsworth says:

"It is my faith that every flower that blooms
Has, other as it breathes,
Some more uncultured and unrefined a man's the less he cares for flowers and birds and birds. Cowper says he would let humble on his list of friends a man who would uselessly tread upon a worm. Shakespeare says the man who has no music in his soul is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils. Some years ago I was trying to sell a cottage home to a rough man who wanted to buy and I pointed out the beautiful roses that adorned the front yard. He turned away carelessly and said: "I don't care anything about them sort of things. If I buy your house you needent add any cent for blossoms." The poet says: "The humblest flower that blooms gives thought too deep for tears." But there are folks who care no more for a beautiful flower than an ugly weed.

"A Primrose by the river's brim
A yellow primrose was to him,
And it was nothing more."

The poets in all ages have paid tribute to the flowers. One of the most beautiful poems ever written is the "Ode to the Flowers," by Horace Smith. It is among the classics of old England.

"Your voiceless lips are living preachers,
Each lip a pulpit and each leaf a book.
* * * * *
"Floral apostles that in dowy splendor
Weep without woe and blush without a crime."

Mrs. Hemans says:

"The flowers whisper the all fostering love
That clothed them into beauty."

Longfellow says:

"They teach us by persuasive reasons
How akin they are to human things.
* * * * *
"Emblems of our coming resurrection,
Emblems of the bright and better land."

But Mrs. Hemans sings the most fascinating songs to flowers—when she tires of other subjects she takes a rest on flowers.

"Bring flowers, fresh flowers for the bride to wear,
They were born to blush in her shining hair.
* * * * *
"Bring flowers, pale flowers o'er the bier to shed,
A crown for the brow of the early dead.
* * * * *
"Bring flowers to the shrine where we kneel in prayer,
They are nature's offering—their place is there.
* * * * *
"Bring flowers to the captive's lonely cell,
They shall tell of the joyous woods to tell."

Shakespeare had a great heart for flowers, and he knew them like a botanist. There is not a common or familiar one that he does not bring to pleasant use in some of his plays. How pathetically he laments the death of Imogen:

"With fairest flowers I'll sweeten thy sad grave
Thou shalt not lack the flowers that's like thy face,
Pale primrose—nor the azure harebell like thy veins—nor the leaf of eglantine that outsweetened not thy breath."

There was a long time ago a ballad about two lovers for whom two flowers were named, Margaret and Sweet William. We have margarets among the flowers now, and sweet williams are very common. What became of the lovers is quaintly told in the old-time verses:

"Margaret was buried in the lower chancel,
And William in the higher;
Out of her breast there sprang a rosebush,
And out of his a briar.
"They grew till they grew to the church top,
And then they could grow no higher;
And there they tied a true lover's knot
Which made all people admire."

As stern and solemn as was Moses, the lawgiver, he was not unmindful of the beauty of flowers, for when he planned the first sanctuary that was set up in the wilderness he directed that his cunning workmen should ornament the golden candlesticks with carvings of flowers—open flowers. When Solomon designed his magnificent temple the molten brass was ornamented with representations of flowers, and so was the cedar carved with figures of open flowers. The Bible makes mention of flowers, but not by name, except the lily and the rose. "I am the rose of Sharon and the lily of the valley." "Consider the lilies how they grow. They toil not—neither do they spin, but Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these."

I notice in a late New York paper that the culture and sale of flowers has largely increased in that city; that 40 years ago the sale amounted to only sixty thousand dollars a year and that for the year just passed the sale of roses alone was nearly six millions, and that it was not uncommon for a millionaire to spend ten thousand dollars for flowers for a single entertainment. This is a good sign, and may be help to save Sodom—I mean Gotham—from destruction. I wish that all our public schools would encourage the pupils to study flowers.

There is a little simple botany that even a child can understand, and it will tell them why the kingly house of the Plantagenets took its name from a flower—the Scotch broom (planta genestha) with which Henry II had himself scourged for a heinous crime. And why the geranium means a cranes-bill and eglantine a needle and nasturtium a nose twister, etc. The origin of the names of flowers is a funny book to me.

These school boys and girls keep me pretty busy answering their questions and doing their perplexing sums, and most of them inclose stamps in their letters. I will conclude this letter by giving them a sum:

A man sold a sow and pigs for $18. He received as much for nine-tenths of a pig as he did for one-tenth of the sow. How many pigs did she have?—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

Many inventions designed to expedite the speed of communication by telegraph or telephone lie mouldring in the model room of the patent office. Out of the ruck of devices there have been taken here and there one which has been applied to conditions of public service; but for the most part these inventions have been permitted to rest in obscurity and almost unused. Powerful corporations have brought them up, and being practically the only customers for such articles, have been enabled to consign them to oblivion. The announcement that the Pupin device, patented last summer, has been purchased and is to be utilized by the Bell Telephone company stamps this new invention as a rarity in the field of electrical intercommunication. Should it realize the glowing promises made in its behalf by electrical experts the entire system of world intercourse by wire would be eventually transformed.

Minnesota is one of the State which are constructing new capitol buildings of elaborate design and large cost. The Minnesota capitol is to be built of white marble, to be ornamented with sculpture and to cost $2,000,000. When completed it will bear some resemblance to the Treasury Department building at Washington, but will have a very much finer approach and besides a picturesque dome with six supporting figures of marble, each nine feet high. The State capital of Minnesota is St. Paul.

It is evident that the fast selling books of no particular literary merit, but with the elements of popularity, have changed the standards of acceptance in the leading publishing houses. Most of the new novels that are being put on the market now could not have secured a second reading two years ago. They are simply the publishers' dice, thrown in the hope that a luck number will be turned.

Australian papers are offering prizes for the best designs for a national flag to commemorate the new era inaugurated by the Commonwealth. The most valuable is a check for $250, offered by the Australian Review of Reviews, and in this competition the six Australian Premiers are to be the judges.

Sam Lewis, late of London, may have been a heartless Shylock while he lived, but his will is certainly a benevolent document, with its bequests of $4,750,000 to charities and hospitals, nearly half of it to "provide dwellings for the poor of all creeds."

Lord Rosebery wants the "nation of shopkeepers" to send its young men abroad to learn how to keep shop. Talk about sending coals to Newcastle!

QUEER INSURANCE CLAIMS.

One Wanted Damages For Black Eye Received at a Peace Meeting.

The other day one of the best known English accident insurance companies received a claim for $50. The insurer had received a blow in the eye which compelled him to stay in a dark room for a month. In the column "cause of accident" were written the sardonic words "Went to a peace meeting."

The unusual candor with which some of the insured write is amusing. In a recent case, in which a client had suffered from a broken collar bone, there appeared under the heading "cause of accident," "Do not know (intoxicated)."

Some clients imagine that if they do not send a minutely detailed account of the accident they will receive no compensation. It is only in this way that one can account for this statement "I had words with my wife. She came toward me with a shovel, and in leaving the room I tripped over the mat and sprained my ankle."

Here is a claim for injured feelings: "I was returning from business yesterday, when my brother-in-law entered the train. He called me an idle rogue, and by doing so degraded me before all the passengers. Can I recover damages from your company?"

A well known American insurance company once received a claim from a woman whose husband was insured against total disablement. She said: "My husband is quite unable to write. He had a serious fall last week, and the doctor says he will never be able to work again." Doctor's and magistrate's certificates to this effect were inclosed. As the certificates were somewhat curiously worded, the company made inquiries and found that their highly respectable client had been lynched.

Many of the genuine claims are exceedingly comic. "Bitten by an ader" (sic), and "knelt on by a bull," show the curious accidents that happen to country people.

"Trapped finger in a cash till" is decidedly suggestive.

Some of the domestic accidents have their lighter side. One cannot but be amused at the hard working housewife who claims damages because a clothespeg fell from the line and struck her in the eye. We can imagine, also, that it was a youthful husband, who, full of anxiety to see his charming young wife, caught hold of an insecure door knob, which gave way and precipitated him headlong down a flight of steps. Half a dozen accidents a years are caused by coal "exploding" in the fire.

Either painters have a more reprehensible habit of dropping their paint pots on passers-by, or else insured people spend the bulk of their time under painters' ladders. Insurance companies always regard claims for damages done by paint with a little suspicion.

Surely the gentleman who put the lighted end of his cigar in his mouth never expected to get compensation?

A servant girl, carrying a tray, fell down stairs and broke her leg. She was uninsured, and, of course, got nothing, but in her fall she burst open the door of a room in which a man was shaving. In his fright he gashed his chin badly and his claim for compensation was paid.—London Mail.

Where Newspapers Don't Discuss Politics

It is in Russia and Turkey, of all European States, that the press censorship is most rigorously exercised. The newspapers of Russia, for instance, are forbidden to discuss political affairs, which causes an absence of "leading articles" (or editorials), and so concern themselves mainly with literary or scientific matters; foreign books and periodicals entering the country are frequently mutilated by the authorities, portions of even such a work as an encyclopaedia being occasionally blocked out.

The censorship in Turkey has been honored by the ridicule of Mark Twain in "The Innocents Abroad:" "Imagine," he says, "the Grand Vizier, in solemn council with the magnates of the realm, spelling his way through the hated newspapers, and finally delivering his profound decision. This thing means mischief; it is too darkly, too suspiciously inoffensive; suppress it; warn the publishers that we cannot have this sort of thing; put the editor in prison." There are not more than 50,000 newspaper readers in all Turkey, according to an interesting article by Frederic Whyte, writing on "Journalism in Turkey" in Sell's World's Press, and the newspaper editor has to contend with the most severe and illogical censorship, of which Mark Twain's gibe is but a slight exaggeration.—"New" Lippincott.

Teeth Came Out First.

"I—I think I must have made a mistake," said the man who stood in the door of the dental parlors and looked about him.

"Perhaps so," replied the dentist, who was sharpening up a gum-cutting lancet.

"My wife, you know, has been teasing me for the last five years to get my photograph taken, and this morning I finally set out to have it done."

"And got in the wrong shop," said the dentist.

"I see this is no photograph gallery."

"No."

"But a dental parlor?"

"Yes."

"Well, I've made a mistake, but I'm glad of it. Here, let me sit down and have three teeth yanked out, and I'll put the old photo off for another five years."—Chicago News.

A Canadian Iron Field.

A new iron ore field has just been opened at Michipicoten, Ontario, which it is thought may flood the lake market next year. The ore is described as a brown hematite, more like the Southern ores than the Lake Superior hematite.

REV DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Ministry of Tears — If Our Misfortunes Are Borne in the Right Spirit They May Prove to Be Advantageous—Soul Chastened by Sorrow.

[Copyright 1901.]

NEW YORK CITY. — A vast audience crowded the Academy of Music in this city to hear Dr. Talmage. Discoursing on "The Ministry of Tears" he put forth the misfortunes of life in a cheerful light, showing that if they were borne in the right spirit they might prove to be advantageous. His text was Rev. vii. 17, "And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

What a spectacle a few weeks ago when the nations were in tears! Queen Victoria ascended from the highest throne on earth to a throne in heaven. The prayer more often offered than any prayer for the last sixty-four years had been answered, and God did save the Queen. All round the world the bells were tolling, and the minute guns were booming at the obsequies of the most honored woman of many centuries. As near four years ago the English and American nations shook hands in congratulation at the Queen's jubilee so in these times two nations shook hands in mournful sympathy at the Queen's departure. No people outside Great Britain so deeply felt that mighty grief as our people. The cradles of many of our ancestors were rocked in Great Britain. Those ancestors played in childhood on the banks of the Tweed, or the Thames or the Shannon. Take from our veins the English blood, or the Welsh blood, or the Irish blood, or the Scotch blood, and the stream of our life would be a mere shallow. There are over there bone of our bone, and flesh of our flesh. It is our Wilberforce, our Coleridge, our De Quincey, our Robert Burns, our John Wesley, our John Knox, our Thomas Chalmers, our Walter Scott, our Bishop Charnock, our Latimer, our Ridley, our Robert Emmet, our Daniel O'Connell, our Havelock, our Ruskin, our Gladstone, our good and great and glorious Victoria.

The language in which we offered the English nation our condolence is the same language in which John Bunyan dreamed and Milton sang and Shakespeare dramatized and Richard Baxter prayed and George Whitefield thundered. The Prince of Wales, now King, paid reverential visit to Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon, and Longfellow's statue adorns Westminster Abbey, and Abraham Lincoln in bronze looks down upon Scotland's capital. It was natural that these two nations be in tears. But I am not going to speak of national tears, but of individual tears and Bible tears.

Riding across a Western prairie, wild flowers up to the hub of the carriage wheel and while a long distance from any shelter, there came a sudden shower, and while the rain was falling in torrents the sun was shining as brightly as I ever saw it shine, and I thought what a beautiful spectacle is this! So the tears of the Bible are not midnight storm, but rain on passed prairies in God's sweet and golden sunlight.

You remember that bottle which David labeled as containing tears and Mary's tears and Paul's tears and Christ's tears and the harvest of joy that is to spring from the sowing of tears. God mixes them; God rounds them; God shows them where to fall; God exhales them. A census is taken of them, and there is a record as to the moment when they are born and as to the place of their grave.

Tears of bad men are not kept. Alexander in his sorrow had the hair clipped from his horses and mules and made a great ado about his grief, but in all the vases of heaven there is not one of Alexander's tears. I speak of the tears of God's children. Alas, me, they are falling all the time!

In summer you sometimes hear the growling thunder, and you see there is a storm miles away, but you know from the drift of the clouds that it will not come anywhere near you; so, though it may be all bright around about you, there is a shower of trouble somewhere all the time. Tears, tears!

What is the use of them, anyhow? Why not substitute laughter? Why not make this a world where all the people are well and eternal strangers to pains and aches? What is the use of an eastern storm when we might have a perpetual nor'wester? Why, when a family is put together, not have them all stay, or, if they must be transplanted to make other homes, then have them all live, the family record telling a story of marriages and births, but of no deaths? Why not have the harvests chase each other without fatiguing toil? Why the hard pillow, the hard crust, the hard struggle? It is easy enough to explain a smile or a success or a congratulation, but come now and bring all your dictionaries and all your philosophies and all your religions and help me explain a tear. A chemist will tell you that it is made up of salt and lime and other component parts, but he misses the chief ingredients—the acid of a soured life, the viperine sting of a bitter memory, the fragments of a broken heart. I will tell you what a tear is. It is agony in solution. Hear, then, while I discourse of the ministry of tears or the practical uses of sorrow:

First, it is the design of trouble to keep this world from being too attractive. Something must be done to make us willing to quit this existence. If it were not for trouble, this world would be a good enough heaven for us. You and I would be willing to take a lease of this life for a hundred million years if there were no trouble. The earth, cushioned and upholstered and pillared and chandeliered at such expense, no story of other worlds could enchant us. We would say: "Let well enough alone. If you want to die and have your body disintegrated in the dust and your soul go out on a celestial adventure, then you can go, but this world is good enough for me." You might as well go to a man who has just entered the Louvre at Paris and tell him to hasten off to the picture galleries of Venice or Florence. "Why," he would say, "what is the use of my going there? There are Rembrandts and Rubenses and Titians here that I have not looked at yet." No man wants to go out of this world or out of any house until he has a better house.

To cure this wish to stay here God must somehow create a disgust for our surroundings. How shall He do it? He cannot afford to efface His horizon, or to tear off a fiery panel from the sunset, or to subtract an anther from the water lily, or to banish the pungent aroma from the mignonette, or to drag the robes of the morning in mire.

You cannot expect a Christopher Wren to mar his St. Paul's cathedral, or a Michael Angelo to dash out his own "Last Judgment," or a Handel to discord his "Israel in Egypt," and you cannot expect God to spoil the architecture and music of His own world. How, then, are we to be made willing to leave? Here is where trouble comes in.

After a man has had a good deal of trouble he says: "Well, I am ready to go. If there is a house somewhere whose roof does not leak, I would like to live there. If there is an atmosphere somewhere that does not distress the lungs, I would like to breathe it. If there is a society somewhere where there is no tittle tattle, I would like to live there. If there is a home circle somewhere where I can find my lost friends, I would like to go there." He used to read the first part of the Bible chiefly. Why has he changed Genesis for Revelation? Ah, he used to be anxious chiefly to know how the world was made and all about its geological construction. Now he is chiefly anxious to know how the next world was made, and how it looks and who live there, and how they dress. He reads Revelation ten times now where he reads Genesis once. The old story, "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth," does not thrill him half as the other story, "I saw a new heaven and a new earth."

The old man's hand trembles as he turns over this apocalyptical leaf, and he has to take out his handkerchief to wipe his spectacles. The book of Revelation is a prospectus now of the country into which he is soon to immigrate, the country in which he has lots already laid out and avenues opened and mansions built.

It is trouble, my friends, that makes us feel our dependence upon God. We do not know our own weakness or God's strength until the last plank breaks. It is contemptible in us that only when there is nothing else to take hold of we catch hold of God. Why, do you know who the Lord is? He is not an autocrat seated far up in a palace, from which He emerges once a year, preceded by heralds swinging swords to clear the way. No. He is a father, willing at our call to stand by us in every cross and predicament of life. I tell you what some of you business men make me think of. A man is unfortunate in his business. He has to raise a good deal of money and raise it quickly. He borrows on word and note all he can borrow. After a while he puts a mortgage on his house; after a while he puts a second mortgage on his house. Then he puts a lien on his furniture, then he makes over his life insurance, then he assigns all his property, then he goes to his father-in-law and asks for help. Well, having failed everywhere, completely failed, he gets down on his knees and says: "O Lord, I have tried everybody and everything, now help me out of this financial trouble!" He makes God the last resort instead of the first resort.

A young man goes off from home to earn his fortune. He goes with his mother's consent and benediction. She has large wealth, but he wants to make his own fortune. He goes far away, falls sick and gets out of money. He sends for the hotel keeper where he is staying, asking for lenience, and the answer he gets is, "If you do not pay up Saturday night you'll be removed to the hospital." The young man sends to a comrade in the same building, no help. He writes to a banker who was a friend of his deceased father; no relief. Saturday night comes, and he is moved to the hospital. Getting here, he is frenzied with grief, and he borrows a sheet of paper and a postage stamp, and he sits down, and he writes home. "Dear mother, I am sick unto death. Come." It is twenty minutes of 10 o'clock when she gets the letter. At 10 o'clock the train starts. She is five minutes from the depot. She gets there in time to have five minutes to spare. She wonders why the train that can go forty miles an hour cannot go eighty miles an hour. She rushes into the hospital. She says: "My son, what does all this mean? Why did you not send for me? You sent to everybody but me. You knew I would and could help you. Is this the reward I get for my kindness to you always?" She bundles him up, takes him home and gets him well very soon.

Now, some of you treat God just as that young man treated his mother. When you get into a financial perplexity you call on the banker, you call on the broker, you call on your creditors, you call on your lawyer for legal counsel, you call upon everybody, and when you cannot get any help then you go to God. You say, "O Lord, I come to Thee! Help me now out of my perplexity." And the Lord comes, though it is in the eleventh hour. He says, "Why did you not send for Me before? As one whom his mother comforteth so will I comfort you." It is to throw us back upon God that we have this ministry of tears.

Your troubles are educational. I go into the office of a lapidary, an artificer in precious stones, and I see him at work on one precious stone for a few minutes, and he puts it aside finished. I see him take up another precious stone, and he works on that all the afternoon, and I come in the next day and still find him working on it, and he is at work on it all the week. I say to him, "Why did you put only twenty minutes' work on that one precious stone and put a whole week on this other?" "Oh," he says, "that one upon which I put only twenty minutes' work is of but little worth, and I soon got through with it. But this precious stone upon which I have put such prolonged and careful work is of vast value, and it is to flash in a king's coronet." So God lets one man go through life with only a little cutting of misfortune, for he does not amount to much, he is a small soul and of comparatively little value, but this other is of great worth, and it is cut of pain, and cut of bereavement, and cut of persecution, and cut of all kinds of trouble, and through many years, and I ask, "Dear Lord, why all this prolonged and severe process?" and God says: "This soul is of infinite value, and it is to flash in a king's coronet. He shall be Mine in the day when I make up My jewels."

You know, on a well-spread table the food becomes more delicate at the last. I have fed you to-day with the bread of consolation. Let the table now be cleared, and let us set on the chalice of heaven. Let the King's cupbearers come in. "Oh," says some critic in the audience, "the Bible contradicts itself. It intimates again and again that there are to be no tears in heaven, and if there be no tears in heaven how is it possible that God will wipe any away?" I answer, "Have you never seen a child crying one moment and laughing the next and while she was laughing you saw the tears still on her face?" And perhaps you stopped her in the very midst of her resumed glee and wiped off those delayed tears. So I think after the heavenly raptures have come upon us there may be the mark of some earthly grief, and while these tears are glittering in the light of the jasper sea God will wipe them away. How well He can do that!

Friends, if we could get any appreciation of what God has in reserve for us, it would make us so homesick we would be unfit for our every-day work. Professor Leonard, formerly of Iowa University, put in my hands a meteoric stone, a stone thrown off from some other world to this. How suggestive it was to me! And I have to tell you the best representations we have of heaven are only aerolites flung off from that world which rolls on, bearing the multitude of the redeemed. We analyze these aerolites and find them crystallizations of tears. No wonder, flung off from heaven! "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

Have you any appreciation of the good and glorious times your friends are having in heaven? How different it is when they get news there of a Christian's death from what it is here! It is the difference between embarkation and coming into port.

Everything depends upon which side of the river you stand when you hear of a Christian's death. If you stand on this side of the river, you mourn that they go; if you stand on the other side of the river you rejoice that they come.

Do you not this moment catch a glimpse of the towers? Do you not hear a note of the eternal harmony? Some of you may remember the old Crystal Palace in this city of New York. I came in from my country home a verdant lad and heard in that Crystal Palace the first great music I had ever heard. Jullien gave a concert there, and there were 2000 voices and 3000 players upon instruments, and I was mightily impressed with the fact that Jullien controlled the harmony with the motion of his hand and foot, beating time with the one and emphasizing with the other. To me it was overwhelming. But all that was tame compared with the scene and the sound when the ransomed shall come from the east, and the west, and the north, and the south, and sit down in the kingdom of God, myriads above myriads, galleries above galleries, and Christ will rise, and all heaven will rise with Him, and with His wounded hand and wounded foot He will conduct that harmony. "Like the voice of many waters, like the voice of mighty thunderings, worthy is the Lamb that was slain to receive riches and honor and glory and power, world without end."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MARCH 24.

Subject: Jesus Crucified and Buried. Luke xxiii., 33-55—Golden Text, 2 Cor. v., 5—Memory Verses, 46, 47—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

35. "Derided Him." The crowd mocked Him from 9 till 12 o'clock. But there were also friendly watchers at the cross (John 19: 25-27). Jesus was not wholly deserted in this sad hour. The women were last at the cross and first at the grave. The three Marys were there: Mary the mother of Jesus, Mary, the wife of Cleopas, and Mary Magdalene, with several other friends (v. 49). "Save Himself." They thought that if Jesus were the Messiah, surely He could deliver Himself from the Roman cross.

36. "Vinegar." It was about the time of the mid-day meal of the soldiers, and they in mockery offered Him their sour wine to drink with them. The soldiers pretend to treat Jesus as a king, to whom the festive cup is presented. The first drink of vinegar and gall Jesus refused but this, unmixed with any drug, was accepted.

38. "A superscription." The white tablet nailed upon the cross, above the head of the victim, to declare the crime for which He was crucified. It was a common custom to affix a label to the cross giving a statement of the crime for which the person suffered. "Was written." Pilate wrote this superscription evidently in derision. "King of the Jews." The words are somewhat different in the different gospels, probably because some of the writers copied from one language and some from another. The truth was proclaimed in jest; Jesus is in fact a "King with many crowns."

39. "Railed on Him." The two thieves crucified with Him may have belonged to the band with Barabbas; they evidently knew something about the Christ. One mocked, the other prayed.

40. "Dost thou not fear God?" What ever the reckless crowd may do, thou art near death; does this have no effect upon you?

41. "We—justly." He is a true penitent, confessing his sins. "Nothing amiss." He may have heard and seen much of Jesus at the trial. It is more than likely that at various times he may have joined the crowd where Jesus was speaking, and have known of His miracles.

42. "Lord." The very use of the word implies faith. "Thy kingdom." He thus recognized Christ as a real King. His prayer shows that he believed that Jesus was the Son of God, that He had power to save, and that they would continue to exist in a future state.

43. "To-day." This was the second saying of Christ on the cross. This verse is a strong proof of the immortality of the soul. "Paradise." This is a word of Persian origin, denoting a beautiful park garden or orchard. It designates the abode of the righteous in the unseen world, the home of repose and joy beyond the grave.

44. "The sixth hour"—Noon. Christ's third saying on the cross was spoken just before this to His mother and to John: "Woman, behold thy Son." "Behold Thy mother." John 19: 26, 27. Jesus in the midst of His sufferings was thinking of others, and while on the cross made provision for His mother. "Darkness." This darkness continued three hours, from noon till 3 o'clock. "Over the whole land" (R. V.) Of Palestine. This darkness was typical of the moral blackness that filled the land. During the darkness occurred Christ's fourth utterance on the cross: "My God, My God, why hast Thou forsaken Me?" Matt. 27: 46. The fifth saying was: "I thirst."

45. "The veil—was rent." The great veil of the temple that hung between the Holy Place and the Holy of Holies, forty cubits (sixty feet) long, and twenty (thirty feet) wide, of the thickness of the palm of the hand, and wrought in seventy-two squares, which were joined together.

46. "With a loud voice." As it were the triumphant note of a conqueror. What He said first at this time is recorded in John 19: 30, and was His sixth saying on the cross: "It is finished." "Father," etc. This was His seventh saying. "The word 'Father' shows that His soul has recovered full serenity." Not long before this when struggling in the darkness He called to His "God;" now the darkness is gone and He sees His Father's face. "I commend My spirit." I deposit My soul in Thy hands. Here is another proof of the immortality of the soul, and of its separate existence after death. "Gave up the ghost." He dismissed the spirit. He Himself willingly gave up that life which it was impossible for man to take away; He thus became not a forced sacrifice, but a free-will offering for sin.

47. "The centurion." The Roman officer who had charge of the crucifixion. "Glorified God." When he saw "what was done" he acknowledged that God Himself was showing His approval of Jesus. "A righteous man." An innocent man. According to Matthew he confessed Jesus to be the Son of God.

48. "Smote their breasts." In token of alarm and penitence. They were to some extent penitent for their actions. Awe and consternation seized upon the Jews.

49. "All his acquaintance." They beheld him with the deepest sorrow over their irrevocable loss, which was not yet softened by the joyful hope of the resurrection.

50. "A councilor" (R. V.). That is, he was a member of the Sanhedrin. He was also a rich man.

51. "Had not consented." He had either voted against their action in the council, or, what is far more probable, had absented himself and taken no part in the proceedings. "Arimathaea." Some identify this with Rama in Benjamin, or Rama in Ephraim, the birthplace of Samuel. The form of the name is more like the latter. "Himself waited." He was a secret disciple (John 19: 38), and "waited for the manifestation of the Messiah's kingdom."

52. "Went to Pilate." He went in boldly. It took great courage to do this. He had been a secret disciple and afraid of public sentiment, but he is fearless now. I regard Joseph as one of the noblest characters referred to in the New Testament; he befriended Christ in this hour of awful darkness when even the disciples forsook Him and fled.

53. "He took it down." Joseph was assisted by Nicodemus (John 19: 39-42); they wrapped the body in linen with spices, and placed it in a new sepulchre, in a garden near by Calvary. Isa. 53: 9.

The instructor in physical culture at the Jefferson Medical college says that the physical training of the new century will have for its main object the increase of the exercisor's vitality and the purifying of his blood. It is encouraging to find a professional teacher of gymnastics who sees a higher use of his pulley weights and parallel bars than the building up of a man's biceps at the expense of his strength.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth his glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offers:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

FOR DELEGATE FROM CHILTON COUNTY:

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE:

H. W. CAFFEY.

CHILTON Populists will hold Beat meetings next Saturday to elect delegates to the County Convention to be held at Clanton on Monday.

GOVERNOR Samford did the correct thing in pardoning nineteen men who had been sent to the coal mines from Butler county in, to put it mildly, a very irregular way.

THE Blocton Messenger is the title of a new weekly to be commenced at Blocton by Mr. George W. Price, formerly of the Bessemer Herald-Journal. We hope it will have a successful career.

THE Democratic county convention last Thursday elected John C. Dennis, chairman, and Thos. Hudson, secretary. Dr. H. W. Caffey was unanimously nominated as delegate from this county to the constitutional convention, and Tipton Mullins was unanimously endorsed as a candidate from this district. Delegates to the State convention were elected as follows: A. C Smith, J. O. Middleton, T. J. Traywick, H. B. Oliver and F. B Baldwin. Delegates to the Senatorial convention were: J. C. Dennis, T. U. Crumpton, T. A. Curry, R. H. Martin and J. Bice.

THE State convention of the Democratic party was held at Montgomery on Tuesday, put out a full ticket, adopted a comprehensive platform and adjourned sine die the same night.

The four nominees from the State at large are John B. Knox, of Anniston; W. C. Oates, of Montgomery; Frank S. White and Robert J. Lowe, both of Birmingham.

From the Fourth Congressional district the two nominees are Watkins M. Vaughan, of Selma, and L. W. Grant, of Anniston.

From the Fifteenth Senatorial District, John H. Parker, of Elmore, secured the nomination, after a hotly contested fight with Tipton Mullins, of Chilton, and E. S. Lyman, of Shelby.

THE COTTON CROP.

The following extract from a recent circular of a well-known New York firm of cotton brokers explains itself and is worthy of the best consideration of our farmers:

"You will see by reference to the daily market reports that cotton is selling now for delivery next December at about 7¼ cents. This low price, in spite of the short stocks of the world, is directly due to the claim that the South is going to plant this year the largest acreage in its history; that the farmers will put every acre they can into cotton, and that next year there will be such a superabundance of cotton that prices must decline very much lower. There is already talk of a 15,000,000 bale crop! We believe that the scarcity of corn and its high price in the South will be an inducement to the farmers to plant more grain, and that if the matter was properly laid before them a sentiment could be created, in view of the very great decline recently in cotton, (We believe this would be distinctly to the advantage of the Southern States; that nothing would contribute more to the maintenance and continuance of the prosperity of that section than to raise another fair cotton crop and sell it around 10 cents a pound."

Reduction in Taxation.

After July 1, 1901, there will be no internal revenue stamps required upon bank checks, certificates of deposit, promissory notes, money orders, bills of lading for export, express receipts, telephone messages, miscellaneous bonds, except bonds of indemnity; conveyances, unless amount runs above $2500; telegraph messages, insurance policies, leases, manifests, powers of attorney, protests, warehouse receipts, proprietary medicines, chewing-gum, perfumery and cosmetics and a few other things.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Mrs. C. E. VanDeusen, of Kibourn, Wis, was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipaton for a long time. She says "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale at Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena, Price, 25 cents. Samples free.

Program S. S. Convention

for Beat nine, to be held at Cedar Grove church, Sunday, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, led by president.

10. Address of welcome. Charley Eiland.

10:15. Why should parents be in the Sunday-school? J. W. Hays

10:40. What is a model Sunday-school teacher? Prof. Riddle.

11:30. The effects of the Sunday-school on the community, W A Mims.

1:30 p m. What are the essential qualifications of a Sunday-school superintendent? A. Horn.

2. The primary class, and how to teach it, T. G. Williams.

2:30. Power of kind words and deeds, C. K. Holland.

3. The value of the Sunday-school, Rev. L B Pounds.

Come with your baskets filled prepared to stay all day

All Sunday-schools are requested to send delegates

J BICE, Pres.
NEOMA WILLIAMS, Sec

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Lagrippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton Drug co.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1901,

for the purpose of voting for or against the holding of a Constitutional Convention, and for the election of a Delegate from Chilton county and fifty five delegates from the State at large to said Convention.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—Ira Campbell, W. D. Clickler, J M. Davis, managers; Buck Ardledge, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 1—John Lowery, Jr. W H. Shaw, Hugh Henry, managers; O. C. McGraw, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 2—W. A. Reynolds, F M. Langston, J. H. Patton, Sr., managers; C. L. Langston, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 1—R J. Williams, John Lightsey, J. L. Williams, managers; Calvin Jones, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 2—D. C. Hubbard, S. E. Walldrup, J. C. Veazey, managers; J. F. Fleming, returning officer.

Beat 4—F. M. Foshee, P. M. Moore, N. A. Kicker, managers; M. A. Killgore, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, E. G. Rollins, T. P. Calloway, managers; J. J. Vinson, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 2—J. M. Grant, E. J Jones, T. I. Traywick, managers; Albert Thompson, returning officer.

Beat 6—M. F. Lett, B. F. Dobbs, I. M. Dason, managers; A. T. Hathcock, returning officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, W. Y. Nix, W D. Lawrence, managers; Noah Cooper, returning officer.

Beat 7—Box 2—J. P. Gentry, J. D Holsombeck, Noah Latham, managers; Charley Littlejohn, returning officer.

Beat 8—box 1—J. J Letcher, G. C. Gandy, W. J. Ruddick, managers; Buckner Harris, Jr., returning officer.

Beat 8—box 2—Sean Harris, R. P. Kendrick, J. M. Walker, managers; J. T. Anderson, returning officer.

Beat 9—J. M. Mims, Jim Collins, T. G. Williams, managers; W. Gaut Riggins, returning officer.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Program Sunday-School Convention

for Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Jemison' Baptist church, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Prayer, J. M. Scott.

9:35. Origin and object of the Sunday-school Convention, P. C. Smith.

10. Origin and growth of Sunday-school in Chilton county, W. H. Conway, W. A. Mims.

10:30. Model Sunday-school, Miss Laura Langston.

10:50. Who should attend Sunday school? J. P. Gentry, C. M. Northcutt.

11:20. Why should parents attend Sunday-school? C. L. Glass, W. A. Reynolds.

1:30 p m. Relation of Sunday-school to the church Miss Minnie Muse, B. F. Reynolds.

2. Recitation, Miss Anna Lowery

2:15. Duties of Superintendent, J. M. Scott, P. C. Smith

J. M. COLLIER President.
Miss LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic makes friends of every one who gives it a fair trial Clean pleasant, harmless reliable. Use externally for Wounds, Burns Sprains etc., Internally for Colic, Pain and derangements of the Stomach and Bowels Little wonder of the world. Household favorite wherever known Ask Your Druggist for it. He likes to sell it, you know.

Cheaper Than Ever

SPRING GOODS COMING

ALL WINTER GOODS MUST BE SOLD UNDER COST.

BIG LINE OF CLOTHING:

Men's Suits : : : from $3 up
Boys' " : : : $ 98 c up

SHOES, DRY GOODS, etc.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

H. TOURO, Clanton

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em, and we know you can't beat

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY D

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

Stops the cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 5 cents.

Do you want a mounted map of Alabama in five colors, size 24x34 giving census of every county and town? Also, a complete and correct map of the world, same size? You can get the same by sending 75 cents for one year's subscription to the Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. Or, $2 for three months' subscription to The Daily Age Herald. The map and the paper will be promptly sent upon receipt of P. O. or express money order. Address

AGE-HERALD,
Birmingham, Ala.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N.C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief, in a very short time second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night and getting up free from pain. For sale by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Wm. F. Smith, and his wife, Kate B Smith, to Rose A Mullins, guardian, dated the 27th day of February, 1900, and recorded in Mortgage Record Book 53, page 329 in the office of the Probate Judge of Chilton county, Alabama, and which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House door at Clanton, in said county of Chilton, on

MONDAY, APRIL the 8th, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The north half of the northeast fourth, (less four acres in the northeast corner thereof) and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-five; and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-six, all in township twenty-three, range thirteen, east, containing 230 acres, more or less, and lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

Also, the following personal property, to-wit. One dark bay mare named "Molly," One dark bay mare known as the "Cain mare," one two-horse wagon and harness.

MARY L. CURRY.
Assignee of said Mortgage,
ROB'T. H. KNOX, Attorney.

Indeed you would be cruel to let you sweet, helpless Baby suffer with Colic or Pain in Stomach or Bowels when there is such a pleasant, safe and reliable Remedy to be obtained so easily Any good Druggist will tell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most up-to-date attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J MARTIN 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, AL

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery court stands passed to February, first Monday in April, Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 11-16 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

COTTON RECEIVED TO DATE	1900	1899
Pinkard & Co.	2161	2891
Moffett	2005	2917
Wilson	379	521
Brown	436	875
Total	5014	6584

Mr. R. A. Moody, of Ensley, spent Sunday in Clanton.

Mr. J. H. Drummond, of Birmingham, was a visitor here Monday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips visited Montgomery and Prattville Tuesday.

Miss Verner White, of Lily, was a visitor here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Day, of Doloso, have been visiting the parents of the latter this week

Mrs. T. A. Curry is spending a few days in the country.

Mrs. W. T. Callen has returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives at Stanton.

Mr. C. J. Stewart visited Birmingham Wednesday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips will have a nice lot of new millinery in stock next week. Next door to Abe Kantor.

Sheriff Killgore on Tuesday went to Talladega and brought back John H. Easterling who escaped from the old jail at Clanton fourteen years ago. He was under indictment for grand larceny.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Clanton Drug Co and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds was in town Tuesday.

Dr. W. E. Stewart, W. H. Foshee and T. A. Curry went down to Montgomery to the State convention Tuesday.

Mr. J. H. Duke, of Anniston, was in town last Thursday figuring on building the new brick stores.

Prof. J. M. Collier, of Jemison, was in town Saturday.

When you get hurt apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic It will do the work. Your druggist, will take pleasure in selling you a bottle for 50c.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church elected new officers at their last business meeting. They are doing some live work now, finishing up a quilt for the Parsonage. All the members are solicited to come and help.

Many of our people will be glad to welcome the Chicago Glee Club again. They were with us about a year ago and the reputation they acquired then will pack the Court House on the night of March 28, when they will give an entertainment for the benefit of the cemetery fund.

Did you get a sample of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You'll need it when you burn yourself or somebody shoots you just to see you jump. If not, write Sherrouse Med. Co., New Orleans, La., for free sample.

Mr. A. M. Attaway, of Jemison, was one of our welcome visitors Tuesday.

Mr. Powell Hale will give an entertainment at the Court House Friday, April 5, 1901, for the benefit of the cemetery. Tickets to be obtained at the Clanton Drug Store. Adults 25 cents; children 10 cents.

O. K. BOY. The pedigree of this fine bull, owned by Mr. W. M. Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Hops; Dam, Golden Sue; dropped March 5, 1898. Its registered number is 57988.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. L. C. Clickler and Miss Liddiann Caton; Mr. H. L. Little and Miss Cora Allen; Mr. A. P. Hadley and Miss N. E. Hayes; Mr. W. A. Gardner and Miss Minnie A. Partridge.

Colored: A. C. McKinsey and Lucy A. Young; Oley Johnson and Georgian Harwell.

DO YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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THE BENEFIT O

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We sell direct to the
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10 to 20c. 15c prepai
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ARTMENT

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1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, AL

STOCK!

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and GENERAL ME
of the finest grade
ways fresh.
SMALLEST MARGI
O SERVE YOU
Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

...commissioners' court draws second Monday in February, first Monday in ... first Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

...today 7 11-16 cents.
...date last year 9 cents

	1900	1899
...TO DATE:		
...& Co.	2161	2891
	2003	2022
	372	321
	436	326
	5174	5560

Mr. R. A. Moody, of Ensley, ... in Clanton.

... Drummond, of Birmingham, ... a visitor here Monday.

... Phillips visited ... and Prattville Tuesday.

... Miss Annie White, of Lily, ... here this week.

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Mr. E. H. Duke, of Anniston, was in town last Thursday figuring on building the new brick stores.

Prof. J. M. Collier, of Jemison, was in town Saturday.

When you get hurt apply Dr. Bonner's Antiseptic It will do the ... Your druggist, will take pleasure in selling you a bottle for 50c

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. Church elected new officers at their last business meeting. They are doing some live work now, finishing up a quilt for the Parsonage, and all the members are solicited to come and help.

Many of our people will be glad to welcome the Chicago Glee Club back again. They were with us ... a year ago and the reputation they acquired then will pack the Court House on the night of March 28, when they will give an entertainment for the benefit of the new fund.

Did you get a sample of Dr. Bonner's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You'll need it when you cut yourself or somebody shoots to see you jump. If not, write Sh rouse Med. Co., New Orleans, La., for free sample.

Mr. A. M. Attaway, of Jemison, was one of our welcome visitors Tuesday.

Mr. Powell Hale will give an entertainment at the Court House on Friday, April 5, 1901, for the benefit of the cemetery. Tickets can be obtained at the Clanton Drug Store. Adults 25 cents; children 10 cents.

O. K. BOY. The pedigree of this fine bull, owned by Mr. W. ... Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Jesops; Dam, Golden Sue; dropped March 5, 1898. Its registered number is 57988.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. L. C. Cleckler and Miss Rhodiann Caton; Mr. H. L. Little and Miss Cora Allen; Mr. A. P. Beadley and Miss N. E. Hayes; Mr. G. A. Gardner and Miss Minnie A. Partridge.

Colored. A. C. McKinsey and Mary A. Young; Oley Johnson and Georgian Harwell.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, No Pay. 50c.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitute.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements. Ask your dealer, insist on having them. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.
FIVE DRAWER $21

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send inc 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 8c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50c
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes.... a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 35c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 8c
Celuloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 10c value	5c
Corsets, 50c value	35
Corsets, 35c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garter Webb	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B E JONES CLANTON

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Alabama, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS,

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darken into daylight here, And are instead of money here.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable, Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They will at night, Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUR COAL SUPPLY.

Our Bituminous Fields the Most Extensive in the World.

The 194,000 square miles of coal fields belonging to the United States give it a supply averaging one square mile of coal field to each 15 square miles of territory. The meaning of this may be seen when it is remembered that the ration for Great Britain is 1 to 20 and for France 1 to 200. With the exception of anthracite coal beds covering 500 square miles in eastern Pennsylvania, but averaging 60 feet in thickness, and excepting also one or two small patches of coal in Colorado and New Mexico, the above figures refer to bituminous or soft coal. The eastern portion of the United States contains five great coal beds: First, the Appalachian field, extending from the northern boundary of Pennsylvania to central Alabama; second, the Illinois-Indiana field, which extends into northwestern Kentucky; third, a field 150 miles wide extending southward from central Iowa, covering Indian Territory and sending one arm across Arkansas and another in central Texas; fourth, a line of strata in Texas from the northeastern corner of the state to the Rio Grande river; fifth, the central Michigan field. The western fields do not lie in large continuous sheets, but constitute small, isolated pockets averaging 25 miles in width and 50 miles in length. Such beds may be found throughout the entire Rocky mountain region from Montana to New Mexico, numbering in all 45 distinct beds in Colorado, Wyoming and the two states mentioned. To the west of this group of detached fields we find Idaho, having four small beds, Washington four, and California five.

FUEL FROM SAWDUST.

Austrian Firm Makes a Profitable Business of It.

The increasing scarcity and dearness of the ordinary kinds of fuel are leading European manufacturers to the consideration of various new products and combinations which may serve in place of coal and wood. The American consul at Coburg reports that sawdust is being used extensively in that country for fuel purposes. The sawdust is impregnated with a mixture of tar and heated to the proper temperature. It is then passed over a plate of iron heated by steam from which a screw conveyor takes it to a press, where it is made into bricks of the required size. One American family produced last year over 7,000,000 of these bricks, costing about 16 cents a thousand, and selling at from 95 cents to $1. This suggests the question why the dust turned out in such vast quantities by the great sawmills of our lumbering regions, most of which now goes to waste, might not be converted into a salable product for both domestic and foreign use. If compressed into hard bricks, as in the American process, the difficulty of transportation raised by the bulkiness of the sawdust would be largely eliminated.

The late Charles Keene, the artist of Punch, used to describe with great delight the method of a certain man whom he called "a pothouse Ruskin." This person was sitting with a friend in an inn parlor and was haranguing the other man on matters in general. Finally the friend ventured mildly to interpose an objection. The speaker drew himself up with much dignity. "I ain't a-arguing with you," said he, "I'm a-telling you."

The first savings bank established in the United States was in Philadelphia, which opened Dec. 2, 1816. It is said that the first deposit made in this bank was the sum of three shillings, handed over the counter by a boy. This bank was entitled "The Savings Fund Society of Philadelphia."

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment, and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. August Pfalzgraf, of South Byron, Wis., mother of the young lady whose portrait we here publish, wrote Mrs. Pinkham in January, 1899, saying her daughter had suffered for two years with irregular menstruation—had headache all the time, and pain in her side, feet swell, and was generally miserable. Mrs. Pinkham promptly replied with advice, and under date of March, 1899, the mother writes again that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her daughter of all pains and irregularity.

Nothing in the world equals Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine for regulating woman's peculiar monthly troubles.

BRITISH BAYONETS CONFRONT RUSSIANS

The Dispute at Tien Tsin Grows More Ominous,

QUESTION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS

A Pekin Dispatch Says Germans Loot a Town---What our Representative Is Doing.

Advices from Tien Tsin, China, state that the British and Russians are disputing over the limits of railway property in the Russian concession, and the guards of the two nations are in close proximity to each other.

The British have been strongly reenforced and trouble is imminent unless the Russians retire.

The Russians are now intrenching in the disputed territory. A company of the Hong Kong regiment, with fixed bayonets, is in front, while two companies of the Madras Pioneers, under the command of Major Johnson, are held in reserve.

Both the Russians and the British are awaiting instructions from their governments.

FRICTION AN ADMITTED FACT.

A London special says: A question in the house of commons Friday, in regard to the news from Tien Tsin announcing friction between the Russians and British there elicited a confirmation from Lord George Hamilton, the secretary of state for India, who said Russia had claimed the land in dispute by virtue of a concession alleged to have been granted by China since the disturbances commenced. The authorities on the spot were dealing with the matter. The government had not sent special instructions, as, throughout the Chinese operations, the Britist officers had shown a spirit of excessive conciliation.

LOOTED BY GERMANS.

A cablegram from Pekin says: It was reported at the United States legation by Rev. W. S. Ament, of the local staff of the American board of foreign missions, that the Germans had visited the prosperous market town of Nau Ming, sixty miles from Pekin, and completely looted it, and that they had also ransacked and desecrated a native Christian chapel and despoiled women of their trinkets, even taking rings out of their ears and generally ill-treating the natives.

The attitude of M. de Giers regarding further punishments is delaying the demand of the ministers of the powers upon the Chinese and the matter has been referred to the home governments. Mr. Rockhill, the American special commissioner, says that practically he is in favor of drawing a clean sheet over additional executions, but that certain high officials throughout the provinces are guily of most barbarous crimes and that it is generally recognized that these must be punished if only as a warning to others.

In every case where leniency was possible Mr. Rockhill has advocated it, but he has felt that in a few cases leniency was out of the question. He said M. de Giers had virtually agreed to certain additional punishments, but that the change in his attitude is presumably attributable to Russia's annoyance at the interference of the others in the Manchuria affair.

At the latest meeting of the ministers, M. de Giers vehemently declared that he would rather see his right hand cut off than consent to further decapitations.

As regards questions of indemnity, individual American claims, Mr. Rockhill says, under the agreement agreed upon by the ministers, will be paid in almost every case. The arrangement he considers satisfactory and fair to both Chinese and foreigners.

FOR OBSTRUCTING SIDEWALK

Mrs. Nation Arrested in Kansas City And Ordered to Leave Town.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, who has been visiting in Kansas City for a few days, was arrested in Union avenue near the union depot Friday for obstructing the sidewalk where she had stopped to harangue a crowd. She was released on her promise to depart on the next train for Topeka.

GRIGGS' SUCCESSOR?

Philadelphia Man Said to Be Slated For Attorney General.

A report is in circulation in Philadelphia that John G. Johnson, a leading member of the Philadelphia bar and one of the most prominent lawyers in the country, has been offered the portfolio of attorney general in President McKinley's cabinet to succeed Attorney General Griggs.

When asked if he had been offered such a position in President McKinley's cabinet he would not say. "I do not want my refusal to answer the question, however, to be construed as a denial that the position has been offered me."

A PLETHORA OF GOLD.

Accumulation of Yellow Metal By Uncle Sam Breaks all Records.

A Washington special says: On Friday the gross gold in the treasury amounted to $482,913,023, Compared with $416,218,209 at the same period last year. The day's figures break all records. The increase in the gold holdings of the department during the year has been $66,694,814.

WAR IS STILL ON.

Armistice Between Lord Kitchener And General Botha Seems to Be Ineffective.

A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, issued at London Friday morning, is so studiously silent upon the subject of the peace negotiations that it leads to the conclusion that nothing has yet been accomplished of a sufficiently definite character to justify lending official support to the view that the war is over. Nor do General French's movements indicate a cessation of hostilities, although possibly, as no date is given, his captures were made previous to the granting of the armistice.

Lord Kitchener's dispatch, which is dated at Pretoria, reports as follows:

"Dewet has reached Senekal on his northward progress.

"French, in addition to his previous successes, reports forty-six Boers killed or wounded, 146 taken prisoners and surrendered, with 200 rifles, 3,700 rounds of ammunition, 2,400 horses, 2,500 cattle and 400 wagons and carts, besides mules and trek oxen.

"Methuen has arrived at Warrenton from Klerksdorp, bringing in prisoners and cattle.

"The weather is wet, delaying the movements of the columns."

A dispatch from Pretoria, after noting General Dewet's arrival at Senekal, Orange River Colony, says that though he has only a small following, Dewet is nearing a district where he is likely to receive considerable reinforcements and probably intends to pick up roving bands of republicans who are ever present in the Dornberg and Koranna districts.

General French, the dispatch adds, had been detained by swollen drifts in the Piet Retief district, but is now able to move again.

Dispatches from Bloemfontein, Orange River Colony, state that prisoners who have lately been released by General Dewet say they think he is a madman. They aver that the terrible fatigue he has undergone, his anxieties and the intensity of his feelings have unhinged his mind. Apart from this view of General Dewet's mental state some of his peculiarities are that he rarely sleeps within the bounds of the camp. He seeks his rest outside, with a few trusted followers. Thus, the orderlies of his subordinate commanders are frequently unable to find him to receive orders. His secrecy is extreme. He absolutely imparts his plans to no one.

General Dewet repudiates the peace negotiations which are going on. He has declared openly to the men under his command that no terms except independence will satisfy him. A recent utterance attributed to General Dewet is that after the British he hated the Transvaalers.

The whereabouts of General Dewet during the last two or three days is unknown, nor is it known whether President Steyn is with him.

AMENDMENT DON'T GO.

Cuban Committee on Foreign Relations Will So Report.

A special from Havana says: The committee on foreign relations held another private meeting Friday afternoon. Senor De Quesada, one of the members, says the committee agreed unanimously that the Platt amendment in its present form could not be accepted and that a report to this effect will be submitted to the constitutional convention. He also asserts that the committee is assured of the support of twenty-eight delegates.

Monday the committee will meet again, when individual opinions on the question will be filed, to be incorporated later into the final report. The intention of the committee is not to make a final report for some time, but Senor de Quesada declares that this delay will not weaken the determination of its members not to accept the Platt amendment as it stands.

Admiral Dewey Goes to Aiken.

Aiken, S. C., is preparing for Admiral Dewey. Information was received there Friday that the admiral's physicians had ordered him south, and he has chosen Aiken as his resting place.

Alabama Town Burned.

The village of Comer, Ala., was almost totally destroyed by fire Friday morning at 4 o'clock. Nine store houses went up in flames, and only a small portion of the stocks were saved.

CAUGHT IN BURNING CAR.

Four Members of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Troupe Roasted to Death.

At Olive, a station forty-five miles west of Missoula, Montana, Saturday, a special car containing the Ed Davis "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Company, was burned, four members of the company losing their lives—three musicians and the company's cook.

The car was attached to the regular eastbound train due to arrive in Missoula at 9:30. Shortly after leaving Plains the car was discovered to be on fire in the sleeping apartment, and before the alarm could be given the whole car was in flames.

VOTES AT FANCY PRICES.

Money Flowed Freely While Election Was in Progress in Savannah.

In the election at Savannah, Ga., Friday, Major Thomas Screven defeated Captain Henry McAlpin for ordinary by a majority of 384 and Thomas F. Thompson defeated Hon. David Wells for tax collector by 788.

The election was hotly contested from start to finish and money was spent freely on both sides, votes ranging in price from $5 to $15 each

HARRISON'S BODY IS LAID TO REST

Funeral Services Simple But Impressive.

VAST THRONGS IN ATTENDANCE

At Capital Building Remains Lay In State and Were Viewed By Many Thousands.

Surrounded by fully 15,000 of his fellow citizens, the remains of Benjamin Harrison were interred in the family lot in Crown Hill cemetery at Indianapolis Sunday. Close by the grave were the members of his family. President McKinley and other visitors of distinction and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of fifty yards, behind ropes, guarded zealously by a large force of police, stood with uncovered heads the great multitude who knew him not so well as did they who stood beside the freshly upturned earth, but who honored him and admired him quite as much.

It is doubtful if any public man, at least in this generation, has been borne to his last resting place among so many manifestations of respect. Of passionate grief there was little outside the members of his family, but the tribute of respect was universal. It came from all alike—from those of his own political faith and from those who differed with him concerning what is best for the nation's good; from men who have been his lifelong friends and from those who knew him merely by sight and to whom he had never spoken. If came from women and children, from white and black, from all conditions and kinds of people. There was no exception anywhere to the expression that the nation had lost one of its most able men and the greatest man of his generation in his own state.

By the grave stood the chief magistrate of the nation, and behind the ropes were the street arabs of General Harrison's city; every grade of human life in America, between the two, was represented in the crowd, and among them all there was but the one feeling, that a man had died who was honest at all times with himself and others, and whose ability and character were such as the nation could ill afford to lose.

The weather, like that of Saturday, was splendid—bright sunlight, the warm breath of spring in every breeze, and yet in the air a touch of winter that brought the blood to the cheek and a sparkle to the eye.

The services at the church and grave were simple in the extreme, all in most excellent taste, and, like the proceedings Saturday, there was an utter absence of friction in everything that was done. All was well ordered and well performed.

REMAINS LAY IN STATE.

On Saturday beneath a canopy of black placed in the rotunda of the capitol building, the casket covered with the silken folds of the stars and stripes surrounded by thousands of blossoms, while over all swung the great battle flag that flew from the warship Indiana during a naval battle off Santiago, the body of ex-President Harrison lay in state for nine hours.

During that time fully 50,000 persons passed by the coffin to take a last look at the distinguished dead, and when, at 10 o'clock the capitol doors were finally closed and the people told that no more could enter, there were several thousand more waiting patiently in line. The body lay in state from 1:10 in the afternoon until 10 o'clock Saturday night, and not once during the hours was there a break or halt in the lines which passed rapidly by on the right and left of the casket.

It was Indiana's day with her dead, and most touchingly was the esteem and honor in which General Harrison was held by his fellow-citizens revealed. In front of the Harrison home, along the streets through which the remains were borne on their way to and from the statehouse, in the lines that stretched at times a half mile from the doors of the capitol building, men, women and childred stood for hours waiting their opportunity to pay a tribute of respect to the dead.

SUICIDE'S STRANGE REQUEST.

Body of a "Land Lubber" Is Consigned to Bosom of Atlantic.

A Brunswick, Ga., dispatch says: The body of J. R. B. Danforth, at his own request found after he had slain himself, was consigned to the roaring billows of the Atlantic, the unusual, peculiar and unique ceremony being witnessed by many of the relatives and friends of the dead man. It seems a bit strange that a "land lubber" would prefer to be buried in the sea, but this was the last request of Mr. Danforth, and his wife agreed to it.

Charles A. Johnson Arrested.

Columbus, O., March 17.—Charles A. Johnson, cashier of the First National Bank of Niles, Mich., was arrested at Columbus, O., Sunday on a charge of wrecking that institution. He was placed in the emergency hospital at the police station because of his physical condition.

If, as Jefferson said, "that is the best government which governs least," she is the wisest queen who queens it least.

BONI AVENGED.

Count Castellane Fights a Duel With Editor Roday's and ComesOut Victor.

A paris dispatch says: In the duel fought Saturday between Count Boni de Castellane and M. de Rodays, the latter was wounded in the thigh.

M. de Rodays, whose wound was in the lower fleshy part of the thigh, bled abundantly, but he is not seriously injured.

The determination to exclude the curious from witnessing the duel was well kept. Only the witnesses and the necessary attendants were spectators of the meeting, so zealously was secrecy maintained in regard to the meeting place.

Count de Dion having measured off twenty-five paces, requested M. de Rodays and Count Boni to take their alloted places. Both principals were dressed in black frock coats.

The usual words of warning and explanations were given, the Count de Dion counted three and then said "Fire."

Scarcely had the word been uttered than M. de Rodays was seen to totter and fall.

The witnesses hastened to his side, and were obliged to carry him to one of the dressing rooms, where the doctor gave him immediate care.

Count Boni, after inquiring into the character of the wound, left the spot, accompanied by his witnesses. Shortly afterwards M. de Rodays was taken to his residence in a carriage.

The doctor said M. de Roday's wound is not of a disquieting nature, and that, though the bullet had not yet been extracted, M. de Rodays will be well in ten days. Count Boni was not touched.

The duel was carried out with the utmost correctness, and every step of the proceedings was marked by absolute calmness and courtesy on both sides, which, if anything, enhanced its dramatic effect.

WILL REDEEM STAMPS.

Treasury Officials Make Statement Regarding New War Revenue Act.

The treasury officials at Washington are actively making preparations to carry into effect the war revenue reduction act which becomes operative on July 1, 1901, and with a view to giving the public all information on the subject possible at this time the internal revenue bureau has issued the following statement:

"All documentary and proprietary revenue stamps in the hands of purchasers on and after July 1, 1901, will be redeemed by the government under the provisions of the act of May 12, 1900.

"Such stamps should be presented for redemption by the owners thereof to the collector of internal revenue from whom they were purchased, who will supply the applicant with necessary forms and instructions for the preparations of his claim. It is probable that regulations will be prepared and issued providing for the reduction of imprinted documentary stamps without requiring the destruction of the checks or drafts on which they are imprinted."

WOMAN VICTIM OF MOB.

Negro Accused of Purloining Money Meets Horrible Death.

A dispatch Nashville, from Tenn., says: Ballie Brutchfield, a negro woman, was lynched by unknown men Friday night, the only cause being that she was suspected of having taken the money out of a pocketbook which was lost recently by a neighbor.

The pocketbook had come into possession of the woman's brother and a mob undertook to lynch him several nights ago, but he broke away and escaped in the darkness. Friday night the men visited the woman, and after tying her hands behind her, took her to the bridge over Lick creek. Here she was shot through the head and her lifeless body thrown into the stream, from which it was recovered Saturday.

The coroner returned the usual verdict of death at the hands of unknown parties. The amount of money in the pocketbook was $120.

Fatality at Pittsburg Fire.

During the progress of a fire at Pittsburg, Pa., Sunday, one man lost his life and three others were badly hurt. The property loss will be fully $250,000, well insured.

Increase in Desertions.

London, March 16.—The Daily Mail reports an enormous increase in the number of desertions at Aldershot. It attributes this condition of things to the inadequate pay and to resentment in view of the fact that the Yeomanry gets five shillings per day and the Cavalry only one shilling.

Chinese Claims.

London, March 15.—The British government has issued a public invitation to societies and others having claims against China, to present them at the foreign office.

New $30,000 Building at Birmingham.

The Earle estate has awarded to A. J. Krebs & Co. the contract for the erection of a three-story building at First avenue and Eighteenth street, Birmingham, to cost $30,000. The building will be of brick, with stone front, after plans drawn by Wheeler & Son. The walls are to be of sufficient thickness to support three additional stories.

OH! FOR STRENG

Weak Nerves, Tired, Ex Bodies.

The Complaint of Thousan Thousands.

Health and Strength Within Your Gra

Dr. Greene's Nervura Make Strong and Well.

It is the Great Restorative and Nerves.

Oh, those nerves of ours! do bother us! Weak, tired, vous is the complaint We overwork, dissipate bodies, ruin our health, break down. Sleeplessness gestion are early symp nerves are too exhausted to permit rest, and the weak to digest food.

It is nerve and brain which makes the brain tired, arm nerveless, the limbs the muscles weak, and the without strength, energy or It is loss of nerve and vita which is slowly but surely very life itself, and unless sought from the right source will be shattered nerves, softening of the brain, nervous tration, heart failure, paralysis mature death.

Beware of such symptoms known druggist, Charles W ton, 329 Park Avenue, Mass., suffered from nervous tion and all its terrible symptoms writes the following letter he knows is the best way to

"Some time ago I was nervous prostration, I suffered with my nerves and could get at all. I became fearfully my stomach was in terrible from dyspepsia, and I could anything.

"I used several medicines but out benefit. Being in the ness myself, and having customers speak in the highest of Dr. Greene's Nervura nerve remedy, I determined After taking only one-half bottle gan to feel much better

"I slept soundly at night appetite was splendid. After three bottles, I ate three a day, and had not the slight tress. My nerves were perfectly and I felt like a new man, completely cured of all my trouble

"Out of the respect I bear the facturers of Dr. Greene's Nervura and nerve remedy, and my have the sick and suffering and strong. I unhesitatingly this medicine is the best wonderful remedy known today.

"It does just what is said cures disease. Don't hesitate sufferers, for you will never You will be made well and

As this letter is from a medicine, his word is such matters. Everybody Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and remedy is the great leading of the age. Take it and made strong, healthy and Doctors recommend it because the prescription of a because they know it cures.

Dr. Greene, the most cialist in curing nervous and diseases, discovered it. consulted free, personally or at his office, 35 W. 14th St., City.

Every cotton planter write for our valuable pamphlet, "Cotton It is sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,

WIN GUN CAT Talks all about Winches

WINCHESTER REPEA

W. L. DOUGL $3 & $3.50 SHOES

FA HUM

Pimples, Black Rough and

PREVENTE

Cutic SOA

MILLIONS of Women Use CUT Cuticura Ointment, the great skin ying, and beautifying the skin, for cales, and dandruff, and the stopping whitening, and soothing red, rough ashes, itchings, and chafings, in the ritations and inflammations, or too in the form of washes for ulcerative w antiseptic purposes which readily and mothers, and for all the purposes tery. No amount of persuasion can used these great skin purifiers and CUTICURA SOAP combines delicat from CUTICURA, the great skin cu ing ingredients and the most refre other medicated soap is to be compared ying, and beautifying the skin, other foreign or domestic toilet soap compared with it for all the purp nursery. Thus it combines in ONE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BES and the BEST toilet and baby soap

Complete External and Internal T

Cuticura THE SET, $1.25

H! FOR STRENGT

eak Nerves, Tired, Exh
Bodies.

e Complaint of Thousands
Thousands.

alth and Strength
Within Your Grasp.

Greene's Nervura Makes
Strong and Well.

the Great Restorative of
and Nerves.

ITCHELL'S

Price, 25c.

D. Mitchell
YE SALV

ery cotton planter
for our valuable ill
hlet, "Cotton Cu
ent free.

Send name and address to
KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau

Queen Wilhelmina's Crown.

The crown that adorns the brow of Holland's youthful queen is said to cost $6,000. In 1829 it was stolen by burglars and remained in their possession for nearly two years. Eventually part of the stones were found in Brussels and the remainder in all probability in Belgium.

A Dresden [illegible] claims he has what [illegible] contains by ex-[illegible]

A Home-Made Library.

R. W. Pearce, 81 years of age, a retired printer and editor of Newport, R. I., has what is probably the most unique library in Rhode Island, if not in New England. It is composed wholly of scrap books, numbering about 100, all made within recent years. During all of that time he has purchased duplicate copies of the Ultra Saturday Globe each week in order to use matter from each of the pages.

WIN HESTER
GUN CATALOGUE FREE
Tells all about Winchester Rifles, Shotguns, and Ammunition
Send name and address on a postal now. Don't delay if you are interested.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

FACE HUMORS

Pimples, Blackheads, Red Rough and Oily Skin
PREVENTED BY
Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS of Women Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz.: TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Cuticura THE SET, $1.25 — Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup
Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

A SLAVE OF TOBACCO.

Love of the Weed One of the Weaknesses of the Great Carlyle.

As is well known, Thomas Carlyle, the great Scottish essayist and historian, was a slave to tobacco. In his home, his study or out of doors, he was seldom seen without his pipe, and he smoked the strongest tobacco he could procure. During the last part of his life he was a sufferer from insomnia, and his friend, Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, once suggested to him that one who suffered so much from sleeplessness and indigestion ought not to smoke so constantly. Carlyle replied that he had once given up smoking for an entire year at the instance of a doctor, who assured him that his only ailment was too much tobacco. At the end of the year he was walking one evening in the country, so weary that he was hardly able to crawl from tree to tree, when he suddenly determined that whatever was amiss with him "that fellow at least did not understand it," and he returned to tobacco and smoked afterward without let or hindrance. In his latter days he used a clay pipe made in Dublin and known as the "Repeal." He was unable to renew the supply and Sir Charles Duffy assured him that these pipes were strictly reserved for believers in Irish nationality and promised him a supply if he qualified in the ordinary manner. Carlyle never qualified.

THE HEAD OF THE HOUSE.

Woman Declared to Be in a Decision of a Federal Court.

The ancient and venerable question first raised in Adam's day, and discussed with more or less vigor by that gentleman's descendants ever since, as to who is the head of the house, the man or the woman, has been settled, it may be hoped finally, by Judge Purnell of the United States circuit court. The point came up in a case in Virginia, where a woman, a storekeeper, endeavored to take advantage of the bankruptcy law, but had her petition denied by a lower court on the ground that she was married and living with her husband, she was not the head of the house. Judge Purnell reversed this decision and rendered an opinion to the effect that a married woman living with or apart from her husband is the head of the household in the legal sense of the term. As this decision is rendered in a federal court, it applies, of course, to the whole country, and all American women from Puget Sound to Calais may rejoice that their status has been fixed beyond further dispute. Husbands and other masculine usurpers may now step down and out.

A MEXICAN WASH-DAY.

A Novel Scene Which Interests Travelers.

To the American woman, accustomed to washing her clothes in a tub in her kitchen or shed and hanging them out on the line to dry, the sight of a number of them at work is novel and interesting. The Mexicans have many queer ways of doing things, and this is one of them. No washing is done in the houses. Once a week—and sometimes once a month—according to the cleanliness of the family, the woman of the house or her grown up daughters, or her servants, if she is rich, take their soiled linen down to the canal, where the wash tanks of stone are built. The cleansing process is not up to American standards of tidiness. There is little rubbing and the Mexican woman has no reason to complain of backache, as has her American cousin, after her day's work is done. She simply dips her clothes a few times into the canal, then slaps them on the stones and hangs them on the rafters of the canvas-covered roof that protects their heads from the sun's rays.

A Spanish railway has ordered 520 cars from American manufacturers.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

There are now about seventy crematoria in Europe and the United States.

The Testimony
Of many thousands who use and have used Crab Orchard Water in various diseases, would warrant anyone in giving it a trial.

The pen is mightier than the sword when it comes to signing checks.

Don't drink too much water when cycling. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

The London mint produced 107,689,518 coins last year.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

The making of post-holes is an easy matter in Alaska. A mass of powder blasts out the hole in an instant, a telegraph pole is inserted, water is poured in, and the intense cold holds the pole secure in an encasement of ice.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The new Senator from Utah, Thomas Kearns, was once a laborer.

When You Buy Ink
get Carter's and you will get the best every time. "Inklings" free. Carter's Ink Co., Boston.

The population of New Mexico is 195,310, an increase of 27.2 per cent.

MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduce inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Hamburg is headquarters for wild animals and zoo stock of all kinds.

Licenses Issued to Children.

Nearly twelve hundred boys and girls are licensed by the city council of Liverpool to sell matches, newspapers, bootlaces, etc., upon the streets. Before the licenses are granted consent must be obtained of parents and guardians, as well as of the local school officials. The age limit for girls is from eleven to sixteen years, and for boys from eleven to fourteen years. No child is allowed to peddle in the streets after 9 o'clock in the evening. All must be decently clad and free from physical defects. No business must be done during school hours.

For 14 Cents
Worth $1.00
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.

Speedy, Prompt and Sure.

Acts quicker, never gripes and obtains better results than any laxative known.
Its action is marvelous, its effect immediate.
No remedy will cure constipation and biliousness so quickly and with absolutely no discomfort as
Hunyadi János
Average Dose. One half glassful on arising in the morning. Every druggist and general wholesale grocer in the world sells it.
ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.
Sole Importer: Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

Constipation
is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of
CRAB ORCHARD WATER
the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.
Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

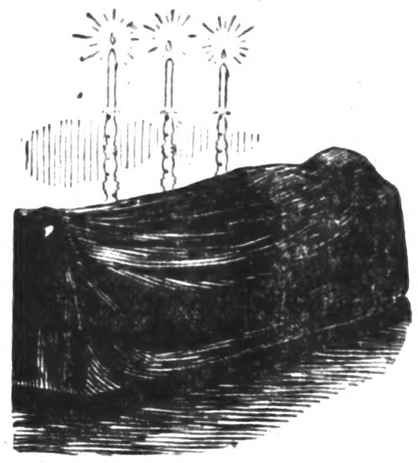
Dogs in Hamburg are taxed according to size: the bigger the dog the bigger the

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases in 10 days. Unsolicited testimonials. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE.

Ans. N. U. No. 12, 1901.

DEATH



begins in the bowels. It's the unclean places that breed infectious epidemics, and it's the unclean body—unclean inside—that "catches" the disease. A person whose stomach and bowels are kept clean and whose liver is lively, and blood pure, is safe against yellow fever, or any other of the dreadful diseases that desolate our beautiful land. Some of the cleanest people outside are filthiest inside, and they are the ones who not only "catch" the infections, but endanger the lives of all their friends and relatives. There's only one certain way of keeping clean inside so as to prevent disease and that is to take CASCARETS. Perfect disinfectant and bowel strengtheners. All diseases are

PREVENTED BY
Cascarets
LIVER TONIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c. per box.
ALL DRUGGISTS.
NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now 5 boxes are sold to every one box of any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith enough to sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

LION COFFEE
A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

There is nothing that a
SOCIAL LION
appreciates as much as a good cup of coffee.
If you don't drink
LION COFFEE
yourself, at least keep some for your guests.
But what can you buy for yourself that is better or that costs so little as
LION COFFEE?

Get the genuine! (Lion's Head on every wrapper). If not at your grocer's try another store. LION COFFEE is not glazed nor coated with egg mixtures or chemicals. We have no imperfections to hide! LION COFFEE is absolutely pure coffee, and nothing but coffee!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

A. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Alabama Fertilizer the Standard.

Our most reckless competitor will only claim that what he is selling is "Just as good" as the celebrated ALABAMA FERTILIZER, but it is not so. For 21 years the ALABAMA has stood at the head of the fertilizer class. With cotton at current good prices it is more important than ever to use the best fertilizer. The ALABAMA is the *standard of excellence*, and only those whose interest dictate the statement assert otherwise.

Without extra cost to the consumer we ship all ALABAMA FERTILIZER in the CELEBRATED MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, which are acid and weather proof, thus avoiding any loss in handling. These bags, after thorough investigation and practical tests, have been indorsed by the Alabama Agricultural Department, who recommend their use by the farmers of our State. Steamer agents on certain water routes have given notice that they will only receive for shipment fertilizer sacked in these celebrated bags, thereby insuring both themselves and their consignees from loss in handling.

One of the exhibits of the recent Good Roads Procession which attracted the attention of all was a wagon drawn by six well fed oxen containing 9½ bales of cotton produced on 9½ acres of land, made from Russell Improved big boll cotton by the use of ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

Customers Protected by Trade Mark.

The law requires every sack of fertilizer sold in the State to have the word ALABAMA branded on each sack offered for sale in the State.

To protect both ourselves and our customers we have our trade mark on every sack of ALABAMA FERTILIZER, we also tag each MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAG. Our Trade Mark is copyrighted, the Bag is patented and we will prosecute any infringement on either. See that the Trade Mark and Tag are on each sack. *Be certain to get what you pay for.*

Pure high grade Acid Phosphate and Genuine German Kainit always on hand and sold at no higher price than other goods of the same grade.

A Testimonial From High Authority.

Captain S. B. Trapp, President of the Board of Inspectors of the Alabama Convict Bureau, who is well and favorably known throughout the South (particularly in Alabama), whose able management of the convict system of our State has met with the approval of all, himself a farmer of twenty years experience, has the following words of commendation to say in regard to the Celebrated Alabama Fertilizer:

Executive Department of Alabama,
Convict Bureau.
Montgomery, Nov. 30, 1900.

I consider the ALABAMA FERTILIZER the best manufactured. I have raised and seen others raise large crops of cotton and corn by its use.

In my opinion the farmer who invests in it, will succeed in making larger crops of cotton and corn at less cost for fertilizers than one who buys and uses acid phosphate, kainit and cottonseed meal in any proportion or quantity whatsoever.

My conclusions are arrived at after an experience of twenty years in the use of fertilizers—during which long period I have tried many kinds of fertilizers.

The MUMMIA VEGETABLE FIBRE PRESERVED BAGS, in which the ALABAMA FERTILIZER is put up, is one of the greatest blessings to all, and none better than the farmer can appreciate and value the cessation of loss in wasting, rotting of bags and vexation by having to reweigh fertilizers put up in the ordinary bag. I have seen some Mummia Bags used two seasons, which is the strongest possible proof of their singular and superior merit.

S. B. TRAPP, President.

The Record of Alabama Fertilizer.

It has produced nearly four bales of cotton on one acre of poor sandy upland.
One hundred and thirty-two bushels of corn on one acre of poor sandy upland.
Two thousand and forty-one bushels of corn on twenty acres of poor upland.
Land and corn accurately surveyed and measured by competent disinterested and honorable men.
It is the oldest brand now sold in Alabama, and is just the same as it always has been. Every one of the 49 premiums given during a series of years, through the COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, for the greatest yield of cotton and corn on a specified area of land, was awarded to farmers who used exclusively the ALABAMA FERTILIZER.

THE ALABAMA FERTILIZER COMPANY,

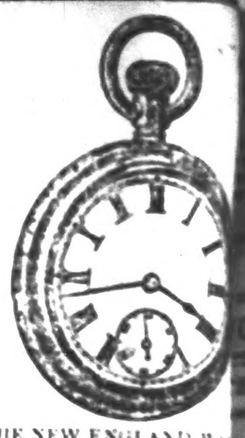
Montgomery, Ala.

EVERY FAMILY IN THE SOUTH SHOULD PLANT PECAN TREES.

The Pecan tree not only bears one of the most delicious nuts, but it is one of the most ornamental trees that grows in the South, and makes as fine a shade tree as the Elm or Maple and no family ought to be without a few trees. It would pay the town authorities to do as the French authorities do, plant nut bearing trees on the sidewalks and get a revenue therefrom. A scrap that would fill my vest pocket planted on the sidewalks of comparatively small cost, would in ten years get an annual return of at least $500.00 and each year there would be an increase until the income would reach from three to five thousand dollars annually. Enough to more than pay all taxes of an ordinary size town. The trees do well planted in cotton and corn fields, and farmers can cultivate the land in crops of corn and cotton until the trees get to bearing and after they commence bearing a farmer with ten to twenty acres has a small fortune in his Pecan grove and doesn't need to plant cotton and corn. The tree is hardy and stands the cold weather anywhere south of Mason and Dixon. At Pinebluff North Carolina, there is a company that makes a specialty of growing the young trees for sale, and we advise the town authorities, and all readers of our paper, to write the Pinebluff Grove & Pecan Company, Pinebluff, N. C., for circulars.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine. For sale by the Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus Verbena.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH Nickle case, stem wind and set, warranted for 12 months, sold anywhere with a silk plate chain for $2.75. Try it if you want a good time piece.

The New England Watch giving good satisfacion as a poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

ECZEMA, ITCHING HUMORS, PIMPLES CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Does your Skin Itch and Burn? Distressing Eruptions on the face, you feel ashamed to be seen in company? Do scales and Scales on the skin, Hair or Scalp? Have Eczema? Skin Sore and Crusty Rash form on the Skin? Pain in the Skin? Boils? Bone Pains? Swollen Joints? ing Hair? All Run Down? Pale? Old Sores? Eating Ulcers? To cure to stay cured, B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) makes the blood pure and rich, B. B. B. will cause the pores to stop itching of eczema to stop, the skin to become clean and sweet. B. B. B. is just the you have been looking for. thoroughly tested for thirty years, sufferers are advised to try B. B. B. For sale by druggists at $1 large bottle; six large bottles treatment) $5. Be sure the wrapper reads Botanic Blood Balm. Complete directions with each bottle. sufferers may test it, a trial given away. Write for it. dress BLOOD BALM CO. ta, Ga. Describe your trouble. Free personal medical advice given.

Health Officer Needed.

Verbena, Ala., Mar. 27, 1901.

Editor Banner.—Will you please us who is the county health of Chilton county? There pox in the county south of The health officer is not doing his duty. He should come here and quarantine the where the small pox is. If not do it, the small pox read all over the county. health officer should resign if not willing to perform his duties let one be appointed that perform them. This small pox be attended to at once.

Yours truly,

H. B. NORTHINGTON.

There is no Health Officer in county.—Editor.

Healthy Mothers

Few mothers are healthy, their duties are so exacting. The of pregnancy, the shock of childbirth and the care of young children, severe trials on any woman. But Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in the land—can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE of CARDUI

strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions. For every female ill or weakness it is the medicine made. Ask your druggist for $1.00 bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no substitute under any circumstances.

Mrs. Edwin Cragg, Gassaway, Md., "I commenced using Wine of Cardui I was badly broken down in the house. Two weeks after I took half a bottle and printed improvement. When other child was born I suffered with labor only hours, and had to raise him on a bottle because I had no milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time, I gave birth but one child to the baby and I was in labor only two hours, with no pain and I have plenty of milk. For my great suffering I cannot say enough in favor of Wine of Cardui. So much for my health I thank God and Wine of Cardui."

For advice in case requiring special directions, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE BEST WAY TO

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Cedars daily, through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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NORTH AND NORTH-EAST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Did Not.

'Twas a fearsome night to deve[illegible] brought by the tornado [illegible] Mandis morning [illegible] fare descriptions. Looking [illegible] the ruins, one can perhaps [illegible] imagine the awful time passed [illegible] the residents of the ravaged [illegible] The uprooting of trees, the [illegible] of building after building [illegible] of glass, the falling [illegible] shrieks of the living and [illegible] groans of the dying, the roar of [illegible] wind and the deluge of [illegible] have produced a perfect [illegible] pandemonium. Eighteen in all [illegible] their lives in the few minutes [illegible] lasted, while it is impossible [illegible] say how many persons [illegible] more or less injured. Many [illegible] were laid perfectly flat upon [illegible] ground; some were twisted in [illegible] shapes, and others almost [illegible] injury. In some cases a [illegible] would be turned over on [illegible]; one two-story house is [illegible] reclining upon the neighbor[illegible] roof of a one-story building; [illegible] were torn completely off, [illegible] others lost only a few shingles.

Ple'cher.

Mrs. E. Pletcher left this place for her home in Indiana, to [illegible] of her many friends; we [illegible] her a long and prosperous [illegible]

Miss Lula Hamrick has been [illegible] our town this week.

[illegible] people think Pletcher a [illegible]ace; the place is alright, it [illegible] bad boys that are doing the [illegible] drinking, swearing and cut[illegible] generally we need the coun[illegible] to be right here, so the good [illegible] would have more protection, [illegible]tter things.

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Luther Bishop is again in [illegible]cinity; we think he is betting [illegible]ife. A FRIEND.

Jemison.

[illegible] Minnie Mure is spending [illegible] days in Birmingham, where [illegible] working under a milliner [illegible] New York. She will be home [illegible]w days with a full line of [illegible]ery.

[illegible] J. E. Dunham has quit school [illegible]tired to private life.

[illegible]e of our young people enjoy[illegible] themselves at the residence of [illegible] Adams last Friday eve. Mis[illegible] missed.

[illegible]ses Lowery and Patton look[illegible]ed Sunday eve.

[illegible]day-school Convention here [illegible]unday.

[illegible] Jennie Hand has returned [illegible] from South Alabama where [illegible] been visiting her brother, [illegible] Hand.

[illegible] O. C. Atkinson went to [illegible] Creek Sunday, who looked [illegible]

[illegible]ber shops and boiled eggs [illegible]od things. Push them along.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MARCH 28, 1901 — NO. 23

NEW ENGLAND WATCH — Lines, stem wind and stem set, guaranteed for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord and chain for $2.75. Try one and get a good time piece cheap. The New England Watch is a good satisfaction. It is a man's time piece. L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

ECZEMA, ITCHING HUMORS AND PIMPLES CURED BY B. B. B. — Bottle Free to Sufferers. If your Skin Itch and Burn with Eruptions on the skin, feel ashamed to be seen in company, Do scales and Scales form on the Head, Hair or Scalp? Have you Skin Sore and Cracked from the Skin? Pricking under the Skin? Boils? Pimples? Pains? Swollen Joints? Feel tired? All Run Down? Sick? Old Sores? Eating Sores? To cure to stay cured take B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) which makes the blood pure and rich, and will cause the sores to heal. Cases of eczema to stop forever. To prove to you that B. B. B. is just the Remedy you have been looking for, it has been tested for thirty years, thousands are advised to try B. B. B. Druggists at $1 per bottle; six large bottles ($5 value) for $5. Be sure the label reads "Botanic Blood Balm." Complete directions with each bottle. Sent free by mail if you may test it, a trial bottle free by mail if you write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and receive medical advice gratis.

Healthy Mothers — Healthy mothers are healthy, because duties are so exacting. The anxiety, pregnancy, the shock of childbirth, the care of young children, all tell heavily on any woman. But with the use of Cardui within her grasp, every woman in the land can lift the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you want health with all its privileges and joys? Wine of Cardui will give it to you.

WINE of CARDUI — Strengthens the female organs and lessens the pains of weakened functions. For every form of ill or weakness it is the best medicine made. Ask your druggist for a bottle Wine of Cardui, and take no other kind under any circumstances.

BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST — IS VIA THE — L. & N. — LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. — The Through Cars — Nine pass Calera daily, Pullman through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST. Pullman through to Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST. In purchasing tickets to any point address Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or Gen. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] a fearsome sight the devastation wrought by the tornado at Birmingham on Monday morning, [illegible] description. Looking [illegible] ruins, one can perhaps slightly imagine the awful thing passed [illegible] residents of the ruined district. The uprooting of trees, the [illegible] of building after building, the smashing of glass, the fall of [illegible], together with the [illegible] shrieks of the living and [illegible] groans of the dying, the roar of the terrific wind and the deluge of [illegible] must have produced a perfect pandemonium. Eighteen in all [illegible] their lives in the few minutes the storm lasted, while it is impossible to say how many persons were more or less injured. Many houses were laid perfectly flat upon the ground; some were twisted in various shapes, and others almost [illegible] injury. In some cases a building would be turned over on one side; one two-story house is [illegible] reclining upon the neighboring roof of a one-story building; [illegible] roofs were torn completely off, others lost only a few shingles.

Health Officer Needed.

Verbena, Ala., Mar. 27, 1901

Editor Banner.—Will you please inform us who is the county health officer of Chilton county? There is small pox in the county south of us. The health officer is not doing his duty. He should come down here and quarantine the [illegible] where the small pox is. If he does not do it, the small pox will spread all over the county. The health officer should resign if he is not willing to perform his duties and let one be appointed that will perform them. This small pox should be attended to at once.

Yours truly,
H. B. NORTHINGTON.

There is no Health Officer in Chilton county.—Editor.

Pletcher.

Mrs. E. Pletcher left this place Friday for her home in Indiana, to the regret of her many friends; we wish her a long and prosperous life.

Miss Lula Hamrick has been visiting our town this week.

Most people think Pletcher a good place. The place is alright, it is the bad boys that are doing the drinking, swearing and cutting up generally we need the council to be right here, so the good people would have more protection, for better things.

We had a show down to our town last week, but the weather was too bad for many to go.

Our postmaster, J. T. Anderson, has added to his office a store and seems to be doing well. We wish our genial friend success.

Mrs. T. J. Anderson has been very sick for some time but we hear she is better now.

Our town might build up, if the people would stop buying and selling liquors at all hazards. We hope for a change in the future.

Mr. Luther Bishop is again in our vicinity; we think he is betting on a wife.

A FRIEND.

Jemison.

Miss Minnie Muse is spending a few days in Birmingham, where she is working under a milliner from New York. She will be home in a few days with a full line of millinery.

Mr. J. E. Dunham has quit school and retired to private life.

Some of our young people enjoyed themselves at the residence of Mr. Adams last Friday eve. Miss Ida was missed.

Misses Lowery and Patton looked pleased Sunday eve.

Sunday-school Convention here last Sunday.

Miss Jennie Hand has returned home from South Alabama where she has been visiting her brother, W. D. Hand.

Mr. O. C. Atkinson went to Bear Creek Sunday, who looked lonesome.

Barber shops and boiled eggs are good things. Push them along.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY — Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Cooper, March 23, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me space in the columns of your valuable paper to state to the public that I was present on the 16th inst. at a conference of the Anti-Missionary Baptists, held at Cross River church. A charge was preferred against the Rev. J. M. Dykes, for marrying a woman who had been previously married, but had been divorced from her husband under the laws of Alabama. After the evidence, or statements, in justification of Mr. Dykes, were presented to the body and duly considered by it, he was acquitted of the charge by unanimous consent.

I desire to say, in behalf of Mr. Dykes, that I have known him for more than twenty-five years and have ever found him to be an honest, hightoned Christian gentleman, and he has done more for his church than any man under my knowledge. I am truly glad that his church found no fault in him.

Respectfully,
B. T. CALLAWAY.

Clanton, March 11, 1901

Editor Banner.—I want you to allow me a small space if you please. I am a citizen of Beat 5 and have been a Democrat all my life, but I am not the one that wants stock law, neither do I want the constitution changed and fixed so that myself and other poor men can't vote for men that we want to hold office in the county. So I think we had better look out and try to send a man to represent us in the convention who, if he gets beat, won't try to take advantage of us in giving us something we don't need. I never expect to vote for another man who says he is a Democrat. So I will close for this time. A Subscriber who don't want

STOCK LAW.

A Widow's Love Affair — Receives a setback if she has offensive breath through Constipation, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble but Dr. King's New Life Pills always cure those troubles; clean the system, sweeten the breath, banish headache; best in the world for liver, kidneys and bowels. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

Clanton, March 24, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me space in your valuable paper for a few words of thanks to the good people of Chilton and my community for their liberality in helping me and sharing my loss in a fire I had last November. I fear I have contracted a debt of gratitude that I will never be able to pay; I can only remember them in petitioning to the Father and ask Him to bless them. I do thank them for their goodness and kindness to me. I have an accurate list of all that helped me, and I expect to keep it so I can remember them later. We should read the 15-16 verses of the 2d chapter of the book of James and consider its teachings in regard to helping our neighbor and fellowman.

For fear this finds its way to the waste basket, I will close still thanking my friends.

W. J. CALLWAY.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children. — "I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy", says F. P. Morgan, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Burwell, March 25, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words. I noticed the following in the Chilton Reflector last week. "Another fraud perpetrated by employes or members of the last Legislature was developed last week in the Uniontown dispensary bill. It was whispered around as coming from a saloon keeper that instead of becoming operative on January 1st, 1902, the law would not go into effect until 1904. The city sent its attorney to Montgomery to investigate the matter, and he found that the names of two of the commissioners named in the bill had been changed in the typewritten copy; 1902 had been erased and 1904 substituted. This is an outrage that ought to be ferretted out at any cost and the perpetrators punished to the extent of the law. It seems to us that the courts ought to have the power to rectify this outrage." Now, Mr. Editor, there has been as great an outrage committed on the people of Chilton as that was, viz, in running the stock law on the people in Beat five that did not want want it, and the last beat in the county that needed a stock law, and the Reflector has not said any word against it. Will the Reflector help ferret this outrage out of his own county? Nay, I presume he will advise us to vote for the Democratic nominee, otherwise we will be punished. Respectfully,

M. C. WILLIAMS.

Verbena.

Mr. D. D. Bulger, of Rockford, was in town on business last Friday.

Mr. Will Pierson of Wadsworth was among friends here Saturday.

Mr. H. A. J. Harris, of Clanton, was in the city Thursday of last week.

Uncle Uriah Darden, of Hanover, was circulating among friends here last week.

The social whirl has about reached its zenith in Verbena.

Mr. Jasper Goss, of Burwell, was visiting here Saturday.

We are glad to note the improved condition of Mr. Alvin Driver, who has been suffering with la grippe.

Mr. G. Sims visited Clanton Friday.

The Sunday-schools and prayer-meetings are progressing nicely at this place. More anon, DELTA.

Cedar Grove.

Messrs. Jesse Hayes, Alford Colins and J. L. Baker, made a business trip to Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Baker visited his maternal relative south-east of Clanton Wednesday night.

Mr. "Gee" Hayes, an intelligent young man who has been boarding and going to school here returned to his mother who resides at Blocton, Wednesday. We predict for Mr. Hayes a bright future.

Mr. Bill Hayes, son of Mr. John Hayes, left for Blocton Wednesday, where he will spend the vacation month at month; success to Bill.

The farmers of this vicinity are moving right along with their work, "Gee!" and "Haw!" is the order of the day.

Mr. John McCord, of Prattville, visited relatives here the latter part of last week. Mr. "Mac" is a lively personage and a welcome guest; come again John.

Our Sunday-school was well represented by a crowd of diligent young people at the S. S. convention, held at Concord last Sunday.

Messrs. J. L. Baker, Newt Waller and Harvey Wilson made a business trip to Mulberry Friday.

Fearing the length of my letter will give it a place in that dreaded basket. I will "wring off" with best wishes to the Banner and its readers, I am OLD PATCH.

A Horrible Outbreak — "Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Ishill of Morgantown, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c Satisfaction guaranted by Clanton Drug Co.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, THORSBY, ALA.

MILLINERY opening April 1. A cordial invitation is extended to all ladies to call and see my goods and WONDERFULLY LOW PRICES. Ladies' Hats from $1. Children's Hats from 35 cents.

SELMA FORS, Thorsby.

Collins Chapel.

Editor Banner.—Our school at Collins Chapel is still progressing nicely and our Prof. R. A. Rasco is still hustling us and more so now because the school is one and a-half months longer and we want to have a nice close and plenty of good speakers to entertain us. There are several out this week.

Mr. John Mims has been planting corn this week, and they wish they had not planted any the second day for it was pretty cool and this weather cooled them off and they are not so warm now. I suppose that is why it is raining now, they heated the air and caused it to rain, so now may be we will have some nice weather so you can apply to those for corn another year.

A SCHOOL BOY.

Macedonia.

Farmers in this section have been very busy the past week planting corn; though it seems that winter is still here.

Prof. John Martin has vacated his school at this place. During his vacation he intends going to school at Jemison. He will go from home, eight miles, on a wheel.

Mrs. Sallie Smith was quite sick part of last week; she is much better at this writing, however.

Aunt Peggy Glass, who had lived out her four score of years, after two month's suffering, passed away the 15th inst., and was laid to rest at the Macedonia cemetery the 17th inst. Aunt Peggy was loved by all, and we believe our loss is heaven's gain, so we grieve not as those that have no hope.

We see in The Music Teacher and Home Magazine the announcement of the S. N. M. I. to be held at Clanton this summer. Prof. Showalter is a great teacher. I had the pleasure of attending one session of this famous school, and visited one other session. All that are seeking to know more of music, vocal or instrumental, should take advantage of this grand opportunity. Mr. S. is a fine vocalist and Miss Tennie a fine pianist as well as a sweet singer.

J. C. VEAZEY.

Strikes A Rich Find. — "I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicine I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Clanton, Drug Co.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of Sw ¼ of Se ¼ Section 1. Township 22, Range 13. in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 29th day of April, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 25th day of March 1901.

M. A. KILLBORN, Sheriff.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

EXAMINATION—Prepare for Examination or a Higher Grade Certificate at Jemison Institute. Special eight weeks Review Term will begin April 1, 1901. For particulars, address

J. M. COLLIER, Jemison, Ala.

SEED POTATOES, 50 cents per bushel. Apply to S. E. BRUCE, Clanton.

SEED PEANUTS for sale; call on J. W. DAVIS, Clanton, Ala.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address

C. W. DAUGETTE, President, Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

FOR SALE—Ten head of Oxen medium size; good work oxen. Apply to J. BICE, Thorsby, Ala.

The Best Prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Confederate Veterans.

To Confederate Veterans of Chilton county:

The approaching reunion of the United Confederate Veterans at Memphis May 28, 29 and 30, moves me to appeal to you to join, without delay, Camp Sanford at Clanton. By so doing you can attend the reunion at a trifling cost, and have free entertainment while at Memphis. To do this you must join our camp before May 1.

We have our Constitution and By-laws, and all other necessary stationary printed and paid for; have reduced our dues from $1.00 to 60 cts. a year; have forty-one members, and are prosperous and growing.

The Camp, at its last meeting, voted unanimously to have a big dinner and one or more distinguished orators July 4. "All men who faithfully served in any departments of the Confederate army or navy may be eligible to membership."

Regular meetings at 2 p.m. first Saturday, University School building, Clanton, Ala.

E. Y. MCMORRIES, Com.

P. S. Give your name to J. M. Stanfield, Adj. or Col. R. H. Knox, Sec.

When you get hurt apply Dr. Tichenors' Antiseptic It will do the rest. Your druggist, will take pleasure in selling you a bottle for 50c.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS — ATTORNEY-AT-LAW — CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS — ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Practice in all Courts. Office at the Adams' place — CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS — ATTORNEY-AT-LAW — Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts. CLANTON, - - ALA.

ROBERT H. KNOX, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, CLANTON, ALA. Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART, DENTIST. OFFICE HOURS. 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m. Office over Wright's Store — CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS, SPECIALIST — Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat — OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST. Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. Telephone 486—2 rings. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP — W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor. HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, SHAMPOOING. In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention. HOT AND COLD BATHS, CLANTON

E. W. Grove — This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton. SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas,
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John P. Parnell
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 83c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

It must be confessed that, at the present price of those vehicles, the man who insists on buying an automobile is bent on running through with his money.

The muster roll of one of the companies of Concord Minute Men, once offered to the town of Concord for $25, was sold in Boston the other day for 10 times that amount.

The length of a generation is usually considered 30 to 35 years. A statistician has recently worked out records of eight generations in New England starting with 1637 and he finds the average length just about 33 1-3 years, making three generations to the century. It is conceded that for other races or countries the figures might be different.

The Italian army has made an effort to recover its military prestige in China. The other day the commanding officer reported a brilliant victory over the rebels. On investigation it was found that he had fallen in with a body of Chinese soldiers, who ran away at once. They were pursued with great dash and gallantry and cut to pieces. Hence the laurels.

The experiment is to be made by the Chicago school authorities in establishing a full commercial school for boys, to take the place of a high school, will be watched with interest by educators everywhere. Persons who believe a practical business education is more useful than the knowledge of Latin and Greek look to the Chicago public business school to vindicate their theory.

The frightful losses of life and property from the oil fires in Russia and the destruction caused by the explosion of hundreds of cases of dynamite in a famous Mexican mine show the dangers which humanity holds in check by frail barriers easily broken. The possibilities of ruin from burning oil mines and oil fields and from the concentration of explosives of power truly volcanic are almost illimitable.

A nation that is fettered by having one man in every 80 a soldier cannot hope to keep industrial and commercial pace with one that is free, having only one in 800 a soldier. It is to a reform of their own domestic systems that European powers would best look for relief and for prosperity, and not to mere antagonism against the successful rival whose success is in great part due to the fact that it has avoided the evils which they have cherished, observes the New York Tribune.

The New York Sun rules that we may continue to call the frock coat a Prince Albert if we choose to do so, for the good and sufficient reason that this garment was not named after Albert Edward, but after his father, Prince Albert, who died forty years ago. When Lord Raglan died the garment named after him retained his name. So also of the Cardigan, the Havelock, the Spencer and the Talma. There are still Wellington boots and Blucher boots. The curious thing about the Prince Albert coat is that the term is never used in England. It is simply a frock coat over there.

Pennsylvania is a wonderful state. Its manufacturing interests are diversified and cover every article of human consumption from the raw to the manufactured. In this state, power and transmission reaches over 1600 good, live, wide-awake, growing concerns of a rating, according to the best commercial agencies of $25,000 or over. They are all users of machinery, and the constant orders for supplies must be something marvelous. Did you ever stop to think that in Pennsylvania there are nearly as many factories as are contained in that part of the United States lying west of the Mississippi river?

Here is a heartrending tale. A year ago a demoiselle in Paris won first prize in a much heralded beauty contest. A dressmaker, scenting advertisement, paid the lady thirty thousand francs a year to wear his costumes exclusively. A rival dressmaker with envy in his heart offered her another salary on condition that she should circulate the statement that, while she wore the gowns of the first, it was only for the sake of the salary, and down deep in her soul she preferred the gowns of the second. She succumb to the temptation and now there is a lawsuit on and she bids fair to get neither payment. This is a hard world!

DISASTROUS CYCLONE,

Twenty Persons' Killed and Forty Injured.

Tornado Sweeps Southern Section of Birmingham.

Hundreds of Houses Torn Into Fragments and Much Other Property Destroyed.

A fearful tornado, in all the fury of its pent-up rage, swept down upon the southern section of Birmingham shortly before 10 o'clock Monday morning and in its ruthless course up the valley left death and destruction in its wake. The frowning storm king summoned all the wrath at his command and with an awful grinding roar tore hundreds of houses into fragments and claimed twenty human lives, the price of his unwelcome visit.

Twenty persons were crushed and killed by the flying debris and scores of men, women and children were mangled beneath the wreckage, which was strewn from east to west for a distance of more than two miles.

It is estimated that 500 houses were destroyed and damaged, entailing a property loss of between $300,000 and $500,000.

Among the dead are Dr. G. C. Chapman, one of the most prominent physicians of the city, and the wife and child of Hon. R. J. Lowe, chairman of the state democratic executive committee.

The fearful catastrophe has cast a gloom over the entire city, but willing hands have set to work to relieve the suffering and distress that sends up its pitiful cry from the pathway of the storm.

The following is the list of the dead and injured, reported to a late hour Tuesday night:

The Dead.

Dr. G. C. Chapman, Mrs. Robert J. Lowe, infant child of Mrs. Lowe, J. Alexander, merchant, corner avenue J and Twenty-fourth street; little daughter of Mr. B. B. Hudson, F. Myro, colored, collector Union Mutual Association of Mobile; Carrie Hudson, colored; Maggie Blevins, colored; Carrie Henry, colored; Lizzie Goodloe, colored; F. Steadmire, school girl, colored; Lizzie Green, colored; unknown negro cook for B. B. Hudson; unknown carpenter, struck by flying timber, unknown negro, Pratt City; John Gardner, Irondale; three negro children, Irondale.

Fatally Injured.

Mrs. R. H. Thomas, Mrs. W. H. Thomas, Mrs. D. D. McLaughlin, Mrs. J. Furguson, Mrs. Mylum, Prof. Grambs' mother-in-law; Carrie Elin, colored, W. P. Dickinson, medical student, concusion of brain.

A terrific rain storm followed the wind and greatly retarded the work of relief, which was immediately begun by an army of volunteer rescuers.

Path of the Storm.

The storm struck the city in the extreme southwestern corner and plowed its way eastward, leaving a path 150 feet wide through the entire southern section, extending from Green Springs on the left to Avondale on the east. It continued its course onward until its fury was spent in the mountain beyond Irondale.

The morning dawned cloudy and sultry and grew more threatening as the day advanced. Clouds began to gather, and shortly after 9 o'clock sharp lightning flashed from the southwest. The air became heavy and stifling, and it was evident that a storm was brewing, but no one dreamed that it would burst with such fury upon the city a few minutes later. The velocity of the wind began to increase, and suddenly from out of the overcast sky the funnel-shaped cloud made its descent, and, hugging close to the earth, passed through the city in leaps and bounds, leaving death and desolation in its pathway.

The altitude of the cyclone was not more than seventy-five feet. The negro shanties and cottages in the lowlands in the path of the storm were the principal sufferers. The larger residences on the higher ground suffered but slightly. The large trees on the hillside of the St. Vincent's Hospital were torn up by the roots, and large masses of stone were twisted out of the ground, and broken and scattered all over the driveways of the entrance to the institution.

Like a Rubber Ball.

From Eighth to Tenth street the wind devil bounded like a rubber ball and when it again descended it struck a two-story house occupied by Joseph Bucchelhner and almost razed it to the ground.

Onward the wind sped in its fury, demolishing trees and fences, until it reached Eleventh street, where it swept through a small pine grove, tearing the trees up by the roots and hurling them through the air like arrows. Beyond the grove the storm cloud swooped down upon a negro settlement and the frail cabins were crushed like egg shells, not one being left in the pathway of the tornado. Eastward the storm swept, cutting its way through another strip of woods, striking the Second Presbyterian Church at the corner of Avenue H and Fifteenth street, almost demolishing the structure. The pews were piled on the top of the debris, a small oak table which was used in the rostrum being deposited on the topmost point of the wreckage.

The storm then struck the more thickly settled residence portion of the city, and its work of destruction increased. It left the two blocks bounded by Eighteenth and Twentieth streets and Humbolt and Avenue H a total wreck. With a few exceptions all of the houses in that territory were buried to the ground and the scene now presented is one of complete desolation.

A Sad Fatality.

One of the saddest fatalities of the day was the death of the little 4-year-old child of B. B. Hudson, near Nineteenth street and Humbolt avenue. Mrs. Hudson, accompanied by another child, had gone to the city at the time of the storm, leaving the younger child at home with the negro cook. Both were killed among the falling timbers of the house.

In crossing Twentieth street the terrific wind snapped the big poles of the Bell Telephone Campany as if they were pipe stems, and they fell to the street below taking heavy cables with them, and seriously impairing the telephone communication for a large section of the South Highlands. This fact prevented the anxious head of many a family living in that district from communicating with their home, and the consequence was that great numbers of distracted husbands and fathers were soon hurrying to the Highlands to see what misfortune, if any, had happened to their loved ones.

The wind here seemed to veer upward and for a space of a block did but little damage.

Destruction on Brown's Hill.

Brown's Hill lay in the path of the storm, and within two or three blocks nearly a hundred houses were demolished and several lives lost and a number of persons more or less seriously injured. The houses in that part of town were mostly one-story cottages and went down with the first gust of wind, burying their occupants under the wreckage. In its eccentric course the tornado seemed to strike that section with renewed force. A great many of these cottages were owned by their occupants, who lost everything in the world they possessed when their houses and their furniture were destroyed.

At Avondale.

After leaving Birmingham the storm struck Avondale at the extreme southern end, and fortunately did not pass through a very populous district. The residents of Faggot's Hill were the principal sufferers, though there were no deaths reported. Those injured were Miller Harbin, Mrs. Harbin and child, Mr. Flynn, Mrs. J. J. Hendon, Miss Jennie Sheldon, Mrs. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. Lowery, and others—less several injured.

There were about twelve houses destroyed, and the property damage is estimated at about $5,000.

Storm Visits Pratt City.

Pratt City, March 25.—Pratt City was visited this morning by the most serious and destructive cyclone in its history. About 7:15 o'clock dark and heavy clouds were seen scudding across the heavens from the southwest, and a few minutes later a rumbling, roaring sound heralded the approach of a most terrific storm. The first thing it struck in its path was the tipple and houses of mine No. 6. In a minute's time they were swept to destruction, so crippling the mine that it had to suspend operations. Thence in a northeasterly direction, it struck the West Highlands of Pratt City, and a three-room house was lifted off its pillars and set on the ground. It then demolished the colored church in that vicinity, leaving not a "stone upon a stone."

The cyclone seems here to have skipped about a half mile of a thickly populated locality, and descending in the heart of the city, blew the steeple off the Southern Methodist church, and otherwise so seriously injuring it that it is considered a total loss, and will have to be rebuilt anew; tore the roof from the new high school building; uncovered one mileon, I. Benfeld's dry goods store, the Birmingham Southern depot and T. C. I. colliery; jumped the north side of First street, and alighting on the drift track, wrecked innumerable negro houses and left desolation in its wake. There is one negro reported dead and another negro injured. Nearly every church in town was damaged. Besides the Southern Methodist, which was so badly wrecked, the First Presbyterian was twisted nearly off its pillars; St. James A. M. E. church lost its steeple Rising Star Baptist church was badly injured; and three other colored churches on the drift track were more or less seriously damaged. The loss will run up into the thousands.

At Irondale.

After leaving Gate City, the storm struck Irondale, a mile or two farther on, shortly after 10 o'clock, and very nearly demolished that prosperous little town. There were four killed, and the total property damage is estimated at about $18,000.

The dead are George Gardner and three unknown negro children.

PORTO RICANS NEED CASH.

Business Men and Farmers of Island Anxious to Secure a Loan.

The chamber of commerce of San Juan has called a mass meeting of the principal planters, bankers, agriculturists and merchants with a view to agreeing upon some feasible plan for the relief of financial depression. The outcome of the meeting will probably be a petition to Governor Allen to call an extra session of the legislature and to authorize a loan of from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 for the benefit of agriculture.

Merciful to Drunkards.

Police Judge L. W. Wachenheimer, of Toledo, Ohio, has decided that drunkenness is a disease and not a crime. Prisoners charged with that offense appearing before him are discharged and the costs remitted.

Many Kansas Women Will Vote.

The heaviest registration of women on record in Kansas has been recorded for the spring election. At most places the issue is "wet" and "dry" and a lively contest is expected.

STEAMSHIP RUNS ON ROCKS.

The Styria, Cotton Laden, Strikes a Reef Off Florida Coast.

The steamship Styria, cotton laden, from New Orleans to Trieste and Vienna, went on the rocks Friday at French reef, forty miles south of Miami, Fla. It is reported that she is bilged. Word was sent to Key West for pumps and wreckers went immediately to the scene.

Regiments Start For Home.

A Manila special says: The United States army transport Grant sailed for San Francisco Saturday with the Twenty-eight and Thirty-second infantry volunteers.

CUBAN MAIL RATES.

After April 1st Domestic Postage and Classification Will Be Effective.

Postmaster General Smith, in accordance with a decision arrived at by the cabinet has issued the following order:

Postmasters are informed that on and after April 1, next, the United States domestic rates of postage and classification shall apply to all mail matter passing between the United States and Cuba. Notices of this change should be displayed in postoffices' corridors and given to the public press when accepted as a news item.

MARTIAL LAW IN MARSEILLES.

Troops Are Necessary to Hold Great Army of Strikers in Check.

Advices from Marseilles, France, state that the center of the town is occupied by troops. Detachments of cavalry patrol the chief thoroughfares and the infantry guard various points and is massed at the docks, where 1,200 dock laborers are working.

All gathering of strikers are immediately dispersed. The few hacks and street cars running are strongly protected by gendarmes.

The number of strikers of other trades in sympathy with the dock laborers has increased.

Selling Their Cotton.

The planters in Madison county who have been holding their cotton for an increase in price to 10 cents, have apparently abandoned hope of getting higher prices, and are selling their cotton at below 8 cents. The number of bales received at Huntsville during the past week shows a corresponding sharp increase over the number received during four preceding weeks. The Madison county planters are preparing to plant a large acreage in cotton.

A Missouri man has invented a self-feeding furnace. Now, if he can only devise some means of furnishing the coal with which to feed the furnace, without cost to the owner, he will have achieved a reputation through the dim vistas of time, even into eternity.

EXPEDITION IS OFF TO GET AGUINALDO

General Funston May Capture Insurgent Leader.

HIS HIDING PLACE IS REVEALED

Kansan Starts Out On Perilous Undertaking With Small Party of Picked Men and Scouts.

A Manila special says: General Funston is now engaged in a daring project which promises to be the greatest and most romantic achievement of his eventful career.

In January, from his hiding place in the province of Isabella, Aguinaldo wrote letters anathematizing the subchiefs who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. Later Aguinaldo ordered certain insurgent forces in southern Luzon to join him at a rendezvous in Isabella province. The rebel officer entrusted with these orders secretly negotiated with the Americans.

On securing necessary information, General Funston planned Aguinaldo's capture and with General MacArthur's authorization proceeded two weeks ago to make the attempt. General Funston, with Sergeant Major Harris, Captain Newton, of the Thirty-fourth infantry; Lieutenant Admire, of the Twenty-second infantry; Lieutenant Mitchell, of the Fortieth infantry; six veteran scouts and a company of native scouts, all picked men, embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg and were landed on a remote beach above Baler.

It was arranged that Aguinaldo's emissary with the native scouts should pass themselves off as insurgent troops, who, having captured General Funston and others were taking them as prisoners to Aguinaldo. At the right time, when brought before Aguinaldo, General Funston was to give a signal, when the tables were to be turned and Aguinaldo was to be seized.

Six days' march into the interior was contemplated. Treachery was considered possible, but every precaution was taken. The troops in New Vizcaya and New Ecija and the gunboats Vicksburg and Albany were to co-operate with General Funston's force.

SO MANY TROOPS NOT NEEDED.

It was stated at the war department Saturday that if the favorable conditions of the past continue the number of troops necessary in the Philippines will not be as great as has been anticipated. This view of the case will not cause any cessation in enlistments, nor will any determination be reached until full and accurate information has been received from Manila.

A special to the New York Press from Washington says:

Advices from the Philippines are so encouraging for peace that the war department is considering the advisability of reducing the garrisons in the archipelago. The reorganized army will be recruited to full strength of 100,000 men, but it is believed that future requirements will not compel the administration to maintain this maximum.

About 30,000 regulars will be entitled to their discharges in the current year. It is proposed to let these soldiers return to their homes and fill their places. Thus the army can be reduced to 70,000 men in a perfectly natural way without interfering with its discipline of effectiveness.

CONVENTION SEEMS CERTAIN.

Tennessee May Have Chance to Adopt New State Charter.

A Nashville dispatch says: The advocates of a constitutional convention were temporarily discomfited a few days ago by the killing of a bill which provided for the calling of a convention to draft a new state charter.

The advocates were undaunted, however, and have been zealously at work to induce the Democrats to champion the measure.

Their efforts were rewarded Friday by the action of the joint caucus in voting to support a bill providing for the submission of the question to the electorate.

There were sufficient votes in the caucus to insure the passage of such a bill by the legislature.

A Miner Killed.

R. M. McDonald, a white miner, was killed at Blossburg Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock, being run over by a train on the Southern railroad. McDonald was walking along the track and the train which killed him backed upon him. He was horribly mutilated, both legs and both arms being cut off and his head mashed.

A Tuscaloosa dispatch says that capitalists who have been in that city several days for the purpose of investigating Tuscaloosa as a suitable location for a box factory, have decided to locate there, and establish such an enterprise.

Dr. Laird Declines.

The congregation of the Broad Street Presbyterian church, Selma, was much disappointed Saturday morning when a letter came from Rev. W. R. Laird, of Danville, Va., declining the call to the pastorate of the Selma church. A suitable successor to the beloved Dr. Cecil, who has gone to Richmond, Va., has been hard to secure and when Dr. Laird was found it was universally agreed that the right man had been selected.

A REMARKABLE AMERICAN.

A Busy Doctor, Who Raised Public Works.

The late Dr. William Pepper of Philadelphia is the subject of a biographical sketch contributed to the Cosmopolitan by Francis Newton Thorpe, which reveals a character and career long known throughout America.

In Philadelphia a bronze statue was unveiled, December 20, 189[illegible], to the memory of William Pepper [illegible] amid the creations of his genius marks the culmination of his work. Thirty years ago this was a plowed field, part of the farm. Today it overlooks the [illegible] some 25 in number, of the [illegible] of Pennsylvania, the academy of about 3000 students and [illegible] nothing is the University hospital, Free Museum of Science and [illegible] the permanent buildings of the Philadelphia Commercial museum.

Dr. Pepper was the son of a physician the celebrated "elder Pepper," he is called, to distinguish him from his son. The father pursued medical studies together with Wendell Holmes in Paris. American students rarely were [illegible]. On his return to Philadelphia he became professor of the [illegible] practice of medicine in the [illegible] acquired an extensive practice [illegible] died in 1864, at the early age [illegible] few months before the father [illegible] the son was graduated in medicine [illegible] the University of Pennsylvania.

Great physicians are rare [illegible] Is the man who also is at the same time equally great as man [illegible] as educator, and as public [illegible]. Such a man the son became. [illegible] at the age of 27, he [illegible] University hospital, and [illegible] out to raise an endowment [illegible] $750,000. In less than four [illegible] secured more than half a million [illegible] including two appropriations [illegible] each from the legislature. The hospital was formally opened in [illegible] creation was necessitated by the removal of the university from its site, where the postoffice now stands. No such task had before been [illegible] by a citizen of Philadelphia and [illegible] performance gave Dr. Pepper [illegible] among the first men of the city. At some 30 years of action his public account stood something like [illegible].

Institutions founded: the University hospital, the Commercial museum and the Philadelphia free library. Institutions re-organized and improved: the improvement of the city water supply, and an entire change in the attitude of the public mind toward education and the ideals of life. To carry out these plans, Dr. Pepper raised above $10,000,000 and secured about 100 acres of land from the municipality, lying near the heart of Philadelphia. To the execution of this task he gave the service of one of the most acute and at the same time most practical minds ever vouchsafed to man. To this service of his genius he added the personal gift of nearly half a million dollars, which he earned in the practice of an exacting profession. It may be doubted whether any other American has run a like career.

His sudden death, of angina pectoris, at Pleasantown, Cal., August 26, 189[illegible], occurred just as he had completed the first week of his 56th year. He had sought rest and health too late. His physicians said of him that at least he had the heart of a man of 50. He had literally worked himself out. A brave man, endowed with genius, a unique man, delicately aggressive, incapable of wronging his fellows, inspired with lofty ideals for the health, welfare, and happiness of his fellow men, and treating little minds as loving parents treat mischievous children—this man had gone, and left behind him, as Disraeli said of the Great Duke, "the contemplation of a character."

Secreting Money.

An Englishman at home carries his money in his right hand trousers pocket, gold, silver and coppers all mixed up together.

The American usually carries a wad of bills in a pocketbook, the long narrow ones in which the bills lie straight being the most characteristic.

The Frenchman uses a plain leather purse.

The German prefers an embroidered and beaded silk affair, the gift of some Gretchen.

The South American capitalist carries his money snugly in a money belt.

The Italian of the poorer classes ties his small fortune in a brightly colored bandanna, which he secretes about his person in some mysterious manner.

The Russian feels more secure when he has his money tucked away in his boots or perhaps in the lining of his clothes.

An Old New England Custom.

We know from Shakespeare's plays that the different roomsin English inns had names. This was also the custom in New England. The star chamber, rose and sun chamber, blue chamber, Jerusalem chamber, were some of these. Many taverns of revolutionary days and some of colonial times are still standing. A few have even been taverns since first built; others have served many other uses. A well-preserved old house, built in 1690 in Salisbury, Mass., was originally known as the Red Horse tavern, but has acquired greater fame as the Wayside Inn of Longfellow's Tales. Its tap room, with raftered ceiling and cage-like bar with swinging gate, is a picturesque room, and is one of the few old tap rooms left unaltered in New England.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Row Man Makes Brief Visit to Land of Flowers.

THE TRIP WAS A PLEASANT CHANGE

Returns Home and Ruminates Over the Royal Treatment Received at the Hands of the Floridians.

I had a pleasant visit to Florida, and have just returned. The railroads make it so easy for you now that everybody and everybody's wife can travel if he has the money. I left home one morning after early breakfast, and was in Jacksonville that night to supper with my son and his family, 415 miles in the direct route, and traveled over parts of three states. It was a daylight trip and I had opportunity to notice the changes that latitude makes in vegetation. The route to Florida is a star line from Atlanta and the west. It includes the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, the Western and Atlantic, the Central of Georgia, the Georgia and Florida Southern to Valdosta and the Atlantic, Valdosta and Western to Jacksonville, the prettiest, cleanest and best regulated city in the south.

All of them first-class roads, with Pullman cars and dining cars and sleepers that run all the way through. They don't even tarry at Jacksonville but keep on and on to the jumping off place, if you wish to go there. That new road between Jacksonville and Valdosta has made this speed and comfort possible, for it has done away with the elbows at Tifton and Way[illegible]. The great Plant system has no[illegible] two after you get on it, but it is a long ways from Atlanta and the west. The new road was just what our people wanted. It is first class in all respects, and makes its 110 miles in less than three hours. I like these bright Florida railroads, they don't shake you about like our roads [illegible] the mountains, and they just glide along like a snake in the grass. These mountain roads swing an oil [illegible] around the curves and strain his back and loins and diaphragm and [illegible] and make him sore and stiff two or three days after he gets [illegible]. I can hardly navigate now, but yet my wife wants me to plant lettuce and beans and okra and [illegible] among the roses right away. Before all this, the cook has quit, and I got to get up by sunrise and fire the stove and put on the coffee and [illegible] and then call her to get up and [illegible] the rest of the breakfast. I used to make the biscuits, but I have struck oil; I don't believe that a man's [illegible] old horny hands were intended to mix up flour and milk and lard in [illegible] dough.

My old friend Judge Hillyer and Judge Underwood were once walking along a side street in New York, and as they passed a bakery they saw the bakers through the [illegible], and they were treading dough in long troughs with their feet. Judge Hillyer said: "Do you reckon their feet are clean?" "Well, yes," Underwood, "I reckon they are this time; they have been treading dough while." But I don't care a [illegible] about the cook quitting. I believe in self-maintenance. I believe every household should be raised to their own work when it is necessary—and I am proud to say that my wife and my children have never had a cook to stay against her will. [illegible] are easy; let her go and rest if she wants to. The fact is, it suits me very well, for the cooking is better the things are cleaner and it saves money—we get along on less victuals [illegible] can dine out with our children [illegible] day or two. We can use bakers' bread and make toast and bake Irish potatoes and fry eggs and get along without a cook.

But I was thinking about Florida—Florida that Ponce de Leon found [illegible] years before the Pilgrims found [illegible] South or John Smith found Jamestown. Fair Florida—the Eldorado of the continent. It has been hidden all these years, but has been found. Never saw the like of northern tourists at the hotels at Jacksonville are [illegible], it takes several columns of their papers to give their names. The men are fairly good-looking, but the women look tired and prematurely old. Northern women cannot compare with southern women in beauty and refinement of manners. I have known this for fifty years. They have to work too hard; poor things, I [illegible] for them. They have got [illegible] but money.

I walked round the St. James and Windsor and never saw a beautiful woman; they are masculine and [illegible], and not an angel among them. New England or New York or any of the cold, icy states won't produce fairies or sylphs or angelic creatures. They have to come as far south as Philadelphia and Baltimore to find a beautiful woman, and they are scarce there. You don't find them in [illegible] until you get down to Charleston and Savannah. Down here where they are nearly all good-looking graceful and, as David Harum [illegible], are coupled well and stand up on their pasture joints and [illegible] like a deer. This is their fortune, not only from heredity but climate, but because our men are chivalric to their wives and sisters and do not work them so [illegible].

A recent number of a New York paper gave our long-haired philanthropists fearfully in earnest about the poor negroes, but you never hear them regulating the toil of a woman in a retail store. She rises at

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My old friend Judge Hillyer and old Judge Underwood were once walking along a side street in New York, and as they passed a bakery they saw the bakers through the windows, and they were treading dough in the long troughs with their feet. Judge Hillyer said: "Do you reckon their feet are clean?" "Well, yes," said Underwood, "I reckon they are this time; they have been treading dough while." But I don't care a bit about the cook quitting. I believe in self maintenance. I believe that every household should be raised to do their own work when it is necessary, and I am proud to say that my wife and my children have never begged a cook to stay against her will. Honors are easy; let her go and rest if she wants to. The fact is, it suits me pretty well, for the cooking is better and the things are cleaner and it saves money. We get along on less victuals and can dine out with our children every day or two. We can use bakers' bread and make toast and bake Irish potatoes and fry eggs and get along like without a cook.

But I was thinking about Florida—for Florida is that Ponce de Leon found 400 years before the Pilgrims found Plymouth or John Smith found Jamestown. Fair Florida—the Eldorado of this continent. It has been hidden all these years, but has been found. Never saw the like of northern tourists, the hotels at Jacksonville are full, it takes several columns of their papers to give their names. The men are fairly good-looking, but the women look tired and prematurely old. Northern women do not compare with southern women in beauty and refinement of manners. I have been to this for fifty years. They have to work too hard; poor things, I am sorry for them. They have got no money.

I was around the St. James and Duval and never saw a beautiful woman. They are masculine and have an angel among them. In New York or any of the northern states won't produce such angelic creatures. You have to come as far south as Louisville and Baltimore to find a beautiful woman, and they are scarce there. You don't find them in Atlanta and Savannah. Down here where they are nearly all good-looking and graceful and, as David Harum said, are coupled well and stand up square on their pasture joints and look like a deer. This is their inherited formation, not only from heredity and climate, but because our men are more chivalric to their wives and daughters and do not work them so hard.

A recent number of a New York paper says our long-haired philanthropists are fearfully in earnest about the southern negroes, but you never hear them regulating the toil of a woman work in a retail store. She rises at 5 o'clock every morning, cooks her own breakfast and spends a nickel for car fare; she attends to all receipts and shipments, she keeps the books and balances the cash; she is not allowed one second for luncheon, and never eats in the middle of the day. She does not go home till after 7 and on Saturday nights till after 12 o'clock. Her salary is $7 a week. She is bright and interesting, and of good family. For her $7 a week she labors never less than ninety and often one hundred hours, and this is about 8 cents an hour. There is no hope for this girl except in matrimony, and the right man will not find her.

And yet these northern philanthropists will skip over them all and, like Ogden & Co., make a tour down south to see how the negro is getting on—the best contented race upon the earth.

From Jacksonville I dropped down to High Springs, where the good ladies of the New Century Club were calling me. I had a delightful time—an ovation of young maids and matrons and old veterans whose gray hairs and care-worn faces reminded me of the passing years and the passing of the old soldiers of the confederacy. These veterans will soon all be gone, for—

"Time cuts down all,
Both great and small,
Except a pensioned soldier;
They do not die,
But multiply
As fast as they grow older."

We have but 70,000 left now, all told; but they have nearly a million up north on the pension rolls.

High Springs is on a boom of improvement. The Plant system has its largest hospital there, and its most extensive shops, except those in Savannah. Everybody is busy and everybody seems contented and happy. I was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gracy, whose beautiful home and lovely little children made me feel at home. Wherever I find little children I have no fear, and I do as I please, and eat with my knife and drink coffee out of my saucer if I want to. The good-looking mayor was selected to introduce me to the audience, but not being used to such performances, forget his little speech and began with, "Now I lay me down to sleep," and so they had to get the preacher to take his place. I shall not soon forget the kindness of those good people of High Springs, and especially the cordial greeting I received from the twenty-one ladies of the New Century club. The Scriptures tell us that the time will come when seven women shall lay hold of one man, but I was captured by three times seven and maintained myself well considering my antiquity.
—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

Plans have been drawn for a Chicago riding academy, to cost $100,000.

Yale athletes have begun their outdoor work for this season in earnest.

Four days of the Pan-American Exposition in August will be given to contests between Irish athletes.

Mr. Alexander Winton will attempt the journey from San Francisco to New York City in an automobile.

Thomas W. Lawson has offered $500 in prizes, $100 each in five classes, for the Dog Show in Boston in April.

Harvard and Yale have challenged Oxford and Cambridge to athletic competitions at New York City in July.

Members of the cycle trade have decided to encourage contests on the track by the employment of racing teams.

The United States National Lawn Tennis Association has accepted the English challenge for an international match in August.

"Scrappy" Joyce and Pat Tebeau declare emphatically that they will never play baseball again or even become interested in a club.

Plans are progressing for automobile tours and races to the Pan-American Exposition from Chicago, Cleveland and other Western cities.

Amos Rusie, the baseball pitcher, who for two years has been out of the game, has signed a contract to play with the Cincinnati team this season.

Sir Thomas Lipton has decided to bring across the ocean next summer both the Shamrocks, and he will try to race them for a month before the Cup contests.

Marksmen of Illinois are willing to pay a license on guns if the State will give the money to the game warden and authorize him to use it in enforcing the game laws. Indiana and Iowa will receive the same proposition.

In a thorough "Beetles" spirit Rudyard Kipling tackles the evils of British railroad traffic in the Fortnightly Review. His irritation at many old crusted abuses, the unpunctual trains, the overcrowded carriages, the confusion at stations and the maddening time tables is expressed in the form of an Arabian Nights tale. He suggests first that every one who has a grievance against the railroad management should write to each director personally and keep on writing till the directors become distracted. Next he proposes that billboards be erected by the side of the tracks and covered with sarcastic placards in large letters and, finally, that when by accident a train arrives on time the public should overwhelm the company with mock applause. It is an amusing bit of fooling.

Clarence Mackay has ordered in Paris a $17,000 automobile "to beat anything in America." American inventors and manufacturers may have something to say about this.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Good Influences—The Mission of the "Writer's Inkhorn"—How It Makes For the World's Betterment—The Inkstand of the World's Evangelization.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In a new way and from a peculiar text Dr. Talmage discourses of good influences brought to bear for the world's improvement. The text is Ezekiel ix. 2, "And one man among them was clothed with linen, with a writer's inkhorn by his side."

The poem from which my text is taken is epic, lyric, dramatic, weird and overpowering. It is more than Homeric or Dantesque. No one ever had such divine dreams as Ezekiel. In a vision this prophet had seen wrathful angels, destroying angels, each with a sword, but in my text he sees a merciful angel with an inkhorn. The receptacle for the ink in olden time was made out of the horn of a cow or a ram or a roebuck, as now it is made out of metal or glass, and therefore was called the inkhorn, as now we say inkstand. We have all spoken of the power of the sword, of the power of wealth, of the power of office, of the power of social influence, but to-day I speak of the power for good or evil in the inkstand. It is upon your tables, holding a black or blue or red liquid. It is a fortress, an armory, a gateway, a ransom or a demolition. "You mistake," says some one. "It is the pen that has the power." No, my friend. What is the influence of a dry pen? Pass it up and down a sheet of paper, and it leaves no mark. It expresses no opinion. It gives no warning. It spreads no intelligence. It is the liquid which the pen dips out of the inkstand that does the work. Here and there a celebrated pen, with which a Declaration of Independence or a Magna Charta or a treaty was signed has been kept in literary museum or national archives, but for the most part the pens, whether, as of old, made out of reed or later of wing of bird or still later of metallic substance, have disappeared, while the liquid which the pens took from the inkstand remains in scroll, which, if put together, would be large enough to enwrap the round world. For practical, for moral, for religious, for eternal purposes, I speak of the mission of "the writer's inkhorn."

First, I mention that which is purely domestic. The inkstand is in every household. It awaits the opportunity to express affection or condolence or advice. Father uses it; mother uses it; the sons and daughters use it. It tells the home news; it announces the marriage, the birth, the departure, the accident, the last sickness, the death. That home inkstand what a mission it has already executed, and what other missions will it yet fulfill! May it stand off from all insincerity and all querulousness. Let it tell only that which it would be well to read after the hand that wrote it and the hand that received it can write no more. Dip out of that inkstand only that which is paternal, maternal, final, sisterly, brotherly. Sacred let it be, not to what are sometimes called the "household gods," but to the one and the only God who "setteth the solitary in families." Dip out of it solace for parents on the descending grade of years and encouragement for those who are climbing the steeps.

The carvers and glass blowers are ever busy making more ornate and skillful bowls for the ink, but not one of them will be so sacred as the old fashioned inkstand out of which was dipped the liquid for the making of the family record on the blank leaves in the Bible between the Old and the New Testaments, not so many leaves now blank as before recent years made birthday or mortuary insertions. From that home inkstand the child dips out material for those large and awkward letters that one always makes when learning to write, and from it are taken the trembling letters that show the wrinkled hand is gradually forgetting its cunning.

Oh, ye who have with recent years set homes of your own, out of the new home inkstand write often to the old folks, if they be still living. A letter means more to them than to us, who are amid the activities of life and to whom postal correspondence is more than we can manage. They await the coming of the letter. Undertake no great thing in life without their advice. Old people for counsel; young people for action. Even though through decadence they may be incompetent to give valuable opinions on important affairs, compliment them by asking their counsel. It will do them good; it will make their last days exhilarant. Make that home inkstand a source of rejuvenescence to those who are near the terminus of the earthly journey. Domestic correspondence is not attended to at once. The newspaper, joining with the telegraph, bears the tidings of all the neighborhood, but swiftest revolving wheel of modern printing press and quickest flash along the electric wires can never do the sympathetic work of the home inkstand. As the merciful angel of my text appeared before the brazen altar with the inkhorn at his side in Ezekiel's vision, so let the angel of filial kindness appear at the altars of the old homestead.

Furthermore, the inkstand of the business man has its mission. Between now and the hour of your demise, O commercial man, O professional man, there will not be a day when you cannot dip from the inkhorn a message that will influence temporal and eternal destiny. There is a rash young man running into wild speculation, and with as much ink as you can put on the pen at one time you may save him from the Niagara rapids of a ruined life. On the next street there is a young man started in business who through lack of patronage or mistake in purchase of goods or want of adaptation is on the brink of collapse. One line of ink from your pen will save him from being an underling all his life and start him on a career that will win him a fortune which will enable him to become an endower of libraries, an opener of art galleries and builder of churches.

The most largely successful and useful men of our time once wore an old coat because they could not afford a new one, and got wages less than that which they pay their cook or butler. It will be a mighty thing if out of your inkstand you can dip a man's earthly and everlasting fortune. Dip out of that inkstand not one word of disheartenment. People have enough burdens to carry without your adding one ounce to the heft. From your inkstand put not one blot on an honest ambition. Keep all the whole of your factory spinning rays of sunshine. If you are a Christian man, put into your business letters an adroit, moral, religious suggestion that will keep the receiver thinking after he has left the counting room for his home and far on into the night when he lies upon a wakeful pillow. To-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, as you begin to answer your letters, you will have on the nib of your pen enough ink to save a soul from death and hide a multitude of sins.

Furthermore, great are the responsibilities of the author's inkhorn. All the people, or nearly all the people, read, and that which they read decides their morals or immorals, their prosperity or failure, their faith or their unbelief, their purity or corruption, their heaven or hell. Show me any man's library, great or small, and after examining the books, finding those with leaves uncut, but displayed for sake of the binding, and those worn with frequent perusal, and without ever seeing the man or knowing his name, I will tell you his likes and his dislikes, his morals, good or bad or indifferent, his qualifications for business or artistic or professional or mechanical life. The best index to any man's character is the book he prefers above all others. Oh, the power of a book for good or evil!

Abraham Lincoln in early life read Paine's "Age of Reason," and it so influenced him that he wrote an essay against Christianity. But afterward some Christian books came into his hands and gloriously changed his mind and made him a most ardent friend of the Bible and a man of prayer. A letter in Mr. Lincoln's own handwriting is in my house, the letter in response to some resolutions passed by a Methodist conference, saying: "In response to your address allow me to attest the accuracy of its historical statements, indorse the sentiments it expresses and thank you in the nation's name for the core promise it gives. Nobly sustained as the Government has been by all the churches, I would utter nothing which might in the least appear invidious against any. Yet without this it may fairly be said that the Methodist Episcopal Church, not less devoted than the best, is by its great numbers the most important of all. It is no fault in others that the Methodist church sends more soldiers to the field, more nurses to the hospital and more prayers to heaven than any. God bless the Methodist church, bless all the churches, and blessed be God, who in this, our great trial, giveth us the churches."

What a great thing it was that the Christian books which Mr. Lincoln read obliterated from his mind the infidel literature! William Carey became a missionary by reading "The Voyages of Captain Cook." John Wesley's life was shaped by reading Jeremy Taylor's "Holy Living and Dying." There are books in your library or lying on your parlor table or secreted in some place by your child that will decide for two worlds, this and the next, the character of its reader.

When a bad book is printed, you do well to blame the publisher, but most of all blame the author. The malaria rose from his inkstand; the poison that caused the moral or spiritual death dropped in the fluid from the tin of his pen. The manufacturer of that ink could tell you that it is made of tannin and salt of iron and nut galls and green vitriol, but many an author has dipped from his inkstand hypercriticism and malevolence and slander and salaciousness, as from a fountain of death.

Among the most important are the editorial and reportorial inkstands. The thick ink on the printer's roller is different from the ink into which the writer dips his pen and is compounded of linseed oil and lampblack and made thick by boiling or burning. But the editorial and reportorial pens are responsible for that which the printer's ink roller impresses upon the flying sheets. Where one man reads a book, 500 men read a newspaper. What change of opinion in regard to the printing press since the day when the great Addison wrote concerning it, "One cannot but be sorry that such a pernicious machine is erected among them," and when, under the reign of Charles II., only one newspaper, the London Gazette, was allowed to be printed, and that only on Mondays and Thursdays! Not until the judgment day, when the forces which have influenced the world shall be compared and announced, will be known the power of the modern newspaper.

Thomas Guthrie dipped into it and brought up "The Gospel In Ezekiel." John Cumming dipped into it and brought up "The Apocalypse." Oh! the opulence of Christian literature! Oh, the mighty streams of evangelistic power that have poured from the writer's inkhorn that appeared in Ezekiel's vision!

While you recognize the distinguished ones who have dipped into the inkstand of the world's evangelization do not forget that there are hundreds of thousands of unknown men and women who are engaged in inconspicuous ways doing the same thing. How many anxious mothers writing to the boys in town! How many sisters writing encouragement to brothers far away! How many invalids bolstered up in bed, the inkhorn on the stand at their side, writing letters of condolence to those worse off than themselves! They are flying all the time kind words, gospel words, helpful words, saving words.

Call the evangelistic inkhorn into service in the early morning, when you feel well, and you are grateful for the protection during your sleeping hours, and write before you retire at close of day to those who all night long will be saying, "Would to God it were morning!" How many bruised and disappointed and wronged souls of earth would be glad to get a letter from you! Stir up that consolatory inkhorn.

All Christendom has been waiting for great revivals of religion to start from the pulpit and prayer meetings. I now suggest that the greatest revival of all time may start from a concerted and organized movement through the inkhorns of all Christendom, each writer dipping from the inkhorn nearest him a letter of gospel invitation, gospel hope, gospel warning, gospel instruction. The ink is all ready on a hundred thousand tables, and beside it are the implements with which to dip it out. Why not through such process have millions of souls brought to God before next summer? By letter you could make the invitation more effective than by word of mouth. The invitation from your lips may be argued back, may evoke querulous reply, may be answered by a joke, but a good, warm, gospel letter, written in prayer, and started with prayer, and followed by prayer, will be read over and over again and cannot be answered in a frivolous way.

Within arm's reach of where you sit there may be a fluid that you may put on wing with message of light and love. Oh, for the swift flying angel of mercy which Ezekiel saw in vision "with a writer's inkhorn by his side."

The other angels spoken of in my text were destroying angels, and each had what the Bible calls a "slaughter weapon" in his hand. It was a lance or a battleax or a sword. God hasten the time when the last lance shall be shivered, and the last battleax dulled, and the last sword sheathed, and the angel of the text, who Matthew Henry says was the Lord Jesus Christ, shall from the full inkhorn of His mercy give a saving call to all nations. That day may be far off, but it is helpful to think of its coming.

As Dr. Raleigh declared that when thirty-six miles at sea off the coast of New England the cattle on board the ship as well as himself scented the clover on the New England hills, so we amid all the tossing waves of the world's controversies inhale the redolence of the white lilies of universal peace.

If our Bible is true—and no other book that was ever printed is as true as that book, which Moses began and John finished—then the time will come when all the weapons of cruelty will stop, and the inkhorns of evangelization will have their way. In the museums of the world the carbine and the cannon and the bomb will be kept as curiosities, and children will be incredulous as parents tell them that civilized nations once employed such instruments of death, and more incredulous when told by their parents that the army that killed the most men was considered the most glorious army. The red horse of carnage that St. John saw in vision and the black horse of famine and the pale horse of death will be stabled, and the white horse of prosperity and peace mounted by the King of Kings, will lead the great army with banners. Through the convicting, converting, sanctifying power of the Eternal Spirit may we all march in that procession! Hail, thou Mighty Rider of the white horse in the final triumph! Sweep down and sweep by, thou Angel of the New Covenant, with the inkhorn of the world's evangelization! "The mountains and the hills shall break forth into singing, and all the trees of the field shall clap their hands. Instead of the thorn shall come up the fir tree, and instead of the brier shall come up the myrtle tree, and it shall be to the Lord for a name, for an everlasting sign that shall not be cut off."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MARCH 31.

Review of the First Quarter, Isaiah liii. 1-12 — Golden Text, He is Despised and Rejected of Men, Isaiah liii., 3—Summary of the Twelve Lessons.

Introduction.—The lessons this quarter embrace but six days in the life of Christ; from Saturday evening, April 1, when He was anointed by Mary at Simon's house, to Friday afternoon, April 7, when He died on the cross and was buried by Joseph. But what great and stirring events have occurred in that short space of time!

Lesson 1. Topic: Honoring Christ. Place: Bethany. It is six days before the Passover, and Jesus is at the house of Simon, the leper. While sitting at meat Mary anoints the head and feet of Christ, using a pound of very precious ointment, valued at about $50. The disciples are indignant, and think it should have been sold and given to the poor. Jesus rebukes them, and commends the woman very highly. Judas agrees to betray Jesus for thirty pieces of silver, or $16.96.

2. Topic: Christ announced as King. Place: Jerusalem. Jesus and His disciples journeying toward Jerusalem; two disciples sent to Bethphage to secure a colt; the colt is brought to Jesus; the disciples spread their garments on the animal and set Jesus thereon; the prophecy in Zech. 9: 9 is fulfilled; a great multitude shout "Hosanna!" and spread garments and strew branches in the way; Jesus cleanses the temple; children praise Him.

3. Topic: Christ confirming the faith of the Gentiles. Place: Jerusalem. The Greeks at the Passover desire to see Jesus. Andrew and Philip tell Jesus; Jesus teaches the people; tells of His death and the glory to follow. As a grain of wheat must die before it bears fruit, so Christ must die in order to save the world. Christ is troubled in soul; God spake from heaven.

4. Topic: The great commandment. Place: Jerusalem. Jesus still in the temple. The Herodians, Sadducees and Pharisees ask Him hard questions, testing Him. All are silenced. The great commandment is given by Christ. We should love God supremely. Sin, the world and the self life must all be renounced. We should love our neighbor. Christ questions the Pharisees: How is Christ both the son of David and also David's Lord?

5. Topic: The duty of watching. Place: Mount of Olives. The subjects of Christ's kingdom are likened to ten virgins. Christ is the Bridegroom, and the oil represents the grace of God. The foolish virgins had the lamp of profession, but lacked oil—true spiritual life. They endeavored to make good their preparation at the last moment, but it was too late. The wise are the true Christians who not only had a profession, but the love of God in the soul.

6. Topic: The duty and reward of faithfulness. Place: Mount of Olives. The talents are given and the master takes his journey. Two servants make a large gain, the third buries his talent. The master's return, though delayed, is certain. So Christ will surely come again. Two servants come to their master and bring the talents given them and as many more. They are commended and rewarded. The idle servant has no increase, but hard sayings and excuses. He is cast into outer darkness.

7. Topic: Christ our Passover. Place: Jerusalem. It was Thursday; Jesus sent Peter and John to Jerusalem to prepare the passover supper; they found a large upper room where they made ready; in the evening Jesus sat at the table with His disciples; He told them that one of them should betray Him; they were sorrowful and every one asked, "Lord, is it I?" Jesus said it would have been better for that man never to have been born; He then told Judas that He was the one; Judas left; Jesus eats His last supper with the remaining eleven.

8. Topic: The sufferings of Christ. Place: Gethsemane. Jesus and eleven disciples enter the garden; eight are left near the entrance; Peter, James and John go with Him into the garden. Jesus agonizes in prayer; His sweat is like blood; He prays for strength; an angel is sent; three times He asks His disciples to watch with Him; three times He finds them sleeping. We should watch and pray.

9. Topic: The arrest of Christ. Place: Gethsemane. It was in the middle of the night; Judas and a band of Roman soldiers came to arrest Jesus; they have torches and weapons. What a picture is Judas of a fallen human being! For years he had listened to the teachings of his Divine Master. He had seen the multitudes fed, sea calmed, and the dead raised. He could not help but know that Jesus was the Son of God; and yet, for a few paltry pieces of silver he enters the quiet retreat of the Saviour and covers His face with kisses as a sign to the officers that He is the one they are seeking. What hypocrisy! To what depths can a fallen man descend! Jesus shows Himself to them; they fall backwards to the ground; Jesus asks that His disciples be permitted to go their way; Peter cuts off the servant's ear; Jesus tells Peter to put up his sword, and heals the ear; Jesus arrested, bound and taken away.

10. Topic: The accusations against Christ. Place: The palace of Caiaphas. Jesus is sent from Annas to Caiaphas the high priest; Peter follows afar off and thrice denies the Saviour; the Sanhedrin is hastily summoned; false witnesses are sought and are found with difficulty; at last two testify that He said He could destroy the temple and build it in three days; Jesus is silent; Caiaphas asks Him if He is the Christ; Jesus replies that He is; Caiaphas rent his clothes; Jesus is condemned to death.

11. Topic: Pilate seeking to release Jesus. Place: Pilate's judgment hall. Jesus is taken to Pilate, the governor, who investigates the charges and finds them false; Jesus is sent to Herod, who finds no fault with Christ. Pilate calls the people together and desires to release Christ; they demand that He be crucified; three times Pilate urges His release; they demand the release of Barabbas, a murderer; Pilate yields; washes his hands.

12. Topic: Closing scenes in Christ's earthly life. Place: Mount Calvary. Christ on the cross; mocked by the soldiers; vinegar offered; the superscription; the two thieves crucified with Christ; one railed on Jesus, the other confessed his sins and asked to be remembered in Christ's kingdom; the prayer answered; darkness from 12 till 3 o'clock; Jesus cried with a loud voice and died; the centurion's testimony; Joseph begged the body of Jesus; wrapped It in linen and laid It in a new sepulchre.

At a meeting of the committee appointed at a mass meeting of citizens of Washington for the purpose of presenting Admiral Schley with a modest home, held tonight, it was reported that about $6,000 has been contributed to the fund. It is expected that by April 15th, $15,000 will have been raised, and this will be used to purchase a home in the suburbs of Washington to be presented to the admiral on his arrival in this country about April 20th.

ISLANDS PAID FOR.

Treasury Warrant For $100,000 Is Turned Over to Spanish Minister at Washington.

At Washington Saturday the Spanish minister, Duke D'Arcos received from Secretary Hay a treasury warrant for $100,000 and the United States received the final cession of "any and all islands in the Philippine archipelago lying outside of the line described in article 3 of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States of December 19, 1898."

At the same time a protocol was signed by Mr. Hay and Duke D'Arcos exchanging ratifications of the treaty of cession. The specific purpose of the transaction is to add the islands of Cagayan-Sulu and Sibitu to the possessions of the United States.

The ceremony attending the exchange of the ratifications and the payment of the $100,000 warrant was an interesting one. The Duke D'Arcos arrived at the state department by appointment at 10 o'clock. He had with him the Spanish version of the treaty, handsomely engrossed and bearing the signature of the queen regent of Spain and the Spanish royal seal.

Mr. Hay joined the minister in the diplomatic room. The officials long in charge of the execution of treaties and ratifications were called in. The American text of the treaty bearing the signature of President McKinley, was handed Mr. Hay and he in turn presented Duke D'Arcos with the ratification executed by President McKinley. The treaties in each case were handsomely bound, that of Spain being in red, with the royal arms in gold, while America's was bound in dark blue, bearing the national coat of arms. A brief protocol was then signed. It recited the formalities of ratification of the treaty signed at Washington November 7th, 1900, providing for the cession of any and all islands of the Philippine archipelago, etc.

The treasury warrant for $100,000 had been prepared in advance and was handed to the Spanish minister. There was an exchange of felicitations over the close of the transaction, and the Duke D'Arcos departed with his $100,000 warrant and the ratified treaty.

THE KOREA LAUNCHED.

Largest Steamer Ever Built on This Side Floated at Newport News.

The Pacific Mail liner Korea, the largest vessel ever built for the American merchant marine service, was launched at the yard of the Newport News, Va., Ship Building Company Saturday. A crowd of 20,000 people witnessed the event. Miss Katharine Winthrop Tweed, daughter of the president of the Pacific Mail Company, christened the Korea.

The Korea is the largest steam vessel ever built on this side of the Atlantic. With a length 572 feet 4 inches and a beam of 63 feet, she will displace 18,600 tons on a draught of 27 feet. Some idea of the size of the Korea may be derived from the fact that from the top to the bottom of the bare hull is a distance of forty feet, while the distance around the rail is nearly a quarter of a mile.

She is to be fitted with engines of 18,000 horse-power, sufficient to propel her at a speed of from 18 to 20 knots. The Korea will accommodate 1,400 passengers, of whom 200 will be first cabin passengers. She is designed for the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. to ply between San Francisco and Hong Kong.

Just as the Korea slipped down the ways, George Bannaster, a colored man among the employees gathered about the vessel, was struck by one of the falling props and received injuries from which he died within a few hours.

RESPONSIBILITY IS PLACED.

Blame of the Rio De Janeiro Wreck Laid on Captain and Pilot.

Captains O. F. Bolles and J. K. Bulger, United States inspectors of hulls and boilers, have handed down their decision at San Francisco on the responsibility for the wreck of the City of Rio De Janeiro February 22d at entrance of the Golden Gate. Their decision places the blame for the wreck upon the late Captain Ward and Pilot Jordan. The pilot being a state officer, is not under the jurisdiction of the United States inspectors and they have no power to punish him.

China Is Relenting.

A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette (Berlin) from Pekin, dated Thursday, March 21, says an imperial decree in accordance with article 10 of the peace conditions has been placarded on the walls of Pekin threatening all anti-foreign societies with punishment.

Big Blaze in Milwaukee.

Fire at Milwaukee Friday night completely wiped out the big piano establishment of William Boehling & Sons, on Broadway, and wrought further destruction to adjoining property, entailing a loss close to $300,000, fully covered by insurance.

A Washington dispatch dated March 23, says: It was stated at the war department today that if the favorable conditions of the past month continue, the number of troops necessary in the Philippines will not be as great as has been anticipated. This view of the case will not cause any cession in enlistments nor will any determination be reached until full and accurate information has been received from Manila.

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THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

FOR DELEGATE FROM CHILTON COUNTY:

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE:

H. W. CAFFEY.

POPULIST NOMINEE:

L. H. REYNOLDS.

THREE weeks from next Tuesday and the people of Alabama will have to decide the momentous question of Constitutional Convention or no Convention. Two ballots will be provided—the first will be for the voter to say whether he wishes a Constitutional Convention to be held or not, and on the second he will vote for such men as he prefers to represent him in the Convention, providing that a majority of the voters decide that the Convention shall be held.

THE BANNER never seeks to dodge any question, and on this particular issue we wish to state unequivocally that we are opposed to the proposed convention and hope there will be a large majority against it. We do not believe there is any necessity for a radical change in the Constitution of the State, and if any alteration is needed it could best be accomplished by specific amendments.

We do not believe it is right or proper that the Constitution of the State should be framed by any one particular political party, but if it should be expedient for the State to adopt a new Constitution it should be framed by, not one political party alone, but by members of all political parties. A constitution should be prepared by patriots, not by partisans.

It is evident from the indifference displayed in the recent Democratic primaries that the mass of the people are not troubling themselves about a new Constitution, and the inference is that at the election on April 23, they will vote against it.

At the same time it is the duty of every voter to vote for the candidates he thinks will best represent him in the convention should it be held. So far as Chilton is concerned it appears highly probable there will be only one opposition candidate for the voter to vote for.

Every voter will have the privilege of voting for one delegate from Chilton county, one delegate from each Senatorial District, two delegates from each Congressional District, and four from the State at large.

In the Senatorial District, the Congressional District, and from the State at large, it seems there will be only Democratic nominees to vote for. In Chilton county the voter has his choice between Dr. H. W. Caffey the Democratic nominee, and Hon L. H. Reynolds, the Populist nominee. Both are good men, and as we understand them, both hold very similar views on this Constitutional convention question. If Dr. Caffey is elected from Chilton it appears to us, at this time, there will be an unanimous Democratic Convention. If Mr. Reynolds is elected it seems that at all events the Democratic party will have at least an opposition of one. We cannot see any signs of another oppositon candidate being elected anywhere in the State, although it is quite possible some of the Democratic nominees may be opposed to any alteration of the present Constitution.

Not a solitary voter should stay at home on this election day. Every man should turn out and vote one way or the other, but we believe you cannot do wrong in voting "No Convention."

ON Monday the Populist convention was held at the court house at Clanton. The convention was called to order by L. B. Pounds, and Judge Adams was elected temporary chairman, E. B. Deason, secretary and J. D. Collins, assistant secretary. On motion the temporary organization was made the permanent organization, and the convention got down to business.

Judge Adams made a short speech in which he said this was the most important convention and election the county had ever held or possibly would ever hold, as in it was involved the privilege of free men to the right of suffrage. He then offered the following resolution, which was unanimously carried by a rising vote:

Whereas, the Democrats of the State have called a constitutional convention, and whereas the election of a delegate from this county has been called for April 23, 1901, be it therefore

Resolved: By the People's Party in convention assembled at the court house at Clanton, that we are opposed to said constitutional convention, and we urge all patriotic citizens to go to the polls and vote against the constitutional convention, and for the nominee of this convention.

The next order of business was the nomination of a delegate to the constitutional convention. The name of E. B. Deason was first submitted to the convention, but at the request of Mr. Deason it was withdrawn.

Judge Adams was next put in nomination and the Judge made a short address requesting that his name be withdrawn, which was done.

L. H. Reynolds was then put in nomination by several of the delegates and he was unanimously nominated.

Mrs. C. E. VanDensen, of Kibourn, Wis, was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipaton for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale at Clanton Drug Co. and D. I. Deramus, Verbena, Price, 25 cents. Samples free.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1901,

for the purpose of voting for or against the holding of a Constitutional Convention, and for the election of a Delegate from Chilton county and fifty five delegates from the State at large to said Convention.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—Ira Campbell, W. P. Chekler, J. M. Davis, managers; Buck Arledge, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 1—John Lowery, Jr. W. H. Shaw, Hugh Henry, managers; O. C. McGraw, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 2—W. A. Reynolds, F. M. Langston, J. H. Patton, Sr., managers; C. L. Langston, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 1—R. J. Williams, John Lightsey, J. L. Williams, managers; Calvin Jones, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 2—D. C. Hubbard, S. E. Waldrup, J. C. Veazey, managers; J. F. Fleming, returning officer.

Beat 4—F. M. Foshee, P. M. Moore, N. A. Kicker, managers; M. A. Killgore, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, E. G. Rollins, T. P. Calloway, managers; J. J. Vinson, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 2—J. M. Grant, E. J. Jones, T. J. Traywick, managers; Albert Thompson, returning officer.

Beat 6—M. F. Lett, B. F. Dobbs, I. M. Deason, managers; A. T. Hatheock, returning officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, W. Y. Nix, W. D. Lawrence, managers; Noah Cooper, returning officer.

Beat 7—Box 2—J. P. Gentry, J. D. Holsombeck, Noah Latham, managers; Charley Littlejohn, returning officer.

Beat 8—box 1—J. J. Letcher, D. C. Gandy, W. J. Ruddick, managers; Buckner Harris, Jr., returning officer.

Beat 8—box 2—Sccar Harris, R. P. Kendrick, J. M. Walker, managers; J. T. Anderson, returning officer.

Beat 9—J. M. Mims, Jim Collins, T. G. Williams, managers; W. Gant Riggins, returning officer.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to act upon the above named election.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic makes friends of every one who gives it fair trial. Clean pleasant, harmless, reliable. Use externally for Wounds, Burns Sprains, etc. Internally for Colic, Pain and derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. Little wonder of the world. Household favorite—we've ever known. Ask Your Druggist for it. He likes to sell it, you know.

Program Sunday-School Convention

for Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Jemison Baptist church, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Prayer, J. M. Scott.

9:35. Origin and object of the Sunday-school Convention, P. C. Smith.

10. Origin and growth of Sunday-schools in Chilton county, W. H. Conway, W. A. Mims.

10:30. Model Sunday school, Miss Laura Langston.

10:50. Who should attend Sunday school? J. P. Gentry, C. M. Northcutt.

11:20. Why should parents attend Sunday-school? C. L. Gines, W. A. Reynolds.

1:30 p.m. Relation of Sunday-school to the church, Miss Minnie Muse, B. F. Reynolds.

2. Recitation, Miss Anna Lowery

2:15. Duties of Superintendent, J. M. Scott, P. C. Smith.

J. M. COLLIER President.
MISS LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Lagrippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug co.

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPER OR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em, and we know you can't be

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

Stops the cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents

Do you want a mounted map of Alabama in five colors, size 24x31 giving census of every county and town? Also, a complete and correct map of the world, same size? You can get the same by sending 75 cents for one year's subscription to the Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. Or, $2 for three months' subscription to The Daily Age Herald. The map and the paper will be promptly sent upon receipt of P.O. or express money order. Address

AGE-HERALD,
Birmingham, Ala.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N.C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night and getting up free from pain. For sale by Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena

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Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Wm. T. Smith, and his wife, Kate B. Smith, to Rose A. Mobley, guardian, dated the 27th day of February, 1900, and recorded in Mortgage Record Book 53, page 329 in the office of the Probate Judge of Chilton county Alabama, and which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to the undersigned. I will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House door at Clanton, in said county of Chilton, on

MONDAY, APRIL the 8th, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The north half of the northeast fourth, (less four acres in the northeast corner thereof) and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-five; and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-six, all in township twenty-three, range thirteen, east, containing 236 acres, more or less, and lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

Also, the following personal property, to wit. One dark bay mare named "Molly," One dark bay mare known as the "Alin mare," one two-horse wagon and harness. MARY L. CURRY.

Assignee of said Mortgage,
RUFUS H. KNOX, Attorney.

Indeed you would be cruel to let you sweet, helpless Baby suffer with Colic or Pain in Stomach or Bowels when there is such a pleasant, safe and reliable Remedy to be obtained so easily. Any good Druggist will tell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF N. Y. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we know if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Belts, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON, ALA.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our I. X. L. TIP'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are you friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demand for our business we are now laying in a full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Goods. Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest quality and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

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Try a quart of our J. M
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TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7½ cents.

Same date last year 9 cents

RECEIPTS TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2581	2853
[illegible]	2020	2122
[illegible]	372	321
[illegible]	436	847
Total	5209	6573

Mrs. [illegible] Day of Dolive has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends here.

Dr. W. E. Stewart visited Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. M. Walker of Mulberry was here Wednesday.

Mr. T. C. Jones visited Montgomery Saturday.

Mr. Tom Wilson visited Billingsley Wednesday.

Mr. Cor. Jones spent Saturday in the capital city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown of Montgomery is visiting the family of W. H. Foshee.

Mr. Robt. Martin of Maplesville was here here Wednesday.

Mr. W. H. Foshee went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Clanton Drug Co and R. L. Berryman, Verbena.

Mr. J. M. Pinckard went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. M. Adams was a visitor to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips has a pretty line of new spring millinery. Next door to Mr. Kanter. Prices low.

The Gypsy camp seems to be a popular resort for the young people.

Miss Alice Powell of Kinchelon is visiting her Grandmother Mrs. Dixon.

Rev. Dock Thornton held religious services at the Congregational church last Sunday.

One day last afternoon Mr. Patrick Smith was unloading some freight at W. H. Mullins' store, stepped on the end of the wagon board and fell across it, breaking one rib and crushing another. He was taken home and is now doing as well as possible.

Did you get a sample of Dr. Tabern's Antiseptic? If so, don't throw it away. It is too good to be wasted. You'll need it when you have cut yourself or somebody shoots you just to see you jump. If not, write Sherrouse Med. Co., New Orleans, La., for free sample.

Mr. Howard Hale will give an entertainment at the Court House on Friday, April 5, 1901, for the benefit of the cemetery. Tickets can be obtained at the Clanton Drug Store. Adults 25 cents; children 15 cents.

Dr. D. A. Campbelle is at home again, after a visit to New York.

Dr. H. W. Coffey was in town Tuesday, accompanied by his son, Lieut. Col. Coffey.

Rev. D. F. Ellison and wife are on a visit to Lowndesboro.

A musicale was given at the residence of Dr. E. A. Matthews last Friday night with some novel features introduced by Mrs. Matthews. The evening was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Mr. H. Touro went to the capital City Monday.

No more worthy cause could have been taken up than the benefit of the cemetery fund, for which the Chilton Club will give an entertainment to-night at the court house. Every one should go.

O. K. BOY. The pedigree of this fine bull, owned by Mr. W. M. Wilson, is as follows: Sire, Meeps' Dan; Golden Sue; dropped March 5, 1898. Its registered number is 57,088.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. William Ray and Miss Mamie Mims; Mr. J. T. Stagner and Miss Emma Mims.

Public Speaking—a list of appointments will be found on page 8.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate compounds the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORNS DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 5c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for	$1.00
Men's 75 ct hat for	50
Men's 50 ct hat for	35
Men's 25 ct hat for	15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes, a $2.00 shoe for $1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celuloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price

Lace, 5 c value	2c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B E JONES CLANTON

Down goes the price of cotton

and down goes Touro's prices

NEW LINE OF SPRING GOODS NOW COMPLETE

I buy goods to sell, not to keep, and make the prices so low you can't help but buy.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE PRICES?

Embroidery, 7½c goods sell at 5c
Embroidery, 5 in & 6 in width 12c
cotton challey, 36 in. width, 5 c yd
White ducking, short lengths, 6½c
colored ducking, 8 c. per yard
Calico, 4 and 5 c. per yard
Sheeting, 4½ c. per yard
Nice Ladies' Hats—plenty
Ladies' Vests—3 for 10c
Ladies Dress Goods, 50c up.
Ladies' Dress Goods, biggest line in the market
Men's suits, $1.40 up; cost 65 c
children's suits, 98 c. up
Umbrellas from 25 c. up

A FINE LINE OF MEN'S SPRING GOODS.

Would give you more prices but The Banner is so crowded can't get space. Respectfully

H. TOURO, Clanton

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

KITCHENER'S TERMS TO BOER LEADER

Correspondence Between Generals Given Out.

ENGLAND DEMANDS TOO MUCH

Interesting Story of British General's Proposals and Rejection of Same By the Boers.

A London special says: The preliminary papers giving details of the negotiations between the commander in chief, General Botha, and Lord Kitchener, commanding the British forces in South Africa, issued Friday morning, began with a telegram from Sir Alfred Milner to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. The dispatch is dated Pretoria, February 22d, and states that Mrs. General Botha had returned from a meeting with her husband bringing a letter in reply to Sir Alfred Milner's verbal message offering to meet General Botha as a means of ending the war on the express understanding that he would not discuss the question of independence of the Transvaal and the Orange river colony.

Mrs. Botha assured Sir Alfred that the letter was written with that point clearly understood. General Botha referred the matter to his generals and it was stated that the meeting would probably take place at Middleburg.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that he was glad to hear of General Botha's desire to treat and hoped it was genuine.

"He will find us," said the colonial secretary, "anxious to meet him on all points affecting his individual position."

On February 27th, Sir Alfred Milner cabled Lord Kitchener informing him that General Botha had written that he would be in Pretoria at 10 o'clock a. m., February 28th.

A dispatch from Lord Kitchener to the war office, dated Pretoria, February 28th, reports a long interview with General Botha, who showed very good feeling and seemed anxious for peace. He asked for information which, he said, he would submit to his government, the generals and the people. If they agreed he would visit the Orange river colony and get them to agree.

Lord Kitchener arranged to communicate Botha's views to the government. All that he said was qualified by being subject to confirmation by the home government. On March 5 Sir Alfred Milner cabled Lord Kitchener suggesting the following replies to General Botha:

"I beg to inform you that on the cessation of hostilities and the complete surrender of arms, ammunition, cannon and munitions in the hands of burghers in the field at government depots or elsewhere his majesty's government is prepared at once to grant amnesty in the Transvaal and Orange river colony for all bona fide acts of war during the hostilities, as well as move the governments of Cape Coloney and Natal to similar action qualified by the disfranchisement of any British subjects implicated in the war. The military prisoners at St. Helena, Ceylon and elsewhere, on complete surrender, shall be brought back to their country. Military law shall at once be replaced by a civil administration, but it is the desire of his majesty's government as soon as circumstances will permit to establish a representative government. On the cessation of hostilities a high court, independent of the executive, shall be established to administer the law. Church property, trusts and orphan funds shall be respe.. English and Dutch languages shall be taught in the public schools and used in the law courts.

"Legal debts of the estate to the amount of £1,000,000 shall be paid, even if contracted during hostilities, to the extent a creditor proves he has given values. The government does not intend to extend the franchise to Kaffirs in the Transvaal and Orange River colony before a represented government is granted."

The conditions regarding assistance to the farmers, firearms, etc., are the same as those in Lord Kitchener's replies to General Botha. Sir Alfred Milner says that he agrees to the above except as to the desires for modification regarding British subjects in Cape Colony and Natal in the Boer army, who, if they returned to those colonies, will be liable to be dealt with under the laws of those colonies passed to meet circumstances arising in war. He asked:

"While I am willing to concede much in order to strengthen General Botha in inducing the people to submit, amnesty for the rebels is not, in my opinion, a point which his majesty's government can afford to concede. I think it would have a deplorable effect upon Cape Colony and Natal to obtain peace by such a concession."

NINE-YEAR MYSTERY CLEARED.

Bones of Missing Ohio Man Found in Florida and Identified.

The skeleton of James Tod arrived at Warren, O., Saturday and a mystery was cleared away. Nine years ago James Tod, of Warren, a nephew of War Governor Tod, disappeared from Dayton, O. One day the past week his skeleton was found near Spruce creek, in Florida, and was identified by gold fillings in his teeth, a watch and a ring of keys.

CZAR IS GUARDED.

Life of Russian Ruler Is Constantly in Danger of Being Cut Short.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Cologne Volks Zeitung (Berlin) under date of March 17th, forwards by mail news to the effect that there is evidence in St. Petersburg of the existence of plots against the authorities. He asserts that sums of money are being distributed to the factory hands in St. Petersburg and vicinity to induce them to join the disaffected students. It has not been learned whence this money comes, but indications point to high sources about the court. The fact is, the correspondent continues, the secret police no longer trust even the highest entourage of the czar.

New precautions for the protection of the czar's life have been taken, namely, a mechanism which allow no one to open the doors of the room in which the czar happens at the moment to be. The czar now has five desks in his study, which he uses one after the other; the walls of the walls of the czar's study and bedroom are lined with steel armor. The correspondent finds that evidence of the plots was general.

Orders were recently given to keep all the troops in St. Petersburg ready. Sundsy the police were distributed in force on all the main streets of the city. The military commander of St. Petersburg, M. Kleigels, received a number of warnings.

The Berliner Tageblatt points a special dispatch from St. Petersburg by way of Lemberg, to the effect that the Karpovitch investigation has revealed a great plot, similar to the nihilistic conspiracy, with Kieff as a center, the main branch at Odessa and ramifications extending to the lowest strata of society. The plan was to make an attempt on the life of the czar, who was thereupon removed to Gratchinia.

WAR ON VAGRANTS.

Atlanta Police Make Big Raid On Negro Dives and Poolrooms.

A dispatch from Atlanta, Ga., says: The police carried out a simultaneous raid on all the negro dives and poolrooms in that city Friday and one hundred and fourteen negroes were arrested and locked up on the charge of idling and loitering. A large majority of the arrests occurred during the morning.

It was the biggest raid of the kind ever made by the Atlanta police, and it was the outcome of the recent determination of the mayor and the police authorities to rid the city of the loafers and vagrants by putting as many of them as possible in the chaingang.

Simultaneously the negro rool rooms in the city were surrounded by the police and the raids made. All the patrol wagons were run out and the negroes hauled to the police barracks and locked up. A few negroes who were not vagrants, but who were caught in bad company, were arrested, and these were afterwards released, but the big majority were the very class the police were after, and they will be tried and sentenced by the recorder.

DEADLOCK STILL ON.

Nebraska Republican Legislators Unable To Elect Senators.

A dispatch from Lincoln, Nebraska, says: Fifty-four Republicans went into caucus Friday night again in an effort to end the long term senatorial deadlock. Balloting up to 11 o clock was without material change. The feature of the joint convention ballot at noon Friday was the gain of D. E. Thompson of one vote, that of State Senator Crounse, heretofore one of the strongest of Mr. Thompson's opponents. The proceedings bordered on the sensational. Mr. Crounse said Mr. Thompson was not his choice for the short term, but he believed it a duty he owed his constituents to end the deadlock if he could.

FOREIGN.

Despite the expenditure of $21,135,000 for famine relief, India, had a surplus last year of $8,200,000.

The general elections in Spain will take place on May 5 and the Cortes will reassemble on June 10.

The Ambassadors and Ministers at the Court of St. James, in London, presented their credentials to King Edward.

Eight soldiers and customs officers were killed by an avalanche near Lake Como, Italy.

Edwin A. Abbey, the American artist, was commissioned by King Edward VII. to paint the scene of his coronation.

Seven gunners were killed by the explosion of a howitzer shell at Secunderabad, India.

FLORIDA NEWSPAPER MEN

Adjourn At Miami to Meet Next Year In Pensacola.

The Florida Press Association adjourned at Miami Friday to meet next year at Pensacola.

The new officers are B. B. Tatum, of Miami Metropolis, president; E. W. Peabody, of The Times-Union and Citizen, vice-president; T. J. Appleyard, of Sanford Chronicle, secretary, and Phillip Isaacs, of The Fort Myers Press, treasurer.

It is a fact of disagreeable significance that one out of every 300 people living in New York state is an inmate of either a private or public hospital for the insane. We seem to be living in a too cerebral age.

KILLED HER SIX CHILDREN.

While in a Fit of Insanity, then cut Her Own Throat.

A Colbrook, Mass., dispatch says: Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, while in a fit of insanity Thursday, killed her six children at her home near this town and then tried to take her own life. The children ranged from 10 years to a baby of ten months, and their lives were taken by their mother with a club and an ax. The woman then tried to cut her throat with a razor. When discovered she was in the bed with the bodies of four of her dead children, the other two lying in another bed.

The woman's husband left his home at the usual hour to go to his work at a saw mill and at that time his wife did not attract his attention by acting strangely.

The discovery of the crime was made shortly after noon by a groceryman who went to deliver goods at the house. The groceryman returned to the village and told what had been done.

A party then visited the Naramore house, and the mutilated bodies of the six children were found. Mrs. Naramore who was alive, was very weak from the loss of blood. She was removed to the village and late last night the physicians were confident she would survive.

During the evening a number of neighbors were told by Mrs. Naramore how she killed her six children. She said she killed them in different rooms and as she killed one child the body was placed on a bed.

Will Demand an Apology.

News has been received from Gibralter that the armored cruiser New York arrived there Friday. She will proceed to Tangier to demand the settlement of the claims of the United States government against Morocco. The New York will convey Mr. Gummere, United States consul-general from Tangier, to the seaport of Mazagan, whence he will travel overland to Morocco City, the political capital of Morocco, there to demand from the sultan of Morocco an apology for an apparent discourtesy to the United States, committed by the sultan's grand vizier and his minister of foreign affairs. At the same time Mr. Gummere will require the sultan to pay all claims long pending against the government of Morocco.

$200,000 000 Indemnity.

A Washington dispatch regarding the amount of indemnity to be asked from China says that the sum of $200,000,000, which our government considers the maximum that should be levied upon the Chinese as a tax represents absolutely the limit of China's ability, according to the calculations of the officials best informed as to the resources of China.

The United States fixed upon the sum of $25,000,000 as a suitable indemnity to be claimed, notwithstanding officials of various departments are satisfied that this sum will only provide for the payment of a certain percentage of the items claimed, because it was felt that this was as much as we would claim proportionately of the total of $200,000,000.

Warning to Foreigners.

A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Pekin dated Thursday, March 21st, says an imperial decree in accordance with article 10 of the peace conditions, has been placarded on the walls of Pekin threatening all anti-foreign societies with punishment.

Caucus Favors New Constitution

A dispatch from Nashville, Tenn., says: The advocates of a Constitutional Convention were temporarily discomfitted a few days ago by the killing of a bill which provided for the calling of a convention to draft a new State charter. The advocates were undaunted, however, and have been zealously at work to induce the Democratic caucus to champion the measure. Their efforts were rewarded Friday by the action of the joint caucus in voting to support a bill providing for the submission of the question to the electoral. There were sufficient votes in the caucus to insure the passage of such a bill by the Legislature.

LIFE TERM FOR MRS. DIXON.

Woman Who Murdered Her Husband Is Shown Mercy By Jury.

In the trial at Wrightsville, Ga., of Mrs. Sarah Dixon for the murder of her husband, G. E. Dixon, the jury found a verdict of guilty and recommended a sentence of life imprisonment.

Mrs. Dixon's confederate, Jerry Walden, was convicted at the last September term of the superior court and received a life sentence.

MORE INSURGENTS SURRENDER.

Four Officers and Fifty-Three Men Give Up Their Guns.

Manila, March 24.—In the province of Cavite, four insurgent officers and fifty-three men, with fifty-six rifles, have surrendered to Lieutenant Colonel Frank D. Baldwin of the Fourth United States Infantry, and one insurgent officer and twelve men, with sixteen rifles, to Col. W. S. Schuyler of the Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry.

May Get Part of $149,000,000 Estate.

The Atlanta Constitution says: It is probable that Clarence E. Moore his sister, Mrs. Lollie Bell Wylie, and his mother, Mrs. Augusta Moore, all residents of Atlanta, are heirs to a portion of a fortune of $149,000,000. A few days ago Mrs. Wylie saw in a Chicago paper an article stating that Frank Moore, of Watseka, Ills., had fallen heir to a part of an English fortune of $149,000,000. In the article was mentioned the name of Harris, who was also an heir to the same fortune. The estate had been left by an ancestor named Moore, from whom the Atlanta Moores are descended.

Mrs. Nation Hooted.

Mrs. Nation meet a very cool reception at Atchison, Kas., Saturday evening. She attempted to address a large crowd in the barroom of the Byram hotel, when she was hooted repeatedly by the mob. The bartender mounted the bar three times in an effort to restore order and to enable Mrs. Nation to receive a respectful hearing. Mrs. Nation, after trying to talk for some time, gave it up and in custody of the six policemen she went out on the street. Here she tried to enter another saloon, but was stopped by the chief of police with the remark that she had better go to her lodgings. She took his advice and was removed by the police from the crowd which had gathered.

Saturated Her Clothing With Oil and Set Fire to It.

Early Saturday morning Miss Eliza Burrus, a young lady of prominence in Murfreesboro, Tenn., died. Later developments show a distressing case of suicide. Miss Burrus saturated her clothing with coal oil and set fire to them. She had been deeply distressed over the loss of a position as teacher in a school here and recently had made two attempts to end her life, timely interference saving her. The third attempt proved successful, however, the body of the unfortunate girl being found in the parlor of her home, the flesh charred by her burning clothing. Curiously enough the flames were not communicated to the furnishings in the room. Brooding over misfortune it is said by friends h d unbalanced Miss Burrus' mind.

Mrs. Nation Alone.

According to a Topeka dispatch Mrs. Nation has dissolved partnership with Nick Chiles, the negro publisher. She will hereafter endeavor to edit and have printed her paper, "The Smasher's Mail," without his assistance. The trouble grew out of the suppression by Chiles of an editorial written by Mrs. Nation scoring District Judge Hazen, before whom she had appeared a number of time.

Cuba Will Accept.

El Diario Marina today says that judging from all appearances the constitutional convention will accept the amendment. The Discussion also instead of continuing its editorials against it now publishes interviews showing the advisability of accepting the amendment.

Making Ready For Woman's Press Association.

A joint meeting of the Up-to-Date, Kettledrum and Irving Book Clubs, was held Friday with Mrs. M. P. Jemison, for the purpose of arranging the details of the entertainment of the Womans' Press association, which meets in Tuscaloosa April 10 and 11. One of the features of the entertainment to be accorded the gifted members of the association will be a reception at the residence of Mayor and Mrs. W. G. Cochrane on Thursday evening, April 11.

WHERE DOGS ARE SAFE.

Death of Charleston Canine Causes Negro's Conviction In Court.

At Charleston, S. C., Friday, Martin Grimball, a negro, was convicted for malicious mischief in the judicial court, the charge against him being that he had killed a pet dog belonging to Judge Reed. Under a recent decision of the supreme court a dog is rated as property, and as such the owner can seek the aid of the law in his protection.

The Banner City for Big Policemen.

The largest aggregation of fat policemen in the world is to be found on the Chicago police force. A majority of the members of the force, including officers, have grown in weight much beyond the maximum limit set down in the "physical test" of the civil service examination. According to the test, as shown by its graduations in heights and minimum and maximum measurements, the average weight of the 2,843 men on the police pay rolls should be 182 pounds. Instead of this the average is found to be 210 pounds. Some of the men are more in excess than others, but hypothetically Chicago is protected by policemen who are interfered with in the discharge of their duties by a large quantity of superfluous flesh. The aggregate weight of the entire force is 596,99. pounds.

Sleuth's Opinion of a Portrait.

A little while ago an exhibition of historical portraits was held in London for the aid of some charity. These portraits were guarded by detectives. Toward the end of the exhibition one of these detectives went to a member of the committee and desired to know "who was the female" in a picture he pointed out. "Why do you ask?" his listener inquired, interested and amused. "Because, sir," said the detective, "that female is what we would call, in Scotland Yard, 'a high class criminal.'" The portrait was of Mary Queen of Scots!

Purifies the Blood—Costs to Try.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is the best Spring Blood Purifier. It gives life, vigor and strength. B. B. B. cures the worst Humors, Boils, Pimples, by giving blood supply to the skin. B. B. B. cures, Eating Sores, Swellings, every sore and makes the blood. B. B. B. cures old Rheumatism, Pains in Bones, Joints. Try Balm this spring. Druggists. Treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Free medical advice given.

An astronomer reports a looking up.

Dr. Luke P. Blackmon

Writes concerning Crab Orchard Water: "In torpid motion and chronic constipation it excels all other waters of the profession."

The satisfaction among those who keep it belongs to the

I do not believe Pine Top Beer has an equal for coughs, colds, etc. F. Herrin, Trinity Springs.

Harnessing a man's ambition toward cultivating his land.

Standing Timber in

A report will be issued at Washington soon which estimates the standing timber in the United States covers an area of 1,094,000,000 acres and contains a supply of 5,000,000,000 feet.

The total number of students in the universities of Germany shows a gain of 6,000 in ten years.

Nervous Prostration.

A Noted Boston Woman Describes its Symptoms and Terrors. The Severe Cases Cured by Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

ADELE WILLIAMSON.

"I am so nervous! no one ever suffered as I do! There isn't a well inch in my body. I honestly believe my bowels are diseased, my chest pains me so, but I have no cough. I am so weak at my stomach, and have indigestion terribly, palpitation of the heart; am losing flesh; and this headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I had hysterics.

"There is a weight in the lower part of my bowels, bearing down all the time, with pains in my groins and thighs. I can't sleep, walk, or sit, and blue—oh goodness! I am simply the most miserable of women."

This is a most vivid description of a woman suffering from nervous prostration, caused by inflammation or some other diseased condition of the womb.

No woman should allow herself to reach such a perfect state of misery when there is no need of it. Read about Miss Williamson's case and how she was cured.

Two Bad Cases of Nervous Prostration Cured

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM;—I was suffering such tortures from nervous prostration that life was a burden. I could not sleep at all, and was too weak to walk across the floor. My heart was affected so that often I could not lie down at all without almost suffocating. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it worked like magic. I feel that your medicine has been of inestimable benefit to me."

MISS ADELE WILLIAMSON,
196 N. Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

"I had nervous prostration terribly, caused by female weakness. I suffered everything; was unable to sleep, or work. After a while I was induced to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I really began to improve on taking the first bottle. I continued to take the medicine, and am better in every way, and feel like a different person. I am simply a well woman."

MRS. DELLA KRESS,
Marietta, Ohio.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, Mass., $5000 which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample mail lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 3c stamp for postage. THE BROBARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 cts

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

GREEN RAPE 25 cts per lb. Greatest, Cheapest Food for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, &c. Will be worth $100 to you this Season's running expenses. Billion Dollar Grass. For this Notice and 10c we will mail pkg. and our Farm Seed Catalogue. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WORST COUGHS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

NOMINEES AND PLATFORM.

Full Text of the Democratic Platform.

List of the Candidates for the State at Large and Congressional and Senatorial Districts.

The constitutional convention is to be composed of four delegates from the state at large, eighteen from the congressional districts, thirty-two from the senatorial districts and one hundred from the counties, making a total membership of one hundred and fifty five.

The democratic nominations have been made as follows:

State-at-Large.

John B. Knox, of Calhoun.
Andrew J. Lowe, of Jefferson.
Hugh C. Oates, of Montgomery.
Frank S. White, of Jefferson.

Congressional Districts.

First—W. F. Glover, of Choctaw.
Second—B. Merriwether, of Monroe.
Third—Thos. G. Jones, of Montgomery.
Fourth—S. C. Jenkins, of Wilcox.
Fifth—Jere N. Williams, of Bullock.
Sixth—R. Solon, of Dale.
Seventh—W. W. Vaughn, of Dallas.
Eighth—Grant, of Calhoun.
Ninth—M. M. Smith, of Augusta, J. Hall, of Randolph.
Tenth—Ed. De Graffenreid, of Hale, J. Long, of Walker.
Eleventh—C. L. Haley, of Marshall, J. Flood, of Etowah.
Twelfth—Emmett O'Neal, of Lauderdale.
Thirteenth—W. Walker, of Madison.
Fourteenth—A. C. Howze, of Jefferson, Thompson, of Bibb.

Senatorial Districts.

First—W. T. Sanders, of Lowndes.
Second—D. C. Almon, of Lawrence.
Third—George H. Parker, of Cullman.
Fourth—J. W. Grayson, of Madison.
Fifth—P. W. Hodges, of Jackson.
Sixth—H. T. Davis, of Etowah.
Seventh—Leonard F. Greer, of Calhoun.
Eighth—J. B. Graham, of Talladega.
Ninth—J. J. Robinson, of Chambers.
Tenth—J. C. Maxwell, of Tallapoosa.
Eleventh—G. A. Searcy, of Tuscaloosa.
Twelfth—E. W. Coleman, of Jefferson.
Thirteenth—R. M. Cunningham, of Perry.
Fourteenth—W. A. Altman, of Marion.
Fifteenth—John H. Baker, of Elmore.
Sixteenth—C. P. Rogers, Sr., of Clarke.
Seventeenth—J. D. Burnett, of Monroe.
Eighteenth—C. H. Greer, of Perry.
Nineteenth—Dabney Palmer, of Lowndes.
Twentieth—Chas. Miller, of Mobile.
Twenty-first—Chas. W. Locklin, of Mobile.
Twenty-second—R. C. Jones, of Baldwin.
Twenty-third—Geo. H. Malone, of Clarke.
Twenty-fourth—A. H. Merrill, of Lee.
Twenty-fifth—W. H. Samford, of Lee.
Twenty-sixth—D. S. Bethune, of Lee.
Twenty-seventh—George P. Harrison, of Pike.
Twenty-eighth—Tennent Lomax, of Montgomery.
Twenty-ninth—J. A. Davis, of Dekalb.
Thirtieth—P. H. Pitts, of Dallas.
Thirty-first—A. H. Carmichael, of Marshall.
Thirty-second—W. B. Inge, of Walker.
Thirty-third—G. L. Smith, of Morgan.

THE PLATFORM.

In the experience of thirty years, the very necessary facility to the negro for the exercise of the ballot, it has been demonstrated, as a race, he is incapable of government and the intelligence of the power of voting. We, in the interest of both races in Alabama, we favor the holding of a constitutional convention for the purpose of regulating the right to vote to perpetuate the rule of the white race in Alabama:

The democratic party of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, endorses the act to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention to revise and amend the constitution of the state, approved March 11th, 1900, and favor the adoption of all the provisions of said act.

That the convention shall submit all questions of suffrage so as to conflict with the constitution of the United States, and for the best interests of the tax-payers of the state of Alabama.

That there shall be inserted in the constitution a provision limiting the rate of taxation by the state, counties and municipalities, and that the rate of taxation shall not exceed that fixed by the present constitution, but a lower rate shall be preferable.

That the constitution framed by said convention shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for ratification or rejection.

That we pledge our faith and the faith of Alabama not to do-

Purifies the Blood—Costs to Try.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is the best Spring Blood Purifier and gives life, vigor and strength to the system. B. B. B. cures the worst Eczema, most Boils, Pimples, by giving a healthy circulation to the skin. B. B. B. is Entirely Vegetable. Specifics Cure Blood Poison. Cures Rheumatism, Scrofula, Catarrh, Blood Poison, Eczema, Pimples, Boils, Blotches, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Eczema. Try Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.). Large bottles, $1. Druggists. Book describing disease and treatment mailed free. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Luke P. Blackburn

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Terrors.—Two
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MSON

suffered as I do! They
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Prostration Cured.
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different person. I
a well woman."
Mrs. Laura Keiser,
Marienville, Pa.

No. 470,000 Bank of Lynn, Mass.
This testimonial being one of the letters received during the last year by the proprietors of LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

RAPE costs 25 cents per Ton
Greatest Cheapest Feed on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, Poultry, etc.
Will be worth $100 to you to read Farmer's Catalog and get start.
Billion Dollar Grass
will put money in your pocket. It is of Joy and Health to parents per acre. Rotation, Pasture, Spring Pasture, lasts for years. Yields 1 to 5 tons per acre. Lasts years.
For this Notice and 10c
we mail to anyone sending this Notice, 1 pkg. worth $10 to get a start. Northern, Long Growth, Quick to get Green. Prolific Flower and Forage Plants and Seeds.
For 1 lot, 7 special varieties, 10 trial packages and our Mammoth Catalog.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

PLATFORM.

Text of the Democratic Platform.

Complete List of the Candidates on the State at Large and Congressional and Senatorial Districts.

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The democratic nominations have been made as follows:

Delegates at Large.

[illegible] of Calhoun
[illegible] of Jefferson
[illegible] Gates, of Montgomery.
[illegible] of Jefferson.

Congressional Districts.

1—[illegible] Taylor, of Choctaw;
2—[illegible] of Monroe.
3—[illegible] Jones, of Montgomery.
4—[illegible] of Wilcox
5—[illegible] Williams of Barbour.
6—[illegible] Diggs
7—[illegible] W. Vaughn, of Dallas;
8—[illegible] M. M. Smith, of Augusta, J. [illegible]
9—[illegible] Underwood, of Hale;
10—[illegible] Walker
11—[illegible] J. Haley, of Marshall;
12—[illegible] Etowah
13—[illegible] O'Neal, of Lauderdale.
14—[illegible] W. Wasson, of Madison.
15—[illegible] A. Hanes, of Jefferson;
16—[illegible] of Bibb.

Senatorial Districts.

1—W. T. Sanders, of Limestone.
2—[illegible] Acklen, of Lawrence.
3—[illegible] H. Parker, of Cullman.
4—J. W. Grayson, of Madison.
5—F. W. Hodges, of Jackson.
6—H. T. Davis, of Etowah.
7—Leonard F. Ditcer, of Calhoun.
8—J. B. Graham, of Talladega.
9—J. J. Robinson, of Chambers.
10—J. C. Maxwell, of Tallapoosa.
11—G. A. Searcy, of Tuscaloosa.
12—E. W. Coleman, of Jefferson.
13—R. M. Cunningham, of [illegible]
14—W. A. Altman, of [illegible]
15—John H. Baker, of Elmore.
16—C. P. Rogers, Sr., of [illegible]
17—J. D. Burnett, of [illegible]
18—C. H. Greer, of Perry.
19—Dabney Palmer, of [illegible]
20—Chas. Miller, of Marengo.
21—Chas. W. Locklin, of [illegible]
22—R. C. Jones, of [illegible]
23—Geo. H. Malone, of [illegible]
24—A. H. Merrill, of [illegible]
25—W. H. Samford, of [illegible]
26—D. S. Bethune, of [illegible]
27—George P. Harrison, of Opelika.
28—Tennent Lomax, of [illegible]
29—J. A. Davis, of De[illegible]
30—P. H. Pitts, of Dallas.
31—A. H. Carmichael, of [illegible]
32—W. B. Inge, of [illegible]
33—G. L. Smith, of Mobile.

THE PLATFORM.

[illegible] an experience of thirty years, [illegible] every necessary facility to the negro for the exercise of franchise. It has been demonstrated that, as a race, he is incapable of government and the intelligent exercise of the power of voting. Therefore, in the interest of both races in Alabama, we favor the holding of a constitutional convention for the purpose of regulating the right to vote so as to perpetuate the rule of the white race in Alabama.

2—The democratic party of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, endorses the act to provide for the holding of a constitutional convention to revise and amend the constitution of the state, approved February 11th, 1901, and favor the enforcement of all the provisions of said act.

3—That the convention shall not submit any questions of suffrage so as to conflict with the constitution of the United States and for the best interests of the tax payers of the state of Alabama.

4—That there shall be inserted in the new constitution a provision limiting the rate of taxation by the state, counties and municipalities, and that the rate of taxation shall not exceed the rate now fixed by the present constitution, but a lower rate shall be made if practicable.

5—That the constitution framed by said convention shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for ratification or rejection.

6—That we pledge our faith as the people of Alabama not to deprive any white man of the right to vote except for conviction of infamous crime.

7th—That the provisions of the present constitution relating to exemptions of real and personal property shall remain unchanged.

Seventh—That Section 39 of Article IV. of the present constitution in reference to the removal and location of the State Capitol shall remain unchanged.

Eighth—That the rights and privileges conferred by the present constitution upon corporations shall not be enlarged.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Secretary of War Root assumed full responsibility for General Wood's course in Cuba and commended it.

The first steps were taken in a scheme to provide a park system costing many millions of dollars for Washington.

The old Corcoran Art Gallery, at Penn Avenue and Seventeenth street, is to be bought by the Government for $300,000.

Senator Platt of Connecticut, expects the Cubans to accept the conditions of the United States.

The Administration wants Congress to authorize the President to acquire either the Nicaragua or Panama Canal route, as he may think the better.

The battleship Alabama developed 15½ knots on its last trial.

The United States is opposed to any demands for further punishment of Chinese officers.

President McKinley issued a proclamation on the death of General Harrison at Indianapolis, Ind.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Governor General Wood appointed a commission to revise the Cuban customs.

Lieutenant General Miles is in Cuba inspecting the principal military posts.

The Philippines Commission decided to make a separate province of the Island of Marinduque.

The Municipal Council changed the name of the principal plaza in Vigan, P. I., to "General Lawton Square," as a tribute to the memory of the brave American.

John Enoch Pond, of the Berkeley (Cal.) High School, was appointed the first naval cadet from the Hawaiian Islands.

General Trias, commander of the insurgent forces in the Philippines, surrendered with twenty officers and 200 men, and took the oath of allegiance to the United States.

The United States vessel Mayflower, with Governor Allen on board, was floated from the sand bar at Fajardo, Porto Rico, on which she grounded.

Three hundred vessels engaged in trading among the Viscayan Islands, P. I., were destroyed by the Americans.

Two soldiers of the Porto Rican regiment committed suicide at San Juan.

DOMESTIC.

George St. Cyr, who killed Paul James Davis, at Dawson City, Alaska, had his death sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

Judge Nobbs, in the Probate Court in Bridgeport, Conn., named the Bridgeport Trust Company as administrator for the estate of George F. Gilman, the millionaire tea merchant.

The shortage in the National Bank at Niles, Mich., is $150,000.

Former President Harrison's will, filed at Indianapolis, Ind., gives $125,000 to his widow and family relics and portraits to his son, Russell, whose debts are cancelled.

A young elephant escaped from a zoo in Indianapolis, Ind., and bolted through a large plate-glass window into a barber shop, frightening the inmates and upsetting the furniture.

A full ticket of women was nominated by the Prohibitionists of Denver, Col.

Colonel John R. Ashe, a well-known cotton manufacturer, committed suicide by throwing himself into a deep well at Columbia, S. C.

All efforts to locate the wreck of the steamer City of Rio de Janeiro in the Golden Gate, at San Francisco, Cal., have proved fruitless.

James J. Hill secured control of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, which is to be leased to the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies.

The village of Comer, Barbour County, Ala., was almost wiped out by fire. Nine stores were destroyed. There was little insurance.

The Astor Military Company, which was organized and equipped two years ago by Colonel John Jacob Astor, was mustered out.

The Mississippi is clear of ice at Dubuque, Iowa, the earliest in many years.

The steamship New York on her arrival at New York City reported two mishaps. An ammonia tank blew up, injuring three men, one fatally, and the port shaft broke.

Ralph Bateman killed his sweetheart, Ella White, in Norwood, Mass., because she declined to go to a party with him, and then committed suicide.

Frank H. Hamilton, sentenced to seven years for the murder of Leonard Day at Minneapolis, Minn., was taken to the Stillwater prison, and will be shipping clerk in the twine factory.

Prominent People.

The Duke of Connaught has been gazetted Grand Master of the Order of the Bath.

Senator Hoar believes and acts on the belief that the last car in a train is the safest.

The outdoor sporting tastes of the Emperor of Japan range from lawn tennis to football.

Two large red apples from his own State of Missouri form Senator Cockrell's standard luncheon.

Arthur James Balfour, First Lord of the British Treasury, is a fine pianist, and music is his hobby.

TO BE HEEDED NOW.

In the Spring You Are Always Run Down.

This Will Tell You Just What To Do For Yourself.

And Just Why You Should Follow Exactly This Plan.

In the spring everybody needs to think about taking a spring medicine. Not only is this a common practice, but a very necessary and healthful one. It is a fact which physicians acknowledge and the people recognize generally, that a spring tonic taken during the months of March, April and May is more conducive to the restoration of health in cases of those who are sick than any other course of treatment that could possibly be adopted.

In the spring there are a great many and important changes going on in the body. Perfect health cannot be maintained while the system is clogged and the organs sluggish, and the person has a languid and weakened feeling, with more or less nervousness and debility. Therefore everybody should take a good spring remedy.

The best spring medicine, indorsed and recommended by physicians, druggists and the people, is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. In proof of this, thousands

Mrs. Etta Sumner.

of testimonials are being constantly published in the papers. The following is from Mrs. Etta Sumner of Goodells, Mich.

"I have been afflicted," she says, "with nervous debility for a year. My nerves were completely prostrated, and I suffered at the slightest excitement, with great headache. At times I was entirely overcome by this disease. I would stay in the house alone, and dread the sight of my own people. My entire nervous system was shattered, and my life was a worriment and burden to me. I was advised to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and while on the first bottle began to recover. My friends were very much surprised.

"Before I had finished the second bottle, I could sleep with a quiet mind, and eat with ready and refreshing appetite. I have taken three bottles and am entirely cured of all my sufferings. I cannot speak half highly enough of it. I cheerfully and earnestly recommend it to every one afflicted with disease. What gives people absolute confidence in it, is its being the discovery of one of our best known and most successful physicians.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is, indeed, the greatest of all spring medicines, for it makes the sick well and strong.

Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th St., New York City, has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by anyone, at any time free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of cure to all.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

FRAGRANT
Sozodont Tooth Powder
in a new Patent Box, handy to use.
SOZODONT LIQUID 25c
Large LIQUID & POWDER, 75c
25c
AT ALL THE STORES, OR BY MAIL, ADDRESS, HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

A woman finds it much easier to make a fool of a man than to make a man of a fool.

Putnam's Fadeless Dye produces the finest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

Every mineral and metal of value in the arts and industries is found within the limits of the United States.

Woman is a conundrum that man never seems to give up.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars sent free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In five years the exports of this country to Mexico have doubled in value.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

In times of war the number of individual homicides always increases.

The stomach has to work hard, grinding the food we crowd into it. Make its work easy by chewing Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

The sugar cane grows from six to twenty feet high.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

DYSPEPSIA
must not be endured a day longer if you use

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

A natural medicinal water—unsurpassed. A powerful, intuitive tonic. A specific for all forms of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Malaria, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Bright's Disease, Gravel, Diabetes, Bronchitis, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the native medicinal waters, most convenient to take, most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

WE WISH TO MAKE YOU A PRESENT
OF A VOLUME OF
"THE STORY OF MY LIFE AND WORK"
BY BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

Send Us Your Name and Address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography of the greatest living Negro for the purpose of introducing it in your community. We also want agents in every county and district in the country to sell it. Only a limited number of free copies to each town. Write us and be sure to get one. Address

J. L. NICHOLS & CO.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Am. N. U. No. 1, 1901.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

We are keeping up the grade of
LION COFFEE
to a high point!

It is known all over the country as the best package coffee, and its quality will be strictly maintained.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT YET?

LION COFFEE is not a glazed coffee. We do not need to resort to egg mixtures or chemicals which are used to hide imperfections and to make the coffee look shiny.

LION COFFEE is absolutely pure, and that is the reason why it is now used in millions of homes.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Best for the Bowels

Bowel Troubles: Caused by over-work! Over-eating! Over-drinking! No part of the human body receives more ill treatment than the bowels. Load after load is imposed until the intestines become clogged, refuse to act, worn out. Then you must assist nature. Do it, and see how easily you will be cured by CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. Not a mass of mercurial and mineral poison, but a pure vegetable compound that acts directly upon the diseased and worn out intestinal canal, making it strong, and gently stimulating the liver and kidneys; a candy tablet, pleasant to take, easy and delightful in action. **Don't accept a substitute for CASCARETS.**

I'll bring a surgeon.—Jeweler's Weekly.

"I have gone 14 days at a time without movement of the bowels. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; I did everything I heard of but never found any relief until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $100.00 for such movement; it is such a relief." AYLMER L. HUNT, 189 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

More Information.

Tommy—What do they put water in

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, Biliousness, Foul breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blotched bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, palpitation, coated tongue, fever, troubles, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels move, you feel refreshed, clean, clear, nothing sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that follow neglected bowels. No matter what ails you, start in to-day to take CASCARETS today. For you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over a million boxes a year, greater than any other medicine in the world. This is a record of merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS under a guarantee to cure or money back. Go your druggist now and get a 10c. box, take one tablet, see how pleasant it is to take, and how quickly it acts. Then buy a 25c. box, return the unused 15c. box, and the druggist will return your money. Or, if you prefer, send us your address, and we will send you a sample free. Write for Book free by mail. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Silver Knight National Watchman	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for special terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

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Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUS

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

A. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

WOULD YOU LIKE TO TRY FOR IT

If so, write THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER, Montgomery, Alabama, and they will send you the list of prizes, and the conditions upon which you may get one of their great prizes to be given away during next May.

TABLE LAMP.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The *best* and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agents Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR ARC.

PUBLIC SPEAKING!

Hon. L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge S. M. ADAMS,
Hon. L. B. POUNDS,

will address the People of Chilton County at the following times and places:

BEAT			
1.	Smith's SchoolHouse,	Sat'day, April 6,	7 p.m.
3.	Macedonia	Monday " 8,	7 p.m.
3,	Benson	Tuesday " 9,	3 p.m.
7.	Sardis	Tuesday " 9,	7 p.m.
8.	Pletchers	Wednesday " 10,	7 p.m.
8.	Valley Creek	Thursday " 11,	2 p.m.
8.	Stanton	Thursday " 11,	7 p.m.
7.	Maplesville	Friday " 12,	10 a.m.
5.	Providence Church	Monday " 15,	7 p.m.
5.	Bethel Church	Tuesday " 16,	7 p.m.
5.	Verbena	Tuesday " 16,	2 p.m.
6.	Energy	Wednesday " 17,	10 a.m.
6.	Cross Roads	Wednesday " 17,	7 p.m.
4.	Clanton	Saturday " 20,	11 a.m.
9.	Thorsby	Saturday " 20,	7 p.m.

EVERYBODY INVITED, ESPECIALLY THE LADIES.

I will take pleasure in dividing time with my opponent in this county. L. H. REYNOLDS.

I shall not be able to keep all the above appointments, but will attend as many as I possibly can. S. M. ADAMS.

EVERY FAMILY IN THE SOUTH SHOULD PLANT PECAN TREES.

The Pecan tree not only bears one of the most delicious nuts, but it is one of the most lovely trees that grows in the South, and makes as fine a shade tree as the Elm or Maple and no family ought to be without a few trees. It would pay the town authorities to do as the French authorities do, plant nut bearing trees on the sidewalks and get a revenue therefrom. A town that would this year put out a thousand trees on the sidewalks at comparatively small cost, would in ten years get an annual return of at least $500 00 and each year there would be an increase until the income would reach from three to five thousand dollars annually. Enough to more than pay all taxes of an ordinary size town. The trees do well planted in cotton and corn fields, and farmers can cultivate the lands in crops of corn and cotton until the trees get to bearing and after they commence bearing a farmer with ten to twenty acres has a small fortune in his Pecan grove and dont need to plant cotton and corn. The tree is hardy and stands the cold weather anywhere south of Mary and. At Pinebluff North Carolina, there is a company that makes a specialty of growing the young trees for sale, and we advise the town authorities, and all readers of our paper, to write the Pinebluff Grove & Pecan Company, Pinebluff, N. C., for circulars.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe

George W. Waitt, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine. For sale by the Clanton Drug Co, and D. I. Deramus, Verbena.

Program 20th Century Meeting

at Mulberry Baptist Church, March 30 and 31, 1901.

FIRST DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer meeting, conducted by W. J. Fleming.

10. "Our Greatest Need, the Holy Spirit's Power." Discussed by P. G. Mangess 30 minutes; followed by others in 10 minutes speeches.

11. Speech: What God has done for Baptists in 100 years, by T. U. Crumpton. Recess 12 to 1.

1 p.m. "How to conduct a Sunday school;" forty-five minutes, by W. H. Connell. 15 minutes Sermon to the children by A. J. Dickinson. 10 minutes given to explanation of Helps in Teachers' Bible W. J. Ruddick.

2:10. Baptist Principles; what are they? S. M. Adams

2:45. How Baptist Principles have spread in 100 years, and what they are worth to the world, G. S. Anderson.

3. What the Baptists ought to do for the world in the next century, L. O. Dawson.

SECOND DAY

9 a.m. Prayer meeting.

10. Missions; the command; the promise, the results. A. J. Dickinson.

11:30. Sermon—L. O. Dawson.

1:30 p.m. Our church life; the public worship; the pastor; the deacons; the action; the meeting house; the women; by J. M. Collier. The young people, by I. Windsor.

2:30. Religion in the home, by H. W. Caffey.

Everybody invited to attend, especially the preachers.

F. M. Woods, Chm.

Program S. S. Convention,

for Beat nine, to be held at Cedar Grove church, Sunday, March 31, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Devotional exercises, led by president.

10. Address of welcome. Charley Eiland.

10:15. Why should parents be in the Sunday-school? J. W. Hays

10:40. What is a model Sunday-school teacher? Prof. Riddle.

11:30 The effects of the Sunday-school on the community, W A Mims.

1:30 p m. What are the essential qualifications of a Sunday-school superintendent? A. Horn.

2. The primary class, and how to teach it, T. G. Williams.

2:30. Power of kind words and deeds, C. K. Helland.

3. The value of the Sunday-school, Rev. L B Pounds.

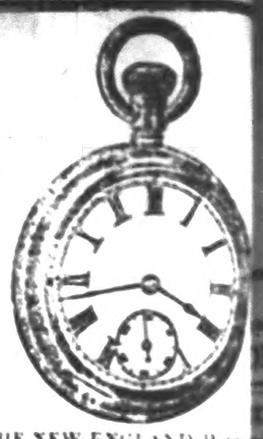
Come with your baskets filled prepared to stay all day

All Sunday-schools are requested to send delegates

J Bice, Pres.
Neoma Williams, Sec

The Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists and general stores.

Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH. Nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Sent postpaid anywhere with a silk watch guard and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch Co. giving good satisfaction. It is a poor man's time piece.

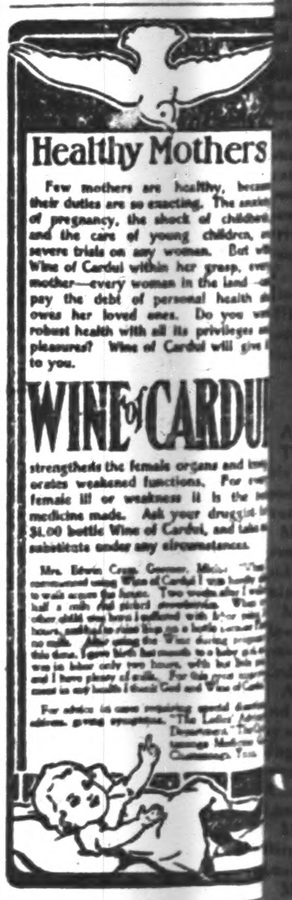
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B. B. B.

Bottle Free to Sufferers

Deep-seated, obstinate cases of blood poison that have resisted doctors, patent medicines, hot springs and patent medicine treatment, quickly yield to B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), thoroughly tested for 30 years. Have you pimples, eruptions, cancerous patches in the mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Ulcers? Colored Spots? Chancres? Ulceration on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? Then this wonderful B. B. B. specific will completely change the whole body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and a smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B. drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle will be given away free of charge.

B. B. B., for sale by druggists, $1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Complete directions with each bottle. To insure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. For trial bottle, address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and Free medical advice given.



THE BEST WAY TO

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Louisville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] all you cotton growers [illegible] and reflect. You of [illegible] advice three days [illegible] to inflict any up[illegible] [illegible] a few underlines [illegible] to show. You know that [illegible] every year about this time [illegible] price of cotton goes up and [illegible] know that this year [illegible] way and, as Touro says [illegible] down goes the price. What does this mean? You know last Fall cotton [illegible] to a fair price, because [illegible] generally thought there was a short crop. The crop turned [illegible] than was anticipated [illegible] went the price. Then [illegible] reported from all sections of [illegible] states that you were al[illegible] to plant an immense [illegible] and down again goes the [illegible] further still. Now, I am [illegible] the corner, and don't know [illegible] are going to do, but it [illegible] me that if you raise your [illegible] supplies first and all the cotton [illegible] want to afterwards, then [illegible] don't hurt. What do you [illegible]

IN MEMORIUM

[illegible] death of Mrs. Margaret [illegible], the beloved mother of [illegible] Alex Glasscock, there [illegible] a good Christian lady [illegible] eighty-four years she led [illegible] blameless life, winning the [illegible] esteem of all who knew her. She was an earnest, and devoted member on the Baptist church [illegible] she had been blind for [illegible] years she bore the affliction with true Christian fortitude. Seventeen children had been born to her and she passed from her home at the residence of her son, Mr. J. D. Glasscock, [illegible] Randolph, March 15th, to the [illegible] "Our Father who art in [illegible] where she awaits the due [illegible] of her children. The body [illegible] to rest at Macedonia, Bro. [illegible] Nix conducting the services. It was the appropriate one: [illegible] are they that die in the [illegible] All her neighbors and [illegible] were present.

Jemison.

[illegible] fools, and other fools. [illegible] Sunday-school convention at [illegible] last Sunday was well at[illegible] The weather being fine [illegible] enjoyed themselves. [illegible] Branch and County of Mont[illegible] came on last Monday night [illegible] end making this place their [illegible] home.

[illegible] O. C. Atkinson and Miss [illegible] Adams and Mr. C. W. Adams [illegible] Miss Mattie Ware visited [illegible] Grove last Sunday.

[illegible] ging at the residence of Mr [illegible] J. H. Patton was enjoyed [illegible] of the young people. The [illegible] was fine owing to the vocal [illegible] of Messrs G. M. [illegible], R. D. Mc Neil, and J. M. [illegible]

[illegible] L. H. Reynolds went to [illegible] last Saturday night on [illegible]

[illegible] Brantley and family have [illegible] Pratt City where they in[illegible] live in the future.

[illegible] J. H. Anderson is still on [illegible]

[illegible] er, sadder and wiser—the [illegible] have left.

[illegible] I. N. Langston lost a fine [illegible] last Sunday. He fell and [illegible] one of his fore legs. He could [illegible] a mile in 2.04 but he was a [illegible] aggy nag.

[illegible] will have boiled eggs in all [illegible] next Sunday.

Carric.

[illegible] Lucien V. Lataste of Mont[illegible] was in Jemison last week.

[illegible] L. H. Reynolds has been [illegible] relatives in Birmingham.

[illegible] J. T. Martin went to Clan[illegible] Thursday.

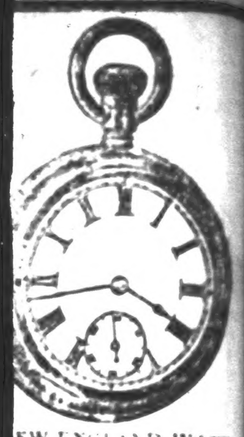
[illegible] S. J. Cole of Birmingham [illegible] for the school Friday.

[illegible] J. H. Anderson went to [illegible] Saturday.

[illegible], we were sorry that it rain[illegible] Saturday.

[illegible] has been considerable horse [illegible] for the last few days.

News Boy.



EW ENGLAND WATCH
ass, stem wind and stem set
ed for 12 months. Delivered
here with a silk cord
ain for $2.75. Try one
t a good time piece cheap.
New England Watch is sold
good satisfaction. It is the
n's time piece
D. POPWELL, Clanton,

POISON CURED BY B. B. B.
Bottle Free to Sufferers.
eated, obstinate cases, that
t have resisted doctors, but
and patent medicine treatments
uickly yield to B. B. B.
c Blood Balm), thoroughly
r 30 years. Have you mu
atches in the mouth? Sore
Eruptions? Eating Sores
ains? Itching Skin? Swe
nds? Stiff Joints? Copper
Spots? Chancres? Ulcers
the body? Hair and eye
ll out? Is the skin a mass
pimples and ulcers? Then
onderful B. B. B. specific
mpletely change the whole
to a clean, perfect condi
e from eruptions, and skin
with the glow of perfect
B. B. B. drains the poison
he system so the symptoms
eturn. B. B. B. builds up
ken down constitution and
s the digestion. Sold
est B. B. B. a trial bottle
iven away free of charge
B., for sale by druggists at
arge bottle, or 6 large bottles
treatment) $5. Complete
ns with each bottle. The
bottle reads Botanic Blood
For trial bottle, address
D BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.
trouble and Free medical
iven.

lthy Mothers
mothers are healthy, because
ties are so exacting. The anxiety
nancy, the shock of childbirth,
care of young children, are
rials on any woman. But with
Cardui within her grasp, every
—every woman in the land—can
debt of personal health she
er loved ones. Do you want
health with all its privileges and
s? Wine of Cardui will give it

NE of CARDUI
ens the female organs and invigo
weakened functions. For every
ill or weakness it is the best
made. Ask your druggist for
ottle Wine of Cardui, and take no
te under any circumstances.

BEST WAY TO THE
AND SOUTH-WEST,
ORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—VIA THE—
L. & N.
ILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
he Through Cars
ne pass Calera daily, run
ugh Montgomery, Mobile
and New Orleans,
ecting with all points in
XAS AND THE WEST.
ing through to Nashville,
ville, Louisville, Cincinnati
and St. Louis,
ecting for all points in the
AND NORTH-WEST
urchasing tickets to any point
Agent of the Louisville &
Railroad at Clanton, Ala.
ers, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY APRIL 4, 1901 NO. 24

MAN ON THE CORNER

The Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

all you cotton growers,
and reflect. You are getting
advice these days, so I am
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What does this mean?
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IN MEMORIUM.

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We will have boiled eggs in all
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CRITIC.

Mr. Lucien V. Lataste of Montgomery was in Jemison last week.
Mrs. L. H. Reynolds has been visiting relatives in Birmingham.
Mr. J. T. Martin went to Clanton last Thursday.
Mr. S. J. Cole of Birmingham nursed for the school Friday.
Mr. J. H. Anderson went to Clanton Saturday.
Boys, we were sorry that it rained Saturday.
There has been considerable horse trading for the last few days.
NEWS BOY.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Lily, March 25, 1901

Editor Banner.—I wish every farmer who makes cotton would read W. G. Raul's letter in last week's Constitution and practice or take the advice made in this letter. It is strange indeed that so few farmers will have any business methods in farming. Cotton has declined from 10½ cents in Sept. to 7¼ cents in March. This decline is said to be caused by preparations for a monster crop for 1901, and unless some disaster to cut off the crop what can we expect but 5 cents cotton when it has made this decline before any seed has been planted? 5 cent cotton to pay for 10 cent meat and 50 cent corn seems like a downhill business when we can raise it all at home for less money. If we can't make our farms self-sustaining why not quit the business and try something else? Why not cut off a few acres of intended cotton land now and plant in corn, peas, potatoes, etc? Raise all the hogs we can and fatten for pork in the fall. This would surely be more profitable than 5 cent cotton to buy 10 cent bacon.

Why not start the ball to rolling here in Chilton and do it this season? If the merchant should overstock his store with a certain line of goods that cost him 7c, knowing that he would have to sell at 5c. to dispose of this line of goods we would pronounce him insane. That is exactly what we are doing when we are making preparations for an over-production of cotton.

Let each farmer ask himself the question, why do I wish to run cotton down to 5 cents when I can more easily get 10 cents with the proper management, and fill my corn crib, barn and smokehouse besides?

Some farmers argue that they are compelled to plant a large number of acres in cotton let the price be what it may. This I consider a poor argument and the fellow that will do it should appeal to his good wife and say to her, I am a failure and cannot fulfill the marriage vow that I pledged you, and I want to quit making slaves of you and the children, and quit eating this western meat and bread; so take charge now, good wife, and commandest thou me what to do and I will do it; and if your wife fails to take charge then throw heads and tails for a better business, for you can't worst yourself, for you certainly have the tail end of the farming business.

Respectfully, B. H. JONES.

As the hot weather of summer is approaching, this paper will constantly keep before its readers TEETHINA, a remedy which, where known, is being universally used to prevent and counteract the effects of warm weather upon small children, and it is hoped that all mothers of this community will keep their children in a healthy condition by giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

Cooper.

Our community was made sad on the 29th of last month by the death of one of our dearest friends, Leola Driver, wife of Anderson Driver. She leaves an infant baby and two little orphaned sisters. There was a large sorrowing crowd of friends and relatives went with her to the last resting place in the Eiland's cemetery. She was loved by all who knew her. We left her body there to rest, and hope her soul is numbered with the blessed. The bereaved ones have our deepest sympathy. A FRIEND.

Died at Thorsby on Tuesday the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Riggins, only a few weeks old.

Kincheon.

Miss Lillie Holt, an accomplished young lady of Montgomery, who has taught a most successful school at Center Point, left for her home to-day. Miss Lillie made many friends while here and we regret to see her leave.

Mr. Joe Atkinson visited Mr. C. D. Lobbe several days ago. Bob seemed very much pleased upon his return. Wonder what is the matter?

All the farmers are busy getting ready to plant corn.

There was a very enjoyable dance given at Mr. P. M. Grimes' home several nights ago; every one seems to have had a pleasant time.

A SUB-CRIBER.

Why don't you dress a wound with Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic instead of that old greasy salve or ointment? It will prevent or remove inflammation and soreness and heal it much quicker and is so much cleaner and more pleasant. Only 50 cts a bottle by druggists.

Rockymount.

The first Saturday and Sunday is quarterly meeting at this place. Rev. J. B. Miller will preach the second Sunday, regular meeting day. Singing every second and fourth Sunday evenings, and prayermeeting Wednesday nights. They have organized a prayer-meeting over at Union which will meet on Thursday night in each week.

Rev. Mr. Van Ness has been conducting a successful revival meeting at Oak Grove—"Holiness or Hell" is his motto, and he makes things very warm for the unbeliever. He is all O. K.

We are very much under the impression that many a poor man will cast his vote April 23 that will never vote another ticket. Anyway, as one grand brother remarked, he hoped that every man that stayed at home and plowed that day would be disfranchised.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure—No Pay. Price 25 cents

Cedar Grove.

Messrs. Jesse Hayes, J. L. Baker and James Barrett, made a business trip to Clanton through the rain Monday; I think politics rushed them out.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Baker visited her brother, Mr. Frank Price, Tuesday.

Mrs. A. P. Price, accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Thuela Baker, visited her daughter, Mrs. Newt Waller, the latter part of last week.

The S. S. convention held here Sunday was a grand success; it was attended by the largest crowd that has been at Cedar Grove for some time.

Rev. A. L. Pattillo, of Verbena, preached an interesting and instructive sermon here last Wednesday night to a large congregation. He will preach again Wednesday night of the 2d of April.

We are reliably informed that the reason Mr. Harvey Wilson looked so "long faced" Sunday was his spicy had given him the "G. B. in box car letters." We can feel for Harvey but can't quite reach him.

We have heard several making enquiry as to who "Old Patch" was, and we wish to inform them that if they know the moss-backed sager, who walked and followed a wagon twenty miles to see the hind wheels run over the fore wheels, as they were the smallest (the fore wheels) and tried to bring a charge against his brother in the church who went to Montgomery last August and came back and reported seeing them making ice, for lying; they are fairly well acquainted with the brother.

OLD PATCH.

'Tis Easy To Feel Good.
Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Thorsby, Ala., March 28, 1901

One more victim of the irregularities in the Enrolling Clerk's Office(!)

The citizens of this thriving little burg had several difficulties to overcome in getting their town incorporated at the late session of the General Assembly. But with a little hard work they succeeded in getting their charter through. One of the objects of incorporating was to obtain power to issue bonds for public improvements, principally fire protection, and the bill gave the city of Thorsby the power to bond itself for $5,000 for that purpose. But the Enrolling Clerk is blamed for dropping out one zero, thus reducing the figure to $500! That blunder knocks Thorsby out of the proposed improvements until next session of the General Assembly, which, we hope, will be more fortunate in the choice of some of its clerks.

K. G. FARGHR.

The record of the Thorsby charter bill officially known as House bill No. 732, shows that the bill was introduced by Representative Pounds. The original bill as drawn by Mr. Pounds, limited bond issues by the town of Thorsby to "five thousand dollars." The engrossed bill is exactly the same as the original bill and reads, "five thousand dollars." The enrolled bill reads "five hundred dollars." The enrolled copy of a bill goes to the Governor for his approval consequently the bill reading "five hundred dollars" became a law.—Advertiser.

A Raging, Roaring Flood
Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by Clanton Drug Co. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, wherein I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The SW¼ of SW¼ of SE¼ Section 1 Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 29th day of April, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 25th day of March 1901.

M. A. KILGORE, Sheriff.

SURE FOAL GETTER
The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.
FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

SEED POTATOES, 50 cents per bushel. Apply to S. E. BRUCE, Clanton.

SEED PEANUTS for sale; call on J. W. DAVIS, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Men and Women; steady employment; Salary $50 per month; Cash security $375; call at the Duke House, Clanton.
KNAPP & CO.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address
C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Everybody and his wife to go to his druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. It preserves the flesh, prevents inflammation or suppuration and heals like magic. Pleasant as perfume and stainless as rose water.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The Best Prescription for Malaria
Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA.

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA.

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

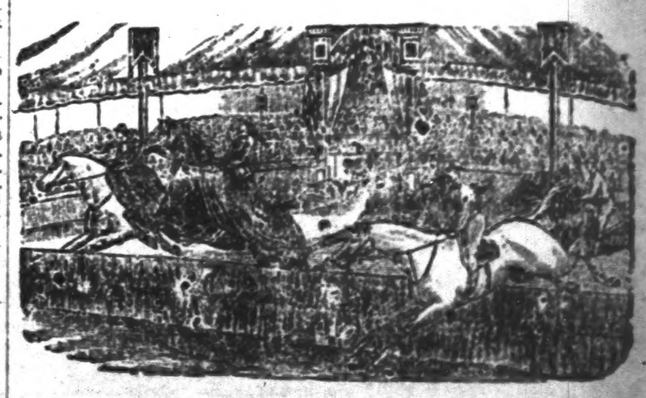
Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

BIG SHOW FOR CLANTON!

SELLS AND GRAY'S
UNITED SHOWS
COMING ON A SPECIAL TRAIN OF TWENTY CARS
SATURDAY, APRIL 13,
GRANDEST AND GREATEST TENTED AGGREGATION OF
ANIMAL WONDERS AND ARENIC ATTRACTIONS
THAT EVER VISITED CLANTON



See THE DAZZLING MORNING STREET PARADE
THE FREE EXHIBITION ON THE GROUNDS

100 GREAT PERFORMING ACTS 100

The Marvelous Eddys, Miss Edna, the Earl Sisters, and many others.

Don't forget Clanton, Saturday, April 13!

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Some confiding British financiers have come over here to look after the alleged rights of the minority stockholders in certain corporations. These must be desperately ignorant Englishmen to imagine that minority stockholders in America have any rights whatever.

Farmers should encourage the establishment of canning factories near at hand, even if they have to invest somewhat in the stock in order to get them started. There is profit in growing fruit and vegetables when there is a market close at hand. Co-operative establishments, owned by the men who are to grow the products, should pay well if properly managed, states the American Cultivator.

Interest is added to the Pacific cable project by the announcement that Germany is planning to lay a cable of her own across that ocean, to serve the needs of her extensive empire and of her vast and increasing commerce. It should be constantly kept in mind, however, that the United States has most need of such a cable, and has incomparably the best route along which to lay it. We hope it will ere long be added that the United States is first in the field to perform the task.

A new industry has developed abroad, having its origin in an American custom. Straw hats are now made for horses. Our humane truck drivers have been wont to protect their horses' heads from the scorching rays of the sun by a coarse harvest straw, with two holes cut in the brim for the equine ears. This idea, it is said has been adopted in England. A hat has been made especially adapted to that purpose, and over 10,000 of them sold last summer. This season preparations have been on foot for a great increase in such sales. Why not introduce them here, where the idea originated? queries the Dry Goods Economist.

The sentencing of political offenders in Russia to service in the army is not a new thing. The new feature is the application of this form of punishment to intractable and incendiary students at the universities. For many years it has been a practice to withdraw political convicts from the Siberian mines on account of good conduct and allow them to serve out their time in the army. Care has been taken, however, to keep such men in regiments which have been assigned to severe duties at places remote from the more settled districts. Dostoevsky, the novelist, who was sent over the frozen road to "the icy roof of the world" just after he had achieved fame as a writer and was subsequently transferred to the military service, found the latter hardly less painful than the work in the mines. The students manage to keep the police in a state of agitation, and the general strike in the schools last year was so annoying that it was resolved to get rid of the leaders by condemning them to the ranks of the army.

While two boys were skating recently on Crum Creek, in Swarthmore, Penn., they heard a cry for help, and, hastening to the place from which it came, they found a girl of their own age who had broken through the ice and was in desperate peril. One of the boys instantly leaped into the water and swam to the girl's assistance, while his companion remained at the edge of the ice, ready to do what he could when the rescue had been effected. The boy in the water reached the girl, and after a long struggle brought her almost within reach of the other boy. The motions of the latter caused the ice to break under him, and he, too, fell into the water. Then a terrible question assailed the first boy. He knew that the second boy, who was his most intimate friend, could not swim. His own strength was almost exhausted, and he could not save both the girl, whose name he hardly knew, and his closest friend. He had to choose, and did choose—the friend. Leaving the girl, he swam to the boy and held him above the surface until they were both pulled out by other boys who at last reached the scene. The girl's dead body was recovered several hours later. The boy who could have saved her at the expense of his friend's life is half mad with doubt as to whether his conduct was right or wrong. The question is not a simple one. Many considerations have to be taken into the account, among them, that the boy to whom the alternative was presented was only 16 years old.

FREDDIE FUNSTON GETS HIS REWARD

President Includes Him In Promotion List.

KANSAN BRIGADIER GENERAL

Among Officers Advanced Are Many Southerners—All Are in Regular Army.

The following important army appointments were announced at the white house Saturday night:

To be major general United States army:

Brigadier General Lloyd Wheaton, vice Miles promoted lieutenant general.

To be brigadier generals in the regular army:

Colonel Jacob H. Smith, Seventeenth United States infantry, brigadier general volunteers, vice Dagett, retired.

Brigadier general, Frederick Funston, United States volunteers, vice Wheaton, promoted.

The announcement of these appointments was made after a conference between the president, Secretary Root and Adjutant General Corbin, and at the same time the long expected list of appointments of majors and captains in the quartermaster's and commissary departments and chaplains was made known.

All of these appointments are in the regular army, under the recent act of congress enlarging and reorganizing the army and without exception the staff appointees are from volunteer officers.

The chief interest, however, centered in the three high appointments of a major general and two brigadiers, and more particularly in the selection of General Funston after his gallant exploit in capturing Aguinaldo.

Following the announcement General Corbin sent the following to General MacArthur:

"WASHINGTON, March 30.—MacArthur, Manila.—The following appointments made: Wheaton, major general. Smith and Funston, brigadiers general. Secretary of war joins me in congratulations to all.

CORBIN."

Among the other appointments were the following:

To be captains and assistant quartermasters:

W. M. Coulling, Virginia; W. B. Barker, Mississippi; A. W. Butt, Georgia; H. L. Pettus, Alabama; L. F. Garrard, Jr., Georgia; K. J. Hampton, Kentucky; B. Frank Cheatham, Tennessee; Frederick W. Cole, Florida; Charles T. Baker, South Carolina.

To be captain and assistant commissary of subsistence:

H. G. Cole, Georgia; T. B. Hacker, Tennessee.

To be chaplains:

John M. Moose, Mississippi; Charles T. Wright, Georgia; A. A. Pruden, North Carolina.

The promotion of General Funston shows that President McKinley has not been influenced by the disposition on the part of what is known as the regular army combine to discount the importance of Funston's sensational achievement.

The fact that a volunteer officer, without the assistance of the regular army, has been able to locate and make a captive of this notorious Filipino is not relished by the regulars. Funston is not popular with the regular army combine, which was demonstrated by the stubborn opposition to every effort that had been made to promote him. He was urged for promotion to the rank of brigadier general, but he was without sufficient military or political influence to obtain the recognition which many persons claim he was entitled to.

Orders Four New Ships.

The North German Lloyd Steamship Company has ordered the construction of four large steamers at Bremen, Germany.

Glass Works Close May 1st.

The Indiana glass manufacturers notified all their plants in the United States to close May 1st until late in the fall. This is two weeks earlier than usual.

END OF WAR NEAR.

Island of Mindanao Pacified and Many Rebels Surrender.

An important dispatch was received at the war department Friday from Gen. MacArthur at Minila. It did not refer to Aguinaldo or Funston, but in the opinion of the war department officials it went far to support the prediction made by General MacArthur in a previous dispatch relating to those two leaders, to the effect that the end of the rebellion is near. It chronicles the surrenderof a considerable additional number of rebels and military arms, and the important featnre of it is that the surrender marks the stamping out of the insurrection in Mindanao.

SALISBURY IN BAD WAY.

Doctors Say English Statesman Suffers From Bright's Disease.

A story is current in London that Lord Salisbury is suffering from a kidney affection which is likely to incapacitate him for some time.

The doctors have pronounced Lord Salisbury's ailment as Bright's disease in so aggravated a form that a grave view is being taken of the case.

PLEADS FOR LOYALTY

Emperor William Makes Some Highly Sensational Remarks to His Soldiers.

A special from Berlin says: The conservative German papers do not discuss Emperor William's speech to the Alexander Grenadier regiment at their new barracks Thursday, but the liberal papers generally comment on his majesty's utterances, emphasizing the statement that the emperor is ill-informed concerning the character of the March (1848) revolution in Berlin. The National Zeitung expresses its inability to comprehend what current events induced the emperor to refer to the revolution of 1848, and says that it does not see any signs of his majesty needing a body guard.

The Vossiche Zeitung is also unable to see any occasion for the emperor's words, since nobody in Berlin is thinking of revolution, and his majesty's predecessors repeatedly recognized the loyalty of Berlin's population.

The Vowaerts cites a number of previous speeches of the emperor, exhorting the soldiers to fight for him when necessary, and claims that it has authentic information that his words were literally as follows:

"If the city of Berlin should again impudently and disobediently rise against the king, as in 1848, then, my Grenadiers it will be your duty, with the points of your bayonets, to annihilate the impudent and disobedient."

The Tageblatt is amazed and asks what has occurred to justify the emperor's words. It points out that the revolution of 1848 was not directed against the Hohenzollern dynasty and appeals "from the ill-informed emperor to the rightly informed."

According to The Kleine Journal, Emperor William, during a toast last evening, said:

"Attempts have been made to disturb the cordial friendship between Russia and Germany. It is certainly not my fault if such attempts have temporarily proved successful."

The Berliner Tageblatt, which confirms this statement, asserts that the emperor made a speech, when replying to a toast to himself, in which he went deeply into politics, and especially the Russo-German relations and his own relations with the chief of the Emperor Alexander Grenadier regiment, namely, Emperor Nicholas.

In the Prussian house of lords Friday, after Count Ziethen had saddled the socialists and anarchists of Bremen with the offense of instigating the attack upon the emperor, Dr. Studt, minister of public worship and education, stigmatized the attempt as "due to the demoralization of youth," and promised that public education would be so changed as to "inculcate a fear of God and respect for authority."

The Hanover Courier says: "There is method in the fiction that the Bremen attempt was a deliberate, murderous assault. The conservatives, under all conditions, wish to make capital out of the attempt. The pessimistic views of the emperor explain themselves in the light of authentic information that his majesty's entourage are assiduously at work to convince him that the attempt was a deliberate crime, although the Bremen court has not found the slightest confirmation of such a theory."

The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten approves the emperor's sentiments on the ground that "socialists and anarchists constantly teach hatred of the kaiser."

The Cologne Gazette blames the emperor for "throwing a new firebrand into party strife," declaring that there is no disposition anywhere to revolt.

The Kreuz Zeitung considers the kaiser's words regarding revolution as "timely and appropriate."

The Tageliche Rundeschau regrets that the emperor dropped "words which will have a disastrous effect upon those hitherto loyal," and expresses a hope that he will not commit "faults which on former occasions have led to revolutions."

The Berliner Post approves his majesty's utterances, "because the socialists are known enemies, whose programme could only be realized through bloodshed and revolution."

Buck Leaves On 15th.

Minister Buck, of Georgia, expects to return to Japan on the 15th of April. At the state department the report circulated to the effect that he might be transferred to some other station is denied.

The President's Trip.

Washington, March 30.—The President's trip to the Pacific coast is to be in no sense a speech-making tour, it being the President's desire, as far as possible, to avoid addressing the crowds which will congregate at the various places at which he will stop. Some set speeches are already arranged for, but the President will make no rear platform speeches. Another feature of the trip will be the substitution of a drive through a city for a public reception. The trip will be so arranged that there will be no traveling on Sunday.

Road Brought $1,500,000.

Monroe, La., March 30.—A million and a half of dollars was the price offered and accepted at the mortgage sale of the Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific railroad today at noon. There was only the one bid made by Harry Hall, attorney for the Queen & Crescent system, and their assistants. The sale occurred at noon in front of the Monroe depot and was only a matter of legal routine.

SCANDAL AMONG OFFICERS.

Reported Frauds in Commissary Department.

Manila, March 31.—Interest in the capture and fate of Aguinaldo is well nigh overshadowed in Manila by sensational developments, present and prospective, of frauds in the commissary department. How widely these extend has not yet been ascertained, but enough is already known to justify the belief that they are far-reaching.

Captain Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, quartermaster of the department of Southern Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the assistant manager of the Hotel Oriente, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manila, a number of store keepers and other persons have been arrested. The investigation has scarcely begun, but thousands of sacks of flour, a quantity of bacon and wagon loads of other goods, all bearing government markss have been found in the possession of unauthorized persons.

It is alleged that the contractor in question, who has been doing a business approximating $100,000 a month, has spent huge sums in entertaining officers.

A prominent commissary officer is accused of leading a scandalously immoral life.

It is asserted that large quantities of stores have been lost or stolen in transit, and also that there is a shortage in the commissary department.

New scandals are developing daily. Illicit transactions have been traced back to June, 1900, and it is possible that there are others of earlier date.

The exorbitant tariff on provisions makes the surreptitious sale of commissary supplies immensely profitable.

It is understood other United States officers may be arrested.

Lieut. Philip K. Sweet, of the Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, is prosecuting the investigation under the direction of Colonel Wilder, chief of police.

DIED TO SAVE HIS MEN.

Fire on the Gunboat Petrel Causes Death of Commander.

Cavite, March 21.—At 7 o'clock this morning a fire was discovered in the sailroom of the United States gunboat Petrel, Lieutenant Commander Jesse Mims Roper commanding. The sailroom is a small compartment adjoining the magazine. The heat was intense, the smoke suffocating and the flames difficult to extinguish.

Lieutenant Commander Roper was the first to descend into the hold, but he was forced te return to the deck. Others then went down. Seaman Patrick Toner was prostrated and about to perish, when Lieutenan Commander Roper endeavored to rescue him and was suffocated in the attempt.

Lieutenat Josiah Sutts McKean succeeded in bringing the body of Lieutenant Cammander Roper to the deck. Twenty-two of the crew were prostrated—Toner, Evans, Faherty, Larsen, Kessler, Cahey, Burton, Smith, Sullivan and Forbson seriously, but all will recover.

The contents of the sail room were destroyed, but the damage to the gunboat was slight. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained, possibly it was a case of spontaneous combustion.

NO MINERS' STRIKE.

Committee Decides Not to Start Contest With Coal Operators.

A special from Wilkesbarre, Pa., says: The threatened strike of 143,000 miners in the hard coal region will not take place. At a meeting of the executive committee of the United Mine Workers of the three anthracite districts, held Friday, it was decided that the men should continue at work.

This committee was given arbitrary power by the general convention of miners, held at Hazelton in the forepart of the month, to declare a strike if the circumstances warranted it.

Henderson Is Granted New Trial.

Dallas, Tex., March 30.—H. C. Henderson, who accuses himself of kidnaping young Cudahy at Omaha, was today granted a new trial in both of the cases in which he was recently convicted and given terms aggregating thirteen years. Motions to this effect were granted because of defects in the indictments. It has been arranged to have him reindicted early next week and tried again next Thursday.

AGUINALDO A PRISONER

General Funston Captures the Insurgent Leader.

DARING PLAN IS SUCCESSFUL

The Filipino Chief Brought to Manila by the Intrepid Volunteer Soldier on Board the Gunboat Vicksburg—Was Surprised in His Hiding Place in the Province of Isabella, Island of Luzon.

Manila.—General Frederick Funston's daring project for the capture of General Emilio Aguinaldo in his hiding place in the province of Isabela, island of Luzon, has proved completely successful.

Aguinaldo was captured there March 23.

The United States gunboat Vicksburg, Commander E. B. Barry, with General Funston and Aguinaldo on board, arrived here Thursday morning.

Several reports have been received from time to time during the course of the campaign in the Philippines that Aguinaldo was dead, and several efforts have been made to capture him, but up to the present time it was not known certainly whether he was alive or dead.

Early in the war there was a story that he had been shot while crossing a river, and his body had been seen floating away. Late in 1899 Major Peyton C. March, of the Thirty-third Infantry, conducted a long search for him through the Benguet Mountains, but finally abandoned the pursuit, and in May last it was reported that the Filipino leader, driven into the woods by Major March's command, had been slain by the savage Igorrotes. Within a few weeks, however, he was said to be personally organizing a large army in the north.

A dispatch from Manila on June 6 last told of the return of Ma[illegible] from his long chase after [illegible] in the highlands of Cagayan [illegible] men were worn out by their [illegible] and only thirteen of the 60 [illegible] they had cut with them over[illegible] tives reported the insurgent [illegible] wounded in the shoulder [illegible] March, however, had a [illegible] letters captured in the house [illegible] notorious leader which he had [illegible]

Aguinaldo's wife and sister [illegible] captured on January 1 of [illegible] Talabia, Province of Bo[illegible] Major March. Four rebel [illegible] eighteen of their men and [illegible] can surrendered with the [illegible] His mother was also captured [illegible] son died during the fight [illegible] family before the Americans [illegible] The women have been well [illegible] Manila.

GENERAL FREDERICK FUNSTON.
(The captor of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader).

EMILIO AGUINALDO.
(The captured Filipino leader.)

GENERAL FUNSTON'S CAREER.

The Adventurous Little Kansan a Fighting Soldier of Fortune.

General Frederick Funston is a fighting soldier of fortune. He was born in Ohio in 1866, and was reared on a farm near Iola, Kan., where his father removed when he was [illegible] years old. He attended the University at Lawrence, but left [illegible] finishing his sophomore year.

Mr. Funston was employed on a newspaper at Fort Smith, Ark., [illegible] was not very profitable. He then went on a botanical expedition to Death Valley in the following [illegible] and later to Chilkoot Pass in Alaska. At the head of the Yukon he built a canoe, in which he went down to the Klondike country, where Dawson City is now situated.

General Funston two years [illegible] made arrangements with the Cuban Junta to enlist as a lieutenant [illegible] in the Army of Liberation, joining a filibustering expedition and landing in Camaguey in August of 1896. He became second in command in charge of artillery to W. Dana Osgood, and [illegible] much hard fighting. Osgood was killed by a Spanish bullet, and Funston assumed command. At Bayamo he led a cavalry charge with [illegible] mounted Cubans attacking 2500 Spanish infantry. At Las Tunas Funston was shot and had his horse killed under him. The horse fell on him. Although Funston was badly wounded he crept to the headquarters and protested against the execution of [illegible] ty Cuban guerillas, who were captured, fighting under the Spanish flag.

Funston returned to New York in 1898. When war with Spain was declared Funston at once offered his services to President McKinley. He was commissioned colonel of the Twentieth Kansas, and was afterwards offered a position on General [illegible] staff, because of his knowledge of Cuba.

Funston fought through the Spanish war and then returned to Kansas, later going to California, where he was married. Six hours later he sailed with his regiment for Manila.

The Kansas soldiers who had written home about General Funston told of how, although suffering from a lame leg, he slept on the firing line and how he led the charges. He went with his regiment when it entered into Caloocan and was the first American soldier to enter Malolos. He was the first American officer to cross the river at Calumpit.

General Funston was charged in May, 1900, with summarily executing two natives in the Province of Batabales. It developed that General Funston caught the natives in the act of murdering bound Macabebe scouts, and his action in view of the circumstances was considered justifiable.

Killed Himself With Dynamite.

Samuel Hagerty, a prosperous farmer, at Payne, Ohio, took a quantity of dynamite and went to the field announcing his intention to blast stumps. Later a violent explosion alarmed his neighbors, and on investigation they found a few scattered remnants of the man. An inquest developed the fact that he had placed the explosive under a large stump, sat thereon, and deliberately lighted the fuse.

Germany Confiscates American Fruit.

Advices from Consul-General Guenther at Frankfort, Germany, state that under the German law dried fruits which have been treated with sulphur are considered injurious to health and are subject to confiscation. In several instances this actually has taken place.

Australia's Big Wheat Crop.

It is officially estimated that the wheat yield of Australia will reach 17,700,576 bushels, or an increase of 2,552,625 upon last year's yield.

Seal Catch Close to 400,000.

Sealing steamers which have arrived at St. Johns, N. F., report that the other ships have from 20,000 to 25,000 seals each aboard. The complete success of the season is assured. The whole catch is likely to approach 400,000, being the largest in twenty years.

China Did Not Sign Agreement.

China had not signed the agreement with Russia respecting Manchuria within the time set for its acceptance or rejection.

[illegible] ARP'S LETTER

He Delights to Receive Inspiration From the Apocrypha.

QUOTATIONS FROM STRANGE BOOK.

[illegible] Government For the Country Can Only Be Brought About and Maintained by Through Family Influences.

The family is the most important institution upon the earth. It is the foundation of the world. Its influences are more than that of kings, emperors and cabinets. Parents and children are around the hearthstone in families, make up communities, and they make states and nations and choose their rulers. As the family goes, so is the government good or bad. Single unmarried men are generally individuals and feel a great liberty outside of their individual comfort and welfare. But parents are concerned for their children. They live for them and would die for them. Consequently we want good government that will protect them. But not every family who feels this concern.

From my window I see the homes of many neighbors and can count on my fingers those whose presence is a safe guard to the community, and the rest are of but little consequence. If they were to move away it would not add to nor detract. So it is in all communities. The few protect the many. So it is in church and state. Twenty members of our legislature control its legislation. Ten members of an average church membership give the church its character. Sodom was destroyed because ten good men could not be found. If all men were good we would have no need of courts or prisons. But for every church that is set on a hill there is a jail in the valley.

I hear the preacher calling and the bell tolling from the one, and imagine I hear the devil calling from the other, and he cries out as the sergeants did in the old muster language, "Oh, yes! Oh, yes! All who belong to Captain Satan's company parade here." And the people are going and coming all the time some to one call and more to the other. But as the devil can't be heard afar off, he goes about calling, and even invades the sanctuary and calls aloud while the preacher is preaching.

"He never erects a house of prayer but what the devil builds a pulpit there. It will be found upon examination that the devil has the largest congregation."

His pulpit is always at the rear end where the young people love to sit, and I can tell how popular he is by the number who sit there.

I was ruminating about this family institution and its great importance in the world because I have been reading about it in the Apocrypha, which is one of our family Bibles. I heard a preacher say once that a Bible without the Apocrypha in it should not stay in the house. Well, it took 1,826 years to exclude it from the Protestant Bible, and most of it is in the Roman Catholic Bible yet.

What is called a sacred canon was not established until the sixteenth century, and for centuries before that almost every great theologian had his own catalogue of inspired books as he believed them. For 300 years only one of Paul's epistles were admitted. The Book of St. James and the Revelation of St. John were excluded. So were Esther and Daniel and Jonah in the Old Testament. Luther tried to have Hebrews, and James, and Jude, and the Revelations of St. John excluded, but failed. But all differences of opinion seem to have been harmonized at the council of Trent by all Christians and the Apocrypha was left in, not as an inspired part, but to be read for religious instruction. In 1826 it was excluded from the Protestant Bible, but it remains in many of the old time family Bibles and is in one of mine.

I dare to peruse it sometimes, especially "The Wisdom of Jesus the Son of Sirach," which is called Ecclesiasticus, which has fifty chapters and is as full of maxims and morals and instruction for the family as are the Proverbs of Solomon. Addison says that if this book had been left in the canon, or if it had the name of some great Greek philosopher, it would have commanded the admiration of mankind. To my mind it is the condensation of wisdom for family government. It is as pointed and pungent as anything that Solomon ever wrote. This Jesus was a better man than Solomon. He lived and wrote 300 years after Malachi, the last of the prophets. In the close of his narrative concerning Moses and the prophets he says of Solomon: "By his body he was brought into subjection and didst stain his honor and pollute his seed so as to bring wrath upon his children, and his kingdom was divided."

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GENERAL FUNSTON'S CAREE

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In my walk now I see the homes of my neighbors and can count on my fingers those whose presence is a safeguard to the community, and the rest of little consequence. If they should move away it would not add to nor detract. So it is in all communities. Few are the many. So it is in our state. Twenty members of our legislature control its legislation. Twenty members of an average church govern the church. Samson was destroyed because Delilah could not be found. If men were good we would have no need for constables or prisons. But for a city that is set on a hill there must be a valley.

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"A man that breaketh his wedlock, saying, 'Who seeth me; am I not compassed about with darkness,' he forgetteth that the eyes of the Lord are ten thousand times brighter than the sun."

"Blessed is he who hath a virtuous wife, for the number of his days shall be doubled."

"A silent and loving woman is a gift from the Lord."

"A fool will peep in at the door of the house, but he that is well nurtured will stand without."

"Do not banquet upon borrowed money."

"Commend not a man for his outward appearance, for many kings have sat down upon the ground, and one that was never thought of hath worn the crown."

"A friend cannot be known in prosperity, and an enemy cannot be hid in adversity."

"Use not much the company of a woman who is a singer lest thou be captured with her voice."

"Rejoice not over thine enemy when he is dead."

"Lend not to who is higher than thyself, but if thou lendest count it lost."

"Sit not down with the wife of another man in thine arms, for it will bring thee to destruction."

"My son, help thy father in his old age and thou shalt have joy in thine own children."

"Have no fellowship with those who are mightier and richer than thyself, for how can the earthen kettle and the pot agree?"

"When a rich man speaketh every man holdeth his tongue and extol it to the clouds, but if a poor man speak, they say, 'What fellow is this?'"

"Build not a house with another man's money, for it is like gathering stones for the tomb of thy burial."

"A thief is better than a common liar."

"Accustom not thy mouth to swearing nor to the naming of the Holy One."

"Against him that is niggard of his meat his neighbors shall murmur."

"Keep a sure watch over a shameless daughter lest she make thee a laughing-stock and a byword in the city and a reproach among thy people."

Whether this book be inspired or not, it is full of devotion to God and gratitude for His goodness. The Old Testament Hebrews canon was made up and closed before this Jesus lived, or perhaps Ecclesiasticus would have been embraced in it. It is certainly entitled to as much consideration as Solomon's Song, for there is not a vulgar or lascivious expression in it.

This much about the Apocrypha will answer some inquiries I have received, two of them from preachers. I have a long letter from my old friend, Bishop Turner, concerning that recent publication of William Hannibal Thomas; that bill of indictment against negroes of his own race. He denounces Thomas. His opinion is that some learned white man wrote the book and paid Thomas for the use of his name. He says this is the opinion of those in South Carolina who know this scapegallows. He says, "I am well acquainted with him; knew him during the war in front of Richmond, where some southern hero shot off one of his arms, and it is a pity he did not shoot his head off. He is now receiving an exhorbitant pension from the United States government. If there ever was money paid to a dog, it is paid to him. If the white people of the south knew half as much about his rascality and villainy as he has told me, they would seek his blood. If our preachers are so bad as he represents them, what did he stop for and join the party of the devil? He was one of the preachers of my church and will be until hell opens her arms to receive him," etc., etc.

I have been following Bishop Turner's course ever since the war, and have never known aught against him as a man or a Christian. In the year 1866, when our people at Rome were under the oppression of a Spanish captain, one De la Mesa, Bishop Turner acted as a mediator and tried to make our condition more tolerable. He made a speech at Reese's Spring, near Rome, that we all commended, and did his utmost to prevent that Spaniard from exercising his foul domination and tyranny. Ever since then his pen and voice has been for peace between the races. I am pleased to speak of him as "my friend."—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

A few champions of the American trotter are uncomfortable because the number of pacers bred in this country has made remarkable gains in comparison with the total of trotters. But, after all, what's the harm? If American breeders and buyers of fast animals used in light harness prefer the pacer to the trotter, any effort to balk their preferences will surely be futile. Let them have their way without lamentations or protests. If the pacer in the long run does not justify his predominance, the trotter will surely come to his own again in due time, remarks the New York Tribune.

It appears from President Eliot's report of last year's work at Harvard that boys enter college a trifle younger than they did a generation ago, and few of them proportionally are now prepared by private tutors. The number entering from public schools is steadily increasing. Dr. Eliot thinks that the excellence of the preparatory schools ought still further to reduce the average age of entrance. "There is no good reason why nine-tenths of all the boys who mean to go to Harvard College should not be fully prepared for admission at eighteen years of age," he says.

SHEEP-EATING PARROTS.

Their Efforts to Get at the Kidneys of the Living Animals.

A group has just been mounted in the Smithsonian Institution which represents vividly one of the most extraordinary instances of animal life that have ever come under the observation of man.

It appears that during a recent winter in New Zealand the herders of the numerous flocks of sheep in that country noticed that many of the animals were afflicted with wounds in the back or loins, sometimes severe and occasionally so much so as to prove fatal. The cause of these wounds was a mystery until a shepherd one day saw a kea, or mountain parrot, clinging to the wool of a sheep and picking at a sore on its flank. A close watch was instituted and the birds were again many times caught in the act of wounding the sheep, the object being evidently to reach the fat surrounding the kidneys. The origin of the habit was subsequently revealed. During summer the keas inhabit the higher portions of the mountain districts, and when the severe weather destroys, or the heavy snows cover their supply of food they descend to lower levels where the climate is more mild and food less scarce. During the winter referred to they descended lower than usual, as far, indeed, as the plains inhabited by the sheep-raisers, and finding their natural food scarce are attracted by the pressed carcasses of sheep hung upon meat gallows. Alighting upon these they found the flesh to their liking and particularly the fat surrounding the kidneys.

"No other conclusion seems more plausible," says a scientist in connection with the Smithsonian Institution, "than that these birds possessed sufficient intelligence to recognize in the living sheep, the source of this food supply, and therefore, in the absence of slaughtered meat they avail themselves of the living bodies. Recent discoveries in natural history reveal nothing stranger or more startling than the change of this parrot from an originally purely vegetable diet, consisting of honey-producing flowers, fruits and berries, to one of flesh—not dead flesh merely, but the substance of living animals. This is, indeed, a most remarkable instance of acquired taste."

The group in the museum of the Smithsonian Institution represents faithfully a sheep attacked by two of the keas, or meat-eating parrots. The latter are mounted upon the victim's back and engaged in tearing the flesh with their powerful beaks. The keas resemble the ordinary type of the Mexican parrot with the exception that they are somewhat larger and their plumage is darker, and variegated with brown.—Washington Times.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Patience is the art of hoping.—Vanvenargues.

The worst deluded are the self-deluded.—Boree.

The great end of life is not knowledge, but action.—Huxley.

Every man is a volume if you know how to read him.—Channing.

Few maxims are true from every point of view.—Vauvenargues.

'Tis the best of love that fairest joys give most unrest.—Keats.

Delicacy is to the mind what fragrance is to the fruit.—Poincelot.

To see what is right and not to do it is want of courage.—Confucius.

He who thinks his place below him will certainly be below his place.—Saville.

Pithy sentences are like sharp nails which force truth upon our memory.—Diderot.

The ink of the scholar is more sacred than the blood of the martyr.—Mohammed.

In the division of life there is a time present, past and to come. What we do is short; what we shall do is doubtful, but what we have done is certain and out of the power of fortune.—Seneca.

Mountain Falls Into Sea.

A Vancouver (B. C.) special runs: The whole crest of a mountain over a mile in circumference slipped into Loughborough inlet, 100 miles from Vancouver, a few days ago.

The great slide was the result of an earthquake and the resulting shock of the falling mountain top was felt for a long distance. At this part of the coast the mountains rise almost perpendicularly from the water for 700 or 800 feet. The mountain which fell was composed of a crag which overhung the shore, and a great slice of it sheered off into the bay.

The break extended back over 500 feet from the shore. Giant trees and rocks were swept away, as if they had been toothpicks. Instead of crumbling as it fell, the huge mass of rock and earth turned over and flung itself far out into the bay, forming a small tidal wave.

Cruelty, Thy Name is Man!

He had established her comfortably in the sleeper, told her to be sure to dress with sufficient warmth, and had in turn promised to see "with his own eyes" that the dog was properly fed, and that the plants should not suffer, when the "all aboard" period was reached.

It was to be her first visit to her loved ones since she had left them to "love, honor and obey" the villain of this little poem without rhyme, sort of "sweet bells jangled" you see.

Furthermore, she had received her good-bye kiss, along with some advice as to any attention "that loud-looking drummer two seats ahead" might offer, when she, in her turn, followed up her parting salute with:

"Now, you'll be a good boy."

"Yes; if you don't stay too long," was his reply.—Philadelphia Record.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Revivals a Benefit — Lessons Drawn From Famous Religious Awakenings — The Most Useful Christians Are Those Converted Early in Life.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is most pertinent at this time, when a widespread effort for religious awakening is being made; text, Luke v. 6, "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and their net brake."

Simon and his comrades had experienced the night before what fishermen call "poor luck." Christ steps on board the fishing smack and tells the sailors to pull away from the beach and directs them again to sink the net. Sure enough, very soon the net is full of fishes, and the sailors begin to haul in. So large a school of fishes was taken that the hardy men begin to look red in the face as they pull, and hardly have they begun to rejoice at their success when snap goes a thread of the net, and snap goes another thread, so there is danger not only of losing the fish, but of losing the net.

Without much care as to how much the boat tilts or how much water is splashed on deck the fishermen rush about gathering up the broken meshes of the net. Out yonder there is a ship dancing on the waves, and they hail it: "Ship ahoy! Bear down this way!" The ship comes, and both boats, both fishing smacks, are filled with the floundering treasures.

"Ah," says some one, "how much better it would have been if they had staid on shore and fished with a hook and line and taken one at a time instead of having this great excitement and the boat almost upset and the net broken and having to call for help and getting sopping wet with the sea!"

The church is the boat, the gospel is the net, society is the sea, and a great revival is a whole school brought in at one sweep of the net. I have admiration for that man who goes out with a hook and line to fish. I admire the way he unwinds the reel and adjusts the bait and drops the hook in a quiet place on a still afternoon and here catches one and there one, but I like also a big boat and swift oars and stout sails and a stiff breeze and a great multitude of souls brought—so great a multitude that you have to get help to draw it ashore, straining the net to the utmost until it breaks here and there, letting a few escape, but bringing the great multitude into eternal safety.

In other words, I believe in revivals. The great work of saving men began with 3000 people joining the church in one day, and it will close with forty or a hundred million people saved in twenty-four hours when nations shall be born in a day. But there are objections to revivals. People are opposed to them because the net might get broken, and if by the pressure of souls it does not get broken, then they take their own penknives and slit the net. "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and the net brake."

It is sometimes opposed to revivals of religion that those who come into the church at such times do not hold out. As long as there is a gale of blessing they have their sails up, but as soon as strong winds stop blowing then they drop into a dead calm. But what are the facts in the case? In all our churches the vast majority of the useful people are those who are brought in under great awakenings, and they hold out. Who are the prominent men in the United States in churches, in prayer meetings, in Sabbath-schools? For the most part they are the product of great awakenings.

I have noticed that those who are brought into the kingdom of God through revivals have more persistence and more determination in the Christian life than those who come in under a low state of religion. People born in an icehouse may live, but they will never get over the cold they caught in the icehouse.

A cannon ball depends upon the impulse with which it starts for how far it shall go and how swiftly, and the greater the revival force with which a soul is started the more far-reaching and far-resounding will be the execution.

But it is sometimes objected to revivals that there is so much excitement that people mistake hysteria for religion. We admit that in every revival of religion there is either a suppressed or a demonstrated excitement. Indeed, if a man can go out of a state of condemnation into a state of acceptance with God or see others go without any agitation of soul he is in an unhealthy, morbid state and is as repulsive and absurd as a man who should boast he saw a child snatched out from under a horse's hoofs and felt no agitation, or saw a man rescued from the fourth story of a house on fire and felt no acceleration of the pulses.

Salvation from sin and death and hell into life and peace and heaven forever is such a tremendous thing that if a man tells me he can look on it without any agitation I doubt his Christianity.

The fact is that sometimes excitement is the most important possible thing. In case of resuscitation from drowning or freezing, the one idea is to excite animation. Before conversion we are dead. It is the business of the church to revive, arouse, awaken, resuscitate, startle into life.

Excitement is bad or good, according to what it makes us do. If it makes us do that which is bad, it is bad excitement, but if it makes us agitated about our eternal welfare, if it makes us pray, if it make us attend upon Christian service, if it make us cry unto God for mercy, then it is good excitement.

It is sometimes said that during revivals of religion great multitudes of children and young people are brought into the church, and they do not know what they are about. It has been my observation that the earlier people come into the kingdom of God the more useful they are. Robert Hall, the prince of preachers, was converted at twelve years of age. It is likely he knew what he was about. Matthew Henry, the commentator, who did more than any man of his century for increasing the interest in the study of the Scriptures, was converted at eleven years of age; Isabella Graham, immortal in the Christian church, was converted at ten years of age; Dr. Watts, whose hymns will be sung all down the ages, was converted at nine years of age; Jonathan Edwards, perhaps the mightiest intellect that the American pulpit ever produced, was converted at seven years of age, and that father and mother take an awful responsibility when they tell their child at seven years of age, "You are too young to be a Christian," or, "You are too young to connect yourself with the church." That is a mistake as long as eternity.

If during a revival two persons present themselves as candidates for the church, and the one is ten years of age and the other is forty years of age, I will have more confidence in the profession of religion of the one ten years of age than the one forty years of age. Why? The one who professes at forty years of age has forty years of impulse in the wrong direction to correct; the child has only ten years in the wrong direction to correct. Four times ten are forty. Four times the religious prospect for the lad that comes into the kingdom of God and into the church at ten years of age than the man at forty.

I am very apt to look upon revivals as connected with certain men who fostered them. People who in this day do not like revivals nevertheless have not words to express their admiration for the revivalists of the past, for they were revivalists—Jonathan Edwards, John Wesley, George Whitefield, Fletcher, Griffin, Davies, Osborne, Knox, Nettleton, Moody and many others whose names come to my mind. The strength of their intellect and the holiness of their lives make me think they would not have had anything to do with that which was spasmodical. Oh, it is easy to talk against revivals.

A man said to Mr. Dawson: "I like your sermons very much, but the after meetings I despise. When the prayer meeting begins, I always go up in the gallery and look down, and I am disgusted." "Well," said Mr. Dawson, "the reason is you go on the top of your neighbor's house and look down his chimney to examine his fire, and of course you only get the smoke in your eyes. Why don't you come in the door and sit down and warm?"

Oh, I am afraid to say anything against revivals of religion or against anything that looks like them, because I think it may be a sin against the Holy Ghost, and you know the Bible says that a sin against the Holy Ghost shall never be forgiven neither in this world nor the world to come. Now, if you are a painter, and I speak against your pictures, do I not speak against you? If you are an architect and I speak against a building you put up, do I not speak against you? If a revival be the work of the Holy Ghost and I speak against that revival, do I not speak against the Holy Ghost? And whoso speaketh against the Holy Ghost, says the Bible, he shall never be forgiven neither in this world nor in the world to come. I think sometimes people have made a fatal mistake in this direction.

Many of you know the history of Aaron Burr. He was one of the most brilliant men of his day. I suppose this country never produced a stronger intellect. He was capable of doing anything good and great for his country or for the church of God had he been rightly disposed, but his name is associated with treason against the United States government, which he tried to overthrow, and with libertinism and immorality. Do you know where Aaron Burr started on the downward road? It was when he was in college and he became anxious about his soul and was about to put himself under the influences of a revival, and a minister of religion said: "Don't go there, Aaron; don't go there. That's a place of wildfire and great excitement. No religion about that. Don't go there." He tarried away.

And who is responsible for his ruin for this world and his everlasting ruin in the world to come? Was it the minister who warned him against that revival?

When I speak of excitement in revivals, I do not mean temporary derangement of the nerves, I do not mean the absurd things of which we have read as transpiring sometimes in the church of Christ, but I mean an intelligent, intense, all absorbing agitation of body, mind and soul in the work of spiritual escape and spiritual rescue.

Now I come to the real, genuine cause of objection to revivals—that is, the coldness of the objector. It is the secret and hidden but unmistakable cause in every case, a low state of religion in the heart. Wide awake, consecrated, useful Christians are never afraid of revivals. It is the spiritually dead who are afraid of having their sepulcher molested. The chief agents of the devil during a great awakening are always unconverted professors of religion.

As soon as Christ's work begins they begin to gossip against it and take a pail of water and try to put out this spark of religious influence, and they try to put out another spark. Do they succeed? As well when Chicago was on fire might some one have gone out with a garden water pot trying to extinguish it. The difficulty is that when a revival begins in a church it begins at so many points that while you have doused one anxious soul with a pail of cold water there are 500 other anxious souls on fire.

Oh, how much better it would be to lay hold of the chariot of Christ's gospel and help pull it on rather than fling ourselves in front of the wheels, trying to block their progress. We will not stop the chariot, but we ourselves will be ground to powder.

Aroused pulpits will make aroused pews; pulpits aflame will make pews aflame. Everybody believes in a revival in trade, everybody likes a revival in literature, everybody likes a revival in art, yet a great multitude cannot understand a revival in matters of religion. Depend upon it, where you find a man antagonistic to revivals, whether he be in pulpit or pew, he needs to be regenerated by the grace of God.

I could prove to a demonstration that without revivals this world will never be converted and that in 100 or 200 years without revivals Christianity will be practically extinct. It is a matter of astounding arithmetic. In each of our modern generations there are at least 32,000,000 children. Now add 32,000,000 to the world's population and then have only 100,000 or 200,000 converted every year, and how long before the world will be saved? Never—absolutely never!

During our Civil War the President of the United States made proclamation for 75,000 troops. Some of you remember the big stir. But the King of the universe to-day asks for 1,200,000,000 more troops than are enlisted, and we want it done softly, imperceptibly, no excitement, one by one. You are a dry goods merchant on a large scale, and I am a merchant on a small scale, and I come to you and want to buy a thousand yards of cloth. Do you say: "Thank you. I'll sell you a thousand yards of cloth, but I'll sell you twenty yards to-day and twenty to-morrow, and twenty the next day, and if it takes me six months I'll sell you the whole thousand yards; you will want as long as that to examine the goods, and I'll want as long as that to examine the credit, and, besides, that, a thousand yards of cloth are too much to sell all at once?" No, you do not say that. You take me into the counting room, and in ten minutes the whole transaction is consummated. The fact is, we cannot afford to be fools in anything but religion.

That very merchant who on Saturday afternoon sold me the thousand yards of cloth at one stroke the next Sabbath in church will stroke his beard and wonder whether it would not be better for a thousand souls to come straggling along for ten years instead of bolting in at one service.

We talk a good deal about the good times that are coming and about the world's redemption. How long before they will come? There is a man who says 500 years; here is a man who says 200 years; here is some one more confident who says in fifty years. What, fifty years? Do you propose to let two generations pass off the stage before the world is converted? Suppose by prolongation of human life at the end of the next fifty years you should walk the length of Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, or the length of Broadway, New York—in all those walks you would not find one person that you recognize. Why? All dead or so changed you would not know them. In other words, if you postpone the redemption of this world for fifty years you admit that the majority of the two whole generations shall go off the stage unblessed and unsaved. I tell you, the church of Jesus Christ cannot consent to it. We must pray and toil and have the revival spirit, and we must struggle to have the whole world saved before the men and women now in middle life pass.

"Oh," you say, "it is too vast an enterprise to be conducted in so short a time!" Do you know how long it would take to save the whole world if each man would bring another? It would take ten years. By a calculation in compound interest each man bringing another, and that one another, and that one another, in ten years the whole earth would be saved—1911. Before the organs in our churches are worn out they ought to sound the grand march of the whole earth saved. If the world is not saved in the next ten years, it will be the fault of the church of Christ. But it will all depend upon the revival spirit. The kink and line fishing will not do it.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 7.

Subject: The Resurrection of Jesus, Luke xxiv., 1-12.—Golden Text, 1 Cor. xv., 20.—Memory Verses, 6-7.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "The first day of the week." Christ was in the tomb part of Friday, all day Saturday and part of Sunday, which was called three days according to Jewish reckoning. He arose very early in the morning on the first day of the week. The manner of the reuniting of Christ's soul and body in His resurrection is a mystery, one of the secret things that does not belong to us. The first company of women were three: Mary Magdalene, Mary the mother of James, and Salome, the mother of the beloved disciple, John. They began their journey to the sepulcher before dawn, reaching the place at sunrise. At the appearance of the angel the Roman guards were so frightened that they fell as dead men, and it would seem that they fled from the tomb before the women came. "Very early in the morning." They came at the earliest moment after their Sabbath. They probably left their homes in different parts of the city at different times, some of them reaching the tomb at sunrise. So, in our service of love for Christ, we ought to come early in the morning of life before we have wasted our energies in sin. "Bringing the spices." Powdered aromatic substances and fluid perfumes appear to have been used in laying out the dead body for burial. They proposed to apply these spices to His body to keep it from putrefaction, which is another proof that they did not expect Him to rise again.

2. "The stone rolled away." As the women journeyed they questioned who should roll away the stone, but when they reached the tomb they discovered the stone was rolled away. The tomb was cut in the side of a rock, like a cave, large enough for several persons to enter. The entrance was protected by a stone, sometimes round, like a large millstone, rolled in front of the opening. The difficulty was a serious one, for the stone was very large (Mark 16: 4); covering an aperture of at least three or four feet in height and two or three in breadth, and it would take two or three men to move it. Sometimes duty seems impossible, but as we go on obediently the difficulty vanishes, as it did before these women.

3. "They entered in." Mary Magdalene seems to have been in advance of the rest and only looked in (John 20: 1); the others entered. "Found not the body." The linen grave clothes were there, but the tomb could not hold Christ. The empty grave was the boundary line between the old dispensation and the new. The sublimest expectations of the Old Testament were now fulfilled in the resurrection of Christ.

4. "Much perplexed." They did not know what to do or where to go. Their thought was, "They have taken away the Lord, and we know not where they have laid Him." "Two men." Angels, Matt. 28: 5. Matthew speaks of but one, the one who did the speaking, and Mark speaks of him as a young man. "Shining garments." Matthew says his countenance was like lightning and his raiment white as snow. The raiment was emblematical of the glad tidings which the angels came to announce, and also of purity and fellowship with God. Rev. 3: 4, 5.

5. "They were afraid." It is no wonder that the women were afraid. Matthew says that through fear the keepers "did shake and became as dead men." "They." The angels. "Said." "Why seek ye the living among the dead?" It admits of doubt whether the Greek expression here would not have been more literally rendered, "the living one"—the great source of life, the life of the world.

6. "He is—risen." He was crucified, but is risen. Instead of anointing Him as dead they may rejoice in His being alive from the dead. Death hath no more dominion over Him. The resurrection morn was a time of gladness to the disciples of Jesus. It brought (1) joy, (2) victory, (3) faith, (4) hope. It is the true comfort of all believers. How mournfully do the women go to the tomb, but how joyfully do they return. The risen Christ is the remedy for every trouble; His resurrection is the pledge of ours. But that which causes rejoicing on the part of some will bring consternation and despair to others. The proofs of the resurrection are ample. 1. He appeared frequently at different times and places to many. 2. The apostles believed it so fully that they based their hope of eternal life upon it. 3. They were completely transformed after the resurrection and attested their faith by their own death. 4. The very existence of the Christian church and its power for good in the world. 5. The spiritual life put in the hearts of His people (Rom. 8: 11)—the fact that He saves men and makes His promises good to them proves conclusively that Christ is alive from the dead. "Remember." Call to mind what you have forgotten in your sorrow over His death. "In Galilee." This was their home (chap. 23: 55), and nearly a year before He had told of His coming death.

7. "Saying." See chap. 9: 22, 44, 45; 18: 31—33; Matt. 16: 21. "Rise again." Jesus had tried to impress them with this truth in order to comfort them in the hour of their great sorrow, but they failed to comprehend its meaning.

9. "Returned from the sepulchre." Matthew says the angel told them to go quickly and tell His disciples that He was risen, and that they departed quickly with fear and great joy, and did run to bring the disciples word.

10. "Mary Magdalene." She was a native of Magdala, a town on the Sea of Galilee, and was foremost among the honorable women who ministered unto Christ and His disciples, being especially devoted to Christ for His mercy in casting out from her seven evil spirits. Luke 8: 2, 3. There is no evidence that she was ever a bad character. "Joanna." Wife of Chuza, the steward of Herod Antipas (chap. 8: 3), and hence a woman of some influence and wealth. "Mary, the mother of James." Called James the Less to distinguish him from James, the brother of John. She was the wife of Alpheus (compare Mark 3: 18), who seems also to have been called Cleophas. John 19: 25.

11. "Believed them not." They thought they must surely be mistaken; they could not understand or comprehend their words.

12. "Then arose Peter." John went with Him and reached the sepulchre first. John 20: 2, 3. They heard the story from Mary Magdalene, before the women returned. "The linen clothes." This was the fine linen in which Joseph of Arimathea wrapped the body. This small circumstance is no mean proof of the resurrection of *our* Lord. Had the body been stolen away all that was wrapped about it would have been taken with it.

A very successful New Yorker in an address to young men referred to "clergymen with the two 'ways'—a very small income and a very large family." The small income still wins the minister's seat—the average for American clergymen being $600—but the large family is a thing of the past. The ministerial family is somewhat remarkable nowadays if it includes more than three children—usually two sons and one daughter.

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CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

FOR DELEGATE FROM CHILTON COUNTY:

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE:

H. W. CAFFEY.

POPULIST NOMINEE:

L. H. REYNOLDS.

DELINQUENT taxpayers' attention is called to page 8 of this issue.

Did you ever see such weather for the month of April?

WE have crowded all we possibly could into this issue, and must ask the indulgence of those correspondents whose communications do not appear. We really couldn't help it.

THE Eighteenth Annual Convention of the Alabama State Sunday-school Association will be commenced at Talladega, April 9 and last three days.

A SESSION of the Southern Normal Musical Institute will be held at Clanton, under the direction of Prof. A. J. Showalter, commencing July 22, and continuing twenty days, closing with a concert on the evening of August 13. Rev. F. M. Woods is President of the committee, and Mr. E. B. Deason, secretary. It promises to be a very important session for the lovers of music.

W. POWELL Hale will give an entertainment at the court house Friday night for the benefit of the cemetery. He comes highly recommended and an enjoyable evening is in prospect. Admission 25c and 15c. Tickets can be had at Clanton Drug Store.

GENERAL Funston is the hero of the hour. His remarkable capture of Aguinaldo is one of the proudest achievements of any soldier of any time.

THE Constitutional convention is apparently not worrying the people of Chilton much, but perhaps they will get more interested after awhile. But the election is only two weeks from next Tuesday.

FREE Silver—300 pounds of silver dollars was the weight of money received by Supt. Moore for the payment of teachers.

Clanton is to have a big circus under mammoth tents Saturday, April 13. Bill posters in a special advance car were busy Tuesday putting up brilliant paper in Clanton and the surrounding country for Sells & Gray's United Shows, one of the greatest circus combinations in America. The show requires between twenty and thirty cars for its transportation, carrying a big animal collection, 200 horses and 200 performers. There will be a big street parade on the morning of the show.

In a recent letter addressed to the United Confederate Veterans, Commanding General J. B. Gordon has officially set apart May 30th as the day on which proper and special tribute will be offered to the memory of the great cavalry leader, Lieut.-General Nathan Bedford Forrest; the day to be known as "Forrest Day," and the parade arranged for that date, which will be the third day of the Reunion, to be especially formed with the view of celebrating the victories of the dashing cavalryman.

Randolph.

Mr. E. G. Cofer, who recently lost his gin house and mill by fire, is preparing to rebuild.

Mrs. Honeycutt, of Clear Creek, has been visiting her son, ex Judge Honeycutt. We know it is a great pleasure to the Judge to have his mother visit him in her extreme old age.

Rev. Mr. Smitherman, of Brierfield, filled his regular appointment at Pleasant Grove on the 24th inst.

Mr. J. W. Wright is erecting a nice new residence.

Miss Tempie Smitherman, of Jemison, visited here last week.

Prof. J. N. Dennis has moved to Jemison.

Mrs. Will Cofer has been quite sick.

Rev. J. H. Thomas filled his appointment at Pleasant Grove last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Franklin, of Thorsby, visited here last week.

Mr. N. L. Maroney of Randolph attended church here Sunday.

Messrs. J. G. Payne and H. Z. Barnes, of British, attended church at Pleasant Grove Sunday. v.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to Sufferers.

Is your blood pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poisons are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores a $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write to-day. Describe trouble and free medical advice given

It is said that the powers of either man or woman are developed fivefold by working with a life-companion who is in entire harmony. The ideal wife as a rule has it in her power to make the ideal husband. What constitutes the ideal wife is discussed in an extremely able article by Lavinia Hart in the April Cosmopolitan.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair fall nz, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only peterted Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1901,

for the purpose of voting for or against the holding of a Constitutional Convention, and for the election of a Delegate from Chilton county and fifty five delegates from the State at large to said Convention.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—Ira Campbell, W. P. Cleckler, J. M. Davis, managers; Buck Arledge, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 1—John Lowery, Jr. W. H. Shaw, Hugh Henry, managers; O. C. McGraw, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 2—W. A. Reynolds, F. M. Langston, J. H. Patton, Sr., managers; C. L. Langston, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 1—R. J. Williams, John Lightsey, J. L. Williams, managers; Calvin Jones, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 2—D. C. Hubbard, S. E. Waldrop, J. C. Veazey, managers; J. F. Fleming, returning officer.

Beat 4—F. M. Forbee, P. M. Moore, N. A. Kicker, managers; M. A. Killgore, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, E. G. Rollins, T. P. Calloway, managers; J. J. Vinson, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 2—J. M. Grant, E. J. Jones, T. J. Traywick, managers; Albert Thompson, returning officer

Beat 6—M. F. Lett, B. F. Dobbs, I. M. Deason, managers; A. T. Hathcock, returning officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, W. Y. Nix, W. D. Lawrence, managers; Noah Cooper, returning officer.

Beat 7—Box 2—J. P. Gentry, J. D. Holcombeck, Noah Latham, managers; Charley Littlejohn, returning officer.

Beat 8—box 1—J. J. Letcher, D. C. Gandy, W. J. Ruddick, managers; Buckner Harris, Jr., returning officer.

Beat 8—box 2—Sear Harris, R. P. Kendrick, J. M. Walker, managers; J. T. Anderson, returning officer.

Beat 9—J. M. Mims, Jim Collins, T. G. Williams, managers; W. Gant Riggins, returning officer.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Holds Up A Congressman.

"At the end of the last campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant Congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-round medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Clanton Drug co.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an executive issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith I have levied on the following property, to wit:

N ½ of the SW ¼ less four acres in the northeast corner thereof, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 35, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 36; all in township 23, range 16 east, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Therefore according to said command, I shal expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1901,

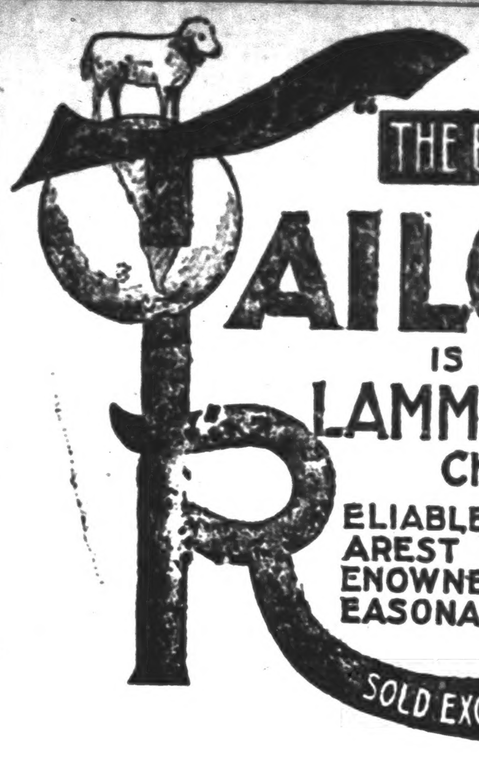
during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 3d day of April, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica salve will cure the worst case of Piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by druggists.



"THE BEST ON EARTH"

TAILORING

IS MADE BY

LAMM & COMPANY

CHICAGO.

RELIABLE FABRICS,
FAREST WORKMANSHIP,
ENOWNED FITS,
REASONABLE PRICES.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em and we know you can't be

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 1,000 PRIZES.

What will be the population of the Dominion of Canada on May 1st, 1901? Every subscriber to the Weekly Advertiser who takes advantage of our special trial offer will be entitled to one guess free.

Following is a full explanation of the guessing contest:

Send in your guess when you send your subscription, and you will receive a certificate by return mail with your guess thereon.

FIRST PRIZE $5,000.

Send us $1.00 and we will send you The Weekly Advertiser for one year, and you can have one guess free.

The Weekly Advertiser will give an additional guess to any one sending in a club of two yearly subscriptions at $1.00 each, and one guess will be given to each of the two subscribers in the club.

Prizes to be awarded as follows:

To the one making the nearest correct guess	$500
To the 2nd	200
To the 3rd	100
To the 4th	50
To the 5th	10
To the 6th	5
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $10 each, amounting to	120
To the next 42 nearest correct guesses $5 each, amounting to	120
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses $3 each, amounting to	300
To the next 280 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	560
To the next 400 nearest correct guesses $1 each, amounting to	400
Total 1,000 prizes, amounting to	$10,000

The Press Publishing Association has deposited $10,000 in the Central Savings Bank of Detroit, Mich., for the express purpose of paying these prizes. In case of a tie, or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them. Address The Weekly Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala.

Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Wm. T. Smith, and his wife, Kate B. Smith, to Robt. A. Mullins, guardian, dated the 27th day of February, 1900, and recorded in Mortgage Record Book 53, page 329 in the office of the Probate Judge of Chilton county, Alabama, and which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell, in front of the Court House door at Clanton, in said county of Chilton, on

MONDAY, APRIL the 8th, 1901,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The north half of the northeast fourth, (less four acres in the northeast corner thereof) and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-five; and the north half of the northwest fourth of section thirty-six, all in township twenty-three, range thirteen, east, containing 236 acres, more or less, and lying and being in Chilton county, Alabama.

Also, the following personal property, to-wit. One dark bay mare named "Molly." One dark bay mare known as the "Cain mare;" one two-horse wagon and harness.

MARY L. CURRY,
Assignee of said Mortgage.
ROB'T. H. KNOX, Attorney.

Subscribe for the Banner.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Stampley.

THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN., THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY, AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give you some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best equipped attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For other particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. M. SPIVEY'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Avenue BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demands of our business we are now laying in a NEW and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Fashions.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Chautauqua Circle meets second Monday in February, next Monday in March, third Monday in April, second Monday in May, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Now to-day 7 60 cents.

Same date last year 9 cents.

Bales received to date	1900	1899
Pickens & Co.	2195	1895
Mullins	2150	2072
Wilson	573	571
Byrne	484	81
Total	5379	5419

Dr. H. W. Caffey was in town Monday.

Judge Adams attended the Sunday school convention at Jemison Sunday.

Mr. Lonnie Smith, of Montgomery, spent Sunday at home here.

Master Walter Strock, of Gadsden, has returned home, after a pleasant visit to relatives here.

Mr. W. L. Kemp, of Waugh, was in town Sunday.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler was over among the good people of Beat 1 last week, and a large addition to the membership of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association resulted from his labors. The Farmers' Mutual is growing very fast.

Prof. R. A. Rasco, of Thorsby, was in town last Thursday.

Prof. Wm. Luther, of Mountain Creek, was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. T. G. Milling, of Plantersville, was in town on business Monday.

Mr. Buckner Harris, of Stanton, was a visitor here a day or two this week.

Mr. W. H. Bean, of Waddy, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound offered to the public. For abrasions of the skin, laceration of the flesh, burnt by flame or steam, hot metal, tape burns, or sun burn, scalds, worms, "poison oak," etc., it is eminently superior to anything. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all live awake druggists.

Mr. J. L. Williams, of Lily, was amongst our welcome visitors Tuesday.

Judge Adams left for New Orleans Tuesday night to meet his son, Dr. J. B. Adams, who has sufficiently recovered to leave San Antonio, Texas, after his deplorable accident.

Mrs. J. D. McNeil of Montgomery is visiting the family of Dr. W. E. Stewart.

Wilson & Bro. have opened up their new store house.

Mr. I. N. Gentry of Thorsby was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Rasco of Collins Chapel was in town Friday.

Miss Eula Narramore of Collins Chapel visited Clanton Friday.

Miss Laura Langston of Jemison visited friends in Clanton this week.

Mr. George Hill and Miss Eva of Lomax visited Clanton Wednesday.

Mrs. James Knight of Lomax visited Clanton Wednesday.

What's the matter with giving your horse or mule a dose of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic when he has colic? It will cure him and that's what you want. For sale by druggists and dealers.

Miss Burnett and Mrs. Maddox of Vossburg were visitors here Wednesday.

Miss Velma White of Mulberry was in town Tuesday.

Miss Zuella Popwell of Lily was a visitor here Wednesday.

Mrs. Billingsley of Kincheon was a visitor here Wednesday.

Dont fail to see the pretty Ladies' Hats at Mrs. G. L. Phillips, next door to Abe Kanter. Prices lower than ever before.

Mrs. Burt Higgins of Deatsville is visiting Mrs. Guy Higgins.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Green a girl baby on Tuesday.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. G. C. Scott and Miss H. J. Honeycutt.

Sheriff Killgore brought from Montgomery yesterday Annie Young, colored, who escaped from Sheriff Moore about five years ago.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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PARTMENT

sold 25 per cent cheaper than
a quart of our J. M.
if you are not satisfied
sewhere for $1, we will
ers. We are your friend

1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM, AL

STOCK!

increasing demands of
now laying in a NEW

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of the finest grade
lwas fresh.
SMALLEST MARG
O SERVE YOU
Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in May, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 and 7½ cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2199	2899
Mullins	2150	2022
Wilson	372	321
Jones	458	337
Total	5179	5579

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When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy **MAJOR'S CEMENT**; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to **MAJOR'S CEMENT**. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two superior cements. Use best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK Aches and Kidney Pains relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine. Put a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP
FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY:
25 CARS
PER DAY.

PURINA
MILLS
ST. LOUIS, MO.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 5c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1.50 hat for $1.00	
Men's	75 cts hat for 50c
Men's	50 cts hat for 35
Men's	25 cts hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.00
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes.....a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celuloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 20 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 5 c value	3c
Corsets, 50 c value	37
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST.
OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B E JONES CLANTON

Down goes the price of cotton

and down goes Touro's prices

NEW LINE OF SPRING GOODS NOW COMPLETE

I buy goods to sell, not to keep, and make the prices so low you can't help but buy.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE PRICES?

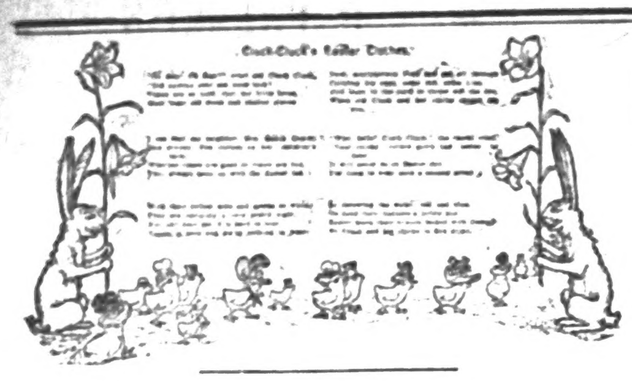
Embroidery, 7½c goods sell at 5c
Embroidery, 5 in & 6 in width 12c
cotton chaliey, 36 in. width, 5 c yd
White ducking, short lengths, 6½c
colored ducking, 8 c. per yard
Calico, 4 and 5 c. per yard
Sheeting, 4½ c. per yard
Nice Ladies' Hats—plenty

Ladies' Vests—3 for 10c
Ladies Dress Goods, 50c up.
Ladies' Dress Goods, biggest line in the market
Men's suits, $1.40 up; coats 65 c
Children's suits, 98 c. up
Umbrellas from 25 c. up

A FINE LINE OF MEN'S SPRING GOODS.

Would give you more prices but The Banner is so crowded can't get space. Respectfully

H. TOURO, Clanton



THE LEGEND OF THE EASTER RABBIT

THE wonderful rabbit which lays the red, white and blue Easter eggs is one of the oldest of historic characters. In fact, wise men who have tried to trace the story to its source have gone back far beyond the earliest beginnings of written history only to find its big, woolly ears sticking up through the mists of tradition and superstition.

But the strangest thing about the Easter rabbit is that you will find him in every part of the world in Africa and Asia as well as in Europe and America and if he is not laying Easter eggs he is doing something equally remarkable and noteworthy.

People who think the rabbit only a timid, stupid and commonplace member of society are entirely mistaken. They ought to read the volumes that have been written about him. And as for the children! Mother Goose may be more familiar where English is spoken, but the Easter rabbit is known to the little one in every language.

Not even the greatest students have ever been able to learn how it happens that the rabbit lays Easter eggs. All they know is that little children and particularly little children in Germany, make, as their grandfathers did before them, warm nests of hay during Easter week, in which they find on Easter morning a lot of beautiful colored eggs, laid there, of course, by the Easter rabbit. Sometimes the Easter rabbit even leaves a little candy or china image of himself behind him in the midst of the eggs, by way of a card. But really no proof is needed. Years before the oldest man can remember it was always said that the rabbit laid the Easter eggs, and there is no more reason to doubt it now than there was then.

In St. Louis the shop windows are now crowded with Easter rabbits, and the Easter cards as often as not show the Easter rabbit's picture. Ask somebody why it is a rabbit instead of a woodchuck or any other animal. You will find nobody that can tell you. Nobody knows. All they can do is to make shrewd guesses at it.

Going back behind the first books men have found that the rabbit was regarded as a sacred animal by widely scattered people all over the world. Even the American Indians, who had never, so far as we know, heard of Easter, had their feast of the Great Hare, or rabbit, and in the sixth century after Christ, before the early inhabitants of what is now England had been Christianized, the hare or rabbit is said to have been sacred to Ostara, the goddess of dawn and of spring.

Among the natives of South Africa there has been for centuries and still is a story which connects the rabbit with Easter in a curious way. The spots on the surface of the moon form, as these natives say, the perfect image of a rabbit. And as the moon sets or dies and rises again every thirty days, it sent the rabbit to take its message to the children of men.

"Go," said the moon to the rabbit; "go and say to men that, even as I die and rise again, so shall they also die and rise again."

But the rabbit was wicked, and did not carry the message straight.

"The moon says," the rabbit told the South African natives, "that even as I die and do not rise again so shall you also die and not rise again."

When the rabbit came back and told what he had done, the moon was naturally angry, and struck at him with a hatchet. The blow struck the rabbit and split its upper lip. People who doubt the story are asked to notice that the rabbit's lip is split to this day. And besides having its lip split the rabbit was much frightened at the moon's anger, so that it ran away and hid in a hole in the ground, and has been timid ever since.

Going over to Asia we find that the rabbit still holds its place as a sacred animal. In China and all the other countries where the religion of Buddha prevails, the story runs that the great Buddha himself was at one time terribly hungry, and wandered up and down on the surface of the earth looking for something to eat, but found nothing. Finally the rabbit saw the hungry god and felt sorry for him. Going up close, so that Buddha could not fail to see him, the rabbit laid down at his feet.

"Eat me," said the rabbit to Buddha.

But the Chinese divinity was not to be outdone in generosity. Instead of eating the rabbit he transported it up to the moon, and there to this day the little Chinese children can see it. Against the bright face of the moon they can make out a tall cassia tree, with a spreading top. Under this tree sits the rabbit on its haunches, pounding continually in a mortar from which is made the water of life. Perhaps if our children will look carefully at the moon they, too, may be able to make out the shape of the rabbit which lays the Easter eggs.

And to-day in China at the time of the celebration of the great moon festival, which corresponds in season to Easter in Christian lands, the figure of the rabbit is stamped on the moon cakes, which relatives and friends exchange among each other in the place of Easter cards.

In certain parts of England, even at the present time, much more is made of the Easter hare than in this country. In Leicestershire, for instance, there is a custom still in vogue called "the Easter hare pie scramble." So many years ago that everybody has forgotten it a certain plat of ground was given to the rector of the parish perpetually on the condition that each year on Easter Monday he and his successor shoul contribute two hares or rabbit pies and a quantity of ale to be scrambled for by the villagers. As late at 1892 the "hare pie scramble" was observed as a great festival, all the villagers turning out to march in procession behind the men carrying the hare pies, cut up into fragments. When they reached a spot known traditionally as "Hare Pie Bank" the sacks were emptied and all the crowd engaged in a fight or scramble for the pies, which are supposed to guarantee good luck to the possessor for the ensuing year.

So the children who credit the Easter rabbit with laying the Easter eggs are simply following a tradition so old that no man knows its beginning. And in every corner of the globe other little children, white, black, yellow or red are, in one way or another, paying allegiance to the same tradition.

Street car conductors are never beautiful. In fact, they are not even passing fare.

An Easter Pie.

Many and quaint are the devices for Easter that are got up to amuse children.

One of the newest designs is prepared in the following manner:

A deep tin pie plate is lined with crape paper. Any color may be used, but pink or yellow is the most effective.

Set the plate on a piece of paper cut round, but much larger than the plate. Fold the paper upright, pinching it in to make it set flatly against the sides of the tin. Tie a ribbon of same shade as paper tightly around to hold paper in place. Allow enough ribbon to tie

in two good-sized bows on either side of plate.

Then count as many little square or round boxes as there are children; fill with bon bons or favors, and to the top of box fasten by glueing or sewing a small chicken or bird. These may be got at any Japanese store in various colors; yellow cotton chicks or blackbirds. Place these in bottom of pan at regular intervals.

Over these lay a piece of Chinese tissue paper matching the crape paper. Where the chicks' heads come gently break the paper and pull the heads through.

Then fasten the edges of the paper to the pan with glue, allowing the crape paper to come above it and hide the join.

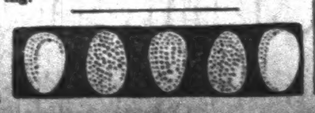
With the thumb and finger gently press out the folds around the edge of crape paper, allowing it to flare in ruffle fashion.

Around the head of each chick tie a satin ribbon matching the paper in color, allowing an end a half yard in length to lie over the side, to which end is attached a bow knot.

This pie is intended to be served at Easter breakfast, and each child pulls a chick out by means of the ribbon attached. The pie is set in the center of the table.

An Easter Dinner.

For an Easter dinner no color scheme can be more chaste and suitable than green and white. The fragrant lilies and hyacinths with masses of green are beautiful if one may have them; if not, a most artistic table can be had with the use of ferns alone. These range in price from five to ten cents per dozen, the best results being obtained with the long, slender varieties. Arrange a low, graceful centrepiece, and then at each place with two extra long ferns outline a wreath large enough to show outside the plate when placed. Curve the ferns symmetrically, crossing the stems at the bottom in style similar to the conventional empire wreath, and pin them flat invisibly to the tablecloth. A simple white place-card may be put in the centre of the wreath. This decoration is novel and the effect is very charming.



Easter Orange Bag.

This pretty Easter gift is made of shirred tissue paper, cut in fan shape. The pieces are bunched at one end and tied tightly with narrow white ribbon. A dozen tangarines are laid in this, then the ends are bunched and daintily tied with a golden cord.

Easter in the New Century.

In the century just begun there will be 5217 Sundays. In that which we have hardly yet learned to speak of as the last Easter Sunday has occurred once on its earliest possible date—March 22, 1818—but this will not recur till the twenty-third century. The earliest Easter in the new century will be March 23, 1913. Easter Sunday will fall once on its latest day—April 25, in 1943. This also occurred once in the century just passed—in 1866. Ascension Day is pratically always in May, but on three occasions in the past century it occurred in June, and in the new century this will happen four times.—Newcastle Chronicle.

Hot Cross Buns.

"How many people are aware that the hot cross bun of Good Friday dates back thousands of years—to the very dawn of the human race?" writes S. P. Butler in the Woman's Home Companion, discussing "The Antiquity of Sacred Cakes." "Like many another rite or symbolism which figured in the religious ceremonies of the heathen world, it was adopted and invested with a holier meaning by the followers of the new faith. Buns known by that self-same name were used in the worship of the queen of heaven, Ishtar, or Astarte, as early as the days of Cecrops, founder of Athens, 1500 B. C."

A German Plan.

If the wind is in the east on Easter Sunday it is considered in Germany to be a wise plan to draw water and wash in it, for then the wind cannot do any harm to the bather during the remainder of the year.

Painting Easter Eggs.

These clever artists are busily engaged in decorating eggs for their Easter celebration. The picture was reproduced from a postal card recently received by the Free Press from Berlin.

BIRMINGHAM MAN SUICIDES.

Safe of Southern Express Co. at Reform Robbed.

BIG INCREASE OF RECEIPTS.

New Industries for Alabama--A. S. Vaughan Kills Himself.--Other State News.

BIRMINGHAM MAN SUICIDES

Chas. Momm, of Washington Patent Office, Kills Himself While Despondent.

A Washington dispatch says: Chas. Momm, first assistant examiner in the patent office, while temporarily deranged by suffering from an abscess in his head caused by the grip, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head Friday morning. He was born in Prussia, and after graduating from a college in New Jersey, came to Birmingham, where he entered the shops of the Hardie-Tynes Foundry & Machine Works. He was soon made foreman of the works because of his skill and commanded a salary several hundred dollars in excess of that he received as patent examiner. The work in the shops was too severe, and he went to Washington to rest.

Mystic Shriners to Meet.

The annual meeting of the Ancient Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine will be held in Tuskaloosa this year, and the indications are that there will be a large attendance from all over the state. The meeting will be held on May 7th. There is but one Temple in the state, Zamora Temple, of Birmingham, but members from any part of the state can join. These meetings are held annually, the day preceding the Grand Commandery meeting of the Knights Templar, which will be held in Tuskaloosa on May 8th and 9th.

New Rolling Mill Plant Has Begun Operations.

The new rolling mill plant in Anniston, owned by the Anniston Rolling Mill Company, began operations Saturday morning. A force of about twenty-five men was put on in the puddling furnaces, muck mill and forging departments. The bar mill will start up Monday, when fifty skilled men will be added. The plant is situated in West Anniston. Orders are now booked for immediate delivery, and the industry will be run to its greatest capacity.

New Industries.

Alber & Byrne, of Birmingham, have been engaged to prepare plans and specifications and to superintend the construction of a waterworks system at Phoenix City. Bonds to the amount of $25,000, authorized by the legislature, will be issued to pay for building the waterworks system.

H. Hobler has applied for a franchise to build an electric light plant and waterworks system at Sheffield.

The Coffee Cotton Mill, the construction of which was begun some time ago, will be completed. Work was suspended several weeks ago on account of financial troubles of the contractors. The stockholders have taken the matter in hand now, however, and will push to construction and completion.

Accident at Bessemer.

Robert Hale, a little colored boy, about nine years old, fell from the dummy in Bessemer, Friday, while attempting to steal a ride. He fell from the cars, the wheels passing over him, crushing his head and killing him instantly.

A gang of twenty-five negroes were sent from Birmingham to Ironton, Ala., Friday morning to work in one of the furnaces at that point. The furnace will give employment to a hundred or more hands. The furnace went into blast Saturday.

Another Convict Given His Liberty.

Mike Feely, an old Irishman, with honesty stamped upon his face, was released from Pratt mines Thursday on a pardon issued by Governor Samford, after serving three months and fifteen days of a six-months' sentence imposed upon him by the officials of Butler county. The old fellow is another victim of the fee-seeking officials and tells a tale similar to that told by the seventeen men pardoned some time ago.

Tutwiler Coal, Coke & Iron Co. Increases Its Stock.

The Tutwiler Coal, Coke & Iron Company has filed a document in probate court at Birmingham increasing its capital stock from $500,000 to $1,000,000. The increase was authorized by a stockholders' meeting March 25, 1901, at the office of Underwood and [illegible]. The value of each share of stock was raised from $25 to $1[illegible]. The board of directors were authorized to issue said increase of stock at [illegible] to be paid for in money, labor or money or property received, such labor and [illegible] suitable for the business of the company, or [illegible] subscriptions to the [illegible] increased, such subscriptions payable in money will [illegible] to the subscriber of property in labor or property at [illegible] value. The properties of the company consist of coal [illegible] ovens in Jefferson county and [illegible] furnace and coke ovens near Birmingham, and iron ore mines in Cherokee county.

Summer School of Pedagogy.

In view of the state examination for teachers' [illegible] (Ala.) College, with [illegible] tuition for same, will offer a Review Course in all the branches for the examination [illegible] May 7th, and lasting [illegible] ing June 13th, the examination [illegible] ing July 1st, following.

President Eldridge has made additional arrangements with the president of the Southern Passenger association for all railroads in [illegible] adjoining states, for [illegible] fare, round trip, and [illegible] rates of boarding are secured for teachers attending. A corps of professors and instructors will be ready to give the very best instruction. Full particulars [illegible] addressing President [illegible], La Fayette, Alabama.

S. A. Vaughan Kills Himself.

Samuel A. Vaughan, a [illegible] chine agent at Elyton, killed himself at his home at 6 o'clock [illegible] morning. From letters [illegible] ency was the cause of his [illegible]. The deceased had a wife and children. At 5:30 he went [illegible] room where his wife was sleeping, woke her up, inquired after how she was, she having been [illegible] day before, and went back to [illegible]. His wife did not suspect his intentions, and went back to sleep. In an hour later she was awakened by a shot and rushed into his room, she found him lying on the [illegible] a terrible wound in the head, [illegible] revolver lying by him. He died [illegible] seconds later.

Revenue Receipts of Jefferson County.

The revenue receipts of Jefferson county for the past three months indicate how rapidly the volume of business is growing. The receipts for the whole of last year were about [illegible], while the receipts for the first three months of this year were $[illegible], showing an increase over the receipts of last year's receipts of $[illegible] in round numbers. The receipts for the remainder of this year will be amount up bigger, although the greater part of the revenue has been collected.

Got $4,122 of Teachers' Money.

The safe of the Southern Express Company at Reform was robbed Thursday night of more than [illegible]. The money stolen was sent to the teachers of Pickens county. The money was sent to pay third quarter payment. It was sent by the Treasurer of the state in two bags of silver containing $[illegible] each and $2,122.49 in currency. It was turned over to the Express company at Montgomery. [illegible] was sent to Reform via the [illegible] Ohio Thursday.

New Bank To Open.

The Steel City Bank, organized by R. R. Stobert and others, [illegible] for business early in April. It will be located in the handsome building corner avenue E and [illegible] tenth street, and be fully [illegible] do a banking business in all branches.

The twenty-second annual [illegible] of the Congregational Sunday School Association of Alabama will [illegible] urday night in Birmingham [illegible] First Congregational church [illegible] avenue and Twenty-fifth street.

The date of the State [illegible] of the Travelers' Protective association has been changed from [illegible] and 26th to April 26th and [illegible] meeting will be held in [illegible] cording to the original plan [illegible] a big delegation will go from [illegible] ham. All the delegates [illegible] ried are expected to take [illegible] and a "huge" time is assured. [illegible] number of social pleasures will characterize the convention, [illegible] being a trip to Cuba.

Queen Russian Sect

[illegible] is the birthplace of a new sect, the members of which [illegible] themselves "Slaves of Christ." [illegible] that the earth is flat and [illegible] on three whales and that in [illegible] of the ocean there is a g[illegible] cheshellfish which causes all [illegible] railways, telegraphs and tele[illegible] are attributed to anti-Christ.

WOMEN MUST SLEEP.

Avoid Nervous Prostration.

Mrs. A. Hartley.

You ought to have known that when you ceased to be regular in your [illegible], and you grew irritable with [illegible] time, that there was serious [illegible] somewhere.

You ought to know that indigestion, constipation, womb displacements, [illegible], dizziness, headache, and [illegible] send the nerves wild with [illegible], and you cannot sleep.

Mrs. Hartley, of 721 W. Congress St., Chicago, Ill., whose portrait we publish, suffered all these agonies, and was entirely cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; her case should be a warning to others, and should carry conviction to the minds of every suffering woman of the unequalled efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

To produce the best results in fruit, vegetable or grain, the fertilizer used must contain enough Potash. For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

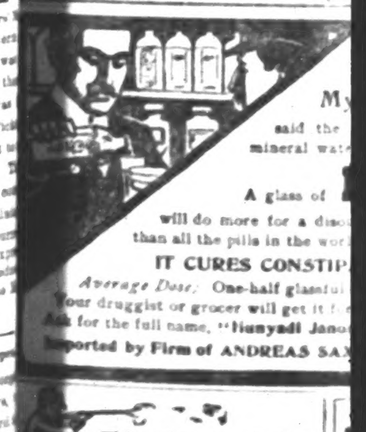
GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures a cough or cold at once. Cures croup, bronchitis and incipient consumption. 25c.

Am. N. U. No. 14, 1901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases of dropsy, in 10 days' treatment. Free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.



FREE! CATALOG OF SPORTING GOODS. RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS COMPANY, Locust St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CERTAIN CURE. COUGH CHILLS CURE. 25 50 $1

"Famous that made West Point famous."

McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Money in Chickens

For this, in exchange we send a 100 PAGE BOOK, giving the experience of a practical Poultry raiser—on the diseases, with a man working for thirty and understanding it from A to Z, it teaches how to Incubate and Care Successfully, Feed, for Eggs or for Fattening; which Poultry is best for Fattening; which Poultry is suitable for profit; everything concerning Poultry. BOOK PUBLISHING Co. Leonard Street, New York.

DROPS CURE FOR Colds, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Incipient Consumption. Sold by druggists. 25c. Sample free by mail. Address Dr. Wm. Ward, Baltimore, Md.

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In view of the state board examination for teachers' license, La Fayette College, with unsurpassed facilities for same, will offer a Review College in all the branches for examination, course, beginning May 27th and lasting six weeks, including June 14th, the examination day. The following

President Eldridge has secured special arrangements with the management of the Southern Passenger Association for all rail rate in Alabama, giving rates for one and one-third fare round trip, and very reasonable rates of boarding are assured teachers attending. A special corps of lessons and instructors will daily to give the very best of instruction. Full particulars may be had by addressing President E. R. Eldridge, La Fayette, Alabama. Write at once.

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Queer Sunday Sect.

Perth is the birthplace of a new religious sect, the members of which call themselves "Slaves of Christ." They teach that the earth is flat and rests on three whales and that in the middle of the ocean there is a gigantic cheese which grows at sunset. Railways, telegraphs and telephones are attributed to anti-Christ.

WOMEN MUST SLEEP.

Avoid Nervous Prostration.

When you are thoroughly sick what is the first thing your physician? He tells the nervous system, he deadens pain and you sleep well. Opiates are what is the cause of the trouble comes in pitying the nervous prostration. It came to you slowly in the beginning. You did not alarmed and when you awoke night after night fairly burned in the [illegible] you tossed in nervous [illegible], praying for sleep.

Mrs. A. Hartley

You ought to have known that when you ceased to be regular in your habits and you grew irritable without cause that there was serious [illegible] at work.

You ought to know that indigestion, constipation, womb displacements, nervousness, headache, and backache shake the nerves wild with pain and you cannot sleep.

Mrs. Hartley of 521 W. Congress St., Chicago, Ill., whose portrait we publish, suffered all these agonies, and her entire cure is attributed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; her case will be a warning to others, and her cure carry conviction to the minds of every suffering woman of the unfailing efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

To produce the best results in fruit, vegetable or grain, the fertilizer used must contain Sulphur Potash. For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Kills the Germs. Relieves the Throat. Stops the Cough. Cures Consumption. 25c.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 14, 1901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases in 10 days. Trial treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Belfast Loses Picturesque Figure.

In the death of Professor MacMillan, professor of modern history and literature, Belfast, Ireland, has lost what was doubtless its most picturesque figure. He was six feet three or four inches tall, fair and ruddy complexion, hair prematurely white, with distinguished features, and a singularly noble head and brow. The man was as remarkable as his looks. He had been deprived of his father at an early age, and unaided and alone fought his way through college, and finally attained to a proud place among the scholars of his day.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors. Costs Nothing to Try.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is now recognized as a certain and sure cure for Eczema, Itching Skin, Humors, Scabs, Scales, Watery Blisters, Pimples, Aching Bones or Joints, Boils, Carbuncles, Prickling Pain in the Skin, Old Eating Sores, Ulcers. Botanic Blood Balm taken internally cures the worst and most deep-seated cases by enriching, purifying and vitalizing the blood, giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Other remedies may relieve, but B. B. B. actually cures, heals every sore, and gives the rich glow of health to the skin. B. B. B. builds up the broken down body and makes the blood red and nourishing. B. B. B. tested 30 years. Over 3000 voluntary testimonials of cures by B. B. B. Druggists $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given.

There are several large factories in the United States devoted to the manufacture of rose water.

Crab Orchard Water

Is not a "cure-all," but for all diseases of the liver, stomach or bowels it supplies a place not filled by any other medicine. It assists nature and is at all times prompt, reliable and efficient.

At present each 1,000,000 tons of coal raised costs one human life.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Lions and tigers are too weak in lung power to run more than half a mile.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago. Mrs. Thomas Robins, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

A fire has been raging in a rich Pennsylvania coal field for forty-two years.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Pittsburg parties are gobbling up oil lands in Texas.

We refund 10c. for every package of Putnam Fadeless Dye that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

It is claimed that the courts of Kansas have never passed upon the question of abating public nuisances.

Too many ancestors have spoiled many a good man.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. (SEAL)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A theatre in Philadelphia has girl ushers.

Carter's Ink

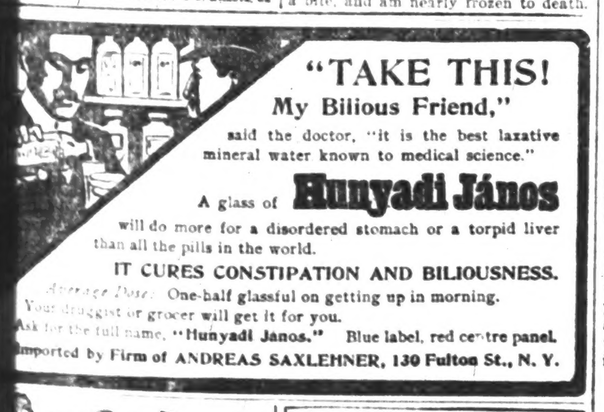
best for school, home and office. It costs no more than poor ink. Always ask for Carter's.

Last year the number of boys and girls educated free in Berlin was 207,310.

Ebbing Life and the Tide.

Superstitious persons see in the death of Queen Victoria confirmation of the old notion that life goes out with the tide. The queen died at 6:30, just about the minute of low water at Cowes on January 22.

Benevolent Party—My man, don't you think fishing is a cruel sport? Angler—Cruel? Well, I should say so. I have sat here six hours, have not had a bite, and am nearly frozen to death.



"TAKE THIS!

My Bilious Friend,"

said the doctor, "it is the best laxative mineral water known to medical science."

A glass of **Hunyadi János**

will do more for a disordered stomach or a torpid liver than all the pills in the world.

IT CURES CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS.

Average Dose: One-half glassful on getting up in morning.

Your druggist or grocer will get it for you.

Ask for the full name, "Hunyadi Janos." Blue label, red centre panel.

Imported by Firm of ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

FREE! CATALOG OF SPORTING GOODS. RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS COMPANY, 311 Locust St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 15

"Sauce that made West Point famous."

MCILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Money in Chickens

For 25c. in stamps we send a 130 PAGE BOOK giving the experience of a practical Poultry raiser—not an amateur—of a man working for dollars and cents—during 35 years. It teaches how to Detect and Cure Diseases, Feed for Eggs, Feed for Fattening, which Fowls to save for breeding, everything relative to profitable Poultry raising. HOUR PUBLISHING CO., 134 Leonard Street, New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

MITCHELL'S

Price, 25c.

D. Mitchell

EYE SALVE

JAPS ARE READY TO DRUB RUSSIA

Seems That Bloody Clash Is Near at Hand.

ACTIVITY AT NAVAL STATIONS

Washington Officials Doubt That Hostilities Will Begin, Notwithstanding Contrary Reports.

Advices from Yokohama, Japan, are to the effect that the feeling that there can be no peace in the orient, save by administering a drubbing to Russia, is growing stronger. It is almost the unanimous voice of the native press that if the powers do not take measures to curb Russian aggression, Japan must undertake the task alone. Coupled with the strong undercurrent of public opinion is the evidence that the government is preparing for the emergency with the utmost possible dilligence. Unceasing activity at the various naval stations and yards is reported. The nation is evidently gathering its resources and energies for the struggle.

The Yokohama newspapers say it is proposed to relieve the Japanese troops in the Chinese province of Pe-Chi-Li by a force 50 per cent stronger.

Although May is the usual month in which the relief of the force at Seoul takes place, the relief of the troops there will take place immediately. Three officers of the headquarters staff will also proceed to Korea. These movements, with the usual activity at the arsenals, is taken to point to the adoption of a strong policy by Japan.

A dispatch received in St. Petersburg from Vladivostock, dated Tuesday, March 26th, says that a conspiracy on the part of the Korean minister of justice and General Tchu-Sei-Men to bring foreign troops to Seoul was betrayed to the Korean cabinet. The object of the conspirators, the dispatch adds, was to cause the downfall of the ministry. The principal plotters have been deported.

THINK WAR IMPROBABLE.

A Washington special says: State department officials are not as much exercised over the probability of war between Japan and Russia as might be indicated from the published reports from the far east. It is asserted in diplomatic circles that Russia has much to lose and little to gain by going to war with Japan.

A high authority on Japanese affairs said that there is but little danger of a war between Japan and Russia while the present government of Japan exists. In the first place, it is conceded that Japan has a navy far superior to that of Russia, and in case of hostilities between these two countries Russia would be at a disadvantage. Manchuria would probably be the battleground in the event of such a war. In that event Russia would have but one base of supplies in that vicinity, which is Port Arthur. Japan would at once seize that point and render Russia destitute of a naval station or any haven of refuge for her warships.

In addition to this consideration, the present government of Japan is inclined to be pro-Russian in its policy, and for that reason neither the Japanese nor Russian representatives in this country anticipate war in the near future.

There was a report in circulation a few days ago that all the naval and military attaches of the Japanese government in this country and in other countries had been hastily summoned back to man Japanese warships in anticipation of early hostilities with Russia. This statement was promptly denied at the Japanese legation.

BERTH FOR MEIKELJOHN.

Defeated Senatorial Candidate Will Be Taken Care Of.

Senator-elect Dietrich, of Nebraska, announces that he will not resign as governor until late in the fall, probably not until after election.

Friends assert Mr. Meiklejohn, the defeated senatorial candidate has been tendered a position of responsibility with a land and manufacturing company in Mexico. It is also stated that a position awaits him in connection with some of the newly acquired island possessions.

VETERAN EDITOR RETIRES.

Colonel McClure Severs His Connection With Philadelphia Times.

Colonel A. K. McClure announces the severance of his connection with The Philadelphia Times.

During his connection with The Times, Colonel McClure has never let slip an opportunity to do what he could for the south. He was greatly interested in the industrial development of the southern states and has made numerous addresses in this section, urging the people to develop its resources.

ROLAND REED DEAD.

Well Known Actor and Commedian Passes Off the Earthly Stage.

Roland Reed, the actor, died in New York city Saturday. He had been ill for some time with cancer of the stomach, though at times he would rally, and up to three days before his demise his friends were hopful of his recovery. For twenty-four hours prior to his death he was unconscious.

For a dozen years Roland Reed has been regarded as the most popular commedian who visited the southern states.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNPAIRED MADE.

The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 $5.00 Ribbon Lines cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt, Hand-Sewed Process, than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any man who can prove that my statements in this town.

(Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog Free. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

WINCHESTER "NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

No black powder shells on the market compare with the "NEW RIVAL" in uniformity and strong shooting qualities. Sure fire and waterproof. Get the genuine.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. - - - - New Haven, Conn.

SICK HEADACHE

Immediate reality to the only remedy to take.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

A natural medicinal water, unsurpassed, a specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel diseases. It cures Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dropsyical Disorders, Gall Stones, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the medicinal mineral waters, and convenient to take; most convenient to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

The consumption of

LION COFFEE

has increased immensely, and this coffee is now used in millions of homes.

The grocers all over the country keep us busy delivering LION COFFEE to them.

You will find no stale LION COFFEE on his shelves—it sells too fast to grow stale. Why? Because it is an absolutely pure coffee.

Our motto is **Strength, Purity and Flavor.**

Please bear in mind that

Lion Coffee

is not a glazed article; it is not coated with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to give it a better appearance. We do not need to resort to such measures—we have no imperfections to hide!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

APPENDICITIS

that dreadful fiend that threatens the life of rich and poor, can attack and kill only those whose bowels are not kept thoroughly cleaned out, purified and disinfected the year round. One whose liver is dead, whose bowels and stomach are full of half decayed food, whose whole body is unclean inside, is a quick and ready victim of appendicitis.

If you want to be safe against the scourge, keep in good health all the time, KEEP CLEAN INSIDE! Use the only tonic laxative, that will make your bowels strong and healthy, and keep them pure and clean, protected against appendicitis and ALL EPIDEMIC DISEASES. It's CASCARETS, that will keep and save you. Take them regularly and you will find that all diseases are absolutely

PREVENTED BY

Cascarets

LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blocted bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, take 25c. boxes, give them fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using two 25c. boxes, return the second 25c. box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you, start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will thank the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And oil instead of money burn.

No Smoke No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The *best* and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 84 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

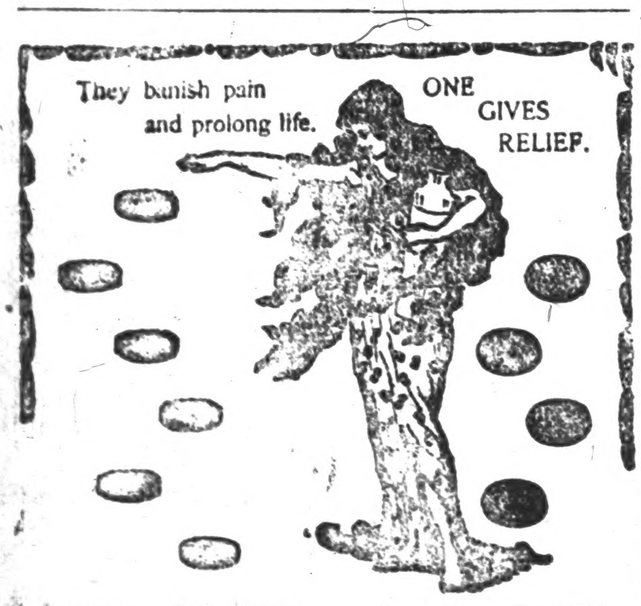
CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S.

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton

GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock.
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS
are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchen
N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Tully, Kans. "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS,
CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
—IS VIA THE—

L & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

of this line pass Clinton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pills

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Hon. L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge S. M. ADAMS,
Hon. L. B. POUNDS,

will address the People of Chilton County at the following times and places:

BEAT				
1.	Smith's SchoolHouse,	Sat'day,	April 6,	7 p.m.
3.	Macedonia	Monday	" 8,	7 p.m.
3,	Benson	Tuesday	" 9,	3 p.m.
7.	Sardis	Tuesday	" 9,	7 p.m.
8.	Pletchers	Wednesday	" 10,	7 p.m.
8.	Valley Creek	Thursday	" 11,	2 p.m.
8.	Stanton	Thursday	" 11,	7 p.m.
7.	Maplesville	Friday	" 12,	10a.m.
5.	Providence Church	Monday	" 15,	7 p.m.
5.	Bethel Church	Tuesday	" 16,	7 p.m.
5.	Verbena	Tuesday	" 16,	2 p.m.
6.	Energy	Wednesday	" 17,	10a.m.
6.	Cross Roads	Wednesday	" 17,	7 p.m.
4.	Clanton	Saturday	" 20,	11a.m.
9.	Thorsby	Saturday	" 20,	7p.m.

EVERYBODY INVITED, ESPECIALLY THE LADIES.

I will take pleasure in dividing time with my opponent in this county. L. H. REYNOLDS.

I shall not be able to keep all the above appointments, but will attend as many as I possibly can. S. M. ADAMS.

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CHILTON COUNTY.

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

Ben Campbell, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 4 tp 23 r 15; tax and costs $3 15.

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $1.45

C. C. Vandegrift, s ½ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and s ½ of se ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 14, tax and costs $5 81.

BEAT NO 2

N. A. and B. C. Graham, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13; one lot in Clanton, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Givhan's lots; tax and costs $5.48

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $5 51

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $3 22

Mrs. J. E. Latham, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4 80

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.28

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 29 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $2.53

John R. Kendall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7.99

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne 1-4 less four acres, and n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12.20

B. W. Stiles, se 1-4 of se 1-4, e ½ of sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11 35

W. T. Hand & Co., se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 14 tp 24 r 14; e ½ of ne 1-4 sec 18 tp 24 r 14; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 15; s ½ of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 28 r 12; ne 1-4 and e ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 tp 22 r 13; se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 9 tp 22 r 13; tax and costs $25.39

W. H. Hand, n ½ of nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 26 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $2.78

W. G. Hand, all of sec 18 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $9.72

Jeff D. Hand, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 27 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 25 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.76

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs Sudie Garnet, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, ten acres in sw corner of se 1-4 of ne 1-4, all that part of se 1-4 of sw 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 on west side of the run of Goose-pond Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; e ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69 68

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 14 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4 sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 21 r 15; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $77.62

W. H. Merritt, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 3 tp 22 r 15; ten acres in sw corner of ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 7 tp 22 r 15; nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 less ten acres, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 less ten acres sec 35 tp 22 r 14; w 1-2 of nw 1-4 sec 4 tp 21 r 14; s 1-2 of ne 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 8 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 less ten acres sec 9 tp 21 r 14; e 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 12 tp 21 r 14; w 1-2 of sw 1-4 less two acres sec 13 tp 21 r 14; e 1-2 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, nw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 15 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 16 tp 21 r 14; e 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 17 tp 21 r 14; s 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 20 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 sec 20 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of nw 1-4, e 1-2 of ne 1-4, se ne 1-4, se 1-4 sec 21 tp 21 r 14; sec 22 tp 21 r 14; s 1-2 of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, and n 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 23 tp 21 r 14; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 24 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4 and s 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, n 1-2 of nw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 29 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 14; n ½ and [illegible] sec 33 tp 21 r 14; ten acres in [illegible] of nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18 tp 21 r 14; [illegible] of sw 1-4 sec 30 tp 21 r 14; [illegible] se 1-4 sec 13 tp 21 r 15, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 29 tp 20 r 12; n 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 22 r 14; tax & costs [illegible]

BEAT NO 5

Morris & Delardelele[illegible] of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax costs $2 45.

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17, tax and costs $2 52

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs [illegible]

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs [illegible]

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3 16

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs [illegible]

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs [illegible]

BEAT NO. 6

Mrs. Ella Hooks, e 1-2 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, sec 14 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $3 16

BEAT NO. 7

Junee L. Gardner nw 1-4, s ½ of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 1 tp 21 r 12; e 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp 21 r 12; tax and costs $11.11

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 12; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $6.14

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on e side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $1.71

Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, ne 1-4 of nw ¼, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 13; tax and costs $2 34

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4, 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 11; and costs $4.87

Mrs. C. Paul, s 1-2 of nw 1-4, 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 16 tp 20 r 13, and costs $3.64

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $2.5[illegible]

H. M. and W. A. Hill, sw 1-4 se 1-4 sec 10 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $2.54

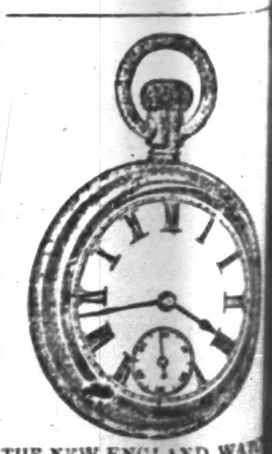
R. W. Littleton, part of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and part of sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 15 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $1.55, poll tax $1.50; total $4.5[illegible]

Mrs Amanda A. Pittman, s ½ of nw 1-4 sec 27 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $3.41

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of said county at the next term thereof commencing Monday, the 13th day of May, 1901, then and there to show cause if any you have, why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and for fees and costs.

This 3d day of April, 1901.

S. M. ADAMS.
Judge of Probate.



THE NEW ENGLAND WATCH

nickle case, stem wind and stem set, warranted for 12 months. Delivered anywhere with a silk cord and plate chain for $2.75. Try one if you want a good time piece cheap.

The New England Watch is giving good satisfaction. It is a poor man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

VOL. IX

CORRESPONDENCE.

We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Stanton.

Mr. S. J. Gantt went to Ridgeville Saturday.

C. N. Parnell has resigned his position at Vicks and is again at home.

Misses May Gantt and Jessie McGee paid relatives a visit to Clanton last week.

Mr. S. R. Letcher and family paid Mr. J. J. Letcher's family a visit Sunday.

Mrs. W. D. Whaley and family have returned from Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. W. C. Dyer and Miss Nenna paid friends a visit at Plantersville.

Mr. W. C. Dyer has purchased Dr. C. N. Parnell's residence. Dr. Parnell will move to Lincoln.

Mr. S. E. Gantt and Misses Nenna Dyer, Ella Parnell, Perry Dyer and Samie Nelson went fishing Monday evening.

Mr. Joe Melton of Meridian, Miss., was with us a few hours Sunday.

Messrs. Crump Graham and Cole Pedroe of Maplesville were in Stanton Sunday. STAX

A Double Barrelled Still.

A mammoth still, a double-barreled affair, is the result of a successful raid made by a posse of officers, led by Deputy Marshal Dudley. The still is the best equipped affair ever captured in Chilton county. The still was a double barreled arrangement with two receptacles, one holding fifty gallons and one sixteen. A regulation furnace with a correct smoke stack was another part of the still.

The raid was made four miles east of Clanton. Will Minor, the alleged proprietor of the still, was arrested without trouble at his home nearby and carried to Montgomery. A log well filled with good mountain water was part of the furnishings of the house. Minor said that he found the jug alongside the road. Commissioner Baltzell required a $300 bond, which he made. Some of the equipments of his excellent moonshine making establishment were brought down as exhibits in the case.

Recaptured.

Annie Young, a negro woman wanted in Chilton county was arrested last Thursday on Herron street by Sheriff Kilgore of Chilton and Sheriff Walker of Montgomery. The woman is a tigress in strength and fearless. The two sheriffs experienced great difficulty in landing her in jail. She fought until she had been landed in the cell.

In Chilton county she made herself famous by an escape from a sheriff five years ago. She was being carried from Montgomery to Clanton by sheriff Moore of Chilton county and went back to get a drink of water with her baby in her arms and spring from the platform to the ground although the train was going at full speed. She made good her escape and enjoyed freedom until last week.

An Invitation.

To Hon. L. B. Pounds, Chm. Pop. Exec. Com. Chilton county:

The question of holding a Constitutional Convention is before the people of Alabama and the Campaign for and against the same is being waged over the entire State. Inasmuch as the questions involved in the reformation of the Constitution are common to the whole State, and since 55 out of 56 of the candidates to be voted for in the election in this county are to be voted for throughout the State, we have decided to ask you for a division of time at the several appointments already made by your party speakers in Chilton county for the discussion of these questions, you to forward any speakers you may have, and we to have the same privilege, time to be divided equally to hours, opening and closing speeches to alternate daily. If you accept this, we will advertise

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY APRIL 11, 1901 — NO. 25

Judge of Probate

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our correspondents views at any time, but must be distinctly understood do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Stanton.

[illegible] Gantt went to Rider-[illegible]

[illegible] has resigned his [illegible] and is again at [illegible]

Misses Mrs. Gantt and Jessie [illegible] relatives a visit last week.

Mr. R. Letcher and family [illegible] Letcher's family a [illegible] Sunday.

Mrs. W. D. Whaley and family returned from Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. W. C. Dyer and Miss Nettie [illegible] a visit at Plantersville.

Mr. W. C. Dyer has purchased C. N. Parnell's residence. Mr. Parnell will move to Ensley.

Mr. S. T. Gantt and Misses [illegible] Dyer, Lila Parnell, Perry [illegible] and Annie Nelson went fishing Monday evening.

Mr. Joe Melton of Meridian, [illegible] was with us a few hours [illegible]

Misses Cromp Graham and Call [illegible] Maplesville were in town Sunday.

STAN.

A Double Barrelled Still.

A monsoon still, a double-barrelled affair, is the result of a success raid made by a posse of officers, led by Deputy Marshal Dudley. The still is the best equipped affair ever captured in Chilton county. The still was a double barreled concern with two receptacles, each holding fifty gallons and one [illegible]. A regulation furnace with correct smoke stack was another part of the still.

The raid was made four miles east of Clanton. Will Minor, the alleged proprietor of the still, was arrested [illegible] and is now at home nearby [illegible] to Montgomery. A jug [illegible] with good mountain [illegible] was a part of the furnishings of the house. Minor said that he found [illegible] beside the road. Commissioner Dalzell required a $500 bond, which he [illegible]. Some of the equipments of his excellent "moonshine" drinking establishment were bought [illegible] in the woods.

Recaptured.

Annie Young, a negro woman, [illegible] in Chilton county was arrested [illegible] on Clifton street [illegible] Sheriff Killgore of Chilton and Sheriff Moore of Montgomery. The [illegible] were a tiger in strength and [illegible]. The two sheriffs experienced great difficulty in holding her [illegible]. She got out until she had [illegible] in the cell.

In Chilton county she made her [illegible] by an escape from a sheriff [illegible] years ago. She was being [illegible] from Montgomery to Clanton by Sheriff Moore of Chilton county [illegible] went back to get a drink of [illegible] with her baby in her arms and [illegible] from the platform to the [illegible] as the train was going [illegible]. She made good her [illegible] and enjoyed freedom until [illegible] week.

An Invitation.

[illegible] Pounds, Chm. Pop. Con. Chilton county:

The question of holding a Constitutional Convention is before the people of Alabama and the campaign for and against the same is being waged over the entire State. Inasmuch as the questions involved in the reformation of the Constitution are common to the whole State, and since 55 out of 56 of the candidates to be voted for in the election in this county are to be voted for throughout the State, we have decided to ask you for a division of time at the several appointments already made by your party speakers in Chilton county for the discussion of these questions, you to put forward any speakers you may desire, and we to have the same privilege, time to be divided equally as to hours, opening and closing privileges to alternate daily. If you accept this, we will advertise and ask our friends and the people generally to come out.

We will have some speeches made in the county at points and times not occupied with your appointments, and we hereby extend to you and your speakers the same privileges we ask herein and assure you and your speakers shall have every courtesy extended them.

Inasmuch as the time is so short we will appreciate a prompt reply.

Very respectfully,

W. E. STEWART, F. B. BALDWIN, C. W. PLANK — Dem. Campaign Com.

Thorsby, Ala., April 1, 1901

Editor Banner.—With careful observation, I have, so far failed to find a single advocate of a constitutional convention. Are we, is true, Southern patriotic citizens, going to vote down the convention. May the Almighty God forbid that we should forget what the old Confederates fought so bravely for in the days of 60-65. Did not the old Confederates fight to keep the infernal negro out of politics? Why then, should we not as sons of the Confederates disfranchise the negro. The opponents of a convention have but one plank on which to stand, and that is the 15th amendment to the constitution of the U. S. Can we not disfranchise the negro and not the white man, certainly we can, how? Simply by putting in the educationally qualifications, and also by letting the Confederates and their descendants vote regardless of educational qualification. That will take in the entire illiterate population of whites. Now, dear readers, do you not plainly see that the opponents of a convention are only the illogical demagogues of Alabama. Are we disposed to be of those having ears hear not, and having eyes see not the things which so nearly concern our temporal salvation. Gentlemen, vote in the interest of your wives and children, get the brute out of politics.

REX.

As the hot weather of summer is approaching, this paper will constantly keep before its readers TEETHINA, a remedy which, where known, is being universally used to prevent and counteract the effects of warm weather upon small children and it is hoped that all mothers of this community will keep their children in a healthy condition by giving it, for it cost only 25 cents at druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

Thorsby, April 8, 1901

Editor Banner—I promised some time ago to give the people of Chilton county a more extended account of the stock law, etc., but space would not allow me to attempt to mention in detail all that occured in the matter, which is really necessary that the blame may properly be attached to those who are guilty of forcing those measures upon the people so much against the wishes of a vast majority, so in as brief a manner as possible I will state that I am profoundly convinced that the corrupt use of money accelerated the interest of those who championed the passage of the measure, and then under the infamous method adopted by the Democratic party to grant right of way to any measure espoused by the defeated candidate which invites men under such a precedent to put through the most vicious legislation, their only object being mercinary aggrandisement, hiding their methods by appealing to party prejudice, as was fully demonstrated in the acts of the last legislature, for Chilton county was the fifth victim in this line. Now, in making these charges I am fully aware of their gravity, yet I have called no names, and will let "the hit dog yelp."

Now, as to the strained and painful attempt of the so-called "Reflector" (which name is a misnomer). It seems that it should be called "Reflection" for its position in regard to a defeated candidate to have a voice in legislating for a people who have said that they did not need his service in that line, and as to the allusion to myself as amounting to no more than "a notch on a stick" reminds me of the story of the gnat on the bull's horn. You see I feel the weight of such remarks from such a source so slightly, so my little gnat when you have rested sufficiently you may buzz again, but you will find yourself in the condition of Pat when he thought he knew what bulldoging meant, but when he took hint by the horns and had been tossed over the stile he said oh! and faith the d—n buste was not doing at all, at all! So my dear Reflector, when you incline that you can bamboozle the people of Chilton county by such rot, you will begin to learn that they generally do their own thinking and act accordingly.

Now, a few words in regard to the constitutional convention. When the whole subject canvassed from all standpoints we find the gist of the whole matter is to perpetually entrench the Democratic party in power, and this has been the leading incentive throughout the South while they make a hobby of the negro vote. It is in reality that independent element of white men that they dread, and seek to disarm them by constitutional law, from the full right of franchise, in other words they seek to legalize fraud, and any man who is simple enough to believe that they are only after the "negro in the wood pile," ought to have a free pass to heaven, for being t—l.

L. B. POUNDS.

Cedar Grove.

Mr. J. L. Baker and A. J. Foreman spent Wednesday turkey hunting; they killed what the little boy shot at.

Mr. J. J. Mims and Mrs. Martha Baker were the guests of Mr. J. L. Baker Sunday.

Messrs. Frank Price and A. J. Foreman made a business trip to Clanton Thursday.

Mr. Price has lately bought a hundred and thirty-five dollar mule; we are glad to note such prosperity among our farmers.

I am sorry to learn of the death of Mrs. Letty Childress, wife of Chas. Childress. She leaves a husband, several children and many friends to mourn her loss.

Mr. Editor, I think if you would visit our community you could secure a long list of subscribers to the Banner, as the friends of those (the up to-date farmer) who take it race with them to the office in order to get it first, and if they are successful they cleave to it until the bonds of friendship are stretched to their capacity before giving it up.

OLD PATCH.

Concord.

Again the death angel has visited our community, and this time taken from the home of Mr. E. J. Mims his wife, and taken home the spirit of one of our Christian sisters and tender, affectionate mothers. After a lingering illness, death claimed for its own the mortal spirit of sister Mims on the 3rd of April about 12 m. and her soul returned to the God who gave it.

Sister Mims suffered for some time before death relieved her, yet she was not heard to murmur or complain but seemed perfectly resigned to the will of the Master. Knowing as she did that God worketh all things for good to those who love and obey Him. Sister Mims leaves behind her a husband and thirteen children to grieve over her absence but they sorrow not as those who have no hope, for they have the blessed assurance that their loss is her eternal gain, and if they hold out faithful to the end they too will soon meet wife and mother in that home of bliss where sickness, sorrow nor death can ever enter. Children, grieve not for your departed loved ones, but follow in their footprints, that when your summons comes you too may be ready and leave this world as they did without a struggle. How sweetly comes death to a christian when the spirit takes its flight back to the Father who gave it. The body of sister Mims was laid to rest in Walnut creek cemetery to await the resurrection morn when soul and body will be reunited in that celestial city prepared for those who are faithful here on earth. May we all be able say farewell dear friends, we will soon come.

W. A. EDWARDS.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on our building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Burwell, April 8, 1901

Editor Banner.—The old time way to make a tortoise crawl was to put fire on his back, so we applied the coal to the Maplesville tortoise and here he comes with his excuses and explanations. The turtle says being a perfect stranger in the county when the bill was being agitated for stock law in Beat 5 we had no idea of the condition of affairs there, therefore could not discuss the matter; and in the next breath says he invited a free discussion through his columns. He, the turtle, then goes on to point out to us, the people of Beat 5, what our duty is, says we ought to have sent influential citizens to Montgomery to work against it. We thank the turtle for his advice, but thought that the great honest Democratic body of legislators with long petitions of overwhelming majorities of citizens from Beat 5 would be sufficient. But we failed. As there was no money to accompany our petitions it was not Democratic policy to notice them. No, brother, we do not boast of being a member of the great Democratic party that perpetrates such damnable legislation on the people as you and I have pointed out. He says "we still claim that Chilton made a mistake in sending as representative a man who has no weight whatever in the legislature." But he fails to give any explanation why he should have not had any weight, only leaves the inference that the great Democratic party had so decreed that if the people did not elect a Democrat from Chilton county that the defeated Democratic candidate should be counselled. Then he goes on and says why not indorse Dr. Caffey, etc. And he feels an interest in the county of his adoption. Now, my brother we feel the same interest and will send L. H. Reynolds, another man that will look after the interests of his people. It may be a spirit of dare devil wrecklessness that prompts the people to elect a man like the Hon. L. H. Reynolds who has served two terms in the General Assembly of Alabama with credit to himself and honor to his people. Chilton county may be the only place that the Populite party is in existence, but we will hold the fort as Davy Crocket did, and after the constitutional convention you will remember the Alamo and San Jacinto.

FREE VOTER.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, wherein I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of Sw ¼ of Se ¼ Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 29th day of April, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 25th day of March 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

BARBER SHOP—New barber shop opened up next Clanton drug store upstairs. Call and see me.
A. J. NEUGENT, Proprietor.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address
C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Everybody and his wife to go to his druggist and get bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. It preserves the flesh, prevents inflammation or suppuration and heals like magic. Pleasant as perfume and stainless as rose water.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 29 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 434—2 Calls.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

BIG SHOW FOR CLANTON!

SELLS AND GRAY'S
UNITED SHOWS
COMING ON A SPECIAL TRAIN OF TWENTY CARS
SATURDAY, APRIL 13,
GRANDEST AND GREATEST TENTED AGGREGATION OF ANIMAL WONDERS AND ARENIC ATTRACTIONS THAT EVER VISITED CLANTON

See THE DAZZLING MORNING STREET PARADE THE FREE EXHIBITION ON THE GROUNDS

100 GREAT PERFORMING ACTS 100

The Marvelous Eddys, Miss Edna, the Earl Sisters, and many others.

Don't forget Clanton, Saturday, April 13!

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

ELANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

It is pointed out that kings are not bad insurance risks. The average of life of the English monarchs since the Norman conquest has been about 50 years—almost as high as that of the general run of business men who work hard, eat and drink a great deal, and take no exercise.

It is worth while to reflect that Mr. Carnegie's million a month for public libraries means more than books for the many. It means work and wages for those who must put up the library buildings and for those who print, publish and distribute books. Breadth is a pronounced dimension of this giving.

In respect to her ability to support her population without foreign commerce Great Britain is the worst off of any country in the world. She is distinctly worse off than Germany, which is one of her commercial rivals, and of course worse off than the United States, the inhabitants of which can live without any commerce whatever.

Now that economic evolution is extending town privileges to the remotest outlying districts, and abolishing isolation, it is possible to make country life socially satisfying to woman. The farm of the future can be rendered a centre of thought, of social life, and of good cheer. Conversation can be carried on more freely, and good neighborhood established more easily than in town life, observes the New York Independent.

The Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage association celebrated the 32nd year of its career with the opening of the new century. The association felicitates itself on the fact that during the period the right of full suffrage has been granted to the sex in four states in the Union, in the Isle of Man, in New Zealand, and in South and West Australia; that the right to a liberal use of the suffrage has been granted in England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland and Canada, and a limited use of it in 25 of the United States, in Sweden, Norway, Iceland, Finland, Russia, Prussia, Westphalia, Schleswig-Holstein, Saxony, Brunswick, Austria and Croatia.

Some practical suggestions for the reformation of drunkards are made in a recent report by the Massachusetts commissioner of prisons. That the drunkard is any less a drunkard after the payment of his fine, or the serving of his jail sentence, no one pretends, and in this particular the purpose of punishment, which is the prevention of crime, is not realised. The change suggested by the commissioner is the commitment of a common drunkard for an indefinite period, and his employment is gainful labor for the state. To the latter end a way was provided by an enactment of the legislature in 1898 which authorized the governor and council to purchase or otherwise take in any parcel of waste and unused land, not exceeding 1000 acres in area, and to establish on the land a temporary industrial camp for prisoners, who shall be employed in reclaiming and improving the land.

An educational feature in Wisconsin next summer will be the opening of a summer school at the State university for apprentices and artisans. It will be for the benefit of machinists, carpenters, or sheet-metal workers; stationary, marine, or locomotive engineers; shop foremen and superintendents; superintendents of water works, electric light plants, power stations, factories, large office and store buildings in cities; and for the young men who wish to qualify themselves for such positions. For these employments the full four years' professional courses in engineering are not required, and yet to satisfy the present demands upon this class of men it is necessary for them to obtain considerable theoretical and practical knowledge not commonly taught in any of the public schools. For the present this instruction can be given during the summer months only, as during the college year the shops and laboratories are filled with the regular students; but it is the expectation, if the demand is sufficient, to organize this new work into a separate school.

Facts that came to light after the suicide of a young Russian in London the other day give some idea of the misery involved in sweat-shop labor. The unfortunate youth was paid thirty-seven cents a dozen for "finishing" shoes, a process that comprises nearly half the work of making the shoe.

LIVE WASINGTON NOTES.

P. C. Knox Has Accepted the Post of Attorney General.

HOBSON'S WRECK BLOWN UP AT SANTIAGO.

The President Regards Russia's Act as Another Proof of Desire for Harmony. Allen Continues Governor of Porto Rico.

Governor Allen, of Porto Rico, after an hour's conference with the President, announced that he would return to Porto Rico about May 1st, and will continue as Governor of the island at the request of the President.

Osborn Deignan, who the President last week appointed a boatswain, is one of the sailors who accompanied Naval Constructor Hobson on the famous Merrimac expedition into Santiago bay while the harbor was being blockaded by the American fleet. It was the desire of the President to reward Deignan for his bravery on that occasion by appointing him a naval cadet at Annapolis, but it was found that he was not eligible.

In the cabinet the President made the first announcement that Mr. Knox had accepted the post of attorney general. His commission was signed immediately after the President had informed his advisers of their new colleague's acceptance.

The first of the new type of 5-inch naval guns, designed for cruisers of the Denver class, was tested at the Indian Head proving ground with very satisfactory results. A projectile weighing 50 pounds was fired with a powder charge of 26 pounds. The energy obtained is sufficient to pierce seven inches of Krupp armor at the muzzle and five inches of Krupp armor at 2,000 yards.

The determination of the Russian government not to press to a conclusion the negotiations begun some time ago with the Chinese government in regard to Manchuria has naturally given great gratification to the government of the United States. The President is understood to recognize in this act of the Czar another proof of his sincere regard for harmony with the powers now engaged in negotiations in China and his determination to do nothing to deter the speedy and satisfactory conclusion of these negotiations.

Important developments in the Oberlin M. Carter case are likely to occur within a few days. Carter is now serving a sentence of five years' imprisonment in the government penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kas., charged with gigantic swindling operations against the government. Up to the time he was convicted, Carter was under the jurisdiction and was prosecuted by the War Department. Since then the civil authorities of the govrnment, acting through the Department of Justice have been quietly but vigorously and relentlessly tracing step by step the money Carter stole, and now have the great bulk of it located and are about ready to recover it and turn it back into the Treasury.

A special from Santiago De Cuba says that the wreck of the collier Merrimac, which was sunk at the entrance to the harbor by Lieut. R. P. Hobson and his little band of volunteers during the blockade was blown up with dynamite last Saturday.

The Navy Department recently supplied to Lord Pauncefote a photograph of the beautiful bronze tablet which it was about to place upon the house in Santiago occupied by the late Frederick W. Ramsden, the British Consul, who exerted himself so benevolently in aid of the American residents and prisoners during the siege. The State Department has just received a letter of acknowledgment from the British Embassy.

J. D. Taylor, a prominent citizen of this city, has received a letter from his son, Lieut. James D. Taylor, Jr., of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, which shows that the young man, with kindness and cigars, won over seven Filipinos and secured the information which enabled General Funston to capture Aguinaldo. In a modest, matter-of-fact way, the lieutenant tells his father about his acknowledgement of his services.

The news that comes from Pekin of the great popularity of Major General Chaffee among the foreigners there, of the enthusiastic way in which the information that he had been elevated to a major general in the American regular army and of the satisfaction his promotion has given the private soldiers in the army who remember that he rose from the ranks is particularly gratifying to the President and the War Department. The President, Secretary of War and General Corbin have had the greatest confidence in General Chaffee. They have been entirely satisfied with his work in China.

Nothing has been received by the officials of the Marine Hospital service regarding the sickness believed to be bubonic plague, of a student in the Ann Arbor, Mich., University. The appearance of the plague in the interior would be a matter of some surprise to the officials of the service, as that sickness is more apt to manifest itself at the seaport cities.

"CRUCIFIXION OF CUBA."

Cartoon Representing Cuban Soldier Crucified Between Two Thieves.

The Discusion, of Havana, has been suppressed by order of Governor General Wood, and its offices have been closed and sealed.

This action was due to the publication in the Discusion of an illustration having the title, the "Cuban Calvary," representing the Cuban public personified in a Cuban soldier being crucified between two thieves, General Wood being represented as one thief and President McKinley as the other, both being labelled with their names.

Senator Platt was represented as a Roman soldier, giving vinegar and gall in the form of the Platt amendment, while public opinion as Magdaline, was weeping at the foot of the cross. Below was the following inscription: "Destiny will not reserve for us a glorious resurrection."

Russia Has Broken Off Relations with China.

A Washington dispatch dated April 7th says: The administration is perplexed over a cable dispatch received yesterday from Mr. Squiers, now in charge of the American legation in Pekin. This dispatch, according to a publication today, said that "the Russian minister refuses to receive official communications from Chinese commissioners," which carried the inference that diplomatic relations between the two countries interested would be broken off. The officials are very reticent about the matter and decline to affirm or deny whether it is correctly stated. They will go only so far as to admit the receipt of a dispatch whose purport was not clearly understood, for which reason it was not given to the press for publication. Another cablegram which reached here today from Mr. Rockhill, the special commissioner of the United States, engaged in conducting the peace negotiations, made no reference to the matter.

The impression of the officials at the Russian embassy was that no special significance attached to the Squiers dispatch. According to them it simply meant that the Russians had discontinued further negotiations at this time on the Manchurian question alone, which for the time is held in abeyance.

Ghastly Story of Cannibalism.

The Singapore correspondent of the London Daily Express wires a ghastly story of cannibalism at sea brought to Singapore by two survivors of the Nova Scotian bark Angola, wrecked six day's sale from Manila, October 23 last. The correspondent says:

The survivors, Johnson, a Swede, and Marticorna, a Spaniard, assert that the Angola struck a reef. Two rafts were built. The smaller, bearing five men, disappeared. The other with twelve men, drifted forty days. The sailors ate barnacles, seaweed and finally their boots. On the twenty-fifth day two became insane and killed themselves. On the 26th a Frenchman killed the mate with an axe, drank his blood and tried to eat his brains, but was prevented by the others. Next day the Frenchman was killed while attempting to murder the captain. The survivors, all of whom were now insane, ate the Frenchman's body. Cannibalism continued until only Johnson and Marticorna remained of the crew. On the fortieth day the raft stranded on Subi or Flat Island in the Natuna group, northwest of Borneo. Johnson and Marticorna were awfully emaciated. Friendly Malays sent them by junk to Singapore.

The army is to have 30 dental surgeons. Some of the soldiers would appreciate a few chiropodists.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

THE COAL MINERS GET AN ADVANCE.

Commission Appointed for Purchase of Western Florida—S. H. Buck to Become Postoffice Inspector—Sad Death of a Little Boy.

Mining Experts Have Discovered Four Seams of Fine Coal.

Experienced coal mining experts who have been prospecting on the lands of T. H. Aldrich, located in the vicinity of Bessemer, report the discovery of four seams of fine coal twenty feet thick altogether. The report makes some wonderful disclosures. The Pratt vein, about four and a half feet thick, was followed for several miles. Below this was discovered the Americus seam, from three to three and a half feet thick, and still below this the wonderful Blue Creek seam, over ten feet thick, five and a half feet without a parting. And still below this is the Black Creek seam. It is said to be the intention of Mr. Aldrich and associates to open up this property at once.

Hanged in Effigy.

Some parties at Daphne, Baldwin county, last week hanged in effigy Representative George H. Hoyle, of that county. The hanging was an expression of their disfavor at the action of Hoyle in having the county seat removed from Daphne to Bay Minette at the last session of the legislature. It is said that the hanging was done by irresponsible youths. A fight is being made in the courts to prevent the moving of the county seat, and work which has begun on a new court house at Bay Minette has been stopped pending the outcome of the legal battle.

The University Bulletin.

Volume one, No. 1, of the "University Bulletin," the quarterly publication which will hereafter be issued by the State University, has been issued and is a splendid pamphlet of sixty-three pages. It contains a number of splendid articles by one or two members of the faculty, the president and others. The Bulletin will be issued for the purpose of keeping its friends in touch with the University and giving the public an idea of the work of the college.

Found a Skeleton.

While at work under a building on First avenue and Twenty-third street, Birmingham, occupied by J. P. Lind & Co., carpenters and builders, a nagro dug up the skeleton of a man. The skeleton fell to pieces when the negro's pick struck it. The skull was examined and there is no doubt but that it belonged to a white man. On the left side of the head is a large hole and there are evidences that the man died from the wound made in the side of the skull. Who he was or how he came to be buried there is not known. There are indications that the body has been under ground at that point many years, possibly thirty years, though some of the teeth in the skull show good preservation.

He Will Go Higher.

It is stated that S. H. Buck, a postal clerk on the Atlanta and Birmingham run on the Southern railway, has been appointed postoffice inspector and that he will receive his commission in a few days, if he has not already done so. Mr. Buck has been on the Atlanta and Birmingham run for no little time.

Miners' Strike Settled.

The strike at the Patterson mines at Blossburg, which commenced last Monday, because the men claimed that they were entitled to yardage in an entry which was being worked as a room by the company, has been declared off and all hands have returned to work. President Edward Flynn, of the Alabama District, United Mine Workers of America, was at Blossburg Friday, and it is stated that an amicable agreement was arrived at and the men were ordered to return to work. There were between 400 and 500 men affected through the strike.

Verdict for $7,000.

In the city court of Birmingham a verdict has been rendered for $7,000 in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Nannie Brooks, administratrix of B. F Brooks vs. the Alabama Great Southern Railroad company. The plaintiff sued for $25,000 damages for the death of her intestate, whom she alleges was run over by a train at Eppes, Ala., in February, 1900, both of his legs being cut off and death resulting later.

GEN "TIGE" ANDERSON DEAD.

Passes Away at His Home in Anniston

Gen. George T. Anderson, familiarly known as "Tige" Anderson, died at his home in Anniston Thursday and was buried at Edgement Cemetery Friday. There was a large attendance at the funeral, the Confederate Veterans attending in a body. Before he died General Anderson requested that he be buried in the coat in which he surrendered at Appomattox, and this request was complied with.

General Anderson was a brigade commander under General Longstreet in the civil war and was famed among the soldiers of the Virginia and Western armies for his courage and for his strong devotion to friends.

As a boy he enlisted from Newton county, Georgia, his birthplace, in the Georgia troops, who fought through the Mexican war.

At the beginning of the civil war General Anderson was one of the very first to enlist. He entered into the army of the Confederacy with the same dash and spirit that had characterized his conduct during the battles in Mexico, and was soon made a brigadier as a reward for personal bravery. It was not long before his fierce fighting and his daring earned for him the title of "Tige," and this remained with him during the war until it so fastened itself upon him that even after the hostilities had become a thing of the past, the title clung to the gallant hero.

In 1869 he moved to Atlanta, and was appointed to the head of the police department. The department at that time was small, but the pace was fast, and General Anderson kept up with it. Later he severed his connection with the Atlanta police department and went to Alabama.

After leaving Atlanta he went to Tuscaloosa where he engaged in the mercantile business. He moved to Anniston in 1888 and became chief of police, and was city clerk at the time of his death.

In alighting from a moving train in the union depot in Anniston a few years ago he fell and fractured his thigh, from which accident he never recovered, being forced to use crutches. The direct cause of his death, however, was a bladder trouble from which he has suffered for several years and which had caused him great trouble at various times.

Wages Went Up.

The wages of coal miners in the employ of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad company, the Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron company and others of this district, have been advanced 2½ cents per ton for this month. The committee of miners from the Sloss-Sheffield Steele & Iron company met in Birmingham when the above conclusion was reached and promulgated as far as that company was concerned, the average price of pig iron being $10.59.

Sensational Arrests at Ensley.

Two highly sensational arrests were made at Ensley, the parties being J. A. Shivers, a well known young man, and Mrs. Daisy Smith, a young married woman. The parties are charged with stealing $800 worth of commissary checks from the Ensley Liquor Company. To add to the tragedy in the situation, the young man is said to have attempted to cut his throat when arrested, declaring that he preferred death to disgrace.

The offices of tax-collector and city treasurer of Ensley have been combined owing to the failure of the collector who was recently elected to make the required bond. The duties of both offices will be performed by Mr. Lee White, who was elected treasurer at the last election.

Child Ate Pills Containing Strychnine.

The little 3-year-old son of Mr. A. A. Feltus, of 2516 First avenue, Birmingham, ate sixty-seven pills containing belladonna and strychnia. The dose threw the child into convulsions and death resulted in a few hours despite the best efforts of several physicians.

Oneonta's waterworks system is now in operation, giving the town an abundance of fine spring water for all purposes. A stream can be thrown on the top of the highest building in the town.

Big Land Purchase.

A special from Selma to the Montgomery Advertiser says: "The sensation of the day has been the purchase by Colonel Abbott for Eastern men of the 3,000 acre farm of Dr. Brooks Thomas at Thomaston, the terminus of the Birmingham, Selma, & New Orleans railroad in Marengo county. The price paid for the 3,000 acres was $40,000, or $13.33 per acre.

CUBA FOR INDEPENDEN

Aggi Purchasing Diamonds and Ot Jewelry.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER PRESIDENT LOUBET

President McKinley Will Visit V burg Rockhill and Li Talk Over the Situation. Other News of Interest.

Aguinaldo in Luzon

General MacArthur says sible to make a statement Aguinaldo now. It is p Aguinaldo will soon be re the Malacanan palace to a quarter of the city be river which is being remov pared for occupancy. purchasing diamonds and He continues to receive but newspaper correspond cluded. It is said that the which Aguinaldo has be is not yet singed, and it Aguinaldo is reluctant to the conditions. It appear jority of the Filipinos in Ma trust Aguinaldo and disli accorded special favors he ought to be severely puni

Cuba in Favor of Independe

Congressman William R has just returned from a mon of Cuba, said that the genuine was in favor of independence there was considerable feeling the United States in Havana he characterized as "the bo Cuban politics." "The Platt ment is not received with much anywhere," and yet he believes be accepted for the simple reason the Cuban masses will ultimately what their more thoughtful already recognize that they have cretion in the matter.

Three Lives Lost.

The west bound limited due Nevada in the morning at collided with a freight train two from Wells Station. Two firemen of them named Charles Leeder, of the other unknown, and a mail lost their lives. The train too after the collision and the mail baggage car were almost comp destroyed. The mail clerk was cated.

Rockhill and Li.

Mr. Rockhill, United States Commissioner to Pekin, had a terview with Li Hung Chang, there was small probability of hitches in the negotiations has agreed to the list of punish submitted by the Ministers of the ers, asking only one concession deprivation of office instead of ment, in the case of a man years of age. To this the Min have agreed.

Tung Fuh Sian in Rebellion

The rumors which have been during the last few days of the break of a rebellion, headed by Tung Fuh Sian, the former com of the northern army in the of Mongolia and Shan Si have solutely authenticated.

President Going to Vicksbu

Secretary Sortelyou notified Trowbridge that President McK would make a short stop in Vick reaching there at 8 o'clock on the ing of May 1st, and remaining 1:30 a. m.

Pleased With the Iron Stru Florence.

E. O. Hopkins, president of the Sheffield Iron and Steel Compa John A. Rutherford, of New City, a director of the company in Florence this week, accompa J. W. Worthington, general tendent of the Sloss-Sheffield C on a tour of inspection of the property and furnaces. Mr. Ro was greatly pleased with the Alabama iron district and the hope that that section would of the leading iron producing of the country.

New Evidence to be Offered.

New evidence of the g portance will be offered in the week of Captain Garnett charged with complicity in the sination of Governor Goebel. evidence will be given by men of national note, and its be felt not only in the Ripley in the retrials of the Powers and cases, recently remanded Court of Appeals.

...LL ARP'S LETTER

...ndrew Carnegie Praised F... Works of Philanthropy.

...ILLIAM OFFERS SOME SUGGESTIONS

By Libraries

...ppose it, Mr. F... credits down 5 per cent for this year. The banks know that are getting her rich. But I ... price of steel rails and ... of labor. We are but ... fellowmen and a ... enough for us.

If Mr. Carnegie had said that years ago, he would be a ... now about giving away his mo... He says it is a sin for a man ... rich, and as life is uncertain and ...ure, he seems to be in a hurry about getting rid of his millions. ... five millions he has settled upon his aged and indigent laborers is a benefaction that everybody commends.

The twenty five millions that he has given to the cities for public libraries is not especially commended by any body except those who received it. It is about on a par with Rockefeller's twenty five millions to the great universities. Neither gift reaches the masses of the people nor alleviates the condition of the poor. George Peabody's and Peter Cooper's charities are much more sensible and effectual. George Muller's life work, who, with not a dollar of capital to begin with, established orphanages in London in ... he had over 2,000 in charge when he died, and from year to year maintained and educated them, was a much grander charity than giving millions to colleges and libraries.

George Peabody's millions built blocks of good comfortable tenement houses for the laboring poor of London, houses that were furnished and equipped with every comfort and every safeguard for the health of the tenants. Besides that, he left a large fund for the promotion of education in the south. There are many charities more needed by the people than giving them a chance to read free books. The poor do not have time to read very much. A right hungry man can't hardly get religion, much less enjoy a story book. But still we commend Mr. Carnegie for his good intentions, and if he had given two or three thousand dollars to Cartersville, I would have said, "Mr. Carnegie, you are a big-hearted Scotchman, sure." I hope they will elect him mayor of New York.

The reason why the public praises Mr. Carnegie so is because the public is surprised. Such munificence is so uncommon that it is unexpected. The gift is really no act of generosity, for, as he says himself, it is a sin to keep and die rich. He got all his millions from the labor of the people, and now he is trying to pour some of it back in the jug. That is right honorable, for the ore was God's and the labor was the toil of his men. He ought to pour it back and give it to the toilers whose sweat earned the money. This is pure morality and common sense.

Every man has a moral right, and it is his duty to make sufficient profit on his labor to maintain himself and family in comfort, and even in luxury, and also to lay up something for his children and for old age and for the accidents of life; but beyond that the rights under a Christian civilization do not go. He then becomes a trustee for his fellowmen who are in need. Not that he should parcel out and distribute to each one his share; for it cannot be done, but he should make some investment that would insure the greatest good to the greatest number. Nevertheless, Mr. Carnegie is scattering his money. He is sowing wheat among the tares. He is giving largely to the wealthy cities who can provide their own libraries. He is scattering his money; I mean the millions, that has grown to be a burden. He has just finished a million dollar mansion in New York and has another in Scotland, and a few millions in reserve for contingencies. We hope that these small holdings will not interfere with his intention to die poor. So, there is no peculiar grace in the gifts of Carnegie or Rockefeller. They are a surprise, that's all, for not one in a hundred of the millionaires do such things. Most of them hold on and grab it up for their children to quarrel over. The Standard Oil Company has declared a dividend of twenty million for Rockefeller. He crushed out and absorbed all competing mills and still sells oil to the consumers at cents per gallon. Cheap, isn't it? He could sell it at 10 cents and make a hundred per cent. It is the common people, the masses, the toilers and the poor who buy the oil, and every gallon takes a nickel from them that ought not to be taken. God made the oil, and man gave the labor. Mr. Rockefeller had but little to do with it. Most of his millions really belong to God and the laborers. It is no sufficient answer that he has endowed a college. The children of the laborers are not in it. It's too far away and too high up.

Such colossal fortunes are becoming alarming. They endanger good government, for it is still a fact "that wealth and virtue are rarely found combined." Laws grind the poor and rich men make the laws. A graduated income tax would limit these great fortunes, but also, we will never get it. It is too late. The opportunity has passed, for rich men make the

FOR INDEPENDEN

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TO MURDER PRESIDENT LOUBET

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Aguinaldo in Luxury.

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Manila de
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Three Lives Lost.
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with a freight train two mi
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named Charles Leeder, of Ro
unknown, and a mail cl
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collision and the mail
car were almost complete
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LL ARP'S LETTER

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AN OFFERS SOME SUGGESTIONS.

How Great Steel Magnet Could Reach the Masses in a Better Way Than By Libraries.

Mr. Frick, scale these
per cent for the next
The books show that we
Put down the
and put up the price
We are but trustees for our
a year is
he had said that ten
years ago he didn't be so perplexed
how to spend away his money.
It is easier for a man to die
than it is for him to be in a hurry
to get rid of his millions. The
way he has settled upon his
heirs and great laborers is a bene-
faction everybody commends.
Five millions that he has
given for public libraries
were recommended by any-
one who received it. It
looks as if a gift to Rockefeller's
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versities, Nelson gift reaches the
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and Peter Cooper's charities
were sensible and effectual.
George Muller's life work, who, with-
out a dollar to begin with,
established orphanages in London un-
der his charge when he
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ing them, was a much
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to universities and libraries.
Mr. Carnegie's millions built
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don. These houses were furnished and
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surplus, that has grown to be a bur-
den. He has just finished a million
dollar mansion in New York and has
another in Scotland, and a few millions
in reserve for contingencies. We hope
that these small holdings will not in-
terfere with his intention to die poor.

No, there is no peculiar grace in the
gifts of Carnegie or Rockefeller. They
are a surprise, that's all, for not one in
a hundred of the millionaires do such
things. Most of them hold on and
pile it up for their children to quarrel
over. The Standard Oil Company has
just declared a dividend of twenty
million for Rockefeller. He crushed
out and stifled all competing mills
and still sells oil to the consumers at
5 cents per gallon. Cheap, isn't it?
But he can't sell it at 10 cents and
make a hundred per cent. It is the
common people, the masses, the toil-
ers and the poor who buy the oil, and
every gallon takes a nickel from them
that ought not to be taken. God made
the oil, and man gave the labor. Mr.
Rockefeller had but little to do with it.
Most of his millions really belong to
God and the laborers. It is no suffi-
cient answer that he has endowed a
college. The children of the laborers
are not in it. It's too far away and
too high up.

These colossal fortunes are becom-
ing alarming. They endanger good
government, for it is still a fact "that
riches and virtue are rarely found
combined." Laws grind the poor and
rich men make the laws. A graduated
income tax would limit these great
fortunes, but alas, we will never get
it. It is too late. The opportunity
has passed, for rich men make the
laws. Millionaires control the United States senate and will resist any tax that limits or lessens their estates.

But it is wrong for us to envy the rich. In the economy of life and the pursuit of happiness it seems necessary to have rich men. They build ships, railroads, canals, telegraphs and telephones, cotton and woolen mills, reapers, mowers, flour mills and a thousand other plants that furnish us with food and clothing and add to the comfort of mankind. The world would make slow progress without them, but when they begin to unload their vast profits mankind will criticise the manner of it. Generally they unload it on their children, who never earned a dollar of it. Some of them would carry it all to heaven with them if they could. Many of them give a part of it to some church or charity as a kind of passport to heaven.

An old friend of mine who was pretty hard up borrowed $5 from me one morning to pay one of these darn little just debts, as he called them. He said his creditor was annoying him, but before he left my office a committee from the country called and asked us to help to build a country church.

I gave them a dollar, but my friend subscribed $5 and handed over the bill that I had loaned him. After they had left I asked him why he gave so much, and he said: "Well, I always give that much to help build a church. I do not belong to any, for I have not yet felt good enough to join, but I have lived in five counties and practiced my profession in fourteen, and I have helped to build country churches in all of them. It may be that death will catch me unawares before I do join the church and St. Peter will refuse me admission into the heavenly gate. But I will have one credential, for I can say: "St. Peter, I know I have not been a good man and am not fit to mingle with the saints, but I have got a little stock in every country church from Rabun's Gap to Tallapoosa—and maybe he will let me in—maybe so. Major, could you lend me another $5 without inconvenience?" Of course I did, for he was one friend whom I never refused. He did join the church and I believe he is in heaven now.

Charity is the greatest and most blessed of all virtues. As the poet says: "It is twice blessed. It blesseth him that gives and him that doth receive." But when a man with $100,000 income gives away $1,000 of it to ease his conscience and secure a passport to heaven, he makes a mistake. It will do neither. A man's standing in the community is determined more by his charity than anything else. How much does he give to the church and how much to the poor is discussed by his neighbors, and he is rated accordingly.

Not long ago I gave a problem to the young people. If a man sells a sow and pigs for $18 and gets as much for one-tenth of the sow as he did for nine-tenths of a pig, how many pigs did she have? I have received scores of answers—most of them making it nine pigs and some say ten pigs—one smart girl makes it seventy-two pigs and one smarter man proves that the sow had 1,791 pigs. Strange to say every answer is correct. Nine pigs gives $9 for the sow and 1 each for the pigs; seventy-two pigs gives $2 for the sow and 11 2-9 cents for a pig and it would take the seventy-two pigs to make the $16. Nine cents for the sow would give 1 cent for each pig, and therefore require 1,791 pigs to make up the $18. It is a see-saw sum. As the price of the sow goes down the number of the pigs goes up and any number is correct. Now, let me ask the school boys and girls to hold up a little on composition and speeches. Please excuse me for I have not the time. It would take every hour in the day to comply with all their requests.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Natural gas has been struck near Lowellville, Ohio.

Barcelona, Spain, will hold an Irish potato exhibit during July and June.

Another counterfeit of the $5 silver certificate, issue of 1899, has been found.

The hegira of Western capitalists and corporations to New York City is still kept up.

After having been threatened many years, the fortifications of Paris are at last to be destroyed.

Landslides in the Apennines have destroyed entire villages, and caused considerable loss of life.

Chicago boasts of a society just organized for "making things unpleasant for unpleasant people."

Tobacco-raising seems likely to become a new and leading farm industry in Northwestern Wisconsin.

The Venezuelan Government has waived the duty on self-propelled vehicles taken into that country.

It is thought by the officers in charge of the Yellowstone National Park that there are about fifty bison in the park.

Mme. Nordica, the singer, having located her missing brother, will now come into possession of $300,000 left by her mother.

A flat to go up in Cincinnati, Ohio, this season, will probably be the largest one in the country. Its frontage will be 1000 feet.

The Swiss census has just been declared, and shows that there are 3,312,551 inhabitants in Switzerland. In 1850 the population was 2,300,116.

The British Admiralty have resolved to establish eight wireless telegraph stations for naval signaling in time of war. All the vessels of the navy are to be fitted with apparatus.

Montana, Colorado and Arizona were ahead of California last year in the aggregate production of metals. The aggregate of Montana alone was $50,000,000 and of Colorado $47,000,000.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Sacrifices Made by Christ—What the Saving of All the Nations Cost the Messiah—Paying For the Clearance of Our Souls.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows the Messianic sacrifices for the saving of all nations and speaks of Gethsemane as it appeared to him; text I Corinthians vi, 20, "Ye are bought with a price."

Your friend takes you through his valuable house. You examine the arches, the frescoes, the grass plots, the fish ponds, the conservatories, the parks of deer, and you say within yourself or you say aloud "What did all this cost?" You see a costly diamond flashing in an earring, or you hear a costly dress rustling across the drawing room, or you see a high mettled span of horses harnessed with silver and gold, and you begin to make an estimate of the value.

The man who owns a large estate cannot instantly tell you all it is worth. He says, "I will estimate so much for the house, so much for the furniture, so much for laying out the grounds, so much for the stock, so much for the barn, so much for the equipage—adding up in all making this aggregate.

Well, my friends, I hear so much about our mansion in heaven, about its furniture and the grand surroundings, that I want to know how much it is all worth and what has actually been paid for it. I cannot complete in a month or a year the magnificent calculation, but before I get through to-day I hope to give you the figures. "Ye are bought with a price."

With some friends I went to the Tower of London to look at the crown jewels. We walked around, caught one glimpse of them, and, being in the procession, were compelled to pass out. I wish that I could take this audience into the tower of God's mercy and strength, that you might walk around just once at least and see the crown jewels of eternity, behold their brilliance and estimate their value. "Ye are bought with a price."

Now, if you have a large amount of money to pay, you do not pay it all at once, but you pay it by installments—so much the first of January, so much the first of April, so much the first of July, so much the first of October, until the entire amount is paid, and I have to tell this audience that "you have been bought with a price" and that that price was paid in different installments.

The first installment paid for the clearance of our souls was the ignominious birth of Christ in Bethlehem. Though we may never be carefully looked after afterward, our advent into the world is carefully guarded. We come into the world amid kindly attentions. Privacy and silence are afforded when God launches an immortal soul into the world. Even the roughest of men know enough to stand back. But I have to tell you that in the village on the side of the hill there was a very bedlam of uproar when Jesus was born. In a village capable of accommodating only a few hundred people many thousand people were crowded, and amid hostlers and muleteers and camel drivers yelling at stupid beasts of burden the Messiah appeared. No silence. No privacy. A better adapted place hath the eaglet in the eyrie, hath the whelp in the lions' lair. The exile of heaven lieth down upon straw. The first night out from the palace of heaven spent in an outhouse! One hour after laying aside the robes of heaven, dressed in a wrapper of coarse linen. One would have supposed that Christ would have made a more gradual descent, coming from heaven first to a half way world of great magnitude, then to Cæsar's palace, then to a merchant's castle in Galilee, then to a private home in Bethany, then to a fisherman's hut and last of all to a stable. No; it was one leap from the top to the bottom.

Let us open the door of the caravansary in Bethlehem and drive away the camels. Press on through the group of idlers and loungers. What, O Mary! No light? "No light," she says, "save that which comes in through the door." What, Mary, no food? "None," she says, "only that which was brought in the sack on the journey." Let the Bethlehem woman who has come in here with kindly attentions put back the covering from the Babe that we may look upon it. Look! Look! Uncover your head. Let us kneel. Let all voices be hushed. Son of Mary! Son of God! Child of a day! Monarch of eternity! In that eye the glance of a God. Omnipotence sheathed in that Babe's arm. That voice to be changed from the feeble plaint to the tone that shall wake the dead. Hosanna! Hosanna! Glory be to God that Jesus came from throne to manger, that we might rise from manger to throne and that all the gates are open and that the door of heaven, that once swung this way to let Jesus out, now swings the other way to let us in. Let all the bellmen of heaven lay hold the rope and ring out the news: "Behold, I bring you glad tidings of great joy, which shall be to all people. For to-day is born in the city of David a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord!"

The second installment paid for our soul's clearance was the scene in Quarantania, a mountainous region, full of caverns, where are to this day panthers and wild beasts of all sorts, so that you must now go there armed with knife or gun or pistol. It was there that Jesus went to think and to pray, and it was there that his monster of hell—more sly, more terrific than anything that prowled in that country—Satan himself met Christ.

The rose in the cheek of Christ—that Publius Lentullus in his letter to the Roman senate ascribed to Jesus—that rose had scattered its petals. Abstinence from food had thrown Him into emaciation.

A long abstinence from food recorded in profane history is that of the crew of the ship Juno. For twenty-three days they had nothing to eat. But this sufferer had fasted a month and ten days before He broke fast. Hunger must have agonized every fiber of the body and gnawed on the stomach with teeth of death. The thought of a morsel of bread or meat must have thrilled the body with something like ferocity.

Turn out a pack of men hungry as Christ was a-hungered, and if they had strength with one yell they would devour you as a kid. It was in that pang of hunger that Jesus was accosted and Satan said, "Now change these stones, which look like bread into an actual supply of bread." Had the temptation come to you and me under those circumstances we would have cried, "Bread it shall be!" and been almost impatient at the time taken for mastication. But Christ with one hand beat back the hunger and with the other hand beat back the monarch of darkness. Oh, ye tempted ones! Christ was tempted.

We are told that Napoleon ordered a coat of mail made, but was not quite certain that it was impenetrable, so he said to the manufacturer of the coat of mail, "Put it on now yourself and let us try it." And with shot after shot from his own pistol the emperor found out that it was just what it pretended to be—a good coat of mail. Then the man received a large reward.

I bless God that the same cost of mail that struck back the weapons of temptation from the head of Christ we may now all wear, for Jesus comes and says: "I have been tempted, and I know what it is to be tempted. Take this robe that defended Me and wear it for yourselves. I shall see you through all trials, and I shall see you through all temptations."

"But," says Satan still further to Jesus, "come, and I will show you something worth looking at, and after a half day's journey they came to Jerusalem and to the top of the temple. Just as one might go up in the tower of Antwerp and look off upon Belgium, so Satan brought Christ to the top of the temple. Some people at a great height feel dizzy and a strange disposition to jump, so Satan comes to Christ in that very crisis. Standing there at the top of the temple, they look off. A magnificent reach of country. Grainfields, vineyards, olive groves, forests and streams, cattle in the valley, flocks on the hills and villages and cities and realms. "Now," says Satan, "I'll make a bargain. Just jump off. I know it is a great way from the top of the temple to the valley, but if you are divine you can fly. Jump off. It won't hurt you. Angels will catch you. Your Father will hold you. Besides, I'll make you a large present if you will. I'll give you Asia Minor, I'll give you China, I'll give you Ethiopia. I'll give you Italy, I'll give you Spain, I'll give you Germany, I'll give you Britain. I'll give you all the world." What a temptation it must have been!

But I bless God that in the triumph over temptation Christ gives us the assurance that we also shall triumph. Having Himself been tempted, He is able to succor all those who are tempted.

In a violent storm at sea the mate told a boy—for the rigging had become entangled in the mast—to go up and right it. A gentleman standing on the deck said "Don't send that boy up. He will be dashed to death." The mate said, "I know what I am about." The boy raised his hat in recognition of the order and then rose hand over hand and went to work. And as he swung in the storm the passengers wrung their hands and expected to see him fall. The work done, he came down in safety, and a Christian man said to him, "Why did you go down in the forecastle before you went up?" "Ah!" said the boy, "I went down to pray. My mother always taught me, before I undertook anything great to pray." "What is that you have in your vest?" "Oh, that is the New Testament," he said. "I thought I would carry it with me if I really did go overboard." How well the boy was protected!

I care not how great the height or how vast the depth, with Christ within us and Christ beneath us and Christ above us and Christ all around us, nothing can befal us in the way of harm. Christ Himself having been in the tempest will deliver all those who put their trust in Him. Blessed be His glorious name forever!

Further I remark, the last great installment paid for our redemption was the demise of Christ. The world has seen many dark days. Many summers ago there was a very dark day when the sun was eclipsed. The fowl at noonday went to their perch, and we felt a gloom as we looked at the astronomical wonder. It was a dark day in London when the plague was at its height and the dead with uncovered faces were taken in open cars and dumped in the trenches. It was a dark day when the earth opened and Lisbon sank, but the darkest day since the creation of the world was when the carnage of Calvary was enacted.

It was about noon when the curtain began to be drawn. It was not the coming on of a night that soothes and refreshes; it was the swinging of a great gloom all around the heavens. God hung it. As when there is a dead one in the house you bow the shutters, or turn the lattice, so God in the afternoon shut the windows of the world. As it is appropriate to throw a black pall upon the coffin as it passes along, so it was appropriate that everything should be sombre that day as the great hearse of the earth rolled on bearing the corpse of the King. A man's last hours are ordinarily kept sacred. However you may have hated or caricatured a man, when you hear he is dying silence puts its hand on your line, and you would have a loathing for the man who could stand by a deathbed making faces and scoffing. But Christ in His last hour cannot be left alone. What! Pursuing Him yet after so long a pursuit? You have been drinking His tears. Do you want to drink His blood? They come up closely, so that notwithstanding the darkness they can glut their revenge with the contortions of His countenance. They examine His feet; they want to feel for themselves whether those feet are really spiked; they put out their hands and touch the spikes and bring them back wet with blood and wipe them on their garments.

Women stand there and weep, but can do no good. It is no place for the tender-hearted women. It wants a heart that crime has turned into granite. The waves of man's hatred and of hell's vengeance dash up against the mangled feet, and the hands of sin and pain and torture clutch for His holy heart. Had He not been thoroughly fastened to the cross they would have torn Him down and trampled Him with both feet. How the cavalry horses arched their necks and champed their bits and reared and snuffed at the blood! Had a Roman officer called out for a light his voice would not have been heard in the tumult, but louder than the clash of spears, and the wailing of womanhood, and the neighing of the chargers, and the bellowing of the crucifiers there comes a voice crashing through—loud, clear, overwhelming, terrific. It is the groaning of the dying Son of God! Look! What a scene! Look, world, at what you have done!

I lift the covering from the maltreated Christ to let you count the wounds and estimate the cost. Oh, when the nails went through Christ's right hand and through Christ's left hand, that bought both your hands with all their power to work and lift and write. When the nails went through Christ's right foot and Christ's left foot, that bought your feet, with all their power to walk or run or climb. When the thorn went into Christ's temple, that bought your brain, with all its power to think and plan. When the spear cleft Christ's side, that bought your heart, with all its power to love and repent and pray.

When the Atlantic cable was lost in 1865, do you remember that the Great Eastern and the Medway and the Albany went out to find it? Thirty times they sank the grapnel two and a half miles deep in water. After awhile they found the cable and brought it to the surface. No sooner had it been brought to the surface than they lifted a shout of exultation, but the cable slipped back again into the water and was lost. Then for two weeks more they swept the sea with the grappling hooks, and at last they found the cable, and they brought it up in silence. They fastened it this time. Then with great excitement they took one end of the cable to the electrician's room to see if there were really any life in it, and, when they saw a spark and knew that a message could be sent, then every hat was lifted, and the rockets flew, and the guns sounded until all the vessels on the expedition knew, and the continents were lashed together. Well, my friends, Sabbath after Sabbath gospel messengers have come searching down for your souls. We have swept the sea with the grappling hook of Christ's gospel. Again and again we have thought that you were at the surface, and we began to rejoice over your redemption, but at the moment of our gladness you sank back again into the world and back again into sin. To-day we come with the gospel searching for your soul. We apply the cross of Christ first to see whether there is any life left in you, while all around the people stand, looking to see whether the work will be done, and the angels of God bend down and witness, and, oh, if now we could see only one spark of love and hope and faith we would send up a shout that would be heard on the battlements of heaven, and two worlds would keep jubilee because communication is open between Christ and the soul and your nature that has been sunken in sin has been lifted into the light and the joy of the gospel.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 14.

Subject: Jesus Appears to Mary. John xx., 11-18.—Golden Text, Rev. i., 18.—Memory Verses, 16-18.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

11. "Mary." This was Mary Magdalene, out of whom the Lord had cast seven devils. The epithet "Magdalene," whatever may be its meaning, seems chosen for the express purpose of distinguishing her from all other Marys. "Stood without." Peter and John going (v. 10) commenced Mary's staying. To the grave she came before them, from the grave she went to tell them, to the grave she returns with them, at the grave she remains behind them. To stay while others stay is the world's love, to stay when all are gone is constant love. "Weeping." She had great love for her Lord. He had done much for her. "Stooped down." Because she was anxious to see whether she might not, after all, be mistaken about the absence of the body. She stooped because the top of the entrance was so low that she could not otherwise obtain a near view of the inside of the tomb. "The sepulchre." The sepulchre seems to have been a square room hewn out of a rock, partly above ground, its roof being as high as the top of the door, which formed its entrance.

12. "Two angels." Peter and John did not see the angels. The angels' presence showed the Divine hand and care. They were ministering spirits to comfort those who were in such great sorrow and need; and they gave explanation of what had been done, no one else being able. The supposed discrepancies in the number of angels seen is explained by Lessing. The whole grave, the whole region about the grave was invisibly swarming with angels. There were not only two angels, but many of them. Sometimes one appears and sometimes another, at different places and speaking different things. "In white." This was an emblem of purity. See Rev. 19: 8.

13. "Why weepest thou?" Are you quite sure that this empty tomb does not show that you ought to be rejoicing? "Taken away my Lord." While the other women were terrified Mary seems to have had no fear, so wholly was she taken up with her great desire of finding her Lord. She was ready to brave more heroically than ever all danger if only she might find the One she loved.

14. "Turned herself back." Still weeping she turned away from the angels. She turned to go again with the other women to Jerusalem, who had already departed, but she had not as yet gone so far as to be out of the garden. Mary was so absorbed in grief, and her eyes so dimmed with tears that she failed to recognize Christ; besides, she was not expecting to see Jesus alive, as she had no conception of His resurrection.

15. "Jesus saith unto her." This was His first appearance. He afterward appeared on this same day to the other women returning from sepulchre (Matt. 28: 9, 10), to Peter (Luke 24: 34), to two disciples going to Emmaus (Luke 24: 13-31), and to ten apostles. John 20: 19-25. "Why weepest thou?" She had cause sufficient to rejoice instead of to weep. "Whom seekest thou?" He seeks to comfort her in her great grief. "The gardener." And therefore a servant of Joseph of Arimathea, who owned the tomb, and who, of course, would be friendly. No other person would be likely to be there at so early an hour. "Have borne Him hence." Thinking that perhaps Joseph had ordered His body taken to some other place. "I will take Him away." She would see that it was done. She would be responsible for His removal to a proper place. To think that stranger hands had cared for Him when she had brought spices for that purpose was a bitter disappointment to her.

16. "Mary." Jesus stirred the affection of the weeping woman at His side by uttering her own name in tones that thrilled her to the heart and created the new, sublime conviction that He had risen as He had said. What transports of joy must have filled this woman's heart! Let it be remarked that Mary sought Jesus more fervently, and continued more affectionately attached to Him than any of the rest; therefore to her first Jesus is pleased to show Himself, and she is made the first herald of the gospel of a risen Saviour. "Rabbboni." My Master. "A whole world of emotion and devotion in a word." As Mary uttered the word she must have endeavored to fall down at the feet of her Lord, embracing them.

17. "Touch Me not." "Cling not to Me." The translation "touch Me not" gives a false impression; the verb does not mean to "touch," but to "hold on to" and "cling to." "I am not yet ascended." Mary appears to have held Him by the feet, and worshiped Him. Jesus says in effect: Spend no longer time with Me now; I am not going immediately to heaven; you will have several opportunities of seeing Me again; but go and tell My disciples that I am, by and by, to ascend to My Father and God, who is your Father and God also; therefore, let them take courage. Do not rest your new faith upon My corporeal life, but upon that spiritual life soon to be consummated with the Father. Then I shall receive your love, and we will resume our friendship. One touch through the Holy Ghost is worth far more than any bodily presence. To be satisfied with His being restored to life that she might be in His presence as before was to lose sight of the merits of His death. Henceforth He must be believed in and worshiped as God, for He was not to remain in a natural body. "Go to My brethren." First servants, then disciples, then friends; now, after the resurrection, brethren. This involves in itself eternal inheritance. "I ascend to My Father." I am clothing Myself with My eternal form; I have laid down My life that I might take it again, and use it for the highest blessedness of My brethren. "My Father—your Father—My God and your God." Father of Christ by nature and of men by grace. His God only in connection with us; our God only in connection with Him. His eternal consciousness of the Father's love dignified all His human relations with the Father, and became the true inspiration of all consciousness of God possessed by His disciples.

18. "Mary told the disciples." An apostle to the apostles. Mary was the first to see Jesus and the first to proclaim His resurrection. This special message was clearly given to the woman who held His feet. St. Mark tells us (chap. 16: 11) that the apostles could not believe what she said. They seem to have considered it as an effect of her troubled imagination. But they believed when they saw the Lord.

When a "community of interest" encounters the interest of the community, what is likely to happen? When Stephenson, the inventor of the locomotive, was asked by the Parliamentary committee what would happen if a cow got on the railroad track, he answered: "It wud be verra bad for the coo."

According to President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark University, the main thing in bringing up a boy is "to have a care, not so much for the activity of the child or his school training, but for the food he eats."

CLAY DEFIED SHERIFF.

Famous Kentuckian Imagined Vendetta Was After Him and Opened Fusilade.

A special from Lexington, Ky., says: With the cry, "The Vendetta!" on his lips, General Cassius Marcellus Clay, the famous abolitionist and duelist and former United States minister to Russia, Friday morning led his little bodyguard to battle against a sheriff's posse which had gone to Whitehall, his palatial mansion in Madison county, to serve papers upon the general in a civil case instituted against him by his daughter, Mary B. Clay. Many shots were fired on each side and the posse finally departed without accomplishing the purpose of its visit. It is reported that General Clay was wounded in the affray.

Friday's conflict was directly connected with the domestic woes of General Clay which have darkened the closing years of his life.

The principals in the battle were General Clay and two of his bodyguard, Bud Literell and Jim Bolin on one side, and Sheriff Colyer, Deputy Terrill and Frank Mason, of Madison county, on the other.

The writ which the sheriff sought to serve was one ordering the delivery of some furniture belonging to the general's daughter. The officers approached the house from the north, passing through the apple orchard. The general's Russian bulldog set up a barking and the officers stopped at the yard. The general's bodyguard promptly came to the door and the sheriff announced that he desired a personal interview with the master of Whitehall. General Clay in a few moments came to the door, revolver in hand.

"General Clay," said the sheriff, "we are here on a peaceful mission."

"You are on my property without leave and I will shoot you," replied the old man, who, almost blind, strained his eyes as if trying to make out the location of an enemy.

"Don't shoot, general, we are friends," shouted Sheriff Colyer.

"Spies!" he returned, and handing his pistol to one of his men, he took instead a repeating shotgun and cocked it.

Sheriff Colyer sought shelter behind a large oak tree near by and his deputies also hid themselves. All pulled their weapons.

"General Clay shrieked, "The Vendetta! The Vendetta!" and began firing in the direction from which he heard the voices.

The sheriff fired in return after the general had emptied the weapon and his deputies also fired, they say, not at the old man, but hoping to scare him into seeking shelter. Colyer was shooting wild also, not desiring to kill the old man, who, although doing his best to kill them, believed he was firing upon an enemy.

After emptying the shotgun General Clay tried his revolver, which would not fire. He then took from the hands of the other guard a rifle and began discharging it at the frightened sheriff and deputies. Exhausting his ammunition, General Clay sought retreat. He went into the room and putting up the iron bars, ordered his men to adjust the pistols, three large navy weapons, always kept lying on a dresser. He armed himself with a large bowie knife and butcher knife. Stationing himself at the side of the door, he awaited further attack.

After General Clay had retreated into his den Sheriff Colyer and his men left the yard. They found a negro boy, and sent him to the house to try to get General Clay to come out unarmed, and meet them, but in this they were not successful, and they returned without serving the process. Sheriff Colyer announced that he would wait a day or two before trying to serve the papers.

The trouble originated some months ago when General Clay, who had been left alone after his child-wife, Dora Richardson, ran away and left him, sent for Mary B. Clay, a daughter, to come and live with him. For some weeks they got along nicely and the veteran appeared to be satisfied. Two weeks ago he told his daughter to go to his family and secure their consent to release all claims on the property which he occupies. He wanted to give the property to Dora, the young divorced wife, who is now the wife of Riley Brock, and resides at Pinckard, in Woodford county, on property given her by the general.

The daughter went away according to orders and, returning a day or so later, was met at the door by the old man. His eyes were fiery. In his trembling hand he held a revolver grasped tightly. He demanded to know the result of the visit.

"It's all right," said the frightened daughter.

"All right, is it?" retorted the infuriated man. "You lie. I know you are deceiving me." Leveling his revolver at his daughter's head, he added:

"Leave my house and never come here again."

Miss Clay later on secured a writ of delivery for her furniture and placed the paper in the hands of Sheriff Colyer.

John Shepherd Arrested.

John Shepherd, a yellow negro, who claims that he works at Smith's mines south of Birmingham, was arrested by officer Hamilton on a charge of assault with intent to murder. It is charged that he is the negro who shot and seriously wounded Ed. Eaton, a motorman on the Powderly electric line a few months ago at Powderly.

THE BANNER.

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Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

FOR DELEGATE FROM CHILTON COUNTY:

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE:

H. W. CAFFEY.

POPULIST NOMINEE:

L. H. REYNOLDS.

ONE week from next Tuesday is election day, and every voter in the county should arrange to go to the polls and cast his vote. This is one election of a lifetime and no man should miss it.

FORTY-FOUR men, who had been sent to the coal mines from Butler county on the charge of illegally riding on trains and vagrancy, have been pardoned by Governor Samford. This is a terrible reflection on the "Justice" administered in Butler county.

Lovers of good government and purity in politics have a strong hope that with the adoption of a new Constitution such suffrage restrictions will be in force as will entirely remove all excuse for dirty election tricks, and that the time will come when our elections will be farely conducted, and the man who would debauch the ballot in any way will be both a legal and moral criminal in the eyes of the law and in the estimation of all good men. —Advertiser.

If we could only bring ourselves to the belief that such a "consumation devoutly to be wished" would be the result of the convention we would gladly join the Advertiser in supporting the convention, but as it is we are afraid of the results being otherwise.

As you read this, there are a hundred workmen on the bluffs of Memphis erecting a mammoth hall for the Confederate reunion May 28. It will be the largest one ever erected for a similar purpose. At a recent meeting of the General Executive Committee it was decided to build one for this special occasion, and graders, bricklayers and carpenters are now actively engaged in laying the foundations and raising the superstructure. The hall will be finished in ample time for the Reunion. It will have a seating capacity of 27,000 people, and will contain State headquarters for Arkansas, Tennessee, Louisiana, Kentucky, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Florida, Alabama, Texas and Mississippi.

Saturday is show day in Clanton, Sells & Gray's United Shows, the biggest tented attraction that ever appeared here, and one of the greatest in America, with mammoth tents 200 horses and nearly 1000 people, will give two performances in Clanton that day and the town will probably be crowded with visitors. The show is worth coming miles to see; a dazzling street parade will be a feature Saturday morning.

TO COTTON GROWERS

As the time for cotton planting is at hand, I feel it my duty to again call your attention to the fact that an increased acreage means lower prices for your crop; increased acreage does not always indicate a larger crop, as it is liable to disasters, but these facts are not always appreciated until after the majority of our farmers are forced to put their cotton on the market. If we are to obtain fair and just prices for our staple, we must furnish the supply necessary for the world's consumption, but must not furnish more. A twelve million bale crop means very low price, while a nine million bale crop means fair and just prices. Alabama farmers should heed the lesson of their brother farmers in other States: Produce your own food supply, and have your cotton as a cash surplus.

How happy and independent is the farmer who owns his corn cribs and meat houses! There is not a farmer in Alabama who cannot raise sufficient corn, meat and forage for his own consumption besides having plenty of cotton to make him independent of the pernicious credit system. This, in my opinion, is the only solution of the problems that have so perplexed our farmers, and I would that every farmer in our beloved State could feel the importance of growing everything they eat.

Do not, by any means, neglect the corn, peas, sugar and ground pea crops—these are the essentials—then plant your surplus in cotton. Alabama, under this system, will soon become as a paradice compared with our present system, and our people will be happy and prosperous.

Trusting that my views will prove of interest, I am.

Fraternally yours,
ROBERT R. POOLE,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

ECZEMA, ITCHING HUMORS, PIMPLES CURED BY B B B.

Bot le Free to Sufferers.

Does your Skin Itch and Burn! Distressing Eruptions on the Skin so you feel ashamed to be seen in company? Do scabs and Scales form on the skin, Hair or Scalp? Have you Eczema? Skin Sore and Cracked? Rash form on the Skin? Prickling Pain in the Skin? Boils? Pimples? Bone Pains? Swollen Joints? Falling Hair? All Run Down? Skin Pale? Old Sores? Eating Sores? Ulcers? To cure to stay cured take B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) which makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. B. will cause the sores to heal, itching of eczema to stop forever, the skin to become clean and breath sweet. B. B. B. is just the Remedy you have been looking for. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Our readers are advised to try B. B. B. For sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle; six large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. Complete directions with each bottle. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and Free personal medical advice given.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

'Tis Easy To Feel Good.

Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1901,

for the purpose of voting for or against the holding of a Constitutional Convention, and for the election of a Delegate from Chilton county and fifty five delegates from the State at large to said Convention.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—Ira Campbell, W. P. Cleckler, J. M. Davis, managers; Buck Arledge returning officer.

Beat 2—box 1—John Lowery, Jr. W. H. Shaw, Hugh Henry, managers; O. C. McGraw, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 2—W. A. Reynolds, F. M. Langston, J. H. Patton, Sr., managers; C. L. Langston, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 1—R. J. Williams, John Lightsey, J. L. Williams, managers; Calvin Jones, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 2—D. C. Hubbard, S. E. Waldrup, J. C. Veazey, managers; J. F. Fleming, returning officer.

Beat 4—F. M. Foshee, P. M. Moore, N. A. Kicker, managers; M. A. Killgore, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, E. G. Rollins, T. P. Calloway, managers; J. J. Vinson, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 2—J. M. Grant, E. J. Jones, T. J. Traywick, managers; Albert Thompson, returning officer.

Beat 6—M. F. Lett, B. F. Dobbs, I. M. Deason, managers; A. T. Hathcock, returning officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, W. Y. Nix, W. D. Lawrence, managers; Noah Cooper, returning officer.

Beat 7—Box 2—J. P. Gentry, J. D. Holsombeck, Noah Latham, managers; Charley Littlejohn, returning officer.

Beat 8—box 1—J. J. Letcher, D. C. Gandy, W. J. Ruddick, managers; Buckner Harris, Jr., returning officer.

Beat 8—box 2—Sear Harris, R. P. Kendrick, J. M. Walker, managers; J. T. Anderson, returning officer.

Beat 9—J. M. Mims, Jim Collins, T. G. Williams, managers; W. Gaut Riggins, returning officer.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901
M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Holds Up A Congressman.

"At the end of the last campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant Congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-round medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith I have levied on the following property, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ less four acres in the northeast corner thereof, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 35, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 36; all in township 23, range 15 east, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Therefore according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 3d day of April, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica salve will cure the worst case of Piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by druggists.

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with **"KLOZE"** as you like 'em and we have you can't beat

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 1,000 PRIZES.

What will be the population of the Dominion of Canada on May 1st, 1901? Every subscriber to the Weekly Advertiser who takes advantage of our special trial offer will be entitled to one guess free.

Following is a full explanation of the guessing contest:

Send in your guess when you send your subscription, and you will receive a certificate by return mail with your guess thereon.

FIRST PRIZE $5,000.

Send us $1.00 and we will send you The Weekly Advertiser for one year, and you can have one guess free.

The Weekly Advertiser will give an additional guess to any one sending in a club of two yearly subscriptions at $1.00 each, and one guess will be given to each of the two subscribers in the club.

Prizes to be awarded as follows:

To the one making the nearest correct guess	$5000
To the 2nd	2000
To the 3rd	700
To the 4th	300
To the 5th	100
To the 6th	50
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $10 each, amounting to	120
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $5 each, amounting to	120
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses $3 each, amounting to	300
To the next 200 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	700
To the next 400 nearest correct guesses $1 each, amounting to	400

Total 1,000 prizes, amounting to $10,000

The Press Publishing Association has deposited $10,000 in the Central Savings Bank of Detroit, Mich., for the express purpose of paying these prizes. In case of a tie or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them. Address The Weekly Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound offered to the public. For abrasion of the skin, laceration of the flesh, burns by flame or steam, hot metal, rope burns, or sun burn, ringworm, "strictures," etc., it is preeminently superior to anything. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all wide awake druggists.

Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior,
Notice No. 2850
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
April 2nd, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner, Homestead entry No. 28720, for the n ½ of nw ¼, nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L. Hines, Rufus Bates, Gus Marcus, Alex Logan, all of Jemison, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN., THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J., AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For other particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our JUDGE TIM'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demand for our business we are now laying in a new and full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Goods.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest grade and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU.

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets the first Monday in February, first Monday in May, third Monday in August, second Monday in November and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 40 cents.

Same date last year 7 cents.

Cotton received to date: 1900 140

Hubbard & Co.	2430	2
Phillips	2160	2
Wilson	372	
Jones	134	
Total	5096	

Mr. Wallace C. Edler is in this week attending the annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of counties.

Mr. Arch Carden, of Deming, New Mexico, is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. W. M. Adams went to Birmingham Saturday.

Mr. T. A. Curry went to Birmingham Monday on business.

Prof. A. J. Neugent has opened up a new tonsorial establishment upstairs next the Clanton drug store where he will be pleased to serve you. Everything new and up-to-date.

The largest and best circus that has ever visited Clanton will be here Saturday.

Miss Sallie Strock of Verbena is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. E. Johnson.

Miss Jessie McGehee of Stanton was a visitor here this week.

Miss Mae Gantt of Stanton visited Clanton last Saturday.

Mr. Floyd Jones, of Lily, has been made marshal of Thorsby.

Mrs. J. M. Potts visited Birmingham Tuesday.

Mrs. Andrew Johnson, of Thorsby, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. Mower, of Chicago, visited Clanton Tuesday.

Mrs. G. L. Philips of Clanton is closing her Millinery this season cheaper than ever before. Next door to Abe Kanter.

Miss Bettie Young of Jumbo is visiting friends here this week.

Why don't you dress that wound with Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic instead of that old greasy salve or ointment? It will prevent or relieve inflammation and soreness and heal it much quicker and is so much cleaner and more pleasant. Only 50 cts a bottle by druggists.

D. N. O. Johnson is at home again after spending a term at the Mobile medical college.

Mr. Moses Mims is erecting a new store house on the Adams place.

Mr. Renfroe Mullins left last week to attend a session of the Bryant & Stratton business college at Louisville, Ky.

Col. F. B. Baldwin, of Verbena, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. G. S. Robinson, of Birmingham, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Vines.

Miss Maggie Jackson left yesterday for a visit to her old home at Cold Hill, Ala.

Mr. E. A. Fox, of Birmingham, representing the National Life Insurance Company, was in town Wednesday.

The contract has been let for the erection of four brick store houses and work will be commenced right away.

"What's the matter" with giving your horse or mule a dose of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic when he has colic? It will cure him and that's what you want. For sale by druggists and dealers.

Wilson & Bro's new store presents quite a metropolitan appearance, and is a credit to their enterprise as well as to the town.

Geo. A. Beauchamp, Grand Secretary of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons will be here Thursday night to organize a Chapter of Royal Arch Masons at Clanton.

Mr. C. I. Stewart has purchased the lot owned by Mr. I. E. Evans and will erect the new store house proposed by Mr. Evans.

Mrs. L. H. Stewart, of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Marion F. Wagner and Mrs. Mary E. Askew.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING when you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, No Pay. 50c.

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PARTMENT

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1926 First Avenue
BIRMINGHAM,

STOCK!

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S, Clanton, Al

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CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 40 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

RECEIPTS TO DATE:	1900	1899
Stockard & Co.	2403	2201
Mosley	2160	2[illegible]22
Wilson	372	521
Jones	438	337
Total	5373	5581

Mr. Wallace C. Edler is in Birmingham this week attending the annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of that state.

Mr. Avery Cardier, of Deming, New Mexico, is visiting relatives here.

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements, the best. Insist on having them. 1 PAMPHLET FREE. 10 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

BACK ACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NEW ROYAL.
High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $32.
FIVE DRAWER $22.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines, and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

HELP WANTED

to reduce my big stock of goods.

I have just returned from the Northern markets, where I purchased some Extraordinary Bargains

and am now offering the good People of Chilton such values as they have never known before.

READ THESE PRICES:

Dry Goods

Calicoes	from 4 cts up
Sheeting	from 5 cts up
Percale, one yard wide	7c
Black Sateen	8½c
Bleaching	from 5 cts up
Cotton Checks	5c
Ducking	per yard 9c
Gingham, best	per yard 5c

Clothing

The biggest line for the least money ever known.

Hats

Men's first-class Hats, $1 50 hat for	$1.00
Men's	75 ct hat for 50
Men's	50 ct hat for 35
Men's	25 ct hat for 15
Caps	10

Shoes

Ladies' Shoes, Spring heel, Tan	$1.00
Ladies' Oil grain	$1.10
Ladies' Fine Shoes, a $2.00 shoe	$1.35

Men's Shoes....a $2.00 shoe for ..$1.45

Trunks, Valises, &c.

Gent's Furnishings

Shirts, White Linen bosom	each 25c
Linen Collars, any shape	each 5c
Celuloid Collars	each 5c
Hosiery	from 5 cts up
Suspenders	from 5 cts up
Handkerchiefs	3 for 5 cts and up
Neckwear, 250 styles, a 50 c Tie for	25c
Umbrellas, $1 value for	65c

Notions

Best Assorted Ribbons at half price	
Lace, 10 c value	5c
Corsets, 50 c value	35
Corsets, 35 c value	22
Ladies' Belts	from 5 cts up
Scissors, a 50 c pair	20
Towels	from 10 cts up
Pearl Buttons	1 dozen for 5c
Garterwear	per yard 5c

GROCERIES

Come and select what you want from this mammoth stock.

First Come, First Served!

YOURS TO PLEASE,

W. KANTER, Clanton

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HOLEN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4 50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock. Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B H JONES CLANTON

Down goes the price of cotton

and down goes Touro's prices

NEW LINE OF SPRING GOODS NOW COMPLETE

I buy goods to sell, not to keep, and make the prices so low you can't help but buy.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE PRICES?

Embroidery, 7½c goods sell at 5c
Embroidery, 5 in & 6 in width 12c
cotton challey, 36 in. width, 5 c yd
White ducking, short lengths, 5½c
colored ducking, 8 c. per yard
Calico, 4 and 5 c. per yard
Sheeting, 4½ c per yard
Nice Ladies' Hats—plenty

Ladies' Vests—3 for 10c
Ladies Dress Goods, 50c up.
Ladies' Dress Goods, biggest line in the market
Men's suits, $1.40 up; cos a 65 c
Children's suits, 98 c. up
Umbrellas from 25 c. up

A FINE LINE OF MEN'S SPRING GOODS.

Would give you more prices but The Banner is so crowded can't get space. Respectfully

H. TOURO, Clanton

MANY RAILWAYS POOL INTERESTS

A Big Combine Reported as In Contemplation.

ENGINEERED BY J. P. MORGAN

Object Said to Be Formation of Community of Interest Under One Control.

A Cincinnati special says: A gigantic amalgamation of four railroads, it is said, has just been effected. The roads are the Southern railway, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville and the Cincinnati Southern. J. Pierpont Morgan is reported to have formed the combine.

This consolidation has been frequently agitated in connection with the pending renewal of a lease of the Cincinnati Southern to the Southern railway, but the officials of the two lines, deny that anything has yet been done that will warrant the announcement of consolidation.

There was no information obtainable at the Southern railway offices in Washington regarding the reported amalgation of railroad interests. All of the officials possibly competent to talk regarding the alleged deal are out of the city. All of the roads mentioned are on specially friendly relations.

The Cincinnati Southern is stated to be owned jointly by the Southern and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton. The Monon road, otherwise the Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati, is said to be closely identified with the Morgan interests and thus have close relations with the Southern. There is also a strong freight traffic relation between the Southern and the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton.

Reports that huge railroad combinations are in process of formation were widely circulated in New York. Detailed statements concerning the plan already published looking to the combination of all the great railway systems of the United States under the control of one company were given, but as a general thing prominent railroad officials and bankers declined to discuss the matter.

According to all accounts the enterprise involved the greatest combination of capital known in the history of finance. It was said the company would be formed under the laws of New Jersey for the purpose of conducting a general freight and transportation business throughout the United States; that the company would hold a controlling interest in all of the great railway systems and that the management of the roads would be vested in the controlling company.

According to the proposition, each road would preserve its identity and corporate existence, but the new company would control the affairs of all. By this policy it was claimed large sums of money could be saved as a result of economies in management and the stopping of rate cutting. The names of men like J. P. Morgan, William K. Vanderbilt, James J. Hill, Edward H. Harriman, George J. Gould, John D. Rockefeller, Jacob H. Schiff and Jas. Stillman were freely used.

One report stated that the first step in the proposed plan would be the securing of control of the stocks of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, the Erie, the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, and that provision would be made for the acquisition of other properties in the immediate future.

All that is aimed at, according to the best authority obtainable, is a community of interest. The close amalgamation of a community of interest basis was first brought about through the efforts of J. Pierpont Morgan. As a result of this close union of interest ruinous rate wars are already at an end, not so many high-priced officials are needed as before, and one can buy a ticket on any trunk line in almost any one of the large offices in the cities. However, that a single company will be formed under the New Jersey laws to take over all the railroads of the country is not considered seriously by well informed railway men.

FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

Many Measures of General State Interest are Introduced.

A special from Tallahassee says: In the senate Friday a bill making radical changes in election law and a laborer's lien bill were introduced. In the house a bill for a method of assessing and collecting revenue; bills prohibiting railroads charging a passenger rate of over 3 cents a mile; prohibiting state attorneys and county solicitors from serving transportation companies as attorney, and a bill providing for jim crow cars were introduced. In both houses a bill for a uniform divorce law proposed for adoption in all the states was introduced.

Attempt to Murder Loubert.

A dispatch from Paris says that the French detectives were privately informed of a projected attempt to assassinate President Loubert during his coming trip. Extraordinary precautions have been taken everywhere and the usual police protection has been doubled. Outsiders have been excluded from the railroad stations.

LATEST STATE TOPICS.

A Fair Swindler.

A woman, rather fair to look upon and well dressed, registered at the Hotel Albert in Selma as Miss Cone. In the afternoon she went out to make some purchases and at the jewelry store of J. Hirchfield saw a ring that caught her fancy. She presented a check for $35 signed by M. J. Maurray and drawn on the First National Bank of New York. It was made payable to Cecil Everette and was endorsed by Cecil Everette. Mr. Hirchfield refused at first to take the check, but upon the identification of a young man at the hotel, decided to take it and gave the woman $7 in change. A telegram was sent in the afternoon to New York and an answer came that the check was worthless.

Large Sales of Land at Bessemer.

The Bessemer Land and Improvement Company in a recent statement issued, shows that since the recent election to the presidency of the company of Mr H. L. Badham sales of real estate aggregating $44,475 have been made. Most of these sales were of unimproved property bought by parties desiring to build homes thereon or houses for rental purposes. A few lots only were bought merely for speculation. Never before in the city's history has there been such a steady demand for real estate. The prices asked are reasonable and encourage people to make permanent investments.

E. B Joseph Mayor of Montgomery.

Court square and Dexter avenue, in Montgomery, were ablaze at midnight with bonfires and fireworks in celebration of the nomination by the Democrats of E. B. Joseph as mayor of the city Monday. The contest has been a listless one, Joseph having everything his way, but so decided was his majority that his friends took possession of the streets, and brass bands, bonfires and fireworks were evidences of their joy. The total vote polled was 2,418, Joseph receiving 1,477 and Clisby 941, giving Joseph a majority of 536. His majority was about 100 greater than was anticipated.

Bridges Guilty.

Jim Bridges, one of the three white prisoners taken to Huntsville last week to stand trial on the charge of robbing the safe at Normal, Ala., was convicted in the United States Court at that place on Saturday, the jury coming in late at night. Tom O'Dowd, another of the prisoners, was found not guilty of the Normal robbery, but he is being held for an alleged robbery in Kentucky. The case of Fred Segrin, the third member of the alleged gang, is yet to be tried.

A Miner Killed at Warner.

George Ward, a well known and well liked miner 40 years of age, was killed by a switch engine of the Southern Railway. Mr. Ward was coming to his home from Brookside and was walking on the track. While on a curve he was struck by the tender, the engine backing up, and ground under the wheels.

Failure at Athens.

The first failure in business circles in nearly two years took place this week in Athens, when the gorcery firm of Henderson and Company made an assignment, naming Mr. J. T. Christensen as assignee. The firm was composed of two very popular business men, and they sold too heavily on credit and failed to make their expected collections, and as a result they went to the wall. They will be able to settle dollar for dollar it is thought.

ABDUL ANSWERS BILL.

Old Turk Professes Great Piety and Humble Submission.

The sultan of Turkey, replying to Emperor William's telegram of congratulations upon his recent escape from harm during the recent earthquake in Constantinople, thanks the kaiser for his cordial sentiments, and adds:

"My attitude at the time of the earthquake was the result of a feeling of constant submission to the divine will; and I thank the Almighty, who is watching over my person and subjects and who preserved them from peril. I shall pray God ever to spare humanity from such calamities."

GREEN GOODS DEALERS

Arrested at Buffalo, N. Y., On Charge of Wholesale Swindling.

Two men and a woman who are said to have done such an extensive business in green goods that their monthyl expenditure for postage stamps represented $500, were arrested at Buffalo, N. Y., Saturday evening. They are W. A. Clark and his wife and brother, Lee L. Clark.

The inspectors say the gang has been operating in the vicinity for several months, some of their victims coming all the way from Texas.

GARDEN AND FARM

CULTIVATION OF CORN.

Run close to corn, one furrow only with a small plow three or four inches deep as soon as it is all up—may use turn plow with bar next to corn and let it stand as much as five days before filling. The corn will then have taken root downward, which will be out of the way of plowing and will stand drought better. After the first plowing plow shallow and don't throw too much dirt to corn at once. Keep grass down. Hoe when needed. Lay by clean when it begins to tassel. —The Epitomist.

KEEP THE COWS CLEAN.

The platform on which the cows stand should be at least six inches higher than the floor. This will give drop enough so that the cows can lie down without getting into the manure. But the cows will not keep clean if the platform on which they stand is not of the proper length. It should project not more than two inches beyond the cows' hind feet. It works well to have the front end of the platform one-half or three-fourths inches higher than the rear end, as this allows the urine to run off. It takes but little time to fix the stables in this way. If too low the platform can easily be raised by putting thicker pieces of timber underneath, and if too long a saw will shorten it.

After the stable is fixed, the cows in and the milking all done, the last thing to do before leaving them for the night is to clean out any manure that may have dropped since they were tied up, and then scatter some sawdust or other absorbent on the floor below the drop. This soaks up the urine and when a cow is lying down, her tail will not become wet. Upon going out to milk in the morning, cows stabled in this way will be clean, and one will not experience the unpleasantness of having a wet and dirty tail swung across the face.—L. O. Haskins, in New England Homestead.

WHEN TO PRUNE TREES.

The time to prune fruit trees is from February to April, or before the sap begins to flow. This will depend upon the climate. The wounds will then heal rapidly without leaving dead wood or scars. Much pruning may be saved by pinching and rubbing off superfluous sprouts during the growing season. The first pruning of a young tree is a very important process, for it is then that the future shape of the tree and the number of branches it will possess will be determined. Some trees will stand severe cutting back, ,but all trees should be pruned as to permit of abundant air and sunlight.

HENS AND STRAWBERRIES.

I wish to tell your many readers how I make hens and strawberries pay by turning the propensity of the hen to scratch to a good account. I have three different yards for the hens to run in. By being confined in one yard for a season they will destroy, by eating and scratching, every vestige of grass and weeds and will also fertilize the ground.

The next spring I set that yard to strawberries and put the hens into another yard to prepare that for strawberries. After this system is established with three yards one can set a new bed every year and spade up an old one, always having a bed in fruit bearing the second year from setting. By this plan all the strawberries cost is the weeding of the plants and picking of berries. By having the run of the yard, if it is a good-sized one, the hens will furnish eggs enough to pay their keeping.—N. B. White, in Boston Cultivator.

ENORMOUS PRODUCTION OF CARNATIONS.

From a rough computation I am inclined to think that there is perhaps $2,000,000 invested in carnation growing in the United States to-day and that there are probably employed in the production of carnation flowers something like 5,000 people. It is still more difficult to arrive at the value of the product produced, but the probable value of blooms and plants sold should be from three to four times the capital invested. There are about 2,500,000 young carnation plants and rooted cuttings sold each year, and florists produce an equal amount which they themselves use for growing and which are not sold. Of these plants, at least four-fifths are grown under glass during the winter time for cut flower purposes. Assuming that they produce an annual average of twenty flowers to the plant, would give 60,000,000 blooms produced each year.

What becomes of this enormous number of flowers is somewhat of a mystery. They are put to innumerable uses. The carnation is a flower that awakens the love of almost every person, and as the average carnation blooms are sold at much more reasonable prices than many other flowers, they come within reach of a larger class of people than do roses and orchids, consequently the consumption is larger. There is no use to which flowers may be put for which the carnation is not fitted. It lends itself to almost every scheme of decoration. Its delicious, clean, pungent, aromatic fragrance admits it to almost every sick room. It is unsurpassed for dinner or center table decorations. It is universally used in the making up of set pieces. It is also one of the best flowers for boutonnieres that the florist has at his command, and, finally its wide range of pleasing colors, its lasting qualities and fresh, rich, clove fragrance combine to make it one of the most popular, as well as one of the most sought for and profitable of florists' flowers.—C. W. Ward, in American Agriculturist.

WINTERING HORSES.

The average farm horse is worked too hard in summer and given too much idleness in winter. All through the planting and harvesting season his work is ceaseless and laborious, and then when snow and frost close the country roads the animal is shut up for most of the time in the stable. There are occasional drives with him when the sleighing is good or when the ground is frozen hard, but these drives are irregular and not the most conducive to the animal's best development. This wintering of horses is a problem that the breeder has to face as well as the farmer. He realizes the danger probably more than the man who has one or two farm horses to carry over. The breeder and trainer has enough horses to make it an object to give them regular daily exercise, and his men are employed for this special purpose. In this way the animals are kept in excellent condition through the winter, and in the spring they come out with fine, sleek coats, good, round bodies, and well-knit but not over-developed muscles.

Nearly every farmer has a few horses which he hopes to sell at a fair bargain when the market is good. He makes it a part of his business to breed a few colts every year for extra sales. Now a good many of these farm horses are nearly ruined through the unwise wintering which they get. It is not that the owner is not willing to do the best by them, but because he thinks that a good winter's rest will do them good. No animal needs such a long rest. They all do better with a fair amount of exercise. There should hardly be a day in winter that the horses do not have the freedom of a yard or field to run about in if it is impossible to drive them. Farm horses turned loose in this way will do much better than those stabled carefully all winter. It will harden and toughen them to come in contact with the fresh air, and their whole systems will be better for it in the spring. They will be prepared then to enter in the spring work with more vim and vitality than if stabled all winter. The feeding is also an important question with the horses in the winter. They cannot be put on a slim diet of hay and less grain without suffering therefrom. Let the diet be a fairly liberal one and then give them all the daily exercise they want.—William Conway, in American Cultivator.

LAWNS AND LAWN MAKING.

The best lawns I have seen are those composed of a single variety of grass. So long as the texture and color are good it makes but little difference what variety is used, presupposing the soil to have been properly and carefully prepared. For New England and regions near the coast, where the influence of the ocean winds may have some effect, Rhode Island bent and creeping bent are the best grasses to use. They require careful attention, however, more than Kentucky blue grass, and for general purposes I would recommend Kentucky blue grass. Lime is required in the soil to make it do its best. From experiments at some of the agricultural experiment stations Rhode Island bent and other bent grasses are not improved by the application of lime. Now, for a mixture I would recommend Kentucky blue grass, Italian rye grass and white clover. The Italian rye grass is introduced simply for immediate effect.

An ultimate lawn should consist of blue grass and white clover. Another mixture which may be recommended is Kentucky blue grass, crested dog's tail and white clover. In this case also Italian rye grass could be added if an immediate covering is desired. This mixture is good for somewhat shaded lawns. In New England and the middle states some of the fescues might be used for lawns, but their characters are not well understood, and it is difficult to secure seeds true to name owing to their close resemblance one to another. The creeping red fescue is a valuable seed for light or sandy soils, and sown thickly makes a good turf. For woodland parks I know of nothing better than crested dog's tail and various leaved fescue, Festuca heterophylla. I have seen beautiful lawns of Kentucky blue grass as far south as Atlanta, Ga., but ordinarily, at points so far south, Kentucky blue grass will not survive the hot summer months. Its place is taken by Bermuda grass, which stands any amount of hot sun, and remains beautifully green throughout the season, or St. Augustine grass or Charleston lawn grass, which is used for lawns in cities near the coast from Charleston southward. Poor and weedy lawns are the result of improper care or bad management, and, as stated above, an attractive lawn depends less upon the variety of grass than upon the preparation of the soil and subsequent care.—F. Lawson Scribner, in Orange Judd Farmer.

All the trains that reach the new Orleans station in the center of Paris, France, are brought there by electric power in tunnels. This is considered the ideal depot of the twentieth century.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

What Would You Do?

Now if you should visit a Japanese house,
Where there isn't a sofa or chair,
And your hostess should say, "Take a seat, sir, I pray,"
Now where would you sit? tell me where.

And should they persuade you to stay there and dine,
Where knives, forks, and spoons are unknown,
Do you think that you could eat with chopsticks of wood?
And how might you pick up a bone?

And, then, should they take you a Japanese drive,
In a neat little "rickshaw" of blue,
And you found, in Japan, that your horse was a man,
Now what do you think you would do?

—Independent.

A Trifle Mixed.

At one of the public schools in Washington a portrait of George Washington was hung in the room of the infant class a few days ago, says the Chicago Record. On the morning of its appearance the teacher called attention to the gift and asked the children if they knew whom the picture represented.

"Washington," responded several.

"Who was Washington?"

A little hand was lifted from one of the front desks, and the teacher asked pleasantly:

"Who was he, Tommy?"

"Our father from the country," was the reply.

Bundy's Lunch Basket.

Bundy is a big, shaggy dog, with large, brown eyes, which are expressive and beautiful, but barring his eyes, it must be said that he is not handsome. He possesses attractions of another kind, however, which endear him to his master and cause the number of his friends to increase daily.

Bundy's owner lives in the mountains of western Maryland, where mining is the chief industry of the people. Mr. Anthony, his master, is connected with one of the coal companies operating in that region, and every morning walks about one mile to his work and back again in the evening. At noon every day it is Bundy's work to carry a basket containing a luncheon across the mountain to his master, and for a long time he has accomplished this duty with evident joy to himself and satisfaction to his owner.

One day some time ago Bundy appeared at the coal-weighing office, where his master works, at the usual hour, but minus the basket. Mr. Anthony was greatly perplexed and thought a circumstance so unusual betokened trouble of some kind at home. After a few questioning words with Bundy Mr. Anthony started for home, accompanied by the dog, who followed closely upon his master's heels, but seemed ill at ease. Upon reaching the house it was learned that Bundy had left that morning with his basket as usual, and was seen going up the side of the mountain and hurrying on until he was lost to view among the trees.

The mystery was now intensified, but no suspicion of wrongdoing had ever attached to Bundy's good name, and his master would not believe him guilty of unfaithfulness in this instance. A new basket was procured, the daily trips were resumed and Bundy's punctual regularity increased the belief in his innocence. The days and weeks passed on and the mystery still remained as deep as ever.

Perhaps as long as two months after the incident described one day late in the afternoon Bundy was seen approaching the house carrying the missing basket in his mouth. Slowly walking up to the kitchen door he dropped the basket and then quickly ran away hiding himself in the shadows under the big porch. The luncheon was found intact, just as it had been placed in the basket on the morning it was prepared for his master.

On the same day, up on the mountainside, just a little back from the path leading to the weighing office, a hole in the ground was found and the pile of leaves and earth freshly heaped by its side told the story of the missing basket.

Since the discovery Mr. Anthony loves the devoted dog more than ever, for he insists that Bundy has proved he has a conscience and that he obeys it, following its promptings even at the risk of disgrace and punishment.

A Snow Table.

It was snowing. Slowly and silently, but steadily, the snow was coming down. Four little faces looked out of the library window, waching it.

"Oh, dear, it is just too bad!" said Ted, the oldest. "I wish it would stop! It has snowed a lot now, and I want to make a snow man."

"But mamma won't let us go out until it does stop," said Frances, "so we might as well play with our dolls. Come on, Grace."

After they had gone, Ted and Harry still stood looking at the snow. It was hard to be shut in a whole day.

Mamma had an old table that she had used last winter for a flower table. It had a deep box on top, lined with zinc. This year papa had had a small conservatory built, so it wasn't in use. It stood on the piazza in front of the library window. The snow was fast piling itself upon the window-ledge and railing, and the table was nearly full of the soft, feathery stuff, when a bright thought came to Ted.

"Oh, say, if mamma would only let us go out on the piazza, we could have lots of fun! We could [illegible] table up in the corner where the [illegible] doesn't come, and have a snow [illegible] instead of a sand table, such [illegible] have in the nursery. We could [illegible] fine things out of the snow [illegible] just soft enough to mold [illegible]

Of course, the girls wanted [illegible] also, and as there were just [illegible] children and four corners to the [illegible] there was a corner for each [illegible]

Mamma said yes when they [illegible] her, and coats and hats were [illegible] on. Such fun as they had!

Ted made a beautiful part [illegible] corner, with a statue of [illegible] Grant—at least he said it was, [illegible] looked exactly like an ordinary [illegible] man, only very, very small.

Harry made a fort in his corner [illegible] had piles of cannon balls not [illegible] larger than big buttons. Frances [illegible] a house with the grounds around [illegible] laid out in winding drives and [illegible] ways.

Grace made a toboggan slide [illegible] had little toboggans made of [illegible] board for her tiny dolls.

They played a long while [illegible] going in once in a while to warm [illegible] fingers, for you can't mold things [illegible] gloves or mittens on. At last [illegible] had to go in. It was getting late [illegible] mamma was afraid they would [illegible] cold. The snow had stopped now [illegible] a fine rain was coming down.

"It will all be gone, and it did [illegible] so pretty! I wanted papa to see [illegible]" sighed Grace.

But the next morning when [illegible] went to look at their snow model [illegible] what do you think had happened? Why, the rain had frozen all [illegible] everything, and there were the [illegible] and fort, and house looking as if [illegible] were made of solid ice.

Papa was called to come and see [illegible] and he thought they had done wonderful things with their snow model. As the weather remained cold [illegible] the table was in the corner [illegible] from the sun, it lasted for some days.—Youth's Companion.

A Library of Foreign Treaties.

All of Uncle Sam's bargains [illegible] foreign governments are put into writing by both parties to the agreement [illegible] our state department writes up [illegible] document to be sent abroad [illegible] the czar, the shah or the other [illegible] to the transaction writes his [illegible] and sends it to Washington. The documents take a good deal of [illegible] ter from the nation issuing them [illegible] the state department library [illegible] many a curious manuscript.

For his part Uncle Sam is [illegible] to be plain and democratic in [illegible] matters. According to a writer in [illegible] Philadelphia Times, no attempt [illegible] made to elaborate copies of the [illegible] les which he sends to other countries. There are one or two clerks in [illegible] department who do very neat [illegible] work, and they copy the treaties on a very heavy quality of white [illegible] known as "treaty paper." Sometimes they make an artistic initial or [illegible] orative title, but usually they [illegible] to clean, readable lettering. The [illegible] ument is written on both sides of [illegible] paper, and around each page is [illegible] a double border of plain black [illegible] red lines. A cover is made of [illegible] same paper, and the whole is [illegible] at the side with silk ribbon. The great seal of state is not stamped [illegible] silver, as are some of the [illegible] seals, nor even in wax, but is imprinted on the last leaf of the treaty [illegible] The entire affair is not nearly [illegible] elaborate as one of the laws passed by congress, engrossed on parchment and sent to the president for his signature.

Some of the treaties received in [illegible] change for these simple documents [illegible] however, are both curious and [illegible] ble. Sweden's copy of the extradition treaty of 1899 is printed on parchment and bound in purple velvet [illegible] watered silk. The seal of state [illegible] covers two cords of gold and [illegible] red and blue, is enclosed in a [illegible] case, upon which the Swedish [illegible] of arms is worked in gold relief. [illegible] of polished white birch with [illegible] clasps is the outer covering of the whole. It is said that the copy [illegible] Uncle Sam sent in return was [illegible] not more than 75 cents. His [illegible] are written in English, while [illegible] which come to him are usually [illegible] languages—sometimes in three. [illegible] is becoming less used as the language of diplomacy.

A Chinese treaty which is in [illegible] library was the most ornate [illegible] treasures before the Swedish [illegible] arrived. It is printed in [illegible] characters upon thin yellow [illegible] mounted on a background of [illegible] The singular sheet upon which [illegible] characters are printed is six feet [illegible] and rolls up into a scroll. It has [illegible] border of dragons beautifully [illegible] in ink, and is enclosed in a [illegible] of yellow silk, lined with silk [illegible] rich old-gold color. This lining [illegible] broidered in many colored dragons [illegible] dragon being most prominent. [illegible] has furnished Uncle Sam with [illegible] very artistic treaties. The [illegible] Burlingame treaty of 1868 was [illegible] contained in a rare lacquered box [illegible] erally sprinkled with spots of [illegible] The leaves of this document were [illegible] embellished with gold by a [illegible] unknown to American [illegible] While American gold can be [illegible] off of the paper with the [illegible] Chinese writing is permanent.

Iowa's Fine Soldiers.

A recruiting officer who was [illegible] recently says that the [illegible] men accepted in that state [illegible] themselves for army service [illegible] siderably above the average [illegible] other state. Enlistments in [illegible] largely from the farms, and [illegible] majority of fellows who offer themselves are young, strong and [illegible]

I Followed M[illegible] Advice and No[illegible]

A woman is sick—some di[illegible] developing in her system. She [illegible] and tells him a story, but not [illegible]

She holds back something [illegible] ated, forgets what she wants [illegible] what she ought to have told [illegible] the doctor.

Is it a wonder, therefore, th[illegible] disease? Still we cannot blame [illegible] barrassing to detail some of th[illegible] even to her family physician [illegible]

hundreds of thousands of [illegible] spondence with Mrs. Pink[illegible] her they can give every sympto[illegible] to advise them she is in posse[illegible] correspondence with the patie[illegible] possibly obtain through a perso[illegible]

Following we publish a lett[illegible] result of a correspondence with [illegible] letters are considered ab[illegible] Mrs. Pinkham, and are nev[illegible] manner without the consent in [illegible] hundreds of women are so grate[illegible] Pinkham and her medicine have [illegible] that they not only consent to [illegible] write asking that this be done [illegible] who suffer may be benefited b[illegible]

Mrs. Ella Rice, Chel[illegible]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two [illegible] had inflammation of the womb. I suffe[illegible] pains, headache, backache, and was [illegible] endured no one knows but those wh[illegible] hardly drag myself across the floor. I [illegible] down for three months and grew wors[illegible] and friends wished me to write to you, [illegible] times. At last I became so bad that I [illegible] received an answer at once advising me [illegible] and I did so. Before I had taken two b[illegible] taken five bottles there was no happier [illegible] again. I know that your Vegetable Co[illegible] advise every woman who suffers as I did [illegible] Compound. Believe me always [illegible] health."—MRS. ELLA RICE, Chelsea, Wis.

$5000 REWAR[illegible]

Two hundred bushels of po[illegible] remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Money in Chickens

AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY [illegible]

Thompson's Eye Water

"I Followed Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Now I am Well."

A woman is sick—some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story.

She hides her back something, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she thought to have told, and this completely mystifies the doctor.

Is it a wonder, therefore, that the doctor fails to cure the disease? Still we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician. **This is the reason why hundreds of thousands of women are now in correspondence with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass.** To her they can give every symptom, so that when she is ready to advise them she is in possession of more facts from her correspondence with the patient than the physician can possibly obtain through a personal interview.

Following we publish a letter from a woman showing the result of a correspondence with Mrs. Pinkham. **All such letters are considered absolutely confidential by Mrs. Pinkham,** and are never published in any way or manner without the consent in writing of the patient; but hundreds of women are so grateful for the health which Mrs. Pinkham and her medicine have been able to restore to them that they not only consent to publishing their letters, but write asking that this be done in order that other women who suffer may be benefited by their experience.

Mrs. Ella Rice, Chelsea, Wis., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two years I was troubled with falling and inflammation of the womb. I suffered very much with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and was not able to do anything. What I endured no one knows but those who have suffered as I did. I could hardly drag myself across the floor. I doctored with the physicians of this town for three months and grew worse instead of better. My husband and friends wished me to write to you, but I had no faith in patent medicines. At last I became so bad that I concluded to ask your advice. I received an answer at once advising me to take your Vegetable Compound, and I did so. Before I had taken two bottles I felt better, and after I had taken five bottles there was no happier woman on earth, for I was well again. I know that your Vegetable Compound cured me, and I wish and advise every woman who suffers as I did to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Believe me always grateful for the recovery of my health." MRS. ELLA RICE, Chelsea, Wis.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Money in Chickens

AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases in 10 days. Trial treatment free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Thompson's Eye Water

HOLES IN COINS.

Three-Cent Pieces Will Have a Mark of Indicate Their Value.

The United States is about to begin the coinage of a 3-cent piece for use particularly in the west and southwest. It will be of nickel, about the size of a 5-cent piece, but in the center of it will be a hole about a quarter of an inch in diameter. This will enable one to distinguish it by the feel even in the dark. As is well known, only the gold coins are made on a basis of value equal to their denominations. The cent, for instance, is not worth, as metal, a fraction of that amount. The nickel is not either. All are stamped from blanks which the government buys by contract. Silver coins were originally of the same value as the metals, but silver has dropped so that a "cart wheel" dollar is only worth about 50 cents. Gold is worth cent for cent. With the beginning of the new year a new series of coinage began. All the old dies with 1900 on them were destroyed—that is, the face was. On New Year's day more than 1,200 of the dies were made useless; the faces were ground off them with an emery wheel. Ever since then brand-new dies have been used. These old dies were from all the various mints and the work of destroying their faces and reworking new ones was done at the Philadelphia mint.

Wages in the Navy.

A naval cadet at Annapolis receives $500 a year, beginning with the date of admission. Cadets after leaving the academy, when in service, other than on practice ship, receive $950 a year. Sea pay after that is: For ensign, first five years, $1,200, after that $1,400; lieutenant, junior grade, first five years, $1,800, after that $2,000; lieutenant, first five years, $2,400, after, $2,600; lieutenant commander, first five years, $2,800, after that $3,500; commander, $3,500; captain, $4,500; commodore, $5,000; rear admiral, $6,000; admiral, $13,000.

Free vine Apprehensions.

Every woman knows how a burglar could climb up a certain tree, push open a certain window by getting hold of the frame a certain way, enter her house, and rob and kill every one in it.—Atchison Globe.

Minnesota's Tall Man.

Minnesota claims to have the tallest man in Louis Wilkins, born on a farm near St. Paul, who is now twenty-six years old, weighs 264 pounds and lacks less than one inch of being nine feet high.

Cures Cancer, Blood Poison, Old Sores—Costs Nothing to Try.

Blood poison and deadly cancer are easily cured when Botanic Blood Balm is taken. If you have blood poison, ulcers, bone pains, pimples, mucous patches, falling hair, itching skin, scrofula, old rheumatism, offensive form of catarrh, scabs and scales, deadly cancer, eating, bleeding, festering sores, swellings, lumps, persistent wart or sore, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.). It will cure even the worse case after everything else fails. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) drains the poison out of the system and the blood, then every sore heals, making the blood pure and rich, and building up the broken down body. B. B. B. thoroughly tested for 30 years. Drug stores, $1. Trial treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. Botanic Blood Balm does not contain mineral poisons or mercury (as so many advertised remedies do), but is composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Over 2000 testimonials of cure by taking B. B. B.

The postage stamp sticks to one thing until it gets there.

A Chinaman's Good Sermon.

The Chinese character is full of intellectual surprises. A convert to Christianity was called upon to give an illustration of the sacred Scripture, "Blessed are the pure in heart; for they shall see God." "You say that it is hard to worship a God who cannot be seen" said he, "and that you have no inward evidence of His actuality. A mirror from which all the quicksilver had dropped might as well complain that it could find no trace of the objects placed before it. Clean thoughts, clean affections, clean desires have the same function in human nature as the quicksilver on the back of the mirror. When the heart is filled once more with holy thoughts, the perfect image of God will again be seen there."

In 1899 the number of Prussian males who married before they had reached the age of 20 was 368.

Sick Headache

Is one of the most common afflictions of the present day. A single dose of Crab Orchard Water will promptly relieve it. It cures by removing the cause.

It is the ambition of every woman to live up to her photographs.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle. Sold by all druggists.

The pen may be mightier than the sword, but the sword never gets a man into libel suits.

Some men live so rapidly as to die of old age at forty.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Most men accept advice as if they were doing the giver a favor.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Talk is cheap until you want to use a long-distance telephone.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The baker doesn't pose as a horticulturist, but he knows all about flour raising.

Have you ever experienced the joyful sensation of a good appetite? You will if you chew Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The average height of the heavy rain cloud is 1680 yards; of the delicate, fleecy cirrus, 9700 yards.

Any Doctor

is willing to treat you for rheumatism. If your credit is good or you pay his fee. But only one doctor will cure your rheumatism, and he charges nothing for advice.

This physician is Dr. Greene, the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura. If you will write to him at 35 West 14th Street, New York City, he will tell you exactly how to get rid of rheumatism for good and all. It won't cost you anything to get his advice. Why don't you write to Dr. Greene to-day?

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's $3.00 shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true. (Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FRAGRANT **SOZODONT** a perfect **Liquid Dentifrice**

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c. **25c** At all the Stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

WE WISH TO MAKE YOU A PRESENT OF A VOLUME OF "THE STORY OF MY LIFE AND WORK" BY BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

Send Us Your Name and Address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography (the greatest living Negro) for the purpose of introducing it in your community. We also want agents in every county and district in the country to sell it. Only a limited number of free copies to each town. Write now and be sure to get one. Address J. L. NICHOLS & CO. ATLANTA, GEORGIA

DYSPEPSIA

yields to nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. All unregulated appetites and habits; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A bottle is equal to 7 gallons of unmedicated water. Sold by druggists everywhere. Drink apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

FREE! CATALOG OF SPORTING GOODS. RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS COMPANY, 520 Locust St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

USE **CERTAIN** CROUP CHILL CURE. CURE

Am. N. U. No. 15. 1901.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

The Lion sets the style for many a common dog.

It's human nature to imitate great things.

LION COFFEE IS IMITATED.

But the aroma and strength peculiar to LION COFFEE is never found in these imitations.

Taste **LION COFFEE** and then taste the others that are glazed and coated with egg mixtures and chemicals to make them "look better" and in order to hide imperfections.

Try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Bowels Don't Move?

Caused by over-work! Over-eating! Over-drinking! No part of the human body receives more ill treatment than the bowels. Load after load is imposed until the intestines become clogged, refuse to act, worn out. Then you must assist nature. Do it, and see how easily you will be cured by CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. Not a mass of violent mercurial and mineral poison, but a pure vegetable compound that acts directly upon the diseased and worn out intestinal canal, making it strong, and gently stimulating the liver and kidneys; a candy tablet, pleasant to eat, easy and delightful in action. **Don't accept a substitute for CASCARETS.**

"I'm bring a surgeon.—Lawyer's Weekly."

"I have gone 14 days at a time without movement of the bowels. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; I did everything I heard of but never found any relief until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $1000 for such movement; it is such a relief." AUGUST L. HUNT, 180 Bassett St., Detroit, Mich.

More Information. Tommy—P[illegible] what do th[illegible] out—[illegible]

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, sour stomach, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blotched complexion, pimples, boils, pains after eating, foul breath, dull headache, dizziness and dizziness. Worse than death. Feel like getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases combined. It is a simple, but the chronic ailments and long years of misery that follow are the result of neglecting a simple cold. You will never get well and be well till you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with CASCARETS tonight, under the guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was made. Now sales reach a million boxes a year, greater than any other medicine in the world. We want you to try a box of CASCARETS. Take one tablet and you will feel the benefit. Take one box according to the directions and if you are not entirely satisfied with the results you can get your money back from any druggist. Take no other kind that may be offered you. Take CASCARETS. Remember the name. Take no other. Take CASCARETS. Get the best of druggists.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. Wilson, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: Wallace C. Edler, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock.
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Delia M. Strayer, Tully, Kan.: "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kincheon

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

A Raging, Roaring Flood

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by Clanton Drug co. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or J. P. Amore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell them for 25c.

If Grip threatens use Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Hon. L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge S. M. ADAMS,
Hon. L. B. POUNDS,

will address the People of Chilton County at the following times and places:

BEAT			
1.	Smith's SchoolHouse,	Sat'day, April 6,	7 p.m.
3.	Macedonia	Monday " 8,	7 p.m.
3,	Benson	Tuesday " 9,	3 p.m.
7.	Sardis	Tuesday " 9,	7 p.m.
8.	Pletchers	Wednesday " 10,	7 p.m.
8.	Valley Creek	Thursday " 11,	2 p.m.
8.	Stanton	Thursday " 11,	7 p.m.
7.	Maplesville	Friday " 12,	10 a.m.
5.	Providence Church	Monday " 15,	7 p.m.
5.	Bethel Church	Tuesday " 16,	7 p.m.
5.	Verbena	Tuesday " 16,	2 p.m.
6.	Energy	Wednesday " 17,	10 a.m.
6.	Cross Roads	Wednesday " 17,	7 p.m.
4.	Clanton	Saturday " 20,	11 a.m.
9.	Thorsby	Saturday " 20,	7 p.m.

EVERYBODY INVITED, ESPECIALLY THE LADIES.

I will take pleasure in dividing time with my opponent in this county. L. H. REYNOLDS.

I shall not be able to keep all the above appointments, but will attend as many as I possibly can. S. M. ADAMS.

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CHILTON COUNTY.

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

Ben Campbell, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 4 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $2 13.

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $1.15

C. C. Van Cleft, s ½ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and n ½ of se ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 11; tax and costs $5 84.

BEAT NO. 2

N. A. and B. C. Graham, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13; one lot in Jemison, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Givhan's lots; tax and costs $5 48

W. F. Green, sw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $5 51

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.27

Mrs. J. E. Latham, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4 80

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.28

John R. Kendall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7 99

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne 1-4 less four acres, and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12 20

B. W. Sibley, se 1-4 of se 1-4, e ½ of sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11 35

W. T. Hand & Co., se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 14 tp 24 r 14; e ½ of ne 1-4 sec 18 tp 24 r 14; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 15; s ½ of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 23 r 13; se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 and e ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 12; se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 tp 22 r 13; se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 9 tp 22 r 13; tax and costs $25.39

W. T. Hand, n ½ of nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 26 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $2.78

W. G. Hand, all of sec 18 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $9.72

Jeff D. Hand, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 27 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 25 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.76

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs. Sudie Garner, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, ten acres in sw corner of se 1-4 of ne 1-4, all that part of se 1-4 of nw 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 on west side of the run of Goosepond Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; e ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69 88

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 26 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½ nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $76.85

W. H. Merritt, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 3 tp 22 r 15; ten acres in sw corner of ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 7 tp 22 r 15; nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 less ten acres, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 less ten acres sec 35 tp 22 r 14; w 1-2 of nw 1-4 sec 4 tp 21 r 14; s 1-2 of ne 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 8 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 less ten acres sec 9 tp 21 r 14; e 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 12 tp 21 r 14; w 1-2 of sw 1-4 less two acres sec 13 tp 21 r 14; e 1-2 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 15 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 sec 16 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 17 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 sec 20 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 sec 29 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4, e 1-2 of ne 1-4, se ne 1-4, se 1-4 sec 21 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 sec 22 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4 sec 23 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 24 tp 21 r 14; n 1-2 of ne 1-4 and n 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 27 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 14; n ½ and ne 1-4 sec 35 tp 21 r 14; ten acres in sw corner of nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18 tp 21 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 30 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18 tp 21 r 12; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 29 tp 20 r 12; n 1-2 of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 22 r 14; tax & costs

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2 43.

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, se ¼ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17, tax and costs $2 52

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3 16

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs

BEAT NO. 6

Mrs. Ida Hooks, e 1-2 of nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 14 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3 16

BEAT NO. 7

Junce L. Gardner, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 21 r 12; w 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp 21 r 12; tax and costs $11.11

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 12; nw 1-4 of se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 12; tax and costs $6.14

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one acre in Dixie, Ala., on east side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $1.71

Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, ne ¼ of nw ¼, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $2 34

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $4.87

Mrs. C. Paul, e 1-2 of nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 16 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3.64

BEAT NO. 9

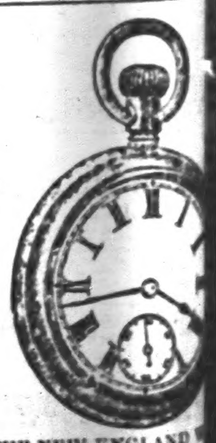
H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs

H. M. and W. A. Hill, se 1-4 sec 10 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $2.54

Mrs. Amanda A. Parmer, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 27 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $3.44

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of Chilton county at the next term thereof, commencing Monday, the 6th day of May, 1901, then and there to show cause if any you have, why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and for fees and costs.

This 31 day of April, 1901.
S. M. Adams,
Judge of Probate.



THE NEW ENGLAND W... nickle case, stem wind and ... warranted for 12 months ... ed anywhere with a silver plate chain for $2.75. If you want a good time piece ... The New England Watch Co. giving goodestfistaction ... poor man's time piece.
L. B. POPWELL, C...

...Maplesville.

...correspondent is pleased ... of a kind providence ... more news.

...has returned to her ... to her daughter, ... Matthews, her patriotism ... by a visit to the ...

...were much discouraged ... spring rains and farm ... was at a stand still; ... were almost impossible. ... our pleasant sandy ... enjoyable.

... Nelson, of Stanton, ... our town en route ... Billingsley.

...Pistlas, of Autauga, has ... home from a visit ... rumor has it that ... carry away a prize, ... of Maplesville's fairest ...

...speaking that was to ... the 22th inst., was ... another time as there ... a misunderstanding. ... very few people in ... it.

...Williams' photo car has ... our town much to the ... of our young men ... somewhat smitten by ... ladies of the car.

... H. Martin has just re... Selma where she has ... after a spring outfit.

... Crumpton delivered a ... the Holy land (from ... lately returned) to a ... house at Adams yester... inst. We think all ... their duty who do not ... selves of these opportu... instruction.

...nts are rejuvenating as ... hope all may at this ... dogwood is in bloom, ... and some larger ones ... bait and some are ... the gate.

...Gilmer has returned ... Montgomery, much to ... many friends she had ... charming manners.

...imitating the very impor... ...like Shakespeare of ... said "to be or not to ... a basket picnic.
REVOLO.

Coughing Beam.

...mary boomerand the full... ...plant into a violent ... coughing is naturally ... Yet there are plants ... this when the broom ... begins to make dust fly. ... plant is the "coughing ... to the botanists as the ... It is a native of ... tropical countries and ... still not stand dust. When ... the breathing pores ... of this plant and choken ... accumulates under the ... when it gains sufficient ... they "blow off," starting ... and making a sound ... coughing. At the same ... trouble and the plant ... red in the face," through ... of the green chlorophyll ... appearance of red per... leaves. This plant is ... as a house plant, and ... warns note it coughing, to ... acquaintance of persons ... with its peculiarities.

...Bit Queen.

...who was sojourning in ... says that on the day ... destroying the Span... ... at Manila a representa... ...including some of ... and best, were attend... ...bullfight in Madrid, ... worthy of the famous ... with the ease with which ... noble animal, the bull, ... Spanish nation up... ...ditions of the past and ... the laurels of their illus... by trampling over the ...

...Daily Times.

...wrote to a western law... ...tion in regard to a per... ...owed him a considerable ... for a long time. ...perty has he which I could ... ...

...reply was brief and to ...

...nd six months ago. He ... subject to attachment ..."—Youth's Companion.

...Answers.

...think you really wanted ...

...don't know anything about ... known before I mar... ...a stupid you are. ...might have guessed it ... I offered to marry you.—... of the Banner.

...drugstore ... Pills to stop headaches.

Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' ...

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE READ.

IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY APRIL 18, 1901 NO. 26

Judge of Probate

Maplesville.

[illegible] correspondent is pleased [illegible] of a kind providence [illegible] you, some more news.

[illegible] has returned to her [illegible] from a visit to her daughter, [illegible] Matthews. Her patriotism is [illegible] revived by a visit to the [illegible]

[illegible] were much discouraged [illegible] the spring rains and farm[illegible] yet was at a stand still, [illegible] were almost impossible; [illegible] made out pleasant sandy [illegible] are enjoyable.

[illegible] Ross Nelson, of Stanton, [illegible] through our town en route [illegible] Billingsley.

[illegible] Pattillo, of Autauga, has [illegible] home from a visit [illegible] dame rumor has it that [illegible] carry away a prize, [illegible] of Maplesville's fairest [illegible]

[illegible] speaking that was to [illegible] here the 12th inst., was [illegible] another time as there [illegible] to be a misunderstanding. [illegible] were very few people in [illegible] hear it.

[illegible] Williams' photo car has [illegible] our town much to the [illegible] some of our young men [illegible] somewhat smitten by [illegible] ladies of the car.

R. H. Martin has just re[illegible] from Selma where she has [illegible] after a spring outfit.

[illegible] Crumpton delivered a [illegible] on the Holy land (from [illegible] lately returned) to a [illegible] house at Adams yester[illegible] 14th inst. We think all [illegible] their duty who do not [illegible] themselves of these opportu[illegible] instruction.

[illegible] poets are rejuvenating as [illegible] hope all may at this [illegible] The dogwood is in bloom, [illegible] boy and some larger ones [illegible] ball and some are [illegible] on the gate.

[illegible] Gilmer has returned [illegible] Montgomery, much to [illegible] of many friends she had [illegible] her charming manners.

[illegible] agitating the very impor[illegible] like Shakespeare of [illegible] he said "to be or not to [illegible] a basket picnic.

REVOLG.

[illegible] Coughing Bean.

[illegible] ordinary housemaid the fall[illegible] house plant into a violent [illegible] of coughing is naturally [illegible] Yet there are plants [illegible] do this when the broom [illegible] begins to make dust fly. [illegible] plant is the "coughing [illegible] known to the botanist as the [illegible] It is a native of [illegible] moist tropical countries and [illegible] will not stand dust. When [illegible] upon the breathing pores [illegible] of this plant and choke [illegible] accumulates inside the [illegible] when it gains sufficient [illegible] "blows off," clearing [illegible] of dust and making a sound [illegible] coughing. At the same [illegible] trouble and the plant [illegible] "red in the face," through [illegible] of the green chlorophyll [illegible] appearance of red par[illegible] the leaves. This plant is [illegible] used as a house plant, and [illegible] room sets it coughing, to [illegible] astonishment of persons [illegible] with its peculiarities.

[illegible] His Guess.

[illegible] man who was sojourning in [illegible] time says that on the day [illegible] was destroying the Span[illegible] at Manila a representa[illegible] including some of [illegible] rest and best, were attend[illegible] bullfight in Madrid. [illegible] these words of the famous [illegible] "With the ease with which I [illegible] this noble animal, the bull, [illegible] glorious Spanish nation up[illegible] traditions of the past and [illegible] the laurels of their illus[illegible] by triumphing over the [illegible]"

The Only Thing.

[illegible] wrote to a western law[illegible] information in regard to a per[illegible] owed him a considerable [illegible] for a long time.

[illegible] property has he which I could [illegible] asked.

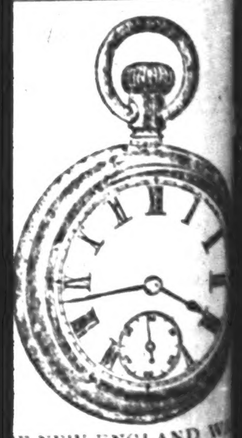
[illegible] reply was brief and to [illegible] died six months ago. He [illegible] nothing subject to attachment [illegible] now."—Youth's Companion.

A Smooth Answer.

[illegible] you think you really wanted [illegible] now?

[illegible] don't know anything about [illegible] I had known before I mar[illegible] what a stupid you are.

[illegible] might have guessed it [illegible] I offered to marry you.—[illegible]



[illegible] NEW ENGLAND W[illegible] [illegible]kle case, stem wind and [illegible] [illegible]rranted for 12 months. [illegible] anywhere with a silk [illegible] [illegible]te chain for $2.75. Try [illegible] want a good time p[illegible] The New England Watch [illegible]ving good satisfaction. [illegible] [illegible]or man's time piece.

L. D. POPWELL, C[illegible]

[illegible] druggists guarantee Dr. [illegible] to stop Headache. [illegible]

[illegible]adache bad? Get Dr. Miles' [illegible]

CORRESPONDENCE.

(We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—EDITOR.)

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

To the people of Chilton county.

I am a candidate to represent your county in the approaching constitutional convention, on the following platform:

1. In the interest of both races, I favor the holding of a constitutional convention to regulate the right to vote, so as to secure purity in our elections, and enduring white supremacy.

2. This is to be accomplished without conflict with the constitution of the United States.

3. No white man is to be disfranchised, except for conviction of infamous crime, or fraud committed with the ballot.

4. No increase in present rate of taxation, but reduction of rate if practicable.

5. No change in present exemption laws.

6. Improvement and developement of present public school system of State, until all children within school limit, may obtain common English education.

7. Liberal pensions to old and disabled Confederate soldiers.

8. Constitution framed by the convention, to be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection.

H. W. CAFFEY.

Clanton, April 13, 1900

Editor Banner.—Please let me say a few words to the Populists of Chilton county. Gentlemen and fellow citizens, let me urge you all to turn out and vote against constitutional convention on the 23d inst. This election seems to be of but little concern to our people, while it is one of the greatest and most important we have seen since the war, and I ask why not give it some consideration and concern yourselves about it. The party that conceived this measure is working quietly in the ambush and have got speakers to go out all over the State to use their great powers to influence the plain people to vote for constitutional convention, as no white men will be disfranchised, making the negro a foot log to get across on. I will warn you voters of this wiley scheme, and ask you all not to give a chance to have your liberty cut off by voting for this constitutional convention. Why do not our legislators use their constitutional powers and make such changes as seem so much needed in our present constitution, and refer the amendments to the people for adoption or rejection, without a convention at a cost of a hundred thousand or more dollars to the taxpayers. The fact is they want to make a jim dandy, cracker-jack constitution for themselves and their kind, some seem to think, but will this be allowed. I invite all the Populists to go and vote against the convention and vote for L. H. Reynolds to represent us in the convention.

Yours respectfully,

L. T. VICKERS.

Kincheon.

Mr. M. M. Durbin states that on Friday morning, April 12, he witnessed the remarkable phenomena of a shower of bugs, resembling the Irish potatoe bug. He says it rained hard for about five minutes, until the ground was literally covered. The fall took place at Mr. George W. Tunnels' farm, two miles west of Kincheon, on the Montgomery road. There were other spectators besides Mr. Durbin.

Deathbed Repentance.

"He was in the legislature two years," reads a notice of a departed citizen; "came within an ace of going to congress, held a government office five years and finally died a Christian."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Bible has been so called only for the last 700 years. It was formerly called "The Books" or the "Divine Library."

An Address

To the People of Chilton County:

The approaching election is one of the greatest importance, inasmuch as it involves the question of the qualification of voters in the future.

As chairman of the campaign committee of the People's Party, I respectfully urge the managers of election to be on hand early on the morning of April 23, 1901, and see to it that clerks who are competent are appointed, and that the election is properly and fairly conducted, and that all the blanks are properly filled and signed, and that the returns are made as the law directs.

Election conducted fairly and as the law directs will satisfy all honest people.

S. M. ADAMS,
Chm. Pop. Cam. Com.

Jemison, April 15, 1901

Editor Banner.—I am sorry that I must appear in print again to defend myself, but some unreasonable liar is circulating the report that I have been sued or won't pay my debts, etc. I defy any man or company of men, to bring up a debt against me. Now, as to being sued in the bankrupt court, this is a bare face lie, and below find a letter written by the lawyers that have brought the suit which explains itself:

Montgomery, Ala., April 9, 1901

Hon. L. H. Reynolds,
Jemison, Ala.

Dear Sir.—Your letter of the 8th inst. was received this morning. In reply we will state that the litigation of the Jemison Mercantile matter does not effect you in the least, civilly or criminally. The case involves only civil questions and the object is to have the assets of the Jemison Mercantile Co. brought back into and administered by the court of bankruptcy. True, you were served with copy of the petition presented before Judge Bruce but that was merely formal, there is absolutely nothing in this case that is in the least discreditable to your character. You are at perfect liberty to use this communication in any manner you desire.

Yours truly,

Gordon & McDonald } Council
& John D. McNeel } in case

Now, I hope this will forever put to rest these liars. And I would say to my friends stand firm, we will carry this county by a larger majority than ever, notwithstanding the money the Democrats will use against me; but one fact has been clearly demonstrated to the politicians of this county that money will not change the results. The Democratic committee had money left last August that they could not find anyone to buy with. Yes, this is the most important election ever held in Alabama—a direct stroke at the liberties of the common people.

Yours truly,

L. H. REYNOLDS.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 7, 1899.

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—Dear Sir: I cannot too strongly recommend your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) to mothers as one of the best medicines they can obtain for their debilitated and sickly infants. I have used it with very satisfactory results the past summer with my child, and while we heretofore lost a child or two from teething under other remedies, our present child, that has taken TEETHINA, is a fine, healthy boy. I am, very respectfully, A. P. Brown, M. D. (Brother of U. S. Senator and Ex-Gov. Joseph E. Brown.)

Longstreet.

Farmers are about done planting corn in this section and some are talking of planting cotton; I guess they have winter seed.

Rev. J. W. Alexander, of Calera, preached an interesting and instructive sermon here last Sunday to a very attentive congregation. Bro. Alexander preached here about three years ago, and we welcome him in our midst again.

Miss Rushia Marlar paid Longstreet a flying visit Sunday.

Messrs. Pattillo and Young attended service at Unity Sunday evening.

Some of the young ladies are very much mortified over some of Sundays happenings. X. Y. Z.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE GONGO-DIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Stanton, April 15, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space in your paper to express a few thoughts. Gentlemen, I have heard both sides of the convention discussed. I just want to say to start with that it is customary when you swap horses with a man you want to see the horse and have his master to recommend him so you can draw an idea of what you are going to get. So it is in the convention. We would like to know what the next one will be before we swap off the old one. Swapping with the modern Democrats is like swapping with the Egyptians—they bear watching. And provided we do swap it will be a good idea to send a man that understands their way of swapping. You claim that the new constitution is principally to disfranchise the negro. Now, how you are going to do it is the question. It can be very easily done by letting the poor white man go with him. Many of the Democratic leaders say it can be done by educational qualification excepting the Confederates and their descendants. Now, gentlemen, where you will find an uneducated negro you will find the same of a white man, and there is just a plenty of white men in Alabama to-day that are not descendants of the Confederates. It is a fact that every state in the Union that has had a convention has disfranchised the white man as well as the negro. Now, fellow citizens, is there any defect in the present constitution that the merchant, the lawyer, the farmer, the shopper, the professional man can't get along with? If so, it has taken you about as long to find it out as it did the Democrats to find out the negro was not competent for self-government or of voting. The proper thing to do with the negro is to colonize him and send him to his African home. He has been a curse ever since he was introduced here. S. R. LETCHER.

Poplar Springs.

Corn and cotton planting is the order of the day in this community now.

Prof. J. N. Goss of Jemison paid a flying visit to friends in this place Saturday.

Severel of our people went to the show Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Patterson visited Salem Sunday.

We are having a fine Sunday-school at Poplar Springs church, about seventy enrolled. We hope it will continue as it has begun; there is much interest shown and we think it will prove a great benefit to the community.

It is reported from good authority that the wedding bells will soon be ringing in this part of the country.

Some of our young folks attended preaching at Concord Sunday evening.

Rev. James Nobles preached at Bethel Sunday to a large congregation.

Success to the Banner and its readers. SAME AS BEFORE.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $5.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEARCY, Jemison, Ala.

BARBER SHOP—New barber shop opened up next Clanton drug store upstairs. Call and see me.
A. J. NEUGENT, Proprietor.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address
C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Everybody and his wife to go to his druggist and get bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. It preserves the flesh, prevents inflammation or suppuration and heals like magic. Pleasant as perfume and stainless as rose water.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO.
Danville, Va.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of Sw ¼ of Se ¼ Section 1, Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 29th day of April, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 25th day of March, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TILTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Rings.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to men. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The London Board of Trade Journal warns the British manufacturers that the report of a British commercial agent in the United States, shows that American boots and shoes are capturing markets where British goods ought to have a practical monopoly.

Consul Hayes at Rouen in a report to the state department, says that there is an open field throughout most of France for everything connected with the preparation of cold drinks. Ice-cream freezers, milk shakers, soda-water fountains, and refrigerators would find a ready sale if the people knew of the comfort to be derived from their use. Rouen, a city of over 150,000 people, has no ice factory, though a few people keep ice in their cellars.

England has hundreds of curates who are said to be nearly starving on their scant incomes. The average salary of a minister in our own land of prosperity is only $800—not more than the earnings of the better class of day laborers—and the limit of real usefulness, if not of earning capacity, is hardly 20 years. Preaching and teaching used to be the honorable ambition of American youth, but there is little incentive now, for the prizes at the top are not numerous.

Nearly two years ago the city of Duluth, Minn., municipalized its water and gas works at a cost of $1,250,000. Since then it has added enough to make the plant cost $2,150,000. It has reduced gas rates 40 percent, reduced water rates 50 percent, and has for the first time furnished pure water. The balance sheet just issued shows that the plants have earned all charges and established a surplus. The city now proposes to municipalize its electric light and telephone service.

The latest figures of the state superintendent of public instruction on New York's public schools are interesting. There are 11,931 schoolhouses in the entire state, valued at nearly $82,000,000. The average number of children in daily attendance is 857,000. The teachers employed in the state number 34,848, and the average annual salary of a teacher is $879 in the cities and $322 in the small country towns. The state's payments in salaries to teachers foot up over $19,000,000 a year, and its total expenditures for all educational purposes amount to $33,421,491.

The New York Independent asserts that the first proposition to establish free rural mail delivery came from John Wanamaker. He will be remembered for his sturdy defence of the intellectual rights of farmers long after he is forgotten as a successful merchant. The proposition was met at first with ridicule and astonishment. It had become a settled conviction that the rural districts did not require frequent mails; that the farmer had no need that called for a close association with the business life of the world. He wrote few letters; and he took few papers.

A plan for arbitration has been adopted in New Haven, Conn., which provides for co-operation in the creation of a board of arbitration by the chamber of commerce, the state business men's association, and the labor organizations. It would not be compulsory arbitration, of course, but the belief is that public sentiment would force a resort to arbitration by one party to a controversy if the other party favors that method of settlement. The proposition has received the endorsement of many employers of labor in New Haven, and has been favorably commented on by the wage-earners.

Tuberculosis, according to a statement issued at Ottawa by a conference arranged by the governor general, is accountable directly or indirectly for one-fifth of the deaths in the Dominion of Canada. This is a far heavier toll of mortality than ever was laid by pestilence upon any civilized community in modern times. The "organized methods" for lessening the spread of the disease, which Lord Minto's conference thought should be adopted as a matter of public and private duty, have proved heretofore on examination to be either ineffective or impossible in application. Medical science has done much to control or extirpate diseases due to extraneous conditions and influences; but in the presence of inexorable laws of heredity it is still powerless.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

State Board Increases Assessed Values of Railroad Property.

DECREASE IN THE IRON INDUSTRY.

Fifty of North's Most Distinguished Citizens Will Come South This Month—Huntsville Expects Rural Free Delivery.

Shipments of Iron and Steel.

The shipments of pig iron from the Birmingham district in March of the present year show a decrase of nearly 7,000 tons as compared with the shipments in March 1900, but the the shipments from Alabama and Tennessee, the Sheffield district, coming under the latter classification were about 15,000 tons greater than in the corresponding month last year. The shipments of cast iron pipe have increased greatly.

Rural Mail Delivery.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce in Huntsville, was held and in his opening speech President Pratt said that several industrial enterprises have representatives there looking for locations. Congressman William Richardson addressed the meeting and said he expected that within the next two weeks the Postal Department will order the rural free delivery service extended in Madison county.

Prominent Party to Visit Tuskegee

Robbert C. Ogden, partner of John Wanamaker, is to bring at his own expense a large and distinguished party of northern people to visit the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute on April 22 and 23. On April 22 the exercises in connection with the dedication of Dorothy Hall will take place, and Rev. E. Winchester Donald, rector of Trinity church, Boston, will deliver the principal adress. On April 23 there will be an industrial exhibition, and one of the speakers on this occasion will be Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst of New York.

Railroads Get Heavy Tax Raise.

The State Board of Assessment has completed its work, and the result shows a very material increase in the assessed value of railroad property in Alabama as compared with last year. The total assessed value of railroads is shown to be $50,742,457.23, an increase over the assessment for 1900 of $2,564,118.40. There seems to have been a general tendency in the board to increase assessments all along the line, the Southern and Alabama Great Southern railways coming in for the greatest increase. These lines are increased by more than $1,000,000. The Louisville and Nashville and the Central of Georgia are largely increased, but this is because of new lines built by those roads during the year.

Drank Wood Alcohol in Coffee.

A city prisoner died in Anniston under very strange circumstances. George A. Dane, white, was working out a sentence on the streets of the city. His wife brought his breakfast to him including a bottle of liquid supposed to have been coffee, but which it afterwards transpired, was coffee mixed with wood alcohol. The man drank it and went to work. Later he became very ill and was taken to his home, corner of Brown and Fourteenth streets, where he died. His wife claims she made the coffee in a skillet over a fire made with green wood, and thought possibly something may have been in the skillet that made her husband sick. A great deal of mystery surrounds the strange case and an investigation of the matter is now being made by the police.

Women Remove Hats.

Rev. Sam P. Jones is in Anniston and in the Auditorium has begun a big revival meeting that is to continue for ten days. Fully 2,300 people gathered in the large building to hear the noted evangelist, and hundreds stood in the aisles, while many were turned away at his first service. The first thing Sam P. Jones did was to make the women present take off their hats, and at the same time saying: "You can't come here and keep on those great big things and bother those sitting back of you. If you don't like it you can stay away."

Big Land Company.

Application was made this week to incorporate the Hand Land Company, in Escambia county. The capitol stock of the corporation is to be $100,000, the principal place of business at Bayminette and the company will do a general business in constructing, operating, devloping agricultural and manufacturing enterprises, the settlement of colonies and a general real estate business.

Teachers' Review School.

La Fayett College, now on a most perfect basis as a training college for teachers, will hold a summer school of pedagogy and review term for six weeks, begining on May 7th and, in view of the state board examination, July 1st, will offer provisions for instruction and study in all the branches of examination for third, second and first grade, or state life certificates. A large and able faculty of professors and instructors have been provided and the college and model school classes and departments being in progress, offer best opportunity for practical pedagogy, prepartory to real school work. Teachers desiring to secure railroad rates, one and one-third fare round trip, should get a certificate of the railroad agent from whom they purchase tickets. Boarding and all other expenses but $8 to $11 per month. Write the president, Dr. E. R. Eldridge, for further information. Care of LaFayette College, Alabama.

Girl Seriously Burned.

While playing in the yard, the little 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Sitason of South Decatur was seriously burned, and the attending physicians say her recovery is doubtful. Some trash was being burned in the yard. The little girl was playing around the fire, and her clothing caught on fire, spreading all over her body before it could be extinguished. The most serious burns are on her hips and chest. In attempting to extinguish the fire on the little girl's clothing, Mr. Sitason's sister-in-law, Mrs. Fred Schiltzer, was also seriously burned about the hands and arms

Reorganizing Woodstock Works.

The Woodstock Iron Works has just issued circular letters inviting all who desire to take stock in the company under a reorganzation of the concern that will take place in New York in a few weeks. Also inviting those who desire to make propositions to the company in regard to furnishing a working capitol to operate the furnace of the concern situated in Anniston. It is thought that the Woodstock people will soon make arrangements to put in blast the two iron making plants, which for several years have remained idle.

Extension of the Mobile and Ohio

It is learned through apparently reliable sources that the Tidewater branch of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, extending from Tuscaloosa to Tidewater, will be continued on to Brookwood, passing through Searless, the opening of the Central Iron and Coal Company's mines. The surveying party has been in the field for some time past. The building of this branch is necessary to the location of the furnace of the Central Iron and Coal Company in Tuscaloosa.

Craven Plant Leased.

The Gurley Handle Company has secured a five-year lease on the Ninninger Craven plant at Gurley, and will increase its capacity to a six-lathe mill. The copmany is building a large annex to the factory, and will have a largely increased capacity.

Spoke at Athens.

One of the ablest speeches that has been made in Athens during the constitutional canvass was amde by Hon. Tennent Lomax, of Montgomery, to a large and enthusiastic crowd at the court house.

Shingle and Lath Plant.

The Brewton Shingle and Lath Company is a new firm at Brewton. They are erecting a plant just north of the mill of Lovelace Bros., and will be ready as soon as the machinery arrives and is put in place to fill orders.

M. D. Mayer Dead.

Mr. M. Benjamin Mayer, managing editor of the Age-Herald, died Sunday morning after a severe attack of pneumonia. Mr. Mayer was afflicted with a cold on Friday April 5, and at 8 o'clock that evening went to his room where he has suffered intensely for eight days. The fearful malady spread throughout his system and though every device known to medical science was resorted to he could not be saved, and passed away at 2:40 o'clock Sunday morning. Mr. Mayer was 28 years of age and has for several years been quite prominent in journalistic circles.

Trade Mark Decision.

The United States Court of Appeals, in handing out a decision in the case of Hubert Brennen and Edward J. Bite against the Emery, Bird and Thayer Dry Goods Company, of Kansas City, appealed from the United States Circuit Court of the Western District of Missouri, decided that to be valid a trade mark must not be descriptive of the article to which the words or symbols are applied.

LATEST STATE TOPICS.

Laying the Mains.

The Birmingham Water Works Company is laying mains all over the city of Ensley for the new water works system which this company will install under a contract made with the city several months ago. Large forces of workmen are laying the principal mains along Nineteenth and Seventeenth streets at the intersection of the car line. The water which will be supplied by the new system will be the same as that used by the city of Birmingham and the rates will be reasonable.

Shot His Wife.

A negro shot and killed his wife at the Fossill mines, south of Powderly, about seven or eight miles from Birmingham. It seems that the woman was about to move her things from the house in which they had been living when he went up to her and deliberately, it is reported, riddled her with bullets. The negro then went to the dummy line and rode to a station two or three miles away, when he left the train, and has not been seen since.

Stabbed to Death.

Clarence McClain, an employee of the Birmingham rolling mill, was stabbed to death Saturday night near Benett's saloon on rolling mill hill, in the southwestern part of the city by Edward Merrick, another employee of the mill and his next door neighbor. The quarrel leading up to the fatal stabbing affray was a very trivial affair and started in the saloon. The bartender of the place separated the men, but it seems they got together again and across the street where the stabbing occurred.

Russellville Postoffice.

A warm fight is on between D. V. Sevier, Jr., and Hon. John T. Ezell as to who will be postmaster of Russellville, now a presidential office with an $1,100 salary and $200 allowance for clerk hire attached. Both gentlemen in the contest are republican leaders in the county. Mr. Ezell having been a delegate to the last two National Republican Convention. Mr. Sevier was apointed by President McKinley shortly after the latter's first inauguration.

Illicit stills.

Deputy Collector T. J. Kennamer reports the seizure and destruction of a fifteen gallon copper, still four miles south of Enterprise, Ala., said to belong to W. H. Ielner and J. J. Rogers. Also the destruction of a sixteen gallon still with other apparatus near Eta, in Coffee county, said to belong to S. Chancellor and E. Gilbert, both of whom were arrested. Deputy Collcetor W. C. Hanlin reports the seizure and destruction of 400 gallons of beer four miles southwest of Fort Payne, said to belong to Jake Rogers.

Boys Engage in a Fight.

The thirteen-year-old son of W. Stines, a well-to-do farmer, who lives a short distance from Riverside, became involved in a difficulty with a negro boy by the name of Moore. Blows passed and the Stines boy threw a rock at Moore, striking him in the forehead and fracturing his skull. The doctor thinks he will die.

New Bank Building.

The Bank of Scottsobro has let the contract for their new brick building to Messrs. Sublett and Matthews. The contractors are to have the building completed by the first of August. The work of making the brick and erecting the building will be done by home people, thus keeping the money paid at home.

Bloody Jacket.

A boy's jacket and four handkerchiefs have been found at the switch of the Southern railway at Warner, and there is suspicion of foul play. The jacket is matted with blood, and the handkerchiefs were also saturated. The jacket would fit a boy of about 13 years. No one is missing from the camp, and the whole affair is a mystery.

Stove Foundry Enlarges.

The Sheffield Stove Foundery Company is grading the ground on which to build another addition to the foundry. The capacity and force will be doubled and six new patterns of stoves will be manufactured.

Rushton Elected.

Ray Rushton was elected Alderman in Montgomery, third ward, over Burto H. Johnson by a vote of two to one. In the general primary a week ago Rushton and Johnson tied, each receiving 222 votes. In the run off Monday, Rushton received 229 and Johnson 118.

ANTAGONIZING UNCLE SAM

American Policy in Philippines Bitterly Assailed:

CHICAGO ACCOUNTS IN DEPLORABLE SHAPE

Taxes to the Amount of Half a Million Have Been Released and Lost—Kidnapper Will Talk of the Cudahy Affair—Killed His Companion.

MAKING WILD ASSERTIONS.

Great Outcry Being Raised Against American Policy in Cuba.

A dispatch from the port of Spain, Trinadad, says: "Efforts are being made by the official press of Venezuela to create apprehension throughout Latin America that the United States is seeking to control the new world. A great outcry is being raised over the American policy in Cuba, which is cited as evcidence of far-reaching ambitions on the part of the United States. The most influential Caracas journal issued in mouring its edition announcing the capture of Aguinaldo. The Filipino leader was ranked among the greatest heroes of history and the American Policy in the Philippines bitterly assailed. News from Barceiona, Venezuela, is that the Venezuelan government definitely refused to make preparation in the case of the American consul, Mr. Baize, who was twice imprisoned, it is alleged, without cause and from whom large sums of money were extorted."

CHICAGO'S BOOKS IN BAD SHAPE.

Many Books of Record Have Been Destroyed.

Some time ago Haskins & Sells, public accountants, were engaged by the Merchants' Club of Chicago to make an examination of the acounting methods of the city of Chicago. There were issued by the firm a letter addressed to the Merchants' Club, which says in part that the accountants found the accounts of the city in a deplorable condition, due mainly to the survival of methods of control and record utterly inadequate to the requirments of one of the great cities of the modern world. The letter says that taxes to the amount of five hundred thousand dollars a year for the past decade have been released as loss and deficiency upon the mere word of the tax gatherers; that clerical errors such as posting hundreds of thousands of dollars, have remained uncorrected, and that books of record have been destroyed.

KIDNAPPER WILL TALK.

Henderson, in Dallas, Tex., Will Tell of Cudahy Affair.

Geo. W. Shields, county attorney of Dallas county, Nerbaska, of which Omaha is the county seat, arrived in Dallas from Omaha, and called on H. C. Henderson at the county jail in company with Sheriff Johnson. Henderson is the man who says he is guilty of the kidnapping of young Edward A. Cudahy in Omaha on the night of December 18, 1900. It is said that Henderson told Sheilds that he is the party wanted for the crime, but declined to go more into dtails until he had held a consultation with his attorneys. This consultation was held, and after it was over Henderson said to the sheriff that he was willing to tell the Nebraska attorney all he knew about the case.

Troops for Manila.

A cablegram has been received at the War Department announcing that the transports Indiana and Summer would leave Manila for Taku the last of this month or the first of next, to take the troops in China to Manila.

Eulogy for Canada.

General Sir Redvers Buller speaking at Plymouth England eulogized the assistance which Canada and Australia had rendered Great Britain in forming in South Africa a third English-speaking nation. "New nations are springing up around us," he said, "and must be allowed to do what is proper for themselves. Reasonable concessions must be granted to them. We must not repeat the error which lost us America. That first great child of the Empire was lost because a fine, growing, lusty boy was not given enough rope and was not allowed to think differently in small matters from his parents."

Big Rail Contract.

Private cable advices bring the news that the Glasgow, Scotland, municipal committee had recommended the awarding of a big contract to an American Steel Company for supplying 3,450 tons of rails and fish plates for the municipal street railway of Glasgow. The price for the rails will be $32 a ton and the fish plates $34 a ton.

HIS LIFE LONG COMP[illegible]

Major Evans Charged Wi[illegible] Capt. Griffin.

Capt. John J. Griffin, [illegible] agent of the Norfolk and [illegible] Railroad, was shot to death [illegible] afternoon in the rooms of Maj. [illegible] R. Evans in Columbia, [illegible] arrest of Maj. Evans [illegible] created a profound [illegible] two were alone and occupy[illegible] joining apartments were [illegible] Maj. Evans summoned a [illegible] saying a man was hurt [illegible] Dr. R. W. Gibbs found [illegible] fin lying in a dying [illegible] speechless on Major Evans [illegible] 44-caliber Colts revolver [illegible] entered just above the left [illegible]

The President's Tou[illegible]

The Presidential party [illegible] Washington by the Southern [illegible] Monday morning, April 29, [illegible] o'clock for the tour to the Pa[illegible] and return, covering a [illegible] tween six and seven weeks. [illegible] have a train consisting of [illegible] car for the President and [illegible] Kinley, two Pullman [illegible] man sleepers, a dining [illegible] bination car. Col. Dan [illegible] eral agent of the Southern [illegible] will accompany the party [illegible] ington to New Orleans [illegible] New Orleans to Portland [illegible] McCormick, passenger traffic [illegible] of the Southern Pacific [illegible] company them. The members [illegible] Cabinet will accompany the [illegible] with the exception of Secretary [illegible] and Root and Attorney General [illegible]

Dr. McClelland Dead.

Dr. William F. McClelland [illegible] in Denver, Col., at the age of [illegible] Before going to Denver [illegible] name had become known [illegible] well as America for his [illegible] forming difficult operations. [illegible] the first physician to make a [illegible] the climatic influences of the [illegible] region upon Pulmonary [illegible] wrote extensively on the [illegible] Colorado's climate. To his [illegible] was due largely the first [illegible] state as a resort of the [illegible] amassed a fortune in real [illegible]

Gen. Butterfield Ill.

Daniel Butterfield, one of [illegible] distinguished surviving officers [illegible] civil war, is dangerously ill [illegible] in New York. He was in [illegible] for about two months hoping [illegible] from the climate. On his [illegible] Sunday he was prostrated and [illegible] cian Dr. Frederick A. Castle [illegible] attacked by paralytic [illegible] Castle said: "At his age—[illegible] his seventieth year—an [illegible] kind is always alarming and [illegible] say how it may result."

Found Dead in Mou[illegible]

Evan Bledsaw, alleged [illegible] found dead in the mou[illegible] Sneedsville, Tenn., sitting [illegible] right position against a tree [illegible] his Winchester tightly [illegible] been shot from the rear. [illegible] he had been decoyed to [illegible] spot in the hope of capturing [illegible] who killed his father [illegible] John M. Tate, but it is [illegible] the Tates killed Bledsaw. [illegible] dead several days when found [illegible]

Labor Struggle in Ch[illegible]

The first move in what [illegible] a bitter fight between the [illegible] tional Association of Ma[illegible] several of the railroads [illegible] cago, has been made in [illegible] the association on the Chi[illegible] Western Railroad. The [illegible] for a minimum wage scale [illegible] an hour, shortening of the [illegible] from ten to nine hours and [illegible] the apprentice system.

Council at the Hague.

Dr. W. H. De Beaufort [illegible] the Administrative Council [illegible] manent Court of Arbitration [illegible] Hague, has notified all [illegible] concerned that the court is [illegible] tuted. This notification is [illegible] take the place of a formal [illegible] The convention has not yet [illegible] by China, Hamburg, Mexico [illegible]

Schley Coming Home.

Rear Admiral Schley left [illegible] on the British steamship [illegible] Buenos Ayres, for the United [illegible] Mrs. Lord, wife of the United [illegible] Minister, is also on the ship [illegible]

Nearly two thousand [illegible] which have been deserted [illegible] bands and fathers are [illegible] present by the Chicago [illegible] Charities. Is there any [illegible] an agitation in favor of [illegible] tion of the whipping post [illegible] ishment of those who [illegible] families to be a charge [illegible] table should have been [illegible] city?

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

Senator Foraker Discusses the Condition of Porto Rico.

GENERAL SANDICO SUCCEEDS AGUINALDO.

Prospects in China—Venezuela Trying to Injure the United States—Cabinet Talked of Made Affairs.

The trade prospects in China are [illegible] gloomy. Chinese importers and wholesale dealers are fearful owing to the disturbed state of the country, and uncertainty as to the future. The customs collections for the March quarter was $7,000 less against 1899 and for the same period of 1900.

The Cuban constitutional convention has placed itself upon record against the Platt amendment by a vote of [illegible] in a resolution that the convention declare itself opposed to the amendment "on account of the terms of the clauses, and the way in which they are drawn, and also on account of the contents of others."

It is announced that the Filipino General, Sandico, has been elected by Aguinaldo as commanding officer of the Filipino forces, as well as [illegible] during the continuance of the insurrection. Sandico belongs to a distinguished family residing at Pedakin, near Manila. He is a man of energy and well educated, speaking several European languages.

Surgeon General Van Ryan of the navy says that he has received no report relating to the prevalence of small pox aboard the Monterey, as reported by Consul McWade in a news item from Pekin. He says it is almost impossible for the disease to spread to any vessel aboard our naval vessels. The men are vaccinated and other precautions are taken that preclude any serious diffusion of smallpox or other contagious disease.

Captain Harry F. Hodges of the engineer corps, has been selected as [illegible] officer for the department of Havana and ordered to report to General Wood at Cuba. Captain Hodges has been stationed at Cincinnati. He relieves Maj. William M. Black. Colonel Goodal, recently promoted, has been assigned to command the Seventh Infantry, and Col. Sumner N. [illegible], also recently promoted, is assigned to the Tenth Infantry.

The well known officers of the German military service, Capt. Kapherer of the Hussars, and Count Armin of the guard and corps, will arrive in Washington shortly and will be informally received with the German ambassador. Though not occupying the position of military attache, Captain Kapherer is the oldest officer of that rank in the famous guard of Hussars. He served at Potsdam and commanded the Emperor when he was Crown Prince.

The various interviews ascribed to Senator Loomis at San Juan have attracted much attention and the minister will probably be invited to explain some of his utterances if he is not able to make a broad denial of the accuracy of the interviews. Reflections upon the personal character of the President of Venezuela are not regarded as being according to official etiquette, and it is earnestly hoped that the minister will be able to repudiate these. Otherwise it will be manifestly impossible for his return to Venezuela even in the event that issues which led to his recall are more satisfactorily composed.

Five Million Company.

The National Oil and Pipe Line Company, of Austin, Texas, filed its papers with capital of $5,000,000, the largest charter ever filed in The States' fee amounted to [illegible]. This company recently purchased a gusher and leases on 15,000 acres of land.

More Beer and Better.

It is announced that a half million dollar brewery will be built and operated in Memphis, and that the enterprise will be backed by Joseph Schlitz, well known Milwaukee brewer. The work of building will begin at once.

Killed Himself While in Bed.

[illegible] W. Legg, a prominent citizen of Bonham, Tenn., 65 years of age, committed suicide at his home Thursday morning. He had arisen, made a fire and returned to bed. When his wife went to call him for breakfast he shot himself through the head while lying in bed. No cause is assigned. He was a man of high standing and a leading citizen. He leaves a widow and family.

HIS LIFE LONG COMPA

jor Evans Charged With
Capt. Griffin.

Capt John J. Griffin, ... nt of the Norfolk and ... lroad, was shot to death ... noon in the rooms of Maj. ... Evans in Columbia, S. C. ... est of Maj Evans ... ted a profound sensation ... were alone and occupants ... ing apartments were at ... Evans summoned a ... ng a man was hurt in his ... R. W. Gibbs found Captain ... lying in a dying condition ... chloes on Major Evans' ... ainter Colts revolver ... ered just above the left nipple.

The President's Tour.

The Presidential party will ... shington on the Southern ... nday morning April 29, ... ck for the tour to the Pacific ... return covering a period ... en six and seven weeks. The ... e a train consisting of a ... for the President and Mrs ... ley two Pullman cars, two ... accompanying dining car and ... ation car. Col D S. Brown ... agent of the Southern ... accompanies the party from ... ton to New Orleans, while ... w Orleans to Portland, Ore. ... rimck passenger traffic ... the Southern Pacific lines, ... mpany them. The members ... net will accompany the Pr ... th the exception of Secretary ... l Root and Attorney General ...

Dr. McClelland Dead.

William F. McClelland ... Denver, Col., at the age of ... ore going to Denver in 18 ... he had become known in Eu ... ll as America for his success ... ming difficult operations. ... first physician to make a ... climatic influences of the ... tion upon Pulmonary diseases ... ate extensively on the ben ... orado's climate. To his ... s due largely the first fame ... te as a resort of the we ... nassed a fortune in real estate.

Gen. Butterfield Ill,

Daniel Butterfield, one of the ... stinguished surviving officers ... il war, is dangerously ill at his ... New York. He was in Mia ... about two months hoping to ... n the climate. On his return ... nday he was prostrated and his ... n Dr. Frederick A. Castle ... ttacked by paralytic symptoms ... stle said: "At his age—he is ... seventieth year—an attack ... nd is always alarming and no ... y how it may result."

Found Dead in Mountains

Evan Bledsaw, alleged fo ... und dead in the mountains ... eedsville, Tenn., sitting in ... ght position against a tree, ... s Winchester tightly. ... en shot from the rear. It is ... had been decoyed to the ... ot in the hope of capturing ... ho killed his father, Bledsaw ... hn M. Tate, but it is not ... e Tates killed Bledsaw. He ... ad several days when found.

Labor Struggle in Chicago

The first move in what is ... bitter fight between the ... onal Association of Machi ... veral of the railroads enter ... go, has been made in de ... e association on the Chicago ... Western Railroad. The de ... r a minimum wage scale of ... n hour, shortening of the ... om ten to nine hours and ... e apprentice system.

Council at the Hague.

Dr W H De Beaufort, ... he Administrative Council of ... anent Court of Arbitration ... ague, has notified all the ... oncerned that the court is ... ited. This notification is ... ake the place of a formal ... he convention has not yet ... y China, Hamburg, Mexico ...

Schley Coming Home.

Rear Admiral Schley has ... n the British steamship ... uenos Ayers, for the United ... Mrs. Lord, wife of the United ... Minister, is also on the ship.

Nearly two thousand ... which have been deserted ... bands and fathers are being ... present by the Chicago ... Charities. Is there any ... an agitation in favor of the ... ion of the whipping post ... ishment of those who ... amilies to be a charge on ... able should have been ... ctr?

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

Senator Foraker Discusses the Condition of Porto Rico.

GENERAL SMITH SUCCEEDS AGUINALDO.

Prospects in China—Venezuela Trying to Injure the United States—Cabinet Talked of Mule Affair.

The trade prospects in China are en ... Chinese importers and ... are fearful owing to ... disturbed state of the country, and ... uncertainty as to the future. The ... for the March ... was ... taxes against 120,... for the same period of 1900.

The ... national convention ... on record against the ... amendment by a vote of 18 to 10 ... resolution that the convention ... itself opposed to the ... on account of the terms ... of the clauses, and the way in ... drawn, and also on ac ... of the contents of others."

It is announced that the Filipino ... General Sandico has been elected to ... General Aguinaldo as commanding ... of the Filipino forces, as well as ... continuance of the ... Sandico belongs to a dis ... residing at Padakin, ... He is a man of energy ... educated, speaking several ... languages.

Major General Van Evan of the ... has received no re ... prevalence of small ... Monterey, as reported ... Wade, in a news item ... Panama. He says it is almost im ... disease to spread to any ... naval vessels. The ... are vaccinated and other pre ... taken that preclude any ... diffusion of smallpox or in ... contagious disease.

Captain Harry F. Hodges of the en ... corps has been selected en ... other for the department of ... and ordered to report to General ... at Cuba. Captain Hodges has ... been stationed at Cincinnati ... Major William M. Black, ... recently promoted, has ... assigned to command the Seven ... infantry and Col. Sumner N. ... also recently promoted, is as ... to the Tenth Infantry.

Two well known officers of the Ger ... military service, Capt. Kapherer ... the Hussars and Count Armin of ... guard and corps, will arrive in ... shortly and will be informally ... with the German ambas ... although not occupying the posi ... military attaches. Captain ... is the oldest officer of that ... famous guard of Hussars, ... at Potsdam and commanded ... the Emperor when he was Crown ...

The various interviews ascribed to ... Leonis at San Juan have at ... much attention and the minister ... probably be invited to explain some ... utterances if he is not able to ... a flat denial of the accuracy of ... interviews. Reflections upon the ... nal character of the President of ... Venezuela are not regarded as being ... ling to official etiquette, and it is ... idently hoped that the minister will ... able to repudiate those. Otherwise ... would be manifestly impossible for ... to return to Venezuela even in ... event that issues which led to his ... ture were satisfactorily composed.

Five Million Company.

The National Oil and Pipe Line ... pany of Austin, Texas, filed its ... ter with capital of $5,000,000 ... is the largest charter ever filed in ... The States fee amounted to ... This company recently pur ... a gusher and leases on 15,000 ... of land.

More Beer and Better.

It is announced that a half million ... brewery will be built and oper ... in Memphis and that the enter ... will be backed by Joseph Schlitz, ... well known Milwaukee brewer. ... work of building will begin at once.

Killed Himself While in Bed.

J. L. W. Legg, a prominent citizen ... Jacksboro, Tenn., 65 years of age, ... mitted suicide at his home Thurs ... He had arisen, made a fire and ... ned to bed. When his wife went ... arrange for breakfast he shot him ... through the head while lying in ... No cause is assigned. He was a ... of high standing and a leading ... He leaves a widow and four ... dren.

Trouble on a Mexican Road.

Serious trouble continues along the line of the Nacosora railway, where th graders have struck in Arizona. On the Arizona end of the line several hundred Yaqui Indians have been put to work in place of the strikers, and besides being heavily armed are guarded by a strong force of deputies.

General Buller for America.

A letter received by an officer from England states that General Buller will be offered the command of the British troops in North America, which command is now vacant.

Witches May be Killed at Will.

Solomon Hotema and Sam Fry, Choctaw Indians, were acquitted of murder at Paris, Texas on the ground of emotional insanity, which was the defense urged. The defendants were charged with the killing of two women and a man, all full bloods. The tragedy was enacted April 14, 1899, in the Choctaw nation. The prisoners pleaded not guilty, although admitting the killing, claiming their victims were "witches."

Senator Foraker of Ohio, chairman of the committee which deals with Porto Rican affairs, was in Washington this week and discussed conditions in Porto Rico from information received by him. He has many letters from the island and has been in constant correspondence with prominet men of Porto Rico, and says his information is contrary to that presented by the delegations which recently have visited the United States. The island, he says, is in a more prosperous condition than it has been for years, and has a better outlook than it has had in two hundred years. There is no part of the world where taxes are as light as they are in Porto Rico.

The legal proceedings to prevent the shipment of the mules purchased in this country to South Africa was an important matter discused by the cabinet this week, and the Attorney General was directed to make an investigation of the question and report to the cabinet. The views expressed were that where neutrality proceedings are inaugurated in the United States courts they should be brought in the name of the United States, an alleged violation of neutrality being a question affecting nations, not individuals. The mover of the proceedings in the New Orleans case is a man claiming to be a resident of South Africa, who contends that his interests are placed in jeopardy.

Wants to Return Saber.

An old Confederate cavalry saber, a relic of the civil war, which was taken from General Forrest's chief of staff at the battle of Selma, Ala., by J. H. Hildreth, of the Chicago Board of Trade Battery, is to be returned to the original owner if alive, or his family if they can be found alive, at the Confederate reunion at Memphis, Tenn., this summer. The sword is carefully packed away at the residence of Mr. Hildreth and never has left his possession since it came into his hands forty years ago.

Want Italian Discharged.

Employes of the Utica Cabinet Company have demanded the discharge of an Italian foreman. The company announced that it could not settle personal troubles between employes and stated the factory, which was closed, would be reopened Monday for all who wish to return to work. The men's committee stated they would not go back. They have a dislike for foreign labor. About 100 men are epmloyed and wages and hours are entirely satisfactory.

Shop Men Strike.

The employes of the Central railroad of New Jersey in the Ashley car shops struck because Superintendent Thomas refused to reinstate thirty discharged men. About two weeks ago thirty men employed in the car shops were suspended. The officials of the company claimed work was slack in the shops and it was necessary to reduce the force. The men, however, claimed they were laid off because they were prominent in the labor union.

Plague Prevails.

Robert M. McWade, United States Consul at Canton, China, reports that 16,000 deaths from the plague have occurred there during the past six weeks, and that there are thirteen cases of smallpox on board the United States Monitor Monterey. Only one death has resulted on the Monterey, and the other cases of smallpox are progressing favorably.

No More Soldiers.

The London Daily Express says it understands the government has decided to cease sending reinforcements to South Africa.

Pope Growing Much Alarmed.

The Pope in his allocution says dangerous events had come to pass and were becoming more serious and spreading from one part of Europe to another. Several states widely separated but united by an identical desire had entered into open war against religion. The campaign was directed against the religious congregations in order to destroy them gradually. Neither common law nor equity, nor the deserts of the congregations have prevailed to prevent their destruction. The desire was also manifested to prevent the youth from being educated by the congregations of whom many pupils had become illustrious.

Claims Against China.

The latest advices to the State Department from Mr. Rockhill contain the further details respecting the amount of the indemnities claimed from China by the powers. It appears that these claims have been much exaggerated in some statements, though the sum total is still far in excess of the amount of money it is believed that China can raise. It is the belief of the State Department that the total claims should not be allowed to exceed $150,000,000 or $200,000,000.

Mexico's Interests.

The Times says: "It is reported among Wall Srteet men that the visit of J. P. Morgan to Europe has something to do with the things of Mexico. It is even suggested that President Diaz has commissioned the New York financiers to sound powerful foreign interests upon plans that may lead to the establishment of a new Mexican government financial policy, even a movement along conservative lines towards the establishment of the gold standard."

French Captured.

It is said that a private telegram has been received to the effect that General French with 500 British troops has been captured by the Boers while his force was enveloped in a mist on the hills. No confirmation of the report can be obtained. The war office knows nothing about the rumored capture of General French and entirely discredits the report.

Fava to Leave.

The State Department has been advised through the American Ambassador at Rome and the Italian foreign office that Baron Fava will be succeeded as Ambassador from Italy to this country by the Marquis Obizzo Malispina Di Carbona.

Strike on Account of Negroes.

The stonemasons employed on the new State House went on a strike because the contractor placed three negro masons at work on the building. The contractors declare that they will keep the negores at work in Jackson, Miss.

New Capital for China.

Advices from Sian Fu to local mandarins assert that the court is preparing to leave for Hsian Yang, in the province of Hu Pei. The permanent officials of the six boards are described as having quietly left Pekin for Sian Fu in anticipation of the selection of a new capital.

Li Hung Chang's Request.

Li Hung Chang has asked General Chaffee to leave behind when he departs Captain Tillson and a sufficient number of men to police the Chinese city, as the Chinese earnestly desire their retention, fearing that the district will not be well looked after when controlled by foreigners.

TORN BY BENGAL TIGER.

Enraged Beast in Indianapolis Zoo Badly Wounds His Trainer.

Rajah, the Bengal tiger that fatally injured one of the keepers at the zoo in Indianapolis several months ago, after a desperate fight in the animal's cage, Friday attacked Frank C. Bostock, proprietor of the zoo, and dangerously injured him. It is feared by the surgeons that Bostock will lose his left arm. His right leg and his face were badly lacerated.

BLOWER WORKS BURNED.

Seven Hundred Men Idle—Loss Estimated at $330,000.

A Boston dispatch says: The main building of the extensive blower works of the B. F. Sturtevant Company, in the Jamaica Plain district, was burned early Sunday morning, causing a loss of $350,000, fully insured. The concern manufactured various kinds of machinery and electrical goods as well as blowers. All patterns and plans were destroyed. Over 700 men are temporarily thrown out of employment.

BAD FUTURE FOR NEGRO.

Relations Between White and Black Races Discussed in Meeting.

The annual convention of the American Academy of Political and Social Science adjourned at Philadelphia Saturday night. The closing day's sessions were devoted to consideration of the race problem of the south and our newly acquired West Indian possessions. President George T. Winston, of the North Carolina college of agriculture, and Professor W. E. Burghardt Dubois, of the Atlanta university, discussed the negro question from opposite points of view at the afternoon session. At night Senator Platt, of Connecticut, and Charles M. Pepper spoke on the Cuban and Porto Rican phase of the race question.

In his address, Mr. Winston said in part: "The two races are drifting apart. They were closer together in slavery than they have been since. Old-time sympathies, friendships and affections created by two centuries of slavery are rapidly passing away. A single generation of freedom has produced indifference, mistrust and prejudices. Unless a change is made the coming generation will be separated by active hatred and hostility. The condition of the negro is indeed pitiful, and his prospects for the future are dark and gloomy. There is no solution for the problem, unless it is dealt with from the standpoint of reason and experience without prejudice or fanaticism."

CUBANS RELENT.

Reconsider Action in Turning Down Platt Amendment.

A special from Havanna says: At Saturday's secret session of the constitutional convention Senor Nunez asked that the convention either reject or accept the Platt amendment as the resolution adopted Friday was not a formal declaration and was misleading. The conservatives considered the resolution practically rejected the amendment, while the radicals and the radical press maintained that it did not, and Senor Nunez therefore asked that a yea and nay vote be taken. This was opposed by the radicals, who have always avoided taking a decided stand.

The conservatives were pleased at the point, and as a split was threatened among the radicals, a compromise was offered and agreed to by the terms of which a resolution was adopted that the convention should not express itself either for or against the amendment and that a commission be sent to Washington to reach the best possible agreement with the president. This commission will not be authorized to settle definitely the question of the relations between the United States and Cuba, but will report back to the convention.

OLD SOLDIERS ANGERED.

Governor Longino, of Mississippi, is Scored For Slurring Remarks.

Considerable indignation is being expressed by confederate veterans and members of the Daughters of the Confederacy, at Jacksonville, Miss., over a remark made by Governor Longino when the petition asking that the corner stone of the new statehouse be laid on the birthday of Jefferson Davis was in consideration.

The remark in question was made to one of the prominent ex-confederates who was deeply interested in the selection of June 3d as the date for the ceremony, and, according to his statement, when the petition was presented Governor Longino is reported to have said:

"I can't see what Jefferson Davis has to do with this statehouse, and I'm getting tired of this ex-conferate rot, anyhy."

WANTS MOB PROSECUTED.

Father of Cremated Negro Asks Authorities to take action.

A special from Leavenworth, Kan., says: Alfred Alexander, father of Frederick Alexander, the negro who was burned at the stake for the alleged assault and murder of Miss Carrie Forbes and for the assault of Miss Roth, has filed information with the county attorney against a number of those participating in the burning and asks for a warrant for their arrest upon the charge of murder.

Alexander will ask for warrants for William Forbes, whom he accuses of setting fire to his son, one of the city officials and a policeman, who, he charges, assisted in piling the fuel around the stake and aided in the burning.

"NO FRAUD," SAYS SMITH.

The Postmaster General Investigates Philippine Postal Affairs.

D. W. Vaille, formerly director general of posts in the Philippines, and now an assistant superintendent of the railway mail service, was in Washington Friday, in connection with the statement in the report from Auditor Lawshe, at Manila, that "the accounts of the postal service were very unsatisfactory." Mr. Vaille established the service in the Philippines and remained there until several months ago.

Carrie Takes Ride in Patrol Wagon.

Mrs. Carrie Nation was arrested in Kansas City Sunday night on the charge of obstructing the street and taken to the police station in a patrol wagon. She was released on a cash Bond of six dollars.

Favor Zionistic Movement.

Fifteen hundred Hebrews held a meeting in Milwaukee Sunday in the interest of the Zionistic movement, and demonstrated approval of the plan which it is hoped will restore the ancient prestige of the Jews as a nation.

FREAKS OF NATURE.

ANIMALS THAT BLOOM AND PLANTS THAT EAT MEAT.

Species in Each Kingdom That Are a Law Unto Themselves—The Sea Cucumber Group Spread Their Fatal Beauties for Victims—"North Carolina Fly-catcher."

In general, animals move about to seek food, while plants are fixed to one spot and get their nourishment from the earth in which their roots are imbedded and the air that surrounds their leaves, but there are species in each "kingdom" that do not follow the rule. Botanists know of plants that have neither roots nor leaves, of others that have one but not the other, and of others still that are undoubtedly vegetable, yet move about as freely as animals would do. On the other hand there are animals that never leave the spot on which they first took up their habitation, and that seem to trust to luck for food. The oyster and clam have thus lost the power of locomotion, writes Dr. Charles Minor Blackford, Jr., in the Scientific American. There are many that have been separated from the plants only by the researches of recent years. Sponges, corals, sea anemones and the whole "sea cucumber" group were long believed to be vegetable, and many blue water sailers think so to this day. There are animals that seem to blossom as freely as do flowering plants.

The sea anemone is one of the commonest of these. It is found clinging to rocks in sheltered places along shore in practically every part of the world, for it is not confined to any special region. It grows only in comparatively shallow water, that is in depths of less than 500 fathoms, although there is one species that lives in the open sea, but wherever found it is essentially the same in structure. It is a tough, leathery tube, spread out below into a "base", that fastens it to a rock or other foundation, and expanding above into the flower like "disk" with the mouth in the centre. All around the opening of the mouth are curling tentacles, not unlike the petals of modern chrysanthemum. Some varieties are almost or entirely colorless, while in some others the tentacles are gorgeously tinted and rival the flowers of the field; but in all lurks death in a certain and horrible form. Watch some little creature touch the curving arms and they will be seen to curl inward and wrap the intruder in their folds as they push it toward the mouth. The inner sides of the tentacles are covered by poison glands that sting the prey to insensibility or death and so stop the struggles that might prove disastrous to the anemone. When the mouth is reached the captive is pushed into the hollow interior, and the anemone shuts up into a reddish brown ball until its meal is digested, when it spreads its fatal beauties for another victim.

Another great family of flowering animals is that including the "sea cucumbers." These animals have long, flattened bodies of a dark color that ranges from brown to reddish purple, and their most active movement is a slow creeping along the bottom. At one end is the mouth, surrounded by the petal like tentacles, that push into it the mud and sand on which the organism lives. The mud of the bottom is filled with tiny beings that really furnish the food, but it appears to subsist on the inorganic mud itself. The most curious thing about the "cucumber" is that it takes lodgers in a way. It has a large cavity within its body that is filled with water, and into this cavity a little fish called the fierasfer works its way, and then lives within the helpless host. It is not a parasite, for it leaves its lodging to seek food, but it merely lodges in the holothurian for shelter, as the power of stinging that sea cucumbers possess to a high degree renders them fairly safe from molestation. The little lodgers do not seem to do any harm to their landlords, except when several take quarters in the same one, and then they may inflict damage by overcrowding.

The whole class of coral-forming animals resemble plants so closely as to deceive all but skilled observers. Few sights in nature are more beautiful than the "coral gardens" in the West Indies, where the gorgeously colored vegetation is almost entirely animal in character. The sea bottom near Nassau is formed of white coral sand and the debris of broken down shells, and covering this is water of such transparency that the boat seems to float in air. A plate of glass is let into the floor of the boat and the reflection of the sunlight from the white sand below illuminates the scene so that its smallest detail is visible. The sheet of glittering white sand is broken by dark masses of coral rock from which stream broad sheets of "fan coral," that naturalists call gorgonias, brilliant in vivid reds, yellows and purples. The darker masses of rock are spangled with anemones that equal the tints of a tropical forest, while the waving plumes of the sea feathers and the fantastic shapes of the glass sponges add the charm of variety of form. Clumps of bright hued sea weeds that bear little resemblance to the dirty, faded green ones common on our coasts, are the only representatives of real vegetation that greet the eye. All the rest is animal, but the eye is deceived by a mimicry of plant life so perfect as to make the efforts of our human players crude indeed. The vivid stars of richest crimson that look like blooms on the branches of the coral are really the ends of boring annelids, worms that cut into the stony mass and ensconce themselves in the trunks of growing coral.

However anomalous the idea of flowering animals may appear, it is not more so than is that of plants that set traps and devour the prey taken by them. Flesh-eating plants seem to violate the rules of nature, yet the violation is apparent rather than real, for many plants absorb animal matter as part of their food. In general this is taken in only after decomposition has rendered the tissues soluble, but there are some blood thirsty plants that kill and eat small animals as ruthlessly as do beasts of prey.

Among these the little sun-dew is most widely known for its fame spread over the world by the work of Darwin, who gave an elaborate description of it in his "Insectivorous Plants." The leaves of the sun-dew are studded with little projections on whose summits are drops of a clear, sticky liquid that glisten in the sun, as does dew, and from this the name is derived. The liquid attracts insects, either by its appearance or its odor, but when the unfortunate visitor seeks to sip the tempting draught, the leaf begins to coil inward and form a cup from which escape is impossible. The liquor runs down into the hollow and collects into a pool, in which the insect is drowned before being digested.

In the neighborhood of Wilmington there grows the "North Carolina fly catcher," a plant that Linnaeus called "the miracle of nature." This plant has leaves divided into two lobes that sit at a little less than a right angle to one another and are fringed with tiny spikes. The upper side of each lobe is covered with minute glands that secrete a purple fluid and also has a number of sensitive filaments arranged in a triangle. If an insect touch these filaments the lobes shut up like the leaves of a book, the two parts turning on the midrib as a hinge, and the intruder is captured. If it be very small it can escape through the spaces between the interlocking spikes, but otherwise the leaf forms itself into a temporary stomach in which digestion proceeds. The glands that were dry before begin to secrete an acid liquid of a purple color, containing an enzyme like pepsin, in which the soft parts of the victim are disintegrated, and as this proceeds the pressure is increased until all of the digestible matter is absorbed, when the leaf gradually opens and the dry husk is extruded. The leaf will close on a bit of glass or stone as readily as on a fly, but the fraud is quickly discovered, and the indigestible matter rejected. The leaf is then ready to close again, even before it is fully opened, whereas, when digesting food material it stays closed for several days and is very sluggish in shutting again. The most vigorous leaves seem to be able to digest only two or three times in a lifetime, and the botanist Lindsay fed some specimens with such quantities of meat that they died from indigestion.

In Portugal there is a plant that is so efficient a fly catcher that the country people hang up branches of it for this purpose. It secretes a gummy, sticky fluid that entangles insects and kills them.

The common bladderwort is a foe to many small animals. It captures great numbers of waterbugs, and has been known to catch and kill small fishes. From time to time the attention of fish culturists is called to this plant as a foe, but it is not regarded as a serious one.

Great Age of the Mountain Red Cedars.

Of all the hardy creatures of the vegetable kingdom the red cedar is perhaps the most enduring, for it dwells and thrives for centuries where hardly any other form of vegetation exists. On the tops of granite mountains, 10,000 feet high it frequently makes its resting place, and there, in the midst of snow beneath and sunshine above and flimsy air about, it grows slowly and strongly, planting its tough roots in the cracks between rocks. With hardly a bit of soil to feed upon, the red cedar of the higher altitudes lives to an age of 2000 years of hardy strength, some of the larger trees reaching a diameter of nearly 10 feet. These giant trees that were old before the beginning of the Christian era still flourish in the mountain ranges of the Pacific coast and show no signs of decay. Many of them have been overturned through the crumbling away of the mountainside or by the fierce power of the avalanche, but still they live, clinging to the rocks and putting forth fresh leaves and sending out new branches, pointing upward. The age of these patriarchs of the wilderness is estimated by counting the rings which show annual increase in diameter, each circle representing a year.

Boys Learning Laundry Work.

The Church Army in England, which has more than 100 homes for men, women and children whom it is trying to save from lives of crime, has settled the problem of employment for some of the boys by establishing a laundry in one of the boys' homes and teaching the inmates to wash and iron. The boys were at first inclined to resent the idea of doing girls' work, but they have gradually become interested and find it more to their liking than wood sawing and chopping. As yet they have done no fine or women's work, but are doing the coarser pieces better than the average laundress. Two or three of the boys have risen from the ranks and become assistant superintendents, and they have aspired to fine work and even lace curtains.

An Ugly Spider.

There is a spider in the London zoo, obtained from somewhere in the Soudan, that is the fiercest beast of his kind that ever spread out his legs in a menagerie. The ordinary spider has only four legs on a side. This creature has five and those who have seen him find his counterpart in the terrible "devilfish" described by Victor Hugo in "Toilers of the Sea." The scientific name of the terror is Galeodes.

THE BANNER.

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CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

FOR DELEGATE FROM CHILTON COUNTY:

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE:

H. W. CAFFEY.

POPULIST NOMINEE:

L. H. REYNOLDS.

EIGHTY-TWO names will be found on the official ballot.

ON Tuesday next every man should go and vote. That is a plain statement and no man can gainsay it. It is a busy time, and farmers can ill afford to lose valuable time to attend an unnecessary election. But this is an election forced upon them, and is of such vast importance that nothing should keep a man at home. Go and vote! If you think a constitutional convention is for your benefit, vote in favor of it, and if you believe it will do you no good vote against it. Vote for any candidate you wish, or vote for none at all, but in any case go to the polls and vote either for or against the convention, and we believe Chilton county will vote "No Convention" by a large majority.

Chilton county parties are anxious to join hands with us and work for a new county with Montevallo for a county seat.—Montevallo Sentinel.

THE Sentinel appears to be very anxious to make its town the seat of a new county, and there may possibly be some "Chilton county parties" who are anxious to aid it. Why they should be anxious is a mystery. Are they aching to get out of the lowest taxed county in Alabama? Are they desirous to get out of a county that does not owe a cent, and go into a new county which will have to raise money to build a new court house, and whose small population will have to tax themselves to pay all the county officials? They may want to do these things, but we are inclined to think it is all in the imagination of our friend the Sentinel, although "The Notch" seems to be tarred with the same brush and is "anxious" to make Maplesville another county seat. Just think of it—five county seats all in a bunch: Clanton, Maplesville, Montevallo, Calera and Columbiana. Gee whiz! Why not add Jumbo?

At a recent meeting of the General Executive Committee of the Confederate reunion at Memphis it was decided to order at once ten thousand cots as a first installment to meet the demand for them on the part of householders in Memphis who are anxious to commence the fitting out of their rooms before the rush begins. Already quarters have been arranged for nearly all of the people who, it is estimated, will come to the Reunion, and the work of that committee is steady going forward. In the Quartermaster-General's department the offers to donate provisions, already mentioned in previous letter, are continuing to pour in. All of these offers are being accepted, for it is a hungry business to go to a Reunion and mix in the whirl of excitement and pleasure in a three days' stretch.

The immense Reunion building on the bluff is progressing satisfactorily and will be finished in ample time for the purpose for which it is dedicated. The building has been christened "Confederate Hall," and will be the largest and handsomest structure ever erected for a similar purpose. In general the work of accommodating and entertaining the crowds is now approaching completion, although there is still of course much to be accomplished. The task of meeting the visitors, directing them to their quarters, and supplying them with all necessary information, is now the problem before the Information Committee, and that problem seems to have been solved.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

'Tis Easy To Feel Good.

Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

BLOOD POISON CURED BY B B B

Bottle Free to Sufferers.

Deep-seated, obsinate cases, the kind that have resisted doctors, hot springs and patent medicine treatment, quickly yield to B. B. B (Botanic Blood Balm), thoroughly tested for 30 years. Have you mucious patches in the mouth? Sore Throat? Eruptions? Eating Sores? Bone Pains? Itching Skin? Swollen Glands? Stiff Joints? Copper Colored Spots? Chancres? Ulceration on the body? Hair and eyebrows fall out? Is the skin a mass of boils, pimples and ulcers? Then this wonderful B. B. B. specific will completely change the whole body into a clean, perfect condition, free from eruptions, and skin smooth with the glow of perfect health. B. B. B. drains the poison out of the system so the symptoms cannot return. B. B. B. builds up the broken down constitution and improves the digestion. Sufferers may test B. B. B. a trial bottle will be given away free of charge.

B. B. B., for sale by druggists at $1 per large bottle, or 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5 Complete directions with each bottle. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. For trial bottle, address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and Free medical advice given.

The Devoted Wife.

The Devoted Wife—Oh, hurry, please. This rubber plant tub has fallen on my husband, and I'm afraid he's smashed!

Chorus of Rescuers (as they grasp the tub)—Now, all together!

The Devoted Wife—Gently, please, gentlemen. Don't lift it too suddenly. It's got a new leaf just coming out!—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Some Coloring.

Scribbell—What makes young Penner so blue?

Wright—Oh, he's green at the business, and he's discovered that his manuscripts are never read by the editor.—Philadelphia Record.

His Part.

"Ever in amateur theatricals?"

"Just once."

"What part did you take?"

"Me? I took all the abuse. I was stage manager, you see."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the various voting places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1901,

for the purpose of voting for or against the holding of a Constitutional Convention, and for the election of a Delegate from Chilton county and fifty-five delegates from the State at large to said Convention.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—Ira Campbell, W. P. Cleckler, J. M. Davis, managers; Buck Arledge, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 1—John Lowery, Jr. W. H. Shaw, Hugh Henry, managers; O. C. McGraw, returning officer.

Beat 2—box 2—W. A. Reynolds, F. M. Langston, J. H. Patton, Sr., managers; C. L. Langston, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 1—R. J. Williams, John Lightsey, J. L. Williams, managers; Calvin Jones, returning officer.

Beat 3—box 2—D. C. Hubbard, S. R. Waldrup, J. C. Veasey, managers; J. F. Fleming, returning officer.

Beat 4—F. M. Forher, P. M. Moore, N. A. Kicker, managers; M. A. Killgore, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, E. G. Rollins, T. P. Calloway, managers; J. J. Vinson, returning officer.

Beat 5—box 2—J. M. Grant, E. J. Jones, T. I. Traywick, managers; Albert Thompson, returning officer

Beat 6—M. F. Lett, B. F. Dobbs, I. M. Deason, managers; A. T. Hathcock, returning officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, W. Y. Nix, W. D. Lawrence, managers; Noah Cooper, returning officer.

Beat 7—Box 2—J. P. Gentry, J. D. Helsombeck, Noah Latham, managers; Charley Littlejohn, returning officer.

Beat 8—box 1—J. J. Latcher, D. C. Gandy, W. J. Ruddick, managers; Buckner Harris, Jr., returning officer.

Beat 8—box 2—Necar Harris, R. P. Kendrick, J. M. Walker, managers; J. T. Anderson, returning officer.

Beat 9—J. M. Mims, Jim Collins, T. G. Williams, managers; W. Gan: Riggins, returning officer.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 18th day of March, 1901

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Holds Up A Congressman.

"At the end of the last campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant Congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-round medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith I have levied on the following property, to wit:

N ½ of the ne ¼ less four acres in the northeast corner thereof, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 25, and the n ½ of the ne ¼ section 26; all in township 22, range 14 east, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 3d day of April, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Job Couldn't Have Stood It

If he'd had Itching Piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of Piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by druggists.

THE BEST ON EARTH

TAILORING

IS MADE BY

LAMM & COMPANY

CHICAGO.

RELIABLE FABRICS,
FAREST WORKMANSHIP,
RENOWNED FITS,
REASONABLE PRICES.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em and we have you can't

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 1,000 PRIZES.

What will be the population of the Dominion of Canada on May 1st, 1901? Every subscriber to the Weekly Advertiser who takes advantage of our special trial offer will be entitled to one guess free.

Following is a full explanation of the guessing contest:

Send in your guess when you send your subscription, and you will receive a certificate by return mail with your guess thereon.

FIRST PRIZE $5,000.

Send us $1.00 and we will send you The Weekly Advertiser for one year, and you can have one guess free.

The Weekly Advertiser will give an additional guess to any one sending in a club of two yearly subscriptions at $1.00 each, and one guess will be given to each of the two subscribers in the club.

Prizes to be awarded as follows:

To the one making the nearest correct guess	$5000
To the 2nd	2000
To the 3rd	700
To the 4th	300
To the 5th	100
To the 6th	50
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $10 each, amounting to	120
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $5 each, amounting to	120
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	200
To the next 380 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	760
To the next 460 nearest correct guesses $1 each, amounting to	460

Total 1,000 prizes, amounting to $10,000

The Press Publishing Association has deposited $10,000 in the Central Savings Bank of Detroit, Mich., for the express purpose of paying these prizes. In case of a tie, or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them. Address The Weekly Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound offered to the public. For abrasion of the skin, laceration of the flesh, burnt by flame or steam, hot metal, rope burns, or sun burn, ring-worm, "poison oak," etc., it is pre-eminently superior to anything. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all wide awake druggists.

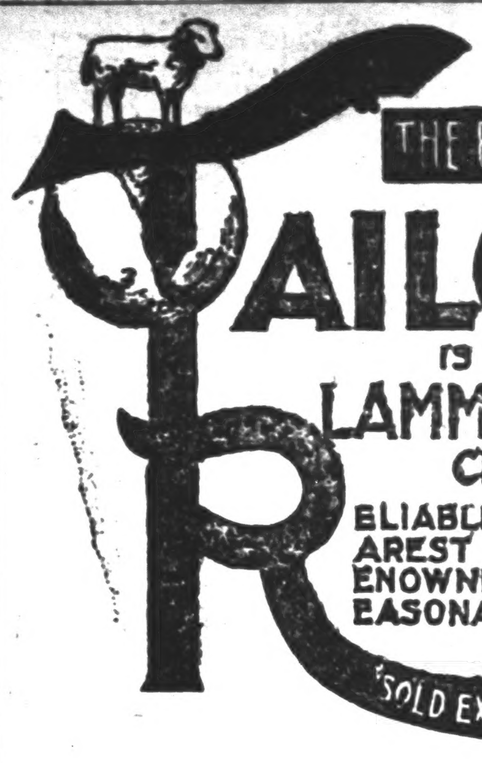
Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior,
Notice No. 21850
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
April 2nd, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner, Homestead entry No. 28733, for the n ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 22 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L. House, Rollfes Bates, Gus Mercus, Alex Logan, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.



C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY, AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is built on what we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and best of all prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we have found that you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best supplied with attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. We have a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WEEKLY BONUS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 7 to 10c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c. If you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM

NEW AND BIGGER STOCK!

To meet the increasing demand of our business we are now laying in a full line of

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, ETC.

all in the Latest styles and Newest Shades.

Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest quality and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST MARGIN OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

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LLINS.
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

FOR THE BENEFIT

SUMER

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Retailer pays for his goods
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rations, 50 to 75c. 50c
tions, 10 to 25c. 15c
, 6 to 8c.

DEPARTMENT

key sold 25 per cent
Try a quart of our
75c, if you are not satisfied
y elsewhere for $1,
orders. We are your

O. 1926 First Ave.
BIRMINGHAM.

R STOCK!

the increasing demand
are now laying in a

HING, HAT
OES, ETC
est styles and Newest
ERIES and GENERAL
E are of the finest
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THE SMALLEST
FIT.
D TO SERVE
S, Clanton, A

TOWN TIMES

Commissioners' Court stands adjourned Monday in February, 2nd Monday in April, 2nd Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and 2nd Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7¼ cents.
— same date last year 9 cents

Bales received to date:	1900	1899
Pickard & Co.	2408	2301
Machine	2160	2[illegible]22
Woods	372	321
Brown	438	337
Total	5378	5581

Sells-Gray's circus last Saturday at Clanton was a decided success. There was a large crowd in town and all declared that the street parade and the entire performance was far above the shows we have previously had here.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds passed through town Tuesday on his way to the speaking at Verbena.

Co. F. B. Baldwin was in town Monday.

Mr. Moody, the contractor for the new brick stores, was in town Monday, arranging to commence work next week.

Dr. J. B. Adams arrived home last Saturday morning, having stood the journey pretty well, we are glad to say.

Mr. N. A. Logan went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. L. A. Dudley left Tuesday to accept a position as warden at Dolive.

Mr. Charlie Gulledge, of Verbena, was in town Saturday.

Why don't you dress that wound with Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic instead of that old greasy salve or ointment? It will prevent or remove inflammation and soreness and heal it much quicker and is so much cleaner and more pleasant. Only 50 cts. a bottle by druggists.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. Church, have finished their new quilt, and turned it over to the Parsonage.

Miss Ada Aldridge donates a nice quilt to the Parsonage, for which the ladies return many thanks.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. Church will have a Spelling Bee, at the Academy, admission 10 cts. Begins at 8 o'clock. Everybody invited. Friday evening April 19.

Mrs. C. B. McNeil of Montgomery is visiting friends in Clanton.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and Miss Emma Potts and little Genuie Eugene Evers visited Birmingham Monday.

Miss Katie Hill of Strasburg visited Clanton Saturday.

Miss Lonie Deshazo of Mulberry was a visitor here Saturday.

Miss Nora Rollins of Coopers spent Saturday here.

Mr. R. W. Kendrick of Pletchers was in town Saturday.

Mr. J. J. Grant of Verbena was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. M. L. Bates of Waddy gave us a pleasant call Saturday.

Mr. L. Moore of Coopers smiled upon us on Saturday.

Mr. J. G. Smitherman of Maplesville was in town Saturday.

Mr. W. D. Lawrence of Maplesville was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. W. Beasden of Maplesville was over Saturday on business.

"What's the matter" with giving your horse or mule a dose of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic when he has colic? It will cure him and that's what you want. For sale by druggists and dealers.

Mrs. W. M. Wood visited Jemison Tuesday.

Miss Ada Askins of Coopers was in town Monday.

Mrs. Touro and Miss Damsky visited Birmingham Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Fosnee is visiting Selma this week.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips is now offering Ladies Hats at reduced prices. Next door to Abe Kauter.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. W. C. Terrell and Miss Margie L. Thomas; Mr. R. L. Wilson and Miss Nollie Gardner; Mr. C. A. Pattillo and Miss Sarah V. Abney.

Colored. George Pond and Sallie Word.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

An Amateur Savant Fooled.

The stories are common enough fire engines being turned out to quench an aurora, and, on the other hand, it has not seldom happened that a very mundane conflagration has passed muster for a "celestial display."

In the memoirs of Baron Stockmar an amusing sheet-to is related of one Herr von Radowitz, who was given to making the most of easily picked up information. A friend of the baron's went to an evening party near Frankfort, where he expected to meet Herr von Radowitz. On his way he saw a barn burning, stopped his carriage, assisted the people and waited till the flames were nearly extinguished. When he arrived at his friend's house, he found Herr von Radowitz, who had previously taken the party to the top of the building to see an aurora, dilating on terrestrial magnetism, electricity, etc. Radowitz asked Stockmar's friend, "Have you seen the beautiful aurora borealis?"

He replied: "Certainly. I was there myself. It will soon be over." An explanation followed as to the barn on fire. Radowitz was silent some ten minutes, then he took up his hat and quietly disappeared.—Knowledge.

A Fellow Feeling.

Hasbro—Yes, I am always interested in perpetual motion films. I like 'em.

Tatters—You do? What for?

Hasbro—They never work.—Philadelphia Press.

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

BACK Aches and Kidney troubles relieved by Dr. Miles' Extra Pills.

It Beats the Circus.

WHAT DOES?

WHY, TOURO'S BIG SHOW OF

NEW SPRING

clothing, &c

Our stock is of such mammoth size--our standard is so high
That hard to please must be the man whom we can't satisfy
And since we've marked our prices down there's not one reason why
A man in need of new spring clothes should not come here to buy.

H. TOURO, Clanton

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $28 and $30.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some second-hand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

Men Who Handle Millions.

The government is more trustful of the employees in its financial center than is any private corporation. In the United States treasury the whole output of the nation's currency is handled by men who are under neither surveillance nor bond. The paying teller handles $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 a year. The exchange clerk has every day $400,000 in change at hand. The money in charge of the keeper of the cash-room runs from $170,000,000 upward, and the chief of the issue division handles millions every day. Any of these men could get away with enormous amounts of money and be reasonably secure against detection for a considerable length of time. Nevertheless, peculations from the treasury have been few and small in amount during its history. There is an axiom in the department which runs as follows:

"Wherever money is handled there is a point at which the honesty of the individual must be the main reliance."

And so the treasury dispenses with the services of spotters. However, private business interests involving the handling of large sums of money are not likely to follow this example. Spotters may be an evil, but they are a necessity in the present phase of human development, and until some psychological chemist devises a preparation to make men honest the type is likely to persist.—S. H. Adams in Ainslee's.

The Athenian of Today.

The Athenians dine late the year round and, whenever the weather will permit, in the open air. As the heated season advances the dinner hour is set later and later until in August 9:30 or 10 becomes the common thing. Fancy going to the theater after that! Yet the open air performances are liberally patronized, and they do not begin, of course, until after dinner. The legend "Curtain rises promptly at 9" is a snare and a delusion, as many a foreigner has found, to his extreme annoyance.

The out of door dining and the sky roofed theaters are so typically Greek that they serve as a link between modern and classical times. The old Greek, as everybody knows, was an outdoor man, his house serving as little more than a sleeping place and storeroom. The Athenian of today dines in a garden, on his terrace or in a park. If he is too poor to possess any of these accessories, he sets his table upon the sidewalk. Many of the cheap restaurants appropriate the walks for dining rooms. One is often compelled when taking an evening stroll to dodge in and out among dozens of tables covered with reasonably clean linen and lighted by means of candles, whose flames are protected from the wind by means of glass globes.—Scribner's.

Might Be Out of Debt.

"My case is peculiar," remarked the letter R.

"How so?" chorused the other letters of the alphabet.

"Well, when it comes to making 'boodle,' I always lend, and, you will notice, there is absolutely no reason why I should be in 'debt.'"—Exchange.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B E JONES CLANTON

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable, Hang or stand anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agts Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR ARC.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Advent of April Brings Up Discussion of All Fools' Day.

RECOUNTS INDIVIDUAL EXPERIENCES.

Little Ones Try to Fool the Old Man, But He Was On to Their Sly Game And Retaliated.

This month did not begin right. April means to open, but it did not open. It was an April fool. Nothing shows in my garden but the peas and onions. The flowers make no progress. There is no sweet south wind to breathe upon them—no sunshine. On Monday the grandchildren imposed upon me with their Hindoo pranks. They gave me a cup of chocolate with whipped cream on top, and it was nothing but soapsuds. I pretended to be fooled, but I wasent; I paid them back in various ways. The Hindoos started this childish custom away back in the ages, and it still pleases the children. And now Easter day is at hand and that is another name that came down from the Pagans. Ostera was their goddess of spring and it was corrupted into Estera.

How these old heathen names do stick to us. The names of the days of the week and of the months came from them. So did the planets and the constellations. Even the prophets and Job had to take them from the Egyptians. But the Scotch people don't call it Easter. They say Pascha day, or passover day. They won't pattern after anybody but John Knox, and he said Pascha. But there is a reason for calling it Easter, for the coming of spring—the opening of the earth and the flowers is emblematical of the resurrection—the opening of the Savior's tomb and His return to bless and comfort His people. This day corresponds closely with the Jewish passover, and so they observe it.

Now I want the young people to know that Lent is another word that means spring. It is preceded by that foolish festival called mardi gras—or fat beef—and continues forty days in remembrance of the Savior's long fast, and it ends with Easter, and the communion and other rejoicings. As the old-time almanacs would say, "about this time look for Easter hats and flowers and finery." Christmas is another festival day that is common to all Christian nations. There are many other days dedicated to the saints, but in course of time it was found that there were not enough days in the year to go round, and so the pope stopped the sainting of so many and had one day set apart as All Saints day. The next day after that is All Souls day, on which mass is said by the Roman Catholics for the souls of the dead who are in purgatory.

It seems that about 900 years ago a pilgrim from the Holy land found a hermit in Sicily who told him of an opening between the cliffs of the mountains near by that communicated with hades, where Pluto lived, and that he could see the sulphurous smoke rising and hear the groans of the lost souls who were being tormented in hell and he had known some of them to escape through the prayers of the priests and this made the devils very mad and he could hear them cursing the priests with awful imprecations. The pilgrim told all this to the abbots and monks, and they had a day set apart to pray these lost souls out of hell or hades or purgatory or whatever it is.

Besides these international days there are national days in every country. Here we have the Fourth of July and Washington's birthday and Decoration Day and some others. Germany celebrates the birth of Calvin and Luther and the kaiser. Scotland that of Sir William Wallace and Bruce and John Knox. In old England they celebrate the queen's birthday, Magna Charter day, Waterloo day and May day. May day is the happiest of all and has been long remembered in verse and song and in dancing around the May pole.

Tennyson wrote a sad, sweet poem called the "May Queen." Mexico celebrates all the Roman Catholic days and has one other that the rabble call Judas Iscariot's day. It is the next day after Easter. On the beautiful trees in the plazza or park they suspend pasteboard images of Judas Iscariot—images as large as life, with little holes bored in them from head to foot and in every hole is fastened a cannon cracker. At a given signal the fuse in every cracker is lighted and all of them explode nearly at the same time and such a terrific popping was never heard outside of a battlefield, and poor old Judas is torn and rent into a thousand pieces. This is just a sign of what they would do to him if they had him there alive, but I reckon it is more for frolic than anything, for they shout and laugh and dance the hornpipe and make all the racket they can.

Ben Franklin said that man was a bundle of habits. He might have added "and superstitions," for most all people have some belief in supernatural things. Two hundred years ago almost everybody believed in witches. Shakespeare wrote about them in "Macbeth" and Burns in "Tam O'Shanter." The Puritans drowned many innocent women from mere suspicion of being witches. The conceited, self-righteous rascals never accused a man of being a wizard. It is the women who have suffered in all ages. When I was a boy the young people were more afraid of ghosts than they are now.

Ghosts are very scarce in these days. I haven't seen one in a long time. In my early youth I was the mill boy and I remember that one evening in the early twilight as I was astride my horse and grist and going slowly home I neared the country graveyard of Fairview church and saw, or thought I saw, a ghost ahead of me in the big road. It had arms and legs, but had no head. It was white and going slowly from me. I checked my horse and wondered. I started on again and got a little closer. Still the form was headless. Broad shoulders and arms akimbo. Nearer and nearer I drew to it, but it made no sign.

My horse pricked up his ears as if alarmed. The road forked not far ahead, and I had resolved that if the ghost took one road I would take the other, when suddenly an old man stopped to cough and took the sack from his shoulders and laid it upon the ground. I knew him instantly—old Uncle Tom Wilson, the hunchback—going home from the mill with his grist across his shoulders, and his head bent forward so that I could not see it in the dusky twilight. Now if both of us had reached the forks of the road and had separated I should always have believed I saw a ghost.

That old mill road and church and grave yard made lasting impressions upon me, and so did the mill and the pond and the spring-board and big wheel and the soothing sounds of the water falling over the dam. We had various adventures with the country school boys on the way, for they dident like the town boys—and they dont yet. I remember that it was on April fool day that I saw in the road just beyond the school house a package done up in brown paper, and as I had met a man in a buggy a little while before, I supposed he had dropped it.

I stopped my horse and got down. Picking up the package I untied the string and took off the wrapper and found another wrapper and another string and then another and another and at last two big black bugs, whose odor was familiar. That kind of bug that advance backward, and you can't tell whether you meet 'em or overtake 'em. Just then a score of boys jumped from the bushes and yelled and screamed "April Fool!" I was so mad I could hardly mount my horse again, but I never spoke a word. I took it out in thinking and hating. West Point hazing wasent any worse than that April fool was to me. But boys will be boys.—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Sir George Murray Smith, the well-known London publisher is dead.

Andrew Carnegie has been re-elected to the General Committee of the American Society.

It is to be recognized that General Cassius M. Clay at ninety-two is just as young as he shoots.

King Edward VII. has purchased a French motor phaeton capable of making fifty miles an hour.

Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, has just passed successfully through the grip and his seventy-fourth birthday.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, has declared for Carter Harrison for Democratic candidate for Vice-President in 1904.

Quartermaster-General Ludington has resumed his duties at the War Department in Washington after two weeks in Cuba.

It is said that the railroad president with the largest salary is Charles M. Hays, of the Southern Pacific, who receives $55,000 a year.

Grand Duke Michael, the heir-apparent to the Russian throne, will soon begin a tour of the Empire to study administration methods.

Sir Arthur Power Palmer, K. C. B., the new Commander-in-Chief in India, is one of the tallest men in the British army. He is six feet four inches in height, and is nicknamed "Long P."

Philander C. Knox, the Attorney-General, was, in his youth, expelled from the West Virginia University for attending a performance of "East Lynne." "It served me right," Mr. Knox is quoted as saying.

Major Cardew, R. E., electrical adviser to the British Board of Trade, told the London Society of Arts the other evening that "there is not the slightest doubt that electric trains can be safely run at a speed of 120 miles an hour, but the expense would be so great that it is doubtful whether such trains would be profitable."

There is reason to believe that the movement of population from the country to the city is subsiding and that farming is becoming more popular. It ought to. Farming properly followed is as sure and good a business as any other. It may be a slow process of acquiring a competence, but it is the most certain and the most independent one. With industry and economy a comfortable living can be made by cultivating the soil, with less labor and risk than by any other honest method known. Stick to the farm, advises the Agricultural Epitomist.

The wonderful dam across the Nile, which has been building for some years, is practically completed, and in a short time Egypt will, by the storage for water thus provided, be relieved from the difficulties resulting from the rise and fall of the river. This will bring about the development of two-thirds of the country, which have hitherto been waste land. A great increase in the production of Egyptian cotton may be expected.

A competent authority says that few men are good golf players, because most of them think too much of their families and of their business.

A NEW TRANSPORT WAGON.

Can Carry Rations for Forty Men on Outpost Duty or Serve With a Battery.

The old idea of taking few measures for the comfort of the troops in the field, because they are usually compelled by the force of circumstances to do without any comforts, was exploded long ago and to-day every good officer tries to bring his men to the field of battle in as fresh a condition as possible.

One of the most arduous duties (other than actual fighting on the firing line) is outpost duty, and any means that will lighten this service in the field will be welcomed by the army. Wagon transportation will not always be available far to the front, and yet the South African campaign has shown that even at the outposts it can often come into play, and would be of inestimable value in sparing the men unnecessary labor.

A new military transport and shelter wagon is the direct outcome of the late experience in the Transvaal. It was designed by a volunteer artillery colonel of Sheffield, England. The wagon is built of wood and is mounted on springs and four wheels. The tires are eight inches wide, to facilitate travel over soft ground, and the rear wheels are on a broader gauge than those in front. It is arranged for horse or traction engine draft.

The top of the wagon box is surrounded by stout wire netting, inside of which is the platform. Under the platform floor is a water cistern of 40 gallons capacity. One each side of the wagon are hinged doors, closing recesses in which a canvas shelter is kept rolled up. This canvas can be run out in a very few minutes, and when held up by the wagon at one end and by posts planted out at the side of the wagon at the other, will form a rectangular tent for fifty men. Seats are also provided at the sides of the wagon in the form of hanging steps, so that the men can be carried on them when necessary. When not in use these seats can be folded up out of the way. Rifle or carbine racks are also part of the equipment. The wagon can carry four tons of stores and would thus provide a detachment of forty men with rations for 100 days. It is designed either for the supply of a detachment on outpost duty or as part of the equipment of a field battery, and with its tent shelter, will prove far more valuable, under circumstances where horse or traction engine draft is available at all, than the transport wagons now in use.—New York Sun.

The Dragon Flag of Wales.

"Quarterly azure, and gules, four lions passant gardant counter-charged." Welsh people desire the Welsh arms added to the standard, and London heralds say that if Wales has any arms, these are they. But are the heralds correct? The dragon of Britain figures in Gildas as well as in Tennyson, and the dragon was the flag of the Dux Britanniae of Roman days. The house of Cunedda appears to have kept the dragon flag and the title of King of Britain for a time. After Cadwallon's death, however, they become merely princes, and curiously adopt the lion as their emblem, while the dragon passes perhaps as part of the hegemony of the island to the Saxon Kings of Wessex. Hastings field made an end of the dragon as an English flag. The dragon, however, became the Welsh flag again when Owen Glendower, "by the grace of God Prince of Wales," rose in revolt against Henry IV., and it was also under the Red Dragon that Henry VII. (who claimed to be heir of Arthur and Cadwallon) marched to Bosworth. That dragon flag was subsequently hung up at Westminster. There is, however, some historical justification for adding the red dragon to the English standard to represent Wales. It would, however, be interesting to know the exact device on the flag of the Britons borne before Charles I., when as Prince of Wales he kept court at Ludlow Castle.—The Saturday Review.

Wealth of Western North America.

It is beyond the limit or any merely human descriptive powers to do justice to the timber wealth of the Pacific coast. It has been calculated with reference to British Columbia alone that at the present rate of consumption it would take 700 years to exhaust the more available supplies of timber; and as, under the husbandry of nature, forests will renew themselves in less time than 700 years, the calculation is merely a way of indicating that the timber resources of the Pacific coast are practically inexhaustible. It is not too much to say, then, that for all trade and commerce into which wood and the products of wood enter, and for all manufactures in which wood and the products of wood are consumed, the Pacific coast possesses resources incalculably greater than any other portion of the globe, civilized or uncivilized.

As regards the products of the mine, the territory under consideration already produces no inconsiderable proportion of the world's annual supply of gold, silver, copper and lead. It is besides infinitely rich in iron, coal and petroleum, of which its stores are hardly yet comprehended, much less utilized. And what is known of all its mineral resources is as nothing in comparison with what is not known.—David B. Bogle, in the Engineering Magazine.

Marconi has expressed skepticism concerning some of Tesla's theories. Even inventors must fall under the suspicion of professional jealousy.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Christ is Risen! — Lesson Embodied in Our Saviour's Resurrection—Awaiting the Day When "All Who Are in Their Graves Shall Come Forth."

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WASHINGTON, D. C.—The great Christian festival celebrated in all the churches is the theme of Dr. Talmage's discourse. I Corinthians xv, 20, "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept."

On this glorious Easter morning, amid the music and the flowers, I give you Christian salutation. This morning Russian meeting Russian on the streets of St. Petersburg hails him with the salutation, "Christ is risen indeed!" In some parts of England and Ireland to this very day there is the superstition that on Easter morning the sun dances in the heavens, and well may we forgive such a superstition, which illustrates the fact that the natural world seems to sympathize with the spiritual.

Hail, Easter morning! Flowers! Flowers! All of them a-voice, all of them a-tongue, all of them full of speech to-day. I bend over one of the lilies, and I hear it say: "Consider the lilies of the field, how they grow. They toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." I bend over a rose, and it seems to whisper, "I am the rose of Sharon." And then I stand and listen. From all sides there comes the chorus of flowers, saying, "If God so clothed the grass of the field, which to-day is, and to-morrow is cast into the oven, shall He not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith?"

Flowers! Flowers! Braid them into the bride's hair. Flowers! Flowers! Strew them over the graves of the dead, sweet prophecy of the resurrection. Flowers! Flowers! Twist them into a garland for my Lord Jesus on Easter morning, and "Glory be to the Father and to the Son and to the Holy Ghost; as it was in the beginning, is now and ever shall be!" The women came to the Saviour's tomb, and they dropped spices all around the tomb, and those spices were the seed that began to grow, and from them came all the flowers of this Easter morn. The two angels robed in white took hold of the stone at the Saviour's tomb, and they hurled it with such force down the hill that it crushed in the door of the world's sepulcher, and the stark and the dead must come forth.

I care not how labrinthine the mausoleum or how costly the sarcophagus or however beautifully parterred the family grounds—we want them all broken up by the Lord of the resurrection. They must come out. Father and mother—they must come out; husband and wife—they must come out; brother and sister—they must come out; our darling children—they must come out. The eyes that we closed with such trembling fingers must open again in the radiance of that morn; the arms we folded in dust must join ours in an embrace of reunion; the voice that was hushed in our dwelling must be retuned. Oh, how long some of you seem to be waiting for the resurrection! And for these broken hearts to-day I make a soft, cool bandage out of Easter flowers.

This morning I find in the risen Christ a prophecy of our own resurrection, my text setting forth the idea that as Christ has risen so His people will rise. He, the first sheaf of the resurrection harvest. He, "the first fruits of them that slept." Before I get through this morning I will walk through all the cemeteries of the dead, through all the country graveyards, where your loved ones are buried, and I will pluck off these flowers, and I will drop a sweet promise of the gospel—a rose of hope, a lily of joy on every tomb, the child's tomb, the husband's tomb, the wife's tomb, the father's grave, the mother's grave, and, while we celebrate the resurrection of Christ we will at the same time celebrate the resurrection of all the good. "Christ, the first fruits of them that slept."

If I should come to you and ask you for the names of the great conquerors of the world, you would say Alexander, Caesar, Philip, Napoleon I. Ah! You have forgotten to mention the name of a greater conqueror than all these—a cruel, a ghastly conqueror. He rode on a black horse across Waterloo and Chalons and Atlanta, the bloody hoofs crushing the hearts of nations. It is the conqueror Death. He carries a black flag, and he takes no prisoners. He digs a trench across the hemispheres and fills it with the carcasses of nations. Fifty times would the world have been depopulated had not God kept making new generations. Fifty times the world would have swung lifeless through the air—no man on the mountain, no man on the sea, an abandoned ship plowing through immensity. Again and again has he done this work with all generations. He is a monarch as well as a conqueror; his palace a sepulcher; his fountains the falling tears of a world. Blessed be God in the light of this Easter morning! I see the prophecy that his scepter shall be broken and his palace shall be demolished. The hour is coming when all who are in their graves shall rise, Jesus, "the first fruits of them that slept."

Now, around this doctrine of the resurrection there are a great many mysteries. You come to me and say, "If the bodies of the dead are to be raised, how is this and how is that?" And you ask me a thousand questions I am incompetent to answer. But there are a great many things you believe that you are not able to explain. You would be a very foolish man to say, "I won't believe anything I can't understand." Why, putting down one kind of flower seed, comes there up this flower of this color? Why, putting down another flower seed, comes there up a flower of this color? One flower white, another flower yellow, another flower crimson. Why the difference when the seeds look to be very much alike—are very much alike? Explain these things; explain that wart on the finger; explain the difference—why the oak leaf is different from the leaf of the hickory. Tell me how the Lord Almighty can turn the chariot of His omnipotence on a rose leaf. You ask me questions about the resurrection I cannot answer. I will ask you a thousand questions about everyday life you cannot answer.

I find my strength in this passage, "All who are in their graves shall come forth." I do not pretend to make the explanation. You go on and say: "Suppose a returned missionary dies in this city. When he was in China, his foot was amputated. He lived years after in England, and there he had an arm amputated. He is buried to-day in yonder cemetery. In the resurrection will the foot come from China, will the arm come from England and will the different parts of the body be reconstructed in the resurrection? How is that possible?"

You say that "the human body changes every seven years and by seventy years of age a man has had ten bodies. In the resurrection, which will come up?" You say: "A man will die and his body crumble into the dust and that dust be taken up into the life of the vegetable. An animal may eat the vegetable. Men eat the animal. In the resurrection that body, distributed in so many directions, how shall it be gathered up?" Have you any more questions of this style to ask? Come on and ask them. I do not pretend to answer them. I fall back upon the announcement of God's word, "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

You have noticed, I suppose, in reading the story of the resurrection, that almost every account of the Bible gives the idea that the characteristic of that day will be a great sound. I do not know that it will be very loud, but I know that it will be very penetrating. In the mausoleum, where silence has reigned a thousand years, that voice must penetrate. In the coral cave of the deep that voice must penetrate. Millions of spirits will come through the gates of eternity, and they will come to the tombs of the earth, and they will cry, "Give us back our bodies. We gave them to you in corruption. Surrender them now in incorruption." Hundreds of spirits hovering about the fields of Gettysburg, for there the bodies are buried. A hundred thousand spirits coming to Greenwood, for there the bodies are buried, waiting for the reunion of body and soul.

All along the sea route from New York to Liverpool, at every few miles where a steamer went down, departed spirits coming back, hovering over the wave. There is where the City of Boston perished. Found at last. There is where the President perished. Steamer found at last. There is where the Central American went down. Spirits hovering—hundreds of spirits hovering, waiting for the reunion of body and soul. Out on prairie a spirit alights. There is where a traveler died in the snow. Crash goes Westminster Abbey, and the poets and the orators come forth! Wonderful mingling of good and bad. Crash go the pyramids of Egypt, and the monarchs come forth.

Who can sketch the scene? I suppose that one moment before that general rising there will be an entire silence, save as you hear the grinding of a wheel or the clatter of the hoofs of a procession passing into the cemetery. Silence in all the caves of the earth. Silence on the side of the mountain. Silence down in the valleys and far out into the sea. Silence. But in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, as the archangel's trumpet comes pealing, rolling, crashing across the mountain and sea, the earth will give one terrific shudder, and the graves of the dead will heave like the waves of the sea, and Ostend and Sevastopol and Chalons will stalk forth in the hoid air, and the drowned will come up and wring out their wet locks above the billow, and all the land and all the sea become one moving mass of life—all faces, all ages, all conditions gazing in one direction and upon one throne, the throne of resurrection. "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

"But," you say, "if this doctrine of the resurrection is true, as prefigured by this Easter morning, can you tell us something about the resurrected body?" I can. There are mysteries about that, but I shall tell you three or four things in regard to the resurrected body that are beyond guessing and beyond mistake.

In the first place, I remark in regard to your resurrected body, it will be a glorious body. The body we have now is a mere skeleton of what it would have been if sin had not marred and defaced it. Take the most exquisite statue that was ever made by an artist and chip it here and chip it there with a chisel and batter and bruise it here and there and then stand it out in the storms of a hundred years, and the beauty would be gone. Well, the human body has been chipped and battered and bruised and damaged with the storms of thousands of years, the physical defects of other generations coming down from generation to generation, we inheriting the infelicities of past generations.

But in the morning of the resurrection the body will be adorned and beautified according to the original model. And there is no such difference between a gymnast and an emaciated wretch in a lazaretto as there will be a difference between our bodies as they are now and our resurrected forms. There you will see the perfect eye after the waters of death have washed out the stains of tears and study; there you will see the perfect hand after the knots of toil have been untied from the knuckles; there you will see the form erect and elastic after the burdens have gone off the shoulder—the very life of God in the body. In this world the most expressive thing is the human face, but that face is veiled with the griefs of a thousand years. But in the resurrection morn that veil will be taken away from the face, and the noonday sun is dull and dim and stupid compared with the outflaming glories of the countenances of the saved. When those faces of the righteous, those resurrected faces, turn toward the gate or look up toward the throne, it will be like the dawning of a new morning on the bosom of everlasting day! O glorious, resurrected body!

But I remark also in regard to that body which you are to get in the resurrection, it will be an immortal body. These bodies are wasting away. Somebody has said that as soon as we begin to live we begin to die. Unless we keep putting the fuel into the furnace the furnace dies out. The blood vessels are canals taking the breadstuffs to all parts of the system. We must be reconstructed hour by hour, day by day. Sickness and death are all the time trying to get their pry under the tenement or to push us off the embankment of the grave, but, blessed be God, in the resurrection we will get a body immortal.

Sometimes in this world we feel we would like to have such a body as that. There is so much work to be done for Christ, there are so many tears to be wiped away, there are so many burdens to lift, there is so much to be achieved for Christ, we sometimes wish that from the first of January to the last of December we could toil on without stopping to sleep or to take any recreation or to rest or even to take food—that we could toil right on without stopping a moment in our work of commending Christ and heaven to all the people, but we all get tired. It is characteristic of the human body in this condition; we must get tired. Is it not a glorious thought that we are going to have a body that will never grow weary? O glorious resurrection day! Gladly will I fling aside this poor body of sin and fling it into the tomb if at Thy bidding I shall have a body that never wearies. That is a splendid resurrection hymn that we have all sung:

So Jesus slept. God's dying Son
Passed through the grave and blessed the bed.
Rest here, blest saint, till from His throne

The morning breaks to pierce the shade.

I heard of a father and son who, among others, were shipwrecked at sea. The father and the son climbed into the rigging. The father held on, but the son after awhile lost his hold on the rigging and was dashed down. The father supposed he had gone hopelessly under the wave. The next day the father was brought ashore from the rigging in an exhausted state and laid on a bed in a fisherman's hut, and after many hours had passed he came to consciousness and saw lying beside him on the same bed his boy.

Oh, my friends, what a glorious thing it will be if we wake up at last to find our loved ones beside us, coming up from the same plot in the graveyard, coming up in the same morning light—the father and son alive forever, all the loved ones alive forever, never more to weep, never more to part, never more to die.

May the God of Peace that brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus, that great Shepherd of the sheep, through the blood of the everlasting covenant make you perfect in every good work to do His will, and let the associations of this morning transport our thoughts to the grander assemblage before the throne. The one hundred and forty and four thousand and the "great multitude that no man can number," some of our best friends among them, we after awhile to join the multitude. Glorious anticipation!

Blest are the saints beloved of God;
Washed in their robes in Jesus's blood.
Brighter than angels, in, they shine,
Their wonders splendid and sublime.

My soul anticipates the day,
Would stretch her wings and soar away.
To aid the song, the palm to bear,
Amid how, the chief of sinners, there.

THE SABBATH SC

INTERNATIONAL LESSON CO[illegible] FOR APRIL 21.

Subject: The Walk to Emmaus, Luke, 13-35—Golden Text, Luke "Memory Verses, 33-35—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

13. "Two of them." In [illegible] implied that they were not [illegible] was Cleopas, of whom we know [illegible] the other is unknown. "Emmaus" [illegible] word means "hot springs" [illegible] ably a place where there were [illegible] "Threescore furlongs." [illegible] one half miles. The site [illegible] somewhat uncertain.

14. "They talked together" [illegible] versation naturally turned [illegible] absorbing question of the [illegible] tion of Jesus and the re[illegible] had heard of His resurrec[illegible]

15. "Commoned together" [illegible] consulted together, what [illegible] do, in such perplexing circumstances, [illegible] exchanged views and free[illegible] the facts before them concerning [illegible] ability of Christ being [illegible] "Drew near." Coming up behind [illegible] from Jerusalem.

16. "Eyes were holden." [illegible] suming a different form [illegible] supernaturally influencing [illegible] they might not know Him. [illegible] 16-12.

17. "Said unto them." As a gu[illegible] er, in order to be heard, He began [illegible] ting them to speak first. What [illegible] nications." What is the nature [illegible] talk which so absorbs you? He [illegible] tion Jesus introduces Himself [illegible] conversation. "As ye walk and [illegible] Thus Jesus leads them to open [illegible] hearts to Him. He would have [illegible] late to Him what He already knew.

18. "A stranger." If He were [illegible] events that had been so public [illegible] and so universally known. He [illegible] mere sojourner; if He did not [illegible] suppose they would be talking about [illegible] thing else? Cleopas appears [illegible] at His question.

19. "What things?" He [illegible] swer by another question. He [illegible] hear from their own lips their [illegible] ings. "Concerning Jesus of Naz[illegible] As He was commonly called. [illegible] full of things concerning Him, [illegible] summary of Christ's life. Now the [illegible] of their lamentations are over their [illegible] pointed expectations break [illegible] prophet." He preached a true [illegible] lent doctrine, which had its [illegible] and its tendency toward heaven [illegible] firmed it, by many glorious [illegible] mercy. "Mighty." However the [illegible] Jews may have made them waver [illegible] faith about His being the Messiah, [illegible] had no doubt that He was a prophet [illegible] they knew what He had done [illegible] had heard His teachings. "[illegible] word." There is but little use of [illegible] dertaking to speak for Christ when [illegible] actions precede our words.

20. "Crucified Him." Our rulers [illegible] Him as a malefactor and not as a [illegible] and have crucified Him. They [illegible] fully with regard to their rulers [illegible] they are speaking to a supposed [illegible]

21. "But we hoped" (R. V.) [illegible] an intimation of their disappointment [illegible] a reason of their sadness. "[illegible] deemed Israel." They had confidently [illegible] believed Him to be the promised [illegible] who had so long been predicted [illegible] then expected. "The third day" [illegible] ring either to the length of time [illegible] ing to extinguish hope, or to the [illegible] of Jesus that He would rise on the [illegible] day, and hence the reports may [illegible] and there is hope.

22-24. "Amazed us" (R. V.) [illegible] inal verb means "to drive out [illegible] senses." In these verses we have [illegible] review of our last two lessons. [illegible] also speaks of his doubts, since [illegible] women had seen Him.

25. "Said unto them." They [illegible] ken, now He would speak. They [illegible] poured out their grief and opened [illegible] hearts, now was His time to fill [illegible] with new things, and first by way [illegible] bke. "O fools." The word is [illegible] to dull of perception, and referred [illegible] understanding. "Slow of heart" [illegible] had embraced the living God with [illegible] fervent faith, the fact of the resurrection would not have been so strange to [illegible] hopes. "To believe all." The [illegible] should be placed on "all." There [illegible] many things that the prophets [illegible] ken, but some things which were [illegible] pleasant to them they failed to [illegible]

26. "Ought not," etc. Were [illegible] things a necessary mark of the [illegible] without which the world could not [illegible] been saved and the Messiah [illegible] tablished?

27. "Beginning at Moses." The [illegible] ice to Eve (Gen. 3: 15); to Abraham [illegible] 22: 18); the paschal lamb (Ex. [illegible] scapegoat (Lev. 16: 1-34); the brazen [illegible] pent (Num. 21: 9); the greater [illegible] (Deut. 18: 15); the star and scepter [illegible] 24: 17); the smitten rock. Num. [illegible] Cor. 10; 4. "The prophets." Isa. [illegible] 9: 6, 7; 40: 10, 11; 50: 6; 53: 4, 5; [illegible] 5; 33: 14, 15; Ezek. 34: 23; [illegible] Zech. 6: 12; 9: 9; 12: 10; 13: 7; [illegible] 1; 4: 2. "Expounded." No wonder [illegible] hearts burned within them while [illegible] such a sermon from such a preacher [illegible] may naturally suppose that our [illegible] plained and applied to Himself [illegible] phecies.

28. "Made as though." He was [illegible] really gone on but for that sort [illegible] straint which they exercised over [illegible]

29. "Abide with us," etc. But [illegible] the whole design of the interview [illegible] been lost; but it was not to be [illegible] He, who only wished to be [illegible] had kindled a longing in the [illegible] His traveling companions would [illegible] to be so easily put off.

30. "He took bread," etc. The [illegible] common meal, but Jesus acted [illegible] as He was accustomed to do, [illegible] startled them and brought back [illegible] of associations.

31. "Opened." Whatever had [illegible] held their eyes was taken away [illegible] ished." Like one of superior [illegible] not like an ordinary guest.

32. "Burn within us." The [illegible] for the glow of light, love and [illegible] ravished their hearts.

33. "Rose—and returned." [illegible] eft them they immediately [illegible] to Jerusalem to report the [illegible] terview to the other disciples.

34. "Hath appeared to Simon." [illegible] two disciples found the apostles [illegible] who were with them testifying [illegible] had risen from the dead. It was [illegible] two disciples, but the story [illegible] the Lord hath appeared to Simon.

35. "They told." This added [illegible] would, seemingly, leave no doubt [illegible] minds of any.

A letter which was addressed [illegible] lady at Hungerford, England, [illegible] posted at Swindon in 1872, [illegible] lodged in some woodwork and [illegible] notice for 29 years. The [illegible] it was posted. Life's [illegible] sages are all too many. [illegible] couraged soul is waiting [illegible] after more than 29 years, [illegible] ing or uttering of words of [illegible] apology, counsel, sympathy [illegible] friendship which if they only [illegible] it would put a new song [illegible] its life, reflects the New York [illegible] er.

DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS

Free Picture for Women,

Mrs. Jos. Williams

[illegible] and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection [illegible] when there is absolutely [illegible] of it. The subject of our portrait in this sketch, Mrs. Williams, [illegible] Ashtown, N. J., has been entirely [illegible] of such illness and misery by [illegible] E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the guiding advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.

No other medicine has such a record [illegible] absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who [illegible] a cure should insist upon getting [illegible] E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her your troubles. Her advice is free.

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Teeth and Mouth
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SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c
LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
25c
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HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

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RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS COMPANY,
[illegible] Locust St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

[illegible] CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

HE SABBATH SCHO

ERNATIONAL LESSON COM
FOR APRIL 21.

ject: The Walk to Emmaus, L
xt, 13:35—Golden Text, Luke
29—Memory Verses, 25-27—Co
tary on the Day's Lesson.

"Two of them." In verse 33
ed that they were not apostles
though, whom we know
ple, when "Emmaus."
ge, and was
There were not
ge. About seven
the side of the
together." Their
ed on the
the hour the
the reports which
resurrection.
together. Pr
what to expect,
concerning circumstances,
concerning the
Christ being the Me
coming or behind them
Purposely
different form than usual,
withholding their sight
know Him. See
Him.
As a good
Scarf. He begins by
first "What
What is the nature of
you?" By this
Jesus introduces Himself into
As we walk and are
Jesus leads them to open
Him. He would have them
Him, that He already knows
A stranger! If He knew not
that had been so public, so
already known. He must
stranger if He did, how could
they would be talking about
as appears astonished
What things?" He evades
question. He wants
from their own lips their exact
concerning Jesus of Nazareth
He was mighty called. They
Him, and
Now the
Jesus are over their
expectations break loose,
He proved a true and
which had its rise
heaven, He
glorious, miraculous
However the
made them waver in
the Messiah,
He was a prophet
done, and
"Deed
little use of our
Christ unless
Him. Our rulers
not as a prophet
They speak
their rulers,
supposed strange
disappointment
V. 17.
They had condemned
the promised Messiah
predicted and
"the third day."
length of time as
hope, or to the
He would rise on the
the reports may be
there is hope.
24 "Amazed us" (R. V.) The
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embraced the living God with
faith, the fact of the resurrection
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"To believe all." The
be placed on "all." They
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but some things which seemed
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a necessary mark of the Messiah
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Eve (Gen. 3: 15), to Abraham
the paschal lamb (Ex. 12:
(Lev. 16: 1-34); the brazen
(Num. 21: 9), the greater
18: 15), the star and scepter
the smitten rock. Num. 20:
4. "The prophets." Isa.
40: 10, 11, 50: 6, 53: 4, 5;
14, 15; Ezek. 34: 23; Mic.
6: 12, 9: 9, 12: 10; 13: 7;
"Expounded." No wonder
burned within them while
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Like one of supernatural
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es are all too many. Many
raged soul is waiting yet,
er more than 29 years, for the
or uttering of words of
ology, counsel, sympathy or
endship which if they only
would put a new song of
life, reflects the New York

DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS?

Pen Picture for Women.

[illegible] nervous, there is not a [illegible] in my whole body. I am so [illegible] stomach and have indigestion and palpitation of [illegible] and trembling flesh. This [illegible] nearly kills [illegible] I nearly had hysterics. [illegible] right in the lower part [illegible] bearing down all the [illegible] pains in my groins and [illegible] I can't sleep, walk, or sit. [illegible] I am diseased all over. [illegible] suffered as I do."

[illegible] description of thousands of letters received by Mrs. Pinkham's [illegible] An inflamed and ulcerated [illegible] of the neck of the [illegible] are all of these symptoms and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is absolutely no necessity for it. The subject of our portrait in the sketch Mrs. Williams of Pittstown, N.J., has been entirely freed from such illness and misery by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the kindly advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.

No other medicine has such a record of absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who want a cure should insist upon getting Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your troubles. Her advice is free.

Mrs. John Williams

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Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
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HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

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620 Locust St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

JAPS AND COSSACKS MAY YET CLASH

Mikado Still Engaged In Preparing For War.

CHINA'S RULER MUST RETURN

Mikado Demands That Chinese Troops Be Sent Into Manchurian Territory at Once.

A cable dispatch from Pekin says: Komoura Yutaro, the Japanese minister, accompanied by General Yamaguchi, the Japanese commander, called upon Prince Ching Sunday and notified him that the return of Emperor Kuang Hsu was urgently desired. Prince Ching was informed that the emperor's wishes would be respected by the foreign troops and that every courtesy would be shown him.

It was pointed out to the Chinese plenipotentiary that the emperor's return was of the highest possible importance as affecting the maintenance of the integrity of the Chinese empire, and that he should come accompanied by every available soldier, by at least twenty thousand men if possible.

The troops, it was further contended by the Japanese minister, must be sent into Manchuria, as the Russians reported great disturbances there and it was not right that the task of quelling the trouble should be thrown upon one nation. Finally, Prince Ching was assured that if the 20,000 Chinese troops could not suppress the disorders in Manchuria, other powers would send an international force to co-operate with China, which all the powers regarded as a friendly power.

No reply having been received to this communication, Li Hung Chang was notified to the same effect and told that Emperor Kuang Hsu must give an immediate answer.

The preparations which the Japanese are making here for an early start indicate that they still expect war between Russia and Japan. Vessels arriving at Taku from Nagasaki report the mobilization of the Japanese fleet and the continuance of preparations on board ship for the anticipated struggle.

Prince Ching says all his reports go to show that the missionary statements regarding a rebellion in Mongolia are not supported by the facts. Neither does he believe that the rebellion of General Tung Hsiang amounts to much.

"It is the object of certain elements," he asserts, "to make it seem that China is in a condition of constant broil, rendering it unsafe for the foreign troops to be withdrawn. Those who have this in view will magnify a village quarrel into a big rebellion. The missionaries, naturally timid, take these reports in good faith."

MINISTERS ARE CRITICISED.

The conduct of the ministers of the powers over the negotiations with the Chinese plenipotentiaries causes much adverse comment among the military authorities. Their dilatory tactics have prevented what might have been accomplished two months ago. Even now the meetings of the ministers are postponed for the most trivial causes. For instance, the desire of one minister to go on a picnic to the tombs of the Ming dynasty prevented the holding of a meeting for a number of days. Then M. De Giers and other ministers insisted upon celebrating Easter, and thus a week was consumed. In a third case an unnecessary visit by one minister to Tien Tsin held up negotiations for four days. These are fair illustrations of what has been almost continuous from the beginning.

Memorial services will be held by order of the court in honor of the members of the tsung-li-yamen who were executed last summer because of their pro-foreign sentiments—Hsu Ching Chien, Li Shan and Hsu Yung Yi. The staff of the United States legation has been invited to attend. Hsu Ching Chien, who was a man of considerable wealth, held at various times the post of Russia, that of director of the Russo-Chinese bank and that of president of the Chinese Eastern railway.

A YOUTHFUL GRANDMOTHER.

South Carolina Girl Married at Eleven and Is Still In the Ring.

It is reported on reliable authority that there is a woman living in the mountains of Oconee county, South Carolina, who is twenty-six years old and has fourteen children, all living, and one grandchild. The woman married when only eleven years old and has enjoyed remarkable health ever since.

TO LAUNCH JOHNSON BOOM.

Indiana Single Tax People Want Presidential Candidate.

The Indianapolis Single Tax Club has called a mass meeting to launch a presidential boom for Tom L. Johnson in Indiana. Resolutions will be adopted setting forth Mr. Johnson's eligibility for the presidential nomination.

Carriage Factory Burned.

The carriage and wagon factory of A. C. Norman & Co., of Covington, Ga., was totally destroyed by fire Thursday night, many new vehicles being destroyed. The loss amounts to $3,500, with no insurance.

Disappearance of the Chamois.

Attention is called in French scientific journals to the disappearance of the chamois from the French Alps. These graceful animals, in spite of the fact that they conceal their homes and places of refuge in the most inaccessible spots at heights varying from [illegible] to 11,500 feet, are merrilessly hunted out and shot down, so that there is danger of their complete extinction. In Italy there is a large reserve in which the chamois are protected, and the formation of a similar reserve in France is advocated.

Spring Cleaning Made Easy.

Much of the terror of spring cleaning may be avoided by proper preparation. Settled weather should be selected for the work, and a supply of all needed articles in readiness. Ivory soap will be found best for washing windows, paints and floors; it is harmless, and very effective in making the house clean and fresh.—Ellen E. Parker.

The best collection of Chinese coins to be found outside of China has been given to the archaeological museum of the University of Pennsylvania by Rev. E. W. Twing, a Honolulu missionary. The collection goes back to a time over 2000 years ago, and includes those odd, early Chinese coins which were made in the form of spades, razors, keys, shirts and tools.

For Moist Hands.

Girls who are troubled with moist, clammy hands should use a plentiful supply of borax in the washing water, dusting afterwards with boracic acid powder or with the best borated talcum powder. Old gloves worn at night are sometimes successful in whitening and softening rough hands; oatmeal water allowed to dry on the hands is also an excellent bleacher.

If Your Stomach

makes life miserable, its your own fault. Dr. Greene, the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura, will tell you why this is so, and just exactly how to cure the whole trouble. This information and advice will cost you nothing. Write to Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City.

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I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.

(Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Am. N. U. No. 16. 1901.

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An aphorism is good only when it is bad, according to many.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Many a soul has been lost looking too long upon the glitter of diamonds.

Each package of Putnam Fadeless Dye colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

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F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

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West & Truax Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

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Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50; if not, it is free.

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Liver Don't Act?

You know very well how you feel when your liver don't act. Bile collects in the blood, bowels become constipated and your whole system is poisoned. A lazy liver is an invitation for a thousand pains and aches to come and dwell with you. Your life becomes one long measure of irritability and despondency and bad feeling. CASCARETS act directly, and in a peculiarly happy manner on the liver and bowels, cleansing, purifying, revitalizing every portion of the liver, driving all the bile from the blood, as is soon shown by increased appetite for food, power to digest it, and strength to throw off the waste. **Beware of imitations!**

swimmin'."—Washington Star.

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"He did it quickly and effectually and

Cascarets

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Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Avery, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchelon

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female trouble you bring graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottle at druggists.

Miss Belle M. Strayer, Tully, Kans.—"I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and had interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

WINE OF CARDUI

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest Clap Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS,
CLANTON

A Raging, Roaring Flood

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by Clanton Drug co. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through New Orleans, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or O. P. Ambrose, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Use Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell them for 25c.

To Grip threatens use Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Hon. L. H. REYNOLDS,
Judge S. M. ADAMS,
Hon L. B. POUNDS,

will address the People of Chilton County at the following times and places:

BEAT
4. Clanton.....Saturday .. 20, 11a.m.
9. Thorsby.....Saturday .. 20, 7p.m.

EVERYBODY INVITED, ESPECIALLY THE LADIES.

I will take pleasure in dividing time with my opponent in this county.
L. H. REYNOLDS.

I shall not be able to keep all the above appointments, but will attend as many as I possibly can.
S. M. ADAMS.

Hon. S. J. Bowie and Col Sumter Lea will speak at Stanton, Saturday, April 20

Hon. Jesse Stallings and Dr. R. M. Cunningham will speak at Clanton Saturday morning; at Thorsby Saturday Night.

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $1.45.

C. C. Vanegrift, s ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and s ½ of se ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $5.84.

BEAT NO. 2

N. A. and B. C. Graham, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13; one lot in Jemison, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Givhan's lots; tax and costs $5.68.

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.51.

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 27 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.22.

Mrs. J. E. Latham, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4.80.

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41.

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.38.

John R. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of se ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7.99.

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne 1-4 less four acres, and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12.20.

B. W. Stubbs, se 1-4 of se 1-4, e ½ of sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.35.

W. T. Hand & Co., se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 14 tp 24 r 14; e ½ of ne 1-4 sec 18 tp 24 r 14; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 15; s ½ of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 33 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 and e ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 12; ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 11 tp 22 r 13; se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 9 tp 22 r 13; tax and costs $25.39.

W. G. Hand, all of sec 18 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $9.72.

Jeff D. Hand, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 27 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 28 tp 23 r 13; w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 25 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.76.

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs. Sudie Garner, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4, ten acres in sw corner of se 1-4 of ne 1-4, all that part of se 1-4 of nw 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 on west side of the run of Goosepond Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; e ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69.88.

M. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 18 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of nw 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 13 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $78.92.

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardelebern, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2.45.

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2.52.

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41.

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41.

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41.

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 10 tp 21, r 16; tax and costs $3.16.

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41.

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $[illegible].

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $[illegible].

BEAT NO. 6

Mrs. Ella Hawkins, w 1-2 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 14 tp [illegible] tax and costs $3.16.

BEAT NO. 7

Janie L. Gardner, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec [illegible] 21 r 12; w 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp [illegible] tax and costs $11.11.

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 12; sw 1-4 of se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp [illegible] tax and costs $6.16.

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one [illegible] Dixie, Ala., on east side of public road and west side of railroad, tax and costs $1.71.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, se [illegible] nw ¼, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 11 tp [illegible] r 13, tax and costs $2.34.

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw [illegible] 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 [illegible] and costs $4.87.

Mrs. C. Paul, e 1-2 of nw 1-4 [illegible] 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 16 tp 20 r [illegible] and costs $3.64.

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 [illegible] 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $[illegible].

H. M. and W. A. Hill, sw 1-4 [illegible] se 1-4 sec 10 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $2.54.

Mrs. Amanda A. Pittman, [illegible] of nw 1-4 sec 27 tp 20 r 13, tax and costs $3.41.

This is to notify you to appear before the Probate Court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing Monday, the 13th day of May, 1901, then and there to show cause if any you have, why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and for fees and costs.

This 31 day of April, 1901.
S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

A Precocious Baby.

The baby was only 4, but she was only child and had lived with her parents largely in hotels, and she was self possessed little maiden. She was always a model of propriety as to manners, so that when one day a young man, a friend of her papa's and mamma's and a great admirer of the little girl, asked to take her out to luncheon all by herself she was allowed to go. A very tiny girl may go without a chaperon sometimes. The little girl was to do the ordering. She undertook this responsibility with confidence and taking up the menu, studied it with as much gravity as if the letters were as unreadable to her as Greek would have been to her mamma.

"I will have some meat and some potatoes," she said gravely, "and by and by I may have some ice cream."

The order was given, the cream followed, and the little lady was altogether charming, dainty and sweet the companion for luncheon. The meal ended with the dignity with which it had begun, the young woman donned her wraps, and as the young man was preparing to escort her to the door she remarked gravely:

"And now I will have some flowers."

It was the last touch of grown up news, and it was the proudest young man in New York who took home a pretty and dignified baby with a big bunch of roses in her arms.—New York Times.

A Patent Hole.

Of the many extraordinary things for which patent protection has been granted a hole seems to be the most useless and impossible. Yet there are many patents for holes, and what is more, the patents are valid and valuable. One of the best relates to holes in ships' bottoms for the admission and escape of water to the condenser.

Every one who has seen a steamer under way will have noticed a stream of water issuing from her side a little above the water line; that water is pumped into the ship for the purpose of condensing the waste steam that leaves the cylinders and returning it as water to the boilers.

At last it occurred to a genius that if a hole were made in the bottom of the ship forward of the condenser and another abaft it, the water would circulate around the condenser without the aid of a pump. It is for the sake of these holes, so that they will offer less resistance to the water when the ship is traveling fast, that several patents have been granted.

A Testamentary Puzzle.

An Englishman who recently died had three children, one son and two daughters, and he mentioned all of them in his will.

The first clause is, "I leave my property to Mary Elizabeth, when Arthur has done with it." The other clause is, "To Susan Jane—she may take whatever Arthur wishes to give to her."

There is no doubt of Arthur's meaning in the document, but the puzzle question is raised, Are Mary Elizabeth and Susan Jane beneficiaries under the will?

The One Exception.

Towne—He's quite a linguist, I believe.

Browne—Yes, he can converse in [illegible] different tongues.

Towne—So I understand; but there is one tongue he has never succeeded in mastering.

Browne—What's that? Chinese?

Towne—No, his wife's.—Philadelphia Press.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not

The first act of the Constitutional Convention has been played and the curtain rung down. As was generally anticipated the convention has carried throughout the state, and Chilton county voted against it. As far as the figures are ascertainable at this writing "No Convention" received about [illegible] votes, and "For Convention" [illegible]. It would seem from these figures that rather more than one half of the voters of Chilton collied to vote at this election, and that of the [illegible] who did go to the polls the great majority were in favor of letting the present constitution remain in force.

In his speech last Saturday Dr. Cunningham seemed to think there was a possibility that the convention might be unable to agree upon a new constitution, but taking all things into consideration it hardly looks probable that the convention will wind up in that way. At any rate the convention is going to meet and do something—what that something may be the Lord only knows.

Work has commenced on the new brick buildings opposite the court house and will be pushed to completion as early a date as possible. Mr. Moody, the contractor, is on the ground and making things move. Clanton is quietly and steadily growing—it is one of the best towns in the State, and don't you know it.

Maplesville.

A romantic marriage took place at Maplesville, last Sunday. It appears that cards had been issued announcing the marriage of Miss Sarah Abney, of Maplesville to Mr. C. A. [illegible] of Autauga county, the ceremony was to take place in Maplesville on Wednesday next, April 24. Everything was in readiness, and the neighborhood was ringing with the joyous news. But there came a sudden change.

Saturday morning Mr. C. A. [illegible] a prosperous young business man of Anniston, who had long been a suitor to Miss Abney, arrived in Maplesville and at once called at the bride elect's. Evidently he pleaded eloquently, for he succeeded in winning her. He left her happy and in joy hurried to the livery stable, where he hired a buggy and set out at the top of his speed for Clanton, the county seat. Arrived there he hurried to the office of Judge Samuel M. Adams, who is young of heart and sympathetic toward lovers, and of him he procured the legal writ to license Miss Abney.

With this license Mr. Britton sped back to Randolph, Bibb county, and there a preacher to perform the ceremony. With the license and the preacher he sped back to Maplesville, and there, on the same Sunday that was yesterday, Mr. Britton and Miss Abney were married and made husband and wife.

The groom and bride left Maplesville yesterday afternoon for Birmingham, and practically the entire population of the town was at the railroad station to see them off. Great and happy excitement prevailed. Mr. Britton and his bride—she is said to be very beautiful—proceeded to Anniston Sunday morning.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

Will be at Stanton, Parnell House, [illegible] 4th of May and remain until [illegible]. At Clanton 10th and 11th, promptly. He will be glad to [illegible] your Dental work. Latest [illegible] in Dentistry.

Couldn't Have Stood It

[illegible]'d had Itching Piles [illegible] terribly annoying; but [illegible] Arnica salve will cure [illegible] case of Piles on earth. [illegible] thousands. For Injuries or Bodily Eruptions [illegible] salve in the world. [illegible] a box. Cure guaranteed. [illegible] druggists.

Unknown, w 1-2 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 21 r 16; tax and costs $4.18
Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.41

BEAT NO. 6

a Hooks, e 1-2 of ne 1-4, ne 1-4 sec 14 tp 20 r 13; costs $3.16

BEAT NO. 7

. Gardner nw 1-4, n 1-2 sw 1-4 n sw 1-4 sec 4 tp 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp 21 r 13; costs $12.11

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BEAT NO. 9

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A Patent Note.

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THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX | CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY APRIL 25, 1901 | NO. 27

MAN ON THE CORNER

of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Clanton April 23-1901

Editor Banner—As you were kind enough to notice my departure for Elmore county, a couple of weeks since, there will likely be a large number of the members of the "Farmers Mutual Insurance Association, who also take your valuable paper, that would like to know the results of my trip. I made the trip "overland" (in a buggy) going by the way of Wetumpka visited a number of points in the county, among others I was at "Flea Hop," "Kid" and "Sand Tuck," and added some few thousand dollars to the Association attended the meeting of the society, on the 13th inst at Union Academy, six miles north of Wetumpka, and gave the assembled members a summary of what Chilton county was doing for mutual self-protection, they seemed pleased to hear the particulars. The members present came to the conclusion that the middle of April was a bad time for farmers to meet so made their annual meeting day hereafter the first Thursday in August. (Watermelon time) Elmore county branch of the "Farmers Mutual Insurance Association" was organized Oct. 12, 1900, at present writing it has about $125,000 insurance in force. They have just paid a loss of $550 to Brother T. D. Avant, of Beat one, and have done it cheerfully too, each member seems to think, "suppose it had been me." Bro. Avant's house and contents were destroyed by fire unknown, but surmised to have been a combination of rat and matches. When I turned my face toward the "State" of Chilton, I took up the east bank of the Coosa, but after travelling almost an entire day, could not find a ferryman with nerve enough to put me across until I struck up with "Admiral" Higgins, at Smith's Ferry, and he made no bones of braving the "raging waters" but after entertaining me very hospitably, he summoned the crew of the "Coosa River Queen" (unprotected cruiser) and landed me safely in Chilton. With many thanks for your kindness I am very truly yours,

WALLACE C. EDLER.

Program Teachers' Institute

at Jemison, May 24 25

FRIDAY, 24, 10 a m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, I. M Collier Response R. E. R Hicks.

11 Teachers' Preparation for Classwork, W. C. Evans, Miss Alice Strock

11.30 Drawing in Public Schools Miss Mary E Haley. Noon recess.

2 p.m. Aims and Methods in Mathematical Work. R. D. Carmichael.

3. School Environments, J. N. Dennis, G. B Wheeler.

3:30. The five month's School Law, by the Institute.

SATURDAY, 9 a m. Opening Exercises.

9:30. Methods of teaching Grammar, R. E. R. Hicks, W. H. Connell.

10. A Course of Study for Country Schools, S. J. Jennings.

10:30 Requisites to Successful Teaching. R. O. Headley, Miss Addie Horsley.

11. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? H. L. Davis, Miss Ida Horn. Noon recess.

2 p.m What should Pupils be taught outside of Text books? R. B. Waldrup, Miss Rosa Thornton.

3. Live questions to be discussed by the Institute.

1st. Give your methods of holding the attention of your pupils.

2d. How would you prevent whispering and would you forbid it altogether.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening by Prof. Collier's school.

Committee—R. A. Rasco, G. L. Speer, Thomas Williams, J. W. Moore.

The Constitutional Convention of 1875

Montgomery, April 17, 1901.

Editor Banner—Enclose I hand you a list of the officers of the last Constitutional Convention held in 1875 with the number of days, and the cost of same: LeRoy Pope Walker, President; H. B. Screws, Secretary; T. H. Watts, Jr., Assistant Secretary; C. D. Whitmore, Assistant Secretary; M. L. Woods, Enrolling Clerk; Lemuel Lomax, F. E. Ferguson, Pages; Lee Dolton, Doorkeeper; Chas. Pegue, Assistant Doorkeeper; Robt. Arrington (colored) Assistant Doorkeeper. Delegates, 32; county delegates, 64. The delegates were paid for 27 days which includes three Sundays. Cost of convention $25,9[illegible]4.20. That was to frame a new constitution. Now, it is hoped that the one that will assemble in May will get through in less time, as some say that some of the present constitution will be used with some changes, and it is hoped that they will put in better time than our lawmakers did and not create any more officers than the present one has provided for. They ought to look well to the taxpayers.

Yours truly,
W. F. CLAUGHTON.

Cedar Grove.

Farmers are moving along nicely planting, some are nearly done.

We are having some windy, cold weather that is very injurious to our young corn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Baker visited relatives east of Clanton last Saturday.

Messrs. D. C. Tildon and Ben Price went to Blocton last Saturday hunting work; success boys.

Our community was well represented at the show by both old and young, and we learn that a great many came back wiser and poorer.

Mr. Jack Foreman, our champion rabbit hunter, killed seven of the long-eared quadrupeds Friday.

"Uncle Jimmy" and son, Johnnie Collins, spent Friday and Saturday on business.

Mr. John Collins, Jr. made a business trip to Clanton Saturday.

Mr. Frank Price and his daughter, Miss Dora, made a business trip to Thorsby Saturday.

Mr. Charley Baker, of Concord, visited his brother, Mr. J. L. Baker, Saturday.

Mrs. Martha Baker, who lives 3½ miles east of Clanton, visited her brother, J. W. Collins, Jr., Sunday.

Messrs. "Bob" Hardy and Jack Jones made a business trip down on the river Friday.

Misses Callie Martin and Emma Gentry, of Blocton, who have been visiting their brother, Mr. John Hayes, returned home Monday.

Several of our farmers attended the speaking at Thorsby Saturday night and report it the nicest they ever had the pleasure of attending.

OLD PATCH.

Burwell.

Mr. J. C. Goss is suffering with la grippe.

Some of the brethren say it is wrong to let their cows eat the grass off their neighbor's woodland and as they are determined not to let the Devil get them for dishonesty they advocate the stock law.

Mr. Beater Kendrick left Sunday for Birmingham to visit his brother.

The Reflector said it was human nature for the chip to be knocked off of Bro. Pounds' head at the Legislature. If he had said it was inhuman nature that caused the bill to be passed that forced the stock law on the people in Beat five, he would have hit the nail on the head.

Saturday was to have been a great feast day in these diggins with the Democrats but when they came to butcher the beast it was a little tough.

Mr. P. H. Connell and wife visited Mr. Bab Connell Sunday.

Some of the folks say it will be five years before this country is ruled by a crown. They put the stock law on the people so they might get acclimatised to the king.

Cotton planting is progressing in these parts.

They tell me that some of the platforms are like Dock's horse. How is that Sir? Quite spotted.

Subscribe for the Banner and get the news from Burwell.

BILLY THE KID.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates and choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CHICKASAWHA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

CLOSING EXERCISES

of Collins Chapel School, April 28-30, 1901.

SUNDAY April 28. Sermon by F. M. Woods.

TUESDAY, April 30. 9 a.m. Recitations by Primary and Intermediate Classes.

10:30. Address by R. D. Carmichael.

11:15 Annual Address by Judge S. M. Adams.

12:30. Dinner.

1:30 p.m. Orations and Recitations by Advanced Classes.

3. Address to the Advanced Classes, by Prof. C. E. Morris.

7:30. Annual Concert.

Throughout the program music will be furnished by the Thorsby Brass Band.

Everybody is cordially invited to attend. R. A. RASCO, Principal.

Randolph

Rev. Mr. Thomas filled his appointment at Macedonia last Sunday

The people here seem to be about a unit for Hon L. H. Reynolds to represent Chilton in the Constitutional convention. We admire Mr. Reynolds for his bravery in defending the peoples rights

Prof. Cadle spent some time last week at Stanton and Riderville on business.

The church met here on the night of the 2d inst, at the school house and celebrated the Lord's Supper, it being the anniversary of the institution of that rite.

Mr. J. C. Edwards of Lily attended the church service on the night of the 2d inst

Several cases of whooping cough in this locality.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Smith visited relatives near Jemison on the 13th.

Rev. S. N. Waldrup visited friends in Bibb recently.

Mr. S. E. Waldrup attended speaking at Pleasant Grove on the night of the 13th, he reports a grand time. V.

FIRE AT ROCKYMOUNT

Mr. Alf Cofer's dwelling-house was burned down Sunday afternoon and he lossed everything he possessed, except a little meat he saved from his smoke house. House, furniture and clothing all were burned. He was not a member of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association, and has to depend upon his neighbors for assistance.

Riderville.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Frank Welch is in very bad health, but we hope he may speedily recover.

'Tis Easy To Feel Good.

Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $5.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine razed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address

C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

WANTED—Everybody and his wife to go to his druggist and get bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. It preserves the flesh, prevents inflammation or suppuration and heals like magic. Pleasant as perfume and stainless as rose water.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSS, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

A horse's tail might be called a novelty because no one ever saw it before.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against James A. Wiseman out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said James A. Wiseman, I have levied on the following property, to wit:

The Sw ¼ of Sw ¼ of Se ¼ Section 1. Township 22, Range 13, in Chilton County, Alabama.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named James A. Wiseman, in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 22th day of April, 1901, during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 25th day of March 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Judicial Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. HICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST — Preaching every second sunday at 7 p.m., and every fourth sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

sunday-school at 10 a.m. every sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact

Subscribe for the BANNER.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock,
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John P. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

An "educational journal," so-called, not long ago offered a prize for the suggestion that, in the opinion of the journal, would be of greatest benefit to education and educators. Among the many answers was the following: Sink all the educational journals in the middle of the Atlantic ocean." The suggestion did not win the prize.

A Tall Men's Club has been organized in the University of Pennsylvania. It has twelve members, each of whom is six feet, two inches, or more in height. Six other men, termed "shorties" because they are only six feet one inch in height, are associate members. The names of the officers are the Moon Hitter, the Skyscraper and the Ceiling Duster.

The disaster at the Golden Gate reads more than one lesson. It marks the need of building all ships with watertight compartments, of some efficient lifeboat drill and service, and of the utmost vigilance and judgment on the part of pilots. It emphasizes, too, another lesson, fundamental and paramount, to wit, the need of freeing all harbors and other navigable waters as far as possible from rocks and shoals and other dangerous obstacles. For it was after all, the rock that did the mischief. No fog, nor faulty construction, nor lack of boat drill would have destroyed the ship had not the fatal rock been there.

In the savings banks of all countries where such institutions exist the aggregate deposits amount to the almost inconceivable total of seven billions of dollars. Of this grand total in the world's "inside pocket" the savings bank depositors of the United States own over one-third. Of the remaining two-thirds the depositors in British savings banks hold $916,000,000, those of France $825,000,000, those of Prussia $1,255,000,000, and those of Austria-Hungary $650,000,000. Relatively to their numbers, therefore, the Prussian people have the largest savings bank deposits. And while apparently the savings of the British and French are comparatively much less than those of the American depositors, some allowance must be made for the fact that savings bank books in America are not, as in Europe, held exclusively by wage earners.

In the safe of a Maryland man who died recently was found $40,000 in twenty-dollar gold pieces. That is the form in which wealth seems really attractive and brilliant. You seldom hear nowadays of a really great miser, a miser who understands his business. Poor little misers, male and female, do turn up from time to time, usually with soiled bills sewed inside of their soiled clothes or tucked away in cubbyholes or beds or old pots and pans. But now rarely is a miser on a large scale discovered, and no miser worthy of the name or alive to the opportunities of his profession ever hoards anything but gold. It must be a real aesthetic joy to go and look at piles and packs of eagles and double eagles, splendid and shining, infinite riches in a little room. You can sympathize with a fellow who hoards gold, for it is good to look at. But people in the Daniel Dancer line who secrete mere vulgar glaring bills must miss half or three-quarters of the joy of the true miser.

The practicability of irrigation on an extensive scale has been conclusively demonstrated. In the west more than $100,000,000 has already been thus invested under state and individual control, and the lands so treated have increased in value a hundred fold. The only things to consider are whether the work should be undertaken by the federal government on the large tracts of arid land belonging to the nation, whether these tracts should be turned over to the states within whose borders they lie on condition that they shall be watered, or whether the whole project of irrigation should be intrusted to private enterprise? With what has been accomplished the question of irrigation is bound to command a yearly increasing degree of public attention from this time forward. In its scope and importance it is a national question, thinks the New York Mail and Express. The possibility—already conceded—of reclaiming from the desert an area of territory large enough for an empire and compelling it to yield subsistence for 50,000,000 human beings who shall thus be added to our 76,000,000 of American producers and consumers—this magnificent project is enough to stir the dullest imagination.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR READERS

Sensation Created at Merrimic By Corpse Breathing—Capt. Hobson At the Buffalo Exposition. Other Interesting Items.

Meet Next Year in Birmingham.

The annual session of the Medical Association of Alabama which was held in Selma last week, came to a close Friday. Birmingham was selected as the next place of meeting for the Association, though a strong invitation was extended by Talladega for the Association to meet in that city.

License Case Tested.

The cases against the seven Tuscaloosa merchants for selling millinery in connection with their dry goods stores without first taking out the $7.50 license which is charged by the city for selling millinery in addition to any other regular stock, has been decided by Mayor Cochrane against the merchants. A test case will be made of it by A. P. Miller, agent for Charles Broadway Rouss, of New York.

Mill Will Work.

The Athens cotton mill hopes to begin operating next week on full time, running night and day to keep up with their orders. The machinery has been tested and found thoroughly satisfactory and the plant is said to be one of the most complete in the country, everything being of the most improved and latest design. The management is highly pleased with the plant.

Cotton Mill for Stevenson.

Through the exertion of S. S. Broadus and a number of the wealthy and influential citizens of Jackson county, the requisite amount of money has been raised to erect a cotton mill at Stevenson at an early date. The Stevenson Land Company has donated three acres of land for the site. The mill will prove a great thing for Stevenson and Jackson county.

Receiver Appointed.

The Continental Security Redemption Co., of which George W. Morgan is president, and whose principal office is in Birmingham, has been placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge John Bruce of the United States Court at the instance of officers of the company who filed a suit for that purpose. J. B. Cobbs of the Alabama National Bank was appointed receiver and gave a $25,000 bond with the United States Fidelity and Guarante Company as surety.

Sensation Created at Merrimack By Corpse Breathing.

The funeral of Mrs. Frank Marlow at Merrimack near Huntsville, was interrupted in a strange manner Friday. The corpse was in plain view of the mourners, and the service was in progress, when the supposed corpse gasped and drew a long breath. Relatives rushed to her side and it was found that the body was warm, and that a very feeble pulse was beating. A physician was sent for, and for more than an hour Mrs. Marlow's relatives and friends believed that she would be brought back to life. However, she never regained consciousness and died in a short while. The funeral was continued and the body was interred in Maple Hill cemetary. Mrs. Marlow died from colic.

Crushed By Car.

Julius Wetzel, employed at the planing mill of the Kyle Lumber Company in Gadsden narrowly escaped death last week. He was placing several loaded tram cars in the dry house, and had stopped one car so it could not move. Just as he raised up his helpers pushed in another loaded car, catching him between them and terribly crushing him. He remained in this position until sufficient help could be secured to push the car away. When he was carried home, his chest was crushed, and he is injured internally and may die, though there are chances of his recovery.

Has the Gold Fever.

The gold fever has struck Tallapoosa and the country around Dadeville is eorwded with prospectors from all parts of the United States. Some rare finds have been made and land is bringing princely prices. It has long been known that the hills of Tallapoosa county contained gold in limited quantities, and in rare sections even paying veins.

Revenue Case Argued Before the Supreme Court.

The case of the court house of Shelby county was argued before the Supreme Court last week. The people of Columbiana thought that the act for removal was gotten through the legislature without proper publicity. The county commissioners at a meeting declared they could not levy a tax to meet interest on the bonds.

Storm at Carrollton.

The storm at Carrollton unroofed the courthouse, jail and a number of residences. The drug store of H. B. Upchurch and a mill are reported as having been wrecked. No one has been reported injured. Six negro prisoners were carried elsewhere from Carrollton for safe keeping by Sheriff Salmon, as the jail was rendered insecure by the heavy wind that unroofed it.

Four Negroes Drowned in a Creek Near Talladega.

News has been received of the drowning of three negro men and a negro woman in Wewaka Creek, near Talladega. A party of six had attended Sells and Gray's circus and while going home were attempting to ford the creek when the wagon bed floated off carrying the occupants down the swift running stream, two of whom saved themselves.

Will Build Tinware Plant.

O. W. Baker of Norfolk, Va., is in Huntsville for the purpose of locating a large plant for the manufacture of tinware. Mr. Baker operates a large manufactory of that kind in Virignia and has received liberal inducements to remove to this city. The Battle Ax Hay Press Company has secured a site on White street and will build a plant for the manufacture of hay presses and pea hullers. The plant will be removed from Decatur where it was known as the Alabama Foundry and Machine Works.

Mr. Willett for Vice President.

The Key West, Florida, Advertiser formally nominates Hon. Joseph J. Willett of Alabama for Vice-President on the democratic ticket in 1904, naming David Bennett Hill for the first place. "This ticket is being discussed in various sectitons of the country," says the Key West Advertiser. "Hill is general favorite and Willett is one of the ablest lawyers of the south; aand while he voted the Democratic ticket straight, he was a leading advocate of a conservative platform."

Storm Struck With Force at Guntersville.

Guntersville and county was visited by the hardest windstorm in its history Wednesday night. There were no clouds and a heavy wind arose from the south and southeast, increasing in velocity until trees, fences, parts of houses and all kinds of debris filled the air. A number of residences were seriously damaged and that of E. O. Neely, editor of the dDemocrat, was so badly that as soon as the wind ceased it was necessary for carpenters to prop the building up to keep the same from falling down. Nearly every business house in the town was damaged, the telephone wires were tangled and twisted, broken down and injured so that several days will be necessary to rearrange them satisfactorily. The new Guntersville Methodist church which was ready for use next Sunday was blown from its foundation, warped and twisted so that it will have to be rebuilt from the foundation up. This was the most serious damage, as it was a new building which the people had erected at considerable cost, and had not been used. The negro Methodist church was demolished and taken entirely away, several outhouses and negro dwellings were destroyed.

Hobson at Buffalo.

Captain Hobson recently was ordered to the bureau of construction and repair at Buffalo for special duty. It has been the desire of those in charge of the exposition to have this young hero of our war with Spain with the naval exhibit during the summer but Admiral Bowles, chief constuctor, was loth to deplete his already small bureau force to allow Mr. Hobson to go to Buffalo. However, he has now yielded to the popular desire and Captain Hobson will be connected with the Navy Department's representation there.

Troops to Be Called Out.

Arrangments are about complete for an attempt to capture the outlaws of the Reynolds faction near Mayking, Ky. Deputy United States Marshall Tom Hollyfield have arrived with a posse of twelve men and other reinforcements. If these are not sufficient to quell the disturbers, Governor Beckham will send state troops.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES

Happenings of the Week at the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER.

Hundreds of Letters Are Received Asking for Information About Oklahoma Lands — Aguinaldo's Manifesto Very Gratifying.

The arrangments for the exhibitions of the State, War and Navy Departments at the Buffalo Exposition are now practically complete.

Statement of the treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance $152,672,918, gold $95,601,958.

The annual meeting of the American Social Science Association came to an end April 19th. Oscar G. Strauss of New York City was chosen president. Mrs. Olga Langhorne read an interesting paper on domestic service in the south.

Henry White, Secretary of the United States Embassy at London, is in Washington. Mr. White is there on his annual visit to this country, and will return to England next month. He has taken a great interest in the case of Mrs. Maybrick.

Three companies of the Second Asiatic Regiment, commanded by Major Muehlenfels, and all but four hundred men of the garrison at Pao Ting Fu, marched April 17 under the command of Generals Von Lessia and Kettler to the Huai Lu passes in order to attack the Chinese general, Liu.

The Porto Rico commission has received the following cablegram from the executive comittee of the Planters, Bankers and Merchants Association: "Commission is instructed to prolong its stay in the United States Districts are preparing meetings to protest official reports of prosprity.'"

Surgeon Sternberg has received a report from the Chief Surgeon at Manila, Colonel Greenleaf, showing that on April 16, there were in hospitals 2,937 cases. This makes the sick rate of the United States army in the Philippines 7.39 per cent, as aginst 6.89 in the preceding month. This slight increase is accounted for by the beginning of the change of seasons. Both rates are below the normal

Adjutant General Corbin authorizes the statement that no material changes will be made in the army in the Philippines until after the War Department has heard from General Chaffee on the subject. In accordance with orders previously issued. General Chaffee will relieve General MacArthur of the command of the military forces in the Phillippines on June 30th.

It is announced officially now that W. H. Doll has been appointed general agent of the passenger department of the Seaboard Air Line to succeed William Connell, resigned. His headquarters will be in this city. Mr. Doll at present is traveling passenger agent of the Seaboard Air Line, with headquarters in New York. His new appointment takes effect April 20th.

The prospect of the opening of new lands in Oklahoma Territory to settlement under the act of March 3 last, providing for the dispositon of lands ceaded by the Wichita, Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indians, has had the effect of increasing the correspondence of the commissioner of the general land office until it has come to be of enormous dimensions. Most of the letters ask for information upon the subject.

Especial gratification is felt in administration circles at the unreserved tone of Aguinaldo's manifesto and the full definition it indicates of American rule. This, it is felt, will bring to the support of the government many Filipinos, who wishing for peace, have hesitated to assist the Taft commission. Aguinaldo, now that he has accepted American sovereignty, probably will be given considerably more liberty than he has enjoyed hitherto. His services will be used as far as possible in the pacification of the islands.

DUNS REVIEW.

Anticipates Large Cotton Acreage, Though Planting is Two Weeks Late

R. G. Dun's & Co.'s weekly review of trade says in part: Favorable crop reports, heavy bank clearings, record breaking, railroad earnings, a large distribution of spring and summer goods and easy collections give the business situation an encouraging aspect. Wall street speculation does not yet disclose any approaching relation in commercial lines and the money market seems to have turned the corner—at least for the present. Cotton and woolen goods retain their gain of last week, though partly on account of the idleness of many mills. The wool market is steady, notwithstanding the absence of demand from large producers of goods. In all branches of iron and steel manufacture requirements are much in excess of available stocks. Another feature was the greater activity in structural material for bridges and buildings, while the large tonnage of steel rails already placed did not prevent further orders. The recent advance in plates failed to diminish business. Faith in the future is evidenced by more plans for the erection of new mills with enormous capacity.

The outlook for this year's crop of cotton has been ascertained by a careful canvass of the southern states. Correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. report that planting averages about two weeks later than usual owing to heavy rains. While there is reason to anticipate a large acreage, cancellation of many orders for fertilizers show that the sharp decline in cotton prices had the beneficial result of restricting operations to some extent. Planters have encountered some difficulty in securing sufficient labor owing to that great demnad in other industries and it is expected that the cost of planting and picking the current crop will be greater than usual on this account.

Armed Miners Leave Indiana.

About six hundred coal miners gathered from Southern Indiana point left Evansville, Ind., by steamboat for East Wood Landing, Ky., to endeavor to close down the union mines in Western Kentucky. The first point to which their attention will be directed is Zebree, which is about two miles from the point of landing. About ten days ago the United Mine Workers of America in Kentucky adopted a new scale of wages which is about 33 per cent below the Indiana scale adopted at Terre Haute some weeks ago. This difference in wages caused a complete paralysis of the mines in Southern Indiana. The object of the Indiana miners is to get the co-operation of the Kentucky miners in an adjustment of the difference, s both being competitors in the same field of distribution.

Insane Man Shoots.

A horrible tragedy was enacted about five miles west of Humbolt, Tenn., in which John B. Tatum was shot and instantly killed by Freeman Patterson, a man 72 years of age. It is claimed by some that Patterson was insane at the time of the shooting.

Chile Wants No Fight.

The rumors current at Santiago De Chile of difficulties between Chile and Argentine Repulhic are without foundation. Nothing has occurred between the governments of the two countries to cause anxiety.

Moulton is Improved.

Richards Hayden Moulton of Tennessee who tried to kill May Buckley, an actress, is in a little better condition physically. He does not improvementally, however.

Victoria Memorial.

Pierpont Morgan and J. P. Morgan and Company have each auscribed £1000 to the Victoria memorial.

Will Build Large Tow Boat.

The Iowa Iron Works at Dubuque, Iowa were awarded a contract to build the largest tow boat in the world for the Monongahela Coal Company, Pittsburg. The boat will be able to tow fifty steel barges and will cost a quarter of a million

Standard Oil Company Increase Stock

The Standard Oil Company will declare a dividend about May 1st. At the same time the plan will probably be adopted of increasing the capital stock of the company from $100,000,000 to $400,000,000.

Dog Fight Causes Killing.

Frank Lutz, a farmer 25 years of age and unmarried, was killed by James Childrens, also a farmer, on Stull's farm, a few miles from Newburn, Tenn. Lutz was brained with a hand stick which farmers use at a log rolling.

Magistrate J. H. Little committed suicide at his home in Paducah, Ky., taking morphine.

CONDENSED PARAGRAPHS

Gleanings of the Week's News Culled from Our Exchanges.

COURT WILL NOT ORDER TRIAL

President and Cashier of Bank Suicide—Constitutionality of Act of the Recent Session. Other Items of Interest.

The oil fever is raging at La Louisiana.

The Shamrock has been launched at Dumbarton.

Count Von Waldersee [illegible] his possessions in the province.

The New York Metropolitan Opera committee have not been [illegible]

Beaumont, Texas [illegible] Jennings, La. with [illegible] fuel.

Sixteen carloads of [illegible] shipped from Meridian [illegible] to Europe.

The manager of the [illegible] Canton, Miss., has been [illegible] charged with cruelty [illegible]

The taxation of the property of [illegible] land has been doubled in the [illegible] the burden falling on the [illegible]

The working forces of the [illegible] Harriman syndicates, which are [illegible] gling for the same right of way in Utah, may come to blows.

Mrs. Frank Marlow of [illegible] came to life during her funeral. She showed faint animation for [illegible] hours when she was again pronounced dead and buried.

The jury in the case of Captain [illegible] nett Ripley, charged with being [illegible] conspiracy which resulted in the assination of William Goebel, returned a verdict of not guilty

The Tartar general at Feng [illegible] churia, has borrowed of the [illegible] on the security of the pearl [illegible] sum of 40,000 tael to be applied [illegible] forming a force of military police.

There has been more alarm [illegible] out the Ohio Valley on account of floods than at any period since February 1884, when the river reached its highest stage of 71.9 inches at Cincinnati.

The Quaterly Review prints an article on the character and [illegible] Queen Victoria, written by [illegible] was very close to her during [illegible] deals with her peculiarities and prejudices.

Native reports say that General Tso Tsai, commanding in the province of Yun Non with 6,000 infantry, 2,000 cavalry well armed and disciplined, passed through Cheng [illegible] for Pisan.

Charles Brown and E. [illegible] president and cashier, respectively of the First National Bank of [illegible] Wash., which was forced to close, committed suicide by absorbing themselves two miles from there. Their bodies were found Monday.

The storm has been generally severe in Ohio and Mississippi valleys and damage has been wrought to property and crops. Canton, O., was cut off from the rest of the world [illegible] Poles and wires were prostrated over a wide area.

Pao Ting Fu, has been for [illegible] four days a big military camp of Russian and German soldiers on the way to the front. It is now estimated that [illegible] French troops and 6,000 German troops form the entire force when all the reinforcements have arrived.

It is reported in London that the Chinese court will not return to Pekin [illegible] that the palace was burnt and [illegible] the plan for the reopening of the war by the Chinese, and that [illegible] nese do not believe the allies can agree among themselves

Two New Railroads.

At a mass meeting of citizens of [illegible] hogee, I. T., $65,000 was subscribed for two railroads, one to run from [illegible] kogee to Shawnee, Okla., [illegible] known as the Shawnee, Oklahoma and Western to [illegible] Fort Gibson to Guthrie. Both are to be in operation in [illegible] and with terminals and shops at [illegible] kogee.

Governor Appointed.

The act establishing government in Cebu Island [illegible] Julio Borente, of the capital of the Philippines, who is a native of Cebu, was appointed governor. The United States Philippine commission announced that they [illegible] that the act would assist in the education of Cebu, pointing out [illegible] wise there would be a military government.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bachelor Man Sojourns In the Land of Flowers and Sunshine.

DISCUSSES SUBJECT OF VACCINATION

Many Arms Are Bared For Injection While Physicians Who Are Famous For Their Dissection.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 12. Jacksonville has got the smallpox. It is not a panic, for there has been no deaths, but there are about forty cases and the board of health have got them out of town and have ordered universal vaccination. A child can't go to school without a sore arm and a certificate from the doctor. Wyman is a doctor here and it interests me to note the flocks of children who come and go, and to listen to the talk. Mothers or sisters come with them to keep their courage up. Some are timid and some are brave. Young men come at night and take their leave, and the city will soon be [illegible]

What a wonderful discovery it was—only a hundred years ago Dr. Jenner dared to proclaim it to the world, and it took twenty-five years to make the world believe it. Now every child that bares its arm to receive the virus is a living monument to the sagacity of that great and good man. It is pathetic to read how he was hounded and persecuted by the envious and contemptuous of the medical profession. How patiently he waited for time and truth to prove his theory, and lived to see it all confirmed, and, when he died a beautiful monument was erected in Trafalgar square to honor his name and perpetuate his fame and memory. Our own Dr. Crawford Long is entitled to a similar memorial, not only by the state, but by the nation, for although he did not protect us from a pestilence, he did give them immunity from pain under the surgeon's knife. I remember well when the patient had to clinch his teeth and strong men had to hold him while the doctor cut and sawed his limb in two.

I remember when it was my part to hold the foot and leg that was being removed from a poor sufferer, and when at last the saw had cut through the bone and the weight of the limb came upon me I fainted and fell down upon the floor with the bleeding leg. That Evans never groaned. He lived to wear another pair of boots. I was when at college, in 1846, I had a tooth extracted and took what was then called Morton's Letheon, and I didn't know when it was pulled. It took me some time to get over it, and as I was reeling back to college I met Professor McCoy, and in a hilarious manner slapped him on the shoulder and said: "Hello, old Mack!" and he thought I was drunk and had me up before the faculty. My room mate, Darrell Cody, was with me and tried to explain, but the professor wouldent hear him and we had fun the next morning when the truth came out. The professor apologized to me and not long after invited me to supper. Poor Bill Evans was there—good, loving Bill Evans. He was my classmate and I loved him, and mourned for him when he died. He had charge of the lunatic asylum at Macon for many years. Every now and then the boys come out. Just drop out and the procession moves on. I read of every one and I am sad, but that is all I can do. A friend in Atlanta asked me the other day, "Why dident you write something about Eugene Harris, your room mate and one of the truest, best and best men who ever lived." "Yours, of course," said I, "but how could I write." He was a friend indeed, a friend indeed—an aristocrat of birth, a gentleman in heart and manners. Lost everything by the war but the gentleman that was born in him. He died poor and was buried by friends, but he was a big-hearted gentleman to the very last. How kind he was to my wife and little children during the war, when they were fleeing from the foul invader and I was away. That's all! He was not a Christian in any sense, but he had a big heart and would have died for a friend. That's all! If I can't meet him in heaven, I shall be disappointed. My wife says he was the kindest she ever had when she was in the greatest distress.

My sister is about over and will soon be forgotten. I brought down some eggs for a little grandson. His mother dyed them for him and he was curious to know more about them and said to his mother, "Mamma, who is this Easter man and where does he live?" "He lives up in heaven," she said, "and his name is Jesus." "Is he selling eggs up there?" he asked. How those little chaps do puzzle us with their questions. Little Joe has the whooping cough and I want to take her medicine. "If she won't take it," said her mother, "she may die." "Well, mamma, if I die I will go to heaven, where God is, and he will give me a pony. Oh, the grown up people were as pure and innocent as the children. Of such little children to come unto us is the kingdom of heaven," is one of the sweetest verses in the Scriptures. The preachers may talk about the confession of faith and salvation, but the mothers want any better faith than is in their sons, and that other one, where he said of his child: "He cannot come to me, but I shall go to him," is another remark that I will think about mothers. Not one believes that one is lost, no matter how bad he was. The mother expects

DENSED PARAGRAPHS

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Our Exchanges.

WILL NOT RETURN TO

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Other Items of Interest.

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BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Sojourns In the Land of Flowers and Sunshine.

DISCUSSES SUBJECT OF VACCINATION

Arms Are Based For Injection of Virus—Physicians Who Are Famous For Their Discoveries.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 12.—Jacksonville has got the smallpox here. It is not a panic, for there have been no deaths, but there are about forty cases and the board of health have got them out of town and have ordered universal vaccination. A child can't go to school without a sore arm and a certificate from the doctor. My son is a doctor here and it interests me to note the flocks of children who come and go, and to listen to their talk. Mothers or sisters come with them to keep their courage up. Some are timid and some are brave. Young men come at night and take their arms, and the city will soon be immune.

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Easter is about over and will soon be forgotten. I brought down some Easter eggs for a little grandson. His mamma dyed them for him and he was very curious to know more about them, and said to his mother, "Mamma, who is this Easter man and where does he live?" "He lives up in heaven," she said, "and his name is Ma'm." "Is he selling eggs up there?" he asked. How these little chaps do perplex us with their questions. Little Willy Lou has the whooping cough and doesn't want to take her medicine. "If I don't take it," said her mother, "you may die." "Well, mamma, if I should die I will go to heaven, where God is, and he will give me a pony. I wish the grown up people were as loving and innocent as the children. Our Saviour called little children to come unto Him for of such is the kingdom of heaven," is one of the sweetest verses in the Scriptures. The preachers may quarrel about the confession of faith of infant salvation, but the mothers don't want any better faith than is in that verse, and that other one, where David said of his child: "He cannot come to me, but I shall go to him." There is another remark that I will make about mothers. Not one believes her dead son is lost, no matter how bad he was. The mother expects to meet him in heaven and if he is not there how can she be happy? God knoweth. We do not. All that a poor mortal can do is to trust Him and do good.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

It is proposed to illuminate the Yosemite Falls, 2600 feet in height, by the use of twenty arc lights in connection with means for producing color effects. Some of the roads are also to be lighted with electricity.

Henry B. Miller, United States Consul at Shanghai, declares that the consumption of flour is rapidly increasing in China, and he argues from this fact that there will soon be a great demand in that country not only for American flour, but also for mill machinery.

Although an order for machinery to cut a tunnel a mile and a half long on the Manchurian Railway has only just been placed (in America), it is hoped that the tunnel may be completed in a year's time. The road will then be opened and afford a through route from Europe to the Pacific coast.

The Ontario government has reserved 1,400,000 acres of wild land near Lake Temagami, a great lake lying west of Lake Temiscaming, on the Upper Ottawa. This will be used as a national park where the timber will be preserved, and the game will be allowed to increase. The number of beavers and deer is increasing.

A United States Treasury report estimates the present yearly consumption of corn by hogs, at least eight thousand million bushels, or thirty-eight per cent. of the present crop, and the average consumption by each hog at not far from twenty bushels, and total number slaughtered the past year over rather than under forty millions.

An attempt is being made to free the streams of Louisiana and Florida from the water hyacinth. Hundreds of skiffs and small vessels have been caught by the water hyacinths, and are unable to get out of the streams in which they were used. The drainage canals in New Orleans are in peril, and the logging industry of Southern Louisiana is in danger of destruction. There is room for a new and successful process.

In experimenting with the Gray and Mundy submarine telegraph recently, an 800-pound bell was let down into the ocean twenty feet below the surface. It was found that when the bell was tolled by means of mechanism the sound could be easily heard on a ship a mile away, without any sort of connecting apparatus, the sound waves being transmitted through the water, which is, of course, a much better conductor than air. By the aid of microphone attachments the bell was heard at a distance of twelve miles.

Origin of Writing.

Arthur J. Evans, discoverer of the remains of a great prehistoric palace at Knossos, in Crete, which is believed to be the original of the fabled "Labyrinth," says that the revelations made there carry back the existence of written documents on Greek soil some eight centuries beyond the earliest known monuments of Greek writing, and five centuries beyond the earliest dated Phoenician record as seen on the Moabite stone. These discoveries, therefore, "place the whole question of the origin of writing on a new basis."

Mr. Evans thinks that the Cretan hieroglyphs exactly correspond with what, in virtue of their names, we must suppose to have been the pictorial originals of the Phoenician letters on which the alphabet is based. Among these are aleph, the ox's head; beth, the house; daleth, the door, and so forth. This contravenes the old theory of De Rouge that the Phoenician letters were derived from early Egyptian forms signifying quite different objects.—Youth's Companion.

Renovating Royal Palaces.

Whenever there is a new reign in Russia all the churches in Moscow are painted and regilded. A new reign in England is the signal for the renovation of palaces. All town and country palaces belonging to the Crown will be repaired, decorated and improved during the period of mourning at the expense of the State. Many changes will be made at Windsor, and Buckingham Palace will be transformed internally. Many alterations will be required before these cold, inartistic apartments can be adapted to the requirements of a permanent home for the King and Queen. Many of these rooms are lighted by candles, but a circuit of electric light will be extended from the ballroom, drawing room and throne room to every section of the palace. The gardens will need little attention, as the turf is perfect, the lake picturesquely bordered with lawns, and every tree in the forty acres shapely and well ordered.—London correspondence New York Tribune.

A Family Hint.

When the children gather around your table for their meals do they hear growls about their neighbors or an intelligent discussion of current events? Every grown person remembers what his parents used to talk about; it is one of the indelible memories of his childhood. It is very important that children should not hear growling or gossip.—Atchison Globe.

A New York judge has made a ruling tending to materially lessen the use of expert handwriting testimony. This looks like a serious blow to a thriving American industry.

MAKING ARTIFICIAL PERFUMES.

Vanilla From Cloves, Violets From Orris Root and Lilacs From Turpentine.

The manufacture of artificial perfumes is acquiring importance as an industry, having been started originally by the Germans, but taken up recently on a large scale in France. Many wonderful imitations in this line have already been evolved in the chemical laboratory, and more are promised. The substance to which the tonka bean and new-mown hay owe their odors has been discovered newly in a Florida herb known to botanists as liatris odoratissima, and is being utilized in perfumery. Rose oil, ylang-ylang, lavender oil and other valuable essential oils derive their scents from a combination of a number of ingredients. They are, in fact, blends, and to determine the constituents and reproduce them is an intricate problem.

Nevertheless, the problem has been attacked with astonishing success, though its difficulties are suggested by the fact, which is mentioned for the sake of illustration, that the oil of rose owes its odor to no fewer than seven different chemical ingredients. A substance called "turpineol," easily obtained from turpentine oil, has a powerful odor of lilac, and on this account is extensively used in the manufacture of perfumes. From oil of orris (extracted from orris root) is got "ketone," which has the smell of fresh violets, and so may be used in place of an extract of the latter.

Vanillin, the odoriferous principle of the vanilla bean, was reproduced by synthesis as long ago as 1874, and several methods of making it have been patented since then, but at present it is obtained mainly from oil of cloves, and the product has practically driven the vanilla bean out of the market for perfumery and confectionery. Nearly related to it is a substance called "piperonal," prepared from oil of sassafras and oil of camphor, which has a strong scent resembling heliotrope, and is much used under the name of "heliotropin."

The odoriferous principle of bitter almond oil has been reproduced by synthesis.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Sorrow's best antidote is employment.

Loyalty to truth may be treason among the loyal.

The children of our brain are often treated like orphans.

Contempt is the only way to triumph over calumny.

All cruelty springs from hard-heartedness and weakness.

The Golden Rule is still the rarest exception in the world.

The drama of life is the greatest problem play of them all.

The realizations of our dreams are often beyond our recognition.

Your best friend is the one who gave you an introduction to yourself.

The usual fortune of complaint is to excite contempt more than pity.

Consideration is the roll in which wisdom may be expected to grow, and strength be given to every upspringing plant of duty.

All the while that thou livest ill, thou hast the trouble, distraction and inconvenience of life, but not the sweet and true use of it.

Mediaeval Architectural Models.

Mediaeval times have transmitted to the moderns one glory, at least, in which they can never be surpassed—their noble and stately, or graceful and beautiful architectural models. It was in the twelfth and following centuries that there arose in France and England, Belgium and Holland, Germany, Italy and Spain, the cathedrals and abbeys which display so much varied excellence of general composition, along with the beauties attached to intricacy of parts, elegance of form and skilful use of light and shade. The rounded arch of the severe and massive Norman style gave way to the pointed arch of the Gothic, a style of building which soon displayed the profusion of ornament seen in the cathedrals of Amiens and other French towns. The cathedrals of Milan and Cologne, the latter of which has been only recently completed, belong to the fifteenth century. The Milan work is a wonder, a dream of white marble, bristling with pinnacles and statues, and without a rival in its own way.—American Cultivator.

Presuming Upon Ignorance.

It never pays to presume on either the ignorance or the unappreciativeness of the reader. The boy on the farm, the clerk—boy or girl—in the city store, the country merchant or the city man or woman of means can be appealed to all alike in the same sort of way, if that way be the right way. The theatre is a good example of this. The people who pay ten cents to stand in the upper gallery are pleased with the same performance which is also applauded by the merchant, the manufacturer, the banker, who sit in the front rows of the orchestra at two dollars a seat.—Advertising Experience.

They Met Their Match.

At an evening party the other night one of the guests made a novel bet. He placed three jugs in a row. Tying a piece of stout string to the handle of the first one, he threaded it through the handle of the second jug, and tied it again to the handle of the third jug.

Then he offered to bet the other guests that he would free the middle jug without untying or cutting the string. Many took up the challenge and wagered he could not do it. When all was agreed the man who had made the bet calmly lit a match and burnt the string through and took the bet.—London Answers.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Religion as an Exhilaration—Christianity in Uplifting and Dispels Melancholia and Gloom—Fate of Young Men Who Go to For Sinful Amusements

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage sets forth religion as an exhilaration, and urges all people to try its uplifting power; text, Proverbs iii. 17, "Her ways are ways of pleasantness."

You have all heard of God's only begotten Son. Have you heard of God's daughter? She was born in heaven. She came down over the hills of our world. She had queenly step. On her brow was celestial radiance. Her voice was music. Her name is religion. My text introduces her. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." But what is religion? The fact is that theological study has had a different effect upon me from the effect sometimes produced. Every year I tear out another leaf from my theology until I have only three or four leaves left—in other words, a very brief and plain statement of Christian belief.

An aged Christian minister said: "When I was a young man, I knew everything; when I got to be thirty-five years of age, in my creed I had only a hundred doctrines of religion; when I got to be forty years of age I had only fifty doctrines of religion; when I got to be sixty years of age I had only ten doctrines of religion, and now I am dying at seventy-five years of age, and there is only thing I know, and that is that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." And so I have noticed in the study of God's word, and in my contemplation of the character of God and of the eternal world, that it is necessary for me to drop this part of my belief and that part of my belief as being nonessential, while I cling to the one great doctrine that man is a sinner, and Christ is his Almighty, and divine Saviour.

Now, I take these three or four leaves of my theology, and I find that, in the first place and dominant above all others, is the sunshine of religion. When I go into a room I have a passion for throwing open all the shutters. That is what I want to do this morning. We are apt to throw so much of the sepulchral into our religion and to close the shutters and to pull down the blinds that is only through here and there a crevice that the light streams. The religion of the Lord Jesus Christ is a religion of joy indescribable and unutterable. Wherever I can find a bell I mean to ring it.

If there are any in this house this morning who are disposed to hold on to their melancholy and gloom, let them now depart this service before the fairest and brightest and the most radiant being of all the universe comes in. God's Son has left our world, but God's daughter is here. Give her room! Hail, Princess of Heaven! Hail, daughter of the Lord God Almighty! Come in and make this house thy throne-room!

In setting forth this idea, the dominant theory of religion is one of sunshine, I hardly know where to begin, for there are so many thoughts that rush upon my soul. A mother saw her little child seated on the floor in the sunshine and with a spoon in her hand. She said, "My darling, what are you doing there?" "Oh," replied the child, "I am getting a spoonful of this sunshine." Would God that to-day I might present you with a gleaming chalice of this glorious, everlasting gospel sunshine!

First of all, I find a great deal of sunshine in Christian society. I do not know of anything more doleful than the companionship of the mere funmakers of the world—the Thomas Hoods, the Charles Lambs, the Charles Mathewses of the world—the men whose entire business it is to make sport.

They make others laugh, but if you will examine their autobiography or biography you will find that down in their soul there was a terrific disquietude. Laughter is no sign of happiness. The maniac laughs. The hyena laughs. The loon among the Adirondacks laughs. The drunkard, dashing his decanter against the wall, laughs.

There is a terrible reaction from all sinful amusement and sinful merriment. Such men are cross the next day. They snap at you on exchange or they pass you, not recognizing you. Long ago I quit mere worldly society for the reason it was so dull, so inane and so stupid. My nature is voracious of joy. I must have it.

I always walk on the sunny side of the street, and for that reason I have crossed over into Christian society. I like their mode of repartee better. I like their style of amusement better. They live longer. Christian people, I sometimes notice, live on when by all natural law they ought to have died. I have known persons who have continued in their existence when the doctor said they ought to have been dead ten years. Every day of their existence was a defiance of the laws of anatomy and physiology, but they had this supernatural vivacity of the gospel in their soul, and that kept them alive.

Put ten or twelve Christian people in a room for Christian conversation, and you will from eight to ten o'clock hear more resounding glee, see more bright strokes of wit and find more thought and profound satisfaction than in any merely worldly party. Now, when I say a "worldly party," I mean that to which you are invited because under all the circumstances of the case it is better that you go, and, leaving the shawls on the second floor, you go to the parlor to give formal salutation to the host and the hostess and then move around, spending the whole evening in the discussion of the weather and in apology for treading on long trains and in effort to keep the corners of the mouth up to the sign of pleasure and going around with an idiotic he-he about nothing until the collation is served and then, after the collation is served, going back again into the parlor to resume the weather and then at the close going at a very late hour to the host and hostess and assuring them that you have had a most delightful evening and then passing down off the front steps, the slam of the door the only satisfaction of the evening.

O young man come from the country to spend your days in city life, where are you going to spend your evenings? Let me tell you, while there are many places of innocent worldly amusement, it is most wise for you to throw your body, mind and soul into Christian society. Come to me at the close of five years and tell me what has been the result of this advice. Bring with you the young man who refused to take the advice, and who went into sinful amusement. He will come dissipated, shabby in apparel, indisposed to look any one in the eyes, moral character eighty-five per cent. off. You will come with principle settled, countenance frank, habits good, soul saved, and all the inhabitants of heaven, from the lowest angel up to the archangel and clear past him to the Lord God Almighty, your coadjutors.

This is not the advice of a misanthrope. There is no man in the house to whom the world is brighter than it is to me. It is not the advice of a dyspeptic—my digestion is perfect; it is not the advice of a man who cannot understand a joke or who prefers a funeral; it is not the advice of a worn-out man, but the advice of a man who can see this world in all its brightness, and considering myself competent in judging what is good cheer I tell the multitudes of young men that there is nothing in worldly associations so grand and so beautiful and so exhilarant as in Christian society.

I know there is a great deal of talk about the self denials of the Christian. I have to tell you that where the Christian has one self denial the man of the world has a thousand self denials. The Christian is not commanded to surrender anything that is worth keeping. But what does a man deny himself who denies himself the religion of Christ? He denies himself pardon for sin; he denies himself peace of conscience; he denies himself the joy of the Holy Ghost; he denies himself a comfortable death pillow; he denies himself the glories of heaven. Do not talk to me about the self denials of the Christian life. Where there is one in the Christian life there are a thousand in the life of the world. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness."

Again, I find a great deal of religious sunshine in Christian and divine explanation. To a great many people life is an inexplicable tangle. Things turn out differently from what was supposed. There is a useless woman in perfect health. There is an industrious and consecrated woman a complete invalid. Explain that. There is a bad man with $30,000 of income. There is a good man with $800 of income. Why is that? There is a foe of society who lives on, doing all the damage he can, to seventy-five years of age, and here is a Christian father, faithful in every department of life, at thirty-five years of age taken away by death, his family left helpless. Explain that. Oh, there is no sentence that oftener drops from your lips than this: "I cannot understand it; I cannot understand it."

Well, now religion comes in just at that point with its illumination and its explanation. There is a business man who has lost his entire fortune. The week before he lost his fortune there were twenty carriages that stopped at the door of his mansion. The week after he lost his fortune all the carriages you could count on one finger. The week before financial trouble began people all took off their hats to him as he passed down the street. The week his financial prospects were under discussion people just touched their hats without anywise bending the rim. The week that he was pronounced insolvent people just jolted their heads as they passed, not tipping their hats at all, and the week the sheriff sold him out all his friends were looking in the store windows as they went down past him.

Now, while the world goes away from a man while he is in financial distress, the religion of Christ comes to him and says: "You are sick, and your sickness is to be moral purification. You are bereaved. God wanted in some way to take your family to heaven, and He must begin somewhere, and so He took the one that was most beautiful and was ready to go." I do not say that religion explains everything in this life, but I do say it lays down certain principles which are grandly consolatory. You know business men often telegraph in cipher. The merchant in San Francisco telegraphs to the merchant in New York certain information in cipher which no other men in that line of business can understand, but the merchant in San Francisco has the key to the cipher, and the merchant in New York has the key to the cipher, and on that information transmitted there are enterprises involving hundreds of thousands of dollars. Now, the providences of life sometimes seem to be senseless rigmarole, a mysterious cipher, but God has a key to that cipher, and the Christian a key to that cipher, and though he may hardly be able to spell out the meaning he gets enough of the meaning to understand that it is for the best.

Oh, what an observatory in which to study astronomy heaven will be, not by power of telescope, but by supernatural vision, and, if there be something doubtful 10,000,000 miles away, by one stroke of the wing you are there, by another stroke of the wing you are back again, and all in less time than I tell you, catching it all in one flash of eternity.

And geology! What a place that will be to study geology when the world is being picked to pieces as easily as a schoolgirl in botanical lessons pulls the leaf from the corolla! What a place to study architecture, amid the thrones and the palaces and the cathedrals—St. Mark's and St. Paul's rookeries in comparison.

Sometimes you wish you could make the tour of the whole earth, going around as others have gone, but you have not the time, you have not the means. You will make the tour yet during one musical pause in the eternal anthem. I say these things for the comfort of those people who are abridged in their opportunities—those people to whom life is humdrum, who toil and work and toil and work and aspire after knowledge, but have no time to get it and say, "If I had the opportunities which other people have, how I would fill my mind and soul with great thoughts!" Be not discouraged, my friends. You are going to the university yet. Death will only matriculate you into the royal college of the universe.

What a sublime thing it was that Dr. Thornwell, of South Carolina, uttered in his last dying moments! As he looked up he said, "It opens; it expands, it expands." Or as Mr. Toplady, the author of "Rock of Ages," in his last moment or during his last hours looked up and said, as though he saw something supernatural, "Light!" and then as he came on nearer the dying moment, his countenance more luminous, he cried, "Light!" and at the very moment of his departure lifted both hands, something supernatural in his countenance as he cried "Light!" Only another name for sunshine.

Besides that, we shall have all the pleasures of association. We will go right up in the front of God without any fright. All our sins gone, there will be nothing to be frightened about. There our old Christian friends will troop around us. Just as now one of your sick friends goes away to Florida, the land of flowers, or to the south of France, and you do not see him for a long while, and after awhile you meet him, and the hollows under the eyes are all filled, and the appetite has come back, and the crutch has been thrown away, and he is so changed you hardly know him. You say, "Why, I never saw you look so well." He says: "I couldn't help but be well. I have been sailing these rivers and climbing these mountains, and that's how I got this elasticity. I never was so well." Oh, my friends, your departed loved ones are only away for their health in a better climate, and when you meet them they will be so changed you will hardly know them, they will be so much changed, and after awhile, when you are assured that they are your friends, your departed friends, you will say: "Why, where is that cough? Where is that paralysis? Where is that pneumonia? Where is that consumption?" And he will say: "Oh, I am entirely well! There is no sick ones in this country. I have been ranging these hills and hence this elasticity. I have been here now twenty years, and not one sick one have I seen. We are all well in this climate."

And then I stand at the gate of the celestial city to see the processions come out, and I see a long procession of little children with their arms full of flowers, and then I see a procession of kings and priests moving in celestial pageantry—a long procession, but no black traveled vehicle, no mourning group—and I say: "How strange it is! Where is your Greenwood? Where is your Laurel Hill? Where is your Westminster Abbey?" And they shall cry, "There are no graves here." And then listen for the tolling of the old bell-frien of heaven, the old belfries of eternity. I listen to hear them toll for the dead, but they toll not for the dead. They only strike up a silvery chime, tower to tower, east gate to west gate, as they ring out, "They shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more, neither shall the sun light on them nor any heat, for the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 28.

Subject: Jesus Appears to the Apostles, John xx., 19-29—Golden Text, John xx., 29—Memory Verses, 19, 20—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

19. "The same day." It is still the resurrection day, Sunday, the Lord's day. "At evening." The events of the day had been many and important, but now, at the close of the day, Jesus appears to all the disciples. He would have appeared to them in the morning had they been assembled then. "Doors were shut." And probably bolted. "For fear." There is nothing to show that the Jews designed to molest the disciples, but because they had put Christ to death they had reason to fear that they might be the next victims. "In the midst." He evidently entered miraculously. In verse 20 John refers to the fact that the doors were shut in a way to leave but little doubt that he intends to convey the impression that Christ entered by His own power while they were shut. "Peace be unto you." His usual salutation and benediction. May every blessing of heaven and earth which your lips than this: "I cannot understand it; I cannot understand it."

20. "Had so said." Luke makes mention of several things that took place before He showed them His hands and side. See chap. 24: 37, 38. Here we see how terrified they were, supposing they had seen a spirit. All these references to the great difficulty with which the disciples accepted the fact of the resurrection of Jesus are given to strengthen our faith in the fact. There was no collusion among the disciples to show that Jesus was alive, but they themselves were convinced against their wills, against their prejudices, against their expectations. He then gently reproved them by asking why they were troubled and why they permitted anxious reasonings and questionings to arise in their minds. "Shewed unto them." The wounds were probably all perfectly healed, but the scars remained. "His hands and His side." Luke says hands and feet. This leaves no doubt that Jesus was nailed to the cross and not tied on as many were. Jesus told them to handle Him (Luke 24: 39), which they probably did. "Glad." They were terrified at first, but when they knew Him they were glad. There is great joy in the resurrection for every one. "When they saw." A sight of Christ will gladden the heart of a disciple at any time. It was at this time that He gave to them another proof that He was the same Jesus whom they had known. He called for food (Luke 24: 41—43) and did eat before them. Afterward the apostles called attention to what now occurred as a proof of their Lord's resurrection. Acts 10: 41. He ate before them, not because He had need of food for the body, but because they had need of faith for the soul. There is a great mystery in connection with Christ's resurrection body. There are several opinions concerning it. 1. That after His resurrection He had a spiritual body, similar to what our bodies will be after our resurrection. 2. That He had a body the same in substance as before the crucifixion, but endowed with new properties and powers. 3. That He had a body the same in substance and attributes as He had before His crucifixion, and that this was changed into His glorious resurrection body at the ascension.

21. "Hath sent Me." As I was sent to proclaim the truth of the Most High, and to convert sinners to God, I send you for the very same purpose, clothed with authority and influenced by the Spirit.

22. "Breathed on them." Intimating by this that they were to be made new men; for in this act He evidently alluded to the creation of man when God breathed into Him the breath of lives and He became a living soul. "Receive ye the Holy Ghost." Out of His fulness their minds and hearts were to be filled, and thus they would be prepared to carry on the work after He had left them.

23. "Ye remit," etc. See Revised Version. Compare Matt. 16: 19. One thing is certain, God only can forgive sins; to declare anything else would be blasphemous. But Christ gave power and authority to the apostles in the establishing of His church that has not been transmitted to the church. Since the church could not be organized or the full gospel preached till after the death and resurrection of Jesus, He must have some authoritative representatives on earth to whom, under the guidance of the Holy Spirit, could be committed the decision of all questions and interpretations that would necessarily arise. They who believed on the Son of God, in consequence of the preaching of the apostles, had their sins remitted; and they who would not believe were declared to lie under condemnation.

24. "Thomas." This was His Hebrew name, and Didymus His Greek name; both meant "a twin." "Was not with them." This was one of the principal causes of the unbelief of this apostle. He should have been at his post with the rest, then he would have seen and heard Jesus, and would have received the blessings and encouragement that the others received.

25. "Except I shall see." Thomas would not believe the testimony of the ten apostles. He is most unreasonable and obstinate in his unbelief. "I will not believe." Thomas is so certain that it can not be so that he is determined not to be convinced; he will not accept ordinary evidence.

26. "After eight days." One week from that time on the next Lord's day night. Again they were met for religious worship and this time Thomas was with them; probably encouraged to be present by what the other apostles had told him. "Then came Jesus." Jesus will always be present with those who meet in His name.

27. "Reach hither." Our Lord meets him in His own language, and this was a rebuke to Thomas, showing him that Jesus, though not present, knew all the hard, unbelieving things he had said. "But believing." There is evidence sufficient. It will be well for every one to heed these words of Christ to Thomas; let us "have faith in God."

28. "Thomas answered." Overwhelmed with the fact of Christ's presence, he did not hold out an instant. "My God." I confess Thy divine knowledge and power and prostrate myself before Thee as the great God. Thomas was the first who gave the title of God to Jesus. The slowness of Thomas to believe ought to strengthen our faith. The disciples were cautious and accepted nothing that they did not know was founded on fact.

29. "And yet have believed." The faith of Thomas would have been more pleasing to Christ if he had believed at once. Let us receive the testimony of those who have seen Him, remembering that there are peculiar blessings in store for those who have not seen and yet have believed.

This is assuredly the generation of the specialist in all professions and all lines of business. One of the latest additions to the ever-swelling ranks is the photographer who makes a specialty of women's photographs. And while he is most successful in his chosen line, strange to say he is not an adept in the art of flattering the sitter to the point that the picture bears scarcely any likeness to the original. Rather, he produces a series of portraits, each one depicting some passing mood or characteristic, so that one's friends can choose the one which seems to each most natural.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

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CIRCUIT COURT will convene for the spring term at Clanton on Monday, May 13.

THE Constitutional Convention has carried the State by about thirty thousand majority, and the Convention will therefore meet in Montgomery on May 21.

FROM the best information at hand from all the boxes, Mr. Reynold received 1055 votes and Dr. Caffey 335. About the same number of votes were cast on the straight question of convention or no convention, although it seems probable that Reynolds has run ahead of the ticket.

So much has been said and written about the possible disfranchisement of some of the citizens of Alabama, and so many suggestions have been made as to the best means of meeting the requirements of the fifteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution, that it appears strange that the most simple method seems to have been overlooked. Why not give every registered voter a ballot and let him mark it himself without any assistance from a marker? An exception might be made in the case of old illiterate Confederate soldiers and sailors, and those physically disabled on account of blindness or inability to use their hands, and these should select one of the managers to mark their ballot. Dispense with the markers, and let every man vote his own ticket. If he cannot do so he simply disfranchises himself, and it would be a great incentive to him to acquire at least some education. If any departure is to be made from universal suffrage under the existing system, this would seem to be a feasable plan, and would certainly not conflict with the Federal Constitution.

The cotton crop in Alabama has been permanently damaged from 15 to 20 per cent, was an opinion expressed by Col. Falkner yesterday, and from other sources we learn that a large acreage will have to be replanted, while seed is scarce and hard to get. Corn does not appear to have suffered.

THE SPEAKING AT CLANTON.

Probably the most interesting debate ever held in Chilton county was that of last Saturday at Clanton. The court house was well filled and for over three hours the four speakers kept the rapt attention of the audience to the extent that scarcely a man left his seat until the close of the meeting. The speakers on both sides were at their very best, and made their arguments in good temper and without prejudice to their opponents. Each recognized and freely acknowledged that the other was honestly contending for what he considered the best interests of the State.

Hon. L. B. Pounds, chairman of the Populist Executive Committee, called the meeting to order and introduced the speakers.

Hon. Jesse Stallings, of Butler county, was the first speaker. He said the object of Democracy is good government, in the same way that the object of religion is the salvation of souls. The State Constitution must of necessity be inferior to the Federal Constitution. We want, first, fair elections. You cannot have it with universal suffrage. The Democratic party wants fair elections and to stand upon a higher plane of morality. Mr. Stallings concluded his speech by saying that if every pledge made by the Democratic party is not faithfully kept he would fight it upon every stump throughout the State.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds said he could not understand the Democratic party adopting a policy which would diminish their power. If they did that he would consider them political fools. In 1892, if it had not been for the negro vote in the black belt, the Populist party would have acquired the control of the State. The Democratic party could not disfranchise the negro without disfranchising the illiterate white man.

Dr. R. M. Cunningham, of Jefferson, was the next speaker. He said that good government preserved the permanent rights of man, and was in the interests of communities. If the Democratic party was to be kept in power by fraud at the ballot box it means ruin to the State. The Democratic party now was appealing to the people of Alabama to relieve them of the necessity of fraudulent elections. We should do the best we can in the fear of God and the honest discharge of our duties. The Democratic party of to-day proposes the Initiative and Referendum. From a partisan standpoint, what in the name of common sense could the Democratic party want more than it had now? They had both U. S. Senators, all the Congressmen, the Governor and all State officers, and a nearly unanimous legislature. But they recognized it was necessary for the best interests of the State that we should have honest elections, and that was what they were asking for.

Judge. S. M. Adams made one of his happiest speeches, in the course of which he said that if the Democratic party only kept their pledges, the first election after the convention was held would be good by to the Democratic party. If these pledges were faithfully kept the Democratic party would have more applications for membership than they would care to have.

AT THORSBY

On Saturday night the school house at Thorsby was packed and a rousing meeting was held.

Chairman Pounds opened the proceedings and introduced Mr. L. H. Reynolds who spoke for fifteen minutes. He was followed by Dr. Cunningham whose speech of one hour was on the same lines as his speech of the morning at Clanton.

Dr. Caffey briefly addressed the meeting outlining his position on the question at issue.

Then Judge Adams spoke for an hour in reply to Dr. Cunningham, after which Dr. Cunningham concluded the proceedings with a short speech and the meeting adjourned in high good humor.

THE CONFEDERATE REUNION.

Veterans will at the Confederate Reunion at Memphis have their own post office, which will be located in Confederate Hall, during the coming Reunion. Uncle Sam is determined that the ex-soldiers shall have everything comfortable, and to this end has agreed that the special postoffice be placed at the convenience of all the old veterans and their friends. A special man will be placed in charge of it and all mail arriving for visitors of the Reunion or members of the different commands of Confederate Veterans or Sons of Veterans will be delivered at the hall, will be there assorted and arranged for delivery, and any visitor expecting a letter from home can find it at headquarters. Each commandant of State headquarters will be furnished with a list of mail for any company or command in his division. Letters may also be delivered from this postoffice and stamps purchased.

This sub-department of Uncle Sam will be under the direction of Postmaster Dutro and will be given his personal attention. The suggestion has met with approval of the committee which appreciates thoroughly the interest taken in the success of the big Reunion by the postmaster.

Confederate Hall itself is in rapid progress of erection. Already the foundations and floors have been laid, and the raising of the immense arches which are to form the lugh skeleton for the lofty dome of the building has been accomplished. As the floor space will afford the largest dancing platform in the entire South, those upon whom will fall the task of providing for the social events of the Reunion are naturally more than interested in the success of the undertaking. Besides the official sponsors and maids of honor, the Daughters of the Confederacy and the Sons of Veterans are busily engaged in planning for the social success of the Reunion, which is thus far so assured that the numerous balls and receptions already arranged for promise to make the Reunion the most brilliant social event thus far known in the history of the Association.

Col. John W. A. Sanford has appointed Miss Glennie McMorries Maid of Honor for John W. A. Sanford Brigade United Confederate Veterans. We compliment the Brigade upon the selection of this accomplished young lady to accompany it to the reunion at Memphis.

Miss Alice Collier, daughter of Col. W. A. Collier, has been elected by the Clanton Camp sponsor.

AT REST.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. John Gore died on Sunday evening and was buried at Clanton Monday. The little one is at rest with Jesus.

Died on Sunday night Mrs. Alex White at her home one mile north of Clanton. She was buried at Corinth on Tuesday. A husband and three children mourn her loss, and with whom we sympathise in their bereavement.

The mortal remains of Eugene McRee were brought here from Rainer and interred in the cemetery at Clanton on Sunday. He was only twenty years of age and was a victim of consumption. His young days were spent in Clanton and his old home is his final testing place.

Holds Up A Congressman.

"At the end of the last campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant Congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It is the best all-round medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Clanton Drug co

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith I have levied on the following property, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ and four acres in the northeast corner thereof, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 35, and n ½ of the nw ¼ section 36; all in township 22, range 14 east, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Therefore according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith in and to the above described property, on

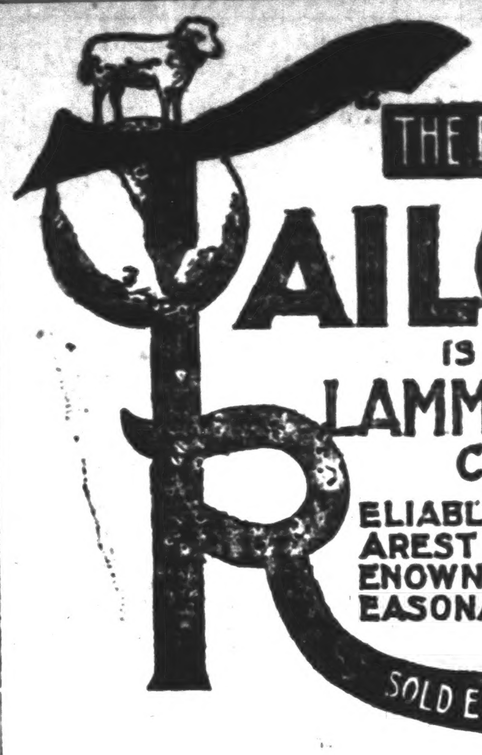
MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 3d day of April, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

Subscribe for the Banner.



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Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

$10,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN 1,000 PRIZES.

What will be the population of the Dominion of Canada on May 1st, 1901? Every subscriber to the Weekly Advertiser who takes advantage of our special trial offer will be entitled to one guess free.

Following is a full explanation of the guessing contest:

Send in your guess when you send your subscription, and you will receive a certificate by return mail with your guess thereon.

FIRST PRIZE $5,000.

Send us $1.00 and we will send you The Weekly Advertiser for one year, and you can have one guess free.

The Weekly Advertiser will give an additional guess to any one sending in a club of two yearly subscriptions at $1.00 each, and one guess will be given to each of the two subscribers in the club.

Prizes to be awarded as follows:

To the one making the nearest correct guess	$5000
To the 2nd	2,000
To the 3rd	750
To the 4th	500
To the 5th	100
To the 6th	50
To the next 12 nearest correct guesses $10 each, amounting to	120
To the next 42 nearest correct guesses $5 each, amounting to	210
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	200
To the next 350 nearest correct guesses $2 each, amounting to	700
To the next 460 nearest correct guesses $1 each, amounting to	460
Total 1,000 prizes, amounting to	$10,000

The Press Publishing Association has deposited $10,000 in the Central Savings Bank of Detroit, Mich., for the express purpose of paying these prizes. In case of a tie, or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them. Address The Weekly Advertiser, Montgomery, Ala.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound offered to the public. For abrasion of the skin, laceration of the flesh, burns by flame or steam, hot metal, rope burns, or sun burn, ring-worm, "poison oak," etc., it is pre-eminently superior to anything. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all wide awake druggists.

Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior.
Notice No. 21830
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
April 2nd, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner, Homestead entry No. 48730, for the n ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L. Hines, Rolifee Boles, Geo Marcus, Alex Logan, all of Jemison, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

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A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE SEVERAL THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 7 to 10c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

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Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our VIRGINIA 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1.00 we refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

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Our GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE are of the finest and always fresh.

OUR PRICES ARE BASED ON THE SMALLEST PROFIT OF PROFIT.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SERVE

KEMP & GILES, Clanton.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court throw around [illegible] in February first Monday to [illegible] first Monday in [illegible] second Monday in A[illegible] and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Ginning to day 7[illegible] bales.

[illegible] same date last year 9 bales

[illegible] RECEIVED TO DATE	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co	2414	2901
Machine	2170	2022
Winds	373	321
Linters	438	337
Total	5396	5581

FOR SALE.—One Black Jack, [illegible] hands high, well [illegible] condition. Will [illegible] on time. Apply to S. [illegible], Montevallo, Ala.

Mr. [illegible] Fleming, of Randolph, was a pleasant visitor here Wednesday.

Dr. C. M. Wuchart visited Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. T. W. Chambers, of Adams, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. R. A. Moody, of Pratt City, was in town this week.

Mr. T. A. Curry is building a new residence on his lot in East Clanton.

Miss Cassie Willis, of Jumbo, was in the city Saturday.

Ladies' Hats reduced in price at Mrs. G. L. Phillips'—Next door to the Knight.

Misses Ida and Georgia Rasberry, of Mulberry, were visitors here Monday.

Misses Anna and Minnie McCurley, of Burwell, were in Clanton Monday.

Mrs. McKinney, of Lomax, was in town Saturday.

Misses Lutie and Cora Malone, of Mulberry, visited Clanton Saturday.

Why don't you dress that wound with Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic instead of that old greasy salve or ointment? It will prevent or reduce inflammation and soreness and heal it much quicker and is so much cleaner and more pleasant. Only 50 cts a bottle by druggists.

Miss Cora Rodgers, of Salem, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Deshazo, of Mulberry, were in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Craxton Rasberry, of Mulberry, were in town Monday.

Mr. J. M. Potts has just completed the erection of two nice residences in West Clanton and is building another one.

Mr. Victor Vines has removed his family into one of the new Potts residences.

"What's the matter" with giving your horse or mule a dose of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic when he has colic. It will cure him and that's what you want. For sale by druggists and dealers.

Mr. A. Landers and family of Lomax left on Monday night for Texas where they will make their future home. We wish them much success in their new home.

Mr. Tom Mullins went to Wetumpka Wednesday on legal business.

Mr. Lonnie Smith is up from Montgomery for a few days rest.

Mr. C. B. Arledge of Waddy was in town Wednesday.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. [illegible] Hogan and Miss Carrie [illegible]; Mr. E. Britten and Miss [illegible] Abney.

[illegible] Lockett and Lan[illegible]

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure No Pay. 50c.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION. They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy **MAJOR'S CEMENT**; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to **MAJOR'S CEMENT.** Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER AND MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate preparations. The best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle of all druggists.

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FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to sufferers.

Is your blood pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poisons are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores a $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write to-day. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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BACK [illegible]

It Beats the Circus.

WHAT DOES?

WHY, **TOURO'S BIG SHOW** OF

NEW SPRING

clothing, &c

Our stock is of such mammoth size--our standard is so high
That hard to please must be the man whom we can't satisfy
And since we've marked our prices down there's not one reason why
A man in need of new spring clothes should not come here to buy.

H. TOURO, Clanton

NEW ROYAL.

High-arm Light running. Warranted 10 years. $26 and $30.

FIVE DRAWER $22.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some second-hand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

AN UNUSUAL SHOWER.

A correspondent of The Clanton Banner tells us of a happening in Chilton county which has caused no little speculation and wonderment among the country people. The event was nothing less than a shower of bugs resembling potato bugs, and the writer says "it rained hard for about five minutes until the ground was literally covered." Showers of other things besides rain are not of very unusual occurrence, though they are always interesting and sometimes inexplicable. Lately there has been considerable comment about a fall of red dust which fell in some part of the country, and we believe it has not been satisfactorily explained. Falls of red snow have been several times noticed, the explanation not always being reasonable or satisfactory.

Showers of living objects are not unprecedented, either. Fish, especially, sometimes rain down, and the obvious explanation is that a miniature waterspout passing over a body of water carries up into the air the small fishes and when the suction of the current is disturbed the fishes come down. All who have been in or have visited the path of a cyclone know that it not infrequently takes up solid objects and transports them considerable distances before the power of the wind is broken, and then the objects fall to the ground. Small frogs are sometimes treated in the same way. People in the country are sometimes surprised after a long spell of rain to see the ground almost covered with earthworms, and at once imagine that they rained down, but in this case the explanation is more simple and natural. They have been driven out of their holes and burrows by the excess of water.

If the bug-shower story is literally true, the explanation may be found, possibly, in the same cause which explains the showers of frogs and fishes. They may have been drawn up by some cyclonic storm and deposited where The Banner correspondent found them, provided they are really potato-bugs. If, on investigation, they prove to be a new species of bug, the scientists will have to account for their appearance and tell whence they came. It would be hard if some erratic little cyclone has imposed on our people a new and unfriendly pest, but it would be a rich find for the entomologists. We hope some of the people of Chilton preserved specimens of their unexpected visitors and will have them classified. At any rate, a shower of bugs is a new contribution from the clouds—Montgomery Advertiser.

Headache bad? Use Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

PURINA FEED

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	1 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

Everyone to His Taste.

And I am pleased to say that your taste and Everyone's taste can be suited at my Store, where you will find the

choicest Line of Fancy Groceries

AND CANNED GOODS

Always Fresh and New. I have no old Stock.

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Fancy line of Shirts and Underwear, Notions, Hardware and General Merchandise.

Yours to serve faithfully and well,

B E JONES CLANTON

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

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CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

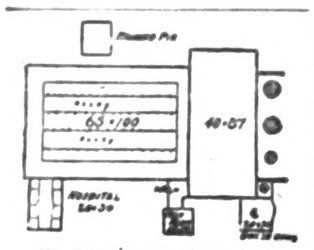
and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

AGRICULTURAL.

Feeding a Large Herd.

My practice in feeding milch cows in the past has been silage in the morning, hay or oat fodder at noon and dry corn fodder, cut a few days ahead, at night. The morning and night feeds are mixed with a grain ration of cornmeal, mixed feed and gluten, cotton-



MR. SMITH'S NEW STOCK BARN.

seed meal or linseed meal. I like the latter best, but think a change is good. I am governed somewhat by the quality of the coarse fodder. I don't cut much marsh hay. Have large silo capacity and have had excellent results from feeding silage. My silos are round, built of wood, twenty by twenty feet. The accompanying plan is of my new stock barn just finished in which I can tie up 100 head on one floor. It has eight box stalls in annex, also calf bins and place for bulls by themselves. The barn has twenty-four foot posts and no cellar. I feed grain feed until cold weather, commencing with winter rye about May 10 and ending with barley.—B. F. Smith, in New England Homestead.

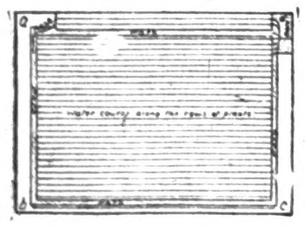
Bee Pastures.

While it would not likely be a paying venture to sow crops for no other purpose than for bee pasture, there are some crops which may be grown on the farm which will yield paying crops of themselves, and will also yield a good crop of honey without injury to the crop.

Of the crops that may be grown to advantage as honey producers and as paying crops I know nothing better than scarlet or crimson clover and buckwheat. The buckwheat should be sown about the middle of July, and about one gallon of crimson clover seed per acre sown with it. The buckwheat will grow up rapidly and protect the young clover plants from the hot sun. In a few weeks the buckwheat will begin to bloom, and it will produce a good pasture for the bees for several weeks at a season of the year that bees are most in need of something to work upon. By the middle of September the farmer may reasonably expect to reap a paying crop of buckwheat, and also to leave the ground covered with a good stand of clover, which will grow up late in the fall and produce a good pasture for young stock in early winter. The clover will begin to bloom by the middle of May the next spring, and will afford a rich pasture for the bees for two or three weeks. The clover may be cut for hay by the tenth of June if desired, or it may be turned under and the ground be planted to late corn, or perhaps a better plan would be to cut the crop for hay, plow the ground and sow it to buckwheat and scarlet clover again. The clover roots will keep up the supply of nitrogen, and will bring up potash from the subsoil and deposit it near the surface. As a buckwheat crop takes only a small amount of potash from the soil the crop will need nothing but a light application of phosphate each year to keep up the fertility of the soil.—A. J. Legg, in The Epitomist.

Planting the Garden For Irrigation.

When I first began gardening three years ago, particular attention was paid to the laying out of the garden for the purpose of irrigation. The ground originally sloped from A to D and B to C, D and C being about eighteen inches lower than A and B. From A to B it was practically level, while at the other end it sloped from



GARDEN PLOT FOR FLOW OF WATER.

D to C. In laying out the garden I raked and moved the soil so as to reverse the slope at each end. The result was if water is let in at A and directed south in the west path, which is depressed about three inches, it will flow to B, then to C, and so along the east path to D. If I want to irrigate the plants of any given row, I put a dam in the west path opposite a point between this row and the next, and cut open the east side of the path opposite this row. The water will then run down the path to the dam, and so down the row and out of the garden at outlet as indicated. One advantage of this plan is that I can irrigate on a hot day without scalding. If I want to water a row of radishes, for instance, I would first take the Firefly plow, set it down two holes, and strike a furrow along the north side of the row, throwing the soil away from the plants, then turn on a gentle stream that will just nicely soak around the plants. After it is well wet in, run the plow the reverse way throwing the soil back against the plants. If the soil becomes too wet it is thrown back as soon as dry enough. The main point is to have a gentle stream. A fast one will overflow the furrow and run too fast and simply set the surface. This leaves the roots to grow near the surface and the plants show the effect of a hot sun. A slow stream soaks down, and I have often saturated the ground under the plant while the surface is yet dry.

Another advantage of this system of irrigation is the ease with which it is done. I can start the water on one side of the garden and go to work on the other, only stopping occasionally to change the water from one row to another. I watered the row of early cabbage more than the others, and had them mature and out of the way in time for a crop of celery, while the last heads in the adjoining rows were not matured until a month after the celery was set out. The greatest advantage of irrigation is that you can get the water when it is needed, and do not have to wait for a rain. Moles caused a great deal of annoyance, for many times I have found the water running down a mole hill instead of following along a row of plants. By using a blunt stick about one and a half inches in diameter to punch down the earth the hole will soon be blocked up.—J. B. Reynolds, in American Agriculturist.

The Strawberry Crop.

One of the crops that is among the first to receive attention in early spring is the strawberry. The plants that were set out early last spring will bear this year, and beds a year or two old will also produce crops according to the attention that has been bestowed upon them. It is not advisable to do more than cultivate between the rows of old beds, in order to remove any weeds or grass that may come up, as it may not be beneficial in some localities to disturb old beds, but fertilizers should now be applied on them, scattering it on the plants in the rows, which are usually mated. If this is deferred it may happen that the fertilizer will do injury should the plants be started in growth when fertilizer is applied. Manure should not now be used on old beds, as it may cause the berries to be injured later when they are ripe, as much of the manure will be undecomposed and consequently prove a hindrance to picking clean berries. Weeds are the cause of many old beds being unprofitable, and they will put in an appearance as soon as the strawberry plants start in growth. They cannot be worked out with a hoe from matted rows, hence must be removed by hand, the necessary labor depending upon the cultivation that was given last year. For old beds a dressing of fifty pounds nitrate of soda and 100 pounds muriate of potash per acre will suffice if the bed received fertilizer last summer. If not, then the quantity of fertilizer must be increased. Wood ashes may be used in place of the potash salt, but should be applied early if scattered over the matted rows.

New beds must be prepared in time to set out the young plants in April. Wood ashes are excellent on new beds. Plow the ground and work in fine with a harrow. Broadcast about twenty bushels or more per acre of wood ashes, and harrow the ground once or twice more. In place of the ashes, if preferred, use 200 pounds of muriate of potash. About 150 pounds of nitrate of soda and 200 pounds of acidulated phosphate rock should also be applied whether ashes or muriate of potash be used. Use only plants with large roots, which should be runners which started last year, selecting the strongest and most promising. Some of the best varieties are pistillate only, hence it will be necessary to use also a variety that is staminate in order that all the blossoms may be pollinated. The staminate varieties, however, are both staminate and pistillate, hence one variety of that kind will require no other, though it is better to have two varieties that they may exchange pollen, but care should be exercised in selecting varieties, as any two varieties should bloom at the same time. The rows should be sufficiently far apart to permit of the use of a horse hoe or hand wheel hoe, and the plants should also be set out with a suitable space between them for use of the hoe. Rows twenty-eight inches apart, with the plants fourteen inches distant from each other, will allow of cultivation with the wheel hoe, but for horse cultivation the distance between the rows should be about three and a half or four feet.

There is no "best" variety of strawberry for all sections. The soil and climate must be considered. If the crop is grown for market the shipping qualities of the berries and their size and appearance are very important. The best market berries may not be the best flavored, while some varieties will not thrive on heavy soils, others prefer sandy localities, few runners are produced by some, while certain varieties will die out on moist land, upon which other kinds have done well. Beginners should not attempt to select the varieties until having consulted growers in their neighborhood. The best variety in any locality is the one which has given the best results under the conditions to which it is subjected, yet that variety might prove unprofitable elsewhere. The preparation of the soil is a very important matter, and when the plants are in place the weeds and grass must be kept down. The hoe must be used between the plants until all weeds are obliterated, and the spaces between the rows should be cultivated whenever the ground is hard. During dry seasons a loose top soil is very beneficial to strawberry plants, and when the young plants are set out all the blossoms must be picked off or they will injure the growth of the plants. A loose soil is also favorable to the rooting of the runners if the matted row system is used.—Philadelphia Record.

The deepest coal mine in Great Britain is 3474 feet; in France, 2640 feet; in Germany, 1181 feet, and in Belgium, 3772 feet.

A DOMESTIC CATASTROPHE.

The Husband Meant Well, But He Found The Work Uncongenial.

When the general superintendent of the household department is sick there is no amount of good will on the part of the rest of the family that will induce things to run smoothly. In this case the wife had the prevailing malady. As so often happens, the girl left just when she was most needed. She was paid what was coming to her one evening, and the only notice she gave appeared in her absence next morning. Then the husband came out at his best and declared himself.

"I'm a very busy man and this is one of my busiest seasons, but I'll be blanked if we'll have another girl round here to bunco us and increase mother's nervousness. Not while I've got a wiggle left in one, and they tell me I'm a mighty well preserved man. I'll work nights before I'll be imposed on. Half the women are cringing slaves to their hired help, and I'll not stand for it in my house. Not me. One thing I'm mighty glad about is that we use stoves, for I was raised with them and know all about them. Get the ash pans together here and I'll empty them in the alley."

Five were accumulated in short order, and the eldest daughter suggested that he "run out with them" two at a time. He looked at her pityingly, and piled the five up like boxes. He had rubbers over his slippers and his hat was pulled down to meet the upturned collar of his coat. "Just put that sieve full of dry garbage on top," he directed. Then he seized the load, looking to one side of it to pick his way, and gave orders that the coal pails be got together so that he could fill them.

The lower pan was hot, but he hung on grimly and hurried. The rubber dropped from one foot, the slipper slipped, and he came down so hard that he saw stars with his eyes shut. He was buried for a few minutes in ashes, garbage and pans. He kicked his way out and things that he said were more than enough to have him "churched." When his blinking eyes caught the neighbors laughing he scattered the pans, threw the sieve at a cat on the fence, recaptured the rubber, ran for the house and made the air sizzle while he was searching the directory for intelligence offices.—Detroit Free Press.

Best Legs in the World.

The most life-like and serviceable artificial legs in the world are manufactured in America. Enormous quantities of these limbs are shipped to Europe every year.

The first great boom in the artificial-leg business was brought about by the Civil War. Since that time railroad and trolley car accidents have kept up an ever-increasing demand. Another factor has been the general use of antiseptics. The mortality among those who have their legs amputated is far less than formerly, and a large proportion of the survivors become patrons of the wooden-leg factories.

The old-fashioned peg-leg is practically a thing of the past. The modern artificial leg shows a great advance over the old forms. Every improvement has been with the idea of greater simplicity.

The main object of the manufacturers is to improve the fit of the legs. The best models now cost $100. It costs from $5 to $25 a year to keep one of these in order.

Few women wear artificial legs. On the other hand, it is becoming more common to fit limbs to children. Legs are made for children sometimes before they can walk. They are fitted as soon as the child learns to stand and make it possible for it to develop symmetrically.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Rapid Postal Service.

That the postal service of Berlin has long been the model (as yet unattainable) for the rest of Europe is well known. But it is not equally matter of common knowledge that the excellence of the Berlin postal arrangements of yesterday no longer satisfies the postal authorities of to-day. The latest innovation has been a still more frequent clearing of the letter-boxes and a more rapid delivery than ever. The letter-boxes in the principal thoroughfares are now cleared every fifteen minutes during the busy hours of the day. The rapidity of delivery of letters recently even resulted in the saving of a human life. A girl determined to commit suicide, wrote to her parents of her intention and posted the letter, which was delivered within an hour of being posted. This enabled the father to hurry off in a cab to the spot in the Thiergarten which his daughter had mentioned as that where her body would be found, to catch her alive, box her ears, and take her home. —Sidney Whitman, in Harper's Magazine.

Chloroform Restored Its Victim.

The Diesbach family, of Atchison, had an old horse which had lived out its days of usefulness. At last it became so old and decrepit that it got down in the barn and could not get up. The family sent for a horse ambulance and turned the animal over to the town scavenger with money to buy chloroform with which to give the old horse an easy death. The horse was carefully conveyed to the boneyard and a pint of chloroform was soaked in a sponge and placed beneath its nose as it lay on the ground. After sniffing at the chloroform the horse jumped up, kicked out its heels and ran cavorting out into the country. And yet a man once wrote a book to prove that animals have no sense of humor.—Kansas City Journal.

A Trait of Augustin Daly.

A lovely trait of Mr. Daly's character was his tenderness and thought of children. I never knew him to pass a little newsboy on the street without buying a paper, and he always took the paper with a look in his eyes as much as to say: "We must help the boys to get a living." A beautiful trait, not giving as charity, but buying what the boy had to sell.—Mrs. Gilbert in Scribner's Magazine.

A BRITON'S IDEA OF FREEDOM.

It Was to Roll Himself on the White House Lawn, and He Did it.

"I never go to Washington that I do not think of a young Englishman who went around the city with me a dozen years ago," said a man who had just returned from the inauguration ceremonies. "We saw everything that there was to be seen. He was pleased with everything, and he said so, but the thing that impressed him most was the lack of formality and the absence of guards.

"He never tired talking of this and comparing the simplicity of the arrangements in Washington with the way the rulers of Europe are guarded. Particularly he was impressed by the fact that any one who wished to was allowed to go into the White House grounds, and wander around without showing any passes or credentials of any kind.

"Well, one day we were wandering around and we went up past the White House. The Englishman stopped and watched the stream of men and women going into the grounds.

"'By Jove,' he said, 'it is wonderful, and no mistake. Why, they let you do just as you please. Do you know, I think that if a fellow wanted to he could go in there and roll over on the lawn and there wouldn't be a person who would think of speaking to him about it.' 'Of course no one would speak to him about it,' I said. 'What's more, if you want to do it I'll stay here and watch you, and if any one does say anything about it I'll help you lick him.'

"'Will you?' he said.

"'I mean it,' I said.

"He looked at me for a minute, and then he walked into the White House grounds. There was a crowd there, but no one paid the least attention to him. He went out on the lawn, right in front of the main entrance to the building, and lay down flat on his back. Then he rolled over three times, slowly and deliberately. Then he got up and walked out of the grounds, as happy as though he had found $10.

"No one looked at him, and no one spoke to him; to roll over on the White House lawn might have been the proper thing to do so far as the attention that it attracted went. The Englishman said that if he had acted that way in any of the capitals on the other side he would have been locked up as a dangerous character. He was very proud of his exploit and I suppose that he is still telling the story of it in England."—New York Sun.

Verdi's Last Resting Place.

Verdi's tomb will be a very plain one, merely a sarcophagus with the simple inscription, "Pray for the souls of Giuseppe Verdi and Maria Strapponi Verdi, his beloved wife," and the dates of their deaths. The chapel in which the composer of "Il Trovatore" is buried is a small building in the Lombard style of architecture, which forms the central feature of the Asylum for Decayed Musicians, which the composer built at great expense at Milan. It is divided into two sections; the upper is a pretty oratory dedicated to the Madonna and St Cecilia, intended for the inmates of the establishment, and having access from the interior of the building. The lower chapel or crypt contains only an altar, as yet incomplete, and the coffins of Verdi and his second wife. His first wife died very young, in 1845, and within less than three months of her death both his children died.—London Chronicle.

The President's Work Increasing.

On the same day that M. Lagarda, the Philippine representative, called at the White House, there were visitors present from Hawaii, Alaska, Porto Rico and Cuba, as well as a large delegation of Indians in paint and feathers. Each one of these callers represented a late addition to the territory under the old flag. On some days the secretary is compelled to report to the President that he saw only one-half of the callers; next day a third; next day a fourth; next a sixth, until the geometrical recession reaches a fraction of less than one-tenth, during the rush. Some inventive Yankee will have to invent a presidental automaton to keep up with the necessary demands for handshakers—especially if this spirit of expansion keeps right on expanding.—Joe Mitchell Chapple, in the National Magazine.

Caseophoby.

Those who insist upon eating cheese should take the precaution to cook it thoroughly before eating. It is for this reason that some people who are unable to eat raw cheese find themselves able to eat toasted cheese without difficulty. Toasting the cheese does not, however, increase its digestibility, but rather the reverse. Its beneficial effect, if any, is from the destruction of the virulent microbes which are present, and which are capable of giving rise to symptoms even more distressing than those of ordinary indigestion. The best method of dealing with cheese is to give it to the pigs, as it is nothing more or less than decayed milk, fit only for a scanvenger diet.—Sanitary and Municipal Engineering.

Charcoal is the great Italian fuel. Naples alone consumming 40,000 tons of wood charcoal, at a cost of from $16 to $20 per ton, the national consumption being 700,000 tons.

New England Wome

Have an Abiding Faith in Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compou

After years of struggle to attain and merit public confidence, with a and steadfast belief that some day others would recognize in us the good faith, and honesty of purpose which we know we possess, what a fine satisfaction it is to succeed, and to realize the uplifting influence merited confidence of a vast army of our fellow beings.

Thus stands the Pinkham name in New England, and all over Am and nowhere is the faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gr than in New England, its home. Merit, and merit alone, can ga this

ORGANIC INFLAMMATION.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I was troubled very badly with inflammation of the bladder, was sick in bed with it. I had two doctors, but they did me no good. A friend gave me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me. I have now taken three bottles of it, and I am entirely cured. It is a God-send to any woman, and I would recommend it to any one suffering as I was. I think, if most of the women would take more of your medicine instead of going to the doctors, they would be better off. The Compound has also cured my husband of kidney trouble."
MRS. MABEL GOOKIN,
Box 160. Mechanic Falls, Maine.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

"For two years I suffered from nervous prostration, the result of female weakness. I had leucorrhoea very badly, and at time of menstruation would be obliged to go to bed. Also suffered with headaches, pain across back, and in lower part of abdomen. I was so discouraged. I had read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound, and concluded to give it a trial. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, and received a very nice letter in return. I began at once the use of her Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now feeling splendid. I have no more pain at monthly periods, can do my own work, and have gained ten pounds. I would not be without your Vegetable Compound. It is a splendid medicine. I am very thankful for what it has done for me."— MRS. J. W. J., 76 Carolina Ave., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

PAINFUL PERIODS.

"I cannot help but feel that it is my duty to do something in repay recommending your wonderful medicine. I must say it is the grand medicine in the world, and have sent a great many to you suffering with the troubles I had. I tell people I could go on a platform and testify to the cure it has wrought in my case. My trouble was a painful menstruation. The suffering I endured cannot describe. I was treated by one of our most prominent physicians here for five months, and found myself getting worse instead of better. At the end of the fifth month he told me he had done all he could for me, and that I had better go to the hospital. My sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it cured her of backache. I did so, and followed it faithfully, and am now cured of my trouble, and in perfect health. I owe my thanks to your medicine. I cannot praise it enough, and would recommend it to all who suffer from female weakness."— MRS. H. S. BALL, 461 Orchard St., New Haven, Conn.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure these women — not you — you cannot tell until you try it. If you are ill, and really want to get well, commence its use at once, and do not let any drug clerk persuade you that he has something of his own which is better, for that is absurd. We challenge him to produce the evidence we do.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

The West Virginia senate has voted to appropriate $5,000 for a statue of ex-Governor Pierpont, the first governor of the state, to be placed in Statuary hall in the national capitol.

PRICE, 25 c.

Am. N. U. No. 17. 1901.

If affected with sore eyes use | Thompson's Eye Water

DYSPEPSIA
need not be endured a day longer if you

A natural medicinal water. Aperient, laxative, tonic. A specific for liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most curious of the natural mineral waters, convenient to take; most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

FREE! CA
SPORTING GOO
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GOODS COMP
620 Locust St., ST. LOUIS, M

ACTIVE MAN by James Manchester, gift, or in cash paid for 10 days' time, and permanent position if satisfactory. O. S. P. CO., 130 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Money in Chick

For 25c. in stamps we will send PAGE BOOK giving the results of a practical Poultry Man, an amateur, and a fancier for various kind of poultry. It contains full directions for Hatching, Raising, Feeding, Marketing, Diseases and Care of Poultry, also for Farmer's Wives, Farmers, Fanciers, Beginners, Amateurs, Poultry Men, Boys, Girls, Men, Women, Young and Old. Address, PAGE BOOK, Pf. Box 1064, Boston, Mass.

CO. 134 Leonard Street, New York.

FISH SCURF SOAP
Black Greasers, Blackheads, Blotches, Blisters, Sunburn, Rough Skin, Dandruff, Dirt, Perspiration, Bad Smells, Bad Complexions, Bad Hair, Bad Temper, Bad Luck, Bad Everything. Sold by druggists. Sample free. Address, FISH SCURF SOAP CO., 1 Nassau St., New York.

GOLD IN NUGGETS.

Summary Writeup of the Finds in the State of Vancouver.

John W. Adams, civil mining engineer, has just returned from the Cariboo district, and makes the following glowing report: In my capacity as a civil and mining engineer of many years experience in gold mining I was recently requested to examine and report for a client on the alluvial gold finds of Quesnel Creek, a district some few miles from this place, twenty miles from Marysville and twelve miles from Jellicoe. I found a physical condition which set me wondering and asking why such a southern Klondike and yet rich placer gold deposit has remained so obscure. It is a matter of record and beyond dispute that over $1,000,000 worth of gold has been taken from Quesnel Creek and carried to the United States mint. Personally I have proved that over $50,000 worth of gold has been panned out from less than three quarters of an acre, some of the nuggets weighing as much as one pound and one quarter ounces. There are at present a number of residents along this auriferous little water course who take advantage of pretty days and a prepossessing frame of mind to occupy themselves along this generous creek and through the plateaux on either side panning the yellow metal, and always with liberal results. This wonderful deposit extends over many thousand of acres, and it is a mystery how it has escaped the public notice. My account is more than conservative, but as well known is this deposit locally that the Marysville Bank for years has been buying this gold and forwarding to the United States mint for coinage, and such high-class firms as Peters & McClung, of Knoxville, Tenn., have been receiving it for many years past in payment for goods from the local merchants and others at the rate of 90 cents per penyweight. One miner within the last few months carried $1,000 worth of the precious metal to the bank for coinage.

No Strike to be.

There will be no strike in Pittsburg. The trusts will make concessions, and so will the men. This statement, coming as it does from an officer of the Amalgamated Association, is authoritative and declares the situation in a nutshell. The workingmen have no desire to precipitate the struggle, and should the clash have decided to make concessions, which will be met by the manufacturers. The final vote will not be taken on the matter until late this afternoon, or probably this evening, but the probability of a strike at this writing is very remote.

Bethery Charged.

Senator W. B. Eldridge, of Memphis, in open session of the Senate accused Ex-Comptroller James A. Harris of attempt to bribe and blackmail and precipitated one of the most sensational scenes ever enacted in the halls of the Tennessee legislature. He charged that Mr. Harris came to him at his seat in the senate chamber and offered him money and promised him to have withdrawn a suit pending against him on the condition he would vote for the final bill when it came up on a motion to reconsider.

Palace in Pekin Was Burned.

A dispatch from Pekin gives details of the conflagration which destroyed the imperial palace in which Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee, commanding the allied forces in China, has his headquarters. The conflagration began in the residence of Major Martine, who was absent at the time, and spread thence to the Asbestos Palace, which the Count Von Waldersee brought from Germany.

Worse Than Enoch Arden.

Asher Knight, a resident of Hannibal, Mo., who disappeared nineteen years ago, leaving a wife and several children, has returned home. He found his wife the widow of Milford McElhiney, a well-to-do farmer who died a year or two ago. Mrs. McElhiney thought her first husband dead. When he came home he explained that he had remained away so long because he had heard that she was married again and had no desire to cause her trouble. Whether this explanation will be accepted by Mrs. McElhiney and a reunion follows remains to be seen.

Vassar girl saw through the telescope.

The new star in Perseus the first before the Western astronomers, who is to receive the credit for its discovery. But she was thinking of her black hair, while he registered the latter's detachement.

The State of Washington is rapidly coming up to the front in the matter of coal production. In 1900 the output amounted to nearly 2,200,000 tons.

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GOLD IN NUGGETS.

Romantic Wind-up of the Finds in the State of Tennessee.

John W. Adams, civil mining engin[illegible] has just returned from the coal [illegible] of the Upper Creek Tennessee [illegible] and gives the following glow[illegible] in his capacity as a civil [illegible] engineer of many years [illegible] mining I was re[illegible] and report [illegible] with a natural gold fever of [illegible] miles [illegible] Mali[illegible] from Jellico [illegible] and a [illegible] at [illegible] Klondike [illegible] gold [illegible] has [illegible] It is a matter of [illegible] that ever [illegible] has been taken [illegible] and carried to the [illegible] Personally I [illegible] over $[illegible] worth of [illegible] from less than [illegible] as much as one pound [illegible] ounces. There [illegible] number of residents [illegible] pretty dogs and [illegible] to carry [illegible] the gentlemen creek [illegible] other side [illegible] metal and al[illegible] This won[illegible] many thou[illegible] is a mystery how [illegible] in time. My [illegible] conservative, but [illegible] deposit locally [illegible] Bank for year[illegible] and forward [illegible] United States mint for [illegible] high-class firms as [illegible] A. Morning of Knoxville [illegible] receiving it for many [illegible] payment for goods from [illegible] and others at the [illegible] per pennyweight. One [illegible] the last few months car[illegible] $[illegible] worth of the precious metal [illegible] bank for coinage.

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Worse Than Enoch Arden.

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A Vassar girl saw through the tele[illegible] the new star in Perseus the [illegible] before the Western astronomers [illegible] to claim the credit for its [illegible]. But she was thinking of [illegible] back east while he registered the [illegible] discovery.

The State of Washington is rapidly [illegible] up to the front in the matter [illegible] coal production. In 1900 the out[illegible] amounted to nearly 2,200,000 tons.

MUSIC FOR HAND-ORGANS.

What the Organs Cost and Where the Money is Made.

There is a little shop on Elizabeth street, the owner of which has a factory in Brooklyn, where most of the new hand organs are turned out, and the old ones repaired, and this is the season when times are busiest. "For hand organs," said the head of the shop, "seem never to get too old to be used. They can be patched and patched again, and passed from hand to hand and from town to town, until every part of them has been renewed over and over again. The voyages and adventures of a hand-organ are as varied as those of a tramp steamer. They take in every side of life, from the beginning in the swell quarters of the metropolis to the end, knocking around the country in company with a monkey and his owner."

The choice of the music for the hand-organ lies with the manufacturers. The publishers of songs send him the popular songs as soon as they have been marked success, and the manufacturer uses those which he thinks are the most popular. The particular tunes which are chosen for any one instrument, though, depends on the quarter of the city through which lies the beat of the man who turns the crank. Every city organ-grinder has a definite beat, and covers a certain round of streets more or less regularly every day.

If the beat lies through the German quarter, then German or Italian national characteristic airs are added to the repertoire of the organ. If the organ is to travel through upper Fifth avenue in the region of the Fifties (and this is the best beat in New York, for if the man gets anything at all there he gets a good deal and the pay for "moving on" is higher than elsewhere), some opera airs and a "romance" are used. In the Bowery region it is ragtime and waltzes that bring in the most money.

"If a man will tell us the beat he wants to travel, in the city or out, up the Harlem, back in the state, or anywhere in the whole country," said the maker of the organs, "we'll give him the proper set of tunes to fit his trip. Hand-organs are kept more up to date now than in old times, and the airs in the barrel of an instrument can be changed easily enough to fit the popular taste, though, of course, not without any expense."

There are about 300 licenses issued in New York City, mostly to Italians, and that is a conservative estimate of the number of performers on the streets. The work of this particular variety of cigale gives the lie to the proverb, for two men on a good beat will make as much as $1.50 apiece a day, or ever more in the best months, August and September are the best months for the city, and for the country too, though in that part of the world any summer month is a profitable one for the organ grinders. The factory, of course, is busiest just now, getting ready for the summer season.

Hand-organs are not cheap. A good one will cost as much as $200, though the price varies a good deal, according to the quality of the instrument. There are organs made with additional instruments, such as drums and cymbals, and these are more expensive. Some of them are made with arrangements for turning the crank mechanically. One kind in particular, which is a good deal used by women who want to have their hands free to do a tambourine act while the music is going one, is run by a spring, which is wound up by two or three vigorous turns of the handle before each tune.—New York Post.

TO MAKE LENSES LIKE EYES.

Problem of the Photographer—Stereoscope Not Dead.

"A curious popular delusion about photography," remarked the proprietor of a big Broadway studio, "is that we are worrying ourselves to discover a method of color work; for—this year's illustrated Nature-books to the contrary, notwithstanding—it hasn't been discovered yet. Now, very few of us waste any thought on that at all. When the process is originated, it will come from some scientific laboratory.

"Frankly, we are all after the 'stereoscope effect.' We want to make the lenses 'see double,' like the eyes, you know, so that the object photographed may stand out as it does in real vision. Our constantly having to limit ourselves to 'seeing black and white,' may keep us from thinking overmuch on the potentialities of color; but the unified stereoscope, 'perspective in photography'—well, we can't help feeling that ought to be within the range of practical optics. Certainly, there are as many cranks pestering us with its discovery as there are perpetual-motion inventers enrolled in the books of the Patent Office. When it does come, though, it will call for another Col. Sellars to reckon up the "millions in it."

"And, speaking of the stereoscope, do you know that the sale of that dear old standby of the front parlor whatnot has really never fallen off? There are still several firms making the ancient yellow-mounted views of Niagara, the Yellowstone, and the Battlefield of Gettysburg. No blasphemous present-day scoffing has touched them. More curious than that, too, a young friend of mine, who travels for a photo supply house, has just discovered in a little, back-country Ohio town an old fellow who is still making the genuine and original daguerreotype. He is putting that gentle old rose-tint on the cheeks, is gilding the ladies' brooches and earrings, and is framing his little art-works in their inseparable satin-lined leather-cases."—New York Post.

This Will Interest Many.

To quickly introduce the famous blood purifier, B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) into new homes, we will give away 10,000 treatments absolutely free. B. B. B. will positively cure all blood and skin troubles—tetter, eczema, scrofula, eczema, oozing sores, itching humors, swellings, pimples, boils, carbuncles, bone pains, rheumatism, catarrh, contagious blood poison, affecting throat, bones and joints or mucous patches. B. B. B. makes the blood pure and rich, heals every sore or eruption and stops all aches and pains. Druggists, $1. For free treatment, address Blood Balm Co., 13 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. B. B. B. cures old, deep-seated cases that refuse to heal under patent medicines or doctors' treatment.

Marble is abundant in the southern ranges of the Balkan Mountains.

The Greatest Benefits

From the use of Crab Orchard Water are experienced by taking it in small doses, and using it regularly. Small doses stimulate the secretions of the stomach and bowels, and restore them to their normal condition.

The demand for candles in China is very large, owing to the fact that they are used at all religious ceremonies.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

In Ohio a minor must have the consent of parent or guardian in order to marry.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

There are more spinster so by choice than the worldlings would believe.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Many a man with a fine head has a very bad heart.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

The use of acetylene abroad is very much more general than it is in the United States.

The biggest hero is the man who is scared most and runs least.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

Large quantities of mineral water are imported annually from Europe into this country.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

Late Queen Victoria's Religion.

Queen Victoria was profoundly religious. She believed in the efficacy of prayer. She was a regular Bible reader, and frequently used a well-worn Bible that belonged to General Gordon, and was presented by his sister to the queen, who acknowledged the gift in an autograph letter. At the same time she did not permit her religious convictions to influence the subtle intricacies of statecraft.—Chicago Record.

Gold of the Black Hills.

Only two states in the union produce more gold annually than do the three counties comprising the Black hills in South Dakota, and they are Colorado and California. The gold output of the former for 1900 was $29,500,000 and of the latter $14,377,200. And then comes South Dakota with $6,617,674 to her credit.

Among the students at the University of Paris last year there were 1,500 from foreign countries.

There are 20,000 hounds in Great Britain used for hunting purposes.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The Esquiman dog is found in Siberia, as well as in North America.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Montana still has about 20,000,000 acres of unoccupied land.

If Your Wife

is nervous and your doctor's medicine does her no good, why don't you write to Dr. Greene about her and get his advice? This will not cost you anything, and it will probably be the means of making your wife a well woman.

Dr. Greene's address is 35 W. 14th St., New York City. He is the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura and has the greatest success curing nervousness in all its forms. It is no exaggeration to say that thousands of women and men have been made well through his counsel. Absolutely no charge for advice by mail.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

Purity is kept up only by Constant Kicking and Constant Watching.

We have our eye on the purity of LION COFFEE. It will always be kept up! We shall kick if it isn't.

You will never need to kick if you use

Lion Coffee is absolutely pure, no glazing, no coating with egg mixtures or chemicals to hide imperfections **Lion Coffee**

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

FRAGRANT **SOZODONT** a perfect liquid dentifrice for the **Teeth and Mouth**

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c
SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
25¢
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN **CURE.** 25 50 1.0

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." **McILHENNY'S TABASCO.**

AGENTS WANTED for the Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder

Active workers everywhere can earn big wages; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

SEND NO MONEY Cut out and return this advertisement to us, and we will send you this fine, improved, high arm, high grade, Drop Head, Five-Drawer, Oak Cabinet, 10-year guaranteed Sewing Machine by freight C. O. D., SUBJECT TO EXAMINATION. You can examine it at your freight depot, and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, as good a machine as you can buy elsewhere at $60.00 to $40.00, THE MOST WONDERFUL BARGAIN EVER OFFERED, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $12.85 and freight charges. USE THE MACHINE THREE MONTHS IN YOUR OWN HOME and we will RETURN YOUR MONEY ANY DAY YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED.

THE NEW 1901 MODEL BURDICK H is greatly improved, combining the best features of $60.00 machines, with the defects of none. For years we have staked our reputation on our BURDICK SEWING MACHINE; we now offer it for the first time for only $12.85. The Burdick H is built on honor from very best materials. Has positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel and shuttle carrier, adjustable presser foot, patent drop guard, beautiful nickel trimmings, novel style handsomely carved beautifully finished solid oak five drawer drop head cabinet. VERY LIGHT RUNNING, nearly noiseless. **AT $12.85** we furnish the BURDICK H complete with cloth guide, 1 quilter, 1 screwdriver, 6 bobbins, 1 package of needles, oil can and instruction Book which makes everything so plain that even a child can operate the machine. For 15 cents extra, or $13.00, we furnish in addition to above a complete set of HIGHEST GRADE FOOT ATTACHMENTS packed in metal box, including 1 ruffler, 1 shirring plate, 1 tucker, 1 underbraider, 1 binder, 1 short feet and set of hemmers, different widths up to ½ of an inch. In ordering, say if you want these extra foot attachments at 75 cents additional.

This illustration shows the machine closed, to be used as another table, sideboard or desk.

Write for Free Sewing Machine Catalogue.

This illustration gives you an idea of the appearance of this high grade High Arm Burdick H Sewing Machine, which we furnish at $12.85 in the handsome five-drawer, drop head oak cabinet illustrated.

WE SELL CHEAPER MACHINES. Queen Sewing Machine at the superior of all machines offered by others at $15.00 to $20.00, but our 1901 Burdick H at only $12.85, is the greatest sewing machine value ever attempted. Don't order a sewing machine from any other concern, no matter how attractive the offer may seem, until you get OUR FREE SEWING MACHINE CATALOGUE. We are the largest sewing machine dealers in the world and can greatly save you $15.00 to $25.00 on your purchase. ORDER TODAY. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4 to $6.00 Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.

(Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Worms

CASCARETS are a sure cure for tape worms and those other pests of worms that make the lives of children and their mothers miserable. Any variety of parasites that live in the human stomach or bowels, and feed on the substance which should properly nourish the body, are dislodged by Cascarets Candy Cathartic, and expelled. One or two tablets usually drive them out, and persistent use is sure to do away with the unwelcome intruders. Many children and older people suffer from worms without knowing it, and get thin and weak, although their appetite is good. The best way to find out is to take Cascarets. **Never accept a substitute!**

—Brooklyn Citizen.

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people." GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Miss.

The judge began to understand, and

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blotted bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now this great six million box a year greater than any other medicine in the world. This is about twice a year greater than any other medicine. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded, the way today, two, three, four, five years in their second box, as per simple directions, and if you are not entirely satisfied after using one fifty box, return the second box and get the money back by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for the first box. Take our advice, try another what ails you, about twenty Health will quickly follow, and you will bless the day you first planted down a CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchenor

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

A Raging, Roaring Flood

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had Consumption and could not live. Then I began using Dr King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles by Clanton Drug co. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Toffy, Kan., "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in case requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets • any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or S. F. Allison, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

See Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell them for $1a.

N Grip the seasons use Dr. Miles' Nervine.

SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	TAGS.
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 4½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one cash, quadruple plate on white metal	50
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	60
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	60
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	50
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	75
12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-in blade	75
13 Steak, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch	75
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	80
15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	150
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	150
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	150
19 Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles	200
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	250
21 Six each, Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles	250
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	300
23 Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	500
24 Gun case, leather, no better made	500
25 Revolver, automatic, double action 38 or 32 caliber	600
26 Tool Set, not playthings, but real tools	500
27 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome	900
28 Remington Rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 caliber	800
29 Watch, sterling silver, full jewelled	1000
30 Drum Bell Case, leather, handsome and durable	1000
31 Sewing Machine first class, with all attachments	1500
32 Revolver, Colt's, 38-caliber, blued steel	1500
33 Rifle, Colt's, 16-shot, 38-caliber	1600
34 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid	2000
35 Mandolin, very handsome	2500
36 Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge	3000
37 Remington, double-barrel, hammer Shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge	3000
38 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents	25000
39 Shot Gun, Remington, double-barrel, hammerless	3000
40 Regina Music Box, 15½ inch Disc	3000

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $1.45

C. C. Vanegrift, s ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and s ½ of se ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $5.84.

BEAT NO. 3

N. A. and B. C. Graham, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13; one lot in Jemison, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Givhan's lots; tax and costs $5.48

W. F. Green, sw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $5.61

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.22

Mrs. J. E. Latham, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4.80

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.38

John E. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of ne ¼, n ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7.99

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne ¼ less four acres, and n ½ of nw ¼ sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12.20

B. W. Stisbee, se ¼ of se ¼, e ½ of sw ¼ of se ¼, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.85

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs. Sudie Garner, sw ¼ of ne ¼, ten acres in sw corner of se ¼ of ne ¼, all that part of se ¼ of nw ¼, and nw ¼ of se ¼ on west side of the run of Goose-pond Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; e ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69.88

M. L. S. Lunsford, ne ¼ of nw ¼ and w ½ of sw ¼, ne ¼ of ne ¼, nw ¼ of sw ¼, se ¼ of ne ¼ and s ½ of se ¼ sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se ¼ of se ¼ and sw ½ of se ¼, e ½ of sw ¼, nw ¼ of nw ¼, e ½ of se ¼, w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 23 r 13; ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 1 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼, s ½ of nw ¼, s ½ of s ½, nw ¼ of sw ¼, s ½ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne ¼, se ¼ and s ½ of sw ¼ sec 3 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se ¼ of se ¼ sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n ¼ and e ½ of se ¼, sw ¼ of se ¼ sec 25 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of ne ¼ sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw ¼, also w ½ of sw ¼ of se ¼; ne ¼ and s ½ of nw ¼, s ½ sec 13 tp 24 r 14; ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼, s ½ sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s ½ of nw ¼, nw ¼ of se ¼ and ne ¼ sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne ¼ and e ½ of nw ¼, s ½ sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n ½ and n ½ of sw ¼, sw ¼ of sw ¼, s ½ of se ¼, n ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 14, ne ¼ and e ½ of sw ¼, nw ¼ of sw ¼ and n ½ sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $78.92

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2.45

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.52

Owner Unknown, nw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, sw ¼ of se ¼ sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 10 tp 21, r 16; tax and costs $3.16

Owner Unknown, sw ¼ of nw ¼ sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, w ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of sw ¼, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $4.36

Owner Unknown, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.41

BEAT NO. 6

Mrs. Ida Hocks, e ½ of ne ¼, sw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 14 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $3.16

BEAT NO. 7

Junce L. Gardner, nw ¼, n ½ of sw ¼, sw ¼ of sw ¼ sec 4 tp 21 r 13; w ½ of sw ¼, se ¼ of sw ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 5 tp 21 r 13; tax and costs $11.31

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 34 tp 21 r 13; ne ¼ of se ¼ of se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 3 tp 21 r 13; tax and costs $6.16

Mrs. V. H. Goody, [illegible] Dixie, Ala., on s side of [illegible] and west side of railroad [illegible] costs $[illegible]

Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes [illegible] nw ¼, sw ¼ of se ¼ [illegible] r 13; tax and costs $[illegible]

J. H. Martin, [illegible] and costs $4.87

Mrs. C. Paul, [illegible] ¼ of ne ¼ sec 18 tp [illegible] and costs $3.64

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw ¼ of se [illegible] 8 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs [illegible]

H. M. and W. A. H[illegible] se ¼ sec 10 tp 22 r [illegible] costs $3.54

Mrs. Amanda A. Pittman [illegible] of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 20 r [illegible] costs $3.44

This is to notify you [illegible] before the Probate Court [illegible] county at the next term [illegible] commencing Monday, the [illegible] of May, 1901, then and there [illegible] show cause if any you have [illegible] decree for the sale of said [illegible] tate should not be made [illegible] payment of the taxes [illegible] against you and for fees and [illegible]

This 3d day of April, [illegible]

S. M. ADAMS
Judge of Probate.

The Shipmaster's Cow.

A certain farmer is telling [illegible] things about a Rockland ship[illegible] "The shipmaster," he says, "[illegible] cow of a man down city way [illegible] critter—nothin' the matter with [illegible] But it seems the captain's wife [illegible] day thought the milk tasted [illegible] and suggested that p'raps she [illegible] eatin' spruce boughs; sayd the [illegible] fasted like spruce. And what [illegible] do but go out in the pasture [illegible] the cow, to see what she did eat. [illegible] cow was layin' down, chewin' [illegible] and he went along and run [illegible] in her mouth to see what she [illegible] in. Then he was mad. He put [illegible] on the cow and started off [illegible] He met a neighbor, who says, '[illegible] are you goin' with the cow?' [illegible] take her back to the feller that [illegible] ber to me. He's cheated me [illegible] won't stand it.'

"The man wanted to know what [illegible] the matter, and he went on [illegible] about it and says: 'She wasn't [illegible] boughs, but she was chewin' [illegible] that's what's the matter with [illegible] and makes it taste like spruce [illegible] he says, 'that ain't all. She's [illegible] el to the habit that she's worn [illegible] teeth out. She ain't got an upper [illegible] in her head. Back she goes, quick.'

"Of course, the man told him [illegible] was all nonsense—that cows never [illegible] no upper teeth. But he didn't believe [illegible] word of it and went on and had [illegible] nal row with the man that sold [illegible] the cow. Guess he was never satisfied about it or knew what a darned [illegible] he was makin' of himself."—Boston [illegible] (Me.) Opinion.

He Certainly Was a Fiend.

The stage was rolling along the [illegible] you trail when suddenly the [illegible] reared back on their haunches [illegible] lone highwayman with a Winchester appeared on the scene.

"Step out of the hearse, gentlemen, and hands up!" he ordered.

One by one they climbed out [illegible] elevated hands.

The highwayman relieved the [illegible] and several times was forced to wait [illegible] one nervous little man to keep his [illegible] from his pocket.

"What's the matter with you?" [illegible] finally roared. "You make me [illegible] more like that, and I'll pump the [illegible] in you!"

"Please let me," pleaded the [illegible] man as his hand again slid toward [illegible] pocket.

"Please let you?" roared the [illegible] ds. "Please let you perforate [illegible] You're imposing on my good nature [illegible] ny. Look out! Look out! Keep [illegible] mit away from that pocket, or [illegible] Eternal"—

"But it won't hurt you," pe[illegible] the little man. "It won't hurt you [illegible] all! Stand just as you are, [illegible] keep your rifle leveled. There! [illegible] it!"

And while the highwayman was [illegible] covering from his astonishment [illegible] tle man had flashed his [illegible] snapped the button.—Indianapolis [illegible]

Love and Thrift.

The late Professor Shuttleworth [illegible] London was particularly fond of [illegible] how, when he once acted as [illegible] tenens in Devonshire, he had a [illegible] claim the banns of marriage [illegible] young rebel and a village maid. [illegible] fortnight later the young swain [illegible] at the professor's lodgings.

"You put up the banns for me," [illegible] said.

"Yes, I remember," replied [illegible] Shuttleworth.

"Well," inquired the rebel, "[illegible] got to go on?"

"What do you mean?" asked the [illegible] fessor. "Are you tired of the girl?"

"No," was the unexpected [illegible] "but I like her sister better."

"Oh, if the original girl doesn't [illegible] you can marry her sister."

"But should I have to be [illegible] again?"

"Certainly, that's necessary," [illegible] swered Mr. Shuttleworth.

"But should I have to pay [illegible]"

"Yes, it would cost you three and [illegible] pence."

"Oh, would it?" rejoined the [illegible] after reflection. "Then I'll let [illegible] main as it is." And he did.—[illegible] Telegraph.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] Lights He Saw and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible]

[illegible] was dropped [illegible]

[illegible] would be benefitted by the [illegible] of a little gravel.

The Editor of the "Chilton Re[illegible]" must be greatly in need of [illegible] of clothes, for in two differ[illegible] places in his last issue he makes [illegible] urgent appeal for help to clothe [illegible] Under the caption of [illegible] "Good News for Maplesville" he [illegible] "Somebody ought to set us up [illegible] suit of clothes. What do [illegible] about it?" Well, all I [illegible] is that rather than he [illegible] would go naked through the streets [illegible] Maplesville, I will give him a [illegible] suit. That surely is "Good [illegible] for Maplesville." In another [illegible] place he remarks that "Nobody [illegible] offered to give the Editor a [illegible] of clothes that he has worn out [illegible] around through briars [illegible] wire fences." You will notice [illegible] only asks for an old suit [illegible] one has worn out. That [illegible] extremely moderate. He might [illegible] of for a new suit. Come [illegible] brother and I will see what [illegible] can find for you.

It looks mightily like this is going [illegible] be a busy time in Clanton [illegible] summer. Work has already [illegible] on the four new brick [illegible] for C. L. Stewart, Mrs. [illegible] W. T. Callen and John [illegible] Robinson. Alfred Popwell is [illegible] plans for the erection [illegible] brick stores on his two lots; [illegible] H. Barron is getting estimates [illegible] two story brick store opposite [illegible] L. Mullins; E. M. Pinckard [illegible] are going to enlarge their [illegible]; Mrs. Johnson is thinking [illegible] building a brick store for the [illegible] Drug Co., and W. I. Mul[illegible] contemplates replacing his [illegible] ture with a brick building. [illegible] has just completed his [illegible] new residence, and work is [illegible] on T. A. Curry's hand[illegible] building. That's a pretty [illegible] record. Well done, Clanton.

We have just got over one elec[illegible] but there's another one to [illegible] little later on, and I have [illegible] wondering if it is not very [illegible] that the reason so few voters [illegible] out at the late election was [illegible] were holding themselves [illegible] the next one. It would [illegible] very surprising if the next [illegible] brings out a full vote. At [illegible], men can't be always [illegible] their work to vote—we [illegible] many elections.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MAY 2, 1901 NO. 26

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

L. & N. is doing a good thing in putting down gravel at the crossing to the depot. It was time, too, for the crossing was sloppy, and in every wagon the east side of the crossing was like wading through a bog. But, of course, all those using the west side had to cross to do their marketing, and it was very necessary they should be able to do so without swimming.

Well, now, if the L. & N. is doing this for the city, they intend to do a good job. The gravel crossing will be worthless unless it is well kept up. There are some places on some of our roads where a few cents of gravel dumped would greatly improve. The expense would not be great, but the advantage to those using the roads would be immense. And, if only a few loads could be put on Clinton streets, what a vast improvement would be made! Our streets are getting in good shape, but a few loads of gravel would help them immensely. I know some of our sidewalks would be benefitted by the use of a little gravel.

The Editor of the "Chilton Reflector" must be greatly in need of clothes, for in two different places in his last issue he makes a pathetic appeal for help to clothe him. Under the caption of "Local News for Maplesville" he says: "Somebody ought to set us up with a suit of clothes. What do you say about it?" Well, all I can say is that rather than he should go naked through the streets of Maplesville, I will give him a suit. That surely is "Good News for Maplesville." In another place he remarks that "Nobody has offered to give the Editor a suit of clothes that he has worn out in running around through briars and barbed wire fences." You will notice he only asks for an old suit that some one has worn out. That is reasonably moderate. He might have asked for a new suit. Come brother, and I will see what I can find for you.

Things looks mighty like this is going to be a busy time in Clanton this summer. Work has already commenced on the four new brick stores for C. J. Stewart, Mrs. Mips, W. T. Callen and John Robinson. Alfred Popwell is considering plans for the erection of a brick stores on his two lots; J. Sartor is getting estimates on a two story brick store opposite Mullins. E. M. Pinckard and others are going to enlarge their stores. Mrs. Johnson is thinking of building a brick store for the Johnson Drug Co., and W. I. Mullins contemplates replacing his store with a brick building. Tee has just completed his new residence, and work is progressing on T. A. Curry's handsome residence. That's a pretty good record. Well done, Clanton.

We have just got over one election, but there's another one to come a little later on, and I have been wondering if it is not very likely that the reason so few voters came out at the late election was because they were holding themselves back for the next one. It would be very surprising if the next election brings out a full vote. At all events, men can't be always leaving their work to vote—we have too many elections.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Our Populite friends are ever ready to cry fraud and thievery in elections, will they please inform us if the appointment of managers at Stanton, a Democratic box, is a sample of their purity and honesty. The managers of that box were two Populites and one Prohibitionist and one of the Pops lived in another Beat. They violated the law in not allowing a Democratic inspector, and again by taking a man from another beat as an inspector.

Clanton, April 26, 1901

The above is from the so-called "Chilton Reflector" and the statement is far from pure journalism and does the undersigned appointing board of Chilton county great injustice. We will say, for the satisfaction of any honest citizen who may chance to read it, that we did what we could to give the democrats representation at each box in the county. The party submitted no names to us as suitable managers, and we made a selection of as good and competent democrats as we knew, desiring that the Democratic party should be represented at each polling place in the county, and not one word of complaint has come to us from any democrat in the county as to the democracy or honesty of the men appointed to represent that party and not a word as to the fairness of the election, and it remains for a little one-horse editor to write such misleading statements as the above, seemingly for no other purpose than to impress the people who may not know the facts that the officers of Chilton county sought the advantage of the Democratic party in appointing managers, when the facts are we would not take that advantage for any consideration, and we do not believe that any man acquainted with us would believe it.

The so-called Reflector says we violated the law in appointing an inspector from another beat. Mr. John J. Letcher lived so near Stanton that we were under the impression that he was in Beat eight, while he is across the line and just over the line in seven. It was simply an honest mistake that did not disturb anyone except the imported one-horse black belt editor of the so-called Reflector.

S. M. ADAMS
M. A. KILLGORE } Appointing
E. B. DEASON } Board

Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic smells like peppermint candy, and is "just as good," but for a different purpose. Try it next time you get hurt or have Colic. Only 50c a bottle at drug stores.

Thorsby, April 29, 1901

Editor BANNER.—Preliminary steps are being taken for the erection of the Thorsby college. The grounds have been cleared up by Mr. S. Howard and the first material placed on them for building by Messrs. W. A. and George W. Mims. We understand those gentlemen donated this work free, gratis, and for nothing, and others of their neighbors will follow suit. It will be remembered that the "Chapel" people have already contributed a great deal for the erection and support of their school, and to take a leading hand in the erection of the school at Thorsby, not only speaks well for the settlement but for Prof. Rasco, who has had charge of the Chapel Institute ever since it was founded.

Very truly, D. N. RIGGINS.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of Lagrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all druggists.

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS.

Name	Beat 1	Box 2		Box 3		Beat 4	Box 5		Beat 6	Box 7		Box 8		Beat 9	Total
		1	2	1	2		1	2		1	2	1	2		
For Convention	7	14	11	27	7	55	11	54	30	29	4	31	6	35	361
No Convention	111	41	165	33	71	2 34	110	96	107	67	32	30	47	125	1239
H. W. Caffey	9	14	10	25	11	54	13	83	32	28	4	28	9	32	352
L. H. Reynolds	113	39	100	33	66	191	104	31	104	67	32	30	44	117	1193

The Democratic nominees received an average vote of 357, and the Republicans an average of 675.

W. F. Aldrich ran ahead of his ticket by 78 votes.

Reynolds' majority over Caffey was 841.

The majority for "No Convention" was 878.

Cedar Grove.

Our industrious farmers are having to plant their cotton over.

Mr. Newt Childress and his charming daughter, Miss Eunice made a business trip to Clanton Saturday.

When a man gets so honest that he doesn't want his kine to eat the grass off his neighbor's woodland he is like the Irishman's tree, "so straight he leans over a little."

Rev. Mr. Cassady filled his appointment at Cedar Grove to-day to a large crowd.

Mr. William Barrett spent Wednesday and Thursday hunting a dead mule, or at least we have been reliably informed that he was inquiring for such a "critter" as he went down the road.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hayes are visiting relatives in Blocton.

Billy, the Boy, says "Saturday was to have been a great feast day in these diggins with the Democrats, but when they came to butcher the beast it was only a little toad." Now, we had decided that he must have been a large frog by the noise he has been making by his croaks.

Mr. J. L. Baker and his mother-in-law, Mrs. P. P. Price, made a hustling trip to Clanton Saturday, Mr. Baker returning home with a severe attack of bilious headache which continued to get worse until Mr. Newt Waller carried him back to Clanton to see the doctor Sunday; we hope he will soon recover.

Mr. Harvey Collins made a business trip to Clanton.

Mr. Frank Price made a business trip to Clanton Saturday.

Messrs. Jesse Hayes and Jack Foreman made a business trip to Clanton Saturday.

If more of our farmers would read the Banner they would be better posted as to when the next election will come off.

OLD PATCH.

New Salem.

Farmers are through planting. Some had their cotton to plant over by planting so early. I guess they will wait for spring next time.

The Sunday-school at New Salem is progressing nicely. We will have singing every first and third Sunday at two p.m., for the benefit of the church and Sunday-school.

We are sorry to say that Mrs. A. L. Collins is very sick.

Mr. J. M. Parker and wife, visited the family of W. M. Martin Sunday.

Mr. Reuben Price and Miss Dora Maddox paid a flying visit to Lomax Sunday.

Several of our young people attended preaching at Collins Chapel Sunday.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want columns of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The white population of the Indian Territory is increasing rapidly; that territory is looking forward to a Representative in Congress at no distant date.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address.

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

It preserves the flesh when lacerated or wounded in any way. Stops the bleeding, stops the pain and heals quicker than anything That is what Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic does. Try it when you get hurt. Ask your druggist for it.

Stanton.

We regret to note that Mr. Dock Binion has been on the sick list for several days.

Several ladies went out on a fishing excursion one day last week, but we didn't see very many fish on their return.

An instructive sermon was delivered by Rev. Little, at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Mrs. Lee Parnell has been quite sick, but is improving we are glad to state.

Mr. J. J. Letcher is visiting relatives in Birmingham this week.

Miss Mattie Cole, of Valley Creek, paid relatives a pleasant visit here Sunday.

Mrs. Cox has moved into her new residence. We welcome Mrs. Cox and family in our midst.

Mr Beodie went to Plantersville Sunday evening.

Mr. S. T. Nelson went to Riderville Monday evening on business.

Mr. Ples Gay, of Valley Creek, was in the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Culver, paid friends a visit at Riderville Sunday

Dr. Claughton, of Maplesville, was in town Friday last.

Rev. W. B. Dennis and wife, of Plantersville, paid friends a visit here Thursday.

Mr. John Oates, and wife, of Clanton, were in our town one day last week. STAN.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich. "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever, and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

It is necessary for some men to die to get out of debt.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address

C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

FOR SALE—One Black Jack, 5 years old, 13½ hands high; well made and in fine condition. Will sell for cash or on time. Apply to H. S. LATHAM, Montevallo, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Dear mother, don't let your Baby suffer and cry with Colic when a few drops of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, diluted and sweetened will give almost instant relief. Non-poisonous and therefore harmless Tastes like peppermint candy and Baby will take it without a "kick." A silver half dollar will get a bottle from your druggist.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

will be at Stanton, Parnell House, on the 6th of May and remain until 9th. At Clanton 13th 14th and 15th. Come promptly. He will be glad to do your Dental work. Latest methods in Dentistry.

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fever, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.

Love does for nothing what many a man wouldn't do if paid for it.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 29 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 684—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock.
7. C. J. Coburn
8. John R. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

JEANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A lecturer on sociology wants to hear a reasonable explanation of why a man has twenty pockets and a woman none at all.

In Arkansas the Legislature has approved a constitutional amendment providing that three-fourths of a jury may return a verdict in civil cases.

One of the problems that confront the modern civilization lies in the fact that nothing of importance can happen without having poetry written about it.

By living a useful and industrious though unostentatious life as an American citizen, the late Benjamin Harrison did much to efface the perplexity over what shall become of former Presidents.

According to the judgment of a Chicago court you are not to jump off a train until it comes to a full stop. Usually persons who persist in jumping off moving trains come to a full stop themselves.

The Swedish Navy, for the size of it, is possibly the most effective of any among those of all the nations, not only because the vessels are substantial, but because the sailors of Sweden are known to be the best in the world.

With a navy already about equal to the combined navies of any other two powers, Great Britain has ordered work begun during the present year on three battleships, six armored cruisers, two third-class cruisers, ten torpedo boat destroyers, five torpedo boats, two sloops of war and five submarine boats. That Hague disarmament agreement seems to have acted like a movement to reduce the cotton acreage.

Our venerable friend, the war cloud in the Balkans, is getting himself groomed up for a spring campaign. His present habitat is Macedonia, which is probably the most dangerous spot on the map of Europe today. If lightning from that cloud should strike there, no one can tell how great the resulting conflagration might be. But the great powers are experts in the manipulation of lightning rods.

The bicycle may pass, but it will pass only when the cycle of human development which produced it has run its full course and the people that made it marvelous in human annals have passed away forever. For, looked at from any point of view, whether from that of service or pleasure, or the result of human thought and skill, or adaptation to popular needs, the bicycle stands to-day as the consummate achievement of our mechanical development.

It is a singular coincidence that almost simultaneously came the inauguration of the president of the United States a change of British sovereigns and the establishment of a new state in the Australian confederation. These three great groups of English speaking people are the dominant powers on every continent but the mainland of Europe, and indirectly they are powerful there. No race speaking one tongue and having essentially the same institutions ever before spread over so large a part of the world or held so nearly all the earth in its grasp states a writer in The World's Work.

Several particularly pathetic cases within the last few months have been the cause of reviving the old agitation in England for the modification of the law which requires that the sentence of death shall be pronounced in each case of a woman convicted of infanticide. This law is regarded by the majority of thinking Englishmen as a crude and cruel relic of those days when in the early part of the last century persons were condemned to death for stealing a few cents' worth of candles or flowers. For many years no woman has been sent to the gallows for this crime; in fact, the term of imprisonment is being continually lessened. But in the matter of the pronouncement of the death sentence, there is absolutely no discretionary power given to the presiding justice. Knowing full well that the Home Secretary will change the sentence to a comparatively short term of imprisonment, still he must go through the ghastly form of sentencing her to be hanged by the neck until she is dead. As those interested in the proposed reform say, this is merely a form of exquisite torture, as cruel as it is unnecessary. An empty formula, it is contrary to all the modern notions of justice.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR READERS

Condition of Coke Business Makes State One of the Leaders—Sad Ending of Memorial Services.

University Won.

The University of Alabama baseball team defeated the Auburn club in a splendidly fought game, the score standing 5 to 1. Donahoo and Ash were the University's battery and Parker and Nesbit Auburns' battery.

Alabama Third.

The census Bureau has issued a bulletin on the coke industry, based upon the condition of the business in 1900. Alabama, sixth in 1880 and second in 1889, now stands third. Tennessee, which stood fourth in 1880 and 1889, was sixth in 1899.

The Loss About $50,000.

A disastrous fire visited the Railroad Compress, on avenue A and Thirty-fifth street in Birmingham, commencing about 9:15 o'clock Saturday morning and continued several hours. About 1,200 bales of cotton were either totally destroyed or badly damaged, to a total loss of about $50,000.

Cotton Nearly All Ruined

The full damage done by the cold just passed, to Pike county farmers, can't yet be determined. However, it is known that the cotton which was just out the ground is nearly all ruined, and many acres will have to be replanted. The cotton seed supply is not abundant, and this will cause a number of planters much trouble.

Burned By Explosion of Lamp.

Bob Abercrombie and Captain Nealy, two young men in the employ of the Bessemer People's Home Telephone Company, were severely injured by the explosion of a gasoline lamp while they were at work on a 'phone in the Bessemer Cornice Works. Their hands and arms were badly burned and Mr. Abercrombie was also burned about the head.

Some Official Returns.

The result of last Tuesdays' election in Jeffferson county was officially announced as follows:

For convention, 1,913.

Against convention, 1,893.

Majority for convention, 20.

The official vote in Madison county was as follows:

For the convention, 2,551; against, 1,520.

In Mobile the total vote cast was 1,074 as follows:

For the convention, 696; against, 378, a majority of 318.

The vote of Tuscaloosa shows the majority for the constitutional convention to be 278.

The vote was 848 for and 569 against the convention.

In Dallas, for the convention received 5,668 votes.

No convention received 200 votes.

In Etowah the official count resulted 189 majority for no convention.

Jackson county went against convention by 281 majority.

For convention carired in Limestone by majority of 168 votes, and in Lowndes the official count shows a majority of 2,860 for convention.

Patriotic Love.

Birmingham has not forgotten the bravery of her intrepid forefathers and Friday hundreds of children strewed the graves of her silent soldiers with beautiful tokens of patriotic love. Memorial Day was observed by the Confederate Veterans of Birmingham and their sons and daughters. Appropriate services, consisting of songs, recitations, addresses and music, were held at the Auditorium. The services were conducted by Camp Hardee, Commander S. L. Robertson presiding, assisted by Pellham Chapter United Daughters of th Confedracy.

Narrow Escape.

Lawson White, a member of the jewelry firm of Murray and White and a prominent business man of Huntsville, came near dying by an accidental dose of morphine. Mr. White intended to take anti-kamia, and instead swallowed two capsules of morphine. He did not know this until he felt a peculiar sensation, and sent for a doctor. It took fouteen hours of hard work to get Mr. White out of danger.

Bessemer Fire.

At one o'clock Monday morning fire broke out in the business section of Bessemer and nearly a block of buildings were destroyed, entailing a loss of probably $75,000. The fire originated in the Bell Top saloon and spread to the clothing stores on either side. The fire department quickly responded to the alarm, and though they fought hard the spread of the flames could not be prevented until several two-story buildings had been burned.

Teachers' Review Term.

In view of the new school law requirements, by which teachers are to be examined July 1st, by State Board of Examiners, and because these examinations are increasing in severity, and many holding low grade license desire a higher, and, too, because so many teachers are desiring higher professional training and emoluments therefrom the LaFayette College will hold a summer school of Pedagogy and review term for six weeks, beginning May 7th, and running to June 13th. All branches in the State Board's Examination lists will be presented for review by an able faculty and the expenses, all told for said term, need not be above $25. All railroads in Alabama and adjoining states offer reduced fare under certain restrictions. Get certicate of payment of fare to La Fayette Ala.

Dog Causes Shooting Where Three Are Shot.

A dog was the cause of a bloody due three miles below Oxford Sunday evening, in which four persons partcipated, J. W. House and his son, Gus House, W. M. Johnson and his fourteen year old son. Both the Houses and the elder Johnson were shot with a winchester rifle, and are dangerously wounded. The trouble arose over a dog of Johnson's which the elder House had killed. Johnson started in pursuit of House, and shot him twice through the stomach. Gus House, seeing the trouble, seized a gun and shot the elder Johnson, and was immediately shot by the fourteen year old son of Johnson, who escaped injury. It is thought that all will recover.

Curiosity Excited.

The appearance of a surveying party consisting of twelve white men and three negroes, which have started out surveying from Thomaston, the present terminus of the B. S. and N. O., has given rise to reports of what is likely to be the ultimate destination of the "Great Short Line." An engineer has just recently returned from making a trip on horseback from Martins to New Orleans and has made his report to the proper authorities. This has come on good authority, and appears to be true. It is stated that three surveys are to be made, one to New Orleans, another to Meridian, Miss., and another to Jackson, Miss. How true this latter is could not be ascertained.

A Sad Ending.

The memorial exercises at Tuscaloosa had a very sad ending. Just as the salutes over the graves of the departed Confederate dead were being fired by the Warrior Guards and the Alabama corps of cadet, the life of H. Foster Hill, one of the bravest veterans passed away in the cemetery. Mr. Hill was walking with a friend, when he was taken suddenly ill and sunk to the ground. Medical aid was called, but life was extinct in ten minutes. His remains were carried to his home at once. A large crowd was present when he died, and they were horror-stricken at the sudden ending of Mr. Hill, who had been in the very best of health a few minutes before his death. Mr. Hill was one of the wealthiest and most prominent citizens of Tuscaloosa.

Harkins Gets the Appointment.

Governor Samford has named John Harkins of Jefferson to be Assistant State Mine Inspector vice McDonald, whose term will expire May 23rd. The Governor said that the race for this position had caused him more thought than any equal appointment he had to make. There were several applicants for the position but the race was clearly between Harkins and McDonald and the one fact that Harkins' indorsement was about double that of McDonald probably won the position for the former.

Another bank has been organized at Mobile, attesting again the wonderful progress of Alabama's Gulf City. The new institutiton is known as the Merchants' Bank and will have a capital of $150 000.

United States District Atttorney William Vaughan has received his commission from Washington reappointing him district attorney for four years for the Northern District of Alabama.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES

Happenings of the Week at the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER.

No LL. D. Degree for President McKinley from Harvard University this Year—Chinese Regulars Back Within Great Wall

Brigadier General William Ludlow, recently appointed military governor of the Viscayas, will return to the United States at once. The distinguished soldier was recently attacked with la-grippe, which has developed into a dangerous case of consumption.

All the Paris papers contain three columns of a passionate appeal to Frenchmen to build the Panama canal. It is an obvious advertisement, signed by the distinguished engineer, Philippe Bunau Varilla, well known in the United States, who himself contributes $400,000. The appeal is based upon patriotic and practical grounds. A cheerful and hopeful effect has been produced in Paris by this unexpcted appeal.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, has consulted with the president in reference to secureing for Mrs. Mary Custis Lee, who holds power of attorney from Geo. Washington Custis Lee, the relics of George Washington in the Smithsonian Institute. Congress in 1869 passed a resolution against restoration to General R. E. Lee, believing the relics belonged to him. Mrs. Lee had only a life tenancy therein and at her death title descended to petitioner, a son of General Lee. The articles were at Arlington when the war began and in 1862 were turned over to General McDowell, who placed them in the patent office for safe keeping. The president holds that inasmuch as the property is merely held in trust by the government at the time when the owner could not protect them, and they needed it and such protecting being no longer necessary, intormed Senator Daniel that it affords him great pleasure to give direction for the restoration to the present head of the historical famiy.

The war deparment is advised that the Chinese regulars, who retired beyond the great wall, have re-appeared at another point within the international area. Strong representations have been made to the Chinese plenipotentiaries in regard to the necessity for their immediate retirement. The French force is in readiness to renew the operations, but has been ordered to await the result of the imperial edicts.

The following cablegram has been received at the State Department from Mr. Squires, the United States charge at Pekin: "The Empress Dowager has appointed a board of National administration to relieve her of her public functions. They embrace three members of the cabinet now with the Empress at Sian Fu and Prince Ching, Viceroy Lian and Prince Kung, who are now in Pekin." This news is regarded as of importance, indicatng as it does the relinquishment by the Empress Dowager of the arbitary powers she heretofore has exercised.

Private advices to merchants in San Francisco state that the War Department has under favorable consideration an action for the establishment of an American line of steamers to Manila proposed by the mercantile interests of that city.

The Maryland Steel Company, which built the torpedo boat destroyer Worden, Wipple and Truxton notifies the Navy Department that invitations to christen these vessels have been sent to Miss Isabelle Truxton, of Norfolk, in the case of Truxton; Miss Katherine Whipple Sibley of Detroit, in the case of the Whipple, and that Mrs. John L. Worden, widow of the late Admiral Worden has been requested to select a suitable person to christen the Worden. It is expected the three destroyers will be launched at the ship yards on Sparrow's Point, Baltimore, the latter part of next month.

General Pedro F. Balencourt, one of the most influential members of the Cuban delegation, says: "It should be understood that we are here for the purpose of studying the entire question of the relations between the United States, more particularly as presented by the Platt amendment. But it is a mistake to think that we have presented any proposition or that there is anything thus far beyond a slight effort to bring the views entertained by the Cubans here to a focus.

The Mexican ambassador has received a denial from his government of the report that the Mexican government has given a concession of 5,000,000 of national land in the states of Tamaulias, Vera Cruz, Coahuila and Durango for colonization purposes.

The administraiton has succeeded in securing a collection of opinions from the leaders of the senate of all political parties upon which to base negotiations for a new isthmian canal treaty. Now that it is aware of the wishes of the most of the senators, the only problem before the state department is to frame treaty that will reflect those views, ensuring a two-thrids vote for ratification, and yet shall be acceptable to the British government. It is expected that the draft of a treaty will be framed before long, probably the latter part of June on Mr. Hay's return from the west.

Congressman Irwin recommended to the civil service commission the removal of John H. Casey and Thomas F. Ditto from their positions as members of the board of examiners of the engineer service at Louisville. It is alleged by Representative Irwin that the engineers' board of Louisville has practical control over the discharge and appointment of the several hundred employes at the canal locks, and that the appointees are selected exclusively from among the friends of Casey and Ditto.

SHOE INDUSTRY BOOMING.

The Famous Factory at Brockton, Mass., to Be Enlarged.

Boston, Mass.—The boom in New England industries continues and reports from the factory centres tell one tale of universal business activity. No line seems to be in a more prosperous state than is the shoe industry. From Brockton come especial encouraging reports. W. L. Doulgass is going to increase the capacity of his factory to 6,000 pairs of shoes per day.

The addition will be made in the form of a wing running out from the front of the factory 100 feet deep, forty feet wide and four stories high. This will add 16,000 square feet of space for manufacturing purposes.

About $4,000 more per week will be paid out to shoemakers. Which will go to increase the prosperity of the community at large.

When the factory starts up the first of July it will be on an output of 500 dozen pairs of shoes per day, and the weekly pay roll, exclusive of office help, superintendent, foremen, etc., will be $22,000 per week to those actually engaged in making shoes.

The salesmen on the road are selling twenty-five per cent more goods than last season, and to take care of this increased business the erection of the addition is made necessary. The increased sale is the direct result of extensive advertising, the expenditure for which is now larger than at any other period, and is to be still further increased.

Killed at Brookside.

Coroner Paris, of Birmingham, was called to Brookside Sunday night to investigate the killing of a negro man at that place. Neither the name of the negro nor any cicrumstances surrounding the killing could be ascertained. His body was found late Sunday after noon.

Cannot Collect for Whisky.

Judge Holmes of the Des Moines District Court, has decided that a liquor firm outside the state cannot collect for goods shipped into the state and consigned to a factor acting on salary or commsision.

Great Preparation.

Great preparations are being made to receive President McKinley when he stops for a short time in Decatur. At a joint meeting of the mayors and citizens of the two Decaturs, plans were formulated and committees appointed to see that the towns appear to good advantage. The entertainment committee, as well as all other committees, are equally divided between the two towns. The ladies will present Mrs. McKinley witn a beautiful floral piece, "With Welcome to the Decaturs."

Citizens Interested in New Road.

The question of building the proposed railroad from Courtland to Lamb's Ferry on the Tennessee river, eight miles from Courtland, is being discussed on every hand. Many of the leading citizens of this section are very much interested, and it looks very much as if the project will go through. The distance from Lamb's Ferry to Decatur is twenty miles.

LATE STATE NEWS

They Want a New County.

The citizens of Shelby county held a mass meeting Saturday. J. L. Oliver was elected chairman and Abercrombie secretary. After the chairman had explained the object of the meeting and after other citizens had spoken, Mr. Abercrombie offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That all citizens in Coosa Valley between the Calera creek in Shelby county and Backbone mountain in St. Clair are urgently requested to attend a meeting to be held at Vandergrift on Saturday, the 11th day of May to discuss and to take into consideration the best plans to be adopted to secure the constitutional convention to grant the necessary steps to create a county living in the territory referred to, to procure the creation and establishment of a new county in said territory."

Governor on Negro Problem.

Gov. W. J. Samford, in a letter to a New York paper says the south does not object to the efforts of philanthropists to assist the negro in education or otherwise. The south generously disperses the school fund between the races. The southern people have the kindest feeling for the negro and have no objection to what he may receive to better his condition. The negro problem is necessarily committed to the white people of this state, and I doubt if it can be successfully undertaken by those who live hundreds of miles away and are ignorant of existing conditions. Misdirected effort might retard rather than help his condition."

Linden Looking for Railroad.

Linden people are very much interested in the outlook for a railroad. A corps of engineers started out one day morning from Thomaston to run a line from that place to Nanahubba, passing on the Bigbee river, just above Myrtlewood. This line goes about one and a half miles south of Linden. Other surveys will no doubt be made before ther oute is permanently located, and it is thought by many that the better route can be had nearer Linden, about one mile south where the road will strike the old road bed intended for the Linden and Beckley railroad, which was built by the citizens of Linden in the palmy days before the war.

Lands Optioned.

A well informed gentleman says that there is scarcely an acre of agricultural land in the county of Tuscaloosa that is not optioned. These options have been taken on lands far down the Warrior river, but lying in Tuscaloosa county. There are several parties holding these options, but there is one company which owns options on about 200,000 acres of the best lands in the county, and it is believed that eventually these will prove to be very valuable to the holders of them. A Louisville syndicate is also interested in options on a large amount of timber land in the county, and these lands, more or less covered by these options.

Josiah Morris Bank.

The Josiah Morris bank, of Montgomery, opened its doors for business Tuesday morning. The bank has been closed for nearly three months while arrangments with the creditors for a settlement. Under the agreement the bank will make five semi-annual payments before liquidating.

Hanged Herself.

Miss Dora Reaves a young lady of Camp Hill, hanged herself last week. She had recently been affected with epileptic insanity.

A Peculiar Death.

W. Henry Schnitzer, engineer on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, met his death in a mysterious and horrible manner by being run over by a freight train at Cullman. Mr. Schnitzer was in charge of the engine on freight train No. 16, second section, and had waited at Cullman for three freight trains, section men to pass him. When he arrived at this place, in accordance with the orders given by the train dispatcher, he took the siding. For some reason he alighted from his engine and was seen no more until his badly mangled body was found a short time after.

Extension of Stove Foundry.

Foundations for a large addition to the Lizzie Lowman Stove Foundry, of Sheffield, have been completed. The company will, upon the completion of its enlargement, add sixteen men to its force, besides adding new patterns of stoves to its output. The foundry is full up with work, shipping two car loads of stoves.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Reviews Incidents of The "Late Unpleasantness."

A TRIBUTE TO "TIGE" ANDERSON.

The Union of Georgia and Kentucky Regiments Formed the Brigade Which General Lee Led

General G. T. Anderson (Old Tige) and Colonel Tom Taylor have just passed over the river. They were about the same age and were close to each other during the civil war. General Anderson was our brigade commander and Colonel Taylor commanded one of his regiments, the First Kentucky. Since the war one of them was made chief of police of Atlanta and the other of Louisville, Ky. Taylor was next to the last of the surviving colonels of that brigade. It was General Bartow's old brigade, composed of the Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Eleventh Georgia regiments and the First Kentucky and a Virginia battery. The regiments changed their colonels many times and of the old Eighth only one (Colonel Towers), who was its fifth colonel, now survives. None but the veterans know how numerous were these changes of commanding officers.

The records show that but one of the Georgia regiments that went into service in 1861 and 1862 brought back the same colonel it took out. The officers of the companies were changed oftener than the colonels. Deaths, resignations and promotions were ever going on. Captain Twiggs' company of the First Georgia regulars had twelve different captains during the war. The personnel of the privates was also continually changing—"disappeared" or K. I. B. (killed in battle)—responded to more names than half the first muster rolls, and recruiting was constantly going on to fill up the ranks.

But I was ruminating about old Tige and Tom Taylor, for after General Bartow was killed I was transferred to General Anderson's staff and followed his fortunes for nearly two years in the Army of Northern Virginia. He was every inch a soldier. He never questioned the wisdom of an order, but obeyed it.

"Ours not to make reply,
Ours not to reason why;
Ours but to do and die"

was his motto. I do not believe he ever experienced the emotion of fear. We thought that sometimes he was too daring. I remember that on one morning during the battles on the Chickahominy he wished to make a personal reconnaissance of the position of the enemy on its left flank, and asked Major Ayer and myself to ride with him. There was a wide, open field between the armies, probably 1,000 acres, and our wing was covered by a forest of thick woods curving around the open space in form of a semi-circle. We kept covered by those woods until we had got far round and were as near to the federal battery as we dared to go. The general said: "Well, there is no use in going back the long way that we came. Let us take the diameter of this circle and save a mile or two." "They will see us and open fire," said I. "Let them shoot," said he, "they can't hit us. We can outride their balls; come on, follow me."

We did follow, but we dident want to and there was no necessity for taking such a peril. I will never forget that ride. The federal batteries opened fire quickly as we flew along the plain. The six-pounder sent their balls over us and behind us and before us and some bounded along the ground quite near us, but the general only waved his hat and smiled. We were all well mounted and made the trip safely, but I never made another pleasance with him. One evening his brigade was at work on the banks of the Rappahannock. We had made a long march and were awaiting orders. The boys were sitting down or lying down upon the grass. The horses were massed behind the mountain range that skirted the opposite bank of the river.

We could not see them, but we knew they were there, for their battery amused themselves by firing over the mountains and dropping their shells at random over us and beyond us. They exploded in the air and did but little harm. We were not disturbed and watched them as we would a pyrotechnic display. General Anderson was stretched at length upon the ground and we were not far away. His fine horse was cropping the grass near the general held him with a long rein that was attached to the bridle. While we were chatting quietly a shell exploded directly over us and a piece of the fragment struck his horse on the head and killed him instantly.

My nearness to the danger stopped my conversation, but the loss of his horse aroused and excited Old Tige to more than usual eloquence. Looking at his horse that was dying at his feet he poured out a language according to his anger and indignation. His anathemas were terrible. "We will pay them for that," said he; "I would have given my right arm for that horse. But we will pay them back two for one. We have come here to fight, and old Bob will give us a chance to get even. Blast their infernal hides! All they dare to do is to hide behind a mountain and shoot at us." He did get even, and Old Tige was comforted; for in a few days the second battle of Manassas was won and a great victory won. Forty-thousand troops under Lee un-

LATE STATE NEWS.

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A TRIBUTE TO "TIGE" ANDERSON.

A Native of Georgia Kentucky Troops Formed the Brigade Which General Lee Led

Generals T. Anderson (Old Tige) and Tom Taylor have just crossed over the river. They were in the same army and were close to each other during the civil war. General Anderson was a brigade commander and commanded one of the regiments of the First Kentucky brigade, and I think it was one of them was made up at Atlanta and the other at Augusta. Taylor was next door to Anderson. Of the surviving colonels of the brigade I think I was general Bartow's aide, Lee was colonel of the Seventh, Gartrell of the Ninth and Eleventh Georgia and Lewis was in the First Kentucky and Georgia battery. The regiments changed their colonels many times and the old Eighth only one (Colonel Lewis, who was made fifth colonel, I believe). None but the veterans knew these changes. Fighting officers were these. I think that but one of the colonels that went into action in 1862 brought back a commission to look out. The officers were changed by death. Deaths, wounds and promotions were ever taking place. In Twiggs' company the first Georgia regulars had three captains and six lieutenants during the war, besides most of the privates and corporals changing—"promoted" or killed in battle—and recruiting officers came more names than half a dozen musty rolls, and recruiting was constantly going on to fill up the ranks.

But I was ruminating about old Tige and Tom Taylor, for after General Bartow was killed I was transferred to Mr. Anderson's staff and followed his fortunes for nearly two years in the Army of Northern Virginia. He was a very rich man. He never questioned the wisdom of an order, but obeyed it.

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was his motto. I do not believe he ever experienced the emotion of fear. I thought that sometimes he was reckless and daring. I remember that on one morning during the battles on the Rappahannock he wished to make a personal reconnaissance of the position of the enemy on its left flank, and asked Major Ayer and myself to ride with him. There was a wide, open field between the armies, probably 200 acres, and our wing was covered by a forest of thick woods curving around the open space in form of a half circle. We kept covered by the woods until we had got far round and were as near to the federal batteries as we dared to go. The general said: "Well, there is no use in going back the long way that we came. Let us take the diameter of this circle and be home over two." "They will see us and open fire," said I. "Let them shoot," said he, "they can't hit us. They can't hit our balls; come on; follow me."

We did follow, but we dident want to. There was no necessity for taking such a risk. I will never forget that ride. The federal batteries opened quickly as we flew along their front. The first pounder sent their shot over us and behind us and behind us and bounded along the road quite near us, but the general never waved his hat and smiled. We reached home safely and made the journey safely, but I never made another such venture with him. One evening a brigade was at work on the banks of the Rappahannock. We had made a long march and were awaiting orders. The boys were sitting down or lying down upon the grass. The enemy were massed behind the mountain range that skirted the opposite side of the river.

We did not see them, but we knew they were there, for their batteries amused themselves by firing at us and dropping their shells at random over us and among us. They exploded in the air around us, doing little harm. We were not annoyed, but watched them as we would a display. General Lee was stretched at length upon a knoll and we were not far away. A fragment struck his horse in the head and killed him instantly. Our nearness to the danger stopped conversation, but the loss of his horse aroused and excited Old Tige to some measure. Looking at his horse that was dying at his feet he used language according to his anger and indignation. His anathemas were awful. "We will pay them for that," he said; "I would have given my right arm for that horse. But we will pay them back two for one. We have come here to fight, and old Bob will give us a chance to get even. Blast their infernal hide-and-seek tactics! All they dare to do is to hide behind a mountain and shoot over it." We did get even, and Old Tige was comforted; for in a few days the second battle of Manassas was fought and a great victory won. Forty-eight thousand troops under Lee utterly routed and vanquished 80,000 under Pope.

I never think of General Tom Taylor but what I think of the great battle of Drainsville, in which he figured, and a smile comes over my memory. The fun of that battle lasted our boys a long time, and Major Ayer at Rome is not done laughing at it yet. The valley of Drainsville was neutral ground and the harvest of hay was great. The two armies were in winter quarters and wanted it. Jeb Stuart assured General Johnston that if he would furnish the wagons and teams and a regiment of infantry he would go for the hay. He said that the owners were mostly southern men and wanted us to have it. Old Joe was suspicious, but consented. The federals were nearer to it and had a large force of cavalry in their camp. Tom Taylor was sent along with his regiment and Major Ayer put in charge of 400 wagons, with four-horse teams to each.

It was about fifteen miles to the valley over a pike road that was generally wide enough for teams to pass each other, but was very narrow where cut through the little hills. Many of these cuts, a hundred yards long, were not more than ten feet wide. The day and the scheme was kept profoundly secret. One morning about the break of day our boys were aroused by the unearthly rumbling sound of 400 wagons rolling over the pike, but that sound was nothing to the roaring of those wagons on their return. That train of wagons was nearly four miles long and by the time the head of the column got fairly into the valley and the major began bossing the loading of the foremost teams Tom Taylor, with his men, were resting in the suburbs and Jeb Stuart, with 2,000 cavalry, were paraded on a hill overlooking the valley. Just then 6,000 federal cavalry came charging down from some hiding place behind the woods and for an hour or more Stuart and Taylor had their hands full.

The federals had an artillery company to help create a panic and they were after the wagon train in desperate determination. In the confusion that followed the surprise Stuart ordered the wagons that were loading to countermarch in double quick and they performed that maneuver with great alacrity until the head of the procession reached the pike and could get no farther, for the body and tail of the train blockaded the highway for two miles both ways. Then came the great stampede. "Then rushed the steeds from battle driven." All along marshal, lives here now and still declares that he turned his team in an eight foot cut and passed two more in a ten-foot cut and had liked to have beat the whole train to camp. His driving was like the driving of Jehu, for he drove furiously.

The big battle of Drainsville never got into history, but it was camp talk at Centerville all that winter. During the revolution of 1776 there was a great battle called the "battles of the kegs" that caused infinite merriment to the continental army and it was set to verse by a humorous poet, Francis Hopkinson, but this is known to Virginia veterans as the "battle of the wagons."—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

the line the alarm was given, whips were popping, teamsters bawling. "Turn, men; turn and save your teams," exclaimed the major. "The yankees are coming." And they did turn, but to this day nobody knows how. Some of the wagoners swore afterwards they flew over and some crawled under and some turned a four-horse team in an eight-foot cut. Colonel Taylor ordered his men to guard the wagons, but they couldn't keep up with them. Stuart's men were in a hand to hand fight with the enemies' cavalry and slashed them with swords and shot them with small arms; but they were outnumbered and had to fight and fall back at every charge.

It was about the middle of the afternoon when the roaring of the stampeding train reached our campground. Old Joe Johnston heard it, for the sound thereof was like the sound of many waters. He understood it at once and ordered a whole brigade and battery to double quick up the Drainsville pike. "I told Stuart," he exclaimed, "they would trick if he didn't look out. Those rascals in that valley are nearly all union men and they got word to the enemy. I'm afraid we have lost some of our wagons, and it will be a hard joke on Stuart." Later on we perceived great clouds of dust gathering over the pike and the roaring came louder and louder and nearer and nearer, and by and by, with the aid of a field glass, we could see Major Ayer rise over the top of a distant hill and halt. He is a fine rider and was astride a fine horse whose name was Selim.

He saw the brigade coming to the rescue and slowed up, the long procession behind him. Man and beast were dripping with streams of sweat that would have turned a saw mill. In the grand melee Colonel Taylor got out off from his command, for the boys were trying to keep up with the wagons. But they all came up in course of time and received the plaudits of their comrades. Stuart worried the enemy so bad that they left the valley with nary wagon and Major Ayer left it with nary hay. But they got it later, for old Joe got his back up and swore he would have it.

Those 400 wagoners were for a long time the heroes of the campfires. One of them, Jim Wilkerson, our former

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Japan is rapidly becoming an important market for the American horse. That country is rapidly increasing her cavalry, and has very recently decided to add forty field batteries to her military equipment. Not much danger of there being a surplus of horses in the United States for some years at least.

THE BIBLE AND A MYSTERY.

Only Three Men in the India Paper Street at Oxford.

It is fairly well known, says the Golden Penny, that the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, having paid £20,000 toward the cost of publication, are joint owners of the copyright of the Revised Version. The copyrights of the Authorized Version and of the Book of Common Prayer, however, are vested in the Crown, and authority to print them in England is given by patent to the king's printers, and by charter to the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge. There is, probably, not another printing press in the world which issues so many copies of the Bible as that of the Oxford university, where the famous India paper, a quarter of a century ago, revolutionized both the Bible and the prayer book trade.

Oxford's answer to the question whether the circulation of the Bible is decreasing is emphatically: "No." The output averages about a million complete copies every year, apart from New Testaments, separate portions and Welsh Bibles. Justly proud of their printing, the authorities of the press make a standing offer of a guinea to anybody who first points out a printer's error in any edition of the Authorized Version and as there are over 70 editions of the Oxford Bible altogether, it is sufficient testimony to the excellence of the work to say that the bill for these errors—the errors themselves being usually of the most trivial character—rarely amounts to more than two or three guineas a year. There are a few obsolete words in the Bible, however—"astonied," for example—which are a constant source of trouble on this account, raising false hopes in the breasts of many a would-be winner of the guinea reward, and involving correspondence with applicants from all over the world.

Today the Bible, in all its stages, is produced by the best workmanship in the trade, and under the most watchful care it is possible to provide. This remark is equally true of each of the three great houses from which we get our Bibles. The Oxford Press is remarkable from the fact that it not only prints its books, but manufactures its own paper, makes its own type for some 50 or 60 languages, maintains its own bindery—where the skins of at least 100,000 animals are annually prepared for Bibles alone—and, in short, does everything connected with the work from start to finish. The Oxford type foundery is interesting as being the oldest establishment of its kind in England.

The Oxford India paper is, of course, of recent date, although its original, hidden among the many other secrets of the mysterious East, may date back to an indefinite age. Only three persons at a time are permitted to know the process of its manufacture at the University mills at Wolvercote, each workman being allowed to understand only one stage of the process. The story of its introduction has been told before, but it is worth retelling. Sixty years ago an Oxford graduate, newly home from India, presented the University Press with a small fold of remarkably thin, yet perfectly opaque paper. In 1874 a serious attempt was made to manufacture a similar paper. The preliminary experiments at the Wolvercote mills failed, but out of these failures presently came complete success, the first fruits of which took the form of an edition of the Bible similar in all respects to the unlimited number of copies printed 33 years before on the graduate's fold of paper from India. This was in August, 1875, and so great was the demand for the new edition that in a few weeks a quarter of a million copies had been sold. Nowadays the Oxford India paper is employed for hundreds of different works and editions, yet it remains as much a mystery as ever.

Over a Million British Paupers.

A time of war is usually a time of little or no pauperism. Yet the British journals are commenting on the fact that in the words of the Spectator, "the number of paupers in London is only 195 less than it was a year ago, a difference which may be dismissed as meaningless" in view of the huge total.

British official year-books for 1901 give some rather staggering facts about the extent of pauperism in the three kingdoms at a time when, trade being immensely stimulated by the South African war, it should be at its lowest point. With a population of 27,500,000 the pauper rolls of England last year comprised 807,471 persons, who were supported at a cost of $56,000,000. Scotland, with a population of about 4,000,000, supported 97,947 paupers at an expense for the year of a little over $5,000,000. Ireland, with a population of 4,700,000, returned 97,587 persons as paupers, for whose support $5,400,000 was raised by poor-rates.

It thus appears that in Edward VII.'s kingdom, despite the passing artificial aid to prosperity of a big war, there are 1,003,005 paupers supported by public taxation, at a cost of nearly $67,000,000 a year.—New York World.

Mock Volcano at the Fair.

One of the unique features of the Paris exposition is the mock volcano or miniature Vesuvius, which cost $1,000,000 to construct. The burning mountain is daily sending forth life-like corona flames and real lava.

The outside of the volcano is planted with trees and shrubs, as well as a good sprinkling of rocks and stones.

Visitors ascend by means of a model railway, and restaurant, cafes and side shows find a place on the side of this diminutive Vesuvius.

REV. DR. TALMAGE

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: In Praise of the World's Redeemer—Portraits of Some of His Great Disciples and Exponents—The Love of Christ Set Forth.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage sounds the praises of the world's Redeemer, and puts before us the portraits of some of His great disciples and exponents; text, John iii, 31, "He that cometh from above is above all."

The most conspicuous character of history steps out upon the platform. The finger which, diamonded with light, pointed down to Him from the Bethlehem sky was only a ratification of the finger of prophecy, the finger of genealogy, the finger of chronology, the finger of events—all five fingers pointing in one direction. Christ is the overtopping figure of all time. He is the vox humana in all music, the gracefullest line in all sculpture, the most exquisite mingling of lights and shades in all painting, the acme of all climaxes, the dome of all cathedrals, the grandeur and the peroration of all splendid language.

The Greek alphabet is made up of twenty-four letters, and when Christ compared Himself to the first letter and the last letter, the alpha and omega, He appropriated to Himself all the splendors that you can spell out with those two letters and all the letters between them. "I am the alpha and omega, the beginning and the end, the first and the last." Or, if you prefer the words of the text, "Above all."

It means, after you have piled up all Alpine and Himalayan altitudes, the glory of Christ would have to spread its wings and descend a thousand leagues to touch those summits. Pelion, a high mountain of Thessaly; Ossa, a high mountain, and Olympus, a high mountain, but mythology tells us when the giants warred against the gods they piled up these three mountains and from the top of them proposed to scale the heavens, but the height was not great enough, and there was a complete failure. And after all the giants—Isaiah and Paul, prophetic and apostolic giants; Raphael and Michael Angelo, artistic giants; cherubim and seraphim and archangel, celestial giants—have failed to climb to the top of Christ's glory they might all well unite in the words of the text and say, "He that cometh from above is above all."

First, Christ must be above all else in our preaching. There are so many books on homiletics scattered through the world that all laymen, as well as all clergymen, have made up their minds what sermons ought to be. That sermon is most effectual which most pointedly puts forth Christ as the pardon of all sin and the correction of all evil, individual, social, political, national. There is no reason why we should ring the endless changes on a few phrases. There are those who think that if an exhortation or a discourse have frequent mention of justification, sanctification, covenant of works and covenant of grace, therefore it must be profoundly evangelical, while they are suspicious of a discourse which presents the same truth, but under different phraseology. Now, I say there is nothing in all the opulent realm of Anglo-Saxonism or all the word treasures that we inherited from the Latin and the Greek and the Indo-European, but we have a right to marshal it in religious discussion. Christ sets the example. His illustrations were from the grass, the flowers, the spittle, the salve, the barnyard fowl, the crystals of salt, as well as from the seas and the stars, and we do not propose in our Sunday-school teaching and in our pulpit address to be put on the limits.

I know that there is a great deal said in our day against words, as though they were nothing. They may be misused, but they have an imperial power. They are the bridge between soul and soul, between Almighty God and the human race. What did God write upon the tables of stone? Words. What did Christ utter on Mount Olivet? Words. Out of what did Christ strike the spark for the illumination of the universe? Out of words. "Let there be light," and light was. Of course thought is the cargo and words are only the ship, but how fast would your cargo get on without the ship? What you need, my friends, in all your work, in your Sunday-school class, in your reformatory institutions, and what we all need is to enlarge our vocabulary when we come to speak about God and Christ in heaven. We ride a few old words to death when there is such an illimitable resource. Shakespeare employed 15,000 different words for dramatic purposes. Milton employed 8000 different words for poetic purposes; Rufus Choate employed over 11,000 different words for legal purposes, but the most of us have less than a thousand words that we can manage, less than 500, and that makes us so stupid.

When we come to set forth the love of Christ, we are going to take the tenderest phraseology wherever we find it, and if it has never been used in that direction before all the more shall we use it. When we come to speak of the glory of Christ the conqueror, we are going to draw our similes from triumphal arch and oratorio and everything grand and stupendous. The French navy has eighteen flags by which they give signal, but those eighteen flags they can put into 66,000 different combinations, combinations infinite and varieties everlasting. And let me say to young men who are after a while going to preach Jesus Christ, you will have the largest liberty and unlimited resource. You only have to present Christ in your own way.

Jonathan Edwards preached Christ in the severest argument ever penned, and John Bunyan preached Christ in the sublimest allegory ever composed. Edward Payson, sick and exhausted, leaned up against the side of his pulpit and wept out his discourse, while George Whitefield, with the manner and the voice and the art of an actor, overwhelmed his auditory. It would have been a different thing if Jonathan Edwards had tried to write and dream about the pilgrim's progress to the celestial city or John Bunyan had attempted an essay on the human will.

Brighter than the light, fresher than the fountains, deeper than the seas, are these gospel themes. Song has not melody, flowers have no sweetness, sunset sky has no color, compared with these glorious themes. These harvests of grace spring up quicker than we can sickle them. Kindling pulpits with their fire and producing revolutions with their power, lighting up dying beds with their gory, they are the sweetest thought for the poet, and they are the most thrilling illustration for the orator, and they offer the most intense scene for the artist, and they are to the embassador of the sky all entusiasm. Complete pardon for direst guilt. Sweetest comfort for ghastliest agony. Brightest hope for grimmest death. Granuest resurrection for darkest sepulcher.

"Oh, what a gospel to preach! Christ over all in it. His birth, His suffering, His miracles, His parables, His sweat, His tears, His blood, His atonement, His intercession—what glorious themes! Do we exercise faith? Christ is its object. Do we have love? It fastens on Jesus. Have we a fondness for the church? It is because Christ died for it. Have we a hope of heaven? It is because Jesus went ahead, the herald and the forerunner.

The royal robe of Demetrius was so costly, so beautiful, that after he had put it off no one ever dared put it on. But this robe of Christ, richer than that, the poorest and wannest and the worst may wear. "Where sin abounded grace may much more abound."

"Oh, my sins, my sins," said Martin Luther to Staupitz; "my sins, my sins!" The fact is that the brawny German student had found a Latin Bible that had made him quake, and nothing else ever did make him quake, and when he found how through Christ, he was pardoned, and saved he wrote to a friend, saying: "Come over and join us, great and awful sinners saved by the grace of God. You seem to be only a slender sinner, and you don't much extol the mercy of God, but we who have been such very awful sinners praise His grace the more now that we have been redeemed." Can it be that you are so desperately egotistical that you feel yourself in first rate spiritual trim, and that from the root of the hair to the tip of the toe you are scarless and immaculate? What you need is a looking glass, and here it is in the Bible. Poor and wretched and miserable and blind and naked from the crown of the head to the sole of the foot, full of wounds and putrefying sores. No health in us. And then take the fact that Christ gathered up all the notes against us and paid them and then offered us the receipt.

And how much we need Him in our sorrows! We are independent of circumstances if we have His grace. Why, He made Paul sing in the dungeon and under that grace St. John from desolate Patmos heard the blast of the apocalyptic trumpets. After all other candles have been snuffed out this is the light that gets brighter and brighter unto the perfect day, and after, under the hard hoofs of calamity, all the pools of worldly enjoyment have been trampled into deep mire, at the foot of the eternal rock, the Christian, from cups of granite, lily rimmed and vine covered, puts out the thirst of his soul.

Again I remark that Christ is above all in dying alleviations. I have not any sympathy with the morbidity abroad about our demise. The Emperor of Constantinople arranged that on the day of his coronation the stonemason should come and consult him about his tombstone that after a while he would need, and there are men who are monomaniacal on the subject of departure from this life by death, and the more they think of it the less prepared are they to go. This is an unmanliness not worthy of you, nor worthy of me.

Saladin, the greatest conqueror of his day, while dying ordered the tunic he had on him to be carried after his death on a spear at the head of his army, and then the soldier ever and anon should stop and say: "Behold all that is left of Saladin, the emperor and conqueror! Of all the states he conquered, of all the wealth he accumulated, nothing did he retain but this shroud!"

I have no sympathy with such behavior or such absurd demonstration, or with much that we hear uttered in regard to departure from this life to the next. There is a common sensical idea on this subject that you and I need to consider—that there are only two styles of departure.

A thousand feet under ground, by light of torch toiling in a miner's shaft, a ledge of rock may fall upon us, and we may die a miner's death. Far out at sea, falling from the slippery ratlines and broken on the halyards, we may die a sailor's death. On mission of mercy in hospital, amid broken bones and reeling leprosies and raging fevers, we may die a philanthropist's death.

On the field of battle, serving God and our country, slugs through the heart, the gun carriage may roll over us, and we may die a patriot's death. But, after all, there are only two styles of departure—the death of the righteous and of the wicked, and we all want to die the former.

What did the dying Janeway say? "I can as easily die as close my eyes or turn my head in sleep. Before a few hours have passed I shall stand on Mount Zion with the one hundred and forty and four thousand and with the just men made perfect, and we shall ascribe riches and honor and glory and majesty and dominion unto God and the Lamb." Dr. Taylor, condemned to burn at the stake, on his way thither broke away from the guardsmen and went bounding and leaping and jumping toward the fire, glad to go to Jesus and to die for Him. Sir Charles Hare in his last moment had such rapturous vision that he cried, "Upward, upward, upward!" And so great was the peace of one of Christ's disciples that he put his finger upon the pulse in his wrist and counted it and observed its halting beats until his life had ended here to begin in heaven. But grander than that was the testimony of the wornout first missionary when in the Mamertine dungeon he cried: "I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand! I have fought the good fight. I have finished my course. I have kept the faith. Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous judge, will give me in that day, and not to me only, but to all them that love His appearing!" Do you not see that Christ is above all in dying alleviations?

Toward the last hour of our earthly residence we are speeding. When I see the spring blossoms scattered I say, "Another season gone forever." When I close the Bible on Sabbath night, I say, "Another Sabbath departed." When I bury a friend, I say, "Another earthly attraction gone forever." What nimble feet the years have!

The roebucks and the lightnings run not so fast. From decade to decade, from sky to sky, they go at a bound. There is a place for us, whether marked or not, where you and I will sleep the last sleep, and the men are now living who will with solemn tread carry us to our resting place.

So, also, Christ is above all, in heaven. The Bible distinctly says that Christ is the chief theme of the celestial ascription, all the thrones facing His throne, all the palms waved before His face, all the crowns down at His feet. Cherubim to cherubim, seraphim to seraphim, redeemed spirit to redeemed spirit, shall recite the Saviour's earthly sacrifice.

Stand on some high hill of heaven, and in all the radiant sweep the most glorious object will be Jesus. Myriads gazing on the scars of His suffering, in silence first, afterward breaking forth into acclamation. The martyrs, all the purer for the flame through which they passed, will say, "This is Jesus, for whom we died." The apostles, all the happier for the shipwreck and the scourging through which they went, will say, "This is the Jesus whom we preached at Corinth, and in Cappadocia, and at Antioch, and at Jerusalem." Little children, clad in white will say, "This is the Jesus who took us in His arms and blessed us, and when the storms of the world were too cold and loud brought us into this beautiful place." The multitudes of the bereft will say, "This is the Jesus who comforted us when our heart broke." Many who had wandered clear off from God and plunged into vagabondism, but were saved by grace, will say: "This is the Jesus who pardoned us. We were lost on the mountains, and He brought us home. We were guilty and He made us white as snow." Mercy boundless, grace unparalleled. And then, after each one has recited his peculiar deliverances and peculiar mercies, recited them as by solo, all the voiced will come together in a great chorus, which shall make the arches re-echo with the eternal reverberation of gladness and peace and triumph.

Edward I. was so anxious to go to the Holy Land that when he was about to expire he bequeathed $160,000 to have his heart after his decease taken and deposited in the Holy Land, and his request was complied with. But there are hundreds today whose hearts are already in the holy land of heaven. Where your treasures are, there are your hearts also. John Bunyan, of whom I spoke at the opening of the discourse, caught a glimpse of that place, and in his quaint way he said: "And I heard in my dream, and, lo, the bells of the city rang again for joy. And as they opened the gates to let in the men I looked in after them, and, lo, the city shone like the sun, and there were streets of gold, and men walked on them, harps in their hands to sing praises with—all. And after that they shut up the gates, which when I had seen I wished myself among them."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 5.

Subject: Jesus and Peter, John xxi., 15-25—Golden Text, John xxi., 17—Memory Verses, 15-17—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

15. "When they had dined." Eating together was a token of fellowship and here shows Jesus's perfect reconciliation to all His disciples. "Simon, son of Jonas." He does not call him Cephas, or Peter, the name He had given him, for he had lost the credit of his strength and stability which those names signified. By thus addressing him it would the more affect him and bring vividly before him his denial. "Lovest thou Me?" There were special reasons why this question should be put to Peter. (1) He had denied his love for Christ and there was reason for Christ to suspect his love. (2) He must learn that love for Christ is the thing most commendable and the surest proof of penitence. There is a curious change of terms here, and, if we would fully understand this passage, it is necessary to call attention to some of the delicate shades of meaning in the Greek, which do not appear in our English translations. Jesus uses the word love three times in His questions, and Peter uses it three times in his answers, but in the original the word which Jesus uses in His first two questions (agapao) is a different word from that which Peter uses (phileo) in all his answers. In the third asking Jesus uses Peter's word. "More than these." That is, more than these other disciples love Me. He had declared, "Though all men shall be offended because of Thee, yet will I never be offended." Christ would now hear his present testimony. Others think that by "more than these," Jesus meant the boat, nets and fish—in fact, his business. Whether Christ meant this or not, it should be remembered that if our love for Christ is perfect, we will love Him more than we love our earthly possessions. "Thou knowest that I love Thee." He could not only profess love to Christ, but he could tell Him that He knew that there was love in his heart. He was confident that Jesus knew that he loved Him. "Feed My lambs." This is a commission to give spiritual food to the youngest and weakest in the flock of Christ.

16. "Feed My sheep." Here He uses a word which signifies to tend a flock, not only to feed, but to take care of, guide, govern, defend, etc., by which He seems to intimate that it is not sufficient merely to offer the bread of life to the congregation of the Lord, but he must take care that the sheep be properly collected, attended to, regulated and guided.

17. "The third time." The three questions could not but recall the three denials, and the form of the last question could not but vividly bring back the thought of the failure of personal devotion at the moment of trial. "Lovest thou Me?" This time Jesus uses Peter's word for love. "Was grieved." Because He pressed the question the third time and thus called attention to his failure, and because in changing the word he had used for love He seemed to imply a doubt of his love. It has been suggested that Peter feared lest Christ still saw something wrong in his heart that would lead to another fall. "Thou knowest all things." He was sure of Christ's perfect knowledge, and humbly appeals to Him for proof of his love. "Feed My sheep." Still another word is used here by Christ to represent the flock committed to Peter's care, which means "little sheep;" "the sheeplings," the tender and delicate that needed special care. The purpose of these questions seems to have been, 1. To show Peter that Jesus knew his failures and heartily forgave them. 2. To guard him against his natural self-confidence lest he should again fall. 3. To show his brethren that he was fully restored. 4. To set clearly before him the great work he was to do. 5. To impress upon him that only in deep and earnest love to Jesus could he do this work.

18. "Verily, verily." These words express the truthfulness and unchangeableness of what is to follow. "When thou wast young," etc. Peter must have been about middle life. He now went where he chose to go, but the time would come when he would be carried by others. This forecast of Peter's future seems to have been for the purpose of encouraging him by the assurance that, however he may have failed in the past, he would henceforth go on boldly, even to crucifixion. "Shall be old." Peter lived thirty-six years after this, and was crucified at Rome about the year 66 A. D. "Another shall gird thee." Such as were condemned to be crucified were tied to the cross until the nails were driven. "Wouldest not." While Peter was willing to die for Christ, yet he was a man and would naturally shink from the torture of the cross. Ancient writers state, however, that he considered it such a glorious thing to die for Christ, that "he begged to be crucified with his head downward, not thinking himself worthy to die in the same posture in which his Lord did."

19. "Glorify God." The good man glorifies God in his death as well as in his life. Psa. 116: 15; Phil. 1: 20. In an especial manner did the death of the martyrs glorify God: for they gave their lives in defense of the truth. "Follow Me." Jesus probably desired to take Peter aside for the purpose of speaking privately with him. Many think that Christ meant by this that Peter was to follow Him to the "cross."

20. "Seeth the disciple." That is, Peter turned about and saw John, the author of this gospel, following. "Which also leaned," etc. See John 13: 21-25.

21. "What shall this man do?" "And this man what?" R. V. margin. What is to become of him? Must he partake of like sufferings, and testify his love by dying for Thee? This question, although dictated by love, should not have been asked. To Peter it was given to know what manner of death he was to die, but it would not be best that this should be known in the case of every disciple or apostle.

22. "That he tarry till I come." There is great difference of opinion as to Christ's meaning. By the words, "till I come," did Jesus mean His second coming, and that John was never to die; or His coming to destroy Jerusalem; or did He mean that John was to remain at that place until He and Peter returned from a private interview? John lived for many years after the destruction of Jerusalem, and was the only one of the apostles who did not die a violent death. The disciples themselves understood that Jesus meant that John should not die. V. 23. Who can say when or how he died? St. John himself, at the time of writing this gospel, seems not to have known clearly whether he should die or not; he merely stated what Jesus had said, and if he understood he did not think it proper to explain. John Wesley thinks John was translated.

There will be only eighty-six new members in the next Congress, 270 of the old members of the House having been re-elected.

Some idea of the coach horse business is suggested by these high priced roadsters indulged in by wealthy owners of coaches. The sensational price of $23,000 to $41,000 paid by Robert Bonner for Dexter and Maud S. respectively, have not been duplicated in the past decade, yet the Abbot sold recently for $28,500—quite a fortune to invest in a single animal.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

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Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
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THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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CIRCUIT court meets on Monday, May 13. There is a light docket.

IT is calculated there will be an opposition of about twenty in the Constitutional convention.

THE banking house of Josiah Morris & Co., resumed business at Montgomery on Tuesday.

BIRMINGHAM is indulging in a street fair this week. The railroads have granted a rate of one fare for the round trip.

JEFFERSON county gave a majority of twenty for the Constitutional convention. A pretty close shave for the biggest county in the State.

GOOD old Dallas came up with a majority of 5468 for the convention. White folks and negroes all vote one way in good old Dallas.

BY a change of schedule on the M. & O. subscribers, whose postoffice is on that road, will receive The Banner as soon as their postoffice is open Friday morning.

Correspondents will oblige by seeing that their communications reach us not later than Tuesday night. It is impossible for us to use them when they reach us later than that time.

PRESIDENT McKinley and party passed through Alabama on Tuesday on their Californian trip. The train in which they are travelling is said to be one of the finest ever put on the road.

IN his charge to the Grand Jury of Butler county on Monday Judge Richardson asked that a special investigation be made of the conduct of all the county officers.

A SERIOUS collision occurred at Calera yesterday. A freight train on the Southern cut into another freight on the L. & N. The engineer on the Southern train was badly injured. To colored firemen were also seriously bruised. Two L. & N. and three Southern cars were totally destroyed and the Southern engine turned over twice before landing at the bottom of the embankment.

Closing Exercises at Collins Chapel.

The closing exercises of this popular school took place on Tuesday according to program. There was a large attendance and much regret expressed at the coming departue of Prof. Rasco, who is going to Thorsby.

The recitations and addresses were excellent and highly applauded by the audience. Judge Adams made an interesting address and gave some good advice to the students.

At night the program was concluded by an excellent concert given by the students and all expressed themselves delighted with the general progress of the school under Prof. Rasco's admirable superintendence.

Crop Conditions.

Following is the weekly summary of the Weather Bureau of crop conditions: Throughout the central, east gulf and south Atlantic states the general condition of corn is poor, owing, it is still, to unseasonably cool and wet weather, and much replanting in these districts is necessary. The unfavorable effects of the frosts of the previous week appear to have been more serious to cotton in the central districts of the cotton belt than was indicated in the preceding bulletin. Much of the crop that was up prior to the 18th in Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama was killed, necessitating extensive replanting. The bulk of the Texas crop is now planted and planting is progressing over the northern part of the cotton region. Widespread scarcity of seed is reported from the central and eastern districts. Some tobacco has been transplanted in South Carolina but none northward.

The eleventh annual convention of the State Christian Endeavor Societies of Alabama came to an end Sunday night. The Convention was the most successful in the history of the organization. It was largely attended. The speakers were the best that could be secured, the music was grand; the hospitality of the citizens of Montgomery was unbounded, a Christian warmth seemed to permeate the meetings and everything was favorable for a most successful convention.

STOPS THE COUGH
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Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Our Tariff and Its Revision.

It is likely that the best course the United States could pursue would be to take up at an early date a thorough revision of the existing tariff with a view to cutting out of it all needlessly high rates of duty, and making it as little obstructive of foreign commerce as circumstances will permit. It is plain enough that the time has come when many schedules, like that of iron and steel, for instance, could be sweepingly revised. There will be much less danger of attempts at European exclusion of American wares if we proceed to pull down some of the barriers the need of which we have outgrown. For example, with the American Tin Plate Company now an integral part of an iron and steel corporation capitalized at almost a billion and a half dollars, there is no longer any need to fear the competition of European tin plate. The only point to be considered is that of the maintenance of the American scale of wages. Nor is there any much reason for dealing with the tariff as a party question. According to the sounder theory of American protectionists, the high tariff was to be justified as a temporary means to an assured end. Certainly, that end has now been to a great extent, at least, accomplished; and this country has reached, relative to other countries, a position of high and mature industrial development. Even admitting that under conditions existing ten or twenty years ago there was close relation between the tariff system and the rate of wages, it would not follow of necessity that under the different conditions now existing the average standard of wages in the United States would be much affected by a rapid change from a protective to a revenue tariff. The old time theoretical arguments of the protectionists and free traders may all be safely neglected, in the working out of a tariff-revision adapted to the new epoch.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for May.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at the Clanton drug store.

Program Teachers' Institute at Jemison, May 24-25.

FRIDAY, 24, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, J. M. Collier. Response, R. E. R. Hicks.

11. Teachers' Preparation for Classwork, W. C. Evans, Miss Alice Strock.

11.30. Drawing in Public Schools Miss Mary E. Haley. Noon recess.

2 p.m. Aims and Methods in Mathematical Work. R. D. Carmichael.

3. School Environments, J. N. Dennis, G. B. Wheeler.

3:30. The five month's School Law, by the Institute.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Opening Exercises.

9:30. Methods of teaching Grammar, R. E. R. Hicks, W. H. Connell.

10. A Course of Study for Country Schools, N. J. Jennings.

10.30. Requisites to Successful Teaching. R. O. Headley, Miss Addie Horsley.

11. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? H. L. Davis, Miss Ida Horn. Noon recess.

2 p.m. What should Pupils be taught outside of Text-book? R. B. Waldrup, Miss Rosa Thornton.

3. Live questions to be discussed by the Institute.

1st. Give your methods of holding the attention of your pupils.

2d. How would you prevent whispering and would you forbid it altogether.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening by Prof. Collier's school.

Committee—R. A. Rasco, G. L. Speer, Thomas Williams, J. W. Moore.

The Confederate Reunion at Memphis

Probably the most important question on the lips of all those who will attend the Confederate Reunion to be held in this city next month, is that of how to secure accommodation during the three days' official gathering of the ex-Confederate Veterans. The work of the Information Committee, in conjunction with the carefully prepared plans of the Committee on Hotels and Accommodations, is now in such state as to be able to furnish a complete answer to this vital question.

Preparations for the accommodation of about 70,000 people during this Reunion visit have already been completed, but there is still ample and comfortable room in waiting for thousands more. The Information Committee, consisting of 400 members, is ready to furnish accommodations for any and all who wish to write to them on that subject. Upon inquiry this committee will mail a blank to those interested, this blank being provided with spaces which, when filled out by the applicant, will show clearly how many people desire rooms, what price per day they wish to pay for the same, whether there will be ladies in the party or no, and how long the visitors in question intend to stay in Memphis. Letters of inquiry should be addressed to Chairman of the Assignment Committee, 12 Cotton Exchange Building, Memphis, Tenn.

He Is A Wonder.

All who see Mr. C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, as he is now, cheerful, erect, vigorous, without an ache could hardly believe he is the same man, who, a short time ago, had to sit in a chair, propped up by cushions, suffering intensely from an aching back, in agony if he tried to stoop—and caused by chronic kidney trouble, that no medicine helped till he used Electric Bitters and was wholly cured by three bottles. Positively cures Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, all Kidney troubles. Only 50c at Clan on drug store.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith I have levied on the following property, to wit:

N ½ of ne ¼ less four acres in the northeast corner thereof, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 35, and the n ½ of the nw ¼ section 36; all in township 22, range 13 east, in Chilton county, Alabama.

Therefore according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, to the right, title and interest of the above named W. T. Smith and K. W. Smith in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 3d day of April, 1901.

M. A. KILLOUGH, Sheriff.

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Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior,
Notice No. 21857
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
April 2nd, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner, Homestead entry No. 20720, for the n ½ of nw ¼, nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 to 23 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L. Hogue, Hollie Bates, Gus Marcus, Alex Logan, all of Jemison, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
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SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON, ALA.

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We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. J. MATTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1.00 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS
LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

KEMP & GILES, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets next Monday. [illegible] Road Monday in February, first Monday in April, second Monday in May, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price today 7½ cents.

Same date last year 9 cents.

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE: 1900 [illegible]

Pinchard & Co.	2431	[illegible]
Shelton	2185	[illegible]
Wilson	378	[illegible]
Evans	188	[illegible]
Total	5182	[illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Jean Evans are spending a few days in Birmingham and Pratt City.

Mrs. F. M. Woods has gone to Blocton to be with her husband, Rev. F. M. Woods, who is quite sick with pneumonia.

Misses Katie and Eva Hill, Misses Lula and Eva Burnett and Mrs. J. M. Knight, of Strasburg, spent Saturday in Clanton.

Miss A. E. Robinson, of Jemison, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Adams.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and Miss Emma Potts visited Birmingham Monday.

Knock Down Prices at Mrs. Phillips' millinery store, next door to Abe Kanter.

Mr. R. C. Middleton, of New Orleans, and Mr. D. K. Middleton, of Haynesville, attended the funeral of little Robert Anderson Tuesday.

Mrs. W. F. Middleton, of Mount Carmel, is visiting the family of Capt. W. A. Middleton.

The greatest triumph of modern chemistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Burns, etc., it simply has no equal. Prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from off the deep, blue sea. Sold by all up-to-date" druggists.

Mrs. R. A. Aldridge is visiting relatives in Birmingham this week.

Mr. W. I. Mullins went to the capital city Friday.

Dr. Geo A. Dennis, of Montgomery, is up on the sick list this week.

Mr. R. F. Beasley, formerly Division Passenger agent of the L. & N., was in town Monday.

Died on Monday morning at New Orleans, La., Robert, the only child of Mrs. G. M. Anderson, aged six years. He was a sweet child and has been a sufferer nearly all of his short life. From the arms of his devoted mother he went to join the choir of angels. May the Good Lord be with the bereaved parent in her affliction. The body was laid to rest in the cemetery at Clanton on Tuesday to await the resurrection morn.

Mayor K. G. Faegre of Thorsby was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. A. Davis of Anniston was in town Wednesday.

Miss Mamie Gillam, of Montgomery, has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mrs. Fox Maull, of Montgomery, was in town Saturday.

Miss Maggie Jackson has returned home after a pleasant visit to her parents at Gold Hill.

Mrs. Gip Downs, of Coopers, was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. C. J. Stewart went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Jones spent Monday and Tuesday in Pratt City.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

J. W. H. Shaw and Miss Annie Shaw; Mr. J. L. Dupree and Miss M. J. Yates; Mr. Edward B. Williamson and Miss Ednor G. Shepherd; Mr. C. D. Hagans and Miss M. B. Jones; Mr. Walter Shepherd and Miss Lila Williamson.

Colored. Frank Cooper and Martha Choper; Ceaser Fomboy and Josie Wilson; Lewis Lane and Callie Cooper.

Mr. Winehart, our resident Dentist, wishes to again request his patrons not to wait until court week have their dental work done, but to come sooner, if possible, as he is crowded at that time. Patients from surrounding towns should not wait and have a time set so as to avoid any possible disappointment. My methods are the latest and improved, prices consistent with first class work, and for further particulars, I kindly refer you to any one who has had dental work done by me. Thanking one and all for past patronage, I remain,

DR. WINEHART.

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THE BENEFIT

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We sell direct to
tailer pays for his goo
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, 10 to 20c. 15c pr
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ARTMENT

sold 25 per cent
a quart of our
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1926 First Aven
BIRMINGHAM, A

CLOTHING

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Clanton, Al

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April first Monday in June second Monday in July in lieu of second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7½ cents.

Same date last year 9 cents

RECEIPTS RECEIVED TO DATE:	1900	1899
Packard & Co.	2431	2901
Marion	2185	2[illegible]22
Wilson	372	321
Irby	438	337
Total	5426	5561

Mr. and Mrs. Jean Evans are spending a few days in Birmingham and Pratt City.

Mrs. F. M. Woods has gone to Bastian to be with her husband, Dr. F. M. Woods, who is quite sick with pneumonia.

Misses Katie and Eva Hill, Misses Ada and Eva Burnett and Mrs. J. H. Knight, of Strasburg, spent Sunday in Clanton.

Mrs. A. E. Robinson, of Jemison, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Enoch Adams.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and Miss Emma Potts visited Birmingham Monday.

"Knock Down" Prices at Mrs. Hodges' millinery store, next door to Abe Kaufer.

Mr. R. C. Middleton, of New Orleans, and Mr. D. K. Middleton, of Hayneville, attended the funeral of their Uncle Robert Anderson Tuesday.

Mrs. S. F. Middleton, of Mount Carmel, is visiting the family of Capt. W. A. Middleton.

The greatest triumph of modern chemistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Burns, etc., it simply has no equal. It prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the sweetest rose of summer and cooling as a breeze from the deep, blue sea. Sold by all "up to date" druggists.

Mrs. R. A. Aldridge is visiting relatives in Birmingham this week.

Mr. W. I. Mullins went to the Capital City Friday.

Dr. Geo. A. Dennis, of Montgomery, is upon the sick list this week.

Mr. R. F. Baxley, formerly District Passenger agent of the L. & N., was in town Monday.

Died on Monday morning at New Orleans, La., Robert, the child of Mrs. G. M. Anderson, aged six years. He was a bright child and has been a sufferer for most of his short life. From the arms of his devoted mother he went to join the choir of angels. May the Good Lord be with the bereaved parent in her affliction. The body was laid to rest in the cemetery at Clanton on Tuesday to await the resurrection morn.

Major K. G. Foegre of Thorsby was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. A. Davis of Anniston was in town Wednesday.

Miss Mamie Gibson, of Montgomery, has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mrs. Fox Moon, of Montgomery, was in town Saturday.

Miss Maude Jackson has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends at Good Hill.

Mrs. Cap Downs, of Coopers, was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. C. L. Stewart went to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Jones spent Monday and Tuesday in Pratt City.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons:

Mr. W. H. Shaw and Miss Annie Smith; Mr. J. L. Dupree and Miss M. J. Yates; Mr. Edward B. Jamison and Miss Ednor G. Shepherd; Mr. C. D. Hagans and Miss M. B. Jones; Mr. Walter Stapleford and Miss Lila Jamison.

Colored: Frank Cooper and Martha Cooper; Ceasar Fomboy and Jane Wilson; Lewis Lane and Carrie Cooper.

Dr. Wisehart, our resident Dentist wishes to again request his patrons not to wait until court week to have their dental work done, but to come sooner, if possible, as he is crowded at that time. Patients from surrounding towns should please write and have a time set so as to avoid any possible disappointment. My methods are the latest and approved, prices consistent with first-class work, and for further particulars, I kindly refer you to anyone who has had dental work done by me. Thanking one and all for past patronage, I remain,

DR. WISEHART.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate compounds—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

FREE BLOOD CURE

An offer proving faith to Sufferers.

Is your blood pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your blood with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poisons are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. drains the Poisons and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores a $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. Be sure the bottle reads Botanic Blood Balm. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. Write to-day. Describe trouble and free medical advice given

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St. Washington, D. C.

The self-made man never apologizes for himself.

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Even a seven days' talk may be a weak argument.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Petarson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into twilight turn,
And ever instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agents Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

OUTDOOR ARC.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 20th Av. Chicago, Ill.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Christianity's Rule in China.

Two Chinese heads were stricken off Tuesday in Pekin in compliance with the demands of the powers that punishment should be inflicted upon certain officials who were identified with the recent anti-foreign outbreak in China. Others remain to be punished, some by decapitation, and others still by compulsory suicide. Placing a sword in the hand of civilization which then offers it to the Oriental with the command, "Thou must kill thyself," is something new to our code of ethics.

Rheumatism, Catarrh Cured Through the Blood.

If doctors or patent medicines have failed and you have pains in bones, joints or back, swollen glands, hot, aching muscles or rheumatism, dropping in the throat, hawking, spitting, bad breath, loss of hearing, blurred eyesight of catarrh, then it is for these deep-seated cases that Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is made. B. B. B. will stop every symptom, build up the worn-out body and make the blood pure and rich and make a permanent cure of the worst rheumatism or catarrh. Don't get discouraged, but take B. B. B. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment sent absolutely free and prepaid by addressing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given. It costs nothing to try B. B. B. It has cured over 5000 obstinate cases. It gives vitality and strength to the blood.

Roger, King of Italy, is said to have introduced the silk culture into that country about 1146.

In Northern China appendicitis is unknown.

If you would be well, keep well, and ward off diseases of all kinds, keep "Crab Orchard Water" on hand, and take it occasionally, as required. It is Nature's own medicine.

Great Britain makes 300,000,000 yards of linen in a year.

A human hand can be dipped in lead at white heat without danger.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The age of Aguinaldo is uncertain. He does not know it himself.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Aguinaldo is five feet four inches in height.

Don't drink too much water when eyeling. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an excellent substitute.

The man who has a lawn always wants some mower.

Socially ambitious people believe that all's well that ends swell.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Some people work harder over their recreations than they do over their work.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The obstreperous prisoner realizes that a policeman not only collars but cuffs.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

Eyeglasses are made from Brazilian pebble, which is a very transparent rock crystal.

A woman who holds up a train isn't necessarily a robber.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes: rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Some people hold the key to the situation and then are too lazy to turn it.

The resurrection of an old dress is due to the dyeing.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free.

The dikes of Japan cost in the aggregate more money than those of the Netherlands.

To produce the best results in fruit, vegetable or grain, the fertilizer used must contain enough **Potash.** For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

LIVERINA

A purely Vegetable Compound. The best for all Liver troubles.

RELIEVES

CONSTIPATION,
SICK HEAD-ACHE,
BILIOUSNESS,
MALARIA

and that "good-for-nothing" feeling.

For Sale By All Dealers, 50c a Bottle.

Made by

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE YIELD OF POTATOES.

The average yield of potatoes in the United States seldom reaches 100 bushels per acre, yet 300 bushels would not be a large average if farmers would select their varieties and use sufficient fertilizer for producing large crops.

THE IMPORTANCE OF BREED.

Experienced dairymen declare that it costs no more for the food consumed by a cow that produces 300 pounds of butter per year than for one producing 150 pounds. The two kinds of cows will eat about the same quantity of food, but one will convert more food into milk and butter than the other. This fact demonstrates the importance of the breed. The cost of butter from the better cow is consequently one-half less than that from the other, and gives a profit, while other cows in the herd may entail loss.

OBTAINING GOOD GARDEN CROPS.

Two things are absolutely necessary in order to obtain good garden crops, one being the use of good seed, and the other a thorough preparation of the soil. When there is a failure in either of these, neither liberal manuring nor cultivation while growing will enable the gardener to get a good crop, while under these conditions we have seen very fair crops grown on land that was not very heavily manured, or cultivated very carefully after planting. Of course it is better that the four requisites should go together, yet the two we deem most important cost the least and are the most frequently neglected.

MIXING CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

Chemicals can be mixed together and used without any material for dilution. In years of their use for all crops and under all conditions, I have in no case used any dilutant. It is not advisable to use them in large amounts in the hill unless they are thinly spread. The practice of using large quantities in the hill in any event is one not to be commended, so that little danger exists in their use alone when wisely or lightly used. Nitrate of soda and muriate of potash are not safe materials to use in the hill, as it is found that these materials in the early stages of plant growth, when in excess, tend to retard growth.

It is my custom to use half and half quantities of yard manure and chemicals and for corn to spread the chemicals broadcast when used to the amount of 500 pounds to the acre. This system may not give the corn so quick a start, but it calls the roots out and feds them well for the final crop and succeeds.—J. W. Sanborn, in *New England Homestead.*

TO MAKE A GARDEN.

The first thing to be decided is the contour and size of the beds. Often this is predetermined by the shape of the lot; still, beds should follow the curves of paths, as plants rarely look well if grown in straight lines. Curves are not always possible to secure, and, after all, shape is merely a question of taste. Consider the garden and lawn as a whole, trying with fine eye of imagination to see the garden in all its summer luxuriance. An uninterrupted lawn vista is one of the beautiful things in nature; though if one desires a brilliant bit of color to break it with a bed of golden-leaved salvia or one of Madam Bruant geraniums would be striking. A decidedly tropical effect can be secured by using the bronze foliaged ricinus in mass, surrounded by glowing scarlet cannas. If one is fortunate enough to have lilacs, syringas, or the pretty barberry-brushes grouped near the edge of the garden or lawn, here will be the very nook for the fragrant lily-of-the-valley and the lovely amaryllis. Poppies and delicate larkspur all thrive admirably among the hardy shrubs. In planning borders, place tall-growing varieties in the background—for this, cannas with their orchidlike bloom, or the amaranthus may be used. The double dahlia is particularly effective in this way.

As soon as the ground can be worked, the soil must be spaded and turned, that the spring sunshine may warm it sufficiently before seed-sowing.—*Harper's Bazaar.*

HOUSING THE FARM IMPLEMENTS.

There are many farmers throughout the country who should have better shelter for farming tools. In passing a farm recently I noticed a mowing machine, rake and two cultivators standing outdoors. How long they had been exposed I do not know, but it was probably since last used. Allowing good farm implements to stand out in this way is bad management, and the time is not far distant when they will have to be replaced with new. There are some tools that would be almost ruined by being exposed in this way for only one winter, and none of the things would be in as good shape for use next spring as they would had they been properly housed since they were last used.

At present there are many tools that the farmer, cultivating one hundred acres should have, but many of these tools will be short lived unless protected from the elements. I would advise the purchasing of these improved implements if the farmer can afford them and has a suitable place for them when not in use, if not he would better hire from his neighbors for a time. A good substantial building, to shelter all the tools needed on any ordinary farm can be built for a moderate sum, say $50 to $75 according to location. The damage done tools left outside all the year through, would amount to enough in four years to erect a good building and then it is so much better to have the tools free from rust and in good order for using. From a business standpoint the interest on cost of and wear on such a building is far less than the wear on the tools when exposed. Therefore build a tool house. If you cannot afford to put up shelter of some kind for the tools, you certainly cannot afford to own them. Shelter your tools.

Again in many instances farmers who have no tool house are obliged to run their binders and rakes into the barn or stable, where they are much in the way and unhandy to get at, the result is they are often left out until long after done using. Years ago there were not so many tools in use, but that they could be stored without an extra building. There are more used now and some of them cost a great deal of money. Some farmers have put up a kind of shelter for these tools, but not what it should be. A shed is better than nothing, in fact a shelter made of poles and straw or swale hay is better than leaving them out in the corner of the fence.—V. M. Couch, in *The Agricultural Epitomist.*

TO CHECK THE SQUASH VINE BORER.

A handful of tobacco stems placed around a hill of squashes is said to do much to keep away the fly that is the parent of the squash borer. It is also a good fertilizer, particularly if ground fine. But it is said that even more effective remedy is the use of bisulphide of carbon. Make a hole about an inch deep in the soil of the hill, among the vines, and put in a few drops of the liquid and cover it up. The fumes will find their way up to the plants, and if the moth is there it means instant death to her. If she has been there it destroys the eggs of the young borers. If she has not come she will detect the odor and keep away. The fly usually appears in the latter part of July, and the borer begins its work about August 1, and the vines begin to wilt and turn yellow about the first of August, but they are sometimes earlier. When they are seen in a single vine it is quite time to make the application if it has not been done before. It may not be necessary to caution any one of the poisonous or explosive character of this compound, or the danger of inhaling the fumes or carrying fire near it, but better a few unnecessary words than the trouble that might result if these precautions were neglected.

We have known gardeners to give up growing squashes because of these squash borers, or because of the abundance of the large squash bug, yet the latter is easily disposed of by spraying with the Bordeaux mixture, a single spraying being usually enough if the vines are well coated with it. They live by sucking the sap, and do not like the lime and copper flavor.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

FERTILIZERS FOR GARDENS.

Before the farmer applies his fertilizer he should determine the kind of crops to grow. At this season the garden will receive much attention, and, as the different vegetables require different proportions of foods, a knowledge of what to use for each crop may save for the farmer many dollars. Of course, when the farmer buys fertilizers the cost is increased, and it is a direct cash investment, the returns for which depend upon future conditions of weather and treatment given, but experiments published in Farmers' Bulletin, No. 124, by the United States Department of Agriculture, demonstrate that, while the medium amounts of fertilizers may give profitable yields with staple crops, the profit from the garden may be greatly increased by heavy applications of expensive fertilizers. Nitrogen, however, should be used with a view to its probable loss, as an excess may not remain in the soil, while any excess of phosphoric acid will remain over for use during the succeeding season. At the New Jersey station experiments were made on rich soil to furnish information as to the relative usefulness of nitrate, ammonia and organic form of nitrogen for crops belonging to that class in which rapid and continuous growth are important factors in determining the profits to be obtained. The crops grown were table beets, tomatoes, muskmelons, sweet corn, potatoes, sweet potatoes and certain forage crops. The plots were well fertilized with phosphoric acid and potash before the nitrogen was applied.

With table beets, on very rich soil, nitrate of soda was applied in various amounts, heavy applications of fertilizer having been also given the previous year. The earliness of the crop was greatly hastened by the use of the nitrate. For every dollar invested in nitrate of soda for beets there was sufficient earliness and increase to return three dollars. With tomatoes a comparison was made with nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia and dried blood as sources of nitrogen. Nitrate of soda was used at the rate of 150 pounds, sulphate of ammonia, 120 pounds, and dried blood, 200 pounds per acre. The yield of tomatoes was 12 per cent. greater from nitrate of soda than from sulphate of ammonia, and 68 per cent. greater than that from dried blood. The net gain from the nitrate of soda was $53.33 for every dollar expended, while sulphate of ammonia returned $44.26 and dried blood $22.50 for every dollar expended. The plants that received nitrate also produced the best fruit and but little that was inferior. It is, therefore, established that in growing tomatoes, even on the richest soil, progressive farmers will use nitrogen in some form, but the best results from the use of nitrogen are obtained when the very soluble nitrate of soda is used. With muskmelons the best results were also obtained from the use of nitrate of soda as a source of nitrogen, though dried blood proved superior to sulphate of ammonia for muskmelons, the sulphate having a tendency to produce more vine at the expense of fruit. In regard to "culls" it is stated that the percentage of them on the nitrate plots were lower than on plots treated with other forms of nitrogen. Dried blood gave the best results with sweet corn, the nitrate being more liable to be carried beyond the reach of the plants early in the season owing to its solubility.

It has been demonstrated in a great many experiments that plants have their preferences of food, and that for a farmer to attempt to feed all kinds of crops with only one kind of food would be to incur a loss. Plants also utilize certain foods at different stages of growth. Nitrogen promotes rapid leaf growth, but at maturity, when the seed is forming, phosphoric acid is essential. When the land is lacking in any particular element the farmer must supply it or the crop will be deficient, according to the deficiency of the desired element. With garden crops the farmer undertakes to grow early plants and as rapidly as possible. To succeed he must not be too economical with nitrogen, no matter how rich his soil may be, for the experiments mentioned above, with some crops, show that not only is the cost of the nitrogen returned, but a profit over the expense as well, with the advantage of larger yields, better product and earlier use, which points of excellence are very important with all garden crops.

Modern Book Shelves.

Among the modern ideas of furnishings, plainness of effect has a prominent part. One of the latest and most favored ideas for a library is to have perfectly plain pine book shelves, which any carpenter can put up, stained to match the woodwork of the room, to fill every available space in the room between doors and windows, forming a continuous line of books. They should not run up very high, though, about four feet, or perhaps a trifle more.

The Arrangement of Halls.

Hall curtains may be hung from swinging brackets, to be pushed back flat against the walls when a freer passageway is needed. These brackets are often used in apartments where the parlor and dining-room are just by the front door, the bed-rooms and bath beyond. Perfect privacy is then secured the tenant, and a pretty interior is suggested to the visitor. The quality of the curtain must depend upon the surroundings. Sometimes a heavy tapestry can be used, a velvet or a silk, but oftenest a simple hanging serves every purpose.

There is a transparent Japanese silk showing painted flowers or figures, which in many places is better than anything else. The hall is not darkened by it, and at the same time no visitor can see through it. The general effect is apt to be enhanced by a small table in front of the hall curtain, and if the other appointments of the house justify the use of cathedral and church lamps, one of these suspended from the ceiling by the curtains, with pieces of brass or of pottery on the table, will be found most interesting. For the most part, however, the simpler the arrangement of the table the better, a crystal vase with fresh cut flowers or a palm being all that is needed.—Harper's Bazar.

On Keeping Cut Flowers.

A woman who has given much thought and care to flowers gives some valuable suggestions for preserving their beauty as long as possible after cutting. She says:

The ends of the stems of all flowers should be cut off before they are placed in water. It is better to strip the leaves from that part of the stem which will be immersed.

Do not allow the ends of the stems to rest on the bottom of the vase.

In cutting the ends, snip them off at right angles to the stalk.

Change the water each day, and at the same time again cut the ends of the flower stems.

Do not place flowers near or under lights—gas or lamp—when it can be avoided.

Maidenhair fern should be kept rolled up in moistened paper and on the ice, or, with the stems in the water, in a cool place, until ready for use. In this way it will last for some time.

Mignonette is generally grown in a cool house, and for this reason often droops when first placed in a heated room. It is well to put it in the ice-box, in water, for a time, when it will revive, "harden" and, if properly cared for each day, last a long time.

Many flowers do more satisfactorily if placed in water, with the chill off until the stems have become filled, and are then allowed to stand in an ice chest, or very cool place, for a time. Roses will occasionally revive if placed in ice water—always with the ends of the stems previously cut.

Never place cut flowers in a draught or in sunlight—New York Tribune.

Corn Soup—Cut green corn, in season, or canned corn, chop it fine. Put this in the kettle and to one quart of corn add two quarts of sweet milk, a little salt and pepper, and a tablespoonful of butter. When this has boiled five minutes, add a teaspoonful of flour that has been mixed with half a cupful of cold milk. Boil one minute longer and it is ready for the table.

Chicken Cutlets—Take some nice pieces of boiled chicken. Soften some butter, but do not melt it, and spread on each piece of chicken. Have ready beaten two eggs; dip the chicken in the egg batter, then into cracker or dried bread crumbs, which have been rolled fine. Have some butter hot in the spider, enough to cover the chicken; put the chicken in and fry brown, then turn and fry the other side.

Peach Cake—After you have mixed the dough for light bread, take a piece as large as a quart bowl, and work into it half a cup of sugar, half a cup of butter and one egg well beaten. When thoroughly kneaded let it rise, work it down again, and roll it into a thin sheet. Lay it in a well greased pan and cover the top with peaches that have been pared and cut in halves. Press the peaches down into the dough, sprinkle liberally with sugar and a little cinnamon, and when the dough is light, bake in a moderate oven.

"Now Dont Get the Blues.

When a cheerful, brave and light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the blues, a sad picture.

It is usually this way:

She has been feeling out of sorts for some time, experiencing severe headache and backache; sleeps very poorly and is exceedingly nervous.

Sometimes she is nearly overcome by faintness, dizziness, and palpitation of the heart; then that bearing-down feeling is dreadfully wearing.

Her husband says, "Now, don't get the blues! You will be all right after you have taken the doctor's medicine."

But she does not get all right. She grows worse day by day, until all at once she realizes that a distressing female complaint is established.

Her doctor has made a mistake.

She loses faith; hope vanishes; then comes the morbid melancholy, everlasting blues. She should have been told just what the trouble was, but probably she withheld some information from the doctor, who, therefore, is unable to accurately locate her particular illness.

Mrs. Pinkham has relieved thousands of women from just this kind of trouble, and now retains their grateful letters in her library as proof of the great assistance she has rendered them. This same assistance awaits every sick woman in the land.

Mrs. Winifred Allender's Letter.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you of the benefit I have received from your wonderful remedies. Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I was a miserable wreck of myself and every one around me. I suffered terribly with pain in my back, head, and right side, was so nervous, would cry for hours. Menses would appear sometimes in two weeks, then again not for three or four months. I was so tired and weak, could not sleep nights, sharp pains would dart through my heart that would almost cause me to faint.

"My mother coaxed me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had no faith in it, but to please her I did so. The first bottle helped me so much that I continued its use. I am now well, weigh more than I ever did in my life."—Mrs. WINIFRED ALLENDER, Farmington, Ill.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some doubting people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonials we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., the sum of $5000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT

for the TEETH and BREATH

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID	25c
New Patent Box SOZODONT POWDER	25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER	75c

At the Stores or by Mail, postpaid, for the Price.

A Dentist's Opinion: "As an antiseptic and by mouthwash, and for the care and preservation of the teeth and gums, I cordially recommend Sozodont. I consider it the best dentifrice for children's use." [Name of writer upon application.]

HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK.

WINCHESTER

FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

"New Rival," "Leader," and "Repeater"

Insist upon having them, take no others and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

The real worth of my $3.50 and $3.00 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $3.50 GILT EDGE Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true. (Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free. Best Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U. No. 18. 1901.

USE CERTAIN CHILL CURE. "The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

ACTIVE MAN by large Manufacturing House can get, in his own part of country, steady employment, position of trust, good salary. G. L. F. CO., 100 Chemical Building, K. C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.

EXPORTING LOCOMOTIVES

Despite the Most Active European Competition.

SCHEME TO SEIZE CHINESE EMPRESS

Tuberculosis Serum Proving to Be an Effective Cure—Postmaster Dynamiter Sails to Cover His Own Guilt in Florida.

Tuberculosis Serum.

Dr. Carlos L. Villar, an Argentine army surgeon, has just published a report of the treatment of fifty cases of tuberculosis with his serum at the Military hospital in Buenos Ayres. The treatment extended from December 1 to April 30, 1901. Tuberculosis in the early stage, says Dr. Villar, was cured within forty days. Of the patients whose cases were far advanced all were cured except those who could offer very little resistance to the disease.

Two Burglars Stole a Safe.

A most audacious robbery was committed at Anaconda, Mont., by two burglars who secured $10,000 in gold. The robbers entered the Alaska saloon by forcing in the street doors. Boldly picking up a 300-pound safe they loaded it on to an express wagon. Driving outside the city limits, they broke the safe open and secured $10,000 in gold. Putting the broken safe into the wagon they started toward town and made good their escape. There is no clue.

French Had a Great Scheme.

A Paris paper affirms that General Bailloud and Colonel Marchand, some time ago contemplated an attempt to seize the Chinese Empress and court. General Bailloud approached Colonel Marchand and asked him if he would undertake a certain enterprise which would very probably hasten the end of hostilities. The colonel replied that he was willing and General Bailloud and Colonel Marchand drew up a plan, the execution of which was venturesome, if not feasible. The diplomats, however, learned the scheme and it fell through.

Assistant Postmaster Arrested.

The arrest of Assistant Postmaster J. H. Drexel at Tarpon Springs, Fla., was reported to the Postoffice Department. It was reported that the safe had been blown open with dynamite and $1,000 taken. Inspectors Bond and Bannerman after investigating charged Drexel with being short in his accounts to the extent of $1,000 and with having dynamited the safe to cover his guilt. His mother is postmaster and his father is employed in the Postoffice Department at Washington.

Nine Locomotives.

An American concern has secured a contract for locomotives recently by the Calcutta Port Commissioners despite active European competition. The Indian authorities invited the open market for nine locomotives. The lowest British bid was Neilson, Reid and Company, of Glasgow. Their price was 1,549 pounds each. The Pittsburg Locomotive Works's bid of 1,378 pounds for each was lower. The Pittsburg company also offered quicker delivery, undertaking to fulfill its contract inside of six months, while the shortest given by British builders was nine months. The Calcutta officials accepted the tender of the American company. This is the first contract for locomotives Americans have secured abroad through competition.

Holly Next Monday.

The democrats will hold in Matanzas next Monday the opening rally of the campaign. The platform to be submitted for adoption by the mass meeting favors acceptance of the Platt amendment, and will endorse Governor General Wood.

Czar to Visit England.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Petersburg says that the Czar and Czarina will privately visit England next June and also attend the Glasgow Exhibition.

Spattered With Blood.

Joe E. Ketchum, alias "Black Jack," the notorious outlaw, who had terrorized the people of the southwest for fifteen years, was hanged at Las Vegas, N. M., for train robbery. His head was severed from the body as cleanly as if by a guillotine. The trunk pitched forward toward the floor and blood spattered upon the spectators around the scaffold.

the Blues."

...t-hearted woman is sub... of misery, the blues, it is...

...s for some time, experi... ...ches; sleeps very poorly...

...ome by faintness, dizzi... then that bearing-down...

...get the blues! You wil... doctor's medicine. She grows worse day by... that a distressing femal...

then comes the morbid... ...e should have been tol... ...ably she withheld some... therefore, is unable to... ...ss.

...usands of women from... ...y returns their grateful... great assistance she has... ...ance awaits every sick...

...ed Allender's Letter.

...AME: I feel it my duty to write... ...ce it I have received from you... ...e before taking Lydia E. Pink... ...mpound, I was a misery to my... ...ound me. I suffered terrib... ...end, and right side, was ver... ...r hours. Menses would appear... ...eeks, then again not for thre... ...as so tired and weak, could h... pains would dart through m... ...most cause me to fall. ...d me to try Lydia E. Pinkham... ...I had no faith in it, but... The first bottle helped me... ...d its use. I am now well a... ever did in my life."—Mr... ...NDER, Farmington, Ill.

Owing to the fact that some sho... people have from time to time quest... the genuineness of the testimonial let... we are constantly publishing, we h... ...al City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., ...y person who can show that the abo... ...or was published before obtaining ... LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE C...

...RANT

...DONT

BREATH
25c
25c
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...n antiseptic and hyg... ...eservation of the teeth... ...nt. I consider it the b... ...f writer upon application.]
...EW YORK.

...ESTER R...
...OTGUN SHELLS
..." and "Repeater"
...get the best shells that money can b...
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...NIVE MAN by Jacob Manheim... ...ce in cash paid for 2 days' work... ...ermanent position if satisfactory... ...F CO., 728 Chestnut Street, Philad...

PISO'S CURE F... CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good... in time. Sold by druggists... CONSUMPTIO...

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Bryan Not Planning.

In a statement given publicity, W. J. Bryan says in effect that he has no intention of seeking a third nomination for the Presidency. Mr. Bryan's announcement is in answer to an article in an Eastern paper speculating on his future plans as a political leader.

Will Operate Against Trusts.

At a meeting in Pittsburg on May 8, a movement will be started for the organization of the Central Labor Council of the United States which is aimed to be an amalgamation of all the labor unions in the country with central headquarters, the object being to secure co-operation among all branches labor and to operate especially against the great trusts.

Boers Want Peace.

Henry W. Massingham writing says: "The Boers are greatly worn and harrassed, and they yearn for a settlement but they will not trust any settlement on Chamberlain Milner terms. They would, however surrender the whole Johannesburg and Rand gold fields district to Great Britain on condition that independence was restored to the Orange Free State and that the Transvaalers were allowed to found a republic in the wild, uncultivated north, subject to British control of foreign affairs."

Beaumont Oil Fields.

The Beaumont Oil exchange has posted the stoatement that the Standard Oil Company has purchase the railroad terminals, which has special facilities at Port Arthur. The price was not given. Port Arthur is the nearest deep water port to the Beaumont oil fields, and by controlling this outlet the Standard Oil Company can control every barrel of oil taken from the Beaumont field. The railroads cannot compete in freight rates with pipe line via Port Arthur to New Orleans and Galveston. Thus owning Port Arthur, the Standard Oil Company will control even the domestic trade in crude oil. No one ever doubted that the Sandard Oil Company would ultimately get control of this oil field, but no one appears to have foreseen the purchase of Port Arthur by the company.

Killed By His Sister.

Richard Jacks, age 15, was accidentally shot and killed by his 18-year old sister at Brazil, eighteen miles west of Birmingham, Saturday afternoon. When this terrible tragedy occurred the girl was trying to protect her brother from a crowd of drunken men who were creating a disturbance at their home. Richard Jacks and his sister lived with their widowed mother near the Brazil mines. Saturday afternoon five or six men, who are said to have been considerably under the influence of liquor, went to the Jacks' residence and conducted themselves in a boisterous and objectionable manner. Richard Jacks went out on the front porch and asked them to cease their rowdyism and go away. A quarrel ensued and his sister came out on the porch with an old gun which had been retained in the house. As she stepped out on the porch she tried to cock the gun, and in doing so her finger slipped from the hammer, causing the gun to be discharged. The load struck the young fellow on the body, penetrating to the vital organs, producing death within a short time.

A Real Tragedy.

While playing the tragedy "Last Upon the World," in the closing exercises of the Stanley McCormick High School at Burnsville, Tenn., a real tragedy was enacted, when R. N. McInturf, one of the students, was shot and killed by Lacena Baily, another student, both representing charters in the play.

Drawing Plans for Ensley's New City Hall.

Pans are being drawn for the proposed new city hall which is to be erected at Ensley, in accordance with resolution recently passed by the city council authorizing an issue of bonds to secure this. One of the attractive features of the new hall will be an auditorium in the second story which can be utilized for public speaking or performances of any nature. Work will be begun on the new hall right away as it is greatly needed.

Sad Picture.

A sad picture was presented at the orphanage of the Alabama Methodist church at Summerfield one day this week. Five little children, whose parents had been taken away by death were received, and the sight of those diminutive specimens of humanity without kindred or home made nearly everybody near them cry.

NO WRONG DONE BY MISSIONARIES

Minister Conger Refutes Stories of Looting.

THE MATTER FULLY EXPLAINED

Rev. Ament Also Takes Vigorous Exceptions to Derogatory Statements Published.

In reference to the accusations of looting made against missionaries, United States Minister Conger, who arrived at San Francisco Wednesday night, makes the following statement:

"The Americans have a larger number of missionaries out there than any other nation, and I am frank to say that, under the circumstances, there are very few things which the missionaries have done, if any, for which there need to be any apology whatever. The stories of their looting are false, to my knowledge.

"Believing that our government would not demand a monetary indemnity for the murder and pillaging of native Christians, I advised them that wherever they could make settlements with the villages where those murders or destruction of property had taken place to make them on their own responsibility. Li Hung Chang and Yen Mao suggested that settlement could be made in this way with the least possible friction. There was no going out and compelling the people to pay anything. It was altogether voluntary on their part.

"The missionaries have been criticized severely for going, immediately after the siege was raised, into abandoned houses for shelter for themselves and the native coolies who were expelled from their homes. As to this I told them 'if there is a boxer's habitation abandoned, take possession of it, so you can have a place in which to shelter and take care of the native Christians.'"

Speaking of the siege Mr. Conger said:

"It took every man we had to stand by the women and children. If not, the legation could not have lived, and without the native Christians, none of us would have been saved. The missionaries were not the prime causes of the trouble; they were only one of the causes. The missionaries were not responsible for the building of the railroads or for any of the other foreign innovations against which the hatred of the boxers seemed to be directed."

MISSIONARY AMENT TALKS.

Rev. A. S. Ament, of the American board of foreign missions of the Congregational church, whose collection of indemnity for damages done by boxers in China has caused considerable discussion, takes vigorous exceptions to the criticisms made by Mark Twain and others as to the alleged misconduct of the missionaries. He says:

"We found ourselves at the close of the siege with 500 native Christians upon our hands, no food, no clothing, no money and every Christian house burned.

"On the very day of the arrival of the allied forces we were informed that we must leave the British legation, as it was to be used as headquarters for the officers of the British army. I immediately thought of a Mongol prince, Hsi Ling, who was an ally of the boxers and whose place was the headquarters of boxers and blacklegs. We found the prince's place entirely empty and the next day we brought up our native Christians and occupied the deserted place. In that house and in neighboring houses that we occupied we put more than 400 people. We took only abandoned property.

"The only food in the prince's place was a bit of rice. We dicided to sell the clothing and curios found upon the premises and realized $2,500 in gold. They were bought by British and American officers at a private sale of two weeks' duration.

"Native Christians brought up furs and sable which they had purchased at a low price from wealthy Chinese who feared they might be looted by the military people, and who were willing to dispose of them for a little money. These articles were sold at our place to British and other officers. I considered that that was a fair, honest speculation, which injured nobody and which benefited many people. There may have been some looted goods taken, but it was without my knowledge. The Russian and Sikh soldiers were selling truck very cheap, but my people did not do the looting."

Postmaster in Trouble.

Chief Postoffice Inspector Cochran, at Washington, has been notified of the arrest of Jacob Israel, assistant postmaster at Ocala, Fla. Israel is charged with the embezzlement of money order funds, whose amount is not stated.

HEIRS ARE WANTED.

Civil War Veteran Dies and His Money Awaits Relatives.

Joseph Conaster, a civil war veteran, died suddenly at Thornton, Wash., recently, leaving property valued at $30,000 to $40,000. It is said he had relatives in Tennessee. Inquiries have been received in Knoxville from Thornton about these relatives. The fortune will go to a charity hospital if they are not located before May 15th. A number of Conasters live in east Tennessee.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements. Cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

In the eighteen century silken cocoons sold in the London market for one shilling per pound.

Lincoln and His Law Cases.

All clients knew that, with "Old Abe" as their lawyer, they would win their case—if it was fair; if not, then it was a waste of time to take it to him. After listening some time one day to a would-be client's statement, with his eyes on the ceiling, he swung suddenly round in his chair and exclaimed:

"Well, you have a pretty good case in technical law, but a pretty bad one in equity and justice. You'll have to get some other fellow to win this case for you. I couldn't do it. All the time while standing talking to that jury I'd be thinking, 'Lincoln, you're a liar,' and I believe I should forget myself and say it out loud."

What is play to the strong is death to the weak.

A Poor Woman

has just as much right to good health as a rich woman. Dr. Greene offers free of charge to every woman, the advice that leads to health and strength. Write to him at 35 W. 14th St., New York City, and tell him all about your weakness. The special advice of the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura cannot be bought for money, but it will be given to you free if you will write.

FREE SAMPLE
OF A VOLUME OF
"THE STORY OF MY LIFE AND WORK"
BY BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

Send Us Your Name and Address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography of the greatest living Negro for the purpose of introducing it in your community. It is a remarkable seller, big profits, agents are making from $4.00 to $10.00 per day. Will you introduce it by selling or getting us an agent? If so, send at once for copy of the book.

J. L. NICHOLS & CO.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

SICK HEADACHE
positively relieved by the only remedy in this

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

A natural medicinal water concentrated. A potent, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel complaints. It cures Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Obstinate Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take, most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOMACH WITH MEDICINE.

Hunyadi János

IS A NATURAL LAXATIVE MINERAL WATER.

Endorsed and used by the most prominent physicians in the world as the best and safest remedy for disordered stomach, biliousness, liver troubles, gout and rheumatism.

It Cures Constipation!

Take one-half glassful on arising in the morning and you will feel the remarkable effects in half an hour.

ASK For the full name "Hunyadi János." | LOOK at the label. Blue with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Exporter, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N.Y.

Giveaway Presents Shopkeepers, street-men, candy, popcorn and peanut venders, orangeade, lemonade, cider and mead stands, shows and exhibitions of all kinds, riding swings, phonograph parlors, and in fact almost any kind of business can increase their cash receipts ten fold by using our giveaway presents, giving one free to each patron. They consist of ladies' and gents' jewelry, rings, chains, charms and a variety of novel and useful fancy articles etc. Some showy flashy leaders and good values from job-lot bankrupt sales among them. Put up in handsomely printed envelopes. Just the thing to work at fairs, reunions, shows, picnics, etc. Try them if you want to make money. They will knock all opposition and do the business. Half dozen printed envelopes containing half dozen sample presents, all different, and wholesale descriptive circular, with prices lists and testimonials sent by mail, post free to any address, on receipt of ten cents, silver or stamps. Write today. Address J. L. BURROW, 307 Church Street, Nashville, Tenn.

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MITCHELL'S SALVE
MAKES THE USE OF DRUGS UNNECESSARY. Price, 25 Cents Druggists

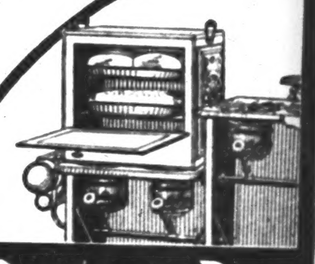
FROM WASHDAY TO BAKING DAY

From Monday to Saturday—at every turn in the kitchen work—a Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove will save labor, time and expense—and keep the cook comfortable. No bulky fuel to prepare or carry, no waiting for the fire to come up or die down; a fraction of the expense of the ordinary stove. A

Wickless
BLUE FLAME
Oil Stove

will boil, bake, broil or fry better than a coal stove. It is safe and cleanly—can not become greasy, can not emit any odor. Made in several sizes, from one burner to five. If your dealer *does not* have them, write to nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.



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A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals, or similar substances. LION COFFEE is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"Good Thing For All Folks At Home."
(Written to the Music of the "Suwanee River.")

Where'er you go throughout this nation—
North, south, east, west—
There's people drinking LION COFFEE—
Brand that is surely best.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
Old and young admire its wholesome flavor—
Good thing for all folks at home!

LION COFFEE has not any glazing,
Nor any coat.
But it has got a strength amazing
And it will health promote.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
Sweet and fragrant is its fine aroma—
Good thing for all folks at home!

LION COFFEE is in one-pound package,
Sold in the bean.
Lion head is seen on ev'ry whopper—
Premium List is inside seen.
All the world loves LION COFFEE,
Wheresoe'er you roam,
And the presents that are given with it—
Good things for every home!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

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Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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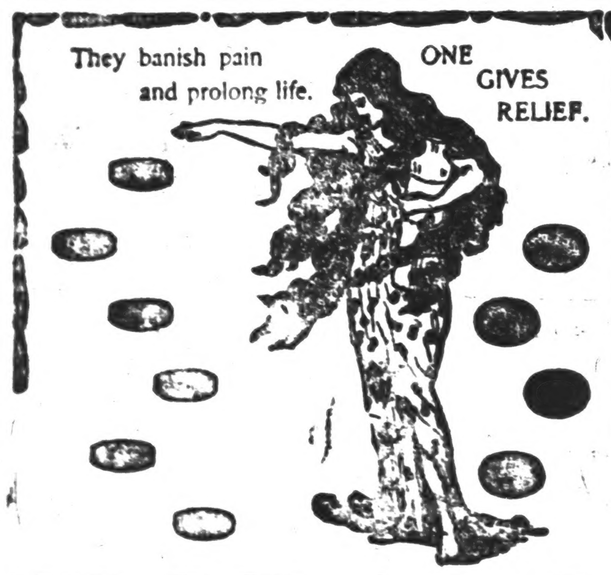

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.10

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

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HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
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N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

ALL DAY SINGING.

All singers will please remember that the annual May singing that met its first appointment at Salem, 1900, will meet again the fourth Sunday in this month. We hope to meet the good singers and especially invite singing teachers (of course the organist has an especial invite). We look forward to a day of singing praises unto our Great Redeemer. D. S. ROBINSON.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or S. F. Allison, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	TAGS.
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 6½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	50
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	50
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	100
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	50
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	50
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	50
11 Knife, "Keen Cutter," two blades	75
12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Cutter," 8-in blade	75
13 Shears, "Keen Cutter," 8-inch	75
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	100
15 Base Ball, "Ace-of-clubs," best quality	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	100
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	150
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	200
19 Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles	150
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	200
21 Gilt edge Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles	250
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	300
23 Clock, 8-day Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	300
24 Gun Case, leather, no better made	300
25 Revolver, automatic, double action 32 or 38 caliber	400
26 Tool Set, not plaything, but real tools	400
27 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome	750
28 Remington rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 caliber	800
29 Watch, sterling silver, full jewelled	1000
30 Dress Suit Case, leather, handsome and durable	1000
31 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	1500
32 Revolver, Colt's, 38-caliber, blued steel	1500
33 Rifle Colt's, Walker, 38-caliber	1500
34 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid	2000
35 Mandolin, very handsome	2000
36 Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge	2000
37 Remington, double-barrel, hammer shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge	3000
38 Bicycle, standard make, latest or equal	25.00
39 Shot Gun, Remington, double-barrel, hammerless	3000
40 Regina Music Box, 15½ inch Disc	3000

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CHILTON COUNTY.

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following other real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 15; tax and costs $1.45

C. C. Van egrift, s ½ of ne ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and s ½ of ne ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $5.84.

BEAT NO. 2

N. A. and B. C. Graham, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13; one lot in Jemison, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Graham's lots; tax and costs $5.48

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $5.61

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.22

Mrs. J. E. Latham, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4.80

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13; se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.28

John R. Kendall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; e ½ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7.99

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne 1-4 less four acres, and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12.20

B. W. Silsbee, se 1-4 of se 1-4, e ½ of sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.35

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs. Sudie Garner, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, ten acres in sw corner of se 1-4 of ne 1-4, all that part of se 1-4 of nw 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 on west side of the run of Gomepound Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; s ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69.88

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½ nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of se 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and sw ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4, e 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 sec 33 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $76.92

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardelebern, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2.45

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.52

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 10 tp 21, r 16; tax and costs $3.16

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $4.36

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.41

BEAT NO. 7

Junce L. Gardner nw 1-4, n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 4 tp 21 r 12; w 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp 21 r 12; tax and costs $11.11

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 12; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 12; tax and costs $6.14

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., one side of public road and west side of railroad, tax and costs $1.71

Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, se ne ¼, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 13 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $2.54

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 13 and costs $2.87

Mrs. C. Paul, e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 14 tp 23 r 13 and costs $3.64

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $2.

H. M. and W. A. Hill, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 10 tp 22 r 14; tax and costs $2.54

Mrs. Amanda A. Pittman, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 27 tp 20 r 13; tax and costs $3.44

This is to notify you that before the Probate Court of said county at the next term thereof, commencing Monday, the 6th day of May, 1901, then and there to show cause if any you have, why a decree for the sale of said real estate should not be made for the payment of the taxes thereon against you and for fees and costs.

This 3d day of April, 1900.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Doctors' "Cut Naps."

The "cat naps" indulged in by the late Dr. William Pepper became a standing joke among his medical friends. He had the faculty of going to sleep at will and waking up when he willed. He would sometimes, under a mental strain, keep a long line of patients waiting while he slept in his private office for three, four or five minutes, or as long as he willed. Then he would resume his work, greatly refreshed.

Another prominent physician has a queer habit of napping although he only takes one a day and that just after luncheon, which with him is a hearty meal. He repairs to his office and throws himself in a reclining position where the polished wood floor is not covered by the rug. He has a bunch of keys between the forefinger and thumb of his right hand and allows to hang loosely over the arm of the chair. Then he dozes off for never more than a dozen or so. The moment his fingers relax the keys drop on the bare floor, acting as an alarm. It is scarcely a nap—just a relaxation of the mental and physical faculties. The doctor calls it a cat nap, and if he misses it he says he does not feel quite himself for the rest of the day.—Philadelphia Record.

They Eat Themselves.

From various causes, such as pain and fear, many animals eat their own flesh. Rats, when caught in a trap by the leg, will gnaw off the entire member, and mice in captivity have been known to bite off their tails. There are some creatures who go much further and actually eat themselves if left for too long a time without food.

A hyena belonging to a menagerie was kept by the proprietor on short food in order to tame it. One morning he was horrified to find that the ferocious creature had actually devoured one of its own legs.

An eagle in the zoo a few years ago was noted for the fact that it would now and then pick pieces off both of its own legs and eat them.

Certain caterpillars and snakes eat their cast off skin. This may not be to fear, but it looks like cannibalism.

There is just a trace of this characteristic in human beings. We bite our lips when in rage, sometimes bite our hands and arms, although it must be admitted that they desist when the gums begin to hurt.

One Way of Getting Even.

"There is a fellow in our office who is a chronic borrower," said a young man employed in a large Market street establishment recently. He borrows from nearly everybody in the place, and we all made up our minds to stand the thing. He has owed me $2 for a year, but I'm nearly square with him, for he has never paid me a penny. That sounds queer, but it is true. I'll tell you how I've worked it.

"Every once in a while one of my fellows will say, 'I'm going to ask him and so give me what he owes me on pay day or know the reason why.' That's my chance, and I generally mark, 'I'll bet you a quarter you don't get it.' Usually the fellow takes the bet up, and when pay day comes I win his bet, for So-and-so never pays me. I small bets of quarters and dollars for luncheons and cigars I have won back the amount I originally loaned the chronic borrower."—Philadelphia Record.

It Came in Handy.

Poet—I left a poem here the other day. Do you think you can use it?

Editor—I have already. It came so handy, I simply had to.

Poet (gasping joyfully)—All!

Editor—While I was writing an editorial I ran out of copy paper, and your poem, being written on one side of the paper only, just helped me out.—Catholic Standard and Times.

A Triumph of Photography.

Of course it was a Missourian of the "you've-got-to-show-me" type who remarked to a companion who had just examined with awestruck interest a picture in which there was a group of faces of all the presidents of the United States, "Say, Bill, how in thunder did the photograph man ever get them all together at once?"—Chicago City Journal.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not

Next Monday Circuit Court begins and from far and near the good people of Chilton will gather to Clanton, some as jurors, witnesses and some from loyalty. Well, you are all welcome, we are all glad to see you, you will find some little difference in the appearance of Clanton, but the Banner office is in the same old place and you will find there free chairs, free ice-water, free papers, matches (bring your own cigars and tobacco, please) and the welcome of the office. Bring all the money with you, all the cash you can, make yourselves at home and have a good time generally. Come one, come all, a hearty welcome awaits you.

Randolph

Less than one month, two of the oldest citizens of Chilton county passed away. Mr. Thomas Berkley and Mr. A. J. Davenport. Mr. Berkley's remains were laid to rest at Center Hill on the 13th inst. the masonic fraternity, Mr. Berkley was laid to rest at Mt. Grove on the 22d ult., conducted by Rev. R. M. Hubbard.

Mr. Caddell and family left on the 1st inst. for Ridgeville which is their future home.

Mr. Joe and Misses Bamma and Waldrup visited relatives at Clanton recently.

Mr. W. E. Thomas and family, of West Chilton, came up to church service on the 27th ult.

Mr. Tobe Posey's little child has been quite low with pneumonia.

Rev. Smitherman, of Briarfield, filled his appointment at Pleasant Grove on the 27th and 28th inst. His daughter, Miss Mamie, spent over with him.

Mr. R. M. Hubbard and family have moved to Randolph.

Mr. J. C. Edwards, of Lily, attended church service at the Walnut school house on the 5th.

Mr. James Hodgins, who has been sick for several days, is now reported better.

Mr. and Mrs. Latham, of Bibb, were over to church service on the 5th.

Messrs. J. F. Armstrong and J. Waldrup visited Rehoboth, Bibb county, on the 5th to hear Mr. Clanton lecture. X.

It Saved His Leg.

A. Danforth, of Lagrange, suffered for six months with a leg running sore on his leg; states that Bucklen's Arnica Salve holly cured it in five days. Burns, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all druggists.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MAY 9, 1901 NO. 29

MAN ON THE CORNER

...the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not

...are born to greatness, ...greatness thrust upon ...are born to be some ...others never attain ...The office of grand ...very important one it is ...of probate judge ...or gin, near a ...well—no, quite ...that grandfather, ...or at ...have my ...with T. ...grandfather was a judge of ...the county, sometimes a double ...by coon ...men. To respon ...grandfathers are good, ...grandfather always feels ...society. After a be ...a few times he ...feel it so badly. He gets ...I do not speak from ex ...my information comes ...There is a new grand ...in Clanton. He is a proud ...he seems to have grown tall ...carries his head higher as if ...urged the world to admire ...dignity. Good luck to the ...child as well as to the grand ...

...Monday Circuit Court be ...and from far and near the good ...of Chilton will gather to ...at Clanton, some as jurors, ...witnesses and some from ...curiosity. Well you are all wel ...and we are all glad to see you ...and find some little difference ...appearance of Clanton, but ...office is in the same old ...and you will find there free ...ice water, free papers, ...(bring your own ci ...and tobacco, please) and the ...in the office. Bring all the ...with you, all the cash you can, ...yourselves at home and have ...good time generally. Come ...all, a hearty welcome ...you.

Randolph

...less than one month, two of ...oldest citizens of Chilton coun ...passed away. Mr. Thomas ...and Mr. A. J. Davenport ...obituary notices were laid ...at Corbin Hill on the 13th ...interment fraternity. Mr. ...was laid to rest at ...on the 22d ult., ...conducted by Rev. R. M. ...

...Candler and family left on ...last for Riderville which ...future home.

...and Misses Bammy and ...Lee drippy visited relatives at ...Bibbville recently.

...W. E. Thomas and family, ...Northwest Clinton, came up to ...service on the 27th ult.

...The Posey's little child has ...quite low with pneumonia.

...Smitherman, of Briarfield ...appointment at Pleasant ...on the 27th and 28th ...His daughter, Miss Mamie, ...over with him.

...R. M. Hubbard and family ...moved to Randolph.

...C. Edwards, of Lily, as ...church service at the Wal ...school house on the 5th.

...Jones Hodgins, who has ...sick for several days, is now ...better.

...and Mrs. Latham, of Bibb, ...over to church service on the ...

...Messrs. J. F. Armstrong and J. ...Aldrup visited Rehoboth, Bibb ...on the 5th to hear Mr. ...Hampton lecture. x.

It Saved His Leg

A Danforth, of Lagrange, ...suffered for six months with a ...painful running sore on his leg; ...writes that Bucklen's Arnica ...Salve wholly cured it in five days. ...Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the ...salve in the world. Cure guar ...anteed. Only 25c. Sold by all ...druggists.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Jemison, Ala., May 1, 1901

Editor Banner. Please allow me short space in your paper. Let me say to all those that supported me, from a grateful heart that I fully appreciate every vote I got, and while the convention has carried and we are going to have a new constitution, but the Lord only knows what it will be. But one fact has been clearly demonstrated to the politicians, that a majority of the white men of Alabama are opposed to the whole movement, and wherever the measure was fought the vote was strong against the convention. You see about 25 counties went against the convention, and some without any effort. I am sorry the friends of the people of Alabama did not make a fight against the convention in every county in the State. Well, the big guns came down in Chilton and received a cordial hearing, but the people of Chilton will not be swayed one way or the other, they have opinions of their own and the manhood to stand for them on election day; though some of their leaders desert and go over in the enemy's camp they will not be moved unless they think they are right. And I reckon by now some of the other fellows are beginning to think that Chilton is hard to redeem. I think, at least that a new saviour would have to prove his faith by his works, or perform a few miracles at least, before the people of Chilton would fall down at his feet and worship. Again thanking those that supported me, and I feel very grateful to you Mr. Editor, for the fair treatment you gave me in my race,

I am very respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

Burwell, May 4, 1901

Editor Banner—Just to keep up the fun to please the boys, we will notice the piece in the Reflector from J. A. G., the great democratic lion of Chilton county, although it is as senseless as lions generally are. It is difficult to answer the way in which our friend the great lion writes. It reminds me of the poor baker that went crazy, and when the keeper at the asylum was asked by a spectator what that poor man was there for, said he was a baker and got to making the holes larger in his cakes to swindle his customers, and found out that it took more dough to go around a large hole than a small one, and the fact ran him crazy. That is what is tickling J. E. G's neighbors, his discovery of the great strength of the democratic party or lion, especially in Chilton county. We will here make note of some of the lion's statements or foolishness. He says we democrats can't help taking cognizance of the absurd statements in the papers written by the pops. Why don't he mention some of their absurdities? He says they are too absurd for reflection, but the truth is we pops, write like this. For instance, the democrats of Dallas county sent up a majority for the convention of 5468, with not more than 2000 white voters in the county, making 3468 negroes vote to disfranchise themselves, and everybody knows that that is not so, and the democrats, as well as everybody else, knows that kind of stuff is what gives them their great lion strength. The democrats know and admit that they have been outvoted, even counting the negro on their side, and but for having the election machinery all in their own hands the State would have passed from under their control as Chilton has done, and its government wisely and honestly administered as Chilton's has been. No, the truth is the democrats have practiced such galling frauds and violated so many pledges that a large majority of the

(continued on 6th column page 8)

Cedar Grove.

We are having some very dry weather; a warm shower would be a welcome visitor.

We are having some sickness in our burg at this writing.

Mr. Frank Price and family, accompanied by Miss Annie Hayes and Miss Mose Pate, attended the closing exercises of Prof. Rasco's school at Collin's Chapel Tuesday.

Mr. D. C. Price, of Blocton, is visiting friends and relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Hayes made a business trip to Thorsby Saturday.

Mr. Ben Price who went to Blocton a short time ago, returned home where it is reported he will remain.

Mrs. Emley Cleckler and Mrs. Mattie Franklin, of Scott Hill, visited relatives and friends here Saturday.

Our friend, Mr. A. J. Foreman, left Saturday informing us that he was going to Arkansas.

Mr. D. C. Price and his nephew, Harvey Wilson, visited Scott Hill Sunday and it is said that some of the charming young ladies did best to make their visit one long to be remembered and never to be forgotten by their hospitable treatment towards them.

Mr. J. W. Hayes and his better half made a business trip to Clanton Monday.

Our vicinity was well represented in county court Monday.

Subscribe for the Banner if you want the news. OLD PATCH.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic smells like peppermint candy, and is "just as good," but for a different purpose. Try it next time you get hurt or have Colic. Only 50c a bottle at drug stores.

Maplesville.

We are glad to state that pleasant weather has at last overtaken us and we are luxuriating in garden sass and early fruits which we think have improved the general health of this locality; spring chickens have come in that our preachers and some others so much enjoy; flowers are blooming, mockers are giving us sweet melody; our boomers are booming all good citizens and there are many of us that are giving them a boost in all laudable enterprises so that politically speaking we are all on the "up grade to prosperity." Our hotels are crowded to overflowing with timber inspectors, making our big saw mill near to hand. The optional trades have been made which makes us have lively hope of industrial improvements soon, but since gratis advice is so cheap (which is the reason your correspondent is so very liberal in this commodity) we advise every one to do their own booming by way of liberal patronage of all home affairs.

Dr. Frank DuBose has gone to Hot Springs for rheumatic trouble.

We are pleased to state that Mrs. Crumpton is convalescing from quite a serious attack under the skillful treatment of Dr. Claughton.

Miss Trapp, of Clanton, is treating Miss Lillie Bowline to a visit.

Mr. Blalack is home a few days.

Mrs. Blalack has returned home from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Carden of Shelby county, who has been very ill.

Our very popular teacher, Miss Molly Gardner, was very quietly married to Mr. Bob Wilson last week.

We regret that Mr. Burk and family leave so soon. REVOLG.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich, "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPREVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

It preserves the flesh when lacerated or wounded in any way. Stops the bleeding, stops the pain and heals quicker than anything. That is what Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic does. Try it when you get hurt. Ask your druggist for it.

A NEW INVENTION FOR LADIES.

Messrs. E. M. Bealle & Co. will come to Clanton from Tuskaloosa the 14th of May. They will have the Economy Scrubbing Brush to scrub floors, windows, walls, tables, carpets, etc. Through a suction it takes up all the water leaving the floor perfectly dry except dampness, making house drudgery easy and quick. Every lady should have one. Mr. Bealle and his sub agents have the highest recommendations from Rev. J. H. Curry, Fosters, Ala., Hon. J. Manly Foster, Tuskaloosa, and Rev. L. O. Dawson, Pastor Tuskaloosa Baptist church. Write them, if you like, before I come.

Very truly, E. M. BEALL.

Two Stills Captured.

Deputy U. S. Marshal F. O. Dudley captured two of the largest distilleries ever captured in Alabama, about 10 miles southeast of Maplesville. One mammoth affair of 100 gallons capacity, belonging to Sylvester Whatley, and the other a 53 gallon still belonging to Will Bearden. Both were carried to Selma and placed in jail in default of bail.

New Salem.

Farmers of this section are very busy replanting their cotton seed. Gentlemen, wait till spring next time before you plant seed.

All of the young people of this place attended the closing exercises of the Chapel Normal School, and report having a nice time.

Kate says love is a habit like absinthe and tobacco; we try it out of curiosity and it becomes fixed upon us. I guess she knowns.

"Patches Rival" is the fellow that believes that a man should keep his eyes open before marriage and half shut afterwards.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $5.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

TEACHERS and those desiring to become teachers take notice that you can prepare for the State Examination at the State Normal School, Jacksonville, Ala., whose classes are reviewing the subjects for all three grades. The School will run until July 1st. Board $8 per month. Tuition free. For further information, address

C. W. DAUGETTE, President,
Jacksonville, Ala.

FOR SALE—One Black Jack, 5 years old, 13½ hands high; well made and in fine condition. Will sell for cash or on time. Apply to H. S. LATHAM, Montevallo, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO.
Danville, Va.

Dear mother, don't let your Baby suffer and cry with Colic when a few drops of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, diluted and sweetened will give almost instant relief. Non-poisonous and therefore harmless. Tastes like peppermint candy and Baby will take it without a kick." A silver half dollar will get a bottle from your druggist.

All men may be born free and equal, but only a chump is satisfied to remain that way.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

DR. A. J. MASSEY

will be at Stanton, Parnell House, on the 6th of May and remain until 9th. At Clanton 13th 14th and 15th. Come promptly. He will be glad to do your Dental work. Latest methods in Dentistry.

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fever, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
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OFFICE 29 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 496—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two separate cements—the best. Thanks on having them.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cents a dose." At all druggists.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

While Andrew Carnegie is not exercising the least sacrifice in giving out of his abundance the large sums which he is bestowing upon different public objects and enterprises, he is at least showing forth to the world a valuable and necessary example in the way of giving.

No one who appreciates the conditions of modern society can possibly underestimate the fact that the stage offers a wonderful opportunity for good or evil. Fortunately, during the present season, its work has not been in behalf of corruption, and this has been largely because the public would not have it that way, observes the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post. Equally, it has not been in the direction of piety and reverence. Its moral value has been as near the neutral line as the campaign of a politician who tries to capture votes in a close district.

Jacob Riis, who has done much for tenement house reform in New York City, in a temperance lecture recently advanced the idea that the breaking up of the drink habit among men can be much better accomplished through the medium of the saucepan than the hatchet. Mr. Riis's view is that a great many men are driven to drink by the unattractive character of their homes and the abominable nature of the cooking they are compelled to put up with there. He argued that whatever tends to health and contentment at home is a sovereign antidote for the human tendency to seek elsewhere solace in drink.

An inventor in Canada is at work upon a machine for the utilization of sawdust. The machine is an arrangement of revolving cylinders into which the sawdust is placed and subjected to strong heat. With an unperfected machine there have been obtained from 1000 pounds of sawdust 160 pounds of char, 180 pounds acids, 162 pounds tar, 248 pounds water. The gases were not measured, but a test showed them to be superior to coal gas for lighting and heating, except that there was a pungent odor not difficult to get rid of. The products sought were the tar, acids and char, but it is believed that the gases have a commercial value. Our redwood sawdust is probably very valuable for acids.

The showing made by the recent census of Italy, the first taken in 20 years, must be very encouraging to that country and rather discouraging to those who count it among the decaying nations. It also emphasizes the fact once more that France is the only country in Europe which has a stationary population. The maximum estimate of the present population of Italy was 31,000,000. The census shows that it is 35,000,000 in Italy and that there are 5,000,000 in North and South America. In 1870 the population of the country was in round numbers 26,800,000 and the increase in ratio in the last 20 years is larger than that of any other European country. The density of population is 125 to the square mile. The birth rate of Italy has always been very high and still remains so, but the great increase in its population is due primarily to the improvements in the sanitary conditions. In the face of what has been accomplished since the unification it seems scarcely credible that there are intelligent Italians who could go back to the old order of things.

The Chicago Tribune recently published a study of the earnings of certain classes of Chicago working people. According to the showing of the Tribune there is a vast portion of Chicago's population whose earnings are so pitifully inadequate as to excite the wonder that actual starvation does not exterminate them. The investigation was conducted by Miss Nellie Outten, a graduate student of the department of sociology in the University of Chicago. Miss Outten found people working under almost unbelievable conditions of filth and cold and darkness. The particular industry that she investigated was "finishing work" on clothing. The nationalities represented among the workers were Italians, Swedes, Bohemians, Jews and Poles. Women were found working whose average weekly wages did not exceed forty cents, or a little less than $21 a year. The statement is made that the average of the wages paid in the sweat-shops is only $77 a year. The average of the earnings of a whole family is put down at only $297.79 per annum. Miss Outten adds to all this the statement that wages are steadily falling.

JUDGE'S DECISION IS AGAINST PARK

Verdict Directs That the Teachers Be Paid.

APPEAL WILL NOW BE TAKEN

Funds Arising From Sale of Northeastern Road Can Be Legally Used Says Judge Candler.

The argument in the mandamus proceedings brought against Georgia's State treasurer, to force him to pay the teachers out of the public property fund, was concluded before Judge John S. Candler at Atlanta, Friday afternoon. The judge took the matter under advisement and rendered his decision Saturday to the effect that Treasurer Park must pay the warrants drawn for the teachers' salaries.

In his decision Judge Candler sustains throughout the position taken by Attorney General J. M. Terrell in his opinion given to the treasurer with regard to making the payments from the public property fund.

The money that the treasurer is diricted to use to pay the teachers under Judge Candler's decision is the $200,000 received from the sale of the Northeastern railroad, the property acquired after the adoption of the constitution of 1877. This $200,000, together with the $77,294.83 of general funds in the treasury will furnish more than enough to pay the $260,306.18, the amount for which warrants have been drawn in favor of the teachers.

Judge Candler concludes his opinion with a mandamus order directing the state treasurer to pay the 143 warrants drawn in favor of the teachers from the funds mentioned.

The court did not pass upon the question of the other $231,000 of the public property fund for the reason, as he states, that it was not necessary, though it is altogether probable that the supreme court will construe the law with regard to that portion of the fund also when the matter comes before it for review.

Judge Candler held in the first place that as a ministerial officer, Treasurer Park should have paid the school teachers' warrants without raising "a constitutional question to delay or defeat the payment of such warrants."

When the warrants were presented at the treasury signed by the governor and countersigned by the comptroller general, and after the attorney general had given the treasurer an opinion to the effect that the money could and should be paid, the court holds that it was Treasurer Park's duty to have made the payments without raising any question. This was what Attorney General Terrell stated in the beginning of the opinion he gave Treasurer Park, and then followed it up with an opinion to the effect that the payments so made would be perfectly legal and proper.

Judge Candler follows up this point in the case with an opinion respecting the portion of the fund, $200,000, received from the sale of the Northeastern railroad, property which was acquired after the addition of the constitution of 1877. He takes the view that it was not intended by the framers of the constitution to mortgage property which the state did not then own, and in this connection he holds that the clause of the constitution in question, "so far as relates to the property covered by the same, should be construed by the same rules as are applicable to the construction of mortgages or trust deeds between individuals or corporations."

Judge Candler then states that in view of these facts it is unnecessary to decide the other questions raised by the petition. He orders that the treasurer make payments forthwith.

An appeal will be taken at once from the decision of Judge Candler. As soon as Treasurer Park learned of the decision he went to Macon to consult his attorneys with reference to the further course to be pursued.

As the treasurer stated when the question first came up, he intends to have the opinion of the highest court in the state before he pays out any portion of the public property fund.

SEVEN DIE IN FLAMES.

Fireman Prevented From Saving Victims By Freight Train.

Seven persons were burned to death, three fatally injured and several others slightly burned and otherwise injured in a fire that destroyed a three-story apartment building at 9316 Marquette avenue, South Chicago, early Sunday morning.

While the occupants of the burning building were struggling to save themselves, the firemen, who were responding to the alarm, were vainly waiting for a freight train which blocked the way of the fire engines to move away from the crossing and give an open road to the fire.

We Find Support.

Inquiry in Washington confirms the report that the United States is working and finds support in its efforts toward the opening of all China to the trade of the world. This does not mean the practical abolition of customs duties, but would make every city a mart of the world's goods instead of limiting foreign commerce to the few existing treaty ports.

Bridge Plans Accepted.

The Madison county commissioners have accepted plans for a fine steel drawbridge which will span the Paint Rock river at New Hope. The river is now navigable to a point fourteen miles above New Hope, and immense amounts of timber are being brought down in barges drawn by steam tugs.

Martinelli as Cardinal.

Cardinal Martinelli took the oath of his new office in Washington and subscribed to the profession of faith at the Papal Legislation. The oath was administered by Monsignor Conaty, of the Catholic University and witnessed by Monsignor Marchett, the Papal Ablegate. The ceremony was private and extremely simple.

Effect of Mrs. Nation's Work.

Mrs. Nation's crusade against the saloon has resulted in a movement to purify Kansas politics. A permanent organization of the grand chapter of the law enforcement league of Kansas has been affected and in every city, town and hamlet in the state a local chapter is established.

New Steamers Ordered

The United Steamship Company of Copenhagen has ordered six new steamers of 12,000 tons each, for the United States trade. On account of the increase of American exports it has been decided to open a regular line to Boston and increase the number of steamers on the New York and New Orleans routes.

Raisin Corporation.

The Pacific Coast Seeded Raisin Association has been incorporated with a capital of $300,000, all subscribed. The incorporators represent five firms that sell 90 per cent of the seeded raisins produced in California, and 75 per cent of the raw product.

Canal Delayed.

The Chancellor, Count Von Buelow, reported personally to Emperor William and complained of the international delaying of the canal bill by the majority in the Diet. The government thereupon gave up further negotiations for the bill for the time being.

A dispatch from Pekin, says that a bloody battle has been fought between the Russians and Chinese Mukden. The Russians lost sixty killed and wounded.

Four Russian officers were killed and among the wounded was General Serilpeski.

The statement that the total indemnity to be demanded of China amounts to 65,000,000 pounds has been officially confirmed. This amount includes all private claims. It is believed that if China will now undertake to pay this sum in indemnities the evacuation of Pe Chi province can begin immediately.

A Chance for Teachers.

La Fayette college will give the best of review instruction for state examination, July 1st next, and the railroads throughout Alabama and adjoining states give reduced fare on certain conditions to persons attending. Ask the railroad agent when you purchase your tickets for a certificate of payment of are to La Fayette. Board can be had at $9 to $10 per month, and tuition is low. The faculty is large and of high standard, and the college classes and model school are to be found in daily session, affording opportunities to observe and study most practically. A fine opportunity for "greenheads." Students and teachers are heartily welcomed at La Fayette, Ala., and can enter Monday, May 13th, or May 20th, as convenient.

Address the President, LaFayett, Ala. and get advantage of this summer school review.

Instructions have been sent by the state department to Ambassador Choate directing him to call the attention of the British government to claims for damages made by American citizens. These allege that they were driven out of the Transvaal by the British army although they did not participate in any operations. Many are interested in mines, and their damages, if proven, will amount to several million dollars.

A Law and Order Leagune has been organized in Anniston with the following officers: President, H. B. Rudisill; vice-president, C. J. Houser; secretary and treasurer, M. F. McCarty; chairman executive committee, W. A. Davis; executive committee, first ward, Capt A. W. Bell; second ward, J. T. Powell; third ward; J. L. Jackson; fourth ward, John H. Frye; fifth ward, J. H. B. Fitzgerald. The expressed intentions of this order are as follows: First, To insist upon the enforcement of law. Second, To work for the repeal of laws that are bad and the enactment of good laws. Third, To apprehend and prosecute violators of the law.

HELP IS EXTENDED TO JACKSONVILLE

Stricken City Finds Sympathy From All Quarters.

MARTIAL LAW IS ENFORCED

Additional Details of Conflagration Depict a Deplorable State of Affairs.

Additional particulars of Jacksonville's fearful conflagration show that one hundred and forty-eight blocks of the city were laid waste.

Ten thousand people are homeless, and many of them left for St. Augustine and other coast cities and nearby towns, while numerous river craft took many to little places on the St. Johns river. Supply stations have been established in various parts of the city.

The prompt action of Secretary of War Root in tendering the use of the barracks near St. Augustine was received with gratitude on every side.

A committee was appointed at a meeting of citizens to wire the governors of various states to send all tents they can spare to Jacksonville. It will be weeks before anything like permanent shelter can be provided for the homeless thousands and Jacksonville for some time to come will be a city of tents.

Saturday Governor Jennings declared the city under martial law. Col. Lovell, of the First regiment, is is command of the troops.

The following troops, in addition to local companies, arrived during the day and are on duty: Governor's Guards, Tallahassee; Columbia Rifles, Lake City; Suwanee Rifles, Live Oak, and Gem City Guards, of Palatka. The city is patrolled and the entrances to burned districts guarded by sentinels. Military headquarters has been established and passes are necessary to enter the lines in any part of the city.

FOOD AND RAIMENT POUR IN.

The hunger of 10,000 homeless people was satisfied Sunday upon the arrival relief trains and boats bringing provisions from nighboring towns and distant cities. A commissary was established in the center of the city and thousands were fed during the day. An order was promulgated, under martial law, requiring all merchants, whose stores were spared by the conflagration, to open their doors and sell to all who asked.

Five carloads of tents were received Sunday, the property of the state, which are to be used by the homeless temporarily. These are in addition to those ordered sent by Secretary Root.

The Times-Union and Citizen estimates the total loss at $11,000,000. These are based upon an itemized statement furnished by a volunteer committee of citizens.

MANY PERSONS MISSING.

Rumors of loss of life are on every hand, and the river has been closely watched. Many persons have confirmed the report of loss of life at the Market street wharf. Numerous advertisements appear in the local papers asking for aid in searching for persons who are missing. As many have left the city for refuge, it is impossible to ascertain who have been lost in the Market street pier tragedy.

TO ISSUE BONDS.

Chairman Porcher L'Engle, of the board of county commissioners of Duval, said:

"A bill will be introduce in the legislature at once to bond Duval for perhaps $200,000 to rebuild the courthouse and the county jail. The bill is being prepared. I understand that a bill for the issuance of $500,000 of city bonds will be at once introduced also. Of this $300,000 will be used to take up the judgment debts of the city and the remainder to rebuild city buildings."

The prisoners in the county jail, thirty-five in number, including many for serious offenses, some capital, were marched to Riverside under heavy guard before the fire reached them. Later on the prisoners were taken by the sheriff to Green Cove Springs, Fernandina and St. Augustine.

MESSAGE FROM PRESIDENT

To Governor Jenkins of Florida Expressing Sympathy.

Sunday afternoon, Governor Jennings, of Florida, received the following telegram:

EL PASO, TEX., May 5, 1901.—The Governor of Florida, Tallahassee, Fla.: I have just learned of the calamitous fire that has swept over the city of Jacksonville and hasten to express the deep sympathy, in common with our country, I feel for those who have suffered. The government will do all it can in the work of relief.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

Governor Jennings promptly acknowledged the receipt of the president's message of sympathy.

Minister Conger Entertained.

A public reception was tendered to Minister Conger at Des Moines Friday under the auspices of the G. A. R. of that city. Fully 3,000 persons crowded into the building to listen to the addresses and the response of the guest of honor, who for an hour detailed his experiences during the siege of Pekin.

LATE STATE NEWS.

Bond Election Close.

The event of Monday in Bessemer was the election under the act of the last General Assembly authorizing the citizens to vote on the question of issuing bonds to an extent not exceeding $40,000 for the purpose of establishing and operating an electric light and power plant. A special registration was held for the purpose, and so little interest was felt in the question that but 540 voters registered out of some 1,200 in the city.

Money Lender Robbed.

Mr. R. R. Dyer, one of the local managers of the money lending firm of Orr & Company, of Anniston, whose office is in the Mallory-Plowman building, was rendered insensible Tuesday either by knockout drops or by some other means, and the cash drawers of the office robbed. Mr. J. A. Moore, the other manager, left the office shortly before, and when he returned found Mr. Dyer in an unconscious condition and apparently in great agony.

Good Prices for Mineral Lands.

Mineral lands in Tuscaloosa county continue to bring good prices as deeds filed in the court house the latter part of last week will attest. The deeds in question are those from the Alabama State Land Company to the Central Iron and Coal Co. for 2,360 acres of mineral lands for $47,200, or $20 per acre. These lands were sold several weeks ago, but the deeds were filed for record only a few days since.

Slayer of Deputy Edwards in Jail.

John Dawson, Jr., who was arrested at Thomasville last week, charged with the murder of Deputy Sheriff Joe Edwards, is said to have confessed the crime to Sheriff Blackwell, while enroute to Mobile, where the negro is now in jail. He said, the report goes, that Edwards came to his house in the night and fired through the door, and that he shot in defense of his home as any other man would have done. He did not know it was an officer, he said.

Street Fair a Great Success.

Saturday night a tremendous crowd passed through the gates to take a last look at the attractions of the Elks. The fair was the biggest thing in the amusement line that Birmingham has ever had, and the Elks are to be congratulated on the triumph of the enterprise. During the week about 75,000 people passed through the gates and the Elks realized about $7,500, which will be used to help pay for the new home that they bought on Eighth avenue.

Choctaw Oil Lands.

Capt. Joseph Rose, president of the Royal Baking Powder Company, Mobile, has returned from Cullom Springs, where he had gone to inspect the alleged oil lands in that vicinity. Mrs. Dahlberg, proprietress of the springs, also came to the city and there were several conferences held between Captain Rose and representatives of Mrs. Dahlberg relative to the sale of the springs property. There was no conclusion reached, however. It was reported on good authority that Captain Rose had offered $25,000 for the property if there were any mineral deposits thereon.

Probably Foul Play.

Word is brought to Selma of the mysterious disappearance of a negro by the name of Bill Williams, who lives across the river in the neighborhood where the recent trouble grew out of the killing of Deputy Sheriff Edward. Williams had been indicted for stealing cotton seed and had been released on bail. On Wednesdy night last he was visited by a crowd of men and barely escaped with his life. Since Friday night he has been missing, and his relatives begin to suspect foul play. A diligent search has been made for the negro, and no clue whatever to his whereabouts can be found, and it is hinted that he has gone the way of the three negroes who were killd on Thursday night last.

Vigorous Protest.

At a meeting of Camp W. J. Hardee, United Confederate Veterans, held on Saturday afternoon in their hall in Birmingham, a resolution was presented to the effect that the word "rebel" did great injustice and should be eliminated from history as much as possible. It was decided to invoke the assistance of Hon. Thomas Owen, the Director of Alabama's Historical Department, in having all histories in this state so written as to leave out the obnoxious word. The resolutions were introduced and were adopted with no dissenting vote.

Explosion of Gas.

Considerable excitement was occasioned at Ensley by a series of gas explosions at the plant of Semet-Solvay Company. It seems one of the mains conveying gas through the works became stopped up in some manner, several explosions resulting. It was feared at first that a great deal of damage had been done, but closer investigation proved this to be untrue and the plant is operating as usual.

LIVE WASHINGTON

Happenings of the Week in the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S NEWS AND REVIEWS A NEW BOOK

American Claims [illegible] cess of Settlement by McKinley to Launch [illegible] Cuban Delegation [illegible]

A correspondent [illegible] London asserts that [illegible] has informed Mr. [illegible] not aid him either [illegible] cially.

Not an applicant [illegible] for the office of [illegible] for at Manilla at [illegible] examination for [illegible] by the civil service [illegible] 23d and an announcement [illegible] was made a few weeks [illegible] didates are yet in sight.

The announcement [illegible] group of French [illegible] dia $100,000,000 [illegible] is believed to have [illegible] Russia is known [illegible] French bankers would [illegible] glad to lend her all she [illegible] security for. It is [illegible] that the interests of the [illegible] has been directed during [illegible] The remarkable [illegible] street as well as the [illegible] President McKinley [illegible] have aroused widespread [illegible]

The ocean liners arriving [illegible] averaging one thousand [illegible] each and the health officer [illegible] and the corps of marine hospital surgeons who examine the [illegible] second time when they reach [illegible] are kept busy from early [illegible] until long after sundown [illegible] passengers with sore eyes [illegible]

The much discussed [illegible] whom would fall the honor [illegible] the battleship Ohio has been [illegible] the announcement that [illegible] will be performed by Miss [illegible] McKinley. She will press [illegible] and the released are will [illegible] just at the turn of the tide [illegible] m. Miss Helen Dunbler [illegible] will break the bottle of champagne over the bow and give the [illegible] machine the name of Ohio.

The custom inspectors are seizing all uninvoiced goods on board vessels entering [illegible] this aciton they are strictly [illegible] out their orders to the [illegible] vessels shall be thoroughly searched that not even the quarters of the officer exempted. A number of packages have been seized in [illegible] fonso XIII, from Cerona [illegible] said to contain Madrid [illegible]

Secretary Root received [illegible] from the mayor of Jacksonville that the St. Francis Barracks [illegible] city be put at the disposal [illegible] to house 1,000 homeless people. Secretary Root immediately wired to Gen. Brooke, in command [illegible] partment of the east, to be in charge of the barracks [illegible] people of Jacksonville [illegible] possible. The secretary received a dispatch asking for a large [illegible] the mayor indicating that [illegible] of the city were without [illegible] gave orders to have 1,000 [illegible] sent at once. These people [illegible] Aasaphs, Va., just across [illegible] from Washington and [illegible] They go forward on the [illegible] trains.

The special commission [illegible] constitutional convention [illegible] Washington to obtain a [illegible] edge of the intentions of [illegible] States government regarding [illegible] were met in Havana by a [illegible] of Cuban and by Colonel [illegible] senting that the commission [illegible] several conferences during [illegible] that an understanding [illegible] reached. He explained [illegible] it would be necessary to [illegible] meeting when the report of [illegible] mission would be drawn up [illegible] issued for a conference with [illegible] delegates.

Shot by Swindler.

"It is rumored," says [illegible] nople correspondent of [illegible] press, "that the Sultan [illegible] physician, who, while [illegible] for ear complaint and [illegible] inadvertently caused [illegible] tense pain. The [illegible] into the room, and [illegible] supposed there was an [illegible] his life, fired again, [illegible] chamberlain."

ILL ARP'S LETTER

Gives Man Takes Critical Glance at Current History.

REVIEWS A NEW BOOK

[illegible] of Colonel John Cussen to Redeem Some Wrong Shallow or Revenge. Says William [illegible]

It is only a little book—a very little book—that the author has sent to me, and the greater part of its pages has suggested [illegible] and has proved a [illegible] to my old age. I have read it aloud to my wife and neighbors, and it has comforted them and established them more firmly in the faith, if that were possible. This book is on my desk and I note its [illegible] in large print, very large, so that the veterans might read it with the glasses or a strong [illegible] of the optic. Its modest title is "A Chance in Current History," by Colonel John [illegible] of Glen Allen, Va. It is the work of a retired confederate veteran, who is known and loved by all Virginia and who was grand commander of the grand camp of Virginia [illegible] veterans and the intimate friend of General Maury, Dr. Hunter [illegible], Pitzhugh Lee and Joseph E. [illegible]

This book was written with no [illegible] motive, neither for profit or fame, nor with any desire of criminating, but rather to heal the breach and at the same time preserve the truth of history and hand it down to our children. There is not a line of malice or revenge within its pages, but a high [illegible], dignified, conservative appeal [illegible] his comrades to uphold the government that is now a nation and at the same time defend the south from any [illegible] upon her honor. It is beautifully written in thoughts that breathe and words that burn and no man, north or south, can question a statement contained within it. I wish that I was able to place a copy of this book in the home of every family in the south and in the hands of every young man, and I would make it a little book of history in every public school. There are only six chapters, and not more than ten minutes long, but there is not a wasted sentence nor a paragraph too much.

The last chapter is a defense of the American Indian, for the author was a frontiersman and lived among them and mingled with them for many years, and as General Maury said of him, "He has more thoroughly studied the Indian character than any man living." The first chapter is devoted to a review of a United States history recently written and published by Professor Goldwin Smith, an Englishman, who was for years a professor of history in Cornell university and is now a doctor of canon law in Toronto, Canada. This history is published both in London and New York, and is strangely popular both in England and the north. It is intensely venomous against the south, and especially against Virginia. Now listen for a few [illegible] at some of his historical [illegible] taken verbatim from his book. Listen and wonder that such a book could find patrons anywhere. "South Carolina got her start by combining buccaneering with slave owning and making her ports a shelter for pirates and corsairs, such as Captain Kidd and Blackbeard.

"Georgia was the refuge of the [illegible] and bankrupt. Her first settlers were good-for-nothings who had failed in trade—a shiftless and lazy set—but later on some better elements came in—Highlanders, Moravians and persecuted Protestants of Salzburg.

"The first settlers of Virginia were an unpromising lot—lackeys, beggars, broken down gentlemen and tapsters out of a job. To this crew of vagrants were afterwards added jail birds. English convicts were offered the choice between the gallows and Virginia, and some were wise enough to choose the gallows. Even their place of settlement—Jamestown—had long been a desolation. They were not such colonists as the Puritans. They made the Indians work for them, while the Puritans worked for themselves. Many of them were kidnaped from the streets of London and all were of depraved character. Afterwards came African slavery, the bane of Virginia and her ultimate ruin. As were the people so were their leaders. A chief fomenter of the quarrel with England was Patrick Henry, a man who had tried many ways of earning a living and had failed in all. A bankrupt at twenty three, he lounged in idleness till he found he could live by his tongue. James Madison was a well meaning man, but morally weak. Henry Clay was a dazzling, but artificial meteor. John Randolph had natural ability, but lacked good sense and had no power of self-control. He would enter the senate with his hunting whip in his hand and behave as if he were in his dog kennel." He gives praise to Washington, and much praise to Benedict Arnold, who, he says, "was one of the best of American generals and the most daring of all. He was slighted and wronged by politicians and had despaired of redress." But Franklin and Samuel Adams were lacking in the ordinary traits of gentlemen and as for Patrick Henry nothing better was to be expected, for the character of an Englishman is not to be formed in backwoods."

Concerning the civil war he says: "The slaveholders stamped military heel and thrust the poor people

LIVE WASHINGTON

Happenings of the Week in the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY

American Claims to Be Pushing Process of Settlement by Chinese. McKinley to Launch the Cuban Delegation in Business.

A correspondent of the Daily Herald asserts that President McKinley has informed Mr. Kruger that he can't aid him either officially or privately.

No application has been made for the chief of steam coal bunkers at Manila at $2.250 a year, notwithstanding that for the place with the civil service commission and an announcement to the effect was made a few weeks ago, but candidates are not in sight.

The ship Ivy is at Port Royal via Belize, with lumbermen and bankers will be in Honduras, though unofficial advices have not been received. It is known to need no French bankers would undoubtedly lend her all she could get money for. It is to the United States that the interests of the French have been directed during the past year. The remarkable boom in stocks here as well as the triumphal progress of President McKinley through the West have aroused widespread attention.

The ocean liners arriving at Quarantine carrying one thousand immigrants each and the health officer of the port and the corps of marine hospital surgeons who examine the new arrivals for the second time when they reach Hoboken are kept busy from early in the morning until long after sundown. Many passengers with sore eyes are found. The much discussed question of who shall fill the honors of the battleship Ohio has been settled by the announcement that the launching will be performed by Mrs. McKinley. She will press the button and the released axe will sever the last at the turn of the tide at noon.

Miss Helen Doehler, of Cincinnati, will break the bottle of California wine over the bow and give the new machine the name of Ohio.

The custom inspectors during the seizing all uninvoiced goods on board vessels entering that port in accordance with their orders to the effect that vessels shall be thoroughly searched not even the quarters of the officer excepted. A number of cases have been seized on board the Bremen XIII, from Corunna, and ordered to contain Madrid letters.

Secretary Root received a telegram from the mayor of Jacksonville, Fla., that the St. Francis Barracks will be put at the disposal of the board to house 1,000 homeless people. Secretary Root immediately sent a telegram to Colonel Brooke, in command at the department of the east, to direct the officer in charge of the barracks to house the people of Jacksonville every possible. The secretary received a dispatch asking for a large supply of tents, the mayor indicating that the people of the city were without shelter. The orders to have 1,000 hospital tents at once. These tents will be pitched at Salisbury, Md., just across the Chesapeake from Washington and at Philadelphia. They go forward on the first of the month.

The special commission of the constitutional convention which met in Washington to obtain a better idea of the intentions of the United States government regarding the relations to be met in Havana by a study of the Platt amendment and by Colonel Scott's reading that the commission had held several conferences during the day and had reached an understanding which they declined. He explained, however, that it would be necessary to hold a meeting when the report of the commission would be drawn up and forwarded for a conference with the delegates.

Shot by Sultan.

It is rumored," says the Berlin correspondent of the Times, "that the Sultan shot his physician, who, while attending his ear complaint and without intentionally caused His Majesty's pain. The chamberlain ran into the room, and the man who opposed them was an attempt on his life, fired again, wounding Chamberlain."

ARP'S LETTER

Man Takes Critical Glance at Current History.

AND REVIEWS A NEW BOOK

Colonel John Cussons Is Entirely Free from Malice or Revenge.

Special Note William

[illegible] the book—a very little book the author has sent to me, [illegible] its pages has impressed me [illegible] I have proved a real [illegible] I have read it [illegible] my wife and [illegible] comforted them [illegible] more firmly in [illegible] were possible. This [illegible] contains no 160 [illegible] very large [illegible] I read it with [illegible] the optic [illegible] "A Glance [illegible] Colonel John [illegible] Va. It is the [illegible] Confederate veteran, [illegible] loved by all Virginians [illegible] was grand commander [illegible] Virginia and the intimate friend of Generals Marcy, Dr. Hunter [illegible] Lee and Joseph E. [illegible]

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Concerning the civil war he says: "The slaveholders escaped military service and thrust the poor people under fire. Guards impressed men in the streets and conscripts were sent to Lee's army in chains. At the taking of Fort Pillow the negroes were nailed to logs and burned alive. The southern lady was but the head of a harem. She was soft, elegant and charming, but the civil war disclosed an element in her character of a different kind."

This is enough of the scandalous and slanderous book and it is only popular at the north because of its vilification of the south. He flatters New England and the Puritans and gives praise to Benedict Arnold, who was born in Connecticut, and more to old John Brown than to General Lee.

These are the kind of books that northern children read and study and believe. How can that section ever be reconciled? And yet there are people at the south who condemn us for defending the honor of our ancestors and the heroism of our soldiers and speak of it as "ex confederate rot." Lord Macauley said: "A people who take no pride in the achievements of their ancestors will achieve nothing for their own children to be proud of." Some of our most gifted men are still toadying to please northern appetites, "licking the hand that strikes the blow." Of all such a patriotic northern writer says beware of the "chronic reconciler," the man who improves every opportunity to haul out his faded olive branch and waive it in the eyes of the people. When any man, north or south, talks in a mellow way of his love for his old enemy, watch him. He is getting ready to ask for something. Watch him.

There is something pathetic in the picture of the north and south clasped in each others arms and shedding a torrent of hot tears down each others backs, but the aged mothers on each side have not yet learned to love the foe with much violence. Nor does the crippled veteran love the adversary who robbed him of his glorious youth and left him a feeble ruin, nor have the patriotic soldiers on either side deserted the cause for which they fought.

But think of Virginia—the glorious Old Dominion—the mother of states and statesmen. Her domain extended from Carolina to Canada and from the Atlantic to the Pacific oceans. Born upon her generous bosom was Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Lighthorse Harry, Robert E. Lee, Joe E. Johnston and Stonewall Jackson. Who would not be proud to be a Virginian?

Who can wonder at the patriotic pride of those two venerable sisters, Miss Judith and Miss Anna Thomas of Southampton county, now passed their eighth-eth year, the only sisters of General George H. Thomas, and who, ever since 1861, when he accepted office under Lincoln, have uniformly declared that they once had a brave and noble brother of that name and that he won renown in the war with Mexico when he was a major in Colonel Robert E. Lee's regiment, but that he died in 1861 and now they have no brother. Ever since Virginia seceded they have pathetically declared their dear brother died in the spring of 1861. Every Virginia officer of the old army, save George H. Thomas, promptly resigned and volunteered to defend their state. These lonely old maidens seem really to believe that their brother did die.

The county of Southampton had presented to Major Thomas on his return from Mexico a beautiful sword and after our civil war he wrote to his sisters and requested that the sword be sent to him. They replied that they could not part with it, for it was the only memento of a very dear brother who died in 1861. They still live alone and in poverty in the same old mansion in which they were born, but neither friend nor neighbor ever presumes to mention General Thomas in their presence. These venerable and venerated ladies are but a type of the old Virginia aristocracy. Well may they be proud of their state and their ancestry.

I do not know Colonel Cussons nor the price of his little book, nor have I any interest in advertising it, but I do wish that every veteran and every veteran's son had it. His address is Glen Allen, Va., and he is the publisher. I suppose that $1 will buy it postpaid.—BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

Great surprise is expressed at the falling off in the number of students at the Princeton Theological seminary. The surprise is based chiefly on this fact, that the young men who would ordinarily have entered the theological seminary have joined the army instead. The assumption that a clergyman is a mild, non-combative individual is totally erroneous. There is no harder fighting than that which is done by the clergy, observes the New York Journal. In order to fulfil their mission conscientiously they are obliged to fight themselves as well to fight evil in others. A clergyman's life is mapped out for him not as a life of ease, but as a life of struggle and of combat.

Voting by machines has been found to be practicable and convenient and much more rapid than by paper ballots. It eliminates fraud and bribery and does away with the tedious counting process which is the source of many errors and much waste of time. The machines not only record the votes but count them, and as soon as the last vote has been cast the total for each candidate is ready to be announced, states the Philadelphia Press.

GOD THINGS SEIZED FOR DEBT.

Boarders in a House, an Engine and False Teeth Levied On.

A story comes from Australia of the United States ship Glacier, the refrigerating ship of the navy, having been seized for debt in the harbor of Sydney. A naval vessel is not often seized for debt, and the legality of the seizure might be a matter of international inquiry. The story is that when the Glacier was at Sydney the officers' mess ran up several bills on shore. When they came to settle, before sailing, a bill was presented by a tradesman which the mess refused to pay, on the reasonable ground that they did not owe it. Knowing that the vessel was to sail shortly, the tradesman got a sharp lawyer, who procured a judgment against the ship for the amount of the bill. A sheriff came on board upon some pretext, and, drawing a warrant for the ship's seizure from his pocket, affixed it to the mainmast. After that to sail away would have brought on international complications, so the mess paid and tried to look pleasant. The bill was for $250.

Curious things have been seized for debt. Some years ago there was a foreigner of rank in Chicago, who had fallen on evil times, and so set up a boarding house. He was always in debt, and at last his creditors discovered an ingenious way of getting their bills paid. When the boarders were at dinner an officer of the law appeared and levied on the table. The guests were indignant, and the foreign nobleman tore his hair. Finally, as the bill was small, the boarders clubbed together and paid it, after which they resumed their evening meal, amid profuse protestations of gratitude on the part of their noble host. The amount paid was, of course, deducted from their board bill when they came to settle. After the table had been levied on twice or three times it got monotonous and the boarding house ceased to flourish.

Some time back the proprietor of a traveling menagerie in England received a bill as he was leaving Yarmouth with his "aggregation." He declared that the bill was exorbitant and refused to pay. At his next stopping place he was served with a summons, and final judgment and execution was obtained for the bill. But by the time the papers were made out the menagerie was at a third town, and there the officer of the law went to execute the writ. Now, a menagerie is a troublesome thing to levy on, but it was decided to seize a Malay orang-outang, as being the handiest article of value. The officers had no idea what to feed the animal on, and as it became hungry it raved and fought so that they sent it back to menagerie, which by this time had gone to a fourth town. All expenses fell upon the people who had brought the suit, and they were glad to get off even at that price.

A traveling theatrical company which had left a bill behind at Birmingham, England, was "caught up" at the next town with a writ of attachment upon its theatrical properties. When the officer came to levy he found nothing of much value except the wigs belonging to the show. These he seized, and that night "Richard III." was played by actors with up-to-date close-cropped heads, making a most ludicrous effect when combined with mediæval clothes.

Some time ago the London and Northwestern Railway Company fell a victim to the notorious litigant—since declared insane—Mrs. Corbett. The woman, who was always suing something or somebody, brought suit against the company, and as the case was not defended, she obtained judgment. She got an order and actually seized an engine attached to a local train. She held up that train for an hour before the engine was bonded and released.

In New York a woman was taken to court charged with stealing a set of false teeth from one of her boarders. In her defense the accused woman said that she had seized the teeth as security for a board bill owed her by the young lady who owned them.—Chicago Chronicle.

Strange Reciprocity.

What do you think of an alliance between a plant and an ant, a veritable reciprocal treaty whereby the plant furnishes food for the ant and the ant furnishes protection for the plant? This is an actual existing relation in Australia, where a small pugnacious ant and the bull's horn thorn live together under really remarkable conditions.

But for the plant the ant would be without food, and but for the ant the plant would be destroyed by several varieties of insects that attack its leaves.

The reciprocal plan and agreement is this: The thorn at the end of each leaf has a pair of hollow horns, around which is secreted a substance fitted for food for the ant, and which is renewed by the plant as rapidly as it is consumed. In these horns the ant lives and finds his natural nourishment within easy reach.

He objects emphatically to the presence of other insects, and as soon as any of the little enemies of the plant alight on the leaf which he has preempted he darts from his home in the thorn and makes such a fierce attack on the intruder that he is glad to make a hurried escape or else loses his life in the attempt to hold his position.—New York Herald.

Increase of Swiss Population.

The recent census taken throughout Switzerland has shown a remarkable increase in the number of inhabitants. Perhaps the most extraordinary growth is in the canton of Zurich, whose population in 1888 numbered 337,183, but but now it is 428,039, an increase of 90,847 inhabitants in twelve years. This is considered a world's record. Geneva has increased by 21,412 persons during the same period.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Lessons Drawn From the Natural World — The Ant as a Teacher — God Regulates the Ant Hill as Well as the Human Habitation.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage draws his illustrations from a realm seldom utilized for moral and religious purposes, text, Proverbs vi. 6-8 "Go to the ant, thou sluggard. Consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

The most of Solomon's writings have perished. They have gone out of existence as thoroughly as the twenty books of Pliny and most of the books of Aeschylus and Euripides and Varro and Quintilian. Solomon's Song and Ecclesiastes and Proverbs, preserved by inspiration, are a small part of his voluminous productions. He was a great scientist. One verse in the Bible suggests that he was a botanist, a zoologist, an ornithologist, an ichthyologist and knew all about reptiles. I Kings iv. 33, "He spake of trees, from the cedar tree that is in Lebanon even unto the hyssop that springeth out of the wall; he spake also of beasts and of fowl and of creeping things and of fishes." Besides all these scientific works he composed 3000 proverbs and 1005 songs.

Although Solomon lived long before the microscope was constructed he was also an insectologist, and watched and describes the spider build its suspension bridge of silk from tree to tree, railing it the spider's web, and he notices its skilful foothold in climbing the smooth wall of the throneroom in Jerusalem, saying, "The spider taketh hold with her hands and is in kings' palaces." But he is especially interested in the ant, and recommends its habits as worthy of study and imitation, saying, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

But it was not until about 300 years ago, when Jan Swammerdam, the son of an apothecary at Amsterdam, Holland, began the study of the ant under powerful lens, that the full force of Solomon's injunction was understood. The great Dutch scientist in his examination of the insect in my text discovered as great display of the wisdom of God in its anatomy as astronomers discover in the heavens, and was so absorbed and wrought upon by the wonders he discovered in the ant and other insects that body and mind gave way, and he expired at forty-three years of age, a martyr of the great science of insectology.

No one but God could have fashioned the insect spoken of in the text or given it such genius of instinct—its wisdom for harvesting at the right time, its wonders of antennae, by which it gathers food, and of mandibles, which, instead of the motion of the human jaw up and down in mastication, move from side to side; its nervous system, its enlarging doors in hot weather for more sweep of breeze, its mode of attack and defense, closing the gate at night against bandit invaders; its purification of the earth for human residence, its social life, its republican government with the consent of the governed, its natural fidelities, the habit of these creatures of gathering now and then under the dome of the ant hillock seemingly in consultation and then departing to execute their different missions.

But Solomon would not commend all the habits of the ant, for some of them are as bad as some of the habits of the human race. Some of these small creatures are desperadoes and murderers. Now and then they marshal themselves into hosts and march in straight line and come upon an encampment of their own race and destroy its occupants, except the young, whom they carry into captivity, and if the army come back without any such captives they are not permitted to enter, but are sent forth to make more successful conquest. Solomon gives no commendation so such sanguinary behavior among insects any more than he would have commended sanguinary behavior among men.

But what are the habits which Solomon would enjoin when he says, "consider her ways and be wise?" First of all, providence, forethought, anticipation of coming necessities. I am sorry to say these qualities are not characteristic of all the ants. These creatures of God are divided into granivorous and carnivorous. The latter are not frugal, but the former are frugal. While the air is warm and moving about is not hindered by ice or snowbank, they import their cargoes of food. They bring in their caravan of provision; they haul in their long train of wheat or corn or oats.

The farmers are not more busy in July and August in reaping their harvest. They stack them away, they pile them up. They question when they have enough. They aggregate a sufficient amount to last them until the next warm season. When winter opens they are ready.

Blow ye wintry blasts! Hang your icicles from the tree branches! Imbed all the highways under snowdrifts! Enough for all the denizens of the hills. Hunger shut out, and plenty sits within. God, who feedeth every living thing, has blessed the ant hill.

In contrast with that insectile behavior what do you think of that large number of prosperous men and women who live up to every dollar that they make, raising their families in luxurious habits and at death expecting some kind friend to give their daughters employment as music teachers or typewriters or Government employes? Such parents have no right to children. Every neighborhood has specimens of such improvidence. The two words that most strike me in the text are "summer" and "winter." Some people have no summer in their lives. From the rocking cradle to the still grave it is relentless January. Invalid infancy followed by some crippling accident or dimness of eyesight or dullness of hearing or privation or disaster or unfortunate environment makes life a perpetual winter. But in most lives there is a period of summer, although it may be a short summer, and that is the time to provide for the future.

One of the best ways of insuring the future is to put aside all you can for charitable provision. You put a crumbling stone in the foundation of your fortune if you do not in your plans regard the sufferings that you may alleviate. You will have the pledge of the high heavens for your temporal welfare when you help the helpless, for the promise is "Blessed is he that considereth the poor; the Lord will deliver him in time of trouble."

Then there is another way of providing for the future. If you have $1000 a year income, save $100; or $2000 a year, save $500; or $3000, save $1000. Do you say such economy is meanness? I say it is a vaster meanness for you to make no provision for the future and compel your friends or the world to take care of you or yours in case of bereavement or calamity.

There are women who at the first increase of their husband's resources wreck all on an extravagant wardrobe. There are men who at the prospect of larger prosperity build houses they will never be able to pay for. There are people with $4000 a year income who have not one dollar laid up for a rainy day. It is a ghastly dishonesty practiced on the next generation. Such men deserve bankruptcy and impoverishment. In almost every man's life there comes a winter of cold misfortune. Prepare for it while you may. Whose thermometer has not sometimes stood below zero? What ship has never been caught in a storm? What regiment at the front never got into a battle? Have at least as much foresight as the insectile world.

Examine the pantries of the ant hills in this weather, and you will find that last summer's supply is not yet exhausted. Examine them next July and you will find them being replenished. "Go to the ant, thou sluggard. Consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

This is no argument for miserliness. Avarice and penuriousness destroy a man about as soon as any of the other vices. We have heard of those who entered their iron money vault for business purposes, and the door accidentally shut, and they were suffocated, their corpse not discovered until the next day. But every day and all up and down the streets of our cities there are men, body, mind and soul, forever fast in their own money vaults. Accumulation of bonds, mortgages and Government securities and town lots and big farms just for the pleasure of accumulation is despicable, but the putting aside of a surplus for your self defense when your brain has failed, or your right hand has forgotten its cunning, or your old age needs a manservant, or for the support of others when you can no more be a breadwinner for your household—that is right, that is beautiful, that is Christian, that is divinely approved. That shows that you have taken Solomon's ant hill for an object lesson. Going out of this world without leaving a dollar for those who remain behind, if you have done your best, you have a right to put your head in calm confidence on the pillow which Jeremiah shook up in the forty-ninth chapter of his prophecy, "Leave thy fatherless children, I will preserve them alive, and let thy widows trust in Me."

But if, having the means, through mortgages or houses or life insurance for providing for helpless widowhood and orphanage, you make no provision for post mortem need, how dare you go up and take a palace in heaven and let your wife and children go to the poorhouse or into a struggle for bread that makes life a horror and sometimes ends in suicide?

But my subject reaches higher than temporalities—foresight for the soul, provision for eternal experiences, preparation for the far beyond. Ant hills, speak out and teach us a larger and mightier lesson of preparing food for the more important part of us! Do you realize that a man may be a millionaire or a multi millionaire for time and a bankrupt for eternity, a prince for a few years and a pauper forever? The ant would not be satisfied with gathering enough food for half a winter or quarter of a winter. But how many of us seem content, though not having prepared for the ten millionth part of what will be our existence!

Furthermore, go to the ant and consider that it does not decline work because it is insignificant. The fragment of seed it hauls into its habitation may be so small that the unaided eye cannot see it, but the insectile work goes on—the carpenter ant at work above ground, the mason ant at work under ground. Some of these creatures mix the leaves of the fir and the catkins of the pine for the roof or wall of their tiny abode, and others go out as hunters looking for food, while others in domestic duties stay at home. Twenty specks of the food they are moving toward their granary, put upon a balance, would hardly make the scales quiver. All of the work is on a small scale. There is no use in our refusing a mission because it is insignificant. Anything that God in His providence puts before us to do is important.

The needle has its office as certainly as the telescope and the spade as a parliamentarian scroll. You know what became of the man in the parable of the talents, who buried the one talent instead of putting it to practical and accumulative use. His apology was of no avail.

When during the plague in London, at the risk of his life and under the protest of his friends, Rev. Thomas Vincent spent his time preaching the gospel to the sufferers and 68,596 people perished, seven fatalities in the house where he lived, did it just happen so that he came through unhurt? In Fulton street prayer meeting, New York, a young man rose and said: "I have been an infidel fourteen years. I had the prayers of a pious mother, but I spurned them. I have not seen her for fifteen years. I suppose she has given me up as lost. I don't know where to find her, but I would like to tell her what the Lord has done for me in answer to her earnest prayers." Did it just happen so that his mother was present and cried out, "O, my son, my son?" You know of the glorious Christian work in Japan, but do you know how it began? A New Testament was dropped from an English ship in the harbor of Tokyo. The little book came into the hands of a prominent Japanese, who read it and was brought to God, and immediately began to commend Christ to the people. Did all that merely happen so? Tell that to those who do not believe there is a God, but do not tell it to at least a hundred of us who have had in our own lives providential rescues as easily proved as that we have ever lived at all.

But we live in times where there are so many cashings. There seems almost universal unrest. Large fortunes swallow up small fortunes. Civilized nations trying to gobble up barbaric nations. Upheaval of creeds, and people who once believed everything now believing nothing. The old book that Moses began and St. John ended bombarded from scientific observatories and college class-rooms. Amid all this disturbance and uncertainty that which many good people need is not a stimulus, but a sedative, and in my text I find it—divine observation and guidance of minutest affairs. And nothing is to God large or small, planet or ant hill, the God who easily made the worlds employing His infinity in the wondrous construction of a spider's foot.

Before we leave this subject let us thank God for those who were willing to endure the fatigues and self sacrifices necessary to make revelation of the natural world, so re-enforcing the Scriptures. If the microscope could speak, what a story it could tell of hardship and poverty and suffering and perseverance on the part of those who employed it for important discovery. It would tell of the blinded eyes of M. Strauss, of the Hubers and of scores of those who, after inspecting the minute objects of God's creation, staggered out from their cabinets with vision destroyed. This hour in many a professor's study the work of putting eyesight on the altar of science is going on. And what greater loss can one suffer than the loss of eyesight unless it be loss of reason? While the telescope is reaching further up and the microscope is reaching further down, both are exclaiming: "There is a God, and He is infinitely wise and infinitely good! Worship Him and worship Him forever!"

And now I bethink myself of the fact that we are close to a season of the year which will allow us to be more out of doors and to confront the lessons of the natural world, and there are voices that seem to say, "Go to the ant; go to the bird; go to the flowers; go to the fields; go to the waters." Listen to the cantatas that drop from the gallery of the tree tops. Notice in the path where you walk the lessons of industry and divine guidance. Make natural religion a commentary on revealed religion. Put the glow of sunrise and sunset into your spiritual experiences. Let every star speak of the morning star of the Redeemer and every aromatic bloom make you think of Him who is the Rose of Sharon and the Lily of the Valley, and every overhanging cliff remind you of the rock of ages, and every morning suggest the "day spring from on high, which giveth light to those who are in darkness," and even the little hillock built by the roadside or in the fields remind you of the wisdom of imitating in temporal and spiritual things the insectile forethought, "which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 12.

Subject: The Great Commission, Matt. xxviii. 16-20 — Golden Text, Matt. xxviii. 20 — Memory Verses, 18-20 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

16. "Then." Matthew does not notice any of the important events that have taken place between Christ and His disciples since the morning of the resurrection. They did not go immediately into Galilee, but waited in Jerusalem at least one week, when Christ appeared to them again, on Sunday night, April 16. While they were waiting in Galilee for the appointed time of the meeting Jesus surprised seven of them at the sea of Galilee (John 21: 1-23), and fully restored Peter to his former station among the disciples. Soon after that interview occurs the special meeting of to-day's lesson. This was His eighth appearance. "The eleven." While there is no mention here that any besides the eleven were present, yet it is the general opinion that the whole body of the disciples had come together, and that this was the time when Christ appeared to the 500 brethren referred to by Paulin. I Cor. 15. 6. "Into Galilee." Why did Christ have this meeting in Galilee? This having been the principal scene of Christ's ministry, the greatest part of His followers lived there, and for this reason He chose to make His most solemn and public appearance in that country. "Had appointed them." Jesus had evidently named the mountain. Lange calls attention to Matthew's three sacred mountains. 1. The mount of the Beatitudes. 2. The mount of the Transfiguration. 3. The mount of the great Resurrection Meeting.

17. "When they saw Him." There was something mysterious and supernatural in the manifestation of the glorified body. The more devoted and loving disciples were probably the first to recognize their Lord. "They worshiped Him." They gave divine honor to Him, which was signified by some outward expressions of adoration. Those who see Jesus with an eye of faith are always true worshipers of Him. They are ready to bow humbly at His feet and give Him the love that is due Him. "But some doubted." Certainly none of the eleven after what had taken place at previous interviews at Jerusalem, but of the 500 were now present, we may well believe this of some of them. Lange and others agree with this idea. These doubts were afterward removed from their minds, and all doubts should also be removed from our minds. The resurrection of Christ is the greatest miracle of which we have an account in the Bible, and has been established beyond the possibility of a mistake.

18. "And Jesus came to them." (R. V.) This drawing near was manifestly a special approach unto those who were doubting. "All authority." (R. V.) Authority and power differ; for many have authority to do what they have no power to do, while others have power but no authority. Our Lord's authority implies power also. Christ was about to commission His apostles, and send them out with authority as ambassadors to the nations, and He first shows them by what authority He acts. "Hath been given." (R. V.) He did not assume it, or usurp it, but it was given Him; He was legally entitled to it and invested in it by a grant from Him who is the Fountain of all power. God set Him King (Psa. 2. 6), inaugurated and enthroned Him. Luke 1. 32. As God, equal with the Father, all power was originally and essentially His, but as Mediator, as God man, all power was given Him. "In heaven and in earth." Christ has authority and power in heaven. 1. to intercede with the Father. 2. To send down the Holy Spirit. 3. To raise up His followers. 4. To give them a seat at His right hand in kingdom of endless glory. He has authority and power "on earth." (R. V.) 1. To convert sinners. 2. To sanctify, protect and perfect His church. 3. To subdue all nations to Himself. 4. Over death. 5. To judge the world. 6. He also has authority and power over all the forces of nature.

19. "Go ye therefore." This commission is given primarily to the apostles, who were to carry on and establish the work Christ had inaugurated. What must have been the feelings which such a commission awakened! We conquer the world for Thee, Lord, who have scarce conquered our own misgivings—we, fishermen of Galilee, with no learning, no means, no influence? "And make disciples." (R. V.) They were not to go and subdue, or pronounce judgments against the nations, but to make disciples by preaching the gospel of Christ—a gospel of peace and love. Henceforth they were to be fishers of men. If we are true ministers of Christ we will win men to the truth and thus lead them to obtain salvation. "Of all the nations." (R. V.) This word of Christ breaks down the middle wall of partition which had so long excluded the Gentiles from the visible church. The apostles at first were forbidden to go to the Gentiles, now they are sent to all nations. The Gentiles are to be christianized without first being made Jews. The commission given to the apostles is still binding on the Christian church. Christ's words, according to Mark, are, "Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature." How can Christians fold their arms contentedly, in the presence of the world's great need? "Baptizing them." This was to be a sign that they had left their heathen religions, and had become true converts to Christianity. "Into the name." (R. V.) This means that converts are pledged by baptism to a faith which has for its object the being designated by that name, and which brings them into union with Him. The word "name" has a wide and deep meaning; it implies a living reality, a power, and in Scripture, when applied to God, is equivalent to the Godhead. "Father—Holy Ghost." Here we have the trinity clearly set forth. There is One God, with one undivided name and nature, who exists as three Divine Persons, under the personal distinction of Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

20. "Teaching them." It is the duty of the apostles and ministers of Christ to instruct those who become disciples or learners. "To observe," etc. What Christ has commanded must be taught and observed. We are to "observe"—pay attention to and obey, "all things"—not merely those things which suit us best, but all the moral duties, without exception, that Christ has commanded. "I am with you alway." Literally, I am with you every day. In the person of the Holy Spirit, Christ would never be absent from them a single day. This should be a source of no little encouragement to all true ministers of the gospel. He is not coming, He is here with us now. 1. He is with both the weak and the strong. 2. He is in the battle as well as the victory. 3. He is with us in life and in death. 4. In time and in eternity. "Unto the end," etc. Into the end of time. "Amen." Omitted in R. V.

The natives of Uganda, Central Africa, have just paid their taxes for the current year, amounting approximately to $300,000. This includes payments in kind, consisting of five elephants, one zebra, 20 chimpanzees, several warthogs, water antelopes, porcupines, snakes and cranes, and numerous monkeys. All these creatures have been received at the government headquarters at Port Alice.

Krupp's 120-ton gun fires two shots a minute, each costing $1500. [illegible] expensive price to pay for a [illegible] the smaller guns that do the [illegible]

THE BANNER.

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CIRCUIT Court convenes at Clanton on Monday next.

SPLENDID weather and everybody busy.

ELECTIONS are getting to be too cheap. The city of Birmingham elected a mayor and board of aldermen last Monday, and only 261 voters were interested enough to cast their votes.

THE official count of the late election shows a majority of 24,800 in favor of holding the convention. The total vote cast was 115,810—70,305 for the convention and 45,505 against. 25 white counties voted against the convention, but several of these elected Democratic delegates.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla, met with a terrible calamity last Friday, when fire destroyed a great part of that beautiful city. 148 blocks, comprising the business and residence portion of the city went up in smoke and over ten thousand people were rendered homeless. The damage is estimated at fifteen million dollars. The U. S. government have forwarded army tents for the shelter of the homeless, and subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers are being raised all over the country.

THE Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says: "Rains are very generally needed throughout the cotton belt to germinate the very large part of the crop replanted since the cold of April 18, some of which, however, is coming up to good stands, especially in the eastern districts. While planting has been delayed by dry weather in Texas, this work has made good progress elsewhere and is nearly completed over the northern portion of the central districts. There is extensive complaint of scarcity of seed. The fruit outlook continues encouraging generally in all districts."

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden fishing and trespassing on the lands owned by the undersigned, generally known as the Maddox's mill place, under penalty of the law.

Signed ALEX G. DAKE.

A protracted meeting was commenced at the methodist church last night.

Stanton.

Mr. Jno. A. Straighten is a hustling contractor and things are moving rapidly towards the erection of the new saw mill.

Mr. Henry Sewel' is quite sick we regret to state.

Miss Natilie Reed, of Riderville, paid Mrs. Gregory a visit Monday.

A union praymeeting was organized last Sunday night to be held on each first Sunday night at eight o'clock.

Mr. Henry Burns, of Riderville, was in town Monday, and invited us to the cream supper at the school house Tuesday night. It will afford us pleasure to attend.

Mr. J. L. Letcher made a flying trip to Selma Thursday.

Mr. Felix Fitts and wife, of Macedonia, was the guest of W. C. Dyer's family Friday.

Mr. T. D. Parnell is accomodating the town by killing a nice beef every week.

Dr. Massey, of Birmingham, is in town for a few days.

Mr. B O Glover, of Maplesville, was in our city Monday.

Mr. W. C. Dyer went to Selma Thursday.

Miss Jessie McGee visited relatives at Plantersville recently.

STAN.

Negotiating with Cuba.

The action taken by congress, to define what it regarded as the suitable basis for a treaty arrangement between Cuba and the United States, was merely a presentation of principles to guide our own executive in negotiating with the Cuban convention. This Cuban convention, on the other hand, was elected for the express purpose of carrying on such negotiations with the United States, as one of its two principal duties, the other being the drafting of a domestic constitution. It seemed somewhat difficult for the convention to discover the natural and suitable way for it to proceed; but, since there was only one really possible thing to do—unless, indeed, the convention should refuse to do anything at all—the obvious plan was at length perceived and adopted. A committee was appointed which should go to Washington and enter upon the duties of negotiation. The Platt amendment, so called, was not adopted for the sake of coercing Cuba, but to inform the President as to the opinions of congress, inasmuch as the arrangement to be entered into will require subsequent congressional sanction. As we have shown, these congressional views are eminently sensible, and are as advantageous to Cuba as to the United States. There can be no haste whatever about completing the negotiation, and time should be taken at Washington for a through and courteous consideration of every point. When the proposed arrangement for the future relations between Cuba and the United States has been put into the form of a treaty, it will have to be carried back to Havana and submitted to the convention, which will be reassembled for the purpose of considering and ratifying the report. In this country, on the other hand, it will have to be submitted by President McKinley for the consideration and action of congress. —From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviws for May.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold

Laxative Brom-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Confederate Reunion at Memphis.

Gen. G W. Gordon, who will be Chief Marshal of the mammoth parade on the last official day of the Confederate Reunion, has given out his plans for the line of march. As has hitherto been the custom, the Army of Virginia will be placed at the head of the procession, as the post of honor. The Army of Tennessee follows, and the third position is assigned to the Trans-Mississippi Department. This will form the body of the parade. Following the Veterans come the divisions of Sons of Veterans occupying the same order, the Army of Northern Virginia again taking first place. The Sponsors and Maids of Honor of the Sons of Veterans for the three divisions, for the Commander in Chief and for Forrest Camps, will be the only sponsors recognized unless the order is modified. In the rear of the Sons of Veterans and bringing up the rear will be the local military companies and visiting military companies.

Old Soldier's Experiences.

M M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at the Clanton drug store.

Program Teachers' Institute

at Jemison, May 24-25.

FRIDAY, 24, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, J. M. Colliet. Response. R. E. R. Hicks.

11. Teachers' Preparation for Classwork, W. C. Evans, Miss Alice Strock.

11.30 Drawing in Public Schools Miss Mary E. Haley. Noon recess.

2 p.m. Aims and Methods in Mathematical Work. R D. Carmichael.

3. School Environments, J. N. Dennis, G. B Wheeler.

3:30. The five month's School Law, by the Institute.

SATURDAY, 9 a m. Opening Exercises.

9:30. Methods of teaching Grammar, R. E. R. Hicks, W. H. Connel.

10 A Course of Study for Country Schools, N. J. Jennings.

10 30 Requisites to Successful Teaching. R. O. Hardley, Miss Addie Horsley

11. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? H. L Davis, Miss Ida Horn.

Noon recess.

2 p.m What should Pupils be taught outside of Text books? R B. Waldrup, Miss Rosa Thornton

3. Live questions to be discussed by the Institute.

1st. Give your methods of holding the attention of your pupils

2d. How would you prevent whispering and would you forbid it altogether.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening by Prof. Collier's school.

Committee—R. A. Rasco, G L Speer, Thomas Williams, J. W. Moore.

PROGRAM MEMORIAL SERVICES

to be held at Pleasant Grove church, May 30, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address and object of the Decoration, Rev. N A. Dobbs.

9:45. Response, J. W. Hayes.

10. Certainty of death and the importance of a timely preparation for death and judgment, Rev. T. C. Cassidy.

10:30. Decorating the graves, led by Wm. Heney, N. A. Dobbs, Mrs. A. E Durbin, Mrs. Mary Gibson, Mrs. Emma Vance and Mrs. F. W. Henley

11. Will we know each other when we meet beyond the grave? L. W. Henley and others.

12 m. Dinner.

2 p.m. Sermon on the resurrection and judgment, Rev. C. B McDaniel.

A. C. Mims, M. M. Durden, R. W. Milford } Committee on Program

He Is A Wonder.

All who see Mr. C F Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, as he is now, cheerful, erect, vigorous, without an ache, could hardly believe he is the same man, who, a short time ago, had to sit in a chair, propped up by cushions, suffering intensely from an aching back, in agony if he tried to stop—all caused by chronic kidney trouble, that promised much longer suffering until he used Electric Bitters and was wholly cured by three bottles. Positively cures Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, all Kidney troubles. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs S. P. Ness, Defendant, who resides at Kenyon Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

To S. P. Ness, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Kenyon Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $25.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the 1st day of January, 1900, together with $25.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note, that said attachment was executed upon the north half of northwest fourth of southwest fourth of section five, township two, range fourteen, in Chilton County, Ala., except rights of way 20 feet wide on the west and north sides of said piece of land as the property of the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of said notice containing same be sent by mail to the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. E. H. DRAKE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

"THE BEST ON EARTH"

TAILORING
IS MADE BY
LAMM & COMPANY
CHICAGO.
RELIABLE FABRICS,
FAREST WORKMANSHIP,
ENOWNED FITS,
EASONABLE PRICES.
SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICKS.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em and we know you can't be

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

Come early and bring your family. Misers and children in arms permitted

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the doctor of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 955 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior,
Notice No. 21850
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.
April 2nd. 1901

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 13th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner. Homestead entry No. 26730. for the n ½ of nw ¼, nw ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L Howe, Rollice Bates, Gus Marcus, Alex Logan, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY, AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We resume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land I know you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R MULLINS.
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON, ALA.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the consumer. People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our JUDGE TIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership composed of W. A. Kemp and E. M. Giles, heretofore doing business under the firm name and style of Kemp & Giles, has been mutually dissolved. W. A. Kemp, who has purchased the interest of Mr. Giles, will continue the business at the old stand and all parties indebted to the firm of Kemp & Giles will please settle with him.

W. A. KEMP
E. M. GILES

In withdrawing from the above named partnership, I desire to thank my friends for the patronage accorded to the firm by them in the past and request that you continue to extend a liberal share of your patronage to my former partner Mr. W. A. Kemp.

Very respectfully,
E. M. Giles.

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TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court meets second Monday in February next, third Monday in May, fourth Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

[illegible] to-day 7½ cents.

Same date last year 9 cents.

	1900	1899
Receipts to date	2434	2901
[illegible] & Co.	2222	2722
[illegible]	372	321
[illegible]	434	337
Total	5462	6281

[illegible] Tuesday morning to Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Adams a fine girl.

[illegible] to Court will find good [illegible] at the South house.

Mrs. Patton's South will [illegible] the coal borders [illegible] the new ones.

N. A. Graham of Calera [illegible] Tuesday.

[illegible] Mrs. Farr of Verbena [illegible] here Tuesday.

A. A. Greene is visiting [illegible] in Lowndes.

[illegible] Johnson visited Montgomery Monday.

W. [illegible] Mullins visited the [illegible] today.

[illegible] Rimbert of Elmore is [illegible] Rev. D. E. Ellison in a [illegible] meeting at the M. E.

[illegible] regret to hear that Mr. Lum [illegible] has been quite sick the past week.

[illegible] Ladies' Hats on exhibition at Mrs. Phillips' are going [illegible] next door to Abe [illegible].

[illegible] greatest triumph of modern [illegible] is Dr. Licheno's Anti [illegible]. As a dressing for Wounds, [illegible] etc. it is simply has no equal. [illegible] inflammation, preserves [illegible] flesh and heals like magic. [illegible] as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from the deep, blue sea. Sold by all up-to-date" druggists.

[illegible] E. M. Dennis returned to Montgomery Sunday, after a visit to his brother Mr. P. C. Dennis.

Mr. F. M. Giles went to Birmingham on Friday.

Died on Saturday last, Sallie, [illegible] of Mr. W. Boyd, aged about [illegible] years. For ten years she had been an invalid. A widowed husband and ten children mourn the loss of a fond wife and mother.

Rev. E. M. Woods, who has been very sick at Boston for the last two weeks, returned home accompanied by Mrs. Woods, on Tuesday. We hope the reverend gentleman will soon regain his wonted health.

Dr. D. A. Campbelle returned Monday from a trip to Oklahoma.

Dr. W. E. Stewart, we are sorry to say, is on the sick list this week.

Mr. H. A. Williams of Lily was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. W. T. Kemp, of Fletcher, was a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. T. J. Eldred of Cooper was here Tuesday.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons

Mr. A. F. Lovers and Miss Bessie Lee both of Lily. J. A. Mahan and Miss Nora Boone.

Dr. Wisehart, our resident Dentist, wishes to again request his patrons who were until court week to have their dental work done, and to come sooner, if possible, as he is crowded at that time. Patients from surrounding towns should please write and have a time set so as to avoid any possible disappointment. As numerous are the letters supposed prices consistent with first class work and for further particulars I kindly refer you to anyone who has had dental work done by me. Thanking one and all for past patronage, I remain,

DR. WISEHART.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership composed of W. A. Kemp and E. M. Giles, heretofore doing business under the firm name and style of Kemp & Giles, has been mutually dissolved. W. A. Kemp, who has purchased the interest of Mr. Giles, will continue in the business at the old stand and all parties indebted to the firm of Kemp & Giles will please settle with him.

W. A. KEMP
E. M. GILES

In withdrawing from the above named partnership, I desire to thank my friends for the patronage extended to the firm by them in the past and request that you continue to extend a liberal share of your patronage to my former partner, Mr. W. A. Kemp.

Very respectfully,
E. M. Giles.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. H. J. Osterlund, Defendant, who resides at Red Wing Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

To H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Red Wing Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that The Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $65.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the first day of April, 1899, together with $15.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the southeast fourth of the southeast fourth of southwest fourth, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the east and south sides of said tract of land in section one, township twenty-two, range thirteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County, on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May 1901.

E. B. DEASON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

Mrs. Clem Mullins of Jumbo spent Tuesday in Clanton.

Miss Bettie Young of Jumbo was a visitor here Tuesday.

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

The self-made man never apologizes for himself.

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER ONLY.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opaitnate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effective than cures costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE.

THORSBY, ALA.

Wamben & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	½ bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agents Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av., Chicago, Ill.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR READERS

The Selma Baptists Have Let Contract for An $80,000 Church Edifice—Tuskegee Institute and Mallalieu Seminary Get $10,000.

New Sewer System.

The survey of the proposed Decatur sewerage has just been completed and the plans and specifications will be ready in about a week. The system will cost about $10,000.

Tuskegee and Mallalieu Get $5,000 Each.

The will of Mary Shannon, of Newton, Mass., filed in the Middlesex probate court Friday, contributes more than $125,000 to the charitable and public institutions. Tuskegee Institute and Mallalieu Seminary for poor whites, Kinsey, Henry county, Ala., get $5,000 each.

Buffalo's Exposition.

The committee on the representation of Alabama at the Buffalo Fair has reported good progress. Six companies had been formed, and they would spend $10,000 to represent the state in Buffalo. The special committee in this particular were Frank Y. Anderson, W. N. Malone and B. Steiner, of Birmingham.

More Smallpox Cases.

Two more cases of smallpox have developed at Florence, and six cases are now in the pest house. While the situation is rather critical, yet the city health officer has the matter well in hand, the wholesale vaccinations last winter among all classes preventing much danger from a spread of the disease. Several more suspects are being carefully guarded.

Handsome Church to Be Built.

The contract was let to J. L. Huggins, of Hawkinsville, Ga., for the erection of the new Baptist church in Selma. The exact amount of the contract was not given out by the committee having the new building in charge, but it is in the neighborhood of $80,000. The new church is to be built entirely of stone, and will be one of the handsomest edifices in the south.

Will Not Reorganize.

The Virginia and Alabama and the Corona Companies will not be reorganized by the Monongahela Coal and Coke Association, known as the Pittsburg combine. At that time, however, there will be a complete reorgnization of these valuable properties and from that date on they will be operated along the most approved Pittsburg line. L. R. Musgrove will, it is surmised, practically control the business in Alabama.

Alabama Press Association.

Details of a delightful trip for the Alabama Press Association this summer are being arranged by President Rufus N. Rhodes and Secretary J. Asa Rountree, of the association. The association will meet in Montgomery on June 20th and 21st. It is proposed to take a trip of fifteen days, the destination being San Francisco, the party also stopping at the principal points along the way. Several railway officials have already volunteered the courtesies of their road for the editors. The trip bids fair to be one of the most enjoyable if not the most pleasant the association has ever had.

Paper Suspended.

The Florence Daily Bulletin suspended after four months' existence. Maj. W. F. Palmer, the editor, will move his plant to Arizona and establish a paper. In his farewell address he scores the city for its lack of enterprise and the merchants for failing to support the daily.

Peculiar Accident.

Rev. John R. Morris of Weatherford, Tex., met with a singular accident on the train north bound out of Mobile. Seated at a window with his elbow on the sill, his arm was struck and broken by the open door of a refrigerator car on the side track. The train was backed to the depot and physician's attention rendered.

Black Creek Mines.

The sale of the Brakes and Black Creek coal mines, located on the Louisville and Nashville railroad between Birmingham and Warrior, which was to have occurred Friday, did not take place. The sale will take place some time in the near future. The delay was caused by intended purchasers requesting a postponement in order to allow further investigation of the properties to be sold.

Advance Announced.

The coal miners employed by the Sloss-Sheffield and Iron Company are now receiving the maximum price stipulated in the contract between the company and the miners for digging coal. This is an increase of two and one half cents a ton over the price they received in April and five cents a ton more than they were getting three months ago.

Three Killed.

Three negroes were found dead Friday near the cabin in which Deputy Sheriff Edwards was killed Sunday night, ten miles south of Selma. Ed Dawson, nephew of Henry Dawson, in whose house Edwards was killed, was found dead in the public road, vehicles having to drive out of the road to pass. The other two were shot in a cabin where their bodies were discovered. The negroes are terrorized and fleeing to the city. There is no clew as to who did the shooting.

Smallpox at Florence.

Four cases of smallpox have been discovered at Florence by the city health officer. Last week a negro boy named Robert Boyd died of what was thought to be pneumonia and the negroes held funeral services in the church which was largely attended. It was developed that many friends had nursed the deceased during the ten days of his illness and many have come in contact with the disease. Later Dr. Kernachan was called to attend four members of Boyd's family and found the parents and two children down with the disease.

Jewels Recovered.

Jewels valued at more than two thousand dollars, which were stolen by burglars from the home of Henry J. Lowenthal, of Huntsville, have been recovered after having been lost since last January. The jwels were found at Dallas by a little boy whose parents, totally ignorant of their value, sold them for $25. The boy found them wrapped in an old glove two or three days after the burglary. Never suspecting that the articls could be genuine gold and diamonds, Mrs. Wilson put them away and forgot them. Recently she took them out and carried them to goldsmith's store and asked him what they were worth. He regconized the initials and said he would give $25 for the jewelry. The offer was immediately accepted and the valuables were returned to the oriignal owner.

Pattern Makers.

The strike of the pattern makers in the machine shop and foundry of the steel mill at Ensley is now on. Effective May 1st, the pattern makers demanded a minimum wage of $3.25 per day instead of the former minimum of $3 per day. The demand was declined.

Hotel Improvement.

It is understood that the stockholders of the Exchange Hotel at Montgomery have practically decided to greatly improve the building and make it a modern hostelry.

Killed by Runaway.

A most distressing accident occurred near Madison, Ala., resulting in the death of Miss Lizzie Halsey, a well known and popular young lady of Huntsville. Miss Halsey, in company with others, was driving to Triana, when the horse became frightened and ran away. Miss Halsey jumped from the buggy and falling out crushed her scull.

The Banana Business On.

Something of the magnitude of the banana business of Mobile may be gathered when it is asserted that during the month of April over 980 car loads of bananas have been shipped from Mobile to the central and northwestern states. If these cars were all coupled together on one track it would make a solid train of bananas seven miles long. All the fruit companies speak highly of the splendid facilities for handling fruit in Mobile harbor, and predict great possibilities for the future.

Amelia's Mansion.

The Gardo House at "Amelia's Mansion" in Salt Lake, built by Brigham Young for his favorite wife, Amelia Folsom Young, and for several years occupied by her, has passed out of the hands of the church. The property was sold in the name of President Snow, as trustee, for the church.

SWEPT BY A RAGING FIRE.

Jacksonville, Fla., Visited By a Disastrous Conflagration.

TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE ARE HOMELESS

One Hundred and Thirty Blocks Were Destroyed, Including Churches, Hotels, Theatres and Residences—A Scene of Desolation.

A most disastrous fire began Friday afternoon in a fibre factory in Jacksonville, Fla. It started from a defective wire, according to the best belief, and burned for nearly ten hours. In that time a property damage estimated from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 was effected. According to the city map, 1 3 blocks were burned, many of them in the heart of the business and residence section. The estimate of the houses to the block is ten, hence 1,300 of them went up in smoke. Many of the finest public and private buildings were destroyed, including hotels, theatres, churches and residences. The casualties cannot be accurately estimated. The mayor ordered all of the saloons closed, and has impressed help to clear the wreckage. The mayor estimates the loss to be at $15,000,000, and that from 10,000 to 15,000 people are homeless. The situation is one approaching desolation in a large section of the city. The burned district reached far from Burbridge street on the north to St. Johns river on the south, a distance of quite two miles. The width of the desolated area is thirteen blocks. Within this space practically everything is blackened ruins. On Bay street, the principal mart of trade, the Western Union Telegraph Company's building is the first going west. Everything east of Laura on Bay street is gone. At midnight the fire was under control having practically burned itself out. The suburban settlements, with the exception of La Villa, are intact. La Villa was badly hurt. Thousands of persons are on the streets homeless, with practically all of their worldly possessions upon their back. The depots of the railroads, situated in the southern section, have been turned into temporary lodging houses and hospitals. Luckily, the weather is fine, so that there will be no suffering on that score. Meetings of the city council, the commercial bodies and the charitable institutions are devising ways and means for the situation. The plans of the city as prepared by the city surveyors show that 130 blocks were burned and a part of another block. The estimates of residences to the block in the residential district is ten and in the business section the blocks were solid. The chief of police ordered all saloons closed until further orders. The fire started between the hours of noon and 1 p. m. and owing to this fact the loss of life will be comparatively small. The fibre factory was a wooden shell full of inflammable material and in a few moments was a mass of flames. The wind, which was already blowing be strong from the southwest, seemed to possessed with a sudden fury, and soon was carrying destructive embers all through the doomed city, the fairest portion of which lay right in the wake of the wind. Some delay was experinced in getting an alarm, and to add to the tragedy of fateful accidents, the engine at the water works suffered a mishap, and nothing more than ordinary pressure could be obtained. By this time the flams had leaped across Davis street and taken a course right through a section where block after block of frame buildings, mostly occupied by negroes, had been erected. Here is where the fire department lost control, as simultaneously in half a dozen places, some of them six blocks from the main fire, roofs were seen to burst out in flames. The wind rising higher and higher mowed down whole rows of buildings and attracted at first a crowd of curious sight-seers who seemed to be fascinated by the sight until they learned that their residences, too, were in danger of total destruction. It took just four hours for that resistless sea of flames to consume every building in its wake for a space of six to eight blocks wide from Davis street near where it started, to the Hogan creek viaduct, a distance of over one and a half miles, and then not satisfied with eating the heart of the residential portion of the city out, it doubled on itself and came roaring up the thoroughfare of trade, destroying everything in what was the original incorporation of Jacksonville.

American Soubrette Worried.

Effie Fay, an American soubrette in London, received through the mail a package, presumably from a jilted Johnnie, and loaded with matches, gunpowder and red pepper. The matches had been so arranged as to cause an explosion had the pakage been opened in the ordinary way by pulling the tape. Miss Fay cut the cardboard top off with a penknife, and then saw the contents, which were evidently intended to blind and otherwise injure her.

A Hundred Mothers Killed.

A dispatch from Odesa, Russia, purports to give an eye witness story of the recent ferryboat disaster on the river Dnieper, near Katchkarovka, when almost a hundred mothers with their babies, returning from the evening milking, were drowned. A sudden storm sprang up, there was a panic, the pattoons were swamped and only a few on the ferry were saved by a boat. Three persons clung to a horse which swam ashore. Pratcically every family in the village was rendered motherless by the disaster.

$250,000 Fire at Dallas.

The repository of the Southern Rock Island Plow Company here was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at about $250,000 with probably $15,000 insurance. The fire was caused by lightning which struck the northwest corner and ranged downward from the sixth, or top story, to the basement. The stock was in ruins in less than two hours.

Guerrilla Warfare.

It is said that the revolution in Coldmbia has degenerated into guerrilla warfare and the strength of the rebels is not known. One week perhaps 5,000 men are in the field, while the next week there will be but 1,000 as the rebels are in the habit of returning to their homes in order to gather supplies and the following week they are out in full force.

Wholesale Arrests Made.

During the last few days there have been wholesale arrests and seizures in St. Petersburg in connection with the alleged revolutionary movement. It is reported that persons of high positions and reputation are involved. Several hundred persons have been arrested during the last forty-eight hours, including a number of prominent men.

China's Court to Move.

It is reported that famine will make it impossible for the Chinese court to remain longer in Sian Fu and that the court is now only waiting for the astrologers to fix an auspicious day for beginning the journey to Kai-Feng-Fu in the province of Ho-Nan.

Fired on British.

Some German soldiers who were guarding a German bridge across the Pei Ho at the south end of the British concession in Tien Sien, fired on a British tug the Ego, wounding two of her crew. The bridge impedes river traffic and the tug touched it.

Yellow Fever in Havanna.

Yellow fever has appeared in Havana and the order of the secretary of the treasury at Washington suspending the quarantine regulations until the 15th instant has been revoked.

Wait for Land Opening.

Thousands of people are pouring into southwestern Oklahoma and camping in and about the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache and Wichita Indian reservations to be ready for August. Little attention is given to the order to keep out of the reservations, and covered wagons and tents may be seen from almost every hill top.

New Glass Factory.

Henry C. Frick, formerly president of the National Glass Company, has purchased 25 acres of land at South Monaca twenty six miles from Pitsburg and it is said will erect one of the largest independent glass factories in the country.

Galveston Gives $1,000.

Over a thousand dollars were raised in Galveston one evening for the relief of the fire sufferers at Jacksonville, and more will follow. The fund is growing fast, both rich and poor contributing.

Temple to R. G. Ingersoll.

The building in Chicago of a $100,000 temple to the memory of Rober G. Ingersoll, in which the teachings of the orator and atheist shall be perpetuated, is the purpose of the Ingersoll Memorial Association, incorporated at Springfield. The projectors are Edward C. Reichwald, secretary of the American Secular Union and Free Thought Federation; Frederick Dahlstrom and Samuel Roberts.

Simple Life of Holland's Queen.

No wealthy American girl could in her home live more simply than Queen Wilhelmina, and her regime is a model which any young women of humbler birth might follow with advantage. In the morning she is up with the lark, and after a light breakfast of chocolate and rolls or coffee and rolls she devotes an hour to study, and another to affairs of state. Then she goes for a drive, unless some state business requires her presence. At noon the regular Dutch breakfast is served, with simple, healthy food, and without the parade and ceremony which many private families affect.

After breakfast the Queen devotes more time to study and state business, and then again takes an hour of exercise, returning for tea. Dinner, which is more ceremonious than the noon repast, usually passes en famille, and the evening which follows, as in many ordinary home circles, is spent in conversation, music and amusements.

Shrewd Ohio Farmers.

William G. Gehrung, a farmer of Dresden, O., has been fined $25 by his neighbors for eavesdropping over the independent party telephone. Some time ago the farmers organized a telephone company. When the telephones were put in, the party principle was employed, and half a dozen 'phones were put on the same line. This arrangement is such that when one telephone bell rings all ring. For weeks the subscribers have been trying to find out who was listening when they talked. Green and Brown were talking over the line one day when they heard another subscriber take down his 'phone. Then they heard the clear tones of a clock striking. Green and Brown knew the clock, from its peculiar tone, and that it belonged to Gehrung.—Philadelphia Record.

Tolstoi Waits on Himself.

Tolstoi digs his own potatoes, cooks his own food, makes his own fires, chops his own wood and even makes his own food, makes his own fires. Intimate friends says that he has seen him take off his boots to give them to a beggar in the street, and the only time when he carries money is when he asks his wife for a few coppers to give to a passing tramp.

Baby's Picture.

The trials that beset the photographer are many. The joy of obtaining a good picture and then compensates for the subsequent failures. I've got a photograph. I took it and it came out splendidly. A year-old enthusiast. grandmother's inspection a bed on which lay covered with mosquito dear, that's the baby bed sure enough. after a careful study life subject through "Yes m," said the with pardonable pride I'd never be able if she's awake 'cause getting her asleep the mosquito-netting easy." And aren't they splendid and clear panion

Scared the Toothache Out.

A novel cure for inadvertently applied tier at Tremont, N. Y. ing from a raging dentist's house at the bell, found the entered the hall, under ped on a burglar the dentist to the pistol in his hand. ened to shoot and terrified that the his chattering teeth

Shrewd Advertising.

An American company has issued in London offering each district two per week for twelve the conditions attached offer is that each mend the company's friends of the family

Roosevelt Younger than Senator.

Vice President Roosevelt than any senator in the which he presides with tions. There has president who was younger Breckinridge, who was ticket with Buchanan Tompkins and John the same age as Roosevelt assumed the office.

"Dont Speak to me."

All manner of extravagant expressions are possible when a woman's nerves are overwrought.

The spasm at the top of the wind pipe or bronchial tubes, "ball rising in the throat," violent beating of the heart, laughing and crying by turns, muscular spasms (throwing the arms about), frightened by the most insignificant occurrences—are all symptoms of a hysterical condition and serious derangement of the female organs.

Any female complaint may produce hysterics, which must be regarded as a symptom only. The cause, however, yields quickly to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which acts at once upon the organ afflicted and the nerve centers, dispelling effectually all those distressing symptoms.

Mrs. Lewis Says: "I Feel Like a New Person, Physically and Mentally."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to speak a good word for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For years I had ovarian troubles and suffered everything from nervousness, severe headache, and pain in back and abdomen. I had consulted different physicians, but decided to try your medicine, and I soon found it was giving me much relief. I continued its use and now am feeling like a new person, physically and mentally, and am glad to add one more testimonial to the value of your remedy."—MRS. M. H. LEWIS, 2108 Valentine Ave., Tremont, New York, N. Y.

Writing to Mrs. Pinkham is the quickest and surest way to get the right advice about all female troubles. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She advises women free. Following is an instance:

Mrs. Haven's First Letter to Mrs. Pinkham.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I would like your advice in regard to my troubles. I suffer every month at time of menstruation, and flow so much and for so long that I become very weak, also get very dizzy. I am troubled with a discharge before and after menses, have pains in ovaries so bad at times that I can hardly get around, have sore feeling in lower part of bowels, pain in back, bearing-down feeling, a desire to pass urine frequently, with pains in passing it; have leucorrhœa, headache, fainting spells, and at times have hysteria. My blood is not in good condition. Hoping to hear from you, I am,"—MRS. EMMA HAVEN, 2508 Sopth Ave., Council Bluffs, Iowa. (June 3, 1899.)

Mrs. Haven's Second Letter.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my gratitude for what your medicine has done for me. I suffered for four years with womb troubles. Every month I flowed very badly. I got so bad that I could hardly do my work. Was obliged to sit or lie down the most of the time. I doctored for a long time, but obtained no relief. I began using your remedies—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier, Sanative Wash and Liver Pills—and now feel like a new woman."—MRS. EMMA HAVEN, 2508 South Ave., Council Bluffs, Iowa. (Feb. 1, 1900.)

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some doubt has been expressed by people here from time to time regarding the genuineness of the testimonials and letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, Mass., five thousand dollars, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO.

Baby's Picture.

...ssions are possible when ...

...pipe or bronchial tubes, ... beating of the heart, ...ular spasms (throwing ...st insignificant occur... ...rical condition and se...ns.

...duce hysterics, which ... The cause, however, ...m's Vegetable Com... ...organ afflicted and the ... all those distressing ...

...e a New Person, ...ally."

...a good word for Lydia E. ... years I had ovarian trouble ...vere headache, and pain in ... physicians, but decided to ...ing me much relief. I con... ...son physically and mentally. ...e value of your remedy. ... ...nt, New York, N. Y.

...uickest and surest way ...ale troubles. Her ad... ...omen free. Following ...

Mrs. Pinkham.

...ur advice in regard to my ...struation, and flow so much ...t very dizzy. I am troubled ...pains in ovaries so bad some... ...eling in lower part of bowels, ... pass urine frequently, with ...e, fainting spells and some... ...condition. Hoping to hear ... Ave., Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Letter.

...my gratitude for what you ...r years with womb trouble ... that I could hardly do ... of the time. I doctored ... ...sing your remedies—Lydia ...ood Purifier, Sanative Wash ...men"—MRS. EMMA HAYES, ...1, 1900.)

Owing to the fact that some ... ...ople have from time to time ... genuineness of the testimonials ... are constantly publishing, ... City Bank, of Lynn, Mass. ... ...rson who will show that the ... were published before obtaining ... LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

It is Not True.

...t China approached the powers ...ting a complete opening of Man... ...to the enterprises of all countries. ...that replies have been received ... Japan and Great Britain is incorr... ...China has not approached the ... ...general opening ... actually occurred ... ...dyal threw ... soil after some ... the matter ... ...earth went ... Manchuria would ...ing as direct ...

...ent Time

...ville ... buildings, ... of Bay ...th side of ...n Forsyth ... Main street ...ment $57... ...00,000 pen... ...$2,700,000 ...$1,630,000 ...$500,000 pavements.

Screw Advertising

...on of Army

...ed Estimate of the ... as it exists ...decided to ... Philippines to ...is prevails here ...will be ample for the ... service in the ...ds continue to ... satisfactory manner ...own in the past few ...may be reduced still

Shot His Bride.

...ing near Millbein ... shot and totally wounded his bride ... and shot himself through ... almost instantly. The ...ple quarreled considerably during ... brief married life. The young ... had decided to leave her husband, ... unable to persuade her to remain. ...ing she then killed himself. Mrs. ...ing is still alive, but the doctors say ...

...Will Train Negro Girls.

An active interest in the welfare of the negro women of the south was shown in St. Louis at the meeting of the Southern Methodist Women's Home Mission board. The most enthusiastic discussion was on the establishment of an industrial department for training of negro girls in connection with Payne Institute of Augusta, Ga. Five thousand dollars will be raised for the purpose.

Twenty-Six Are Americans.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons Mr. Broderick, the war secretary, said that among the prisoners captured in South Africa were twenty-six Americans, besides thirteen others claiming to be Burghers. There was no intention of releasing any of the prisoners until the war is over.

Hail in Georgia.

Special from Burke and Emanuel counties, Georgia, report a heavy hailstorm. The hail remained on the ground at Adrian until morning. The damage to truck farms and young cotton is considerable. The indications at present are that 75 per cent of the cotton in that vicinity is beaten to pieces.

Forty Thousand Italians.

According to cables and forecasts by the steamship companies, 40,000 Italian immigrants will have arrived in the United States by the end of May. The Italian immigrants so far this season are unprecedented.

KICK FROM CUBANS.

Show Displeasure at Appointment of American Registrars.

A dispatch from Santiago de Cuba, says Friday was the last day for registration for the municipal elections in ...

...General Wood's orders that an American officer should be present at each registration office during the day to receive protests caused much excitement, the politicians claiming it was another case of American interference, and as a result there were thousands of protests. The nationalists assert that the registration boards have discriminated against them. The Republicans who control the situation reply that they have only followed the election order literally.

Mrs. Nation Gets the Credit.

As a direct result of Mrs Carrie Nation's agitation of the question in Kansas City, Mayor Reed has issued a proclamation order that all saloons must be closed tight on Sundays, and instructed Chief of Police Hayes to arrest all violators of the closing ordinance.

Cardinal Rampolla hopes to succeed Leo XIII.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

You may use with perfect safety Mitchell's Eye Salve. That's not true of pungent drugs. "Mitchell's" is a standard and popular article. It actually does what it claims to do. Price, 25 cents.

By mail, 25c; Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Lake Huron Sturgeon Disappearing.

Unless strong measures are taken the sturgeon will soon be extinct in the Lake Huron and Georgian bay district. The fish are being slaughtered at a fearful rate, one firm alone having shipped 70,000 pounds of caviare in the season. The roe is the part of the fish that is most valuable, and as they are therefore taken just before spawning they have no chance to reproduce themselves.

It requires no experience to dye with Diamond Fast Black Dyes. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

The difference between curves and angles is the difference between the baseball pitcher and fisherman.

A friend in need is not always a friend in deed; he may want to borrow money.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The thermometer and the college man rise by degrees.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Dyspepsia, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Exp. paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

The man who keeps on grinding will make his point in the end.

Lawrence Plasmature for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thomas Roggins, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Ten blind physicians are practicing medicine in the United States.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

The exchange editor goes through life at a pretty rapid clip.

The bank of Vienna, the first establishment of the kind in Europe, was founded in 1717.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The number of Prussians who have an income of over $25,000 is only 2953.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Coudersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

Hamlet was played seventy times in Germany during the year 1899.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Some people never speak ill of their neighbors for fear that their neighbors know just as much about them.

Doctors, Lawyers, Merchants, And people in all conditions of life, who have used Crab Orchard Water, continue to use it and recommend it. No testimonial has the same effect as personal experience.

Great Britain's trade has multiplied twelve and one-half times since 1801.

An Ancestor of Count Boni.

When Louis XVI. was king a Chatellane was turned from the paternal door for gambling away a fortune in a night.

The tooth often bites the tongue, and yet they keep together.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder. A door anywhere every where. Sells on sight. Brobard Manufacturing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of **Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals,** or similar substances. **LION COFFEE** is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"LAYING DOWN THE LAW."

THE poet writes his simple lay,
The builder lays bricks by the day.
The carpet man lays carpets too,
So all are laymen good and true.
The hen lays eggs for all mankind,
Which daily in their nests we find.
But the funniest sight we ever saw,
Was Paddy "laying down the law."

Pat toasted to a friendly "Cop,"
We often visited his shop,
That he had a lion tamer been—
The fiercest lions ever seen—
And claimed in manner rather fresh,
That he left em lots of flesh.
The officer pointed his way
That he "lays down the law" every day.

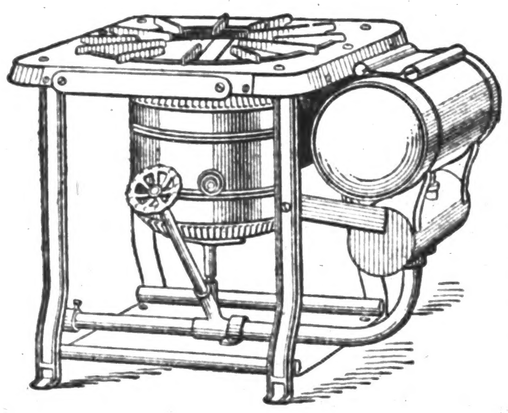
"What's that ye say?" then Paddy cried.
"Ye spalpeen, shure Oi think ye lied."
The cop said "You're too fresh I think,"
It's *LION COFFEE* that I drink—
It's pure, delicious, strong and healthy too,
And helps a man his work to do.
I take a sip or two to meet
The foes of my weary beat!"

The last word just seemed to suggest
A thought to Pat; he did the rest.
His fist flew out, the cop fell down,
While Paddy's face assumed a frown.
"Ye fooled me, did yez!" he exclaimed
As still another blow he aimed.
"I hope yez wil excuse me paw—
"Tis fond of "laying down the law!"

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

This is the Smallest WICKLESS Blue Flame OIL STOVE



Made also in four larger sizes. Sold everywhere.

If your dealer does not have them—write to the nearest agency of STANDARD OIL CO.

SEND NO MONEY Cut out and return this ad. mention No. S946, and we will send you this fine, improved, high grade, high arm, drop head, five-drawer, oak cabinet, 50-year guaranteed Burdick H Sewing Machine by freight C. O. D., SUBJECT TO EXAMINATION. You can examine it at your freight depot, and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, as good a machine as you can buy elsewhere at $50.00 to $60.00, THE MOST WONDERFUL BARGAIN EVER HEARD OF, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $12.85 and freight charges. USE THE MACHINE THREE MONTHS IN YOUR OWN HOME and we will RETURN YOUR MONEY ANY DAY YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED.

THE NEW 1901 MODEL BURDICK H ... the best features of $50.00 and $60.00 machines, with the defects of none. For years we have stacked our reputation on our BURDICK SEWING MACHINE; we now offer it for the first time for only $12.85. The Burdick H is built on honor from very best materials. Has positive four motion feed, self threading shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel and shuttle carrier, adjustable presser foot, patent drop guard, beautiful silk tri-lambaque, carved style handsomely carved beautifully finished solid oak five-drawer drop head cabinet. VERY LIGHT RUNNING, nearly noiseless. AT $12.85 we furnish the BURDICK H complete with 1 cloth guide, 1 quilter, 1 screwdriver, 6 bobbins, 1 package of needles, oil can and instruction book which makes everything so plain that even a child can operate the machine. For 15 cents extra, or $15.00, we furnish in addition to above a complete set of HIGHEST GRADE FOOT ATTACHMENTS packed in metal box, including 1 ruffler, 1 shirring plate, 1 tucker, 1 underbraider, 1 binder, 1 short foot and set of hemmers, different widths up to ½ of an inch. In ordering, say if you want these extra foot attachments at 75 cents additional. At $11.25 we furnish our high grade New High Arm Burdick H Sewing Machine, which we finish at $15.85 in the handsome five-drawer, drop head oak cabinet illustrated.

Write for Free Sewing Machine Catalogue.

This illustration gives you an idea of the appearance of this high grade High Arm Burdick H Sewing Machine, which we finish at $15.85 in the handsome five-drawer, drop head oak cabinet illustrated.

This illustration shows the machine closed, in the oak cabinet with drawer of desk.

WE SELL CHEAPER MACHINES. Queer Sewing Machine as the superior of machines offered by others at $40.00 to $50.00, but our 1901 Burdick H at only $12.85, is the greatest sewing machine value ever attempted. Don't order a sewing machine from any other concern, no matter how attractive the offer may seem, until you get our FREE SEWING MACHINE CATALOGUE. We are the largest sewing machine dealers in the world and can save you $20.00 to $50.00 on your purchase. ORDER TODAY. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

W.L.DOUGLAS $3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Real worth of W. L. Douglas $4 and $5.50 shoes is $6 to $8. My $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the beauty that have planned the best style, insure a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world, for men. Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 75

Can't Sleep?

Did you ever have that feeling of oppression, like a weight on your chest, or a load of cobblestones in your stomach, keeping you awake nights with a horrible sensation of anxiety, or tossing restlessly in terrible dreams, that make the cold perspiration break out all over you? That's insomnia, or sleeplessness, and some unfortunates suffer with it night after night, until their reason is in danger and they are on the edge of going mad. The cause of this fearful ailment is in the stomach and bowels, and a Cascaret taken at night will soon bring relief and give the sufferer sweet, refreshing sleep. **Always insist on getting CASCARETS!**

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."
THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

The Coldest.

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice: start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years are the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof that CASCARETS are absolutely our best testimonials. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Six boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one box, return the second box, and tell the druggist how to go by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

DYSPEPSIA yields to nature's medicine,

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal values, concentrated to make it cheaper and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of uncondensed water.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade-mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

LIVERINA

A purely Vegetable Compound. The best for all Liver troubles.

RELIEVES

CONSTIPATION, SICK HEAD-ACHE, BILIOUSNESS, MALARIA

and that "good-for-nothing" feeling.

For Sale By All Dealers, 50c a Bottle.

Made by

GAY, HARDIE & DURR, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

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They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·PANS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
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Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

Questions for Women

Are you nervous?
Are you completely exhausted?
Do you suffer every month?

If you answer "yes" to any of these questions, you have ills which Wine of Cardui cures. Do you appreciate what perfect health would be to you? After taking Wine of Cardui, thousands like you have realized it. Nervous strain, loss of sleep, cold or indigestion starts menstrual disorders that are not noticeable at first, but day by day steadily grow into troublesome complications. Wine of Cardui, used just before the menstrual period, will keep the female system in perfect condition. This medicine is taken quietly at home. There is nothing like it to help women enjoy good health. It costs only $1 to test this remedy, which is endorsed by 1,000,000 cured women.

Mrs. Lena T. Friebourg, East St. Louis, Ill., says: "I am physically a new woman, by reason of my use of Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black Draught."

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbells Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchen.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

ALL DAY SINGING.

All singers will please remember that the annual May singing that met its first appointment at Salem, 1900, will meet again the fourth Sunday in this month. We hope to meet the good singers and especially invite singing teachers (of course the organist has an especial invite). We look forward to a day of singing praises unto our Great Redeemer. D. S. ROBINSON.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point enter the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or S. F. Ansley, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small star) printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	Tags.
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 4½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	25
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	60
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	60
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	75
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	75
12 Scissors, "Keen Kutter," 5½ inch blade	75
13 Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch	75
14 Pot Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	80
15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	150
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	175
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	200
19 Carvers, good steel, boxwood handles, set	200
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	200
21 Six each, Knives and Forks, boxwood handles	200
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	200
23 Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	250
24 Gun (no), leather, no better made	250
25 Revolver, automatic, double action 32 or 38 caliber	400
26 Tool Set, 300 playthings, cost real tools	500
27 Toilet set, decorated porcelain, very handsome	500
28 Remington Rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 caliber	800
29 Watch, sterling silver, full jewelled	1000
30 Drum Set (Fife), leather, handsome and durable	1400
31 Sewing Machine first class, with all attachments	2000
32 Revolver, Colt's, 38 caliber, blued steel	1500
33 Rifle, Colt's, 45-bore, 22-caliber	1500
34 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid	2000
35 Mandolin, very handsome	2000
36 Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge	2000
37 Remington, double-barrel, hammer shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge	2000
38 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents	3500
39 Shot Gun, Remington, double-barrel, hammerless	3500
40 Regina Music Box, 20½ inch Disc	5000

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Notice to Delinquent Tax-payers.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY }

The Tax Collector of Chilton county has filed in my office a list of delinquent tax-payers and of real estate upon which taxes are due. The persons named below, or owners unknown, are reported as delinquent, and the following real estate is reported as assessed to them, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 15; tax and costs $1.45

C. C. Vanegrift, s ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13 and s ½ of se ¼ sec 36 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $4.84

BEAT NO. 2

N. A. and R. C. Graham, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 23 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 26 tp 24 r 13, one lot in Jemison, Ala., bounded north, east, south and west by Dr. J. P. Graham's lots; tax and costs $5.48

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $5.51

Mrs. Mattie Green, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 27 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $3.22

Mrs. J. K. Latham, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 17 tp 24 r 13 and ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 18 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $4.80

Owner Unknown, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, se ¼ of sw ¼, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 18; se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $7.38

John E. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of sw 1-4 sec 16 tp 24 r 13; tax and costs $7.99

W. T. Smith, n ½ of ne 1-4 less four acres, and n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 35 tp 23 r 13; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 36 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $12.20

B. W. Stubbs, se 1-4 of se 1-4, e ½ of sw 1-4 of se 1-4, sec 23 tp 23 r 13; tax and costs $11.35

BEAT NO. 4

Mrs. Sudie Garner, sw 1-4 of se 1-4, ten acres in sw corner of se 1-4 of ne 1-4, all that part of se 1-4 of nw 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 on west side of the run of Geoscupond Creek and south of the Clanton Road in nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 36 tp 22 r 14; one store house and lot on east side of railroad known as the J. P. Allen store house; e ½ of Block No. 7 in the plan of the Town of Clanton; tax and costs $69.68

M. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of se 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 14 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and s ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ½ of se ¼ and se ½ of se ½ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; n 1 sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $78.92

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $2.45

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17, tax and costs $2.53

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 10 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 10 tp 21, r 16; tax and costs $3.16

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $2.41

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 rp 6; tax and costs $4.36

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $2.41

BEAT NO. 7

Junee L. Gardner sw 1-4, n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 4 tp 21 r 12; w 1-2 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 5 tp 21 r 12; tax and costs $11.31

BEAT NO. 8

N. L. Broadhead, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 34 tp 21 r 12; nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 3 tp 20 r 12; tax and costs $6.14

Mrs. V. H. Goode, Dixie, Ala., ne side of [illegible] and west side of [illegible] costs $1.71

Mrs. Elizabeth [illegible] ne ¼, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 r 13, tax and costs $1.51

J. H. Martin [illegible] 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 33 tp [illegible] and costs $4.57

Mrs. C. Paul, [illegible] 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec [illegible] and costs $3.64

BEAT NO. 1

H. M. Hill, se [illegible] 8 tp 23 r 14, tax [illegible]

H. M. and W. A. [illegible] se 1-4 sec 10 tp 23 [illegible] costs $2.54

Mrs. Amanda A. [illegible] of nw 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 [illegible] costs $3.44

This is to notify you before the Probate Court county at the next term commencing Monday [illegible] of May, 1901, then and show cause if any you can decree for the sale of said tate should not be made payment of the taxes against you and for costs.

This 3d day of Apr[illegible]

N. M. Adams
Judge of [illegible]

CORRESPONDENCE

continued from [illegible]

people have no confidence of their pledges. The [illegible] G., says the pops [illegible] that all the illiterate [illegible] to their party; maybe [illegible] so but all who read the [illegible] will find out that the [illegible] taken in one instance [illegible] would advise him, the [illegible] a special request to him [illegible] to be sure to place the [illegible] an educational and not a [illegible] qualification for his own benefit. Then he, the [illegible] is good for the State to [illegible] democratic rule. It is good [illegible] leaders to have such men [illegible] in their party, they cannot [illegible] believe the truth is [illegible] As to the donkey, we have evidences of prosperity and Democratic friends of the [illegible] tion could well afford to [illegible] to a little donkey and [illegible] through the county [illegible] may know where he [illegible] democratic party. Some [illegible] fine heads but bad hearts [illegible] wise the stock law would [illegible] been forced on the people [illegible] five. BILLY [illegible]

All Day Singing

There will be an all day [illegible] at Shady Grove the third Sunday May. Everybody is invited [illegible] and, and especially the [illegible] Bring along your books and [illegible] ket of dinner. N. J. [illegible]

Notice to Non-Resident

In Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. John J. Snell, Defendant, who resides at Boone Office in the State of Iowa.

To John J. Snell, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Boone Post Office in the State of Iowa:

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against the said John J. Snell, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to collect the sum of a debt due it on a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property, the sum of $470.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the 1st day of October, 1900, together with $60.00 as an Attorney's fee for suing said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the following tract of land bounded as follows: to-wit: Beginning at a point on the south line at the southwest corner of the southwest fourth of the southwest fourth of section six, township twenty-two, range fourteen and running thence north [illegible] links, thence east at right angles to the right of way of the L. & N. R. R. thence in a southeasterly direction along said right of way to the south line, thence following the section line to the starting point. Also the following tract of land: Beginning along the north side of the southwest fourth of northwest fourth of section seven, township twenty-two, range fourteen, both pieces containing [illegible] and 75 100 acres, more or less, [illegible] rights of way 20 feet wide on each side of said tract of land, situated in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said John J. Snell, Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May [illegible] Let this notice be published in the Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said John J. Snell, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. E. B. [illegible]
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The BANNER office is the [illegible] Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We [illegible] you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible]

Salem.

Quite a nice shower of rain yesterday, which will soon cause the crop to grow. There is no keeping [illegible] with the cotton market. Late [illegible] people thought cotton would go [illegible] as high as eleven or twelve cents [illegible] the crop turns out bigger than [illegible] expected, and down she goes [illegible] not put your trust in the cotton market.

This has been a busy week in Clanton, especially in the neighborhood of the court house. The buildings across the street are [illegible] with workmen, and crowds have been watching their operations all the time. The town is full of visitors—lawyers, jurymen, witnesses and what-not. They all [illegible] evidences of prosperity and [illegible]ment. They do not look at [illegible]ment, on the contrary they [illegible] awake intelligent men. [illegible] know Chilton county is a [illegible] county and are proud they [illegible] of it. They are all [illegible] a good time and enjoying [illegible]. Good luck to them [illegible] may they live and wax [illegible]

OF COURSE WE WILL

[illegible] greatest journalistic [illegible] afforded readers of an [illegible] newspaper is in store for [illegible] readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during [illegible] Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a [illegible] than ever before attempted [illegible] newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most [illegible] report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, [illegible] almost every detail in the [illegible] of speeches verbatim, commit[illegible] in full, roll call of votes [illegible] all questions, and the many great [illegible] of interest throughout [illegible] the session is expected [illegible] beginning May 21st. This [illegible] will be an achievement [illegible] second to none in the [illegible] and certainly an enterprise [illegible] patronage by the citizens [illegible] the State everywhere. [illegible] advise interested readers [illegible] their names on the list in time [illegible] the opening. Leave your [illegible] the Banner office, where [illegible] be forwarded promptly and [illegible] attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, [illegible] of $6 cents per month.

[illegible] Saved His Leg

[illegible] Danforth, of Lagrange, [illegible] for six months with a running sore on his leg; [illegible] that Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it in five days. [illegible] Wounds, Piles, it's the [illegible] in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all [illegible]

344
248
96

Mrs. V. H. Grandy, ...
Dixie, Ala., on s side of ...
and west side of railroad; ...
cents $1 71
Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, on ...
w ½, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec ...
13, tax and costs $3 84
J. H. Martin, s 1-2 of sw ...
2 of ne 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r ...
and costs $4 87
Mrs. C. Paul, s 1-2 of sw ...
4 of ne 1-4 sec 16 tp 20 r ...
and costs $3 64

SEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of sw ...
tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $2 ...
H. M. and W. A. Hill, se ...
1-4 sec 10 tp 22 r 14, tax ...
costs $2 54
Mrs. Amanda A. Pittman, ...
sw 1-4 sec 2 tp 20 r 13, ...
costs $3 64

This is to notify you to ...
fore the Probate Court of ...
county at the next term thereof ...
commencing Monday, the ... day of May, 1901, then and there ...
show cause if any you have, why ...
sale for the sale of said real ...
should not be made for ...
payment of the taxes assessed ...
against you and for fees and costs ...
this 3d day of April, 1901.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

CORRESPONDENCE

(Continued from 2d col. page.)

people have no confidence in their pledges. The lion, ... says the pops, have admitted all the illiterate people belong to their party; maybe they think ... but all who read the lion's paper find out that they were ... in no instance at least, ... old advise him, the lion, to ... special request to the convention ... sure to place the franchise ... educational and not a property qualification for his own special benefit. Then he, the lion, says ... good for the State to be ... democratic rule. It is good for ... pops to have such men as ... their party, they can make the ... love the truth is something ... to the donkey, we think ... democratic friends of the ... would well afford to set him ... little donkey and let him ... high the county so the people ... know where he belongs in ... democratic party. Some men have heads but bad hearts, others ... the stock law would not have ... forced on the people in ...

BILLY THE KID.

All Day Singing

There will be an all day singing ... Shady Grove the third Sunday ... Everybody is invited to ... and especially the singers ... bring along your books and a basket dinner. N. J. JONES.

Notice to Non-Resident

...uit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the laws of Alabama, having its principal place of business at Thorsby, Ala., Plaintiff, vs. John J. Snell, who resides at Boone, Iowa, in the State of Iowa, Defendant.

In this cause, the Defendant is ... of stated cause, who resides ... the Post Office is the State of Iowa, will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association ... under the Laws of Alabama, having its principal place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out a writ in said cause against ... John J. Snell, the Defendant ... day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by ... note containing a waiver of homestead as to personal property ... of $470.00 with interest thereon ... per cent per annum, since the ... October, 1900, together with ... Attorney's fee for collecting ... note; that said attachment was ... without bond; and that said ... was levied upon the ... described as follows, to-wit: ... at a point on the section line ... southwest corner of the southeast ... of the southwest fourth in ... township twenty-two of ... and running thence north ... since east at right angles to the ... way of the L. & N. railroad ... a southeasterly direction ... right of way to the section ... following the section line ... starting point. Also five acres ... north side of the northeast ... northwest fourth of section ... township twenty-two, ... both pieces containing two ... acres, more or less, ... way 20 feet wide on east side ... said tract of land, situated ... County, Alabama. As ... of the said John J. Snell, ... by the sheriff of said County ... on the 7th day of May ... notice be published in the ... weekly newspaper published ... County, for three successive ... next following, and ... such issue containing ... mail to the said John J. Snell ... plaint.

... my hand, this the 7th day ...

E. B. DEBRUHL,
... the Circuit Court of ...
Chilton County, Alabama.

...BANNER office is the ... ting establishment in Chilton ... Coosa counties. We ... work at lower prices than ... get elsewhere. Give us ...

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX | CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MAY 16, 1901 | NO. 39

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not.

...hundred and ninety-four ... a pretty serious loss to ... And that is the amount ... W. L. Pinnell, of Kinchelo..., ... of pocket on account of hail ... his cotton. Last week ... ginned 28 bales, averaging ... pounds per bale, and sold them ... Middling at 7½ cents per ... Sixty days previously Mr. ... had offered him 9½ cents ... for the very same cotton. ... sympathize with the bro... hope he will better luck ... There is no keeping ... the cotton market. Lots ... people thought cotton would go ... eleven or twelve cents. ... contrains out bigger than ... expected, and down she goes. ... your trust in the cotton ...

... has been a busy week in ... especially in the neighborhood of the court house. The ... buggies across the street are ... with workmen, and crowds ... been watching their operations ... all the time. The town is ... with visitors—lawyers, jurymen, ... witnesses and what-not. They all ... evidences of prosperity and ... contentment. They do not look at ... poverty, on the contrary they ... wide-awake intelligent men. ... know Chilton county is a ... county and are proud they ... citizens of it. They are all ... a good time and enjoying ... lives. Good luck to them ... Long may they live and wax ...

Salem.

... a nice shower of rain yesterday, which will soon cause the ... to have plenty of work. ... a crowd of boys around ... to the river last week. ... among the boys was Mr Jack ... who reports having good ... and a fine time. Ben Trice has returned from ... and is again all smiles. John Parker and son Fletch ... to Birmingham Monday on ... business. Fletch Fosher and wife visited ... Smith at Clanton Sunday. ... singing at New Salem ... Hope all the singers ... Success to the Banner.

SUBSCRIBER.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

... greatest journalistic ... provided readers of an ... newspaper is in store for ... readers of the Montgomery ... which fare and during ... Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling ... during this event on a ... scale never before attempted ... any newspaper in the South. ... will present the most ... of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, ... every detail in the ... speeches verbatim, committee ... in full, roll call of votes ... questions and the many general ... of interest throughout ... The session is expected ... beginning May 21st. This ... will be an achievement ... second to none in the ... and certainly an enterprise ... patronage by the citizens ... the State everywhere. ... advise interested readers ... their names on the list in time ... the opening. Leave your ... at the Banner office, where ... will be forwarded promptly and ... attention given. The Advertiser ... by mail. Daily and Sunday, ... rate of 50 cents per month.

It Saved His Leg

... Danforth, of Lagrange, ... suffered for six months with a ... running sore on his leg; ... states that Bucklen's Arnica ... Salve completely cured it in five days. ... Sores, Wounds, Piles, it's the ... in the world. Cure guaranteed. ... Only 25c. Sold by all ...

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for them opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Jemison.

We have had a good rain; feel good don't you?

School will soon be out, then friends will have to part.

Prof. J. M. Collier and wife visited Brierfield Saturday and had to return in the rain Sunday evening.

Mr. J. H. Anderson visited his old home at Providence Sunday and returned by the wet road.

We learn that Mr. J. N. Goss has secured a school at his old home, which speaks well for Mr. Goss, and we feel sure those people have made no mistake in their selection as he is a hustler in school.

Wonder how the boys take eggs now?

Next Saturday will be picnic day and we are anticipating a nice time. Prof. Collier is making preparations for a fine concert 24th inst.

Several of our people are attending court this week.

Owing to the illness of the pastor there was no preaching at the Baptist church Sunday.

TWO OF PROF'S PETS.

Riderville.

A terrible accident occurred close by this place Monday morning about ten o'clock. An engine in charge of Mr. Norman Cunningham, went through a trestle, thirty-four feet high, on the Jackson Lumber Company's road. As it fell it turned over and the unfortunate engineer was crushed beneath it, the negro fireman escaping with his life but seriously injured.

Mr. Cunningham was a young man about 27 years of age, and a great favorite with all who knew him. He leaves a young wife and one child, and the deepest sympathies of all are with them in their bereavement. "God be with them till they meet again."

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Confederate Reunion at Memphis.

During the Reunion at Memphis a limited number of Confederate Veterans, properly identified will be lodged and fed free. Where the visiting Veteran cannot afford to pay for his lodging and board it will be provided for him. In no instance will railroad fare be advanced. If a Veteran desires to visit Memphis, he must provide the means of coming here and returning. If, after his arrival, he presents good and sufficient evidence that he is unable to pay for board and lodging, it will be given him free. The committee takes it for granted that there will be no difficulty in a Veteran of good standing securing the necessary certificate of identification. It can be readily had for the asking, and when it is presented here the committee will accept it and will provide the necessary hospitality without further delay. The committee also desires to be assured that the Veteran really cannot pay his own way. The committee simply desires to guard against imposition, and will do all that it can to prevent hardship and delay.

Any Confederate Veteran, in good standing with his camp or in his community, and unable to pay his way, will be furnished with a badge, lodging and meals, without cost to himself.

Board and lodging can be had at from $1.50 to $2.00 per day, and should be procured as early as practicable through our Information Committee, of which J. S. Davant is chairman, who, with his assistant, R. F. Sloan, will promptly answer any letters or inquiries on the subject.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Macedonia.

Farming operations are progressing slowly; some planted cotton too early and had to plant over, and now it is so dry it is not up sufficiently to chop, and that that was not planted over, there is not a good stand. Corn has been worked out, though it is very small. So if it was customary for barbers to shave farmers as c they would make a deal to take the job by the foot. However, all will come right when the rain begins to come.

Some of your readers have been mistaken in thinking that your Randolph correspondent, whose name is himself V, to be your Macedonia correspondent.

Messrs. Pitts & Hubbard have moved their stock of merchandise from Mr. T. J. Hubbard's place to Randolph; they now occupy the old Cox stand.

Mr. Joseph Elam and wife, of Maplesville, visited his sister, Mrs. Anna Nix, at this place recently.

Several of our people are courting this week.

Mr. John Thacker has been on the sick list several weeks, and is no better at this writing we are sorry to say.

Mr. Lewis Waldrup and his son caught forty-two fishes from the Latham creek last Saturday.

There was singing at this place last Sunday morning.

Rev. L. H. Thomas filled his regular appointment here last Saturday. CLINT.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic smells like peppermint candy, and is "just as good," but for a different purpose. Try it next time you get hurt or have Colic. Only 50c a bottle at drug stores.

Cedar Grove.

We had a nice shower yesterday, and those of our farmers that we have chanced to meet since were smiling all over their physiognomy.

"Uncle Jimmy" Collins and his son Johnnie, made a business trip to Clanton Saturday.

Rev. W. G. Riggins delivered an able discourse on sanctification at the church Sunday; the service was well attended.

Crops are looking reasonably well considering the dry weather.

Mr. J. G. Hayes and family visited relatives in Scott Hill Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Enoch Hayes were the guests of Mr. J. L. Baker Sunday night. Mr. Hayes was on his way to Montgomery, being a grand juryman in U. S. court, which is in session at that place.

We learn that there is some dispute as to the meaning of "spicy" (arising from the use of the word in a former letter) which we would be glad some one would explain, as ye writer has no dictionary and fears his opinion would not be taken as authority.

OLD PATCH.

New Salem.

Farmers are all smiling this morning; that rain yesterday was enough to bring smiles from anyone.

Mr. H. M. Hill, of Bessemer, was mingling with his many friends and relatives in this vicinity the past week.

One of Patches crew said that matrimony was a safe trust for the protection of the infant industry. I guess she knows.

Its strange that some of the boys wish that Adam had died with all his ribs in him. I guess Jake must have got after him.

Kate thinks of the Salem items like Pat thought of bulldozing. But she wasn't asleep at all. SAL.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich. "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Thorsby.

Fire on Monday evening at the home of Mr. R. L. Barrett near Thorsby destroyed his blacksmith shop, a new wagon and harness and a buggy. His loss is about $175. He had been working in the shop in the afternoon and had left his son to put out the fire.

The foundations are in for the new school building for Prof. Rasco, and the work will be pushed to completion under the superintendence of Mr. E. F. Mead.

It preserves the flesh when lacerated or wounded in any way. Stops the bleeding, stops the pain and heals quicker than anything. That is what Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic does. Try it when you get hurt. Ask your druggist for it.

A NEW INVENTION FOR LADIES.

Messrs E. M. Beatle & Co. will come to Clanton from Tuskaloosa the 10th of May. They will have the Economy Scrubbing Brush to scrub floors, windows, walls, tables, carpets, etc. Through a sucsion it takes up all the water leaving the floor perfectly dry except dampness, making house drudgery easy and quick. Every lady should have one. Mr. Beatle and his sub agents have the highest recommendations from Rev. J. H. Curry, Fosters, Ala., Hon. J. Manly Foster, Tuskaloosa, and Rev. L. O. Dawson, Pastor Tuskaloosa Baptist church. Write them, if you like, before I come.

Very truly, E. M. BEALL.

All Day Singing

There will be an all day singing at Shady Grove the third Sunday in May. Everybody is invited to attend, and especially the singers. Bring along your books and a basket of dinner. N. J. JONES.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All person are hereby forbidden fishing and trespassing on the lands owned by the undersigned, generally known as the Maddox's mill place, under penalty of the law.

Signed ALEX G. DAKE.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kinchelon.

FEE $6.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—In every section of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Dear mother, don't let your Baby suffer and cry with Colic when a few drops of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, diluted and sweetened will give almost instant relief. Non-poisonous and therefore harmless. Tastes like peppermint candy and Baby will take it without a "kick." A silver half dollar will get a bottle from your druggist.

Burwell.

Mrs. Lizzie Kendrick returned from Birmingham Tuesday of last week.

J. E. G. said in the Reflector that the Pops would not listen to anything akin to reason. Let us see, says Bro. Williams, what they have done that was reasonable. Well, there was about 12 or 13 of them forced the stock law on the people in Beat five against the wishes of about 400 white men, to say nothing of the innocent women and children that will have to suffer on account of the fraud. Well, that was quite moderate for a Democrat, they belong to the royal family you know.

We had a musical entertainment at Burwell Saturday night and a performance by Happy Tom. It seemed to be enjoyed by all if the kid had had a spy glass he would have been master of the situation.

Silence is the understanding of fools and one of the virtues of a wise man. It takes cents and sense to make money fast. Prosperity is said to be the first step to glory, but generally when a man gets prospering he forgets the Lord.

There is a much needed rain falling to-day in these parts, farmers will be all smiles to morrow.

BILLY THE KID.

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fever, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Practice in all Courts.
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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 30 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 656—2 Rings.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.
Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.
F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.
Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.
Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.
D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Ask your dealer for them. 15 cent size sells for 25 cents. 25 cent size sells for 50 cents. MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cohen
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR READERS

Believed that Illinois Central Will Build Road into Birmingham—Episcopal Church of Alabama Elects Officers—Other Items.

Dispensary in Florence.

The Florence dispensary will open July 1st. The dispensary committee have selected Dr. James Burtwell dispenser with Lee Waits assistant for Florence and W. R. Hindman assistants for East Florence. The bill provided for two dispensaries, one for the city and the other for East Florence. A committee of two were appointed to select the location of the dispensaries and to purchase stock to open with. A good deal of interest is centered in the success of the dispensary system in that city.

License Revoked.

State Insurance Commissioner McDavid has received information by wire from the New York commissioner of insurance advising him that the Manhattan Fire Insurance Company of New York had failed to make good the recent impairment to its capital, and that a receivership was imminent. Commissioner McDavid thereupon canceled the company's license in Alabama. The policy-holders will likely lose nothing, as the company's business will probably be reinsured.

Exhumed for Autopsy.

The body of W. R. Styers, the detective who was found dead in the hallway over a saloon in Ensley, has been exhumed and a post-mortem examination will be made. Since the death suspicion of foul play has arisen, and Coroner Paris has disinterred the remains and the stomach has been sent to the state chemist at Auburn to be examined. Great secrecy has been maintained about the affair, for while the body was exhumed Tuesday, the fact did not become known until late in the week.

Miller Will Hang.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the case of Frank Miller and Frank Duncan who were convicted of the murder of Policeman Adams in March, 1900, in Birmingham, and set June 28th as the day on which Miller will be hanged. Miller, on the trial in the lower court, was sentenced to be hanged and Duncan was sentenced to life imprisonment. The trial took place in May, 1900, and an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. It was argued there in January, 1901, since which time a decision has been anxiously expected by the defendants.

New County Court House.

Plans for the new county courthouse for Tallapoosa have been drawn and are now in the possession of Probate Judge Harlan. When completed the building will be one of the handsomest structures in east Alabamaa, and will represent a total expenditure of something over $35,000.

Nothing for Court to Do.

A singular thing happened in Clayton court. The juries were not called upon to try a single case. Every case tried either and no dispute of facts and hence went off on a legal point or they were settled by the parties without the intervention of the court or jury.

More Money for Battleship Silver Service.

M. W. Camper, chairman of the Battleship Alabama Silver Service Commission of the eighth district, has made his appointments in the counties of the district and a number of the committee have accepted. The commission needs $5,000 yet and active work will be begun at once to raise the money. It would be a reflection on the state of Alabama not to be able to raise this fund, and Mr. Camper is especially anxious that the eighth district do its whole duty in this matter.

Commencement Sermons.

Dr. George W. Reed, of Birmingham, has been chosen by President Davis to preach the commencement sermon for the Athens Female College, which will begin on Sunday, May 19th. Dr. Andrews, of Gadsden, will preach the baccalaureate sermon, and Colonel Mosley, of Opelika, will deliver the graduating address to the senior class. The commencement exercises promise to be among the most interesting that have been held in the seventy years' history of the college.

Hall for Convention.

The question of securing the Auditorium for the constitutional convention in the event its sessions are to be held in Birmingham, will be taken up by the Board of Trade at the next meeting, which takes place on Wednesday night. President O'Neill of the Board of Trade is out of the city, but Secretary McCullough addressed a letter to President VanHoose of the Auditorium Company, asking on what terms the Auditorium could be secured for that purpose. The Commercial Club will likely take the matter up, but as President Kettig is out of the city, no official action has been taken.

Survey for New Road.

A railroad surveying corps under Engineer Wilson came running a line from the west into and through Bessemer and on and up towards Birmingham, but they would vouchsafe no information as to the interest they represented, nor to the object of their work. It is blieved that the Illinois Central intends to enter this district by a line connecting with their line at West Point, Miss. It will cut through a vast virgin coal field extending through the Northern part of Tuscaloosa county direct to the west border of Bessemer.

Dug Up Cannon Ball.

The force of hands that is grading the track for the electric street railway in the western portion of Selma, struck a pile of ordnance stores about two feet under the ground. There were seventeen cannon balls and cartridges struck by the picks of the men and then removed and laid aside. From all appearances the balls and shells had evidently been buried to keep from being taken when the "Yankees" paid their "visit" to Selma on that April day some thirty-six years ago.

New Officers.

The Diocesan Council of the Episcopal church of Alabama, at its meeting elected the following officers: Mr. R. H. Cochrane, of Tuscaloosa, Treasurer of the Diocese; Dr. B. J. Baldwin, of Montgomery, Registrer; Mr. R. P. Wetmore, Birmingham, Chancellor. Trustees of the Bishop's fund, J. H. Fitts, Tuskaloosa, Treasurer; Thoams GoJnes, Montgomery; R. H. Stickney, Greensboro.

To Avoid Trouble.

Presidnet Edward Flynn, of the United Mine Workers of America, has gone to Coalburg to investigate a minor local troulbe. It is given out that there are two miners at that place who are working in a mine with a large number of members of the order while they do not themselves belong to the union. An effort will be made by President Flynn to get these two men to become members of the United Mine Workers and avoid trouble.

Crushed to Death.

James Pruet met a tragic death at Avondale by being crushed to death by a falling building. The Reynolds Lumber Company had under course of erection a building that, when completed, would have been used as a dry kiln, and Mr. Pruet was employed to assist in its construction. While busily engaged about his labors one of the side walls of the building collapsed, and in its fall crushed out the life of Mr. Pruet, who was caught by it. Deceased was 65 years of age.

Tree Fell on Him.

Frank Lucas, a white man, was killed about ten miles below Centerville by a tree falling on him. He was cutting stock for the Jackson Lumber Company, a large saw mill company when a tree fell upon him killing him instantly.

An Awful Death.

William Edwards, aged 21 years, while going from his house to the field to work near Beaver Run, Etowah county, was bitten by a snake and died in awful agony. The snake, a cotton mouth, fastened its fangs in the thigh biting trough his trousers and into the flesh to a depth of over an inch. Edwards ran back to his home, a distance of a half mile and reaching the gate fell exhausted, his tongue swollen and hanging out of his mouth, eyes bulging out and flesh turning black. He suffered horribly until death came. Edwards leaves a wife and one child.

Big Land Deal.

The Alabama State Land Company has sold to Edgar L. Alder 4,840 acres of mineral land and the mineral rights to 800 acres of land lying in range 17, township 4 and 5, the consideration being $121,000. The land lies west of Bessemer, in Jefferson couty, and forms a very valuable tract. It is understood that important developments are to be made upon it by the purchaser.

WARM WRANGLE OVER PRECEDENCE

Ohio Junketers Are Angry Over Alleged Slight.

MRS. M'KINLEY ILL IN 'FRISCO

The President's Itinerary Will Be Changed In Some Respects as a Consequence.

The sudden illness of Mrs. McKinley has caused an unexpected change in the itinerary of President McKinley. He arrived in San Francisco Sunday afternoon several hours ahead of the time scheduled. The state of Mrs. McKinley's health was such that the president decided to leave Delmonte with his wife for the home of Henry T. Scott, in San Francisco, where she could have complete rest and where a specialist could be consulted, if necessary.

Ohio Party Discomfitted.

The Ohio party en route to San Francisco to see the launching of the battleship Ohio, enjoyed a sojourn at Del Monte, Cal., Saturday. The Ohio party and Governor Nash's party clashed over a question of precedence and harmony is wanting. The people of California have been very cordial but naturally President McKinley has received the most attention, and Governor Nash and party, who are traveling on a separate train, have been a little in the background. At Los Angeles it was all McKinley, and the Ohio senatorial party felt slighted.

The chagrin of the party experienced over its alleged mistreatment at Los Angeles became more intense as the time passed and broke out into open revolt at conferences in the Hotel Delmonte. The special cars bearing the Ohio congressmen were attached to the Ohio special at Los Angeles. This seemed to add to the ill feeling of the governor's party, who complained that they had been an annexed section to the president's party, and now were given third place.

The congressmen seemed equally dissatisfied with the new arrangement, and finally it was decided that the congressmen should travel as they had done before reaching Los Angeles. The cars of the congressmen were accordingly taken off the Ohio special at Delmonte, and they left for San Francisco at noon Saturday, while Governor Nash and party left at 2 p. m. for San Francisco. Then Colonel J. B. Ellison and Willis G. Bowland, who have charge of all arrangements for Governor Nash and the Ohio special, met a committee from San Jose and notified Chairman Minor that they would not visit San Jose as an annex of any other party.

It was then decided that the special would go from San Francisco to San Jose Sunday night. It was also specified that the Ohio special would leave San Jose before the presidential train arrived.

ASK FOR DOLE'S REMOVAL.

Hawaiian Legislators and Governor Fail to Co-Labor Harmoniously.

Advices from Honolulu state that the first territorial legislature of Hawaii came to an end on the evening of April 30th, according to Governor Dole, and on the next night, according to the majority of both houses. The legislature ended its existence at loggerheads with the governor and without having passed a single important measure to which the home rulers were committed except the county government act, which the governor killed by a pocket veto.

The last act of the house on the evening of the 30th was to pass a concurrent resolution containing a memorial to President McKinley asking for the removal of Governor Dole.

He is charged with having hindered the work of the session by his hostility toward the legislature, withholding information and reports that were called for, and refusing to co-operate with the law-makers. President McKinley is asked in the resolution to use his influence in behalf of an extra session of the legislature to transact general legislation which General Dole refuses to grant.

EXHIBITION DRILLS

To Be Given By Heavy Battery at the Buffalo Exposition.

A Dispatch from Norfolk, Va., says: Battery B, Seventh United States heavy artillery, left Fort Monroe Saturday afternoon by the Chesapeake line and Baltimore for the Buffalo exposition. There the battery will give exhibition drills in the handling of heavy field artillery.

Seven New Roads Building.

The secretary of the North Carolina corporation commission announces that work is now in progress on seven railways in that state.

FANCY PIGS BOUGHT.

Biltmore Farm Being Stocked With English Prize Porkers.

The Biltmore, N. C., pig farm was augmented Friday by the arrival of thirty-two Berkshire pigs valued at $8,000. They were purchased by R. Gentry in England of the leading breeders, and represent all the leading prize winners. No hog was bought whose pedigree is not full of prize winning. Some sows weigh 900 pounds.

Profitable Farming in Alaska.

Gov. Brady of Alaska and other persons familiar with the general features and natural resources of that northern most possession of the United States have frequently asserted that its soil and climate are far more amenable to the processes of a high civilization than is generally supposed, and have predicted that the time would come when Alaska would be the home of a large and prosperous agricultural population. Official confirmation of these views is furnished in a report just made by a special agent of the United States agricultural department, who has had charge of an agricultural experiment station in Alaska. He thinks that the territory will ultimately be as promising a field for agriculture and stock raising as it now is for mining. The results of experiments extending for two years have established beyond a doubt, he says, that such staple products as flax, wheat, oats, rye and barley can be grown with success and profit in almost every part of Alaska. Thus one after another of the old arguments against the purchase of "Seward's folly" are made to give way in the light of the facts.—Leslie's Weekly.

Not counting the national capital, there are forty-four towns and cities bearing the name of Washington.

Cheap in Price,

But as a medicine worth its weight in gold is Crab Orchard Water. Many have been restored to perfect health by its use.

The Salvation Army is at work in forty-seven countries, and has fifty-five periodicals, printed in twenty-one languages.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Only three weeks are required to develop a perfect mosquito from the egg.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

About 10,000,000 cattle are now to be found in the Argentine Republic.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Cape Colony has 30,000 acres of vineyards, with 90,000,000 vines.

All goods are alike to Putnam Fadeless Dyes, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Efforts are being made in Raleigh, N. C., to have the city buy and preserve the boyhood home of Andrew Johnson.

Imitations of American products are being sold in Sweden in large quantities.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

When the serfs were freed in Russia, the Government paid on an average $15 for 20,700,000 of them.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50; if not, it is free.

An automobile ambulance removes hurt horses from the steeplechase course at Auteuil, France.

The rate at which some people live is only regulated by the question of how much credit they can get.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

An oil well and an orator are neither of them much good unless they spout.

A fellow doesn't have to take music lessons to sing his own praises.

Happiness canpot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Even the tall cashier may be short in his accounts.

Sunday Habits.

The average man does himself so much harm on Sunday that he does not recover until the following Wednesday. In the first place, he loafs around the house, instead of being active, as on weekdays. In the next place, he eats his breakfast later than usual, and his dinner earlier, and the result is that he is knocked out until Wednesday. The best thing to do on Sunday is to conform to your usual habits as much as possible.—Atchison Globe.

PERIODS OF PAIN

How Three Women Found Re

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to have been the plan of nature that woman should suffer so extensively. **E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition which produces much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors.

The three letters here published should encourage every woman who reads them.

Aug. 6, 1898.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham: — I have suffered since the age of sixteen with painful menstruation. I have been treated for months, and was told that the womb had fallen a little. The doctor says that is now in place again, but I still have the same pain. Please tell me what to do."—Mrs. Emma Kuehl, 112 Trautman St., Brooklyn, E. D., N.Y.

Jan. 19, 1899.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham: — After receiving your reply to my letter of Aug. 6 I followed your kind advice, and am glad to tell you that I have been cured of the severe pain at time of menstruation through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken six bottles of it, felt better after the first bottle, and after a while had no more pain or womb trouble.

"I had doctored from the age of sixteen to twenty-six, and had lost all hope, but your medicine has made me well.

"I would like to have you use my testimonial, so that others may see, and be inspired with hope, and take your medicine."—Mrs. Emma Kuehl, 112 Trautman St., Brooklyn, E. D., N.Y.

Feb. 20, 1900.

"I saw your medicine so highly recommended I thought I would write to you for advice.

"My menstruation occurs every two weeks, lasts a week, and is painful. I have been troubled in this way for some time. I suffer also with sick-headache and backache all the time, appe-

"Since receiving your answer to my letter I have been taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. My menses are right now, and appear once a month, and I feel so much stronger and better. I always praise your medicine." — Maggie Pollard, 410 So. 5th St., Richmond, Va.

"I was troubled with female weakness, irregular and painful menstruation, and leucorrhoea. The doctor's medicine did me no good. I have taken one bottle and a half of your Vegetable Compound, and thanks to your medicine, my pains are gone. I advise all women suffering as I have to try your Vegetable Compound."—J. Pribble, Indianola, Ill.

If there is anything about your case about which you would like advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. No man will see your letter. It surely help you, for no person in America has such a wide experience in treating female ills as she has had. She has helped hundreds of those women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Real worth of W. L. Douglas $4 and $5.00 shoes is $6 to $8. My $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

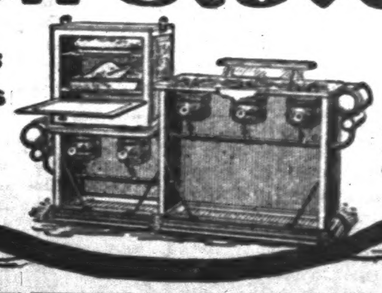
It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the brains, that have planned the best style, lasts a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

25 CTS

A Match Starts the Meal If You use a WICKLESS BLUE FLAME Oil Stove

No Fuss No Muss



If your dealer does not keep them, write to the nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL CO.

Sozodont for the Teeth and Mouth 25¢ | DROPSY

LETTERS FROM BABYLON.

Origin of St. Valentine's Day.

A Highland Scotch Tradition.

The Atom Still an Abstraction.

Moss for Purifying Syrup.

Every cotton planter should have our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." Sent free.

CERTAIN CROUP CURE

OF PAIN.
n Found Relie
EHL.
suffering, it does not
severely. Ly
thorough female
which produces
woman who suffe
tite poor, sick
stomach
morning, eve
thing I eat
me, am very
thin, and sall
"I have tr
doctor, but he
not seem to d
any good."—
Maggie Potts
119 So. 4th
Richmond, Va
April 23, 19
Since receiving your answer
letter I have been taking
table compound, and it has
more good than any medic
My menses ar
now disappear once a
I feel so much stronger. I
you praise your medicine."—
Kate Kirtlan, 419 So. 4th
mond, Va.
was troubled with female w
irregular and
painful menstruation
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Vegetable Compound."—
MMA J. PRIS
UNBLE, Indianola, Ill.
ut which you would like
an will see your letter.
such a wide experience in
elped hundreds of thousa
n, Mass., and her advice is
kind invitation.
the National City Bank of Lynn,
n find that the above testimonial
fore obtaining the writer's
DIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE
LAS
ES UNION
MADE.
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CONSUMPTION
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BLUE
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If your dealer
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Send name and address to
MAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.
E CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE.

LETTERS FROM BABYLON.

Much Museum Contains Kingly Epistles of 4,000 Years Ago.

Two series of curious Babylonian tablets have recently been placed in the Assyrian room of the British museum. The characters inscribed about B. C. 2000 the first series give lists, measurements and statistics of a number of estates. They have been drawn up with a care that indicates they formed part of a large survey of country's cultivable land and habitations. The data upon which the system of taxation employed in the Babylonian empire was based are strange to the Babylonians who had no deep theories of arithmetic and could so readily have made the complicated calculations which they dated the years by. Each year was named after the important event that happened during it. But as in time these became numerous it was found convenient to use a new method in which the years were named after the oldest of the letters known to have been used in that year. In a style resembling the letters and being prevented by powdering the clay, in a style like the letters of kings to their governors, one decrees that be inserted while another recites that of bribed officials. The museum said the tablets date from London

Origin of St. Valentine's Day.

The origin of St. Valentine's day is obscure. One tradition says he was a priest who was martyred in the third century. Another says that it was a custom at Rome, during the great festival of February, to celebrate the feast of Pan and Juno. At these festivals many ceremonies, in which young women were put in a lottery from which they were chosen by men. The pastors of the early church, striving to eradicate pagan superstitions, often substituted the name of some Christian saint for that of a heathen deity. In this case it is probable that those of St. Valentine, which occurred at nearly the same time, kept alive, though the name of the day became Christian, relics of the pagan ceremonies still cling to it.

The Atom Still an Abstraction.

A writer in McClure's Magazine says that the atom of today is still a scientific abstraction. Many facts have been brought to light that make it apparent certain that matter is not continuous, is not capable of infinite subdivision. Dalton, the Quaker schoolmaster of Manchester, was the first one to bring the atom down to earth and make it a useful idea. The atomic theory proposed by Dalton in the early years of the century, lives today, and stronger than it has ever been, notwithstanding the efforts that have been made to show that it is built upon sand. It has been and is today an immensely useful theory. Whether it will always continue to be so is another question and one that need not be discussed.

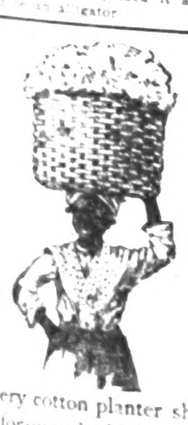
A Highland Scotch Tradition.

There is an old tradition in the Highlands of Scotland to the effect that the house of Balmoral dies when the snow on a particular spot of Lochnagar which is rarely covered even in the severest winters. In fact, according to the local report, the snow did melt this winter for the first time during the reign of her late majesty. It is not generally known, either that the custom of stopping the clocks in the room where a "laird" dies and keeping them so until after the funeral was practiced at Balmoral when the clock in the tower stopped at the hour of Queen Victoria's death, just as the flag was at once lowered to half mast.

Moss for Purifying Syrup.

Besides the thousands of pounds of sphagnum moss sent annually from Florida and other Southern states to northern upholsterers the plant has many other uses. One of these, a use that has recently been discovered, is that of a strainer and purifier of syrup. It has been found that a better syrup can be made by straining sugar cane juice through moss than through any other material.

If a card were a secret, by the time it reached a man had passed it along it would be an alligator.


Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture," is sent free.
Send name and address to
ERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.

THE TRIAL OF BARROWS

In Connection With the Commissary Scandal.

EFFICIENCY OF NATIVE POLICE IN THE

Philippines is Noted—Office Seeker in Philippines Develops Into a Numerous Quantity—A Small "Scrap"—Other News Items.

Barrows' Trial.

The trial of Captain Frederick J. Barrows, Qartermaster of the Department of Southern Luzon, on charges connected with the commissary scandals is finished. The verdict has not yet been announced. The Department of Southern Luzon is sending various expeditions in pursuit of the remaining Filipino bands. It is expected the islands of Mindero will be occupied in the near future. Many fugitive Tagals and a quantity of arms are reported to be concealed in Mindero.

Appropriates $150,000.

An extensive resume of the organization and varying condition of the Philippine native police force is contained in a statement made public by the Division of Insular Affairs of the War Department. The report recites, because of poverty of the municipalities, the Philippine Commission appropriates the sum of $150,000 to provide increased pay for the body and offers, through General MacArthur, further incentive in the way of increased compensation for meritorious and faithful service. Late reports received at the War Department indicate that an efficient and loyal force of native police have now been organized.

Fearful Fire.

Fanned by a 35-mile-an-hour wind, fire swept the west bank of the Roughe river in Deiray, a suburb to the south of Detroit, Mich., for three-quarters of a mile and destroyed $800,000 worth of property. The fire originated in the roof of the Salliotte and Furgeson lumber mill. The building was soon in ashes and the fire swept across a dock to where a dredge of the Carkin Stickney and Cram fleet was tied up. This craft was burned to the water's edge. Great embers were picked up by the wind and dropped on the roof of Brownlee & Company's mill and salt block, and both these buildings were destroyed.

Mrs. McKinley Ill.

The sudden illness of Mrs. McKinley has caused an unexpected change in the itinery of President McKinley. He arrived in San Francisco several hours ahead of the time scheduled. The state of Mrs. McKinley's health was such that the President decided to leave Delmonte and bring his wife to that city immediately to the home of Henry T. Scott, where she could have complete rest for a few days and where a specialist could be consulted if necessary.

Clothing Needed.

The greatest want in Jacksonville, Fla., is clothing. Many people are wearing today the same underwear which they had on the day of the fire and have not the money to buy new clothes with. Another problem which will be quickly settled is that of the lazy negroes who, since the commissaries were established, have quit work, so many having done so, that the Clyde steamers and the yards of the naval stores and commission companies have been unable to get enough men to do their work.

Robberies Unearthed.

Chattanooga has unearthed a systematic robbery of the government ware houses where are stored uniforms and equipment for the army recruits from East Tennessee and north Georgia. A Bohemian character, named Parnell, who has been stationed at the recruiting station for several months, was arrested, charged with being the active agent in smuggling these goods out and selling them to second hand stores. Captain Vogdes, in charge of the station, has reported the thefts to the war department. It is intimated that some of those connected with the station were accomplices.

International Affair.

Jerome Fedoli, Italian consul in Kansas Cty, is quoted as saying that the labor trouble in Iola, Kan., which resulted in several Italians being driven from that town after being assaulted by American workmen, will be made an international affair. "The expulsion of the Italians from the Iola Cement Works is a very serious matter," said Consul Fedoli, "and will assuredly become an international incident."

DEED OF HEROISM.

Negro Died That His Married Friend Might Live.

William Phelps, of Richmond, Ky., and James Stansbury, of Indianapolis, both negroes, were cleaning the inside of an eight-foot upright boiler at the Cerealine mills when an employe turned on the steam, thinking the cock was tight. It leaked and the scalding steam poured in on the two men. The only exit was up a ladder to a manhole in the top. Both jumped for the ladder. Phelps reached it first, took one step and stopped. He jumped aside and shouted "You go first, Jim; you are married." Stansbury sprang up the ladder and escaped with slight burns about his face and legs. Though Phelps followed at his heels, his act of heroism cost him his life. Both men were being "cooked" when Phelps jumped aside. By the time he had followed Stansbury up the ladder the flesh was dropping from his bones. He was cooked alive and with supreme effort dragged his scalded body from the manhole. He lived two hours in terrible agony, but did not let a groan escape him.

A BIG STRIKE

Involving 500,000 Men is Expected to Occur May 20.

A general strike involving directly 150,000 machinist and indirectly 500,000 men in metal working trades is expected to take place on May 20th unless some arrangment is effected in the meantime. This is the statement made by President James O'Connell of the International Association of Machinists, who has his headquarters in Washington. The demands of the men, the refusal of which threatens to precipitate the strike, O'Connell said, are for a working day of nine hours and an increase of 12 1-2 per cent in wages, or in other words for the ten hours' pay for nine hours' work. The matter, he said, has been under consideration for some time, and every effort has been made by the Machinists' Association to avoid resorting to a strike, but such action, he says, is now necessary if the working men hope to attain the end they are striving for.

Breckenridge Will Inspect.

Secretary Root has approved a plan by which Brigadier General Breckenridge, inspector general of the United States army, will proceed to the Philippines for an extended tour of inspection. The start will be made about June 20th on the transport Ingalls, leaving New York and proceeding via the Suez canal. There are a large number of military posts scattered through the Philippines, and a thorough knowledge of their condition and needs, not only for the present but with reference to the transition stage from military to civil rule, is sought and which is now being rapidly brought about.

Boiler Does Great Havoc.

The boiler of a freight engine on the Huntington and Broad Top Railroad at Mount Dallas, Pa., the southern terminus of the Broad Top railroad, exploded, instantly killing four members of the local freight crew. The bodies of Conductor Hollingshead and Engineer Berkstresser were blown four hundred yards across the river. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Insurgent Officer Gives Up.

Colonel Astilla, the insurgent governor of Infanta Province, has surrendered with ten officers, 180 men, 170 rifles and ten cannons. The United States Philippine Commission has decided to establish an insular government printing plant.

Priest Missing and Cash, Too.

The police and principal citizens of Guadalajara, Mexico, are looking for the Rev. Father Amado, a well known priest of that city, and treasurer of various local religious fraternities and guilds. It is charged that the clergyman has decamped, taking, it is estimated, nearly $100,000 belonging to religious societies and also carrying off the young daughter of one of the leading families. When Father Amado left the city he placed a letter explaining things within the safe, the letter being addressed to Dr. Arias, dean of the Cathedral.

Riot at Barcelona.

An enormous crowd of people participated in rioting at Barcelona, Spain. The rioters endeavored to stop work in the factories, which resulted in collisions with the troops. A number of soldiers are among the wounded. Over a hundred arrests of anarchists, socialists and extreme Catalinists have been made. Twenty-one notorious anarchists have been held on board the warship Pelayo.

PRICE, 25c.
Am. N. U., No. 20. 1901.

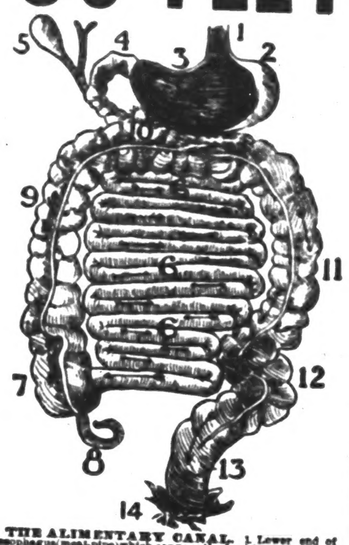
"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

LIVERINA
A purely Vegetable Compound. The best for all Liver troubles.
RELIEVES
CONSTIPATION,
SICK HEAD-ACHE,
BILIOUSNESS,
MALARIA
and that "good-for-nothing" feeling.
For Sal: By All Dealers, 50c a Bottle.
Made by
GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

SIXTY DOLLARS'
worth of staple goods free to one intelligent man or woman in every county of the U. S. Write quick. New Jersey Mfg. Co. (Incorp.) Jersey City, N. J.

Constipation
is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of
CRAB ORCHARD WATER
the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.
Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

30 FEET OF BOWELS



THE ALIMENTARY CANAL. 1. Lower end of esophagus (meat-pipe) which conveys the food from the throat to the stomach; 2. Cardiac end of stomach; 3. Pyloric end of stomach; 4. Duodenum; 5. Gall bladder; 6, 6, 6. Small intestines; 7. Cecum; 8. Vermiform appendix; 9. Ascending colon; 10. Transverse colon; 11. Descending colon; 12. Sigmoid flexure; 13. Rectum; 14. Anus. The duodenum is continuous with the small intestines. The small intestine empties into the large intestine or colon at the cecum. The arrows indicate the direction which the contents of the bowels must take in passing through the alimentary canal.

are packed away in your insides and must be kept clean, in order and doing business.

It's a long way, with many turns and pitfalls to catch the refuse and clog the channel if not most carefully cleaned out every day.

When this long canal is blockaded, look out for trouble—furred tongue, bad breath, belching of gases, yellow spots, pimples and boils, headaches, spitting up of food after eating—an all-around disgusting nuisance.

Violent calomel purges or griping salts are dangerous to use for cleaning out the bowels. They force out the obstruction by causing violent spasms of the bowels, but they leave the intestines weak and even less able to keep up regular movements than before, and make a larger dose necessary next time.

Then you have the pill habit, which kills more people than the morphine and whiskey habits combined.

The only safe, gentle but certain bowel cleansers are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS, because they don't force out the foecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action. Buy and try them! (Look out for imitations and substitutes or you can't get results. Cascarets are never sold in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the long-tailed "C" on the box.) You will find that in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently

Made CLEAN and STRONG by
Cascarets
LIVER TONIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c.
ALL DRUGGISTS.
NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start to-day. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

LION COFFEE
A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Lion Coffee is not *GLAZED, COATED,* or otherwise treated with *EGG* mixtures, chemicals, glue, etc., etc.
Lion Coffee is a Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.
Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.
LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"THE NEW YANKEE DOODLE."

LION COFFEE came to town
To satisfy the craving
Of millions, and their pleasure crown
By also money saving.
LION COFFEE *IS* the best,
LION COFFEE stands the test,
LION COFFEE's sales attest
The road to fame 'tis paving.

LION COFFEE is not glazed,
It has no foreign coating,
Its purity is always praised—
Good health it is promoting.
LION COFFEE takes the lead,
LION COFFEE's grand, indeed,
LION COFFEE all concede
Perfection is denoting.

LION COFFEE's in the bean—
Nothing there to hide it.
Lion head on package seen,
Premium List inside it!
LION COFFEE's gifts are great,
LION COFFEE's one-pound weight,
LION COFFEE's up-to-date,
All grocers will provide it.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth his glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Invariably in Advance.

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

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The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

JUDGE Denson, in his address to the Grand Jury, paid Chilton a high compliment when he said: "Chilton county is a very good county. Its citizens are law-abiding. It is above the average with reference to violations of law." Thank you, Judge, Chilton county highly values your good opinion and appreciates your kind words.

CHILTON county is a good county. It is above the average morally—as witness the small amount of crime. It is above the average financially—does not owe a cent and has plenty of money in the treasury to meet all obligations. It is above the average in point of taxation, having the lowest rate of taxation of any county in the State. It is above the average religiously—as the large number of places of worship and the full congregations attest. Chilton county is a good county.

HAVING failed signally in arousing the slightest interest in the people of Chilton county, the Reflector is vainly endeavoring to put a little life into its columns by mud-slinging at THE BANNER and the county officers. So far as the remarks anent THE BANNER are concerned we treat them with silent contempt—they are beneath our notice. None but a "one-horse" editor would publish such fool statements. The county officers are quite capable of taking care of themselves and need no defense by us. But the Reflector grossly insults the people of Chilton by referring to them as ignorant, and also the Inspectors of Election at the Stanton box by insinuating there was anything wrong about the election at that box. It was the only box in the county that gave a majority for the Constitutional Convention. Is that what the Reflector complains of? It is a downright insult to Rev. W. J. Ruddick, one of the Inspectors at the Stanton box, to say he is not a straightout true-blue Democrat. If there is a more honest, straightforward, conscientious Democrat in Chilton county we would like to see him. The Reflector is either wofully ignorant or wilfully malicious or both. Its ignorance would be considerably ameliorated by consulting a file of THE BANNER; its malevolent inclinations might be curbed by the reflection that, no matter what it says, its remarks, to use its own euphonious phrase, do not amount to "as much as a notch on a stick."

CIRCUIT COURT.

The spring term of the Circuit Court convened at Clanton on Monday. Shortly after ten o'clock Judge N. D. Denson and Solicitor S. L. Brewer entered the court room. The Grand Jury was empanelled and Mr. E. W. Bailey chosen foreman, and the Judge proceeded to make one of his most felicitous addresses.

Judge Denson said it was the duty of the Grand Jury to see how the people and the officials of the county have been conducting themselves since the last Grand Jury met. To inquire into matters concerning the interests of the county. You are representatives of the law. It is no light thing to perform the duties of a grand juror. See that the law is enforced. Look into the moral status, the financial condition and the general condition of the county. See that peace and good order has prevailed and shall prevail in Chilton county. The law enforced is the terror of the evil door. Chilton county has reached a high standard and the enforcement of the law is necessary to keep that standard up. The people of Chilton county are expecting you will do the very best you can to that end. Chilton county is a very good county. Its citizens are law-abiding. It is above the average with reference to violations of law. Lift the standard higher.

He referred to the laws concerning gambling, prohibition, carrying concealed weapons, public roads and buildings, the care of convicts and the poor, etc.

Mr. R. J. Williams of Lily was chosen as bailiff for the Grand Jury.

Three petit juries were empanelled.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To the Hon. N. D. Denson, Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit:

We, the Grand Jury empanelled by your Honor for the Spring Term 1901, of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, Alabama, beg leave to make this our final report.

We have investigated the violations of law in our county, as best we could, and have turned into Court 21 indictments.

We have examined the county jail and find it neatly kept, but would recommend that the Sheriff use more diligence toward the prevention of escapes. We recommend that the jail yard fence be repaired and the gate to the same be kept locked.

We have examined the records and offices of the various officers and find them neatly kept and properly kept, so far as we could know in the limited time we had for such work.

In the hands of the County Treasurer we find, in cash, the sum of $2,415.61 to the credit of the General Fund, and the sum of $465.28 to the credit of the Fine and Forfeiture Fund, as shown in his report which is attached to this report and marked "Exhibit A."

We have sent a committee to the Poor House, which is very inconveniently situated, being about 12 miles from the court house; they report the same apparently well kept.

The public roads have been reported to us as being in as good condition as roads are usually kept in this county. We urge the road officers to put the roads in better condition. We thank your Honor for the able and explicit charge as to our duties, Solicitor Brewer for advice and able and impartial discharge of duty, and the bailiff for his prompt and courteous discharge of duty, and now respectfully ask to be discharged.

E. W. BAILEY, Foreman.

The Grand Jury adjourned at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

The following cases were disposed of:

Peter B. Melton vs. Jackson Lumber Co., continued. (In Supreme Court.)

(continued on 6th column page 8)

Program Teachers' Institute

at Jemison, May 24-25.

FRIDAY, 24, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, I. M. Collier. Response. R. E. R. Hicks.

11. Teachers' Preparation for Classwork, W. C. Evans, Miss Alice Strock.

11.30 Drawing in Public Schools Miss Mary E. Haley. Noon recess.

2 p.m. Aims and Methods in Mathematical Work. R. D. Carmichael.

3. School Environments, J. N. Dennis, G. B. Wheeler.

3:30. The five month's School Law, by the Institute.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Opening Exercises.

9:30. Methods of teaching Grammar, R. E. R. Hicks, W. H. Connell.

10. A Course of Study for Country Schools, N. J. Jennings.

10 30 Requisites to Successful Teaching. R. O. Headley, Miss Addie Horsley.

11. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? H. L. Davis, Miss Ida Horn. Noon recess.

2 p.m. What should Pupils be taught outside of Text books? R. B. Waldrup, Miss Rosa Thornton.

3. Live questions to be discussed by the Institute.

1st. Give your methods of holding the attention of your pupils.

2d. How would you prevent whispering and would you forbid it altogether.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening by Prof. Collier's school.

Committee—R. A. Rasco, G. L. Speer, Thomas Williams, J. W. Moore.

PROGRAM MEMORIAL SERVICES

to be held at Pleasant Grove church, May 30, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address and object of the Decoration, Rev. N. A. Dobbs.

9:45. Response, J. W. Hayes.

10. Certainty of death and the importance of a timely preparation for death and judgment, Rev. T. C. Cassidy.

10:30. Decorating the graves, led by Wm. Henley, N. A. Dobbs, Mrs. A. E. Durbin, Mrs. Mary Gibson, Mrs. Emma Vance and Mrs. F. W. Henley

11. Will we know each other when we meet beyond the grave? L. W. Henley and others.

12 m. Dinner.

2 p.m. Sermon on the resurrection and judgment, Rev. C. B. Mcdaniel.

A. C. MIMS, M. M. DURBIN, R. W. MILFORD } Committee on Program

He Is A Wonder.

All who see Mr. C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, as he is now, cheerful, erect, vigorous, without an ache, could hardly believe he is the same man, who, a short time ago, had to sit in a chair, propped up by cushions, suffering intensely from an aching back, in agony if he tried to stoop—all caused by chronic kidney trouble, that no medicine helped till he used Electric Bitters and was wholly cured by three bottles. Positively cures Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, all Kidney troubles. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. S. P. Ness, Defendant, who resides at Kenyon Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

To S. P. Ness, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Kenyon Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $[illegible] with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the 1st day of January, 1900, together with $25.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note, that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the north half of northwest fourth of southwest fourth of southwest fourth in section five, township two ty-two, range fourteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the west and north sides of said tract of land as the property of the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. E. B. DEASON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

THE BEST ON EARTH

TAILORING
IS MADE BY
LAMM & COMPANY
CHICAGO.
RELIABLE FABRICS,
FAREST WORKMANSHIP,
RENOWNED FITS,
REASONABLE PRICES.
SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em and we know you can.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Final Proof Notice.

Department of the Interior,
Notice No. 21850
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
April 2nd. 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1901, viz: James W. Wagner, Homestead entry No. 28730. for the n ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 n of r 15 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William L. House, Rolilee Bates, Gus Marcus, Alex Logan, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is due to the fact that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, our prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most up-to-date attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. We also keep Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For other part call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our PATRIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are responsible and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets first Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in July, second Monday in August and second Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 7/16 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents

Cotton received to date:	1900	1901
Pickard & Co.	2494	2303
Mellen	2253	2072
Wilson	572	39
Dunn	438	31
Total	5757	4445

Mr. S. J. Brock, of Montgomery, was in town Tuesday.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick, of Stanton, gave us a pleasant call Tuesday.

Mr. W. W. Duncan and family, of Pratville, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton, of Maplesville, was in the city Monday.

Mr. Ernest Welch, of Ridgeville, attended court here this week.

Mr. G. F. Martin, of Stanton, was in town a day or so this week.

Mr. A. P. Howison, of Randolph, was a visitor here Monday.

Mr. Mathis, one of Randolph's leading merchants, was among the visitors here Monday.

Mr. J. Wylie Letcher, of Ridgeville, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Joe Damsky, of Maplesville, visited the family of Mr. H. Tourk this week.

Mr. J. H. Duke, of Anniston, was in town last Friday estimating on the new buildings for E. M. Pickard & Co., and W. H. Sartor.

The greatest triumph of modern chemistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Burns, etc., it simply has no equal. Prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from off the deep, blue sea. Sold by all "up-to-date" druggists.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton is visiting her son, Mr. D. K. Middleton, at Maynesville.

Mrs. Moody, of Ensley, is down on a visit to her husband, the contractor for the new buildings.

Miss Hoppa Stanley has returned from school at Montevallo.

Mayor K. G. Faegre, of Thorsby, was in town Tuesday.

Rev. Alex Hood, of Lowndesboro, came up Monday to assist in a protracted meeting at the Methodist church.

Mr. Oscar Harris, of Pletcher, was a visitor here this week.

Mr. Buckner Harris, of Stanton, attended court here this week.

Mr. J. H. Mitchell, of Stanton, was among our welcome visitors this week.

Mr. T. L. Elam, of Randolph, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Mr. A. D. Jones, of Bozeman, was in town Monday.

Mr. J. H. Patton, of Jemison, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mr. A. J. Atkinson, of Jemison, was here glad to see us Tuesday.

Mr. W. N. Jones, of Burwell, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. J. J. Green, of Jemison, paid us a cheerful visit Tuesday.

Mr. E. W. Bailey, of Plantersville, was one of our welcome visitors Monday.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.
1½ 21st st., bet. 1st and 2d Aves.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.
Mr. A. C. Gray and Miss Matt[illegible] Driver.
Colored. Henry May and Willie Williams; Tom McKinzie and Minnie Williams.

Old Soldier's Experience.
M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes "My wife was sick a long time in spite of a good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at the Clanton drug store.

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1926 First Ave
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TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in May first Monday in [illegible] second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Low to-day 7 7-16 cents.
Same date last year 9 cents.

Receivers to date:	1900	1899
Pinckard & Co.	2484	2901
Mullins	2733	2022
Wilson	372	321
Bowen	438	337
Total	5027	5581

Dr. S. J. Brock, of Montgomery was in town Tuesday.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick, of Stanton, made us a pleasant call Tuesday.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin and family, of Prattville, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton, of Maplesville, was in the city Monday.

Mr. Ernest Welch, of Riderville, was under court here this week.

Mr. G. F. Martin, of Stanton, was in town a day or so this week.

Mr. A. P. Howison, of Randolph, was a visitor here Monday.

Mr. Maher, one of Randolph's leading merchants, was among the visitors here Monday.

Mr. J. Willis Letcher, of Riderville, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Joe Damsky, of Maplesville, visited the family of Mr. H. Touro last week.

Mr. J. H. Duke, of Anniston, was in town last Friday estimating on the new buildings for E. M. Pinckard & Co., and W. H. Sartor.

The greatest triumph of modern chemistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Burns, etc., it simply has no equal. Prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from the deep blue sea. Sold by all up-to-date" druggists.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton is visiting Jerson, Mr. D. K. Middleton, at Haynesville.

Mrs. Moody, of Ensley, is down for a visit to her husband, the contractor for the new buildings.

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1926 First St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves.
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and Works off the Cold.

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Colored. Henry May and Wildo Williams; Tom McKenzie and Minnie Williams.

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M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at the Clanton drug store.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. H. J. Osterlund, Defendant, who resides at Red Wing Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

To H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Red Wing Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that The Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $65.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the first day of April, 1899, together with $15.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the southeast fourth of the southeast fourth of southwest fourth, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the east and south sides of said tract of land in section one, township twenty-two, range thirteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County, on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901.

E. B. DEASON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

The protracted meeting at the Methodist church is progressing favorably; large congregations attend the meetings.

IMPROVE YOUR STOOK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mr. J. Bice, of Thorsby, was a visitor here Tuesday.

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER $21.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL.
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opatinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

In order to induce cash trade

Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breach-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,

THORSBY, ALA.

Wambem & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY: 25 CARS PER DAY.

PURINA MILLS ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Evidence that money or goods were obtained from a man by charging him with a crime and threatening to expose him is held by the Supreme Court of Nebraska to be sufficient to establish the crime of robbery.

Famine and the Malthusian theory are for the moment hand in hand in India. The 294,000,000 people just counted there represent practically no increase since the census of a decade ago. And it is starvation which has thus fought a teeming population to a standstill.

An Iowa paper tells of a farmer in the state who is satisfied with a 50-acre farm. He finds that to keep it in the best possible condition gives him all the work he wants to do, and besides making a living for himself and wife he sells from $800 to $1000 worth of produce a year. The old adage, "A little farm well tilled," etc., is as true as ever.

Bicycling as a fad has disappeared. The monkey-back scorchers are a thing of the past. The century run has retired into history. The riders of today are those who believe in rational exercise, and those who use the bicycle as a measure of economy in the direction of saving car fare. The bicycle craze has ended, but there will continue to be riders just the same. It has been a case of a survival of the fittest, and those who ride the wheel today know enough not to misuse it. It has been the abuse and misuse of the bicycle that has driven many of its former devotees back to walking.

The first industrial and manual training school in the Philippines has just been established in the city of Dumanguette, on the island of Negros. The school building, which is of two stories (the first of stone and the second of wood, though not of bamboo) was erected through the generosity of H. B. Stillman of New York City, who gave $10,000. The young Filipinos are to be taught carpentering, iron work, etc., and 100 acres of land have been bought on which to teach them agriculture. Dumanguette was selected for the site of the institution because of the friendly attitude of the natives.

You can never know a man's working qualities till he demonstrates them. In making the demonstration he is almost certain to build an institution around him which he cannot abandon. The rule is that men of first-class ability do sooner or later construct something of an institutional character, whether it be commercial or artistic or educational, and thus find or make their own careers. Great opportunities are oftener made than found. They are the products rather of strong personalities than of exterior conditions. A great merchant once said: "I want no man in a responsible place who cannot create more business than he can attend to."

Under the title, "An Act to Prevent Cruelty to Animals," the Legislature of the State of Washington had adopted a measure which the sporting fraternity regards with grave concern. Under this act it is unlawful for any person to be present at a dog fight or cocking main, or to train dogs and cocks to fight, or to rent premises for such exhibitions. It is a criminal offense to cut off a horse's tail, to overdrive an animal or use check reins, or harness that galls. Agents of the humane societies are given the right to use force and make arrests without warrants. Fines are donated to the societies prosecuting. A fine of not more than $150 or imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed sixty days or both fine and imprisonment may be inflicted.

A clergyman working in a large town is almost certain to discover that he is in a way looked upon as common property. What he knows distinctively as his parish bears but a small proportion to the field which, reasonably or unreasonably, he will be expected to occupy. He is presumed to have a heart for everybody's woes, to be a solvent for everybody's problems, to be a treasury for everybody's necessities, and a general bureau of information, writes the Rev. Dr. C. H. Parkhurst, in the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post. He is also supposed to be able to speak with equal facundity and effect on any occasion that may offer and upon any theme that the occasion may suggest, and to be so charged with versatile stores of fancy epigram and nonsense as to require for the emergency only the easy turning of the spigot.

EDWARD IS FLAYED BY IRISH EDITOR

His Nibs the Subject of Choice Expressions.

COPIES OF PAPER ARE SEIZED

England's King is Characterized as Bald-headed Roue, Genteel Perjurer, Etc.

Advices from Dublin state that the police of Cork, Limerick and other towns of Ireland seized all the copies of William O'Brien's weekly paper, "The Irish People," found at the news dealers Friday. The offending article, it now appears, was an abusive attack on King Edward. It was as follows:

"Down upon his knees before an old and baldheaded roue, lover of every woman of fair features who has appeared in English society for forty years, including titled dames and as yet untitled actresses—the English gentleman perjurer of a historic divorce case, the polluted hero of one of the malodorous scenes in Zola's rotten novel, 'Nana,' the center of a score of the most disgraceful scandals of the most contemptible type, down in front of this English king, whose latest public performance was to stigmatize on his solemn oath the whole Catholic world as superstitious idolators, knelt the English-born cardinal prince of the church with a document that might have been presented to a Legree in a southern plantation fifty years ago, but not by an Uncle Tom, poor but contented, of Harriet Beecher Stowe's great story, would have seen his black skin stripped off inch by inch rather than put his mark to a document like that signed and presented by Cardinal Vaughan and the duke of Norfolk on his solemn oath.

"We do not believe he attached the slightest solemnity to the performance. But the fact remains—this old and worn out descendant of a race of scoundrels and practical professors of hideous immorality asseverated that the most of the sacred doctrines of the Catholic faith were idolatrous and superstitious. He has not yet recanted. He has not said a word to indicate he did not thoroughly approve of the terms of the oath framed in the days of Titus. The oath of a perjurer is no less vile than that of the reigning king; but, on bended knees, the prince of the church knelt before this unutterably abominable person. Let us console ourselves with the fact that the presentees were English Catholics, who are repudiated by the only really Catholic nation now in existence. The loyalists represented England only, and if the English Catholics choose to acknowledge themselves superstitious idolators, it is no fault of ours."

The police of London are suppressing copies of the paper forwarded before the office in Dublin was seized.

Dillon Denounces Seizure.

A London special says: At the conclusion of the questions in the house of commons John Dillon (nationalist), moved the adjournment of the house in order to call attention to the seizure of The Irish People.

Mr. Dillon complained that the action of the authorities was grossly illegal. He said he was not concerned to defend the violence of the attack, but any seizure should have been done through the courts. Far more violent attacks on Queen Victoria had been made in the English papers without being seized. The present action was a blow at the liberty of the press.

The motion for an adjournment was defeated by a vote of 252 to 64.

The morning papers of London are unanimous in denouncing the scandalous attack of The Irish People upon the king; but serious doubts are raised as to the wisdom of Mr. Wyndham's action in seizing the paper—first, because the seizure was illegal, it being a case for prosecution; second, because to the delight of the Irish members it has given world-wide publicity to Mr. O'Brien's hitherto little known paper and will be, the nationalists claim, worth thousands of dollars to them from American sympathizers.

TELLER "SWIPED" CASH.

New Orleans Bank Official Caught In Crooked Work.

Samuel Flower, paying teller of the Louisiana National bank, was arrested in New Orleans Saturday by United States Marshal Fontell and charged with a shortage of $38,000. The Fidelity and Depos.. Company, of Baltimore, is on Flower's bond for $25,000.

Flower is a cousin of the late Mayor Flower and comes from one of the most prominent families in the state. He is a son of the late ex-United States sub-Treasurer Samuel Flower, of New Orleans. His bond for $10,000 was promptly signed when he was arraigned in the United States court.

INTERESTED IN GOOD ROADS.

Movement In Mississippi Is Arousing Great Enthusiasm.

A great deal of interest is being aroused over Mississippi in the good roads movement, and the agitation of the question will result in much good. Since the governor's proclamation a number of towns and business leagues have elected delegates to the good roads convention that is to be held in Jackson on the 14th and 15th of June.

WALL STREET QUIET.

Stock Flurry Subsides and the Commercial Atmosphere Is Clarified.

A New York special says: Wall street emerged from its gloom Friday morning, and, with growing confidence in the day, manifested something like buoyant elation. Prices of stock went up with a rush at the last, closing at about the top, and with the net losses left after Thursday's session pretty largely recovered.

There were some clouds remaining on the situation and some natural trepidation lest the violent collapse should have left some casualties which would not be disclosed until the clearing house sheets of the stock exchange had been made up. Early in the day the official announcement was made that the sheets of all the members of the exchange had been cleared perfectly, and that all their checks had been honored. This relieved the last feeling of apprehension and things quited down into a steady condition of business such as has not been witnessed in Wall street for many weeks.

There is no doubt that among those who were heavy losers in Thursday's slump were many of ample resources who viewed the situation with a sporting instinct and a determination to recoup losses by following the market. It was the popular belief that some of the western potentates who were admittedly forced "to walk sideways" during a portion of the day's events were again in the market in a bold attempt to retrieve their losses.

One commercial paper places the losses in the bucket shops throughout the country Thursday at $30,000,000.

BLOODY RIOT IN DETROIT.

City Officials Taboo "Free Speech" and a Clash Follows.

For more than three hours Friday night fully 10,000 men and boys ran riot in the main streets of Detroit Mich., and kept a continual running fight with the police, both mounted and and foot. The net result so far as known is twelve citizens and five policemen injured. The names of but two of the citizens are known at present. They are Mike Waldin and Louis Caplin. Both men had their heads crushed by being trampled on by horses ridden by the mounted police in a charge on the crowd.

The officers injured are: James Toumey, scalp cut by brick; Henry Scott, hit on head with cobblestone; Thomas Murphy, cheek cut open with brick; George Moore, badly cut about the head by brick and taken home in ambulance; Barney Roonan, hit with a brick.

The beginning of the riot was Thursday night when Director of the Police Frank T. Andrews, who recently superseded the old police board through the passage of the Ripper bill by the legislature, issued an order to the police to allow no one to stand about the wagon of one "Tom" Rawdon, a local single tax exhorter who had incurred the ill will of the police director by the extraordinary nature of his remarks on so-called wealthy tax dodgers.

When Rawdon began his exhortations a crowd quickly gathered. Director Andrews supervised the work of the police in keeping the people moving. The crowd good naturedly hooted at the police and no violence was done.

Friday night, however, the temper of the crowd changed when it was announced that Director Andrews had called on reserve officers to assist in keeping the Campus Martius clear. The single tax exhorter came with his wagon and found the campus jammed with people. The police refused to allow him to locate at any particular point, and he drove from one street to another, the crowd following. The mob frequently blocked traffic and the police attempted to disperse them. It was but a moment before stones began to fly through the air and a general mix up followed in which the foot police used their clubs and the mounted men charged. The result was the casualties above enumerated.

At 11 o'clock the mob had gradually dwindled to a mere handful and the city is quiet.

A SUSPECT LYNCHED.

Oklahoma Mob Makes Way With Alleged Well Poisoner.

J. L. Chandler, an old resident farmer of Ioland, Day county, Oklahoma, was taken from his home Friday night presumably by cattlemen and lynched.

For some time there has been trouble between the farmers and the cattlemen and during the past few weeks a great many cattle have died from poisoned water. Chandler was suspected and lynched as a warning to others. The identity of the lynchers is not known.

CHILDREN DIE IN FLAMES.

Mother Was Also Badly Burned and Not Expected to Live.

Friday evening the house of Mrs. Whitsel, a widow living two miles southeast of Climax, Texas, was burned. Her two children, a boy and girl, aged eight and ten years, respectively, were fatally burned from the effects of which both of them died within twelve hour's time. The mother was also badly burned and is not expected to live.

NEELY PAPERS WERE FOR SALE

A Stenographer "Swipes" Correspondence.

GAME WAS NIPPED IN THE BUD

Offer Was Made to Neely's Lawyer and He Promptly Notified the War Department.

A Washington special says: An attempt to sell the confidential communications between the attorney general and the secretary of war in the Neely case was unearthed Saturday by Chief Wilkie, of the secret service.

Information had been obtained from John D. Lindsey, counsel for Neely, in New York, who had received a letter signed by John B. Dickinson, offering him copies of the correspondence. Mr Lindsey turned the matter over to the attorney general and the latter placed the case in the hands of Chief Wilkie. An officer was stationed at the general delivery window of the local post office and when a man presented himself and asked for mail for John B. Dickenson he was followed. He went to the insular division of the war department.

Shortly afterwards a conference was held between the secretary of war, Solicitor General Richards, of the department of justice; Colonel Edwards, chief of the insular bureau, and Chief Wilkie. It was discovered that the man representing himself as John Dickenson was William Davis, stenographer to Colonel Edwards, a position which he has held for a year past. He at one time was private secretary to ex-Congressman Brumm, of Pennsylvania.

Williams volunteered to turn the correspondence that he had attempted to sell to Lindsay over to the Washington officials. As the sale of this correspondence had not been completed no charge was made against Williams, but he was summarily dismissed by the secretary of war.

The papers which Williams desired to sell to Mr. Lindsey consisted of the draft of an opinion of the attorney general upon questions submitted by Mr. Lindsey relative to requisition testimony in the Neely case and was submitted to Secretary Root for consideration and observation. Thre also was a letter from Secretary Root to the attorney general. These papers Williams offered for $200.

SMASHERS ARE SMASHED.

Young Girl Followers of Mrs. Nation Slugged By Barkeeper.

At Wichita, Kas., Saturday afternoon Winona Kilgore, Anna Peoples and Jasmine Wilhoit, three young girls, the latter a daughter of Lucy Wilhoit, the colleague of Mrs. Nation, attempted to smash the Summit saloon. They entered with rocks and the barkeeper did not know an attack was threatened until the glass began to crash about his ears.

Fred Wolfe, the proprietor, knocked the girls down with his fists and pitched them into the street. Miss Wilhoit's brother came to their defense and Wolfe struck him, making a long gash on his face, from which the blood flowed freely in the melee the wrist of Miss Peoples was broken. The police arrested the girls and lodged them in the city jail.

Mrs. Carrie Nation arrived in the city Saturday after an exciting day at Harper. There was a circus in town and she organized a raid on saloons, but was arrested before she could do any smashing. She was released on promising that she would take the next train out of town, which she did.

FIVE OF FAMILY DROWN.

Victims of a Steamer Fire Represented Three Generations.

A dispatch from Houghton, Mich., says: By the burning of the passenger steamer Bon Voyage Friday evening five members of the Altman family, grandmother, mother and three daughters, lost their lives. They were drowned while trying to escape from the boat.

QUICK DEATH FOR TWO.

Planing Mill Boiler Blows Up With Dire Results.

The boiler of McDuffie & Wells's planing mill, near Georgetown, S. C., exploded Saturday morning, demolishing the building and killing R. B. Brunson and Thomas Scott, fatally wounding Ellerbe McDuffie and seriously injuring three other men.

DeWet Again On the Move.

General DeWet, according to a dispatch to The London Daily Mail from Pretoria, has resumed operations and is reported to have crossed into the Transvaal with 2,000 men.

LORD KITCHENER REPORTS.

A Score of Boers Killed, Many Captured and Others Surrender.

Lord Kitchener reports to the London war office under date of Victoria, "Since May 5th twenty-eight Boers have been killed, six wounded and 130 taken prisoners and 183 surrendered. Nine thousand rounds of ammunition, in thirty wagons, 100 horses and large quantities of grain and stock have been captured."

WORK OR STARVE.

Jacksonville Commissary Will Be Closed Against Non-Laborers or Drones.

The situation at Jacksonville, Fla., remains unchanged and the work of the relief association is still a stupendous one, particularly in the commissary department and the labor department. There is abundant work for everybody who can do manual labor and difficulty is being experienced in getting the colored men to work.

The city was visited Saturday by Governor Jennings and a committee from the legislature for the purpose of viewing the situation and to determine how long it would be necessary for the state militia to remain on guard.

A conference was held with the Jacksonville Relief Association and it was decided that, despite the expense of $600 a day, the troops would remain indefinitely, or until semi-normal industrial conditions shall have been restored. No disorder is anticipated so long as free rations are being distributed, but the vicious element might give trouble, it is thought, when the "no work, no rations" edict is enforced.

The local committee has begun to eliminate those who are now imposing upon the country's charity, but some days must elapse before the process can be completed.

The Jacksonville people were assured that the troops should remain as long as needed.

Twelve carloads of supplies for the destitute from the New York chamber of commerce arrived Saturday, and were gratefully received. The clothing will be especially useful. The commissaries continue to feed several thousand persons daily.

The business men generally are having plans prepared for residences and blocks. The plans contemplate, as a rule, even more substantial structures than before.

Jacksonville's business is now crowded into a few blocks and these few are so thronged as to resemble a fairly thrifty section of New York's broadway.

Thus far, the insurance companies have settled about one-fourth of the losses, or $1,500,000.

SHOT WRONG MAN.

Mob Chasing Assailant of Young Woman Makes Mistake.

The body of a negro riddled with bullets was picked up by a train crew on the Southern railway track near Leeds, Ala., Saturday morning and sent to Birmingham. The body was found by the trainmen lying upon the track, the theory being that those who did the killing placed it there so it might be mutilated by the first passing train. The negro had been run down and shot to death, through mistake, by a mob hunting for one Jim Brown, the negro who assaulted and attempted to drown Miss Dell Garrett near Springville.

SURFEIT OF POOR MATERIAL.

Many Volunteer Officers Found Deficient In Qualifications.

A Washington dispatch says: Many of the volunteer officers who were recently designated for appointment in the regular army have failed in their examinations for qualification. Reports received at the war department from the various examinations thus far held show that the percentage of failure is far in excess of the number who come up to the mental and physical standard laid down by the examining board.

At a recent examination held in San Francisco out of a group of twenty-one officers there were nineteen failures and but two candidates who reached the required standard.

REVOLT IN SAN DOMINGO.

Government Has Trouble On Hand and Martial Law Enforced.

Advices from San Domingo via Haytien cable state that the district of Moca and Le Vega are in arms against the government. Congress has decreed the suspension of constitutional guarantees in the revolting districts.

The vice president of Santo Domingo, Horatio Vasquez, is at the head of the government troops operating against the rebels. General Lora has been killed and General Bobea has been taken prisoner.

WALL GETS LIFE SENTENCE.

Three Witnesses In the Trial Are Arrested For Perjury.

At Tallulah Falls, Ga., Friday morning Chubb Wall was convicted in the Rabun superior court of the murder of Christopher O'Byrne, with a recommendation to mercy. Judge Estes sentenced him to life imprisonment.

After the examination of six Atlanta witnesses had been delivered James O'Byrne, brother of the murdered man, swore out warrants against ex-Detective Mahaffey, G. W. Crusselle and E. W. E. Williams, charging them with perjury. All three of them were arrested and jailed.

Odell Vetoes Liability Bill.

Governor Odell, of New York, has retoed the employers liability bill. He says the measure is not in the interest of labor and is too drastically in favor of the corporation.

Appropriated Everything In Sight.

Besides the $350,000 it owes the depositors, the Cuyahoga Savings and Banking Company at Cuyahoga, O., is also said to be liable on about $200,000 of notes on which its name was indorsed by President R. N. Pollock.

LIVE WASHINGTON

Happenings of the Week in the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S NEWS

New Statements are Made ... The Congressional Appropriations Amounted to $[illegible] ... Condition of Winter W[illegible]

The volume con[illegible] appropriations, now [illegible] required by law to [illegible] lished at the end [illegible] Congress under the [illegible] committee on Appropriations [illegible] Senate and House [illegible] for the second session [illegible] Congress. A summary [illegible] priations show the total [illegible] 338,370.

Following the recent [illegible] case of Russia, in which [illegible] tariff duty was placed [illegible] ing a bounty, the Treasury [illegible] has imposed an additional [illegible] centavos per kilogram upon [illegible] sugar.

Minister Wu and Mas[illegible] have paid an agreeable [illegible] visits since the arrival in [illegible] of the American representative [illegible] China. The meeting was per[illegible] the American minister par[illegible] at the Chinese legation and [illegible] returning the compliment [illegible] was no discussion of the pol[illegible] pect of the present situation [illegible] except in general comment on [illegible] culties attending an agreement [illegible] so many divergent interests [illegible] cerned.

Returns to the statistician of [illegible] partment of agriculture [illegible] May, show the area of winter [illegible] cultivation on that date to be [illegible] about 28,267,000 acres. This [illegible] 000 acres, or 6.7 per cent [illegible] area sown last fall, but 2,082,[illegible] or 7.7 per cent in excess of [illegible] wheat acreage harvested last [illegible]

The general session of the [illegible] conference of Charities and Correction [illegible] was devoted to a discussion of [illegible] ject. "Needy families in their [illegible]

Secretary Vellendas [illegible] against the Platt Amendment [illegible] written an open letter saying [illegible] will accept the amendment [illegible] fears the annexation of Cuba [illegible] continue to be active in the [illegible] of Pinar del Rio and Santa Clara [illegible] to the industrial depression [illegible] country and vagrancy in the [illegible]

The Americans have evacuated [illegible] districts in China under their [illegible] with the exception of the [illegible] city, which they will continue [illegible] cupy unless orders to the contrary [illegible] sent from Washington. As [illegible] be impossible to turn over the [illegible] an district to the Chinese [illegible] tainly would not be allowed [illegible] them independently. General [illegible] in order to prevent chaos [illegible] Count Von Waldersee a week [illegible] he would evacuate those portions [illegible] joining the British district which [illegible] assigned to them and the remainder [illegible] signed to the Germans.

The departure of the troops [illegible] for Manila has been delayed [illegible] owing to the transport [illegible] quarantined at Nagaski because [illegible] case of smallpox on board. The [illegible] can soldiers here have been [illegible]

A sensation has been created [illegible] Buenos Ayres by the announcement [illegible] the Chillians are fortifying the [illegible] of Magellan, although there is [illegible] ment prohibiting the fortification [illegible] the strait. The government will probably ask Chili to make an explanation.

Report is current that Colonel [illegible] insurgent leader in Laguna province [illegible] being closely chased. He is said [illegible] to have gone southward of Lake [illegible] vince and is not likely to surrender [illegible] fearing paying personal penalties [illegible] numerous assassinations.

Yellow Fever Case Disclosed.

The surgeon general of the Marine Hospital Service has been notified [illegible] the case of yellow fever which [illegible] ported from Havana. Cuba [illegible] 27th has been discharged [illegible] no futher cases have been [illegible] The hospital service reports [illegible] Vera Cruz, Mexico, reports [illegible] case of yellow fever in that city [illegible]

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Man Wrought Up Over Sermon By Northern Preacher.

QUOTES WORDS OF A PSALM

Some Abusive Language Used By People Who Feel Malignantly Toward the South.

"Put not thyself because of evil men, fret not thyself because of him who prospereth in his way and brings to pass wicked devices to pass." There is much philosophy and much comfort in that psalm. My frequent personal writings against trouble and intro as [illegible] at least for a time [illegible] I don't believe that David had as many things to exasperate him as we have. Now here is a Chicago religious paper sent to me to disturb my tranquility. It contains a sermon recently delivered by the editor to a large congregation and his followers and listeners said amen at every malediction uttered against our people. I don't feel myself about what a north[illegible] preacher says nor a northern editor either, but I don't like that amen from the saints and it grieves me to realize that the more malignant an editor is against us the more subscribers he gets. Now this Chicago editor says in his sermon "If I were president when the next lynching takes place in the south I would put a cordon around that district and hang a hundred of them, and I would shoot a hundred. Worthy of note are the horrible things carried on in the south. As sure as you live there eight million negroes will one day burst loose. If it is to be in blood, then woe to you in the black belt. You southerners with your rebellious pride still left you rack the poor negro for the very things that your fathers committed on your slaves. There is one voice that will speak if all others are silent. (Applause.) When the time comes we will do more than speak. God will judge you—you whited sepulchers who strain at a gnat and swallow a camel. I have been told that I have not friends at the south. I never had any. They were never worthy of my friendship. They are neither Christians nor good citizens. I hear the wail of eight million Ethiopians, and it will be an awful day when they burst loose in the black belt."

My wife says that I had better take the flowers out of the greenhouse and do anything that will relieve me. I see that the first rose of summer has come forth in all its crimson beauty. A pair of tiny sparrows are drinking at the fountain in the front yard. They are yellow and black, akin to the oriole. A mockingbird is singing in a neighbor's garden. Our flock of doves is sailing around in graceful circles. The peacock is strutting and spreading his magnificent tail and is happy in his vanity. The dog lies yonder on the blue grass and every[illegible] happy that God has made every[illegible] miserable people who are happy unless they are abusing others or finding fault with their betters. What a slack-trough the world is to that class up north. They quarrel with each other in politics and the tariff and religion and the Philippine war, but when they get quarreling they say, "Well, let's hold up awhile and abuse those bigger killers down south." That's harmonizing.

Another preacher, Dr. Gunsaulus, delivered the oration at Galena in honor of General Grant's birthday and it appear that Grant was the author and finisher of emancipation and enfranchisement and it would be sacrilegious to permit the ballot to be taken from him while the shadow of his monument is over the nation. Oh, my country! What an idiot! Everybody who reads history knows that Grant was a slave owner and lived on the profits of his negroes up to the very day of their freedom—and he uniformly declared he was not fighting for the negro, but for the union. Let the reverend gentleman read in Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography." My father, General Grant's old father-in-law, lived with him at St. Louis in May, 1860, and if he couldn't live off the hire of his negroes he had better move to Galena and work in the tanyard. But I must take a brief rest again in the garden, for my wife says the potato bugs are on me and I had better get ready to fight them. She says they are almost as pestiferous as yankee preachers and are much nearer to us. My garden is a clay subsoil and bakes very quickly after a rain, and it keeps me moving quite lively to prevent a crust that will not let the little plants come up. It has always been a mystery to me how a little tender plant can heave a clod that will weigh a pound.

About those preachers who are so exercised about the negro. I wish I could mark that the same paper that reports Dr. Gunsaulus' sentiments about the negro had in the next column in its headlines a press dispatch from Greenville, Pa., an account of a lynching crime committed by eight men upon Mr. McMillan and his wife, shooting him and subjecting her to an outrage worse than death and killing both for deed. I hope the devil has got the negroes and lynched them by this time. Do you reckon I would have refused to help lynch the villains if I had been there and if that preacher had been there and offered a helping hand I would have said, "Now, boys, let's hang him up by the legs to give him time to repent of his cowardly dog who would not bite a woman's house." That's my

ARP'S LETTER

Man Wrought Up Over
By Northern Preacher.

QUOTES WORDS OF A PSALM

[illegible]

faith and part of my religion, and I've been on that line ever since these outrages began. I rejoice over every lynching of a brute and our woods are full of good citizens of the same mind.

Governor Candler may purge his own record about lynching and denounce that Philadelphia editor who lied on him, but I am not governor—and am not a target to be shot at and I am free to say that a man who would wait for the slow, uncertain process of the law and the courts to avenge our wives and daughters is no man at all and has my scorn and contempt. I think I had better read a psalm or go out and plant some more beans, for my wife says she wants a succession of crops of all these leguminous vegetables. I think that is what she called them.

It is that same puritanical set of preachers who brought on the war and we thought the next generation would have more sense and let us alone since slavery was abolished, but like fathers like sons and they are yet miserable as long as Mordecai is sitting at the gate. Some of our writers and orators declare that peace and brotherly love now prevails, but it is like the game of "three card monte," now you see it and now you don't see it. Henry Grady made a great speech in Boston and fairly captured his audience, but in less than two weeks the Boston preachers were belittling his effort and howling at the south for its bad faith to the fifteenth amendment. The race problem is still their capital stock and it has spread from New England to Chicago and the great west. The G. A. R's. have appointed a committee to write up a history of the civil war, and the next thing will be to force it into the public schools.

The G. A. R.'s are a power in the land and their creed is to draw more pensions and bigger ones, but I can't understand how they can look a confederate soldier in the face and boast of anything. If it took four of us to whip one of them I'd never brag about it nor ask for a pension, and if it was given me I would conscientiously pour it back in the jug. When God created Adam He planted a garden for him and put him in it to keep it and dress it and that was innocent and manly, and so I will go out and dig some and turn the hydrant loose, for it is awful dry. Wish I could turn it loose on those preachers. Since Bishop Candler exclaimed in big head lines, "Oh, for one more breath of Puritanism!" I've been perusing history. Of course he dident mean those Puritans who came to New England and went to importing negroes and robbing the Indians and burning witches.

Mr. Stedman and Miss Hutchinson have eleven volumes of American literature and the second is devoted to those horrible witchcraft times when Increase Mather and Cotton Mather and Samuel Sewall and other savants had helpless women arrested and tried and hung for witchcraft. The whole procedure is in this volume and it makes the heart sick to read how the poor creatures begged for their lives and in their last moments on the gallows denied their guilt. How as many as eight were hung at one time and many more at various times and how old Judge Sewall afterwards repented and the twelve jurymen repented and published their repentance and asked God to forgive their great sin, etc.

One woman, Mary Watkins, who was a hired servant, a white woman, was tried, but the evidence was not quite sufficient to convict, and so they did not hang her, but sent her off to Virginia to be sold as a slave. This is only a little scrap of New England history, and if any of their descendants is ashamed of it they have never said so to me. Those northern brethren are awful slow on apologies. But I must go and stick the sweet peas and hurry up the flowers for the June wedding. Our neighbor's pretty daughter is to be married and they are singing to me—

"Bring flowers, bring flowers, for the bride to wear,
They are born to blush in her shining hair."

—BILL ARP in Atlanta Constitution.

Terrific strides have been made in iron mining in the past five years. An article by Waldon Fawcett in the Century Magazine enlarges upon some of the more striking achievements in that industry. Twenty million tons, which constitute the yearly output of the Lake Superior region at the opening of the new century, is more than double the product of any other iron-mining region in the world during any single year in history. The first ore-diggers went to work there nearly forty-five years ago, and yet one-third of all the ore which has been produced there during the four and a half decades has been mined since 1896. What might be termed the financial side of the iron-mining industry easily constitutes one of the most interesting phases. Here is a commodity which, in its raw state, adds nearly $25,000,000 to the wealth of the country every year—an aggregate greater than that of the gold and silver mines of the nation. There are mines in the territory bordering on the world's largest fresh-water lake, which have a profit of $1,500,000, or half as much in a single year, netted their owners again as the authorized capital of the company controlling them, and it is nothing unusual to hear of a mine which has paid for itself in a single season.

WHITE ELEPHANTS' DECLINE.

They Rouse No Enthusiasm Among Siamese Except When Advertised.

Time flies and customs change, even in the most conservative countries, of the conservative East, and the glory of the white elephant is fast waning. Before the influence of another white animal, the European, he is passing slowly, but surely, into limbo.

The greater part of Indo-China is now possessed by England and France, whose rulers lay no claim to Seyka Winday descent, and who can usually find sufficient exercise for their diplomacy and their armies without recourse to zoological freaks, while in Siam long years of uninterrupted accumulation produced a collection unrivaled in extent.

Forty five years ago His Majesty King Mongkut of Siam was the possessor of one white elephant, which was his chief delight and pride. As the greatest compliment he could think of paying to the Queen of England he sent her, by the hands of her envoys, a few hairs culled expressly for her from the tail o' his beloved animal, and when, a little later, the arbiter of his destiny departed this life, he sent as a present to his friend Sir John Browning, accompanied by a touching letter in English, a small piece of "its beautiful white skin."

How changed are the present conditions of existence of the white elephants in Bangkok! The recent addition of a young specimen to the collection afforded an opportunity of noting the miserable parody which is all that survives of the ancient ceremonies connected with the capture and installation of the white elephant.

The animal in question was captured in the forests near Lopburi, a place once famous as the summer palace and hunting lodge of the kings of Siam. No patent of nobility or alliance with royalty rewarded the finder of the animal; a small pecuniary recompense was thought quite sufficient to meet the case.

When it was announced that the animal was sufficiently tame his transfer to Bangkok was ordered. Thereupon he was marched down to Ayuthia, where a specially constructed railway truck was in readiness to receive him.

But where were the gilded pillars, the silk and satin hangings of the pavilion which should receive the august creature? Where the reverent multitudes to do homage to the mascot of their king and country?

Alas! these things have departed, and are no more seen, a little red calico and a group of stolid railway porters and Chinese coolies alone representing the gorgeous decorations and adoring populace of the past.

In Bangkok, however, some preparation had been made for the reception. The fact of the impending arrival had been published in the papers some days before. Consequently, a considerable crowd assembled at the terminus to witness the disembarkation. The streets were decorated here and there with bunting, and a procession, headed by the four white elephants resident at the capital, escorted the newcomer to the palace.

The trappings of the white elephants were most pitiful to view. Tawdry, threadbare red cloth now takes the place of jewel-studded velvet and silk, diamond and ruby rings no longer ornament the precious tusks, nor are gold bangles to be seen upon the august limbs.—Imperial Asiatic Quarterly Review.

Facts About the Rabbit Pest.

New Zealand's rabbit pest can be appreciated only by inspection of the figures submitted by the Secretary of Agriculture of that colony for the year ended July, 1900, and recently published in his annual report. He states that during the year ended July 1, 1900, 5,152,877 rabbits and 7,744,638 rabbit skins were exported, as against 4,214,962 rabbits and 6,504,189 skins shipped the preceding year.

This increase in the number of rabbits killed is, in his opinion, not an encouraging sign, but rather the reverse. The inspectors of stock for the various districts report that phosphorized pollard, when carefully laid, is the most effective means of stamping out the animals without injury to stock. It appears, however, that careful supervision is necessary in the use of this poison to produce good results.

Other methods of dealing with the problem, which are not so effectual as the use of poison, but which have the advantage of leaving the dead rabbits in such condition as to be salable, are trapping, shooting and hunting with ferrets or dogs. For comparatively small enclosures wire netting is without doubt the best means of dealing with rabbits, and every year sees an increasing quantity of it being erected. Its great expense, however, prevents its being applied to large farms or ranges.

Oil in Strange Places.

Oil wells are sometimes struck in strange places. Possibly the would-be funny man who once remarked that if you stuck a cane in the soil of California it would sprout and blossom in a season, would now assert that they are growing derricks in their yards. At any rate, the derricks are there. Oil was recently struck at Los Angeles, and now the people are drilling wells and erecting derricks in their yards. A derrick can hardly be said to be an ornamental structure, but a good oil well is a profitable thing, and the people are willing to endure the unsightly derricks for the possible financial results.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

One thousand pounds of dough for biscuits is rolled, cut and prepared for baking in three hours and fifty-four minutes by machinery, as against fifty-four hours by hand.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Influences Once Hostile Now Friendly to Christ—Weapons Formerly Used Against the Lord's Armies Captured and Put to His Service.

(Copyrighted.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls the roll of influences once antagonistic but now friendly to the gospel and encourages Christian workers; text, I Samuel xxi. 9, "There is none like that; give it me."

David fled from his pursuers. The world runs very fast when it is chasing a good man. The country is trying to catch David and to slay him. David goes into the house of a priest and asks him for a sword or spear with which to defend himself. The priest, not being accustomed to use deadly weapons, tells David that he can not supply him, but suddenly the priest thinks of an old sword that had been carefully wrapped up and laid away, the very sword that Goliath formerly used, and he takes down that sword and while he is unwrapping the sharp, glittering, memorable blade it flashes upon David's mind that this is the very sword that was used against himself when he was in the fight with Goliath, and David can hardly keep his hand off it until the priest has unwound it. David stretches out his hand toward that old sword and says, "There is none like that; give it me"; in other words, "I want in my own hand the sword which has been used against me and against the cause of God!" So it was given him. Well, my friends, that is not the first or the last sword once used by giant and Philistine iniquity which is to come into the possession of Jesus Christ and of His glorious church. I want, as well as God may help me, to show you that many a weapon which has been used against the armies of God is yet to be captured and used on our side, and I only imitate David when I stretch out my hand toward that blade of the Philistine and cry, "There is none like that; give it me!"

I remark, first, that this is true in regard to all scientific exploration. You know that the first discoveries in astronomy and geology and chronology were used to battle Christianity. Worldly philosophy came out of its laboratory and out of its observatory and said, "Now we will prove, by the very structure of the earth and by the movement of the heavenly bodies, that the Bible is a lie, and that Christianity, as we have it among men, is a positive imposition." Good men trembled. The telescope, the Leyden jars, the electric batteries, all in the hands of the Philistines. But one day Christianity, looking about for some weapon with which to defend itself, happened to see the very old sword that these atheistic Philistines had been using against the truth and cried out, "There is none like that; give it me!" And Copernicus and Galileo and Kepler and Isaac Newton and Herschel and O. M. Mitchell came forth and told the world that in their ransacking of the earth and heavens they found overwhelming presence of the God whom we worship, and this old Bible began to shake itself from the Koran and Shaster and Zendavesta, with which it had been covered up, and lay on the desk of the scholar and in the laboratory of the chemist and in the lap of the Christian unharmed and unanswered, while the tower of the midnight heavens struck a silvery chime in its praise.

Worldly philosophy said, "All that story about the light 'turned as clay to the seal' is simply an absurdity." Old time worldly philosophy said, "The light comes straight." Christian philosophy says, "Wait a little while." And it goes on and makes discoveries and finds that the atmosphere curves and bends the rays of light around the earth literally "as the clay to the seal." The Bible right again; worldly philosophy wrong again. "Ah," says worldly philosophy, "all that allusion to Job about the foundations of the earth is simply an absurdity. 'Where wast thou,' says God, 'when I set the foundations of the earth?' The earth has no foundation." Christian philosophy comes and finds that the word as translated "foundations" may be better translated "sockets." So now we see how it will read if it is translated right, "Where wast thou when I set the sockets of the earth?" Where is the socket? It is the hollow of God's hand—a socket large enough for any world to turn in.

Worldly philosophy said: "What an absurd story about Joshua making the sun and moon stand still. If the world had stopped an instant, the whole universe would have been out of gear." "Stop," said Christian philosophy, "not quite so quick!" The world has two motions—one on its own axis and the other around the sun. It was not necessary, in making them stand still, that both motions should be stopped—only the one turning the world on its own axis. There was no reason why the halting of the earth should have jarred and disarranged the whole universe. Joshua right and God right; infidelity wrong every time. I knew it would be wrong.

I thank God that the time has come when Christians need not be scared at any scientific exploration. The fact is that religion and science have struck hands in eternal friendship, and the deeper down geology can dig the higher up astronomy can soar all the better for us.

The armies of the Lord Jesus Christ have stormed the observatories of the world's science, and from the highest towers have flung out the banner of the cross and Christianity now, from the observatories at Albany and Washington, stretches out its hand toward the opposing scientific weapon, crying, "There is none like that; give it me!"

I was reading of Herschel, who was looking at a meteor through a telescope, and when it came over the face of the telescope it was so powerful he had to avert his eyes. And it has been just so that many an astronomer has gone into an observatory and looked up into the midnight heavens, and the Lord God has, through some swinging world, flamed upon his vision, and the learned man cried out: "Who am I? Undone! Unclean! Have mercy, Lord God!"

Again, I remark, that the traveling disposition of the world, which was adverse to morals and religion, is to be brought on our side. The man that went down to Jericho and fell amid thieves was a type of a great many travelers. There is many a man who is very honest at home who when he is abroad has his honor filched and his good habits stolen. There are but very few men who can stand the stress of an expedition. Six weeks at a watering place have ruined many a man. In the olden times God forbade the traveling of men for the purposes of trade because of the corrupting influences attending it. A good many men now cannot stand the transition from one place to another. Some men who seem to be very consistent here in the way of keeping the Sabbath when they get into Spain on the Lord's day always go to see the bullfights. Plato said that no city ought to be built nearer to the sea than ten miles lest it be tempted to commerce. But this traveling disposition of the world, which was adverse to that which is good, is to be brought on our side. These mail trains—why, they take our Bibles; these steamers, they transport our missionaries; these sailors, rushing from city to city all around the world, are to be converted into Christian heralds and go out and preach Christ among the heathen nations. The gospels infinitely multiplied in beauty and power since Robinson and Thompson and Burckhardt have come back and talked to us about Siloam and Capernaum and Jerusalem, pointing out to us the hills about which Jesus preached, the beach upon which Paul was shipwrecked, the fords at which Jordan was passed, the Red Sea beach on which were tossed the carcasses of the drowned Egyptians. A man said, "I went to the Holy Land an infidel. I came back a Christian. I could not help it."

I am not shocked, as some have been, at the building of railroads in the Holy Land. I wish that all the world might go and see Golgotha and Bethlehem. How many who could not afford mule teers now easily buy tickets from Constantinople to Joppa. Then let Christians travel. God speed the rail trains and guide the steamships this night plowing across the deep in the phosphorescent wake of the shining feet of Him who from wave cliff to wave cliff bestormed Tiberius. The Japanese come across the water and see our civilization and examine our Christianity and go back and tell the story and keep that empire rocking till Jesus shall reign.

"Where'er the sun
Does his successive journeys run."

And the firearms with which the infidel traveler brought down the Arab horseman and the pashas of the desert have been surrendered to the church, and we reach forth our hand crying, "There is none like that; give it me."

So it has also been with the learning and eloquence of the world. People say, "Religion is very good for aged women, it is very good for children, but not for men." But we have in the roll of Christ's host Mozart and Handel in music, Canova and Angelo in sculpture, Raphael and Reynolds in painting, Harvey and Boerhaave in medicine, Cowper and Scott in poetry, Grotius and Burke in statesmanship, Boyle and Leibnitz in philosophy, Thomas Chalmers and John Mason in theology.

The most brilliant writings of a worldly nature are all aglow with Scriptural allusions. Through senatorial speech and through essayist's discourse Sinai thunders and Calvary speaks and Siloam sparkles.

Samuel L. Southard was mighty in the courtroom and in the senate chamber, but he reserved his strongest eloquence for that day when he stood before the literary societies at Princeton commencement and pleaded for the grandeur of our Bible.

Daniel Webster won not his chief garlands while responding to Hayne nor when he opened the batteries of his eloquence on Bunker Hill, that rocking Sinai of the American Revolution, but on that day when, in the famous Girard will case, he showed his affection for the Christian religion and eulogized the Bible. The eloquence and the learning that have been on the other side come over to our side. Captured for God! "There is none like that; give it me!"

So, also, has it been with the picture making of the world. We are very anxious on this day to have the printing press and the platform on the side of Christianity, but we overlook the engraver's knife and the painter's pencil. The antiquarian goes and looks at pictured ruins or examines the chiseled pillars of Thebes and Nineveh and Pompeii, and then comes back to tell us of the beastliness of ancient art, and it is a fact now that many of the finest specimens, merely artistically considered, of sculpture and painting that are to be found amid those ruins are not fit to be looked at, and they are locked up.

How Paul must have felt, when, standing amid these impurities that stared on him from the walls and the pavements and the bazaars of Corinth, he preached of the pure and holy Jesus! The art of the world on the side of obscenity and crime and death.

Much of the art of the world has been in the possession of the vicious. What to unclean Henry VIII. was a beautiful picture of the Madonna? What to Lord Jeffreys, the unjust judge, the picture of the "Last Judgment"? What to Nero, the unwashed, a picture of the baptism in the Jordan? The art of the world on the wrong side. But that is being changed now. The Christian artist goes over to Rome, looks at the pictures and brings back to his American studio much of the power of these old masters. The Christian minister goes over to Venice, looks at the "Crucifixion of Christ," and comes back to the American pulpit to talk as never before of the sufferings of the Saviour. The private tourist goes to Rome and looks at Raphael's picture of the "Last Judgment." The tears start, and he goes back to his room in the hotel and prays God for preparation for that day when

"Shriveling like a parched scroll,
The flaming heavens together roll."

So, I remark, it is with business acumen and tact. When Christ was upon earth the people that followed Him for the most part had no social position. There was but one man naturally brilliant in all the apostleship, Joseph, of Arimathea, the rich man, risked nothing when he offered a hole in the rock for the dead Christ. How many of the merchants in Asia Minor befriended Jesus? I think of only one—Lydia. How many of the castles on the beach at Galilee entertained Christ? Not one. When Peter came to Joppa he stopped with one Simon, a tanner. What power had Christ's name on the Roman exchange or in the bazaars of Corinth? None. The prominent men of the day did not want to risk their reputation for sanity by pretending to be one of His followers. Now that is all changed. Among the mightiest men in our great cities today are the Christian merchants and the Christian bankers, and if to-morrow, at the Board of Trade, any man should get up and malign the name of Jesus, he would be quickly silenced or put out. In the front rank of all our Christian workers to-day are the Christian merchants, and the enterprises of the world are coming on the right side. There was a farm willed away some years ago, all the proceeds of that farm to go for spreading infidel books. Somehow matters have changed, and now all the proceeds of that farm go toward the missionary cause. One of the finest printing presses ever built was built for the express purpose of publishing infidel tracts and books. Now it does nothing but print holy Bibles.

I believe that the time will come when in commercial circles the voice of Christ will be the mightiest of all voices and the ships of Tarshish will bring presents and the queen of Sheba her glory and the wise men of the East their myrrh and frankincense.

I look off upon the business men of this land and rejoice at the prospect that their tact and ingenuity and talent are being brought into the service of Christ. It is one of the mightiest of weapons. "There is none like that; give it me!"

Now, if what I have said be true, away with all downheartedness! If science is to be on the right side and the traveling disposition of the world on the right side and the learning of the world on the right side and the picture making on the right side and the business acumen and tact of the world on the right side, Thine, O Lord, is the kingdom! Oh, fall into line, all ye people! It is a grand thing to be in such an army and led by such a commander and on the way to such a victory. If what I have said is true, then Christ is going to gather up for Himself out of this world everything that is worth anything, and there will be nothing but the scum left. We have been rebels, but a proclamation of amnesty goes forth now from the throne of God, saying, "Whosoever will, let him come." However long you may have wandered, however great your crimes may have been, "whosoever will, let him come." Oh, that this hour I could marshal all the world on the side of Christ! He is the best friend a man ever had. He is so kind. He so loving, so sympathetic. I cannot see how you can stay away from Him. Come now and accept His mercy. Behold Him as He stretches out the arms of His salvation, saying, "Look unto Me, all ye ends of the earth, and be ye saved, for I am God." Make final choice now. You will either be willows planted by the water courses or the chaff which the wind driveth away.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 19.

Subject: Jesus Ascends Into Heaven. Luke xxiv., 44-53; Acts i., 1-11. Golden Text, Luke xxiv., 51. Memory Verses, 9-11.—Lesson Commentary.

44. "These are the words." Now you will understand what seemed so dark to you when I told you about the Son of man being put to death and rising again. Chap. 18:31-34. "The law—the prophets—the psalms." The three Jewish divisions of the Old Testament Scriptures, here mentioned as containing, each of them, things concerning Christ.

45. "Then opened He." Now by the influence of Christ they see, not only the prophecies which pointed out the Messiah, but also the Messiah who was pointed out by these prophecies. "Understand the Scriptures." Jesus opened their minds by explaining to them the true meaning of the prophecies, and by unfolding the true nature of His kingdom.

46. "Thus it is written," etc. Here are the two great essential facts of the gospel: 1. The atonement of Christ. 2. His resurrection from the dead.

47. "Repentance." This implies that a measure of divine wisdom is communicated to the sinner, and that he thereby becomes wise to salvation. That his mind, purposes, opinions and inclinations are changed, and that in consequence, there is a total change in his conduct. "Remission of sins." The forgiveness of sins, the removal of the punishment, and deliverance of the soul from the power of sin. "In His name." As obtained for sinful men by His atoning sufferings, as the fruit of His intercession, and the effect of His grace. "Among all nations." God wills the salvation of all, and Jesus tasted death for every man. "Beginning at Jerusalem." Because it was thus written. Isa. 2:3. Because there the facts on which the gospel was founded were transacted; and because Christ desired to give further proof of His love and example of forgiving His enemies.

48. "Ye are witnesses." They had been with Jesus throughout His ministry, they had heard His teaching, they had seen His miracles, they knew His character, they had seen Him after He rose from the dead, and now their work was to bear witness of these things.

49. "I send the promise." The Holy Ghost which was promised to the church through Christ. "Endued." Invested, or clothed with. "From on high." It is from on high, and therefore draws the soul upward, and makes it aim high. This power was the promise of the Father; it could not fail.

50. "As far as Bethany." Not the village itself, but on the descent to it from Mount Olivet. "Lifted up His hands." Probably to lay them on their heads, for that was the ordinary way in which a blessing was given. Gen. 48:8-20.

51. "Into heaven." The disciples did not see Him rise out of the grace, because His resurrection could be easily proved by their seeing Him afterward, but they saw Him return to heaven, as there would be no other way to prove it.

52. "They worshiped Him." In gratitude for His blessing upon them. The cloud that received Him out of their sight did not put them or their services out of His sight. "With great joy." Every sorrow had been turned into joy. They were full of love and joy in the Holy Spirit.

53. "Continually in the temple." While they abode together at Jerusalem, waiting and praying with one accord for the Spirit of power, truth and holiness, they went to the temple at the proper times to join in the worship there performed.

1. "The former treatise." The gospel of Luke. Luke was the author of Acts. "O Theophilus." He was probably a magistrate or high official who had been converted to Christianity. "To do and teach." A very important statement, dividing the work of Christ into two great branches; the one embracing His work on earth, the other His subsequent work from heaven.

2. "Through the Holy Ghost." God gave not the Spirit by measure unto Him. John 3: 34. Jesus who was anointed with the Holy Ghost (Luke 4; Matt. 12) in the power of the Holy Ghost, gave commandments to the apostles to be His witnesses, so that such commandments were given by the Spirit also. "Apostles." The twelve generally called disciples in the gospels are in the Acts spoken of as apostles, or "those sent forth."

3. "Passion." Sufferings on the cross. "Infallible proofs." The single Greek word, translated "infallible proof," denotes the strongest proofs of which a subject is capable, an irresistible proof.

4. "Not depart from Jerusalem." The coming of the Spirit was to be at the next great feast after the crucifixion. They waited by prayer, by conference together, by doing necessary duties. Vs. 13, 14. "Promise." Jesus thus termed it, because God the Father had promised the gift of the Spirit, through the prophets under the old covenant. "Heard of me." In His conversations with them. See on verse 49.

5. "John." The Baptist, the forerunner of Christ. "With water." John's baptism was a baptism unto repentance. "With the Holy Ghost." The outpouring of the Spirit upon them would eradicate all sin from their hearts and fill them with love and power.

6. "Come together." At the Mount of Olives. V. 50. "At this time restore." "Wilt thou break the Roman yoke from off our necks and immediately erect the kingdom of the Messiah?"

8. "Shall receive power." They were promised the power of the Holy Ghost in order to properly carry on God's work. "Witnesses." They were to be witnesses to a crucified Christ, a risen Christ, a coming Christ. "Uttermost part," etc. They were to begin at home, with the Jews, and gradually reach out until the glorious gospel reached the whole human race.

9. "A cloud." Perhaps it was like the "fiery, cloudy pillar," the symbol of God, that led the Israelites through the wilderness; or Elijah's storm chariot, or the bright cloud of glory which overshadowed Him on the Mount of Transfiguration. This was His "royal chariot," as Chrysostom calls it.

10. "Were looking." (R. V.) Wondering what it all meant. "Two men." Angels in the form of men. "White apparel." Matt. 28:3. The white garments were an emblem of purity.

11. "Shall so come." The second or final coming. This will not be in obscurity like His first coming; but "He will come in power and glory, on the clouds, and with His holy angels with Him." Matt. 24:30, 31; 26:64.

Just as strong an idea of the extent to which a vast number of the homeless of New York City are huddled and crowded together, the Dry Goods Economist mentions some of the figures compiled by the Tenement Commission. These include not only actual tenements, but flats and the many rightly "apartment." They show that of the population of Manhattan Borough, per cent. is housed in "tenements," and of the residents of Brooklyn, "the city of homes," so-called, 80.6 per cent. while of the entire population of the city over 69 per cent. occupy similarly constructed quarters.

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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

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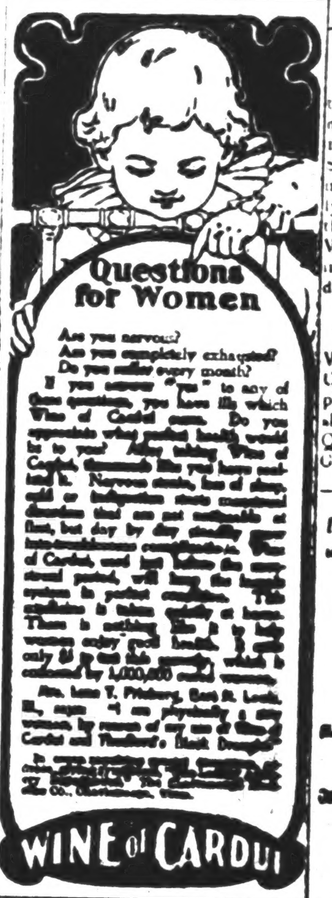

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

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CLANTON

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A. Horn, Thorsby.
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N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala

ALL DAY SINGING.

All singers will please remember that the annual May singing that met its first appointment at Salem, 1900, will meet again the fourth Sunday in this month. We hope to meet the good singers and especially invite singing teachers (of course the organist has an especial invite). We look forward to a day of singing praises unto our Great Redeemer. D. S. ROBINSON.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

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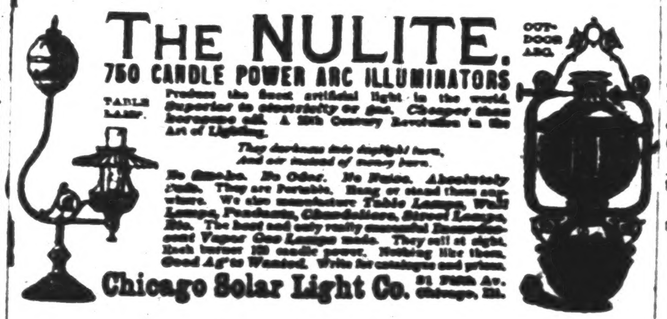

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No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They call at night. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

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TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of decrees rendered by the Probate Court, at the May Term, of said county, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door, in Clanton, said county, within the legal hours of sale, on

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1901

the following described real estate for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1900, to wit

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $2.79.

BEAT NO. 2

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and ne ¼ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $7.00.

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 to 21 r 12, tax and costs $3.72.

Owner Unknown, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 18, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14, tax and costs $3.57.

John P. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼ s ½ of se ¼ ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 16 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $10.45.

BEAT NO. 4

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13; ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½ nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $95.38.

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Delbardelebern, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3.79.

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17, tax and costs $3.90.

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72.

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72.

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3.72.

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16, tax and costs $6.02.

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.72.

BEAT NO. 8

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on e side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $3.26.

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $6.39.

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.12.

T. J. HUBBARD,
Tax Collector.

CONFEDERATE PENSION NOTICE

All disabled Confederate soldiers, or their widows, not already on the Pension list, are hereby notified that the Confederate Board of Pension Examiners will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in June, 1901, to consider all applications that may be presented.

The law requires all applicants to attend in person.

H. W. CAFFEY, Chm. Bd. Ex.
May 13, 1901.

LECTURE.

MR. T. U. Crumpton will give his interesting lecture on the Holy Land at New Salem, seven miles north of Clanton on the third Sunday in June. He has been greeted with large audiences wherever he has lectured and all express themselves gratified with his powers of description.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

CIRCUIT COURT

(continued from [illegible])

I. T. Anderson vs. [illegible] R. R., continued.

Melinda E. Pettus vs. [illegible] Fletcher, dismissed [illegible].

Betty Rosenger vs. [illegible] R. R., continued.

The four slander cases, Young vs. Howson, [illegible] Roebuck, I. T. A[illegible] P. Kendrick were by the understanding [illegible] be dismissed at the cost of the court.

Christy Pettus vs. [illegible] Howison, continued.

I. H. Carter vs. [illegible] borough, dismissed.

Jefferson Davis vs. [illegible] Colquitt, continued.

Two cases, D. C. S[illegible] B. Atkins & Co. [illegible]

D. C. Savage vs. S[illegible] way Co., judgment [illegible]

John Bruce vs. S[illegible] son, Administrator, [illegible] for plaintiff.

W. C. Dyer vs. W[illegible] ton, continued for se[illegible]

Sellers & Kil[illegible] tin, judgment for p[illegible]

P. W. Peterson vs. [illegible] gust, settled by agreement.

Alex G. Dake vs. S[illegible] judgment $130 for p[illegible]

Gregory-Coe Lumber [illegible] Bob Seals et al, continued.

Lehman Durr & Co. vs. [illegible] Taylor, continued.

Lehman Durr & Co. vs. [illegible] forces, continued.

Lehman Durr & Co. vs. [illegible] Weldon, judgment for defendant.

Herman Seymour vs. [illegible] rell Bailey, judgment for [illegible]

Roberta A. Mullins vs. [illegible] Davenport, judgment for [illegible]

Roberta A. Mullins vs. [illegible] Glasscock, verdict for p[illegible]

Roberta A. Mullins vs. [illegible] Rasberry, settled by agreement.

Ernest Welch vs. W. L. [illegible] continued for settlement.

Tipton Mullins vs. H[illegible] Glasscock, judgment for p[illegible]

Alabama Mineral Land Co. vs. Allan P. Howison, judgment for plaintiff.

Alabama Mineral Land Co. vs. Charley Hill, defendant. [illegible] Jones, claimant.

The following visiting st[illegible] are in attendance: J. H. S[illegible] Anniston; W. W. Lavender, [illegible] treville; W. S. Cary and [illegible] Lyman, Montevallo; Mr. [illegible] Selma; D. C. Blackwell, [illegible] ton:—Weill, Montgomery.

Alabama Mineral Land Co. vs. W. J. Miner, defendant. [illegible] Jones, claimant, verdict for [illegible] tiff.

Lucy McKee vs. A. A. [illegible] continued.

H. P. Collum vs. Z. S. [illegible] continued.

Notice to Non-Resident

In Circuit Court of Chilton, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. John J. Snell, defendant, who resides at Boone Post Office in the State of Iowa.

To John J. Snell, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Boone Post Office in the State of Iowa:

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against the said John J. Snell, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to recover a collection of a debt due by a promissory note containing waiver of exemptions as to personal property, in the sum of $470.00 with interest at 8 per cent per annum since the day of October, 1900, together with $60.00 as an Attorney's fee for suing said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and said attachment was levied upon the following described tract of land bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the west side of the southwest corner of the southwest fourth of the southwest fourth of section six, township twenty two, range fourteen and running thence north 16 links, thence east at right angles to the right of way of the L. & N. R. R., thence in a southeasterly direction along said right of way to the south line thence following the south line to the starting point. Also the following described tract of land: Commencing at a point on the north side of the southwest fourth of northwest fourth of section seven, township twenty two, range fourteen, both pieces containing 2 and 75 100 acres, more or less, rights of way 20 feet wide on the west sides of said tract of land, situated in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said John J. Snell, Defendant, by the Sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three consecutive weeks next following, and a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said John J. Snell, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. E. B. [illegible]
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The BANNER office is the Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We do you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

VOL. IX

[illegible] MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not

Another court has come and gone and the everyday business of life has set on again as usual. The report of the Grand Jury was very satisfactory and shows the county is in good condition. The learned Judge complimented the county, the jurors and officers only small offenses to deal with, the criminal docket is finished in two days, and everyone goes away feeling perfectly satisfied that we are living in as good a county as there is to be found on the face of the globe. Long may Chilton continue to flourish.

The long expected constitutional convention is at last here and we all now keep ourselves employed in watching the proceedings. There have been many conjectures, as to what the convention would do and what it would not do. It is scarcely worth while making any more guesses now, a little more patience and all will come out as clear as mud. Keep your eye on the convention, it is bound to be interesting and we look for whatever may develope, hoping all may be the best.

Maplesville.

The statistics of our county in last Banner has greatly increased our patriotism. We are not so much enthused as to wish to "shoulder arms" but would be glad for someone else to do so in our defence, we can twine a few more laurels in the wreath by adding the statistics of our census enumerator, who was so hospitably treated while on duty; true some of the females giggled most irreverently when asked of their age (for which they were sometimes excusable) but hospitality was ever uppermost generally.

We wish it were in our power to report the state of our cotton crop, which is indeed most deplorable. Farmers have plowed up the entire crop to plant over; corn too is late and very stand.

There was a misunderstanding about our Sunday-school picnic but those who attended had a very pleasant time.

The Misses Dyer, of Stanton, are with us.

Mrs. Dennis gave us a most excellent sermon the second Sunday in this month. He and Bro. Lee were most hospitably entertained by D. C. Savage.

Our townsman I. U. Crumpton and wife are very justly proud of their daughter Blossie, have been quite sick the past week, but are glad to state are convalescent.

Little Felton Claughton has been sick, but is not much better.

Mr. Buck Bowline expresses his gratitude to his attending physician and friends for attention during his last serious illness.

Miss McKarryl is visiting her sister here, Mr. D. C. Savage.

Mr. Damsky's brother, of Ridgeville, has lately visited him and Miss Alice, here.

Mrs. G. Foshee has spent several pleasant days with her brother, family here, R. D. Martin.

Mr. A. S. Foshee is now with Wheeler, at Blocton.

We regret to state that during the absence of the family, the home of Mr. Brownlee was robbed of a gold watch and some money.

The surveyors have finished their work that will come soon and lay off town lots. Mr. Alexander, of Montgomery, expects to build on one of them.

We have reasons to believe our town will soon be filled with a good industrious class of people who are always on the bottom rung of the prosperity of every county.

REVOLO.

It Saved His Leg.

[illegible] Danforth, of Lagrange, suffered for six months with a bad running sore on his leg; he states that Bucklen's Arnica Salve soon cured it in five days. For Cuts, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all druggists.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MAY 23, 1901 NO. 31

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...the Sights He Sees, and Some He Sees Not.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Clanton, May 20, 1901

Editor Banner—The constitutional convention will soon convene, and for what purpose? Is it to eliminate negro suffrage, or taken as a whole, is it to disfranchise the poor illiterate, regardless of race or color? It has been said the motive was to disfranchise the negro only, and with the present Federal constitution no state can frame a constitution disfranchising the negro, from the simple cause that he is a negro. Such would be in conflict with the Federal constitution, the 14th and 15th amendments of which guarantees every man the right of suffrage, regardless of previous race or color. The only legal disfranchisement of the negro is a qualification for suffrage without any discrimination. The poor illiterate white man must be turned from the ballot box just as the ignorant negro, or else the managers must perjure themselves.

What to do with the negro is a problem that is puzzling the ablest statesmen of to-day. The negro today enjoys every privilege the white man does, notwithstanding it is against nature. God intended the white man should rule. The white man trampled under foot God's command to the Israelites. Thou shalt not mix with the Canaanites, they are a wicked generation and thou shalt not mix with them lest you be cut off and assigned your portion in the regions of h— with those who forget God. We have taken the negro to our bosom; given him every privilege God has given us; given him Federal appointments where he dominates the white man; placed him in prominent positions where he can live off the fat of the land while the poor white man with superior intelligence and qualifications makes his living by the sweat of the brow. Such is against nature, and a practice of unnatural indulgence must bring about a bad effect. Does not every intelligent man know that the negro is in principle a brute? He has no remorse of conscience. Every day the newspapers give an account of some diabolical crime he has committed on some woman, or murdered someone. Any crime that is comprehensible to his mind is practical with him, and still we invite him to aid us in our progressive government. Not long can a nation prosper practicing a social equality with such a dissipated and damnable race. The negro has done more to dispute the American people than anything since it has been a government. He was the indirect cause of the Civil war which disunited the U. S., and now it is possible that at this late day, after the dawn of 36 years, when we laid down our guns in subjection; and most all of our old brother soldiers who fought by our side, and have since answered the bugle blast in heaven, are we going to deny their posterity, who from poverty caused by the war never had any educational advantages, do all this just in order to eliminate the negro vote, deny them the right of suffrage? I do not favor the embarrassment of the poor, unfortunate white man on account of the negro. Remove the negro into the humiliated station of life that nature intended for him; make it a capital offense for the whites and negroes to have sexual relations with each other; down with social equality with the negro. How can we do this if men are conscientious in their advocation of the negro. The problem can be solved. Choose men to represent us in congress and the U. S. senate whose views coincides with those of that distinguished Statesman, John T. Morgan, and the 14th and 15th amendments of the constitution will be amended and negro suffrage wiped out. Here is luck to all who are opposed to trusts and incorporations and negro domination, but favor white supremacy, special privileges to none; equal rights to all.

R. A. ALDRIDGE.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic smells like peppermint candy, and is "just as good," but for a different purpose. Try it next time you get hurt or have Colic. Only 50c a bottle at drug stores.

Clanton, May 21, 1901

Editor Banner—Please allow me space in your columns to express my thanks to my neighbors and friends for their valuable attention and assistance to my affliction. I have been confined to my room almost five months and have not been neglected by neighbors and friends, but on the 24th ult. I was furnished the means of relief by the skillful hands of Dr. E. A. Matthews, assisted by Dr. W. E. Stewart, who performed an operation and I am now able to get out, and will soon be able to attend to my business, both domestic and official. Again thanking my neighbors and friends for their kindness, I am

very sincerely yours,

R. C. HIGGINS.

Cedar Grove.

It is raining and the grass is growing, but most of farmers are half done chopping cotton.

Mrs. Jim Riggins is quite sick at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Absolem Eiland visited relatives and friends in Blocton the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Mary Burnett, of Salem, has been brought to her fathers, Uncle John Collins, on account of her illness.

Messrs. Jesse and John Hayes and their wives attended the quarterly meeting at Archives Chapel Saturday.

One of Bloc's most lovely belles, Miss Mattie Riggins, was the guest of Mrs. Alford Collins last Tuesday night; Miss Mattie is a lovely personage and a welcome guest in our vicinity; come again.

We are sorry to learn of the illness of the babe of Mr. John Collins, Jr. We hope to hear of its speedy recovery.

"Sal" says one of Patche's crew gave her information on matrimony. Now, if Patche's crew knows anything about matrimony or an infant either (more than their squaws) he (Old Patch) wishes they would be more generous in imparting their dictionary knowledge to him. But he would like to converse with "Sal" on the subject for information and results.

Mr. C. N. Eiland attended preaching at Salem Sunday. Rev. A. L. Pattillo is to preach at the church Wednesday night. There will also be services Friday night, Saturday, Saturday night, Sunday and Sunday night, conducted by Rev. Mr. Cassady, the pastor, and N. A. Dobbs, of Swift Creek.

OLD PATCH.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Jumbo.

We had a good prayer-meeting at Lime Springs church last Sunday morning and a good sermon by Rev. I. O. Rutherford.

At Maddox's chapel in the evening there was a right good meeting; preaching by Bro. Cassady and Bro. Natty Dobbs.

A good meeting was held at Frank Jones' Sunday night for the benefit of his afflicted wife, who has been an invalid for seventeen or eighteen years. J. F. JONES.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

A CARD OF THANKS.

Clanton, May 20, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me to express through your columns, to the good people of Chilton county, and Clanton in particular, our grateful appreciation of the deep interest manifested in our recent affliction, evidenced by the stream of letters which came to us from all parts of the country at Blocton. These letters contained words of deep solicitude and sympathy, told of the earnest prayers offered in our behalf, and bore to us ample means to defray necessary expenses. And not the least appreciated, among the favors granted, was the special attention and protection given our children during our absence, and the many tokens of sympathy and kindness received since our return. We feel closer drawn to the people, and especially Clanton, by these kindly offices, and are thereby brought under a lasting debt of gratitude to our friends both in and out of the church. Having resided among you for more than two years, we feel warranted in saying that neither your town nor county has ever had the credit their real worth merits. There is an under current of sympathy in the hearts of our sturdy citizens, born of true nobility, and supported by genuine benevolence that is as broad as human want, and only requires proper conditions to stir it to its depths, and thereby discover to the world a magnanimous people. I am glad my lot has been cast among you.

And now as the beneficiary of your sympathy, prayers and material aid, I stand with bared head and uplifted hand and extend to you my sincere thanks, and in the "name of the man of Galilee" pronounce a solemn, earnest God bless you all.

Sincerely and fraternally,
Mr. and Mrs. F. M. WOODS.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All person are hereby forbidden fishing and trespassing on the lands owned by the undersigned, generally known as the Maddox's mill place, under penalty of the law.

Signed ALEX G. DAKE.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to

C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

It preserves the flesh when lacerated or wounded in any way. Stops the bleeding, stops the pain and heals quicker than anything. That is what Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic does. Try it when you get hurt. Ask your druggist for it.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Dear mother, don't let your Baby suffer and cry with Colic when a few drops of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, diluted and sweetened will give almost instant relief. Non-poisonous and therefore harmless. Tastes like peppermint candy and Baby will take it without a "kick." A silver half dollar will get a bottle from your druggist.

A NEW INVENTION FOR LADIES.

Messrs. E. M. Bealle & Co. will come to Clanton from Tuskaloosa the 10th of May. They will have the Economy Scrubbing Brush to scrub floors, windows, walls, tables, carpets, etc. Through a suction it takes up all the water leaving the floor perfectly dry except dampness, making house drudgery easy and quick. Every lady should have one. Mr. Bealle and his sub agents have the highest recommendations from Rev. J. H. Carry, Fosters, Ala., Hon. J. Manly Foster, Tuskaloosa, and Rev. L. O. Dawson, Pastor Tuskaloosa Baptist church. Write them, if you like, before I come.

Very truly, E. M. BEALL.

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fever, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
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JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 496—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER AND MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two separate compounds, the best. Equal on having them. BOTH IN LIQUID FORM.
15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: M. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock.
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John P. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to men. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

ANNISTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Maine has gone to work to provide herself with a State flag. The flag is to be buff, with a green pine tree in the centre and a star—the Pole star—in blue in the upper left-hand corner.

A Connecticut journal accepts with becoming gratitude what was meant to be a complimentary allusion to itself by a State contemporary which spoke of one of its "editorials" as "wonderfully fair," but it somewhat plaintively adds: "We have no desire or ambition to be anything but fair, and would prefer to have our contemporary do its wondering when it thinks this journal unfair."

Jesse M. Roper, in command of the Petrel in Manila harbor, went to his death fearlessly, nobly, in the effort to save the lives of some humble shipmates. He had not the aid of the excitement of adventure. He had not the hope of fame or reward. His was an exhibition of the highest, the most inspiring form of physical and moral courage. He belongs to the ranks of those heroes that can be held up as examples without any necessity for qualifications, omissions or apologies.

One thing that materially helps to stiffen the iron market is the prospective heavy railway construction to be undertaken this year. The Railway Age gives a list of projects under contract for 5000 miles of new construction. There are prospective enterprises which would increase the total to 8200 miles. The greater part of the new rails will be laid down in the Southern States. The development of the interior resources of the South is at present the chief objective effort of speculative enterprise.

The fundamental idea of a course in physiology in the public schools is hygiene. The aim is to supply a basis for the more important hygienic knowledge, which not only pertains to the care and preservation of health but which gradually inculcates an intelligent respect for the wonderful structure known as the human body. Give a child a proper knowledge of structure and functions of the various organs of the body and the chances of his abusing it or ignoring the laws of health are greatly diminished, states the Chicago Record-Herald.

It is hardly possible to realize that only twenty-five years ago the telephone was hardly more than the dream of two or three imaginative scientists, and that it was not until at least a decade later that this means of communication began to play an important part in the daily life of a considerable fraction of the earth's inhabitants. The telephone has come to be something not much different from a necessity of life. Social and commercial activities have so adjusted themselves to the machine which gives indefinite extension to ear and tongue that were the facility not long ago unthought of to be suddenly withdrawn, the most serious embarrassment would follow. The efficiency of every business man would be so materially decreased that for a while at least there would be grave trouble and confusion. Yet people have already come to use the telephone without a thought of what a marvelous thing it is, and we hear vastly more about the cost and imperfections of the service than about the numberless and inestimable advantages derived from it.

There have been many accidents from the use of modern machinery on farms, yet they seem largely due to carelessness. We used to hear of frequent cases with mowing machines where the victims tried to pick out clogged grass from the knives, and a step forward of the horses tormented by flies took off a few fingers. The buzz saw on the farm has done more damage in ten years past than all that are used in mills, though there are more in saw mills and they run faster than those run by power on the farm. The danger comes usually from careless or too rapid feeding. Threshing machines do not catch the arms of the feeder as often as they used to, because men have more experience and are more careful. The corn shredder has been called a "man eater," yet we think the danger will be lessened when men learn that a machine making several hundred revolutions a minute is too quick to be easily dodged, and that it is better to keep outside of the danger line. It is better to be careful than to show a disposition to be smart, warns the American Cultivator.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Summary of Current Events From All Sections of Alabama.

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR READERS

Big Coal Contract—Alabama Gold Lands—Destructive Fire Selma's—I. O. O. F. Matters—University Presidency—Other Items.

Gold Land Deal.

The Anniston Gold Mining Company filed in the probate office at Edwadsville last Thursday a deed to 320 acres of land, consideration, $160,000. A wonderful development of hidden wealth and the conversion of yellow dust into shining ingots will soon begin.

Recognized Their Union.

The strike of the employes of the Warrior Coal Co., at Tidewater, came to an end Thursday afternoon, the miners winning out. Their was no trouble over the prices paid the miners, but the lessees of the mines would not recognize their union recently formed.

Cotton Burned at Selma.

Fire raged for two hours about midday Friday in the warehouse of J. J. Babcock, in Selma, where were stored about 1,800 bales of cotton, and it is estimated that about 1,000 bales were burned and that the 800 saved were partially damaged by fire and water. The ignition of a match head by a truck is supposed to have been the origin of the fire. The loss of the cotton, office fixtures and warehouse will be about $75,000, but it is fully covered by insurance.

The President of University.

Col. M. L. Stansel has written Col. H. B. Foster that the meeting of the sub-committee of the board of trustees of the University of Alabama, which was appointed at the January meeting of that body, will meet in Tuscaloosa on May 29th, at which time it is thought that some one will be recommended to the board of trustees for the presidency of the university. The sub-committee consists of Messrs. Stansel, Foster and Lomax. There are a number of gentlemen before this committee for consideration.

The Medicine Mixers.

The Alabama Pharmaceutical Association, whose session in Montgomery was completed Thursday, will meet in 1902 in Birmingham. The officers for the ensuing year are: President—T. W. Peagler, Greenville. First Vice-President—R. H. Stickney, Jr., Anniston. Second Vice-President—D. T. Bowers, Mobile. Scretary—W. E. Bingham, Tuskaloosa. Treasurer—F. F. Ravenroft, Union Springs. Local Secretary—John L. Parker, Birmingham.

Alabama Coal to Mexico.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co. has contracted to supply the Mexican Central Railroad with 150,000 tons of Alabama coal, the delivery to cover a period of several months. This contract was secured after competition with coal concerns of Philadelphia, and the Alabamians secured it on better showing made as to price, etc. The coal will be shipped from Birmingham to Pensacola and from there to Tampico by boat. Shipments will ensue at once. This is the largest lump contract ever made by Alabama in that market, and the prospects now are that a steady trade in that section will develop.

A Five Year Lease.

Brown ore mining on Oak and Pine ridges in the mineral district of Leeds has been revived. It is understood that Col. J. W. Castleman, former assistant General Manager of the Sloss Iron & Steel Co., has secured a five year lease on all the property of the company in this locality, and is now engaged in building a tram track from the end of the present spur track of the Southern Railway Co. down Pine Ridge, and will eventually extend the same across Cahaba valley to the Oak Ridge and to the big deposits, discovered some years since by J. B. Elliott, of Leeds.

Oil Hunters.

A number of oil and gas experts are in Athens and think that they have located gas and oil both, and are taking leases on the available lands for the purpose of sinking wells. These gentlemen are from the gas and oil belt of Indiana, and say that they are satsified to try this place. They propose having one or more wells sunk by the early fall. Several splendid properties have already been leased.

Avondale Bonds Bought.

The issue of $15,000 six per cent thirty-year school bonds of Avondale, Ala., were purchased by John Nuveen & Company, bankers, of Chicago, at par.

Moonshine Whisky Seized.

The distillery plant of Barnes Upton, at Mountainboro, Ala., has been seized by the government and the plant is now in the hands of Collector Bingham. It is alleged that the plant has been operated at night in the absence of the Government gauger. Twelve barrels of whisky were seized with the still and brought to Birmingham. The Barnes & Upton still is one of the oldest in the state and is one of the largest and best known, and the operators are prominent citizens.

Anniston's Knitting Mill.

The new plant of the Anniston Knitting Mill Company is almost ready to begin operation, and the mill will be in full operation by the first of next week. This company was recently formed in Anniston. Mr. A. L. Tyler will manage the plant, having resigned his position as manager of the local plant of the Central Foundry Company, and being succeeded by E. P. Cooper. When the new knitting mill starts up, it will give to Anniston her ninth textile manufacturing industry. Five of the nine textile plants have been started here this year, and are now in full and successful operation.

Alabama Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows completed its work in Birmingham Thursday night, by installing its new officers as follows: Grand master, W. S. Lewis, of Mobile; Deputy grand master, John Ellis, of Anniston; Grand warden, J. Burger, of Birmingham; Grand chaplain, I. O. Adams, of Eufaula; Grand marshal, J. C. Gould, of Mobille; Grand conductor, I. Yaretzky; Grand guardian, Pat Felton, of Pratt City; Grand herald, J. T. Suddreth. Selma was chosen as the next place of meeting. The discussion on the question of a new constitution and by-laws was not completed, and it was decided to refer the matter to the next Grand Lodge. Before retiring from the chair as Grand Master, Mr. Pepperman was presented with a beautiful silver loving cup. The presentation was made by Dr. E. A. Meadow, representing Lodge No. 88, of Blocton.

Six trustees for the Widows' and Orphans' Home were selected and it is expected that they will soon seek propositions for the location of the Home, and will also make provision for the fund which will be created by a per capita tax on the six thousand and more members of the order in the state. The Rebekahs before adjourning chose the followng officers: President, Mrs. L. Harris, of Ensley; Vice-president, Mrs. J. R. Wing, of Montgomry; Secretary, Mrs. Lizzie Wegelin, of Bessemer; Treasurer, Mrs. G. R. Doran, of Montgomery; Chaplain, Mrs. M. E. Holt, of Birmingham; Warden, Mrs. Lydia Roran, of Montgomery; Conductor, Mrs. H. L. Rose, of Montgomery; Marshal, Mrs. C. Brown, of Mobile; Outer guard, Mrs. A. Sullivan, of Gurley; Inner guard, Mrs. Mollie Williams, of Bessemer.

A most disastrous fires in Talladega started Friday p. m. shortly after 6 o'clock, when the Talladega Grist Mills were totally destroyed and the Talladega Mercantile Company was almost consumed. The fire originated in some hay in the horse stables adjacent to the property, and burned with great fury. Part of the mercantile stock was consumed, and the buildings are almost a total loss. Loss estimated at about $55 000; $35,000 insurance.

Frank Miller's Latest Exploit.

Frank Miller, who is under sentence to hang June 28th, in Birmingham, has created another sensation in the county jail. He sprinkled his bed with kerosene and set it afire. Whether he intended to burn himself, or hoped to escape in the confusion, or did it because he was mad at having been put into a new cell that night is a matter of conjecture. Miller himself says he did it to get rid of bed bugs. The precaution taken by Sheriff Burgin to prevent fire in the jail enabled Night Warden Ball to promptly put it out.

A Distressing Accident.

A very distressing accident occurred at Lapington's mill in Athens that came near costing young Paul McCulley his life. He was off-bearing lumber when he allowed a plank that he was carrying to come in contact with the saw, which caused it to fly up, and striking him in the face, crushed his cheek bone and knocked him senseless. He was given prompt medical attention and will recover.

LABOR TROUBLES SETTLED

The Albany Strike Ended and Soldiers Withdrawn.

SUCCESSFUL LAUNCHING OF THE OHIO

Albany Strike Ended—Ohio Launched Oklahoma Storms—West Point Matters—That Runaway Priest Louisville Has a Big Fire.

Hotel Burned.

The Ocean View hotel, at Wrightsville Beach, was burned on the 18th inst., with bath houses, pavilion and several cottages.

Louisville Has a Fire.

Fire, cause unknown, early Saturday morning burned out the wholesale tinware and hardware store of Stratton & Terstegge, causing a loss of $65,000 on building and stock. The Kentucky Jeans Co. and Kahn, Martin & Co., wholesale boots and shoes, adjoining, sustained damages. The insurance is ninety per cent of the losses.

Death in the Elements.

The town of Box, O. T., was devastated by a windstorm Saturday and a half dozen houses demolished. Several farm houses near by were wrecked, and a Mrs. Andrews was killed. At Berry the home of Sandy Boucher was struck by lightning and his 12-year-old daughter killed. At Geary damage was done by hail, and at Weatherford Mrs. Milward was struck by lightning, and is feared will die.

Uncle Sam's New Battleship.

The Ohio, took her first dip into the sea at San Francisco, at 12:26 Saturday afternoon, and fifty thousand people cheered themselves hoarse. President McKinley arrived at the Union Iron Works where the Oregon and the Ohio were both built, shortly after 11 o'clook, was greeted and presented a gold plate in memory of the occasion. He spoke briefly to the men, and after an inspection of the works went to a stand, where he saw the launching. The ceremony was very simple but significant. Mrs. McKinley was to have pressed the button that started the Ohio down the ways, but on account of her illness, her niece, Miss Barber, acted in her place. Miss Deshler smashed a bottle of California champagne over the vessel's prow and gave her the name "Ohio." One of the notable banners displayed bore the inscription, "The Oregon has made her record; watch the Ohio."

Peace In Albany.

The street railway strike, lasting twelve days, requiring the presence of 3,000 members of the National Guard in Albany, N. Y., costing the lives of two citizens and entailing an expense to the county of Albany of over $39,000 is amicably settled. The agreement was reached early on Saturday and when it became known, the city became almost hysterical with joy. Both sides granted concessions, and under the agreement it is possible that strikes will be avoided in the future. The company on its part agrees to receive representations regarding grievances from any committee of its employes, representing organized or unorganized labor, but reserves the right to employ union or non-union men and to discharge employes for cause. The wages of all the motormen, conductors, linemen and pitmen is to be 20 cents per hour, and of pitmen helpers 17 1-2 cents per hour. The troops were immediately withdrawn.

A Kick on Col. Mills.

There seems to be a growing unpopularity of Colonel Mills, the Superintendent of the West Point Military Academy, who, army officers allege, has issued orders and prescribed regulations which the cadets say are entirely opposed to the traditions and best interests of the school. The trouble has been known to exist since the investigation of the Booz hazing, and matters have grown so bad of late that it is reported that no fewer than eighty cadets were confined to quarters and that several may be court-martialed.

Presbyterian Assemblies.

The Northern and Southern Assemblies of the Presbyterian church are convened at Philadelphia and Little Rock. There are overtures filed by the Philadelphia meeting asking for the exclusion of the word "dancing" from the preamble. The Cumberland Presbyterian Assembly also in session at West Point, Miss.

Millions of Perch.

Three million yellow pike perch, brought from the government fish hatchery at Sandusky, Ohio, were put in Little River, Tennessee, Friday. This consignment is the largest ever secured for a southern stream.

Murder, Arson, Then Suicide.

Evret Conway, shot and killed C. W. Garrison and wife in Evansville, Ind., Sunday, set fire to the Garrison property and badly wounded Patrolman Ben Wallis. After being driven to desperation by the police Conway killed himself.

Grant and Bates Recurs.

Brig.-Gens. Fred D. Grant and J. C. Bates arrived from Manila Saturday. General Grant is on his way east to join his son, a student at West Point. General Bates intends to visit friends in Chicago and St. Louis. It is expected he will be placed in command of the Department of Missouri.

Fell to His Death.

Late Saturday afternoon, Edward Green, a fireman, slipped from a line of hose upon which he was descending from the roof of a burning building in St. Louis, and was dashed to death on the pavement sixty feet below. A moment after his death, four other firemen, caught in the same trap, made perilous descents on the hose in safety.

At Milwaukee Next.

Milwaukee has been selected as the place for holding the biennial convention of the sovereign camp of the Woodmen of the World in 1903. The convention now in session at Columbus, O., will probably continue all week, as a great portion of work remains unfinished. A proposition to admit coal miners as an extra hazardous risk was referred to the committee of the whole.

On His Track, Perhaps.

It is reported that Father Amado, the runaway priest from Guadalajara, Mex., who took with him $100,000 belonging to religious societies of that city and a young woman of one of the best families, has crossed the frontier into the United States. By growing a beard and wearing citizens' dress he eluded pursuit. Another Guadalajara priest has created a sensation by telling his hearers not to discuss the matter under pain of excommunication.

The Gas Exploded.

An explosion of gas occurred in the Federal building at Topeka, Kas., last Saturday, injuring Josephine Herron and Carrie Sheffield, clerks. Miss Herron is not expected to survive. During the night gas accumulated from a faulty jet in the stamp vault. The two women entered in the morning after their packages. One of them struck a match and the explosion followed, blowing them against the walls and burning them severely. Several packages of stamps were destroyed.

Wanamaker's Home Burned.

The country home of Thomas B. Wanamaker was struck by lightning Saturday morning and entirely destroyed. Loss estimated at $500,000. The house contained valuable paintings and bric-a-brac, all of which was destroyed. Mr. Wanamaker and family were in Philadelphia at the time. Servants sleeping in the house narrowly escaped burning to death. The house was built in 1826, size rivaling a hotel. Its abutting wings contained a ball room, banqueting hall, library and picture gallery. The pictures in the art gallery are an irreparable loss. Their approximate value was $250,000, and several were specimens of the old masters. One alone, a Vandyke of Cabrles I., cost Mr. Wanamaker $43,000.

College President Resigned.

S. W. Boardman, A. B., D. D., president of Maryville College, Tenn., has resigned and gone to Newark, N. J., where he will make his future home. The reason for his resignation is his age, he being 70 years old.

By Savage Allies.

The Boer delegation in Amsterdam is greatly excited over a telegram from Durban, Natal, which says the British have sent the Zulus to raid the Vryheid district, agreeing to give them ten per cent of the plunder they procure.

Politician in Trouble.

H. H. Gouchenhour, a prominent Democratic politician of Tennessee, who opposed Congressman W. P. Brownlow is under indictment for using mails for fraud. It is alleged that he collected from postmasters contributions to the campaign fund, promising to repay and made this promise good by mailing enough campaign literature to more than reimburse the postmasters.

LIVE WASHINGTON

Happenings of the Week in the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S LETTER

Senator Morgan on the Canal Convention—Mrs. Lyman J. Gage Dead—Purchase of Alaska—Two New West Point Cadets.

The Treasury Department bought $89,000 short term bonds at $118 69.

Senator John T. Morgan last Friday an interview on the work of the Nicaraguan constitutional convention. He says ment is frank and fair and tract attention in the north the south. He says:

"The convention will be a representative assemblage of the best of the state. It will be composed of 155 delegates, all from the state. Men of standing in professional business life, lawyers, merchants, ers and farmers. It will be the duty of this convention in determining what is best for the state. The character of citizens composing the convention question is not one of party but involves administrative ability and character of the state. The convention meets to retieve the state from the curse of ignorance and vice. The work of the convention must accomplish the requirements of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution, and I believe it will do so with wisdom and justice to all. I believe that a majority of the people of the United States will approve of what has done when it is completed. The idea that the elimination of the negro will give birth to a Republican party in the South is based on an understanding of the sentiments of our people. The Republicans who vote with us are not negroes, whom the north has imposed, but there are lots of every community whom we respect for and who are good, law-abiding citizens. We can scores in our town who are industrious and pay respectable white people. of these we have more respect for Pat Banks and all his breaks into jail and breaks broke into the chaingang down to see the prison and begged him out for make and paid his way home has been in jail or the calaboose since, and yet his poor wife him and follows him with her children when he runs away hid out somewhere now and for them. Oh, the bonds of matrimony that tie a pleading woman to such that.

There are many better negroes community than some of the I had rather depend upon in time of trouble. My daughter her two little children servant, Clarissy, as willing most any white woman she Clarissy is kind, watchful affectionate and the children love is a good servant, and you such in almost every family able to hire one. All such be contented and have the comforts of life in their homes. A good give the sidewalk to a man respects and will tip his hat social equality is not a fixed privilege in any race or people would step aside and give the to a king or a president or man. I am not envious because rich man can travel in his private I recognize the fact that I humbler walk of life and gratitude. And so I am one old-time masters who require respect to be shown to me negroes now that they exhibit in the olden time. No more, no who do not do it are the whom we hate; for those who have a regard that is akin to and we would defend and them. Here is Sam Handergardens and chops wood for families, and they are all and would help him in time What a college education is this generation of negroes loss to know. If I ever saw them he was not at work. This education is changing so rapidly we old-timers can't keep up The most important feature seems to be kicking or batball, and some of the colleges boys 100 miles away to play ball. I had hopes that the would come out good men but they don't seem to have anything but play ball. The of the muscles of the legs is very important. Such needed in every town and firemen and to run with the and climb the ladders, so I is all right. I hope so.

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Downing Street hopes Britain and America will effect a reduction of the demnity. It is said that jections continue to obstacle to this end.

A large number of failures 60 per cent, have occurred in examinations of candidates ancies in the army. those who fail, however, revenue or the president lections and grant commissions.

The irrigation canal Wichita Falls, Tex., morning. No lives were lost siderable damage was done.

ILL ARP'S LETTER

Part of Ocean Party Subject of Comment By Bartow Man.

DISCUSSES THE NEWSPAPER "ROASTS"

Opinion is in a Clever Vein—It's a Game of "Pray," According Author William.

That is a newspaper word business. It attracts attention. Critics wouldn't do reporter must have a word that or scorches. There is a good of this roasting going on. The roasts the yankees who come Dr. Parkhurst and roast the governor and the Langhlin roasts Park It looks like everybody and has to pray on something catches the hawk, the the chicken and the nibbles up the worms and Everybody and everything great peril and it is well we it, for it would make us The people of Galveston Jacksonville escaped the worst the dread storm and fire of fear and apprehension. a noble and generous deed it Galveston to do—to give $1 Jacksonville. What a redeemer to our northern cities to give to the southern sufferers. I think than I think I do. There a power of good in human nature everywhere and I reckon that Co. had good intentions came down to inspect us. with those people is that they know more about us know ourselves and are sure when they find us civilized and people. Dr. Parkhurst admitted that he had never been south They know less about us than about the French or the Germans or the Chinese, and they know about the negro. One of preached: "These negroes seem happy. I hear them laugh merrily at the dance. I had that they were miserable, in

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LIVE WASHINGTON

Happenings of the Week in the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY

Senator Morgan on the Convention—Mrs. Lyman J. Gage Dead—Purchase of Two New West Point

The Treasury Department bought $79,000 short term 4 bonds at $113.693.

Senator John T. Morgan last Friday an interview the work of the forthcoming constitutional convention. He says:

"The convention will be a representative assemblage of the best of the state. It will be composed of delegates, all from useful callings of standing in professional, business life, lawyers, merchants and farmers. It will be a deliberative body, what is best for the welfare of citizens composing the state. The question is not one of party, but involves administrative integrity and character of the state. The convention meets to relieve the state of the evils of ignorance and vice. The work of the convention must accord with the requirements of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the federal constitution, and I believe it will do its work with wisdom and justice to all. I believe that a majority of the people of the United States will sympathize with and approve of what the convention has done when it is accomplished. The idea that the elimination of the negro will give birth to a new republican party in the South is based on an understanding of the sentiments of our people. There are republicans who vote with us on national matters, for respectability's sake, for the protection of their family, their business, but they vote the democratic national ticket and express their party loyalty. The elimination of the negro will enable these people to vote for Republican State officers without sacrificing their self-respect. The Democrats will still be Democrats and the Republicans still Republicans.

Mrs. Lyman J. Gage, wife of the secretary of the treasury, died at the residence in Washintgon, D. C., at 3:30 o'clock Friday night. The cause of her trouble, the result of grippe complications, was the immediate cause of her death. Mrs. Gage was a native of Troy, N. Y., and 58 years of age. She was married to Secretary Gage in Denver, Colo., in 1887. There were no children from their union. The remains will be interred in Rock Creek cemetery, near Chicago. During the residence in Washington, Secretary and Mrs. Gage have taken quite a part in social life at the capital. Mrs. Gage was a woman of charming personality, and delighted in extending the hospitality of their elegant home on Massachusetts avenue. Mrs. Gage's mother is probably closer to Mrs. McKinley than any other of the ladies of the cabinet circle.

The bravery of Calvin P. Titus, musician of Company F, Fourth cavalry, who was the first to enter the walls of Pekin when the allies attacked the Chinese camp, and Frederick Carson, a signal man, both awarded by the President appointments to West Point.

Chief Postoffice Inspector received dispatches announcing the death, after a desperate battle with postoffice safe-blowers charged with robbing the Lawhorn postoffice. They are Oscar Robertson and Albert Shrader. Both were in custody here being captured, and are now in Shreveport. Roberts confessed.

Downing Street hopes that Canada and America will be able to effect a reduction of the Chinese indemnity. It is said that Germany has consented to continue to form a concert to this end.

A large number of failures, 15 per cent, have occurred in the nominations of candidates for commissions in the army. Even from those who fail, however, the President may select one or the president may appoint them and grant commissions to them.

The irrigation company's works at Falls, Tex., broke and flooded. No lives were lost, but considerable damage was done.

ARP'S LETTER

Ogden Party Subject of Comment By Bartow Man.

WHEN THE NEWSPAPER "ROASTS"

When Is in a Clever Vein—It's a Game of "Prey," Asserts William.

That is a newspaper word that attracts attention. It sounds like something we wouldn't do ourselves. It must have a word that we do. There is a good deal of roasting going on. The papers roast the yankees who come to roast Dr. Parkhurst and roast the governor and the legislature. Roasts Park Commissioner Everybody and everything has to prey on something. The eagle preys on the hawk, the hawk preys on the chicken and the chicken goes up the worms and bugs. Everybody and everything has a natural prey and it is well we know it for it would make us sick. The people of Galveston and Jacksonville escaped the worst roast, the dread storm and fire—the agony of fear and apprehension—and a noble and generous deed it was for Galveston to do to give $1,000 to Jacksonville. What a redeeming trait in our northern cities to give to the sufferers. I think better of them than I think I do. There is a power of good in human nature, I know, and I reckon that many acts of charity, half good intentions and half show to inspect us, are done. The trouble with these people is that they know more about us than we do them and are surprised to find us civilized and intelligent. Dr. Parkhurst admits that he had never been south before. They know less about us than we do the Dutch or the German or the Chinese, and they know less about the negro. One of the Dutch boys said to me: "Those negroes seem happy." I hear them laugh and sing at the days. I had heard that they were miserable, ill-treated and oppressed.

Dr. Parkhurst says that we abuse the negro and say so, but the white man pretends to love him and show it. The doctor is mistaken. We do not hate the negro. We hate the white ones whom the north has emancipated, but there are lots of good people in every community whom we respect for and who are good, law abiding citizens. We can count scores in our town who are thrifty and industrious and pay respect to the respectable white people. Many of these we have more respect than for Pat Hanks and all his kin. Pat breaks into jail and breaks out. Pat broke into the chaingang and went down to see the prisoners and begged him out for his sake and paid his way home. He has been in jail or the calaboose ever since, and yet his poor wife goes to him and follows him with her children when he runs away. They are hid out somewhere now and she cares for them. Oh, the bonds and chains of matrimony that tie a beautiful, pleading woman to such a man as that.

There are many better negroes in our community than some of the folks I had rather depend upon in time of trouble. My daughter can trust her two little children with her servant Clarissy, as willingly as with most any white woman she knows. Clarissy is kind, watchful and affectionate and the children love her. She is a good servant, and you could not do better. Almost every family here has one. All such negroes are contented and I have the comfort of their presence in our homes. A good negro will give the sidewalk to a man he respects and will tip his hat to him. Social equality is not a fixed, natural privilege in any race or people. I would step aside and give the sidewalk to a king or a president or a great man. I am not envious because a rich man can travel in his private car. I recognize the fact that I am in a humbler walk of life and do not intrude. And so I am one of old-time masters who require the respect to be shown to me by negroes now that they exhibited in the olden time. No more, no less than those who do not do it are the men whom we hate, for those who have a regard that is akin to love for us and we would defend and protect them. Here is Sam Hander-son, who has gardens and chops wood for a dozen families and they are all friends and would help him in time of need. What a college education is doing for the education of negroes I am not able to know. If I ever saw a man who was not at work. This man is changing so rapidly that we poor sinners can't keep up with him. The most important feature now seems to be kicking or batting balls, and some of the colleges have boys two miles away to play base ball. I had hopes that the boys would come out good men, but they don't seem to have time to do anything but play ball. The development of the muscles of the back and legs is very important. Such men are needed in every town and city for firemen and to run with the hose reel and climb the ladders, so I reckon it is all right. I hope so.

We are all getting along fairly well now and in the enjoyment of more things than curses. The weather is delightful, the flowers are in bloom, the gardens prospering and we are luxuriating on green peas, strawberries and asparagus every day. The chrysanthemums are looming up and my wife wants me to separate them and transplant, but I don't feel like it. I plucked the first Marechal Niel rose this morning and stuck it in her Pocahontas hair at the breakfast table. On the first of next month she will be born again—that is to say, she will have another birthday—and I am ruminating what little token of devotion to give her. Two weeks later will be my seventy-fifth anniversary and I hope she is ruminating about a token for me. All's well that ends well. So mote it be.—**Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.**

Advantages of Water Meters.

The water bureau of Albany, N. Y., has been gathering statistical information in regard to the average consumption of water in large towns of the United States. The direct result of this compilation has been to prove conclusively that water meters are very effective in reducing the well-known waste of water that occurs wherever a flat water rate is in vogue. The average daily per capita water consumption of 134 cities was found to be 157 gallons. Analysis of the data shows that those cities which supply ten per cent of their water consumption by meters average about 153 gallons daily per capita, while in those cities where over fifty per cent. of the taps are metered average only sixty-two gallons. Nothing could be more conclusive. Towns that sell by meter consume less than half as much water as towns which sell by guess work.

East Indian Superstitions.

Hare's blood useful for young infant. When young one attacked with ague, the blood and some mother's milk mixed together and given to drink to the infant, the sickness will go.

Black monkey is useful for magic. The monkey will be killed on Sunday. Drink a little blood, take off the skin, and make to cap. The magic could not touch that man.

Peacock's leg useful for deaf man. This will be killed on Monday. Take out both eyes. The left will be burned and the right as well. Keep the dust of the right, throw some of the dust on a woman's garments, and she will love you, throw dust of left eye, and she will leave off by pronouncing some magic words.—The Oriental Sporting Magazine.

They Were All Tired.

The parlor entertainer has some amusing experiences, although he is not always good natured enough to tell them against himself. One who appreciates a joke, however, relates that on a certain occasion he had been performing at an "at home," and responding to so many encores that the programme became unusually long.

After it was over, his hostess and her young daughter came up to him and, after congratulating him on the success of the afternoon, said, most cordially:

"Oh, Mr. Blank, come and have some punch and sit down for a while. I know you must be awfully tired."

"Yes," chimed in the sweet young daughter, with the best intentions in the world, "I'm sure we are."—New York Mail and Express.

British Building Trade Pensions.

A practical proof of what can be done in the way of establishing old-age pensions without Government assistance is given by the Provident Institution of Builders' Foremen and Clerks of Works. The members of the institution, when incapacitated by old age from following their employment, obtain a weekly pension of fifteen shillings, and this sum is about to be increased to eighteen shillings. When the pensioners die their widows are not forgotten, a sum of six shillings a week being allowed them. The society is in a prosperous condition, not mainly through the subscriptions—each member pays only £2 a year—but it has the good will of the large London builders, who liberally subscribe to the funds.—London Express.

English Ideas of Lynching.

At a recent dinner in London the conversation turned on the subject of lynchings in the United States. It was the general opinion that a rope was the chief end of man in America. Finally, the hostess turned to an American who had taken no part in the conversation, and said:

"You, sir, must have often seen these affairs."

"Yes," he replied, "we take a kind of municipal pride in seeing which city can show the greatest number of lynchings yearly."

"Oh, do tell us about a lynching you have seen yourself," broke in half a dozen voices at once.

Mining work is again beginning in South Africa, and before long the whole Witwatersrand will take on the activity which it displayed before the war. As the war has cost England more than $500,000,000 and the Vaal pretty nearly all its accumulated wealth, it will take some time for the product of the mines, the original cause of the trouble, to balance the account, if it ever does.

If the frock coat, according to King Edward, is to be considered the distinguishing mark of a republic, what form of government does the masculine shirt waist represent?

Happiness is a relative term, but not always the term of relatives, reflects the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

It is now proper to speak of any commodity being "congested" instead of "cornered."

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

In the manufactures of Great Britain alone the power which steam exerts is estimated to be equal to the manual labor of 4,000,000,000 men, or more than double the number of males supposed to inhabit the globe.

There have been rapid strides in the iron and steel industry in South Russia during the past five years. No fewer than 14 ironworks have been started, while the quartet of pre-existing works have doubled the number of their blast furnaces.

The consumption of ice in Brazil is constantly increasing. This is due principally to the demand for ice in restaurants, hotels and other public places. Foreigners are most insistent in their calls for ice. Our consul at Santos is of the opinion that an ice company would prove a profitable undertaking in that place, the use of ice being practically unknown in the fish, vegetable and meat markets. He also thinks the American refrigerator would sell well in Brazil.

Spiders are met with in the forests of Java whose webs are so strong that it requires a knife to cut through them, we are told. A spider weighing four pounds, which has taken up her residence in a cathedral at Munich, regales herself with a large supply of lamp oil. A Texas spider weaves a balloon four feet long and two feet wide, which she fastens to a tree by a single thread, then marches on board with her half dozen little ones, cuts the thread, and away goes the airship to some distant point on the prairie.

In the light of the recent report of Major Reed, regarding the failure of the "electrical purification" of the harbor of Havana, which is practically an enormous cesspool, it is worth remembering that the Hermite electrolytic process for the purification of sewage, which is practically identical with the Woolf process used at Havana, was carefully tested and found unsatisfactory some years ago in England. Major Reed's report says that the purification of the Woolf process is "inadequate" and the better results at a less cost could have been obtained by the simple use of chloride of lime. A little time spent in looking up the literature of the subject would have evidently saved some disappointment, if nothing more.

Professor Pictet of Geneva is reported to have devised a new plan by which oxygen may be produced on the commercial scale and at a cost which will greatly increase its use. While in New York City, Professor Pictet demonstrated on the small scale a method for the production of oxygen, by bubbling air through liquid air, by which the air separated into its two constituents; the nitrogen flowing out through a tube at the top of the chamber, and the oxygen through a tube at the bottom. Apparently, practical difficulties were encountered which prevented its application. His new method is to drive the air into a condenser, which is cooled on the outside by liquid air. The low temperature causes the oxygen of the air to separate by gravity from the nitrogen. It is then drawn off from the bottom of the condenser, and the nitrogen from the top, while any carbonic acid present, made liquid by the low temperature, is drawn into tubes. As a 500-horse power engine will make 500,000 cubic feet of oxygen a day, it seems that the process is not expensive.

Farming in the Past Decade.

The last 10 years have witnessed a great many changes in the number, size and location of farms. In the later settled states and territories many new farms were opened by settlement on the public domain. In the older settled sections of the Southern and North Central states a large number of new farms were called into being by the subdivision of the old estates into smaller holdings. In the same parts of the country the area of improved land was considerably extended and the value of farm investments largely increased. The net additions to farm resources in the decade, stated in millions of dollars, will exceed the reported value of all farm investments in 1850. In other words, the increased wealth of our farmers, as the result of their last 10 years, labor, equals the farm wealth of the nation reported as the outcome of their toil and economies from the settlement at Jamestown to the middle of the 19th century.

What has been the effect of these changes upon the social and economic conditions of the masses engaged in the cultivation of the soil? The people of this country are deeply interested in the question, and for the answer thereto will eagerly scan the bulletins of the census of agriculture, which will begin to appear in a very few months.—Reviews of Reviews.

A New Theory About Coal.

H. W. Pearson of Duluth, Minn., is suing the Great Northern Railroad for 10 percent of the alleged value of some coal lands that he claims to have discovered in Montana on an entirely new theory. This theory, to which he has applied himself for 20 years, is that the coal beds were formed by flood-wood, or dirft-wood carried by repeated floods, and deposited in pockets by the currents.

In these days an inventor is likely to receive some reward for the product of his genius. As, for instance, Professor Pufin received $500,000 for his invention of an ocean telephone.

Relic hunters are the vandals to whom nothing is sacred. These pestiferous destroyers are now defacing the canopy over Plymouth Rock.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Christian Malahrotisms—Workers For the Lord Who Are Religious Blunderers—How to Be Skillful in Spiritual Archery—More Backbone Needed.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage urges all Christian workers to increased fidelity and shows how much effort at doing good fails through lack of adroitness; text, Genesis x. 9, "He was a mighty hunter before the Lord."

In our day hunting is a sport, but in the lands and the times infested of wild beasts it was a matter of life or death with the people. It was very different from going out on a sunshiny afternoon with a patent breechloader to shoot reed birds on the flats when Pollux and Achilles and Diomedes went out to clear the land of lions and panthers and bears. Xenophon grew eloquent in regard to the art of hunting. In the Far East people, elephant mounted, chased the tiger. Francis I. was called the father of hunting. And Moses, in my text, sets forth Nimrod as a hero when it presents him with broad shoulders and shaggy apparel and sun-browned face and arm bunched with muscle—"a mighty hunter before the Lord." I think he used the bow and the arrows with great success practicing archery.

I have thought if it is such a grand thing and such a brave thing to clear wild beasts out of a country if it is not a better and braver thing to hunt down and destroy those great evils of society that are stalking the land with fierce eye and bloody paw and sharp tusk and quick spring. I have wondered if there is not such a thing as gospel archery, by which those who have been flying from the truth may be captured for God and heaven. The Lord Jesus Christ in His sermon used the art of angling for an illustration when He said, "I will make you fishers of men." And so I think I have authority for using hunting as an illustration of gospel truth, and I pray God that there may be many a man enlisted in the work who shall begin to study gospel archery, of whom it may, after awhile, be said, "He was a mighty hunter before the Lord."

How much awkward Christian work there is done in the world! How many good people there are who drive souls away from Christ instead of bringing them to Him! All their fingers are thumbs—religious blunderers who upset more than they right. Their gun has a crooked barrel, and kicks as it goes off. They are like a clumsy comrade who goes along with skillful hunters. At the very moment he ought to be most quiet he is crackling an alder or falling over a log and frightening away the game. How few Christian people have ever learned how the Lord Jesus Christ at the well went from talking about a cup of water to the most practical religious truths, which won the woman's soul for God! Jesus in the wilderness was breaking bread to the people. I think it was very good bread. It was very light bread, and the yeast had done its work thoroughly. Christ, after He had broken the bread, said to the people, "Beware of the yeast or of the leaven of the Pharisees." So natural a transition it was, and how easily they all understood Him! But how few Christian people there are who understand how to fasten the truths of God and religion to the souls of men!

The archers of olden time studied their art. They were very precise in the matter. The old books gave special directions as to how an archer should go and as to what an archer should do. He must stand erect and firm, his left foot a little in advance of the right foot. With his left hand he must take hold of the bow in the middle, and then with the three fingers and the thumb of his right hand he should lay hold the arrow and affix it to the string, so precise was the direction given. But how clumsy we are about religious work! How little skill and care we exercise! How often our arrows miss the mark! I am glad that there are institutions established in many of the cities of our land where men may learn the art of doing good—studyng spiritual archery and become known as "mighty hunters before the Lord."

In the first place if you want to be effectual in doing good you must be very sure of your weapon. There was something very fascinating about the archery of olden times. Perhaps you do not know what they could do with the bow and arrow. Why, the chief battles fought by the English Plantagenets were with the longbow. They would take the arrow of polished wood and feather it with the plume of a bird, and then it would fly from the bowstring of plaited silk. The bloody fields of Agincourt and Solway Moss and Neville's Cross heard the loud thrum of the archer's bowstring. Now, my Christian friends, we have mightier weapon than that. It is the arrow of the gospel. It is a sharp arrow; it is feathered from the wing of the dove of God's Spirit; it flies from a bow made out of the wood of the cross. As far as I can estimate or calculate, it has brought down 400,000,000 of souls. Paul knew how to bring the notch of that arrow on to the bowstring, and its whir was heard through the Corinthian theatres and through the courtroom until the knees of Felix knocked together.

It was that arrow that stuck in Luther's heart when he cried out: "Oh, my sins! Oh, my sins!" If it strike a man in the head it kills his skepticism; if it strike him in the heel it will turn his step; if it strike him in the heart he throws up his hands, as did one of old when wounded in in the battle, crying, "O Galilean, Thou hast conquered!"

In the armory of the Earl of Penbroke there are old corselets which show that the arrow of the English used to go through the breastplate, through the body of the warrior and out through the backplate. What a symbol of that gospel which is sharper than a two-edged sword, piercing to the dividing asunder of soul and body and of the joints and marrow! Would to God we had more faith in that gospel.

The humblest man in the world, if he had enough faith in it, could bring a hundred souls to Christ—perhaps 500. Just in proportion as this age seems to believe less and less in it I believe more and more in it. What are men about that they will not accept their own deliverance? There is nothing proposed by men that can do anything like this gospel.

The religion of Ralph Waldo Emerson was the philosophy of icicles; the religion of Theodore Parker was a sirocco of the desert, covering up the soil with dry sand; the religion of Renan was the romance of believing almost nothing; the religion of the Huxleys and the Spencers is merely a pedestal on which human philosophy sits shivering in the night of the soul, looking up to the stars, offering no help to the nations that crouch and groan at the base. Tell me where there is one man who has rejected that gospel for another who is thoroughly satisfied and helped and contented in his skepticism, and I will take the car to-morrow and ride 500 miles to see him.

The full power of the gospel has not yet been touched. As a sportsman throws up his hand and catches the ball flying through the air, just so easily will this gospel after awhile catch this round world flying from its orbit, and bring it back to the heart of Christ. Give it full swing, and it will pardon every sin, heal every wound, cure every trouble, emancipate every slave and ransom every nation.

Again, if you want to be skillful in spiritual archery, you must hunt in unfrequented and secluded places. Why does the hunter go three or four days into the Pennsylvania forests or over Raquette Lake into the wilds of the Adirondacks? It is the only way to do. The deer are shy, and one "bang" of the gun clears the forest. From the California stage you see, as you go over the plains, here and there a coyote trotting along almost within range of the gun—sometimes quite within range of it. No one cares for that; it is worthless. The good game is hidden and secluded. Every hunter knows that. So many of the souls that will be of most worth for Christ and of most value to the church are secluded. They do not come in your way. You will have to go where they are.

I remark further, if you want to succeed in spiritual archery you must have courage. If the hunter stands with trembling hand or shoulder that flinches with fear, instead of his taking the catamount the catamount takes him. What would become of the Greenlander if when out hunting for the bear he should stand shivering with terror on an iceberg? What would have become of Du Chaillu and Livingstone in the African thicket with a faint heart and a weak knee? When a panther comes within twenty paces of you, and it has its eye on you, and it has squatted for the fearful spring, "Steady there!" Courage, O ye spiritual archers! There are great monsters of iniquity prowling all around about the community. Shall we not in the strength of God go forth and combat them? We not only need more heart, but more backbone. What is the church of God that it should fear to look in the eye any transgression? There is the Bengal tiger of drunkenness that prowls around, and instead of attacking it how many of us hide under the church pew or the communion table! There is so much invested in it we are afraid to assault it—millions of dollars in barrels, in vats, in spigots, in corkscrews, in gin palaces with marble floors and Italian top tables, and chased ice coolers, and in the strychnine, and the logwood, and the tartaric acid, and the nux vomica that go to make up our "pure" American drinks. I looked with wondering eyes on the "Heidelberg tun." It is the great liquor vat of Germany, which is said to hold 800 hogsheads of wine and only three times in a hundred years it has been filled. But as I stood and looked at it I said to myself: "That is nothing—800 hogsheads. Why, our American vat holds 10,200,000 barrels of strong drink, and we keep 300,000 men with nothing to do but to see that it is filled." Oh, to attack this great monster of intemperance and the kindred monsters of fraud and uncleanness requires you to rally all your Christian courage! Through the press, through the pulpit, through the platform, you must assault it.

Would to God that all our American Christians would band together, not for crackbrained fanaticism, but for holy Christian reform! I think it was in 1793 that there went out from Lucknow, India, under the sovereign, the greatest hunting party that was ever projected. There were 10,000 armed men in that hunting party. There were camels and horses and elephants. On some princes rode, and royal ladies under exquisite housings, and 500 coolies waited upon the train, and the desolate places of India were invaded by this excursion, and the rhinoceros and deer and elephant fell under the stroke of the sabre and bullet. After awhile the party brought back trophies worth 50,000 rupees, having left the wilderness of India ghastly with the slain bodies of wild beasts. Would to God that instead of here and there a straggler going out to fight these great monsters of iniquity in our country the millions of members of our churches would band together and hew in twain these great crimes that make the land frightful with their roar, and are fattening upon the bodies and souls of immortal men! Who is ready for such a party as that? Who will be a mighty hunter for the Lord?

I remark, again, if you want to be successful in spiritual archery you need not only to bring down the game, but bring it in. I think one of the most beautiful pictures of Thorwaldsen is his "Autumn." It represents a sportsman coming home and standing under a grapevine. He has a staff over his shoulder, and on the other end of that staff are hung a rabbit and a brace of birds. Every hunter brings home the game. No one would think of bringing down a roebuck or whipping up a stream for trout and letting them lie in the woods. At eventide the camp is adorned with the treasures of the forest—beak and fin and antler.

If you go out to hunt for immortal souls, not only bring them down under the arrow of the gospel, but bring them into the church of God, the grand home and encampment we have pitched this side of the skies. Fetch them in. Do not let them lie out in the open field. They need our prayers and sympathies and help. That is the meaning of the church of God—help. O ye hunters for the Lord, not only bring down the game, but bring it in!

If Mithridates liked hunting so well that for seven years he never went indoors, what enthusiasm ought we to have who are hunting for immortal souls! If Domitian practiced archery until he could stand a boy down in the Roman amphitheatre with a hand out, the fingers spread apart, and then the king could shoot an arrow between the fingers without wounding them, to what drill and what practice ought we to subject ourselves in order to become spiritual archers and "mighty hunters before the Lord"?

But, let me say, you will never work any better than you pray. The old archers took the bow, put one end of it down beside the foot, elevated the other end, and it was the rule that the bow should be just the size of the archer. If it were just his size, then he would go into the battle with confidence. Let me say that your power to project good in the world will correspond exactly to your own spiritual stature. In other words, the first thing in preparation for Christian work is personal consecration.

"Oh, for a closer walk with God,
A calm and heavenly frame,
A light to shine upon the road
That leads me to the Lamb!"

I am sure that there are some men who at some time have been hit by the gospel arrow. You felt the wound of that conviction, and you plunged into the world deeper, just as the stag, when the hounds are after it, plunges into Schroon Lake, expecting in that way to escape. Jesus Christ is on your track to-day. O impenitent man, not in wrath, but in mercy. O ye chased and panting souls, here is the stream of God's mercy and salvation, where you may cool your thirst!

Stop that chase of sin to-day. By the red fountain that leaped from the heart of my Lord I bid you stop! There is mercy for you—mercy that pardons, mercy that heals, everlasting mercy. The twelve gates of God's love stand open. Enter and be forever safe.

There is in a forest in Germany a place they call the "deer leap"—two crags, about eighteen yards apart, between them a fearful chasm. This is called the "deer leap" because once a hunter was on the track of a deer. It came to one of these crags. There was no escape for it from the pursuit of the hunter, and in utter despair it gathered itself up and in the death agony attempted to jump across. Of course it fell and was dashed on the rocks far beneath. Here is a path to heaven. It is plain; it is safe. Jesus marks it out for every man to walk in. But here is a man who says, "I won't walk in that path; I will take my own way." He comes on up until he confronts the chasm that divides his soul from heaven. Now his last hour has come, and he resolves that he will leap that chasm from the heights of earth to the heights of heaven. Stand back now and give him full swing, for no soul ever did that successfully. Let him try. Jump! He misses the mark, and he goes down, depth below depth, "destroyed without remedy." Men, angels, devils, what shall we call that place of awful catastrophe? Let it be known forever as the soul's death leap.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 26.

Subject: The Holy Spirit Given, Acts ii. 1-11.—Golden Text, John xvi. 13.—Memory Verses, 1-4.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Day of Pentecost." The meaning of Pentecost is "fiftieth." It occurred fifty days after the Passover and was the second of the three yearly feasts held by the Jews. The resurrection was upon a Sunday and Pentecost was the fiftieth day from the resurrection, therefore it was also on Sunday. "Fully come." The day began at the previous sunset, and this would suggest an hour on the fiftieth day. They knew a great blessing was to come upon them, but how or when they did not know. Thus they were best led to watch and pray, to open their minds to the truth, to be bound together in love, and to seek the Lord with all their hearts, trusting Him for the fulfilment of the promise. "All." Probably the 120 spoken of in Chap. i. 15 who were altogether at the election of Matthias. "With one accord." There was no person uninterested, none unconcerned, none lukewarm, all were in earnest, and the Spirit of God came down to meet their united faith and prayer. "In one place." The upper room. Acts i. 13. At the time of Hadrian's visit to Jerusalem, then for the most part in ruins, there was still entire the upper church of the apostles in which Cyril of Jerusalem ministered A. D. 348. It is God's plan to have His people meet together in His name (Heb. x. 25; Matt. 18. 19, 20), and those who through negligence, or otherwise, absent themselves from the company of the saints will suffer great spiritual loss.

2. "Suddenly." Unexpectedly, in a moment, not gradually, as winds generally rise. "A sound." The suddenness, strength and diffusiveness of the sound strike with deepest awe the whole company, and thus complete their preparation for the heavenly gift. Wind was a familiar emblem of the Spirit. Ezek. 37: 9; John 3: 8; 20: 22. But this was not a rush of actual wind. It was only a sound, "as of" it. "It filled all the house." The sound was heard by all. To an upper room the Spirit came, a plain unfurnished room, where there was no ritual, no priest, no burnt offerings, no smell of incense.

3. "There appeared." After the audible sign immediately follows the visible. "Cloven tongues." The tongues of fire parted themselves off like streams from one source or like branches from one root, and distributed themselves among them. This was the baptism of fire which John had promised (Matt. 3: 11); the fire on earth which the Lord Himself longed to see kindled. Luke 12: 49. The tongues were the emblem of the languages they were to speak. The cloven tongues pointed out the diversity of those languages, and the fire seemed to intimate that the whole would be a spiritual gift and be the means of bringing light and life to the souls who should hear them preach the everlasting gospel in those languages. "Like as of fire." The fire indicated: 1. The penetrating power of the word of God. 2. The old symbol of zeal and enthusiasm. 3. Leaping, triumphant, transforming energy. 4. The resistless purifying which consumes the errors and burns up evil. 5. All the comfort, warmth, cheer, life, joy, blessing, which the Holy Spirit could impart. "It sat." There were as many flames as there were persons and they sat upon them for some time to show the constant residence of the Holy Spirit with them. The Spirit henceforth was to abide in the church, and hold His throne and seat there, as the Shekinah in the Holy of Holies of old, and as the spirit of life abides in our bodies, the organizing, controlling, life-giving power.

4. "Were all filled." Not only touched or made aware of the presence of the Holy Ghost, but filled; made full. The whole nature was filled with the love and power of God. The same measure and the same gifts of the Spirit were not bestowed on all alike; nevertheless, each one was filled, receiving the same measure of the Spirit which corresponded to his capacity. "With the Holy Spirit." (R. V.) The Holy Spirit was not now for the first time given to men, for the Old Testament repeatedly makes mention of His influence on the minds of the prophets and others (compare, also, Luke 1: 15, 41, 67); but He is now given in abundance and power, thus ushering in a new dispensation. At this time the hearts of the disciples were purified by faith. "Began to speak." The speech that publishes the glad tidings should be a tongue of fire. He who speaks the gospel coldly has not himself felt its power. When the preacher's heart is kindled his words will burn. Enthusiasm instead of being a blemish in a Christian is his normal condition. "Fervent in spirit, serving the Lord;" these two have been joined together by the word of God, and they should never be put asunder in the practice of men. The difference between one man and another is the difference of fire. "With other tongues." Their tongues were new with respect to language as well as to thoughts. "Gave utterance." Furnished them with the matters as well as the language.

5. "Dwelling at Jerusalem." Both permanent residents and pilgrims, who had come up to the feast, are probably included, verse 10. At this time there was scarcely a commercial nation under heaven where the Jews had not been scattered for the purpose of trade, merchandise, etc., and from all these nations, it is said, there were persons now present at Jerusalem. The wide list of countries mentioned includes all the lands to which the Israelites had been banished. Representatives from all the twelve tribes listened to Peter's sermon (Acts 2: 14-36), carried back the gospel to their different homes, and were afterward confirmed in the faith by the epistle of James, addressed to the twelve tribes which are scattered abroad, or are in the dispersion.

6. "When this sound was heard." (R. V.) The sound that came from the upper room. "Confounded." Perplexed, failing to understand what it all meant. See v. 12. "Own language." Or dialect; they heard even the different dialects. See v. 8.

7. "Galileans." Persons wholly uneducated and, consequently, ignorant of those languages which they now speak so fluently.

9. "Parthians." For an explanation of the names in this and the following verses see dictionary.

10. "Proslytes." Heathen who had accepted the Jewish religion.

11. "Wonderful works." Concerning Jesus: His death, resurrection and ascension and His power to save men from sin.

Will the Unnited States have a population of 300,000,000 by the end of the twentieth century? Mr. O. P. Austin, Chief of the United States Bureau of Statistics, in an article in the Forum, answers the question in the affirmative. Mr. Austin very carefully considers the most densely populated districts and countries of the present day, and their conditions, and holds that the United States, with its enormously increasing cultivable area, its resources, its rapid progress in economics and mechanics, will be more able to sustain such a population a century hence than are the prosperous nations of Europe to sustain their population of to-day.

THE BANNER.

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THE minutes of the twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Alabama Press Association just to hand reflect great credit upon the Association and upon the the indefatigable secretary J. A. Rountree, who always takes especial pains with everything connected with the Association. The illustrations of the several officers are especially good and life like, and the report of the proceedings are full and accurate.

THE Constitutional Convention convened at Montgomery on Tuesday, every one of the one hundred and fifty-five delegates answering the roll call. Chief Justice McClellan presided during the enrollment of the delegates. He stated the purpose of the law and said he was ready to perfect the temporary organization. Secretary of State Robt. P. McDavid acted as temporary secretary. In the afternoon a Democratic caucus was held, one hundred and forty-one delegates being admitted, and John B. Knox, of Calhoun, was unanimously nominated for President of the convention; Frank N. Julian, of Colbert, secretary; W. F. Herbert, of Montgomery, assistant secretary; Robert Hasson, of Etowah, doorkeeper, and Thomas J. Fain, of Dale, assistant doorkeeper. On Wednesday morning the convention duly elected the nominees of the caucus, and Pres. Knox made an exhaustive speech to the convention.

The newly elected officers of the convention were sworn in by the president.

The fourteen members who did not go into the Democratic caucus were Messrs. Sloan, of Blount, Reynolds of Chilton, Phillips of Clay, Foshee of Conecuh, Porter of Coosa, Cofer of Cullman, Case of DeKalb, Studdard of Fayette, Byars of Franklin, Mulkey of Geneva, Bartlett of Marshal, Spears of St. Clair, Freeman of Winston, and Williams of Elmore.

The entire proceedings of the Constitutional Convention will be published in The Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. For a limited time the Age-Herald will be clubbed with this paper one year for the small price of 50 cents for The Age-Herald. Subscribe at once. The Banner and Age-Herald, both papers one year for $1.25.

CIRCUIT COURT.

THE second, or criminal week of court was of short duration, the whole business occupying only two days. Judge Denson opened court at ten o'clock Monday morning, the juries were empanelled, and the dockets taken up.

The following cases were disposed of:

Mose Brewer, assault, fine $10.

Tom Noah, abusive language, fine $5.

Annie Young, colored, larceny, hard labor 10 days and costs.

William Johnson, shooting across public road, fine $5.

Walter Aldridge, disturbing school, fine $5.

Hugh Lockhart, abusive language, fine $5.

George Hayes, disturbing religious worship, fine $20.

Wm. Wise, abusive language, fine $20.

Town of Clanton vs. Tol Marcus, appeal, dismissed.

Town of Clanton vs. Will Goodgame, colored, appeal; dismissed.

The State vs. Tol Marcus, abusive language, continued by State.

The State vs. Doc Wilkins, indictment quashed and defendant held under bail to await action of next Grand Jury.

The State vs. John Rasberry, indictment quashed and defendant held under bail to await action of next Grand Jury.

The State vs. Brownie Marcus, gaming, nolle prossed.

The State vs. John Easterling, continued.

The State vs. Bob Easley, colored, gaming; not guilty.

The State vs. Jake Hayes, colored, appeal from Justice Bice's court, appeal quashed.

The State vs. Emerson Pletcher and Martha Young, continued.

The State vs. Ocee Holman, selling liquor, continued.

The State vs. George Parker, colored, road defaulter, appeal from county court; not guilty.

The State vs. John Riley, colored, assault with weapon, not guilty.

The State vs. John Dutton, carrying concealed weapons, not guilty.

Court adjourned Tuesday night about six o'clock.

Confederate Reunion at Memphis.

It is very important that all persons expecting to attend the Reunion in Memphis on the 28th, 29th and 30th of May, make applicaton at once for places where they can be accommodated.

The committee on hotels and Accomodations has made a complete canvas of the city, and they feel justified in saying that they have plenty of room for everyone who will visit Memphis, either in private houses or in public buildings, where cots with pillows, sheets and blankets will be furnished, and where visitors can be made comfortable; but it is very important that the committee on information should know at once about how many people are coming, and the committee earnestly hopes that the people will not wait until the last moment, when they will then come with a rush just before the Reunion, when it will be impossible to wait on them.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

A Writer's Aspirations.

They were looking through the library. "If you had the divine gift what would you rather write?" asked the romantic young woman.

"Checks," replied the sordid young man.—Philadelphia Record.

A widow who has made up her mind to marry again has a great deal more sense in laying traps than a widower.—Atchison Globe.

Program Teachers' Institute

at Jemison, May 24-25.

FRIDAY, 24, 10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, I. M. Collier. Response, R. E. R. Hicks.

11. Teachers' Preparation for Classwork, W. C. Evans, Miss Alice Strock.

11.30 Drawing in Public Schools Miss Mary E. Haley. Noon recess.

2 p.m. Aims and Methods in Mathematical Work. R. D. Carmichael.

3. School Environments, J. N. Dennis, G. B. Wheeler.

3:30. The five month's School Law, by the Institute.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Opening Exercises.

9:30. Methods of teaching Grammar, R. E. R. Hicks, W. H. Connell.

10. A Course of Study for Country Schools, S. J. Jennings.

10:30 Requisites to Successful Teaching. R. O. Headley, Miss Addie Horsley.

11. Why should the State Educate her children and to what extent? H. L. Davis, Miss Ida Horn. Noon recess.

2 p.m. What should Pupils be taught outside of Text books? R. B. Waldrup, Miss Rosa Thornton.

3. Live questions to be discussed by the Institute.

1st. Give your methods of holding the attention of your pupils

2d. How would you prevent whispering and would you forbid it altogether.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening by Prof. Collier's school.

Committee—R. A. Rasco, G. L. Speer, Thomas Williams, J. W. Moore.

PROGRAM MEMORIAL SERVICES

to be held at Pleasant Grove church, May 30, 1901.

9:30 a.m. Welcome address and object of the Decoration, Rev. N. A. Dobbs.

9:45. Response, J. W. Hayes.

10. Certainty of death and the importance of a timely preparation for death and judgment, Rev. T. C. Cassidy.

10:30. Decorating the graves, led by Wm. Henley, N. A. Dobbs, Mrs. A. E. Durbin, Mrs. Mary Gibson, Mrs. Emma Vance and Mrs. F. W. Henley

11. Will we know each other when we meet beyond the grave? L. W. Henley and others.

12 m. Dinner.

2 p.m. Sermon on the resurrection and judgment, Rev. C. B. Mcdaniel.

A. C. MIMS, M. M. DURBIN, R. W. MILFORD } Committee on Program

He Is A Wonder.

All who see Mr. C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, as he is now, cheerful, erect, vigorous, without an ache, could hardly believe he is the same man, who, a short time ago, had to sit in a chair, propped up by cushions, suffering intensely from an aching back, in agony if he tried to stoop—all caused by chronic kidney trouble, that no medicine helped till he used Electric Bitters and was wholly cured by three bottles. Positively cures Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, all Kidney troubles. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs S. P. Ness, Defendant, who resides at Kenyon Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

To S. P. Ness, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Kenyon Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $150.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the 1st day of January, 1900, together with $25.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the north half of northwest fourth of southwest fourth of southwest fourth in section five, township twenty-two, range fourteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the west and north sides of said tract of land as the property of the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. E. B. DEASON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

THE BEST ON EARTH

TAILORING IS MADE BY LAMM & COMPANY CHICAGO.

RELIABLE FABRICS,
AREST WORKMANSHIP,
ENOWNED FITS,
EASONABLE PRICES.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. H. Sartor, Clanton

Dealer in Everything for Everybody

SUPERIOR GOODS AT INFERIOR PRICES.

We supply Man, Woman and child with "KLOZE" as you like 'em and we have you can't

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVE

Come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN W GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

A Woman's No.

"Learn to say 'no,' my daughter," advised the wise mamma.

"But why?" inquired the coy debutante.

"Because it is more fun to keep the men guessing for awhile."

Thus we see that woman's "no" means "guess" in stead of "yes," as the proverb would have us believe.—Baltimore American.

Of His Abundance.

"Your neighbor has just given me an old coat," said the tramp. "Can you give something?"

"Yes," replied the clergyman. "I will go through the collection box and find some buttons to match the coat."—Philadelphia Record.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is the result. We are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we want the best looking, the lightest running and the best attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Oils, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS.
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our JUSTIN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

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RICES.

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Clanton

verybody

RICKS.

like 'em and we know you can't be

Bargain day EVERY

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Try a quart of our J. M

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TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in third Monday in June second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Cotton to-day 7 7-16 cents.

Same date last year 9 cents

RECEIPTS TO DATE:	1900	1899
Pinkard & Co.	2488	2901
Bales	2749	2922
Bales	372	371
Bales	438	337
Total	5538	5581

Mrs. Mary Lee, of Mulberry, was a visitor here Wednesday.

Miss Susie Conway, of Jemison, visited Clanton Wednesday.

Mrs. Gray and daughter, Miss [illegible] of Cooper, spent Monday in Clanton.

Mr. R. A. Moody, of Ensley, returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mr. and Mrs. Andy Jones, of Mulberry, visited her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Hayes Monday.

Mr. James A. Cooley and family have moved to their farm on the Selby border.

Mrs. John Garner, of Montevallo, spent Tuesday in Clanton.

Mrs. S. A. Gartman has returned home after visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Guildhorn, at Pratt City.

Rev. Mr. Hood, of Lowndesboro, has returned home after visiting his daughter, Rev. Mrs. Ellis.

Rev. Mr. Rienhart, of Elmore, who has been assisting in the protracted meeting at the M. E. church, has returned home.

The greatest triumph of modern chemistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Burns, etc., it simply has no equal. Prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from the deep, blue sea. Sold by all up-to-date" druggists.

Mr. R. A. Aldridge, of Long Cane, spent Sunday with his family here.

Hon. Richard B. Kelly, of Anniston, was in town last Friday.

Mr. W. H. Mills, of Pletcher, was a pleasant visit here Tuesday.

Mr. H. B. Oliver, of Verbena, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. W. C. Dickinson, of Jasper, attended court here this week.

Married at the residence of Mrs. Snider, one mile west of Clanton, Sunday morning, Mr. A. L. Snider, of New Mexico, and Mrs. Martha Gay, of Clanton. E. B. Mason, J. P., performing the ceremony. In their younger days they were old sweethearts, but fate parted them, and now after many years they have again come together. May the rest of their days be passed happily together.

Died at Elerman's mill last Saturday Hersche Dunlap, aged about [illegible] years. He was a victim to consumption. The funeral took place at Coopers on Sunday, many friends attending.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to 90 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

Office 1st St. 1st and 21 Ave.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Mr. D. R. Hatcher, of Briarfield, was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. F. B. Baldwin of Verbena was a visitor to court Monday.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. J. H. Brown and Miss Balora Dupree; Mr. George W. Littlefield and Miss Celia Samons; Mr. A. L. Candler and Mrs. Samantha Gay, Mr. A. A. Vinson and Miss Ada Wood; Mr. R. W. Kenney and Miss Lula Smith. Colored. James Floyd and Emma Williams.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at the Clanton Drug Store.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. H. J. Osterlund, Defendant, who resides at Red Wing Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

To H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant in the above stated cause who resides at Red Wing Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that The Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $65.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the first day of April, 1899, together with $15.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the southeast fourth of the southeast fourth of southwest fourth, except right-of-way 20 feet wide on the east and south sides of said tract of land in section one, township twenty-two, range thirteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County, on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901.

K. B. DEARON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' Pain Pills to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine promptly relieves La Grippe's grasp and restores health.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

BACK [illegible]

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER size.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and so many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effective than others costing $10 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP
FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY:
25 CARS
PER DAY.

PURINA
MILLS
ST. LOUIS. MO.

In order to induce cash trade

Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breach-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,

THORSBY, ALA.

Wambem & Peterson

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
1/4 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Adjusting the Fullness.

Two novelties in the manner of adjusting the fullness in the back are noticeable. For thin goods shirring looks well, and sometimes the box plait is shirred at the top or caught across with three ornamental straps terminating in buttons. The flat back is, however, the most used; but to obviate the stretched, unbecoming look the line back seam springs out suddenly a few inches below the waist, imparting a becoming amplitude.—Dry Good Economist.

No Longer in Trade, But Useful.

The Countess of Warwick, who so shocked British society by opening a lace shop in Bond street, London, has sold her lace and lingerie business and retired from trade. She is now devoting her time and her fine talents to promoting the education and welfare of country working girls. A rich dowager, whose name thus far has been kept a secret, gave her $500,000 to carry on this work. The countess is establishing schools, homes and boarding houses for the girls, where they are safe and enjoy many advantages.—Woman's Journal.

Fine Embroidery Much Used.

Experts in fine embroidery have their hands full at present. Hand embroidery figures conspicuously on the new gowns, and the dressmakers are striving vainly to find workers who can do the artistic tasks required.

Fine lingerie, too, calls for an infinite amount of dainty hand embroidery, and even when the trimming is in lace and insertion there is at least an elaborately embroidered monogram on the under garment.

In Paris the monogram is not the last note of fashion in lingerie making. The French woman now prefers to have a symbol in place of her monogram, and racks her brain for an effective device that will in some way suggest her personality.

Mother and Child.

The ideal mother, like the ideal teacher, is an artist rather than a scientist; and although she bases her art upon a knowledge of underlying scientific principles, her skill is shown in producing effects which are apparently natural and unstudied. She keeps herself in the background, providing opportunity for the observation of desirable objects and activities, and allowing the child to do his own observing.

She leaves him free to follow his own impulses, and if the impulse is leading him astray, she manages to suggest a thought which turns it in a new direction. In conversation she lets the child lead, answering his questions and responding sympathetically to his comments, thus awakening in him the new thought which naturally grows out of the old. She remembers always that it is the child who must do the growing—that when she has expended the utmost care and thought upon his environment, when she has tried to discover and to provide the surroundings which will best promote his physical, mental and moral growth then she must stand aside to wait and watch while his life unfolds freely and spontaneously from within.—Rosemary Baum, in Harper's Bazar.

Queen Alexandra's Companion.

A very plain and unpretentious woman occupies today in England, a place which the first ladies of the land might well desire. Miss Knollys has for years been the companion and trusted friend of the Princess of Wales, and now has as much influence with Queen Alexandra as any women in England.

The princesses are devoted to the gentle little woman, and the king is her good friend. It is said that King Edward will make her a peeress, in her own right, so that she may be eligible to one of the high places near the person of her majesty.

The question of places in the new court is causing many heart burnings, and, although the new sovereign is too tactful to make speedy and sweeping changes, there are removals and rumors of removals. Some of the old incumbents have been pensioned. Others who do not need pensions, have simply been dropped.

One of the two East Indian attendants, who always assisted Queen Victoria to and from her carriage, has already gone back to India, and it is said that the other will follow. As a matter of fact, little that is definite is known about the prospective changes.

The stock of presentation jewels and trinkets marked "V. R. I.," which was left by the late queen is being conferred, by King Edward, upon his mother's friends and servitors.

A New Occupation for Women.

A woman who has lived in Washington for years and but lately removed to New York City found herself obliged to earn money.

One day a woman who holds a position in a banking house was bewailing her lot at lunch time.

"I am often so busy," she said, "when noon comes that I cannot leave my desk to go to some restaurant, and I am often obliged to wait for a bite until 2 or even 3 o'clock. If I could only have a lunch, say a sandwich, a piece of cake and a glass of milk brought in to me I know I should be in better health.

"I get so faint about 12.30 that it often brings on a headache, and by the time I get out I have lost all desire to eat."

Now the woman put on her thinking cap and remembered having heard that a woman in Washington was going around among the government clerks serving a dainty lunch every day between 12 and 1 o'clock to those who did not care to go out or who could not leave their desks.

She obtained permission from the superintendent of one of the largest buildings down town to canvass among the women employed in the offices and find out if this really was a want, and if so if it would pay her to cater to it.

Her canvass resulted in obtaining almost 100 customers in that one building. She furnishes a lunch consisting of two sandwiches, one of meat, the other of lettuce, cheese or sardines, a couple of liberal slices of home made cake and a glass of milk put up in a small bottle, which is returned the next day.

These little lunches are nicely done up in white paper, served at 12 every day and cost 15 cents. She employs two boys to deliver the lunches, which she puts up in her own apartment.—New York Herald.

Beautifying the Simple Parasol.

The deft-handed woman who aspires to pretty parasols, but does not care to spend a fortune on them, will be a busy and a happy creature this season. Most of the summer styles in sunshades lend themselves easily to partial reproduction by the clever amateur. For instance, sunshades of plain silk are trimmed with graduated rows of black velvet around the edge. The effect is charming, and the sunshade thus trimmed is a third again as expensive as the same sunshade untrimmed. Any clever woman accustomed to "fixing" and fussing can trim her sunshade of pink or blue, lilac or white silk, to look exactly the same as the Paris importation. Another fancy is lines of narrow black velvet running up from the outer edge toward the centre of the parasol. Between each pair of ribs are from five to seven lines of velvet, the centre one reaching half way toward the tip of the parasol, the others being quite short. This effect is very pretty and when closed the sunshade looks like a handsome striped silk. A simple black velvet ribbon edge is effective on a parasol of pale hued silk, and this is a "wrinkle" of the season and very easy to add to one's modest priced parasol.

Even the splendiferous lace and chiffon creations can be further glorified by the amateur, and yet not wear a home-made air. Many of the most costly parasols owe their nonchalant elegance to the careless bunch of roses or the big chou of ribbon at one side. These can be added by the least skilful of parasol owners, as can also ruchings of chiffons, applique motifs of simple design and frills of lace. Neat stitches, patience and care are the principal requisites to the beautifying of the simple parosal and the consequent mystification of the world—for, of course, the chief joy of having an artful sunshade lies in its power to make the world gape admiringly at one's magnificence, and to be blissfully aware that the admirers do not know that one did not pay an exorbitant price for one's beauty and fashion.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

FASHION NOTES

Tailor made gowns of silk are one of the season's demands.

Renaissance and mercerized grenadines are among the new thin cotton materials.

Shirred yokes are features of thin frocks, and they will be built over colored foundations.

"Tantivy Croat" is the name of one of the new neckties made of mercerized cheviot to wear with the outing shirts.

As the season advances the odd blouse is more in evidence. Thin stuffs shirred in diamonds, marked off with narrow black velvet ribbon, constitute yokes and undersleeves.

Black velvet belts and stocks are worn with colored shirtwaists. A novelty is a narrow white pique belt, stitched and made with silver eyelets and a plain buckle, to fasten like a leather strap.

Corselet belts prove so becoming that they are almost universally worn with any sort of bolero. They are almost as much trouble to make as a bodice, for they require to be boned and fitted with great exactitude.

Linens and wash materials of all kinds built on severe tailor line, will be fashionable this summer. The plain linens and piques, as well as figured, will be made without trimming of any sort, save the folds or bands of the same material as the gown.

Pretty white gauze scarfs dotted over with printed flowers in natural colors add novelty to the department devoted to neckwear. Scarfs of every kind are in demand, and another pretty variety is in thin white silk with chine borders. Others are striped with cashmere designs.

The most charming dotted swisses are now shown in all the shops. They come in pastel gray with white lozenge shaped dots, in bonbon green with white dots and serpentine stripes, in maize yellow with black lacy stripes that look like insertion, in violet, black and white, and a variety of lovely shades and tasteful designs.

ELEPHANTS IN THE BRITISH ARMY.

Highly Trained Brigades For a Great Variety of Work.

One of the most interesting features of the English army life presented to the layman in India is furnished by the remarkable efficiency of the elephant brigade, most highly developed through the skill of the Burmese in handling the giant animals. Their usefulness in Indian can scarcely be imagined by one not familiar with the amount and variety of work which they accomplish, but it would be a serious mistake to imagine that this degree of usefulness is attained through any aptitude of the unwieldy animals or natural tendency toward it. It is due solely and entirely to the wonderful ability of the natives in training the huge animals and overcoming their natural inclinations. This cannot be too highly praised. Neither must it be imagined that the use of elephants in army life is not attended by great disadvantages, not the least of which is the difficulty with which they are transported. Naturally the elephant is not an intelligent animal. He can be taught remarkable things, in which his strength and endurance play an important part. He can never, however, perform these feats without continual attendance and direction. Abstractly, his power of work is finappreciable; when directed by skilful hands, however, it is remarkable.

The transportation facilities which are provided for the sole use of the elephant are quite as remarkable. I witnessed recently, adds the writer, the loading and detraining of a lot of elephants on the Madras Railway. Both were remarkable processes. In loading, a rope is fastened to his foreleg, and a lot of natives haul and pull at it to induce the animal to take the first steps into the car. This is only accomplished, however, by admonishing him in the haunch by means of a tusk. The first step taken is rapidly followed by the others, until he stands safely on the car. This portion of the task is accomplished comparatively easily, however, when compared with the next. At first he is timid and slightly frightened, but when the car starts his fear is wonderful to behold. Though he may ride a hundred times, he never overcomes this fear, though it is much more pronounced when he takes his initial ride after, say, two months' acquaintance with civilization. He rends the air with wild trumptetings, endeavors fruitlessly to escape, and only ceases his efforts when the car has again come to a standstill. In transporting the elephants by sea the difficulties are almost as great. They are raised by means of a canvas sling from the wharf to the ship, struggling to escape and rending the air with their cries. Once aboard ship they are easily managed, the motion not affecting them, because they do not see the moving panorama before them. Unloading them is easy. They are lowered to a raft beside the ship and allowed to swim ashore. They take to the water easily and are excellent swimmers, being able to swim eight or ten miles at a stretch without tiring.—The Regiment.

Bridget's Grievance.

The wife of a clever detective is said to have powers nearly equal to those possessed by her husband. Not long ago she began to notice that dimes and quarters were daily disappearing as if by magic from the "change purse" in which she kept silver for small purchases. She was inclined to suspect one of her two maids, a sullen Irish girl, but was unwilling to accuse her. After some thought she wrote on a slip of paper, "Neither Bridget nor Celia must take any money from this purse." This slip she put into the purse with some silver, and awaited developments.

Two days later Bridget came to her and gave "warning."

"What is the matter?" asked her mistress, innocently.

"I'll be going to another place," said Bridget, vindictively, "and it's yourself that knows the rayson. I'll not stay in a house where I'm accused of stealing money out of a little ould purse that's nivver had more than two dollars in it since I took service here"—The New Yorker.

Heard Them, Anyhow.

A musician and his wife were on their way home from a concert, and were overheard discussing the merits of the entertainment.

"It set my teeth on edge," the husband said, "to hear the orchestra playing 'Yankee Doodle' and 'Dixie' at the same time. The idea is all right, of course, and even commendable from a sentimental point of view, but the two pieces, when played together, are full of discords."

"But didn't you notice," said his wife, who is something of a musician herself, "that where certain notes or passages would have been discordant they were omitted from one air or the other, and left to the drums?"

"Of course I noticed it," he testily rejoined, "but I could hear the discords in my mind just the same! Ach!"—Youth's Companion.

Reindeer Flesh For Food.

It is stated that a strenuous attempt is being made by some enterprising Norwegians to popularize reindeer flesh as an article of diet in Europe. The experiment of raising the animals in large numbers for slaughtering purposes will be fairly tried. They expect to find profitable markets in France and Belgium, and will even endeavor to induce beef-eating Britons to purchase the article.

You are having good luck enough if your friends never hear the mean things you say about them.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The air is so clear in Zululand that objects seven miles away can be distinctly seen by starlight.

Germany has the advantage of the United States in the export of hair and wigs. In fact she almost entirely supplies this country with the commodities named.

Kansas statisticians figure that every baby is worth $1000 to the State. This estimate seems absurdly inadequate to the baby's parents.

The editor of Burke's Peerage, London, says that he receives more inquiries about questions of precedence from the United States than he does from England.

Two thousand tons of American rails recently arrived in England. They show the lines on which the industry of this country is beginning to make tracks there.

A notable falling off in the attendance at several Brooklyn schools for girls has, on investigation, been attributed to the attractions of cheap theatres and regular matinee performances.

The British Government has gone into the show business by giving in the town halls of England, by means of moving photographs and patriotic music, illustrations of army life calculated to make young men desire to become soldiers.

In this day of extraordinary faith in the efficacy of combinations marriages ought to be more popular. If two corporations which could not earn dividends when separate can be made a very valuable and productive property when united, almost any sort of men and women ought to be of more use to the world married than single, suggests the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Under a rule recently adopted by the Board of Education of New York City school children will no longer be allowed to give presents to their teachers unless the gifts shall be sent anonymously to the teachers' homes. The object of the new regulation is to put an end to favoritism in the public schools, charges having been made that certain teachers were partial to the children of well-to-do parents because of the presents which such youngsters brought them.

When Dr. Garcia-Meron was Argentine Minister at Washington he became much impressed with the superiority of American agricultural methods. He has now been made Secretary of Agriculture in Argentina, and one of his chiefs plans is to study American methods exhaustively. For this purpose his Government is sending twenty-five men to this country to investigate everything of interest in connection with agriculture here, and ten American agricultural experts are to go Argentina to take charge of local work in the various Argentine States.

Travelers crossing the Campagna and other low-lying parts of Italy need not be surprised to encounter formidable-looking masked men, who make free of the railway trains. The order has gone forth that all trainmen while crossing certain designated parts of the country shall wear masks and gloves, which will make useless all attacks of the mosquitoes. This order is the result of the very fruitful experiments made on the Campagna last summer, when it was proved beyond all per-adventure that the malaria which has made then practically uninhabited is caused solely by the bites of the mosquitoes. The Government, therefore, has taken upon itself to protect its employes. Why would it not be a fair and equable plan to supply the travelers with masks, too?

It is no trivial achievement to run the street cars of Oakland, Cal., by electric power generated on the Juba River, 140 miles distant. Since this can be done, there is every reason to expect that electricity may be transmitted almost any distance. Scientists who have deplored the utter waste of the force of ocean waves may look forward to the time when that force will turn mill machinery, run street cars, light the streets and otherwise serve the needs of remote communities. Indeed, an invention has been patented for collecting the power of the waves. On the Juba turbine wheels are used to generate the power, which is transmitted by means of a copper cable six-tenths of an inch thick.

Who thinks of the United States as a large importer of agricultural products? Will not the statement that its importations of foreign-grown products exceed in value all its vast exports of grain of every kind, including wheaten flour, by $170,000,000 excite surprise? Such is nevertheless the fact. The United States Department of Agriculture's report states the total value of the principal agricultural imports for the year that ended June 30, 1900, at $420,139,288. Our combined exports of cotton and cereals for the same period were valued at $403,000,000, using round figures. The total value of all our agricultural exports for that year was $844,616,530, so that the American people are buying very nearly half as much farm and plantation produce from foreigners as they are selling to them.

"It Seems as Though my Back Would Break."

Is it not true? Women suffer, feel the very life crushed out of them, grow old before their time. Each morning wake up determined to do so much before the day ends and yet—

Before the morning is very old the dreadful BACKACHE attacks them, the brave spirit sinks back in affright, no matter how hard they struggle, the "clutch" is upon them and they fall upon the couch crying:

"Why should I suffer so? What can I do?"

The answer is ready, your cry has been heard, and a woman is able to restore you to health and happiness.

Backache is only a symptom of more fatal trouble—heed its warning in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will stop your torture and restore your courage. Your pains come from unnatural menstruation or some derangement of the womb. Let those who are suffering read Mrs. Morton's letter and be guided by her experience.

AN OPEN LETTER TO WOMEN.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been so delighted with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I thought I would write and thank you. My system was entirely run down. I suffered with terrible backache in the small of my back and could hardly stand upright; was more tired in the morning than on retiring at night. I had no appetite. Since taking your Compound I have gained fifteen pounds, and am gaining every week. My appetite has improved, have no backache, and I look better than I ever looked before.

"I shall recommend it to all my friends, as it certainly is a wonderful medicine."—MRS. E. F. MORTON, 826 York Street, Cincinnati, O.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some slander people have from time to time question the genuineness of the testimonials we are constantly publishing, we deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., the which will be paid to any person who can show that the testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

FACTORY, BROCKTON, MASS.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Real worth of W. L. Douglas $4 and $5.50 shoes is $4 to $5. My $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the brains that have planned the best style, taste a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

FRAGRANT SOZODONT Tooth Powder

In a handy Patent Box (new) SOZODONT LIQUID - - 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c 25¢
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

Am. N. U., No. 21. 1901.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye Water

LIVERINA

Stimulates the LIVER. Corrects the BOWELS.

Made and Guaranteed by GAY, HARDIE & DUR[illegible]
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

AGENTS WA[illegible]
Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder
Active workers everywhere can earn by the [illegible] always a steady demand for our goods. [illegible] sash locks, with prices, terms, etc., free to [illegible] our postage. THE BROHARD CO. Station "G," Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY quick relief and [illegible] cures. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CURE

"The Sauce that made West Point famous"
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

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, feel the very life crushed
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a E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $1,000, to any person who can show that the above letter was published before obtaining the permission of the writer. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

GLAS
OES UNION MADE.
ngles $1.0 and
$1.; $4
be equalled
alone the best
ton, Mass.

IVERINA

Stimulates the
LIVER.
Corrects the
BOWELS.
de and Guaranteed By
. HARDIE & DURR,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

GENTS WANTED
chard Sash Lock and
Brehard Door Holder
ers everywhere can earn big
ady demand for our goods
th prices, terms, etc., free for the
THE BRIGHART CO.,
Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

DPSY NEW DISCOVERY; quick relief and some
of testimonials and 10 days' treatment
H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE
re that made West Point famous
HENNY'S TABASCO

SO'S CURE FOR
URES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.
ONSUMPTION

...ion in Mexico.

The Mexican government has granted concessions for boring for petroleum in various parts of the republic, exempting the new industry from taxation for ten years. Free importation of tools and machinery is granted.

Welcome News.

There will be a boom in South Africa before many weeks. Johannesburg is gradually filling, the mines are resuming, and arrangements are making for the reorganization of the municipal government.

Recently Attempted Suicide.

A story is current that Queen Draga of Servia took poison when the king recovered the situation caused by the conflicting statements regarding her health and that she is dangerously ill in its effects.

His Initial Performance.

King Alfonso last Thursday for the first time took a prominent part in the annual maneuvers of the Madrid garrison. He appeared on horseback accompanied by General Weyler, minister of war, General Martinez, captain general of Madrid, all the marshals resident at the capital, and a numerous and brilliant suite. The young ruler remained in the saddle for five hours and took the keenest interest in the operations. Both the troops and spectators gave the King an enthusiastic reception.

Unreasonable Turkey.

The Turkish customs authorities have prohibited the entry of typewriters into the country and 200 machines now in the custom house have been ordered returned to the consignors. The authorities take the peculiarly Oriental attitude that there is no distinct feature about typewriting by which authorship may be recognized or a person using a machine be traced, and that consequently any one would be able to put in type seditious writings without fear of compromising himself. Hectographic paste and fluid are also prohibited for similar reasons. The embassies are making efforts to induce the government to take a more reasonable attitude.

Secretary Hay's proposal for a new Nicaragua treaty was received from Lord Pauncefote late last week in London. It is a voluminous document and is being printed. It is described as a redraft of the Hay Pauncefote treaty, with what appears to be extensive annotations. Several weeks are likely to elapse before the cabinet can commence its discussion. The dispatches relative to the possibility of the substitution of the Panama Isthmian route are read with interest. The Associated Press learns that agents of the Panama company have not approached the British government, but if the United States should think it advisable to complete the Panama canal the decision would be hailed with no little satisfaction at the foreign office as an easy way out of the controversy. The British officials are without accurate knowledge of the terms offered by the Panama people and adhere to the belief that the United States will not choose this route. "If it is advisable to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwar treaty on account of its age," says a high official, "how much more is it necessary to annul the French Canal agreement, which was made long before the Clayton-Bulwar treaty." Inquiries reveal the fact that negotiations to this end are progressing, though slowly. France is said to be exhibiting a genuine desire to have the matter settled and at the expense of concessions in other parts of the globe, Great Britain may endeavor to meet her views.

Senator Kearns and wife, of Utah, and Senator Clark of Montana, are spending on a tour of the Mediterranean. Perry S. Heath, secretary of the republican national committee, their wives, with railroad ventures in the east, joined the party at Rome, returning with them.

Negotiations are progressing between Canada and the United States by which the latter may acquire the British West Indies, at the price of $4,000,000. The Danes are to trade under the same tariff as the Americans.

Their Island Prison.

No doubt now exists as to Boer prisoners being sent to the Bermuda islands. The British steamer Cayo Romano, which sailed from London May 2nd for New Orleans, by way of Bermuda, is discharging large numbers of tents, stoves, utensils, stores and bedding, many of the articles being marked "for Boer prisoners."

THE OPTIMIST.

When I am in the dentist's chair
I do not raise a fuss;
I thank my lucky stars I'm not
A hippopotamus.

When baggagemen destroy my trunk
I do not rave and rant,
But mentally say I'm glad
I'm not an elephant.

When my new shoes are hard and tight,
And painfully impede
My walk, I smile and think, "'Tis well
I'm not a centipede."

HUMOROUS.

Wigwag—He calls himself a martyr to love. Henpeck—How can he be when he isn't married?

Little Willie—Why do they call the wrinkles in people's faces crows' feet? Little Ethel—Oh, just caws.

Sillicus—Youngpop says his little girl is only 3 years old and plays the piano. Cynicus—Oh, well, maybe she'll outgrow it.

"It's hard," said the menagerie lion. "What's hard?" asked the kangaroo. "To be starved when I'm alive and stuffed when I'm dead."

Tommy—Pop, of what use is the vermiform appendix? Tommy's Pop—Well, my son, it keeps a lot of doctors from starving to death.

Young De Bore (hunting for something to say)—I wish I had lived in the knightly days of old. Weary Beauty—So do I.—New York Weekly.

Vera Goodheart—She isn't exactly pretty, but she has a face that grows on one. Sallie De Witte—And how fortunate it is that it doesn't grow on more than one.

"Plumbers are terrible in their charges aren't they? They omit nothing." "That's their reputation." "Here's one who charged his victim with finding fault with his bill."

"Is he weaker mentally?" asked the bustling stranger. "No, he's away off in Alaska," replied the assistant. "I knew he was away off somewhere," said the stranger as he bustled out.

The illustrator was looking over the proof sheets of the popular novelist's work. "She swept up the street with haughty tread," he read. "Well, I guess I'll have to draw her with one of those long trains," he mused.

"I wonder if all men are fools," snapped Mrs. Enpeck during a little domestic tiff the other morning. "No, indeed, my dear," replied her husband. "I know a number of men who are bachelors."

"Dis is terrible," said Meandering Mike, with a deep-drawn sigh. "What's de matter?" asked Plodding Pete, in alarm. "Here's a piece in de paper. It says we've got muscles inside of us that keeps up an involuntary action. Dey goes on workin', whether we wants 'em to or not."

The husband of the society woman looked up from his paper. "I see in the society column that you were at home yesterday," he remarked. "Yes, dear," replied the society woman. "Well," he muttered, "I know it's quite unusual for you to be at home, but I can't for the life of me see why the newspapers should comment on it."

Japanese Housekeeping.

Even the highest-class Japanese women have their household duties to perform, and no matter how rich the family, Japanese girls are brought up to be able to sew, cook and attend to their homes.

In Japan the higher-class women never go to market. The market comes to them—that is, the dealers call, and offer wares for sale at their customers' doors. The fish merchant brings his stock, and if any is sold prepares it for cooking. The greengrocer, the sake dealer and nowadays the meat man all go to their patrons' houses.

Nearly all Japanese women make their own clothes; at all events, even the very richest embroider their garments themselves. They are very economical little dressmakers and do much planning, cutting, basting and making over.

Dinner is served at or a little before dusk the year round. A small table about one foot square and eight inches high is set before each person. On this is a lacquer tray, with space for four or five dishes, each four or five inches in diameter. There are definite places for each little bowl and dish. The rice bowl is on the left, the soup bowl in the middle. One's appetite is measured according to the number of bowls of rice one eats. A maid is at hand with a large box of rice to replenish the bowls. If a few grains are left in the bottom of the bowl she is aware that those eating have had sufficient, but should one empty his bowl she will once more fill it.

How Nails Were Named.

Two accounts are given of the term "sixpenny," "eightpenny, "tenpenny," and so on, as applied to the various sizes of nails. According to one statement, when nails were made by hand, the penny was taken as a standard of weight, and six were made equal to the weight of a copper penny. This explanation is open to criticism on account of the very small size of the nails, of which six were needed to balance even the large-sized old fashioned copper penny. Others are much more probable. One explanation holds that tenpenny nails originally sold for tenpence a hundred, sixpenny nails for sixpence a hundred, and so on, the smaller nails selling for the lower price. Another explanation is that 1000 nails of the tenpenny size used to weigh 10 pounds, 1000 of the sixpenny size six pounds, and so on for other sizes. Of the ordinary sixpenny nails there are 80 to the pound; of the eightpenny there are 50; tenpenny, 34; twelvepenny, 29.—The Book World.

AN UNFORTUNATE INDIAN.

Tragic Fate of the Only Red Man of Little Muddy.

The city of Little Muddy, on the Upper Yellowstone, was an exceedingly wideawake town in '87. When it had reached the mature age of three months every kind of business man was represented except the cigar dealer, and the next week a man from Chicago named Clark opened a tobacco store, with a large, gaudy and aggressive wooden Indian in front, holding a tomahawk savagely in one hand and a bunch of cigars in the other. Gentlemen not unconnected with the stock growing industry who came in from the ranges wearing spurs and weapons would resent his threatening attitude. He was knocked off his pedestal half a dozen times a day, but did not meet his Waterloo until Tobe Hartely and friend, Long Isaac, came in town from Lightning's Nest neighborhood. It was their first vacation from the ranch in several weeks. They wandered about town in a receptive mood and sought to enjoy their visit. Finally, they separated, and Tobe, coming along to the Indian and not noticing his upraised hatchet, sat down at his feet to rest. He soon fell asleep and sank lower. At this juncture Isaac came around the corner and took in the situation at a glance. "Killed my partner for a simple bunch of cigars, did you!" he cried. "Well, we'll see about it!" and he produced his firearms and began shooting accurately and rapidly. At the end of ten minutes Stark gathered up his noble savage in a basket, while the resuscitated Tobe and the avenging Isaac moved off arm in arm.

Kangaroos can jump eleven feet in height, against a deer's best record of nine feet six inches.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

You can't help looking down on a man when he's in a hole.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

No woman can hope to keep her age a secret, the years will tell on her.

Sweat and fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

Thirteen million cubic yards of earth were removed in making the canal across the Isthmus of Corinth.

A baker may be out of work and still knead nothing.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Insurance companies will now take risks for limited amounts on football players.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

In these days when a man displays common politeness he is referred to as a gentleman of the old school.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

Intense pain in the eye is often excruciating and calls for immediate relief. Mitchell's Eye Salve will do more for the sufferer than all the new-fangled remedies put together. Mitchell's is an old, reliable salve. Price, 25c.
By mail, 25c; Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

In German cities fresh oysters cost from 60 to 75 cents a dozen.

Have you ever experienced the joyful sensation of a good appetite? You will if you chew Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The turks have seven different kinds of flutes.

The dealer in kitchen utensils is one sort of Pan-American.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Drugs specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Moscow has the largest hospital in Europe, with 7000 beds.

London has 600 acres of docks; Liverpool 300 acres.

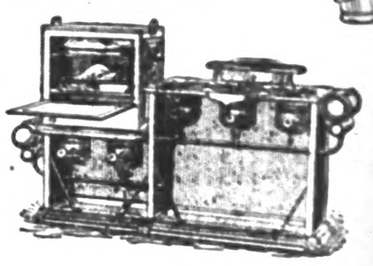
A Month's Free Treat.
If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. Send no money. Pay $6.50 if cured.

Mexico buys all of its shears and sharp edged tools from the United States.

Toasting - broiling
baking - ironing

anything that can be done with a wood or coal fire is done better, cheaper and quicker on a

WICKLESS
Blue Flame Oil Stove



Heat is not diffused throughout the house—there is no smell, soot, or danger, and the expense of operating is nominal. Made in many sizes; sold wherever stoves are sold. If your dealer does not have it write to nearest agency of

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of **Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals,** or similar substances. **LION COFFEE** is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"EASILY ANSWERED"

What is it, at the morning meal,
That makes us bright and happy feel—
A pleasure that we can't conceal?
LION COFFEE.

What is that brand—sold in the bean—
On which no glazing's ever seen—
Nought but the berry, pure and clean?
LION COFFEE.

What drink produces healthful joy
In man or woman, girl or boy—
With no strange coatings to annoy?
LION COFFEE.

What brings to every home delight,
And serves to tempt the appetite,
To brace the nerves and do it right?
LION COFFEE.

What is the odor—fragrant—rare—
At meal-times borne upon the air—
A sweet aroma ever there?
LION COFFEE.

What is that package—just a pound—
On which a Lion head is found,—
Inside, a Premium List renowned?
LION COFFEE.

What is it helps the housewife shrewd,
While buying purest liquid food,
To fill her home with presents good?
LION COFFEE.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Sour Stomach?

Back up a sewer, and you poison the whole neighborhood. Clog up liver and bowels, and your stomach is full of undigested food, which sours and ferments, like garbage in a swill-barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, headache, furred tongue, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. CASCARETS quietly, positively stop fermentation in the stomach, make the liver lively, tone up the bowels, set the whole machinery going and keep it in order.

Don't hesitate! Take CASCARETS to-day and be saved from suffering!

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking Cascarets, I feel fine. My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. KAEHLER,
1811 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

His Snap.

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, constipation, biliousness, headache, bad blood, wind on the stomach, blotched breath, foul mouth, indigestion and dyspepsia, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. If your bowels don't move regularly you are sick or will be sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that follow afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today. Be well you will never get well and be well if you want your bowels right. Take our advice, start with CASCARETS today, your druggist is absolutely authorized to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now sixty-one million boxes a year, growing sales every year, easiest laxative in the world. Pills, salts, castor oil, etc., are nowhere. Sales equal all others combined. We have proof. We will cure CASCARETS absolutely guarantee to cure or money refunded. Six long years, two dollars, sixty days' treatment, one dollar, regular size, ten cents, 25c, best, full size, usually lasts for months, 50c. Any druggist from whom you purchased it, and any reputable druggist will gladly refund your money to anyone who asks for it, who has taken Cascarets according to directions and who is not entirely satisfied with the result. Book free on request. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

THE

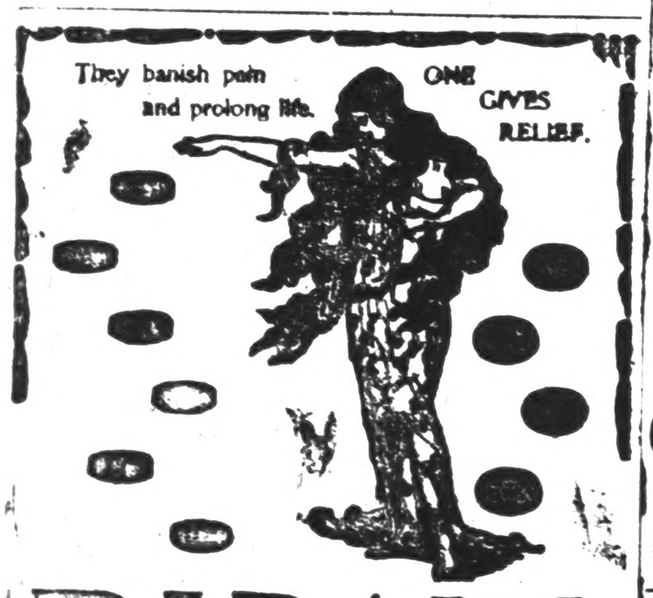
AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its book, its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best information and opinion for the busy man and woman in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to know of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews" and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, mentioning your territory.

Price, 25 cents a number. $3.00 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,
13 Astor Place, New York City.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

The O. K. Lunch Counter

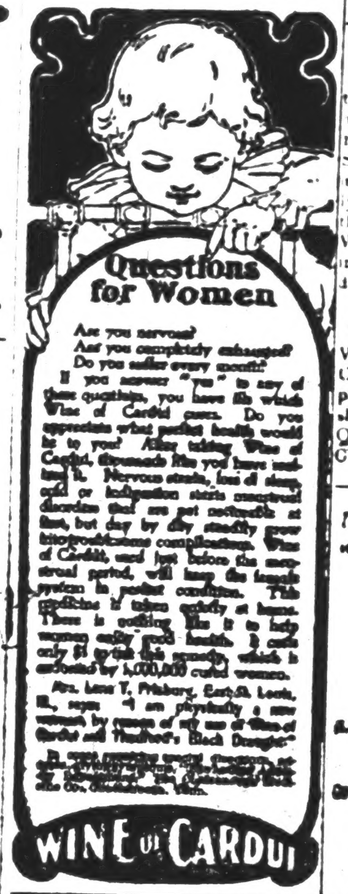
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. M. STACY, Proprietor.



CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. M. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest Up-to-date Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchelon

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala

ALL DAY SINGING.

All singers will please remember that the annual May singing that met its first appointment at Salem, 1900, will meet again the fourth Sunday in this month. We hope to meet the good singers and especially invite singing teachers (of course the organist has an especial invite). We look forward to a day of singing praises unto our Great Redeemer. D. S. ROBINSON.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Union depot, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans,

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atkins, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And our customs of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 20 candle power. Shining like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av., Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR ARC.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of decrees rendered by the Probate Court, at the May Term of said county, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door, in Clanton, said county, within the legal hours of sale, on

MONDAY JUNE 17, 1901,

the following described real estate for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1900, to wit:

BEAT NO 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $2.79

BEAT NO 2

W. F. Green, nw ¼ of ne ¼ and n ½ of nw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $7.06

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12, tax and costs $1.72

Owner Unknown, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14, w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14, tax and costs $9.57

John P. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12, se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $10.15

BEAT NO 4

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 and s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14, n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14, s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $95.38

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardelebern, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3.79

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.90

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, sw 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $6.02

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.72

BEAT NO. 6

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on east side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $1.26

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 32 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $6.32

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.12

T. J. HUBBARD.
Tax Collector.

CONFEDERATE PENSION NOTICE

All disabled Confederate soldiers, or their widows, not already on the Pension list, are hereby notified that the Confederate Board of Pension Examiners will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in June, 1901, to consider all applications that may be presented.

The law requires all applicants to attend in person.

H. W. CAFFEY, Chm. Bd. Ex.
May 13, 1901.

LECTURE.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton will give his interesting lecture on the Holy Land at New Salem, seven miles north of Clanton on the third Sunday in June. He has been greeted with large audiences wherever he has lectured and all express themselves gratified with his powers of description.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A Word Aside.

"When I was younger I swore I would never be again," said the [illegible] a three story front and [illegible] the telescopic order [illegible] of such intense misery [illegible] that I removed myself [illegible] the world of practical [illegible] the boundless realms [illegible] paid but fleeting attention [illegible] field of human action [illegible] sary to notify me when [illegible] my classes, set my [illegible] when I should retire.

I was at one time [illegible] ture in a New England [illegible] agreed to do so. The [illegible] that had received my [illegible] and the mere prospect [illegible] was a physical pleasure [illegible] rived at the depot my [illegible] concentrated upon the [illegible] dress. I realized that [illegible] long late and that I [illegible] beyond the mere fact [illegible] not grasp a detail.

"Drive fast!" I [illegible] of a dingy looking [illegible] in and handed him a [illegible] neither horse nor whip.

"Away we went with a [illegible] carriage rolled like a ship [illegible] of the sea. Street lights [illegible] torchlight procession [illegible] by the other way. [illegible] dogs barked, small boys [illegible] business cessed that people [illegible] on the sidewalks and gas [illegible] street and down another [illegible] madly. We took corners on [illegible] grazed telegraph poles [illegible] over such movables as [illegible] dry goods boxes.

"After half an hour of this [illegible] ing experience I stuck my [illegible] the window and shouted [illegible] ly there?"

"Where did you [illegible] came the edifying answer." [illegible] ton Star.

The Dude and the [illegible]

Paris is laughing over [illegible] got even with a dude who [illegible] for his picture, was so dissatisfied [illegible] the result that he refused to pay [illegible] The Count de X. recently had [illegible] picture of himself made [illegible] afterward pretended to find the [illegible]

"It does not bear the slightest [illegible] blance to me," he said. "and I [illegible] take it." The artist protested [illegible] to no avail. "All right, monsieur," [illegible] remarked finally. "If it is not [illegible] you, of course I can't reasonably [illegible] pect to get paid for it." The [illegible] count had gone the painter added [illegible] portrait a magnificent pair of [illegible] and exhibited it to the gaping [illegible] curious public. It had not been [illegible] so exposed when the count [illegible] the artist's studio in a towering [illegible] and, finding that threats availed [illegible] nothing, at last offered to buy [illegible] considerable advance upon the [illegible] price.

"It was not strange that you [illegible] to recognize your resemblance [illegible] picture at first," said the painter [illegible] termined to be revenged for the [illegible] put upon his work. "But I [illegible] would notice the likeness as soon [illegible] added those ears."

Lord Brougham commonly [illegible] three or four weeks in study [illegible] writing a great speech.

Notice to Non-Resident

In Circuit Court of Chilton [illegible] Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. John J. Snell, Defendant, who resides at Boone Office in the State of Iowa.

To John J. Snell, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Boone Post Office in the State of Iowa:

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against the said John J. Snell, the Defendant, the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce collection of a debt due it by [illegible] promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property, the sum of $470.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum, since the [illegible] day of October, 1900, together with $50.00 as an Attorney's fee for suing said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the following of land bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the [illegible] at the southwest corner of the [illegible] fourth of the southwest fourth of section six, township twenty-two, range fourteen and running thence with the [illegible] links, thence east at right angles to the right of way of the L. & N. [illegible] thence in a southeasterly direction along said right of way to the [illegible] line, thence following the [illegible] to the starting point. Also [illegible] along the north side of the [illegible] fourth of northwest fourth of section seven, township twenty-two, range fourteen, both pieces containing [illegible] and 75 100 acres, more or less, [illegible] rights of way 20 feet wide on the west sides of said tract of land, [illegible] in Chilton County, Alabama, [illegible] property of the said John J. Snell, Defendant, by the Sheriff of Chilton County on the 7th day of May. Let this notice be published in the Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three consecutive weeks next following, and a copy of each issue containing the same sent by mail to the said John J. Snell, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day May, 1901. E. B. [illegible]
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The BANNER office is the [illegible] Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We do you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Sees, and Some [illegible] Saw But

This is an unexpected and [illegible] we are having and [illegible] it will be [illegible] done, [illegible] to crops. [illegible] nature [illegible] don't [illegible] the end of May and [illegible] are [illegible] weeks being wet and [illegible] to not good [illegible] Here's hoping [illegible] the best.

I am glad to learn there is a fair prospect for the establishment of a bank at Clanton. Some time ago we nearly had a bank established here, but for some reason or another it fell through. Now I understand some capitalists are figuring on the business that could be done here and if satisfactory arrangements can be made the bank will go. There is undoubtedly a fine opening for such an institution here and I wish it all possible success.

Building operations are engaging the attention of our people largely these days. The four brick stores opposite the court house are rapidly going up. Mr. Moody is a busy man and keeps things moving. The foundations are being dug for the addition to Pinckard's store, which will make it one of the largest mercantile establishments between Montgomery and Birmingham. Dr. E. A. Matthews has purchased the Albert Headley lot next to the depot and will take the old wooden structure down, replacing it with a two-story brick. This will be a vast improvement to that end of town. T. A. Curry's handsome new residence is approaching completion. G. Higgins is just finishing a cottage on his lot near the railroad. Judge Adams is building a new buggy house and N. A. Kicker is getting the lumber on his lot for a similar purpose.

Judge Adams has bought a new pair of horses, and Dr. Winchester delights his friends with his spick and span turnout. Clanton is showing up well with its swell turnouts. The world do move and so does our town. Fine women and fine horses is the boast of Kentucky and so is it of Clanton.

Burwell.

Quite a crowd snap visited their parents on Sunday and Monday, making cotton look sick.

L. H. W. Jones has located in this settlement.

The readers of the Banner will remember when the question of stock law was being agitated for Chilton county of seeing a very bitter piece against it from Burwell, the only gentleman from Burwell that said anything for publication against the stock law. But now, my friendly reader, since this gentleman has found out that it was Democrats that perpetrated the dirty deed that forced the stock law on the people he is than ever ready with the aid of the black hoofed editor to jump on the poppers and call them by absurd names and say their writing is too absurd for reflection, for no other cause than they complain 'b'cause they have been robbed.

The singing at Canaan was a success Sunday.

The great Democratic lion roared last a little last week; guess his friends have decided to set him up on a donkey so he can be represented, as he still tries to retain the name. BILLY THE KID.

It Saved His Leg.

A. Danforth, of Lagrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a painful running sore on his leg; writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all druggists.

Judge S M Adams

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY MAY 30, 1901 NO. 32

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Sees of the Sights He Sees, and Some He Does Not.

[illegible] an unexpected cold spell [illegible] having and it is to be hoped [illegible] last long. Perhaps it [illegible] material damage [illegible] a little lower temperature [illegible] prove disastrous. We [illegible] for such cool weather at [illegible] May, and so are overcoats being worn and fires lighted [illegible] at this time of year. [illegible] for the best.

[illegible] glad to learn there is a fair [illegible] establishment of a [illegible] at Clanton. Some time ago [illegible] and a bank established [illegible] but for some reason or another [illegible] through. Now I understand some capitalists are figuring [illegible] business that could be done [illegible] and if satisfactory arrangements can be made the bank's a go. [illegible] is undoubtedly a fine opening for such an institution here, [illegible] I wish it all possible success.

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Judge Adams has bought a new [illegible] of horses, and Dr. Wischart delights his friends with his spick-and-span turnout. Clanton is showing well with its swell turnouts. [illegible] world do move, and so does [illegible] town. Fine women and fine [illegible] are in the midst of Kentucky and it is of course.

Burwell.

Quite a social snap visited these parts Sunday and Monday, making [illegible] stoff [illegible] H. H. Williams has located in this settlement.

The readers of the Banner will remember, when the question of stock law was being agitated for Chilton county, of seeing a very bitter piece against it from Burwell, the only gentleman from Burwell that said anything for publication against the stock law. But now, our friendly reader, since this gentleman has found out that it was Democrats that perpetrated the dirty deed that forced the stock law on the people he is than ever ready with the aid of the black belt editor to jump on the pops. He calls them by absurd names and say their writing is too absurd for reflection, for no other cause than they complain because they have been robbed.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Randolph

Mr. T. U. Crumpton lectured in the Baptist church here last Sunday on what he saw in the Holy Land. The audience gave him close attention for two hours; we think Mr. Crumpton is doing a noble work, which our people should duly appreciate.

Mr. Posey's little girl who had been sick with pneumonia died on the 18th. We deeply sympathize with the sorrowing parents.

The Mars Hill community met last Saturday and decorated the graves of their loved ones. Several of the Macedonia people attended the service.

Mr. E. G. Cofer has his saw mill rebuilt. Messrs. J. P. Nix and J. L. Waldrup, Sr., have gone to Memphis. R. J. Langston conducted a song service at Mars Hill on the 25th. x.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The Institute met at Jemison on May 24th and 25th inst. in full glee, quite a number of teachers were present, although there were room for more.

Supt. Moore opened Institute with a song by the Jemison choir and prayer by R. A. Rasco, after which the subjects were taken up in regular order, and each thoroughly discussed. Although a number of teachers to whom the subjects were assigned were absent, yet those who were present showed their kindness and willingness by taking hold of those subjects and discussing them. All that were present seemed to have come for no other purpose but to do good and receive good. No teacher can be interested in his work unless he attends these Institutes; everyone is more or less benefitted. Therefore we beg every teacher to attend the Institutes.

Prof. Collier, who is the Principal of the Jemison High School, was indeed very kind, also the people of Jemison. Each teacher was assigned a home and each one highly entertained.

We thank the book drummers, Messrs. Smith, Ross, Bowery, Zberkly and Morris for their good speeches, each one gave us some new ideas, and we hope the committee will share with them all.

The Institute closed, hoasting the next Institute at Macedonia in September, with the following resolutions:

Whereas, the good people of Jemison have so kindly and cordially extended to us, as teachers of Chilton county, a hearty welcome to this town and to their homes, where we have especially enjoyed ourselves while in their midst, and also very highly entertained by Prof. Collier's school.

Resolved, That we extend to the people of Jemison and to Prof. Collier and wife our most sincere and heartfelt thanks for the kind reception and pleasant entertainment which they have given us.

E. C. JONES, Sec.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

East Chilton

We had another fine rain Saturday; farmers are looking bright, but the cold weather Sunday caused some of them to put on a long face; crops are looking fine.

Mr. J. N. Goss has returned home from Jemison where he has been going to school; his many friends greet him on his return.

Mr. Williams, of Deatsville, has moved to the Conn place near Burwell.

Some of our people attended the singing at Salem Sunday, report a nice time.

We are sorry to say some of the boys were disappointed in their expectations.

Some of people are anticipating a nice time at the singing at Coosa river next Sunday.

We are sorry to say E. A. Norris has a sick child. N. J. Jones is also very sick.

We were surprised Sunday when the sad news came from Prattville that Miss Belle Dennis was dead. We sympathize with the bereaved parents.

J. N. Goss will soon be in possession of a nice buggy. Look out girls.

I guess Billy the Kid is resting his lungs, as he failed to bleat last week. I reckon he is exhausted; I think it takes two of the kids to do the bleating anyway.

SAME OLD IKE.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic smells like peppermint candy, and is "just as good," but for a different purpose. Try it next time you get hurt or have Colic. Only 50c a bottle at drug stores.

Cedar Grove.

We are having some nice overcast weather that is causing the little truck to crouch up as though it was shaking with an "ager."

Our meeting was a grand success, as a result an old wrangle (or disturbance) we have had in the church for quite awhile was settled.

U. S. Deputy Marshal Felix Dudley has been round gathering up a lot of our boys and carrying them to the capital city lately.

Mr. Willie Hill and his cousin, Miss Katie Hill, of Salem, attended singing at the church Sunday.

We learn by close observation that Harvey Wilson is not the only fellow who has been given the G. B. lately.

Mr. Bill Hayes, of Blocton, visited his father at this place. Mr. Hayes that man's trouble with women began in an ancient garden and now he stands and wonders where it will end.

Messrs. Henry Eiland and Harvey Wilson were visiting near Salem Sunday, where we learn they lost their hearts, and were seen among some of the former keepers of them (their hearts) Sunday night trying to get a good description of them. You may see their a-s soon.

OLD PATCH.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Rockymount.

Don't miss it—children's day the second Sunday in June. The sabbath-school has a beautiful program, the subject being the gateway of the century. If you like good music and speaking come bring your dinners, spend the day and have a good time.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich, "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00 at Clanton drug store. Trial bottles free.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

STRAYED

from my place near Jemison on May 7th, a black mare colt about two years old, wearing a sweet bell with leather collar. Anyone finding colt and will notify me I will pay them for their trouble.

P. M. LANGSTON, Jemison.

Salem.

ALL DAY SINGING.

The second annual singing convened at Salem church, Sunday, May 26.

At nine o'clock the singing was called to order by T. L. Robinson, by singing the old familiar hymn "Blest be the tie that binds," and J. E. Goss led in prayer. T. L. Robinson was again chosen chairman and J. E. Goss secretary. W. B. Jones, D. S. Robinson, John Calloway and G. W. Davis arranging committee. W. H. Robinson, J. M. Curlee, T. M. Pyron and W. H. Driver were appointed to conduct the morning service, with Misses Anna Robinson, Martha Pyron and Dora Dupree, organists; after which refreshments were served and everyone received a bountiful share.

At 1:30 o'clock the crowd reassembled at the house, and O. Y. Robinson, J. E. Goss and Riley Robinson were placed on the program for the evening, and Misses Martha Pyron and Anna Robinson, organists. At 3:20 o'clock the class led by T. L. Robinson sang "God be with you" and the singing was adjourned to meet again on the fourth Sunday in May, 1902.

The Bible is very explicit in the commission to sing. In a great many instances the people were commanded to praise God in song. Isaiah 12th chapter and 15th verse says sing unto the Lord, for He hath done excellent things; this is known in all the world. Psalms 66:2. Sing forth the honor of His name, make his praise glorious; Psalms 100:2. Serve the Lord with gladness, come before His presence with singing. Surely God's blessing is visited to the people at Salem, for from beginning to end the singing was a great success. It seemed that all were truly singing for joy, and sang with the spirit and understandstanding. Good order was a special feature of the day; never was there a more attentive congregation gathered in one place. There was an extremely large crowd and all seemed to enjoy themselves; they seemed to have the scripture in mind which says: "Sing unto the Lord a new song," and praise Him with the timbrel and harp. May God richly bless and fully sanctify the work that was done and may people have had a right conception of the songs, and that we may ever be ready to sing God's praises and glorify His name. May God be with us till we meet again, is my prayer.

J. E. GOSS, Sec.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All person are hereby forbidden fishing and trespassing on the lands owned by the undersigned, generally known as the Maddox's mill place, under penalty of the law.

Signed ALEX G. DAKE.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the country will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kinchson.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to

C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

It preserves the flesh when lacerated or wounded in any way. Stops the bleeding, stops the pain and heals quicker than anything. That is what Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic does. Try it, when you get hurt. Ask your druggist for it.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Dear mother, don't let your Baby suffer and cry with Colic when a few drops of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, diluted and sweetened will give almost instant relief. Non-poisonous and therefore harmless. Tastes like peppermint candy and Baby will take it without a "kick." A silver half dollar will get a bottle from your druggist.

A NEW INVENTION FOR LADIES.

Messrs. E. M. Bealle & Co. will come to Clanton from Tuskaloosa the 10th of May. They will have the Economy Scrubbing Brush to scrub floors, windows, walls, tables, carpets, etc. Through a suction it takes up all the water leaving the floor perfectly dry except dampness, making house drudgery easy and quick. Every lady should have one. Mr. Bealle and his sub agents have the highest recommendations from Rev J. H Carly, Fosters, Ala., Hon. J. Manly Foster, Tuskaloosa, and Rev. L. O. Dawson, Pastor Tuskaloosa Baptist church. Write them, if you like, before I come.

Very truly, E. M. BEALL.

As vaccination prevents smallpox, and quinine chills and fever, so TEETHINA prevents and counteracts the effects of the summer's heat, much dreaded by mothers with small children. TEETHINA relieves the many troubles incident to teething and the hot summers, and no mother is excusable for not giving it, for it costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

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BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

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SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A school teacher in Nebraska recently saved thirteen of her pupils from drowning. This is one of those little things that the superstition monger never remembers long.

In the international question of shipments of mules from the United States to the British army in the Transvaal nobody has thought it worth while to find out the sympathies of the mule.

Some idea of the magnitude of King Edward's realm may be gained when it is understood that he rules over one continent, 100 peninsulas, 500 promonitories, 1000 lakes, 2000 rivers and 10,000 islands and only one woman.

New York City is still in MacGregor's place among American ports. More than half of all the imports and more than one-third of all the exports of the United States for the fiscal year 1900 came into or went out of New York Harbor.

The Russian Government grants subsidies for the purpose of helping new settlers. This money is spent in encouraging farming and fruit-raising. Subventions are given for the first six years. During the following ten years these subventions must be repaid in yearly payments. Since 1894 $2,605,500 has been spent in that way.

The origin of the word "budget," meaning an estimate of Government revenues and expenses, is thus explained: Almost from time immemorial it was the custom in England to put the estimates of receipts and expenditures presented to Parliament in a leather bag, the word budget being thus borrowed from the old Norman word bougette, which signifies a leather purse. Curiously enough, the word has passed back again into France from England.

Colonel Richard Van Horn says that the name Oklahoma was first applied to the territory in a public document in the bill which he introduced in congress in 1869 for the consolidation of the Indian tribes and the organization of a government for the Indian Territory. The name was suggested by Colonel Elias S. Boudinot, the noted Cherokee, who said, if Colonel Van Horn's memory is not at fault, that it was a Creek word, and meant Red Man's Land, or the country of the red man.

In an article in the Monthly Weather Review, the official publication of the United States weather bureau, it is stated that during the past year 15,000 shooting stations have been established in Italy and a very large number in Southern France and Austria. It is estimated there are about 20,000 stations in all. The statement is also advanced that, despite the large number of shooting stations, there is at present no conclusive evidence that the shooting has any effect whatever upon hail storms or hail. Even the recent congress of hail-shooters at Padua is looked upon only as an indication of extensive experiments. Several years will probably elapse before the true effect of cannonading is ascertained. Speaking generally, the quantity of powder used is so small that the vortex rings, which the shooting is supposed to set up, are not able to ascend farther than 1000 feet.

The strife to make money, which is so marked a feature of the life of this generation, marks both a peril and an opportunity, thinks the Christian Register. Once men were content to make a living, because a living was all they could expect to make. Now they are eager to make money, because for the first time in the history of the world it is possible for all classes to have at least a chance to make money beyond the needs of what is called a livelihood. Now, in making money, one is apt to forget the uses of money; and the peril that besets us is not to be despised. Greed, selfishness, luxury, sloth, gluttony, intemperance, oppression, cruelty, and all manner of sins and vices gather themselves about money-making in its meaner forms. But we must not forget that commerce, commercialism, and money-making mean for a vast multitude of people emancipation from a drudgery which had no relief. Rightly directed, the money-getter becomes a benefactor. He has the means to get and to enjoy the real things in the beauties of nature, in art, and in social life; and he has the means of multiplying opportunities for others.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Complete Up to the Time of Going to Press.

ALABAMA'S MOST IMPORTANT MEETING

A Representative Body of Citizens—Its Members and Its Work—Complete List of Delegates—The Temporary Organization.

In that historic old building, the capitol at Montgomery, which has witnessed so many important occasions, whose halls have rung with the tread and whose walls have heard the voices of so many illustrious men, is now assembled a convention having before it the consideration of solemn and momentous questions and duties. It is perhaps the most important meeting in the history of Alabama, for its work will make or mar the fortunes of a great people. Alabama is to have a new organic law, and this meeting has before it the task of framing a new constitution under which the citizens of the state may live in peace, safety and prosperity. Able thought, wise counsel and clear judgment are necessary to this end, and these qualifications are possessed in high degree by the 155 representative men in convention assembled and in whom the state reposes an implicit faith.

Personel of the Convention.

The following is the list of delegates:

State at Large — Robert J. Lowe, Frank S. White, Birmingham; Wm. C. Oates, Montgomery; John B. Knox, Anniston.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st—W. F. Glover, Butler; E. R. Morrisette, Monroeville.
2nd—Thomas G. Jones, Montgomery; S. C. Jenkins, Camden.
3rd—J. N. Williams, Clayton; M. Sollie, Ozark.
4th—Watkins M. Vaughan, Selma; L. W. Grant, Anniston.
5th—Morgan M. Smith, Autaugaville; John T. Heflin, Roanoak.
6th—E. W. DeGraffenreid, Greensboro; Thomas L. Long, Jasper.
7th—C. E. Haley, Haleyville; O. R. Hood, Gadsden.
8th — Emmet O'Neal, Florence; R. W. Walker, Huntsville.
9th—A. C. Howze, Birmingham; J. F. Thompson, Centreville.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

1st—W. T. Sanders, Athens.
2nd—D. C. Almon, Moulton.
3rd—George H. Parker, Cullman.
4th—J. W. Grayson, Gurley.
5th—W. P. Hodges, Scottsboro.
6th—Hubert T. Davis, Gadsden.
7th—L. F. Greer, DeArmanville
8th—J. B. Graham, Talladega.
9th—J. J. Robinson, Lafayette.
10th — J. C. Maxwell, Alexander City.
11th—G. A. Searcy, Tuscaloosa.
12th—E. W. Coleman, Jasper.
13th—R. M. Cunningham, Pratt City.
14th—W. A. Altman, York Station.
15th—John H. Parker, Wetumpka.
16th—C. P. Rogers, Letohatchie.
17th—John D. Burnett, Evergreen
18th—C. H. Greer, Marion.
19th—Dabney Palmer, Leroy.
20th—Chas. H. Miller, Millers.
21st—L. W. Lochlin, Monroeville.
22nd—R. C. Jones, Camden.
23rd—George H. Malone, Dothan.
24th—A. H. Merrill, Eufaula.
25th—William H. Samford, Troy.
26th—D. S. Bethune, Union Springs.
27th—George P. Harrison, Opelika.
28th—Tennent Lomax, Montgomery.
29th—John A. Davis, Ft. Payne.
30th—P. H. Pitts, Selma.
31st—A. H. Carmichael, Tuscumbia.
32nd—William B. Inge, Greensboro.
33rd—Gregory L. Smith, Mobile.

COUNTY DELEGATES.

Autauga—Mac A. Smith, Prattville.
Baldwin—B. F. McMillan, Daphne.
Barbour—J. J. Winn, Clayton; S. H. Dent, Eufaula.
Bibb—John C. Jones, Blocton.
*Blount—J. B. Sloane, Sloane.
Bullock—James D. Norman, B. T. Eley, Union Springs.
Butler—J. Lee Long, Greenville.
Calhoun—J. T. Martin, Jacksonville; W. W. Whiteside, Anniston.
Chambers—J. Thomas Heflin, J. B. Duke, Lafayette.
Cherokee—H. W. Cardon, Center.
*Chilton—L. H. Reynolds, Jemison.
Choctaw—G. H. Carnathan, Butler.
Clarke—Massey Wilson, Grove Hill; John A. Gilmore, Thomasville.
*Clay—E. A. Phillips, Ashland.
Cleburne—Wilson P. Howell, Oak Level.
Coffee—M. S. Carmichael, Elba.
Colbert—James T. Kirk, Tuscumbia.
*Conecuh—J. M. Foshee, Evergreen.
*Coosa—John H. Porter, Iwana.
Covington—Henry Opp, Andalusia.
Crenshaw—J. O. Sentell, Luverne.
*Cullman—W. T. L. Cofer, Cullman.
Dale—William W. Kirkland, Ozark.
Dallas—John F. Burns, Burnsville; B. H. Craig, H. F. Reese, Selma.
*DeKalb—D. C. Case, Lebanon.
*Elmore — A. E. Williams, Wetumpka.
Escambia—Norvalle R. Leigh, Jr., Brewton.
Etowah—R. B. Kyle, Gadsden.
*Fayette—S. L. Studdard, Fayette.
*Franklin—John A. Byars, Russellville.
*Geneva—W. O. Mulkey, Geneva.
Greene—Thomas W. Coleman, Eutaw.
Hale—Wm. N. Knight, J. M. Jones, Greensboro.
Henry—T. M. Espy, Dothan; R. J. Reynolds, Curetons Bridge.
Jackson—John F. Proctor, Mile Moody, Scottsboro.
Jefferson—Charles W. Ferguson, Chas. P. Beddow, James Weatherly, John W. O'Neal, H. G. Selheimer, Birmingham; T. J. Cornwell, Bessemer.
Lauderdale—C. C. Nesmith, Vernon.
Lauderdale—John B. Weakley, John T. Ashcraft, Florence.
Lawrence—W. T. Lowe, Moulton.
Lee—Emmett C. Jackson, Auburn; Noah P. Rentro, Opelika.
Limestone—Erl Pettus, Athens.
Lowndes—Joseph Norwood, Ft. Deposit; Evans Hinson, Haynesville.
Macon—James E. Cobb, Tuskegee.
Madison — R. E. Spragins, A. C. Fletcher, Huntsville.
Marengo—John J. King, McKinley; Gesner Williams, Demopolis.
Marion—James P. Pearce, Guin.
*Marshall—W. H. Bartlett, Guntersville.
Mobile—Harry Pillans, B. Boykin Boone, L. E. Brooks, Mobile.
Monroe—J. H. Barefield, Monroeville.
Montgomery—Gordon Macdonald, Edward A. Graham, Thos. H. Watts, John W. A. Sanford, Montgomery.
Morgan—Samuel Blackwell, New Decatur; John C. Eyster, Decatur.
Perry—J. H. Stewart, Marion; W. H. Taylor, Uniontown.
Pickens—E. D. Willett, Carrolton.
Pike—J. C. Henderson, Joel D. Murphree, Troy.
Randolph—William A. Handley, Roanoke.
Russell—William H. Banks, Letohatchie; Boswell deG. Waddell, Seale.
Shelby—J. Robert Beavers, Columbiana.
*St Clair—N. B. Spears, Pell City.
Sumter—John A. Rogers, Gainesville; Reuben Chapman, Livingston.
Talladega—E. W. Ledbetter, Sylacauga; Cecil Browne, Talladega.
Tallapoosa—Thos. L. Bulger, Dadeville; George A. Sorrell, Alexander City.
Tuscaloosa—J. Manly Foster, Wm. C. Fitts, Tuscaloosa.
Walker—Rufus A. O'Rear, Jasper.
Washington—E. P. Wilson, St. Stephens.
Wilcox—J. N. Miller, Camden; Lee McMillan, Gastonburg.
*Winston—Newman H. Freeman, Double Springs.
*Unseated.

First Day.

The Delegates Assemble and Take the Oath—Fourteen Unseated—Caucus Nominations.

On Monday precisely at noon in the Representatives' hall in the capitol, Chief Justice McClellan called the convention to order. He stated the purpose of the law and that he was ready to complete the temporary organization. Secretary of State McDavid was asked to act as secretary, and the delegates elect were enrolled, after which Judge McClellan administered to the members the following oath: "I do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and I will honestly and faithfully perform the duties which are now to devolve on me as a delegate of this convention, so help me God." General Geo. P. Harrison moved to adjourn till Tuesday in view of the fact that a democratic caucus was desired to be held. The Chief Justice announced that the caucus would be held in the hall at 4 p. m., and declared the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The Caucus.

The Democratic caucus was called to order by Hon. Robert J. Lowe, of Jefferson, and Hon. E. R. Morrisette, of Monroe, was made its temporary chairman. Hon. John T. Ashcraft, of Lauderdale, and John F. Proctor, of Jackson, were elected secretaries. A committee of nine, one member from each congressional district, was appointed to pass upon the rights of delegates as members of the caucus.

It was 6 o'clock when the committee reported. The report included 141 of the delegates elected as eligible to seats in the caucus, excluding fourteen.

The report of the committee was the signal for a rather stormy debate, but the report was finally adopted.

Mr. DeGraffenreid, of Hale, offered an order of business which was adopted and the chair called for nominations for president of the Constitutional Convention. Mr. J. Thomas Heflin placed in nomination Hon. John B. Knox, and the rules were suspended and Mr Knox was unanimously declared the nominee.

The names of Frank N. Julian, of Colbert, and R. E. L. Neil, of Dallas were presented for secretary and Julian won the race by a vote of 72 1-2 to 59 1-2.

Three names were presented for assistant secretary, W. F. Herbert, of Montgomery, John F. Gillies, of Clarke and J. A. Kyle, of Jackson. Herbert won on the second ballot.

Robert Hasson, of Etowah, won the nomination for doorkeeper on the second ballot, and T. J. Fain of Dale was made assistant doorkeeper.

The chair appointed Messrs. Oates, O'Neal and Lomax a committee to notify Mr. Knox of his nomination for the presidency.

Second Day.

Caucus Nominees Elected — Speech by President Knox—Convention Settles Down to Business.

Promptly at 11 o'clock on Wednesday Chief Justice McClellan called the constitutional convention to order, and Rev. Dr. Patterson, of the First Presbyterian church, of Montgomery, opened with prayer.

On motion of Judge Coleman, the convention proceeded to elect a president. John B. Knox, of Calhoun, was nominated, and as no other name was presented, he was declared elected.

Messrs. Coleman, Oates and Lomax were appointed a committee to conduct the new president to the chair. Mr. Knox ascended the stand amid enthusiastic cheers from all parts of the hall and the galleries, and was presented by the Chief Justice. Mr. Knox returned thanks for the distinguished honor conferred and discussed at some length the issues to be considered by the convention.

"These are our problems," he said, "and we should be left to deal with them with our own sense of responsibility and recognized relations in the conduct of government.

"The southern man understands the negro and the negro understands us, and the only conflict that has arisen or that is likely to arise has been brought about by unknown and unwarranted interference from the pretended friends of the north.

"We must do what we propose to do, not by force or fraud, but with firmness and fairness to all, so frame the laws that the purity and sanctity of the ballot shall be preserved in every section of the state."

He recognized the gravity of the subject and trusted that it would be solved with wisdom and sound judgment.

Mr. Knox touched upon the matter of the state's bonded indebtedness. Under the present constitution he doubted the right of the state to refund its bonded indebtedness.

The power of municipal and county governments to create debts was discussed by the speaker. The issuing of bonds should be restricted.

He spoke upon the subject of education, expressing friendliness to the public schools but opposition to local taxation for school purposes.

The nominees of the caucus on the previous evening were all elected, and were sworn in by the president.

A resolution was adopted to appoint a committee to consider the matter of stenographic reports.

Resolutions were adopted providing hat the clergy be invited to open the sessions with prayer, and to apportion seats among the members. Dr. Cunningham moved that the selection of seats be made the special order after the reading of the journal on Thursday.

The convention then adjourned until 11 o'clock Thursday morning.

Hon. John B. Knox, of Anniston, president of the constitutional convention, is a native of Talladega county. His father was a physician and his mother was a daughter of Chancellor Alexander Bowie. He is 43 years of age, one of the foremost lawyers of the state and prominent in democratic politics.

Mr. Julian, the secretary, is a young man, popular with legislators by reason of his connection with the House of Representatives as assistant clerk. He is a native of Colbert county and was for several years connected with the North Alabamian, a paper published at Tuscumbia. Mr. Herbert, assistant secretary, is a well known young Montgomerian.

Messrs. Hasson and Fain have served the House of Representatives in the capacities which they will the convention.

Third Day.

A Short Session—Delegates are Allotted Seats—Committees are Appointed—Second Caucus.

Thursday's session was a short one Rev. A. L. Andrews led in prayer The Secretary called the roll and read the journal.

Mr. Weatherly presented a resolution to give preference of seats to ex-Governors Oates and Jones; ex-Supreme Court Judges Walker and Coleman; members of the convention of 1875, and Dabney Palmer. They chose seats well in front. All were seated in a half hour.

The chair announced committees: On Clergy—Howell, Watts and Blackwell; Stenographic Reports—Oates, Pillans, Merrill, Browne, Foster, Hood, Ashcraft, Weatherly; Rules—Knox, Smith of Mobile, Cunningham, Lomax, Harrison, O'Neal, DeGraffenreid, Browne and J. Thomas Heflin.

Mr. O'Neal moved to invite General Joseph Wheeler to a seat on the floor of the convention. Mr. Lowe objected, and moved to include all members and ex-members of Congress. The whole proposition went to the table. Mr. DeGraffenreid moved that the privileges of the floor be accorded General Wheeler. The motion was adopted. Several resolutions were presented: to fix the regular hour of adjournment at 1 p.m.; to print 5,000 copies of President Knox's address; to fix the number of standing committees. The resolutions were referred.

The convention recessed to permit the rules committee to report, and its report provides for ten pages, two messengers, a gallery doorkeeper, and an enrolling and engrossing clerk; the secretary may employ additional assistance with the approval of the president.

Twenty-one committees are provided. Rules, composed of the president and nine members; judiciary, twenty-five members; order, consistency and harmony of the whole constitution, twenty-five; suffrage and elections, twenty-five; legislative department, nineteen; local legislation, nineteen; education, nineteen; taxation, nineteen; executive department, fifteen; preamble and declaration of rights, fifteen; corporations, fifteen; judicial department, fifteen; exemptions, fifteen; militia, fifteen; banks and banking, fifteen; municipal corporations, fifteen; state and county boundaries, fifteen; impeachments, fifteen; amending the constitution and miscellaneous, fifteen; on the journal, five; schedules, printing and incidental expenses, nine.

A majority of each committee is to constitute a quorum; committeees will be appointed by the president.

The committees on rules, judiciary, order and consistency, suffrage and elections and corporations will be entitled to a clerk.

The president announced the following appointments:

To be enrolling and engrossing clerk—Mrs. Louis B. Francis, of Birmingham; to be doorkeeper of the gallery W. H. Manghans, of Calhoun, also the pages and messengers. Adjourned.

Another democratic caucus was held at 4 p. m. to reconsider the Elmore county question. The session lasted until 8 o'clock and adjourned until Friday without reaching a decision.

Fourth Day.

A Short Session—Constitution Will be Submitted to the People—A Stenographer Employed.

The convention was called to order at 11 a. m. by the president. 139 delegates were present. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Andrews.

The feature of the day's session was the resolution of Mr. Reese to submit the constitution framed by the convention to the people. There was no opposition to the resolution.

Mr. Pettus presented a resolution to abide by the act of the General Assembly in framing the constitution. It went to the committee on rules.

Senators Pettus and Morgan were extended the privileges of the floor and invited to attend the convention's deliberations.

Governor Oates presented the report of the committee on stenographic reports, favoring reporting the proceedings and recommending the plan of Mr Pat McGauly at $70 a day, to furnish 1,000 copies a day for the use of the members. There was considerable dissension about the matter but the report was adopted.

An adjournment was taken until Monday noon, to give the president time to select committees.

ATHENS HAS THE FEVER.

A company composed of local capitalists and men from Indiana has been formed at Athens to bore for natural gas and oil and will begin as soon as leases are obtained on certain properties. The city has granted a franchise to the company for the laying of pipe lines and soon the company will begin active operations.

Senator Lodge will probably be chairman of the senate committee on Foreign Relations. This means much for the Isthmian canal and the extension of the reciprocity principle.

The board having charge of the location of the naval station on Pearl harbor, Hawaii, has completed its work. The board finds that Pearl is the only harbor in the Hawaiian group capable of complete naval defense. It is five miles from Honolulu.

That the state of affairs in Russia is in some new way or unprecedented degree alarming to the government of that country is made more than evident by the fact that the banishment of Tolstoi has at last been ordered. The rather contemptuous leniency by which the novelist has profited so long was based on a belief that his preaching and example could have no practical effect and that therefore it was not worth while to punish in any way a man of great literary repute, with many admirers in other lands. Had he been less famous, of course he would have been sent to Siberia years ago. Even now the government, despotic as it is, has not dared to do that, and by withholding the punishment that would have been inflicted upon another foe of the same sort, it has increased, rather than decreased such dangers as Tolstoi's doctrines created. Wherever he goes, he will be able to talk and write, and this subject now will naturally be the evils of which he has at last been the victim. Hitherto he could not reasonably denounce to the utmost official methods which did not prevent him from doing about as he pleased, but in involuntary exile appreciation of the wrongs and sufferings of his people ceases to be theoretical. So the banishment, whatever its excuse, was a most serious mistake, and it hints at the existence of something much like a panic among the advisers of the czar.

President Diaz of Mexico may be appealed to if President McKinley and Secretary Hay are unable to bring the disputants over the second Pan-American Congress together. President Diaz is as eager as President McKinley to bring about a harmonious understanding between the nations of the new world, and views with suspicion the part that Europe is playing in the game. It is understood that Peru and Bolivia have received assurance from Europe of financial aid in recovering their lost provinces, and a way to the sea if these nations succeed in so manipulating the forthcoming Pan-American Congress as to force arbitration on Chili.

A procession of whales three miles long is reported from Alaska. This helps sustain the impression that Alaska is one of the most imaginative countries on the map.

THE NEWS OF THE

Summary of Current Events from All Sections of the

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR BUSY READERS

German Ambassador [illegible] Concerning Frank [illegible] ette College Opens [illegible] Teacher Raises [illegible]

FRANK M[illegible]

Inquiry Concerning [illegible] German [illegible]

On Friday [illegible] a telegram from [illegible] Mobile saying:

"Steiner Br[illegible]

"German A[illegible] desires me to a[illegible] Miller, to be ex[illegible] still retains [illegible] Please investigate.

"E. Holzh[illegible]

Immediately upon receiving [illegible] gram Mr. Lee K. Steiner [illegible] county jail, gained admission [illegible] Miller. Miller stated that [illegible] man citizen. He refused [illegible] native city. He said [illegible] blame me for but what [illegible] my family in trouble [illegible] people and if my aged father [illegible] my disgrace it would kill him [illegible]

Miller stated that the [illegible] at Mobile was personally [illegible] with his father and knew [illegible] from, and asked Mr. Steiner [illegible] that he still retained his [illegible] zenship and such other [illegible] he desired.

An effort will be made [illegible] Miller's attorneys to bring [illegible] to a man who it is expected [illegible] that the coat found on the [illegible] the tragedy is not Miller's [illegible] fense claim they hold a trump [illegible] this. Miller states that the [illegible] never asked him to try the [illegible] he knows that it will not fit [illegible]

REVIEW TERM FOR THE [illegible]

The La Fayette, Alabama, Summer School of Pedagogy [illegible] in fine shape with reviews [illegible] on all the branches of the [illegible] examination, and much [illegible] and with an excellent corps [illegible] tors. Already the interest [illegible] and increasing as the end [illegible] creases almost daily now [illegible]

By request of many teachers [illegible] work will continue right up [illegible] of the state board examination [illegible] 1st, so that teachers will have [illegible] advantages possible. Teachers [illegible] enter at once for the six weeks [illegible] July 1st. All expenses are [illegible] certificate of railroad agent [illegible] paid, to secure return [illegible] Teachers need not wait to [illegible] modations are assured. La [illegible] Alabama, can give health as [illegible] as well as instruction [illegible]

NAUGHTY SCHOOL[illegible]

As Prof. W. B. Gibson, [illegible] dent of the Decatur school [illegible] way home from the commencement exercises of his school last [illegible] was assaulted by a shower [illegible] eggs. Some time ago he expelled [illegible] incorrigible boys from the [illegible] this was their vengeance. The [illegible] sor was accompanied by his [illegible] father-in-law, Mr. Frazier, [illegible] Prof. Gibson was bespattered [illegible] head to foot and Mrs. Gibson [illegible] was utterly ruined. Mr. [illegible] struck on the head by a stone [illegible] fully injured.

SHOT WHILE PREACHING

Rev. J. R. McEwen, a negro [illegible] at Avondale, was murdered [illegible] night in his pulpit. A load [illegible] shot was fired through the [illegible] the woefbded man died in a [illegible] Another negro is under arrest [illegible] rime.

PROGRAM PREPARED

An interesting program [illegible] prepared for the thirteenth annual [illegible] vention of the Alabama Press [illegible] tion which will meet in [illegible] June 20th and 21st. The [illegible] go on an excursion to Gulf [illegible]

The original maker of [illegible] ves was the baby. The [illegible] also highly effectual in [illegible] borrowed from the cradle [illegible] which is mean to the baby.

Considering the humanity [illegible] failures that occur in the [illegible] sassinations of European [illegible] must conclude that either [illegible] sins are bad shots or the [illegible] poor targets.

BILL ARP'S LETTE[illegible]

Farrow Man Wrought Up Over Stories of Old Antebellum Days

[illegible] ARE NOT ALL DEAD YET

Threatens Fake Regarding "Providence Spring" is Being Vigorously Refuted. Says William [illegible]

As the poet, Browning, said [illegible] brought the [illegible] he was dead and [illegible] Andersonville [illegible] again. We thought [illegible] our general, Senator Hill, had [illegible] that whole Andersonville business [illegible] quietly reply to Blaine [illegible] forty-five years ago. He proved [illegible] by the federal records that the suffering [illegible] their other born in that prison [illegible] the crime, the shame of Sta[illegible] refused to exchange with [illegible] and refused to send medicine and [illegible] for their sick. We did the very [illegible] could and some honest northern [illegible] have so written and published [illegible] in northern papers. But every [illegible] the same old lie breaks loose [illegible] and now they have started [illegible] about a spring—the "Providence spring" which they say gushes [illegible] the ground just in time to save [illegible] soldiers from perishing for lack [illegible] water. And they are spending money [illegible] in improving and beautifying the [illegible] around the spring. The [illegible] hars. Scores of good [illegible] still live who knew of that spring [illegible] back in the 40's, when Andersonville [illegible] a wilderness and the spring [illegible] known as a deer stand. Yes [illegible] a Providence spring, for providence created it, and all the other [illegible] when He made the continents [illegible] the rivers and mountains. Andersonville never lacked water and was [illegible] for a prison because of the [illegible] of water, and that little [illegible] of no consequence, for [illegible] about thirty gallons an hour [illegible] would have been less than half [illegible] a day to the prisoners. The [illegible] was covered up by the hand [illegible] striking for the stockade and [illegible] and some other channel and [illegible] out again after a big rain [illegible] that's all there is about it. No [illegible] Providence spring! Those everlasting [illegible] are just hunting up some [illegible] sentiment. This spring business [illegible] Barbara Frietchie delusion [illegible] up to keep the northern heart [illegible] and fire up Goldwin Smith [illegible] some more historic lies about [illegible] South. But "whom the Lord loveth [illegible] chasteneth," and our faith [illegible] that He loves our people very much [illegible] He would not chasten us so much [illegible] with these vile slanders [illegible] "And I said in mine haste all men are [illegible]," said David. If he had lived [illegible] our day he might have said [illegible] at his leisure. We are getting [illegible] and so hardened to their [illegible] and prevarication that [illegible] believe them when they tell [illegible] truth. History says that Israel [illegible] crawled into a cave and killed [illegible] I used to believe that, but [illegible] now since Goldwin Smith has [illegible] Benedict Arnold as a hero [illegible] Providence spring! What a lie!

But our veterans are clearing up this history business and our teachers [illegible] better be very careful what they [illegible] I never did understand until [illegible] why Maury's geography was [illegible] out of so many schools and [illegible] was put in. There is some brimstone in this school book business [illegible] Maury is paid to school commissioners [illegible] members, or some outside lawyers [illegible] their influence.

Last year a teacher high in office at [illegible] was expelled for accepting [illegible] and I have heard it charged that [illegible] lawyer in Atlanta got big money for [illegible] a book into the public [illegible] Money rules the roost in [illegible] and there is a money [illegible] behind this Andersonville business, [illegible] Providence spring! Oh, my country! [illegible] does providence have to do with [illegible] fellows except to let them run [illegible] course. "I have seen the wicked [illegible] like a green bay tree," says [illegible] An old darky heard me say, [illegible] what makes the Lord smile [illegible] Jim Wilkins so. Jim is as mean [illegible] a dog, but every trade he makes [illegible] everything he touches turns into [illegible] He is getting richer and [illegible] every year."

The old darky said: "Why, honey [illegible] Lord hain't got anything to do [illegible] Jim Wilkins. Lord hain't nothin' [illegible] Lord dun give him up long time [illegible] That's why he gittin' rich—old [illegible] runnin' him."

Providence spring! But it is mighty [illegible] to me that the northern people will let Goldwin Smith scandalize [illegible] founders of our government. [illegible] that everybody north and [illegible] idolized Washington and Jefferson [illegible] and Madison and Monroe. [illegible] that everybody outside of [illegible] chusetts was proud of Patrick [illegible] and Randolph and Henry Clay [illegible] know that Benedict Arnold [illegible] admirer or an apologizer north [illegible] or in England or anywhere. [illegible] know that Goldwin Smith was [illegible] conspicuous historian until this [illegible] story appeared. It appears that [illegible] great favorite in England and [illegible] and is a contributor to the [illegible] magazines and co-editor of [illegible] encyclopedia.

[illegible] we are making progress. Providence spring! Those yankees say [illegible] in the nick of time, when [illegible] was nearly gone and despair had [illegible] for want of water, Providence [illegible] the ground and the water

THE NEWS OF THE

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All Sections of Alab

BRIEFLY TOLD FOR ALL OUR

German Ambassador Makes
Concerning Frank Miller—C
ette College Opens. A Ind
Teacher Rotten - Egg

FRANK MILLER AGA

Inquiry Concerning Him Made
German Ambassador

On Friday Steiner Brothers
a telegram from the German
Miller saying

Colonel Bethea, Birmingha
German Ambassador W
to ascertain whether
Miller had been executed on Jan
charge of treason. German
please investigate.

E. Holzlein, German Con
immediately upon receipt of
gram Mr. Leo K. Steiner went
county and gained admission
Miller. Miller stated that he
made citizen. He refused to
native city. He said: "You
home for not wishing to
my family in trouble. They
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my disgrace it would kill him."

Miller stated that the Germa
at Mobile was personally
with his father and knew where
from and asked Mr. Steiner
that he still retained his Germ
zenship and such other inform
he desired.

An effort will be made this
Miller's attorneys to bring from
to a man who it is expected wi
that the coat found on the stre
the tragedy is not Miller's. T
fense claim they hold a trump
this. Miller states that the pro
never asked him to try the coat
he knows that it will not fit hi

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are bad shots or the sq
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BILL ARP'S LETTER

Man Wrought Up Over
ies of Old Andersonville.

"THEY ARE NOT ALL DEAD YET."

A Tradition Fake Regarding "Prov
nce Spring" Is Being Vig
erously Refashed, Says
William

"A man came to me in Rome and said: "I
thought the war was dead and damned."
but it seems that Andersonville has
risen again. We thought that
some senator from Maine had killed
it when he made his business in
speech referring to Blaine some
years ago. He proved from
the records that the sufferings
of the men in that prison was
not the fault nor the shame of Stan
ton, who refused to exchange with us
even medicine and sup
plies for their sick. We did the very
best we could and some honest north
ern soldiers have so written and pub
lished in northern papers. But ever
and anon in the same old way he breaks loose
again and they have started a
new one about a spring. The "Provi
dence spring" which they say gushed
forth like it did when Moses
struck the rock with his rod. Mr. Pillsbury, of Americus, an honorable veteran, was there on guard and says the whole thing is made up, and it can be proved so by many old citizens of Sumter county. We will have to nail that Andersonville lie to a board and put it up at the forks of the road. We will brand it when we meet at Memphis. I want to meet Colonel John Cussons there and thank him for his little book. I want every veteran to have one. The price is only 25 cents and it is worth ten times that much to have it in the house and refer to it sometimes when we get cussin' mad.

Providence spring! I'm going to see if I can't beat my neighbors, Cary and Yarbrough and Corley and Mrs. Fields, raising tomatoes. Mr. Corley has put out only six plants and says they will yield him twenty bushels of fruit. Mr. Yarbrough, the preacher, has six plants. He dug six wells about two feet deep and filled them up with all sorts of fertile and says he will have a wagon load. Last year he had eight on one stem—all touching each other, and the eight weighed twelve pounds! I've seen the photograph. I've got out 100 plants and am not done yet, and they laugh at me, but I want a load or two to give away. My garden must keep me busy. It don't do to sit down and brood over trouble and slander and lies. I pick strawberries every day, but I'm not fond of the business. Have to stoop too much and it gives me the backache. I'm the only boy left and my folks keep me very busy.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

SUCCESS IN SELF-POSSESSION.

So Says Walter Damrosch, and He Surely Ought to Know.

The man who makes public appearances must have self-possession, says Walter Damrosch. I have learned by great experience that this quality is all important. There have been times when the slightest perturbation on my part would have made my orchestra play out of time and out of tune. The musicians in an orchestra place just as much faith in their conductor as do soldiers in their general.

The best example of this quality I ever witnessed was aboard an Atlantic liner.

The second day we ran into violent weather. The propeller shaft broke, and we were drifting helplessly. The waves ran high and a general scare ensued. Hysterical women ran hither and thither and the men were pale and nervous. The officers, not knowing what had happened, at first, were obviously frightened. A pandemonium seemed imminent.

In the midst of it all a young man whom I remember by the name of Stone, who was making his first voyage, came out of his stateroom in an immaculate yachting suit; he was cool and collected.

A man who had been racing up and down, clad in one or two scanty garments, seized him by the shoulders, jammed him against the rail, and frantically said:

"For heaven's sake what is the matter? What is the matter?"

"Go and ask the captain, please," replied Stone.

"Have you any idea what is going on?"

Stone pulled out his watch, looked at it and said, as he puffed a cigar:

"I suppose it is something that happens every Tuesday morning. This is my first trip over, and I'm not running the ship this time."

In five minutes order was restored, because other excited passengers became calm at the self-possession of the young man.—Success.

What Russia Will Have.

The Russian Empire, as we all know, originated in the fusion of several nomadic tribes, which led to the formation of the Principality of Moscow soon after the incursion of the Golden Horde. In 1462 Ivan III. took the title of Czar of Moscovy, and laid the foundations of Russian power. The early Czars of Moscovy ruled over a kingdom of about half a million of square miles. The Russian Empire of today compasses some 9,000,000 square miles. It extends from the Baltic Sea to the Pacific, and from the Arctic Ocean to Afghanistan and Persia. It possesses every variety of climate and territory of every description. But no great nation is so badly situated as Russia in regard to access to the sea. She has four seaboards—the Arctic Ocean, the Pacific, the Baltic, and the Black Sea. The first is practically useless. The outlet to the Pacific is inadequate. It is often closed by ice, and is moreover at an immense distance from the centres of commerce. The Baltic is closed every winter, and access from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean and the ocean may be made impossible in case of war. This want of access to the sea is a leading factor in Russian politics. It makes the internal progress of the nation difficult, and is one of the causes why new territories are added constantly to the empire. These annexations are often made in pursuance of a design to get to the open ocean, and thus place the empire on a parity with other great powers.—The National Review.

Wonderful Electric Wire.

Bavaria has the most curious of all claims to notoriety, which is, that it possesses the longest lightning conductor in the world. It rises some yards above the meteorological station on the Zugspitze, the highest point in the German empire, and runs down the side of the mountain to the bottom of the Hollenthal, where there is running water all the year round. The length of the rod is five and one-half kilometers—nearly three miles and a half.

NATIVE AFRICAN PRINTERS.

Dwellers on Lake Tanganyika Who Have Just Issued Their First Book.

The Catholic fathers have a flourishing mission station on the west shore of Lake Tanganyika, at a place where the forest comes nearly down to the water's edge. This place has been known for fifteen years on the maps as Mpala, and much has been written about it as a station where the Catholic missionaries have been trying to introduce civilization in a most practical manner.

Here in the depths of Central Africa they have been teaching the natives how to make brick and lumber, how to improve the quality of the iron they dig from the hills, how to make better implements from this useful metal and the best methods of tilling their crops. A great many natives have come from far around to enter the schools at Mpala.

A year ago this month the natives who had been taught to set type in the printing office made their first book. A few copies of it have reached Europe and attracted considerable attention. The little book is a geography. It tells, in the native language and in the simplest manner, something about the world. It gives the most interesting facts about the geography and peoples of some of the great nations. There are only fifty-six pages in it, but they contain a great deal of information without being crowded with so much detail as to make the story hard to read.

Father G. Van Acker wrote the little volume, superintended the typesetting and printing, and made the map which adorns the work. The natives under his tuition attended to every mechanical detail, from typesetting to binding. The book is an excellent specimen of typography considering that it is the first effort of the black printers who made it, and it furnishes conclusive evidence that progress is making in the heart of Central Africa.—New York Sun.

New York's Great Playgrounds.

The greater part of the forests of the Adirondack Mountains is now the property of the people of New York. In these alone there are ten times the area of the New Forest—946,888 acres being in what is called the Adirondack Park. There are besides 56,000 acres in the Catskills. Inlying sections are compulsorily bought up, and the whole made into one vast contiguous tract guarded by firemen, game-watchers and fish-keepers. The whole of this is being rapidly restored to the primitive state in which Deerslayer and the Delaware hunted and shot. The trees are State property, and will be partly subjected to regular forestry to preserve the head-waters of rivers and to pay expenses, and partly let grow wild and untended. The State covers all that region where the great fights took place both between us and the French and later between the Colonists and the English armies, along the line of lakes and rivers reaching from Ontario to the Hudson, while it runs back to the St. Lawrence, along the whole south shore of Ontario and along part of Lake Erie. Champlain, where the British and American flotillas fought and sunk each other, is now a great fish preserve stocked by the State Fish Commission. Ontario is to be the greatest trout fishery in the world and the St. Lawrence a combined pleasure river for two nations.—London Spectator.

Puzzling Height of a Tower.

A great mystery invests the electric tower at the Pan-American Exposition. Nobody knows how high it is. At any rate, that is a fair inference from published descriptions. A long account of it in the Industrial and Architectural Review says: "From the water to the feet of the figure of 'Electricity' is a vertical distance of 331 feet. The figure is seventeen feet in height."

To verify this we turn to certain Pan-American publications at hand. One official looking book in a gray-blue cover informs us that "the electric tower is 391 feet high." On the same page with this statement is a cut of the tower labeled "Electric Tower, 375 feet high." Another exposition folder—a green and yellow one—gives the height of the tower as 409 feet, and of the goddess as eighteen feet, but whether or not she is included in the 409 feet, is not stated. The builder of the statue informs the Express that her height is twenty-four feet.

Still another exposition booklet with an esthetic sage-green cover says of this marvelous construction that it is "a stately tower of soaring height." Just how high a thing has to be before it is of "soaring height" we do not know, but we think in this case the statement is correct.—Buffalo Express.

The Germ Theory.

The origin of disease was formerly a subject of mystery. It is now pretty thoroughly established that almost every form of disease is caused by the introduction into the human system of certain poisonous minute organisms. Thus one kind of germ breeds small pox, another scarlet fever, and so on.

As it is the function of the leucocytes to destroy these and all other germs, the perfectly healthy body is really immune. It is only when the system becomes weakened that the leucocytes are unable to do their work and the unchecked germs get a hold on the organism, multiply and proceed to destroy it as fast as they can.

A widespread understanding of these incalculably important doctrines would do much to raise the general standard of health.—New York World.

Invention of the Pneumatic Tire.

It is of considerable interest that the pneumatic tire, to which the bicycle owes a large share of its popularity, was invented by an American, R. W. Thompson, in 1847.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Benefits of Rational Amusements—Evils of Straitjacket Religion—Depraving Influences—Warm Hearted People Most Tempted.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is in accord with all innocent hilarities, while it represents amusements that belittle and deprave; text, II Samuel ii. 14, "Let the young men now arise and play before us."

There are two armies encamped by the pool of Gibeon. The time hangs heavily on their hands. One army proposes a game of sword fencing. Nothing could be more healthful and innocent. The other army accepts the challenge. Twelve men against twelve men, the sport opens. But something went adversely. Perhaps one of the swordsmen got an unlucky slip or in some way had his ire aroused, and that which opened in sportfulness ended in violence, each one taking his contestant by the hair and then with the sword thrusting him in the side, so that that which opened in innocent fun ended in the massacre of all the twenty-four sportsmen. Was there ever a better illustration of what was true then and is true now—that that which is innocent may be made destructive?

What of a worldly nature is more important and strengthening and innocent than amusement, and yet what has counted more victims? I have no sympathy with a straitjacket religion. This is a very bright world to me, and I propose to do all I can to make it bright for others. I never could keep step to a dead march. A book years ago issued says that a Christian man has a right to some amusements. For instance, if he comes at night weary from his work and, feeling the need of recreation, puts on his slippers and goes into his garret and walks lively round the floor several times there can be no harm in it. I believe the church of God has made a great mistake in trying to suppress the sportfulness of youth and drive out from men their love of amusement. If God ever implanted anything in us, He implanted this desire. But instead of providing for this demand of our nature the church of God has for the main part ignored it. As in a riot the major plants a battery at the end of the street and has it fired off so that everything is cut down that happens to stand in the range, the good as well as the bad, so there are men in the church who plant their batteries of condemnation and fire away indiscriminately. Everything is condemned. But Paul, the apostle, commends those who use the world without abusing it, and in the natural world God has done everything to please and amuse us.

And I am glad to know that in all our cities there are plenty of places where we may find elevated moral entertainment. But all honest men and good women will agree with me in the statement that one of the worst things in these cities is corrupt amusement. Multitudes have gone down under the blasting influence, never to rise. If we may judge of what is going on in many of the places of amusement by the pictures on board fences and in many of the show windows, there is not a much lower depth of profligacy to reach. At Naples, Italy, they keep such pictures locked up from indiscriminate inspection. Those pictures were exhumed from Pompeii, and are not fit for public gaze. If the effrontery of bad places of amusement in hanging out improper advertisements of what they are doing night by night grows worse in the same proportion, in fifty years some of our modern cities will beat Pompeii.

I project certain principles by which you may judge in regard to any amusement or recreation, finding out for yourself whether it is right or wrong.

I remark, in the first place, that you can judge of the moral character of any amusement by its healthful result or by its baleful reaction. There are people who seem made up of hard facts. They are a combination of multiplication tables and statistics. If you show them an exquisite picture they will begin to discuss the pigments involved in the coloring. If you show them a beautiful rose they will submit it to a botanical analysis, which is only the post-mortem examination of a flower. They have no rebound in their nature. They never do anything more than smile. There are no great tides of feeling surging up from the depths of their soul in billow after billow of reverberating laughter. They seem as if nature had built them by contract and made a bungling job of it. But blessed be God, there are people in the world who have bright faces and whose life is a song, an anthem, a paean of victory.

Now, it is these exhilarant and sympathetic and warm hearted people that are most tempted to pernicious amusements. In proportion as a ship is swift it wants a strong helmsman, in proportion as a horse is gay it wants a stout driver, and these people of exuberant nature will do well to look at the reaction of all their amusements. If an amusement sends you home at night nervous, so that you cannot sleep, and you rise up in the morning not because you are slept out, but because your duty drags you from your slumbers, you have been where you ought not to have been. There are amusements that send a man next day to his work with his eyes bloodshot, yawning, stupid, nauseated, and they are wrong kinds of amusement. They are entertainments that give a man disgust with the drudgery of life, with tools because they are not swords, with working aprons because they are not robes, with cattle because they are not infuriated bulls of the arena.

If any amusement sends you home longing for a life of romance and thrilling adventure, love that takes poison and shoots itself, moonlight adventures and hairbreadth escapes, you may depend upon it that you are the sacrificed victim of unsanctified pleasure. Our recreations are intended to build us up, and if they pull us down as to our moral or as to our physical strength you may come to the conclusion that they are obnoxious.

There is nothing more depraving than attendance upon amusements that are full of innuendo and low suggestion. The young man enters. At first he sits far back, with his hat on and his coat collar up, fearful that somebody there may know him. Several nights pass on. He takes off his hat earlier and puts his coat collar down. The blush that first came into his cheek when anything indecent was enacted comes no more to his cheek. Farewell, young man! You have probably started on the long road which ends in consummate destruction. The stars of hope will go out one by one until you will be left in utter darkness. Hear you not the rush of the maelstrom, in whose outer circle your boat now dances, making merry with the whirling waters? But you are being drawn in, and the gentle motion will become terrific agitation. You cry for help in vain; you pull at the oar to put back, but the struggle will not avail. You will be tossed and dashed and shipwrecked and swallowed in the whirlpool that has already crushed in its wrath 10,000 hulks.

Young men who have come from the country residence to city residence will do well to be on guard and let no one induce them to places of improper amusement. It is mightily alluring when a young man, long a citizen, offers to show a newcomer all around.

Still further, those amusements are wrong which lead you into expenditure beyond your means. Money spent in recreation is not thrown away. It is all folly for us to come from a place of amusement feeling that we have wasted our money and time. You may by it have made an investment worth more than the transaction that yielded you hundreds or thousands of dollars. But how many properties have been riddled by costly amusements.

How brightly the path of unrestrained amusement opens! The young man says: "Now I am off for a good time. Never mind economy. I'll get money somehow. What a fine road! What a beautiful day for a ride! Crack the whip and over the turnpike! Come, boys, fill high your glasses! Drink! Long life, health, plenty of rides just like this!" Hard working men hear the clatter of the hoofs and look up and say: "Why, I wonder where those fellows get their money from? We have to toil and drudge. They do nothing. To these gay men life is a theme and an excitement. They stare at other people and in turn are stared at. The watch chain jingles, the cup foams, midnight hears their guffaw, they swagger, they jostle decent men off the sidewalk, they take the name of God in vain, they parody the hymn they learned at their mother's knee, and to all pictures of coming disaster they cry out, "Who cares?" and to the counsel of some Christian friend, "Who are you?"

I go further and say that all those amusements are wrong which lead into bad company. If you go to any place where you have to associate with the intemperate, with the unclean, with the abandoned, however well they may be dressed, in the name of God quit it. They will despoil your nature.

I had a friend in the West—a rare friend. He was one of the first to welcome me to my new home. To fine personal appearance he added a generosity, frankness and ardor of nature that made me love him like a brother. But I saw evil people gathering around him. They came up from the saloons, from the gambling hells. They plied him with a thousand arts. They seized upon his social nature, and he could not stand the charm. They drove him on the rocks, like a ship, full winged, shivering on the breakers. I used to admonish him. I would say, "Now, I wish you would quit those bad habits and become a Christian." "Oh," he would reply, "I would like to, I would like to, but I have gone so far I don't think there is any way back." In his moments of repentance he would go home and take his little girl of eight years and embrace her convulsively, and cover her with adornments, and strew around her pictures and toys and everything that could make her happy, and then, as though hounded by an evil spirit, he would go out to the infaming cup and the house of shame like a fool to the correction of the stocks.

I was summoned to his deathbed; I hastened; I entered the room, I found him, to my surprise, lying in full everyday dress on the top of the couch. I put out my hand. He grasped it excitedly and said: "Sit down, Mr. Talmage, right there." I sat down. He said: "Last night I saw my mother, who has been dead twenty years, and she sat just where you sit now. It was no dream, I was wide awake. There was no delusion in the matter. I saw her just as plainly as I see you. Wife, I wish you would take these strings off me. There are strings spun all around my body. I wish you would take them off me." I saw it was delirium. "Oh," replied his wife, "my dear, there is nothing there; there is nothing there!" He went on and said: "Just where you sit, Mr. Talmage, my mother sat. She said to me, 'Henry, I do wish you would do better.' I got out of bed, put my arms around her and said: 'Mother, I want to do better. I have been trying to do better. Won't you help me to do better? You used to help me?' No mistake about it; no delusion. I saw here—the cap and the apron and the spectacles—just as she used to look twenty years ago. But I do wish you would take these strings away. They annoy me so I can hardly talk. Won't you take them away?" I knelt down and prayed, conscious of the fact that he did not realize what I was saying. I got up. I said: "Goodby! I hope you will be better soon." He said, "Goodby, goodby!"

That night his soul went up to the God who gave it. Arrangements were made for the obsequies. Some said: "Don't bring him in the church. He was too dissolute." "Oh," I said, "bring him. He was a good friend of mine while he was alive, and I shall stand by him now that he is dead. Bring him to the church."

As I sat in the pulpit and saw his body coming up through the aisle I felt as if I could weep tears of blood. I told the people that day: "This man had his virtues and a good many of them. He had his faults and a good many of them. But if there is any man in this audience who is without sin let him cast the first stone at this coffin lid." One one side of the pulpit sat that little child, rosy, sweet faced, as beautiful as any little child that sat at your table this morning, I warrant you. She looked up wistfully, not knowing the full sorrows of an orphan child.

This destroyed man was a Samson in physical strength, but Delilah sheared him, and the Philistines of evil companionship dug his eyes out and threw him into the prison of evil habits. But in the hour of his death he rose up and took hold of the two pillared curses of God against drunkenness and uncleanness and threw himself forward until down upon him and his companions there came the thunders of an eternal catastrophe.

Again, any amusement that gives you a distaste for domestic life is bad. How many bright domestic circles have been broken up by sinful amusements! The father went off, the mother went off, the child went off. There are to-day fragments before me of blasted households. Oh, if you have wandered away, I would like to charm you back to the sound of that one word "home."

I saw a wayward husband standing at the deathbed of his Christian wife, and I saw her point to a ring on her finger and heard her say to her husband: "Do you see that ring?" He replied: "Yes, I see it." "Well," said she, "do you remember who put it there?" "Yes," said he, "I put it there." And all the past seemed to rush upon him. By the memory of that day when, in the presence of men and angels, you promised to be faithful in joy and sorrow and in sickness and in health; by the memory of those pleasant hours when you sat together in your new home talking of a bright future; by the cradle and the joyful hour when one life was spared and another given; by that sickbed, when the little one lifted up the hands and called for help, and you knew he must die, and he put one arm around each of your necks and brought you very near together in that dying kiss; by the little grave in the cemetery that you never think of without a rush of tears; by the family Bible, where, amid stories of heavenly love, is the brief but expressive record of births and deaths; by the neglects of the past and by the agonies of the future; by a judgment day, when husbands and wives, parents and children, in immortal groups, will stand to be caught up in shining array or to shrink down into darkness—by all that I beg you give to home your best affections.

Ah, my friends, there is an hour coming when our past life will probably pass before us in review. It will be our last hour. If from our death pillow we have to look back and see a life spent in sinful amusement, there will be a dart that will strike through our soul sharper than the dagger with which Virginius slew his child. The memory of the past will make us quake like Macbeth; the iniquities and rioting through which we have passed will come upon us weird and skeleton as Meg Merrilies. Death, the old Shylock, will demand and take the remaining pound of flesh and the remaining drop of blood, and upon our last opportunity for repentance and our last chance for heaven the curtain will forever drop.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 2.

Subject: Jesus Our High Priest in Heaven. Heb. iv. 11-14, 24-30 — Golden Text, Heb. vii. 25 — Memory Verses, 24 25— Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

11. "But Christ having come" (R. V.) Although Christ be but one, yet He is understood by us under a variety of forms. He is the "tabernacle" on account of the human body in which He dwelt. He is the "table" because He is our bread of life. He is the "ark" which has the law of God inclosed within, because He is the Word of the Father. He is the "candlestick" because He is our spiritual light. He is the "altar of incense" because He is the sweet smelling odor in sanctification. He is the "altar of burnt offering," because He is the victim by death on the cross for the sins of the whole world. The apostle does not in any way refer slightingly of the Jewish institution, for they were ordained of God, but he endeavors to show those to whom he was writing that inasmuch as the great Antitype had appeared the types would of necessity be done away. "An high priest." The work of the high priest was threefold: 1. To offer sacrifices. 2. To act as mediator. 3. To instruct the people. The first great work Christ had to do was to offer an acceptable sacrifice, and this He did by offering Himself. As the God man He is able to act as mediator, because through His divine nature He can approach the court of heaven, and in His human nature He is "touched with the feeling of other infirmities," and having been tempted in all points like as we are. He is able to succor them that are tempted." Heb. 2: 18; 4: 15. As an instructor He stands forth as the greatest Teacher the world has ever seen. "Of good things to come." Christ our high priest is a dispenser of all the spiritual blessings promised in this world or the next. "More perfect tabernacle." Authorities seem about divided as to the meaning of these words. Some think they have reference to Christ Himself, and that His body is the tabernacle; others think the tabernacle not made with hands refers to heaven, representing the spiritual sphere. "Not of this creation" (R. V.) "Not making any part of this lower creation."

12. "By His own blood." Here the redemption of man is attributed to the blood of Christ, and this blood is stated to be shed in a sacrificial way, precisely as the blood of bulls, goats and calves was shed under the law. "Once for all" (R. V.) The high priest entered into the holiest once each year, but Christ made an atonement that did not need to be repeated. "Into the holy place." Or sanctuary, signifying heaven. There were two apartments to the tabernacle proper; the first, which was situated toward the east, was called the sanctuary or holy place; it was thirty feet long and fifty feet wide and contained the altar of incense, the table of shewbread and the candlestick. The second apartment was called the Holy of Holies; it was ten cubits (fifteen feet) each way, being a cube; its only article of furniture was the ark of the covenant. Into the holiest place the high priest entered once each year, on the great day of atonement, which was the 10th of Tishri (October), carrying with him the golden censer and "not without blood." "Eternal redemption." An endless redemption from sin; it is eternal in its merit and efficacy.

13. "Blood—ashes." See Lev. 16: 14, 15; Num. 19: 2-10. "Sprinkling." Blood was sprinkled everywhere. The priest sprinkled the tabernacle, and all the utensils, the altars, the people, the veil, the mercy seat, in fact, everywhere we see the blood. The ashes of the heifer were put in pure water and sprinkled on those who had contracted any legal defilement. Num. 19: 17-21. "The unclean." These were distinctly for purification from ceremonial offences. "The flesh." Purifying from uncleanness according to the Mosaic ritual, having the body particularly in view.

14. "How much more." This form of argument is characteristic of this epistle. That which the blood of bulls could never do the blood of Jesus has forever done. "Through the eternal Spirit." There are two views with regard to the meaning of this: 1. By His own divine nature. 2. By the help and through the power of the Holy Spirit. The latter appears to be the correct explanation. "Without blemish" (R. V.) This is an allusion to the Jewish offerings which, to be acceptable to God, must be without blemish. "Dead works." All sinful works.

24. "Made with hands." He has not entered into the holy places in the tabernacle or temple as the Jewish high priest did, but into heaven itself, which He has thus opened to all believers. "Like in pattern to the true" (R. V.) The sanctuary of God on earth is a pattern of heaven, and communion with God in His sanctuary is to His people a heaven on earth. "To appear." As our Intercessor; "for us." He sits in heaven as High Priest to present to the Father His own atonement and sacrifice for the sins of the whole world.

25. "Offer Himself often." In this and the next verse the apostle shows that the atonement of Christ once made was sufficient for all nations and all ages. See ch. v. 12. "Of others." That is, with the blood of bullocks and goats.

26. "Since the foundation," etc. Although Christ offered Himself only once, that one offering is in itself so meritorious that its influence reacheth backward to the beginning of the world and forward to the end of time; on which account Christ is termed (Rev. 13: 8) "the Lamb slain from the foundation of the world." "End of the ages" (R. V.) This has reference to the end of the Jewish dispensation. "To put away sin." To abolish sin-offerings. But in doing away with the sin-offerings He made an offering for sin, and is now able to deliver from the guilt and power of sin.

27. "As it is appointed," etc. Inasmuch as God hath decreed that man shall die once, and only once, and after this shall come to the judgment, and be judged once; so Christ, who has been offered once, shall die no more.

28. "To bear the sins." There is an allusion here to the scape goat (Lev. 16: 5-10; 20-22) which, in a figure, carried away the sins of the people into the wilderness, but Christ literally bears away the sins of all who come to Him. "That look for Him." All true believers are patiently waiting and earnestly looking for the appearing of Christ. Titus 2: 13; 2 Pet. 3: 11-13. "Shall He appear?" See Acts 1: 11; 1 Thess. 1: 10; 4: 16; 2 Thess. 1: 10. "Apart from sin" (R. V.) When He appears the second time He will come, not as a sacrifice for sin, but in might and power. "Unto salvation." The object of His coming will be to bestow complete happiness upon us. He will deliver the bodies of the saints from the grave, and take all true believers with Him to eternal glory. "Even so, come Lord Jesus!"

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OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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THE Confederate reunion at Memphis has been a complete success, and adjourned yesterday evening to meet next year at Dallas, Texas. General John B. Gordon was re-elected commander amid a scene of great enthusiasm. Over twenty thousand visitors attended the reunion. Battle Abbey is to be built.

It is understood that Miss Fannie Griffin will ask the convention for a hearing on the rights of women. Miss Griffin desires to argue the advisability of admitting women to the suffrage. She is the leading woman suffragist in Alabama, and one of the most accomplished orators of either sex. She lives at Verbena.—Montgomery Journal.

Two United States senators have tendered their resignations. They are Ben R. Tillman and John L. McLaurin of South Carolina. The latter has two years yet to serve, and Tillman was only elected last summer for the long term. They will both be candidates, and probably some others will come forward, before a Democratic primary to be held in November.

On Friday, May 24th, the Constitutional Convention, now in session at Montgomery, passed a resolution authorising a stenographic report of the entire proceedings.

The Montgomery Advertiser, always with an eye to business, immediately arranged to publish this report daily, which will give every word uttered, every action taken and every detail enacted during this extraordinary session.

The Advertiser is becoming more and more metropolitan and this latest stroke of modern journalism will place it far in the lead of all competitors in this portion of the South. Our desire to show an appreciation of enterprise encourages us to say that any reader of The Banner desiring The Advertiser may leave orders at this office where prompt attention will be paid to forwarding them to The Advertiser. The Daily and Sunday Advertiser by mail one month 65c, or The Daily and Sunday Advertiser two months and The Banner one year all for $1.75.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

On Thursday the principal business of the convention was the selection of seats by members. The committee on rules reported, suggesting that twenty-one standing committees should be appointed.

On Friday the convention passed a resolution that the new constitution should be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection. It was also decided to have an official stenographic report of the proceedings at a cost of $70 per day. The convention adjourned until Monday.

On Monday the rules for the permanent organization of the convention were adopted, and the standing committees announced. L. H. Reynolds is on the committee on local legislation, and the committee on banks and banking. Mr. Brooks of Mobile introduced the first ordinance which was that no new debt shall be incurred by the State except for repelling invasion or suppressing insurrection. It provides that the governor may borrow not exceeding $300,000 to meet deficiencies in the treasury (the present limit is $100,000). He introduced another resolution that all male citizens between 18 and 45 be liable to military duty in the militia of the State. A third resolution he introduced was one providing that no public officer should accept a free pass, etc., the penalty for so doing being forfeiture of the office held. It also makes it a misdemeanor for anyone to offer such privileges to office-holders.

Mr. Browne presented an ordinance providing a system of public schools for the State, with school terms of equal length for white and colored from 7 to 21 years of age.

Mr. John Burns of Dallas introduced a resolution that the present limit of taxation should not be increased. General Harrison offered a resolution prohibiting vagrants from voting at any election in this State. Mr. Henderson that the General Assembly should have no power to remove the capitol from Montgomery, and that representation in the General Assembly be on population of all the people. All resolutions were referred to the several committees.

On Tuesday five different ordinances looking to the regulation of the suffrage were introduced and referred to the committee on suffrage and elections.

Mr. Howell presented an ordinance providing for the reduction of the area of counties to 400 square miles, but no new county shall be formed unless it has population enough to entitle it to representation in the General Assembly.

Mr. Kirk of Colbert presented a resolution providing for four year terms of the State officers.

Mr. Malone of Henry offered a proposition that county boundaries are not to be changed except by a two-thirds vote of the General Assembly.

Mr. Whiteside of Calhoun presented an ordinance that no person should be eligible for county superintendent of education who does not hold a first grade certificate.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

Report of Committee on Text Book Uniformity

As a matter of information and interest to the people, we the members of the "Text Book Board" of Chilton county, submit the following report:

Under an act of the last Legislature of Alabama, providing for text book uniformity for Chilton county, we met on 27th of May and have made the following adoptions:

Butler & Sheldon's Spellers, two book series, prices 15 and 20 cents.

Reading, Johnson's Carnefix Primer, price 5 cts; Baldwin's Readers, price First Reader 25 cts Second Reader 35 cts, Third Reader 40 cts, Fourth Book 60 cts.

Writing, Smithdeal's Copy Book, price 5 cts.

Geography—Maury's Geographies, Two Book Series, $ 55 and $1.25.

Arithmetics, Hill's Mental Arithmetic, 30 cts, Wentworth's Arithmetics, Two Books, 30 cents and 65 cents.

Grammar—Reed & Kellogg's Series, Three Books—40 cents, 40 cents and 63 cents. Note—In this the teachers have option of the "One Book Course."

History—Chamber's U. S. (Two Books) 50 cents and $1; Brown's Alabama History, $1.

Physiology—Blaisdell's, Two Books, 45 cents and 65 cents.

Algebra, Wentworth's, Two Books, 60 cents and $1.12.

Geometry—Wentworth's, $1.25.

Physics—Steele's Popular, $1.

Page's Theory and Practice.

Peterman's Civil Government, 60 cents.

The rate of exchange on books is 40% discount on all except geographies and U. S. histories, which is 50%.

The period of exchange is one year from the first of next October.

Books will be placed with dealers at the leading centers of trade in the county, and will be sold to everybody at the above named prices throughout the period of adoption provided that should there be any reduction in prices during this period we shall be allowed the same.

J. M. COLLIER
G. L. SPERR
JUDSON STROCK
J. W. MOORE, Supt.
R. A. RASCO, Sec.
} Members of Book Bd.

The entire proceedings of the Constitutional Convention will be published in The Birmingham Weekly Age-Herald. For a limited time the Age-Herald will be clubbed with this paper one year for the small price of 50 cents for The Age-Herald. Subscribe at once. The Banner and Age-Herald, both papers one year for $1.25.

He Is A Wonder.

All who see Mr. C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, as he is now, cheerful, erect, vigorous, without an ache, could hardly believe he is the same man, who, a short time ago, had to sit in a chair, propped up by cushions, suffering intensely from an aching back, in agony if he tried to stoop—all caused by chronic kidney trouble, that no medicine helped till he used Electric Bitters and was wholly cured by three bottles. Positively cures Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, all Kidney troubles. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. S. P. Ness, Defendant, who resides at Kenyon Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

To S. P. Ness, the Defendant in the above stated cause, who resides at Kenyon Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that the Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $150.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the 1st day of January, 1900, together with $25.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the north half of northwest fourth of southwest fourth of southwest fourth in section five, township two ty-two, range fourteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the west and north sides of said tract of land as the property of the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said S. P. Ness, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901. K. B. DRASON,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

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Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Bargain day EVERY

come early and bring your family. Minors and children in arms permitted.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, and gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner, who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

His Indignant Inquiry.

He (to his knees)—Darling, I love you with all my heart, with all my soul and with all the strength of my being.

She—Are you in earnest, Clarence?

He (reproachfully)—In earnest! Say, do you think I am begging my trousers this way for fun?—Puck.

Iowa almost from the date of its admission has been called the Hawkeye State. Hawkeye was the name of a noted Indian chief, who in the early days caused no little trouble along the western border of American civilization.

The milk of human kindness would be a good deal richer if it wasn't skimmed so often.—Chicago News.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is the result. We are making and furnishing what they want. This article is very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we find you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. We keep Bands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade-mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For part others call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON, ALA.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c. 50c preparations, 7 to 12c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our PURITAN'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS
LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions
CHOICE GROCERIES
W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

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BY

Clanton

verybody

RICKS.

like 'em and we know you can't beat

Bargain day EVERY

dren in arms permitted.

JLLINS

LONDON & GLOBE FIRE

ONDON & LANCASHIRE

YORK, formerly represented by

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parations, 50 to 75c. 50c

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DEPARTMENT

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Try a quart of our J. M.

75c, if you are not satis

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CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM.

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ROCERIES

P, Clanton, Al

TOWN ITEMS

Chilton county court moves around in February, first Monday in April, Monday in June and second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET

Here to-day 7 5-16 cents.

Same date last year 9 cents.

Receipts to Date:

	1900	1899
Hubbard & Co.	2498	2901
Others	2240	2022
[illegible]	871	521
[illegible]	438	337
Total	5548	5781

D. A. Campbelle and family on Saturday, 25th inst., for Oklahoma, where they will make future home. We regret loosing them and hope they will meet every success.

Wallace C. Edler spent Friday and Saturday in Birmingham.

Judge Adams went down to the county city Friday.

Messrs. W. T. Callen, W. L. Adams and N. A. Kicker left on Monday for a trip to Tampa, Fla., Mr. Callen is the fortunate owner of an orange grove.

The school book committee convened on Monday and adjourned on Tuesday morning. The report of the committee will be found in other column.

The University School held its closing exercises last Friday.

Col. F. M. Langston, of Jemison, was in town Wednesday, looking for a strayed colt. See his adv. in other column.

Col. R. H. Knox went to the county city on Tuesday on legal business.

Mrs. W. M. Adams has returned home from a visit to her parents at Petersville.

Dr. Martin, of Stanton, is paying a visit to his friend Dr. Napoleon Johnson.

Miss Mary Evans, of Cordova, has accepted a position as book keeper with E. M. Pinckard & Co.

Mr. W. S. Webbes, of Montgomery, was in town Wednesday, examining the defective plumbing in the jail, and the heating apparatus at the court house.

The greatest triumph of modern dentistry is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. As a dressing for Wounds, Sores, etc., it simply has no equal. Prevents inflammation, preserves the flesh and heals like magic. Fragrant as the "last rose of summer" and cooling as a breeze from the deep, blue sea. Sold by all "up-to-date" druggists.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

[illegible] 1st and 2d Aves.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Miss Glennie McMorries is home from the Tuskaloosa college.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons

Mr. W. G. Thacker and Miss C. Burnett.

New Salem.

The Sunday school at this place is progressing nicely.

Miss Dora and Callie Bussie entied Miss Maudie Parker Sunday.

Misses Essie and Minnie Martin, entied Miss Lula and Eva Burnett Sunday. Those who are taking interest in childrens day are progressing nicely, there are some who do not want to have it, but parents say that some people are like eggs—too full of themselves to hold anything else and I think this is that way.

Misses Lula and Eva Burnett, and their cousin, Miss Essie Martin, while taking a stroll Sunday evening, went to the church where Mr. Dutch Thacker met them, taking Miss Lula with him Mr. Thacker eloped, went to clanton where they were happily married.

SUSIE.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was finally cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Only 25c at the Clanton drug store.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Notice to Non-Resident.

In the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama.

The Concordia Land and Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, Plaintiff, vs. H. J. Osterlund, Defendant, who resides at Red Wing Post Office, in the State of Minnesota.

To H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant in the above stated cause who resides at Red Wing Post Office in the State of Minnesota.

You will take notice that The Concordia Land & Improvement Association, a Corporation under the Laws of Alabama, having its principle place of business at Thorsby, Alabama, the Plaintiff in the above stated cause, sued out an attachment in said cause against you, the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, on the 7th day of May, 1901, to enforce the collection of a debt due it by you by a promissory note containing a waiver of exemptions as to personal property in the sum of $65.00 with interest thereon at 8 per cent per annum since the first day of April, 1899, together with $15.00 as an Attorney's fee for collecting said note; that said attachment was sued out without bond; and that said attachment was levied upon the southeast fourth of the southeast fourth of southwest fourth, except rights of way 20 feet wide on the east and south sides of said tract of land in section one, township twenty-two, range thirteen, in Chilton County, Alabama, as the property of the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant, by the sheriff of said Chilton County, on the 7th day of May, 1901. Let this notice be published in The Banner, a weekly newspaper published in said Chilton County, for three successive weeks next following, and let a copy of each issue containing same be sent by mail to the said H. J. Osterlund, the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the 7th day of May, 1901.

E. B. DRAKE,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of
Chilton County, Alabama.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' Pain Pills to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine permanently relieves La Grippe, grippe and resultant troubles.

Neuralgia and Rheumatism cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

BACKS

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER SIZE.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2830 and 2832 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Blindness, Bad Eyesight cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

In order to induce cash trade Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breech-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

Wambem & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	1 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
¼ lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon end Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

The Pearl and Its Microbe.

Women who are fortunate enough to possess pearls wear them constantly. In so doing it is said that they prevent their being injured by a microbe which attacks them when they are laid away. This little parasite eats through the outer coating of the pearl, destroying its beautiful sheen and leaving only the dull substance underneath.

Girls Take Naturally to Carpentry.

A course of lectures on education was inaugurated the other day in Association hall by the committee on domestic economy in the Woman's Education association. Dr. John Dewey, professor of pedagogy in Chicago university, was the speaker. In the course of his address he said:

"The introduction of domestic economy in the schools is largely along the line of future service for girls, and is a wise innovation. In my experience boys are no more proficient in carpentry work than girls, and the same may be said of cooking in the elementary grades, for it is a child's nature to speculate on what's coming next, and cooking and carpentry offer good subjects in that direction."—Boston Herald.

Chinese Sewing Women.

In nearly all of the principal cities of China native sewing women are to be seen seated on low stools or perhaps on the sidewalk, mending articles of masculine wearing apparel. The accomplishments of these street seamstresses are somewhat limited. Their efforts with the needle being confined as a rule to "running." Other branches of needlework are practically unknown to them. As a consequence their efforts are better appreciated by natives than by American or English travelers. They are never short of patrons among the Chinese tradesmen for these have come to the city to engage in business and have no one to mend a rent for them, their wives being left at home, and they are glad to employ street needle women. For this class of customers the skill of these sewing women answers every purpose.

Golf Gloves.

Golf gloves are hard to find—that is just what one would wish. The heavy kid, with the holes in the back and in the palm to give ventilation, protect the hands very satisfactorily, as do also the gloves of wash leather. But there are some gloves made for golf or for driving that are made of a silk mesh, looking like the crochet or netted work on the purses. These have kid palms, with holes for ventilation. They are cool, wash well, and the kid on the palms protects the hands very satisfactorily. They are expensive and hard to find, but are exceedingly smart for any one who wishes to carry out her fancy of wearing all white. Nothing looks better, for with a pique skirt the ordinary white kid glove of either glace or seude seems out of place, whereas these gloves look what they were designed to look—useful, and made for a certain purpose. The plain white chamois or wash leather serve the purpose when these special golf gloves are not to be found.—Harper's Bazar.

A Housemaid's Club.

The maid servants of Monette, Mo., known as the "Housemaids' Club" for the protection of their own interests. Whenever a member loses her place she brings the matter up before the club, stating her grievances. A vote is taken. If she is sustained the whole club set themselves to work to find her a new position. But the vote must be unanimous. If there is any opposition she leaves the place at her own risk. The girls take pride in keeping up a good standard of work, but the following rules show how fully they look after their own interests:

"1. No restriction is to be placed upon the number of callers that a girl is allowed to entertain. She must be permitted to regulate her visiting list as the mistress regulates hers.

"2. Every evening out, at the maid's pleasure, after 7.30.

"2. No answering of the bell on wash days where there is only one servant in the house.

"4. Every Sunday afternoon out.

"Wages—Not less than $3.25 a week, with board and room.

Summer Shirtwaists.

The raglan shirtwaist is the newest with its sleeve carried up into the collar. The latest sleeve is the easy-fitting bishop with a straight, narrow, cuff lapped over in a point.

A stylish and practical material is the striped Scotch madras in its new colorings, which show a great diversity of choice. Other tailor fabrics are heavy white duck, or butcher's linen. Among the preferred goods, excellent for washable waists are the figured cheviots, or those of plain colors with contrasting borders, fancy pique or corded linen.

Lovely dainty waists are created from the inexhaustible variety of fine cotton textiles, exquisite in their decoration of lace stripes and figures, embroidery, hemstitchings and shirrings.

Among the new imported summer cotton goods are silk-finished French chambrays, flowered and embroidered India mulls and faintly tinted mousseline brilliants.

The season's shirtwaists are generally made without yokes in order to preserve fashion's long lines from shoulder to belt. The fronts, finished with the usual box-plait, are laid in small tucks or plaits in the shoulder seam.

Several varieties of sailor blouse have appeared with the regulation deep collar and shield. One form of collar is developed into revers in front, with the usual sailor-back.

A modification of the Russian blouse is another fashionable model, the overlapping side bordered with Russian embroidery as well as the stock and cuffs.—American Queen.

How Fashions Are Created.

"How are new fashions created?" is a question that must certainly suggest itself now and then to women.

Those unacquainted with Paris chiffon and its mysteries probably suppose that the fashion artist spends much time in studying the harmonious contours of his favorite model, with her elegant figure, reposeful air and graceful attitudes, which lend themselves to the varied manifestations of his genius. They picture her patiently submitting to the enervating manipulations of the essayeuse, who tries, measures, selects and discards according to the capricious combinations of a chief who changes his mind with a suddenness born of genius in search of the ideal. Finally, they fondly imagine, he arrests the essayeuse's movements with a nervous, imperious gesture. He has found his ideal. The new fashion is evolved.

Alas, this romantic conception is seldom realized. A fashion does not, as a rule, emerge—complete, unique, perfect—from the brain of one sartorial genius, however eminent. More often it results from the collation of isolated ideas, which, floating in the ambient air, are studied, analyzed and materialized. But after what efforts, failures and modifications!

Fashions frequently originate in the fertile brains of Montmartre artists, hundreds of whom are constantly designing, inventing and copying. They derive inspiration from pictures of the dogaressas of the fifteenth century, the marquises of the seventeenth century and the elegantes of the empire. These painted beauties furnish their modern sisters with many a lesson in coquetry and adornment. Methods differ in various houses, of course, but as a rule any sketch, idea, design or suggestion is immediately on receipt submitted to the chief. He forms his opinion. Then, discreetly, he consults two or three of his principal collaborators in whose judgment he has perfect confidence. Expert in the art of selection, endowed with an artistic intuition fortified by the ripest commercial and social experience, they are qualified to decide. Should the idea be adopted, the house imparts life and grace to the conception, adapting the picturesque sketch of the artist to its practical purpose—the beautification of a modern belle rich enough to pay for genius applied to la mode.—Washington Star.

Satin foulard is one of the smartest of spring fabrics.

Polka dote and hemstitching are prominent features of the latest neckwear.

Mercerized linens are the top-notch of the mode for the coming shirtwaist.

Gold effects, finished with gold ferret buttons, are salient features of the newest waist girdles.

Blue and black lisle stockings for spring, with three embroidered clocks, come for wear with tan Oxfords.

All bishop sleeves for shirtwaists have narrow bandlike cuffs, so the link cuff buttons may be laid away.

Chiffon, net and point d'esprit fichus are to be more worn this summer than last, but sailor collars and revers will be quite passe.

Lace has only a secondary place as a trimming this season, even the sheerest of materials being ornamented with embroidery instead.

Three shaped flounces, one overlapping the other about two inches, and covering a space of 18 inches from the hem up, make a very pretty skirt trimming.

Embroidered mulls and batistes in white come in a variety of dainty designs for blouse waists which require no trimming or tucking beyond a little edge for the finish of the collar and cuffs.

It is prophesied that straps will be the favored shirtwaist garniture of the season, and next the perfectly plain design will be the vogue. Except for the very diaphanous fancy ones, tucks, it is said, are to be relegated to second place.

The different shades of red are all fashionable this spring, and some of the smartest gowns that as yet have been exhibited are of this vivid coloring, toned down sometimes by elaborate trimmings of ecru or guipure lace, again left open with no relief.

A novelty is a waistcoat of yellow lace. It is made with a very long pointed front, builded over chameleon velvet or satin, the color of the lace. It is buttoned with handsome metal buttons, and the top edge is finished with a binding of gold braid or Persian embroidery or velvet.

Ruffles will be used in abundance on the skirts of gowns this summer. The newest ruffled gowns have the ruffles quite untrimmed, but they are applied to the skirt in rows far enough apart to show very distinctly the pretty lace insertion that serves as a heading to each flounce.

Slumber Street.

Oh! miles and miles of beds in a row,
Acres of coverlets white as snow,
Pillows and pillows, and sheets galore,
Blankets and quilts by the hundred score—
Ah! these are the sights that each night greet
The children who go to Slumber Street.

Hush-a-byes, hush-a-byes, soft and low;
Rhythmical murmurs, both fast and slow;
Ditties and hymn tunes, and ballads rare;
Melodies gay, and with plaintive air;
Lullabies tender and soft and sweet—
This is the music of Slumber Street.

Visions delightful, happy and gay,
Of wonderful toys and merry play;
Fanciful pictures of rare delight,
Of verdant fields and skies that are bright—
Oh! these are the dreams the children meet
Who travel each night to Slumber Street.

Oh! scores upon scores of weary heads
Peacefully resting in miles of beds!
Each pair of eyelids is closed up tight,
And each pair of eyes is hid from sight,
Resting bodies and tired little feet—
This is the business of Slumber Street.

—Arthur J. Burdick.

A Dog That Answers Fire Calls.

The city of Lexington, Ky., has a fire dog that answers to the name of "Nice." For three years Nice has not missed attendance at a fire and he can always be counted upon to run yelping down the street ahead of the clattering engines. Of course he adds greatly to the excitement of the occasion. Nice was taken in by the firemen several years ago when he came begging at the engine-house door for a morsel of food. He was a tramp dog then, but he is sleek and fat now, for he has the best of living. When the telephone bell rings Nice pricks up his ears and awaits the announcement of the alarm tender. His ear is so well trained that he can tell by the tender's words whether it is an alarm or not. If it is an alarm he rushes toward the doors and as soon as they are opened goes yelping down the street. The Lexington firemen would not accept anything in trade for Nice.

A Pound of Feathers.

A famous old catch-question for unwary boys is, "Which is heavier, a pound of feathers of a pound of lead?" Of course the unwary boys answer, "A pound of lead," and then everybody laughs, for how can a pound of one thing be heavier than a pound of some other thing? But the people that do the laughing are just as much in error as the boys are, only it is the other way about, for a pound of feathers is, as a matter of fact, heavier than a pound of lead.

Here is the way to demonstrate it. With perfectly accurate scales, weigh a pound of lead, using ordinary shot for convenience. With the same scales weigh a pound of feathers, putting them in a muslin bag for the purpose, and being very careful that the bag and the feathers together weigh exactly one pound.

Place the shot in one pan of a balance, and the bag of feathers in the other, and they will presently come to an exact level. Thus it seems that they weigh exactly the same. But a different state of things is shown if the balance, with the shot and the feathers undisturbed, be placed on the receiver of an air-pump and covered with the glass bell-jar. When the air has been exhausted the feathers will sink, and the shot will go up, thus showing that the feathers are the heavier.

The explanation is that no account has been taken of the buoyant power of the air, which bears everything up in proportion to the thing's bulk. As the bag of feathers is of greater bulk than the shot, it is supported by the air to a greater extent than the shot, and it, therefore, takes more than a pound of feathers to balance a pound of lead. In the air-pump, however, there is no such support, and the difference is at once apparent.

The Right Kind of a Boy.

The other morning we were in the midst of a three days' rain. The fire smoked, the dining-room was chilly, and, when we assembled for breakfast, papa looked rather grim, and mamma tired; for the baby had been restless all night. Polly was plainly inclined to fretfulness, and Bridget was undeniably cross, when Jack came in with the breakfast rolls from the baker's. He had taken off his rubber coat and boots in the entry, and he came in rosy and smiling.

"Here's the paper, sir," said he to his father, with such a cheerful tone that his father's brow relaxed; and he said, "Ah, Jack, thank you," quite pleasantly.

His mother looked up at him smiling, and he just touched her cheek gently as he passed.

"Top of the morning to you, Pollywog," he said to his little sister, and delivered the rolls to Bridget, with a "Here you are, Bridget. Aren't you sorry you didn't go yourself this beautiful day?"

He gave the fire a poke and opened a damper. The smoke ceased, and presently the coals began to glow; and five minutes after Jack came in we gathered around the table, and were eating our oatmeal as cheerily as possible. This seems very simple in the telling, and Jack never knew he had done anything at all; but he had, in fact, changed the whole moral atmosphere of the room, and had started a gloomy day pleasantly for five people.

"He is always so," said his mother, when I spoke to her about it afterward, "just so sunny and kind and ready all the time. I suppose there are more brilliant boys in the world than mine, but none with a kinder heart or a sweeter temper. I am sure of that."—Our Dumb Animals.

Black Hawk and the Young Lieutenant.

Black Hawk was an Indian chief, ruler of the Sacs and Foxes who lived in the northwestern part of Illinois many years ago. In 1832 Black Hawk led his tribe in war against the white settlers to resist the attempt of the United States government to move his people to a reservation west of the Mississippi river. The United States sent many soldiers into Illinois to overcome the red men and several battles were fought. Among the soldiers from Illinois was a young man over six feet tall and as awkward as he was tall. He was Abraham Lincoln, afterward president of the United States. In the forces of the white men was a young lieutenant from the state of Mississippi. He was only 23 years old, but was bright and alert. No sooner had the old chief, Black Hawk, seen this young officer than he took a decided liking to him and the lieutenant also rejoiced in the friendship of the Indian. Black Hawk was captured and taken to Washington to be shown the strength of the white men and later was sent back to his people, who had been removed to the reservation prepared for them. The friendship between the old chief and the young lieutenant continued through all these trials until Black Hawk died. That young lieutenant was Jefferson Davis, afterward president of the government formed by the seceding southern states.

The Family That Kissed a Cow.

She was the most winsome little lassie, and she lived in a tiny village in the very heart of the Blue Ridge. The sunshine had crept into the dancing brown curls on her head, and had lingered there. Her eyes reflected the blue of the tender skies that bent above her.

It was such an event in her life to go with auntie to the big, far-away city. There were so many wonderful things that her little country-bred eyes had never seen. And oh, the letter that she wrote home!

Elizabeth's family were so impatient that morning for little black Mozell to return from the village post-office! They knew the letter would be there, for Elizabeth had promised.

Elizabeth's father, the village doctor, walked back and forth the length of the sitting room; her big sister had a sewing girl waiting for her in the sewing room; her mother—but mothers always have their hands full; even her big brother put down his newspaper, looked from the window, and said he must be going; but he did not budge.

Wasn't it strange that the letter of such a tiny girl could hold them there? Wasn't it strange that not one of them acknowledged to another why he stayed? When little Mozell came running in, bringing the papers and letters, they all drew a little nearer to Elizabeth's mamma.

It was a sweet letter, that told of a little girl's joy at her first peep at the great world. There were loving messages to her home people, and it ended, "and kiss the cow."

"What a child!" her father said, picking up the letter that had been written with such care.

"What a baby!" her brother said.

"To think of kissing beauty!" said the big sister, as she swept from the room.

But her mother said softly, "The dear child!"

And then they separated, going to their delayed work.

Out in the meadow, Beauty looked up from the tender grass she was chopping, to find the doctor standing near her.

"I don't like to do it," he muttered "but——" He stooped over and laid his mustached lips on Beauty's polished horn. He chose the horn because it looked so clean.

Not many minutes later a young man came hurriedly through the gate, casting many looks behind to be sure he was unobserved.

"Kwe!" but he planted a gingerly kiss on Beauty's back and beat a retreat.

It was some hours later when the big sister slipped out to the meadow, gave Beauty a hurried kiss, and ran back.

When Elizabeth's mamma came out to give Beauty a kiss, she threw her arms about her neck and kissed her right on the forehead; and two great tears rolled down her cheeks—her dear little girl was so far away!

It isn't on record, but Beauty must have wondered why the family had suddenly grown so affectionate, for at milking time they all, on one excuse or another, came to the milkingbars.

The little colored girl stood at Beauty's head, thinking of the message she had heard in the morning, and when the cow lifted her head and looked around on them with mildly wondering eyes, she kissed her right on her mealy nose.

"Child," Elizabeth's mother asked, "what are you doing?"

"She said kiss her, an' I jes' natchally knows white folks wouldn't kiss a cow," the little negress said.

Elizabeth's family looked a each other guiltily, and then how they laughed!—Youth's Companion.

Unwilling the Case.

Little Waldo—Papa, what is a library?

Mr. Reader—A library, my son, is a large number of books which a man loans to friends.—Harper's Bazar.

PROPER FERTILIZER FOR TURNIPS.

It is said that for some soils barnyard manure to which a little superphosphate has been added seems to be a very desirable fertilizer for turnips. This is undoubtedly true of soils of mineral origin which have previously been subjected to careless farming.

HAVE GOOD PASTURES FOR STOCK

The farmer who is not willing to increase his crops and improve in his system of farming should not purchase pure-bred stock, as it will not pay to transfer a good animal from a luxuriant pasture to a barren farm. Good breeds demand the best of pastures and care in feeding, but they not only pay for the better treatment but also give a profit.

BEES HATCHING HENS' EGGS

An Illinois beekeeper has contrived a plan of hatching chicks by placing the eggs on top of the brood nest, directly over the cluster of bees, of his bee hives. Out of one hundred fertile eggs he claims every one hatched a good strong chick. At first thought this may seem a little startling, but the plan no doubt is feasible, when we consider that the normal temperature of a beehive is 100 degrees, which is nearly the right temperature required to incubate eggs. The time required to produce a worker bee from the egg is twenty-one days, the same as that of a chick.

This certainly promises to be a step in advance. There can be no risk of roasting the eggs, as is often the case with an incubator, and on the other hand the danger of the eggs being deserted by freaky hens will be done away with, but we must not forget that bees are sometimes freaky, too. A beehive would probably accommodate in the neighborhood of four dozen eggs at one time.—F. G. Honnon in *New England Homestead.*

THE CULTIVATION OF CELERY

The seeds may be started in a hot bed for early crops the plants to be transplanted as soon as they will bear handling, which is when they are about five or six inches high. When started in the open land a sheltered place should be selected. The best method for transplanting is this, to plant in trenches which are dug about one and one-half feet deep, one foot wide and the bottom filled six or eight inches with well rotted manure. This should be covered with good soil well mixed with manure to a depth of about three inches and trodden down slightly to make it more compact, after this there should be two or three inches of good soil added to set the plants. The plants after being taken from seed bed and succors removed should be set six to eight inches apart in rows. The trenches in drills should be three feet apart. Draw the earth around the plants as they advance in growth but leave the top until the final soiling. This earthing should be kept dry; an occasional application of salt will improve the quality. The soil should be kept loose around the plants and liquid manure frequently added; from the middle of August to the middle of September being the most favorable time for growing it. A moderate or light frost will not hurt celery, but whenever a heavy frost is anticipated it should be looked after; it is best however to leave it out as long as possible. About four or five weeks before celery is wanted for table use, the stalks should be blanched by covering with soil so as to entirely exclude the light. This operation consists in banking up the plants with earth on each side nearly or quite to the top. When celery is to be sent to market late in fall or early in winter it is generally stored in trenches.—*The Epitomist.*

PIG FEEDING EXPERIMENTS

The elaborate pig feeding experiments conducted at Came under the auspices of the Agricultural Committee of the Wilts County Council have served to bring out in striking fashion the materials and mixtures that constitute the most effective and profitable feed for pigs. The influences of the different rations were measured and compared by all conceivable standards, and farmers aiming at the profitable production of good bacon pigs can scarcely be wrong in applying the lessons of these experiments in their piggeries. On a general estimate of the results the most effective and remunerative ration was that composed of maize meal, potatoes and separated milk. This mixture was the cheapest and gave the largest increase both in live and carcass weight.

The next best ration consisted of barley meal, potatoes, and separated milk, and though it cost more, weight for weight, and was less effectual in promoting growth than the maize ration, this mixture yielded a much superior quality carcass, and by reason of this fact was little inferior to the other as a profit yielding feed. It was shown that potatoes might be omitted from either ration, but not advantageously, by the addition of potatoes. A very useful feed is a mixture of maize and barley meals with potatoes and separated milk. Barley is a most effective ingredient in raising the quality of the carcass for ewing purposes, and the economic value of separated milk is distinctly shown. Maize encourages growth and flesh development, but produces a poor quality bacon unless a counteracting material such as barley is given with it. Crushed oats, bean meal, and pea meal were not economic ingredients, all being too costly for the return obtained.—*London Morning-Post.*

SPRAYING POTATOES AND FRUIT TREES.

It is no longer a question of whether or not it pays to spray, for this has long been settled in the affirmative. Nearly all experiments show that it does, although some seasons it pays better than others. The time and method of application and the materials to be used are important. For fruit trees one spraying before the buds open, using bordeaux mixture, is advisable to prevent scab and rust. Then give another, to which is added paris green for the codling moth, as soon as the blossoms are nearly all off. One or two applications thereafter at intervals of ten days to two weeks of the same mixture will generally be all that is necessary.

For potatoes the same materials are used—the bordeaux to prevent rot and the paris green to kill bugs. The pumps must be started in fact, much earlier than is the practice. As soon as the mostly up give them an application of weak bordeaux and repeat five to seven times at intervals of days each. This will prevent the vines from getting a foothold and in prevention that are more polished. The paris green may be used as needed. With the pumps which cover four rows at a time from twenty to thirty acres over in a day of ten hours at expense of labor.

The spray must be distributed. A heavy drops runs off and as much as a fine green is consumed one pound to one two hundred gallons of potatoes and apples made by shaking one lime in water, the twenty-five gallons pounds sulphate of copper gallons water and we mix the two.

TO MAKE A GOOD

First make the soil fine and mellow to a depth of keep is generally best under the plants have the plants set six to six inches above the

Good one-year old plants preferred to older ones be root-pruned to about inches in length and back to about the size to take in the part slanting with the about forty five degrees dice two or more each plant, insuring plants should be apart in the row.

After being well season, any that should be replaced plants the following the second year should be cut back high. A year later three and one half to four ing June to four and which height it should be kept nently. With a sharp piece of a scythe, the quickly done. Some times a year are needed.

Good osage plants are grown in the central and western about $1.50 per 100.

I saw last spring a ing an old osage hedge allowed to grow at random fifteen or twenty feet high value as a fence. The posts down to within three or four the ground, leaving only twelve to fifteen feet for Then a strip of wire thirty inches wide was five-foot posts, with a stretched higher up. The stumps sent up abundant ing a fairly close hedge. wire made it pig proof, and posts will last indefinitely. This experiment promises well.

Osage timber for posts is most durable in the ground American wood, not excepting —E. Y. T. in *The Country*

SHORT AND USEFUL

More sunlight means less sis.

The all-the-year-round cow ing cow.

See that the cows have amount of salt.

A change of food is appetizing kinds of stock.

It will pay any dairyman study of feeding.

Always keep a cabbage hanging the poultry-house.

Regular milking will develop secreting organs of the cow.

There is no longer a profit unless the quality is of the best.

The most successful farmers those who are "intensive."

The milker should always dry his hands just before milking.

It is claimed that the demand sheep ranches was never so great.

Under no circumstances composed or mouldy foods to cows.

It is a fairly safe plan to garden seeds according to the seed.

Young pigs should be made begin eating food before weaned.

As a rule you will find that milking a cow decreases as increases.

The gooseberries and currants be pruned so as to form a open head.

Don't neglect giving the green bone. It will make and thrive.

Never allow any dog around unless you have got the confidence in him.

It is better to start a new bed on land that has been a year or two.

Cull out the poor layers in yard the same as you would milkers in the cow barn.

The chief advantage of a the reduction in cost to produce by the saving of labor.

Have your stalls and ranged that the cows may with as little trouble as possible.

Ventilation is a great thing but of course there is a between ventilation and

One reason why so many try to be unprofitable is that even as much as try to make itable.

Special poultry cars are some of the English railroads chickens for the British fattened during the journey tendant takes care of a cars. Chickens are bought districts of Russia or Italy English market alive and improved by being well fed trip.—*New York Weekly*

The funnels of the are of such gigantic proportions tram cars could pass through by side.

WHY MRS. PINKHAM

Is Able to Help Sick Women When Doctors Fail.

Mrs. G. H. Chappell.

SICK HEADACHE

To produce the best results in fruit, vegetable or grain, the fertilizer used must contain enough Potash. For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY;

ODONT Tooth Powder 25c

Illustrated Postal Cards.

These postal cards are extremely popular on the continent of Europe. On this side the water the people seem too busy to think about them. In Germany no city or hamlet, no place of historical interest is without cards embellished with some design appropriate to the locality, which is the most convenient means of communicating with friends at home. Last year, according to the German statistics, over 20,000,000 cards were issued in one week. Forty-six per cent were postals cards. The Berlin far-ahead the largest, with a circulation of nearly 9,000 postals.

A German Fashion Exhibit.

[illegible] to own [illegible] and glass of fashion, [illegible] a fashion exhibit [illegible] that special [illegible] German women will be [illegible] managing committee members of the high-[illegible]

WHY MRS. PINKHAM

Able to Help Sick Women When Doctors Fail.

[illegible] men fly to wo[illegible] understand a [illegible] sensibilities [illegible] disturbances. [illegible] only to [illegible] a man would give [illegible] demand. [illegible] it is necessary [illegible] all about it, and full [illegible] many times cannot be [illegible] by a woman to her family phy[illegible]

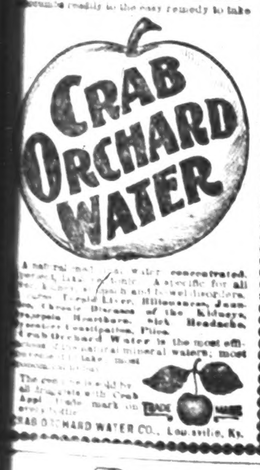
MRS. O. H. CHAPPELL.

[illegible] She cannot bring herself to [illegible] everything, and the physician is [illegible] constant disadvantage. This is [illegible] for the past twenty-five years, [illegible] hands of women have been con[illegible] their troubles to Mrs. Pinkham, [illegible] whose advice has brought happi[illegible] and health to countless women in [illegible] United States.

[illegible] Mrs. Chappell of Grant Park, Ill., [illegible] portrait we publish, advises all [illegible] ring women to seek Mrs. Pink[illegible] advice and use Lydia E. Pink[illegible] Vegetable Compound, as they [illegible] her of inflammation of the ovaries, [illegible] which she therefore speaks from [illegible] knowledge and her experience ought [illegible] confidence. Mrs. Pink[illegible] address is Lynn, Mass., and her [illegible] is absolutely free.

SICK HEADACHE

[illegible] readily to the easy remedy to take



A natural mineral water concentrated. [illegible] A specific for all [illegible] Liver, Bilious[illegible], Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, [illegible] Constipation, Piles. Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious [illegible] mineral waters; most [illegible] take most [illegible]

The genuine [illegible] bottles with Crab Apple Trade mark on [illegible]

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

To produce the best results fruit, vegetable or grain, the fertilizer used must contain Potash. For particulars see our pamphlets. We send them free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

Am. N. C., No. 22, 1901.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

COUNT EGGS BY THE MILLION.

Chicago Dealers Discuss Recent Big Order from the East.

South Water street men the other day discussed the recent order of an eastern man for 2,400,000 dozen eggs to be supplied by the commission men of the west, says the Chicago Chronicle. This order runs into big figures and counted in eggs or dozens it looks large. At any rate, it means, even at the price of 10 cents per dozen, a transaction of nearly $250,000. The eastern buyer is undoubtedly making his purchase for cold storage purposes, and will calculate to make his profit on the advance in price next winter. Commission men are recalling the transaction last season by which Cudahy of Omaha and Chicago parties collected and stored several millions of dozens of eggs which were afterward sold at the winter price and at a handsome profit. When talking about a recent offer made to the convention of Kansas and Oklahoma commission men to buy 2,400,000 dozen eggs several South Water street dealers said that such an order could be easily handled by commission firms in the ordinary business way. One was of the opinion that there are firms doing business with headquarters in Chicago that would not be stumped if called upon to furnish twice that quantity in the course of a couple of months. They would simply set to work among country and call for all that could be supplied at stated times.

Mother Hints.

Mothers often complain that their babies do not appear really ill, and yet do not grow and look as healthy as they should. The dieffrence between a healthy and an unhealthy child is very marked. A perfectly healthy baby sleeps a great deal of the time during the first few months of its life, and when it is asleep wears an expression of absolute and blissful repose. The little eyelids are completely closed, the lips very slightly parted and the breathing is rhythmic and scarcely to be heard. There is no visible movement of the nostrils in the healthy baby while sleeping. When a young baby sleeps with the eyelids incompletely closed, so that the whites of the eyes show, be sure that something is wrong. When the baby's rest is broken by pain, even colic, the eyelids will twitch, and the eyes will not completely close. But the same symptoms indicate often the appearance of a severe illness, so that the mother should always be on guard.

Weird Tale from the Pacific Coast.

The Chinese residents of North Yakima have many sacks of rice supposed to have been poisoned by the officials and missionaries in China. One merchant has twenty sacks put away, and refuses to eat any or sell to the Chinese. Those who claim to know say that at least $500 is invested in poisoned rice in that city. The rice is sold to Americans, but the Chinese purchase their supplies from local merchants. They say that six years after eating the rice the victims die. The object of the poison, it is said, is to kill off all the Chinese in the United States.—Portland Oregonian.

Cures Cancer and Blood Poison.

Contagious blood poison, old eating ulcers, scrofula, bone pains, falling hair, mucous patches, and deadly cancer, running, festering sores, persistent pimples, cured by B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), which kills the poison. Heals every sore; especially recommended for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Describe troubles and trial treatment sent free by writing Dr. Graham, 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

It's the early worm that gets on the fish hook.

Several dentists were included in the medical corps which followed the German army to China.

Once Tried, Never Forsaken.

This has been the history of Crab Orchard Water. It makes friends; it keeps them. It does all that is claimed for it.

There is enough carbon in your own body to make millions of dollars' worth of diamonds.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The umbrella manufacturer is one man who believes in the weather profits.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

When a fellow is thrown on his own resources he is usually broke.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

A fellow has to be sick once in a while to really enjoy good health.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

It's easier for a man to make friends of his creditors than to make creditors of his friends.

Five and one-half pounds is the average weight of the wool from a sheep's fleece.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The difference between a comedy and a tragedy is merely in the way it is acted.

If You Have Rheumatism

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. If cured pay $5.50. If not, it is free.

It is no crime to be poor; neither is it a virtue.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

English people drink yearly, on an average, eight ounces of cocoa a head.

A. M. Priest, Druggist, Shelbyville, Ind., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure gives the best of satisfaction. Can get plenty of testimonials, as it cures every one who takes it." Druggists sell it, 75c.

The common hen lays about 500 or 600 eggs in ten years.

LIVE WASHINGTON NOTES

Happenings of the Week at the Nation's Capital.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER.

The Federal Constitution Interpreted—What English Papers Think of the United States—Statement of Cuba's Foreign Trade.

The Supreme Court of the United States decides that the constitution does not follow the flag. This decision is the most important that this great tribunal has ever made, and is in favor of the government. The court goes back to the period in which the Republic was formed and the constitution framed and endeavors to ascertain what was the intent of the founders of the nation. The opinion of the majority of the court disposes of the uniform taxation clause of the constitution in this manner:

"The framers of the constitution in writing that clause had no thought of its application to territorial possessions. No such question as is now presented had arisen in their minds. The clause 'all duties, imposts and exercises shall be uniform throughout the United States,' was placed in the constitution to prevent any state or combination of states securing advantage over another or others; to prevent the ports of one state gaining preference over those of another in importation. This rule was made primarily for the states united, not for territories then possessed or afterwards acquired, and the constitutional requirement is satisfied that on all duties are uniformly imposed at all the ports throughout the United States. The advantage of this uniformity may be extended to territories and possessions not states and not members of the American union, but that is for Congress to determine under authority of the constitution."

The Saturday Review published in London says:

"The Monroe doctrine, triply exaggerated, and the rejection of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty are the means by which South America is to fight off the power of European designs. The North Americans will try to bully and cajole her into denying Germany the lease of a small coaling station. Soon Europe will not be able to speak in South America without asking the permission of the United States. But we fancy South America would prefer even the attentions of Europe to those of their friends in the north. It is pleasant for Europe to be menanced with the commercial fist and the mailed fist of America at the same time."

A statement by the Division of Insular Affairs, War Department, shows that the total value of merchandise imported into Cuba during the first ten months of 1900 was $55,149,159, and for the same period of 1899 $54,325,732, an increase of $823,377. The exports of merchandise also show an increase. The figures for the period stated of 1899 were $40,893,638; for 1900, $41,438,955; increase, $56,317. Cuba's trade with the United States show a decrease of $487,456 in imports and $6,438,607 in exports. The marked decrease in the value of exports to the United States and an apparently large increase in the exportation to European countries is explained by the War Department by the fact that in 1899 shipments for Europe were consigned to New York for re-exportation.

President Diaz of Mexico may be appealed to if President McKinley and Secretary Hay are unable to bring the disputants over the second Pan-American Congress together. President Diaz is as eager as President McKinley to bring about a harmonious understanding between the nations of the new world, and views with suspicion the part that Europe is playing in the game. It is understood that Peru and Bolivia have received assurance from Europe of financial aid in recovering their lost provinces, and a way to the sea if these nations succeed in so manipulating the forthcoming Pan-American Congress as to force arbitration on Chili.

President Roca, of Argentina, intends to visit the Buffalo Exposition. He will also consult President McKinley upon various South American questions.

THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT.

A cablegram announces that a syndicate has been formed in the United States with a capital of $15,000,000 to exploit gold mines in Peru.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

ALL • REPUTABLE DEALERS • KEEP • THEM

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Most worth of W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes to $4 to $5. $2, $2 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe, it is the fashion, that have placed the best style, taste & perfect comfort of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. "Take no substitute." Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full information how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS Brockton, Mass.

LIVERINA

Stimulates the LIVER. Corrects the BOWELS.

Made and Guaranteed By GAY, HARDIE & DURR, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals, or similar substances. LION COFFEE is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"THE NEW KING COLE."

Old King Cole was a merry old soul,
And a merry old soul was he;
He called for his pipe—but instead of a glass—
He called for LION COFFEE.
For Old King Cole was a shrewd old soul
And he couldn't be fooled on brands,
"LION" got his vote, for it has no cost—
On its merits alone it stands.

Old King Cole had a wise old poll,
And a wise old poll had he,
He ate and he drank foods of highest rank—
So he favored LION COFFEE.
And he knew 'twas best, by a varied test—
That millions of homes it pleased.
LION COFFEE grand was the only brand
That his appetite appeased.

If Old King Cole could have control
Today of the public mind,
No Coffee brand but the "LION" grand
On the market we could find.
And the LION heads whose value spreads
Satisfaction through the land,
Would be bringing grist from the Premium List
Given with the LION brand!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

WINTER BILE

Causes bilious head-ache, back-ache and all kinds of body aches. Spring is here and you want to get this bile poison out of your system, easily, naturally and gently. CASCARETS are just what you want; they never grip or gripe, but will work gently while you sleep. Some people think the more violent the griping the better the cure. Be careful—take care of your bowels—salts and pill poisons leave them weak, and even less able to keep up regular movements than before. The only safe, gentle cleaner for the bowels are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS. They don't force out the foecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action—buy them and try them. You will find in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently put in good order for the Spring and Summer work.

CURED BY Cascarets LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five million people used last year. Sales increasing by over six million boxes a year, more than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Get box today, two for a dollar, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one-fifth the box, return the balance with the cash you paid us for it, or the druggist from whom you purchased it will return your money on any box they have sold you. Take our advice, and get your money back if you want it. Remember, we will gladly follow and advise you what to do, free, while you are using the first box. Health will quickly follow and we will thank the day you first read this. Most druggists recommend CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE 25¢

USE CERTAIN CROUP CURE. 25¢ "The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews" and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, sending your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,

13 Astor Place, New York City.

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·PANS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season.

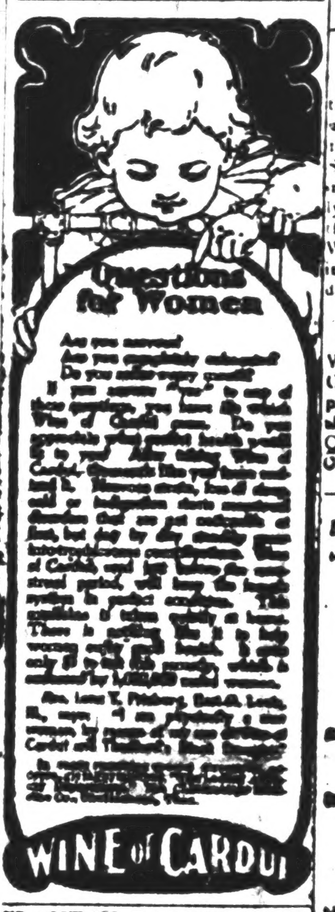
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

W. M. STACY, Proprietor.



CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the latest City styles. Experienced Changes. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug co., Clanton,
A. Mern, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinsheon

N. A. LOGAN,

General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

ALL DAY SINGING.

All singers will please remember that the annual May singing that met its first appointment at Salem, 1900, will meet again the fourth Sunday in this month. We hope to meet the good singers and especially invite singing teachers (of course the organist has an espacial invite). We look forward to a day of singing praises unto our Great Redeemer. D. S. ROBINSON.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

THE BEST WAY TO THE NORTH AND SOUTH-WEST, SOUTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Direct line near Cahaba daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Bowling Green, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the L. & N. R. R. at Clanton, Ala., or L. J. Adams, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

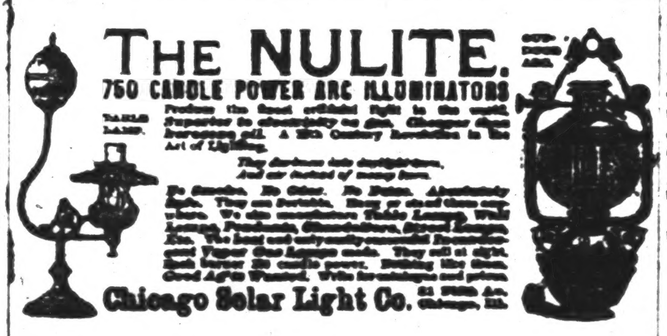
Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS



Chicago Solar Light Co.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of decrees rendered by the Probate Court, at the May Term of said county, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door, in Clanton, said county, within the legal hours of sale, on

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1901

the following described real estate for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1900, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

W. M. Glassmuck, se ¼ of se ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $3.79

BEAT NO. 2

W. F. Green, sw ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 22 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $7.06

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 12, tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14, w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14, tax and costs $9.57

John P. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $10.45

BEAT NO. 4

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 and s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of se 1-4, w ½ of nw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4, w ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $95.35

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3.79

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.90

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 32 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $6.02

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.72

BEAT NO. 8

Mrs. V. H. Grady, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on e side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $3.26

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 22 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $6.39

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.12

T. J. HUBBARD,
Tax Collector.

CONFEDERATE PENSION NOTICE

All disabled Confederate soldiers, or their widows, not already on the Pension list, are hereby notified that the Confederate Board of Pension Examiners will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in June, 1901, to consider all applications that may be presented.

The law requires all applicants to attend in person.

H. W. CAFFRY, Chm. Bd. Ex.

May 13, 1901.

LECTURE.

MR. T. U. Crumpton will give his interesting lecture on the Holy Land at New Salem, seven miles north of Clanton on the third Sunday in June. He has been greeted with large audiences wherever he has lectured and all express themselves gratified with his powers of description.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

He Was Sagacious.

He was a big, heavy [illegible] and when a sparrow [illegible] tossed the train [illegible] upon him he said in [illegible] man's apologies

"Don't trouble, [illegible] There's no harm done."

When we [illegible] later, we were [illegible] to him. He [illegible] half his former [illegible]

"Why, whatever's the [illegible] exclaimed.

"You remember [illegible] sat on me in the [illegible]

"Yes."

"Well, it's all [illegible] away like this."

"Preserve us!" [illegible] Why?"

The shrunken giant [illegible] in despair.

"I found out [illegible] "That's was the [illegible] me! I'm shapeless [illegible] ahead I am. Oh, [illegible]

How She Settled the [illegible]

The question of [illegible] and at social [illegible] is a weighty one. [illegible] once upon a time [illegible] senator whose wife [illegible] ly on this subject [illegible] ington for a [illegible] solved to have [illegible] about precedence.

This fearless [illegible] dinner on one occasion [illegible] was time to get [illegible] drawing room into [illegible] said:

"There is some precedence [illegible] this, but I don't know [illegible] shoo out to dinner [illegible] and sit down any [illegible]

This stroke of [illegible] worked perfectly.—Ex.

A Good Reason.

"Hello, hello! Is this the [illegible] pany's office?"

"Yes; what is it?"

"When do the entries [illegible] race open?"

"We don't know anything [illegible] races. This is the gas [illegible]

"Correct; but I thought [illegible] me."

"Why, what do you want [illegible] for?"

"Oh, nothing particular; [illegible] gas meter I would like to [illegible] all."—Tit-Bits.

Triumph of Thrift.

"The old man seems [illegible] with himself," said Mr. [illegible] coachman.

"Sure," said the cook [illegible] saving all his burned [illegible] months, and this morning [illegible] had enough for me to start [illegible] fire with."—Indianapolis Press.

An Epitaph.

In the churchyard of [illegible] Bolton, will be found a [illegible] bearing the following [illegible] tence: "A virtuous woman [illegible] husband." The explanation [illegible] be that space prevented [illegible] being cut in full, and the [illegible] argued that a crown [illegible] and Queries.

Notice to Non-Res[illegible]

In Circuit Court of [illegible] Alabama.

The Concordia Land and [illegible] Association, a Corporation [illegible] Laws of Alabama, having [illegible] ple place of business at [illegible] bama, Plaintiff, vs. John [illegible] fendant, who resides [illegible] Office is the State of [illegible]

To John J. Snell, the [illegible] above stated cause [illegible] Boone Post Office is the [illegible]

You will take notice that [illegible] dia Land & Improvement [illegible] corporation under the [illegible] bama, having its principal [illegible] ness at Thorsby, Alabama [illegible] in the above stated cause [illegible] attachment in said cause [illegible] the said John J. Snell [illegible] the 7th day of May, 1901 [illegible] collection of a debt [illegible] promissory note containing [illegible] exemptions as to property [illegible] the sum of $470.00 with [illegible] at 8 per cent per annum [illegible] day of October, 1900, [illegible] $60.00 as an Attorney's [illegible] ing said note; that said [illegible] sued out without bond [illegible] attachment was levied [illegible] of land bounded as follows [illegible] ginning at a point on the [illegible] at the southwest corner of [illegible] fourth of the southwest [illegible] tion six, township twenty [illegible] fourteen and running thence [illegible] links, thence east at right [illegible] right of way of the L. & [illegible] thence in a southeasterly [illegible] along said right of way [illegible] line, thence following the [illegible] to the starting point. [illegible] along the north side of the [illegible] fourth of northwest fourth [illegible] seven, township twenty [illegible] fourteen, both pieces containing [illegible] and 78-100 acres, more or [illegible] rights of way 20 feet wide [illegible] west sides of said tract of [illegible] in Chilton County, Alabama [illegible] property of the said John [illegible] Defendant, by the Sheriff of [illegible] ton County on the 7th day of [illegible] Let this notice be published [illegible] ner, a weekly newspaper [illegible] said Chilton County, for [illegible] ive weeks next following [illegible] copy of each issue containing [illegible] sent by mail to the said John [illegible] the Defendant.

Witness my hand, this the [illegible] May, 1901. E. B. [illegible]

Clerk of the Circuit Court [illegible] Chilton County, Ala.

The BANNER office is [illegible] Job Printing establishment [illegible] ton and Coosa counties. [illegible] you best work at lower [illegible] you can get elsewhere. [illegible] trial

A solitary bale of cotton has [illegible] town this week, so it is be[illegible] that our cotton season [illegible] The total amount received [illegible] Clanton this season has [illegible] bales, against 5581 received last year. The price has [illegible] 11 cents the highest to [illegible] the lowest. Altogether, [illegible] has been a very good [illegible] hope the next will equal [illegible] pass it.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JUNE 6, 1901 NO. 33

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] a remarkable showing made in the statement of the [illegible] of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association—assets a good [illegible] and no liabilities. [illegible] not going to worry you with figures, read and study the constitution of the Association yourself. [illegible] moral and adorns a tale. [illegible] that considering the [illegible] cost of this system of mutual [illegible] insurance is not greatly [illegible] who loses any of his property, and has to struggle as best [illegible] to replace it, when he can easily provide against a possible [illegible]. Since the days of the Farmers' Alliance I believe this Association is the best move that has been made by farmers for their own protection. Good luck to it, say I.

In the corner some of the boys are mildly kicking because up to the present the constitutional convention has not been exciting enough for them. Hold on, boys, this is only the preliminary canter, presently it will be off with a rush, then you will have to go too fast sor you.

Maplesville.

It is believed we have struck oil here and we are "oil" right; two companies have been doing here strongly organized with money. I and a number of others, all this is in [illegible]. The formation of the country too resembles that of Cuba in where oil has been found. Our State geologist produced some specimens of iron ore sent from here to be fifty per cent iron.

A large saw mill site has been located here that will be built on the creek by Sparks, Ensign and Hitchcock, capitalists of New York, who have been there some time looking after investments. Our enterprising town here gives the arrivals of summer novelties, like the [illegible] dry grocery, they [illegible] mention. With [illegible] director of whom we just spoke of T. U. Crumpton, our enterprising manufacturer, we are going to the front. We could name one kind hearted doctor who [illegible] the distressingly [illegible] in our town.

[illegible] have to go down to Randolph [illegible] Crumpton leaves [illegible] spell-bound [illegible] Many could [illegible] of office, many more would have advance but the hour [illegible] expired. We cannot close without a high praise for Mr. [illegible] Conaway has been [illegible] to Selma. Mrs. Small of Centreville, has been visiting her mother here, Mr. [illegible] Reynolds, of Montevallo, has been with us.

Mrs. D. C. Savage is now with her daughter, Mrs. J. Foshee, at Summerdale.

Miss Lou Savage has been visiting her sister, Mrs. McKarryl, of [illegible].

We [illegible] Blalock, of Riderville, has given us a call.

We regret our young friend, Dumpling Graham, has gone to Selma, we hope not to stay.

REVOLG.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are delighted with it. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a positive guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send 25c in stamps for one. Large size 50c. Extra size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See next column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Thorsby, June 2, 1901

Editor Banner:—Seeing some funny gyrations in the "Reflector" some weeks since from Thorsby, over the signature of "M" prompts us to come forth and speak out in open "meetin" with one desire only, that to adjust matters in their true light, expressing our utter contempt for that class of individuals who manifest a low cantankerous disposition to get themselves before the public in print by a cowardly thrust in the dark, mixing some truth with falsehood, and some wise man has said that the truth half told is the worst character of lies, and so it is in this instance wherein said M, alias the Ghost, parades a matter of small moment even to those concerned, which with time, sense and a disposition to do unto others as you would like they should do unto you will bring an amicable adjustment and it is only the lowest, smallest, meanest kind of principle in anyone to take up a matter and distort the facts, magnifying "molehills into mountains," indulging in mean, scurrilous and defamatory remarks that only tends to agravate its intended victim, and again what cares the public abroad about local matters of small moment all intelligent people know that such stuff only appeals to such as only like to feed on filth.

Now, again Mr. Editor, allow me to say that Thorsby is a nice, clean, bright, beautiful, little town and is making healthy strides forward, and we frankly admit that this progress and improvement is almost entirely due to those people who have come from the Northern states seeking homes in our own genial Southland, and all sensible, broad minded people heartily welcome them among us. Now, we admit that there are a few narrow minded fools on both sides like "M" for instance, but happily they are only few, weak and and uninfluential, and so are hardly to be considered.

Yes, we welcome all good people to come in our midst, whether Northern, Southern, Eastern or Western come with or without money, come with your brawn and brain, with some ideas of progress and improvement, and if you are looking for a place where these qualifications will count you will see at once what can be done here. Yes, Thorsby is not an idler's town, not a dreamer's land, but you will see nearly all the folks on the hustle, and you will see evidences of Labor's magic wand in the creation of bright beautiful residences interspersed throughout the town, rendered more beautiful and attractive still as they are surrounded by gardens, lawns, etc., extended by orchards, vineyards and fields, strongly convincing the intelligent observer that we have the garden spot of Alabama.

And last, but not least, comes the Normal college, and we dare say that few people have an adequate conception of its magnitude and importance to this section, supplied with the facilities it will command, with a capacity for over 300 students.

So let us close by saying that we hope to see or hear of no more insidious flings from "M" or anyone; let us look to, and work for higher, more noble and better things, that we may bear an humble part in life's great work of uplifting humanity, thus becoming instruments in God's hands for helping and blessing our fellows.

X RAY.

Don't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Call na Chape.

Our Sunday-school here is still progressing nicely and will continue to do so as long as they have such men as Prof. Rasco for our teacher and Mr. W. A. Mims our superintendent to talk to us with so much kindness.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton will give us a talk on the Holy Land the second Sunday in June at 10 o'clock a. m.; we would like for everyone to come and hear him and don't fail; don't say I can hear him next Sunday at New Salem which will be the third, but come and you can learn something each day; you never get too old to learn something of the Holy Land; and study the Holy Land between now and then so you can learn more when you hear him talk. And may God be with you all.

We had a nice time Sunday in conference, trying to serve God.

SCHOOL BOY.

Cedar Grove.

Messrs. James Collins and James Riggins made a business trip to Montgomery Monday.

Owing to the abundance of rain some of our farmers are getting behind with their work.

Mr. Henry Eiland made a business trip to Clinton Saturday.

Messrs. Jesse Hayes, J. W. Hayes, J. L. Baker, Newt Waller, Harvey Wilson and Mrs. Alpha Hayes went to Clanton Monday on business.

Mr. J. G. Hayes and family visited Mr. Joe Duncan Sunday.

Miss Annie Hayes visited Miss Etta Duncan of near Loxax Sunday; reported having an enjoyable visit.

By close observation we are persuaded to believe that it is not altogether the interest that Messrs. Robert and Oscar Beane has in our Sunday-school that causes their regular attendance.

As news is scarce this week we are necessarily brief.

OLD PATCH.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Tea vine

As I am a new writer from this section, I don't know how the people will like my letters. But when I find children's day in embryo it gives me better hope, especially when I see the little folks taught by such a logical, self-controlling fair maiden. She does not only teach them their Sunday school lesson but her sweet voice is heard every Sunday morning teaching them the science of vocal music.

Miss Addie Fowley spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Naomi Williams.

Give lemonade on children's day for those who will promise to never die.

Wednesday night always brings thoughts of some speeches that are moving, soothing and lasting; moving because it moves them out of the house; soothing because it put the rest to sleep; lasting because those that heard it never want to hear it again. Ignorance is the wet nurse of prejudice. Men marry to make an end, women a beginning.

Some of our people oppose the the third Sunday exercise, but some people are like barrel hoops, all around everything and in nothing.

The woman who marries for spite usually gets it.

Hoping to have a bustling time on the third Saturday, I remain.

R. W. ONTOIT.

Seven Years In Bed

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. S. Prase, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

East Chilton.

We are having most too much rain in this section, unless the farmers were better up with their work.

G. W. Jones, and Job Mims, of Prattville, visited relatives here last week. P. H Conoell and wife, attended service at Providence, in Coosa, Sunday. Messrs. J. E Goss, David Kindrick, T. L. Robinson, Lee Robinson and Miss Amma Robinson, attended the all-day singing at Coosa River, Sunday.

T. P. McKinney, and daughters, Misses Chestina and Minnie, attended service at Chestnut Creek Sunday. Hah! Hah! I am amused at the Kid and the Lion, I thought I would venture up a little, but I'm afraid the Kid will butt me, and afraid The Lion will bite me, so I will stand aloof and let them have it. Any way I think there is a little wavering in some of it.

SAME OLD IKE.

When you start out to "tackle" the finny tribe don't forget to take a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it for bad wounds, fish hook wounds, bites and stings of insects and it is no bad thing for "snake bite." Remember it cures colic also, and is absolutely harmless. Your druggist can sell it as fast as you can buy it. Price 50c.

Poplar Springs.

Farmers are complaining of too much rain and grass now.

Rev.—Neely preached an interesting sermon at this place Sunday.

Quite a number of our people attended preaching at Chestnut Creek Sunday and report a fine sermon that isn't uncommon for Rev. Thomas.

The singing at Mr. Greer's Sunday evening was enjoyed by all present.

There was quite an interesting scene on the public road Sunday, a man and his wife started out on about a twelve mile trip on foot, carrying their two children in a wheel barrow.

The infant child of Mr and Mrs. Pink Devaughn is quite sick, but we hope it will soon recover.

Prof. J. N. Goss of Burwell was up here Sunday. MORNING STAR.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Rollins & Davis Ginnery near Energy, Ala., will be sold on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1901

This plant consists of one two-story Gin House, one Store House, one Adams 10 horse Power Engine and Boiler, one Nance Cotton Press, one 50-saw Gin, Feeder and Condenser, one three ton Wagon Scale all Belting, Pulleys, Shafting, etc., to make a complete running outfit, and all now in place ready for use where it has had a good patronage for past five years; also the lot of about two acres upon which the above named is located; this lot has a good spring which furnishes at all times a full and lasting supply of water.

The above named property is on the Montgomery and Tuscaloosa dirt road, seven miles west of Verbena, five miles south-west of Cooper, seven miles south of Clanton.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the country will be found at W. W. KLINNERIS place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

Subscribe for the Banner.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SEAGOS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

There are some things you can do without, but you can't afford to ask another day without a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the greatest chemical discovery of the age. Heals Cuts, Burns, Gun-shot Wounds, etc., quicker than anything. And don't forget that it cures Colic too, while you wait about ten minutes.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

A NEW INVENTION FOR LADIES.

Messrs. E. M. Bealle & Co. will come to Clanton from Tuskaloosa the 10th of May. They will have the Economy Scrubbing Brush to scrub floors, windows, walls, tables, carpets, etc. Through a sucsion it takes up all the water leaving the floor perfectly dry except dampness, making house drudgery easy and quick. Every lady should have one. Mr. Bealle and his sub agents have the highest recommendations from Rev. J. H Curry, Fosters, Ala., Hon. J. Manly Foster, Tuskaloosa, and Rev. L. O. Dawson, Pastor Tuskaloosa Baptist church. Write them, if you like, before I come.

Very truly, E. M. BEALL.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two separate concerts. The best. Insist on having them.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
15 cent tin contains one bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Assoc'n of Ala.

Statement of Condition of the Chilton County Branch.

	RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
February 3, 1900	$ 84,600.00	
August 3, 1900	104,300.00	
June 3, 1901	$211,334.60	None.

I, P. D. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer of said Association, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. P. D. WILSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 3rd day of June, 1901.
S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. T. Cobern
8. John F. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent

WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

SLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The marvellous inventions of the past twenty years have revolutionized many things. But in spite of the threats of extinction it begins to look as if no mechanical devices will completely supersede those friends in emergency, the horse and the jack knife.

Never before in the history of the United States was there so much gold in the National Treasury as is now stored in the vaults at Washington; indeed, no other institution in the world has so much of the yellow metal as the Government of the American Republic possesses.

All appearances indicate that Russia has acquired a hold upon the commerce of Persia which England, her rival in that field of trade, cannot destroy. To encourage this trade Russia is now paying a bounty upon every pound of Russian commodities that are taken over the frontier to be sold in Persia.

A special agent of the United States department of agriculture reports that beyond doubt grain can be matured anywhere in Alaska. Barley, oats, wheat and rye have developed perfectly from seed accidentally sown and grown wild. Flax of good quality has also been grown.

France still holds the record for national debt. She owes $151 per capita. Great Britain stands second and owes $91 per capita. Germany is third with a debt of $65 per capita. The United States has the smallest debt of all the great nations, and owes only $28 per capita.

The old fashioned hulks which serve as training schools are anything but proper and fitting schools for prospective crews of modern men-o'-war. An aspirant for naval honors, however industrious and ambitious, might serve for years on such archaic training craft as the Hartford or Mohican without arriving at more than a vague general idea of sea duty on board the Alabama or Kearsarge, states the Philadelphia Record.

It is a singular thing that a surplus in the national treasury causes almost as much anxiety as that unfamiliar condition, a deficit, would. Whatever money accumulates either in the treasury or in private hands is withdrawn from general use and tends to disturb business conditions. Moreover idle money, with nations as with individuals, is always a temptation to extravagance. Still very few of us are so afraid of getting a little money ahead.

Augustus B. Wylie, in his "Modern Abyssinia," describes an interesting custom observed at Yejju, by which a long engagement is brought to a happy ending. The betrothed pair go secretly to the outskirts of a village. The man hides himself, and the girl shrieks. The first man who comes to her rescue is speared by her sweetheart. The couple may then go home and be married, for moral sentiment demands that every bridegroom should have killed his man.

An inquiry made by a number of German officers with a view to test the intelligence of a new batch of conscripts brought forth some remarkable results. Out of seventy-eight recruits from various parts of Prussia twenty-one were unable to give any answer when asked who was the Emperor of Germany; twenty-two replied that "a great general" and nine of them thought "a renowned Field Marshal" was the wielder of the destinies of the empire; six imagined that "the Minister of War" was their liege lord, while only fourteen gave approximately correct replies.

Earl Roberts's tribute to the marked superiority of the American wagons used in the South African campaign over all other wagons is no surprise to any one who knows anything about wagons. It is a tribute to two things—to the American hickory tree, which yields a wood for spokes that combines lightness with strength as no other wood does, and to American constructive ingenuity, which has evolved the proper form for a buck wagon. It is worth noting that Earl Roberts calls attention to the fact that the American wagons were cheaper than the English wagons, as well as better. This is a new reminder to the British manufacturer of a state of things which has for some time filled his mind with sadness and dread.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Fifth Day.

The Committees Named—List of the Chairmen—Williams of Elmore Gets His Coveted Seat.

One hundred and twenty-one delegates were present at monday's session. After approving the journal, the rules were reported by the president as adopted by the rules committee. They were discussed and adopted, amendments being made in unimportant particulars.

The president announced the standing committees with chairmen as follows: Judiciary, Smith, of Mobile; order and harmony, White, of Jefferson; suffrage and elections, Coleman, of Green; legislative department, Oates, of Montgomery; local legislation, O'Neal, of Lauderdale; education, Graham, of Talladega; taxation, Browne, of Talladega; executive department, Jones, of Montgomery; declaration of rights, Lomax, of Montgomery; corporations, Harrison, of Lee; representation, Pitts, of Dallas; exemptions, Howze, of Jefferson; militia, Wilson, of Clark; banks, Fletcher, of Madison; corporations, Weakley, of Lauderdale; state and county boundaries, Parker, of Cullman; impeachments, Hood, of Etowah; amendments and miscellaneous provisions, Foster, of Tuskaloosa; journal, Proctor, of Jackson; schedules, Heflin, of Randolph.

Several resolutions were offered and referred to the committees. The rules are adopted and committees appointed and work will now begin in earnest.

The democratic caucus convened at four in the afternoon, and after due consideration voted unanimously to admit A. E. Williams, of Elmore.

It is the general opinion that it will take the full time for which delegates are to be paid, fifty days, and perhaps longer to complete the work before the convention. It is going to take long and patient work to frame an instrument that can with confidence be submitted to the people for ratification.

Sixth Day.

Settled Down to Hard Work—A Dry Session — Ordinances Submitted—Jones on Suffrage.

The convention got down to work this morning with rapidity, a large number of ordinances being introduced and referred to appropriate committees.

The feature of the session was an ordinance offered by ex-Governor Jones, of Montgomery, to amend the suffrage clause of the present constitution, denying the right to vote to "any person who shall hereafter be convicted of selling his own vote or buying or bartering the vote of another in any legal election, primary, caucus or convention held to nominate persons for public office, or who shall make or aid in making any false count, certificates or returns as to the result of such election, or who shall thereafter carry concealed weapons and be convicted thereof." It also disqualifies from voting any person guilty of treason, idiots and insane, also to change habitual drunkenness to use of liquor to such extent as to become notorious.

Prominent among other ordinances were:

By Mr. Kirk—To make the terms of state officers four years.

By Mr. Kirkland—That all elections be held at the same time and no officer eligible to succeed himself.

By Mr Hodges—That no power to levy taxes shall be authorized to a corporation or individual except special tax of not more than one fourth per cent for school purposes.

By Mr Howell—To give the General Assembly power to fix the area of counties at 400 square miles.

By Mr. Howze—To create office of Lieutenant-Governor.

By Mr. McDonald — That electors must read and write and understand the English language

By Mr. Williams, of Marengo—To abolish the offices of Justices of the Peace.

By Mr. Wilson, of Clarke—To define the qualifications of voters in primary elections.

By Mr. O'Neal—Military duty of all persons between 18 and 45 years of age; also office-holders must be from the white race.

Mr. Oates presented the Morgan plan of suffrage, which was ordered printed and referred to the Suffrage Committee.

Seventh Day.

Batch of Ordinances Introduced — Appeal Read from Colored Citizens of the State.

Roll call on the seventh day showed 136 members of the constitutional convention present. During today's session Mr. Bulger introduced an ordinance on the public school system fixing the poll tax at $1.50 and dividing the school fund between the races in proportion as it is paid by the races. Another ordinance to the same end was introduced by Mr. Cardon providing that the school fund be divided between the races in such proportions as the trustees think best.

An ordinance was introduced by Mr. Eyster reducing the minimum area of counties from 600 to 400 square miles.

A flood of ordinances was introduced relating to taxation by counties being limited to half of 1 per cent.

Mr. Beddow introduced an ordinance to preserve the right of trial by jury, but three-fourths of jury shall make a verdict.

Mr. Ferguson offered an ordinance to give the legislature the right to grant license for carrying small arms.

Mr. Howze presented an ordinance that judges having criminal jurisdiction in the state be paid by the state.

Mr. Beavers presented an ordinance to adhere to the suffrage clause of the constitution of the United States.

Other ordinances related to filling vacancies in county offices by election; no passing of ex post facto laws; the General Assembly to amend charters of corporations; cities or towns not to issue bonds for more than 10 per cent of the value of property; to fix the age of poll tax from 21 to 60 years; to exempt ex Confederate soldiers from license tax; to legalize primary elections and to fix representation on population; to make teachers' salaries preferred claims.

The convention created the office of reading clerk at $6 per day.

An open letter from Booker Washington and other colored citizens to the convention was read. This letter is an appeal for fair treatment for the race.

Eighth Day.

Nothing but Ordinances — Railroad Commission — Convict Inspectors — Against Lobbying.

Because of a resolution reported by the committee on rules and adopted by the convention, the body will hereafter meet daily at 10 a. m. and will stand adjourned at 1 p. m. By this action the convention will be in session but three hours of each day, but it is essential for the committees to meet daily and some of them have lengthy sessions, so that for several days the great bulk of the work of the convention will be performed in committee rooms.

Six committees have selected clerks, and the committee on revision of the journal has asked for one. All the committees may want a clerk in another week. The committees have just gotten to work, but no ordinances have yet been reported.

One hundred and thirty-one delegates were present at this day's session. Ex-Governor Jones presented ordinances to provide for sessions of the General Assembly every four years; to provide against lobbying by making it a penal offence; to make railroad commissioners and convict inspectors elective, paying them out of the state treasury, and rendering them ineligible for re-election, fixing the term at four years and giving them plenary power to fix rates; to make register in chancery elective; to abolish chancery courts and to give the Governor power to appoint an attorney.

An ordinance by Mr. Robinson prohibits any special appropriation over $500, except by two-thirds vote of each house.

An ordinance was introduced reducing the mileage of members of the legislature and members of electoral college from 10 to 3 cents per mile.

Mr. Ashcraaft introduced the following: "To organize the whites and negroes into separate school districts without regard to each other, with separate territory and officers; also for special local taxation divided between the races in proportion to what each pays; the taxation on coporrate property to be divided between races proportionate to the color of the stock-holders."

Adjourned at 1 p. m.

Ninth Day.

Oates' Resolution Caused Discussion No Report from Committees Adjourned till June 3rd.

One hundred and eighty-five ordinances have been introduced upon almost every subject in the present constitution, some of them are in its exact language. To meet this flood the committee on rules reported favorably on the resolution of Gen. Oates' to adopt the present constitution as a basis for the framing of a new one, and that ordinances or resolutions shall be to amend or change the present constitution. This provoked much discussion and was finally recommitted to be amended to meet objections.

The principal new measures suggested at the ninth day's session, on which 123 delegates were in attendance, are as follows:

By Mr. Selheimer—To prevent additional compensation being voted to any public officer; that the governor's veto may be overruled by a majority of each house.

By Mr. Samford, of Pike—To allow the state to own works of internal improvements, as steamboats and railroads, but not loan money to same; to prevent abolishment of military features in the University and Polytechnic Institute.

By Mr. Walker, of Madison—To fix the terms of Supreme Court Judges at ten years, one to retire every two years.

By Mr. Cornwell — To limit taxation of cities and towns.

By Mr. Oates—To make the term of governor four years, ineligible to re-election and salary $5,000.

Mr. Long, of Walker, offered a resolution to cancel contract for stenographic report on account of many errors.

Mr. Sanders, of Limestone, introduced a scheme of suffrage reform. It provides an educational qualification, with the Louisiana grandfather clause, and confines office-holding to whites.

The standing committees made no reports.

The convention adjourned until Monday, June 3rd.

Tenth Day.

Important New Rule Adopted—Two More Suffrage Schemes—Courtesy of Floor Extended.

On the call of the roll 106 delegates were found present. A large number of ordinances and resolutions were introduced and referred to committees. The convention refused to remain in session until 2 o'clock. Governor Samford, Congressman Richardson and Hon. Hannis Taylor were extended the courtesies of the floor.

A new rule was adopted by which committees shall report all parts of the present constitution not changed or amended as a part of the new constitution.

The principal new measures proposed were:

By Mr. Pettus—To establish courts of record in each county with power to pass local laws, etc.

By Mr. Heflin—To fix the governor's salary at $5,000.

By Mr. Sollie — To empower the employment of stenographers in circuit courts.

By Mr. Jenkins—Voters must have ability to read and write and pay taxes on $300 worth of property, must have fought in some war or be descended from a soldier and pay a poll tax of $2.25.

By Mr. White—Voters must pay $3.00 poll tax under 45 years of age and $1.50 over, must have fought in some war or be decended from a soldier. After 1910 must read and write and must not have been convicted of a felony, the General Assembly shall have power to preserve the purity of the ballot.

OFFICERS SELECTED.

The university trustees met at Tuscaloosa again on June 3d and selected Mr. J. H. Fitts treasurer and Mr. A. B. McEachin land commissioner of the university. It is now believed that no president will be selected before July.

BANKHEAD PROMOTED.

Henry M. Bankhead, son of Congressman Bankhead, who is a second lieutenant of infantry, will be promoted to a first lieutenancy, the promotion dating from February 2.

TO CONCEAL A CRIME.

King Farmer, white, aged 21, was found dead on the morning of June 1, on the tracks of the Southern railroad, at Anniston. Three bullet holes were found in the body. It is thought he was killed by some unknown party and his body placed on the tracks. The body had been run over and mutilated by a freight train. Deceased was a son of W. E. Farmer, a former prominent citizen of Calhoun county.

ANCIENT BACK TAX CASE.

The suit of State Revenue Agent Wirt Adams against the Tombigbee Cotton Mills, of Columbus, Miss., for back taxes has been settled, the mills having agreed to pay $2,200. The suit has been in the courts a long time and was originally for a sum approximating $30,000. It was won by the mills in the Circuit Court, but the decision was reversed.

BY SEVEN TO FIVE.

The famous land sale of the university was settled on June 1st by the practical adoption of the Smith-Aldrich agreement and the payment to the university by the Sloss-Sheffield company of $5,000, and an additional $8,500 for the surface rights of about 1,000 acres of land which it is said the university does not especially need.

ALABAMA'S EXHIBIT.

Secretary Gibson of the Commercial Club has forwarded the car containing the Alabama exhibit to the Buffalo Exposition. The car contained, among other things, samples of iron and gold ore, limestone, chert, pig iron, steel plates, castings and bars, wire nails, fire brick, coal, coke, cotton seed oil and meal, and fertilizers.

POLK HONORED.

On Monday N. N. Polk, late cashier of the Tennessee, Coal, Iron and Railroad Company was presented a silver purse, filled with gold by the employes of the company, in Alabama and Tennessee. The presentation was made by Dr. R. M. Cunningham in a happy little speech. The gift was a surprise to Mr. Polk, and it was with difficulty that he responded. Mr. Polk, in the capacity of cashier, paid out the first dollar for this corporation.

A FINE TRADE.

United States Senator Beveridge of Indiana is in St. Petersburg, Russia. He expects to see many important personages, and will visit Moscow, the neighboring factory towns, the Volga valley and the iron works in the Ural mining district. Later Senator Beveridge will traverse Siberia. He believes America should and will have a splendid Russian trade.

HAPPENINGS IN ALABAMA

HOW THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE MAKING HISTORY.

NEWSY NOTES FROM ALL ITS SECTIONS

Physician Murdered Near Birmingham—Auditor W. Youngblood Resigns—$3,000,000 for Improvements—Railroad Building.

TELEGRAPHER KILLS DOCTOR

Jealousy Said to have been the Cause of the Tragedy.

Thursday afternoon about five Dr. John Payne, of Hillman, a suburb of Birmingham, was shot by a telegraph operator, James P. Cook, and mortally wounded, death resulting on the following morning. A 41-calibre Colts pistol was used and the shooting was done from behind, both shots taking effect in the head. After the shooting, Cook came to town and surrendered to the sheriff.

The physician was a very popular young man. Cook had recently separated from his wife, who is said to be a very handsome woman, and the supposition is that jealousy inspired the commission of the murder as it had previously led to the separation.

YOUNGBLOOD RESIGNED.

Col. Wm. Youngblood, of Alabama, Auditor of the Treasury, has resigned and will leave the government service on June 15th. He has accepted a handsome position with the Brotherhood Wine Manufacturing Co., in New York City and will give up his home in Alabama.

$3,000,000 IN IMPROVEMENTS.

The New York Commercial publishes a statement to the effect that the Tennessee Coal Iron & R. R. Company will spend the greater part of the $3,000,000 derived from the sale of bonds in building furnaces in the Birmingham district. The publication states further that the new furnaces were to be built that the additional capacity of the company may be 1800 tons of iron per day.

NEW RAILROAD FOR ALABAMA.

The indications seem favorable for the early construction of the Decatur, Danville and Southwestern railroad. An attorney has been employed to draw up articles of incorporation, deeds for franchise, notice of the opening of the stock books and other necessary blanks, and a citizen of Sumpter county has written that he and his associates will donate twenty-two miles of graded track if the road will pass through their county.

ANOTHER NEW RAILROAD.

The secretary of state has issued an order to open books of subscription for a railway between Montgomery and Anniston, Ala., to be operated by electricity or steam. It will run through a prosperous section of the state, touching the gold mining region.

UNIVERSITY MEETING.

The Board of Trustees of the University met in annual session Thursday afternoon, Colonel Stansell, of Carrollton, presiding on account of the indisposition of Governor Samford. The land matters were fully discussed and the proposed compromise met with opposition. No one has as yet been agreed upon for the office of president.

STORM IN PITTSBURG.

One of the heaviest spring storms known to the government weather bureau passed over Pittsburg Sunday. Much damage was done and four people were badly hurt. The storm lasted only fifteen minutes, but in that time three-tenths of an inch of rain fell, heavy hail ruined many trees and the wind blew down several small houses. At Whittaker, near Homestead, a partly finished store and dwelling were wrecked, burying in the ruins three boys and a man, all of whom were badly hurt. The man may die.

The United States is at present the chosen home of the short story. The English are the better novelists, the Americans the better short-story writers.

The writer of an obituary note in a Kentucky paper warmed up to his work as he proceeded, and closed with this gushing sentence: "She was wafted into the gloom of eternal night at 6 o'clock in the morning."

LATE STATE NEWS

A CLUE DISCOVERED

Anniston Murder May be Explained

The mystery that first surrounded the death of King, the young white man found on the tracks of the Southern railroad has partially lifted and there now have a clue on which to work. Strong suspicion and circumstantial evidence point to a negro living in the city. The officers have been for the suspect but failed to find him. It seems that on the night of the murder Farmer went to the home of a negro. The theory is that he shot and killed Farmer a short distance from the house. In the morning the officers found a large pool of blood and a piece of a shirt, showing that a woman had been in the vicinity. After killing the man it is thought the negro carried the body several hundred yards to the tracks of the Southern railroad and placed it across the rails, hoping that a passing train would mutilate the body beyond recognition. The body was mutilated and bruised, but the identity of the man could not be discerned. The officers are now exerting themselves to catch the negro.

A NEW HOTEL.

Articles of incorporation of the Montgomery Hotel Company were filed in the probate court today. The capital stock of the company is fixed at $250,000 divided into 5,000 shares of $50 each. The books of subscription will be opened at an early date. The charter states that it is the purpose of the company to operate a cafe, barber shops, bath rooms, grill rooms, cafes, newsstands and other modern conveniences. The company is also given the right to lease, hire or sublet carriages, buses, hacks and drays.

FARMER SHOT.

William Turner, a farmer living near Honoraville, was shot by a masked person Saturday night, the balls taking effect in his back but not severely wounding him. He was attracted by an unusual noise in the yard and he and his wife went to the door. It was thought that he was taken to avoid shooting a woman, and so did not kill him. Most of the load was embedded in the door facing. It is not known who the assassin was.

MINISTER DETECTIVE.

Jim Whitecotton, wanted in Jacinta county, Texas, on a charge of murder, was lodged in jail at Birmingham Monday. Whitecotton belongs to a noted family in Jackson county and after killing William [illegible] at Oakhurst, Tex., came back to Jackson county more than a year ago. A reward of $300 was offered for his capture and Will Atkins, a Cumberland Presbyterian minister, living of Huntsville, resolved to earn the reward. He and a companion met Whitecotton in the mountains and tackled him. A pitched battle followed but the fugitive was knocked down and taken without bloodshed.

KILLED BY A BOLT.

Near Salsoda, about six miles west of Luverne, Saturday night's storm was terrible and Toler Pugh, a farmer, was killed by lightning out in the open field, some 200 yards from his house. He had an ax on his shoulder and was instantly killed.

NO STATE ENCAMPMENT.

There is to be no State encampment of the Mississippi National Guard this summer on account of the funds; regimental encampments will take its place. Columbus will make an effort to have the First Regiment go into camp there.

TRIED TO BURN THE TOWN.

Fire bugs tried to burn Barnesville, O., Sunday night by kindling several fires in the business part of town. The worst fire in the town resulted. The losses are very light with no insurance.

KING FOUND GUILTY.

Cyril W. King, former Captain and Constructing Quartermaster at Morgan, Ala., was found guilty on the second count of the indictment against him for stealing money with intent to influence official conduct.

ROBBED THE POSTOFFICE.

Burglars blew open the safe in the postoffice at Athens, Ala., last Monday morning and secured [illegible] money. No stamps or property disturbed. No clue.

LATE STATE NEWS.

A CLUE DISCOVERED.

...ton Murder May be Yet Explained.

...e mystery that first ... ...und the death of King ... ...oung white man found ... ...acks of the Southern Railway ...artially lifted and the ... ...ave a clue on which to ... ...g suspicion and circumstances ...ce point to a negro who ... ...ty. The officers have ... ...e suspect but failed to find ...he that on the night of the ... ...armer went to the home of ...

The theory is that the ... ...nd a hired farmer in a grove ...m the house. In this ... ...ffiers found a large pool ...and a piece of calico, evidently ...g that a woman had been ...ently. After killing the ... ...s thought the negro ... ...ly several hundred yards ... ...of the Southern Railroad ...it across the rails, hoping ...g train would mutilate it ...recognition. The train ... ...nd bruised the body but ...y of the man could readily ...ed. The officers are now ... ...themselves to catch the ...

A NEW HOTEL.

...les of incorporation of ...mery Hotel Company ... ...the probate court Saturday ...uta; stock of the hotel ... ...fixed at $250,000 divided ...shares of $50 each, and ...f subscription will be ... ...early date. The declared ... that it is the purpose ...ompany to operate ... barber shops, bath, ...oms, cafes, newsstands ... modern conveniences. ...y is also given the right ...ire or sublet carriages, ... hacks and drays.

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...ED THE POSTOFFICE.

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...ILL ARP'S LETTER

...s a Brick at Modern Sensational Preachers.

...'S OLD TIME RELIGION IS THE BEST

...one Nowadays Not Up to Barrow Man's Standard of Reverence.

Bill Has Fine Strawberries.

There seems to be an unusual commotion in the field of religious thought. ...of the three hundred different ...christian creeds and forms of worship one would suppose there were ...ty enough to choose from, but ...e new and startling ones keep ...ing in and the eager craving minds ...the unsettled people are falling ...with the old and falling in with ...new theories and doctrines. There ...no cause for very great alarm in ..., for it proves the natural instinct ...desire to weak and unsettled minds ...some religion that will satisfy ...comfort their longing heart. It ...es the universal belief in God, ...creator and the universal desire ...secure His favor. There is nothing ...w or strange in this. It is history ...repeated. Nine hundred and eighty ...ars ago Alexander Pope, the great ...t and philosopher, wrote

"For modes of faith let graceless zealots fight
He can't be wrong whose life is in the right
Faith and hope the world will disagree
But all mankind's concern is charity."

...Pope was a great and good man and ...el a Christian. His devotion to his ...ther was intense and beautiful. He ...k the tenderest care of her and she ...ed with him until she died, in her ...ety-third year. This is tribute ...ough for any man.

There are many men of many minds. There are some in our day just like ...se of Athens of whom St. Paul ...rote. "Who spent their time in telling or hearing some new thing." Even ...me preachers have a morbid craving ...r sensation and they create a ...mmotion wherever they go. They ...ing to the church militant and believe in thunder and lightning and cyclones and even war as agencies for the propagation of Christianity. The newspapers are crowded with abstruse essays on the new religion both for and against. These distract the skeptical and unsettled minds of many, ...t only for a time. Spiritualism did the same thing for half a century, but happily it has run its course, as the last census shows a large decrease in the number of its followers. But true Christianity moves on serenely amidst all these commotions. Meteors and comets may come and go—even the sun itself may for a brief interval be eclipsed, but, like Christianity, it shines on year after year, century after century, bringing light and life to the world.

Maybe this sensational preaching is needed in these degenerate times, when the spirit of war and the love of money seem to have demoralized the young men of the land, when murder and suicides are of daily occurrence and getting money by gambling in stocks and other short cuts to fortune has become a national sin. But to my mind the old, conservative modes are still the best. I don't like the preacher who ascends the pulpit with a whip in his hand and cracks its lash at every malediction. That would be all right if every man had a pulpit and a whip, so that he could fight back. If I were good enough to be a preacher I would take a text and stick to it reverently and plead with the people in the name of the Lord. Old Dr. Axson of Savannah, was my ideal of a preacher, a man of God whose very presence in the pulpit increased our reverence for it. His texts still linger in the memories of those who listened and carry with them more enduring solemnity. When David pleaded with the Lord for forgiveness and said "Remember not against me the iniquities of my youth," every one prayed with grief and sorrow the many, many errors of his young life. What a grief to every man are the sins of his youth and how earnestly he wishes they could be blotted out from his own memory. I recall another text when David exclaimed in the agony of his heart, "My sin is ever before me." What a subject for an earnest, eloquent divine—the impossibility of erasing from the memory of a sin.

His love of God was his favorite theme, and the helplessness of man in contrast. We know not whence we came nor whither we are going. We cannot add a day nor an hour to our existence. We cannot foresee afflictions nor calamities nor fortify against them. We are utterly helpless and are dependent on the Creator. Then he gave a poetic picture of the wondrous love of the Creator for His creatures and proved it by the adaptation of our senses to the beauties and luxuries of nature—the moon and stars, the mountains, rivers, trees, fruits and flowers, the birds to sing, the flowers to bloom, the earth to bear us food, and how carefully He holds the rolling earth in His mighty hand while we sleep unconscious of any danger and too often forgetful that our Maker is at the helm, watching over us and counting every pulse that beats. "Young man, young man, stop and think!" he exclaimed in tender, tearful pleading.

That is the kind of preaching I like. It is well to have creeds and a faith in them; but creeds are at last the work of men and are controverted and hawked at by those who differ; but when the Lord says, "Do justly, love mercy and walk humbly with thy God," "Humble yourselves under the mighty hand of God," "Love the Lord with all thy strength and thy neighbor as thyself," and "Love is the fulfilling of the law," there is no need of any better creed. Humility is one of the chiefest cardinal virtues. A man who is vain or conceited is close akin to an idiot. The poet says, "Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud," and the psalmist says, "Lord, what is man that Thou art mindful of him?"

But I didn't start to preach a sermon, although I could preach one if I had a pulpit and a congregation of young people. I was ruminating about these blessings of a kind providence because I had strawberry short cake for dinner and felt grateful. I have a thousand plants that I planted—I, me, myself, no nigger in the woodpile. Last year they did not fruit well and I wrote to Mr. Berckman about it, and he said I must use ashes instead of stable manure. So I scooped out a saucer-like space around every plant and filled it with ashes, and this year they are literally loaded and are of large size and fine quality. As the fellow said of the mosquitoes. They are so large that many of them weigh a pound. By the scale, twenty of them weigh a pound. I am proud of my success, but it does look like a pity that it should take a man seventy-five years to learn how to grow strawberries. Our flowers never were so beautiful, and we have enough for a wedding every week—and I wish they were wanted. My wife actually praises me almost every day, and it takes a good deal to do me and she knows it. I want some when I have worked so hard to please her and the children. I don't want to wait for epitaphs on my tombstone and obituaries in the newspapers. I had rather have some praise right now in words that I can understand. I want some of the flowers placed upon my grave and a rose bush planted near, and they might write on my tombstone:

He was a man of words and deeds,
He kept his garden clean of weeds;
And when the weeds began to grow
He slayed them with his garden hoe.

—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

Of the seven expeditions which are to engage in a race to the North Pole the most interesting is that headed by Captain Kampe, who will attempt to realize the fancy of Jules Verne. Captain Kampe is having built a submarine boat which is to be ellipsoid in form, and which is to be capable of holding air enough to last fifteen persons fifteen hours. The motive power will be petroleum, of which 150 tons will be carried. In fifteen hours the craft will be able to travel fifty miles under water, and the adventurer estimates that there is no ice field greater than five miles in width. It is his plan to dive under the ice which surrounds Spitzbergen and steer for the nearest open water in the direction of the Pole. The boat will be able to descend 160 feet, while it is assumed that the ice pack does not extend more than twenty feet below the surface. Captain Kampe is quite as confident of achieving his purpose and returning safely as were Andree and his companions, who sailed away to the north one July day never to come back. Even the sanguine Kampe foresees the possibility of being frozen in under the ice, and to meet such an exigency he will carry powerful explosives to blast a way for his vessel.

According to an estimation by the American Grocer the nation's drink bill amounts to $1,228,674,925, of which $1,059,563,787 is for alcoholic liquids. Official statistics show, it says that prosperity has brought with it an increased demand for spirituous and malt liquors, while the use of non-alcoholic beverages shows a very small gain and in the case of coffee, a decrease. Out of the total sum of $1,228,674,925 about 86 percent is spent for alcoholic stimulants. The cost for non-alcoholic stimulants is as follows: Coffee, $125,798,530; tea, $37,312,608; cocoa, $6,000,000. This added to the $1,059,563,787 spent on alcoholic drinks represents a yearly per capita expenditure for beverages of $16.17 for the 76,304,799 inhabitants of the United States, of a little less than 4 1-2 cents per day. The consumption in 1900 of tea was 416,515,885 gallons, and of spirits and wines 112,675,873 gallons. The statistics prove that coffee and beer are the favorite national beverages and that coffee holds its supremacy over fermented liquors; that the consumption of alcoholic liquor increases in prosperous times and that it was larger in 1900 than for any year since 1893. It is less per capita now than 10 years ago in spite of last year's gain.

The 60 cotton spinning mills of Japan are threatened with disaster. During good times the money made was paid out in dividends, and now that depression has come they are unable to stem the tide.

ANIMALS' RIGHT TO WARNING.

They Are Entitled to Have the Locomotive Whistle Sounded.

The old dispute as to whether animals can be said to "reason" has been given practical importance by a recent decision of the Iowa Supreme Court. Graybill brought suit against the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway for killing stock at a crossing. It was shown that the engineer had failed to warn the animals by whistling. The railway company contended that the whistle signal required by law was intended only for the protection of human beings. The Court, however, instructed the jury that animals were also entitled to such warning, and a verdict was returned for the plaintiff.

"This provision," said Judge Thornell, in the lower court, "is for the safety of persons and animals near the crossing and about to cross, to warn them of the approach of the train, and to enable them to avoid injury." The railway company excepted to this instruction, and appealed to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court sustained the instruction, and in an opinion by Justice Sherwin held that animals have sufficient reasoning power to enable them to recognize the approach of danger and take measures to avoid it.

The rule of evidence thus established is evidently detrimental to the railways, for it requires them to be as careful in warning animals of the approach of their trains as they have been in warning men. It makes failure to give the statutory warning because no human being now in danger no longer excusable. The Iowa attorney for the railway has filed an elaborate argument for rehearing, in which he denies that animals possess the faculties ascribed to them. He admits that they may be frightened by a locomotive whistle. He denies the possibility of conveying by such means information which the animals can turn to account for their own safety.

No careful observer of the conduct of animals will agree with the railway company's contention. No one honored with the friendship of an intelligent dog doubts that the dog fears punishment, seeks reward, and is sensitive to praise or ridicule. That animals recognize at least proximate causes of pleasant or unpleasant effects seems pretty well established. They know when, though not often why, their masters are pleased or displeased. They learn the consequences to themselves of such pleasure or displeasure. That they learn by experience to avoid danger is unquestioned. That they may be moved by sounds or gestures to recoil from a danger of whose nature they are ignorant is tolerably clear.

There seems to be no reason why animals habitually near a railway may not learn that a locomotive whistle means danger. If they can so learn, they are certainly entitled to the protection given by such information. Until their inability so to learn is established they are at least entitled to the benefit of the doubt. The Iowa Supreme Court's ruling will be approved by every friend of animals. The ground it takes is that toward which science is steadily moving.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Indirect Lightning.

The best disposition of the lights in large public halls is a matter of considerable moment. Many of the modern halls, lobbies, etc., have the lamps concealed in opalescent globes, which diffuse the light and protect the eyes from the glare of the incandescent filaments, electric lamps being almost invariably employed. In the auditorium and drawing rooms of the University of Wisconsin a system of indirect lighting is to be employed. The lamps themselves will be invisible to persons in the rooms. Opaque reflectors will throw the light from the lamps, which are concealed around the room, on to a dead white ceiling. The ceilings will reflect the light uniformly throughout the rooms. Such a method of lighting is absolutely unique, and is not employed elsewhere in America. The authorities of the engineering department of the Wisconsin University feel sure that, despite its novelty, it will prove a decided improvement over existing schemes of interior lighting.

London's Strand is Being Modernized.

Before many years the old Strand will be among the forgotten landmarks of old London. The latest pieces singled out by the building wreckers includes a few shops adjoining Beaufort buildings, a narrow side street leading to the Savoy Theatre, at the rear end of the Hotel Savoy. Between these shops and the Hotel Savoy the work of demolition has already begun by clearing away an acre of ground. This space will largely be used as a courtyard for the hotel, similar to that of the Hotel Cecil, with a wide opening to the Strand, in place of the present narrow entrance.

To overcome the difficulty of the steep grade it is intended to arch over the space between the street and the hotel, which will result in sinking the box office of the theatre almost completely under ground. Access to it will be had by elevators. It is not expected that these improvements will be finished for two years at least.—Chicago Record-Herald.

An Egg Cushion.

Eggs would seem to be the most unsatisfactory material in the world out of which to make cushions, yet such is the fad just now. The contents are blown out of the shells, which when hollow, are strung on wires crossed with ribbons. Each egg is hand-painted, and the whole device is supported on a cushion. Then it is hung on the back of a chair, where, according to fashionable dicta, it is perfectly safe, as truly elegant persons never lean against a chair back, but sit gracefully on the edge of one corner of the seat.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Estimating Character — The Divine War Differs From the Human War—The American Nation Put Into the Royal Balance.

(Copyright 1902.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse from a symbol of the Bible Dr. Talmage urges the adoption of an unusual mode of estimating character and shows how different is the divine way from the human way; text, Proverbs xvi. 2, "The Lord weighteth the spirits."

The subject of weights and measures as discussed among all nations, is the subject of legislation, and has much to do with the world's prosperity. A system of weights and measures was invented by Phidon, ruler of Argos, about 800 years before Christ. An ounce, a pound, a ton, were different in different lands. Henry III. decided that an ounce should be the weight of 640 dried grains of wheat from the middle of the ear. From the reign of William the Conqueror to Henry VIII. the English pound was the weight of 7680 grains of wheat. Queen Elizabeth decreed that a pound should be 7000 grains of wheat taken from the middle of the ear. The piece of platinum kept at the office of the exchequer in England in an atmosphere of sixty-two degrees F. decides for all Great Britain what a pound must be. Scientific representatives from all lands met in 1889 in Paris and established international standards of weights and measures.

You all know something of avoirdupois weight, of apothecaries' weight, of troy weight. You are familiar with the different kinds of weighing machines, whether a Roman balance, which is our steelyard, or the more usual instrument consisting of a beam supported in the middle, having two basins of equal weight suspended to the extremities. Scales have been invented to weigh substances huge, like mountains, and others delicate enough to weigh infinitesimals. But in all the universe there has only been one balance that could weigh thoughts, emotions, affections, hatreds, ambitions. That balance was fashioned by an Almighty God, and is hung up for perpetual service. "The Lord weighteth the spirits."

The divine weigher puts into the balance the spirit of charity and decides how much of it really exists. It may go for nothing at all. It may be that it says to the unfortunate, "Take this and do not bother me any more." It may be an occasional impulse. It may depend upon the condition of the liver or the style of breakfast partaken of a little while before. It may be called forth by the loveliness of the solicitor. It may be exercised in spirit of rivalry, which practically says, "My neighbor has given so much; therefore I must give as much." It is accidental or occasional or spasmodic. When such a spirit of charity is put into the balance and weighed, God and men and angels look on and say there is nothing of it.

It does not weigh so much as a dram, which is only the one-eighth part of an ounce, or a scruple, which is only the twenty-fourth part of an ounce. A man may give his hundreds and thousands of dollars with such feelings and amid such circumstances, and he will get no heavenly recognition.

But into the divine scales another man's charity is placed. It starts from love of God and man. It is born in heaven. It is a lifelong characteristic. It may have a million dollars or a penury to bestow, but the manner in which that giver bestows it shows that it is a divinely implanted principle.

The one penny given may, considering the limited circumstances, attract as much angelic and heavenly attention as though the check given in charity was so large it staggered the cashier of the bank to cash it. It is not the amount given, but the spirit with which it is given. "The Lord weigheth the spirits."

Perhaps no one but God heard that good man's resolutions, but it amounted about to this: "From this present moment to my last moment on earth, God helping me, I will do all I can to make the world a purer world, a better world, a happier world." But the resolution shines out in his face, sweetens his conversation, enlarges his nature, controls his life and shows itself as plainly in the contribution of $1 as though he had the means to contribute $500,000.

When that charity is put into the royal balance, the heavens watch the weighing and invisible choirs chant from the clouds, and I catch one bar of the music—"Now abideth faith, hope, charity—these three; but the greatest of these is charity."

So also in the celestial scales is placed the spirit of faith. In most cases faith depends on whether or not the sun shines and the man had sound sleep last night, and whether the first person he meets in the morning tells him something agreeable or disagreeable. Some day the sales in his store do not amount to so much as he expected, and he goes home with enough complaints to fill the house as soon as he enters it. Another day the sales are twenty or forty per cent. larger than usual, and as he is putting the key into the door lock his family hear him whistling a tune most jubilant. He has faith that everything in his own affairs and in the affairs of church and state are tending toward better conditions until something depressing happens in his own personal experiences or under his own observation.

But there is another man who by repentance and prayer has put himself into alliance with the Almighty God. Made all right by the Saviour's grace, this man goes to work to make the world straight. He says to himself: "God lauched this world, and He never launched a failure. The Garden of Eden was a useless morass compared with what the whole world will be when it blossoms and leaves and flashes and resounds with its coming glory. God will save it anyhow, with me or without me, but I want to do my share. I have some equipment, not as much as some others, but what I have I will use. I have power to frown, and I will frown upon iniquity. I have power to smile, and I will smile encouragement upon all the struggling. I have a vocabulary not so opulent as the vocabulary of some others, but I have a storehouse of good words, and I mean to scatter them in helpfulness. I will ascribe right motives to others when it is possible. If I can say anything good about others, I will say it. If I can say nothing but evil of them, I will keep my lips shut as tight as the lips of the Sphinx, which for 3000 years has looked off upon the sands of the desert and uttered not one word about the desolation. The scheme of reconstructing this world is too great for me to manage, but I am not expected to boss this job. I have faith to believe that the plan is well laid out and will be well executed. Give me a brick and a trowel, and I will begin now to help build the wall. I am not a soloist, but I can sing 'Rock of Ages' to a sick pauper. I cannot write a great book, but I can pick a cinder out of a child's eye or a splinter from under his thumb nail. I now enlist in this army that is going to take the world for God, and I defy all the evil powers, human and satanic, to discourage me. Count me into the service. I cannot play upon a musical instrument, but I can polish a cornet or string a harp or applaud the orchestra."

All through that man's experience there runs a faith that will keep him cheerful and busy and triumphant. I like the watchword of Cromwell's "Ironsides," the men who feared nothing and dared everything, going into the battle with the shout: "The Lord of hosts is with us. The God of Jacob is our refuge. Selah!" No balance that human brain ever planned or human hand ever constructed is worthy of weighing such a spirit. Gold and precious stones are measured by the carat, which is four grains. The dealer puts the diamond or the pearl on one side of the scales and the carat on the other, and tells you the weight. But we need something more delicately constructed to weigh that wonderful quality of faith which I am glad to know will be recognized and rewarded for all time and all eternity.

The earthly weighman counterpoises on metallic balances the iron, the coal, the articles of human food, the odds of earthly merchandise, but he cannot test or announce the amount of things spiritual.

Put also into those royal scales the ambitious spirit. Every healthy man and woman has ambition. The lack of it is a sure sign of idiocy or immorality. The only question is, What shall be the style of our ambition? To stack up a stupendous fortune, to acquire a resounding name, to sweep everything we can reach into the whirlpool of our own selfishness—that is debasing, ruinous and deathful. If in such a spirit we get what we start for, we only secure gigantic discontent. No man was ever made happy by what he got. It all depends upon the spirit with which we get it and the spirit with which we keep it and the spirit with which we distribute it. Not since the world stood has there been any instance of complete happiness from the amount of accumulation. Give the man of worldly ambition sixty years of brilliant successes. He sought for renown, and the nations speak his name; he sought for affluence, and he is put to his wits' end to find out the best stocks and bonds in which he may make his investments; he is director in enough banks and trustee in enough institutions and president of enough companies to bring on paresis, of which he is now dying. The royal balances are lifted to weigh the ambition which has controlled him a lifetime. What was the worth of that ambition? How much did it yield for usefulness and heaven? Less than a scruple, less than a grain of sand, less than an atom, less than nothing. Have a funeral a mile long with carriages; let the richest robes of ecclesiastics rustle about the casket; caricature the scene by choirs which chant "Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord." That man's life is a failure, and if his heirs scuffle in the Surrogate's court about the incapacity of the testator to make a last will and testament it will only be a prolongation of the failure. The son, through dissipation, spent his share of the fortune before the father died, and so was cut off with a dollar; the daughter married against his will, and she is disinherited; relatives whom he could never bear the sight of will put in their claim, and after years of litigation so much of the estate as the lawyers have not appropriated to themselves will go into hands which the testator never once thought of when in his last days he bade tearful farewells to the houses and lands and government securities he could not take along with him into the sepulcher.

I do not know the intermediate chapters of the volume of that young man's life, but I know the first chapter and the last chapter. The first chapter is made of high resolve in the strength of God, and the last chapter is filled with the rewards of a noble ambition. As his obsequies pass out to the cemetery the poor will weep because they will lose their best friend.

Many in whose temporal welfare and eternal salvation he bore a part will hear of it in various places and eulogize his memory, and God will say to the ascending spirit, "To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the tree of life, which is in the midst of the paradise of God." In the hour of that soul's release and enthronement there will be heavenly acclamation as in the royal balances "the Lord weigheth the spirits."

But if our character and behavior as a nation are reversed and good morals give place to loose living and God is put away from our hearts, and our schools and our homes and our people and our literature be debauched, and anarchism and atheism have full sway, and our American Sabbath becomes a Parisian Sabbath, and infamous laws get a place on our statute books, and the marriage relation becomes a joke instead of a sanctity, and the God to whom Columbus prayed to on the day of his landing from stormy seas and whom Benjamin Franklin publicly reverenced when he moved, amid derisive cries, the regular opening of the American Congress with prayer, shall in our national future be insulted and blasphemed, then it will not be long before we will need another Edward Gibbon to write the decline and fall of the United States republic, and it will not be another case of destruction by the Goths and Huns and Tartars and Tamerlanes and Attilas or foreign opposition and hate, but it will be a case of world astounding national suicide.

The wish of this sermon is to emphasize the invisible, to show that there are other balances besides those made of brass and platinum and aluminium and set in earthly storehouses; that the spirit is the most important part of us; that the scales which weigh your body are not as important as the scales which weigh your soul. Depend not too much for happiness upon the visible. Pyrrhus was king and had large dominion, but was determined to make war against the Romans, and Cineas, the friend of the king, said to him, "Sir, when you have conquered them what will you do next?" "Then Sicily is near at hand and easy to master." "And what when you have conquered Sicily?" "Then we will pass over to Africa and take Carthage, which cannot long withstand us." "When these are conquered, what will you next attempt?" "Then we will fall in upon Greece and Macedonia and recover what we have lost there." "Well, when all are subdued what fruit do you expect from all your victories?" "Then," said the king, "we will sit down and enjoy ourselves." "Sir," said Cineas, "may we not do it now? Have you not already a kingdom of your own? And he that cannot enjoy himself with a kingdom cannot with the whole world."

I say to you who love the Lord the kingdom is within you. Make more of the invisible conquests; study a peace which the world has no bushel to measure, no steelyards to weigh. As far as possible we should make our balances like to the divine balances.

What a world this will be when it is weighed after its regeneration shall have taken place! Scientists now guess at the number of tons our world weighs, and they put the Apennines and the Sierra Nevadas and Chimborazo and the Himalayas in the scales, but if weighed as to its morals at the present time in the royal balance the heaviest things would be the wars, the international hatreds, the crimes mountain high, the moral disasters that stagger the hemispheres on their way through immensity. But when the gospel has gardenized the earth, as it will yet gardenize it, and the atmosphere shall be universal balm, and the soil shall produce universal harvest and fruitage, and the last cavalry horse shall go unsaddled, and the last gun carriage unwheeled, and the last fortress turned into a museum to show nations in peace what a horrid thing war once was, then the world will be weighed, and as the opposite side of the scales lifts as though it was light as a feather the right side of the scales will come down, weighing more than all else, those tremendous values that St. Peter enumerated—faith, virtue, knowledge, temperance, patience, godliness, brotherly kindness, charity.

God forbid that it should ever be written concerning us as individuals or communities or nations, as it was written on the wall of Belshazzar's banqueting hall the hour when Daniel impeached the monarch and translated the fiery words which blanched the cheeks of the revelers and made them drop their chalices brimming with wine. "Thou art weighed in the balances and fo..nd wanting."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 9.

Subject: Jesus Appears to Paul, Acts xxii., 6-16 — Golden Text, Acts xxii., 10 — Memory Verses, 6-8 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

6. "As I made my journey." Paul, whose Hebrew name was Saul, was on his way to Damascus, with letters from the high priest granting him authority to arrest the Christians and bring them bound to Jerusalem. "Damascus." The oldest city in the world, situated one hundred and forty miles northeast of Jerusalem. In Paul's time it contained about forty Jewish synagogues, and between 40,000 and 50,000 Jews. At present it is under Turkish rule and has a population of about 150,000, chiefly Mahommedans. "About noon." When the sun was shining so there could be no deception. "A great light." It was "above the brightness of the sun."—Chap. 26: 13. It was in the midst of this glory that Christ was seen by Saul (1 Cor. 15: 8), so that he could enumerate himself among those who had beheld the Lord after His resurrection.

7. "Fell unto the ground." The whole company fell to the earth. Acts 26: 14. "Heard a voice." In the Hebrew tongue. The voice was clear and distinct to Saul, but to those with him it was only a mysterious sound. See on v. 9. "Why persecutest thou Me?" Canst thou give any good reason for it? Must I afresh be crucified by thee? Those who persecute the saints, persecute Christ Himself, and He takes what is done against them as done against Himself.

8. "Who art Thou?" Jesus knew Saul before Saul knew Jesus. "Lord." Used to denote respect for some unknown, august person. "I am Jesus." He takes the name which was the object of Jewish hate. The enmity is against Me and My religion. He whom you persecute is the Lord of life and glory, not simply poor fugitive disciples. It was at this point that Jesus said to him, "It is hard for thee to kick against the goad." Acts 26: 14, R. V.

9. "They heard not the voice." We are told by Luke (Acts 9: 7) that those with him heard the voice. What is meant is clearly that they did not hear the words as words—could attach no meaning to the sounds. We say that a person is not heard, or that we do not hear him, when, though we hear his voice, he speaks so low or indistinctly that we do not understand him.

10. "What shall I do?" Where is now the fury of the oppressor? Convinced that he had in reality persecuted Christ the Lord, and that his religious views and character were wrong, and knowing not what the future held in store for him, he submits himself to the will of Him who had arrested him in his blind career; as though he would entreat Him to be his guide and ruler, with the consent that he would be obedient to all His directions. Being all wrong, he must be entirely changed. Who could work this in him, but Him who saw the utter hopelessness of his case without divine help? "Go." Go into Damascus to be instructed by a disciple whose life and happiness you had hoped to destroy. By this Paul would learn that the disciples had that same forgiving spirit that their Master had. This requirement would test Saul's real sincerity and faith; it also gave him something to do. "Which are appointed." Saul was a chosen vessel unto the Lord (Acts 9: 15), and through him the gospel was to be carried to the Gentiles and to kings, as well as to the children of Israel.

11. "Could not see." He was blind for three days (Acts 9: 9), and during that time was so fully absorbed about his spiritual condition that he neither ate nor drank, but spent the time in fasting and praying. Without doubt this was a season of intense inward conflict, alone and in darkness. Could he give up all his ambitious hopes? Could he leave rank, wealth, honor, friends? Could he enter the service of One so despised, and suffer reproach and danger and death? And all for what? Gradually the conflict ceased, and light dawned into his soul. "The blindness of Saul was no doubt mercifully intended by providence to cause him to attend to the great matter of his soul's salvation."

12. "One Ananias." We know nothing about this man except what we find in this verse and in chapter 9: 10-17.

13. "Came unto me." Ananias had received explicit directions in a vision from the Lord. Saul had also seen in a vision a man named Ananias coming in and restoring his sight. "Brother Saul." Knowing to what sacred office the Lord had chosen Saul (verse 15), Ananias felt a respect for him and an interest in his salvation. "Receive thy sight." And immediately there fell from his eyes as it had been scales. This shows that the blindness as well as the cure was supernatural. At this time Saul also received spiritual sight. "Looked up upon him." The verb signifies not merely to look up, but to recover sight; the clause might be translated, I received sight and looked up on him.

14. "Hath chosen thee." "Hath appointed thee." (R. V.) God chose and appointed Saul because Saul had chosen the Lord. Saul might have rejected Christ instead of accepting Him. "Know His will." Was Saul favored above others? No, all who will come to Christ with the whole heart may "know" God's will. "See that Just One." Here is conclusive proof that Jesus actually appeared to Saul. 1 Cor. 9: 1; 15: 8. He heard "a voice from his mouth." (R. V.)

15. "His witness." The preaching of the gospel must be backed up by the experience of the preacher in order to be really effective. God's people are a witnessing people. They are ready to testify in behalf of the One who has saved them. "Unto all men." To the Gentile, to governors and kings.

16. "Baptized." He was baptized by Ananias. "Wash away thy sins." In Luke's account before Saul was baptized Ananias said that the Lord had sent him that Saul might receive his sight and "be filled with the Holy Ghost." The baptism or outward washing could not wash away his sins; the spiritual regeneration and the renewing in the Holy Ghost had already taken place before the baptism. Baptism was a public profession of faith in Christ, and in taking this step Saul proved his sincerity, and the settled conviction he had of the truthfulness of Christianity. "Call on—the Lord." It is the Lord and the Lord only who can save the soul, and every sinner should call mightily on Him for complete deliverance from all sin. We should trust to no outward ordinance for salvation. I desire to emphasize the fact that at this time the Holy Spirit was given to Saul, through the imposition of the hands of Ananias (9: 17), and, thus qualified and prepared for work, Saul immediately entered the synagogues and "proclaimed Jesus" (9: 20, R. V.) as the Messiah, the Son of God.

The Southerner in New York City is one of the most interesting developments of recent American life, yet hardly realized by the country. Gathering force during the last decade, the Southern youth has been going to New York City until a conservative man like Judge Augustus Van Wyck estimates that this element numbers 300,000 within the natural confines of the American metropolis.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Invariably in Advance.

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Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

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The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

THE wife of the President continues very weak, and fears are entertained for her recovery.

THE first annual convention of the league of Alabama mayors will meet in Birmingham to-day.

THIS issue of THE BANNER is eleven hundred copies, which is rather above our usual mark. Our regular issue each week is a few copies short of one thousand, and we hope very soon to have that goodly number of subscribers.

SPEAKING of the proposition to reduce the area of the counties in this State, the Edwardsville Standard-News says:

"It means mountains of debt in the building of new court houses and jails; it means more offices and officers, which an already overtaxed people will be called upon to support; it means the disorganization of our county affairs for years, and it means a burden that the people are unprepared and unwilling to assume. It further means incompetent officials in all the smaller counties, because the fees will not justify competent men in accepting the offices. Lastly and sorrowfully, it means that with such a clause in the new constitution its ratification will be jeopardized.

THE Court of County Commissioners unanimously passed the following resolution, which explains itself:

WHEREAS, much of the real estate in Chilton county is assessed below a fair and reasonable value, therefore be it

RESOLVED, by the Commissioner's Court of Chilton county, That this court is of the opinion that no real estate in Chilton county should be assessed at a less valuation than one dollar per acre, and the Tax Assessor is hereby instructed not to assess any real estate at a lower valuation than one dollar per acre, and to exercise great care and diligence in seeing that all real estate is assessad at its proper valuation, and when he is satisfied that land is worth two, three, four, five or more dollars per acre he is hereby instructed to assess it accordingly.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden fishing and trespassing on the lands owned by the undersigned, generally known as the Maddox's mill place, under penalty of the law.

Signed ALEX G. DAGE.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

There is little of special importance in the convention proceedings this week, and the details will be found in another place in this issue.

On Wednesday the convention listened to the reading of an address from the negroes of the State, and on Thursday Mr. Pettus, of Limestone, introduced a resolution providing that no negro, black man, or person or African descent shall be allowed to vote in any Federal, State, county or municipal election.

Friday Gov. Oates introduced a resolution to increase the governor's salary to $5,000 per annum, that he be elected for four years and be ineligible to succeed himself. The convention adjourned until Monday.

Monday only 106 members pres- Mr. Pettus introduced an ordinance giving power to courts of county commissioners to legislate for their respective counties. Tuesday more ordinances introduced, but none of the committees have yet reported.

The following resolutions have been introduced by Mr. Reynolds:

Be it resolved by the people of Alabama in convention assembled that: All county officers within this State shall be elected for a term of four years and that they be ineligible to any office in the county within four years after the expiration of their term of office.

Be it resolved by the people of Alabama in convention assembled that: A stock law shall not be passed for any community within this State until such question shall have been submitted, in an election for that purpose alone, to the people of that community and a majority of the qualified voters shall have, at said election, approved the passage of such stock law.

Be it resolved by the people of Alabama in convention assembled that: No person shall be permitted to marry within five years after obtaining a divorce.

Verbena.

Dr. Barnett is just back from New York.

Quite a number of the elite of Verbena attended church at Chestnut creek Sunday.

Rev. Hardy Jones returned Monday from East Lake where he has been spending a few days with his son, A. A. Jones.

Pattillo Bros. will begin work on their new building soon.

Mr. Lee Blackman, of Marbury, was a pleasant visitor here last Friday.

The writer suggests that a subscription be raised to transport some of those light-witted fellows who say they are ashamed to live in a county where the Populites rule to the black belt where they can be classed with their equals.

Messrs. B. Davis, J. J. Grant and J. W. E. Gulledge attended the soldier's reunion at Memphis last week.

Dr. Jackson's smiling face was seen in town again last week.

If some of our smart "Alecks" were to be stricken down with brain trouble it would be harder to locate the brain than the trouble.

"Be obvious of no man and habituate not yourself to search after the faults of others." Some of our citizens should consider this expression and act accordingly.

Hurra for our Burwell man, he is preaching sound doctrine.

DELTA.

New Salem.

Farmers in this section are very busy with their crops.

There is several of our girls who have heart disease and no sure cure.

Messrs. Tom and Cleveland Lowe of Jemison paid a flying visit to this place Sunday; welcome again, boys.

Mr. T. says that a boy loses confidence in a girl when she says he has told a falsehood.

I wish our neighbors would express themselves more plainly and not use so many hints. Some of the people we compared with an egg last week are now running over.

We hope that our children's day, which will be on Saturday before the third Sunday in this month, will be a success; come one, come all; come and bring your baskets. Some say they will not come, their absence will be good company. I don't guess anyone will lose very much sleep over it, or or least Suse will not.

Mr. Tilton is wearing a broad frown on his face; we are wondering what is the cause of such a change.

We have some very free-hearted brothers and sisters in giving advice, but when it comes to taking dinner to a public gathering they are not so free as you heard they were.

SUSE.

TO SCHOOL OFFICERS AND OTHERS INTERESTED:

Clanton, Ala., June 3, 1901

I desire to call your attention to an Act passed at the last session of the General Assembly of Alabama, which provides for an uniform series of Text Books to be adopted for Chilton county.

No. 1130, section 1 of the Act, makes it the duty of the county superintendent to appoint four citizens, two of whom shall be teachers. These four men, together with the county superintendent as chairman of the board, to be known as "The Text Book Board of the Public Schools of Chilton county." In obedience to this duty I appointed Profs. R. A. Rasco, G. L. Speer, J. M. Collier and Judson Strock members of this board.

On May 27th we met and adopted the text books, which were published in last week's Banner, also the prices, rate of exchange and length of exchange were given. The committee used its very best judgment in selecting the books, taking into consideration the subject matter, binding, price and adaptability of the books to the conditions of the schools. This was done with the desire on the part of the committee to give to the children of the county such books as would be most beneficial to them for the short term schools, and at the same time hold up the standard of education in the county.

I trust the teachers and school patrons will make earnest efforts to supply their schools with the books adopted as early as consistency will permit, as no school can be paid any of the public school funds unless it uses the books adopted by the committee. I feel sure this is a step in the right direction, and no doubt will prove just as satisfactory to the people of Chilton county as it has in many other counties, and even States, where uniformity of text books has been tried.

It will be well, no doubt, in this connection, to notify trustees that they must take the census of the children in their townships and school districts this year. For this purpose I sent blanks to all the trustees some time ago. This consolidated report that you send in to me must reach me before the first day of August, or your township or district will fail to be represented in the new census and appropriation next year. This consolidated report must be sworn to before you send it to me.

I have just received some circulars from the State Superintendent which I shall mail to trustees at an early date. Thanking the trustees and teachers for their prompt and hearty co-operation with me in what ever effort I have made in trying to improve our common schools, and confidently believing they will continue to do so when efforts are made in the right direction, I shall ever be found ready to serve you to the best of my ability when you call on me. Very truly,

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

FLORENCE, S. C., Nov. 26, 1900.

I was first advised by our family physician in Charleston to use TEETHINA with our baby when she was but a very young infant, as a preventive of colic and to warm and sweeten the stomach. Later it was useful in teething troubles, and its effect has been found to be so very beneficial and so free from the dangers that are consequent upon the use of drugs and soothing syrups, that we have come to regard it, after use with three children, as one of the necessities when there is a new baby in the house and until the teething troubles are over, and we take pleasure in recommending it to our friends instead of the horrid stuff that so many people use to keep their babies quiet. HARTWELL M. AYER,
(Mgr. Daily Times and Weekly Times Messenger.)

CONFEDERATE PENSION WARRANTS.

I have on hand Warrants on the State Treasurer for the following persons: W. P. Jones, Stanton; B. A. Sims, Mountain Creek; Mrs. J. Z. Barnes, and if they will call at my office I will be glad to deliver them, otherwise I shall have to return them to the State Auditor.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c. and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co. Trial bottles free.

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A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Encouraging Her Cousin.

"Ah, yes!" sighed the lovelorn youth. "I'm passionately in love with Miss Van Fickel. I wonder if I will ever succeed in winning her affections?"

"Why not?" replied his Cousin Helen. "I know at least half a dozen other men who have."—Philadelphia Press.

New Insomnia Cure.

Brown—Say, I've been trying the finest cure for insomnia that I ever heard of. It is for one to count each breath that he exhales while lying in bed.

Smith—Ah! Then you go to sleep.

Brown—No, but after a little while a fellow gets rather interested in the work, and the night passes away so quickly that he doesn't mind lying still so long.—Brooklyn Life.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land. If you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best of all attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Rands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every battle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For other particulars call on or address

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A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 6 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our J. W. GUNTER'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your servants and guarantee everything we sell.

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A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

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Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

"Commissioners' Court throws second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 5-16 cents.
" same date last year 9 cents

Cotton received to date	1900	1899
Pinchard & Co.	3437	3961
Mullins	1212	1678
Wilson	373	42
Bowen	430	34
Total	5551	5715

Miss Mary Duke is visiting her brother E. W. Duke at Birmingham.

Mrs. J. M. Potts is visiting Birmingham this week.

Several of the young gentlemen and ladies of Clanton took in the picnic at Mimms on Wednesday.

Messrs. W. T. Mullins and Nick Kichel have returned home after a pleasant trip to Florida.

Mrs. Liam Wilson visited friends at Cooper's Tuesday.

Mrs. Jones of Verbena is visiting Mrs. Peyton Dennis this week.

Miss Sue Robinson accompanied little Miss Iaila Potts, both of Decatur, are visiting the father of the latter at this place.

Mr. D. W. Dykes has returned home from the asylum at Tuskaloosa.

Miss Lucy Garner of Montevallo is visiting friends here this week.

A number of the young people went out to Fairview last Sunday to hear Mr. T. U. Crumpton lecture on the Holy Land, and report a very interesting time.

Marshal Floyd Jones of Thorsby was a visitor here Wednesday.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your face of pimples and heals cuts before you know it. Pleasant as perfume and cooling as a breeze from Greenland's icy mountains." Sold by druggists.

Judge Adams preached to a large congregation at the Baptist church Sunday night.

Rev. F. B. Ticknor, who now has the care of a church at Columbus, Ga., is spending a few days with his family here.

Mr. C. A. Peterson, who formerly resided here, and who has lately returned from San Francisco, spent a few days here this week.

The county commissioners, sitting as a board of equalization, are in session this week.

Mr. W. W. Jones of Jumbo was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Do you want a remedy for Fistula or Foot Evil in stock? If so, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic as directed, it will cure it. For sale by druggists at 50c. a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to 90 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

1119 1st St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Mr. J. W. Headley, of Coopers, gave us a pleasant call Wednesday.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. Patrick Smith is building in addition to his residence.

Married at the residence of the bride's father at Clear Creek on Sunday, June 2, Mr. J. H. Anderson and Miss Pearl May Sims, W. H. Shaw, J. P., performing the ceremony. We wish this popular young couple many years of conjugal felicity.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The Confederate Pension Board was in session Monday. Some ten or twelve applications were received.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

J. H. Anderson and Miss Pearl May Sims.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the bicyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Boils and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court moves second Monday in February, first Monday in June and first Monday in October [illegible] second Monday in April and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day [illegible] cents.
[illegible] same date last year 9 cents.

[illegible] to date	1900	1899
[illegible] & Co	2492	2901
[illegible]	2767	2922
[illegible]	372	821
[illegible]	438	337
Total	5551	6981

[illegible] visiting her [illegible] at Prattville.

[illegible] visiting Mr. [illegible] in Birmingham.

[illegible] gent circuit [illegible] in the [illegible] Wednesday.

[illegible] Mrs. [illegible] and Newt [illegible] returned some after [illegible] in Florida.

[illegible] entertained friends [illegible] Tuesday.

[illegible] of Verbena is visiting Mrs. Peter Dennis this week.

[illegible] Robins is accompanied [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Parks, both of Demopolis, [illegible] the father of the [illegible].

[illegible] W. Dyas has returned [illegible] asylum at Tuskaloosa.

[illegible] farmer of Montevallo [illegible] this week.

[illegible] of the young people [illegible] Fairview last Sunday [illegible] Mr. L. D. Crumpton lecture [illegible] Hayland, and report a very [illegible] meeting time.

[illegible] Floyd Jones of Thorsby [illegible] a visitor here Wednesday.

[illegible] you in the habit of cutting [illegible] when you shave? Then you [illegible] keep in Tichenor's Antiseptic [illegible] convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your [illegible] of pimples and heals cuts be[illegible] you know it. Pleasant as perfume and soothing as a breeze from [illegible] mountains." Sold by druggists.

[illegible] Adams preached to a large [illegible] at the Baptist church Saturday night.

[illegible] F. B. Ticknor, who now [illegible] the care of a church at Columbus, Ga., is spending a few days [illegible] his family here.

[illegible] C. A. Peterson, who formerly resided here, and who has [illegible] returned from San Francisco, [illegible] a few days here this week.

[illegible] county commissioners, sitting as a board of equalization, are [illegible] session this week.

Mr. W. W. Jones of Jumbo was [illegible] our welcome visitors Saturday.

Do you want a remedy for Fistula or Bot Evil in stock? If so, [illegible] Tichenor's Antiseptic as directed, it will cure it. For sale by [illegible] at 50c a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's [illegible] in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton [illegible] will spend a week every 60 to [illegible] days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way [illegible] those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

[illegible] 1st and 2d Ave.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

[illegible] Wofford, of Coopers, was a pleasant call Wednesday.

[illegible] Williams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

[illegible] Patrick Smith is building an addition to his residence.

Married at the residence of the [illegible] near Clear Creek on [illegible] June 2, Mr. L. H. Anderson and Miss Pearl May Sims, W. [illegible] performing the ceremony. We wish this popular [illegible] many years of conjugal felicity.

STOPS THE COUGH
and works off the Cold.

[illegible] Bromo-Quinine Tablets [illegible] one day. No Cure [illegible] Price 25 cents.

[illegible] State Pension Board [illegible] Monday. Some ten [illegible] applications were received.

[illegible] licenses have been issued [illegible] by the Probate Judge to [illegible] persons.

[illegible] H. Anderson and Miss [illegible] May Sims.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

[illegible] often receive painful cuts, [illegible] or bruises from accidents. [illegible] Arnica Salve, will kill [illegible] pain and heal the injury. It's [illegible] cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, [illegible] hands, Sore Lips, Burns, [illegible] and Piles. Cure guaranteed. [illegible] 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton [illegible] Co.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless shewing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everwhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower work that you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladiss' and Children's Hats

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LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

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Touro's prices are right

Touro's styles are correct

Touro will treat you right

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER SIZE.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES, CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Sick Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PILLS. "One cent a dose."

In order to induce cash trade
Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breach-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

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CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

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—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
24 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

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The Best of Everything
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NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

AGRICULTURAL.

When to Sow Onion Seed.

Onion seed may be sown in the hot bed and forced, the small bulbs to be transplanted later. Sow the seed thickly in rows. Onion sets can be procured of seedsmen and may be put out now. They are better for garden use than to attempt to grow onions from seed.

Soft-Shelled Eggs.

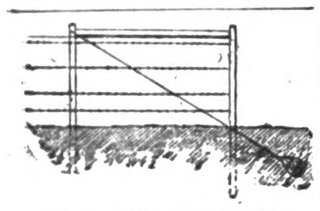
It is generally supposed that soft-shelled eggs are the direct result of the overfat condition of the hens, but I am inclined to think the trouble more often arises from a lack of shell forming material than from any other cause. Hens that are at liberty to roam over unlimited territory never lay soft-shelled eggs, and this no doubt is due to the fact that they find enough of various things which nature in her generous mood has provided to supply the egg shell material required, but not so with those hens which are confined in lots of limited range.

A test of this was made with two dozen hens, fed on table scraps and whole oats. Nothing was furnished in the way of special shell forming food expect grit, which was kept constantly at hand. After six weeks several of the hens began to lay soft-shelled eggs, although they were rather thin in flesh. A box of oyster shells was then provided for them, and within a week not a soft shell egg could be found.

This is only one of the many tests along this line, and I am thoroughly convinced that overfat hens do not lay at all, and thin hens lay soft-shelled eggs only when they do not get the necessary shell-forming material. If the hens run at large they will gather what they need; if confined, human hands must provide it.—Home and Farm.

Anchor Posts For a Wire Fence.

The success of a wire fence depends largely on the corner or anchor posts. I have found the following plan the best of all the kinds I have seen. Set a common heavy post pretty deep in the ground at the corner. Another eight or ten feet in line of the fence. Fit a stout piece between them at the



GOOD PLAN FOR A CORNER POST.

top; a four by four scantling is good. Then take a cable made by three or four strands of wire, about No. 9. Fasten it firmly to top of second post. Tie it around a log three feet long, or a good sized stone, buried two and a half feet deep, about five or six feet back from the corner post, cutting a trench for cable so it will enter the ground by the corner post. Now fill the hole and trench and stamp earth well around anchor log or stone and you will have a corner post you can tie to.—Lewis S. Alter, in Farb, Field and Fireside.

The Cultivation of Roses.

The rose is a general favorite, and every one should cultivate it as extensively as possible. If your space is small and you must economize ground, plant roses in a circle. Six can be planted in a circle four feet in diameter, with one in the centre, giving you seven bushes in a small space. They can be planted so as to form a rose hedge or in some unused part of the back yard. Nothing is more pleasing than the old pink roses that used to grow at the childhood's home. Plant three feet apart near a fence, and you will have a rose hedge. A wild rose makes a pretty rambler and can be trained to any porch or building. Keep all sod or grass from the bushes for a distance of a foot or more. Keep the soil well cultivated. Use coal ashes to the depth of six inches around the plants in the winter after the ground is frozen. If a tender variety, wrap straw matting around the bushes so as to protect them from the winter blast. If they are in a hedge make a narrow box, with side pieces three inches apart, fit over them, fill with dry leaves and you have a warm house for your favorites.

As to pruning, every one has his own methods. I prune as soon as the frost is gone from the ground and I prune close. I find where we do this we have more flower twigs than if more is left on. Snip all dead and blighted buds and also the "apple" as soon as the petals begin to fall. Carefully guard the bushes from the ravages of the aphida, and spray at least once a week with tobacco water as a preventative. With a little care we can have roses from June to October.—Mrs. J. W. Bates, in The Epitomist.

Tests For Adulterated Paris Green.

As many articles of use are adulterated, Paris green is no exception. When pure, Paris green should contain 58.65 per cent. of arsenious oxide, 31.29 per cent. of copper oxide, and 10.06 per cent. of acetic acid. The pure article will vary but little from these proportions. The main substance of value in Paris green is the arsenious oxide, which, according to the above, composes nearly six-tenths of Paris green. London purple varies in composition, hence samples are unreliable. It is a waste product in the manufacture of aniline dyes. There are two tests for Paris green. It is insoluble in water, but dissolves in ammonia. Shaken in a bottle of ammonia it produces a blue liquid. It will dissolve completely if enough ammonia is used, and after standing awhile if it is found that portions have settled to the bottom of the bottle, or other vessel used, the solid matter found to have settled will be adulterants of some kind. This test is not conclusive, however, as some of the adulterants may be soluble, but if any solid matter is noticed to have settled when using ammonia it should afford ground for suspicion. The test may be made with a vial or test-tube, if preferred. Another sample of the Paris green, (about as much as will rest upon the point of a penknife), should be placed upon a piece of perfectly dry glass. Hold the glass at an angle, jar it slightly at the edge, and the Paris green in moving down the inclined surface, will leave a deep green streak. If impure the streak may be white or a pale green. The two experiments may be conducted at the same time for comparison of results. These tests, as stated, are not conclusive, but will be of assistance to those who cannot employ a chemist to make a complete analysis.—Philadelphia Record.

A School of Princesses.

There is one school in the world where all the pupils are princesses. It is at Bangkok, and the scholars are members of the royal family of Siam. They come to school on Monday mornings and go to their respective palace homes on Friday, just as less aristocratic scholars might.

The principal of the school is an Englishwoman, and the curriculum is of the simplest order, as required by the court. Reading, writing and music are the only branches taught, the remainder of the time being devoted to domestic teaching. The little princesses learn laundry work in all its processes, cooking and every other department of housekeeping, and enjoy it immensely, the teachers say. Each pupil in turn cooks the meals for the school, prepares the table, arranges the flowers and writes the menu in the proper European manner.

Each princess has two or three maids to dress and attend her, yet delights in the bedmaking, laundry work and other details so often thought obnoxious by young persons of lower degree.

An Adventure in Domestic Economy.

"I see," said the head of the firm, "that you have an article in one of the magazines this month."

"Yes," the young man proudly replied. "I think I have demonstrated in a thoroughly reasonable way the practicability of living on $4 a week."

"I congratulate you," his employer answered. "It's a good article. I read it with great interest. And, by the way, I've been troubled a good deal lately. I've felt that it must be mighty hard for you to get along on what I was paying you, and I've been wondering how I could work things around so as to give you more without increasing the running expenses of the concern."

"Yes?" the young expert returned, with a hopeful inflection.

"But it's all right, I see," the old gentleman answered. "You can live on $4 a week and that leaves you $6 to have fun with or to save, as you please. So there's a load off my mind. Say, if you write any more articles along this line tell me about them, will you? I'd like to read 'em. It's great stuff."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Dangerous Mattresses.

When the Health Department of the large cities are searching for the unsanitary it would be well to look into the methods of the cheap mattress-makers. An excelsior mattress, which is the cheapest thing on the market to-day, has usually an outer layer of shoddy, an dthis shoddy is about the worst possible material that can be found, produced by a ragpicking machine which grinds up the filthiest rags that the dirtiest ragpickers may gather. Imagine its character when it is sold for one and a half cents a pound. These rags possess the disease germs of nearly every complaint that can be found in our large cities. To be sure, in the manufacture of other fabrics a great deal of shoddy is used, but it is thoroughly dyed and disinfected, but the stuff used in many of the cheap mattresses is invariably in its natural and most virulent state and a crying menace to life. It is the opinion of a man closely identified with this trade that it is a subject for the health authorities to investigate.—New York Upholsterer.

What the Children Cost.

"Do you suppose I'm worth it?" a bright girl exclaimed, as she handed me a neatly bound account book. "From June 10, 1880," it is said on the cover. Opening to the first page I found a list of expenses, including such articles as rubber rings, patent food, etc. "That is a record of every cent that has been spent for yours truly since the date of her birth," she explained. "Mamma started the books for both Fred and me and kept them till we were sixteen, then she made us do it. You see," turning the leaves, "she put down everything, even to our baby photographs, and it's been a wholesome revelation for us to count up the totals once in a while. It tells the story of a boy's and girl's expenses to compare. There was a time when it was about even, and I remember how glad I was that Fred had to have his teeth filled first. I wouldn't part with my expense book for anything and I wonder more mothers don't start them for their children."—Good Housekeeping.

Well Preserved Old Coins.

At a small village near Namur a discovery has been made of 960 pieces of Roman money in a perfect state of preservation, belonging to the third and fourth centuries, and bearing effigies of no fewer than fifteen different emperors and empresses.

TALKS ABOUT WOMANKIND

The Only Lady Admiral.

The Queen of Greece holds a unique position for on account of her great love for the sea the late Emperor Alexander III. of Russia made her an admiral of the Russian fleet instead of giving her the customary regiment. Her majesty is the only lady admiral in the world.

Children Should Be Taught to Be Thrifty.

A savings bank account is a great incentive to thrift in children. If one is begun for the baby, even with a very small sum, and added to through childhood and youth with a certain proportion of the money that otherwise would be spent carelessly and thoughtlessly by the child, there will be a very respectable amount on the credit side of the ledger when the depositor is 18 years old. The habit of self-denial is not the least of the substantial benefits that follow a wise economy of money.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Mrs. Gould Likes Antiques.

Mrs. Edwin Gould is as fond of bric-a-brac and antiques as her world-famed relative, the Count de Castellane. She indicated her tastes in this regard on the occasion of a recent visit to New Orleans during the mardi gras festivities.

New Orleans is the mecca for rich southerners who are on the outlook for old-time furniture. The French people have many valuable articles dating back to the pre-Napoleon period, and with proper patience some rare pieces can be got in the old creole town.

It did not take long for Mrs. Gould to appreciate this opportunity, and she spent much of her time shopping.

These articles were ordered to be shipped to Jekyl island, on the coast of Georgia, where Mrs. Edwin Gould has a cottage. The furnishings will suit the Jekyl island atmosphere which hovers over the crumbling mansions of the Georgia colonial aristocracy.

Flattery from the Mirror.

Does your mirror do you justice? You may think not. Or perhaps you would like it to flatter you just a little. If so, you can arrange it so the glass will reflect in a more complimentary manner than usual. If you do, you only have to know the milliner's oldest secret, and the thing is done.

Did you ever notice the softest drapery of pure white hung about a mirror? That is the trick. After your mirror of faultless glass is thoroughly polished, frame it in pure white gauze, with the material gathered in the centre at the top and falling wavelike on either side. Then notice the effect. The true tints of he complexion will be there—a little emphasized. The expression of the countenance, the light of the eye, the color of the hair will be accurately reflected, all softened and made more harmonious than your mirror showed them before the gauze was used. You may believe that that subtle bit of white material makes the glass tell nearer the truth than it did without it.—New York Herald.

Chinese Women.

It is strange, says Harper's Weekly, that in a country where the ties of family are so strong and where so much attention is given to the preservation of the family name, women should be so looked down upon as they are in China. The reason for this, however, is to be found in the system of ancestral worship and the patriarchal gathering together of families. From the time of her bethrothal a Chinese girl belongs to the family of her prospective husband, and often when her own family is poor or feels unable to afford keeping her until she reaches a marriagable age she is sent even while a mere child to her husband's family to be raised by them. Even when she stays at home she worships not the tablets of her own ancestors, but those of her husband's; so she is useless to the family into which she is born, so far as the observance of the ancestral rites is concerned.

This is the reason why a Chinaman, on being asked the number of his children, answers only with the number of his sons and never counts in his girls. This, too, is the reason why, as a rule, Chinese girls are not educated. Since she is to belong to another family, the parents do not bother about her.

First Women Physicians.

Russia has long prided herself on having the first women physicians. Marya Bokoff, Nadezhda Susloff and others were pioneers, not only in their own studies, but also in opening up medical instruction to their countrywomen. The career of Nadezhda Susloff, one of the earliest and best women doctors, is particularly interesting. Born a serf, and freed with her parents, at the emancipation in 1861, she and her brothers and sisters received the best possible education at home and abroad, for her parents were both extremely intelligent, and her father acquired wealth after gaining his freedom. Everywhere, in Russia and in the continental schools, Nadezhda was brilliantly successful.

For 30 years there has been no manner of doubt as to the sympathy of the public and the medical world with the idea of thorough medical instruction for women. Men started the movement. In 1870 one professor and two other men undertook to establish courses for instructing women in midwifery, two graded nurses being provided. Mme. Dodsavenny, now Mme. Shasvawsky, gave 50,000 rubles for higher medical courses, and the minister of war arranged to have them opened in connection with the military medical academy, in 1872. They gave full instruction, in contrast with the initial experiment where the course was partial because it was felt that a woman should not be allowed to deal with one vitality important branch of practise unless she were very thoroughly equipped. These higher courses lasted for 10 years, and during that period had 959 students, the majority coming from the "Privileged classes," that is to say, not peasants. In 1877 24 students were sent to the seat of war, during the Russo-Turkish campaign, and did so well that they received imperial permission to call themselves (after due examination) "women physicians," and to wear a badge.—The Chautauquan.

Hungry Women in Hospitals.

It is a curious thing that hospital nurses should be ill fed, but they often are, and in many institutions. This is not intended for an accusation, but merely an inquiry into a state of things which many people who know about the workings of hospitals, most especially nurses in training, will echo, asking, Why? Possibly the reason that insufficient and unhygienic food is too often the rule may be looked for in the fact that formerly sisters looking for hardships were the only ones who gave themselves over to these tasks of mercy.

Fasting was part of the business of women who nursed the sick in the old days, and possibly the notion unconsciously that fasting is a good thing for women who bend over beds of pain. Whittier expressed this notion in the poem of the "Angels of Buena Vista," the "noble Mexican women" went about on the field of battle after the fight, "worn and faint and lacking food."

It is poetic, romantic, in the old-fashioned way, but it is not a bit modern, sustaining or comfortable. A hungry woman as an angel of mercy is not considered a scientific, or even a practicable, adjunct of a modern battlefield. When the Cuban war began the surgeon-general of the army warned the untrained horde of women, moved by sentiment or emotion, who wanted to go to Cuba as nurses to stay away. Only Clara Barton's modern sort of angels of mercy who knew enough to keep themselves nourished on short but wholesome rations without making a fuss about it were allowed service, and these were in the disciplinary service of the Red Cross. System is the very open secret of the success of that organization; hospitals in times of peace and in cities are of course run on system also, but it is a system that lacks organization on the food question.

It is really queer that nurses in training, of all people, should not be fully and properly nourished, if for no other reason than to give them object lessons in hygienics. To be hungary all of the time that she finds herself obliged to recruit her forces by pieces of food left upon the patients' trays of extra-nourishing viands is not good discipline, physical or mental, for the girls of today who are studying in hospitals are of the most useful of the modern professions for women.—New York Mail and Express.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Most of the linen frocks have gored skirts with shaped flounces.

There is a chemisette of tucked white batiste.

Equestrienne and automobile gloves come with deep, stiff gauntlets.

The newest foulards are those with borders, and they are very charming.

There is a yellow linen frock which is trimmed with narrow white silk bands.

Some of the early models for linen gowns show that there will be a profusion of small pearl buttons used in trimming.

A pretty effect in foulard gowns is given in an attractive silk with a black lace trimmings. The result is excellent. There is a bit of blue at the neck to give a light touch to the gown.

A beautiful tea gown of pink crepe de chine is a mass of plaits from the yoke or guimpe over which falls a deep collar of embroidered silk to the foot of the gown, where there is a ruffle of graduated width in the silk also embroidered.

Turquoise blue and green make a more charming combination than would be imagined. A shirred tulle hat of the mushroom variety is raised off the face by soft choux of white flambeau silk, while the edge of the hat is out lined with a wreath of dainty green leaves.

A most stylish tea gown is of dotted black silk muslin, the dots half the size of a penny and set at wide intervals. There is a bolero of black lace with stock and a guimpe effect of stripes made with insertions of lace. The sleeves to this very stylish gown reach to the wrist. The whole thing is made over white silk.

In Paris they are making lace roses. But why? The exquisite silk and velvet flowers shown now are the nearest approach to the beauties of nature that one could expect. Also in Paris they are making hats with black velvet brims and loose, puffy crowns of colored tulle. Around the crown is a velvet band, terminating in a good sized bow.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

Under Green Boughs.

I heard along the orchard,
All in the bright spring weather,
The pink and pretty people
Whispering close together.

"We're drawing royal juices
From the happy earth's completeness,
From the perfumed showers of summer
And the spicy south winds sweetness.

"We're wizards of the moonlight
Weaving charms with dewy plunder,
And we're chemists of the sunshine
Changing form and working wonder.

"When all the leaves have reddened
With streaks and peaks and dappled,
Though folk may thank us blossoms,
They'll find we're really apples."
—Harriet Prescott Spofford, in St. Nicholas.

Wild Animals and Catnip.

A curious investigator and a few sprigs of catnip led to an amusing scene at the Zoo in Central Park, New York City, recently.

The tigers and the puma scornfully refused to notice the herb when it was presented to them by the keeper, but the lion, the lionesses, and the big leopard were boisterous in their manifestations of pleasure.

The lion planted a foot upon it, smelled it, licked it, sprawled upon it, and tossed it about in ways unbecoming his kingly dignity. The leopard picked it up in her huge paw, took long and ecstatic sniffs, and rolled over and over upon it in the exuberance of her delight. In her efforts to apply it to the upper part of her head, she performed acrobatic feats of an astonishing kind.

From this experiment the investigator was satisfied that love of catnip is not confined to the domestic branch of the cat family.

The Mystery of Sound.

Sound is one of the simplest things in the world, and yet to many persons, young and old, it is one of the most mysterious. Tell them, for example, that the fall of a tree in a forest makes no sound in itself, and they smile incredulously; or, if they believe you, they confess that they cannot understand it. When you say that the presence of some person or some thing with ears is absolutely essential to the production of sound they seem unable to grasp the idea, and contend that the fall of the tree does make, and cannot help making, a noise, which is there, all the same, whether there be anybody to hear it or not.

But they are wrong, of course, for there is no sound except in the ear. In the making of a sound there are three essential conditions. Let us take this illustration of the tree in the forest. It falls and strikes the ground. That is the first condition. Its striking the ground sets the air around it into violent agitation. That is the second condition; but there is no sound yet, only a series of vibrations through the air, spreading out in every direction from the fallen tree. These vibrations, it must be remembered, are not sound. They are only the factors that produce it, and they cannot produce it until the third condition is supplied, which is the tympanium, or drum, of somebody's ear, against which they strike, and thus makes a sound.

Sound, therefore, is nothing but the striking of air vibrations against the drum of the ear; it exists only in the ear, and cannot exist out of it. The conditions that produce it exist out of the ear, but the ear is absolutely necessary to complete it.

A City in Which There Are No Horses.

What American boy or girl ever saw a city that did not have more horses in it than one would like to count? Horses of all kinds and sizes, from the pretty little Shetland pony, the pride of his young owner's heart, up to the strong, heavy horses that pull the great rumbling loaded down wagons through the streets of the busy city.

Why, there are so many horses no one thinks anything about them. You cannot walk down the street or even look out of your window without seeing some of them. But there is a city in far-away Italy, across the wide Atlantic, where there is only one horse, and this horse is considered such a curiosity that it is kept in the public gardens. People there visit the gardens to see this horse just as you, perhaps, visit the zoo in Lincoln Park to see the lions and bears.

But how do the people in this city get along without any horses? Well, the city is Venice, and, as you no doubt know, this city is a very wonderful one in some respects, for it is built upon many small islands, and its streets are the canals between the islands. Water here takes the place of streets of earth and stone, and boats take the place of horses. How funny it would seem to go to school in a gondola, as they call their boats there!

Venice seems like fairyland at night, when the principal streets or canals are lighted up and the dancing waters reflect the many colored lights of the pretty gondolas that dart over the waters. Some of the buildings are tall and beautiful, and as you look at them from a distance they seem to rise right out of the water. If you ever go to Venice be sure to call to see its one and only horse, for that is a noted personage there, and one not to be slighted. And you may be allowed to ride around on its back, as children in New York City and Chicago ride on the backs of the elephants and camels in the parks.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Sag End.

"Just one more story," begged Beth, "something about you were in Alaska."

Uncle Frank deliberately consulted his watch.

"I—I'm afraid it's time you know was in bed," he stammered mischievously into Beth's eyes. "And a bed more than one I slept in last night," he added.

Beth knew by the twinkle in his eye that he was going to be interesting, if it was.

"Was it one that hung on the wall, like the one grandpa was in?" she curiously.

"No, 'twas one like a sack and it buttoned up."

Beth looked in astonishment of a "buttoned up" bed.

"Yes," continued Uncle Frank, amused at Beth's astonishment, "'Twas made of canvas, lined with very warm wool, a flap that contained an opening in it. Tain't like your bed, ever we wanted to crawl in feet first. You button it up, and it keeps you warm morning. And I guess it looked like a log than anything else, queer, round bed."

"My! I'd like to have seen it in," exclaimed Beth.

"Well, you'd need your ears on a snow-covered mountain when the wind blew a gale for the time. A tent would have been a blast for a moment, but in the beds one was safe and snug as a bug in 10 minutes."

And Beth ran upstairs to dream the queer little beds in the Alaska mountains.—The Register.

Furry with Wings.

It was a troublesome question, wonder it proved to be, but the cat's little mind to settle. The mind was only about as big as a little doubled-up fist. It was covered over with pretty silky hair, but there were two big pointed things sticking up on top.

This was the question: Is good and clever to catch things with four legs and not catch little feathery things with legs? If here were four legs it was patted and praised and called nice kitty and a good mouser, sometimes times they gave her milk in a saucer. In a desert, after she had eaten a four-legged thing.

But, if there were only two legs was all very different. She followed to eat it at all. Then away from her and hid it. showed it to a certain person her ears boxed, too. Some smallest person cried, and sons scolded and called cruel cat to catch the poor

Now what was it that made difference between the two legs and the things One kind—the furry kind—round ears, to be sure, and the other kind—the feathery had big wings. The furry nice long wriggly tail, while every one's tail was flat and not good to eat. But both tasted very nice, and both to catch.

Pussycat thought upon the tions a great deal, especially ever the persons boxed her she never succeeded in understanding it. Still, as the family such a disagreeable fuss learned to be very particular proceedings.

Whenever she caught a four-footed furry kind she up on the veranda and ate of it, curling her long tail and step-stepping with her But if it had but two feathery, she carried it hedge, out of sight, and quickly as she could.

Somehow the family found this practice of Pussycat's when Pussycat came in a a thing in her mouth, out on the veranda to see what she would do. cat started up the path slower and slower and short. Then she turned toward the hedge and started to go that way again.

Then she laid the thing the ground, and stood at it. She was thinking wondering whether she risk losing the pleasure her prize or risk being taken away from her. worst puzzle Pussycat ever

She started first one way, other way, several times came on toward the veranda slowly and all ready to slip a flash, should she find a mistake. When she down on the top step, just what the trouble was they all laughed at poor

No wonder poor Pussycat puzzle! It was a furry must be right to catch wings, also, so probably it to catch it. When she the matter by counting found it hadn't any legs

It was a hat. And a fur like a mouse; but it The family laughed at poor Pussycat. And then the son took her up and carried to the kitchen and gave saucer of milk, because but couldn't be good to eat

But Pussycat ate both the hat.—Edith Francis, Little Folks.

Something to Be Thankful.

Bill—When a dog wags its tail it a sign of?

Jill—Why, it's a sign that "Glad of what?" "Glad the tail to wag."—Yonkers

TROLLEY CAR ACCIDENT

THE HALL OF FAME DEDICATED ON MEMORIAL DAY.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS IN GULF STATES.

Spain's Little King in Danger—Murder at Memphis—South Carolina Politics—Lynched for Sneak-Thieving—A Mother's Mad Act.

TERRIFIC STORMS

Passed Over the Southern States on the Last Day of May.

And at a number of points considerable damage was done. The storm struck the northern portion of Tarrant, Ala., completely destroying a large amount of valuable property. Roofs were blown off and smoke stacks were down, but no one is known to have received any serious injury. The large Odd Fellows' hall was left a mass of ruins. Several fine mules were killed by lightning. Crops are greatly damaged and the fruit crop is badly injured. At Herod, one store was demolished and two mules killed. Three houses were destroyed at Belcher, and several houses were unroofed at Parrott. About thirty houses were destroyed in and near Dawson, telephonic and telegraphic communication being cut off.

At Vicksburg, Miss., a windstorm, almost cyclonic in proportions, struck uprooting trees, houses and everything else in its path. So far only one fatality is reported, a 5-year-old child. The wind was accompanied by heavy hail and the damage to crops will be heavy. The rain fall was nearly four inches.

A heavy rain and hail storm covered a wide area in Texas, and great damage has been done to all crops, especially to fruit, eastern Texas having been affected to a greater extent than any other portion. A special from Longview says hail was twenty inches deep in places and much damage was done, and one from Palestine says the damage to portions inside the city and to crops in the surrounding country will reach $150,000.

A rain and electric storm passed over Roma. Information received from the vicinity of Summerfield and north of that place is to the effect that no little damage was done to oats and corn.

LITTLE ALFONSO

Said to Be in Danger of Assassination by Anarchists.

A dispatch from Barcelona, Spain, says: "The police are keeping a watch to effect the capture of two anarchists, a Spaniard and an Italian, believed to be making their way to Madrid with the intention of attempting to assassinate the King. The conspiracy was hatched in an anarchist center in North America."

KILLED BY HIS BROTHER.

William Wooten was shot to death by his brother, Jesse, Thursday afternoon in Memphis, Tenn. The death of William Wooten closed a duel with pistols at close range. Jesse Wooten received two wounds. He is not seriously injured. He fired five shots at his brother and every one of them took effect about the head and body. He made no effort to escape. The tragedy grew out of family troubles.

HOBSON IN MICHIGAN.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson, "the hero of the Merrimac," delivered the principal Memorial Day address at the opening of Lake Orion Assembly on Orchard Lake, Mich.

COSTLY VICTORY.

The British war office reports a battle with the Boers in which the British soldiers, although victorious, lost 174 men including a captain and three lieutenants, and the Boers lost only five.

FOUNDRY BURNED.

The Southern Foundry and Supply company at Avondale was burned early Friday morning. The loss is probably aggregate $6,000 or $7,000, partially insured. The origin is unknown. The plant made foundry castings.

EXTENDED THE SYSTEM.

The Central of Georgia Railway has assumed control and management of the Chattanooga, Rome and Southern, Chattanooga and Durham Railroads, the Savannah, Griffin and North Carolina Railroad from Carrollton to Griffin, Ga. The three newly acquired roads will be constituted and operated as the Chattanooga division of the Central of Georgia System. It penetrates a rich mineral

TROLLEY CAR ACCIDENT

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DOWN STEEP GRADE.

One Killed Outright, One Will Die, Twenty-five Injured.

Three heavily loaded cars on the People's Street Railway ran away while going down a steep hill in Wilmington, Del., Friday, killing one man, fatally injuring another and hurting twenty-five more or less seriously. One man jumped from a window and was cut in two. One conductor stuck to his post and his legs and one arm were broken and internal injuries inflicted. His death is expected. Each car carried nearly 100 passengers. The line is a new one and the motormen were not familiar with the heavy grade.

THE HALL OF FAME.

Miss Helen Gould's Gift Formally Dedicated.

The ceremonies attending the opening of the Hall of Fame in New York City, were held on Decoration Day. Hon. Chauncey M. Depew was the orator of the day, and Rev. Newall Dwight Hillis, of Brooklyn, officiated as chaplain. After Senator Depew's oration several tablets were unveiled. At Grant's tomb the interest in the feature of the ceremonies was an address by Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister.

REFUSED THEM.

Governor McSweeney has rejected the resignations of Senators Tillman and McLaurin to give them time to consider their action.

FIVE MEN LYNCHED.

Details have been received of the lynching of five men at Lookout, Cal. One of the lynched was 72 years of age. As reported the men lynched had been suspected of petty stealing for some time. Last Sunday they were arrested for stealing barbed wire, pieces of harness and some hay forks. A search warrant was issued and the harness and forks found in the house of two of them, and the matter culminated as reported.

MOTHER KILLS THE FAMILY.

At Covington, Ky., Friday night, after a quarrel with her husband, Mrs. Kate Hester shot and killed her husband and 3-year-old daughter and then suicided.

BUTTE SLIDING.

The strange sliding movement of the city of Butte, Montana, which has been noticeable at intervals for several years, has again manifested itself by five large cracks in the earth in different sections of the city. The largest crevice is a crack twelve inches wide and of considerable length and depth. There is no caving, but a distinct paving of the earth and the granite walls can easily be seen in them. The gas and water companies have much trouble on account of the strange movement which frequently breaks their underground pipes. The continuance of the strange phenomena is beginning to cause some alarm among the citizens of Butte.

TEXAS TOWN BURNED.

Jasper, Texas, county seat of Jasper county, was entirely destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Previous to the fire the postoffice and county treasurer's safes had been blown open and robbed. The conclusion is that robbers blew open these safes and set fire to the town to cover up their crime. The loss is estimated at $100,000 by the fire and it is not yet known what the thieves secured. As far as can be learned there were no lives lost and no one hurt. The robbers escaped.

HONORED OUR FLAG.

As the Duke of Cornwall and York, in the royal barge, crossed the Sydney, Australia, harbor last Thursday all the British warships were flying the United States flag out of compliment to the United States transport Glacier, which was moored in the stream.

REBELLION ENDED

It is reported that the revolution in San Domingo has been completely crushed. A number of the prominent rebels have been shot or imprisoned.

BEGINNING A NAVY.

San Salvador is to have a man-of-war. The government has purchased from her British owners, the steamship Soy and will transform her into a cruiser, renaming her "Salvador." She is now at Acajutla and will go into commission at once. Six hundred tons, 200 feet long, forty-four feet beam and thirteen feet deep are her measurements; speed, fifteen knots.

Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sozodont

A Perfect Liquid Dentifrice for the Teeth and Breath

25c

Sozodont Tooth Powder

Both forms of Sozodont at the Stores or by Mail; price, 25c. each; Large Sizes, together, 50c. HALL & RUCKEL, New York

The diamond is a bit of charcoal cooked carefully under terrific heat and pressure.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

One of the peculiarities of the Boers is that nobody has ever been able to count them.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Italians call locusts "little horses," and the German term for these pests is "hay horses."

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

In the Republic of Mexico there are spoken the languages of eleven Indian tribes.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The largest sponge ever found came from the Mediterranean. It was over three feet across and ten feet in circumference.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The first Lombardy poplar in America was planted in 1785.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The entire Hebrew Bible was printed in 1488.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

It's the hard rubs of the world that make a man bright.

One Hundred Years

Is a long time, but Crab Orchard Water has been in use for that length of time, and each year adds to its reputation. It is no artificial compound. It is prepared in Nature's laboratory as a certain remedy for Dyspepsia and Constipation.

There are 5000 Smiths in the Kansas City directory.

Elephants Once Roamed in England.

While excavating for the foundations for the new buildings of the Victoria and Albert museums in South Kensington a carload of fossilized bones was brought to the surface by the workmen. These were taken in charge by Dr. Woodward of the geological department, who pronounced them the remains of the primitive denizens of the soil that lived there before man came to interfere with them. The bones belonged, he said, to a London newspaper representative, to the elephant the stag and the primeval horse, and date back to a time before Great Britain became isolated, ere yet the Straits of Dover had been cut through. The excavators at South Kensington also unearthed a fine specimen of the sarsenstone, weighing 1,300 pounds, which must have been transported hither by ice floes in preglacial times.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

Another Old Goose.

A goose on the farm of Mr. Watkins Olifach Maen, South Wales, reached the extraordinary age of forty-one years last spring. Up to ten years ago this goose laid regularly, and has hatched and brought up hundreds of goslings. For some time now she has not mixed with or taken any notice of the other geese and the solitary journey of the poor old thing toward the end of its long and useful life is pathetic to behold, although she is treated with every kindness by her kind-hearted owner.

Iron Mining in "York State."

Iron mining is now carried on extensively in northern New York. One shaft in Clinton has already passed through a small vein of pure ore, and five feet below has entered a 23-foot vein.

"A BAD EYE."

There is only one kind which cannot be cured by Mitchell's Eye Salve. That's a blind eye, morally or otherwise. Having the curable kind, try "Mitchell's." You will be satisfied. Price, 25c.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

By mail, 25c. Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

DYSPEPSIA

yields to nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative, invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of uncondensed water. Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

Am. N. U., No. 23. 1901.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

LIVERINA

Stimulates the LIVER. Corrects the BOWELS.

Made and Guaranteed by GAY, HARDIE & DURR, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with patents, terms, etc. Give 2c. stamp for postage. THE BROBARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous" McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25c.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Lion Coffee is not GLAZED, COATED, or otherwise treated with EGG mixtures, chemicals, glue, etc., etc.

Lion Coffee is a Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"IT PAYS YOU TO BUY LION COFFEE."

We'd like to give housewives a few reasons why
It pays them to buy LION COFFEE,
'Tis a brand upon which they can always rely,
And it pays them to buy LION COFFEE.
'Tis the purest and the cheapest, the wholesomest, too,
It gives satisfaction the whole country through,
It is NOT glazed or colored, has natural hue—
And it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
There's your quantity full, and your quality right,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
There's also some other inducements in sight
That pay you to buy LION COFFEE.
A Lion head on every wrapper you'll find,
Each package is with a big Premium List lined,
Which points out nice presents of every kind—
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
You can get Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Scissors or Pins,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE,
Gold Ring or Gold Watch that your praises well wins,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
Umbrellas or Pictures, or Cutlery fine,
Clocks, Handkerchiefs, Belts—things in every line,
In which use and ornament often combine,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
There are toys for the baby, the girl or the boy,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE,
From Dolls up to Kites—each a suitable toy,
So it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.
There are Household Utensils for everyday use,
And Pictures as pretty as Art can produce,
So to lack all such goods you have no excuse,
Since it pays you to buy LION COFFEE.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Bad Breath

Undigested, decaying food remnants, in the mouth and stomach, giving off pestiferous gases, are the cause of that awful breath, so repulsive as to cause a halt in friendship, affection, love,—any form of intimacy. Nobody can stand its overpowering stench, and it is a cause of terrible misery to those afflicted and their dear ones. There is only one way to cure it—disinfect the digestive canal with CASCARETS! Clean it out, keep it clean, let CASCARETS stimulate the lining of mouth and stomach, and put it in shape to work naturally and properly. **Nothing but CASCARETS will bring about the desired result. BE SURE YOU GET THEM!**

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family." WILHELMINA MAGNE, 1137 Rittenhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

"Well, I'm glad to know that it."

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

Everything New.

NEW STOREHOUSE

BRAND NEW STOCK

We positively will carry none of our old stock into our new building, and for the next Thirty Days we are offering

BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING

now in our old storehouse. We are determined to clear out the last piece of old stock. Come and see us.

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

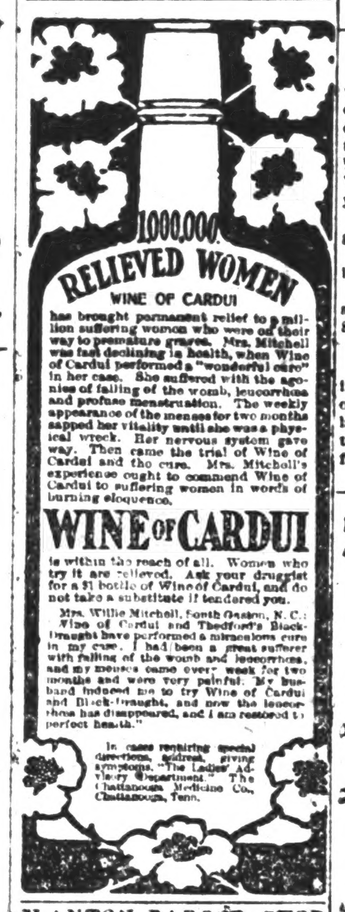
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.



CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING

SHAVING

SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbells Drug co., Clanton,

A. Horn, Thorsby.

A. A. Ayers, Clanton.

Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchelon

N. A. LOGAN,

General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Association of Ideas.

The 3-year-old son of a flat dweller, who had heard his father complain occasionally because the janitor was drunk and "in no condition to attend to his work," went to the flat above his own last week and rang the bell. When Mrs. Blank answered it, the young man said:

"Please, Mrs. Blank, can't your little girl come down and play with me?"

"Not today," said Mrs. Blank; "she is in no condition to play."

"What's the matter?" asked the boy anxiously. "Is she drunk?"—New York Sun.

From Manila to Australia is "like going down a river, for one is out of sight of land only two days." The voyage lasts 21 days, but the course is through the south sea islands, which accounts for its resemblance to river navigation.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or P. Atkinson, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

By virtue of decrees rendered by the Probate Court, at the May Term of said county, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door, in Clanton, said county, within the legal hours of sale, on

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1901,

the following described real estate, for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1900, to wit.

BEAT NO 1

W. M. Glasscock, ne ¼ of ne ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 13, tax and costs $2.79

BEAT NO 2

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 21 r 12; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, e ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13, se ¼ of nw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $9.57

John E. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 20 tp 21 r 13, n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 21 r 13, tax and costs $10.45

BEAT NO. 4

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 and s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14; ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14; se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13; n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13; n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13; all of sec 35 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14; tax and costs $95.38

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14; tax and costs $3 79

Mrs. Mary A. McDuffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.90

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $3 72

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 25 tp 21 r 16; tax and costs $6 02

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3 72

BEAT NO. 8

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on s side of public road and west side of railroad; tax and costs $3.26

J. H. Martin, e 1-2 of sw 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 32 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $6.39

BEAT NO. 9

H. M. Hill, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 8 tp 22 r 14, tax and costs $4.12

T. J. HUBBARD,
Tax Collector.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

LECTURE.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton will give his interesting lecture on the Holy Land at New Salem, seven miles north of Clanton on the third Sunday in June. He has been greeted with large audiences wherever he has lectured and all express themselves gratified with his powers of description.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The Septic and the Quill

At a lawyers' dinner in [illegible] of the best stories told was [illegible] Murray, who weighed [illegible] who was born in Ireland, [illegible] whisky business here and [illegible] court on the Terrace. [illegible] was like a courtroom [illegible] bench was five feet [illegible] with a chair whose back [illegible] ceiling. The trimmings of [illegible] were all green. Mr. [illegible] Judge Beckwith [illegible] case before the squire [illegible] jury. At the close [illegible]

"Do you wish to sum up?"

"I leave it all with your [illegible] Mr. Lockwood, who [illegible] jury with a thrilling [illegible] face on the bench to [illegible]

"I'll sum up," said [illegible]

"Very well," replied [illegible] "While you're at it [illegible] Murray Bros' and [illegible] Lockwood. But I'll [illegible] finish."

The squire and Mr. Lockwood [illegible] ent. The squire was in [illegible] spirit of the law at the [illegible] Mr. Lockwood thinks [illegible] On the stairs, half way [illegible] courtroom, with the echo of his voice sounding in the [illegible] stopped.

"Lockwood," said he, "[illegible] your case."

Then they went in and [illegible] with finish summing up—[illegible] press.

Methodical Punctuation.

Speaking of W. J. [illegible] a Chicago man said:

"An amusing incident [illegible] while Harvey was [illegible] per which he published in [illegible] Harvey, in talking to one of his [illegible] ners, took exception to the [illegible] punctuation in the paper. [illegible] enough punctuation,' he [illegible] 'and Coin doesn't look right [illegible] There ought to be a comma [illegible] often, then so often a [illegible] the rest. Don't you think so?' [illegible] up appealingly.

"'I do, indeed,' heartily [illegible] partner, who was not wholly [illegible] humor. 'That's a great idea [illegible] Harvey. If I were you [illegible] I'd draw up a rule to that effect.'

"Harvey thought it over, [illegible] thought commended itself. The [illegible] day, therefore, a rule reading [illegible] what as follows was posted [illegible] fice of Coin: 'Hereafter it is the [illegible] this office that articles appearing [illegible] columns of this paper must be [illegible] ated as follows: Every [illegible] carry a comma; every three [illegible] semicolon; every four lines a [illegible] ery five lines a period; exclamation [illegible] question marks may follow [illegible] fore. The employees of this [illegible] please observe this order.'"—[illegible] Tribune.

A Failure In Cooperation.

A certain man who was [illegible] prominent Kentucky politician [illegible] more a demagogue than a [illegible] He was, according to Short [illegible] the habit of boasting that his [illegible] was a cooper in no obscure [illegible] the state—that he was "[illegible] people" and didn't belong to the [illegible] gloved aristocracy."

The "general's" great failing [illegible] his fondness for liquor. It will [illegible] no one to be told that the more [illegible] the more loudly he declared [illegible] political sentiments and the [illegible] of being the son of a cooper [illegible] During a political campaign [illegible] opponent was the southern [illegible] Marshall, he had been unusually [illegible] and offensive in his boasting [illegible] his obscure origin. In reply [illegible] shall said, looking hard at the [illegible]

"Fellow citizens, my [illegible] father may have been a [illegible] cooper. I don't deny that; but [illegible] gentlemen, that he put a [illegible] head into thee whisky barrel."

Real Sea Baths.

It may be doubted if a [illegible] Jamaica is a luxury. The [illegible] make a brave show in a [illegible] brick buildings in the rear of [illegible] tels, each little house with a [illegible] tank for a bathtub.

I went out to see the [illegible] first day in Kingston and [illegible] ed to see a sign nailed [illegible] bearing the words:

"Gentlemen: Are Requested [illegible] Use Soap In the Baths."

"Why are gentlemen requested [illegible] use soap in the baths?" I asked [illegible] tel clerk, a dignified young [illegible] dark complexion.

"Because it soils the water and [illegible] it unpleasant for the next bather," [illegible] said.

"But do your guests all bathe [illegible] same water?" I asked.

"Oh, yes," she replied. "[illegible] tanks are so large and the [illegible] small. It takes all night to [illegible] tanks, and the water has [illegible] day."

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Mr. Penley, otherwise Charley [illegible] told the following: "A military friend of Mr. Penley, [illegible] ter to the stalls and, having a tiring day, went calmly to sleep [illegible] easy seat during the interval [illegible] the curtain raiser and Charley's [illegible] The daughter sympathetically [illegible] him to remain in peace [illegible] tain went up for the commencement [illegible] the play of the evening, then [illegible] tly nudged him in the ribs and [illegible] pered 'Charley's Aunt' to [illegible] of his whereabouts.

"The gentleman still slept [illegible] his daughter tried again. [illegible] her father an extra push and [illegible] ed, with emphasis: 'Papa, do [illegible] 'Charley's Aunt.'"

"This time it was effectual [illegible] colonel leaped to his feet and [illegible] 'Bless me, so it is!' and began [illegible] hands furiously with a [illegible] who happened to be passing [illegible] stalls in front of him on [illegible] allotted seat. 'Bless me, so it [illegible] do you do, madam? And how [illegible] ley?'"—[illegible]

VOL. IX

[illegible]MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not

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[illegible] delighted to learn there is a [illegible] on foot, with good prospects [illegible] being carried to a successful [illegible] mination, for the erection [illegible] cotton factory at Clanton. [illegible] Clanton is making great [illegible] ward, the establishment [illegible] factory would give [illegible] our trade that nothing [illegible] do. It would improve [illegible] trade vastly, and would [illegible] market for a considerable [illegible] amount of farm produce. [illegible] factory and must have [illegible] a good thing, push it [illegible]

[illegible] all over for this. [illegible] at the food [illegible]

[illegible] been asked for my opinion [illegible] as a feed, and have made [illegible] inquiries on the subject. I [illegible] those who use it declare [illegible] fine food for mules and [illegible] particularly good for [illegible] A friend of mine [illegible] says at first his horse [illegible] to care for it, but now [illegible] his oats until Purina [illegible] It seems to be a [illegible] give it a trial.

[illegible] exactly see what the [illegible] convention has to do [illegible] of the last legislature, or [illegible] any particular local [illegible] But at all events the [illegible] on State and county [illegible] have passed a unanimous [illegible] resolution that Columbians [illegible] to relief from the bill [illegible] the last General Assembly [illegible] for the removal of [illegible] court house from that [illegible] Calera. The whole of [illegible] house removal business [illegible] shy fishy transaction and [illegible] the committee is right, [illegible] convention is going into [illegible] grievances, heaven only [illegible] it will get through [illegible] new constitution.

[illegible] solitary bale of cotton has [illegible] this week, so it is be [illegible] that our cotton season [illegible] The total amount received [illegible] Clanton this season has [illegible] bales, against 5581 received [illegible] year. The price has [illegible] 11 cents the highest to [illegible] the lowest. Altogether, [illegible] has been a very good [illegible] hope the next will equal [illegible] it.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JUNE 13, 1901 — NO. 34

MAN ON THE CORNER

The Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

Glorious Fourth is to be celebrated in fine style at Clanton [illegible], and I understand that [illegible] proposes to let us have [illegible] show this time, which is [illegible] action on their part. Last celebration was such a big [illegible] that it has put our folks on [illegible] and they have started [illegible] determination that this [illegible] to eclipse all previous efforts. About one hundred dollars [illegible] collected in a short time on [illegible] which was [illegible]. Now for a long and [illegible] together and we [illegible] Fourth that's worth [illegible] coming to.

[illegible] is to be held at the [illegible] to-night (Wednesday) [illegible] some action in regard to [illegible] establishment of a bank here, [illegible] hope it will go through all [illegible] Mr. Batson, the Rockford [illegible] is here and will aid and [illegible] the movement, providing [illegible] people are willing to join [illegible] need a good substantial [illegible], and it is to every one's [illegible] to do all in their power to [illegible] started on a firm foundation.

[illegible] delighted to learn there is a [illegible] on foot, with good prospects being carried to a successful termination, for the erection of a cotton factory at Clanton. Clanton is making great [illegible] forward, the establishment of a cotton factory would give an [illegible] to our trade that nothing else could. It would improve our trade vastly, and would become market for a considerable amount of farm produce. A factory and must have [illegible] a good thing, push it [illegible]

[illegible] the stock all cry for thee. [illegible] cattle feed [illegible]

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Failure To Cooperate.

[illegible] man who was [illegible] Kentucky politician [illegible] demagogue than a statesman [illegible] according to Short Stories [illegible] boasting that his [illegible] cooper in an obscure town [illegible] that he was "one of [illegible] and didn't belong to the [illegible] aristocracy."

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Real Nice Bathing.

[illegible] be doubted if a tub bath [illegible] a luxury. The bathing [illegible] show in a row of [illegible] in the rear of the [illegible] little house with a big [illegible] a bathtub.

[illegible] out to see the baths [illegible] in Kingston and was [illegible] a sign nailed against the [illegible] words:

"Men Are Requested Not [illegible] In the Baths."

[illegible] are gentlemen requested [illegible] in the baths?" I asked the [illegible] a dignified young woman [illegible] complexion.

"[illegible] it sells the water and [illegible] want for the next bather."

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[illegible] gentleman still sleeps on [illegible] ter tried again. [illegible] an extra push and [illegible] mphasis: 'Papa, do [illegible] Aunt?'"

[illegible] me it was effectual, [illegible] ped to his feet and [illegible] so it is!' and began to [illegible] ously with a demure [illegible] ned to be passing [illegible] out of him on the way [illegible] at. 'Bless me, so it is! [illegible] madam?' And how [illegible]

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Thorsby, June 9, 1901

Editor Banner.—In reply to R. W. Ontodt, who says he is a new writer, so we can look over his sentiments to some extent. But in regard to the children's day, we all agree with them, when he or she says "I see the little folks taught by such a self contradicting fair maiden." She is a christian and is not trying to burlesque anyone; she is only in the discharge of her duty. And in regard to the lemonade, it will be free for the Sabbath-school. The insinuations that were used in that letter are looked over (and will always be). After the children in New Salem community drink their lemonade they won't be as dead then as our new writer is now.

Wednesday night brings about cheerful thoughts in our community. That is true, for they are proud of their good works.

And now Mary, I wonder if the new writer is married or can marry.

The third Sunday exercise is not opposed by the people in this community, we don't think.

I wonder if a small barrel can be set in a large one, if so, where would the small barrel hoops be?

Hoping to meet a grand success at New Salem next Saturday and Sunday, I remain yours truly.

E. H. Fennel.

Thorsby, Ala., June 10, 1901

Editor Banner.—It does seem to me that something should be done with Wiley Vines, he is liable to destroy property at any time, and besides that he is not decent enough to go in public. I think it a disgrace to the county to let a person of unsound mind rove about half clad, hungry, diseased, liable to die on the road or ramble off into the woods and die. It is not only a disgrace to the county, but it is a sin. I don't know the law in regard to the matter, but something should be done with this man for the sake of humanity if nothing else.

Yours truly, J. Bien.

Program S. S. Convention

For Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Union Grove church, Sunday, June 30, 1901

9 a.m. Devotional exercises, E. W. Honeycutt.

9:30. Object of the Sunday-school, J. M. Collier and W. H. Conway.

10. Relation of Sunday school to the church, P. A. Wood and W. L. Brown.

10:30. Best method of training children in the Sunday-school, J. P. Gentry and J. M. Gothard.

11. Christian education, Judge S. M. Adams.

1 p.m. Recitations, Misses Anna Lowery, Mattie Patton, Susie Conway.

2:20. Who should attend Sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and A. H. Glasscock.

2:50. Results of Sunday-school work, L. H. Reynolds.

NOTICE TO CONFEDERATE PENSIONERS.

The Confederate Pension Board for Chilton county, will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in July, 1901, to consider all applications for pensions of parties not already on the pension list. Applicants must attend in person, or send a physician's certificate of disability.

H. W. Caffey, Chairman.

Don't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

East Chilton.

Rev. Howell filled his appointment at Shady Grove Sunday afternoon, attendance small.

Mr. G. W. Jones, of Pratt'ville, was with us again last week.

Messrs. Joseph and Jeff Mims visited Salem Sunday.

Miss Ellen Howard and brother, Willie, are visiting relatives in Pratt'ville this week.

Dr. Dennis, of Montgomery, came up Sunday to operate on Mrs. Rebecca Traywick's eyes.

Mr. E. L. Jones has a very sick child.

Mr. W. E. Baker was in our town Sunday.

Chills are raging at Wadsworth's new mill, the supposed cause is the dense fog from the river.

It is reported that Mr. George Tidwell was carried home Sunday, suffering from congestive chills.

The star route mail has been delayed since Tuesday last from some unknown cause.

Mr. J. A. Jones killed nine squirrels last week in less than one day.

Bee robbing is prevalent at Burwell now.

It is rumored that W. N. Pierce, of Burwell, and Erwin Simmons, of Coosa county, will soon put in a gin and grist mill at Burwell.

"Delta" seems to have his feathers ruffled. Sweep around your own doors, "Delta."

Let us have some more from "Morning Star." We mourn the death of the "Kid."

Morning Star.

Cedar Grove.

Mr. A. J. Foreman visited his paternal relatives who reside in Elmore county, last Saturday, returning Monday of last week.

It is said that a woman with a long thumb wishes to control her husband. If this rule does not hold they all must have long thumbs.

Mr. Rube Childress made a business trip to Clanton Tuesday.

Trying to appease a wrathy woman and sitting down on a bunch of lighted fire-crackers is said to have the same effect.

Mrs. William Barrett, accompanied by her charming daughter, visited her maternal relative during the week.

Do your very best and rejoice with those who can do better.

Mr. Peter Barrett went to Clanton Friday and presented himself with a new buggy.

Mr. Doc Riggins visited Pletcher Sunday.

Mr. Jesse Hayes, accompanied by his son, Marion, went to Collins Chapel Sunday to hear Mr. T. U. Crumpton lecture on the Holy Land.

Old Patch.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Macedonia.

Since the copious showers and the hot sunshine corn, cotton and all other vegetation is looking vigorous, grass not excepted, and the farmer is very busy. The oat crop is reasonably good.

Rev. J. H. Thomas filled his regular appointment here last Sunday.

There is some sickness in our community now.

There is to be singing at Pleasant Grove next Sunday. C.

Seven Years In Bed

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. S. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

The forger may be a bold, bad man, but he is ever ready to write a wrong.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
Thorsby, Ala.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Foshee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3 What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Foshee.

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. Mims, S. Fate, R. A. Rasco } Committee.

When you start out to "tackle" the hairy tribe don't forget to take a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it for fan wounds, fish hook wounds, bites and stings of insects and it is no bad thing for "snake bite." Remember it cures colic also, and is absolutely harmless. Your druggist can sell it as fast as you can buy it. Price 50c.

Cooper.

DEATH OF MRS. ELIZABETH TAYLOR.

Death has visited our community again, taking from us on June 4th Sister Elizabeth Taylor, wife of Brother William Taylor. She was 59 years old, and was a member of the Missionary Baptist church twenty-five years. She was always faithful and true. She was an invalid for nine months and had every earthly comfort that a devoted husband and loving children and kind friends could render unto her, till God saw fit to call her home. The funeral services were conducted by Brother W. Parrish in the presence of a large crowd of sorrowing relatives and friends.

A Friend.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Rollins & Davis Ginnery near Energy, Ala., will be sold on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1901

This plant consists of one two-story Gin House, one Store House, one Adams 10 Horse Power Engine and Boiler, one Nance Cotton Press, one 50-saw Gin, Feeder and Condenser, one three ton Wagon Scale all Belting, Pulleys, Shafting, etc., to make a complete running outfit, and all now in place ready for use where it has had a good patronage for past five years; also the lot of about two acres upon which the above named is located; this lot has a good spring which furnishes at all times a full and lasting supply of water.

The above named property is on the Montgomery and Tuscaloosa dirt road, seven miles west of Verbena, five miles south-west of Cooper, seven miles south of Clanton.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kinchelon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

Subscribe for the Banner.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. Skaggs, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. Stewart, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. Rose, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

There are some things you can do without, but you can't afford to risk another day without a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the greatest chemical discovery of the age. Heals Cuts, Burns, Gun-shot Wounds, etc., quicker than anything. And don't forget that it cures Colic, too, while you wait about ten minutes.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

A BOOK ON POULTRY

Containing 116 pages, a beautiful lithographic plate of a group of different fowls in natural colors, engravings of all kinds of land and water poultry, descriptions of the breeds, plans for poultry houses, how to manage an incubator, all about caponizing, and the value of different breeds. It will be mailed to any of our readers for 15 cents by the Associated Fanciers, 400 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See next column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Lawyers' briefs are seldom so short as they sound.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Why try to stick things with gum when you know that you don't stick? Buy Major's Cement, you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to Major's Cement. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing so good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and LEATHER Two liquids. Stick on boots, shoes, etc. 15c. At all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Baptist—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. Woods, Pastor.

Methodist—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. Ellison, Pastor.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. Wilson, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: Wallace C. Edler, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A little money may be made to reach a long way. A copper cent has been drawn out into 5700 feet of wire.

Bavaria is using American locomotives. No part of the earth is now uninvaded by American enterprise. And it is still marching on.

When an actor produces one of Shakespeare's plays now he publishes his version of it, just to show how little William knew about his business.

France thinks it is cheaper to build than to pay rent and has bought 70,000 square feet of land in Washington on which to erect a sumptuous embassy building to be the home of her diplomatic officer to the United States.

A Missouri naturalist has discovered that every toad is worth $19 to the farmer on whose place it operates. He might get the women to believe it if he would go on now and discover that the price was marked down from $20.

In such times of insanity as these everybody who is tempted to risk his savings in Wall street ought to memorize the advice old Commodore Vanderbilt gave to his son, after neatly shearing his superfluous wool: "Never buy what you can't pay for, and never sell what you haven't got."

The last Congress appropriated the sum of $300,000 for the preservation of our forest lands. A regular force is to be established, the salary of each of whom is to be $3 per day and $3 per diem for livery and traveling expenses. This is a practical step in the right direction.

The magnitude of the hat and cap industry in the United States is possibly not fully comprehended. That it may be the better understood it can be said there are over 200 factories devoted to that class of headwear. They give employment to 25,000 individuals and turn out a finished product of $25,000,000 annually.

The longevity of women—and of peeresses—finds conclusive illustration in the fact that four widows of Revolutionary soldiers are still on the rolls, their ages ranging from eighty-five to eighty-nine. Needless to say, they were young girls when they married the Revolutionary veterans, one of these interesting weddings having occurred as late as 1841.

It has been calculated with reference to British Columbia that at the present rate of consumption it would take 70 years to exhaust the more valuable supplies of timber, and as, under the husbandry of nature, forests will renew themselves in less time than 700 years, the calculation is merely a way of indicating that the timber resources of the Pacific coast are practically inexhaustible.

The fact that the rapid increase in land values in New York City makes the desirability of a site utterly outweigh every other consideration is shown in a very striking manner by the demolition of the historic Stewart mansion. This building, the first of the palaces which the rapid increase in wealth has made numerous in the metropolis, was built literally without regard to expense. Its marble and bronze staircase cost $50,000; its roof was of solid copper, its outer railing of carved marble. Yet, states the Dry Goods Economist, we have it on good authority that all that the Stewart estate realized on it was $600, this being the price that a dealer in second-hand building materials agreed to pay for the privilege of tearing down and carting away what but a few years ago was one of the show places of the city.

Many educational reformers urge that school hours should be shortened, arguing that pupils get so mentally tired out that they cannot study to advantage in the latter part of the day. An article in the Psychological Review combats this idea, on the strength of a series of actual tests. The multiplication table, lists of words to spell, etc., were given to pupils in the morning and again given to the same pupils toward the end of the day, and it was found that there was no diminution whatever in the ability to do mental work. Dr. Thorndike, the author, contends that the lack of interest commonly seen in schools late in the day is not due to overwork of the pupils' minds, but to the fact that the pupils become bored by too much of the same thing. The remedy, he adds, is "not to give the student less to do, but to make it worth while for him to work, to make the work interesting."

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Eleventh Day.

Ordinances Continue to Pour In—One Against Secession—Fewer Election Days—Child Labor.

Three hundred ordinances have been introduced to date, and no committee is yet ready to submit a report. The committee on the journal has been allowed a clerk. One hundred and sixteen delegates were present at this session. Several leaves of absence have been granted.

The principal measures proposed at this session were:

By Mr. Ferguson—To dispense with the necessity of indictment for grand larceny.

By Mr. Bulger—That all officers be elected by the people for four years except judges and clerks, and not eligible to succeed themselves.

By Mr. Burnett—That there shall be no secession from the Union.

By Mr. Burns—Licenses shall not issue to any persons under 16 years of age; also, giving the General Assembly the right to fix laws regulating child labor, but not hours for pay.

By Mr. Lowe—State and federal elections to be held on same day.

By Mr. McMillan—To exempt members of the national guard from poll tax.

By Mr. Whiteside—That the question to extend time and pay of convention be referred to judiciary committee.

By Mr. Sanford—To establish a commissioner of the industrial resources; also to appoint a committee of nine to suggest a seal for the state of Alabama.

Twelfth Day.

Those Ordinances Keep On Coming—Stenographic Report Stands—New Suffrage Scheme.

President Knox called the convention to order at 10 a. m. and Rev. Dr. Provence led in prayer. Roll call showed 126 delegates present.

Mr. Long's resolution to rescind the contract of the stenographic reports of the convention's proceedings, on the ground that they might be the means of the federal supreme court declaring the suffrage clause unconstitutional, was defeated by a vote of 91 to 40 after a heated debate, in which ex-Governor Oates took a prominent part in opposition.

A new suffrage scheme was introduced by Mr. Banks. It disqualifies criminals, all who commit fraud in election or who have abandoned wives or children. Two ballots are to be provided, one white and one colored. Those qualified to mark tickets shall be supplied white ballots, but if not a colored ballot and a marker and it shall count for only one-fourth of a vote. This, however, excepts old soldiers and their descendants.

Among the ordinances introduced were these:

By Mr. Pillans—To allow no person to vote who cannot speak English.

By Mr. Sanford—To make the governor, secretary of state, auditor and treasurer, commissioners of railroads, to discharge all the duties now conferred on railroad commissioners.

Mr. Weakley made the first report from a standing committee. He reported favorably with a substitute, a resolution classifying cities and towns of the state into four classes; also, favorably, with a substitute, the resolution relating to issuance of bonds by municipal corporations only by vote of the people, and adversely the ordinance regulating the granting of franchises by cities and towns.

Thirteenth Day.

The Shortest Session Yet—No Committee Reports—A Week's Adjournment Proposed.

One hundred and twenty-six delegates attended this session which was a short one. An hour and a little over was the time the convention sat, the roll being called for introduction of ordinances and resolutions; no committee was ready to report.

Twelve ordinances and eight resolutions was the day's grist. Prominent among them were:

By Mr. Sanford—To strike out part of the preamble which declares that no state has a right to secede.

By Mr. Pearce—That no man learned in law shall hold office except of a judicial nature. This caused much laughter.

By Mr. Samford—No imprisonment for debt except where persons receive money or goods for a service and refuse to perform it.

By Mr. Foster—No new ordinance shall be introduced after June 10th; that the convention recess one week on that date, the committees to sit in the meantime and prepare reports.

By Mr. Foshee—To base representation in the general assembly on the white population.

By Mr. Watts—The state to purchase the remainder of the block on which the capitol is located.

Fourteenth Day.

The Governor's Salary—Pardon Board Created—One More Suffrage Scheme—No Back Taxes.

One hundred and thirty-one delegates were in session for two hours today and refused to adjourn until Monday by a vote of 64 to 50.

The report of the committee on executive was submitted. It creates office of lieutenant governor; terms of state officers are lengthened to four years; salary of governor is increased to five thousand dollars; the governor ineligible to office within one year after the expiration of his term, and his acceptance of the office of governor is a pledge to the people that he will not accept appointment or election to the United States senate during his term; provides a board of arbitration and conciliation of labor, and a board of pardons.

A resolution extending sympathy to Governor Samford in his illness was adopted by a rising vote.

Other matters presented were:

By Mr. Blackwell—A suffrage scheme calling for six months residence in precinct; educational and poll tax qualification not applying to voters in 1867 or their descendants; disqualifies persons guilty of election frauds.

By Mr. Knight—An ordinance to abolish office of back tax commissioner.

By Mr. Reynolds—To prohibit employment by corporations of boys under 12 and girls under 14.

By Mr. Smith—To devote money from sale of fertilizer tags to education.

Fifteenth Day.

Real Constitution Building Begins June 10th—The State Seal—Printing the Laws.

Roll call showed 104 members present. The convention adopted a motion that when adjourned today it meet at noon Monday. Only about a dozen measures were proposed at this session. Prominent among them were:

By Mr. Sanford—To change the state seal; he presented a resolution with a design symbolizing the story of Emma Sansom and General Forrest fording Black Creek, one of the most romantic incidents of the war on Alabama soil. It was received with great enthusiasm.

By Mr. Burns—To make fees of constables uniform throughout the state.

By Mr. Case—To compel children to support indigent parents.

By Mr. Glover—To authorize the legislature to reconstruct the judicial system of the state; also to abolish common right of law and courtesy of husband and wife, and substitute an inheritable interest in each other's estate.

By Mr. Greer—To require general laws to be printed in three daily papers and local laws in the county papers.

The ordinance on executive department was made the special order for June 11th, after the regular order is completed.

Sixteenth Day.

Some More Ordinances and One Partial Committee Report—Woman Suffragist Address.

One hundred and three delegates were in attendance on this session and several more leaves of absence were granted. The principal ordinances introduced were:

By Mr. Eyster—For protection of local building and loan associations; to be exempt from license tax.

By Mr. Haley—To limit debts of cities and towns to three per cent of value.

By Mr. Long—To prohibit judges from remitting fines or bonds.

By Mr. Sanford—No person of foreign birth not naturalized shall own real estate.

By Mr. Watts—Three fourths of capital stock must be paid in before corporations are organized.

By Mr. Williams—To exempt all property of Confederate soldiers' widows over $1,000 in value.

A report was made for the committee on printing reporting favorably the ordinance requiring an aye and nay vote on all ordinances making appropriations.

When the convention concluded its labors Miss Fannie Griffin was invited to address it. She read an address on the female suffrage question that was well received.

A significant fact has been discovered by a new trustee of the Indiana Reform School for Boys. Being of a statistical bent he began an investigation into the parentage of the boys, and learned that of the 400 who were committed for simple intractability 300 are the children of step-parents—122 having step-fathers and 178 step-mothers. As the boys are of average intelligence, and have shown no bad traits while inmates of the institution, the trustee has concluded that they were sent to the Reform School merely to rid their homes of their presence. In other words, the step-parent in most cases has trumped up charges against the boy and had him committed to the institution rather than be burdened with a step-child. Certainly the presence of so large a proportion of step-children must be considered suspicious, and in a majority of the cases it is probable that the children are less to blame than the step-parents, observes the Philadelphia Record.

The labor cost of making steel in the United States is less than half the labor cost in Great Britain.

HAPPENINGS IN ALABAMA

HOW THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE MAKING HISTORY.

NEWSY NOTES FROM ALL ITS SECTIONS

Little Girl Accidentally Killed—Victim of Cigarettes—Alabama's Governor Ill—Car Building—Industrial Notes of Interest.

MORE THAN A THOUSAND CARS

A Big Contract Secured by an Anniston Plant.

The Southern Car and Foundry Company is in receipt of orders for 200 cars from the N. O. & N. E. R. R., 325 from the Florida East Coast Railroad, and for fifty flats from the O. K. & G. R. R. All of these orders will be filled at the Anniston plant of the company. In addition the plant here has orders ahead for 700 coal cars from the Southern Railroad, making orders enough ahead to run the plant to its fullest capacity to the first of next year. Coal cars are to be very heavy and the most expensive manufactured in this city. Steel trucks will be used and the machinery for making this class of trucks in Anniston is expected to arrive at an early date. They will be the first steel trucks to be made in the south.

MARENGO'S PLUM.

Valuable Railroad Improvements Coming.

Marengo county has an exceedingly bright future ahead and within the year will see much development of its natural resources. The extension of the Birmingham, Selma and New Orleans railroad to Thomaston and Linden would of itself prove a vast benefit to the county, which has had railroads only on its extreme northern and eastern boundaries, but a meeting has been held which means the projection of another line of railroad to run from Thomaston to Uniontown, and then to either the Cahaba or Warrior coal fields. Experienced railroad men are at the head of the movement and work on the new road will be begun in a few days.

KILLED ABOUT A DOG.

West Bennett, a white miner, was probably fatally shot at Ishkooda Saturday night by Jake Pinkston, a negro recently released from Coalburg prison. The shot was fired from a 44-caliber revolver, the bullet enter- the neck of the white man almost penetrating the jugular vein; it passed through the neck, cutting several blood vessels. The affray was the result of a quarrel about some one stepping on a dog the negro claimed. The assassin escaped.

GOVERNOR SAMFORD ILL.

Governor Wm. J. Samford is very seriously sick at Tuscaloosa, where he and Mrs. Samford are visiting friends. The governor's ailment is enlargement of the heart. The latest reports from his physicians are that the executive is improving, but he is by no means out of danger.

DECATUR'S NEW SEWERS.

The city of Decatur has closed a contract with a Chattanooga concern to construct a complete sewerage system, costing $28,500, work to commence about July 1.

GOING TO SEE ABOUT IT.

Congressman William Richardson will depart next week for Washington with a party of Sheffield business men. Their mission to the capital is to look after matters pertaining to the improvement of the Tennessee River at Colbert Shoals.

ROCKEFELLER INTERESTED.

The Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute has been notified by John D. Rockefeller that he will be glad to provide the money for the erection of one of the much-needed dormitories for boys at the institution.

A NEW MANAGER

For the Tennessee Coal Iron & Railroad Company.

General Manager G. B. McCormack of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, after a service extending through twenty-one years, will leave the employ of the company at an early date. His successor has not yet been named.

A CIGARETTE FIEND

Puts a Bullet in His Side, and Will Probably Die.

About 7 o'clock Friday morning Frank Meacher, a young jeweler from Aiken, S. C., attempted suicide in Birmingham by shooting. The bullet passed through his left side just below the heart, inflicting a wound, which, while not necessarily fatal, the chances of recovery are very slender.

Cigarettes are believed to have been the cause of the attempt at self-destruction. The young man was an inveterate smoker of cigarettes and it was apparent to anyone that his constitution had been very much affected by their use, much nervousness being betrayed at times.

When the physician attended the wounded man he asked him why he shot himself, and he replied: "Oh, that's all right." He would not make any statement. Meacher is about 25 years old and has a wife and little daughter in Aiken and his wife has been notified of his condition. No note or message of any kind was left by the would-be suicide that might have thrown any different light upon the act.

SHOCKING FATALITY.

A Young Girl Accidentally Killed By a Boy.

Agnes Forsythe, a 14-year-old girl, was shot and instantly killed in the public road near Wylam Friday afternoon by Mat Marshall, a lad of 16 years. The little girl's head was nearly blown from her shoulders by a load of birdshot from a double-barreled shotgun. Marshall, who was the only witness to the sad occurrence, claims that the shooting was purely accidental. The boy says he was walking along the road with the loaded gun across his shoulder when Agnes Forsythe playfully ran up behind him and jerked the gun barrel. The weapon was discharged, the entire load entering the girl's head shattering the skull and causing instant death. From all the evidence obtainable the coroner was of the opinion that the shooting was purely accidental.

T. C. I. CO. IMPROVEMENTS.

Capacity of Red Mt. Ore Mines Will be Increased Fully Fifty Per Cent.

The Tenessee Coal, Iron & R. R Company has announced that an enlargement of the mining equipment of the Red Mountain ore mines will be made. This enlargement will increase the present capacity of the Red Mountain mines about 50 per cent. The company also announces that new Dolomite mines will be opened for work near Bessemer.

The work of placing the machinery and arranging for the increase of the capacity of the mines will be begun without delay, and will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible; every effort will be made to finish the enlargement during the summer months. The new Dolomite mines to be opened for work are situated near Bessemer. Superintendent Ball says this work will also begin at an early date, and will be rapidly pushed to completion.

CROPS DESTROYED.

Reports from lower Lauderdale county are very discouraging over the prospects for cotton and corn in the Tannessee bottoms. The high water has drowned out crops already planted and many acres will not be replanted on account of the lateness of the season and the fact that it will take several weeks for the land to dry out sufficiently to plant.

CAPITAL $1,200,000.

Corona Coal and Coke Company.

The Corona Coal and Iron Company, with $1,200,000 capital stock, has been organized and is in possession of its properties, which lie in Walker county. All deeds have changed hands, and Mr. J. B. Finley is president. The properties are in operation by the company, which proposes to operate the mines steadily and it is probable that other business than that of mining coal and manufacturing coke will be done eventually by the concern. The first pay day will occur this month.

TO LIVERPOOL

Go Forty Carloads of Alabama Lumber.

Tuthill & Patterson, of Florence, are shipping forty car loads of hardwood lumber from Alabama and Tennessee to Liverpool via New Orleans, Pensacola and Norfolk. This firm has shipped 7,000,000 export stuff in the last year.

WASHINGTON L

THE RECENT ACTI
NATION'S LAW

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S

Mrs. McKinley's
Met for the
tions — Cuban
Matters —

The census
letin giving the
porated places
bulletin shows
such places as
in 1890. It
ing more than
Of the large
New York,
contain upward
tants, the same
cities having
1,000,000 inhabitants
number three,
Of the total
list almost one
fewer than
2,501 places
Illinois
towns, and
833. There are
nicipalities in
rated places contain
35,849,516 inhabitants
bined population in the
towns and cities
cent of the population
country. Mississippi
percentage of its population
towns, the percentage

Trouble has occurred
national boundary
Baker mining district,
American owners of
suffering are protesting
nadian government
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lished determining the
trict he found that
farther south than
thousand feet of the
mines in the district
into Canada. Canada
all these grounds,
staked according to
side of the line.
to the authorities at
owners. The com
busy, some of the
very rich.

A scandal of
in departmental
created by the alleged
Monday of Mrs.
daughter of the
Gibson Atherton, of
William Moore, of
suburb of this city
ployed in a clerical
war department. Mr.
widow of a wealthy
two children who
a farm in Virginia.
and five children.
Reidell is reported
property in Virginia
the purpose of
escape. There is
whereabouts of the
Moore received a
band the day he left
was going away from
turn, adding that he
$100 per month
Mrs. Reidell is a
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Physicians have
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She is by no means
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A cablegram to the
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nounces that all
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Has been organized
the Citizens' Bank,
are Jeff Clay, Mack
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general banking

An organization has
build a cotton mill,
city of Huntsville.
the Lowe mill,
new enterprise.
$100,000.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Discourses Interestingly on Memphis Reunion.

GATHERING WAS A GREAT OCCASION

Old Soldiers Were Happy in Recounting Their War Experiences and Laughter and Tears Commingled.

Years have passed since those
were first shouldered arms and
for the front. No such array
patriots were ever seen, for there
were not a few among them not a few
with hoarding and even the northern
the citizens of the south volunteered
who now secured and cast their lives
property in the common peril of
adopted state. To that class we
more honor, for it was a
struggle to sever the bonds
them to their kindred and
place of their birth. Forty years
not effaced nor dimmed the memory
of these four long years from the
of the veterans who gathered
the Memphis reunion. As time rolls
they seem the more eager to come
and commune together, and,
there are none now to molest
make them afraid.

the soldiers of the blue and
are becoming every year the
moderate of the feelings and
of each other. The soldiers
who fought against us
the harvest are the tenderest. It
the politicians who saw the battle
who still refuse to give us
flags, and are still worrying
rebel brigadiers whom we
to congress. But time is a
healer, and soft words take away
towns, the percentage

That was a grand convocation that
the streets of Memphis.
beat rapidly and eyes were
with tears—

memory lingered o'er the sad
review
days that faded like the morning
dew."

That was a beautiful prayer sent up
by our beloved grand chaplain,
J. William Jones, the faith
of confederate history.
that the blue and the gray
hands and hearts as he invoked
upon Mr. and Mrs. McKinley
asked for her restoration
I tell you, my brethren,
nothing small or selfish or
the hearts of our great leaders
war and in peace they have
are gentlemen. There was
or a duke of Alva among
a heartless destroyer of the
nor a violator of the laws of
to women and children. Our
fought a good fight, on patriotic
principles, and it rejoices us that
kept the faith and are as
to the nation as they were
the principles for which they
Those principles are not
we believe that if this re-
government is preserved
domination of imperialism
it is threatened, it will be
creative spirit of the south
to it. The spirit of constitutional
liberty is yet alive with us and
transmitted to our children. It
that the northern preach
teachers and editors were
a salutary lesson from these
unions of the old confederacy
had been a federal soldier
up there, it seems to me that
say, "My brethren, those rebels
have been tremendously in
There is no let up or abate-
their faith. Forty years has
them one iota. We had
make friends with such a people
divide honors and pensions,
have carried an awful load
these years. They have to pay
part of the pensions to our soldiers
all of the pensions to their
a big tax to educate their negroes
they had to endure the ravages
stealings of the carpet-bag
years, but they never complained.
They fight back and defend
but, like the sons of Alma
never complain. Surely they
great people. They suffer, and
and when the soldiers were
for Cuba and the Philippines
at the first call. Brethren,
all this anti-southern sentiment
make our preachers and editors
it. There is no good in rubbing
old sore. We don't know
happen, and we may need
to save the country. The
are dying out, but their
the same old stock. The south
coming to the front, and is destined
be a great power in the
if we keep on aggravating
abuse, it is possible they
fighting mad some of these
get up another civil war and
—whip us again, or come
it." That's what I would
resent a fool.

are alarming times. Wars,
Awful calamities on land
the sea, explosions in mines,
railroads, murders, suicides,
abductions of children, and,
all, there seems to be no
horrible outrages of brutes.
Then there is the insolence
of students in our colleges
infamy of hazing is still going
distressed me to see among
expelled from West Point the
two southerners—one from
and one from Texas. Educated
discipline seem to be divorced
was when Mr. Roman beat

WASHINGTON NEWS

THE RECENT ACTIONS
NATION'S LAWMA

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S W

Mrs. McKinley's Condition
Most for the Gossips—Co
tics—Cuban C
Matters—Office

The census office has
letin giving the populati
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bulletin shows that there
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Of the total number of pl
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to the authorities at Ott
owners. The claim jump
busy, some of the clai
very rich.

A scandal of unusual
in departmental circles
created by the alleged el
Monday of Mrs. Cla
daughter of the late G
Gibson Atherton, of New
William Moore, of Ke
suburb of this city. M
ployed in a clerical ca
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ARP'S LETTER

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Forty years
dimmed the mem
long years from the
veterans who gathered
As time rolls
more eager to con
together, and,
are none now to molest
lines of the blue and
coming every year the
of the feelings and
other. The soldiers,
who fought against us—
are the tenderest. It
who saw the battle
refuse to give up
are still worrying
regulars whom we
Congress. But time is a
and soft winds take away
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and eyes were
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and whip us again or come
bear it. That's what I would
I wasn't a fool.

We are alarming times. Wars
floods. Awful calamities on land
on the sea, explosions in mines,
on railroads, murders, suicides,
ries, abductions of children, and
than all there seems to be no
to these horrible outrages of bru-
negroes. Then there is the insub-
ation of students in our colleges
the infamy of hazing is still going
It distressed me to see among
expelled from West Point the
of two southerners—one from
ma and one from Texas. Educa-
and discipline seem to be divorce-
Time was when Mr. Beman boast-
ed that he had subdued every big boy
in his school—subdued him by the
rod. Old man Isham did the same
thing and so did Dr. Patterson thrash
out the worst boys at our Manual La-
bor school, but now it is the boys who
rule the teachers and make demands
and the consequence is our colleges
have no discipline and hazing seems
to be as popular as ever. I thought
that this hazing business was a mod-
ern invention, but in the second vol-
ume of "American Literature" I find a
letter of John Lawson, a Scotchman,
who lived for years among North Caro-
lina Indians. He is writing to his
folks at home in 1714 about the cus-
toms of those Indians, and says the
way they make warriors of their young
men is to husquenaw them in early
manhood. They are shut up in a dark
log house for six weeks, and kept half
starved and made to drink a concoc-
tion of pellitory bark, which renders
them raving mad. They make the
most dismal, hellish cries and howl-
ings ever heard. When given a little
meat it is mixed with a nasty, loath-
some, filthy stuff. After six weeks
they come out as poor and miserable
as creatures ever become. Some of
them die under this diabolical treat-
ment, and some young men run away
to avoid it. The savages told me that
this hardens them to the fatigues of
war and kills off the weak and infirm
and cowardly who would bring dis-
grace upon the nation. Husquenaw-
ing! That's it, that's where hazing
started, and West Point is where it
matriculated and flourished!

This insubordination of college boys
seems to have crept into our own
southern institutions, and has well-
nigh demoralized Oxford and Tusca-
loosa. What does it mean? We had
nothing like it in our day. We feared
our fathers and we feared and respect-
ed the faculty. The Tech boys caught
the infection not long ago, but that
don't matter very much, for if those
boys do anything else besides play
ball, the newspapers don't publish it.
Ball seems to be the only textbook in
the curriculum. Their accomplish-
ments in that line may be satisfactory
to the boys and the professors, but the
patrons and friends of the institution
are surfeited, and would advise a re-
cess. Ball play is another Indian
game in which the savages excelled.—
Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

NEWSY CLEANINGS.

Oil has been found at Wolcott, Wyo.

Bridge whist is going out of fashion in London.

An academy of British immortals is now proposed.

An electric express railway is to be built between Liverpool and Manchester, England.

British capitalists are about to gain control of the Joplin zinc and lead fields in Missouri.

From the late persistent rains New York City has acquired a water supply good for 220 days.

The city of Seattle, Wash., is to care hereafter for the grave of the Indian chief of that name.

Lumber mill methods in the Northwest are being revolutionized by the adopting of electrical devices.

All the industries of Texas are preparing to use petroleum fuel and materially reduce cost of production.

The demand for State and Government lands in Minnesota is greater this year than it has been for many years.

Washington is to have a pound where the police may store exhausted automobiles temporarily abandoned by disgusted owners.

An outbreak of typhoid fever in Southwark, England, has been traced to the eating of fish from a certain locality. Frying did not kill the germs.

All the thirty-five Turkish Consuls in Italy have been abolished. They have not been paid for a very long time past, and one after the other resigned.

Shiploads of wheat are being hurried from San Francisco to Chile and other South American countries, where a dearth has prevailed for a long time.

St. Helena is to have a university extension. The Cape University is going to send examiners to the island for the young Boer prisoners who are studying to enter the university.

A poor man in New York city who had a wife and children, and strength to do, but no employment, hit upon the plan of tying a placard upon his breast with the inscription upon it, "I Want Work." He stood at the crossing of thronged streets until the attention of the passers-by was attracted, and as a result got himself a situation. He had been begging for work for months, but until he made this mute appeal to the eyes of the mass he had met with failure. At last he fathomed the secret of successful advertising. He artfully brought his want and his ware into the market.

An epidemic of benevolence fills the air in these days, and the infection of good will and good deeds is spreading wider and wider. Nothing can resist the progress of gracious influences and kindly feeling. It is a remarkable feature of American life in this generation. Were there ever so many generous givers? Were there ever such multitudes of noble men and women eager to use of their abundance liberal portions for worthy causes and the relief of the unfortunate?

Evacuations in Egypt have produced evidences that golf was played 4000 years ago. But the dialect of the game was different in those days from what it is now.

LIVES UNDER A BUSH.

Census Takers in Ireland Discover an Eccentric Irishman.

The census takers have made a remarkable discovery in Epping Forest, where an old man has been living under a bush for nearly forty years and has now for the first time been reckoned among the population of England.

A census taker said he could find somebody of whose existence England had never heard. On the strength of this invitation people accompanied him to the borders of the forest, where a wreath of smoke issuing from a holly bush gave the first indication of this modern Robin Hood's whereabouts. Under the bush was found a wizened old man, gnarled and crabbed as the bush itself.

A layer of leaves a foot deep formed the bed on which this wild man of the woods reposed. A few sticks placed upright formed the shell of his habitation and the leaves of the holly bush served for the walls of his cave. The inhabitant was a taciturn old Irishman, whom even the offer of a whiskey flask failed to thaw out. While munching a thick slice of bread he grunted out chapters of his life history in reply to questions.

He had been ten years before the mast in the royal navy, afterward for fourteen years in the merchant marine. Then he sought out his relatives in the vicinity of Epping Forest, who received him kindly. But, unwilling to trouble them as boarder, he decided to find his own quarters. The forest offered the most suitable refuge and therefore he had camped out under the bush for more than thirty years.

He was born in Cork in 1828, and is still a virulent patriot. His name is William Birk. For food he relies on the charity of the people of the neighboring villages, where he usually goes for his Sunday dinners. He has a small income, a government pension, which provides the necessaries of life. For water he relies on the pools of the forest, which he declares are far superior to the water supplied in towns.

He has a vivid recollection of the events of forty years ago, but of modern happenings he knows nothing. Speaking of France he talked of the Emperor Napoleon as still reigning.

Ethics of the Bad Man.

The bad man is not necessarily bad at all, says E. C. Little, in *Everybody's Magazine*. He is often a very good fellow. Bad is merely a synonym of dangerous. The "bad" man was formerly the "good" man. He is simply the frontiersman whose evolution has kept pace with that of the firearm—product of the border and the six-shooter. Keen of eye, quick of hand, and strong of will, he has that supremacy which always comes to the man of cool and clear-headed personal valor everywhere, except in society's latest and most refined development. The term was used rather to express the feeling that he was, in the vernacular of the border, "a bad man to monkey with." To govern and control communities in which vicious men were not infrequent, where all were restless and the majority turbulent, the ordinary forms and servants of justice were inadequate. Law and order required the assistance of officers who, though enlisted to keep the peace, did not hesitate to be a law unto themselves. If civilization was afraid to endorse their actions, it was at least proud of the results of the labors of the peace officer of the border. Hickok, Tom Smith, Patrick Shurgrue, Michael Shrugrue, William Tighlam, Hector Thomas and a score of other men as marshals, sheriffs and deputies enforced the law, made life safe and property secure, and brought order out of chaos by their ready courage and good sense. As Wild Bill Hickok was the original, so was he the first of the class.

Relative Length of the Seasons.

If the year be divided into two seasons, the warm and cold (the warm season including the time when the daily temperature is above the annual average), it is found that the warm season is longer than the cold for nearly all parts of the United States. The exceptions are in the Rocky Mountains region and in certain small areas in the lower Lake region and the middle Atlantic States. The longest warm season is in the Northwest, and on the middle California coast, where it exceeds the cold season by thirty to fifty days.

The longest cold season is found in the Rocky Mountain region where it exceeds the warm by about ten days. The warm season in Texas and the lower Missouri Valley opens about ten days earlier than in the region near the middle Atlantic coast and from twenty to twenty-five days earlier than on the southern coast of California. In the Northwest the warm season opens from twenty to twenty-five days earlier in the Lake region and from fifteen to twenty days earlier than in the north Pacific coast region.—*New York Sun.*

Looked Into Three States.

Passengers on the City of Chicago, which arrived at St. Joseph, Mich., the other day, reported that on the trip across the lake they were able to see three States from the pilot house—Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.

The principal buildings of Chicago were recognizable, Montgomery, Ward & Co.'s tower and the Masonic Temple standing out in bold relief. Spires in Michigan City, Ind., also were plainly seen, as was the smoke issuing from factory chimneys. At the same time the passengers could see the clay banks just south of St. Joseph, in Michigan, and several times caught glimpses of the higher buildings of St. Joseph.—*New York Times.*

There is many an untied knot in cord of wood.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Duty of the One With a Single Talent—Try to Make an Accurate Estimate of Yourself—The Value of Sympathy.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This is a discourse by Dr. Talmage for those given to depreciate themselves and who have an idea that their best attempts amount to little or nothing; text, Matthew xxv, 15, "To another one."

Expel first from this parable of the talents the word "usury." It ought to have been translated "interest." "Usury" is finding a man in a tight place and compelling him to pay an unreasonable sum to get out. "Interest" is a righteous payment for the use of money. When the capitalist of this parable went off home, he gave to his stewards certain sums of money, wishing to have them profitably invested. Change also your idea as to the value of one talent. You remember the capitalist gave to one of his men for business purposes five talents, to another two, to another one. What a small amount to last, you think, and how could he be expected to do anything with only one talent? I have to tell you that one talent was about $7200, so that when my text says, "To another one," it implies that those who have the least have much.

We bother ourselves a great deal about those who are highly gifted or have large financial resources or exalted official position or wide reaching opportunity. We are anxious that their wealth, their eloquence, their wit, be employed on the right side. One of them makes a mistake, and we say, "What an awful disaster." When one of them devotes all his great ability to useful purposes, we celebrate it, we enlarge upon it, we speak of it as something for gratitude to God. Meanwhile we give no time at all to consider what people are doing with their one talent, not realizing that ten people of one talent each are quite as important as one man with ten talents. In the one case the advantage or opportunity is concentrated in a single personality, while in another it is divided among ten individuals. Now, what we want to do in this sermon is to waken people of only one talent to appreciation of their duty. Only a few people have five talents or ten talents, while millions have one. My short text is like a galvanic shock, "To another one."

The most difficult thing in the world is to make an accurate estimate of ourselves. Our friends value us too high, our enemies too low. To find out what we are worth morally and mentally is almost impossible. We are apt to measure ourselves by those around us, but this is not fair, as they may be very brilliant or very dull, very good or very bad. Indeed there are no human scales that can tell our exact moral and mental weight, nor is there a standard by which we can measure our exact intellectual height, so the hardest thing to do is to calculate our real stature or heft. But it will be no evidence of egotism in any of us if we say that we have at least one talent. What is it and, finding what it is, what use shall we make of it? The most of the people, finding that they have only one talent, do as the man spoken of in the parable, they hide it. But if all of the people who have one talent brought it out for use before this century is half past and correspondents begin to write at the head of their letters 1950, the earth would be one of the outskirts of heaven. I ask you again, What is your one talent?

Is it a cheerful look? Carry that look wherever you go. It must come from a cheerful heart. It is not that inane smile which we sometimes see which is an irritation. In other words, it must be a light within us so bright that it illumines eye, cheek, nostril and mouth. Let ten men who are accustomed to walking a certain street every day resolve upon a cheerful countenance as a result of a cheerful heart, and the influence of such a facial irradiation would be felt not only in that street, but throughout the town. Cheerfulness is catching. But a cheerful look is exceptional. Examine the first twenty faces that you meet going through Pennsylvania avenue or Chestnut street or Broadway or State street or La Salle street or Euclid avenue, and nineteen out of the twenty faces have either an anxious or a vacant look. Here is a missionary work for those who have trouble. Arm yourself with gospel comfort. Let the God who comforted Mary and Martha at the loss of their brother, the God who soothed Abraham at the loss of Sarah and the God of David, who consoled his bereft spirit at the loss of his boy by saying, "I shall go to him;" the God who filled St. John with doxology when an exile on barren Patmos and the God who has given happiness to thousands of the bankrupted and persecuted, filling them with heavenly riches which were more than the earthly advantages that are wiped out—let that God help them. If He takes full possession of your nature, then you will go down the street a benediction to all who see you, and those who are in the tough places of life and are run upon and behed and had their homes destroyed, will say: "If that man can be happy, I can be happy. He has been through troubles as big as mine, and he goes down the street with a face in every lineament of which there are joy and peace and heaven. What am I groaning about? From the same place that man got his cheerfulness I can get mine. 'Why are thou cast down, O my soul, and why art thou disquieted within me? Hope thou in God, for I shall yet praise Him who is the health of my countenance and my God.'"

Again, is your talent that of wit or humor? Use it for God. Much of the world's wit is damaging. Most of satire has a sting in it. Much of caricature is vitriolic. In order to say smart things how many will sacrifice the feelings of others! The sword they carry is keen, and it is employed to thrust and lacerate. But few men in all the world and in all the churches realize that if wit is bestowed it is given them for useful, for improving, for healthful purposes. If we all had more of it and knew how to use it aright, how much it would improve our Christian conversation and prayer meeting talk and sermon! Robert South and Rowland Hill and Jeremy Taylor and Dean Swift and Lorenzo Dow and George Whitefield used their wit and their humor to gather great audiences and then lead them into the kingdom of God. Frivolity is repulsive in religious discussion, but I like the humor of Job when he said to his insolent critics, "No doubt but ye are the people, and wisdom shall die with you," and I like the humor of the prophet Elijah, who told the Baalites to pray louder, as their god was out hunting or on an excursion or in such loud conversation that he could not hear them. I like the sarcasm of Christ when He told the self-righteous Pharisees that they were so good they needed no help. "The whole need not a physician, but they that are sick," or when in mirthful hyperbole He arraigns the hypocritical teachers of His day who were so particular about little things and careless about big things, saying, "Ye blind guides that strain at a gnat and swallow a camel," and the Bible is all ablaze with epigram, words surprisingly pat and phraseology that must have made the audiences of Paul and Christ nudge each other and exchange glances and smile and then appropriate the tremendous truths of the gospel. There are some evils you can laugh down easier than you can preach down. The question is always being asked, Why do not more people go to church, prayer meeting and other religious meetings? I will tell you. We of the pulpit and the pew are so dull they cannot stand it. But when we ask why people do not go to church we ask a misleading question. More people go now to church than ever in the world's history, and the reason is in all our denominations there is a new race of ministers stepping into the pulpits which are not the apostles of humdrum. Sure enough, we want in the Lord's army the heavy artillery but we want also more men who, like Burns, a farmer at Gettysburg, took a musket and went out on his own account to do a little shooting different from the other soldiers. The church of God is dying of the proprieties.

Is your talent that of persuasion? Make good use of it. We all have it to some extent, yet none of us think of it as a talent. But it is the mightiest of talents. Do you know that that one talent will fetch the world back to God? Do you know it is the mightiest talent of the high heavens? Do you know that it is the one talent chiefly employed by all the angels of God when they descend to our world—the talent of persuasion?

Do you realize that the rough lumber lifted into a cross on the hill back of Jerusalem was in persuasion as well as sacrifice? That is the only, absolutely the only, persuasion that will ever induce the human race to stop its march toward the city of destruction and wheel around and start for the city of light. Now may the Lord this moment show each one of us that to a greater or less extent we have one talent of persuasion and impel us to the right use of it.

You say you cannot preach a sermon, but cannot you persuade some one to go and hear a sermon? You say you cannot sing, but cannot you persuade some one to go and hear the choir chant on Christmas or Easter morning? Send a bunch of flowers to that invalid in the hospital, with a message about the land where the inhabitants never say, "I am sick."

There is a child of the street. Invite him into the mission school. There is a man who has lost his fortune in speculation. Instead of jeering at his fall go and tell him of riches that never take wings and fly away. Buckle on that one talent of persuasion, O man, O woman, and you will do a work that heaven will celebrate 10,000 years.

Among the 114,000 words of Noah Webster's vocabulary and the thousands of words since then added to our English vocabulary there is one outmastering word the power of which cannot be estimated, and it reaches so far up and so far down, and that is the word "come." It has drawn more people away from the wrong and toward the right than any word I now think of. It has at times crowded all the twelve gates of heaven with fresh arrivals. It will yet rob the path of death of the last pedestrians. It will yet chime so loudly and gladly that all the tolling bells of sorrow will be drowned with the music. It is piled up in the Bible's climax and peroration, "And the spirit and the bride say come, and let him that heareth say come, and let him that is athirst come." Have it on the point of your pen, have it on the tip of your tongue. Monosyllables are mightier than polysyllables; and that word "come" is the mightiest of monosyllables. Shakespeare says of one of his characters, "She speaks poniards, and every word stabs." We may say of others, they speak words which are of balm and music, are light and life. Master one of those words, harness one of those words, project one of those words, prove the full plentitude and power of one of those words.

David Garrick, the dramatist, said he would give 100 guineas if he could say "oh" as George Whitefield said it. What might we not give if only we could say "come" as Jesus said it? Some one has said that syllables govern the world, and I think that one syllable might save the world. But I cannot particularize. Whatever be your one talent, cultivate it.

Once fully realize that you have something with which to enhance heaven and take hold of the eternities, and it will add a new bank of keys to the music of your soul. You are ordained to some kind of work by the laying on of the hands of the Lord God Almighty.

If you cannot do anything else, go around and feel sorry for somebody. When some one asked, "What is the secret of William Wilberforce's power?" the answer was, "His power of sympathy." And there are 10,000,000 people who have the same qualification if they only knew it.

Sympathy! If you cannot restore the child to that bereft parent or the fortune to that bankrupt financier or health to that confirmed invalid or an honorable name to that wrecked character, you can at least feel sorry for the misfortune or the bereavement or the suffering.

Sympathy! If you have not the means to do anything else, go and sit down and cry with them. That is the way Christ did when He went out to the desolated home in Bethany and the sisters told their sad story. He cried with them. Oh, cultivate that one talent of sympathy!

After the resurrection day and all heaven is made up, resurrected bodies joined to ransomed souls, and the gates which were so long open are shut, there may be some day when all the redeemed may pass in review before the great white throne. If so, I think the hosts passing before the King will move in different divisions. With the first division will pass the mighty ones of earth who were as good and useful as they were great. In this division will pass before the throne all the Martin Luthers, the John Knoxes, the Wesleys, the Richard Cecils, the Miltons, the Chrysostoms, the Herschells, the Lenoxes, the George Peabodys, the Abbott Lawrences and all the consecrated Christian men and women who were great in literature, in law, in medicine, in philosophy, in commerce. Their genius never spoiled them. They were as humble as they were gifted or opulent. They were great on earth, and now they are great in heaven. Their surpassing and magnificent talents were all used for the world's betterment. As they pass in review before the King on the great white throne to higher and higher rewards it makes me think of the parable of the talents. "To another ten." I stand and watch the other divisions as they go by, division after division, until the largest of all the divisions comes in sight. It is a hundred to one, a thousand to one; ten thousand to one, larger than the other divisions. It is made up of men who never did anything but support their families and give whatever of their limited means they could spare for the relief of poverty and sickness and the salvation of the world, mothers who took good care of children by example and precent starting them on the road to heaven, millions of Sabbath-school teachers who sacrificed an afternoon's siesta for the listening class of young immortals, women who declined the making of homes for themselves that they might take care of father and mother in the weaknesses of old age, ministers of the gospel who on niggardly stipend preached in the backwood meeting houses, souls who for long years did nothing but suffer, yet suffered with so much cheerful patience that it became a helpful lesson to all who heard of it; those who served God faithfully all their lives and whose name never but once appeared in print, and that time in the three lines of the death column which some survivor paid for, sailors who perished in the storm while trying to get life line out to the drowning, persecuted and tried souls who endured without complaint malignity and abuse, those who had only ordinary equipment for body and ordinary endowment of intellect, yet devoted all they had to holy purposes and spiritual achievement. As I see this, the largest of all the divisions, from all lands and from all ages, pass in review before the King on the great white throne I am reminded of the wonderful parable of the talents and more especially of my text, "To another one."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 16.

Subject: Jesus Appears to John, Rev. 1: 9-20.—Golden Text, Heb. viii., 8.—Memory Verses, 17, 18.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

9. "I John." John, the author of this book was St. John, the apostle, the son of Zebedee, the beloved disciple, and the author of the four other books of the New Testament that bear his name. "Your brother." A member of the family of God, a Christian. "Companion." "Partner" (R. V.) "In tribulation." A word derived from the threshing of wheat. It took hard blows of sorrow and persecution to separate the chaff from the wheat. John was at this time an exile for Jesus's sake, and had all the reasons other persecuted Christians had for being discouraged. "In the kingdom." He was a member of Christ's kingdom, which was in time to triumph over every enemy. "Patience." Meekly bearing all sufferings for the sake of his Lord and Master. "Patmos." This island is in the Aegean Sea, about seventy miles southwest of Ephesus. "For the word of God," etc. He was banished to this lonely place because he was faithful in expounding and obeying the word of God, and because he testified about Jesus. John was the only apostle who died a natural death; that is, if he ever did die, for John Wesley and others believe that he was translated. John survived all of the other apostles a whole generation. At the time he wrote the Apocalypse, Paul and the other apostles had been dead thirty years; hence John was truly the patriarch of the apostolic age.

10. "In the Spirit." Under the influence of the Spirit, and fired and quickened by the Spirit. "The Lord's day." The day made sacred to all Christians for all time by the resurrection of Jesus from the dead. It was the day of light and salvation. John arrived in Patmos late Saturday evening, spent the night in prayer, and with the opening Sunday morning the glorified Savior opened heaven to his vision. Why is our Sabbath the first day of the week? We see here the apostles kept the first day, and, because of its sanctity, called it the Lord's day. "Behind me," etc. This was his first intimation of the presence of Christ.

11. "Alpha and Omega." These are the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet. This is a figurative expression, used to show that Christ was "the source and the consummation" of all things. He is from eternity to eternity. "What thou seest." The prophetic vision that was revealed to him on that Lord's day. "A book." A parchmental roll. "Seven churches." "Seven" denotes perfection. Doubtless there were hundreds of churches in Asia Minor at that time. The reason why seven only are mentioned is because the church is the bride of Christ, and seven is the sanctified number always representing Christ. Four represents humanity, as man is the king of the world, specified by the cardinal points, north, south, east and west. Three represents divinity—Father, Son and Holy Ghost. Christ is both man and God; therefore, seven symbolizes Christ. "In Asia." This Asia does not have reference to the continent of Asia, nor to Asia Minor, but to a small province in Asia Minor called Asia, of which Ephesus was the capital. "Ephesus." Mentioned first because the church here was the largest and most important.

12. "The voice." He turned to see who it was that spoke, the word "voice" being used to signify the person speaking. "Golden candlesticks." Compare Zech. 4: 2-11. Lampstands would be a better term.

13. "In the midst." Showing Christ's presence among His people. "The Son of man." Compare Dan. 7: 13. This term is used here because His glory might hide from view His oneness of sympathy with His people. "A garment." This is a description of the long robe worn by the high priest. Jesus is our high priest in heaven. "Girt—golden girdle." He was girt around the breast (R. V.) as "a sign of kingly repose." It represented "the breastplate of the high priest, on which the names of His people are engraven."

14. "White like wool." Wool is supposed to be an emblem of eternity. The whiteness signified antiquity, purity and glory. With Christ, His hoary head was no sign of decay. Compare Dan. 7: 9; 10: 6. The whiteness, three times mentioned (white, white wool, snow), is greatly intensified, and denotes unlimited age, even eternity. "His eyes," etc. This certifies His omniscience. The eye is the great receptacle of knowledge, and symbolizes all the senses.

15. "Burnished brass" (R. V.) This denotes His stability and strength. His feet are like brass when in the furnace and subjected to a very great heat. His feet were "strong and steadfast, supporting His own interest, subduing His enemies and treading them to powder." "His voice." Described the same in Ezek. 43: 2. He will make Himself heard; it is a commanding voice that must be obeyed; it is terrible in its denunciation of sin.

16. "In His right hand." The "right hand" is an emblem of power. "Seven stars." These stars are the faithful preachers of the gospel. "A sharp two-edged sword." His word, which both wounds and heals, and strikes at sin on the right hand and on the left. This wonderful sword has two edges, sharp as God's lightning—the edge that saves and the edge that destroys. Compare Heb. 4: 12; Eph. 6: 17. The sharpness of the sword represents the searching power of the word. "As the sun." We know of nothing brighter than the sun shining in its strength. Christ is the true light. John 1: 9.

17. "As dead." His countenance was too bright and dazzling for mortal eyes to behold, and John was completely overpowered with the glory in which Christ appeared. Compare Ezek. 1: 28; Dan. 8: 17. "Right hand upon me." His hand of power and protection, in which the churches were held. "Fear not." There is no occasion to fear when in the presence of Christ.

18. "The living One" (R. V.) The source of all life—the One who possesses absolute life in Himself. "I was dead." I became a man and died as a man; I am the same One you saw expire on the cross. "I am alive." Having broken the bands of death, I am alive "for evermore." "The keys." An emblem of power and authority. "Of death and of hades" (R. V.) Hades is a compound Greek word, meaning the unseen world, and including both heaven and hell. Gehenna is the Greek word which always means hell, and nothing else. Christ has power over life, death and the grave.

19. "Which thou hast seen." The visions he has just seen. "Which are." The actual condition of the seven churches. See chaps. 2 and 3. "Which shall be." In the future of the church.

20. "The mystery." Write the mysterious—the "secret and sacred" meaning of what you have seen. "The angels." The ministers or pastors in charge.

A great record in gunnery has been made by the crew of the new battleship Wisconsin. In target practice from the great thirteen-inch guns down, 137 men proved to be first-class marksmen and 156 second-class out of a crew of 444. This is all the more remarkable in that it is the first cruise of the Wisconsin, and there has scarcely been time to "shake down" her ship's company.

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GOVERNOR Samford died at Tuskaloosa on Tuesday night. A good man and a good Governor has gone from us, and Alabama mourns.

Governor Samford was a native of Georgia and was 57 years old. He removed to Alabama with his father in early life, and the family settled in Lee county. At 17 he enlisted in the Confederate army and served through the war between the states.

In 1878 So the represented the Third Alabama district in Congress, after which he devoted himself entirely to his law practice for several years. He was then elected State Senator and was twice president of the Senate.

In April, 1900, he was nominated by the State Democratic convention for Governor, and was elected in August following. His health broke down early in last October, and afterwards for two or three weeks his death was daily expected. Being physically unable to discharge the duties of the Governorship at the expiration of Johnston's term, December 1, President of the Senate Jelks became acting Governor and remained so until January 1, when Governor Samford took office.

About five weeks ago Governor Samford became so ill that he went to Stafford Springs, Miss., where he remained for two weeks, going from there to Tuscaloosa, where he has remained very ill ever since.

Under the constitution President of the Senate Jelks becomes Governor of the State to hold office until December 1, 1902.—Age-Herald.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The committees began to report last Wednesday. The committee on municipal corporations reported favorably on an ordinance providing that no city, town, county or district shall make debts without authority from the people.

On Friday the committee on executive department reported a substitute for Article V of the constitution of 1875. It provides for a Lieutenant Governor, and extends the term of all executive officers to four years, fixes the salary of the Governor at $5,000 per annum, makes the Commissioner of Agriculture and the Superintendent of Education executive officers, and creates a Board of Pardons and a Board of Conciliation.

On Monday the convention heard an address by Miss Frances Griffin on the right of women to vote.

Tuesday, the first two sections of Article V were adopted by the convention. These are the two sections providing for a Lieutenant Governor, and giving the head of the Agricultural Department the title of Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, and invests the Governor with supreme executive power.

The following ordinances were introduced by Mr. L. H. Reynolds:

Be it ordained by the people of Alabama in convention assembled. That it shall not be lawful for anyone to hire or to cause to work in any factory or other public work, except a farm, any boy under the age of 12 years, or any girl under the age of 14 years. And any person hiring any such boy or girl for such work shall be imprisoned and fined therefor in accordance with a law to be enacted by the General Assembly. And such an act on the part of a corporation shall ipso facto forfeit the charter of said corporation.

That no parent shall receive or appropriate to himself or herself, the wages or earnings of their children, nor shall the earnings of said children be paid over to said parents, put to a guardian, appointed by a court, who shall keep and use such money and earnings for the benefit of the child itself, until discharged by the appointing court Provided, that said guardian shall pay over a portion of said wages to such parents as may be invalids and thereby incapacitated to earn a support. The General Assembly shall enact appropriate legislation to enforce this provision. Referred to committee on corporations.

Be it ordained by the people of Alabama in convention assembled. That Section 5 of Article VIII. of the constitution of the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows:

All laws creating, regulating or affecting boards or officers charged with the duty of registering voters, or of distributing ballots at the polls to the voters, or of recieving, recording or counting votes at elections, shall secure equal representation of the two political parties which, at the general election next preceding that for which such board or officers are to serve, cast the highest and the next highest number of votes. All such boards and officers shall be appointed or elected in such manner as the said parties may publicly make known at least thirty days before the election. Referred to committee on Suffrage and Elections.

Be it ordained by the people of Alabama in convention assembled. That Section 2 of Article VIII, of the constitution of the State of Alabama be amended so as to read as follows:

All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by persons in a representative capacity shall be viva voce. And every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the election officers on the list of votes, opposite the name of the elector who represents the ballot. Any elector may write his name upon the ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. The election officers shall be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in judicial proceedings. Referred to committee on Suffrage and Elections.

Be it ordained by the people of Alabama in convention assembled, that Article VIII of the constitution of the State of Alabama be amended by adding thereto the following as Sections 8 and 9:

Sec. 8. Any person who shall give, or promise, or offer to give, to any elector, any money, reward or other valuable consideration, for his vote at an election or for withholding the same or who shall give or promise to give, such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote or for the withholding thereof, any money, reward, or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election or for withholding the same, shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election; and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause, before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

Sec. 9. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, fraud or willful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding an office of trust or profit in this commonwealth; and any person convicted of willful violation of the election laws, shall in addition to any penalties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely, for a period of ten years. Referred to the committee on suffrage and elections.

THE next State Teacher's examination will be held on first Monday in July, 1901, at Clanton.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

HORSE AND MULE FOUND.

I have taken up, a few days ago, one dark bay mare and one one-eyed bay mule. They will be found at my place about two miles north of Jemison. J. L. SMITH.

Animals That Bloom.

Anemones, sponges, the sea cucumbers and certain other growths which bloom and apparently behave in all respects like plants are really animals.

The petals of the anemone, resembling those of a chrysanthemum, are really tentacles to catch food and put it into the hollow tube which forms the stomach, where it is digested. The sea cucumber has a flattened body. It occasionally moves at a snail's pace over the mud or sand, digging its petals, or arms, into the sludge for food, to obtain which it swallows a fair proportion of mud. It has power to sting and so keeps away its enemies.

The sea lily so exactly resembles the common lily that it is difficult to realize that it is an animal and belongs to the starfish family. It has a stalk two feet long, with a disk for a body. The tentacles close round the disk, which has a mouth, and completes the deceptive likeness. They are the oldest form of animal life on earth, and their fossils are called "stone lilies."

These creatures were believed to be plants and many people still refuse to believe otherwise.

Milk.

An English physician, commenting on the tendency of London bred persons to die young, says that they drink too little milk. Even in the country "milk is not such a common article of diet as it was in past years, and children are not nourished according to hygienic laws."

A new virtue is ascribed to milk by The Practical Druggist, which says it is the best general preventive of the absorption of poison by the human system.

TEETHINA was first used by Dr. Charles J. Moffett, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., in his extensive and successful treatment in Georgia in overcoming the troubles incident to teething and hot summer. TEETHINA (Teething Powders) counteracts the effect of hot weather and keeps the digestive organs in a healthy condition, and has saved the lives of thousands of children in the doctor's native state, where physicians prescribe and all mothers give it, and it is criminal in mothers of our section to allow their babes and little children to suffer and perhaps die when relief can be so easily obtained by giving TEETHINA. It costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

LECTURE.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton will give his interesting lecture on the Holy Land at New Salem, seven miles north of Clanton on the third sunday in June. He has been greeted with large audiences wherever he has lectured and all express themselves gratified with his powers of description.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c. and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co. Trial bottles free.

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One Sunday I called at a cottage in the south of Midlothian and requested a measure of milk, which was promptly handed to me. I offered the woman who attended to my wants a few coppers, but she gurtly responded, "I canna tak siller on a Sawbath!"

I thanked her, and was turning away when she whispered: "Mon, ye can drop the bawbees in that tub wi' the graith (soap suds) in't. I'll get them oot the morn!"—London Chronicle.

Grows on Her.

Inexperienced Parent—I do think a little girl baby is the dearest thing in the world!

Experienced Parent—You'll find she comes a good deal dearer when she's about 20.—Chicago Tribune.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND, THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is due to the fact that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the country we know what you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer and you will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $15.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best sewing Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON, ALA.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for the goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for the goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our $3 PEPPER'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $3 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are responsible and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court convenes in February, first Monday [illegible] first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. Lawson Campbell entertained a few friends at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Cox on Monday night with his new and splendid graphophone. He has a fine lot of pieces, very good.

Miss Kate Freeman has returned to her home at Wetumpka.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. J. H. Patton, of Jemison, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. Lonnie Smith came home from Montgomery Sunday.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Felix Dudley left for Washington City Monday.

Mr. Joseph Johnson is home for the vacation from Howard college.

Col. S. W. Johnson, of Atlanta, who was married in Columbus, Ga., on the 11th to Miss Annie Reeb, arrived in Clanton with his bride on the morning of the 12th and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. A. Matthews.

Mr. John D. Batson, of Rockford, is visiting Clanton this week with a view of establishing a bank here.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep on Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your face of pimples and heals cuts before you know it. Pleasant as perfume and cooling as a breeze from Greenland's icy mountains. Sold by druggists.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Boyd, of Birmingham, are visiting Mrs. Mary Gullahorn, the mother of the latter.

Mrs. S. A. Gartman, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Gullahorn, at Pratt City.

Mr. E. B. Deason is visiting in Birmingham this week.

Mrs. Gamma Anderson has returned home from New Orleans where she has been for several months past.

Dr. W. E. Stewart has gone to Kentucky for his daughter, Miss Alice, who has been attending the Lucasta college.

Do you want a remedy for Fistula or Fever Sores? If so, call on Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and if not satisfied, it will cure it. For sale by druggists at 50c. a bottle.

Miss Ada Johnson, of Birmingham, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Fanny Culp.

Contractor R. A. Moody visited Montgomery Wednesday.

A quiet wedding took place at the court house on Monday evening when Mr. W. F. Longcrier and Miss Roberta Marcus were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Judge Adams. We wish the happy young couple a long and prosperous life together.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every be in days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

Blue pt. bet. 1st and 3d Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. H. C. Latham and Miss Annie Shoults, Mr. W. F. Longcrier and Miss Roberta Marcus.

Colored. Daniel Donigan and Silvia Rush.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, bruises or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It is the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Blisters and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Shoults.

Married at the residence of the bride's father on Thursday, June 6th, Mr. H. C. Latham and Miss Annie Shoults, Rev. P. G. Maness performing the ceremony. The happy couple have lots of friends who tender their congratulations and wish them all possible happiness in their married life.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Commissioners Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April, first Monday in June second Monday in July second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. Lawson Campbelle entertained a few friends at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Curry Monday night with bridge and refreshments. He is very good.

Miss Kate Freeman has returned home from Wetumpka.

Miss [illegible] went to Birmingham [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] Eaton, of Jemison, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. Lonnie Smith came up from Montgomery Sunday.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Felix O. [illegible] left for Washington on Sunday.

Mr. Joseph Johnson is home for a vacation from Howard college.

[illegible] W. Johnson, of Attalla, was married in Columbus, [illegible] with Miss Annie B. [illegible] arrived in Clanton with his bride [illegible] morning of the 12th and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. [illegible] Matthews.

Mr. John D. Bateson, of Rockford, is visiting Clanton this week with a view of establishing a bank here.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep on Dr. Bichenor's Antiseptic convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your face of pimples and heals cuts before you know it. Pleasant as perfume and cooling as a breeze from Greenland's icy mountains. Sold by druggists.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Boyd, of Birmingham, are visiting Mrs. Mary Guilahorn, the mother of the latter.

Mrs. S. A. Gartman, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Guillahorn, at Pratt City.

Mr. E. B. Deason is visiting Birmingham this week.

Mrs. Gemma Anderson has returned home from New Orleans, where she has been for several months past.

Dr. W. L. Stewart has gone to Kentucky for his daughter, Miss Lee, who has been attending the Venita college.

Do you want a remedy for Fistula or Foul Evil in stock? If so, use Dr. Bichenor's Antiseptic as directed, it will cure it. For sale by druggists at 50c. a bottle.

Miss Ada Johnson, of Birmingham, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Anna Culp.

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Colored. Daniel Donigan and [illegible] Bias.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the Acrobat's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Scalds and Tires. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless shewing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everwhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The Banner office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK

BY USING PURE BREED.

THE GOLDEN WYANDOTTE is one of the finest breeds of Fowls. Hens weigh 6 to 8 lbs, Cocks 8 to 10 lbs. They are given up to be better layers and better table fowls than the Plymouth Rocks. Write for prices.

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine promptly relieves La Grippe's grasp and restores health.

When in Clanton don't fail to call at

H. TOURO'S

He has the latest styles in

Millinery, Ladies' and Children's Hats

AND FURNISHING GOODS

LACES, CORSETS AND RIBBONS

The largest stock of MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES of the very latest styles and patterns.

Men'S and Boy's Furnishings--Hats, Shirts, Drawers--Everything.

Toure's prices are right

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NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER 60s.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing, has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Chelton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most apathetic case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES GIVE YOUR HUSBANDS CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effective than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skillful physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, KDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

In order to induce cash trade

Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breech-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,

THORSBY, ALA.

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CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

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THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	81	60 lbs bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES, Clanton.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Pasturage Cheap Cow Feed.

According to some tests made at the Minnesota experiment station, comparing the cost of producing butter by means of silage and pasturage, the silage is shown to be the more expensive feed, the difference amounting to $2.95 per acre.

The Drain Outlets.

Tile drain outlets should be looked after at this season of the year. Trash and silt may have lodged so as to prevent the free flow of water. Stock will often tramp around outlets to drink the warm water flowing out of the tile drain, rather than sip ice water to be found elsewhere. Muskrats will carry trash into the tile occasionally, and pretty effectively stop up the drain. A screen wire, with inch meshes fastened securely over the mouth of the drain, will prevent any trouble from muskrats or other animals entering the drain. We have known rabbits, when hard pressed, to enter the mouth of drains when little water is flowing and go up so far as not to be able to return, die and stop up the drain. Half inch iron rods driven into the earth firmly one inch or more apart will be effective in keeping out varmints.—Drainage Journal.

Use of Special Milking Pails.

In speaking of the recent Indiana dairy conference on the necessity of keeping milk clean, Professor C. H. Eckles, of Ames, said that it is not unusual for a spoonful of milk to contain as many bacteria as the entire population of the United States. The flavor of the butter depends upon the species of bacteria. In summer, when the cows sleep out of doors, the beneficent bacteria general dominate, but when milked in the barn in winter unclean germs fall into the pail and propagate rapidly in the warm milk. To keep them from dominating starters should be used to start the right kind of fermentation. He showed pail covers which protect the pails in great degree while milking is being done and keep filth germs from falling into the milk. By actual count he had found that fourteen times as many germs fell into the open pail as into the pail measurably protected in this manner. He said straining will not keep away bad results, as the milk filters through the lodged particles in the strainer and is tained.

Profit in Some Calves.

Many farmers with but two or three cows that drop their calves at different periods, find it profitable to allow them to run with the cows for three or four weeks. They can be sold to the local butcher at from four to six cents per pound live weight. As they usually weigh from 125 to 150 pounds each, it makes a sum greater than could be obtained from butter made from the cows during the same period.

Cows liable to inflamed udder are not troubled if the calf is allowed to run with them continually. Feeding several times per day the calf does not allow the udder to become full. With Jerseys or other small breeds the profit is not so great, as the live weight at selling time is nearly fifty pounds less than a Durham or Holstein at the same age. It is almost as much trouble to attend to the milk from one cow as from two or three. It takes just as long to do the churning and care for the butter, hence by the vealing plan this matter can, in a measure, be regulated if the herd consists of several cows.—John C. Wickham, in Orange Judd Farmer.

How to Bridge Brooks.

Many farms are cut up by one or more small streams, the majority of which flow through pastures and have to be crossed by cattle morning and night. Unless the necessary "fords" are bridged, there is pretty sure to be a muddy crossing, and in that case cows are liable to get their udders badly soiled, with consequent trouble at milking time. It hardly pays to build a regular modern bridge, however; it costs too much and is not durable enough, especially under such conditions as usually exist in pasture streams. Rather should the simple affairs be resorted to shown in the illustration. Stout posts are set at an angle against each other, thus bracing one another perfectly, and over these are laid rough logs, the remaining space being filled in with dirt. Grass will soon grow over all, and keep the soil from washing, and this will add to the attractiveness as well as durability of the bridge. Such a bridge can be built strong enough to drive over with heavy loads.—F. O. Sibley, in Ohio Farmer.

BRIDGE OVER A FARM BROOK.

Number of Bees in a Colony.

The number of bees in a colony varies greatly considering all the four seasons. Perhaps in early spring a fair colony will not contain over 1000 or 1500 bees. There is no doubt that the number of bees in a colony has been to some extent over-estimated. Many have it that a colony in early spring has double the number given above, and when the season comes that they show their greatest strength, they are frequently put at from 50,000 to 75,000, etc. I am slow to believe a colony reaches this number, and I think that half the above number will cover the average colony. It is very true that exceptional colonies can be made to reach an immense number by preventing swarming.

A hive may be doubled in number and may be made to reach 75,000 readily by preventing it from swarming, and even these figures may be increased, but this is not a natural colony and should not be taken into consideration when the usual estimate is given of a normal colony. A good swarm of bees are said to weigh six or eight pounds. There is also said to be about 3000 bees in a pound, if they are not filled with honey, but as a bee can carry its own weight of honey, it would then seem that if filled with honey there would be half the number, which would be about 1500.

Almost every swarm carries with them as much honey as they possibly can, and we all know they are loaded down to the lowest capacity, so that if we deduct one-half for honey, we have a total of one-half the number of pounds, which is from three to four pounds, or about 10,000 or 12,000 bees. Such a swarm of bees will, when hived, seem to be a fair-sized colony, with exception of the combs being filled with brood, of course.—A. H. Duff, in Farm, Field and Fireside.

Weeds in Clover.

A friend tells of having a clover field that is full of "pigeon wheat." He does not want this to get ripe. He asks whether, if he cuts the clover early, before the wheat gets ripe, it will seed again in the second crop clover. He would plow the field in the spring and thus get rid of the pest, only he needs the clover for hay, and it would break up his rotation. Well, my friend, you have got me this time. I do not remember ever hearing of pigeon wheat. We have what we call pigeon grass, but I do not think you mean that. But it doesn't make much difference. This is what I should do: Mow the clover for hay before the pest is far enough advanced to ripen the seed. Then do the same with the second crop. Thus you will have hay and keep your rotation.

If you must cut the clover a little early you will have the consolation of knowing that what hay you make will be extra choice, almost equal to wheat bran, ton for ton, if nicely cured. This will make up for any loss in weight. You may be able to mow it three times, if season is wet, and get three crops of rich rowan. In Holland, the home of the Holstein cow, the grass is always cut when not more than ten or twelve inches high, when it is a complete food by itself, almost. Little grain is needed with it, and another crop soon grows in that moist land. Thus the cows have dried grass in winter, not hay, as it is commonly used in this country. When American farmers get over their rush somewhat, and have more time to study, grass and clover for cows, young cattle and sheep, will not be allowed to get as far advanced as it usually does now, before it is cut.—T. B. Terry, in Practical Farmer.

Comfort in Gardens.

I was born and brought up in the city, but my folks had quite a large garden just outside the city walls, and a little bit of a garden back of the dwelling house, and our neighbors had gardens and yards of their own, too, and in every one of these gardens, large and small, there was at least one summer house, vine-clad and shrub-surrounded. These summer houses

A PRETTY SUMMER HOUSE.

were in most cases constructed of lattice-work, in a simple and cheap manner, with an open roof, the grapevines or other running plants climbing up on the sides and over the roof. In an uncle's garden the summer house was placed against the wall on the north, or further, end of the lot, and choicest grapevines were trained along the walls on both sides, and covered the summer house so [illegible] that there was a real cozy [illegible] any member of the family looking for a chance to rest, read or enjoy the luscious fruit of the vines. Many happy hours of my early boyhood have I spent in these summer houses. In all of them we had a table in the centre, with chairs or benches around it, and here we would play, or enjoy the fruits of the season, usually standing in a big fruit dish in the middle of the table, or read a paper or book, or write letters, or take our coffee and lunch. Old country people, in short, take time for comfort and for the enjoyment of the good things of life. On this side of the big water, in our anxiety to acquire the means to live, we forget to live and to enjoy life. I know that the summer house has added much to my pleasures in early life and to my love for home and family, and I believe that it is worth while to make use of so inexpensive means of adding to our children's pleasures and comforts and to their appreciation of home. This was the chief object I had in view in making my plea for summer houses.—Farm and Fireside.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

The Natal Stones.

The birth stones for the various months are as follows: For January, the garnet; February, the amethyst or pearl; March, the jasper, amethyst or hyacinth; April, the sapphire or diamond; May, the agate; June, the emerald; cat's eye or turquoise; July, the onyx; September, the chrysolite or sapphire and diamond; October, the opal or sapphire; November, the topaz or pearl; and December, the ruby or bloodstone.

These birth stones, worn in the form of pins, rings or charms, are supposed to bring health and prosperity and to guard the wearer from harm and danger.—American Queen.

Homes for Unmarried Women.

Sweden and Norway both boast a number of homes for unmarried women. One of these is especially attractive. It was endowed more than 200 years ago by a man who left the bulk of his fortune to his spinster descendants. The home is managed by salaried trustees, and the unmarried woman who can prove kinship to the founder is entitled to a home there. Each inmate has a private suite of rooms, servants and meals. She is subject to no rules other than those demanded at any first-class hotel. In Denmark a celibacy insurance company has been organized. If the holder of a policy is unmarried at 40 she receives a life annuity. If she marries before that time she forfeits her premiums.

Governess to Queen Alexandra.

Few people speak the English language more beautifully than Queen Alexandria, although it is not her native tongue. The first and only teacher of English to the Danish royal maiden was Miss Mathilde Knudsen, a Danish West Indian, born on King Christian's lovely little island of St. Croix, where her father was a planter. Among Miss Knudsen's other pupils were the Dowager Empress of Russia, the Duchess of Cumberland, Prince Waldemar, and four of the Crown Prince's children. Miss Knudsen, now in the evening of her life, resides in the fashionable quarter of Copenhagen near the royal palace of Amalienborg. On her frequent visits to England she has always been entertained by the late Queen Victoria, and the tokens of esteem which have been bestowed upon her by her royal imperial pupils have been numerous.

Summer Girl's Footwear.

The summer girl will wear shoes off the black, almost exclusively, and her favorite color will be the bright shades of tan. There is something material and suggestive of the golden slippers of song fame in a light shoe, while in a black shoe there is nothing particularly attractive, unless it be in the shape, the neatness, the size and the manner in wearing. Women with unattractive feet can, sometimes, put on a tan shoe with very good results.

The summer girl of 1901 will cling to black stockings, but they will be stockings that will be trimmed. They are clocking the stockings again and are running the clocks very high and finishing them with an embroidered flower. A straight clocking, running from the ankle up above the calf, say in a plain yellow with the clock not over three threads wide, is finished with an embroidered daisy. The daisy must be so high up that there will be no danger of its showing when the skirt is lifted.

The colored stocking is very pretty, but the summer girl will lay it aside for house wear.

New Styles in Weddings.

A new fashion in wedding dresses seems likely to become popular, writes Lady Violet Greyville in the London Graphic. The Duchess of Westminster wore an empire marriage gown of fine white net embroidered with silver over soft white silk, and a lace veil, and the effect was lovely if somewhat theatrical. Nothing in reality suits a bride better than the old-fashioned satin, lace and orange blossoms and the soft tulle veil. Lady Beatrice Butler was of this opinion, and she preferred ivory-white satin, trimmed with chiffon. Brussels lace, and a garniture of white violets. Her veil was also of lace, but she carried no bouquet. The French "mariee" is invariably simply dressed, however, high her rank in society may be. Mme. Deschanel, the beautiful young wife of the president of the French chamber, was married recently in a plain dress of white satin, with an immense train; it had no trimming but orange blossoms. On her head was placed a tulle veil and a small wreath of orange blossoms, while not a single jewel adorned her neck.

Why Women Fail in Business.

To the question, "Why do women fail in business?" the secretary of a woman's employment bureau in London recently said: "Not long ago I set myself to solve that problem. I had before me the particulars of some 250 girls and women for whom a certain society had been unable to find work. In nearly 100 of these cases want of training was set down as the chief reason that work could not be found. Of another 50 deficient education was the main hindrance. I think some women fail in business for these reasons—want of training, which is another name for lack of experience, and deficient education. If insufficient experience prevents a girl from being accepted as a clerk or nursery governess, how much more likely it is to prevent a woman from holding her own when she attempts in the face of commercial competition to establish any kind of business for herself. To master a business properly one should begin at the bottom and work upward. It is a fatal mistake to try to learn a business from the top, and those who have committed the blunder by constituting themselves employers and mistresses of large enterprises have often fallen to the bottom more abruptly than was pleasant. A girl's education should be both thorough and general, though it need not for commercial purposes be scholarly. She also needs preparation for the special kind of business which she intends to adopt. With this dowry and an average amount of mother wit a girl has little to fear. Indeed, I consider that in many manufacturing and commercial enterprises she has now an especially good prospect of success.——Chicago Record-Herald.

Novelties for the Neck.

The collarettes of the spring are improved editions of the boas of the fall. There are collarettes with ends that drop to one's toes and collarettes with no ends. Some of them fasten in front, some behind and some at one side. One of the newest and prettiest is of pale mauve pineapple-plaited silk muslin, edged with quillings of white tulle, made with long jabot streamers in a series of over deep lapping flounces, and diversified with little flat blue silk roses, set on to the pineapple-plaited surface at artistic intervals.

Another specimen is made in the form of two huge Tudor ruffs of tulle. The first is cream white laid upon one of equally full Jacqueminot red tulle and finished with double ropes of changeable red and white silk chenille. From Paris come evening boas made all of huge silk peonies. Silver cords hang nearly to the feet in front and are weighted at the bottom with peonies, one of which has inner stiffened petals that at the wearer's need can be transformed into a fan.

A goodly number of these neck ornaments are broadened out, in the centre of the back and on the shoulders, to serve as small fancy capes when the wearer drives, or requires a bit of a wrap after dancing. Costly and beautiful ones are made in the form of separate stitched silk leaves, upon which fall frills of fine lace, and the streamers in front are long ends of accordion-plaited chiffon covered with lace and held at intervals with oranmental circlets of brilliant paste. Beautiful as are the ostrich feather boas, they no longer retain their hold on feminine affection unless the feathers are intermingled with artificial flowers and lace. This is a degradation of their beauty, but for the present plumes are commonplace and hackneyed to a degree, and only the milliner who is more or less of a genius at combinations can make the woman accept the feathers under any guise.

A very conspicuous boa is made of silver tissue roses from which dangle a dozen or more fine silver chains with rhinestones fastened at inch intervals in their links. When worn with a black gown this silver collar is bound to produce an effect.—New York Sun.

FASHION NOTES

Pretty novelty hatpins have cherries or strawberries for heads.

An attractive feature of the season's packets is the little, cloth bolero to wear with foulards.

Ribbon velvet is the first favorite in trimming, and summer gowns of every texture will be adorned with row upon row.

Fashion reserves continual surprises for us. Now it is announced that tailor-made garments for summer are to be of taffetas, tammy and even foulard.

Grass linen and the silk and linen thin mixtures are once more in high favor, in a variety of styles. Stripes, cross lines in large squares and embroidery all appear and are equally pretty.

Traveling dust coats of black taffeta have a place in the fashionable summer outfit. The prettiest are tucked nearly all over, but the tucks add weight and warmth, neither of which is desirable.

Separate skirts of silk are in favor once more, with black taffeta in the ascendant. For the summer, however, the revived chameleon tinted silk will be largely used, with velvet ribbon and lace ruffles for trimming.

Summer velvets show metallic effects in stripes and flowers; pannes are as light as satin, and are used in combination with silk, satin and cloth wool barege comes in all-over embroidered floral effects, in white or colored grounds.

Fancy galons are exceedingly popular, and most beautiful. Gold, silver and copper threads often are interwoven in the ground, and the designs are in medallion form, or figures of classic subjects. Others are in open-work patterns made of dull gold.

The fashion of buttoning fancy waists in the back has extended to the shirtwaist, inconvenient as the mode seems. However, as buttons are used for fastening, it is not so impracticable as it seems, for slender, supple women. And, surely, no others should attempt it.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

Picnic Day.

Are you coming to the picnic
In the wilds so fair and gay,
Eating, drinking, sleeping, thinking
Of the joys of picnic day?

Are you coming to the picnic
In the dreamy woods to stay
Where we spend the time in pleasure,
On that blessed picnic day?

Are you coming to the picnic
Coming where the robins sing
Hearing birds and children's voices
Through the woods so sweetly ring?

Soon our picnic days are over,
Soon our childish sports are o'er,
And the ones we met so often
Are the ones we meet no more.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Loyal Little American.

A teacher who spent her vacation abroad tells the following story

One of her fellow passengers on the steamship that brought her home was a little boy about 10 years old. As the steamship approached New York the child grew exultantly happy and every little while he would say: "We're almost home now." He talked of the various objects they passed as though he were really quite at home. Finally the teacher said: "Do you live in New York?"

"No," answered he. "I live in St. Paul, Minn."

Miss L. remarked: "St. Paul! You are still a long way from home."

"This is just as good as home," said the loyal little fellow, "it's America."

The young traveler's patriotism so pleased the Columbus woman that she asked him about his travels, and learned why he was so glad to see America. He had been in Europe over six months, a part of which time had been spent in school in Sweden. He had seen much that was interesting in the different European countries, but was as pleased as he could possibly be on once more seeing his native land and stoutly declared that America was "the best country in the world."—Presbyterian.

Faster Than the Wind.

There are some parodoxes in physics that never grow old. By the time one generation gets through worrying over them another generation is ready to take them up, and so the interest they excite is perpetual, and the problems themselves are always new.

One of these problems is contained in the statement that a sailing vessel can sail faster than the wind that drives it. If it be moving directly before the wind it cannot, from the very nature of the case, have a greater speed than the wind itself; as a matter of fact, it will move more slowly than the wind on account of the resistance offered by the water. But if it move in a direction a few points off the direction of the wind it will move more rapidly than the latter.

A very simple illustration will make the matter clear. Place a ball at one side of a billiard table, and, with a cue held lengthwise, push the ball across to the other side, keeping the cue in contact with the ball all the time. Let the cue represent the wind, and the ball represent the vessel. Now, it is evident that the ball will not move more rapidly than the cue; on the contrary, they will move at exactly the same speed. But a vessel sailing directly before the wind would not move quite so fast as the wind, because the resistance of the water would retard it.

Now, imagine a groove cut diagonally across the table from the near left-hand corner to the far right hand corner. Place the ball in the left hand end of the groove and against it place the cue, held lengthwise, and push it across the table as before. The ball will travel along the grove and along the cue at the same time, and will reach the right hand end of the groove—across the table—in exactly the time that it takes the cue to move across. But as the ball travels much farther in going diagonally across the table than the cue does in going straight across, and as they reach the other side in the same time, it is evident that the ball travels faster than the cue does. In the same way a vessel, moving at an angle with the wind, sails faster than the wind that impels it.—Philadelphia Record.

Queer Meals in War Time.

When the Germans besieged Paris in 1870 they did it so thoroughly that the inhabitants of that city were soon hard pressed for food. Every one planted little gardens in window boxes, quite using up the seedmen's stocks in the effort to raise lettuce, radishes and asparagus, after a plan proposed by a learned member of the academy, while others tried to live on gelatin extracted from bones—another academician's scheme, which reduced some experimenters to bones without a trace of gelatin in them. Toward the middle of the siege—which lasted five months—horses, dogs, cats, canary birds and pet parrots were sold for food, and the lions, tigers, elephants and kangaroos from the public gardens brought high prices at the butcher shops.

One night when even the rich had been reduced to this sort of fare, there was a dispute between an Englishman and a French army officer. The former maintained that nothing could be made to take the place of good, wholesome beef, pork and mutton, while the latter held that all things could be made savory and nourishing in the hands of a master cook—that he himself knew enough of cooking to make a dinner of anything that came to his saucepans. As a test he offered to serve a dinner for the Englishman, the latter to eat without asking questions. He would guarantee the food would be tempting. Two [illegible] afterward the secret of the meal would be revealed.

The invitation was accepted, the pair sat down to table the following afternoon. They were served by an armed soldier servant, and those who had taken part in the repast, and who passed the dishes before them with [illegible] of pride and satisfaction, found a stew tasting strongly of some vegetable that had grown [illegible] to be procured only in Paris. The next course was a [illegible] macaroni, cooked in a manner [illegible] a prince. Then there [illegible] rabbit, brown and [illegible] dozen larks, almost [illegible] sauce. When the [illegible] Englishman declared [illegible] eaten better food, and particularly care [illegible] gone into its composition.

But two days after [illegible] the French officer [illegible] the secrets of his [illegible] had been made of rat[illegible] had caught around [illegible]. The butter used in cooking the dishes was nothing [illegible] marrow, extracted [illegible] the horse butchers were [illegible] away. Joseph knew a [illegible] paring it with saffron [illegible] licious butterine. The [illegible] was a large tomcat [illegible] had prepared after a [illegible] own while the dish of [illegible] posed of mice which [illegible] had very generously [illegible] in a large warehouse [illegible] employed. Only the [illegible] roni had been genuine [illegible] pieces obtained for the [illegible] at a shop where a small [illegible] mained.

In the Ant World.

When the summer vacation comes every boy and girl who goes into the country will some day come upon a colony of ants, either in the woods or along the roadside. If you have never watched the little creatures I would you to do so, every time you come across them, for they are a most interesting study.

Sir John Lubbock, as well as other scientists, has studied them, and these men all tell us wonderful and interesting stories about their life and life. A certain Frenchman says he has discovered that ants have a language of their own, and understand their meaning to each other by signs. This he proved to himself by taking up a number of them in a glass and holding it to the ear, as you would a watch, when the various signals could be distinctly heard.

An English scientist who has made a profound study of these little creatures says: "In their modes of living different species of ants have several peculiarities. Some are much less military than others, some have the power of distinguishing sounds and are highly sensitive to vibration. When we watch an ant hill swarming by thousands of industrious inhabitants, excavating chambers, building tunnels, making roads, guarding their homes, gathering food, feeding their young, tending their domestic animals, and even farming—each one filling its duty industriously and without confusion—it is difficult almost not to deny them the gift of reason."

Another close observer of these creatures says that he once saw a column of small black ants moving from one to more commodious quarters. The distance was over 700 feet, and every ant was laden with a piece of household goods. Some carried their eggs, the cocoon stage of the ant, and some had food. "I watched them for over an hour," says, "and I noticed that every two met on the way they would place their heads close together, as if kissing one another, and no matter how often the meeting took place the same thing occurred, as though a password was necessary. To prove more of it, I killed one that was on the way. Others which were eye witnesses of the murder went with speed and every ant they met this talking took place as before. But instead of a pleasant greeting it was sad news they had to communicate. I knew this by the sad news, for every ant that the messengers met hastily turned about and fled in another course. The news spread, and it was true. How was it communicated if not by speech?"

Young naturalists cannot find anything more fascinating than the study of ant habits; but murder, even of an ant, is not necessary in these studies, save to preserve a few specimens to assure one of the accuracy of such study. An ingenious and true lover of nature delights to devise means for such study that do not require any cruelty.

Taming an ant would seem an almost impossible feat, but it has been accomplished by the Father Wasmann, who keeps many different tribes of ants in artificial nests. He gradually trained one of the ants to come after its food, until finally it would take the honey directly from the tip of his finger, after which it allowed itself to be lifted on a card and carried back to the nest.—New York Tribune.

A Dude of 1770.

From a newspaper printed in the year 1770 is the following description of a dandy: "A few days since a macaroni made his appearance at the assembly rooms at Wh[illegible] dressed in a mixed silk coat, satin waistcoat and breeches, [illegible] with an elegant silk net, white stockings with pink clocks, [illegible] shoes and large pearl buckles, [illegible] mushroom; colored stock, [illegible] fine point lace; hair dressed [illegible] hly high and stuck full of pins."

Black Hair

"I have used your Hair Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years and it never fails to do this work, either.

You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

PRICE, 25c.

LIVERINA

Stimulates the LIVER. Corrects the BOWELS.

Made and Guaranteed by GAY, HARDIE & DURR, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH CURE

Am. N. U., No. 24, 1901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; quick relief and cures worst cases. Send 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

THE WIND PLAYS HAVOC.

VALUABLE CURIO FROM CHINA SENT TO WASHINGTON.

A GEORGIA SHERIFF UPHOLDS THE LAW.

Cigarettes Did It — Tariff Revision—Conger for Governor Lexington Has a Fire - Suicide of Bank Robber—Wrecked Explosives

THE LOCK AND KEY

Of Pekin's Forbidden City to be Exhibited.

The National Museum at Washington will soon place on exhibition the lock and key to the front gate of the Forbidden City in Pekin, China. The Chinese inscription on the lock will be translated. The lock is a cumbrous affair three feet ten inches long, and has four tumblers. The key is of iron and about four feet long. The lock and key were sent through Minister Conger as a gift to the National Museum by the Rev. W. T. Hobart, a Methodist missionary in China.

TENNESSEE TRAGEDY.

J. H. Wright late on Friday afternoon shot and perhaps mortally wounded A. J. Hunt near Randolph, Tenn., and killed A. L. Brumley shortly after shooting Hunt. It is claimed that Wright sent word to Hunt and a man named Booth that he was going to kill them. Hunt had gone to his stable to saddle his horse to go to Randolph and communicate with Sheriff Laderdale, when he was shot in the back and right hip by Wright. Wright immediately went to Booth's house, and after killing Brumley, disappeared in Sugar Creek bottoms. It is supposed that Wright mistook Brumley for Booth. Hunt is still alive, but his condition is critical.

RAGED FOR TWO HOURS.

Lexington, Ky., Has a Big Fire. Loss $80,000.

It was feared for some time on Friday that Lexington, Ky., would be laid in ashes. A fire originated in a negro cabin and as a furious wind was blowing the fire spread with such rapidity that few household furnishings were saved. Several children were seriously but not fatally burned. Twenty-three houses, mostly tenements, were totally destroyed with their contents. The loss approximates $80,000. Only about one-third of the property was insured.

STUDENTS AND POLICE CLASH.

Students of the University of Tennessee and five city policemen engaged in a fight Friday at Knoxville, in which numerous shots were exchanged but no one was hurt. The riot grew out of an attempt of the police to quell recent student disturbances with cannon. The police were called on by the commandant to stop the disturbances. This enraged the students who attacked the policemen, firing on them from behind trees on the campus and showering them with stones. The riot was not broken up until after midnight.

FITZHUGH LEE, JR., WOUNDED.

In a battle with the insurgents at Lipa, province of Batangas, Lieutenant Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., and five enlisted men of the Twenty-first Infantry were wounded. A captain and lieutenant of the same regiment were killed.

WANTS TARIFF REVISED.

The National Association of Manufacturers, at its annual session just closed in Detroit, adopted a resolution reading in part as follows:

"The object of tariff legislation should be to furnish adequate protection to such products only as require it, without providing for monopoly abuses. The tariff on goods, of which the cost of production is higher in the United States than in foreign countries, should be at least what is necessary to compensate domestic industry for the higher cost for production.

LOUISIANA HAS A CYCLONE.

A terrific cyclone passed across the extreme northwestern corner of Opelousas, La., Friday afternoon and almost completely demolished the extensive buildings of the Saint Landry cotton oil mill, killed a white boy aged 14 and seriously injured another, completely demolished three residences and damaged a portion of the office building of the Opelousas Ice Co. The path of the cyclone was about 400 feet wide.

EASTERN OKLAHOMA

Laid Waste by a Devastating Tornado.

The most severe storm since the opening of Oklahoma visited the territory Friday night. Its fury centured in a cyclone at about 6:30 p. m., which formed near the Kansas state line, and taking a southeasterly course, was most disastrous in Kay county. The town of Eddy was struck and every building in the place levelled to the ground except the railroad station and elevator. Flying lumber was scattered for miles. Three persons were killed and seven badly injured. Fine fields of wheat in the midst of harvest were laid waste. The tail end of the tornado fell with terrible force upon Tonkawa. Thirty dwellings and business houses were scattered like so much loose lumber. The country below did not suffer much from the storm except by washouts, a stiff wind and hail, which damaged wheat and fruit. The financial loss is about $100,000.

LOVE AFFAIRS.

Two Stories of Men and Their Sweethearts.

Nels Nelson, a farm hand, near Kingston, stung by the refusal of Mrs. John Ledig, a widow, to become his wife, shot and instantly killed her, seriously injuring her sister, Mrs. Peter Wing, and with an armed posse in pursuit blew out his brains.

Frank Taylor, of Oxford, despondent because his sweetheart married another man, attempted to drown himself in a tank of blood in a slaughter house at Pontiac, Mich., on Friday. He was assisting in killing cattle and when the tank in which the blood was retained became full, he jumped in. He was rescued.

BANK ROBBER SUICIDES

Rather than go to the penitentiary and serve a twenty-one years' sentence for the robbery of a bank in Aurora, Ont., Frank Rutledge committed suicide by jumping over the balustrade encircling a gallery in the jail at Toronto. He fell thirty feet, striking his head on the stone floor and fracturing his skull. He died without regaining consciousness. The suicide is the last of a series of sensational incidents connected with the arrest of three noted robbers.

CONGER NOMINATED.

Reports from the primaries in Iowa are favorable to ex-Minister Conger as the nominee for governor over A. B. Cummings, the only other candidate. Madison, the home of both candidates gave Conger the preference.

TRUE TO HIS TRUST.

Georgia Sheriff Shoots Four Men in Defending a Prisoner.

A mob of 300 white men broke into the jail at Carrollton, Ga., Friday in attempting to lynch a negro murderer. In front of the negro's cell the mob was confronted by Sheriff Merrill, revolver in hand. A fight ensued in which the sheriff shot and wounded four men, one of them, it believed, fatally, and another seriously. The mob fired on the sheriff, but he escaped injury. The governor ordered out the troops and had the negro carried to Atlanta for safe keeping.

Now the French seem to have come awake to the importance of American trade. That is a conclusive sign of the serious nature of the outlook from the European point of view.

A CAR OF DYNAMITE.

Was In This Terrible Railroad Wreck.

While a freight train was taking water at Vestal, ten miles west of Binghamton, N. Y., Saturday night it was run into by a freight. In a car of the stationary train was a quantity of dynamite which exploded. Six men were killed, three others are thought to be in the wreck, and a number of others are badly injured. The remainder of the crews escaped with slight injuries. The explosion completely demolished four freight cars. The shock was felt three miles.

The Colorado board of pardons has commuted to eighteen years the life sentence of E. O'Kelly, the man who killed Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James. O'Kelly has but four years to serve.

The Mobile & Ohio office at Sparta, Ill., was robbed last Friday night by two masked men, who bound and gagged the night operator and locked him in a box car. The safe was blown and $300 secured.

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If you do you should send your name and address on a postal card for a
WINCHESTER
GUN CATALOGUE. IT'S FREE.
It illustrates and describes all the different Winchester Rifles, Shotguns and Ammunition, and contains much valuable information. Send at once to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

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$3. & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
Most worth of W. L. Douglas $5 and $6.00 shoes in $4 to $6. Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.
It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe it is the fitting that have planted the best style, insure a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Constipation
is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of
CRAB ORCHARD WATER
the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.
Sold by all druggists. Look for Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.
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Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.
LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"Oh, Promise Me."

Oh, promise me that when I am your bride
And we begin housekeeping side by side,
Oh, promise me wherever we may roam
That I shall do the marketing for home.
All that we eat I certainly must choose,
And I insist we LION COFFEE use,
I want it for its perfect purity,
So promise me—oh, promise me!

Oh, promise me that for our comfort's sake,
Each morning LION COFFEE I can make,
And when the luncheon hour is near at hand
Again I'll need a cup of LION brand.
At night when you come home, my dear, to dine
A cup of LION COFFEE must be mine;
No brand can healthier or better be—
So promise me—oh, promise me!

You know that LION COFFEE is not glazed—
In millions of good homes 'tis often praised;
'Tis in the bean—the package weighs a pound;
Inside, a Premium List is always found.
And I will save the lion heads outside
To earn the useful presents they provide.
This is one pledge I will exact of thee—
So promise me—oh, promise me!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

How Are Your Bowels?

About the first thing the doctor says--
Then, "Let's see your tongue."
Because bad tongue and bad bowels go together. Regulate the bowels, clean up the tongue. We all know that this is the way to keep and look well.
You can't keep the bowels healthy and regular with purges or bird-shot pills. They move you with awful gripes, then you're worse than ever.
Now what you want is Cascarets. Go and get them today--Cascarets--in metal box--cost 10c. Take one! Eat it like candy, and it will work gently--while you sleep. It cures, that means it strengthens the muscular walls of the bowels, gives them new life. Then they act regularly and naturally. That's what you want. It's guaranteed to be found in
THE TONIC LAXATIVE
Cascarets
LIVER TONIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c.
ALL DRUGGISTS.
NEVER SOLD IN BULK.
CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.
GUARANTEED TO CURE. Five million people use CASCARETS yearly. Over six million boxes a year, greater than any other medicine in the world. The Cascarets proved a great success, and our best testimonial. We have data and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded, for long tongue, sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness, constipation, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after taking one box, return the empty box and the empty box by mail, or the dealer from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for the box. Take our advice, no matter what ails you—don't delay—do it to-day. Health will quickly follow. CASCARETS. Book from druggists or STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.

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Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either.
You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.
$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.
If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to us and we will express a bottle to you and give the name of your express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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LIVERINA
Stimulates the LIVER,
Corrects the BOWELS.
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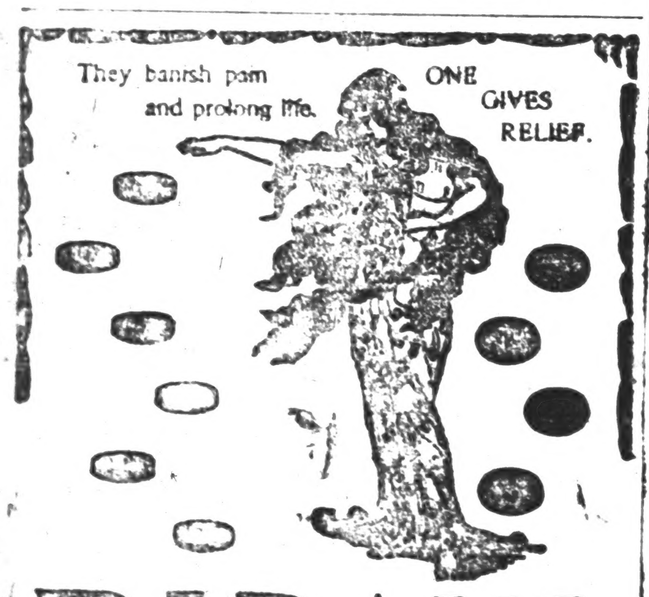

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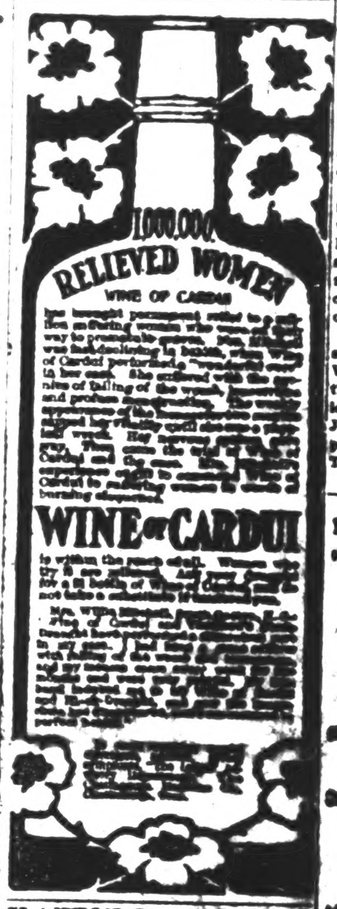

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General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Johnny Suspects His Pa.

"Pa," said Johnny, looking up from his book, "what is the meaning of 'metempsychosis?'"

A look of confusion suddenly overspread pa's countenance, but it was only for a moment.

"'Metempsychosis,' Johnny, means—it means—but if I should tell you you would very soon forget the meaning. Look in the dictionary for it yourself, and then you will be more likely to remember. Information that comes without effort seldom lingers in the memory."

Half an hour or so later Johnny sought the dictionary in the library. When he got there he found pa with the dictionary open at "Met." Doubtless it was merely a coincidence, but Johnny could not help thinking that his pa was something of a fraud.—Boston Transcript.

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TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Chilton County.

By virtue of decrees rendered by the Probate Court, at the May Term of said county, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court house door, in Clanton, said county, within the legal hours of sale, on

MONDAY JUNE 17, 1901

the following described real estate for the taxes and costs due thereon for the year 1900, to wit:

BEAT NO. 1

Owner Unknown, ne ¼ of sw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, s ½ of se ¼ sec 12 tp 23 r 13, se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 7 tp 23 r 14; w ½ of sw ¼ and se ¼ of sw ¼ sec 21 tp 23 r 14; tax and costs $4.57

John H. Randall, n ½ of sw ¼ sec 2 tp 23 r 12; se ¼ of ne ¼, s ½ of se ¼, ne ¼ of se ¼ sec 30 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of nw ¼ sec 16 tp 24 r 13, tax and costs $10.45

BEAT NO. 4

N. L. S. Lunsford, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 and w ½ of nw 1-4, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4 and s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 24 r 14, se 1-4 of se 1-4 and sw ¼ of ne 1-4, e ½ of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 e ½ of se 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4 and se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 20 tp 23 r 14, ne 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 12 tp 23 r 13, ne 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 1 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of ne 1-4 and ne 1-4 of nw 1-4, s ½ of nw 1-4, n ½ of s ½, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, s ½ of ne 1-4 sec 2 tp 23 r 14; s ½ of ne 1-4, se 1-4 and s ½ of sw 1-4 sec 3 tp 23 r 14; n ½ of sec 10 tp 23 r 14, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 13 tp 24 r 13, n 1-4 and e ½ of se 1-4, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13, n ½ of ne 1-4 sec 27 tp 24 r 13, all of sec 36 tp 24 r 13, less ne ¼ of se ¼ and se ¼ of se ¼ of sw 1-4, also w 1-2 of sw 1-4 of se 1-4; ne 1-4 and s ½ of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 15 tp 24 r 14, ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 17 tp 24 r 14; s 1-2 of nw 1-4, nw 1-4 of se 1-4 and ne 1-4 sec 19 tp 24 r 14; ne 1-4 and e 1-2 of nw 1-4, s 1-2 sec 21 tp 24 r 14; n 1-2 and n 1-2 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of sw 1-4, n 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 14; se 1-4 and e 1-2 of sw 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and n 1-2 sec 25 tp 24 r 14; all sec 27 tp 24 r 14; all sec 29 tp 24 r 14, tax and costs $96.38

BEAT NO. 5

Morris & Debardeleben, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 17 tp 20 r 14, tax and costs $3.79

Mrs. Mary A. McDaffee, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17, tax and costs $8.90

Owner Unknown, nw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 3 tp 30 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, ne 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 1 tp 20 r 16; tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 33 tp 21 r 16, tax and costs $3.72

Owner Unknown, w 1-2 of se 1-4, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 35 tp 21 r 16, tax and costs $6.02

Owner Unknown, se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 31 tp 21 r 17; tax and costs $3.72

BEAT NO. 8

Mrs. V. H. Gandy, one lot in Dixie, Ala., on s side of public road and west side of railroad, tax and costs $3.26

J. H. Martin, s 1-2 of sw 1-4, w 1-2 of se 1-4 sec 32 tp 25 r 14, tax and costs $4.89

T. J. LUBBARD,
Tax Collector.

Generous Great Britain.

Britain's "earth hunger" is a common sneer on the continent, but look at what we have given away without the least reason!

We took the Ionian Islands in 1809 and handed them over to Greece for nothing about 50 years afterward. Corsica shows George III as its king, but we abandoned it three years later, and the French naturally grabbed it.

Tangier came to us by the marriage of Charles II. We abandoned it at the end of 22 years.

We took Cuba in 1762 and handed it back to the Spaniards, after holding it for 10 months. We took the Philippines and returned them to the same country for $20,000,000—which was never paid.

Here is a short list of other places which we once held and gave up without compulsion: Minorca, Sicily, Sardinia, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Java, Pondicherry, Celebes, Moluccas, Elba and about 50 other places.

We took Cape Colony in 1795, but gave it up again to the Dutch. In 1806 we took it again—and kept it.—London Standard.

Not His Day For Selling.

"Does you want to see de president of de road?" queried the colored man who sat in a chair at the head of the stairs.

"Yes; he's the man I want to see," replied the caller.

"'Bout a pass or sunthin?"

"About buying out the road for $50,000,000. Can you attend to the business for me?"

"I 'spects I could, sah; but, dis bein my second day yere an bein I ain't feeln powerful well, perhaps you'd better see de president himself—right down de hall an second doah to de left, sah."—Chicago News.

Vendi and the Ass.

No comedian, not the person, more all at mismatch of [illegible] Vendi, to an ass [illegible] and the public [illegible] person but for the [illegible] purpose they [illegible] [illegible] for real [illegible] [illegible] Vendi's [illegible] [illegible] person [illegible]

The critics [illegible] [illegible] of stalls [illegible] away to make [illegible] chairs for Vendi [illegible] MM. Sardou [illegible] the director of [illegible] two or three dignitaries [illegible] the opera sat [illegible] [illegible] of stalls. Among [illegible] MM. Meyer, Brunetière, Pessard, [illegible] The foreign press was [illegible] Mme. Duse was [illegible] dicance in all shades [illegible] and cheered the [illegible] of beetra joined, of [illegible] ton, and it was [illegible] the master went, and [illegible] erable head very low [illegible] for the kind demonstration [illegible] hands with the [illegible] did he turn our [illegible] ment, when he took [illegible] side glances—an [illegible] the rest of the evening [illegible] ignored our presence [illegible]

Marshall's Absentmindedness.

One day Judge Marshall, in his reflections, was [illegible] wretched roads of North [illegible] his way to Raleigh in a [illegible] horse turned out of the road, sulky ran over a sapling and [illegible] so as to arouse the Judge. He found that he could not go [illegible] right nor left, and old [illegible] come along, solved the [illegible]

"My old master," he [illegible] for you don't back your horse."

"That's true," said the [illegible] acted as advised. Thanks [illegible] ever heartily, he felt in his pocket [illegible] some change, but he did not [illegible]

"Never mind, old man," [illegible] shall stop at the tavern [illegible] money for you with the [illegible]

The old negro was not [illegible] with the stranger, but [illegible] tavern and asked the keeper [illegible] gentleman had left anything [illegible] him.

"Oh, yes," said the [illegible] a silver dollar for you. [illegible] think of that old gentleman [illegible]

The negro gazed at [illegible] said:

"He was a gentleman [illegible] patting his forehead. [illegible] much in here."—World's News.

Tough Old English Statesmen.

In Macaulay's day [illegible] were of a hardier [illegible] than the present race of [illegible] men. They went to [illegible] iron nerves and appetites [illegible] tions to match. They dined off [illegible] beefsteak and a bottle of port [illegible] their grandsons are content [illegible] and a lemon squash. And [illegible] ed to a good old age. We read [illegible] Brougham at the age of [illegible] two bottles of port at dinner [illegible] bed upon half a bottle of [illegible] (whisky) and turning out at [illegible] to shoot teal," and Lord Lyndhurst [illegible] the age of 90 "sampling of [illegible] lobster and champagne."

Mr. Kinnear, an old [illegible] hand, tells us that he remembers [illegible] ing "Mr. Disraeli drinking [illegible] lude to a big speech, a [illegible] wine at the buffet in the [illegible] lobby, dressed in a green [illegible] waistcoat and snuff color [illegible] This seems a modest [illegible] the circumstances, for [illegible] adds that Disraeli came [illegible] another pint later on. [illegible]

The Wrong Laddie.

A gentleman on a [illegible] the suburbs of Glasgow [illegible] call at a farmhouse [illegible] readily supplied with a [illegible] He offered the woman [illegible] she declined all payment [illegible] tal money for it," she said [illegible] proud way.

The gentleman expressed [illegible] knowledgment and walked [illegible] but at the garden gate [illegible] small boy playing. Surely [illegible] this is the lady's son [illegible] hand in his pocket to give [illegible] pence, when he heard a [illegible] "That's no ma laddie, sir" [illegible] was a pause, and the [illegible] resounded, this time from [illegible] small boy at the side door [illegible] Wullie, an speak till the [illegible] man at the gate!"—Liverpool [illegible]

She Couldn't Eat the Soup.

He had dining with him [illegible] tauraut of the most elegant [illegible] lonable hotel in town his [illegible] maiden aunt from the rural [illegible] They had a sumptuous feast [illegible] it progressed was a series of [illegible] surprises for the old lady. When [illegible] were drinking coffee, the [illegible] out of the window and noticed [illegible] raining. Turning to the waiter [illegible] said, "I wish you would order [illegible] coupe." Whereupon the maiden [illegible] raised both her hands to remonstrate [illegible] claiming: "Don't, Charles please [illegible] I couldn't eat another thing. [illegible] word, I'm up to my neck now." [illegible] change.

The Eternal Man.

"So you're going to marry the [illegible] man, Bridget?"

"Yes, mum."

"I suppose you'll have the [illegible] trouble with him I've had with [illegible] husband."

"Shure, what's that, mum?"

"Oh, he won't give up his [illegible]—Yonkers Statesman.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER [illegible]

THE BANNER.

Judge of Probate

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JUNE 20, 1901 — NO. 35

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] it went and down it come. [illegible] you see it and now you don't. [illegible] like magic, don't it? But it [illegible] Saturday morning Moses [illegible] started to work and fenced [illegible] by the county next [illegible] Kamler's store. Moses says [illegible] a claim on the lot and so he [illegible] It happened that [illegible] Adams was away that morn[illegible] and was he returned in the [illegible] he opened his eyes and [illegible] and looked again. A fence [illegible] the county lot. Who put [illegible] Some one explained the [illegible] to him, he looked once [illegible] got an axe, and with mighty [illegible] he soon leveled that fence to [illegible] ground. It went up quick, but [illegible] came down quicker.

[illegible] the Fourth of July prepar[illegible] go merrily on. They say this [illegible] be a great letter day in the his[illegible] of Chilton, and that Clanton [illegible] surpass itself. Preparations [illegible] being made to entertain five [illegible] and people. The Thorsby band has been engaged, and [illegible] serve string of some other band [illegible] Montgomery Committees [illegible] work in all directions and [illegible] leaving nothing undone that [illegible] contribute to the day's enjoy[illegible]

[illegible] more building contracts [illegible] been closed this week, and [illegible] will be rushed on a new brick [illegible] for W. H. Sutter opposite [illegible] This will fill in that [illegible] nicely and will greatly im[illegible] the appearance of the town, [illegible] the three principal mer[illegible] together on three opposite [illegible] with the Clanton Drug Co. [illegible] the fourth. And the old[illegible] in Clanton, on the cor[illegible] is to be torn down [illegible] some one else's brick [illegible] place. The work will [illegible] as soon as possible. [illegible] immensely to the [illegible] lower end of town. [illegible] improvement in every [illegible] Mr. Mills has secured both [illegible] he makes seven brick [illegible] hands here now.

[illegible] possible that, [illegible] long-suffering [illegible] stations, [illegible] that we may [illegible] near future. [illegible] Rockford, says he [illegible] start a private bank [illegible] and have [illegible] and there was [illegible] perfected prelim[illegible] a few days ago [illegible] of $50,000 was [illegible] few minutes, over [illegible] about one half [illegible] local people and [illegible] Montgomeryans.

[illegible] largest stockholders [illegible] Mullins, E. M. Pinck[illegible] Adams, W. T. Callen, [illegible] Swart and L. H. Adams. [illegible] was appointed to [illegible] building site upon [illegible] a bank building, [illegible] arrangements were made. [illegible] to the bank.

[illegible] there is lots of talk of a cot[illegible] factory, and I believe a gentle[illegible] from Prattville is due here [illegible] a day or two to go thor[illegible] into the matter and see [illegible] can be done. I tell you, boys, [illegible] has got a hump on herself [illegible] moving ahead. Upward [illegible] is our motto, and we [illegible] to it. An enterprising town [illegible] Clanton attracts outside capi[illegible] as soon as it is apparent the [illegible] has confidence in itself and [illegible] it by investing its own [illegible]

Verdi and the Critics.

[illegible] critics, not even [illegible] were allowed to be [illegible] rehearsals of Verdi's [illegible] direction of a work of [illegible] it is an affair between [illegible] the public. I do not write [illegible] but for the public, who [illegible] my work is good or [illegible] me if it is not. I do [illegible] Verdi's attitude at a [illegible] in Paris, where [illegible] were present against his wishes [illegible] the critics were all placed in [illegible] of the amphitheater, [illegible] of stalls having been [illegible] to make room for a table [illegible] for Verdi, Boito and the [illegible] MM. Sardou, Meilhac, [illegible] the director of fine arts, [illegible] three dignitaries and officials [illegible] sat behind in the reserved [illegible] of stalls. Among the critics [illegible] Heyer, Bruneau, Jonciéres, [illegible] Pessard, Corneau and [illegible] foreign press was represented [illegible] Blowitz and myself, and as [illegible] me in all stood up, with hats [illegible] lowered the wonderful man. [illegible] extra joined, of course, in the [illegible] and it was to the musicians [illegible] master went, and, bowing his [illegible] head very low, he thanked them [illegible] the kind demonstration and also [illegible] with the nearest, but never [illegible] turn our way except for one [illegible] when he took us all in with [illegible] lance an ugly one—and then [illegible] of the evening, some five hundred [illegible] our presence completely."

Marshall's Absentmindedness.

[illegible] day Judge Marshall, engrossed [illegible] reflections, was driving over the [illegible] roads of North Carolina [illegible] ly to Raleigh in a stick gig. [illegible] turned out of the road, and [illegible] ran over a sapling and was [illegible] to arouse the judge. When [illegible] that he could move neither [illegible] nor left, an old negro, who [illegible] hong, solved the difficulty. [illegible] old master," he asked, "[illegible] don't back your horse?" [illegible] it's true," said the judge, and [illegible] as advised. Thanking his [illegible] heartily, he felt in his pocket [illegible] change, but he did not have [illegible] ter mind, old man," he said, [illegible] stop at the tavern and leave [illegible] for you with the landlord." [illegible] old negro was not impose[illegible] stranger, but he called at the [illegible] and asked the keeper if an old [illegible] had left anything there [illegible]

"Yes," said the landlord, "he left [illegible] dollar for you. What do you [illegible] of that old gentleman?" [illegible] negro gazed at the dollar [illegible] "Huh, a gentleman, for sho', but" [illegible] his forehead—"he didn't leave [illegible] here."—World's Work.

Old English Statesmen.

[illegible] century's day English statesmen [illegible] of a harder and more robust [illegible] than the present race of [illegible] They seem to have had [illegible] and appetites and [illegible] match. They dined off a [illegible] and a bottle of port, which [illegible] wisdoms are content with [illegible] mon squash. And yet they [illegible] good old age. We hear of Lord [illegible] at the age of 70 "drinking [illegible] of port at dinner, going [illegible] on half a bottle of port [illegible] and turning out at daylight [illegible] teal," and Lord Lyndhurst [illegible] of 90 "sipping off hot brandy [illegible] and champagne." [illegible] Linnear, an old parliamentarian, [illegible] us that he remembers [illegible] Disraeli drinking, as the price [illegible] a big speech, a pint of port [illegible] the buffet in the committee [illegible] dressed in a green coat, a buff [illegible] and snuff colored trousers, [illegible] a modest potation under [illegible] circumstances, but Mr. Kinnear [illegible] Disraeli came back and had [illegible] pint later on.—Blackwood's.

The Wrong Laddie.

[illegible] man on a walk from one [illegible] of Glasgow happened [illegible] farmhouse, where he was [illegible] supplied with a glass of milk [illegible] the woman sixpence, [illegible] bed all payment. "I could [illegible] for 't," she said in her [illegible] gentleman expressed his [illegible] ment and went on his way [illegible] garden gate he detected [illegible] playing. Surely, he thought, [illegible] lady's son. So he put [illegible] his pocket to give him the [illegible] then he heard a shrill voice [illegible] ma laddie, sir." Then there [illegible] rose, and the voice afterward [illegible] this time directed toward [illegible] at the side door, "Gang [illegible] speak till the nice gentleman [illegible] gate."—Liverpool Post.

Couldn't Eat the Coupe.

[illegible] dining with him in the [illegible] of the most elegant and [illegible] hotel in town his guest [illegible] ant from the rural district [illegible] a sumptuous feast, which [illegible] was a series of delights [illegible] for the old lady. When the [illegible] king coffee, the host [illegible] window and noticed it was [illegible] Turning to the waiter, he [illegible] you would order me [illegible] Whereupon the maiden wrung [illegible] her hands in protest, [illegible] "Don't, Charles, please don't [illegible] another thing. You [illegible] up to my neck now."—Ex.

The Eternal Man.

[illegible] going to marry the [illegible] yet?"

"[illegible]m."

"[illegible]se you'll have the [illegible] with him I've had with [illegible]

"What's that, mum?"

"[illegible] won't give up his [illegible] Statesman.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Burwell.

Rev. Mr Parrish, filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

They tell me that there is an awful fine set of gentlemen that compose the constitutional convention; some are bald headed, some are soft headed, some are wise and some are otherwise. Well, I will venture the assertion that they make a Jim Dandy, cracker-jack constitution, any way.

Mr. Andy, Cooper and family of Mountain Creek were at Corinth Sunday.

Among the many ordinances that have been presented to the constitutional convention by the great and wise men on the suffrage we have not seen any one that will knock the negro out and leave the white man. Why not make it illegal for any person in the State of Alabama to hold office unless he be a natural born true blue organized Democrat. Of course it would not matter then who voted. That is the only way the Kid sees for the Democrats to redeem their pledge and carry their points at the same time.

There is a move on foot to revive old Canaan church and have services every second Sunday. Let the good work go on.

We sympathize with the Morning Star in his bereavement over the death of the Kid, but would suggest his imagination concerning the death of the Kid is like some other things that happen in Beat five.

Mrs. Lizzie, Kendrick is said to be right sick.

We think a tooth carpenter could get a good practice in this vicinity, as there are several suffering with that complaint. BILLY THE KID.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Program S. S. Convention

For Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Union Grove church, Sunday, June 30, 1901

9 a.m. Devotional exercises, E. W. Hengcutt.

9:30. Organization of the Sunday-school, J. M. Cotter and W. H. Conway.

10. Relation of Sunday school to the church, P. A. Wood and W. L. Brown.

10:30. Best method of training children in the Sunday-school, J. P. Gentry and J. M. Gothard.

11. Christian education, Judge S. M. Adams.

1 p.m. Recitations, Misses Anna Lowery, Mattie Patton, Susie Conway.

2:20. Who should attend Sunday-school? c. M. Northcutt and A. H. Glasscock.

2:50. Results of Sunday-school work, L. H. Reynolds.

NOTICE TO CONFEDERATE PENSIONERS

The Confederate Pension Board for Chilton county, will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in July, 1901, to consider all applications for pensions of parties not already on the pension list. Applicants must attend in person, or send a physician's certificate of disability.

H. W. CAFFEY, Chairman.

Don't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

East Chilton

Rev. M. J. Parrish filled his regular appointment at Corinth Sunday.

The singing at W. T. Mims Sunday afternoon, was enjoyable; among those present, were the charming Misses Robinson's of Providence.

Several of our good people visited Canaan Sunday afternoon, to witness it's reorganization.

Beater, Kendrick visited friends in Clanton Sunday.

The U. S. Geological surveyors were in this vicinity last week.

Messrs, Thomas Pyron, Lee Robinson, and Miss Anna Robinson, were pleasant visitors at W. D. Goss' Sunday.

W. T. Beak, of Gullahorn's mill visited friends at Burwell recently.

B. J. Goss visited parents at Burwell Sunday.

William Hewett and wife visited relatives here Saturday.

Lee Williams of Wadsworth's visited relatives here Sunday.

Everybody look! There will be an all day singing and picnic at Corinth on the fourth of July. We cordially invite everybody to come and bring their books and baskets. We are also making an effort to get Mr. T. U. Crumpton to come and deliver an address on the Holy Land, of course there will be plenty of lemonade.

I hope "Morning Star" didn't take any exceptions to my signature last week. It was a mistake in the type setter. My news is gone.

EVENING STAR.

STOPS THE COUGH

And Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

New Salem.

Several of the girls and boys went to the C. N. I. last Sunday to hear Mr. Crumpton speak; reported a nice time.

Susie is not dead but she has had her funeral preached several times. I guess she is more lucky than some people.

When girls are infants mothers are anxious to keep matches out of their reach; to put matches in their reach is their greatest anxiety when their daughters grow older.

Some of our girls were all smiles Sunday, but some were not.

Trying to quell a man's wrath is like sitting down on a bunch of lighted fire-crackers to prevent them going off.

If cupid would lay his bow and arrow aside and get a gun there would be more weddings in this section.

Catch on as catch can is the old maid's matrimonial plan.

What some people know would fill a book, but at the same time what they don't know would fill a library.

If Mr. Charlie would keep his little girl posted where to put her letters so her mamma would not find them I think he would get along a great deal better.

Is the Jemison critic dead?

STAR.

Lecture on the Holy Land

Sunday night the Baptist church was crowded to suffocation to hear Mr. T. U. Crumpton lecture on his tour in the Holy Land. Mr. Crumpton, who had spoken for four hours in the morning, kept his audience highly interested from start to finish. Mr. Crumpton tells of his travels and describes what he has seen in a pleasing manner and with great clearness, impressing upon his hearers scenes and circumstances of Holy Writ.

Seven Years In Bed

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. S. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Fish Fry and Family Reunion

Was the greatest thing of the day last Friday, at Moore's mill pond four miles east of Billingsley. There was about two hundred people in attendance. They had a bountiful supply of fish and other good things of which all present partook of freely. The crowd remained on the picnic grounds till late in the afternoon, then the young people retired to the residence of Mr. Gris Boles where they had a nice entertainment. The people of this section will long remember the kindness of the family and their every effort to make everyone present enjoy the occasion.

We are sorry to say that Mr Peyton Moore, who has been on a visit to his father, will return to his home in Texas next Monday.

A FRIEND.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Fushee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3. What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Fushee.

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. Mims
S. Pate } Committee.
R. A. Rasco

When you start out to "tackle" the funny tribe don't forget to take a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it for fan wounds, fish hook wounds, bites and stings of insects and it is no bad thing for "snake bite." Remember it cures colic also, and is absolutely harmless. Your druggist can sell it as fast as you can buy it. Price 50c.

On the Atlantic.

Mother—That gentleman seems very attentive to you, Clara. What sort of a young man do you find him?

Clara—Oh, he seems all right, but a little empty, perhaps.

Mother (who always takes things literally)—My dear Clara, what a very shocking remark. I know he was very ill the first few days out, but fancy nothing such a thing.—Pick-Me-Up.

Every man has his chain and dog, only it is looser and lighter to one than to another, and he is more at ease who takes it up and carries it than he who drags it.—Seneca.

The Turks like melody and are particularly devoted to flutes. They have seven different kinds of this musical instrument.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the country will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

ESE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

There are some things you can do without, but you can't afford to risk another day without a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the greatest chemical discovery of the age. Heals Cuts, Burns, Gun-shot Wounds, etc., quicker than anything. And don't forget that it cures Colic, too, while you wait about ten minutes.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Assessment Book 1901.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

Notice is hereby given that the Book of Assessments for Chilton county for 1901 is now completed and on file in this office ready for inspection, and that the Court of County Commissioners will be in session on the second Monday in July, 1901, for the purpose of correcting any errors in said book.

This 18th day of June, 1901.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

The Treatment of Cage Birds

We all love birds, but few know how to care for them properly. Every one owning a bird will therefore be interested in a book containing over 150 engravings and a lithographic plate showing all the different kinds of fancy canaries in their natural colors, it gives full information in regard to song and fancy canaries and how to breed them for profit. Hints on the treatment and breeding of all kinds of cage birds, with descriptions of their diseases and the remedies needed to cure them. All about parrots and how to teach them to talk. Instructions for building and stocking an aviary. The most complete book of the kind ever published, irrespective of price. Mailed to any address on receipt of 15c. by the "Associated Fanciers," 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA.

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 496—2 rings.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Diploma is a State Life Certificate. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Rollins & Davis Ginnery near Energy, Ala., will be sold for cash, on the premises, on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1901

This plant consists of one two-story Gin House, one Store House, one Arlington 10 Horse Power Engine and Boiler, one Nance Cotton Press, one 50-saw Gin, Feeder and Condenser, one three ton Wagon Scale, all Belting, Pulleys, Shafting, etc., to make a complete ginning outfit, and all now in place ready for use where it has had a good patronage for past five years; also the lot of about two acres upon which the above named is located; this lot has a good spring which furnishes at all times a full and lasting supply of water.

The above named property is on the Montgomery and Tuscaloosa dirt road, seven miles west of Verbena, five miles south-west of Cooper, seven miles south of Clanton.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: F. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cohern
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

HEANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Queen Wilhelmina now realizes how sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to marry a bachelor with debts.

"The Extirpation of Rabbits," "Heaven's Dead Letter Office" and "Revivals by Constitutional Methods" have been recently announced in Australian newspapers as subjects of Sunday discourses. So it appears that America is unfortunately not the only country where sensational titles are chosen to attract listeners to sermons.

Besides being a thing of beauty and a joy forever, the Spanish moss grown in Florida is exceedingly useful. It is used in great quantities in upholstering, and it has recently been discovered that aside from this and other values, it makes an excellent strainer and purifier for cane syrups, the juice runs through it producing fined syrups than any in the world.

Patrolling of the Behring sea sealing grounds will be this year a task of the revenue marine, as it has been since the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. In conjunction with a few British war vessels, less than half a dozen United States revenue cutters have proved sufficient to protect the sealing grounds. Seal poaching, formerly as lucrative as adventurous, has become an extra-hazardous game, in which the blanks are many and the prizes few.

The girls in the "poor law schools" of Great Britain are not without ambitions. According to an English paper, one quarter of them want to be housemaids. There is one at least who wants "to be useful." Another desires to be at poetess or novelist. Another chooses to be a "lady adopting orphans," who must be first cousin to the girl who wants to become a duchess, being able to be "kind to little children," helping them "in different ways." The most difficult task set themselves by any of these poor children, however, is that essayed by the girl who would be a milliner, adding: "When I am making the hats I should make them neat and tidy and so help to get some of the pride out of people." There is a vein of shrewdness in the ordinary child, which even sad conditions of poverty cannot obliterate.

It will be a surprise to most lovers of Scott that the oak which he made famous in "Ivanhoe," the trysting oak in Harthill Walk, Sherwood Forest, fell but a short time ago. This great tree was one of the genuine relics of antiquity. It stood when the Romans were in England, and underneath its branches on the eve of St. Withold's day a letter of defiance to Front de Boeuf was written to "a holy man, clerk to God, Our Lady and St. Dunstan, in the chapel of Copanhurst," and signed by Wamba, son of Witless, the jester; Gurth, son of Beowulf, born thrall to Cedric the Saxon, and their allies, Locksley the yeoman, and the black knight. Where the oak stood is an ancient glade in Sherwood Forest, on the confines of the West Riding of Yorkshire and on the estate of the Duke of Leeds. The Duchess of Leeds purposes to save the trunk and have it placed nearby, with an appropriate inscription on it. Where it stood will be planted this spring a young tree to take its place.

J. D. Whelpley gives in the World's Work these startling statistics of President Diaz's administration: Twenty-four years of peace for a nation of 14,000,000 people who had been at war with others and among themselves for half a century; compulsory education; religious freedom; safety for foreign and domestic life and property; the creation of a middle class; a modern army of 38,000 trained soldiers armed with Mauser rifles and officered by graduates of a modern military school; representation for Mexico at the capitals of all foreign nations of importance; an increase from 420 to 8000 miles of railroad; an increase from $35,000,000 to $78,000,000 in the output of precious metals; an increase from $20,000,000 to $51,000,000 in imports, an increase from $23,000,000 to $75,000,000 in exports; the investment of $30,000,000 of foreign capital in cotton mills and millions more in breweries, paper mills and many other forms of enterprise; a general increase of wages paid for common labor from 18 to 60 cents a day; a government the expenses of which are always within its income and which has an accumulated surplus in bank of $18,000,000 in currency; a capital city with 400,000 inhabitants in which is now being spent about $10,000,000 for water, light, sewers and pavements.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Seventeenth Day.

The First Debate—Two Ordinances Adopted—A Lieutenant-Governor—Governor's Salary.

Roll call today showed 134 delegates present and after routine work the first actual business of the convention was done in the first debate. The ordinance on the executive department came up for discussion. The changes proposed by the committee are mainly to create a lieutenant-governor; to elect all state officers for four years, ineligible to succeed themselves, the governor to be ineligible to any other office for one year after expiration of the term for which he is elected; his salary to be $5,000; to give the governor power to remove sheriffs pending impeachment.

The first section was adopted as reported. Section 2 fixing the title of governor, as the Governor of the State of Alabama was adopted. Section 3 names the officers to be elected.

The most sweeping suffrage scheme yet brought forward was introduced by Mr. Burns.

Mr. Brooks, of Mobile, introduced an ordinance to define trusts and to prohibit the same in the state.

Eighteenth Day.

Because of Governor Samford's Death the Convention Adjourned Until Friday, June 14th.

The constitutional convention met at 10 o'clock and adjourned until noon June 14th, out of respect to the memory of Governor Samford. Immediately after roll call, which showed 134 members present, General Harrison offered a resolution which was unanimously adopted.

The president appointed the following committee to proceed to Tuscaloosa and escort the remains to the capitol: Harrison, of Lee; Robinson, of Chambers; Searcy, of Tuscaloosa; Jones, of Montgomery; Williams, of Marengo; Ashcraft, of Lauderdale; Cunningham, of Jefferson; Graham, of Talladega, and Davis, of Etowah.

Nineteenth Day.

A Short and Adjourned Session—One More Section Adopted After Very Lively Discussion.

The nineteenth day's session was called to order at 12 o'clock. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Gay, who paid a feeling tribute to the virtues of the late governor. He prayed for the new governor, asking that the mantle of Governor Samford might fall upon him.

Roll call showed 139 members present. At the conclusion of the roll call, General Harrison offered a resolution that the convention recess until 2:30 o'clock, and that when it adjourn in the afternoon, it adjourn to meet at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. The resolution carried.

At 2:30 o'clock it was again called to order and only 80 members were present, two more than a quorum. The only business done was the adoption of section three of the new article on the executive. This reads as follows:

The governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of education and commissioner of agriculture and industries, shall be elected in August, 1902, and thereafter every four years by the qualified electors of this state, at the same time and places appointed for the election of members of the General Assembly.

Twentieth Day.

The Governor's Salary Not Fixed—Limitations of Officers—The New Sections Adopted.

At 2:30 p. m. the convention met, but only eighty delegates were present. Almost the entire session was taken up with the discussion of the salary to be paid the governor, and finally the convention decided to leave the compensation to be determined by the legislature. The salaries of the other state officers are to be fixed in the same manner.

Several sections of the article on executive were adopted. Section 5 places the beginning of the official year at November 15th and the terms of state officers at four years, making them ineligible to succeed themselves and the governor ineligible to hold any office for a year after the expiration of his term. Section 6 requires the governor and lieutenant-governor to be thirty years of age and gives the latter the right to vote only in case of a tie. Section 7 leaves the salaries of the state officers to the legislature. The vote on this was 88 to 41. Section 8 is: The governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Twenty-First Day.

The Governor's Salary Again—Remitted Fines To Be Reported—Ancnt Woman's Suffrage.

Roll call showed 108 delegates present at the twenty-first day's session of the convention. The principal ordinances introduced were:

By Mr. O'Neal—To require the general assembly to increase the salary of the governor to $5,000.

By Mr. Greer—To allow commissioners' courts to fill all vacancies in county offices.

By Mr. Craig—To regulate woman suffrage. The resolution provides that all women who are permitted to vote must be over 20 years of age, must be able to read and write; husband must pay $5 in taxes or must have earned $300 the year preceding. Divorced women, with exceptions, cannot vote.

Four sections of the article on executive were adopted. Section 9 gives the governor the right to inquire imminently into the affairs of any state office. Section 10 grants the right to convene the general assembly in extra session. Section 11 requires the governor to inform the general assembly of the state of the government, accounts for moneys received or disbursed by his order, and present estimates of the amount of taxation. Section 12 gives the governor the right to pardon, parole, commute sentences or remit fines, under certain laws; names the board of pardons—secretary of state, attorney general and auditor—and prescribes its regulations; requires the governor to report to the general assembly the fines remitted and all other actions taken in such cases. The last provision reads: Pardons in cases of felony and other offenses involving moral turpitude shall not relieve from civil and political disabilities, unless specifically expressed in the pardon, and approved by the board of pardons.

Section 13, relating to governor's approval and veto power was under discussion when the hour of adjournment arrived. Adjourned to meet on Monday, June 17, at one p. m.

Twenty-Second Day.

Mr. Beddow's Sensation—An Odd Petition—Grand Jury Reforms—Two Daily Sessions.

The twenty-second day's session of the convention was called to order at 12 o'clock. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Murphy. Roll call showed 114 members present. A number of leaves of absence were granted. The new business was as follows:

By Mr. Beddow—A resolution that at the expiration of fifty days for which the convention was called no per diem be paid to members. A suspension of the rules that his resolution might be put on passage was voted down by an almost unanimous vote.

By Governor Oates—To fix the number of grand jurors at not less than eighteen, ten of whom may find an indictment.

By Mr. DeGraffenried—To provide that accused may demand copy of indictment and have compulsory process for his witnesses and not be compelled to testify against himself.

By Mr. Kyle—To require all banks to furnish semi-annual statements of condition; to be printed in a newspaper published in the county where the bank is located.

The commissioners of Morgan county ask the convention not to reduce the special tax of ½ of 1 per cent for county purposes.

A substitute was reported for a resolution by Mr. DeGraffenried to regulate the sittings of the convention. The substitute provides two daily sessions; from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. This report was tabled until necessary to act on it. Mr. Dent offered a resolution to have the convention begin its afternoon session today. This motion was lost.

Section 13 was under discussion when adjournment was ordered.

A sensational story is published that a Chinese contractor has been feeding his employes on glandered horses, which is said to account for the spread of considerable sickness in the vicinity of Manila.

It is reported that Senator Platt will retire from the United States senate at the end of his term in March, 1903. His determination has not been hastened, it is understood, on account of poor health.

The Mineral Springs Hotel, at West Baden, Ind., was destroyed early Friday morning. Of the 268 persons who were in the hotel fire, it is now believed that every one escaped. The loss on the hotel is estimated at $250,000, with insurance of $150,000. In addition to this the loss in diamonds, jewelry and clothing belonging to the guests will, it is estimated, reach $50,000. The hotel will be rebuilt as soon as possible.

Fifteen or twenty workmen, selected from as many different establishments and representing a variety of industries in Great Britain, are soon to be sent to the United States in a body to study the ways of their Yankee cousins. A month or more will be devoted to the task, and during that time the deputation will visit the principal manufacturing centres of the country. Each man is to be designated by the concern which employs him, but he is to be chosen from a number that have been nominated by their fellows. Employers and trade unions will co-operate in meeting the expense of the undertaking.

HAPPENINGS IN ALABAMA

HOW THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE MAKING HISTORY.

NEWSY NOTES FROM ALL ITS SECTIONS

Two Murders—P. O. Robber Caught—Horsewhipped in Court—Pinkston Captured—Railroad Notes—Oil Struck — Huntsville Fine.

NEW RECEIVER.

Julius Davidson was named by Judge Bruce, of the United States court, as receiver for the Montevallo Coal and Railway Company, to succeed Burgess Little, resigned. Mr. Davidson is assistant United States district attorney at Birmingham. It will be recalled that former Receiver Little was cashier of the Bank of Montevallo, recently failed, and when that institution went under he sent in his resignation as receiver for the coal company. Receiver Davidson announces that he will reopen Dogwood mines, in Shelby county. The capacity of the mines is about seventy-five tons per day, and the company has a capital stock of $75,000.

BOILER EXPLODED.

The boiler of a saw mill belonging to Crow, Harden and Brompton exploded Friday morning killing the 18-year-old son of Mr. Harden instantly and scalding the sawyer, Mr. Copeland, so that it is thought he will die. Shortly before the explosion occurred the young man was attempting to fix a patch on the boiler and his father made him stop. The boiler exploded almost immediately afterwards. The mill was a small affair, using a traction engine.

A NEW PROFESSOR.

Dr. S. A. Steele, former pastor of McKendree church, Nashville, has accepted the chair of philosophy in the Athens Female College and will move his family at once and begin an active campaign in the interest of the college.

THE LAW IS VALID.

Decision has been rendered by Chief Justice McClellan of the Alabama Supreme Court, affirming the validity of the revenue bills passed by the last legislature. Two years ago the court declared the bill void because of irregularity in its passage, and for the reason that both bills have materially increased the whisky license, the Whisky Dealers' Association has fought a test case this year brought by W. T. Robertson, representing the whisky dealers of Montgomery, and Judge Sayre, of the City Court, decided against the whisky dealers. The Supreme Court upholds this decision.

THE NEW RAILROAD.

At a meeting of the promoters of the Decatur, Danville and West Alabama railroad held in Jasper, requests were made of the city for certain franchises and rights of way, and arrangements were made by which it appears these will be secured. Permanent organization will be perfected in the next four weeks and at once the work of construction will commence. Work will be started at the Jasper end to reach the coal fields and derive immediate revenue, but eventually work will also be pushed from the Decatur end. The desire is to connect the Tennessee and Warrior rivers with a short railroad, and this the new road will accomplish. The enterprise appears to be on a solid footing and will be pushed to completion.

BALDWIN BOOMING.

The work of building Baldwin county's new court house at Bay Minette has begun. The foundation is almost complete and the contractors say that they will have the brick work finished in a few weeks. The corner stone will be laid on the 4th of July by the Masonic fraternity, and there will be a free barbecue on that date. Alabama speakers will address the people.

An addition of more than 1,000 lots have been laid off and will be put on the market, and home seekers are already coming here with the view of locating.

R. R. EXTENSION.

The Selma, New Orleans and Birmingham Railroad has let the contract for an extension of twenty-seven miles from its present terminus in Marengo County. This will bring the road nearly to the Tombigbee river.

Agents will soon go east to close arrangements for the building of the Enterprise Southern railroad, which will run from Geneva, south. The building of the road is being rapidly pushed.

PROBABLE MURDER.

C. G. Mann Shoots and Mortally Wounds Dave Dickson.

Dave Dickson, of Montgomery, a railroad man, was shot and dangerously wounded at Monroe Park Sunday night by his brother-in-law, Charles G. Mann, chief clerk in the local office of the United States Inspector of Boilers and Hulls. Four shots were fired, two taking effect, one in the abdomen, probably a mortal injury.

On several occasions Dickson has upbraided Mann for his ill treatment of Mrs. Mann, and they had several quarrels. Dickson some days ago told some friends that Mann had threatened to shoot him. This evening as Mann saw Dickson, he put his hand to his hip pocket but Dickson pulled his gun first and Mann dropped his. Mann suggested both throw aside their guns and fight with fists. Dickson accepted and gave his gun to a friend. Mann then quickly picked up his pistol and fired four times: he was arrested.

PINKSION IN JAIL.

Jake Pinkston, the negro who shot and killed West Bennett at Ishkooda a week ago Friday night, was brought from Mobile and placed in the county jail. Pinkston has several bad cuts about his person and he claims that he killed Bennett in self-defense. The revolver with which he shot Bennett was found on him, an ugly looking Colt's 45 caliber, with a barrel about ten inches long.

PLANTER KILLS PLANTER.

A telephone message says that Jack Warren, a well-known planter of Madison Crossroads, was shot and instantly killed Saturday afternoon by Curry Turner, another planter. Madison Crossroads is in a section remote from telephone and telegraph communication and no particulars are obtainable. Turner is the son of Capt. Dan Turner, a Confederate veteran, and is well known. He has not been arrested.

SHE USED A WHIP.

At a trial before Squire J. A. Haraway in East Lauderdale, the woman in the case surprised the court and the lawyer for the prosecution by horse-whipping the man who swore that she had sworn falsely. Quite a sensation ensued and the man fled, while the lawyer also made himself scarce.

SUSPICIOUS.

A negro shot and killed a white man in Oakman, Walker county, a few days since. As he ran away he was fired upon with a shot gun. A negro with a charge of buckshot in his shoulder was arrested in Jefferson county on Friday, and tells an unconfirmed story about being chased and shot by a mob. The officials think he may be the murderer wanted.

OIL GUSHED OUT.

Reliable information is received that oil has been struck in Lawrence county. The well is flowing 500 barrels a day. It was an accident, as the boring was for an artesian well. In the same county prospectors discovered a vein of fine coal more than eleven feet thick.

ACKNOWLEDGED HIS GUILT.

The man who robbed the post office at Marion Wednesday night was captured in Meridian. He admits his guilt, and the money, about $127, was found on his person. He was placed in jail and the preliminary trial will be held soon. His accomplices are still at large.

ALABAMA RE-APPOINTMENTS.

Morris D. Wickersham has been re-appointed United States attorney for Southern Alabama. Mr. Wickersham was originally appointed July 24, 1897. There was no opposition whatsoever to his re-appointment. The President has thus re-appointed every one of the United States attorneys in Alabama, that being in line with the policy he prefers to pursue in every case.

Julian H. Bingham has also been re-appointed collector of internal revenue at Birmingham.

BOND FIXED AT $3,000.

The bond of W. W. Kidd, alleged defaulting County Superintendent of Education, at Guntersville, has been fixed at $3,000. It is thought he will remain in jail until his trial. He is very much improved in a physical way, the likelihood now being that he will recover fully from the wound made by the officer's gun in effecting his capture.

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A CHICAGO GRAND STE

Cyclone in Tennessee — London — Another Ka Snow in Colorado — at Hot Springs.

COLORADO WI

Dispatches from Leadville, Creek and other points in the state say that for a time Friday night. The wind was and dangerous. In Denver and the eastern part of the state there was heavy rainfall, which will be a benefit to the range. In the center of a severe hailstorm in places the hail drifted to eight inches and snow was brought out to clear the

PINGREE VERY

Ex Governor Pingree of Michigan is very ill in London. His life has been extended beyond the point from which he had been expected to recover. His physicians do not share in the apprehension, though they are careful of a favorable result.

TENNESSEE WIND

A tornado passed across the western part of Hardeman county Friday and completely destroyed the home of W. R. Moore near Middleton, named Wickson. Without warning the family escaped to a dug-out and saw their home demolished while two children of Mr. Moore were killed outright. Moore was badly injured and Tom Martin, a boy who was at Moore's home, was mortally fatally injured. The family escaped to a dug-out with only a scare and was unhurt.

SUPPOSED KIDNAPPING

E. D. Strong, a prominent citizen from Texarkana, Tex., has lost his 7-year-old son as a victim of kidnappers. The boy was put on a train at Waco on June 1st for his home, a distance of 250 miles. His parents and friends have not heard from him since. The state has been largely searched, but no trace has been covered. The father of the boy is in Dallas consulting the police detectives.

HE STILL RIDES

One of the boldest forgers ever operated in this country was given a sentence of seven years in the chaingang at Knoxville for the charge of forging railroad passes. This man was a lawyer and he has worked almost every road in the United States for free transportation. He travels from city to city on passes secured by means of forged letters, accompanied by his wife. He was sentenced at Knoxville after a long attendance upon the court.

POLITICAL THEFT

The roll call in the Colorado senate on the third reading and passage of senate bill No. 87, being the employers' liability bill, showed that the state paid $3,000 to have the roll call from the records of the Colorado Federation of Labor. The senate will sift the matter to the bottom and publish all concerned to the full extent of the law.

TENNESSEE FIRE

A special says that fire at Dyersburg, Tenn., destroyed the entire square, except three buildings, the entire loss estimated at $100,000 and insurance of $120,000. The cause of the fire is not stated. One man was slightly injured.

At an early hour Friday morning fire destroyed twenty-one business houses (Texas) business houses. Most of the contents were saved. The loss will amount to $100,000, with insurance of $25,000.

R. M. Glover, sheriff of Hardeman county, Texas, was killed by a posse. Schnabel was badly wounded by Mexicans. Details of the affair are not obtainable. The Mexicans escaped.

The State Epworth League convention, which has been in session at Columbus since Wednesday, completed its deliberations Friday night. They meet at Jackson in

...LL ARP'S LETTER

...ow Men Sympathize With Strikers and Deplore Strikes.

...CRESS UPON LABOR'S LONG WAR

...ome Pathetic Incidents That have Occurred at Dayton, Ohio, ...ndors When Conflict Will End.

...bor and Capital. When will the ...prolonged struggle cease. Away ...back in history there was a war that ...lasted thirty years, but this war has ...lasted longer than that and seems to ...grow more bitter as the years roll on. ...In the good old times it did not affect ...us much, but like a pestilence it ...stalks and there seems to be no rem... All of the women, most all of ...the best, outside of the capitalists ...have sympathized with the ...men in their demands for less work ...and better pay. They have bitterly de...plored the heartless managers who ...would wear out the life of a child be...fore it gets grown—who would keep ...them caged in factories from early ...till lamplight, with not an hour ...for recreation. No May day, no play ...no ball game, nor marbles, nor ...fun, nor frolic of any kind for the ...poor, no heading wild flowers or black ...berries for the girls, no youthful pleas...ures, no rounds, no Saturday, but from ...year to year's ...

...work—work—work, in dull December ...and bright.

...work—work—work, when the ...weather is warm and bright."

...It is to see them toil as if ...they would fall, and to hear them sigh ...and groan from the windows of ...their daily prison, and with longing ...whisper

"Let me breathe the breath of the ...woods and flowers sweet,

...Let the sky above my head and the ...grass beneath my feet."

...And this is sad, pathetic, and, but ...unfortunate legislation and legisla...tors would have long since been rem...edied. It is the good side of human na...ture that arouses sympathy for the ...poor. Leigh Hunt never wrote a ...better line than that of Abou Ben Ad...hem's plea for entrance into Paradise ...

"And he one who loves his fel...low man."

...Speaking about the wants of ...poor I have often thought that the ...best gift and the best boon to a ...man was a home. Home—one of ...the sweetest words in any language. ...Its definition is in the heart, for ...the tongue fails to express it. Indeed, ...there are some languages that have ...no word for it—no synonym. The ...Greek has home and substitutes only ...a dwelling place. The best ...definition is found in the old Sanskrit, ...the parent dialect of the Hindoos and ...Persians. The word is Kshema and ...means permanent place of rest and ...security. Would that all the poor, all ...the women and children ...had that—a permanent ...place of rest and security ...to call for rents—no ex...ploitation, no uncertain title; but a ...home where the good wife can plant ...vines and adorn her own yard ...and feel that they are ...her children's. Why didn't ...Carnegie think of this and give ...the poor instead of books ...millions of dollars would have ...made comfortable homes to one hun...dred poor families—and giv...en them a permanent place of rest and se...curity? At least half a million of the ...money at the time was when a Metho...dist preacher was not entitled to a home ...but was a woman Catholic priest ...with a wife. He must abide for a ...while in a house that was cheap and ...nasty. He must be the exemplar of ...humility and unselfishness, for they ...say the Savior was born in a ...stable and his softest bed was hay. ...There is some more scripture that ...is the best of everything for the ...poor, and that says "Touch ...not mine anointed, and do my prophets ...no harm." A better civilization now ...would give good comfortable parsonage ...homes in every town and village and ...let the world go by. It is not so much for the ...good of the preacher, but for ...his long suffering and patient ...wife and growing children. We ...love her home and loves to ...see it with fruits and flowers. When ...the Methodists get strong enough to ...have a parsonage they should not ...stop at furnishing of the house, but ...form a permanent committee of la...dies to plant vines and roses and ...shrubs and wallas, and establish a ...fund with such things that do not ...die and perish with the year. ...Fruit trees, make an asparagus ...bed, don't forget the strawberries ...and berries, and here and there ...a bit of the old time garden ...sage and balm and para...dise for a sweet breath ...and for the children's colic. Fix ...up for a home and when the ...preacher leaves it, of course she will ...leave it and leave it with regret, ...but the successor will be happy and ...proud to hear to the neighbors. If I ...stop I would allude to this at ...the next conference and lay much ...stress on what John Wesley said, that ...godliness was next to Godliness." ...It is not in the Bible, but might ...as well be and does no harm. ...The kind hearted people have ...been sympathizing with the ...people at the case at Dayton, O., ...and have urged them. We see that ...men died suddenly this week.

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He was only sixty-nine years old, and the opinion is that his grief and mortification over the great strike caused his death. A nobler rich man never lived or died. He was the president of the National Cash Register Company, that employed 2,200 men and women. For seven years he has sought to make his extensive works a model for all the manufacturers of the world and a workman's paradise. From time to time he has reduced the hours of work and increased the compensation. The cottages for his people were models of comfort—good gardens, nice flowers—a skilled man sent free to show them how to plant and grow flowers, a free library of well selected books, hospitals for the sick good nurses, good beds, all free and no lost time charged against them; bath rooms with hot and cold water and time given to bathe; clean towels and soap. For the women and girls he had toilet rooms and bathrooms and brushes and combs and even curling tongs provided, sofas and cots to recline on and books to read. Every thing was made as much like home as a loving mother would have provided. Half of every Saturday was theirs. Mr. Patterson was happy. He believed he had solved the problem of capital and labor. But about three years ago a labor union was formed and its committee began to hunt up devilment. Not long ago they discovered that the 2,000 towels that were furnished the bathrooms free were washed every week by some poor woman who did not belong to the union, and they demanded of Mr. Patterson that he have his washing done by union folks. He refused and the committee ordered a strike. Then he declared that his men were not charged for the baths nor the towels nor the soap, and he would stop the whole business, which he did. Next they ordered the discharge of his superintendent because he was not a union man. This was refused and they struck again. They also ordered that two union men who had been discharged for bad work should be restored. He restored them and paid them regularly $15 a week for each, but gave them no work, saying that they were not competent, but he would pay them. And so they hunted around for other things and finaly ordered a big strike, and it has been on for weeks and no settlement. Up to date the loss to workingmen in wages amounts to $120,000 and all these poor families are in distress and would go back if the union committee would let them. It was at Dayton where a few months ago the union crowd pursued some non-union men and knocked them down and hammered their fingers to a jelly with stones, so that they could not work any more. Mr. Patterson's works have been visited by progressive men from all countries, who wanted to see how he managed that great business without any clash between his capital and their labor, and now they say: "I told you so. I knew it would not last!"

It made me right sick to read about it, for it is much worse than I have told it. Is our sympathy for the poor all wasted? No—no! It is those contemptible leaders who got on the committee and wanted to make a big fuss out of nothing. With the great combination trusts on one side and the union strikers on the other side, we, the unproductive middle class, who make our living by our wits, are in a bad fix. But thank the good Lord, we still have meat and bread and strawberries at our house.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

That the higher education of women progresses even in Berlin, and despite the flat of the German Emperor that woman should confine herself to "cooking, church and children," is shown by the growth of the gymnasium course of study for women, established in that city seven years ago. It is now on a permanent rooting, with its future assured through having just become self-supporting. The whole period of study covers at present four and one-half years, at the end of which a certificate equivalent to that given to young men graduates of the old-fashioned gymnasiums is bestowed upon those completing the course. The attendance the past winter has comprised 71 girls, mostly daughters of professional men and officials. The instruction takes place in the afternoon, as the private association which founded it receives no further aid from the government than the loan of some teachers and schoolrooms after the male scholars have had their morning sessions. The progressive women who established the course are rightly proud of having achieved success in the face of almost universal public opposition, strengthened by the hostile court influence.

The project of cutting a canal through the north island of New Zealand is again revived. "The city of Auckland," says a correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, "is situated on the east coast of the island, but on an exceedingly narrow isthmus, and has large trade connections, both east and west. At the narrowest point the isthmus is only some three-quarters of a mile broad, but on both sides of this the water is shallow, and the canal, in consequence, would be a work of some magnitude. It is, however, of great importance, and would bring Auckland over a hundred miles nearer Sydney than at present."

THE CHINESE DENTIST.

The Practitioner After the Fashion of His Ancestors.

American industry is playing havoc with all time honored institutions. At one time the dentists formed an important guild in China, but in the past 30 years hundreds of bright Mongolians have picked up more or less knowledge of the profession from American practitioners abroad, and are now doing business according to modern scientific methods. In San Francisco the new school has almost driven the old one to the wall. Nevertheless, three or four of the latter pursue the calling in the same manner as their ancestors did for a thousand years. At least one of them visits New York every year, and stays two or three months until all of his customers have had their teeth put "in order."

His work is curiously primitive. For extracting he relies upon his fingers, and with these he does marvels. With thumb and forefinger he will pull a bicuspid or a molar on which an American operator employs a powerful forceps. This dexterity is the result of years of practice. From boyhood to manhood he is trained to pull pegs driven into a wooden board. Three and four times a day, half an hour at a time, he drives pegs into the holes of his practice board, and then pulls them out again. He lifts in similar fashion teeth to which are attached heavy weights. This special training changes the aspect of the hand. The spare flesh vanishes and the blood vessels and tendons seem to double in size. The forearm grows in girth and becomes as hard as wood. The apprenticeship period lasts two years. At the end the student has a finger grip which is a wonder. Its strength is equivalent to a lifting power of 300 and even 400 pounds. Beside extracting, he cleans teeth with a preparation containing ground cuttlefish, using brushes made of split bamboo. For toothache he employs opium, peppermint oil cinnamon oil and clove oil. Sometimes, though rarely, he fills teeth, but does it so ignorantly that the filling comes out within a few months.

Through all his practice runs a laughable element of superstition. According to his system all toothache and other dental woes are produced by toothworms. The nerve pulp is such a worm, and is always shown to a patient whenever the decay is great enough to permit of its exhibition. To satisfy others, he carries about in a pocket some white grubs about as large as an ant. When he extracts a painful tooth he uses a little legerdemain, and shows the sufferer one of the white grubs as the cause of all his pain. For neuralgic toothache he employs counter irritation and sedatives, rubbing the gums, cheeks and neck just below the condyle with a mixture of laudanum and peppermint oil, and pinching the skin until the blood is almost forced through the pores. He is not highly regarded by his countrymen, his social position being halfway between those of a barber and a laborer. In New York he gets 25 cents for removing a tooth and for other services payments in proportion.—New York Post.

The Sort of Table He Wanted.

The following conversation was overheard between a joiner and his customer a short time ago:

Joiner—Please sir, I've brought the table you ordered me to make.

Customer—Well, put it down here, my man, and let's see what sort of a job you've made of it.

The man set it down in the middle of the room, and the customer examined it with the air of a critic.

Customer—Why, my man, there is here a crack filled up with putty.

Joiner—Yes, sir; well, sir, I know about that, but it won't be noticed when it sets hard.

Customer (coming across some more putty)—But here's some more, my man; what is the meaning of this?

Joiner—Well, sir, you see, a little bit of wood chipped off the corner, and I just put a little putty there to fill up. It won't do no harm, sir, when it's set hard.

Customer (finding some more putty patches)—Look here, my man, this won't do; why, here's a big lump right in the middle of this leg. What can you say about that?

Joiner (scratching his head and trying hard to find some excuse by which to retrieve his honor)—Well, sir, that's no harm whatever, and the putty when it sets hard will be firmer than the wood, so you see, it will be all the better if you wait a bit, sir.

Customer (Sarcastically)—Here, my good man, just take this table home, and bring me one made of putty altogether. I want a good strong one, and you can fill up the cracks with wood.—Tit Bits.

Coal Was High.

The milkman, the butcher boy and others have caused this east end resident a great deal of trouble by recklessly driving over his well cared for lawn and destroying its springtime promise. At length, losing his patience, he had a warning sign constructed which read as follows: "Take the sidewalk—this means you."

Since that ill advised sign was placed the gentleman has noticed with growing anxiety the gradual disappearance of boards from his sidewalk, and when he emerged from his house the other morning he was astounded to find that most of the walk had disappeared and in place of the sign was a crudely scrawled "card of thanks" which contained the brief but expressive word of appreciation, "Thanks."

The East end resident has come to the conclusion that his neighbors were sadly in need of winter firewood and now he has adopted the conventional sign, "Please keep off the grass."

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Curse of Speculation—Integrity and Villainy in Wall Street—Lessons Drawn From Gambling Crazes Which Have Swept Over the World.

[Copyright 1895.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage arraigns the spirit of wild speculation and gives some account of the financial ruin of other days; Proverbs xxiii, 5, "Riches certainly make themselves wings; they fly away as an eagle toward heaven."

Money is a gold breasted bird with silver beak. It alights on the office desk or in the counting room or on the parlor centre table. Men and women stand and admire it. They do not notice that it has wings larger than a raven's, larger than a flamingo's, larger than an eagle's. One wave of the hand of misfortune, and it spreads its beautiful plumage and is gone, "as an eagle toward heaven," my textbook says, though sometimes I think it goes in the other direction.

What a verification we have had of the flying capacity of riches in Wall Street! And Wall Street is one of the longest streets in all the world. It does not begin at the foot of Trinity Church, New York, and end at the East River, as many suppose. It reaches through all our American cities and across the seas. Encouraged by the revival of trade and by the fact that Wall Street disasters of other years were so far back as to be forgotten, speculators run up the stocks from point to point until innocent people on the outside suppose that the stocks would always continue to ascend. They gather in from all parts of the country. Large sums of money are taken into Wall Street and small sums of money. The crash comes, thank God, in time to warn off a great many who were on their way thither, for the sadness of the thing is that a great many of the young men of our cities who save a little money for the purpose of starting themselves in business and who have $500 or $1000 or $2000 or $10,000 go into Wall Street and lose all. And if there was a time for the pulpit to speak out in regard to certain kinds of nefarious enterprises now is the time.

Stocks rose and fell, and now they begin to rise again, and they will fall again until thousands of young men will be ruined unless the printing press and the pulpit give emphatic utterance. My counsel is to countrymen, so far as they may hear of this discourse, if they have surplus, to invest it in first mortgages and in moneyed institutions which, though paying comparatively small interest, are sound and safe beyond dispute, and to stand clear of the Wall Street vortex, where so many have been swamped and swallowed. What a compliment it is to the healthy condition of our country that these recent disasters have in no wise depressed trade! I thank God that Wall Street's capacity to blast this country has gone forever.

Across the island of New York in 1685 a wall made of stone and earth and cannon mounted was built to keep off the savages. Along by that wall a street was laid out, and as the street followed the line of the wall it was appropriately called Wall Street. It is narrow, it is unarchitectural, and yet its history is unique. Excepting Lombard street, London, it is the mightiest street on this planet. There the Government of the United States was born. There Washington held his levees. There Mrs. Adams and Mrs. Caldwell and Mrs. Knox and other brilliant women of the Revolution displayed their charms. There Witherson and Jonathan Edwards and George Whitefield sometimes preached. There Dr. Mason chided Alexander Hamilton for writing the Constitution of the United States without any God in it. There negroes were sold in the slave mart. There criminals were harnessed to wheelbarrows and, like beasts of burden, compelled to draw or were lashed through the streets behind carts to which they were fastened. There fortunes have come to coronation or burial since the day when reckless speculators in powdered hair and silver shoe buckles dodged Dugan, the Governor-General of His Majesty, clear down to yesterday at 3 o'clock. The history of Wall Street is to a certain extent the financial, commercial, agricultural, mining, literary, artistic, moral and religious history of this country. There are the best men in this country, and there are the worst. Everything from unswerving integrity to tip-top scoundrelism—everything from heaven born charity to bloodless Shylockism. I want to put the plow in at the curbstone of Trinity and drive it clear through to Wall Street ferry, and so it shall go if the horses are strong enough to draw the plow.

First of all, Wall Street stands as a type in this country for tried integrity and the most outrageous villainy. Farmers who have only a few hundred dollars' worth of produce to put on the market have but little to test their character, but put a man into the seven times heated furnace of Wall Street excitement and he either comes out a Shadrach, with hair unsinged, or he is burned into a black moral cinder. No half way work about it. If I wanted to find integrity bombproof, I would go among the bankers and merchants of Wall Street, yet because there have been such villainies enacted there at different times some men have supposed that it is a great financial debauchery, and they hardly dare go near the street or walk up and down it unless they have buttoned up their last pocket and had their lives insured or religiously crossed themselves. Yet if you start at either end of the street and read the business signs you will find the names of more men of integrity and Christian benevolence than you can find in the same space in any street of any of our cities. When the Christian commission and the sanitary commission wanted money to send medicine and bandages to the wounded, when breadstuffs were wanted for famishing Ireland, when colleges were to be endowed and churches were to be supported and missionary societies were to be equippd for their work of sending the gospel all around the world, the first street to respond has been Wall Street, and the largest responses in all the land have come from Wall Street.

But, while that street is a type of tried integrity on one hand, it is also a type of unbounded swindle on the other. There are the spiders that wait for innocent flies; there are the crocodiles that crawl up through the slime to cranch the calf; there are the anacondas, with lifted loop, ready to crush the unwary; there are financial wreckers who stand on the beach praying for a Caribbean whirlwind to sweep over our commercial interests. Let me say it is no place for a man to go into business unless his moral principle is thoroughly settled. That is no place for a man to go into business who does not know when he is overpaid $5 by mistake whether he had better take it back or not; that is no place for a man to go who has large funds in trust and who is all the time tempted to speculate with them; that is no place for a man to go who does not quite know whether the laws of the State forbid usury or patronise it. Oh, how many men have ruined themselves in the vortex and gone down for the simple reason their integrity had not been thoroughly established! Remember poor Ketchum—how soon the flying hoofs of his iron grays clattered with him to his destruction; remember poor Gay, at thirty years of age, astonishing the world with his fortunes and his forgeries; remember that famous man whose steamboat and whose opera house could not atone for his notorious ride through Central Park in the face of decent New York and whose behavior on Wall Street by its example has blasted tens of thousands of young men of this generation.

I have not so much admiration for the French Empress who stood in her balcony in Paris and addressed an excited mob and quelled it as I have admiration for that venerable banker on Wall Street who in 1893 stood on the steps of his moneyed institution and quieted the fears of depositors and bade peace to the angry wave of commercial excitement.

God did not allow the lions to hurt Daniel, and He will not allow the "bears" to hurt you. Remember, my friend, that all these scenes of business will soon have passed away, and by the law of God's eternal right all the affairs of your business life will be adjudicated. Honesty pays best for both worlds.

Again, I have to remark that Wall Street is a type throughout the country of legitimate speculation on the one hand and of ruinous gambling on the other. Almost every merchant is to some extent a speculator. He depends not only upon the difference between the wholesale price at which he gets the goods and the retail at which he disposes of them, but also upon the fluctuation of the markets. If the markets greatly sink, he greatly loses. It is as honest to deal in stocks as to deal in iron or coal or hardware or dry goods. He who condemns all stock dealings as though they were iniquitous simply shows his own ignorance. Stop all legitimate speculation in this country, and you stop all banks, you stop all factories, you stop all storehouses, you stop all the great financial prosperities of this country.

Sedate England took its chance in 1720. That was the South Sea bubble. They proposed to transfer all the gold of Peru and Mexico and the islands of the sea to England. Five millions' worth of shares were put on the market at £300 a share. The books open, in a few days it is all taken and twice the amount subscribed.

Excitement following excitement until all kinds of gambling projects came forth under the wing of this South Sea enterprise. There was a large company formed with great capital for providing funerals for all parts of the land. Another company with large capital—£5,000,000 capital—to develop a wheel in perpetual motion; another company, with a capital of £4,000,000 to insure people against loss by servants; another company, with £2,500,000 capital, to transplant walnut trees from Virginia to England; then, to cap the climax, a company was formed for "a great undertaking—nobody to know what it is." And, lo, £600,000 in shares were offered at £100 a share; books were opened at 9 o'clock in the morning and closed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the first day it was all subscribed. "A great undertaking—nobody to know what it is!"

An old magazine of those days describes the scene (Hunt's Magazine). It says: "From morning until evening Change alley was full to overflowing with one dense, moving mass of living beings, composed of the most incongruous materials and in all things save the mad pursuit whereof they were employed utterly opposite in their principles and feelings and far asunder in their stations in life and the professions they follow. Statesmen and clergymen deserted their high stations to enter upon this great theatre of speculation and gambling. Churchmen and dissenters left their fierce disputes and forgot their wranglings upon church government in the deep and hazardous game they were playing for worldly treasures and for riches, which, if gained, were liable to disappear within an hour of their creation. Whigs and Tories buried their weapons of political warfare, discarded party animosities and mingled together in kind and friendly intercourse, each exulting as their stocks advanced in price and grumbling when fortune frowned upon them. Lawyers, physicians, merchants and traveling men forsook their employment, neglected their business, disregarded their engagements to whirl along in the stream, to be at last engulfed in the wild sea of bankruptcy. Females mixed with the crowd, forgetting the station and employment which nature had fitted them to adorn, and dealt boldly and extensively and, like those by whom they were surrounded, rose from poverty to wealth, and from that were thrown down to beggary and want, and all in one short week and perhaps before the evening which terminated the first day of their speculation. Ladies of high rank, regardless of every appearance of dignity and blinded by the prevailing infatuation, drove to the shops of their milliners and haberdashers and there met their stockbrokers, whom they regularly employed and through whom extensive sales were daily negotiated. In the midst of the excitement all distinction of party and religion and circumstances and character were swallowed up."

But it was left for our own country to surpass it all about thirty-seven years ago. We have the highest mountains and the greatest cataracts and the longest rivers, and of course we had to have the largest swindle. One would have thought that the nation had seen enough in that direction during the morous multicaulis excitement, when almost every man had a bunch of crawling silkworms in his house, out of which he expected to make a fortune. But all this excitement was as nothing compared with what took place in 1864, when a man near Titusville, Penn., digging a well, struck oil. Twelve hundred oil companies call for a billion of stock. Prominent members of churches, as soon as a certain amount of stock was assigned them, saw it was their privilege to become presidents or secretaries or members of the board of direction. Some of these companies never had a foot of ground, never expected to have. Their entire equipment was a map of a region where oil might be and two vials of grease, crude and clarified. People rushed down from all parts of the country by the first train and put their hard earnings in the gulf.

A young man came down from the oil region of Pennsylvania utterly demented, having sold his farm at a fabulous price because it was supposed there might be oil there—coming to a hotel in Philadelphia at the time I was living there, throwing a $5000 check to pay for his noonday meal and saying he did not care anything about the change! Then he stepped back to the gas burner to light his cigar with a thousand dollar note. Utterly insane!

The good Christian people said, "This company must be all right, because Elder So-and-so is president of it, and Elder So-and-so is secretary of it, and then there are three or four highly respected professing Christians in the board of directors." They did not know that when a professed Christian goes into stock gambling he lies like sin. But alas for the country! It became a tragedy, and a thousand million dollars were swamped. There are families to-day sitting in the shadow of destitution who but for that great national outrage would have had their cottages and their homesteads. I hold up before the young men these four great stock gambling schemes that they may see to what length men will go smitten of this passion, and I want to show them how all the best interests of society are against it and God is against it and will condemn it for time and condemn it for eternity. I do not dwell upon the frenzied speculations in Wall Street last month. You have enough remembrance of that financial horror. I only want you to know that it was in a procession of monetary frenzies, some of which have passed and others are to come.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JUNE 23.

Subject: A New Heaven and a New Earth. Rev. xxi., 1-7, 22-27—Golden Text, Rev. xxi., 7—Memory Verses, 3, 4, 27—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "A new heaven," etc. Compare Isa. 65: 17-19; 2 Pet. 3: 13. These words express the greatness and the glorious character of the change that takes place in both the abode and the state of the redeemed. "No more sea." The absence of the sea is understood by some to denote symbolically the absence of all change, commotion or trouble of any sort. Others take the words literally.

2. "New Jerusalem." An ideal city, presented under figures that represent perfection—the perfection of purity, beauty and joy. This new Jerusalem is a symbol of the church of God in its new and perfect state. See chap. 19: 7-9. "Prepared." God's people are "prepared" in a twofold sense. 1. They have "made themselves ready." 2. The Lord Himself—the heavenly Bridegroom hath prepared them. Read Isa. 61: 10. "Adorned." The church is adorned in the glorious apparel of perfect righteousness.

3. "Tabernacle—with men." This is an expression showing God's "intimate and perpetual communion" with men. It is a figure from the conception of Jehovah as a resident in the old Jewish tabernacle. "Dwell with them." God in the most especial manner dwells with His followers, diffusing His light and life everywhere.

4. "Wipe away all tears." All the effects of former trouble shall be done away; they have been often before in tears, by reason of sin, of affliction, of the calamities of the church; but now all tears shall be wiped away; no signs, nor remembrance of former sorrows shall remain, any further than to make their present happiness the greater. "No more death." This is ample proof that this whole description belongs to eternity and not to time. But death cannot be destroyed by there being simply no further death; in order to its destruction there must be a resurrection. "Passed away." All the mournful scenes which were on earth so familiar to their eyes have passed away to return no more.

5. "Upon the throne." See chap. 4: 2. "All things new." As the creation of the world, at the beginning, was the work of God alone, so is this new creation. "Write." The apostle seems to have ceased writing, being overcome with ecstacy and the voice of Him that spoke. "True and faithful." This includes all that had been revealed to John. Truth refers to the promise of the wonderful changes that were to be made; faithfulness to the fulfilment of those promises.

6. "He said." Christ is the speaker. "It is done." The great work of man's redemption is accomplished. The righteous are gathered into the new Jerusalem, and the wicked cast into the lake of fire. The apostle is carried forward in vision to the end of all things, and looks back upon the prophecies of this book as already accomplished. "Beginning—end." Christ here shows that He is the cause and end of all things. Isa. 44: 6. We often begin what we can never finish, but Christ is able to finish what He has undertaken. "That is athirst." Hunger and thirst are the strongest of bodily appetites, and are frequently used to represent the strong desires of the soul after God. The intense longing after salvation and eternal life is an evidence of their reality; for God Himself has wrought within us these desires, and He stands pledged to satisfy them. "Fountain," etc. Representing the religion of the Bible. The supply is exhaustless. Here is an unfailing fulness of love, joy, peace and spiritual strength—a full salvation. The water from a fountain springs up and flows over, and so salvation in the soul gushes out in the life through our words and actions, and flows over on those around us. "Freely." It is for all who thirst; it is "without money and without price." Isa. 55: 1; John 4: 14.

7. "He that overcometh." He that successfully resists the temptations of the world, the flesh and the devil, and continues steadfast in the belief and practice of the truth to the end. "Inherit all things." Here, he had no inheritance; there, he shall inherit the kingdom of heaven and have every possible degree of blessedness. Matt. 19: 29; 1 Pet. 1: 4. "The whole creation shall be open to the enjoyment of the saints." "His God." The fountain of all blessing; the giver of every good and perfect gift. His God—to sustain and strengthen, to deliver in times of trouble and to bring to heaven at last. "My Son." And if a Son then an heir, an heir of God and a joint heir with Christ. See Rom. 8: 17. But these exalted privileges are only for those who are overcomers.

22. "And I saw." John is carried away by the Spirit into a great and high mountain (v. 10) where he is shown the holy Jerusalem. Compare Ezek. 40: 2. This city was a symbol of the church in glory. It was a solid cube, symbolizing completeness and perfection. Twelve is the symbol of God's people, and there were twelve gates, on which were written the names of the twelve tribes, showing that all of God's true followers have a share in the city. Gold and precious stones are used to represent the beauty, excellence and glory of this heavenly city—the church of Christ. Vs. 18-21. "No temple therein." The church in glory needs no temple especially consecrated to the worship of God.

23. "No need of the sun." For the presence of God and the Lamb make one eternal day. Heaven is the inheritance of the saints in light. The whole city seemed to appear to John "like a luminous object, sending out rays on every side."

24. "The nations." There are inhabitants in heaven from all the nations of the earth. "Which are saved." No one will ever enter heaven who was not saved on earth. "In the light." Now we see through a glass darkly, but then face to face. "The kings." Some of the kings of the earth will be saved. "Bring their glory," etc. Everything desirable, excellent and glorious, is perpetuated and perfected in heaven. V. 26.

25. "Shall not be shut." The doors of the Christian church on earth are ever open to receive sinners who are ready to forsake their wickedness and turn to Christ; and the gates of the new Jerusalem are never shut, and those that are sanctified will ever have an abundant entrance.

27. "In no wise enter," etc. Heaven is a holy place, and only holy people can enter. While the gates are always open they are guarded. The angels who stand at the gates not only welcome those who have a right to enter, but they keep away all intruders. Nothing abominable shall be allowed to enter there. "Which are written." Those enter whose names are written in the Lamb's book of life; who are renewed, justified, sanctified and thus fitted to be glorified.

The English tongue seems to have the advantage to-day. A hundred years ago English was a barbarous sound to most of the inhabitants of the globe. In 1800 there were only twenty millions who heard that drum beat which Daniel Webster spoke of later as rolling around the world. To-day there is more warning of supremacy often in the English voice than in the English trumpet.

THE BANNER.

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THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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SEVEN brick buildings going up at one time is good evidence of Clanton's prosperity.

GOVERNOR Jelks has settled down to his new duties, and as he is a capable man, there is no doubt but that he will worthily fill the gubernatorial chair.

THE annual meeting of the Alabama Press Association takes place at Montgomery to-day and to-morrow. After the completion of the business, the Association will take a trip to California.

THE BANNER Job office has just completed "The Code of Laws and Ordinances of the City of Thorsby," a book of 84 pages. By permission of the Mayor and Alderman of Thorsby we have a few extra copies for sale, price 50 cents each.

THE Peoples Savings Bank is the title of the banking corporation organized in Clanton last week by Wm. E. Holloway and G. G. Miles, of Montgomery, with a capital stock of $50,000. When such men as Judge Adams, W. I. Mullins, E. M. Pinckard, Tipton Mullins, C. J. Stewart, W. T. Callen, and in fact nearly all our prominent citizens, take stock in the concern and are interesting themselves in its establishment, it goes without saying that the Peoples Savings Bank of Chilton county has a successful future before it. It will be of great benefit to the entire county and should be heartily supported.

The statement in the press news that a foot of snow fell in Colorado last Friday night, looks as if winter is giving a continuous performance in that region.—Advertiser.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The sub-committee of the suffrage committee of the Alabama Constitutional Convention has finally agreed, or rather disagreed, upon its report to the full committee.

The suffrage plan to be suggested is fashioned largely after the North Carolina plan. It will provide the following qualifications for electors:

Educational—Ability to read and write.

Poll Tax—One dollar and fifty cents to be paid by January 1 preceeding election.

Property—After 1903 taxes on $300 of property.

Grandfather Clause—Soldiers who fought in war of 1812 and Civil war, or their decendants.

The sessions of the sub-committee have been executive, and the full report can not be obtained, but the above outline covers the main issue. The sub- committee has not been unanimous in reaching this conclusion, and it is reported that General Oates, Frank S. White and Gregory L. Smith from a minority, dissenting on three propositions, the most important of which is the clause permitting descendants of soldiers to vote.

The sub-committee reported to the full committee this afternoon, and it is expected that the full committee will be ready to report to the convention by Thursday or Friday. It is believed that the full committee will adopt the report of the sub-committee, but it will have to overcome the opposition Messrs. Oates and White to accomplish this. General Oates has publicly stated that he will fight the "descendants" proposition on the floor of the convention.

The sub-committee has had much difficulty in reaching conclusions. The committee has received information from several states recently restricting the suffrage, and the views of many of the ablest men of the country have been obstained. It is understood that Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina, gave the committee a "warm number," taking strong position against the grandfather clause.

President Knox, it is understood, sent a letter to the committee setting forth his views, which are said to be practically the same as agreed upon by the committee. The committee refuses to make public any of the correspondence received.

The entire convention is awaiting the report of the committee with much interest.

The committee on State and county boundaries met and decided to recommend that the size of counties be fixed at 500 square miles. No new county can be formed of less size and no old county can be reduced to less size.

The committee is not unanimous on this proposition and a minority report will be made recomending that the size of counties remain as at present, that is, 600 square miles. Each new county will have to have a population sufficient to entitle it to one representative. Under the present apportionment this would be about 19,000.

The committee will also recommend that to remove a county seat a two-thirds vote of the qualified electors will be necessary. This committee has under consideration the Shelby County matter, and has practically decided to recommend that the act removing the courthouse from Columbiana to Caleca be annulled for fraud in its passage and that the question of removal be left to a vote of the people.

The committee on legislative department met tonight and have practically completed their work. The chief change in the present constitution will be the addition of two sections, one forbidding trusts and the other to prohibit the legislature expending in any one year more money than is raised by taxation.

At a meeting Tuesday night of the committee on municipal corporation a delegation from Attalla appeared before the committee to urge that Attalla be allowed to levy an extra tax not exceeding one-half per cent to pay its bonded indebtedness. There is a judgment against the city of over $85,000, which represents principal and interests on some of its defaulted bonds. The bondholders have agreed to take $25 000 of three per cent bonds in settlement and it is to pay the principal and interest on those bonds that the extra tax is desired. No action was taken by the committee.

The committee on preamble has practically completed its work and will be ready to report to-day.—Age-Herald.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Program S. S. Convention of Beat 9

To be held at New Salem church, Sunday, July 14, 1901.

10 a.m. Devotional, A. Horn.

10:30. Address of welcome, Willie Sorrell.

10:45. What is the most successful way to get and hold your scholars in your school? F. Eiland.

11:05. What per cent of Christians owe their salvation to the influence of the Sunday-school, and is the Sunday-school essential to their salvation? Prof. Ragsdale.

11:35. Is class organization essential to the success of the Sunday-school class? John Hayes.

12 m. Adjourn for refreshments.

1.30 p.m. What success can a scolding or irregular attending Sunday-school teacher hope to have with his class? Prof. Riddle.

2 p.m. How to get parents to attend the Sunday-school? J. Bice.

2:30. The duties of the superintendent to his school. Aiken Mims.

3. Do we need the Sunday-school? If so, why? L. B. Pounds.

J. BICE, Pres.

NAOMA WILLIAMS, Sec.

You are cordially invited to come and bring your baskets prepared to stay all day.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

THE next State Teacher's examination will be held on first Monday in July, 1901, at Clanton.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

HORSE AND MULE FOUND.

I have taken up, a few days ago, one dark bay mare and one one-eyed bay mule. They will be found at my place about two miles north of Jemison. J. L. SMITH.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attact of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c. and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co. Trial bottles free.

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TEETHINA was first used by Dr. Charles J. Moffett, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., in his extensive and successful treatment in Georgia in overcoming the troubles incident to teething and hot summers. TEETHINA (Teething Powders) counteracts the effect of hot weather and keeps the digestive organs in a healthy condition, and has saved the lives of thousands of children in the doctor's native state, where physicians prescribe and all mothers give it, and it is criminal in mothers of our section to allow their babes and little children to suffer and perhaps die when relief can be so easily obtained by giving TEETHINA. It costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

The Old Home Paper.

Noting the fact that many country bred men in the large cities take the local paper in their old home, the Philadelphia Record says: "The head of a large Market street wholesale business house, a man now advanced in years, has been a regular subscriber to one of the Bucks county papers for 50 years. 'He wouldn't give it up for anything,' said this man's son. 'He gets more real enjoyment from it than from anything he reads. A daily edition has been started within the last ten years, but he doesn't want that. He only gets the weekly edition, which prints gossip of a personal nature from the various towns throughout the county. He will pore over this by the hour, and his comments on the various items of news are often amusing. Scarcely a name is mentioned that he doesn't say, "Why, I used to go to school with his father," or "I once licked his Uncle Jim for tying my clothes up when we used to go swimming in the Neshaminy."'"

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Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

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We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we know you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $15.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to you at the same price that your Retailer pays for the goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for the goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price your Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c. 50c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 10 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 8c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold 25 per cent cheaper than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our JUDSON'S 5 YEAR OLD VIRGINIA RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1, we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are your friends and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

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SUKANUK CO. OF NEWARK
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TOWN ITEMS

Justices' court meets second day in February first Monday in March and Monday in June second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. McMath, of Montevallo, is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. P. Vardaman.

A large number of Clantonians went to New Salem Sunday morning to hear Mr. Crumpton preach.

Tax Collector T. J. Hubbard went to Montgomery Wednesday to make his final settlement with State Auditor.

Judge Adams went to the capital city Wednesday.

County Treasurer A. G. Dake went to Montgomery Wednesday.

W. M. Adams is spending days at Florence.

Mrs. W. T. Callen has returned from a visit to her old home at Selma.

Mr. W. T. Stewart and Miss Stewart returned home from Kentucky Friday.

Miss Minnie Matthews is home from college at Lebanon, Ky.

Miss Lizzie Burnett, of Ensley, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Danforth.

Miss Sue Robinson and little Miss Roberts, of Decatur, have been home after a pleasant visit to the family of Mr. J. M. Robinson.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep on Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your face of pimples and heals cuts before you know it. Pleasant as perfume and cooling as a breeze "from Greenland's icy mountains." Sold by druggists.

Prof. Judson Strock is attending the annual meeting of the Alabama Educational Association at Montgomery.

Mr. D. S. Robinson of Enid was one of our pleasant visitors last Tuesday.

Mr. J. Rice of Thorsby was in town Tuesday.

Mr. L. L. Evans and Glennie Evans visited Birmingham Wednesday.

Mrs. R. A. Moody, of Pratt City, is visiting friends at Clanton this week.

Mrs. Harwood, of Jemison, was visitor here Wednesday.

Mrs. C. J. Stewart visited Birmingham Wednesday.

Mrs. Bishop, of Del Rio, Texas, is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Mullins.

Mrs. Prescott and daughter, Miss Maud, of Verbena, are visiting Mrs. S. E. Johnson.

Mr. Tom Pyron, of Verbena, was in town Tuesday.

Messrs. R. A. Moody and E. C. Davis visited Montgomery Tuesday.

Marshal Floyd Jones, of Thorsby, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Myrtle Evans, of Courtland, and Mr. Fielder, of Benton, are visiting Miss Glennie McMorris.

Mr. John Milton has returned to his home here after being in Virginia for quite a while.

Master Sam Durkin, of Nashville, is visiting the family of Dr. J. E. Stewart.

Foster Evans Crichton went to Montgomery this morning to attend the meeting of the Alabama Press Association.

Do you want a remedy for Fleas or Lice on your stock? If so, try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic as directed, it will cure it. For sale by druggists at 50c a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Masser's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to 90 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

Sept 2 tf 81 1st 1st and 3d Ave.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Colored Jack Cooper and Ola Walker.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everwhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

THIS COMPLETE
SHAVING OUTFIT
FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE!

The large and carefully bought stock of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Laces and Ladies' and Men's Furnishing Goods is on at

H. TOURO'S

Never before in the history of Clanton, have prices been so low, or has there been a better selected stock offered.

Everything for the 4th of July.

Watch out for the Big Flag at TOURO'S

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

In order to induce cash trade

Something Free to all!

COME AT ONCE!

KRUMP'S KORNER

proposes to give away a nice $25.00 Sewing Machine or a $25.00 Double-Barrel Breach-Loading Gun to the party who guesses nearest to the number of Grains of Corn in a Jar. Should there be a tie, they who tie, can settle the question among themselves. Each Cash Dollar spent, entitles anyone to a guess.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

Wambem & Peterson
CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-14
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE.

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

THE RECENT ACTIONS OF OUR NATION'S LAWMAKERS.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER.

Mrs. McKinley Improving — Loomis is Upheld—China and the Chinese—Philippine Census — Chandler to Lodge — Platt to Quit.

The hope that Mrs. McKinley will recover is now stronger than at any time since the inception of her illness. Her improvement so far has been steady and constant, but she is not entirely out of danger.

A dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, says: "Local newspapers have published articles to the effect that Charge D'Affaires W. W. Russell, of the American Legation, has been intrusted to notify the Venzuelan government that the United States had severely reproved Minister Loomis for his conduct regarding the various questions pending between the two countries." Washington advises say: "Instead of reproving Mr. Loomis, the state department has approved all his acts. He acted under instructions while in Venezuela and carried out those instructions, and no evidence had been discovered that he deviated from them in a single instance."

The Chinese in the United States are preparing for an organized fight to obtain the absolute repeal of the Geary exclusion act at the coming session of Congress. The movement was started early in the week and it is expected to spread rapidly to other cities having large Chinese populations. A powerful organization has been effected among the Chinese merchants. Within two weeks the Chinese will be asked to sign a carefully prepared memorial to the United States government asking that the exclusion act be repealed. The memorial will protest in the strongest possible terms against having the act extended for twenty years from the date of its expiration in 1902. It will be forwarded to the government, along with similar memorials prepared in other cities, through Wu Ting Fang. An effort will also be made to obtain the support of thousands of Americans whom the Chinese believe are opposed to the exclusion act.

Former Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, has sent a check for $100 to Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, thereby making good the reward he offered some years ago to the person who placed in the financial plank of the republican platform in 1896, after the reference to international bimetalism the words, "Which we pledge ourselves to promote."

There have been many claimants for the reward, but in searching the original draft of the platform, Mr. Chandler found the words interlined in Mr. Lodge's handwriting.

Chandler's letter says: "All wise men know that McKinley and Hobart would not have been elected if the platform had not, while declaring opposition to the free coinage of silver, except as the result of an international agreement, also declared that the republican party favored such an international agreement if it could be secured. If McKinley and Hobart had not been elected in 1896, Mr. McKinley would not have been re-elected in 1900. Therefore, those six words, 'which we pledge ourselves to promote,' were of priceless value, and I trust that when all the facts are known my humble offering of $100 will be supplemented by many generous donations."

Special Commissioner Rockhill has cabled the state department that four of the powers have not accepted the 450,000,000 taels as the lump to be demanded of China—Russia, Germany, France and Japan. Diplomats insist there is no necessity for formal acceptance by the powers by the limit of 450,000,000 taels $337,000,000. They point out that each power presented its claim for damages; that these were lumped together and that the aggregate was the limit of the demand accepted by the Chinese envoys. These gentlemen express doubt that the American proposal for the reference of the indemnity question to the Hague would be adopted.

Manila papers received at the war department contain articles of more or less importance concerning that city and the Philippines. The census gives the population of Manila at 244,932, divided as follows: Filipinos, 181,861; Chinese, 51,567; Americans, 4,562; Spaniards, 2,482; other nationalities, 960. The figures do not include men belonging to the United States army.

SPURNS WANAMAKER OFFER

Franchises Worth $2,500,000 Given Away by the Mayor of Philadelphia.

CONTEST IN THE COURTS LIKELY

Mayor Ashbridge Signs the Street Railway Ordinances and Ignores John Wanamaker's Proffer of Millions For Them — He Makes No Explanation of His Action—Causes Profound Sensation

Philadelphia, Penn.—Mayor Ashbridge has signed the fourteen ordinances passed by the City Council granting franchises to certain corporations for city railways, surface, elevated, and underground. These were the ordinances made possible by the bills recently rushed through the Pennsylvania Legislature at the instance of the Quay machine. No payment of any kind to the city is provided for in the bills. As a result, injunction proceedings restraining the operation of the franchises are now contemplated.

Mayor Ashbridge's action in refusing to open John Wanamaker's letter, which was left at his house, and throwing away the letter handed him at the dedication of the Mint, has created a profound sensation. The Mayor signed the ordinances in opposition to public sentiment, and in the face of a protest by Mr. Wanamaker, who had written to him offering to give $2,500,000 for the franchises.

Mr. Wanamaker's letter, after referring to the various franchises and disclaiming any interest in street railways and expressing the opinion that the rights about to be given away are extremely valuable, continued:

"For the power, rights and franchises, granted and intended to be secured by the fourteen ordinances referred to I will give to the city of Philadelphia the sum of $2,500,000, and as a guarantee of good faith in the matter I have this day deposited with the Real Estate Trust Company on account of this proposition ten per cent., or $250,000.

"My offer of $2,500,000 is made not because I conceive that sum to be a measure of the value of the franchises to be granted by these ordinances, for I believe them to be much more valuable, but merely as an indication to Your Honor in concrete form of the magnitude of the gift conferred upon private citizens without return to the people. It seems to me that to give away such franchises for nothing, when others stand ready to pay millions for the same right, is little short of public plunder."

Mr. Wanamaker's letter was handed to Mayor Ashbridge while the latter was attending the ceremonies of the dedication of the new Mint. A clerk of Wanamaker's thrust it in his hand. The Mayor recognized the handwriting of Mr. Wanamaker, and threw the letter after the messenger, who was rapidly walking away. A newspaper man picked it up. Another copy of the letter was waiting the Mayor at his house.

Mayor Ashbridge, Senators Quay and Penrose and nearly all the Philadelphia Congressmen are said to be interested in the proposed roads. Mr. Wanamaker is the bitter personal and political enemy of the Mayor.

LAST YEAR OF SPANISH REGENCY.

Queen Announces That the King Will Open the Next Parliament.

Madrid, Spain.—The Queen Regent, accompanied by the King, opened the Cortes. The speech from the throne alluded to this being the last time she

QUEEN REGENT OF SPAIN.

will open Parliament, as the regency terminates next year.

Foreign relations were pronounced to be excellent. The Government would especially devote itself to cultivating good relations with the Spanish-American countries.

KILLS HERSELF AND SON.

Montreal Woman of Old Family Had Been Subject to Attacks of Melancholia.

Montreal, Que.—Mrs. A. M. Redpath shot and killed herself and fatally wounded her young son, Clifford, at her home. The boy was removed to the Royal Victoria Hospital, where he died.

Mrs. Redpath, who belonged to one of the oldest families in Montreal, was about forty-five years old. She had been subject to attacks of nervousness and melancholia for some years, and it is supposed that during one of these spells she attempted to commit suicide and that her son in attempting to prevent her was shot.

Boers Still Eager to Fight.

A. J. Balfour, Government leader, said in the British House of Commons that there was no foundation for the rumors afloat of peace negotiations with the Boers. The Boer strength in the field was estimated to be 17,000 men.

Socialist Victory in Paris.

The Council General of the Seine, at Paris, France, has elected for the first time a Socialist as President. M. Veber, Socialist, was chosen by a majority of one over M. Galli, Nationalist.

THE FUTURE OF THE SOUTH

It is to Become a Great Manufacturing Region of the Union.

SOUTHERNERS IN PHILADELPHIA

Speeches Delivered Before the Delegates to the Industrial Convention — The South Has Everything Except Population and Capital—Statistics to Prove Its Illimitable Resources.

Philadelphia, Penn.—Delegates to the Southern Industrial Convention were welcomed by Governor W. A. Stone, of Pennsylvania, Mayor Ashbridge, of Philadelphia, and representatives of various trade bodies. Governor Stone said that Pennsylvania was always glad to welcome any representatives of the Southern States.

"Every one recognizes," he said, "that the South to-day is the greatest missionary field for commerce in the world. We recognize that the South produces two-thirds of all the cotton of the world and makes into finished product very little of it. This should not be continued. The South's manufacturing capacity should be developed, and she would then make cotton goods for the world."

Mayor Ashbridge assured the delegates to the city that Philadelphia had much which they could use, and that to increase the commerce between this city and the South would be mutually beneficial.

President H. H. Hargrove, of the Southern Industrial Association, responding, said the South's capacity to produce raw material was almost beyond measurement. He added:

"The Southern States contain one-fourth of the area of the Union, and have practically as much in agricultural products as all the rest of the country combined. This section has thirty-three per cent. of the population of the United States, raises all of its cotton and cottonseed, and American rice and eighty per cent. of its tobacco, contains thirty-five per cent. of its timber resources, thirty per cent. of its coal area, twenty per cent. of its coal production, produces seventeen and a half per cent. of its iron and furnishes eighty per cent. of American pig iron exported, produces the cheapest pig iron and coal in the world, is the third largest cane sugar producing section of the world, producing in 1900 twelve per cent. of the world's cane sugar; contains more coast and river frontage than all the other States, and has thirty per cent. of its railroad mileage, and affords the cheapest lumber building material, lands, cotton, coal and oil and living in the United States.

"To achieve the fullest wealth which the Southern States are capable of producing, I estimate that within five years there will be needed 5,000,000 additional population and $500,000,000 additional capital for manufacturing, mineral, agricultural and forest development and railroad building."

In an address on "Popular Education, the Power of Industrial Progress," Robert C. Ogden, President of the Southern Educational Conference, said: "Intelligence has a cost value, and the intimate relation between business and education places the question of universal Southern education within the power of Southern business men. It is clear that practical knowledge increases production, creates more wealth, increases consumption and creates more wants. Encourage private beneficence to supplement the action of the State. The South has an educational mission. Will it rise to the opportunity?"

Hoke Smith spoke on "The Resources of the South." He said that the successful cultivation of one crop would not bring success to a region. To produce raw materials alone is not sufficient. It is necessary to prepare them for manufacturers' use as well as to produce them. The South offers, he said, opportunity of every variety of cultivation—corn, wheat, rye, potatoes, tobacco, rice and fruits of all kinds. He said, it was not a fact that the South had sent a challenge to the cotton spinners of New England that had been a notice to them that they cannot continue to accumulate millions by shipping Southern lint cotton 1600 miles and manufacturing it into cotton to be shipped South again. He did not believe the destiny of the South lay in manufacturing cotton cloth in competition with New England. He opposed struggles between different parts of the country. The challenge of the South was to the world that she would manufacture her own cotton cloth and ship it to all parts of the world.

All the people, he said, must be free and educated to insure progress. He spoke of the establishment of schools both for manual and mental training and said that the Government could very easily supply half of the $12,000,000 irregularly collected from the South for a great technological college. He added:

"I wish the South to grow financially, that schools, colleges and churches may be opened to every child, that the great mass of people may be strengthened and blessed. I wish the South to do its full part, commercially, in the Union, that our nation may be more powerful in the family of nations, not for more splendor and glory, but that we as a nation may the more readily reach our great destiny, the upbuilding of the human race; that the Stars and Stripes may float upon every sea, carrying freedom and happiness to those it may visit—the symbol of a prosperous people, actuated by a brotherly love."

Tennessee Fruit Outlook Bright.

Fruitgrowers in Tennessee a few weeks ago were very much discouraged on account of weather conditions, but this feeling has been changed to enthusiasm at the prospects. They say that the peach crop this year will exceed anything ever experienced in the State.

Tornado in Minnesota.

A tornado at Adrien, Minn., demolished eight buildings and injured six persons, three of whom sustained broken limbs. Other towns suffered some damage from the wind, but all are of minor importance.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Government officials admitted that in two months since the Russian retaliatory order went into effect the loss in American exports was $190,000.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue decides that every national bank must pay a tax of one-twelfth of one per cent. each month upon the average amount of circulation issued by it.

President McKinley commuted the three-year sentence of Harry Smith, a counterfeiter at Indianapolis, Ind., to one year.

Secretary Long announced a list of rewards given to officers and men of the navy for gallant conduct in China.

Secretary Gage bought to date $12,700,000 in short term United States bonds.

Secretary Gage sent a life-saver's medal to W. W. Griesser, of the Buffalo Life-Saving Crew, who displayed heroism in saving life in Buffalo Harbor during a gale on November 21, 1900.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Philippine insurgents were encouraged to hold out, it is thought, by the setting in of the rainy season.

Captain William H. Wilhelm, of the Twenty-first Infantry, who recently was wounded in an engagement with insurgents at Lipa, Batangas Province, is dead.

Advices from Honolulu stated that Sun Yat Sen, the famous Chinese reformer, had sailed from Hawaii to raise the standard of revolt in China.

In the court-martial trial at Manila of officers accused of accepting bribes and permitting trade with insurgents through closed ports of the islands, Surgeon Welch confessed, implicating other officers.

DOMESTIC.

Commissary frauds were discovered at San Francisco, Cal.

Oil was struck near Marion, Fla.

A monument will be placed over the grave at Chicago of Daniel Kennison, the last survivor of the "Boston Tea Party."

William W. Gardner, Jr., unsuccessful in the Klondike, blew out his brains at Port Chester, N. Y.

Attempts to close the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., on Sunday by legal proceedings were stopped.

The new building for the United States mint at Philadelphia, which was recently completed, was turned over to the Government. The cost of the structure was $2,000,000.

In a fight with two Mexican thieves Sheriff W. T. Morris, of Karnes County, Texas, was killed, but not until he had killed one and wounded the other Mexican.

Commander B. F. Tilley, Governor of Tutulla, Samoa, arrived at San Francisco, Cal.

James McLoid, under arrest for stealing a pony, was taken from jail at Hamburg, Ark., and lynched.

For fear she might be called homely, Ellen Mobey, of Worcester, Mass., shot and killed herself.

Remembering cruel treatment two years ago by a policeman, a large dog in New York City that bites every bluecoat near him in revenge, tore open the cheek of one.

Locomotive experts declared national prejudice and different conditions cause foreign criticism.

After robbing the First National Bank, of Mineral Point, Wis., of $26,000, Stewart Jelleff confessed and returned all but $2500.

Dennis Sweenie, who was Fire Chief of Chicago forty years, was forced by ill health to give up his post.

Patrick Hawkins was perhaps blinded for life by Miss Mary Collins, at New York City, who threw carbolic acid in his face in revenge for his having jilted her.

An extra session of the Washington Legislature was called to correct defective laws that would have released many murderers now under death sentence.

The German Consul, at Cincinnati, Ohio, reported to his Government that the time is past for immigrants to get riches in the United States.

FOREIGN.

The monsoon rains in India started unusually early, and it is hoped they will greatly improve the crop prospects.

Speaker Henderson and Representative Gillet called on President Loubet at Paris, France.

The business world of London was surprised by a reduction of the bank rate from three and a half to three per cent.

Special advices from Warsaw told of the arrest of numerous prominent Poles, including Niewiedomski, for political reasons.

Contracts were signed for 500 miles of new railways in Rhodesia.

Andrew D. White, in an interview at Berlin, considered there was no ground for apprehension of difficulties between Germany and the United States.

Sir David Barbour, Government financial expert in South Africa, made a report recommending that the mines of the Transvaal be taxed $2,250,000 yearly to help defray the cost of the war.

Pope Leo XIII. is stated to be in excellent health.

London Truth announced that King Edward's coronation will probably take place on June 25, 1902.

Grand Duchess Olga, the Czar's eldest daughter, is recovering from typhoid fever.

Warm weather in Scotland was followed by a snow storm.

In consequence of the revenue shortage the French Government is considering a proposition to reduce the sugar bounties.

The speech from the Spanish throne while dealing with finances did not mention taxation of the exterior debt.

The British Admiralty will be asked to fortify the harbor of Sydney, on Cape Breton.

In the Italian Parliament it was announced that, as a result of Austria-Hungarian propaganda in Albania, trouble was imminent in the Balkans, the course of the dual monarchy being hostile to Italian interests.

GUARDING THE PRESIDENT.

Locomotive Sentinels Which Precede and Follow the Train.

When the President travels the percentage of possibility of accident is reduced to a minimum in the selection of cars for the train. New coaches, which have just left the shops, are preferred. Axles, wheels, springs, journals, brakes, couplings—in fact, all of the important factors in the make-up of a train—are carefully examined and tested before being allowed to depart with their precious human freight. The engine selected is the best in the service and is run by the most reliable engineer in each division of the road, the man upon whom the company can rely for the exercise of caution and of the best judgment in time of emergency. In no case, however, is he allowed to bear alone the responsibilities of his important position. On the opposite side of the cab sits a man less grimy, perhaps, and without overalls. He is the road foreman of the division. Neither the engineer nor the road foreman speaks to the other as the train rolls swiftly along. Their eyes are on the long line of steel rails that stretches away into the distance, but they are thinking of the smooth-faced, dark-eyed man who is in the rear car, smiling and conversing with his friends, and in whom all the greatness of the republic is personified. They feel their heavy responsibility, and they give a sigh of relief when the end of their division is reached.

* * *

As the train glides besides rivers, through valleys and over mountains, new faces appear. Quiet men, who seem to know no one except the conductors and other railway employes, slip into some vacant seat in a sleeping car, or sit and smoke in the combination car just behind the engine. They chat with each other, occasionally glancing at their watches, and are always alert. They are the division superintendents, masters of transportation or men holding other responsible positions.

"Suppose," I remarked to one of these officials, when we were together on a President's train, says Henry Litchfield West, "that some evil disposed person should displace a rail for the purpose of killing the President?"

"Any attempt to wreck this train, with design upon the life of the President," was the emphatic reply, "would have to be carried into execution in less than five minutes. Just before we left the last station, an engine, with two men in the cab, slipped out upon the main track, and is now just ahead of the President's train. If anybody has displaced a rail, or set fire to a bridge, or opened a switch, the engine ahead will feel the blow. It is our picket line. Between the passing of that engine over the track and the coming of the President's train there is not time enough for any one to displace a rail."

"The track is clear, of course?"

"The track is not only clear at the present time, but it has been for the past twelve hours. Not a wheel of a freight train has turned all day."

The pilot engine ahead is on the lookout for danger. Three miles behind the President's train is another engine, following steadily so as to be available in case of any mishap.

"And yet," I remark, during a lull in the conversation, "something may happen that you cannot foresee?" The answer comes from the strong-visaged man over in the corner. He is the master of transportation of the road.

"Oh, yes," he says, with composure, "something may happen, but after we have reduced the chances of that 'something' to a minimum, we can only trust in Providence."—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

Chapel of the Pyx.

The ancient Chapel of the Pyx at Westminster is to be thrown open to the public. This is one of the oldest and most interesting parts of the Abbey, the greater part of the fabric belonging to the reign of Edward the Confessor. It was used in early Norman times as a royal treasury, and a robbery from the chapel in the reign of Edward I. of treasure valued at £100,000, created a great deal of stir. Later it was used as a record chamber for the treasury, and more recently as a receptacle for the apparatus necessary for the trial of the Pyx—the standardizing of the coin of the realm. The documents formerly deposited in the Pyx chapel have been removed and henceforth the public will have the privilege of penetrating the recesses of this mysterious chamber.—Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.

The Largest Ship in the World.

The Celtic weighs 36,700 tons, the Park Row building only 20,000 tons.

She measures 700 feet, only nine feet longer than the Great Eastern, but will draw eleven feet more water.

She will carry 2742 passengers and crew, and 12,000 tons of cargo.

She will draw too much water to come into New York harbor when loaded to the mark.

She has twelve decks, and the captain's bridge is 100 feet above the keel.

She is one-fourth larger than the Oceanic, hitherto the biggest ship.—New York Journal.

French Subjects of Great Britain.

At a recent sitting of the Cour Royale of the Isle of Alderney, the oath of allegiance to his majesty the king was administered to the judge, jurats, king's procurator and other officials with due and fitting ceremony, says a London newspaper. As each present took the oath the whole court, rising, exclaimed "Dieu Sauve le Roi."

Estimated national wealth at the beginning of the twentieth century, $100,000,000,000.

ART IN THE HOUSEHOLD

Decorations That Are Novel, Inexpensive and Beautiful.

In line with the prevailing craze for house decorative [illegible] housewife has chosen a [illegible] pot to stand on the hearth of her room fireplace, that holds [illegible] winter and a pot with a [illegible] in summer. It is unusual and [illegible] in the extreme.

APPROPRIATE FOR THE DINING ROOM.

Conventional treatment [illegible] ways best for a dining room [illegible] and a pair of candelabra [illegible] propriate as decoration. By [illegible] these candelabra when used in [illegible] tion never have shades [illegible]

HOW TO HANG THE PICTURES.

There is an unwritten law [illegible] furnishing ethics against the [illegible] by which the groups of trophies, swords, knives, etc., so popular [illegible] usual decoration these days [illegible] showing. Hooks and strings [illegible] permissible, but nails should [illegible] so disposed as to be invisible [illegible] of drapery behind these groups [illegible] much liked by many artistic [illegible] tors as enhancing the effect.

THE VOGUE OF GREEN.

Green is such a very fashionable wall covering just now that it [illegible] be used indiscriminately regardless [illegible] other considerations, light a particular. One in a position to speak [illegible] tatively states it absorbs [illegible] twenty-five per cent of light, and [illegible] wives should be careful about using it for a room unless [illegible] deal of light.

PAPERING THE CEILING.

Another suggestion for the [illegible] ation of wall covering is to paper the ceiling of a very low-ceilinged room [illegible] white or pale ivory, and run [illegible] foot or so on the side walls to a [illegible] or cream picture moulding, as the [illegible] may be. This adds very much [illegible] effect of height. The plain white [illegible] ing thus loses itself above [illegible] never accentuates its own limits.

WINDOW DRESSING.

Half sash curtains are entirely [illegible] The most approved window [illegible] at present consists of lace or [illegible] curtains, window sill length, hung straight down against the glass [illegible] side ones of soft silk hang over [illegible] pushed close to each side, but [illegible] balance in the centre across the [illegible] form a continuous line. Green [illegible] low are the preferred shades, [illegible] less much care is shown to [illegible] cided gray green it is apt to look rather ghastly light, while a soft yellow is always mellow.

A REVIVAL.

Old-fashioned ball fringes [illegible] for adorning bed hangings. [illegible] spreads are very fashionable just [illegible] too, as are Anatolians.—Philadelphia Record.

HOUSEHOLD RECIPES

Crumb Pie—Soak a pint of [illegible] crumbs in milk. Beat three eggs [illegible] half a cup of sugar. Line two [illegible] plates with crust and strew [illegible] enough raisins to cover bottom. [illegible] the bread crumbs to egg and milk, [illegible] ing in a bit of cinnamon, pour over [illegible] raisins and bake about thirty minutes.

Frozen Apricots—Boil two cups [illegible] sugar and four cups of water [illegible] utes. When cold add one can of [illegible] cots cut in small pieces. Freeze [illegible] usual, and when nearly stiff stir in [illegible] cups of whipped cream, measured [illegible] ter whipping. It is delicious without the cream, but, of course, is [illegible] rich.

Piccotta—This is the national [illegible] of Italy. Cook a half cup of [illegible] pint of stock and rub through a [illegible] Thicken a quart of boiling milk [illegible] a tablespoon of butter and [illegible] flour; add a cup of grated cheese, [illegible] the rice stock, a teaspoon of salt, [illegible] quite hot with bits of toasted [illegible] bread.

Rice Cakes—Two coffeecups [illegible] sour milk or buttermilk, one teaspoonful soda dissolved in a little hot [illegible] and beat in flour enough to pour, [illegible] two well-beaten eggs, one cup [illegible] boiled rice and one teaspoonful [illegible] These require a little longer time [illegible] frying than the plain ones do, but [illegible] very nice.

Alabama Beaten Biscuit—One [illegible] of flour, one tablespoonful lard [illegible] butter mixed, teaspoonful salt, [illegible] into a stiff dough with water. [illegible] until the dough is soft or blisters [illegible] out until three-quarters of an [illegible] thick; cut out with a small biscuit [illegible] ter; mark with fork holes. Bake [illegible] moderate oven until pale brown.

Puree of Fruit and Onions—Take [illegible] dried fruit, peaches or prunes, [illegible] one cup of chopped onions, and [illegible] the preferred fruit, cooked soft, [illegible] one of cracklings, one-half cup of [illegible] barley, one teaspoonful each of [illegible] grated lemon peel and [illegible] seeds and three pints of water. [illegible] Cook until it can be sifted; reheat [illegible] serve with croutons.

NOTES AND COMMENT

A newly married couple in [illegible] on their honeymoon [illegible] but that's nothing new.

[illegible] against speculators [illegible] long. Perhaps the [illegible] said and those who have [illegible]

[illegible] we have signed [illegible] Seventy [illegible] among women [illegible] bicycle and other [illegible] times subject them [illegible] exertion and [illegible]

That's in the course of an [illegible] the formation of a [illegible] league against the [illegible] says: "America is the [illegible] of all an enemy to foreign [illegible] European countries must [illegible] unless leagued with the rest [illegible] Europe. Even united Europe will [illegible] a hard fight."

A pine tree bough swept before the feet of a Spanish baby is considered a [illegible] of good luck in that country. [illegible] pine trees must be scarce or the people have been derelict in [illegible] them before the babies for [illegible] does not seem to have been much [illegible] in that country during the [illegible] or two.

An export tax on coal is not now [illegible] It is said to have been [illegible] for the first time during the reign [illegible] of King Edward III. in the fourteenth century, then again during the reign [illegible] Elizabeth, Charles I. killed the export [illegible] by raising the tax to an excessive [illegible] It was revived by William [illegible] during the Napoleonic wars, and also [illegible]

Electric street railroading is only [illegible] ten years old, and yet it has been [illegible] by careful investigation that [illegible] first laid every one has changed [illegible] all the appliances then used [illegible] Practically everything has gone to the scrap heap, and new appliances have been adopted. In few fields has the experimental stage so quickly given place to improvements.

The world is waiting impatiently for the maker of the perfect pencil and the perfect pen. He is not in sight now. [illegible] comparable genius who is to dispel the toil of the present crude process of transferring thought to paper [illegible] yet be born. When he emerges [illegible] the full glare of publicity and [illegible] he will be greeted with a welcome [illegible] inventors ever received.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale tells how an error crept into the translation of Lord's Prayer into the Delaware tongue. The English translation says: "Our Father who art in Heaven, hallowed be thy name." An assistant, an Indian who knew English, "What is 'hallow' in Delaware?" asked the translator. The Indian thought he said "hallow," and gave the equivalent. Therefore the Delaware version of the Lord's Prayer reads this day: "Our Father, Who art in Heaven, hollowed be thy name."

Austria and Mexico have shaken hands and made up, diplomatically speaking, after a quarrel dating from the time of Prince Maximilian, younger brother of Francis Joseph I. The prince, [illegible] to Napoleon III., of France, accepted the crown of Mexico in 1864, supported by French troops, had a stormy career as emperor of the unwilling empire. The twin tragedies of the insanity of Carlotta, and the execution of Maximilian, left a feeling of resentment against Mexico in the courts of both Austria and Belgium. It has often awkward, at neutral capitals, when diplomats representing these three met, or, rather, refused to meet. All is forgotten, and ministers will be exchanged between the capitals.

[illegible] is being turned over for a [illegible] exhibition of American products of every sort, to be sent in due course to the principal ports of the world. The merchants of Hamburg, Germany, [illegible] such an exhibit about for several years and it has resulted in selling [illegible] dollars' worth of goods in new [illegible]. The idea is to have steamers [illegible] with specimens of our breadstuffs, textiles, agricultural implements, [illegible], tools and machinery and [illegible] wares of every sort, household [illegible] "Yankee notions," etc., [illegible] send them to markets where our [illegible] are not appreciated, experts [illegible] along to give explanations, quote [illegible] get samples of competing goods [illegible] learn the needs and tastes of the [illegible]. The expedition would do for [illegible] what a "drummer" [illegible] a single commercial house.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

ART IN THE HOUSEHOLD.

Decorations That Are Novel, Modish and Beautiful.

In line with the present fad for h[illegible] use decorative pieces one [illegible] housewife has chosen a huge [illegible] to stand on the hearth of her [illegible] from fireplace that holds wood [illegible] winter and a pot with a growing [illegible] summer. It is unusual and effe[illegible] the extreme.

PROPRIETY FOR THE DINING-ROOM. Conventional treatment is almost [illegible] ys best for a dining room [illegible] a pair of candelabra especially [illegible] propriate as decoration. By the w[illegible] see candelabra when used as d[illegible] never have shades on the ca[illegible]

HOW TO HANG THE TROPHIES.

There is an unwritten law in h[illegible] nishing ethics against the [illegible] which the groups of trophies, s[illegible] ords, knives, etc., so popular [illegible] al decoration these days, are h[illegible] wing. Hooks and strings are [illegible] missible, but nails should be [illegible] disposed as to be invisible. A [illegible] drapery behind these groupings [illegible] n liked by many artistic dec[illegible] as enhancing the effect.

THE VOICE OF GREEN.

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PAPERING THE CEILING.

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WINDOW DRESSING.

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A REVIVAL.

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HOUSEHOLD RECIPES

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Cakes—Two coffeecups [illegible] lk or buttermilk, one teaspo[illegible] dissolved in a little hot wa[illegible] t in flour enough to pour; [illegible] d beaten eggs, one cupful [illegible] ice and one teaspoonful s[illegible] equire a little longer time [illegible] han the plain ones do, but [illegible]

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NOTES AND COMMENTS

[illegible] married couple in Illinois [illegible] their honeymoon blissfulness [illegible] living now.

[illegible] speculation is sensible [illegible] Happy who will do not [illegible] have no more.

[illegible] French [illegible] are [illegible] in our [illegible]

[illegible] Hard [illegible] the [illegible] in [illegible] the [illegible] good [illegible] the past.

[illegible] not now in [illegible] have seen co[illegible] during the reign [illegible] the fourteenth [illegible] during the reign of [illegible] killed the export [illegible] tax to an excessive [illegible] by William Pitt [illegible] Napoleonic wars, and abol[illegible]

[illegible] railroading is only [illegible] and yet it has been [illegible] investigation that of [illegible] and every one has changed [illegible] appliances then used [illegible] everything has gone to the [illegible] and new appliances have [illegible] in its heals the ex[illegible] quickly given place.

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[illegible] Hale tells how a [illegible] translation [illegible] the Delaware [illegible] English translator [illegible] Indian who knew [illegible] below in Dela[illegible] translator. The In[illegible] said "hallow" and gave [illegible] Therefore the [illegible] the Lord's Prayer [illegible] "Our Father, Who [illegible] hallowed be thy name!"

[illegible] Mexico have shaken [illegible] up diplomatically [illegible] dating from the [illegible] Maximilian, younger [illegible] Joseph I. The prince [illegible] Napoleon III., of France, [illegible] own of Mexico, in [illegible] supported by French troops [illegible] as emperor [illegible] The twin trag[illegible] Carlotta and the [illegible] left a feeling [illegible] against Mexico in [illegible] Austria and Belgium [illegible] neutral capi[illegible] representing these [illegible] refused to meet [illegible] ministers will [illegible] capitals.

[illegible] turned over for a [illegible] American products [illegible] in due course [illegible] parts of the world. [illegible] Hamburg, Germany, [illegible] exhibit about sev[illegible] has resulted in selling [illegible] worth of goods in new [illegible] idea is to have steamers [illegible] of our bread[illegible] agricultural implements [illegible] and machinery and iron [illegible] waters of every sort, household [illegible] "Yankee notions," etc. [illegible] to send them to markets where our [illegible] products are not appreciated, experts [illegible] along to give explanations, quote [illegible] prices, get samples of competing goods [illegible] learn the needs and tastes of the [illegible] market. The expedition would do for [illegible] country at large what a "drummer" [illegible] for a single commercial house.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Fortune is ever variously inclined.—Brayton.

Great talkers are never great doers.—Middleton.

Guilt proves the hardest nearest home.—Hogg.

Every man stamps his value on himself.—Schiller.

Charity begins at home, but should not end there.—Old Proverb.

Many things difficult to design prove easy to performance.—Johnson.

The sower of the seed is assuredly the author of the whole harvest of mischief.—Demosthenes.

There is nothing makes us better sympathizers with poor humanity than a failing or two of our own.—LeGallienne.

Human nature is so constituted that all see and judge better in the affairs of other men than in their own.—Terence.

Trust men, and they will be true to you; treat them greatly, and they will show themselves great, though they make an exception in your favor to all their rules of trade.—Emerson.

City life is a social machine, or rather it is a congress of machines. A few men are managers and engineers, but the 99 and nine are cogs and pins and jerks.—Prof. L. H. Bailey.

Love is the fulfilling of law, not because it stands instead of other things—truth, justice and so forth—but because it leads on to these, and supplies the moral motive power for them.—Brooke Herford.

The real misery of the future will be, I feel sure, the recollection of wasted opportunity. It will be the reflection that one did not do his best; that he did not make of life what he ought to have made of it. When the heart takes fire with regret, you will need no other burning. When the reproachful memory saddens, you will need no other sorrow. It will be enough.—Rev. Dr. D. M. Hodge.

Napoleon's Human Checkers.

Lord Rosebery's fascinating "Napoleon: The Last Phase" furnishes the text for an editorial in the Century Magazine.

A part of Napoleon's misunderstanding of human nature was his misunderstanding of the national spirit—as professor Sloane expresses it, "his contempt for nationality." On this subject there is an interesting passage in Lord Rosebery's book.

"Whom God wishes to destroy, says the adage, he first deprives of sanity. And so we see Napoleon, with incredible self-delusion, want of insight, or both, preparing his own destruction by dealing with men as if they were checkers, and moving them about the board according to his own momentary whim, without a thought of their passions or character of traditions, in a word, by ignoring human nature.

All this "cutting and carving" Napoleon did without the slightest regard for "the exasperation of the transferred souls." Moreover, by his mania for moving boundaries and shifting realms, he created a feeling of impermanence and insecurity. "He never seems to have given a thought to the storm of studying hatred, rancor, and revenge that was chafing and raging below."

Lord Rosebery thinks it "only fair to add" that the congress of his enemies at Vienna proceeded, with flattering imitation, on the same principles as to "cutting and carving."

Looking out upon the world as it now is, one cannot help asking, with a shudder, whether, aside from all questions of original right and wrong, the mistake of Napoleon, repeated in some measure by the Allies, is one altogether avoided in our time by the very nations that believe themselves the most civilized, the most enlightened, the most free. Answer: China, the Philippines, and South Africa!

The Limit of Power.

In the administration of President Harrison Senator Clark of Wyoming, then a practicing lawyer in the Territory, as it was in those days, was appointed a judge of the territorial court. He was not certain about accepting the position, and he went over to have a talk with Judge Corn, the Democratic incumbent.

"Hello, Clark," said the judge. "Have you come over to be sworn in?"

"No," said Clark. "I have not yet made up my mind to take the place."

"Oh, take it by all manner of means," said Judge Corn. "It is a pleasant job, and I think you will like it."

"But," said Clark, "I have a good many private matters to attend to, and I cannot accept for some time yet, anyway. If I conclude to take the place I will let you know."

"All right," said Judge Corn. "Come over and I will swear you in, but," he added, with a laugh, "while I can swear you in all creation cannot qualify you."—Washington Post.

Wonderful Discoveries in Egypt.

A professor of University college, London, spent the past winter in Egypt, exploring royal tombs, and he reports having discovered many things of interest and value. The most important, perhaps, are many fragments of ivory and stone, bearing inscriptions that will aid in tracing the development of civilization during the four hundred years when the only writing was in rude pictures, down to the time when hieroglyphics were in common use. He also found the toilet articles of Menes, the founder of monarchy, things that were made more than 6500 years ago, and the tomb of Zer, successor to Menes, the fore-arm of the queen, which had been broken off by some former plunderer, and on it four magnificent jeweled bracelets.

No Hair?

"My hair was falling out very fast and I was greatly alarmed. I then tried Ayer's Hair Vigor and my hair stopped falling at once."—Mrs. G. A. McVay, Alexandria, O.

The trouble is your hair does not have life enough. Act promptly. Save your hair. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. If the gray hairs are beginning to show, Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore color every time. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

From Sod House to Governor.

Ezra Perin Savage, who will soon become governor of Nebraska and live in the beautiful executive mansion at Lincoln, lived in a sod house in 1880. He was born in Connorsville, Ind., in 1842, and was left at the age of 10 years the sole support of his widowed mother and the family of little brothers and sisters. Young Savage worked hard on farms and in other occupations, meanwhile managing to pass through high school and college. He studied law, removed to Iowa, made some money in land speculation, and then removed to Nebraska. He was the first mayor of South Omaha, laid out the town of Sargent, and grew rich when the railroad was built through the town. Among his other good records is one he won as a soldier and scout for Grant and Sherman during the civil war.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Governor of St. Petersburg, Russia, has ordered ten automobile vehicles, designed for various municipal uses.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The aggregate length of the gas pipe in Tokio, Japan, is 210 miles.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The revenues of Mexico are about equal to the revenue of Philadelphia.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

It costs from $20 to $100 per ton to send freight to Manila.

S. K. Coburn, Mgr. Clarie Scott, writes: "I find Hall's Catarrh Cure a valuable remedy." Druggists sell it, 75c.

The glutton never puts off till to-morrow what he can eat to-day.

PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

There are 2,000,000 acres of land in Texas that are adaptable for the cultivation of rice.

It is better to follow a good example than to lead a bad one.

Boston has much vacant land, the assessed value of which is $62,500,000.

For Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Crab Orchard Water is a specific.

Detroit, Mich., has 3,721,717 square yards of wooden block pavement.

Careful of His Cash.

An old farmer in Bruichladdich, Islay, N. B., once went to have a troublesome tooth extracted. Said the dentist, after looking at the offending molar, "It is a very ugly one. I would advise you to have it out by the painless system. It is only a shilling extra." He showed the farmer the apparatus for administering gas, remarking that it would cause him to fall asleep for a minute, and before he awoke the tooth would be out. After a slight resistance the sufferer consented, proceeding to open his purse. "Oh, never mind paying just now!" said the dentist, kindly. "Hoots!" answered the cautious old Scot. "I wasn't thinking o' that; but if I'm gaen ta sleep I thought I wad like to count ma siller fust."—London Tit-Bits.

Money in Chickens

For 25c. in stamps we send a 164-PAGE BOOK giving the experiences of a practical Poultry Raiser—which is admitted, by a man working for dollars and cents, to be worth 5 years, 10 months now to Raisers and Care Diseases, Feed for Egg; also for Fattening; which Powders have for breeding, everything required for profitable Poultry raising. BOOK PUBLISHING CO. 134 Leonard Street, New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U., No. 25. 1901.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

FRAGRANT **SOZODONT** a perfect liquid dentifrice for the **Teeth and Mouth** New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c. SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c. 25¢ At all Stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

"Is Life Worth Living? That Depends on the Liver." Get your Liver right by taking **LIVERINA**. Best Liver medicine made. Relieves Biliousness, Sick Headache, Malaria, Constipation, "the blues" and all the other attendant ills of a torpid Liver. Sold By All Dealers 50c a Bottle. Manufactured By GAY, HARDIE & DURR, Montgomery, Ala.

DYSPEPSIA need not be endured a day longer if you use

A natural medicinal water—unsurpassed for all forms of Stomach and Bowel Disorders, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria, Dysentery, Complaints, Piles. Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the native mineral waters, their movement to health being almost sensational in half a day. The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle. CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder. Active workers everywhere can make big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 10 cents for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "G," Philadelphia, Pa.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 25 CTS.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye Water

A CERTAIN CURE FOR SORE, WEAK & INFLAMED EYES. MITCHELL'S SALVE. MAKES THE USE OF DRUGS UNNECESSARY. Price, 25 Cents. Druggists.

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A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of **Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals,** or similar substances. **LION COFFEE** is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity. **LION COFFEE** is now used in millions of homes.

"WHEN PRESSING YOUR SUIT."

When pressing your suit with the favorite lady,—
The girl that you think you desire for a wife—
Choose a place that is quiet, secluded and shady;
For that's an important transaction in life.
Remember, though she may be charming and pretty,
Of face most enchanting, of figure most neat,
Should she not be well trained it would be a great pity
That you and your lady-love ever should meet.

In choosing a wife, my dear fellow, the best trick
Is, first, to consider her womanly gifts,
Her household acquirements—attainments domestic—
The sensible mind that all women uplifts.
Does she know how to cook? Is she able and active?
Does she use LION COFFEE—the purest of brands?
If so, then she surely will make home attractive,
And pleasant for you with her own loving hands.

LION COFFEE, you know, has no coating or glazing,
In millions of homes is its purity known;
Consumers are always its quality praising—
A flavor and fragrance entirely its own.
Sold in pound packages, outwardly bearing
LION on wrapper, and gift-list inside;
If for your future content you are caring
LION COFFEE you'll surely commend to your bride!

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Piles Cured While You Sleep

You are costive, and nature is under a constant strain to relieve the condition. This causes a rush of blood to the rectum, and before long congested lumps appear, itching, painful, bleeding. Then you have piles. There are many kinds and many cures, but piles are not curable unless you assist nature in removing the cause. CASCARETS make effort easy, regulate and soften the stools, relieving the tension, and giving nature a chance to use her healing power. Piles, hemorrhoids, fistula, and other rectal troubles yield to the treatment, and Cascarets quickly and surely remove them forever. **Don't be persuaded to experiment with anything else!**

Atchison Globe.

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man." C. H. KEYES, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

Woman's Long Suit.

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK. DRUGGISTS

GUARANTEED TO CURE all forms of Piles, Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood, Skin Eruptions and Pimples, Worms, Fever, Chills, Malaria, Liver Troubles, and all Diseases of the Bowels, Stomach and Liver. Cure guaranteed with 25c. box. Sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five Cents was the first box of CASCARETS sold. Now sales reach five million boxes a year. Six hundred million boxes have been sold to date. We have sold a million boxes a week for more than a year. We guarantee CASCARETS to cure Piles, Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood, Skin Eruptions and Pimples, Worms, Fever, Chills, Malaria, Liver Troubles, and all Diseases of the Bowels, Stomach and Liver. Cure guaranteed with 25c. box. Sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901. Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my hips, back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years. NANNIE DAVIS.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing those terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Console yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhoea, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all these aches and pains for you. Purchase a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by

Campbelle Drug co., clanton.
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General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two superior cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

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LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

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of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

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Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Everybody Says So

that Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on all the liver and bowels. Cleanse the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please try and try a box of C. C. C. today. 10, 25 cents. Sold and guaranteed by druggists.

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CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

OUT-DOOR ARC.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps,* Etc. The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agents Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Prismatic Colors.

Mrs. Opie, the widow of the great portrait painter, whom some one has called the "inspired peasant," never, even in her old age, lost her love of bright colors. A little girl, Emma Martin, afterward known in literature as Emma Marshall, visited her one day and experienced a rare pleasure. She says:

On a screen in her drawing room were hung a number of prisms, which were suspended from chandeliers before the bell shaped globes came into fashion. I sat on a stool at my mother's feet, wondering what those long bits of glass could mean. Presently the brilliant rays of the western sunshine filled the room.

"Now," said Mrs. Opie, "thou mayst run over to that screen and give it a shake."

I did as I was bidden. "Be gentle," said my mother in a warning voice, but I gave the screen a vigorous shake.

Emerald, ruby and violet rays danced on the walls and ceiling and delighted me so intensely that I kept repeating the process; then my mother, afraid of mischief resulting, came and drew me back to her side. Mrs. Opie looked at me and said:

"If thou lovest bright colors, thee will never see anything more beautiful than the rainbow God sets in the sky."

Could Not Report Golf.

When the amateur golf championship was played at Wheaton in 1897 there was but one Chicago newspaper man who had the remotest conception of what the game was. Accordingly, the newspapers, with the exception of the Chicago Tribune, agreed to syndicate the work and put it all in this one man's hands. The Tribune refused to enter the combination and depended upon the exertions of a member of its own staff. But the Tribune reporter speedily realized his helplessness and appealed to his brother of the syndicate for aid. The latter obligingly handed over his copy, and the Tribune man set to work to make a few minor changes so that its kinship to the original should not be too apparent. Later in the evening he met his generous benefactor and told him of the changes he had made.

"In particular, the account of the play at the sixth hole between Forgan and Douglas. You said that 'Forgan rimmed the cup for a half.' Well, you know, old chap, that Forgan is a banker down town and a big man, while Douglas is just one of those Scotchmen. It seemed to me rather cheap to have Forgan doing that sort of thing for a half, so I just made it read that 'Forgan rimmed the cup with Douglas for a hundred.'"—Washington Capital.

Ants That Fight Spiders.

Few more wonderful adaptations are seen in the whole round of nature than the webs spiders spin to entrap the wary ant. They are not high hung, lacy affairs, caressing every breeze, but low set, silken tubes stretched in the grass, the crevices of rock or about tree roots. Ants of every size creep heedlessly into them. The spiders eat them with relish, but occasionally a very little spider and a very big ant engage in a duel to the death. If the spider can bite, the ant can sting, and does it with a right good will. The spider does not try to get rid of such an ant as he does of a wasp or bee too strong to be safely attacked. Such an insect, which threatens destruction to the web, is often cut out of it by the web builders. The entangling cables are not loosed, but the web rays neatly snipped in two, first those underneath and at the very last the highest filament. Often the letting go of such captive means destruction to half the nest. But some spiders are wiser than some people. They know not merely when they have enough, but when they have too much.

Something Which He Learned.

A soft answer has not only the effect of turning away wrath. It may serve to avenge an injury. Years ago the Rev. J. H. Jones was making a visit in Boston and attended a biweekly conference at Divinity hall. Just at that time he was out of sorts with the east, and his address reflected an acrid mood. Especially did he insist that

"They didn't know everything down in Judea or even in Cambridge."

When he sat down, there was a momentary hush, and then the late Dean Everett slowly rose. He began in his usual soft and hesitating tone, "There are doubtless a great many things which Mr. Jones knows and we do not know, but there are also a few things which we know and he does not."

Then followed a pause, during which each man held his breath, for the dean was known to carry on his lips a dagger which sometimes found its unerring way to the hearts of men and things, but after due pause he continued gently:

"And chief among them is how glad we always are to see him."—Youth's Companion.

The Echo at Work.

When we had climbed to the top of the mountain, we observed an old man sitting on a rock with a pair of field-glasses in his hands. Every now and then he would look earnestly through them and then whoop continuously for a time with a vigor astonishing, considering his age. For a time we observed him from a respectful distance till finally, being naturally curious, I went up to him. "Why," I asked, "do you rubber that way and then yell so loud?"

He turned and eyed me calmly, with a dignity which could have been born of nothing but a great responsibility.

"If you talk to me," he said gravely, "you'll take my attention, and I'll lose my job. I, sir, am the echo at the Mountain House down yonder."

At this point it became necessary for him to howl again, and I retired much impressed.—Princeton Tiger.

Entertaining Deaths

General Dubois, one of Napoleon's old French veterans, [illegible] stone after the rest of [illegible] was full of resource and [illegible] and presence of mind. [illegible] when he was in [illegible] fortress in front and [illegible] rection in his rear [illegible] house saved him.

"Who commands at [illegible]" asked a soldier.

"There are two."

"What is the [illegible] command?"

"A brigadier general."

"His name?"

"De Pietramaggiore."

"His title?"

"A marquis."

"His age?"

"About 70."

"Is he well preserved? [illegible] his color?"

"He is thin and pale."

"Is his voice strong and [illegible]"

"It is weak and [illegible]"

"Is he lively, gay [illegible]"

"Neither the one nor the [illegible]"

"What does he wear in his [illegible]"

"He is powdered and has [illegible] in locks."

"Has he boots and spurs?"

"No; he wears silk stockings and great buckles."

"Great buckles?" cried [illegible]

"Bring up the guns and [illegible] The place is mine!"

An Excuse For a Pun.

When the stern Duke of [illegible] was prime minister under [illegible] he managed the old [illegible] enough, but when he [illegible] same tactics with the young Victoria he met his match. [illegible] stantly outwitted him. One [illegible] earliest official acts was to [illegible] fore her a court martial during which he expected her to [illegible] matter of course. A soldier was executed for desertion, and [illegible] death warrant was placed before the queen by the duke she raised [illegible] full of wars, to his face saying:

"Have you nothing to say in [illegible] of this poor man?"

"Nothing," said the duke, [illegible] attention like one of his own [illegible] "he has deserted three times."

"Oh, your grace, think [illegible]" cried the queen as if she were [illegible] the life of her dearest friend.

"Well, your majesty, he [illegible] a bad soldier, but there was [illegible] who spoke for his good character [illegible] may be a tolerably good fellow [illegible] life."

"Oh, thank you," said the [illegible] heartfelt tones, and before the [illegible] lished duke could utter a word [illegible] test she had written across the [illegible] the word "Pardoned."

Perambulating Goat Dairies.

There are a couple of Italian [illegible] ries in Athens whose proprietors [illegible] cows, but they do business [illegible] the foreigners and with those [illegible] who ape foreign manners. For [illegible] Athenian believes the goat [illegible] proper milk producing animal [illegible] regards the cow in this [illegible] about the same as American [illegible] mare.

The milkman takes his [illegible] him, jingling their bells and [illegible] "Gala!" he shouts, with a [illegible] ting cry, with a "g" whose [illegible] quality is unattainable by all [illegible] ers and usually experienced [illegible] When a customer comes [illegible] he strips the desired quantity [illegible] proffered receptacle before [illegible] eyes, selecting one of the [illegible] paying no attention to the [illegible] understand the business [illegible] dors. Patiently they stand [illegible] ing the end or resting on [illegible] doorsteps.

When their master moves [illegible] arise and follow, more [illegible] dogs.—Scribner's Magazine.

How Do You Pronounce "Haw"?

How do you pronounce "haw"? [illegible] chances are that, if you are [illegible] Massachusetts citizen, you [illegible] the "o" rather broad like the [illegible] The Century Dictionary, [illegible] very indulgent dictionary [illegible] lows you to pronounce it [illegible] wish, but no other dictionary [illegible] You should really sound the [illegible] not. Likewise how do you [illegible] "hog?" Even the Century [illegible] you say "hawg." This reminds [illegible] that a friend has written the [illegible] beautiful but abstruse poem:

MY DOG AND MY HOG.

[A lesson in pronunciation.]

I once owned a swing hog
And likewise a little dog.
When I chained unto a log
To keep him from a bog
Which was near

That my faithful little dog
Despite the efforts and [illegible]
Would pulverize that swing [illegible]
And get drowned in the bog
Was my fear.

—Boston [illegible]

Clever Bilkins.

"Bilkins' wife found [illegible] chips in his pocket."

"Yes?"

"Well, Bilkins told her [illegible] enough lozenges."

"Clever of Bilkins, wasn't it?"

"Very—she swallowed two [illegible] nearly died."—Ohio State Journal.

An Unpleasant Relative.

"Her rich old uncle isn't [illegible] her, is he?"

"Nice! He's horrid! [illegible] threatens her awfully!"

"Threatens her?"

"Yes, threatens to leave all [illegible] to a hospital for asthmatics."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When a man is out of [illegible] doesn't show any, but when [illegible] of temper he shows a lot of it.—[illegible] go News.

In the year 1200 the manufacture of silk began in England.

Active.

[illegible] looking fine, but we need rain very bad. We have plenty of chickens around here [illegible] of dry weather.

[illegible] Langston had a fine [illegible] destroyed by fire.

[illegible] D. Holsembeck got his [illegible] and everything burned up.

SAMA BOY.

MASONIC INSTALLATION.

[illegible] of Clanton Masonic [illegible] installed at the Meth[illegible] church on Tuesday evening [illegible] A. Beauchamp, Grand [illegible] of the Grand Lodge of [illegible] The following were the [illegible] J. P. VanDeveer [illegible] T. Aldridge, S. W.; C. [illegible] W. I. Mullins, [illegible] Smith, Sec; E. A. [illegible] D. G. Higgins, J. [illegible] Gore, Tyler; D. F. El[illegible] The Clanton Choir [illegible] music for the occa[illegible]

Union Grove.

[illegible] the farmers in this [illegible] will soon lay by their [illegible]

[illegible] sorry to say that little [illegible] has been very sick [illegible] improving now.

[illegible] Willie Sorrell and B. F. [illegible] paid Union a flying visit [illegible] Come again boys.

[illegible] many of the young people [illegible] Grove a visit Sunday.

[illegible]

20th CENTURY MEETING.

[illegible] on the 13 and 14 of [illegible]

[illegible] Prayer Meeting, con[illegible] Rev. John Martin. [illegible] Greatest Need the [illegible] Power." Discussed [illegible] M. Woods 30 minutes, [illegible] others in 10 minutes.

[illegible] 20th Century movement [illegible] or ten minutes by [illegible] M. Adams. Sermon [illegible] has done for the Bap[illegible] years, by F. M. Woods.

[illegible] How to conduct [illegible] school." forty-five [illegible] Bro. W. H. Shaw. 15 [illegible] on to the Children [illegible] Thomas. 10 minutes [illegible] explanation of Helps in [illegible] Bible.

[illegible] Baptist Principles, what [illegible] By P. A. Rasco.

[illegible] Baptist Principles [illegible] in 100 years, and [illegible] are worth to the world. [illegible] Coffee.

[illegible] the Baptists ought to [illegible] in the next cen[illegible] Rev. Sutton Smitherman. [illegible] vacuum nav.

[illegible] Prayer-meeting, D. Z. [illegible]

[illegible] ions; the Command; the [illegible] Results. By F. M. [illegible]

[illegible] Sermon—100 years of [illegible] sions, by S. M. Adams. [illegible] lection and distribute [illegible] literature.

[illegible] Explain pledge card [illegible] system.

[illegible] church life; the pub[illegible]; the pastor; the deacon[illegible]; the meeting [illegible]; the young people [illegible] campaign.

[illegible] the home; by [illegible]

[illegible] 75c nts.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JUNE 27, 190' — NO. 36

Betraying Besieged.

General Dubesme was a distinguished French veteran, made by Napoleon after the rout of Waterloo. He was full of resource and had great presence of mind. At Paris, when he was in great danger, a fortress in front and a savage population in the rear, his own presence saved him.

"Who commands at Paris?" asked a soldier.

"Three are two."

"What is the grade of the command?"

"A brigadier general."

"His name?"

"Dubesme."

"Dubesme?"

"Dubesme Pietramaggiore."

"His title?"

"A marquis."

"His age?"

"About 70."

"Is he well preserved? Does he color?"

"He is thin and pallid."

"Is his voice strong and manly?"

"It is weak and dull."

"Is he lively, gay?"

"Neither the one nor the other."

"What does he wear on his head?"

"He is powdered, and his hair in locks."

"Has he boots and spurs?"

"No; he wears silk stockings and great buckles."

"Great buckles!" cried Dubesme. "Bring up the guns and begin! The place is mine!"

An Excuse For a Pardon.

When the stern Duke of Wellington was prime minister under George IV. he managed the old monarch easily enough, but when he attempted the same tactics with the young Queen Victoria he met his match. She instantly outwitted him. One of her earliest official acts was to bring before her a court martial death warrant which he expected her to sign as a matter of course. A soldier was condemned for desertion, and as a death warrant was placed before the queen by the duke she raised her pen full of wrath, to his face, saying:

"Have you nothing to say in behalf of this poor man?"

"Nothing," said the duke, standing at attention like one of his own privates. "He has deserted three times."

"Oh, your grace, think again," pleaded the queen as if she were asking the life of her dearest friend.

"Well, your majesty, he certainly is a bad soldier, but there was another who spoke for his good character. He may be a tolerably good fellow behind your back."

"Oh, thank you," said the queen in tearfull tones, and before the astonished duke could utter a word of protest she had written across the page the word "Pardoned."

Perambulating Goat Dairies.

There are a couple of European cows in Athens whose proprietors think, but they do business mostly with foreigners and with those who ape foreign manners. Your Athenian believes the goat to be the proper milk producing animal, and regards the cow in this country about the same as Americans do the bison. The milkman takes his animals around, jangling their bells and shouting "Gala!" he shouts, with a quick, jerky cry, with a "g" whose guttality is unattainable by adult Greeks and usually unperceived by them. When a customer comes to the door he strips the desired quantity into the offered receptacle before her eyes, selecting one of the goats paying no attention to the others. They understand the business as well as do the cud or resting on cool doorsteps.

When their master moves on they follow, more faithful than sheep.—Scribner's Magazine.

How Do You Pronounce "Dog?"

How do you pronounce "dog?" If you are an Eastern Massachusetts citizen, you pronounce the "o" rather broad, like the "o" in "for." The Century Dictionary, which is the most indulgent dictionary indeed, allows you to pronounce it so, but no other dictionary does, but no other dictionary says it should really sound the "o" like "aw." Likewise how do you pronounce "frog?" Even the Century would not say "frawg." This reminds us that a friend has written the following beautiful but abstruse poem:

MY DOG AND MY DOG.

[A lesson in pronunciation.]

I once owned a roving hog
And likewise a little dog,
Whom I chained unto a log
To keep him from a bog
Which was near.

That my faithful little dog,
Despite the chain and bog,
Would pursue that roving hog
And get drowned in the bog
Was my fear.

—Boston Journal.

Clever Bilkins.

Bilkins' wife found some money in his pocket."

"Yes?"

"Well, Bilkins told her they were cough lozenges."

"Clever of Bilkins, wasn't it?"

"Very—she swallowed two and instantly died."—Ohio State Journal.

An Unpleasant Relative.

"Her rich old uncle isn't a bit of a relative, is he?"

"Not! He's horrid! When he threatens her awfully!"

"Yes, threatens to leave all his money to a hospital for asthmatic orphans."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When a man is out of work he can't show any, but when he loses his temper he shows a lot of it.—Ohio News.

In the year 1000 the manufacture of glass began in England.

[illegible] Lodge, one of [illegible] county, died at his home near Verbena yesterday morning [illegible] by his son, Mr. [illegible] A number of [illegible] Methodist church [illegible] President Andrew [illegible] He has always been a staunch Southern Democrat [illegible] Verbena, [illegible] one of our most [illegible] and progressive [illegible] L. Coolidge [illegible] soldier [illegible] fighting [illegible] South [illegible] reserved for [illegible] Sundays [illegible] A Journal.

Active.

[illegible] we have [illegible] around here [illegible] weather [illegible] a fine timber destroyed by fire [illegible] Hunsenbuck got his [illegible] and everything burned up [illegible] Boy.

MASONIC INSTALLATION

Officers of Clanton Masonic [illegible] were installed at the Methodist church on Tuesday evening [illegible] A. Beauchamp, Grand [illegible] of the Grand Lodge of [illegible] The following were the officers installed: J. P. VanDerveer, W. M.; J. Aldridge, S. W.; C. W. Mullins, J. W.; W. L. Mullins, Treas.; A. Smith, Sec.; E. A. [illegible] D. G. Higgins, J. D.; [illegible] Tyler. D. P. Elston [illegible] The Clanton Choir [illegible] good music for the occasion.

Union Grove.

We the farmers in this [illegible] are busy [illegible] their [illegible] to say that little [illegible] been very sick [illegible] W. Sorrell and B. F. [illegible] Being visit [illegible] Come [illegible] boys.

[illegible] many of the young people [illegible] Clanton to visit Sunday.

N. Y. Z.

[illegible] FOR 20TH CENTURY MEETING

[illegible] lesson [illegible] and 14, of [illegible]

[illegible] Missionary, con[illegible] Martin [illegible] Our Greatest Need, the [illegible] Discussed [illegible] W. Aldridge, 5 minutes [illegible] 10 minutes [illegible] Century, [illegible] minutes by [illegible] Sermon [illegible] for the Baptist [illegible] F. M. Woods.

[illegible] How to conduct [illegible] forty-five [illegible] by Bro. W. H. Shaw, 15 [illegible] the Children [illegible] 10 minutes [illegible] of Helps in [illegible] Baptist Principles, what [illegible] by A. Hasco. [illegible] Baptist Principles [illegible] years, and [illegible] to the world. [illegible] Baptists ought to [illegible] in the next century, Rev. Sutton Smitherman. [illegible] Prayer-meeting, D. Z. [illegible] lessons, the Command; the [illegible] the Results. By F. M. [illegible] Sermon, 100 years of Missions, by S. M. Adams. [illegible] collection and distribute literature. [illegible] Explain pledge card [illegible] envelope system. [illegible] Our church life; the pulpit, the pastor; the deacons, the meeting [illegible] the young people [illegible] the home; by [illegible] 75 cents.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

Jemison.

The Critic is not dead but sleeping.

Everybody enjoyed themselves Tuesday at the picnic, but where was Bessie?

Misses Maud Shelby and Pearl Shannon are visiting Miss Mattie Patton.

Mr. W. G. Hard left last week for Dolive where he will spend the summer. The consequence is that the social life of our city is on the wane.

Mr. Percy Burns and his sister, Miss Maline, are visiting relatives here.

Quite a large crowd of young people enjoyed themselves at a sociable given by Dr. and Mrs. Johnston Friday night.

The J. U. G's were delightfully entertained by Miss Mattie Patton last Monday. Wish I was one, don't you "Sport"

Mrs. Bandy, Mrs. Woolley and Miss Maud Allen, of Montevallo, are visiting Mrs. J. P. Allen.

Mr. L. E. Garner smiled last Monday evening when No. 3 arrived; can anyone guess why?

Several of our young people went to Oak Grove last Sunday.

CRITIC.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Program S. S Convention

For Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Union Grove church, Sunday, June 30, 1901.

8 a.m. Devotional exercises, K. W. Honeycutt.

9:30. Object of the Sunday-school, J. M. Collier and W. H. Conway.

10. Relation of Sunday school to the church, P. A. Wood and W. L. Brown.

10:30. Best method of training children in the Sunday-school, J. P. Gentry and J. M. Gothard.

11. Christian education, Judge S. M. Adams.

1 p.m. Recitations, Misses Anna Lowery, Mattie Patton, Susie Conway.

2:20. Who should attend Sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and A. H. Glasscock.

2:50. Results of Sunday-school work, L. H. Reynolds.

NOTICE TO CONFEDERATE PENSIONERS.

The Confederate Pension Board for Chilton county, will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in July, 1901, to consider all applications for pensions of parties not already on the pension list. Applicants must attend in person, or send a physician's certificate of disability.

H. W. CAFFEY, Chairman.

Don't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

Cedar Grove.

We had a nice shower yesterday accompanied by a severe wind that caused some of us to have a "log-rolling."

Rev. Mr. Cassady was unable to fill his usual appointment here Sunday; the cause is unknown to ye local.

Mr. J. W. Baker and family visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. A. J. Foreman returned Monday from Decatur.

West Chilton.

This is a beautiful Sunday, visitors a plenty.

Mr. W. M. Merchant and family are visiting Macedonia community.

W. L. Ward, of Randolph, is visiting his sister.

Mr. Clint Veazey's family and S. E. Waldrup, L. L. Waldrup, J. F. Armstrong and wife, James Armstrong and wife, are welcome visitors to the home of S. N. Waldrup.

Sunday-school at the Mayflower school house every first and third Sundays; the first at 9 a.m., the third at 2 p.m.; Z. J. Jones teacher. Preaching on the first Sunday at 11 o'clock.

Crops are in very good fix; oats are ripe but not much time to cut them.

Mr. Frazier Fitts is with us again; hope he will stay.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

Singing Convention

The Southern Union Singing convention will meet at Evergreen, two miles west of Verbena on the 3d Sabbath in July at 9 o'clock. We invite all lovers of music and especially music teachers, to attend and bring their books, together with their baskets well filled to be exhibited about 12 o'clock.

Committee—R. T. Grant, W. H. Robinson, W. D. Driver, T. L. Robinson.

THE POULTRY DOCTOR

If you are interested in Poultry, by all means send 25 cents in Postage Stamps to the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Penna., for their new book, on the diseases of poultry. Although comparatively small, it is so concise, terse and lucid as to be of great value to the fancier and the breeder of poultry it shows how to manage and rear fowls, how to detect their different ailments, and how to treat them by either allopathic or homeopathic remedies. It is from the pen of Mr. John E. Diehl, the well known American Poultry Association Judge one of the highest authorities on poultry.

To the Missionary Baptist Churches of Mulberry, Unity and Weogufka Associations within the bounds of Chilton County:

Brethren:—You are hereby requested to elect two delegates to meet with the Executive Committee of the Mulberry and Unity Associations at Macedonia Church, five miles east of Randolph, on Saturday, the 13th day of July, 1901, for the purpose of considering the question of organizing Chilton County Association, in accordance with a resolution passed at the last session of the Mulberry Association.

We submit a few reasons for this move:

1st. We have about 40 Baptist churches in Chilton County, and the organization of an Association in the county will be convenient and will unite our church in work for the Master in and around our homes.

Elect your delegates and let us consider the question, which will be referred back to the churches for their ratification.

F. M. WOODS, Mod. Unity Ass'n
M. D. LANGSTON, Mod. Mulb'y Ass'n

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

Seven Years In Bed

"Will wonders ever cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. S. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble; nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

Most of our town boys seem to be trying to enjoy life while they are single. They seem to realize the fact that they will not get the chance after they marry.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

East Chilton

Farmers are needing rain in this section now, though crops are looking fine.

Messrs. G. W. and Jesse Jones, of Prattville, were up here on business last week.

Mr. McKee, of Gullahorn's was in our town Sunday.

Messrs. J. E. Goss, W. F. Connell, Thomas, Joseph and Jeff Mims attended the singing at Mr. Andy Cooper's Sunday evening.

J. N. Goss and sister, Genevra, visited friends at Poplar Springs Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. B. J. Goss was in our town Saturday on business.

Mr. M. C. Williams visited Clanton last week.

Mr. J. N. Goss had some teeth extracted Saturday.

Mr. Neuby now has the mail carrying in charge.

Mr. J. W. Connell, of Mississippi, passed through Burwell last week.

Our merchant at Burwell has purchased a new stock of goods.

Mr. Job Mims, of Prattville, was in our town last week.

Prof. J. N. Goss will begin his school at Corinth Tuesday, July 2.

Everybody is saving their oats nicely in this section.

I think the text book system will work all O.K. Some of the patrons are already making an effort to secure the books. More anon.

EVENING STAR.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Foshee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3. What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Foshee

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. MIMS, S. PATE, R. A. HASCO } Committee.

When you start out to "tackle" the funny tribe don't forget to take a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it for fin wounds, fish hook wounds, bites and stings of insects and it is no bad thing for "snake bite." Remember it cures colic also, and is absolutely harmless. Your druggist can sell it as fast as you can buy it. Price 50c.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

A girl in love is at a loss to find language to express her thoughts, but it is quite different after she marries.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSS, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

There are some things you can do without, but you can't afford to risk another day without a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic, the greatest chemical discovery of the age. Heals Cuts, Burns, Gun-shot Wounds, etc., quicker than anything. And don't forget that it cures Colic, too, while you wait about ten minutes.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Assessment Book 1901.

State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

Notice is hereby given that the Book of Assessments for Chilton county for 1901 is now completed and on file in this office ready for inspection, and that the Court of County Commissioners will be in session on the second Monday in July, 1901, for the purpose of correcting any errors in said book.

This 18th day of June, 1901.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

TEETHINA was first used by Dr. Charles J. Moffett, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., in his extensive and successful treatment in Georgia in overcoming the troubles incident to teething and hot summers. TEETHINA (Teething Powders) counteracts the effect of hot weather and keeps the digestive organs in a healthy condition, and has saved the lives of thousands of children in the doctor's native state, where physicians prescribe and all mothers give it, and it is criminal in mothers of our section to allow their babes and little children to suffer and perhaps die when relief can be so easily obtained by giving TEETHINA. It costs only 25 cents at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Diploma is a State Life Certificate. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Rollins & Davis Ginnery, near Energy, Ala., will be sold for cash, on the premises, on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1901

This plant consists of one two-story Gin House, one Store House, one Adams 10 Horse Power Engine and Boiler, one Nance Cotton Press, one 50-saw Gin, Feeder and Condenser, one three ton Wagon Scale, all Beltings, Pulleys, Shafting, etc., to make a complete running outfit, and all now in place ready for use where it has had a good patronage for past five years; also the lot of about two acres upon which the above named is located; this lot has a good spring which furnishes at all times a full and lasting supply of water.

The above named property is on the Montgomery and Tuscaloosa dirt road, seven miles west of Verbena, five miles south-west of Cooper, seven miles south of Clanton.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: F. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A wealthy Frenchman has made arrangements by means of his will to offer inducements to tall men and women to marry. His purpose is to help posterity to a greater average height. This may satisfy the artistic sense, but the little fellows of the world have made a great deal of its history.

The tonnage of the Great Eastern was 10,300 below that of the Celtic which has just been launched at Belfast. It will be recalled that the Great Eastern failed as a money maker and was retired as being unwieldy. It was power that the former ship lacked. The latter has it in superabundance, and it is predicted she will be a success.

An inquisitive reporter recently took a census of a mile of Fifth avenue, New York City, where many very rich men dwell, and found just 15 children under the age of 12 years. There was an average of one child in three houses. Later the investigator turned his attention to the East Side tenement district, where he found 63 children in one house—more than four times the number found in the whole Fifth avenue mile.

The work of removing the little white schoolhouses from the Iowa hilltops is attracting more attention just now than any other educational movement of the new century, states the New England Farmer. Advanced educators of Iowa have come to the realization that the theory of a schoolhouse every two or three miles along the country roads is all wrong. The last legislature recognized the fact that some provision should be made for lessening the cost of maintaining so many schoolhouses, and passed laws making it possible to consolidate schools and to engage in the practice of transporting children from long distances to school at public expense.

Writing in Cassier's Magazine, Alton D. Adams shows that the time is ripe for the advent of a new system of urban and interurban transportation. The object sought in each change thus far appears to have been a reduction in operating expenses as well as an improvement in service. In the opinion of Mr. Adams electric vehicles embrace the necessary elements of the next improvement in street traction. There is no comparison, of course, in the matter of flexibility of operation and freedom from the street structures. It is only a question of comparative cost. Mr. Adams shows that for a given daily output of energy the station to charge storage batteries for electric vehicles need only have one-fourth the capacity in generating machinery that is necessary for the operation of a tram car system, and would require no battery plant whatever. After computing the comparative cost of maintenance and operation Mr. Adams finds an unbalanced advantage of transportation with electromobiles, a saving of about one-half of the entire first cost and also of one-half of the annual interest charges of present street car systems.

The increasing number of farms operated by tenants has been pointed out as a sign that the former owners were rapidly sinking into a state of tenancy through the foreclosure of mortgages. This has, however, been shown not to be the case by Mr. L. G. Powers, the chief statistician of the division of agriculture of the census bureau. According to the new census figures, the total number of farms in the United States has increased from 4,500,000 in 1890 to 5,700,000 in 1900, and those operated by tenants have increased between 40 and 45 percent, while those tilled by their owners have increased between 15 and 18 percent. Both classes have increased more rapidly than the agricultural population, which fact disproves the assertion that the owners are being degraded into tenants. Mr. Powers states that it does not indicate the degradation of the rural population, but an uplifting that has raised not less than 100,000 families from the position of wage-earners to that of lessees of small or large tracts of tillable land. When a wage-earner, he states, in a rural community gets a little capital ahead he often begins to look for a farm to rent and operate. Those owners of farms who have laid by a goodly-sized "nest-egg" are often willing to lease their lands and retire to the city to live on their income. The result is an increase in tenant farms, but it is in an economic improvement for all concerned. If the tenant be successful he may be able to buy the farm in a few years.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Twenty-Third Day.

Section Thirteen Finally Adopted—And Two More With It—Another Queer Petition.

Roll call showed 124 members present on the twenty-third day. The new business was as follows:

By Mr. Williams—To establish a whipping post.

By Mr. Pettus—To prevent and prohibit intermarriage of negroes and whites unto the third generation; penalty, three years in the penitentiary.

The convention refused to suspend the rules to allow Mr. Brooks to introduce an ordinance expressing the sense of the convention to be against woman suffrage.

By Mr. Cofer—A resolution to regulate the fees of circuit solicitors; that they be elected by the people for four years; their salary not to exceed $2,000 per annum.

Mr. Blackwell introduced a petition from a negro asking that the convention shall not discriminate against the negro. It said "slavery had been a blessing to his race." Mr. Greer moved that the petition be not recorded. Mr. Greer's motion was tabled by a vote of 81 to 18, and the petition was referred to the committee on suffrage.

A resolution extending the sympathy of the convention to Secretary Julian on the death of his brother William, was unanimously adopted.

By Mr. Greer—To fix the election of city officials on same day as election of state officials.

The convention then took up section thirteen of the article on executive, which relates to the passage of bills through the house and their veto by the governor, and it was adopted with amendments by a vote of 73 to 41.

Section 15, providing for succession to the office of governor in case of vacancy or disability, all along the line of state offices just as named in the code, the same as federal law relating to succession to the office of president, was adopted.

Section 16, relating to procedure when the governor is of unsound mind to be looked into by the Supreme Court was taken up.

The convention adjourned at 1 o'clock while considering this section.

Twenty-Fourth Day.

Six More Sections Adopted—More New Ordinances Presented—Press Gets the Cold Shoulder.

One hundred and forty-one delegates answered to roll call on this the twenty-fourth day. New ordinances proposed were:

By Mr. NeSmith—To make an address to the people setting out changes in the constitution and the reasons therefor.

By Mr. O'Neal—To prevent privilege tax on drummers.

By Mr. Greer—To extend a welcome to the press. This was defeated by a large vote.

By Mr. Whiteside—To deny the legislative right to levy a privilege tax.

The ordinance on executive was resumed. Section 16 was finally adopted so as to provide that whenever the governor shall be insane the supreme court may act in the matter and its judgment shall be final.

Section 17, providing for succession to the governor, was adopted.

Section 18, relating to the governor holding no other office, was adopted.

Section 19, stating the governor's command of state troops, was adopted.

Section 20, forbidding the appointment of members of the general assembly to office during their term of office, was adopted.

Section 21, prescribing eligibility to state officers, was adopted.

Section 22, relating to the seal was under consideration when the convention adjourned.

Twenty-Fifth Day.

The Convention "Crawfished" Twice—No Change in State Seal—Banking Laws Suggested.

There were 140 delegates in their seats today. Two reconsiderations were effected. The first grants to the Alabama Press Association the courtesy of the floor. The second tables section 20 of the article on executive, denying appointive offices to members of the general assembly.

The committee on banks and banking, reported section 14 of the present constitution, to which a section is added providing for the examination by some state officer of all banks and banking institutions and trust companies engaged in banking business in this state.

The state seal matter then came up and was tabled. It is left as at present.

The resolution by Mr. O'Neal instructing the legislature to increase the salary of the governor to $5,000 was reported favorably. President Knox took the floor for the first time and spoke for the resolution.

Adjourned.

Twenty-Sixth Day.

A Day of Discussion Only—Nothing Really Accomplished—Preamble Committee Reports.

There were 136 members present today and the session of the convention was a failure as a constitution making one, nothing but discussion being indulged in.

The committee on preamble submitted its report. It consists of 8 sections.

The question of the governor's salary was again discussed and finally left to the general assembly to raise to $5,000, "if" it can be done without increasing taxation.

While discussing section four of the ordinance on executive, the hour for adjournment arrived.

Twenty-Seventh Day.

The Article on Executive is Adopted—Committee on Local Legislation Has Made a Report.

One hundred and three delegates responded to roll call at the session of June 22. Hereafter the convention will hold two sessions daily—from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 to 5 p. m. Only two new measures were proposed:

By Mr. Graham—That a special county tax be authorized to build school houses.

By Mr. Packer—To appoint a committee to prepare a memorial to the congress of the United States to have the fifteenth amendment repealed.

The committee on local legislation submitted its report. It favors a new article in the constitution, and its main feature is to prohibit local legislation by the general assembly, and authorize it to confer such powers upon local courts. It requires notice to be given of the intention to introduce local or special laws in the legislature, and provides that such laws be repealed on similar notice. The article contains six sections.

Consideration of the article on executive was then resumed and section 4 relating to state election returns was adopted.

Sections 23, 24 and 25 were adopted before dinner. Section 23 defines the duties of the secretary of state. Section 24 requires the state seal on grants and commissions. Section 25 provides succession in state offices below that of lieutenant governor.

The first afternoon session began at three o'clock, 97 present, and sections 28, 29 and 30 were adopted. They refer to the duties of the state officers and sheriffs and provides for impeachment and removal of the latter.

Twenty-Eighth Day.

More Resolutions—Municipal Corporations Committee Reports—Also Committee on Taxation.

The twenty-eighth day of the constitutional convention opened with 92 delegates in their seats.

Section 30 of the article on executive was reconsidered, and one of its features—making the sheriff ineligible to any office for a year after retiring from office—striken out.

The governor's salary again came up and it was decided to allow the general assembly to pay the executive a higher salary when it thinks proper.

Mr. Blackwell offered a new section that the governor shall fill vacancies in county office until the general election, but the matter, with an amendment, was tabled.

The committee on municipal corporations reported an ordinance. The material changes are that all bond issues must be submitted to the people except for improvements. The indebtedness of cities is limited to 7 per cent of assessed valuation. The cities of the state are to be classified and incorporated under general laws. All franchises to be limited to twenty years, and awarded to the highest bidder.

At the afternoon session, Gen. Sanford introduced an ordinance to prohibit the general assembly from authorizing lotteries or pool selling.

The committee on taxation made its report, and the convention considered its first section which calls for a tax in exact proportion to the value of property, and a poll tax of $1.50 for school purposes.

The African quagga is extinct, and several families of antelopes have been wiped out of existence. Zebras are scarce, giraffes are few in number, the rhinoceros and hippopotamus are passing from view, and the American bison, once roaming over the Western prairies in herds of thousands and tens of thousands, counts a few feeble folk as pitiful survivors. Before this century is half over big game will be almost unknown. It is deplorable that butchery on a gigantic scale has robbed forests and jungles, plains and valleys, mountains and meadows, to such an extent of the fauna so well worth study and preservation.

With Andrew Carnegie giving $22,500 as a prize to stimulate improvements in British steel-making, and Ironmaster William Garrett, of Cleveland, giving the foreign Iron and Steel Institute good advice as to holding their market, Americans cannot be held to be "hoggish" in their ambition for world-supremacy.

HAPPENINGS IN ALABAMA

HOW THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE MAKING HISTORY.

NEWSY NOTES FROM ALL ITS SECTIONS

Industrial and Educational Matters—General Brandon Reappointed—Lost Her Eye—Hannis Taylor the Choice—Other Items.

THE EDUCATORS.

The Alabama Educational Association closed its session of 1901 at Montgomery Thursday, after electing the following officers: President, Jacob Forney, Tuskaloosa; first vice-president, D. P. Cristenberry, Greensboro; second vice-president, Mrs. C. L. Floyd, Montgomery; third vice-president, Miss Jessie Ruter, Birmingham; secretary, W. E. Stripling, Tallassee.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

A meeting was held by a large number of representative citizens Friday at the court house in Athens to hear Dr. S. A. Steel, late of Petersburg, Va., who is anxious and determined to begin the great movement of locating and establishing an industrial school for the white boys and girls of the South. The meeting resulted in having a committee of the leading men of the county appointed for the purpose of securing lands for the location of the school. The doctor says that he has already one hundred thousand dollars in sight to begin with and that he will have no trouble in getting what money is needed for the successful termination of the enterprise. A committee of prominent citizens will be named as trustees of the school, and the doctor will be made president.

THE NEW OFFICERS.

The board of control of the Southwest Alabama Agricultural School has elected the following trustees for the ensuing year: Prof. J. A. Lanier, principal; Profs. C. W. Vaughan, Duncan and Corey and Misses Ethel King, Sarah Bruner, Mary Sampey and Willie Cunningham. Miss Kate Jones will conduct the music department.

HER EYE GONE.

A distressing accident occurred Friday evening by which little Miss Mary, daughter of Col. H. C. Clements, president of the North Alabama Agriculture school at Athens lost an eye and sustained a painful wound. She was doing something with a pair of sharp pointed shears when she fell and the point of one blade entered her eye, destroying the sight, and the other point entering her face just above the eye.

RESIGNED.

Richard F. Johnston, for several years, city editor of the Birmingham News, has resigned from the staff of that newspaper. He began his work for the News eleven years ago, and during the interim he has won an enviable position in the esteem of newspaper men of Alabama and adjoining states, contributing very largely to the success of the News. He won the confidence and good will of the Birmingham public, and never has he in any measure abused the public trust reposed in him.

TAYLOR FAVORED.

A petition asking the appointment of Hon. Hannis Taylor, of Mobile, to the presidency of the state university, was circulated among the members of the constitutional convention and it was signed by 95 per cent. of them.

STOLE A MARCH.

The Birmingham, Selma and New Orleans railroad will pass into the control of the L. & N. on July 1st. A few days ago a contract was let to extend the road a distance of twenty-seven miles. Now it is understood that the ultimate destination of the road is Meridian. In view of these facts it appears that the L. & N. intends to shut out the Southern from New Orleans, while giving itself practicaly a double track from the mineral regions of Alabama to the three principal ports on the gulf—Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans.

SUSPICIOUS.

George Walters, aged 26, was found dead in his home, near Evansville, Ind., Thursday. His wife says he committed suicide. Neighbors who heard the husband and wife quarreling refuse to accept the suicide theory. The coroner is investigating. It is said Mrs. Walters insisted on the body being buried without an inquest, but the officials refused.

COMMERCIAL CLUBS.

What the State Industrial Association is Doing.

The Alabama Commercial and Industrial Association is in session in Montgomery, and the meetings are said to be most interesting.

The delegates from the different cities are prominent men of the business and professional world, not a few of them being members of the constitutional convention.

The association has prepared a petition to the constitutional convention to limit the life of municipal franchises to corporations to a definite and reasonable term of years and make the value of franchises returnable as real property for taxation; also a resolution protesting to the constitutional convention against a reduction of the general limit of the tax rate, asking a special tax for school purposes, that the power of a citizen to vote according to his wealth, should not be incorporated in the constitution; also that provision should be made by the proper school authorities for more practical education, with special reference to that department generally known as manual training.

A resolution was passed requesting the governor to call a Good Roads convention next October or November, also a memorial to Congress relating to locks and dams on the Coosa river.

FIREWORKS EXPLODED

And Sixteen Persons are Dead.

Sixteen people are supposed to have been killed and a number injured to-day in a fire following a series of explosions among a quantity of fireworks in a store in Patterson, N. J. The store was on the ground floor of a four-story frame tenement building. The cause of the explosion is not known. The property loss will not exceed $35,000.

Ten families occupied flats in the buildings. So great was the force of the explosion that a boy playing in the street half a block away was lifted from his feet and hurled against an iron fence. A trolley car was directly in front of the building when the explosion occurred. The burst of flame scorched the sides of the car and singed the hair of the passengers.

A number of those who were on the upper floors of the building when the explosion took place were either stunned and then burned to death or found escape cut off and were suffocated.

The fire department had hardly begun work when the whole upper part of the building fell. The captain and two of his men were buried under the debris. One of the men is badly hurt.

HARSH TREATMENT.

Birmingham Attorney Shot for His Pains.

Persecuted, as she claims, by the attention of Harry Harsh, a lawyer, Mrs. Turnham, at 7:45 o'clock Saturday morning shot him in the leg. Then she went to the office of Sheriff Burgin and coolly announced:

"I've shot Harry Harsh, and I had to do it."

At the scene of the alleged crime it was stated that Mrs. Turnham had been subjected to annoyance from Harsh for some time and that she had been annoyed for nearly a year and had to shoot. She said that this was not the first time she had had occasion to order Harsh from her home.

Japan is about to build a monument in honor of Commodore Perry, who "opened" that country to intercourse with the civilized world.

PROPOSED CONSOLIDATION.

The laying of the corner-stone of the new city hall at Ensley will probably be done by the several secret organizations of the towns of Ensley, Pratt City and Wylam. It is further stated that committees have been appointed from the three towns, which will confer together with reference to a combination or consolidation of the three into one municipality, making greater Ensley, giving the new town a population of about thirty thousand. It is thought the movement will receive favorable consideration.

THE PRICE OF OIL

Will Not Go Up on This Account.

A 35,000 barrel oil tank at Toledo, O., belonging to the Standard Oil Company, was struck by lightning Thursday. It was full of oil, which burned for several hours, entailing a loss of $40,000.

WASHINGTON N

AMONG OUR LAWM NATIONAL C

OUR CORRESPONDENT

Philippine Matters in Mexico — A Pro Population, Seaso B. Hay Dead a

The census bu first bulletin giving sex, general nativ group announced Alaska, Arizona, Colorado and the males constitu centage of the Colorado and of the population fornia almost being mostly Chine colored, principally te not quite one population, while in Arkansas, being sons of negro descen per cent of the pop bama the colored pop cent, and is practi persons of negro population of Alabam principally of native native parentage an in 1900 constitutes total population of

Replying to a report resign in December, Ambassador to Germa personally as follows my present house wa has been sold to the den, and I am looking house. I have no int ing as has been announ

William Campfield department clerk arre ing his wife makes no fense: "I was a years, and was never m If I had fired at my wife would have hit her that Campfield, on go found a gentleman ca that he left, and retu toxicated, quarreled shot her. He was sp sition in the comm fice of the war depart

Hoshi Torn, of Ja was Minister of Com the last Ito, Japanese stabbed Friday at a city assembly and died wards. Hoshi Tor minister at Washington merly president of the assassination is suppo due to politics

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Mrs. McKinly's cond favorable. The marri in the White House are usually a weekly summer season, but w pended on account of bee been resumed. The c dience to Mrs. McKin quest.

The claim is made th of Mexico there has b the house where so m counterfeit dollars have ed lately, and that the the track of the men have hidden their dies they will doubtless be

Judge John A. Show can nominee for governor who was defeated by or W. J. Samford, a stated that he knew n ports sent out from the effect that he is H. Bingham for collector revenue. Judge Show nies the report, but stat strongly endorsed Judge Morton, of Fayette county fice. Judge Steele is United States Land Off ville, and states that he will not be a candidate Bingham.

The ocean liner Deutschland record for a single day knots, or 676 miles as a reminder t that no ocean-going been designed or haul the Deutschland average speed and a half h yond the co ufact.

ALL ARP'S LETTER

Has Celebrates His Seventy-Fifth Birthday

ERMINATES, DOMINATES, COGITATES

[illegible]

WASHINGTON NE[WS]

AMONG OUR LAWMAK[ERS AT] NATIONAL CAP[ITAL]

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S W[EEK'S]

Philippine Matters — C[illegible] in Mexico — A Peculiar [illegible] Population, Statis[illegible] — Hay Dead at New [illegible]

The census bureau has [illegible] first bulletin giving the p[illegible] sex, general nativity and [illegible] group announced compri[illegible] Alaska, Arizona, Arkansa[illegible] Colorado and Connecticu[illegible] the males constitute the [illegible] centage of the total pop[illegible] Colorado and Connecticu[illegible] if the population is wh[illegible] form a almost 95 per cent [illegible] being mostly Chinese, w[illegible] colored, principally Indi[illegible] tute not quite one-fourth [illegible] population, while the co[illegible] in Arkansas, being mostly [illegible] sons of negro descent, [illegible] per cent of the populati[illegible] ians the colored popula[illegible] cent and is practically [illegible] persons of negro descent. [illegible] population of Alabama [illegible] proximately of native whi[illegible] native parentage, and th[illegible] in Illinois constitutes 52.8 per [illegible] total population of Alab[illegible]

Replying to a report th[illegible] resign in December, U[illegible] Ambassador to Germany [illegible] personally as follows: "I [illegible] my present house simply [illegible] has been sold to the gover[illegible] den, and I am looking [illegible] house. I have no intenti[illegible] ing as has been announced."

William Campfield, aged [illegible] department clerk arrested [illegible] ing his wife makes this [illegible] fense. "I was a cowb[illegible] years, and was never kno[illegible] If I had fired at my wife, [illegible] would have hit her. It [illegible] that Campfield, on going [illegible] found a gentleman calling [illegible] that he left, and returni[illegible] tonicated, quarreled wi[illegible] shot her. He was appo[illegible] in the commissary [illegible] fice of the war department [illegible]

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[BILL] ARP'S LETTER

[How Man Celebrates His Seventy-]Fifth Birthday

[MEDITATES, RUMINATES, COGITATES]

[illegible] years Hang Heavy Upon [illegible] Feels Young and [illegible] Heart is Light

[illegible]

[illegible] Long Together [illegible] and Enough for Both [illegible] Together [illegible] Goodnight, Give Me Warm [illegible] Daughter [illegible] Told Me [illegible]

[illegible] Sweet Lady [illegible] Sweet Lady [illegible] Sweet Lady [

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents

The Banner one year and the N. Y. World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1901, over 600 pages, $1.00

The Banner and Home & Farm, both papers one year for $1.00

The Banner and Birmingham Age Herald, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Thrice-a-Week World—four papers every week for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Montgomery Advertiser, both papers one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and Home & Farm—all three for one year for $1.50

The Banner and Atlanta Constitution and your choice of a number of other periodicals—all three for 1 year for $1.50

The Banner and American Monthly Review of Reviews—both one year for $2.75

WE have made arrangements with the New York Monthly World by which we can send a limited number of subscribers that splendid magazine and THE BANNER for twelve months for 75 cents. We can only supply a few, so order quickly. 75 cents, cash down, for one year's subscription to THE BANNER and the New York Monthly World.

THE thirteenth annual session of the Alabama Press Association was held at Montgomery last Thursday and Friday, President Rhodes in the chair.

President Rhodes said that it was usual for the President to make an address going over the past year's work but that he had prepared nothing for this meeting. He paid eloquent tribute to the members of the association who have departed this life during the past twelve months, and hoped that suitable memorials would be prepared and incorporated in the proceedings. He said that he becomes more and more convinced each year of the great responsibility resting upon those who put into print their thoughts upon public and private questions. The influence was co-equal with the responsibility, and in elaboration of this thought said: "The Constitutional convention would not now be in session in the State capitol but for the press of Alabama. It is a remarkably strong body of men who should rise to the loftiest heights of patriotic performance of duty. To do this—to formulate the soundest and wisest Constitution possible—they should not longer permit themselves to be embarrassed by the late Democratic platform, a hastily considered and unwise pronunciamento. If the Convention was charged with promulgating a Constitution without submitting it to the people, they might hesitate to depart from party pledges. But the Constitution is to be submitted to the people for ratification, and the Convention can before adjourning issue a proclamation setting forth the difficulties encountered in the task of making the best possible organic law in compliance with platform pledges, and submit their work for final ratification or rejection to the people without subjecting themselves to just criticism. The Convention must do the very best it can with the lights before it to-day. I believe it will, and that its work will be overwhelmingly endorsed at the polls.

In referring to the affairs of the Press Association, Mr. Rhodes urged that there be greater scrutiny into the personnel of those who enjoy the privileges of the Association, the hospitality of individuals and communities and complimentary transportation from the railroads. To preserve its own self-respect and protect its friends, the association should see that on its pleasure jaunts only those go who are entitled to do so. The presence of so many outsiders as went on last year's excursion to Pike's Peak came very nearly creating a scandal.

Col. Rhodes' remarks were frequently and vigorously applauded.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The Constitutional Convention has passed for enrollment the article on the Executive Department, reported by the Committee of which ex-Governor Jones is chairman There were a number of amendments proposed and a few adopted. The convention is now holding two sessions duly and seems to have settled down to the real work in hand. The Committee on Suffrage and Elections is expected to make report on any day, but thus far has failed to agree.

Mr. Reynolds has introduced the following resolution in the Constitutional Convention:

Resolution 178, Whereas this convention was called chiefly for the purpose of regulating the suffrage,

And whereas, this convention has previously pledged itself to be bound by the enabling act of the General Assembly, and

Whereas, one half the time limit of said enabling act has already expired and it would be unwise to rush through a suffrage plan,

Be it resolved by the convention assembled that the Suffrage Committee be and is hereby instructed to make a report not later than Monday next.

Referred to Committee on Suffrage and Elections.

Peculiarities of Crime.

One of the strangest peculiarities of human nature is its inclination to imitate the misdeeds of others. Crime is epidemical. A particularly dreadful murder, the details of which are set forth in all the newspapers, often has the effect of inducing similar crimes. One of the reasons, and probably the chief reason, why public executions were abolished in England, was that instead of acting as a deterrent the execution had the contrary effect of inciting to murder.

In 1885 a woman of Geneva, named Lombardi, killed her four children. She admitted that she had been reading of a woman who killed her husband, and the very circumstantial account had made her wish to imitate the crime, but as her husband was dead she killed the children. This is only one instance out of hundreds which have come to our notice.

The infectious nature of self murder receives a striking testimony in the following incident: Dr. Oppenheim of Hamburg had to examine the body of a man who had cut his throat and had died after some days of suffering. The medico told his assistant that death would have been immediate if the man had made the cut in a way which he illustrated, and he was startled two days later to learn that his assistant had attempted to commit suicide by lacerating himself in that very manner. The man admitted that he had never thought of suicide until the day of the examination and the doctor's remark.—London Globe.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOOL OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs to the Great Daily.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure 100 new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's tuition at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 towards the student's expenses for the year.

This opens every school and classroom door in the State to every ambitious boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need lack when such ample provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

Program S. S. Convention of Beat 9

To be held at New Salem church, Sunday, July 14, 1901.

10 a.m. Devotional. A. Hora.

10:30. Address of welcome. Willie Sorrell.

10:45. What is the most successful way to get and hold your scholars in your school? F. Eland.

11:05. What per cent of Christians owe their salvation to the influence of the Sunday school, and is the Sunday-school essential to their salvation? Prof. Ragsdale.

11:35. Is class organization essential to the success of the Sunday-school class? John Hayes.

12 m. Adjourn for refreshments.

1:30 p.m. What success can a scolding or irregular attending Sunday-school teacher hope to have with his class? Prof. Riddle.

2 p.m. How to get parents to attend the Sunday-school? J. Bice.

2:30. The duties of the superintendent to his school. Aiken Mims.

3. Do we need the Sunday-school? If so, why? L. B. Pounds.

J. BICE, Pres.

NAOMA WILLIAMS, Sec.

You are cordially invited to come and bring your baskets prepared to stay all day.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

THE next State Teacher's examination will be held on first Monday in July, 1901, at Clanton.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

HORSE AND MULE FOUND.

I have taken up, a few days ago, one dark bay mare and one one-eyed bay mule. They will be found at my place about two miles north of Jemison. J. L. SMITH.

Saves Two From Death

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attact of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c. and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co. Trial bottles free.

Good Road Problem Being Solved

(continued from 8th col. page 8)

the cross roads also worked out in tain J. R. McCollum is principally due the credit for the fine roads in Coweta county. He is a remarkable man in many respects, and to show that his neighbors appreciate his ability I have but to say that they have endeavored to make him president or director of nearly every new enterprise which has been started in Newnan. In the afternoon, when I endeavored to find him to bid him goodby and congratulate him on his success, he was gone. They had come for him to inspect some road work and tell them what to do next.

"That is the way it is all the time," said the landlady at the hotel. "He has very little time of his own. I am sure I don't know what we would do without him."

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Singing and Lecture

There will be an all day singing at Corinth on the Fourth of July. Come one, come all. Mr. T. U. Crumpton has also promised to give us a lecture on the Holy Land. Be sure and come prepared to buy lemonade for the girls.

J. N. GOSS.

DEATH OF MR. I. B. BOWDOIN.

Died at his home at Clanton last Thursday night, Mr. I. B. Bowdoin, one of our oldest citizens. He had been sick for several months and his death was momentarily expected. He was a gallant Confederate soldier and a sufferer for years from a desperate wound received in battle. The deceased leaves a widow and three children to mourn his loss. The interment took place at the cemetery, Clanton, on Saturday.

W. H. SARTOR

sells them cheap

try him!

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW JERSEY AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO. the largest Machine Company in the world

We know you are interested in the problem of getting for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is. I presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is what we are making and furnishing what they want. The latest, very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, not to mention prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the world if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the most useful attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. We also carry Needles, Canes, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE

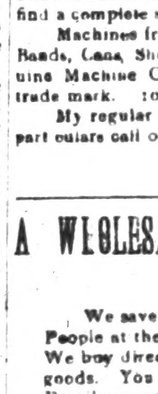
A WHOLESALE HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER

We save you the Retailer's profit. We sell direct to the People at the same price that your Retailer pays for his goods. We buy direct from the Manufacturer and pay cash for our goods. You can buy one bottle from us at the same price the Retailer pays per dozen. $1 preparations, 50 to 75c preparations, 25 to 40c. 25c preparations, 15 to 20c. 15c preparations, 7 to 12c. 10c preparations, 5 to 7c.

OUR WHISKEY DEPARTMENT

Is the best in the State. All whiskey sold by us costs you less than you can buy from any other firm. Try a quart of our PURE RYE at 75c, if you are not satisfied that it is equal to any brand you buy elsewhere for $1 we will refund your money. Send us your orders. We are reliable and guarantee everything we sell.

COLLIER DRUG CO. 1926 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.



SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO CHOOSE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Mrs. E. H. Adams is visiting her mother at Jemison.

Mrs. J. T. Cooper and Miss Cooper, of Siloa, visited Mrs. J. T. Cooper this week.

Mrs. P. A. Hinson is visiting at Wadsworth the past week.

Mrs. S. A. Hodges has gone to Jasper, where she will spend a pleasant time.

Thomas Gulliorn is at Parkwood. He was accompanied home by Mr. E. T.

Mr. Oliver Mullins of Jemison visited here this week.

Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Martin entertained the choir at the home with refreshments after the music installation at the M. church on Wednesday evening.

Miss Rosie McDaniel gave a birthday party to a large number of her friends last Wednesday night, which was highly enjoyed by all who attended. The house was beautifully illuminated with Japanese lanterns. Several out door games were indulged in. The music rendered by Miss Martin added greatly to the pleasure of the afternoon. About nine o'clock refreshments were bountifully served. All expressed themselves as having spent a most enjoyable evening, and thanked Mr. and Mrs. McDaniel for the hospitality shown them.

Miss Minnie Muse, of Jemison, is visiting Mrs. E. A. Matthews.

U. S. Marshal L. J. Bryan, of Montgomery, spent Sunday here.

Mr. Cliff Gullahorn returned from a pleasant trip to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. H. W. Tichnor, of Columbus, Ga., is visiting old friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Robinson of Birmingham, visited the parents of the latter here this week.

Mr. R. A. Moody took in the capital city Tuesday.

Miss Mary Duke has returned home after a short visit to Prattville for a day or two.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep in. Tichenor's Antiseptic handy. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids you of pimples and heals cuts quicker than you know it. Pleasant as a perfume and cooling as a breeze from Greenland's icy mountains. Sold by druggists.

Mrs. Billingsley of Thorsby was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Duke, of Pratt City, are visiting the family of Mr. T. S. Phillips.

Mrs. R. A. Moody, of Pratt City, has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mr. John Milton and family have moved to Saginaw.

Mrs. Warren Maddox and Miss Katie Hill of Strasburg, were visitors here Saturday.

Miss Janie Erland, of Congo, visited Clanton Wednesday.

Mrs. B. W. Davis and Mrs. S. of Energy were visitors here last week.

Judge Adams went to Jemison Tuesday.

Do you want a remedy for Bunions or Frost Bites? If so, try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It will cure it. For sale by druggists at 50c. a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Mason's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

1216 2nd St., bet. 1st and 2d Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

F. Parker and Miss Callie Phillips.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, bruises or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will heal the pain and heal the injury. It is the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Sores and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

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MULLINS

DL & LONDON & GLOBE FI
OK LONDON & LANCASHIRE
NEW YORK, formerly represent
W. L. Samper.
SURAN E CO. OF HARTFORD
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW
FACTURING CO., the largest
Company in the world.

bled in the problem of getting
matter what the outlay is for.
all lines, but when it comes to
all family I am in a position
For over fifty years the C
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what they want. The styl
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terms within the reach of all.
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lightest running and the
for the High Arm Singer.
machines at the Singer Offi
$65.00 for cash or on time.
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Saturdays and Mondays.

MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CL

SE FOR THE BEN
CONSUMER
ller's profit. We sell direct
at your Retailer pays for hi
Manufacturer and pay cash
ottle from us at the same pr
$1 preparations, 50 to 75c.
Preparations, 10 to 20c. 15
rations, 5 to 8c.
KEY DEPARTMENT
All whiskey sold 25 per cent
r gallon. Try a quart of our
Rye at 75c, if you are not
you buy elsewhere for $1.
ns your orders. We are you
to sell.

G CO. 1926 First A BIRMINGH

MER CLOTHIN
FASHIONS
LOWEST
LINE FROM WHICH
YOUR CHOICE
PLETE LINE OF
s, Shoes, N
ROUBER
EMP, Clanton.

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery Court convenes second in February first Monday in April Monday in June convenes second Monday in August first Monday in November.

E. H. Adams is visiting his father at Jemison.

J. T. Cousins and Miss Sallie visited Clanton last week.

Henson visited relatives last week.

S. Kimbrough came home after a visit to friends in Clanton.

Rev. [illegible] and wife, of [illegible], are visiting Mr. and Mrs. [illegible].

Miss Minnie of Jumbo, is visiting this week.

Mrs. E. A. Matthews entertained at the home of her father, after the Ma[illegible] at the M. E. church Wednesday evening.

Miss Daniel gave a party to a large number of her friends Wednesday evening. It was highly enjoyed by all who attended. The house was beautifully illuminated with Chinese lanterns. Several interesting games were indulged in and refreshments served by Miss Mattie Daniel greatly to the pleasure of all present. About nine o'clock refreshments were bountifully served. All expressed themselves as having spent a most enjoyable evening, and thanked Mr. and Mrs. McDaniel for the hospitality shown them.

Miss Minnie Muse, of Jemison, is visiting Mrs. L. A. Matthews.

Miss S. Moore, E. J. Bryan, of Montgomery, spent Sunday in Clanton.

Col. Gullahorn returned from a pleasant trip to Birmingham Friday.

H. W. Tuknor, of Columbus, Ga., is visiting old friends in Clanton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Robinson, of Birmingham, visited the parents of the latter here this week.

R. A. Moody took in the Montgomery Tuesday.

Miss Mary Duke has returned after a short visit to Pratt City.

Mr. G. L. Phillips is visiting Selma for a day or two.

Are you in the habit of cutting yourself when you shave? Then you should keep on hand Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is convenient. It stops bleeding, prevents soreness, rids your face of pimples and heals cuts before you know it. Pleasant as perfume and cooling as a breeze "from Switzerland's icy mountains." Sold by druggists.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Duke, of Pratt City, are visiting the family of Mr. T. S. Phillips.

Mrs. R. A. Moody, of Pratt City, returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Mr. Will Milton and family have moved to Sylacauga.

Mrs. Warren Maddox and Miss Ella Hill of Strasburg, were visiting here Saturday.

Miss Lucie Leonard, of Coopers, visited Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. R. W. Dawson and Mrs. Sims of Pratt City, were visitors here the past week.

Mr. Ike Adams went to Jemison Sunday.

Do you want a remedy for Fits or Epileptic Spasms? If so, try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and, if not satisfied, return it. For sale by druggists at 50c a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to 90 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

[illegible] 1st and 2d Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

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Will often receive painful cuts, bruises or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure Guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by Clanton [illegible]

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St. Washington, D. C.

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE!

The large and carefully bought stock of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Laces and Ladies' and Men's Furnishing Goods is on at

H. TOURO'S

Never before in the history of Clanton, have prices been so low, or has there been a better selected stock offered.

Everything for the 4th of July.

Watch out for the Big Flag at TOURO'S

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with virmin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathmetician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

P. W, Peterson

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Butt	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton

300 PERSONS DROWNED

JOHNSTOWN AND GALVESTON HORRORS DUPLICATED.

TORNADOES STRIKE AT DIFFERENT POINTS

Pittsburg and Vicinity Suffers Heavily—Murder Suspected — Stole Cattle from the Indians — Terrible Explosion at Patterson, N. J.

JOHNSTOWN PARALLEL.

An Awful Flood Horror in West Virginia.

Shortly after midnight Saturday a terrible storm struck the Pocahontas coal field in West Virginia and as a result 300 lives are lost and $2,000,000 damage done to mining and lumbering interests alone.

The little town of Keystone, with a population of about 2,000, seems the greatest sufferer, practically the entire town being washed away. This is the principal town in the Pocahontas coal fields from which the mining population purchased supplies. A great number of the coal and coke plants through the Pocahontas coal region are reported practically destroyed and in some instances entirely washed away. Owing to the very high water which has flooded the region and prevented communication anything like a correct estimate of the loss of property is impossible, but from the best information obtainable so far today, the loss of property will easily reach two million dollars.

A rough estimate places the number of bridges washed away between Bluefield and Vivian yard, a distance of twenty-eight miles, at from fifteen to twenty and it will be impossible to get trains to Vivian and points west under a week or ten days. This will render it impossible to get relief into the stricken district and with those who escaped with their lives, homeless and without food, indescribable suffering is inevitable.

Nothing whatever has been heard from the section of country between Vivian and Williamson other than that the Tug river is reported as being entirely out of its banks and higher than ever known by the oldest inhabitants. Out of twelve miles of main line double track, only one mile remains. Bodies are being recovered many miles down the stream where they were washed ashore. From the meager reports describing the force of the storm at Keystone it would appear that the damage rivals that of Johnstown and is equal to the Galveston horror. There is no telegraphic communication west of Bluefield, as the telegraph wires were swept away along with the railroad tracks. It is said by the telegraph officials that the lines are useless between Kenova, W. Va., and Bluefield, a distance of 200 miles.

It is not known how far into the mountains the storm extended, but it is stated that every one of the thirty-three flat-top coal plants have suffered to some extent. Great damage is also reported in the Clinch valley section, but no lives are reported lost along this valley.

There was a high wind and a rainfall of 8.25 inches. The Kanawha river at Charleston is rising. The people are preparing for a flood. The Kanawha and Michigan railroad lost three bridges and is tied up. A landslide on the Chesapeake and Ohio tied up that road. The troops have been ordered out to guard the property.

TORNADO IN ILLINOIS.

Damage estimated at fully $100,000 was done Sunday night by a tornado that swept across Logan county, unroofing public buildings, wrecking residences and business houses, leveling great tracts of grain and demolishing outbuildings of all sorts. One end of a large brick chapel building at the Illinois asylum for feeble-minded children was torn out and the forest surrounding the state property was ruined. In Lincoln the worst damage was done to the factory district.

WARNER COAL.

About one hundred and fifty men were taken out of the drift at Warner Mines and were put into the slope. The company decided to close the drifts down for a while. There are over four hundred men working in it. Just now this slope has more men working in it than any other mine in the South. The daily output of coal by next week will average 1,800 tons.

TORNADO AT PITTSBURG.

Kills Four Persons and Damages Much Property.

Pittsburg and vicinity suffered Saturday from the fiercest wind storm known in the district for years. Four lives are known to have been lost, one of them was that of a ten-year-old hero who saved his younger brother from drowning.

Conservative estimates place the loss at $200,000. It is a miracle that no lives were lost in Allegheny. In the Butchersrund district the famous flood of 1874 was outdone except in the loss of life. The entire business portion of the town of Turtle Creek was flooded. The works of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburg were flooded. Little damage was done to the buildings, but the machinery, tools and work in progress on the lower floor was covered by water and will be injured.

The Turtle Creek district was again visited by a heavy rain storm Sunday and the former conditions were duplicated, with even more destruction. Damage to the town and valley amounting to thousands of dollars was done. At East Pittsburg the Westinghouse plant, which extends for nearly a mile parallel with the hill, was submerged again with six feet of water on the lower floor, which left three feet of mud when it receded. More than 400 street car motors are apparently destroyed, and the loss to the Westinghouse Company, it is believed, will reach $500,000.

TERRIBLE HAVOC.

Naper, Neb., Suffers Bitterly By a Tornado.

A fearful tornado visited Naper, Neb., and vicinity Thursday night. Of the family of Jacob Greening, Mr. Greening and his wife, who are fatally hurt, and their fourteen-year-old daughter, Grace, who is seriously injured, are all that survive. The family of Jacob Berg and a man named Metz were injured when their homes were demolished, but not seriously.

Mrs. Anderson said: "When I saw the storm coming, I grabbed the youngest child and took two with me. The storm took the child right into the air and that was the last of it."

All communication with the outside world is cut off and it is impossible to learn what other damage the storm did.

Mrs. Greening, mother of the Greening family, is expected to live but a short time. The father of the Greening family was found a quarter of a mile from the house badly mangled.

Little Maggie and Jacob Greening were found 600 yards from where the house stood.

The storm cloud appeared about 5 o'clock and traveled down the Keyapaha river. It seemed to rise and skip some houses and then swoop down and demolish. The tornado was preceded by a severe hailstorm. Stones fell that are said to have measured ten inches in circumference.

HE NEEDS SPECTACLES.

Wednesday, while the German Crown Prince was driving, an intoxicated man approached his carriage and aimed a blow with a stick at a window where the prince was seated. The individual, who described himself as a clerk, was arrested. He said he merely desired to see the prince more closely.

The Literary Digest sagely asks: "Should the poet read his own works in public?" Save us from the infliction!

THEY WANT TO GET OUT.

Convicts Set Fire to Nebraska Penitentiary.

The remaining wing of the Nebraska penitentiary building, part of which was burned last March, narrowly escaped being destroyed Sunday evening from a fire, started, Governor Savage and Warden Davis say, by convicts. An investigation showed that a candle had been lighted and so placed that it would set fire to a mass of broom corn. The nozzle of the hose had been plugged but the pressure of the water forced the plug. The loss was small.

Ground has been broken for the new school house which is to be erected at Jasper. Mention was made some time ago to raise funds with which to construct this building, and the contract was let to local parties. Ground has been broken and the work of construction will be pushed in the hope of getting the building ready for occupancy by the time the school term opens.

ALABAMA EDITORS.

The Montgomery Meeting a Decided Success.

The Alabama Press Association meeting is over and the excursion is off.

When the Association assembled on Thursday welcoming speeches were delivered for the city by the mayor, Hon. E. B. Joseph; for the Commercial and Industrial Association and the press. Hon. W. W. Screws, of the Montgomery Advertiser. Response was made by Editor J. C. Williams of the Talladega Mountain Home.

The annual address of the president, Rufus N. Rhodes, followed.

The secretary's report was most encouraging. One paragraph reads: "The association is in the most prosperous condition in its history. There are on the rolls 132 members, and of that number twenty-seven new members have been received and added to its rolls this year. From what your secretary can learn, the newspapers are doing better from a material standpoint, and the editors are putting forth their best efforts to make their papers a credit to themselves and an honor to the profession."

The following was the program:

Paper.—"How to Improve and Strengthen Our Association"—W. H. H. Judson, Bessemer Weekly.

Annual Essay.—Mrs. C. H. Frye, Pratt City Herald.

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Mobile was selected as the next meeting place.

The following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the constitutional convention be requested to incorporate in the proposed new constitution for Alabama a clause providing that all county laws as adopted by each legislature be printed in one newspaper of general circulation in each county to which said laws apply.

Adjourned.

A good story is being told of Lord Charles Beresford, the second in command of England's Mediterranean fleet. Vice-Admiral Fisher, the commander of the fleet, has offered a prize, known as the "Malta Cup," which is rowed for annually by boat crews from the various ships of the fleet. It has happened that the crew of his flagship has won the cup every year until this, when the crew from the Ramillies, Beresford's ship, was the victor. A day or two later the fleet was practicing manoeuvres, and Fisher was much dissatisfied with the way the Ramillies was handled. He accordingly signalled Beresford: "Explain your reason for being late in executing this manoeuvre." Immediately came the reply: "We are towing the 'Malta Cup.'" This was almost worthy of Bob Evans.

For the first time since the Grand Army of the Republic was organized the mortality in the order last year went beyond 10,000. It is estimated that within four or five years one-half of the 400,000 members living in 1890 will have passed from the rolls.

THE DEADLY HOT WAVE.

OUR WEATHER BUREAU'S STUDY OF SUMMER'S CHIEF TERROR.

Long-Distance Prediction Worthless — A Three to Six Days' Wave Means a Crop Loss of 20 Per Cent, and an Incalculable Sacrifice of Life and Property.

This is the season of the year when the weather bureau endeavors to cooperate with the department of agriculture in the effort to furnish the farmer with some intimation of the kind of weather he may expect from day to day, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser. While this is a matter of dollars and cents with the farmer it is oftentimes a question of life or death with the dweller in cities, and is of equal interest at least. No damage results in town or country from average summer weather, even though it may be considered somewhat torrid. It is the "hot wave" which ruins the farmers' prospects for a bountiful harvest and brings death and suffering to prisoners within the city blocks.

Mr. A. T. Burrows, the weather bureau expert on hot waves, modestly summarizes the results of many years of investigation in this particular direction by saying that the only positive knowledge which has been acquired is that during a hot wave the eastward circulation of the atmosphere, both upper and lower, is for the time being almost totally suspended and that radiation is at that time at a minimum. He takes occasion, however, to puncture the reputation of several well known long-distance weather prophets by declaring that while it is quite practicable to forecast high temperature for a period of from four to five days, predictions for a longer time are the merest guess work, and not entitled to credence.

The hot wave occupies the most important position among all weather phenomena in the destruction of life and property which follows its wake. A summer hailstorm may destroy considerable property over a limited area, a high wind may cause damage of more serious nature and a tornado is still more destructive of property, and usually accompanied by loss of human life, but all these are local in their effect and of short duration. Even a hurricane sweeping up from the West Indies carrying death and devastation in its path affects but a relatively small portion of the United States. A general hot wave, however, with its blighting and death dealing temperatures, leaves a trail of ruin so widespread and so great that it cannot be actually measured. The loss to the farmers of Iowa in the destruction of their crops from a single hot wave which visited that section in 1894, amounted to over $50,000,000, or nearly twice as much property as was destroyed in the Galveston flood, and several of the adjacent states suffered nearly as much.

As for the suffering undergone by the millions of humanity day after day in these hot wave periods there is no record nor is one possible. Statistics may be secured as to the number of sunstrokes, but no data are obtainable regarding the sick whose deaths are hastened by the abnormally heated atmosphere. The weather bureau definition of a hot wave is a period of three or more consecutive days during which the temperature reaches or passes 90 degrees, and with few exceptions they occur during the months of June, July, August and September.

Of the great crops of the country corn and cotton are most liable to injury from overheating. In most cases the mere lack of rain is but partially responsible for the blight, as the cooking and firing effect of the intensely heated atmosphere is the source of most of the damage. Crops can recover from a drought, but the destruction of their life-giving properties by a hot wave is fatal. The farmers of the west estimate that during a summer of average heat the occurrence of a hot wave lasting from three to six days will reduce the harvest yield of the country fully 20 percent. The most dangerous time for these excessive temperatures to occur is during July and August, both in the effect upon the crops and upon the health of dwellers in cities.

A careful study of the records of the weather bureau covering a period of 30 years fails to reveal the regular recurrence of summers of excessive heat or that hot waves occur on the same days in succeeding years. The conclusion is that these visitations may be expected at irregular intervals, the numbers and intensity varying greatly each year. The maximum temperature during a hot wave generally comes within 48 hours after the first 90 degrees is recorded. The number of successive days of abnormal heat varies and may range as high is 16 or 17. Two or more periods may come in close succession, and in the popular mind these are associated as one long spell, as for example, the month of August and the first part of September in 1900.

It is a very exceptional summer when at least one of these hot waves does not sweep the country. Fewer occur in June than in any other summer month. July furnishes the greatest number and August and September are not far behind. In the last two months a hot wave is likely to be longer than in the earlier part of the season. No part of the United States escapes this scourge. At times only one section of the country is affected and at other times half the United States suffers under the same heated term.

On the great plains of the middle west the most severe effects of the hot waves are noted. It is here they frequently have their birth. They are often attended by hot winds which bear a relation to the hot wave not unlike that of the tornado to the general cyclone. The southern states are more free from this visitation than the others, though they do not escape entirely. A hot wave results from a stagnation of the atmosphere, and as the area of high temperature drifts slowly from west to east and is driven off to sea by the advent of an area of high pressure the heated term comes to a close and the normal circulation of the temperature is resumed.

The hot wave of August and September last year will long be remembered on account of its length and intensity. (In the east it was especially severe, although its influence extended westward beyond the Mississippi river. This wave had its inception in northern New York, and made its way south and to the Atlantic coast. Here it apparently met the oceanic high area, which acted as an insurmountable barrier to the eastward flow of the atmosphere, thus closing the outlet for the escape of warm air from the land. The introduction of new and fresh air almost ceased, thus preventing any lowering of the temperature at night.

This atmosphere condition was so powerful that it acted as a barrier to the northward progress of a hurricane about September 1. This hurricane was deflected into the Gulf of Mexico and finally reached Galveston, bringing with it death to thousands of people and destruction to millions of property. The storm traveled from Texas into Iowa, and thence to the St. Lawrence valley. It carried with it the stagnant heated air which had accumulated in the eastern states and brought to mankind the insufferably hot weather of the preceding six weeks. Thus Galveston owes to New York the storm which wrecked the city, and the eastern states owe to that visitation the termination of a heated term which was killing people by the hundreds in the large eastern cities.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The "arsenical walk" is due to the use of impure beverages. The arsenic accumulates in the system, hardens the muscles and causes a stride as if both legs were of wood. The victim falls if he tries to run.

An English paper not long ago told of a most accomplished physician who lost a good part of his practice because it was his invariable custom to enter a sickroom rubbing his hands and exclaiming: "And how are we today? Better, I am sure."

Jesse Powell of Emporia, Kan., says his wife has figured it out recently that during the past 35 years she had baked 191,625 hot biscuits, more than half of which he had eaten. They have hot biscuits at one meal every day. Mr. Powell weighs more than 200 pounds and attributes his fine health to the hot biscuit cure.

Snake structure is enormously curious. The vertebrae range in number from 300 to 30, but are invariable in each species. That is to say, a snake of a certain sort six feet long has exactly the same number of ribs as a snake of similar species only one foot long. Snakes crawl by moving forward each pair of ribs which is attached to a powerful cross-scale on the belly.

A species of marine plant, called grasswrack, has been found in the Kuenlun mountains, in Asia, 16,500 feet above sea-level. The plants were not growing, but were found, with their leaves and fruit, deposited in a bed 10 or 12 feet in thickness, which was covered and interspersed with strata of blue clay. It is believed that the deposit once formed part of the bottom of a salt lake.

Colonel Elijah de Beard of Gilmer county, Ga., lives in a one-room stone structure built over his wife's grave. The structure is small but substantially octagon of stone, and on the iron opening into the single room is the inscription: "One in life and one in death." In the right-hand corner is the grave of his wife; a secondary space near by he has reserved for himself. Around the windows flowers have been planted, and the venerable patriarch spends the days in beautifying the surroundings. On the anniversary of her death, with the assistance of the local pastor, the funeral ceremony is repeated.

How He Remembered.

Remembering names is one of the hardest tasks of a public man. Speaker Henderson tells a story of his going to Washington on a visit many years ago, when he had a few minutes' conversation one morning with Mr. Blaine, who was the speaker of the house.

Six years later he again visited the capital on business, and after staying in the hotel several days met Mr. Blaine, who promptly called him by name. Before accepting this as a miraculous feat of memory, Mr. Henderson questioned one of the waiters, who said:

"Yes, sir, Mr. Blaine asked who you were, and I told him, 'Mr. Henderson of Iowa.'"

Many are the devices that most public men are compelled to employ to bring back to memory a name which they think they ought to remember.

The late Congressman Brosius of Pennsylvania told of talking with a constituent for nearly an hour without being able to think of his name, when suddenly the man lifted his foot enough to show the tacks "quilted" on the sole of his shoe, which, according to the fashion of that time, bore his initials. Then the name came to him.—Youth's Companion.

ONE OF THE WORST

Some men are born to [illegible]
And some are born to [illegible]
Some men are born [illegible]
And some are born to [illegible]

But he that heads [illegible]
Who trail along [illegible]
May have a life [illegible]
Who make him [illegible]

And they that [illegible]
Which other [illegible]
All hours are [illegible]
To bore the [illegible]

NUMBER [illegible]

Mrs. Buggins [illegible] this afternoon [illegible] gems or nails?

Your time [illegible] the facetious [illegible] lovered the [illegible]

Nell—Bob proposed [illegible] he meets, and [illegible]

Belle—Is that [illegible] nabob?

Hoax—I kissed [illegible] looking. Joax [illegible]

Hoax—Kept her [illegible] the evening.

"The love of money [illegible] all evil," remarked [illegible] "An aching tooth [illegible] hands down," [illegible] Mug.

"I've called [illegible] some jokes I left [illegible] itor. "Those jokes [illegible] for," said the editor [illegible] about 50 years ag[illegible]

"She caught [illegible] and chased him [illegible] admiring friend [illegible] plied the sarcast[illegible] girls are always after the [illegible]

Sillicus—I have proposed [illegible] girl no less than [illegible] times. Take my advice and let [illegible] Thirteen is an unlucky [illegible] know, and the next time [illegible] accept.

"You want the pockets [illegible] and down, I suppose," said [illegible] "No, sir," the irritable [illegible] plied: "I prefer stationary [illegible] You may make the cuts perp[illegible] however."

"Miss Beatrice—Bee [illegible] French. "Pardon me," [illegible] haughtily, "but you must [illegible] 'Bee.'" "Why not?" [illegible] have known me but a very [illegible] and—" "But 'Bee' is a [illegible] name."

"I understand," remarked [illegible] "that Jane has rejected [illegible] Scandles because he didn't [illegible] her idea of manly beauty." [illegible] should be ashamed of herself [illegible] the mother thoughtlessly. [illegible] looked for a handsome man [illegible] never have been married."

Jack—Miss Pechy's poodle [illegible] Did you hear about it? [illegible] I'm going up to call on her [illegible] condole with her. I suppose [illegible] No; to propose to her now [illegible] rival's out of the way. Jack [illegible] want to get in before she [illegible] with some other puppy.

HOW TORONTO DOES

No Trouble There in Managing the Liquor Trade.

"Toronto is one of the [illegible] of the Western Hemisphere," [illegible] D. Dix of Houston, Texas, who [illegible] turned from a visit to the [illegible] who is a guest at the [illegible] Hotel.

"Toronto has some of the [illegible] streets on the continent, but [illegible] od of conducting the business [illegible] of the city is what commends [illegible] to the casual visitor. For [illegible] their system of controlling the [illegible] business is about perfect. There [illegible] about 150 saloons in Toronto, [illegible] is the limit prescribed by [illegible] nance. These saloons are [illegible] licensed, and the only way [illegible] a license is to purchase a [illegible] ready established. The [illegible] is about $300 per year. While [illegible] Canada the sum of $1000 [illegible] a saloon man for his license [illegible] know whether he concluded [illegible] it or not.

"The saloons are regulated [illegible] a manner that they are the [illegible] derly of places. They close [illegible] o'clock on all nights except [illegible] when they close at 6 o'clock [illegible] is done in order that the [illegible] will not spend his weekly [illegible] drink. When they are closed [illegible] is no back-door entrance. The [illegible] shut tighter than a drum. [illegible] who opens his saloon stands [illegible] to have his license revoked. [illegible] uation of $4000, he can hardly [illegible] to run the risk.

"In other ways the little [illegible] city is remarkable. Wages [illegible] high, but people live on [illegible] Good flats rent for $12 [illegible] month, and many people [illegible] own residences. The city is [illegible] it is an ideal place for a [illegible] St. Louis Republic.

A Don's Sad Affliction.

A well known Oxford don [illegible] "The University Correspondent" [illegible] reputation for mixing up the [illegible] consonants of his words [illegible] that often prove startling [illegible] ers. In a sermon he once [illegible] have in my heart a half-[illegible] meaning, of course, "a half [illegible] wish." Again, at a meeting [illegible] in a speech to "our queen" [illegible] he meant an affectionate [illegible] the royal visitor of the [illegible] a criticism of any hard [illegible] lege official. "Mrs. Blank [illegible] yesterday she had left off [illegible] the doors" is another [illegible] needs no explanation.—London [illegible] graph.

Gray?

"My hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color."—Mrs. E. Z. Benedict, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you not to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

$15 to $30 PER WEEK TO AGENTS SELLING CRAM'S POPULAR ATLAS OF U. S. AND WORLD.

Bromonia For Headache. Effective in cases of nervous headaches of women.

BROMONIA CO.

USE CERTAIN CURE

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

McILHENNY'S TABASCO

HUM

Complete Internal

Cuti

THE

Consisting of CUTIC skin of crusts and s enced cuticle, CUTICU allay itching, irritati soothe and heal, an to cool and cleanse t germs. A SINGLE S the most torturing, blood humours, rash with loss of hair, and all other remedi

MILLIONS USE

Assisted by CUTICURA O ing, and beautifying the crusts, scales, and dandr hair, for softening, whit and sore hands, for baby and for all the purposes Millions of Women use baths for annoying irrita ations, for too free or off of washes for ulcerative tive, antiseptic purposes to women and mothers. induce those who have o and beautifiers to use an bines delicate emollient p the great skin cure, wit dients and the most refres medicated soap is to be purifying, and beautifyin No other foreign or dom sive, is to be compared w toilet, bath, and nursery. at One Price, the best the new toilet and baby

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent, from childhood to age, with loss of hair, when all else fails, and Cuticura Anti-Pain Pills, the new, pure, and only pain killing, inflammation allaying, and antiseptic plaster.

Cuticura THE GRT

Prepared SOZODO

300 PERSONS DROWNED

JOHNSTOWN AND GALVESTON HORRORS DUPLICATED.

TORNADOES STRIKE AT DIFFERENT POINTS

Pittsburg and Vicinity Suffers Heavily—Murder Suspected — Stole Cattle from the Indians — Terrible Explosion at Patterson, N. J.

JOHNSTOWN PARALLEL.

An Awful Flood Horror in West Virginia.

Shortly after midnight Saturday a terrible storm struck the Pocahontas coal field in West Virginia and as a result 300 lives are lost and $2,000,000 damage done to mining and lumbering interests alone.

The little town of Keystone, with a population of about 2,000, seems the greatest sufferer, practically the entire town being washed away. This is the principal town in the Pocahontas coal fields from which the mining population purchased supplies. A great number of the coal and coke plants through the Pocahontas coal region are reported practically destroyed and in some instances entirely washed away. Owing to the very high water which has flooded the region and prevented communication anything like a correct estimate of the loss of property is impossible, but from the best information obtainable so far today, the loss of property will easily reach two million dollars.

A rough estimate places the number of bridges washed away between Bluefield and Vivian yard, a distance of twenty eight miles, at from fifteen to twenty and it will be impossible to get trains to Vivian and points west under a week or ten days. This will render it impossible to get relief into the stricken district and with those who escaped with their lives, homeless and without food, indescribable suffering is inevitable.

Nothing whatever has been heard from the section of country between Vivian and Williamson other than that the Tug river is reported as being entirely out of its banks and higher than ever known by the oldest inhabitants. Out of twelve miles of main line double track, only one mile remains. Bodies are being recovered many miles down the stream where they were washed ashore. From the meager reports describing the force of the storm at Keystone it would appear that the damage rivals that of Johnstown and is equal to the Galveston horror. There is no telegraphic communication west of Bluefield, as the telegraph wires were swept away along with the railroad tracks. It is said by the telegraph officials that the lines are useless between Kenova, W. Va., and Bluefield, a distance of 200 miles.

It is not known how far into the mountains the storm extended, but it is stated that every one of the thirty-three flat-top coal plants have suffered to some extent. Great damage is also reported in the Clinch valley section, but no lives are reported lost along this valley.

There was a high wind and a rainfall of 8.25 inches. The Kanawha river at Charleston is rising. The people are preparing for a flood. The Kanawha and Michigan railroad lost three bridges and is tied up. A landslide on the Chesapeake and Ohio tied up that road. The troops have been ordered out to guard the property.

TORNADO IN ILLINOIS.

Damage estimated at fully $100,000 was done Sunday night by a tornado that swept across Logan county, unroofing public buildings, wrecking residences and business houses, leveling great tracts of grain and demolishing outbuildings of all sorts. One end of a large brick chapel building at the Illinois asylum for feeble-minded children was torn out and the forest surrounding the state property was ruined. In Lincoln the worst damage was done to the factory district.

WARNER COAL.

About one hundred and fifty men were taken out of the drift at Warner Mines and were put into the slope. The company decided to close the drifts down for a while. There are over four hundred men working in it. Just now this slope has more men working in it than any other mine in the South. The daily output of coal by next week will average 1,800 tons.

TORNADO AT PITTSBURG.

Kills Four Persons and Damages Much Property.

Pittsburg and vicinity suffered Saturday from the fiercest wind storm known in the district for years. Four lives are known to have been lost, one of them was that of a ten-year-old hero who saved his younger brother from drowning.

Conservative estimates place the loss at $200,000. It is a miracle that no lives were lost in Allegheny. In the Butcherarund district the famous flood of 1874 was outdone except in the loss of life. The entire business portion of the town of Turtle Creek was flooded. The works of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburg were flooded. Little damage was done to the buildings, but the machinery, tools and work in progress on the lower floor was covered by water and will be injured.

The Turtle Creek district was again visited by a heavy rain storm Sunday and the former conditions were duplicated, with even more destruction. Damage to the town and valley amounting to thousands of dollars was done. At East Pittsburg the Westinghouse plant, which extends for nearly a mile parallel with the hill, was submerged again with six feet of water on the lower floor, which left three feet of mud when it receded. More than 400 street car motors are apparently destroyed, and the loss to the Westinghouse Company, it is believed, will reach $500,000.

TERRIBLE HAVOC.

Naper, Neb., Suffers Bitterly By a Tornado.

A fearful tornado visited Naper, Neb., and vicinity Thursday night. Of the family of Jacob Greening, Mr. Greening and his wife, who are fatally hurt, and their fourteen-year-old daughter, Grace, who is seriously injured, are all that survive. The family of Jacob Berg and a man named Metz were injured when their homes were demolished, but not seriously.

Mrs. Anderson said: "When I saw the storm coming, I grabbed the youngest child and took two with me. The storm took the child right into the air and that was the last of it."

All communication with the outside world is cut off and it is impossible to learn what other damage the storm did.

Mrs. Greening, mother of the Greening family, is expected to live but a short time. The father of the Greening family was found a quarter of a mile from the house badly mangled.

Little Maggie and Jacob Greening were found 600 yards from where the house stood.

The storm cloud appeared about 5 o'clock and traveled down the Keyapaha river. It seemed to rise and skip some houses and then swoop down and demolish. The tornado was preceded by a severe hailstorm. Stones fell that are said to have measured ten inches in circumference.

HE NEEDS SPECTACLES.

Wednesday, while the German Crown Prince was driving, an intoxicated man approached his carriage and aimed a blow with a stick at a window where the prince was seated. The individual, who described himself as a clerk, was arrested. He said he merely desired to see the prince more closely.

The Literary Digest sagely asks: "Should the poet read his own works in public?" Save us from the infliction!

THEY WANT TO GET OUT.

Convicts Set Fire to Nebraska Penitentiary.

The remaining wing of the Nebraska penitentiary building, part of which was burned last March, narrowly escaped being destroyed Sunday evening from a fire, started, Governor Savage and Warden Davis say, by convicts. An investigation showed that a candle had been lighted and so placed that it would set fire to a mass of broom corn. The nozzle of the hose had been plugged but the pressure of the water forced the plug. The loss was small.

Ground has been broken for the new school house which is to be erected at Jasper. Mention was made some time ago to raise funds with which to construct this building, and the contract was let to local parties. Ground has been broken and the work of construction will be pushed in the hope of getting the building ready for occupancy by the time the school term opens.

ALABAMA EDITORS.

The Montgomery Meeting a Decided Success.

The Alabama Press Association meeting is over and the excursion is off.

When the Association assembled on Thursday welcoming speeches were delivered for the city by the mayor, Hon. E. B. Joseph; for the Commercial and Industrial Association and the press, Hon. W. W. Screws, of the Montgomery Advertiser. Response was made by Editor J. C. Williams of the Talladega Mountain Home.

The annual address of the president, Rufus N. Rhodes, followed.

The secretary's report was most encouraging. One paragraph reads: "The association is in the most prosperous condition in its history. There are on the rolls 132 members, and of that number twenty-seven new members have been received and added to its rolls this year. From what your secretary can learn, the newspapers are doing better from a material standpoint, and the editors are putting forth their best efforts to make their papers a credit to themselves and an honor to the profession."

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Long-Distance Prediction Worthless — A Three to Six Days' Wave Means a Crop Loss of 20 Per Cent. and an Incalculable Sacrifice of Life and Property.

This is the season of the year when the weather bureau endeavors to cooperate with the department of agriculture in the effort to furnish the farmer with some intimation of the kind of weather he may expect from day to day, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial Advertiser. While this is a matter of dollars and cents with the farmer it is oftentimes a question of life or death with the dweller in cities, and is of equal interest at least. No damage results in town or country from average summer weather, even though it may be considered somewhat torrid. It is the "hot wave" which ruins the farmers' prospects for a bountiful harvest and brings death and suffering to prisoners within the city blocks.

Mr. A. T. Burrows, the weather bureau expert on hot waves, modestly summarizes the results of many years of investigation in this particular direction by saying that the only positive knowledge which has been acquired is that during a hot wave the eastward circulation of the atmosphere, both upper and lower, is for the time being almost totally suspended and that radiation is at that time at a minimum. He takes occasion, however, to puncture the reputation of several well known long-distance weather prophets by declaring that while it is quite practicable to forecast high temperature for a period of from four to five days, predictions for a longer time are the merest guess work, and not entitled to credence.

The hot wave occupies the most important position among all weather phenomena in the destruction of life and property which follows its wake. A summer hailstorm may destroy considerable property over a limited area, a high wind may cause damage of more serious nature and a tornado is still more destructive of property, and usually accompanied by loss of human life, but all these are local in their effect and of short duration. Even a hurricane sweeping up from the West Indies carrying death and devastation in its path affects but a relatively small portion of the United States. A general hot wave, however, with its blighting and death dealing temperatures, leaves a trail of ruin so widespread and so great that it cannot be actually measured. The loss to the farmers of Iowa in the destruction of their crops from a single hot wave which visited that section in 1894, amounted to over $50,000,000, or nearly twice as much property as was destroyed in the Galveston flood, and several of the adjacent states suffered nearly as much.

As for the suffering undergone by the millions of humanity day after day in these hot wave periods there is no record nor is one possible. Statistics may be secured as to the number of sunstrokes, but no data are obtainable regarding the sick whose deaths are hastened by the abnormally heated atmosphere. The weather bureau definition of a hot wave is a period of three or more consecutive days during which the temperature reaches or passes 90 degrees, and with few exceptions they occur during the months of June, July, August and September.

Of the great crops of the country corn and cotton are most liable to injury from overheating. In most cases the mere lack of rain is but partially responsible for the blight, as the cooking and firing effect of the intensely heated atmosphere is the source of most of the damage. Crops can recover from a drought, but the destruction of their life-giving properties by a hot wave is fatal. The farmers of the west estimate that during a summer of average heat the occurrence of a hot wave lasting from three to six days will reduce the harvest yield of the country fully 20 percent. The most dangerous time for these excessive temperatures to occur is during July and August, both in the effect upon the crops and upon the health of dwellers in cities.

A careful study of the records of the weather bureau covering a period of 30 years fails to reveal the regular recurrence of summers of excessive heat or that hot waves occur on the same days in succeeding years. The conclusion is that these visitations may be expected at irregular intervals, the numbers and intensity varying greatly each year. The maximum temperature during a hot wave generally comes within 48 hours after the first 90 degrees is recorded. The number of successive days of abnormal heat varies and may range as high is 16 or 17. Two or more periods may come in close succession, and in the popular mind these are associated as one long spell, as for example, the month of August and the first part of September in 1900.

It is a very exceptional summer when at least one of these hot waves does not sweep the country. Fewer occur in June than in any other summer month. July furnishes the greatest number and August and September are not far behind. In the last two months a hot wave is likely to be longer than in the earlier part of the season. No part of the United States escapes this scourge. At times only one section of the country is affected and at other times half the United States suffers under the same heated term.

On the great plains of the middle west the most severe effects of the hot waves are noted. It is here they frequently have their birth. They are often attended by hot winds which bear a relation to the hot wave not unlike that of the tornado to the general cyclone. The southern states are more free from this visitation than the others, though they do not escape entirely. A hot wave results from a stagnantion of the atmosphere, and as the area of high temperature drifts slowly from west to east and is driven off to sea by the advent of an area of high pressure the heated term comes to a close and the normal circulation of the temperature is resumed.

The hot wave of August and September last year will long be remembered on account of its length and intensity. In the east it was especially severe, although its influence extended westward beyond the Mississippi river. This wave had its inception in northern New York, and made its way south and to the Atlantic coast. Here it apparently met the oceanic high area, which acted as an insurmountable barrier to the eastward flow of the atmosphere, thus closing the outlet for the escape of warm air from the land. The introduction of new and fresh air almost ceased, thus preventing any lowering of the temperature at night.

This atmosphere condition was so powerful that it acted as a barrier to the northward progress of a hurricane about September 1. This hurricane was deflected into the Gulf of Mexico and finally reached Galveston, bringing with it death to thousands of people and destruction to millions of property. The storm traveled from Texas into Iowa, and thence to the St. Lawrence valley. It carried with it the stagnant heated air which had accumulated in the eastern states and brought to mankind the insufferably hot weather of the preceding six weeks. Thus Galveston owes to New York the storm which wrecked the city, and the eastern states owe to that visitation the termination of a heated term which was killing people by the hundreds in the large eastern cities.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The "arsenical walk" is due to the use of impure beverages. The arsenic accumulates in the system, hardens the muscles and causes a stride as if both legs were of wood. The victim falls if he tries to run.

An English paper not long ago told of a most accomplished physician who lost a good part of his practice because it was his invariable custom to enter a sickroom rubbing his hands and exclaiming: "And how are we today? Better, I am sure."

Jesse Powell of Emporia, Kan., says his wife has figured it out recently that during the past 35 years she had baked 191,625 hot biscuits, more than half of which he had eaten. They have hot biscuits at one meal every day. Mr. Powell weighs more than 200 pounds and attributes his fine health to the hot biscuit cure.

Snake structure is enormously curious. The vertebrae range in number from 300 to 30, but are invariable in each species. That is to say, a snake of a certain sort six feet long has exactly the same number of ribs as a snake of similar species only one foot long. Snakes crawl by moving forward each pair of ribs which is attached to a powerful cross-scale on the belly.

A species of marine plant, called grasswrack, has been found in the Kuenlun mountains, in Asia, 16,500 feet above sea-level. The plants were not growing, but were found, with their leaves and fruit, deposited in a bed 10 or 12 feet in thickness, which was covered and interspersed with strata of blue clay. It is believed that the deposit once formed part of the bottom of a salt lake.

Colonel Elijah Je Beard of Gilmer county, Ga., lives in a one-room stone structure built over his wife's grave. The structure is small but substantially octagon of stone, and on the iron opening into the single room is the inscription: "One in life and one in death." In the right-hand corner is the grave of his wife; a secondary space near by he has reserved for himself. Around the windows flowers have been planted, and the venerable patriarch spends the days in beautifying the surroundings. On the anniversary of her death, with the assistance of the local pastor, the funeral ceremony is repeated.

How He Remembered.

Remembering names is one of the hardest tasks of a public man. Speaker Henderson tells a story of his going to Washington on a visit many years ago, when he had a few minutes' conversation one morning with Mr. Blaine, who was the speaker of the house.

Six years later he again visited the capital on business, and after staying in the hotel several days met Mr. Blaine, who promptly called him by name. Before accepting this as a miraculous feat of memory, Mr. Henderson questioned one of the waiters, who said:

"Yes, sir, Mr. Blaine asked who you were, and I told him, 'Mr. Henderson of Iowa.'"

Many are the devices that most public men are compelled to employ to bring back to memory a name which they think they ought to remember.

The late Congressman Brosius of Pennsylvania told of talking with a constituent for nearly an hour without being able to think of his name, when suddenly the man lifted his foot enough to show the tacks "quilted" on the sole of his shoe, which, according to the fashion of that time, bore his initials. Then the name came to him.—Youth's Companion.

ONE OF THE WORLD'S

Some men are born to [illegible]
And some are born to [illegible]
Some men are born to [illegible]
And some are born to [illegible]

But he that leads his [illegible]
Who trudges along behind
May have a life [illegible]
Who makes him [illegible]

And they that [illegible]
Which other men [illegible]
At home are more [illegible]
To home they [illegible]

HUSBANDS.

Mrs. Buggins [illegible] this afternoon [illegible] gains or nails."

"Your time has [illegible]" the facetious [illegible] livered the quotation [illegible]

Nell—Bob proposed [illegible] he meets, and [illegible]
Belle—Is that [illegible] nabob?

Hoax—I kissed [illegible] looking. Joax [illegible]
Hoax—Kept her [illegible] the evening.

"The love of money [illegible] all evil," remarked [illegible] "An aching tooth has [illegible] hands down," muttered [illegible] Mug.

"I've called to get the [illegible] some jokes I left [illegible] itor. "Those jokes [illegible] for," said the editor. [illegible] about 50 years ago."

"She caught a [illegible] and chased him [illegible] admiring friend [illegible] plied the sarcastic [illegible] girls are always after the [illegible]

Silicus—I have proposed [illegible] girl no less than 12 times [illegible] Take my advice and let [illegible] Thirteen is an unlucky [illegible] know, and the [illegible] accept.

"You want the pockets [illegible] and down, I suppose," said [illegible] "No, sir," the irritable [illegible] plied; "I prefer stationary [illegible] You may make the suits [illegible] however."

"Miss Beatrice—Bee [illegible] Fresch. "Pardon me," [illegible] haughtily, "but you must [illegible] 'Bee.'" "Why not?" [illegible] have known me but a very [illegible] and—" "But Bee is a [illegible] name."

"I understand," remarked [illegible] "that Jane has rejected [illegible] Scandles because he didn't [illegible] her idea of manly beauty." [illegible] should be ashamed of herself [illegible] the mother thoughtlessly [illegible] looked for a handsome [illegible] never have been married."

Jack—Miss Pechy's poodle [illegible] Did you hear about it? [illegible] I'm going up to call on her [illegible] condole with her. I suppose [illegible] No; to propose to her [illegible] rival's out of the way. Jack [illegible] want to get in before she [illegible] with some other puppy.

HOW TORONTO DOES

No Trouble There in Managing the Liquor Trade.

"Toronto is one of the [illegible] of the Western Hemisphere," [illegible] D. Dix of Houston, Texas, who [illegible] turned from a visit to the [illegible] who is a guest at the [illegible] Hotel.

"Toronto has some of the [illegible] streets on the continent but [illegible] od of conducting the business [illegible] of the city is what compares [illegible] to the casual visitor. For [illegible] their system of controlling the [illegible] business is about perfect. There [illegible] about 150 saloons in Toronto [illegible] is the limit prescribed by [illegible] nance. These saloons are [illegible] licensed, and the only way [illegible] a license is to purchase a [illegible] ready established. The [illegible] is about $300 per year. [illegible] Canada the sum of $4000 [illegible] a saloon man for his license [illegible] know whether he considered [illegible] it or not.

"The saloons are regulated [illegible] a manner that they are the [illegible] derly of places. They close [illegible] o'clock on all nights except [illegible] when they close at 6 o'clock [illegible] is done in order that the [illegible] will not spend his weekly [illegible] drink. When they are closed [illegible] is no back-door entrance. [illegible] shut tighter than a drum, and [illegible] who opens his saloon stands [illegible] to have his license revoked. [illegible] uation of $4000, he can hardly [illegible] to run the risk.

"In other ways the little city is remarkable. Wages [illegible] high, but people live on [illegible] Good flats rent for $12 [illegible] month, and many people [illegible] own residences. The city is [illegible] it is an ideal place for a [illegible] St. Louis Republic.

A Don's Sad Affliction.

A well known Oxford don [illegible] "The University Correspondent" [illegible] reputation for mixing up [illegible] consonants of his words [illegible] that often prove startling [illegible] ers. In a sermon he once [illegible] have in my heart a half-[illegible] meaning, of course, "a [illegible] wish." Again, at a meeting [illegible] in a speech to "our queen" [illegible] he meant an affectionate [illegible] the royal visitor of the [illegible] a criticism of any hard [illegible] lege official. "Mrs. Black [illegible] yesterday she had left off [illegible] the doors" is another [illegible] needs no explanation.—Lantern [illegible] graph.

Gray?

"My hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But your Hair Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color."—Mrs. E. T. Bohannon, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you not to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

$15 to $30 PER WEEK TO AGENTS SELLING CRAM'S POPULAR ATLAS OF U. S. AND WORLD.

Bromonia For Headache. Effective in cases of nervous disorders of women. BROMONIA CO.

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND COUGH CURE

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

McILHENNY'S TABASCO

HUMOR

Complete Internal Cuticura THE

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to clear the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood of all impurities and germs. A SINGLE SET is sufficient for the most torturing, disfiguring, humiliating blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when all else fails, and all other remedies and medicines have failed.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for anointing, and beautifying the skin, for preventing chafes, crusts, scales, and dandruff, for softening, whitening, and soothing irritated, inflamed, and sore hands, for baby rashes, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the bath for annoying irritations, for too free or offensive perspiration, for excessive or offensive perspiration, for washes for ulcerative weakness, and for many sanitary, healing, and antiseptic purposes which render life happy to women and mothers. Nothing else can induce those who have once used CUTICURA SOAP to use any other, it combines the ingredients of the most delicate emollient preparations, with the great skin cure, with the most refreshing ingredients and the most refreshing, delicate, and exquisite *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for cleansing purifying, and beautifying the skin. No other foreign or domestic remedies can even approach it, nor can any other cosmetic, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Sold everywhere. Cuticura Soap, 25c. Cuticura Ointment, 50c. Cuticura Resolvent, $1. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

Cuticura THE GREAT SKIN CURE

Fragrant SOZODONT

ONE OF THE WORLD'S

Some men are born to follow,
And some are born to lead;
Some men are born to order,
And some are born to heed.

But he that leads his fellows
With trusting willing behind
Far more is companion
With makes him mighty mind.

[illegible] directions
[illegible] expressed
[illegible] more than likely
[illegible] expressed.

Detroit Free P

HUMOROUS

Mrs. Buggins—I went out this afternoon, Mr. Buggins, [illegible] matinée.

Time has come, said the facetious jeweler's boy as he opened the customer's clock.

Bill proposes to every [illegible] and each one [illegible] that why he calls him [illegible]

Hoax—Kissed her when she [illegible] Joax—What did she do? Hoax—Kept her eyes shut the [illegible] evening.

The love of money is the [illegible] remarked the Wise Man. An aching tooth has that [illegible] hands down, muttered the Man.

[illegible] failed to get the [illegible] announced [illegible] for. "These jokes have been [illegible] said the editor. "When [illegible] years ago.

[illegible] caught a thief in the [illegible] have him four blocks," [illegible] friend. "Isn't it strange," [illegible] sarcastic rival, "how [illegible] are always after the man?"

[illegible] have proposed to [illegible] than 12 times. Take my advice and let it go at [illegible] Thirteen is an unlucky number, [illegible] and the next time she [illegible] asleep!

You want the pockets to [illegible] and loan I suppose?" said the [illegible] "No, sir," the irritable customer [illegible] "I prefer stationary pockets. You may make the slits perpendicular, however."

"Miss Beatrice—Bee," begins French. "Pardon me," she [illegible] haughtily, "but you mustn't call [illegible] Bee." "Why not?" "Because you have known me but a very short [illegible] and—" "But Bee" is a very [illegible] name."

"I understand," remarked the [illegible] that Jane has rejected that [illegible] Scandles because he didn't [illegible] her idea of manly beauty." "[illegible] should be ashamed of herself," [illegible] the mother thoughtlessly. "If [illegible] looked for a handsome man I [illegible] never have been married."

Jack—Miss Pochy's poodle [illegible] Did you hear about it? Tom—[illegible] I'm going up to call on her. Jack—[illegible] poodle with her, I suppose. [illegible] No, to propose to her, now [illegible] rival's out of the way. Jack—[illegible] want to get in before she takes [illegible] with some other puppy.

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"Toronto has some of the best [illegible] streets on the continent, but the [illegible] of conducting the business [illegible] the city is what commends [illegible] the casual visitor. For instance, their system of controlling the [illegible] business is about perfect. There [illegible] about 150 saloons in Toronto, and [illegible] the limit prescribed by city [illegible] These saloons are regulated [illegible] and the only way to [illegible] license is to purchase a business [illegible] already established. The license [illegible] about $100 per year. When [illegible] Canada the sum of $1000 was [illegible] saloon man for his license, I [illegible] how whether he concluded to [illegible] or not.

"The saloons are regulated in [illegible] manner that they are the most orderly of places. They close [illegible] on all nights except Sundays [illegible] when they close at 6 o'clock. [illegible] one in order that the worthy [illegible] not spend his weekly wages [illegible] drink. When they are closed [illegible] the back door entrance. The [illegible] tighter than a drum, and [illegible] opens his saloon stands a [illegible] have his license revoked. At [illegible] tion of $1000 he can hardly [illegible] in the race.

"In other ways the little Dutch [illegible] is remarkable. Wages are [illegible] but people live on much [illegible] flats rent for $12 and $[illegible] month and many people own [illegible] residences. The city is also [illegible] an ideal place for a residence [illegible] Dutch Republic."

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If Mr hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But your Ayer Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color. —Mrs. [illegible] Z. Benoomne, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you [illegible] to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

$15 to $30 PER WEEK TO AGENTS SELLING GRAM'S POPULAR ATLAS OF U. S. AND WORLD. [illegible] New Plates, New Features, [illegible] never offered [illegible] years. Big [illegible] terms. [illegible] Atlanta, Ga.

Bromonia For Headache. Effective in cases of nervous disorders of women. [illegible] address on receipt of 25 cents [illegible] BROMONIA CO. [illegible] N. Y.

BE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 $1.00

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Boyish Reasons.

We wouldn't give much for a boy who should go out in company often and never disgrace his mother with his manner.—Detroit Journal.

Free Blood Cure.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures blood and skin humors like eczema, oozing sores, eczema, itching skin, aching bones and joints, boils, scrofula, blood poison, cancer, etc. B. B. B. cures all malignant blood troubles, old deep-seated cases, heals very sore, makes the blood pure and rich. Druggists, $1. Treatment free and prepaid by describing your trouble and writing Dr. Gilham, 13 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

Some people are so clumsy they can't drop a remark without breaking their word.

It is better to break good resolutions than never to have had any.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Even the meanest of men are liberal with advice.

E. B. Walthall & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Missouri's convicts cost $80,000 last year and earned for the State $83,991.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The lumberman has to work for his board.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Enright, Vanburen, Ind. Feb. 10, 1900.

London's Stock Exchange recently celebrated its hundredth anniversary.

We refund 10c. for every package of Putnam Fadeless Dye that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

Of all the newspapers published in the world sixty eight per cent are in the English language.

It doesn't take a hoarse voice to say "nay."

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

People who wear squeaky shoes sometimes delude themselves with the thought that they have music in their soles.

HUMOURS

Complete External and Internal Treatment

Cuticura

THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood, and expel humour germs. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the best skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.

Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when all other fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London, E. C. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Fragrant **SOZODONT** TOOTH POWDER 25¢

THE CUBAN BEE.

A Traveller Finds Him to Be Not Such a Hustler as His American Fellow.

"While down in Cuba recently," said a Bohemian, "I stumbled on to a rather interesting observation in connection with the life of the Cuban bee, and I have marked a very clear difference between the Cuban insect and his American relative. Bees are universally looked upon as industrious, hustling members of the insect world, and have become famed in the earlier school literature on this account. Children are taught that the bee's example is one to be followed, and so far as the American type is concerned, there is no reason for a discontinuance of this lesson. The American bee is a great hustler, and he has sustained the honor conferred upon him in the verses and short stories found in the early readers.

"But with the Cuban bee it is different. They are lazy, trifling fellows, and in the architecture of the hive they do not show that delicacy and precision in the matter of finish and measurement which have made the bee a wonder to some of the men of science. I even believe that I was able to detect some difference in the flavor of Cuban honey, some lack of that daintiness of flavor found in the American product, but this might have been an unconscious prejudice on my part.

"But at any rate the Cuban bee is not like the American bee. I have watched them for hours, and they all look like drones to me when compared to the American type. The Cuban bee has a sort of oxcart movement when he goes about his work. The American bee is snappy, quick, almost electrical. Now, why is this? I have my own theory, and I base it upon the broadest principle of science, a principle universally recognized for its potency in the shaping of character. It is a matter of environment.

"The Cuban bee has been surrounded by slow methods, and awkward, crude ways of doing things. He simply reflects the life, the mannerisms, and the methods about him. He is still the bee of the oxcart age, and buzzes about his business in an oxcart gait. He is a Cuban to the manor born. The American bee's industry may be accounted for in the same way. He is a natural-born hustler. He is an American, full-blooded and full-fledged."—*New Orleans Times Democrat.*

Landlords in the Riviera.

A young man just returned from a winter in the Riviera was telling some of his friends the other night about the charms of the Italian landlord.

"I reached Genoa without a cent in my pocket," he said, "went to the Poste Restante to get my drafts and found they hadn't come. What to do? Went to the best hotel in the place. If you've got money, go to where people are used to seeing lots of it. Asked for my mail. 'Nothing here for you sir,' says the landlord. 'The deuce you say,' says I. 'I was expecting a remittance.' He just bows and smiles and says: 'Signor will be here for a fortnight? He must see the sights. He needs money.' And over he hands me all I can use in a week. Well, the week ends and still no mail. 'Your remittance hasn't come?' he says. 'You will like some more money?' 'Well, yes, I would,' I say to him, and over it comes. Finally my drafts does come to the general postoffice and I pay him back. It was all of a good two weeks that I had been living like a king on nothing but my face.

"'I don't see how you dare do this kind of thing,' I said.

"He just bowed and smiled. 'We flatter ourselves,' he said, 'that we know gentlemen when we see them.'"—*New York Sun.*

Loss of Sheep in Australia.

The Australasian Banking Record gives some extraordinary figures relat- to sheep raising in Australia. It appears that during the past eight years the stock of sheep in the Australian Federation has diminished from 124,500,000 to less than 93,000,000, and that it is now probably less owing to the destruction by fire of the Queensland pastures last year. At the end of 1899 there were, according to Government returns, 15,226,470 sheep in Queensland; and the number is now estimated at only a little more than half. But for the advance in price of wool owing to the South African War and other causes, it is said that bankruptcy must have overtaken the squatters and sheep raisers; and the damage to the industry must in any case take years to repair. The same number of the Record which gives the figures of the losses of sheep states that the indebtedness of the Australian population to the banks is now about $25 per head, which is in addition to the public debts, amounting to nearly $200 per head.

No Apparent Cause For Offense.

It was the third day out on an ocean liner, and some of the passengers were just getting acquainted. A lady who had made the trip many times lay comfortably in her steamer chair, when the pretty and stylishly clad daughter of a newly rich family stopped near her, and they drifted into conversation. Presently the lady bowed to a pale-faced man who walked by.

"Who was that?" inquired the girl.

"That was Signor Slambangski, the famous pianist," replied the lady, who then went on to speak of the probable performers at the inveitable concert at the journey's end.

"Oh, are there any musicianers on board?" eagerly inquired the girl.

"I beg your pardon?" said the lady interrogatively.

The girl gazed at her inquiringly.

"What for?" she asked.—*New York Mail and Express.*

A smart brickmaker can make 4,000 bricks a day. A sixteen horse-power machine makes 30,000 in the same time.

Conscience is the photograph of the soul.

In spite of $60,000,000 expenditures on Canadian canals the railroads are beating them in traffic.

Governor Blackburn

Always said that Crab Orchard Water would cure more diseases than any one remedy he had ever used.

The lazy man firmly believes that half a loaf is better than none.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

A really wonderful little remedy is Mitchell's Eye Salve. Its reliability creates a constant demand for it wherever diseases of the eye are most prevalent. Price, 25 cents. Reject substitutes. *All Druggists.*

By mail, 25c. Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

"Is Life Worth Living? That Depends on the Liver."

Get your Liver right by taking

LIVERINA

Best Liver medicine made. Relieves Biliousness, Sick Headache, Malaria, Constipation, "the blues" and all the other attendant ills of a torpid Liver.

Sold By All Dealers 50c a Bottle.

Manufactured By

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,

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SICK HEADACHE

Unbearable reality to the most reasonable to take

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

A natural medicinal water—unsurpassed. A proved laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures Torpid Liver, Sluggish Liver, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Constipation, Piles. Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters, most convenient to take, most economical to buy.

This genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple Brand on every bottle.

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Am. N. U., No. 26, 1901.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WORST COUGHS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

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"LEADER" and "REPEATER"

SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

are used by the best shots in the country because they are so accurate, uniform and reliable. All the world's championships and records have been won and made by Winchester shells. Shoot them and you'll shoot well.

USED BY THE BEST SHOTS, SOLD EVERYWHERE

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Glue, Chemicals, or similar substances. LION COFFEE is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"THE VILLAGE GROCER."
(With due apologies to H. W. Longfellow.)

Under a spreading chestnut tree
The corner grocery stands,
The grocer—mighty man is he
With hard and sinewy hands,
That weigh our goods from morn till night,
And also coffee brands.

His goods are varied in their price
And quality as well,
The store itself looks neat and nice,
As all his neighbors tell.
And his one great ambition is
To LION COFFEE sell.

Week in, week out, from morn till night,
You'll hear this fellow blow
About his coffee, always right,
The LION brand, you know;
Because it's pure and honest goods
He tries to make it go!

Not only is it pure and good,
But also very cheap.
Because 'tis best for household use,
A stock he'll always keep.
In LION COFFEE thus his faith
Is both sincere and deep.

Buying—rejoicing—wondering,
His customers attest
That LION COFFEE is, by far,
In quality the best,
And the premiums also are admired
And always in request.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

No matter how pleasant your surroundings, health, good health, is the foundation for enjoyment. Bowel trouble causes more aches and pains than all other diseases together, and when you get a good dose of bilious bile coursing through the blood life's a hell on earth. Millions of people are doctoring for chronic ailments that started with bad bowels, and they will never get better till the bowels are right. You know how it is—you neglect—get irregular—first suffer with a slight headache—bad taste in the mouth mornings, and general "all gone" feeling during the day—keep on going from bad to worse untill the suffering becomes awful, life loses its charms, and there is many a one that has been driven to suicidal relief. Educate your bowels with *CASCARETS*. Don't neglect the slightest irregularity. See that you have one natural, easy movement each day. *CASCARETS* tone the bowels—make them strong—and after you have used them once you will wonder why it is that you have ever been without them. You will find all your other disorders commence to get better at once, and soon you will be well by taking—

THE TONIC LAXATIVE

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LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, constipation, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, coated tongue, headache, blotched bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, dizziness, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic diseases and long years of misery that follow constipation. Why not take a vacation from misery, while young, start using CASCARETS to-day, and you will never get well until you do this. Do not let your bowels rule you. Take one tablet tonight and a CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED To CURE, Per CENT. [illegible]

For Bargains

—GO TO—

W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

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CLANTON.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901.

Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my hips, back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years. NANNIE DAVIS.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing these terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Console yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhœa, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all these aches and pains for you. Purchase a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

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THE

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PREPARATIONS

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J. B. Downs, Clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,

General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substituter.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876.

15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.

MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or O. P. Ackers, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Everybody Says So.

Chocolate Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, not gently and positively on stomach, liver and bowels cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headaches, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

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and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

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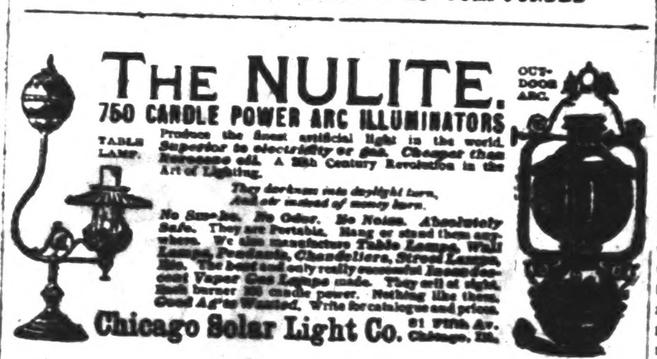

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They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

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Good Road Problem Being Solved.

From Atlanta Constitution.

During my recent visit to Newnan I was very greatly impressed by the remarkable fine condition of the public roads in Coweta county. As Mr. T. M. Goodrum, president of the Young Men's Business League, expressed it "Our county roads are even better than the streets of Newnan" and that is saying a good deal," Mr. Goodrum said while his father, Captain I. L. Goodrum, was chairman of the board of county commissioners, he began the agitation of the good roads question. It has, however, remained for Captain I. R. McCollum, Coweta's big farmer and the present chairman of her board of county commissioners, to carry the work into practical effect.

During a drive of twenty miles over the county roads of Coweta county with Captain McCollum I do not remember of the carriage wheel striking a single rock or having run into a hole in the road. There were simply no rocks to strike and no holes to run into. It was a new and exhilarating experience to be able to drive over county roads in Georgia without keeping an eye out for rocks and pitfalls. Not only are the roads in Coweta county delightful to drive over in a carriage but when it comes to hauling produce to town, the farmer realizes the benefit in the decrease of his blacksmith bills and the saving in wear and tear to stock, harness and vehicles. He can haul larger loads with the same amount of force expended, and this, together with the improvement to his property, will pay him many times over for the small additional taxes he has to pay.

While many of the farmers were opposed to this new movement to start with, you could not get them now to go back to the old way for love or money.

We are beginning to see good roads of a permanent character constructed in Fulton county. They are being built out of Atlanta in all directions. This is a mark of progress, and our county commissioners in Fulton are to be congratulated on the work they are doing; but when we see a county without any big chaingang to help her, working her roads in such a manner as to enable you to trot your horse ten miles on a stretch, and doing it all over the county, cross-roads and all, then indeed there is room for congratulation.

Coweta county has not yet reached a point where she can put down the expensive macadam we are using in Fulton county; she is, however, grading down the hills, putting good iron bridges over all the streams, picking up and hauling off the rocks and working her dirt roads so as to leave them as smoothe as a floor. They have learned to leave the road with just the right oval shape, so that it will shed water without being too high in the middle. This point has to be guarded against, or vehicles will slip sidewise when the road is slippery after a rain.

On our drive out we passed some of the hands, two men and a boy picking up stones behind the road machine and hauling them off in a two horse wagon.

"You will notice," said Captain McCollum, "that here the machine, besides cutting off the humps and filling up the holes, threw the dirt and stones toward the center of the road, and so we have to go along and pick them up. In some cases they are hauled off entirely, and then again we use them to fill up bad places and also to prevent washing. Now here," he continued, as we started up a long incline, "you see the gutter on each side of the road has a tendency to wash out too deeply, leaving the road on a ridge, as it were. I shall use the stones here to make small breaks, sloping them toward the outer bank so the water will not cut into the road. Then when the machine comes along next time, they will reverse it and work from the center out, and thus prevent its becoming too high in the middle. By so doing we keep our dirt roads smooth and even. By taking out and picking up the rocks we prevent any tendency of the teams to make holes; for whenever a wagon runs over the rocks it is almost sure to start a hole on the other side. This fills with water, making a soft place and soon there is a bad hole in the road." "And so you work the roads with machines?" I inquired. "How do you like them?"

"Yes. We have five "Good-road" machines in the county. We have the county divided into five sections with one machine to each section. We are greatly pleased with the machines, but we had a fight of it to get them introduced, I can tell you. When I first became chairman of the county commissioners our roads were in a wretched condition. It was as much as a man's life was worth to drive over the county, except at a snail's pace, and one needed a blacksmith outfit to take along and keep things in repair. I saw that if we ever expected to have good roads in Coweta county we must make a beginning and show the people of working them. I saw that the county would have to take the work into their own hands if they were allowed to do it. This was recommended by the grand jury, and I was made chairman. Or rather I was made by my colleagues who said, 'Go ahead, you go ahead and get the machines, and we will back you in this, and do the work.' I found myself saddled with a business. Well, I ordered a machine for each beat, and we got them all at once.

"The next thing was to get further funds to carry on the work, and to this end we voted a tax of 1 per cent for road purposes. It has been claimed by some that the land owners paid more road tax than those who owned no property (which is not true as they benefited); and for this reason I was in favor of the additional tax.

"To secure the labor for the general road work, we allowed five days' work, or its commutation if this tax was paid in advance before the 1st of March. We knocked off 50 cents from the amount on an even $ fixed for the payment of the tax except that it should be paid over the individual who was to work the road. The tax could either pay, or work out. Many, however, commuted at this time at two different times, two days at one time and another, if they so preferred. The idea was to summon the hands as many as were needed, when the overseer required them on the road, and any additional work that was needed could be done. This has been our practice to work the roads whenever they need repairs.

"It took some time," he continued, "to learn the men how to run the machines properly, and we experienced opposition to the method of working the roads at the first by people who wanted to go back to the old way. Some claimed the machines were too heavy and one member of the board made a strong effort to change the policy of the county commissioners and induce us to return to the old methods. I remember at one of the meetings he was very bitter in the matter, and at that time we had quite a strong following who were opposed to machine work on the roads. In answer to his argument I said to him that he was mistaken in his position. That the machine came from the machine being properly operated. I told him I was perfectly willing to leave the question to his fair-minded people, he would give the machine a fair trial as I directed. 'Now,' said I, 'when you go home hitch six of your best mules to the machine—not six mules, but good mules—put the most intelligent man in charge of it and give him another man for a boy to help him operate it, and at our next meeting tell us how he succeeded.' Well, he agreed to the proposition, and the next time I saw him we met he was the most enthusiastic man you ever saw, claiming that he could work as much road in a day with one of those machines as he could with a hundred men.

"It certainly is a fine thing for every man in the county, with possibly one or two exceptions, unanimous in its favor. The result simply makes the difference between good roads and poor roads. There are some people of course whom it is impossible to please no matter what you do. Now there is a man whose place we passed a while back; that man was very mad because we graded down a big hill between his farm and the town, which enables him to haul half as much again with his team as he could before the grade was made.

"Yes, the machine is a fine thing. I heard only last week Campbell county has just purchased three of them with which to work her roads. With the aid of the machine we can get over the roads and keep them in fine condition, and when roads are kept up as they should be it takes a great deal of wet weather before they will become cut up by the travel. The machines also enable us to devote more time to grading down the hills and making other improvements."

The roads in a county are a pretty fair criterion of its prosperity. Coweta county, if she keeps up, will soon be in a position to begin macadamizing her principal roads. She stands today as an object lesson to the state in road improvement.

I was agreeably surprised to find in good shape, for in my own part of Fulton there is still room for considerable improvement in this respect.

To the executive ability of Captain McCollum [illegible]

Verbena.

[illegible] Traywick and wife of Pine Ridge, are visiting relatives here.

Miss Sadie Mitchell has returned from a visit to friends in Snowdoun.

Miss Mary Wadsworth, of Wadsworth, and Miss Lillie Thornton, of Clanton, two charming young ladies attended church here today.

Mr. Frank Pinkston of Marbury was here Sunday.

Verbena is in a boom, instead of painting the town red, they are painting it white.

Mr. Sam Cates has returned from a visit to Atlanta.

Dr. T. M. Barnett of Birmingham, visited his fathers family recently.

Dr. Gaston and Chief Justice N. McClellan of Montgomery, have been visiting Dr. H. J. Baldwin's family.

Mr. Arthur Falkner and his lovely bride who have been visiting here, have returned to their home in Nashville.

Mr. John G. Farley and family, of Anniston, are visiting their old home here, to the delight of their friends.

Mr. Ed Crenshaw and family, of Birmingham, will spend the summer at the Clifton house.

Miss Lucy Crumpton, one of Hill's fairest young ladies, is visiting Dr. Caffey's family.

Mr. William Gayle's family, of Selma city, will spend the summer in Verbena.

Miss Annie Bell Northington, a delightful visit to relatives at the Clifton House, has returned home in Montgomery.

Bros. are building a saw mill and a large ginnery here.

We had quite a little storm near Verbena Friday. It blew down trees and blown about one hundred rods. In answer to his argument I said to him that he was mistaken in his position. That the machine came from the machine being properly operated. I told him I was perfectly willing to leave the question to his fair-minded people, he would give the machine a fair trial as I directed. 'Now,' said I, 'when you go home hitch six of your best mules to the machine—not six mules, but good mules—put the most intelligent man in charge of it and give him another man for a boy to help him operate it, and at our next meeting tell us how he succeeded.' Well, he agreed to the proposition, and the next time I saw him we met he was the most enthusiastic man you ever saw, claiming that he could work as much road in a day with one of those machines as he could with a hundred men.

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Miss Annie Bell Northington, a delightful visit to relatives at the Clifton House, has returned home in Montgomery.

Bros. are building a saw mill and a large ginnery here.

We had quite a little storm near Verbena Friday. It blew down trees and blown about one hundred rods. In answer to his argument I said to him that he was mistaken in his position. That the machine came from the machine being properly operated. I told him I was perfectly willing to leave the question to his fair-minded people, he would give the machine a fair trial as I directed. 'Now,' said I, 'when you go home hitch six of your best mules to the machine—not six mules, but good mules—put the most intelligent man in charge of it and give him another man for a boy to help him operate it, and at our next meeting tell us how he succeeded.' Well, he agreed to the proposition, and the next time I saw him we met he was the most enthusiastic man you ever saw, claiming that he could work as much road in a day with one of those machines as he could with a hundred men.

"It certainly is a fine thing for every man in the county, with possibly one or two exceptions, unanimous in its favor. The result simply makes the difference between good roads and poor roads. There are some people of course whom it is impossible to please no matter what you do. Now there is a man whose place we passed a while back; that man was very mad because we graded down a big hill between his farm and the town, which enables him to haul half as much again with his team as he could before the grade was made.

"Yes, the machine is a fine thing. I heard only last week Campbell county has just purchased three of them with which to work her roads. With the aid of the machine we can get over the roads and keep them in fine condition, and when roads are kept up as they should be it takes a great deal of wet weather before they will become cut up by the travel. The machines also enable us to devote more time to grading down the hills and making other improvements."

The roads in a county are a pretty fair criterion of its prosperity. Coweta county, if she keeps up, will soon be in a position to begin macadamizing her principal roads. She stands today as an object lesson to the state in road improvement.

I was agreeably surprised to find in good shape, for in my own part of Fulton there is still room for considerable improvement in this respect.

To the executive ability of Captain McCollum [illegible]

His Choice.

Lady—Do you like flowers, little Willie?

Boy—Yes'm.

Lady—I am glad to hear it. A love of flowers indicates a refined nature. What kind of flowers do you like?

Boy—Boiled cabbage.—Ohio Journal.

[illegible] pumps ever used were those to pump out Lake Haarlem, in Holland. They pumped 400,000 tons of water in 11 years.

A Poor Millionaire

Was starved in London because he could not digest his food. Cured of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They tone the stomach, and digestion promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money if not satisfied. Sold by Campbell drug co.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE READ.

IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JULY 4, 1901 NO. 37

Verbena.

[illegible] from our de[illegible] summer resort.

[illegible] Traywick and wife, [illegible] Road are visiting relatives [illegible]

[illegible] Mattie has returned [illegible] to friends in Snowdoin.

Mars Wadsworth, of Wade[illegible] and Mr. [illegible] Thompson of [illegible] were visiting here [illegible]

[illegible] Patterson of Marbury [illegible] Sunday.

[illegible] instead of [illegible] they are [illegible]

[illegible] returned [illegible]

[illegible] Brooks family [illegible]

[illegible] of Justice [illegible] of Montgomery, [illegible] Dr. R. L. Bald[illegible]

[illegible] Parker and his ove[illegible] who have been visiting here, have returned to [illegible]

[illegible] and family, [illegible] in a few days be good [illegible] the delight of their [illegible]

[illegible] Crenshaw and family, of [illegible] will spend the sum[illegible]

[illegible] Crumpton, one of [illegible] Hill's finest young la[illegible] visiting Dr. Caffey's fami[illegible]

[illegible] Gavle's family, of [illegible] will spend the [illegible] Clanton.

Miss Bell Northington, [illegible] visit to relatives [illegible] Mt. Hope House, has returned [illegible] Montgomery.

[illegible] building is now [illegible] and a large ginnery [illegible]

[illegible] had quite a little storm near [illegible] It blew down trees [illegible] about one hundred [illegible] on Mr. Joel Gul[illegible]

[illegible] Lucy Decatur [illegible] relatives here.

[illegible] Howard, is visiting [illegible] in Prairville.

[illegible] Rudolph, a lovely [illegible] of Montgomery, who [illegible] the guest of friends in our [illegible] returned home.

[illegible] Gilmer and family, [illegible] will spend the [illegible]

[illegible] preached to [illegible] at the Bap[illegible] last Sunday.

[illegible] Nottingham is visit[illegible] relatives [illegible]

[illegible] and family [illegible]

[illegible] will spend the [illegible]

[illegible] attended [illegible] at Clan[illegible]

[illegible] is visit[illegible] family [illegible] spend the [illegible] beautiful sum[illegible] Lee."

Potato in Finger Nails.

[illegible] is an exceedingly [illegible] as the latter never [illegible] and at any mo[illegible] into "the quick" [illegible] Even when [illegible] taken of the teeth [illegible] is not to collect [illegible] of a minute [illegible] circulation may [illegible] as the pus on [illegible]

His Choice.

Old Lady—Do you like flowers, little [illegible]

Little Boy—[illegible] glad to hear it. [illegible] indicates a refined [illegible] What kind of flowers do you [illegible]

Little Boy—Boiled cabbage.—Ohio [illegible] Journal

The biggest pumps ever used were [illegible] to pump out Lake Haarlem, in [illegible] They pumped 400,000 tons [illegible] for 11 years.

A Poor Millionaire

[illegible] starved in London be[illegible] he could not digest his food. [illegible] used a bottle of King's New Life [illegible] would have saved him. They [illegible] strengthen the stomach and diges[illegible] promote assimilation im[illegible] appetite. Price 25c. Mon[illegible] if not satisfied. Sold by [illegible] drug co.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for their opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 52

Poplar Springs.

Farmers have a big smile on their face now, the much needed rain is falling.

Rev. B. H. Vickers preached an interesting sermon at this place Sunday.

Prof. I. N. Goss, of Burwell, was in these parts again last Sunday; he must have found something very attractive up here.

Messrs. W. D. Driver and W. A. Dupree and Miss Clara Dupree attended the singing at Mr. E. G Rollin's Sunday evening and report a nice time.

Messrs. I. E. McKee, and J. F. Grear, of Montgomery, have returned home to stay quite a while.

Mr. G. C. Harris paid a flying visit to Coosa last Sunday.

Mr. S. E. Patterson visited relatives near Enid last Friday.

If the Kid don't mind he will but so much till he will wear his horns out. MORNING STAR.

It Dazzles The World.

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. Kinz's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1 00 Trial bottles free.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Program S. S Convention

For Beats 1 and 2, to be held at Union Grove church, Sunday, June 30, 1901.

9 a.m. Devotional exercises, K. W. Blevenett.

9 30. Object of the Sunday-school, J. M. Cather and W. H. Conway.

10. Relation of Sunday school to the church, P. A. Wood and W. L. Brown.

10:30. Best method of training children in the Sunday-school, J. P. Gentry and J. M. Gothard.

11 Christian education, Judge S. M. Adams.

1 p.m. Recitations, Misses Anna Lowery, Mattie Patton, Susie Conway.

2:20. Who should attend Sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and A. H. Glasscock.

2:50. Results of Sunday-school work, L. H. Reynolds.

NOTICE TO CONFEDERATE PENSIONERS

The Confederate Pension Board for Chilton county, will meet in Clanton on the first Monday in July, 1901, to consider all applications for pensions of parties not already on the pension list. Applicants must attend in person, or send a physician's certificate of disability.

H W. CAPPEY, Chairman.

COLUMBUS GA., Aug. 24, 1872.

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—Dear Doctor: We gave your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) to our little grand child with the happiest results. The effects were almost magical, and certainly more satisfactory than from anything we ever used. Yours very truly,

JOSEPH S. KEY,
Pastor of St. Paul Church.
(Now Bishop Southern Methodist Church.)

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Sunday-School Convention.

The Sunday-school Convention met with Union Grove church, Sunday, June 30, 1901. Devotion services were conducted by Bro. Ed Honeycutt. Rev. Greene made some very good remarks on the first subject—"Object of the Sunday-school." There being so many absent that were on the program and the time being spent for the next two subjects, by a vote of the convention, they were passed. Next were recitations by Misses Anna Lee Lowery, Mattie Patton, Liza and Emma Lowery and Mr. Charlie Middlebrooks. The pieces recited were "An Old Man's Story," "Heaven is not reached by a single bound," "Evil influence of mother and sister," "How far from the Grave," "Charley Cousin, the Christian Drummer Boy." All were recited with feeling. The next subject on the program was then taken up and discussed by Bro. Greene—"Christian Education."

It being the noon hour the convention adjourned to meet at one o'clock. Bountiful refreshments were served and after feasting on the good things the good people had prepared, all returned to the church and after singing and prayer, Miss Susie Conway recited "Married to a drunkard," and little Pearl Mitchell recited "What the Sunday-school is for" in an impressive way. By request Misses Mattie Patton and Anna Lee Lowery recited "A free seat," and "Tommy's prayer." Who should attend Sunday-school was ably discussed by C. N. Northcutt, Archie Glass and Prof. Riddle. Miss Nerva Glass recited "Guilty or not guilty" with feeling. Rev. Honeycutt made a very impressive talk on what kind of music to use in the Sunday-school.

Results of the Sunday-school work was freely discussed by Bro. L. H. Reynolds. Master Bob. Armstrong recited a temperence piece which was enjoyed by all. The program was interspersed with music throughout the day led by Bro. Bunion Northcutt. The convention joined heartily in singing "God be with you till we meet again," and adjourned to meet at Rockymount church the fifth Sunday in September.

The convention was well entertained at Union Grove and we hope to visit there again.

LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Notice To Wheelmen.

There's positively no need to endure discomfort by reason of chafing, unburn, insect stings, sore and perspiring feet or accidental bruises. You forget these troubles in using Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Infallible for Pimples, Blotches, Skin Eruptions and Piles. Sold by Clanton drug co, 25 cents.

Hearsay Evidence.

Judge (to witness) let me remind you that your evidence in this court is given upon oath, so that you will only be allowed to state what you know from your own observation and not what other people have told you. "In the first place, you are a medical practitioner?

Witness—I cannot say that I am, my lord. I only know it from hearsay. I have had no patients yet.

The Skate Fish.

The ray, or skate fish, has a mouth set transversely across its head, the jaws working with a rolling motion like two hands set back to back. In the jaws are three rows of flat teeth set like a mosaic pavement, and between these rolling jaws the fish crushes oysters and other molluscs like so many nuts.

It's your own fault if you use old-fashioned, greasy salves and liniments that soil your clothing and offend your olfactories, when you can get that very pleasant and stainless liquid, Dr. Tichenors Antiseptic. It heals Cuts, Burns, etc., quicker and with less suffering than anything. Only 50 cts. at druggists and they like to sell it.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

Health, reputation and money are three things that everybody should be very careful with.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Foshee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3. What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Foshee.

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. Mims
S. Pate } Committee.
R. A. Rasco

THE DOMESTIC CAT.

The prominent attention lately bestowed upon the domestic cat by fashionable society, and the great success of several cat shows, have induced Mr. John E. Diehl, the well known authority on domestic animals, to prepare a handy little volume under the above title. It carefully describes the different breeds and varieties, and states how to keep and rear cats; how to recognize their various diseases and how to treat them. The publishers' price for the book is 50 cents, but the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. 3rd St., Phiadelphia, Pa., will mail a copy of it on receipt of 25 cents to any subscriber of this paper.

Sliding to Happiness.

Old Lady—And so you expect to get married when you grow up?

Little Girl—Of course. Everybody gets married. I won't say "no" like Aunt Lucy did and be an old maid. No, indeed.

"Perhaps you won't like those who ask you."

"Oh, yes, I will. I feel sure that when a real nice little boy—I mean man—comes to ask me to get married I'll be so happy I won't wait to run down stairs to meet him. I'll just slide down the bainsters."

Useful Cement.

A useful cement for mending earthen or stone jars, stopping leaks in the seams of tin pans or iron kettles or tightening loose joints of iron or wood is made by mixing litharge and glycerin to a thick cream. This will resist acids, heat and cold if the article is not used until the cement has hardened.

The Bill All Right.

"My dear sir, it strikes me that this is a pretty round bill."

"Yes, I have sent it around often enough to make it appear so, and now I hope to get it squared."—Baltimore Jewish Comment.

In its native habitat the shell of the oyster is always a little open, and microscopic waving hairs set up currents which carry the food plants to its mouth, where they are engulfed and afterward digested.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the country will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $5.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

If your bicycle becomes frightened and relieves itself of your avoirdupois, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic immediately—not to the bicycle—but to that part of your anatomy most feelingly affected by the law of gravitation. You'll be delighted with the result of the application. Keep a bottle in your "kit" for personal repairs. Only 50 cts. at drug stores.

WANTED—In every section of of the country, men, women, boys and girls, to introduce my household specialty. Sells at sight to nine men out of ten. Requires no talk. Explains itself and is an absolute necessity. If you want a nice little clean paying business, send at once for an outfit, with full size sample, and you can commence taking orders at once. Sample and outfit sent postpaid for 25 cents in currency, to be deducted from first order. Please mention this paper. Address, T. R. CAMPBELL & CO. Danville, Va.

Assessment Book 1901.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

Notice is hereby given that the Book of Assessments for Chilton county for 1901 is now completed and on file in this office ready for inspection, and that the Court of County Commissioners will be in session on the second Monday in July, 1901, for the purpose of correcting any errors in said book.

This 18th day of June, 1901.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

District Meeting

The Second District Meeting of the Weogufka Baptist Association will be held with Bethany Baptist church, on Friday before the first Sunday in August.

11 a.m. Introductory sermon, J. A. Davis.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What is the duty of the deacon to the church? Opened by Bro. R. H. Vickers and others.

2. Was the command given to the church to preach the gospel to all nations? If so, has it any right to give its right to a portion of men. Opened by Bro. W. S. Cox and others.

3. What is the duty of a pastor to the church, and what is the duty of the church to the pastor? Opened by Bro. Charles Lowery.

I. N. VINSON, Church Clerk.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 484—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $3 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

PUBLIC SALE.

The Rollins & Davis Ginnery near Energy, Ala., will be sold for cash, on the premises, on

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1901

This plant consists of one two-story Gin House, one Store House, one Adams 10 Horse Power Engine and Boiler, one Nance Cotton Press, one 50-saw Gin, Feeder and Condenser, one three ton Wagon Scale, all Belting, Pulleys, Shafting, etc., to make a complete running outfit, and all now in place ready for use where it has had a good patronage for past five years; also the lot of about two acres upon which the above named is located; this lot has a good spring which furnishes at all times a full and lasting supply of water.

The above named property is on the Montgomery and Tuscaloosa dirt road, seven miles west of Verbena, five miles south-west of Cooper, seven miles south of Clanton.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. R. S. McCary
4. D. F. Jacks
5. W. H. Thomas.
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coburn
8. John P. Parnell
9. D. N. Riggins.

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA,

When it is considered that 25,000 patents are issued annually by the United States—nearly four times as many as all the balance of the world—it is not surprising that she should lead all other nations in labor-saving and expediting machinery, thus placing her in the forefront of all material productions.

Sir Robert Griffin, comforting the gloomy Britons, bids them consider that their annual war bill of $300,000,000 comes out of an aggregate income of $7,500,000,000, while Germany, France and Russia are together spending $540,000,000 for war purposes out of the much smaller annual income of about $5,000,000,000.

According to the census of 1900 there are 152 persons to a square mile in New York and 102 to a square mile in Ohio. The Ohio average if spread over the Republic would raise the population of the United States to 400,000,000. If we could reach the Chinese standards of economy, industry and temperance the United States could support on its 1,800,000,000 acres a population of 3,600,000,000.

Census statistics of coke manufacture for 1899 indicate a product valued at $35,585,445, with by-products amounting to $952,027. In 1899 the coke product of the United States was worth $16,498,345, and the by-products $3891. These figures demonstrate impressively the tremendous development of American iron manufacture within the past decade. In 1890 over 92 percent of the coke produced was consumed in blast furnaces, and the figures for 1900 (not yet available) will show, it is confidently anticipated, an even large proportion of use for this purpose.

So lax is the enforcement of some of our own municipal laws and ordinances that it is of some interest to observe the Englishman in London making similar complaint as to the smoke nuisance. It is pointed out that though the sanitary authorities have ample power to prevent the smoke nuisance, no action has yet been taken. The smoke nuisance is held responsible for much of the gloomy and foggy conditions so common in London, and it is asserted that the nuisance is "rapidly becoming a menace to health as well as to the appearance of the metropolis." The evil has become so great and the public authorities have been so lax in dealing with it that now a private society has taken upon itself to attempt to abate the nuisance.

The great "strikes" of oil in Texas have led to a rapid extension of its use for fuel as a substitue for coal. Among the advantages claimed for it are economy, cleanliness and convenience. "The expense of stoking is practically abolished," says the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "for the oil is automatically pumped into the furnaces when needed; it produces the greatest heat, and the cost is materially less than wood, coal or any other product that has heretofore been in use." No difficulty is experienced in changing the furnaces and engines to adapt them to oil. Although the proximity of the Texas oil wells to the ocean gives them a decided advantage in the export trade, the domestic use of their product as fuel will add greatly to its value, while stimulating manufacturers in that section.

The archaeologists, digging among the libraries of Asia, came across the inventory of Croesus and found that that miserable fraud of a millionaire, who has been arousing the envy of generation after generation for thousands of years, was worth only $9,000,000,' declared Senator Depew in a speech recently delivered in Brooklyn. Caesar, with the loot of all the world, managed to get together enough at one time to pay an indebtedness to people who did not dare to deny his demands of $21,000,000. Fifty years ago there was not a man in the world worth $50,000,000; there was only one man in the United States worth $5,000,000. A $100,000 was counted a fortune on which to retire, and $500,000 was thought to be the mark of a supremely rich man. Today, in Pittsburg, which is one of our minor cities, are 70 men worth over a $1,000,000 apiece. When Commodore Vanderbilt died in 1876 his fortune of a $100,000,000 had passed the mark never before reached, while now there are in our country several who are worth between $200,000,00 and $400,000,000, and a large number who have reached the $100,000,000 limit.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Twenty-Ninth Day.

Sheriffs Again Discussed—Resolution to Move Capital From Montgomery to Birmingham.

One hundred and thirty-one delegates attended the morning session today.

Mr. Hodges offered an ordinance to authorize the legislature to charter savings banks.

Mr. Jones offered a resolution to prevent amendments being proposed to the articles of the constitution when such amendments could be enacted into laws by the legislature.

Hon. Tom Long caused great laughter by introducing a resolution to remove the capital from Montgomery to Birmingham. The Montgomery papers have been "roasting" him about his fealty to party platform and he wants to get even.

Mr. Thompson offered an ordinance to provide for a tax on collateral inheritance of 2½ per cent on each $100, to be applied to public schools.

Governor Jones then moved to reconsider section 31 of the article on executive, which provides that the legislature shall provide for the family of any sheriff, deputy or member of a posse killed or disabled while defending a prisoner. The discussion occupied all the morning and went over until afternoon when only 105 delegates attended. The measure was finally defeated

Thirtieth Day.

Discussion Only—Invited to Monte Sano—Purchase of West Florida is Recommended.

The morning session today was attended by 141 delegates.

Another effort was made to provide for families of officers killed while defending pr soners, by giving the right of action for damages against the county. Three counties presented petitions to have the railroad commission elected by the people.

An important feature was the report of the committee on counties and county boundaries. Material changes were reported, one permitting the state to acquire additional territory as in the case of the proposed purchase of West Florida. New counties can only be created by a two-thirds vote of electors in territory to be altered.

The fertilizer tag matter was under discussion when the hour for adjournment arrived. The discussion was resumed at the afternoon session but nothing was accomplished.

The convention has been invited to adjourn in Montgomery and conclude its labors at the Hotel Monte Sano, near Huntsville. If the proposition is accepted, the delegates will be moved free of charge, furnished with a hall and given a minimum rate at the hotel.

Thirty-First Day.

A State Legislature of 105 Representatives—One Session Every Four Years—Two Tax Sections Adopted.

One hundred and forty-five delegates were present this morning and heard the report of the committee on legislative department. The principal changes proposed are:

Changing the name of the general assembly to the legislature; senators and representatives elected each four years; sessions of legislature held once in four years; the governor, auditor, treasurer and attorney-general shall prepare a revenue bill, and present it to the legislature every four years.

The committee on representation made a report that the house shall have 105 members and the senate thirty-five. It gives Jefferson ten members.

Mr. Ferguson presented a resolution congratulating Cuba upon the hopes of independence.

The committee on miscellaneous provisions made a report differing only from the present article in adding a section that the pay of state officers shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they were elected, and that a majority of each house be required to submit amendments to the constitution.

A petition was read from the sheriffs protesting against being made ineligible to succeed themselves.

Consideration of the tax ordinance was resumed, and Mr. White addressed the convention on his motion to prohibit any privilege tax in Alabama on any article of merchandise. Adjourned.

At three o'clock 137 delegates assembled for the afternoon session. Capt. White continued his address, but the matter was tabled. Sections one and two of the article on taxation were adopted. The first provides that taxes shall be levied in exact proportion to the value of property; the second that they shall not be levied by individuals or corporations.

Thirty-Second Day.

Mostly Discussion—State Debt not to be Increased—No Passes for The Newspaper Men.

Roll call showed 140 delegates of the convention in their seats this morning. The feature of the session was a resolution by Mr. Reynolds that no newspaper or representative should receive a pass from a railroad; and providing a penalty of $500 fo violating the ordinance.

The Convention then proceeded with the consideration of section three of the article on taxation and Governor Oates' amendment, which authorized the issue of $96,400 of bonds to improve the capitol and buy the remaining part of the capitol square, and to authorize the issuing of fifty year 4 per cent bonds to refund the debt of the state of $8,500,000 which falls due in 1906 This amendment limited the total amount of the state debt to $9,500,000.

The amendment was tabled while the section was adopted. The fourth section was under discussion when time for adjournment arrived. It was resumed at the afternoon session in which 119 delegates participated. The section limits the state tax rate to 65 cents on each $100. Its discussion occupied the entire afternoon, and no decision was reached prior to adjournment.

Thirty-Third Day.

Suffrage Committee Reports—Property, Poll Tax, Educational and Grandfather Provisions.

The committee on suffrage made its long expected report Saturday, which, as the clerk finished reading it, was greeted with applause. Its main features embody a temporary plan, allowing ex-soldiers and descendants to vote, and a permanent plan which goes into effect January, 1908. This embodies an educational test with an alternate property qualification of $300. A poll-tax of $1.50 must be paid and persons guilty of certain crimes are prohibited from voting. There are nineteen sections in the article. A minority report, signed by Committeemen White, Dent, Harrison and Oates, was submitted which objects to the section on qualifications.

Consideration of section 4 of the ordinance on taxation was resumed, the question being to fix the limit at seven mills. Judge Coleman addressed the convention against the proposition to reduce the tax limit, and Mr. Lowe had read letters from Governor, Jelks, Auditor Sowell and Treasurer White opposing a reduction.

Thirty-Fourth Day.

The Tax Limit Reduced to 65c. on the $100—Vote was Two to One—"Property Vote" Next.

Eighty-four delegates were present at the morning session of July 1, and 81 in the afternoon. Mr. Fletcher offered a resolution to consider the suffrage article after the article on taxation is disposed of.

The tax limit matter was then disposed of. After discussion, which continued into the afternoon, by a vote of 66 to 32 the tax limit was reduced to 65c. on $100.

Section five, relating to the "property vote" was under discussion when the convention adjourned.

The departure of the American cavalry and artillery from Pekin restores peace conditions in China as far as we are concerned. If civilization has any more burning or looting to do there it will have to do it without our help. When it was announced that our forces were about to leave Pekin the people of the district they had been policing signed a petition begging that they might be allowed to stay. Such a thing is a more legitimate source of pride to us than a victory in battle. Many nations have won battles, and the reputation of American troops as fighters cannot be affected by one trophy more or less. But it is not often in the history of the world that an invading army has been begged by the people it has subdued to stay with them. That is real glory, thinks the New York Journal.

Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, had doubtless been brought to realize that a swift death at the hands of the executioner is not the extremest possible punishment for murder. The death penalty has been abolished in Italy, but the substitution of solitary confinement in a dark cell, without any occupation or opportunity to obtain sight of a human face or hear a human voice, cannot be regarded as having been an act of humanity toward those found guilty of capital crimes. A form of punishment which slowly but surely drives its victims to madness and suicide is more cruelly vindictive than the brief agony of death by the rope, the axe or the electric spark, states the Philadelphia Record.

The reckless youth on the bicycle is now taking his turn at being terrorized by the danger of being run down by an automobile.

ALABAMA AND ALABAMIANS

PITHY PARAGRAPHS PICTURING PEOPLE AND PARTICULARS

FROM THE MOUNTAINS TO THE GULF.

A Murder at Warner—The Miners' Scale Re-adopted—Birmingham's New City Hall—Former Graduate Promoted—Industrial.

KILLED BY HIS FATHER-IN-LAW

Tom Mayberry was shot and mortally wounded by his father-in-law, Mr. English, at Warner mines, last Friday night. The ball entered the left side of the neck and lodged at the base of the brain. It seems that Mayberry was of violent temper, especially when drinking. He was under the influence of whisky, it is said, and went to Warner to secure his two children, who have made their home with their grandfather since their mother's death. English would not give them up and Mayberry became angry. Finally he attacked the father of his dead wife. The elder man, fearing for his life, reached for his pistol, and as his angry son-in-law advanced shot.

AGREED UPON SCALE.

There is now no fear of a strike among the iron miners. At the eleventh hour the old scale was agreed upon. The agreement will be submitted to the local miners for ratification and it is expected it will be signed on Tuesday, July 2nd. The scale is as follows: Miners to receive 45 cents a ton when the average price of all grades of iron is $9 or less per ton, with an increase of 2½ cents a ton for each 50 cents advance in the price of iron up to $11 a ton, when they shall receive 55 cents the maximum.

A NEW FACTORY.

A knitting mill will be erected in Birmingham shortly, for which a charter has already been applied. It will have a capacity of four hundred dozen pairs of hose a day, with provision to increase if the business advances. This will require a building 40x150 feet, and will furnish employment for a large number of people.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Friday afternoon Bert Tillery and Miss Bertha Huten were at a swing in Tuscaloosa when the tree to which the swing was attached was struck by lightning. By what seems a miracle they were not killed, but so shocked as to be rendered unconscious. The tree was shattered and a dog at its foot was instantly killed.

CORNER STONE LAID.

The laying of the corner stone o Birmingham's new city hall took place Saturday, June 29th, with Masonic ceremonies. On account of the inability of Governor Jelks to attend, the oration was delivered by Colonel Sumter Lea. In 1871 a cotton field was in cultivation where the city hall is now building.

A NEW PROFESSOR.

Malcolm C. Burke, of Montgomery, a graduate with highest honors in 1899, has been tendered the position by Dr. W. S. Wyman as assistant in the chair of Latin. Mr. Burke went to Harvard and made a special study of Greek and Latin for two years and cently graduated in these courses at that institution.

RATES REDUCED.

A reduction of 50 cents per ton on export iron will go into effect on July 15, and will be the cause for large increase in the export shipments of blast furnace products. At present there is but little iron shipped for export from this district.

BIRMINGHAM MAN IN LUCK.

Mr. John D. Tyson will come in for a fortune of $8,000,000, according to a story from Australia of relatives dead there. Mr. Tyson is a car repairer on the Southern, and the father of Mrs. J. M. Turnham who shot Attorney Harsh a few days since.

WATKINS WAS WINNER.

F. P. Watkins, of Birmingham, representing Howard College, won the oratorical contest at the Chautauqua at Anniston last Saturday over speakers from the University of Alabama, the Auburn Institute and the Southern University of Greensboro. Watkins won at Talladega last year. The prize is fifty dollars in gold and a trip to Mount Hagin, Tenn.

TWO MURDERERS EXECUTED.

Frank Miller, white, and Alonzo Williams, colored, were hanged in the Jefferson county jail Friday morning, June 28. The former was convicted of the murder of a Birmingham policeman on March 27, 1900; the latter of killing a fellow convict in Pratt Mines. Both died easily. Miller protested his innocence to the last and Williams admitted his guilt and died in a religious frenzy. Miller was one of the shrewdest of criminals, a noted safe-blower, and had nearly effected his escape from the walls which witnessed his death.

LAWYERS ADJOURN.

The State Bar Association adjourned Saturday after a two days' meeting at Montgomery. The election of officers resulted as follows: Edward L. Russell, president; James Weatherly, Edward DeGraffenreid, A. H. Alson, J. T. Kirk, and P. A. McDaniel, vice presidents; Secretary and treasurer, Alex Troy. A resolution was passed that any lawyer who attempts to create the impression that he can unduly influence the judge of any court in the dicision of any case is unworthy of the profession. The next meeting place was not selected.

OIL INDICATIONS.

Prominent Tennessee capitalists have taken options on the mineral and oil rights on nearly 10,000 acres of land in the northern part of Madison county. The lands, though worthless for farming purposes, are rich in iron ore and oil indications. It is the purpose of the capitalists to bore for oil within the next year. Interest is growing in the probability that oil can be found in paying quantity. A well was bored several years ago and a small quantity of oil was struck a short distance from the surface.

DEATH IN A WRECK.

A wheel under a freight car in a train on the Alabama Great Southern railroad, broke near Powderly, and caused a wreck Friday. Eight cars were piled up and wrecked. Brakeman C. M. Fuller, a white man aged 26, was on top of a car, and when the wreck occurred he was thrown under the train and crushed to death. There was not much merchandise in the train, and the loss will not be very great. Fuller leaves a wife and two children.

OFFICER RESIGNS.

Col. Henry B. Foster, commanding a regiment of the Alabama National Guard, has resigned his commission. Colonel Foster states his reason for resigning presure of personal business. Lieut. Col. A. A. Wiley will carry the regiment into camp at Eufaula, July 6, and the successor to Colonel Foster will be chosen. It then is probable that Wiley will receive the unanimous support of the regiment for promotion.

ANOTHER ALONZO WILLIAMS.

Tom Downey killed Lindsay Spradling with a pick in Coalburg mines Saturday. Both are negroes, serving fifteen months and twenty-five years respectively. Downey claims self-defense. The case is almost an exact parallel of the Alonzo Williams affair which culminated in his execution last week.

PRESIDENCY SETTLED.

Dr. Wm. Stokes Wyman was elected president of the Tuscaloosa University last Wednesday. The selection was not a surprise. It seems to be satisfactory to the faculty and students.

SEVEN GRADUATED.

The first public commencement of the Hospital Training School for Nurses at the Bryce Hospital was held June 28th. A large number were present. Dr. Searcy delivered an address in which he gave a history of the establishment of a hospital for the insane in Alabama when, through the efforts of Miss Dorothy Dix and Robert Jemison, the legislature passed a bill signed by Governor Collier in 1852. The school was established in 1895 Dr. Searcy presented certificates to seven graduates. The course is a two-year one and the best northern school methods are employed.

REVENGE SOUGHT.

About ten days ago S. J. McGowan, of Mobile, was compelled to kill a negro in self defense. Saturday Mr. McGowan was decoyed into a place of woods and an attempt to murder him was made. The sheriff went to the scene with hounds and seven negroes are under arrest. The man attacked made a plucky fight and killed one of his assailants.

WASHINGTON NE[WS]

AMONG OUR LAWMA[KERS]

NATIONAL CA[PITAL]

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S [LETTER]

Springer on Herbert's Agricultural Department—Talmates—Census Bureau—Federal Prisons [illegible]

The speech of ex-[illegible] Navy Herbert before the Bar Association was read [illegible] interest in Washington [illegible] sentative W. M. Springer [illegible] said: "The speech [illegible] uneasiness not creditable [illegible] the democrats. Herbert [illegible] outside the pale of decency [illegible] 1896. He supported McKinley like many others, and [illegible] portunity to go into the party. Now a free lance [illegible] ford to speak what he thinks [illegible] sider his speech the keynote [illegible] organization of a new party [illegible] South. The movement [illegible] state constitutions so that [illegible] gro will be eliminated [illegible] is reponsible for such [illegible] republicans will gain [illegible] elimination of the negro [illegible] democrats. Intelligent [illegible] dominate and govern. [illegible] has a law to regulate [illegible] southern states are not [illegible] and nothing is thought of [illegible] lieve McKinley understands [illegible] tion and is therefore simply [illegible] the work of these state [illegible] conventions."

Secretary Wilson says [illegible] country sells $30,000,000 [illegible] tobacco and buys $13,000,000 [illegible] priced varieties. We have [illegible] ing $8,000,000 for filler [illegible] mostly Cuban. We hope [illegible] of the filler tobacco produced [illegible] United States. For some [illegible] varieties we may have [illegible] tropics, but it is only a [illegible] time when the United States [illegible] produce all the tobacco [illegible]

The census bureau issues [illegible] bulletin showing that there are [illegible] 222 persons of school age [illegible] Of these 392,619 are white [illegible] are colored, with a few hundred [illegible] namen, etc. There are [illegible] and 365,465 females of [illegible] There are 328,949 males [illegible] age in Alabama. Males of [illegible] 415,862.

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L. A. Hawkes, [illegible] Moundsville, W. Va. [illegible] the first warden of the [illegible] prison at Atlanta. The [illegible] eral recommended Hawkes [illegible] papers were sent immediately [illegible] president. Senators Scott [illegible] kins, of West Virginia, [illegible] pointment.

It has been decided to [illegible] Louis World's Fair [illegible] Park.

A report to the state [illegible] from Mr. Russell, United [illegible] charge at Caracas, [illegible] port of the arbitary [illegible] Castro, the acting president [illegible] judge of the court in the [illegible] Curapano, which acted [illegible] the asphalt controversy. [illegible] however, the chief justice [illegible] preme court, which is [illegible] dicate these cases.

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Major Gen. Wm. R. [illegible] placed on the retired list [illegible] day and was succeeded [illegible] mand of the department [illegible] by Gen. S. M. B. Young.

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BILL ARP'S LETTE[R]

Prevalence of Suicide Astounds Bartow Philosopher.

INDICATES MANY DISEASED MIND[S]

[illegible] Suggests Various Schemes [illegible] Recreation to Divert One's Thoughts From Self Murder.

The increasing prevalence of suicide indicates an unhealthy condition of mind and body and I have thought that if the man would quit thinking about his troubles and go to chopping wood or digging in the garden, or even go hunting and get up a good circulation he would feel better and conclude to live on a while longer. The body affects the mind and when the blood gets thick and sluggish and the secretions become stagnant the mind gets diseased and morbid and the notions are out of tune and the man actually believes he would be happier and more at peace in death. It is strange that a man of education or refinement would entertain such an unreasonable hope. What did the school master of Bethan accomplish by killing McNeil and himself? Where is the school teacher now? When two states fight a duel and both are whipped how do their spirits meet in the other world? Do they shake hands after the fight, for, of course, they are in heaven! What does the young man accomplish by killing his sweetheart and then himself? Are they then forever separated? What does anybody gain by suicide? An exchange says: "Is it not better to bear the ills we have than fly to others we know not of?" Why not run from yourself? Run to the woods, keep on running—jump the creeks, swim the rivers, get wet and cold—work in the garden, dig up the wood, mount a horse and ride furiously—anything to divert the mind from its train of thought. My good old father was afflicted with rheumatism and when he had an acute, agonizing pains coming he would rouse up and limp away to the farm, and would work faster and faster as the pains increased and would actually make himself ashamed and they would leave him for a day or two. To keep the body in a good, normal condition, the mind must be exercised. Sedentary occupations are not healthy for men. Even women should fly around the house with a broom or wash the windows occasionally, or dig among the flowers. It will not do for them to sit down all the time. I am sorry for the unmarried girls who have to run the machine all the day long and get no healthy exercise except for the annoyances. When they get married and the babies come along they are safe, for the little children give them diversion enough. A mother with a babe in her arms never thinks of suicide. Even if her husband is a brute to her or is a drunkard, she will live on and on for the sake of the babe. We note that most of the suicides occur among the young men. Many are caused from intemperance or disappointed love or failure to make money fast, or being caught in embezzlement (alias stealing). Othello killed himself because he found out that he had wrongfully killed his wife, and Shakespeare says "he was great of heart." I reckon he was, considering that he was a Moor and did not believe in hereafter. It was the best thing he did, the most heroic thing that he could do. It was the very intensity of manhood and repentance and has no parallel in modern suicides, for most all of them are selfish or revengeful. It was like the Harikiri of Saul, or of the ancient generals when defeated in battle.

The most alarming feature about the suicides of our young men is the notion that they are not believers in the Christian religion. No sane man would take his own life if he believes in heaven and hell and a future state of rewards and punishments. He will be afraid to. The influence of modern infidelity on the youthful mind has much to do with it, for a great deal of it is mixed with atheism and infidelity. Even some of the standard writers, as Byron and Disraeli, had left their baneful impression. The latter threw a dark shadow over life and says that "youth is a blunder, manhood a struggle and old age a regret."

It is not far better to take a more cheerful view of life and say, like the poet, Horace Smith:

"The world is very lovely! Oh, my God,
How I thank thee that I live."

Or to say like Longfellow—

"Life is real—life is earnest,
And the grave is not its goal."

It is easy to diagnose a poet's temperament or a philosopher's by his writings—some are gloomy and some are bright and cheerful. I was ruminating about these young men who have just graduated at my alma mater and the other home colleges, and wondering how many of them would prove a success in life and twenty years hence exclaim, with the poet, "Oh, God, I thank Thee that I live." Twenty-four years ago I was at Athens, and the class of '47, and of the forty-two then living there are now but half a dozen left. Many of them lived and died and made no signs. Some of them were trouble and some made good citizens, good husbands and fathers; and

WASHINGTON NEWS

AMONG OUR LAWMAKERS

NATIONAL CAPITAL

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY

Springer on Herbert's Speech—Agricultural Department—Reciprocitarians—Census Statistics—Federal Prison Warden.

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But I forbear. It is sweet and it's sad to recall the memories of '45, '46 and '47, and I would have felt lost and lonely in Athens. It was a college then. It is a great university now, and many changes have come over it, and we old veterans have to keep up with the procession whether we like the modern methods or not. They have got intercollegiate baseball in the curriculum now and I reckon it is to keep the boys from committing suicide. It diverts their minds from the strain of trigonometry and calculus and conic sections. Progress is the order of the day in colleges as in everything else. One hundred and fifty years ago old Dr. Johnson said to Boswell, "In our great schools there is less flogging than formerly. Consequently, less is learned there. So what the boys get at one end they lose at the other." Now there is no flogging anywhere, and the teachers and professors are thankful if they escape it from the boys.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

"The Yankee Peril" continues in Europe. Almost the whole press, from the Balkans to Sweden and Scotland, is printing articles betraying alarm over the industrial and financial menace of the United States. In the meantime, the exports from the United States continue to increase, and by the end of the fiscal year promise to reach the unprecedented sum of $1,500,000,000 in value. For the 12 months ending with February, the figures were $1,430,194,985. The excess of exports over imports shows an even greater increase, being $492,234,904 for the eight months ending with February, against $304,219,807 in the same months of the preceding year. It is estimated that the exports for eights months of 1901 will reach $1,012,185,374, against $522,960,380 for imports. In other words, the American people will sell to foreigners nearly thrice as much as they will buy.

The supreme court of Massachusetts decided the other day that the use of voting machines at elections is not illegal and there is a good prospect of their early adoption by the cities and towns of the state.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

A new method of blasting without report or shock has been devised. It consists of first charging the holes on the line of the cleavage of the rock with steam to heat it; then introducing a charge of liquid air to suddenly chill it. The sudden contraction of the rock by the liquid air makes it brittle and easy to remove.

The belief that the diamond is produced in the "blue ground" rock of South Africa is probably a mistaken one, according to Professor Bonney. He has carefully examined some blue-ground bowlders containing diamonds and found them water-worn, and composed of garnetiferous rock. Two of the specimens showed the diamond apparently embedded in the garnet, which leads the Professor to call attention to the very close relation that evidently exists between the two stones. The Professor concluded that the diamond does not originate in the blue ground, but is there as a derivative of older rocks.

Migrations of rats have been known, also of squirrels, the latter moving over the country in thousands. Many fishes are affected by reasons of activity. The writer once witnessed on the Maine coast the arrival of a devastating horde of dog fishes or small sharks two or three feet in length. The day previous not one was seen, but suddenly they appeared like an army. The cod and haddock fishing of the locality was completely ruined by the voracious throng, and the fishermen began to fish for the small sharks, which were converted into dressing for farms, while the livers were made into

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Aluminum, or aluminium, as it is more properly called, has not been used in the manufacturers long enough for its qualities to be generally known, and metal workers frequently ask about its strength. Under transverse strain it is not very rigid, but it will bend nearly double without breaking. Its tensile strength is greatly increased by forging and pressing at a temperature of 600 degrees Fahrenheit and if alloyed with nickel it is much stronger than when pure. Cast aluminium is about equal in strength to cast iron in tension, but in resisting compression it is comparatively weak.

Consul Nelson of Bergen is the author of a report that a Copenhagen chemist, after experimenting for several years, has invented a cheap substitute for rubber, which he calls "solicum." It is produced from asphalt, and can be used for the manufacture of linoleum, rubbers, insulators, etc. It is also claimed that the material can be used as a paint, in all colors, and that it is absolutely waterproof. The immense value which a cheap and good substitute for rubber would have has led to a great number of experiments during recent years with various substances, none of which, however, up to date, have shaken the pre-eminent position which rubber holds as an insulator and waterproofer.

In the report of the director of the Peabody museum of Harvard university—Prof. Putnam—there is a paragraph on the famous Calaveras skull, which is now in the possession of the museum. Prof. Putnam spent a week in a careful study of the site where the skull was found and reports that he is at this time only prepared to state that after a careful sifting and cross-questioning of all the stories told at Angel's Camp as to the finding of the skull, he has come to the conclusion that these stories "are not worthy of consideration as evidence." Samples of the materials from the shaft of the Mattison mine were brought to Cambridge for study. Mining work in the auriferous gravels of Tuolumine county has recently been again undertaken and fragments of implements and bones have been found, it is said. It is likely that more evidence on the antiquity of man in California will soon be forthcoming.

Trolley Influence Overcome.

At a magnetic observatory at Parc Saint Maur a successful method of compensating for the influence of a trolley line about two miles distant has been worked out. This modification of the usual instruments is of great importance as it has been evident for some time past that the accuracy of the recording magnetic instruments are quite simple, and, it is asserted, permit of the most sensitive indications of the earth's magnetic field.

The foreign disturbances are suppressed by the use of bar magnets placed below the suspended instrument needles by the weghting of the needles and by a copper damper placed close to the face of each needle. Minute changes in the earth's magnetism are as faithfully recorded on the modified instrument as on one of normal form, while the influences of the industrial currents are very materially reduced.

The Honest Watchman.

The owner of a factory found his night watchman asleep while upon duty and discharged him on the spot. The man returned next day and asked to be appointed day watchman at a salary of $10 a week.

"But I do not require a day watchman," said the factory owner, "and why should I pay you $10 a week for doing nothing?"

"Well," replied the former watchman, "I just think you're getting mighty stingy all of a sudden. You used to pay me $20 a week for doing nothing."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Importance of Promptness—Lost Opportunities—Victory Over Obstacles—Benefits of Having to Struggle Hard For a Living.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—From a passage of Scripture unobserved by most readers Dr. Talmage in this discourse shows the importance of prompt action in anything we have to do for ourselves or others; text, Ecclesiastes xi. 4, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow."

What do you find in this packed sentence of Solomon's monologue? I find in it a farmer at his front door examining the weather. It is seedtime. His fields have been plowed and harrowed. The wheat is in the barn in sacks, ready to be taken afield and scattered. Now is the time to sow. But the wind is not favorable. It may blow up a storm before night, and he may get wet if he starts out for the sowing. Or it may be a long storm that will wash out the seed from the soil. Or there may have been a long drought, and the wind may continue to blow dry weather. The parched fields may not take in the grain, and the birds may pick it up, and the labor as well as the seed may be wasted. So he gives up the work for that day and goes back into the house and waits to see what it will be on the morrow. On the morrow the wind is still in the wrong direction, and for a whole week, and for a month. Did you ever see such a long spell of bad weather? The lethargic and overcautious and dilatory agriculturist allows the season to pass without sowing, and no sowing, of course no harvest. That is what Solomon means when he says in my text, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow."

As much in our times as in Solomonic times there is abroad a fatal hesitancy—a disposition to let little things stop us—a ruinous adjournment. We all want to do some good in the world, but how easily we are halted in our endeavors. Perhaps we are solicitors for some great charity. There is a good man who has large means, and he is accustomed to give liberally to asylums, to hospitals, to reform organizations, to schools, to churches, to communities desolated with flood or devastated with fires. But that good man, like many a good man, is mercurial in his temperament. He is depressed by atmospheric changes. He is always victimized by the east wind. For this or that reason you postpone the charitable solicitation. Meanwhile the suffering that you wish to alleviate does its awful work, and the opportunity for relief is past. If the wind had been from the west or northwest, you would have entered the philanthropist's counting room and sought the gift, but the wind was blowing from the east or northeast and you did not make the attempt, and you thoroughly illustrated my text, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow."

There comes a dark Sabbath morning. The pastor looks out of the window and sees the clouds gather and then discharge their burdens of rain. Instead of a full church it will be a handful of people with wet feet and the dripping umbrella at the doorway or in the end of the pew. The pastor has prepared one of his best sermons. It has cost him great research, and he has been much in prayer while preparing it. He puts the sermon aside for a clear day and talks platitudes and goes home quite depressed, but at the same time feeling that he has done his duty. He did not realize that in that small audience there were at least two persons who ought to have had better treatment. One of those hearers was a man in crisis of struggle with evil appetite. A carefully prepared sermon under the divine blessing might have been to him complete victory, the fires of sin would have been extinguished, and his keen and brilliant mind would have been consecrated at the gospel ministry, and he would have been a mighty evangel, and tens of thousands of souls would have under the spell of his Christian eloquence given up sin and started a new life, and throughout all the heavens there would have been congratulation and hosanna, and after many ages of eternity had passed there would be celebration among the ransomed of what was accomplished one stormy Sunday in a church on earth under a mighty gospel sermon delivered to fifteen or twenty people. But the crisis I speak of was not properly met. The man in struggle with evil habit heard that stormy day no word that moved him. He went out in the rain uninvited and unhelped back to his evil way and won to his overthrow. Had it been a sunshiny Sabbath he would have heard something worth hearing. But the wind blew from a stormy direction that Sabbath day. That gospel husbandman noticed it and acted upon its suggestion and may discover some day his great mistake. He had a sackful of the finest of the wheat, but he withheld it, and some day he will find when the whole story is told, that he was a vivid illustration of the truth of my text, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow."

There was another person in that stormy Sunday audience that deserved something better from that pastor than extemporized nothingness. It was a mother who was half awakened to a sense of responsibility in regard to her household. She had begun to question herself as to whether it would not be better to introduce into her home a religion that would decide aright the destiny of her sons and daughters. Her home had so far been controlled only by worldly principles. She had dared the riot of the elements that morning and had found her way to church, hoping to hear something that would help her to decide the domestic question which was to her a solicitude. A good, strong sermon under the divine blessing would have led her into the kingdom of God and afterward her whole family. The children, whether they became farmers or mechanics or merchants or artists or men of learned profession or women at the head of households, would have done their work in a Christian way, and after lives of usefulness on earth would have taken thrones in heaven. It would have been a whole family saved for time and saved for eternity. But the pastor had adjourned the strong and effective discourse to a clear Sunday. The mother went home chilled in body, mind and soul and concluded not to trouble herself or her household about the future, and to let to-morrow take care of itself and keep on doing as they had been doing. No formation of thorough Christian character in the lives of those growing up boys and girls. They will go out into the world to meet its vicissitudes without any sublime re-enforcement of the gospel. What a pity it was that he did not put down the manuscript of his well prepared sermon on the Bible if he preached from notes or pour it out of his soul if he had lodged it there through careful preparation! No. He allowed that opportunity, which could never return, to pass into eternity unimproved. He observed by the way the rain dashed against the windows of the parsonage and the windows of the church that the wind was from the east or the northeast, and he did not sow or sowed that which was not worth sowing.

In all departments of life there are those hindered by the wind of public opinion. It has become an aphorism in politics and in all great movements, "He is waiting to see which way the wind blows." And it is no easy thing to defy public opinion, to be run upon by newspapers, to be overhauled in social circles, to be anathematized by those who heretofore were your friends and admirers. It requires a heroism which few possess. Yet no great reformatory or elevating movement has ever been accomplished until some one was willing to defy what the world should think or say or do. But there have been men and women of that kind. They stand all up and down the corridors of history, examples for us to follow. Charles Sumner in the United States Senate, Alexander H. Stephens in Georgia convention, Savonarola staking his life in time of persecution, Martin Luther fighting the battle for religious freedom against the mightiest anathemas that were ever hurled, William Carey leading the missionary movement to save a heathen world while churches denounced him as a fanatic and with attempting an impossibility, Jenner, the hero of medicine, caricatured for his attempt by vaccination to beat back the worst disease that smote the nations. They who watch the wind of public opinion will not sow. It is an uncertain indication, and is apt to blow the wrong way.

"Let us have war with England, if needs be," said the most of the people of our Northern States in 1861, when Mason and Slidell, the distinguished Southerners, had been taken by our navy from the British steamer Trent, and the English Government resented the act of our Government in stopping one of their ships. "Give up those prisoners," said Great Britain. "No," said the almost unanimous opinion of the North, "do not give them up. Let us have war with England rather than surrender them." Then William H. Seward, Secretary of State, faced one of the fiercest storms of public opinion ever seen in this or any other country. Seeing that the retention of these two men was of no importance to our country and that their retention would put Great Britain and the United States into immediate conflict, said, "We give them up." They were given up, and through the resistance of popular clamor by that one man a world-wide calamity was averted.

How many there are who give too much time to watching the weather vane and studying the barometer! Make up your mind what you are going to do and then go ahead and do it. There always will be hindrances. It is a moral disaster if you allow prudence to overmaster all the other graces. The Bible makes more of courage and faith and perseverance than it does of caution. It is not once a year that the great ocean steamers fail to sail at the appointed time because of the storm signals. Let the weather bureau prophesy what hurricane or cyclone it may, next Wednesday, next Thursday, next Saturday the steamers will put out from New York and Philadelphia and Boston harbors and will reach Liverpool and Southampton and Glasgow and Bremen, their arrival as certain as their embarkation. They cannot afford to consult the wind, nor can you in your life voyage.

Young men, you have planned what you are going to be and do in the world, but you are waiting for circumstances to become more favorable. You are, like the farmer in the text, observing the wind. Better start now. Obstacles will help you if you conquer them. Cut your way through. Peter Cooper, the millionaire philanthropist, who will bless all succeeding centuries with the institution he founded, worked five years for $25 a year and his board. Henry Wilson, the Christian statesman who commanded the United States Senate with the gavel of the Vice-Presidency, wrote of his early days: "Want sat by my cradle. I know what it is to ask a mother for bread when she has none to give. I left my home at ten years of age and served an apprenticeship of eleven years, receiving a month's schooling each year and at the end of eleven years of hard work a yoke of oxen and six sheep, which brought me $84. In the first month after I was twenty-one years of age I went into the woods, drove a team and cut mill logs. I arose in the morning before daylight and worked hard till after dark, and received the magnificent sum of $8 for the month's work. Each of these dollars looked as large to me as the moon looks to-night." Wonderful Henry Wilson! But that was not his original name. He changed his name because he did not want on him the blight of a drunken father. As the Vice-President stood in my pulpit in Brooklyn, making the last address he ever made and commended the religion of Christ to the young men of that city, I thought to myself, "You yourself are the sublimest spectacle I ever say of victory over obstacles." For thirty years the wind blew the wrong way, yet he did not observe the wind, but kept right on sowing.

Just call over the names of the men and women who have done most for our poor old world, and you will call the names of those who had mobs after them. They were shunned by the elite; they were cartooned by the satirists; they lived on food which you and I would not throw to a kennel.

Many of us who are now preachers of the gospel, or medical practitioners, or members of the bar, or merchants, or citizens in various kind of business had very poor opportunity at the start because we had it too easy—far too easy.

If it were proper to do so, and you should stand in any board of bank directors, in any board of trade, in any Legislature, State or national, and ask all who were brought up in luxury and ease to lift their hand, here and there a hand might be lifted, but ask all those who had an awful hard time at the start to lift their hands, and most of the hands would be lifted.

Columbus, by calculation, made up his mind that there must be a new hemisphere somewhere to balance the old hemisphere or it would be a lop-sided world. And I have found out, not by calculation, but by observation, that there is a great success for you somewhere to balance your great struggle. Do not think your case is peculiar. The most favored have been pelted. The mobs smashed the windows of the Duke of Wellington while his wife lay dead in the house.

But my subject takes another step. Through medical science, and dentistry that has improved the world's mastication, and stronger defense against climatic changes, and better understanding of the laws of health, human life has been greatly prolonged. But a centenarian is still a wonder. How many people do you know a hundred years old? I do not know one. We talk of a century as though it were a very long reach of time. But what is one century on earth compared with centuries that we are to live somewhere, somehow—ten centuries, a million centuries, a quintillion of centuries? We are all determined to get ready for the longer life we are to live after our exit from things sublunary. We are waiting for more propitious opportunity. We have too much business to attend to now or too much pleasure to allow anything to interfere with its brilliant progress. We are waiting until the wind blows in the right direction. We are going to sow, and sow the very best grain, and we are going to raise an eternal harvest of happiness. We like what you say about heaven, and we are going there, and at the right time we will get ready, but my lungs are sound, my digestion is good, the examining physician of the life insurance company says my heart beats just the right number of times a minute, and I am cautious about sitting in a draft, and I observe all the laws of hygiene, and my father and mother lived to be very old, and I come of a long-lived family.

So we adjourn and postpone until, like the farmer suggested by my text, we allow the seedtime to pass and sudden pneumonia or a reckless bicycle or an ungoverned automobile puts us out of life with all its magnificent opportunities of deciding aright the question of everlasting residence. A Spanish proverb says, "The road of By and By leads to the town of Never."

Whether in your life it is a scute wind or a north wind, a west wind or an east wind that is now blowing, do you not feel like saying: "This whole subject I now decide. Lord God, through Thy Son Jesus Christ, my Saviour, I am Thine forever. I throw myself, reckless of everything else, into the fathomless ocean of Thy mercy."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JULY 7

Subject: God, the Creator of All Things. Gen. i., 1 to ii., 3—Golden Text, Gen. i., 1—Memory Verses, 26-27—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "In the beginning." The discoveries of geology prove the globe to have existed at an indefinitely remote period before the creation of man, that is, long before the six days' work so distinctly described. It has been supposed by some that "in the beginning" was the commencement of the first day, and of course only about 6000 years ago. But no phrase could be more indefinite as to time. It means "in former duration," "of old." "God." The Bible does not undertake to prove the existence of God, but at the very outset His existence is assumed as a fact. "Created." The primary sense of the word is that of the divine act of absolute creation out of nothing. Rom. 4: 17. Heb. 11: 3.

2. "The earth was waste and void" (R. V.) There was confusion and disorder. The history of creation is confined simply to the first two verses. The apparent conflict of this chapter with geology has arisen from the mistake of supposing it to be a narrative of creation, when all but the first two verses is an account of the adaptation of the created material of the earth as an abode for man. "Moved." God proceeded to bring order out of the matter that was existing in a chaotic state.

3. "Let there be light." Nothing can be conceived more dignified than this form of expression. It shows God's authority and power.

5. "The first day." There has always been much discussion as to whether the days referred to in this chapter were twenty-four-hour days or indefinite periods. Certainly the first three days could not have been natural days, for the sun had not yet appeared. The term "day" is frequently used to designate periods of indefinite time (see 2 Pet. 3: 8; Luke 19: 42), but these days were probably the same length as our days at the present time.

6. "Firmament." Expanse; properly something beaten out. The space above the earth.

10. "Earth—seas." By this separation both were rendered useful. The earth was prepared for the numerous living creatures. It requires this great surface of water "to yield a sufficiency of vapors for the purpose of cooling the atmosphere and watering the earth." "God saw that it was good." This was the judgment which God pronounced upon His own works. This clause is often added to show that all the disorders, evil and hurtful qualities that are now in creation, are not to be charged to God, but to man's sin, which hath corrupted their nature and perverted their use.

11. "Bring forth grass," etc. In these general expressions we are to understand that all kinds of vegetable productions are included. Thus, before God formed any living creature to abide upon the earth, He wisely provided for its sustenance, "Whose seed is in itself." Either in the root, or branch, or bud, or fruit; which is sufficient in itself for the propagation of its kind.

16. "God made two great lights." The moon is referred to as a great light merely because it appears great to those on the earth.

26. "Let us make man." God the Father unites with the Son and Spirit. This was the last act in the work of creation. Man was "created," not "evolved from some other animal." Man was created about 6000 years ago, and in this there is perfect harmony with science, which shows that the appearance of man upon the earth is comparatively recent. "Image—likeness." It was man's soul that was made in the image of God. This image consisted of knowledge, righteousness and true holiness, or, in the words of Dr. Hannah, "Light in the understanding, rectitude in the will, sanctity in the purposes and affections." A more detailed account of the creation of man is made in the next chapter in which is made clear the distinction between body and soul, between the animal man and the spiritual man. The body was made of the dust of the earth, and this is true not only of the body of Adam, but of the bodies of all his descendants. But an absolutely perfect body without a soul would not be a man. It was only when God gave the body He had formed from the dust a living soul, formed in His own image, that the creation of man took place. The soul was not evolved, it was created. Man is the son of God.

27. "Male and female." The story of woman's creation is given in chapter 2: 21-24. Woman was created by taking a rib, or a part of the man's side, for the original word may mean either, and forming it into the woman.

28. "God blessed them." He gave them His favor, His care for their posterity and their good, so that it would be a blessing, a happiness to live. And the divine benediction is still essential to the ideal life, which is the only true life here below. "Be fruitful." The first family was founded with one husband and one wife. It was God's purpose to fill the earth with happy beings, enjoying the good things He had made. Children are a great blessing in the family. They tend to remove selfishness, to develop benevolence, patience, love, hope and self-government. "Subdue it." Bring it under cultivation. The labor of subduing the earth has stimulated invention, and is the origin and head of civil society. "Have dominion." Man has been aptly described as the creature who was to be God's representative, clothed with authority, and who should rule as visible head of the world.

29. "Have given you." The world is a divine gift to man, valuable and increasing in value, expressing God's love, teaching His truth, sustaining His life, ministering to every sense. "Every herb—for meat." In this and the ensuing verse the death of any creature does not appear in the original design of God. Man was neither to eat the flesh of brute animals, nor were these to prey upon each other. It was only after the fall that such things were at all provided for.

34. "God saw." Seeming to pause to inspect His work. "Very good." Superlatively good, perfect. Nothing could be added, or diminished; no change, alteration or modification could be made without marring God's handiwork. The creation was "good as showing God's love to His creatures, and good as the expression of His nature and character."

1. "Thus." The division of the chapter should be at verse 4. "Were finished." His work of creation was completed.

2. "Rested." Not because God was weary, but because the work planned was done. We are living in the seventh day of divine rest.

3. "Blessed the seventh day." It has been impartially demonstrated that physical law demands that we rest one day in seven.

A German governess reports that in her country history is taught on a broader basis than in the United States. Instead of studying each nation separately, the pupils learn what is happening in all parts of the civilized world during a given period. They thus comprehend more easily the close relationship of one nation to another.

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FIRECRACKERS.

How They Are Now Manufactured In the United States.

A few years ago all the firecrackers with which American boys and girls celebrated the Fourth of July were brought over from China. But Yankee ingenuity soon found a way to make its own firecrackers, and now the Chinese actually celebrate with the fireworks of the finer kinds sent over from America, says the Chicago Record.

The Chinese probably made firecrackers thousands of years ago. They were the first to discover gunpowder, and the very old books tell how the Chinese had a curious art of making "devouring fire" and causing the earth "to thunder right terribly." The discovery of powder was due to the presence of vast beds of saltpeter in the plains of China and India. Some Chinaman was camping perhaps near these beds and left some charcoal from his campfire. In some way the saltpeter and the charcoal became mixed, and the next camper who built his fire in that spot was no doubt startled by seeing the rocks blaze up furiously. It was only a step then to the addition of sulphur to this flashing powder and presently to the production of fireworks.

Firecrackers are made by hand in China, but the Yankee has invented a few simple but effective devices by means of which an American girl can make as many crackers in one day as 15 or 20 Chinamen and make them better too.

The firecracker tubes are made by rolling sheets of strawboard over a steel roll, forming a tube just the size of the intended firecracker. The fuse is of spun cotton, soaked in a mixture of starch and fine gunpowder, and is fastened into the tube by means of a packing of clay, which hardens into a firm plug.

The explosive mixture, which is of charcoal, bichromate of potash and chlorate of potash, is put into the crackers 100 at a time, and the bottom is then plugged with a bit of cork, which is rammed down hard on the powder. After being dried for a time the crackers are by girls coated with red and green and yellow paper and then braided into bunches and packed away to await the Fourth of July. Chinese firecrackers may still be had in the market, but they are generally regarded as less excellent in quality than those made in this country. But they will all pop, and that is all any boy wants.

When some people cast their bread upon the waters, they expect it to return spread with butter and jam.—Chicago News.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

In the Constitutional Convention the Committee on suffrage and elections made two reports, the only difference between the majority and minority being that embraced in the proposition of the minority to strike out the "Grandfather" clause. The minority report is made by Gen. Harrison, Gov. Oates and Messrs. White and Dent. A time for the consideration of these reports has not yet been fixed. The committee is engaged in considering the report of the committee on taxation and on Monday adopted the clause reducing the tax limit from 75 cents to 65 cents.

The Effects of Ammonia.

The effects of ammonia upon the complexion are directly the opposite to that of arsenic. The first symptom of ammonia poisoning which appears among those who work in ammonia factories is a discoloration of the skin of the nose and the forehead. This gradually extends over the face until the complexion has a stained, blotched and unsightly appearance. With people who take ammonia into their systems in smaller doses, as with their water or food, these striking symptoms do not appear so soon. The only effect of the poison that is visible for a time is a general unwholesomeness and sallowness of the complexion.

Sarcastic.

"Yes, I'm pretty well fixed," remarked the western millionaire. "I began life a barefoot boy and"—

"Of course, but is that unusual out your way?"

"Well, yes. I'm rather an exception."

"Well, well! I know it's quite common in the west for one to die with his boots on, but I didn't know you folks were born that way too."—Philadelphia Press.

PROGRAM FOR 20th CENTURY MEETING

at Macedonia on the 13 and 14, of July 1901.

FIRST DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer Meeting, conducted by Bro John Martin.

10. "Our Greatest Need, the Holy Spirit's Power" Discussed by Rev. F M. Woods 30 minutes, followed by others in 10 minutes speeches.

11. The 20th Century movement explained for ten minutes by Rev. S. M. Adams. Sermon: What God has done for the Baptists in 100 years, by F. M. Woods. Recess 12 to 1.

1:00 p. m. How to conduct a Sunday school:" forty-five minutes by Bro. W H. Shaw. 15 minutes sermon to the Children by J. H. Thomas. 10 minutes given to explanation of Helps in in Teachers' Bible.

2:10. Baptist Principles: what are they? By R. A. Rasco.

2:35 How Baptist Principles have spread in 100 years, and what they are worth to the world. By H. L. Caffee.

3. What the Baptists ought to do for the world in the next century, by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

SECOND DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer-meeting. D.Z. Merchant.

10. Missions: the Command; the Promise; the Results. By F. M. Woods.

11:30. Sermon—100 years of Baptist Missions, by S. M. Adams. Take collection and distribute mission literature.

1:20 p m. Explain pledge card and envelope system.

1:30. Our church life; the public worship; the pastor; the deacons; the sexton; the meeting house; the women; the young people; by J. C. Champion.

2:30. Religion in the home; by W. A. Mims.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOOL OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs to the Great Daily.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure 100 new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's tuition at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 towards the student's expenses for the year.

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The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

"Uncle Sam" paid more than $57,000 for transportation of the mail last year, which shows us to be a reading and writing people.

Program S. S. Convention of Dist 9

To be held at New Salem church, Sunday, July 14, 1901.

*10 a.m. Devotional, A. Horn.

10:30. Address of welcome. Willie Sorrell.

10:45. What is the most successful way to get and hold your scholars in your school? F. Eiland.

11:05. What per cent of Christians owe their salvation to the influence of the Sunday-school, and is the Sunday-school essential to their salvation? Prof. Rasco.

11:35. Is class organization essential to the success of the Sunday-school class? John Hayes.

12 m. Adjourn for refreshments.

1:30 p.m. What success can a scolding or irregular attending Sunday-school teacher hope to have with his class? Prof. Riddle.

2 p.m. How to get parents to attend the Sunday-school? J. Bice.

2:30. The duties of the superintendent to his school. Aiken Mims.

3. Do we need the Sunday-school? If so, why? L. B. Pounds.

J. BICE, Pres.

NAOMA WILLIAMS, Sec.

You are cordially invited to come and bring your baskets prepared to stay all day.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

THE next State Teacher's examination will be held on first Monday in July, 1901, at Clanton.

J. W. MOORE, Supt.

HORSE AND MULE POUND.

I have taken up, a few days ago, one dark bay mare and one one-eyed bay mule. They will be found at my place about two miles north of Jemison.

J. L. SMITH.

Bethel.

Crops are looking fine, but we are needing rain; some of our farmers are done laying by corn, and waiting for rain so they can lay by cotton.

Mr. W. A. Driver visited Birmingham last week.

The singing was enjoyed Sunday evening at Mr. E. G. Rollin's by the young folks.

Mr. Bill Driver, of Poplar Springs, and Mr. George Moore and Miss Etta, of Verbena, attended the singing at Mr. E. G. Rollin's Sunday evening.

Some of our young folks did not turn out to singing they will be able to come next time and bring their beaus.

Mr. F. Eiland visited the capitol city Saturday.

ONE ON THE CORNER.

Shrewd Thievery.

"Americans who go abroad must expect to be robbed right and left," said a young man who recently returned from a brief European tour. "One expects to be held up for all sorts of tips, but when the beggars follow you home you can't help feeling a sort of admiration for their ingenuity.

"I went over on one of the Red Star line boats, and the first thing I did on landing at Antwerp was to go to the cable office and send a message to my mother announcing my safe arrival. I paid the toll and thought no more about it until I got home, when among my mail I found a letter from the Antwerp operator, addressed in care of my mother, saying that through an error he had not charged me enough for my cablegram sent on such and such a date, that he had been obliged to pay the difference out of his own pocket, and as his salary was very small and he had a large family and all that sort of thing he felt sure I would reimburse him.

"The amount was a trifling one, and I did send him a foreign money order. I have since learned from experienced travelers that I had been made the victim of a systematic form of robbery and that scarcely a cablegram is sent from the other side unless it is of a business nature that is not followed by some such plea from the European operator."

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair fall n headache, etc, yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb The only patented Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success (See want column of this paper) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr, Decatur, Ill.

Singing and Lecture

There will be an all day singing at Corinth on the Fourth of July. Come one, come all. Mr. T. U. Crumpton has also promised to give us a lecture on the Holy Land. Be sure and come prepared to buy lemonade for the girls.

J. N. GOSS.

W. H. SARTOR

sells them cheape

try him!

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey.
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world

We know you are interested in the problem of getting the most for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. We presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to give some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company have done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. In placing our machines in the leading families all over the land we want the best looking, the lightest running and the best attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Cases, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the trade mark. 10, 15 and 50 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, 2012 1st Ave.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Pt

COLLIER DRUG CO.

THE CUT RATE DRUGGISTS

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO CHOOSE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

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DOUBRIES
, Clanton, Al

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Monday in February from Monday in [illegible] and Monday in [illegible] and Monday in November

R A Aldridge visited his family here recently.

Hickson of Longview was a pleasant visitor here Thursday.

The first cotton bloom was brought in Saturday by Mr. W. Dunlap of Linn.

[illegible] C. Elder is up again after being on the sick list for several days.

When you get hurt use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You'll never be without it is until you try it. 25c at your drug store.

Revenue Mu[illegible] has received [illegible] Revenue and Business College at [illegible]

[illegible] Elmore, is visiting the family of Capt. W. A. [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. P. C. [illegible] for a nice business [illegible]

[illegible] Timiley, of [illegible] visiting relatives [illegible]

[illegible] Gregory of Active was [illegible] Sunday.

Don't get a sample bottle of Tichenor's Antiseptic. If so [illegible] easy—it's too good [illegible] It is when you get it home cool. It will do its work quick.

The Southern Choral Singing Convention will meet at Evergreen, commencing west of Verbena on the Sabbath day, at 10 o'clock. Invite a large crowd of music and earnest music lovers to attend bring their books, together [illegible] were failed to be there about 12 o'clock.

[illegible] Drug Co., Birmingham, Ala., will move to 2012 1st [illegible] in order to have a larger house for their growing business. Watch their advertisement.

The Methodist Conference for [illegible] convened at the Methodist church last Thursday. There was a small attendance of [illegible] but a large number of sisters were present. On Friday morning Dr. Sneed, of the Methodist University, Greensboro, delivered a very able address to a crowded house. The Conference adjourned Saturday.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way those coming to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

[illegible] 1st and 2d Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

[illegible] M. Pinckard [illegible] completion. Work is progressing rapidly on the new brick store.

[illegible] court met Monday, Judge Adams presiding. [illegible] charged with [illegible] the grand jury on [illegible] were dismissed. [illegible] two [illegible] were bound over [illegible] court. [illegible] were found guilty. [illegible] days and [illegible] months [illegible]

[illegible] issued [illegible] Judge to [illegible]

[illegible] and Miss [illegible] Coussey [illegible] Husband, Mr. [illegible] Miss Maggie Ruth[illegible]

[illegible] and Mat[illegible]

Treatise Of A Minister

To [illegible] Rev. J. T. W. [illegible] Ga., writes: For a long time I had a running [illegible] I tried many remedies without benefit until I used [illegible] of Electric Bitters and a [illegible] of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which [illegible] sound and well." [illegible] Boils, Eczema, [illegible] Salt Rheum show impure blood. Thousands have found in Electric Bitters a grand blood purifier that absolutely cures these troubles. Satisfaction is guaranteed or money refunded by Clanton drug co. Large bottles only 50c.

Subscribe for the Banner.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The Banner office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

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THIS COMPLETE
SHAVING OUTFIT
FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER SIZE.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL.
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 933, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with virmin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathmetician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER MORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

P. W, Peterson

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE!

The large and carefully bought stock of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Laces and Ladies' and Men's Furnishing Goods is on at

H. TOURO'S

Never before in the history of Clanton, have prices been so low, or has there been a better selected stock offered.

Everything for the 4th of July.

Watch out for the Big Flag at TOURO'S

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

The Glorious Fourth

Emerson's Concord Hymn.

[Sung at the Completion of the Battle Monument, April 19, 1836.]

By the rude bridge that arched the flood,
Their flag to April's breeze unfurled;
Here once the embattled farmers stood
And fired the shot heard round the world.

The foe long since in silence slept;
Alike the conqueror silent sleeps;
And Time the ruined bridge has swept
Down the dark stream which seaward creeps.

THE CONTINENTAL SOLDIER.

On this green bank, by this soft stream,
We set to-day a votive stone;
That memory may their deed redeem,
When, like our sires, our sons are gone.

Spirit that made these heroes dare
To die, and leave their children free,
Bid Time and Nature gently spare
The shaft we raise to them and thee.

THE FIRST BOY HERO OF THE REVOLUTION

By Katherine Bell Tippetts.

NATHAN BEAMAN was a patriotic boy who lived near the village of Shoreham, Vt., 125 years ago. His father was a farmer, but Nathan didn't like to work on the farm. He loved to rove through the forests, marking his trails by cutting the bark from the trees along the way. He set traps for the foxes and raccoons, which abounded, and his winter coat, cap and leggings were all made of the fur of these animals or of the soft brown pelts of the beaver which he trapped.

• • •

The little country boy was stout and vigorous. He often spent the short winter day upon Lake Champlain fishing through holes which he had cut in the ice. As he sat holding his lines he used to watch the doings of the garrison of Fort Ticonderoga, on the opposite side of the lake.

The boys of the fort, whose fathers composed the garrison, had fine times on the ice, sliding and playing games, which Nathan longed to join in because they seemed so different from the sports he knew. He became greatly interested in a contrivance the boys had for sliding on ice, and one day plucked up courage to ask how the strange iceshoe was made and put on, and there and then had his first lesson in using skates.

The uncouth looking little fellow, half animal in dress, became the target of their jests, but he bore them so well, laughing with the others at his

"YOUR FATHER SAYS YOU KNOW EVEN THE RAT-HOLES IN THE FORT OPPOSITE."

own expense, that at last the boys allowed him to take part in their sports.

• • •

When spring came Nathan not only played under the walls of the fort, but went inside, his ready wit so amusing the soldiers that he was permitted to stay. He taught the soldiers many things about hunting and fishing they had not learned with all their long marching through the American wilderness. He was also able to give them historical information about their own fort during the days when the Indians had claimed the stony height on which the fort stood, and had named it Cheonderoga, meaning the place of many mellow sounds, because here they heard the musical roar of the falls of the Horicon a mile beyond.

Now, the Fort of Ticonderoga had cost Great Britain many million dollars. It contained 120 cannon, besides the large military stores, so you may be sure Nathan had wonderful tales to tell at night by his father's fireside.

• • •

It was after one of these firelight talks that Nathan climbed the ladder to his bed in the loft above. He could not sleep. The cold wind came through the cracks of the rudely built house, for, although it was May, the nights were raw and chilly. In the winter the snow sifted in also, powdering the coverlid over him.

All was quiet in the room below, where his father and mother were sleeping. Suddenly a rap sounded at the door. He heard his father ask who was there and then open the door.

Soon some one began to climb the ladder to his room. His father appeared above the open trap-door with a candle in his hand.

"You are needed, my boy. Make haste," was all Farmer Beaman said.

When Nathan stood below he saw several men standing by the fire.

"This is Colonel Ethan Allen, Nathan," said his father, pointing to an alert-looking man.

Colonel Allen laid his hand on the boy's shoulder. "Your father says you know even the rat-holes in the fort opposite. We must capture it to-night. Will you guide us there?"

"I'll go, sir," returned Nathan, who had been reared to serve his country at all times and sacrifice.

When the lake had been crossed and the patriots stood outside the fort Allen said quickly:

"We're ready. Show us the way to the sallyport!"

The startled sentry snapped his fusee-lock and fled as the "Green Mountain boys" dashed up the bank. They followed him into the fort.

Then arose cheer upon cheer as the British soldiers came rushing from the barracks and were taken prisoners.

Colonel Allen followed Nathan to Captain de Laplace's quarters, where that surprised commandant surrendered hastily, "In the name of Jehovah and the Continental Congress."

He found time to exclaim, as his eyes fell upon the boy, "What! You here, too, Nathan? That explains our capture!"

This happened in 1775, and to-day only the ruined walls and half-filled magazines remain of Fort Ticonderoga. The name of Nathan Beaman is almost forgotten, and of the thousands of tourists who come each summer to view this historic place very few think of the boy guide whose name at one time was on every patriot's tongue.—Woman's Home Companion.

WHEN the first Fourth of July celebration waked the echoes of old Philadelphia 125 years ago it was the signal that the United States had opened for business. The colonies had been fighting their king for a year; General Washington was in the field with a ragged and poorly equipped army of not over 6000 men; 17,000 Hessians (German soldiers) had been hired by King George to subdue the American patriots, and the king's forces in the United States amounted to over 30,000 men. At this time, when a large proportion of the colonists were opposed to the war and ruin stared the Revolution in the face, a fierce desire for absolute freedom seized upon the colonies. Through their representatives to the Continental Congress they urged some action that would declare their independence of English rule. On the 7th of June, 1776, Richard Henry Lee, of Virginia, offered a resolution in Congress declaring that "these united colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States." A furious discussion followed. John Adams, afterward President of the United States, was the most powerful and active supporter of the resolution. On the 2d day of July the resolution was adopted, all of the thirteen colonies but New York voting in favor of it. Thomas Jefferson, afterward President of the United States, was delegated to draw up a declaration of American independence. Mr. Adams and Benjamin Franklin read the document before it was submitted to Congress, and they made a few minor changes in it. Otherwise it is the work of Jefferson. On July 4 Congress adopted the Declaration of Independence, and the new nation was wild with joy. All day long the aged bellringer at the State House in Philadelphia had remained in the steeple, waiting to ring the bell when the act of separation from the mother country was officially declared. As hour after hour passed and no word came from Congress his spirits fell and he muttered: "They will never do it—they will never do it." But suddenly a boy came running from the hall and shouted "Ring! Ring!" So the liberty bell rang as it never had rung before. And the citizens gathered in the public square, shouting, firing off muskets, beating drums and making every demonstration of delight. Instantly couriers were dispatched on swift horses to carry the news in every direction. All the cities and towns faithful to the patriot cause joined in the celebration. In Philadelphia the king's arms were torn from the Court House and burned in the street. At New York the citizens pulled down the great lead statue of King George and melted it into bullets. Everywhere there were bonfires and illuminations, and there was a carnival of noise.

Thus was the Fourth of July tradition established, and even to this day we have inherited the noise and reckless rejoicing of that distant first Fourth.

It is an interesting coincidence that John Adams, the chief advocate of independence, and Thomas Jefferson, the writer of the declaration, died on the fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence. They died July 4, 1826.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Childish Fun.

"Open your mout' an' shut yer eyes, Willie, an' I'll gib yer somethin ter make yer wise!"

—New York Journal.

THE GOOD OLD FOURTH.

Wall Street in 1776.

An exciting scene in Wall Street was the reading of the Declaration of Independence, by order of the New York Congress, July 18, 1776. The ceremony at the City Hall was an emphatic expression of New York in particular, and the more notable from the fact that the ships of the enemy had actually arrived and anchored in the harbor, and for twenty-four hours prior to the event women and children and infirm persons were, through Washington's advice, being hurried from the city in anticipation of a bloody conflict. The newspapers of the day chronicle the presence of thousands of listeners to the reading, who filled the air with huzzas of joy and then burned the King's coat-of-arms in a huge bonfire kindled for the purpose, having torn the tablet from the wall of the old structure.—Magazine of American History.

Literature.

Political orators and writers largely influenced the literature of that day, some English critics even admitting that some of these writings rivaled the masterpieces of antiquity. But the Declaration of Independence outranked them all.

When First Read in Boston.

The Declaration of Independence was first read in Boston, amid great rejoicing, from the balcony of the Town House, on July 18, 1776.

Getting ready for the Fourth of July at the zoo.—Life.

PROSPERITY OF THE SOUTH.

Nothing in the Figures to Arouse Anything But Satisfaction.

The substantial and constantly increasing prosperity of the South, particularly the cotton and wheat producing sections, is shown conclusively by the statement, just issued, of the exportation of Southern-growth products from the port of New Orleans last month. A comparison of the figures representing the shipments of merchandise from that port in May for five years past shows that they have more than doubled during that period, and that the exportations in May, 1901, break the record. May is usually an off month for Southern shipping, but it was not so this year. The value of the shipments from New Orleans from April 30 to June 1 last, as entered in the books of the auditor of that port, was $10,[illegible],442, or nearly $5,000,000 greater than that of May, 1899, and $1,401,231 in excess of that of May, 1900.

The cotton exported from New Orleans last month amounted in value to $5,560,574, an increase of almost $1,000,000 over the exports of that commodity during the corresponding month last year. Whereas, in May, 1900, only $481,148 worth of wheat was sent out the value of the shipments of that staple during the same month this year was $1,240,735, or about three times that of last year. The exportations of flour increased correspondingly, $225,920 worth of that articles having been sent out last month, and only $60,679 worth in May, 1900. Likewise, a very much greater quantity of cottonseed oil and cottonseed cake was shipped during the period referred to this year than last, the exportations of the former having amounted to more than twice those of a year ago.

It is worthy of note that the shipments of merchandise, principally rice, from New Orleans to Porto Rico for the single month named this year amounted to $167,520.

There appears to be nothing in these figures to arouse, on the part of our Southern citizens, anything but general satisfaction.—*New York Sun.*

Keeping a Boarding House.

It would be difficult to cast a stone in New York without striking a boarding house or lodgings. Some exceptionally tony people are engaged in the business of providing food and shelter for homeless individuals of the human race. Among the keepers of swell places are numerous widows of Southern soldiers, the destruction of whose property in the civil war burdened their families with distressing poverty. They managed to come here and get a start, and many have made comfortable fortunes. The widow of a noted general opened a house in Twenty-first street, near Broadway, some twenty-three years ago, and offered Southern beds and board for $6, $8 and $10 a week. Notwithstanding she had been born in the purple, she worked like a slave, and after ten years of drudgery had saved enough money to buy a house in a cross street east of Central Park. Here she raised her prices to $25, $30 and $35 a week, two meals a day, and had as many boarders as she could accommodate. She is to-day a rich woman, with a son and daughter in high society.—*New York Press.*

A Little Trick for the Silver-Haired Woman

Have you silvery white hair of which you are justly proud? The silvery or snowy head is unusual and should be valued at its proper worth. So called silver or snow tresses are usually dusty gray, drab, yellowish white or a sickly snuff color. The brunette as a rule makes the handsomest old lady, as her hair turns white if it changes with age or from any other cause. The blonde is apt to have tresses of half a dozen different shades once the silver threads appear among the gold. Bleachers are powerless to hurry the whitening process. The hairdressers have not yet discovered a process to bleach hair white. Frequent shampoos with castile soap and a little soda in the water will keep the many-shaded hair bright and live looking during the aggravating transition stage. Once it is a good, clear, clean white an invaluable aid to keeping it so is to rinse it after the shampoo in bluing water. The effect will be the same as when clothes are blued. The limp, yellow hue will give way to a bright, clean white.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

Submarine Battery.

A Swedish naval captain, C. A. Ahrnborn, of Gefle, has invented a submarine battery for the purpose of closing narrow straits and inlets to hostile vessels. His idea is to mount a tube on a foundation lying some inches below the surface, whence pneumatic torpedoes are discharged. This tube is movable horizontally within an angle of ninety degrees, whereby it will command a very wide area. The foundation is serving as a magazine for the projectiles, and the battery is worked from any point on shore like other submarine mine arrangements with which also the battery may be combined. As projectiles the inventor in his calculations takes the Whitehead, but suggests that a better explosive than guncotton might be introduced, and that by improved mechanism the torpedoes may be steered further than at present.—*London Engineer.*

A Fortune Awaits This Inventor.

King Edward is reported as predicting that honor and fortune await the man or woman who invents some means of protecting the drivers of motor cars from dust, without making it necessary to don the unsightly garments now so frequently worn. The pleasure in these carriages is too frequently marred, for the beholder, at least, by the wrapped up figures, wire masks and unspoilable headgear of the occupant, and some other contrivance would be warmly welcomed.

BUDGET OF FUN

THE GRE[illegible]
He fails who [illegible]
Oh let men [illegible]
Who labors and [illegible]
Rewarded [illegible]
For of all thing[illegible]
Achieves th[illegible]
There is no gre[illegible]
In learning [illegible]

PROTEC[illegible]
By keeping [illegible]
out germs."
"Yes, and [illegible]
in."—*Chicago* [illegible]

HIS [illegible]
Bobby—Pa, [illegible]
old to learn?
Father—Wh[illegible]
ry my son.—*Pu*[illegible]

TOO SEV[illegible]
Bessie—Do [illegible]
soda is bad for [illegible]
Billie—No. [illegible]
News.

A NE[illegible]
Hasbin—Wh[illegible]
after a college [illegible]
for?
Neverwas—[illegible]
guess.—*Philade*[illegible]

GLORI[illegible]
Jack (insinu[illegible]
like to lend a f[illegible]
Tom—I'd be [illegible]
but I haven't a [illegible]
Tit-Bits.

HIS [illegible]
Landlord—Bu[illegible]
you should make [illegible]
Tenant—Th[illegible]
you to make th[illegible]
Boston Transcript.

IN [illegible]
"Your friend [illegible]
whatever in uni[illegible]
graph of that [illegible]
ment."
"Yes, I don't k[illegible]
him with great [illegible]
picion."—*Washing*[illegible]

THE SING[illegible]
"Ah," sighed [illegible]
souls with but a sing[illegible]
"Yes," echoed pa[illegible]
than one dollar. [illegible]
haps that single [illegible]
that papa's going [illegible]
Denver Times.

CONCIS[illegible]
"You are all the w[illegible]
the baron.
"I see," replied [illegible]
"and you are of the [illegible]
world owes you. [illegible]
Life.

SEEMS SO
"This hunting up [illegible]
terfeit money cost [illegible]
sand dollars a year, [illegible]
vice man.
"Well, that's wh[illegible]
good money after [illegible]
said the taxpayer. [illegible]

OBJECTIONABLE IN [illegible] CASE
"Why did she br[illegible]
"He told her that [illegible]
he had ever kissed [illegible]
"What of it?"
"Why, she natu[illegible]
was either untruth[illegible]
and he was hard[illegible]
either case."—*Chicago* [illegible]

BESSIE'S PAPA
Bessie—Talking [illegible]
infest the Stock Exchange [illegible]
thinking what pa [illegible]
Arthur—A bull [illegible]
Bessie—No, it [illegible]
nor was it a lamb [illegible]
a jackass. I reme[illegible]
me at first.—*Boston Transcript.*

HE'S SLOW
"So you loaned [illegible]
did you?"
"Yes."
"What did he say?"
"He promised [illegible]
"He did, eh? [illegible]
this: if there's one thing [illegible]
with him than money [illegible]
Richmond Dispatch.

HIS VIEW OF [illegible]
"That man is remarkable [illegible]
ism," said the friend.
"What has he been doing [illegible]
Senator Sorghum.
"He has just been decl[illegible]
he can't get people to vote [illegible]
out hiring them he doesn't [illegible]
vote for him at all.
"Humph! That isn't idealism [illegible]
egotism."—*Washington Star.*

MEDICAL ASSISTA[illegible]
Specialist—Your nerves [illegible]
you need exercise; walk [illegible]
every day.
Sick Man—I do walk [illegible]
every day.
Specialist—You do? [illegible]
ought to have better [illegible]
ails you—overstrain. [illegible]
yourself rationally and [illegible]
ten dollars, please.—*Chicago Herald.*

An abnormal nose is [illegible] of attraction.

THEY KEPT THEIR WO[illegible]

GENERAL GOMEZ IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

THEY HAD TO SAVE HER HUSBAND'S [illegible]

Brain Caught by Cutting Tongue—[illegible] Pack the Funds With Him — The [illegible] Earnings — Worked to [illegible] — A New Railroad.

THREAT CARRIED OUT

Horribly burned and dying [illegible] hour ago was the fate of Mrs. [illegible] C. Carson, because her husband failed to deposit $5,000 in a p[illegible] secured by unknown blackmailers. The tragedy happened June 22 in a secure settlement away from p[illegible] offices and telegraph stations. Th[illegible] weeks ago Carson, who is wea[illegible] received an anonymous note demanding that he bury $5,000 under penalty of having his house burned. T[illegible] suggestion was ignored. O[illegible] week later another anonymous letter was received stating th[illegible] if $5,000 was not deposited wi[illegible] in a week his house would be burn[illegible] and he killed. No attention was p[illegible] to the second communication a[illegible] while Carson was absent the hou[illegible] was fired.

TUNNEL CAVED IN.

The tunnel beneath Hoffman stree[illegible] Baltimore, caved in Saturday morni[illegible] and a train was caught. The engine[illegible] stopped just in time. Immediate[illegible] after the cave-in the water mains abo[illegible] the tunnel burst, and torrents of wat[illegible] increased the diameter of the hol[illegible] The main line of the Pennsylvan[illegible] was completely tied up. The tunn[illegible] was built thirty years ago. It is und[illegible] ten city blocks and nearly a mile lon[illegible] built through treacherous soil. It [illegible] impossible to discover where th[illegible] blunder lies.

GOMEZ IS HERE.

Gen. Maximo Gomez is in Ne[illegible] York. He is very reticent concerning Cuban matters, with which he [illegible] supposed to have much to do. H[illegible] said his people were busy in rebuil[illegible] their wasted and devastate[illegible] fields, and only desired peace, f[illegible] then prosperity and happiness woul[illegible] follow. He positively declared th[illegible] there is nothing of political signif[illegible] in his trip to the United State[illegible] at this time.

CASHIER AND MONEY GONE.

It is announced that Arthu[illegible] J. Moss, cashier and paymaste[illegible] of the Gould Coupling Works, at De[illegible] N. Y., has defaulted to th[illegible] amount of $3,000. Moss had alway[illegible] borne a good reputation, and had bee[illegible] a trusted employe of the compan[illegible] for [illegible] years. He is now missing.

A FEW FIGURES.

The fiscal year of the Louisvill[illegible] and Nashville Railroad Company [illegible] shows a tremendous increase in th[illegible] earnings of the company as compare[illegible] with the previous year. The increase [illegible] is no less than $1,500,000. Th[illegible] gross earnings for the fiscal year ar[illegible] $29,000,000.

FROM THE ATLANTIC.

The Georgia secretary of state o[illegible] June 28th granted a charter to th[illegible] Atlanta & Birmingham Air Line Rail[illegible] Company. The company pro[illegible] to build a direct line to Bir[illegible] ham, and is capitalized at $500,[illegible] The incorporators are Georgi[illegible]

A WISCONSIN TORNADO.

On June 29th a tornado which [illegible] thousands of dollars damage [illegible] over LaCrosse, Wis. The storm [illegible] accompanied by wind, rain and [illegible]. The roof of the Hotel [illegible] was carried half a block, land[illegible] on another large building and [illegible] its roof. Several buildings [illegible] struck by lightning.

STRUCK DEAD.

[illegible]line Kightlinger, aged 7, was [illegible] and Willie Barnes and Annie [illegible] perhaps fatally injured by [illegible] near Farmington, O., Friday [illegible]

LIGHTNING KILLS FOUR.

During a storm Friday evening [illegible] killed four men at work in a [illegible] field near Lodi, Ind. The vic[illegible] leave large families.

[illegible]peror William has ordered a new [illegible] from American builders. His [illegible] has expressed the opinion [illegible] Americans are ahead of all Eu[illegible] in yacht building.

BUDGET OF FUN

THE GREATEST TRUTH

[illegible] impatiently [illegible] "To-day!" [illegible] experts to be [illegible] Rewards right away. [illegible] that moral [illegible] through Chance or [illegible] greater triumph than [illegible] how to wait. —*Hodges Record.*

PROTECTION WORKS THE WAYS

[illegible] the mouth shut [illegible] keep our own [illegible] *Record Herald.*

DESPERA EXPLAINS

[illegible] when does a man [illegible] When he gets too old to [illegible] *Puck.*

DOES IT WERE A PENALTY

[illegible] believe that any [illegible] the complexion? [illegible] date.—*Judge.*

A NEW READING.

[illegible] letters [illegible] graduates name [illegible] *Record-Herald.*

[illegible] Adder [illegible] *Record-Herald.*

GOD'S INSULATION

[illegible] How would [illegible] dollars? [illegible] glad. [illegible] *Record-Herald.*

DEBT REPAIRS

[illegible] government [illegible] repair [illegible] *Record-Herald.*

IN DOUBT.

[illegible] has no [illegible] [illegible] every [illegible] column in State [illegible]

[illegible] know whether [illegible] respect or great [illegible] opinion of [illegible]

THE SINGLE THOUGHT.

[illegible] sighed the fond mother [illegible] with but a single thought?" [illegible] patercamilias, "[illegible] know—[illegible] that single thought they're [illegible] going to put up for [illegible] *Center Times.*

CONCISE.

[illegible] are all the world to me! [illegible] replied his American [illegible] and you are of the opinion that [illegible] owes you a living."—*[illegible]*

SEEMS SO.

"This hunting up the makers of [illegible] tent money costs a good many [illegible] dollars a year," said the Senator [illegible] man.

"Well, that's what you'd call them [illegible] of money after bad, wouldn't [illegible] the taxpayer."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

OBJECTIONABLE IN EITHER CASE.

"Why did she break the engagement?" "He told her that she was the [illegible] he had ever kissed."

"What of it?"

"Why, she naturally reasoned that [illegible] either untruthful or absurdly [illegible] if he was hardly worth having for a case."—*Chicago Post.*

BESSIE'S PAPA.

Bessie—Talking about the animals [illegible] the Stock Exchange. Pa—Talking what pa said he was. Arthur—A bull or a bear, [illegible] Bessie—No, it was neither of [illegible] was a lamb. Oh, I have it, [illegible] kiss. I remember how it [illegible] at first.—*Boston Transcript.*

HE'S SLOW.

[illegible] you named Harbinger the [illegible]

"Yes."

"What did he say?"

"He promised to pay with [illegible] he did, eh? Well, let me [illegible] there's one thing that's [illegible] than money it's slow [illegible] *Dispatch.*

HIS VIEW OF IT.

"That man is remarkable for his [illegible]," said the friend.

"What has he been doing now?"

"Editor Sorghum.

"He has just been declaring [illegible] can't get people to vote for him [illegible] praising them he doesn't want [illegible] for him at all."

"Humbug! That isn't idealism, [illegible]ism!"—*Washington Star.*

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

Specialist—Your nerves are [illegible] need exercise; walk to [illegible] day.

Sick Man—I do walk to [illegible] day.

Specialist—You do? Well [illegible] to have better sense—[illegible] you—overstrain. Now, [illegible] yourself rationally and side [illegible] dollars, please.—*Chicago [illegible]*

[illegible] abnormal nose is seldom [illegible] attraction.

THEY KEPT THEIR WORD

GENERAL GOMEZ IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

TRIED HARD TO SAVE HER HUSBAND'S LIFE

[illegible] Caught by Caving Tunnel—He [illegible] the Funds With Him—The [illegible] & N. Earnings—Wrecked to Rob—A New Railroad.

THREAT CARRIED OUT.

[illegible] terribly burned and dying in [illegible] agony was the fate of Mrs. Wie[illegible] because her husband re[illegible] to deposit $[illegible] in a place [illegible] by unknown blackmailers. [illegible] tragedy happened June 22 in an [illegible] settlement away from post[illegible] and telegraph stations. Three [illegible] ago Carson, who is wealthy, [illegible] an anonymous note demanding [illegible] that he bury $[illegible] under penalty [illegible] having his house burned. The [illegible] was ignored. One [illegible] later another anonymous [illegible] was received stating that [illegible] was not deposited with [illegible] week his house would be burned [illegible] killed. No attention was paid [illegible] the second communication and [illegible] Carson was absent the house [illegible] fired.

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GOMEZ IS HERE.

Gen. Maximo Gomez is in New [illegible]rk. He is very reticent concerning Cuban matters, with which he is [illegible]posed to have much to do. He [illegible] his people were busy in rebuilding their wasted and devastated [illegible]nd, and only desired peace, for [illegible] prosperity and happiness would [illegible]low. He positively declared that [illegible]re is nothing of political significance in his trip to the United States [illegible] this time.

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A FEW FIGURES

The fiscal year of the Louisville [illegible]d Nashville Railroad Company, [illegible]ows a tremendous increase in the [illegible]rnings of the company as compared [illegible]th the previous year. The increase [illegible]ill be no less than $1,500,000. The [illegible]ross earnings for the fiscal year are [illegible]out $[illegible].

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STRUCK DEAD.

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LIGHTNING KILLS FOUR.

During a storm Friday evening [illegible]ightning killed four men at work in a [illegible]heat field near Lodi, Ind. The victims leave large families.

Emperor William has ordered a new [illegible]acht from American builders. His [illegible]ajesty has expressed the opinion [illegible]at Americans are ahead of all Eu[illegible]ope in yacht building.

CLAIMED GUILT.

Mrs. Edwin Ruthven, wife of the Cleveland murderer, electrocuted June 28, made a last effort to save the life of her husband. She declares that she herself was guilty. According to her story she dressed herself in her husband's clothing and assisted in committing a burglary. A policeman appeared on the scene and her accomplice fled. She used her revolver and killed the officer. Ruthven, when told of the confession, declared it untrue and that his wife was innocent of any crime.

WRECKED FOR ROBBERY.

An express train on the Pennsylvania Railroad was ditched two miles east of Greenburg, Pa., early Saturday morning. Three passengers were hurt. Investigation disclosed the fact that the switch lock had been smashed and the rails thrown for the siding. The perpetrators are not known, but train robbery is suspected as the incentive. A terrible accident was averted by the vigilance of the engineer who saw the trouble barely in time to slow his train.

BIG BANK FAILURE.

Thurday morning the Seventh National Bank of New York city closed its doors. A statement of the bank's condition is in preparation and little trouble is anticipated. Because of the bank's suspension, the brokerage firm of Henry Marguand & Co. have assigned. This latter failure is a disastrous one owing to the fact that the firm had agreed to finance the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern R. R.

CLUB HOUSE BURNED.

The Chi Beta Theta Pi Club house on Chautauqua lake was destroyed by fire Friday night. During a storm the house was struck by lightning, and within one hour was totally consumed. The loss is estimated at about $50,000.

NEWSY NICKNACKS.

King Edward VII will be crowned in June 1902. The parliamentary committee favors an amendment to a clause in the king's coronation oath, to make the oath less offensive to Irishmen and Catholics, by eliminating the words characterising Catholic worship as "superstitious and idolatrous."

The pope of Rome is ailing but his physician says there is no cause for alarm; he needs rest during the hot weather. He has ceased to bother with state affairs. Cardinal Rampolla is attending to those duties. His Holiness is dictating a new Latin poem and looks forward to his jubilee in 1902.

The Agricultural Department is sending a man to the rice growing countries. A scientist returned from Japan has brought specimens of rice more suitable for the gulf coast than we formerly had and we are now producing most of the rice we need and will soon produce all we use.

Eastern capital is rapidly developing the beat sugar industry in the arid states through irrigation. In the Arkansas valley a $1,000,000 factory has been put up.

A Harvard student saved a young woman, a would-be suicide, from drowning in the Charles river near Boston Saturday night. Now look out for a romance.

Recent Indian reports show that £18,390,000 was expended for famine sufferers during the year 1899-1900. The mortality from the plague for five years ending March, 1901, was nearly 600,000.

A physician in Louisville complained of the heat last week and said he meant "to move." Saturday morning he was found hanging to the topmost branch of the highest tree in a park.

Mme. Helena Modjeska is visiting relatives in the province of Posen. She will return to the United States in August for a starring tour.

Yellow fever has been combated with such vigor in Cuba that not a single death has been reported as resulting from it this year.

Miss Elizabeth Moore, of New York City, is the new woman's tennis champion of the United States.

Oliver Stanley Carter, 76 years old, president of the National Bank of the Republic, died at Saratoga Saturday night of heart failure.

Le Moniteur Universal, one of the oldest journals in France, founded in 1798, announces it will cease to appear.

Fashionable women are in tears over the bankruptcy of M. Felix, the man who has long been considered the king of French dressmakers.

BIRD PROFESSORS.

Kept For the Purpose of Teaching Companions to Sing.

"Professors" among birds are those that are kept for the purpose of teaching their companions to sing. These professors have been taught by other birds, or by people who are clever at playing in a manner which resembles whistling. Years of experience have taught canary-raisers that if they would get the best results from their songsters they must use Saxon birds as trainers.

The industry of training the young birds flourishes in the Hartz Mountains, and especially at Andreasberg. Nowhere else are the birds so conscientiously brought up. Thanks to the wonderful patience of the peasants of those parts, the birds learn to modulate their voices, produce silvery sounds, and introduce a variety of notes into the long trill, embellishing them with many a grace-note.

Hitherto these results have never been obtained elsewhere, for the exported birds cease to transmit their vocal qualities in perfection after one or two generations. Now, however, canary education in England may be said to be fairly begun, for two schools for birds have been opened, where the musical education of these warblers is entrusted to "bird organs" brought from the Hartz Mountains.

The *London Express* characterizes these strange instruments as curious in sound as well as in appearance. They consist of large cylinders full of water. These slide one into the other, and are moved by a chain on a pulley attached to a fixed bar. The musical box is placed at the top of this arrangement.

The bird organ produces a plaintive and monotonous sound resembling that of water rolling over a bed of rocks, and of wind sighing through trees. It seems that these sounds have the effect of taming the birds and making them amenable to discipline.

The walls of the "classrooms" are occupied by lines upon lines of cages. The pupils are grouped in classes according to their degrees of education. Those that possess weak or defective voices, or have false methods of warbling, are the objects of special attention.

Birds that have made a successful beginning are put under the persuasive influence of the finer bird organs, which are worked by electricity, and are remarkable for the richness and perfection of their tones. Whenever a pupil is considered worthy of it, he receives individual tuition, the best artists thus produced afterward becoming teachers to new arrivals.

DEPARTMENT STORE DETECTIVES.

An Elaborate Secret Service in the Big City Shops.

Each year sees an increase in the "secret service" of the big shops. According to a trade journal, each department of each department-store has its corps of "secret service" detectives and workers. The head of the department is the head of the corps. It is his duty to keep closest tab on the doings of all competitors. The walls of his private office are lined with the advertisements of rival shops. That each advertised article may be carefully examined, shoppers are at once despatched to purchase them—from the 90-cent taffeta marked down to 59 to the brass bedstead at $5.50, worth double. There is a regular staff of these shoppers, some of whom never come near the house, but communicate by letter entirely with the department. "In one store," says the trade journal, "these purchases are received and inspected in what is known as "Room No. 3," a place as dreaded by the buyers of the house as is a dark room by an infant. Many a department head has suffered decapitation as the result of deliberations in that court room." The object of keeping such close watch is not alone to be posted upon the doings of rivals but to compare the merits of various buyers.

Another brand of such secret service includes a number of women who shop in the firm's own store. This is to test the saleswomen, both in ability and deportment. Many a sales girl has been suddenly discharged or advanced without knowing that it was all due to some information thus gleaned. The superintendent of a large establishment where the "secret service" is supposed to have reached high development says that he regards the espionage of the sales staff as of supreme importance. It is interesting to find that he considers floorwalkers, as a rule, too lenient. They hate to report delinquencies and inattentions of the shopgirls for the same reason that many shoppers do—that it may result in dismissal for the offender. "Moreover," says the superintendent, "the floorwalkers are so busy strutting about looking pretty that they can pay but little attention to such minor matters as the pedortment of the sales people."

Small Liberties Permissible.

A man may take small liberties with his dress without being positively out of fashion. This is particularly true of evening dress in summer. Comfort is then a necessity—that is, it is more of a necessity than it is during the cool months. To conserve comfort one may, without transcending the ethics of the mode, wear a straw hat with evening dress—and I am not prepared to entirely condemn the evening jacket for summer wear. Men will wear it, because with it one may wear a fold collar, a pleated shirt and a low cut white waistcoat. Whenever a man attends a dance he should not forget that women must be given some consideration, and for that reason he should show his gallantry by suffering slight discomforts. The gloves are worn to protect the gowns of the women from the perspiring hands of men, and no man should so far forget what he owes a woman as to deliberately go barehanded because it is comfortable.—*The Haberdasher.*

Dark Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a great many years, and although I am past eighty years of age, yet I have not a gray hair in my head."
Geo. Yellon, Towson, Md.

We mean all that rich, dark color your hair used to have. If it's gray now, no matter; for Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair.

Sometimes it makes the hair grow very heavy and long; and it stops falling of the hair, too.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Constipation

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

You can't tell from the size of a man whether or not his word carries much weight.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

Cases of twins occur once in every sixty-nine births.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle. Sold by all druggists.

No man ever made a great name for himself by writing anonymous communications.

E. A. Rood, Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured my wife of catarrh fifteen years ago and she has had no return of it. It's a sure cure." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Glasgow was the first British town to receive a license for municipal telephones.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Fame is a bubble that sometimes comes to the man who does the most blowing.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

There are in use in the world at present 8900 tons of gold and 170,000 tons of silver.

Sick Headache

And similar affections, resulting from disordered stomach, are promptly relieved by a full dose of Crab Orchard Water.

In Spain the infant's face is swept with a pine tree bough to bring it good luck.

President Loubet Is Forgiving.

President Loubet of France is a man who bears no malice. When a member of the nobility smote him on the head with a stick as he was peacefully sitting in the race course at Auteuil, the courts sentenced the cowardly offender to two years' imprisonment. The president wished to pardon the culprit at a very early stage of his imprisonment, but the ministry represented that, however lightly M. Loubet, the man, might regard the offense, it was against public policy that the assailant and insulter of M. Loubet, the president, should escape with a nominal punishment.

Still Clings to Old Customs.

The United States Supreme court holds on to precedents and traditions of the past with more tenacity than any other body in the country. The court kept up the practice of filling its official snuffbox longer than did the United States senate, and the senate held on to the once popular drug long after it had ceased to be generally used. The love of the old way is shown in the Supreme court every time that august body meets by the array of quill pens distributed over the desks. When the quill was the only pen instructions were given to have a certain number of them placed on the desks for members of the court. Very few people now use the quill, and those who do would get along very well with a steel pen. But no one has ever dared to interfere with a custom once established, and the quill pen doubtless still has a long life in the court.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Chewing the crust of rye bread is considered by German experts one of the best ways of exercising and preserving the teeth.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The disagreeable man is apt to get bald. Even his hair has a falling out with him.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Fewer people proportionately keep their own carriages in Paris than in London.

Smithdeals

Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c. "Leading business college south of the Potomac river."—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address, G. M. Smithdeal, President, Richmond, Va.

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AGENTS WANTED for the Brobard Sash Lock and Brobard Door Holder. Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROBARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

USE CERTAIN COUGH 25 CHILL 50 CORN 15 CURE.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Am. N. U., No. 27. 1901.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

FRAGRANT SOZODONT Tooth Powder. In a handy Patent Box (new) SOZODONT LIQUID . . 25c. Large LIQUID and POWDER, 25c. 25¢. At all Stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

DYSPEPSIA yields to nature's medicine, CRAB ORCHARD WATER. It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it cheaper and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 1 gallon of unmedicated water. Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle. CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"Is Life Worth Living? That Depends on the Liver." Get your Liver right by taking LIVERINA. Best Liver medicine made. Relieves Biliousness, Sick Headache, Malaria, Constipation, "the blues" and all the other attendant ills of a torpid Liver. Sold By All Dealers 50c a Bottle. Manufactured By GAY, HARDIE & DURR, Montgomery, Ala.

Here It Is! Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps. BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. FISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

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A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Lion Coffee is not GLAZED, COATED, or otherwise treated with EGG mixtures, chemicals, glue, etc., etc. Lion Coffee is a Pure Coffee.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

"MY MARY ANN."

(Can be sung to the air of "My Maryland.")

In the kitchen she has sway—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
There she rules throughout the day,
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
Breakfast, lunch and dinner fair
Excellently she'll prepare,
Served with LION COFFEE rare—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!

She's a tried and trusted cook—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
You can bet she knows her book—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
Coffee she can understand.—
She will use no other brand
Than the LION COFFEE grand—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!

Well she knows it is not glazed.—
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
That in million homes 'tis praised!
Mary Ann, my Mary Ann!
One pound package, in the bean,
Lion head on wrapper seen,
Premium List inside will mean
Presents for my Mary Ann!

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold). WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

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W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery end Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

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CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

STOPS PAIN

Athens, Tenn., Jan. 27, 1901.

Ever since the first appearance of my menses they were very irregular and I suffered with great pain in my hips, back, stomach and legs, with terrible bearing down pains in the abdomen. During the past month I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and I passed the monthly period without pain for the first time in years. NANNIE DAVIS.

What is life worth to a woman suffering like Nannie Davis suffered? Yet there are women in thousands of homes to-day who are bearing those terrible menstrual pains in silence. If you are one of these we want to say that this same

WINE OF CARDUI

will bring you permanent relief. Console yourself with the knowledge that 1,000,000 women have been completely cured by Wine of Cardui. These women suffered from leucorrhoea, irregular menses, headache, backache, and bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui will stop all those aches and pains for you. Purchase a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui to-day and take it in the privacy of your home.

For advice and literature, address, giving your case, "The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Avers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchenor
J. B. Downs, Clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing so good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two separate catalogues, free. Ask for them.
15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atkinson, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, not gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fevers, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

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CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produces the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revelation in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And are instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand from any where. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Kerosene and Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 Candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

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AT REDUCED PRICES

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

Fourth of July

FREEDOM'S ANNIVERSARY.

Flutter the flags from school and steeple
Throb the drums over road and street;
Thrill the air with the shouts of people,
Super the day of their pride to greet.
Children hail it with gleeful voices,
Old men flush as its thunders break,
Tellers stand how the land rejoices
Phase the pace to the pulse for freedom's sake.

Freedom, over the stormy waters,
Brought by a handful, hated and few
Birthright now of our sons and daughters,
Hallowed by valor and long years through.
Freedom! Lord, let the bow which sing hi
Freedom! Still let us breathe its name,
Far and wide let the strong bells ring its
Wide and far be its early fame.

Lift we now a triumphant chorus,
God be praised both for great and small!
Ever his clear love watcheth over us,
Still his banner is over us all.
Through the dark he mighty led us,
Into the promised land we came.
In our want and our grief he fed us,
Ever, forever we'll praise his name.

During the day in summer splendor—
Day that showered amid blood and tears,
Back in the time when do surrender
Brave men made unto coward fears.
Tell to our boys and girls the story,
How they wrought for the nation's weal,
Who thereafterward have this their glory—
Tempted and tried, they were true as steel.

—M. E. Sangster in Christian Intelligencer.

SPOOK'S FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

"I don't know, Marsden, how we can ever worm any sort of a confession out of her," said Lawyer Darke, with an accent on the pronoun. "If any comes, it will be because she is startled into telling it. A good scare, like a cyclone or an earthquake, might possibly do the business. No amount of persuasion or threats ever will, that's evident. Meanwhile I don't see what we can do for Miss Laura only to wait and try to conceive some new plan."

Speaking these words, Lawyer Darke descended the stairs of an old tenement, followed by Harry Marsden, and stepped out upon the hot pavement of the street.

It was the afternoon of July 3. On the stairs down which the two men had just descended crouched the small figure of a boy whose size indicated about the age of 7, but whose face said 12. The latter told the truth. The boy was emaciated to the last degree that one could hope to find him out of his bed, and his face was the color of chalk. His colorless lips were thin and delicate, and his eyes, large and burning and sunk in dark shadows, looked spectral in the gloom of the dirt strewn hallway.

"PLEASE GIVE ME SOME MONEY. I WANT SOME FIREWORKS."

The lawyer's words concerning the cyclone and earthquake had been meaningless to the author of them, but they were not meaningless to Spook. He knew the story of the pretty, pale factory girl in the attic room, penned up with an old woman who did not hesitate to abuse her every day and many times a day—that is, he knew that the girl called the old woman "grandma" and that "grandma" claimed that that relationship existed between them; knew also that there had been of late rumors afloat to the effect that Laura was not the old woman's granddaughter, that there was some money somewhere that ought to be Laura's and that the old woman could straighten things out if she would, but that this she refused to do. This much of a story had been roughly woven together in the neighborhood. How near to the truth it came none of the denizens actually knew, but Spook accepted it, gathered it carefully together and placed it in his mind as a sort of an environment about the words dropped by the lawyer.

Meantime Lawyer Darke went to his office to try and devise some new scheme for the benefit of his client, and the client, Harry Marsden, started for home. The real known facts from which these two hoped to develop a case of interest and good to all concerned were these:

About a year previous Harry Marsden had come into possession of a fortune from an uncle, one Joseph Marsden, who had died in England. The will had stated that Harry was made heir, as the nearest of kin known to be living, but that there was a possibility of the existence of a stepdaughter, the child of the uncle's wife by a former marriage; that if this girl could be found within the space of ten years half of the property was to be hers. The girl, the will continued, was born in 1874. At the age of 3 years, only a few months after the marriage of Joseph Marsden to the young widow, the

THE SPIRIT OF

But grandfather watched [illegible]
With our crackers and [illegible]
And he laughed [illegible]
train
And bade us take care of the [illegible]
Then, when Tom fired a cracker [illegible]
sheet,
With the first smell of powder [illegible]
out,
And the way that he exploded [illegible]
it plain
That "the major" was fighting his [illegible]
"Hurrah, lads!" he cried as he [illegible]
quiet
"Re-enforcements have come [illegible]
fort"—
Touched a match to our crackers and [illegible]
whole lot;
Then asked us: "Is this all the powder you've
got?
Right about! Forward! Move [illegible]
be quick!"
Was "the major" [illegible]
stick.
"And I'll show you," he said, [illegible]
eye,
"How to properly celebrate [illegible]

HISTORY OF OUR F[illegible]

How Betsy Ross and Congress 1777 Designed Old Glory.

A brief history of the flag of the United States may be appropriate here, as there are doubtless those whose views on the particular origin are a bit hazy. It is not our history and cannot be [illegible] eating.

In the time of the Revolution there lived in a little house [illegible] street, Philadelphia, a young [illegible] by the name of Betsy Ross. The brick house still stands and is [illegible] as No. 239. It was the [illegible] built in Philadelphia. Its [illegible] over with William Penn [illegible] Welcome.

Betsy Ross was known as a needlewoman and had [illegible] tion at her calling. It is said [illegible] ing the ruffles for the shirts of Washington. So when [illegible] 1777, appointed a committee [illegible] general thereon, to design a committee very naturally [illegible]

They made a rough draft of the design consisting of alternate and white stripes and 13 [illegible] stars on a background of blue [illegible] was shown her, and she suggested substitution of the five point [illegible] Her suggestion was approved.

The color of the stripes was suggested by the red [illegible] and the white flag of the army [illegible] some time previously.

The flag was adopted by [illegible] June 14, 1777. Betsy soon [illegible] ried John Maypole and [illegible] years they held the contract [illegible] ing flags for the fleet in the [illegible] There is a record in the treasury order dated May, 1777, to [illegible] Ross £14 12s. 2d. for making the Delaware river fleet.

And what of Betsy Maypole's nimble fingers are but now [illegible] bones lie in Mount Moriah [illegible] She lived to the ripe age of [illegible] to 1836, but the flag of the [illegible] ing forever, will keep her [illegible] green.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Early Fourths in [illegible]

Edward Everett Hale tells [illegible] the earliest Fourth of July [illegible] of his remembrance. It was [illegible] the year 1833, and on that [illegible] first time a great chorus of children sang "My Country, 'Tis [illegible]

He speaks of a favorite [illegible] day which was much in [illegible] the Fourth. It was written [illegible] Tyler, and its beginning was:

Spunk the fire and beat the drum
Independence day has come.

It was just about this time [illegible] character of the celebration of [illegible] niversary of the birthday of [illegible] Independence began to change [illegible] rades were held as usual, but [illegible] gun to take the place of [illegible] in the larger towns of the [illegible] the Declaration of Independence had always been a feature of [illegible] bration.

The opening of trade [illegible] brought in the small firecrackers American factories soon [illegible] means of making big ones [illegible] sumed the sceptre and has [illegible] since.—Boston Globe.

VOL. IX

PERPETUAL MOTION

[illegible] Miles in Fifteen Days

[illegible] with the motion [illegible] of motion [illegible] perpetual motion [illegible]

The Alabama Press Association met in Birmingham Saturday [illegible] after a most pleasurable [illegible] of fifteen days, having [illegible] over one thousand miles, [illegible] two States and enjoyed [illegible] delightful tour. The trip was [illegible] with pleasurable incidents, [illegible] and receptions, generous hospitality, and withal the party com[illegible] unusual a crowd as ever [illegible] together.

The Association met in Montgomery June 20, and in the interest of business was hospitably entertained by the citizens of the capital city. Leaving Montgomery [illegible] morning of June 21, for Birmingham the Association proceeded [illegible] Memphis, where on their arrival the following morning they were royally entertained. Breakfast was provided for them and [illegible] all the principal parts of the city visited. After a stay of [illegible] hours the excursionists left Kansas City where they arrived [illegible] morning of June 23. But [illegible] stop was made here while [illegible] train was made up, and [illegible] we went across the fertile [illegible] Kansas where the wheat [illegible] harvested and the corn [illegible] to perfection. We rushed [illegible] Topeka without catching [illegible] of Mrs. Nation and on [illegible] the rest of the day, passing [illegible] the southeast corner of [illegible] during the night, arriving [illegible] New Mexico, for breakfast.

[illegible] appeared to be a nice lot [illegible] with small coal mines in [illegible] ity. The bracing atmosphere [illegible] all a good appetite for [illegible] But time is short and [illegible] only commenced our journey [illegible] we go through Mexican [illegible] with their adobe houses [illegible] picturesque inhabitants, [illegible] and valleys, river and [illegible] forming a magnificent [illegible] succeed each other in [illegible] succession until we arrive at [illegible] for dinner; then on [illegible] at the close of the day [illegible] Albuquerque. Here we [illegible] or three hours. Albuquerque is a bustling city that is [illegible] coming great. The town is [illegible] built, clean, and has a [illegible] appearance. The evening [illegible] there was delightful [illegible] pleasant.

[illegible] just after leaving Albuquerque we came across our first [illegible] The red men and the [illegible] and papooses swarmed [illegible] train and did a flourishing [illegible] in bows and arrows, [illegible] and pipes, and other [illegible] Not with a shriek and a [illegible] we are off again, passing [illegible] State of Arizona in the [illegible] Across the desert, through [illegible] stations, we onward sped, [illegible] the scenery, enjoying the [illegible] tion, exhilarated by the [illegible] ing climate, until at sunset [illegible] arrived at the Needles on [illegible] of California. Here [illegible] again took possession [illegible] the capacity of trunks [illegible] was taxed to store away [illegible] riosities purchased.

[illegible] the Colorado river we [illegible] Southern California and [illegible] desert country for a con[illegible] distance, until as we ap[illegible] Central California the [illegible] and on entering the [illegible] valley our precon-

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JULY 11, 1901 — NO. 28

THE SPIRIT OF 76

HISTORY OF OUR FLAG

Betsy Ross and Congress 1777 Designed Old Glory.

A brief history of the flag of the United States may be appreciated here, as there are doubtless some whose views on the particular subject are a bit hazy. Its history is history and cannot but be interesting.

In the time of the Revolutionary war there lived in a little house on Arch street, Philadelphia, a young widow by the name of Betsy Ross. The house still stands and is known as No. 239. It was the second house built in Philadelphia, its bricks came over with William Penn in the ship Welcome.

Betsy Ross was known as an expert needlewoman and had made a name for herself in her calling. It is said, by some, that she made the ruffles for the shirts of George Washington. So when congress, June 14, 1777, appointed a committee, with George Ross, to design a flag, the committee very naturally went to Betsy. She made a rough draft of the flag, a design consisting of alternate red and white stripes and 13 six pointed stars on a background of blue. This she showed her, and she suggested the substitution of the five pointed star. The suggestion was approved, and the color of the stripes was prophetically selected by the red flag of the British and the white flag of the navy in use at the time previously.

The flag was adopted by congress June 14, 1777. Betsy soon after made John Maypole, and for years they held the contract for making the flags for the fleet in the Delaware. There is a record in the treasury department dated May, 1777, to pay Betsy $14 12s. 2d. for making flags for the Delaware river fleet.

And what of Betsy Maypole? The fingers are dust now, and she lies in Mount Moriah cemetery. She lived to the ripe age of 84 and died, but the flag of the Union forever will keep her memory.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Early Fourths in Boston.

Edward Everett Hale tells of the earliest Fourth of July celebration in his remembrance. It was the year 1833 and on that day for the first time a great chorus of school children sang "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." He speaks of a favorite poem of his which was much in evidence on the Fourth. It was written by a boy, and its beginning was:

Spread the fife and beat the drum,
Independence day has come.

It was just about this time that the character of the celebration of the anniversary of the birthday of American independence began to change. Bonfires were held as usual, but started to take the place of speeches the larger towns of the country. The declaration of Independence has always been a feature of the occasion.

The opening of trade with China began in the small firecracker. American factories soon found chances of making big ones. Now they hold the scepter and has reigned.—Boston Globe.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

Thousand Miles in Fifteen Days

[illegible] some of old, as I have been told [illegible] were imbued with the notion [illegible] lies of other somewhere would [illegible] forever [illegible] to perpetual motion [illegible] that the victory was won [illegible] from ocean to ocean, [illegible] unbounded way. [illegible] perpetual motion.

The Alabama Press Association met in Birmingham Saturday [illegible] after a most pleasurable existence of fifteen days, having traveled over a thousand miles, [illegible] two States and enjoyed [illegible] The trip was made pleasant by the residents, [illegible] generous hospitality [illegible] party comprised as great a crowd as ever [illegible] together.

The Association met in Montgomery June 21, and in the interest [illegible] business was hospitably entertained by the citizens of the capital city. Leaving Montgomery the evening of June 21, for Birmingham the Association proceeded to Memphis, where on their arrival the following morning they were royally entertained. Breakfast was provided for them and all the principal parts of the city were visited. After a stay of [illegible] hours the excursionists left Memphis City where they arrived the morning of June 23. But a stop was made here while the train was made up, and [illegible] we went across the fertile plains of Kansas where the wheat was being harvested and the corn [illegible] to perfection. We rushed through Topeka, without catching a glimpse of Mrs. Nation and on [illegible] for the rest of the day, passing through the southeast corner of Colorado during the night, arriving at Raton, New Mexico, for breakfast.

Raton appeared to be a nice little town, with small coal mines in the vicinity. The bracing atmosphere gave us a good appetite for breakfast. But time is short and we only sojourned four hours. On we go through Mexican towns with their adobe houses, picturesque inhabitants, [illegible] and valleys, river and all combining a magnificent panorama, [illegible] other in succession, [illegible] we arrive at Las Vegas. Here then on [illegible] of the day [illegible] Albuquerque. Here we [illegible] hours. Albuquerque is a thriving city that is [illegible] great. The town is [illegible] and has a [illegible] appearance. The evening passed there was delightfully pleasant.

Just after leaving Albuquerque we came across our first Indians. The red men and the squaws and papooses swarmed about the train and did a flourishing business in bows and arrows, [illegible] and pipes, and other [illegible]. But with a shriek and a [illegible] we are off again, passing into the State of Arizona in the night. Across the desert, through [illegible] mountains, we onward sped, admiring the scenery, enjoying the motion, exhilarated by the bracing climate, until at sunset we arrived at the Needles on the borders of California. Here the Indians again took possession and the capacity of trunks and valises was taxed to store away the curiosities purchased.

Leaving the Colorado river we entered Southern California and a desert country for a considerable distance, until as we advanced Central California the country changed and on entering the San Joaquin valley our preconceived notions of the fertility of the State began to be realized. Luxuriance reigned. There was a profusion of flowers and all vegetation appeared to exult in its own beauty. Fresno, the gem of the valley, was our first stopping place. As we alighted at the depot carriages were in waiting for us and carried us into town where we were the guests of the Commercial Club of Fresno at breakfast. We then were driven through miles of vineyards interspersed with orange groves, orchards of olives, peach, apricots, etc. At one elegant mansion in the midst of a bower of beautiful flowers and shrubs we were invited to alight and the carriages were soon a mass of bloom which served to enhance—if that were possible—the beauty of the fair ladies of Alabama who were absolutely delighted with the glory of their surroundings. We next visited the St. George vineyard, one of the largest wine making establishments in the world, where those who were so inclined sampled the products of the establishment. These vineyards, we were informed, were a few years ago desert land, and they have been converted into this fertile spot by irrigation. Some of us, I think, would have liked to have stayed there longer, but we were soon on the road back to the depot.

After leaving Fresno we passed through a beautiful country and arrived at Stockton in the afternoon. Our Stockton friends placed us on the electric cars and showed us the beauties of their thriving town. Then we had a glorious swim in an open pool. Afterwards carriages were again at our disposal and we visited the Stockton Woolen Mills and a large agricultural machinery works. Stockton impressed us very favorably and we were loth to leave, but the inexorable itinerary compelled us to go on and we arrived at San Francisco on Wednesday night, just five days after we had left Birmingham. Crossing the bay, the bright stars above us and the dark water beneath, with the innumerable lights of the city beckoning to us ahead, was a beautiful sight. It was cold, however, and overcoats were gladly donned.

San Francisco is a splendid city, the ninth largest as regards population, in the United States. It contains some magnificent buildings, fine streets and storehouses, although many streets are very steep, and above all a most hospitable people. Bright and early the next morning we were all on board "The Defiance" a tugboat specially chartered for our voyage of discovery down the beautiful bay of San Francisco. A band of music on board enlivened the proceedings and helped to enthuse a few of the more timid who dreaded sea-sickness. The weather was delightful, just cool enough to be pleasant, the sea as smooth as a mill pond, the sun shone brilliantly, and the salty taste of the light breeze was delicious to one whose earlier life was spent on the ocean wave. The Committee who had us in charge kindly indicated the different points of interest, one-tenth of which I cannot enumerate.

Down to the Golden Gate, the entrance to the mighty Pacific, through which so many of our gallant soldiers have passed never to return, we sailed a joyous company. The hills on both sides glistened as with gold in the fervid rays of the sun, the sea gull skimmed gracefully aloft, seamen on the various vessels we passed smiled cheerily at us, nature and man did

(continued on 2d col. page 4)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for those opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

Shoults.

Crops are looking fine and we are having plenty of rain in this section.

We are having lots of sickness round about here.

We had a picnic at this place on the Fourth and the day was beautiful for the occasion. But we can't say that everybody enjoyed the day, there was so much bug juice and swarming among the boys that no lady or gentleman could hardly enjoy themselves. Lots of our neighbors say they are done with picnics, and I am just about with them. In fact, some say the grand juries at Centreville and Clanton will have plenty of work to do from this section and the adjoining neighborhoods.

Well, Mr. Editor, as I have a friend writing to the Reflector, or at least he signs his name Big Ike's friend, so I will close for this time.

BIG IKE

It's your own fault if you use old-fashioned, greasy salves and liniments that soil your clothing and offend your olfactories, when you can get that very pleasant and stainless liquid, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It heals Cuts, Burns, etc., quicker and with less suffering than anything. Only 50 cts. at druggists and they like to sell it.

Maplesville.

Our town is bearing her usual health record; one of our greatest needs is a summer boarding house. Our houses are running over with health seekers.

Not many of us are reduced to the straights that Raney Sniffles was, but many are now enjoying delicious blackberry pies.

Plums were very plentiful but are now on the wane.

Myrk Smitherman has been here on business.

Miss Elsie Tilsdy has returned home to the regret of the many friends she made here by her charming manners.

Mr. Dave Garner is looking much more respectable since Master Richard Clay has come into his family; we hope this young man may never make him feel less so.

Mrs. Blalack has lately been visiting friends and relatives in the country.

Miss Della Blalack has been called to Riderville to see Mrs. Ed Blalack who has been quite ill. She has returned, bringing Master Owen Blalack with her, who has been on the sick list.

Dr. F. DuBose and wife have gone to Selma to see their son, Dr. Goodwin DuBose.

We are pleased to state that Mrs. N. A. Goodwin is convalescing from a serious attack.

Mesdames N. A. Saportas and R. D. Martin are on a visit to Mrs. F. M. Matthews, of Matthews, who is a sister to the first and class mate to the latter.

Mrs. Claughton is visiting relatives in Verbena.

Miss Celestia Dunlap and little sister are visiting friends here.

Mr. Stewart, of Stanton, was here on business lately.

Wheeler Foshee was restored to health in a few week here.

Our much needed rain came the 29th with much bravo, but no serious hurt from wind and lightning.

SUBSCRIBER.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early used of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Clanton drug co.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

NOTICE.

I will sell for cash, to the highest and best bidder, on

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1901,

Lot No. 1 (One) in Block No. 10 (Ten) in the Town of Clanton. Hour of sale 11 a.m.

The County will give a Warranty Deed to the purchaser.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate, Agent.

Macedonia.

Farmers in this section are about done work except plowing their cotton and working out late truck patches.

Prof. J. T. Martin will begin his school Monday.

Our people are making preparations for the 20th century meeting to be held at this place the 13th and 14th inst.

Those that attended the picnic at Clanton the Fourth report a very nice time.

The singing at Mulberry the 5th Sunday in June was a success, it was well attended, the singing good, and last, but not least, a good dinner and plenty of it.

The crop prospect in this section is good, though we are needing rain.

The picnic at Mr. Sims' the 4th near Mulberry, was enjoyed by all present.

The Showalter Normal at Clanton will soon be in session; some are making preparations to go; others should take advantage of this grand opportunity to study music, and more especially those that are expecting to teach, either vocal or instrumental music.

J. C. VEAZEY.

East Chilton

We are still needing rain in this section.

E. T. Connell, Jr., and family and Clop Ray and family, from near Prattville, visited friends and relatives here last week.

W. Kendrick, of Birmingham, visited parents at Burwell last week.

Mr. W. A. Goss is at home again.

Hester Kendrick spent Sunday in Clanton.

We are having a good deal of sickness in this community now.

We are sorry to say the little infant of Bill McKinney's is expected to die.

On Thursday evening, July 4, Sim Williams, colored, met with a horrible death. He was hauling logs for Pattillo Bros. and the log cutters in dislodging a tree, misjudged the direction in which it was falling and ran the wrong way. It caught Sim, crushing his head and breaking his limbs in several places. Another life was saved, only by Sim running over him and knocking him down.

J. C. Pattillo was right badly bruised last Thursday, his horse running away and throwing him out of the buggy. No more.

SUDON.

SURE FOAL GETTER

The Best and Largest Jack in the county will be found at W. W. KLINNER'S place, seven miles west of Kincheon.

FEE $8.00. GUARANTEED.

Another Big Fire at Clanton

TOTAL LOSS $13 500

For the second time within six months Clanton has suffered from the ravages of fire. Soon after one o'clock this (Thursday) morning the town was aroused by the cry of fire. The fire, which seems to be of incendiary origin, was discovered at B. E. Jones' store, the exterior wall being alight while the interior was still untouched. Nine buildings were totally destroyed. So far as we have been able to ascertain the following is the approximate loss:

BUILDINGS DESTROYED.		LOSS ON STOCK.	
Mrs. Wright	$1,000	E. M. Pinckard & Co.	$ 300
J. W. Edwards (Jones' store)	1,000	H. Touro	500
" (unoccupied)	500	Tipton Mullins	100
" (Broadhead's)	500	B. E. Jones	1000
Mrs. Garner	1,500	Dr. V. O. Campbelle	200
Albert Headley	700	Broadhead & Son	1000
Tipton Mullins	400	Will Kemp	1500
L. & N. Depot	1,200	Col. R. H. Knox	350
BUILDINGS DAMAGED.		John Rheinhardt	50
E. M. Pinckard & Co.	$ 100	Robt. Lake	50
Mrs. Johnson (Touro's store)	100	Dr. O. M. Wisehart	100
New Kicker (Sartor's store)	100	Col. Wm. Collier	50
Dr. Campbelle	100	W. M. McDaniel	100

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

If your bicycle becomes frightened and relieves itself of your avoirdupois, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic immediately—not to the bicycle—but to that part of your anatomy most feelingly affected by the law of gravitation. You'll be delighted with the result of the application. Keep a bottle in your "kit" for personal repairs. Only 50 cts. at drug stores.

Cedar Grove.

We are having plenty of rain.

Crops are good.

Had a jolly 4th.

Messrs. Jesse Foreman and Claud Thomas, of Elmore county, visited relatives and friends in our section the latter part of last week and some of our young ladies did their best to entertain them.

Mr. A. J. Foreman, of Bozeman, attended the singing Sunday.

Prof. Henry Thomas, accompanied by his wife, of Deatsville, visited the family of Jesse Hayes Saturday and Sunday.

The singing conducted by Prof. Thomas at the church Sunday was a grand success and was well attended.

Mr. Bill Baker, of near Clanton, visited the family of J. L. Baker Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Bay Collins, of Mulberry, visited his father, Mr. James Collins, Sunday.

Success to the Banner and its many readers. OLD PATCH.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against John Ray out of the goods, chattels, land and tenements of the said John Ray, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One barrel of flower, and one lot of merchandise.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named John Ray, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door, in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 8th day of July, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $5 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

The O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Since the discovery that golf leads to appendicitis that disease will probably become more fashionable than ever.

At the bicentenary of the Kingdom of Prussia the East Prussians collected 100,000 marks which the Kaiser has assigned for the education of boys who are no longer under the care of their parents.

Small potatoes are not to be sneezed at any longer. They are all used in the starch factories. About 16,600 tons of potato starch is made in this country every year. Here is where the small potato is just as good, so far as it goes, as the big one.

Street trees, properly planted and cared for, work a remarkable change in the value of residential property. Any one with doubts on this subject should look into the history of Washington, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Buffalo and other cities, where a comprehensive system of street planting has been carried into effect.

The inventors of names should find out a brighter and better word than "automobile"—something short and snappy. The "wheel" is easier to mention than the "bicycle." A fit word of a few letters should be chosen for the motors. And something Anglo-Saxon might be found to chase away the "chauffeurs." That is decidedly too foreign a term.

A consular report from Vienna gives results of the census recently taken in Austria-Hungary. It shows that the present population of the country is about 46,890,000, 19,200,000 of which is furnished by Hungary. During the last decade the population of Austria increased 9.3 percent. Hungary shows an increase of 10.7 percent for the last 10 years, which is slightly less than for the 10 years preceding.

The latest statistics of the Salvation army show that there are 732 corps now in the United States, with 24 food depots, which has furnished 110,000 monthly meals, and 190 social institutions for the poor, with a total daily accommodation in the same for 7200. The workingmen's hotels number 66 and the workingwomen have 6, with an aggregate of 6325 inmates. Five labor bureaus and three from colonies are established, the latter having 240 laborers. Other minor institutions and slum settlements number about 80 in all. The expenditure on all these institutions in 1900 was $253,000, of which $210,000 was raised by the work or the payments of inmates.

Minnesota is a poor place of residence for a man who does not want to support his wife and abandons her. The legislature has passed a law making wife abandonment a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year and not more than three, with a provision for a suspension of sentence providing the husband give bond to the state to support his wife and family. Under this law it is believed that deserting husbands can be arrested in and extradited from other states. If the law stands a proposed test it is not unlikely that other states may follow Minnesota's example. The courts have to deal with no more difficult problem than this, and the total annual expense to the public in caring for abandoned families must be enormous. So long as the husband remains in the same place with his family he can be got at and made to pay, but once out of the jurisdiction of the court, he is practically a free man.

The African quagga is extinct, and several families of antelopes have been wiped out of existence. Zebras are scarce, giraffes are few in number, the rhinoceros and hippopotamus are passing from view, but the helladotherium (hitherto only known through fossil remains found in Greece) still roam through the forests of Uganda. The helladotherium is of the size of an ox, its neck is a little longer, proportionately, than that of a horse, the ears like those of the ass with silky black fringes, the head taperlike and the nostrils like those of the giraffe. The forehead is a vivid red, and the neck, shoulders, stomach and back a deep reddish brown, and the hindquarters and legs and boldly striped in purplish black and white. Great is the helladotherium, for has it not survived the vicissitudes of two or more geological ages. And does its existence provide the narrators of tales about the sea serpent—that antediluvian leviathan of the deep—with badly needed evidence of their truthfulness?

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Thirty-Fifth Day.

Ten Minute Rule Adopted—Charitable, Educational and Religious Institutions Free.

There were 121 delegates present this morning. A ten minute rule on speaking was adopted, and the meetings will hereafter last from 9:30 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 3:30 to 6 p. m. Section 30 of the article on executive was finally adopted giving the governor the right to remove a sheriff during impeachment proceedings.

The discussion on section 5 of the article on taxation was taken up but was continued until the afternoon session in which 117 delegates participated. It was tabled. Sections 6 and 8 on the same were adopted. Section 6 exempts from taxation institutions of religious, charitable and educational nature: section 8 prohibits the state from collecting charges payable by the state from counties or corporations. Section 7 relating to city tax rate was tabled for the present and the discussion of section 9 relating to county indebtedness, was interrupted by adjournment.

Thirty-Sixth Day.

County Debts Limited to 3 1-2 Per Cent With Additional 1 1-2 Per Cent for Improvements.

One hundred and thirteen delegates began work this morning at 9:30. The committee on harmony got its first job when the article on executive was referred to it. Section 9 of the article on taxation was discussed freely and after much parliamentary practice, was adopted so that "no county shall become indebted in an amount greater than 3½ per cent of the taxable value of the property thereof," with a provision of 1½ per cent additional for buildings and bridges.

Section 10 was read before dinner and discussed after, 117 delegates participating. It refers to limiting cities and towns to 5 per cent taxation, providing that 3 per cent additional may be added for improvements. Final action was deferred. Adjourned until July 5.

Thirty-Seventh Day.

City Tax Limit Settled—Preamble Adopted and Section 1 of the Declaration of Rights.

The attendance this morning was 116 and the discussion on the city debt limit was resumed and continued into the afternoon session which was called to order by Dr. R. M. Cunningham and in which 111 delegates took part. Section 10 of the article on taxation was then adopted. It limits the taxation of towns under 6,000 population to 5 per cent including present indebtedness, and towns of more than 6,000 to 7 per cent.

The preamble and declaration of rights was then taken up. The former reads as in the old Constitution and was adopted.

Section 1 of the declaration of rights was then adopted, which reads: That all men are equally free and independent; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Thirty-Eighth Day.

A Good Day's Work—Nine Sections Adopted—Exemption Committee Reports — Juries.

One hundred and eleven delegates answered to their names at roll call Saturday morning, July 6th. It was decided to remain in session until 2 p. m. and then adjourn until 10 a. m. Monday.

The committee on exemptions made its report that the present article be re-enacted as it stands.

The convention took up the pending question, the declaration of rights, and adopted sections 3 to 11 inclusive.

Section 3 defines the state's political power. Section 4 prohibits joining church and state. Section 5 defines the liberty of the press. Section 6 defines ownership of property. Section 7 regulates rights of defendant in criminal cases. A minority report requiring statement in indictment of time and place of crime was tabled. Section 8 requires legal application of laws. Section 9 prescribes certain procedure in criminal cases. Gen. Oates offered an amendment giving a judge indictable powers in cases in which the grand jury find no true bills, but it was lost. Section 10 provides that no person shall be tried twice for the same offense. Section 11 bars no one from prosecuting civil cases.

Section 12 reads: That the rights of trial by jury shall remain inviolate. There was a minority report on this section signed by Samuel Blackwell, E. P. Wilson and T. J. Cornwell, recommending that in civil cases three-fourths of a jury should render a verdict. Discussion was in progress when adjournment was ordered.

Thirty-Ninth Day.

Jury System Not Changed—Twenty-Six Sections Adopted—Bad Day for Amendments.

Only 95 delegates were present this morning and but 87 in the afternoon, and more leaves of absence were granted. The first thing done was to rescind the resolution denying pay to absent delegates only when sick. After much debate the present jury system was left as it is by an almost unanimous vote, thus adopting section 12 of the article on declaration of rights.

In the afternoon sections 18 to 39 of the article on declaration of rights were adopted. This disposes of the entire article. An amendment was suggested to prohibit the whipping of convicts but it was lost. Gov. Oates suggested imprisonment for debt on wilful and flagrant fraud but this was tabled. The sections adopted are practically the same as in the old constitution.

HUNTSVILLE ENTERPRISES.

Incorporation papers will be filed Monday in Madison county, Lincoln county, Tennessee, and two Tennessee counties bordering on the Alabama line for an oil company with a capital of $100,000. The company is composed of several prominent business men, who are backed by New York capitalists. For several weeks past they have had agents in the field taking options on all property they could secure having indications of oil, and they have secured the rights on between 10,000 and 20,000 acres. The company intends to sink several wells.

The American Cotton Company is making arrangements to put in a dozen round bale cotton compresses in North Alabama this season.

The Gurney Handle Company will commence operations again Monday after an idleness of two months. The capacity of the plant has been doubled.

NEW EVIDENCE.

The body of H. C. Newell, of Mildale, was found on the railroad track at Reeders last week. He was supposed to have been killed by the cars. Monday, A. J. Simmons and Geo. Bullard were arrested charged with knowing something regarding his death. It is said that Mr. Newell had $100 when he left home. When his body was found there was no money on it, and the men arrested were the last seen with the deceased.

DAMAGE AT HUNTSVILLE.

A hail, rain and heavy wind storm did a great deal of damage in Madison county Monday night. Fruit trees and corn were prostrated and buildings were blown away. The residence of R. C. Ganter in West Huntsville was blown away by the wind.

Selma, Tuscaloosa and Demopolis are to have street fairs in October.

An interesting supreme court decision in New York holds that a woman in getting off a street car must be given time to gather up her skirts, in addition to time to step down from the car platform. It is further held that it is the conductor's duty to see that her skirts are clear of any car fittings or attachments before he starts the car. If he starts before he assures himself that they are free he is guilty of negligence. The court, on the other hand, does not consider that a woman is negligent to travel upon a car with a dress so long that it will be more likely to catch upon such appliances as necessarily extend above the platform, such as bell plungers, etc.

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A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the czar, in approving the recommendations of the commission on the reorganization of construction of high schools, wrote on the margin of the report: "I hope earnest consideration will also be given to strengthening the religious and moral education of our youth."

That the apple crop is actually worth more in cash, annually, than the wheat crop is a fact. The entire apple crop for 1900 was 215,000,000 of barrels. These, at $2 per barrel, would mean $430,000,000. The wheat crop does not average in value much over $300,000,000. The meaning of this is that we have got the world's market for our fruit, and are exporting nearly 4,000,000 of barrels per year. These bring in the European markets nearer $4 a barrel than $2. And still the export trade is increasing every year.

Fatalities and loss of property resulting from the celebration of the Fourth will not equal last year's record. The number actually killed is but nineteen in the whole country and but $60,000 property loss by fire. The number injured is 1,611.

A boy was caught by a balloon rope during a Fourth of July celebration in Iowa and carried into the next county. The aeronaut yelled to the boy to hang on. He did so and it saved his life and brought him from his admirers a $100 purse.

Seven expeditions are trying to reach the North Pole, the principal among them being the Zeigler-Baldwin expedition, led by Evelyn B. Baldwin, formerly of the weather bureau, financed by William Zeigler, of New York.

Twenty-one disciples of John Alexander Dowie visited Evanston, a Chicago suburb, Friday night, and, despite the efforts of the entire police force of the place, a mob of 1,000 people drove them out of town. Rotten eggs.

Few realize the rapidity with which the pen travels in the hand of an expert penman. For instance, even at the rate of thirty words a minute, at the end of an hour's steady writing, the pen has passed over a space of 300 yards.

His Royal Highness, the Dutch prince consort, owes $400,000, and his wife won't pay the debts. She thinks she has done enough in granting him $150,000 a year.

Western Tennessee is complaining of an epidemic of charbon. Over a thousand animals and some human beings have died from it in Bolivar county alone.

Another director of the Leipziger Bank, Karl Felix Schaeffer, committed suicide by shooting himself Friday.

The Cunard Steamer, Lucania, communicated by wireless telegraphy 65 miles through a fog Friday.

Honest bank clerks—and their name is legion—suffer every time a black sheep gets into the fold.

DOUBLE MURDER.

A double murder occurred in Arkansas last Friday in which Jim Johns, aged 17, and neice were murdered and their bodies placed in a burning building. When the fire had been extinguished by neighbors, it was found that the girl had been stabbed to the heart and her head crushed with an axe, while Johns had his head crushed and both arms broken. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the crime.

Omaha celebrated the Fourth with a genuine bull fight with professional toreadors from Mexico.

CHILDREN'S TRAGEDY.

Raymond L. Albers, a 13-year-old lad, Friday afternoon shot and killed Emanuel Koehler, a boy of 12 years, and then hanged himself. The affair happened in Albany, N. Y.

The body of Abraham Lincoln has been secretly removed to a private vault in the monument at Rigdely, Ill., as a safeguard against any attempt to carry it way.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

AMONG OUR LAWMAKERS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER

New Postal Regulations—The Weeklys in Canton — European Naval Station Re-established—Dewey Resigns — Conger Returns.

The postal department will institute a sweeping reform this week by barring from second-class mail privileges the large class of periodical publications which depends largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests, nominal subscription rates for circulation. The new order will not interfere with legitimate newspapers and similar periodicals, but it will end the abuse by which numerous publications load the mails with circulars produced wholly by offers or schemes that are either fraudulent or designed or reduce the circulation to nominal rates. It is also likely to exclude from books, which have secured admission as second-class matter. By the new regulation a vast amount of printed matter that is now paying the one cent rate will be charged eight cents a pound. The second-class mail has grown until it embraces nearly three-fourths of the entire weight of mail matter handled by the government, yet it brings in revenue of less than $4,000,000 a year out of the entire postal revenue of more than $110,000,000. While it carries about three-fourths of the weight it furnishes about one-thirtieth of the revenue. To handle and carry the second-class matter costs fully $60,000,000 a year more than the government receives for handling and carrying it.

The navy department has issued orders re-establishing the European station with Rear Admiral J. G. Cromwell in command. The cruiser Chicago is ordered to proceed to Rio and will be the flagship of the admiral. The Albany and Newark have sailed from Singapore on their way for the new station. The headquarters of the squadron will be designated by Admiral Cromwell and probably will be in the Mediterranean. Admiral Cromwell at Rio has acknowledged the receipt of his orders. It is expected that the rendezvous of the ships for the assembly will be Gibraltar.

The European station, although marked on the naval maps, has not been in actual existence since the Spanish war. The limits of the station are Port Said on the east and a line running north and south through the Atlantic from the southernmost point of Greenland to Para, Brazil, thence eastward. This includes the Azores, and all of the waters of Europe and North Africa. The last establishment of the European station is said to be entirely devoid of political significance and to be simply a move in the regular procedure of the navy to place the service in the same condition that it was prior to the war.

Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, has tendered his resignation to the president to take effect October 1. He has declared his intention of becoming a candidate for U. S. Senator from Illinois. It is stated on good authority that Mr. Dawes has recommended A. D. Lynch, late of the insolvent bank department of the comptroller's office, as his successor. Lynch is from Indianapolis.

Hon. Edwin Conger, United States minister to China, will sail on the 17th on the Nippon Maru for his post at Pekin.

The big naval tug Fortune, now at Boston, has been ordered by the navy department to proceed to South America to Puget Sound, 14,000 miles. The trip will be one of the longest on record for such a craft of this character.

The forces of the insurgent band in Bellarmino, which have been operating about Donsol, province of Sorsogon, have surrendered to Colonel Wint at Albay, with one thousand men and 214 guns.

General McArthur has sailed for Nagasaki where he will stay two weeks before coming to the United States.

The train bearing the president's party arrived at Canton, O., Friday. Mrs. McKinley stood the journey well and her condition remains favorable. Owing to Mrs. McKinley's illness there was no formal demonstration at the station. There was, however, a very large crowd present, completely filling the station platform. When the president and Mrs. McKinley stepped from the train a cheer of welcome went up

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Torrid Weather Not Conducive to Thoughts of Pleasant Nature.

BARTOW MAN QUOTES REV. BEECHER

Various Phases of Profanity Given—William the Incentive To Recount Incidents of the Bad Habit.

This horrid, torrid weather reminds me of what Henry Ward Beecher said in his church one sweltering day in July. He took no text. He wiped the perspiration from his brow and looking solemnly at the large congregation said: "It is hot today. It is land hot. It is as hot as hell." Everybody was amazed and shocked until he added, "That is the language I hear two young men use at the door of my church as I passed them. My friends, it is not as hot as hell." In his low earnest tone he pictured the torments of hell and the certainty of the wicked until the atmosphere of the church seemed to be more pleasant in comparison. The audience ceased to move their fans and the body was still and solemn as a funeral. It was something like Jonathan Edwards at Northampton when the people in his hearers so wrought up and agitated that they groaned in fear and grasped the posts and braces to keep from sinking into hell and another preacher in the pulpit begged Mr. Edwards to stop. Stop Mr. Edwards and tell them of the mercy and love of God. What wonderful power in the eloquent words of an earnest man. Mr. Beecher was a gifted eloquent man and I heard him preach twice before but it was profoundly impressive upon him as the impersonation of a man of God. Later on, however, in his vindictive war upon the South he said that Sharp's rifles were better than Bibles for John Brown's men, and it was a crime to shoot at a slave holder and miss him. I was in infatuation with the man and charmed with Isaiah, "How are the mighty fallen." And still later when he charged him with adulterating during his wife and family's absence months to try the case and in two days to make up a verdict he virtually said "He is a liar and he must not do so any more." I was mortified at my own weakness in coming his idolater and yet I will worship no man again without reserve. A great man's character should be made up until after he is dead.

But I was ruminating how it is for a young man to say "I'll be damned if I do" or "I'll be damned if I don't" take the name of God in vain when it is a more convenient and forceful word than dogon or dogone or blamed and it shows a defiance of the devil and a self-conceit in the man who uses it. But it is a very expletive and when a young man is in the habit of using it he loses force. He knows that it violates manners for he does not use it in the presence of ladies or preachers or his parents. Nevertheless there are good people who think damn is a saving it. I heard a good sister the other day on Colonel Livingston, a member of congress from the Atlanta district. Last summer he was over to West Virginia to speak and help the democrats in their campaign. He ventured into a pretty hot republican town, and was haranguing and electrifying a large audience while scarifying the republicans and this fighting administration, and a half done Irish potato took him kerplum right between the eyes. It knocked off his spectacles and flattened out a mush all over his classic countenance. It surprised and shocked him of course. Recovering his glasses he wiped the sticky stuff from his face and said with an excited tone, "My friends, I have been—I have been a consistent—a consistent member of the Presbyterian church—the Presbyterian church, I say, for more than more than fifty years—yes, fifty years and have tried to live—to live in harmony with all men—with men, but if the dirty, dogone, blamed puppy who threw that potato will stand up or raise his right hand I'll be—I'll be dadblasted if I don't stop speaking long enough to come down and lick the hair and hide off him in two minutes by the clock." Nobody rose or raised a hand. The colonel resumed his broken remarks and declares that he never came as near cursing since he joined the church.

This thing of cursing is of very ancient origin. Sometimes it was done by proxy. Balak, the king of Moab, hired Balaam to curse Israel, and some of us veterans remember when we wanted to hire a cussin man to spend our wrath upon the yankees for cursed and swore when accused of being one of the disciples. It is probable he said "I'll be damned if I am," or perhaps worse. Soldiers and sailors have in all ages been profane, the very class that are in greatest danger and should have the greatest respect for their Maker. Uncle Toby, says, "Our army swore terribly in Flanders." And Uncle Toby himself swore an oath when he found the poor soldier lying and dying at his gate. "He shall not die, by God," he said, and the accusing spirit flew up to heaven with the oath and blushed as it

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OXANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Since the discovery that golf leads to appendicitis that disease will probably become more fashionable than ever.

At the bicentenary of the Kingdom of Prussia the East Prussians collected 100,000 marks which the Kaiser has assigned for the education of boys who are no longer under the care of their parents.

Small potatoes are not to be sneezed at any longer. They are all used in the starch factories. About 16,600 tons of potato starch is made in this country every year. Here is where the small potato is just as good, so far as it goes, as the big one.

Street trees, properly planted and cared for, work a remarkable change in the value of residential property. Any one with doubts on this subject should look into the history of Washington, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Buffalo and other cities, where a comprehensive system of street planting has been carried into effect.

The inventors of names should find out a brighter and better word than "automobile"—something short and snappy. The "wheel" is easier to mention than the "bicycle." A fit word of a few letters should be chosen for the motors. And something Anglo-Saxon might be found to chase away the "chauffeurs." That is decidedly too foreign a term.

A consular report from Vienna gives results of the census recently taken in Austria-Hungary. It shows that the present population of the country is about 46,890,000, 19,200,000 of which is furnished by Hungary. During the last decade the population of Austria increased 9.3 percent. Hungary shows an increase of 10.7 percent for the last 10 years, which is slightly less than for the 10 years preceding.

The latest statistics of the Salvation army show that there are 732 corps now in the United States, with 24 food depots, which has furnished 110,000 monthly meals, and 190 social institutions for the poor, with a total daily accommodation in the same for 7200. The workingmen's hotels number 66 and the workingwomen have 6, with an aggregate of 6325 inmates. Five labor bureaus and three from colonies are established, the latter having 240 laborers. Other minor institutions and slum settlements number about 80 in all. The expenditure on all these institutions in 1900 was $253,000, of which $210,000 was raised by the work or the payments of inmates.

Minnesota is a poor place of residence for a man who does not want to support his wife and abandons her. The legislature has passed a law making wife abandonment a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year and not more than three, with a provision for a suspension of sentence providing the husband give bond to the state to support his wife and family. Under this law it is believed that deserting husbands can be arrested in and extradited from other states. If the law stands a proposed test it is not unlikely that other states may follow Minnesota's example. The courts have to deal with no more difficult problem than this, and the total annual expense to the public in caring for abandoned families must be enormous. So long as the husband remains in the same place with his family he can be got at and made to pay, but once out of the jurisdiction of the court, he is practically a free man.

The African quagga is extinct, and several families of antelopes have been wiped out of existence. Zebras are scarce, giraffes are few in number, the rhinoceros and hippopotamus are passing from view, but the helladotherium (hitherto only known through fossil remains found in Greece) still roam through the forests of Uganda. The helladotherium is of the size of an ox, its neck is a little longer, proportionately, than that of a horse, the ears like those of the ass with silky black fringes, the head taperlike and the nostrils like those of the giraffe. The forehead is a vivid red, and the neck, shoulders, stomach and back a deep reddish brown, and the hindquarters and legs and boldly striped in purplish black and white. Great is the helladotherium, for has it not survived the vicissitudes of two or more geological ages. And does its existence provide the narrators of tales about the sea serpent—that antediluvian leviathan of the deep—with badly needed evidence of their truthfulness?

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Thirty-Fifth Day.

Ten Minute Rule Adopted—Charitable, Educational and Religious Institutions Free.

There were 121 delegates present this morning. A ten minute rule on speaking was adopted, and the meetings will hereafter last from 9:30 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 3:30 to 6 p. m. Section 30 of the article on executive was finally adopted giving the governor the right to remove a sheriff during impeachment proceedings.

The discussion on section 5 of the article on taxation was taken up but was continued until the afternoon session in which 117 delegates participated. It was tabled. Sections 6 and 8 on the same were adopted. Section 6 exempts from taxation institutions of religious, charitable and educational nature: section 8 prohibits the state from collecting charges payable by the state from counties or corporations. Section 7 relating to city tax rate was tabled for the present and the discussion of section 9 relating to county indebtedness, was interrupted by adjournment.

Thirty-Sixth Day.

County Debt Limited to 3 1-2 Per Cent With Additional 1 1-2 Per Cent for Improvements.

One hundred and thirteen delegates began work this morning at 9:30. The committee on harmony got its first job when the article on executive was referred to it. Section 9 of the article on taxation was discussed freely and after much parliamentary practice, was adopted so that "no county shall become indebted in an amount greater than 3½ per cent of the taxable value of the property thereof," with a provision of 1½ per cent additional for buildings and bridges.

Section 10 was read before dinner and discussed after, 117 delegates participating. It refers to limiting cities and towns to 5 per cent taxation, providing that 3 per cent additional may be added for improvements. Final action was deferred. Adjourned until July 5.

Thirty-Seventh Day.

City Tax Limit Settled—Preamble Adopted and Section 1 of the Declaration of Rights.

The attendance this morning was 116 and the discussion on the city debt limit was resumed and continued into the afternoon session which was called to order by Dr. R. M. Cunningham and in which 111 delegates took part. Section 10 of the article on taxation was then adopted. It limits the taxation of towns under 6,000 population to 5 per cent including present indebtedness, and towns of more than 6,000 to 7 per cent.

The preamble and declaration of rights was then taken up. The former reads as in the old Constitution and was adopted.

Section 1 of the declaration of rights was then adopted, which reads: That all men are equally free and independent; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Thirty-Eighth Day.

A Good Day's Work—Nine Sections Adopted—Exemption Committee Reports — Juries.

One hundred and eleven delegates answered to their names at roll call Saturday morning, July 6th. It was decided to remain in session until 2 p. m. and then adjourn until 10 a. m. Monday.

The committee on exemptions made its report that the present article be re-enacted as it stands.

The convention took up the pending question, the declaration of rights, and adopted sections 3 to 11 inclusive.

Section 3 defines the state's political power. Section 4 prohibits joining church and state. Section 5 defines the liberty of the press. Section 6 defines ownership of property. Section 7 regulates rights of defendant in criminal cases. A minority report requiring statement in indictment of time and place of crime was tabled. Section 8 requires legal application of laws. Section 9 prescribes certain procedure in criminal cases. Gen. Oates offered an amendment giving a judge indictable powers in cases in which the grand jury find no true bills, but it was lost. Section 10 provides that no person shall be tried twice for the same offense. Section 11 bars no one from prosecuting civil cases.

Section 12 reads: That the rights of trial by jury shall remain inviolate. There was a minority report on this section signed by Samuel Blackwell, E. P. Wilson and T. J. Cornwell, recommending that in civil cases three-fourths of a jury should render a verdict. Discussion was in progress when adjournment was ordered.

Thirty-Ninth Day.

Jury System Not Changed—Twenty-Six Sections Adopted—Bad Day for Amendments.

Only 95 delegates were present this morning and but 87 in the afternoon, and more leaves of absence were granted. The first thing done was to rescind the resolution denying pay to absent delegates only when sick. After much debate the present jury system was left as it is by an almost unanimous vote, thus adopting section 12 of the article on declaration of rights.

In the afternoon sections 18 to 39 of the article on declaration of rights were adopted. This disposes of the entire article. An amendment was suggested to prohibit the whipping of convicts but it was lost. Gov. Oates suggested imprisonment for debt on wilful and flagrant fraud but this was tabled. The sections adopted are practically the same as in the old constitution.

HUNTSVILLE ENTERPRISES.

Incorporation papers will be filed Monday in Madison county, Lincoln county, Tennessee, and two Tennessee counties bordering on the Alabama line for an oil company with a capital of $100,000. The company is composed of several prominent business men, who are backed by New York capitalists. For several weeks past they have had agents in the field taking options on all property they could secure having indications of oil, and they have secured the rights on between 10,000 and 20,000 acres. The company intends to sink several wells.

The American Cotton Company is making arrangements to put in a dozen round bale cotton compresses in North Alabama this season.

The Gurney Handle Company will commence operations again Monday, after an idleness of two months. The capacity of the plant has been doubled.

NEW EVIDENCE.

The body of H. C. Newell, of Mildale, was found on the railroad track at Reeders last week. He was supposed to have been killed by the cars. Monday, A. J. Simmons and Geo. Bullard were arrested charged with knowing something regarding his death. It is said that Mr. Newell had $100 when he left home. When his body was found there was no money on it, and the men arrested were the last seen with the deceased.

DAMAGE AT HUNTSVILLE.

A hail, rain and heavy wind storm did a great deal of damage in Madison county Monday night. Fruit trees and corn were prostrated and buildings were blown away. The residence of R. C. Ganter in West Huntsville was blown away by the wind.

Selma, Tuscaloosa and Demopolis are to have street fairs in October.

An interesting supreme court decision in New York holds that a woman in getting off a street car must be given time to gather up her skirts, in addition to time to step down from the car platform. It is further held that it is the conductor's duty to see that her skirts are clear of any car fittings or attachments before he starts the car. If he starts before he assures himself that they are free he is guilty of negligence. The court, on the other hand, does not consider that a woman is negligent to travel upon a car with a dress so long that it will be more likely to catch upon such appliances as necessarily extend above the platform, such as bell plungers, etc.

The death in Balse of Emilie Kempin recalled an era that already seems ancient. Its date was 1889. There was then in New York City no opportunity for a woman to study law; nor had any woman advocate invaded the city, though the legislature had in 1886 legalized the admission to the bar of the gentler sex. Mme. Kempin graduated in 1886 from the University of Zurich, but meeting with opposition in her application for a law professorship she came to New York City, where she applied for admission as a law student at Columbia. Her application was refused, but she was permitted to attend the classes as a "visitor." In the fall of 1889 she founded the first women's law class in the city. Later she returned to Europe. The number of women lawyers in the metropolis is not yet great—not so great proportionally as in Boston or in the west—but enough have entered the profession to remove such action from the realm of experiment. Truly an amazing change for a single decade to have witnessed.

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THE CZAR'S COMMENT.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the czar, in approving the recommendations of the commission on the reorganization of construction of high schools, wrote on the margin of the report: "I hope earnest consideration will also be given to strengthening the religious and moral education of our youth."

That the apple crop is actually worth more in cash, annually, than the wheat crop is a fact. The entire apple crop for 1900 was 215,000,000 of barrels. These, at $2 per barrel, would mean $430,000,000. The wheat crop does not average in value much over $300,000,000. The meaning of this is that we have got the world's market for our fruit, and are exporting nearly 4,000,000 of barrels per year. These bring in the European markets nearer $4 a barrel than $2. And still the export trade is increasing every year.

Fatalities and loss of property resulting from the celebration of the Fourth will not equal last year's record. The number actually killed is but nineteen in the whole country and but $60,000 property loss by fire. The number injured is 1,611.

A boy was caught by a balloon rope during a Fourth of July celebration in Iowa and carried into the next county. The aeronaut yelled to the boy to hang on. He did so and it saved his life and brought him from his admirers a $100 purse.

Seven expeditions are trying to reach the North Pole, the principal among them being the Zeigler-Baldwin expedition, led by Evelyn B. Baldwin, formerly of the weather bureau, financed by William Zeigler, of New York.

Twenty-one disciples of John Alexander Dowie visited Evanston, a Chicago suburb, Friday night, and, despite the efforts of the entire police force of the place, a mob of 1,000 people drove them out of town. Rotten eggs.

Few realize the rapidity with which the pen travels in the hand of an expert penman. For instance, even at the rate of thirty words a minute, at the end of an hour's steady writing, the pen has passed over a space of 300 yards.

His Royal Highness, the Dutch prince consort, owes $400,000, and his wife won't pay the debts. She thinks she has done enough in granting him $150,000 a year.

Western Tennessee is complaining of an epidemic of charbon. Over a thousand animals and some human beings have died from it in Bolivar county alone.

Another director of the Leipziger Bank, Karl Felix Schaeffer, committed suicide by shooting himself Friday.

The Cunard Steamer, Lucania, communicated by wireless telegraphy 65 miles through a fog Friday.

Honest bank clerks—and their name is legion—suffer every time a black sheep gets into the fold.

DOUBLE MURDER.

A double murder occurred in Arkansas last Friday in which Jim Johns, aged 17, and neice were murdered and their bodies placed in a burning building. When the fire had been extinguished by neighbors, it was found that the girl had been stabbed to the heart and her head crushed with an axe, while Johns had his head crushed and both arms broken. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the crime.

Omaha celebrated the Fourth with a genuine bull fight with professional toreadors from Mexico.

CHILDREN'S TRAGEDY.

Raymond L. Albers, a 13-year-old lad, Friday afternoon shot and killed Emanuel Koehler, a boy of 12 years, and then hanged himself. The affair happened in Albany, N. Y.

The body of Abraham Lincoln has been secretly removed to a private vault in the monument at Rigdely, Ill., as a safeguard against any attempt to carry it way.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

AMONG OUR LAWMAKERS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

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New Postal Regulations—The Troubles in Canton—European Naval Station Re-established—Dewey Resigns — Conger Returns.

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But I was ruminating how easy it is for a young man to say damn and damn it, I'll be damned and even to take the name of God in vain. Damn is a more convenient and expressive word than dogon or dingnation. Blamed and it shows a defiance of the devil and a self-conceit in the man who uses it. But it is a very handy expletive and when a young man gets in the habit of using it he rarely reforms. He knows that it is not good manners, for he does not use it in the presence of ladies or preachers or his parents. Nevertheless, there are some good people who think damn it without saying it. I heard a good story the other day on Colonel Livingston, a member of congress from the Atlanta district. Last summer he was sent over to West Virginia to speak and help the democrats in their canvass. He ventured into a pretty hot republican town and was haranguing and electrifying a large audience, and while scarifying the republicans and this fighting administration, a half done Irish potato took him kerplum right between the eyes. It knocked off his spectacles and flattened them mush all over his classic countenance. It surprised and shocked him of course. Recovering his glasses he wiped the sticky stuff from his face and said with an excited tone "My friends, I have been—I have been a consistent—a consistent member of the Presbyterian church—the Presbyterian church, I say, for more than more than fifty years—yes, fifty years, and have tried to live—tried to live in harmony with all men—with men, but if the dirty, cogoned, blamed puppy who threw that potato will stand up or raise his right hand I'll be—I'll be dadblasted if I don't stop speaking long enough to come down and lick the hair and hide off him in two minutes by the clock." Nobody rose or raised a hand, the colonel resumed his broken remarks. He declares that he never came as near cursing since he joined the church.

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But this is enough on this subject. It is too hot to work in the garden, and so I get in the shade of the vines on my verandah and ruminate. Judge Griggs, our honored member of congress, tells that story on Colonel Livingston and he told another that will make the old men forget that it is hot, for they never get too old to enjoy any story that has a pretty woman in it. One of the last cases brought before the judge was a young unsophisticated country boy who was charged with an assault upon a bonnie country girl in that he had caught her at the spring and hugged and kissed her against her will. Her mother saw it from the piazza and heard her scream and saw him run away to the field where he was plowing. She was very indignant, and prosecuted him. She was the witness and so was the girl, but the girl dident seem very vindictive. She said he dident hurt her, but took her by surprise. She had filled her bucket and was about to go back when he caught her, hugged her and kissed her right on the mouth. The solicitor closed his case. The young man was put up to make his statement, and all he said was she looked so sweet and pretty he couldent help it, and he dident believe Miss Molly was very mad about it nohow, for she went off singing of a hyme. "What hyme was she singing?" asked the judge. "I don't know," he said. "What hyme were you singing, Miss Molly?" asked the judge. She smiled and said it was "The Lord Will Provide." The judge charged the jury very mildly and told them that an assault implied malice, etc., but as the jury couldent see where the malice came in, they came back with this verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty, as there was no malice or hate in it, and we recommend him to the mercy of the court." This story reminds me of John Riley's verdict in the Pass case. Good old John Riley, the foreman of The Rome Courier's pressroom for years and years, and the foreman of the jury in the case of the state against Romulus Pass for hog stealing. Pass had been suspected of killing Wallis Warren's shoats as they ran in the woods, and so Wallis laid for him and one evening about dusk, when he heard a rifle shot, he slipped up and caught Pass in the very act of putting the shoat in a sack. Wallis dident go to the war and managed to save his stock. Pass went, and left his wife and three little children to the mercy of God and the community. When he returned he found there was nothing left to live on, and one of the children had died. Judge Wright volunteered to defend him, and introduced no evidence, but had the last speech. I will never forget the tender pathos of that speech—his picture of a poor soldier returning home to find desolation and despair. He never alluded to the evidence, but had the jury and the court in tears. The judge charged them as fairly as he could, and they retired. In a brief time they came in with this verdict: "Whereas, the late unhappy war reduced many of our brave soldiers and their families to want and poverty by reason of which they were forced at times to wander in the woods for such game as they could find in order to keep the wolf from the door and their little ones from starvation; therefore, we, the jury, find the defendant not guilty. John Riley, foreman."

"By gracious!" said Wallis, "they found Pass guilty and then pardoned him." Judge Wright never lost a case where he had the last speech and a woman or a poor man was his client.

But it is getting a little cooler now as the sun nears the horizon. I must stop and turn the water loose on my garden. The city has no water meters yet, and I can steal water with impunity, but, as the nigger preacher said to his flock, "You musent be cotched stealin' chickens—cotched, I say."—Bill Arp in Atlanta Constitution.

A statistician has taken a census of American authors, and found that they number 7500, adding to his published report some comment showing that he is quite amazed at their multitude. The New York Mail and Express, on the other hand, is astonished to learn that there are so few. Offhand, it would seem as if there were at least 7500 young men and maidens, old men and matrons, busy with the writing of books east of the Alleghanies alone. There are now large tracts of author-producing soil in the Middle West, the Southwest and on the Pacific slope. These, added to New England, where there is an author to every few square miles—Boston and suburbs alone having 3333—make such a large area that, exclaims the Mail and Express, it is amazing to learn that there are in this great country only 7500 people all told who write books for a living, for pleasure, or in the service of literature, science and art.

Physiognomists assert that the character of a person is shown by the size and shape of his ears. Dr. Keith, an English specialist, says that as the result of studying the ears of more than 40,000 people, including 800 criminals and 2000 insane persons, besides those of 300 animals, he is forced to conclude that the ears give us no clue to personal traits.

OLD MERRIMAC RIVER CHIEFS.

An Interesting Story of the Last of the Sachems.

Few Massachusetts families—even those with real blue blood in their veins—know that Passaconway and his band of Indians were the leaders in high society in the Merrimac River Valley. But that is so. They settled on the river banks and some of its picturesque islands, and in 1628 there was a great wedding for those days, the bride being the chief's daughter, Witamu, and the groom none other than the sachem of the Saugus. The story of all these things, and many others of interest, was told by Dr. Charles Cowley, of Lowell, at a stated meeting of the New England Historic Genealogical Society.

Passaconway seems to have had close relations with the Government authorities of the white settlers. In 1632, without waiting for a requisition, he caused a murderer to be arrested and delivered to the colonial authorities for punishment. In 1642, suspecting a conspiracy to extirpate the English the colonists sent armed men to arrest the Indians, forty being selected to get Passaconway. They could not find him, but got his son and led him along with a rope. In 1649 the Merrimac Indians were visited by Eliot; they and Passaconway heard the missionary willingly. In 1662, Pasaconway petitioned the Legislature for part of the land he and his people formerly occupied, and the petition was granted. The date of Pasaconway's death and the place of his burial were alike unknown.

He was succeeded by his son, Wonolonset, the last of the Merrimac River sachems. He obtained a grant of 100 acres of land from the Legislature on the ground that he had a great many children and no planting ground, but in 1665 he gave up this grant for the possession of an island in the Merrimac of much smaller area. The conversion of Wonolonset to Christianity was described.

In 1675, when King Phillip's war broke out, Wonolonset and his braves took to the woods. This only intensified the fears of the colonists, and Captain Mosely and 100 men were sent in pursuit. The fort occupied by Wonolonset was found deserted, but the soldiers barbarously burned all the wigwams, also destroying all the dried fish the Indians had prepared for the winter. The Indians were in the woods, and wanted to fire on the troops, but Wonolonset restrained them, and then took his men still further into the wilderness. On one occasion thirty of them were treacherously massacred in the presence of Wonolonset. But this did not prevent Wonolonset from subsequently giving information to the colonists of the approach of a party of hostile Indians. Finally, Wonolonset and his men went to Canada and there joined the St. Francis Indians. His friendly services were tardily and poorly appreciated by the colonists, many of whom did not distinguish between friendly and hostile Indians.

For some years Wonolonset was provided for by the Province. He died in 1696. In a few days, the speaker said, it was purposed to cut an inscription to his memory in a boulder on one of the islands of the Merrimac.—Boston Transcript.

The Worship of the Golden Calf.

When I saw a dying broker clutch the cyphered tape at the ticker as he watched his fortune ebbing away; when the maddened throng, in their frenzy lost to all sense of the mystery of life and death, hustled out the body of the dead broker that there might be more room for stampede in the sagging of the market; when the gilded sign was erased from the marble slab, announcing another failure; when I saw strong men tremble with lip and eyelid, and burst into tears; when I saw the haggard faces of grey-haired women in weeds and the fading blight upon the beauty of American girls; when the storm of wild and piteous shrieks filled the air, I thought if these scenes and emotions were connected with anything else—it would be called religious or political fanaticism.

We call it trade—business—financial "operations;" the genius of gambling is deified and on the altar glitters the grinning golden calf. Frequent warnings may be of no avail, but the handwriting flashed forth on the heavy clouds, proclaiming to vaulting ambition, o'er leaping itself, Halt!—The National Magazine.

Where the Automobile is Used.

With the increase of endurance and the perfection of motive power and mechanical parts, the automobile has grown popular. A crippled beggar in Paris, who formerly propelled himself by hand in a cart, recently bought a one-horse power machine, and is now making money by running errands. A public service is to be established in Honolulu. Routes are being laid out in Madagascar. The King of England is having a car de luxe built in Paris. Socialists are to make a propagandist tour through Pennsylvania in a machine of their own. Emperor William has been offering cups for contests. The London and New York fire departments are both using autos, and a self-moving fire engine has been in use for years in Hartford, Conn. The State Department of this country has requested our consuls abroad to furnish it with the rules governing the operation of automobiles in foreign cities. The list of significant things is almost endless.—The World's Work.

Among other lines of manufacture in which Baltimore leads the world is that of making showcases, and not only does Baltimore's output exceed that of any other city on the globe, but it was also one of the first to construct this useful article.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Control Your Temper—Why One May Have a Wholesome Indignation—Sins That We Should Be Angry With—Pity the Sinner.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A delicate and difficult duty is by Dr. Talmage in this discourse urged upon all and especially upon those given to quick temper; text, Ephesians iv, 26, "Be ye angry and sin not."

Equipoise of temper, kindness, patience, forbearance, are extolled by most of the radiant pens of inspiration, but my text contains that which at first sight is startling. A certain kind of anger is approved; aye, we are commanded to indulge in it. The most of us have no need to cultivate high temper, and how often we say things and do things under affronted impulse which we are sorry for when perhaps it is too late to make effective apology! Why, then, should the apostle Paul dip his pen in the ink horn and trace upon paper for all ages, the injunction, "Be ye angry and sin not?"

My text compends a wholesome indignation. It discriminates between the offence and the offender, the sin and the sinner, the crime and the criminal.

To illustrate, alcoholism has ruined more fortunes, blasted more homes, destroyed more souls than any evil that I think of. It pours a river of poison and fire through the nations. Millions have died because of it, and millions are dying now, and others will die. Intemperance is an old sin. The great Cyrus, writing to the Lacedemonians of himself, boasted of many of his qualities, among others that he could drink and bear more wine than his distinguished brother. Louis X. and Alexander the Great died drunk. The Parliament of Edinburgh in 1661 is called in history "the drunken Parliament." Hugh Miller, first stonemason and afterward a world renowned geologist, writes of the drinking habits of his day, saying: "When the foundation was laid, they drank. When the walls were leveled for laying, they drank. When the building was finished, they drank. When an apprentice joined, they drank." In the eighteenth century the giver of an entertainment boasted that none of the guests went home sober. Noah, the first ship captain, was wrecked not in the ark, for that was safely landed, but he was wrecked with strong drink. Every man or woman rightly constructed will blush with indignation at the national and international and hemispheric and planetary curse. It is good to be aroused against it. You come out of that condition a better man or a better woman. Be ye angry at that abomination, and the more anger the more exaltation to character. But that aroused feeling becomes sinful when it extends to the victim of this great evil. Drunkenness you are to hate with a vivid hatred, but the drunkard you are to pity, to help to extricate.

Just take into consideration that there are men and women who once were as upright as yourself who have been prostrated by alcoholism. Perhaps it came of a physician's prescription for the relief of pain, a recurrence of the pain calling for a continuance of the remedy. Perhaps the grandfather was an inebriate, and the temptation to inebriety, leaping over a generation, has swooped on this unfortunate. Perhaps it was a very gradual chaining of the man with the beverage which was thought to be a servant, when one day it announced itself master. Be humble now, and admit that there is a strong probability that under the same circumstances you yourself might have been captured. The two appropriate emotions for you to allow are indignation at the intoxicant which enthralled and sympathy for the victim. Try to get the sufferer out of his present environment. Recommend any hygienic relief that you know of, and, above all, implore the divine rescue for the struggle in which so many of the noblest and grandest have been worsted. Do not give yourself up to too many philippics about what the man ought to have been and ought to have done. While your cheek flushes with wrath at the foe that has brought the ruin, let your eye be mositened with tears of pity for the sufferer. In that way you will have fulfilled the injuction of the text, "Be ye angry and sin not."

There is another evil the abhorrence of which you are all called to, and it is on the increase—the gambling practice. Recent developments show that much of this devastation is being wrought in ladies' parlors. It is an evil which sometimes is as polite and gracious as it is harmful. Indeed there never were so many people trying to get money without earning it. But it is a haggard transgression that comes down to us from the past, blighting all its way.

I have seen in the archives of the nation in this national capital a large book in which one of the early Presidents of the United States kept an account in his own handwriting of gains and losses at playing cards, on one page the gains and on the other the losses, and there are many pages. In other days many of national reputation went from the halls of Congress and the Senate chamber to spend the night in notorious gambling saloons.

In Spain a don lost in twenty-four hours what equals $12,000,000. Twenty years ago it was estimated that the average gambling exchange of money throughout Christendom exceeded $123,100,000,000 a year, but statistics twenty years ago would be tame compared with the present statistics if we could find any one able enough at figures to tabulate them. It is all the same spirit of gambling whether the instruments are cards or the clicking chips or the turning wheel or the bids of the Stock Exchange, where people sell what they never owned and fail because they cannot get paid for it. A prominent banker tells me that he thinks 50,000 people were financially prostrated by the recent insanities in Wall street. Here and there a case is reported, but the vast majority suffer in silence. The children are brought home from school; the wardrobe will be denied replenishment; the table will have scant supply; wild generosity will be turned into grim want. Forty years from now will be felt the disaster of last month's black Thursday.

But, while you are hotly indignant against the crime, how do you feel about those who were fleeced and slain? They did not know that their small boat was so near the maelstrom. Some of them were born with a tendency to recklessness and experiment and hazard. They inherited a disposition to tempt chance. Do not heap on them additional discouragements. Do not deride their losses. Help them to start again. Show them that there are more fortunes to be gained than have yet been gathered, and that with God for their friend they will be provided for here, and through the Saviour's mercy they may reign forever in the land where there are no losses and infinite gains. While you may redden in the face at the fact that gambling is the disgraceful mother of multitudious crimes, of envies, jealousies, revenges, quarrels, cruelties, falsehoods, forgeries, suicides, murders and despair, be careful what you say to the victim of the vice and what you do. He needs more sympathy than the man who caste up from inebriety and debauch and assassination, for many such repent and are saved, but confirmed gamblers hardly ever reform. During the course of a prolonged ministry I have seen thousands redeemed, many of them who were clear gone in sin, by Almighty grace rescued. In all parts of this land and in some parts of other lands I have seen those who were given up as incorrigible and lost recovered for God and heaven, but how many confirmed gamblers have I seen converted from their evil ways? A thousand? No. Five hundred? No. Fifty? No. Two? No. One? No. I read in a book of one such rescued. I have no doubt there have been other cases, but no evil does its work so thoroughly and eternally as gambling. Such almost hopelessness of reformation ought to call forth from you deeper sympathy than you feel for any other unfortunate. Pity, by all means, for those who, shipwrecked and bruised among the timbers, have nevertheless climbed up to the fisherman's cabin and found warmth and shelter, but more pity for those who never reach shore, but are dashed to death in the breakers. Be angry at the sin, but sympathize with its victims.

There is another sin that we are oftentimes called to be angry with, and that is fraud. We all like honesty, and when it is sacrificed we are vehement in denunciation. We hope that the detective will soon come upon the track of the absconding bank official, of the burglar who blew up the safe, of the clerk who skilfully changed the figures in the account book, of the falsifier who secured the loan on valueless property, of the agent who because of his percentage wrongfully admits a man to the benefit of a life insurance policy when his heart is ready to stop and who comes from an ancestry characteristically short lived. One act of fraud told of in big headlines in the morning papers rightfully arouses the nation's wrath. It is the interest of every good man and good woman who reads of the crime to have it exposed and punished. Let it go unscathed, and you put a premium on fraud, you depress public morals, you induce those who are on the fence between right and wrong to go down on the wrong side, and you put the business of the world on a down grade. The constabulary and penitentiary must do their work. But while the merciless and the godless cry, "Good for him—I am glad he is within the prison doors!" be it your work to find out if that man is worth saving and what were the causes of his moral overthrow. Perhaps he started in business life under a tricky firm, who gave him wrong notions of business integrity; perhaps there was a combination of circumstances almost unparalleled for temptation, perhaps there were alleviations, perhaps he was born wrong and never got over it, perhaps he did not realize what he was doing, and if you are a merciful man you will think of other perhapses which, though they will not excuse, will extenuate. Perhaps he has already repented and is washed in the blood of the Lamb, and is as sure of heaven as you are.

What an opportunity you have now for obeying my text! You were angry at the misdemeanor, but you are hopeful for the recovery of the recalcitrant. Blessed all prison reformers! Blessed are those Governors and Presidents who are glad when they have a chance to pardon! Blessed the forgiving father who welcomes home the prodigal! Blessed the dying thief whom the Lord took with Him to glory, saying, "This day shalt thou be with Me in paradise."

There is another evil that we ought to abhor while we try to help the victim, and that is infidelity. It snatches the life preserver from the man afloat and affords not so much as a spar or a plank as substitute. It would extinguish the only light that has ever been kindled for the troubled and the lost. Let the spirit of infidelity take hold of a neighborhood, and in that town the marriage relation is a farce, and good morals give place to all styles of immorals. Let it take possession of this earth, and there would be no virtue left in all the world's circumference.

I think if a famous infidel of our time instead of being taken away instantaneously had died in his bed after weeks and months of illness he would have revoked his teachings and left for his beloved family consolations which they could not find in obsequies at which not one word of holy Scripture was read or at Fresh Pond crematory, where no Christian benediction was pronounced. I do not positively say that in a prolonged illness there would have been a retraction, but I think there would.

I say to all young men hoping to achieve financial, moral or religious success, control your tempers. Do not let criticism or rebuff defeat you. Verdi, the great musician, applied to become a student in the Conservatory of Music at Milan, and he was rejected by the director, who said that he could make nothing of the newcomer, as he showed no disposition for music. But the criticism did not exasperate or defeat him. The most of those who have largely succeeded in all departments were characterized by self control. In battle they could calmly look at the bomb thrown at their feet, wondering whether it would explode. In commercial life, when panics smote the city, these men were placid, while others were yelling themselves hoarse at the Stock Exchange. While others nearly swooned because a certain stock had gone 400 points down they calmly waited until it would get 100 points up. While the opposing attorney in the courtroom frothed at the mouth with rage because of something said on the other side he of the equipoise put a glass of water to his lips in refreshment and proceeded with the remark, "As I was saying when the gentleman interrupted me." Self control! What a glorious thing! We want it in the doctor feeling the pulse of one desperately ill; we want it in the engineer when the headlight of another train comes round the curve on the same track; we want it in Christian men and women in times when so much in church and state seems going to demolition—self control!

Surpassing all other characters in the world's biography stands Jesus Christ, wrathful against sin, merciful to the sinner. Witness His behavior toward the robed ruffians who demanded capital punishment for an offending woman—denunciation for their sinful hypocrisy, pardon for her sweet penitence. He did not speak of Herod as "his highness" or "his royal highness," but dared to compare him to a cunning fox, saying, "Go ye and tell that fox." But, alert to the cry of suffering, He finds ten lepers, and to how many of the ten awful invalids did He give convalescence and health! Ten. Rebuking Pharisaism in the most compressed sentence in all the vocabulary of anathema: "Ye serpents! Ye generation of vipers! How can ye escape the damnation of hell?" Yet looking upon Peter with such tenderness that no word was spoken, and not a word was needed, for the look spoke louder than words. "And the Lord looked upon Peter, and Peter went out and wept bitterly."

Defying the mightiest Government of the world, the Roman Government, yet rubbing His hand just below the forehead of the blind until the optic nerve of him who was born sightless is created, and the sunlight has two new paths to tread. Best illustration the world ever saw of anger without sin, anger against the abominations which have mauled and blasted the earth from its deepest cavern to its highest cliff, but so much pity for the sinning and suffering nations that He allowed them to transfix Him upon two pieces of wood nailed across each other on a day that was dark as night, the windows of heaven shut because the immortals could not bear to look down upon the assassination of the loveliest being that ever walked the Mere of the lakes or without pillow or blanket slept on the cold mountains.

Like Him, let us hate iniquity with complete hatred, but like Him may we help those who are overthrown and be willing to suffer for their restoration. Then, although at the opening of this discourse our text may have seemed to command us to do an impossible thing, we will at the close of this sermon, with a prayer to God for help, be more rigid and determined than ever before against that which is wrong, while at the same time we shall feel so kindly toward all the erring and work so hard for their rescue that we will realize that we have scaled the Alpine, the Himalayan height of my text, which enjoins, "Be ye angry and sin not."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JULY 14.

Subject: Beginning of Sin and Redemption, Gen. iii., 1-15—Golden Text, Rom. v., 20—Memory Verses, 14, 15—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "The serpent." That it was a real serpent is evident from the plain and artless style of the history, and from the many allusions made to it in the New Testament. "More subtle." Serpents are proverbial for wisdom. Matt 10: 16. But these reptiles were at first probably far superior in beauty as well as in sagacity to what they are in their present state. "He said." There was in the bosoms of the first pair no principle of evil to work upon, and this solicitation to sin came from without, as in the analogous case of Jesus Christ (Matt. 4: 3), and as the tempter could not assume the human form, there being only Adam and Eve in the world, the agency of an inferior creature had to be employed. "Unto the woman." Though unless and holy, she was a free agent liable to be tempted. "Hath God said." Is it true that He hath restricted you in using the fruits of this delightful place? This is not like One so good and kind. Surely there is some mistake. He insinuated a doubt as to her sense of the Divine will.

2. "We may eat." Eve resists the first assault by looking at the largeness of her privileges. God has given us the fruit of the trees of the garden, there is a vast amount of pleasure for us, but Satan led her to look at the one forbidden thing.

3. "The tree." The tree of the knowledge of good and evil. Gen. 2: 17. It was placed in the garden as a moral test. The object was not to cause their downfall, but to test their integrity. Satan tempts; God tests. Tempting implies a desire that the tempted should yield and sin; testing implies the desire that the tested should stand the test. "Shall not eat." Eve shows that she is not in doubt regarding the restrictions placed upon them, or the penalty that would follow if the command were disobeyed.

4. "Shall not surely die." Satan now comes out in his true character as "the father of lies." In this he tacitly appeals to the fact of her own immortality, a fact which she may well be supposed to be aware of. But God referred to spiritual death, or separation from Himself—and the devil knew this.

5. "God doth know." The tempter reflects upon God, as though He were unwilling to permit them to enjoy the best things. "Opened." And so they were to the fact that they had lost the purity of their moral character. Instead of being open to new visions of happiness, wisdom, glory and knowledge, they were open only to sin, misery and remorse. See vs. 7, 11. "Shall be as God" (R. V.) The object of the tempter appears to have been to persuade our first parents that they should, by eating of this fruit, become wise and powerful as God, and be able to exist forever, independently of Him.

6. "Good for food." Corresponding to "the lust of the flesh." "A delight to the eyes" (R. V.) An appeal to the higher sense of beauty, "the lust of the eye." "Desired to make one wise." "The pride of life." See 1 John 2: 16. She was at last completely overthrown. The confluence of all these streams made such a current as swept the feeble will completely away, and blind, dazed, deafened by the rush of the stream, Eve was carried over the falls as a man might be over Niagara. "Unto her husband." Adam sinned with his eyes open. Paul says he was not deceived. 1 Tim. 2: 14.

7. "Knew that they were naked." Proving that they were no longer innocent, for innocence is a stranger to shame. They were conscious of guilt and unworthiness in each other's eyes, and in the sight of God. "Made themselves." Instead of turning to God for forgiveness they endeavored by their own efforts to cover their sin and shame.

8. "Heard the voice." The voice is properly used here, for as God is an infinite Spirit, and can not be confined to any form, so He can have no personal appearance. They heard the sound of the divine going, such as was usual when God appeared to them and conversed with them. "Cool of the day." The evening, the customary time of worship. "Hid themselves." Shame, remorse, fear—a sense of guilt—feelings to which they had hitherto been strangers, disordered their minds, and led them to shun Him whose approach they used to welcome.

9. "Where art thou?" This question proved two things. 1. That man was lost. 2. That God had come to seek. Thus we see man's sin, and God's amazing grace.

10. "I was afraid." Sin makes cowards of men. "Because," etc. Adam's reply is full of evasion. He confesses not his sin, but only his fear and shame at his bodily nakedness. The question just asked had given him opportunity to confess his sin. "I hid myself." Adam's apron could not screen him from the eye of God, and he could not stand in His presence naked; therefore he fled to hide himself. This is what conscience will always do; it will cause man to hide himself from God.

11. "Who told thee?" In admitting that he was afraid and naked he unconsciously acknowledged his sin.

12. "The woman." Here we find him actually laying the blame of his shameful fall on the circumstances in which God had placed him, and thus, indirectly, on God Himself. This is ever the way with fallen man; every one and every thing is blamed but self.

13. "Beguiled." Deceived me by flattering lies. This sin committed by Adam and Eve was heinous and aggravated. It was not simply eating an apple, but a love of self, dishonor to God, ingratitude to a benefactor, disobedience to the best of Masters—a preference of the creature to the Creator.

14. "Thou art cursed." It is believed by many that before the fall the serpent went upright, and had an entirely different form from that what he now has; others think that his form was the same, but that after the fall "his attitude became a badge of shame and repulsiveness." From being a model of grace and elegance it has become the type of all that is odious, disgusting and low.

15. "Enmity." This enmity still exists; mankind loathes and detests everything of the serpent kind. "Thy seed." Evil spirits and wicked men. "Her seed." An allusion to Christ and His church. "Bruise thy head." The serpent's poison is lodged in its head, and a bruise on that part is fatal. Thus fatal shall be the stroke which Satan shall receive from Christ; though it is probable he did not at first understand the nature and extent of his doom. "Bruise his heel." The serpent wounds the heel that crushes him, and so Satan would be permitted to afflict the humanity of Christ and bring suffering and persecution on His people.

The New York Independent states that we have still to estimate the relative value of wheat and fruit as food. There is a growing conviction that we have used too little fruit with our daily diet. A city family, with a meat bill running to the hundreds of dollars, and a pastry bill of half that amount, will get on with two or three barrels of apples per year. This habit, however, is rapidly changing. We are growing frugivorous and less carnivorous.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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OUR NEW CENTURY OFFER

THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

The Banner one year (52 papers) for 75 cents.

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AT the desire of Judge S. M. Adams the County Commissioners appointed State Examiner John Purifoy to examine the books and accounts of the Probate office and he is now engaged in the work

THE Fourth was celebrated at Clanton in fine style. It is estimated that about 5000 persons were on the grounds. The Thorsby Cornet band and the String band from Montgomery discoursed fine music, refreshments were of good quality and plentiful. Peace and plenty reigned, everyone enjoyed themselves and the hope was expressed that Clanton would in future continue to make this the great day of the year.

WE are sorry that Mr. L. H. Reynolds should have been so ill-advised as to offer the ordinance attempting to interfere with newspaper proprietors in the conduct of their business. Mr. Reynolds apparently does not recognize that newspapers are private enterprises entirely dependant upon the good will of the public. The smaller the publication the more it is dependant upon the exchange of its advertising space for its partial support. A country newspaper derives a large proportion of its income from advertisers in neighboring towns, and if it can make an advertising contract with the railroads for transportation it is possible to secure the necessary advertising from those places. It cuts both ways, Mr. Reynolds, advertising space is for value received. There are many good reasons why members of the legislature and others, who, as Mr. Reynolds justly remarks, are no doubt largely influenced by the acceptance of free passes, should be debarred from accepting such favors from railroad and other corporations, but none of them apply to the newspaper fraternity.

A Narrow Escape.

On Wednesday morning George Kilgore, about eighteen years old, son of Sheriff Kilgore, had a narrow escape from death. Train No. 2 was standing in the depot, crossing it he jumped in front of No. 1 as it was passing through at reduced speed. He was hurled a considerable distance and picked up insensible, but soon after recovered sufficiently to be able to walk home.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The constitutional convention on Saturday completed its thirty-eighth working day. This leaves it twelve more days, supposing it is to finish its work in the fifth day limit prescribed by the Legislature. It is quite apparent, however, that the work can never be finished in that time, and it is generally thought that the convention will do well to get through its work by the 1st of August. Many of the delegates think it will be the 15th of August before they wend their way homewards and bid a tearful adieu to the hot blasts of Montgomery.

The Legislature appropriated $50,000 for the expenses of the convention. When this is spent the delegates will not work without pay, for the convention has the power to appropriate another $50,000 if necessary to pay their expenses. The convention is the supreme power of the State. They can truthfully say "we are the people." As a matter of law, they have the power to make any constitution they please and force it upon the people, though, as a matter of fact, they will not do this, but will submit it to them for their approval. —Age-Herald.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

(continued from 2 col. page 1)

their utmost to make it a day long to be remembered. On the hills we saw the camp of the U. S. soldiers, the Cliff House and Golden Gate Park; we passed the great iron works of John Riston & Sons, where the "Oregon" was built, and we sailed close to the side of that magnificent vessel itself lying securely at anchor not far from the spot where she first entered the water. Like many a human being, after being tempest-tossed around the world, she was again at home. A dainty lunch was served on board and in the afternoon we returned to the city. We were indebted to the San Francisco "Call" for this delightful trip and cannot adequately express our thanks. At night there was a reception at the Press Club, and a visit to the "Call" office which was illuminated from top to bottom of its eighteen stories in honor of the Alabama Press Association. This was the second time it had been so illuminated, the first occasion being the visit of President McKinley a few weeks ago.

Next morning "The Call" again was our host and escorted the party on board the "Oregon" where a pleasant time was spent inspecting this man-o'-war. Then an excursion was made to Golden Gate Park and the Cliff House. At night the Association, under the guidance of the police, went through China Town, one of the most notorious spots on the face of the earth. Many curious scenes were there witnessed while John Chinaman looked on in amazement at this invasion of his domain by such a large crowd. Opium joints, the theatre, the joss house, and the stores were all visited in turn and it was past midnight ere we returned to the hotel.

Saturday morning at 6:30 we were again on the train, arriving at 8:10 at Palo Alto, whence we drove to the Leland Stanford University. This magnificent monument to a departed son is proving an educational blessing to thousands. At 9:45 we arrived at San Jose, one of the most beautiful of Californian cities. Alighting from the train we at once entered carriages, forming a procession more than half a mile in length. Along fine wide streets, with elegant residences on each side embowered in masses of immense geraniums and other flowers, we drove along, and after visiting the store house for prunes and apricots, proceeded through interminable orchards to Campbell, where we were regaled with an excellent lunch. Thence back to San Jose, which we left with regret, and after a two hours run reached Del Mont with its handsome hotel and beautiful grounds. Here we again entered a carriage and had a most delightful drive for eighteen miles along the beach, the very verge of this western continent, with the glorious Pacific at our feet thundering its mighty surges upon the rock-bound coast. 'Twas a magnificent spectacle, the declining sun gently falling to rest upon the deep, the surf breaking in clouds of spray thrown high into the air, while we gazed into infinity across the placid bosom of the mighty ocean. Magnificent Pacific, I love thee, many of my most cherished memories are connected with your fathomless depths and sun-kissed shores.

(continued next week.)

PROGRAM FOR 20TH CENTURY MEETING

at Macedonia on the 13 and 14. of July 1901.

FIRST DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer Meeting, conducted by Bro John Martin.

10. "Our Greatest Need, the Holy Spirit's Power" Discussed by Rev. F M. Woods 30 minutes, followed by others in 10 minutes speeches.

11. The 20th Century movement explained for ten minutes by Rev. S. M. Adams. Sermon: What God has done for the Baptists in 100 years, by F. M. Woods. Recess 12 to 1.

1:00 p. m. How to conduct a Sunday school;" forty-five minutes by Bro. W. H. Shaw. 15 minutes sermon to the Children by J. H. Thomas. 10 minutes given to explanation of Helps in in Teachers' Bible.

2:10. Baptist Principles; what are they? By R. A. Rasco.

2:35. How Baptist Principles have spread in 100 years, and what they are worth to the world. By H. L. Caffee.

3. What the Baptists ought to do for the world in the next century, by Rev. Sutton Smitherman.

SECOND DAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer-meeting, D. Z. Merchant.

10. Missions: the Command; the Promise; the Results. By F. M. Woods.

11:30. Sermon—100 years of Baptist Missions, by S. M. Adams. Take collection and distribute mission literature.

1:20 p.m. Explain pledge card and envelope system.

1:30 Our church life; the public worship; the pastor; the deacons; the sexton; the meeting house; the women; the young people; by J. C. Champion.

2:30. Religion in the home; by W. A. Mims.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Foshee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3. What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Foshee

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. Mims
S. Park } Committee.
R. A. Rasco

COLUMBUS GA., Aug 24, 1872.

DR. C. J MOFFETT—Dear Doctor: We gave your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) to our little grand child with the happiest results. The effects were almost magical, and certainly more satisfactory than from anything we ever used. Yours very truly,

JOSEPH S. KEY,
Pastor of St. Paul Church.
(Now Bishop Southern Methodist Church.)

District Meeting

The Second District Meeting of the Wougulka Baptist Association will be held with Bethany Baptist church, on Friday before the first Sunday in August.

11 a.m. Introductory sermon, J. A. Davis.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What is the duty of the deacon to the church? Opened by Bro. E. H. Vickers and others.

2. Was the command given to the church to preach the gospel to all nations? If so, has it any right to give the right to any body of men. Opened by Bro. W. S. Cox and others.

3. What is the duty of a pastor to the church, and what is the duty of the church to the pastor? Opened by Bro. Charles Lowery.

L. N. Vinson, Church Clerk.

Notice To Wheelmen.

There's positively no need to endure discomfort by reason of chafing, chaburn, insect stings, sore and perspiring feet or accidental bruises. You forget these troubles is using Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Infallible for Piles, Blotches, Skin Eruptions and Piles. Sold by Clanton drug co, 25 cents.

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All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 955 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Collins Chapel.

Editor Banner—Please give me space in your paper for a few words. The health in our community is very good. We have good crops though everything is a little late; but it is now spreading itself. We have had plenty of rain at present, though the season will not stay good long.

We had a nice time on the Fourth at Dorminy's mill; we seined the pond and caught about 100 lbs. of fish and what another dinner we did have. We also had plenty of ice cold lemonade to settle our dinner with.

CAP.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Gampy.
THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN.
THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J.
AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reason of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the fleetest with attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You can find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cams, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court stands adjourned to February, first Monday in March, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August, and first Mondays in November.

Miss Laura Langston of Jemison, after a visit of several days, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Tunipseed of Montgomery is visiting Rev. D. F. Elmore and wife.

Mrs. B. H. Chestnutt and daughter, Miss Anna Lou, of Birmingham are visiting Mrs. A. E. Evans.

Mr. and Mrs. Durwood Foshee of Selma, paid a visit to the parents of the former, and returned home Sunday.

Miss Mary Loftin of Elmore, after a pleasant visit to Miss Annie Davis, returned to her home Monday.

Dr. W. F. Middleton and wife of Mt Carmel, accompanied, by the sister of the latter, Miss Myrtle Roberts, of Brandon, Texas, visited the family of Capt. W. A. Middleton recently

Mr. Rush Vines, of Birmingham, was down on the Fourth.

Mr. O. R. Bell, of Birmingham, spent the Fourth with his parents here.

Mr. J. L. Farr, of Verbena, was a visitor here Wednesday.

When you get hurt, use Dr. Tichener's Antiseptic? You'll never know just how good it is until you try it. Only 50 cts. at your druggists.

Mrs. E. J. Phillips of Bessemer is visiting friends here this week

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Gullahorn visited friends here last week and returned to their home in Pratt City Tuesday.

Mrs. O. A. Duke and Mrs. R. Croswell of Deatsville, after a visit of several days, returned home Tuesday.

Did you get a sample bottle of Dr. Tichener's Antiseptic? If so don't throw it away—it's too good to be wasted. Try it when you get hurt or have colic. It will do its business quick.

Dr. Joseph Johnson of Chattanooga is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Frank Crichton returned Sunday night from the Press Association trip to California.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will meet at Evergreen, 6 miles west of Verbena on the 4th Sabbath in July at 9 o'clock. I invite all lovers of music and especially music teachers, to attend and bring their books, together with their baskets well filled to be exhibited about 12 o'clock.

Miss Aulcie Miner died suddenly at the home of her parent near Jemison last Friday—cause of death unknown.

Judge Adams went to Montgomery Wednesday.

Married at Clanton July 3, Mr. A. Teel and Miss Maggie Ruth Reed, Judge Adams performing the ceremony. We wish the happy young couple a long and prosperous life together.

Mr. W. H. Smith, wife and family of Cocoa, visited relatives here a week.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

Office 2012 First Ave. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Mr. Bascom McMorries, of Gadsden, is spending a vacation here.

Marriage licenses have been issued last week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. S. H. Driver and Miss Florence T. Blow; Mr. J. H. Motes and Miss Alfree Littleton; Mr. H. Carter and Miss I. P. Fletcher; Mr. W. C. Martin and Miss Belle Clickler.

Colored. Henry Wilson and Julie Jones.

Troubles Of A Minister.

To benefit others Rev. J. T. W. Mann, of Hartwell, Ga., writes: For a long time I had a running sore on my leg. I tried many remedies without benefit, until I used bottle of Electric Bitters and a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me sound and well." Eruptions, Boils, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum show impure blood. Thousands have found in Electric Bitters a grand blood purifier that absolutely cures these troubles. Satisfaction is guaranteed or money refunded by Clanton drug co. Large bottles only

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MULLINS

A LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSU
LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE
NEW YORK, formerly represented by
L. Sampey
FRANCO CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN
FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N.
FACTURING CO., the largest sewing
company in the world

ed in the problem of getting full value
after what the outlay is for. I will
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d family I am in a position to
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e, and our large business is proof that
what they want. The styles are the
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horse within the reach of all. We
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lightest running and the finest
for the High Arm Singer. You
machines at the Singer Office, Clanton,
$65.00 for cash or on time. Needles
facements, and the best and only
ed, every bottle bearing the Singer
nt bottles.
Saturdays and Mondays. For further

MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

October 1st

2 First Ave.

G AT COST PRICES

Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

R DRUG CO.,

CUT RATE DRUG STORE

NER CLOTHING

ST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICE

FUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE
YOUR CHOICE

COMPLETE LINE OF

ats, Shoes, Notions
GROCERIES
KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

TO ALL LOVERS OF MUSIC!

The Southern

Normal Musical

Institute.

A SESSION OF THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL OF ALL NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOLS WILL BE HELD AT

CLANTON, ALABAMA,

Commencing July 22d, 1901, and continuing

TWENTY DAYS,

closing with a concert on the evening of August 13th

A. J. SHOWALTER, Principal,

MISS TENNEY SHOWALTER, Accompanist.

TUITION—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

Full Normal Course, Advanced Harmony	$ 5.00
Primary Harmony Pupils	4.50
Adults not in Harmony	4.00
Children under 14, not in Harmony	3.00
Evening Chorus Class	1.50

Board can be secured at from $7.00 to $10.00 for the term.

Arrive, if possible, before the opening, that you may miss none of the important instruction given at the beginning.

For further particulars or information, address:

F. M. WOODS, Pres. Com., Clanton, Ala.
E. B. DEASON, Secretary, Clanton, Ala.

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE!

The large and carefully bought stock of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Laces and Ladies' and Men's Furnishing Goods is on at

H. TOURO'S

Never before in the history of Clanton, have prices been so low, or has there been a better selected stock offered.

Everything for the 4th of July.

Watch out for the Big Flag at TOURO'S

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with virmin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathmetician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN

MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

A. L, Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH. DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

FROM ALL ALABAMA POINTS

PITHY PARAGRAPHS PICTURING PEOPLE AND PARTICULARS

FROM THE TENNESSEE TO THE GULF.

The State Military Encampments—Alexander City and Her Progressiveness—The Warner Mines—Lease of State Salt Lands.

THE SOLDIER BOYS.

The Second Infantry, Alabama National Guard, composed of the Montgomery Blues, Montgomery Greys and the companies of Prattville, Wetumpka, Luverne, Selma, Demopolis, Opelika, Tuskegee, Tuskaloosa and Phoenix City, has gone into camp at Eufaula in grounds on the banks of the Chattahoochee river especially prepared for their reception. Col. A. A. Wiley is in command.

The Third Regiment, composed of: first battalion—Birmingham Rifles, Jefferson volunteers, Woodlawn Light Infantry, Bessemer Rifles; second battalion—Oxford Rifles, Anniston Rifles, Gadsden Rifles, Talladega Light Infantry; third battalion—Huntsville Rifles, Decatur Rifles, Florence Rifles, Jasper Rifles, will go into camp at Birmingham this week, Col. E. L. Higdon in command.

NOW DOING BUSINESS.

The Empire Coal & Coke Company has begun the shipment of coal from its mines in Walker county, near Democrat. The nine miles of railroad between Burgin and Democrat, have been completed and already between 150 and 175 tons of coal are being shipped daily from the Empire mines. On account of the hardness of the coal and its special qualities, it is announced that the company has secured contracts for the future. The output will be increased rapidly, until it becomes about 1,000 tons per day. The company has fourteen thousand acres of land. The seam being worked is the well known Black Creek seam. Houses for the miners are going up and a large tipple for hauling the product of the mines will soon be finished.

ALEXANDER CITY.

The 25,000 spindle cotton mill at Alexander City, costing a half million dollars is nearing completion, and a dozen or more cottages for operatives are finished and occupied. The machinery will be installed right away. The city in general is making great progress; a half dozen brick stores are going up, and they were rented before the ground was broken for their erection. A new foundry and machine shop is going up. The Standard Oil Company has purchased a lot and will put in large tanks, having made Alexander City a distributing point. New houses are going up in every part of the town.

TO LEASE THE SALT MINES.

Governor Jelks has determined to lease the salt lands owned by the state in Clarke county. There are about 4,000 acres of these lands, they are said to contain oil as well as salt. The land was donated to the state by the government, with the provision that they should never be sold.

Mrs. Carrie Nation turned up in St. Louis last Friday and was arrested for attempting to smash a saloon. The police captain let her off with a warning. During her visit to the lockup she declaimed against the police department for not putting down the liquor traffic.

TALLADEGA'S EXPECTATIONS.

While several railroads may run through Talladega, the East Alabama Railway which it is proposed to build to Lineville, Clay county, is the most certain. The road is the scheme of local capatalists and Swift & Co., of Chicago, the latter owning about $35,000 worth of property in Clay county. If the road is put through, the Chicago people propose to build immense fertilizer works at Talladega to utilize the product of bone and blood from their stock yards in Chicago and the output of their mines in Clay county.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Lon Moody, 14 years old, was killed and terribly mutilated Friday afternoon by a train at Gadsden. A freight train which was backing up knocked him down and ran over him, cutting his body half in two.

Last Tuesday afternoon Willie McCormack fell from a tree in Tuscaloosa and sustained injuries to his head from which he died Friday.

GEORGIA STORM.

A terrific hailstorm and cloudburst passed over a portion of Quitman county, Georgia, Saturday noon. The storm covered an area of four miles and swept the farms in its path. Crops, mill dams and movable objects were washed away, fences demolished and lowlands submerged. Farmers will be forced to plant over or relinquish their crops.

TO SETTLE THE MATTER.

Litigation to establish a precedent was begun July 5th. The Dayton, O., Manufacturing Co., which suffered a strike with metal polishers, brought suit for $25,000 against the polishers as a local organization and as individuals. The purpose is to establish personal liability in strike troubles, where damages ensue to the manufacturer.

HOME AGAIN.

The Alabama Press Association excursion has returned from California. Over six thousand miles were traveled and not an accident occurred or a case of sickness. Eighteen cities were visited. The association presented Secretary Rountree a handsome diamond stud while the party was on the battleship Oregon.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson delivered an oration of an historic nature in Boston on the Fourth, touching upon the early development of the country under the guiding hands of the forefathers, and finally the contest with Spain. He touched on economics and defended the South on the slavery question.

Senor Don Rafael Salvidar, the Salvadorian minister to Washington, has left for his home. His health has suffered somewhat and he goes to recuperate.

The proclamation opening the Kiowa and Comanche Indian reservations to settlement has been prepared. The opening will be not later than August 6.

Major C. H. Albes, one of the most prominent North Alabama citizens, died at his home in Decatur Sunday. He was the proprietor of the Bismarck hotel and had been a newspaper editor in Nashville.

METAL WORKERS MEET.

The various lodges of the Amalgamation of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers located in the Birmingham district held a meeting last Sunday afternoon and endorsed the action of President Shaffer in calling the strike in the Pennsylvania and Ohio districts. The meeting was called for the purpose of hearing the reports of the conferees who attended the conferences at Pittsburg and Cleveland. A voluntary assessment to aid the fund of the strikers was levied, and it is believed that $7,000 will be raised from this state.

K. OF P. MEMORIAL EXERCISES.

The supreme law in Pythianism requires that one day in each year shall be set apart as a Memorial Day and authorizes and requests all bodies of the order to meet on that day and engage in such services and exercises as may be appropriate to the occasion. The annual memorial exercises of the Birmingham Knights of Pythias were held in the Central Presbyterian Church July 7th. The local lodges attended in a body, and the church was filled with friends of the various members. The principal feature of the exercises was the address of Mr. Lomax.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

P. A. Dunn, tax collector of Autauga county, accidentally shot himself in the head Saturday morning while cleaning a pistol. He died in a couple of hours. He leaves a wife and several children in comfortable circumstances.

State Superintendent of Education Abercrombie has appointed Prof. H. H. Balch, of Madison county, one of the two teachers from this state to teach in the Philippines. He will sail from San Francisco for Manilla on July 23d.

THE VALUE OF A WIFE (?).

The city of Tuscaloosa has paid J. W. Miller $2,500 as damages for the death of his wife, who on a dark night, fell into an abyss that had been left unprotected by the city.

Barnum & Bailey's big circus was wrecked Saturday in Austria. One person was killed, several injured and the effects badly damaged.

The Empress's Sables.

The Empress Dowager of Russia is said to be the owner of the finest collection of Russian sables in the world. One of her cloaks has a lining worth $50,000, and was made of skins gathered by the governor of a polar province where taxes are paid in furs.

The Boa of Summer.

Every other well dressed woman sports a boa of pale gray ostrich feathers these balmy days, but almost as pretty and soft and more becoming to some wearers is the boa of cream white faille, bordered by a ruching of black silk loops, and strands of silk cord and jet falling in front in a sort of airy lattice work.

The Uses of Taffeta.

Black taffeta silk, flounced, corded, hemstitched, tucked or plaited, is worn by most well dressed women in every possible style and conformation. The fancy taffeta waists are perhaps the most popular garments made from this fabric. These are shown in an extensive variety of designs ranging in price from the cheapest to most expensive creations. Taffeta skirts are worn with these separate waists. They are tucked or flounced and made quite long, producing a decidedly stylish appearance. One model has three narrow circular flounces trimmed with black velvet ribbon, which is very rich. Then there are the fancy boleros made to match the skirt and worn over a blouse of contrasting color.

A Notable Scotch Woman.

Lady Grizelle Cochrane, a notable society beauty, is the daughter of a wealthy Scotch peer, and among her intimate friends she is called Annie Laurie. This is because of her striking resemblance to the beauty immortalized in the old love song, a resemblance that cannot only be traced through the words of Douglas of Fingland's famous verses, but also by the portrayal of the fair Annie that hangs in Maxwelton house. It is said, further, by those who find the likeness most convincing that Lady Grizelle's family is also connected with the Fergerson house, into which Annie was married, and thus the striking likeness is accounted for by inheritance. With her long white throat, masses of dusky brown hair, radiant complexion, hazel eyes and exquisite slender figure this charming young woman has easily inspired the modern Scotch poets with a theme for verses, and the poems that have been written in her honor and the songs that have been sung in her name have already made her almost as well known as the true Annie Laurie. Like the Duchess of Montrose and Sutherland, the Lady Grizelle is a very patriotic Scotch woman. She wears none but the simple wild flowers of her native moors and fields, and she can speak the broadest and, to American ears, the most incomprehensible Scotch brogue, or if she likes pure Gaelic to the Highlanders, and it is said further that she is one of the few women of the north country who can play the pipes as well as any man. It is being whispered about that the fair Lady Grizelle is being wooed by a stalwart Yankee, and hence another earls daughter may follow the example of Lady Sybil Cuffe, daughter of Lord Harewood, who recently married Mr. Cutting of New York City.

Minor Things That Count.

A pair of run down heels, rubbed boot toes or shoestrings that have been broken and tied again and again give a rather correct hint of the wearer's title to self respect.

The heels may be straightened for a few pennies, the strings cost a dime and shoe polish is not costly. To be neat is more admirable than to be handsome and slovenly.

Soiled white stocks, ebonized gloves, white belts, finger marked white evening bodies, are made as good as new by a thorough sponging or dipped into clear gasoline.

To reek of perfume is vulgar. Perspiration is not hidden, but intensified by trying to disguise it with heavy odors. Women will be blessed in knowing that common baking soda will entirely remove the odor of perspiration; therefore, wash your dress shields every week.

A suggestion of some delicate odor is exquisitely feminine. Let it be but a suggestion. Bernhardt, and most French women, put just a drop upon their ear tips. The Russian grande dame scents her hair. Too many American women douse perfume all over them.

Veils should be rolled upon a veil pad. A shabby, torn veil is a forlorn thing and will make even a beauty look a guy. After 40 white veils are ridiculous; before 20 black ones are correspondingly so. A veil, like gloves, should be above criticism.

Tawdry flowers, worn by no matter whom, give the wearer a theatrical commonplace appearance. With a tailor made gown gay flowers or nodding plumes are in bad taste. A beautifully tied bow of heavy silk or panne velvet upon a straw hat is more chic, keeps its style and can be cleaned.

Chatelaines, gorgeous lorgnette chains, diamonds and jeweled barettes are worn while shopping, but never by women of great social distinction, who would as soon wear a bicycle costume to church. 'Tis the little things that show whether or not the woman is a gentlewoman.—Philadelphia Record.

Queen Made Black Chic.

Three grand dames have furnished the cue a la mode for the last half century, or since 1860. Queen Alexandra, Mme. de Metternich and Sarah Bernhardt are the trio. The queen is a positive beauty, but the other two are possessed only of negative good looks. In fact Mme. de Metternich, whose influence upon the fashions has been perhaps the strongest, is positively homely, few women being more so; her ugliness is unique, but rendered fascinating by a certain charm of manner.

It was Queen Alexandra—then the Princess of Wales—who made black very chic; before her time it was dedicated to the bourgeoise. The wearing of this dismal hue belongs only to modern times; who ever heard of a Greek, or an Oriental, or an Egyptian in black. The only woman who can wear black to advantage is the one who has black eyes, black hair and is fat, is the dictum of the disciples of Edmund Russell.

The young Queen of Holland is making white the fashionable color for gowns throughout aristocratic circles in Holland. She has always preferred white, and her trousseaus contain white dresses of every kind of material—silk, velvet, wool—both for morning and evening wear. On the morning of her marriage Queen Wilhelmina appeared at breakfast with her mother in a lovely gown of white cloth, embroidered in white wool. Her wedding gown was cloth of silver and very magnificent was the white velvet dress she wore when making her public entry into Amsterdam. It was trimmed with sable, with an ermine mantle.

Because she embroideed a tunic so beautifully for the viceroy, the present Dowager Empress of China was allowed to learn to read. She was a slave and 12 years old, when she executed this really wonderful piece of work, and when asked to name her reward she said there was nothing which would suit her better than to learn to read.

There is no such thing as low neck and short sleeves in China. When western women visit China two features of their dress are a great shock to the Oriental woman—the decollette of the evening bodice, and the fact that no trousers are worn. If bloomers or knickerbockers were worn, covering the leg to the ankle Chinese women would regard them a vast improvement on the present style of western dress.

Such a hue and cry is raised about the extravagance of women of the present day, but it is nothing compared to that of centuries ago. Marie de Medici had a gown embroidered with 32,000 pearls and 300 diamonds, and Mme. de Montespan wore at a court festival "a gown of gold on gold, and over that gold frieze stitched with a certain gold which makes the most divine stuff that has ever been imagined."

Even in ancient times extravagance in dress was not uncommon. Sarah, pieces of silver for a veil—to be sure, the silver was a gift, and for that purpose, that she might buy a covering suitable to a person of her rank. Sarah doubtless wore this valuable gift as a symbol of modesty. Hermione, daughter of Helen, when she learned that her mother had been carried off by Paris, tore in pieces her veil that was interwoven with gold. All Grecian ladies wore muslin veils interwoven with gold thread, while servants were not allowed anything but plain ones. In Lacedemonia married women only are allowed the privilege of wearing veils. Young women ought to show themselves, said Charcian, in order that they might get husbands, and the married women should go veiled, to keep theirs.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Sleeves continue to be elaborate.

Linen gowns will be much in evidence this summer.

The newest ferrets are of iron. Oxydized silver is also used for these fanciful ornaments.

Raised ribbon floral embroidery on chiffon or lace ground is a London fancy, also ribbon embroidery on net.

Rope braid is used to a considerable extent for millinery purposes and appears in the form of bows, with many loops, on lace, chiffon, net and tulle toques.

White English serge gowns, lined with white taffeta and strapped with soft, lusterless white cloth resembling suede kid, are expected to be much worn this summer.

For outdoor wear shoes of gray or white chamois will continue to be fashionable. The new models show large, square bows, held in place by buckles just below the instep, over which rises a shaped flap or tongue.

A stylish black taffeta gown, with the regulation flare to the skirt, has at intervals running the full length of it box plaits of cloth. The Eton jacket of silk is finished in the same way. The result is particularly stylish and pretty.

Many of the prettiest new summer waists are made with elbow sleeves and finished with a twist and little bow of velvet or taffeta. When the waist is trimmed with bands of lace insertion, velvet ribbon is run through the lace with pretty effect.

Very chic is an ecru straw hat, the brim turned up, continental fashion. A black velvet ribbon bow is tied around the crown. At the left side stands a big pink rose, its leaves trailing over the brim onto the hair, where they join a soft rosette of liberty satin in a delicate turquoise.

FARM AND GARDEN.

The Windmill on the Farm.

The windmill has become a necessity on farms. In proportion to cost it gives more power and service than any machine or implement on a farm. Not only will a windmill pump water, but will also grind the grain, saw wood, cut the coarse food and furnish power for many other purposes. They have been greatly improved, and are capable of doing much more than many suppose.

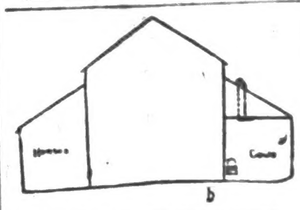
Developing a High-Class Breed.

The characteristics of a breed can be fixed only by careful selection of the best specimens year after year, inbreeding being resorted to by breeders in order to avoid out-crosses. It may require half a century to bring a breed to the desired position sought, hence those who cross two different breeds are liable to destroy the good qualities of both.

Ventilating the Cow Stable.

The cow stable attached to the farm barn owned by G. W. Emery may be ventilated with a trap door over the feeding alley or manger, or, better yet, by a chute running from the ceiling through the roof, as indicated in the accompanying illustration.

This chute must be closed at the



COW STABLE WITH VENTILATORS.

lower end with a slide, so that the circulation can be controlled. Fresh air may be admitted through the opening in the rear at a, care being used to place the opening so as to prevent direct drafts upon the animals. If the cows face the feeding alley running along the side next the main barn, a good place for the introduction of fresh air would be at the end of the alley, say at b. During very cold weather these openings may be closed entirely. In ventilating through chutes one should be placed every twenty-five feet throughout the length of the barn.—American Agriculturist.

Raising Irish Potatoes.

Success in growing Irish potatoes depends on two things chiefly. One is deep plowing and thorough pulverization of the soil before planting and the other is early cultivation. Other things being equal, potatoes that are planted in deeply stirred, thoroughly pulverized soil will produce a third more potatoes during a dry season than if planted in comparatively shallow ground. Deep plowing is best for a rainy season, too, as the surplus moisture passes down more readily, and the top soil may then be cultivated oftener than if plowed light originally. In fact, in growing this crop deep plowing is very essential to success. It is much easier to dig or plow out the potatoes, too, when the soil has been deeply and thoroughly stirred during cultivation.

That in favor of early cultivation is also important. Just as soon as the sprouts break the soil the cultivator should be applied and used often until the vine is in bloom. In laying the crop by a heavy double ridge should be thrown to the row. This is another feature of importance should the weather turn out dry during the latter part of the season, which is so often the case. With the seed deeply planted in loose soil, the rows thoroughly clean and well ridged up at blooming time a good crop may be said to be assured, no matter what kind of weather may come later.—H. B. Geer, in The Epitomist.

Corn Culture on Hill Farms.

A thorough preparation of the land for corn is of greatest importance; where this is done the after-work of cultivation will be comparatively easy, and with proper implements can be easily and quickly done. Corn should be planted with a machine, as in this way the hills are placed a little below the surface of the field, which will allow of the smoothing harrow, or better still, the weeder being used without injury to the young plants.

For best work the field should be clear of stones or other obstructions, and cultivation should be begun early, no matter if before the corn is above ground. The object should be to keep the surface soil fine and mellow to a slight depth and destroy all germinating weed seeds or vegetation.

Where the weeder is used the work to be effective must be begun before grass or weeds get a start, or the ground becomes packed or hard, or it will be of little effect. It should be used at least once a week until the corn gets too high for the purpose, when the cultivator may take its place. With the weeder an acre an hour can be gone over; it will require about twice as long with the cultivator.

After the corn gets well started I use a two-horse, spring tooth, riding machine. This goes astride the rows, cultivating on both sides at once, and doing the work most thoroughly and well. With improved implements a much more thorough and effective cultivation can be performed with the same amount of time and labor, compared with older methods. But they should be used more often, keeping the soil well stirred and mellow, the weeds in subjection, thus giving the crop a much better chance to appropriate the fertilizing elements both from the soil and air.—H. B. Towle, in Farm and Home.

Increasing Soil Fertility.

Any system of farming within its consideration the elements of soil, its improvement, proper disposal of crops. The feeding of crops is generally to be considered of paramount importance, their disposal only less so. The crops, with perhaps the exception of wheat, upon the farm, is to the soil fertility in the quickest way providing, of course, the feeding is properly done. To begin with, farming is complete without its horses. A farm of forty acres two horses are sufficient. A sixty acre farm three, and so on for every twenty acres up to ten, after which a horse for each additional twenty would be sufficient. I am speaking of work horses that are needed for plowing, sowing, reaping and hauling on the farm. Should one raise young horses for market they would take the place of some other crop.

Cattle and hogs are and should be the main dependence for every average farm. Cattle should have a place in that they are so valuable in the profitable raising of hogs. The pigs have a part in the rapid growth is fast and they are insured. Cows are the greatest makers of rough provender into something what would otherwise be a loss into a gilt-edged article. The work of the dairyman is a farm increasing in value and fertility is a general thing the dairyman more than he produces on it, thus bringing in fertility from where. The average farmer should keep more cattle, and there should be a preponderance of milk cows. Every good cow there should be a brood sow, for in the economy of farm these two animals go together, the hog supplementing the cow. The idea is to take everything in a condensed form, leaving all to increase soil fertility.—A. F. Miller, in The Epitomist.

Grafting the Peach.

The peach is difficult to graft in the usual way, by cleft grafting, but it may be done, for we succeeded once, but only that one time, and it was uncertain—or, rather, we failed—we gave it up. Our failure to do it right way was a kind of accident, but it is necessary to be detailed here.

The mode is what has been called side grafting, and is illustrated by the cut herewith. It is applicable to trees from half an inch to an inch in diameter. The stock is cut three or four inches above the point at which the graft is to be inserted, and generally a short distance above the surface of the ground. As in cleft grafting, then made in the side of the stock,

SIDE-GRAFTING A PEACH.

the point decided on with a knife, which entering the stock is forced obliquely downward to the centre and nearly or quite the centre. This incision may be made as long as desired.

The scion is now to be prepared by shaving down an inch or more of the lower end into the ordinary wedge form, and it is then inserted in the oblique cut made by the knife on the side of the stock. This is done with difficulty by using the knife in the portion of the stock above the incision as a lever to hold the incision open while the scion is put in place. Great care must be taken to bring the bark of the scion in close contact with the inner bark of the stock, as in ordinary grafting. And in order that the scion may be held in place without the tie of some kind should be used, this before waxing, which is done in the usual way. But a stock three-fourths of an inch in diameter will hold the scion firmly without tying.

During the summer the scion is growing thriftily the stock is cut off smoothly with a sloping cut on the side opposite the scion, but a stub is cut off in case the graft should fail. Previously this stub is looked after and cut off in due time to prevent it from robbing the graft by the growth.

We have used this method on branches as well as on trees, and very rarely had a failure. A branch half an inch or more and which had a bud of a variety—a dormant bud, put in the previous fall—was inserted below the bud. This was done and wishing to save the life of the part of the branch above on it was cut wedge shaped and inserted in another limb of the side grafting, and it was a success, the bud growing and a good branch on the tree.

This side grafting is adapted to the other fruit trees, as the cherry, etc., as well as the peach. On one occasion a graft was put on the top of a cherry tree on a limb three inches in diameter, and the incision had to be made with the mallet and chisel, and the scion prepared first of all, so as to put in place the moment the chisel was withdrawn and before the wedge could close, as there was not sufficient age to hold it open, with the stock, unless a stub of two or three inches had been left.—Ed. Norman.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

[illegible] woman is nearly as odious as a mean man.

[illegible] better to be called proud than to be named a sycophant.

[illegible] woman may overcome a man's love, but his contempt never.

[illegible] best friend a young girl can have is a level headed, loving father.

[illegible] faith is a touchy possession. Disregard one of its commands and off it goes.

[illegible] nothing makes a vain old man so happy as to pay him the respect due a king.

[illegible] confessing one's grievances to one's wife is an excellent proof of mental health.

[illegible] poverty is a less severe trial than insanity, where domestic happiness is concerned.

[illegible] you are sure a stranger is a friend before you confide in him or borrow from him?

[illegible] secrets are not what we are but what we remember perfectly that belongs to our mental status.

[illegible] is ever a little wasted when an older and time, the [illegible] to a fresh mind.

[illegible] is wise to speak one's own language correctly than several others incorrectly.

[illegible] as many smart persons as we can to promote our happiness. Link to his prosperity by being better than they.

[illegible] marry upon the basis of a mutual respect and reciprocal friendship. Increase in friendship.—The Alumni Record.

[illegible]TER-COLLECTING MOTOR CARS.

[illegible] Into the Future Which May Be Realized.

[illegible] the postal service the government annually appropriates $510,000 for horse hire and by horse hire is it meant that the department allows carriers $300 a year each for what is called mounted carrier service," said a postal official to a Star reporter this morning.

There are 29 mounted carriers in Washington and they may be observed riding around the streets in their little wagons collecting mail. Whether this is a satisfactory way of solving the problem is a matter of opinion. It has evidently been found to be the most economical a system as could be adopted for the money, and on the score of economy it may be indorsed. For other reasons, however, it cannot be commended, and it is antiquated and scarcely befitting the great system it represents.

It would probably cost twice the amount to maintain a uniform system of carriage and horse service in the cities where mounted carriers are employed, but if it cost $2,000,000 the most high standard of the administration of postal affairs would be materially increased as to appearance and undoubtedly as to service performed by these carriers. The little wagons are of better appearance than those in use some years ago, but out of a sum of only $300 a year a carrier cannot be expected to supply much of a rig for a vehicle and horse.

The idea of collecting mail on foot belongs to a past generation. It must be collected now by men in vehicles to meet the demands of the times. A vehicle hence it will be collected in all weather by men in automobiles. The system is so extensive and the offers of a deficit so ever present in the minds of the officials in all branches of the service, that reforms or measures affecting thousands of men and involving the expenditure of millions of dollars are necessarily considered and experimented with before adoption.

Nevertheless, deficit and economy to the contrary notwithstanding, the day is rapidly approaching when Washington will see the last of the jaunting cars with their little men driven by the men in gray, going from hotel to hotel, postbox to postbox in the street and hasten the time. In their stead will be automobiles, or some form of artificially propelled carriage, which will skim over the smooth streets, especially adapted to this kind of vehicle, and the mail will be collected and deposited in the offices in half the time at present required. The change will be decided, a radical one, decidedly welcome, but it will probably not be realized in the very near future unless the price of these vehicles is materially lower.—Washington Star.

The Windsor Dwelling Rooms.

It is a popular error to suppose that the dwelling rooms at Windsor are sumptuous. The private apartments are scarcely worthy of an ordinary country gentleman's seat. Queen Elizabeth is responsible for a number of them, and they were built rather hurriedly by her orders. She had taken refuge at Windsor from a plague which was raging in London, and her maids of honor and attendants revolted at the uncomfortable condition of their rooms, which were low, dark and cold. The Queen herself was furious because her dinner was invariably served up stone cold. In the course of an inquiring mind she discovered that the kitchen was nearly a mile from the dining room, and straightway built the present kitchen, which is very large and commodious. She also built the Octagon library, which is still said to haunt, and she was frequently seen, it is last year.—London Chronicle.

[illegible]ite, of which lead pencils are made, was first discovered in Siberia in 1847, where one mine has since 1854 yielded 23,000 hundredweight of the [illegible].

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SIDE GRAFTING A PEACH TREE

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PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

... handling woman is nearly as odious ... a weak man. ... is better to be ... and proud than ... be named after a ... plant. ... A woman ... become a man's ... might never ... A young girl can ... her young father. ... possession, dis-... and off it ... man so ... respect due ... one's ... of moral ... than ... Whether ... of solving ... opinion ... found to be ... as could be ... and on the ... may be indorsed ... cannot ... antiquated ... the great sys-...

... twice the ... uniform system ... service in ... mounted carriers are ... $2,000,000 the ... standard of the administration ... affairs would be ma-... appearance and ... service perform d ... The little wagons ... than those in ... out of a sum ... carrier cannot ... much of a rig ... made on foot ... It must ... in vehicles ... the times. A ... in all ... automobiles, ... and the ... present in ... in all ... that reforms ... thousands of ... expenditure of ... necessarily ... into, with be-... and economy ... understanding, the ... when ... last of the ... men in gray, ... their little ... postbox to ... and hasten the ... will be automo-... artificially pro-... will skim over ... especially adapted ... and the mail ... deposited in the ... time at present ... will be decid-... widely welcome. ... not be realized in ... unless the price ... materially low-... Washington Star.

The Windsor Dwelling Rooms.

It is popular enough to suppose that ... at Windsor are ... private apart-... worthy of an or-... gentleman's seat. ... responsible for a ... and they were ... by her orders. ... at Windsor from ... staying in Lon-... honor and at-... uncomfort-... rooms, which ... The Queen ... her dinner ... stone cold, ... mind she ... was nearly ... room, and ... kitchen, ... commodious. ... room library, ... haunt, and ... seen. It is ... Chronicle.

... and pencils are ... in Siberia ... has since 1856 ... hundredweight of

Your Hair

"Two years ago my hair was falling out badly. I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and soon my hair stopped coming out."
Miss Minnie Hoover, Paris, Ill.

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, and make it rich, dark, and heavy.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate.
25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers

Insurance Against Living Burial.

Almost every day insurance genius evolves a new kind of personal or real estate security. The latest is against being buried alive. A New York man is agitating the new policy. He recently said, at an underwriters' meeting: "Insurance against being buried alive would certainly be hugely profitable. It is surprising how many people have a dread that suspended animation may be mistaken for death. I know a woman who has actually made her husband promise that if he survives her he will stick a hatpin through her heart before she is buried, to make sure that no spark of life remains. In certain parts of Europe they have what are known as mortuary houses, where the dead are taken and subjected to various tests to make sure that death is absolutely certain. I believe there is a bill providing for a somewhat similar course now before the Massachusetts legislature. If such a mortuary building is established, multitudes of people would gladly pay, say, $100 to be insured in a company that would guarantee to make the necessary tests before burial or cremation."

Publicly Flogged.

For the first time in twenty years a thief was publicly flogged at the whipping post in New Jersey the other day. The culprit was a white man named James Fisher, and he was accused of stealing a diamond pin. Nearly all of the city officials of Dover were present, when the punishment was dealt out. Many ladies of the town occupied box seats as the lash whizzed through the air and fell upon the white skin with a dull sound as though striking putty; others pressed in against the fence surrounding the post and expressed their approbation in various ways. After the punishment was over and the shackles loosened an overcoat was thrown over the man's bleeding back and he was taken back to the jail where ointment was applied.

Of all German cities Nuremburg has increased most within the last five years—about sixty per cent.

Cures Cancer and Blood Poison.

Contagious blood poison, old eating ulcers, scrofula, bone pains, falling hair, mucous patches, and deadly cancer, running, festering sores, persistent pimples, cured by B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), which kills the poison. Heals every sore; especially recommended for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Describe troubles and trial treatment sent free by writing Dr. Gillam, 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

A smart brickmaker can make 4000 bricks a day. A sixteen horse power machine makes 30,000 in the same time.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Peppermint is native to Europe, and its use as a medicine dates back to the Middle Ages.

It very often happens that when a ship arrives late they dock it.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The thirty-one beet sugar factories in the United States now yield more than a third of our domestic sugar product.

Before marriage a man yearns for woman and afterward he earns for her.

A Centenarian.

Dr. Graham, of Kentucky, who lived to be one hundred years old, attributed his long life and freedom from illness to the use of Crab Orchard Water. It was his only medicine.

Hemlock, the extract which killed Socrates, is a native of Italy and Greece.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

A Unique Wisconsin Bill.

Several unique bills were introduced in the Wisconsin Legislature recently. The queerest was that fathered by Mr. Young of Eau Claire, which provides that after January 1, 1904, railway companies shall equip their trains with "devices that will keep them on the track after derailment."

The Japs Have Great Endurance.

The Japanese are a Spartan race. Many things besides their resistance to cold prove it. The most of them live in simplicity. They can go a long time without food. The coolies perform marvelous feats of strength and endurance; they draw a "jinrikisha" all day or carry travelers over the steepest mountains. Every summer a colony of foreigners go to Mt. Hei-eizan near Kioto. Their camp is several miles up the steep mountain side, but early each morning the Japanese bring up the mail, fresh vegetables and milk, and women often carry trunks to the summit on their heads. In the upper classes the old "samurai" ideals inculcated endurance, courage and simplicity.

Some Queer Names.

The North Carolina Supreme court has settled the Snow will case in accordance with the cold facts. The testator was Ice Snow of Surrey, and two of the parties in interest were Hail Snow and Rain Snod. North Carolina seems to abound in odd names, for a newspaper chronicler of the court's decision mentions as instances of this peculiarity Dr. Wisconsin Illino's Royster and Early Dawn of Raleigh, Sharp Blunt of Newborne, Sink Quick of Richmond county and Prof. Dred Peacock of Greenboro.

Not In Demand.

Evidently the Milwaukee folk who have died since the organization of the Uniformed Pallbearers' Association a month or two since, have had plenty of relatives and sorrowing friends to carry them to their last resting places, for up to date the uniformed pallbearers have not received any orders that have caused them to don their knee breeches and all the rest of it, and sally forth to head a funeral.

An attitude is about the only thing the dude dare strike.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Money and blood should both be kept in circulation.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

Germany has colonies and possessions whose area is equal to nearly five times her own size.

Conductor E. D. Loomis, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

It's easier to make a fool of a man than to make a man of a fool.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Running expenses are often hard to catch up with.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Few men are so sympathetic as to feel sorry for their creditors.

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

PRICE, 25c.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other valuable information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

Smithdeal's

Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c.
"Leading business college south of the Potomac river."—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address,
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Founded in 1834, and now has 3,841 Graduates.
Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materiale are unequaled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 900 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 21st, 1903. For catalogue and information address Prof. S. E. CHAILLÉ, M. D., Dean, P. O. Drawer 261, New Orleans, La.

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"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.
ALL ♦ REPUTABLE DEALERS ♦ KEEP ♦ THEM

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BATH

MILLIONS OF MOTHERS
USE CUTICURA SOAP ASSISTED BY CUTICURA OINTMENT THE GREAT SKIN CURE

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR.
Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

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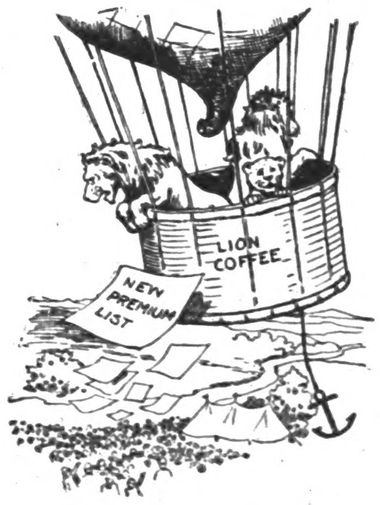
A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.



Watch our next advertisement.

"A HIGH OLD TIME IN VIEW."

The Lion rises now to the occasion,
To exercise his powers of persuasion,
To tell you all to pay the best attention
Unto the date that he herein will mention.
For 'tis important that you should remember
Ninteen hundred and one, first of September,
As on that date the Lion's list of prizes,
Will be renewed—but filled with new surprises!

The Lion from his car is now proclaiming
His newest Premium List, which will be naming,
To man and wife, to children, aunt and cousin,
Attractive presents, dozen after dozen.
The List comprises gifts most wisely blended
For household use and ornament intended,
As well as tools and toys to suit the younger,
Who after playthings naturally hunger.

From his balloon the Lion makes suggestion
That on September first you ask the question:—
"The LION COFFEE Premium List you're needing
The up-to-date one, others superseding,
And if your grocer is not one possessing,
Don't hesitate, because your need is pressing,
Just write to us,—a two-cent stamp inclosing,
We'll send the List, no further work imposing.

Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Constipation
is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of
CRAB ORCHARD WATER
the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.
Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

"Is Life Worth Living? That Depends on the Liver."
Get your Liver right by taking
LIVERINA
Best Liver medicine made. Relieves Biliousness, Sick Headache, Malaria, Constipation, "the blues" and all the other attendant ills of a torpid Liver.
Sold By All Dealers 50c a Bottle.
Manufactured By
GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
Montgomery, Ala.

SOZODONT for the Teeth and Breath 25¢
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Ans. N. U., No. 28, 1903.

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH CURE.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

WILSON & BRO.
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W. I. MULLINS

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Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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SHAVING OUTFIT
FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

- English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to have 75c
- 9¼ in Hair Brush 55c
- Shaving Brush 10c
- 7 in Barber Comb 10c
- Rubber Fine " 10c
- 4 in Pocket comb in case 10c
- Bar good Shaving soap 10c
- 2¼ x 4 Mirror 10c
- 23 in Razor Strop 50c

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OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style packet containing TEN TABLETS PRICE 60 CTS. This new packet is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five cent packets (50 tablets) can be had by mail or sent by express for 60 cents. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Sample packet (10 tablets) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

In Memoriam.

On the 27th day of June, 1901, Mr Augustus Jones died in peace at his home in Chilton county, where for over three quarters of a century he had lived a long life of activity, and asass went to sleep and eternal rest, surrounded by his children, grandchildren and neighbors, who lamented a good man going away never to return. This aged man, full of ripened virtues with a memory stored with good deeds, had prepared for a voyage to another sphere, where he would find at last a heaven of joy. From the eyes of those who stood by his bed long, unused to weeping, there was a rain of tears.

He went away Thursday morning at 6 o'clock. At his beside stood Elem Jones and wife, Jack Sellers and wife, Mrs. Jack Vines and Mrs. W. Hodnut, and last but not least, his aged companion, feeling the sweet assurance that he had gone home to a mansion not built with hands. Thus in the sweet by and by she too would join the dear husband and children gone before in the land far a way and be with the bright and the fair. On Friday the remains were interred in the Mullins and Jones cemetery; the funeral services were held by Rev. I. O. Rutherford. He in his early life choosing the first companion he cared for, rendered both the tender services of a mother and the stern duties of a father. This good man, in early days, without facilities, spun and wove the cloth that kept from winter's cold the helpless child. This was Christian virtue out of which God will bloom for him a fabric of eternal joy. "It would be well for us all if we could go as he went with unshaken trust in Him who had been his guide for over 86 years. Death for him had no terror and his only regret was that he left behind those who looked to him for kindly care. Blessed be the God that giveth victory over death and the grave. Blessed are they which die in the Lord. May the loved ones of the deceased realize that although they have lost their earthly father they have a Heavenly Father who is always willing to render every loving kindness upon those who do His bidding.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co, clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, Clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kincheon
J. B Downs, clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
This reliable cement, 25c. 15 and 10 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

All Day Singing at Corinth.

Early in the morning the people began to come, and by noon there was a large crowd.

The singers came together and elected T. L. Robinson, chairman, and J. E. Goss, secretary. Arranging committee: P. M. Jones, Sam Yates and W. B. Jones. Prayer by E. L. Jones. N. J. Jones and J. M Curlee were leaders for the morning, after which they had recess for dinner. A bountiful supply of everything good was spread. In the afternoon T. M. Pyron, J. S. Jones, Jr., and T. L. Robinson, conducted the singing. As singing was not considered a proper celebration of the Fourth of July, it did not amount to much. Everyone was in for a good time and I think they were fully satisfied. Ice cold lemonade, soda water, ice cream and candy fit for a queen. Everyone went away feeling sure they did not regret being at Corinth another Fourth of July. Instead of an up-to-date all day singing, it proved to be a regular holiday picnic. So much for the Fourth.

J. E. Goss, Sec.

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

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Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, etc.* The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Such burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

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Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

MR. REYNOLDS' SPEECH.

I dislike to take up the time of the Convention in discussing this question, but I feel that I would be untrue to the people I represent did I not say a few words on this subject. This is a remarkable proposition and something new in the history of the country, that property, and not men, should vote.

I take this view of the question that the Convention should not, and ought not, to put anything in the Constitution that is not needed, that is not right and just and demanded by the people.

Mr. President, we have lowered the tax limit with the idea that we would give to the people of the State the right of local self-taxation for public schools. I submit that there is no one on the floor can gainsay that. We have reduced our tax rate, guaranteeing that they would give to the people locally the right to levy the amount that the tax was reduced. But this provision is so worded that it is inoperative, and the people cannot enforce it. I lay down the broad proposition that there is not a county in Alabama that can levy a school tax under this provision. If this proposition is right and just, why not put it so the people can enforce it? I say, if it is wrong, this Convention should not be put in our organic law; if it is right, it should be put in a shape that it can be enforced.

Who pays the taxes in the country? Go down these streets and you find tenants in houses paying rent. They are the ones who pay the taxes. The man who owns the property figures the taxes and includes it in the amount for which he rents. And will we say that the man who is poor shall not vote? I believe levying taxes upon property for the benefit of education is for the benefit of the property itself. I represent the hill billies—but I believe that has been ruled out—so I represent a poor agricultural people. In my county we have this law. It is inoperative because the officers don't put it into operation. In my county, in the remote country districts, wherever we have good school houses and good schools, valuations are higher than in districts where we have no school houses and churches. Then to levy school taxes and build up common schools in the country, increases the value of the property, and why not let the property bear its share of taxation to build up the schools? You educate people in the country and you elevate them and make them ride more on the railroads and the railroads ought to be made to pay their share of taxation, because they get the benefit when you elevate the people. This Convention ought to be the last body of men who would for a moment consider any proposition to tear down the school houses of the State. Why, Because we have before us now a problem as to what to do with the ignorant white man in Alabama. That is a great problem before the Convention. And should we put down in the organic law of the State for all time to come such a proposition as is embodied in this section? This ought to be the last body of men in the world to strike down the common schools of the country when it is said in the future only the educated can be allowed to vote. So I ask the delegates to pause and consider the great undertaking upon which they are entering before they put this proposition into the organic law for all time.

Who have fought the great battles of the country? When our country calls for warriors, men to go out and fight the battles, does she call for the property owners of the country? No, they are the biggest cowards that ever lived in the country. Wealth is always cowardly, and the poor people are those who fight the battles.

Now I want to say to this Convention that I never cast my vote for any special privilege for benefits of education to any class of people or against any class. I do not believe because men are rich or because corporations are wealthy that they ought to be oppressed by law. I believe the laws on the statute books should bear equally on all classes alike. I do not believe in any special laws or special licenses or license taxes that are now on our books. Always in the Legislature I have voted against them. Some gentlemen I believe referring to the assessed poll people would not have much to pay of it, that it would all fall on the rich people and possibly so heavily that they could not pay it. That would not be right. It is the duty of the Convention not to allow anything become part of our law that permits one class to bear heavily on another class. I think the laws should be made just and equitable and nothing that operates harshly on any portion of our citizenship should be tolerated.

If this measure is just, Mr. President, let us put it on the statute books, but if it is not just that the people of Alabama should rule upon this question let that be the provision.

Where is the man who went before the people of Alabama and advocated such a thing as this? Some of the most fluent speakers of this State made speeches in my county and territory, and they said there will be no white man disfranchised, not a single individual. They promised my people if a white man was disfranchised against his plea on account of poverty they would come back and make speeches against ratification of the Constitution, and if you put a provision that is reported by the Committee into this instrument I serve notice now that we will call those gentlemen to their promises and demand that they come back to my county and oppose the adoption of this Constitution. This is the most important matter that will come before the Convention since it has been in session. Yesterday we were on another important matter, and I cast my vote against the education of the tax rate. I believe that the Legislature has appropriated a great deal of money that should not have appropriated. I was afraid if you lowered the tax limit the next thing would be a blow at the common schools, and I cast that ballot against my judgment. I thought a majority of my people would do, but I believe I did right in believing. I was doing my duty towards the poor boys and girls of Alabama. I will not say hard-hearted boys, because I believe another member has copyrighted that. I hope the amendment of the delegate from Jefferson will pass. I am opposed to the substitute of the gentleman from Lowndes. I believe in a majority rule. I believe when one man goes up to the polls and casts his ballot that ballot should count as much as the ballot of any other man. I do not believe that men should be measured by their wealth. We will drift into that sooner or later, but let us not hurry into it. I do not think the people of Alabama are ready for this system and I think they will rise up and repudiate it.

It Dazzles The World.

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1 00 Trial bottles free.

Program S. S. Convention of Bethel

To be held at New Salem church, Sunday, July 14, 1901.

10 a.m. Devotional. A. Horn.

10:30. Address of welcome. W. H. Sorrell.

10:45. What is the most successful way to get and hold your officers in your school? F. Kilgo.

11:05. What per cent of Christians owe their salvation to the influence of the Sunday school, and the Sunday school essential to their salvation? Prof. Rasco.

11:35. Is class organization conducive to the success of the Sunday school class? John Hayes.

12 m. Adjourn for refreshments.

1:30 p.m. What success does scolding or irregular attending Sunday-school teacher hope to have with his class? Prof. Riddle.

2 p.m. How to get parents to attend the Sunday-school? J. Horn.

2:30. The duties of the superintendent to his school. Aiken.

3. Do we need the Sunday-school? If so, why? L. B. Pounds.

J. Bock, Pres.

Naoma Williams, Sec.

You are cordially invited to come and bring your baskets prepared to stay all day.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. Wheeler's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is so so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect for 25 stamps for one. Ladies' size, 25c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Subscribe for the Banner.

VOL. IX

PERPETUAL MOTION.

Six Thousand Miles in Fifteen Days

[illegible]

Near to Del Monte is Monterey, the oldest capital of California. We left Del Monte early on Sunday morning, our next stopping place being Paso Robles, a picturesque little town possessing a hot spring, the qualities of which I did not ascertain. About 11 o'clock we arrived at San Luis Obispo, where for a couple of hours we explored the town and the Old Mission house. Thence on to Santa Barbara, a pretty town all buried with bloom. Again we go on, passing through Los Angeles to Santa Monica arriving at the latter place about midnight. Early in the morning, while Mother Earth was enveloped in a mist from the sea, we were down on the sandy beach and a number of us in the ocean taking a morning dip. Santa Monica is a delightful place and we would willingly have remained longer.

At Los Angeles we were conducted to the Chamber of Commerce and shown a splendid collection of the products of the country. Then we strolled about the streets of this beautiful city, deriving pleasure from the mere fact of walking in the exhilarating atmosphere. The streets are beautifully clean and the stores attractive. In the afternoon, boarding the electric cars, we proceeded through lovely Pasadena and aristocratic Altadena on our way up in the clouds to Mt. Lowe, passing on the way the ostrich farm at South Pasadena. As we approach the mountains far away above us can be seen the track winding its tortuous way from point to point, and many are the ejaculations of wonderment as we look on earth we are going to go up there. Then we come to the Canon and alight from the car in a wild looking spot.

Right in front of us, away up the steep mountain side, far as the eye can reach, is the great cable incline, and we marvel at the difficulties which had to be overcome by the engineers in laying such a track. Seated in the car it begins to ascend, and for every one hundred feet we go forward we rise a system upward. We seem to be shooting into space, as looking backward and downward a glorious panorama is spread before us. As we rise higher and get a more extended view the towns we have just passed through, and the orange groves and fields look like a chess board. Half way up we pass an incoming car coming down with no one on board. Seven minutes takes us to the top of Echo mountain where we alight and gaze with delight across the valley far below. We are now 3500 feet above sea level and a four mile trip is still before us.

Here we enter a small trolley car and proceed on our journey, winding in and out among the mountains, ever upward and onward, at times holding our breath as we travel along the side of a precipice, the next thrilled with awe as we pass over a trestle and look down for hundreds of feet. At certain points we can at the same time see the road below over which we have just travelled and the track above us the track we have to climb. The views are grand and change every minute, each one excelling in grandeur those we have just imagined could not possibly be surpassed. And finally

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNER

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JULY 18, 1901

PERPETUAL MOTION.

Six Thousand Miles in Fifteen Days

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At Los Angeles we were conducted to the Chamber of Commerce and shown a splendid collection of the products of the country. Then we strolled about the streets of this beautiful city, deriving pleasure from the mere fact of walking in the exhilirating atmosphere. The streets are beautifully clean and the stores attractive. In the afternoon, boarding the electric cars, we proceeded through lovely Pasadena and aristocratic Altadena on our way up in the clouds to Mt. Lowe, passing on the way the ostrich farm at South Pasadena. As we approach the mountains far above us can be seen the track winding its tortuous way from point to point, and many are the ejaculations of wonderment as we look on earth we are going to go there. Then we come to Echo Canon and alight from the car in a wild looking spot.

Right in front of us, away up some mountain side, far as the eye can see, a great cable incline, and we marvel at the difficulties to be overcome in laying such a road. Soon after the car it begins to climb and every one hundred and [illegible] forward we rise [illegible]. We seem to be [illegible] looking backward and onward a glorious panorama is spread before us. As we go higher and get a more extended view the towns we have passed, and the orange groves look like a chess board. As we wind up we pass another car coming down with 10 passengers. Seven minutes takes us to the Echo mountain house where we halt and gaze with delight on the valley far below, 3,500 feet above sea level. Our trip is still [illegible].

Here we enter a small trolley car and proceed on our journey, winding in and out among the mountains, ever upward and onward, at a moment holding our breath as we travel along the side of a precipice, the next thrilled with awe as we pass over a trestle and look down as for hundreds of feet. At many points we can at the same moment see the road below over which we have just travelled and the track above us the track we have to climb. The views are grand and change every minute, each one excelling in grandeur those we have just imagined could not possibly be surpassed. And finally we reach the Alpine Tavern nestling among the trees at the head of the grand Canon, 5000 feet above sea level. A short stop is made and we walk around, then begin the descent which in some respects is more awe-inspiring than the upward journey. Night is drawing on and the ever changing aspect of the scene presents new and astonishing pictures. We reach the incline and down we go, enter the electric cars and arrive at Los Angeles at nine o'clock, having enjoyed one of the most delightful mountain trips in the world.

On Tuesday morning we bid farewell to Los Angeles, hoping in course of time to re-visit that lovely city, and after a two hours run arrive at Riverside, another beautiful city, looking as neat as a new pin. Special electric cars were in readiness and away we go through the city and for some three miles along the far-famed Magnolia Avenue. 'Twas a splendid ride, the avenue lined on each side with giant eucalyptus, and orange and lemon orchards laid out with mathematical precision. At the end of the ride we were regaled with refreshments, and crowning glory of all were turned loose in an orange grove where we plucked the golden fruit to our hearts' content. Returning to the city we dined, then on to the cars again and a short run of half an hour brings us to Redlands, our last stop in California.

Redlands presented the same attractive appearance we have noted in all California towns, and while carriages were in waiting to convey our party to Smiley Heights, we strolled around the town and into the Smiley Library and Park, where we spent a couple of hours very pleasantly. At 4 p. m. we are again on board the train with a run of 647 miles across the great desert before we make our next stop at El Paso, with the exception of short stops for meals.

Oh, the desert! It was hot, it was dusty, it was uncomfortable, it was thoroughly disagreeable. But we have not yet come to the worst of it. After seven hours run we re-cross the Colorado river at Yuma, we have left California and are again in Arizona. All through the night we are afflicted with the heat and the dust, which in spite of closed windows and doors penetrates everywhere, while the wretched taste of alkali and a consuming thirst adds to the discomfort. Morning breaks, noon comes, and still with a whirr, whirr, rattle, rattle, we pursue our way across the never changing desert. No signs of habitations, no signs of life, nought but sand, a slight scrubby growth and cactus, while in the distance the mountains stand up as bare and gaunt as the desert itself. The one redeeming feature of the desert was the mirage. Apparently we could see a large lake of beautiful clear water reflecting in its depths every variation of the mountain range; not a detail was missing, and one almost expected to see boats upon the water. As we pass along, looking backward, we can see nothing but a sandy waste, our beautiful lake has vanished, and it is hard work to convince ourselves that it was nothing but an illusion.

And so we whirl along across Arizona and New Mexico, desert, desert all the way, until the conviction is almost forced upon us that we have struck "perpetual" motion and are doomed for ever to continue rattling across a barren waste. After thirty hours run we arrive at El Paso, Texas, where if time permitted we were to have been hospitably entertained. But

(continued on 2d col. page 4)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 52

East Chilton

I think crops are cut off at least one-half through this part of the country, but we have some prospect of rain now. We had a hot wind Friday which was almost fatal to crops and something we have never experienced before.

We are having a great deal of sickness which is not unexpected. J. P. Jones was suddenly stricken with a hot fever Friday evening, but is now improving.

M. C. Williams is also right sick. Bill McKinney's little child, who has been sick quite awhile, died last week. We sympathize with the bereaved parents.

P. M. Jones killed two turkeys one morning last week.

Mrs. Williams has moved to Wadworth's new mill.

David Kendrick visited relatives at Bethel Saturday and Sunday.

Misses, Lotta and Cora Bail, two of Clanton's charming young ladies, are visiting Mrs. Kendrick this week.

Mr. Mercer and wife, and Mr. Pilate, all of Elmore, are visiting friends here this week.

J. A Jones went to Clanton Saturday to purchase some school books.

Messrs. W. A. Goss and James T. Allen, visited Palmetta cave last week.

Had some of our young people attended service at Canaan Sunday, and report a nice time at Mr Blackman's in the afternoon. The writer happened to be among them.

Our school is progressing nicely, though we find it quite difficult to get in possession of the adopted books.

Some of our boys know what it is to fall over the fence. Take warning. SUBON.

Cedar Grove.

Crops are needing rain.

Mr Frank Kiland of Blocton is visiting friends and relatives in our vicinity.

Mr. Jack Allen, of near Thorsby, visited the family of Mrs. Frances Collins Saturday night.

We had the pleasure of attending the Sunday-school convention at New Salem sunday, and we are indebted to Mrs. John Parker for her hospitality and if she will visit us we will show her how we appreciated it by reciprocating.

Mr. Lum Hayes and family visited the family of J. L. Baker Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Jones of Lomax, were the guests of Mr. Bob Hardy and family Saturday night.

Mrs. Frances Burnett left Sunday for Bessemer where she goes to visit one of her daughters.

Right and wrong.—There is not great, no small, in right and wrong. Whatever is wrong if done to a thousand men, is wrong if done to one; and whatever is wrong when coined to its ultimate end is no less wrong in its inception. There is no injustice in respecting the rights of the few, though it displeases the many; but to please the many at the expense of the few, is a great injustice to the few; and an exhibition of tyranny toward a few, rightly considered, is a menace to all. "It is better to be beaten in right than to succeed in wrong." Have principles of right by which to live, and then live by them. "Do right through the heavens fall."

OLD PATCH.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early used of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Clanton drug co.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

NOTICE.

I will sell for cash, to the highest and best bidder, on

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1901,

Lot No. 1 (One) in Block No. 10 (Ten) in the Town of Clanton. Hour of sale 11 a.m.

The County will give a Warranty Deed to the purchaser.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate, Agent.

THE MACEDONIA MEETING.

The meeting for the purpose of considering the formation of the Chilton County Association of Baptist churches was held at Macedonia on Saturday, July 13.

After devotional exercises for thirty minutes, organization was effected by electing Rev. S. M. Adams chairman, and John T. Martin Secetary. The names of the Baptist churches of Chilton county were called and delegates enrolled. Delegates were present from eleven churches of the Mulberry Association, ten churches from the Unity, and one from the Wenguefka. The chairman very ably and clearly explained the object of the convention.

By a vote of the convention it was agreed to vary the original program and discuss the following query:

1st. Does the cause of Christ in Chilton county demand a more perfect organization?

It was discussed for about forty minutes by J. E. Champion, F. M. Woods, S. M. Adams and E. H. Parrish.

The following motion was put before the convention:

Resolved, that it is the sense of this convention that to better perform the work which is before the Baptist of Chilton county a more perfect organization is needed. The motion was sustained without opposition. A motion to adjourn was next in order. The convention took a recess for one hour and a half.

AFTERNOON SESSION

After some discussion it was agreed for the delegates to refer this work of this convention back to their churches, and if a majority of the churches in Chilton county would ratify it, a meeting is to be held to organize a Chilton County Association. Collins Chapel was selected as the place of holding this meeting, on Wednesday 16, 1901.

Brethren S. M. Adams, F. M. Woods and E. B. Deason were appointed as an executive committee to receive communications from the various churches, after they have acted on the work of the convention.

The business of the convention being now finished the first subject of the program was discussed by Rev. F. M. Woods and others.

The convention adjourned until 9 a. m. tomorrow, when after some discussion and a speech by Rev. F. M. Woods on the work of the Holy Spirit, and a sermon at 11 o'clock by Rev. S. M. Adams the convention adjourned. It was a highly successful and sweet spirited meeting.

Office of D. H. Harris, Sec. of State, Austin, Tex., Nov. 21, 1901.

I have found Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA a splendid remedy and aid for my teething children. When my oldest boy was teething child, every succeeding day warned us tha we would inevitably lose him. I happened upon TEETHINA, and began at once administering it to him, and his improvement was marked in 24 hours, and from that day on he recuperated. I have constantly kept it and used it since with my children, and have taken great pleasure in sounding its praises to all mothers of young children. I found it invaluable even after the teething period was passed.

WANTED.

200 ACRES at $6.00 per acre. Titles perfect. Plenty of water on the place. Fine reed brake for pasture. One mile north of Thorsby. J. A. SKAGGS, Jemison, Ala.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to

C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

If your bicycle becomes frightened and relieves itself of your avoirdupois, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic immediately—not to the bicycle—but to that part of your anatomy most feelingly affected by the law of gravitation. You'll be delighted with the result of the application. Keep a bottle in your "kit" for personal repairs. Only 50 cts. at drug stores.

NOTICE.

There will be a picnic at Kincheon on Thursday, July 25, and a lecture on Temperance by Judge Adams. Everybody invited.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 15 cents.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3⅛ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.
1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Chilton county, and State of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against John Ray out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said John Ray, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

One barrel of flower, and one box of merchandise.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named John Ray, in and to the above described property, on

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1901,

during the legal hours of sale, at the Court House door, in Clanton, Ala.

Dated at Clanton, Ala., this 8th. day of July, 1901.

M. A. KILLGORE, Sheriff.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Cutts
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clan on Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANK M. PETERSON, President.

The O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C EDLER, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A California community recently lynched at one seance five men accused of horse stealing. This reads like the good old dime-novel days.

A bicyclist has invented an attachment which enables him to ride along a railway at a high rate of speed. It is now to be determined whether the company has the right to a fare from him, and if so, how it is to be collected.

Efforts have been made to effect a saving in the consumption of fuel. Improved fire boxes have done good. New boilers have helped to some extent. There are a score of appliances that make a ton of coal go further today than three tons a half century ago. However, so long as more heat is wasted than utilized scientists have a work before them.

When crossing the ocean in the summer one can send messages almost as regularly to one's friends as when on land. The carrier pigeons used for the transportation very seldom go astray, sometimes flying over 300 miles. The little birds have quite a career before them, somewhat different from their peaceful brethren, whose sole interest in life seems to be to strut and coo on the barn roofs.

According to the late Sir Edward Watkin, the English railway magnate, the safest place on earth is a railway car. He once declared that he had proved to his own satisfaction that railroad traveling, according to official statistics, was safer than walking, driving, going up or down stairs or even eating. He had found, he said, that more people choked themselves while eating than were killed on railway lines.

The secretary of the Sheffield chamber of commerce, after a careful study of conditions in the United States, awards the heartiest praise to the road transportation system in America, in comparison with the achievements so far made in Great Britain. He is reported as saying that even in small towns Uncle Sam handles his highway traffic as thoroughly and well as John Bull handles his in large cities. Moreover, he frankly admits that the prinicpal steam railroads of Yankeeland are more punctual in their train service, and provide more comfort and convenience for passengers than the British roads furnish. He also commends our fast freight trains, which carry enormous loads at high speed in cars of remarkable strength and capacity, drawn by the most powerful locomotive engines in the world.

Preliminary plans for the proposed Carnegie technical school in Pittsburg have been made. They provide for six large buildings grouped around a central courtyard. The course of instruction in the school will extend through nine years. The first four years will be devoted to preparatory work, and the second four to the regular collegiate work of the engineering schools. The ninth year will be the post-graduate course, which all finished engineers desire to take before they enter practical business. The buildings were planned with the long and thorough course in view, and the idea was the result of long study of the conditions and their success in the best technical schools of the old world. Facilities are to be offered for obtaining the mastery of any chosen trade or the grouping of all for thorough training of engineering as a science. All of this is to be coupled with practice.

Italy is suffering from what criminologists called "a wave of crime" of most virulent description. The total number of persons arrested last year was nearly twice as large as in the year before, the numbers being, respectively, 530,000 and 280,000. These figures include offenses of all kinds from minor misdemeanors to murders and assassinations. The greatest increase is noted in the latter class, and the police seem unable to check them. The cause is found chiefly in the impoverished state of the country, which has given rise to much labor agitation with the accompanying strikes and violence while hunger and a general spread of neurotic ailments are mentioned as subsidiary causes. The Italian authorities, however, point out, for the benefit of foreigners, that this wave of crime is, so to say, quite local, and, therefore, we take it, tourists need have little fear of being the victims of any but the usual legitimate robberies and extortions.

ALABAMA MEN AND THINGS

AS THEY APPEAR AND AS THEY REALLY ARE.

THE NEWS BUDGET OF THEIR ACTIONS

Explosions Big and Little — Figures From the University — The Governor's Appointments — Another Big Fire Visits Clanton.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

A boiler explosion occurred at the mills of the Sample Lumber company at Hollins, Ala., Friday afternoon. The colored fireman of the boiler was killed, and Superintendent Laumer was seriously injured. The boiler was one of the battery and was badly damaged by the explosion. None of the other boilers were hurt, though the building was almost destroyed. The boiler which exploded was fifty horse power. The big iron monster sailed directly upward for about twenty feet and then fell exactly back in its place. A statement was made last night work would be resumed on Monday.

PANIC IN CHURCH.

Rev. John Bass Shelton, of Montgomery, closed a successful revival meeting at Montevallo Saturday night. At the service a lamp exploded and a panic and stampede followed. The crowd jammed the doors and in the excitement many women and children jumped through the open windows fifteen feet from the ground. Three persons and several others were painfully bruised. The physicians of the town were all in church and cared for the wounded.

THE BOOKS BALANCE.

The assistant examiner of public accounts has examined the Tuscaloosa University books and finds them correct. On July 13 the following credits were shown:

University fund	$ 877.87
Cadet fund	1,282.74
Land fund	199.10
Investment fund (Alabama bonds)	328.95
Bryan fund	259.00

GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

Governor Jelks has named a state board of examiners of mine bosses as follows: A. J. Reilly, Pratt City; Priestly Toulmin, Birmingham; David Kirkwood, Oakman; Robert Neill, Dolomite; and T. Howard Embert to be commissioner of deeds for Alabama in Baltimore, M. D.

TEMPLE OF JUSTICE.

Lauderdale's new county court house is nearing completion and will be ready for occupancy about the middle of August. The county commissioners have expended $4,300 for furniture and interior improvements. The building cost about $50,000, and is one of the handsomest and commodious in the state.

ANOTHER CLANTON FIRE.

Thursday morning a disastrous fire destroyed about $15,000 worth of property at Clanton. This is the second bad fire Clanton has had in six months and was evidently the work of an incendiary. But one house and none of the goods were insured.

Former Sheriff Hamp Morris, of Blount county, died in Blountsville a few days ago at the age of 58. He was well known throughout the county, having served as sheriff from 1888 to 1892.

A HISTORIC FIND.

While exacvating for the sewers at Decatur last week the workmen found what is believed to be a relic of the revolutionary war. Buried under eight feet of earth, a saber, sti clutched by a skeleton hand, was found. Nearby a skull and several other human bones were unearthed. It is believed that the saber belonged to a revolutionary general, as some o the older citizens remember their forefathers telling of an American officer having been killed and buried near that spot. The weapon is in good preservation.

KILLED BY THE TRAIN.

Tom Henson, white, 18 years old, living near Margerum, was run over and killed by a Southern freight Saturday morning. He boarded the train at Margerum to ride home and selected to ride between the cars rather than pay his fare. Being partially intoxicated he lost his balance and fell under the train, receiving injuries which resulted in his death.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Work has commenced at Selma on the new L. & N. Railroad bridge across the Alabama river.

Work on Gadsden's new stove foundry will commence at once. The land has been bought and is situated on the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

The business men of Oneonta organized a board of trade last week. The object is to attract the attention of capitalists and to induce them to establish industries there.

The new board of trustees of Lafayette college held a meeting Tuesday afternoon, and accepted the resignation of Dr. E. R. Eldridge, president of that institution.

The Brookside high school teachers have been selected for the ensuing year. With a new school building erected at a cost of $1,485, and the new corps of teachers, the community is delighted.

The long distance telephone line which is to connect the towns of Tuscumbia, Florence and Sheffield with Russellville, is nearing completion. The line has been completed to a point five miles from Tuscumbia.

Selma has information that the army worm has made its appearance on cotton a few miles above Summerfield. Cotton is small and backward in that section, and it will be hard on the farmers if the army worm comes along and adds to the shortening of the crop.

William Stephenson, a young Dallas county farmer was arrested last Tuesday charged with shooting his brother-in-law, A. J. Haley. The shooting is said to have occurred on Haley's farm and the difficulty arose out of a dispute about work. The wounded man will likely recover.

Merdith Garner, a young white man was killed in a peculiar manner at Ward's saw mill, near Bay Minette, Thursday. Garner was handling lumber from the saw and fell backwards. His neck struck a one-inch plank edgewise, and was broken by the force of the blow. He died almost instantly.

Evan Childers, the young man who was shot by W. S. Prothero, at Sulligent last Monday, is dead. Prothero is still at large, though diligently hunted by the sheriff. Childers made a statement before he died, that there had been no serious quarrel, but that Prothero had simply called to him, and warning him to get his weapon, opened fire. Childers was unarmed at the time.

ALMOST LOST HIS HEAD.

With his head almost torn from his body Joseph Burdick still lives, furnishing one of the most remarkable cases known to physicians. Burdick's head was all but taken off by a piece of metal which fell across his neck. The trachea and larynx were completely torn away. By some fortune his neck was not broken nor were the jugular vein and carotid artery injured, though both were fully exposed. Burdick was operated upon and equipped with a device for breathing.

DROWNED.

Jim Walls, a young white man, was drowned Sunday in Skinner's pond, West Anniston, while in swimming. Other bathers failed to rescue him.

ANOTHER OIL COMPANY.

The third oil company, wi th a capital stock of $100,000, was organized at Huntsville Saturday to sink eight wells in Lincoln and Madison counties. Incorporation papers will be filed Monday. The company controls 10,000 acres of land.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Friday night frightened horses and a broken harness caused the tipping into Oxford Lake of a coaching party of nine young people. One young lady was caught and held under water by the vehicle, but the whole party escaped with a wetting and a scare.

BLAZES IN DEMOPOLIS.

Two small fires occurred in Demopolis Saturday. The ice-factory, the ginnery seed shed and Mayor Howze's kitchen suffered. Loss nominal, insurance nil.

TEMPORARILY CRAZED.

Mrs. Silas Witt, a widow living five miles south of Center, committed suicide Saturday afternoon by hanging. No cause is known for her action except temporary insanity. She was 67 years old.

An effort has been set on foot by several public-spirited Tuscaloosa citizens looking to a city hospital.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Fortieth Day.

Legislators' Limitations Discussed—Local Legislation Reports Are Being Considered.

There were 116 delegates present this morning and an even hundred in the afternoon. Mr. Beddow offered an ordinance to prohibit the leasing of convicts after January 1, 1904, but to work them for the benefit of the state.

The report of the committee on local legislation came up for discussion, and the first sixteen sub-divisions of the first section occupied the entire day. The section will prohibit the general assembly from passing special, private or local laws in certain cases. 35 sub-divisions compose the section. Those which caused debate were numbers 8, 9, 11, 14 and 17.

Sub-division 8 regulates the time within which civil or criminal action may begin. Number 9 denies the general assembly the power to exempt persons, corporations or sections from operation of general laws, and finally was adopted as follows: "9. Exempting any individual, private corporation or association from the operation of any general law." Number 12 refers to changing county seats, and was adopted. Number 14 was lost. It restricts granting any exclusive or special privilege, immunity or franchise whatever, and as it affected the dispensary matter in the minds of some, the measure was defeated. Number 17 sanctioning invalid instruments of law was under discussion when adjournment was ordered.

Forty-First Day.

Sections 1, 2 and 3 on Local Legislation Adopted—Suffrage Article in Regular Order.

One hundred and twenty-two delegates answered to roll call at today's morning session and 96 in the afternoon. An effort was made to take up the suffrage report on next Tuesday, the 16th inst., but it failed.

The city council of Sheffield petitioned that the debt limit of cities as proposed in the article on taxation be not adopted.

Discussion of the article on local legislation was then resumed. The section was completed and adopted and also sections 2 and 3. The general assembly, by virtue of article 1 is prohibited among other things from amending, confirming or extending the charter of any private or municipal corporation or remitting the forfeiture thereof; establishing separate school and stock districts; creating, increasing or decreasing pay of public officials, exempting from jury or road duty; donating land owned or controlled by the state to any person or corporation.

In the afternoon the committee on schedule made a partial report. The general assembly was further restricted from changing the lines of old counties and from restoring the right to vote to persons convicted of infamous crimes or involving moral turpitude.

Sections 2 and 3 of the article were then adopted. The second is supplementary to parts of section 1, and the third refers to repeals.

Forty-Second Day.

A Day of Discussion—Economy Commenced—A Suffrage Caucus Has Been Called.

The attendance of 118 this morning was augmented by one in the afternoon.

The morning session was largely consumed by an effort to reconsider the section on local legislation which provides that no local law be enacted on a subject covered by a general law. Some of the members see in it a menace to the dispensary and the Mobile and Eufaula school systems. The section was reconsidered after a heated debate between Mr. O'Neal and Mr. Smith and was readopted in the afternoon. Mr. DeGraffenried gave notice he would move its reconsideration again tomorrow.

After this week five pages and the clerks of all committees but the ones on rules and harmony will be dispensed with.

The committee on impeachments made its report. It contains four sections. A minority report signed by Messrs. Thompson and Robinson was also submitted. Notice was also given of a democratic caucus on Monday to consider the suffrage clause.

At the afternoon session there was much parliamentary discussion. Section four of the article on local legislation was taken up and was finally adopted, but not before Hon. Tom Lodg had offered an amendment prohibiting the general assembly from calling another constitutional convention. Section 5 was also considered, but adjournment was ordered before its discussion was completed.

Forty-Third Day.

Three Mills School Tax—Property Vote Killed—County Areas Are Not Reduced.

One hundred and twenty delegates were present at this morning's session of the convention and leaves of absence were granted so that only 106 were present in the afternoon.

Mr. Carmichael introduced an ordinance to provide that the general assembly could levy only 55-100 of 1 per cent for general tax levy, with an extra 21-100 for soldiers and schools or either.

The committee on education reported an article of 13 sections. It recommends a three-mill tax for schools. A minority report was also submitted. It is signed by seven members of the committee and opposes the constitutional provision that the governor be a member of the University board and recommends that the superintendent of education be ex-officio a member of the board. Sections 5, 6 and 7 of the article on local legislation were then adopted and the article sent to the engrossing committee.

In the afternoon the report of the committee on state and county boundaries was taken up. There were three minority reports and one amendment. The first section was adopted defining the boundaries of the state as in the old constitution and providing for territory which may be annexed. Sections 2 and 3 on county boundaries and areas of counties caused much discussion, and time for adjournment came before it was finished.

Forty-Fourth Day.

County Boundaries Not to Be Changed—Present Clause Stands—Stenographic Report May Stop.

Roll call showed 88 members present this morning. Mr. Samford moved that when the convention adjourned this morning that it meet at 11 o'clock Monday. This motion was adopted.

The fifty day limit of the convention session expires next Saturday, July 20th, and Mr. Davis offered a resolution to discontinue the stenographic report after that date.

The convention then took up section 3 of the article on boundaries and after much discussion readopted the clause in present constitution. Section 5 was adopted which prohibits the creation of new counties whose lines run within seven miles of the county court house of any old county.

Forty-Fifth Day.

The County Site Removal Matter Settled—Calera Knocked Out—Banking Section Adopted.

Only 87 delegates answered to their names at roll call this morning and more leaves of absence were granted. The entire morning session was spent in discussing the court-removal section (6) of the article on boundaries. Four more delegates came in after dinner and the section was adopted. It provides that no county seat shall be moved except on a majority vote at a county election. The section also kills Calera's hopes of becoming the the capital of Shelby county by decreeing that Columbiana shall remain the county seat.

The report of the committee on banks and banking was then taken up and its eight articles were adopted with certain amendments. It is practically the same article as now in force except there is to be an official to examine banks and individuals doing a banking business, trust companies and similar institutions. An amendment by Governor Oates to allow state banks to issue money was passed. Until the 10 per cent federal tax is repealed this will be in operation.

The convention will take up the report of the committee on legislative department tomorrow.

OUR LITTLE FIGHTER.

General Joseph Wheeler, marshal of the coming fete day parade at Newport, R. I., has sent to Governor Crane of Massachusetts a request that the Second and Ninth Massachusetts Regiments be sent to take part in the parade. General Wheeler is anxious for the presence of these two regiments which served with him in the Santiago campaign.

A French writer, assuming that the prosperity and power of Great Britain depend on her supply of coal, predicts that "the end" will come during the 20th century. About the year 1950, he says, the supply will be exhausted. In this prediction he assumes that mining cannot be economically carried on beyond a depth of 2000 feet. Nature, the well known English scientific paper, in answering the Frenchman's lugubrious statement says that recent investigations have shown the possibility of economical mining at much greater depths than 2000 feet, and that the British coal supply will last indefinitely longer than he claims.

WASHINGTON NEWS

AMONG THE LAWMAKERS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY

Pan-American Congress—A Possible Issue Figures — A Possible Change — Home From Porto Rico — Turkey Pro...

The census bureau has ... bulletin concerning the urban population of the country. It shows 28,411,698 people in the ... live in cities and towns of ... population. This is 37.3 per ... of the entire population, a gain of most 5 per cent since the census 1890, when the percentage was ... The percentage of people living in cities and towns as compared with the entire population of the ... ranges from 91.6 in Rhode Island to ... in Indian Territory. Southern states are: Florida, 16.5; Texas, ... Tennessee, 14.1; Georgia, 11.1; Alabama, 10.0; North Carolina, ... Arkansas, 6.9; Mississippi, 5.1.

Secretary Hay has received assurances that every government in the western hemisphere has accepted the invitation to participate in the Pan-American congress in Mexico next ... ber, and that preparations for the representation are well advanced. The general subjects will be arbitration, international court of claims; protection of ... agriculture and commerce, ... international communication, ... lar, port and customs regulations, statistics; reorganization of the ... tional bureau of American ...

United States Minister Leishman at Constantinople has received ... for $95,000 in settlement of ... American claims. Among the ... that of Lentz, who was killed by ... Minor while making a tour ... world awheel for a popular magazine. The sum paid by the Turkish government does not represent to the ... American claims, but has been accepted by the United States as a satisfactory.

It is stated that Frank W. ... will tender his resignation as assistant secretary. He will ... yards and naval organizations ... returning to Washington ... to act as secretary in the ... of Secretary Long of the ... The administration has not ... mined upon his successor. ... H. Allen, governor of Porto Rico, has been suggested.

A recent order from the war department provides for increasing the artillery as fast as enlistments are completed. The new order ... one-sixth, amounting to about ... men. As the increases are made ... number of enlisted men there ... an increase in the number of officers which results in promotions of officers now in the service.

It is announced that a ... to counteract the retaliatory ... upon certain American products ... been shown by the Russian government. It is not the volume of sugars imported into the United States which determines the action of Russia, but rather its policy of ... friction where nothing is to be ...

An appointment of interest ... bamians is that of Miss Lily ... formerly of Huntsville, to ... as teacher in the Philippines. Miss Warwick is well known ... sister of Capt. O. B. Warwick, ... a year ago while leading his ... of the Eighteenth Infantry ... the Fillipino insurgents.

Governor Allen and wife, of Porto Rico, with their household, sailed for New York Saturday ... Mayflower. A large crowd ... bled at the wharf to bid them farewell. He admitted ... of returning to Porto Rico ... semi-officially announced ... enter the diplomatic service.

Representative Barkhead, who has been with the rivers and harbors committee in the West, says ... is working on the general ... rivers and harbors bill, ... hoped to pass it in congress ... holiday recess.

Hon. Richard B. Hall, ... ly governor of Texas, ... President Cleveland's ... United States Minister to ... at his home in Tyler, ... day.

The "Frisco" mint ... few days since of $93,000 ... expert has just discovered ... time look on the cashier's ... not work.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Deeply Concerned In Welfare of State Prisoners.

ARP DISCUSSES CARE OF CONVICTS

Through Reading the Reports of Camp Officials William's Attention Is Directed to an Ever-Absorbing Problem.

Next in importance to the education of the children of the state comes the care of the convicts, the lunatics and the deaf and blind. These are charges fixed charges that rest everywhere upon the citizen and taxpayer and cannot be avoided. A careful perusal of the last reports of the officers of these institutions give us deep concern for their inmates are increasing faster than population and this increase indicates a growing degeneracy in mental, physical or moral condition of our people. These reports give much interesting matter, for there is hardly a state in the union where similar institutions are so ably and faithfully officered. We are especially fortunate in having such a capable and experienced man as Dr. Powell, at the head of our sanitarium. The apprehension is that when he dies we cannot fill his place for we cannot find a man who has both his ability and his long experience. The same can be said of Professor Connor, in charge of the school for the deaf. These two are veterans in the service and have by their long and faithful work allayed all public anxiety about those institutions.

But why should so many more children be born deaf and dumb than formerly, and why should so many more people become insane? Only a few years ago Prof. Connor reported 105 and now he has 215 in charge. Do folks keep on marrying their cousins and will the law keep on allowing it? As to the sanitarium, there seems to be no limit, no diminution of the rapid increase and as fast as more room is provided more still is wanted.

Dr. Powell reports that on October 1 1900, there were 1,700 whites and 742 colored on hand, and the new applications now average about six per day. Of course many die and it is a comfort to know that many recover their reason and are discharged. Two hundred and fifty-nine whites and ninety four negroes were discharged last year. One hundred and fifty six whites and 186 negroes died. The doctor gives pleasant and easy employment to all who can and are willing to work. He is a philosopher of my own kind, for he says he has found that work, manual labor, is more conducive to restoration and contentment than any other medicine. Gardening, sewing, washing, canning fruits, etc., is done on a large scale. Much more of this is done than formerly and the report shows an immense business. Just think of last year's work—1,000 aprons, 2,000 bedticks, 3,000 chemises, 1,800 calico dresses, 700 homespun dresses, 4,700 pair drawers, 4,500 pillow cases, 5,000 pair pants, 3,800 shirts, 2,600 undershirts and quilts by the score—crazy quilts, I suppose—making a total of over 50,000 articles made by crazy women. Good gracious! what an industrial female family the doctor has got. In this way he has greatly reduced the cost of maintenance and brought down the per capita to $117. But on the other hand, he has to be continually repairing or replacing something, for he says "insanity means destruction and that the tendency of a large number of patients is to destroy furniture, crockery, bedding, clothing, lights, sash and sometimes tearing their rooms to pieces." Now just imagine what an army of lunatics we have. Cartersville is quite a large little country town of 3,500 people, but three-fourths of them are children under age. We have only about 800 grown-up people who are ... to be lunatics, but here at the sanitarium are three times as many, and the number increasing every year.

But the report of the prison commission gives us most anxiety, for that concerns crime and involves the safety of our people from the lawless who fear not God nor regard man. The maintenance of the sanitarium costs the state $275,000 annually, but there is one good thing, and only one about the convicts. They cost the state nothing after the trial, but on the contrary they bring in considerable revenue and under the new system this revenue is rapidly increasing. Gen. Evans, Mr. Eason and Mr. Turner inaugurated this system only two years ago and it has already proved a signal success. The state now has the absolute control of all its convicts and has purchased a large farm near Milledgeville where the old men and the boys and all the women are kept. Under the skilful management of Mr. Foster the farm paid well the first year, and the convicts are nearly as happy as they were in old slavery time. Most of the able-bodied convicts are leased to farmers at good prices, but the state provides guards and medical attention.

Here is another army of 2,300 to look after, but these are not all. There are 2,350 more at work in the county chaingangs, making a total of 4,650, of whom 350 are white, ten are white women and 215 are negro women.

Of the state convicts for felony 90 are guilty of murder or manslaughter, 916 for burglary or robbery or larceny, 237 for the usual crime. The ...

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

AMONG THE LAWMAKERS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER

Pan-American Congress—A Few Census Figures — A Possible Cabinet Change — Home From Porto Rico — Turkey Prys Up.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin concerning the urban population of the country. It shows that 28,411,698 people in the United States live in cities and towns of over 2,500 population. This is 37.3 per cent of the entire population, a gain of almost 5 per cent since the census of 1890, when the percentage was 22. The percentage of people living in cities and towns as compared with the entire population of the places ranges from 91.6 in Rhode Island to 1 in Indian Territory. Southern figures are: Florida, 16.5; Texas, 14.1; Tennessee, 14.1; Georgia, 13.9; Alabama, 10.0; North Carolina, 6.8; Arkansas, 6.9; Mississippi, 5.3.

Secretary Hay has received assurances that every government in the western hemisphere has accepted the invitation to participate in the Pan-American congress in Mexico in October, and that preparations for representation are well advanced. Four general subjects will be urged for consideration—arbitration; international court of claims; protection of industry, agriculture and commerce, means of international communication, consular, port and customs regulations, statistics; reorganization of the international bureau of American republics.

United States Minister Leishman at Constantinople has received a draft for $95,000 in settlement of American claims. Among those is that of Lentz, who was killed in Asia Minor while making a tour of the world wheel for a popular magazine. The sum paid by the Turkish government does not represent to total of American claims, but has been accepted by the United States as a satisfactory.

It is stated that Frank W. Hackett will tender his resignation as assistant secretary. He will inspect navy yards and naval organizations before returning to Washington next month to act as secretary in the absence of Secretary Long of the navy. The administration has not determined upon his successor. Charles H. Allen, governor of Porto Rico, has been suggested.

A recent order from the war department provides for increase of artillery as fast as enlistments are completed. The new order adds one-sixth, amounting to about [illegible] men. As the increases are made the number of enlisted men there will be an increase in the number of officers, which results in promotion of many officers now in the service.

It is announced that a discriminating duty will be imposed to counteract the retaliatory duty upon certain American products which has been shown by the Russian government. It is not the volume of Russian sugars imported into the United States which determines the anxiety of Russia, but rather its policy of retaliation where nothing is to be gained.

An appointment of interest to Bahamians is that of Miss Lily Warwick, formerly of Huntsville, to a place as teacher in the Philippine Islands. Miss Warwick is well known here, sister of Capt. O. B. Warwick, who a year ago while leading his company of the Eighteenth Infantry in the Filipino insurgents.

Governor Allen and wife, of Porto Rico, with their household, sailed for New York Saturday on the Mayflower. A large crowd assembled at the wharf to bid the party farewell. He admitted no intention of returning to Porto Rico. It is semi-officially announced that he will enter the diplomatic service.

Representative Bankhead, who has been with the rivers and harbors committee in the West, says the committee is working on the general rivers and harbors bill, and hopes to pass it in congress before the holiday recess.

Hon. Richard B. Hubbard, formerly governor of Texas, and later President Cleveland's minister to Japan, United States Minister to Japan, died at his home in Tyler, Tex., Sunday.

The "Frisco" mint was closed a few days since of $30,000 while an expert has just discovered at the time lock on the cashier's vault did not work.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Deeply Concerned In Welfare of State Prisoners.

ARLY DISCUSSES CARE OF CONVICTS

Through Reading the Reports of Camp Officials William's Attention Is Directed to an Ever-Absorbing Problem.

Next in importance to the education of the children of the state comes the care of the convicts, the lunatics and the deaf and blind. These are charges, fixed charges that rest everywhere upon the citizen and taxpayer and cannot be avoided. A careful perusal of the last reports of the officers of these institutions give us deep concern for their inmates are increasing faster than population and this increase indicates a growing degeneracy in mental, physical or moral condition of our people. These reports give much interesting matter, for there is hardly a state in the union where similar institutions are so ably and faithfully officered. We are especially fortunate in having such a capable and experienced man as Dr. Powell at the head of our sanitarium. The apprehension is that when he dies we cannot fill his place for we cannot find a man who has both his ability and his long experience. The same can be said of Professor Connor, in charge of the school for the deaf. These two are veterans in the service and have by their long and faithful work allayed all public anxiety about those institutions.

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Dr. Powell reports that on October 1, 1900, there were 1,700 whites and 742 colored on hand, and the new applications now average about six per day. Of course many die and it is a comfort to know that many recover their reason and are discharged. Two hundred and fifty nine whites and ninety-four negroes were discharged last year. One hundred and fifty-six whites and 148 negroes died. The doctor gives pleasant and easy employment to all who can and are willing to work. He is a philosopher of my own kind for he says he has found that work, manual labor, is more conducive to restoration and contentment than any other medicine. Gardening, sewing, washing, canning fruits, etc., is done on a large scale. Much more of this is done than formerly and the report shows an immense business. Just think of last year's work—1,000 aprons, 2,000 bedticks, 3,000 chemises, 1,600 calico dresses, 700 homespun dresses, 4,700 pair drawers, 4,500 pillow cases, 3,000 pair pants, 3,800 shirts, 1,600 undershirts and quilts by the score—crazy quilts, I suppose—making a total of over 50,000 articles made by crazy women. Good gracious! what an industrial female family the doctor has got. In this way he has greatly reduced the cost of maintenance and brought down the per capita to $117. But on the other hand, he has to be continually repairing or replacing something, for he says "Insanity means destruction and that the tendency of a large number of patients is to destroy furniture, crockery, bedding, clothing, lights, sash and sometimes tearing their rooms to pieces." Now just imagine what an army of lunatics we have. Cartersville is quite a large little country town of 3,500 people, but three-fourths of them are children under age. We have only about 800 grown up people who are fit to be lunatics, but here at the sanitarium are three times as many, and the number increasing every year.

But the report of the prison commission gives us most anxiety, for that concerns crime and involves the safety of our people from the lawless who fear not God nor regard man. The maintenance of the sanitarium costs the state $[illegible] annually, but there is one good thing, and only one about the convicts. They cost the state nothing after the trial, but on the contrary they bring in considerable revenue, and under the new system this revenue is rapidly increasing. Gen. Evans, Mr. Eason and Mr. Turner inaugurated this system only two years ago and it has already proved a signal success. The state now has the absolute control of about [illegible] convicts and has purchased a large farm near Milledgeville, where the old men and the boys and all the women are kept. Under the skillful management of Mr. Foster the farm paid well the first year, and the convicts are nearly as happy as they were in old slavery time. Most of the able-bodied convicts are leased to farmers at good prices, but the state provides guards and medical attention.

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Of the state convicts for felony 907 are guilty of murder or manslaughter, 358 for burglary or robbery or larceny, 197 for the usual crime. The rest are for most any other crime in the catalogue. Most of them were laborers, but I note that twenty-seven did nothing and eighteen were preachers. Ninety per cent of the negroes are between the ages of fifteen and forty, and knew nothing of slavery. Only 1 per cent are the old slaves who are over sixty years old. Two hundred and forty-four of them are serving a second term. Thirty are serving a third term and a few a fourth and fifth term. They seem to like it. One thousand and twenty of these convicts are from three counties—Fulton, Chatham and Bibb. As Thomas Jefferson said, "The influence of cities is pestilential to good morals." It is especially so with negroes. The large majority of the negro convicts are from the cities and large towns.

Twenty years ago there were 1,100 negro convicts and 90 per cent of them were wholly illiterate, could neither read nor write. Now he have 4,300 negro convicts and 54 per cent can read and write. How is that? Does education lessen crime or increase it? Mr. Stetson, the state statistician of Massachusetts, says it "increases crime not a little, but immensely," and he proves it. It certainly does among the negro race in Georgia.

It is curious to note that we have two counties in the state—White and Gilmer—that have no representative among the convicts. There are four counties—Towns, Pickens, Banks and Dawson—that have but one each. There are three counties—Union, Murray and Rabun—that have but two each. How is that for good morals in our most northern mountain counties, where the schoolmaster has not been abroad in the land to any alarming extent.

No, the truth is, that education of itself neither lessens nor increases crime. It depends on the moral training that the boys get either from his teacher or his parents or his early associates, but if his environments are bad his education makes him a more dangerous citizen, for it enables him to cover up and conceal his crime or to escape from punishment in some way. It is like throwing pearls before swine to give the vile and vicious an education, but we can't pick them beforehand and so all must have a chance.

But if I was a lawmaker I would put some penalties upon bad citizens, upon the idle and vicious, whether white or black. We do not allow them to have their names in the jury box. They cannot try a man for crime nor set in judgment upon his civil rights. Why should such men be trusted with the ballot? Why not let the same commission that makes up the jury box also make up the ballot box? If some good negroes got in and some bad white men were left out, it would be rewarding merit and putting a penalty upon bad citizens. Alabama and Virginia have this question before their conventions and we hope they will consider it wisely and give encouragement to good citizens, whether they be white or black. Good conduct should be the test. It is more important than education or property. Let us purge the ballot box just as we do the jury box. Purge it once a year. Put such colored men as Gassett and Joe Brown and Tribble in and leave all such white men as Pat Banks out. Don't shut the door forever on good negroes.

By the way, I wish somebody would hunt up our cook and send her home. She is not a "settled 'oman," and is just gallivanting around till her spell is off. I have to get up before I feel like it and fire up the stove and then call the girls and they get a good breakfast in half an hour. Biscuit and coffee and hominy and fried eggs and beefsteak are good enough for anybody, but I will have to discharge our cook and hire her over again and leave out the spell privilege.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

Still we are a nation of farmers. Incomplete census returns show that in 1900 there were 5,700,000 farms under cultivation as compared with 4,564,691 in 1890. This may be deemed a remarkable increase, showing that the growth of our industries is symmetrical, the farmers keeping pace in the march forward. The single discouraging feature of the situation is the increase of tenant farming. This is accounted for, however, to some extent by the lease of lands by immigrants who are intending purchasers. As the area of unoccupied arable lands in the United States becomes less and less it is altogether probable that future censuses of the country will show a comparative decline in the number of farms. The heavy increase in the past ten years is in the nature of a surprise, though the inducements of fine crops and fair prices have doubtless given a spur to land investments since 1896.

According to the Dry Goods Economist "weeding leathers" is thieves' slang for one of the latest forms of shoplifting. The crook in the case, almost invariably a woman, loiters near a counter till she espies a shopper lay down her pocketbook while she examines an article. The "weeder" then steps up, casually throws some merchandise over the "leather" and goes through it with her hands under cover. In cases where the trick is successfully accomplished, how the owner must wonder where on earth the money went!

HOW WILD ANIMALS SLEEP.

Their Slumber Peculiarities Studied by an Expert.

The peculiarities of wild animals during the hours of slumber have been made the subject of investigation by one of those geniuses who are always on the alert for matters of general information. He chose the Central Park menagerie as his place of study, and has reported his discoveries to the New York Evening Post, in the main as here related.

There is nothing odd or peculiar about the sleep of the lions and tigers. In captivity they show the same indifference to danger that they manifest in the jungle, and by day or night will slumber through an unusual tumult, unmindful or unconscious of the noise. Their sleep is commonly heavy and peaceful.

Bears are also heavy sleepers, but less disposed than lions and tigers to slumber in the daytime. Grizzly bears usually curl up under the rocks; but sometimes they crawl up to the very top of the rocks, and with front paws spread around the iron cage bars, go to sleep in what seems an uncomfortable and perilous position; but bears never release their muscular grasp of any object when asleep.

The black bears will curl up among the branches of a tree when they have the opportunity, and go to sleep in this peculiar position. The polar bears show a peculiarity in the selection of their sleeping places. They choose one particular corner of the cage for that purpose, and invariably seek this out for the night's rest.

The high-strung, nervous animals are the most interesting to watch at night. They usually belong to the hunted tribes, whose lives are in constant danger in the forest, and they possess such a high developed nervous system that they really sleep with one eye open. The slightest noise will instantly awaken them.

The prairie wolves merely seem to close their eyes for an instant, and then open them again to see if all is quiet. Many vain attempts have been made to photograph these animals by flash light and without exception the camera has revealed the fact that one eye at least was partly open.

The day-sleepers in the menagerie are for some reason the heaviest slumberers of all, and when they close their eyes in early morning they seem almost as stupid as if drugged. This is in marked contrast to the light night sleepers, which on the approach of danger are instantly awake and on the alert.

Taking Pictures Under Water.

Through the Filipino war the camera likewise proved of more actual service than ever before, and it was constantly developed as an instrument of daily service to the officers. The modern electric signals and telegraphy hardly assumed more importance in the Philippines than the camera. But for that matter electrical and photographic development go hand in hand, and the two have been combined in many ways. Rapid electrical photography has been used by our official army photographers in both the Philippines and in China. Photography under water has also proved of service to our navy. When the Oregon was grounded on the rock in the Far Eastern waters, a photograph under the water was taken to show the exact location of the rock and the nature of the wound to the external shell of the boat. It also revealed the exact nature of her position, so that it could be decided whether it would be advisable to haul her off by the stern. The pictures thus taken of the battleship will prove of imperishable value to the Navy Department and will serve as a concrete study of marine accidents.

Every war correspondent and most officers carry a camera with them now; but the official photographer of each expedition is the man who is held responsible for a reproduction of everything of value. When the present difficulties in and about the Philippines end, the War Department at Washington will have many thousand official pictures to file away and preserve. These photographs will eventually appear in the official war reports of the whole campaign.—Collier's Weekly.

As It Might Have Been.

If the telephone had been in use in Paul Revere's day a writer in the Boston Journal thinks that instead of riding he might have employed that instrument as follows: "Hallo! Yes. Give me—— hello! What's the matter with you, Central? Give me—yes—I want Concord 381—yes, Concord—Concord—three—eight—one—yes, that's it—waiting—waiting—oh, is that you, Concord? Yes? Well, this is Paul Revere. No—No. Revere—Boston. Hey? Never mind who I am. Well, don't get gay with me, or I'll report you. Oh, you are, are you? Well, just tell your folks that the British are landing here in Boston in strong force. Yes, that's it. And just ring up Lexington, will you, and tell them. Thank you. Goodby!"

Loves Laughs at ——.

"Do you think, ma'am," inquired punctilious Bridget, "it would be proper for me to accept of a gift from the butcher's man?"

"The butcher's man?" echoed Agnes Dorothy somewhat blankly over a half-drained cup of breakfast coffee. She had come to recognize Bridget as one in whom the muses of etiquette and grammar maintained an equal and triumphant rule.

"Yes, ma'am, if so happen that you didn't mind, being your tradesman and all that."

"Why, certainly I don't mind, Bridget, if he is a friend of yours. But do you know him quite well?"

"Oh, yes, ma'am—as well as could be by tube."—New York Sun.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Triumph of Christianity — The Church of Christ is the Most Endearing Institution on Earth—Its Unsurpassed Growth—Infidelity Refuted.

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Although Dr. Talmage was hindered from attending the great annual meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society at Cincinnati, his sermon shows him to be in sympathy with the great movement; text, Amos ix. 13, "Behold the days come, saith the Lord, that the plowman shall overtake the reaper."

Unable because of other important duties to accept the invitation to take part in the great convention of Christian Endeavorers at Cincinnati, I preach a sermon of congratulation for all the members of that magnificent association, whether now gathered in vast assemblage or busy in their places of usefulness, transatlantic and cisatlantic. And, as it is now harvest time in the fields and sickles are flashing in the gathering of a great crop, I find mighty suggestiveness in my text.

It is a picture of a tropical clime, with a season so prosperous that the harvest reaches clear over to the planting time and the swarthy husbandman, busy cutting the grain, almost feels the breath of the horses on his shoulders, the horses hitched to the plow preparing for a new crop. "Behold the days come, saith the Lord, that the plowman shall overtake the reaper." When is that? That is now. That is this day, when hardly have you done reaping one harvest of religious result than the plowman is getting ready for another.

In phraseology charged with all venom and abuse and caricature I know that infidels and agnostics have declared that Christianity has collapsed; that the Bible is an obsolete book; that the Christian church is on the retreat. I shall answer that wholesale charge to-day.

Between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 Endeavorers sworn before high heaven that they will do all they can to take America for God, Europe for God, Asia and Africa for God—are not the signs most cheering? Or, to return to the agricultural figure of my text, more than a million reapers are overtaken by more than a million plowmen. Besides this, there are more people who believe in the Bible than at any time in the world's existence.

But now let us see whether the book is a last year's almanac. Let us see whether the church of God is a Bull Run retreat, muskets, canteens and haversacks strewing all the way. The great English historian Sharon Turner, a man of vast learning and great accuracy, not a clergyman, but an attorney as well as a historian, gives this overwhelming statistic in regard to Christianity and in regard to the number of Christians in the different centuries: In the first century 500,000 Christians, in the second century 2,000,000 Christians, in the third century 5,000,000 Christians, in the fourth century 10,000,000 Christians, in the fifth century 15,000,000 Christians, in the sixth century 20,000,000 Christians, in the seventh century 24,000,000 Christians, in the eighth century 30,000,000 Christians, in the ninth century 40,000,000 Christians, in the tenth century 50,000,000 Christians, in the eleventh century 70,000,000 Christians, in the twelfth century 80,000,000 Christians, in the thirteenth century 75,000,000 Christians, in the fourteenth century 80,000,000 Christians, in the fifteenth century 100,000,000 Christians, in the sixteenth century 125,000,000 Christians, in the seventeenth century 155,000,000 Christians, in the eighteenth century 200,000,000 Christians—a decadence, as you observe, in only one century and more than made up in the following centuries, while it is the usual computation that there were at the close of the nineteenth century 470,000,000 Christians, making us to believe that before this century is close the millennium will have started its boom and lifted its hosanna.

Poor Christianity! What a pity it has no friends! How lonesome it must be! Who will take it out of the poorhouse? Poor Christianity! Four hundred millions in one century.

At the beginning of the nineteenth century 150 missionaries; at the close of that century 84,000 missionaries and native helpers and evangelists. At the beginning of the nineteenth century there were only 50,000 converts; now there are over 1,000,000 converts from heathendom.

So Christianity is falling back and the Bible, they say, is becoming an obsolete book! I go into a court, and wherever I find a judge's bench or a clerk's desk I find a Bible. Upon what book could there be uttered the solemnity of an oath? What book is apt to be put in the trunk of the young man as he leaves for city life? The Bible. What shall I find in nine out of every ten homes in this city? The Bible. In nine out of every ten homes in Christendom? The Bible. Voltaire wrote the prophecy that the Bible in the nineteenth century would become extinct. The century is gone, and I have to tell you that the room in which Voltaire wrote that prophecy not long ago was crowded from floor to ceiling with Bibles from Switzerland.

Suppose the Congress of the United States should pass a law that there should be no more Bibles printed in America and no Bibles read. If there are 60,000,000 grown people in the United States there would be 60,000,000 people in an army to put down such a law and defend their right to read the Bible. But suppose the Congress of the United States should make a law against the reading or the publication of any other book—how many people would go out in such a crusade? Could you get 60,000,000 people to go out and risk their lives in the defense of Shakespeare's tragedies or Gladstone's tracts or Macaulay's "History of England?" You know that there are a thousand men who would die in defense of this book where there is not more than one man who would die in the defense of any other book. You try to insult my common sense by telling me the Bible is fading out from the world. It is the most popular book of the centuries.

"Oh," say people, "the church is a collection of hypocrites, and it is losing its power, and it is fading out from the world." Is it? A bishop of the Methodist church told me that that denomination averages two new churches every day. In other words, they build 730 churches in that denomination in a year, and there are at least 1500 new Christian churches built in America every year. Does that look as though the Christian church were fading out, as though it were a defunct institution? What stands nearest to the hearts of the American people to-day? I do not care in what village or what city or what neighborhood you go. What is it? Is it the postoffice? Is it the hotel? Is it the lecture hall? Ah, you know it is not. You know that that which stands nearest to the hearts of the American people is the Christian church.

You may talk about the church being a collection of hypocrites, but when the diphtheria sweeps your children off, whom do you send for? The postmaster? The Attorney-General? The hotel keeper? Alderman? No. You send for a minister of this Bible religion. And if there is a song to be sung at the obsequies, what do you want? What does anybody want? The "Marseillaise Hymn?" "God Save the Queen?" Our own grand national air? No. They want the hymn with which they sang their old Christian mother into her last sleep, or they want sung the Sabbath-school hymn which their little girl sang the last Sabbath afternoon she was out before she got that awful sickness which broke your heart. I appeal to your common sense. You know the most endearing institution on earth to-day is the church of the Lord Jesus Christ. A man is a fool that does not recognize it.

The infidels say: "There is great liberty now for infidels—freedom of platform. Infidelity shows its power from the fact that it is everywhere tolerated, and it can say what it will." Why, my friends, infidelity is not half so blatant in our day as it was in the days of our fathers. Do you know that in the days of our fathers there were pronounced infidels in public authority, and they could get any political position? Let a man to-day declare himself antagonistic to the Christian religion, and what city wants him for mayor, what State wants him for Governor, what nation wants him for President or for king? Let a man openly proclaim himself the enemy of our glorious Christianity, and he cannot get a majority of votes in any State, in any city, in any county, in any ward of America. The Christian religion is mightier to-day than it ever was.

These opponents say that science is overcoming religion in our day. They look through the spectacles of the infidel scientists and they say: "It is impossible that this book be true. People are finding it out. The Bible has got to go overboard." Do you believe that the Bible account of the origin of life will be overthrown by infidel scientists who have fifty different theories about the origin of life? If they should all come up in solid phalanx, all agreeing on one sentiment and one theory, perhaps Christianity might be damaged, but there are not so many differences of opinion inside the church as outside the church.

Oh, it makes me sick to see these literary fops going along with a copy of Darwin under one arm and a case of transfixed grasshoppers and butterflies under the other arm, telling about the "survival of the fittest" and Huxley's protoplasm and the nebular hypothesis. The fact is that some naturalists, just as soon as they find out the difference between the feelers of a wasp and the horns of a beetle, begin to patronize the Almighty, while Agassiz, glorious Agassiz, who never made any pretension to being a Christian, put both his feet on the doctrine of evolution and says: "I see that many of the naturalists of our day are adopting facts which do not bear observation or have not passed under observation." These men warring with each other—Darwin warring against Lamarch, Wallace warring against Cope, even Herschel denouncing Ferguson. They do not agree about anything.

Then you have noticed a more significant fact if you have talked with people on the subject—that they are getting dissatisfied with worldly philosophy as a matter of comfort. They say it does not amount to anything when you have a dead child in the house. They tell you when they were sick and the door of the future seemed opening the only comfort they could find was the gospel. People are having demonstrated all over the land that science and philosophy cannot solace the troubles and woes of the world, and they want some other religion, and they are taking Christianity, the only sympathetic religion that ever came into the world. You just take a scientific consolation into that room where a mother has lost her child. Try in that case your splendid doctrine of the "survival of the fittest." Tell her that child died because it was not worth as much as the other children. That is your "survival of the fittest." Just try your transcendentalism, your philosophy, your science, on that widowed soul, and tell her it was a geological necessity that her companion should be taken away from her, just as in the course of the world's history the megatherium and the ichthyosaurus had to pass out of existence, and then you go on in your scientific consolation until you get to the sublime fact that 50,000,000 years from now we ourselves may be scientific specimens on the geologic shelf, petrified specimens of an extinct human race, and after you have got all through with your consolation, if the poor afflicted soul is not crazed by it, we will send forth from any of our churches the plainest Christian we have, and with one half hour of prayer and reading of Scripture promises the tears will be wiped away, and the house from floor to cupola will be flooded with the calmness of an Indian summer sunset. There is where I see the triumph of Christianity. People are dissatisfied with everything else. They want God: they want Jesus Christ.

The fact is that infidelity and agnosticism are founded on ignorance geological, ignorance chemical, ignorance astronomical, ignorance geographical. We have heard what the enemies of Christianity have had to testify. Now I put before you the testimony of the church on earth and the church in heaven. Not fifty, not a thousand, not a million, but all of the church on earth and all of the redeemed in heaven.

Will you take the evidence of those who have witnessed as well as felt the power of religion, or will you prefer the testimony of those who begin by declaring that they have never witnessed or felt its power? You tell me that on a certain 4th of March, twenty years ago, a President of the United States was inaugurated. How do I know it? You tell me there were 20,000 persons who distinctly heard his inaugural address. I deny both. I deny that he was inaugurated. I deny that his inaugural address was delivered. You ask why? I did not see it. I did not hear it. But you say that there were 20,000 people who did see and hear him.

Is not the testimony of the 20,000 who were present worth more than the testimony of one who was absent? Now, there are some men who say they have never seen Christ crowned in the heart, and they do not believe it is ever done. There is a group of men who say they have never heard the voice of Christ, that they have never heard the voice of God. They do not believe that anything like it ever occurred. I point to twenty, a hundred thousand or a million people who say: "Christ was crowned in our heart's affections. We have seen Him and felt Him in our soul, and we have heard His voice. We have heard it in the storm and darkness. We have heard it again and again."

You say morphia puts one to sleep. You say in time of sickness it is very useful. I deny it. Morphia never puts anybody to sleep. It never alleviates pain. You ask why I say that. I have never tried it. I never took it. I deny that morphia is any soothing to the nerves or any quiet in times of sickness. I deny that morphia ever put anybody to sleep. But here are twenty persons who say they have all felt the soothing effects of a physician's prescribing morphine.

Young man, do not be ashamed to be a friend of the Bible. Do not put your thumb in your vest, as young men sometimes do, and swagger about, talking of the glorious light of nature and of there being no need of the Bible. They have the light of nature in India and China and in all the dark places of the earth. Did you ever hear that the light of nature gave them comfort for their troubles? They have lancets to cut and Juggernauts to crush, but no comfort. Ah, my friends, you had better stop your skepticism. Suppose you are put in a crisis like that of Colonel Ethan Allen. I saw the account and at one time mentioned it in an address. A descendant of Ethan Allen, who is an infidel, said it never occurred. Soon after I received a letter from a professor in one of our colleges, who is also a descendant of Ethan Allen and is a Christian. He wrote me that the incident is accurate; that my statement was authentic and true. The wife of Colonel Ethan Allen was a very consecrated woman. The mother instructed the daughter in the truths of Christianity. The daughter sickened and was about to die, and she said to her father, "Father, shall I take your instruction, or shall I take mother's instruction? I am going to die now. I must have this matter decided." That man who had been lead in his infidelity said to his dying daughter: "My dear, you had better take your mother's religion." My advice is the same to you, O young man! You know how ridiculed your mother; you know what she said to you when she was dying. You had better take your mother's religion.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JULY 21.

Subject: Noah Saved in the Ark. Gen. viii., 1-22—Golden Text, Gen. vi., 8—Memory Verses, 20-22—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Connecting Links.—According to the commonly accepted chronology, more than 1650 years have passed since our last lesson. During that time the Old Testament world became densely populated, and the race had grown exceedingly wicked, so that God decided to destroy them from the face of the earth.

1. "God remembered Noah." Noah himself, though one that had found grace in the eyes of the Lord, yet seemed to be forgotten in the ark, but at length God returned in mercy to him, and that is expressed by His remembering him. The strange work of judgment being over, the saved family, and all in association with them, come into remembrance. "Made a wind." Such a wind as produced a strong and sudden evaporation.

2. "Was restrained." When God's purposes were accomplished it was as easy for Him to restrain the rain as to cause it to rain.

3. "Returned—continually." They gradually departed. The heat of the sun exhaled much, and perhaps the subterraneous caverns soaked in more.

4. "Mountains of Ararat." A region nearly in the middle of Armenia, even now called by the Armenians Ararat, on the mountains of which the ark of Noah rested; sometimes in a wider sense as the whole of Armenia itself. As the drying wind most probably came from the east or north, it is likely that the ark was drifted toward Asia Minor, and caught land on some hill in the region of the Euphrates. It cannot be supposed that it rested on either of the peaks now called Ararat, as Ararat was a country, not a mountain, and these peaks do not seem suitable for the purpose.

7. "Sent forth." Though God had told Noah when the flood would come, even to a day, yet He had not revealed to him the time when the waters would disappear; the knowledge of the former was necessary, while a knowledge of the latter would serve only to gratify his curiosity, and the concealing it from him would serve the purpose of testing his faith and patience. "Raven—to and fro." Going forth and returning. It is generally supposed that the raven flew off and was seen no more; it is evident, however, that she did return, but was not taken into the ark.

8. "He sent forth a dove." He sent forth the dove three times. The first time it speedily returned; the second time it returned bringing with it an olive leaf, and the third time it went forth to return no more. The dove is an emblem of a soul, which, finding no rest or satisfaction in this sinful world, returns to Christ as to its ark; the carnal heart like the raven takes up with the world and feeds on the carrion it finds there. As Noah put forth his hand and took the dove into the ark, so Christ will graciously receive those who come to Him for rest.

11. "An olive leaf." An emblem of the restoration of peace between God and the earth; and from this circumstance the olive has been the emblem of peace among all civilized nations. Sweet emblem of the renewed mind which, amid the surrounding desolation, seeks and finds its rest and portion in Christ, and not only so, but also lays hold of the earnest of the inheritance, and furnishes the blessed proof that judgment has passed away and that a renewed earth is coming fully into view. The carnal mind, on the contrary, can rest in anything and everything but Christ; it (like the raven) can feed upon all uncleanness.

14. "Second month," etc. From this it appears that Noah was in the ark a complete solar year, or 365 days.

16. "Go forth of the ark." Noah did not leave the ark until the command came from God. It was the Lord who was directing this whole matter.

20. "Noah builded an altar." The first thing that Noah did after his wonderful preservation was to pay his debt of gratitude to God, who had so wonderfully preserved him. Adam, Cain and Abel offered sacrifices, and there can be no doubt that they had altars on which they offered them, but this, builded by Noah, is certainly the first on record. The word which we render altar signifies properly a place for sacrifice. Altar comes from the Latin altus, high or elevated, because places for sacrifice were generally either raised very high or built on the tops of hills and mountains; hence they are called high places in the Scriptures, but these were chiefly used for idolatrous purposes. "Unto the Lord." It was "unto the Lord" he erected this altar. Superstition would have worshiped the ark, as being the means of salvation, but Noah's faith passed beyond the ark to the God of the ark, and hence when he stepped out of it, instead of casting back a lingering look at it, or regarding it as an object of worship, he built an altar unto the Lord and worshiped Him, and the ark is never heard of again. "Burnt offerings." This was "an acknowledgment of guilt and an atonement for sin, a grateful recognition of God's authority and goodness, the means of securing His favor, and a token of the giver's self-dedication to His service." At first sacrifices were offered by individuals, as Cain and Abel; but after the flood by heads of families, or tribes. This offering was a very expressive type of the sacrifice of Christ, as nothing less than His complete and full sacrifice could make atonement for the sin of the world. In most other offerings the offerer had a share, but in the whole burnt offering all was given to God.

21. "Smelled a sweet savour." That is, He was well pleased with this act. "Said in his heart." In chap. 9: 8-17, God made the covenant with Noah that He had in His heart to make. "Will not again curse." When Noah and his family first began to make their homes on the land there would be a fear at every rain that it might be the beginning of another flood. This would interfere not only with their comfort, but with their progress. What would be the use of building houses or cultivating fields that might at any time be destroyed? The covenant was God's solemn promise in their behalf.

22. "Earth remaineth." Here it is plainly intimated that the earth is not to remain always; it, and all the works therein, must be burned up. 2 Pet. 3: 7. "Seedtime and harvest," etc. The Lord promises two signs as the guarantee, the visible proof, that the earth would never again be destroyed by a flood. The first was that seedtime and harvest and day and night should not cease while the earth remained; the second was the bow set in the cloud. Chap. 9: 13.

Geronimo, the noted Apache chief, lives at the age of 80, in a frame house near Fort Sill, Okla., with an income of over $2000 a year. While little in sympathy with modern civilization, the old chief appreciates one of its inventions, the camera. He charges $5 for his picture.

Ireland's recent census shows that her population has decreased at the rate of 5.3 percent since 1891. Scotland's population has increased in the same 10 years over 10 percent.

THE BANNER.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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THE Southern Normal Musical Institute, which will commence a session at Clanton on Monday next, is attracting considerable attention, and a large number of students and visitors is expected. In addition to the studies, Clanton, we are satisfied will do its best to entertain them. Ladies and gentlemen we bid you welcome.

THE fire at Clanton last week was a bad blow for our town, but we are proud to say energetic citizens are already at work to make good the damage done. No certain clue has been found to the origin of the fire, which at present remains a mystery. But there is a determined purpose to get to the bottom of it, and also to prevent further loss. The formation of a fire company is probable, and other precautions are being taken. It is unfortunate that very little insurance was carried and the loss is a direct one to the sufferers. When the burned out district is rebuilt with brick, and the insurance companies will grant a reasonable rate, doubtless insurance will become popular.

It is rather singular that in order to make room for an account of the fire, The Banner (which was made up ready to go to press) found it expedient to take out the advertisement of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association. There is a moral in this. Don't put your insurance aside on any account. Always pay your premium as soon as it is due. If you want to insure, don't wait until after you are burned out and then be sorry you have neglected it.

Active.

Health of this community is very good, but we are needing rain badly. Some of our farmers have almost got the blues since the hot wave went through this part of the county. Some corn is almost falling down. But everybody seems to be very lively around Active.

Saw mills are getting plentiful in this section; there will be five mills within five miles of Active, all on the same road before long.

Rev. J. D. Martin filled his regular appointment at Rehoboth and delivered a fine sermon.

An all-day singing is held every second Sunday at the Hicks schoolhouse conducted by J. D. Scott and others; come one and all and learn. ONE AMONG THE BOYS.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The Convention has changed the date of the State elections from August to November, the same day as the Federal election, and fixed the terms of Senators and Representatives at four years. The Legislature is to meet only once every four years.

Senators shall be at least 27 years of age, and Representatives 21 years of age: they shall have been citizens and residents for three years and residents of their respective counties or districts one year next before their election, if such county or district shall have been so long established, but if not, then of the county or district from which the same shall have been taken: and they shall reside in their respective counties or districts during their terms of service.

The legislature shall meet quadrennially, at the capitol in the senate chamber and in the hall of the House of Representatives, (except in cases of the destruction of the capitol, or epidemics, when the governor may convene them at such place in the state as he may deem best) on the day specified in this constitution prescribed by law: and shall not remain in session longer than sixty days at the first session held under this constitution, nor longer than fifty days at any subsequent session.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

(continued from 2d col. page 1)

forty minutes is all we are allowed here, then on again all through the night, and all next day, arriving at San Antonio about 10 p. m. Early next morning we reach Houston where we breakfast, and about 9 a. m. Beaumont. We see the oil derricks at some little distance from the railroad, and the town itself is full of life and bustle, much resembling Birmingham in boom days. Only a few minutes and we are off again; the corn and cotton looks well, and the Texas towns we pass through look prosperous.

Louisiana smiles upon us fresh and green, and in the course of the afternoon we get into the first shower of rain since we left Alabama. About 7 p. m. Friday, we arrive at New Orleans and the first good-byes are spoken, some continuing their homeward flight, but the majority remain over for the night, taking in the sights of New Orleans.

Saturday morning we are again on board for our last stage. Mississippi is soon crossed and once more we are at home in old Alabama. Mobile is soon reached, and while we are somewhat delayed by an accident to the locomotive at Letohatchie we arrive safely at Montgomery at 7:45 p. m., and Birmingham about 10, just fifteen days from the time we started.

We had travelled over the following railroad systems, and to their careful and skilful handling and courteous treatment much of the trip is due:

The L. & N., from Montgomery to Birmingham.

The K.-C., Fort Scott & Birmingham, from Birmingham to Kansas City.

The Santa Fe, from Kansas City to San Francisco.

The Southern Pacific (Sunset Route) from San Francisco to Los Angeles and New Orleans.

The L. & N., from New Orleans to Montgomery and Birmingham.

To my fellow-travellers I now bid adieu. We have had a most delightful trip, made, I hope, new friends, and gained new experiences, which should aid us all in our life's work.

Good by! May God be with you!
This is the prayer of those we love—
Good by, dear friends, may God be with you
Until we meet in realms above.
Six thousand miles we've travelled over
—May all your lives as pleasant be
As that six thousand, exceeded only
By immense eternity.

FRANK CRICHTON.

Late Literary News

It is probably true that a most every man has in him certain qualities which would draw some woman to him, but it is difficult to frame a statement in general terms of "What Women Like in Men." This is the task which a very well-known author, under the nom-de-plume of RAFFORD PYKE, has undertaken in THE COSMOPOLITAN for July in a clever essay, which proves him to have made woman the subject of thorough observation and comprehensive study. "The foreign girl," says the author, "marries the man with whom she will be happy, the American marries the man without whom she will be unhappy."

Ours a Sovereign Nation.

The confusion of mind that has prevailed in many quarters from the beginning seems to be due largely to the failure to grasp the nature of a written constitution, and its relation to the exercise of general powers of sovereignty by a government. There is no nation in the world, and probably has never been one in which any generation supposed that it would devise a written instrument of organic law which would effectively prevent its successors from availing themselves of opportunities that might arise to extend their territorial jurisdiction. The primary object of the American Constitution was to arrange an effective and permanent scheme of partnership and union for a group of associated States which were not suitably organized under the old Articles of Confederation. It was taken as a matter of course from the very beginning that this partnership should constitute an authority capable of acquiring and governing outside territory. It, indeed, the great expanses of territory that were acquired one after another were for the most part somewhat rapidly formed into States which in quick order accepted as members of the partnership, this course of proceeding was not in the least due to any constitutional obligations, but solely to the fact that it accorded with the interests and inclination of the American people to follow just that line of action. In other words, the United States, quite apart from any obligations incurred by treaty, or agreements of any other sort, rested under no temptation whatever to hold the great Northwestern Territory or the lands of the Louisiana Purchase in political subjection and bondage. The gentlemen who have been using the word empire so freely as a term of reproach to the present administration, and to the Supreme Court on account of its recent decisions, do not seem to have kept in mind the essential nature of governmental and political institutions—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for July.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Mulberry Baptist Association

Program of second district meeting to be held with Collins Chapel church, on Thursday before the third Sunday in July, 1901.

Introductory sermon, F. M. Woods; A. L. Foshee, alternate.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1st, Should churches discipline their members? J. H. Martin and F. M. Woods.

2d. What is the duty of a church to the pastor? W. H. Conway, T. J. Williams, S. M. Adams and others.

3. What are the duties of the deacons? D. Z. Merchant and A. L. Foshee

4th. What is the duty of a church to the deacons? W. H. Shaw and T. J. Collins.

5th. What should be done with members that will not help in paying the expenses of the church? W. A. Mims and W. H. Conway.

W. A. MIMS
S. PAYE } Committee.
E. A. RASCO

Did you get a sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? If so don't throw it away—it's too good to be wasted. Try it when you get hurt or have cuts. It will do to business quick

District Meeting

The Second District Meeting of the Weogufka Baptist Association will be held with Bethany Baptist church, on Friday before the first Sunday in August.

11 a.m. Introductory sermon, J. A. Davis.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What is the duty of the deacon to the church? Opened by Bro. E. H. Vickers and others.

2. Was the command given to the church to preach the gospel to all nations? If so, has it any right to give its right to any body of men. Opened by Bro. W. S. Cox and others

3. What is the duty of a pastor to the church, and what is the duty of the church to the pastor? Opened by Bro. Charles Lowery

J. N. VINSON, Church Clerk.

Notice To Wheelmen.

There's positively no need to endure discomfort by reason of chafting, chafing, insect stings, sore and perspiring feet or accidental bruises. You forget these troubles in using Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Infallible for Piles, Blotches, Skin Eruptions and Piles. Sold by Clanton drug co, 25 cents.

W. H. SARTOR

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CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELMORE, Pastor.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK. formerly represented by W. L. Dempsey.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will not presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best supplied attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Heads, Cases, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS.
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Chancery Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in June, first Monday in July, second Monday in August and next Monday in November.

Mr. Clyde Davis, of the Banner staff, is spending a vacation at Montgomery and vicinity.

Mrs. Phillips has taken possession of her new store house, where she will be pleased to see all her old friends and customers.

Col. R. H. Knox, who was burned out in the fire last week, has secured an office in the Kanter building—upstairs.

Hon. Tipton Mullins is considering plans for the erection of an office building on the site lately occupied by his office.

Dr. O. M. Wisehart left on Monday for New York where he will take a post graduate course in dentistry.

Mr. John Garner of Montevallo was in town Monday.

The L. & N. have erected a temporary depot on the west side of the railroad, opposite the post office.

When you get hurt, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You'll never know just how good it is until you try it. Only 50 cts. at your druggists.

Next Monday the County will sell the lot next to Kanters store.

Mr. R. A. Aldridge, of Longview, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. E. M. Pinckard is visiting friends at Montgomery.

W. Kanter will move into his new store house across the street next week.

George Killgore, who had such a narrow escape last week, is able to be out again.

The Southern Union Singing Convention will meet at Evergreen, 6 miles west of Verbena on the 4th Sabbath in July at 9 o'clock. We invite all lovers of music and especially music teachers, to attend and bring their books, together with their baskets well filled to be exhibited about 12 o'clock.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

1st St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Mr. McGee, of Stanton, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. Callon.

Marriage licenses have been issued last week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Wm. A. Stewart and Miss Lottie Tidwell.

Colored. Eli Wilson and Hettie Deramus.

It's your own fault if you use old-fashioned, greasy salves and linaments that soil your clothing and offend your olfactories, when you can get that very pleasant and staining liquid, Dr. Tichenors Antiseptic. It heals Cuts, Burns, etc., quicker and with less suffering than anything. Only 50 cts. at druggists wherever they like to sell it.

Bethel.

We have had a good rain and people are rejoicing.

Watermelons are getting ripe and two girls had a nice picnic Wednesday.

"The three days meeting" at this place was enjoyed by all.

Some of the young folks lost their hearts Saturday, but fortunately some of them were found Sunday.

Miss Pearl Willoughbey and Miss Lizzie spent Saturday night with friends near here.

Prof. Collier's school opened Monday morning; all of the students are well satisfied; they are expecting to make some advancement intellectually. We wish them joy.

Troubles Of A Minister.

To benefit others Rev. J. T. W. Dixon, of Hartwell, Ga., writes: For a long time I had a running sore on my leg. I tried many remedies without benefit, until I used a bottle of Electric Bitters and a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me sound and well." Burns, Eruptions, Boils, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum show impure blood. Thousands have found in Electric Bitters a grand blood purifier that absolutely cures these troubles. Satisfaction is guaranteed or money refunded by Clanton drug co. Large bottles only

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cheaper!

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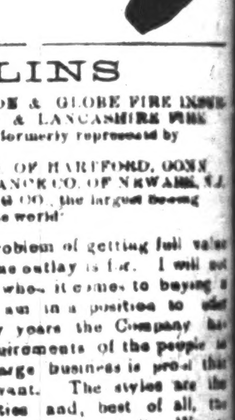

ULLINS

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W YORK, formerly represented by
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Saturdays and Mondays. For further

MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

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AT CUT PRICES

Virginia Ryes 75c Per Quart

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

TO ALL LOVERS OF MUSIC!

The Southern Normal Musical Institute.

A SESSION OF THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL OF ALL NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOLS WILL BE HELD AT

CLANTON, ALABAMA,

Commencing July 22d, 1901, and continuing

TWENTY DAYS,

closing with a concert on the evening of August 13th

A. J. SHOWALTER, Principal,

MISS TENNEY SHOWALTER, Accompanist.

TUITION—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

Full Normal Course, Advanced Harmony	$ 5.00
Primary Harmony Pupils	4.50
Adults not in Harmony	4.00
Children under 14, not in Harmony	3.00
Evening Chorus Class	1.50

Board can be secured at from $7.00 to $10.00 for the term.

Arrive, if possible, before the opening, that you may miss none of the important instruction given at the beginning.

For further particulars or information, address:

F. M. WOODS, Pres. Com., Clanton, Ala.
E. B. DEASON, Secretary, Clanton, Ala.

GREAT MIDSUMMER SALE!

The large and carefully bought stock of Dry Goods, Millinery, Shoes, Laces and Ladies' and Men's Furnishing Goods is on at

H. TOURO'S

Never before in the history of Clanton, have prices been so low, or has there been a better selected stock offered.

Everything for the 4th of July.

Watch out for the Big Flag at TOURO'S

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with virmin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathmetician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

A. L, Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

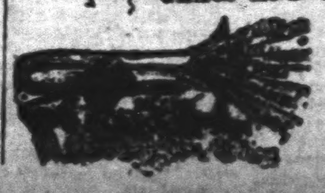
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE



B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

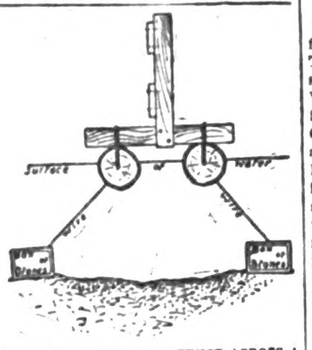
AGRICULTURAL

The Pea Crop.

Plant peas about an inch deep, and make the ground fine. Use plenty of seed, as the plants may be thickly grown in the rows on good soil. Keep the grass down, working the surface soil only lightly. As soon as the vines have ceased bearing pull them up and plant cabbage, beans or any summer crop on the plot.

Anchoring a Water Fence.

Where a fence must be carried across a stream or out into the edge of a river or pond, the plan shown in the cross section given herewith will be found useful. Two logs are placed side by side, and cross pieces of timber are spiked to them. To these cross pieces fence posts are spiked, and boards nailed to these, as suggested. The logs are kept in any position desired by anchoring them with wires



PLAN FOR CARRYING A FENCE ACROSS A STREAM.

attached to boxes of stones sunk to the bottom of the stream. Such a fence cannot be upset.—New York Tribune.

The Value of a Bee Smoker.

The bee smoker is a great help in working among bees, and if every one who keeps bees would provide themselves with a good smoker, it would possibly be the means of getting much better returns from their bees, than to try to get along without it. Small beekeepers, such as farmers, do not provide many necessities in the line of the management of their bees, and in most cases they do not have a smoker at all. No one needs a smoker so bad as the farm beekeeper, for he does not usually study the management of bees without positive protection, such as smoke will afford. The farmer has but a few minutes to attend to his bees, and without smoke he usually makes a failure in the short bit of time he has to bestow upon them.

Quick work with bees demand smoke, whereas with lots of time and patience we can get along in many cases without it, but it does not pay to thus spend the time necessary to do it, and the smoker enables us to do good, effective and quick work with bees. Everyone should provide themselves with a good bee smoker who keeps but a colony of bees, and in every case enough extra may be made from the bees to pay for several smokers. Really, the smoker is the secret of success in handling bees, and getting the best returns from them. No apiarist can be found, it matters not whether he is an expert in handling bees or not, but is supplied with a bee smoker, and it is his constant companion when working with the bees.

There is no other method of applying smoke to bees that will absolutely control them, and it is no use of thinking that you can furnish a substitute that will answer the purpose. You may furnish smoke enough to quiet a colony of bees on the start, but about the time you have the hive open ready to do some important work, the bees come out at you by the dozens, and your substitute smoker is not the thing to put up a defence against such an attack, and the bees have possession of the entire situation. The bee smoker is always charged and ready for such occasions.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

Best Methods of Cultivating Corn.

If the preparation of the seed bed, the selection of seed and the planting have been well done, the cultivation of the corn crop will be easy and will accomplish its best results. The cultivator should have in mind at least four objects, viz., the conservation of moisture, the destruction of weeds, the feeding of the corn plant and the aeration of the corn roots.

The time, manner and frequency of the cultivations will be modified by the condition of the soil, but should be adapted to best effect the foregoing objects. Generally it is best to begin with the harrow before or soon after the corn is up, and cross-harrow in four or five days. The importance of this early and thorough work with the harrow cannot be overestimated, and ought not in any case to be neglected. This harrowing destroys the first crop of weeds, which is always the most injurious to the growing corn, and pulverizes the surface soil, forming the moisture below against the time of drouth most sure to come.

Follow the harrow with the cultivator, using small shovels and running close and deep the first plowing. Cultivate every week, the cultivations after the first being shallow and farther away from the corn, until the corn is too tall for the cultivator.

The impression is quite prevalent that a corn crop is well cultivated when it is plowed or cultivated three times. Three cultivations may be sufficient for the best results in some instances, but five or six are sometimes necessary. If a farmer contemplates planting and cultivating forty acres of corn with one team, it is a mistake. It would be better to plant twenty or thirty acres and give it the cultivation necessary to attain the best results, and use the remainder of the forty for pasture or some other crop.

The question of deep or shallow cultivation has its advocates pro and con, and will perhaps never be settled to the satisfaction of all, but the preponderance of opinion, based upon experience and backed by the principles of science, favors shallow cultivation, at least shallow enough to prevent the destruction of the corn roots, which form a network a few inches below the surface surrounding the plant. Deep cultivating tears out these feeding roots and limits the corn plant to a very small area for food and moisture, which we seek to save and render more available by cultivation.—A. D. McCallen, in American Agriculturist.

PROOF OF THE DELUGE

Geological Evidences That Have Been Found at Mt. Ararat.

Evidences have been found of a former great sea around Mt. Ararat. The biblical account of the flood is substantiated! Dr. Frederick J. Wright, Professor of the Harmony of Science and Revelation at Oberlin College, tells of his great discovery in a convincing article in McClure's Magazine for June. While traveling in Asia he found geological conditions such as only could be explained by a vast internal submergence of all that region where the Scriptures locate the flood. The evidences of the deluge Dr. Wright sets forth very clearly, and his conclusions are so logical as to admit of no question. The facts as they appear to him, based on the story in the Bible and the geological conditions, are as follows:

"Some time during the prevalence of glacial ice over Northern America and Northwestern Europe, man came into existence in Central Asia, where the climate was still congenial. From this point he spread as far West as the Atlantic seaboard in Europe, and eastward to the Pacific Coast, whence he succeeded in reaching, by way of the Bering Sea and Alaska, the western coast of North America, and thence migrated to the Atlantic Coast, where his remains are found in the glacial gravels of Trenton, New Jersey. But the extreme and rapid changes incident to the closing stages of the glacial period naturally, and very likely, exterminated man.

In Asia the rapidity of the subsidence spoken of, though so great that man could not adjust himself to it, might still have been so slow as to be almost imperceptible. But towards the close of this period there were 120 years (specially mentioned in the Bible as a time of warning) in which the movement was accelerated to such a degree that the rising waters gave point to the preaching of Noah. During the last 371 days of this period the catastrophe culminated in the facts specifically related in the Book of Genesis, when the reverse movement began and cleared a space near Mount Ararat on which the ark could rest, and where the race could make a new start under more favorable conditions."

The Deadly Rowboat.

The boating season has barely opened and yet two distressing fatalities are reported in which ten lives were lost. At Philadelphia a party of young picknickers in a rowboat were swept over one of the most dangerous dams in the Schuylkill River and seven out of the eight occupants were drowned, while at Cleveland three young men were thrown from a boat into the river and sank before help could reach them. This is indeed a doleful inauguration of a season usually so fraught with peril to the thoughtless and inexperienced rowers. We doubt, however, whether even this terrible warning so early in the season will suffice to check the heedless people who risk their own and other peoples' lives in a pastime that should only be undertaken under the most careful direction.

To the foolish people who rock the boat and to the thousands of would-be oarsmen, who go rowing upon streams that hide dangerous currents, these early fatalities should prove an effective warning. We doubt whether they will, and the way of safety for their companions is to stay on land and let the venturesome and inexperienced boatmen put only their own lives in jeopardy.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

Widening London Bridge.

Twenty years ago it was estimated that 200,000 persons crossed London Bridge daily, 130,000 on foot and the rest in vehicles. With the growth of population these number have almost doubled, in spite of the relief afforded by the building of the Tower Bridge, half a mile down stream. It, has, therefore, become an urgent matter to increase the capacity of the older bridge, and it has now been decided to accomplish this by means of granite corbels which will carry the footways as projections over the water on each side of the bridge. This will increase the width of the structure from fifty-three and a half feet to sixty-five feet. The present solid parapet will be removed, and an open balustrade will take its place, an alteration which will compensate to some extent for the extra weight of the new corbels. There are already two tube electric railways beneath the Thames, and a third is in process of construction; but the relief to traffic on the bridges, although it must be great, is not perceptible.—Chambers's Journal.

The world's stock of paper money is now $900,000,000, equal to the existing stock of gold coin.

TALKS ABOUT WOMANKIND

No Waistband Wanted.

Very smart shirtwaists are made up with no gathers in the front, and no waistband either. The object is to have the wearer or her maid arrange the fullness in long becoming folds after the shirtwaist is put on. The folds are pinned tightly as low down as possible to the corsets. This is the only way to present the fashionable effect of a shirtwaist up to date. No stitching can hold the plaits in shape as skilfully as the pins are able to accomplish.

Narrow Pipings.

Instead of lace one sees taffeta employed to trim a foulard silk. It may seem odd to decorate one silk fabric with another, but it is quite fashionable. Pipings of black taffeta print a a smart pattern on an almond green foulard around the hips like a low girdle and straight down the front. Here and there on the Eton and once only on the sleeves. Sometimes the pipings are waved, fluting up and down with undulations. Quite as often the pipings adhere to straight lines in the effort to follow "tailor" smartness.

What Babies Should Wear.

All very small children should be dressed in white. It is a great mistake to put them into colors. There are plenty of inexpensive materials in white to choose from to make a variety. So soon as the baby is old enough to creep, she can have little dimity creeping frocks, or even brown holland ones, to put on over the white frock, and in that way the fashion is not so expensive as it seems. If extra warmth is desired, it can be obtained by a thin flannel worn under the frock. Very long waisted effects are now fashionable as soon as children are put into short clothes; the waist is a mass of horizontal tucks and lines of embroidery, with ruffles put on in bertha style around the yoke or guimpe. With these frocks there are white sashes of the same material edged with lace, or soft ribbon sashes in bright colors, and for smart occasions shoulder knots of ribbons to match the sashes. Colored socks and shoes the same color as the ribbons look very dainty and cunning, and are not very expensive. When children can wear the ankle ties these also can be found in all colors. —Harper's Bazar.

She Talks to the Feathered Creatures.

Reina V. Wright has learned the language of all Wisconsin species of feathered creatures, and can talk to them as one of her own family. She did not study at universities to learn the habits of birds, but with her love for everything that flies she studied them in the recesses of the woods or in the barnyard. Miss Wright has not confined her studies to bird talk but has delved into the mysteries of the spoken words of various animals. She has been successful to a considerable extent in learning the inflection of the language used by dogs, cattle and even cats. But she still prefers the cadence of the canary. Though now only 18 years old, she has been talking to birds for six years. She discovered her own gift, and from the first time that her imitation brought a circle of wild bird listeners to her side she has devoted most of her days to the study of the bird language. She has passed the stage when she would go into the woods for the mere pleasure of imitating the birds, but the time was when she would sit on a log in the woods and call the birds to her side. When she would begin her call birds by the hundred would gather in the trees about her, and except for a fluttering of wings would remain silent till she had finished her song. Then they would break forth in song, each doing its best, apparently, to outdo the girl who had stolen its cadence. Miss Wright is now a teacher of elocution at Grafton Hall, Fond du Lac. Her ability in bird imitating brought her to the notice of people who made it possible for her to attend the Ralston University of Expression and Physical Culture at Washington. There she was put under the direct care of President Edgerly. She graduated in 1900. —Chicago Record-Herald.

Kinswoman of Lincoln.

Amanda Poorman is the widowed daughter of Dennis Hanks, the cousin, boyhood friend and companion of Abraham Lincoln. She is 68 years of age, and is now, and for the last five years has been housekeeper in the family of J. S. Cunningham of Mattoon, Ill. During that time she has tenderly nursed the invalid wife of Mr. Cunningham, who for the last two years has been confined, a patient sufferer, to her bed.

During Lincoln's struggles in early life, and for many years after his death, Dennis Hanks lived at Charleston, the county seat of this (Coles) county, and his humble home was the scene of many a visit from Lincoln, where he was a most welcome guest. In those early days Lincoln wore a pair of pantaloons with two patches where needed most, and Hanks called them Lincoln's spectacled breeches. Mrs. Hanks repaired rents in his clothing, and when she saw him coming she would hang an extra pot in the fireplace, for he was a great eater, and was fond of the pioneer dish of mush and milk. Amanda, then a child, gave up her bed and slept upon the floor that Lincoln might have where to rest. Many a time he sat with the family at the Hanks fireside, and far into the night made jovial the hours with his stories and drollery, with Amanda a fascinated listener.

Lincoln loved and honored this daughter of the family, and to gratify her childish fancy one time purchased for her the last thing in the world she needed—a brightly colored parasol. It is a pathetic sequel to those pioneer times that this child friend of the great Lincoln, now at the age of 68 years, is constrained by circumstances to maintain existence by toil and labor as housekeeper in an humble cottage home in this city of Mattoon.—Philadelphia Record.

Queen Alexandra's Jewels.

The jewel casket of Queen Alexandra contains a rare colection of precious stones. Pearls and diamonds are most in evidence, for these are the gems of royalty all the world over. A souvenir from Queen Victoria is a parure of opals and diamonds, and a beautiful necklace of pearls and diamonds was one of her husband's first gifts. On their wedding day he gave her a diadem of brilliants, and on the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage a diamond and ruby cross. The diadem consists of brilliants arranged in two rows, with ten large brilliants at equal distance, surmounted by scroll ornaments, the latter connected by Greek devices in brilliants.

A ruby and necklace from her sister, the wife of the late czar, a diamond and pearl necklace, with earrings to match, from the corporation of the city of London, and a diamond tiara, consisting of 365 beautiful stones, are among the handsomest of her jewelry possessions.

The queen has a large collection of bracelets, the most interesting being one that was presented to her on her marriage by eight bridesmaids. It is of gold, brilliantly set and divided into eight compartments, each containing a miniature portrait of one of the bridesmaids. On the reverse side the queen's initials appear in diamonds on a ground of enamel in garter blue tint.

One of the many jeweled crosses in this royal casket, and the most prized of all, is Queen Dagmar's cross—an exact replica of one made for Queen Dabmar several centuries ago and a cherished heirloom in the Danish royal family. A diamond cross on a string of pearls from the ladies of Liverpool, a diamond and opal bracelet from the ladies of Manchester, and a diamond studded one from the ladies of Leeds are other beautiful gifts.

A silver wedding present from the Grand lodge of Free Masons was a magnificent butterfly, consisting of over 200 of the finest Brazilian diamonds and eyes of rubies. Some lovely sapphires, combined with diamonds, and Indian jewelry of the finest wrought and chased gold, set with pearls, rubies and diamonds, represent other treasures which find a place in the collection of England's queen.—Chicago Chronicle.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Pretty, snug, heavy, trim little tailor jackets are charming made of some rough white cloth.

Thin light waists which have a blind opening are buttoned underneath with small wash button cloth buttons.

Ringed and spotted nets, plain tulles, lace and every sort of lovely brocade are being shown for summer frocks.

Old-fashioned muslins wrought with embroidery are going to trim summertime's cambric shirt, arranged to outline yokes, revers or in fichu effects.

Silk folds can be bought ready made, and dotted with different kinds of gold or steel beads, or folds can be found set together with lace stitches ready for use.

A long dust coat of white serge has the seams strapped with white silk, a big ecru lace collar and long white ribbon ends to tie into a big bow at the neck. There is a shaped flounce of the serge.

Troops of parasols are ready for warm weather, with painted sticks, crystal knob ends and gilt frames covered with hemstitched and openwork silk, which should match the dress or toque.

Cotton gloves are being largely worn this year. They wash, wear and fit so well that they are economical and attractive, and without much expense a woman can wear clean gloves, an important essential.

Corset covers and skirts combined have the waist fitted snugly and boned. They slop off into the skirt like a princess frock. There are no sleeves, not even a strop over the arm, and the waist fits so snugly that they are not necessary.

One of the prettiest cotton goods in the market is the silk broche chambray, which has a silky effect and raised polka dots in the color of the material. In addition to the beautiful finish of the chambray there are the exquisite colors, green and blue and pink and lavender, in the soft shades which are peculiar to the material.

A feature of fashionable gowns is the arrangement of bands. White linen bands are used on a raspberry-colored dress. The bands are studded with French knots in either black or raspbery pink embroidery, cottons or floss silk. Sometimes the bands receive a regular design, trailing bands or buds or single flowers or geometrical figures applied at intervals. Bands of ecru embroidery make effective applications. You see them on blue cloths and blue silk summer frocks

LOBSTERS GROWING SCARCER.

Efforts of the United States Fish Commission to Supply the Deficiency.

The last report of the United States Fish Commission is a discouraging one for the lobster eaters. It shows so rapid a decline in the annual yield of lobsters that the day seems not very far distant when lobsters will be so scarce that their prices will put them almost within the terrapin class.

The lobster fields extend all along the coast from Maine to Delaware and over this entire area there was a decrease in the annual take of from 50 to 60 per cent, and an increase of the market price of the fish of from 50 to 70 per cent.

In the Urgent Deficiency bill passed by Congress a year ago last February provision was made for a special investigation of the decline in the lobster fisheries and the fish experts have been studying the problem ever since, but with no very striking results. The catching of lobsters on a large scale is comparatively a simple matter, but the rearing of the young to the point where they can take care of themselves is a difficult undertaking involving questions which have not yet been solved. The report of the Fish Commission says:

"Owing to the continued decrease of the lobster fishery, strenuous efforts have been made during the past two years to increase the output of lobster fry, but the scarcity of lobsters and the difficulties encountered in getting the egg lobsters from the fishermen, notwithstanding the cordial co-operation of the State commissioners throughout New England, has made this impossible.

"Arrangements were made during the winter months to collect all the egg-bearing lobsters captured from Eastport to New York. The Grampus, assisted by a steam smack, plied along the coast of Maine and visited all the important fishing centres from early in April to July. Besides this local agents were stationed from Kittery to New London, Conn., who purchased egg lobsters, not only from the fishermen, but also from the dealers in the large towns. These were then transferred to Wood's Hole and Gloucester by sail and steamboats provided for this purpose.

"Notwithstanding the efforts made, only 6,443 egg lobsters were secured north of Cape Cod. These yielded 93,635,000 eggs, from which were hatched 58,560,000 fry, which were deposited on suitable grounds along the coast. At Wood's Hole only 28,140,000 eggs were secured and 22,643,000 hatched."

A Model Municipality.

In Prussia the towns present a spectacle of autonomy and freedom from bureaucratic influence which may well excite our envy. The town council of Dusseldorf, for instance, extends its authority over a far wider sphere than any corresponding body in England. The town council is at once town council, school board and poor-law authority. The extent of its activity is wonderful. Water works, gas, electric-lighting, slaughter houses, ice manufactories, cattle markets, cemeteries, art museums, theater, opera house, concert halls, hospitals and orphanages are among the many enterprises of the municipality. It is not necessary to promote bills in parliament. What the council thinks good for the town is carried out without delay. There are no vexatious inquiries, and in most cases no veto exercised by the government departments. It will interest our readers to learn that loans, as a rule, are borrowed for one hundred years and that the capital invested in some of the working class dwellings is spread over a still longer period. The factories in Dusseldorf are distributed around the suburbs. People passing through the central part of the town would never suspect their presence. Working people, therefore, it will be seen, pass outward to their work and return into the town for the evening.—*London News.*

What He Wanted to Know.

A rather amusing story is told in connection with a certain learned professor. He had been asked to deliver a lecture —which he readily consented to do—in the village school room, and on the important night the place was packed with an expectant audience.

The front seats were occupied by a few of the shining lights of the neighborhood, and apparently the lecturer was addressing the select few, for he talked completely over the heads of the rest of the audience.

At length, at the expiration of a couple of hours, the professor dropped his lofty style and blandly remarked:

"And now, friends, in conclusion allow me to say that if any one has a question to ask I will do my best to answer him."

It was a very old villager in the back seat who slowly rose to his feet and asked the first and only question.

"Aw'd be wurry much obleeged, seaster," he remarked, "if ye'd jest tell us wot on airth it is that ye've been praiching aboot?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

Good Place For Lazy Men.

Henry Sandham, the well known Boston artist, who with his family is now pleasantly located in the Azores, writes home most enthusiastically of the place and the air of hospitality which is to be found everywhere. "Fancy the joy of living," he writes, "in a place where you do not breakfast till 11, dine at 4 and have tea at 11.30; where it's always warm and comfortable; where everyone on the street bows to you and runs eagerly to do you some service; where there are great, large tropical gardens filled with every flower of the world, familiar and strange; where fish, the most delicious imaginable, are pulled from the sea into the fire, and thence to your table; where you can live like a duke for 90 cents a day and where you can go to church every day in the week if you are fond enough of sculpture and carving, fairer than you have seen elsewhere."—*Boston Transcript.*

NOTES AND COMMENTS

American wheat and American [illegible] will be in even greater demand in Europe this year than usual if the recent reports of short and ruined crops in Europe are anywhere near correct.

One of the embarrassments to which the philanthropist is subjected comes from a wholly illogical idea that because he is rich and generous he is, as a matter of course, able to make a good speech.

There is a project afoot in Washington to establish a steam laundry at the crossroads. This may be due to a belief that farmers have become so prosperous that they will want their shirts starched and work in.

Almost anything seems possible in this inventive age. Edison's new building material which is poured into place and then allowed to harden, may enable builders to make their estimates by the gallons instead of by the cubic feet.

The classic lock step has been abolished in the prisons of New York. So in future the released convict will not give any indication of his term by his gait. Truly this is a philanthropic age, careful of the feeling of criminals, be they good or bad.

The public telephones of the "penny-in-the-slot" type which were placed in some of the Paris post offices a few months ago have proved unsatisfactory and have been removed. Many people complained that after putting money in the slot they could obtain no communication.

The corset, chiefly of use heretofore in preserving the shape, is now a life saver as well. As perfected by its inventor it may be inflated that it can even be pulled under water by an ordinary force. The defenders of the much discussed garment will doubtless be willing to sink or swim by this new test.

Baggage has recently been defined by an Ohio judge, according to the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*, to mean "such articles of personal necessity or convenience as are usually carried by passengers for their personal use," but does not include "merchandise or other valuables intended for other purposes, such as sale or the like." The test is whether or not the articles carried are fit and proper for their owner's personal use in connection with the journey.

A statistician who claims to have given the matter especial attention says that the men and women of America are gaining constantly in stature and weight and also in physical development. It cannot be doubted that in beauty, especially among the women, there is corresponding encouragement; in the development, and in the morals of both it is an assured fact that vast improvement is being made, observes the St. Louis *Star.*

A well-known writer in America has been covered with contumely and disgrace in several ways because he ridiculed the practice of dueling in the army. Austrian soldiers are just now their idols of the false sense of honor and the disregard of the higher motives which can sway humanity when they display such devotion to the worn code of evil. The duel evidently should be dismissed to the limbo of unhappy, far off things, and battles long ago.

The belief that all the latest troubles in China does not lie at the door of the Chinese is expressed in a letter by W. C. Jameson Reid, who defends his position by strong arguments and narrates the story of the successive croachments of European powers to show how natural it was that the aggressions should stimulate an anti-foreign spirit. Mr. Reid, who knows the East well, suggests that outside nations will find it more to their advantage to cultivate a merely commercial trade with China, rather than an political interest in that country.

After the feasibility of using the photograph or drawing over a telegraph wire had once been demonstrated it was natural that some one should try the same thing by wireless telegraphy. And a fair degree of success attended the experiment. Of course it would not be possible to transmit pictures by this means as with a metallic conductor. Yet the system has its advantages. Occasions are likely to arise when it will be desirable to send from a yacht, merchant steamer or other vessel, rather than a land station, and though the demand for such service is likely to be limited, it is satisfactory to know that it is possible.

Cleveland has had a trial of a street sweeper, running on an electric road, and getting its power from an auxiliary motor. It was pronounced a success. Preceding the sweeper in use was a trolley water-tank by which the street was sprinkled from the middle of the tracks to the curb. The sweeper, with a revolving brush [illegible] feet long, which piled the dirt in a row close to the curb. The work was thoroughly done, according to the reports in the Cleveland papers, and done quickly, the trolley sprinkling at the rate of seven miles an hour. This invention, while a great thing for the city is its economy, may be a thing for prospective street railway companies. Among the requirements demanded in some places for franchises are the paving and sprinkling of streets and the removal of snow. As a condition to these requirements, the cleaning of the streets by the sweeper.

MISSOURI RAILWAY WRECK

TWO PROMINENT NORTHERN JUDGES SUICIDE.

BOER CROWN WRITES FROM SOUTH AFRICA

The Adula Case Settled — Excursionists Meet Death — Marconi Explodes — Epworth League at San Francisco — Loss in Texas.

R. R. COLLISION IN MISSOURI

Twenty-one persons are dead and a large number seriously hurt as a result of a head-end collision between a passenger and a fast live stock train on the Chicago and Alton Railroad near Norton, Mo., early Thursday morning. Six were killed outright. The passenger train was traveling in three sections on account of the heavy Epworth League business to San Francisco. The wrecked train was the first section and contained no Leaguers. Conductor McAnna of the freight train had been ordered to meet the second section of the passenger at Slater, the next station east of Norton. The front brakeman on the freight says Conductor McAnna took the throttle himself on leaving Marshall and was running the engine when the collision occurred. The trains met on a curve surmounting a high embankment. The trains collided while going at a good rate of speed. The engines were practically demolished and the forward Pullman and the tourist sleeper in front were burned.

JUDICIAL SUICIDES.

Hon. D. A. Russell, of Pomeroy, O., suicided by shooting, in Cincinnati, last Friday. Nothing whatever is known as to the cause. He left a sealed letter addressed to his wife upon which was a special delivery stamp. He was a prominent republican and was a candidate for Supreme Judge before the republican convention in June.

Judge James H. Sellars, candidate for the democratic nomination for governor, killed himself in his law office in Crawfordsville, Ind., Saturday by taking morphine. He left a letter saying that his life was a failure and his debts were large. His letter was full of praise for his wife. He served on the bench and in the state legislature with distinction.

PRIZE MONEY.

Judge Speer, of the United States Circuit Court, Saturday at Mount Airy, Ga., handed down his decree distributing the prize money arising from the capture of the British steamer, Adula, by the Marblehead off Guantanamo. $40,000 will be distributed. The Adula was the only neutral ship condemned during the war. The case has been in court three years and to the U. S. supreme court twice. It is the first prize case tried in Georgia since 1812.

SOUTH CAROLINA FIRE.

The northern portion of the town of Laurinburg, S. C., is in ruins. Fire did, on Thursday, damage estimated at $70,000. At one time it was feared the entire city would be destroyed. The cause of the fire is not known. The insurance is about one-half.

NO WATER—TOWN BURNED

Enid, Kansas, was almost wiped out by fire Saturday morning. The water works supply gave out and dynamite was used to check the spread of the fire.

Cole and Jim Younger, two members of Jesse James' noted band of outlaws have been paroled.

HORRIBLE TORTURE.

Captain C. F. Watts of the ill fated brig. E. F. Munson has returned to Tampa, Fla., a physical wreck and tells a thrilling story of the wreck of his vessel. The suffering of captain and his crew was something horrible. Upon a little raft, without food or water, under a blistering sun for three days, followed by huge, gloating sharks, seeing vessels pass within hailing distance then fade away. Captain Watts says he does not believe his men will recover from their exposure, as when he left Key West they were in horrible shape.

LEGAL PROCEEDURE.

The body of Lee Wing, a Chinaman, murdered last March by Highlanders, was boiled Thursday night by order of the county authorities. This process was considered necessary in order to obtain the sixteen bullets which were fired into the man. They will be used as evidence in the trial of Look Lee, alleged to be one of the assassins.

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MARINE BOILER EXPLODES.

An excursion boat anchored in the Susquehanna river off Sunbury, Pa., blew up with terrific force Saturday, killing two boys and injuring a dozen other persons, two fatally. One man is missing and many have been killed: The boys killed and injured were fishing on a near-by wharf when the explosion occurred. The engineer was absent at the time, leaving the boat in charge of the pilot. No cause is given for the explosion.

BLOW IN MISSISSIPPI.

A terrific wind and rain storm struck McComb City, Miss., Friday doing considerable damage in blowing down trees, destroying some buildings and unroofing others. A game base ball was in progress, a large crowd being in attendance; the crowd ran for shelter. A party of a dozen took refuge under a gallery, and a few minutes later the gallery was blown down, burying the people beneath it, fatally injuring one person and seriously bruising five others.

TEXAS TROUBLES.

Owing to recent heavy rains in southwestern Texas the rise of the Guadaloupe river proves to be worse than expected. All the buildings on a ranch on the north fork are a complete loss with their contents; the occupants barely escaping with their lives. Numerous fishing parties have lost their entire outfits, including wagons and teams. Two boys named Hale, camping on the south fork, are reported missing.

GEORGIA COTTON BUSINESS.

The Strickland cotton mills, at Valdosta, Ga., will shortly increase equipment by the addition of 1,000 spindles. It has already 10,000 spindles but the increase in orders requires a larger capacity. The company will put on a night force. The mill is receiving a number of orders from China and eastern markets. To accomodate the increase in its force the company will build a hotel and a number of additional cottages at the mill.

20,000 LEAGUERS BY THE SEA.

Trains are rolling in from the East unloading hundreds of Epworth Leaguers at San Francisco. 20,000 visitors arrived by Sunday night. A thoroughly organized gang of pickpockets and robbers have fleeced the Leaguers at points in Colorado, even securing their victims' trunks.

SIX BATHERS DROWNED.

The Hebrew Gamahl Hasad held its annual picnic at Daufuskie beach, Savannah, Sunday. A party of a dozen were out bathing and six of them were drowned. One corpse was found floating in the surf an hour after the tragedy, but the others were swept out to sea.

PAT CROWE PAYS UP.

Senator A. W. Brewster, of St. Joseph, Mo., received on Saturday a draft for $250 sent to him by "Pat" Crowe from Johannesburg, South Africa, to pay an attorney fee. Crowe has been owing a number of years. Crowe's name has been connected by allegation with the kidnapping of the son of Edward Cudahy, the Omaha packer, who paid a ransom of $25,000 in gold. Several years ago Crowe was under arrest in St. Joseph on the charge of train robbery and employed Brewster to defend him. The charge was dismissed, as the case was not strong.

Advices say the arrangements for the consolidation of Kentucky and Tennessee coal mines have been completed

AERONAUT KILLED.

Paul Hague (Professor Zeno), an aeronaut, was fatally injured at Springfield, O., July 14th. The parachute failed to open and he fell 200 feet into a corn field. Hague was married last Thursday to Mabel Brandon, also an aeronaut, who was seriously injured by falling from a balloon on June 22.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

Trenton, N. J., July 13.—Snow fell here briskly during a heavy rain storm late yesterday afternoon.

THE DEADLY CHARBON.

The scourge of charbon is creating a reign of terror in Mississippi and it is reported not enough animals escaped the disease to work the crops for the remainder of the year. It is affecting all forms of animal life. Seven negroes have died in the village of Beulah from the disease and it has created such dread among other negroes that they are refusing to work.

He Was Undoubtedly Guilty.

An old negro named Ephraim, having been sworn on the jury in a murder trial in one of the southern states, for some time stubbornly resisted a verdict of guilty for no other apparent reason than his aversion to capital punishment in general. Finally the foreman explained to him that it was a question either of hanging the prisoner or hanging the jury, and that it all depended on him. "'Fo' Gawd, suh," replied Uncle Ephraim, "on dem reasonments de pris'ner am sho' guilty."

Power of the Rothschilds.

Since 1850 the Rothschild family has raised for Great Britain alone more than $1,000,000,000; for Australia, $250,000,000; for Prussia, $200,000,000 for France, $400,000,000; for Italy, $300,000,000; for Russia, $125,000,000; for Brazil, $70,000,000. In 1895 they took $15,000,000 of the February loan of the United States through the Belmont-Morgan syndicate.

Corners are as difficult to get in the street car as in the market.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

When some men borrow a dollar they seem to think they have earned it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

It's peculiar that when people get into society they expect to be asked out.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

A felon on the finger is worth two in jail.

Albert Burch, West Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The world raised 277,000,000 tons of coal in 1800, against 4,020,000,000 tons last year.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

People who cast reflections are not all brilhant.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

In six per cent. of North Italian and eighteen per cent. of South Italian villages the streets are still used as sewers.

When it comes to society the best is not always the cheapest.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A rolling stone may gather no moss, but, after all, moss has very little commercial value.

Nature Needs

Assistance only. Many of the cases of serious illness could be checked at once with a dose of Crab Orchard Water, taken in time.

On account of a short production the export of grain has been prohibited in Persia.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

The deaf mute is generally handy with his talk.

HATCHING AN OSTRICH.

The Labor-Dividing Process of the Male and Female Birds.

Early in the year, just as spring dawns, a pair of ostriches will begin to build a nest, or rather to scrape one out of the ground. The male bird rests his breastbone on the ground and kicks the sand behind; when one side is sufficiently deep he turns around and operates in a like manner, until a round hole about three feet in diameter and one foot deep is the result of his exertions; occasionally he intimates to the female that help is desired and they take turns. The hen forthwith begins to lay an egg every day, until 12 or 15 are located side by side in this hole in the ground; they scatter a little sand over the eggs to protect them from the rays of the California sun; this habit has doubtless led to the supposition printed in many ancient natural histories that the eggs of the ostrich are hatched by the sun, unaided by the birds. As soon as the full number of eggs are laid, the couple share the labor of hatching; the male bird setting on the eggs from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until 5 o'clock the following morning; and it may be understood with what skill this is performed when it is remembered that 250 pounds of ostrich is bearing down upon 14 eggs; at 9 o'clock the hen takes his place. The male ostrich, however, with remarkable intelligence, relieves the female for an hour in the middle of the day while she goes in search of necessary nourishment. A pair will follow this regime with the greatest regularity for about 40 days, when the eggs are hatched.

From Lowly Station to High.

The Austrain Parliament has a member who was a waiter. Carl Mittermayers was elected to the Reichsrath four years ago, at a time when he was serving as a waiter in a small suburban restaurant. And there is a butcher in the British House of Commons. At least two members of parliament are grocers, and there are a dozen who were once laborers. The parliament of Vancouver has as its speaker a man who was once a coal miner in Northumberland.

When the Marriage Knot Was Real

Few of those who talk of the "marriage knot" realize that the knot was ever anything more than a mere figure of speech. Among the Babylonians trying the knot was part of the marriage ceremony. There the priest took a thread of the garment of the bride and another from that of the bridegroom and tied them into a knot, which he gave to the bride, thus symbolizing the binding nature of the union which now existed between herself and her husband.

If the whole water power of Niagara were used it would be worth $1,500,000 a day.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

IN THE SKIN OF A FRIEND

It Bound One of the Books of Astronomer Flammarion.

Queer legacies are not uncommon, as a glance over the records of any probate court will show; but the bequest of Mlle. B. to the French astronomer and novelist, Flammarion, is probably without a parallel.

Mlle. B. was the possessor of a wonderful complexion and a neck and shoulders which made her conspicuous at any function where decollete was required. Though not a member of the smart set, she moved in good society, and it was at a dinner party that Flammarion met her, and with the proverbial gallantry of his race warmly complimented her on her fair complexion, laying special stress on the beauty of her neck and shoulders. The girl was much gratified by his admiration, and the incident closed for the time being.

Some months later the author received a black-bordered envelope. It contained an announcement of the death of Mlle. B., and added that it was the young woman's wish that the skin of her neck and shoulders be preserved and sent to the author to be used by him as a binding for one of his works. Such is the story as it has been told on this side of the water. Prof. Barnard, the head of the astronomy department of the University of Chicago, determined while on a recent visit to Paris to sound Flammarion as to the truth of the story. Flammarion listened in silence while the interpreter went over the details, then with a quick "Pardon" he jumped from his seat and left the room. In a few minutes he returned with a volume seemingly bound in delicate calf. He laid it upon Bernard's knees. "Voila" (behold it), he said simply.

A Peculiar Industry.

As as instance of peculiar industrial occupations, it is said that dealers in second-hand bread have a pretty good trade all the year round in London. They collect fragments of bread from the restaurants and dust heaps, which they carefully sort into first and second quality. The former, being comparatively clean, is baked and then cut into dice for soup and made into raspings, which are bought up by the cookshops for garnishing. The second quality bread is sold for food for poultry and other domestic animals.

Laundering Thin Dresses.

To launder the exquisite creations of muslins and lace in which this season abounds has become quite a problem, yet the most delicate materials will not be injured if washed with Ivory Soap and dried in the shade. But little starch need be used.—ELIZA R. PARKER.

California state is 850 miles long, and contains 158,360 square miles.

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SOZODONT

a perfect liquid dentifrice for the

Teeth and Mouth

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c
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25c

At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

Long Hair

"About a year ago my hair was coming out very fast, so I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stopped the falling and made my hair grow very rapidly, until now it is 45 inches in length."—Mrs. A. Boydston, Atchison, Kans.

There's another hunger than that of the stomach. Hair hunger, for instance. Hungry hair needs food, needs hair vigor—*Ayer's*. This is why we say that Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color, and makes the hair grow long and heavy. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Dizzy?

Then your liver isn't acting well. You suffer from biliousness, constipation. Ayer's Pills act directly on the liver. For 60 years they have been the Standard Family Pill. Small doses cure. 25c. All druggists

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 cts. of Druggists, or R. P. Hall & Co. Nashua, N. H.

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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A natural medicinal water—unsurpassed. A powerful laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dropsyical Swellings, Rheumatism, Malaria, Headache, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the native mineral waters, most convenient to take, most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.

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Ladies

Are Quick to Learn

And they are finding out that there is nothing better for biliousness, constipation, and all derangements of the liver and bowels than

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It is easy to take, does not gripe nor purge, making it a splendid medicine for children

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Well equipped Laboratories, excellent Teachers, a free Dispensary, where hundreds of prescriptions by the best physicians are compounded daily by the students. Students obtain first-class practical instruction as well as that of a theoretical nature. There is a greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Address DR. GEO. F. PAYNE, Payne's Chemical Laboratory, Room 11, Atlanta, Ga.

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Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c. stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

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McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 CTS

Am. N. U., No. 29, 1901.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

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A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

"The Enigma in the Sun."

The fiery sun is in the East
And as on it we gaze,
Our eyes upon the legend least
Emblazoned in its rays.
What secret may there be immersed
Within that glaring sun,
What mean the words, "September first,
Nineteen hundred and one?"

September first? That is the date
When LION COFFEE grand,
Its newest Premium List so great
Distributes through the land.
Most useful gifts for young and old,
For home, for work or play,
And there's variety untold
For anyone to-day.

Be sure and ask your grocer, then,
To give you, on that date,
Our newest List, or, take your pen,
If you don't want to wait,
And write a letter straight to us—
A two-cent stamp inclose,
We'll forward you the List, and thus,
No trouble you impose.

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Just try a package of LION COFFEE and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

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Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

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SHAVING OUTFIT
FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

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- Rubber Fine " 10c
- 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
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- 2¾ x 4 Mirror.....10c
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OF COURSE WE WILL.

One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

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When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new application recently tried with remarkable success in a severe case of boils (without plaster) is now for sale at some drug stores—five cents each. This low priced cure is recommended for the pain and the vast suffering it relieves. It should find its way into every family medicine chest. One dose of the first tablet usually gives relief. Four tablets will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created. Tablets will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

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A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will quickly relieve those smarting menstrual pains and the dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

Gardenwood, La., Oct. 14, 1899.
I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.
MRS. M. A. YOUNG.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
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PREPARATIONS
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Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
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LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

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Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

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Also running through to Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or J. P. Amore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
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Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

FOURTH OF JULY TRICKS.

A Few That Will Help You Celebrate the Day.

To make a well of fire, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, to 12 ounces of water in an earthenware basin add gradually 2 ounces of sulphuric acid. Then add to this, also gradually, about three-quarters of an ounce of granulated zinc. A rapid production of hydrogen gas will instantly take place. Then add from time to time a few small pieces of phosphorus. A multitude of gas bubbles will be produced, which will fire on the surface of the effervescing liquid. The whole surface of the liquid will become luminous, and fire balls, with jets of flame, will dart from the bottom through the fluid with great rapidity and a hissing noise.

To set a combustible body on fire by the contact of water, fill a saucer with water and let fall into it a piece of potassium of the size of a peppercorn. The potassium will instantly burst into flame, with a slight explosion, and burn vividly on the surface of the water, darting at the same time from one side of the vessel to the other with great violence in the form of a beautiful red-hot fireball.

For the experiment called animated fire put some small pieces of camphor in a basin of pure water. A very peculiar motion commences at once, some of the pieces turning as if on an axis, others go steadily round the vessel, some seem to be pursuing others, and thus they continue forming a curious and pleasing appearance. But if a single drop of sulphuric acid be put into the water the motion of the camphor stops instantly. If a piece of camphor is lighted and then carefully placed on the water, it burns with a bright flame, moving about with great rapidity, as if in search of something, but is instantly stopped by a drop of sulphuric acid.

An Independence Day Freak.

At a Fourth of July picnic were passed around to the company wooden plates of generous dinner plate size. On these were pasted various odd shaped pieces of red, white and blue paper. These, it was explained, were intended to represent in their general outline the maps of the 13 original states as they now appeared, and with them, to avoid the unlucky number, was also a map of Cuba. At the top of each, instead of its name, was printed a number. Pencils were distributed, and the guests were given half an hour to guess the identity of the maps, the names of which were to be written on the backs of the plates. The couple most successful in this were each presented with an immense cannon firecracker, which, however, was not as dangerous as it seemed at first sight, for it was nothing worse than a clever imitation of the real thing filled with bonbons.—Alice Carlotta Wheeler in Woman's Home Companion.

Where the Declaration Was Signed.

The 2d of July marked the adoption by congress of the resolution of independence, the sufficient legislative act. On the Fourth occurred the declaration itself. But not till the following 2d of August did the ceremony of signature take place, though this has furnished to the popular mind the common pictorial and dramatic conception of the event.—Buffalo Express.

Bonded a Chain.

A story is being told about a German who has a hotel far down town. An artist—one of those barroom artists who make pictures on mirrors with soap—called on the German the other day and asked for some work. "Well," the German said, "you might paint a brown bear on my sign. How much would you charge to do it?" "Two dollars," the artist answered. Thereupon the contract was made, and the bear was painted.

At the end of the job the artist said, "Don't you want me to paint a chain on the bear?" "Would you charge extra for that?" said the German. "Yes. That would cost $1 extra." "Then I can't afford to have it done." The artist departed. That night it rained, and, in the morning the bear had vanished from the sign! The rain had washed it away.

The German sent for the painter at once. "My bear," he said reproachfully, "is gone." The other answered, "Well, I wanted to put a chain on it, didn't I?" The German then handed out $3.62 for the painting of another bear, the third for a chain to make the picture permanent.

The chained bear now remains upon the sign impervious to the weather.—Philadelphia Record.

A Terrible Failure.

A well known Milwaukee lawyer with a weakness for long stories was a visitor at Madison "once upon a time," as the story books put it.

He saw upon the register of the Park hotel the name of Colonel Gabriel Bouck of Oshkosh and decided that he was in duty bound to call upon that Nestor of the Wisconsin bar, especially as they had both occupied the position of grand master of the grand lodge of Wisconsin Masons.

He called on Mr. Bouck in his room in the hotel and found the Oshkoshian in his shirt sleeves, yawning. He began on Masonry. First he gave his views of the brotherhood, from the building of Solomon's temple "without sound of tool or iron" down to date, and then he started in on the chapter. Finally, startled by an extra yawn, he broke off his story with:

"Well, Gabe, as I have been appointed trustee for the Asylum For the Deaf and Dumb I think I had better go to bed. I have to take an early train for Janesville."

"For land's sake! Is it possible that you are going to learn to talk with your hands too?" came the blunt reply from the old lawyer.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S OFFER.

Scholarships and Trips on the Cable to Great Duly.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy and girl in Georgia, who will secure five new subscribers to the Daily or Sunday Constitution, a reward, free of any cost, of a scholarship in any school in Georgia and $10.00 toward the student's expenses for the year.

This offer is open to every school in the state, whether boys or girls are the competitors, and gives every one a fair advantage of the proposition. The terms are well worth the work of one determined to secure an education. This week's issue will be sent for ... weeks for ... subscribers or more when ... are up. The ... regarded ... and expenses for one year ... imately $25.00. No one ... when such an opportunity ...

The enterprise ... THE CONSTITUTION ... mended and vast good ... from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

A BOOK OF THE DOG

We have received from the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. Third St., Philadelphia, Pa., a copy of the Dog Buyers' Guide. It is a finely executed colored frontispiece, well drawn engravings of nearly every breed of dog, and a list of dog furnishing goods. We should judge that the book has cost a great deal more to produce than the price asked—15 cents—and we would advise all of our readers, who are interested in dogs to send for the book.

It Dazzles The World

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's sweetest tears have been on hopeless victims of Consumption. Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists, who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Montevallo.

Friday night the closing scene of the revival meeting which has been going on here in the Baptist church for two weeks past under the leadership of Rev. John Hunt Morton came very near being marred by a terrible accident. A large ... in the center of the church crowded, endangering for the time being the lives of those present and the building. The crowd escaped ... many rushing for the doors and windows. The most serious injured person was Miss Ollie Kaple, who fell out of one of the windows and is suffering from concussion of the brain. Her face was badly cut and the upper lip was cut through. She revived under stimulants and having the wounds sewed up by a surgeon.

Mrs. Whit Pentecost sustained a wrenched back and injured ... Henry Latham, ... also received severe injuries to the ... others were more or less injured.

The Toy Dog

A copy of Mr. John E. Dale's latest book on the Toy Dog has just been submitted to us for comment. We can speak of the little volume only in terms of the highest praise. The author ... was recognized for years as an authority on Domestic Pets of all kinds, has evidently put his best efforts on his last production and that this becomes abundantly ... able to all who admire, or desire to provide themselves with a Toy Dog. The book has been published by the Associated Fanciers, 400 North Third St., Philadelphia, who offer to mail to any address on receipt of 25 cts., preferably in Postage Stamps.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair ... headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. ... Electric Comb. The only ... Comb in the world. People everywhere where it has been introduced are wild with delight. You simply ... your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and ... so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold with written guarantee to give satisfaction in every respect. ... stamps for one. Ladies' size ... Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. Want column of this paper ... dress D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

...pite of the hot, dry weather ... comforting to learn from ... tions in Chilton county that ... are looking fine, and a good ... est is anticipated. Corn and ... on, especially, are said to be in ... llent condition since the drought ... broken, and as we are now ... ing an occasional shower there ... very reason to hope for a good ...

...bout two years ago the county ... their property, known as the ... Farm, about thirteen miles ... Clanton, for $800, arrangements ... being made with the purchaser to run the poor house until ... w farm was secured. This ... Judge Adams has bought ... cres of land, five miles from ... ton, on Yellowleaf creek, with ... d house, etc., for $460, which ... s the county with $340 on ... from the sale of the old property. This amount and the $700 ... ed from the sale of the lot in ... ton, will be sufficient to thoroughly equip the poor house and ... and will be of great advantage ... both to the county and the ... inmates. Being so easy of ... to the county seat, the property ... will be more under the ... of the county officers. It ... good stroke of business for the ... and the Judge deserves ... for it.

... lot next to Kattler's store ... be one lot in Chilton county, was ... at auction last Monday, and ... sold to M. A. C. Smith ... For building was mostly good ... country people have faith in ... Clanton. The two ... we have had this year has ... some gaps to be filled, but ... this fall any vacant lot can ... posed of at a good fair price.

... Bob Marcus has at last got ... money. It is about eight years ... Bob was working on the ... in Shelby county, when in ... dent with a hand-car he was ... crippled, ruined for life in ... Suit was brought against the ... and Bob won it and was ... damage. The company ... the case was again tried, ... Bob won. Another appeal ... taken, and a third time ... decided that he was entitled ... damages. The company ... one more attempt to have the ... again, but the Supreme ... sustained the decision of the ... court and refused the application ... and Bob has got the cash, ... hope he will safely invest the amount, and secure for ... a comfortable income for ... of his days.

... is not a busier town of its ... anywhere in the State of Alabama than Clanton. In all direc-

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY JULY 25, 1901 — NO. 40

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOLARSHIP OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs to the Great Daily.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure ten new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's tuition at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 toward the student's expenses for the year.

This offer gives every school and college in the State to every aspirant boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need look when such ample provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

A BOOK OF THE DOG.

We have received from the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. Third St., Philadelphia, Pa., a copy of their Dog Buyers' Guide. It contains a finely executed colored frontispiece, well drawn engravings of nearly every breed of dog, and all kinds of dog furnishing goods. We should judge that the book has cost a great deal more to produce than the price asked—15 cents—and we would advise all of our readers, who are interested in dogs to send for the book.

It Dazzles The World

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. In severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists, who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Montevallo.

Friday night the closing services of the revival meeting which has been going on here in the Baptist church for two weeks past under the leadership of Rev. John Hass Shelton came very near being marred by a terrible accident. A large lamp in the center of the church exploded, endangering for the time being the lives of those present and the building. The crowd stampeded, many rushing for the doors and windows. The most seriously hurt person was Miss Ophelia King, who fell out of one of the windows and is suffering from concussion of the brain. Her face was badly cut as the upper lip was cut through. She revived under stimulants after having the wounds sewed up by a surgeon.

Miss Whit Prestridge sustained a wrenched back and sprained ankle. Henry Latham, Jr., also received a severe injury to the foot. Several others were more or less injured.

The Toy Dog.

A copy of Mr. John E. Dishler's latest book on the Toy Dog has just been contributed to us for criticism. We can speak of the little volume only in terms of the highest praise. The author who was recognized for years as an authority on Domestic Pets of all kinds, has evidently put his best efforts on this last production, so that this becomes almost invaluable to all who admire, or intend to provide themselves with a Toy Dog. The book has been published by the Associated Fanciers, 400 North Third St., Philadelphia, Pa., who offer to mail to any address on receipt of 25 cts., preferably in Postage Stamps.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Sent by mail for 75c in stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (Do you want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

Where the whole country is suffering, and so there is no especial kick due from this section, as it is for—that is during the night while our nights are pleasant and cool. In this respect we are fortunate and it proves Clanton to be an ideal summer resort. If we had a big, unscrupulous hotel I have no doubt but that Clanton would be crowded with visitors all during the summer. As it is, visitors are not come here because of lack of accommodation. Our boarding houses are good, but their capacity is limited. There is a good opening for A1 hotel.

In spite of the hot dry weather, I am rejoiced to learn from all sections in Chilton county that crops are looking fine, and a good yield is anticipated. Corn and cotton, especially, are said to be in excellent condition since the drouth was broken, and as we are now having an occasional shower there is every reason to hope for a good yield.

About two years ago the county sold their property, known as the Poor Farm, about thirteen miles from Clanton, for $800, arrangements being made with the purchaser to run the poor house until a new farm was secured. This week Judge Adams has bought 80 acres of land, five miles from Clanton, on Yellowleaf creek, with good house, etc., for $460, which saves the county with $340 on hand from the sale of the old property. This amount and the $700 realized from the sale of the lot in Clanton will be sufficient to thoroughly equip the poor house and farm, and will be of great advantage both to the county and the inmates. Being so easy of access to the county seat, the property will be more under the supervision of the county officers. It was a good stroke of business for the county, and the Judge deserves credit for it.

[illegible] Northington's store, in this county, was burglarized Monday, and [illegible] M. A. C. Smith [illegible] was a fair value. [illegible] was mostly [illegible] good indications [illegible] have faith in [illegible] Clanton. The two fires we have had this year has some good to [illegible], but development [illegible] vacant lot can be bought at a good fair price.

[illegible] has at last got [illegible] about eight years [illegible] Bowie was working on the [illegible] county, when in [illegible] hand car he was [illegible] for life in [illegible] brought against the company by Bowie won it and was awarded damages. The company appealed the case was again tried, again Bowie won. Another appeal was taken, and a third time a jury decided that he was entitled to $5000 damages. The company made one more attempt to have the case tried again, but the Supreme Court sustained the decision of the lower court and refused the application, and Bowie has got the cash. We hope he will safely invest the amount, and secure for himself a comfortable income for the balance of his days.

[illegible] is not a busier town of its size anywhere in the State of Alabama than Clanton. In all directions the sound of the hammer and saw is to be heard, and the musical clink of the mason's trowel adds to the harmony. Will Sartor's new store is roof high. Pinckard's addition is nearly complete. Mrs. Phillips has taken possession of her new premises and makes a pretty show of millinery. Kanter has moved into his new store which makes a very attractive appearance; C. L. Stewart's fittings are nearly finished, and the painters are working there and on Robinson's place. Mrs. Johnson has moved her dwelling house out of the block. The old store house vacated by W. Kanter is being converted into two storehouses, one side to be occupied by Judson Strock with books and stationery, and the other by J. E. Evans with general merchandise. We are all busy, you bet.

It is probable that the next few weeks will see several more new brick buildings started. Tipton Mullins will soon commence a two or three story brick building. Dick Edwards intends to build a one-story brick storehouse, and the Headley lot on the corner is being figured on for a two-story brick. T. A. Curry proposes to erect an office building opposite the court house, and A. C. Smith a two-story store house on the lot adjoining. On the lot bought from the county this week, A. C. Smith is considering the erection of three one-story store houses. Between W. L. Mullins and Wilson & Bro., the lot has been secured by the People's Savings Bank for the erection of the two-story bank building. Last, but by no means least, it is greatly to be hoped that the L. & N. will speedily rebuild the depot.

A greater feeling of security is experienced by the people of Clanton since Lee Hayes has been appointed night policeman. Vague and indefinite rumors were afloat as to what might happen. Whether there was any truth in them or not, one thing is certain, and that is a night policeman was a necessity. When Lee was sheriff, they say he kept the town in apple-pie order, and was a terror to evil-doers. If the improvement at night during the last week only continues I think everyone in town will congratulate the Mayor and Council on this appointment.

The Southern Normal Musical Institute commenced a session last Monday, with an enrolment of forty-five students which has since increased to sixty. Prof. Showalter and his accomplished daughter are thorough teachers whose hearts are in their work, and the session will undoubtedly prove a success in every way. As I listened to the melody last night I thought of Lorenzo in the "Merchant of Venice."

Here will we sit and let the sounds of music
Creep in our ears; soft stillness and the night
Become the touches of sweet harmony.

Office of D. H. HARDY, Sec. of State, AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 21, 1901.

I have found Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA a splendid remedy and aid for my teething children. When my oldest boy was a teething child, every succeeding day warned us that we would inevitably lose him. I happened upon TEETHINA, and began at once administering it to him, and his improvement was marked in 24 hours, and from that day on he recuperated. I have constantly kept it and used it since with my children, and have taken great pleasure in sounding its praises to all mothers of young children. I found it invaluable even after the teething period was passed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

East Chilton

Yes, farmers are wearing a smile this week; we are having plenty of rain and crops were not so badly damaged as we though.

Rev. M. J. Parrish filled his regular appointment at Corinth Saturday and Sunday.

J. A. Jones visited relatives in Prattville last week.

Mr. J. Long and sister, Miss Maggie, were pleasant visitors among friends here Sunday.

Messrs. J. N. and W. A. Goss visited Concord Saturday and Sunday.

Jack Bullard and family of Wadsworth's visited relatives here Sunday.

Prof. J. N. Goss went to Clanton Saturday to purchase some school books for his patrons.

Rev. Sample is running a "sanctification meeting" at Shady Grove this week. A member of our young people attended service at Canaan Sunday evening. SUDON.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Burwell.

Mr. D. Roy and wife of Mt. Creek spent Saturday and Sunday with friends and relatives here.

The latest weather extreme is the announcement that hens are laying hard boiled eggs in some places; here they lay addled eggs. We have had some good rains which have brought out the crops very much. YOU KNOW.

Verbena.

Miss Mabel Cook, one of the capital city's fairest young ladies is visiting relatives here.

Miss Alabama Dudley of Pleasant Hill is the charming guest of friends in our city.

Mrs. Alfred Bethea and daughter Miss Mamie of Montgomery will spend the heated term in Verbena.

Mr. Emmett Jones and lovely bride of Birmingham have been visiting Mr. William Gayle's family.

Mr. and Mrs. Blocker Williamson of Birmingham are the guests of relatives here.

Messrs. M. A. Baldwin and Frederick McKinney of Montgomery have been visiting Dr. B. J. Baldwin's family.

Miss Dollie Northington has returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Montgomery.

Miss Gertrude West a lovely young lady of Montgomery is visiting relatives at the Clifton House.

Mr. F. A. Gulledge has returned from a visit to Birmingham.

Mr. Jim Hester of Nashville has been visiting relatives in Verbena.

Mr. W. F. Claughton of Montgomery has been shaking hands with his many friends here. We are always glad to see him.

Mr. Sidney L. Gipson, has gone to Montgomery to attend the funeral of his cousin, Lanier Durr. Lanier was a good little boy and Mrs. Durr has the sympathy of her many friends here in her great loss.

Mr. G. W. Hicks and family of Columbus Ga., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Carl Shepard of Georgia is visiting friends in our city.

The crops are good in this section. Some of them are very fine and the farmers seem to be contented with their prospects.

Messrs. Charles Gulledge, Sid L. Gipson and H. S. Northington attended a party recently at Wadsworth, given by Miss Mary Wadsworth in honor of Miss Wilkerson of Prattville. They report of having a delightful time.

Misses Pearl and Annie Still of Eclectic, are visiting Miss Gertrude Prescott.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, THORSBY, ALA.

TAX NOTICE.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, Town of Clanton.

Notice is hereby given that the Tax Assessment Book of the Town of Clanton for the year 1901, showing the taxes as assessed by the Town of Clanton for the year 1901, has been filed in the office of the Mayor of the Town of Clanton, where the same is open and subject to examination by any person interested therein.

And notice is hereby given that Tuesday, the 6th day of August, 1901, has been fixed as the day when the Mayor and Council of Clanton will meet at the Court House in Clanton, at 10 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of examining said Tax Assessment Book and hearing and determining any objections thereto.

Objections to Tax Assessments will under no circumstances be heard or entertained unless made at the above stated place and time.

Witness, this 23d day of July, 1901.

J. P. VAN DERVEER, Mayor.

Maplesville.

Though our visiting capitalists were much pleased with us in many respects they decided to buy out Riderville and "we've missed the mill." We are reminded in this case of the "fox and sour grapes," we can now hold on to beautiful timbers and our world-famed health.

Our friends, Miss Eva McCary and her daughter, Miss Ella Dudley, of Birmingham, are guests of Mrs. N. A. Goodwin, as has Mrs. Fletcher McCary and children of the same place.

Miss Sallie Walker, of Lily, has been visiting friends here.

Mrs. Waterworth's friends are glad to have her with them again.

Mrs. Claughton has returned home in improved health.

Mrs. Eva Bowline has had a very pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. Lawrence, at Okmulgee.

Miss Fuller and Mr. Moses Damsky, of Riderville, have lately visited Miss Alice Damsky here.

Mrs. Mary Campbell, of Clanton, has visited her sister, Mrs. N. A. Goodwin.

Many of our young element enjoyed the Cox chapel singing and a most generous and delightful dinner.

Mrs. Mary Rasberry and Mrs. Dave Garner, of Mulberry, are visiting Mrs. Blalock.

Mrs. Saporta's friends are glad of her return home from her sister, Mrs. Matthews, near Montgomery.

We regret to state that Mrs. Frank Dullose is quite ill. With the exception of colds we are holding our usual health record. Generous showers have broken the protracted drouth, and our good farmer friends whose spirits are often mercurial are up now. Almost everyone observed our touch of simoon the 12th. Your correspondent brought to mind the juvenile pictures of big trousered Turks and camels rooting in the sand until it had blown over. Had ours been so hot as our pictured ones death would have ensued since it blew about eight hours and would have smothered, it was only uncomfortable here but we read many died in heated cities. SUBSCRIBER.

A Poor Millionaire

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early used of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Clanton drug co.

The joke you have played on the other fellow is a mean trick when it is played on you.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

If your bicycle becomes frightened and relieves itself of your avoirdupois, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic immediately—not to the bicycle—but to that part of your anatomy most feelingly affected by the law of gravitation. You'll be delighted with the result of the application. Keep a bottle in your "kit" for personal repairs. Only 50 cts. at drug stores.

Riderville.

Mr. Frank Welch died Monday at 11 o'clock after a long illness. He was one of the pioneer lumbermen of this section and accumulated a large fortune. He has been in failing health for a number of years, however, and his death was looked upon as only a question of time by his family and friends. Peace be with him.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

DOWAS' FIRE SALE

—ON—

SNUFF AND TOBACCO

FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps. Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF

Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT. R. R. FARE PAID. 200 FREE. Scholarships offered. Write quick to

GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season. I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,

DENTIST.

OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.

Office over Wright's Store — CLANTON

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SPECIALIST

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.

Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.

Telephone 494—2 Calls.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office at Clanton Drug Store — CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address

CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address

FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

GOING TO SCHOOL?

The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901. Board $8.00 per month. Send for catalogue.

H. J. WILLINGHAM, President.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.

SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

GENERAL AGENT: WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.

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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

WANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Now who will dare say that Chicago has no eyes for the beautiful. She is going to spend $25,000,000 to improve the looks of her lake front.

Question is raised as to the permanency of American humor. Why, when the jokes of mother-in-law and the boarding-house are enduring, world without end?

The recent Spanish election was attended by riots and murders. Considering how little an election in Spain really amounts to, it seems unreasonable to have so much difficulty over it.

At a recent apartment-house fire in New York City, a new life net, circular in form, 24 feet in diameter, held by six firemen, proved a valuable life-saving agent. Three persons jumped into the net from the sixth story of the building and 17 from the third story and all were saved uninjured. The appliance has a metal rim, to which the net is attached by springs.

Austria is planning a system of canals for internal transport as complete as that which is being developed in Germany. The plan calls for a continuous waterway from the North and Baltic seas to the Adriatic and the Black sea, to cost 750,000,000 crowns. It is proposed to begin work in 1904 and it will take 20 years to complete the system. The object of these canals is to increase the importance of Budapest and Fiume as centres of international traffic.

While in England no income tax is levied on incomes of less than $800, in Prussia, on the other hand, the limit of exemption is drawn at incomes of less than $225. Yet even with this only 8.46 percent of the population of Prussia are income taxpayers, over 91 percent having to live on less than $225 per annum. Again, the property of over $1500 capital value shows that only 14,000 individuals out of a total population of 32,000,000 possess property of over $175,000 value.

A new plan having for its object the distribution of young trees throughout the country will be put into practical operation next year by the secretary of agriculture. An investigation has been made to discover the varieties which will thrive best in the various localities, and the distribution will be made in a manner somewhat similar to that employed in the seed distribution authorized by Congress. Special attention will be given to trees of the nut-bearing, shade, and lawn variety, and oaks. Ash and lindens will also constitute a prominent portion of the distribution. The secretary believes that the idea will prove popular.

The death of "Gentleman Joe," tramp, musician, poet—some of whose verse had the note of genuine inspiration—and that of Skoog, the expert counterfeiter, who was of good family and posessed fine talents, are sad in that their perversion to evil seemed wholly uncontrollable. With such examples of life's failures the effort now being made by the school authorities to deal intelligently with abnormal children—the apparently incorrigibles, as well as the dull and deficient—seem worthy of encouragment. The mental twist if discovered in early youth might be treated like a bodily ill till health of mind may perhaps be finally restored. It is an experiment well worth trying, thinks the New York Herald.

At the present rate of the manufacture of spools and other articles of women's use, the immense white birch forests of Maine cannot last many years. Although the birch forests are extensive, the fact that 17 spool mills and a large number of so-called novelty mills are eating up the timber at a rate of from 35,000,000 to 40,000,000 feet annually excites the apprehension of foresters and manufacturers. The spool mills use about 30 cords of birch annually, turning out 800,000,000. Each spool is large enough to carry 200 yards of thread. The amount of thread that could be wound upon these spools would reach 3600 times around the equator and leave a little for mending. About as much spool wood is sent to Europe every year as is manufactured into spools in Maine. Last year Maine exported about 15,000,000 feet of spool bars, chiefly to Scotland, and of this quantity about one-half was shipped to Bangor. Several million feet of spool bars are also shipped to other parts of the United States where there are spool mills, notably those of Rhode Island.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Forty-Sixth Day.

Legislative Article Considered—Clerks Released—State Elections Every Four Years.

There were 120 delegates present this morning and 125 in the afternoon.

President Knox reported from the rules committee a resolution to take up the suffrage clause on Tuesday, July 23, and the same was adopted. Mr. Samford introduced a resolution to instruct the general assembly to reduce the tag tax on fertilizers to not exceeding 10 cents a ton.

Considerable time was spent in an effort to reconsider the inspection of banks by state officials but it failed.

The report of the committee on legislative department then came up and three sections were adopted. They provide for a state senate and a house of representatives, change the style "general assembly" to "legislature," define the wording of laws, place the date of state elections on same day as federal elections and fix the terms of senators and representatives at four years and the session of the legislature every four years.

All but five clerks of committees were dispensed with.

In the afternoon the preamble and declaration of rights was read the third time and adopted by 116 to 2.

Sections 4 and 5 of the legislative article were adopted. They provide the ages of members of the legislature.

Forty-Seventh Day.

Judiciary System Outlined—A Few Changes—35 Senators and 105 Representatives.

One hundred and eighteen and 114 were the attendance at today's sessions of the constitutional convention.

An effort was made to reconsider the vote by which it was decided to hold quadrennial sessions of the legislature, but it failed. The committee on judiciary submitted its report. No radical change in the present system is recommended, but it is made more elastic. The legislature is authorized to create an intermediate appellate court, and to consolidate law and equity in the same court. The limitation on the number of judicial circuits is removed and the jurisdiction of justices of the peace is changed. The governor may fill temporary vacancies in the judgeships and the term of the supreme court judges is left at six years: solicitors to be elected by the people, and the general assembly may abolish courts of chancery.

Minority reports were filed to certain sections. The free pass matter also provoked much discussion. The number of senators was fixed at 35 and of representatives at 105.

Forty-Eighth Day.

Mr. Watts Speaks Against Negro Office Holding—A New County Proposed—Twelve Sections Adopted.

The attendance today was 106 and 85.

Mr. Cornwell introduced an ordinance to create a new county, Houston, out of Jefferson, with Bessemer as the county seat, area 435 square miles.

Mr. Davis suggested that after July 20th the convention meet at Bellview Hotel near Chattanooga.

Mr. Howell introduced a resolution to give thanks to the divine power for the rain which has blessed the country. The resolution was adopted.

A new measure introduced provides that the legislature may impose an inheritance tax of 2½ per cent on every $100 of property inherited or conveyed to persons other than parents, brothers and sisters and children.

The convention then took up the article on legislation and adopted 12 more sections. Section 17 created some discussion and called a speech from Mr. Watts. He offered an amendment providing that no negro shall hold office in the state. Decision on the amendment was deferred. The afternoon session was devoted strictly to business. Congressman Bankhead was tendered the courtesy of the convention floor. Adjourned while discussing section 29.

Forty-Ninth Day.

Convention Session Extended Indefinitely—Delegates' Pay Continues, Too—More Sections Adopted.

Roll call today was answered by 110 delegates this morning and 109 in the evening.

The convention reconsidered and rejected section 27 of the legislative article, and provided that the legislature could not appropriate more money in any year than the estimated income of the state—this estimate to be furnished by the governor and auditor. The articles on local legislation, banks and banking and state and county boundaries were read for the third time and adopted.

By a vote of 108 to 13 the convention extended its own time indefinitely. Messrs. Beddow, Lowe, O'Neill, White, Burns, Cobb, Cofer, Fosher, Jones, Kirk, Kirkland, Robinson and Spragins, voting that the delegates work without pay after the fiftieth day. Sections 27, and 30 to 37 of the legislative article were adopted.

Fiftieth Day.

Ex-Gov. Jones Causes Sensation—Drew A Knife—A Love-feast Follows—Militia Committee Report.

What might have been the final day of the convention session was attended by 94 delegates. A few new measures were introduced. Judge Robinson offered a resolution that the convention stand adjourned at 6 o'clock today. This resolution was voted down by a large majority. Mr. Burns offered a resolution that the convention's expenses were more than necessary. Judge Coleman offered an ordinance to prohibit railroads from granting or selling passes to legislators or state officials at lower rate than to the public, and making it a misdemeanor to accept such a pass. Judges were required to give this ordinance in charge to the grand jury. Mr. Freeman offered an ordinance that no corporation attorney be eligible to the legislature.

The committee on militia reported an article whose only change from the present one is to restrict the militia to white male citizens between 18 and 45 years and giving the legislature authority to organize naval militia.

The committee on journal reported it correct and ex-Governor Jones moved that parts of it be stricken out. A parliamentary wrangle ensued and finally the president ordered the sergeant-at-arms to remove ex-Governor Jones from the floor. Gov. Jones drew his knife and said: "If the sergeant-at-arms or anybody else tries to make me take my seat, when as a member of this convention I have a right to take an appeal, why he only does it over my dead body." A little later the gentleman explained.

The convention resumed the legislative article discussion and five more sections were adopted.

Adjourned until Monday, July 29.

Fifty-first Day.

A Dry Session—But Twenty-two Sections of the Legislative Article Were Adopted.

Only 80 delegates were present this morning and eight more in the afternoon.

The article on the legislative was resumed and sections 42 to 64, except section 60, were adopted. Section 60 was stricken out. It referred to county seats and the matter is covered in another article.

Gen Chaffee has issued a circular, in which he explicitly defines the status and duties of army officers with respect to their relations with the provincial and other civil governments. It is expected this circular will settle minor misunderstandings between the two departments and prevent possible conflicts of authority.

A British officer home from South Africa declares it an utter impossibility to catch Generals Botha and Dewet because the British officers are Free Masons. He says the Boers may surrender, but the leaders will never be caught while Kitchener and other Masons lead the British.

IN consequence of the Boer raids into Natal and the support given the raiders by republicans, Great Britain has ordered all white men to evacuate all farms between the Tugela and Sundays rivers.

A PLOW in Albemarle county Va., unearthed the other day a mussel shell, on the inner side of which, covered with pearl, were eleven small metal images of Buddha.

FLORIDA has leased to the government for forty years her quarantine stations which will be operated by the marine hospital service.

CARLISLE D. Graham has made his fifth successful trip through the Niagara whirlpool rapids in his barrel.

A DISPATCH says Mrs. Paul Kruger died Saturday in Pretoria.

A marked and extensive revival of interest in croquet has taken place in Great Britain, and it will probably extend to the United States. Popular fancies for various kinds of sport often show odd reversals and caprices, but croquet has merits which should prevent its falling into disfavor.

The movement to inculcate in children ideas of kindness toward animals has reached South Dakota. The State has now passed a law enjoining the teaching of such principles in the schools, and forbidding experiments upon live animals.

People give more time to recreation than they did years ago, and the world is the better for it. Occasional outings, railroad journeys, visits to interesting points, both at home and abroad, have greatly swollen the tide of travel.

IN AND AROUND ALABAMA

THE NOTED CAPT. JASPER JONES PLACE BURNED.

COL. B. F. SAWYER DIES IN ATLANTA

Alabama's Revenue Business—The Oil Fever Continues to Spread—Ben de Lemos Goes to Prison—A Pair of Shooting Scrapes.

COL. SAWYER DEAD.

Col. B. F. Sawyer, journalist, inventor and distinguished veteran, died in Atlanta July 19, at the age of 63. Colonel Sawyer was colonel of the Twenty-fourth Alabama in the war between the states. He was the inventor of the square-bottomed paper bag, of a type setting machine and claimed the invention of a printing press now in general use by large newspapers. He was the editor at different times of two papers in Rome, Ga., and of the Atlanta Commonwealth, which ceased publication many years ago. Colonel Sawyer resided at Oxford, Ala., for a number of years and took a prominent part in the discussion of public questions, contributing articles on public issues to the leading papers of the state. It was at Anniston that he invented the typesetting machine which is now manufactured in Washington. He removed to Atlanta about eight or nine years ago. He was buried at Oxford.

FOLLOWED BY FATE.

The large two-story house built by Capt. Jasper Jones at Scottsboro, back in the seventies was burned to the ground Tuesday. The property was owned by Wiley Whitfield and was one the best built houses in the county. At the time it was built Capt. Jasper Jones was register in chancery of Jackson county. It was to this pretty home that he expected to take his young wife when he was murdered in the very home he had built and looked forward to with pleasure to living in. A carpenter in his employ by the name of Franks fell out about a settlement and shot and killed him instantly. Franks made his escape into the mountains but was subsequently captured near Winchester, Tenn. He was tried, and after dragging through the courts for a number of years he was acquitted. Fire closes the last silent witness of the Jones tragedy.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

It is estimated that the internal revenue receipts of Alabama for the present month, the first of the new fiscal year, will be $80,000. This would show a falling off of but $5,000, despite the cutting down in revenues which took place July 1.

The falling off in the sale of revenue stamps for July will probably amount to $10,000, but in other respects increases of about $5,000 will be shown, making the total decrease only about $5,000.

The indications are, judging from the receipts up to date, that there will be a falling off in stamp sales amounting to about $100,000 for the year, but receipts from other sources, which show a steady increase, will go a long ...ys toward overcoming this.

THEY'RE AFTER OIL.

Another oil company has been organized at Huntsville, in addition to the several already in existence in that place. The latest one is known as the Madison Oil Company, and the authorized capital is said to be $250,000.

GOT A LIFE SENTENCE.

The trial of Oscar Mann at Mobile, charged with the murder of Claude Norden, has come to an end, the jury returning the verdict of guilty, and fixing the punishment at life imprisonment. The trial occupied four days and aroused a great deal of interest. The defendant's mother and brothers were with him throughout the trial, and were visibly affected when they saw that all hope of an acquittal was gone. The mother of the condemned man was almost prostrate with grief when the verdict was read. The prisoner, however, appeared indifferent.

CAUGHT IN DEMOPOLIS.

Word is received by the sheriff of Jefferson county from H. A. Monnier, city marshal of Demopolis, stating that John Hall, alias Shack Hall, alias Shack Ward, had been arrested by him. The man of aliases is wanted by the authorities of Bessemer on a charge of murder. He is charged with having killed a negro at the latter place.

FROM STATE HOUSE TO PRISON

Hon. Ben de Lemos, a former representative from Lowndes county, has been sentenced to the United States penitentiary at Columbus, O., for five years for pension forgery. His life has been a very checkered one. At one time he was a tramp and as such arrived at Montgomery. He had no place to sleep and crept into the state house. The cushion of the speaker's chair was tempting and he curled up and slept there all night. As a remarkable sequence of that night, de Lemos had been elected to the legislature of Alabama, and was entitled to a seat in the chair in which he had slept.

FATAL SHOOTING AT ATHENS.

Sunday afternoon, July 14, near Athens, Frank Jenkins was shot and mortally wounded by Walter Wigginton. Jenkins had terrorized the community for some time and recently was charged with slander and, had but recently been liberated under a heavy bond, and had threatened to kill every witness against him. Three men surrounded Wigginton and demanded a retraction. He refused to make it and shot, killing Jenkins and wounding another of the trio. No one appeared against Wiggington at his preliminary trial and he was released.

LAUDERDALE'S FAIR.

The Lauderdale Fair Association has announced dates for September 25-28 in order to get in the racing circuit with Columbia, Jackson, Murfresboro, Tenn., and other Kentucky towns. The management will hang up $1,000 in cash prizes and the horsemen who are in the circuit guarantee a string of thirty-five race horses. The management promise first-class racing and other attractions, and will make an effort to surpass other years in the success and attendance of the fair.

CAUGHT A MOONSHINER.

Dock Rogers, a noted moonshiner, was captured by Marshal Arnold near Section, on Sand Mountain, early in the week. He broke jail several weeks ago, where he was confined, under indictment for making wildcat whisky, and a reward was offered for him. Rogers makes his boast that no jail can hold him. He has made his escape three times.

A PECULIAR FATALITY.

Dallas A. Jones, a planter of Lauderdale county, while crossing the Tennessee river on a mule a few days ago, met with what later proved a fatal accident. He was holding an umbrella over his head, when the mule shied and threw him into the shallow water. A rib of the umbrella was driven into his eye and several inches into his head.

IN SELF DEFENSE.

Lee McGimpsey, white, shot and killed a man named Rakatz in Birmingham Monday. It is stated that McGimpsey was being approached by his adversary with a pistol and that McGimpsey shot first.

CONCENTRATED.

The Gadsden plant of the Centra Foundry Co., will be moved to Bessemer and added to the plant there. The combination will give employment to 300 men.

General Davis has been ordered to the command of the American troops on the Island of Mindanao. General Kobbe, formerly commander of this district, will return to the United States.

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

J. T. Cochrane, president of the Carrollton Short Line, is engaged in promoting an extension of his railway to the Tombigbee. The extension will be about 16 miles, and will pass through some of Alabama's finest lands. Several Chicago capitalists are interested.

CLAUDE McBride and Will Howard, two white men of Girard, Russell county, engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with knives Wednesday afternoon, in a saloon. McBride was severely cut. The men refuse to give any reason for the trouble.

COLONEL A. A. Wiley, of Montgomery, has been notified that his son, Captain Noble Wiley, has been designated for examination before the United States Army Board at Fortress Monroe, Va., with a view to being appointed to a lieutenancy in the regular army. Captain Wiley is commander of the M...gomery Mounted Rifles.

THE Bank of Ensley has increased its stock from $50,000 to $100,000.

WASHINGTON COMME...

AGJINALDO IS CHAFING ... CONFINEMENT.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY ...

Commissioner Rockhill ... China—Admiral Schley ... History—Moro Castle ... fied—Allen Comes Home.

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"The diplomatic corps at ... considering the Russian proposal ... the eventual increase ... (maritime customs). A ... the problem is hoped for. The ... demnity fixed at 450,000,000 ... 4 per cent interest has been ... accepted, and Japan has waived ... ential treatment. The formal ... der of Pekin to the Chinese ... ties is expected to take place ... gust 14, the anniversary of the ... of the legationers by the international ... forces. The Russian proposal ... derstood to be an increase from ... 10 per cent of the customs ... which the Chinese government ... collect from imports of foreign ... tries."

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A company which operates ... tric cabs in Paris, France, ... drawn them from service, ... perience having demonstrated ... that the cost of operating ... about double the receipts.

UNIVERSITY OF AL...

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ROBERT T. HARDEE, ... Calhoun ...

...ILL ARP'S LETTER

...losopher of Bartow Writes Interestingly Anent Mythology.

...AL LESSONS FROM ANCIENT TALES

...es Into Old Traditions of Past Ages and Draws Some Interesting Conclusions Therefrom.

...all ages mankind has felt the need ... a God. There is a feeling of helplessness in our nature and if man can't ... a God he will make one. It is ... how strangely similar are all the ...then mythologies to the Bible ... St. John says "And there was ... in heaven and Michael and his ... fought against the dragon and his ... and hurled them down. That ... dragon, which is the devil, was ... down unto the earth. Just so ... Grecian and Roman and Scandinavian ... mythology there was war in ... heaven and the good deities ... and the evil were cast out but ... destroyed. Jupiter had war with ... Titans and dethroned them. Odin, ... Woden, as he was called, had war ... Loki and dethroned him and gave ... Hela, or Hell, for his kingdom. ... Scandinavians had a serpent to ... in the dawn of their creation. ... that serpent was ever gnawing at ... roots of the tree of life—a tree ... grew by a spring and was kept in ... perpetual bloom by the water of the ... This spring was at one end ... the rainbow and the home of Woden ... and the gods was at the other end. ... as often as the rainbow appeared ... and his retinue made use of it ... a beautiful bridge over which they ... to the spring to drink and renew ... their youth and hold their high ... and all in judgment upon offenders. Just so our religion tells us of ... tree of life and the water of life ... the leaves of the tree which are ... the healing of the nations.

This Scandinavian mythology was a ... beautiful and fascinating religion and ... Norsemen, including the Danes and ... Swedes, believed in it as piously as ... believe in our Bible and Christian ... Indeed, it took centuries to overthrow it and plant Christianity there ... For centuries it held sway over all ... Germany and even to this day all ... Christendom uses the names of the ... days of the week that came down from ... the Norsemen, for Wednesday was Woden's ... day and Thursday was Thorsday. ... Thor was Woden's son and was the ... god of the clouds. When he wished ... to make it thunder and shake the rain ... out of the heavens he took two great ... mountains, one in each hand, and clapped them together. Friday was Frygas ... day. Frygas was Woden's wife. Just ... so we got the names of the months ... from Roman mythology and we got the ... constellations in the heavens from ... the Egyptian mythology and it remains ... unchanged to this day. But I wish the ... young people to know and remember ... that in all mythologies their religion ... was founded upon a faith that truth ... and justice and virtue must prevail ... over evil. The good were rewarded ... and the evil were punished, not only in ... this world, but in the world to come. ... The difference is that our religion is ... founded upon love and mercy rather ... than justice and we have but one God ... instead of a hundred.

Now it seems that Jupiter and his brothers, Pluto and Neptune, after ... they had whipped the Titans, proceeded ... at once to divide their great domain. Jupiter was the eldest and ... smartest and so he gave the seas to ... Neptune and hades to Pluto and kept ... heaven for himself. Smart, wasn't he? ... Hades was not hell at that time. The ... spirits of the dead, both good and bad ... mingled together in hades until Pluto ... concluded to separate the unrepentant ... and incurable ones for fear they would ... usurp his kingdom, and so he established ... a hell and called it Tartarus and ... shut up all the hardest cases therein.

Now Pluto married a daughter of ... Ceres and she had a son named Plutus. ... He was the god of wealth and that is ... where the word plutocracy came from. ... Our millionaires belong to it. So it ... seems that the god of money is brother ... in law to the god of hell. Pretty ... close kin and dangerous, but it is so, ... according to scripture, for it says that ... "the love of money is the root of all ... evil," and "it is easier for a camel to ... go through the eye of a needle than for ... a rich man to go to heaven." Now this ... Plutus began to give his riches to the ... good only, but Jupiter didn't like that ... and struck him blind so that he ... couldn't tell one man from another ... and so he gropes his way about slowly ... till he finds a man. Then he gives him ... a pile of money and suddenly opens ... his wings and flies away.

That, too, is symbolic of what scripture says, "Riches take wings and fly away."

The love of money seems to have been accursed in all ages. The wedge of gold not only cursed Achan, but afflicted all Israel. Milton says that ... Mammon was one of heaven's gods—"one of the spirits that fell. His looks ... and thoughts were always downward ... bent, while he admired the golden ... pavements in heaven's streets and ... never looked up to aught divine. Then ... let no one wonder that riches grow ... in hell. It is the soil that best ... nurses the precious bane."

No wonder, then, that Mr. Carnegie ... became alarmed and hurried to disgorge. What a world of care he is now

WASHINGTON COMMENTS

AGJINALDO IS CHAFING UNDER CONFINEMENT.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER

Commissioner Rockhill Reports from China — Admiral Schley in Naval History — Moro Castle to be Fortified — Allen Comes Home.

The United States Civil Commission has announced that after three months' trial of a provincial form of government in the Philippine islands of Cebu and Bohl and the provinces of Batangas, Luzon, control of these districts owing to their incomplete pacification has been returned to the military authorities, it having been found that the communities are backward and underving of civil administration. Secretary Root is quoted as saying: "Civil government is yet an experimental stage in the Philippines. I am the pale that the military power will be frequently called upon to supercede the civil government in portions of the islands for some time to come."

"The diplomatic corps in Pekin is considering the Russian proposals for a commercial increase of the Chinese customs. A solution of the problem is hoped for. The indemnity fixed at 450,000,000 taels with 4 per cent interest has been formally accepted, and Japan has waived preferential treatment. The formal surrender of Pekin to the Chinese authorities is expected to take place on August 14, the anniversary of the relief of the legationers by the international forces. The Russian proposal is understood to be an increase from 5 to 10 per cent of the customs duties which the Chinese government will collect from imports of foreign countries."

Naval circles are excited over the third volume of Maclay's "History of the United States Navy," which is used as a text book in the naval academy. The first two volumes of the history are credited with being accurate, the third volume, however, has been made the vehicle for the presentation of all the stories derogatory to Admiral Schley. Secretary Long has ruled out the third volume till the objectionable language is corrected.

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Aguinaldo is irritated at his continued surveillance by the American authorities. Whenever he signs his name he must add the word "prisoner." He has refused the request of his friends to write the insurgent general Malvar advising him to surrender and signed a copy of his oath with the understanding that it would be forwarded to Malvar with the purpose of influencing his surrender, but he put his signature to this oath he was a "prisoner in Malacan prison."

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A company which operated electric cabs in Paris, France, has withdrawn them from service, a year's experience having demonstrated to them that the cost of operation was about double the receipts.

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ROBERT T. NABERS, Secretary, University, Ala.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

The Philosopher of Bartow Writes Interestingly About Ancient Mythology.

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No wonder, then, that Mr. Carnegie became alarmed and hurried to discharge. What a world of care he is now going through in distributing his wealth. He receives thousands of pleading letters, I know, for many have been sent to me to be forwarded to him—many piteous appeals for a little charity. Of course, I forward them and that is the last of it. They are perhaps read by proxy and then destroyed. Dr. Samuel Johnston wrote truly when he said, "Riches fortify a man against but one of the ills of life and that is poverty." Cresus had no monument. I know of one that was erected to a very rich bad man—an old bachelor—and his executor, a man of unflinching integrity, had chiseled in the marble these words: "He began the world a poor boy and died a citizen of large estate. This is his best eulogy."

He might as well have never lived and doubtless would be better off now. How many of the rich deserve a similar eulogy on their tombstones. Old Agur's prayer was a safe one—"Give me neither poverty nor riches." These great accumulations impoverish somebody. They generally come from the sweat and toil of the poor. Carnegie, The New York Herald says, was worth not less than $500,000,000, and no doubt is the richest man living or that ever lived. According to human laws and human morals, his wealth war honestly earned, more honestly than that of most millionaires, but in the sight of heaven he wronged his fellow men. No good. Christian man can ever become a millionaire except by inheritance. He can't earn it, and comply with the scripture, which says, "Do justly, love mercy and obey the Lord thy God."

But the poets and preachers and philosophers have from time immemorial written and spoken enough on this subject to encourage the liberal and alarm the greedy, and yet most all of our rich men are struggling for more. The Peabodys and Peter Coopers are rare exceptions in philanthropy.

Yesterday I received from a friend a late copy of The New York Sun, in which a whole page was devoted to a review of "Maclay's History of the United States Navy," which has just been published in three volumes by the Appletons. I read with deep interest all about the destruction of the Maine and the fight at Santiago, when suddenly I came to a merciless, scathing criticism of Commodore Schley, which made me not and fatigued my indignation. I had thought that whole controversy was settled and partially harmonized, but this will cause it to break out afresh, for The Sun lavishly indorses all that Maclay writes. He tells what Admiral Philip told him about Schley's disgraceful conduct (Philip is dead now), and that he actually turned tail and ran away from the fight, and that his contribution to naval strategy throughout the campaign was "Avoid your enemy as long as possible, and if he makes for you, run!" Hobson is not mentioned in this review. Who is this Maclay, anyhow? But today I am comforted, for I have been eagerly perusing Dr. Curry's last and best book, "The Civil History of the Confederate States," published by B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond. It is a small book; a calm, considerate review of the past and full of his personal reminiscences—his contact and communion with our noble men—Davis, Toombs, Stephens, Ben Hill, Howell Cobb, Longstreet, Judah Benjamin and others. It is almost an autobiography. It does not seem to be a schoolbook, but I wish that every young man in the land would read it. It would take but a few hours and establish him in the faith—the true faith—the faith of our fathers. Dr. Curry is now almost alone. All his contemporaries who figured in the scenes he has narrated are dead. All but one—Judge Cabell still lives. How fortunate we are that the good doctor lived to write this book, for what he writes is respected at home and abroad. He has long moved in an atmosphere far above envy or malice or distraction. Long may he yet live.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

In his address as retiring President of the Iowa Academy of Sciences, published in Science, Professor W. H. Norton gives a timely and interesting resume of the various social services rendered by science. Near the end of the address occurs the following passage: "Thus has science been an accelerating force in the evolution of society. Increasing food supply by means of scientific agriculture, lengthening life by the repression of diseases, and introducing a thousand new means of livelihood, it has made possible the extraordinary recent growth of civilized nations. It permits the population of Europe to more than double since 1800, and enables England, which in the seventeenth century men thought too small for its scanty population, to support more than 38,000,000 people in comparative comfort. It lends some encouragement to the sanguine prophecy of Albert Bushnell Hart that the Mississippi Valley will sooner or later contain a population of 350,000,000."

Childhood is a strange marvel, of shallow deeps and deepest shallows. It is likely to contradict itself. Only time tells. Modern parents may find lessons for their own profit in the embittered youth of Hume and of Byron, the tragedy of sensitiveness in Chatterton's early trials and in the loveless years that have molded the thoughts of many of England's later thinkers to gloom.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Posterity pays every man his honor.—Ben Jonson.

Conscience warns us as a friend before it punishes as a judge.—Stanislaus.

To have what we want is riches, but to be able to do without is power.—G. MacDonald.

We promise according to our hopes, but perform according to our selfishness and our fears.—Rochefoucauld.

To ask what truth is with a double heart, or with no sincere desire to know or follow it, blinds the eyes and hardens the heart.—Quesnel.

Work touches the key of endless activity, opens the infinite, and stands awstruck before the immensity of what there is to do.—Phillips Brooks.

The fact that some succeed should make you hopeful. The fact that some fail should make you cautious. Remember that your compensation is in living as much as in money.—Prof. L. H. Bailey.

There is every reason why we should try more against that easy, half way of doing things; whatsoever our hands find to do, doing it with as little trouble as we can; getting through it, and that is all.—J. Mason Neale.

To put knowledge in the place of ignorance, happiness in the place of misery, justice in the place of wrong, love in the place of hate, harmony in the place of jargon—is not this to create a new world?—Charles G. Ames.

I expect to pass through this world but once. Anything, therefore, that I can find to do, or any kindness I can show to any fellow being, let me do it now—let me not defer nor neglect it, for I shall not pass this way again.—Drummond.

Hold your dull life up to the light, and see how it will be transfigured. Life is not meant to be a path of ease but steep and rugged; and it is only through self-denial, discouragement, discipline and trial that you may attain the higher life.—Light on the Hidden Way.

TELEPHONE EAVESDROPPING.

How a Man Was Caught While Listening to His Neighbors.

It is a common failing of human nature to take too much interest in other people's affairs, and curiosity sometimes extends so far that one person will listen to a conversation between two others when they are all on the same telephone line. The growing use of the telephone in the rural districts opens the way to a new form of eavesdropping. It is difficult to indulge in this practice without detection, however. "The Electrical Review" tells the following story:

A man in Ohio has been made by his neighbors to pay a fine of $25 for eavesdropping over the telephone. Some time ago the farmers of a certain town organized a telephone company and installed their instruments on the party principle, by which arrangement all the bells on the circuit ring when a call is made. After a while the subscribers became aware that some one listened to their telephonic conversations, and they determined to find out who the eavesdropper was. It was, however, entirely by accident that the culprit was discovered. One afternoon a week or two ago two of the farmers were talking over the line, when the unmistakable sound of a transmitter being removed from its hook reached them. Instantly they ceased their conversation, and in the momentary silence that followed both distinctly heard the sharp, clear clime of a clock striking the hour. The clock in question had a chime whose peculiar tone when struck was familiar to both men, who at once knew who the listener was.

A New War on Rag-Time.

It is a well-witnessed phenomenon that in the rarefied atmosphere about Denver, Col., mountains and other large natural objects seem to the unaccustomed eye to be much nearer than they are. Presumably it is such unwonted clearness of vision which has led the American Federation of Music to think it sees the finish of the ragtime melody. For the federation sits at Denver this season, and it is there that the delegates have resolved to do all in their power to suppress "such musical trash."

Now, the veriest layman knows that the "rag" effort in its worst and most prevalent state is indeed a mere tatter of melody. But he also knows, especially if he lives amid clusters of New York pianos, hand-organs and summer garden orchestras, that the fascinating spell of syncopation is fast upon the land, that it shows no signs of abatement and that he talks of a large contract who speaks here of suppression.

Anti-rag-time crusades have been threatened before, but classicists have laid down their weapons on a showing that serious composers have mingled syncopations of accented notes with the scores of grand opera and oratorio. Dr. Dvorak, too, has cast the mantle of an American symphony about the questioned motif, and made it seem that one who attacks rag-time assails a national inspiration.

Nevertheless, let us hve a faint hope even with so far a cry as that from Denver. Our popular tunes may yet come from another than the remnant shelf.—New York World.

A Versatile Clergyman.

In an English town a clergyman has instituted a novel method of raising church funds. In a letter to the churches of the neighborhood he offers to do their spring cleaning with the announcement; "I can beeswax, polish or varnish floors with out one, and my wife is A1 at painting and decorating."

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Folly of Extravagance—Causes of the Great Financial Disturbances Which Take Place Every Few Years—Wasted Wealth.

(Copyright 1898.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows the causes of the great financial disturbances which take place every few years, and arraigns the people who live beyond their means; text, Jeremiah xvii, 11, "As the partridge sitteth on eggs and hatcheth them not, so he that getteth riches and not by right shall leave them in the midst of his days and at his end shall be a fool."

Allusion is here made to a well-known fact in natural history. If a partridge or a quail or a robin brood the eggs of another species, the young will not stay with the one that happened to brood them, but at the first opportunity will assort with their own species. Those of us who have been brought up in the country have seen the dismay of the farmyard hen, having brooded aquatic fowls, when after awhile they tumble into their natural element, the water. So my text suggests that a man may gather under his wings the property of others, but it will after awhile escape; it will leave the man in a sorry predicament and make him feel very silly.

What has caused all the black days of financial disasters for the last sixty years? Some say it is the credit system. Something back of that. Some say it is the spirit of gambling ever and anon becoming epidemic. Something back of that. Some say it is the sudden shrinkage in the value of securities, which even the most honest and intelligent men could not have foreseen. Something back of that. I will give you the primal cause of all these disturbances. It is the extravagance of modern society which impels a man to spend more money than he can honestly make, and he goes into wild speculation in order to get the means for inordinate display, and sometimes the man is to blame and sometimes his wife, and oftenep both. Five thousand dollars income, $10,000, $20,000 income is not enough for a man to keep up the style of living he proposes, and therefore he steers his bark toward the maelstrom. Other men have suddenly snatched up $50,000 or $100,000—why not he? The present income of the man not being large enough, he must move earth and hell to catch up with his neighbors. Others have a country seat—so must he; others have an extravagant caterer—so must he; others have a palatial residence—so must he.

Extravagance is the cause of all the defalcations of the last sixty years, and if you will go through the history of all the great panics and the great financial disturbances no sooner have you found the story than right back of it you will find the story of how many horses the man had, how many carriages the man had, how many residences in the country the man had, how many banquets the man gave—always, and not one exception for the last sixty years, either directly or indirectly extravagance the cause.

Now, for the elegances and the refinements and the decorations of life I cast my vote. While I am considering this subject a basket of flowers is handed in—flowers paradisaical in their beauty—white calla, with a green background of begonia; a cluster of heliotropes nestling in some geraniums; sepal and perianth bearing on them the marks of God's finger. When I see that basket of flowers, they persuade me that God loves beauty and adornment and decoration. God might have made the earth so as to supply the gross demands of sense, but left it without adornment or attraction. Instead of the variegated colors of the seasons, the earth might have worn an unchanging dull brown. The tree might have put forth its fruit without the prophecy of leaf or blossom. Niagara might have come down in gradual descent without thunder and winged spray.

Look out of your window any morning after there has been a dew and see whether God loves jewels. Put a crystal of snow under a microscope and see what God thinks of architecture. God commanded the priest of olden time to have his robe adorned with a wreath of gold and the hem of his garment to be embroidered in pomegranates. The earth sleeps, and God blankets it with the brilliants of the night sky. The world wakes, and God washes it from the burnished laver of the sunrise. So I have not much patience with a man who talks as though decoration and adornment and the elegances of life are a sin when they are divinely recommended. But there is a line to be drawn between adornment and decoration that we can afford and those we cannot afford, and when a man crosses that line he becomes culpable. I cannot tell you what is extravagant for you. You cannot tell me what is extravagant for me. What is right for a queen may be squandering for a duchess. What may be economical for you, a man with larger income, will be wicked waste for me, with smaller income. There is no iron rule on this subject. Every man before God on his knees must judge what is extravagance, and when a man goes into expenditures beyond his means he is extravagant. When a man buys anything he cannot pay for, he is extravagant.

There are families in all our cities who can hardly pay their rent, and who owe all the merchants in the neighborhood and yet have an apparel unfit for their circumstances, and are all the time sailing so near shore that business misfortune or an attack of sickness prepares them for pauperism. You know very well there are thousands of families in our great cities who stay in neighborhoods until they have exhausted all their capacity to get trusted. They stay in the neighborhoods until the druggists will let them have no more medicines, and the butchers will sell them no more meat, and the bakers will sell them no more bread, and the groceryman will sell them no more sugar. Then they find the region unhealthy, and they hire a carman, whom they never pay, to take them to some new quarters, where the merchants, the druggists, the butchers, the bakers and the grocerymen come and give them the best rounds of beef and the best merchandise of all sorts until they find out that the only compensation they are going to get is the acquaintance of the patrons. There are thousands of such thieves in all our big cities. You see, I call them by the right name, for a if a man buys anything he does not mean to pay for he is a thief.

Of course sometimes men are flung of misfortunes, and they cannot pay. I know men who are just as honest in having failed as other men are honest in succeeding. I suppose there is hardly a man who has gone through life but there have been some times when he has been so hurt of misfortune he could not meet his obligations. But all that I put aside. There are a multitude of people who buy that which they never intend to pay for, for which there is no reasonable expectation they will ever be able to pay. Now, if you have become oblivious of honesty and mean to defraud, why not save the merchant as much as you can? Why not go some day to his store and when nobody is looking just shoulder the ham or the spare rib and in modest silence steal away?

That would be less criminal, because in the other way you take not only the man's goods, but you take the time of the merchant and the time of his accountant, and you take the time of the messenger who brought you the goods. Now, if you must steal, steal in a way to do as little damage to the trader as possible.

John Randolph, aroused in the American Senate when a question of national finance was being discussed, and, stretching himself to his full height, in a shrill voice he cried out: "Mr. Chairman, I have discovered the philosopher's stone, which turns everything into gold—pay as you go." Society has got to be reconstructed on this subject or the seasons of defalcation will continue to repeat themselves.

You have no right to ride in a carriage for which you are hopelessly in debt to the wheelwright who furnished the landau and to the horse dealer who provided the blooded span, and to the harness maker who emparadised the gay steeds, and to the liveryman who has provided the stabling, and to the driver who, with rosetted hat, sits on the coach box.

Oh, I am so glad it is not the absolute necessities of life which send people out into dishonesties and fling them into misfortunes. It is almost always the superfluities. God has promised us a house, but not a palace; raiment, but not chinchilla; food, but not canvasback duck. I am yet to see one of these great defalcations which is not connected in some way with extravagance.

While once in awhile a Henry Irving or an Edwin Booth or a Joseph Jefferson thrills a great audience with tragedy, you know as well as I do that the vast majority of the theatres are as debased as debased they can be, as unclean as unclean they can be and as damnable as damnable they can be. Three million dollars—the vast majority of those dollars going in the wrong direction.

Over a hundred millions paid in this country for cigars and tobacco a year! About $2,000,000,000 paid for strong drink in one year in this country! With such extravagance, pernicious extravagance, can there be any permanent prosperity? Business men, cool headed business men, is such a thing a possibility? These extravagances also account, as I have already hinted, for the positive crimes, the forgeries, the absconding of the officers of the banks. The store on the business street swamped by the residence on the fashionable avenue. The father's, the husband's craft capsized by carrying too much domestic sail. That is what springs the leak in the merchant's money till. That is what cracks the pistols of the suicides. That is what tears down the banks. That is what stops insurance companies. That is what halts this nation again and again in its triumphal march of prosperity. In the presence of the American people, so far as I can get their attention, I want to arraign this monster curse of extravagance, and I want you to pelt it with your scorn and hurl at it your anathema.

I know it cuts close. I did not know but some of you in high dudgeon would get up and go out. You stand it well. Some of you make a great swash in life, and after awhile you will die, and ministers will be sent for to come and stand by your coffin and lie about your excellences, but they will not come. If you send for me, I will tell you what my text will be: "He that provideth not for his own, and especially for those in his own household, is worse than an infidel!"

What an apportionment! Twenty thousand dollars for ourselves and one cent for God! Ah, my friends, this extravagance accounts for a great deal of what the cause of God suffers!

And the desecration goes on even to the funeral day. You know very well that there are men who die solvent, but the expenses are so great before they get under ground they are insolvent.

There are families that go into penury in wicked response to the demands of this day. They put in casket and tombstone that which they ought to put in bread. They wanted bread; you gave them a tombstone.

One would think that the last two obligations people would be particular about would be the physician and the undertaker. Because they are the two last obligations, those two professions are almost always cheated. They send for the doctor in great haste, and he must come day and night. They send for the undertaker amid the great solemnities, and often these two men are the very last to be met with compensation. Merchants sell goods, and the goods are not paid for. They take back the goods, I am told. But there is no relief in this case. The man spent all he had in luxury and extravagance while he lived, and then he goes out of the world, and has left nothing for his family, nothing for the obsequies, and as he goes out of the world he steals the doctor's pills and the undertaker's slippers. I was reading in a New York paper an account of the obsequies in a family of very moderate estate, and the aggregate was $3000. A man in New York of moderate estate dies. He has lived in extreme luxury. He departs this life. The family, desirous of keeping up the magnificence, orders the following things. They were produced and never paid for to this day:

Casket, covered with Lyons velvet, silver moldings	$850
Heavy plated handles	60
Solid silver plate, engraved in Roman letters	75
Ten linen scarfs	150
Floral decorations	225
Music and quartet choir at the house	40
Twenty carriages	140
Then fifteen other important expenditures amounting to	336
Making an aggregate of	$1876

And all that to get one poor mortal to his last home and never paid for! Swindled his family. Swindled the world. He is swindling it now. It is one of the great curses of this day, the extravagance, the wicked extravagance, of the country.

And then look how the cause of God is impoverished. Men give so much sometimes for their indulgences they have nothing for the cause of God and religion. Twenty-two million dollars expended in this country a year for religious purposes; but what are the twenty-two millions expended for religion compared with the hundred millions expended on cigars and tobacco and then two thousand millions of dollars spent for rum! So a man who had a fortune of $750,000 or what amounted to that in London spent it all in indulgences, chiefly in gluttonies, and sent hither and yon for all the delicacies and often had a meal that would cost $100 or $200 for himself. Then he was reduced to one guinea, with which he bought a rare bird, had it cooked in best style, ate it, took two hours for digestion, walked out on Westminster bridge, and jumped into the Thames—on a large scale what men are doing on a small scale.

Oh, my friends, let us take our stand against the extravagances of society. Do not pay for things which are frivolous when you may lack the necessities. Do not put one month's wages or salary into a trinket, just one trinket. Keep your credit good by seldom asking for any.

Do not starve a whole year to afford one Belshazzar's carnival. Do not buy a coat of many colors, and then in six months be out at the elbows. Flourish not, as some people I have known, who took apartments at a fashionable hotel and had elegant drawing rooms attached and then vanished in the night, not even leaving their compliments for the landlord.

I tell you, my friends, in the day of God's judgment we shall not only have to give an account for the way we made our money, but for the way we spent it. We have got to leave all the things that surround us now.

Alas, if any of you in the dying hour felt like the dying actress who asked that the casket of jewels be brought to her and then turned them over with her pale hand and said, "Alas, that I have to leave you so soon!" Better in that hour have one treasure of heaven than the bridal trousseau of a Marie Antoinette, or to have been seated with Caligula at a banquet which cost its thousands of dollars, or to have been carried to our last resting place with Senators and princes as pall bearers. They that consecrate their wealth, their time, their all, to God shall be held in everlasting remembrance, while I have the authority of this book for announcing that the name of the wicked shall rot.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JULY 24.

Subject: God Calls Abram. Gen. xii., 1-9.—Golden Text, Gen. xii., 3.—Memory Ve. ses, 1-3.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—Thus far the Bible story has been a history of the entire race, but from this point to the close of Genesis a single family (Abraham's) is brought into prominent notice, and the rest of the tribes of men are referred to only incidentally.

1. "Abram." The name was afterward changed to Abraham, meaning the "father of a multitude." He was born two years after the death of Noah, and about half way between Adam and Christ. "Get thee out." He was tried whether he loved God better than he loved his home and dearest friends, and whether he could willingly leave all to go along with God. This appears to be the second call. For some unknown reason Abram and his company remained at Haran for a number of years instead of going onto Canaan. "Thy father's house." Terah being now dead, it is very probable that the family were determined to go no further, but to settle at Haran, and as Abram might have felt inclined to stop with them in this place, hence the ground and necessity of the second call recorded here. Acts 7: 2-4. "I will shew thee." God does not tell him what it is, that He may still cause him to walk by faith and not by sight. The apostle assures us that in all this Abram had spiritual views (Heb. 11: 8-10); he looked for a better country, and considered the land of promise only as typical of the heavenly inheritance. Abram was called upon to separate himself from all the idolatrous influences of friends and country.

2. "A great nation." There are seven distinct promises in verses 2 and 3. When God called him away from his own people He promised to make him the distinguished head of a great nation. This promise required great faith; he was seventy-five years old and as yet had no child. A great nation would be one of large numbers, of noble character, of great influence in blessing others—a nation which should serve and obey God. "Thy name great." Known, honored and loved by multitudes of people. It is a remarkable fact that perhaps no mere man has ever been so widely and so permanently honored. "A blessing." By his integrity, wisdom and faith his life has been a great blessing to the whole world for 4000 years.

3. "That bless thee," etc. Abram's cause was to be God's cause. This is still true in the case of the righteous man. 2 Chron. 16: 9. "In thee." "In thy posterity, in the Messiah who shall spring from thee." "All families." By family is meant here, and often elsewhere, a people, or nation, regarded as one great family descended from a common parent. "Be blessed." The gospel of Christ shall be preached throughout the world and great blessings will be given to all mankind.

4. "Abram departed." His obedience was speedy and submissive, for "he went out, not knowing whither he went, but knowing whom he followed." "Had spoken." God had not only commanded him to go, but had given him many precious promises. These promises were early fulfilled in a measure, assuring him of their complete fulfilment; he could realize the reasonableness of the commands of God. "Lot." Lot was Abram's nephew, the son of his brother Haran. "Haran." Sometimes written Charran.

5. "Sarai." "My princess," afterwards changed to Sarah, "a princess;" that is, a princess for all nations and no longer for Abram alone. "Souls—gotten in Haran." This may apply either to the persons who were employed in the service of Abram, or to the persons he had been the instrument of converting to the knowledge of the true God. "Land of Canaan." A good land possessed by a bad people, who for their iniquities were to be expelled. See Lev. 18: 25. This land was made a type of the kingdom of God; as Abram left his own country, father's house and kindred, and took at the command of God a journey to this promised land, nor ceased till he arrived in it; so should we cast aside every weight, come out from the workers of iniquity, set out for the kingdom of God, nor ever rest till we reach the heavenly country. "Into—Canaan they came." It was the divine plan at the first that Abram should go to Canaan, and now, after several years' delay at Haran, God calls him again, and this time Abram reaches the land that had been selected as a home for himself and his descendants.

6. "Passed through." Abram passed through the land from the north toward the south. "Place of Shechem" (R. V.) Between Mounts Ebal and Gerizim. "Oak if Moreh" (R. V.) Moreh was probably the original owner of this oak grove in Shechem. "In the land." No doubt Abram had come to Canaan expecting to find it a real paradise, but now two difficulties confront him: 1. The Canaanite was in the land to interfere with his right of possession, and, 2. There was a severe famine in the land at just this time. Faith has its trials as well as its answers. It is not to be imagined that the man of faith, having pushed out from the shore of circumstances finds it all smooth and easy sailing.

7. "Lord appeared." In what way this appearance was made we know not; it was probably by the great angel of his covenant, Jesus, the Christ. The appearance, whatever it was, perfectly satisfied Abram, and proved itself to be supernatural and divine. It is worthy of remark that Abram is the first man to whom God is said to have shown Himself or appeared. "Will I give." God was dealing with Abram not in his private and personal capacity merely, but with a view to high and important interests in future ages. "An altar." By this solemn act of devotion he made an open profession of his religion, established the worship of the true God and declared his faith in the promise.

8. "Bethel." It was then called Luz, and was named Bethel after his vision. See chap. 28: 19. "Hai." His tent was pitched between Bethel and Hai; Hai was five miles east of Bethel. "Tent—altar." Where Abram has a tent, there God must have an altar, as he well knows there is no safety out side of under the divine protection. How few who build houses ever think of the propriety and necessity of building an altar to their Maker. "Called," etc. The sacrifices were accompanied with prayer.

9. "Journeyed—south." He went to Egypt because of the famine in Canaan. He was in the very place in which God had set him, and, evidently, he received no direction to leave it. True, the famine was there, and, moreover, Egypt was at hand, offering deliverance from pressure; still the path of God's servant was plain.

Wealth has made such strides in the past few years that a gift of less than a million dollars creates scarcely a ripple.

A folder issued by a Southern railway shows that at the end of 1900 there were 495 textile mills along the lines of its system, being a gain of ninety-four mills with 22,185 looms and 1,137,500 spindles during the year. Of these mills sixty-six are in Georgia, thirty-three in Alabama, 159 in North Carolina, and 102 in South Carolina, the others being in Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri and Virginia.

THE BANNER.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE call is out for the yearly meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association on August 3d, at Clanton, and as there are over three hundred members there should be a large crowd.

GOVERNOR Jelks has announced his intention of seeking re-election at the expiration of his present term. If he continues through his term as popular as he is at present there is no doubt but that he can easily be re-elected.

ELECTIONS every four years is one of the best acts performed by the Convention. We have had too many elections, and the time and money saved by bunching them together in the future will be greatly appreciated by the people.

THE fifty days provided for in the enabling act for the Constitutional Convention expired last Saturday. That fifty days was just about sufficient for the Convention to get fairly down to work. As they were not disposed to spoil a good thing they decided to continue indefinitely. Let us hope another fifty days will suffice.

The drouth and heat has ruined the hay crop in Illinois, Missouri and Kansas, and seriously damaged the corn crop. Bread may be cheap because the wheat crop is large, but all food crops for animals will be scarce and high-priced. Hay will be particularly high. Alabama may grow nearly all the corn she will need, but she will have but little to take the place of imported hay. Much fodder can, however, be pulled, the more the better, and peas may be utilized as coarse food, and much Johnson grass can be cut. Every pound of forage that will serve as coarse food for horses, mules and cattle should be saved, for hay will be beyond reach almost. Twenty-five dollar hay is not at all improbable. In other words, hay will be worth over a cent a pound, and the feeding of it to animals will induce many to say that they are indeed eating their heads off. It is not too late to do a great deal towards the saving of coarse food for animals—"roughness," as it is sometimes called. Every pound of it saved means something to Alabama this year. Every pound of it saved means that more cotton money will be kept at home and that in turn means a great deal to the people, big and little, of the State.—Aye Herald.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The close of the fiftieth day of the Constitutional Convention finds the work of constitution making well in hand. The committee on private corporations is the only one which is not yet reported and five articles have been read the third time, adopted and sent to the committee on harmony. These are the preamble and declaration of rights, the articles on executive, banks and banking, local legislation and state and county boundaries. Besides these the article on taxation has been adopted, all except those sections which limit the taxing powers of cities and counties, and more than half of the articles on legislative department, which is now under consideration, has been adopted. This article will probably be adopted by Tuesday.

The articles remaining to be considered are those on judiciary, impeachments, suffrage and elections, representations, exemptions, militia, education, municipal corporations, private corporations and amending the constitution and miscellaneous.

There is no change in the article on exemptions and little change in the article on militia. There are six separate reports to the article on judiciary, and the article on suffrage and elections will, of course, consume more time than any other, the reform of the suffrage being the main object for which the convention was called. Debate will be more extensive on this article than any of the others, a resolution extending the time of debate for each member having recently been adopted. Since the democratic caucus decided not to take this matter up it will mean that all the hot air speeches which might have been expended in the caucus will have to be delivered in the convention. With the work on hand it seems that it will take at least another month to get through with it.

The convention took up the suffrage question Tuesday. Judge Coleman of Greene, the chairman of the committee, made a short introductory speech, saying that the plan was the best they could devise and that it was constitutional. He was applauded several times, especially his reference to the Confederate soldier. The gallery was well filled and for the first time since the convention opened one end contained about a dozen negroes who were interested spectators.

Section 1 of the article which confined the right to vote to male citizens of the State who were citizens of the United States was adobted. Mr. Beddow had it amended so as to allow foreigners to vote who were not citizens, but had declared their intention of becoming such.

Section 2 was adopted which requires a residence of two years in the State and one in the county before any person can vote. He must also have been duly registered and have paid on or before February 1 of the year in which the election is held all poll taxes which shall have been required of him.

Section 3 which was adopted, requires all elections by the people to be by ballot and elections in a representative capacity to be viva voce.

The convention was considering section 4, which contains the grandfather clause, when the hour of adjournment arrived.

A Card of Thanks

Clanton, July 24, 1901

Editor Banner.—Please allow me space to express my sincere thanks to the good people of Clanton who kindly assisted me in removing my goods on the night of the recent fire. I heartily appreciate their valued assistance, for which I am profoundly grateful.

Respectfully,
W. H. SARTOR.

MARRIED

On July 17, at the home of the bride's father near Clanton, Mr. B. F. Massey and Miss Janie Gullman, Rev. S. M. Adams performing the ceremony. The young couple are well known and very popular, and we join their friends in wishing them all possible happiness and prosperity.

At Riderville on July 21, Mr. Wm. A. Stewart and Miss Nettie Tidwell were happily united Rev. W. H. Connell officiating. We wish Mr. and Mrs. Stewart a full measure of conjugal felicity.

July 21, at the home of Mr. John Rollins, Mr. M. C. Rawlinson and Miss Mary L. Abbott were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Elder W. J. Bone officiating. The happy young couple have a host of friends with whom we join in best wishes for their future welfare.

A DASTARDLY DEED.

On Friday evening last as Mr. George Willis was rising from the supper table at his home at Cane Creek he was shot and badly wounded by Joe Christian, a negro, who had been working for him. Some days previously Mr. Willis had had occasion to call the negro to time in relation to his work, and on the day of the shooting some more words had passed between them. The negro went to his home and got his gun and returning to Mr. Willis' he entered the door and raising the gun fired. The shot went into Mr. Willis' neck and face, destroying the left eye. Messengers were dispatched for Dr. Matthews and Sheriff Killgore who at once went out. Dr. Matthews did all that was possible to alleviate the sufferings of Mr. Willis, and at last accounts we are glad to say he is doing as well as possible.

In the meantime the neighbors had arrested the negro and there was some talk of summary vengeance, but cooler counsels prevailed and he was turned over to the Sheriff and lodged in jail at Clanton. He was carried before Justice of the Peace E. B. Deason and acknowledged that he intended to kill Mr. Willis.

Mr. Willis is one of the best citizens in this section and much sympathy goes out to himself and family in this affliction.

Was Ready to Compromise.

A very small pile of coal lay on the sidewalk in front of a house on A street southeast. A correspondingly small son of Ham was sauntering along and, seeing it, scented a job. He rang the doorbell.

"Am dat yo' all's coal?" he asked the lady at the door.

"Yes."

"Want it toted in?"

"Yes."

"Kain't I git de job?"

"Why, you're pretty small, and then you might charge too much. You might ask more than I could pay."

"How much is yo' got?" asked the small man of business. "Kin yo' raise a dollah?"

"Oh, my goodness, no!"

"Seventy-five cents?"

"No; run along and don't bother me." And she started to close the door.

"Mebbe so yo'll git 50 cents."

"No, no; run along."

"I reckons yo' all ain't got er quah'tah?"

"No."

"Ner a dime?"

"No, not even a dime," replied the woman, beginning to laugh.

"Well, how much is yo' got?" questioned Ham, showing his ivories. "I sut'nly does wanter git de job."

"I've got just a nickel."

"Well, I'm jus' a-lookin fer nickel jobs." And he straightway began.—Washington Star.

Meant Well, but Made Him Nervous.

Mr. Fijjit—Please don't send that messenger boy who stutters up to my house again.

Telegraph Manager—What did he do?

Mr. Fijjit—Nothing. But I gave him a 25 cent tip, and he hung around all afternoon trying to say "Thanks."—Columbus (O.) State Journal.

His Training.

"How did Spudkins get his appointment as brigadier general? I never knew that he was connected with the army."

"Oh, yes; by marriage. His brother-in-law is a United States senator."—Town and Country.

A Surprise to Him.

"Had you heard that Oily Mike had been incarcerated?"

"No. I didn't even know he was dead."—Indianapolis News.

Did you get a sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? If so don't throw it away—it's too good to be wasted. Try it when you get hurt or have colic. It will do its business quick.

District Meeting

The Second District Meeting of the Weogufka Baptist Association will be held with Re hany Baptist church, on Friday before the first Sunday in August.

11 a.m. Introductory sermon, J. A. Davis.

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What is the duty of the deacon to the church? Opened by Bros. R. H. Vickers and others.

2. Was the command given to the church to preach the gospel to all nations? If so, has it any right to give its right to any body of men. Opened by Bro. W. S. Cox and others.

3. What is the duty of a pastor to the church, and what is the duty of the church to the pastor? Opened by Bro. Charles Lowery.

J. N. VINCENT, Church Clerk.

Notice To Wheelmen.

There's positively no need to endure discomfort by reason of chafting, sunburn, insect stings, sore and perspiring feet or accidental bruises. You forget these troubles in using Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Infallible for Pimples, Blotches, Skin Eruptions and Piles. Sold by Clanton drug co, 25 cents.

W. H. SARTOR

sells them cheaper

try him!

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot touch the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sanders.

THE ETNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD and THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I am presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For over fifty years the Company I represent has done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are pleasing our machines in the leading families all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best of all attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Canton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Gears, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the Singer trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75; Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

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LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Rev. Curry and wife, of Livingston are visiting their son, Mr. T. A. Curry.

Miss French Evans is visiting friends at Helena.

Miss Minnie Raberry of Maberry was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mrs. R. A. Moody of Pratt City has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends here.

Miss Lula Sorrell of Maplesville is visiting her sister, Mrs. Reese Mullins.

Mrs. T. B Haney of Anniston is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Aldridge.

Mr. Walter Carter of Billingsley was in town Tuesday.

Miss Belle Northington of Pensacola is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Y. McMorries.

Mrs. Will Logan of Talladega county was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mrs. J. M. Potts went to Birmingham Wednesday.

Mr. Newt Wilson and wife of Birmingham are visiting relatives here.

Miss Mattie Goodgame of Birmingham is visiting the family of Mr. J M McKee.

Mr. Wallace C Edler has been away from Clanton a couple of weeks, his explanation is "that Macedonia is a good neighborhood to live in, and has some mighty good people in it," so there you are.

Prof. A. J. Showalter will sing at Collins Chapel Institute on Sunday August 4th, 1901, at 9 a. m.

When you get hurt, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic? You'll never know just how good it is until you try it. Only 50 cts, at your druggists.

Judge Adams went to the capital city Wednesday.

Editor H. R. Golson of the Wetumpka Herald gave us a pleasant call Monday.

Mrs. Cherry and charming daughter, Miss Mary, of Montgomery, are visiting Mrs. L. A. Thornton.

Dr. N. S. Johnson and Mr. J. R. Mullins went to Montgomery Friday.

Mr. J. J. Grant of Verbena was a visitor here Monday.

Mr. John D. McNeel of Montgomery was in town yesterday.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton and will spend a week every 60 to 90 days here. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their Dental work done.

1916 2nd St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves. BIRMINGHAM ALA.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. B. F. Massey and Miss Janie Gullman; Mr. Wm. Anderson Franklin and Miss Elizabeth Mims; Mr. M. C. Rawlinson and Miss Mary L. Abbott.

It's your own fault if you use old fashioned, greasy salves and liniments that soil your clothing and offend your olfactories, when you can get that very pleasant and helpful liquid, Dr. Tichenors Antiseptic. It heals Cuts, Burns, etc., quickly and with less suffering than anything. Only 50 cts. at druggists and they like to sell it.

A special term of Chancery Court will be held next Saturday, when Chancellor Kelley will hear the case of E. A. Matthews vs. Hazard heirs for the division of the George estate lands in this and adjoining counties.

Miss Minnie Muse of Jemison is visiting Mrs. E. A. Matthews.

Troubles Of A Minister.

To benefit others Rev. J. T. W. Vernon, of Hartwell, Ga., writes: "For a long time I had a running sore on my leg. I tried many remedies without benefit, until I used a bottle of Electric Bitters and a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which cured me sound and well." Sores, Eruptions, Boils, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum show impure blood. Thousands have found in Electric Bitters a grand blood purifier that absolutely cures these troubles. Satisfaction is guaranteed or money refunded by Clanton drug co. Large bottles only 50c.

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MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing
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$65.00 for cash or on time. Needle
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Saturdays and Mondays. For furthe

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SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

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First Ave.
G AT CUT PRICES

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R DRUG CO..
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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

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NEW ROYAL
HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
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THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with virmin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathmetician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILE, ALA.

Mrs. S. P. FRANKLIN
MILLINER

A brand new stock of Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Veilings, Dress Trimmings, and Notions of all kinds for Ladies' wear at Lowest Cash Prices.

OVER HORN'S DRUG STORE,
THORSBY, ALA.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

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THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	1/2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
1/2 bbl " " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-14
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

GARDEN AND FARM

DON'T LET THE COW FALL OFF.

When a cow is in full flow of milk she should not be allowed to fall off as long as it can be avoided. If she does not seem to like her food tempt her with something else, and always milk to the last drop. Cows like a variety of food and will give good returns therefor if it is provided.

BRAN AS A FERTILIZER.

Bran is an excellent fertilizer for crops, as it is rich in nitrogen and mineral matter, but it is made more valuable when it is fed to stock, not only because it serves as food, but also because when it is passed through the body of an animal it is in better form for crops. Bran is a cheap material to purchase, as it brings profit as food and produces manure of the best quality.

KEEP A LARGE FLOCK OF POULTRY.

The importance of keeping as many fowls as possible may be demonstrated by the fact that eggs are usually in demand at all seasons of the year and can be sold for cash. In proportion to the capital invested in poultry compared with larger stock the profits are very large. The fowls give returns every month in the year, and if the supply of eggs begins to fall off there is some compensation in the higher prices obtained. Milk, as a rule, fluctuates but little in price compared with eggs, as the latter in winter will bring nearly twice as much as in summer. Good quarters, cleanliness and varied food will induce the hens to lay, both in summer and winter, and farmers will find it profitable to enlarge their flocks and bestow care upon the fowls.

HURRY AND HAY MAKING.

There is a time in the curing of every swath of hay when enough of the water has been absorbed by the sun's rays, and every hour added damages the quality of the product on the upper side of the swath before the lower side is cured sufficiently to put in barn or stack. When this time comes, start the side-delivery rake, which will throw the swaths each four and one-half feet in width into a narrow and puffy windrow, which will soon cure to the right stage to start the loader. Here is another important stage in hay making. It must not be too green, or it will heat in the mow; it must not be too dry, or the leaves of clover and even of timothy will shatter off. With an expert in the field, who shall direct the speed of mowing machine and the time of rake and the loader, a quality of hay unexcelled may be made, and with a rapidity undreamed of by our fathers who used the scythe, hand rake and the hand fork.

It is presumed you have a hay carrier in the barn and it and the ropes are in complete repair with the mow ready for the first load of new hay. Should there be a surplus beyond the filling of the barn or hay shed, you should have in store 100 feet of one-half inch wire cable, a cable carrier and four light telephone poles twenty-four feet long ready to run up for use in stacking this surplus, or the entire crop, if there is no barn. If clover goes into the stacks you will no doubt top out with timothy, or what is better when it can be secured, slough grass. As to extra help, it better be secured at once; if not of the kind desired, as good day laborers, there is just now being released from duty a lot of high school boys that would be the better of the tan and nerve they will cultivate in a vacation on the farm. They will need some training in the vegetable or fruit-garden with a hoe to fit them for making hay, or some practice in corn plowing to make them good teamsters for the mower or hay rake, but they will beat the old men loading hay on a wagon constantly in motion.

Be sure to put your strong, slow teams on the wagon that hauls the loads, for speed in this work depends upon the ability of the loaders keeping constantly at it, and for this reason no more swaths should be put into a windrow than can be handled easily wth a team in a slow walk. Also put a safe team on the hay rake, for a side-delivery is a bad thing in a runaway. I know, for I have had experience.—E. E. Chester, in *American Agriculturist.*

METHODS OF PLANTING STRAWBERRIES.

As to methods of planting strawberries it may be said that the old method has been discarded—planting in rows three to three and one-half feet apart and the plants from twelve to fifteen inches apart in rows, keeping off the runners until late in July and then allowing the runners to grow and root at will, making a matted row. In this old system many plants are almost on top of others, the roots barely in the ground, and they suffer in a season of drought. The rows are so wide that to pick fruit in the centre it is almost necessary to crush fruits on the outside of the row. This system gives few large, first-class fruits. The up-to-date grower starts with the assumption that the largest and highest colored fruits are found on plants along the outside of the rows, and therefore he plans to have as many outside rows as possible. This he accomplishes by having the rows closer together and much narrower. The rows are made from thirty to thirty-six inches apart, and the plants from eighteen to twenty-four inches, much depending on the capability of the variety as a plant maker. If the plants used for a new bed are strong and start into growth vigorously, the first runners are used, as it has been found that under most conditions the plants about twelve months old yield the greatest number of fine fruits. These first runners are usually "bedded in," *i.e.*, planted by hand, training them along the wide way of the rows, using from four to eight of the first runners and cutting off those growing later. This method of planting allows cultivation both ways until the runners start, retaining moisture and saving labor in hoeing.

Clean stray or swale grass makes the best winter mulch. The rows are covered two to four inches deep. This winter mulch should be raked from the plants and left between the rows as a protection to the fruit and a safeguard against drought in the fruiting season.

The use of well-rotted manure, plowed under when fitting the land for plants, gives the best of results in many cases. Especially is this the case when a dry growing season occurs, the plants being able at once to obtain available plant food, and growing without check and making runners early in the season. In many soils the manure adds the needed humus. Green or half-rotted manure is more often an injury than a benefit, because of the many weed seeds it contains. Many strawberry beds are practically ruined by the weeds introduced by the use of such manure. Perhaps the better method of using manure is to apply it rather heavily to the crop grown on the land the year before strawberries are planted, following that crop with a cover before setting plants.—Cornell University Bulletin No. 189, by Professor L. H. Bailey.

SUCCESSFUL CALF RAISING.

A calf rearer who has lost only one out of ninety calves born alive in five seasons, and that one an animal which was born with an internal malady, may be accepted as a safe guide upon the subject. With such credentials Mr. Lawrence, manager of the Newton Rigg Farm for the county councils of Cumberland and Westmorland, came before the Chamber of Agriculture of those counties a few days ago to describe his experience. In rearing calves by hand losses are often numerous, but Mr. Lawrence showed how they could be reduced to a minimum by proper feeding, attention to sanitary conditions, and the timely administration of a little medicine, chiefly to cure "white scour" in its early stage.

When a calf is born it is immediately removed to a pen well littered with dry straw, rubbed well with straw and covered over with a little of the same material. In half an hour the calf is fed, by means of the fingers, with about a pint of its mother's first meal of the day. During the first week the calf has nothing but its mother's warm milk, getting a pint and a half three times a day at first, and a quantity gradually increasing to two quarts at the end of a week. On the third day the young animal is taught to drink without the fingers. The food is the same, two quarts three times a day through the second week, while in the third week half the milk is separated or skimmed, half a pint of linseed soup being added to it, to take the place of the cream. In the fourth week the only alteration is the addition of a handful of sweet hay twice a day. In the fifth week the diet consists of two and a half pints of warm separated or skimmed milk, with half a pint of linseed soup mixed with each quart, three times a day, and a little sweet hay night and morning.

This diet is continued to the end of the eighth week. After this the linseed soup is omitted, a handful of broken linseed cake and a small quantity of pulped swedes being given after the midday meal, or grass in summer instead of swedes. From the beginning of the twelfth week the midday meal is omitted, three-quarters of a pound of linseed cake and crushed oats together being given at midday, with half a gallon of pulped swedes or some grass at noon, while the separated milk and hay are given in the morning and in the evening. If desirable, the milk may be discontinued when the calf is five months old, and other food increased accordingly, but it is better to keep on with the milk till the calf is nine months old. Linseed soup is prepared by putting two pounds of linseed to soak in four gallons of water over night, boiling and stirring it for half an hour next day, and, five minutes before boiling is finished, adding half a pound of flour previously beaten up with a little water.—*London Daily Standard.*

SHORT AND USEFUL POINTERS.

Have a box stall for your cows to calve in.

Good butter has often been spoilt by poor salt.

The lambs should be fed in a pen which the sheep cannot enter.

Good feed will sometimes make an apparently poor cow a good one.

An animal with a weak constitution should never be used as a breeder.

Your poultry will never be healthy if you keep them in damp quarters.

Never grow the same crop several years in succession on the same land.

Remember that little lambs are easily chilled. This is a matter easily attended to.

Cows do not require much exercise, but they must have an abundance of fresh air.

No dairyman should ever sell any of his best cows if he intends remaining in the business.

It would be money in a great many farmers' pockets if they would study how to save hauling and traveling.

One of the many good points in favor of rotation is that it helps to do away with a great many of the insect pests.

Do not try to economize on the feed of a sow who has suckling pigs. Do your level best to keep her from losing flesh.

A cow that gives a big mess of milk always has a large appetite, and it is very important that the dairyman should satisfy it.

Everything that you send to market should be graded. Sort out the poorest and the best and keep them in separate packages.

THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL.

Modish Notions Followed by Those in the Swim.

Bandanna handkerchiefs made into cushion covers, with part of the handkerchief for frills, are as effective and serviceable summer covers as one can get, especially for porch swinging seats or general utility use.

* * *

Color effects and combinations have reached such a fine point in house decoration that those seeking the best results will only use dark wood picture frames in rooms with dark woodwork, and water colors in light frames in rooms with white woodwork.

* * *

Curtains of cream Colonial net make admirable summer window hangings, and outer ones of green raw silk accompany them nicely.

* * *

Anything quaint finds favor these days for home adornment. It may be awkward, it may not be nearly so convenient as a similar modern thing, but if it is "quaint" or "old-timey" it is the desired thing.

* * *

The jute one hears so much about for summer use should not deceive one by its name into believing that it is always simple or inexpensive. On the contrary, it often has all the appearance of silk brocade, and comes in both plain and figured goods and in the two-toned styles. Yet when one sees and feels it one appreciates what an admirable summer upholstery stuff it is.

* * *

Colored organdy curtains are the personification of dainty coolness for summer for a young girl's room or for milady's boudoir. One charming new design is in striped effect, a tiny lace stripe and a running stripe of tiny roses.

* * *

Madras in stained glass effects is another of this season's most favored hangings. Art nouveau designs are also prominent, together with a lattice weaving.

* * *

Gobelin-blue burlap is slowly coming to the front as the fashionable wall covering in combination with white woodwork, supplanting the green that has held sway so long.

* * *

Blue and white Java prints, blue and white rugs, old blue and white china, a deep yellow wall covering, and mahogany furniture, make an ideal furnishing scheme for a summer dining room.—Philadelphia Record.

For Table or Desk.

A nice gift to offer to a bride or for a birthday gift is the new library set, which might more properly be styled a desk set. Handsome brocaded silk or velvet is used to cover the set of pieces, which consist of articles. For the desk you have the blotting book, penwiper, paper rack and little tray or scrap basket to hold letters or old papers. The complete library set is elaborate. It comprises the handsome table cloth of brocaded satin or silk in pomegranate, dull Indian red, Maltese blue or amber. To match the table cover you have the blotting book, paper rack, the "utility box," a "book stand" for books or magazines, a photograph tray, a penwiper and scrap basket. The decorative art societies take orders for making such sets, but the girl with clever fingers can make them for herself.

Cocoanut Cream—One-half cup sugar, one pint milk thickened with four tablespoons of corn starch. Cook thoroughly for five minutes, when the raw flavor of the corn starch will have entirely disappeared. Add one cup grated cocoanut and one teaspoon of vanilla, then stir in the beaten whites of three eggs and pour into a mold to set.

Apricot Jelly—Stew one-half pound of well-washed and soaked dried apricots in a pint of water with a cupful of sugar until very soft, then add two tablespoonfuls of gelatine, previously dissolved in cold water, enough to cover; press through a colander into a jelly mold, set in a cold place for several hours and serve with whipped cream (a delicious and economical dessert).

Gingerade—Dissolve three pounds of loaf sugar in two gallons of water, add beaten whites of three eggs and two ounces ground Jamaica ginger moistened with a little water, bring slowly to the boiling point, skim and settle. When cold add juice of a large lemon and one-fourth yeast cake dissolved in two tablespoonfuls warm water. Mix, strain, bottle, tie the corks down and in two days it is ready to use.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

The French mental specialist, Dr. Toulouse, pleads in the Paris Debats for as much liberty for lunatics as is given to lepers and to consumptives, on the ground that, if they were free, they would not supply a larger percentage of mischief-doers than other classes of the population.

In this era of "world umpires" interest in the sun's empire is hardly surprising. An English inquirer seeks to learn its size, and points out that three well-known comets of short period have orbits extending beyond that of Neptune, while one comet of a long period—Donatis—has a period of nearly 2000 years. If this last named comet really moves about the sun, it is calculated that the diameter of the solar system must be nearly 60,000,000,000 miles.

A remarkable discovery by Captain H. P. Deasy in the Kuenlun mountains is that of a species of marine plant, called grasswrack, at an elevation of 16,500 feet, more than 10,000 feet higher than the summit of Mt. Washington. The plants were not growing, but were found, with their leaves and fruit, deposited in a bed 10 or 12 feet thick, which was covered and interspersed with strata of blue clay. The explanation offered is that the deposit once formed part of the boom of a salt lake.

Pass a ray of sunlight through a drop of water and the colored rays are split up and thrown in different directions. The sunlight shining through many drops of falling rain after a shower is all split into colors, and the result is the gorgeous rainbow. The scattered spray of a sea wave of a waterfall or a fountain, makes little rainbows, caused in the same way. Each kind of light has its own special uses. The red rays of light make the leaves of the tree grow, and hasten all rooting and decay. Moreover, if you cut off the red rays, plants will grow with golden brown leaves instead of green.

Study of the meteorological phenomena during the total eclipse of the sun in May, 1900, has led to the discovery that such an eclipse develops a cold-air cyclone as the shadow sweeps across the earth. During the eclipse, according to H. C. Clayton, the direction of the winds was practically reversed as the shadow moved, and there was an overflow of air from the shadow to a distance of 1500 miles. Mr. Clayton believes that this discovery indicates that the fall of temperature at night must tend to produce a cold air cyclone, while the heat of day tends to produce a warm-air one, and thus the puzzling phenomenon of the double diurnal period in air-pressure receives an explanation.

Dr. Paul Michel, a well-known French physician, has devised an instrument for getting rid of the disagreeable and painful stitching of cuts and wounds with needle and thread to keep the parts in place and induce healing. The instrument is a sort of forceps, adapted to apply to the wound a series of nickel clasps or hooks resembling those sometimes used to fasten the corners of pasteboard or wooden boxes. They are provided with short, sharp teeth, which are forced into the epidermis sufficiently to hold them but not so deeply as to cause much pain. From 20 to 30 of these clasps can be applied in a minute if necessary; they are easily removed at any time without pain and they can be easily disinfected.

Poison-Proof People.

There are entire communties of poison proof people who partake of doses of white arsenic with as much zest as the average person partakes of a meal.

Chief among these singularly gifted people are the Styrian and Corinthian shepherds who inhabit the districts of Lamprecht, Salzburg, Hartberg, Leoben, Oberzeirung and the Erzebirge mountains. The sturdy mountaineers consider that arsenic improves their wind for chamois climbing.

Some years ago Dr. Knapp put two of these men through their paces before the German Society of Physicians assembled at Gratz. The one ate six grains of white arsenic, or enough to kill three men without experiencing the slightest inconvenience. The other partook of four grains of yellow arsenic or orpiment with equal impunity. It was explained that, seeing the good effect of the drug upon the coats and condition of their flocks, many of these shepherds start the practice under the impression that taken in moderation it is good for human beings also.

Usually started with a small weekly dose spread upon bread and butter, the embryo arsenic eater has to undergo a very severe test of his devotion to the drug. Violent sickness and burning pains accompany its first use, and the drug speedily asserts its fatal power over its devotee.

Any attempt to leave off the drug is generally fatal. The women of these arsenic eating districts are famous for their beautiful complexions and luxuriant tresses.—Waverley Magazine.

A South American Gold Field.

An expert asserts that the eastern slope of the Andes in South America is richer in gold than the Klondike country, and gold can be taken with much less work and privation.

Competition of electric tramways is alluded to in many of the half-yearly reports of English railways as affecting short-distance passenger movement.

CAR WHEELS MADE OF PAPER MONEY

Cancelled Notes Representing $1,500,000 Devoted to That Use Every Day.

National Bank and United States Government notes to the face value of about $1,500,000 were destroyed at Washington on a recent Saturday. They were reduced to pulp and a few months hence will be spinning over steel rails in the form of railroad car-wheels. From a banknote to a car-wheel is quite a radical transformation, but it is happening every day. Whenever you get hold of a soiled ten-dollar bill or a ten-thousand-dollar note just bear in mind that some day it will be an atom in the revolving mass under some lightning express.

The Treasury Department in Washington destroys between $450,000,000 and $500,000,000 worth of paper money a year. Just think of it! Nearly half a billion dollars annually. Soiled currency to the amount of a million and a half a day reaches the Treasury for redemption. Two big pulp mills—macerators they are termed officially—grind them into a mass which looks like putty. The pulp is then treatde with an alkali, which extracts the ink that constituted all the printing and inscriptions on the bill. Next it is converted into bales and shipped to a car-wheel manufacturer. This pulp makes the best kind of wheels. The Government sells it for $40 a ton, after it is baled and dry.

The maceration of currency is in charge of a committee of three Treasury employes, who represent respectively the Secretary of the Treasury, the Treasurer of the United States and the Comptroller of the Currency, and are designated as the Destruction Committee. Every day this committee is at work, and it sees every bundle of cancelled notes dumped into the macerators, which are constructed just like paper mills, and are operated by machinery. For every note that is destroyed, unless it should come from a national bank that is in liquidation, a new one is made at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. Thus, while $1,500,000 of paper money is converted in to car-wheels every day, new money to the same value is made every day.

All this work costs the United States Government nothing. The national banks stand all the expense, although the Treasury Department has absolute control of the redemption division.

Twenty or twenty-five years ago the Government used to burn cancelled currency, but that method of destroying it was abandoned when it was discovered that on windy days the draft in the chimneys would draw notes only partially burned from the furnaces and spread them over the White House lot and neighboring streets. Such bills have been redeemed in the past and Uncle Sam had to stand the loss. But with the macerators no greenbacks escape.—*Cleveland Leader.*

Government's Debt to Morris and Nelson.

Robert Morris rendered inestimable service to his adopted country by putting his own private fortune into the breach in those early days when the infant nation was in the closest of financial straits. The one million five hundred thousand dollars which made it possible for Washington to carry on the campaign against Lord Cornwallis was raised entirely upon his own personal security. For the most trying eight years of our history this noble man stood at the monetary helm of our government and guided it through many perils. Years after, in his old age, unfortunate land speculations ruined him. His creditors demanded immediate payment. His country could have saved Morris by paying back a tithe of what he had freely given to it in its time of need. This was not done. To our lasting disgrace, he was thrown into a debtor's prison and died there, an old man of seventy-two.

Thomas Nelson did for Virginia what Robert Morris did for the nation—saved the State from bankruptcy by devoting to her use his large fortune. When he was in command of the State Militia at Yorktown the exigencies of the situation seemed to require the destruction of a certain large and imposing building. He did not hesitate to give the order to bombard it, although the house was his own and by far the handsomest building in the place. It is sad to know that this gallant Virginia Congressman and Governor was so embarrassed by the loans that he had made to his State, to pay its regiments when there was no money in the treasury, that in his last days his remaining property was sold to pay his debts. He was but fifty-one when he died, worn out by anxieties and years of ill-health.—Lora S. La Mance in *New Lippincott.*

Turtles Caught a Thief.

The pickpocket who tried to "pinch" a likely looking man's pocketbook and found his fingers in the grasp of two snapping turtles was a Japanese. A native traveler in Japan had bought the turtles, and, being afraid that he would be charged heavily for their transportation as live animals on the train, he placed them in a small portable trunk which he carried. When he got on the train he held the trunk so carefully under his arm that a thief who was in the crowd was sure the man had something valuable in the box. So he got into the same car and took an adjoining seat. Taking the first opportunity he cut a small hole in the trunk with a sharp knife and slipped in his hand.

About this time the turtles concluded that there was "something doing," and they took hold of his fingers in a hearty way. Gritting his teeth, the thief tried to withdraw his hand, but he couldn't. Then he howled and the owner of the trunk seized him and turned him over to the train people, who at the next station gave him to a policeman. The incident, however, wasn't closed until the traveler was punished for violation of the railway regulations.

An unmarried man doesn't have to join church in order to be a confirmed bachelor.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The Sultan of Morocco has two cameras that cost $13,000. Yet he probably have as many bad [illegible] as if they cost $9.98.

Paris has a population of [illegible] a few hundred more only than [illegible] the second city in the [illegible] Thus the new world surpasses the old.

A Russian dispatch says [illegible] among women in some sections of the country is at such a premium that [illegible] who can read is jerked at [illegible]

The Farallone Islands [illegible] thirty miles out at sea from [illegible] to the harbor of San Francisco [illegible] offer an admirable opportunity for the establishment of a system of wireless telegraphy for the protection of [illegible] approaching that foggy coast.

Wanted by the people of [illegible] erican cities, and about a [illegible] cities are included in that [illegible] that will not retain heat [illegible] that will cool with the setting of the sun, and asphalt that will [illegible] winds instead of waves of [illegible]

An ornithologist was [illegible] Mexico while climbing [illegible] bird's nest. He was an enthusiast, and his death is deeply deplored. If he had been a small boy instead of a scientist a great many people would be harsh enough to say it was a judgment for persecuting birds.

There is still room for far greater proficiency in the war against disease. The science of bacteriology is hardly out of its infancy. With the establishment of new institutions for research [illegible] may be expected to contribute [illegible] toward the knowledge which [illegible] man life.

It is said there are now in the United Kingdom 41,500,000 people. In the section the National Geographic Magazine figures that the same [illegible] population in the United States would mean a total population in this country excluding the dependencies, of about [illegible] billion thirty-six millions.

The German Emperor is most frequent and earnest in his appeals to his fellow countrymen to strive for supremacy on the water. In his view the [illegible] at least, is secure. And he longs for the dominion of the sea. Yachting in Germany has been developed so much that a Teutonic challenge for an international cup may not long be in abeyance.

A French artist only a short time [illegible] gave American art a higher place than that assigned to Great Britain, and [illegible] the opinion of many well posted individuals that she really takes precedence even over France or Italy. The progress made in art in the United States within the past ten years is really a wonderful surprise to our own people, and if the exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition can be taken as a criterion the progress of the next ten years will be an astonishing development to the whole world.

This is the age of electricity. Everybody admits that, and the inventions of the most extensive use of this mysterious power are almost innumerable. Who is the inventor whose genius will discover a way to prevent the accidental breaks and interruptions in the currents which are now at the front of modern progress and are changing the face of the world? Up to this time electricity is still a more docile and tractable servant to mankind than electricity. Electric lights, electric engines, electric systems, sometimes betray those who trust them. They may not fail frequently, but they do fail at times. Steam never disappoints its users. Who will make electricity a slave that will never [illegible] queries the *New York Tribune.*

American macaroni made from American wheat by Americans and by an American process is to be one of the slogans of the industrial battle in which the United States is now engaged. If the American people must have their funny little tubes of glutinous paste there is no reason why we should continue to import them from Italy. All talk about the adaptability of American wheat for the manufacture of macaroni has been removed by recent tests made by one of the largest manufacturers in Italy, the details of which have been forwarded to the State Department at Washington by Consul Hayden at Castellamare di Stabia. This manufacturer has made from American wheat macaroni of a much richer quality than the common macaroni commerce.

The technical, manual training and industrial schools represent an intelligent effort to give the city boy the country boy has already had, a knowledge of the use of tools, of the nature and quality of all kinds of raw materials and how to handle them and adapt them to the comforts and needs of mankind. The city boy whose head is crammed with 'ologies and who cannot use a hammer to drive a nail, and who does not understand the mechanical principle of the electric dynamo, may get along in the world, but under the present industrial tendencies of the times, with our marvelous development in invention and our supremacy in the mechanical arts, he is certain to be at a disadvantage in the race with the boy who has mastered all these things.—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

He Has Been Forgotten.

Once there was a man who told a lie about the salary he got.—*New York Press.*

HE WANTED TO KILL FOUR

SOUTHERN ICE PLANT WRECKED BY AN EXPLOSION.

YACHT CAPSIZES AND FIVE ARE DROWNED

Virginia's Constitutional Convention on the Lynching Question—Lightning Plays Havoc in Pennsylvania—Railroad Accidents.

A MURDEROUS YOUTH.

On Friday Clarence Davis, of Cincinnati, aged 17 years, shot and seriously wounded his step-father, William Wooldenshe, and also attempted to kill his young wife and two young men whom he charged with slandering him. His child wife had left. Davis has attempted suicide three times and threatened to kill anyone with whom he quarreled. He shot at his step-father four times, one bullet in the neck, just missing the jugular vein. He was disarmed and arrested, and believed to be insane.

TO PREVENT LYNCHING

A republican delegate to the Virginia Constitutional Convention has introduced a resolution providing that the governor shall offer a reward of $500 for the conviction of persons engaged in lynching, that the crime shall be murder in the first degree when accomplished, and that the governor will pay $1,000 to the heirs of persons lynched, the money to be chargeable to the county or city in which the crime was committed.

AMMONIA BOILERS EXPLODE

Supposed defective ammonia boilers at the ice factory at Elizabeth City, N. C., of the Crystal Ice and Coal Company exploded Saturday morning, completely demolishing the plant. One fireman was killed and another was seriously injured. Parts of the tank passed through the office completely destroying it. The shock shattered window panes for three blocks. There is fear of an ice famine and the fish industry will suffer. The company will rebuild immediately. Loss, $10,000.

FIVE WERE DROWNED.

Five persons were drowned in Long Island Sound Thursday afternoon by the capsizing of a yacht. Two others on board the ill-fated craft were rescued after clinging for two hours to the bottom of a capsized life boat. According to the story the accident happened about 3 in the afternoon and they saw nothing of the others of the party after the disaster and believe some were carried under by the sails and rigging or were drowned in the cabin.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

At Grove City Pa., Friday a fierce electrical storm resulted in four deaths and the severe injury of three other persons. A house occupied by a gang of Italians working on the new railroad south of this place was also struck. Two were instantly killed and several were severely shocked, one or two of whom may die.

L. & N. SMASH-UP.

Two freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville railroad collided at Nortonville, Ky., Friday night. Two men were killed, two fatally hurt and two were slightly injured. The engineers of the trains, James McGrath and William Porter, jumped when the collision took place and were slightly bruised. Two engines were wrecked and twenty box cars were destroyed.

FRENCH CONSPIRACY.

London's Friday Pall Mall Gazette published a communication from Paris giving details of an alleged conspiracy to overthrow the French republic and install Prince Louis Napoleon as emperor. On September 14 the czar intends to promote Prince Louis to full generalship in the Russian army and would support his claims. The names of M. Daroulede, the Marquis De Lareuleaes, and M. Marcel-Habert are mentioned as the leading spirits of the movement and several high functionaries of the present government are alleged to be assisting the movement with funds.

CARRIE NATIONIZED.

The district court at Fort Scott, Kan., has issued an injunction ordering all saloons in town closed and it has been obeyed. The order came as a result of evidence obtained by three local ministers and several church members who visited the saloons and bought dope. Suits will be brought for violating the Herrell law, passed by the last legislature.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

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Altoona City, Pa., Friday a fierce electrical storm resulted in four deaths and the severe injury of three other persons. A house occupied by a gang of Italians working on the new railroad south of this place was also struck. Two were instantly killed and several were severely shocked, one or two of whom may die.

TRAIN SMASH UP.

Two freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville railroad collided at Norbrevile, Ky., Friday night. Two men were killed, two fatally hurt and two were slightly injured. The engineers of the trains, James McGrath and William Porter, jumped when the collision took place and were slightly bruised. Two engines were wrecked and twenty box cars were destroyed.

FRENCH CONSPIRACY.

London's Friday Pall Mall Gazette published a communication from Paris giving details of an alleged conspiracy to overthrow the French republic and install Prince Louis Napoleon as emperor. On September 14 the czar attends to promote Prince Louis to a high generalship in the Russian army and would support his claims. The names of M. Deroulede, the Marquis De Lanessan and M. Marcel-Habert are mentioned as the leading spirits of the movement and several high functionaries of the present government are alleged to be assisting the movement with funds.

CARRIE NATIONIZED.

The district court at Fort Scott, Kas., has issued an injunction ordering all saloons in town closed and it has been obeyed. The order came as a result of evidence obtained by three local ministers and several church members who visited the saloons and bought dope. Suits will be brought for violating the Herrell law, passed by the last legislature.

THE CORONER'S VERDICT.

Coroner Yarling of Peru, Ind., has filed his verdict in the Wabash wreck at Cass, a few weeks ago. He decides that the victims of the disaster came to their death by reason of a cloudburst having washed out the track, and that the company is not held responsible for the accident.

ANTI-CIGARETTE MARSHAL.

Thomas Collins, the night marshal of Peru, Ind., recently issued an order to arrest the first person found smoking a cigarette inside the corporate limits. This aroused much ill-feeling against him and early Saturday morning a would-be assassin attempted his life by firing a shot at him.

VOLCANO ERUPTION.

Advices give details of a terrible destruction of life in northern Java last month by a sudden and terrific outburst of the volcano Kloe. Coffee plantations and other estates were destroyed. Seven hundred natives and a number of Europeans perished. The country was strewn with corpses.

FIREBUGS IN ILLINOIS.

Eighteen fires in the last four weeks have caused a total loss of $240,000 in Mattoon, Ill. The city authorities have been destroying gambling outfits and enforcing the laws against other forms of vice, and the fires are believed to have been retaliatory. The city will be patrolled.

ASLEEP ON THE ROAD BED.

Three boys, residents of Newport, Ky., were run down by a train near Maysville, Ky., Friday night. William Fetter died shortly after the accident. Elmer McCabe and Charles Dunkley were fatally injured. The boys went to sleep on the track and were struck by the east-bound flyer.

WAS IT REVENGE?

A Georgia cat was treated with a kerosene bath for its fleas. The feline then caught fire and ran through the house, spreading destruction. The house and contents were saved, but poor pussy ——!

BIG FOUR WRECK.

Two Big Four freights collided on a siding near Crawfordsville, Ind., Friday, killing J. W. Mathers, brakeman, and wrecking both trains.

C. C. FITZMORRIS, the seventeen-year-old Chicago school boy sent out by W. S. Hearst, the newspaper proprietor, to break the record for a trip around the world, made the trip of 20,545 miles in exactly 60 days, 13 hours, 29 minutes, 42 4-5 seconds.

A MAN named Marcass Miotti is under arrest in Rome on a charge of intending to kill Victor Emanuel III. He was betrayed by a letter to his sweetheart breaking off their engagement of marriage because of the order from his society to commit the deed.

THE emperor of Germany has purchased from Rudolph Clausen, of Brooklyn, his handsome Kentucky bred horse, King, which for the past few years has attracted the attention of admirers of horse flesh.

ACCORDING to reports of special agents the Siberian crops appear to be nearly a total failure, as a result of two month's drought.

REV. Thomas Hall, D. D., died at Bloomfield, Ky., Saturday. He had been pastor of the Baptist church there for thirty-five years.

QUAKERS EXCITED.

A report from Friendsville, a little village in Blount County, Tenn., founded years ago by the Quakers, says that the entire population is wildly excited over the finding of oil near the town. The oil was struck at a depth of only forty-six feet and is said to be of fine quality. The well is not a gusher but the oil flows in rapidly. Capital will be invested at once to develop the oil. The report has created much interest and a number of capitalists will at once try to secure options on the surrounding territory. Friendsville is only 30 miles from Knoxville.

FEES EAT UP COLLECTIONS.

Chas. Brumfield, treasurer of Richmond county, O., is held for embezzlement. Out of $35,000 back taxes collected the attorneys in compromised cases charged $15,879 for fees.

THE prohibitionists of Virginia are making preparations to put out candidates for governor, lieutenant governor and attorney general.

Women Operate Water Power.

Mrs. Milford Brady operates an old fashioned water power mill in Morrow county, Ohio, her only assistant being a boy, and she lives in a log hut adjoining the mill and has no intercourse with her neighbors except in a business way. The mill, built a century ago, was owned by her father and she has kept it going since his death.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Does laughing cause dimples, or do dimples cause laughing?

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

The golf player doesn't always know what he is driving at.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Seventy three per cent. of ships entering British ports fly the national flag.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Ocean steamers can ascend the St. Lawrence River 986 miles.

W. H. Griffin, Jackson, Michigan, writes "Suffered with Catarrh for fifteen years. Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A vessel going from Montreal to Port Arthur has to ascend 600 feet.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

Great Britain and Ireland, according to the completed census returns, have a population of about 42,000,000.

One way of giving the professional beggar a chance to rise in the world is to give him a good blowing up.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The beggar doesn't have to be weighed in the balance to be found wanting.

The confirmed bachelor describes Cupid as an arrow-chested, bow-legged little mischief-maker.

Crab Orchard Water

Is used and recommended by physicians all over the world as one of the most reliable laxatives and purgatives. It is sure in its action, and has wonderful curative properties.

Some women who are not naturally pretty make up for it in other ways.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

Great Britain buys about 11,000 tons of German toys annually.

Smithdeal's

Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c. "Leading business college south of the Potomac river."—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address, G. M. Smithdeal, President, Richmond, Va.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) cures all skin eruptions, itching humors, eczema, watery blisters, scabs, scales, festering sores, boils, carbuncles; heals every sore by giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Cures old, deep-seated cases after all else fails. Druggists, $1. Describe symptoms and treatment sent free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gilham, 12 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga.

The people who think they have all the trouble in the world are really suffering from vivid imaginations.

Hair Falls

"I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop my hair from falling. One-half a bottle cured me."
J. C. Baxter, Braidwood, Ill.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is certainly the most economical preparation of its kind on the market. A little of it goes a long way. It doesn't take much of it to stop falling of the hair, make the hair grow, and restore color to gray hair. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness and give you a good digestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation and biliousness. Gently laxative. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

HORNER MILITARY SCHOOL,
OXFORD, N. C.
The best disciplined School and the most thoroughly taught Scholars Guaranteed.
Actual Results are the Best Arguments.
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Founded 1851. J. C. HORNER.

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Tulane University of Louisiana.
Founded in 1834, and now has 3,841 Graduates.
Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materials are unequalled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 900 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 31st, 1901. For catalogue and information address PROF. S. E. CHAILLE, M. D., Dean, P. O. Drawer 261, New Orleans, La.

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CRAM'S POPULAR ATLAS
OF U. S. AND WORLD.
New maps—New Census; New Statistics—Most popular and valuable work ever offered. Quicksell seller issued in 10 years. Exclusive territory. Low price. Liberal terms. HUDGINS PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Am. N. U., No. 40. 1901.

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If you do you should send your name and address on a postal card for a
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GUN CATALOGUE. IT'S FREE.
It illustrates and describes all the different Winchester Rifles, Shotguns and Ammunition, and contains much valuable information. Send at once to the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

Prevent Baldness
And Cleanse the Scalp of Crusts, Scales, and Dandruff by Shampoos with

And light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,
Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, 28, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 1$

SICK HEADACHE
succumbs readily to the easy remedy to take

A natural medicinal water—concentrated. Aperient, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures—Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Constipation, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Dysentery, Constipation, Piles.
Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical to buy.
The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Apple trade mark on every bottle.
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

Ladies
Are Quick to Learn
And they are finding out that there is nothing better for biliousness, constipation, and all derangements of the liver and bowels than
LIVERINA.
It is easy to take, does not gripe nor purge, making it a splendid medicine for children.
50 Cents a Bottle at All Retailers.
Made and Guaranteed by
GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
Montgomery, Ala.

DROPSY [illegible] Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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LION COFFEE
A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

"What Do The Nets Contain?"

The net is cast, the net is filled,
But what does it contain?
The guesses of the men are stilled
As at the ropes they strain.
The catch is yet uncounted, and
The haul is yet unseen;
Excitement reigns on every hand—
What will the capture mean?

The net, with contents yet concealed—
Like our new Premium List,
Has prizes that are unrevealed,
And therefore, yet unmissed.
Conjecture will be very rife
To know what presents rare,
For children, and for man and wife,
September first will bare.

Remember on that day to go
To grocer and persist
That upon you he should bestow
LION COFFEE's newest List.
If he's without them, write to us,
A two-cent stamp inclose;
You'll get it without further fuss—
The LION promptness shows.

Watch our next advertisement.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

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W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

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SHAVING OUTFIT
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- English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
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OF COURSE WE WILL.

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YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

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They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
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A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will quickly relieve those smarting menstrual pains and the dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

Gainswoon, La., Oct. 14, 1899.
I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.
MRS. M. A. YOUNG.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
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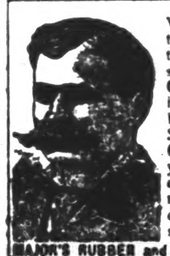

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Five separate cements—the best. Insist on having them.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

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Of this line pass Cairo daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Ammon, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

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750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And are instead of many burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The *best* and only *really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

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Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

WHEN PATRIOTS REJOICE

Something About the Fourth and Its History.

It is only 125 years since the Fourth was established, and the most wonderful era in the history of the world dawned in America, when the old Liberty bell rang out the glad tidings to the people of a disenthralled land, and the Declaration was made which spoke to the world of posterity in thunder tones:

"We hold these truths to be self evident: That all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

The new Liberty bell is essentially an American product, says the Detroit Free Press, for the old bell was cast in London, and the order for it was sent a year before it was received in this country. At last it came in 1752, and before it was landed from the ship that brought it hundreds of people went to inspect it and rejoiced in its coming. It was all that had been expected, but an accident ruined its clear tone and mutilated it so badly that it had to be recast. Isaac Norris, Esq., speaker of the colonial assembly, was given the superintendence of the task, and to him is ascribed the honor of having originally suggested the motto, "Proclaim liberty throughout the land and to all the inhabitants thereof."

The reason of the breaking of the first bell was that it was too brittle, and its tone was too high and shrill. But the new bell was considered perfect, and, mounted on its pedestal in the old statehouse at Philadelphia, it rang in the birth of freedom on July 4, 1776, and its reverberation still echoes in the hearts of Americans everywhere.

The old statehouse bell, time hallowed bell,
The magic tones were first to tell
In thunder peals a nation free!

For 50 years the bell of freedom kept the national jubilee. Then it cracked and became silent. During the world's fair it was conveyed, a mute object of patriotic adoration, from Philadelphia to Chicago, and there exhibited. No distinguished traveler was ever escorted with more care and watchfulness or received more homage from the patriotic people wherever it greeted its coming.

In the New England states the Fourth of July is celebrated with greatest ardor. Cannon are fired at sunrise, and the ringing of bells, the snapping and cracking of firecrackers and the shouts of the juveniles make a noise that is deafening, but welcome. Later in the day there is a meeting of the military, and the bearing of flags and beating of drums add to the glory of the spectacle. Picnics are attended at rural groves, orations are made by speakers selected for the occasion, and the nation's birthday is celebrated by a fitting demonstration of enthusiasm, skyrockets and illumination ending the sport.

The manufacture of fireworks for the Fourth of July is one of the industries of the country. The Roman candles, set pieces, hissing skyrockets which turn into many colored serpents, stars, flowers, prismatic fountains, comets with long tails of variegated colors, the "devil among the tailors" and a hundred other fantastic sorts are made in America. The factories for the manufacture of fireworks are seldom located in cities on account of the dangerous explosives employed, but in some quiet spot where a little village of 50 or more cottages surrounds the factory, all being inclosed by a high board fence, upon which the placard "No Admittance" is conspicuously painted. Women and girls are employed in the less dangerous work of preparing the cases, while men and boys work with the combustible filling.

Fourth of July Doints.

Don't let the bells, when they awaken you Thursday morning, lead you to think there is a general alarm of fire. That will not come until later in the day.

Don't trouble yourself to call your son and heir. There is one day in the year when he gets up without your assistance.

Don't endeavor to add to the vehemence of the celebration by encouraging your dog to bark or "mamma's baby" to inform the world that it has a job of tooth cutting on hand.

Don't blow into the face of the lighted firecracker. It may resent the indignity by an unexpected demonstration on its part.

Don't make a fishmonger of yourself by going about blowing a tin horn.

Don't worry overmuch about the boy. It won't make him feel any more comfortable when he comes in with an eye in eclipse, and it is just possible your worry will be all for naught.

Don't leave any of your fingers by the wayside. Other days are coming when you may have use for the entire outfit.—Selected.

One Fourth of July Boy.

He started out early, our dear little boy,
With seventeen packs and a nice cannon toy,
A pistol for caps and torpedoes galore,
And a hundred and forty-nine pinwheels or more.

We hired a man just to watch him at play
And to follow his footsteps around all the day.
Ten times in the morning he saved the dear's life,
But was blown up himself and sent home to his wife.

And at night, when they brought what was left of our boy,
Our anguish was tempered by small grains of joy.
For he said, as the powder was picked from his eye,
"I wish 'at tomorrow was Fourth o' July!"

Then the doctors came round at our urgent request
And tacked on his limbs where they fitted the best,
But the kid only said, "I'd be willin to die
Every day if 'twas only the Fourth o' July!"
—New York Evening Sun.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOLARSHIP OFFER

Scholarships and Expenses for Girls in the Great Daily.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every bona fide girl in Georgia, who will secure ten new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's tuition at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 towards her student's expenses for the year.

This offer covers every school in the state. Every girl who wishes to avail herself of the opportunity should take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of any one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in tuition and expenses for one year is approximately $2,000. No one need hesitate when such a splendid provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be remembered and vast good will come from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

A BOOK OF THE DOG

We have received from the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. Broad, Philadelphia, Pa., a copy of their Dog Buyers' Guide. It contains finely executed colored frontispiece, well drawn engravings of prize every breed of dog, and all kinds of dog furnishing goods. We cannot judge that the book has cost a great deal more to produce than the price asked—15 cents—and we would advise all of our readers, who are interested in dogs to send for the book.

It Dazzles The World

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. Wheeler's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and so made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

And Yet He Could Write.

Among the public servants who are worried by foolish questions the superintendent of mails in the postoffice gets his full share. One of his visitors on a certain occasion was a man who said to the deputy who answered the call at the window:

"I am going out of town today and want to get a letter to my brother who is on board the Majestic and she hasn't got due until Wednesday. I don't know where he will stay in New York or where he will go from here. Can you help me?"

"Certainly we can," said the clerk. "A mailboat goes to meet the steamer and if you address your letter properly and put domestic postage on it it will be delivered all right."

"But how shall I address it—what shall I send it?"

"Address it 'John Smith, passenger on board incoming steamer Majestic due in New York, Dec. 12.' That will reach him."

"No city? No nothing?"

"That's all—just as I told you."

The man thanked the clerk and went away, and came back a little later with an addressed letter in his hand.

"Say," he said to the clerk, "when I put that letter in I've addressed it and stamped it all right, but the name of the man isn't John Smith. How about that?"—New York Tribune.

Poaching in London Parks

Nearly all the London parks are well stocked with eatable birds, and it is the easiest thing in the world for the loafers to kill them, clean them and carry them off to the nearest hotel for roasting. A story is told by London dooners of a couple of impecunious Scotch black and white artists who took a garret in Lincoln's Inn Fields and lived for a week on Law court pigeons, which are plump, lively, plentiful and tame and would doubtless make a good meal. In addition to poaching in the parks, there is good reason to believe that many of the rare birds sold to shady bird dealers are snared there.—Glasgow News.

To Save Her Child

A frightful disfigurement threatened Annie Galleger, of LaGrange, but applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and it healed them, and writes its quick cure saved all her hopes. It works like magic in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Boils, Felons, 25c. Cure guaranteed by Drug Co.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY AUGUST 1, 1901 NO. 41

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOLARSHIP OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs to the Great Daily.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure the new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's tuition at any educational institution in Georgia and $100 00 toward the student's expenses for the year.

This opens every school and college room door in the State to every ambitious boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need lack when such ample provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

A BOOK OF THE DOG.

We have received from the Associated Fanciers, 400 N. Third St., Philadelphia, Pa., a copy of their Dog Buyers' Guide. It contains a finely executed colored frontispiece, well drawn engravings of nearly every breed of dog, and all kinds of dog furnishing goods. We should judge that the book has cost a great deal more to produce than the price asked—15 cents—and we would advise all of our readers, who are interested in dogs to send for the book.

It Dazzles The World.

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by all druggists who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1 00 Trial bottles free.

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Nearly all the London parks are well stocked with eatable birds, and it is the easiest thing in the world for the loafers to kill them, clean them and carry them off to the nearest hot plate for roasting. A story is told by Londoners of a couple of impecunious Scotch black and white artists who took a garret in Lincoln's Inn Fields and lived for a week on Law court pigeons, which are plump, lively, plentiful and tame and would doubtless make a good meal. In addition to poaching in the parks, there is also good reason to believe that many of the rare birds sold to shady bird dealers are snared there.—Glasgow News.

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

The weather continues hot, although at this moment there is a refreshing rain falling, and the atmosphere is delightfully cool. This is the time of year when a man who has been taking life easy, if he is wise, takes stock. The farmer has laid by his crop and goes a visiting; the merchant says business is dull and goes on a little trip; the clerk gets off of the store and goes a fishing; and the individual who is writing this sees he has mighty little to write about and would like to go to sleep.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men which taken at the flood leads on to fortune," says the Bard of Avon. There is also a tide in the affairs of communities, and it certainly looks as if the tide had struck Clanton and we are riding on the crest of general improvement. Nothing speaks so well for a town as the evidence that its citizens are prospering and showing their prosperity by improving their dwelling houses and places of business.

The last two or three years has seen the erection of several elegant residences in different parts of town, and while we all deplore the heavy losses caused by the fire this year in the business part of Clanton, everyone acknowledges the new brick buildings are a decided improvement on the old wooden houses. Last week I named the buildings in progress and besides those then mentioned, W. E. Johnson is building an addition to her residence and painting the entire building. W. J. Wilson is guarding against fire by putting a tin roof on his store. E. L. Packard & Co., are painting their storehouse inside and out, Mr. Edwards is getting the brick material on the ground and intends to commence building his new brick store next week. T. A. Hardy also expects to commence his new brick building right away, as soon as Ben Teel gets through with the work he has in hand he will erect another of his handsome dwelling houses.

All these things point to the fact that Clanton is going right ahead, not with outside assistance, but by the energy of its citizens and with their own resources. They all recognize that now is the flood and are pushing their barks to the harbor of prosperity. New-comers are welcome if they are ready to put their shoulder to the wheel, there is room for all providing they are of the right sort.

And, by the by, Thorsby is also making great strides forward. The college building is going up rapidly, and a big new hotel is to be built opposite the depot, and several dwellings are in course of erection. Franzen & Olsen have dissolved partnership, and Mr. Franzen will continue the business with enlarged stock and increased facilities. Thorsby is also going to have a waterworks, and I wish Clanton was going to do as well in this direction. In case of fire a supply of water is invaluable.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Annie Galleger, of LaGrange, applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head, and writes its quick cure saved all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Boils. 25c. Cure guaranteed. Clanton Drug Co.

THE PAN-AMERICAN

A Piece of Wonderful and Interesting Sights

The Progress and Resources of the Americas Illustrated and Exhibited.

I will endeavor to give a brief description of a few of the interesting features of this exposition in the hope of being of some information to my friends and patrons in Chilton county who are about to attend, and to encourage others to visit this interesting and instructive exhibition. To attempt to give a faithful description would be to invite failure more than half way.

However, the site of the Pan-American Exposition is an ideal one. It is on high ground and includes many acres of improved park lands. There is a wealth of foliage and hundreds of beds of flowers, interspersed with grassy glades and graveled walks.

The buildings, of which there are some twenty large ones for exhibits and about one hundred smaller ones, including state and foreign buildings, midway shows, etc., are radiant with color.

In the midst of these buildings is a tower four hundred and ten feet high, most beautiful in design and graceful in proportions. This is the Electric Tower, pictures and descriptions of which have made thousands of people eager to visit the exposition. Every visitor pauses in wonder and admiration before this splendid structure. From a niche in the face of the tower pours a great volume of water which is broken into spray by a deflector and falls upon broad ledges from which it flows into an immense basin, in which are several fountains, jets which rise to a great height. By day the scene is grand and inspiring. By night, when thousands of incandescent lights and a hundred searchlights illuminate the tower and its surroundings, the grandeur and inspiration are increased a thousand fold. It is a picture that must linger forever in the memory. While one stands entranced by the sight, the color everywhere changes to purple, and from that to red, and and to blue, to violet and to green. But the brilliant day and night scenes are not confined to the Electric Tower and its basin. One has to turn but half around to view another splendid sight, the Court of Fountains. Here the water projected into the air assumes various forms, and at night all are are under the play of varicolored electric lights. Nothing excelling this picture has even been created by man for the pleasure of his fellows.

Standing upon the Triumphal Bridge, which is itself an architectural masterpiece with massive pylons and grand sculptural groups, one gets a splendid view.

Beyond the Electric Tower, to the north is one of the choicest beauty spots, the Plaza. In the center is a band stand, from which the most celebrated bands, such as Sousa's' the Mexican government Infantry and Fanciulli's, give daily and evening concerts.

On the north are the monumental entrances to the Plaza from the railway station. On the east is the arched and towered entrance to the Stadium in which sports are held with a seating capacity of 12,000 souls.

On the west is a similar entrance to the midway, a place of unfounded interest for visitors. It is not only a place of amusement, but a great educator, affording as it does glimpses of life in many foreign lands. To describe this feature would require a "special article"—perhaps later.

Encircling the buildings is a grand canal on which can always be seen gondolas, electric launches, etc.

There is a fine natural lake in the grounds and it is always dotted with gay craft. In this lake rides at anchor the sloop "Spray" in which Capt. Joshua Slocum sailed around the world all alone. The Captain and his wife and son are on the sloop and receive and entertain visitors. On the shore of the lake is a U. S. Government life-saving station with a crew station here to give daily exhibitions of their work.

The electric Tower with elevators that run up 270 feet afford a grand outlook. Visitors who have

(continued on 3rd column page 4)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

Macedonia.

The crop prospect in this section is encouraging since the nice showers; old corn was injured some but it keeps raining young corn will be good.

Prof. Martin has a full school at this place now, eighty two enrolled.

The writer has just closed a successful singing school at Pleasant Grove. CENT.

Bicyclist, base ball and foot ball teams will find Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic the very thing they need in their business when the race is ended and the game is played. For Sore muscles, Bruises, Sprains, etc., it is O. K., and "don't you forget it." Clean and pleasant as perfume and costs only 50c.

Bethel

Prof. Colliers school is progressing nicely; all the people seem well pleased.

Some of the Bethelites went to Coopers Saturday, and report a nice time, especially the girls seemed to enjoy themselves. The singing Sunday afternoon was a failure as they had no "header."

Miss Ada Askins had company Sunday.

Mr. George Moore and Miss Etta spent Sunday afternoon in Coopers, hope they had a nice time.

Mrs. Martha, wife of Mr Jim Mims died last Tuesday afternoon. She was a good kind hearted christian woman, much esteemed by all her friends and neighbors. We know that we can say no word of comfort to such sorrowing souls, as such have to look to a higher one to comfort them now in their time of need, but we wish to say that we believe if they will follow in her footsteps they will meet her in a better, purer world than this.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Pleasant Grove.

The church here has regular conference board a report from the delegates from this church to the 20th century meeting at Macedonia and the following resolutions were adopted:

1st. That we endorse the Chilton County Association.

2nd. That we earnestly request that the Mulberry association convene with the Pleasant Grove church at the time appointed 16th of October 1901, and take up the regular order of business agreed on at the last session of the Mulberry association.

3rd. That we request the churches of Mulberry association to send delegates to said association at Pleasant Grove Oct. 16th 1901, instructed to vote to dissolve, Mulberry association, in order that each church may obtain letters to go into the constitution of the Chilton County Association. Done by order of the church, July 27, 1901.

S. SMITHERMAN, Mod.
D. H. HODGINS, Clerk.

They Struck It Rich

It was a grand thing for this community that such an enterprising firm as the Clanton drug Co secured the Agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvellous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50c and $1 00.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Jemison.

Jemison is not so warm but the weather is.

We are sorry to say that the wife of Mr. W. A. Reynolds is very sick.

Mr. Houston Hunt left Monday for Longview on a pleasure trip.

Miss Bevy Whatley of Birmingham is visiting friends here.

Prof. J. M Collier was in town last week on business.

Dr. Henry Lane, of Montevallo was in our city Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. Erasmus Langston and sister Miss Laura visited friends in Active Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. J. B. Crysel and family have returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives in Wortior and Helena.

Mr. John Garner and family of Clanton passed through our city Tuesday.

Miss Gussie Robinson has returned home after a pleasant visit to her sister Mrs J. O. Gentry of Active.

Atkinson & Atkinson have added another story to their already spacious storehouse.

Messrs. Jesse Durham and John Patton looked happy Thursday evening.

The young people enjoyed a party given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs J. W. F. Garner's last Friday night.

The shirt-waist man has come to stay—Mr. D. L. Langston, Mr. Wash Smith, and Dr. R. B. McNeil are pushing the fad along in our city. CRITIC.

Birthday Barbecue.

It has been the custom of Mr. Martin S. Bates for several years past to call his children and connection together and give them a big dinner on his birthday. Last Friday, July 26, being his 65th birthday. "Uncle Mart," as he is known, selected a place opposite the Rollifee Bates Island on the Coosa river. The writer having a hankering after barbecued sheep set out at break of day on 25th, after traveling four miles heard of Mr. Bates' daughter who married Mr. Jourdan, drove boldly up to the house; was met at the gate by Mr. Jourdan, who said "what do you want?" And by the way, he did not have the tone of voice to suit a man out for grub. My reply was, did you marry Uncle Mart's daughter? He said "yes, but I had to steal her." I told him Uncle Mart said I could get breakfast here, so he led the way to the dining room and from the big soft biscuits, large plate of ham, eggs and Peaberry coffee, I decided he had made a good steal. After I had paid my respects to the ham and eggs and was going in to the butter and honey, Uncle Mart was there and gently reminded me that he had a send down the road and he was sure we would get dinner and it was not healthy to eat much this hot weather. So on we went, Uncle Mart leading the way, we reached Mr. Rolifee Bates for dinner. The cattle and sheep being ready for the butcher, I was on the detail to select the ground to dig the pit, which we did in one of the most beautiful and shady places right on the banks of the Coosa river when the springs burst out to the hill side and empty their sparkling waters into the grand old Coosa when the red man years ago forded it on his pony.

Well, I can say the dinner was all that could be expected, plenty of everything to eat and smoke and some left. All Mr. Bates' family being present with their friends, I can truthfully say it was the nicest thing of the kind I ever witnessed, the grand old man surrounded by his children and grandchildren it was inspiring to me to see the old Christian that he is sit for a picture in a group of his kindred and offspring. May he live to repeat it many years. Yours,

W. W. WALLE.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

PAINTING Two hustling painters "Just from Georgia" want to do your painting. Estimates given; prices low. Moore, the Painter, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 19, 1900
We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.
THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

DOWAS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS
$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.
and on Thursday, July 25,
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3⅓ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3⅓ oz. Hot Scotch.
1500 pounds of TOBACCO
and 600 pounds of SNUFF
Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT

R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The O. K. Lunch Counter
MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES
Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
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ROBERT E. KNOX,
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CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
STUDIES IN A. PRIVET ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 10 and 3 to 4.
Telephone 434—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. E. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

GOING TO SCHOOL!
The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.
Board $8.00 per month.
Send for catalogue.
H. J. WILLINGHAM, President.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH
PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC'Y & TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
GENERAL AGENT. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton.
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Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.
The assessments for the year just closed was only 23c on the $1000 policy.
The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the General Agent. WALLACE C. EDLER, Clanton, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

ELANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Medical men are now practically unanimous in the belief that nutritious food and plenty of fresh air and exercise will restore to health almost any sufferer from consumption, if this treatment is undertaken soon enough. And the dissemination of the disease can be largely, if not entirely, prevented by observing certain sanitary precautions. Unfortunately, however, the painstaking of educated and scrupulous persons is more than offset by the carelessness of the ignorant. Hence the necessity for enlightening the masses on the subject, says the New York Tribune.

Those who are to come after us are to make as much progress as we have made, or as those have made who went before us, and the lines along which that progress will move cannot now be predicted. For this reason, while it is desirable to build in a thoroughly safe manner, and to guard against all risks, especially those of fire, it is highly questionable whether it is desirable to construct buildings in such a solid manner that when a half century from this time it becomes necessary to either destroy them or radically alter them, the change will involve a great and unnecessary sacrifice to the owner, remarks the Boston Herald.

A writer in the Popular Science Monthly discusses the sterility of geniuses. The tendency of women of genius is to marry late in life. Of 819 British men of genius, twenty-eight per cent. never married, while the normal ratio of bachelors to the entire population is only ten per cent. The marriages of this class of men were unfruitful in about twenty per cent. of the total number of cases. This is much higher than the ratio of childless marriages in the middle and upper classes in Great Britain and the United States, which is placed at thirteen per cent. But the infertility of geniuses is compensated by their greater vitality, for they are proverbially long lived.

A writer in Nature, discussing the rise of the new chemical industry of producing artificial perfumes, makes a significant remark concerning the sense of smell in human beings. He declares that it is, as yet, wholly uncultured. "In walking through the country," he says, "we can rarely identify a particular odor caught until the sight of the plant from which it emanates makes us wonder at our hesitation." He suggests that the growth of the perfume industry, which results in the continual production of new odors, may lead to a cultivation of the neglected sense of smell, which may be capable of as artistic development as that which odor perception has attained.

Rubber has done a great deal for civilization, and civilization has done a great deal for rubber, but both are indebted to Charles Goodyear, hero and martyr, to whom the manufacturers of the United States should erect an ebonite monument as high as the shaft on Bunker Hill. "I believe," said Daniel Webster, in the famous patent suit in which he fought the good fight for Goodyear, "that Charles Goodyear is to go down to posterity in the history of the arts in this country in that great class of inventors at the head of which stands Robert Fulton, in which class stand the names of Whitney and Morse, and in which class will stand, not far removed, the humble name of Charles Goodyear."

In the old times Europe did not mind the riches of America; it seemed to the Old World that our millionaires came by their wealth in some crude way which could not possibly injure European industries or compete with them. American money enriched innkeepers and the worn-out sons of ancient and decrepit families, and that was the end of the matter. Three years ago it was no more suspected by the mass of Europeans, especially of continental Europeans, that we would soon be competing with their manufacturers than that we could knock Cervera's fleet to pieces in a short run along the southern coast of Cuba. There has come a wonderful change over the dream of Europe. It is clear to the most obtuse now that the United States is the greatest industrial power in the world, and that trade and industrial conditions in Europe must be changed in order to meet the new giant, observes Harper's Weekly.

ABOUT ALABAMA AFFAIRS

MAN FOUND MURDERED IN HIS MELON PATCH.

SERIOUS RAILROAD CROSSING ACCIDENT

Aldbama Oil Field — Boy Suicides at Opelika — Alabamian Drowned in Georgia— Tube Works—Shooting at Huntsville — Items.

A MYSTERY.

The body of Patrick Taff, a wealthy and well known citizen of Oak Grove, was found cold in death in a little house in his melon patch last Thursday morning. A post morten revealed the fact that the skull was fractured in four places, two in front and two behind. At the inquest, the weapon with which the murder was committed was produced. It was a heavy iron bolt, about two feet long, and having a square head. The stain of the victim's blood was plainly traced on the surface of the bolt. This bolt was found in the melon patch, about thirty feet from the shed in which the crime was committed. The deceased was unmarried and about 57 years of age. He had a general store and lived in the rear of store. He had accumulated considerable means. Among the keys taken from the body was the key to the store, but so far as can be ascertained the store was not entered by the assassin or assassins. It is believed to have been the intention to rob the store after killing the proprietor, but something is thought to have interfered with this plan. The affair has created a great deal of excitement in the neighborhood, and speculation is rife as to who committed the crime. No tangible clew has been found.

THE DEADLY CROSSING.

Early Thursday morning a freight train on the Louisville & Nashville railroad crashed into a street car on the Gate City line at East Birmingham and one person was killed instantly and several were more or less injured. At this point the view is obstructed on both sides by buildings and it is impossible for a motorman to see whether or not a train is approaching until his car is almost upon the track. When the car reached the crossing a freight train was passing and the car was stopped by the motorman until the train had cleared the track. When the train passed the motorman started ahead, not noticing another freight train directly behind the first, and before he could again bring his car to a stop the car and engine were in collision. The car was caught by the pilot of the engine and turned around and it then toppled over on its side.

ONLY ONE IN THE SOUTH.

The company which has purchased the old Helena rolling mills and will make extensive improvements on the site of that plant is known as the Alabama Tube and Iron Company, and it is stated that this concern will conduct a rolling mill and will manufacture tubing. The new buildings are to cost a large amount of money, as they are to be in every way modern and convenient. The tubing machinery, along with the buildings for it will, be entirely new and will represent an outlay of several thousand dollars. The concern will employ a large number of men. It is believed that within ninety days the mills will be in operation and placing finished iron ore on the market and before long after that the new buildings will have been completed and the tubing department about ready to start.

GIRARD CITIZEN DROWNED.

Heath Blanchard, a prominent citizen of Girard, was drowned in the Chattahoochee river, three miles above Columbus, Ga., Saturday afternoon. He and a companion, Bunk Newberry, were fishing and waded out into the river at a swift place. Blanchard started across and was swept away.

A HAIL storm in Russia, July 23d, destroyed the crops over a wide area. Three men and many cattle were killed, while an entire flock of sheep and two shepherds were carried off by the flood. Some of the hail stones weighed three pounds.

WHOLESALE DRUGS.

A new wholesale drug house is to be established in Birmingham in October. It is to be a stock company and the gentleman who will be at the head of it is one of the oldest and best known drug men in the South, Mr. J. T. Forester, of Greenville, S. C.

JERMAN Riesco has been chosen president of Chili.

ALABAMA OIL.

Major John N. Otley, the geologist employed to examine the holdings of the Russellville Oil and Gas company, has submitted his report to the company. Otley is considered one of the foremost geologists in the United States, he having located the celebrated Beaumont, Texas, oil fields. He says the indications are so pointed that the question of securing oil in paying quantities is very secondary. The structural arrangement is such that the pools are necessarily broad and when the catastrophes have been sufficient, but not too violent, deep pools may be anticipated. Since the receipt of this report the company has decided to go actively to work and begin developing its 40,000 acres of land.

SHE LAID HIM UP.

There was a serious cutting affray in the weaving room of the Dwight Manufacturing Company, at Gadsden, Friday, in which a young woman badly injured a young man. Miss Willie Sapp went to the loom where a Mrs. Resson was working and upbraided her for something she was charged with saying about her. A row ensued whereupon Tom Resson came to his mother's aid and struck Miss Sapp on the head with a spindle, making a bad wound. Miss Sapp drew her knife and slashed Tom on the left arm and shoulder. Resson struck her again and ran, but fell down. Miss Sapp jumped on him, caught up his foot and cut him from the knee down, laying the flesh open to the bone and severing a large artrey, from which Resson came near bleeding to death.

A NEW INDUSTRY.

Bids for excavating the grounds for the new shops of the Southern Car and Foundry Company to be located at Ensley have been opened, and the contract was awarded by President Elliott and Engineer Alford to the firm of Dunn & Lallande Brothers of Birmingham. The contract calls for the removal of more than eighty thousand yards of dirt and rock, and it amounts to a large sum. The capacity of this new plant will be twenty finished cars a day. Ten of this number will be iron and ten wood. Work will be pushed forward rapidly.

GREAT EXPECTATIONS.

Cook Springs is booming. Captain A. F. Lucas, the oil king, and two companies are in the field leasing and taking options on all of the land they can get. The companies are New York and Mobile people and have plenty of capital behind them. Operations will begin in the near future. Cook Springs is a health resort, and the outlook is very flattering. If the oil is found in as large quantities as Captain Lucas expects, people will not only go there for health, but to invest in property.

CONFEDERATE REUNION.

The Confederate reunion held at Lafayette Saturday drew a large crowd. General William C. Oates delivered a magnificent address. His oration dealt with history and with reminiscences and was frequently applauded. This was the first day since the Convention has been in session that General Oates was absent. Hon. J. T. Heflin presided.

Fire Saturday noon destroyed the residence of Chas. F. White in Troy. But for prompt work by the department the fire might have burned several other residences.

AT TWO GIRLS.

John Edwards, a young Dallas mill employe, fired three shots from a shot gun at two girls in West Huntsville Friday. The girls were frightened by Edwards, and as they ran away from him he fired, wounding one girl in the hand. The shooting was witnessed by a hundred people on an electric car.

At the preliminary the marksman was fined $35.

IT IS NEEDED.

Birmingham is to have a wholesale paper house within a short while. Mr. J. W. McClelland, of Atlanta, Ga., is looking for a location.

A YOUNG SUICIDE.

Will C. Daffin, 17 years old, son of W. R. Daffin, a prominent merchant, of Opelika, committed suicide Saturday night by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. He had been talking with his mother and went to his room, locked the door and in a few moments the sound of the pistol was heard. He died instantly. No cause for the deed is known.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Fifty-second Day.

Suffrage Committee Report Under Discussion—Three Sections of the Article Adopted.

One hundred and one and 105 was the attendance today.

Mr. Lowe introduced a suffrage scheme of eleven sections, which was offered as a substitute for the majority report of the committee.

General Sanford introduced an ordinance to empower the state to construct by convict labor a canal from Birmingham to the Warrior river. Also an ordinance to limit the holding of lands by corporations to 1000 acres without permission of the legislature.

An effort was made to reconsider section 59 of the legislative article which prevents the legislature from remitting debts due the state from individuals or corporations.

The suffrage committee report was then taken up, Judge Coleman, chairman of the committee, making a short introductory speech.

The following sections were adopted:

Sec. 1. Every male citizen of this state who is a citizen of the United States, 21 years old or upwards, not laboring under any disabilities named in this article, and possessing the qualifications required by it, and every foreign born male citizen who has declared his intention of becoming a citizen and shall have resided in the state five years, shall be an elector, and shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people.

Section 2. To entitle a person to vote at any election by the people he shall have resided in the state at least two years in the county one year and in the precinct or ward three months immediately preceding the election at which he offers to vote, and he shall have been duly registered as an elector and shall have paid on or before the first day of February next preceding the date of the election at which he offers to vote all poll taxes due from him for the year 1901 and for each subsequent year provided that any elector who, within three months next preceding the date of the election at which he offers to vote has removed from one precinct or ward to another precinct or ward in the same county, incorporated town or city, shall have the right to vote in the precinct or ward from which he has so removed if he would have been entitled to vote in such precinct or ward but for such removal.

Section 3. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and that elections by persons in a representative capacity shall be viva voce.

Section 4 was under discussion when the time for adjournment arrived.

Fifty-third Day.

Oratory is Now the Rule at the Sessions—The Granddaddy Clause Is the Whole Cause.

One hundred and seven delegates were present this morning and a dozen more this afternoon. Mr. O'Neill, of Jefferson, offered a resolution authorizing the legislature to provide for electors expressing their choice for United States senator.

The discussion of the suffrage article was resumed. Those who spoke in favor were Judge Walker, who made an able speech, and Messrs. O'Neal and Heflin. Those who opposed the grandfather clause were Governor Oates, Mr. Dent, Mr. Freeman, a republican, Mr. Banks and Mr. Lowe, who pleaded for fair elections.

Fifty-fourth Day.

Interest Centers About the Grandaddy Clause—A Day of Oratory—No New Business.

One hundred and six and 130 was the attendance today. For the first time neither ordinance nor resolution was offered. Mr. White and Mr. Weatherly spoke on the suffrage clause, the former attacking, the latter supporting it. Mr. Knox will speak tomorrow.

Fifty-fifth Day.

More Oratory on the Suffrage Clause—Mr. Knox Speaks For it—Corporation Committee Reports.

One hundred and nineteen were present this morning and 186 in the evening. The committee on corporations submitted its report, the principal changes made in the present law are that the legislature is requested to pass general laws for the creation of corporations. Foreign corporations are required to file copies of their charters with the secretary of state. Corporations cannot use the streets of a city for wires, pipes, etc., without the consent of the municipal authorities. It makes the acceptance of free passes by an official a misdemeanor and ground for impeachment.

President Knox spoke in favor of the suffrage report as did some others. The rest of the day was spent in oratory.

Fifty-sixth Day.

No Quorum—Nothing but Oratory—Will Vote on Suffrage Plan On Next Tuesday.

Only 72 delegates answered to roll call at the one session held today. Late arrivals however numbered enough for business. The entire session was spent in debating the grandfather clause. Speeches were made in favor of the majority report by Dr. Cunningham of Jefferson, Mr. Watts of Montgomery and Mr. Martin, of Calhoun. Mr Spears, of St. Clair, a republican delegate, spoke against the entire plan. The convention will devote all of Monday to oratory on this question, and take a vote at 12 o'clock Tuesday on the grandfather clause.

Fifty-seventh Day.

The Last Day of Speech Making—Interest in the Suffrage Clause at Low Ebb—Final Vote.

There were 91 delegates on hand this morning to hear the last day's speeches anent the suffrage clause and in the afternoon one had apparently lost interest as only 90 appeared. The entire day was spent in oratory and there were only about a dozen spectators. The principal speakers were Messrs. Blackwell, Sollie, Ashcraft and Miller. One republican, Mr. Porter, spoke against the clause.

AFTER A FRANCHISE.

Gentlemen at the head of a company proposing to build an electric railway line from Pratt City, via Ensley, Dolomite and Brighton to Bessemer, have applied for a franchise. Those interested have plenty of money, and the road, if built, will prove a paying investment, as it will pass almost continuously through a thickly-settled district.

GADSDEN'S CITY RAILWAY.

A new company has purchased the electric car line from Gadsden to Attalla, and the power house and equipments. The line will be consolidated with the Gadsden Light, Ice and Coal Company, under the name of the Alabama City, Gadsden and Attalla Railroad Company. The public is promised first-class accomodations.

CAUGHT IN THE WHEELS.

Gilbert Freeman, son of Mr. Ed. Freeman, a prominent citizen of Russellville, got caught under the wheels of a steam shovel Friday morning and had his foot terribly mangled. The young man was working with the shovel gang at the mines, and in some manner failed to hear or see the signal to move the shovel up.

Messrs. Walter Wyler and John Thomas fell from a scaffold to the ground and were painfully injured at Montgomery Saturday.

Eufaula has the addition to her public school completed and has selected the teachers for the ensuing year.

We all have reason to be proud of the tribute paid to the American troops in Pekin when they withdrew the other day from the quarter of the city of which they had charge, observes Life. The Chinamen who had lived under their authority held a mass meeting and begged them not to go. Numbers of petitions to the same effect, signed by many signers, were sent in to General Chaffee. They availed nothing, for there is only a legation guard of American troops left in Pekin now. But the feelings of the Chinese about our men were a splendid tribute to our army and to American spirit. Our dealings in China from beginning to end have been something to be thankful for. Individual misconduct there may of course have been, but the purposes of our Government have been wise, humane and noble, and have been admirably carried out.

Speaking of suggestion and hypnotism, the Lancet refers to the case of a nurse who suffered from a mania of destructiveness, but who was unscrupulous enough to suggest to her charge, a little girl aged seven years, that the latter should confess to the misdeeds. During nine months the little girl voluntarily made herself the scapegoat, confessed to being the wrongdoer, and voluntarily bore every punishment without ever betraying her nurse.

The attorney-general of Massachusetts has rendered a decision in relation to the constitutionality of the bills authorizing street railways to carry merchandise in small packages. He finds that the bills are constitutional.

In order to prevent their tribal income from too much subdivision the Penobscot tribe of Maine will form an Indian trust, in which every shareholder must be of at least one-half Indian blood. No squaw men need apply. Who will say that poor Lo is not becoming civilized?

Few visitors to the Hot Springs of Arkansas understand that the baths are owned by the Government. Uncle Sam gets $30 per tub for the use of the medicated water—a total income from the 534 tubs of $16,020 per year.

WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

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OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER

Free Trade With Porto Rico Established—Mrs. McKinley in a Lawsuit — The Samoan Situation Controversy—Other Items.

While it directs that "the matter" of Admiral Schley's services during the operations in West Indian waters shall be investigated it selects certain acts of the war and concerning the facts and principles which it calls for particular attention. These points cover briefly Admiral Schley's alleged delay with the flying squadron at Clenfuegos, the retrograde movement toward the West, the effectiveness of the bombardment of the Spanish batteries, the ranges used in the recent engagement of May 31, the loop of the Brooklyn at Santiago, and the accuracy of official reports.

The president has issued a proclamation establishing free trade between Porto Rico and the United States, and declaring the organization of a civil government for the island. The proclamation is purely formal, only in the body of the document adopted by the Porto Rican legislature heretofore published, does it appear that the island is set free commercially today in commemoration of the anniversary of the planting of the American flag on the island. The proclamation is headed: "Cessation to Be Porto Rico."

It recites that the act of April 12, 1900 (otherwise known as the Foraker act) provides that whenever the Porto Rican legislature has enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the needs of the government and by reason so notified the president, the latter shall issue a proclamation and all duties on goods passing between the United States and Porto Rico shall cease. As the legislature has complied with that requirement of the act in terms set out in the resolutions which are quoted in full in the body of the proclamation, the document says:

"Therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, in pursuance of the provisions of the laws above quoted and upon the foregoing due notification, do hereby issue my proclamation, and do declare and make known that a civil government for Porto Rico has been organized in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress.

"And I do further declare and make known that the legislative assembly of Porto Rico has enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of the government of Porto Rico.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington this 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth.

"William McKinley.

(Seal)

"By the President:

"David J. Hill, Acting Secretary of State."

The ministers of the powers have accepted the recent Chinese proposition for the payment of 450,000,000 taels as indemnity at 4 per cent interest, the final payment to be made in 1940. The total payments of principal and interest will be one billion taels.

Suit has been begun in the United States circuit court at Canton by Mrs. Ida McKinley, wife of the president, and Mrs. Mary S. Foster against John Steele, Wm. Foster and others to recover possession of the Elijah mine, and for damages for ore taken out and shipped by the defendants during the period of company's occupancy of the mine.

The precept of the Schley inquiry was given to the public Friday afternoon. It is addressed to Admiral Dewey as president of the court, instructing him to examine matters to investigated.

A statement prepared at the treasury bureau shows that the internal revenue collections on account of internal revenue set during the year ending June 13, 1899, to June 30, 1900, were $318,790,501.

Captain Spencer Cosby, United States engineers, has been ordered to duty at Mobile to relieve Colonel William T. Rossell of the work there in charge.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

The Fight For Mortal Existence Is One Continual Struggle.

HARD TO KEEP EVEN WITH THE WORLD

The Ups and Downs of Life Are Many. Touches Upon Anniversary of Battle of Manassas.

Life is a continual struggle—a struggle to better our condition—to keep even with the world or to get a little ahead—a struggle to pay these darn little past debts, as Sam McCamy used to call them—a struggle to raise up and educate a family of children to gratify their reasonable desires and keep them hailing distance of society. The average young married man has visions of getting rich, but by the time three or four children come along his ambition is to keep even. The struggle is on him. A young mother has no ambition to get rich but she does want her children to rank with the best at home and abroad, at church and school and picnics and parties. She doesn't mind living in a cottage but must have some nice furniture in the parlor and the hall where visitors are went to come. When things get old and familiar she hints at a new carpet or a large square rug or some lace curtains hanging from gilded bars over the windows something that is new and up to date and her room needs renovating with the three P's—paint, plaster, paint and paper. Why shouldn't she? That room is her home, or it is her prison in some cases. She has to sit in it and sew in it and nurse in it every day and her critical eye sees every sign of decay. Every spider web and fly speck and the lamp smoke on the ceiling, every worn place in the carpet or rug or the mitting, and every broken glass or hole in the plaster that the children have made. A good mother can't raise her children without some wear and tear of furniture and finery. It should never be forgotten by the young husband that it is woman's nature to love ornament and beautiful things. It was for her that God made the flowers and clothed the earth with grass and birds to sing and studded the heavens with stars. The average man cares but little for these things, and is all absorbed in the success of his business, whatever it is. If he had been made alone there would have been no birds but buzzards, no flowers but dog fennel.

"The world was sad—the garden was a wild,
And man the hermit sighed till woman smiled."

But the struggle is on him—the struggle to maintain and please the wife and the children. The responsibility is his and he feels it, for the rearing of a family in a respectable way is the biggest undertaking in this life. He can't do this and get rich honestly, and he should not wish to. Riches generally dwarf a man in his better emotions and prove a curse to his children. Of course, a very shrewd man can get rich if he will make a hog of himself—if he will do as the rich miser said he did—"buy nothing that you are obliged to have."

The ambition of every man and woman is to better their condition if possible. This is laudable and right. When I was young there was no glass window to our little bedroom—only a shutter; no cooking stove, no lamp light, no steel pens or matches, no store clothes nor sewing machines, but in a few years my father bettered his condition and built a better house and gave his children a good education and then I married and bettered my condition and my wife and I undertook to raise a flock of children on a higher plane than we had been raised on. We have succeeded pretty well, but it has been a struggle, especially since the war. It is hard to keep even. There are so many new inventions, new attractions that lessen labor or give pleasure that the temptation is very great, and a liberal man is liable to get in the fix of the old fellow who said he was about even with the world and was ready to die, for he owed about as many as he dident owe.

It is these fixed charges that keep a man ever embarrassed. Fixed charges! That is what the railroad companies call them—expenses that are regular every month and do not vary. I was ruminating about the fixed charges in almost every aspiring family in a town or city. My own for example. There are taxes and fire insurances, say $120 per annum, or $10 a month; water $10; gas, $3.50; telephone, $1.50; milk, $15; washing, $5; church and Sunday school, $4; newspapers, $1; wood and coal, $8; ice, say $1 for an average; postage and box rent, $2. Now, all these make $68.50 of fixed charges per month, not including cost of keeping a horse and a cow, and there is 5 per cent for annual repairs on the dwelling. And so much more than half of the income goes for fixed charges that seem to be unavoidable. Of course we can dismiss the cook and do without the telephone, but we do not wish to, for both are great comforts, especially when company comes. We have long since dismissed the horse and cow. Now, where do the food and clothing come from, for it takes more for the unfixed things than the fixed. Then there is something

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But, blessings on the good, old-fashioned country people, who have no fixed charges to pay—none hardly, and the unfixed are not bought from the butcher or the baker, nor are the dry goods altogether regulated by the fashions of the town or city. They raise their own supplies of flour and meal and lard and chickens and eggs. When company comes they call up Sinda and tell her she will have to kill another chicken, and that is all of it. Of course, they must buy sugar and coffee, but they make their own jellies and jam and peach pickles from their own fruit and can beat Dio Lewis on cherry tarts and apple dumplings and chicken pie. Just go to a farmers' club one time, if you would know what these substantial country people can do in the way of a picnic.

But I like company, and when it comes it is a real pleasure to spread before them a feast of good things and finish up with ice cream and cake. I like such things myself and am sure to get them when company comes, for my wife came from the old-fashioned stock that always echoed the militia captain's order when he exclaimed to his men: "Tention, company!" Pay attention to your company.

When Napoleon was in Egypt and about to fight the great battle of the Pyramids he addressed his troops and said, "Soldiers' forty centuries are looking down upon you from the heights of those Pyramids." And so we may say to the veterans of 1861, "Soldiers' forty years are looking down upon you from the heights of Manassas. Forty years ago from the 21st of this July was fought the great battle of the civil war. It was Sunday then, and it is Sunday now. To those engaged in it that battle seemed to be the greatest of the war. It was the first and made the deepest impression, for our boys had never been in a fight and did not know what they could do. Not one in fifty had ever been in service, against an enemy, but they were ready and eager for the battle, and on that day they avenged the wrongs of half a century—and proved themselves heroes and patriots. For weeks old Joe Johnston had been playing battle-door and shuttle-cock with Patterson between Winchester and Harper's Ferry. One day Patterson would give a dare as far as Charlestown and fall back without a fight. Another day Johnston would give a dare as far as Buckletown and fall back without a fight. Our boys were discouraged. But when the order came to march to Manassas they knew they were to join Beauregard and fight. Every order was whispered—not a drum was beaten—not a wagon allowed to move. The campfires were left burning and only Kirby Smith was left behind with his brigade to play with Patterson and keep him from finding out the army had gone. But Kirby slipped off later, taking the cars at Strasburg, and he got to Manassas just in time for the fight. Patterson was left behind without a foe, but he never found it out till Saturday night—too late—too late to follow and help McDowell.

That night march will never be forgotten—that fording the broad and beautiful Shenandoah by torch light—the boys up to their armpits and holding up their guns to keep their powder dry. It took four hours to make that crossing, for men move slow and cautiously in shoaly waters, but by sunrise they were eighteen miles from Winchester and by Friday night they were near the battle ground and McDowell did not know it. That was military strategy. That was old Joe's plan—the wyllest fox that ever faced or fooled a foe. This is a fighting day for the veterans to sing his requiem.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

The wealth of the United States is computed every 10 years from the census returns. The total wealth in 1850 was put at $7,135,780,228, or $308 per capita, and in 1870 at $30,068,518,507, or $780 per capita. This amount rose in 1880 to $43,642,000,000, or $870 per capita, and again in 1890 to $65,037,091,197, or $1036 per capita. Expert statisticians estimate that the amount for 1900 will be at least $90,000,000,000, or nearly $1200 per capita. When it is considered that the latter amount represents accumulated savings of $6000, or nearly four times the average of 1850, for every family of five persons, it is evident that the world is growing rich at an astonishing rate under the operation of machine production, states C. A. Conant, in the World's Work.

How are the mighty fallen in interest. A little less than nineteen years ago the papers gave columns to Arabi Pacha. Today three lines are enough in which to announce his "repatriation" after eighteen years of exile in British keeping in Ceylon.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

The virtue lies in the struggle, not in the prize.—Milnes.

Honest error is to be pitied, not ridiculed.—Chesterfield.

Wisdom is to the mind what health is to the body.—Rochefoucauld.

Celerity is never more admired than by the negligent.—Shakespeare.

To rejoice in the prosperity of another is to partake of it.—W. Austin.

An obstinate man does not hold opinions—they hold him.—Bishop Butler.

The seeds of our punishment are sown at the same time we commit the sin.—Hesiod.

Seeing much, suffering much and studying much are the three pillars of learning.—Disraeli.

Life is a quarry out of which we are to mold and chisel and complete a character.—Goethe.

That is true philanthropy that buries not in gold in ostentatious charity, but builds its hospital in the human heart.—Harley.

Do little things now; so shall big things come to thee by and by asking to be done.—Persian proverb.

A proud man is seldom a grateful man, for he never thinks he gets as much as he deserves.—H. W. Beecher.

The reason why borrowed books are seldom returned is that it is easier to retain the books themselves than what is inside of them.—Gilles Menage.

ORIGIN OF FAMILIAR PHRASES.

Well-Known Expressions That Have Started in the Most Natural Way.

To feel in apple-pie order is a phrase which dates back to Puritan times—to a certain Hepzibah Merton. It seems that every Saturday she was accustomed to bake two or three dozen apple pies, which were to last her family through the coming week. These she placed, carefully on her pantry shelves, labelled for each day in the week, so that Tuesday's pies might not be confused with Thursday's, nor those presumably large or intended for washing and sweeping days eaten when household labors were lighter. Aunt Hepzibah's "apple-pie order" settlement, and originated the well-known saying.

It was once customary in France, when a guest had outstayed his welcome, for the host to serve a cold shoulder of mutton instead of a hot roast. This was the origin of the phrase "To give the cold shoulder."

"None shall wear a feather but he who has killed a Turk" was an old Hungarian saying, and the number of feathers in his cap indicated how many Turks the man had killed. Hence the origin of the saying with refernce to a feather in one's cap.

In one of the battles between the Russians and Tartars a private soldier of the former cried out: "Captain, I've caught a Tartar!" "Bring him along, then," answered the officer. "I can't for he won't let me," was the response. Upon investigation it was apparent that the captured had the captor by the arm and would not release him. So, "catching a Tartar" is applicable to one who has found an antagonist too powerful for him.

That far from an elegant expression, "To kick the bucket," is believed to have originated in the time of Queen Elizabeth, when a shoemaker named Hawkins committed suicide by placing a bucket on a table in order to raise himself high enough to reach a rafter above, then kicking away the bucket on which he stood. The term coroner is derived from the word "corph-connor," which means corpse inspector.

"He's a brick," meaning a good fellow, originated with a king of Sparta—Agesilaus—about the fourth century B. C. A visitor at the Lacedaemonian capital was surprised to find the city without walls or means of defence, and asked his royal host what they would do in case of an invasion by a foreign power. "Do?" replied the heroic king. "Why, Sparta has 50,000 soldiers, and each man is a brick."

When the Horse guards parade in St. James' park, London, there is always a lot of boys on hand to black the boots of the soldiers or do other menial work. The boys, from their constant attendance about the time of guard mounting, were nicknamed "the black guards," hence the name "blackguard." Deadhead, as denoting one who has free entrance to places of amusement, comes from Pompeii, where the checks for free admission were small ivory death's heads. Specimens of these are in the museum at Naples.

One of Nature's Workshops.

In an island in the Lake of Bombon is the remarkable Taal volcano, which is readily accessible from Manila, writes a correspondent in the New York Herald. Its central crater is oval in shape, a mile and a quarter across the greatest diameter, and has within its rim two lakes of hot water, one yellow and the other green, and a small active cone 50 feet in height, from which escape steam and sulphuric gases. The strange colors of the waters are due to the presence of chemicals evolved in subterranean laboratories. The greatest eruption of Taal took place in 1754, wiping out four villages. Apparently the volcanic ash lends wonderful fertility to the soil, and presently a new growth of bamboo and palms appears where desolation had reigned.

The flags to be hoisted at one time in signaling at sea never exceeded four. It is an interesting arithmetical fact, that, with 18 various colored flags, and never more than four at a time, no fewer than 78,642 signals can be given.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Sin in High Places—The Same Law of Right and Wrong Should Apply to Both Rich and Poor—Fascination of Fraud.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows that there is a tendency to excuse brilliant faults, because they are brilliant, when the same law of right and wrong ought to be applied to high places and low; text, Daniel iv. 33, "The same hour was the thing fulfilled upon Nebuchadnezzar, and he was driven from men and did eat grass as oxen."

Here is the mightiest of the Babylonish Rings. Look at him. He did more for the grandeur of the capital than did all his predecessors or successors. Hanging gardens, reservoirs, aqueducts, palaces, all of his own planning. The bricks that are brought up to-day from the ruins of Babylon have his name on them, "Nebuchadnezzar, son of Nabopolassor, king of Babylon." He was a great conqueror. He stretched forth his spear toward a nation, and it surrendered. But he plundered the temple of the true God. He lifted an idol, Bel Merodach, and compelled the people to bow down before it, and if they refused they must go through the redhot furnace or be crunched by lion or lioness. So God pulled him down.

He was smitten with what physicians call lycanthropy, and fancied that he was a wild beast, and he went out and pastured amid the cattle. God did not excuse him because he had committed the sin in high places or because the transgression was wide resounding. He measured Nebuchadnezzar in high place just as he would measure the humblest captive.

But in our time, you know as well as I, that there is a disposition to put a halo around iniquity if it is committed in conspicuous places, and if it is wide resounding and of large proportions. Ever and anon there has been an epidemic of crime in high places, and there is not a State or a city and hardly a village which has not been called to look upon astounding forgery, or an absconding bank cashier or president, or the wasting of trust fund or swindling mortgages. I propose, in carrying out the suggestion of my text, as far as I can, to scatter the fascinations around iniquity and show you that sin is sin and wrong is wrong, whether in high place or low place, and that it will be dealt with by that God who dealt with impaliaced Nebuchadnezzar.

All who preach feel that two kinds of sermons are necessary—the one on the faith of the gospel, the other on the morality of the gospel—and the one is just as important as the other, for you know that in this land to-day there are hundreds of men hiding behind the communion tables and in churches of Jesus Christ who have no business to be there as professors of religion. They expect to be all right with God, although they are all wrong with man. And, while I want you to understand that by the deeds of the law no flesh living can be justified and a mere honest life cannot enter us into heaven, I want you as plainly to understand that unless the life is right the heart is not right—grace in the heart and grace in the life. So we must preach sometimes the faith of the gospel and sometimes the morality of the gospel.

It seems to me there has not been a time in the last fifty years when this latter truth needed more thoroughly to be presented in the American churches. It needs to be presented to-day.

Look upon all the fascinations thrown around fraud in this country. You know for years men have been made heroes of and pictorialized and in various ways presented to the public, as though sometimes they were worthy of admiration, if they have scattered the funds of banks or swallowed great estates that did not belong to them. Our young men have been dazed with this quick accumulation. They have said: "That's the way to do it. What's the use of plodding on with small wages or insignificant salary when we may go into business life and with some stratagem achieve such a fortune as that man has achieved?" A different measure has been applied to the crime of Wall street from that which has been applied to the spoils which the man carries up Rat alley.

So a peddler came down from New England many years ago, took hold of the money market of New York, flaunted his abominations in the sight of all the people and defied public morals every day of his life. Young men looked up and said: "He was a peddler in one decade, and in the next decade he is one of the monarchs of the stock market. That's the way to do it." To this day the evil influence of that profligate financier has been felt, and within the past few weeks he has had conspicuous imitators.

There has been an irresistible impression going abroad among young men that the poorest way to get money is to earn it. The young man of flaunting cravat says to the young man of humble apparel: "What! You only get $1800 a year? Why, that wouldn't keep me in pin money. I spend $5000 a year." "Where do you get it?" asks the plain young man. "Oh, stocks, enterprises, all that sort of thing, you know." The plain young man has hardly enough money to pay his board, has to wear clothes after they are out of fashion and deny himself all luxuries. After awhile he gets tired of his plodding, and he goes to the man who has achieved suddenly large estate, and he says, "Just show me how it is done." And he is shown. He soon learns how, although he is almost all the time idle now and has resigned his position in the bank or the factory or the store he has more money than he ever had, trades off his old silver watch for a gold one with a flashing chain, sets his hat a little further over on the side of his head than he ever did, smokes better cigars and more of them. He has his hand in. Now, if he can escape the penitentiary for three or four years he will get into political circles, and he will get political jobs and will have something to do with harbors and pavements and docks. Now he has got so far along he is safe for perdition.

It is quite a long road sometimes for a man to travel before he gets into the romance of crime. Those are caught who are only in the prosaic stage of it. If the sheriffs and constables would only leave them alone a little while they would steal as well as anybody. They might not be able to steal a whole railroad, but they could master a load of pig iron.

Now, I always thank God when I find an estate like that go to smash. It is plague struck, and it blasts the nation. I thank God when it goes into such a wreck it can never be gathered up again. I want it to become so loathsome and such an insufferable stench that honest young men will take warning.

If God should put into money or its representative the capacity to go to its lawful owner, there would not be a bank or a safety deposit in the United States whose walls would not be blown out, and mortgages would rip and parchments would rend, and gold would shoot, and beggars would get on horseback, and stock gamblers would go to the almshouse.

How many dishonesties in the making out of invoices, and in the plastering of false labels, and in the fleecing of customers of rival houses, and in the making and breaking of contracts. Young men are indoctrinated in the idea that the sooner they get money the better, and the getting of it on a larger scale only proves to them their greater ingenuity. There is a glitter thrown around all these things. Young men have got to find out that God looks upon sin in a very different light.

And remember that the man who gets his gain by iniquity will soon lose it all. One moment after his departure from life he will not own an opera house, he will not own a certificate of stock, he will not own one dollar of Government securities, and the poorest boy that stands on the street with a penny in his pocket looking at the funeral procession of the dead chief as it goes by will have more money than that man who one week previous boasted that he controlled the money market.

So there has been a great deal of fascination thrown around libertinism. Society is very severe upon the impurity that lurks around the alleys and low haunts of the town. The law pursues it, smites it, incarcerates it, tries to destroy it.

You know as well as I that society becomes lenient in proportion as impurity becomes affluent or is in elevated circles, and finally society is silent or disposed to palliate.

Where is the judge, the jury, the police officer that dare arraign the wealthy libertine? He walks the streets; he rides the parks; he flaunts his iniquity in the eyes of the pure.

Sometimes it seems to me as if society were going back to the state of morals of Herculaneum, when it sculptured its vileness on pillars and temple wall and nothing but the lava of a burning mountain could hide the immensity of crime. At what time God will rise up and extirpate these evils upon society I know not nor whether He will do it by fire or hurricane or earthquake, but a holy God, I do not think, will stand it much longer. I believe the thunderbolts are hissing hot, and that when God comes to chastise the community for these sins, against which He has uttered Himself more bitterly than against any other, the fate of Sodom and Gomorrah will be tolerable as compared with the fate of our modern society, which knew better, but did worse.

We want about 10,000 pulpits in America to thunder, "All adulterers and whoremongers shall have their place in the hell that burneth with fire and brimstone, which is the second death." It is hell on earth and hell forever. We have got to understand that iniquity on Columbia Heights or Fifth avenue or Beacon Hill is as damnable in the sight of God as it is in the slums.

Whether it has canopied couch or eider-down or dwells amid the putridity of a low tenement house, God is after it in His vengeance. Yet the pulpit of the Christian church has been so cowed down on this subject that it hardly dares speak, and men are almost apologetic when they read the Ten Commandments.

Then look at the fascinations thrown around assassination. There are in all communities men who have taken the lives of others unlawfully, not as executioners of the law, and they go scot free. You say that they had their provocations. God gave life, and He alone has a right to take it, and He may take it by visitation of Providence or by an executioner of the law, who is His messenger. But when a man assumes that divine prerogative he touches the lowest depth of crime.

Society is alert for certain kinds of murder. If a citizen going along the road at night is waylaid and slain by a robber, we all want the villain arrested and executed. For all garroting, for all beating out of life by a club or an axe or a slungshot, the law has quick spring and heavy stroke, but you know that when men get affluent and high position and they avenge their wrongs by taking the lives of others great sympathy is excited. Lawyers plead, ladies weep, judge halts, jury is bribed, and the man goes free. If the verdict happen to be against him a new trial is called on through some technicality, and they adjourn for witnesses that never come and adjourn and adjourn until the community has forgotten all about it, and then the prison door opens and the murderer goes free.

Now, if capital punishment be right I say let the life of the polished murderer go with the life of the vulgar assassin. Let us have no partiality of gallows, no aristocracy of electrocution chair. Do not let us float back to barbarism, when every man was his own judge, jury and executioner, and that man had the supremacy who had the sharpest knife and the strongest arm and the quickest step and the stealthiest revenge. He who wilfully and in hatred takes the life of another is a murderer, I care not what the provocation or the circumstances.

He may be cleared by an enthusiastic courtroom, he may be sent by the Government of the United States as Minister to some foreign court or modern literature may polish the crime until it looks like heroism, but in the sight of God murder is murder, and the judgment day will so reveal it.

Now, do not be fascinated by the glamor thrown over crime of whatever sort. Because others have habits that seem brilliant, but yet at the same time are wicked, do not choose such faults. Stand independent of all such influences. Put your confidence in the Lord God. He will be your strength. "Vengeance is mine. I will repay, saith the Lord."

Cultivate old fashioned honesty. This book is full of it. Old fashioned honesty such as was spoken of by Dr. Livingstone, the famous explorer. You may not know he was descended from the Highlanders. Dr. Livingstone said that one day one of the old Highlanders called his children around him and said: "Now, my lads, I have looked all through our family line. I have gone back as far as I can, and I find that all our ancestors were honest people. There doesn't seem to be one rogue among them, and you have good blood. Now, my lads, be honest."

There are hundreds of young men who have good blood. Shall I ask three or four plain questions? Are your habits as good as when you left your father's house? Have you a good ticket in your pocket? Have you a fraudulent document? Have you been experimenting to see how accurate an imitation you could make of your employer's signature? Oh, you have good blood. Remember your father's prayers. Remember your mother's example. Turn not in an evil way. Have you been going astray? Come back. Have you ventured out too far?

As I stand in pulpits looking over audiences sometimes my heart fails me. There are so many tragedies present, so many who have sacrificed their integrity, so many far away from God. Why, my brother, there have been too many prayers offered for you to have you go overboard. And there are those venturing down into sin, and my heart aches to call them back.

At Brighton Beach or Long Branch you have seen men go down into the surf to bathe, and they waded out farther and farther, and you got anxious about them. You said, "I wonder if they can swim?" And you then stood and shouted: "Come back! Come back! You will be drowned!" They waved their hand back, saying: "No danger." They kept on wading deeper down and farther out from shore until after awhile a great wave with a strong undertow took them out, their corpses the next day washed on the beach. So I see men wading down into sin farther and farther, and I call to them: "Come back! Come back! You will be lost; you will be lost!" They wave their hand back, saying, "No danger; no danger!" Deeper down and deeper down until after awhile a wave sweeps them out and sweeps them off forever. Oh, come back! The one farthest away may come.

"Oh," you say, "you don't know where I came from. You don't know what my history has been. You don't know what iniquity I have plotted. I have gone through the whole catalogue of sin." My brother, I do not know the story, but I tell you this: The door of mercy is wide open. "Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool." Though you have been polluted with the worst of crimes, though you have been smitten with the worst of leprosies, though you have been fired with all evil passions, this moment on your brow, hot with iniquitous indulgences, may be set the flashing coronet of a Saviour's forgiveness.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR AUGUST 4.

Subject: Abram and Lot. Gen. xiii., 1-18. Golden Text. Matt. vii., 12—Memory Verses, 7-9—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Up out of Egypt." In the language of the Jew the direction to Jerusalem from every quarter was upward; besides, Egypt was a low-lying country and the traveler would have to ascend on his way to the hilly country of Canaan. "Into the south." Not the south of Egypt, but the southern region of Palestine. A certain part of the country was called the south before the times of the patriarchs.

2. "Very rich." Abram and Lot had both been greatly prospered and were very rich. The property of these times did not consist in flocks only, but also in silver and gold. Abram was very rich, and yet very religious. As piety is a friend to outward prosperity (1 Tim. 4: 8), so outward prosperity, if well managed, is an ornament to piety, and opportunity of doing so much the more good.

3. "Even to Bethel." Abram returns to the place of his altar in Bethel. In like manner Christian settlements cluster around their churches. Nothing can satisfy God, in reference to a wanderer or backslider, but his being entirely restored. "Between Bethel and Hai." Stanley well describes this point as a conspicuous hill, its topmost summit resting on the rocky slopes, and distinguished by its olive groves offering a natural base for the altar, and a fitting shade for the tent of the patriarch.

4. "Called on the Lord." This implies more than an ordinary prayer; he re-established public worship.

5. "Went with Abram." It seems plain that Lot was from the very beginning borne onward rather by Abram's influence and example than by his own faith in God.

6. "Not able to bear them." "Their flocks and herds had grown too numerous to find pasture there. An inability, moreover, of a moral kind may be implied." "Substance was great." As their families increased it was necessary their flocks should increase also, as from those flocks they derived their clothing, food and drink. Many also were offered in sacrifice to God.

7. "A strife." The occasion of their quarrel was their riches. The quarrel originated in the scarcity of herbage for the subsistence of their flocks, "and in their eagerness for the possession of the wells, or fountains of water, which in that rocky, and region have a value unknown to the inhabitants of a country like ours." "Dwell then in the land." The Perizzites are not mentioned in the table of nations, Chap. 10. Their origin is obscure. The Canaanites were the original occupants of the soil.

8. "Abram said." He first let Lot take his choice, and then left God to choose for him. This was heavenly wisdom. This is what faith ever does; it allows God to fix its inheritance, and is always satisfied with the portion which God gives. "No strife." There is a special danger of quarrels in the family and among kindred. The love of God in the heart is a sure cure for all strife. "We are brethren" (R. V.) We are of the same family, worship the same God in the same way, have the same promises, and look for the same end. Why then should there be strife?

9. "The whole land." The heavenly principle of forbearance evidently holds the supremacy in Abram's breast. He walks in the moral atmosphere of the Sermon on the Mount. It was an unselfish act for Abram to give up his rights and renounce his own interests for Lot. It was the act of a true man of God. "Separate from me." His proposal to separate arises from his love of peace, not from any selfish regard to his own interests.

10. "Lifted up his eyes." There is a crisis in every man's history at which it will assuredly be made manifest on what ground he is resting, by what motives he is actuated, and by what objects he is animated; thus it was with Lot. "Plain of Jordan." Lot chose the Jordan Valley north of the Dead Sea near the city of Sodom. Lot seems to have had nothing in view but his temporal convenience and advantage. He does not inquire into the character of the inhabitants, nor does he appear to express any reluctance in leaving Abram. "Before—destroyed." The face of the country was altered by the destruction of these cities. "Garden of the Lord." He knew of its fame as the garden of Eden; no crust of salt, no volcanic convulsions had as yet blasted its verdure.

11. "Lot chose him." The choice was selfish. He should have been generous toward his uncle, instead of greedily taking the best for himself, and then, the choice was made for worldly advantage without regard to spiritual things. "They separated." It is not thus with the riches of grace or of glory; the more we have of them the closer it unites us.

12. "Pitched—toward Sodom." He advanced toward it till he came near, but was probably prevented from entering by the well-known character of its inhabitants. He who keeps bad company, indulges in doubtful pleasures, or allows wrong and selfish acts to influence his life is pitching his tent toward Sodom.

13. "Wicked and sinners." The men of Sodom were sinners of the first magnitude. The greatest depravity is often found among the inhabitants of the most fertile lands. Lot has fallen into the very vortex of vice and blasphemy. Lot chose the company of sinners. One is safe with wicked men so long as he is endeavoring to make them good, but is never safe when he chooses their company.

14. "Look," etc. He is to make a full survey of the land in all directions, and he is assured that it is his to inherit, and a title deed is given to him for his seed forever. God says to every believer, look from the place "where thou art," and "the land"—the spiritual good, "which thou seest"—which thou dost see promised to thee in My word, "to thee will I give it."

15. "All the land." God repeats His promises for the support of the faith of His servant. "Will I give it." He who was willing to give up everything for the honor of God and religion received the blessing of the Lord, but he who sought this world lost all.

16. "Thy seed as the dust." That is, they shall increase incredibly, and, take them all together, shall be such a great multitude as no man can number.

17. "Walk through." Survey the land; enter and take possession of it for thyself and thy posterity.

18. "In Hebron." This is the first mention of this name; it was anciently Kirjath-arba. It is one of the most ancient cities in the world. Here Sarah and Abram died. "An altar." This was the third altar Abram had built. Lot might choose Sodom, but as for Abram he sought and found his all in God.

As for a universal language, such a one is being spread faster than the day-dreaming "Esperanto" enthusiasts can count. It is called English.

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THE Convention having adopted the suffrage clause, there is a possibility of the conclusion of its herculean labors within a reasonable time.

THE Sampson Schley controversy is to be investigated by a court of enquiry. Three facts are certain—first, the Spanish were whipped; second, Sampson was in command of the fleet but was not on hand; third, Schley was on hand and executed the work in good style.

George F. Washburn, of Boston, president of the Commonwealth Club, of Massachusetts, sailed for Europe Tuesday. His mission is to inquire into the co-operative methods of various bodies in England, Belgium and Switzerland with a view to the formation of a $50,000,000 cotton combination in this country. According to an interview Mr. Washburn has worked out a plan to unite the cotton producers of the South into one great co operative trust with headquarters at St. Louis and central warehouses in Memphis. He said that the application of the idea to the cotton industry was made because the planters, being men of means, can unite in a co-operative business movement and effect a tremendous saving to themselves.

The Weekly Crop Bulletin says: «Conditions were generally favorable, except in northern counties, where hot and dry weather prevailed; in middle and southern counties, showers fell on several days, being copious in some places, and rather excessive in extreme southwestern counties, particularly so at Mobile. A general rain would be beneficial. Cotton is clear and generally healthy and, while small, is now making good growth and fruiting satisfactorily there are a few scattered reports of rust, mostly in southern counties; some cotton continues to die from «black root" or «root rot" in southeast portions of the State, but damage from these causes is of a local nature as yet. Early corn is maturing, but will make a light and inferior yield; late corn is growing nicely, and is now very promising; pulling of early fodder has commenced in a few fields, and will soon become general. Sorghum is beginning to head and promises a fair yield; cane, peanuts, field peas and sweet potatoes are generally doing well; gardens and Irish potatoes continue generally poor.

Any druggist will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c. and tell you what it is good for free of charge. Try it.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

By the overwhelming vote of 104 to 14 the Constitutional Convention yesterday, its fifty-eighth working day, adopted Section 4 of the Suffrage Article, which embraces the qualification for electors including "the grandfather clause." The minority report in opposition to "the grandfather clause" was tabled by a vote of 103 to 23. This brought to a close the greatest battle of the Convention, although the fight is expected on the Board of Registrars clause of the Article.

Governer Oates made an unsuccessful attempt to exclude deserters and descendents of deserters from the provisions of "the grandfather clause" but the amendment was defeated by a large majority.

The Convention was considering Section 5 of the Article when the hour of adjournment arrived yesterday afternoon.

The feature of the afternoon session was a sensational speech by Mr. Lowe of Jefferson, Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee. He charged that the deliberate purpose of the Committee on Suffrage was to perpetuate fraud in Alabama elections and declared that the majority would need the minority before the Constitution was ratified.

Beginning today the Convention will meet each morning at 9 o'clock and will not adjourn in the evening until 7 o'clock. This resolution was adopted as a result of a compromise with the delegates who favored holding night sessions and the Convention will hereafter work one hour and a half longer each day.

MARRIED.

Wednesday evening, July 24, under a tree in the public road, near P. M. Moore's place, half mile south of Clanton, Judge Adams married Mr. Robert L. Marcus and Miss Lula J. Sorrell. We wish them much wedded joy.

On July 28, at the residence of Mr. W. F. Armstrong, Mr. A. H. Lovett and Miss Lula L. Armstrong were happily united, Rev. S. J. Jennings performing the ceremony. Long and happy may their united lives be.

Mr. John Green and Miss Maggie Ellis were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony on July 28 at Pletcher, G. W. Edwards, J. P. officiating. We wish the happy young couple a full measure of conjugal felicity.

At Mountain Creek, July 28, Mr. J. M. Stillwell and Mrs. Letha Norris were made man and wife, Rev. J. B. H. Parrish officiating on the happy occasion. Their friends wish their future lives together may be full of happiness.

Prosperity and the Economic Trend.

Prudent and careful management through a period of several years in which good crops and good prices have very generally prevailed, has wrought a marked transformation in the farming States of the Mississippi Valley. Mortgages have been so generally paid off that what was once the immense business of loaning Eastern money on Western farms has been almost entirely eliminated. The West itself has an ample amount of free capital; and nowadays when farmers wish to anticipate the future by borrowing money to make improvements they can find plenty of money in their own neighborhoods to be loaned at easy rates on good security. One result of these prevailing and favorable conditions of agriculture and business has been to dull the keen edge of popular interest in subjects related to the financial and industrial policy of the country. Great consolidations of railroad systems are going steadily forward under these prosperous conditions without exciting the amount of opposition from so-called anti-monopolists that movements of a far less significant and even revolutionary character were accustomed to provoke only a few years ago. The Wall Street panic of the early part of May seems not to have disturbed the actual business life of the country to any extent whatever. It checked for a time the spirit of wild speculation on the stock exchanges, and such a result was desirable rather than otherwise. More lately, the principal causes of speculative activity have been the reports that one railroad or another was about to be purchased for amalgamation with some larger system. In our next number our readers may expect to find from one or more especially competent contributors a summing up and review of what has actually taken place in the United States in the last two years in the direction of railroad consolidation. Each month, moreover, adds new chapters to the record. The re-making of the railroad map of America marks a great epoch in the history of transportation.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for July.

THE PAN-AMERICAN.

(continued from 2d col. page 1)

the time can put in several days pleasantly and profitably viewing the exhibits in the various buildings.

The electric building is wonderful to behold. The ordinance exhibit is superior to anything of its kind heretofore. The display of big guns, by the U. S. Government, Thousands of people view them, and watch with keen interest the illustrations of handling them in actual warfare.

There are several picturesque State and Foreign buildings but the most of them are used for the visitors.

Visitors to the exposition can secure rates at hotels and private houses, at reasonable prices. As in every other city there are hotels in Buffalo which charge high rates for accomodations, but of course the visitor can "pass them up" if he wants to and can live quite well at reasonable small cost.

Very respectfully,
DR. O. M. WISEHART.

Your druggist knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

Development of the Hammer.

Man's first tool was the uplifted hand grasping a stone, and from this came, after many years, the hammer. As heavier blows became necessary the hammer grew in size, until it was operated by machinery in the form of the tilt or belve hammer. When steam succeeded water as a motive power, a steam cylinder replaced the tripping cam, but the first half of the past century had nearly expired before the original form of this tool was at all changed by James Nasmyth's invention of the upright steam hammer.

Since then the falling weight of this design of tool has gradually been increased from a few hundred pounds up to 100 and even 125 tons, but excepting the smaller sizes up to 25 tons it has since 1890 been superseded by the hydraulic press, which by its slow motion produces a more thorough working of the metal. Presses have grown until the capacity of 14,000 tons was reached, requiring a 15,000 horsepower engine to drive it. Such a tool, with its accompaniment of 200 ton electric cranes for handling the work underneath, is capable of forging ingots over 75 inches in diameter and weighing more than 250,000 pounds.

Where Americans Are Modest.

The American is shy of proclaiming to the world his deepest sentiments and superstitions, if he has any. He prefers to take himself either as a joke or as a matter of business. Hence when he has a town to name he calls it "Smithville" or "New Bristol" or, as actually happened in the case of one town, "O. K." He may believe in a local ghost, he may love his wife, he may admire the view from his windows and pine when torn from the woods and mountains among which he passed his boyhood, but he does not want to put those emotions into the postoffice directory.—Washington Times.

Why He Didn't Go to Church.

A Scottish minister who was indefatigable in looking up his folk one day called upon a parishioner. "Richard," he said, "I hae na seen ye at the kirk for some time and wad like to know the reason."

"Weel, sir," answered Richard, "I hae three decided objections to goin—firstly, I dinna believe in bein whaur ye does a' the talkin; secondly, I dinna believe in sl' muckle singin, an, thirdly an in conclusion, 'twas there I got my wife."—Albany Argus.

District Meeting

The Second District Meeting of the Weoguka Baptist Association will be held with Bethany Baptist church, on Friday before the first Sunday in August.

11 a.m. Introductory sermon, J. A. Davis

SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION.

1. What is the duty of the deacon to the church? Opened by Bro. P. H. Vickers and others.

2. Was the command given to the church to preach the gospel to all nations? If so, has it any right to give its right to any body of men. Opened by Bro. W. S. Cox and others.

3. What is the duty of a pastor to the church, and what is the duty of the church to the pastor? Opened by Bro. Charles Lowery

L. N. VINSON, Church Clerk.

Astounded The Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once astonishingly surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her from the first and after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it is a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c a. Clanton Drug Co.

W. H. SARTOR

sells them cheaper

try him!

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Then powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

C. R. MULLINS

AGENT FOR THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE OF ENGLAND. THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, formerly represented by W. L. Sampey
THE ÆTNA ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD, CONN. THE OLD MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEWARK, N. J. AND THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., the largest Sewing Machine Company in the world.

We know you are interested in the problem of getting full value for the money you spend no matter what the outlay is for. I will presume to advise you along all lines, but when it comes to buying a Sewing Machine for yourself and family I am in a position to offer some valuable suggestions. For quite many years the Company I represent done nothing but study the needs and requirements of the people in the matter of Sewing Machines, and our large business is proof that we are making and furnishing what they want. The styles are the very latest, unsurpassed in lasting qualities and, best of all, the prices are reasonable, and the terms within the reach of all. We are placing our machines in the leading homes all over the land and if you want the best looking, the lightest running and the best equipped attachments ever bought, call for the High Arm Singer. You will find a complete stock of these machines at the Singer Office, Clanton.

Machines from $5.00 to $65.00 for cash or on time. Needles, Bands, Cans, Shuttles and Attachments, and the best and only genuine Machine Oil manufactured, every bottle bearing the signature and trade mark. 10, 15 and 20 cent bottles.

My regular office days are Saturdays and Mondays. For further particulars call on or address

C. R. MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON, ALA.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75; Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, . . . ALA.

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PRICES

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO MAKE YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

The Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. E. H. Lowe's family of Jemison visited his mother here Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Sims of Birmingham spent Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Lowe.

Mr. E. M. Pinckard left Saturday for Buffalo, N. Y., to take in some of the sights of the Pan-American Exposition.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler attended the meeting of the Farmers Mutual Insurance Association of Lamar county this week.

Mr. C. D. Foshee of Billingsley was one of our welcome visitors Wednesday.

Hon. L. D. Parsons of Birmingham was in town Saturday.

Mr. J. W. Franzen of Thorsby was a visitor here Tuesday.

Dr. J. B. Adams returned Monday from a visit to friends in Lubbock.

Mr. J. W. Foshee went to Jacksonville, Ala., this week and purchased some fine blooded stock from the Alexander Stock Farm. He bought a Jersey bull and heifer, paying $150 for the heifer.

Chancellor Rich'd B. Kelly held a special session of chancery court last Saturday, but the case set for trial was adjourned to the next regular term.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Profs. Rasco and Carmichael of the Thorsby Normal College were in town Wednesday. We are glad to learn that the new college building, which will be the largest structure in the county, is making good progress. The college will open September 16.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c a bottle at all drug stores.

The Misses Ada and Janie Goodgame of Birmingham are visiting relatives and friends here.

Misses Katie and Rosie Aldridge returned home Tuesday from a visit to their sister at Anniston.

DR. A. J. MASSEY THE DENTIST, will be at Clanton on the 5th day of August and remain until Friday. He requests all wishing his services to come promptly to the Dr. Johnson Drug Store.

If you, your baby, or your horse has colic, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

Prof. J. M. Collier of Walnut Grove was in town Saturday.

Mrs. G. M. Anderson is visiting her brother in Lowndes county.

Sheriff Kilgore went to Birmingham Monday and returned with a prisoner, Tom Bryan, colored.

Mr. C. W. Wilson went to Birmingham Monday.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. R. L. Marcus and Miss Lula J. Sorrell; Mr. A. H. Lovett and Miss Lula L. Armstrong, Mr. John Green and Miss Maggie Ellis, Mr. J. M. Stillwell and Mrs. Letha Norris, Mr. Luke Jones and Miss Ollie Gardner; Mr. J. C. Eniand and Miss Callie Grear; Mr. B. E. Jones and Miss Mattie L. Palmer.

What A Tale It Tells

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, fresh complexion. Only 25c at Clanton drug Co.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are delighted with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send 50c for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See next column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

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WAUKEE INS. CO., the largest fire-ins
company in the world!

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machines at the Singer Offic, Clanton
$65.00 for cash or on time. Needl
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nt bottles.
Saturdays and Mondays. For furth

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SINGER OFFICE, CLANTON.

October 1st

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Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qu

R DRUG CO.,

UT RATE DRUG STORE
HAM, · AL

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ST FASHIONS
LOWEST PRIC

FUL LINE FROM WHICH TO
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COMPLETE LINE OF
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Mrs. Mary Sims of Birmingham spent Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Lowe.

Mr. E. M. Pinckard left last Saturday for Buffalo, N. Y., to take some of the sights of the Pan-American Exposition.

Mr. W. C. Collier attended the meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Elmore county last week.

Mr. C. D. Foshee of Billingsley was one of our welcome visitors Wednesday.

Joe T. Parsons of Birmingham visited us on Saturday.

Mr. J. A. Franzen of Thorsby was a visitor here Tuesday.

Dr. R. P. Adams returned Monday from a visit to friends in Bibb.

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What A Test It Tells

If a complexion of yours shows a muddy, sallow complexion, a mass of eruptions, patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble, but for King's New Life Pills are the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, fair complexion. Only 25c at Clanton Drug Co.

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

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NEW ROYAL

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FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $[illegible] up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
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THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than cures costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2360 and 2362 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY: 25 CARS PER DAY.

PURINA MILLS ST. LOUIS, MO.

Has just rec
Tennent shoes.
Lot of Parry Buggies
$75.00. Lot of Famous
steads. No more trouble w
if you use them. Lot of all ki
Furniture. He needs money, you n
these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famo
bachelor mathematician, got the Sew
Machine. The girls can look him

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J. W. FRANZEN

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES AND EVERYTHING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

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HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

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ALL BUILDING MATERIALS--SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

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—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	1[illegible]
½ bbl " " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the Very Best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

U.S. Standard

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

Man
end—
Buried
mbstones.

HOOTING.

.. shots interrupted the
.. of the chancery court at
..le, Tenn., last Friday. When
smoke cleared it was found that
..ree men were wounded, none
seriously. The wounded are William Daniel, Sr., his son William Daniel, Jr., and F. G. Gilbert; George Gilbert, the fourth participant, escaped unhurt. All of the belligerents are attorneys. William Daniel, Jr., and F. G. Gilbert were opposing counsel in a case. Gilbert resented statements made by Daniel and at the conclusion of the case a quarrel arose during which Gilbert raised his arm. Quick as a flash Daniel opened fire at short range. Gilbert returned the fire, whereupon the shooting became general. Fifteen shots were exchanged before officers were able to interfere and great excitement prevailed.

TO SAVE HIS FRIEND.

A young man supposed to be Henry H. Armstead, of New York, stabbed himself in the region of the heart and gashed his throat with a pocket knife in the toilet room of a sleeping car on the south-bound Oregon Short Line express at Butte, Mont., in the depot Thursday morning. He staggered in from the toilet room of the sleeper, the blood streaming from his throat. Pointing dramatically at his companion he gasped: "Harry, I did this to save you," and fell unconscious. He was at once taken to the hospital. Fletcher refuses to say a word, evening declining to disclose his identity or that of his companion. It is said they are prominently connected and are recent graduates of an eastern university.

ROBBED AN OLD WOMAN.

Three masked men robbed Mrs. Margaret Koontz, of Midland, Md. She was sitting on her porch, listening to a band concert, when the robbers sprang upon her. They carried her some distance from the house, and throwing her into a clump of bushes, robbed her of nearly $300 and her jewelry. She was in the habit of carrying her valuables and money on her person, and her assailants were doubtless aware of this. Mrs. Koontz is a widow, 65 years old. She is in a critical condition as a result of the shock

THEY DON'T BELIEVE HER.

George A. Cruse, an employe of the East Coast brick yard, Jacksonville, Fla., was found dead Saturday in his house with a pistol by his side. His young wife, a handsome blonde, testified that her husband committed suicide suffering from insomia and depression. The coroner's jury, however, disregarded the wife's story and charged the crime of murder to W. A. Holt, commissary keeper for the company, who boarded with the Cruse company. Mrs. Cruse and Holt admit intimacy. Holt was held without bail.

A HEAVY ELECTRIC STORM

Passed over Indiana Wednesday morning: lightning struck eight residences but no fatalaties are reported.

SOMEWHAT APPROPRIATE.

The first occupation of Thomas Coleman Younger and Jas. Harden Younger, after twenty-five years in the Minnesota state prison, will be selling grave stones and monuments. A dealer named Peterson has contracted with the state for their employment and agrees to pay them $60 per month and not use them for advertisements.

BOILER EXPLODED.

A boiler exploded near Segar, O. T., Saturday afternoon, killing John W. Peters, Alfred White and Caleb Jones and injuring probably fatally Gus Ferguson and Dr. Jewett. Two others were also painfully hurt.

AN INHUMAN PARENT.

Amstrong Hensley of Johnston City, Tenn., has been landed in jail on the charge of murdering his five-year-old step-daughter. He brutally beat the child and threw her into a stream of water. She died a few hours later.

..ONVICT.

.. condemned to
..der of Deputy Sher-
..nd sentenced to hang
made a dash for liberty
afternoon at Monticello, Fla.,
a desperate fight, in which Dep-
..ty Sheriff R. H. Kilpatrick was wounded. He had gone to the death cell to give Williams his dinner. Williams had secretly removed the shackles from his ankles with a cold chisel furnished by unknown means, dashed out upon the officer, seized his pistol and ordered him to get into the cage. The officer sprung on the murderer and a fight ensued in which the officer was shot. Williams ran to the gate of the stockade, but could not get out. He then turned upon the deputy with a club, but was shot in the shoulders. Williams notwithstanding his wound, ran to another gate which was open and dashed into the street. The deputy followed shooting. After a chase of 100 yards Williams fell dead. Officer Kilpatrick's condition is critical.

FIRE DAMP

Exploded in Cincinnati's new water works tunnel Saturday noon and eight men were seriously injured and three narrowly escaped. Three saved themselves by diving into the water on seeing the flash. The other eight were badly injured and the damage to the tunnel was considerable. At any other hour more men would have been in the tunnel. The tunnel is 140 feet from the surface at the point of explosion, but the men were soon rescued.

THE RIGHT ONE DIED.

Angered because his wife refused to live with him, William J. Long, aged 25, a waiter at the Whist Club, Rochester, N. Y., shot his wife in the most cold-blooded manner Friday night. Although within two feet of her, the bullet failed to strike a vital spot, imbedding itself in the neck just below the base of the brain. Believing he had killed her, Long turned the weapon on himself, and sent a bullet through his brain, dying thirty minutes later.

TWO WERE KILLED.

A gravel train was wrecked Saturday morning eight miles north of Dayton, Ohio, resulting in the death of Orville D. Chase, Detroit, superintendent of the Chase Construction Company, and W. B. Gravell, Chicago, the engineer, and serious injury to four persons. The engine jumped the track while going down a steep grade, piling five loaded cars in a promiscuous heap alongside the road. Fourteen persons were aboard.

KILLED IN HIS STORE.

W. N. Parrott, a prominent merchant of Oneida, Tenn., was shot and killed Wednesday night, it is alleged, by James West. The tragedy took place while the two men were alone in a back room of Mr. Parrott's store and the cause is unknown. The dead man bore an excellent reputation and was a Mason of a high degree.

THE drought stricken districts of Texas, Kansas and Nebraska have been relieved by recent rains, and the corn, cotton and wheat crops are saved.

LIPTON'S new cup-challenger, the Shamrock II, is on her way across the Atlantic to try to win the historic cup.

THE registration for the Indian lands thrown open July 29, reached a total of 136,315.

THE new battle-ship Maine was successfully launched at the Cramp yards in Philadelphia, Saturday. She was christened by Miss Mary Preble Anderson, of Portland, Me., who broke on the prow a bottle of American wine, a novelty in launches.

A STEAMSHIP line has just been inaugurated between Chicago and Manchester, England.

ACT OF A MADMAN.

At Leavenworth, Kan., last Wednesday Michael Kelley, at one time in the insane asylum, shot six persons, killing one, probably fatally wounding another and more or less seriously wounding four others. He was himself finally killed by officers who tried to overpower him.

A YOUTHFUL PRISONER.

Peter Winston, ten years old, was sentenced Saturday at Portsmouth, Va., to five years in the penitentiary for murdering Chas. Wright, an 11 year old playmate.

Cruise Among the Fjords.

Queen Alexandria dearly loves the sea, and she has planned a yachting cruise among the fjords for her summer holiday. The king's engagements will forbid his accompanying her, but the Princess Victoria, and possibly the Princess Charles of Denmark, will share the trip.

New Stocks.

The new stocks are very chic. Those of white pique have tiny bows of colored lawn dotted with white, or white dotted with color. Instead of the tie crossing in the customary awkward fashion in the back a novel idea is introduced. The stock fastens in the back, and at one end the tie is stitched exactly in the middle. When the stock is fastened the ends of the tie are drawn around to the front and tied in a chic little bow. There are more lawn ties this season than ever before. The white ones with colored borders are very chic, and the colored ones with white borders are equally chic.

A Pretty White Waist.

An imported white waist is made rather prettily. The body of the waist is made of fine tucks, and the whole of the back where it buttons with small pearl buttons, is of the tucks. The front is tucked with the exception of the yoke, which is appliqued with rose-like lace flowers, in a lace which has the appearance of "val," set on at intervals. The fine nainsook of which the waist is made is cut out under the open centre of each flower. This square yoke is outlined with an inch band of tucking, and the straight standing collar is made of a row of the flowers with a row of tucking on either side. The sleeves are made of the tucking with two rows of the flowers on the plain white running the length of each sleeve, which is finished at the wrist with two rows of tucking with a row of the lace flowers between to match the collar.

For Wet Days.

Every woman should keep a short skirt for wet weather. It is not only far more convenient than a long one, but its appearance is better, for when hampered with an umbrella, and very likely also battling with the wind, it is impossible to hold up the skirt gracefully.

Women who value their health and their complexions will not stay in because the weather is rainy, but will dress suitably for the day and will take their usual outdoor exercise.

On those occasions when one cannot don a short skirt for a walk, it is good plan to loop up the skirt a little on the left side with a safety pin, and then by holding the other side with the hand, the skirt may be kept well out of the mud, without being held unduly high at any point, or being dragged to one side, in the very unbecoming manner one often notices among fair pedestrians on a rainy day.

The Summer Choker.

Chokers are really important features on gowns. As a rule they are close to the neck, and simple, but there is always an attempt to trim them in some original way. A pretty idea is a yoke of lace with the points of the lace making the bottom of the yoke. The same lace covers the straight choker, with the base of the choker defined with a line of velvet, making a little point in front. Above this are several more velvet lines that do not meet by several inches in front and end under little silver buttons. These small, flat buttons are used in various ways. On one silk choker are many rows of velvet sewed closely together. The choker is crossed at intervals of about three inches with rows of tiny gold buttons.

An example of an elaborate choker was a V of trimming set in under the chin. The rest of the choker is trimmed with rows of narrow ribbon, one row meeting under the V and the rest stopping on each side of it. In all these chokers trimmed with rows of velvet the trimming points down in front.

The narrow turnover collars of embroidered muslin that have been worn so long are replaced in a measure by a straight standup piece of muslin about which the stock is tied with a third of an inch of the embroidery showing at the top. There are not many bows worn under the chin, most stocks are being drawn down tightly, into a knot with flat ends.

Treatment of Freckles.

The fact that freckles are the usual penalty exacted by nature for the bestowal of a delicate complexion in no way compensates any daughter of Eve for their unwelcome presence. The poet may call them "the kisses of Apollo," but she prefers to dispense with the attentions of the sun god. Probably the least offensive and disfiguring of all skin blemishes, they are the most obstinate to remove. Dermatologists have tried in vain to compound a remedy which should be a permanent cure. It has yet to be found. True, they may be faded, even removed in many cases, after persistent treatment, but with the advent of the warm spring days and summer winds they are very apt to reappear. The summer girl inclined to freckle who yet justly refuses to be housed when sun, sky and sea woo her, has on hand a perpetual problem.

Freckles are divided into two classes, cold or constitutional freckles, and summer or light freckles. The latter fade gradually, or yield for a time, at least, to mild lotions. The former require almost heroic treatment, which then frequently brings disappointment. It is impossible truthfully to "guarantee" a freckle cure. The very situation of the freckle—below the surface—offers an obstacle. One difficulty in the way of their removal lies in the wide difference in the texture of different skins. A freckle lotion that will have no effect upon one's complexion will irritate and blister that of another.

The chief ingredient which enters into many freckle lotions is acid. An acid will bleach the spots when it reaches them. It must have usually something to draw them nearer to the surface. Ordinary massage of the face will do this gradually, and, by promoting the activity of the skin, in a manner prevent the small deposits of iron. Good facial circulation is a foe to most facial blemishes. The commonest acid and the most effective is lemon juice, pure or diluted, as the skin dictates.—Ledger Monthly.

New Ideas in Lingerie.

Some clever woman with capital and energy ought to start a laundry for expensive lingerie, where it would be treated with the tender care its beauty and costliness deserve. The need for such a place is less urgent than it used to be in one way, for the modern laundry, does not merit the anathemas that used justly to be hurled at its predecessors, but still there is a want felt. Every year strengthens the love women feel for dainty lingerie, a love which now is reaching a height of devotion.

Silk underwear is what many women like above all other kinds. It is held to be more healthy than lawn, though less so than wool. But, unfortunately, it does not launder well, and that must be a consideration. Now, therefore, numbers are ordering cambric robes de nuit, or, rather, robes de boudoir, for, while they will wear for the last chat before the fire the daintiest and loveliest nightdresses underneath their saut de lit, their actual sleeping garb is something less diaphanous. Of a verity occasions demand their correct toilet at every turn.

The most exquisite pattern for the robe de nuit to take is undoubtedly the empire, and some of those now sold might actually be gowns that were worn at the beginning of the 19th century, though then the belles actually walked out in them and must have looked truly nymph-like. The bodice part is closely insertioned with Valenciennes lace, and there are flounces of lace at the foot beneath a broad band of delicate tucks. A flat V-shaped collar, all insertioned and lace edged, trims the throat of some, though others are more correctly finished with a narrow "tucker" of lace. The sleeves are a great feature. They reach only to the elbows and are made simply of broad flounces of Valenciennes, with a little lawn to give them a fictitious substance. Such are called folly sleeves, and truly fascinating they are, as folly always is.

No one who is smart calls her dressing gown a dressing gown. The new name is French and is saut de lit. In this lovely and enveloping wrap the best models are made a la Josephine or a l'empire, to use a synonymous term, and soft silk composes them, with inlets of lace that suggest a high bodice and, again, full, lovely folly sleeves. But for the delicate and the cold a far more suitable fabric to cohose is zenana cloth, since it is silky, exquisitely becoming, of the most ravishing colors and very cosy. Then, too, less elegant, but in their way beautiful, are the dressing gown flannels sold, which, with insertions of lace, make charming wraps. Coarse lace is their prerogative, and it aims at a bold and striking effect.—Washington Star.

Gold effects on white are much fancied now for either day or evening wear.

Veiling of all sorts will undoubtedly continue to be the rage throughout summer.

Black and white and blue is a very good combination this year. In hats they should be worn with corresponding combinations.

Scent bottles for tarveling come in leather cases, which keep them from being scratched or broken when carried in a traveling bag.

Children never look prettier than in bright red hats, and these are always good trimmed with field flowers. Trimmed with black they are also stylish.

"Floppy" soft hats are pretty with the rim softly falling in its natural way and then trimmed with a wreath of flowers with a bow of black velvet in the back.

Something extremely practical to keep erect the dainty muslin and pique stocks now so much worn is a perforated neckband of cellulod. It is easily fastened inside the stock.

A pretty little hat is of blue straw trimmed with daises. It must be worn with a gown, which it will suit. Daises, the field flowers, are not good form with elaborate or dress toilets.

Some stylish frocks lace down the back with ribbon through large eyelet holes, the holes growing larger and further apart and the ribbons wider as they descend, until finally there is a finish with a bow just above the flare of the skirt.

SURGERY WITH A MATCH.

Painless Operation That Surprised a Clerk in a Book Shop.

An aged, well-dressed man, with white side whiskers and a general appearance of substantial prosperity and eminent respectability, stepped into the retail store on Fifth avenue of a book publisher the other day and asked one of the young clerks in a confidential undertone:

"Have you a match?"

"Certainly, sir," replied the young man, producing a handful of lucifers from his vest pocket, "but you will permit me to say that it is against the rules to smoke in this shop."

"Oh, that's all right," replied the old gentleman, amiably. "I never smoke." With that he began to fumble in his pockets. Not finding what he wanted, he asked the clerk for the loan of a knife. Then he lit the match, blew it out immediately and began to sharpen the burned end into a point.

"Ah, I see you need a toothpick," remarked the clerk, as he watched the whittling process.

The old gentleman made no reply, but when he had put a nice point to the match he again spoke.

"Perhaps," he said, "you have a quiet place where I could sit down for a few moments without being observed?"

The clerk, wondering what the old gentleman might ask for next, politely led the way to a corner of the store fitted with easy chairs for the benefit of such patrons of the firm as might want to glance over a book before buying it. The old gentleman sat down and without a moment's hesitation rolled up the left leg of his trousers to a point above the knee. Then, using the back of the knife as a hammer, with a few well-directed blows he drove the match into his knee. Then, readjusting his trousers, he handed the knife back to the astonished young man and said:

"I am very much obliged to you. You see I have a wooden leg, and one of the pins holding it together fell out. The match will do very nicely until I can get home. If you happen to be over in Newark and have anything the matter with your leg, just step into my office and I shall be glad to assist you."

Then, as he handed the clerk a card bearing the name of a prominent financier in Newark, he smiled, bowed politely and walked out.—*New York Times.*

Just This Side of the Laurels.

One of the most pathetic sights is to see a man giving up the struggle to be down when just in sight of success. Of course, many people are side-tracked or hindered in the race through no fault of their own, but the vast majority of those who cease to climb and give up do so from some weakness or defect. Many of them lack continuity of purpose or persistency; others lack courage or determination.

It is really pitiable to see young men and women in the prime of life becoming discouraged and ceasing to advance. Many of these unfortunates would attain at least something of real success by merely sticking to their tasks, but there is no hope whatever for the man who gives up—the one who loses heart.

In thousands of American homes—lying, perhaps, in the attic, woodshed—are scores of ingenious, labor-saving devices, or inventions, which, if carrier a step further and patented would not only give those who originated them a competence for life, but would also enrich the civilization of the world. But the thinkers get discouraged or tired, or lack persistency, energy, or push; and so the half-developed machinery, the embryo invention, has never come to light, and the time spent upon it has been lost, perhaps worse than lost, because the lesson of perseverance was not sufficiently learned.—O. S. Marden, *Success.*

The Barber's Deflections.

A Birmingham barber was cutting the long, curly, profuse locks of a young man who has some pretensions to being literary, and occasionally poses before his friends as a great genius.

With a supercilious smile and words that could be heard all over the room, the young man inquired: "I say, barber, what makes a man grow bald?"

The barber snapped his scissors once or twice and ran the comb through his beard.

"Well," he answered slowly, "if a man has got lots of brains and is a deep thinker, he generally gets bald. That, they say, leads to it every time."

Several of the customers looked at the young man's luxuriant crop and smiled rather broadly. The young man, however, did not exactly see the joke. So, pretty soon, when the barber was running his fingers over the curly locks, he tempted fate again.

"I say," he asked, "do you think my hair will come out and I'll get bald?"

The man of the scissors paused reflectively, and then, in a tone as if he was delivering a judicial decision, announced:

"No; I don't think you stand in any danger of getting bald."

Then the crowd laughed and the barber looked surprised.—*Tit-Bits.*

Protected Frogs' Nests.

There is a tree-frog in Brazil that builds in the water a sort of fortification for its nest. Starting at the bottom of the pond it erects a circular, tube-like wall of mud, which, at the top, projects above the surface of the water and looks not unlike the crater of a miniature volcano. In the water thus inclosed the eggs are laid, and when the little frogs are hatched they are protected from their enemies until they are old enough to take care of themselves. In the meantime, it is said, the old frogs remain close by, as if on guard.

Even Algeria is com... in the matter of pet... four zones, one of them ... in which oil has been ...

Professor Goldwin S... time when of all living ... and the mosquito will ... to me the mosquito ... man.

London pays well ... for two Italian organ ... to earn annually betwe... June and October enough ... through the next eight ... ness in their own ...

Paris is to erect a ... serving to public ... Bartholdi, Pasteur, ... Spuller, De Musset, ... men Verlaine, Gen. D... Dumas fils, Garnier, ... Daudet and Hugo.

Germany does not ... cational efforts solely ... She supports 125 sch... stantinople, Buenos A... Brussels, Bucharest, ... hannesburg. In Bra... nine schools; in Chi... mania, twelve, and ... ions, twelve.

New Jersey amply ... State officers. The ... salary of $10,000 a ... of State $6,000 and fe... office a very lucrative ... General $7,000, and the ... and Comptroller $6,000 ... land is the other hand ... prosperous. State's pa... only $4,500. Secretary ... Attorney General $3,000 ... and Comptroller $2,500.

There can be no qu... alarm that is growing ... American competition ... grumbles of British ... cause the preference his ... Americans, the "warn... statesman that England ... with a war for trade ... demonstrations in the ... pers of the way in which ... brains and American enterp... forcing American goods into ... markets.

Two Spaniards who had been ... from Cuba for several years ... sailed up the harbor of Hav... walked through its renovated ... "Does it not give you pain," ... ler was overheard inquiring, "to ... Stars and Stripes waving over ... Castle?" "No," replied the ... looking earnestly about him ... pains me to the quick is to see ... Americans have in two years done ... for this island than the Spanish ... in almost four hundred years."

There are portable churches, ... as schoolhouses, and the ... church in Pennsylvania is thinking ... ously of adopting them for ... tions not yet financially able to ... permanent buildings. These ... churches are made of corrugated ... vanized iron, fastened to a ... framework, which framework is ... ed on the inside with a wainscoting ... ing the whole side and ceiling. ... seating 300 persons can be put up ... for use at a cost of $1,500.

Here's a how-to-do. Georgia ... just passed a law to this effect: ... woman fails to manage the ... cording to the husband's ideas, ... justified in insisting that his ... carried out." It is solemnly ... prerogative to determine what ... vants shall do and not do, the ... which meals must be served ... menu at each meal." The man ... undertakes to act upon that ... have more experience to the ... inch than he ever had before. ... better that a millstone were ... around his neck and he were ... in the depths of the sea.

Financial troubles in Germany ... sia and the Argentine with the ... of important banks and other ... tions, may bring about such a ... things that this busy nation ... called upon to be lenient in ... the debts which other countries ... owe it, or must owe it in the ... ture. But Great Britain and ... will need great quantities of ... supplies from this republic ... Our foreign customers may ask ... tensions of credits. And Brother ... than is always kind hearted ... and generous, muses the ... *Tribune.*

One new industry begun ... compels—the establishment of ... The South raised cotton for ... a century before it adopted ... ble method of building cotton ... to free itself from its bondage ... speculators. Recently it has ... the fruit growing business, ... ing out that a canning factory ... cellent companion to a peach ... or a strawberry patch. When ... cannery the Southern fruit ... been at the mercy of the ... buyers. With it he can sleep ... in the face of a market ... able because of a glut of ... safe to predict that the Southern ... wait long for canneries. The ... truck farmers of Georgia ... are already discussing the ... tion, and it is certain that the ... demand for canning establishments ... be speedily supplied.

THE BIRMINGHAM SHIPPERS

WANT RAILROAD COMMISSION ELECTED BY PEOPLE.

THEY QUOTE SOME STARTLING FIGURES

The Constitutional Convention Has Been Besieged With Similar Petitions—The Georgia Law Compared and Citations Made.

The Birmingham Freight Bureau is seeking to have the state railroad commissioners elected and paid by the people, has prepared a petition for presentation to the constitutional convention.

The petition rehearses one which was presented to the convention by the Birmingham Board of Trade, the Wholesale Grocers' Association and the Freight Bureau. With the former petition was submitted also a letter by Colonel Trammell, late president of the Georgia railroad commission, to the president of the Texas commission, showing the benefits of their commission after thirteen years' trial.

The new petition says that without attempting to reply to either, "Col. J. M. Falkner, District Attorney and political manager of the L. & N. Railroad Co., through the Montgomery Journal, made a general denial to both papers, defending his client, the L. & N., claiming that the Georgia rate is not a proper criterion and characterizing the Trammell letter as in his belief a spurious manuscript.

The petition answers Col. Falkner recognizing his duty to his client, the L. & N., and appreciating his legal ability and his great value to the state as a strong and loyal citizen, but it cross-claims to the colonel's arguments and presents figures which must have escaped the colonel's notice.

"There are seven great railroad systems in Alabama" says the petition, "so combined that there is practically no competition on local rates, each one promulgating and collecting its own tariffs. Suppose the convention should divide Alabama into seven taxing districts perpetuating the tax assessorship and collectorship in one family, all foreigners, with only some little advisory espionage as to rate and disposition and expect satisfactory results—absurd—yet Colonel Falkner claims this as a right of the franchise corporations of Alabama."

The questions are asked: Will any one state that our law constituting the railroad commission board, has not made the board itself a failure? Is not such a commission with the power of pardoning recommendation looked on to it a farce and a reflection, both on official and state?

No one doubts this and every member of the convention should study the recent history of Kentucky, in which the L. & N. was charged with organizing a fight against the democratic party, which resulted in anarchy and carpetbagger times, and recognize that their highest work is not the suffrage, but the liberty of the people. The power that can and will attack the weakness of a voter is more dangerous than the negro of the black belt or the unlearned voter of North Alabama. Last year Colonel Melvin, president of the Mississippi commission, called a meeting of the southern commissioners at Lookout Mountain to devise means to stop railroads from increasing freight rates by transformation of classes, and our commission excused itself from attendance on the plea of a previous engagement—touring the Pacific slope in a private car in care of Colonel Falkner's assistants.

The increase was not effected in Georgia and Mississippi but was in Alabama. The petitioners estimate that Alabama railroads collect between one and a half and two million dollars a year more than on same tonnage in Georgia because of high, uncontrolled rates.

Some comparisons of rates are made. The rate on the necessaries of life between Decatur and Montgomery is 60 per cent more than between Atlanta and Augusta. At Anniston and Oxford the freight toward Atlanta and home, to the Georgia line, is 80 to 90 per cent higher than from Atlanta and Rome to the Alabama line.

The petition declares:

"The Southern and L. & N. have combined to make impossible the navigation of the Tennessee river, and the whole Tennessee valley which would have rates based on this God-given carrier, have only such advantage as would come from a pike. The rate on corn from Louisville, 450 miles, to Birmingham, is seventeen cents; from Nashville, 225 miles, is thirteen cents; from Decatur, eighty miles, thirteen cents. This differential against the Tennessee makes it no use as a basing point, prevents inter-state traffic, gives our towns on its banks the negro's curse of chance, and furnishes the only American example of a navigable river enjoying no freight competition.

The petition is not intended as any reflection on Colonel Falkner. "He is the trusted employe of the railroad companies, with unlimited discretion," says the petition. "If the roads could have the benefit of his matured wisdom, he would be a worthy master, but from the nature of the case it cannot be—'No man can serve two masters.'"

The Georgia state commission has successfully proven the efficacy of

NOTES AND COMMENTS

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The questions are asked: Will any one state that our law constituting the railroad commission board, has not made the board itself a failure? Is not such a commission with the power not pardoning recommendation tacked on to it a farce and a reflection, both on official and state?

No one doubts this and every member of the convention should study the recent history of Kentucky, in which the L. & N. was charged with organizing a fight against the democratic party, which resulted in anarchy and carpetbagger times, and recognize that their highest work is not the suffrage, but the liberty of the people. The power that can and will check the weakness of a voter is more dangerous than the negro of the black belt or the unlearned voter of North Alabama. Last year Colonel McIvis, president of the Mississippi commission called a meeting of the southern commissioners at Lookout Mountain to devise means to stop railroads from increasing freight rates by transformation of classes, and our commission excused itself from attendance on the plea of a previous engagement—touring the Pacific slope in a private car in care of Colonel Falkner's assistants.

The increase was not effected in Georgia and Mississippi but was in Alabama. The petitioners estimate that Alabama railroads collect between one and a half and two million dollars a year more than on same tonnage in Georgia because of high, uncontrolled rates.

Some comparisons of rates are made. The rate on the necessaries of life between Decatur and Montgomery is 60 per cent more than between Atlanta and Augusta. At Anniston and Oxford the freight toward Atlanta and Rome, to the Georgia line, is 80 to 100 per cent higher than from Atlanta and Rome to the Alabama line.

The petition declares:

"The Southern and L. & N. have combined to make impossible the navigation of the Tennessee river, and the whole Tennessee valley which should have rates based on this God-given carrier, have only such advantage as would come from a pike. The rate on ore from Louisville, 450 miles, to Birmingham, is seventeen cents; from Nashville, 226 miles, is thirteen cents; from Decatur, eighty miles, thirteen cents. This differential against the Tennessee makes it no use as a basing point, prevents inter-state traffic, gives the towns on its banks the negro's cur day chance, and furnishes the only American example of a navigable river furnishing no freight competition.

The petition is not intended as any reflection on Colonel Falkner. "He is the trusted employe of the railroad companies, with unlimited discretion," says the petition. "If the state could have the benefit of his unbiased wisdom, he would be a worthy leader, but from the nature of the case this cannot be—'No man can serve two masters.'"

The Georgia state commission has successfully proven the efficacy of the Georgia law and has maintained it for twenty-three years during which time Alabama has paid in excesses $30,000 or $40,000. If the railroads are recouping in Alabama their losses in Georgia, and we are sustaining the Georgia system, we are either the most liberal people or the biggest fools on earth.

The shippers of the district have asked all citizens to write to their representatives in the convention, hoping by concerted action of individuals to obtain the legislation sought.

SHAKEN UP.

A section twenty miles wide through the Nevada desert from Death, as far west as Carlin, experienced a series of heavy earthquake shocks about 2:20 o'clock Friday afternoon. The vibrations generally were from north to south, and at one or two points lasted for fully five seconds. At Elko, Nevada, this shock was unusually severe. The high school building, a big new brick edifice, was badly cracked by the violence of the vibrations and other buildings were slighty damaged. The earthquake was followed by heavy rain.

PRESIDENT Diaz has issued distinct orders, which have been framed to the advantage of the railroads, in which he prohibits strikes and offers government aid, if necessary, to break any future strikes.

HOLLAND, in behalf of the Netherlands railway, has demanded damages of Portugal for engines and cars at Lorenzo Marques taken by officials and handed over to the British authorities.

THIEVES stole $20,000 from the army safe at Santa Cruz, Friday. The safe was in the guard house, and it may be that soldiers took the money. The money was to have been used in paying off the troops.

A terrific electric storm passed over Miami, Fla., Saturday morning. Considerable damage was done. The wires are down in every direction.

IT is currently reported that Mayor Wm. Landa, of Mexico, will be Mexico's next minister to England.

THE Hawaiian Legislature has appropriated $15,000 for an exhibit at the St. Louis World's Fair.

The government has determined to make vast improvements in the fortifications around the harbor of San Francisco. The hills on both sides of the Golden Gate are to be mounted with more of the heaviest and most improved ordinance. The number to gether with those already mounted will approximate 100. Many rapid firing guns are to be placed. Much work is ahead but our growing trade with the Orient and outside world has made it imperative that San Francisco should be protected with the latest improved defenses.

The disappearance from New York of General Uribe, promoter of the Colombian revolution, is receiving the attention of the officials of the Colombian legation who have reason to believe General Uribe has gone to Nicaranga, where there is to be a revolutionary junta with representatives from Ecuador, Venezuela, Colombia and other South American countries.

Major William T. Rossell makes the following estimates for river and harbor improvements in western Alabama and eastern Mississippi: Mobile harbor, $810,000; Warrior river, Alabama, $30,000; Tombigbee river, Alabama, from its mouth to Demopolis, $280,000; Tombigbee river, from Demopolis to Columbus, $30,000.

The report of the auditor of the war department, soon to be issued, shows the claims of the various states on account of the war with Spain and the amount allowed, as follows:

The Florida Everglades, long unknown merely because of the imaginary terrors surrounding the district, although it was never deadly or dangerous to the Indian and the hunter, is to be exploited. A company has been chartered to drain it by cutting a ship canal, and another company has been incorporated to cross it with a railroad and telegraph line from the Gulf to the Atlantic. It is expected, therefore, that the visitor of a few years hence will find a new scenic route for his exploration, and that not so very long thereafter the Everglades will become one of the richest sections of a rapidly developing State. The Jacksonville Times-Union hopes to see the fulfilment of its prediction that the finest sugar district in the world will line the road from Miami to Tampa.

COSTLY DOLL HOUSES.

THEY LEAVE LITTLE TO THE IMAGINATION OF CHILDREN.

Some of Them Cost a Small Fortune—How They Are Built and Furnished—Description of a Miniature Colonial House of a Gotham Little Girl.

Some of the doll houses that are built these days leave little to the imagination of the children fortunate enough to possess them. Very often they cost a small fortune and the workmanship expended on the furniture and other accessories is of the highest order.

Doll houses of this kind are not to be bought ready made in a toy shop but are built to order and often on specifications, in which the smallest detail is considered. One which was presented recently to a little girl of the upper West Side was built and furnished on such a scale of magnificence as fairly to stun the recipient.

This house is of the colonial style of architecture and is four feet high, five feet wide and three feet deep. There are four ample windows in the rear and five in the front. Two tall chimneys, painted in imitation of red brick, surmount the roof.

The main entrance is through double doors, approachable by a short flight of steps. There is a door bell that rings and the number of the house, which is 37, is painted in gold on the glass of the doors. All of the front except the central portion containing the main entrance and the window above it, may be swung back on hinges, thus revealing the interior. On the first floor are the kitchen and dining room. In the kitchen is a range in perfect order in which real fires may be built. The frying pan and griddle are of iron and the coal scuttle and dustpan of copper. Then there are the clothes boiler, a box full of clothes pins, wooden water pails, and a closet with shelves, in the drawers of which is a complete set of pewter dishes for the use of the servant. There is also a closet in which may be stored kitchen utensils. The chairs are of solid wood.

An arch leads from the kitchen into the dining room, which is furnished in sumptuous style. The carpet is Turkey red and the paper on the wall is blue and gold. The table, which is round, is of inlaid wood. The chairs are of oak, solidly built with cane bottoms and turned legs. There are also a side table, a buffet, a couch of inlaid wood and an easy chair, with red velvet seat in the corner. The dishes are china.

The second floor is occupied by the parlor and the bedroom, both very beautiful in the eyes of the child owner. The parlor carpet is old rose and the wall paper white and gold. There are five high-backed, padded chairs, an armchair and a sofa with a carved back, all exquisitely made and all covered with white flowered silk. There are also two wooden high-back chairs of fancy design.

In the bedroom are four high-back white and gold chairs, with blue satin cushions and a white and gold bed with a blue satin canopy. The dressing table matches the rest of the furniture and in the centre of it is painted a bunch of roses. The room also contains a handsome white wood desk with green baize top and closets underneath, a marble top stand and an ebony armchair and foot rest, both covered with red satin. There is a lace spread for the bed.

In each room save the kitchen there is an elaborate brass chandelier suspended from the ceiling. Each room also contains a fireplace and mantel. In the parlor, dining room and bed room are hung little pictures, resembling oil paintings, and framed artistically in gilt. All the front windows have lace curtains tied back with blue satin ribbons.

Just inside the door there is a metal card receiver and a brass umbrella rack has three bright colored sun umbrellas in it. The baby carriage is of most modern French build, with high body, movable top and easy moving springs. A brass bird cage containing a miniature parrot hangs from one of the second story windows. There is a brass clock with glass face in each room, the one in the parlor being flanked on either side by a tall candelabrum.

The family that occupies this wonderful mansion is French, if one is to judge by the dress of its members. Besides the father and mother, there are four children, a nurse, a chef and two maids. —*New York Sun.*

Queer Tongue Tripping in Court.

Lawyers often make queer slips of the tongue. The other day one in the Supreme Court said to a witness:

"Now, consecrate your mind on that." Of course he meant concentrate, and the witness understood him and tried to do as he was requested.

Another lawyer in asking a witness as to a certain dance said:

"Did you pi-rute?"

After some explanation the witness learned that he meant "pirouette."

Still another lawyer in all earnestness told the Court that he would have to ask an adjournment of his case "because my client is suffering from bivalvular fracture of the heart."

The Court thought this disease sufficient cause for granting the application. —*New York Times.*

Physician, Not Horse Doctor.

A physician and surgeon has not the right to practice as a veterinarian. Such is the decision given by Judge W. G. Cochran in a case in the Douglas County Circuit Court, in which Dr. Barbour had sued Mell Crews for medical attention given to Crew's racer, A. J. Glick, which was injured while racing at Dubuque, Iowa. Barbour presented a bill for $258 and Crews contended that this amount was excessive, but paid $100. Barbour sued for the remaining $158 but lost the suit, as the Judge decided he had no right to practice as a horse doctor.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

Deep Fastenings.

Buttons are being used much more than the invisible hook-and-eye that was always striving to creep into notice—of the past few years. No one especial kind of button is in vogue. They are used with due reference to the material of the dress. With figured silk, brocade or velvet a small fancy button of enamel, metal or jeweled is good. With plain silk or satin a small crochet button is preferred. Smooth cloths have tailor buttons of the same material, and cheviot, tweed, homespun, etc., are fastened with horn, bone or smoked pearl buttons.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Actions speak louder than words, and actors louder than either.

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In the Rock of Gibraltar there are seventy miles of tunnels.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

The man who loses his temper loses his friends.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

The new Metropolitan Railway of Paris now carries a daily average of 115,000 passengers.

The American quail has been successfully acclimatized in Sweden.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The first porcelain factory in America was established in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Sugar-coated compliments are sometimes hard to swallow.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The first world's fair was in London in 1851.

Rev. H. P. Carson, Scotland, Dak., says: "Two bottles of Hall's Catarrh Cure completely cured my little girl." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Many a man gets a pointer from the finger of scorn.

Animals Have Reasoning Power.

That animals have reasoning power, and can recognize the approach of danger, is the verdict of the supreme court of Iowa. The case in which a decision was given was against a railway company for killing stock. In the lower court the rule of evidence was that the statutory whistle required sixty rods before crossing a public highway, and was intended for the protection of dumb animals as well as human beings, and this has been approved by the supreme court. The railway company contends that the requirement of the whistle at crossings could only be intended for rational beings, not animals. It is conceded that short blasts of the whistle may frighten animals off the track, but when not in danger, to frighten them may cause them to run on the track. The railroad company's attorneys say that the court confounds fright on the part of animals with reason; nevertheless, if this request for a rehearing be refused, and the present opinion stands, then the toots on the whistle are for the benefit of stock as well as human beings.

A new law requires that there be kept constantly on hand at the bureau of engraving and printing at Washington 100,000,000 two and 20,000,000 one-cent stamps.

Hair Splits

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for thirty years. It is elegant for a hair dressing and for keeping the hair from splitting at the ends."—J. A. Gruenenfelder, Grantfork, Ill.

Hair-splitting splits friendships. If the hair-splitting is done on your own head, it loses friends for you, for every hair of your head is a friend.

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If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

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The hand that traces on the wall
Those words of import great,
Confers a boon on one and all
By mentioning the date,
September first will surely be
Red-letter day indeed,
When the new Premium List we see
By the Lion guaranteed.

'Tis best to bear the date in mind,
So that it won't be missed,
The day on which we first shall find
The latest Premium List
Of useful presents rich and rare,
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For LION COFFEE drinkers share
Who have his praises sung.

September first your grocer ask,
For Lion's latest List;
If he's without, 'tis briefest task
To write us and [illegible]
Inclose a two-cent stamp, and [illegible]
The List will send to you,
You reap a big reward, you see,
And little have to do.

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Agoraphobia.

Builders, with their stone and mortar, brick and lime, water and sand, have left little puddles on a stretch of upper Broadway. An irregular string of pedestrians flung itself past the place, ignoring for the most part the slight inconvenience of stepping over the miniature lakes. But one man, when he was confronted with the situation, started back with an exclamation of vexation and passed around the pools.

"That chap has agoraphobia," said one of two men who had noted the movement.

"Has what?" asked the other.

"Agoraphobia. It means simply an abherrence of open spaces, and it has a great many victims. Specialists in this sort of nervousness say it takes various forms, some of its subjects having an insurmountable dread of crossing from one side of the street to the other, while others have a disinclination to go more than a few blocks from their home.

"Some dread to step across a puddle of water, like the man we just saw. Others dread descending into a well beyond a certain depth, and still others have a fear of getting too high in a building or an elevator. As a rule, these persons are acutely intellectual, so it is no mental disgrace to be a victim of agoraphobia, simply a misfortune that is common than most persons suppose."—New York Telegram.

A Celebrated Roman Eater.

Touching the matter of eating, the stories told by the old chroniclers and historians of the abnormal appetites of certain Roman and oriental men of note fairly stagger belief. Gibbon tells of Soliman, a caliph in the eighth century, who died of indigestion in his camp near Chalcis, in Syria. Just as he was about to lead an army of Arabs against Constantinople. He had emptied two baskets of eggs and figs, which he swallowed alternately, and the repast was finished with marrow and sugar. In a pilgrimage to Mecca the same caliph had eaten with impunity at a single meal 70 pomegranates, a kid, 6 fowls and a huge quantity of the grapes of Tayef.

Such a statement would defy belief were not others of a similar character well avouched. Louis XIV could hardly boast of an appetite as ravenous as Soliman's, but he would eat at a sitting four plateffuls of different soups, a whole pheasant, a partridge, a plateful of salad, mutton hashed with garlic, two good sized slices of ham, a dish of pastry and finish with fruit and sweetmeats.

Fulfilling the Wishes of the Dead.

Old Lord Forglen, the Scotch judge, died in 1727. Dr. Clerk, who attended his lordship to the last, calling on his patient the day he died, was admitted by the judge's old servant and clerk, David Reed. "How does my lord do?" inquired the doctor. "I houp he's weel," responded the old man, whose voice and manner at once explained his meaning. With tears streaming down his face he conducted Dr. Clerk into a room where there were two dozen bottles of wine underneath the table.

Other gentlemen presently arrived, and, having partaken of a glass or two of wine while they listened to David's account of his master's last hours, they all rose to depart. "No, no, gentlemen; not so," said the old factotum. "It was the expressed wish of the deceased that I should fill ye a' fou, and I maun fulfill the wish o' the dead." Dr. Clerk used to add when relating the story, "And indeed he did fulfill the will o' the dead, for before the end o't there was na one of us able to bite his ain thoomb!"

Jupiter and Ten.

A very ignorant and wealthy woman who was fond of talking about her "art gallery" one day met at the house of an acquaintance a lady who had not called on her, although they lived in the same town.

"Come and see me, do," said Mrs. B., the patron of art, as the other lady was taking her leave.

"Thank you very much," was the noncommittal reply.

"We've got a new picture too. That ought to tempt you to come, if I can't."

"I should be very glad indeed to see it."

"Such a lovely picture! Sometimes it seems to me I could look at it all day long."

"What is the subject of your picture, Mrs. B.?" inquired the hostess.

"Jupiter and Ten," was the reply.

It was "Jupiter and Io."

Guarding Her Teeth.

It is easy to misunderstand and easy to be misunderstood, and sometimes, happily, it is easy to give and to accept an explanation.

"I did think I would never come to see you again," said a cousin of the prominent society woman who had come to the country to visit her and was about to start homeward. "It's kind of you to ask me, of course, but I remember that when I was at your house in the city, two years ago, you did not seem glad to see me. You were kind and hospitable, of course, but I remember you did not smile once during the entire two weeks of my stay."

To her astonishment, her city cousin burst into a fit of laughter.

"Maria," she said, "just before you came I had the misfortune to break the porcelain 'crown' from one of my new front teeth, and as my dentist was out of town on his vacation I had to wait for his return. I didn't dare to smile when any one was looking at me, for fear of showing the ghastly metallic 'back' to which the porcelain had been attached. It was a strain, Maria, but I was equal to it, and I did not want to have to explain."

And her smile, now without a mechanical flaw, re-enforced the renewed invitation.—Youth's Companion.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOLARSHIP OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Girls in the Great Rally.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure the new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a scholarship at any educational institution in Georgia and $100 to cover the student's expenses for the year.

This offer covers every school and every boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be over for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one can say when such an opportunity will be offered again.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION is commended and vast good will result from the offer. The conditions will be furnished upon application.

Some Nice Royal Jobs.

"One of the most desirable posts at Windsor castle," says a correspondent of the Chicago Record, "is that of the king's limner, who in ancient times decorated books and manuscripts with initial letters and who now paints the parchment commissions which his majesty is pleased to confer upon some of his subjects. The man who now fills the post has extraordinary skill with the pen and brush, and his diplomas and certificates were greatly admired for their exquisite taste and artistic execution. He receives a salary of $2,500 a year. The clockmaker at Windsor castle receives the same compensation, and it is his business to keep all the timepieces in repair. The historiographer, who is supposed to keep a record of events, holds a hereditary office, with a salary of $2,500 a year. The master of music receives $2,500 and arranges concerts for his majesty's diversion. The surveyor of pictures is paid $1,500, the librarian receives $1,500, the examiner of plays $1,000, the keeper of the swans is paid $500, and the bargemaster, who looks after the boats used by the royal family at Windsor, has a similar compensation."

The Lieutenant's Brother.

It may not be generally known that it is considered a serious offense for a German soldier, no matter what may be his rank, to appear in public even in uniform, even though he be on furlough. The army regulations strictly enjoin that he must always wear his uniform.

A certain Lieutenant Schmidt, who was engaged in some lively adventure or other, dressed up as a civilian and was having altogether an enjoyable time until, on turning a corner, he unexpectedly met his colonel.

The lieutenant did not, however, lose his presence of mind. He pretended that he had never seen his colonel before and in a changed voice asked:

"Can you tell me, sir, where Lieutenant Schmidt lives? I am his brother from the country, and am paying him a little visit, but I happen just now to have lost my way."

The colonel quietly gave the desired information, and Lieutenant Schmidt congratulating himself on his lucky escape, hurried home and put on his uniform with all possible speed.

He thought, of course, that he had taken in his superior officer, but when an idea was rudely dispelled when the next day he met his colonel, who the latter said:

"Lieutenant Schmidt, if your brother from the country says you another visit I'll have him placed in close confinement for 30 days."

Which of Your Eyes Cried?

It seems a positively absurd question to ask, "Which of your eyes cried?"

In an everyday, common or garden variety it is well known that tears make their appearance and roll down the face seemingly as fast from one as from the other, whichever "other" may be, but if careful attention is made, more especially with certain people, it will be found that one of the eyes has a special emotional weakness and often opens the tear valve before its companion has decided upon the happy event.

Probably the best method of discovering the emotional eye is to attend a pathetic stage play and when the weeping period comes along look at the tear No. 1.

The writer attended such a performance recently, and was somewhat astonished to find that all his grief came from the right eye.

Whether the solution to the problem is to be found in the fact that he was leaning on his right arm must ever only be decided by an expert.

Information Desired.

The rural postoffice is the fountain head of general information on less so in Georgia than in Vermont, and the Atlanta Constitution reports a conversation recently participated by an old darky who approached the village postmaster and said:

"Any letters for me?"

"No."

"Any postal cards?"

"No."

"Is my paper come?"

"No."

"Got any almanacs?"

"No."

"Well, does you know anybody wants to buy a live alligator?"

...for the banking house for ...ville's Savings Bank are being ...ed by Mr. Lockwood, ...ontgomery architect, who ...ve bids from contractors, ...intend the erection of the ...

As soon as the contract ... work will be at once ...ed, and it is expected the ... be ready for business by ...

The iron doors for the ... already at the depot.

...night there was a territ-

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNER

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY AUGUST 8, 1901

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Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs to the Great Daily.

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This opens every school and classroom door in the State to every ambitious boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need lack when such ample provision is made.

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THE MAN ON THE CORNER

What He Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

They are painting the town red. Ickard's store is a deep red, and Mashes has replaced the shingles of his store with tin and painted it a vivid red. Sometimes boys turn themselves loose and paint the town red, but they have been very good lately, so Pinckard and Mashes have taken the job out of their hands.

Some lively young men, a few minutes after ten on Monday night, amused themselves by ringing the bell at the Methodist church, which created a little commotion, as all those who heard the bell ringing, naturally thought it was a fire. Better find some other amusement, boys, false alarms of fire are bad.

Mack Edwards has commenced work on his new brick store house, and it is said the new depot is to be built right away, as soon as the material can be got here. Will Hall's new brick store is nearly finished and will soon be ready for him to move into. It is a neat looking building and greatly improves the look of Main street. Bass Jones has rented the store now occupied by Will Sartor and will open up with a new stock as soon as he can get possession of the building. C. L. Stewart has opened up in his new premises.

It looked like court time last Monday, there were so many people in town. Come to think of it, it was court time, for Judge Adams had some fourteen or fifteen cases in the county court, and Justice Deason also had five trials in his court. Some of the courtiers were caught making uncourteous remarks, but then you can't please everyone, you know.

Last Saturday there was a big crowd attended the annual meeting of the Farmers Mutual Insurance Association. They seem to be getting into some sort of a muddle. They deposed Wallace C. Edler, the general agent, who threatens to seriously interfere with the business. There is no doubt but that Mr. Edler has been faithful to the present prosperity of the Association, and it is hoped the differences will be adjusted amicably. Any trouble which may turn out adversely to the Mutual continue to grow, it is well for those interested to consider the changes in the management of the Association. A full report will be found in another column on this page.

The Southern Normal Institute, which has proven a pronounced success, will celebrate the conclusion of the session with a grand concert at the Baptist church next Friday night. There will doubtless be a large attendance and the lovers of music will enjoy a treat. As Dr. Johnson says:

"Small souls are selfish objects, and great souls are generous; the last often to a fault, the first never but in a sovereign state than to the state."

Plans for the banking house for the people's Savings Bank are being prepared by Mr. Lockwood, of Montgomery, architect, who will receive bids from contractors, and permit the erection of the building. As soon as the contract is let the work will be at once begun, and it is expected the house will be ready for business by Jan. 1. The iron doors for the vault are already at the depot.

Friday night there was a terrific explosion of dynamite or gunpowder which shook the town, and disturbed the slumbers of the just and also the unjust. It is supposed to have been the work of some of the boys, who by the way had better cease these pranks, as the Council are determined to make a strong example of the first offender caught.

MARRIED

At the residence of Mr. J. L. Palmer, father of the bride, on Wednesday night, July 31, Mr. B. E. Jones and Miss Mattie L. Palmer, Rev. F. M. Woods officiating. Only a few friends were present at the ceremony. The happy couple have a host of friends who wish their future life together may be one of endless bliss. They are passing the honeymoon with friends at Lily.

CONCERT

A Musical Concert will be given at the Baptist church, under the direction of Prof. A. J. Showalter, on Tuesday night, August 13, 1901. Admission 15 and 25 cts. One-third of the proceeds will be given to the Baptist church, the balance to the school.

Jacobi Found Guilty.

On Tuesday at Montgomery, Sanford Jacobi, charged with intent to ravish Miss Lizzie Parker, of Clanton, about a year ago was found guilty—the jury being out only eight minutes. He was taken to the county jail. It is said that a motion for a new trial will be made and probably heard on Saturday.

Stanton.

Dr. A. J. MASSEY, the Birmingham Dentist, will be at Stanton on the 12th inst., and balance of the week. Call promptly at the Parnell House. He will be glad to do your dental work.

Kincheon.

A sad accident occurred at the home of Mr Robert Popwell, near Kincheon, on Tuesday afternoon. His three children were playing in a room, when the eldest, a boy about six years old, by some means obtained possession of a shot gun, and playing with it, it was discharged, the shot entering the right arm, side and neck of the baby, fourteen months, old, who was lying on a pallet on the floor. A little girl was holding up a quilt and the shot passed through the quilt before reaching the baby. Dr. V. O. Crumbell was sent for and is doing all that can be done for the little sufferer.

Lomax.

Fine rains have visited our section and farmers are looking happy.

Miss Eva Hill visited friends here Sunday evening.

Mrs. Frank Roebuck of Billingsley has returned home after a pleasant visit to her brother's family here.

Mr. Ed Sims has gone to Jacksonville, Ala., for a stay of several months.

The sweet spirit of the five month's old infant of Mr. and Mrs. Gip Henley passed away on last Sunday morning. We deeply sympathize with the bereaved parents in the loss of their little darling, and may our heavenly Father's special love and blessing fall upon the suffering invalid mother.

Mr. Wm. Lodge, of Mountain Creek, visited his parents here last week.

The Sunday-school at this place is in a flourishing condition.

Mr. Joe Knight and little daughter, Rossie, of Shelby county, visited relatives here last week.

Miss Sallie Knight is visiting friends in Shelby. M.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our correspondents views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

Macedonia.

We had another nice shower last Saturday night; so late corn will doubtless be good. Cotton is shedding some; hogs are dieing at a rapid rate in this section. So it seems that the farmer will have to continue paying a high price for meat.

The writer had the pleasure of visiting the Southern Normal Musical Institute at Clanton, last week. It was a pleasure indeed, to hear Prof. Showalter sing once more.

J. C. Veazey will begin a singing school at Stanton next week, and from there to Adams. TRICK.

East Chilton.

Here I am again. Crops are needing rain again, especially corn.

Mr. Job Mims of Prattville was in our vicinity last week.

Messrs. J. N. and W. A. Goss visited Clanton Saturday.

Messrs David Hendrick and E. T. and W. F. Connell returned from a visit to relatives in Elmore and Autauga counties.

J. G. Jones and family of Prattville are visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. B. J. Goss visited his parents here Sunday.

Mr. M. C. Williams has begun work on his new residence.

The writer went on a hogs fishing in a mill hole Saturday. I guess we still have some patient fishermen.

It is reported that L. B. Gullahorn will put up a lumber mill at Burwell this fall.

We are having a great deal of sickness now. There is a number of our people speaking of going to the level country this fall, the writer among them. VIDON.

Bicyclists, base ball and foot ball teams will find Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic the very thing they "need in their business" when the race is ended and the game is finished. For Sore muscles, Bruises, Sprains, etc., it is O. K., and "don't you forget it." Clean and pleasant as perfume and costs only 50c.

New Salem.

We have quite a nice Sunday-school at this place.

Sunday, Aug. 4, at the residence of Mr. George Maddox, Mr. Richard Collins and Miss Dora Maddox were happily united, Rev. L. B. Pounds performing the ceremony. Long and happy may their united lives be.

Mr. William Martin and wife spent last Sunday with Mr. John Parker.

The crops are fine in this section.

Our boys in this section of the country have a game they call catchup. One of the boys started out the other night to catch up with one, and he sided over the corn rows until he wore his shirt bosom. He got there just the same.

Mr. Fletcher Parker and wife visited Mr. Will Aldridge last Sunday.

Is Old Patch dead or sleeping? X. Y. Z.

They Stretch It Rich.

It was a grand thing for his community that such an enterprising firm as the Clanton drug Co. secured the Agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvellous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business, as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50c and $1.00.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, THORSBY, ALA.

Maplesville.

We regret to be compelled to state the facts of our hot, dry weather, gardens and crops are suffering. A few scant showers give us hope by the sign of the rainbow that we will have seed time to harvest. Our colored weather-seers tell us very wisely and truthfully "dat when de mune gits right on her back fer the water to spill out we will have rain fer sho." Many have "laid by," while some have put in "laying by time" by planting peas.

Our blessed South is catching up with some of the Western plagues in way of a most destructive Irish potato bug. Dr. Claughton, our town's best gardener, says lime only proves a good medicine, and we have as yet found no remedy but hand picking.

Mrs. Jane Bowline and Snead of Centreville have been guests of Mr. Buck Bowline.

Mr. William Claughton of Montgomery has returned home after a very pleasant visit to his brother here, Dr. Claughton.

T. U. Crumpton has had his nephew Harvey Crumpton, of Pleasant Hill to visit him lately.

Mr. Marion Baisemore of Selma has been on a visit to the "old folks at home."

Miss Rasell from near Demopolis has visited her aunt here, Mrs. Eccridge.

Mrs. Fuller, of Summerfield is now visiting her brother here.

Mr. Ingram of Ensley has had a most pleasant visit to Master Joe Savage.

We are sorry to state that our quiet citizens have been lately disturbed by shooting after night which is extremely annoying to all within hearing and particularly to those nearby.

Mr. Richard Blalack of Vick has been home lately.

Miss Mary Rasberry is visiting her sister, Mrs. Blalack.

We regret that Mr. Nengent has retured to his old home, as he was very helpful in our church and Sabbath school.

Mr. Joe Adams and family have lately visited his brother at Oakmulger.

We will venture to tell your readers, sincerely hoping they will not tattle it over the whole country, that we have cause to get our big saw mill yet. SUBSCRIBER.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Ass'n.

The annual meeting of the above Association was held at Clanton last Saturday, and the following officers were elected: President, N. J. Calloway; Secretary-Treasurer, P. D. Wilson; County Agent, B. T. Calloway; and nine directors, one from each beat. The by-laws were amended in some particulars, and the meeting adjourned.

Any druggist, will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c. and tell you what it is good for free of charge. Try it.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date of July 22nd, 1901. I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county, at Clanton, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER the 10, 1901,

the following described land, to-wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 29, township 21, range 13, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of a division among the several owners thereof, who are the heirs at law of Edward Mims, deceased.

A. C. SMITH, Commissioner.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

PAINT. There's nothing like paint. An up-to-date House and Sign painter wants your work. Prices low; estimates free. J. M. MOORE, the Painter, Clanton.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 19, 1900

We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.

THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO., Wholesale Druggists.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE —ON— SNUFF AND TOBACCO FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3⅓ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3⅓ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF

Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT

R. R. FARE PAID 200 FREE

Scholarships offered. Write quick to

GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Practice in all Courts. Office at the Adams' place CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts. CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, CLANTON, ALA. Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART, DENTIST. OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m. Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS, SPECIALIST Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat OFFICE 28 S. PERRY ST. Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 3 to 4. Telephone 494—2 Calls. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School, MONTEVALLO, ALA. The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

GOING TO SCHOOL? The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901. Board $8.00 per month. Send for catalogue. H. J. WILLINGHAM, President.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The new battleship Illinois has shown a speed of 400 land miles a day. She will prove a knotty problem for an enemy.

New York leads all the other States in the predominance of its city over its country population. Of every 100 inhabitants of the Empire States seventy-seven live in cities and towns. The percentage of the population living in cities and town for the whole country is forty-seven only.

Prom'n't women in various cities are organizing themselves into societies for the inspection of streets and alleys. Affairs have not yet come to such a pass that neglected husbands feel called upon to organize societies for the inspection of homes.

Civilization advances in some directions at a compound-interest rate, so to speak. For instance, the population of the United States increased a little over 50 percent in the 20 years from 1880 to 1900, but in the same period the business and revenues of the postoffice increased 300 percent.

The views of Massachusetts and Texas on the subject of railroad taxation are at variance. In the former state taxes are collected on both the tangible property and the franchises of the railroad companies, in the latter, the supreme court has held that this is double taxation forbidden by the state constitution.

A woman minister who married a couple in Pennsylvania recently (and it is said to be the first marriage ceremony ever colemnized by a woman in that state) at once turned the marriage fee over to her husband. Ministers' wives have so long been accustomed to receive the wedding fees that the act seems to be quite just to the sterner sex.

The house in which Victor Hugo lived and wrote many of his books—No. 6 Place des Vosges—is to be converted into a Hugo museum. It will contain things which the great French novelist owned and used, a collection of the first editions of his books, his sketches, pictures and portraits. It is to be established by the municipal council of Paris and the ministry of fine arts, aided by the executor of Hugo's will.

The woodpeckers are friends of the farm and should be protected, observes a writer in the American Cultivator. They have remarkable tongues—probes they are. The bird has a keen ear and locates his prey by this sense. When he hears the chipping of a wood-boring beetle in an apple or other tree, and dislodges it with his sharp chisel bill and probe, it is likely that on his next rounds he will find a colony of ants enlarging the burrow of the dead grub. The bird now brings into use the same tools used in catching the beetle, and the ants are drawn out and devoured. Both insects are injurious to the tree.

A recent report from the census bureau shows that Rhode Island is still the most densely populated state in the Union. "Little Rhody" has 407 inhabitants to the square mile. Massachusetts comes next, with not quite 349 inhabitants to the square mile. New Jersey is third, with a little more than 250 inhabitants to the square miles, and Connecticut is fourth, with a little more than 187 inhabitants to the square mile. The other states which have more than 100 inhabitants to the square mile are New York, with 152.6; Pennsylvania, with 140.1; Maryland, with 120.5; and Ohio, with 102. Nevada has only four-tenths of one person to the square mile; Alaska, one-tenth.

"Graduated, but not present," was the suggestive announcement made concerning the class of 1901 at a well-known institution of higher learning. A majority of the class did not appear at commencement, though their names were called and their degrees were conferred. The case was extraordinary, but the explanation was simple and satisfactory. The services of the young men had been sought and engaged by business men so urgently that the president of the institution had given the students permission to leave school and go to work in advance of actual graduation. Their courses of study were satisfactorily completed and their examinations passed, and it was thought to be not worth while to keep them away from the industries which needed them for so long as even the few days yet remaining before the formal close of the academic year.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Fifty-eighth Day.

Grandfather Clause Adopted—Minority Suffrage Report Tabled—Lowe Claims Unfairness.

At the sessions of today the attendance was 98 and 116. The sessions have been lengthened; hereafter they will be from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 to 7 p. m. Several speeches were made and then the minority report was tabled to the tune of 109 to 23. Those who voted in favor of the minority report were Beddow, Dent, Eley, Ferguson, Harrison, Jones of Montgomery, Kirkland, Kyle, Lowe, Murphree, Oates, O'Neil, Smith of Mobile, Waddell and White, democrats; Bartlett, Mulcay, Porter and Spears, republicans, and Cofer, Foshee, Sloan and Reynolds of Chilton, populists.

In the afternoon session Mr. Lowe made an impassioned speech in which he charged the chair with unfairness to him. He said he would have supported the majority report if its purpose had been to provide for fair elections, but its purpose was to perpetuate fraud forever and intimated that the most of the delegates and the white people would need the minority report. By a vote of 104 to 14 section 4 of the article on suffrage was adopted.

Section 4. The following male residents of this state, who are citizens of the United States, and every male person of foreign birth who, before the ratification of this constitution, may have legally declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States; provided, that all such foreigners who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States shall cease to have the right to vote if they fail to become citizens of the United States after they are entitled to become such citizens, 21 years old or upwards, who, if their place of residence shall remain unchanged, will have, at the date of the next general election, the qualifications as to residence prescribed in section 2 of this article, and who are not disqualified under section 6 of this article, shall, upon application, be entitled to register as electors prior to the 1st day of January, 1903, namely:

1. All who have honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the war of 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the war with Spain, or who honorably served in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, or of the State of Alabama in the war between the states; or

2. The lawful descendants of persons who honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the war of the American revolution, or in the war of 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, or of the State of Alabama in the war between the States; or

3. All persons of good character and who understand the duties and obligations of citizenship under a republican form of government.

Section 5 of the article was read defining education and property qualifications and was under discussion when the convention adjourned.

Fifty-ninth Day.

Uninteresting Session—Property Qualification Clause Adopted—Restrictions on Registration.

One hundred and seven was the tally of delegates present at both sessions of the convention today. By a vote of 113 to 11 the convention adopted the section of the article on legislation calling quadriennial sessions of the legislature.

Section 5 of the suffrage article was taken up and paragraph 1 was adopted, as follows:

Section 5. After the first day of January, 1903, the following persons, and no others, who, if their place of residence shall remain unchanged, will have, at the date of the next general election, the qualifications as to residence prescribed in section 2 of this article, shall be qualified to register as electors, provided, they shall not be disqualified under section 6 of this article.

So many amendments were made to the first subdivision that it was recommitted, but the second subdivision was adopted, as follows:

Second—The owner, in good faith, in his own right, or the husband of a woman who is the owner in good faith, in her own right, of forty acres of land situate in this state, upon which they reside; or the owner in good faith, in his own right, or the husband of any woman who is the owner in good faith, in her own right, of real estate, situate in this state assessed for taxation at the value of $300 or more, or the owner in good faith, in his own right, or the husband of a woman who is the owner in good faith, in her own right, of personal property in this state assessed for taxation at $300 or more; provided, that the taxes due upon such real or personal property for the year next preceeding the year in which he offers to register shall have been paid, unless the assessment shall have been legally contested and is undetermined.

Section 6 was adopted:

Section 6. The following persons shall be disqualified both from registering and from voting, namely:

All idiots and insane persons; those who shall by reason of conviction of a felony, be disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of this constitution; and those who shall be convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeasance in office, larceny, receiving stolen property, obtaining property or money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on the wife, bigamy, living in adultery, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation, crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary, or of any infamous crime, or crime involving moral turpitude; also any person who shall be convicted as a vagrant or tramp, or of selling or offering to sell his vote or the vote of another, or buying or offering to buy the vote of another in any election by the people or in any primary election or to procure the nomination or election of any person to any office, or of suborning any witness or registrar to secure the registration of any person upon the ele[illegible]

The section was made applicable to one who makes or offers to make a false return of any election.

Section 7 was then adopted, as follows:

Section 7. No person shall be qualified to vote or participate in any primary election, party convention, mass meeting or other method of party action of any political party or faction who shall not possess the qualifications described in this article for an elector, or who shall be disqualified under the provisions of this article from voting.

Section 8 was adopted providing that no person not qualified as an elector shall vote at any election subsequent to the general election in 1902. Section 9 was adopted, which requires an elector where a vote is challenged to swear that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

Most of the afternoon was spent in discussing a motion to reconsider an amendment to section 1, adopted several days ago, providing that foreigners who had declared intention of becoming citizens should vote. The convention finally decided not to reconsider its action.

Section 10, which provides for the board of registration, had just been read by the clerk when the convention adjourned.

Sixtieth Day.

Registration Plan Occupying the Convention's Time—What It Is—Progress Made.

The attendance today was 112 and considerable work was accomplished by the convention. First, the eighth section of the suffrage article was reconsidered and the following substitute adopted:

Section 8. No person not registered and qualified as an elector under the provisions of this article, shall vote at the general election in 1902 or at any state, county or municipal election, general, local or special; but the provisions of this article shall not apply to any election held prior to the general election in 1902.

That part of section 5 which was recommitted yesterday was reported in substitute. It provides that those who, not being physically unable, can read and write any article of the constitution of the United States, and who, being able to work, have worked or been regularly engaged in some lawful calling for the quarter part of the twelve months next preceding the time they offer to register, can vote, provided further that persons who can neither read nor write on account of physical disability shall be allowed to vote if otherwise qualified under this section.

The pending question was then taken up and the following sections were adopted:

Section 10. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the registration, after the first day of January, 1903, of all qualified electors. Until the first day of January, 1903, all electors shall be registered under and in accordance with the requirements of this section, as follows:

1. Registration shall be conducted, in each county, by a board of three reputable and suitable persons residents in the county, who shall not hold any elective office during their term, to be appointed within sixty days after the ratification of this constitution by the Governor, Auditor and Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, or a majority of them, acting as a board of appointment. If one or more of the persons appointed on such board of registration shall refuse, neglect or be unable to qualify or serve, or a vacancy or vacancies occur in the membership of the board of registrars from any cause, the Governor, Auditor and Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, or a majority of them acting as a board of appointment, shall make other appointments to fill such board. Each registrar shall receive $2 per day, to be paid by the State and disbursed by the probate judges, for each entire day's attendance upon the sessions of the board.

Before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office, each registrar shall take the same oath required of the judicial officers of the State, which oath may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths. The oath shall be in writing and subscribed by the registrar, and filed in the office of the probate judge of the county.

2. Prior to the first day of August, 1902, the board of registrars in each county shall visit each precinct at least once, and oftener, if necessary, to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register, and remain there at least one day from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset. They shall give at least twenty days' notice of the time when they will attend to register applicants for registration, by bills posted at five or more public places in each election precinct, and by advertisement in a newspaper, if there be one, published in the county, once a week for three successive weeks. Upon failure to give such notice or to attend to any appointment made by them in any precinct, they shall, after like notice, fill any appointments therein; but the time consumed by the board in completing such registration shall not exceed sixty working days in any county except that in counties in which there is any city of 8,000 inhabitants or over, the board may remain in session, in addition to the session hereinabove prescribed, for not more than three successive weeks in each of said cities; and thereafter the board may sit from time to time in each of such other cities not more than one week in each month, and except that in the county of Jefferson the board may hold additional sessions, of not exceeding five consecutive days' duration for each session, in any town or city of 900 or more and less than 8,000 inhabitants. No person shall be registered except at the county site or in the precinct at which he resides. The registrars shall issue to each person registered a certificate of registration.

3. The board of registrars shall register no person between the first day of August, 1902, and the Friday next preceding the day of election in November, 1902. On Friday and Saturday next preceding the day of election in 1902, they shall sit in the court house of each county during such days, and shall register all applicants having the qualifications prescribed by sections two and four of this article and not disqualified under section six, who shall have reached the age of 21 years after the first day of August, 1902, or who shall prove to the reasonable satisfaction of the board that, by reason of physical disability or unavoidable absence from the county but had no opportunity to register prior to the first day of August, 1902; and shall on such days register no other persons. When there are two or more court houses in one county, the registrars may sit during such two days at either of such court houses they may select, but shall give ten days' notice, by bills posted at each of the other court houses, designating the court house at which they will so sit.

4. The board of registrars shall hold sessions at the court house of their respective counties during the entire third week in November, 1902, and for six working days next prior to the twentieth day of December, 1902, during which session they shall register all persons applying who possess the qualifications prescribed in sections 2 and 4, and who shall not be disqualified under section 6 of this article. In counties where there are two or more court houses, the board of registrars shall sit at each of them. The board of registrars shall give notice of the time and place of such sessions by posting notices at each court house in their respective counties, and at each voting place and at three other public places in the county, and by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper, if one be published in the county; such notices to be published and such publications to be commenced as early as practicable in the first week of November, 1902; provided, that a failure on the part of the registrars to conform to the provisions of this section as to notices to be given, shall not invalidate any registration made by them.

5. The board of registrars shall have power to examine, under oath or affirmation, all applicants for registration, and to take testimony touching the qualifications of such applicants; each member of such board is authorized to administer the oath to be taken by the applicants and witnesses, which shall be in the following form, and subscribed by the person making it, and preserved by the board, namely:

"I solemnly swear (or affirm) that in the matter of the application of —— for registration as an elector I will speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help me God."

Any person, who, upon such examination makes any wilfully false statement in reference to any material matter touching the qualification of any applicant for registration shall be guilty of perjury.

6. The action of the majority of the board of registrars shall be the action of the board. Any person denied registration shall have the right to appeal, without security for costs, within thirty days after such denial, by filing a petition in the Circuit Court or court of like jurisdiction held for the county in which he seeks to vote to have his qualifications as an elector determined. Upon filing the petition the clerk of the court shall give notice thereof to any solicitor authorized to represent the State in said county whose duty it shall be to appear and defend against the petition on behalf of the State. Upon such trial the court shall charge the jury only as to what constitutes the qualifications that entitled the applicant to become an elector at the time he applied for registration, and the jury shall determine the weight and effect of the evidence and return a verdict. From the judgment rendered an appeal will lie to the Supreme Court in favor of the petitioner, to be taken within thirty days. Final judgment in favor of the petitioner shall entitle him to registration as of the date of his application to the registrars.

7. The Secretary of State, at the expense of the State, shall have prepared and furnished to the registrars and probate judges in the several counties a sufficient number of registration books, and of blank forms of certificates of registration and of oaths and of the notices required to be given by the registrars. The cost of the publication in newspapers of the notices required to be given by the registrars shall be paid by the State, the bill therefor to be rendered to the Secretary of State and approved by him.

8. Any elector who registers for another, or who registers more than once, and any registrar who enters the name of any elector on the list of registered voters, without such elector having made application in person, under oath on a form provided for that purpose, or who knowingly registers any person, more than once, or who knowingly enters a name upon the registration list as the name of a voter without anyone of that name applying to register, shall be guilty of a felony.

Section 11. The board of registrars in each county shall, on or before the first day of February, 1903, file in the probate court of their county a complete list, sworn to by them, of all persons registered in their county, with the precinct or ward in which each of such persons reside set opposite the names of such person, and shall also file a like list in the office of the Secretary of State. The judge of probate shall on or as soon as practicable after the first day of March, 1903, cause to be made from such list in duplicate, in the books furnished by the Secretary of State, an alphabetical list by precincts of the persons shown by the list of registrars to have been registered in the county, and shall file one of such alphabetical lists in the office of Secretary of State; for which services by the probate judges compensation shall be provided by the General Assembly. The judges of probate shall keep both the original list filed by the registrars and the alphabetical list made therefrom as records in the probate court of the county.

Unless he shall become disqualified under the provisions of this article, anyone who shall register prior to the first day of January, 1903, shall remain an elector during life, and shall be required to register only in case a change of residence, on production of his certificate. The certificate of the registrars or of the probate judge or the Secretary of State shall be sufficient evidence to establish the fact of such life registration. Such certificate shall be issued free of charge to the elector, and the General Assembly shall provide by law for the renewal of such certificate when lost, mutilated or destroyed.

Section 12 was recommitted.

Section 13. In the trial of any contested election, and in proceedings to investigate any election, no person other than a defendant shall be allowed to withhold his testimony on the ground that he may criminate himself or subject himself to public infamy; but such person shall not be prosecuted for any offense arising out of the transaction concerning which he testified, but may be prosecuted for perjury committed on such examination.

Section 14 was temporarily passed.

Section 15. It shall be the duty of the general assembly to pass adequate laws giving protection against the evils arising from the use of intoxicating liquors at all elections.

Section 16. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at elections, or while going to or returning therefrom.

Section 17. Returns of elections for all civil officers who are to be commissioned by the Governor, except Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, Attorney General and Superintendent of Education and for members of the General Assembly, shall be made to the Secretary of State.

Section 18 was recommitted and section 19 was under discussion when the time for adjournment arrived.

Sixty-first Day.

Suffrage Discussion Continued—Poll Tax to be Voluntary but Necessary to Qualify.

One hundred and eight and 129 was the attendance at today's sessions. The discussion of the suffrage scheme occupied the day, and several sections were adopted. It was suggested to engross the constitution on parchment after its adoption. Sections 12, 14 and 18 of the suffrage article, which had been recommitted were reported back and adopted as follows:

Section 12. From and after the 1st day of January, 1903, any applicant for registration may be required to state under oath, to be administered by the registrar or by any person authorized by law to administer oaths, where he lived during the five years next preceding the time at which he applies to register, and the name or names that he was known by during that period, and the name of his employer or employers, if any, during such period. Any applicant for registration who refuses to state such facts, or any of them, shall not be entitled to register, and any person so offering, who wilfully makes a false statement in regard to such matters, or any of them, shall be guilty of perjury.

Section 14. The General Assembly shall pass laws not inconsistent with this constitution to regulate and govern elections, and all such laws shall be uniform throughout the State; and shall provide by law for the manner of holding elections and of ascertaining the result of the same, and shall provide general registration laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, for the registration of all qualified electors from and after the 1st day of January, 1903. The General Assembly shall also make provisions by law, not inconsistent with this article, for the regulation of primary elections and for punishing frauds at the same, but shall not make primary elections compulsory.

The Legislature shall by law provide for purging the registration list of the names of those who die or become insane or such names as have been fraudulently placed there with provision for the right of trial by jury.

Section 18. The poll tax mentioned in this article shall be one dollar and fifty cents upon every male inhabitant of the state over the age of 21 years, and under the age of 45 years, who would not now be exempt by law. Such poll tax shall become due and payable on the first day of October in each year, and become delinquent on the first day of the next succeeding February, but no legal process nor any fee or commission shall be allowed for the collection thereof. The tax collector shall make returns of poll tax collections separate from all other collections.

Discussion of section 19 was interrupted by adjournment.

Sixty-second Day.

Suffrage Clause Completed—Lowe's Plan Tabled—Judiciary Report Discussed.

The Convention held but one session today and 85 delegates were present. The article on suffrage was completed and ordered to a third reading. Mr. Lowe's substitute for the entire article was laid on the table, as well as new sections offered to the article by various delegates. Two were adopted, one by Mr. Browne leaves to the legislature the right to extend the poll tax age beyond 45 years, and the other makes it a crime to pay any one's poll tax for the purpose of influencing his vote.

The convention then took up the report of the committee on judiciary and adopted nine sections before adjournment. There are five minority reports to this article, but the nine sections were adopted as reported by the committee. There was some discussion over the proposition to give the legislature power to confer law and equity jurisdiction in both the circuit and chancery courts, but it was adopted. The legislature is also authorized to establish an intermediate appellate court if it sees fit.

Sixty-third Day.

Poor Day for Amendments—Judiciary System About Settled—Resolution for Governor T. G. Jones.

Seventy-eight delegates spent today in considering the article on judiciary, and seventeen sections (from 10 to 26 inclusive) were adopted.

The convention unanimously adopted a resolution of sympathy to Ex-Governor Jones on account of the loss of his daughter.

A SEVERE wind and rain storm visited Adger Thursday night, and was quite destructive. The Masonic hall at Sumter was ruined and the Masons lost most of their paraphernalia and effects. No person was hurt in the storm, but there were grave fears that terrible damage was going to be wrought for awhile.

JOHN Yarbrough, the young man who has been in jail at Sulligent, charged with the murder of J. H. Cole at Vernon last Sunday, has been released on a $2,000 bond. It will be remembered that Cole was stabbed in a dispute with Yarbrough, and died shortly after.

NANSEN MAY NOT GET IT ALL.

Mrs. Martha C. Cunningham, of Chattanooga, Tenn., claims to be the daughter of the brother of Mathias Slessing, a wealthy Scandinavian, who died in Chicago two years ago. His estate was in a fair way to go to Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, but Mrs. Cunningham's petition may result in a division.

FATAL R. R. WRECK.

A Pan-American special, heavily loaded, and a regular passenger train collided near Lockport, N., Y. early Sunday morning on the N. Y. Central. Thomas Hyland, an engineer, and Geo. Webb, trainman, were killed and a fireman was severely injured. The passengers of both trains were thrown into a panic by the shock, but none were seriously injured. A mistake in carrying out meeting orders caused the collision.

OF INTEREST IN AL

HAPPENNINGS THAT THE TO KNOW ABOUT

RECENT STATE MATTERS

Shipbuilding Plans for [illegible]
New Railroad—Smooth [illegible]
Destructive Storm—[illegible]
Find—Short Items [illegible]

TO BUILD SHIPS.

Announcement is made of the intended building of an immense shipbuilding plant at Alabama [illegible] thirty-six miles south of Mobile on the Gulf of Mexico. The plant will cost in the neighborhood of $4,000,000, and will be complete in every particular. Work will begin November and will be rapidly pushed to completion. The plant will be capable of building six vessels at the same time.

The company that is to build the big plant is known as the [illegible] Shipbuilding Dry Dock Company. It was granted a charter by the Legislature at the last session of the body. The capital of the company is $4,000,000, and the officers are G. Morris, President; [illegible] Vice-President; S. R. McLean, second Vice-President and [illegible] W. D. Munson, Treasurer. All the gentlemen reside in New York.

Members of the company state that they will build, in addition to the ship-building plant at Alabama, a marine railway, which will have a lifting capacity of 5,000 tons. An immense dry dock will be built at New Orleans and on account of the heavy tonnage vessels now seeking docking facilities at that port it is believed that it will pay handsomely on the entire investment. It is [illegible] capitalists who are interested, represented by Messrs. Waters and [illegible]ner, of New Orleans.

THE B. & V. R. R.

A party of Mississippi [illegible] visited Birmingham last week to inspect the city in the proposed Birmingham & Vicksburg Railroad. The proposed route has been partly surveyed. The entire line is through a country with here and there cultivated patches. Timber will be one of the important features of the road through which the road will pass. This timber alone would furnish road tonnage the year round, as stated. Cypress, white oak, pine, hickory, ash, beech and [illegible] are all found in large quantities. As to soil, the engineer states that the entire country consists of hardwood lands, while in some the land is good for cultivating fruits, vegetables, etc., and for stock. It is mostly grade on the entire line with not over one per cent.

SLICK TRICK.

The boldest burglary ever perpetrated in Athens occurred Friday morning at the livery stable of [illegible] Bros. & Phillips, when the safe was secured $40 in cash and some valuable papers, making the haul in the light, while the stable force were building feeding. He will have a chance and when the people came for supper he entered the building, the office that fronts on the public road and going to the safe that had been left open until the days business had produced a key that fit the lock, opened the safe, took therefrom the cash and papers that were valuable and left the drawer, left the building without being discovered.

GOVERNOR JELKS will be present at the laying of the corner stone of Bessley's new city hall.

A NEW postoffice has been established in Tuskaloosa county, and named it Snider, about thirteen miles from Tuskaloosa.

Mr. ERSKINE RAMSEY, Chief Engineer of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, has tendered his resignation.

IT IS probable that Theodore Roosevelt will be the guest of Montgomery during his southern tour in the fall.

FORMER Attorney-General C. C. Pitts will soon be permanently in the profession in Mobile.

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[illegible] ARP'S LETTER

Illustration Bartow Man [illegible] From the Scriptures.

[illegible] WORDS OF PETER THE PROPHET

[illegible], Incidentally, Tells All He [illegible] of the Mysterious Stuff Called Dreams—Does Not Believe in Them.

[illegible] in that day the young men [illegible] visions and the old men shall [illegible] dreams, and the handmaidens [illegible] prophecy." That is what Peter [illegible] the people on the day of Pentecost. And Peter believed that the [illegible] foretold by the Prophet Joel had [illegible] come, for the devout men from [illegible] nation under heaven were there [illegible] and speaking in every [illegible]. The people said they were [illegible], but Peter said "No, for it is [illegible] o'clock in the morning." I reckon [illegible] tipsers drank more in the even[illegible] as they do now, and went to [illegible]. But it has always perplexed [illegible] find out when the age of period [illegible] miracles and seeing visions [illegible] and why the power was taken [illegible] from the men of God. Paul could [illegible] miracles to save or to heal oth[illegible] but had to die by the executioner [illegible] blood of the martyrs was the [illegible] of the church, but has the time [illegible] when dreams and visions are [illegible] force or meaning." I was rumi[illegible] about dreams, because last [illegible] I dreamed not less than three [illegible] in about half a minute. The [illegible] was striking twelve and I dream[illegible] was the fire bell and saw the [illegible] smoke and then the flame of [illegible] where the hotel was burning. [illegible] firemen climbing ladders and de[illegible] with women and children in [illegible] arms. I saw streams of water [illegible] the roof and pouring in at [illegible] windows. I heard the excited [illegible] of firemen and people and wit[illegible] the frantic efforts to keep the [illegible] crossing to the next block. [illegible] enough and heard enough to [illegible] hours to recite, and yet I awak[illegible] with the last stroke of the ham[illegible] the little bell and knew that [illegible] the clock and not the fire bell [illegible] had caused that long, exciting [illegible]. This same experience I had [illegible] years ago—when the report of [illegible] provoked a dream that begun in [illegible] between two of my friends [illegible] continued in a correspondence in [illegible] an apology was demanded and I [illegible] called upon to assist in the writ[illegible] and several letters were passed, [illegible] no purpose and it ended in a [illegible]. Seconds were chosen—the [illegible] was carefully consulted—[illegible] chosen—the time fixed and [illegible] took place; and when the first [illegible] fired I awoke. The report of [illegible] had precipitated and concen[illegible] all of that long and anxious [illegible] into a second of time. Doubtless [illegible] many people have had a similar [illegible]. The medical books record [illegible] such instances and Lord Brough[illegible] declared that all dreams were in[illegible]. Drowning men have the [illegible] experience. Those who are re[illegible] declare that every event of [illegible] lives came before them in the in[illegible] of losing consciousness. Time is [illegible]. It seems to be annihilated. [illegible] no emotion of surprise. If [illegible] father or brother or friend ap[illegible] to you in a dream you are not [illegible], though he has been dead [illegible] years. But Lord Brougham is [illegible]. The smile of an infant sleep[illegible] in its mother's arms comes from [illegible] and is not instantaneous. [illegible] it continues quite awhile [illegible] and goes. The mother be[illegible] the child sees angels and heav[illegible]. Maybe it does, for of such [illegible] kingdom of heaven. Lord [illegible] is wrong, for men and wo[illegible] have had part of the skull re[illegible] and left the brain exposed [illegible], while the doctors look[illegible] and saw the brain dilate and pul[illegible] become excited and disturb[illegible] the patient would tell of a bad [illegible]. When the sleep was sweet the [illegible] was in perfect repose.

[illegible] a wonderful piece of mechan[illegible] this body of ours. It can all [illegible] save the heart and lungs and [illegible]. They never sleep nor get a [illegible] for rest. Just think of it. For [illegible] years this heart of mine [illegible] failed to beat time for every [illegible] of my existence and send its [illegible] to every part of my body. [illegible] I am awake or asleep, it is [illegible] its post of duty. Poor thing—[illegible] it is tired. And so with my [illegible] that never not day or night to [illegible] the heart its food, its strength [illegible]. The will, the brain, the [illegible] ears—the sense of smell and [illegible] feeling all get sleep and rest [illegible] renewed, but the heart and [illegible] never rest. Their rest is [illegible]. But the mystery is, how is [illegible] connected with the will? [illegible] the will is asleep the brain [illegible] to run riot and to revel in cu[illegible] and fantastic fancies. It is a [illegible] of school. It is very like the [illegible] of opium on the senses as de[illegible] by DeQuincey in his confes[illegible]. The will seems to be the strong[illegible] most responsible faculty of [illegible]. The heart is commonly called [illegible] of the affections and emotions [illegible], the very soul of man, and [illegible] says the heart is sinful above all [illegible] and desperately wicked, but [illegible] is figurative. The heart [illegible] a lump of flesh—a machine, an

OF INTEREST IN ALABA

HAPPENNINGS THAT YOU W TO KNOW ABOUT.

RECENT STATE MATTERS TERSELY

Shipbuilding Plant for M New Railroad—Smooth R Destructive Storm — Ho Find — Short State Ne

TO BUILD SHIPS.

Announcement is made of the tended building of an immense building plant at Alabama P thirty-six miles south of Mobile, on the Gulf of Mexico. The will cost in the neighborhood $4,000,000, and will be complete every particular. Work will be November and will be rapidly pu to completion. The plant wi capable of building six steamsh the same time.

The company that is to build big plant is known as the Gulf Shipbuilding Dry Dock Company, was granted a charter by the Legislature at the last session of body. The capital of the compa $4,000,000, and the officers are: R G. Morris, President; S. D. Sco Vice-President; S. B. McConnico, ond Vice-President and Secre W. D. Munson Treasurer. All gentlemen reside in New York.

Members of the company state they will build, in addition to ship-building plant at Alabama P a marine railway, which will a lifting capacity of 5,000 tons immense dry dock will be constr at New Orleans and on account heavy tonnage vessels com seeking docking facilities at the it is believed that it will pay ju on the entire investment. No capitalists who are interested are resented by Messrs. Waters and ner, of New Orleans.

THE B. & V. R. R.

A party of Mississippi "gu visited Birmingham last week to est the city in the proposed Bi ham & Vicksburg Railroad. Th posed route has been partly sur The entire line is through with here and there cultivated p Timber will be one of the im portant features of the tr through which the road will This timber alone would furn road tonnage the year round stated. Cypress, white oak, p pine, hickory, ash, beach and are all found in large quantiti to soil, the engineer states th entire country consists of fair lands, while in some the land good for cultivation, suitable fo ing fruits, vegetables, cotton, etc., and for stock. It is said grade on the entire line will one per cent.

SLICK TRICK.

The boldest burglary every trated in Athens occurred Frid ning at the livery stable of Bros. & Phillips, when the th cured $40 in cash and some papers, making the haul in bo light, while the stable force w building feeding. He watc chance and when the proprie for supper he entered boldly fice that fronts on the public and going to the safe that in open until the days business produced a key that fit the box and opening the same st therefrom the cash and some that were valuable and lock drawer, left the building with ing discovered.

GOVERNOR JELKS will the laying of the corner stone sley's new city hall.

A NEW postoffice has been in Tuskaloosa county, and in at Snider, about thirteen mi Tuskaloosa.

Mr. ERSKINE RAMSA Engineer of the Tennessee C & Railroad Company, has be resignation.

IT IS probable that Vice- Roosevelt will be the guest o gomery during his southern fall.

FORMER Attorney-Gene C. Fitts will soon be pra profession in Mobile.

UNIVERSITY OF AL

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L. ARP'S LETTER

Illustration Bartow Man Quotes From the Scriptures.

WORDS OF PETER THE PROPHET

Him, Incidentally Tells All He Knows of the Mysterious Stuff Called Dreams—Does Not Believe in Them.

"And in that day the young men shall see visions and the old men shall dream dreams, and the handmaidens shall prophesy." That is what Peter told the people on the day of Pentecost. And Peter believed that the prophecy foretold by the Prophet Joel had come for the devout men from every nation under heaven were there prophesying and speaking in every tongue. The people said they were drunk, but Peter said: "No, for it is but the cock in the morning." I reckon the tipplers drank more in the evening than they do now, and went to drunk. But I have always perplexed to find out when the age or period for working miracles and seeing visions and dreams and why the power was taken from the men of God. Paul could not work miracles to save or to heal others, but had to leave the executioner behind. Of the martyrs was the blood of the church. But has the time come when dreams and visions are to have or mean nothing? I was ruminating about dreams because last night I dreamed not less than three times in about half a minute. The first time it was striking twelve and I dreamed it was the fire bell and saw the dense smoke and then the flame of fire where the house was burning. The firemen climbing ladders and dashing with women and children in their arms. I saw streams of water falling the roof and pouring in at the windows. I heard the excited cries of firemen and people and witnessed the frantic efforts to keep the fire from crossing to the next block. I saw enough and heard enough to keep me hours to recite, and yet I awaked with the last stroke of the hammer on the little bell and knew that it was the clock and not the fire bell that had caused that long, exciting dream. This same experience I had many years ago, when the report of a gun provoked a dream that begun in a quarrel between two of my friends and continued in a correspondence in which an apology was demanded and I was called upon to assist in the writing. Several letters were passed, but to no purpose and it ended in a challenge. Seconds were chosen—the rule of duello was carefully consulted—the ground chosen—the time fixed and the duel took place, and when the first gun was fired I awoke. The report of the gun had precipitated and concentrated all of that long and anxious dream into a second of time. Doubtless many people have had a similar experience. The medical books record such instances and Lord Brougham declared that all dreams were instantaneous. Drowning men have the same experience. Those who are resuscitated declare that every event of their lives came before them in the instant of losing consciousness. Time is nothing. It seems to be annihilated. There is no emotion of surprise. If father or brother or friend appears to you in a dream you are not surprised, though he has been dead for years. But Lord Brougham is wrong. The smile of an infant sleeping in its mother's arms comes from heaven and is not instantaneous. Sometimes it continues quite awhile and comes and goes. The mother believes the child sees angels and heavenly things. Maybe it does, for of such is the kingdom of heaven. Lord Brougham is wrong, for men and women who have had part of the skull removed and left the brain exposed have dreamed, while the doctors looked and saw the brain dilate and pulsate and become excited and disturbed when the patient would tell of a bad dream. When the sleep was sweet the brain was in perfect repose.

What a wonderful piece of mechanism is this body of ours. It can all of it rest save the heart. Lungs and limbs. They must rest or get a little rest for rest. Some part of it. For years and years not a part of mine has failed to work for every part of my body send its blood to my body. When I am asleep, it is its part. It is the only thing—the only thing—that ceases to work with my power. The night to rest. The heart is strength and power. The brain, the seat of smell and taste feeling and rest and sleep and rest. The heart and brain never rest. But the heart. Their rest is unconscious. How is it? How is the will? When I am asleep the brain is in run riot and to revel in curious and fantastic fancies. It is a part of school. It is very like the effect of opium on the senses as described by Dequincey in his confessions. The will seems to be the strongest and most responsible faculty of the heart is commonly called the seat of the affections and emotions but the very soul of man, and when the heart is sinful above all and desperately wicked, but of course, is figurative. The heart is a lump of flesh—a machine, an engine, as it were, for a mechanical purpose. It has nothing to do with affections or emotions or sins or crime. It may be badly diseased and the man not know it. If his stomach is out of order he knows it quickly and feels sick all over. The will, and the brain, which is the seat of thought and reason, make up the spiritual part of man, but how they are connected is known only to the Creator. Generally they work in harmony. Sometimes they do not, for, as Paul says, "that I would do I do not—and that I would not do that I do."

A friend asked me the other day if I believed in dreams; that is to say, in dreams as a warning, or sign, or prophecy.

No, I do not. The dream book is a humbug. But I do believe that sometimes there are spiritual visions that come in sleep, but these are very rare. Some are too well authenticated to leave any doubt. Swedenborg had many of them. Tartinian, a great composer, says that the devil appeared to him one night and challenged him to play some music, and he composed the "Devil's Sonata" in a dream, and the devil sang it and danced it, and Tartinian put it on paper when he awaked. Coleridge says he composed his poem of "Kubla Khan" in a dream, but could only recall 300 lines of it next morning.

Abstruse problems in mathematics have been solved in dreams, but the most reasonable explanation of all these is that the tired mind had rest from sleep and became more sensitive and acute. Whether we have good dreams or bad dreams depends almost altogether upon what we had for supper and how much we ate of it. The stomach is the great regulator of our repose, whether it be peaceful and refreshing, or disturbed by unwelcome dreams. Children dream a good deal and have nightmares, but old men dream seldom, for they are more careful about what they eat for supper. Blackberry pie washed down with buttermilk don't harmonize. But when the brain gets old it is tired and takes more rest. It can't jump around and frolic in dreams like it did when we were young.

This is enough of dreams. In fact, it is about all I know.

I have been greatly comforted of late with some more good reading. Colonel A. K. McClure, the notable editor and writer, has written a letter to The Times-Democrat, of New Orleans, his recollections and opinions of Lincoln and Davis. It is a long letter, carefully and admirably written. It is fair and just to both the presidents. It places Mr. Davis on a higher plane than any northern writer has ever done, and I wish that every leading paper north and south would copy it. It settles that whole controversy about the Hampton Roads conference and leaves no room for doubt. Colonel McClure is a just man and deserves the thanks of the south for his beautiful tribute to our president.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

A new law of vision is said to have been determined by experiments conducted under the supervision of Professor Dodge, of the Psychological Department of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn. It is this—that the eye, while in motion, distinguishes nothing in a complex field of vision. It seems to be proven that the eye must rest, looking at some definite part of a still object, for about one-twentieth of a second before it sees anything. Several years ago Professor Dodge showed that the operation of reading consists not in a sweeping of the eye across a page, but in a series of pauses.

The world has at present an actual shortage of sailors suitable for naval service. Two of the crack new ships in the British navy—the Cressy and the Eclipse—lately commissioned at Portsmouth, have been manned with what is officially termed "ullage," a contemptuous nautical term derived from the merchant marine, which means "cullings" or inferior. All other naval powers are said to be suffering from the scarcity of qualified sailors, and some of them are doing a lot of training of raw material in the endeavor to make up the deficiency. There seems to be a growing distaste among the rising generation for "a life on the ocean wave."

A stern judge in Indiana has held "borrowing" an umbrella without the consent of the owner, in the emergency of sudden thunderstorm, to be no less than a crime, and judging by the severe penalty imposed upon the "well-known young man" who admitted "conveying" that of Dr. Rogers, he regards it as little less than a "high crime and misdemeanor." The doctor must have suffered no little inconvenience to press his suit so hard, and doubtless the judge himself had been a victim and "knew how it was." The ethics of umbrella "borrowing" is in a sad state, but it is almost "too sudden" to have it adjudged a penal offence, subject to the "unusual punishment" of fine, imprisonment and disfranchisement for five years.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

The reward of a thing well done is to have done it.

Idleness is both a great sin and the cause of many more.

Our deeds determine us, as much as we determine our deeds.

Some men take a lifetime to prove how much wisdom they lack.

A moral wrapped up in sugar goes down certainly, but it may be feared that it only goes down because of the sugar.

It is only the critic and the philosopher who can penetrate into all states of being, and realize their life from within.

There are seasons when to be still demands immeasurably higher strength than to act. Composure is often the highest result of power.

The art of putting men in the right places is the highest in the science of government, but that of finding places for the discontented the most difficult.

It is the compensation of the humble that the fountain of their blood is made sweet by denial, swift by plain fare, and strong by living close to nature's heart.

The habit of blaming others when things go wrong is an insidious and dangerous one. Far more is it to the purpose to inquire within whether the fault, or much of it, may not lie at home.

He who is everybody's friend is generally nobody's. The character which can shape itself to fit in every niche is like an India rubber ball, too malleable to stay long anywhere or have much inside except air.

BIG MAP FOR THE WHITE HOUSE.

Coast-Survey Work, Giving Complete Geographical Information.

The coast and geodetic survey has for some time been preparing a map of the world for the war-room at the White House. It will cover one whole side of the room, which means dimensions of perhaps 30 feet by 15. It contains all the geographical information of a general nature that a president of the United States and his corps of telegraphers would seemingly need to know. It shows the location of all the ocean cables in the world, of all the coaling stations, of all the docks where ships may be repaired; and every foot of soil, including the smallest islands, is marked so as to indicate the sovereignty to which it is subject. This is done by the adoption of a color for each of the great colonizing powers.

It is surprising to note the number of small islands that already belong to the United States, through their acquisition for one purpose or another by American citizens. A notable fact about the ocean cables is their abundance in the Atlantic ocean, between North and South America and Europe, and all the seas about the eastern hemisphere, but their conspicuous absence from the Pacific. While cables skirt the continents bordering on the Pacific, they do not strike out boldly across that ocean. The contrast, as revealed in this way, between the eastern and western routes to the Orient is most marked. All our messages from Manila come necessarily by the old-world route. It is quite probable that whatever is done in Pacific cables by the United States, the Suez will remain the great route of communication because of its opportunities for local business. This also suggests that our own Isthmian canal, as a commercial route, will be across the direction of the world's great commercial movements.

Officers of the coast survey say that they have had a great deal of trouble to bring this new map up to date in all particulars. Atlases and geographical text books are notoriously behind the times, so rapidly have changes been made in recent years upon the map of the world. The survey has accordingly gone to first-class sources in each instance, through consular inquiries and otherwise, and has made this map, as nearly as human handiwork will do it, absolutely accurate. How long it will remain so is, of course, another matter. Upon it the Philippine islands and the country adjacent appear twice, so as to show completely the sunset and sunrise routes.—New York Post.

Mucous Lining and Music.

It's mean to tell this joke, but it is too good to keep. A popular society matron has a daughter who has a beautiful voice and is a very pretty girl. She has never taken singing lessons, and some of the singers have been consulted by her as regards their terms. One of these instructors has talked a lot to the mother about giving her girl lessons, and assured her that he was the fellow to develop that voice until it would be a "peach." He argued the matter over and over again every time he saw the lady and finally she said: "I wish my daughter to learn to sing, Professor High Notes, but she is not well. She is suffering constantly from a sort of indigestion, and I don't think she feels well enough to take the lessons."

"Pooh, pooh, my dear madam," replied the professor. "Nonsense! With my teaching and ten cents' worth of cream of tartar she will be cured at once."

And yet that obstinate mamma has not struck the trade. Maybe the daughter has objected to the ten cents' worth of cream of tartar.—Louisville Times.

The Word "Gazette."

It is doubtful whether the word gazette is from "gazza," meaning magpie, or from "gazetta," a small coin.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Secret Societies—Why Silence is Sometimes Best — Organizations That Work For Humanity's Service — The True Tests For Secret Societies.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A practical question which is asked in most houses and for many years is here asked by Dr. Talmage and answered; text, Proverbs xxv, 9, "Discover not a secret to another."

It appears that in Solomon's time, as in all subsequent periods of the world, there were people too much disposed to tell all they knew. It was blab, blab, blab; physicians revealing the case of their patients, lawyers exposing the private affairs of their clients, neighbors advertising the faults of the next door resident, pretending friends betraying confidences.

One-half of the trouble of every community comes from the fact that so many people have not capacity to keep their mouths shut. When I hear something disparaging of you, my first duty is not to tell you, but if I tell you what somebody has said against you and then go out and tell everybody else what I told you, and they go out and tell others what I told them that I told you, and we all go out, some to hunt up the originator of the story and others to hunt it down, we shall get the whole community talking about what you do and what you did not do, and there will be as many scalps taken as though a band of Modocs had swept upon a helpless village. We have two ears, but only one tongue, a physiological suggestion that we ought to hear a good deal more than we tell. Let us join a conspiracy that we will tell each other all the good and nothing of the ill, and then there will not be such awful need of sermons on Solomon's words, "Discover not a secret to another."

Solomon had a very large domestic circle. In his earlier days he had very confused notions about monogamy and polygamy, and his multitudinous associates in the matrimonial state kept him too well informed as to what was going on in Jerusalem. They gathered up all the privacies and poured them into his ear, and his family became a sorosis or female debating society of 700, discussing day after day all the difficulties between husbands and wives, between employers and employes, between rulers and subjects, until Solomon, in my text, deplores volubility about affairs that do not belong to us and extols the virtue of secretiveness.

By the power of a secret divulged families, churches, neighborhoods, nations, fly apart. By the power of a secret kept charities, socialities, reformatory movements and Christian enterprises may be advanced. Men are gregarious—cattle in herds, fish in schools, birds in flocks, men in social circles. You may by the discharge of a gun scatter a flock of quails or by the plunge of an anchor send apart the denizens of the sea, but they will gather themselves together again. If you by some new power could break the associations in which men now stand, they would again adhere. God meant it so. He has gathered all the flowers and shrubs into associations. You may plant one forget-me-not or heartsease alone away off upon the hillside, but it will soon hunt up some other forget-me-not or heartsease. Plants love company. You will find them talking to each other in the dew.

You sometimes see a man with no outbranchings of sympathy. His nature is cold and hard, like a ship's mast ice glazed, which the most agile sailor could never climb. Others have a thousand roots and a thousand branches. Innumerable tendrils climb their hearts and blossom all the way up, and the fowls of heaven sing in the branches. In consequence of this tendency we find men coming together in tribes, in communities, in churches, in societies. Some gather together to cultivate the arts, some to plan for the welfare of the state, some to discuss religious themes, some to kindle their mirth, some to advance their craft. So every active community is divided into associations of artists, of merchants, of bookbinders, of carpenters, of masons, of plasterers, of shipwrights, of plumbers. Do you cry out against it? Then you cry out against a tendency divinely implanted. Your tirades would accomplish no more than if you should preach to a busy ant hill a long sermon against secret societies.

Here we find the oft-discussed question whether associations that do their work with closed doors and admit their members by passwords and greet each other with a secret grip are right or wrong. I answer that it depends entirely on the nature of the object for which they meet. Is it to pass the hours in revelry, wassail, blasphemy and obscene talk or to plot trouble to the state or to debauch the innocent, then I say with an emphasis that no man can mistake, "No!" But is the object the defense of the rights of any class against oppression, the improvement of the mind, the enlargement of the heart, the advancement of art, the defense of the Government, the extirpation of crime or the kindling of a pure hearted sociality, then I say with just as much emphasis, "Yes."

There is no need that we who plan for the conquest of right over wrong should publish to all the world our intentions. The general of an army never sends to the opposing troops information of the coming attack. Shall we who have enlisted in the cause of God and humanity expose our plans to the enemy? No; we will in secret plot the ruin of all the enterprises of Satan and his cohorts! When they expect us by day, we will fall upon them by night. While they are strengthening their left wing we will fall on their right.

By a plan of battle formed in secret conclave we will come suddenly upon them, crying, "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon!" Secrecy of plot and execution is wrong only when the object and ends are nefarious. Every family is a secret society, every business firm and every banking and insurance institution.

Those men who have no capacity to keep a secret are unfit for positions of trust anywhere. There are thousands of men whose vital need is culturing a capacity to keep a secret. Men talk too much, and women, too. There is a time to keep silence as well as a time to speak.

Although not belonging to any of the great secret societies about which there has been so much violent discussion, I have only words of praise for those associations which have for their object the maintenance of right against wrong or the reclamation of inebriates or, like the score of mutual benefit societies called by different names, that provide temporary relief for widows and orphans and for men incapacitated by sickness or accident from earning a livelihood. Had it not been for the secret labor organizations in this country monopoly would long ago have under its ponderous wheels ground the laboring classes into an intolerable servitude. The men who want the whole earth to themselves would have got it before this had it not been for the banding together of great secret organizations. And, while we deplore many things that have been done by them, their existence is a necessity and their legitimate sphere distinctly pointed out by the providence of God. Such organizations are trying to dismiss from their associations all members who are in favor of anarchy and social chaos. They will gradually cease anything like tyranny over their members, and will forbid violent interference with any man's work, whether he belongs to their union or is outside of it, and will declare their disgust with any such rule as that passed in England by the Manchester Bricklayers' Association, which says any man found running or working beyond a regular speed shall be fined two shillings and sixpence for the first offense, five shillings for the second, ten shillings for the third, and if still persisting shall be dealt with as the committee thinks proper.

Let any Christian wife rejoice when her husband consecrates evenings to the service of humanity and of God or anything elevating, but let no man sacrifice home life to secret society life, as many do. I can point out to you a great many names of men who are guilty of this sacrilege. They are as genial as angels at the society rooms and as ugly as sin at home. They are generous on all subjects of wine suppers, yachts and fine horses, but they are stingy about their wives' dresses and the children's shoes. That man has made that which might be a healthful influence a usurper of his affections, and he has married it, and he is guilty of moral bigamy. Under this process the wife, whatever her features, becomes uninteresting and homely. He becomes critical of her, does not like the dress, does not like the way she arranges her hair, is amazed that he ever was so unromantic as to offer her hand and heart.

There are secret societies where membership always involves domestic shipwreck. Tell me that a man has joined a certain kind and tell me nothing more about him for ten years, and I will write his history if he be still alive. The man is a wine guzzler, his wife broken hearted or prematurely old, his fortune gone and his home a mere name in the directory.

Here are six secular nights in the week. "What shall I do with them?" says the father and the husband. "I will give four of these nights to the improvement and entertainment of my family, either at home or in good neighborhood. I will devote one to charitable institutions. I will devote one to my lodge." I congratulate you. Here is a man who says, "Out of the six secular nights of the week I will devote five to lodges and clubs and associations and one to the home, which night I will spend in scowling like a March squall, wishing I was out spending it as I have spent the other five." That man's obituary is written. Not one out of 10,000 that ever get so far on the wrong road ever stops. Gradually his health will fail through late hours, and through too much stimulants he will be first-rate prey for ervsipelas and rheumatism of the heart.

The doctor coming in will at a glance see it is not only present disease he must fight, but years of fast living. The clergyman for the sake of the feelings of the family on the funeral day will only talk in religious generalities. The men who got his yacht in the eternal rapids will not be at the obsequies. They have pressing engagements that day. They will send flowers to the coffin, will send their wives to utter words of sympathy, but they will have engagements elsewhere. They never come.

Another test by which you can find whether your secret society is right or wrong is the effect it has on your secular occupation. I can understand how through such an institution a man can reach commercial success. I know some men have formed their best business relations through such a channel. If the secret society has advantaged you in an honorable calling it is a good one. But has your credit failed? Are bargain makers now more anxious how they trust you with a bale of goods? Have the men whose names were down in the commercial agency Al before they entered the society been going down since in commercial standing? Then look out.

You and I every day know of commercial establishments going to ruin through the social excesses of one or two members, their fortune beaten to death with ball player's bat or cut amidships with the front prow of the regatta or going down under the swift hoofs of the fast horses or drowned in the large potations of cognac Monongahela. The secret society was the Loch Earn. Their business was the Ville de Havre. They struck, and the Ville de Havre went under!

The third test by which you may know whether the society to which you belong is good or bad is this: What is its effect on your sense of moral and religious obligation? Now, if I should take the names of all the people in this audience and put them on a roll, and then I should lay that roll back of this organ, and a hundred years from now some one should take that roll and call it from A to Z, there would not one of you answer. I say that any society that makes me forget that fact is a bad society.

Which would you rather have in your hand when you come to die—a pack of cards or a Bible? Which would you rather have pressed to your lips in the closing moment—the cup of Belshazzarean wassail or the chalice of Christian communion? Whom would you rather have for your pallbearers—the elders of a Christian church or the companions whose conversation was full of slang and insuendo? Whom would you rather have for your eternal companions—those men who spend their evenings betting, gambling, swearing, carousing and telling vile stories or your little child, that bright girl whom the Lord took? Oh, you would not have been away so much nights, would you, if you had known she was going away so soon? Dear me, your house has never been the same place since. Your wife has never brightened up; she has never got over it; she never will get over it. How long the evenings are with no one to put to bed and no one to whom to tell the beautiful Bible stories! What a pity it is that you cannot spend more evenings at home in trying to help her bear that sorrow! You can never drown that grief in the wine cup. You can never break away from the little arms that used to be flung around your neck when she used to say, "Papa, do stay with me to-night—do stay with me to-night!" You will never be able to wipe away from your lips the dying kiss of your little girl. The fascination of a bad secret society is so great that sometimes a man has turned his back on his home when his child was dying of scarlet fever. He went away. Before he got back at midnight the eyes had been closed, the undertaker had done his work, and the wife, worn out with three weeks' watching, lay unconscious in the next room. Then the returned father comes up stairs, and he sees the cradle gone, and he says, "What is the matter?" On the judgment day he will find out what was the matter.

Oh, man astray, God help you! I am going to make a very stout rope. You know that sometimes a ropemaker will take very small threads and wind them together until after awhile they become a ship cable. And I am going to take some very small, delicate threads and wind them together until they make a very stout rope. I will take all the memories of the marriage day—a thread of laughter, a thread of light, a thread of music, a thread of banqueting, a thread of congratulation—and I twist them together, and I have one strand. Then I take a thread of the hour of the first advent in your home, a thread of the darkness that preceded, and a thread of the light that followed, and a thread of the beautiful scarf that little child used to wear when she bounded out at eventide to greet you, and then a thread of the beautiful dress in which you laid her away for the resurrection, and then I twist all these threads together and I have another strand. Then I take a thread of the scarlet robe of a suffering Christ, and a thread of the white raiment of your loved ones before the throne, and a string of the harp seraphic, and I twist them all together, and I have a third strand. "Oh," you say, "either strand is enough to hold fast a world." No; I will take these strands, and I will twist them together, and one end of that rope I will fasten not to the communion table, for it shall be removed; not to a pillar of the organ, for that will crumble in the ages, but I wind it round and round the cross of a sympathizing Christ, and having fastened one end of the rope to the cross I throw the other end to you. Lay hold of it! Pull for your life! Pull for heaven!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR AUGUST 11.

Subject: God's Promise to Abraham. Gen. xv., 1-18.—Golden Text, Gen. xv., 1.—Memory Verses, 5-7.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "After these things." The fact that immediately after the battle with the kings there came another vision from God to Abram leads us to think that he may have been passing through a testing time, and perhaps he was tempted to discouragement. He was also disappointed in not receiving the fulfilment of the promise God had made him regarding his descendants, for as yet he had no child. "In a vision." Which supposes Abram awake, and some visible appearance or sensible token of the presence of the divine glory. "Fear not." Fear not thy enemies, neither fear lest My promises shall fail thee. "I am thy shield." God was Abram's portion, and He is the portion of every righteous soul. "Great reward." There is surely a reference here to the battle and the victory. When God is ours we have all that is sufficient for defense and reward; this promise involves eternal life.

2. "I go childless." Seeing I am going childless, that is, I am going out of the world in this condition. Abram desired a son, for he knew upon divine authority that his seed should inherit the land. Sonship and heirship are inseparably connected in the thoughts of God. "Steward of my house." The heir into whose hands Abram's possessions must descend in consequence of his childless condition. "Is this Eliezer?" How could the promise be fulfiled when a "stranger" is likely to be his heir?

3. "Given no seed." Though we should never complain of God yet we may complain to Him, and tell Him all our grievances. "One born in my house." That is, "one attached to or a dependant of his house." This is a reference to the servant who, from all appearances, would become his heir.

4. "Shall not be thine heir." There is no limit to the power of God, for He who can quicken the dead can do anything.

5. "Look—tell the stars." The stars in that climate are brighter than in ours. Professor Hall says he has known Venus to shine so bright as to cast a shadow. Brighter than the stars, steadier than their flames shall be the fulfilment of God's promises. God points to the stars as a sign to Abram. "So shall thy seed be." The descendants of Abram included not only Israelites, but the Arabians, the Midianites, the Ammonites and Moabites were a numerous people, and were for more than a thousand years among the most important in Asia. At least two branches of his strong stock yet remain—the Jews, who are found in every part of the earth, and the Arabs, who still roam, unconquered over the desert. But the highest fulfilment was in Christ. God's people are, by faith, "children of Abraham," and "heirs according to the promise." Gal. 3: 7, 9, 29.

6. "Believed in the Lord." God speaks—Abram believes, and all is settled and all is sure. Abram believed the truth of the promise that was now made him, resting upon the power and faithfulness of God who had made it. See Rom. 4: 19-21. "Counted it." There was no act but that of the mind and heart, no work of any kind; hence the doctrine of justification by faith, without any merit of works; for in this case there could be no works of Abram which would merit the salvation of the whole human race. "For righteousness." Or justification.

7. "I am the Lord." The promises of God are very broad, very high and very long. They look far down the future, but we may remember that there is omniscience in their utterance and omnipotence in their fulfilment.

8. "Whereby shall I know?" That is, "by what sign shall I be assured that I shall inherit this land?"

9. "Take me an heifer," etc. The animals prescribed are of the three kinds afterward allowed by the law for sacrifice, and the birds are those repeatedly mentioned in the law as those to be brought for offerings.

10. "He took—all these." Abram followed to the very letter the directions God had given him; so we must obey God fully before we can have reason to expect Him to fulfil His promises to us. "Divided them," etc. The manner of ratifying a covenant was to divide the animals lengthwise, as near as possible in two equal parts, which were placed opposite to each other a short distance apart; the covenanting parties would then meet in the centre and take the customary oath.

11. "Came down." Having made ready the sacrifices he waited for the fire of God to consume them, which was the usual token of acceptance. While he waited ravenous birds of prey which feed upon dead bodies "came down" to consume the sacrifice. How often do intruding cares, like unclean birds, seize upon that time and those affections which have been given to God!

12. "Was going down." About the time of the evening sacrifice. "A deep sleep." Not a common sleep through weariness or carelessness, but such a sleep as God caused to fall upon Adam. "Great darkness." Which God designed to be expressive of the affliction and misery into which his posterity should be brought during their bondage in Egypt, as the next verse particularly states.

13. "Shall afflict them." From the time God called Abram at Haran it was 430 years before Abram's descendants came into possession of their own land, but the children of Israel were actually in Egypt only half that time, or 215 years.

14. "That nation." The Egyptian nation. "Will I judge." God brought plagues and destruction upon the Egyptians. "Come out." Israel was redeemed from bondage and came out of Egypt with great wealth. This promise was literally fulfilled, but there was a long time of waiting.

15. "In peace." This verse strongly implies the immortality of the soul.

16. "Amorites." This was the general name for the Canaanitish tribes. "Iniquity—not yet full." From these words we learn that there is a certain pitch of iniquity to which nations may arrive before they are destroyed, and beyond which God will not permit them to pass.

17. "A smoking furnace." This signified the affliction of the children of Israel in Egypt. There were there in the furnace of affliction. "Burning lamp." The symbol of the divine presence. Faith may be strong, but light comes while we stand before the Lord, by the holy altar of but at offering.

18. "Made a covenant." A covenant is a mutual agreement between two contracting parties, each of which is bound to fulfil certain engagements to the other. In Holy Scripture it is used mostly to denote certain defined relations between God and man. "River of Egypt." Probably the River Nile.

The number of deaths from murderous violence is much smaller in proportion to population in England than in the United States. But in the older country the taking of human life without warrant of law is adequately punished in most instances. In the newer country the list of homicides every year is appalling, while the legal penalty for murder is enacted in so few cases that it does not appear to have an effect sufficiently deterrent to those who are inclined to kill.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER finished the last century in excellent condition, but we wish to commence the new with a large number of new subscribers, and for that purpose have much pleasure in making the following offer:

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FROM all sides we are glad to hear of the flourishing appearance of the crops in Chilton county—corn and cotton especially being reported in splendid condition. A gentleman just in from the western part of the county says he has never seen crops look anything near as good as they are this season. If our people can only get a good fair price for their produce this season Chilton will flourish like a rose.

IT now appears probable that the Constitutional Convention will complete its labors by the end of next week, after which the Committee on Harmony of the whole will prepare the new constitution, which will then be submitted to the convention for its approval—the convention in the meantime adjourning to await the report of the committee. The governor will then issue a proclamation and call an election for the people to pass upon the new constitution, and upon their verdict the instrument stands or falls.

ANOTHER great battle between labor and capital is on, and the deplorable results which accompany a big strike must inevitably follow. The Steel Trust refuses to recognize the Amalgamated Society of Steel and Iron Workers, and the fight is really one on behalf of unionism. What the outcome will be none can tell; if the laborer must suffer, the capitalist must also be a loser. The steel workers may lose this fight, but unionism has too strong a hold to allow the Association to be annihilated, which is what the Trusts wish.

The Cosmopolitan for August reveals the late Grant Allen in a new light—that of a keen and clever satirist of modern society, not only in England, but in the world at large. The Cosmopolitan, immediately on his death, secured from his royal all his papers, and the clever allegory—"The Temple of Fate"—in the August number, is one of those selected. Like "The British Aristocracy" in the April Cosmopolitan, the present article impresses itself on the reader with a direct fearlessness which is a new quality in the author's work. If it is true that all the world loves a lover, then Edgar Saltus's clever, epigrammatic story of the princes who have relinquished thrones, position, wealth—everything—to marry the women they loved, should indeed be popular.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

UPON the question of the appointment of Boards of Registration in each county, Mr. L. H. Reynolds made the following speech:

In speaking against the majority report of the Committee, I feel like the blind candidate seeking admission to the temple of the Holy St. John. However, I conceive it my duty, both to my constituents and myself, to make known my objections. On account of serious illness in my family my attendance here of late has been irregular, much to my regret, as I desired to hear every argument pro and con. Even now I ought to be with the loved sufferers at home, but I think the majority report is greatly wrong in principle and calculated to work great injustice, and I am here to oppose it.

Mr. President, it is no doubt well known that I opposed the calling of this Convention and that I urged my friends to vote for "No Convention." We are here, though, and it behooves us, one and all, to study carefully the questions presented and do "what is right in God's sight." Now, we are confronted with the great problem of the Convention—reformation and restriction of the suffrage. I dare assert that no one will be heard to say that there is no intention to restrict the suffrage. The suffrage then, is to be restricted—limited, under the temporary plan, to those of good character, soldiers and descendants of soldiers—under the permanent plan, to persons of intelligence, or to owners of property over a certain amount. A mere cursory glance at the plans suggested would show that some persons, who are now entitle to vote, will be deprived of that privilege. We are told however, that the discrimination is to be confined to the negro—that no white man is to be disfranchised. Then, why, pray, have we a partisan board to pass on the qualifications of applicants? Right here I would ask and I pause for a reply from the distinguished Chairman of the Committee, would you yourself vote for the plan suggested, if the Board of Registrars should by the law itself, be composed wholly of men opposed to the Democratic party?

I want to ask my friend from Jefferson that question, and I pause for a reply. Would you vote for the adoption of the plan submitted under those conditions?

Mr. White—Just what I would do individually possible would not be entertaining to the Convention, Mr. President.

Mr. Reynolds (Chilton)—I never saw a lawyer in my life that did not know how to get out of answering a question. We common folks have to answer them. I impute to no one dishonorable motives, but it does seem that the organic law should not itself create a partisan political board. But, it is said, that those who hold the offices named merely happen to be Democrats and that they are good men. This would be no reply, however, for we all know their political affiliations. Now, I want to say that I would oppose any plan that would create a Board of Registrars consisting exclusively of members of one party, be that party Republican, Democratic or Populist. Judging from the election returns from Dallas, Lowndes, Hale, Greene and other black belt counties, the Democratic party has nothing whatever to gain from a disfranchisement of the negro. Such disfranchisement would be beneficial alone to the parties in opposition to the dominant party in this State. We are all familiar with the fact that it was the large majorities from the black belt that have kept the Democratic party in power in this State. We hear it said that the negroes of the black belt actually vote the Democratic ticket. About this I do not know, nor do I doubt the honor and integrity of the officers named as registrars, but, in all candor, would it not be a little too much to expect them to disfranchise their party and political friends—those party friends, upon whose votes their re-election depends? Solely to disfranchise the negro? Why, I have been told by a gentleman of great political influence in his county—a gentleman, by the way, from a black belt county—that, in this county, the negroes would not be disfranchised, that the white people of his county had and have no idea of giving up this great political power and would not do so. That gentleman approves, so I understand, of the majority report.

During the course of this debate, it has been said that the officers are presumed to do their duty. That we should not indulge the presumption that they would act dishonestly. Yes in the past, we were told that we must presume that the election officers would do their duty in accordance with law and justice. Has such been the cause? As was well stated by the distinguished gentleman from Jefferson, we were called here to purify the ballot, to

(continued on 6th column page 8)

How The Philippines are Governed.

Taking one consideration with another, and assuming to speak with some degree of authority, it may be said that the government devised for the Philippine Islands, so far as it relates to the civilized natives, is entirely analogous to the system now in successful operation in the District of Columbia, with the single exception, which is entirely noteworthy, that the people of Manila will exercise the right of suffrage, while those in Washington are getting along very well without it. The city of Washington to-day is governed by three commissioners, all of them appointed by the President, and removable at his discretion. They control the fire department, the police, the schools, the system of taxation, the cleaning of the streets, the regulation of the public health, and, in fact, everything which is conducted with much more friction by the cumbersome machinery of the average city. People who have lived for years in Washington, after having been residents of other cities, assert with great positiveness that the capital is beyond all question the best governed large municipality in the United States. For the Philippines, the President has thought to devise a central government consisting of a few officials directly responsible to him. They, in their turn, will create subordinate governments with the same degree of direct responsibility. This system secures the flexibility which is absolutely necessary to the creation of a new government out of such decidedly raw material. It secures to Governor Taft the necessary independence of initiative, but amply provides for the protection of the people against arbitrary action. Military government, however wisely conducted, is generally abrupt in its operation, and inevitably disliked, because it is an attempt by military force to secure action on lines which are essentially civil. A military order is frequently both legislative and judicial, as well as executive. It prescribes a rule of action, executes its own law, and then constitutes itself a court of last resort as to whether the law has been properly executed. It was to avoid giving offense through this inherent abruptness of military power that President McKinney was so anxious to establish a civil government suited to the needs of the people.—From "Governor Taft and Our philippine Policy," by Raymond Patterson, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for August.

Your druggist, knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

A newspaper whose columns overflow with ads, of business men has more influence in attracting attention to, and building up a city or town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized, and its power should be appreciated.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage.

Another Proof That It Pays.

What pays? Why, advertising in this paper. We are just in receipt of a letter to-day from the makers of Cascarets, calling attention to the fact that within five years the sales have grown from nothing to six million boxes last year. We are pleased, more than pleased to learn this, because we have carried the advertising during that time and it goes to show if you have an article of real merit like Cascarets, advertise it properly and liberally and let all the people know about it, it is sure to bring big results. To our readers who have never tried this famous remedy, we most respectfully urge a trial, because in this busy, every day life of ours, we all need something now and then to help nature and there is no better medicine in the world than Cascarets to stimulate the liver and bowels gently and naturally into healthy action.

Astounded The Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c a. Clanton Drug Co.

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All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have claimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. The wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

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CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

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Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

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TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April, first Monday in June second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. Nels Peterson of Thorsby very kindly sent a fine basket of grapes to the Banner, for which he will please accept our thanks.

Miss Hessie Hayes of Lily was a visitor to Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robinson and Mr. and Mrs. Murphree of Saginaw are visiting friends near Clanton.

Mr. G. W. Willis, we are glad to say, is recovering from the wounds inflicted by the shotgun of the negro Joe Christian. He is able to be up and about a little.

Mr. Rush Vines has secured a position with Mr. C. J. Stewart and will be pleased to see his friends at the new store on the corner opposite the court house.

Miss Ethel McMath, of Montevallo, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. VanDerveer.

Mr. G. W. Harrison of Lanier was in town Wednesday.

Dr. A. J. Massey has done a whaling good business this week in Clanton. Always does when he comes here.

The exercises of the University School will be resumed September 11. $101 will cover all expenses of board, tuition, washing, fuel, lights, etc. Session of nine months. Send for catalogue.

E. Y. McMOURIES, Principal.

Mr. J. M. Moore, of Jackson, Ga., has rented the Wright house and will remove his family here shortly.

Mr. R. L. Marcus has purchased Rev. F. M. Wood's place; and will take possession Oct. 1.

Messrs. Eugene Barkley of Talladega, and Sam Parker, of Winnsville, are visiting Mr. Patrick Smith.

Rev. F. M. Woods returned from Birmingham Monday, after a few days visit there.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c a bottle at all drug stores.

Miss Emma Burhalter of Coosa was a visitor here Wednesday.

Miss Bessie Askins, of Billingsley was one of Clanton's charming visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cooley of Shelby were visitors here Monday.

Mr. N. Duffee of Verbena was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. Wm. H. Johnson of Centreville gave us a pleasant call Saturday.

Mr. C. W. Wilson went to Montgomery county Tuesday.

If you, your baby, or your horse has colic, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

Mrs. V. O. Campbelle has returned home from a visit to her mother in Birmingham.

Mrs. Bishop has returned from Texas and is staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mullins.

Miss Bessie McCrary of Montevallo is visiting Mrs. J. P. VanDerveer.

Miss Dovie Smitherman of Sagainaw visited friends here last week.

Mr. J. C. Dennis went to Montgomery county Saturday.

Mr. Ed. Giles is building a new dwelling house in West Clanton.

Mr. H. B. Northington of Verbena, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. B. Y. McMorries returned to Gadsden Saturday after a pleasant vacation here.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. R. C. Collins and Miss Dora D. Maddox; Mr. John Horton and Miss Delpha Holdridge.

Pleasant Grove.

On Saturday night last, Rev. Treadwell, of Notasulga, who had come here to assist his son-in-law, Rev. Cassidy, pastor of the church, to conduct a protracted meeting, suddenly fell back and expired at the close of the meeting. The body was carried to Clanton Sunday morning and sent to its last earthly resting place at Notasulga. Great sympathy is manifested for the bereaved ones; may the Heavenly Father be with them, and may they in due time rejoin their earthly parent in the land beyond.

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matter what the outlay is for. I will
all times, but when it comes to buyin
and family I am in a position to
For one-fifty years the Company
needs and requirements of the peopl
times, and our large business is proof
ng what they want. The styles are
lasting qualities and, best of all,
the same within the reach of all. We
leading localities all over the land se
the lightest running and the best s
all for the High Arm Singer. You
see machines at the Singer Office, Clan
to $65.00 for cash or on time. Ne
Attachments, and the best and only
cured, every bottle bearing the S
cent bottles.
are Saturdays and Mondays. For fu
ss
R MULLINS,
SINGER OFFICE CLANTON

October 1st

12 First Ave.

HING AT CUT PRICES

r-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Q

R DRUG CO.,

E CUT RATE DRUG STOR
HAM, AL

UMMER CLOTHING

TEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PR

UTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH TO
YOUR CHOICE

A COMPLETE LINE OF

Hats, Shoes, Noti
E GROCERIE
A. KEMP, Clanton, A

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April, first Monday in June second Monday in September and third Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. Nels Peterson of Thorsby very kindly sent a fine basket of grapes to the Banner, for which he will please accept our thanks.

Miss Bessie Hayes of Lily was a visitor in Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Robinson and Mr. and Mrs. Murphree of Sagaw are visiting friends near Castle.

Mr. G. W. Wells, we are glad to say, is recovering from the wounds inflicted by the shotgun of the night for Christian. He is able to be up and about a little.

Mr. Rufus Agee has secured a position with Mr. C. J. Stewart, and will be pleased to see his friends at the new store on the corner opposite the court house.

Miss Ellen McMath, of Montevallo, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. P. Vandiver.

Mr. G. W. Harrison of Elmore was in town Wednesday.

Dr. A. J. Massey has done a striking good business this week in Clanton. A ways does when he comes here.

The exercises of the University School will be resumed September 11. $101 will cover all expenses of board, tuition, washing, fuel, lights, etc. Session of nine months. Send for catalogue.
E. Y. McMorries, Principal.

Mr. J. M. Moore, of Jackson, Ga., has rented the Wright house and will remove his family here shortly.

Mr. R. L. Marcus has purchased Rev. F. M. Woods place, and will take possession Oct. 1.

Messrs. Eugene Barkley of Talladega, and Sam Parker, of Wilsonville, are visiting Mr. Patrick Smith.

Rev. F. M. Woods returned from Birmingham Monday, after a few days visit there.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c a bottle at all drug stores.

Miss Emma Burhalter of Coopersville was visitor here Wednesday.

Miss B. Hawkins, of Billingsley was the Clanton's charming guest Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Cooley of Sagaw were visitors here Monday.

Mr. N. D. Lee of Verbena was one of our welcome visitors Saturday.

Mr. Wm. G. Johnson of Centreville gave us a pleasant call Saturday.

Mr. C. W. Wilson went to Montgomery county Tuesday.

If you, your baby, or your horse is sore, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it, and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

Mrs. V. C. Campbelle has returned home from a visit to her mother in Birmingham.

Mrs. Bishop has returned from Texas and is staying with her parents Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Mullins.

Miss Rosa M. Crary of Montevallo is visiting Mrs. J. P. Vandiver.

Mr. Dave Smitherman of Sagaw was visiting friends here last week.

Mr. T. C. Martin went to the capital Monday.

Mr. [illegible] is building a new [illegible] at West Clanton.

Mr. H. B. Northington of Verbena was in town Wednesday.

Mr. R. N. McMorries returned to Birmingham Monday after a pleasant visit here.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. R. C. Collins and Miss Dora D. Woodward; John Horton and Miss [illegible] Hodge.

Pleasant Grove.

On Saturday night last, Rev. Teadwell of Notasulga, who had come here to assist his son-in-law, Rev. Cassidy, pastor of the church, to conduct a protracted meeting, suddenly fell dead and expired at the close of the meeting. The body was carried to Clanton Sunday morning and sent to its last earthly resting place at Notasulga. Great sympathy is manifested for the bereaved ones; may the Heavenly Father be with them, and may they in due time rejoin their earthly parent in the land beyond.

SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

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NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and so many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of everybody a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and *Neuralgia* cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERYTHING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L, Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS--SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2 25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14 lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES,
Clanton.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

AFFAIRS OF NATIONAL IMPORT AND CRITICISM

EMANATING FROM THE CAPITOL CITY

Killed by the Cars—Natural Curiosity Wrecked—Drowned at St. Augustine—The Largest Steamer—Couldn't Gag the Paper.

Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden has issued a circular to postmasters correcting misconception of the recent order relating to second-class mail. This circular announces that a publication once properly admitted to second-class and regularly passed in the mails under that classification will not have its privilege revoked except upon formal notice to the postmaster. The circular says: "An entirely new publication or a suspended one resuming issue, having second-class privilege is subject to the regular conditions and restrictions. Where publications use premiums, guessing contests, etc., to induce subscriptions the department will not hold such subscriptions to be illegitimate for the time being or until the publications have had opportunity to change their practice with as little financial loss as possible to conform to the new regulations. Such alleged subscriptions must not be in contravention of section 281 previous to amendment and in no case will the non-enforcement of the amended regulations extend beyond October 1st, next.

An answer to a brief filed at the Interior Department by former Senator Thurston, representing the Cherokee Oil & Gas Co., seeking a renewal of oil leases in Indian Territory, has been filed by the Deleware Indians. About 11,520 acres are at stake. Hearing has been postponed until September 11th, and the Deleware Indians will seek further postponement until after congress meets. The brief of the Delewares asks the rejection of the application of the company and claims that the company does not pesent a fair reason "why the territory should have eighteen sections of land covering the homes and improvement of persons who have prior and permanent rights and who have never consented that it should enter their premises, in whose premises it has never been permitted to enter for mining or prospecting for oil or other mineral substance."

The Agricultural Department is preparing to publish an exhaustive truck farming report and the transportation of fruits and vegetables in the United States. The report covers the following points: 1. A description of the transportation of fruits and vegetables from southern truck farms to northern markets. 2. A description of the California fruit industry and the movement of California fruits to interior points and Atlantic seabaord sities. 3. Freight and refrigerator sharges on perishable products in all important sections of the country. Truck farming in the United States has been recognized as a distinct agrisultural industry for a period of about forty years.

Gen. Carlos Garcia, eldest son of the late Gen. Calixto Garcia, an inspector-general of Cuban penal institutions, interviewed on the Cuban situation, said: "It is necessary that Cuba have a reduction in tariff on sugar and tobacco. Between 800,000 and 900,000 tons of sugar were raised this year, and the next crop will be larger than any Cuba has ever gathered. We cannot do business, however, without a reduction on sugar."

A late dispatch from Venezuela said that a force of invaders under Gen. Rangel Gardiras, including two of two battallions of the Colombian army was repulsed by the government troops and compelled to fall back across the frontier after twenty-eight hours' fighting July 28 and July 29. 1200 men were killed. Government reinforcements have been sent.

Private Louis Haggerty, Tenth United States Artillery, killed his wife and then blew out his own brains in his quarters at the government barracks on Sullivan's Island Saturday morning. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy. Haggerty enlisted from West Virginia.

The rumor that court is to sit in inquiry on the conduct of Rear Admiral Evans is unfounded.

The third member of the Schley court of inquiry has not yet been selected. But few are eligible to the position.

LI HUNG CHANG is reported recovered from his recent indisposition. An American physician effected the cure.

TO STOP THE BUSINESS.

Suit is to be filed by the attorney general of Texas to cancel the permit of the Waters-Pierce Oil Co. of Missouri, to do business in Texas. About three years ago suit was brought against the same company to cancel its permit and they found that they had violated the Texas anti-trust law of 1895. Early in last year the United States Supreme Court sustained the judgment of the lower courts cancelling the permit. The company was dissolved and a new company with the same name organized which was admitted to Texas and a political sensation resulted. Under the anti-trust law 31,899 corporations are required to file an affidavit each year, stating in effect that they have not been guilty of restraint of trade. The last day for filing these affidavits is July 31st. On August 1st, the Waters-Pierce Oil Company was awarded the contract to supply all state institutions with oil. Subsequently it was discovered that it had not filed its anti-trust affidavit. Thereupon the governor ordered the contract cancelled and furthermore ordered that suit be brought to cancel the permit of the company. One hundred and three other corporations may be treated likewise for the same reason.

BLEW UP.

A passenger engine boiler exploded near Bolton, Ga., Friday. Fireman J. L. Aenchbacher was killed. Engineer N. V. Bell was blown forty feet in the air but alighted on his feet unharmed. He states that he had just slowed down for the bridge over the Chattahoochee and was running about ten miles an hour when the boiler burst. The engine was demolished and the mail car damaged. J. W. Brown, the mail clerk, was slightly injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

HER NECK WAS BROKEN.

Near Brundige, Ga., Friday afternoon, a young girl, of 16 years, lost her life by accident. Miss Belle Floyd was returning home in a buggy. When in about 300 yards of her destination, the mule became frightened and whirled, almost overturning the buggy. The animal ran and Miss Floyd attempted to jump from the vehicle, but it was to her death. She struck the ground on her head and her neck was broken, and she was dead before assistance could reach her.

BRITISH "VIPER" LOST.

Sunday the British torpedo-boat destroyer, Viper, struck a rock off the Island of Alderny in the English channel and is a total wreck. There was no loss of life. The Viper was the only vessel in the British navy fitted with turbine engines. During her speed trials in May and June she attained 30¼ knots and was pronounced capable of doing 31 knots. At the time she was handled by an experienced crew and her builders believed she would yet attain 34 knots.

HOBSON SPOKE.

Richmond P. Hobson delivered an address at the Monona Lake Assembly at Madison, Wis., Aug., 2nd, before 5000 persons taking for his topic, "The American Navy." The address was a rigorous and eloquent appeal for a stronger navy. Every congress, he declared, should appropriate at least $25,000,000 for new warships. The United States was destined to become a great world power and it was fitting that it should have a navy strong enough to maintain it in every portion of earth.

ATHENS is on a building boom. There are three brick buildings going up, besides a large number of frame buildings. A knitting mill and two handsome churches are being erected of brick and the frame buildings are employing all the carpenters that can be secured. There is a steady demand for residences there and no vacant one at all.

MONTGOMERY has a sub-postoffice established in West End.

Vice-President Roosevelt will leave Washington about the first of October for a brief trip south. It is expected that he will stop at only a few cities.

EX-CONGRESSMAN Blount, of Georgia, is suffering from a stroke of paralysis.

A STRONG effort is being made to induce Emperor William of Germany to visit the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in 1903.

Spain is making an effort to enlarge her commerce in South America. This industry will probably pay her better than the building of battleships.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

BEFORE HER FATHER'S EYES.

Miss Caroline Jones, the 23-year-old daughter of ex-Governor Thomas G. Jones, was ground to death in a street car accident Monday morning. Miss Caroline had left her father on the veranda of their home, saying: "Wait, I am going to get you a flower," and started to a neighbor's house. In crossing the track she was struck by a car and dragged under the wheels. The motorman lost his head and forgot to turn off the current. The body was dragged a hundred yards and was fearfully mangled. Her father was a helpless witness of his daughter's awful death.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Near Owenton College last Friday was found a pack concealed among the weeds and covered with an old coat. It contained a lot of pants, shirts, shoes, neckties, overalls, etc., which were all inside of a big bag, the bag being covered with a heavy oil cloth. The outward indications were that the pack had lain concealed for months. The sheriff thinks some peddler has met with foul play, and the very fact that small articles, such as jewelry, etc., are missing from the pack strengthens the theory. The authorities will investigate thoroughly.

TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

Moses Jackson, white, of Brookside, is in jail charged with assault with intent to murder, it being alleged that he attempted the life of his wife Saturday evening, endeavoring to kill her with a pocket knife. She managed to elude him, however, and escaped without injury. It is stated that the mind of the accused man has become affected by the use of morphine and that an effort will be made to have him sent to Tuskaloosa.

ALABAMA'S BLACK DIAMONDS.

State Mine Inspector J. deB. Hooper says that according to his best judgment this year's coal output in Alabama will not fall below 9,000,000 tons. These figures are three-quarters of a million tons in excess of last year's production. All the coal mines are doing a good business.

HIS WIFE FOUGHT, TOO.

Anderson Gorman, insane, who has been at large several months, having escaped while en route with an officer to the asylum, has been captured near Maysville by a deputy sheriff and posse. Gorman's house was surrounded, and he and his wife fought deaperately, but no one was hurt.

STREET FIGHT.

A fight occurred Saturday afternoon on Cotton street, Tuscaloosa, which came near ending seriously. The combatants were well known farmers, Bob and Lee Thomas and Jack Hoolihan. Lee Thomas and Hoolihan became engaged in a quarrel over some farming matter and when the dispute became more active Bob Thomas, the father, rushed in to help his son. He knocked Hoolihan down and cut his face with some weapon.

FELL TO HIS DEATH.

Mr. Stephens, of Demopolis, who had the contract to bore an artesian well for the Sumpter Lumber Company near Livingston, fell off the derrick forty-eight feet high Monday and was crushed to death. He leaves a wife and five children, all girls.

JEFFERSON is the latest Alabama county to catch the oil fever. A company has been organized to bore for the fluid.

THE Alabama Shooting Tourament meets in Birmingham this week. Some of the best shots in the state will participate, and it promises to be one of the most interesting shoots ever held in the South.

BIRMINGHAM'S new school census gives a total of 11,009 children of school age, and an increase of 1,466 in the last year.

J. T. WATKINS, a confederate veteran of Lauderdale county, has found a copy of the last issue of the Vicksburg, Mississippi, Daily Citizen, which was published during the historic siege of that place. That issue was printed on wall paper, and is a very interesting relic of war times.

In fifty years the words and phrases of the English language lexiconized under the letter "A" have increased from 7000 in number to nearly 60,000. Science and invention requiring new terms are largely responsible.

THE GREAT STRIKE IS ON.

The effort last Saturday to effect permanent peace between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the United States Steel Corporation came to naught. An agreement may yet be reached although the association, representing some 400,000 operatives, says it will fight until victorious.

FATAL DOG BITE.

On August 4, Mrs. Dick Chatham, of Gainesboro, Ga., died at her home of hydrophobia. She was bitten by a mad dog several days ago. She suffered intensely until death relieved her. Her daughter was bitten by the same pet dog at the same time and today it is feared that she, too, will have hydrophobia.

SMUGGLER KILLED.

John Dillon, a former convict, attempted to smuggle a large quantity of morphine into the Colorado state prison, but was detected and the warden turned him over to City Marshal Morrison. As he was being taken to the city jail Sunday Dillon suddenly attacked the marshal who shot and killed him.

COMMANDANT Haermanus Steyn, a cousin of President Steyn, of the Transvaal, was killed August 1 while fighting at Ficksburg.

AN attempt was made last Wednesday to assassinate Maria Pia, Queen Dowager of Portugal and mother of the present King Carlos.

VIRGINIA'S Convention has adjourned until Aug. 22nd, on half pay, the suffrage committee being authorized to sit during vacation.

EX-GOVERNOR W. J. Stone of Missouri is to have a big presidential boom. The fact that he is a Southerner and is supposed to be Bryan's choice if he himself can't be nominated, has given Stone's boom a big start.

DR. A. B. C. NICHOLS and Mr. H. H. Cribbs, county pension commissioners, have finished their work of examining applicants for Cofederate pensions. They have recommended 111 names for pensions in this county—seventy-six men and thirty-five women. Three of these were what is known as "first class," they being blind and entirely disabled. The balance are fourth class

A Brazilian paper, La Antozia, publishes an official communication saying that Brazil will not appoint delegates to the Pan-American Congress in Mexico, while the exact form of the programme is not settled. Nevertheless the government has sent a message to Congress requesting an appropriation for expenditures for participation in the congress. Deputies Esmeraldo and Irino attacked the bill asserting that Brazil had no intention of assisting in the congress, the only result of which would be to awaken the distrust of European relations against America.

DEATH IN THE CREAM.

Ten persons were poisoned with ice cream last Thursday at the home of Mrs. W. R. Bunkley, of Leesburg, Ga. W. R. Bunkley died today from the effects and Mrs. Bunkley and daughter are critically ill. The rest of the family and guests are recovering.

THE Cunard Line is planning to build a steamship to beat the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.

The alarming reports that lobsters may ere long become almost as scarce and costly as diamond back terrapin of the finest quality are now followed by terrifying rumors that in a few years a famine in clams may cause widespread suffering. Epicures who have enjoyed the exquisite flavors of a genuine Rhode Island clambake will feel a sinking at heart and also in the stomach when they reflect upon the danger of such a calamity.

Every sincere patriot earnestly hopes that this entire century and all succeeding centuries may pass without the necessity for Americans to engage in strife on sea or land. But if this nation should be compelled to take up arms at any time, such superb battleships as the Illinois, whose official trial has been so successful and impressive, will surely be a tough nut for any foe to crack. Such vessels are marvels of destructive potency, states the New York Tribune.

Another French duel has been fought in Paris, and this time with results. The duel lasted for two and a half hours, and the results were that both the combatants were tired. French duels used to make other people tired.

GARDEN AND FARM

WHEN SHEEP SHOULD HAVE WATER.

The idea that sheep in pasture need no water except what they get from feeding on grass wet with dew, is a most erroneous one. In June, when the grass is itself succulent, sheep at pasture may sometimes get along very well without any water. But during midsummer there are many nights when no dew falls and when the grass is itself parched so that there is little succulence in it. At such periods the excrement of sheep will be in round, hard lumps, just as it is in winter, and when this condition shows itself, it means that the animals want more water.

CHICKENS AND OTHER FOWLS.

Ducks, geese and turkeys should never be kept in the same yards and houses with chickens. Many poultry breeders, who should have known better, have tried the experiment only to find that the inevitable result was failure.

Ducks and geese are extremely filthy, and chickens that are compelled to occupy the same yards invariably become sickly.

Turkeys are quarrelsome and worry the chickens so that it is impossible to get good results from the two in the same yards.

If a combination of all is desired separate them, and do not let the one trespass on the grounds of the other.

Of course, ducks and geese may be kept together, as their natures are identical, but chickens will not be healthy when housed or yarded with either.—*Home and Farm.*

TRIMMED SHRUBS.

The present "faddy" way of trimming in shrubs closely is destructive to the beauty and grace of certain varieties. Forsythia, for example, when allowed to develop naturally is a veritable "burst" of color when abloom, while the sheared shrub is a sorry, stumpy looking thing, without character or beauty. The same is true of some of the quinces and, spiraes of drooping habit, which when well placed, with ample room in which to develop, form a magnificent sight.

A good many people seem obsessed by the mania to change the nature of things, even to the shape of their own bodies, but when they raise their hands against nature without discrimination her true lover must protest. Nobody with taste can enjoy well groomed grounds where every shrub is alike as to outline. Such gardening is ugly, stiff and monotonous. Some minds run to color, and group vegetation with a view to colored effects, but there is more beauty in outline, in variety of forms, because beauty of outline is more continuous and enduring.—*New York Tribune.*

CABBAGES AS STOCK FOOD.

The value of the cabbage as food for stock may be summed up as stong in two points, the large amount that can be grown upon an acre of soil and its succulency, which makes it a milk-producing food easily digested. But it requires strong soil and good cultivation, does not keep well for winter use unless pitted where it will be frozen until spring, and even then having but a short season, while if stumps and any decayed leaves are fed it is almost impossible to prevent it imparting a rank, unpleasant flavor to the milk and butter, or even to the meat, unless its use is discontinued two or three weeks before the slaughtering. As regards the nutritive value Professor Johnson in Agricultural Chemistry estimated seventy pounds of cabbage to have about the same value as four pounds of oil cake, twelve pounds of pea straw or 120 pounds of turnips. The last we thing he bases upon the flat or English turnip, which are not as nutritious os the rufabaga. The value of the cabbages, as of the roots, is best found when a small amount is given along with coarse, dry fodder and a limited amount of grain.—*The Cultivator.*

REASONABLE WAY TO INTRODUCE QUEENS.

There is no sure way which will at all times and under all conditions prove successful. Last year I tried a method which I never saw advocated and it proved quite a success. Go to a hive to which you wish to introduce a new queen, take out about four frames of capped brood with all the adhering bees and put them into an empty hive. Be sure to leave the old queen in the old hive. Place on top of the frames of the new hive your queen cage containing the new queen, close up the hive and contract the entrance to about one inch.

The older bees will leave the hive and join the ones on the old stand, while the young bees will liberate the queen in two or three days and accept her all right. After she commences to lay nicely, go to the old hive and kill the old queen. After two days of queenlessness the bees can be taken out, frames and all, and placed into the new hive. They will most always unite peaceably.

The advantages of this method are that you can introduce a queen the same day you receive her, and the old one keeps on laying while the young one is being introduced. Should the bees prove hostile to the young queen and kill her, you still have the old one left. I introduced thirty queens in this way last year and was successful with twenty-eight of them.—*F. G. Herman in New England Homestead.*

PREVENTING ANNOYANCE FROM FLIES.

During the hot months of July, August and September, flies cause great loss by annoying dairy cows, fattening cattle and work horses. If the entire neighborhood would co-operate in keeping swamps drained and premises clean the fly pests would not be so bad. Of course, in new countries, flies breed in prairie grass, particularly marshy lands. Here they cannot be controlled so readily. The covering of work animals is of considerable advantage, but this does not help much when the flies are very numerous. With dairy cattle and stock not at work, possibly one of the best methods of preventing loss is to keep them in dark stables during the heat of the day. Flies will not go into dark places.

In order to note the effect of flies on milch cows, Professor W. L. Carlisle, of Wisconsin experiment station, divided fourteen cows into two lots about equal in every respect. During the daytime one lot was kept in a small paddock, having an abundance of shade. The other lot was placed in a comfortable stable provided with screen doors and windows. The lot in the paddock were on the wing constantly fighting flies, while the cows in the stable were suffering no annoyance. Comparing the results from the standpoint of milk and butter, the cows showed that the cows protected from flies produced twenty per cent more milk than those in the open lot.

In several tests made on an Illinois farm it was found practicable to keep cows in a dark stable and behind screens. The cows thus kept were practically free from flies and gave more milk than those left out in the pasture. The cows were allowed to run in the pasture during the night and feed during and required but little supplemental feed.

If it is impracticable to darken a stable, the next thing to do is to apply some repellent to the skin. A number of these are on the market and many of them will last for three days after applying. Two or three applications a week are sufficient. The compound, whatever it may be, should be rubbed on the flanks, neck and about the base of the ears, or any spots where flies are annoying. This should not be neglected. Of course, with large herds of dairy cattle the application of a compound of this character is rather difficult. Some of them can be put on with a spray pump. If the cattle are driven through a narrow passage the entire herd can be sprayed in a short time. Dairy cows, work horses and stock kept in the stable can be easily treated.—*American Agriculturalist.*

PREVENTING ANIMAL DISEASES.

Summer and winter diseases of animals as well as of human beings can be prevented in many cases by a judicious and intelligent application of sanitary and hygienic knowledge. Swine cholera is a disease of filth and improper feeding. Give the hogs all the blood they can get they can devour in hot weather and sooner or later they may be taken with the cholera. Likewise feed cows with a heavy grain diet and deny them the sweet, succulent grass and soft of summer, and they will have a feverish blood which may show itself in milk fever or any other trouble. Keep the sheep in hot, stifling, ill-ventilated, foul-smelling sheds these hot summer nights and we cannot expect them to escape skin disease, which may spread from one to another, and ruin half the value of the flock. If the poultry be kept in similar unsanitary quarters summer or winter they will be infested by lice, ticks and other diseases, which will keep down their weight and prevent good egg laying.

A large proportion of animal diseases come just from such simple causes. A little neglect and carelessness in bad weather may start the whole trouble. The diseases can be prevented largely by keeping the animals in clean and healthy places day and night throughout the summer, feeding them with cooling and nourishing foods, watering them with clean, fresh water regularly, cleaning their skin and hair if necessary very often if filth and dirt accumulate thereon, and, above all, by catering to their comfort so far as possible every day. If in spite of all these precautions diseases do appear in the flock, it is better to make a change immediately. Single out the two or three that show the first signs of any distemper, and put them off by themselves. Change the quarters of the rest of the flock, and watch carefully for any signs of disease among them. The animals that show the first symptoms can then be treated separately according to some home method, or by one who has made a specialty of such matters. Very often a dose of some simple medicine to clean the blood and stimulate the digestive organs will put the animal back into their normal condition. The symptoms and course of such complaints should be watched closely. Contagion in this way may be checked at the outset. It is not safe to leave with the flock any animal that shows signs of weakness, dumpishness or sickness. Separate the animal immediately, even though it prove nothing but common stomach trouble or a slight fever. It is always best to keep on the safe side.—*E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.*

SHORT AND USEFUL POINTERS.

A hard-milking cow cannot be called first-class.

Use judgment in driving your horses these hot days.

The fat and sleek cow is not always a good dairy animal.

Test your cows and find out which ones "pay their board."

Sudden changes in feed will cause the milk supply to shrink.

The work of cleaning the dairy utensils should never be done slovenly.

Always have a sufficient variety of food to keep the hens in good appetite.

When milk is churned at too high a temperature the butter will be greasy.

If your cow has a swollen teat rub parts of lobelia and glycerine will help it.

There will be little complaint of the odor of the milk if it is kept perfectly clean.

You are always careful how you handle the eggs; well, handle the fruit the same way.

In a great many sections cow peas are being known under a new name—as renovators.

Get the milk from the barn to a cool well-ventilated place as soon as possible after milking.

Every farmer should have an ideal farm in his mind's eye and then try to bring his farm up to it.

The wholesomeness of strawberries is not generally understood. Farmers should grow more of them.

"Cob" horses are getting to be quite the rage. Dealers claim that four out of every five buyers are after this class of horse.

Don't try to milk and tell your troubles at the same time. You are apt to pay more attention to the story than you do to the milking.

ANARCHIST APPREHENDED

VENEZUELA HAS INSURRECTION WITHIN HER BORDERS.

CHICAGO ELECTION RETURNS FALSIFIED

The Delaware Indians Object—Post-office Regulations—The Schley Inquiry—Pan-American Congress—Cuban Sugar Tariff.

NIPPED IN THE BUD.

An anarchist named Gallioti was under arrest in Switzerland by order of the prosecutor general, on information received from Patterson, N. J. Many documents were found at his lodgings. He was formerly connected with the anarchists in Patterson, and is well known among them. He was employed as a weaver in the Paterson silk mill in that city. It was stated by a member of the group that Gallioti sailed with Bresci, Lanti and Quartirolo when they departed on their mission of assassination. Gallioti had been selected by the anarchists to slay Nicholas, Czar of Russia, and had accepted the mission. He was known as a determined man and one who would be likely to take desperate chances to accomplish the purpose.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

A. W. Hill, a well known railroad man, of Columbus, Ga., was fatally injured Saturday at that place. He was sitting on top of a box car, which was being pushed by an engine, when the engineer brought the train to a sudden stop to save the life of a negro coupler, who had slipped and was in a perilous position between the engine and the car. He saved the negro's life but the sudden slowing threw Hill to the middle of the track. His skull was fractured and the car passed over him, almost severing his legs. When the engine was stopped his mangled body was under the pilot of the locomotive. He died after several hours of intense agony. He leaves a wife and several children.

CIVIL WAR.

Venezuela is on the eve of a revolution. Not only is the republic approaching a state of war, but serious complications will, in all probability arise between the governments of Venezuela and Colombia. President Castro, while facing the uprising against his own authority, is accused of furthering secretly the revolution against the Colombian government. Arms, ammunition, etc., have been smuggled into Venezuela, the minister of war has resigned after refusing to accept the orders of the president to recognize the revolutionists in Colombia as belligerants, and to deliver a passport to Senor Rico, the Colombian minister, and the soldiers of the republic have been defeated by the rebels.

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Indictments against twenty-five judges and clerks of elections in Chicago for making false canvass and returns of the votes cast last fall by commissioner have been returned by the grand jury. Gross fraud is suspected in certain sections of the city.

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Warren Lewis, a well-known sporting man of New York, jumped from the steamer Rhode Island on her trip from New York to Providence Saturday night and was drowned. Lewis was one of the most widely known sporting men in America.

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Farm and Agriculturist.

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DIFFICULT TO GAG THE PRESS.

The fight between the British war office and the London Daily Mail has has terminated in a victory for the paper. The war office had cut off the Mail's South African casualty lists and other official news, and also ordered news agencies not to supply it with any official information. Thereupon the Daily Mail sued the news agencies under its contracts to compel them to deliver the news. The war office then held back bulletins until near the hour for morning papers to go to press. This raised a storm of protest from the provincial papers and the war office capitulated and called off the boycott.

THE TERRIBLE UNDERTOW.

A party of prominent people from St. Augustine, Fla., was in bathing at South Beach Saturday afternoon. Five of them were caught in the undertow beyond the breakers. By the assistance of a number of people in the surf and on the beach four were rescued, some of them exhausted and unconscious. J. W. Adams was drowned. The party of five were in a group when the undertow took them off their feet. A life line was taken out by an expert swimmer who managed to get it to all. When the strain was put on it the line broke and the party was again taken farther out to sea.

CAVED IN.

A large portion of the natural tunnel in Scott county, Tenn., through which passes the Virginia and Southwestern road has fallen in. A rock broke loose from overhead covering the railroad tracks. The big stone was 150 feet in length, twenty feet in width and eight feet through. A temporary track has been laid around the great stone and trains are again passing through the tunnel. The rock is being blasted. Thousands of people annually visit this tunnel as a curiosity.

HER MAIDEN TRIP.

The biggest ship in the world, the Celtic, of the White Star Line, reached her dock at New York Sunday on her maiden voyage. Her time from Liverpool was 8 days and 46 minutes. Her steerage deck is higher than the entrance to the pier and after she was warped in, the iron doors aft the cabin had to be opened to land the passengers. Three hundred and forty-five cabin and 268 steerage passengers came over on the Celtic. She is capable of covering 16 1-2 knots per hour.

ACTRESS MAY DIE.

Mrs. Millie Lighthawk, an actress known as Millie Allen, was shot and fatally wounded Sunday, in Omaha, Neb., at a Capitol avenue boarding house by Thad Brookie, who then shot himself dead. Brookie had been much in love with Mrs. Lighthawk, who had refused to accept his attentions. He is said to have threatened the woman with death, and today when he was ejected from the house he returned and tried to make good his threat.

HAD ON SKIRTS.

A W. Miller, Sandusky's absconding city clerk, was seen last Saturday disguised as a woman. He was recognized near his former residence by Henry Bamming, and an attempt was made to arrest him, but he escaped. His wife is in New York, and when lights were seen about the residence neighbors became interested. Miller was last heard from in Tennessee. He is alleged to have embezzled $100,000 and has been missing for months.

KILLED THE CHIEF.

Chief of Police Jones of Charlotte, N. C., was shot and instantly killed by Jim Lowry, a negro, Sunday morning. Jones, with a warrant charging Lowry with selling whiskey without a license, went to serve it. Lowry ran, firing at Jones, the bullet taking effect in the left lung. Jones followed and caught him as he struck a lamppost. In the scuffle Lowry fired again, the bullet going through Jones' heart. Four blood hounds were put on his trail. The negro has killed one of them but is still being pursued.

CLAIMS SELF-DEFENSE.

Charles Price and James Radney brothers-in-law, who lived near Wrightsville, Ga., became engaged in a difficulty Saturday in which Price was killed. Radney claims he acted in self-defense.

CAPTAIN Hobson balked when the girls tried to kiss him at Madison, Wis. Then the girls pouted and wanted to know what he came there for anyhow.

All the Country A-Golfing.

Golf promises to hold its sway. A game that is centuries old—the ancient national game of Scotland, but now played in every quarter of the globe—it first attracted wide attention in the United States some four years ago, but now the golf ball is driven over links in every state of the Union. Golfers estimate that some half-million Americans will play golf this year, for there are hundreds of clubs, of large membership, connected with the United States Golf association, besides other clubs inhumerable.

Clothed in Brief Authority.

There is a law in Austria which makes it a very serious offense to insult a public official. Public officials include all railway employes, from traffic director to porters, policemen, tramway drivers, and conductors and municipal street cleaners.

Ginseng has been an important article of export from the United States since 1718.

Free Blood Cure.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures blood and skin humors like ulcers, eating sores, eczema, itching skin, aching bones and joints, boils, scrofula, blood poison, cancer, etc. B. B. B. cures all malignant blood troubles, old deep-seated cases, heals every sore, makes the blood pure and rich. Druggists, $1.00. Treatment free and prepaid by describing your trouble and writing Dr. Gullam, 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

Kaffirs own nine-tenths of the 12,000,000 acres of Natal, South Africa.

The refining of sugar was invented in Antwerp in the sixteenth century.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

New York City has 60,000 telephone stations.

The world's consumption of sugar has doubled within the last fifteen years.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

The population of Ireland now is about half of what it was in 1841.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The author's train of thought is a construction train.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Western Australia has never attempted to number its aborigines.

A Royal Entomologist.

Among illustrious personages with queer fads must be numbered Prince Luitpold of Bavaria. His collection of beetles is the most extensive and complete in the world, and the prince is a skilled entomologist, deeply versed in the habits of ants, bees, moths, flies, earwigs and the insect world generally.

Japanese Students Shortsighted.

Shortsightedness among Japanese students is alarmingly on the increase. The latest investigations show that out of 1,786 university students in Tokio more than half are myopic.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

On all the Chinese stamps is a dragon, the national emblem of royalty.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Of the 3000 bicycles used in Bangkok, Siam, about four-fifths were made in the United States.

A horse eats nine times its weight in food in a year, a sheep six times.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Recent observations seem to indicate that the incubation period of malaria is about eighteen days.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The best ginseng comes from Pennsylvania, New York, Minnesota and Canada.

WINCHESTER
"LEADER" and "REPEATER"
SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
are used by the best shots in the country because they are so accurate, uniform and reliable. All the world's championships and records have been won and made by Winchester shells. Shoot them and you'll shoot well.
USED BY THE BEST SHOTS, SOLD EVERYWHERE

"The Largest Store South of the Ohio."

LOVEMAN, JOSEPH & LOEB

"The Largest Store South of the Ohio"

BIRMINGHAM ALABAMA

Mr. Loveman has purchased about $50,000 worth of Furniture at about 25 per cent. less than usual wholesale price. By taking a smaller profit than usual it will be sold to you at about a third less than the regular retail price. Everything that concerns furnishing the home is here, from parlor furniture to kitchen furniture; all the better and best qualities in bedroom, diningroom and library furniture.

It is probable, in this August sale, that we will ship goods to no less than 200 Southern cities, judging by the present interest indicated by out-of-town shoppers who have seen the small prices advertised in the Birmingham papers which circulate outside of Birmingham and Alabama.

We are prepared to make special prices to out-of-town shoppers regarding shipments, &c., and in a great many instances are prepared to ship goods FREE. There are 500 different things here marked at revised prices. It is therefore, quite impossible to enumerate but a small part of the things in this August sale. We, however, print two or three items which indicate how much we can save you. The other things in the store are as proportionately cheap as these:

We have bed room suits from $13.95 up to $500.75.

Dining room tables from $1.19 up to $175.00.

Chairs from 75 cents up to $60.00 and so on all through the stock.

The assortment is very great and you save on the higher price furniture just as much in proportion as you do on the cheaper furniture.

This suit delivered free to any city in Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and Florida.

Here is a solid oak bed room suit with beveled plate mirror 20x24 inches. It has three pieces. The dresser has three deep drawers with brass handles and is well finished. The wash stand is extra large and besides the drawers has a cupboard below. The bed is full 4 feet 6 inches wide and 6 feet high, it is prettily ornamented by carved work which gives it the resemblance of much higher priced suits. This suit is sold in large cities for $16.00, and in small Southern towns $20.00 is usually asked for it—We will ship it FREE. Price $13.95.

Here is a golden maple finished rocker—well braced throughout, extra large size and handsomely embossed, back has five spindles and the seat is new styleshaped effect. This chair sells in large cities at $1.75; in most of the small Southern towns the price is $2.00. In August Furniture Sale the price is $1.19.

Here is a three piece imitation Mahogany parlor suit with ornamented back. This suit is handsomely carved and upholstered in a good quality of silk damask. This suit sells usually in large cities for $25.00; in the smaller towns $27.00, $28.00 and $30.00 will be asked you. In the August Furniture Sale it will be sent free to you for $17.95.

Here are some iron beds in green and white looking quite pretty: they are 54 inches high and 3 feet 6 inches wide, they have a high brass rod on the head and foot board after the style of the higher priced iron beds, a heavy angle iron to both head and foot board. In the larger cities $7.00 is the price of these beds, in the smaller cities in the South you will be asked to pay $8 and $9. In the August sale only $4.45.

A 14c Catalog of Style Sent Free.

We are now having printed a handsome illustrated catalog showing all Fall styles. This catalog costs us 14c to mail to you, but if you will write and say in which paper you saw this advertisement we will send it to you for nothing. This catalog tells all about the new Fall styles, what will be worn and what they will cost.

Other Free Offers.

Mr. Loeb has gone to New York to purchase some beautiful Silks and Dress Goods. Send us your name and we will send you FREE, samples. State whether you want sample of medium grades or the finest ones.

FREE—A new magazine, the only first-class magazine published in the South, will be mailed you free on request—regular price 10c. Address Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.

Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

A Bad Breath

A bad breath means a bad stomach, a bad digestion, a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

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Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c. "Leading business college south of the Potomac river."—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address,
G. M. Smithdeal, President, Richmond, Va.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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The best disciplined School and the most thoroughly taught School in Guaranteed.
Actual Results are the best Arguments.
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The HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE of the UNIVERSITY of MICHIGAN offers unrivaled privileges for thorough education.
Men and women admitted on equal terms.
Write for special announcement.
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CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
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Now is the Time
You Need a Good Liver Medicine.
LIVERINA
Acts directly on the Liver. Relieving Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and that Languid Feeling Peculiar to this Season of the Year.
Try it. 50c a Bottle at All Retailers.
GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
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"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
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Am. N. U., No. 32. 1901.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS. CONSUMPTION

SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay Itching, Inflammation, and Irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Sq., London, E. C. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Cuticura THE SET

For Bargains

—GO TO—

W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

WILSON & BRO.
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—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

THIS COMPLETE
SHAVING OUTFIT
FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9/8 in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
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1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
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OF COURSE WE WILL.

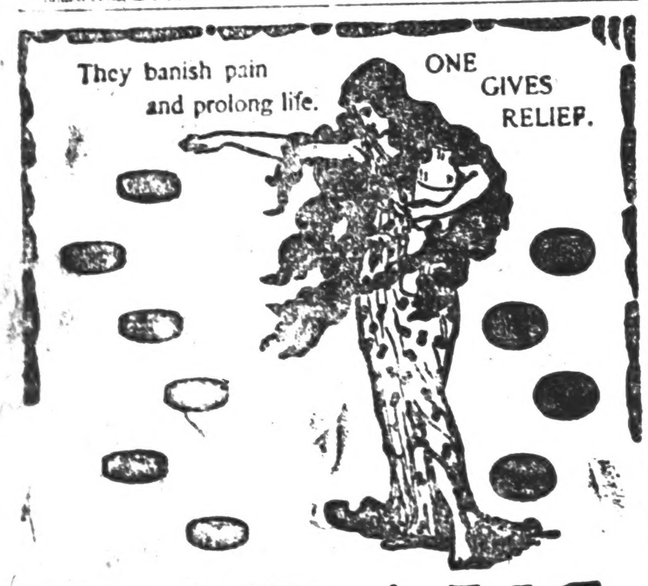
One of the greatest journalistic treats ever afforded readers of an Alabama newspaper is in store for the many readers of the Montgomery Advertiser before and during the Constitutional Convention. Arrangements will be made for handling news during this event on a larger scale than ever before attempted by any newspaper in the South. The Advertiser will present the most complete report of each day's proceedings possible to obtain, giving, in fact, almost every detail in the way of speeches verbatim, committee reports in full, roll call of votes on all questions, and the many general topics of interest throughout the fifty days the session is expected to last, beginning May 21st. This will undoubtedly be an achievement in journalism second to none in the country and certainly an enterprise worthy of patronage by the citizens throughout the State everywhere. We would advise interested readers to get your names on the list in time to begin at the opening. Leave your orders at the Banner office, where they will be forwarded promptly and proper attention given. The Advertiser by mail, Daily and Sunday, at the rate of 65 cents per month.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE BANNER

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For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
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WOMAN'S RELIEF

A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will quickly relieve those smarting menstrual pains and the dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

GREENWOOD, LA., Oct. 14, 1900.
I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.
MRS. M. A. YOUNT.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

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PREPARATIONS
are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co., clanton.
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J. B. Downs, clanton.
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Why try to stick things with something that doesn't stick? Buy MAJOR'S CEMENT; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to MAJOR'S CEMENT. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good; don't believe the substitutes.

MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER. Two separate cements—the best. Insist on having them. ESTABLISHED 1876. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all dealers.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

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LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars
of this line pass Cairo daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.
Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or P. Aymore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

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Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And aw instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

A Study in Poker.

One journalist who is an expert in practical psychology walked a couple of squares with a member of the cabinet trying to elicit an expression of opinion on a certain matter of moment. The secretary's lips were as firmly closed as the shells of a Hingham quohaug at low water so far as the desired "last word" was concerned or even a hint of the situation. He was not so completely self-contained, however, that his actions and manner were inscrutable. The reporter hazarded a guess founded on his impressions and wired the result to his paper. The next day the secretary met him and said:

"How did you get that information, Mr. ——?"

"From you, sir," said the reporter, smiling.

"From me, sir?" said the secretary. "I never said a word."

"That is so," replied the correspondent, "but you acted it."

"Well, you were wrong in some things, anyhow. Still, I think I'll have to take a course of congressional poker playing until I can disguise my thoughts."

"Such people are the easiest of all to read."

"And how do you do it?"

"Why, you read their hands by reversing their expression. The man who seems to bet on an ace full, probably holds a bobtail flush, and the disconsolate surveyor of a probable bobtail flush is likely laying for you with the ace full, and there you are. There is always some way to figure it out."—National Magazine.

Dollars in Odd Shapes.

Either the law a silver dollar may be a grain and a half over weight or a grain and a half under weight, and this "limit of tolerance" applies to all of our silver coins. In other words, they are not allowed to vary more than that much from standard. In the case of goldpieces, the limit is half a grain either way up to the eagle, a variation of as much as one grain being permissible in the $10 and $20 pieces.

Whenever a fresh batch of dollars is turned out at the mint, samples are forwarded to the treasury at Washington, where they are put through a very curious process. Each dollar is first weighed on exquisitely delicate scales to make sure that it is heavy enough and yet not too heavy. Then it is passed between two steel rollers again and again until it is flattened out and transformed into a thin strip of silver—a sort of ribbon—a foot and a half in length. Then it is put beneath a little machine provided with several small punches, by which hundreds of tiny disks are punched out of the metal strip.

Now, the object of this performance is to obtain samples of metal from all parts of the dollar, inasmuch as it is conceivable that one portion might be richer in silver than another. The little disks are shuffled together, and a few of them, taken at random from the lot, are subjected to an assay. Thus the fineness of the material of the dollar is ascertained with absolute accuracy and, the weight having been already determined, the value and correctness of that coin are perfectly known.

The sample pieces having been found correct, it is inferred that the entire batch of dollars is all right.—Saturday Evening Post.

Natural Waters.

All natural waters contain a greater or less amount of mineral matter in solution. Rain water has the smallest percentage of solid impurities of any, and therefore it is taken as the standard variety of soft water.

The terms soft and hard, however, as applied to water are scientifically considered purely relative.

Water is usually reckoned to be "soft" when it contains less than one five-thousandth part of its weight of mineral ingredients and "hard" when it contains more than one four-thousandth.

Soft water has the property of easily forming a lather with soap and is therefore suitable for washing purposes, while hard water will only form a lather, and that imperfectly, with considerable difficulty.

A mineral water has more than one two-thousandth of its weight of natural dissolved solids, and a medicinal water is a variety of mineral water containing a varying percentage of dissolved natural solid or gaseous drugs.

Buttered Side Up.

One of the stories which Levi Hutchins, the old time clockmaker of Concord, N. H., delighted to tell related to the youth of Daniel Webster.

"One day," said the old man, "while I was taking breakfast at the tavern kept by Daniel's father, Daniel and his brother Ezekiel, who were little boys with dirty faces and snarly hair, came to the table and asked me for bread and butter.

"I complied with their request, little thinking that they would become very distinguished men. Daniel dropped his piece of bread on the sandy floor, and the buttered side of course was down. He looked at it a moment, then picked it up and showed it to me, saying:

"'What a pity! Please give me a piece of bread buttered on both sides; then if I let it fall one of the buttered sides will be up.'"

Evolution of the Apple.

Apples are new in the economy of the world's use and taste. At the beginning of the last century few varieties were known, and we can go back in history to a time when all apples were little, sour and puckery—crab apples and nothing else. The crab apple was and is in its wildness nothing but a rosebush. Away back in time the wild rose, with its pretty blossoms that turn to little red balls, apple favored, and the thorny crab had the same grandmother.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

(continued from 3d col. page 1)

put an end to the frauds so often perpetrated.

Mr. President, I have seen the State of Alabama itself, in a moment of excitement, refuse to go into the justice of a case, but on a mere technical—a doubtful one at that—deny to a citizen the right to choose its representative. I have seen in this high and honorable body to-day a man who was not guilty, and this before the face of proof so glaring, and yet not to the honor of his constituents, he was excluded from the hallowed halls of the people's representatives. He was no gentleman, but he was the victim of the party and political preferment made him do that which they knew to be wrong. And I would respectfully add that a member of that party is now the honored Governor of this State.

Oh, we must not expect perfection this side the grave. The pity, 'tis, 'tis true. We, in opposition, are not demanding perfection. We do demand that the power of the kings be curtailed. We prefer a limited to an absolute monarchy.

As to the grandfather clause, I am not a lawyer and must depend upon the opinion of those versed in the law. Upon one occasion a case was being argued before the distinguished jurist, who has been so highly lauded in this Convention, and it was contended that a certain brief filed in the case did not correctly assert the law. Upon inquiry, the judge was told that the brief was written by Governor Jones, and he immediately replied: "Pretty apt to be right." I have heard, and I do not doubt it, that the Honorable Chief Justice of this State has said that the brief of the distinguished gentleman from Montgomery ever asserted the true principles of the law and the proper application thereof. Knowing his honesty and integrity, I am constrained to take his view of the clause and believe that it is at least of doubtful constitutionality. And in this I am confirmed by the report itself. So believing, under my oath, I will vote against that provision.

What A Tale It Tells

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Clanton drug Co.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S SCHOLARSHIP OFFER

Scholarships and Expenses for Clubs in the Great Daily

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every boy or girl in Georgia, who will secure 50 new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a scholarship at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 toward the student's expenses for the year.

This opens every school and college room door in the State to every ambitious boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need ask when such ample provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. Wheeler's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. We send a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send 2 stamps for one. Ladies' size 25c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clear skin, beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic the clean your blood and keep it clean, stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by using Cascarets.—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take noNo-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and neck, and writes its quick cure saved all her hopes. It works like magic in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed at John Drug Co.

Oysters cost only 75 cents.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY AUGUST 15, 1901 — NO. 48

Judge of Probate

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
(continued from 2d col. page 4)

put an end to the frauds in our elections.

Mr. President, I have seen the Senate of Alabama itself, in a contested election, refuse to go into the justice of a case, but on a mere technicality—a doubtful one at that—deny to a people the right to choose its representative, and give a seat in that high and honorable body to one who was not elected, and this too, in the face of proof so glaring and evident that no one has ever had the hardihood to deny the fraud. His or his gentlemen, all, but one for one of the party lash, political preferment, made them do that which they knew to be a wrong. And I would respectfully add that a member of that Senate is now the honored Governor of this State.

Oh, we must not expect perfection this side the grave. "True, pity 'tis, 'tis, true." We in the opposition, are not demanding perfection. We do demand that the power of the kings be curtailed. We prefer a limited to an absolute monarchy.

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To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

...EMAN ON THE CORNER

...of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

...late at night, and good people all ... in their beds,
...night), have a delightful time ...
...together they put their heads,
...and say to themselves we'll have some fun.
...make the town shake,
...scared will get and gunpowder,
...you bet
...a mild earthquake.
...start first to off with a bang and a ...
...thought the end of the world had come ...
...those naughty boys, who had planned for more
...a windy afternoon
...and some folks laughed and some folks ...
...when this war did speak:
...these boys we get, we'll spank ...
...shut down for a week."

On the corner recently we have been taking life easy. It is too early to whittle, we are tired of discussing the constitutional convention, we are getting used to seeing new buildings springing up, and besides it is more interesting to stand by and see the brickmasons at work on Dick Edwards' new store than to sit around and whittle and talk. That will come later.

Chilton county has lost two good citizens lately—Rev. Hardy Jones, of Verbena, one of the most amiable Christian gentlemen to be found anywhere, passed to the great beyond, leaving many friends to mourn his departure hence. And Mr. John R. Vinson, of Kincheon, a pioneer in this section, was called home after a long and useful life. Both were useful men, each in his different capacity, exerting a useful influence in their respective communities.

Up in the northern end of the county, at Wessington, there is a boom town. I should think there must be at least fifty or sixty tents. I don't know how many hundred men, grading a new track for the L. & N. Now would be a good time to take the census.

If you have not been to Thorsby you should go now and see it grow. In sight of the depot one can be seen in course of erection the large building of the Thorsby Normal School, three handsome residences and the new hotel, while the music of the hammer resounds again. Thorsby is going ahead and no mistake.

The time of the year when the hammock is in demand, the sweets of forgetfulness are not exactly the best time for boys to score the life out of one fearful explosions. It makes a lot of noise, and it may be a good joke, but when it comes to making the horse rear and turning over the buggy at the imminent risk of breaking your neck, then it is going beyond a joke. And that what happened to Dr. V. O. Chapple last Sunday night when he was returning from a visit to a sick. Quit it, boys before some one are hoisted with your own petard. I would hate to go around to borrow and pick up pieces after you had blown your selves to smithereens.

To Save Her Child

...frightful disfigurement ... Annie Gallegher, of LaGrange, applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head ... and writes its quick cure saved all her hopes. It works ... in Sores, Bruises, Skin ... Cuts, Burns, Scalds ... 25c. Cure guaranteed ... Clanton Drug Co.

...nners cost only 75 cents.

JUDGE PURIFOY'S REPORT ON TREASURER DAKE'S BOOKS.

To Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton County.

Dear Sir: Under instructions from you, authorized by Section 1433 of the Code, I have made a careful examination of the books and accounts of Hon. Alex G. Dake, County Treasurer of Chilton county, covering the period from August 16th, 1900, the date to which the last previous examination had covered, to and including July 10th, 1901. I checked each stub, showing receipts given by him for money, with the corresponding entry on his books, and compared such entries with receipts of other officers showing payment of money to him, except the tax collector's settlement, which was checked with the assessment book and allowances by the Commissioners' court. I respectfully report that he has charged himself with all money received, as shown by these records.

His vouchers for money paid out were checked with the respective sums credited on his books, and these showed that he had proper vouchers for all sums so credited.

This plan of checking, as to receipts and disbursements, was persued with both the General Fund and the Fine and Forfeiture Fund.

I found all his additions and balances correct. His books show that in following the practice of his predecessors for years past, while his compensation, provided by Section 1435, has been correctly calculated, he has charged the whole of such compensation to the General Fund when it is the evident purpose of the statute that each fund, the Fine and Forfeiture, as well as the General Fund, shall bear its proportionate share.

I find that it has also been the custom of his predecessors, and he has followed their example, to collect commissions from the General Fund of the county, for disbursing money on account of the redemption fund, which by Sections 4095 and 4096 is received and disbursed by the County Treasurer. While the retaining of commissions on account of disbursing this fund is a simple act of justice it is doubtful if such compensation should be charged to the General Fund of the county in the absence of legislation, authorizing it. The error, if such it is, in your county will amount to an insignificant sum, as such annual disbursment is exceedingly small.

With the exceptions noted, Treasurer Dake's books are correct and monuments of neatness.

The following statements show the condition of the several funds on the 10th of July.

GENERAL FUND.

Aug. 16, 1900, Balance on hand	$1720.99	
July 10, 1901 Receipts from all sources for period covered	10333.84	
Disbursements for period	$10573.32	
July 10th, 1901, Balance on hand	1481.51	
	$12054.83	$12054.83

FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND.

Aug. 16, 1900. To cash on hand	$267.13	
To cash received to July 10, 1901	510.78	
By total disbursements from Aug. 16, 1900 to July 10, 1901	$616.35	
By cash to balance	161.56	
	$777.91	$777.91

RECAPITULATION.

To bal. on hand General Fund	$1481.51
To balance on hand Fine and Forfeiture Fund	161.56
To bal. on hand Redemption Fund	37.09
Total cash on hand	$1680.16

Treasurer Dake showed a statement from the First National Bank at Birmingham, received from said bank while the examination was in progress, showing that he had on deposit a balance, which added to the cash on hand equalled the above balance.

Respectfully submitted,
JOHN PURIFOY,
Special Examiner.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 8th day of August, 1901. W. B. DAVIDSON, N. P.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

East Chilton.

Yes, another good rain yesterday; crops are good. We are yet having a great deal of sickness, E. L. Manning was expected to die Sunday, but is now improving.

D. Kendrick visited relatives at Bethel Friday.

J. J. Mims and family of Swift Creek visited his brother here Saturday.

Misses Josie and Mary Jane Driver of Betnal spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives here.

Messrs J. N. and W. A. Coss visited friends at Bethel Sunday.

Our gin and mill problem seems to be dead.

Ha! It's a fine boy at E. A. Norris' this time.

Some of our people seem to be uneasy about the new constitution. It is not bothering me, but I wish the "Pops" could exalt Mr. Reynolds. The "Pops" would't indorse it if it read word for word like the present one just for the fact that it is a Democratic move.

SUBOS.

Bicyclists, base ball and foot ball teams will find Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic the very thing they "need in their business" when the race is ended and the game is finished. For Sore muscles, Bruises, Sprains, etc., it is O. K., and "don't you forget it." Clean and pleasant as perfume and costs only 50c.

MARRIED

At the residence of Mr. G. W. Maddox, on August 4, Mr. R. C. Collins and Miss Dora Maddox, Rev. L. B. Pounds performing the ceremony. We join the many friends of the happy young couple in best wishes for their future welfare.

August 8, at the residence of Rev. W. A. Crim, Mr. John Horton and Miss Delpha Holdridge were happily united, Rev. W. A. Crim officiating. May their united lives be full of happiness.

DIED

JOHN R. VINSON.

Mr. John R. Vinson died at his home at Kincheon, after a few days sickness, on Thursday, August 8, and was buried at Chestnut Creek on Friday. Mr. Vinson was highly thought of by all who were personally acquainted with him. He served all through the war between the States, making a good record. For over thirty years he was a good and consistent member of the Baptist church. He was about sixty-two years of age, and a widow and three grown children mourn his loss.

J. C. MIMS.

On Thursday, August 8, Mr. J. C. Mims died at his home near Kincheon, of blood poisoning. He had been skinning a goat and cut his fingers; blood poison set in and he passed away, leaving a widow and three children to grieve at the loss of a fond husband and father. He was about thirty-two years old, and was a son-in-law of Tax Assessor Mims. The funeral took place at Pleasant Grove on Friday.

The little two-year girl of Mr. W. P. Headley died on Monday night at his home, four miles west of Clanton, and was laid to rest at Pleasant Grove on Tuesday.

At Mulberry on Tuesday, Mr. John W. Mims lost his seven-year old daughter, and the mortal remains of the sweet child were interred at New Salem the same day.

Any druggist, will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c. and tell you what it is good for free of charge. Try it.

Good examples are the best sermons.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

CONFEDERATE REUNION.

Camp Jno. W. A. Sanford, Confederate Veterans, will hold their regular meeting on Saturday afternoon next, August 17, at the University School. There will be an address made. The public are cordially invited.

Verbena.

Miss Lenora Gilmer gave her young friends a delightful entertainment here recently. It was greatly enjoyed by all those that attended. Misses Mary and Mattie Moody assisted her in entertaining her young friends with splendid vocal and instrumental music. Verbena has some fine musical talent.

F. B. Baldwin Esq., has returned from a business trip to the capital city.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County }
In the Probate Court of said County.

In the matter of the petition to probate the last will and testament of James Franklin Welch, deceased, late of said County:

To Darius S. Welch at Bloomingrove, Texas, Vanoy B. Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi, John Welch, who is an infant under the age of 14 years, residing with his mother, Annie Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi; and to all other the heirs at law of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, who reside out of the State of Alabama,

Take notice that on this day Oscar S. Welch, executor, filed in said Court an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of said James Franklin Welch, deceased, which is dated October 14, 1899, and is attested by W. H. Burns and J. L. Cox; and also filed this day in said Court their petition in writing praying the said Court to admit said instrument to probate and record thereto, and for the last Will and Testament of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased and that the said Probate Court has appointed Sept. 10th, 1901, as the day for the hearing of said petition, at which time you may appear and contest the same if you so desire.

Given under my hand, on this the 26th day of July, A. D., 1901.

SAMUEL M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date of July 22nd, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county, at Clanton, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER the 10, 1901

the following described land to-wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 29, township 21, range 5, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of a division among the several owners thereof, who are the heirs at law of Edward Mims, deceased.

A. C. SMITH, Commissioner.

What A Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble, but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Clanton drug Co.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

PAINT properly prepared and applied beautifies the home. For good, reliable work apply to J. M. MOORE, the Painter, Clanton.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 19, 1900
We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.
THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price .5 cents.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO
and 600 pounds of SNUFF
Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season
I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.
LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS
THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE,
President.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.
The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANCIS M. PETERSON,
President.

GOING TO SCHOOL!
The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.
Board $8.00 per month.
Send for catalogue.
H. J. WILLINGHAM,
President.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER,
General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

ELANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The Russian Government gives a gold medal to every couple that celebrate their golden or diamond wedding. Last year 614 couples received medals.

No wonder the New York man who wrote "Never Trust a Women" committed suicide. A good many men who do trust women are alive and happy.

The coal output for 1900 in the United States was 267,545,444 tons. This is the largest output the country has ever known, and puts her practically in the lead of all other coal-producing nations.

Jamestown, Virginia, where the English gained their first foothold in the New World in 1607, was burned in 1676. To-day nobody lives there. Little remains to mark the site except a crumbling church tower, dilapidated gravestones, and remnants of the foundations of a few houses, is a statement in the Ladies' Home Journal.

John D. Rockefeller has given $200,000 to found "The Rockefeller Institution for Medical Research." The gift is not for an endowment fund, but for immediate expenditure. Mr. Rockefeller has for some time been consulting with eminent medical men as to the need of such an institution, and he has had the best of advice. Facilities for original investigation are to be provided, especially in such problems in medicine and hygiene as have a practical bearing on the prevention and treatment of disease. Work will be begun in the fall under the guidance of experienced investigators.

The telephone has a larger use for the farmer than establishing a means of communication between his buildings. The establishment of farmers' co-operative exchanges in various parts of the country furnishes a hint of the extent to which the telephone is to be utilized to promote the interests of husbandry. In Montgomery County, Ind., forty townships are connected and over 6000 telephones are in use. The ultimate effect of the establishment of these exchanges in farming communities is to put the rural family in contact with the city and the world at large, and thus enlarge its industrial and social horizon, inducing greater contentment with farm life. The ability to "ring up" the city may be the solution of the problem of how to keep boys on the farm.

Mr. Rockefeller gave a hard prescription to the graduating class of Chicago university in saying to them: "If you are to succeed in life it will be because you are masters of yourselves." A wiser than Rockefeller said that "he that ruleth his spirit is greater than he that taketh a city." Self-mastery of a strong nature is the greatest of victories. A man who is ruled by his temper or by any other of his passions is not master of himself. One who is the slave of any appetite has a cruel master. Mastery of self means more than self-control—it includes self-possession; the absolute power over and direction of all the faculties of mind and body. Very few men have complete mastery of self. And this is perhaps why there are relatively so few complete and conspicuous successes in the higher and the more strenuous walks of life, reflects the New York World.

Commenting on diplomatic life abroad, Addison C. Harrison, who was lately United States Minister to Austria, said that he believed the United States Government ought to provide houses for its diplomatic representatives. "When an American minister," said he, "arrives in a strange city, he should not have to begin his new career by house hunting. Ours is the only Government of importance in the world which does not own its legation property at the chief capitals. In an old city like Vienna suitable houses are not very plentiful, and rent is so high that it takes all one's salary to pay it. If the Government would supply a house the salary would do fairly well to live on, though it is much less than what other nations pay their ministers. Moreover, one has to take a foreign house with foreign furnishings and servants. I think it would be much better for the country to have a house furnished in American style. It is a large part of the business of a minister to receive the Americans who come to the city, and it would be more hospitable to take them into a house which reminded them of home."

OF INTEREST IN ALABAMA

HAPPENINGS THAT YOU WANT TO KNOW ABOUT

RECENT STATE MATTERS TERSELY TOLD

Wiley Will Contest Two of the Votes in the Army Election—Train Kills Thief—M. & O. Smash Up —Other Short Items.

NOBLE WILEY SHOT.

Capt. Noble J. Wiley was shot through the right lung last Wednesday night in Montgomery by Dr. J. H. Crossland. Eye witnesses say that Crossland came up and struck Wiley on the back without giving a word of warning. As soon as possible Wiley met his assailant on foot and a hand to hand fight followed. Crossland secured a whip from a street carriage and trailed Wiley over the head with the butt end. Wiley took the whip from Crossland and struck him with it and Crossland pulled a pistol and fired one shot which took effect in Wiley's right breast, passing out back of the shoulder. Bystanders interferred before more shots were fired. Crossland was arrested.

IT IS NEEDED.

For some months past capitalists have been purchasing large tracts of mineral lands east of Gadsden. It has been discovered that it contains deposits of coal and iron ore of the finest quality and are directly on the proposed extension of the Louisville & Nashville branch from Oneonta to Gadsden. The Gadsden Commercial Club has appointed a committee of prominent business men to promote the extension of the railroad. It has been estimated that the road can be built for about $80,000. Should the line be built Gadsden would be vastly benefitted. Gadsden coal has to be handled through Calera, Birmingham or Anniston.

ELECTION IN THE ARMY.

The election of Colonel of the Second Infantry, Alabama National Guard has not been decided, though the ballots have been received by Adjutant General Brandon. The returns show that the candidates, Major E. H. Graves, of Eufaula, and Colonel A. A. Wiley, of Montgomery, have received twenty and sixteen votes respectively. It is said that Colonel Wiley will contest two of the votes, those of the Prattville Company. If the contest is decided in favor of Colonel Wiley, a tie will result, and the deciding vote cast by Adjutant General Brandon.

HOW THEY DO IT.

Mr. Loveman, of Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, has just returned from a trip to the principal cities of the North and East where he purchased in carload lots and in some instances the entire output of furniture factories. He bought beyond the needs of Birmingham alone, but the idea is to put two-thirds on sale in Birmingham and use the retail trade outside of the city and state to handle the rest of the stock. It is not within the province of this news item to tell of prices in their sale. For that, readers are referred to their advertisement which appears in another column.

BESSEMER has granted a franchise to a new trolley company, giving right of way through her streets. The line will connect Bessemer with Ensley.

WARD & Brown, the crack tennis players of Birmingham, won the highest points in the Tennis Tournament, at Atlanta last week.

DOUBLES ITS CAPACITY.

The large Woodstock cotton mill of Anniston will at once double its capacity. When built the plant was arranged to accommodate 12,000 spindles, and when operations began 6,000 spindles had been placed, and they have all been in operation ever since the mill started up. And after several months of operation the management has decided to double the present capacity. About 110 people are employed at the plant, and the doubling up in spindles will mean the employment of over 100 more operatives. The new machinery is ordered, and more orders will be placed at once.

D. D. & S. W. R. R.

It is said that work on the proposed Decatur, Danville and Southwestern railroad, which will connect several towns in North Alabama, will be begun in a few weeks, both at Decatur and at Jasper. The road when completed will traverse a portion of the state that is rich in timber lands and minerals, and will result in great good to that section.

TIMBER SUIT.

The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company has filed a suit for $10,000 against John Hawkins and the Hawkins Lumber Company. It is alleged in the bill that the defendants to the suit cut and removed certain valuable timber from property which the plaintiffs owned in Jefferson County and that this was done without the knowledge or permission of the plaintiff. A further suit is filed against the same defendants by the same plaintiffs in which it is alleged that the defendants appropriated to its use timber, alleged to have been removed from the property of the plaintiffs.

M. & O. SMASH UP.

The north-bound local train on the Mobile and Ohio broke in two sections a few miles below Waynesboro, Saturday morning and before the accident was discovered, the tail end of the detached train crashed into the northbound passenger, which was following and expecting to pass at the next station. Four or five cars of the freight train were smashed to pieces, blocking the road for several hours. The engineer and fireman of the passenger saved themselves by jumping. The passenger engine was considerably damaged.

TRAIN KILLS THIEF.

George Fennell, a well known chicken thief of Huntsville, was killed under the wheels of a freight train at Leighton Friday night. Fennell made a practice of stealing a stock of chickens in one town and boarding a train for another town, where he usually sold out. Last night he threw a bag of chickens on a moving freight at Leighton and in attempting to jump aboard he fell under the wheels and was killed.

SUPERSTITIOUS.

It is learned that before leaving London last Friday for Cowes, King Edward gave instructions that all opals should be removed from the crown and from all coronation jewelry. The king and Queen Alexandra are extremely superstitious concerning opals. In this they are unlike Queen Victoria, who loved the jewel. She always wore an opal ring presented to her by Prince Albert. Her last instructions were that this ring should be buried with her.

KILLED THE DRIVER.

A carriage, in which were several ladies, in addition to a driver, turned over at Adger Tuesday and Miss Mayone Deacy was injured, and the driver, William Robison, instantly killed. The team was on Blue Creek Hill when the horses became frightened and ran down the hill, turning the carriage over into Blue creek.

OLD WARRIOR DEAD.

Gen. Richard L. Page is dead, aged 94. He commanded the outer defenses of Mobile Bay at Fort Morgan, and with 400 men held Farragut's fleet at bay for two weeks. General Page was a brother-in-law of Charles Lee, attorney-General in Washington's administration, and of "Light Horse" Harry Lee, the father of Robert E. Lee.

HUNTSVILLE'S street railway has changed hands and vast improvements will be made in the system. The new company contemplates supplying electricity for lighting.

THE main business portion of Lime Springs, Iowa, was wiped out by fire early Saturday. Loss, $150,000. No fatalities are reported.

BETTER EQUIPPED.

A larger percentage of teachers examined at the recent summer normal sessions will be granted state certificates this year than ever before. Prof. J. G. Deupree, chairman of the state board of examiners, states that between 65 and 80 per cent of the teachers whose papers have been examined have been successful, against only about 50 per cent last year. This remarkable increase is attributed to the thoroughness of the summer normal work, and the more than usual care displayed by the board of education in selecting members of the normal faculties.

KILLED IN A MINE.

C. E. Toney, a farmer living on Sand Mountain, while on a visit to his brother at Crudup, Etowah county, last Thursday, was instantly killed in a mine. Toney had gone into the mine to see his brother, and hearing a car coming stepped aside to let it pass. The passage was to narrow, however, and he was caught between the car and the wall and crushed to death.

DEATH OF SIGNIO CRISPI

FORMER ITALIN STATESMAN DOES NOT RALLY

GENERAL DOFUS P. HEELY DIED SATURDAY

The Green Eyed Monster—An Old Warrior Dead—Family Troubles—Bryan Buys a Paper—Other Items of Interest.

YOUNG CRIMINALS.

Three young men, whom the South Chicago police charge with the robbery and destruction by fire of many freight cars in the past few months are under arrest. The arrest and raid on an old shack on a small island at the mouth of Calumet river was accomplished only after detectives had swam from the mainland and cast adrift the boat of the fugitives. The oldest is not quite 19 years of age. They have been robbing freight cars, not of their contents alone, but of brass journals and brake valves. The matter has been a mystery to the police for a long time, but they finally located the thieves. It is estimated their robberies in the past few months will aggregate fully $12,000.

AUSTRALIAN DISASTER.

Details have been received of the destruction by fire of the departmental stores of Anthony Hardern and Sons, in Sydney, Australia. These monster department stores which are among the largest in the world, employing over 1,500 hands and serving an average of 30,000 customers daily, were wiped out by fire on July 12th and in the conflagration four of the employes were burned to death and one lost his life by jumping. The loss was over $3,000,000 in all.

DIED IN FAR OFF CHINA.

Prince Henry, of Orleans, the oldest son of the Duke of Chartres, died Friday evening in Cochin China. He was coming to the United States and was to have passed some time in Newport this fall. His name had been mentioned as a suitor for the hand of an American heiress and at one time he figured as a suitor for the hand of the eldest sister of the young King of Spain, the Infanta Marie De Las Mercedes, who was married in February last to Prince Charles, of Bourbon, son of the Count of Caserta.

THE CAUSE A MYSTERY.

Willis White was killed and Sallie Walker was dangerously wounded Friday night, at Dallas, Tex., by a man whose identity has not yet been positively discovered. The killing occurred at a house six blocks from the center of the city. The woman, who was shot in the head, was standing in the doorway. The man received a bullet in the abdomen. The cause of the shooting is not known, as there are no eye witnesses.

BIG LAND DEAL.

On August 9, the J. C. Brown Lumber Co., sold to the Weyerhauser Syndicate 70,000 acres of pine land in Louisiana for $650,000. The pine is located in the parishes of Vernon, Sabine, Calcascu and Natchatoches. There are over 500,000,000 feet of pine on the tract.

A WARM RECEPTION.

Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee arrived at Hamburg Saturday. He was met at the railroad station by Emperor William, who kissed Von Waldersee on both cheeks. The emperor and the field marshal drove together to the castle amid the plaudits of the crowd.

FAMILY TROUBLES.

Clements Buchter, a chair maker, of Louisville, Thursday morning shot and killed his daughter, Irene, aged 19, and wounded his wife. The daughter was shot through the heart and instantly killed and the mother slightly wounded. Buchter was arrested and refuses to talk.

DAVID NATION

Has brought suit for divorce from his wife, Carrie Nation, the temperance crusader. Mr. Nation alleges that his wife held him up to public ridicule, neglected her family duties and abandoned his home.

BIGGEST ONE YET.

A telegram from Beaumont, Tex., states that the greatest oil gusher yet struck was brought in a day or two ago by the Temple and San Antonio Oil Company. The oil is said to be spouting 200 feet in the air. Its owners are not a chartered company, but a partnership concern. The new well adds 150 feet to the proved field on Spindle Top heights.

SIGNOR CRISPI DEAD.

Signor Crispi died at 7:45 o'clock Sunday evening. He was surrounded by the members of his family and several intimate friends. The news was immediately telegraphed to King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helen. The evening papers assert that the body will be conveyed by steamer to Palermo, where the municipality will arrange for a great public funeral. It is rumored that Signor Crispi's will authorize a prominent Italian politician to examine his papers and to publish his memoirs.

In consequence of the low condition of Signor Crispi Sunday morning the injections of stimulants and the administration of oxygen were stopped, the physicians recognizing that both were quite useless. Through the day he lay inert and insensible and he was dead hours before the physician's certificate declared life extinct.

It was rumored that the affairs of the deceased are in the greatest confusion and that Signor Crispi will have to depend solely upon the proceeds of the sale of the memoirs.

Senor Joratro, the sculptor, has taken a cast of the face.

Veteran soldiers, firemen and police will act as body guard of honor during the lying in state.

A great state funeral will be held before the body is removed to Palermo. King Victor Emmanuel will be represented at the obsequies. His wife and daughter did not leave the bed for fifty hours, and their friends were compelled to use loving violence to induce them to quit the chamber. When all was over Princess Lingnaglossa fainted and had to be carried out by her husband.

The friends declined to allow strangers to touch the body, and they personally performed the last sad offices, placing the body in evening dress, with the collar of the Order of Annunciata.

It is rumored that the documents left by Signor Crispi contain compromising revelations regarding several politicians and unpublished details concerning the struggle for Italian unity and independence.

It is asserted that all the property left by deceased is heavily mortgaged.

BRYAN BUYS A PAPER.

William Jennings Bryan has purchased the National Watchman, of Alexandria, Va., a free silver paper founded by Senator Stewart, of Nevada. The senator gradually lost interest in its publication and there has been no issue of it since July 1st. It was talked that Bryan would settle down in Washington and run the Watchman. That was before he had determined to make Lincoln the home of of the "Commoner." Now that he has obtained possession of the Watchman some of this talk has been renewed but those who seem to know declare that Bryan only wants the Watchman to get hold of the "good will" and what remains of its subscription list.

THE GREEN-EYED MONSTER.

Mrs. Phillip Hitchcock, wife of a prominent railroad man, of Denver, shot and seriously wounded James W. Roberts and his wife in their candy store last Thursday. The woman was shot in the face and the man received two bullets, one in the middle of the forehead. It was at first thought the man was killed, but at the hospital he revived and the physicians hope for the recovery of both. Jealousy was the cause of the shooting.

SANTOS DUMONT,

Whose air ship met with disaster last week, announces his intention of constructing another of greater capacity.

SETTLED IT WITH BULLETS.

As a result of a pitched battle with Joe Allen on one side and William Wireman and Deise Sturgill on the other, at Greenup, Ky., Allen lies at the point of death with thirty holes shot into him. Allen had Wireman indicted, charging assault. Bad blood existed. A daughter of Allen and a sister of Wiremen met the day before and got into a fight. In a short time the men were also engaged. Twenty shots apiece were exchanged. Wireman received a pistol shot through the neck. Wireman and Sturgill are in jail.

KENTUCKY SHOOTING.

Shinbo Bailey cut and fatally wounded Lee Arnett at Salyersville, Ky., Friday during a quarrel. Arnett is a son of ex-Representative Arnett and Bailey is a cousin of J. C. Bailey, secretary of the American legation at Guatemala. Bailey escaped guarded by an armed posse, followed by one hundred of Arnett's friends. Both persons belong to the oldest and best families.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Sixty-fourth Day.

Judiciary System Completed—Solicitors Replace Circuit Solicitors—Corporations Tax.

Seventy-eight delegates answered to roll call this morning. The committee completed the article on judiciary. The most important change proposed is the doing away with circuit solicitors and the election of county solicitors to hold office for four years.

The committee on municipal corporations will report tomorrow.

Sixty-fifth Day.

Solicitor Section Stands—Corporation Article Under Discussion—Tag Tax Defeated.

Not many more than a quorum attended today, the roll call showing 81 and 92 delegates present at the afternoon sessions.

Much discussion was indulged in on a motion to reconsider the solicitation of county for circuit solicitor, but the convention refused by a vote of 36 to 59 to rescind its action.

The Morrisette ordinance, directing the legislature to reduce the license tag tax to ten cents a ton, and providing that the agricultural schools be maintained out of the general fund, was defeated by a vote of 7 to 6.

The article on municipal corporations then came up. It is a new article and some lively discussion is anticipated. One of the amendments adopted provides that the stream of a city cannot be used for private purposes or public utilities without the consent of the municipal authorities. Another prohibits the legislature from enacting laws which will permit any corporation to pay a license tax to the state and relieve it from the payment of all other license taxes in the state.

Sixty-sixth Day.

Women are Given Right of Suffrage in Certain Instances—City Corporations.

There were 82 delegates in their seats today. The convention adopted a section providing that women who are property holders and taxpayers under other sections shall have the right of suffrage.

The discussion of the municipal article was resumed. A section adopted limits the tax rate of cities to ½ of 1 per cent, with a provision that Birmingham and Huntsville may levy an additional ½ of 1 per cent toward paying debt. Troy, Attalla, Selma, Gadsden, Bessemer, Woodlawn, Ensley, Pratt City, Ensley, Wylam and Avondale can also levy an additional ½ of 1 per cent if authorized at a special election. Mobile is authorized to levy a tax rate of 1½ per cent, Montgomery a tax of 1½ per cent, other cities are given special rates.

Sixty-Seventh Day.

Wont Allow Women to Vote Alone—Action Rescinded—Miscellaneous Provisions.

Eighty and 91 was the attendance today. Judge Coleman and O'Neal led a fight against the section adopted yesterday to allow women the right of suffrage. Dr Crum championed their cause, but after consideration, by a vote of 52 to 41 the action was rescinded. The reading of the suffrage article was completed today and it was adopted by a vote of 92 to 19. The article on taxation was completed by the addition of several sections. The article on miscellaneous provisions was adopted and several sections of the article on education of the constitution.

Sixty-eighth Day.

The Record Broken—Two Sections Adopted at One Session—Legislature Increased.

Only 69 delegates responded to roll call this morning and the sergeant at arms was sent out after some members to collect a quorum. Only the opening session was held, and then the convention adopted two sections on representation and both without amendment or much discussion. The number of representatives was increased from 100 to 105 and there will be two more senators.

It is now alleged that the petitions for London's new church ground have thrown 23 inches out of the perpendicular the spire of the famous Bow bells.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA

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AGRICULTURAL.

Scours in Young Pigs.

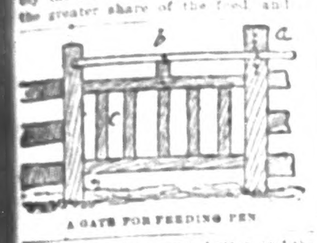
When young pigs have scours it is an indication that they are being allowed some kind of food that is injurious. The remedy is to change the food, allowing only warm milk thickened with equal parts of bran and cornmeal.

Influencing the Color of Butter.

The color of butter is largely influenced by the food. Butter is sometimes white and at certain seasons it may be a golden yellow. The coloring of butter by artificial means, such as the use of annatto, will never be necessary where carrots are grown and fed regularly. Cows that receive a variety of food at all seasons of the year will usually produce yellow butter.

A Feeding Pen Gate.

When there are any great number of pigs fed in the same pen it is invariably the rule that the larger pigs get the greater share of the feed and

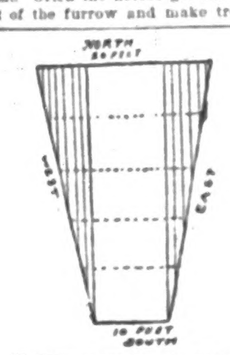


A GATE FOR FEEDING PEN

consequence they grow better and the smaller, less active pigs get less feed and are jostled about and fall farther and farther behind. By using a gate made as portrayed, in the feeding pen, the large, strong pigs will be hindered in no way from getting their share, and the smaller ones will be given an equal chance, or better. The gate (c) is fastened to the lifting lever (b), which is held at the desired height admitting the desired sized pig by a pin (a), through the posts and through the lever. The lower hole admits the smaller pigs, but the larger sized can not squeeze under. When the little pigs have satisfied themselves, lift the gate another hole and admit the next grade, and so on. In this way the smaller pigs will not become stunted by being crowded away from the feeding trough or floor.—J. L. Irwin, in Farm and Home.

The Art of Plowing.

Owing to creeks and other causes there are many irregular shaped fields which are oftentimes plowed by going around until finished in the centre. This centre is often a triangle. I never saw a plowman but who went around this triangle until it was at last plowed out. To finish this way leaves a large, open furrow, and necessitates turning square around at the point. Often the horses get their feet out of the furrow and make trouble.



PLOWING TRIANGULAR FIELDS.

But the worst feature of it is the tramping given the plowed ground, especially if in the spring.

Few, unless they have tried it, realize the injury done by tramping plowed ground that is a little wet, which it often is in spring. The sketch shows how to plow out the land with but little tramping, and by making half turns instead of whole ones at what would be the point if plowed out until done. By plowing as per shape of diagram, five extra rounds will bring sides to a point. It is ten feet or ten furrows wider at one end than at the other. You are, say, at the north with a left hand plow. Drive south to dotted line. Throw out, turn gee and follow the dotted line. Then turn gee and plow back, then east, then south, and so on. By throwing out and turning and driving across the dotted lines you are turning on the unplowed ground. When you have plowed off the five furrows on each side, your land is the same width at each end and in good shape to finish.—Lucious Stockwell, in Farm and Home.

Cheese Making on the Farm.

The articles needed for making dairy cheese are from six to twelve cows and tub or vat that will hold two milkings. If of wood the night milk would be warmed in the morning to the proper temperature of eighty four degrees. Or one may have a jacketed or double tin tub. Then the milk can be warmed by pouring hot water in the jacket and drawing it off, when the milk is sufficiently warm. A whey tub and a pair of cheese tongs to lay across the tub are also needed. Next comes the cheese knife (which may be a wooden one) to cut the curd at the proper time and to start the whey, then the cheese hoop, which any tinman can make and cut inch holes all over the bottom and sides of the basket. A thin strainer cloth must be placed inside the hoop to receive the curd, which is carefully dipped into it at intervals after standing a proper time for the whey to begin to separate from the curd.

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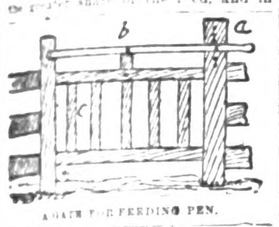

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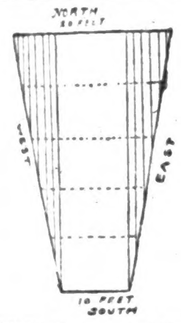

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Cheese Making on the Farm.

The articles needed for making dairy cheese are from six to twelve cows and tub or vat that will hold two milkings. If of wood the night's milk would be warmed in the morning to the proper temperature of eighty-four degrees. Or one may have a jacketed or double tin tub. Then all the milk can be warmed by pouring hot water in the jacket and drawing it off when the milk is sufficiently warm. A wooden tub and a pair of cheese hoops to lay across the tub are also needed. Next comes the cheese knife (which may be a wooden one) to cut the curd at the proper time so as to start the whey, then the cheese basket, which any tinman can make and cut lots holes all over the bottom and sides of the basket. A thin strainer cloth must be placed inside the basket to receive the curd, which is carefully dipped into it at intervals after standing a proper time for the whey to begin to separate from the curd.

For a dipper a piece tin like a milk skimmer is used. It must be there so as not to break the curd. A cheese hoop, some cheese boards and a cheese press complete this primitive equipment. The sizes of dairy cheese that sell best are those that weigh from fifteen to twenty-five pounds each. If there are no hoops or press at hand doubtless any dairy supply house could furnish them.

Only half the battle is won when the cheese is made and out of the press. The curing is a most important matter, and but few farmhouses have suitable rooms for this purpose where a low, dry temperature can be kept in hot weather. If any one intends to make a business of making dairy cheese a small room should be fitted up with an ice rack in the centre and water drainage from the same. In making dairy cheese from a large number of cows a cheese room or cheese house would be fitted up with factory apparatus and run as a factory, only on a smaller scale. And the cheese made by any factory process would be much like the factory make, but with the advantage of only one herd of cows furnishing the milk and that of uniform quality.—Alpha Messer, in Orange Judd Farmer.

six or eight weeks after blossoming. Many other fruits are better for thinning; this is particularly true of apricots.

The average grower of apples may keep the bearing surface within proper limits by judicious pruning. Thinning apples by hand is not a paying business with present market conditions. The time is coming when fruit growers will better understand their work a more uniform grade, better in quality, grown and marketed by business methods. This is what our horticultural societies are working for, to place a better product upon the market, and it is reasonable to suppose that higher prices will follow.—F. L. Reeves, in American Agriculturist.

Hill Culture of Strawberries.

Many years ago I owned a small fruit farm near the city of Cleveland, Ohio, in the midst of an extensive fruit-growing district, and had remarkable success one year with hill culture of strawberries. After enriching the land with a coat of stable manure drawn from the city, I planted a small plot, little more than one-eighth of an acre, with Jucundas, which were then famous because of the unique success of James Knox in raising them on the hill-tops above Birmingham at Pittsburg. I had visited his extensive plantation, and purchased at a high price this famous variety from one of my neighbors, believing from Mr. Knox's success that they would be profitable. The soil was a dark, gravelly loam in an old orchard. The planting was in the spring. All runners were cut off during the summer, and the plat was well cultivated with the hoe, the plants being eighteen inches apart each way. The growth was very strong. During the following winter they were protected by a light covering of straw.

The next summer I had them carefully gathered by pickers from the city, in baskets holding four quarts with handles. These baskets were rounded up, and all the stems were turned down on the top of the basket, so that no green leaf or stem was visible. I had the first picking taken to a fruit dealer on the "Square," near the wealthy residence portion of the city, whose first offer was $1 a basket.

When the second picking was taken the dealer said they were all sold in advance at $1.25 a basket, and if I could have had three or four times as many, the firm would have been glad to obtain them at $1 a basket. They were declared to be the finest lot of strawberries ever seen in Cleveland market. I sold from that small plot $325 worth of strawberries during that first year's marketing.

The second year they produced well, but not as fine berries as I might have raised from Wilson plants, cared for as my Jucundas were the preceding year. The person from whom I purchased the plants had a large plat of Jucundas — probably two or more acres—planted on clay soil, well underdrained; but they were very unsatisfactory, as the berries did not ripen, but matured in size while green in color, and they were usually wedge-shaped. My berries were finely formed, the color dark, rich and uniform, and as glossy as though they had been varnished. The flavor was remarkably rich, almost spicy and vinous, while those raised on clay soil were comparatively tasteless. I believe that any one having a gravelly or sandy loam might have equally as fine success as myself if they would plant Jucundas on very rich soil, eighteen inches apart each way, and keep all runners cut off.

This variety has proved so uncertain that I rarely see it advertised, but in appearance and in quality I believe they are not equalled by any other variety when they are produced in their best form. My crop would average one and a quarter inches in circumference. Parties who purchased them sent them to friends in Boston, Washington and New York City.

I sold the fruit farm before I had an opportunity to try another experiment with them.

If I shall again have a chance with a comparatively loose soil I intend to repeat the experiment, but I have not had that opportunity. After one year's heavy crop I should plow the plants under, as they are exhausted in ripening an enormous crop.—Donald Fernley, in the Country Gentleman.

It is said that the net annual profit derived from the cultivation of tropical fruits in Mexico ranges from 100 to over 200 per cent.

COMFORT FROM ELECTRICITY.

How Greatly It Aids Men to Endure the Heated Term's Agonies.

The hot weather, to equal which in intensity the meteorological authorities have had to go back thirty years, had many mitigations that were not available to the last generation; and they were largely of an electrical nature. For example, great use was made of the telephone, enabling men to sit in their offices or country homes and transact business at a distance without any necessity to trudge the Saharan streets. They say the ordeal is a trying one at such seasons to the little telephone girl, but she does her work bravely and well. Then there is the fan motor, bringing "sea breezes" into the hottest building. Their popularity was immense as a relief to weary people, and the market was soon swept bare of them. We have heard of one society woman who, with a member of her family under the weather, went to an electrical store and, being told all the fans in sight were sold, laid violent hands on one and refused to be comforted until she was allowed to carry it away in perspiring triumph in her carriage.

As for the electric light, that has long been a familiar boon, but one needs to get out in the country or by the seaside, where only oil lamps and candles are available, to realize once more how grateful and cool the little incandescent lamp is. Moreover, in town the ice cream freezer or the electric stove can be run from the same circuit as the lamp, but in the holiday wilds brute force and fire again are disagreeably necessary. The wonder is that electricity is still so little known and used outside the towns and cities. It is most needed by the sad sea waves and amid the cornfields and potato patches.

Perhaps the biggest electric boon of all in such calcining weather as that which has been the subject of so much flattering comment recently is the trolley car. All the street railway companies report a busy time, and their employees were worked to the point of exhaustion. Any cursory glance at the cars will show that the travel is quite largely of a recreative character, especially in the hot nights, when entire families with the latest ailing little baby board the cars to go for a fifteen-mile swift cruise for five cents a head—for the adults. The sick man does not now take up his bed and walk. He gets relief these summer nights by jumping on the first trolley car and leaving his bed behind him. The trolley car thus does en masse for the suffering population that which electricity does more individually for members of the community who can each pay for a telephone, a lamp, a fan motor, and a freezer for themselves. Great indeed is electricity in the dog days!

Took Cork Floats For Channel Buoys.

While the big Cunarder Umbria was slowly feeling her way into port through the thick fog, a dapper little Englishman sought to point out to his son the windings of our ship channel. The seine fishermen had just finished setting their net, and the big cork floats made a complete circle on the little patch of sea visible. The Umbria steamed in a greater circle about them, searching for a pilot. The authority on channels pointed to the cork floats and said:

"My boy, those are the buoys we are following to get to port. Just see how crooked the channel is. America has no coast defenses, her channels are a puzzle which no nation can solve offhand."

At this moment the Umbria had completed a circle and so had the cork floats. The English gentleman withdrew to the cabin, when his little boy, after eyeing his father's buoys for a moment, queried: "And now where do we go, pa?"—*New York Mail and Express.*

Poison From Plants.

While on the matter of summer poisoning it is not amiss to remind mothers that a strict rule should be enforced among children in regard to nibbling any plants or berries while abroad in the fields and woods. The department of agriculture finds on investigation that many poisonous plants and growths are indigenous to the United States. Many of them are familiar, and their malignant properties have been heretofore suspected. The safest rule is one that is entirely prohibitory, so far as chewing leaves or blooms of any plants, wild or cultivated. That common plant, the lily of the valley, carries a strong poison in leaf and flower, if either is eaten. A safe general rule is to put no leaf or bloom in the mouth, and even too generous inhalation is unwise. The charm of blossom and foliage can be enjoyed to the full without contact with the face and lips.—*New York Post.*

The Brazilian "Fogaro."

In Brazil every house has a small charcoal-burning firepot called "fogaro." They are made of cast iron, and are cylindrical for about two-thirds of their height, "at which point," says Consul Furniss, at Bahia, "they flare out and become basin-shaped, forming a reservoir, the bottom of which has a small grate, upon which is built the fire." Pots and pans are placed directly on this fire. The cylindrical portion of the stove serves as a flue for draught and to catch the ashes. "As the greater part of the Brazilian's diet," says Mr. Furniss, "is either fried or boiled, with a decided preference for the latter method, these stoves serve their purpose admirably, and are much cheaper than a stove as we know it, with the added advantage that they take up less room and can readily be moved from room to room, which makes them of great convenience to those having small quarters."

Twenty-eight differest kinds of food are needed to feed the animals in the Berlin zoo.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: A Joy Inspiring Religion—Solomon's Wisdom—Sweet Spices of Christianity — It Counteracts All Trouble — No Dolorous Music Needed.

(Copyright 1896.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage corrects some of the false notions about religion, and represents it as being joy inspiring instead of dolorous; text, II. Chronicles ix. 9, "Of spices great abundance; neither was there any such spice as the Queen of Sheba gave King Solomon."

What is that building out yonder, glittering in the sun? Have you not heard? It is in the house of the forest of Lebanon. King Solomon has just taken to it his bride, the Princess of Egypt. You see the pillars of the portico and a great tower, adorned with 1000 shields of gold, hung on the outside of the tower, 300 of the shields of gold manufactured at Solomon's order; 500 were captured by David, his father, in battle. See how they blaze in the noonday sun!

Solomon goes up the ivory stairs of his throne, between twelve lions in statuary, and sits down on the back of the golden bull, the head of the huge beast turned toward the people. The family and the attendants of the king are so many that the caterers of the palace have to provide every day 100 sheep and thirteen oxen, besides the birds and the venison. I hear the stamping and pawing of 4000 fine horses in the royal stables. There were important officials who had charge of the work of gathering the straw and the barley for these horses. King Solomon was an early riser, tradition says, and used to take a ride out at daybreak, and when in his white apparel, behind the swiftest horses of all the realm and followed by mounted archers in purple, as the cavalcade dashed through the streets of Jerusalem I suppose it was something worth getting up at 5 o'clock in the morning to look at.

Solomon was not like some of the kings of the present day—crowned imbecility. All the splendors of his palace and retinue were eclipsed by his intellectual power. Why, he seemed to know everything. He was the first great naturalist the world ever saw. Peacocks from India strutted the basaltic walk, and apes chattered in the trees, and deer stalked the parks, and there were aquariums with foreign fish and aviaries with foreign birds, and tradition says these birds were so well tamed that Solomon might walk clear across the city under the shadow of their wings as they hovered and flitted about him.

More than this, he had a great reputation for the conundrums and riddles that he made and guessed. He and King Hiram, his neighbor, used to sit by the hour and ask riddles, each one paying in money if he could not answer or guess the riddle. The Solomonic navy visited all the world, and the sailors, of course, talked about the riddles and enigmas that he made and soived, and the news spread until Queen Balkis, away off south, heard of it, and sent messengers with a few riddles that she would like to have Solomon solve and a few puzzles that she would like to have him find out. She sent, among other things, to King Solomon a diamond with a hole so small that a needle could not penetrate it, asking him to thread that diamond. And Solomon took a worm and put it at the opening in the diamond, and the worm crawled through, leaving the thread in the diamond. The queen also sent a goblet to Solomon, asking him to fill it with water that did not pour from the sky and that did not rush out from the earth, and immediately Solomon put a slave on the back of a swift horse and galloped him around and around the park until the horse was nigh exhausted, and from the perspiration of the horse the goblet was filled. She also sent to King Solomon 500 boys in girls' dress and 500 girls in boys' dress, wondering if he would be acute enough to find out the deception. Immediately Solomon, when he saw them wash their faces, knew from the way they applied the water that it was all a cheat.

Queen Balkis was so pleased with the acuteness of Solomon that she said, "I'll just go and see him for myself." Yonder it comes—the cavalcade—horses and dromedaries, chariots and charioteers, jingling harness and clattering hoofs and blazing shields and flying ensigns and clapping cymbals. The place is saturated with the perfume. She brings cinnamon and saffron and calamus and frankincense and all manner of sweet spices. As the retinue sweeps through the gate the armed guard inhales the aroma. "Halt!" cries the charioteers as the wheels grind the gravel in front of the pillared portico of the king. Queen Balkis alights in an atmosphere bewitched with perfume. As the dromedaries are driven up to the king's storehouses and the bundles of camphor are unloaded, and the sacks of cinnamon and the boxes of spices are opened the purveyors of the palace discover what my text announces: "Of spices, great abundance. Neither was there any such spice as the Queen of Sheba gave to King Solomon."

Well, my friends, you know that all theologians agree in making Solomon a type of Christ, and in making the Queen of Sheba a type of every truth seeker, and I will take the responsibility of saying that all the spikenard and cassia and frankincense which the Queen of Sheba brought to King Solomon is mightily suggestive of the sweet spices of our holy religion. Christianity is not a collection of sharp technicalities and angular facts and chronological tables and dry statistics.

Our religion is compared to frankincense and to cassia, but never to nightshade. It is a bundle of myrrh. It is a dash of holy light. It is a sparkle of cool fountains. It is an opening of opaline gates. It is a collection of spices. Would God that we were as wise in taking spices to our divine King as Queen Balkis was wise in taking the spices to the earthly Solomon.

The fact is that the duties and cares of this life, coming to us from time to time, are stupid often and inane and intolerable. Here are men who have been battering, climbing, pounding, hammering for twenty years, forty years, fifty years. One great, long drudgery has their life been, their faces anxious, their feelings benumbed, their days monotonous. What is necessary to brighten up that man's life and to sweeten that acid disposition and to put sparkle into the man's spirits? The spicery of our holy religion. Why, if between the losses of life there dashed the gleam of an eternal gain, if between the betrayals of life there came the gleam of the undying friendship of Christ, if in dull times in business we found ministering spirits flying to and fro in our office and store and shop, everyday life, instead of being a stupid monotone, would be a glorious inspiration, penduluming between calm satisfaction and high rapture.

How any woman keeps house without the religion of Christ to help her is a mystery to me. To have to spend the greater part of one's life, as many women do, in planning for the meals, and stitching garments that will soon be rent again, and deploring breakages, and supervising tardy subordinates, and driving off dust that soon again will settle, and doing the same thing day in and day out and year in and year out until the hair silvers, and the back stoops, and the spectacles crawl to the eyes, and the grave breaks open under the thin sole of the shoe—oh, it is a long monotony! But when Christ comes to the drawing room, and comes to the kitchen, and comes to the nursery, and comes to the dwelling, then how cheery becomes all womanly duties! She is never alone now. Martha gets through fretting and joins Mary at the feet of Jesus. All day long Deborah is happy because she can help Lapidoth; Hannah, because she can make a coat for young Samuel; Miriam, because she can watch her infant brother; Rachel, because she can help her father water the stock; the widow of Sarepta, because the cruse of oil is being replenished.

I must confess that a great deal of the religion of this day is utterly insipid. There is nothing pungent or elevating about it. Men and women go about humming psalms in a minor key and cultivating melancholy, and their worship has in it more sighs than raptures. We do not doubt their piety. Oh, no! But they are sitting at a feast where the cook has forgotten to season the food. Everything is flat in their experience and in their conversation. Emancipated from sin and death and hell and on their way to a magnificent heaven, they act as though they were trudging on toward an everlasting Botany Bay. Religion does not seem to agree with them. It seems to catch in the windpipe and become a tight strangulation instead of an exhilaration. All the infidel books that have been written, from Voltaire down to Herbert Spencer, have not done so much damage to our Christianity as lugubrious Christians.

Who wants a religion woven out of the shadows of the night? Why go growling on your way to celestial enthronement? Come out of that cave and sit down in the warm light of the Sun of Righteousness. Away with your odes to melancholy and Hervey's "Meditations Among the Tombs!"

I have to say also that we need to put more spice and enlivenment in our religious teaching, whether it be in the prayer meeting or in the Sunday-school or in the church. We ministers need more fresh air and sunshine in our lungs and our heart and our head. Do you wonder that the world is so far from being converted when you find so little vivacity in the pulpit and in the pew? We want, like the Lord, to plant in our sermons and exhortations more lilies of the field. We want fewer rhetorical elaborations and fewer sesquipedalian words, and when we talk about shadows we do not want to say adumbration, and when we mean queerness we do not want to talk about idiosyncrasies, or if a stitch in the back we do not want to talk about lumbago, but, in the plain vernacular of the great masses, preach that gospel which proposes to make all men happy, honest, victorious and free. In other words, we want more cinnamon and less gristle. Let this be so in all the different departments of work to which the Lord calls us.

I promise a high spiritual blessing to any one who will sing in church and who will sing so heartily that the people all around cannot help but sing. Wake up, all the churches from Bangor to San Francisco and across Christendom! It is not a matter of preference; it is a matter of religious duty. Oh, for fifty times more volume of sound than has yet rolled up from our churches! German chorals in German cathedrals surpass us, and yet Germany has received nothing at the hands of God compared with America. And ought the acclaim in Germany be louder than that of America? Soft, long drawn out music is appropriate for the drawing room and appropriate for the concert, but St. John gives an idea of the sonorous and resonant congregational singing appropriate for churches when in listening to the temple service of heaven he says: "I heard a great voice, as the voice of a great multitude and as the voice of many waters and as the voice of mighty thunderings. Hallelujah, for the Lord God omnipotent reigneth!"

Join with me in a crusade, giving me not only your hearts, but the mighty uplifting of your voices, and I believe we can, through Christ's grace, sing 5000 souls into the kingdom of Christ. An argument they can laugh at, a sermon they may talk down, but a 5000 voiced utterance of praise to God is resistible. Would that Queen Balkis would drive all her spice laden dromedaries into our church music. "Neither was any such spice as the Queen of Sheba gave King Solomon."

Now, I want to impress you with the fact that religion is sweetness and perfume and spikenard and saffron and cinnamon and cassia and frankincense and all sweet spices together. "Oh," you say, "I have not looked at it as such. I thought it was a nuisance. It had for me a repulsion. I held my breath as though it were a malodor. I have been appalled at its advance. I have said, if I have any religion at all, I want to have just as little of it as is possible to get through with." Oh, what a mistake you have made, my brother! The religion of Christ is a present and everlasting redolence. It counteracts all trouble. Just put it on the stand beside the pillow of sickness. It catches in the curtains and perfumes the stifling air. It sweetens the cup of bitter medicine and throws a glow on the gloom of the turned lattice. It is a balm for the aching side and a soft bandage for the temple stung with pain. It lifted Samuel Rutherford into a revelry of spiritual delight while he was in physical agonies. It helped Richard Baxter until, in the midst of such a complication of diseases as perhaps no other man ever suffered, he wrote "The Saint's Everlasting Rest." And it poured light upon John Bunyan's dungeon, the light of the shining gate of the shining city. And it is good for rheumatism and for neuralgia and for low spirits and for consumption. It is the catholicon for all disorders. Yes, it will heal all your sorrows.

Why did you look so sad this morning when you came in? Alas, for the loneliness and the heartbreak and the load that is never lifted from your soul! Some of you go about feeling like Macaulay when he wrote, "If I had another month of such days as I have been spending, I would be impatient to get down into my little narrow crib in the ground, like a weary factory child." And there have been times in your life when you wished you could get out of this life. You have said, "Oh, how sweet to my lips would be the dust of the valley!" and wished you could pull over you in your last slumber the coverlet of green grass and daisies. You have said: "Oh, how beautifully quiet it must be in the tomb! I wish I was there!"

I see all around about me widowhood and orphanage and childlessness, sadness, disappointment, perplexity. If I could ask all those in any audience who have felt no sorrow and been buffeted by no disappointment—if I could ask all such to rise, how many would rise? Not one.

A widowed mother, with her little child, went West, hoping to get better wages there, and she was taken sick and died. The overseer of the poor got her body and put it in a box and put it in a wagon and started down the street toward the cemetery at full trot. The little child, the only child, ran after it through the streets, bareheaded, crying: "Bring me back my mother! Bring me back my mother!" And it was said that as the people looked on and saw her crying after that which lay in the box in the wagon, all she loved on earth—it is said the whole village was in tears. And that is what a great many of you are doing—chasing the dead. Dear Lord, is there no appeasement for all this sorrow that I see about me? Yes, the thought of resurrection and reunion far beyond this scene of struggle and tears. "They shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more, neither shall the sun light on them nor any heat, for the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." Across the couches of your sick and across the graves of your dead I fling this shower of sweet spices. Queen Balkis, driving up to the pillared portico of the house of cedar, carried no such pungency of perfume as exhales to-day from the Lord's garden. It is peace. It is sweetness. It is comfort. It is infinite satisfaction, this gospel I commend to you.

May God grant that through your own practical experience you may find that religion's ways are ways of pleasantness and that all her paths are paths of peace; that it is perfume now and perfume forever. And there was an abundance of spice; "neither was there any such spice as the Queen of Sheba gave to King Solomon."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR AUGUST 18.

Subject: Abraham's Intercession. Gen. xviii., 16-32—Golden Text, James v. 15—Memory Verses, 23-32—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—Our lesson contains the preliminary events of one of the most awful tragedies in the world's history. The cup of Sodom's iniquity was full, making that city ripe for destruction. Although God is merciful yet He will not always strive with man, and there is a line which individuals or nations cannot cross with impunity. The only safe place is in the mountain, far away from the smoking plain. In Abraham's prayer we see his great faith, his humility, his charity and his boldness.

16. "The men." The three angels. "Toward Sodom." "As with the Lord there is mercy, so He is the God to whom vengeance belongs." They looked toward Sodom for the purpose of destroying it. "Went with them." Public roads did not exist and guides were necessary.

17. "Shall I hide?" "That is, I will not hide." Abraham was the "friend" of God, and "communication of secrets is one of the special privileges of friendship." The way to know the divine purposes about this present evil world is not to be mixed up with it in its schemes and speculations, but to be entirely separated from it. The more closely we walk with God, the more we shall know His mind about every thing. "Thing which I do." Which I purpose doing, or am about to do. God gave Abraham the look of kindness and love, but to Sodom it was a look of indignation and wrath. The right hand of the judge implies his left.

18. "Mighty nation." The Jewish nation. "Shall be blessed in him." "The world" would be blessed in the Messiah that was to spring from Abraham.

19. "I know him." His character and destiny. "Will command his children." He not only prayed with his family, but he taught and commanded them, and was "prophet and king, as well as priest." Abraham made it his business to promote practical religion in his family, and this is given as the reason why God would make known to him His purpose concerning Sodom.

20. "Cry—is great." That is, these cities have sinned very grievously.

21. "I will go down." I will inquire into the facts. God could not have been in doubt, but He desires to show to Abraham that He was not judging hastily, or without full knowledge of all the facts.

22. "The men turned," etc. The two angels who accompanied Jehovah were now sent toward Sodom, while the third, which is called the Lord or Jehovah, remained with Abraham. As God is never seen in any bodily shape, consequently the great angel of the covenant, Jesus Christ, must be meant.

23. "Abraham drew near." (1) In bodily presence, (2) in spiritual nearness, (3) in holy fervency, (4) with boldness, (5) in humility, (6) with confidence. "Wilt Thou also destroy." It is a principle of justice that the righteous shall not be punished for the crimes of the wicked, and this Abraham lays down as the foundation of his supplications.

24. "Fifty righteous." These were more righteous than existed in the city. We would not even know that Lot was righteous had not the apostle Peter told us. But true charity and goodness always hope the best and not the worst.

25. "Shall not the Judge—do right?" "Abraham must have had divine teaching concerning the fact that Jehovah was the world's Judge." This implies that God would certainly do right, although Abraham might not see how.

26. "If I find—I will spare." So faithfully would God protect His chosen ones when appealed to by Abraham in their behalf. Nor does this go to show that He will not protect them unless urged to do so by others. It does show, however, the power and value of prayer.

27. "Dust and ashes." Dust is my origin and ashes is my end. By these expressions he shows how deeply his soul was humbled in the presence of God. They who stand nearest to God are the most humble. The boldness of prayer must be ever tempered with humility.

28. "There shall lack." The safety of the city being granted on the condition that fifty righteous could be found, Abraham takes courage and asks still larger things. He drops to forty-five, then to forty, then to thirty, then to twenty, and finally to ten. He was climbing the ladder of hope and faith; with each promise he took courage to ask for more; he grew into larger visions of God's goodness.

32. "But this once." Abraham's intercession was limited because the intercessor was but a man; it did not reach the need. He said, I will speak yet but this once, and there he stopped short, as if afraid of having presented too large a draft at the treasury of infinite grace, or forgetting that faith's check was never yet dishonored at God's bank. It was not that God was not able to give, for there was an abundance of grace and patience in Him to have harkened to His servant had he proceeded to three or one; but the servant was limited, and afraid of overdrawing his account. He ceased to ask and God ceased to give. Not so our blessed Intercessor; of Him it can be said, "He is able to save to the uttermost—seeing He ever liveth to make intercession." May our hearts cling to Him in all our need, our weakness and our conflict.

33. "The Lord went His way." The angel—Jehovah—with whom Abraham had been communing, went His way. Abraham's prayer was answered, though not in the way he expected. 1. The righteous were delivered from the city. 2. By the destruction of the city righteousness was promoted. Sin was bringing forth death; such vile cities would contaminate and corrupt the race; the cancer must be cut out, lest the whole being be destroyed.

In chapter 19 we have an account of the destruction of Sodom and the cities of the plain. The two angels that left Abraham went to Sodom (19: 1), where they were received kindly by Lot, but shamefully used by the people of Sodom. The angels told Lot to warn his friends to flee, for they had been sent to destroy the city. In the morning the angels hastened Lot, his wife and his two daughters, telling them to leave the city and not to look back lest they be consumed. Lot's wife looked back and became a pillar of salt. It was not enough for Lot to go outside the walls of the city, but they were commanded to leave the plain. Spiritually, those who stay in the plain are those who do not forsake all their sins, and who rest in conviction and good resolutions without having been truly converted.

It is probably true that almost every man has in him certain qualities which would draw some woman to him, but it is difficult to frame a statement in general terms of "What Women Like in Men." This is the task which a very well-known author, under the nom-de-plume of Rafford Pyke, has undertaken in the Cosmopolitan in a clever essay, which proves him to have made women the subject of thorough observation and comprehensive study. "The foreign girl," says the author, "marries the man with whom she will be happy, the American marries the man with whom she will be unhappy.

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WE call your attention to the change of advts of Mr. C. R. Mullins and the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association.

THE Convention is jogging along and will get through some day.

TAMPA, Fla., knows how to settle a strike. They kidnap the leaders and send them out of the the way—where, nobody knows.

THE report of ex-State Examiner of Accounts, Judge Purifoy, on the books and accounts of County Treasurer Alex G. Dake, is a very flattering testimonial to that gentleman. Mr. Dake is a man of methodical habits and takes delight in keeping his accounts straight and his books in perfect order.

By request, we publish the speech of Mr. L. H. Reynolds on the suffrage question. On account of its length we published the first part in last week's issue and conclude it in this paper. In the main we are in accord with Mr. Reynolds on this question, and especially so in his opposition to the boards of registration.

THE Atlanta Constitution says "From the little island of New Zealand, in the Pacific ocean. Let's see: "the little island of New Zealand" has an area of 104,475 square miles, and the "great" State of Georgia has an area of 59,475 square miles; that is, the "great" State of Georgia is a little more than one half the size of the "little" island of New Zealand, which by the way, comprises three distinct islands. With its globe-trotting correspondents the Constitution should be better posted.

If the present crop goes to 10,500,000 bales, it is possible that the growing crop will be 11,000,000 bales. Dry, hot seasons generally result in a good product, and this season has been of that nature. The mistake should not be made of judging the entire crop by that of Alabama. This is one of the best, if not the best, of the States this year, and the conditions that have prevailed here have not been the conditions in Tennessee, or the Carolinas or in Texas, and the last named State grows nearly a third of the entire crop.—Age-Herald.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The question of electing Solicitors by the people will not down. It was demonstrated in the Constitutional Convention Tuesday that notwithstanding the Convention has voted on the question five times it is still very much alive. After having adopted the entire Article on Judiciary the Convention yesterday reconsidered its action and laid the Article on the table. It is said that a substitute will be presented to-day embodying all of the Article except the section relating to Solicitors. This section will be amended so as to provide for the election of Solicitors by the legislature.

Another effort was made Tuesday to reconsider the action of the Convention in providing for suspension of sheriffs pending impeachment. This matter also brought out several good speeches. It will be the pending question when the body assembles this morning.

In fact Tuesday was a day without results. No definite action was taken on any proposition. The votes were so close as to take one's breath away and the minority fought hard over the solicitor question. The vote on tabling the Judiciary Article was 55 to 54.—Advertiser.

GREAT REDUCTION IN COAL RATES BY THE L. & N.

The "Old Reliable" Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company has recently revised its freight rates on coal to all points on its system, in Alabama, making material reduction in nearly every instance.

The action of the L. & N. in this matter was entirely voluntary, its object being to encourage the use of coal, especially at local stations, and thus furnish a market for the product of the mines along its lines, which has largely increased during the present year.

It is believed that the increased shipment of coal resulting from this liberal action of the L. & N. will justify the Company in making the reduction.

Below will be found a table showing some of the old rates and the new rates from Birmingham to the points named. The rates given are for coal in carload lots, per ton of 2000 pounds.

	OLD RATES	PRESENT RATES
South Calera	105	100
Clear Creek	105	100
Jemison	120	100
Chanton	130	100
Swift Creek	135	100
Verbena	140	100
Bozeman	140	100
Deatsville	150	100
Elmore	155	100
Coosada	155	100
Fitzpatricks crossing	175	125
Wetumpka	175	125
Prattville	175	100

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October. 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonia and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment o the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56 55
Florence	$ 50 95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
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(continued from 3d col. page 4)

qualify. But in case this grandfather clause is declared unconstitutional, and the life electorate falls to the ground, as admitted, then will the Legislature be permitted disfranchise any or all white men if it pleases, and not have to refer their work back? It seems to me that here we will be doing indirectly that which our consciences will not permit us to do directly.

We come to the registration plan. I am as much opposed to it as the other.

Mr. Smith—I will ask the gentleman if he is not opposed to this Convention and to everything the Convention has done?

Mr. Reynolds—No, you have done some good things, and I have voted for them. I will state, in answer to the question, that I said in the outset that I was opposed to the calling of the Convention, but Mr. President, that does not carry with it that I am opposed to reformation, and I say now, if this new Constitution would hold up, to my mind, better than the old one; if it puts Alabama upon a high plane, moral plane, such as you wanted before the Convention, I will say I am ready to help him ratify it, and will do all in my part of the State to ratify it, but if, on the other hand, I do not believe this Convention will do what we claim it will do, and if it is not better than the old one, I will say I will go back and advocate the adoption of the old Convention and stand by the old ruts.

In case the registrars unjustly deny a citizen the privilege and right to registrar, we are told that he will have the opportunity of appealing to the courts. I dare say that there are some worthy citizens who could ill afford the expense. If the registrars should be bad and dishonorable men and register those not qualified nor worthy of the high privilege of suffrage, what remedy is provided? The lists are not subject to expurgation. An appeal might be made to the Supreme Court of the United States, but you declare that that August tribunal will not intertere. There is not the slightest doubt that thousands of white men will be disfranchised by the plan of registration here suggested. We all remember the registration plan under the Sayre election law as first passed. By it each voter was given a month in which to register, but that time was in the month of May, when no election was being held, when the farmers were the busiest with their work, and the necessary result was the disfranchisement of many white men, though no qualifications, other than that of age, were required. I had the honor of being a member of the Legislature when that law, as regard registration, was repealed, and the argument there advanced for its repeal was that it worked a great hardship upon the voters. But here we have a board possessed with almost unlimited power, with the right to inquire of every applicant where he has been for the last five years what he has been doing and yet these registrars are not required to be in any one beat more than one day. This law tells the registrars that they shall do so and so, but if you violate it that is with you, your conscience and your God. It is in the common experience of all that those laws, to which no penalty is attached, are not only openly violated, but actually disregarded. Take, for example, the antipass provision of our present Constitution.

Gentlemen of the Constitution, I beg of you to go slow and be sure that no worthy man be disfranchised, and that you leave not his privileges and rights under the control of a partisan political board. History teaches us that rights once taken away are seldom, if ever, restored.

And I take this opportunity to warn you that there must be some provision adopted whereby the people will understand and know that the electorate will be fairly and impartially made up, and that there must be a further provision that will insure the people that their will shall be fairly and freely expressed at the ballot box and their votes counted as cast; and by the eternal gods, the white men of this country will vote, though it be at the point of the bayonet or the muzzle of a shot gun

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It was a grand thing for this community that such an enterprising firm as the Clanton drug Co secured the Agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvelous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business, as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50c and $1.00.

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A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Ala

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT.
N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.

SEC'Y & TREAS
P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

COUNTY AGENT:
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. [illegible] S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Colem[illegible]
8. John R. P[illegible]
9. W. A. [illegible]

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

During the year just closed, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been a single loss to the Association.

The honest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the County Agent.

B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Q[illegible]

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STO[illegible]

BIRMINGHAM, AL[illegible]

SUMMER CLOTHING

LATEST FASHIONS

LOWEST PR[illegible]

A BEAUTIFUL LINE FROM WHICH YO[illegible]

YOUR CHOICE

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Not[illegible]

CHOICE GROCERIE[illegible]

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, [illegible]

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in June, first Monday in September, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mrs. G. S. Robinson of Birmingham, is visiting relatives here.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler spent several days in Columbiana recently.

Col. R. H. Knox went to Thorsby Monday.

Mr. F. A. Aldridge left Tuesday for Walker county where he has secured a position.

Mr. John Martin of Atlanta is visiting relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Potts of Missouri, are visiting the father of the former, here.

Mr. J. Bice of Thorsby was in town Wednesday.

Mr. D. N. Riggins of Thorsby was a visitor here Wednesday.

Judge Adams and Rev. F. M. Woods left on Wednesday morning for a two weeks trip to the Indian Territory.

Later—They haven't gone yet, for as far as Birmingham and the Judge turned back. No report from Rev. Woods.

Prof. A. J. Showalter and daughter left on Wednesday morning for Roanoke, Ala.

Mr. John Stanfield has removed his family from Montgomery to Clanton.

Your druggist, knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

Mr. W. M. Childress of Chapman, Ala., is visiting friends in this section.

The concert on Tuesday night was a complete success. There was a crowded house and an appreciative audience.

Commissioners' court met in regular session Monday, transacted all its business and adjourned same day.

Mr. A. L. Wambem of Thorsby was in town Monday.

We were glad to see Mr. G. W. Willis in town last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Culver were called to Fayetville on Tuesday on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Culver's mother.

Dr. O. M. Wisehart returned home last Friday from his trip to the Pan American Exposition. He gives a glowing account of his trip.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c. a bottle at all drug stores.

Prof. J. M. Collier of Jemison, was a visitor here Saturday.

Misses Jennie and Leona Dowling of Birmingham are visiting the family of Mr. R. A. Aldridge.

Mr. John Vanderveer is spending several days in Montgomery.

Sheriff Killgore went to the capital city Wednesday.

If you, your baby, or your horse has colic, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 60 to 90 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1181½ 22st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. S. D. Robinson and Miss Katie Walker.

Colored. Murphy Nix and Mat[illegible] Alcherson.

Astounded The Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its generative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

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October 1st

12 First Ave.

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ER DRUG CO.,

CUT RATE DRUG STORE
HAM, AL

MMER CLOTHING

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SPRING

Has come, and with it, a matchless showing of all pretty designs in Muslins, Organdies, Percales, Laces and Embroidery.

If you are afraid of having inferior goods imposed upon you, there is but one thing for you to do, come and give us a trial.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter comb ned

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

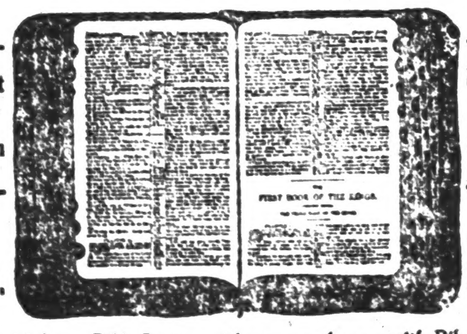
Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ALABAMA BIBLE SOCIETY

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Bibles at Cost for Cash



Bibles at Cost for Cash

BIBLES. BIBLES.

The Alabama Bible Society wishes to supply you with Bibles. You can get from us any style binding or type at the publishers' cost price. We do not sell except for CASH. *Write us.*

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER $21.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $4 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opatinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U CRUMPTON, Prop'r.
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERYTHING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L, Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	1/2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test, oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

The Best of Everything and Everything of the Best

THE BEST

GROCERIES
CANNED GOODS
DRY GOODS
NOTIONS
JEWELRY
GLASS AND CHINA WARE

B. E. JONES, Clanton.

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY: 25 CARS PER DAY.

PURINA MILLS ST. LOUIS, MO.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

AFFAIRS OF NATIONAL IMPORT AND CITIZENS

EMANATING FROM THE CAPITAL CITY

Battleship Wisconsin Ordered from Puget Sound to Pacific Ocean to Protect American Interests—A New National Labor Order.

Miss Ethel Reel, National Chairman of the Indian schools, has completed a uniform course of study for the Indian schools. The course treats of thirty-one subjects, designed to train the Indian to become supporting. Aside from the literary branches, it embraces a course in trades among which that of basketry, so natural to the redskin, has a place. This course has been in preparation for three years, and embodies Miss Reel's ideas of the Indian and of the Indian school service gleaned from personal observation in the field, together with the views of the various superintendents and Indian workers of the United States, many of whom have spent a score of years in the work. This is the first course of study in book form and the most comprehensive ever introduced into the Indian schools.

Admiral Kempff has forwarded to the Navy department a thrilling official report of the biting off of the leg of Quartermaster S. Mackie, of the gunboat Annapolis by a mammoth sea monster. Mackie was in swimming at Iloilo and tried to touch bottom. One of the seamen says he heard a gurgling sound beneath the water. A minute later Mackie appeared on the surface and shouted "shark." Mackie started to swim and although crippled reached the boat which took him aboard. The leg was bitten off below the knee, but the ship surgeon found it necessary to amputate the member between the knee and hip.

The Navy Department has reprimanded Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, acting upon the complaint made by former Secretery of the Navy Chandler for criticisms of the latter in Admiral Evans' book, "A Sailor's Log." The letter of reprimand was sent to the Rear Admiral yesterdry. It refers to his act as reprehensible and censures Admiral Evans for this "breach of the obligation imposed upon you as an officer of the navy of the United States." Ex-Senator Chandler has been furnished a copy of the reprimand.

The Divison of the Insular Affairs of the War Department has prepared a statement of receipts at the several custom houses in Cuba. The statement shows that the total receipts from custom sources during the six months ended June 30, 1901, were $7,947,805. The collections at the port of Havana cover the greater portion of the receipts and for the period named were $5,601,601. Cienfuegos comes next with $685,248, followed by Santiago with $550,289.

United States Consul General Hezekiah A. Gudger has publicly notified the Chinese that they are entitled to the protection of the United States consulate. He draws attention to the acts of violence committed against them in the recent insurgent raid along the railroad line and expresses the hope that their rights as foreigners will be in future recognized and respected.

A new national labor order, intended to bring together all classes of mechanics, helpers and laborers in the navy yards and arsenals throughout the country has been organized. The "Navy Yard Employes Protective Association" is the name chosen, but the word "Arsenal" will be added when the arsenal employes are taken in. W. A. Craig is president.

If Noah had lived in these days he would have unloaded all the stock in his ark company on the public and then there wouldn't have been any flood.

AT the race meeting at Paisley, Scotland, August 8, the grand stand crowded with people, collapsed. Many persons are reported to have been injured.

GEN. KITCHENER was not wounded as early reports last week affirmed.

THE Russian government has limited the number of Jewish students in her universities to three per cent of the total number of students, except in the University of Moscow, where they are entirely prohibited.

One satisfaction a fat woman has is that if she is going down stairs too fast and sits down suddenly she won't break anything if she can keep from bumping her head.—New York Press.

A musical fish has been discovered in lower California. It must be fine to hear it run its scales.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

NO INDICTMENT.

The inquest in the case of Patrick Taff, found murdered in his watermelon patch has been concluded and no indictment could be found on the evidence brought out. The Davis brothers held on suspicion have been released.

D. M. JONES, a livery man of Montgomery, was fatally injured last Wednesday by one of his horses dashing him against a tree.

SAD FATALITY.

Seven-year-old Wilmer Oglesby, of McCalla, died Thursday from the results of the accidental discharge of a shotgun whose load tore through the little fellow's left leg.

PROF. T. J. LLOYD was found dead in bed at his home in Dadeville Saturday morning.

THE HORSES WERE WILD.

At Shelby last Saturday a team of horses ran away severely injuring Mrs. W. H. Brymer and her baby. On the rampage the runaway team knocked down the horse upon which Jasper Carden was riding, ran over both horse and rider and breaking two of Mr. Carden's ribs.

THE Gadsden Commercial Club has appointed a committee to promote the extension of the Louisville & Nashville branch road from Oneonta to Gadsden, it being believed that the extension would be of great benefit to that town. The proposed extension will be seventeen miles in length, can be constructed for about $80,000, and will lie through a tract of land on which coal and iron have been found in large quantities.

MAYOR ARRESTED.

Hon. Joe R. Tate, mayor of Brookside, was arrested one day last week on a charge of aiding a prisoner in the jail to escape. The prisoner was a client of Mr. Tate's. The attorney denies the charge and says he can prove his innocence when tried.

BIRMINGHAM Commercial Club is at the head of a movement to obtain from Andrew Carnegie a library for the city.

THE Bebeers Dismond Co., will present to the Duchess of Cornwall and York on her arrival in South Africa 172 diamonds weighing 261 carats. The stones are held at 1,400 pounds, and are unique in shape, color and quality.

When they were writing the Ten Commandments they knew better than to tell us to love our neighbors' children as ourselves.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Mrs. Hagan and three children, of Hammond, La., sought refuge from a rainstorm in a school house, Friday, and were struck by lightoing and killed. Other parties who also entered the building were seriously insured by the shock.

MISSOURI was 80 years old Saturday.

The Navy Department has ordered the battleship Wisconsin from Puget Sound to the Pacific ocean coast of Panama to protect American interests there.

The transport Rosans has been ordered to sail from Seattle on Aug. 13. She will take recruits to South Alaska and bring back those there.

THE remains of Baron von Kettler, the German minister at Pekin who was murdered during the early days of the Chinese troubles, have reached his native land.

HEAVY gales off the Australian coast during July destroyed five vessels and several lives were lost.

Our British kinsfolk at various times have had ample reason to bemoan scanty harvests, but America has always been eager to supply deficiencies. Now it is reported that the crop of English curates is falling short. If our Old World cousins really need any help from this productive country in filling their pulpits, the United States is ready to ship large cargoes of curates at short notice.

An odorless onion has been evolved by some sensible gardener. His name should have a full page in the history of the world as a genuine benefactor of the human race.

A large number of Arctic expeditions are planned for this summer. As usual, no one knows exactly what the explorers expect to discover or of what use it will be when found.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

Little Things.

A little burn will hurt;
A little sting will smart;
And little unkind words
Will grieve a little heart.
—Youth's Companion.

A Swap Party.

This is a game which will be found amusing for a children's summer entertainment. Each guest brings with him one or more bundles, neatly wrapped and tied. They may contain almost any small article, such as soap, a book, a handkerchief or candy, and should be wrapped in such a way as to deceive one regarding the contents, says the New York Tribune. Absurd toys will add to the fun. Each person recommends his own parcel, giving an imaginative description in his wittiest style, hoping in this way to make the others think his the best, and thus persuade them into an exchange. Often the packages are "swapped" several times, and much shrewdness is displayed in the trading. At a given time all the bundles are opened and the one who has succeeded in securing the best bargain receives the first prize. The unfortunate who has fared the worst is compelled to entertain the company with a story, game, recitation or in any way that his talent lies.

A Great Poet's Life.

Thomas Hood, the great English poet-humorist, was the son of a London publisher. He was born May 23, 1799, and died May 3, 1845. His father placed him in the counting house, but the boy's health failed and he was withdrawn. Later he tried to learn the art of engraving, his uncle undertaking to receive him as an apprentice. During this time young Hood, as was not unnatural for a publisher's son, began to contribute articles to the magazines. These compositions were distinguished by a delicate humor that attracted attention. In 1821 he was invited to become one of the subeditors of the London Magazine, and while he held this position he became acquainted with many of the great writers of the day. An intimacy sprang up between Hood and Charles Lamb, another humorist, and the author of the celebrated essay on the origin of roast pig. Encouraged and inspired by friends and congenial surroundings, he put forth a number of books of his own. He was the editor of various magazines now almost forgotten. He died in poverty, the English government, on them atter being brought to its attention, granting a pension to his widow. Hood is now best known by his poem, "The Song of the Shirt," setting forth the sad life of under-paid seamstresses, and "The Bridge of Sighs," another pathetic poem. "Up the Rhine" and "Whims and Oddities" are among his most amusing writings. His son, Tom Hood, also became a celebrated humorist.

Lightning is Not Zigzag.

It has been definitely determined that lightning is not zigzag, although it gives our unaided eyes that impression. The question has been settled by the camera, that great revealer of the secrets of nature. The term zigzag means turning at short angles, but instantaneous photographs of a lightning flash have shown that the turns are curves, and not angles. They look like angles to us because the flash occupies too little time for us to perceive it as it really is; the camera, however, gets the true impression.

Do you know why the lightning makes those turns? Why does it not move in a striaght line? Because it always seeks the path of least resistance, and as it condenses the air immediately in front of it, it turns aside to avoid that condensation. It is the resistance of the air that sometimes makes a flash divide into what is called forked lightning.

There are straight flashes, however, but they are seen when the cloud is close to the earth, and not enough resistance is met to divert them.

It might be well to correct an erroneous impression that exists about so-called "heat lightning." That is the term commonly applied to the lightning that we see in broad sheets near the western horizon, and that is not accompanied by thunder. But it is ordinary lightning, nevertheless, and the only reason why we do not hear the thunder is because the storm is too far away. It is properly called sheet lightning, but "heat lightning" is a misnomer.—Philadelphia Record.

A Rainy Day.

Such a stormy day. The rain came down in torrents, and the wind blew it against the window and rattled the shutters against the side of the house. Behind the window stood Mildred and pressed her nose against the glass, while two big tears rolled down her cheeks. "'Cause I did so want to go out an' play; Mary an' me was goin' to have a tea party in my front yard, too."

Then somebody came and stood beside Mildred. "Mamma is sorry, dear," she said, "and we'll see what we can find to do in the house, while it's raining."

Just then there came a ring at the door bell and an eager little voice said: "Auntie told me I could come and play with Mildred for a while," and a plump little body scrambled upstairs and ran into Mildred's arms.

"I'm not one tiny speck wet," went on the chatterbox, "'cause I had my rubbers on and a numberella and such a big coat, and I made b'lieve I was a duck, and that ran just ran off my back—I mean off the numberella."

"What shall we play?" Mary went on as mamma left the little girls together. "Oh, here's your blocks. Let's each build a castle and our dollies shall live in them and go call on each other." So they set to work and two fine houses soon arose, for their hands could go almost as fast as their tongues.

"Now," said Mildred, "my Arabella Marink is comin' to visit, Jennie Belladonna. 'How did you do, ma'am an' I hope your fam'ly's all well. My oldest child has the squeazles, poor thing, an' I was goin' for the doctor.'"

"Dear me," cried Mrs. Belladonna, "I'm real sorry for you; my two boys have just got over the chicken coop and you know what that is!"

"Well, I can't stay," went on Mme. Arabella; "come an' see me an' stay to tea. Don't bring your chil'ren, 'cause they might get the infatuation. Good-bye, 'or rewore.'"

"What does that mean—'or rewore'?" asked Mary.

"I don' know," said Mildred, "but ladies say it when they go away."

"All right—I mean 'or rewore,'" cried Mrs. Belladonna. "Now I'll come to see you."

But just then in came mamma smiling and behind her was Leila, the cook, carrying a tray. "I thought we'd have afternoon tea in the house today, instead of in the yard," she said. And Mary and Mildred jumped up and clapped their hands, while por Mrs. Belladonna and Mme. Arabella fainted away for joy.

They were soon brought back to life, though, and sat at the table with their little mothers, and the poor children with the "squeazles" and the "infatuation" were forgotten.—Brooklyn Eagle.

How We Saved the Cherries.

HOW WE SAVED THE CHERRIES.

Fold map of the United States in the middle, fold again crosswise, open it, and in the centre is the place where I am listening to a catbird scold because our Maltese cat, Ginger, has left the barn and is coming slowly across the yard toward the house for her dinner.

Ginger is a very busy house-mother just now. She has to care for and train her three kittens, black Aguinaldo, black-and-white Hobson, and the perfect Maltese, Fred Funston. Ginger is coming to tell her mistress it is dinner time.

The catbird dislikes Ginger. Ginger dislikes the catbird today. She was punished yesterday for killing and eating one. She walks straight ahead to the sill of the window where I am sitting.

The catbird mocks the kittens: "Mew! mew! mew!"

Ginger takes no notice.

All catbirds dislike cats as much as they do snakes. Last year we thought we would make us of this knowledge and save our cherries, which the birds were stealing, so we put a stuffed cat in the cherry-tree.

Did we save our cherries? Yes, but not in the way we expected.

When the stuffed cat was discovered in the tree, a bird flew around and told all its relatives. You see, they do not have any bird telephone line.

One of their number could not leave. She was sitting on a round nest made of weeds and grass and leaves, in which were six spotless, grenish blue eggs; but all the others came to see the cat. They perched on the yellow rose-tree, on the "bridal-wreath," on the lilac shrubs, up on the plum-tree, and, still higher, on a swaying branch of the young walnut.

They looked at, they ridiculed, and they laughed at that cat, but it did not move. They cried, "Mew!" in every tone of voice the wonderful mimics could invent, but that stuffed cat did not wink an eye. They started a concert, mocking the notes of other birds, until it sounded as if the forest across the river had been transplanted, with all its blue jays, redbirds, orioles, sparrows and even meadowlarks, right into our back dooryard. But it was no use; that stuffed cat could not be charmed or frightened.

Then they held a council. The family, from the kitchen windows, watched the result.

Those catbirds belong to the thrush family, and oh, how they do sing morning and evening! The children have little books and write down their songs, so we know they can sing. But what horrible discords they did make when their council ended;

They did not like the idea of having that cat up in their cherry-tree, we know by the tones of their voices, and by the way they jerked their tails from side to side; and they made up their minds that, cat or no cat, they would have the cherries.

The bird from the walnut flew to the top of the cherry tree, and went back with a mouthful of cherry. The bird from the rose bush went to the tree lower down and took a bite. Then several birds went taking a snip from a luscious cherry above, below and all around the cat. At last—what do you think?—a beautiful large catbird flew right at the stuffed thing in the tree and cried in most derisive tones, "Mew! mew!"

How did we save our cherries? Oh, we had to pick them before they were ripe.—Youth's Companion.

Was It a Compliment?

It was at the end of her first week in the new school, she having been transferred from down town, that the teacher asked little Wilhelmina how she liked the new school. The little one's face brightened up as she answered.

"Oh, I like it first rate, and I like you, too."

"That's very nice; but why do you like me?" queried the teacher.

"Oh, you see," said the little pupil, "I always did like a bossy teacher."—New York Times.

SOMETHING ABOUT BOILS.

Slight Injuries, High Living, and Close Shaving Alike May Cause Them.

Contrary to the common belief boils are not indicative of blood disease. They are really indications of local poisoning by puss-bearing germs, and the boil is an abscess. Every pin prick, every scratch, every abrasion, every cut with a razor or pocketknife, every splinter that enters the skin may cause a boil. Nor need the wound be a serious one; it may be so minute as to be invisible to the unaided eye. Nor is the result always produced, for if it should be, every slight wound, every thorn prick, every scratch of a cat, every bite of a dog, every abrasion of the skin, would be followed by disastrous, if not fatal, consequences. The reason for this immunity is that there is a certain inherent power of the body to resist these noxious agents, and it is only when the powers of the body are weakened by disease that the morbific agents can thrive in the body and accomplish their evil work.

In this sense, then, boils are diseases due of the blood, but it is not a disease in itself. High living also favors boils. Dr. Reid, speaking of pus, and incidentally of boils, says: "Job was probably run down by a long period of debauchery. We read that the devil had him in tow some time before his boils broke out. If, now, he could have had the counsel of three good physicians, instead of as many tiresome theologians, he would have had his system toned up; his broken potsherd, with which 'he scraped himself withal,' thus spreading sympathy and infection, would have been taken from him, and he would have been taught a few lessons in sanitary science instead of theology."

The reason why a boil is always in the worst place is because that is the most exposed place. The back of the neck, where the collar rubs the microbes into the skin; the wrist, where the cuffs irritate, and make the entrance of germs more easy; the top of the foot, where the shoe pinches; the razor-swept chin — are all favorite "worst places."—From the American Druggist and Pharmaceutical Record.

On the Shores of the Yukon Delta.

During the past year an officer of the Coast Survey traversed the front of the Yukon delta, the first white man who had ever followed this shore. He was accompanied by three men, and the party, with all their provisions and camp outfit, was carried in an open canoe and a small rowboat. At the river mouths there is comparatively deep water immediately off the coast, but between these the distinction between land and sea is very indefinite, and the mud banks laid bare at low tide may be a mile or more in width. Even with a canoe drawing but a few inches of water it was often impossible to get closer to the shore, so that to make camp it was necessary to pack outfit and provisions on the men's backs, sinking at every step knee deep in the thick, blue mud. Even ashore, however, the difficulties were not past. For long stretches this coast is but a few inches above ordinary high tide. On account of its shallowness this part of Bering Sea is subject to extraordinary tides. When the wind blows strong from the northeast the water goes with it, leaving extensive bare flats and shoals along the shore, while with an opposite wind the water piles up in Norton Sound, flooding the lower portions of the delta coast, as is evidenced by the line of drift-wood nearly always to be seen some distance inland. One night the party were rudely awakened by the water running through their tents, and went out to find the tide over the bank on which they were camped. After that they took the precaution to elevate their beds.—G. R. Putnam, in Scribner's.

An Emergency Case.

The doctor in charge of the school had always laughed at the idea of our ever making practical use of our "First Aid to the Injured" lessons. He had muttered something about "shoemakers sticking to their lasts," and then had said: "You teach the children—that's your line, and wait for me to come if anything happens."

Therefore when our delicate little Nannie fell down stairs we had not merely the desire to give her immediate relief, but also a deep-seated but unspoken wish to show that man that we could do something. Nannie had murumred, "My ankle—I twisted my ankle," before she fainted. To bind it then might help, and certainly could not harm her. The emergency bandages were produced, and, delighted to see that there was as yet no appreciable swelling, we bound the leg in most approved style from toes to knee. We had just finished when the doctor came in. He snorted at sight of the materials around; then, after an examination of a few minutes he said: "Very good—very good, indeed! But you've bandaged the wrong foot."—New York Times.

Programme Clocks.

Clocks that are so made as to sound signals of various kinds are coming into use among the schools. A large school building will have one master clock, and this is connected with other clocks, one in each room, and also with a bell in each room. The connection is by electric wires, so that all the rooms have exactly the same time, and all the signals are rung on the second.

Would Change of Place Bring Happiness?

Half the people in the world think they could do better and be happier elsewhere than where they happen to be placed. They see only the thorns, the drudgery and the disagreeable things in their own vocation, and only the flowers and the pleasant experiences in the vocations of others.—Success.

JOKER'S BUDGET

MARY'S BIRD.

Mary had a little bird
That once was full of song
And everywhere that Mary went
The birdie went along

She did not keep it in a cage;
There was no need of that;
The birdie couldn't fly away
'Twas fastened on her hat.
—Philadelphia Press.

A FORCED ALLIANCE.

Muggins—He married his cook, I believe.

Buggins—Yes, you see she won't leave.—*Philadelphia Record.*

WELL RECOMMENDED.

"Andrew Carnegie wants me for president yet."

"Oh, no; he could get a Scotchman in lots of towns in the United States."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

A MISLEADING TRUTH.

"Chills, eh?" said the doctor. "How many times were you swimming to-day?"

"Once," said the boy who had met at one o'clock in the afternoon and got out at five.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

WHICH WAS IT?

"Are we slaves or are we free?" thundered the orator.

"Some of us are married," was the answer from the last row.—*New York Sun.*

OVERSTOCKED.

"I argued and argued with Nibbs to have more confidence."

"Was he influenced by your argument?"

"He's got so much confidence he can't stay around where he is."—*Denver Press.*

A TRUTHFUL MAN.

She—Dearest, am I the first you ever loved?

He—Little sweetheart, the moment I could look into those trusting eyes and tell a falsehood is the time I should prepare yourself to hear the truth.—*Tit-Bits.*

THE PANG OF IT.

"Why, dear, what's the matter with you? Bad news from your lawyer?"

"Oh, worse than that. He writes that he is longing for me and his picture every day."

"That's no reason for crying."

"Yes, but I find I put another photograph in his trunk in mistake."—*Brooklyn Life.*

HOW CUSTOMS VARY.

She—In some parts of America a man marries each of the relatives strikes him with a club by way of welcome into the family.

He—Yes, and in many parts of America when a man marries the bride's relatives strike him for a loan by way of welcoming him into the family.—*New York Times.*

BLUBBER.

We were startled to find the little girl in tears.

"Why do you weep?" we asked kindly.

"If one blubbers, one will look nice enough to eat" she added, looking shyly up at us.

Of course it were vain to tell her this was a crass no sequitur; she was, after all, a woman.—*Journal.*

TOO LIBERAL.

Wife—Here's an advertisement in the paper that you'd better look at. It says a man is wanted, and he'll be worked to death, and he'll not get enough to live on.

Husband—Says he won't be worked to death, eh?

Wife—Yes; and they won't give him enough to live on.

Husband—Some catch about him.—*Pick-Me-Up.*

REAL MEAN.

"Them women make me tired," said the First Telegraph Operator as he opened his switch.

"What's the matter now?" asked the Second Telegraph Operator.

"One of 'em was real sick and wanted to know why we didn't let her put a postscript to a message without charging her for it. As if it wasn't part of the message."—*Baltimore American.*

HIS ONE ACT OF WISDOM.

"That young Jollings spends about the biggest fool I ever saw. He does is go gallivanting around spending money like water and letting girls who want to have a good time make a monkey of him. How does such a fellow do the trick?"

"You've got me guessing, too, yet, in spite of his general folly he did one thing once that was wiser than anything you or I ever did."

"What was that?"

"Picked out a millionaire for his father."

PROVEN.

"Action and reaction are claimed the manly graces," in the course of the oration that was to shake the world.

The experienced backer of himself. "That's true," he said, "the harder a fellow has to work to make a good impression on a girl the easier it is for him to shake her during the picnic season."

The only question that remains in the reader's mind is how the accident was the experience investigated into the consequence?—*Buffalo Express.*

PREFERENCES.

Poetry sing about the silver moon
Its dulcet phraseology,
Which just reminds the same old tune,
Poor excuses for apology,
Poetry! for sentiment's display,
There is no longer room in us!
We've got electric lights and say
They're very much more luminous.

Poetry sing about each woodland breeze,
That greets us so caressingly—
As if we had none else than these
We'd suffer most distressingly.
But since this summer heat began
To make our collars pliable
We view that an electric fan
Is vastly more reliable.
—Washington Star.

HUMOROUS.

Teacher—Name a very inflammable material. Willie Wiseboy—Money.

Jones—At what age do you think a man should get married? Joax—At the parsonage.

"Miss Mabel," he murmured, "will you share my humble lot?" "Yes," she answered, "if there's a nice little home on it."

Scribbler—"I hear you are writing a novel. Have you done much work on it?" Scrawler—"Yes, I've engaged a press agent."

Baneson—Did your father-in-law say anything on you when you married his daughter? Baneson—Yes, the rest of the family.

Slobbs—Do you think a college education pays? Slobbs—Well, there's Bjones. He's had a college education and he never pays.

Briggs—What has become of that stuck-up fellow, Powers? Waggs—He has gone abroad to visit relatives.

Briggs—The Powers of Europe, I suppose.

He—Will you be my wife? She—I would say not. He—Whew! That's rather—She—However, as no girl ever says exactly what she should I'll say—Yes!

Slobbs—Bjones has failed in everything else, and now he is going into business. Slobbs—If he can make the right sort of failure in that he ought to get rich.

Merchant—But I advertised for a married man, and you say you're single. Applicant—O! I'm willing to change all that in short order. Got any marriageable daughters?

"Mrs. Gray is aging quite rapidly, isn't she?" "Yes, indeed. I suppose she has some great trouble and worry." "No; I believe it's the trouble and worry she has in trying to make her look young."

"Hello!" exclaimed the thunderbolt; "how have you been getting along lately?" "Well," replied the lightning, "I've been traveling through the west, and I've managed to pick up a few things of value."

"After all," mused the bookish man, "I am somewhat like Andrew Carnegie. He gives libraries away. And my friends borrow my books, and I get to return them. There isn't a great deal of difference."

Mrs. Muggins—I used to be so fond of fiction before I was married. Mrs. Buggins—And don't you read much now? Mrs. Muggins—No; after the things my husband tells me about why I stay so late getting home, mere printed fiction seems so tame and unimaginative.

An Embarrassed Man.

Three jolly maidens, apparently not in the least forlorn, were comfortably seated in a car when a slender young man entered and attached himself to a strap. He might have been consumptive. He looked thin almost to emaciation. He had no more chest than William M. Evarts and was as flat chested as a razor back. His immaculate dress indicated a satisfactory condition of finances, but his hollow cheek and sunken eye were pitiful. After a brief consultation with her friends the girl in the middle, beaming with sympathy arose and offered him her seat. What she said was, "Be good enough, sir, to accept this seat; you seem tired." This hardly took away what little breath the invalid had, but he managed to stutter out: "Why, bless your sweet soul, I wouldn't deprive you of your seat for a thousand dollars. Thank you all the same. You are an angel." She did not force him, but sat down and blushed. Six healthy specimens of the feminine persuasion hopped up and insisted him to take their seats, but he declined all offers and hobbled quickly out at the next station. It was not his station, however, for he took the next train and continued his journey without further embarrassment.—New York Press.

The Resemblance.

"Excuse me," said the new neighbor, who leaned over the fence, "you have a daughter who plays the piano, I believe."

"I have," answered the man on the other.

"Well," said the other, "I have been a great student of nature in my time—I have spent many years on a farm—and I want to say that your daughter's music reminds me of the music of a brook."

"Ah," said the pleased father, "I could see that there is an undefinable, murmuring sweetness running through her music that resembles a brook, now that you have called my attention to it."

"Yes," agreed the new neighbor, "there is all that. And besides, there is another way in which the resemblance is very marked. Probably you will read that line that calls attention to the fact that the brook goes on forever."

And with a cold stare he walked slowly back to his porch and picked up a newspaper.—Indianapolis Sun.

JOKERS BUDGET

MARY'S BIRD.

Mary had a little bird
That once was full of song,
And everywhere that Mary went
The birdie went along.

She did not keep it in a cage,
There was no need of that;
The birdie couldn't fly away,
'Twas fastened on her hat.
—*Washington Star.*

A FORCED ALLIANCE.

Muggins—He married his cook. He
love.
Buggins—Yes, you see she wanted
leave.—*Philadelphia Record.*

WELL RECOMMENDED.

"Andrew Carnegie will come to
yet."
"Oh no, he could get a job as
in lots of towns in the
States."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

A MISLEADING TRUTH.

"Boh! eh?" said the keen-eyed
tor. "How many times were you
swimming today?"
"Once," said the boy, who had
at one o'clock in the afternoon and
out at five.—*Indianapolis News.*

WHICH WAS IT?

"Are we slaves or are we free
thundered the orator. He paused for
reply.
"Neither of us are married," came
answer from the last row of seats.—
Yonkers Star.

OVERSTOCKED.

I argued and argued with
"I have more ideas
Was he influenced by your
He got so much of my tea
I'm around where he is.—*Detroit
Free Press.*

A TRUTHFUL MAN.

She—Dearest, am I the first girl
you loved?
He—Little sweetheart, the man
could look into those trusting "blue
and tell a falsehood is not to live
prepared our edit to live the truth.—
Pick-Me-Up.

THE PANG OF IT.

"Why, dear, what's the matter
you?" Bad news from your husband
Oh, worse than that. He wrote
that he is longing for me and
picture every day."
"That's no reason for crying."
"Yes, but I find I put mother's
graph in his trunk in mistake for
—*Brooklyn Life.*

HOW CUSTOMS VARY.

She—In some parts of Australia
a man marries each of the bride's
gives strikes him with a stick by
wedding me into the family.
He—Yes, and in many parts
America when a man marries
the bride's relatives strikes him
loan by way of welcoming him
family.—*New York Times.*

BLUBBER.

We were startled to find the
girl in tears.
"Why do you weep?" we asked
ly.
"If one blubbers, one will
look nice enough to eat!" faltered
looking shyly up at us.
Of course it were vain to tell
this was a crass non sequitur;
was, after all, a woman.—*Detroit
nal.*

TOO LIBERAL.

Wife—Here's an advertisement
paper that you'd better look
says a man is wanted, and he
worked to death, and he'll
enough to live on.
Husband—Says he won't be
to death, eh?
Wife—Yes; and they promise
enough to live on.
Husband—Some catch about
Pick-Me-Up.

REAL MEAN.

"Them women make me tired,"
the First Telegraph Operator,
opened his switch.
"What's the matter now?"
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"One of 'em was just in
wanted to know why we
her put a postscript to a ten-word
sage without charging her extra
it wasn't part of the message.—
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"That young Jollikings seems
about the biggest fool I ever
he does is go gallivanting around
ing money like water and
girls who want to have a
make a monkey of him. Why
does such a fellow do the world
"You've got me guessing there
yet, in spite of his general
he did one thing once that
wiser than anything you or I
"What was that?"
"Picked out a millionaire
father."

PROVEN.

"Action and reaction are equal,"
claimed the manly graduate,
course of the oration that was
the world.
The experienced bachelor
himself. "That's true," he
harder a fellow has to work
good impression on a girl she
is for him to shake her
picnic season."
The only question that
the reader's mind is how
accident was the experience
inveigled into the commencement
ence?—*Buffalo Express.*

PREFERENCES.

They sing about the silver moon
In dulcet phraseology,
Each poet sounds the same old tune,
Nor reason for apology
Also for sentiment a display,
There is no longer room in us!
We get electric lights and say
They're very much more luminous.

They sing about each woodland breeze,
That creeps so softly caressingly—
But if we had a breeze like these
We'd suffer it not distressingly.
For since this summer heat began
To make our collars pliable
We've found an electric fan
Is vastly more reliable.
—*Washington Star.*

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Teacher—Name a very inflammable material. Willie Wiseboy—Mother.

Hoax—At what age do you think a man should get married? Joax—At the parsonage.

"Miss Maloney," he murmured, "will you share my humble lot?" "Yes," she answered, "if there's a nice little house in it."

Scribbler—I hear you are writing a book. How much work is it? Yes, I've engaged a press agent.

Jones—Is your father-in-law with you when you married Jackson—Yes, the minister.

Jones—I think a college education is a great thing. Well, there's my son. He had a college education.

Wagg—Have you been some of that time abroad? Wagg—He went there to visit relatives.

Jones—Been to Europe, I suppose.

Brown—Is your wife? She—I don't know. Brown—Why! That's funny. Why? Brown—Because I thought as no girl could resist you, what she should I ill with you.

Bigelow—Bigelow has failed in everything he has gone into. He is going into business now. If he can make a success of failure in that he ought to get rich.

Merchant—Did I advertised for a married man, and you say you're single. Applicant—Yes. I'm willing to change that in short order. Got any marriageable daughters?

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"Hello!" exclaimed the thunderhead, "how have you been getting along lately?" "Well," replied the cyclone, "I've been traveling through the west, and I've managed to pick up a few things of value."

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"Yes," agreed the new neighbor, "there is all that. And besides, there is another way in which the resemblance is very marked. Probably you have read that line that calls attention to the fact that the brook goes on forever."

And with a cold stare he walked slowly back to his porch and picked up a newspaper.—Indianapolis Sun.

PURE FOOD LAW VIOLATED.

Interesting Facts Concerning the Roasting of Coffee Brought Out by Scientific Experts—Presence of Bacteria.

TOLEDO, August 10th—The jury in Judge Meck's court in this city has found James White, a local grocer, guilty of selling adulterated coffee. The prosecution was based on a package of Ariosa coffee.

The State of Ohio, through the Pure Food Commission, prosecuted White. The case was on trial for nearly a month, and attracted national attention.

The manufacturers of Ariosa coffee conducted the defense for Grocer White. Attorneys of eminence were retained to defend him, but after a short consultation a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury. The State of Ohio considers this a big victory. Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn has been waging a warfare on spurious food articles and the department has been successful.

The complaint of the State of Ohio was that Ariosa coffee was coated with a substance which concealed defects in the coffee and made it appear better than it is. The State charged this coating or glazing was a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria.

Prof. G. A. Kirchmaier, of this city, a well known chemist, was the principal witness for the State. He testified that he had made scientific examinations of samples of Ariosa purchased from Grocer White in the open market, and found that each berry contained an average of 300 bacteria. Mr. Kirchmaier further testified that other coffees he examined contained few bacteria or none at all. He declared that the glazed coffee was not a wholesome food product.

Chemist Schmidt, of Cincinnati, corroborated the testimony of Prof. Kirchmaier. The State did not present further testimony.

The defense secured some of the most eminent chemists and scientists in the United States to give testimony in their behalf. Prof. H. W. Wiley, of the United States Agricultural Department; Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University; Profs. Bielle and Webber, of the Ohio State University, were called to defend Ariosa. Dr. Wiley made a careful examination of the method of manufacturing. He told of the 19,000,000 eggs used yearly in the preparation of this glazing. On this point, in cross-examination, the State's attorney deftly drew from him the information that these eggs might be kept in cold storage for a year or two at a time.

The experts who heard Dr. Wiley's testimony were pleased to listen to so famous a chemist. The doctor at one point in his testimony explained very clearly how it is that the egg put into the coffee pot by the housewife settles the coffee. He said that the heat coagulates the egg, and as it sinks to the bottom of the pot it carries the fine particles of coffee with it, and thus clarifies the drink. It is the act of coagulation in the coffee pot that does the work. Later on in his cross examination, he admitted that when the egg was put on Ariosa coffee at the factory it became coagulated, and as egg cannot be coagulated but once, that the coating on coffee was practically no value, as a "settler" when it reached the coffee pot.

Professor Wiley acknowledged that the glazing might be a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria, although he would not testify positively either way because he was not a bacteriologist.

Professor Vaughn, of Ann Arbor, also a witness for the defense, said he found bacteria on Ariosa coffee.

Professor Bielle, another witness for the defense, testified he found any number of lively bacteria on Ariosa coffee he examined, and agreed that glazed coffee surely was a more favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria than unglazed coffee.

Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn says: "The State is very much elated over its victory. We are now considering the advisability of informing every grocer in the State of Ohio that it is an infraction of the laws to sell Ariosa, and at the same time give warning to consumers that the coffee is an adulterated food article."

The verdict of the jury in this case is of national importance because a great many other States have pure food laws like that of Ohio, and it is natural to suppose that similar action will be taken by other Pure Food Commissioners to prevent the sale of glazed coffees.

Snakes Sold by the Pound.

Snakes can now be bought by the pound in Klamath, Ore., where there is quite an extensive industry.

Children gather their aprons full of snakes as they would of wild flowers, and little boys gather them in their pockets for pets. The price paid is 25 cents per pound and a ready market is found for them in Minnesota. The species is of a dark color and when full grown is about three feet long. So great is the supply that tons of the reptiles could be shipped annually if there were orders for them. The snakes are used for medicinal purposes, as a superior quality of oil can be manufactured from the variety found at Klamath Falls.

Consul-General Mason reports from Berlin that Germany's imports of American machinery and tools last year aggregated 4757 tons, against 588 tons from Great Britain and 388 tons from France. The German people also bought 20,249 tons of agricultural machinery and implements "made in the United States."

"The manufacture of pens in the United States is confined to only four companies, although one might suppose there were many more," said a Connecticut man who is engaged in that line of work, the other day. "That does not include the making of gold pens, which is a separate industry, but pens of steel, brass and German silver. The steel for these pens is brought chiefly from Sheffield, Eng., as is the best blade steel. Many experiments have been made with steel manufactured over here, but it never has sufficiently stood the test. The imported product comes in sheets about three or four inches wide and from sixteen to twenty feet long. The impression would be that such little articles so universally used as pens would be entirely machine made. Not so. From the moment the sheet steel is started on its way into pens till the finished goods are boxed and labeled it is handled by employes seventeen different times. The points, even, have to be ground twice—ground and cross-ground, as we style it in the factories."

An Expensive Joke.

Twelve New Yorkers recently learned that it is not always well to spring a joke on a Supreme Court justice. They formed a jury to try a damage suit and returned a sealed verdict which was found to be a disagreement. The jurors took this as an excellent joke and smiled broadly when the judge opened the envelope. The smiles ceased, however, when the judge imposed a fine of $35 apiece and told them to produce the money or go to jail. The money was forthcoming and the gloom was so thick in the Supreme Court during the day that it could be cut with a knife.

Illiteracy Causes Odd Statement.

A Topeka medicine company has put out a lot of testimonials. The first is from a woman, who says: "Having suffered fifteen years from a fatal disease, I am happy to say that I am now entirely cured."

Thomas Ball, the sculptor, painter and author, has just celebrated his 82d birthday at his home on South Mountain avenue, Monclair, N. J.

Of the 196,500,000 Mohammedans in the world, only 18,000,000 live in Turkey.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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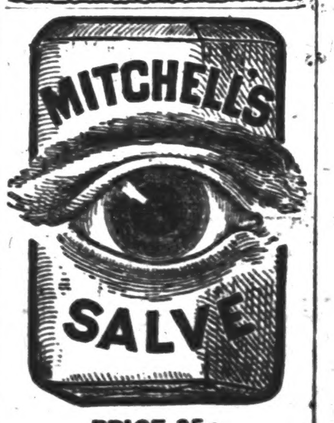

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Everything in the Furniture Department reduced, is marked with a red tag.

Here are regular Goods bearing new price tags that are a quarter or a third less than they were a week ago.

Have you been here in the past few months and admired some particular piece of furniture that you did not purchase because you felt the price was a bit beyond the means of your purse?—if so, come now and get the identical piece at practically your own figure—nearly everything in the regular stock is at revised prices, and so it is quite probable that the thing which you have seen and admired has been revised in price.

Still everything has not been cut. Bear that in mind. But the things that are revised bear the red tag with former price and present price plainly marked.

Leather Chairs.

LEATHER LIBRARY CHAIRS, Mahoganized birch; tufted back; plain seat; full sized colonial design; regular price $22.50—August Furniture Sale Price 16.00

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COLONIAL LEATHER CHAIRS, made from the very best leather; filling of hair; the same rocker that you see advertized in the magazines for $27.50; our regular price $27.00—August Furniture Sale Price 22.50

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LEATHER COUCH, Mahoganised; heavily carved frame, with claw feet, 80 inches long and 30 inches wide, has ten rows of biscuit tufts; leather used is of the very best; filling is of moss and hair; construction is also a very great talking point; regular price $37.50—August Furniture Sale Price 29.75

GOLDEN OAK COUCH, upholstered in the very finest French tapestry; 80 inches long and 34 inches wide; has ten rows of biscuit tufts; regular price $23.50—August Furniture Sale Price 17.00

GOLDEN OAK VELOUR BOX COUCH, upholstered in very fine quality imported French velour empire green; has the very best spring construction and a deep box; regular price $37.50—August Furniture Sale Price 29.75

Diners.

QUARTER SAWED OAK DINERS, hand polished; full box seat; made from the very best selected oak; extra large in size; it's an exceptionally good design; regular price $3.75—August Furniture Sale Price $3.00, or a set of these for 17.50

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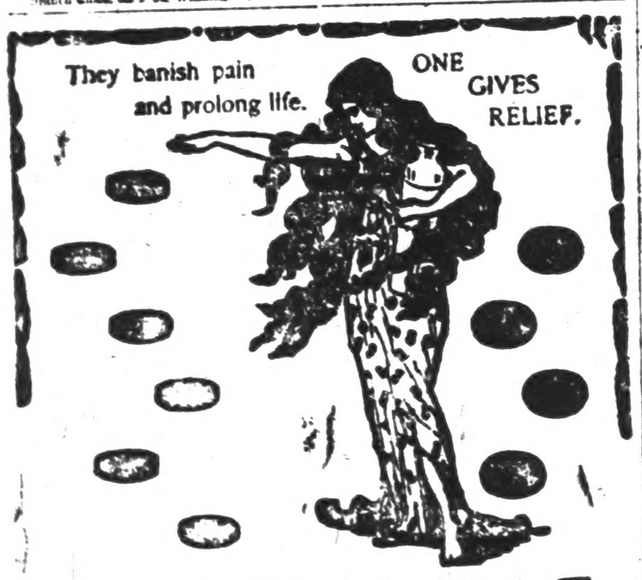

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For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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They darkness into daylight turn,
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No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable, Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, etc.* The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Agts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

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Subscribe for The Banner. $1.00 a year.

MR. REYNOLDS' SPEECH on the Suffrage Question.

(continued from last week)

Mr. President, I am opposed to disfranchising white men, but, Mr. President, I favor disfranchising those not of good character. The vicious should not be permitted to vote, and if one cannot qualify under a good character clause, I am here to assert that he should be qualified. We all know that the newspapers generally reflect the views of their readers. With the newspapers, the grandfather clause does not seem to be in high favor, and I may add that I have yet to hear of a single person, outside of this Convention, that wants that clause.

The character clause, however, might well be the instrument of great injustice and oppression, and in the hands of a partisan politician hard, no doubt exists that it would be so used. For myself, I would prefer the word reputation, as I take it that only those of known bad character are to be disfranchised, but I believe this provision is more for the purpose of turning voters in than turning them out. However, I would suggest to the members of the Convention that, in my part of the State, we send such men to the penitentiary. The great objection to the character clause is as I have said, that it makes the registrars the judges of men's characters and in the hands of a politically partisan board of registrars, is widely open to fraud. Under this clause the registrars could undeniably build up an electorate to their own liking. Is this to be desired? Then, why invite such fraud, especially in the face of the fact that we came here to purify the elections and the electorate, to close the gates of fraud and bar and double lock them? It has been argued that the men of the Black Belt are honest and intend to carry out the provisions and spirit of this plan and disfranchise the negro and him alone. Suppose it should be found necessary to have the negro vote of the Black Belt to perpetuate the Democratic Party in power, think you not the men is will be found by which, and the men by whom, this negro vote will be secured?

The Age-Herald says: Congressman Bowie is mistaken when he says only one provision of the majority report of the Committee on Suffrage has been assailed. This is a mistake. The grandfather clause is assailed because of its un-American nature, in that it makes heredity the basis of an electorate. But there are others, several others, that have been assailed. These are as follows:

First—A Board of Registration that can create a life electorate at will, there being no remedy that a poor man can resort to against oppression or injustice.

Second—The good character clause, which in the hands of politically appointed registrars is utterly indefinite, and very open to fraud. It makes the registrars the judges of men's motives and characters. This is also very un-American.

Third—The understanding clause, which requires a voter to understand the obligations and duties of citizenship.

Fourth—A life electorate.

Fifth—The lawful occupation clause, and the naming of employers in five years preceding.

All of these in this sing darly composed plan have been assailed, and are daily assailed. Mr. Bowie has no doubt named the cause that is most assailed, but the grandfather clause is by no means the only one. The other five have plenty of opponents in perhaps every county in the State, and one of them should be adopted under the impression that it stands approved "unanimously" among the people."

Under the permanent plan, only those who can read and write any Section of the Constitution and who have been regularly engaged in some lawful business or occupation, trade or calling, for twelve months next preceding the time they offer to register, or those who have $300 of personal or $300 wort of realty in their own or their wife's name are permitted to register. Right here a pertinent inquiry would be, should we permit that man, who places his property in his wife's name for the purpose of defrauding his creditors, to qualify because his wife owns $300 of personal property? I, for one, do not believe that it is necessary for a man to be able to read and write to constitute him a good citizen—a citizen worthy to enjoy the privilege of voting.

True, under the grandfather clause many of those who cannot read and write are enabled to register. But this clause is only temporary and no provision is made for descendants of soldiers who come of age after 1903. If the grandfather clause is good to 1903, why not always good? If the understanding and character clause is good until 1903, why not equally good thereafter? By the adoption of the permanent plan we will certainly disfranchise many white men after 1903. We have heard many delegates get up here and affirm that they would have kept their pledge to the letter—the pledge not to disfranchise any white man except for infamous crime. It seems to be, though, that that pledge had regard only to the first generation after the adoption of the Constitution, and not to any subsequent registration. Yes, you will pardon me when I say that you do not disfranchise any white man but suppose they ask what crime their sons have committed that they cannot vote? Will your answer not be that they cannot read and write, and I have not been regardless of the two long months preceding the time he offers to register, or that they own a certain amount of property? I think you that your comments care only as regards themselves alone and no thought of a token for their posterity?

On the other hand, Mr. President, I do not believe that every man who can read and write is a good citizen. Some of our most intelligent people are the most corrupting the ballot. As we all know, more money is expended in purchasing legislators and delegates to nominating conventions, this money distributed among the ignorant class themselves. I might refer to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, or to recent congressional and State nominations in our own state.

Not only must a man be able to read and write, he must have been regularly engaged in some lawful business for the next twelve months preceding the time he offers to register. True, the honored and esteemed Chairman of this Convention explained to the Convention what was meant by that clause, but he and the Committee did not go far enough—they neither gus anteed nor did they prescribe that the registrars should interpret that clause in a like manner. Suppose that, in the many districts of this State, the employes should go on a strike for a month or more, and suppose the county registrars in those districts were hostile to the employers—the corporations—can it be doubted but they would interpret this clause so that they would deny to one employe the right to register? Again, suppose the employes of a railroad on a strike, can it be doubted but the registrars, who would very likely ride on a free pass, would deny the employes the right to register, or withhold that right until they returned to work?

Virtue and manhood do not depend on the amount of property a man owns, nor should the qualification of a voter be wealth alone. If we are to abandon manhood suffrage and make the sole qualification one of property, we ought to be in our treatment of wealth. If it would qualify a person to vote, that a person who owns $600 should be given two votes, and so on in proportion. Under the plan here set out a person might possibly be the owner of $299 and yet not be able to qualify under the property clause. For one must own $300 of personal property, or $300 of real property. Mr. President, I am opposed to special privileges. I believe in each man should be equal before the law. But, if any one is to be given special privileges, it should be the poor man and not the rich one. I allow the plea of permitting a man to vote because he owns a certain amount of property, to be a false and illegitimate conclusion, and it would have a Rockefeller for President and a Mark Hanna for Vice-President.

We hear it argued here that we have put in the grandfather clause because we have to submit our work back to the people and so we must be careful to leave room for all.

(continued on 5th column page 4)

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S GREAT OFFER.

Scholarships and Expenses for Girls in Great Daily

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has offered to every young girl in Georgia, who will secure new subscribers to the Daily and Sunday Constitution a year's education at any educational institution in Georgia and $100.00 toward the student's expenses for the year.

This opens every school and college room door in the State to every ambitious boy or girl who will take advantage of the proposition. The terms are not beyond the reach of one determined to secure an education. This work will be well paid for. One hundred or more scholarships are up. The cash value represented in 100 such scholarships and expenses for one year is approximately $25,000. No one need be idle when such ample provision is made.

The enterprise and liberality of THE CONSTITUTION will be commended and vast good will result from the offer. The Constitution will furnish full particulars on application.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not

Some few days ago I was in your town. While there I met a friend. I don't know exactly what about things they took out of it, but they did take out a watch, silver watch, so I was told. If I remember rightly it was the last fall term of court. Mr. J. L. Cox, of Rogersville, was there, and I think somewhere about the watch. I don't remember the watch just recovered, but the one he lost I, of course, do not know. I should imagine the works must be mighty rusty any way.

Last Thursday Judge Adams and Mr. F. M. Woods started off in the morning in good time for the Indian Territory. He said he would be gone some evening. Judge Adams was again perambulating the streets of Clanton, and we thought he had taken the record and made the longest round trip to the Territory that mortal being ever had made. He stayed here the next day and then disappeared again. Whether he is now in the Indian Territory or where he may be. Your deponent saith not. I reckon he'll show up again alright in about another week.

The new depot of the L. & N. will be erected right away. All little difficulties have been removed and the work is to be put in place at once. An appropriation of $500 has been made by the company and they propose to give us an elegant depot—the best on the line between Montgomery and Birmingham. "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good," and while we regret the loss the company put to by the fire, the old depot was out of date, and a new one was needed.

Clanton is to have a high school, Prof. J. M. Collier has been elected as principal. The school will open September 5 at the old academy which is to be enlarged. Mr. McMorries will commence the ninth session of his academy September 5. These two institutions should be liberally patronized by our people.

Painters now seem to have possession of the town. The painter, has the contract of painting six houses for W. M. Wilson. The perfume of paint is in the air while the beautifying of the houses goes on apace.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY AUGUST 22, 1901 NO. 44

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not

Some few days ago they cleared the court house well—it was cleaned. I don't know all the good things they took out of it, but they took out a watch, a silver watch, the last fall term of court, Mr. J. Lee, of Ridgeville, lost a watch somewhere near the well. Whether the watch just recovered is the one he lost I of course, do not know. I could imagine the watch must be mighty rusty anyway.

Last Thursday Judge Adams and Col. F. M. Wood started off in the morning in good spirits, for the Indian Territory. But behold, the same evening Judge Adams came again perambulating the streets of Clanton, as I was thought he had taken the record and made the fastest round to the Indian Territory that mortal being ever had made. He stayed here the next day and then disappeared again. Whether he is now in the Indian Territory or where he may be. Your deponent saith not. Truckon he'll show up again alright in about another week.

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Clanton is to have a high school, Prof. J. M. Collier has been elected as principal. The school will open September 1st at the old academy which is to be enlarged. Mr. McMorries will commence teaching at session of the academy on the first Monday in September. The school will be established on a strictly high school basis and will require a good course.

Some pretty weather these few days.

Last Friday night of court, Justice of the Peace W. H. Shaw officiated. The youthful couple have a long life before them which we hope will be replete with happiness and prosperity.

At the home of Mr. Jim Chambers, on August 10, Mr. S. D. Robinson and Miss Katie Walker were happily married. G. W. Edwards, J. P., officiating. Long and happy may their married life be.

DIED

Soon after midnight of Tuesday the angel spirit of little Evelyn Pinckard winged its flight to the heavenly home. She was a sweet little girl, about four years old, the eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Pinckard, and their pride and joy. She had been sick with Scarlet fever for about a week, and while all human means were tried to keep her with us, the Heavenly Father saw fit to take her to him. The interment will take place at Clanton on Thursday. Our deepest sympathies are with the bereaved parents.

Mr. Aaron Dennis died last week and was buried on Sunday at Swift Creek. We have lost a good man.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c a bottle at all drug stores.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25

Degrees Conferred.

Grand Secretary of the Masons, G. A. Beauchamp, has been in Clanton several days this week, for the purpose of conferring the Royal Arch degree on J. A. Skaggs, I. N. Langston and J. M. Langston, all of Jemison; Mart Gore, J. W. McKinney, both of Clanton; J. G. Probst, T. J. Marcus and Tom Smith, all of Jasmine; and Dr. Bledsoe, of Marbury. The concluding ceremony was a banquet Tuesday night at the residence of Bro. J. G. VanDerveer.

The Franchise Difficulty.

There is little doubt that in time the election laws enacted by southern states which have adopted new constitutions will be reviewed by the highest court in the land. The main point of attack will be the provisions which create a hereditary voting class. Louisiana, North Carolina and now Alabama have had recourse to "grandfather clauses" to protect voters who would not be qualified under the educational test. An educational qualification applied to all voters alike would be unassailable, but, unfortunately, it does not appear to have been regarded as practicable in the south, where the idea of disqualifying any white man for illiteracy is bitterly resented by the people. The Virginia convention may suggest a plan which will give the illiterate white a vote and at the same time disqualify the most undesirable class of negro voters. There are some able lawyers in this convention, but their ingenuity will be severely taxed to devise a measure which will accomplish an end that is frankly avowed and at the same time keep within the bounds set by the federal constitution.—Baltimore Sun.

Your druggist, knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

MARRIED

At the home of the bride's parents on August 15, Mr. Early Bradford and Miss Mattie Askew were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, Justice of the Peace W. H. Shaw officiated. The youthful couple have a long life before them which we hope will be replete with happiness and prosperity.

At the home of Mr. Jim Chambers, on August 10, Mr. S. D. Robinson and Miss Katie Walker were happily married, G. W. Edwards, J. P., officiating. Long and happy may their married life be.

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Soon after midnight of Tuesday the angel spirit of little Evelyn Pinckard winged its flight to the heavenly home. She was a sweet little girl, about four years old, the eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Pinckard, and their pride and joy. She had been sick with Scarlet fever for about a week, and while all human means were tried to keep her with us, the Heavenly Father saw fit to take her to him. The interment will take place at Clanton on Thursday. Our deepest sympathies are with the bereaved parents.

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PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The next Institute for white teachers will be held at Maxwell, eight miles west of Jemison and five miles east of Randolph, on the 13th and 14th of September, 1901.

FRIDAY

10 a. m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 Welcome Address, John T. Martin. Response, L. E. Byrum.

11. Why educate? How? E. B. Deason, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

1:30 p.m. How should schools be graded? Ex-Supt. Judson Strock. Strock, G. L. Speer.

2:30. Would it be better to divide county into School Districts? R. E. R. Hicks, Robt. E. Sessions.

3:30 My first experience as a teacher, J. H. Anderson, Miss Jennie Wilson.

SATURDAY.

9 a.m. Chilton county Schools. R. A. Rasco, Supt. J. W. Moore.

10. The importance of Physiology, F. D. Carmichael, Miss Tracy Garrett.

11. Educational Address, J. M. Collier.

A concert will be given by Prof. Martin's school, Friday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

Teachers coming on train will write Prof. Jno. T. Martin, Randolph, and have arrangements made for conveyance.

Before U. S. Commissioner Elmore at Montgomery, George alias Dutch-Mims of Chilton County, was arraigned Tuesday morning, charged with retailing liquor without a license. Continued until Thursday because of absence of witnesses.

If you, your baby, or your horse has cuts, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

New Disease in Cotton.

Said Captain V. P. Atkins to a representative of The Advertiser this morning: "I drove through the country from Selma to Benton yesterday and saw a great deal of cotton affected with a new disease that has made its appearance during the past two or three years. The Agricultural Department has given it a name, but I do not remember by what new name it was designated. A stalk of cotton will, to all appearances, have the rust, but the new disease can be told from the rust very easily. Rust commences at the bottom of the cotton and works its way toward the top. This new disease commences at the top and works downward. The leaves dry up as if withered by a frost and the stalks die. When you pull up the stalk and examine it, the bark slips off and the woody stalk has a black appearance, the space between the bark and the stalk being filled with a dark, watery substance that causes the stalk to wither and decay. The Agricultural Department says that the disease is caused by a deterioration of the seed that produced the stalks, and advises that every stalk thus affected be pulled up and burned. If this is not done the bolls on the stalk will pop open and the cotton will be picked and the consequence will be that the seed from the diseased stalk will be planted next year along with the good seed and the disease will spread. The new disease may thus affect the cotton crop very materially. If the newspapers would call the attention of the farmers to the new disease, so that they could pull up the affected stalks and burn them as directed, a growing evil might be eradicated before it got too firm a hold on the cotton of the South."

They Struck It Rich

It was a grand thing for his community that such an enterprising firm as the Clanton drug Co. secured the Agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvellous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business, as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50c and $1.00.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Thorsby.

Mr. S. A. Thorson accompanied by Messrs. William Foss, P. K. Tilladsen and J. P. Sorenson of Chicago, went to Montgomery last Friday. These Chicago gentlemen have invested in homes at Thorsby and express themselves as highly pleased with the South. They will visit a number of other cities before returning North, and will at an early day permanently locate at Thorsby.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

COWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Beuton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Beuton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, Chilton County.

In the Probate Court of said County.

In the matter of the petition to probate the last will and testament of James Franklin Welch, deceased, late of said County:

To Darius S. Welch, at Bloomingrove, Texas, Nancey B. Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi, John Welch, who is an infant under the age of 14 years, residing with his mother, Annie Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi; and to all other the heirs at law of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, who reside out of the State of Alabama,

Take notice that on this day Oscar S. Welch, et als, filed in said Court an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of said James Franklin Welch, deceased, which is dated October 14, 1898, and is attested by W. H. Burns and J. L. Cox; and also filed this day in said Court their petition in writing praying the said Court to admit said instrument to probate and record therein as and for the last Will and Testament of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, and that the said Probate Court has appointed Sept. 10th, 1901, as the day for the hearing of said petition, at which time you may appear and contest the same if you so desire.

Given under my hand, on this the 26th day of July, A. D., 1901.

SAMUEL M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date of July 22nd, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court house door of said county, at Clanton, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER the 10, 1901,

the following described land to-wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 29, township 21, range 13, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of a division among the several owners thereof, who are the heirs at law of Edward Mims, deceased.

A. C. SMITH, Commissioner.

What A Tale It Tells

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Clanton drug Co.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING in first-class style. Best material and workmanship. J. M. MOORE, the Painter, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov, 19, 1900

We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.

THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School.
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address

FRANCIS M. PETERSON,
President.

GOING TO SCHOOL!

The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.

Board $8.00 per month.

Send for catalogue.

H. J. WILLINGHAM,
President.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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ROBERT H. KNOX,
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CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

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SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 504—2 Cutts
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. H. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clan on Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE,
President.

E W Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correllated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 11, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER,
General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Oom Paul apparently wants humanity to stagger some more before he is satisfied with the price of the Boer war.

The school children of the country did noble work rehabilitating the schools of Galveston. Their contributions amounted to $54,270.58.

The deaf-mutes who are doing their utmost to learn to speak evidently take no stock in the saying that silence is golden.

The Indian Witness says that it is safe to assume that 100,000,000 of the population of India have an average annual income of not more than $5 a head.

Australia has accepted another American idea. The commonwealth has taken the first step toward adopting a decimal currency.

The Indians who sold Manhattan Island for the price of a beef stew were the first in these parts to put into practice the theory that to die rich is to die disgraced.

The firing of a shot from an eight-inch rifled gun costs $125; from a 16-inch gun, $827; or more than enough to pay the wages of a private soldier in the regular army, for five years.

The number of Mormon colonies in northern Mexico has increased in three years from three to eight, and the Mormon population has increased from 2200 to more than 6000. It is reported that the Mormon Church gains from 20,000 to 30,000 converts every year.

The most familiar heading in the newspapers of the United States, at least, is "Killed at a Crossing." The amount paid out by steam and trolley lines for deaths at the crossings would more than pay the expense of a cordon of guards around every crossing. Why not exercise this precaution and thus save life and money?

In the new mint in Philadelphia the United States will have the finest, costliest and most complete money-making establishment of its kind in the world. The granite structure was commenced two years ago, and will cost about $2,000,000, including the mechanical equipment, costing $200,000. There will be 24 coining presses in the new mint.

An Italian has invented a method of checking the force of waves by the use of hempen nets. But is he not wasting time and taking too much trouble upon himself? Oil wells all over the world are spouting incalculable floods. Why try to catch tempests in nets when it is so easy nowadays to pour cheap oil in vast quantities upon troubled waters?

Under the title, "The Corrupting Power of Public Patronage," Congressman Oscar W. Underwood calls attention in the Forum to the dangerous influence exerted by the spoils system on the legislation of the country. He advocates the prohibition of representatives from having any voice in appointments to governmental offices, either directly or indirectly.

Parsee Maharajah, mill-owner, millionaire and philanthropist—Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit—has just died in western India and his name and memory deserve to be perpetuated. He spent a large part of his fortune in the establishment of hospitals and in the erection of drinking fountains in the cities of his native country. The sick and women, without respect to sect or race, and dumb brutes were his special beneficiaries.

The New York Times gives a compilation showing that the United States have produced 6500 authors of definite books in the last three centuries. Naturally in the earlier part of this period our authors were mostly foreign-born, and foreign countries have supplied 700 out of the total of 6500. New York state has furnished the largest number of writers—1600—though in proportion to population Massachusetts holds the palm, 1250 having been born within her borders. All New England has supplied 2350, or more than one-third of the total, while the Middle States have supplied 2000. Pennsylvania is the third state in literary production, her crop of authors having been 600. Virginia leads the Southern States, with 235, and Ohio the Western, with 175.

ALABAMA AND ALABAMIANS

ABOUT PERSONS AND EVENTS IN OUR COMMONWEALTH.

RAVAGES OF THE RECENT GULF STORM

His Last Hunting Trip—The Army Election—Acquitted of Murder—Jealousy Caused It—Gadsden Malicious Shooting.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING.

Early last week Will, the 9-year-old son of Wiley Frazier, of Dodd Ford, ten miles from Birmingham, accidently shot and killed himself. His left side was filled with a load of shot. Coroner Paris was called to the scene of the accident and a thorough investigation was made. He stated that the boy had been hunting and had stopped near a log. In placing his gun on the log the hammer was hit in some manner and as a result the explosion occurred. A number of workmen in a field near where the body was found, among them an older brother of the boy, heard a loud cry, followed by the report of a gun. They ran towards the place from which the report had sounded and found young Frazier lying in a pool of blood with his gun near by. At the time he was unconscious and shortly afterwards died.

GREAT GULF STORM.

The gulf coast from Pensacola to New Orleans suffered last week from the worst storm in several years. All communication was cut off for a couple of days from Mobile, bridges, railroad track, etc., were washed away and shipping suffered considerably. The full facts are not yet known but so far no deaths are reported. A tug has been sent into Mississippi Sound to report on conditions among the small islands there. The coast resorts suffered badly. Wharfs in Pensacola and Mobile bays were damaged and washed away, the Point Clear Hotel lost its bath houses, the famous shell-road from Mobile seven miles down the bay shore is ruined, and pleasure crafts were washed away in numbers. It will take several months' hard work to restore things to their former conditions.

WILEY RESIGNS.

Lieut. Col. A. A. Wiley of the Second Regiment, Saturday sent his resignation to the governor and an election to fill the vacancy will be ordered. This makes two vacant positions in the regiment, Major Graves having been promoted to the colonelcy at an election held last week. Major Herbert B. May, of Montgomgomery, is without opposition for lieutenant colonel and it is understood that Captains Collier of Tuscaloosa, Marchant of Phenix City and Anderson of Montgomery will offer for the majority vacated by Graves. The election will be held at the same time and in case of the promotion of Major May there will be still another vacancy.

GADSDEN SHOOTING.

J. H. J. Crim was shot and dangerously wounded by E. P. Pearson at Glencoe Friday. The difficulty was said to be the result of an old family quarrel. Pearson escaped and has not been captured.

JEALOUSY THE CAUSE.

Clarence Barr and Charlie Sanders had a row over a woman in Tuscaloosa last Wedesday, which resulted in the shooting of Barr by Sanders, who escaped. Barr's wound is not serious.

THERE was a reunion of Confederate Veterans at Sylacauga last Wednesday.

THE crops in the path of the recent storm have suffered considerably from flood, wind and hail.

WILLIAM MOORE, an aged farmer of New Market, near Huntsville, suicided by morphine last week.

THE first bales of cotton of the present season to reach Montgomery arrived in that city Wednesday, being sent in by Moses McLemore, of Montgomery and J. A. Wilkerson, of Autauga counties.

NOT GUILTY.

W. F. Brown was acquitted at Huntsville last week of the charge of murder. Brown killed Will Mason, a painter, last October. The trial was in progress some days and the court room was crowded at every session. The defendnat proved that Mason was advancing upon him with a spade when shot. The jury was out less than half an hour, and when the verdict was read the crowd cheered.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

IRON MARKET.

For the past week the iron and steel markets have been stable and satisfactory and the calls and sales for the week have been better than since the settlement of the wage schedule in July. Some export business has been done, but trade is just beginning to pick up and is yet a very uncertain quantity. The prices of pig iron remain firm with some bidding for immediate shipment. The calls for steel continue as they have for the past several months, the demand exceeding the supply and good prices ruling the market. Inquiries still keep up and sales continue at well maintained prices. It is evident that the buyer is purchasing for moderate requirements over a short period ahead.

CAUGHT REDHANDED.

An illicit distillery was raided seventeen miles north of Tuskaloosa last Friday night. The officers succeeded in capturing a sixty gallon still, and stands filled with 350 gallons of beer, and Jesse Barger, with his two sons, Dave and William Barger, a white family. The officers received information which led them to believe there was a distillery in that neighborhood. Suspicion was directed against the Bargers and the still was found in a cave in the rear of the house—a run had just been made. In the house were found several barrels of molasses, a lot of pumice and other stock.

GETS TWENTY YEARS.

Sanford Jacobi, convicted of criminal assault, and the trial of whose case has attracted so much attention, was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. Jacobi belongs to a prominent Montgomery family. Jacobi escaped to New Orleans and a legal battle was fought to evade returning to Alabama. This was the third trial of the case. An appeal will be taken to the state supreme court.

DEAD FROM HIS INJURIES.

Ben Parton, of Tuscumbia, the young brakeman who had his leg crushed in a rear-end collison on the Southern railroad last Wednesday, at Crane Creek bridge, has since died. The unfortunate young man was about 30 years old, and leaves a wife and several children.

LUMBER BURNED.

Monday night the mill, dry kiln and half a million feet of lumber of the Blacksher-Miller Lumber Company, at Brewton, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $15,000.

FRANK SHUGRUE, 50 years of age, a business man of Mobile has disappeared and the police have been unable to find any trace of him. Mr. Shugrue telegraphed from Buffalo for money and Mrs. Shugrue fears foul play.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, aged 60, an employe of the Louisville & Nashville shops, was drowned in Swan lake near Decatur, during a storm last week.

THE report of the treasurer of Madison county shows that there is now in the treasury $19,656.10. The grand jury reported that the books of all county officers are correctly and neatly kept.

THE rain fall in Birmingham Monday morning was 2.13 inches. Some stores were slightly flooded and the railroad tracks suffered slightly.

SHOOTING AT BESSEMER.

At Bessemer Saturday night Louis Baggett, aged 17, shot Harry Shrump, inflicting two wounds, from the effects of which he died later. Shrump refused to drink with Baggett. This angered the boy, who took a pistol from his pocket. Angry words ensued and Shrump, it is said, slapped Baggett, whereupon the latter fired, shooting the man through the side and also shooting off one of his thumbs. Young Baggett is the son of Doc Baggett, who has a saloon on Carolina avenue. He was arrested. Shrump was about thirty-five years of age and unmarried.

REV. A. J. LAMAR, pastor of the Court Street Methodist Church in Montgomery, has left for London, England, to attend the Ecumenical Conference, he being a representative of the Alabama Conference of the M. E. church to that body.

GEN. PLAZA has just been elected president Ecuador by a plurality of 65,000 votes, and will assume office August 31.

FATAL MARINE DISASTER

A BOLD ROBBERY OF SPANISH FORTIFICATIONS.

A BOY RESCUED FROM SAVAGE INDIANS

Trolley Accident—L. & N. Vice-President Dead—War in South America—Dead in his Garden—Lawyer Kills Himself.

SEVERAL DROWNED.

The steamer Islander, the crack passenger steamer of the Alaska route, struck an iceberg off Douglas Island at 2 o'clock on the morning of Thursday last and went to pieces, carrying down from sixty-five to eighty souls, including passengers and members of the crew. Some of the survivors were rescued by the steamer Queen. They report that as the vessel went down her boiler exploded, causing the death of many who might otherwise have escaped. Captain Foote was on the bridge when the vessel struck and stayed there and went down with his steamer. There was $275,000 in gold on the steamer, $100,000 of which was carried by passengers. H. H. Hart, who has spent sixteen years in the Klondike, lost $35,000 in dust. Some say that Captain Foote reached a raft, but when he saw the extent of the disaster jumped overboard. It is impossible to give an exact list of those lost, but 113 were saved.

STOLE THE CANNON.

Several days ago it was discovered that the two modern six inch Spanish guns comprising the Punta Gorda battery, which commands the entrance to the harbor of Santiago, were missing. This battery and the guns of the Sacopia battery were the only modern cannon employed by the Spanish against the United States warships, with the exception of those landed from the Spanish cruisers. The harbor police discovered the guns had been carried to a forest on the other side of the bay and been broken by explosives, ready for shipment as old metal. Several Spanish ships have been searched by the police, who had expected to discover that the guns had been shipped by the Spaniards to Spain. The sentries guarding them were removed six months ago. It was considered impossible to carry off the guns, and there was no fear of malicious destruction. The thieves are in jail.

FURNACE FATALITY.

An explosion of ten tons of molten metal in the blast furnace department at the Ohio plant of the National Steel Company at Youngstown, Ohio, resulted in the death of three workmen and in the injury of eleven others. Two are in a dying condition and at least six others of the injured are not expected to survive. The accident was the result of the machinery which controlled the ladel containing the molten mass breaking and letting the metal drop into a vat containing water.

ESCAPED TORTURE.

Juan Robles, a Mexican boy, 16 years old, was saved from a horrible fate Sunday by a posse which went to a settlement of Yaqui Indians, where the boy was about to be put to death by torture for having killed an Indian and beaten a squaw. The boy was found unconscious from pain, with his hands and feet bound tightly with cords. The Indians were preparing to force Robles to dance barefooted over beds of cactus, a mode of torture common among them.

R. R. MAN DEAD.

A. W. Graham, first vice president of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, died at his summer home in Rosedale, Mich., Sunday. He went there suffering from exposure to extreme heat, and his weakness took the form of hemorrhages, which quickly wore his life away.

ATTORNEY SUICIDES.

Halsteads Smith, Jr., a prominent young attorney of Rome, Ga., committed suicide Friday night at Cleburne, Texas. The direct cause of his suicide is attributed to a mental laboration.

FRUIT BURNED.

Fire Saturday night destroyed the warehouse of the Hagman Basket Company, of Traverse City, Mich., filled with fruit packages. The loss will be between $75,000 and $100,000 partly insured.

GENERAL Maximo Gomez has refused the distinction of becoming Cuba's Vice-President.

SWINDLING SCHEME.

The details of an alleged attempt to swindle banks on a large scale by means of fraudulent corporations and fictitious notes is told in a petition filed in the circuit court at Towson for a receiver for the Manor Lumber Company of that town. The amount involved, according to the petition, is over $1,000,000, and it is asserted that the scheme has been at least partially successful. Benjamin W. Cross, of Cincinnati, is the plaintiff, and, according to the story told by him, he was induced to accept certificates of stock in the Manor company by Charles E. Corkran, originator and promoter of the scheme, which stock he subsequently transferred back to Corkran. Cross has learned since, he says, that the company was not incorporated for the purpose of doing a legitimate business, but formed by Mr. Corkran as part of a scheme for swindling, covering territory from Boston on the north to Chicago on the west and Nashville on the south.

VENEZUELA-COLUMBIA.

A dispatch is received from the consul at Maracaibo reporting that Dr. Rangel Garbias, of Columbia, has invaded Venezuela with 4,000 men from the frontier of Cucutia.

A fight took place at Encontrados and the invaders were obliged to retire. The invaders took two steamers to come to Maracaibo, but the boats were recaptured by the Venezuelan troops.

The Venezuelan government has issued two decrees. One suspends the constitutional rights of the state of Zulia; the second extends the decree to the states of Tachria, Merida, Trujillo and Maracaiba.

MURDER AND CAPTURE.

In a fight in a country store near Sparta, Ga., Thursday night one man was skilled and two severely wounded. It appears that a crowd became involved in a dispute about a former trouble between two men named Stanley and Brooking. Boyer, a bystander, interfered as peacemaker and was shot twice in the head by Brooking and instantly killed. The crowd pursued Brooking, who fired into the number, wounding one man. The posse returned the fire, wounding Brooking, who was afterward captured.

FOUND DEAD.

The remains of a man supposed to be one of two brothers, Lee and Kirk Sheppard, who suddenly disappeared some time ago, was found today near Pluma, Col., covered by about two feet of earth, in a potato patch near the cabin of W. H. Ward. Since the search for the missing brothers began some days ago Ward has disappeared completely. A heavy reward will be offered immediately for his capture. The body of the other brother has not been found.

W. C. T. U.

Details of the National W. C. T. U. convention at Fort Worth, November 15, are out. Three thousand delegates will be in attendance and as many visitors from every part of the United States. All the national officers and state presidents are expected. Arrangements are making to secure the services of Charles Galloway, the celebrated organist of Paris. The meeting will be the largest gathering of women ever assembled in the South.

C. M. HAYS has resigned the presidency of the Southern Pacific Railway.

THE RAILROAD CROSSING.

Saturday night by the collision of a trolley car at Forty-seventh street and Stewart avenue, Chicago, with a rapidly moving passenger train on the Pennsylvania line, five persons were killed outright and ten injured.

A trolley car of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company late Saturday night collided with a Long Island Railroad Company locomotive at Kensington crossing in the lower part of Brooklyn. Motorman Lee was killed outright and twenty to twenty-five passengers who were on their way to Coney Island were injured. Three of these, it is said, will die.

CROWN Prince Frederick William, of Germany, is visiting in London.

ONE of the bills in the famous Molineux case was $7,829 for printing a volume of testimony.

An alliance of the three great steamship lines, the Leyland, Atlantic, Transport and American, is in contemplation.

NEWS FROM WASH

THE ACTS AND WORDS OF PUBLIC SERVANTS

ADMIRAL SCHLEY MAKING

Philippine Affairs—The Korean—Sampson Will Be Compelled to Testify—Flags May Not

Admiral Schley has [illegible] Washington and will remain [illegible] court of inquiry meets on [illegible] 12th, preparing his case. [illegible] to talk about the case, [illegible] that the order of Secretary [illegible] hibiting officers of the navy [illegible] any phase of it appeals to [illegible] others, and he is obeying it. He has had his first consultation [illegible] his counsel, Judge Jere [illegible] this city; former Representative [illegible] nor, of Baltimore, and [illegible] Parker, of New Jersey. [illegible] Schley will go over everything [illegible] ting to the matter with [illegible] and place them in possession [illegible] fact pertinent to a thorough [illegible] standing of the events of the [illegible] paign which are in controversy.

Both civil and military [illegible] gratified at the progress [illegible] made by the Philippine [illegible] Everywhere throughout the [illegible] the island the commanders [illegible] things ready for civil government. [illegible] General Chaffee has received [illegible] satisfactory news from [illegible] telling uniformly of [illegible] renders. Many rifles [illegible] been obtained and large [illegible] supplies secured. Representative Kahn, of California, who [illegible] says the great needs of the [illegible] are a fast line of steamers [illegible] mails and to keep the people [illegible] with current events, [illegible] the removal of Nipa [illegible] Manila, these to be replaced [illegible]

Pension Commissioner [illegible] prepared a statement showing [illegible] erations in principal [illegible] pension bureau during the [illegible] year as compared with [illegible] It shows that the number [illegible] ers on the rolls, June 30, [illegible] 735, a net gain of 4,296 over [illegible] The total net loss to the [illegible] the year was 43,566. There [illegible] 860 claimants for pensions [illegible] year. The pension roll [illegible] the names of one surviving [illegible] widows on the account of [illegible] 1812; 1086 survivors and [illegible] on account of Indian wars [illegible] survivors and 819 widows [illegible] of the Mexican war.

It is authoritatively [illegible] navy department that [illegible] Admiral Sampson would be [illegible] to testify before the Schley [illegible] inquiry. This announcement [illegible] made to set at rest rumors [illegible] trary. Sampson's friends [illegible] to save him from the ordeal [illegible] examination at the hands [illegible] counsel and their efforts [illegible] of success. It seems [illegible] the department is determined [illegible] Admiral Schley every [illegible] the most thorough investigation [illegible] conduct during the West [illegible] paign, which would not be [illegible] without Admiral Sampson's [illegible] testimony.

The cruiser, Ranger [illegible] dered from San Diego, [illegible] isthmus of Panama. [illegible] phia, just from Samoa, [illegible] San Francisco preparing [illegible] service there also.

A new ruling by the [illegible] states that in cities of [illegible] habitants weather signals [illegible] displayed except warning [illegible]

The first triple [illegible] vessels in the United [illegible] place at Sparrow's Point [illegible] day when the thirty-two [illegible] boat destroyers Truxtun [illegible] and Worden glided [illegible] quick succession into [illegible] Instead of the old [illegible] chucks to release the [illegible] launched by a newly [illegible] ratus, in which the [illegible] electric button caused [illegible] magnet to draw the [illegible] under the boats' bows, [illegible] ways they glided.

Vice-President [illegible] south is delayed slightly [illegible] ter's illness.

The trial of E. P. Thomas [illegible] merly Postmaster-General [illegible] has been concluded and [illegible] victed. He was sentenced [illegible] of $400 or serve six [illegible] Thompson was accused [illegible] be issued in his own [illegible] master, money orders [illegible] putting a due bill in the [illegible] of cash.

The U. S. Consul at [illegible] canada will probably [illegible]

ARP'S LETTER

Man Discusses Old Times Shows a Jealous Streak.

A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER

Auld Lang Syne Customs Are Only Tolerated and Upheld By Those Advanced in Years.

Naturally mankind adapt themselves to those of their kind, their age, their mental condition. Birds of the feather will flock together, and the little grandchildren will run from me to frolic with other little folks, and it makes me jealous. Just about set from 10 to 12 years old. Then comes the blushing girls from 12 to 15, who have gathered out their dresses and begin to pull up their garters every few steps as they walk about. It is with the boys, and when they get to be baseball experts with a [illegible] attachment they talk of their [illegible] in a language that is heathen [illegible] to everybody except themselves and claim to be the elect. And so on and on until we have [illegible] maturity, and then we venture our comfort in communion [illegible] and pay our tribute to the old times that will never return. We are the elect.

[illegible] it is true that nobody but men and women give praise to [illegible] times and the customs of their [illegible] and so if every generation of people believes that the age of [illegible] was the best, then the [illegible] have degenerated awfully [illegible] days of the prophets. Have they not gotten better [illegible] worse? The answer is, [illegible] better in some respects and [illegible] others. Public morals were [illegible] a hundred years ago. An [illegible] was a gambler, horse [illegible] and duellist seventy-five years [illegible] a man could not be elected [illegible] now. Foreign missions and [illegible] schools were almost unknown. [illegible] trade with Africa was in [illegible] in New England. [illegible] New England rum was [illegible] money. Imprisonment [illegible] was the law generally, and so [illegible] in the navy. Whisky [illegible] known, but brandy and rum [illegible] in almost every respectable [illegible]. Illiteracy prevailed almost [illegible] over the south except among [illegible] There were but few [illegible] read and fewer newspapers. [illegible] no railroads or telegraphs [illegible] machines. But the people [illegible] honest and religious. [illegible] no trusts, no strikes, no [illegible] no suicides, or robberies, [illegible] murder was a rare event and [illegible] the heat of passion. No doubt [illegible] there are a hundred of these [illegible] committed now to one then according to population. Well, then, why [illegible] the old people for lamenting [illegible] good old times have gone? [illegible] ago I heard a gifted and cultured [illegible] minister of the olden time [illegible] a most charming and impressive [illegible] from the text in Jeremiah [illegible] reads, "Stand in the way and [illegible] the old paths, which is the [illegible], and walk therein, and ye [illegible] rest for your souls." One [illegible] tests of the strength of a [illegible] is your remembrance of the [illegible] When a gifted and scholarly [illegible] is done with it and with holy [illegible], "Let us pray," what a soliloquy [illegible] the place, and the text [illegible] with you for years to come. [illegible] not seem like the same scripture. "The old paths," "Walk ye in [illegible] paths" has been ringing in my [illegible] since.

[illegible] that Lord Bacon was growing [illegible] when he wrote, "Old wood to [illegible] wine to drink, old friends to [illegible] old authors to read." And [illegible] said, "I love everything that [illegible] King James used to call for [illegible] when he was tired."

[illegible] is something almost sacred [illegible] old songs, such as "Auld [illegible]," "The Old Oaken Bucket," [illegible] Arm Chair," and even "Old [illegible] Dead, that Good Old Man." [illegible] Tom Sawyer, of Florida, [illegible] that he still clings to his old [illegible] that he has worn his pants for [illegible] years and had them half-soled [illegible] the seat and reinforced at the [illegible] and rehemmed at the bottom; [illegible] bought a home made pair of [illegible] twenty-seven years ago and is [illegible] she's still, though he has had [illegible] built to them three times and [illegible] twice. He says that Governor [illegible] dearly loves the old [illegible] heir-looms, etc., and boasts [illegible] an old barrel that has been [illegible] over since Columbus discovered America—for he brought it [illegible] him full of brandy, and it [illegible] need liquor of some sort in [illegible] since; that his great great [illegible] put new staves in it, and [illegible] grandfather put new heads [illegible] put new hoops on it, but [illegible] old bung-hole still remains [illegible] the fluid is drawn the same [illegible] goes goodle-goodle-goodle. [illegible] he is going to take the bung-[illegible] the goodle to the Atlanta exposition and exhibit them as the only [illegible] Christopher Columbus [illegible] old friends. Every veteran [illegible] and it gives pleasure to [illegible] honored. The very prospect [illegible] Henry G. Turner in the gov-

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OF A FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER

Long Sync Customs Are Only Followed and Upheld By Those Advanced In Years.

[illegible] make and adapt them- [illegible] to show of their [illegible] age, [illegible] Birds of the [illegible] together, and [illegible] will run [illegible] with other lit- [illegible] makes me jealous. Just [illegible] 12 years [illegible] 15, who [illegible] tresses and [illegible] garters every [illegible] about. It is [illegible] and when [illegible] experts with a [illegible] of their [illegible] heathen [illegible] them- [illegible] And [illegible] we have [illegible] communion [illegible] tribute to [illegible] never re- [illegible] nobody but [illegible] praise to [illegible] of their [illegible] generation of [illegible] the age of [illegible] then the [illegible] awfully [illegible] Have [illegible] cotton better [illegible] answer is, [illegible] respects and [illegible] morals were [illegible] years ago. An- [illegible] gambler, horse [illegible] five years [illegible] not be elected [illegible] missions and [illegible] unknown. [illegible] Africa was in [illegible] New England, [illegible] New England rum was [illegible] Imprisonment [illegible] generally, and so [illegible] navy. Whisky [illegible] brandy and rum [illegible] almost every respectable [illegible] prevailed al- [illegible] except among [illegible] There were but few [illegible] and fewer newspapers, [illegible] railroads or telegraphs [illegible] But the people [illegible] honest and religious. [illegible] trusts, no strikes, no [illegible] or robberies, [illegible] was a rare event and [illegible] passion. No doubt [illegible] hundred of these [illegible] then ac- [illegible] Well, then, why [illegible] for lamenting [illegible] times have gone? [illegible] heard a gifted and cul- [illegible] of the olden time [illegible] and impres- [illegible] in Jeremiah [illegible] Stand in the way and [illegible] which is the [illegible] and walk therein, and ye [illegible] for your souls." One [illegible] of the strength of a [illegible] remembrance of the [illegible] gifted and scholarly [illegible] with it and with holy [illegible] Let us pray," what a sol- [illegible] the place and the text [illegible] you for years to come. [illegible] the same scrip- [illegible] "Walk ye in [illegible] has been ringing in my [illegible] that Lord Bacon was grow- [illegible] when he wrote "old wood to [illegible] wine to drink, old friends to [illegible] old authors to read." And [illegible] said "I love everything that [illegible] King James used to call for [illegible] when he was tired." [illegible] something almost sacred [illegible] old songs such as "Auld [illegible] "The Old Oaken Bucket," [illegible] Arm Chair" and even "Old [illegible] Dead that Good Old Man." [illegible] Tom Sawyer of Florida. [illegible] he still clings to his old [illegible] that he has worn his pants for [illegible] years and had them half- [illegible] the seat and reinforced at the [illegible] remembered at the bottom; [illegible] made pair of [illegible] seven years ago and is [illegible] though he has had [illegible] to them three times and [illegible] twice. He says that Gov- [illegible] dearly loves the old [illegible] and boasts [illegible] that has been [illegible] ever since Columbus dis- [illegible] America—for he brought it [illegible] full of brandy, and it [illegible] good liquor of some sort in [illegible] that has great great [illegible] put new staves in it, and [illegible] grandfather put new heads [illegible] put new hoops on it, but [illegible] old bung-hole still remains [illegible] the fluid is drawn the same [illegible] goes goodle-goodle-goodle. [illegible] he is going to take the bung- [illegible] goodle to the Atlanta ex- [illegible] and exhibit them as the only [illegible] of Christopher Columbus. [illegible] old friends. Every veter- [illegible] them and it gives pleasure to [illegible] honored. The very prospect [illegible] Henry G. Turner in the governor's chair gives me pleasure, for I know him well and love him. Maybe I would love Colonel Estill or Pope Brown just as well if I knew them as well. I have great respect for them and am proud of their records. I believe that either would dignify the gubernatorial chair, but as Judge Underwood said to me in the long ago, "Major, let me tell you why I would like to be governor of Georgia. You will admit that knowledge is a little better than faith. There are many good men whom I believe would make a good governor, but I don't know it. Now I do know that I would; and there is a difference between faith and knowledge. Don't you perceive?" Just so I believe that Colonel Estill or Pope Brown would make a good governor, but I know that Henry G. Turner would, and knowledge is better than faith. "Don't you perceive?" If he is not an incorruptible, unselfish, brainy statesman, we have none. Let his name be presented and I believe the verdict will be as the king said of Mordecai: "Thus shall it be done unto the man whom the people delight to honor."—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

ETHICS OF ADVERTISING.

Ridiculousness of the Code Which Governs Doctors and Lawyers.

A writer in Publicity, presumably a lawyer, writes entertainingly on the ethics of his profession in so far as it relates to advertising, and taboos the professional man, be he lawyer, doctor or clergyman, who advertises.

It would appear that he argues from a premise contradictory in its statement, only to reach, as he necessarily must, an illogical conclusion, not warranted by the intermediate syllogisms. It is false logic, and needs must fall.

The fact that he admits advertising has practically become a science and "that the advertiser—the one who has, perhaps, made a life study of the benefits of his own system or those of other equally broad-minded men—is justified in assuming that every man has his own interests at heart, and that with every business man of ambition the advancement of his own business occupies the same position. If, then, the advertiser believes advertising to be one of the most important stages on the high road to business success, why is he not justified in his endeavor to persuade the physician or the purist that unless he advertises he pursues a phantom in the form of legitimate personal and professional fame and marked financial benefit?"

Of course he is justified, and it is only the hide-bound rule of the years when newspapers and other vehicles of advertising were non-existent that trammels him to-day to enter into competition with his mercantile brother.

The writer assumes that there are many members of the legal profession who would advertise, to the detriment of their more conservative brethren. Possibly that is true. This is not the age of the tallow dip or stage coach, and he who falls in the race need not start on crutches.

The etiquette and morals of the bar are high-sounding and sonorous phrases, but the average newspaper reporter with any court experience at all knows what a sham the ethics of that profession are, and that free advertising is eagerly sought for by the highest counselor or by the police court solicitor.

The suggestion has been made, and an admirable one, too, that the papers refuse to print the names of lawyers or physicians in prominent cases unless they advertised.

Lawyers furnish their briefs to newspapers; often prepare interviews; physicians write their own account of difficult operations, and clergymen synopsis of their sermons, and the newspaper publishes it in choice position without reaping a penny of profit.

The enterprising lawyer or physician who casts aside the so-called ethics of the profession and advertises may incur the ill-will of his laggard competitor, but he will have demonstrated that this is the twentieth century, not the sixteenth.—Fourth Estate.

Power of a Child's Gift.

A little crippled girl who died in Plainfield, N. J., ten years ago left her savings of $2.30 to the church she loved, and the pennies were put in the bank. She had intended to use them to purchase a doll carriage, but when told she would not live to enjoy it made the disposition of her mite in the manner stated. When a $2000 mortgage pressed upon the church recently the pastor of the church remembered the baby's legacy and asked his parishioners to do as well as the little cripple. The magic of example worked to a charm. The money was raised at a single collection under the inspiration furnished by this example of devotion, and the church is free from debt. "And a little child shall lead them."—Philadelphia Times.

What It Indicates.

Any woman who will flatter a man to his face is either in love with him or else is perfectly willing to be.—New York Press.

Celluloid is made with almost the same materials as guncotton.

A Chicago inventor claims to have developed an airship that will fly. If so he has surely produced a novelty.

A queer form of disorder is reported from Denver, where, it is said, the mobs make the cemeteries pleasure resorts, and flock to funerals to gratify a morbid curiosity.

CANINE ENDURANCE.

Remarkable Speed at Which Many Dogs Can Run.

Comparatively few people realize of what remarkable speed dogs are capable, says the *London Mail*. Some remarkable statistics in regard to this have been gathered by M. Dusolier, a French scientist.

After pointing out the marvelous endurance shown by little fox terriers who follow their masters patiently for hours while the latter are riding on bicycles or in carriages, he says that even greater endurance is shown by certain wild animals that are akin to dogs.

Thus a wolf can run between 50 and 60 miles in one night, and an Arctic fox can do quite as well, if not better.

Nansen met one of these foxes on the ice at a point more than 70 miles northwest of the Sannibow Territory, which is 480 miles from the Asiatic coast. Eskimo and Siberian dogs can travel 45 miles on the ice in five hours, and there is one case on record in which a team of Eskimo dogs traveled six and a half miles in 28 minutes.

According to M. Dusolier the speed of the shepherd dogs and those used for hunting ranges from 10 to 5 yards a second. English setters and pointers hunt at the rate of 18 to 19 miles an hour and they can maintain this speed for at least two hours.

Foxhounds are extraordinarily swift, as is proved by the fact that a dog of this breed once beat a thoroughbred horse, covering four miles in six minutes and a half, which was at the rate of nearly 18 yards a second.

Greyhounds are the swiftest of all four-footed creatures, and their speed may be regarded as equal to that of carrier pigeons. English greyhounds, which are carefully selected, and which are used for the coursing, are able to cover, at full gallop, a space between 18 and 23 yards every second.

How great an achievement this is may be judged from the fact that a thoroughbred horse rarely, if ever, exceeds nineteen yards. Moreover, it is said, that a hare at its greatest speed never goes faster than at the rate of 18 yards.

These interesting statistics are exciting much comment among sportsmen and other lovers of dogs, and the opinion is unanimous that M. Dusolier has fully proved the right of the greyhounds to rank as the swiftest of quadrupeds. Express engines only surpass them.

Sing Sing's Death Chamber.

Within a few feet of the main prison at Sing Sing is a small brick building as primitively plain in appearance as possible. This structure contains the death chamber, an apartment which no prisoner ever enters more than once. He goes into it with life thrilling every pulse. He leaves it a corpse. Twenty-six persons—all men except one—have been put to death in this room.

The apartment is as plain as the exterior. The walls are bare. At one end are a dozen stools, which officials occupy when the capital penalty of the law is being executed. At the other end is the death chair. A few wires are visible. Every other accessory of homocidal justice is concealed. The prisoner sits in the chair. The electrical head-piece is adjusted. A sponge is fastened to one of the legs. Silently a signal is given, and in less time than the thought can be conceived a life has been ended.—Leslie's Weekly.

The Modest of Childhood

Little Philip wanted to go visiting the other day. He longed to go to see Mazie, who lived nearly two blocks away. After a good deal of teasing his mother said he might go.

"And may I stay to lunch?" the boy asked.

"You may if Mazie's mother asks you to," was the reply. "If she doesn't be sure to come home before noon."

Philip reached Mazie's house a few minutes later and galloped up on the porch where the little girl's mother was sitting.

"Mrs. Parker," he said, half out of breath, "I've come to play with Mazie all day, and my mother says I must not stay here to lunch unless you ask me to, but I ain't hungry yet."

He was invited to stay.—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

A Lotion For Tan.

A generous supply of witch-hazel should go into the outing outfit, particularly if one's destination is the seashore. Its use for the sunburn that comes from sea bathing is especially valuable. Bathe the face and arms freely with it, its properties being not only to relieve the first burn, but to harden the skin, making it less sensitive to future similar inflictions. A lotion recommended for ordinary use is made from a pint of rose-water, half an ounce of pulverized borax and an ounce of strained lemon juice. With this mixture the skin may be freely bathed after exposure to the sun.

It Was Beyond Her Ken.

"All that I am," he said, looking proudly at her, "I owe to my wife."

She loved him more at that moment than she ever had before. It was so noble of him to give her this high praise. She wanted to go right over to him and throw her arms around his neck. Then he raised his hat and rubbed the palm of one of his hands over his bald head.

An hour later she was still wondering what "those silly fools" had suddenly commenced to laugh at, and why they looked at her as if she were the cause of the joke.—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

Butterflies are said to be very sleepy-headed. Twilight sends them to bed, and they are still drowsy at sunrise.

Even a train of thought may be behind time.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Religion a Great Refreshment — Water For the Thirsty — God a Fountain of Joy That is Unappreciated — An Everlasting Well of Gladness.

[Copyright 1898.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage represents religion as a great refreshment and invites all the world to come and receive it; text, Genesis xxix. 8, "We cannot until all the flocks be gathered together and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

A scene in Mesopotamia, beautifully pastoral. A well of water of great value in that region. The fields around about it white with three flocks of sheep lying down waiting for the watering. I hear their bleating coming on the bright air and the laughter of young men and maidens indulging in rustic repartee. I look off, and I see other flocks of sheep coming. Meanwhile Jacob, a stranger, on an interesting errand of looking for a wife, comes to the well. A beautiful shepherdess comes to the same well. I see her approaching followed by her father's flock of sheep. It was a memorable meeting. Jacob married that shepherdess. The Bible account of it is, "Jacob kissed Rachel and lifted up his voice and wept." It has always been a mystery to me what he found to cry about. But before that scene occurred Jacob accosts the shepherds and asks them why they postpone the slaking of the thirst of these sheep and why they did not immediately proceed to water them. The shepherds reply to the effect: "We are all good neighbors, and as a matter of courtesy we wait until all the sheep of the neighborhood come up. Besides that, this stone on the well's mouth is somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold of it and push it aside, and then the buckets and the troughs are filled, and the sheep are satisfied. We cannot until all the flocks are gathered together and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

Oh, this is a thirsty world! Hot for the head and blistering for the feet and parching for the tongue. The world's great want is a cool, refreshing, satisfying draft. We wander around, and we find the cistern empty. Long and tedious drought has dried up the world's fountain, but centuries ago a shepherd, with crook in the shape of a cross and feet cut to the bleeding, explored the desert passages of this world, and one day came across a well a thousand feet deep, bubbling and bright and opalescent, and looked to the north and the south and the east and the west and cried out with a voice strong and musical that rang through the ages, "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters!"

Now, a great flock of sheep to-day gather around this gospel well. There are a great many thirsty souls. I wonder why the flocks of all nations do not gather—why so many stay thirsty—and while I am wondering about it my text breaks forth in the explanation, saying, "We cannot until all the flocks be gathered together and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

If a herd of swine come to a well they angrily jostle each other for the precedence; if a drove of cattle come to a well they hook each other back from the water, but when a flock of sheep come, though a hundred of them shall be disappointed, they only express it by sad bleating, they come together peaceably. We want a great multitude to come around the gospel well. I know there are those who do not like a crowd; they think a crowd is vulgar. If they are oppressed for room in church, it makes them positively impatient and belligerent. We have had people permanently leave church because so many people come to it. Not so did these Oriental shepherds. They waited until all the flocks were gathered, and the more flocks that came the better they liked it. And so we ought to be anxious that all the people should come. Go out into the highways and the hedges and compel them to come in; go to the rich and tell them they are indigent without the gospel of Jesus; go to the poor and tell them the affluence there is in Christ; go to the blind and tell them of the touch that gives eternal illumination; go to the lame and tell them of the joy that will make the lame man leap like a hart. Gather all the sheep off all the mountains; none so torn of the dogs, none so sick, none so worried, so dying, as to be omitted. Why not gather a great flock? All this city in a flock; all New York in a flock; all London in a flock; all the world in a flock.

This well of the gospel is deep enough to put out the burning thirst of the 1,600,000,000 of the race. Do not let the church by a spirit of exclusiveness keep the world out. Let down all the bars, swing open all the gates, scatter all the invitations, "Whosoever will let him come." Come, white and black. Come, red men of the forest. Come, Laplander out of the snow. Come, Patagonian, out of the south. Come in furs. Come panting under palm leaves. Come one. Come all. Come now. As at this well of Mesopotamia Jacob and Rachel were betrothed, so this morning at this well of salvation Christ, our Shepherd, will meet you coming up with your long flocks of cares and anxieties, and He will stretch out His hand in pledge of His affection while all the heaven will cry out: "Behold the bridegroom cometh! Go ye out to meet Him."

You notice that this well of Mesopotamia had a stone on it, which must be removed before the sheep could be watered, and I find on the well of salvation to-day impediments and obstacles which must be removed in order that you may obtain the refreshment and life of this gospel. In your case the impediment is pride of heart. You cannot bear to come to so democratic a fountain. You do not want to come with so many others. It is as though you were thirsty and you were invited to slake your thirst at the town pump instead of sitting in a parlor sipping out of a chased chalice which has just been lifted from a silver salver. Not so many publicans and sinners. You want to get to heaven, but you must be in a special car, with your feet on a Turkish ottoman and a band of music on board the train. You do not want to be in company with rustic Jacob and Rachel and to be drinking out of the fountain where 10,000 sheep have been drinking before you. You will have to remove the obstacle of pride, or never find your way to the well.

You will have to come as we came, willing to take the water of eternal life in any way and at any hand and in any kind of pitcher, crying out: "O Lord Jesus, I am dying of thirst! Give me the water of eternal life, whether in trough or goblet. Give me the water of life. I care not in what it comes to me." Away with all your hindrances of pride from the well's mouth!

Here is another man who is kept back from this water of life by the stone of an obdurate heart, which lies over the mouth of the well. You have no more feeling upon this subject than if God had yet to do you the first kindness or you had to do God the first wrong. Seated on His lap all these years, His everlasting arms sheltering you, where is your gratitude? Where is your morning and evening prayer? Where are your consecrated lives? I say to you, as Daniel said to Belshazzar, "The God in whose hand thy breath is and all thy way thou hast not glorified." If you treated anybody as badly as you have treated God, you would have made 500 apologies—yes, your whole life would have been an apology. Three times a day you have been seated at God's table. Spring, summer, autumn and winter He has appropriately apparelled you. Your health from Him, your companion from Him, your children from Him, your home from Him, all the bright surroundings of your life from Him.

Oh, man, what dost thou with that hard heart? Canst thou not feel one throb of gratitude toward the God that made you and the Christ who came to redeem you and the Holy Ghost who has all these years been importuning you?

If I could gather all the griefs of all sorts from these crowded streets and could put them in one scroll, neither man nor angel could endure the recitation. Well, what do you want? Would you like to have your property back again? "No," you say as a Christian many. "I was becoming arrogant, and I think that is why the Lord took it away. I don't want to have my property back." Well, would you have your departed friends back again? "No," you say. "I couldn't take the responsibility of bringing them from a tearless realm to a realm of tears. I couldn't do it." Well, then, what do you want? A thousand voices in the audience cry out: "Comfort! Give us comfort!" For that reason I have rolled away the stone from the well's mouth. Come, all ye wounded of the flock, pursued of the wolves, come to the fountain where the Lord's sick and bereft ones have come. "Ah," says some one, "you are not old enough to understand my sorrows. You have not been in the world as long as I have, and you can't talk to me about my misfortunes in the time of old age." Well, I may not have lived as long as you, but I have been a great deal among old people, and I know how they feel about their failing health and about their departed friends and about the loneliness that sometimes strikes through their souls. After two persons have lived together for forty or fifty years, and one of them is taken away, what desolation!

I shall not forget the cry of Dr. De Witt, of New York, when he stood by the open grave of his beloved wife, and after the obsequies had ended he looked down into the open place and said: "Farewell, my honored, faithful and beloved wife. The bond that bound us is severed. Thou art in glory, and I am here on earth. We shall meet again. Farewell! Farewell!"

To lean on a prop for fifty years and then have it break under you! There were only two years' difference between the death of my father and mother. After my mother's decease my father used to go around as though looking for something. He would often get up from one room without any seeming reason and go to another room, and then he would take his cane and start out, and some one would say, "Father, where are you going?" And he would answer, "I don't know exactly where I am going." Always looking for something. Though he was a tender-hearted man I never saw him cry but once, and that was at the burial of my mother. After sixty years' living together it was hard to part. And there are aged people to-day who are feeling just such a pang as that. I want to tell them there is perfect enchantment in the promises of this gospel, and I come to them and offer them my arm, or I take their arm and I bring them to this gospel well. Sit down, father or mother; sit down. See if there is anything at the well for you. Come, David, the psalmist, have you anything encouraging to offer them? "Yes," says the psalmist; "they shall still bring forth fruit in old age; they shall be fat and flourishing to show that the Lord is upright. He is my rock, and there is no unrighteousness in Him." Come, Isaiah, have you anything to say out of your prophecies for these aged people? "Yes," says Isaiah; "down to old age I am with thee, and to hoary hairs will I carry thee." Well, if the Lord is going to carry you, you ought not to worry much about your ailing eyesight and failing limbs.

You get a little worried for fear that some time you will come to want, do you? Your children and grandchildren sometimes speak a little sharp to you because of your ailments. The Lord will not speak sharp. Do you think you will come to want? What do you think the Lord is? Are His granaries empty? Will He feed the raven and the rabbit and the lion in the desert and forget you? Why, naturalists tell us that the porpoise will not forsake its wounded and sick mate. And do you suppose the Lord of heaven and earth has not as much sympathy as the fish of the sea? But you say, "I am so near worn out, and I am of no use to God any more." I think the Lord knows whether you are of any more use or not. If you were of no more use He would have taken you before this. Do you think God has forgotten you because He has taken care of you seventy or eighty years? He thinks more of you to-day than He ever did because you think more of Him. May the God of Abraham and Isaac and Jacob and Paul the aged be your God forever. But I gather all the promises to-day in a group, and I ask the shepherds to drive their flocks of lambs and sheep up to the sparkling supply. "Behold, happy is the man who God correcteth." "Though He cause grief, yet will He have compassion." "Many are the afflictions of the righteous, but the Lord delivereth him out of them all." "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning." I am determined that no one shall go out of this house uncomforted.

So I come to your timid and shrinking soul to-day and compel you to come out in the presence of the Divine Physician. He will not hurt you. He has been healing wounds for many years, and He will give you gentle and omnipotent medicament.

But people, when they have trouble, go anywhere rather than to God. De Quincey took opium to get rid of his troubles, Charles Lamb took to punch, Theodore Hook took to something stronger, Edwin Forrest took to theatrical dissipation, and men have run all around the earth, hoping in the quick transit to get away from their misfortunes. It has been a dead failure. There is only one well that can slake the thirst of an afflicted spirit, and that is the deep and inexhaustible well of the gospel.

But some one in the audience says, "Notwithstanding all you have said this morning, I find no alleviation for my troubles." Well, I am not through yet. I have left the most potent consideration for the last. I am going to soothe you with the thought of heaven. However talkative we may be, there will come a time when the stoutest and most emphatic interrogation will evoke from us no answer. As soon as we have closed our lips for the final silence no power on earth can break that taciturnity. But where, O Christian, will be your spirit? In a scene of infinite gladness; the spring morning of heaven waving its blossoms in the bright air; victors fresh from battle showing their scars; the rain of earthly sorrow struck through with the rainbow of eternal joy; in one group God and angels and the redeemed—Paul and Silas, Latimer and Ridley, Isaiah and Jeremiah, Payson and John Milton, Gabriel and Michael, the archangel; long line of choristers reaching across the hills; seas of joy dashing to the white beach; conquerors marching from gate to gate, you among them. Oh, what a great flock God will gather around the celestial well! No stone on the well's mouth while the shepherd waters the sheep. There Jacob will recognize Rachel, the shepherdess. And, standing on one side of the well of eternal rapture your children and standing on the other side of eternal rapture your Christian ancestry, you will be bounded on all sides by a joy so keen and grand that no other world has ever been permitted to experience it. Out of that one deep well of heaven the Shepherd will dip reunion for the bereaved, wealth for the poor, health for the sick, rest for the weary. And then all the flock of the Lord's sheep will lie down in the green pastures, and world without end we will praise the Lord that on this summer Sabbath morning we were permitted to study the story of Jacob and Rachel at the well.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR AUGUST 25.

Subject: Abraham and Isaac, Gen. xxii., 1-14—Golden Text, Heb. xi., 17—Memory Verses, 6-8—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "After these things." The things recorded in the previous chapter regarding Hagar and Ishmael and their banishment. "Did prove Abraham" (R. V.) "Not incite to sin (Jas. 1: 13), but try, prove, give occasion for the development of faith." 1 Cor. 10: 13; Heb. 11: 17; James 1: 12. It is well to see that God confers a signal honor upon us when He thus tests our hearts. Tempting is for the sake of leading men to evil; testing them is for the purpose of making them better. The trials of life are to prove what we are, to see if we are fitted for larger things. "Here I am." Ready at a moment's notice for God's service.

2. "Thine only son." His only son by Sarah, his legal wife. Had Abraham's whole soul not been stayed simply on the Lord he never could have yielded unhesitating obedience to such a searching command. Abraham desired earnestly to be let into the mystery of redemption, and God let him feel by experience what it was to lose a beloved son. "Land of Moriah." A general phrase for the mountainous district of Jerusalem. This Moriah was the same site upon which Solomon built the temple, and Calvary was near by. "For a burnt offering." Abraham was living amidst idolaters who sacrificed their first born to their idols, and "Abraham himself might not have been sure that he ought not to offer as costly sacrifices as the heathen did; but God at this time taught him and his descendants not to offer human sacrifices, and yet they were to retain the spirit of sacrifice out of which they grew."

3. "Rose up early." That there might be no appearance of delay or reluctance on his part he made every preparation for the sacrifice before setting out—the materials, the knife, the servants to convey them; and he had the painful secret pent up in his bosom during the three days he was journeying to Moriah. He murmured not, nor took counsel with flesh and blood. He waited not to consult with Sarah, nor listen to the misgivings of his own mind. The command was clear and the obedience prompt.

4. "The third day." Beer-sheba, Abraham's present home, was a town on the southern border of Palestine, forty-five miles south of Jerusalem, and three days was the usual time it would take them to make the journey. In the three days' journey there was time given for reflection; thus the struggle of faith is not short and momentary, but prolonged. As this sacrifice was typical of that of Christ, so here may be a reference to the third day of His resurrection. "Saw the place." The hill Moriah can be seen about three miles distant by one coming from Beer-sheba.

5. "And worship." Perform a solemn act of devotion which God requires. "Come again to you." This may have been an expression of faith that God would restore his son even if actually sacrificed. Heb. 11: 17-19. This reminds us of our Lord in Gethsemane; going into such an agony, He would not admit others to go with Him.

6. "Laid it upon Isaac." Isaac carried the wood for the burnt offering, so Christ carried the tree whereon He died (John 19: 17); the binding of Isaac was also typical, for so Christ was bound. Matt. 27: 2. "Took the fire." That is, carrying in his hand the vessel containing the coals of fire.

7. "Where is the lamb?" The tenderness of this scene is only to be surpassed by those of Gethsemane and Calvary. Nothing can be conceived more affectionate and affecting.

8. "Will provide." The patriarch spoke prophetically, and referred to that Lamb of God who in the fulness of time should take away the sin of the world, and of whom Isaac was a most expressive type. The giving up by the father of his only and well beloved son (v. 3; John 3: 16), the ready submission of the son (v. 9; John 10: 15), the bearing of the instrument of death by the victim (v. 6; John 19: 17), the violent death consented to (v. 10; John 19: 16), the deliverance from death on the third day (vs. 4, 12; Matt. 20: 19), can not be mere accidental coincidences.

9. "Bound Isaac, his son." Had not the patriarch been sustained by the full consciousness of acting in obedience to God's will, the effort must have been too great for human endurance; and had not Isaac, then probably twenty-five years of age, displayed equal faith in submitting, this great trial could not have been gone through.

10. "Stretched forth his hand." The deed is virtually done when the will shows firm determination. God who looketh upon the heart regardeth the sacrifice as already made. He will take the will for the deed, but never the deed for the will.

11. "The angel of the Lord." The very person who was represented by this offering; the Lord Jesus, who calls Himself Jehovah (v. 16), and on His own authority renews the promises of the covenant. He was ever the great Mediator between God and man. "Called unto him." When we cannot see on any side a way of escape, then God comes and often shows us a wonderful deliverance.

12. "Lay not thine hand." The sacrifice was virtually offered, the intention, the purpose to do it, was shown in all sincerity and fulness. "I know." The best evidence of our fearing God is our being willing to honor Him with that which is dearest to us, and to part with all for Him. "That thou fearest God." This was faith in action. Paul says that Abraham was accepted by faith, and James says he was accepted by works of obedience, but these are only two sides of the same thing, for not a single act of faith can be named but what has in it the nature of obedience.

13. "Behold—a ram." Though Christ was typified by Isaac, yet the offering of him was suspended, and in the meantime the sacrifice of beasts was accepted as a pledge of that expiation for sin which should be made in "the fulness of time;" the great principle of the Mosaic economy was the acceptance of animal sacrifices instead of human.

14. "Jehovah-jireh." That is, "The Lord will see, or provide." "It shall be seen." The meaning is that this was the spot of God's choice for the manifestation of His visible presence, where the sanctuary should be erected and sacrifices offered. After the ram had been offered the angel of the Lord again called to Abraham and renewed the covenant that God had made with him. Abraham then returned to Beer-sheba.

French scientists have been making experiments in regard to the effect of certain perfumes upon the voice. Many of the most successful teachers of singing have cautioned their pupils stringently against the use of strong perfumes or the proximity of odorous flowers. Some masters go so far as to forbid their pupils the use of any perfume at all, and if one of them is detected wearing a bunch of violets the lesson is postponed. The perfume of the violet has been found to be particularly injurious to the voice.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

FIRST bales are being reported all around us—who will bring in the first bale to Clanton?

SUBSCRIBERS who avail themselves of our clubbing rates and fail to receive the paper clubbed with regularly, should write direct to that paper.

THE Rockford Courier announced in its last issue its temporary suspension, at the same time intimating its readiness to resume whenever its delinquent subscribers paid up.

THE war business is looking up again. There's our little go with the Filipines: England and the Boers are still at it; and now the three South American republics—Ecuador, Venzuela and Colombia are flying at each other.

The total disbursements for pensions by the United States from July 1, 1790, to June 30, 1901, aggregate two and three-quarter billions of dollars. There were 45,860 claimants for pensions during the past year.

WE regret to note in some of our exchanges several references to the "toughs" and "bullies" of Maplesville. That pretty town has hitherto always held a good reputation for peace and quietness, and we can hardly credit that it has now fallen into the hands of "toughs" and "bullies." Is'nt there a little exaggeration somewhere?

THERE is much reason to fear that the recent high winds and stormy weather have considerably damaged the crops in this section, cotton, in particular, having suffered very badly. Up to the last week or ten days, crops were reported as being in better condition than ever known here before, but it is now generally conceded that they have deteriorated at least thirty-three per cent.

THE Constitutional Convention adjourned on Tuesday, after a session of seventy-six days, to give the Committee on Harmony time to prepare its report. The convention will meet again on August 28. There has been so much reconsideration that it is hardly worth while to discuss the merits of the proposed constitution until we have the finished document before us, there may be more reconsiderations when the convention meets again.

THE Louisville & Nashville Railroad company, in voluntarily reducing the freight rates on coal, is certainly offering an extra inducement to substitute that mineral for wood. In this part of the country wood is every year becoming more scarce, and while it will be many years before the supply is exhausted so far as the farmer is concerned, yet the small towns along the railroad can more economically use coal, and we have no doubt but that the action of the L. & N. will be highly appreciated.

Lily.

Meldia, daughter of Mr. Wm. Wright, aged seven years, died on 18th inst., after a week's illness. Bright, gentle, loving little Meldia, 'tis hard to give thee up, but we yield complacently to the will of the Father who doeth all things well. May memories of thy brief, sweet life remain fresh, and keep alive the hopes of relatives, friends and little companions, that some day—some sweet day—they may meet thee in the better land. G.L.S.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The Convention Monday adopted the Railroad Commission section of the article on corporations just as it was reported by the committee. It confers authority on the Legislative to regulate railroad rates, locate depots and otherwise restrict railroad corporations. The section was copied from the Georgia Constitution.

The chief subject of debate Monday was the report of the minority of the committee which sought to provide the Building and Loan Associations cannot charge a greater rate of interest than the legal rate. The minority made a valiant fight but its report was finally tabled, and the matter will not go into the new Constitution.

The article on corporations is the last article on the calendar of the Constitution. There are but three sections of this article yet to be considered, and it is expected that they will be completed this morning. Several other minor matters may be taken up and the finishing touches will be given the new Constitutio.

It was thought Monday that under the new rule recently reported to the Convention but not yet adopted the Convention would begin at once with the report of the Committee on Harmony and adobt the report by Articles. This Committee met Monday night. After the meeting it was given out that when the Convention completes the work of considering all articles and ordinances, the Committee on Harmony will probably ask the body to adjourn for a week to give the Committee time to complete its work, so that a full report can be made.

The Convention completed the article on corporations Tuesday, and together with the articles on education, schedule and militia it was read the third time and adopted. Various odds and ends of business were attended to. Among other things an ordinance was passed regulating temporarily the succession of the governorship in the event of a vacancy before the new constitution is adopted. The convention adjourned until Wednesday, August 28.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October. 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonia and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W ELY,
T P. A. Sun Set Route,"
Montgomery, Ala.

Astounded The Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c a. Clanton Drug Co.

Jacobi Sentenced to 20 Years.

Saturday was sentence day in the criminal division of the City Court of Montgomery and the case of most interest was that of young Sanford Jacobi, who was convicted by a jury a few days ago on the charge of assault to ravish. The motion for a new trial was overruled by Judge Thomas and Jacobi was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary, the extreme penalty of the law.

Notice of an appeal was given and the bill of exceptions is to be made out. The case will be carried at once to the Supreme Court. The final decision may be delayed for months. In the meantime Jacobi will remain in jail, bail not being allowable while the appeal to the Supreme Court is spending.

The young man was surrounded by relatives and friends when the sentence was pronounced and while he exhibited some surprise, there was no demonstration on his part. Not a word was said to give expression to his feeling when the words were uttered that consigned him to exile for an average life time. Many of his friends called at the jail to express sympathy for him in his misfortune.

It will probably be next spring before judgment is rendered by the Supreme Court and the attorneys for the defendant say they are confident they can obtain a reversal on some of the grounds of their exceptions. If they cannot do so the case will then be closed and Jacobi will have to serve the penalty of the law and spend some eighteen years in the penitentiary, unless sooner pardoned.

An English Trait of Character.

That was a decidedly English trait of character when the house of commons summoned before it an editor who had vilely referred to the Irish members.

The house is conservative by an immense majority, and even of the liberal minority a large section is inimical to the Irish cause. The Irish members themselves, for reasons of their own, have been obstructive, and hence could have no claim upon the sympathy of their colleagues. If it was safe for an editor to attack any section of the house, this was the opportunity.

The result brought out the English trait—love of fair play—to which we have alluded. The tory leader seconded the motion of Mr. Redmond to bring the offender before the house. It was no longer a question of politics, but of justice to men. By a unanimous vote the editor was made to understand that he could not rely upon English prejudice to shield him in an attack upon the Irish members.

It is a pity that our congress falls occasionally in this respect. The blind majority stands up for party, even where every claim of fair play should intervene. We should cultivate this English virtue.—Atlanta Constitution.

HELP THE ORPHANS!

To All Whom it May Concern:

Our Orphanage located at Summerfield, Ala, is eleven years old and has sheltered, in round numberes, 300 destitute orphan children, and is now doing the greatest good in its history.

We receive destitute orphans regardless of sectarian considerations from all parts of Alabama and West Florida. All good people should be interested in this good work that is being done in our own midst, and share their munificence with the poor little destitute orphan children. We hereby appeal to all the Methodist Sunday schools in Alabama and West Florida to observe Sunday, Sept. 1st, as orphans' home day—take up a collection and forward the amount raised to Rev. T. H. Jones, Union Springs, Ala.

We also appeal to all who will help us in this grand work to send a contribution for the support of this cause to the undersigned by Sept. 15, and we will acknowledge receipt of same.

We need more land to our home; we need more furniture for the Home—in short, we need Two Thousand Dollars to better equip us for our work.

Who will respond to our appeal? Remember the rich promises of God's word touching this work. May the Lord move the hearts of all our people to help us, and to help now, for we need it now to aid us in doing what we ought to do for these precious little orphans.

Thos. H. Jones, Financial Agent,
P.O. Box 496, Union Springs, Ala.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and assessing the taxes for the year 1901.

		1901
Fletcher	Beat 8	Court
Stanton	" 8	"
Dixie	" 8	" 3
Shoults	" 7	" 4
Maplesville	" 7	" 5
Benson	" 3	" 7
Macedonia	" 3	" 8
Providence	" 2	" 9
Jemison	" 1	" 10
Mineral Springs	" 1	" 11
Strasburg	" 9	" 12
Clanton	" 4	" 14
Coopers	" 5	" 15
Verbena	" 5	" 16
Kincheon	" 6	" 17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 985 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.
In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northern Chancery Division, Fall Term, 1901.

Eufaula Mahan, Complainant, vs. W. J. Mahan, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of William M. Adams, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, W. J. Mahan, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; that said Mahan resides in the State of Mississippi; and that the residence of said Mahan in the State of Mississippi is to said William M. Adams unknown; and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Chilton county once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said W. J. Mahan, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, within thirty days after the 18th day of September, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama this 19th day of August, 1901. W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

WM. M. ADAMS,
Solicitor for Complainant.

The Best Prescripton for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

REMOVAL SALE

EVERYTHING GOES

PRICES AWAY DOWN

BARGAINS IN ALL LINES

We move into our new building September 1, we don't mind moving ourselves and our clerks, but we want you to come in and move our goods to your homes, then we won't have much moving to do.

REMOVAL SALE NOW ON

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT, N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton. SEC'Y & TREAS. P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

COUNTY AGENT: B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coker
8. John R. Pe
9. W. A. Mims

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

During the year just closed, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been a single loss to the Association.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the County Agent
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, - ALA.

West End Store

For the convenience of the people in this part I have opened a store at my place one mile west of town, and have a fine stock of

General Merchandise

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

THE NULITE.

760 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR LAMP.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in June, first Monday in September, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

Mr. W. T. Kemp of Wangh was in town Tuesday.

Dr. Geo. A. Dennis, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. [illegible]

Mrs. F. M. Woodward and [illegible] are visiting [illegible] Rich[illegible]

Editor H. [illegible] of Memphis, [illegible] Saturday.

Prof. [illegible] gave us a [illegible]

Rev. D. F. [illegible] Lowndes county, where he has been conducting a protracted meeting.

Any druggist will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c. and tell you what it is good for free of charge. Try it.

We were glad to see Mr. E. T. Callahan at home again, after a few weeks in the infirmary at Birmingham.

Mr. J. P. Smith and son, Ed, of Mt. Doc Parker, of Sucapatoy, (Bibb county), were visitors here last week.

Mr. E. M. Pinckard returned home from a trip to the East and reports Sunday.

Mr. B. F. Higgins, Sr., of Enid, was in town Tuesday.

Sheriff Kilgore has purchased a [illegible] of track dogs. Anyone wishing their service can secure them on application to him at Clanton.

The Clanton High School will open Monday, September 9, 1901, under the superintendency of Prof. M. Collier, who has made quite a reputation at Jemison and other places where he has been teaching. Send to him for catalogue at Clanton, Ala.

Miss Minnie Hayes of Lily was visitor here Wednesday.

Mrs. G. [illegible] Pitchfork has returned home after a pleasant visit to Prattville.

Miss Lillie Graham of Meridian, Miss., is visiting the family of Mr. T. J. Mullins.

Misses Jessie and Mattie Greenwood of Birmingham are visiting the family of Mr. P. M. Moore.

Miss Maggie Bland of Verbena returned home after a pleasant visit to Miss Ruth Abernathy.

Cyclists, base ball and foot ball players will find Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic the very thing they need "in their business" when the race is run and the game is finished. Sore muscles, Bruises, Sprains, it is O. K., and "don't you forget it." Clean and pleasant as balm and costs only 50c.

Mrs. Eugene Cowan of Gadsden is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mrs. M. A. E. Greene has returned home after a pleasant visit to Verbena and Gadsden.

Mr. E. W. Duke visited Prattville Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Potts visited Birmingham Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Caine of Chilton county spent Tuesday with the family of Mr. Tol Mullins.

Mrs. Laura Mims of Mulberry was Wednesday in Clanton.

Mrs. Saportas of Maplesville and Miss Alpha Smitherman last week.

Mr. F. B. Ticknor is spending his days' vacation here from Columbus, Ga.

Mr. John Marlar went to Stanton Tuesday.

Mr. J. M. Moore and son, and Mr. Dunlap, arrived from Jacksonville, Ga. last Friday. They will be with the Wright house Sept. 1.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's card in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 22st st., between 2d and 3d aves, Birmingham

Marriage licenses have been issued last week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Harvey Bradford and Miss Ashew; Mr. E. H. Culp and Miss A. V. Mims.

STOPS THE COUGH.
and Works off the Cold.
Use Bromo-Quinine Tablets. Cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

AL SALE

ES

AY DOWN

AINS IN ALL LINES

to our new building
we don't mind mov
and our clerks, but
o come in and move
your homes, than we
n moving to do.

SALE NOW ON

SARTOR

CLANTON

SURGEO Association of Alabama

AL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
E AND FOR THE PEOPLE."
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NTY AGENT
OWAY, Coopers

OF DIRECTORS.

A. J. Wilson — 7. C. J. Cobern
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and lightning.

d, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been a

most sensible method of insurance know
all on or address the County Agent
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

October 1st

2 First Ave.

NG AT CUT PRICES

Old Virginia Rys 75c Per Qu

R DRUG CO.,

CUT RATE DRUG STORE

HAM, · ALA

End Store

the people in this part I have opened
west of town, and have a fine stock of

Merchandise

COMPLETE LINE OF

ats, Shoes, Notions

GROCERIES

KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

NULITE.

ER ARC ILLUMINATORS

best artificial light in the world.
electricity or gas. Cheaper than
A 20th Century Revolution in the

darkness into daylight turn,
air instead of money burn

o Odor, No Noise. Absolutely
Portable. Hung or stand them any
manufacture Table Lamps, Wall
nts, Chandeliers, Street Lamps,
and only really successful Incandes-
e Lamps made. They sell at sight.
candle power. Nothing like them.
nted. Write for catalogue and prices.

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Dr. Geo. A. Dennis, of Montevallo, spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Dennis.

Mrs. C. M. Wood and daughters are visiting relatives at Bear Creek.

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NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

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All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

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Clothing at half price.
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Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

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No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

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15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

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They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

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Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

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METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. KELLOGG, Pastor.

GARDEN AND FARM

STIMULATING ROOT GROWTH.

Experience shows that bottom heat stimulates root growth, and heat from above, top growth. Onions and radishes grown in a hotbed were all that could be desired, while lettuce made a weak and slender growth. Of the same vegetables grown in cold frame, the former two made only sufficient root growth to sustain life, and the latter was fine. The result was also good with lettuce grown on the floor of the greenhouse.

THE VALUE OF THE SILO.

The silo cheapens food for cattle because it induces farmers to grow corn for ensilage, which saves hay in winter. Where the winters are severe and the farmer leaves his fodder in the fields to go to waste the best thing for such a farmers is the silo, which is of itself an object lesson in economizing the foods for cattle. Ensilage corn can be planted late, and therefore enables the farmer to grow and store away an enormous amount of green fodder when the drought has injured the early crop.

FUTURE OF THE POULTRY BUSINESS.

When we stop to consider that the setting hen and the incubator turn out annually an aggregate of four billion chicks, which at different ages reach the markets of the great cities or are consumed by the farmers' families, besides an annual egg crop of thirteen billion dozen, which are mostly consumed on our own tables, who can deny that the American hen is the real money-maker of the farmer and the fancier?

In years past the hen was, to a certain extent, considered a necessary nuisance on the farm, their usefulness being lost sight of by their owners. Now, all that has changed and those who once claimed that the hens did not pay their way have found that with proper attention they are the practical money-makers of the farmer. Fowls and eggs are growing in demand and the profits yet to come will grow apace with the consumption.—*Home and Farm.*

DRIED BLOOD FOR CALVES.

The Kansas Experiment Station says that they have found in feeding calves adding about a teaspoonful of dried blood to the milk at each feeding will change an unthrifty calf to one that is making a good growth. One that weighed eighty-six pounds at birth grew so poorly because of the small quantity and poor quality of its mother's milk, it was necessary to take it away from her, and even then it failed to grow under their ordinary treatment. At seventy-nine days old it only weighed ninety pounds, a gain of but four pounds. He was given castor oil, laudanum, fresh eggs, calf meal, and as a last resort, dried blood. With the blood the calf commenced to improve, and in a short time was gaining at the rate of nearly fourteen pounds per week, and not infrequently as high as seventeen to eighten pounds per week. When a year old he weighed 578 pounds—a pretty good record for a calf that gained only four pounds for the first seventy-nine days of its existence. The dried blood consumed during parts of three months amounted to 7 1-2 pounds. At two cents per pound the cost was fifteen cents. Other later trials have shown similar results, and have also proved the blood a good remedy for scours. For weakly calves the allowance may be gradually increased to a tablespoonful at each meal. It should be well stirred in and kept stirred to prevent settling to the bottom of the pail.

DESTROYING WEEDS.

Weeds growing in the pasture or meadows should be cut very late in the season when they are in full bloom. Where the pasture consists of native grasses it may in some cases become absolutely necessary to destroy the weeds that grow in it or they will often grow so dense as to kill out the useful grass. It was for many years my opinion that the proper time to cut weeds to destroy them was early in the season, and to repeat the cutting several times when the weeds were only a few inches high. But after many years of unsuccessful attempts to destroy them, I have found that although they might be held in check they could seldom be destroyed.

Then it happened one fall several years ago while working on my father's farm, that he told me to cut down a patch of dense weeds, consisting of goldenrod, butter cups, wild asters, etc., when the greater part of them were in full bloom. At that time I thought it was a useless waste of time thinking they would appear as dense as ever the next spring. But I was surprised to see that none appeared and not for many years afterward did they appear in numbers. When weeds appear in meadows where wild hay is grown, it is more difficult to get rid of them, and the best method I know of is to occasionally cut the hay as late as possible when the weeds appear in large numbers. It will prevent them from sending up a second growth the same season and the roots will die out in most cases, especially if the season be a dry one—L. O. F., in *The Epitomist.*

HOW TO GROW TOMATOES.

The ground, which had been well plowed and harrowed, was marked out with a shovel plow in deep furrows five feet apart, and then cross-marked three and one-half to four feet wide. With hoes we pulled out the soil where the furrows crossed, making a hole eight inches deep and fourteen inches wide. A forkful of well-rotted horse manure was placed in each hill and covered with soil to the depth of six inches.

After thorough watering, the plants were carefully taken up from the cold frame and drawn to the hills prepared for them. One man took a hoe with an extra large blade, and while another man picked up the plant, the hoe was driven in the soil down to the manure and lifted up. The roots of the plant were placed well under the hoe, with the top facing the east. The hoe was removed and the soil pressed down with the feet. This left the plant flat on the ground. We always set tomatoes this way and never upright, as the wind is liable to break them off. The plant will turn and grow upright in a few days, but this gives it time to toughen. By covering the stalks of the plant, it will send out roots and make a stronger, better plant, and produce more fruit. We always make large hills, as they retain the moisture better.

The vines make such a rank growth that we are obliged to break them down in order to get them to ripen fruit early. When the first setting of fruit is about three-quarters grown is the time to do it. Stand up close to the plant, push the arms, with the hands close together, through the center, then spread out the arms and with a gentle side sweep press the vines as separated down flat on all sides of the hill. Press the arms down on top of the vines, so they will stay down. If done at midday you will not break one vine in 100.

We cut out the early tomato plants, but not the late ones, and if properly done they will produce four times the amount of early fruit of those not cut out. After breaking down, they are trimmed when the first fruits show color. With a pair of sheep shears commence at the root end of each bearing stalk and cut off close to the stalk all new growth that has grown from the stalk, and has formed or would produce fruit, leaving three settings of fruit to mature. After you reach the third setting of fruit, leave all that remain beyond. We leave six bearing stalks to each hill. For a finishing touch cut the tips of the vines to prevent them growing any longer.—L. C. Wright, in *American Agriculturist.*

PASTURING ORCHARDS.

Sheep and hogs are the only domestic animals that should be pastured in an orchard of young fruit trees of any kind, and they need to be carefully watched that no damage is done. The hogs are liable to rub the tree trunks, but this can be in a measure prevented by driving rubbing stakes into the ground at various points, but especially near the trough or the sleeping shelter. Sheep are liable to strip the bark from the trunks, especially in the early spring, as it appears to contain a bitter element which they crave. They may not discover this bark ration for some time, but when they do both large and small trees are stripped.

Both sheep and hogs most greedily devour the fallen fruit, whether it contains worms or is decayed. Hogs will eat all fallen fruits from cherries to apples, while sheep are fond of apples. There is some risk in allowing cattle the range of an apple orchard after the fruit is nearly developed, as they are often choked by attempting to swallow whole apples. If the trees are trained low they will pull the fruit from the lower branches and in a playful mood hook the limbs and trunks. Horses and colts will also pull the fruit from the trees, and if disposed can reach some distance from the ground.

Pasturing orchards, whether recently set or old and well developed, is attended with many risks, in most cases not commensurate with the supposed gain. If orchards were planted with hoed crops or kept fertilized and cultivated, this question of pasturing them would never have to be discussed, and the owner in a term of years be equally as well off financially. The trees certainly would be in a better condition, not only as fruit producers, but for resisting the effects of disease, which a heavy sod seems to favor.—L. D. Snook, in *New England Homestead.*

USEFUL ITEMS.

Have you a dust bath for your hens?

Save all the sunflowers you can. The seeds are fine for molting hens.

Do a good job of whitewashing the inside of your poultry house soon.

We are too apt to pet and baby pure-bred stock. They are often overfed and made useless.

Cleanliness is next to godliness even when it comes to your poultry house. Clean up at once.

All the old wells, pits and holes should be kept covered very tight or the young ducks will fall in.

Try tincture of iron in the drinking water for leg weakness. One teaspoonful to every quart of water.

Young chicks do not eat much at a time, but they eat often. Do not omit a meal. Feed at regular hours.

Plaster, muck, fine dirt and sifted coal ashes may be used as absorbent materials to throw on the poultry house floors.

During warm weather the fowls need plenty of shade and cool water. Feed very little grain. Green bone and meat will do.

Many poultry houses have had to be remodeled or moved to another location because of haste in building. Make your plans early.

Bran should always be cooked or scalded before being used as feed, when it makes one of the best bone forming foods to be found.

The handling of sick birds to force remedies down their throats is disagreeable and even dangerous. Some hens are not worth such work.

Keep the young duck growing. Although they eat lots of food, yet they are, or at least should be, growing rapidly. You can almost see them grow.

The poultry man should take on the habit of his fowls of going to bed early, so that he may rise before the sun and have all the chicks and hens eating early.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Ribbon Velvet and Braids.

Wide, plain crinoline braids, edged with narrowest black ribbon, sewn on lisse of the same color, make up well into large toques. In a model of this sort the lisse used to drape the brim has two rows of braid running horizontally, and is mounted in a voluminous bouillonne caught on either side of the front and twice again at the back so as to form a sort of large, square bow. The crown is covered loosely with plain lisse, as well as the under side of the brim. Palest lavender gray is the color chosen for the lisse and braids, the latter being bordered with black velvet. For trimming, there are two large pale pink roses resting on the bouuillone; a third is fixed under the brim.

Hairdressing and Hats.

Now that "foreheads are in," to quote the famous phrase of the hairdresser, the forward tilt of the hat is imperative. Placed straight or on the back of the head, it gives a bare, bleak aspect to the brow which is by no means becoming. Of course, all fashionable women have discarded a fringe, except such slight tendrils of hair as serve to soften the outlines of the temples. The fringe, indeed, which has become common to all ranks and which was often to be seen tousled, ill-combed and worse brushed, an unbecoming mat indeed; had sunk very low and was doomed to extinction, but it must be remembered that a different style of hairdressing demands a different shape and poise of hat.

Ring for a Bride.

A ring of unique design has just been made to order by a leading jeweler, and will form one of many gifts to be received by a popular bride. It is very beautiful and the fortunate recipient will have the satisfaction of knowing that no one else possesses its counterpart. A single enameled heartsease forms the centre, and rimming the petals is a raised band of plain gold, designed to protect the enamel from being scratched. Outside the gold again is a border of diamonds composed of 20 stones of irregular shape, fitted into the angles of the petals so as to form a solid band, and making the centre design a perfect oval. The heartsease itself was first wrought into gold, the enamel being burnt upon this. The jewelers say they have never made or seen a design at all like this one.—Philadelphia Record.

A Colony of Pet Goats.

The fondness of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts for animal pets is well known, but it is seldom that a woman chooses, as the baroness has done, to make the goat the object of her special favor. West Hill farm, one of the country houses of the baroness, has been for 26 years the home of these pets, and a most interesting herd is now established there. Everything has been done to provide for the comfort and happiness of the favored creatures. There are well warmed sheds, with separate dwellings for unruly Billies, and luxurious quarters for the mothers with their kids. The row of buildings stands in a large yard, which opens into an extensive meadow. Here are large piles of logs, over which the goats delight to climb in play, and to add to the general liveliness of the place, a few fowls are allowed to run about freely, and a pretty dovecote, filled with pigeons, is built over the entrance to the yard. The meadow is bordered with flowers and banks of laurel and ivy.

The baroness has chosen for her pets such picturesque names as Clematis, Wild Thyme, Wistaria and Meadow Sweet. Much of the milk of the goats is given away by the baroness to delicate people and to those who have little ones.

Homely Mrs. Wagner.

Mrs. Richard Wagner is a remarkable woman for her years, still tall, straight and slender, kind, gentle and sympathetic. She instructs her singers in all Wagnerian roles, rising early in all kinds of weather, and exerting all day her wonderful executive ability. She plays the piano well, and is a splendid musician.

Mrs. Wagner, now 68, is a head taller than was her husband. Quaint and odd in dress, spare and gaunt in figure, the startling effect is heightened by a long and scrawny neck. She is as sallow as her venerable father, now dead. Deep, but phenomenally bright, piercing eyes gleam out from under heavy brows. Her nose is long and hawked. There never lived another so homely and fascinating a man as her father, and he was her prototype.

She is said to be what Wagner insisted on calling her—the most intellectual woman in Germany. Her intellectuality is only surpassed by her matchless devotion.

Her shining faith in her dead master's deification, and in her own final reunion with him, would transform the whole world to Wagnerian disciples, could it be brought within her influence. This one woman was as necessary as life itself to complete the development of Wagner's purpose to create for the world an absolutely new standard in lyric music.—Success.

Tulle Veil to the Hem.

Fashion authorities agree that a tulle veil must extend to the hem of the train of a wedding gown. If of tulle the veil is never hemmed. A lace wedding veil has its own woven border. The veil is arranged on the coiffure in deep plaits, leaving small ends upright on the crown of the head. To this piece is firmly pinned the coronet of orange blossoms, the single bride rose or the sunburst of brilliants, as the mode of dressing the bride's head is arranged. What is called the face covering is a small separate piece of tulle or lace. This covers the bride's face as she goes up the aisle, and is removed by the maid of honor after the ceremony, before the bride turns to come down the aisle on the arm of the new made benedict. To all outward view the veil is in one piece, draped over the bride's head, but as a matter of fact the separate piece is resorted to, so as not to damage the coiffure or pull the coronet over one ear when the bride, as is supposed, throws back the veil from off her face. The face covering is attached with a couple of hairpins. The maid of honor always whisks it out of sight; it matters not how or where it is disposed of if invisible to the eyes of the congregation. The face covering reaches to the waist. By using it the bride avoids resembling a fountain of tulle, as may happen when the filmsy cataract is disposed to entirely cover her face and person.—Montreal Star.

The Ubiquitous Shirtwaist.

Whether the poor, sweltering men will ever be allowed the luxury of shirtwaists or not, it is certain that women, having once experienced their many advantages, will never give them up. This summer they are more than ever to the fore, and are permissible at every function, so much so, that many fashionable women wear practically nothing else than a shirt and skirt in the way of a daytime costume all summer. Of course, these may vary in material and cost. Some silk and lace affairs from smart shirtmakers cost as much as $30 for a shirt, while $15 is not considered extravagant; but whatever may be the material and cut, the pattern is substantially the same, whether it is the simple home made cotton shirt or a satin and lace confection from one of the best places. This summer many of the shirts and skirts are made of the same material, and in plain tints of mauve, corn color, light blue and pale pink are exceedingly pretty, so that the white pique or duck skirt will not be so universally worn, although it will still be popular with colored shirts. But the smartest effect of all is pure white, and this year the name of pretty materials which will serve equally well for shirts and skirts is legion. A newly arrived American, who has been living abroad for several years, remarked the other day that she was greatly struck by the difference between the women's dress in the streets of New York and London, and that the comparison was greatly in favor of the former. Even in summer the New York women wear either dark or neutral tans and grays in the street, whereas in London white pique skirts, fussy muslin waists, and even sashes are seen worn by women who consider themselves smart. It is very noticeable," added our countrywoman, "that American women seem to possess the Gallic sense of fitness which is so apparent in French women, and which many English women seem totally to lack"—New York Tribune.

FASHION NOTES

Watermelon pink is a fashionable color.

Stockings of the finest white silk or lisle thread are worn with white gowns.

Hair receivers made of linen and fashioned in cornucopia shape, with the aid of buttons, are among the novelties.

Quills are seen on nearly all the hats especially designed to wear with tailor made suits, and the quills are utilized in novel ways.

Chantilly lace, very fine and gossamer like, veils the floral sprays and clusters on some of the daintiest creations of the milliner.

On some of the batiste, muslin and zephyr linen gowns for morning wear, tiny chaplets take the place of the popular ruffle over the shoulder.

Dimity is the prettiest of materials for underwear as well as gowns, but look out for the laundress. It will wear well if it is given tender treatment, but not otherwise.

Bands of red, white or dark blue add amazingly to the style of the gray linen skirts. These linen skirts, by the way, are far more serviceable than the pique, since they do not require such frequent washing.

It has not been possible to get away from the plain backs on gowns. They went out apparently for a time, but they sprang up again, without making a fuss about it, and most of the prettiest and most stylish gowns have the plain backs.

The elastic ground belt, quite wide and shaped to the figure with a bone or two is the most approved style for general wear. The belt is woven with the lower edge coming just below the waist line, and the elastic is decorated with many devices.

For the woman who likes her short under petticoats of some thin clinging material, made of something pretty as well, she can find them made of wash silks in all shades, shes and colors. They are fitted with darts, and many have lace ruffles set on above the edge, giving a pretty effect with the silk, to be in color, showing through.

THE CARE OF GEMS.

How Jewelers Test, Polish and Restore Jewels of Various Sorts.

The best of all jewel boxes are not the satin-lined, velvet covered ones in which the jewelers alluringly display their wares, says the London Express, but air-tight cases simply lined with wool. Even in such a receptacle diamonds should be wrapped in silversmith's tissue paper to keep them of exquisite brillancy.

Diamonds, in spite of their hardness, must be treated with great care. Though they can hardly be scratched, they nevertheless chip, and when roughly used, are easily loosened in their setting, and fall out at the most unexpected moment. When they are sent to be cleaned the experts first test the settings, and then dips the ring or pin repeatedly into a little eau de cologne. A powerful magnifying glass is used to detect any "foreign bodies" in the setting, and an ornament that has an accumulation of dust, grease or soap on its under side, a blemish that is often noticeable in rings, is dipped alternately in soap suds and eau de cologne, and a very fine soft camel-hair brush, pointed like a pencil is employed to reach delicately between the claws of the setting. When the jewel is thoroughly clean it is buried in a jar of fine sawdust to dry. This is all done after the gold or silver mounting has been carefully rubbed with jeweler's rouge, dried and polished with a tiny chamois covered pad.

When the diamonds and turquoises are together the most exquisite care is taken that alcohol only is utilized, with whiting, to clean both the setting and the diamonds, and as little moisture as possible is allowed to come near the blue stones. If a turquoise has been carlessly treated, and is turning green from the effects of water, the cleaner sets it to soak in stale beer, which treatment will frequently restore the pure azure color. But old turquoises that are nearly green have a value all their own.

Pearls require a great deal of human companionship, and that is why they are so constantly worn by their owners. When they are "sick" (to use a technical term), they are given sun baths, and sometimes are sunk in the sea in perforated caskets to be restored to health and lustre. Pearls held in a warm, dry hand and drawn slowly backward and forward through the half-closed member are benefited. Some women have their pearls restrung every season, and when the owner cannot arrange to wear a fine string of these gems at least once a fortnight the cleaner lays them in a cup of warm flower or lukewarm fresh milk to keep their skins in good order. Experts test real diamonds by touching them with the tip of their tongue. Diamonds are icy cold; paste is not. Real pearls they can differentiate from false, it is said by the touch of their finger tips, for the skin of a real pearl has a feeling peculiar to itself.

Highland Venison.

Most of the red deer venison which finds its way to London is Scotch—wild venison, shot in the forests. There is great difference in quality in this highland venison. To be good, venison needs to be fat, and unlike most game the "artificially fed" deer, or, rather, the deer that enjoys the feed of a good English park, is better for the table than when picking up a hard living on a Scotch mountain, but there are varieties of Scotch deer. Those on forests with plenty of low ground attached grow fat and heavy, and the meat is as good as that of an English park-fed stag. At the end of October and beginning of November the flesh deteriorates rapidly and is rank and poor evidence, if any were needed, that the shooting ought to have closed earlier, but a good deal of Russian venison, shipped ready and cut up into joints, is very poor stuff. The same rules as to season govern the supply of red deer venison from English parks, but the weight and quality of the latter are superior to the Scotch. Most large proprietors find a sale for their spare venison near home, and consequently it is less common in the market. Red deer hinds are again in season in winter, but the fallow venison is in every way better. Some is even stall fed, and the carcasses show almost as much fat as does small mutton.

Too Young For Fame.

In commenting on certain works of art, a writer said recently: "It seems to me a bad sign for an artist to put forth excellent work in his early youth. He has no future then; he has nothing more to hope for; and, besides, he is likely to age permanently and to die young. Take Stephen Crane, for instance, who wrote 'Maggie' at nineteen, 'The Red Badge of Courage' at twenty-two, and died during the summer without having strengthened his name appreciably in seven or eight years. The Marquis de Sade was a mature and vigorous man at the age of twelve. But the most wonderful case of premature development and premature decay is told of in the record of the French Academy for 1729. A boy of six years was five feet seven inches in height, had a strong beard, a deep bass voice and great physical strength. At the age of eight he was partly bald. At ten his beard and his scanty hair were gray, and his teeth were decayed. Palsy seized him at eleven, and he died of old age before his twelfth birthday. Whenever I hear of a premature genius, an Aubrey Beardsley or a Crane, I think of that boy."—*Philadelphia Record.*

Reason For Economy.

Newlywed—Since I have been married my tailor bills are scarcely a fourth what they used to be.

Quizzer—Do you put what you save in the bank?

Newlywed—No, I put it on my wife.—*Ohio State Journal.*

The milkman seldom gets into the cream of society.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

King Edward is so embarrassed by the multiplicity of his titles that he thinks of having his visiting cards printed on posters.

The finest and largest marble quarries in the world are to be found to-day in the Southern States. They are practically inexhaustible.

English and German papers teem with praise of our Consuls and evidence of reference to our Consular reports. While one sometimes hears complaints of the shirt-sleeves' habits of some new appointee, this criticism is nearly always coupled with the admission that the new man has a priceless habit of getting things done.

Twenty-eight ocean steamships are now in process of construction for the companies operating lines between New York City and foreign seaports, and these are, moreover, further additions to a great mercantile fleet which has nearly doubled in carrying capacity within five years past. More ocean freights means more routes and more frequent sailings, and the big ships will not be lacking for the emergency.

Modern office furniture, from the desk to the doormat, is nearly all American in every up-to-date London establishment. One sits on a Nebraska swivel chair before a Michigan roll-top desk, writing one's letters on a Syracuse typewriter, signing them with a New York fountain pen, and drying them with a blotting sheet from New England, remarks the *London Daily Mail.*

The yearly loss from preventable forest fires in the United States is estimated at $50,000,000. It would cost but a small percentage of this sum to provide insurance against the ravage of fire. The rapid destruction of our forests and the gravity of the resulting consequences are of sufficient importance to require radical preventive measures at the hands of the State and Federal Governments, states the *Philadelphia Record.*

The Butte (Mont.) *Inter Mountain* calls upon the millionaires of the State to build or help build a miners' home and "thus show their interest in the heroes of Montana's industrial army." The miners, it adds, "are the industrial backbone of the State's leading interest. Their calling is dangerous. At a certain age they can no longer do a full day's work. The majority of them have families and very few of them have money saved up."

The *Atlanta Journal* observes that the conditions of farm life are wonderfully different from what they were in the last generation. Labor saving machinery has wrought a revolution in farm operations. A change hardly less remarkable has been accomplished in the removal of the comparative isolation of the farmer and his family. The country has become more thickly settled and the means of intercommunication have been vastly improved.

Boer markmanship has convinced the British war authorities that swords, lances and bayonets are of little use as weapons of modern warfare, and that a soldier who can't shoot straight is entirely useless except as a target for the bullets of an enemy whose soldiers can shoot better. Hereafter the British soldiers will be drilled in long distance markmanship as the most essential part of their military training. Sword, lance and bayonet exercises have been abolished, and the soldier who can shoot will be the soldier of the future. It has taken a long while, and cost a heap of money, to get this sensible idea through the British cranium; but the idea is evidently there to stay at last.

The system of workmen's insurance in Germany is a huge piece of state machinery. The magnitude of the system may be estimated by the fact that it pays out, in one way or another, about [illegible] marks a day. The sick workman has no longer to trouble himself as to how he shall obtain money to pay for medical treatment, and what will become of his family should he himself be rendered unfit for work. The workman whose earning power is reduced by an accident connected with his employment now obtains just compensation, and the aged poor have the satisfaction of knowing that although they can no longer work they can still, owing to the insurance system, contribute their share towards the expenses of the household, and are not obliged to depend on the earnings of their children or on ordinary public charity, comments the *Philadelphia Telegraph.*

It is not generally known that debtors can still be sent to prison under the laws of England, but during the last year there has been a decided reduction among this class of prisoners because of rules recently adopted compelling debtors to work like other prisoners. The commissioner reports that the rule has "operated very beneficially, both morally and physically. The debtors do not like to work, they prefer loafing and idleness in prison, and consequently they dread imprisonment, and their numbers are getting less." Another rule prohibits them from receiving meals from the outside, which is also having a beneficial effect. Debtors are now compelled to accept the ordinary fare of the other prisoners, and since they have found out habitual debtors are taking means to avoiding imprisonment. The total number of debtors imprisoned last year was 12,362, of whom 11,897 were men and 465 were women.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Sixty-ninth Day.

A Short Session—Shelby Court House Matter Stands—Two Articles Adopted—The Sheriffs.

Eighty-seven was the attendance this morning and this afternoon the figures were reversed. The morning session lasted only an hour and most of this time was consumed in an effort to rescind the action of Saturday in reference to the new court house authorized in Shelby county. The convention refused to rescind.

At the afternoon session the tax and judiciary articles were reached this time and adopted.

The convention then took up the report of the committee on impeachments. The principal change made is an amendment allowing sheriffs to succeed themselves provided they serve only two terms.

Seventieth Day.

A Day of Reconsiderations—Sheriffs and Sheriff—Parliamentary Practice—Labors.

No quorum was present this morning at roll call but before arrests were effected a sufficient number arrived for business. 111 were in their seats in the afternoon.

The convention accomplished practically nothing in the way of constitution making, most of its time being taken up with reconsiderations.

The friends of the solicitors succeeded, by a vote of 54 to 50, in having the final vote adopting the article on judiciary reconsidered. This was the fifth attempt made to reconsider action of the convention in substituting county solicitors elected by the people for the circuit solicitors elected by the legislature. The entire article was laid on the table.

The friends of the sheriffs sought to have the sheriff impeachment proceedings question reconsidered, but the action was displaced by the school question, which had been made a special order of business.

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School Tax Question—Sheriff Matter—Five Articles Adopted—Education Matter Up.

One hundred and ten and 92 were the attendance today. Most of the morning session was spent in reconsidering the sheriff legislation. It adopted an ordinance allowing sheriffs two terms and providing that the supreme court should try them when impeached and that pending impeachment proceedings the governor could remove them from office. It changed all this today and left the law as it stands except that the sheriffs when impeached shall be tried by the supreme court instead of the circuit court in their county.

The articles on amending the constitution, miscellaneous provisions, representations, exemptions and municipal corporations were adopted.

The committee report on education then came up. The principal change recommended is to substitute a three mill constitutional tax for common schools instead of relying on a legislative appropriation. The section was reported, with slight amendments, and adopted. It gives the schools a constitutional tax, which the legislature cannot reduce.

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School Legislation—Selection of University Trustees—Curtailing Governor's Powers.

The attendance this morning was 109. The article on education occupied the convention's time. Local taxation was debated and the plan reported by the committee was adopted.

An important change adopted in the method of electing the university trustees. These will not be appointed by the governor, but the board will fill its own vacancies. The members elect are to be approved by the senate and can hold office only two years. The governor is ex officio chairman.

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A special order for Tuesday was made the consideration of Mr. W's ordinance to prohibit the negro from holding office. The article on judiciary was taken from the table and a substitute by Judge Coleman to section 28 of the article was read. It provides that a solicitor for a judicial circuit, who resides in the circuit, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the circuit for a term of four years, and who shall not receive any salary beyond that fixed by law, and provided further that the legislature may provide by law

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Mahogany furniture from the desk [illegible] that is nearly all American [illegible] late London establishment [illegible] a Nebraska swivel [illegible] Michigan roll top desk, [illegible] in a Syracuse typewriter [illegible] a New York [illegible] and driving them with a [illegible] from New England, reflects the *Philadelphia Family Man*.

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A special order for Tuesday was made the consideration of Mr. Watts' ordinance to prohibit the negro from holding office. The article on judiciary was taken from the table and a substitute by Judge Coleman to section 28 of the article was read. It provides that a solicitor for each judicial circuit, who resides in the circuit, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the circuit for a term of four years, and who shall not receive any salary beyond that fixed by law, and provided further that the legislature may provide by law for the appointment or election of any county solicitor. The substitute was adopted.

One hundred and three delegates were present in the afternoon. The article on impeachments was reported engrossed and was adopted. The Mobile school system was considered and the section of the article on education refering to it was adopted. It was decided to pay $36,000 per annum as interest on the university fund and authorize the legislature at any time to abolish the military feature.

Seventy-fourth Day.

A White Militia—Report Adopted With Only One Change—Last Article Under Discussion.

The attendance today was 106 and 86. The St. Clair county court house matter went to third reading and was adopted. Mr. Murphree, of Pike, by consent, introduced an ordinance to direct the legislature to appropriate for the Confederate soldiers such amounts as they may see fit, and that such appropriation shall take precedence of all others.

The convention adopted the report of the committee on militia. The only change recommended from the present law was to confine the militia to white citizens. After much debate this question was left to the legislature.

The report of the committee on corporations was then taken up and several sections adopted. This is the last article remaining to be adopted. It will be completed Monday, when the convention will have to adjourn a few days to await the report of the committee on harmony.

Seventy-fifth Day.

Corporation Article Adopted—Free Pass Section—Possible Recess Until August 28th.

There were present at the two sessions today 109 and 94 delegates. The greater portion of the day was spent in discussing the limitation of building and loan association interest to 8 per cent, but the proposition was defeated.

One of the sections reported conferred upon the legislature the regulating of railroad freights and passenger traffic. General Sanford offered an amendment to leave this authority with the railroad commission. The section was finally adopted as reported. Section 16, which prohibited legislators or judges using free passes was also adopted as reported by the committee. The sheriff matter has taken a new turn. It looks now as if he will be given two terms, but the governor have the right to suspend him pending impeachment proceedings.

The free pass section was adopted prohibiting transportation companies from granting passes or free tickets to officials, and the official "receiving such pass or ticket shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, and at the discretion of the court trying the case, in addition to such fine, may be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months; and upon conviction shall be subject to impeachment and removal from office."

The committee on harmony decided not to make a report until able to make a complete report. It will be Wednesday week before they will be ready. The convention may adjourn tomorrow until August 28th, when they will reassemble and finally adopt the constitution.

Seventy-sixth Day.

Convention Adjourns for a Week—Negroes May Hold Office—Four Articles Were Adopted.

At the two sessions today there was a good attendance, 104 delegates answering at each roll call. The article on corporations was completed and with the ones on education, schedule and militia was adopted on third reading.

Mr. Watts' ordinance prohibiting negroes from holding office was tabled. Capt. White's ordinance to have the railroad commission elected by the people was defeated.

An ordinance temporarily regulating the succession to the governorship was passed. It provides that in event of the death of the present governor the succession shall be: Hon. D. J. Meadow, last president pro tem of the senate, Hon. A. M. Tunstall, speaker pro tem of the house, attorney general, auditor, secretary of state and treasurer.

A special committee appointed to determine whether the convention should recess reported favoring a recess until Aug. 28th, and the report was adopted.

TOOK MORPHINE.

A woman giving her name as Mrs. McDonough took an overdose of morphine in the office of the chief of police in Birmingham Friday afternoon. She resisted the efforts of the officers to prevent her escape and then offered one a diamond ring for his pardon. The doctors saved her.

SEVERAL Alabama Knights Templar will attend the conclave at Louisville, Ky., Aug. 27 30.

Jugh Find a New Island.

According to the Japan Times a new island has been discovered in the Sea of Japan. From a statement appearing in the Nichi Nichi it appears that the island is situated at a point between Ul-long-do Island, off Korea, and the Oki Archipelago, off the coasts of the San-in-do, the distance from either place being 30 miles. No maps ever published contain any refernce to the island, which is reported to be about two miles in length and about the same in breadth. It was about a year or two ago that the island was first discovered by a fisherman of Kyushu, who found the waters in its neighborhood full of sea horses.

Mr. Reginald de Koven has completed the score for "The Daughters Delightful," a piece for which Mr. George V. Hobart has written the libretto.

If all the cabs in London were placed in a line there would be a total length of forty-four miles.

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Sound passes through air at the velocity of 1142 feet per second; through water, 4900 feet; through iron, 17,500 feet.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. (SEAL)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Bananas with purple leaves and seedless fruit have been introduced into British conservatories.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

The colonies and dependencies of Great Britain have upward of 1600 stamps without a single duplicate.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

England has a yearly surplus of births over deaths of 369,000; Scotland, 51,000; Ireland, of 27,000.

In Japanese shipyards eight vessels are being built for San Francisco and Seattle lines.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

The inhabitants of Ontario write more letters than those of all the rest of Canada.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

During the last summer season the ascent of Mount Blanc was made by 141 tourists.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Algeria has four zones in which petroleum occurs. One of them is 125 miles long.

"Buffalo Bill's" Amiable Weakness.

"Buffalo Bill" once allowed himself to be put to shame by failing to shoot a couple of deer at an easy distance. "Every one has his little weakness," he exclaimed; "mine is a deer's eye. I don't want you to say anything about it to your friends, for they would laugh more than ever, but the fact is I have never yet been able to shoot a deer if it looked me in the eye. With a buffalo or a bear or an Indian it is different. But the deer has the eye of a trusting child—soft, gentle and confiding. No one but a brute could shoot a deer if he caught that look."

STRANGE IMPS IN THE SEA.

Capt. Moody Caught One Off Cape Charles Lightship.

Capt. William Moody of Baltimore believes there are strange imps in the sea, because he caught one recently while fishing off Cape Charles lightship. Capt. Moody is commander of the lightship, and it is his habit to keep a baited hook, attached to an extremely long line in the water at all times. Occasionally this persistency is rewarded with cod or other toothsome fish of deep water. The captain happened to be near the line when the "imp" fish was hooked. He started to pull it in, and then ensued as pretty a battle as ever warmed the heart of fisherman. Several times the creature was brought to the surface, and on one occasion it leaped ten feet in the air. After a battle lasting fully an hour the monster was harpooned and pulled on deck. The fish weighed about eighty pounds. The "imp" has wings, which are of the thickness of sailcloth, and are mottled with blue checks or squares. The mouth is filled with parallel rows of conical teeth, the rows varying from two, in the back part of the upper jaw, to eight in front, with twice these numbers in the lower jaw. The tail has three rows of spines, resembling the teeth running its whole length. The "imp" has no scales, creature has been shown to government experts, but as yet remains unclassified.

Dudes of the South and West.

It is not difficult to tell by their clothes from which section of the country senators hail. Perhaps not so much by their clothes as the way they wear them, one should say, to be accurate. All the string ties, for instance, come from the west and south. Eastern senators wear stylish scarfs almost without exception. Eastern senators button their frocks and cutaways; westerners and southerners leave them open. The western and southern members have low-cut vests, usually with one or two buttons unbuttoned. Two finely groomed senators are Platt and Depew, whose clothes are made by the best tailors in New York and London. Where will you find a more neatly dressed man than Aldrich of Rhode Island? And Wetmore—one of the 400? His clothes cost him the larger part of his salary.—New York Press.

New England Famous for Tobacco.

There are in the United States 700,000 acres of land devoted to tobacco, of which 1,000 acres are in New England. The annual yield of all kinds in the country is about 500,000,000 pounds, of which New England raises 19,000,000. The average yield per acre throughout the country is 700 pounds, but in New England it is 1,700 pounds. It is interesting that all the tobacco raised in the country belongs to two or three botanical species, yet there are more than sixty varieties grown commercially—all of them quite distinct in shape, color and quality of leaf.—Harper's Weekly.

Long Lightning Rod.

The largest lightning conductor in the world is in Bavaria. The top of it is some yards above the meteorological station on the Zugspitze, the highest point of land in the German empire. It runs down the side of the mountain to a body of running water. The length of the rod is three and a half miles.

Expedition to Study Fish.

The German Antarctic expedition, which will start for Kerguelen island in a few months, will give special attention to the study of sea life and its economic aspects. None of the useful varieties of fish is yet known to exist in Antarctic waters.

Has Many Christian Names.

The Duchess of Cornwall is blessed with a liberal assortment of Christian names, eight in all. Should she eventually share the British throne she can select from the following: Augustine, Louise, Olga, Pauline, Claudine and Agnes.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER

CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE. SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE. ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position prefered. Address, Dept. B. THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

HOPEDALE COLLEGE, Hopedale, O. $160 a yr., a plan to earn it; R. R. fare free; see catalog.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

WINCHESTER

CARTRIDGES IN ALL CALIBERS

from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a modern manner, by exact machinery operated by skilled experts.

THEY SHOOT WHERE YOU HOLD ✦ ALWAYS ASK FOR THEM

Smithdeals

Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c. Leading business college south of the Potomac river.—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address, G. M. Smithdeal, President, Richmond, Va.

Now is the Time

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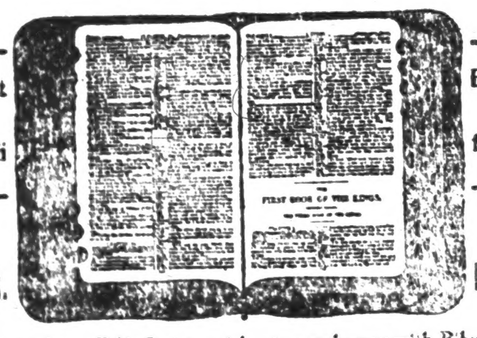

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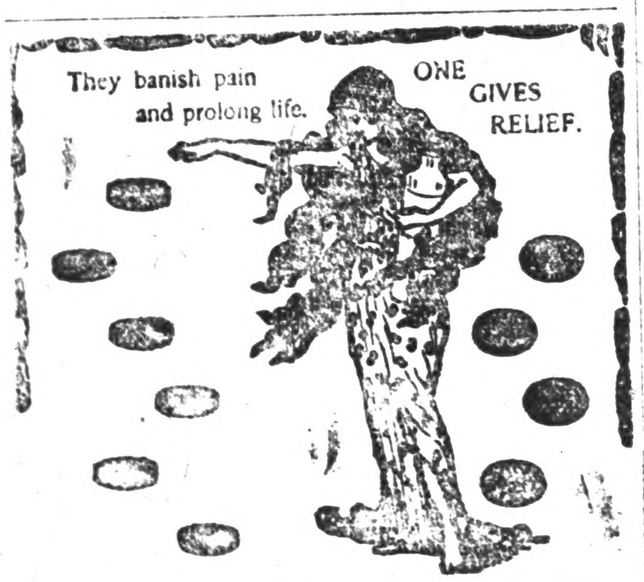

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Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

SPOOK'S FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

"I don't know, Marsden, how we can ever worm any sort of a confession out of her," said Lawyer Darke, with an accent on the pronoun. "If any comes, it will be because she is startled into telling it. A good scare, like a cyclone or an earthquake, might possibly do the business. No amount of persuasion or threats ever will, that's evident. Meanwhile I don't see what we can do for Miss Laura only to wait and try to conceive some new plan."

Speaking these words, Lawyer Darke descended the stairs of an old tenement, followed by Harry Marsden, and stepped out upon the hot pavement of the street.

It was the afternoon of July 3. On the stairs down which the two men had just descended crouched the small figure of a boy whose size indicated about the age of 7, but whose face said 12. The latter told the truth. The boy was emaciated to the last degree that one could hope to find him out of his bed, and his face was the color of chalk. His colorless lips were thin and delicate, and his eyes, large and burning and sunk in dark shadows, looked spectral in the gloom of the dirt strewn hallway.

"PLEASE GIVE ME SOME MONEY. I WANT SOME FIREWORKS."

The lawyer's words concerning the cyclone and earthquake had been meaningless to the author of them, but they were not meaningless to Spook. He knew the story of the pretty, pale factory girl in the attic room, penned up with an old woman who did not hesitate to abuse her every day and many times a day—that is, he knew that the girl called the old woman "grandma" and that "grandma" claimed that that relationship existed between them; knew also that there had been of late rumors afloat to the effect that Laura was not the old woman's granddaughter, that there was some money somewhere that ought to be Laura's and that the old woman could straighten things out if she would, but that this she refused to do. This much of a story had been roughly woven together in the neighborhood. How near to the truth it came none of the denizens actually knew, but Spook accepted it, gathered it carefully together and placed it in his mind as a sort of af environment about the words dropped by the lawyer.

Meantime Lawyer Darke went to his office to try and devise some new scheme for the benefit of his client, and the client, Harry Marsden, started for home. The real known facts from which these two hoped to develop a case of interest and good to all concerned were these:

About a year previous Harry Marsden had come into possession of a fortune from an uncle, one Joseph Marsden, who had died in England. The will had stated that Harry was made heir, as the nearest of kin known to be living, but that there was a possibility of the existence of a stepdaughter, the child of the uncle's wife by a former marriage; that if this girl could be found within the space of ten years half of the property was to be hers. The girl, the will continued, was born in 1874. At the age of 5 years, only a few months after the marriage of Joseph Marsden to the young widow, the child had suddenly disappeared, stolen from her bed in the night while the nurse slept soundly, and no clew had ever been obtained as to her fate.

The certificate of her birth had also been taken at the same time, for what reason was not known. The young mother had been frantic with grief, and her husband had employed the best detectives and spent money freely, all to no purpose. His wife died a year later. He continued the search as long as he lived at intervals and had his will drawn as described, with the additional testimony that one Harriet Carey had been a deadly and vindictive enemy of his wife and that he knew of no other person who would be likely to have stolen the child. What the reasons were for this enmity he did not state. As for a description of the girl, he could only mention one marked peculiarity which would be certain to remain as she grew up, and that was that while one of her eyes was a deep violet blue the other was more of a dark gray. This was hardly noticeable unless one observed closely, but remained a distinguishable feature by which she might eventually be identified.

It did not seem very likely that after 18 years of search this discovery would ever be made. But handsome Harry Marsden, in the honesty of his heart and his love of justice, fervently hoped that it might have been left for him to bring the discovery to pass. Harry was 26 and, strange as it may appear, had never been in love. He declared that the reason was that he had never met his ideal, not considering that the matter of an ideal has nothing to do with the divine passion as experienced on this mundane sphere.

However, after he had received the inheritance before mentioned, he had come to wonder if a girl with a blue eye and a gray one could be beautiful. He had heard of the great beauty of his uncle's English wife and wondered if the daughter resembled her, always providing that she was living. After long deliberation he had come to the conclusion that the phenomenon of two colored eyes would prove rather a charm in a fair face than otherwise and had contracted the habit of looking carefully at every strange girl he met who might be about 20 years of age.

How he did eventually meet the girl need not be related here. It was one of those accidents—as we count the workings of never erring fate—that happen every day. The world is full of them. So Harry looked into the delicate face, saw one blue eye and one gray one and saw his destiny.

Elated at the discovery (of the eyes, not knowing yet of the other), he at once saw his way clear to the end, or thought he did, but found obstacles in the path. Mrs. Carver declared that the fact of the peculiar eyes was only a coincidence, that the girl was the daughter of her son and that no one could prove that her name was other than Carver.

But fate was working in a manner of her own, and this brings us back to Spook, crouching on the stairs, pondering, perchance plotting and planning, as boy never planned before. There was something in the air, a force revolving about, which must be captured, put in the form of a thought, developed into a suggestion and thence to the execution or act that would bring about a desired result, a result beneficial to Laura Carver.

A boy from the street threw a firecracker into the stairway. It fell alone beside Spook. It hissed threateningly, then exploded triumphantly. A moment before he would not have heard it any more than he heard the noises of the street. But now his mind was at a point where the explosion came to him with terrible force, and he arose suddenly and made a motion across his eyes with his clawlike hand like the brushing away of cobwebs.

He looked down at the spot where the spent firecracker still glowed dully in the gloom; then he passed quickly down the stairs and into the street. He did not stop there, but hastened away out of the vicinity and up the street. He wanted some money. There was no money in that wretched place he called home, or if there was it was not for him. The drunken aunt who was supposed to care for him had no money to waste on Fourth of July fun for the boy. She had sold herself long ago for what she could get. She would sell the boy himself at the same price, only there was no buyer. That there was money in the world that would ere long buy him from her and place him in the niche designed for him she did not dream. Neither did Spook. He only knew that with the explosion of the firecracker in the dark stairway something had come to him like the sudden opening and shutting of a door through which he had seen clearly to the end.

But he must have some money. Spook had never begged upon the street. His spectral face would have been an effectual one for the purpose, but there was something within him which absolutely refused to do the degrading act, and no amount of threats had forced him to it. But tonight he must have money. Not very much, but money, and goaded on by his affection for the beautiful Laura he had aside all scruples so strangely imbedded in his child's strange nature of his environment and experience.

He paused where the light from an electric tower fell upon his thin, ragclad form and on his phantom face, with its burning eyes. He put out his hand to the first well dressed passerby and said a little waveringly:

"Please give me some money. I want some fireworks."

The man paused and looked curiously at the child.

"So it isn't bread you want? It's fireworks? Well, you are honest, anyway. Here's half a dollar."

Spook was stupefied at his instant and tremendous success. He tried to gasp his gratitude, but the man had walked briskly away. So he crossed to a store where fireworks were sold and invested the whole amount in firecrackers, a few matches and one great sized Roman candle. With his treasures clasped closely in his arms and his heart wildly beating he hastened toward home. It was after 10 o'clock, and he congratulated himself on making his purchase before the store closed for the night.

The night seemed to grow hotter, the atmosphere more dense and suffocating. The old woman slept a little fitfully and dreamed bad dreams. Sometimes she turned and tossed and fancied that she saw a pale, beautiful woman's face, sharp with anguish at the loss of her only child.

The bells tolled 12. At the signal there was an uprising of sounds from the great city. Voices rose up in wild cries, gunshots snapped and crackled, and cannon reverberated heavily through the night. But these were without. They interested the people generally. They made no impression on the old woman individually. She slept on, until crash! rush! bang! roar! crash! and she awoke to find that the end of the world had come and that she was already in pandemonium. The place was filled with the smoke of powder. The crackling and crashing were terrific. The fearful noises came from everywhere—below, above, all about her. The smoke grew dense and suffocated her. It suffocated and choked her.

A demoniac shriek, derisive, mocking, mingled with her own shrieks of terror! She sprang to the floor but her bare feet touched fire and were scorched. Evidently the gates of hell were opened and the devil claimed possession of her. Yes, there was the face of his captured souls here, ghastly, spectral, wrapped in a shroud, dancing madly back and forth, to and fro, across that narrow shaft of light. Sparks of fire seemed to emanate from it at every moment and curious sounds to come from its presence. Then and anon great blotches of fire upward from the writhing heads struck the low ceiling with a crash like the crack of doom. Horrors, the great creature came nearer.

"Confess—confess!" it hissed, glided to the door and sang in a wild, "Go forth and confess!" And it vanished again, waving its spectral wings and shrieking to and fro in awful glee. The old woman gave one high shrill scream and rushed and stumbled into the black hallway.

The explosion in her room had blown out nearly every tenant in the building. Lights flashed here and there, pale faces peered from their doorways and the place was rapidly filled with a swarm of witnesses. Into the presence of these the frightened old woman rushed, the phantom close at her heels.

"I do confess. I confess everything," she shrieked. "Yes, yes, Laura is the child of Mary Marsden! I stole her! I am Harriet Carey! It's all true. Oh, good ghost, save me, oh, save me!"

"The paper!" hissed the ghost, clutching at the old woman's arm with clawlike fingers. "The birth paper!"

She shrieked in newspaperese: "In the little tin box!" she gasped. "Laura knows—the one I keep locked!" Then she fell fainting to the floor. In the midst of the confusion that followed the ghost slipped quietly back into the room and vanished. Only the narrow shaft of light revealed the escape of the sheet wrapped form out through the window; only the walls heard its muttered words, "A cyclone or an earthquake might do the business!" As the phantom figure crept in at another window and was again swallowed up by the gloom.

When the gray light of the early July morning crept stealthily into the tenement house, it rested very softly on Spook, fast asleep in his wooden bed. The old sheet which covered him was burned in places and more ragged than ever, if that were possible. His fingers were blackened with powder and his thin face looked very white in the gray light. But there lingered on it no traces of a midnight revel. On the contrary, it was unusually peaceful and overspread with a shadow of content. Poor Spook! Faithful Spook! He smiles in his dreams. Happy Spook!

Already some bright forestalmen of the future is shedding its glow

"CONFESSING" [illegible] off his soul. Afraid he would [illegible] of rambling in green fields and [illegible] running waters. He saw Laura in her own happy home, with a tall and handsome husband waiting on every [illegible] and he, poor Spook, [illegible] a place and share in her. He smiles [illegible] ly. He is growing well and strong [illegible] the old life of misery is all [illegible] away and being forgotten. He [illegible] has traveled on ahead a little way and opened up to him in his dream the [illegible] and happy future dating from the Fourth of July morning when he celebrated.—*Detroit News-Tribune.*

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Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY AUGUST 29, 1901 — NO. 45

MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] with wind storms and rains [illegible] dry times anything that [illegible] light on weather prog[illegible] certainly acceptable. [illegible] we accept them they [illegible] to be correct. I was [illegible] started a few days ago [illegible] Hotel Lobby man in the [illegible] I stated that the Irish [illegible] peasantry looked upon [illegible] as indicative of [illegible] weather. You know what a [illegible] sky is—that flaky ap[illegible] in the heavens resembling [illegible], not the scaled variety [illegible] sometimes see in this part of [illegible] but the shiny beauty [illegible] from the ocean. The next [illegible] I was received when a gentle[illegible] who had traveled all the way [illegible] informed us he had met [illegible] men there and that they had [illegible] a mackerel sky was a sign [illegible]

[illegible] mackerel sky [illegible] and for long dry." [illegible] couplet is pretty well [illegible] throughout the United [illegible], and I have heard the [illegible] expression in different words [illegible] four quarters of the globe. [illegible] what is more observation leads [illegible] believe it is an almost infalli[illegible] sign of unsettled weather. [illegible], whom we are told, "at [illegible] their money like horses, [illegible] it, like asses, when idle [illegible] derive a good deal of en[illegible] in the dog watch (their [illegible]) from observation of [illegible], and the clouds are [illegible] as representing every [illegible] thing. One will find a [illegible] of clouds looks like a rail[illegible]; another can see his old [illegible] church with its steeple, and [illegible] will find them appearing [illegible] wood where he went birds[illegible] when a boy, while I re[illegible] one-footed old veteran who [illegible] always discovering a resem[illegible] to his "old woman" in [illegible] formation of clouds which [illegible] be twisted by a viv[illegible] imagination to represent the [illegible] of every woman. But one [illegible] on seeing a mack[illegible] we will have a change [illegible] and is sure as fate [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Hotel Lobby man, another weather nut to [illegible] Take a trip with me across [illegible] we will pass the [illegible] and land [illegible] as soon as we [illegible] the country people and [illegible] the weather they will [illegible] Friday will bring [illegible] Sunday. But we won't stay [illegible] the southern part of Eng[illegible] the midlands [illegible] from the [illegible] Sunday means [illegible] week. Now between [illegible] however they manage to [illegible] weather at all has al[illegible] a mystery to me. Can [illegible]

[illegible] is the sailors' de[illegible] in the morning is the sailors' [illegible]

[illegible] "shepherd" for "sail[illegible] meet the requirements of a [illegible] of a marine popula[illegible] here is another almost uni[illegible] weather couplet which is [illegible] a correct sign. When [illegible] sun diffuses its rays [illegible] horizon amid a set[illegible] purple and gold, Dame Na[illegible] inclined, and a [illegible] peaceful night with a [illegible] to follow is betokened. [illegible] the morning the sun arises [illegible] looking fierce and red and angry, look out for squalls, for Mother Earth is to be scourged with wind and rain and storm.

"When the wind is in the east
It's neither fit for man nor beast."

And that again is very true, no matter in what part of the world you may happen to be. An east wind is bad and uncomfortable anywhere. Other winds are affected by different localities, but an east wind never, it's always disagreeable. In Texas a "norther" brings cold weather and a blizzard; in Australia the "norther" comes hot and scorching, burning everyone and everything, but in either place the East wind is the same, "neither fit for man nor beast."

None but can be sorry for the sad circumstances attending the advent of Mr. J. M. Moore's family to Clanton. No sooner are they in their new home than their darling boy, a bright little fellow about four years of age, their only child, is stricken with that dire disease, scarlet fever, and in a couple of days his little body is placed in its last earthly home. I delight in thinking that all little ones go direct to the loving arms of Him who said: "Suffer the little children to come unto me." The pretty prattle of the little innocent is heard no more on earth, but who can doubt the little voice can be heard amidst the angel throng. The grief of the parents is sacred, but the sympathy of all is with them in this their time of trouble.

In the course of the next few weeks three educational establishments will open their doors in Chilton county, of which any county might be proud. There may be others, but those I speak of are, the University School at Clanton, which commences its ninth annual session, under Prof. E. Y. McMorries, on September 11; the Clanton High School, with Prof. J. M. Collier as principal, Sept. 9; and the Normal Institute at Thorsby, superintended by Profs. Rasco and Carmichael, Sept. 16. These three school are fortunate in having at their head such principals as Profs. McMorries, Collier and Rasco and Carmichael, each and all of whom have made reputations for themselves right among us. Here's prosperity to all of them.

Why are Judge Adams and Bro. Woods like Chinamen? Give it up, do you? Well, I'll tell you. Chinamen never can walk abreast of each other, but always go one after another. And that's the way the Judge and Bro. Woods went to the Indian Territory and returned in the same fashion. At the start it was Bro. Woods went ahead and the Judge lagged behind. On the home run the Judge took the lead and arrived home two or three days ahead of Bro. Woods. I can imagine them out in the Territory. Bro. Woods, in front, says: "What d'ye think of that corn, Bro. Adams?" The Judge replies: "Fine corn, that. I wonder how things are going on at Clanton." A little further on and Bro. Woods turns and calls the attention of the Judge to some cotton. "Yes," says the Judge, "cotton's alright, but I wish I was at home. Let's go home." And away they came, one after the other.

Better have a good medicine and not need it than to need it and not have it. See? Then just before you get hurt, buy a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. It is a record breaker for Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, etc., for man and beast. 50c a bottle at all drug stores.

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[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

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Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Verbena.

Mrs. F. A. Gulledge and son, Charlie, have gone to Columbus, Ga., to attend the funeral of her sister, who died there.

Miss Mary D. Meriwether, one of Snowdoun's brightest and fairest young ladies, who has been visiting friends here, returned to her home, to the regret of her many friends.

Hon Ned R. McDavid and family, of Montgomery, are stopping at the Clifton House.

Miss Sallie Rudolph, a charming young lady of Montgomery, is the guest of friends in Verbena

Messrs Bird Mitchell and C. G. Northington have been taking in the capital city this week.

We have a Klondyke of our own. We have gold mines near Verbena and if you wish to dig gold come up and we will let you dig some.

Miss Alabama Dudley, who has been visiting friends here, has returned to her home at Pleasant Hill.

Mrs. Godshall, who has been stopping with relatives in our city has returned to her home in Nashville.

Miss Jessie Herring of East Lake, is the charming guest of friends in Verbena.

Mrs D. M. Dickson of Montgomery, has been stopping at the Clifton House.

Messrs. A. N. Smith, of Birmingham, and John Barnes, of Georgia, have been staying at the Clifton House.

Verbena is full of lovely young ladies and the girls say all they need now is some good looking boys. Can you furnish them?

Chilton county has a fine corn crop and a very good cotton crop. The cotton is being damaged by the continual rains. The rust is running it in some places. I think the farmers here are in a better condition financially than they have been in years.

East Chilton.

We are still having a great deal of sickness. We had a storm last week, which was destructive to both corn and cotton.

Mr. H. Kendrick and family of Elmore were pleasant visitors here last week.

Mr. John Howard and family have been visiting relatives in Prattville.

Messrs. W. A. Goss and P. H. Connell visited friends near Jemison Friday

Mr. Job Mims was a visitor here again last week. It seems like Burwell is attractive.

Some of our good Methodists seem to be losing their mind because one of their members joined the Baptist church. I guess they will come around all O.K.

Oh yes! J. N. and W. A. Goss visited Poplar Springs Sunday.

I haven't seen the last issue of the Banner, or I might have had more to write.

I notice in the Reflector that the young men of Riderville are at public auction. If I were among them I would feel like remaining at home for a couple of years. I really think the young ladies of that section should be more lenient. Poor fellows.

SUDON.

They Struck It Rich.

It was a grand thing for his community that such an enterprising firm as the Clanton drug Co. secured the Agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvellous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50c and $1.00.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Thorsby.

Eleven new buildings at one time in course of erection is the record we are now making.

The Normal Institute is making good progress and will be ready for the opening September 16.

The new hotel near the depot is being pushed to completion The proprietor arrived from Chicago this week.

Our boys do a thriving business with every train, selling grapes and other fruits.

Prof. R. A. Rasco went to Birmingham on Monday on business.

Mr. I. E. Sarber returned from a trip to the North last week. He says crops are badly damaged by drouth, especially in Indiana.

Notice to Bridge Builders.

I will let to the lowest and best bidder, on Monday, September 9, 1901, a bridge to be built over Walnut Creek, near Clanton. Description of bridge will be given on that day.

RUFUS RIGGINS,
Commissioner.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3⅓ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3⅓ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage, executed by the trustees of Clanton Congregational church of the town of Clanton, to the Congregational Church Building Society, on the 4th day of February, 1893, which said deed of mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Volume 28 of Mortgages, page 475, and which said mortgage has been duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door, in Clanton, in said County, on

MONDAY SEPTEMBER the 30, 1901, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate in said mortgage deed mentioned and described, to-wit:

Lots number 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 12, situated east of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the town of Clanton, county of Chilton and State of Alabama.

ALEX G. DAKE, Transferee.
By ROB'T H KNOX, his Attorney.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date of July 22nd, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county, at Clanton, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER the 10, 1901, the following described land to-wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 29, township 21, range 3, in Chilton county, Alabama, which said land is to be sold under the decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of a division among the several owners thereof, who are the heirs at law of Edward Mims, deceased.

A. C. SMITH, Commissioner.

What A Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Clanton drug Co.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

PAINTING done now has the best chance to stand the weather. Estimates free. Prices moderate. MOORE, the Painter, Clanton

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov, 19, 1900
We have handled Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) ever since its first introduction to the public and trade as a proprietary medicine, and our trade in it has steadily increased from year to year until our orders now amount to two or three hundred gross per year, which is a very strong evidence of its merit and the satisfaction it is giving to the mothers of the country, for they say that nothing so effectually counteracts the effects of the summer's hot sun or overcomes so quickly the troubles incident to teething.
THE LAMAR & RANKIN DRUG CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School.

MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANCIS M. PETERSON,
President.

GOING TO SCHOOL?

The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.
Board $8.00 per month.
Send for catalogue.
H. J. WILLINGHAM,
President.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to

GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

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SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 3 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE,
President.

E W Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.
Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.
Correllated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.
Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.
Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.
Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.
$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 11, 1901. Write for catalogue.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER,
General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The only two six-masted schooners afloat came in collision off Cape Cod recently. This presents the suggestion that those who are fond of monkeying with problems of averages can figure out what the chances are for their doing this again.

Not until twenty years ago were circuses allowed to exhibit in Vermont, but the circuses used to skirt three sides of the State closely, and it was most gratifying to the proprietors to see the way in which the men, women and children of the Green Mountains used to troop across the border into New York, Massachusetts and New Hampshire to enjoy the feats forbidden to them at home.

Insurance interests in the United States are assuming vast proportions. During 1900 the life companies alone distributed $273,590,876. About one-seventh of this enormous total was paid policy holders in dividends and in the purchase of surrendered policies, the remainder representing losses. The distribution averaged $1,000,000 for every working day of the year.

There is prospect of a revival of the ancient sport of falconry in England. In a number of places this form of hunting is now often employed. Hares and rabbits seem to afford the best sport, and in order to provide plenty of game ferrets are run through the burrows the night before the hunt and the openings are then stopped up so that the hares and rabbits will be in the open when the falcons fly.

There can be no doubt that the responsibility of great wealth is more acutely felt in this country than ever before. Larger gifts are made in a larger way as fortunes increase in size and number. And we are glad to think that it is not pressure from without so much as humane impulses from within which stimulates to generosity, says the New York Post. Wealth sees poverty and need and stunted lives and unrelieved misery about it and yearns to be a rescuer, a creator of opportunity, and by voluntary distribution to undo excess.

The discontented worries of a morose person may very likely shorten his days, and the general justice of nature's arrangement provides that his early departure should entail no long regrets. On the other hand, the man who can laugh keeps his health. To the perfectly healthy laughter comes often. Too commonly, though, as childhood is left behind, the habit fails, and a half smile is the best that visits the thought-lined mouth of a modern man or woman. People become more and more burdened with the accumulations of knowledge and with the weighing responsibilities of life, but they should still spare time to laugh.

The Boston Herald takes occasion to analyze some of the statements concerning the amount of money paid by Americans to foreigners for the service of ocean transportation. It derides the assumption that the sum reaches $150,000,000 to $200,000,000 annually, but it does not attempt to make a close estimate of the actual expenditure. One percent of the cost of the goods shipped, it says, would about size up the business. If this is the case, $24,000,000 would pay for the transportation of our imports and exports. Perhaps the insignificance of the amount accounts for the fact that Americans have not in recent years made any great efforts to secure the oversea carrying trade.

"There is no question," says Dr. John H. Girdner, in Munsey's, "but that the confusing and discordant noises of large cities are detrimental to the health of those who are obliged to dwell in them for the greater part of the year. The injury to health from this source is not entirely of a local character. In fact, the irritation to the auditory apparatus—that is, the ear itself, its nerves, and its other appendages—is of less importance than the harm done to the brain and general nervous system by the roar and din of modern cities. Noise thus plays an important part in producing neurasthenia, or nervous prostration, a disease of cities and of modern civilization. Aside from the destructive effect on the general health, noise produces local changes in the ear itself which sometimes amount to chronic inflammation, and very often to partial deafness." Dr. Girdner advocates the prohibition of unnecessary noises by municipal c[illegible]

SOME ALABAMA HAPPENINGS

HER PRINCIPAL NEWS ITEMS BOILED DOWN.

CITY MARSHALS THE TARGET FOR BULLETS.

L. & N. Has a Blaze—Oil Matters Again—"Ten Years Ain't Long"—Mystery Near Anniston—Postal Service Extended.

L. & N. FIRE.

The freight depot of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. at Birmingham was badly damaged by a fire that raged within its walls for more than an hour Saturday night. The damage is estimated at $10,200. The fire originated in the record room near the front of the building. When first discovered it had made considerable headway, and by the time the fire department arrived the flames had passed into the freight warehouse. The warehouse was packed with incoming freight for Birmingham merchants and a large quantity of it was badly damaged. Four cars by the side of the building were scorched by the flames and slightly damaged before they could be moved. The damage to the cars was very slight, the contents being barely scorched by the heat. The cause of the fire is a mystery, but the theory is that a spark from a passing engine started the flames. When discovered they were eating the walls and roof of the record room.

MURDER OR SUICIDE?

John E. Patty, a farmer living near Edwardsville, was found dead in his house Thursday, having received a load of shot in the side of his head. A double barreled shotgun lay across the bed with the muzzle towards the dead man, while on the bed were found two rifles. Officers tried to find out whether there is any evidence of a murder or whether the old man committed suicide. Mr. Patty was quiet and peaceable and had few enemies. It seems a fatality follows the family. His father died in Bryce hospital, his brother suicided a few few years ago and his nephew killed himself with the same gun, and another brother was convicted for the murder of his wife and child about twenty-five years ago.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Calhoun County Sunday School Association it was decided to hold the next annual county Sunday school convention in Anniston on the second week in October. A speaker from a distance will be invited to conduct a Bible institute during the convention. The programme for the event is now being arranged. The convention will probably last four or five days and a large attendance is expected.

OIL IN DALLAS.

If reports prove true Selma will soon have the oil fever. Since the Texas oil discoveries much interest has been evinced over the appearance of an oily substance on the surface of streams in Dallas county, and a rumor is afloat that oil has really been struck.

IT IS reported in Montgomery that a new afternoon paper will soon be established there.

KILLED HIMSELF.

James George, a young white man, committed suicide at Pratt City Thursday by shooting himself. He shot himself in the shoulder, the ball striking an artery, and he bled to death before the doctor could get to him. A woman is said to have been the cause of the deed.

NEW RAILROAD.

The final legal steps have been taken to complete the organization of the Steel City's Railway Company, whose purpose is to operate a dummy or electric railroad between Ensley and Brookside. The captal stock of the company is fixed at $300,000.

GOVERNOR JELKS has gone to New York for a brief visit. The Governor made no announcement as to the purpose of his visit, but it is supposed that he has gone in connection with the finances.

RURAL POSTAL SERVICE.

Jefferson county will have twenty-eight routes on the rural delivery service which is soon to be inaugurated by the post office department. The carriers for these routes have been appointed, and public announcement will be made next week, giving the routes and names of all, together with the mileage they will cover and the persons who will have the benefit of their services.

THE TENNESSEE RAGING.

Fear of a disastrous overflow is apprehended by the farmers in the lowlands along the Tennessee river. The river has been greatly swollen by the rains of the past few days and in some places has swept out over its banks, inundating a number of cornfields and greatly damaging the crops, besides drowning live stock. Should the rain continue two days more, the crops in the bottom lands will be a total loss. A farmer says the cotton crop in his locality will be greatly damaged as the continued wet weather has caused the plant to take the rust. The present rise in the Tennessee river is unprecedented for August, as this is always a low water mark season of the year. This year has been rather remarkable from the fact that it has recorded four rises since early spring. It will be impossible for a week or more to compute the damage that has been done to the bottom land crops by the flood. In some places the crops are a total loss, being covered by twenty feet of water. This flood broke the summer flood record of seventy-six years. There is a legend of a big flood in 1825 that washed away all the bottom land crops and the present inundation is said to be the only one that can be compared with it in the extent of damage effected.

WARRIOR'S MARSHAL SHOT.

R. B. Blackburn, city marshal of Warrior, was shot and seriously, but not necessarily fatally, wounded by an unknown negro tramp Thursday. The marshal attempted to arrest the negro and he drew a 38-caliber revolver and began shooting at the officer, one shot taking effect just below the right breast. The tramp left the city immediately after the shooting and a crowd of determined citizens is after him.

Acting Marshal Yessick, of Warrior, has searched with a posse for the man who shot Marshal Blackburn last Friday, and Saturday a negro was shot who may be the guilty party.

SIMILAR ATTEMPT.

Thursday night Adamsville was aroused by three shots, one from the pistol of an unknown negro, the other two from that of Marshal Rolo. The negro being asked by the marshal to leave the depot, he started away. Pulling out a gun and a bundle from under the depot, he was asked to drop the gun and the reply was: "It is mine." And on the second request to drop it the reply was from the gun toward the policeman and the negro fled. The marshal fired two shots, which took no effect. The negro escaped.

THINKS HE GOT OFF EASY.

Hester Booth, 16 years old, at Tuscaloosa, Friday, was given ten years in the penitentiary for killing his father last October. In a dispute the boy shot his father, but claimed that his father had an ax in a threatening attitude when he shot. The testimony was not altogether favorable to the boy. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and fixed his punishment at ten years in the penitentiary. The boy throughout the trial was smiling and talking, with apparently no concern, and when the jury returned a verdict he smilingly remarked: "Oh, that ain't long."

A SPECIAL grand jury convened to investigate the recent lynching in Elmore county has found indictments against ten of thirty members of the mob. Several who refused to testify were placed in jail for contempt of court. These are the first indictments against lynchers in this state in many years.

WILL DOUBLE CAPACITY.

The Ashcraft Cotton Mill of Florence will double its capacity at once and work has already commenced on the foundations for the new building. The company will put in 3000 spindles and 100 additional looms. The mills have been in operation a little over a year and a half and have been very successful.

IMMENSE quantities of ammunition and arms are being manufactured in the arsenals of China, and immense quantities are also being imported.

DR. JAMES K. POWERS, of Florence, late president of the University of Alabama, and at one time president of the State Normal school at Florence, has accepted a position with the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company of Richmond, Va., being their representative for this state.

$65,000 worth of steel has been ordered for the bridge across the Bigbee river at Linden.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

AFFAIRS OF NATIONAL IMPORT PRESENTED TO THE PUBLIC.

SCHLEY CONTROVERSY STILL OF INTEREST

Stopped the Chinks—Indian Land Sales—Philippine Trade—Roosevelt's Children—What England Thinks About Us.

Probably the most important arrests ever made in connection with the smuggling of Chinese across the Mexican border into the United States were made in Arizona. William Hoey, collector of customs; B. F. Jossey, an immigrant inspector; Frank How, a Chinaman, and another Chinaman across the border were taken into custody by special agents of the treasury and secret service operators. Several Chinamen were furnished with money and sent on to buy their way through the official cordon. This was accomplished without difficulty, the price demanded being from $50 to $200. The secret service men also arranged with one or two employes whose honesty had been tested to go into the collector's office at a certain time and demand a share of the money received from Chinamen and to be admitted into the combination, so that they might get their share of the proceeds of future dealings. This was reluctantly agreed to and considerable sums of money were handed over in the presence and full hearing of a secret service man who had previously secreted himself in a nearby office closet. The officials soon found that Chinamen who presented a certificate marked with the letter "A" were allowed to proceed without question, while those having certificates that did not bear the letter "A" were turned back without ceremony.

It is quite freely intimated that General Shafter will be called to testify before the Schley court of inquiry, because of the publication of Malcom McDowell, over his signature, that he learned that the French consul sent word to Shafter's headquarters that the Spanish fleet, on the following day at 9 a. m., would make a dash out of Santiago harbor. Shafter, caused the information to be wigwagged at once to Sampson, on board the New York. Notwithstanding this information, Sampson withdrew with the New York ten minutes before the time set for the appearance of the Spanish fleet.

A continued increase in both the import and export trade of the Philippines is shown in a comparative statement compiled from the War Department giving the commerce of the islands for seven months ending January 31, 1901, and 1900. The total amount of merchandise imported during the seven months of 1901, was $17,999,167 as against $12,674,705 for the same period in 1900, and the merchandise exported was $12,637,359, as against $8,305,530, for the 1900 period. This shows an increase of forty-two per cent in the value of imports and fifty-two per cent in export values.

Vice-President Roosevelt's youngest child, Quintin, is now in Roosevelt Hospital, New York, and with his sister, Alice, has been operated upon. Miss Alice had an abscess of the jaw, and the operation she underwent was successful.

The progress of the complications of the Colombian and Venezuela continues to attract the attention of the authorities here who occupy the position of disinterested observers of an affair in which the United States has no direct concern, except in pursuing the usual course of looking after the property interests of the United States citizens in that quarter.

Attorney-general Knox has rendered an opinion on the question whether a certain western daily paper has violated the law prohibiting the use of the mails for advertising lotteries and similar enterprises. The paper some time ago inaugurated a guessing contest aggregating $15,000 in value, to persons making the nearest estimates of the number of paid admissions to the Pan-American Exposition from the day of the opening to the day of closing. The attorney-general says that unless plainly forbidden by law the remedy is with congress, and not with the department.

The London Daily Graphic in an editorial on the South and Central American troubles says: "The situation is almost intolerable, and occasions a very legitimate course by the United States. The earlier the government is established on a foundation, the intervention of the United States will become inevitable. The republics of the isthmus will experience the fate of Egypt unless they mend their manners before the interoceanic canal is completed."

At the Navy Department the matter of the service of Admiral Howison on the Schley court of inquiry is considered closed so far as the department is concerned and will be left to the consideration of the court. Mr. Hackett states that he has not received the reply which it is said Amiral Schley will submit in regard to the action of the department in declining to refer the Howison interview to that officer for a statement. Captain Lemley, the judge advocate general of the navy and the judge advocate of the Schley court has returned from Canada and will at once begin the work of compiling a list of the witnesses to be summoned before the court of inquiry.

Quartermaster Joseph Matthews, of the United States Cruiser Newark, who was married Friday to Miss Eva May Salm, of Camden, shortly before undergoing an operation, died early Saturday. Matthews had recently returned from the Philippines. While bathing last Sunday he dived from the board walk into two feet of water. His head struck the sand and his spine was badly injured. Matthews was engaged to Miss Salm and on being informed that he was likely to survive the operation, he sent for his fiancee and they were married.

Walter S. Logan, attorney for the Deleware Indians, has filed with the secretary of the interior, a brief opposing the applications of the Cherokee Oil and Gas Company for leases of oil land in the Cherokee nation. Their protest is made on the ground that they are citizens of the Cherokee nation, and have such rights as Delawares. They claim that even if the Cherokee authorities had authority to grant a license to the company, it had no right to authorize operations on lands owned by the Delawares.

It is expected that the sale of the Danish West Indies will be consummated this year. Denmark has concluded that it is absolutely necessary to dispose of the islands, and a majority of the Rigsdag favor the sale, as does also the public. The only dissatisfaction is in connection with the price, $3,750,000 being considered too small. However the final approval of the Rigsdag is believed to be assured, and it is expected that legislative ratification will be given in Washington in December.

MILLIONAIRE STRONG KILLED.

Sam Strong, the millionaire mine owner, was shot and killed Thursday by Grant Crumley. The shooting took place in a saloon, owned by Crumley. Strong, with three friends, had been out all night at various gambling saloons and at Crumley's had made a winning. John Neville, Strong's father-in-law, and Crumley got into an altercation. Believing that his father-in-law was in danger, Strong drew a revolver. Crumley jumped behind the bar, grabbed a shotgun and blew a hole through Sam Strong's head. He gave himself up to the police a few minutes later, and the following day was acquitted of murder.

PICNIC SHOOTING.

In a fight at a party near Nacogdoches, Texas, August 24, Sam Scott was shot and instantly killed. Hammond Scott, his brother will die as a result of knife wounds and B. W Beard was shot in the stomach and can hardly recover. His brother was wounded in the leg and foot and Jasper McDaniel was shot in the hip and may lose his leg. The three last named were attendants on the party which was given at Beard's home and had had nothing to do with the fight. The Scotts and a neighbor, Osceol Barker, were the principals, there being an old grudge between them.

TO swim from Boston to New York is the feat that Peter S. McNally will attempt, making the start next Sunday, the entire distance to be covered within thirty days. The actual distance is 282¾ nautical miles, but the swimming course will be very little less than 400 miles.

THE longest direct communication telephone line in the world will soon be in operation, with terminal at New York City and Los Angeles. This will constitute the missing telephonic link between the two oceans.

FOR PEACE.

A St. Petersburg dispatch asserts that the czar's visit to President Loubet will result in the opening of negotiations for the settlement of the war in South Africa. The settlement will be considered in an interview with King Edward. According to the czar's plan of settlement England will get mines and heavy indemnity in return for recognition of the independence of the South African republics.

NOTES AND COMMENT

Very few heating and cook[illegible] are used in Paraguay. A[illegible] have brick stoves built in them [illegible] iron stoves have little or no use.

On 300 streets in Berlin there are 44,000 trees, valued at $[illegible]. A beautiful does not come [illegible] it is such a satisfactory [illegible]

When it is considered that [illegible] suitable for lead pencils is [illegible] most every country on [illegible] ought to be a difficult matter [illegible] the graphite industry.

A pure water supply is [illegible] upon as one of the greatest [illegible] to the healthfulness of a [illegible] Manys foods—salads for [illegible] not be cooked or subject [illegible] fects of a high temperature [illegible] the other hand, washing [illegible] fected water may render the [illegible] of conveying disease.

A few years ago Phoenix [illegible] the centre of the Salt River [illegible] a sage brush desert. It [illegible] inhabitants, with an assess[illegible] valuation of $10,000,000. A [illegible] to the introduction of water [illegible] brought in canals from the [illegible] has turned the desert into a [illegible] ley, covered with ranches [illegible] with small towns.

A French investigator [illegible] of military and naval new [illegible] quickly. He states that [illegible] 100,000 men of the military [illegible] professions are lunatics [illegible] called liberal professions are [illegible] first to succumb to the [illegible] the lawyers followed at [illegible] by doctors, clergy, literary men [illegible] servants.

The fact that most scientific [illegible] tical about color photography [illegible] prove that it is a scientific [illegible] bility. Very few scientists [illegible] a machine could be devised [illegible] reproduce the exact sounds [illegible] man voice until Edison [illegible] world with his phonograph. [illegible] we are familiar with the phonograph [illegible] marvel at its simplicity.

A specialist has declared [illegible] per cent. of the curvature of the [illegible] not caused by actual bone [illegible] developed during school life. [illegible] ulists have shown that the most [illegible] ous cases of near-sightedness [illegible] in direct proportion to the advance [illegible] school grades. The school children [illegible] not be looked after too well [illegible] health is really the basis of [illegible] life.

Investments in oil, especially [illegible] Standard, are far less fluctuating [illegible] oil paintings. If carried long [illegible] "old masters" may be worth [illegible] tunes, though the old masters themselves sold them for a song. The [illegible] authentic records of paintings by Raphael, Rubens and Van Dyck sold [illegible] from $50 to $100 apiece in the eighteenth century. To-day some of them [illegible] bring anywhere from $20,000 to [illegible] In the British National Gallery [illegible] hangs one Raphael for which the [illegible] ernment paid the Duke of Marlborough $375,000. Raphael may have [illegible] $1,000 for it. In the same collection, however, there is one of Van [illegible] masterpieces, the portrait of Charles I., for which only $40,000 was [illegible]

One of the assured facts of [illegible] medicine is that defective digestion [illegible] overcome an inherited tendency to [illegible] ability and good morals. The [illegible] goes wrong under the demands of modern life, inducing neurasthenia [illegible] ous exhaustion and a long train [illegible] There is hardly a man who is able [illegible] resisting the cry of the stomach [illegible] foods which it cannot digest [illegible] ruinous expenditure of energy [illegible] the stomach has been removed [illegible] surgeon it has been necessary to [illegible] for sustenance on food that has been artificially digested. This has [illegible] person from the ills that follow [illegible] tive digestion and has led to a [illegible] regeneration, to a more vigorous [illegible] tual state and to perfect physical [illegible] Clearly, then, the way to human improvement lies through the [illegible] of the pestilential organs of [illegible] For the perverse and criminal [illegible] not laws, but a surgical operation [illegible] tiously observes the *Philadelphia* [illegible]

A well known doctrine of the trade-mark law is that no one [illegible] the name of a district or [illegible] well known article of commerce [illegible] by so doing obtain an exclusive [illegible] to such application as would [illegible] others inhabiting the same district [illegible] truthfully using the same [illegible] However, where a geographical [illegible] has acquired a secondary [illegible] its use in that sense may be [illegible] by restraining the use of [illegible] by others in such a way that [illegible] amount to a fraud on the [illegible] on those to whose custom [illegible] special meaning has become [illegible] It may be granted, therefore, [illegible] manufacturer of particular goods [illegible] titled to the reputation they [illegible] quired, and the public is [illegible] to the means of distinguishing between those and other goods [illegible] tion is accorded against [illegible] whether there be a technical [illegible] or not. The essence of the [illegible] sists of the sale of the goods [illegible] manufacturer or vendor for [illegible] another.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Discusses the Pros and Cons of Marriage.

MARRYING OF COUSINS A GRAVE MISTAKE

Deaf and Dumb Institute Figures Presented as Proof—Love is a God-Given "Institution."

When a young man falls in love and resolves to get married I reckon it is a good thing that he is reckless of the consequences. I was, I know, for I never thought of anything except the pretty girl and how happy I would be to get her. I had no thought of trouble or poverty or grief or war or death. The time was far, far away when the silver cord would be loosed and the golden bowl be broken. As for the girl, she is more reckless than her lover, even though her peril is far greater for hers is to be the pain and suffering, the care and anxiety, the sight watching and sometimes the broken heart. It is a mystery to me how a mother endures it all and holds up her head and keeps her strength. But she does for her offspring maternal love, [illegible] her. It is the gift of God. There was a marriage in our town the other day and as the crowds gathered at the church our neighbor, Mrs. Fel[illegible], stopped in the veranda to rest and see the battle from afar. She was, as usual, merry and sad by turns—sometimes the tears were glistening in her eyes and soon she laughed merrily and showed her pearly teeth. When the bridal carriage arrived she gave a maternal sigh and whispered, "Poor things, they little know what is ahead of them." Suddenly she branched off into a story about her little pet mule [illegible] that is now her daily comfort. "It watches me at the window," she said, "and when I go out it runs to me and lays its head on my arm and almost nestles in my bosom. Mary's lamb was not more loving. It bites and kicks at everybody else, but runs to me and [illegible] upon me with perfect adoration." She laughed again, but all at once the corners of her mouth drooped at an angle of 45 degrees and her voice trembled as she said: "But, major, I have at last come down to hard pan and misery in my old age. No cook, no help of any sort, and though yesterday was my sixty-fourth birthday, I had to pull the buggy down to the branch and wash it. Oh, my country!" She cried a little and then laughed a good deal more. Pearly tears and pearly teeth are attractive features in a woman. Nevertheless, between petting mule colts and washing buggies she still finds time to plead for the elevation of the poor country girls of North Georgia.

But what kind of a girl should a young man marry? Of course, she must be born of respectable parents; she should be virtuous; she should have a good, loving disposition and a fair education. She should be healthy and have no taint of her lover's ancestral blood in her veins. All of these qualifications have been discussed and treated over and over again, except the last. I am inspired to say something about that because its importance has long been overlooked—neither poets nor philosophers nor scientists have written upon it nor given any warning. A letter recently received from a young man in Mississippi asks if there is anything wrong in a man marrying his cousin. Yes, very, very wrong. The answer is found in the records of the asylums for the deaf and dumb and blind. Their chief patronage comes from the intermarriage of cousins. These institutions cost our state about $75,000 a year, and half of the expense could be avoided if the intermarriage of cousins was prohibited. I have not the reports of the blind asylum before me, but I know of three blind children of one family who were sent there, and they were the offsprings of parents who were cousins. I know of five children of a family who were sent to our deaf and dumb institute at Cave Spring. Their parents were double cousins. They had but one child who could hear and speak. She was a good-looking country girl. She married a clever young man who hauled wood for me. Soon after his marriage he moved to Texas and hired to a cattle man, and was so faithful in his service that in a few years he bought an interest in the ranch and prospered. I met him in Waco sixteen years after he left Georgia, and he was said to be worth [illegible], and his two elder daughters were at a boarding school at Waco, 12 miles from his home. He had six children, and, alas, one of them was mute. The taint had cropped out in the second generation.

Professor Connor, the faithful and long tried principal of our deaf and dumb institution, has tabulated the percentage of his pupils for many years, and reports that in 26 families [illegible] 45 mutes the parents were first cousins. In 12 families producing 19 mutes the parents were second cousins. In 11 families producing 15 mutes the parents were third cousins. Altogether there were 97 mute children of parents closely related.

Of the 400 deaf mutes 103 had deaf parents, and many of these deaf people are no doubt the offspring of the intermarriage of cousins.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Very few heating and cooking stoves are used in Paraguay. All the houses have brick stoves built in them, so iron stoves have little or no sale.

On 300 streets in Berlin there are 44,000 trees, valued at $100,000. A city so beautiful does not come too high, as it is such a satisfactory city to live in.

When it is considered that graphite is suitable for lead pencils it is found in almost every country on the globe, it ought to be a difficult matter to corner the graphite industry.

A pure water supply is rightly looked upon as one of the greatest essentials to the healthfulness of a community. Moses finally made the unique claim that the water of life was free. In the tropics, where temperature is high, the water problem is far more than a matter of health. It is a matter of life and death. In our town the crowds gathered at the house of our neighbor, Mrs. Felix Grundy Ferguson, to rest on her veranda and to listen to her talk afar. She was, by turns—and all by turns—her eyes were glistening in tears, she laughed merrily showing her pearly teeth. When she arrived she gave a sigh and whispered: "Poor woman! what is ahead of her!" Then she branched off into her little pet mule story for daily comfort. "It seems that a mule has to be daily comfort. "It goes me a-to the window," she said, "and when I come it runs to me and put its head on my arm and almost climbs in my bosom. Mary's lamb follows her everywhere but runs to me and butts me with perfect adoration. She laughed again, but all at once the corners of her mouth drooped to an angle of 45 degrees and her voice trembled as she said: "But, major, I have at last come down to hard pan and touch a raw old age. No cook, no help of any sort, and though yesterday was my sixty fourth birthday, I had to pull the buggy down to the branch and wash it. Oh, my country!" She cried a little and then laughed a good deal, maybe. Pearly tears and pearly teeth are attractive features in a woman. Nevertheless, between petting mule colts and washing buggies she still finds time to plead for the amelioration of the poor country girls of north Georgia.

But what kind of a girl should a young man marry? Of course, she must be born of respectable parents; she should be virtuous; she should have a good loving disposition and a fair education. She should be healthy and have no taint of her lover's ancestral blood in her veins. All of these qualifications have been discussed and treated over and over again, except the last. I am inspired to say something about that because its importance has long been overlooked—neither poets nor philosophers nor scientists have written upon it nor given any warning. A letter recently received from a young man in Mississippi asks if there is anything wrong in a man marrying his cousin. Yes; very, very wrong. The answer is found in the reports of the asylums for the deaf and dumb and blind. Their chief patronage comes from the intermarriage of cousins. These institutions cost our state about $75,000 a year, and half of the expense could be avoided if the intermarriage of cousins was prohibited. I have not the reports of the blind asylum before me, but I know of three blind children of one family who were sent there, and they were the offsprings of parents who were cousins. I know of five children of the family who were sent to our deaf and dumb institution at Cave Spring. Their parents were double cousins. The father had but one child who could hear and speak. This was a good-looking country girl. She married a clever young man who hauled wood for me. Soon afterwards he moved to Texas and became a castle man, and was so far as I know a service that was a few years ago. I got an interest in the ranch and prospered. I met him in Waco a few years after he left Georgia, and he was said to be worth $50,000, and his two older daughters were at a boarding school at Waco. 12 miles from home. He had six children, and yet one of them was mute. The other had dropped out in the second generation. Professor Crouch, the faithful and tried principal of our deaf and dumb institution has tabulated the marriage of his pupils for many years, and reports that in 26 families where 45 marriages the parents were cousins. In 15 families producing 39 mutes the parents were second cousins. In 11 families producing 15 mutes the parents were third cousins. Altogether there were 97 mute children of parents closely related. Of the deaf mutes 193 had deaf parents, and many of these deaf parents are no doubt the offspring of the intermarriage of cousins.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

A Grandfather Man Discusses the Pros and Cons of Marriage.

THE MARRYING OF COUSINS A GRAVE MISTAKE

Blind and Dumb Institute Figures Presented as Proof—Love Is a God-Given "Institution."

When a young man falls in love and proposes to get married I reckon it is a good thing that he is as reckless of the consequences as I was I know, for I thought of anything except the happy I would be. I had no thought of trouble or sickness or war or death. The future was far away when the wedding was consummated and the honeymoon began. As for the sickness than her love for her peril is far less than the pain and care and anxiety—the sometimes the bronchitis. It is a mystery to me how love grows and holds up under the strength. But it does. It is a maternal love, the gift of God. Years ago in our town the crowds gathered at the neighbor, Mrs. Felix Grundy Ferguson's veranda to rest and talk afar. She was, by turns—and all by turns—her eyes were glistening in tears, she laughed merrily showing her pearly teeth. When she arrived she gave a sigh and whispered: "Poor woman! what is ahead of her!" Then she branched off into her little pet mule story for daily comfort. "It seems that a mule has to be daily comfort. "It goes me a-to the window," she said, "and when I come it runs to me and put its head on my arm and almost climbs in my bosom. Mary's lamb follows her everywhere but runs to me and butts me with perfect adoration. She laughed again, but all at once the corners of her mouth drooped to an angle of 45 degrees and her voice trembled as she said: "But, major, I have at last come down to hard pan and touch a raw old age. No cook, no help of any sort, and though yesterday was my sixty fourth birthday, I had to pull the buggy down to the branch and wash it. Oh, my country!" She cried a little and then laughed a good deal, maybe. Pearly tears and pearly teeth are attractive features in a woman. Nevertheless, between petting mule colts and washing buggies she still finds time to plead for the amelioration of the poor country girls of north Georgia.

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Among these 400 pupils 89 marriages have occurred and there have been born to them 110 children, 89 of whom can hear and 21 are mutes. In 19 of the marriages there were no children born. Now, after one, two or three mutes have been born in succession to parents, it would seem a sin, if not a crime, for them to have more. The law should prohibit it. But if this cannot be done after marriage, the remedy for the future is to prohibit the intermarriage of cousins—yes, and second cousins. To be born deaf or blind is a sin against the child, and to have it supported by the state is a drain upon the treasury that might be avoided.

But being deaf or blind is not all the evil that follows these incestuous marriages. If the children are not deaf or blind they are generally under some physical disability. They are consumptives or epileptics or idiotic, and pass through life and leave no sign. Fortunately most of such marriages result in no progeny.

"Oh, well," some say, "the Levitica. law did not prohibit it." No, it did not, and I reckon that Cain married his sister. We know that Abraham married his half sister, and no doubt that is why no children were born to them except one by grace in their old age.

But it is said that the Roman laws and the laws of England permit such marriages. Yes, the Roman law did until Pope Alexander II stopped it and prohibited first, second and third cousins from intermarrying. The laws of England permitted such marriages because the kings and the nobility wanted to keep the crown and the titles and their estates in their families. And so our American people, who have patterned after English law and precedent for more than a hundred years, have been reluctant to make any change in this regard.

But the question is now coming to the front, and the time is coming for a change. It seems now to be an established and universal rule that these marriages entail upon the offspring evil consequences, bodily or mentally, or both. The evil effect of what is called 'breeding in" among animals leads to the conclusion that it is an universal law. Good stock, blooded stock, is not perpetuated in that way. Heard a conceited man declare that he was descended from the Carrolls, of Carrollton, in old Maryland. Suppose he did. That was six generations back and would give him sixty-four ancestral fathers and mothers, and hence he had only one sixty-fourth part of old Charles Carroll's blood in his veins. I know a lady who boasts that her father could trace his lineage back to Cromwell. That was eighteen generations back, and would give him 512,000 ancestors—not much of Cromwell's blood in her. It is astonishing how rapidly the ancestral tree widens. Two generations back gives a man only four great-grandfathers and grandmothers, but twenty generations gives him over a million. Just think of it, young man, and quit bragging about your ancestors, for there are over a million different strains of blood in your veins, and no doubt some of it is bad—very bad. My wife's grandfather was a Holt and his grandfather was a Randolph, and his grandfather was a Peyton and his was Lord Rolfe, who married Pocahontas. That was ten generations back, and gives my wife 1,024 ancestors, and therefore she has 1,1,024th part of Poky's blood in her veins. Mighty slim strain, it seems to me—not much Injun about her. One day I ventured to ask her about the other 1,023 parts that did not come from Poky and she never said anything, but looked at me in a peculiar tone of voice that reminded me it was none of my business. But I honor a noble ancestry. I used to think that maybe I descended from Captain John Smith, but on investigation found that he was never married and had no children to speak of.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

The whole island of New York was originally bought of the Indians for an equivalent of about $25. Today New York has a population of about 3,500,000, which is exceeded by only one other city—London. Its wealth is enormous; its annual expenditures are more than twice those of the Republic of Mexico, and almost one-third as much as those of the German Empire with its population of 52,000,000. And it has become the financial centre of the world, states the Ladies' Home Journal.

M. De Bloch, the peace apostle and friend of the czar of Russia, says that the Boer War has shown what undisciplined troops can do with modern weapons, against superior forces, and, he believes, the reduction of the terms of military service in Europe is imminent. Even at The Hague conference, M. De Bloch remarked in a recent speech at Vienna, the Italian military delegate stated that Italy would no longer be able o keep pace with the new armaments in prospect. That statement was stricken from the official minutes, and was never published. But it is well known that Italy can no longer bear the financial burdens imposed on her by the triple alliance, and public opinion is clamoring to bring about a dissolution of that oppressive arrangement.

MESSONNIER'S CUTE GARDENER.

How He Planted Fish Eggs and Grew Rer Herring.

A good story is being told about a gardener who was for many years in the service of Meissonier.

This gardener was not only wonderfully skilled in the art of cultivating flowers and vegetables, but he also was a true scientist, and as he was able to give offhand the botanical name of any plant that was shown to him, some of his employer's friends frequently tried to baffle him by handing him seeds or cuttings of exotic or other out-of-the-way plants, but they never succeeded.

Now Meissonier was proud of him, but he vowed that he would, once at least, bewilder him, and one day, while Emile Augier was dining with him, he summoned the gardener, and taking from his pocket a small paper package, in which he had previously placed some eggs of dried herring, he said to him: "Here are some curious seeds. Can you tell what they are?"

"Of course I can, sir," replied the gardener, and after examining them for a moment or two he gave them a most impressive Latin name.

"If you sow them now," asked the painter, "how long will it take for them to appear above ground?"

"A fortnight," was the reply.

"Well," said Meissonier, "I wish you would sow them at once, for I am curious to see what kind of plant it is."

A fortnight later Emile Augier, desiring to see the end of this joke, came to breakfast at the painter's villa, and as he and his host were at table the gardener presented himself and said: "If you gentlemen will oblige me by stepping into the garden I will show you the plants that those curious seeds have produced."

The two friends followed him to the conservatory, where he pointed out to them twelve odd-looking objects in a box filled with freshly watered brown earth. They stooped to examine them more closely, and the next moment they burst into shouts of laughter, for the strange objects were the heads of twelve red herrings.

Palatable Nutriment.

A strengthening liquid which an invalid soon learns to dread, but which is the oftenest prescribed by the physician, is a raw beaten egg mixed with milk or wine. Only those who have had this included in the daily diet for a time can realize how quickly it becomes distasteful, and numerous devices must be resorted to to make the raw egg palatable. For a change from the milk and wine prepare a cup of hot coffee, with cream and sugar, or as it is best liked by the invalid. Have an egg previously beaten very light, and gradually stir it into the prepared coffee, standing the cup holding the coffee in a pan of boiling water to keep it very hot. This makes a pleasant change, as it is very palatable as well as strengthening, and if beaten until thoroughly light and stirred quickly into the hot coffee the taste of the egg will not be noticeable; in fact, it will have much the effect of rich whipped cream added to the coffee.

A New Kind of Plant.

An entirely new kind of plant has been produced this summer by a man living in the suburbs of Chicago by means of a cross between the Scotch thistle and the ordinary greenhouse carnation. The flower is called the Centura, and is purple and white. The stalk is smooth, like that of the carnation, although stronger, and the leaf is similar to that of the thistle but softer to the touch. The blossom, too, resembles the thistle, but is larger and more delicate and ornate. The plant blooms profusely and can be grown out of doors in all but the most severe weather. The plants in this man's gardens have now attained a height of two feet, and the only point in which they are inferior to either the parent plants is in lack of perfume. The fragrance is faint, and slightly like that of the thistle.

New Smokeless Powder.

The United States Ordinance Board has been carrying on a series of experiments to determine the part which nitroglycerine plays in the corrosion produced in guns fired with smokeless powder, and to discover if possible a desirable smokeless powder with a small proportion of nitroglycerine as an ingredient. It is reported that the authorities have succeeded in producing a smokeless powder for the army that contains only twenty-five per cent. of nitroglycerine, and an explosive for the navy that does not contain any. Cordite, it is known, contains fifty-eight per cent. of this glycerine. A four-inch gun fired with the new powder 636 times and a four-inch gun fired 661 times, failed to show any appreciative corrosion when tested with a fine micrometer.

To Walk Gracefully.

In order to preserve a graceful figure, good walking and a correct balance are essential. Very few people know how to walk gracefully. The shoulders should be thrown back, the spine should be straightened and the back, just below the waist line, curved inward. The leg should swing freely from the hip-joint, and the weight of the body should be thrown upon the balls of the feet, not upon the heels. Correct walking means a light, elastic, springy step and a corresponding sense of freedom of action. If you walk correctly you will not get tired easily, and the exercise will be beneficial to the whole frame, bringing the muscles into vigorous action and aiding the proper circulation of the blood.

Germany has now 19,000,000 more inhabitants than France, 15,000,000 more than Austria-Hungary, 22,000,000 more than Italy.

The experiment of tobacco-growing in Ireland is now meeting with success.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Woman's Sphere—She Should Rule as a Queen in the Home—Its Value as a Field of Usefulness—The Mother's Influence on the Nation's Life

(Copyright 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage extols home as a field of usefulness and especially encourages wives and mothers; text, Genesis i. 27, "Male and female created He them."

In other words, God, who can make no mistake, made man and woman for a specific work and to move in particular spheres, man to be regnant in his realm, woman to be dominant in hers. The boundary line between Italy and Switzerland, between England and Scotland, is not more thoroughly marked than this distinction between the empire masculine and the empire feminine. So entirely dissimilar are the fields to which God called them that you no more compare them than you can oxygen and hydrogen, water and grass, trees and stars. All this talk about the superiority of one sex to the other sex is an everlasting waste of ink and speech. A jeweler may have a scale so delicate that he can weigh the dust of diamonds, but where are the scales so delicate that you can weigh in them affection against affection, sentiment against sentiment, thought against thought, soul against soul, a man's word against a woman's word?

You come out with the stereotyped remark that man is superior to woman in intellect, and then I open on my desk the swarthy, iron typed, thunder-bolted writings of Harriet Martineau and Elizabeth Browning and George Eliot. You come on with your stereotyped remark about woman's superiority to man in the item of affection, but I ask you where was there more capacity to love than in John, the disciple, and Robert McCheyne, the Scotchman, and John Summerfield, the Methodist, and Henry Martyn, the missionary? The heart of those men was so large that after you had rolled into it the hemispheres there was room still left to marshal the hosts of heaven and set up the throne intellectual. I deny to woman the throne affectional. No human phraseology will ever define the spheres, while there is an intuition by which we know when a man is in his realm and when a woman is in her realm, and when either of them is out of it. No bungling legislation ought to attempt to make a definition or to say, "This is the line and that is the line."

My theory is that if woman wants to vote she ought to vote, and that if a man wants to embroider and keep house he ought to be allowed to embroider and keep house. There are masculine women and there are effeminate men. My theory is that you have no right to interfere with any one's doing anything that is righteous. Albany and Washington might as well decree by legislation how high a brown thrasher should fly or how deep a trout should plunge as to try to seek out the height or the depth of woman's duty. The question of capacity will settle finally the whole question, the whole subject. When a woman is prepared to preach she will preach, and neither conference nor presbytery can hinder her. When a woman is prepared to move in highest commercial spheres, she will have great influence on the exchange, and no boards of trade can hinder her. I want woman to understand that heart and brain can overflow any barrier that politicians may set up, and that nothing can keep her back or keep her down but the question of capacity.

I know there are women of most undesirable nature who wander up and down the country, having no homes of their own or forsaking their own homes, talking about their rights, and we know very well that they themselves are fit neither to vote nor fit to keep house. Their mission seems to be to humiliate the two sexes at the thought of what any one of us might become. No one would want to live under the laws that such women would enact or to have cast upon society the children that such women would raise. But I will show you that the best rights that woman can own she already has in her possession, that her position in this country at this time is not one of commiseration, but one of congratulation; that the grandeur and power of her realm have never yet been appreciated, that she sits to-day on a throne so high that all the thrones of earth piled on top of each other would not make her a footstool. Here is the platform on which she stands. Away down below it are the ballot box and the Congressional assemblage and the legislative hall.

Woman always has voted and always will vote. Our great-grandfathers thought they were by their votes putting Washington into the Presidential chair. No. His mother, by the principles she taught him and by the habits she inculcated, made him President. It was a Christian mother's hand dropping the ballot when Lord Bacon wrote, and Newton philosophized, and Alfred the Great governed, and Jonathan Edwards thundered of judgment to come. How many men there have been in high political station who would have been insufficient to stand the test to which their moral principle was put had it not been for a wife's voice that encouraged them to do right and a wife's prayer that sounded louder than the clamor of partisanship! Why, my friends, the right of suffrage as we men exercise it seems to be a feeble thing. You, a Christian man, come up to the ballot box, and you drop your vote. Right after you comes a libertine or a sot, the offscouring of the street, and he drops his vote, and his vote counteracts yours. But if in the quiet of home life a daughter by her Christian demeanor, a wife by her industry, a mother by her faithfulness, casts a vote in the right direction then nothing can resist it, and the influence of that vote will throb through the eternities.

My chief anxiety, then, is not that woman have other rights accorded her, but that she by the grace of God rise up to the appreciation of the glorious rights she already possesses. I shall only have time to speak of one grand and all absorbing right that every woman has, and that is to make home happy. That realm no one has ever disputed with her. Men may come home at noon or at night, and they tarry a comparatively little while, but she all day long governs it, beautifies it, sanctifies it. It is within her power to make it the most attractive place on earth. It is the only calm harbor in this world. You know as well as I do that this outside world and the business world is a long scene of jostle and contention. The man who has a dollar struggles to keep it; the man who has it not struggles to get it. Prices up. Prices down. Losses. Gains. Misrepresentations. Gougings. Underselling. Buyers depreciating; salesmen exaggerating. Tenants seeking less rent; landlords demanding more. Gold fidgety. Struggles about office. Men who are in trying to keep in; men out trying to get in. Slips, tumbles. Defalcations. Panics. Catastrophes. O woman, thank God you have a home and that you may be queen in it!

Better be there than wear a queen's coronet. Better be there than carry the purse of a princess. Your abode may be humble, but you can by your faith in God and your cheerfulness of demeanor gild it with splendors such as an upholsterer's hand never yet kindled.

There are abodes in the city—humble, two stories, four plain unpapered rooms, undesirable neighborhood—and yet there is a man here to-day who would die on the threshold rather than surrender it. Why? It is home. Whenever he thinks of it he sees angels of God hovering around it. The ladders of heaven are let down to this house. Over the child's rough crib there are the chantings of angels, as those that sounded over Bethlehem. It is home.

These children may come up after awhile, and they may win high position, and they may have an affluent residence, but they will not until their dying day forget that humble roof under which their father rested and their mother sang and their sisters played.

Oh, if you would gather up all tender memories, all the lights and shades of the heart, all banqueetings and reunions, all filial, fraternal, paternal and conjugal affections, and you had only just four letters to spell out that height and depth and length and breadth and magnitude and eternity of meaning, you would, with streaming eyes and trembling voice and agitated hand, write the out in those four living capitals, H-O-M-E!

What right does woman want that is grander than to be queen in such a realm? Why, the eagles of heaven cannot fly across that dominion. Horses, panting and with lathered flanks, are not swift enough to run to the outpost of that realm. They say that the sun never sets on the British empire, but I have to tell you that on this realm of woman's influence eternity never marks any bound.

Isabella fled from the Spanish throne, pursued by the nation's anathema, but she who is queen in a home will never lose her throne, and death itself will only be the annexation of heavenly principalities.

When you want to get your grandest idea of a queen, you do not think of Catherine of Russia or of Anne of England or Maria Theresa of Austria, but when you want to get your grandest idea of a queen you think of the plain woman who sat opposite your father at the table or walked with him arm in arm down life's pathway, sometimes to the thanksgiving banquet, sometimes to the grave, but always together, soothing your petty griefs, correcting your childish waywardness, joining in your infantile sports, listening to your evening prayers, toiling for you with needle or at the spinning wheel and on cold nights wrapping you up snug and warm. And then at last on that day when she lay in the back room dying and you saw her take those thin hands with which she toiled for you so long and put them together in a dying prayer that commended you to God whom she had taught you to trust—oh, she was the queen! The chariots of God came down to fetch her, and as she went in all heaven rose up. You cannot think of her now without a rush of tenderness that stirs the deep foundations of your soul, and you feel as much a child again as when you cried on her lap, and if you could bring her back again to speak just once more your name as tenderly as she used to speak it you would be willing to throw yourself on the ground and kiss the sod that covers her, crying, "Mother, mother!" Ah, she was the queen, she was the queen!

Now, can you tell me how many thousand miles a woman like that would have to travel down before she got to the ballot box? Compared with this work of training kings and queens for God and eternity, how insignificant seems all this work of voting for aldermen and common councilmen and sheriffs and constables and mayors and presidents! To make one such grand woman as I have described how many thousand would you want of those people who go in the round of godlessness and fashion and dissipation, distorting their bodies and going as far toward disgraceful apparel as they dare go so as not to be arrested of the police, their behavior a sorrow to the good and a caricature of the vicious and an insult to that God who made them women and not gorgons, and tramping on down through a frivolous and dissipated life to temporal and eternal destruction?

O woman, with the lightning of your soul strike dead at your feet all these allurements to dissipation and to fashion! Your immortal soul cannot be fed upon such garbage. God calls you up to empire and dominion. Will you have it? Oh, give to God your heart, give to God your best energies, give to God all your culture, give to God all your refinement, give yourself to Him for this world and the next!

Soon all these bright eyes will be quenched and these voices will be hushed. For the last time you will look upon this fair earth. Father's hand, mother's hand, sister's hand, child's hand, will be no more in yours. It will be night, and there will come up a cold wind from the Jordan, and you must start. Will it be a lone woman on a trackless moor? Ah, no! Jesus will come up in that hour and offer His hand, and He will say, "You stood by Me when you were well, now I will not desert you when you are sick." One wave of His hand and the storm will drop; another wave of His hand, and midnight shall break into midnoon, and another wave of His hand and the chamberlains of God will come down from the treasure houses of heaven with robes lustrous, blood washed and heaven glinted, in which you will array yourself for the marriage supper of the Lamb. And then with Miriam, who struck the timbrel by the Red Sea, and with Deborah, who led the Lord's host into the fight, and with Hannah, who gave her Samuel to the Lord, and with Mary, who rocked Jesus to sleep while there were angels singing in the air, and with Florence Nightingale, who bound up the battle wounds of the Crimea, you will from the chalice of God drink to the soul's eternal rescue.

One twilight after I had been playing with the children for some time I lay down on the lounge to rest, and, half asleep and half awake, I seemed to dream this dream: It seemed to me that I was in a far distant land—not Persia, although more Oriental luxuriance crowned the cities; nor the tropics, although more than tropical fruitfulness filled the gardens; nor Italy, although more than Italian softness filled the air. And I wandered around, looking for thorns and nettles, but I found none of them grew there. And I walked forth and I saw the sun rise, and I said, "When will it set again?" And the sun sank not. And I saw all the people in holiday apparel, and I said, "When will they put on workingman's garb again and delve in the mine and swelter at the forge?" But neither the garments nor the robes did they put off. And I wandered in the suburbs and I said, "Where do they bury the dead of this great city?" And I looked along by the hills where it would be most beautiful for the dead to sleep, and I saw castles and towers and battlements, but not a mausoleum nor monument nor white slab could I see. And I went into the great chapel of the town and I said: "Where do the poor worship? Where are the benches on which they sit?" And a voice answered, "We have no poor in this great city." And I wandered out, seeking to find the place where were the hovels of the destitute, and I found mansions of amber and ivory and gold, but no tear did I see or sigh hear.

I was bewildered, and I sat under the shadow of a great tree, and I said, "What am I and whence comes all this?" And at that moment there came from among the leaves, skipping up the flowery paths and across the sparkling waters, a very bright and sparkling group, and when I saw their step I knew it, and when I heard their voices I thought I knew them, but their apparel was so different from anything I had ever seen I bowed, a stranger to strangers. But after awhile, when they clapped hands and shouted, "Welcome, welcome!" the mystery was solved, and I saw that time had passed and that eternity had come and that God had gathered us up into a higher home, and I said, "Are all here?" And the voices of innumerable generations answered, "All here." And while tears of gladness were raining down our cheeks and the branches of the Lebanon cedars were clapping their hands and the towers of the great city were chiming their welcome we began to laugh and sing and leap and shout, "Home, home, home!"

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 1.

Subject: Isaac the Peacemaker, Gen. xxvi., 12-22—Golden Text, Matt. v., 9—Memory Verses, 21, 22—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Connecting Links. Soon after the events of our last lesson Sarah died at Hebron, and Abraham purchased the cave of Machpelah for a burying-place for his wife. When Isaac was forty years old Abraham sent his servant to Mesopotamia, called Abraham's country (24: 4) because it was the place where the family of Haran, his brother, had settled, and where Abraham's father was buried. The servant succeeded in his undertaking and Rebekah was brought back to Canaan and became Isaac's wife. When Isaac was sixty years old Jacob and Esau were born. In B. C. 1821 occurred the death of Abraham. He had lived to the good old age of 175. He was "quiet and restful in his later years, growing in faith and piety, and guiding with his counsels and his example his son and his grandsons, Jacob and Esau, with whom he lived until they were fifteen years old, showing them acts of kindness and love." Abraham was buried in the cave of Machpelah with his beloved wife Sarah. At present this cave is covered by a Mohammedan mosque, which is sacredly guarded against the intrusion of travelers. When Jacob and Esau were thirty-one years old Esau, the elder, sold his birthright to Jacob for a mess of pottage. Gen. 25: 27-34. We read that he "despised his birthright." About a year after Esau had sold his birthright there was a famine in the land, and Isaac went to dwell in Gerar, which was the chief city of the Philistines. He seems to have been making preparations to go to Egypt, where his father had gone during the first famine, more than a hundred years before this; but the Lord appeared unto him and told him not to go down into Egypt, but to dwell in Canaan. At this time the covenant made with his father, Abraham, was renewed. Gen. 26: 3-5. It seems strange that when Isaac went to dwell at Gerar he should fall into the same snare that Abraham had fallen into in the very same place, but such was the case, for when they asked him concerning his wife, Isaac said, "She is my sister," for he feared they would kill him for his wife. This was untrue, for Rebekah was only his cousin.

12. "Isaac." Isaac was a man of faith, but in many respects a great contrast to his father. He was patient, but not enterprising and powerful. He was devout and submissive, but not active in organizing in God's service. His life was uneventful, almost monotonous. He was not physically robust, and seems to have come into a condition of bodily prostration, for he must have spent forty or fifty years in blindness and incapacity for all active work. "In the same year." While there was a famine in the land, when others scarcely reaped at all, he reaped thus plentifully. See Isa. 65: 13. "Hundredfold." Probably meaning a very great increase.

13. "Went forward." Hebrew, "going," that is, became increasingly greater. The Hebrew term for walk is frequently used in the sense of continued increase. See R. V. He grew more and more until he became very great.

14. "Envied him." Here we see how vanity attaches to every earthly good; prosperity begets envy, and from envy proceeds injury. Envy is the constant companion of prosperity.

15. "For all the wells," etc. In those countries a good well of water was a possession of immense value, and hence in their wars it was an object for either party to fill the wells in order to distress the enemy. Envy considers that which is lost to another as gain to itself.

16. "Go from us." Isaac does not insist upon the bargain he had made with them for the lands he held, nor upon his occupying nor improving of them, nor does he offer to contest with them by force, but peaceably departs. We should deny ourselves rather than quarrel.

17. "Valley of Gerar." The country around Gerar.

18. "Digged again the wells," etc. It is our duty to keep up the memorials of the great and good. The Philistines had filled the wells Abraham had dug, and Isaac resolves to open them again. Many of our enjoyments, both civil and religious, are the sweeter for being the fruits of the labor of our fathers, and if they have been corrupted by adversaries since their day, we must restore them to their former purity.

19. "Well of springing water." "Well of living waters." This is its meaning both in the Old and New Testaments. See John 4: 10-14; 7: 38; Rev. 21: 6; 22: 1. An unfailing spring was an emblem of the graces and influences of the Spirit of God.

20. "Did strive." Those that avoid striving, yet can not avoid being striven with. Psa. 120: 7. In this sense Jeremiah was a man of contention (Jer. 15: 10), and also Christ Himself, though He is the Prince of peace.

21. "Digged another well." "Never did any man more implicitly follow the divine command, 'Resist not evil,' than did Isaac;" whenever he found that his work was likely to be a subject of strife and contention, he always chose to suffer wrong than do wrong. He overcame evil with good.

22. "Removed from thence." We are told that he met the envy with patience and removed from well to well. At last the Philistines desisted. Endurance, meekness, the gospel spirit, are the only true weapons to use against the world. Isaac, like Christ, conquered by meekness. Abraham was the man of faith, Isaac the man of endurance, and Jacob was the man of prayer.

23. "Went up—to Beer-sheba." Isaac had trouble while among the Philistines. "To enjoy God's presence we must be where He is, and He certainly is not to be found amid the strife and contention of an ungodly world; and hence, the sooner the child of God gets away from all such the better; so Isaac found it."

24. "The Lord appeared." "The angel of the covenant—the Messiah. "The same night." "He needed special encouragement when insulted and outraged by the Philistines, and God immediately appears to comfort and support him in his trials by a renewal of all His promises." "The God of Abraham." "God is not the God of the dead, but of the living." Matt. 22: 32. Therefore Isaac is assured that his father has not perished by death, but that he is still alive. "With thee." Isaac was encouraged not merely by the Lord's blessing, but by the Lord Himself.

25. "Builded an altar." "Isaac first built an altar and then digged a well. Every dwelling-place of the godly should be a sanctuary. Here at last he had real enjoyment. He had an undisputed well which the Philistines could not fill up, because they were not there.

The hope is held out that we may yet be able to dispense with elaborate cooking. Several chemists are said to be at work on the problem of compressed food, and they expect to compass "in the capacity of a small vial" elements which will sustain life for days. One enthusiast predicts that science will yet be able to extract the life force that is in the heart of the corn, the kernel of the wheat and the luscious juices of the fruits.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

The Constitutional Convention is waiting on the printer. Probably a good many printers are waiting on the delegates, so, after all, it is only turn and turn about.

The first bale of cotton this season was brought into Clanton on Monday by Mr. Jim Edwards of Swift Creek, and was bought by E. M. Pinckard & Co. for 9 cents per pound. The bale weighed 492 pounds. As compared with last year this was two days ahead, the first bale last year having been marketed on August 28, and brought 9¼ cents per pound.

Quite a number of enquiries are reaching us anent the new constitution. At present all we can say is, wait! The Convention met again yesterday, and it will be probably not many days before the new Constitution will be presented to us in its entirity, and we can then discuss its merits and demerits, and decide whether it is any improvement upon the old Constitution or not. The old Constitution has answered very well, but if the new one is better adapted to modern requirements, let us cheerfully accept it, even if it is not all that could be wished. But we again say, wait? Let us not decide rashly; when we know definitely what the new organic law is we shall be in a position to form a just opinion upon it.

There is a serious problem confronting the merchants of Clanton, and more particularly the cotton buyers—how is cotton to be shipped under existing arrangements? The recent fire not only destroyed the depot, but the platform, with the exception of a few planks at the south end, went also. Cotton is now coming in, and it is only a matter of a week or two when it will be coming on the market in quantities. What is to be done with seventy-five or a hundred bales a day, and no facilities for shipping it? The L. & N. is usually very prompt in responding to the demands of its patrons, and this is a case where, we believe, it is only necessary for their attention to be called to have it at once rectified. The depot building we can manage to wait a little while for, but we hope to see the platform built without delay.

St Clair county has a sheriff who is determined to do his duty at all hazards. The law is all-powerful, and the prisoner has as much right to its protection as the most innocent man alive. When by due legal process a prisoner has been convicted, in due course the law will be carried out and the sentence fulfilled. The prisoner may deserve instant death, but in the best interests of the human race it is better to go slowly and deliberately to the prisoner's execution than to take summary vengeance upon him. The lamentable affair at Asnville, Ala., is greatly to be deplored. One white man killed and two more wounded, while the Sheriff defended his negro prisoner, is a terrible story. The negro had been tried, convicted and sentenced with unusual celerity and would in a short time expiate his crime upon the scaffold. This time was too long, however, for some rash men, who wanted instant vengeance. While we regret the fatalities, it is due to the Sheriff of St. Clair county to say he only did his duty. The law must be omnipotent or anarchy will prevail.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

The Convention re-convened on Wednesday and 115 delegates responded to roll call. The chairman of the Committee on Harmony said the report of the committee had been in his hands several days but the printers were not quite ready to distribute the copies. A resolution was offered providing for the appointment of a committee to prepare an address to the people of the State setting forth the advantages of the new constitution. It was referred to the committee on rules, and convention adjourned to 3:30 p.m.

Another fine piece of Clanton real estate is on the market. The four lots upon which the Congregational church stands are to be sold at public auction on September 30. This property is centrally located and would make ideal lots for residences at the present time, although it will not be a great while before that part of town will be needed for business houses.

It is doubtful if throughout the broad State of Alabama two more prosperous, go ahead towns can be found than the sister cities of Clanton and Thorsby. Both places are as busy as can be erecting new buildings in all directions—substantial buildings at that. There is nothing "shoddy" in Clanton or Thorsby.

Shocking Death of Oscar Gentry.

Oscar Gentry, a son of our ex-tax collector, B. M. Gentry, was shot and killed by a white man named Dan Connell, last Friday, at Patterson's mill, about ten miles south of Centreville, the shooting taking place in Perry county. It seems that several citizens had met at the mills for the purpose of enjoying a fish fry. During the day two of the party engaged in a fisticuff fight and in the effort to separate them, Daniel Connell and Oscar Gentry, became involved, resulting in their cutting each other seriously with knives. Friends interfered, and it was thought the trouble had been adjusted as the men all shook hands an agreed to be friends. The knife wounds received by both Connell and Gentry were serious, and a doctor was sent for. While awaiting the coming of the physician, for some cause, Connell seized a shot gun and fired on Gentry, almost disemboweling him. Gentry lived two hours after the fatal shot. Connell was carried to his home and his wounds, while serious, are not considered dangerous. Officers were despatched at once to the scene, and as Connell cannot be removed, Deputy Sheriff Robert Woolley is guarding him at his home. Deputy Sheriff Joe King arrested Crockett Fountain and Sam Green, charged with being accessories to the killing, and carried them to Marion Monday night and placed them in jail. A preliminary hearing of the case will be held before Justice Curry of Marion as soon as Mr. Connell's condition will allow his removal. Connell and Gentry were good farmers and stood well in the community. Whiskey is said to have been at the bottom of the trouble. Gentry leaves a wife and child. Connell is also married, and has three children. Gentry was buried Sunday morning at Jemison, a large concourse being at the cemetery. Great sympathy is felt for Mr. P. M. Gentry and all the family in this terrible bereavement.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

POSTPONEMENT OF OPENING.

In view of the prevalence of scarlet fever in Clanton, the opening of the above school is postponed to Wednesday, September 25th, by which time it is believed that the disease will be stamped out and the town safe for pupils. Because of this, we have decided to reduce our session from nine to eight months, and total expenses of session from $101 to $90.

E. Y. McMorries, Principal.

Astounded The Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The next Institute for white teachers will be held at Macedonia, eight miles west of Jemison and five miles east of Randolph, on the 13th and 14th of September, 1901.

FRIDAY

10 a m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 Welcome Address, John T. Martin. Response, L. E. Byrum.

11. Why educate? How? K. B. Deason, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

1:30 p.m. How should schools be graded? Ex-Supt. Judson Strock: Strock, G. L. Speer.

2:30. Would it be better to divide the county into School Districts? R. E. R. Hicks, Rob. E. Sessions.

3:30. My first experience as a teacher, J. H. Anderson, Miss Jennie Wilson.

SATURDAY.

9 a m. Chilton county Schools R. A. Rasco, Supt. J. W. Moore.

10. The importance of Physiology, F. D. Carmichael, Miss Tracy Garrett.

11. Educational Address, J. M. Collier.

A concert will be given by Prof. Martin's school, Friday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

Teachers coming on train will write Prof. Jno. T. Martin, Randolp, and have arrangements made for conveyance.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Will Good Times Continue?

It has been thought in many quarters that the extraordinary period of trust-forming, company-promoting, and general business expansion through which we have been passing for several years must end in a crash of proportions suited to the unprecedented magnitude of the new financial and industrial operations. This, of course, does not necessarily follow. As we have remarked in previous discussions of the business outlook, the amalgamation of capital and industry may prove to give greater steadiness to the general movement of business. There must, of course, be local speculative collapses, as, for example, in the oil-land craze of the Southwest, and in the premature overdevelopment of some forms of industry. Thus, although the progress in the manufacture of various kinds of self-propelling vehicles has been amazing, and their use is becoming quite common, it is possible that the further march of invention may prove disastrous to a portion of the large aggregate of capital that has already gone into automobile manufacture. It may be well at this point to call attention to a very valuable illustrated article that we present in this number on the make of automobiles in the United States. Generally speaking, the business of the country seems to be upon a firm basis, and the continuance of such industrial activity as may afford employment to all able-bodied workers seems to be fairly assured.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for September.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In the Probate Court of said County.

In the matter of the petition to probate the last will and testament of James Franklin Welch, deceased, late of said County:

To Darius S. Welch, at Bloomingrove, Texas, Vancey B. Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi, John Welch, who is an infant under the age of 14 years, residing with his mother, Annie Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi; and to all other the heirs at law of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, who reside out of the State of Alabama.

Take notice that on this day Oscar S. Welch, executor, filed in said Court an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of said James Franklin Welch, deceased, which is dated October 14, 1899, and is attested by W. H. Burns and J. L. Cox; and also filed this day in said Court their petition in writing praying the said Court to admit said instrument to probate and record thereof, as and for the last Will and Testament of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, and that the said Probate Court has appointed Sept. 16th, 1901, as the day for the hearing of said petition, at which time you may appear and contest the same if you desire.

Given under my hand, on this the 29th day of July, A. D., 1901.

Samuel M. Adams,
Judge of Probate.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Clanton Drug Co.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Fletcher	Beat 8	Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoults	" 7	"	4
Maplesville	" 7	"	5
Benson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Strasburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Coopers	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kincheon	" 6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made, and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE"

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 986 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2836 and 2838 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division. Fall Term, 1901.

Eufaula Mahan, Complainant, vs. W. J. Mahan, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of William M. Adams, solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, W. J. Mahan, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; that said Mahan resides in the State of Mississippi; and that the residence of said Mahan in the State of Mississippi is to said William M. Adams, unknown; and further, that, to the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Chilton county once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said W. J. Mahan, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, within thirty days after the 18th day of September, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama this 19th day of August, 1901.

W. E. Stewart,
Register in Chancery.

Wm. M. Adams,
Solicitor for Complainant.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tastless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

ing ourselves and our class, for we want you to come in and look our goods to your homes, then we won't have much moving to do.

REMOVAL SALE NOW ON

W. H. SARTOR
CLANTON

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Ala

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT. N. J. Calloway, Clanton. SEC'Y & TREAS. P. D. Wilson, Clanton

COUNTY AGENT:
B. T. Calloway, Coopers.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coker
8. John E. Fe
9. W. A. Ray

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, all stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

During the year just closed, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been single loss to the Association.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance to man. For full particulars call on or address the County Agent.
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Q

COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

West End Store

For the convenience of the people in this part I have opened a store at my place one mile west of town, and have a full line of

General Merchandise

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions, CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

THE NULITE.
750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS
Produce the most artistic light in the world. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 19th Century Marvel in the Art of Lighting.
They darkness into daylight turn,
And are instead of money burn.
No smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable, Hang or Stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only really successful Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps made. Burning like them Each burner 100 candle power. Sell on sight. Good Agts Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.
Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

TOWN ITEMS

February first Monday in April Monday in June second Monday in August first Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART

to-day 7½c. Ac B.
same date last year 8½ cents.
RECEIVED to date 1901 1902
Ward & Co
Total

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market price
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Nannie Merrill of Birmingham is visiting friends in Clanton.

Dr. N. S. Elmore returned from a visit to New Orleans. He reports a fine time.

Mrs. M. A. Moore and daughter Miss Julia of Mount Carmel are visiting the family of Capt. A. A. Middleton.

Mr. Jesse Hayes of Montgomery was in town this week.

Married at the residence of Mr. Wm. Heaney, Mr. E. H. Culp to Miss A. A. Mims, on Thursday evening Aug. 22, E. H. Deason, J. P., performing the ceremony. We wish them all possible happiness together.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Any druggist will sell you a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for 50c. and tell you what it is good for free of charge. Try it.

Mr. Harry L. Byrne and wife of Birmingham are visiting Mrs. C. A. Boyd, gradmother of Mrs. Byrne.

Miss Bertie Blanc of Verbena has returned home after a pleasant visit to Miss Ruth Abernathy.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and mother Mrs. Rhinehart are visiting relatives at Hartford.

Mrs. O. A. Duke of Deatsville was a visitor here this week.

Mr. A. Norrell of Verbena was in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Popwell of Energy were here yesterday.

C. W. WILSON is now getting in a full line in all departments and respectfully invites you to call and inspect them. Prices are put down very low and the goods speak for themselves.
C. W. Wilson, Clanton.

Miss Cora Bell is visiting friends in Birmingham.

Mrs. F. M. Woods has returned home after a pleasant visit to Bloc-

Mr. John Garner of Montevallo is spending a few days in Clanton.

If you, your baby, or your horse is colic, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure it and "don't you forget it." Only 50c. a bottle.

Mrs. E. A. Matthews, Miss Mamie Matthews and Miss Maggie Jackson visited Birmingham this week.

Capt. Mumford DeLarnette, of Montgomery, was in town Wednesday.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, Eclectic, a girl, at the residence of Rev. F. B. Tichnor, Aug. 27.

Mrs. Eugene Cowan has returned to her home at Gadsden, after a pleasant visit to relatives here.

Mrs. Dellardeleben of Tuskegee is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. Pinckard.

Mrs. W. L. Sampey came down to Gadsden to attend the funeral of her little niece, Evelyn Hickman, and returned home next day.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will abpreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 2nd and 3rd aves, Birmingham.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

T. James L. Meroney and Miss Ella Vinzant; Mr. G. L. Dawson and Miss Jennie Blackman.

Married, Bailey Holmes and Ella Garland.

STOPS THE COUGH and works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

VE ORIGINAL

SALE NOW ON

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CLANTON

...surance Association of Alabama

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...LE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

COUNTY BRANCH

...SEC'Y & TREAS:
...ton. P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

...OUNTY AGENT:
...LOWAY, Coopers.

...D OF DIRECTORS.

A. J. Wilson 7. C. J. Cabera
D. S. Robinson 8. John. R. Pur...
A. T. Hathcock 9. W. A. Mims

...gs, outbuildings and contents, and li...
...l and lightning.

...ed, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been a ...

...most sensible method of insurance kn...
call on or address the County Agent
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

October 1st
2 First Ave.
...NG AT CUT PRICES

...Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qu...

...ER DRUG CO.,
...CUT RATE DRUG STORE
...HAM, . AL...

...End Store
...the people in this part I have opened ...
...west of town, and have a fine stock ...

Merchandise
...COMPLETE LINE OF
...ats, Shoes, Notions
GROCERIES
KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

...NULITE.
...WER ARC ILLUMINATORS
...pen artificial light in the world. ...electricity or gas. Cheaper than ...
...A 20th Century Revolution in the ...darkness into daylight turn, ...ar instead of money burn.
No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely ...e Portable. Hang or stand them any...
...o manufacture Table Lamps, Wall ...ants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, ...and only really successful Incandes...
...ion Lamps made. They call at night. ...0 candle power. Nothing like them. ...anted. Write for catalogue and prices.
...ar Light Co. 81 Funk Av. Chicago, Ill.

TOWN ITEMS

...Commissioners' Court meets second ...y in February first Monday in ...and Monday in June second ...y in ... second Monday in Au...st first Monday in November.

...ANTON COTTON MART.

...to-day 7½ cents.
...same date last year 8½ cents.
...RECEIVED TO DATE: 1901 1900
...chard & Co. ... 1 ...
...lins ... ...
...s ... ...
...ns ... ...
...otal ... 1 ...

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market price.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

...Mr. ... Merchant of Birming...ham was visiting friends in Clanton ...

...Mr. A. N. ... returned ...from a visit to New Orleans. He ...reports a fine time.

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...Mr. Jesse ... of Montgomery ...was in town this week.

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STOPS THE COUGH
...and works off the Cold.
...Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets ...Cures a cold in one day. No Cure ...No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains, call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High-arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING

WARRANTED TEN YEARS.

FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some second hand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILES' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial.

If Grip threatens use Dr. Miles' Nervine.

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

THE VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co., clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kinchson
J. B. Downs, clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

TALKS ABOUT WOMANKIND

Of Ice-Blue Foulard.

An odd model for a foulard gown is of ice-blue, ringed with white and black. The collar, cuffs and flounce have rows of black bebe ribbon velvet, joined by diamonds of yellow lace, and the vest and sleevelets are of lace to match, the front held in with two crossed braces of black velvet ribbon. To be worn with this costume is a jaunty little hat of blue straw, trimmed with tea roses and black velvet.

Shirt Waists.

Six shirt waists should meet the requirements of most careful girls. To have a sufficient stock of blouses to be able to ring the changes in routine lengthens the life of each one considerably. Therefore, two of gingham, two of plain silk for afternoon wear and one or two of smarter nature for parties would not be too many, while, needless to say, the more the better. And when these are manufactured at home, their cost is really so very slight that one is justified in the extravagance.

Dainty Veilings for Summer Wear.

Veilings of every shade and variety, often of the faintest blue or gray, but by preference of white, are far and away the daintiest things for dressy summer wear this year. The simplest way to make them very smart is to put them over a Pompadour silk overskirt. The fabrics are so thin and sheer that the flowers just show through with a suggestiveness of color and shimmer that is irresistible. If your dressmaker is equal to it have one summer gown made with a princesse slip of Pompadour silk. All its elegance than will come from lines, and a few dainty shirrings or ruffles, these last tucked, at the bottom of the skirt, and some similar trimming on the bodice.—The Ladies' Home Journal.

Train the Boys Early.

The boy at five or ten years of age is marvelously impressionable—far more so than he ever will be again. Mothers get their strongest hold on the boys at this period, but fathers are apt to "wait until the boys become older." But then puberty influences the young mind, previously stored with a great variety of impressions or experiences, the early formative period is practically concluded, and while it is yet possible to mold the character, the nascent stage of development is past, never to return. Science and experience agree in proving that this nascent period of childhood is most important. The greatest church organization the world has ever seen is based on a realization of this fact. Education is being modified according to this principle. Parents and especially fathers, need to recognize it. —Good Housekeeping.

Most Extravagant Woman in History.

The Empress Josephine was allowed at the beginning of her reign $72,000 a year for her toilet, and later this was increased to $90,000. But there was never a year during the time that she did not far overreach her allowance and oblige the Emperor to come to her belief.

According to the estimate Mason has made, Josephine spent on an average of $220,000 yearly on her toilet during her reign. It is only by going over her wardrobe article by article and noting the cost and number of each piece that one can realize how a woman could spend this amount. Take the simple item of her hose—which were almost always white silk, often richly embroidered or in open work. She kept 150 or more pairs on hand, and they cost from $4 to $8 a pair.

She employed two hairdressers—one for every day, at $1200 a year; the other for great occasions, at $2000 a year; and she paid them each from $1000 to $2000 a year for furnishings. It was the same for all the smaller items of her toilet.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

English Working Girls' Clubs.

At the exhibition held by the English working girls' clubs in the People's Palace, in London, recently, great interest was shown in the departments of needlework and cookery. In the former branch the girls have found a new incentive to ambition in their desire to make extra clothing for themselves to take away on their summer outings. This is a marked step in advance of their custom of a few years ago, when a pocket handkerchief contained their entire outfit. They are now actually saving money with which to buy small trunks.

In cookery, a prize was offered for the best Sunday dinner for a man, wife and four children, at a cost of not more than 50 cents. It was found necessary to divide the honors between one young woman who supplied a meal of meat pie, mashed potatoes and rice, with stewed rhubarb, and another providing pea soup, with fried bread and dry mint, stewed beef and carrots, cabbages, potatoes and a plain pudding.

Twenty-two clubs were represented at the exhibition, comprising in all some 2000 members from the poorest classes of London.

Buckles and Buttons.

Buttons and buckles—what an incessant chorus these adjuncts make! On behalf of the former a good deal of applique work is employed, this taking the form of a delicate tracery in gilt, silver or aluminum on groundworks of smoked pearl, mother of pearl and imitation colored stones of every sort, kind and description.

Amethysts are wonderfully imitated and have become a great vogue. Amethysts and topazes have alike been out of favor and fashion for their allotted span, and the time is just ripe for their return.

Before the shrine of the turquoise all continue to bow in adoring worship, but this pretty blue stone has become a trifle too familiar to the sight to be altogether pleasant.

Many are doing their best to take coral seriously. Coral buttons, appliqued with dull silver are especially decorative. Broblingnagian buttons are not nearly so much in vogue as they were. Of course, they are to be found here and there when some particular period of style commands their presence. But decidedly of more pronounced popularity is the small button arranged in detached groups—two, three and four, as the fancy dictates. As to buckles, their story is a long and bewildering one. Scarcely in millinery can a buckle go wrong, and in this department do they seem to grow longer and longer and narrower and narrower every day. And it is buckles that create a decorative item in one's chic visiting toilet.

Art Colors in New Linens.

The new lines in art colorings are delightfully cool and very smart for summer wear, and are usually made without lining, being of a sufficiently firm texture to set well without further support. Nine to ten yards of linen will make a full gown and allow a deep hem to the skirt, but even less may be allowed for a bolero and skirt, and this is a very popular fashion for duck and linen.

Frills, flounces and anything of the full or fussy type must be avoided for linen, but flat bands of Russian galon or coarse lace of point d'Arabi type are most effective, and grouped lines of machine stitching and large pearl buttons are invariably an attractive combination. Some of the new galons or coarse lace are filled in with shaded or chintz colorings, and these are charming on red, blue and biscuit linen.

Very little of this trimming is required, and it must be laid quite flat and not put on full, as lace usually is.

Foulard gowns are always in evidence at this time of year, and many of the new foulards are wonderfully pretty, both in color and design, especially those who exhibit a light, graceful pattern in some delicate tint on a white ground, mauve and pale green being among the most effective. Like all other light fabrics, foulards require to be very daintily made, the skirts trimmed with frills or flounces, tucks and insertion, and the bodices prettily trimmed. A nice design represents a dress of mauve and white foulard, the trained skirt bordered with three rather wide tucks, a newer style than the little frills or shaped flounces, of which one so soon tires. Above are two bands of ivory Irish lace insertion, through which the mauve lining of the skirt is seen with good effect. The bodice is quite simply made, with tucked chemisette of white lawn with openwork insertion, through which is run black bebe ribbon, giving a very smart and pretty finish. There is a kind of half yolk of the Irish lace, and insertions of the same lace, while the picturesque sleeves have bands and cuffs to match the chemisette, and full puffs of fine lawn. This model could be made very inexpensively, in one of the nice "foulardines," or mercerized sateens in foulard patterns, or it is equally suitable for making up in one of the thicker muslins, especially those which exhibit a pretty haircord stripe. The hat with it is of black tucked tulle with paste ornaments and cluster of mauve poppies.—The Lady.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

The latest models in shirtwaists fasten down the back with pearl, gilt or silver buttons.

The linen batiste collar with lace applications is much favored by Parisian dress designers.

Heavy ivory white and ecru lace comes in sailor collar and cuff sets as accompaniments to shirtwaists.

White silk roses with black velvet leaves make an effective trimming for a white straw hat faced with black.

Parasols of miroir silk with inch wide fan tucks around the edge are very attractive, with carved handles of ivory.

Stockings made entirely of lace are among the novelties and silk mousseline stockings, handsomely embroidered, are also on the season's hosiery list.

Some of the newest sunshades are decorated with cretonne applique and valled in chiffon. Gold and silver spangles are seen on a few of the black lace parasols.

Among expensive novelties are belts of rattlesnake skin, tanned so that all the markings are preserved and the scales returned to their places. Self covered or silver gilt buckles are used as fasteners.

Deep hyacinth blue is one of the shades that is seen in bordered voile, a new fabric. The borders are sometimes of a darker or lighter shade than the plain material and occasionally of a contrasting tone.

While the military heel and broad toe have not lost favor, the new low cut shoes show pointed toes and high spool heels. The extension sole is still in evidence, but shoes are narrower and less mannish than last season.

GARDEN AND FARM

EFFECT OF RAIN UPON THE SOIL.

Rains and snows assist to a certain extent in adding fertility to the soil. In one year rains bring down about four pounds of ammonia per acre. Nitric acid, chlorine, sulphuric acid and ammonia are all brought to the ground, though the amounts are not large.

KEEP ONLY PRODUCTIVE COWS.

A cow that gives sixteen quarts of milk per day is worth two that give eight quarts each, for the reason that she will occupy but one stall, while the others require two. One cow will incur less expense to the owner for shelter and also for labor and care, consequently she gives more profit not only by reason of greater product but also because she is less expensive than the unprofitable cows.

BUILD CISTERNS FOR CATTLE.

Cows in order to do their best and give us the greatest amount of profit must have ready access to pure drinking water at least three times a day in summer. Farmers who have no wells or springs on their land should dig a few large cisterns around their buildings and see to it that the supply of water is constantly replenished by each rain. Cisterns will be one of the best investments they can make, for they are not only useful in summer, but in winter as well. During the cold days water freshly drawn will be drunk in pails full, whereas a few swallows would suffice if sucked through a hole in the ice.

POULTRY IN THE GARDEN.

Late in the season all kinds of poultry may be allowed the run of the garden, except geese and ducks, which should be turned out on a pasture. Fowls do not injure gardens after the crops are well under way, though hens with chicks will scratch for seeds on newly-prepared plots. The fowls will destroy many insects and also consume the seeds of some weeds. They also eat the young and tender weeds that are coming up. Geese will consume that persistent and annoying weed known as purslaine, or pursley, while both ducks and geese will thrive on green food entirely if allowed. It is a waste of grain to give it to fowls that have the run of grass and young weeds, as they can select for themselves all the food desired.

A LATE FODDER CROP.

Listing corn is a quick way of growing a late crop for fodder. A lister is a double plow, or a right-and-left hand plow set together at the landsides, so as to throw a furrow both ways, thus making a ditch. At the back end of the beam is a subsoiler, which stirs up the bottom of the furrow. The one-horse drill follows, which plants the seed, though the lister and drill may be combined if preferred. The seed is thus planted deep and somewhat thick, no checking being required, as the corn is cultivated but one way. Even as late as August corn may be planted with the lister, and as the method is a quick one the cost is not great. If too late to mature the corn it may be cut at any stage of growth and cured, but the proper time is when the ears are in the milky stage.

TRENCHING.

It is doubtful if there is any more effectual method of pulverizing the soil to the depth of two feet or more than by trenching. In fact, it is difficult to see how it could be done in any other way, as the surface soil which is the richest should be turned below and the subsoil thrown on the top. This is the indispensable condition of a good vineyard. It is not the mixture of the surface with the subsoil that is wanted, but about twelve inches of the surface soil, mixed up and put below, and the subsoil thrown on the top of it, a complete reversion of the soil, so the foot roots of the vines will have rich soil and make a strong growth.

There are other methods of partially accomplishing this result. One is to dig large holes and throw the rich soil below and the subsoil on the top. Another is to trench in narrow rows about two feet wide and deep, reversing the soil. And still another is by plowing with a heavy plow as deep as can be done, and follow after with a subsoil plow. This method might do in loose, rich or sandy soil, but in clay soil is of little value over digging holes. It is the cost of trenching compared with other methods that must be considered in going into the business on a large scale. Trenching costs about $75 per acre, in narrow strips about $40, digging holes about $15 and plowing and subsoiling about $25.—*The Epitomist.*

WHERE THE TROUBLE WAS.

While making cheese I once had a patron whose milk was seldom perfectly sweet. I expostulated and lectured, and he seemed to really try to improve matters, but without success. He claimed to aerate and cool his milk down to a low temperature every night, yet in the morning it would be on the verge of acidity. In passing his house one afternoon just as I had finished my day's work I saw his wife washing the milk cans, which had stood in the hot sun since early morning! The next day I told my delinquent patron that I had discovered the source of his trouble, and that if he would still continue to aerate and cool his milk with the same assiduity, and in addition see that his milk cans were thoroughly washed and scalded with boiling water before 8 o'clock every morning I would be almost willing to guarantee the quality of his milk. He did so, and we had no trouble thereafter.

Even with the best facilities, coupled with painstaking efforts, it is sometimes very difficult to preserve milk quality for twelve or eighteen hours in hot weather. Many fly to ice, and depend upon that solely. But this does not necessarily imply good dairying. If one is possessed of a supply of ice it is a valuable adjunct in these matters, but it should be used circumspectly. Do not cool milk down suddenly with ice before that milk has been thoroughly aerated. With pure air surrounding, and except in the most sultry and "muggy" weather, I have no fears of preserving milk quality without the help of ice. I would simply aerate it, and thus cool it at the same time.—Dr. G. E. Newell, in *Nebraska Farmer.*

BEES AS BLIGHT DISTRIBUTERS.

I have thoroughly worked out the question relative to bees carrying blight. The conclusion reached is that bees carry pear blight extensively, and with other insects are the principal or almost the only agency of distribution of the germs. The occurrence of the blight on the blossoms in great quantities and the great rapidity with which the disease spreads from flower to flower indicate a normal and very effective method of distribution. The germs were found growing freely in the nectar of the blossoms.

Bees were seen repeatedly visiting the infected flowers, and some were caught taking infected nectar, and by means of plate cultures the pear blight germs were isolated from their mouth parts. By covering parts of the trees with sacks of various kinds of material, including mosquito netting, and then artificially infecting certain flowers on the tree, the blight was observed to spread very freely over the uninfected and uncovered blossoms, but was entirely absent in the blossoms covered by mosquito netting.

Blossoms were infected and at once covered with sacks and the blight in such cases was retained in the infected blossoms. Pear blight germs died very soon after being dried up, and lived for only a brief period on exposure to weather conditions out of doors, hence they cannot live in dust and be blown around to any great extent by the wind. Pear blight virus, particularly that which occurs on the blossoms, is a very sticky substance, and is readily carried by insects, birds or other animals, but cannot be blown by the wind.

It may also be well to state that as a result of this serious charge against bees I was led to carry on an extensive series of experiments in the pollination of pomaceous fruits, and as a result of these I found that bees are indispensable to the pollination and setting of most of our pomaceous fruits, hence they should not be destroyed, as some California growers think. They simply carry the pear blight incidentally while performing an important and necessary function.—Professor M. B. Waite, in *American Agriculturist.*

SPRAYING AND CULTIVATING ORCHARDS.

In order to get the most from the orchards there is nothing like thorough spraying every season, and liberal fertilizing with ashes and commercial and barnyard manures. No surer protection against blights, droughts and other injuries can be conceived. The force of this is not always appreciated. Sometimes it is necessary to have a lesson brought straight home. Well, if one wishes to learn by experience, take two orchards or two parts of the same orchard, and spray and fertilize one and neglect the other. Keep at it for two or three seasons, in order to make sure of the results. If this does not convince one of the value of spraying and fertilizing, then you are justified in giving up both practices. Sometimes exceptionally good seasons will not make the difference between care and neglect of an orchard very apparent. When the blights and insects are not around in the orchards much, and the season is well adapted to produce good crops of fruits, even the neglected orchards will show a fair yield; but, then, every orchard in the country is full, and it is no sign of good farming that one has raised a good crop.

It is the off season that tells. When all other fruit trees are injured by the blight, insects or dry weather, then is the time that your trees will pay the most in full. It is in the off season that the experienced horticulturist makes his greatest profits. He has fruit to sell when nobody else has, and the high prices he receives for it make his profits large and satisfactory. It costs to fertilize and spray the trees every season; but the work will pay if done thoroughly and economically. The spraying should be so thorough on every tree and on every side and part of the tree that no insect is missed. Only in this way will the tree be absolutely guarded against attack. The fertilizing with ashes and manures should be conducted in the same thorough and economical way. Not a load of either should be wasted. Only so much as the trees and vines need should be used, and some years the soil may get so full that nothing but a little stirring and plowing will be needed. We do not wish to overfeed the soil lest it should get sour. Trees growing on rich soil, supplied with ashes, potash and phosphoric acid, will grow so thriftily that they will not be very susceptible to the attacks of insects and blights. They form their own protection in the strong, vigorous growth of root, trunk and leaves.—A. B. Barrett, in *American Cultivator.*

The sun spot was a little late in getting into the hot-wave proposition, but when it did arrive it made up for lost time by promising four years of sizzling weather.

About one-half of the world's requirements of camphor is produced in Formosa and about one-third in Japan.

A MEMORABLE SUMMER.

CALLED "EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND STARVE-TO-DEATH."

American and European Data Record the Season of 1816 as Having Been Phenominal in Almost Every Particular—The Sun's Rays Destitute of Heat.

There are few persons now living who recollect the year 1816, but European and American data represent it as having been phenomenal in almost every particular.

In New England the year went by the name of "eighteen-hundred-and-starve-to-death," and the summer months are known in history as "the cold summer of 1816," so remarkable was the temperature.

The sun's rays seemed to be destitute of heat and all nature was clad in a sable hue. Men and women became frightened and imagined that the fire in the sun was being rapidly extinguished, and that the world would soon come to an end.

Ministers took the phenomena for the text of their sermons, and pseudo-scientific men talked of things they knew not of, while the fanatics took advantage of the occasion to form religious organizations.

The winter of 1815-16 was very cold in Europe, but comparatively mild in this country, and did not in any way indicate the severe weather that soon prevailed.

Even the almanacs were silent, and although the usual indications, "about now look out for cold weather," or "this is a good time for snow" were entered in the regular portions of the book devoted to the winter predictions, those used for chronicling the pleasanter months had no such alarming warnings.

January was mild, so much so that for days the people allowed their fires to go out, as artificial heat made the buildings uncomfortably warm. This pleasant weather was broken by a severe cold snap in February, but this low temperature passed in a few days and a warmer condition, similar to the month previous, set in.

March "came in like a lion, but went out like a lamb." There was nothing unusual in the climatic conditions of the month which differed from those generally found in this windy season.

April was the advance guard of this strange freak in temperature. The early days were warm and bright, but as the month drew to a close the cold increased until it ended in ice and snow and a very low temperature.

To those who delighted in balmy May days and loved to watch the budding flowers the May of 1816 was a bitter disappointment. True, buds came, but so did the frost, and in one night laid all vegetation a blackened waste.

Corn was killed, and the field had to be made ready for another planting, but the people's astonishment was complete when they found ice formed to the thickness of half an inch in the pools.

June, "the month of roses," was this year a month of ice and desolation. The "oldest inhabitant" was surprised, for never before had the mercury sunk so low in the tube in these latitudes in the last month of spring.

Frost, ice and snow were common. Almost every green thing that had taken advantage of a few warm days to develop was killed, and various kinds of fruit were nearly all destroyed.

One day the beautiful snow fell to a depth of 10 inches in Vermont, seven inches in Maine and three inches in Massachusetts and Central New York.

Matters were beginning to be interesting. People were undecided whether to spend the summer in the south or at the seashore and mountains. One day the latter resorts were desirable and the next would decide in favor of the former, but on the whole the southern clime was preferred.

July was accompanied by frost and ice, and those who celebrated the glorious Fourth "not wisely but too well" found an abundance of ice handy for immediate use the next morning. It was not very thick, not more than one-sixteenth of an inch, but it was ice, and it caused the good people of New England, New York and some sections of Pennsylvania to look grave. That month Indian corn was destroyed in all but the most favored locations, and but a small quantity escaped.

Surely August would put an end to such cold weather, but the farmers as well as hotel proprietors were doomed to disappointment. The mid-summer month was, if possible, more cheerless than the days already passed. Ice formed even thicker than it had done the month before and corn was so badly frozen that it was cut for fodder and almost every green plant in this country as well as in Europe was frozen.

Papers received from England stated that the year 1816 would be remembered by the generation then living as a year in which there was no summer.

What little corn ripened in the unexposed states was worth almost its weight in silver and farmers were compelled to provide themselves with corn grown in 1815 for the seed they used in the spring of 1817. This seed never cost so much, being difficult to get even at $5 per bushel.

The last month of summer was ushered in bright and warm, and for two weeks the now almost frozen people began to thaw out. It was the mildest weather of the year, but just as the inhabitants got fairly to appreciate it old Boreas and Jack Frost came along and whitened and hardened everything in their path.

On the 16th ice formed a quarter of an inch thick and winter clothing that had been laid away for a few days was again brought [illegible] wrapped round shivering [illegible]

By this time the people had [illegible] all hopes of again seeing the [illegible] bloom or hearing the birds sing [illegible] began to prepare for a dreary winter.

October kept up the reputation [illegible] its predecessors, as there was [illegible] a day that the thermometer [illegible] higher than 20 degrees.

November was also exceptional [illegible] and sleighing was good [illegible] of the month but strangely [illegible] December was the mildest and [illegible] comfortable month of the entire [illegible] a condition which led many [illegible] believe that the seasons were [illegible] about.

Of course the cold spell [illegible] stuffs to an unheard of price [illegible] was impossible to obtain [illegible] many of the common vegetables they were required for seed.

Flour sold in 1817 at [illegible] $13 per barrel and the price [illegible] of wheat in England was [illegible] per quarter.—Boston [illegible]

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

French syndicates in Normandy [illegible] Brittany use the parcels post [illegible] ing table butter and cheese [illegible] tomers. Parcels weighing [illegible] can be mailed for 30 cents.

In Lake Minnetonka, Minn., there [illegible] a picturesque island which [illegible] name from the fact that it is uninhabited by man, and given over to cranes. Generations ha[illegible] decided upon this spot for a [illegible] resort. As time went on and the surrounding islands populated [illegible] had the heart to disturb them.

Speaking of rare and beautiful [illegible] tery, seekers after curiosities [illegible] delving in the earth near [illegible] on the Dardanelles, uncovered a beautiful vase. It is made of bronze [illegible] incrusted on the exterior with [illegible] It has three golden handles and [illegible] did relieve representing [illegible] scenes. The date of the vase [illegible] contained human ashes bones [illegible] pearls, is estimated at about B.C. [illegible]

A remarkable picnic took place [illegible] so very long ago near Chicago. The guest was "made up" as an animal, lions, tigers and foxes being prominent in this unique gathering [illegible] there was a fair sprinkling of [illegible] dogs and cats. When luncheon was served the "animals" proceeded to squat upon the ground, each after the manner of his or her kind and the eatables were then devoured with much gusto. This picnic which is described as a "Noah's Ark" affair certainly deserved its name.

The trial of the pyx, or the test of the money of the United Kingdom took place at Goldsmith's Hall in London the other day. The ceremony is a very ancient one. The first recorded trial for which a writ was issued took place in 1281. Edward III in 1363 formally established the ceremony which, down to 1870, took place at uncertain intervals. An act passed in 1871 however, stipulated that the trial of the pyx, which is a box or chest in which are deposited specimen coins, shall be held at least once in every year in which coins have been issued.

Very peculiar was the picnic in which a New York resident recently invited his friends at Narragansett, R. I. Every guest was requested to drive to the meeting place in a donkey cart and to be attired after the manner of a "dead-beat," or tramp. Some of the picnickers turned up in the real rags and for their amusement coon songs, "shies" and such like sports were provided by the host. To enhance the realism of the affair every lady and gentleman in the company affected ungrammatical speech and rough behaviour, and it was difficult to believe that the guests were made up of the most wealthy and refined members of New York millionaire dom.

At a Mexican Hotel.

The dining room is scrupulously clean, and the mozos are in attendance in their spotless white linen (which resemble our shirtwaists with the gathering string let out at the bottom), the corners tied in a knot in front below the waist. The first meal of the day is called the desayuno, and consists usually of several kinds of bread, some very light and sweet, with coffee if desired, also fruit and eggs, if you order them. After a very slow canter into the country on the back of a burro through banana groves to some haciendas, etc., you return promptly at 12 o'clock, ready for your comida. This is a full course dinner beginning with soup and rice. The dishes are novel and are quickly liked. Some of them are rather hot, but after a few meals you find your taste for chile con carne has become cultivated, and you enjoy the piquancy of the delicacies set before you. I have learned to be very fond of the Mexican's favorite, stuffed chiles stuffed with cheese and fried; a very delicious combination of peas, pineapple and banana together; meats dressed with olives, salad of the alligator pear (a fruit), onions, tomato and chile, the standby of all Mexicans, tortillas (corn cake) and frijoles (beans). These last are always served with the meat courses. Then we have dulces (preserved fruits) and cheese. The cena (supper) at 7 is of the same number of courses as the comida, very much like it.—Illustrated Magazine.

A man, walking day and night without resting, would take [illegible] to journey round the world.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS

SWEEPS THE COUNTRY CAUSING LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.

HUNDRED OFFICER DEFIES A MOB

Mrs. Brigham Young is Dying—Fatal Collision — Railway Changes—Warrior Dead—Chinese Students Now in California.

TERRIBLE STORM IN OKLAHOMA.

A wind and rain storm amounting almost to a tornado nearly demolished the new town of Anadarko Wednesday. W. P. Levis, of Weatherford, Tex., and John Antoine, of Paris, Tex., were killed by falling buildings. Dr. Mayes, of Wichita, Kas., was killed in his tent by an unfinished house blowing down on him. A number of others were injured, while about twenty buildings were almost completely wrecked and hundreds of tents and great quantities of merchandise were strewn over the prairie. The damage will amount to several thousands of dollars. The storm struck almost without warning. At Hobart there was almost a cloud burst, two and one-fourth inches of rain falling in an hour. Thousands of dollars worth of merchandise in unfinished buildings and tents was ruined, but so far as learned, no one was hurt. It is believed the damage to crops and live stock will be heavy. Chickasw, south, and El Reno, east of Anardako, in the Indian Territory, county, was also in the path of the storm. The damage there, however, appears to have been slight, and no one was reported injured.

DESTRUCTIVE RAIN STORM.

A most violent and protracted rainstorm, accompanied by wind which at times in some sections approached the proportions of a hurricane, swept over New York city, West Chester county, and the northeastern portion of New Jersey, Saturday afternoon. The most damage done was at Jersey City, where buildings were wrecked, including a church and a theatre. Jersey City had the worst storm experienced in its history. Two windstorms seemingly met and a cyclonic condition resulted. Horses and wagons were blown over, telegraph poles and wires fell. The steeple of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, the largest in the city, fell backward upon the church, the piles of brick from the spire crushing through the roof and down upon the pews. The roofs of twelve three story buildings were ripped off. In Vanderbilt Park trees that were the growth of many decades were uprooted or broken off. No one was reported killed or injured. The storm in New York city was confined to a heavy downpour of rain with a violent wind.

HIDDEN OFFICER REPELS MOB.

An unsuccessful attempt was made early Friday morning to lynch Dan Cotton and Charles Shipp, who are confined in jail at Lebanon, Ky., charged with murder. The mob called at the house of Jailer Clayton, but his wife refused them the keys to the jail. They went to the jail and began to batter the doors, when Officer Grant, secreted in a coalshed nearby, fired upon them. The mob returned the fire, but no one was hit. They then dispersed.

FLOODS IN KENTUCKY.

Reports come of a terrific water burst on Barnett's creek, in Ohio county. A number of houses were washed away and much live stock drowned. The Rough river, into which Barnett's creek flows, is backed up for ten miles. It is feared some lives were lost.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

A head-and street car collision late Friday in Atlanta killed one man and injured seventeen persons, three of them seriously. The collision occurred on a curve. The cars were running at full speed, and they came together so suddenly on rounding the curve that there was no chance to check the momentum or opportunity for the passengers to jump. It is understood one of the cars was behind time and was attempting to make a speed it should have reached had it maintained its schedule.

GEN. WILLIAMS DEAD.

General Robert Williams died Sunday night from apoplexy. He was [illegible] years old. General Williams was born in Virginia and was a graduate of West Point. In 1892 he was appointed adjutant general of the army and retired a year later. He married the widow of the late Stephen A. Douglas. He leaves three sons and two daughters.

days was again brought forth and wrapped round shivering humanity.

By this time the people had given all hopes of again seeing the flowers bloom or hearing the birds sing and began to prepare for a hard winter.

October kept up the reputation of its predecessors, as there was snow a day that the thermometer registered higher than 20 degrees.

November was also extremely cold and sleighing was good the first week of the month but strange to relate December was the mildest and most comfortable month of the entire year, a condition which left many people to believe that the seasons are changing about.

Of course the cold spell sent breadstuffs to an unheard of price and it was impossible to obtain for table use many of the common vegetables they were required for soup.

Flour sold in 1817 in the cities for $13 per barrel, and the average price of wheat in England was 97 shillings per quarter.—Boston Globe.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

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Speaking of rare and beautiful pottery seekers after curiosities, while delving in the earth near Lampsacus on the Dardanelles, unearthed a beautiful vase. It is made of burnet clay incrusted on the exterior with gold. It has three golden handles and spirited reliefs representing hunting scenes. The date of the vase, which contained human ashes bones and pearls, is estimated at about B. C. 400.

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A wind and rain storm amounting almost to a tornado nearly dimolished the new town of Anadarko Wednesday. W. P. Levis, of Weatherford, Tex., and John Antoine, of Paris, Tex., were killed by falling buildings. Dr. Mayse, of Wichita, Kas., was killed in his tent by an unfinished house blowing down on him. A number of others were injured, while about twenty buildings were almost completely wrecked and hundreds of tents and great quantities of merchandise were strewn over the prairie. The damage will amount to several thousands of dollars. The storm struck almost without warning. At Hobart there was almost a cloud burst, two and one-fourth inches of rain falling in an hour. Thousands of dollars worth of merchandise in unfinished buildings and tents was ruined, but so far as learned, no one was hurt. It is believed the damage to crops and live stock will be heavy. Chickasha, south, and El Reno, east, of Anadarko, in the Indian Territory, mostly, was also in the path of the storm. The damage there, however, appears to have been slight, and no one was reported injured.

DESTRUCTIVE RAIN STORM.

A most violent and protracted rainstorm, accompanied by wind which at times in some sections approached the proportions of a hurricane, swept over New York city, West Chester county, and the northeastern portion of New Jersey, Saturday afternoon. The most damage done was at Jersey City, where buildings were wrecked, including a church and a theatre. Jersey City had the worst storm experienced in its history. Two windstorms seemingly met and a cyclonic condition resulted. Horses and wagons were blown over. Telegraph poles and wires fell. The steeple of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, the largest in the city, fell backward upon the church, the piles of brick from the spire crushing through the roof and down upon the pews. The roofs of twelve three story buildings were ripped off. In Vanderbilt Park trees that were the growth of many decades were uprooted or broken off. No one was reported killed or injured. The storm in New York city was confined to a heavy downpour of rain with a violent wind.

HIDDEN OFFICER REPELS MOB.

An unsuccessful attempt was made early Friday morning to lynch Dan Hatten and Charles Shipp, who are confined in jail at Lebanon, Ky., charged with murder. The mob called at the house of Jailer Clayton, but his wife refused them the keys to the jail. They went to the jail and began to batter the doors, when Officer Grant, secreted in a coalshed nearby, fired upon them. The mob returned the fire, but no one was hit. They then dispersed.

FLOODS IN KENTUCKY.

Reports come of a terrific waterspout on Barnett's creek, in Ohio county. A number of houses were washed away and much live stock drowned. The Rough river, into which Barnett's creek flows, is backed up for ten miles. It is feared some lives were lost.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

A head end street car collision late Sunday in Atlanta killed one man and injured seventeen persons, three of them seriously. The collision occurred on a curve. The cars were running at full speed, and they came together so suddenly on rounding the curve that there was no chance to check the momentum or opportunity for the passengers to jump. It is understood one of the cars was behind time and was attempting to make a match it should have reached had it maintained its schedule.

GEN. WILLIAMS DEAD.

General Robert Williams died Sunday night from apoplexy. He was 72 years old. General Williams was born in Virginia and was a graduate of West Point. In 1892 he was appointed adjutant general of the army and retired a year later. He married the widow of the late Stephen A. Douglas. He leaves three sons and two daughters.

DAMAGE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Reports state that the heavy rains have resulted in the most disastrous flood experienced in many years. At Mauch Chunk the storm was attended by four fatalities. The Mauch Chunk is fifteen feet above its normal mark and towns along its course have suffered. Bridges, culverts and arches are destroyed and the loss will be many thousands of dollars. At Wilkesbarre a landslide occurred along the Lehigh Valley Railroad at the eastern approach of the Vosburg tunnel, and traffic was suspended for several hours. A washout on the Sunbury branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad delayed traffic several hours. Many collieries have been flooded and work suspended. Crops in the Catawissa valley, a farming section, are practically ruined. The Hudsondale reservoir broke through its banks and the tracks of the Lehigh Valley on the Quakake branch which runs close by, were completely inundated. There was a landslide on the Lehigh Valley which delayed traffic three hours. In some townships it will be necessary to lay a special tax to meet the expenses. In Snake Spring Valley holes eight feet beep were washed out in the road.

INSTITUTION IMPROVED.

Montevallo is pardonably proud of the handsome new addition to the Alabama Girls' Industrial School that has just been made. The new building is the result of an appropriation of $65,000 by the legislature. This, with the original buildings, makes the school able to accommodate about 400 girls. The new building is of red pressed brick and stone, and as finished is an ornament to the state. In an interview Dr. F. M. Peterson, president of the institution, said he expected almost 400 girls during the coming winter. More than two hundred of these can room in the building. A 30,000 gallon water tank placed twenty-five feet above the highest part of the roof gives perfect protection against fire. An elevator will be one of the conveniences, and an electric plant will supply light.

MRS. BRIGHAM YOUNG NO. 1.

Mrs. Zina Young, first wife of the late Mormon Apostle Brigham Young, passed through Helena Saturday, en route to Salt Lake City, in a dying condition from a stroke of paralysis. She was stricken at the home of her daughter near the Canadian border and her last request before losing consciousness, was that she be taken to her old home to die. She is nearly 80 years of age and for more than fifty years has been prominent in the Mormon church, until recently being the head of the Mormon Relief Committee.

MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMAN IN AMERICA DEAD.

Miss Maude Coleman Woods, of Charlottsville, Va., pronounced the most beautiful woman in America, died Saturday night of typhoid fever. Her profile is on the medals of award of the Pan-American exposition. Miss Woods was about 22 years of age. She was the daughter of Capt. Micajah Woods, and her beauty has been sung in song and story by the Daughters of the Confedracy.

MRS. COL. C. C. POST claims to be able to heal all kinds of diseases, even restoring the blind to sight, holding no disease incurable by her method of treatment. She is under arrest at Daytona, Fla., for sending through the mails circulars professing to cure patients at a distance by means of mental science.

WASHOUT CAUSED WRECK.

The Florda and Metropolitan limited train of the Seaboard Air Line was wrecked Sunday night due to a sand bank which had washed out. One man was crushed to death and three injured. The passengers escaped with a severe shaking up. The engine and four cars left the track and completely turned over. The wreck is a mass of debris. The tender of the engine was thrown fifty yards away. The track was torn up for 150 yards and every car was off the track.

FRANCE AND TURKEY.

The French ambassador, M. Constans, has sent a letter to the Sultan informing him that he would leave Constantinople with the entire staff of the embassy if the matters in dispute are not settled immediately. The letter was in the nature of an ultimatum. It accords the Sultan the briefest delay within which to comply with the demands.

PICNIC DAYS.

I.

Under the spreading chestnut tree
The well-filled baskets stand;
Containing chicken, pies and things—
The work of Bridget's hand.
And way off in the distance there's
A blaring country band.

II.

Dick battles with a bumble bee;
And Bob, with youthful zest,
Falls from the lofty chestnut tree
And papa and the rest
Proceed to eat the lunch upon
A yellow-jacket's nest!

III.

The gentle rainstorm rolls around
And when the day is late
They homeward wend their weary ways
And turn inside the gate,
And lie in bed and wonder just
How many ants they ate.
—Indianapolis Sun.

HUMOROUS.

Nell—Maud is the most generous girl I know. Belle—Yes; she can't open her mouth without giving herself away.

"I wonder what makes stocks so feverish?" "Well, they ought to be feverish when they absorb so much water."

"This potato is only half done, my dear," said he crossly. "Then only eat half of it, my love," she replied affectionately.

Wigg—Bjones has a great deal of adaptability. Wagg—Yes, I've even seen him grow quite excited over a game of golf.

"Say, pop," said little Willie, "what kind of fruit comes from an ambush?" "A bury," replied the old man. And silence reigned.

Hoax—Henpeckke says he is taking the rest cure. Joax—Why, I see him every day. Hoax—I know it, but his wife's away.

Sillicus—Do you believe that all poets wear their hair long? Cynicus—No; some of them get bald and others get married.

"Here's a story about a surgeon who amputated his own hand. Do you believe it?" "I suppose it's possible. Perhaps he took ether first."

"It is the unexpected that always happens," remarked the optimist. "Not with me," grumbled the pessimist; "I'm always expecting it."

"Barbara's engagement to Prof. Snopps is broken." "On what ground?" "Well, he lent her historical novels to read and then persisted in examing her on them."

Rollingstone Nomoss—I cum acrosst a dog de odder day wot was so tame he eat out o' me hand. Ragson Tatters—I encountered a dog onct wot eat out o' me leg. I got the scar yet.

Blobbs—For a married man he has wonderful self control. Slobbs—Why do you say "for a married man?" Blobbs—Why, he never gets off any of the bright sayings of his children.

"Gracious goodness, Harriet, seven trunks." "Don't get excited, Harry. I haven't packed a thing except that little list of 'Home Comforts for the Summer Vacation' which you clipped out of the newspaper."

ARMY NO PLACE FOR MAN IN LOVE.

So Says the Corporal Whose Captain Forbids Him to Marry.

"The army is no place for a man who falls in love," muttered the corporal connected with one of the uptown recruiting stations the other day.

He took a picture out of his pocket and looked at it longingly. It was of a girl with short, curly hair, and her white felt hat was pulled down over one eye, as a contrast to the direction taken by its white chicken feather. The corporal's eyes said that it was about the finest thing he had ever seen. There was love in them.

"This is a picture of my girl. Lulu is her name, and she's the finest ever. Her and me want to get tied up, and if it wasn't for this blamed army business we would have been spliced long ago."

"Has the army a legal right to keep you from getting married?" asked the visitor in amazement.

"Of course, this is supposed to be a free country, but they can make it mighty uncomfortable for you in the army if you get spliced without permission" said the corporal. "They can't stop you, but they can take your stripes away and refuse to let you re-enlist. I worked hard for these." He pointed to his chevrons and stroked them with affection. "I don't want to lose them. My captain is a surly old cuss, that never could get any girl to love him, and so he don't believe there is such a thing as love. I asked him for permission to marry Lulu. Told him all about her good job, and how we wouldn't never become a charge on the company.

"'Marriage,' says he, 'is a bloomin' failure, and you'd best keep out of it. Married corporals are a curse to any company, and if you become one you'll have to look for another job when your enlistment runs out.'

"What can I do? The army is my profession."

"If I loved a girl and she'd have me, I'd marry her in spite of everything," said the visitor.

"Yes, and get another job if your employer didn't like it. You forget there is only one army in this country.' And he put the picture away.—New York Tribune.

A Distorted View.

A British manufacturer seems to have a rooted objection to the risk of enlarging his works. He will rather say he is too busy, and send orders away. He looks on a pressure of work as a temporary evil, which will blow over if he does not do anything.—The Engineer.

Stretching an Injunction.

"Your Honor," said the lawyer, "my client has reason to believe that the police are about to interfere arbitrarily with his business, and he would like to have an injunction restraining them from looking at him while he is at work or touching the tools of his profession."

"I do not see," said the learned judge, "why we should go so far as to restrain the police from looking at your client."

"He is of a very nervous temperament, your honor, and to be watched while at work seriously disturbs him."

"In that case," the judge admitted, "the demand seems reasonable. What is your client's business?"

"He is a burglar, your honor."

With the aid of a microphone you can hear a fly walk.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Wolves, the most energetic travelers among the lower animals, are comparatively short lived.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The longest pipe line in the United States is to be built from Wyoming to Salt Lake City.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

No matter how bad music may be it never comes out at the small end of the horn.

In Portugal electric lights are attached to the collars of hunting dogs to scare foxes and badgers from their holes as the dogs enter.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

There are 1700 Indians in Arizona owning farms.

Short-Lived Insects.

The life of a perfect insect is usually very brief. Of all the myraids of butterflies and moths, bees and wasps, flies and beetles, which make up one of the most marked features of the summer, the vast majority will die before the season is over. A mere handful will survive into next year, while few, indeed, are those that will live to see a second summer. The duration of the larval stage is much longer. The dragon-fly nymph, as it is called, lives 11 months in the water. The perfect insect that emerges from it has only a few weeks, at most, of sunshine and the upper air. There are flies which live only for a single day, taking in that time no food, having, indeed, no mouths by which to take it.

Clubs Have Their Advantages.

I think it must be owned that the departures from the old order of home life have greatly ameliorated the condition of the weak, the timid, the less self-assertive writes Bishop Potter in the Woman's Companion. In any given home circle it is not always the cleverest or the strongest who claims and exercises the mastery. A shrinking and sensitive nature will not fight for its precedence in the home any more than out of it. A gentle, modest woman will often be overborne by her loud, pushing and vulgarly modern children. A man of refinement and real force will often let himself be bullied by a brawling woman because his very nature makes him "no brawler." Now, in the old days, so far as social intercourse was concerned, it was largely a question of the home or—nothing. If there was no bright talk, no diverting recreation, no songs and laughter there, there was none anywhere.

Reforms That Were Expensive.

About three-quarters of a railroad's receipts come from the freight department. The passenger department supplies nearly all the rest, the income from mail, express and other privileges being comparatively small. Carrying passengers is a simple matter, or would be, if state legislatures did not now and then take a hand in prescribing added specifications for railroad passenger service. In Ohio a law was passed decreeing that the height between the platform and the lowest steps of passenger coaches should not exceed 12 inches. This cost the railroads nearly $100,000, and the reform led to the abolition of a number of flag stops where the passengers had been quite willing to scramble up off the ballast.—Ainslee's Magazine.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

A man may own a watch that is a good timekeeper, and yet he may not have a good time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

An ostrich which was lately dissected in London had in its stomach a small prayer book.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Only nineteen of the seventy Berlin tram lines are now worked by horse traction.

Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Dizzy?

Then your liver isn't acting well. You suffer from biliousness, constipation. Ayer's Pills act directly on the liver. For 60 years they have been the Standard Family Pill. Small doses cure. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

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Intense pain in the eye is often excruciating and calls for immediate relief. Mitchell's Eye Salve will do more for the sufferer than all the new-fangled remedies put together. Mitchell's is an old, reliable salve. Price, 25c.

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Well equipped Laboratories, excellent Teachers, a free Dispensary, where hundreds of prescriptions by the best physicians are compounded daily by the students. Students obtain first-class practical instruction as well as that of a theoretical nature. There is a greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Address DR. GEO. F. PAYNE, Payne's Chemical Laboratory, Room H, Atlanta, Ga.

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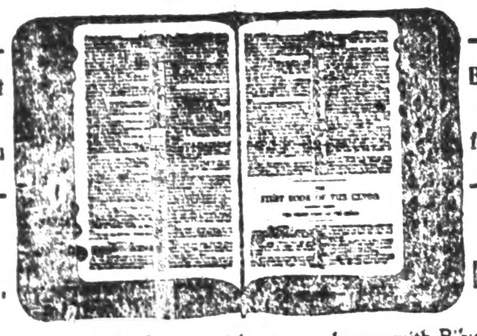

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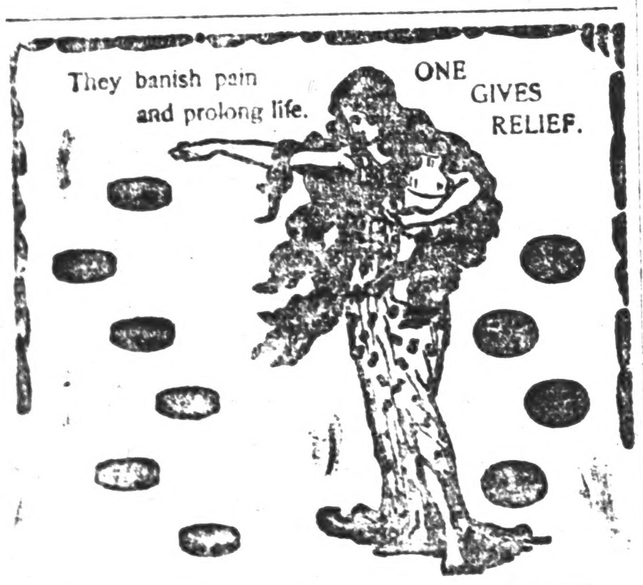

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1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

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has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

GREENWOOD, LA., Oct. 14, 1900.

I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.

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For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

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Headache bad? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

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The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop-Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonia and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
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Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY, T. P. A. Sun Set Route," Montgomery, Ala.

A Water Melon Party.

For a short while Tuesday evening the young people of Clanton were very blue. They had anticipated a moonlight drive to the residence of Mr. Alfred Popwell, where they were to spend some time in devouring some very fine water melons. At the hour for starting on the drive the weather was so unfavorable the party thought it prudent not to go out, and just at the point of such conclusion Mrs. W. H. Foshee, (much to the delight of all concerned), in her usual hospitable manner, invited the party to spend the evening at her home, which we did. Those that lent most to the pleasure of the evening were Miss Nellie Merritt, of Birmingham, with her music, and Miss Blanche Foshee with her recitations. At 9:30 two of the young men, probably those who had had most experience in pulling melons at night, were requested to visit Mr. Foshee's patch and see what could be had in the melon line. They did as requested and returned with four very fine melons, which were eaten and very much enjoyed by the party. We were much indebted to Mrs. Foshee for an evening of royal pleasure.

Near the Popping Point.

"Mary," said her father, "you have been keeping company with that Mitchell fellow for more than a year now. This courtship must come to a termination."

"Oh, father, how can you talk so? He is, oh, so sweet and nice!"

"Ah!" And the fond father arched his eyebrows. "Sweet and nice, eh? Has he proposed?"

"Well, father, not exactly." And the girl hung her head and fingered the drapery of her dress. "He hasn't exactly proposed; but, then, last evening when we were out walking we passed by a nice little house, and he said, 'That's the kind of cottage I'm going to live in some day,' and I said, 'Yes,' and then he glanced at me and squeezed my hand. Then, just as we got by, I glanced back at the cottage, and—and I squeezed his hand!"

"Oh, ah, I see!" said her father. "Well, we'll try him another week or two."—London Answers.

He Was Relieved.

The other day a person dropped down in an apoplectic fit immediately in front of a police station and was carried inside. A moment after a woman forced her way in through the crowd gathered around the door, exclaiming: "My husband! My poor husband! Clear the way and let in the air!"

She then busted herself by taking off the man's cravat and performing other little offices until a surgeon arrived, when the patient gradually recovered his senses. On this the sergeant in charge observed that it was a happy relief for his distressed wife as well as for himself.

"My wife!" exclaimed the man. "Why, I am a bachelor!"

On seeking for the woman it was found that she had disappeared and with her the watch and purse of the patient, which she had adroitly abstracted under the very eyes of the police.—London Tit-Bits.

Lomax.

Some of our farmers are busy pulling fodder.

The little infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McKinney, we are sorry to say is quite sick.

We are glad to say Mrs. Gid Hendley is improving after five months of serious illness.

Several from here attended services and baptizing at Cane Creek Sunday.

Miss Willie Marlar and little Mary Lodge of Billingsley paid a pleasant visit to Mrs. Markee Monday.

Mr. T. J. Marcus and family of Jasmine are visiting Mr. G. O. Foshee.

Mr. Dudley Thompson of Long Street paid our town a pleasant visit Sunday evening.

Misses Annie and Mary Lou Marlar visited Miss Eloise Markee Tuesday.

Mr. Bill Lodge of Mt. Creek is a pleasant visitor here this week.

Miss Laura Langston of Jemison is visiting relatives here this week.

Miss Evie Hill has returned from a pleasant visit to her sister at Swift Creek.

Miss Edna Gaylor is visiting friends here this week.

Mr. W. I. Mullins is coning up the timber on Mr. H. A. Wilson's land; so Lomax will soon put on a little business appearance. M.

Bicyclist, base ball and foot ball teams will find Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic the very thing they "need in their business" when the race is ended and the game is tied. For Sore muscles, Bruises, Sprains, etc., it is O. K., and "don't you forget it." Clean and pleasant as perfume and costs only 50c.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." At all druggists.

An Enjoyable Entertainment.

In compliment to Misses [illegible] and Essie Charles Stewart, who will shortly depart for Loretto College, Loretto, Ky., Mrs. Gemma Jackson, on Tuesday afternoon, from four until six, entertained a party of their young lady friends at a luncheon. A game of rare training game, known as Schoolmarm was played and much enjoyed by the party. Everyone expressed and appreciated the generous hospitality of their hostess, Mrs. Jackson.

Your druggist knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

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Price, 25 cents a number. $2.50 a year.

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SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in exchanging presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	Tags.
1 Match Box	[illegible]
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	[illegible]
3 Scissors, 6½ inches	[illegible]
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	[illegible]
5 Salt and Pepper box, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	[illegible]
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	[illegible]
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	[illegible]
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	60
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	60
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	70
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two bladed	70
12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 6-in blade	70
13 Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch	70
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	60
15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	400
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	200
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	900
19 Carvers, good steel, hardwood handles	240
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	300
21 Six each, Knives and Forks, hardwood handles	300
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	[illegible]
23 Clock, 8-day Carriage, Time and Thermometer	[illegible]
24 Gun (or another, at same price, [illegible]	[illegible]
25 Revolver, automatic, double action, or 20 caliber	[illegible]
26 Tool Set, 101 pieces, best tools made	[illegible]
27 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very best design	[illegible]
28 Remington or Winchester R. R. or R. R. caliber	[illegible]
29 Watch, sterling silver, [illegible]	[illegible]
30 Dress Suit Case, leather, hardwood and graphite	[illegible]
31 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	[illegible]
32 Revolver, Colt's, Smallbore, target size	[illegible]
33 Rifle, Colt's, Marlin, Smallbore	[illegible]
34 Guitar, Washburn's, rosewood, [illegible]	[illegible]
35 Mandolin, very best [illegible]	[illegible]
36 Winchester Repeating Rifle, best [illegible]	[illegible]
37 Investigate, double-barrel, hammerless shotgun, 10 or 12 gauge	[illegible]
38 Bicycle, standard make, [illegible]	[illegible]
39 Rifle, Remington, [illegible]	[illegible]
40 Shotgun Shell, Nitro, 10 to 12 gauge	[illegible]

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

BE SURE IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

X | CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 5, 1901 | NO. 46

An Enjoyable Entertainment.

In compliment to Misses Alice and Essie Charles Stewart, who will shortly depart for Loretta College, Loretta, Ky., Mrs. Gamma Anderson, on Tuesday afternoon last, from four until six, entertained a party of their young lady friends at a luncheon. A novel and entertaining game, known as Silhouette, was played and much enjoyed by the party. Everyone enjoyed and appreciated the generous hospitality of their hostess, Mrs. Anderson.

Your druggist, knows a good thing when he sees it. He always keeps Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for sale because it is a good thing. He likes to sell it because it always gives perfect satisfaction.

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N MONTHLY REVIEWS

NTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS
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In your locality who have yet to h to establish active agents in every ry. We will pay liberally for energ- ld. Leisure moments can be utilized ome. Make a list of the persons in the "Review of Reviews," and send copies, and working outfit. Then a compliment to approach a person for the "Review of Reviews" and secured. This is the active subscrip- at once, naming your references.

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small stars printed on under side of "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and Tin Tags are of equal value in assort- , and may be assorted. Every man, mething on the list that they would

REE!

PIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

dime's worth of

UG TOBACCO

re pleasure than a dime's worth of snuff

THE TEST!

AL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MAN ON THE CORNER

Of So Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

more contracts for brick have been made this last and the work has been al commenced. Mr. Harry L. of Birmingham, is the con- and he has made a vigor- start which promises well for days ahead. The two new for A. C. Smith and Mims, and are located next Kamie's old store, right up court house well. They good deal to the appearance street at that end.

the other side of the street some verandas are being on front of the four new buildings recently completed, sidewalk has been put in fine condition. Will Sartor into his new brick store and it looks mighty well Dick Edwards has nearly the brick work on his and is about ready to fit another couple of weeks J. M. Broadhead will occu- with a new stock of goods want to see things hum Clanton.

we heard some very conflict- as to how Clifton was vote on the new constitu- Some say the vote will be ification, and others affirm county will go two to one the new constitution. I yet made up my mind—ing until The Banner gives of the new constitution, a good deal like the fel- the old song: "O, how could I be with either, were dear charmer away."

is now coming in, and I heard Mr. Danforth has cents for a bale this after- Now, I am not going to advice on my own ac- am going to tell you are advising. The growers' Protective Asso- says don't take less than The Birmingham Age- published at Age-Herald, take of you can't get any Dispatch or the Age- for the price of those kind, this is a news- published in Birmingham, something worth think- and it can't get take eight cents, in consideration of all events, the Age-Herald.

Begins to be a feeling in sequent after sundown, of the nights are delightfully pleasant. The fall of gladness brings to hearts gay. Man and is never the summer it is too long for winter, in the is too cool and we sigh And so it goes, ever for that which is beyond us.

help feeling sorry for fortunate men in Elmore who have gone to the peni- for participating in a It is not so much the themselves, but their families hard on them. At the same men met their passion their discretion they have the consequences, and the children are left to weep them. They are the real suf-

a lot of bravery to walk Justice's office and have a tried.

Maplesville.

Miss Leonora McAllister of Marion has lately visited Mr. R. H. Martin.

Miss Lela May Bostwick of Randolph, Mrs. Shelley and daughter, Miss May Belle, of Miss., Mr. McGee of Talladega, brother of Mrs. Mary DuBose, and Mr. Anderson of Fort Deposit have all been visitors of Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

Mrs. Sullivan of Dayton has visited Mrs. Glover, her sister, at this place.

Mrs. Eva McCary, Miss Sallie Walker and Misses Abney have all lately visited here.

Mrs. Touro and family of Clanton are now with her brother here Mr. Domsky.

The Misses Blalock have lately pleasantly visited in Columbiana.

Mrs. Minnie Blalack of Ridersville has visited the old folks here.

Miss Manvey Lathram of Centreville has visited Misses Savage.

Little Miss Rice of Tuskaloosa has visited her sister, Mrs. Biddie, here.

Capitalists are still floating around promiscuously, we hope will alight some day and invest.

Mr. Nash and family have moved to the regret of many friends.

Cotton is opening and making trade brisker; crops are much better than once hoped.

Little Lillian Claughton's grandpa of Montgomery has delighted her with a visit.

Our colored friends and some whites are enjoying watermelon.

SUBSCRIBER.

On the 30th of Aug. we feel that Maplesville was spiritually refreshed by the most earnest sermons delivered in the Methodist church by Rev. A. J. Cousins, P. C. Moore of Randolph, W. B Dennis of Plantersville. Our layman, J. W. Fox, gave us a most earnest and Christian talk. Sister Rush gave us a most impressive talk on the missionary cause to a large congregation; her words were so impressive as to decide the ladies here to form a missionary society. Though all were not here as programed we had a most profitable and pleasant meeting. Maplesville sustains her record for hospitality to the visiting members of the conference. The town is under obligations to Mesdames R. R. Martin, A. S. Foshee and T. U. Crumpton; the last for a very handsome pulpit bouquet; the first with the assistance of Masters Kelley Martin, Fred McCarty and little Miss Mede Kelley rendered valuable assistance in putting our church and yard in good condition.

It is invidious to speak of any because there were so many who showed good will by hospitality to visitors.

REVOLG.

Don't throw away that sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic you have received. It's too good to be wasted. Nothing like it for cuts, burns, nail punctures, inflamed eyes, sore throat, etc. Internally it cures colic, diarrhoea and flux.

Macedonia.

Everything is moving on as usual; some of us are about done pulling fodder and ready to pick cotton.

The storm damaged crops considerably in this "neck of the woods," though we hope we will get a good price for our cotton. If so we will not be hurt so bad after all.

Mr. Wilson Gipson has had a very sick child, though is some better at this writing.

Quite a number of our people have been attending the meeting at Mulberry the past week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Martin, a daughter.

Messrs. Hubbard & Glass have sold their mill and gin to Mr. Merchant, and he will move it to his home four miles west of Jemison.

Mr. W. D. Nix will now put in a grist mill, or rather that is what dame rumor saith, and we hope it is so.

Mr. J. C. Veazey is now at home after teaching a singing school at Adams.

Well, the Teachers' Institute is coming, so I guess "Trick" had better put up a chicken and have it fat.

TRICK.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Stumps Hill.

The most powerful revivals this neighborhood have ever known closed here last Wednesday, the 28th of August. The Baptist church at New Hope closed their meeting, conducted by Rev. C. H. Lowery, on the 16th of August with 19 additions to the church, and the Methodists at Arches Chapel closed their meeting on the 28th of August with 27 additions to the church. These churches are only about one-half mile apart and Baptists and Methodists worked together in brotherly love in both meetings. Rev. N. A. Dobbs, Rev. Cyrus Cassady and Rev. C. H. Lowery worked in the Methodist meeting.

Very often all in the house except about a half dozen were either shouting, praying aloud or kneeling to be prayed for, and one night all but two. God's power came down and seemed to fill the whole house. At times the regular course of the meeting had to be stopped while the people shouted and praised God. The exact number of conversions is not known but there were many, some of whom were converted between services while at prayer in the grove near the church.

I stated these revivals have closed but this is only true in a sense. We don't expect to see them close. Our prayermeetings (two or three times a week) are like a revival. May God's blessing be with the ministers who labored with us.

Bro. Cassidy says there is more religion and less pride in Stumps Hills than anywhere else in Chilton county, and Bro. Dobbs, who is 76 years, old and has spent most of his time preaching, says this was the best meeting he ever saw.

SR. C. THORNTON.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. Preserves the flesh, preventing inflammation and heals like magic. Ask your druggist for it.

East Chilton.

Sweet summer is gone again, and harvest time is now at hand. Cotton fields are putting on their beautiful robes of white and the fodder fields are already ripe unto harvest. Our hearts swell with gratulation when we listen to the merry farmer boy singing his songs of glee, as he goes forth into the field to gather in the results of his honest labor.

There is quite an excitement prevailing now over the scarlet fever epidemic, though we haven't had any cases of it in this immediate neighborhood.

We are glad to say that Mr. W. T. Mims' family is up again.

Mr. E. A. Norris is being troubled with backache.

David Kendrick has about succeeded in breaking E. A. Norris' wild mule to ride.

B. . Kendrick left here Saturday en route to Wetumpka, where he will enter school.

J. T. Beck and family visited relatives at Burwell Sunday.

Quite a number of our young people attended service at Chestnut Sunday.

The writer had the honor of being present at the marriage of four of his most intimate friends, Thursday evening, August 29.

W. D. Goss will begin work at W. D. Driver's again Monday.

W. F. Connell has returned from a visit to his brother in Tuskaloosa.

SUDON.

Jemison.

The Jemison Institute opens on Monday, September 9, with Prof. W. A. McCreless as principal. A successful and prosperous session is anticipated.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

THORSBY, ALA.

Notice to Bridge Builders

I will let to the lowest and best bidder, on Monday, September 9, 1901, a bridge to be built over Walnut Creek, near Clanton. Description of bridge will be given on that day.

RUFUS RIGGINS,
Commissioner.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brooding into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO
and 600 pounds of SNUFF
Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage, executed by the trustees of Clanton Congregational church of the town of Clanton, to the Congregational Church Building Society, on the 4th day of February, 1893, which said deed of mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Volume 28 of Mortgages, page 473, and which said mortgage has been duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door, in Clanton, in said County, on

MONDAY SEPTEMBER the 30, 1901, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate in said mortgage deed mentioned and described, to-wit:

Lots number 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 12, situated east of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the town of Clanton, county of Chilton and State of Alabama.

ALEX G. DAKE, Transferee.
By ROBT H. KNOX, his Attorney.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of Probate of Chilton county, bearing date of July 22nd, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in front of the Court House door of said county, at Clanton, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER the 10, 1901, the following described land to-wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 29, township 21, range 3 in Chilton county, Alabama, which land and is to be sold under the decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of a division among the several owners thereof, who are the heirs at law of Edward Mims, deceased.

A. G. SMITH, Commissioner.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to

C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

"It's no joke," when we say that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is superior to anything offered the "dear people" as a dressing for wounds, bites and stings of insects, "poison oak," It's cleanliness, pleasant odor and quick cures make it a universal favorite wherever known. Price 50c. Remember that it is guaranteed by your druggist.

Mr. H. Barclay says he has found oil in Prattville and has looked over Chilton county and found a rich vein of gold near Fort DeSoto and the finest ochre bed in the United States and also the best oil stones, a mountain of each, and he is pretty certain he has discovered emery. About four miles from Prattville, he has the best clay for making fire brick that can be found.—Prattville Progress.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School.
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address

FRANCIS M. PETERSON,
President.

GOING TO SCHOOL?

The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.

Board $8.00 per month.

Send for catalogue.

H. J. WILLINGHAM,
President.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
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Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $5 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE,
President.

E W Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correllated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 11, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. MEMORRIES, Principal.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER,
General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

SLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

An attempt to prove war impossible will never result in the abolition of war. There is, however, a growing belief that war is always impolitic.

The convict who has been released because of his claim that he has discoverd the lost art of hardening copper has probably mistaken that metal for brass.

Many a woman would possibly feel discouraged did she realize that she carried from 40 to 50 miles of hair on her head and that some of them are burdened with the task of dressing over 70 miles of hair every day of their lives.

An international congress is projected, to be held shortly at Berne, Switzerland, at which an amendment is to be offered to the Geneva convention, to provide for the immunity from capture of surgeons and their attendants serving on the field of battle under the Red Cross. Common humanity suggests its adoption.

One of the results of the South African war has been the organization of rifle clubs in Great Britain on the Boer plan, to teach every man capable of carrying arms how to shoot at long range and to detect objects at long distances. These clubs are organized by field cornets, and all members are on an equal footing in service, irrespective of their status in society.

The success of the recent experiment made by a Philadelphia tug matter in towing two loaded coal barges from the Delaware to Havana promises a growth of the export coal trade to the West Indies which is encouraging. Hitherto the chronic swell off Cape Hateras has deterred a venture of this sort, but, the trip once easily made, many other towns may be expected to follow in the wake of this courageous Philadelphia captain.

About a year ago the Hawaiian government undertook to burn up some plague infected buildings, and in so doing set fire to the local Chinatown, thus sewing the seed of a crop of claims now nearly ready for harvesting A million and a half was appropriated to meet them, but they already exceed $5,000,000 and are still coming in. It is a new role for John Chinaman to appear in, but as a debutant it is not to be denied that he shows considerable talent.

The growing importance of commerce on the Pacific is indicated by the charting of "lanes" for steamers crossing that ocean. Such lanes have been established for many years between Europe and America and have greatly diminished the risks of collision. There is still danger of collision of steamers with sailing ships, especially in the foggy region off the Newfoundland coast, but such vessels know when they are in one of the steamship lanes and take extra precautions to avoid danger. Hitherto the steamers on the Pacific have been so few that no official action has been deemed necessary, authouga the courses usually taken have been fairly well understood by all shipmasters.

This is largely, perhaps essentially, an ultilitarian age, but that is no reason why the esthetic and beautiful should be ignored in government buildings and parks. Very recently Mr. Frederic Harrison, one of the leading English men of letters, visited Washington and spoke in high terms of the beauties of the capital of its possibilities in the future. Europeans who come to the United States and visit Washington compare it most favorably with the capitals of the old world. The United States is the youngest of the great powers in the world, but it is not too young to make its capital city take rank in architectural beauty with those of nations which were well advanced in years before this republic was born.

The man who means to succeed with a farm must plow and harrow, and sow and cultivate, doing so with his head as well as with his hands, and the head must precede the hands and know by constant reflection, as well as by experimentation, what is lacking and what is present and what to do in every case. This no outsider can tell the farmer. Nature is a jealous mistress and demands constant association and oneness before she will give of her best to any one, reflects Home and Farm.

CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

Further Report of Alabama's Constitutional Convention.

Seventy-seventh Day.

Convention Reassembled—Harmony Committee Reports—Address To the People to be Issued.

One hundred and fifteen delegates answered roll call at the reassembling of the convention, and two more were present in the afternoon. At the first session Mr. Samford introduced a resolution providing that a committee be appointed to prepare an address to the people of the state, setting forth the advantages of the constitution, and that 50,000 copies be printed and distributed.

In the afternoon the committee report recommending a two-thirds vote necessary to adopt further amendments was defeated. In the debate Judge Cobb remarked that the constitution would be ratified by 50,000 majority.

A silver band has been placed on the gavel which President Knox uses, inscribed: "This gavel was used by me while presiding over and in adjourning the constitutional convention. Montgomery, Ala., August, 1901. John B. Knox." It is the property of the mother of Delegate Vaughan, of Dallas. It is made from the wood of the First Methodist church of Selma, recently torn down. Mrs. Vaughan loaned it to President Knox.

Seventy-eighth Day.

Five Sections Adopted—Bessemer Lost Out—Sheriff Matter Settled—Amendments Tabled.

Ninety-four delegates answered both roll calls today. The report of the committee on harmony came up for discussion. Article I containing the declaration of rights was adopted. Article II, relating to state and county boundaries, was read and Mr. Cornwell made a final effort to get a new county for Bessemer. The attempt failed, and the section was adopted. Article III, governing the distribution of the powers of government, was adopted without change. Article IV, the legislature department, was adopted after considerable debate. Article V, the executive department, came next. This contains the sheriff matter and debate was rife upon that section. The matter remains as in the old constitution save that the sheriffs may be impeached before the supreme instead of circuit court. Article VI on judiciary was read and the convention adjourned.

Seventy-ninth Day.

Four Articles Adopted—Another Poor Day for Amendments—Burns' Sensational Speech.

Ninety and 99 was the attendance today. The articles on judiciary, impeachments, suffrage and elections were adopted. Gov. Oates offered three amendments in succession to the article on judiciary but they were all tabled. Mr. O'Neal tried it also but his amendment went to the graveyard for such measures. Gov. Jones was more successful in amendments to the article on impeachment, scoring two tallies, one providing that if the governor or lieutenant-governor is tried before the senate as a court of impeachment, the chief justice of the supreme court or some other justice should preside at the trial; the other providing that the secretary of state, on request in writing of a majority of the members of the house, stating they desired to impeach the governor, shall call a special session of the legislature to consider the matter.

The article on suffrage was read. Mr. Freeman, a republican, moved to amend to provide that none but legal white voters should vote at the election called for the adoption of the constitution. Mr. Burns offered another, providing that illigitimates should not vote, and made a sensational speech in which he called republicans rattlesnakes. The amendments were tabled.

General Harrison, of Lee, offered an amendment providing that a person could vote who owned $300 of property of all kinds. This was adopted and the article referred back to the committee on harmony.

The article on representation was adopted without change. The article on taxation was adopted after placing Bessemer in the same class with Birmingham. The article on municipal corporations was read and the convention adjourned.

Eightieth Day.

Constitution Completed—Final Vote Was 95 to 10—Sheriffs to Hold Two Years Longer.

But one session was held today and ninety-one delegates were present. The convention reconsidered its action of yesterday in adopting an amendment allowing persons owning $300 of real and personal property to vote. The law now stands as originally adopted.

An ordinance was adopted extending the terms of the present sheriffs two years. Another was adopted prohibiting cities of over 6,000 inhabitants granting franchises for a longer time than thirty years. Mr. Beddow made an effort to change the convict lease system, but it was defeated.

The articles on suffrage, banks and banking, education, militia, miscellaneous provisions and amending the constitution were adopted and a provision making it necessary to register to vote for the constitution.

This completes the work of the convention except the enrolling of the constitution. This will be finished and the delegates will sign it.

The constitution as a whole was adopted by a vote of 95 to 10. The announcement of the vote was greeted with cheers. Those who voted against the constitution were delegates Bartlett, Beddow, Byars, Cofer, Forshee, Phillips, Porter, Spears, Studdard and White.

The convention adjourned until noon Monday, when several ordinances not intended to go into the constitution will be taken up.

Eighty-first Day.

Oates and Harrison Will Support the New Constitution—Ready for Signing Tomorrow.

One hundred and eight and 98 was the attendance today. The morning session lasted only an hour and was spent largely in personal explanations. Mr. Case announced that he voted for the adoption of the constitution when he intended to vote against it. Gen. Harrison announced that he would support the new constitution although he was absent when the vote was taken.

The committee on harmony reported that the constitution would be ready for signing tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

In the afternoon, Judge Cobb offered a resolution that the roll be again called tomorrow to enable those delegates who were absent Saturday to vote for the adoption of the constitution. This was adopted.

Gen. Oates announced that he would support the new constitution.

A GENIUS DEAD.

Dr. William Barnsmore Pope died Friday at Mobile, aged 51 years. He was noted as a pianist of remarkable gifts. When thirteen years of age he appeared with Mme. Anna Bishop in NewYork. He visited Havana, then Canada, and made two tours of England, playing before the royal family of England in 1864. Later in life he devoted himself to the practice of medicine.

MOTHER AND CHILD KILLED.

One of the most pitiful accidents in the history of Birmingham occurred Saturday. A young mother, with her baby boy clasped in her arms, was run into by an electric car and both were crushed lifeless beneath the wheels. The speed of the car was such that it passed entirely over the bodies and ran half a block before stopped. The men in charge of the car were arrested. The identity of the woman was not revealed for several hours. She was a Mrs. Curry S. Norris, and the bodies were taken to Tuscaloosa for interment.

WAS DETERMINED.

Mrs. Jennie Day, a widow, attempted to commit suicide in Montgomery Tuesday night by cutting her throat with a knife, but was prevented from doing so. She later was found with a bottle of morphine, but this, too, was taken away from her. She stated to the officers by whom she was arrested that she was utterly destitute and without employment, so wished to end her life.

SUPERINTENDENT of Education Abercrombie has announced the re-appointment of the following county superintendents for the term beginning October 1: Barbour county, C. S. McDowell, Jr.; Chambers county, W. G. Jarrell,; Choctaw county, O. L. Gray,; Greene county, John G. Apsey,; Hale county,; J. A. Ellerbe,; Madison county, J. D. Humphrey,; Perry county, L. V. Spessard,; Pickens county, L. V. Rosser,; Talladega county, J. B. Graham.

CORN lands are out of water and the crop is ruined, at Florence.

CORONER PARIS, of Jefferson county, is investigating the death of a white child who was found inclosed in a wooden box and barely covered near Enon Ridge. The child was several days old and its head bore bruises evidently made with a blunt instrument.

DEMOPOLIS is to have a street fair in October.

As an evidence that the Mexican Republic is progressing it is only necessary to state that the expenses of that Government are over three times what they were twenty years ago.

A TERRIBLE CLOUDBURST.

A LAUNCH EXPLODES ON THE HUDSON RIVER, NEAR ALBANY.

HORRIBLE FREIGHT WRECK IN MONTANA.

Dr Frederick H. Knight Elected President of New Orleans University—A Large Mortgage Filed—Building Collapsed.

FAMILY ALMOST ANIHILATED.

A naphtha launch exploded on the Hudson river, a mile and a half below Albany Sunday night, killing Mrs. Alexander and her little daughter, and burning Wilbur Alexander and his son in a horrible manner. The son, 12 years old, carried a lantern past the tank containing the naphtha and an explosion occurred, scattering the fluid in every direction and setting fire to the launch. Mrs. Alexander and her daughter were near the tank and their bodies were completely covered with the burning oil. The son jumped into the water when the explosion took place. Mr. Alexander rushed to the assistance of his wife and daughter, but they were burned to death before his eyes. He was at length compelled to jump into the river to save himself. The bodies of the wife and daughter were burned to a crisp and the launch was entirely consumed. Mr. Alexander and his son were severely burned about the head and body. It is believed Mr. Alexander will die. The boy will recover.

CLEVELAND FLOODED.

A terrible cloudburst occurred at Cleveland Sunday morning between 3 and 5 o'clock followed by a furious rain until after 9 o'clock. The storm, according to the weather officials, was the heaviest that has swept over Cleveland since the establishment of the government bureau more than forty years ago. That no lives were lost is nothing short of a miracle, as stories of thrilling escapes on the principal residence streets are told. The waters spread over an area eight miles long and a mile and a half wide, and varying in depth from one to six feet. Residences were inundated and fell like buildings of cards. Rowboats plied back and forth assisting whole families from perilous positions, and it was found neccessary to call on the life saving crew from the river, seven miles away. The damage will aggregate $1,000,000. The damage to the railways cannot even be estimated until the large force of track hands sent out on emergency calls can be heard from. The precipitation was 4.28 inches.

TERRIBLE WRECK.

About 8:30 p. m. August 30, at Essex, Montana, eighteen cars broke from the rear of a frieght train and ran down hill, sixteen miles to Nyock where it overtook a passenger train. In the collision P. T. Downs, Assistant General Superintendent his son, Kirk T. Downs, his cook, Henry Blair, and about twenty-five laborers were killed. None of the regular passengers on the train were injuried. The wreck took fire and the remains of all except five of those killed were burned. Twelve laborers and a brakeman were injured, and ten cars of freight caught fire.

DR. FREDERICK H. KNIGHT, of Boston, has been elected president of the New Orleans University. Dr. Knight has been pastor of St. John's Church, of Boston, for the past eight years. He will enter upon his new duties at the opening of the school this year.

A BIG BET.

What is said to be the greatest wager in the history of the sporting world is arranged upon the international yacht races. Twenty English and American capitalists are interested in a venture which involves nearly a half million dollars. W. F. Mustin, president of the Pittsburg Stock Exchange, representing ten wealthy residents of that city, gave assurances to Walter J. Kingsley that the $150,000 which he brought from an English syndicate of prominent men to be placed upon the Shamrock would be covered at odds of 5 to 3.

AN INTERESTING TIME.

Workmen while excavating for a sewer on Christiana street, Santiago, Cuba, a hundred yards from the shore of the bay in made land, discovered the wreck of a schooner ten feet below the surface. Silver coins bearing date of 1648 were found in the wreck. Several interesting relics and old silver plates of the seventeenth century were also found.

A BIG MORTGAGE.

The filing of a mortgage for $7,500,000 by the Bethlehem Steel Company, stating that securities deposited included 5555 acres of land on the Hackensack meadows, brings to light a very important feature of the Anglo-American steel deal in process of formulation. Extensive improvements are in contemplation in that district, and it is said to be the intention of this company to build another large steel plant to be used chiefly for the making of armor plate for warships. Where the plant will be located is impossible to state, but it will presumably be somewhere within easy reach of the mining regions. In addition to this armor plant possibly in Pennsylvania, it is understood that a great shipbuilding plant will be located in the Hackensack meadows.

DOWIE AFTER LAND.

It is stated on what seems to be reliable authority that John Alexander Dowie has made an offer to the Winthrop Harbor and Dock Company for the purchase of all the holdings of the company. The Winthrop Harbor Company owns thousands of acres of land and has a lake frontage of two miles. The price demanded, about $2,000,000, is said to have been offered by Dowie. The tract of land adjoins Dowie's Zion city. The principal portion of the land is taken up by the village of Winthrop Harbor, which is the property of the company.

FALLING BUILDING KILLS TWO

A two-story brick building occupied as a business house and residence, collapsed without warning at Rutherford, Tenn., Saturday, fatally injuring Roy Townsend and Kerr Alexander. Five others were injured, but none seriously. Grading and excavating a lot next to the place caused the crash.

EX-OFFICER ARRESTED.

Former Auditor James H. Burns, of St. Paul, Minn., has been arrested on a charge of grand larceny preferred by County Treasurer Metzdorff. The arrest was made in connection with the alleged recently discovered tax certificate frauds, by which the county is believed to have lost large sums.

FIRST SINCE JUNE.

A good rain fell in Waco, Texas, Friday afternoon, the first since ne 1st. Good rains are reported all over that country. Some high winds have done considerable damage to cotton bolls. No other damage reported. The rain extended as far north as Corsicana.

THE STRIKE.

Nothing leading to the settlement of the big strike has developed. Both sides are claiming gains. The labor organs, are asking for Shaffer's impeachment. Some of the labor leaders are declaring the strike lost.

PRESIDENT HILL, of the Great Northern, has ordered that steam locomotives be superceded by electric motors on the Cascade division of the Great Northern. It is understood that if this change works satisfactorily electric motors will be introduced on other divisions of the road.

CAPTAIN VODGES, in charge of the Knoxville recruiting station, during the month just closed swore in 214 men for army service. This is the banner record except during progress of war, and will eclipse records made by many of the larger cities.

SAN FRANCISCO capitalists have undertaken to establish a coach line between Cook Inlet, St. Michael and Nome, a distance of about 600 miles. The enterprise will involve an expense of $200,000.

THE family of Lord Salisbury is anxious for him to relinquish the Premiership owing to the undue strain which is impairing his health.

GEORGE BELCHER, well known as an expert and fancy swimmer, was drowned at Rockaway Beach, Sunday, while giving an exhibition.

DURING the week just closed nine gushers were brought in, which is decidedly the biggest week in the history of the Beaumont fields.

CARRIE NATION was arrested in New York Sunday for "raising a crowd and creating a riot."

THE Shamrock II developed a speed of 14 knots an hour last Saturday.

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON

RECENT PROBLEMS OF [illegible] AND HOW SOLVED.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY [illegible]

Money to Move Cotton—[illegible] Boston Banks—New Mexico [illegible] Roosevelt for President [illegible] 1904—the British Cable [illegible]

Acting under instructions from Treasury department, Assistant [illegible] ed States District Attorney [illegible] Casey brought suit in the [illegible] States Circuit Court against [illegible] tional banks of Boston, Mass. [illegible] cover on pension checks [illegible] them for collection. The [illegible] which the banks are sued range [illegible] $7,000 down, a sibling [illegible] allegation is that the banks have [illegible] fraudulent pension vouchers [illegible] having drawn upon the [illegible] in Boston for the amount. The [illegible] are the outcome of the arrest and [illegible] viction of W. A. Munson who [illegible] recently in the Rhode Island [illegible] prison. Munson was sentenced [illegible] years for unlawfully making false [illegible] tificates on pension vouchers and [illegible] fraudulent endorsements. [illegible] collections were made through the [illegible] banks the United States government [illegible] decided to bring suit against the [illegible] the recovery of the full amount.

The shipments of money from [illegible] treasury to the South and West [illegible] the movement of crops have been much heavier this season than [illegible] before. At the close of August [illegible] there had been transferred [illegible] treasuries at Chicago, New [illegible] and St. Louis the sum of $2,[illegible] At the close of the same month [illegible] the total was $3,400,000, and at [illegible] close last month the total was [illegible] 000, of which New Orleans has [illegible] ed $2,525,000. The currency [illegible] ped as a rule one-fourth in [illegible] tificates up to $5, one-fourth [illegible] ted States notes of the denomination [illegible] of $10 and the remainder in [illegible] tificates. Gold coin is not [illegible] for crop moving purposes.

An interesting report, [illegible] work on the British Pacific [illegible] be the longest one ever laid [illegible] received at the State Department [illegible] Consular Agent Robinson at [illegible] Island. The report states that [illegible] passage across to Norfolk Island [illegible] Brisbane, Australia, soundings [illegible] taken every ten miles. The [illegible] depth obtained was 2800 fathoms [illegible] and the most shallow 237 fathoms [illegible] has been decided to land the [illegible] Anzon Bay on the west side of [illegible] folk Island.

Gov. Otero, of New Mexico, [illegible] the territory over which he is [illegible] is enthusiastic in its support of [illegible] President Roosevelt for the [illegible] in 1904. In the opinion of [illegible] Otero, Vice President Roosevelt [illegible] at this early date, can feel [illegible] sure that the united votes of [illegible] Mexico delegation will be given [illegible] when his name comes up in the [illegible] republican convention.

The comparative statement [illegible] government's receipts and expenditures during the month of [illegible] shows the total receipts from all [illegible] to have been $45,394,12[illegible] expenditures $39,351,49[illegible] surplus for the month of $6,[illegible] against August, 1900, of $6,[illegible]

Brig. Gen. William Lefferts [illegible] A., died at Convent, N. J., [illegible] sumption Friday. His illness [illegible] noticed on his arrival in the Philippines, in May last. He was [illegible] sent home in the hope that the [illegible] can climate would restore him [illegible] went at once to Convent.

The Nicaraguan Congress [illegible] proved the Merry-Sanson [illegible] treaty with the United States [illegible] journed. It will probably be [illegible] ble in the latter part of January.

General Whiteside has left [illegible] a two-months' furlough. He [illegible] man of the Eighth Cavalry will [illegible] mand the district from Ringgold [illegible] ing General Whiteside's [illegible]

It seems that Admiral Dewey [illegible] not be relieved by the Navy [illegible] ment of the appointment of the [illegible] inquiry board.

Uncle Sam has purchased [illegible] order of steel from the [illegible] for repair work in the navy [illegible]

The Federal party has been [illegible] ized in Manila, and Juan [illegible] prominent native Filipino [illegible] elected president. The [illegible] outlined a strong pro-American [illegible]

Senator Hanna's [illegible] has been launched. The [illegible] Ward M. A. Hanna Club [illegible] land is behind the enterprise.

Admiral Sampson is improving though still very feeble. It [illegible] that he will appear [illegible] Schley inquiry.

ILL ARP'S LETTER

[illegible] Man Delights to Hear [illegible] Aged Contemporaries.

GIVES MANY LETTERS FROM THEM

[illegible] of the Writers Were William's [illegible] in the Long Ago.—Tries to Answer All of Them.

[illegible] are not all dead. In fact, they [illegible] to multiply as the years roll on—[illegible] contemporaries, I mean. I receive [illegible] letters from old men than I ever [illegible] and they write well and give long [illegible] When a man gets along in [illegible] seventies he feels lonesome, notwithstanding the near presence of [illegible] and grandchildren. The companions of his youth are gone, and so [illegible] of these old men unbosom themselves to me for sympathy. I like such [illegible] and try to answer them all, but [illegible] in my arm and hand [illegible] my replies. One old gentleman from Alabama says he feels better after he has written, for he is a [illegible] Georgian and loves her people [illegible] her old red hills and the sweet [illegible] of Emory college and his [illegible] to Athens, where his Uncle Eli Newton lived, and how he met me [illegible] in the forties and John Grant [illegible] Dan Hughes and Jack Brown and [illegible] Williams, who married my [illegible] cousin and took charge of the [illegible] asylum—and how he heard Dr. [illegible] preach and was charmed with [illegible] music of the choir, where Miss Ann [illegible] and Rosa Pringle and other [illegible] girls sang, and how a tall, long [illegible] man, with a big hooked nose and [illegible] "pomum Adamus" on his throat [illegible] bass, and how he was a room [illegible] of Tom Norwood at Emory and a [illegible] mate of Bishop Key and Judge [illegible] Longstreet, the author of "George [illegible]" was the president, and [illegible] removed to Alabama in 1849 [illegible] married and has seven daughters [illegible] sons, and has ten orphan grandchildren, and has to work early and [illegible] to support and educate them, but [illegible] sees and rarely hears from any [illegible] of his youth and is at times sad [illegible] depressed and longs for sympathy. Poor old man, I wish that he [illegible] near me, for I would visit him and [illegible] him up, and tell him anecdotes [illegible] antidotes, and we would talk over [illegible] old times and swap college stories [illegible] brag about the good old days [illegible] there were no telegraphs or telephones or bicycles, and we did not [illegible] any; no sewing machines or [illegible] clothes, and we didn't need any; [illegible] football or baseball or hazing or [illegible] or appendicitis. And in those [illegible] same Toombs and Stephens and [illegible] Dougherty and Howell Cobb and [illegible] Colquitt and spake to the people [illegible] face to face, and such eloquent [illegible] as George Pearce and Bishop Capers and Jesse Mercer and Dr. Hoyt [illegible] Goulding and Ingles preached to [illegible]. Yes, we would talk about the [illegible] of our boyhood, when there was [illegible] or kerosene or friction matches [illegible] nothing but candles to give us light [illegible] no Prometheus to steal fire from [illegible] to light them with. Shakespeare knew how it was, for he wrote:

"[illegible] far that little candle throws its beams
[illegible]hines a good deed in a naughty world."

Shakespeare wrote by candle [illegible], why shouldn't we? And he, [illegible] used the flint and steel to make a [illegible] to light them. "Pick your flint [illegible] keep your powder dry," was Gen. Jackson's order at New Orleans. [illegible] I was a young merchant gunpowder was as common as marbles, and [illegible] them at the same price—10 [illegible] a dozen. Wonderful, wonderful [illegible] the changes, and we old people [illegible] in with them and adapt them to [illegible] and our comfort. I wouldn't [illegible] back to the good old times if [illegible], but I would enjoy seeing this [illegible] all set back about seventy [illegible], just for about a week. My Alabama friend and other veterans would [illegible] to death to see the university—no railroads or telegraph, [illegible], but once a week—and 25 cents [illegible] a single letter. No daily newspaper in the state and only four weekly [illegible] with no sensations, no suicides [illegible]ings. There would be no cook-stoves, no coal, no steel pens or [illegible], no cigarettes. No millionaires or free niggers. I remember [illegible] cotton was packed in round [illegible] with a crowbar. The long bag [illegible] made first and was suspended [illegible] a hole in the gin house floor and [illegible] Jack got down in it and packed [illegible] cotton hard as it was thrown to [illegible]. He packed two bales a day and [illegible] weighed 400 pounds each. Two [illegible] filled the bed of the big wagon and five more were crossed on top [illegible] fastened down with a long pole. The little spaces were filled with [illegible] and fodder, the big cover put on [illegible] with a four or six-horse team we [illegible] off for Augusta. It was a ten-[illegible] trip and we boys were happy to [illegible] and camp out all night and [illegible] to the nigger drivers tell about [illegible] and Jack-o'-Lanterns and [illegible] and raw head and bloody [illegible]. It was great fun. We brought [illegible] sugar and molasses in great [illegible]. It was brown sugar, for [illegible] sugar wasn't invented, except a [illegible] called loaf sugar, which was put [illegible] five-pound cones and covered [illegible] blue paper. That kind was for [illegible] and was very precious. It

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON

RECENT PROBLEMS OF STATE AND HOW SOLVED.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER

Money to Move Cotton—Suing Boston Banks—New Mexico for Roosevelt for President in 1904—the British Cable.

Acting under instructions from the Treasury department, Assistant United States District Attorney John Casey brought suit in the United States Circuit Court against six national banks of Boston, Mass., to recover on pension checks taken by them for collection. The sums which the banks are sued range from $7,000 down, a sliding scale. The allegation is that the banks have paid fraudulent pension vouchers and having drawn upon the sub-treasury in Boston for the amount. These are the outcome of the arrest and conviction of W. A. Munson, who was recently in the Rhode Island state prison. Munson was sentenced to two years for unlawfully making false certificates on pension vouchers and for fraudulent endorsements. As the collections were made through Boston banks the United States government decided to bring suit against them for the recovery of the full amount.

The shipments of money from the treasury to the South and Western for the movement of crops have been much heavier this season than ever before. At the close of August, 1902, there had been transferred to the sub-treasuries at Chicago, New Orleans and St. Louis the sum of $2,118,000. At the close of the same month in 1903 the total was $3,400,000, and at the close last month the total was $7,000,000, of which New Orleans has received $2,525,000. The currency is shipped as a rule one-fourth in silver certificates up to $5, one-fourth in United States notes of the denomination of $10 and the remainder in gold certificates. Gold coin is not in demand for crop moving purposes.

An interesting report, showing work on the British-Pacific cable to be the longest one ever laid—has been received at the State Department from Consular Agent Robinson at Norfolk Island. The report states that the passage across to Norfolk Island from Brisbane, Australia, soundings are taken every ten miles. The greatest depth obtained was 2800 fathoms and the most shallow 237 fathoms. It has been decided to land the cable at Anzon Bay on the west side of Norfolk Island.

Gov. Otero, of New Mexico, says the territory over which he is the chief is enthusiastic in its support of President Roosevelt for the presidency in 1904. In the opinion of Governor Otero, Vice President Roosevelt, at this early date, can feel reasonably sure that the united votes of the New Mexico delegation will be given him when his name comes up in the republican convention.

The comparative statement of the government's receipts and expenditures during the month of August shows the total receipts from all sources to have been $45,394,125 and the expenditures $39,351,497, leaving a surplus for the month of $6,042,628, against August, 1900, of $6,552,000.

Brig. Gen. William Ludlow, U. S. A., died at Convent, N. J., of consumption Friday. His illness was noticed on his arrival in the Philippines, in May last. He was then sent home in the hope that the American climate would restore him. He went at once to Convent.

The Nicaraguan Congress has approved the Merry-Sanson canal treaty with the United States and adjourned. It will probably be in the latter part of January.

General Whiteside has left on a two-months' furlough. Major Hoff, man of the Eighth Cavalry will command the district from Helena during General Whiteside's absence.

It seems that Admiral Howison will not be relieved by the Navy Department of the appointment on the inquiry board.

Uncle Sam has purchased in order of steel from the Krupps for repair work in the navy.

The Federal party has been organized in Manila, and Jose A. Leal, a prominent native Filipino, has been elected president. The new party outlined a strong pro-American policy.

Senator Hanna's presidential boom has been launched. The Young Men's Ward M. A. Hanna Club of Cleveland is behind the scheme.

Admiral Sampson is improving though still very feeble. It is hoped that he will appear before the Schley inquiry.

...LL ARP'S LETTER

...ow Man Delights to Hear ...rom His Aged Contemporaries.

...OME HAVE LETTERS FROM THEM

...ost of the Writers Were William's "Chums" in the Long Ago.—Tries to Answer All of Them.

They are not all dead. In fact, they seem to multiply as the years roll on—contemporaries, I mean. I receive letters from old men than I ever did before, and they write well and give long sermons. When a man gets along in his seventies he feels lonesome, notwithstanding the near presence of children and grandchildren. The companions of his youth are gone, and so many of these old men unbosom themselves to me for sympathy. I like such letters and try to answer them all, but my arm and hand are not in my replies. One old gentleman from Alabama says he feels better after he has written, for he is a true Georgian and loves her people and her old red hills and the sweet memories of Emory college and his home in Athens, where his Uncle Ellington lived and how he met me in the forties and John Grant and Dan Hughes and Jack Brown and Joe Williams, who married my mother's cousin and took charge of the lunatic asylum—and how he heard Dr. Longstreet preach and was charmed with the music of the choir, where Miss Ann Eliza and Rosa Pringle and other young girls sang, and how a tall, long, lean man with a big hooked nose and a "potium Adamus" on his throat was there and how he was a room mate of Tom Norwood at Emory and a mate of Bishop Key and Judge A. B. Longstreet, the author of "Georgia Scenes," was the president; and how he removed to Alabama in 1849 and married and has seven daughters and no sons and has ten orphan grandchildren, and has to work early and late to support and educate them, but never sees and rarely hears from any of his youth and is at times sad and depressed and longs for sympathy. Poor old man, I wish that he could hear me, for I would visit him and cheer him up and tell him anecdotes and anecdotes and we would talk over old times and swap college stories and brag about the good old days when there were no telegraphs or telephones or bicycles, and we did not care a say no sewing machines or sewing clothes and we didn't need any; no football or baseball or hazing or hobbies or appendicitis. And in those days came Toombs and Stephens and Cobb and Dougherty and Howell Cobb and Robert Colquitt and spake to the people face to face, and such eloquent men as George Pearce and Bishop Capers and Jesse Mercer and Dr. Hoyt and Goulding and Ingles preached to us. Yes, we would talk about the days of our boyhood, when there was no gas or kerosene or friction matches nothing but candles to give us light and to Prometheus to steal fire from the gods to light them with. Shakespeare knew how it was, for he wrote:

"For that little candle throws its beams
Shines a good deed in a naughty world."

Shakespeare wrote by candle light, why shouldn't we? And he, had to use the flint and steel to make a fire to light them. "Pick your flint and keep your powder dry," was General Jackson's order at New Orleans. And I was a young merchant gunner. They were as common as marbles, and cost them at the same price—10 cents a dozen. Wonderful, wonderful are the changes and we old people must go with them and adapt them to our use and our comfort. I wouldn't go back to the good old times if I could, but I would enjoy seeing this generation all set back about seventy years just for about a week. My Alabama friend and other veterans would be shocked to death to see the university today—no railroads or telegraph, mail, but once a week—and 25 cents for a single letter. No daily newspaper in the state and only four weeklies with no sensations, no suicides or hangings. There would be no cookstoves, no coal, no steel pens or hoops, no cigarettes. No millionaires or free niggers. I remember a cotton was packed in round bales with a crowbar. The long bag was made first and was suspended from a beam in the cotton house floor and the Jack got down in it and packed the cotton hard as it was thrown to him. He packed two bales a day and weighed four pounds each. Two ropes tied the bed of the big wagon and five more were crossed on top and fastened down with a long pole. The little spaces were filled with fine fodder, the big cover put on with a four or six horse team we set for Augusta. It was a ten-day trip and we boys were happy to go along and camp out all night and listen to the nigger drivers tell about ghosts and Jack-o-Lanterns and eat raw head and bloody bones. It was great fun. We brought sugar and molasses in great cones. It was brown sugar, for white sugar wasn't invented, except a refined loaf sugar which was put up in five-pound cones and covered with blue paper. That kind was for company and was very precious. It was crystallized like these little square lumps that are common now. When our mother would unwrap the loaf she would let us children lick the sweet white tissue paper that was next to the sugar. It was good. Most anything was good then. A stick of striped candy was a rare treat. So was half an orange, or a bunch of "resins," as the niggers called them. Most anything was good then, for our appetites had not been surfeited with cakes and sweetmeats, as they are now. We loved sassafras root and angelica and sugar berries and locusts and wild cherries and the inside bark of chestnut trees and slippery elm. We were always hungry and hunting for something. My Alabama friend is sad, not only because he has lost his youthful companions, but his youthful appetite. Even ginger cakes have lost their relish and a game of sweepstakes and town ball and bull-pen their fascination. I envy the happy children as they play around me, but I am happy, too, in trying to make them happy, for I know that there is trouble enough ahead of them, for man that is born of woman is of few days and full of trouble. The best we can do is to do the best we can to fortify against it and take the bad with the good. Try to be calm and serene, for life is full of blessings and we should school ourselves to magnify them and be thankful. I have not forgotten the poor little boy who slept under the straw, and one cold windy night his mother laid an old door on the straw to hold it down, and he said, "Mother, I reckon there are some little boys who haven't got any door to put over them." It is a good way for us to think about those who are worse off than we are, and my Alabama friend knows there are thousands of them.

But I must stop, for it is hard to write a cheerful letter these gloomy days. The weather is depressing and that helps my Alabama friend to feel sad. Cobe says that a long wet rain is worse on a man than a long dry drought. We have not seen the blessed sunshine for four long days and the wind has blown down my pretty butter bean arbor flat to the ground.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Marquis Ito, of Japan, has abandoned his proposed American tour.

President Kruger has definitely abandoned his proposed trip to America.

Cardinal Gibbons has returned to Baltimore, Md., after a tour of Europe.

The King and Queen of Italy will probably visit Germany during the autumn.

Empress Frederick left a fortune estimated at $5,000,000, besides the Friedrichshof estate, which cost her $1,500,000.

William J. Bryan has bought a controlling interest in a tract of oil lands, embracing several hundred acres in Wyoming.

Henry L. Wilson, United States Minister to Chile, formally denies the report that he will retire and devote his time to commerce.

Lieutenant-Colonel Marchand, of Fashoda fame, has been promoted to the chief command of a brigade of French troops in China.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, and his family, have arrived at St. Petersburg, Russia, after a brief visit to Moscow and Warsaw.

Adjutant-General Thomas J. Stewart, of the Pennsylvania National Guard, has broken his left leg below the knee jumping from a carriage at Harrisburg.

A Judge appointed by President Lincoln still sits on the United States Circuit Court bench. He is John Jay Jackson, of Parkersburg, W. Va., whose term of office has now extended over forty years.

H. N. Pillsbury, the chess expert, recently played one night twelve simultaneous games of chess and six games of checkers, winning them all. Then, next morning, he worked out the games for a number of his friends, not making a mistake in repeating one of the moves.

Englishmen smile when you ask for a copy of the British constitution. That august document exists only in the imagination, although it is quoted and discussed and appealed to frequently. It is like the ghost of Hamlet's father. It has been and it is and it ever shall be, but it is an intangible thing. The British constitution consists of the precedents established by parliament during the last 600 years—a very complicated and intricate code, which may be changed at any moment in deference to public sentiment or to meet new conditions and emergencies, but never to promote the ambition of men. The voters of England are extremely sensitive and suspicious. They keep good men in parliament, but bad men cannot stay and are seldom re-elected, writes William E. Curtis, in the Chicago Record-Herald.

Consul-General Guenther at Frankfort, Germany, notifies the State Department, at Washington, that German newspapers report that the agricultural societies of Italy will pay a prize of $193 for a reliable method of ascertaining the quality of sulphur and of mixtures of sulphur and sulphate of copper most effective in the use against plant diseases. Often such mixtures, it is stated, are inferior, and this competition, international in character, is thus offered with a view of alleviating that difficulty.

THE GRACIOUSNESS OF MIRTH.

One of the Greatest Treasures a Household Can Possess.

The man who labors and unselfishly struggles all the long days for the wife and children and home, says the New York Evening Post, does not realize that if he could put into the family treasury the richness of occasional hours of happy intercourse he would endow them more graciously than when he bestows his generous wealth. The lost hilarity and gladness of his youth would be a measureless boon at his own fireside and endear him to his children. Parents and children who laugh together become comrades in a very close way and when serious speech becomes necessary it has far more weight and force, because it is unusual.

Anything more dismal than the ordinary professional joker, anything more depressing than the studiously funny book, it is hard to find. The temperament which lightens the family atmosphere, and becomes a provider of oxygen to labored breathing, is wholly unconscious of a mission and gives forth its healthful influences as the sun and the sea breeze and the rippling water give, with the effortless beneficence of a wholesome, vitally strong nature. Merriment which is infectious belongs to him who has a clean heart and a wholly true nature, whose mental environment is proof against the microbes of distrust and deceit, and who counts love and good faith more precious than a fortune.

Such a temperament will triumph over disease and disappointment and give out his tonic antidotes against life's ills to the last. He who sleeps at Vaillima was a marvelous example of what I mean. And other such have I seen, valiantly smiling while death stood at the door, though helplessly feeble on a long-required bed, or standing erect, with a quenchless cheerfulness of eye and lip, encouraging his loved ones, even when the summoning angel laid his hand upon his gallant heart.

Endurance, courage, resignation, Spartan defiance of pain, are concomitant characteristics of our noblest men; but when a man inflexibly determines to keep "that side the world the sun's upon," and with quick kindling thought and gracious cheerfulness, reflect its light, he will add to these the remedy for ills which comes from a glad heart, and give to his companions the music of honest laughter set to merry words.

Let us bear in mind that around a family board and in the intercourse of our daily lives we can, without knowing it, kill every germ of these bright qualities in our children's minds by enveloping them in clouds of danger-dreading anxiety. Gradually, laughter will cease to be heard in the house, and the spectre-laying spear of quick wit lie idle in its place. To-day it is not rare to see children—boys especially—of ten and twelve and onward, keen and sharp in practice, energetic to an annoying degree, and perhaps boisterous in their clamor of one sort or another, who never laugh joyously or sincerely or attempt any playful raillery. Home is responsible for their unnatural hardness and maturity, and parental example has deprived them of the jolly spontaneity proper to their years.

Our human lives and mutual intercourse might well take pattern from the lovely aspect of midsummer nature, whose smiling face expresses joy even when clouds pile darkly on the horizon. The whole earth seems full of jollity, and in the deep shadow of the woods we yet hear the laughing flow of running streams.

The Art of Coloring Pearls.

Pearls can be made of various colors by a simple process. Each mollusk deposits its own sort of nacre. The nacre of the fresh-water mussel is pink. Pearl oysters will produce black, gray or pure white pearls, according to the part of the animal where the nucleus is lodged. At the National museum in Washington there is an artificial pearl of exquisite pink color as large as a pigeon's egg.

Parisian jewelers are very clever in the art of "peeling" pearls. They will take a pearl that is not pretty, remove its outer coat and reveal a beautiful gem within. A pearl is composed of alternate layers of nacre and animal tissue, and the process of peeling is very difficult. The tools employed are a sharp knife, various sorts of files, pearl powder and a piece of leather. The pearly coats are extremely hard and must be cut off piece by piece, the operator relying more on the sense of touch conveyed by the blade of the knife than on the sense of sight. Pearls found imbedded in the mother of pearl of the oyster shell are made marketable by skillful treatment with acids. Experts know how to make pearls of any color, black by a bath of nitrate of silver, and by other chemical means they can turn them to rose color, lilac or gray. Pearls of these unusual tints bring fancy prices.

Slender Cadet Turner.

Senator McComas has succeeded in having the physical disqualification of Herman S. Turner for admission to the Naval Academy waived, and the young man has entered the school. He is considerably more than six feet tall, but was said to weigh less than 100 pounds. He was threatened with rejection on this account, but the Senator came to his rescue and found that Turner's father, a robust man, was of similar physique in his youth, and that there was every reason to believe that the new cadet would develop into a strong man with the physical training given at Annapolis.—Baltimore Sun.

The milk of human kindness is too often condensed.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Nothing is Insignificant—Instances of on What a Slender Thread Great Results Hang—A Little Thing May Decide Your Fate—The Importance of Trifles.

[Copyright 1902.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A Bible incident not often noticed is here used by Dr. Talmage to set forth practical and beautiful truth; text, II. Corinthians xi. 33, "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

Sermons on Paul in jail, Paul on Mars hill, Paul in the shipwreck, Paul before the sanhedrin, Paul before Felix, are plentiful, but in my text we have Paul in a basket.

Damascus is a city of white and glistening architecture, sometimes called "the eye of the East," sometimes called "a pearl surrounded by emeralds," at one time distinguished for swords of the best material called Damascus blades and upholstery of richest fabric called damask. A horseman of the name of Saul riding toward this city had been thrown from the saddle. The horse had dropped under a flash from the sky which at the same time was so bright it blinded the rider for many days, and I think so permanently injured his eyesight that this defect of vision became the thorn in the flesh he afterward speaks of. He started for Damascus to butcher Christians, but after that hard fall from his horse he was a changed man and preached Christ in Damascus till the city was shaken to its foundation.

The mayor gives authority for his arrest, and the popular cry is, "Kill him, kill him!" The city is surrounded by a high wall, and the gates are watched by the police lest the Cilician preacher escape. Many of the houses are built on the wall, and their balconies projected clear over and hovered above the gardens outside. It was customary to lower baskets out of these balconies and pull up fruits and flowers from the gardens. To this day visitors at the monastery of Mount Sinai are lifted and let down in baskets. Detectives prowled around from house to house looking for Paul, but his friends hid him now in one place, now in another. He is no coward, as fifty incidents in his life demonstrate, but he feels his work is not done yet, and so he evades assassination. "Is that preacher here?" the foaming mob shout at one house door. "Is that fanatic here?" the police shout at another house door. Sometimes on the street incognito he passes through a crowd of clinched fists, and sometimes he secretes himself on the house top. At last the infuriate populace get on sure track of him. They have positive evidence that he is in the house of one of the Christians, the balcony of whose home reaches over the wall. "Here he is! Here he is!" The vociferation and blasphemy and howling of the pursuers are at the front door. They break in. "Fetch out that gospelizer and let us hang his head on the city gate. Where is he?" The emergency was terrible. Providentially there was a good stout basket in the house. Paul's friends fasten a rope to the basket. Paul steps into it. The backet is lifted to the edge of the balcony on the wall, and then while Paul holds the rope with both hands his friends lower away carefully and cautiously, slowly but surely, farther down and farther down, until the basket strikes the earth and the apostle steps out and afoot and alone starts on that famous missionary tour the story of which has astonished earth and heaven. Appropriate entry in Paul's diary of travels: "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

I observe first on what a slender tenure great results hang. The ropemakers who twisted that cord fastened to that lowering basket never knew how much would depend upon the strength of it. How if it had been broken and the apostle's life had been dashed out? What would have become of the Christian Church? All that magnificent missionary work in Pamphylia, Cappadocia, Galatia, Macedonia, would never have been accomplished. All his writings that make up so indispensable and enchanting a part of the New Testament would never have been written.

The story of resurrection would never have been so gloriously told as he told it. That example of heroic and triumphant endurance at Philippi, in the Mediterranean Euroclydon, under flagellation and at his beheading would not have kindled the courage of 10,000 martyrdoms. But that rope holding that basket, how much depended on it! So again and again great results have hung on slender circumstances.

Did ever ship of many thousand tons crossing the sea have such an important passenger as had once a boat of leaves from taffrail to stern only three or four feet, the vessel made waterproof by a coat of bitumen and floating on the Nile with the infant lawgiver of the Jews on board? What if some crocodile should crunch it? What if some of the cattle wading in for a drink should sink it?

Vessels of war sometimes carry forty guns looking through the portholes, ready to open battle. But the tiny craft on the Nile seems to be armed with all the guns of thunder that bombarded Sinai at the lawgiving. On how fragile a craft sailed how much of historical importance!

The parsonage at Epworth, England, is on fire in the night, and the father rushed through the hallway for the rescue of his children. Seven children are out and safe on the ground, but one remains in the consuming building. That one awakes and, finding his bed on fire and the building crumbling, comes to the window, and two peasants make a ladder of their bodies, one peasant standing on the shoulder of the other, and down the human ladder the boy descends—John Wesley.

If you would know how much depended on that ladder of peasants, ask the millions of Methodists on both sides of the sea. Ask their mission stations all around the world. Ask their hundreds of thousands already ascended to join their founder, who would have perished but for the living stairs of peasants' shoulders.

An English ship stopped at Pitcairn Island, and right in the midst of surrounding cannibalism and squalor the passengers discovered a Christian colony of churches and schools and beautiful homes and highest style of religion and civilization. For fifty years no missionary and no Christian influence had landed there. Why this oasis of light amid a desert of heathendom? Sixty years before a ship had met disaster, and one of the sailors, unable to save anything else, went to his trunk and took out a Bible which his mother had placed there and swam ashore, the Bible held in his teeth. The book was read on all sides until the rough and vicious population were evangelized, and a church was started, and an enlightened commonwealth established and the world's history has no more brilliant page than that which tells of the transformation of a nation by one book. It did not seem of much importance whether the sailor continued to hold the book in his teeth or let it fall in the breakers, but upon that small circumstance depended what mighty results?

Practical inference: There are no insignificances in life. The minutest thing is part of a magnitude. Infinity is made up of infinitesimals; great things an aggregation of small things. Bethlehem manger pulling on a star in the Eastern sky. One book in a drenched sailor's mouth the evangelization of a multitude. One boat of papyrus on the Nile freighted with events for all ages. The fate of Christendom in a basket let down from a window on the wall. What you do, do well. If you make a rope, make it strong and true, for you know not how much may depend on your workmanship. If you fashion a boat, let it be waterproof, for you know not who may sail in it. If you put a Bible in the trunk of your boy as he goes from home, let it be remembered in your prayers, for it may have a mission as far-reaching as the book which the sailor carried in his teeth to the Pitcairn beach.

The plainest man's life is an island between two eternities—eternity past rippling against his shoulders, eternity to come touching his brow. The casual, the accidental, that which merely happened so, are parts of a great plan, and the rope that lets the fugitive apostle from the Damascus wall is the cable that holds to its mooring the ship of the church in the storm of the centuries.

Again, notice unrecognized and unrecorded service. Who spun that rope? Who tied it to the basket? Who steadied the illustrious preacher as he stepped into it? Who relaxed not a muscle of the arm or dismissed an anxious look from his face until the basket touched the ground and discharged its magnificent cargo? Not one of their names has come to us, but there was no work done that day in Damascus or in all earth compared with the importance of their work. What if they had in their agitation tied a knot that could slip? What if the sound of the mob at the door had led them to say, "Paul must take care of himself and we will take care of ourselves?" No, no! They held the rope and in doing so did more for the Christian church than any thousand of us will ever accomplish. But God knows and has made record of their undertaking. And they know.

How exultant they must have felt when they read his letters to the Romans, to the Corinthians, to the Galatians, to the Ephesians, to the Philippians, to the Colossians, to the Thessalonians, and when they heard how he walked out of prison, with the earthquake unlocking the door for him, and took command of the Alexandrian corn ship when the sailors were nearly scared to death and preached a sermon that nearly shook Felix off his judgment seat! I hear the men and women who helped him down through the window and over the wall talking in private over the matter and saying: "How glad I am that we effected that rescue! In coming times others may get the glory of Paul's work, but no one shall rob us of the satisfaction of knowing that we held the rope."

Once for thirty-six hours we expected every moment to go to the bottom of the ocean. The waves struck through the skylights and rushed down into the hold of the ship and hissed against the boilers. It was an awful time, but by the blessing of God and the faithfulness of the men in charge we came out of the cyclone, and we arrived at home. Each one before leaving the ship thanked Captain Andrews. I do not think there was a man or woman that went off that ship without thanking Captain Andrews, and when years after I heard of his death I was impelled to write a letter of condolence to his family in Liverpool. Everybody recognized the goodness, the courage, the kindness of Captain Andrews, but it occurs to me now that we never thanked the engineer. He stood away down in the darkness amid the hissing furnaces, doing his whole duty. Nobody thanked the engineer, but God recognized his heroism and his continuance and his fidelity, and there will be just as high reward for the engineer, who worked out of sight, as for the captain, who stood on the bridge of the ship in the midst of the howling tempest.

Come, let us go right up and accost those on the circle of heavenly thrones. Surely they must have killed in battle a million men. Surely they must have been buried with all the cathedrals sounding a dirge and all the towers of all the cities tolling the national grief. Who art thou, mighty one of heaven? "I lived by choice the unmarried daughter of an humble home that I might take care of my parents in their old age, and I endured without complaint all their querulousness and administered to all their wants for twenty years." Let us pass on round the circle of thrones. Who art thou, mighty one of heaven? "I was for thirty-five years a Christian invalid and suffered all the while, occasionally writing a note of sympathy for those worse off than I, and was general confidant of all those who had trouble, and once in awhile I was strong enough to make a garment for that poor family in the back lane." Pass on to another throne. Who art thou, mighty one of heaven? "I was the mother who raised a whole family of children for God, and they are out in the world Christian merchants, Christian mechanics, Christian wives, and I have had full reward for all my toil." Let us pass on in the circle of thrones. "I had a Sabbath-school class, and they were always on my heart, and they all entered the kingdom of God, and I am waiting for their arrival." But who art thou, mighty one of heaven, on this other throne? "In time of bitter persecution I owned a house in Damascus, a house on the wall. A man who preached Christ was hounded from street to street, and I hid him from the assassins, and when I found them breaking into my house and I could no longer keep him safely, I advised him to flee for his dear life, and a basket was let down over the wall with the maltreated man in it, and I was one who helped hold the rope." And I said, "Is that all?" And he answered, "That is all." And while I was lost in amazement I heard a strong voice that sounded as though it might once have been hoarse from many exposures and triumphant as though it might have belonged to one of the martyrs, and it said, "Not many mighty, not many noble, are called, but God hath chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty, and base things of the world and things which are despised hath God chosen; yea, and things which are not to bring to naught things which are, that no flesh should glory in His presence." And I looked to see from whence the voice came, and, lo, it was the very one who had said, "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall!"

Henceforth think of nothing as insignificant. A little thing may decide your all. A Cunarder put out from England for New York. It was well equipped, but in putting up a stove in the pilot box a nail was driven too near the compass. You know how that nail would affect the compass. The ship's officers, deceived by that distracted compass, put the ship 200 miles off her right course and suddenly the man on the lookout cried, "Land ho!" and the ship was halted on Nantucket shoals. A sixpenny nail came near wrecking a Cunarder. Small ropes hold mighty destinies.

A minister seated in Boston at his table, lacking a word, puts his hand behind his head and tilts back his chair to think, and the ceiling falls and crushes the table and would have crushed him.

A minister in Jamaica at night by the light of an insect called the candle fly is kept from stepping over a precipice a hundred feet. F. W. Robertson, the celebrated English clergyman, said that he entered the ministry from a train of circumstances started by the barking of a dog.

Had the wind blown one way on a certain day the Spanish Inquisition would have been established in England, but it blew the other way, and that dropped the accursed institution, with seventy-five tons of shipping, to the bottom of the sea or flung the splintered logs on the rocks.

Nothing unimportant in your life or mine. Three naughts placed on the right side of the figure one make a thousand, and six naughts on the right side of the figure one a million, and our nothingness placed on the right side may be augmentation illimitable. All the ages of time and eternity affected by the basket let down from a Damascus balcony.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 8.

Subject: Jacob at the Well, Gen. xxviii, 10-22—Golden Text, Gen. xxviii., 15—Memory Verses, 12-15—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

10. "Jacob." "The supplanter." Jacob took advantage of his brother Esau, and by deception stole his blessing. The Lord had promised Rebekah that the birthright should be given to Jacob (chap. 25: 23), and if she and Jacob had waited with faith for the fulfilment of the promise, Jacob would have had honestly what he gained by trickery. But it seemed to Rebekah and Jacob that God's promises were about to fail, and they must do something to bring the right thing to pass, even if they did a wrong in accomplishing it. They gained nothing, but lost much by their wicked interference with God's plans. Jacob was obliged to flee for his life, and his mother never beheld her beloved son again. "Went out." Urged and assisted by Rebekah, who planned with Isaac to have Jacob go to seek a wife, but really the journey was taken to escape the wrath of Esau. Esau and Jacob were now fifty-seven years old. "From Beer-sheba." This was forty-five miles southwest of Jerusalem, where Isaac lived. "Haran." This was about 300 miles from Beer-sheba. Some say the distance was much greater. He went without a servant or any accommodations, except a staff (Gen. 32: 10); on foot and alone he pursues his solitary journey.

11. "A certain place." Near Luz. V. 19. This was between fifty-five and sixty miles northeast of Beer-sheba. It must have been toward the close of the third day since he left home. The gates of the city were probably closed for the night, before he was able to reach Luz, and thus he was forced to remain in the open field during the night. "Sun was set." The gates of the city were closed at the setting of the sun, but this may merely mean that it was late and therefore time for Jacob to stop. "One of the stones" (R. V.) This was no hardship for Jacob, as the Syrians do the same thing every night. Sleeping on the ground in the open air, where there is not even a bush for shelter is a common thing. A pillow of stone was but an outward expression of Jacob's feelings at this time. He was alone, poor, banished, undefended, with a long and dangerous journey before him among hostile tribes, and with an uneasy conscience.

12. "He dreamed." God has frequently appeared in dreams since Jacob's time. "A ladder." The design of the ladder was, 1. To show that God was watching over and regulating all things. 2. It pointed out the close connection between heaven and earth. 3. It was a type of Christ. The true life has always visions and ideals reaching far beyond our present state. We should be always climbing upward, and the rising will be step by step. "Angels of God." God would teach Jacob the connecting and living intercourse between heaven and earth. The angels descending designate the revelations, the words and promises of God; the ascending angels indicate faith, confession and prayer. Jacob had thought himself alone and defenseless; the vision musters armies for his safety. He had been conscious of but little connection with heaven; the vision shows him a path from his very side right into its depths.

13. "Stood above it." From Jacob's ladder we receive the first definite intimation that beyond "Sheol," heaven is the home of man. "To thee will I give it." Of all the descendants of Abraham "Jacob had been selected as the one in whose line the covenant blessings should flow."

14. "And thy seed," etc. The old promise made to Abraham more than a century before this is here renewed. "Of the earth." The expression points to the world-wide universality of the kingdom of the seed of Abraham. The fulfilment of this was in Jesus Christ. In Christ, who descended from Jacob according to the flesh, shall all the nations of the earth be blessed.

15. "I am with thee," etc. I will direct, help and support thee in a peculiar manner. He is assured that he will not be cast away from the presence of God.

16. "The Lord is in this place." God has made this place His peculiar residence. God is often very near when the trial is most severe and it seems to us that He has forsaken us entirely.

17. "He was afraid." Jacob had sinned and he knew it, and therefore was in no condition to meet God. His heart was not at home in the presence of God; nor can any heart be so until it has been thoroughly emptied and broken. "How dreadful." Awe-inspiring, commonly rendered fearful or terrible. To be in the presence of God is a dreadful place for a sinner. "The house of God." In whatever place the soul of man feels the presence and power of God there is the house of God. "The gate of heaven." Alluding to the ladder he had seen in his dream. A gate is an entrance, and if angels could ascend on this ladder and enter heaven, a poor distressed sinner might; so Jacob decided, and he acted accordingly, for soon we see him entering in.

18. "Set it up." He placed the stone in an erect position. "Poured oil." Thus consecrating it to God, so that it might be considered an altar.

19. "Beth-el." "House of God." The original name was Luz, but Jacob named the place Bethel.

20. "Jacob vowed a vow." A vow is a solemn promise by which a man binds himself to perform certain acts. When Jacob came to Bethel he was an unconverted man, and he was not converted while he was dreaming. God saves men when they are wide awake. According to the Bible plan no person is converted without true repentance, confession and faith. Did Jacob repent at this time? It seems clear that he did. Years afterward he desired to return to Bethel and build an altar to the God "who answered" him in the day of his "distress." Gen. 35: 3. From this we see, 1. That he was in "distress"—he had "godly sorrow" (2 Cor. 7: 10) on account of his sins. 2. He called on the Lord and God "answered" him. Thus God's appearing to him was the result of earnest, agonizing prayer on his part. 3. Jacob gave himself to God and took the Lord to be his God. V. 21. 4. He even promised to give to God a tenth of all that God might give him. Now here is ample proof of his conversion; for when a repenting heart comes thus to God, and makes his vow to God as Jacob did, the Lord is always ready to save. "If God," etc. A better rendering is "since God." His words are not to be considered as implying a doubt. He did not dictate terms to God; he really said that inasmuch as God had promised to sustain and keep him, therefore he would give himself to God.

22. "God's house." A place sacred to the memory of God's presence. "The tenth." As Abraham had done. Gen. 14: 20.

Steam turbine engines and Texas oil as fuel are new prospective agencies upon which promoters of fast transatlantic navigation rely for the future four-day boat. Why not? The drop from five days to four will scarcely be wonderful as the drop from seven days to five within twenty years past, remarks the Philadelphia Record.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THERE was for a short time some fears entertained of an epidemic of scarlet fever in Clanton, but we are happy to say these fears have proved unfounded. Our leading physicians inform us there are no new cases of scarlet fever in Clanton, and the few old cases are convalescent.

SECRETARY Hester of the New Orleans cotton exchange has issued his annual report. The total cotton crop for 1900-1901 was 10,383,000 and its value $494,567,549. He compares the value of this crop with that of the year before last, 11,274,840 bales, the largest ever grown, and shows that we have received this year $211,794,562 more than we did for that crop, although this crop is 891,418 bales less.

THE Constitutional Convention has adjourned. Next week the Governor will set the day for the voters to decide upon ratification or rejection, and the election will be some time in November. THE BANNER is making arrangements to give its readers the new Constitution in full, and it is rather a lengthy document. It may be necessary to publish it as a supplement. We hope every man will study it himself and vote accordingly. If he thinks it better than the present Constitution he will of course vote for ratification, if not, then he should vote for its rejection.

OUR attention happened to be called a few days ago, to some stationery printed for the Town of Clanton. It was of poor quality and workmanship, and we thought it nothing but our privilege to find out how much it had cost the taxpayers of Clanton. We did find out, and our astonishment was great in discovering the unfortunate taxpayers of Clanton had been mulcted to the tune of about one hundred per cent. In other words the Town of Clanton had paid $7.25 (not including express charges, which probably amounted to 50 or 75 cents) for that which they could have obtained for four dollars in Clanton. And, we say this after due thought, for the four dollars in Clanton, the Town would have had BETTER work than that for which they paid double elsewhere.

If a merchant or individual prefers to pay higher prices and send his work away from home, that is his privilege, and we leave it to him for further consideration. But we do strongly object to the taxpayers—whether town or county—having to pay exorbitant prices for work which can be done at home for LOWER FIGURES AND EQUALLY AS GOOD.

So far as printing is concerned THE BANNER makes this proposition to all officials—county and municipal: any work we undertake to do shall be as good in quality and as low in price as they can get elsewhere, or the work shall be destroyed and THE BANNER will make no charge. The matter shall be left in their own hands; the Court of Commissioners shall be judges for the county, and the Councilors or Board of Aldermen for the municipalities. Is that a fair proposition? We would like to hear from the taxpayers.

THE BANNER asks favors from none, but we are not disposed to pay extra taxation to enrich competing firms at a distance.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

AFTER a session of eighty-two days the Constitutional Convention has adjourned sine die..

The new Constitution was signed by all but one of the one hundred and fifty-five delegates, and the Governor was authorized to expend one thousand dollars in publishing the new organic law throughout the State.

Each of the delegates was presented with a penholder and pen, provided by Mr. Sexton, chief clerk in the Secretary of State's office, to be preserved as souvenirs of the Convention of 1901.

President Knox was presented with a gold watch, and other officials also received presents. At the conclusion the Convention waxed musical, and several songs were sung, including "God be with you 'till we meet again," and the Doxology.

The Convention of 1901 is now a matter of history.

COL. J. M. FALKNER

The name of Col. J. M. Falkner the able attorney of the L. & N. railroad in Alabama has been suggested for vice-president of this system, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. A. W. Graham. Col. Falkner is most admirably suited for the position. It is understood the duties of the position are, in a large measure the framing of the policy of the system, as well to whom the traffic manager reports, this being the case, it would be difficult to find a man better fitted for the same than Col. Falkner, who has always had the confidence of President Smith as a faithful officer and who is known to have the good will of the whole people of Alabama. In this connection we desire to state that we do not believe there is a man to-day in Alabama that has more personal friends and weilds more influence in this State than Col. Falkner. If Col. Falkner should be promoted to the second vice-presidency of the L. & N. his position would necessarily remove him to Louisville, the headquarters of the road. His removal from Alabama would be a distinct loss to the State, while we would be glad to see him honored and advanced in railroad circles, still we would regret to see him leave Alabama.—Dixie Manufacturer.

Late Literary News.

Fourteen noted writers were sent by the Cosmopolitan Magazine to the Pan-American Exposition to study the most interesting features with a view to preparing the most beautiful souvenir of any Exposition ever made, from both a literary and an artistic standpoint. To "Mr. Dooley" was committed the case of the bird's-eye view of the Exposition in his own most delightful style. Albert Shaw and Nicholas Murray Butler studied the value of the Expesition, and its educational influence. Charles Y. Turner, to whom was committed the color-scheme of the Pan-American, explains the methods by which he has produced such marvellous results. Arthur Brisbane, in his own incomparable way, takes the Incubator Baby and Niagara Falls for his subject. Director-General Buchanan contributes a very interesting paper on the organization of the Exposition. Prof Pupin, Col. David Porter Heap, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Lavinia Hart, Julian Hawthorne and John Brisbane Walker are among others who will consider the various phases of the Exposition.

Under the direction of the editors of the Cosmopolitan, 104 photographs were prepared showing every variety of architecture and every phase of life, not neglecting the Midway, at the Pan-American. These are engraved and printed in a style never surpassed even in the Cosmopolitan's highest standard of art.

At Chicago thousands of copies of the World's Fair number were sold at one dollar a copy after the edition—the plates having been worn out—began to be exausted, and a few copies at the price of five dollars—something that has never happened in the history of any other periodical since printing was invented.

The Cosmopolitan's Pan-American souvenir will be an even finer number than that of the Chicago Fair. To those who have visited the Exposition it will recall vividly in days to come every feature they have seen and those who are unable to go there will secure such a comprehensive view of its main attractions as will be well worthy of preservation.

"Why did the fly fly?" Because the spider spied 'er.—Boston Christian Register.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The next Institute for white teachers will be held at Maccdonia, eight miles west of Jemison and five miles east of Randolph, on the 13th and 14th of September, 1901.

FRIDAY.

10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 Welcome Address, John T. Martin. Response, L. E. Byrum.

11. Why educate? How? E. B. Deason, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

1:30 p.m. How should schools be graded? Ex-Supt. Judson Strock.

Strock, G. L. Speer.

2:30. Would it be better to divide the county into School Districts? R. E. R. Hicks, Robt. E. Sessions.

3:30. My first experience as a teacher, J. H. Anderson, Miss Jennie Wilson.

SATURDAY.

9 a.m. Chilton county Schools R. A. Rasco, Supt. J. W. Moore.

10 The importance of Physiology, F. D. Carmichael, Miss Tracy Garrett.

11. Educational Address, J. M. Collier.

A concert will be given by Prof. Martin's school, Friday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

Teachers coming on train will write Prof. Jno. T. Martin, Randolp, and have arrangements made for conveyance.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The September Review of Reviews is an unusual number, even for that magazine, of which the public has come to expect great things. Merely to list the contents of this issue is to enumerate the topics that now, at the approach of September, 1901, have "preferred position" in the daily news. The great steel strike, the career of Admiral Schley, the contributions of Dr. Koch to the modern method of dealing with consumption, the rapid advance of the horseless carriage, the conditions in Kansas after the severe summer's drought, are some of the subjects treated in this number, and each subject is dealt with by an expert.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Mothers who have always so dreaded the approach of hot weather when they have a teething babe, should not forget that TEETHINA counteracts and overcomes the effects of hot weather on children, keeps them in healthy condition and makes teething easy. TEETHINA costs only 25 cents per box at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

In the Probate Court of said County.

In the matter of the petition to probate the last will and testament of James Franklin Welch, deceased, late of said County:

To Darius S. Welch, at Bloomingrove, Texas, Vancey B. Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi, John Welch, who is an infant under the age of 14 years, residing with his mother, Annie Welch, at Meridian, Mississippi; and to all other the heirs at law of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, who reside out of the State of Alabama.

Take notice that on this day Oscar S. Welch, executor, filed in said Court an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of said James Franklin Welch, deceased, which is dated October 14, 1899, and is attested by W. H. Burns and J. I. Cox; and also filed this day in said Court their petition in writing praying the said Court to admit said instrument to probate and record therein, as and for the last Will and Testament of the said James Franklin Welch, deceased, and that the said Probate Court has appointed Sept. 19th, 1901, as the day for the hearing of said petition, at which time you may appear and contest the same if you desire.

Given under my hand, on this the 26th day of July, A. D., 1901.

SAMUEL M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Stood Death Off

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digesiton, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

				1901
Pletcher	Beat 8		Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8		"	2
Dixie	" 8		"	3
Shoults	" 7		"	4
Maplesville	" 7		"	5
Benson	" 3		"	7
Macedonia	" 3		"	8
Providence	" 2		"	9
Jemison	" 2		"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1		"	11
Strasburg	" 9		"	12
Clanton	" 4		"	14
Coopers	" 5		"	15
Verbena	" 5		"	16
Kincheon	" 6		"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders and gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. These powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE"

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2350 and 2352 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, }
Chilton County. }

In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northern Chancery Division, Fall Term, 1901.

Rufusia Mahan, Complainant, vs. W. J. Mahan, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of William M. Adams, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, W. J. Mahan, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; that said Mahan resides in the State of Mississippi; and that the residence of said Mahan in the State of Mississippi is to said William M. Adams, unknown; and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Chilton county once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said W. J. Mahan, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, within thirty days after the 18th day of September, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama this 18th day of August, 1901.

W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

WM. M. ADAMS,
Solicitor for Complainant.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

REMOVAL SALE

EVERYTHING GOES

PRICES AWAY DOWN

BARGAINS IN ALL LINES

We move into our new building September 1, we don't mind moving ourselves and our clerks, but we want you to come in and move our goods to your homes, then we won't have much moving to do.

REMOVAL SALE NOW ON

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Ala

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH

PRESIDENT.
N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.

SEC'Y & TREAS
P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

COUNTY AGENT:
B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coleman
8. John R. Fo
9. W. A. Mas

Insures farmer's dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and stock against loss by fire, wind and lightning.

During the year just closed, Aug. 3, 1901, there has not been a single loss to the Association.

The cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man. For full particulars call on or address the County Agent.

B. T. CALLOWAY, Coopers, Ala.

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Q

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, . . ALA.

West End Store

For the convenience of the people in this part I have opened a store at my place one mile west of town, and have a full

General Merchandise

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Dry Goods. Hats, Shoes, Notions

CHOICE GROCERIES

W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

C. W. WILSON

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Fancy Groceries a Specialty

CLANTON

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court stands adjourned to February, first Monday in March, first Monday in June, second Monday in June, second Monday in August and third Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7¾ cents
Same date last year 9¼ cents

BALES RECEIVED TO DATE.	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	6	10
Mullins	3	10
Wilson		
Downs		1
Total	9	21

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Rev. F. M. Woods has removed his family to North Heflin. We regret to lose them.

Mr. Leroy Waters of Birmingham visited Clanton Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. and Miss Lena Potts are visiting friends at Vincent.

Mr. J. L. Maddox has moved his family into the Conley house.

Dr. G. A. Dennis of Montgomery paid relatives a visit here the week.

Mr. Will March of Bessemer is visiting Mr. Cliff Gustlebow.

Misses Allee and Essie Charles Stewart left on Tuesday for college at Loretto, Ky.

Mr. J. O. Middleton is visiting relatives at Mt. Carmel.

Mr. McKinney of Lomax has moved his family into the Marsh house.

Commissioner Alex Glassco and Tax Collector Hubbard were in town Monday.

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Mr. C. W. Wilson is sick this week.

Mr. W. H. Sartor has moved into his new store.

City Clerk A. L. Tornblom of Thorsby was in town Tuesday.

It is not a liniment, nor a salve. Contains no grease or ammonia. A rational, scientific, chemical compound. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic stands pre-eminently superior to any remedy offered the public for healing Wounds, Burns and other injuries. Used internally it is a fine thing for colic and bowel troubles.

Mrs. Jessie Burnett of Ensley is visiting friends here.

Misses Sallie and Laura Cooley of Shelby delighted their friends with a short visit last week.

Miss Lillie Graham, after a pleasant visit to Mr. W. I. Mullins' family, returned to her home at Meridian, Miss., last Saturday.

Mrs. Leah Satterwhite of Lynchburg, Va., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Watts.

C. W. WILSON is now getting in a full line in all departments, and respectfully invites you to call and inspect them. Prices are put down very low and the goods speak for themselves.

C. W. WILSON, Clanton.

Deputy Sheriff Haynes of Prattville was in town Wednesday.

Mr. A. C. Holt and daughters, Misses Lucille and Doll, of Helena are visiting Mrs. A. L. Evans.

Mr. J. C. Dennis attended Chancery Court at Prattville this week.

Mr. W. M. Adams went to Wetumpka Tuesday, on legal business.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv. in this papes. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 to 60 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will abpreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 118½ 22st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. T. N. Parrish and Miss Mattie Dupree; Mr. J. A. Maddox and Miss Dora Dupree; Mr. W. D. Cherry and Miss A. R. Barrett.

STOP THE COUGH and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

VAL SALE

OES

WAY DOWN

RGAINS IN ALL LINES.

into our new building
we don't mind mov-
and our clerks, but
to come in and move
your homes, then we
much moving to do.

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ING AT CUT PRICES

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CUT RATE DRUG STOR

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A COMPLETE LINE OF

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W. WILSON

—DEALER IN—

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Mr. Leroy Waters of Birmingham has visited Clanton this week.

Mrs. T. M. Boyd, Miss Emma Pate are visiting friends at Verbena.

Mr. T. L. Maddox has moved into Mrs. Cooley's house.

Dr. G. A. Dennis of Montgomery paid relatives a visit here this week.

Mr. Will Marsh of Bessemer is visiting Mr. Cook Gadsborn.

Misses Alice and Essie Charles Stewart left on Tuesday for college at Lorettto, Ky.

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STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

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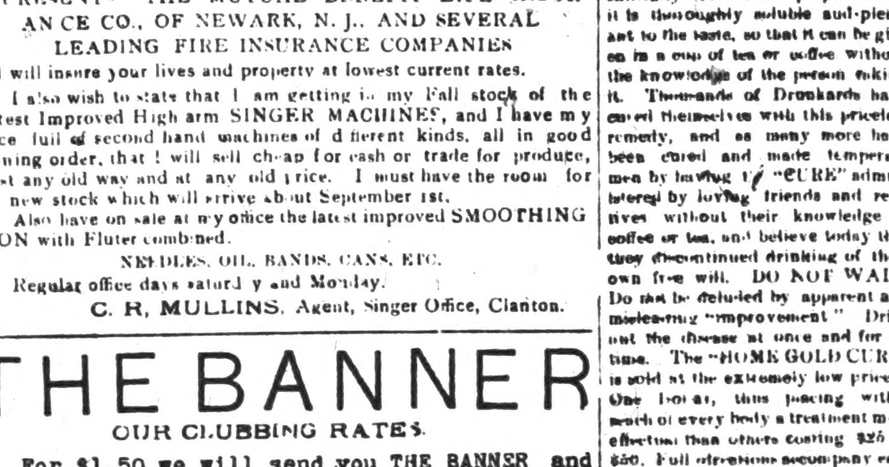

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FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Rings for the Middle Finger.

Rings for the middle finger are a frequent gift among Parisians. Two, exactly matching, are given together in a dainty case. This is because it is the fashion in Paris to wear rings on every finger, and no gloves, and the middle finger is less likely to be supplied than the other ones.

Gowns of Pina Cloth.

Girls who have lovers, brothers, fathers and our friends in the Philippines are to be seen these days in gowns of diaphanous pina cloth, and are the envied of all their kind. The fabric is woven from the pineapple fibre, and when it arrives is so stiff as to require washing before it can be made up. The cloth sent is cross barred or plain, and with each length comes a strip hand embroidered in dots and quaint designs for the vest and yoke.

Flower Sprays.

Chic is the illuminative word to apply to some entrancing trails of fruit blossoms—apple, cherry and peach—especially prepared in view of the requirements of debutantes and the younger members generally of the community, who are likewise to be permitted to wreath their pretty heads literally with crowns of flowers and foliage. It is to be devoutly hoped they will be created of a size and shape to fall in tastefully with the particular idiosyncrasies of the wearer.

Dresses Growing Shorter.

It is a noteworthy fact that dresses are gradually growing shorter and less cumbersome, a blessing in the matter of street robes. It must not be imagined from this that walking toilets are to be unequivocally short, but simply that they will be more reasonable. Reception gowns, visiting gowns and house gowns, on the other hand, are a trifle longer than they have been through the last season, a circumstance that will hardly be objected to by women who have mastered the coquetish art of handling a train.

Fashions in Tailor Mades.

Gray and white is admittedly one of the most attractive cloth admixtures of the hour. And yet another growing freak of the tailor world is the suppression of revers and even collars to the short coats and boleros, a deletion that affords a greater display of the undervest or blouse and so falls in happily with the summer scheme of things. Not to every figure, however, is it given to carry off successfully the somewhat severe outline of the plain frontage coatee. One must of necessity be possessed of curves and undulations, combined with a certain width of shoulder.

White the Reigning Shade.

It is the fashion this summer to wear white, and the smartest of all the frocks are of white mousseline de soie or batiste. There are, however, any number of dotted muslins in white, light gray, light yellow, or black that are made up for evening use. The so-called robe gowns are also in great demand, and are very useful, provided one has a well-fitting low waist and long skirt of silk over which the robe gown can be placed. The summer silks, not foulard, making charming low gowns for evening, while when the higher waists are desired the foulards come into play again. One of the smartest gowns of the year is made of black and white foulard, a white ground with irregular black dots.—Harper's Bazar.

An Important Item.

The popularity of white dresses this season has made the white glace petticoat an exceedingly important item of feminine attire, says the London Graphic. On many there is an embroidery in black silk. One with the flounce so treated, in slender single blossom design, had the edge in scallops formed of applique black velvet pansies, with a touch of white in the heart of each. This was very pretty—more so than a similar garment with the flounce composed of alternate diamonds in black and white tucked silk, and bordered with black lace. A white silk underskirt, finished with narrow frills, each edged with narrow black Valenciennes lace, is good; and another with silk flounce veiled in an equally deep flounce of black Chantilly lace is even more pleasing. But, attractive as these dainty petticoats undoubtedly are, for good, serviceable wear they are far behind the skirts made of gray glace silk, which do not soil so readily, and appear impervious to the damaging effect of dust.

Useful Fancy Work.

Clever workers who want pretty fancy work with which to beguile the wet days spent at home should buy boleros, collars or trimmings in either black or white lace, selecting a bold design, and then with small tinsel cord outline all the larger designs and fill in the centres of circles or flowers with three of four loops, like a miniature rosette. These items will be useful in the summer and are costly to buy, says the Springfield Union.

Insertions for trimming gowns may be treated in the same fashion. A combination of gold cord and cream or ecru lace is charming for cream, biscuit or black gowns, or black lace treated with silver cord is effective over white satin for a black dress or on pale colors. Applique motifs of lisse or grenadine can also be made by stamping the fabric with transfers on the wrong side, placing the design over white cloth and then outlining the edges with chenille or tinsel cord and working out the design in massed jet beads and tiny rosettes of tinsel.

Nature's Beautifier.

The summer time is the golden opportunity for the girl troubled with pimples and comedones. The torrid heat offers an efficacious substitute for the Turkish or Russian bath. The healthy streams of perspiration with which Dame Nature strives to eradicate these facial blemishes should never be dammed by the opposing powder rag. Rather encourage the very friendly drop which adds its tiny share in promoting the health and purity of the complexion. I am reminded here of a young girl who has happily been cured of some very disfiguring pimples of the chronic type which physicians had prescribed for in vain. One intolerably hot day she tried to catch a nap in the attic, where the temperature equalled the hot room of the Turkish baths.

A member of the family called for her to come down to cooler quarters.

"Oh, no, mamma," she replied, "this is part of the cure! I am told that I must perspire!" and she resolutely turned a deaf ear to all expostulation. When last seen that girl had a complexion without a blemish.—Stella Stuart, in Ledger Monthly.

Life of the Filipino Girl.

The life lived by the Filipinos is not an intricate life, says Ramon Reyes Lala in the Ledger Monthly, nor is Philippine etiquette the highly involved system that is found in the old and artificial society of western lands.

I do not know that I can better describe it than by following a society young lady of Manila through the ordinary events of one day's existence. It may interest American women to know how their sisters beyond the seas pass their lives.

The day of the fair Filipino is a long one. With her there is no lazy rising to a 9 o'clock coffee and toast. She is usually up with the sun, not later than 6, and, if very religious, as early as 4, that she may attend early mass. Breakfast is set early, about 6 o'clock. Then come the morning duties of the household, sewing, washing, cooking, or whatever there may be, for our young lady is not expected to spend her days in idleness. The midday meal is taken at 12 o'clock, in order that the warmest hours of the day may be the hours of rest. About two hours are thus spent in the enjoyment of the siesta, when our lady fair arises, refreshed and ready for the later pleasures of the day.

At 4 o'clock the "afternoon tea" is served. This is a light repast, usually consisting of chocolate, with rice and cakes, or other simple viands. Then, at the hour of 5.30 or 6 o'clock, the carriage is brought out and the daily ride taken to the Luneta, the beautiful park on the bay south of the city. Here the military band discourses sweet music every evening, and the beauty and fashion of Manila meet and enjoy the evening air and melodious strains. Returning from the drive about 7 o'clock, the evening meal, or supper, comes next in order, after which our belle of Manila is free for any mode of spending the evening hours that may appeal to her; perhaps a friendly visit, a trip to the theatre or opera, or an "at home" to receive callers. Early as she arose, bedtime often comes late, and no hours more than nature demands are spent in the enjoyment of slumber. Going to rest, however, is different there and here. Ladies, even of the highest social rank, do not sleep in a bedstead, but prefer the floor, lying on a peate, or mat, which is provided with a long bolster or pillow, and covered with the conventional mosquito netting.

FASHION NOTES

Vests of grass linen, with vari-colored embroidery, are new and smart.

Cherry red blouses and hats to match are worn with fawn colored or gray cloth skirts for morning wear.

Belts of black velvet with long loop and streamers are worn by young girls, the dotted ribbons being especially popular.

Many women are wearing the skirt length chemise trimmed around the lower edge. They can be bought for reasonable prices and are cool and comfortable.

Taffeta forms the waist ribbon of a stylish gown of dark blue veiling, which is trimmed with stitched bands. There is a good sized bow with ends tied a little to the left at the waist.

A dainty shirtwaist of black and white striped lawn worn by a young woman was most attractively set off by a stitched red satin belt and a white stock and tie, edged with red of the same color as the belt.

Pique collars with white ties in some instances have the collar embroidered, and a field of flowers is apparently going up from behind the tie. These are unique, but hardly as satisfactory as the plain pique collar.

The long, low back combs worn in the hair show best when selected with special reference to the color of the hair. Blondes usually prefer the lighter shell, inset with a row of turquoises, while the rhinestones on dark shell are most effective against dark hair.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

Two Students.

A little boy sat on the shore of a pond
While a bullfrog sat in the pool:
And each one gazed on the other one
Like scholars in a school.

Then at last the little boy spoke and said:
"Why, Frog, do you gaze at me?
Pray swim or jump, that I may learn
Some Natural History!"

The frog he croaked out his reply:
"That's what I'm here for, too.
I'm studying Boys, and their curious ways,
For I've nothing else to do!"

Then the boy he turned and went away,
And the frog he sank below;
While circling ripples on the pool
Were all that was left of the show.
—Benjamin Webster in St. Nicholas.

Three Amusing Games.

The game called water sprite affords children a lot of fun. Players stand in two lines facing each other, with a large open space, representing a river between. The child called the water sprite stands between and beckons one to cross. This one signals to one on the opposite side, and they run across to exchange places. If touched by the water sprite, the water sprite and the one touched exchange places, and the game is continued.

Last pair pass is another amusing game. The children stand in twos, one behind the other. One who is catcher stands in front with his back to the others and calls, "Last couple out!" when the last two in the line run around to the front and try to join the hands before they are touched by the catcher. The one touched becomes catcher. His partner joins the previous catcher, and they take their places as first couple in the line.

To play red lion, one player, the red lion, stands in a den. The others venture near to him, calling:

Red lion, red lion, come out of your den;
Whoever you catch will be one of your men.

He runs out and tries to catch one. The first one caught joins hands with him, and together they try to catch others, each captive being added to his line. Only the two persons at the ends of the line can catch others.

Japanese Children at Play.

In an article in the St. Nicholas entitled "Glimpses of Child Life in Japan," illustrated by himself, Theodore Wores says that two holidays especially for children are observed by the Japanese during the year. The one occurs on May 5, and is called "Boys' Day," and the other, on March 3, is known as "Girls' Day," or the "Feast of Dolls." On Boys' Day the streets present a very bright and festive appearance, as almost every house is decorated with a tall bamboo pole to which one or more large paper fish are attached. The number of fish hung from each pole corresponds to the number of boys in the family.

These fish are very cleverly constructed, and are painted so as to present a very natural appearance. They are fastened to the pole by a cord passed through the jaws, and openings at the mouth and tail allow the wind to blow through, filling them out and causing them to plunge in a most lifelike manner. These paper fish vary in length from three to 20 feet.

In many houses, on this occasion, miniature stands of arms, containing swords, spears, bows, banners, and suits of armor, are brought out of the kura, or storehouse, and placed on view. Some of these toy weapons are as carefully made as the real things, and are often very old, having served on Boys' Day in the same family for many generations. On Girls' Day almost every household has more or less of a collection of dolls on view. These dolls are carefully packed away, each in its own wooden case, during the year, and are only brought out on these special occasions, when it is the custom for little girls to pay visits to one another, exchange the compliments of one another's dolls. In addition to these dolls, all sorts of miniature household articles, consisting of dressing-cases, toilet-sets, furniture, and kitchen utensils, etc., made of silver and lacquer, are displayed. The principal dolls imitate the mikado and his empress in ancient court dress. Many of these collections of dolls are centuries old.

Japan has not without reason been called a "children's paradise." While my own observations have proved to me that Japanese children are about the happiest I know, I have also observed that they always display the greatest respect for their parents and elders, who are thus more than repaid for the unfailing love and attention they bestow upon the little ones of the "Sunrise Kingdom."

Missing Words.

The five children had played everything they knew over twice; at least they thought they had, and still it would not to be 5 o'clock, when they were to go down-stairs to the library to play a brand-new game with their father.

But if you only wait long enough it will get to be 5 o'clock after a while; and just as the clock began to strike 5 the five children went down-stairs with a rush, and almost before it was through they had swarmed into his library.

"This, my dear children," he said, "is the game of missing words. I will give you the first line complete, and the second line to its last word, which you must at once give, and it must rhyme with the las tword of the first line. If you cannot think of it you get dropped out. The one who stands the longest may get out the next missing-word lesson. Are you ready?"

"Yes, father," they all answered at once.

"Donny will be number one, Tommy two, Molly three, Polly four and Dummy Dee five. You may help Dummy Dee a little if he needs it," said their father.

"I'm not going to need it!" said Dummy Dee, indignantly.

So father began:

"A young fellow whose surname was Sill harnessed his horse and started to—"

"Till," said Donny, promptly and eagerly.

"That's good," said his father, "although the word was mill."

So Donny sat down.

"He stopped beside a flowing—"

"Rill," said Tommy, who said afterward that he said it by mistake, but it appeared to be right.

"There came a pretty girl named—"

"Jill," said Molly, sure she was right.

"He wished that his was Jack, not—"

"Sill?" asked Polly.

"No, we cannot use the same word twice; but you did not know that, so you may try again."

"Will?" asked Polly again, and that was right.

"Or, as they sometimes called him—"

"Bill," said Dummy Dee, with such an air of conviction that he received much applause.

"Which really was a bitter—"

"Pill," said Tommy, delighted with his easy one.

"His errand he forgot—"

But Molly could not think, neither could Polly. Dummy Dee shouted, "Until!" and was right again.

"The sun shot down behind the—"

"Hill," said Tommy, and that was right, too, and the last line.

Then they all decided to write one for their father, and it had to be hard because, as Molly said, their father wrote things with rhymes in them for the papers, so he was in the habit of it; but before they were through with their task the supper-bell rang, to their great surprise, so they had to wait until the next afternoon. But they had decided on the rhyming word. It was cry.—Youth's Companion.

A True Story.

Toggles's Sunday-school teacher had told him something he did not understand very well. As nearly as he could remember, some man had said that the whole world was like two great heaps, one of the happy things and the other of the unhappy things, and every time we took something from the unhappy heap, and put it on the happy heap we made the whole world pleasanter and better.

Then she had told them how the man who said it had made the world happier by giving a penny to a little girl who had lost hers and was crying about it. Toggles thought it very unlikely that he should ever do a thing like that, because, even if he should meet such a little girl, the chances were he wouldn't have any penny. Being at grandpa's on a visit, and having a new teacher, he just kept quiet, and put the whole matter carefully away in the back of his head, to keep until he had time to think it over.

The time came the next afternoon when he was out by the barn, digging in the load of new fresh sand that grandpa had had dumped there on purpose for him. He made two great piles, as nearly of a size as he could, and the one by his left foot he called the happy pile, and the one by his right hand the unhappy pile; and then he took a big trowel full of sand from the right-hand pile, and let it sift down on the left-hand pile, and rejoiced to see the unhappy heap grow smaller, and the happy heap grow bigger. And all the time he was thinking how to tell it to Mabel, who was Toggles's little sister, and who hadn't been to Sunday-school because she had torn a great hole in one of her new shoes, and the shoemaker had not fixed it yet.

It was while he was very busy there that mamma called him to come into the house. Grandpa had come back with the wagon, and was all ready to take him to the big factory where they made the kind of milk Toggles had seen the men squirt out of the cows into the thick, sticky milk that Toggles' mamma bought in cans at the grocery store. Toggles had asked so many questions about it that grandpa had promised to take him to see it done.

They were ready to start, and grandpa had just said, "Get up!" to Dobbin, when Mabel came running to the door.

"I want to go, too," she called.

"Oh, no!" said mamma: "you have not any shoes to put on. Why, what would the men in the big factory say if they were to see a little girl without any shoes?"

"I want to go," repeated Mabel. "I want to see them make the thick, sticky milk."

"No," said mamma, "you can go some other time."

And then Mabel began to cry; for she was littler than Toggles, and all of a sudden Toggles thought of his two heaps.

"I can go some other time, "he said. Mabel can wear my shoes."

Grandpa and mamma did not say anything while Mabel, with tear-stained cheeks, but as radiant as a little cherub, was pulling on the shoes Toggles had just taken off; but they looked at each other, and there were tears in mamma's eyes.

"Good-bye," called Mabel, as grandpa gathered up the reins. "I wish you were going, too."

"Oh! never mind," answered Toggles. "I can go some other time."

And then, hurrying back to his piles, he fell to digging so hard that, long before grandpa and Mabel returned, the unhappy heap was gone, and only the great round happy heap remained.—Frederic Hall, in Sunday School Times.

FLOWERS FOR THE APPETITE.

Part They Play in Increasing a Hotel Guest's Bill.

"'No appetite? Too hot to eat, anyway?'" the doctor repeated after his patient, a thin and bloodless little woman who seemed to be fairly withering under the summer sun. "Then why don't you put some flowers and green stuff on your table?

"I don't want you to eat them, understand," for the patient stared at him as if she doubted his sanity. "They'll help your appetite, though. See if they don't.

"Up to last summer it never had occurred to me that flowers in a dining-room served any other purpose than that of decoration. But in a London hotel I met people who had studied the thing, and the head waiter gave me their theory.

"'Yes, sir, certainly, sir,' this man said, when I complimented him on the appearance of my table and the room in general. 'We find it 'elps, sir, to trim pretty hextensively, especially hin close weather. Say that a gentleman—as it might be yourself, sir—is almost hovercome by the 'eat and doesn't care whether 'e heats hanything or not. But the flowers and the greenery make the place look cool, and then hinfluence 'im, sir, they hinfluence him. Hafter a while 'e feels rested and refreshed, and 'is happetite comes back. We hestimate that it's worth pounds to us to 'ave such things 'ere on the table.'

"I believe the waiter was right, and I've been recommending the flower cure ever since. There's just one warning to add: don't overdo it. Use only one kind of flower, and that in one color only, at a time, and have plenty of green stuff. A rose or two and a little smilax will do more good than a 'Joseph-coat bouquet'—as my wife calls the 'loud' kind—as big as a water pail."—*Youth's Companion.*

A Youthful Promoter.

A horseman had an amusing experience near the Speedway a few days ago. He called to an idle newsboy to hold his horse while he made a call on a client. On leaving the house he was surprised to see another boy in charge of the horse. So he asked:

"How's this? You are not the boy I left my horse with."

"No, sir. I jist spekilated and bought him of the other boy for ten cents. He said as how you were only worth a nickel, and I says you were good for a quarter. See?"

The boy got the quarter and went around the corner, where the first boy was waiting under an open window in the home of the horseman's friend.

"That's ther way ter work the gwells," said the young speculator to his companion. "Ef yer had stayed he wouldn coughed up a dime. The bluff made him ershamed to hand over les than two bits. You gets twelve cents and I keep the extry cent for permotin' dis scheme. See?"—*New York Times.*

Parliamentary Sittings.

Parliamentary sittings in the early days began generally at 8 o'clock in the morning, but often at 6 or 7, and continued until 11, the committee being appointed to sit in the afternoon. In the time of Charles II. 9 o'clock was the usual hour for commencing public business, and 4 o'clock the hour for rising. At a later period 10 o'clock was the ordinary time of meeting, and the practice of adjourning the house nominally until that hour continued until 1806, although so early a meeting had long been discontinued. According to the present practice no hour is named by the house for its next meeting, but it is announced in the "votes" at what hour Mr. Speaker will take his chair. There is nothing to prevent the house sitting at a later hour than usual for the sake of convenience. Thus on the occasion of the naval review at Spithead in 1853 it did not meet until 10 o'clock at night.—*London Chronicle.*

The Missing Link.

In the jungles of Southeastern Asia and the islands near by, which have long been known to science as the cradle of the human race, and which are still inhabitated by the very lowest orders of human beings, the pithecanthropus lives with the elephant, tapir, rhinoceros, lion, hippopotamus, gigantic pangolin, hyena, and other animals, remains of which were found around him. It has been computed that this ancestor lived somewhere about the beginning of our last glacial epoch, some 270,000 years ago. In other words, about 17,000 generations have been born and have died between him and ourselves. It will assist our understanding of what this relationship really means to know that nearly 250 generations carry us back beyond the dawn of history, 5,000 years ago.—*McClure's Magazine.*

The Fulmar Petrel.

The fulmar petrel somewhat resembles a common gull at a distance, but has a much more graceful flight, skimming the waves, or hovering by the cliffs, without perceptible motion of its wings. It makes its nest upon the grassy ledges and cliffs of St. Kilda, and is caught with a rod in the same way as a puffin, only, as it is found on the precipices, it is more difficult to secure.

It was greatly valued formerly for its oil, of which each bird has about half a pint, and which it uses as a means of defense, and ejects with great force at the enemy. The present general use of mineral oils makes that of the fulmar of less importance, but it is the purest animal oil in existence, and is still used for various purposes, and also medicinally by the natives for sprains and bruises.—*Good Words.*

A Night Thought.

It must occur to every honest man when he looks at his bare feet at night that great credit for his personal appearance is due to his shoes.—*Atchison Globe.*

NOTES AND COMMENT

In spite of the scientists, some people are unscientific enough to believe that the only good mosquito is a dead mosquito.

Sir Edwin Arnold is one of those who without much pecuniary reward, but likely worse poets have drawn generous salaries.

The drought has been a severe calamity to the western farmer, but it may prove a valuable one if it causes a relaxation of the systems of irrigation.

Eighty-four square inches of land offered for $1,000 is the "highest asking price" yet recorded in New York City. Yet full lots have been sold at prices between $2 and $3 per square inch.

A town that leaps into [illegible] population may be considered a thing of a phenomenon, but such a kind has popped up in the Indian reservation recently opened to settlers.

Diamonds have been [illegible] on account of the South African war, although the supply from Brazil has been considerably increased and new mines have been discovered in British Guiana.

The Nebraska State Game Warden has forbidden the farmers to feed grasshoppers longer with poison, saying that the loss of birds and game is too costly a price to pay for the destruction of comparatively few insects.

Time is taking heavy toll of the actors on the historic stage of the last century. In one week the Emperor Frederick and Crispi, the greatest statesman of the new Italy, passed away. Even such youngsters as the Kaiser feel that they are getting along and will soon be veterans. The old order changes rapidly, giving place to the new.

An interesting feature of the work of the Census Bureau is a collection of statistics as to the number of fenced live stock in our country. The figures show that, so far as the great cities are concerned, Chicago contains the most swine, Philadelphia the most mules and horses, and New York the most asses.

The *Montreal Gazette* says that Canada is quite well satisfied with the restriction under the agreement between Great Britain and the United States of 1817 of three war vessels of less than one hundred tons on the great lakes by each government, and it is quite sure that the Dominion would not willingly sacrifice it "for the benefit of a few Grand Lake Shipbuilders."

Referring to the facilities given at French harbors and on French railways for the transportation of American corn to the Swiss frontier, the Berlin correspondent of the *London Standard* says: "It is pretty certain that this will enable American coal to be delivered cheaper than German coal, and the Swiss manufacturers, who have hitherto bought German coal, will highly welcome the American product."

The story of John Winters, the San Francisco thief who stole over $[illegible] in gold bullion from a smelting company and hid it in the Bay, reads like a rather improbable, or indeed impossible, romance. If the incident had been described in a tale of adventure, the fact that one man was represented as doing the job alone would have excited the indignant scorn of the young schoolboy critic. But here once more it is shown that it is the chap who lives by their imagination who lags behind that great romancer—the world. Fiction takes a back seat in the presence of fact.

The Agricultural Department's exhibit at the Buffalo Exposition included a case hung with squares of cloth that were originally white, but are now yellow, orange, scarlet, crimson, blue and purple, all colored by aniline dyes extracted, as an object lesson, from various jams and jellies that are sold in the open market. The object of the department, of course, is to show up adulteration practiced by some makers, to turn on the light, as it were, and thus let publicity help to put a stop to it. When Mr. Gladstone jokingly advised the English farmers to turn their superfluous turnips into "beautiful" [illegible] he little thought, perhaps, that his suggestion would be carried to an far greater length in America.

Prince Henry of Orleans, who died in Cochin China the other day, was famous for a profligate career from the beginning. No one of his stock and of the same circumstances of birth could have eluded the destiny which he fulfilled. Born a prince and trained to an exalted idea of the dignity and rights of his title; the son of an exiled father, himself debarred from the country of his sires; surrounded by foolish flatterers and idolized by silly women; possessed of plenty of money for various years shut out of all honest ambitions in life by the sense of his own dignity, it was inevitable that he should go the rapid pace of spoiled royalty. But the financial aid and moral encouragement of some of the old aristocrats of France he had periods of ambition during which he underwent experiences of severe privation and did some work for to geographical science; but the influences of birth proved too strong and again he became a mere good-for-nothing spendthrift. There are few cases in which ancestors have more completely doomed a man to a life of folly.

THE NEWS IN ALABAMA.

ABERCROMBIE TO STAND FOR RE-ELECTION.

MORE LYNCHERS BROUGHT TO JUSTICE.

Little Boy Seriously Hurt—Investigating Death of Child—To Manufacture Car Wheels—Storm at Eufaula—Industrial.

WANTS RE-ELECTION.

Hon. John W. Abercrombie, state superintendent of education, will stand for re-election. In an interview he said: "I have concluded to be a candidate for re-election. I am perfectly aware of the strength of the party system which accords to state officers two terms and no more, and I have not decided on asking for a third term without careful consideration and taking the advice of my friends. I can not mistake or ignore the most unanimous wish of the educators of the state that there shall be no change in the administration of the office at this period and stage of our educational development. I am running on my record and appeal only to that." Mr. Abercrombie is yet a young man. During his two terms the state appropriation for schools has been increased $100,000 per annum and the system of examining teachers inaugurated. His office is not without a third term precedent, Major Palmer having held the office six years, from 1884 to 1890. Mr. Abercrombie is yet without opposition, though Colonel Thomas L. Bulger, of Tallapoosa, being the only one spoken of. J. B. Graham, of Talladega, will support Abercrombie.

THE ELMORE LYNCHERS.

A few weeks ago Robert White, a negro, was taken from the officers and lynched in Elmore county. The governor started an investigation, ten men were arrested and three of them have been tried. Convictions have resulted in every case. George Howard, the first one tried and a prominent citizen, was sentenced to life imprisonment and John Strength and Martin Fuller to ten years each. John Thomas, the white man with whom Robert White, and his brother, Winston, had the difficulty, which resulted in the lynching of Robert, is now on trial. The defense made a strenuous effort for a continuance, the main contention being the absence of witnesses, two of whom are alleged to have left the county under indictments charging them with complicity in the lynching. Judge Denson decided that the case will be heard at once. Every step is being bitterly contested, and the trial may consume several days.

PREMATURE EXPLOSION.

A serious accident befell the six-year-old son of Alderman J. C. Waldrop Friday. His father had taken home a dynamite cap and the little fellow got hold of it, and applied a match, intending to throw it down as he would a cracker, but it exploded in his hand with disastrous results. A portion of the thumb and forefinger of his left hand are gone. Portions of the cap struck the boy in the face, cutting it badly. He suffered considerably from the shock and loss of blood.

IT IS reported from Cordova that the Haughton Oil Company, sinking a well in that vicinity, struck a strata of mineral supposed to be iron ore. If the mineral fulfills the expectations of the company, it will be a valuable find.

TUSCALOOSA citizens think the $2,500 is too much for them to raise for the survey of the Birmingham Vicksburg Railway, if Birmingham raises but $5,000. One-fifth of what Birmingham is asked is all they think fair for their city.

REPORTS from all over the state of the crops are very encouraging. The recent rains have materially improved all sorts.

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NOTES AND COMMENTS

In spite of the scientists, some people are unscientific enough to believe that the only good mosquito is a dead mosquito.

Sir Edwin Arnold is out of health and without much pecuniary reliance. Various poets have drawn government pensions.

Trouble enough has been a severe experience for western farmers, but it may prove a valuable one if it causes an extension of the systems of irrigation.

Lots of four square inches of land about the $1000 is the biggest "sale" of lots yet recorded in New York. Per foot lots have been sold at prices between $2 and $3 per square inch.

A town that leaps into life with the exception of a phenomenon, for one of that kind is dropped upon the former location recently opened to white settlers.

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WHILE THE OPPORNENTS SLEPT

Thursday night a railroad line one-fourth of a mile in length, was built from Smithfield on the right of way granted by the Birmingham Railway, Light and Power Co. and claimed by both that company and the Tennessee Coal, Iron and R. R. Co. Several weeks ago the railway company decided to lay double tracks to Ensley; work was bugun on the line, but before track was laid a dispute arose with the Tennessee Company relative to the ownership of the right of way. Pending a settlement of this question the work stopped. The road was built by the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company during the night, but without the permission or knowledge of the street railway company.

A RAILROAD TO GAINESVILLE.

John T. Cochrane, president of the Carrollton Short Line, was asked in Tuscaloosa Thursday if it was true that the Gainesville people had complied with his proposition regarding the building of a railroad connecting that town with the Mobile & Ohio. He said: "I made the Gainesville people a proposition to build a twenty-two mile road connecting their town with the Mobile & Ohio on the condition that they raise $20,000 and give me right of way and other facilities. They have submitted an offer of $15,000 as a counter proposition, which I am now considering." He said further that the road would be built if the $20,000 was raised.

LEWIS OWES ALABAMA $1,650.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 29—It has been ascertained that L. P. Lewis, Tax Collector of Marshall county is due the state $1,650, and that he has left Marshall county for parts unknown. This report has been confirmed by Hon. Thomas L. Sowell, State Auditor, who states that he has received a message from Lewis' bondsmen, prominent citizens of that county, assuring him that they will make the amount good and that they are investigating the cause of the shortage.

Tax collectors are required under the law to make their annual settlement on or before July 1st. Mr. Sowell says that Lewis was several weeks behind this year, and that he had sent him a statement of his account and urged him to make a settlement. Since that time he sent several statements to Lewis, who repeatedly asked for time. On Monday of last week Lewis telegraphed the Auditor that he was en route to Montgomery to make the settlement. The telegram was dated Birmingham. Lewis failed to show up at Montgomery, so the Auditor notified his bondsmen that he would hold them to account.

The whereabouts of Lewis have not been ascertained.

STORM AT EUFAULA.

A heavy rain and wind storm swept over Eufaula and section Wednesday afternoon, lasting nearly an hour. A high wind prevailed and the rain fell in torrents. A bolt of lightning struck a building under construction and demolished the chimney, tore away some of the plastering and did other damage. Trees were uprooted and many fences blown down. The telephone exchange suffered serious injury. The damage to crops will be heavy. The storm was at its worst at Clayton, Ala. Pruett's drug store was flooded and the entire stock almost ruined.

THE work of excavating for the foundations of the car works plant at Wylam is going ahead rapidly. The entire surface of the the site selected for the erection of the plant is broken up and the dirt is being moved rapidly.

THE selection of the superintendent of education of Chambers county has caused quite a muddle in educational circles. It seems that State Superintendent of Education Abercrombie re-appointed W. G. Jarrell to the place. The Democrats of the county, however, elected G. B. Avery, of Lanette over Mr. Jarrell. Mr. Abercrombie was informed of the fact, but declined to consider Mr. Avery's election. It now remains to be seen whether or not the people of Chambers will raise a row about the matter.

M. L. DAVIS has been appointed postmaster at Lynch, Shelby county.

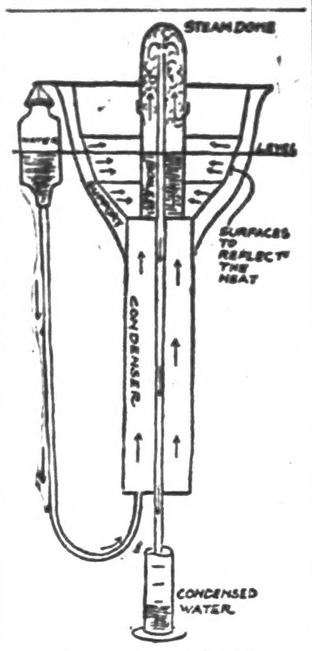
NEW MANAGER.

G. B. McCormack, for many years general manager of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, has been elected vice president and general manager of the Woodward Iron Company, and will have entire charge of the properties of that company. His election to the office became effective Monday.

MEASURING THE SUN'S HEAT.

The Immense Work Done by the Rays on the Earth's Surface.

Every school boy knows that rain is produced by the sun evaporating the water from the sea and the reprecipitation of this water. But let him ask



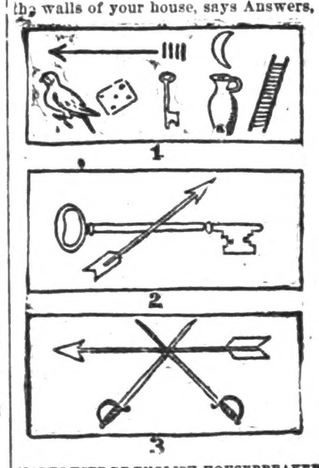
MEASURING THE SUN'S HEAT.

his teacher at what rate this evaporation takes place and few will be able to answer. In order to study the force of the sun Professor Buchanan has, according to Nature, devised what he calls a "Solar Calorimeter." By means of this apparatus the sun's rays are concentrated by a reflector upon the surface of a silver tube in which is water, the area of all parts being accurately measured. Now the heat from the sun changes the water in the silver boiler to steam and this is condensed by a suitable arrangement and measured. Thus by noting the time required, the area of the various surfaces and the amount of water changed to steam the sun's heat can be calculated.

Observations made at Sohag in Egypt showed that the sun could evaporate to steam more than seventeen and a half cubic centimeters of water per square meter of surface per minute. No allowance has been made for instrumental imperfections. They certainly exist and by making suitable corrections we find the force of the sun per square meter to be equal to about one horse-power. By making suitable calculations the author reckons that each meter of the sun's surface emits 45,000 horse-power per minute.

Signs Used by English Burglars.

Should you, while taking your morning or evening stroll around your house, notice any of these drawings, or any chalk marks in the least resembling them, on your garden wall or the walls of your house, says Answers,



MARKS USED BY ENGLISH HOUSEBREAKER

notify the police. These signs are in common use among housebreakers and tramps and thieves, each having its special significance.

Thus Fig. 1 means: Following the point of the arrow, the fourth house in the direction given is to be burgled during the night of the next moon crescent.

The tools needed for the burglary are indicated in the second line.

A bird (lantern), die (hammer), key, pitcher (chloroform), and ladder.

Fig. 2, a key crossed by an arrow, means that a free-lance tramp has been reconnoitering and desires assistance; also that it would not be amiss to visit the place at night, when in all probability a valuable acquaintance may be formed.

Fig. 3, two swords crossed, with an arrow running through, signifies the direction a certain troop of tramps or gypsies have taken.

Fashions For Equines.

HATS WORN BY PHILADELPHIA HORSES DURING THE HOT SPELL.

Half-Sick

"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1848. Since then I have taken it every spring as a blood-purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine."
S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

If you feel run down, are easily tired, if your nerves are weak and your blood is thin, then begin to take the good old standard family medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It's a regular nerve lifter, a perfect blood builder. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness and give you a good digestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation and biliousness. Gently laxative. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Now is the Time

You Need a Good Liver Medicine.

LIVERINA

Acts directly on the Liver. Relieving Biliousness, Constipation, Sick Headache and that Languid Feeling Peculiar to this Season of the Year.

Try it. 50c a Bottle at All Retailers.

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
Proprietors, Montgomery, Ala.

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B.
THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER

CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

$75.00 To $150.00 Per Month

MADE BY AGENTS. Elegant Premiums Free. Address SCOTT REMEDY CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.
When you write mention this paper.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50
UNION MADE.

For More Than a Quarter of a Century

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes, because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5 and $6 shoes and are just as good.

Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere.

Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cts. additional for carriage. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal $5 and $6 custom made shoes, in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown on model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. A fit guaranteed. Try a pair.

Fast Color Eyelets used.
Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Am. N. U., No. 36. 1901.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

ALL ♦ REPUTABLE DEALERS ♦ KEEP ♦ THEM

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN **CURE.** 25 50 $1

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Germany has 24,000 friendly societies and clubs, the United Kingdom 22,000; France only 8000.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

President Harper announces that the University of Chicago has begun to establish preparatory schools in Europe.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

Only 116 passengers on British ships last year lost their lives through shipwreck.

A horse drawing light loads can average twenty miles a day for twenty years.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The largest enclosure of deer is said to be the royal park in Copenhagen, 4200 acres.

See advt. of SMITHDEAL'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

The blind man doesn't believe in love at first sight.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

In one sense of the word a Chinese laundryman is a man of iron.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The population of Norway is about 2,200,000 souls.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDELEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Substance Similar to Rubber.

M. Col of Paris has discovered that a substance similar to rubber may be obtained from the Japanese spindle tree. The announcement was made to the Academie des Sciences.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000 Deposit Guarantees Positions
100 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS. BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to Ga.-Ala. Business College, Macon, Ga.

Smithdeal's
Is the oldest and only business college in Va. owning its building—a grand new one. No vacations. Ladies & gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Telegraphy, &c. "Leading business college south of the Potomac river."—*Phila. Stenographer.* Address, G. M. Smithdeal, President, Richmond, Va.

Bryant & Stratton
Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

FALLING HAIR

Prevented by Shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP and light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and speedily and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, humiliating and costly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Cuticura THE SET

For Bargains

—GO TO—

W. M. WILSON & BRO,

Closing out all Millinery and Ladies' Shirt Waists for less than cost.

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

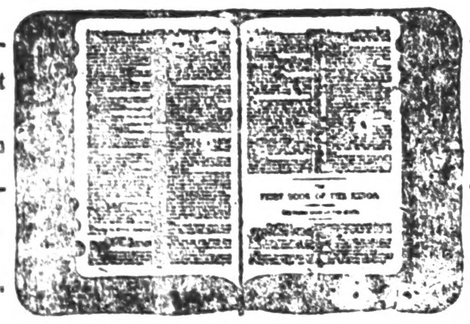
Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

ALABAMA BIBLE SOCIETY

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Bibles at Cost for Cash

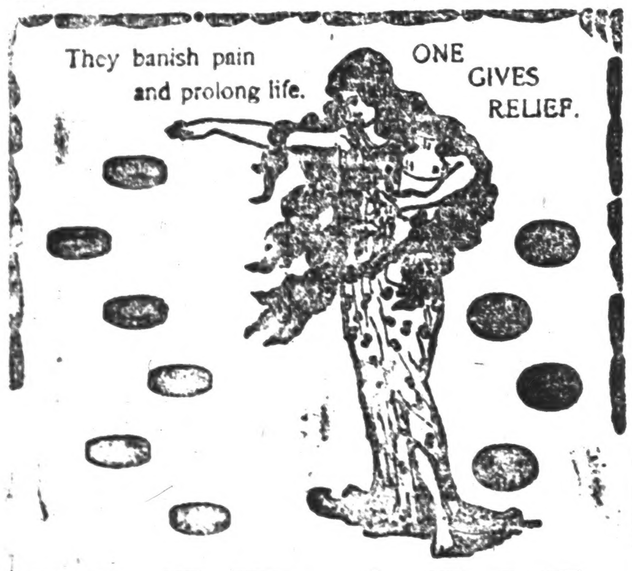


Bibles at Cost for Cash

BIBLES. BIBLES.

The Alabama Bible Society wishes to supply you with Bibles. You can get from us any style binding or type at the publishers' cost price. We do not sell except for CASH. *Write us.*

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....35c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2¼ x1 Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

WOMAN'S RELIEF

A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will quickly relieve those smarting menstrual pains and the dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

GREENWOOD, LA., Oct. 14, 1900.
I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.
MRS. M. A. YOUNG.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

Headache 5c? Get Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO. California, October 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return:

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY,
T. P. A. "Sun Set Route,"
Montgomery, Ala.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellet, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Cotton Goods Market Improving.

One particularly bright spot on the business horizon at the moment is the cotton goods market. The volume of trade in local jobbing lines is large and still growing, with advices from the West and South most encouraging. First hands too, are experiencing a largely increased spot trade as a result of the unexpected activity in jobbing lines; in some instances there is difficulty in making prompt deliveries. The hardening tendency in prices of most staples of cotton goods continues, acting as a stimulant to further improvement.

A new phase has been developed in the export market, too, of some significance and of widespread interest. This is the demand from China for brown sheetings of lighter weight than has heretofore been taken in any considerable quantity for shipment to the Orient. Domestic manufacturers have thus demonstrated their ability to successfully compete with foreign looms on finer count cottons, which is but a step toward capturing the trade on still finer goods. This broadening of the foreign market, too, renders American manufacturers more independent of local conditions.

All-in-all, it is a development to be heralded with acclamation.—New York Commercial.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans,

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis,

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Progress In Medicine.

Medical science grows apace with civilization and among the leading remedies, one that combines all the results of scientific study up to the present time and is put up in convenient and economical form, easy to take, easy to carry, is the famous Cascarets. Five years ago marked the time of the advent of the first Cascarets. Last year the sale reached the enormous total of six million boxes. This fact tells its story, every day life of users prefer them, but this kind of a medicine is sensational, their bowels and liver need regulating, Cascarets act on the liver just enough to keep it right without causing that awful sick, weakening feeling but usually follows the taking of Calomel and violent purges. We hope our readers who have never tried the merits of Cascarets will give them a good trial. We like them because we believe in them and because we know they are good.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The Kinore Lynching

The conviction in Alabama of the member of a mob which hanged a man some months ago is calculated to give hope to the friends of law and order. The prosecuting judge imposed a sentence of life imprisonment. It requires more nerve on the part of judge and jury to thus vindicate the majesty of law than can readily be appreciated in other sections of the country. The Alabama case sets a precedent and a most valuable one, too, that will at very worst, if for the cross-roads rascals, behavior is bordering on a genuine expression of the public feeling there, it may be on that locality at least, and example can do its become glorious—the rule of the majority.—Ex-Louisville American.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sold from Add. Sterling Remedy Co. Chicago.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn
And air railroad of money burn

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They will last sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

THE

AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. The solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews" and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

Price, 25 cents a number. $3.50 a year.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY,
13 Astor Place, New York City.

SAVE YOUR **STAR** TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small star printed on under side of tag), "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	Tags
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 4½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	35
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	50
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	50
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	50
10 Sardine Box, sterling silver	75
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	75
12 Hunting Knife, "Keen Kutter," 5-in blade	75
13 Shears, "Keen Kutter," 6-inch	75
14 Pen Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	80
15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	150
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	175
18 Watch, stem-wind, stem-set	200
19 Carving Set, best steel, Rosewood handles	200
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	200
21 Six each, Knives and Forks, Rosewood handles	200
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	200
23 Clock, Alarm, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	200
24 Gun case, leather, for hunting shells or 20 shellers	200
25 Tool Box, for blacksmiths, tool and tackle	200
26 Tool Set, detachable, portable, very handsome	200
27 Remington Knife No. 6, 10 or 12 blades	200
28 Watch, stemwind, silver, Full Jewelled	200
29 Dress Suit Case, leather, handsome and durable	200
30 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	200
31 Revolver, Colt's, Hammer, blued steel	200
32 Rifle, Colt's, Hammer, Breechloader	200
33 Guitar (Washburn's), rosewood, inlaid	200
34 Mandolin, very handsome	200
35 Winchester Repeating Rifle, fine, 32 calibre	200
36 Shotgun, double-barrel, hammerless, Damascus, 10 or 12 gauge	200
37 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents	200
38 Shot Gun, Ham-hammer, Damascus barrel, 12 gauge	200
39 Bugle Music Box, 12 by 8 inch	200

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MAN ON THE CORNER

of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not

Clanton goes to be more than every day. Our new stores with large ... with a grand opening day. ... all the wealth and fashion ... to see the new styles. The ... spring firm of W. M. Wilson ... are in the swim, and for ... first time in its history Clanton ... have a grand opening day. ... Wilson Bros. have secured the ... services of a lady from St. Louis ... superintend their millinery department, and they have made ... special purchases of all the very ... styles and fashions, and invite ... all the ladies from everywhere ... come on Tuesday, Sept. 24, and ... their eyes on these wonderful ... creations in millinery.

... educational matters in Chilton ... rapidly improving. The citizens ... display more interest than ... merly in the different schools ... the consequence is the pedagogues ... strive their utmost to please ... patrons. At the opening of ... Clanton High School last Monday ... there was a goodly number of ... visitors present and interesting ... speeches were made by Judge Adams, ... Rev. D. F. Elliser and Mr. ... J. Mullins. 56 students were ... enrolled that day and 6 more the ... following. Prof. Collier's ... school starts off with glowing prospects.

... next Monday Thorsby will celebrate the opening of the Normal ... Institute, and Professors Rasco ... Carmichael are working indefatigably to make the Institute a ... grand success, and there is every ... reason to believe the coming session ... will mark an era in the education ... affairs of Chilton.

... On Wednesday, Sept. 25, the ... University School at Clanton commences its ninth annual session. ... Prof. McMorries looks forward ... to being one of the most successful sessions the school has yet ... had. It is a healthy sign the interest which these school openings ... are exciting in the public, and ... shows much for the future welfare ... of the county.

CANNING FACTORY

... the farmers located within ten ... miles of Thorsby:

... am requested to notify you ... Mr. J. M. Bosworth of Columbiana wishes to meet you next ... Saturday, September 14, at 2 p.m., ... at City Hall, Thorsby, to explain ... canning business and tell you ... what fruits and vegetables that ... he can produce and sell at a fair ... price to the large cannery he is arranging to locate in Thorsby at ...

... he proposes to put in a 60,000 ... per day outfit and give us a ... contract, sure and profitable ... market for all the canning stock ... we can deliver to him. As this ... enterprise opens up new fields and ... possibilities for us, I hope all ... progressive farmers will be on hand ... to hear what Mr. Bosworth has to ... say along that line. Remember ... Saturday, Sept. 14, 2 p.m.

P. C. SMITH.

Riderville.

... The railroad commission has ordered a new depot to be built at ... Riderville.

... In compliance with this order, the ... railroad company has drawn up ... plans for the new building. These ... plans have been passed upon and ... approved by the commission. The ... work on the new building will be ... pushed at once.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 12, 1901 — NO. 47

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...of the Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not.

Clanton seems to be more metro... Our new stores ... display of ... coming up ... their opportunities ... large cities the ... different ... with a grand opening day, ... in the wealth and fashion ... to see the new styles. The ... firm of W. M. Wilson ... in the evening, and for ... time in its history Clanton ... to have a grand opening day. ... Wilson Bros have secured the ... of a lady from St. Louis ... superintend their millinery de... ment, and they have made ... purchases of all the very ... styles and fashions, and ... all the ladies from everywhere ... on Tuesday, Sept. 24, and ... their eyes on these wonderful ... in millinery.

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He proposes to put in a 60,000 ... per day outfit and give us a ... sure and profitable ... for all the coming stock ... can deliver to him. As this ... opens up new fields and ... possibilities for us, I hope all ... farmers will be on hand ... what Mr. Bosworth has to ... along that line. Remember ... Saturday, Sept. 14, 2 p.m.

P. C. SMITH.

Riderville.

The railroad commission has or... a new depot to be built at ... ville.

In compliance with this order, the ... company has drawn up ... for the new building. These ... have been passed upon and ... by the commission. The ... on the new building will be ... at once.

Poplar Springs.

Gathering and selling cotton seems to be the order of the day; farmers are hoping for a good price.

Messrs. Reece and Rudy Hardy of Weogufka were in our midst Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Patterson and family visited relatives near Eld Saturday.

Prof. J. N. Goss, of Burwell was in our midst again Sunday.

Misses J. L. Wilson and G. H. Vinson visited Ozmoor last week.

Prof. W. A. Dupree's school closed Friday evening.

Messrs. J. E. McDowell, S. E. Patterson and Master Irving Downs entered Prof. Collier's school Monday. We wish for them much success.

Rev. W. S. Cox has been recalled to pastorate of Poplar Spring church.

Mr. J. G. Downs and charming daughter, Miss Lena, paid Clanton a flying visit Monday.

CHIGG AND CHANG.

Don't throw away that sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic because it cost you nothing. It's too good to be wasted. Nothing like it for cuts, burns, nail punctures, inflamed eyes, sore throat, etc. Internally it cures colic, diarrhoea and flux.

Lily.

Now, we cannot tell the readers of your paper where Tom Jones or Billy Smith went with their families on Sunday for, we do not know, but we think they should have been at home on Sunday morning, ready to go with their families to Sabbath-school and preaching; nor can we tell what young gents called on their best girls Sunday eve, but presume they all did. "'Tis not mine to pursue where their young hopes are straying." I'm getting too old to keep up with them.

Rev. T. Deason preached at Mulberry yesterday to an appreciative audience.

Mulberry has just had a revival conducted by Evangelist F. M. Turner. All is peace, and joy and love among the members now and we hope this sentiment will be perennial.

Messrs. Calfee and Hayes ginned their first bale of cotton to-day for G. L. Speer.

Cotton is opening very rapidly. The prevailing opinion is that it will be only about two-thirds of a crop. Farmers should save all the food products yielded this year, let none of it go to waste. This will enable them to sell a lot of stuff at a good price (for all food products will be high) which will largely compensate for the short cotton crop; then we may continue on this line by sowing early rye, oats, barley, wheat, and thus be among the first on the market next spring with new crops.

Mr. Wm. Johnson is building a new dwelling on his "Sam Johnson" place.

Mr. Wm. Veazey's new residence is nearing completion.

Mr. R. L. Veazey is placing material on the ground for the erection of a storehouse at the cross roads, opposite Mr. Geo. Calloway's. We are building a new town here to take the place in the county of old wooden Clanton which is so rapidly passing away.

The Isabella academy will be moved from its present site to the center of the original school lot, a beautiful lot of ten acres. Fall term of this school will open about middle of October. Prof. G. L. Speer has again been chosen teacher.

The good roads sentiment prevails to such an extent in this corner that a squad of hands, many of whom were not subject to road duty on this road, met on top of the steep little hill between S. K. Rasberry's and S. Jones' last week and in one half day succeeded in changing what had been almost an impassable barrier to a good road. With one two horse plough and six improvised scrapes made by bolting a one by twelve board to a double foot ploughstock, a very good substitute for a railroad scrape, we ploughed off the top of this hill and removed the dirt to the foot of the slope. Such work as this could be done in many places in Chilton, greatly improving our highways, but alas we have no law under which to act.

CITIZEN.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

NOTICE.

The churches of the Unity Association will meet at the time and place appointed at their last Association held with Jemison church, at which time the new movement can be fully discussed and all churches who desire to do so can withdraw or go into the formation of the county association.

Respectfully,
F. M. WOODS,
Chairman Ex. Com.

Macedonia.

Mr. Monroe Nix was the first to get a bale of cotton out in this section. He sold it at Randolph last Thursday, the 5th inst., the price paid for it was eight cents. It being the first new bale for Randolph this season. The cotton crop in this section is not good.

Prof. Martin's school will close next Friday.

CLINT.

Sardis.

Sardis church has just closed a series of meetings which have been the most successful that has ever been conducted at this place. A Baptist evangelist from Pensacola, Fla., by the name of F. M. Turner, conducted the service. Seventeen accessions to the church. God, through the instrumentality of Bro. Turner, has done a wonderful work in this community. Since the fourth Saturday in July 38 souls have been saved through the faithful work of Bro. Turner. He has now gone to his home in Florida.

S. B. MCCARY.

Adams, Ala., Sept. 6, 1901

Dear Banner—We have just closed a glorious revival meeting at our church at Sardis. Evangelist F. M. Turner did the preaching. He preached with great power, and in all 41 souls was added to the church. The evangelist made a host of lasting friends in this county. He leaves to-day for his home in Pensacola, Fla., after preaching for us one week. He is a great revivalist and a worker for the Master.

Yours in Christ,
H. J. GROOMS.

East Chilton.

Potatoes and cane are needing rain. Crops are proving to be better than was expected. Syrup making and horse swapping is prevalent here now.

Mr. D. Kendrick visited Clanton last week.

Mr. Culver of Lightwood was in our town Friday.

I don't think the people will form an idea that Burwell is like Montgomery or Birmingham. It is just a little place that wouldn't if it could.

J. N. Goss attended the opening exercises of Prof. Collier's school at Clanton Monday, and will enter school shortly.

Messrs. W. D. Goss and W. M. Howard have been appointed township trustees, in place of W. T. Mims and T. N. Howard.

Some of our boys carry chairs on the horn of their saddle.

Mr. W. D. Goss is the fig man now.

We regret to learn that President McKinley is likely to die from the effects of wounds.

Mr. P. H. Connell and wife are visiting relatives in Elmore this week.

SUDON.

"It's no joke," when we say that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is superior to anything offered the "dear people" as a dressing for wounds, bites and stings of insects, "poison oak," It's cleanliness, pleasant odor and quick cures make it a universal favorite wherever known. Price 50c. Remember that it is guaranteed by your druggist.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Southeast Chilton.

Farmers are getting along very nicely picking cotton, and we hope that we will get a good price this season. Farmers had good weather for saving fodder.

The big meeting started last Saturday at Canaan church, three miles north of Mountain Creek; hope everybody will attend that can.

We are glad to say that Charlie Kendrick is about to get well, after a long spell of sickness.

Dave Norris and Miss Pearl Cooper and brothers made a pleasant visit to the river last Saturday, and they report a fine time.

Mr. P. H. Connell and family went to Elmore last Friday to visit their sister, Mrs. W. H. Kendrick.

We are sorry to say that the stock law will come in force October 1, and I will say that it is one of the worse things that ever happened in Chilton county.

ONE OF THE BOYS.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Borrowing is sorrowing, and so is lending half the time.

HOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Lodg Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3⅓ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3⅓ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage, executed by the trustees of Clanton Congregational church of the town of Clanton, to the Congregational Church Building Society, on the 4th day of February, 1893, which said deed of mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Volume 28 of Mortgages, page 474, and which said mortgage has been duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned. I will proceed to sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door, in Clanton, in said County, on

MONDAY SEPTEMBER the 30, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate in said mortgage deed mentioned and described, to-wit:

Lots number 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 12, situated east of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the town of Clanton, county of Chilton and State of Alabama.

ALEX G. DAKE, Transferee.
By ROB'T H. KNOX, his Attorney.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to
C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

PAINT! If you want the best work and material at low prices see MOORE, the Painter, Clanton.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing component of the nineteenth century. Preserves the flesh, preventing inflammation and heals like magic. Ask your druggist for it.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School,
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 28, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address
FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

GOING TO SCHOOL!

The Fifth District Agricultural School at Wetumpka, Ala., offers you good opportunities and low prices. $5.00 (Five dollars) covers all charges for nine months, session beginning Sep. 3d, 1901.
Board $8.00 per month.
Send for catalogue.
H. J. WILLINGHAM, President.

GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practicing in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
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ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 664—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Blan on Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address
CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date, its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 11, 1901. Write for catalogue.
E. Y. MCMORRIES, Principal.

To All Whom it May Concern:

Clanton, Ala., Aug. 3, 1901

No person, or persons, can lawfully solicit or write insurance for the Chilton county Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama, unless he, or they, bear a commission (empowering him or them to perform such work) signed by Wallace C. Edler, General Agent of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of the State of Alabama.

All persons concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

WALLACE C. EDLER,
General Agent Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Says the Minneapolis Times: "Judges everywhere are complaining of the prevalence of perjury. A few horrible examples in the penitentiary might prove a quickener of the conscience of those who are tempted."

Some idea of the vast extent and immense expenditures of the railroads of the United States may be gathered from the latest report of the interstate commerce commission. The report does not come up beyond June 30, 1900, but it shows that then there were no less than 1,017,653 persons employed by the railroad companies of the country. This was an average of 520 employes to every 100 miles of railway, a much larger number than would be generally supposed. For the train service of the railroads alone 450,063 persons were employed. To pay the army of railway employes one year the enormous sum of $377,261,841 was required.

The hero in everyday life who is always ready to do his duty and something more without expectation of recompense or fame is an inspiring figure and happily not an infrequent one. Such a man is Joseph Parry, a veteran engineer, whose run is between Syracuse and Rochester. In alighting from his locomotive for orders at Seneca Falls the other day he broke his hip, and, of course, found himself in immediate need of a surgeon. But there was nobody else to take his place, so he insisted on being lifted back to his seat beside the lever, and in defiance of the pain that racked him he ran his train through to Rochester almost on time. Hats off to Joseph Parry!

It is said that, when a man has reached the age of forty-five or fifty, he ceases to grow, that he is no longer capable of new efforts, of initiating fresh enterprises. That depends entirely upon what the man has been before that age, how he has used his powers, whether he has kept his mind flexible by contented effort, or whether he has permitted himself to be contented with what he has learned in youth. The true learner never ceases to grow, even if his physical powers wane. Growth is not merely a question of increase of strength or of mental alertness; but it is quite as much a ripening of the nature, the development of judgment, wisdom, moderation, sympathy, and quiet contemplation of the facts of life, observes the Christian Register.

An influential movement has been started in Italy with the object of bringing about prison reform. The punishment of solitary confinement has existed in Italy for ten years, and the general opinion is that it is infinitely worse than death. Official figures show that of every hundred convicts so punished 17 commit suicide and 19 go mad. Previous to the abolition of capital punishment only 22 of every 100 murderers condemned were actually executed.

THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

At 10:20 p. m., Sept. 10th, the following bulletin signed by the president's physicians was issued:

The condition of the president is unchanged in all important particulars. His temperature is 100.6; pulse, 114; respiration, 28.

At the operation on Friday last it was noted that the bullet had carried with it a short distance a fragment of the president's coat. This foreign material was removed, but a slight irritation of the tissues was produced, the evidences of which have appeared only tonight. It has been necessary to remove a few stitches and partially open the skin wound. This incident cannot give rise to other complications, but it is communicated to the public, as the surgeons in attendance wish to make their bulletins entirely frank. In consequence of this separation of the edges of the surface wound the healing of the same will be somewhat delayed. The president is now well enough to begin to take nourishment by the mouth in the form of pure beef juice.

The physicians are so confident of the remoteness of serious danger that Vice-President Roosevelt, Senator Hanna and members of Abner McKinley's family have left Buffalo. Secretary Wilson says the president will be signing papers by Saturday night.

Emma Goldman, "the queen of anarchy," is under arrest in Chicago. She disclaims all knowledge of a plot against the president.

PRESIDENT WM. McKINLEY SHOT.

While Holding a Public Reception in the Temple of Music an Anarchist's Bullet Lays Him Low.

HE HELD REVOLVER HIDDEN UNDER HIS HANDKERCHIEF

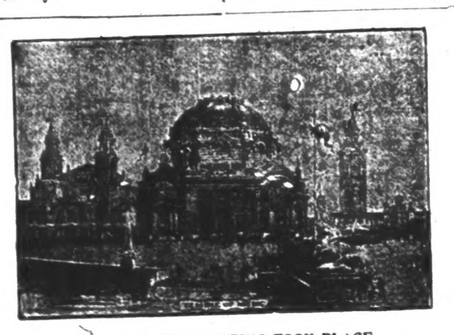
Full Account of the Dastardly Deed--Criminal in Jail--Confesses But Shows No Remorse--The Whole World Sorrows--Sympathy Universal--The Latest from Buffalo.

Friday afternoon the nation was electrified by the news that President McKinley had been assassinated. It was too sudden and too horrible for many to believe at first, but as the hours passed and the report was confirmed the mighty indignation of a powerful nation became manifest.

Just after 4 o'clock while the president was holding a public reception in the Temple of Music on the Pan-American Exposition grounds the cowardly attack was made. Standing in a crowd numbering thousands, apparently all friends eager to clasp his hand in token of love and loyalty, and amid the patriotic applause of all, the nation's chief executive received the threatening missiles from the weapon of an anarchistic fanatic.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

The president, though well guarded by United States secret service detectives, was fully exposed to such an attack as occurred. He stood at the edge of the raised dais upon which stands the great pipe organ. Upon his right stood President Milburn, of the Exposition, chatting with the president and introducing to him persons of note who approached. Upon the president's left stood Mr. Cortelyou, his secretary.



WHERE THE SHOOTING TOOK PLACE.

A medium sized man of ordinary appearance and plainly dressed in black, approached as if to greet the president. Both Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn noticed the man's hand was swathed in a bandage or handkerchief. He worked his way amid the storm of people up to the edge of the dais until he was within two feet of the president.

McKinley smiled, bowed and extended his hand in that spirit of geniality the American people so well know, when suddenly the sharp crack of a revolver rang loud and clear above the hum of voices.

The multitude which thronged the edifice came to a realizing sense of the awfulness of the scene of which they had been unwilling witnesses and with a single impulse, surged forward, while a hoarse cry swelled up from a thousand throats and a thousand men charged forward to lay hands upon the perpetrator of the crime.

President McKinley, after the first shock of the assassin's shot, retreated a step, then, as the detectives leaped upon his assailant, he turned, walked steadily to a chair and seated himself, at the same time removing his hat and bowing his head in his hands. In an instant Assistant Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn were at his side. His vest was hastily opened, the president meanwhile admonishing those about him to remain calm, and telling them not to be alarmed.

"But you are wounded," cried his Secretary; "let me examine you."

"No, I think not," answered the president. "I am not badly hurt, I assure you."

Nevertheless, his outer garments were hastily loosened, and a trickling stream of crimson was seen and their worst fears were confirmed.

With the fury of tigers the secret service men and bystanders had thrown themselves upon the would-be assassin and in a twinkling he was borne to the ground, his weapon wrested from his grasp and strong arms pinioned him down. Even then he attempted to fire a third time. He was later safely confined in the Buffalo police headquarters, but not until the infuriated populace had attempted to lynch the president's assailant. The president was removed in the automobile ambulance and taken to the Exposition Hospital, where an examination was made. The best medical skill was summoned and within a brief period a number of Buffalo's best known practicioners were at the patient's side.

The president retained the full exercise of his faculties until placed on the operating table and subjected to anesthetics. Upon the first examination it was ascertained that one bullet had taken effect in the right breast, causing a comparatively harmless wound. The other took effect in the abdomen. It was probed for. The walls of the abdomen were opened, but the ball was not located. The incision was hastily closed, and after a consultation it was decided to remove the patient to the home of President John G. Milburn.

Leon F. Czolgosz, the self confessed assassin, has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap, which states that he is an anarchist and that he became an enthusiastic member of that body through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate and says that he decided on the assassination three days ago and bought the revolver in Buffalo with which the act was committed. He has seven brothers and sisters in Cleveland.

Czolgosz does not appear uneasy or penitent for his action. He says Emma Goldman's lectures and writings decided him that the government in this country was all wrong and he thought the best way to end it was by killing the president. He shows no signs of insanity but is very reticent about much of his career. While acknowledging himself an anarchist, he does not state to what branch of the organization he belongs. He first gave his name as Frederick Neiman, and said his home was in Detroit, and that he had been in Buffalo about a week. He said he had been boarding in Broadway. Later this place was located and in his room was found a small traveling bag containing an empty cartridge box and a few clothes. With these facts in hand, the police went at the prisoner with renewed vigor to obtain a straight account of his identity and movements since his arrival in Buffalo.

He at first admitted that he was an anarchist but denied strenuously that the attempt on the life of the president was a result of a preconcerted plot of any anarchist society. At times he was defiant and again indifferent. But at no time did he betray the remotest sign of remorse. He declared the deed was not premeditated, but refused to say why he perpetrated it.

Czolgosz was subjected to six hours of examination and questioning at the hands of the police officials Saturday. The lengthy examination of the prisoner was fruitless save in so far as his own individual fate is concerned, for while he told nothing that would implicate any one else in his crime, he went over the scene again and again, completing a confession as ample as the law ever exacted. The police believe he was selected by lot to commit the deed, believing him incapable of planning so shrewdly.

The latest news obtainable is that Mr. McKinley is not necessarily fatally shot. He is not by any means out of danger, but not the slightest symtom of peritonitis, the thing to be dreaded, has developed. His chances of recovery are constantly multiplying. The sympathy and the prayers of the world is poured out in his behalf.

The news of the attempt on the life of the president did not reach the financial district in New York, until after the stock market had closed for the day and most of the important bankers had left. A number of conferences by various financial interests were called, and the following was given out:

"After a somewhat prolonged period of liquidation the financial situation is one that should excite no alarm. The banks are strong and are in a position to meet the emergency that has arisen. The business of the country is on a substantial basis and the clearing house banks are amply able to cope with the situation and they will stand together in this emergency as they have done in the past."

BECAUSE HE LOVED HER SO.

At St. Louis last Thursday, George Kenile, aged, 22, shot and killed Bertha Richter, his 16-year-old sweetheart, and with the same weapon put a bullet into his own breast. He is probably fatally wounded. The girl had refused to marry him.

FREE delivery service will be inaugurated in Florence on December 1st.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

The second session of the Texas legislature assembled at Austin Thursday in conformity with the governor's proclamation. The first extra session expired by constitutional limitation at midnight Wednesday night. The principal work for this special session is to pass an appropriation bill for state expenses for the next two years, involving from five to six million dollars.

RIOTOUS ACTS.

The tipple of the Carbondale Coal Company was fired into at 1 o'clock Thursday morning, some thirty shots being fired. The shooting was done with Winchesters. Two railroad trestles were burned during the night, destroying the connection of the Crabtree and Carbondale mines with the main line of the Illinois Central Railroad. The mines were closed next day for want of railroad connection.

THE NEWS IN ALABAMA.

STEAMSHIP COMPANY MAKES A TEST OF ALABAMA COAL.

DR. POWERS WITH PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Prisoner Killed in Jefferson County Jail—Oil Found at Cordova—Bulger for Superintendent of Education—Other Items.

RANKS WITH THE BEST.

The Ocean Steamship Co., of Savannah, has made a test of Alabama coal in comparison with coal from Pennsylvania. The trial was made with steam coal, the object being to find out which is the better fuel. The result was very satisfactory and is creating considerable talk among the coal companies of the Birmingham district. In making the trial the best coal from various parts of Pennsylvania was used. For a representative of Alabama coal the product of the Ragland Coal Co., of St. Clair county, was used. This coal has attracted considerable attention and is used extensively. Other Alabama coal has been tested along the same line with satisfatory results.

A comparative analysis has been made which proves conclusively that the product of the mines of this state equals that of Pennsylvania or of any other state.

KILLED IN JAIL.

Friday afternoon Will Linn and P. M. Mooney, two white prisoners in the Jefferson county jail, became involved in a fight and Lynn was killed outright. Mooney is a trusty and was showing some visitors through the jail. Lynn was lying across a passage and refused to move no allow the visitors to pass. The men had some words over this and Lynn, becoming angered, rose and struck Mooney in the face. The men clinched and a brief struggle ensued. Suddenly Lynn fell limply to the floor unconscious, and died in a few minutes. Death was the result of strangulation. The coroner investigated and holds the killing justifiable although he referred the matter to the grand jury. Lynn has been in jail a number of times and was awaiting trial for aiding prisoners to escape. Mooney is to be tried for assault with intent to murder.

EIGHT FAILED TO SIGN.

There are but eight members of the late constitutional convention who have not signed the instrument as it was finally adopted by the convention.

T. J. Cornwell, of Jefferson; it is said that he purposely refrained from signing on account of the failure of the convention to provide a way for securing the county of Bessemer, so near his heart, and for which he so earnestly labored.

J. M. Fashee, of Conecuh; he was the only delegate to announce publicly his refusal to sign.

The others are: L. W. Grant, of Calhoun; L. W. Locklin, of Monroe; J. E. Long, of Buttler; E. R. Morrissette, of Monroe; William H. Samford, of Pike and E. D. Willett, of Pickens.

AT CORDOVA.

No new developments have followed the finding of oil at Cordova by the Houghton Oil Company. Work was carried forward five feet deeper but no more oil was found. The drilling will be continued. It is believed that the oil found was near the edge of a deposit of extensive size and within a short time it is probable that another well will be drilled.

THE CHARGE IS SERIOUS.

Thos. McKee, a young widower with three children, was arrested in Birmingham Saturday on requisition papers from Indiana charged with the betrayal of a young girl of that state. The young man's father is well off and has just invested quite heavily in Jefferson lands. He says there is nothing in the charge.

THE Tennessee Co. has decided not to declare a dividend this year on its common stock but to use its profits in making improvements and additions.

A contract is closed at Bay Minette to have an artesian well put down at once. The contract calls for six-inch well that is guaranteed to have a flow of water thirty feet above the ground.

JIM HOGG, of Sandusky, aged 19, was crushed to death at Pratt City Friday by falling slate in the mines.

GREAT preparations are making for Selma's street fair in October.

IN A NEW FIELD.

Dr. Jas. K. Powers, late professor in the University of Alabama, is now representative of the B. F. Johnson Publishing Co., of Richmond. This announcement will be of interest by his personal friends in Alabama and other Southern states where he is widely known. The Johnson first publishing house to put the idea of supplying the schools with school books adapted to their needs. The idea proved a great boon to the world of letters among the Southern authorship which gave the South its true place in literature. Johnson Publishing Co. was fortunate in securing the services of Dr. Powers, perhaps the most widely known educator in Alabama. He has been active in educational circles and knows personally nearly every prominent teacher and public man in the state.

WILL NOT BE A CANDIDATE.

It now seems that Hon. Tom Abercrombie is to have no opposition in his candidacy for a third term as superintendent of education. The next term under the new constitution will be for four years and it is thus too tempting to go in without a fight for it. The man who will fight with Mr. Abercrombie is Hon. Thomas E. Kilby of Talladega. Mr. Kilby was a member of the last two legislatures and the constitutional convention and in all three of these bodies he was conspicuous for his zeal in behalf of the common schools and his ability in securing for them liberal appropriations.

TUSCALOOSA'S FORTUNE.

Additional proof has been given Tuskaloosa that work on the extension of the Southern Railway from Aliceville to Searles will soon begin. The opening of the books is considered the formal beginning of a new era in Tuskaloosa. The richest part of the county, hitherto inaccessible, Tuskaloosa, will soon be connected by rail with the city. The building of this road also means the location of the furnace of the Central Coal Company. Their coal mines at Searles and it was given out when the company was incorporated that they would build their furnace in Tuskaloosa if a road could be had to haul fuel from their mines.

PLENTY OF WORK.

The New Decatur shops of the N. R. R. have orders to build more freight cars. This order is a total of 1176 boxes, flats and gondolas which the shops now have in addition to build. These orders for cars will give employment to a number of extra men; at present 1,500 men are employed. The shops were built solely for the repair business of the company, but about years ago they decided to build cars there and since that time hundred have been built.

BOOTH COMING.

General William Booth, commander in chief and founder of the Salvation Army, will visit Birmingham in January. General Booth and party leave New York on the 28th of September in a car built especially for him, and will make an extensive first going across the continent. This will be the first time General Booth has ever visited the South, and will be made the occasion of great rejoicing. Free transportation has been given the party by the Southern Railway.

THE first bale of Florence cotton weighed 508 pounds and brought cents.

CARR ACQUITTED.

"Bud" Jett, at Stout's Mill, was killed by a jab in the neck with an umbrella point in a scuffle three weeks since. Pat Carr, of Bloesburg, was arrested, charged with the offense, but on trial in court was found not guilty.

BANKHEAD ILL.

Congressman J. H. Bankhead of the Sixth District is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Perry, in Aiken, S. C., but his indisposition is not regarded dangerous.

A FEW CHANGES.

W. H. Hasselgrave, Southern manager of the Republic Iron and Steel company, will attend the meeting of the board of directors and stockholders of the company in New York. Colonel Warner, the president, will be absent. His successor will be A. W. Davison. C. S. Rader, formerly president, has resigned. During the last few months the company has made improvements and has added materially to its working property.

LL ARP'S LETTER

Old Man Has Little Faith In Manual Training Schools.

TRIED IT MANY LONG YEARS AGO

Readers' Interesting and Laughable Recitation of His Experience in Days that Long While a College Student.

Manual training is no new thing. Sixty years ago we have had it in the Manual Labor school in old Mount. We had to work with our hands three hours a day. We worked the hoe or the ax or plowed corn in cotton or hauled wood or did some of farm work and the three hours labor was intended to pay our board. But that was a dead The boys didn't do one-third as much as they frolicked. Captain Gardner, the old hero of Shepherd's Mountain during the Creek war, was overseer and he said he had rather fight Indians than watch these boys. He was a good-hearted, brave man, but he couldn't manage a lot of boys who hadn't been raised to work and whose fathers were rich and had neglected to work them. Some of these boys had been sent at last and had been sent to the school to be tamed and reformed. Poor Captain Garmany. He pleaded with them, took the foremost row and showed them how to hold the plow or spell it or grind an ax, but when he was teaching and training one squad in the field, another squad in another would slip off and go in washing. The old fashioned wagons had linch pins to hold the wheels on and sometimes the boys would lose a linch pin on the way to the woods and the wheel would come off and they would go back to the blacksmith shop to get another and fool away the time until the two hours were out and not a load of wood hauled. Captain Garmany gave up in despair before the year was out and they tried another with no better success. As a general rule, a rich man's son is not going to work with his hands. We had a very fine lot of boys from the best families such as the Goldings and Holts, of Columbus; the Listons, of Athens; the Allens, of Athensville, the Hendricks, of Hutts, and a lot of Harrises and Hoyles and Affords and Johnsons, but they eat more than they earned and so the experiment proved a failure and the manual labor feature was abandoned. My father, who had inaugurated it and was president of the board, had paid the bill of $3,000 for its failure. To-day that day it has been set down as a maxim that three hours of work of a rich man's son won't feed him. But the boys didn't turn out bad. Most of them made good scholars and citizens. Thomas Allen became comptroller general of the state. Ned Gould was colonel of the Ninth Georgia, William T. Wofford a brigadier general, and Dr. Jim Alexander and Hendricks stand high in their profession. Gig Wright and Bill Wright, Remsey Alexander and James Little became judges of the circuit courts.

I was ruminating about good old Dr. Patterson, our principal—how fat he was and how faithful and indulgent sometimes of a hot sultry afternoon, while we were blundering along through Caesar's commentaries, he would go fast asleep in his chair and we would skip a whole paragraph and keep on reading and skipping until his book would fall on the floor and wake him up. Then he would hunt all about to find out where we were at, but he never complained or made any sign of suspicion. I remember our debating society and how once a month, on Friday evening, we had to take sides and discuss some great question. Just a dozen of the older boys were engaged in it, and though I was the smallest, I was right smart and my father helped me and I held my own with the big boys. I remember when the question was who was the greatest man that ever lived, and each boy had to choose a different man and advance his claims. If two or more chose the same man, Dr. Patterson had to settle it. My father told me he chose Ben Franklin and I have never changed my opinion since, for I convinced myself that he was the best all round man that history tells of. He was the fifteenth of seventeen children, never went to school after he was ten years old, was apprenticed to his brother, who was a printer, ran away from him when he was 17, hired as a printer in Philadelphia, next year was sent to London to buy stock for a new printing office, but the promised money was not sent, so he hired to another printer, after two years returned to Philadelphia, invented a copper plate press—the first in America—married Miss Deborah Read in 1730, when he was 24 years old; founded the Pennsylvania Gazette and rose to commerce and renown. Founded the Philadelphia library in 1731; published Poor Richard's almanac for twenty years; in 1736 was chosen postmaster of Philadelphia; in 1743 founded the University of Pennsylvania; in 1744 founded the American Philosophical society and the Academy of Science, investigated electricity and took rank with the great discoverers and was elected F. R. S. of London and Edinburgh. In 1753 was appointed

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IN A NEW FIELD.

Dr. Jas. K. Powers, late president of the University of Alabama, is now representative of the B. F. John Publishing Co., of Richmond. This announcement will be read with interest by his personal friends in Alabama and other Southern states where he is widely known. This was the first publishing house to adopt the idea of supplying the Southern schools with school books adapted to their needs. The idea pursued has given to the world of letters several great Southern authorship which gives the South its true place in history. The Johnson Publishing Co. was fortunate in securing the services of Dr. Powers, perhaps the most widely known educator in Alabama. He has long been active in educational circles, and knows personally nearly every prominent teacher and public man in the state.

WILL NOT BE ALONE.

It now seems that Hon. John Abercrombie is to have opposition in his candidacy for a third term as state superintendent of education. The next term under the new constitution will be for four years and the prize is thus too tempting to go to any man without a fight for it. The gentleman who will tilt with Mr. Abercrombie is Hon. Thomas L. Bulger, of Tallapoosa. Mr. Bulger was a member of the last two legislatures and the constitutional convention journeyed, and in all three of these bodies was conspicuous for his devotion to the common schools and his ability in securing for them increased appropriations.

TUSCALOOSA'S FORTUNE.

Additional proof has been given that Tuskaloosa that work on the extension of the Southern Railway from Birmingham to Searles will soon begin. The opening of the books is considered the formal beginning of a new era in Tuskaloosa. The richest portion of the county, hitherto inaccessible, Tuskaloosa, will soon be connected by rail with the city. The building of this road also means the location of the furnace of the Central Iron and Coal Company. Their coal mines are at Searles and it was given out when the company was incorporated that they would build their furnace at Tuskaloosa if a road could be secured to haul fuel from their mines.

PLENTY OF WORK.

The New Decatur shops of the L. N. R. R. have orders to build 1176 more freight cars. This order means a total of 1176 boxes, flats and gondolas which the shops now have instructions to build. These orders for new cars will give employment to a number of extra men; at present about 1,500 men are employed. The shops were built solely for the repairing business of the company, but about two years ago they decided to build cars there and since that time one hundred have been built.

BOOTH COMING.

General William Booth, commander in chief and founder of the Salvation Army, will visit Birmingham in January. General Booth and party will leave New York on the 28th of September in a car built especially for him, and will make an extended tour, first going across the continent. This will be the first time General Booth has ever visited the South, and will be made the occasion of great rejoicing. Free transportation has been given the party by the Southern Railway.

THE first bale of Florence cotton weighed 508 pounds and brought [illegible] cents.

CARR ACQUITTED.

"Bud" Jett, at Stout's Mill, was killed by a jab in the neck with an umbrella point in a scuffle a few weeks since. Patt Carr, of Blossburg, was arrested, charged with the offense, but on trial in Court was found not guilty.

BANKHEAD ILL.

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of the Sixth District is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Perry, in Greenville, S. C., but his indisposition is not regarded dangerous.

A FEW CHANGES.

W. H. Hassenger, Southern manager of the Republic Iron and Steel company, will attend the meeting of the board of directors and stockholders of the company in New York. Mr. Warner, the president, will be there. His successor will be A. W. Thomson. C. S. Rader, furnace superintendent, has resigned. During the past few months the company has made improvements and has added considerably to its working property.

UNCLE ARP'S LETTER

How Man Has Little Faith In Manual Training Schemes.

TRIED IT MANY LONG YEARS AGO

Produces Interesting and Laughable Narration of His Experience In that Line While a College Student.

Marietta, Ga., Sept. 1.—This is no new thing. We had it in the Manual Labor school in old Mount. We had to work with our hands three hours a day. We worked in the blacksmith shop or chopped wood or hoed cotton or plowed corn or did some other farm work and the three hours was intended to pay our board. But that was a mistake. The boys didn't hire to one hour's work. Captain Gardenhire, who had charge of Shepherd's farm, was a Mexican war veteran and he had rather watch those Yankees than work them. He was a good-hearted, brave man but he didn't manage a hundred boys very well. We had been raised to be waited on and our fathers were rich and had their farms. We had been wild at home and didn't want to go to this school and we didn't. Poor Captain Gardenhire! He pleaded with them on his knees sometimes and showed them how to hold the plow or split the rails or grub or hoe but when he was marching one squad in another would be playing and in another would be playing and go in washing. The wagons had linch pins taken out and some times a linch pin would be lost in the woods and the wheel would come off and they would go back to the blacksmith shop to get another and fool away the time until the three hours were out and not a load of wood hauled. Captain Garmany gave up in despair before the year was out and they fired another with no better success. As a general rule, a rich man's boy is not going to work with his hands. We had a very fine lot of boys from the best families, such as the Gouldings and Holts, of Columbus; the Liddons of Athens, the Allens, of Griffin, the Hendricks, of Butts, and a lot of Harrisons and Hoyles and Roberts and Johnsons, but they eat more than they earned and so the experiment proved a failure and the manual labor feature was abandoned and my father who had inaugurated it and was president of the board, had to foot the bill of $3,000 for its failure. To this day it has been set down as a maxim that three hours of work of a rich man's son won't feed him. But some boys didn't turn out bad. Most of them made good scholars and citizens. Thomas Allen became comptroller general of the state. Ned Goulding was colonel of the Ninth Georgia, and William T. Wofford a brigadier general and Dr. Jim Alexander and Hendricks stand high in their profession. Gid Wright and Bill Wright and Ramsey Alexander and James Hoyle became judges of the circuit courts.

I was running on about good old Dr. Nicholson, our principal—how fat he was and how learned and indulgent and sometimes of a hot sultry afternoon, while we were blundering along through Caesar's commentaries, he would go fast asleep in his chair and we would skip a whole paragraph and go on reading and skipping until his book would fall on the floor and wake him up. Then he would hunt all about to find out where we were at, but he never complained or made any sign of suspicion. I remember our debating society and how once a month, on Friday evening we had to take sides and discuss some great question. Just a dozen of the older boys were engaged in it and though I was the smallest, I was right smart and my father helped me and I held my own with the big boys. I remember when the question was who was the greatest man that ever lived and each boy had to choose a different man and advance his claims. If two or more chose the same man, Dr. Patterson had to settle it. My father told me to choose Ben Franklin and I have never changed my opinion since, for I convinced myself that he was the best and most practical man history tells of. He was the offspring of seventeen children, never went to school after he was ten years old, was apprenticed to his brother who was a printer; ran away from him when he was 17, hired as a printer in Philadelphia; next year was sent to London to buy stock for a new printing office but the promised money was not sent, so he hired to another printer, after two years returned to Philadelphia, invented a copper plate press—the first in America—married Miss Deborah Read in 1730, when he was 24 years old, founded The Pennsylvania Gazette and rose to commerce and renown. Founded the Philadelphia Library in 1731; published Poor Richard's almanac for twenty years; in 1736 was chosen postmaster of Philadelphia; in 1743 founded the University of Pennsylvania; in 1744 founded the American Philosophical Society and the Academy of Sciences, investigated electricity and took rank with the great discoverers of his age, was elected F. R. S. of London and Edinburgh. In 1753 was appointed postmaster general of the colonies. He was the defender of all colonial interests; was sent to England to have the stamp act repealed; labored hard to prevent war, but failed; came home and signed the Declaration of Independence; was sent to France to secure aid and recognition and succeeded; signed the treaty of peace at Paris in 1783; died in 1790; on motion of Mirabeau the national assembly of France put on mourning for him. In the constitutional convention of 1787 his last motion was that congress should open its sessions with prayer, and this is done to this day.

What a record is that for a poor, friendless, uneducated boy to make. I have recorded it in this letter as an example for poor boys everywhere.

The territory of Tennessee belonged originally to North Carolina and was called the territory of Washington. The settlers, however, named it Franklin and for three years it bore that name—the state of Franklin. In 1785, after North Carolina had ceded it to the United States, congress got to quarreling over the name and couldn't agree on either Washington or Franklin and compromised on the name of that long, crooked Indian river. Wasn't that a shame? It should be Franklin now.

Well, I gained my case in that debate—at least my father did, for he trained me. I gained it over Napoleon and Washington and Jefferson and Shakespeare and Newton and Demosthenes and others and am still proud to recall the victory.

But the fact remains that there is no greatest man. There is the greatest orator, the greatest philosopher and poet and preacher and statesman and general and discoverer and inventor and painter and sculptor, but each of these is greatest only in his own profession. Outside of that most of great men were weak and childish and some of them corrupt. Lord Bacon was perhaps the greatest writer on political economy and public morals, but he accepted bribes while on the bench and publicly confessed it, and was deposed and fined 10,000 pounds and sent to prison. Pope says of him that he was the wisest, brightest and meanest of mankind. Sir Isaac Newton was so absent-minded that it made him appear ridiculous. When the fire burned him he called his servant and told him to move it back. It did not occur to him that he could move back himself. His favorite cat came into his room through a hole in the bottom of the door. When she had five kittens he ordered five smaller holes cut for them to pass in and out. Zerah Colburn was no doubt the greatest natural mathematician who ever lived. When he was ten years old he could multiply any number of numerals in his head and give the answer instantly, but he was almost an idiot about other things, and when 23 years old lost his faculty in figures. The admirable Crichton when sixteen years old was the most learned classical scholar in Europe and could converse fluently in twenty languages, but could not do a sum in the simple rule of three. Goldsmith had no superior as a writer of pure English, both in prose and poetry, but he couldn't utter a respectable sentence in conversation. Dr. Johnson said of him: "He wrote like an angel and talked like a parrot." John Wesley was a very great preacher and a writer of sacred hymns, but he was not wise enough to choose a good wife nor great enough to subdue and keep her after he had chosen. When she left him he said: "I did not forsake her. I did not dismiss her. I will not recall her." Petruchio did not tame his Kate that way. Lord Byron was an unprincipled rake. Napoleon left a dark cloud over his fame by divorcing Josephine. In fact, almost every great genius had some defect or some foul blot in the make-up of his character. Our Heavenly Father did not choose to create one perfect man or woman, not one. Just think what faculties it would require in a man to be as great an orator as Demosthenes or Webster, as great a poet as Milton or Shakespeare, as great a philosopher as Plato or Socrates, as great a preacher as Wesley or Jonathan Edwards, as great a composer as Mozart or Beethoven, as great a painter as Raphael or Michael Angelo, as great an astronomer as Newton or Gallileo, or as great a general and patriot as Washington—wouldn't he be a wonderful man? If there was such a man and he could live on and on the world wouldn't need kings or armies, for he would rule it wisely and well and all the people would say amen.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

Possibilities of the Propeller.

The last group of the battleships have furnished additional proof that the possibilities of the propeller screw are still in the ascendant, for as each battleship has made its speed trials it had exceeded the speed record of its predecessors, until the last man-of-war, the Wisconsin, topped the record figures of everything in her class with a speed for two hours of 18.6 knots.—New York Times.

Up to about forty years ago Cornwall, England, supplied nearly all the tin used in the world, but now only about seven per cent. of the total supply comes from there. The Malay peninsula has taken Cornwall's place, furnishing about sixty per cent. of the world's production, and the Dutch East Indies comes next, with ten per cent.

Queensland has no university of its own, although steps are now being taken to insure the establishment of one in the colony.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Patience is bitter, but its fruit is sweet.—Rousseau.

For some not to be martyred is a martyrdom.—Donne.

Who fears to offend takes the first step to please.—Cibber.

Origniality is simply a pair of fresh eyes.—T. W. Higginson.

Learning passes for wisdom among those who want both.—Sir W. Temple.

We cannot always oblige, but we can always speak obligingly.—Voltaire.

Any man may make a mistake, but none but a fool will continue in it.—Cicero.

Pleasure is the flower that fades; remembrance is the lasting perfume.—Bouffiers.

Absence of occupation is not rest; a mind quite vacant is a mind distressed.—Cowper.

The prudence of the best heads is often defeated by the tenderness of the best of hearts.—Fielding.

To owe an obligation to a worthy friend is a happiness and can be no disparagement.—J. Chanon.

Put this restriction on your pleasures: Be cautious that they injure no being that lives.—Zimmerman.

Our incomes are like our shoes; if too small they gall and pinch us, but if too large they cause us to stumble and trip.—Colton.

VALUE OF EXERCISE.

Development the Result of Heredity, Environment and Activity.

Physical exercise, like all other things, has had its ups and downs. When Greece and Rome had the upper hand, the physical was most cultivated. In the 17th century things physical had a downfall. The reaction toward physical inactivity was as great as was formerly its strivings after an ideal. It was early in the 18th century when more interest was taken in these things; this interest increased until now physical education is recognized in the school, college and university as an essential part in the education and all-around development of the youth.

Since it is through the physical that we come in contact with an influence our fellow-beings, and as so much depends upon physical conditions, it is not entirely out of place to discuss such a subject before a body of this kind.

Development and an approach toward perfection are results of exercise. If a growing nerve cell never sends an impulse over its axon it cannot become on efficient nerve cell. A growing muscle fibre which never contracts fails to develop into a healthy adult fibre. A growing gland which never secretes its fluid does not become a perfect gland. Without exercise there is no true growth, and when exercise ceases degeneration sets in. Activity is the law of growth.

Development is the result of three factors—heredity, environment and activity. These terms hardly need defining here, yet for our purpose we will say a word concerning each.

Heredity is the expression of the structure and character of the fertilized ovum from which all the cells of the body are derived. It gives us the living material upon which to work, and at once determines the possibilities, the limitations and to a certain extent the course of training.

Environment, both of the body as a whole and of each of its units, the living cells. This includes the external conditions of life as well as the chemical and physical character of the blood. Under it are included the food supply, surrounding temperature, clothing, the care of the young by parents, hygienic condition of the dwelling, etc.

Activity of the individual cell of the body as a whole. By activity is meant not simply muscular activity that is merely activity of one kind of cell—the muscular fibre. A nervous impulse from a nerve cell is another case of activity. A gland cell performing its function normally is still another case.—Honolulu Commercial-Advertiser.

Thomas Jefferson's Note.

Carrington C. Bacon of Imboden, Lawrence county, Ark., is the possessor of a promissory note for $370, which was given by Thomas Jefferson, April 7, 1813, to Edmund Bacon, great-grandfather of the present holder of the paper. The note has long since been paid, but on acount of the customs and institutions of the period when it was executed, remained in the possession of the drawee and descended through three generations to the present owner. At the time the note was drawn Edmund Bacon owned a farm adjoining Mr. Jefferson's Monticello place in Virginia. Before the note was paid Mr. Bacon moved west and made his home in Kentucky. With him he brought the note, which was duly paid. The mails at the time were slow and uncertain, and for this reason the note was not returned to Mr. Jefferson. This odd bit of yellow, mildewed paper is prized by its owner as much for its connection with the history of his family as for being an autograph of a famous man and written by the same hand that executed the Declaration of Independence.—Little Rock Democrat.

A Trio in Evidence.

"Authors are frightfully conceited."

"Oh, not all of them."

"Well, the three authors I wrote to for their autographs all sent me their photographs."—Chicago Record-Herald.

New Orleans has 300 policemen to patrol 700 miles of streets.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Religion is Evergreen—The Olive Branch of Peace, the Pine Branch of Consolation, the Palm Branch of Usefulness and Victory—The Gospel Arbor

[Copyright 1905.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is full of the breath of the hills and fields and is a summer sermon; text, Nehemiah, viii. 15, "Go forth unto the mountain and fetch olive branches and palm branches and branches of thick trees to make booths."

It seems as if Mount Olivet were unmoored. The people have gone into the mountain and have cut off tree branches and put them on their shoulders, and they come forth now into the streets of Jerusalem and on the housetops and they twist these tree branches into arbors or booths. Then the people come forth from their comfortable homes and dwell for seven days in these booths or arbors. Why do they do that? Well, it is a great festal time. It is the feast of tabernacles, and these people are going to celebrate the desert travel of their fathers and their deliverance from their troubles, the experience of their fathers when, traveling in the desert, they lived in booths on their way to the land of Canaan. And so these booths also became highly suggestive—of our march toward heaven and of the fact that we are only living temporarily here, as it were, in booths or arbors, on our way to the Canaan of eternal rest. And what was said to the Jews literally may be said figuratively to all this audience. Go forth into the mountain and fetch olive branches and pine branches and myrtle branches and palm branches and branches of thick trees to make booths.

Yes, we are only here in a temporary residence. We are marching on. The merchant princes who used to live in Bowling Green, New York, have passed away, and their residences are now the fields of cheap merchants. Where are the men who fifty years ago owned Washington and New York? Passed on. There is no use in our driving our stakes too deep into the earth; we are on the march. The generations that have preceded us have gone so far on that we cannot even hear the sound of their footsteps. They have gone over the hills, and we are to follow them.

But, blessed be God, we are not in this world left out of doors and unsheltered. There are gospel booths or gospel arbors in which our souls are to be comforted. Go forth unto the mountain and fetch olive branches, and pine branches, and myrtle branches, and palm branches and branches of thick trees and build booths.

Well, now, we are to-day to construct a gospel arbor or gospel booth, and how shall we construct it? Well, we must get all the tree branches and build. According to my text, we must go up into the mount and bring olive branches. What does that mean? The olive tree grows in warm climates and it reaches the height of twenty or twenty-two feet, a straight stem, and then an offshoot from that stem. And then people come and they strip off these branches sometimes, and when in time of war the general of one army takes one of these olive branches and goes out to the general of another army, what does that mean? Why, it means unsaddle the war chargers; it means hang up the war knapsacks. It is but a beautiful way of saying peace!

Now, if we are to-day going to succeed in building this gospel arbor we must go into the mount of God's blessing and fetch the olive branches, and whatever else we must have we must have at least two olive branches—peace with God and peace with man. When I say peace with God, I do not mean to represent God as an angry chieftain having a grudge against us, but I do mean to affirm that there is no more antagonism between a hound and a hare, between a hawk and a pullet, between elephant and swine than there is hostility between holiness and sin.

And if God is all holiness and we are all sin there must be a readjustment, there must be a reconstruction, there must be a treaty, there must be a stretching forth of olive branches.

There is a great lawsuit going on now, and it is a lawsuit which man is bringing against his Maker; that lawsuit is now on the calendar. It is the human versus the divine; it is iniquity versus the immaculate; it is weakness versus omnipotence. Man began it; God did not begin the lawsuit. We began it; we assaulted our Maker, and the sooner we end this part of the struggle in which the finite attempts to overthrow the infinite and omnipotent—the sooner we end it the better. Travelers tells us there is no such place as Mount Calvary; that it is only a hill, only an insignificant hill, but I persist in calling it the mount of God's divine mercy and love, far grander than any other place on earth, grander than the Alps or the Himalayas, and there are no other hills as compared with it; and I have noticed in every sect where the cross of Christ is set forth it is planted with olive branches.

And all we have to do is to get rid of this war between God and ourselves, of which we are all tired. We want to back out of the war; we want to get rid of this hostility. All we have to do is just to get up on the mount of God's blessing and pluck these olive branches and wave them before the throne. Peace through our Lord Jesus Christ!

Oh, it does not make much difference what the world thinks of you! But come into the warm, intimate, glowing and everlasting relationship with the God of the whole universe; that is the joy that makes a hallelujah seem stupid. Why do we want to have peace through our Lord Jesus Christ? Why, if we had gone on in 10,000 years of war against God we could not have captured so much as a sword or a cavalry stirrup or twisted off one of the wheels of the chariot of His omnipotence, but the moment we bring this olive branch God and all heaven come on our side. Peace through our Lord Jesus Christ, and no other kind of peace is worth anything.

But then we must have that other olive branch—peace with man. Now, it is very easy to get up a quarrel. There are gunpowdery Christians all around us, and one match of provocation will set them off. It is easy enough to get up a quarrel. But, my brother, do you not think you had better have your horns sawed off? Had not you better make an apology? Had not you better submit to a little humiliation? "Oh," you say, "until that man takes the first step I will never be at peace with him! Nothing will be done until he is ready to take the first step." You are a pretty Christian. When would this world be saved if Christ had not taken the first step? We were in the wrong; Christ was in the right, all right and forever right, and yet He took the first step. And instead of going and getting a knotty scourge with which to whip your antagonist, your enemy, you had better get up on the radiant mount where Christ suffered for His enemies and just take an olive branch, not stripping off the soft, cool, fragrant leaves, leaving them all on, and then try on them that gospel switch. It will not hurt them, and it will save you. Peace with God; peace with man. If you cannot take those two doctrines, you are no Christian.

But my text goes further. It says, "Go up into the mountain and fetch olive branches and pine branches." Now, what is suggested by the pine branch? The pine tree is healthy; it is aromatic; it is evergreen. How often the physician says to his invalid patients, "Go and have a breath of the pines; that will invigorate you." Why do such thousands of people go South every year? It is not merely to get to a warmer climate, but to get the influence of the pine. There is health in it, and this pine branch of the text suggests the helpfulness of our holy religion. It is full of health, health for all, health for the mind, health for the soul. I knew an aged man who had no capital of physical health. He had had all the diseases you could imagine. He did not eat enough to keep a child alive; he lived on a beverage of hosannas; he lived high, for he dined every day with the King; he was kept alive simply by the force of our holy religion. It is a healthy religion, healthy for the eye, healthy for the hand, healthy for the feet, healthy for the heart, healthy for the liver, healthy for the spleen, healthy for the whole man. It gives a man such peace, such quietness, such independence of circumstances, such holy equipoise. Oh, that we all possessed it; that we possessed it now!

And some one says, "My business is to manufacture horseshoe nails." Then manufacture horseshoe nails to the glory of God. There is nothing for you to do that you ought to do but for the glory of God.

Usefulness is typified by the palm tree. Ah, we do not want in the church any more people that are merely weeping willows, sighing into the water, standing and admiring their long lashes in the glassy spring! No wild cherry dropping bitter fruit. We want palm trees, holding something for God, something for angels, something for man. I am tired and sick of this flat, tame, insipid, satin slippered, namby pamby, highty tighty religion! It is worth nothing for this world, and it is destruction for eternity. Give me 500 men and women fully consecrated to Christ, and we will take this city for God in three years; give me 10,000 men and women fully up to the Christian standard, in ten years 10,000 of them would take the whole earth for God. But when are we going to begin? We all want to be useful. There is not a man in the pews that does not want to be useful. When are we going to begin?

Ledyard, the great traveler, was brought before the Geographical Society of Great Britain, and they wanted him to make some explorations in Africa, and they showed him all the perils and all the hard work and all the exposure, and after they had told him what they wanted him to do in Africa they said to him, "Now, Ledyard, when are you ready to start?" He said, "To-morrow morning." The learned men were astonished. They thought he would take weeks or months to get ready. Well, now, you tell me you want to be useful in Christian service. When are you going to begin? Oh, that you had the decision to say, "Now; now!" Oh, go into the mount and gather the palm branches!

But the palm branches also mean victory. Well, now, we are by nature the servants of satan. He stole us; he has his eye on us; he wants to keep us. But word comes from our Father that if we will try to break loose from this doing of wrong our Father will help us, and some day we rouse up, and we look the black tyrant in the face, and we fly at him, and we wrestle him down, and we put our heel on his neck, and we grind him in the dust, and we say, "Victory, victory, through our Lord Jesus Christ!" Oh, what a grand thing it is to have sin underfoot and a wasted life behind our backs! "Blessed is he whose transgression is forgiven and whose sin is covered."

Some one says, "How about the future?" What, says the man, I feel so sick and worn out with the ailments of life. You are going to be more than conqueror. But, says the man, I am so tempted, I am so pursued in life. You are going to be more than conqueror. I, who have so many ailments and heartaches, going to be more than conqueror? Yes, unless you are so self-conceited that you want to manage all the affairs of your life yourself instead of letting God manage them. Do you want to drive and have God take a back seat? "Oh, no," you say; "I want God to be my leader." Well, then, you will be more than conqueror. Your last sickness will come, and the physicians in the next room will be talking about what they will do for you. What difference will it make what they do for you? You are going to be well, everlastingly well. And when the spirit has fled the body your friends will be talking as to where they shall bury you. What difference does it make to you where they bury you? The angel of the resurrection can pick you out of the dust anywhere, and all the cemeteries of the earth are in God's care. Oh, you are going to be more than conqueror!

Do you not think we had better begin now to celebrate the coming victory? In the old meeting house at Somerville my father used to lead the singing, and he had the old fashioned tuning fork, and he would strike it upon his knee and then put the tuning fork to his ear to catch the right pitch and start the hymn. But, friend, do you not think we had better be catching the pitch of the everlasting song, the song of victory, when we shall be more than conquerors? Had we not better begin the rehearsal on earth?

My text brings us one step further. It says go forth into the mount and fetch olive branches, and pine branches, and myrtle branches, and palm branches and branches of thick trees. Now you know very well—I make this remark under the head of branches of thick trees—that a booth or arbor made of slight branches would not stand. The first blast of the tempest would prostrate it. So, then, the booth or arbor must have four stout poles to hold up the arbor or booth, and hence for the building of the arbor for this world we must have stout branches of thick trees. And so it is in the gospel arbor.

Blessed be God that we have a brawny Christianity, not one easily upset. The storms of life will come upon us, and we want strong doctrine; not only love, but justice; not only invitation, but warning. It is a mighty gospel; it is an omnipotent gospel. These are the stout branches of thick trees.

I remember what Mr. Finney said in a schoolhouse. The village was so bad it was called Sodom, and it was said to have only one good man in all the village, and he was called Lot, and Mr. Finney was preaching in the schoolhouse, and he described the destruction of Sodom; how the city was going to be destroyed unless they repented, and that there would be rain from heaven of sorrow and destruction unless they, too, repented. And the people in the schoolhouse sat and ground their teeth in anger, and clinched their fists in anger, but before he got through with his sermon they got down on their knees and cried for mercy while mercy could be found. Oh, it is a mighty gospel; not only an invitation, but a warning, an omnipotent truth; stout branches of thick trees.

Well, my friends, you see I have omitted one or two points, not because I forgot to present them, but because I have not time to present them. I have shown you here is the olive branch of peace, here is the pine branch of evergreen gospel consolation, here the palm tree branch of usefulness and of victory and here are the stout branches of thick trees. The gospel arbor is done. The air is aromatic of heaven. The leaves rustle with the gladness of God. Come into the arbor. Come into the booth. I went out at different times with a fowler to the mountains to catch pigeons, and we made our booth and we sat in that booth and watched for the pigeons to come. And we found flocks in the sky and after awhile they dropped into the net, and we were successful. So I come now to the door of this gospel booth. I look out. I see flocks of souls flying hither and thither. Oh, that they might come like clouds and as doves to the window! Come into the booth. Come into the booth.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 15.

Subject: Jacob a Prince With God. Genesis xxii., 1-20—Golden Text, Luke xviii., 1—Memory Verses, 24-28—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Went on his way." In some way God had spoken to Jacob and told him to return to his native land. Gen. 31: 3. The Lord would not permit him to remain away longer, for he might become perverted in his religious life and forget the promises of which he was heir, and then, as he could no longer live in peace with Laban it was time for him to return. "Angels of God." A host of angels. See 2 Kings 6: 17. "Met him." Literally, "came, drew near to him."

2. "God's host." The angels are called hosts. 1. From their multitude. 2. From their order. 3. From their power for the protection of the saints. "Mahanaim." "Two camps."

3. "Sent messengers." These messengers were probably sent before he saw the host of angels, for they seem to have returned soon after this. "Land of Seir." This is on the east and south of the Dead Sea.

4. "Unto my lord." "Yielding pacifieth great offenses." Eccles. 10: 4. Jacob humbled himself before his brother, recognizing him as lord, and putting himself down as a servant.

6. "Cometh to meet thee." The mind of Esau was in that wavering state when the slightest incident might soothe him into good will, or arouse him to vengeance.

7. "Greatly afraid." The fear of his brother was the direct consequence of his sin, the sin that embittered his whole life. "Two bands." Disposal of his company into two bands, so that if one was attacked the other might escape, was characteristic of Jacob. He was a scheming man, and never neglected to take every possible precaution.

9. "O God of my father Abraham." In this great emergency he had recourse to prayer.

10. "Not worthy." The Hebrew expression is "little among all the mercies;" that is, too little to have received less; less than all. "With my staff." When he passed over this Jordan he had nothing but his staff, but now he has wives and children and flocks and herds.

11. "The hand of my brother." Jacob knew that his brother was coming toward him with an army, and he feared the worst. "The mother with the children." He must have had an awful opinion of his brother when he used this expression, which implies the utmost cruelty, proceeding in the work of slaughter to total extermination.

12. "Thou saidst." God's promises are the sure ground of all our hopes, and "to remind God of His promises is one of the privileges of prayer."

13. "A present for Esau." Jacob did not regard praying as a substitute for the use of means. It was rather a guide, an inspiration from God in their use.

14, 15. "Two hundred," etc. We can learn something of his great prosperity from the fact that this present to Esau consisted of 580 animals.

16. "Every drove by themselves." The disposition of this princely present in several droves, following one another at intervals, was such as to repeat the favorable impression made by each, as they successively came before Esau, accompanied with a conciliatory message. "Pass over before me." They were now near the fords of the Jabbok, close to the region of expected danger.

20. "Will apease him." Jacob hoped to pacify his brother and turn away his anger by the presents, and by the words of esteem which he had instructed his servants to speak to Esau.

22. "Rose up that night." Jacob took his family across in the night when there would be no opportunity for the enemy to see or to hinder. "Ford Jabbok." The Jabbok was a stream flowing into the Jordan about two-thirds of the distance from the Sea of Galilee to the Dead Sea.

24. "Was left alone." To be left alone with God is the only true way of arriving at a just knowledge of ourselves and our ways. "There wrestled." From Hosea 12: 4 we learn that the wrestling of Jacob was not merely a physical exercise, but also a spiritual one. "A man." This was doubtless the Lord Jesus Christ. In Hosea 12: 4, the man who wrestled with him is called the angel, and the Lord of hosts; and in verse 30 of this chapter Jacob calls Him God.

25. "He prevailed not." It would have been easy enough for the angel to prevail physically, but the Lord was endeavoring to lead Jacob to a complete abandonment of himself. "He touched—his thigh." The thigh is the pillar of a man's strength; Jacob was thus shown his utter helplessness and dependence on God. God can bring down to the dust the stoutest.

26. "I will not," etc. To say this from the heart is the secret of all true strength. "Thou bless me." The blessing of God on the heart is of greater value than the best this world can give.

27. "What is thy name?" God directed attention to his name as representing his character. "He said, Jacob." That is, "supplanter." Thus did Jacob admit the true state of his heart.

28. "Israel." A prince of God, or one powerful with God. God had taught him that his greatest enemy was not Esau, but himself. "Power with God." The only sure way of having power with men is to have power with God first. Earnestness, perseverance, submission, faith—these will move both God and man. "Hast prevailed." All of God's people are wrestlers. Great things are promised to those who give themselves fully to God, not the least of which is that they shall prevail with God.

29. "Tell me—thy name." Reveal thyself to me more fully. "He blessed him there." The angel did not gratify Jacob's curiosity when he asked his name, but he did bless him. 1. Consider the place. It was a place (1) of great trial (vs. 6, 7); (2) of humble confession (v. 10); (3) of pleading (vs. 11, 12); (4) of communion (v. 30); (5) of conscious weakness. V. 31. 2. Consider the blessing. He was (1) saved from a great peril (v. 11); (2) he was able to feel that a great breach was healed (33: 4); (3) he had won a new name and rank (v. 28), and was made a prince on the spot; (4) he was now under a fresh anointing, and was a superior man ever after.

30. "Peniel." Or Penuel (v. 31), meaning "the face of God." "My life is preserved." These words have a deep spiritual meaning. The only way in which the life can be preserved is to meet the angel—Christ; He is the life.

31. "The sun rose." See Mal. 4: 2. The rising sun was a type of the spiritual sunrise upon his soul. "Halted," etc. Perhaps Jacob was healed at this time, or was ever after a cripple, is mere conjecture.

32. "Eat not of the sinew." What this sinew was neither Jew nor Christian can tell.

The medical crusade against the mosquito is marching on to the extermination of the house fly. At present mankind is fortified behind screens and nettings against the attacks of both these enemies. Offensive measures against the small Macbeth have only just begun, but every movement against the one involves the destruction of the other.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

CHANCERY COURT was in session Monday and Tuesday, and Chancellor Kelly, with his usual energy, has about cleared up the docket. There is not a case now in the Chancery Court more than ten months old. For expedition and just decisions Chancellor Kelly cannot be excelled.

THE BANNER is not, by a long way, in love with the new constitution, and we fail to see that it is any great improvement upon the old constitution under which the State has throve and prospered. Yet, on the whole, as it is at least as good, and in some instances better, than the old constitution, we are not disposed to reject it. We regret exceedingly that we have been unable to do as promised and give the new constitution in full to our readers. With our present facilities it is impossible to get out the new constitution, which is a lengthy document, and we have been unable to obtain it elsewhere, or we would publish it as a supplement to The Banner. We hope, however, to put in a steam press, and add other improvements to our plant, this fall, when we shall be in a better position to give our readers EVERYTHING that is worthy of their attention. Under the circumstances we give them this week all that we possibly can of the Suffrage clause of the new constitution, and will follow it up with other clauses, taking what we consider to be the most important. If we possibly can we will yet give our readers the entire constitution.

Since writing the above we are glad to say that through the courtesy of Gov. Jelks all our subscribers will be furnished with a copy of the new Constitution, and as soon as we receive them we will distribute them.

THE villanious attempt upon the life of President McKinley has evoked the sympathy of the whole world, and in the United States has called forth a token of love and devotion to the elect of the people that has never been witnessed elsewhere. Irrespective of political opinions the American people recognize that he who is elected their chief magistrate is "of the people and for the people," and "by the people" must be protected in his high office. It is distressing to think that the miscreant who committed the dastardly deed can only be sentenced, under the laws of the State of New York, to a term of ten years in the penitentiary, which, by good behavior, can be commuted to six and a-half years.

The president, vice-president, and the cabinet ministers, in their private capacities, are fully protected in their lifes and property by the laws of the States in which they reside. In their official capacities, as servants of the people of the whole Union, their lives, at all events, should be protected by a federal law, and any attack upon their persons should be punishable by death. As the highest representatives of the people their persons should be sacred.

President McKinley was graciously performing a public function, demanded by his official position, when he was ruthlessly shot down by the would-be assassin, who declares it was his intention to kill.

The only way it appears to be possible for Caolgosz to get what he deserves, is to turn him loose out of prison, and let the people known beforehand the time he will come out. They will be on hand, depend upon it.

THE SUFFRAGE CLAUSE OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

Section 177. Every male citizen of this State who is a citizen of the United States, and every male resident of foreign birth, who, before the ratification of this Constitution, shall have legally declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, twenty-one years old or upwards, not laboring under any of the disabilities named in this article, and possessing the qualifications required by it, shall be an elector, and shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people, provided, that all foreigners who have legally declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, shall, if they fail to become citizens thereof at the time they are entitled to become such, cease to have the right to vote until they become such citizens.

178. To entitle a person to vote at any election by the people, he shall have resided in the State at least two years, in the county one year, and in the precinct or ward three months, immediately preceding the election at which he offers to vote, and he shall have duly registered as an elector, and shall have paid, on or before, the first day of February next preceding the date of the election at which he offers to vote, all poll taxes due from him for the year nineteen hundred and one, and for each subsequent year; provided, that any elector who, within three months next preceding the date of of the election at which he offers to vote, has removed from the precinct or ward in the same county, incorported town or city, shall have the right to vote in the precinct or ward from which he has removed, if he would have been entitled to vote in in such precinct or ward but for such removal.

179. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by persons in a representative capacity shall be viva voce.

180. The following male citizens of the State, who are citizens of the United States, and every male resident of foreign birth who, before the ratification of this Constitution, shall have legally declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, except those who shall not have had an opportunity to perfect his citizenship prior to the twentieth day of December, nineteen hundred and two, twenty-one years old or upwards, who, if their place of residence shall remain unchanged, will have, at the date of the next general election the qualifications as to residence prescribed in Section 178 of this Constitution, and are not disqualified under Section 182 of this Constitution, shall upon application be entitled to register as electors prior to the twentieth day of December, nineteen hundred and two, namely:

First—All who have honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the war of 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the war with Spain, or who honorably served in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, or of the State of Alabama in the war between the States; or

Second—The lawful descendants of persons who honorably served in the land or naval forces in the war of the American Revolution, or in the war of 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, or of the State of Alabama in the war between the States; or

Third—All persons who are of good character and who understand the duties and obligations of citizenship under a Republican form of government.

181. After the first day of January, nineteen hundred and three, the following persons, and no others, who, if their place of residence shall remain unchanged, will have at the date of the next general election, the qualifications as to residence prescribed in Section 178 of this Constitution, shall be qualified to register as electors, provided, they shall not be disqualified under Section 182 of this Constitution.

First—Those who can read and write any article of the constitution of the United States in the English language and who are physically unable to work; those who can read and write any article of the constitution of the United States in the English language, and have worked or been regularly engaged in some lawful employment, business or occupation, trade or calling, for the greater part of twelve months next preceding the time they offer to register, and those who are unable to read and write if such inability is due solely to physical disability; or

Second—The owner in good faith, in his own right, or the husband of a woman who is the owner

(continued on 5th column page 8)

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The next Institute for white teachers will be held at Macedonia, eight miles west of Jemison and five miles east of Randolph, on the 13th and 14th of September, 1901.

FRIDAY

10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30 Welcome Address, John T. Martin. Response, L. E. Byrum.

11. Why educate? How? R. B. Denson, Mrs. A. G. Danisp.

1:30 p.m. How should schools be graded? Ex-Supt. Judson Strock.

Strock, G. L. Speer.

2:30. Would it be better to divide the county into School Districts? R. E. R. Hicks, Robt. E. Sessions.

3:30. My first experience as a teacher, J. H. Anderson, Miss Jennie Wilson.

SATURDAY.

9 a.m. Chilton county Schools R. A. Rasco, Supt. J. W. Moore.

10 The importance of Physiology, F. D. Carmichael, Miss Tracy Garrett.

11. Educational Address, J. M. Collier.

A concert will be given by Prof. Martin's school, Friday evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

Teachers coming on train will write Prof. Jno. T. Martin, Randolp, and have arrangements made for conveyance.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Mothers who have always as dreaded the approach of hot weather when they have a teething baby should not forget that TEETHINA counteracts and overcomes the effects of hot weather on children, keeps them in healthy condition and makes teething easy. TEETHINA costs only 25 cents per box at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M.D., St. Louis, Mo.

Barwell.

Farmers are busy in these diggins picking cotton.

Mr. Bender Kendrick will return from the agricultural school at Wetumpka next Wednesday.

Mr. David Kendrick visited Clanton Wednesday of last week on business.

There is nothing that will flatter a fool quicker than asking his advice.

The prompters say they will put the stock law in force October 1.

Life is not always what it could be wished for, but let us look at the bright side even in those dark days.

Mr. J. F. Jones and family have returned to their home at Prattville.

There is a protracted meeting running at Canaan church this week, hope there will be much good accomplished. BILLY THE KID.

Lily.

On the 6th day of September 1901, Sister Sarah Williams, wife of G. B. Williams, departed this life to go to her reward, leaving a husband and two little children and many friends to mourn her loss. She was of noble Christian character, sweet spirited. A genuine type of Christianity. Her blessed redeemer has taken her home to be forever with the Lord. Rev. W. A. Wood.

Stood Death Off

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1901, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Pletcher	Beat 8	Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoults	" 7	"	4
Maplesville	" 7	"	5
Benson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Strasburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Coopers	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kincheon	" 6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.
In Chancery at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division. Fall Term, 1901.

Eufania Mahan, Complainant, vs. W. J. Mahan, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of William M. Adams, solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, W. J. Mahan, is a non-resident of the state of Alabama; that said Mahan resides in the State of Mississippi; and that the residence of said Mahan in the State of Mississippi is to said William M. Adams, unknown; and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Chilton county once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring the said W. J. Mahan, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, within thirty days after the 18th day of September, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama this 19th day of August, 1901. W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

WM. M. ADAMS,
Solicitor for Complainant.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

REMOVAL SALE

EVERYTHING GOES
PRICES AWAY DOWN
BARGAINS IN ALL LINES

We move into our new building September 1, we don't mind moving ourselves and our clerks, but we want you to come in and move our goods to your homes, then we won't have much moving to do.

REMOVAL SALE NOW ON

W. H. SARTOR
CLANTON

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.
EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES
J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.
COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
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West End Store
For the convenience of the people in this part I have opened a store at my place one mile west of town, and have a full line of
General Merchandise
AND A COMPLETE LINE OF
Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions
CHOICE GROCERIES
W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

C. W. WILSON
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Fancy Groceries a Specialty
CLANTON

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A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the work of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of many thousand volumes.

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It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
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TOWN ITEMS

Chancery Court opens second Monday in February first Monday in April, first Monday in June second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7½ & 7⅞ cents.
" same date last year 10.90 cts.

Bales received to date:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co.	53	117
Malone	46	48
Wilson	4	4
Downs		5
Total	103	169

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Mattie Chandler of Birmingham visited relatives here the week.

Mr. W. J. Cochee went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. Atkinson, of Jemison was in town Tuesday.

Prof. R. A. Rasco of Thorsby was in town Wednesday.

Mr. T. P. McKinney and daughters, Misses Annie and Minnie, of Barwell were visitors here Monday.

Mrs. James Collins of Lindsey is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Gastman has returned home from Prairie City, where she has been visiting for some time.

Mrs. L. C. Gore is visiting her mother, Mrs. Deadwilder, at Lily, who is quite sick.

Mr. E. W. Duke visited Prattville Monday.

Mrs. Denson has returned home from a pleasant visit in the country.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. White of Lily spent Monday in Clanton.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss White of Prattville is visiting Miss Hattie Oates.

Miss Essie McDaniel visited the capital city Monday.

Messrs. N. A. Kicker, L. N. Price and W. C. Robinson all went to the Pan-American at Buffalo, N. Y., last Saturday.

It is not a liniment, nor a salve, contains no grease or ammonia. A rational, scientific, chemical compound. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic stands pre-eminently superior to preparations offered the public for healing Wounds, Burns and other injuries. Used internally it is a fine thing for colic and bowel troubles.

Mr. P. D. Wilson has returned from a trip to St. Louis.

Dr. O. M. Wisehart went to Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. W. H. Merritt, of Birmingham was in town last Saturday.

Mr. H. Touro's store will be closed Saturday on account Jewish New Year.

Mr. R. L. Marcus has opened up a stock of goods in the store now vacated by W. H. Sartor.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Read all the advertisements—there is always something to be learned from them. And especially read and study the new advts.—Thorsby Normal School, Reynolds Bros. of Jemison, Wilson & Bro. of Clanton, as well as those in our "Want" column. It will pay you.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 to 60 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 11 and 12 aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

M. E. M. Marcus and Miss Arlena Littleton; Mr. Charlie Buckler and Miss Julia Edwards.

STOPS THE COUGH and works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

All Day Singing.

There will be an all day singing at Liberty church, four miles west of Clanton, on Fourth Sunday in this month. Everybody invited especially the singers.

VAL SALE

OES

WAY DOWN

GAINS IN ALL LINES

ate our new building
we don't mind mov-
and our clerks, but
to come in and move
your homes, then we
hing moving to do.

SALE NOW ON

. SARTOR

CLANTON

October 1st

2 First Ave.

G AT CUT PRICES

Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qua

R DRUG CO.,

UT RATE DRUG STORE

HAM, · AL A

End Store

e people in this part I have opened
west of town, and have a fine stock of

Merchandise

OMPLETE LINE OF

ts, Shoes, Notions

GROCERIES

KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

. WILSON

EALER IN—

MERCHANDISE

eries a Specialty

CLANTON

NORMAL SCHOOL

PENDENT NORMALISM, OF
L DEPARTMENTS.
AL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN

practiced. We court investigation
ne, at any time, examine into the

ed schools of the State. The Main B
structure of fifteen rooms. The L
three-story structure well suited to
ed. The Library consists of more th

50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
$1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.
uld up and to lead a band in helping
State in elevating the youth to a

er information, address
CO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Al

TOWN ITEMS

Chambers county court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in August and second Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 6 & 7½ cents.
Same date last year 10.30 cts

Receipts	TO DATE: 1901	1900
Planters	55	112
Packers	46	46
Machine	4	4
Wise		5
Dwes		
Total	105	169

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Martin Chandler of Birmingham visited relatives here this week.

Mr. W. J. Pierce went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. Ark Jones of Jemison, was in town Tuesday.

Prof. R. A. Rasco of Thorsby was in town Wednesday.

Mr. T. P. McKinney and daughters, Misses Annie and Minnie, of Harwell were visitors here Monday.

Mrs. [illegible] Collins of Ensley is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Griffith has returned home from Pine City, where she has been visiting for some time.

Mrs. J. P. Gore is visiting her mother, Mrs. Deadwilder, at Lily, who is quite sick.

Mr. E. W. Duke visited Prattville Monday.

Mrs. Dobson has returned home from a pleasant visit in the country.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. White of Lily spent Monday in Clanton.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss White of Prattville is visiting Miss Lottie Oates.

Miss Essie McDaniel visited the capital city Monday.

Messrs. N. A. Kicker, J. N. Price and W. C. Robinson all went to the Pan-American at Buffalo, N. Y., last Saturday.

It is not a liniment, nor a salve. Contains no grease or ammonia. A rational, scientific, chemical compound. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic stands pre-eminently superior to any remedy offered the public for healing Wounds, Burns and other injuries. Used internally it is a fine thing for colic and bowel troubles.

Mr. P. D. Wilson has returned from a trip to St. Louis.

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HOW'S THE COUGH
Knocks off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

All Day Singing.

There will be an all day singing at Liberty church, four miles west of Clanton, on Fourth Sunday in this month. Everybody invited and especially the singers.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

REYNOLDS BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

...General Merchandise...

COTTON BUYERS.
JEMISON, ALA.

Owing to a change in our business we are going tn sell our entire stock at prices that will alarm you.

10 lbs. Good Coffee	$1.00
18 lbs. Sugar	1.00
Success Soda ... per pound	4
Men's Oil Grained Best Grade Shoes	1.25
Women's Oil and Glove Grained Shoes—Button or Lace—Best on Earth ... only	1.00
1 lb. Schnapps, Red Apple, Red Rabbit, and Early Bird Tobacco	32
Calico ... per yard	5
Cotton Checks ... per yard	5
Good Suit Clothes ... only	4.00
Good Family Flour	3.25

Remember the old adage: "Make hay while the sun shines," and get your share of these goods.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
BEEF CATTLE AND COTTON SEED

This is Spot Cash. Do not ask to have them charged, as you will be denied.

REYNOLDS BROS.

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TEN YEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $22.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $5 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL, Agt.
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co., clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kincheon
J. B. Downs, clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware
on the very best Staples and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil. A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darken into daylight here,
And are raised of money here.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely safe. They are Portable. Hang on stand them anywhere. We also manufacture Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc. The best and only reliable Incandescent Mantle Vapor Gas Lamps made. They will at sight, each burner 100 candle power, nothing like them. Good Agents Wanted. Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR ARC.

GARDEN AND FARM

DON'T CULTIVATE THE WEEDS.

Hundreds of farmers purchase fertilizers every year in order to provide plant food for weeds. In experiments made in England, by growing beets on the same land for forty years, the crop was much better at the end of the fortieth year than that on land that had received barnyard manure. This superiority was due to the fact that the close cultivation given the beets year after year destroyed all weeds. The weeds in a field will sometimes take more nitrogen than is supplied by the fertilizers applied. Therefore if farmers will give thorough culture, they will save the value of the fertilizers appropriated by weeds.

WHEN TO WEAN THE LAMBS.

The usual age for weaning the lambs is about at the end of the fourth month, except for some special reason and when a more vigorous and early growth is desired. At that age the lambs should have become accustomed to eat about everything the old sheep lives upon and should gain a thrifty support without the milk of the dam, which should be dried off preparatory to breeding again in the fall. This applies to flocks of improved breeding, the lambs of which are intended for future breeding animals themselves.

KEROSENE FOR ROOSTS.

There is no one thing so absolutely necessary to the poultry yard as kerosene. Aside from its cheapness, it will be found one of the best things to spray on the roosts. It not only prevents mites from getting a foothold, but the fowls will never have scaly legs when it is used. There is nothing so good for slight attacks of colds which fowls often catch during changeable weather, and in mild cases of croup it almost invariably cures. Scaly legs are caused from parasites that burrow under the skin, and aside from their unsightliness, will in time produce lameness. Kerosene applied to the legs will in a few days cause every sign of scale to disappear.

The roosts should have a general application of kerosene at least twice a month, and when whitewashing the house a gill should be put in each bucket of whitewash. During the winter moments a little may be poured around the edges of the nests, and thus make doubly sure that all mites are killed.—*Home and Farm.*

GUINEA FOWL AS BUG CATCHERS.

Some insects that are known to be a pest to farmers are destroyed by birds. Farmers should be friends of the birds and help to make public sentiment and laws to protect them.

But in place of insect-catching birds, guinea fowls serve a like purpose. A writer in *Western Fruit Grower* gives his experience:

"I had a flock of fifteen," says he, "and in watching them travel (and they are travelers) I learned that what the first did not get those in the rear did. They have an eye like a robin. I have seen them turn their heads a little sideways, as though looking wise, step six or eight feet away, and get the worm every time.

"They are fond of potato bugs, and will clean a patch better than Paris green. I believe a flock of a hundred will beat spraying all to pieces; and then the young, half-grown birds are as good for a fry as prairie-chicken.

"The main trouble is to raise the young. I would set them under a common hen. She will beat the mother guinea hen, who, while she will hatch twenty-five or more, will travel off and let them drop out one by one until they are all gone."

HELP OUT THE COWS.

Farmers are more and more understanding the value of a continuous supply of succulent foods for stock, and there is much effort on the part of all the experiment stations to test the value of forage crops that will tend to prolong the pasturage season. Most of the grasses now in common use are injured by the usual summer drouth, and then the pastures are dried up. The value of the cowpea as an adjunct to the pasture is being recognized, and farmers will do well to study the adaptability of this crop to their localities. Cowpeas may be sown after grain is harvested, and will grow quickly if there is moisture enough to sprout them. The seed bed should be firm. While they may be sown broadcast, yet most farmers prefer drilling them in. If all the tubes are used a fine forage will be secured, though some recommend using every other drill tube. Usually a bushel and a half of seed is sown to an acre.

Cattle or sheep may be turned on them when the peas have reached the blossoming stage. The land on which has grown this crop of cowpeas can be disked once or twice late in August or early in September and sown to rye. It will be best to cross the disk the second time. When rye is intended for fall pasture, there should be not less than two and one-half bushels of seed sown to the acre. It should be kept closely grazed, so that it will not joint, for when it joints its power to produce much pasture or good pasture is destroyed.—*Rural World.*

FEEDING AND FATTING YOUNG GEESE.

When the young geese are hatched do not give them feed or water for the first thirty-six hours, or if water, only a few drops from the finger tips. Their first feed should be bread crumbs, moistened with boiled sweet milk, and mashed up fine with a hard-boiled egg. After that for the first week feed boiled oatmeal and bran moistened with milk, or scalded meal and shorts. Then add cracked corn and wheat. When three days old feed all the green food that they will eat, young sprouting rye, clover, purslane, onion tops, etc. Have plenty of water for drinking purposes near them, but in a vessel which they cannot get into, as they should be kept as dry as possible.

They should be fed often, but not more than they will eat at one feeding. They should be kept clean, as they eat so greedily that they will devour droppings or anything, and filth is fatal to them. They need care for the first two or three weeks, after which they will look out for themselves.

A good pen in which they can be kept during this time is made of four boards one or two feet wide and ten or fifteen feet long, nailed together at the corners. This can be moved about from place to place over patches of young rye or tender grass, for a few young goslings will soon eat a place very clean of green food. They should always be housed at night, and have shade accessible during the day, as intense heat or dampness is fatal to them. When young they should not be allowed to run on the grass until the dew is off.

Kill by severing the artery in the neck with a small, sharp knife, or by giving a sharp blow on the head. Let them bleed hanging up, for about five minutes. Then plunge into boiling water for about twelve seconds, wrap in a cloth and let steam for five minutes. Pick immediately, beginning at the head, and the down will come off very easily. Care should be exercised in plucking young goslings, as the skin is often very tender and tears readily. Green goslings, as young goslings are called, should not be drawn for market. After picking place them in ice cold water for an hour to plump them.

In eight weeks geese can be made to weigh eight pounds, and at the end of three months from fifteen to eighteen pounds, depending on the breed. Some large varieties will weigh twenty pounds the first season. When they are from eight to ten weeks old they can be sold to those who make a business of fattening them for market, or may be fattened at home, when they will bring much more. The fatter they are the better price they will bring, especially in Jewish quarters, as the Jews make extensive use of goose fat. The best market for them is in June or early July. If not sold then keep them and fatten for Christmas.

Pen them three or four weeks before selling them, first putting them into water to clean their feathers, and then into a pen with clean straw. Feed scalded meal in a crumbly state, with about one-fifth part meat scraps, or give cracked corn with water, or a little corn and always plenty of grass. They should be given all the food they will eat. Keep them quiet for if excited or disturbed they will not fatten. Young geese are ready for market when the tips of the wings reach the tail.—E. I. Cole, in *American Agriculturist.*

MANUFACTURING "EARLY POTATOES."

Dr. G. W. Harvey, in *Popular Science*, tells of bogus new potatoes which he found in various parts of the West, but which are manufactured in California.

"The manufacturing gardener," he says, "is an enterprising genius of foreign extraction, generally Portuguese, Italian or Chinaman, and he makes the most of his opportunities. By his private process of making new potatoes, he gets at least two months' advance on the market in many places, and thereby reaps a profit many times above what the legitimate natural product would bring him. The extent of this business must be somewhat gigantic, for I have seen these made new potatoes in all the markets from Denver to Albuquerque, and Salt Lake City to Cape Nome. The commission merchants and wholesale dealers must certainly know of and abet the fraud, or the gardener could not market his wares. The average retail merchant is not aware of the deception, to my own personal knowledge, and deals out to his customers in all innocence the fraudulent new potatoes.

"The method of their manufacture is unique, and it is done as follows: Late in the season, after other crops are out of the way, the gardener plants a crop of late and good keeping potatoes. The time has been chosen from experience, and is opportune for a yield of small potatoes before the frosts of winter come down upon the gardener's truck patch. These potatoes are dug and buried in heaps in the open field and left until spring opens and the new potato season arrives. At the proper time the heaps are opened and the potatoes sorted according to sizes. In the meantime a large kettle or vat is set in the field adjacent to the potato heaps, and made ready by filling with water and adding sufficient lye to effectually curl the skin of the potato when dipped into the boiling solution. A crane and metal basket are rigged so that the dipping can be done expeditiously, and the way that new potatoes are turned out is astonishing. The effect of dipping any potato, no matter how old, into this boiling lye solution, is to crack and curl the skin, and at the same time it hardens or makes the potato much more firm, so that its resemblance to a new potato is so near that it would be hard to pick out the impostor, from appearance alone, from a basket of the genuine article. After dipping, the potatoes are rinsed in another vat and spread out to dry in the sun and cure into perfect new potatoes and the work is complete.

"The only way that you can tell the fraudulent new potato is to cut one open and notice its appearance carefully from circumference to centre. For a short distance in from the skin of the made potato you will, if you look closely, see a yellowish white line of semi-cooked and watery appearance. If this test is not conclusive, put one or two into some cold water and let them come to a boil, and you will notice a faint lye color, and the water that covers them will have a slippery, alkaline feel that any housewife cannot mistake."

With a population of only 210,000 Manitoba equals in size the whole of Great Britain and Ireland.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

A Kerchief to Tuck Into One's Glove.

In these days, when Mme. La Mode has decreed that we shall do without pockets, or else have one in an inaccessible position, the designers of handkerchiefs have come to our aid with the daintiest of articles, which they have named "glove handkerchiefs." These are about six inches square and are of the finest Irish lawn or cambric, trimmed with exquisite Valenciennes lace, which are, indeed, capable of being carried in one's glove or hanging purse.

Gloves with Monograms.

The glove with the monogram of the wearer on the back of it will find its way into the scented box on the dressing table. In place of the neatly-stitched three ribs on the back of the glove that have so long been in favor with fastidious folk, this year the monogram of the wearer will take their place. The monogram will be embroidered in either a darker shade of the same coloring as the glove or in a contrasting color. The darker shading of the same color, however, is considered much better form, and probably very few monograms embroidered in contrasting colors will be seen.

Court Ladies Pensioned.

The ladies of Queen Victoria's court have learned, after a period of somewhat anxious waiting, that they are to receive pensions. That in itself is something of a relief; for many of thes ladies, though of high lineage, were of meagre fortune, and in most cases had years of faithful and arduous service to plead. A maid of honor, for example, always found her post richer in honor than in profit. But the pensions accorded are minute, and the excuse alleged is the inadequacy of the provisions for loyal expenses. For the last two or three years Queen Victoria failed to meet her official expenditure out of the civil list, and had to bring up the reserves of her private fortune.—Woman's Life.

Postmen's Widows and Orphans.

Widows and orphans of the postmen of Paris are provided for by the "Union Fraternelle," a society whose object is threefold—first, to care for destitute families; second, to pay the funeral expenses of its members, and, third, by a monthly assessment to provide a pension for those who wish to retire from it. The organization agrees to pay to the widow, or, if there be no widow, to the children, of a member who had died a fixed sum, irrespective of the time during which the member has belonged. It also provides a fixed sum for the payment of funeral expenses, and certain honors are also granted in connection with the burial service, a delegation of the society appearing in uniform, etc.

The Pelerine Ruffle.

Boas and ruffles are so deep and wide at the back and on the shoulders that they become nothing less than shoulder capes, and, indeed, there is a new kind which is really a shaped sailor collar, of soft embroidery falling over the shoulders, and edged with net frills, ending in front with long wide boa ends. These are pretty, and more becoming to short-necked people than the round ruffle, while for matrons who abhor the elderly mantle, and yet desire some outdoor covering, they are the very thing. Net, tulle and chiffon boas seem to have quite displaced the once favored ostrich feather boa, though a really good ostrich boa, which is by no means synonymous with cheapness, is never out of date.

Skirts and Waists.

How to finish the skirt to be worn with a shirtwaist is a never-ending problem which, in these days when skirts must fit as well as waists, is a question that requires careful consideration. Stout, short-waisted women should have their skirts cut quite large in the band, in a point in front, and should wear their skirts over the waists, with a belt on the skirt as narrow as can possibly be worn. With the skirt worn outside the waist, sometimes a belt that is pointed in the back, with a point going above the waist-line and then slanted down in a point in front, is the most becoming; but it should never be worn if it is unbecoming. Slight women can wear broad belts made of folded peau de soie or liberty satin ribbon, white or black as the case may be; but these too must have the pointed effect in front, whether they are finished with a buckle or with a bow. The exaggerated point in front is rapidly going out of style, but there must be some point and a decided curve from the side of the waist towards the front.—Harper's Bazar.

The Cane Feminine.

Walking sticks for ladies offer nearly as many varieties as are shown for gentlemen, and it is a matter of some diculty to select your stick, says the Ladies' Pictorial. I think that a cherry stick is the best, the faint smell of the cherry wood making itself onvious every now and again when the stick is much in use. Hazels, holly stumps and ground ash poles and light canes are also in vogue. I suppose that many cavillers against the custom of ladies carrying walking-sticks will raise their voices against this new-fangled idea. As a matter of fact a gold-mounted staff or stick was commonly used by both the male and female heads of families in early English history. Even Queen Elizabeth carried one of them toward the end of her life, and the late Queen is depicted in many of her photos leaning on a stick. The handles, of course, give a scope for much variety of treatment and of substance. Beautiful enamel, crystal globes, quaintly carved heads in jade, jasper, ivory and other materials, and some even in the natural wood, all contribute to the value and beauty of a lady's walking-stick.

The Social Saleswoman.

If all stories are true, writes a London correspondent of the New York Herald, some society ladies are adopting curious means of raising the wind because, as I have said before, there are those who find the shoe pinching pretty badly. In fact, it is becoming quite a grievance in certain circles that so much bartering is going on within them, ladies being waylaid, called upon, visited, and even invited as guests, all with the same object, to buy goods made ready for sale.

Here is one society lady's terrible tale of woe:

"Wherever you go," she says, "you are pestered to death to buy barbaric bead chains, the latest goods on hand. Originally they were made for savages, but now it is fashionable women who wear the worthless rubbish. For there is nothing real or good about them at all.

"'A little business' is the term every one uses nowadays. You go out to luncheon. Opposite you is seated a woman with rows of these common beads round her neck. You know what is coming as soon as she catches your eye.

"'Why, you haven't one of these pretty chains, you poor thing,' she will gush. 'Look at mine. Isn't it sweet? You really must have one. I know some one who makes them. He will send one on to you. They are wonderfully cheap, only 16 shillings.'

"What can you do?

"Men suffer just the same. Over the top of some beautiful flowers or ferns you see a woman at the other end of the table holding up her string of colored beads. You pity the man next to her, who is trying to wriggle out of the seller's clutches. But he very rarely does.

"Only the other day at luncheon I heard a woman saying:

"'Now, do give a guess. How much do you think they are?'

"'I think I know,' some one else broke in; '22 shillings.'

"'Oh, I'm afraid they're a little more than that,' was the answer, with a glare at the woman for interfering. 'No, they are three guineas. They are such beautiful things.'

"So the man paid three guineas.

"Really, the men are giving these beads away as wedding presents because they don't know what to do with the chains they are forced to buy. A girl who was married the other day received no less than seven of these chains. Before the chains came up, lamp shades of apple blossom hue were always being forced on one's notice. 'The loveliest lamp shades in the world are to be bought at So-and-so's. You say I told you, or say you want one like mine,' your hostess or guest would suggest. Afterward you would discover that she made them herself and supplied the shop where they were sold on a small commission."

FASHION NOTES

Bodices for the most part fall off the shoulders, but the square neck is also modish.

The newest coats have the fronts a little longer than the sides without being narrow enough to be called spade-fronted.

Squares, diamonds and disks appear upon all sorts of lingerie. They are of lace or embroidery and occasionally silk is used on the most elegant undergarments.

All tones of violet from deep pansy to the palest amethyst are among the season's favorites. They are used alone or combined with tea rose pink, water green or delicate shades of blue.

Petticoats of foulard, in delicate tints, are preferred by many women to taffeta, with its rustle and swish. These foulard skirts are very full around the bottom and elaborately flounced.

Crepe de chine is made into a neat plaited skirt. It is a black crepe accordion-plaited up to the hips, where the upper part fits closely, with the edge of the plaiting outlined with black lace.

Half length linen and holland coats are taking to themselves pockets, and the woman who is fortunate enough to have a coat long enough will have at least three of them. The pockets are coming in again.

Basqued coats, cut like a habit behind, are favorites for linen frocks, while for softer materials the coats end at the waist line in front with a gathered or plaited basque behind and a broad, black satin waistband.

Red hats with green rims, green hats with red rims, red hats with green bands, and vice versa. How is that for golf colors in hats? These are all felts and no wearer of such a hat should be endangered by the wandering golf ball.

New and striking veilings are being made for use as hat draperies. A red chiffon, embroidered with green golf sticks, recently seen, would be pretty around a white duck hat, with the accompaniment of a red golf jacket with green lapels, but scarcely under any other conditions.

Children's Column

The Butterfly's Toilet.

O butterfly, how do you, pray,
Your wings so prettily array
Where do you find the paints from which
To mix your colors warm and rich?

The butterfly in answer said:
"The roses lend me pink and red,
The violets their deepest blue,
And every flower its chosen hue.

"My palette is a rose-leaf fair,
My brush is formed of maidenhair,
And dewdrops shining in the grass
Serve nicely for my looking-glass."
—Christian Register.

The Little Great Man.

During the American revolution the captain of a little band of soldiers was giving orders to those under him about a heavy beam that they were endeavoring to raise to the top of some military works which they were repairing. The weight was almost beyond their power to raise, and the voice of the superintendent was often heard: "Heave away! There it goes! Heave ho!"

An officer, not in military costume, was passing, and asked of the superintendent why he did not give a helping hand. The latter, astonished, turned around with all the pomp of an emperor, and said: "Sir, I am a corporal!"

"I ask your pardon, Mr. Corporal," the man replied, and taking off his hat, he bowed, saying, "I was not aware of the fact."

Upon this he dismounted and pulled till the perspiration stood in drops on his forehead, and when the beam was raised, turning to the little great man, he said: "Mr. Corporal, when you have another such job, and have not men enough, send for your commander-in-chief, and I shall gladly come and help you a second time."

The corporal was thunderstruck. It was Washington. This goes to illustrate that a man, though great, may always find one who is greater.

My Dog Josh.

We had had a houseful of company all last summer. One night our guests had all left us for a few days. My sister and myself were alone in our old house, with the servants quite remote from us in the L of the house. Our room was on the ground floor, and very easy of access from the piazza and road, but we felt quite protected, having with us two small dogs, an electric bell connecting with the man's room in the stable, and a good six-shooter. We were thankful to our sharp-voiced terrier before that night was over, as my tale will tell.

It was a foggy, grim night out; you who know what seashore fogs are can picture to yourselves the night! And just after I had retired, my Josh, the hero of this story, started up from his snug quarters and barked furiously and continuously. I remonstrated, but he had no idea of being pacified, and barked with such evident purpose that he completely aroused both my sister and myself. So we consulted as to what had best be done, feeling sure some mischief was brewing. We listened but could hear no sound, still Josh kept on with his voice of warning, and at last I touched my electric bell to call over the man.

In the stillness of the night the clear ring of the bell could be distinctly heard, and as it was sounding I heard some one run, and concluded it was our man; but soon after he came walking quietly over. I let him in, and sent him over the house; everything seemed as quiet as a well-regulated family should be, and so I sent him back, and we again settled for a tranquil night.

No sooner, however, had the man gone into the stable than we were startled by hearing three men jump from off the roof of the piazza over our heads! They saw that the alarm had been given, that we were aroused, and that their little game for that night was frustrated, so the fog shielding them, they laid quite still on the roof of the piazza till their danger was past, and then descended in haste. Their plans were well-laid, and would have been successful but for our vigilant little watchman, from whose collar now hangs a gold medal in token of our gratitude.—Our Dumb Animals.

Strange Playthings of Camp Children.

I wonder if the boys and girls who have traveled to the Pacific coast remember the wide, desert-like plain over which the train seems to travel so slowly. Perhaps they remember better the grand old mountains that tower far up into the clouds. One often hears the remark, "A fine piece of engineering!" and people exclaim over the wisdom and ingenuity of the brain that made it possible to cross those terrible mountains by bridges, tunnels and switchbacks. But you don't hear much about the workmen who dug it out, mile after mile, along the weary stretches.

These men are called contractors, sub-contractors, and men, and they live a life quite different from the rest of the world, particularly the sub-contractors and the men. The work takes them from one part of the country to another, wherever there is "railroading" to be done, and many of them take their families with them. They do not sleep in a house year in and year out, but camp near a town between "jobs." When moving camp or going on a new piece of work, the boys and girls mount their ponies and ride along beside the wagons, which carry the scrapers, plows, cooking utensils and bedding. Often the children of the camps do not see a town or other children for months, or sometimes years, at a time. They grow up very hardy and strong from the outdoor life, but as wild as deer.

I went into the tent of one of the contractors a few years ago, and in the farther corner I noticed two little girls chuckling over the antics of some [illegible]. I wondered what it was, but was afraid to speak to them for fear they would run, as they had on a previous occasion, so I went on talking with their mother. Presently a piercing scream and a low sob were heard in the same from the corner.

"What is it?" I cried, running over to them.

"Maggie dropped it, and it has killed one little girl." There in a heap were three baby mice, who one instant in the heartbreaking little [illegible] palm.

"Maybe it isn't," their mother said comfortingly. "Drop a little water on its head and see."

The little girl who had dropped it rushed to the pail and put the mice in it, then she dropped it [illegible] on the tiny head of the mouse. Instantly it squirmed, and [illegible] leaping it might screech out of the girl's hand, but the little girls cried exclamations of delight. The mother mouse came and carried her babies away. All [illegible] children ran from one [illegible] to the other, hunting their pets and as they found them. They [illegible] with them this time, and they ran away and left them [illegible] after carefully marking the [illegible] they could find it again. [illegible] Monroe in Chicago Record-The aid.

Baby Clarke's "Chupper."

"No," said Baby Clarke, "I don't go to bed till after chupper."

"But we had supper long ago," mamma. "Don't you remember? We ate supper on the 'choo-choo cars' before we got to grandma's house."

He shook his yellow head with [illegible] rowful emphasis. "Vat was chupper?"

"Bless his dear heart!" cried grandma. "He's forgotten. Poor little [illegible] hungry so often. Let me get him a bread and milk, Gertrude. That will hurt him; and then he'll go to bed like a lamb."

Grandma suited the action to the word, and in a trice Clarke found himself seated before a little round table in the high chair that had been brought down from the attic the day before, and grandpa and grandma had received the letter telling them that their little grandson was coming to visit them a visit. The bread and milk appeared slowly, seriously slowly.

"What a quiet child!" quoth grandpa. "Is he always so still, Gertrude?"

Clarke's mamma looked puzzled. "No, indeed," she responded. "His appetite were not so good. I should certainly be quite alarmed. I suppose he is tired from his first journey on the steam cars."

"I hope it's nothing worse," said grandma, settling her spectacles to see him better, and beginning to look worried.

Presently Clarke laid his spoon down, and wiped his rosy lips methodically. Then mamma took him in her lap and began to unbutton his little shoes. But the astonished and reproachful expression in his eyes made her pause, with the shoe foot in her hand.

"Oh, muvver, I don't want to go bed before chupper! I hasn't been naughty!"

Grandma dropped her spectacles, forgot to pick them up.

Grandpa threw back his head and laughed and laughed.

"Well, well, well!" he said at last. "The boy's hearty, and no mistake. Glad to see it! Glad to see it!"

"He certainly is the healthiest," said grandma, smilingly donning the "specs" which grandpa had picked up between laughs. "But do—don't give him on victuals. I'll get him some more bread and milk."

"He doesn't need it," said mamma, half laughing and half puzzled. "I can't imagine what ailed him act so."

Clarke watched and listened, his eyes exceedingly bright and his lip beginning to quiver. And when he was placed in the high chair and before a second bowl of bread and milk he could bear it no longer, but burst forth in broken English, punctuated with heartrending sobs.

"Oh, no, no!" he wailed. "No, no! Vat ain't chupper. Vat with me ain't chupper. Chupper." He raised his woe-begone face and extended his short arm imploringly. "chupper is a long table—an' lots of folks round it—an'—an—fun."

Down went the yellow head with a pathetic thump.

"Dear heart!" said grandma, as she misses the rest of them so." And she picked him out of the high chair and cuddled him close, smiling through moist "specks."

"The little chap has the right idea," said grandpa, heartily. "Tea-time ain't a genuine meal, and that's [illegible]. He's hit the idea precisely. Now, spozen you set out some [illegible] know we don't need a thing, and we're plumb tired,—but spozen you just set out some things on the table, and we all draw up."

"Of course I will, father," said grandma. And she really was [illegible] done it, but just then Gertrude said, "Sh-h-h!" Baby was fast asleep.

"Dear heart!" said grandma softly. "We'll have things right in the morning."

"That we will," said grandpa. "Grandparents are so [illegible]."—Christian Register.

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STRAIGHT CUT MAKERS WERE ABDUCTED.

Women Burned to Death in Kansas—A Suicide in Georgia—New Orleans Has a Big Fire—Postal Clerks Adopts Reports.

INLAND SEA DISASTERS.

Dispatches indicate that a very serious storm raged Sunday and Sunday night on Lake Huron. These dispatches report a number of disasters to lake craft and show that in all fifty-six seamen were rescued at different life saving stations on the lake. The first dispatch came from Huron and said that the schooners Pauly with a crew of twelve, Amaranth with seven, Paige with ten and Sarnia with eight, stranded near Port Huron and that all the seamen were rescued by the life saving service. The dispatch adds that the steamer Quito also stranded but released herself and that no lives were lost.

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BURNED TO DEATH.

Miss Zolah Hounsom was burned to death in her home at Topeka, Kansas, last Friday. Miss Hounsom was 35 years old, and lived alone in a one-story frame building. The origin of the fire is unknown. Murder with robbery in view is suspected by the police, as she was known to have had some money.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Late Saturday afternoon at Marietta, Ga., Ben Copeland, an employe of the Brumby Chair Co., fired four shots at H. H. Kolkhoarst, superintendent of the factory, and then blew out his own brains. The superintendent died soon after. Copeland was well known in Bessemer, Ala.

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Grandparents are so indulgent.—Christian Register.

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THE POSTAL CLERKS.

The National United Post Office Clerks' Association, at Milwaukee, Wis., Friday adopted the report of the committee on classification which asks that the minimum salary for clerks in first and second-class offices be $600 and that the maximum be $1,200, with a yearly increase until the salary reaches $1,400. It further asks that bill clerks receive as a minimum $600 with yearly advances of $100 until they receive $1,000. This applies to all classes below the chief clerk. There is considerable discord between the East and West factions over the proposition for an eight hour bill.

TRAGIC IDENTIFICATION.

Mrs. S. S. Barney, wife of Congressman S. S. Barney of the Fifth district, and Mrs. W. H. Ramsey, Sr., were killed by a Northwestern train Tuesday near Milwaukee. W. H. Ramsey, Jr., was asked to see if he could recognize the bodies. Mr. Ramsey stepped into the waiting room, where they lay. He lifted the covering from Mrs. Barney, but the remains were so terribly mangled he could not make out the features. He lifted the cover from the other body and fell back trembling with blanched face. He had looked upon the dead face of his mother.

LIKES TO SEE THEM RUN.

Robert W. Ditto, a former member of the New Philadelphia fire department, is under arrest and has confessed to having been the author of a large number of incendiary fires during the last six months. He gave no reason for his incendiary work except that he liked to see the people get excited and run to the fires. Ditto was held under $10,000 bond.

GONE WITH THE MONEY.

Frank C. Lechner, cashier of the Bank of Timmonsville, S. C., suddenly disappeared a short while ago for reasons unknown at the time. Since then an examination of the bank's accounts shows the cashier to be short some $5,000, and it is feared an increased shortage will be found as the investigation continues.

THE LAST RELIC.

Alfred Jackson, former slave and body servant of Andrew Jackson, died Thursday at his cabin on the Hermitage farm, the famous Jackson home, near Nashville, where he was born ninety-six years ago. He was the last of the old circle of the Jackson family servants and never left them.

BIG COMBINE.

The oil producers of California have formed a great corporation, with capital of $75,000,000 to $100,000,000 for the purposes of protecting and promoting their interests. It has no relations with the Standard Oil Company.

ONCE more are they agitating the building of a tunnel from Scotland to Ireland. The proposed route is 21 miles and the project will cost $50-000,000.

THE first anniversary of the great storm was appropriately observed in Galveston Sunday with public memorial services on the beach at the foot of Broadway.

IT is reported that Capt. Richmond P. Hobson is bethrothed to Miss May Van Alen, a granddaughter of Mrs. Astor.

ATTEMPTED ARSON.

What firemen say was a well arranged plan to destroy the Orpheon theater building in Chicago is found. Assistant Fire Marshal Horan and his men discovered evidences of incendiarism in a room on the fourth floor. The evidence consists of one large bottle containing gasoline, two glasses half filled with kerosene, several candles burned almost to the end, and a bundle of rags soaked in oil and a quantity of charred newspaper. On the floor a train of powder was found. The matter is being thoroughly investigated.

NOT DISCOURAGED.

Dr. Caldas will resume his experiments with his yellow fever serum. He said: My yellow fever tests are by no means over. Against the reports of failure in Cuba, I place the long record of our experiments in Mexico and Brazil." He declares the Cuban patients died of blood poisoning, not of yellow fever, and says the world will yet recognize that he is right.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS

THE SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S EEKLY LETTER.

The Congressional Party Arrives in Manila—The Attempted Assassination of the President Discussed — Other News.

All interest surrounds the Schley court and the president's condition should not change materially for the worse, the court will meet on Thursday as ordered in the precept, and inquiry will begin at once. The determination of the court is to settle down to work immediately. If objection is made to any members of the court, that objection probably will be disposed of by the court itself in short order. Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett has been pressing Attorney-General Knox, by wire and letter, to appoint one of the assistant attorney-generals to assist Captain Lemley, judge advocate of the Schley court in the conduct of the case. The attorney-general has declined to take a step which he believes would look like the government prosecuting the officer under investigation. The government, in his opinion, should have no part in the inquiry. The attorney-general was supported in his opinion by all the members of the cabinet whom he consulted, and has wired his decision to Mr. Hackett.

On Thursday the Navy Department received two letters from Admiral Schley relating to the court of inquiry. One of these was in reply to to Acting Secretary Hackett's note stating that if Admiral Schley would furnish a list of important witnesses he desired to have brought to Washington at once, his request would be acceded to as rapidly as the interests of the service would permit by bringing several of the witnesses at a time. Although the reply of Admiral Schley was not made public, it is understood it is in the nature of a respectful remonstrance against the course suggested with a specific request that all the witnesses easily available shall be summoned for the purpose of conference.

The United States transport McClellan, having on board the Congressional party, has arrived at Manilla. The delegation is to examine into the general administration of affairs in the Phillippines, and report to Congress any recommendation for the improvement of existing conditions on the islands. The party consists of Senators Bacon, of Georgia, and Dietrich, of Nebraska; and Representatives Mercer, of Nebraska; Smith, of Illinois; Burleson, of Texas; DeArmond, of Missouri; Driscoll, of New York; Gaines, of Tennessee, and Green, of Pennsylvania.

In discussing the attempted assassination of President McKinley, Congressman George A. Pearce of Maryland, said: "I will offer a bill in the next Congress, to amend the Constitution making an unsuccessful attempt on the life of a president of the nation treason, and the penalty death. A man who strikes at the nation's head is a public enemy and should be treated as such."

While the reports grow constantly more definite concerning Admiral Sampson's wrecked mentality, and while it is predicted that Admiral Sampson will not be on the stand, it is asserted with equal positiveness by both the navy department and the counsel for Admiral Schley that Admiral Sampson will unquestionably appear before the court of inquiry.

"Admiral Sampson will appear before the court if he has to be brought in on a stretcher and taken from the court to his grave," is the emphatic was in which Acting Secretary Hackett replied to a question.

Admiral Schley's counsel make no attempt at epigramatic statements. They merely say significantly: "We will see that Admiral Sampson is put on the stand by the government, or we will know the reason why,"

JOHN DISKEN, a miner of Brookside, was severely injured by falling coal in a mine last Friday. He may lose a foot.

Dr. Silva, the Colombian minister, has sent to the State Department a formal and written acceptance in behalf of Colombia of the American proposition to mediate. The letter is dated August 27, three days after Secretary Hay's offer of mediation.

France has coined 2200 tons of gold during the past 40 years. As a user of the precious metal the republic is said to outrank all other nations. The English mint only coined 1400 tons during the same period.

Not a Pauper Though Barefooted.

For some weeks a gentleman elegantly dressed, except as regards his feet, has been walking for several hours daily in one of the public gardens of Moscow. On his feet he wore neither shoes nor stockings, and for this reason he naturally attracted much attention from the crowds that frequent the garden. That he was a man of wealth many persons conjectured from his extremely fashionable attire, but why he did not cover his feet they could not understand.

The mystery has now been solved. As the odd looking pedestrian was walking in the garden the other day, an elderly woman, confident that he was a beggar, approached him, and, taking out her purse, handed him twenty-five cents, saying: "Take this and go and buy yourself a pair of second hand shoes. I am only a poor woman; otherwise I would give you more."

With these words she went away, but the gentleman followed her hastily, and, holding out the twenty-five cents, he said: "Please take this back for I really do not need it. I can buy all the shoes I want, but am a disciple of Kneipp, and I think it healthier to go barefooted."

The woman, however had never heard of Abbe Kneipp, and, still convinced that the man was a beggar, she refused to take the money, and hurried off so fast that the gentleman could not overtake her.—*New York Herald.*

PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

The State which produced the largest corn crop last year was Illinois, with 247,000,000 bushels.

Climbed Old Owl's Head.

Two Worcester lads, Clarence and Carl Burch, sixteen and eighteen years old, respectively, have distinguished thmselves by making the ascent of Owl's Head, an elevation of 3,206 feet, situated in the adjoining town of Benton, N. H. By this feat, hitherto pronounced impossible, the young men have achieved notoriety, and are believed to be the first that ever reached the top of the mountain.

The face of Owl's Head is formed by exposed ledges, varying from 300 to 2,000 feet in height, and in places is nearly perpendicular. Nowhere is it at a less angle than 45 degrees. The ascent began at 11 a. m., and from that time until 4 p. m. their time was occupied in the task. Several times they were obliged to swing in midair, holding to wisps of bushes high up and out over space hundreds of feet above a yawning chasm of rocks, ledges and old windfalls. The starting of a single stone or mound of earth would have resulted in death.—*New York Sun.*

Poor Pay For Pat.

An Irishman had just filled an ash bucket with clinkers in the stokehold of a steamer and a man on deck was heaving it up, when the chain snapped and down went the bucket.

By way of warning, the man on top shouted out: "Under below." But poor Patrick was unable to dodge the bucket, which struck him on the head.

"Under below' be blistered!" he roared. "Sure, an' ain't it under below Oi've bin for the last tin minutes? An' this is phwat Oi git for me trouble!" —*London Answers.*

Icebergs Make Their Presence Known.

The captain of an ocean steamer is often warned of the proximity of icebergs by the men in the engine room. When a ship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster, and as such water surrounds the vicinity of icebergs for many miles the engineers know when the propeller's action is greatly accelerated without any increase of the steam power icebergs may be expected. Of course the thermometer is the most useful indicator of icebergs.

Dress in Java.

A kabaya is a sort of dressing jacket of profusely embroidered white batiste, fastened down the front with ornamental pins and little gold chains; and under it is worn the sarong, a gaudily colored skirt falling down straight and narrow, with one deep fold in front, and kept in place by a single scarf wound several times around the waist, its ends dangling loose. With this costume, little high-heeled slippers are worn on the bare feet, and the hair is done in native style.—*Facts and Fancies About Java.*

And old bachelor says the friendship of two women is always a plot against a third.

A vessel going from Montreal to Port Arthur has to ascend 600 feet.

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

A man can go down hill faster than he can go up.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Physical culture is only another name for hard work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Europe and Australia together are almost exactly equal in area to South America. North America and Australia combined would almost cover Africa.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars sent free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Potatoes form the world's greatest single crop, 4000 million bushels being produced annually, equal in bulk to the entire wheat and corn crop.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

An ordinary piano contains a mile of piano wire.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Cremation of the dead has been the custom in Japan for 1200 years.

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT

Tooth Powder

in a handy Patent Box (new)
SOZODONT LIQUID - - 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

25c

PRICE, 25 c.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5.000 Deposit, Guarantee

Positions

500 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS. BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to Ga. Ala. Business College, Macon, Ga.

Bryant & Stratton

Business, shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Mother

"My mother was troubled with consumption for many years. At last she was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was speedily cured."
D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

No matter how hard your cough or how long you have had it, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing you can take. It's too risky to wait until you have consumption. If you are coughing today, get a bottle of Cherry Pectoral at once.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

Now is the Time

You Need a Good Liver Medicine.

LIVERINA

Acts directly on the Liver. Relieving Biliousness, Jaundice, Sick Headache and that Languid Feeling Peculiar to this Season of the Year.

Try it. 50c a Bottle at All Retailers.

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We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B.
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CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
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Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 10 cents for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "G," Philadelphia, Pa.

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MADE BY AGENTS. Elegant Premiums Free. Address SCOTT REMEDY CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.
When you write mention this paper.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CORN CURE. 25 CTS

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Am. N. U., No. 37, 1901.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Knob Lick, Mo., Aug. 11th, 1900.
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co.,
St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—For three years I have used McLean's Strengthening Cordial in my family, and I am confident it saved my daughter's life. I can cheerfully recommend it to everyone.
Yours truly,
J. H. Storey.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Ladies!

Our Millinery Department is in charge of Mrs Annie Miller, of St. Louis, who comes to us with the latest styles in Hats.

The ladies of Clanton and vicinity are cordially invited to attend our opening on Tuesday, September 24, and inspect our line of Millinery, before buying.

Very respectfully,

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON

W. I. MULLINS

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Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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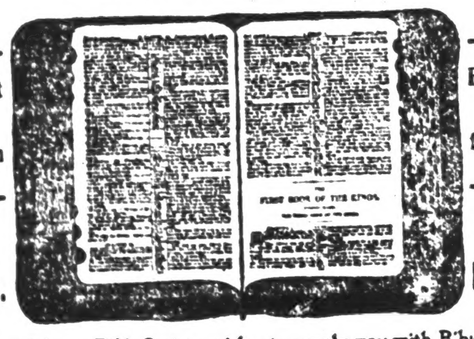

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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	55c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ x3 Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

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MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELLERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.

W. M. STACY, Proprietor.

ALL WOMEN

Wine of Cardui is the guardian of a woman's health and happiness from youth to old age. It helps her safely into womanhood. It sustains her during the trials of pregnancy, childbirth and motherhood, making labor easy and preventing flooding and miscarriage. It gently leads her through the dangerous period known as the change of life.

WINE OF CARDUI

cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and menstrual irregularity in every form. It is valuable in every trying period of a woman's life. It reinforces the nervous system, acts directly on the genital organs and is the finest tonic for women known. Ask your druggist for a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

Batesville, Ala., July 11, 1900.
I am using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and I feel like a different woman already. Several ladies here keep the medicines in their homes all the time. I have three girls and they are using it with me.
MRS. KATE BROWDER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

The BANNER office is the only Job Printing establishment in Chilton and Coosa counties. We give you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us trial

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BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer-meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISOR, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

The Case.

"Gentlemen of the jury," cried the council for the defendant, "if there ever was a case which in any case must be carefully compared with other cases this case is that case."

"Which case?" asked the puzzled judge.

Domestic Economy.

Madam—Poor Fido, he was such a nice dog! I am so sorry he died.

Bridget—So am I, mom. Mang's the plate he saved me washing.—Baltimore World.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October, 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY,
T. P. A. Sun Set Route,"
Montgomery, Ala.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellet, of Willford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Six Million A Year.

Did you ever stop to consider what a million means? Multiply this six times and it shows you how popular Cascarets are and what great merit they possess. For, last year over six million boxes of this wonderful medicine for liver and bowels was sold in this country alone. The American people know a good thing. The sale of Cascarets prove it. The medicine is the best for the bowels, the price right, 10c, 25c and 50c a box, and a 50c box is a whole month's treatment for the worst kind of a case. It is a pleasure for us to advertise a medicine like this as well as to endorse the makers and ask our readers to buy it

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

THE SUFFRAGE CLAUSE

(continued from 2d col. page 4)

in good faith, in her own right, of forty acres of land situate in this State assessed for taxation at the value of three hundred dollars or more, or the owner in good faith, in his own right, or the husband of a woman who is the owner in good faith, in her own right, of personal property assessed for taxation at three hundred dollars or more; provided, that the taxes due upon such real or personal property for the year next preceding the year in which he offers to register shall have been paid, unless the assessment shall have been legally contested and is undetermined.

182. The following persons shall be disqualified both from registering and from voting, namely:

All idiots and insane persons; those who shall by reason of conviction of crime be disqualified from voting at the time of the ratification of this Constitution; those who shall be convicted of treason, murder, arson, embezzlement, malfeasance in office, larceny, receiving stolen property, obtaining property or money under false pretenses, perjury, subornation of perjury, robbery, assault with intent to rob, burglary, forgery, bribery, assault and battery on the wife, bigamy, living in adultry, sodomy, incest, rape, miscegenation crime against nature, or any crime punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary, or of any infamous crime or crime involving moral turpitude; also any person who shall be convicted of vagrancy or a tramp, or of selling or offering to sell his vote or the vote of another, or of buying or offering to buy the vote of another, or of making or offering to make a false return in any election by the people or in a primary election to procure the nomination or election of any person to any office, or of suborning any witness or registrar to secure the registration of any person as an elector.

183. No person shall be qualified to vote or participate in any primary election, party convention, mass meeting or other method of party action of any political party or faction, who shall not possess the qualifications prescribed in this article for an elector, or who shall be disqualified from voting under the provisions of this article

184. No person not registered and qualified as an elector under the provisions of this article shall vote at the general election in 1902, or at any subsequent State, county, or municipal election, general, local or special; but the provisions of this article shall not apply to any election held prior to the general election in the year 1902.

185. Any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for any legal cause before an election officer, shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received, and any one who wilfully swears or affirms falsely thereto shall be guilty of perjury, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five years.

186. The Legislature shall provide by law for the registration, after the first day of January, 1903, of all qualified electors. Until the first day of January, 1903, all electors shall be registered under and in accordance with the requirments of this section, as follows:

First—Registration shall be conducted in each county by a board of three reputable and suitable persons resident in the county, who shall not hold any elective office during their term, to be appointed within sixty days after the ratification of this constitution by the Governor, Auditor and Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, or by a majority of them, acting as a board of appointment. If one of the persons appointed on such board of registration shall refuse, neglect or be unable to qualify or serve, or if a vacancy or vacancies occur in the membership of the board of registrars from any cause, the Governor, Auditor and Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, or a majority of them, acting as a board of appointment, shall make other appointments to fill such board. Each registrar shall receive two dollars per day to be paid by the State and disbursed by the several judges of probate, for such entire attendance upon the sessions of the board. Before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office each registrar shall take such oath as may be required of judges of elections of the State, which oath may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths. The oath shall be in writing and subscribed by the registrar and filed in the office of the clerk of the court of probate of the county.

Quaint Baseball Poets.

To the editor of the Times: Hamlin was at the ball game in Jersey City last Saturday and returned home at a late hour in the morning. His tall form, which in his age was but slightly bent, was clothed in the old fashioned swallow tail suit, and he also wore a tall silk hat, generally a size number," tilted slightly back on his head. For years he was famous as a man who never wore an overcoat, and in his death he never hankered to part with that. In him, immortality consisted except on the most extremely cold days. For a half century he never changed the style of his clothes. He walked with a swinging gait and had so many friends and acquaintances to whom he had to bow that a smile seemed to be ever on his face.

Both Trained.

Little Edith had been very ill, but was convalescent. Waking up suddenly and finding a strange lady at her bedside, she asked, "Are you the doctor?"

"No, dear," replied the lady, "I'm your trained nurse."

"Oh," exclaimed Edith, pointing to a cage hanging near the window, "mamma's trained nurse, let me introduce you to my trained canary."

Awful Affliction.

Junior Partner—I received a letter from our bookkeeper this morning saying that he wouldn't be able to come to work for several days.

Senior Partner—What's the matter with the man?

Junior Partner—His wife has been cutting his hair.—Town Topics.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. Wheeler's Electric Comb. The only patent Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonder already is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold with written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Sent stamps for one. Ladies' size 25c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. Want column of this paper. Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST
NORTH AND NORTHWEST
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala.

C. P. Ammons, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

PURINA FEED

KEEPS MULES UP
FEED BILLS DOWN

CAPACITY: 25 CARS PER DAY.

PURINA MILLS
ST. LOUIS, MO.

VOL. IX

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of The Sights He Saw and Some of Those Not.

I am sorry the University School has been removed from Clanton to Montevallo. It had become an institution here, and Prof. McMorris has done good work and made a fine reputation. We can't afford to lose a good school and a good teacher, and a wish from a resident in his new location hoping soon he will return here.

We have at all events a good school in the Clanton High School and I am glad to learn Prof. Cooper has now 77 students enrolled.

John Oates killed a big rattlesnake the other day. It was 4 feet long and 7½ inches in circumference, and had 9 rattles and a button. It was a whopper and no mistake.

Thorsby Cannery Meeting.

At two o'clock last Saturday afternoon the people began to assemble in the city hall, and although the accomodations of the hall are inadequate for ordinary occasions, it soon became evident that not more than half the people could be made comfortable, and Prof Rasco kindly came to our rescue by offering the use of the new school hall.

Glad of the opportunity of viewing the new school house, the crowd was soon seated in the large hall of the new school, and I am sure the magnificent surroundings inspired pride and greater zeal for the undertaking on hand.

Dr. Bosworth was very eloquently and satisfactorily introduced by Mayor Fargee, and proceeded to explain all details of the canning industry from field to consumer. From figures furnished by members it could be demonstrated that we could make from $60 to $100 per acre growing stuff for the canning factory. He promises us the largest factory in the United States, with ample capital to back it. He is connected with two other large factories in the U. S. and is well up with the business.

After explaining and explaining the canning and following out the development of each in the business part of further discussion was entered into and put to a vote, showing almost a unanimous rising vote in the affirmative for the purpose of further discussion of the canning industry.

DIED

At his home at Clanton Mr. J. Maddox died on Friday, September 13, after a short illness. A good man and a good citizen has gone to rest. May the good Lord be with the bereaved family in their affliction.

Mrs. Owen died at her home at Jemison on Friday, September 13. Our deepest sympathies are with the bereaved family.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

S M Adams

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 19, 1901 NO. 48

Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, or a majority of them, acting as a board of appointment, shall make other appointments to fill such board. Each registrar shall receive two dollars per day to be paid by the State and disbursed by the several judges of probate, for each entire day's attendance upon the sessions of the board. Before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office each registrar shall take the same oath required of judicial officers of the State, which oath may be administered by any person authorized by law to administer oaths. The oath shall be in writing and subscribed by the registrar, and filed in the office of the judge of probate of the county.

Quaint Hannibal Hamlin.

To the day of his death Hannibal Hamlin was a figure that men would turn and look at a second time on the street. His full form, which in old age was but slightly bent, was always clothed in the old fashioned black swallow-tail suit, and he always wore a tall silk hat, generally a "black rubber," tilted slightly back on his head. For years he was famous as a man who never wore an overcoat, and to his death he never burdened himself with that, to him, unnecessary garment except on the most severely cold days. For a half century he never changed the style of his clothes. He walked with a swinging gait and had so many friends and acquaintances to whom he had to bow that a smile seemed to be ever on his face.

Both Trained.

Little Edith had been very ill, but was convalescent. Waking up suddenly and finding a strange lady at her bedside, she asked, "Are you the doctor?"

"No, dear," replied the lady; "I'm your trained nurse."

"Oh," exclaimed Edith, pointing to a cage hanging near the window, "trained nurse, let me introduce you to my trained canary."

Awful Affliction.

Junior Partner—I received a note from our bookkeeper this morning saying that he wouldn't be able to come to work for several days.

Senior Partner—What's the matter with the man?

Junior Partner—His wife has been cutting his hair.—Town Topics.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. (Agents are wild with success. See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST. NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Chicago daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Ammons, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

FEED PURINA MILLS ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

I am sorry the University School has removed from Clanton to Plantersville. It had become an institution here, and Prof. McMorries has done good work and made a fine reputation. We can ill afford to lose a good school and a good teacher, and I wish him all success in his new location, hoping some day he will return here.

We have at all events a good school in the Clanton High School, and I am glad to learn Prof. Collier has now 77 students enrolled.

John Oates killed a big rattlesnake the other day; it was 4 feet long and 7½ inches in circumference, and had thirty rattles and a button. It was a whopper and no mistake.

Thorsby Cannery Meeting.

At two o'clock last Saturday afternoon the people began to assemble in the city hall, and although the accomodations of the hall are adequate for ordinary occasions, it soon became evident that not more than half the people could be made comfortable, and Prof Rasco kindly came to our rescue by offering the use of the new school hall.

Glad of the opportunity of viewing the new school house, the crowd was soon seated in the large hall of the new school, and I am sure the magnificent surroundings manifested in this grand building inspired new and greater zeal for the undertaking on hand.

Dr. Bosworth was very eloquently and satisfactorily introduced by Mayor Fagan, and proceeded to explain all details of the canning industry from field to consumer. From figures furnished by members of the audience Dr. Bosworth easily demonstrated that we could make from $50 to $100 per acre growing stuff for the canning factory. He promises us the largest factory in the United States, with ample capital to back it. He is connected with two other large factories in the U. S. and is well up with the business.

After touching and explaining the business side, with and following the establishment of such an enterprise, the business part of the meeting entered into and put Thorsby in the lead. Furnish land for building, 60 x 100 feet, and the Canning Company will put up $12,000 and the city council [illegible] the amount necessary for the building, and appointed a committee—Messrs. Fagan, chairman, Scott, secretary, Scott, J. W. Francis, George [illegible] Pounds, [illegible] elected by the people present at once [illegible] for the erection and—well, we have the canning factory, the farmers near [illegible] for this enterprise, the benefits to be [illegible] here and the necessary amount [illegible] entered into the success, and will [illegible] the community [illegible] and adjacent to [illegible] purpose of furthering [illegible] COMMITTEE.

DIED

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STOPS THE COUGH and works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

NOTICE.

The churches of the Unity Association will meet at the time and place appointed at their last Association held with Jemison church, at which time the new movement can be fully discussed, and all churches who desire to do so can withdraw or go into the formation of the county association.

Respectfully,
F. M. WOODS,
Chairman Ex. Com.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 12, 1901.

To the churches of the Mulberry and Unity Associations:

Your committee appointed at a convention of messengers who met at Macedonia church, have heard from a number of the churches favoring the new Chilton County Association, but some of the churches suggest that the churches send delegates respectively to the Mulberry and Unity Associations at the time and place already named and then and there present the question, and each church desiring to unite with the proposed Chilton County Association can withdraw, and the time and place will be named by the committee to organize the Chilton County Association.

S. M. ADAMS
F. M. WOODS } Com.
E. B. DEASON

Don't throw away that sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic because it cost you nothing. It's too good to be wasted. Nothing like it for cuts, burns, nail punctures, inflamed eyes, sore throat, etc. Internally it cures colic, diarrhoea and flux.

Jemison, Sept. 16, 1901.

Editor Banner—As it has been a long time since I have seen anything from Mars Hill, I wish you would give me a little space in your paper. Cotton picking is all the go; sorry crop, and we fear the death of our beloved president will cause us to get a low price. However, we hope for the best.

Well, we are soon to have the election for or against the new constitution, and as we understand the two, we all here prefer the old. However, we would like to have both sides explained to us; and by the way, Congressman Bowie made a speech at Pleasant Grove in favor of calling a convention and said no white man was to be distranchised. Now, we would all be glad for him to come back to Pleasant Grove and explain the provisions of the new constitution. We would be glad for him and Mr. Reynolds to meet and have another discussion; we will give them a larger crowd now than we did before the election, as we are all anxious to hear him explain the provisions of the new constitution, as we take it for granted that Mr. Bowie is for the constitution and Mr. Reynolds is against it. Yes, we hope he will agree to come; he is our congressman, and a strong lawyer, and from what we have seen in some of the papers he is a strong supporter of the measure. Now, in conclusion, I hope Mr. Bowie will agree to come down some Saturday night and we will get him out to Pleasant Grove and such a crowd you never saw as will be there.

Very respectfully,
F. M. LANGSTON.

Jemison, Ala., Sept. 16, 1901

Editor Banner—I ask permission to say a few words about the new constitution, but I will not undertak now to state all my objections; but I think it is vicious in many respects, and in some respects is better than the old; but the suffrage in the new is a great deal

(continued on 5th column page 8)

East Chilton.

I come again for the last time from East Chilton.

We had the much needed rain last week.

Baxter Kendrick has returned from Wetumpka, and will enter Prof. Collier's school in the near future.

J. N. Goss went to Clanton Saturday, and will enter school Monday.

Messrs. W. T. Mims and Charlie Montes visited friends and relatives near Clanton Friday.

J. E. Goss visited Concord Saturday.

Mrs. Davis of Montgomery, is visiting Mrs. Kendrick this week.

Rev. M. J. Parrish filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

We are reading the new constitution with much interest.

No more news from East Chilton.

SUPOS.

Southeast Chilton.

We had a good rain last Friday and it was appreciated very much.

Farmers are getting along very nicely picking cotton.

B. P. Kendrick has returned home from Wetumpka, and will enter school in Clanton Monday, 16th inst; we all wish him much success.

D. E. Kendrick has a good name for riding wild mules, he has had good success in breaking E. A. Norris' mule. So when you want a mule broke to ride just call D. E. Kendrick.

We are sorry to say that the stock law will come in force October 1, and I will say it is one of the worst things that ever happened in Chilton county.

Rev. M. J. Parrish filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. E. L. Manning is on the sick list this week. A FRIEND.

TEACHERS INSTITUTE

The Teachers' Institute of Chilton county met at Macedonia, Sept. 14, 1901. Called to order by Supt. at 10:45 a.m.

Welcome Address, delivered by Prof. J. T. Martin.

Why Educate? How? Was discussed on a paper by Mrs. A. G. Dunlap and in short speeches by Profs. Strock, Moore and Carmichael. Adjourn for noon recess upon the motion of Prof. Strock.

The afternoon meeting was called to order by Supt. at 1:45 p.m. Prof. Strock opened the discussion upon "How Schools should be Graded." He was followed by Messrs. Carmichael, Mims and Moore.

"Would it be better to divide the County into School Districts?" was discussed by Messrs. Martin, Waldrup, Mims, and Carmichael.

"My first Experience as a Teacher" was presented by Messrs. Moore, Waldrup, Mrs. Dunlap, Messrs. Martin and Carmichael. Adjourned till Sept. 15, 9 a.m., by order of Superintendent.

The Institute Saturday morning, was called to order by Supt. at 9:20. Opened with song and with prayer by Supt.

Prof. Moore opened the discussion upon "Chilton County Schools." He was followed by Prof. Carmichael. "The Importance of Physiology" was discussed by Messrs. Waldrup, Sessions, and Mrs. A. G. Dunlap. Recess for 15 minutes.

After song by the Macedonia choir, Prof. Collier failing to arrive, the Supt. extended to any and all teachers, who might want to make a short speech on education. Prof. Robt. E. Sessions opened the discussion, followed by Supt. Moore.

Profs. Waldrup and Robert Sessions were appointed by Supt. to draw up resolutions.

Resolved, That we, the teachers of Chilton county Institute do hereby tender our thanks to the people of Macedonia community for their courtesy shown us while in their midst.

R. B. WALDRUP
ROBT. E. SESSIONS.

Thorsby was elected as the place for holding the next Institute. Time: Sometime in November, 1901. After song and prayer by Robt. E. Sessions, the Institute stood adjourned until Nov. 1901.

R. D. CARMICHAEL, Sec.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Waddy.

A revival meeting of this community closed here last Thursday night, Aug. 12, conducted by Rev. Charles H. Lowery. We had some young bold soldiers with us from several churches; one from Mt. Zion, some from Union Grove and New Hope and elsewhere. Some of those bold soldiers are girls—some of Alabama's brightest young ladies. This meeting will encourage this community greatly to have a church built here. The converts are unknown but there are many. We had prayer services twice a day. It was the case many times that the people would shout and pray so long until the preacher could not preach. We don't believe in the preacher having all the work to do. We are having prayermeetings two and three times a week. We do earnestly thank God for such blessings.

SOLDIER OF THE CROSS.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

The University School, formerly of Clanton, has been transferred to Plantersville, Ala., where the Ninth Annual Session will begin Sept. 25, 1901. The people of Clanton and Chilton county deserve and receive my endearing gratitude for their substantial support of the school during the last eight years at Clanton.

E. Y. MCMORRIES.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—OF—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3 50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1 00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1 00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Beaton.
$1 00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage, executed by the trustees of Clanton Congregational church of the town of Clanton, to the Congregational Church Building Society, on the 4th day of February, 1898, which said deed of mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Volume 28 of Mortgages, page 474 and which said mortgage has been duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned, I will proceed to sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door, in Clanton, in said County, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER the 30, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate in said mortgage deed mentioned and described, to-wit:

Lots number 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 12, situated east of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the town of Clanton, county of Chilton and State of Alabama.

ALEX G. DARR, Transferee.
By ROB'T H. KNOX, his Attorney.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

WANTED.

LAND FOR SALE. Any man wishing to buy good farms will do well to apply to C. J. STEWART, Clanton, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. Preserves the flesh, preventing inflammation and heals like magic. Ask your druggist for it.

PAINT now while fair weather lasts. Yours for good work. J. M. MOORE, the Painter, Clanton.

"It's no joke," when we say that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is superior to anything offered the "dear people" as a dressing for wounds, bites and stings of insects, "poison oak," It's cleanliness, pleasant odor and quick cures make it a universal favorite wherever known. Price 50c. Remember that it is guaranteed by your druggist.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School.
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address FRANCIS M. PETERSON, President.

Positively GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT. R. R. FARE PAID 200 FREE. Scholarships offered. Write quick to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

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Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE, President.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as so many are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue. E. Y. MCMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.

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AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

Full particulars furnished by the county Agent,
ALEX GLASSCOCK, Jemison, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

The spirit of democracy may be making great progress among the English people, as many assert, but the craving for orders and titles of nobility that pervades all ranks does not afford much evidence of the fact.

A San Francisco doctor has been honored by the French Academy of Medicine for the discovery of a new disease. This is wrong. Doctors who discover new diseases should not be encouraged. There are enough diseases now.

The Memphis Commercial-Appeal says that to solve the servant girl problem domestic service must be made more attractive. It must be elevated. The foolish prejudice that debases it should be destroyed. The gulf between mistress and maid must be closed or bridged.

The Boston Herald remarks that there never was a time when the nation was so actively engaged in carrying out the earnest counsel of Washington in the Farewell address: "Promote, then, as an object of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge."

The United States is the greatest food-producing country of the world. Although this country represents but one-fifth of the total civilized population of the world, it produces more than one-fourth of all foodstuffs. The United States produces 74,000,000 tons of grain of a total of 229,000,000, and 4,500,000 tons of meat of a total of 15,260,000 tons. The Americans also produce a large percentage of the dairy and fishery production of the world.

The bubonic plague is the most stubborn of epidemics. It seems to be almost impossible to exterminate this Black Death even with the utmost efforts of the ablest doctors. The dread of cholera and yellow fever has been much lessened in recent years, and the medical profession has fought valiantly and victoriously against many an infection and many a contagion. But this plague can not be annihilated as yet. Fortunately in these days it is not a grave menace to the great capitals of the world. But it is still a dread spectre in filthy quarters of cities, both of the Orient and the Occident, in which the conditions of clean and wholesome living are neglected.

It is an encouraging sign for the health of the modern American that the popularity of outdoor life in the United States seems to be increasing. The number and variety of sports and pastimes which allure to open air exertion has grown greatly. Not very many years have elapsed since the time when tennis and foot ball were unusual and golf and the bicycle were almost unknown. Yet the influence of these and other sports has been so strong in recent years that open-air life has come to be enjoyed for its own sake and apart from the amusements associated with it. It is a mistake to suppose that the pleasures of outdoor life are especial privileges of youth or of any given type of summer amusement seeker. The immense advantages they confer should be shared by all alike. In the present state of our society development they are among the richest of the blessings within the reach of the people.

Forty years ago 87 percent of the total amount of broad silk in the United States was imported; today the condition is reversed and, according to the latest official figures, 13 percent only is imported. Today the United States is the greatest silk producing country in the world, and it was less than two centuries ago that the industry was first dreamed of here. The quality is being steadily improved so that it promises to compare before many years with that of French manufacture. Italy stil produces the most beautiful fabrics, and because of the perfection attained must always be drawn on for the heavy satin damasks and other rich cloths. When the attempt was first made in this country to manufacture silk, only sewing-silks, handkerchiefs and the like were made. It is estimated now that one-third of the domestic output is ribbons, next in order come broad or web goods—as the material for dresses is called—silk thread, hand and machine twist, knitting, crochet, embroidery, art silks, and so on. The domestic manufacturers stand first in that branch of the business which includes the threads, and the exportations increase yearly, while there are no importations.

ROOSEVELT OUTLINES HIS POLICY.

Opposes Commercial War, for Reciprocity, Tariff Reduction, the Canal and International Arbitration.

President Roosevelt has outlined the policy he will follow. It will be remembered that when he took the oath of office he stated definitely: "It shall be my aim to continue absolutely unbroken the policies of President McKinley for the peace (and he emphasized that word) and prosperity of the country." The President collected some personal friends in Buffalo and cabinet members who were there and gave to them such ideas as he had formulated for the conduct of public affairs and his own policy. In no sense are they divergent from McKinley's policy. This, as outlined to his friends, will be: liberal and extensive reciprocity in purchase and sale of commodities, so that the overproduction of this country can be safely disposed of fairly and equitably with foreign countries; the abolition of international commercial war and the adoption of reciprocity treaties; the abolition of tariff on foreign goods no longer needed for revenue, if it can be had without harm to our industries and labor; establishment of direct commercial lines between the eastern coast of the United States and the ports in South America and the Pacific coast ports of Mexico, Central and South America; the encouraging of the merchant marine and the building of ships to fly the American flag and be owned and controlled by Americans and American capital; the building and completion as soon as possible of the Isthmian canal; the laying of a government cable to our foreign possessions, notably Hawaii and the Philippines; arbitration of disputes with foreign nations to avoid armed strife; the protection of the savings of the people in banks and in other forms of investments by preserving the commercial prosperity of the country and placing in positions of trust men of the highest integrity.

PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ISSUES A PROCLAMATION.

President Roosevelt's first act was the issuing of the following:

"By the President of the United States of America—Proclamation:

"A terrible bereavement has befallen our people. The President of the United States has been struck down; a crime committed not only against the chief magistrate, but against every law-abiding and liberty-loving citizen.

"President McKinley crowned a life of largest love for his fellow-men of most earnest endeavor for their welfare by a death of Christian fortitude; and both the way in which he lived his life, and the way in which, in the supreme hour of trial, he met his death, will remain forever a precious heritage of our people.

"It is meet that we as a nation, express our abiding love and reverence for his life, our deep sorrow for his untimely death.

"Now, then, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, do appoint Thursday next, September 19, the day in which the body of the dead President will be laid in its last earthly resting place, as a day of mourning and prayer throughout the United States. I earnestly recommend all the people to assemble on that day in their respective places of divine worship, there to bow down in submission to the will of Almighty God and to pray out of full hearts their homage of love and reverence to the great and good President whose death has smitten the nation with bitter grief.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, the fourteenth day of September, A. D., 1901, and of the independence of the United States the 126th.

(Seal) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"By the president:

"John Hay, Secretary of State."

A BRIEF SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

The man upon whom falls the mantle of state has been prominently before the American people during the last three years, and is the youngest man ever to fill the high position of chief executive. He is a descendant of sons of the South and traces his paternal ancestry back to Klaas Martensen Roosevelt, who emigrated to this country from Holland in 1649. On his mother's side he is a great-great grandchild of Georgia's first governor, Archibald Bullock, and also of Gen. Daniel Stewart, a Georgia revolutionary hero. Theodore Roosevelt was born in the city of New York October 27, 1858. He first became prominent in New York politics as an advocate of civil service reform. From 1882 to 1884 he was an assemblyman in the New York legislature and introduced the first civil service bill, passed in 1883, almost simultaneously with the passage of the celebrated measure in Congress. He advanced rapidly in political life and in 1884 was chairman of the New York delegation to the national republican convention. In 1889 President Harrison appointed him civil service commissioner and he served as chairman of the board until 1895.

In 1895 he resigned his position on the board of civil service commissioners to accept the presidency of the New York board of police commissioners. This he resigned in 1897 to become assistant secretary of the navy under McKinley. Shortly after assuming the duties of this office he asked for an appropriation of $800,000 for ammunition for target practice in the navy and this request being granted he asked for another of $500,000 which was also granted. Although doubts were entertained at first as to the wisdom of this measure, the assistant secretary's foresight was happily vindicated in the following year by the successful issue of the Spanish-American war, which turned largely upon the unerring skill of the American sailors in the handling of guns. It was he who suggested the appointment of Admiral, then Commodore Dewey, as commander of the Asiatic fleet, thus paving the way for the splendid victory at Manila.

HIS WAR RECORD.

In 1898, Roosevelt resigned his position as assistant secretary of the navy and undertook the organization of a regiment of western cowboys and hunters, subsequently known as the Rough Riders. In the engagements preceding the fall of Santiago, the Rough Riders took an important part and at the battle of San Juan, Roosevelt himself leading the charge, winning the admiration of his followers and plucking victory from the jaws of defeat. On July 11, 1898, he was commissioned colonel. He was elected governor of New York in 1898 and against his protest the nomination for vice-president under McKinley.

President Roosevelt is well known in literature being the author of several books. He is connected with various political, historical and literary organizations. He has been twice married, first to Miss Alice Lee, of Boston, who lived only two years after his marriage, leaving a daughter; and second to Miss Edith Carow, of New York, by whom he has six children, four of whom are sons. Colonel Roosevelt is singularly happy in his domestic life, and despite the demands of public office he never neglects those at home, but is tenderly thoughtful of them at all times.

TAKES THE OATH.

President Roosevelt took the oath at 3:30 p. m., Saturday, and said: "In this hour of deep national bereavement I wish to state that it shall be my aim to continue absolutely and without variance the policy of President McKinley for the peace and prosperity and honor of our beloved country."

The great, far-reaching significance of this pledge to continue the policy of the dead President announced at the very threshold of a new governmental regime profoundly impressed his hearers, and President Roosevelt's first step after taking the oath was in time with this redemption. His first act was to ask the members of the cabinet to retain their portfolios in order to enable him to conduct the government for a little time along the lines laid down by him whose policy he had declared he would uphold. Such an appeal was not to be resisted, and every member of the cabinet, including Secretary of State Hay and Secretary of the Treasury Gage, who were communicated with in Washington, have agreed for the present at least to retain their several portfolios.

BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

The case of Leon Czolgosz, the assassin of the president, was presented to the grand jury Monday morning. Alexander H. Robertson, of the Pan-American police force, told the story of the circumstances of the tragedy. A true bill was found of murder in the first degree. The trial will begin on Monday next before Supreme Court Justice White.

ACCUSED IN SILENCE.

Czolgosz maintained absolute silence before Judge Emory Monday. He stubbornly refused to answer questions put to him. Judge Emory assigned Hon. Loran L. Lewis and Hon. Robert C. Titus, former Supreme Court justices, whose names had been suggested by the Erie County Bar association. Apparently the murderer feigned insanity and his glance roamed around but his big eyes were always downcast. Not once did he look the county prosecutor or the judge in the face. It is claimed that insanity will be the defense.

THE FUNERAL JOURNEY.

The body of the honored chief executive of the nation was borne away in sad splendor from Buffalo on Monday. Thousands watched the impressive procession. It was doubly impressive because of its lack of pomposness and because following close behind the body of the dead president was the successor to the title and the living change in the country's history.

Mrs. McKinley was not awakened until after 7 o'clock. She had not slept well, despite the fact that she is almost exhausted and Dr. Rixey had given her a sleeping potion. The first thing she asked was a repetition of the query of the last two days:

"When can I see the Major?"

Dr. Rixey told her that they were going to let her see him that day.

Mrs. William McKinley, robed in black, and supported by Abner McKinley on one side and Dr. Rixey on the other, was the central figure of the group. To the surprise of all she walked briskly, with her head quite erect, her face hidden behind her long black veil.

The train that bore the late president's body from Buffalo was a solid Pullman of seven cars, drawn by two locomotives. Crepe was draped from the two locomotives and from the rear of the observation car in which was the body, and the railings of the cars were shrouded in crepe. The only relief was in two tiny pilot flags of white on the leading locomotive. The entire route was lined with people. At stations the train slackened its speed and people could see the casket in the car as it passed. The train was smothered in flowers all along the route.

IN WASHINGTON.

Monday night the body of the dead executive rested in the East Room of the White House. The street were filled with mounted troops, the entire ceremonies being in recognition of the fact that the dead chief was the head of the government forces.

As the casket emerged from the observation car a bugle note rose clearly and "taps" rang out. That was the only sound that broke the dead silence. Just beyond the entrance to the station President Roosevelt with the members of the cabinet had paused and had taken station so as to leave a broad way for the cortege. They ranged themselves on the sidewalk in double rows opposite each other and stood with bared heads as the corpse was carried to the hearse and drawn up at the side of the gate. The hearse was drawn by six coal black horses each of which was led by a colored groom in black livery.

The military was already in line and Pennsylvania avenue was deeply hung in black, and the solemn procession moved up the historic thoroughfare in silence. A guard of the army, the navy, the G. A. R. and the Loyal Legion was placed at the bier and Washington and the nation slept.

Mrs. McKinley stood the trip bravely. In the morning soon after leaving Buffalo she pleaded so earnestly to be allowed to go into the car where her dear one lay that reluctant assent was given and she spent half an hour beside the coffin. All the way the train was preceded about fifteen minutes by a pilot engine sent ahead to test the bridges and switches and prevent the possibility of accident to the precious burden it carried. The train had the right of way over everything. Not a wheel moved on the system thirty minutes before the pilot engine was due or for the same length of time after the train had passed.

SERVICE AT WASHINGTON.

The program of the religious service held in the rotunda of the capital was announced by Commissioner McFarland as follows:

Hymn, "Lead Kindly Light."

Prayer by Rev. Henry R. Naylor, Presiding Elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C.

Hymn, "Sometime We'll Understand."

Address by Bishop Edward G. Andrews, D. D., of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Hymn, "Nearer My God to Thee."

Benediction by Rev. W. H. Chapman, acting pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church.

The music will be furnished by the choir of the Metropolitan Church.

AT CANTON.

The funeral train is expected to reach the old home of McKinley just before noon of Wednesday. Just what will be done with the body between that hour and the church services at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon has not yet been officially announced beyond the fact that it will be at the McKinley home part of that time, in response to the wishes of Mrs. McKinley. At the church services Thursday afternoon Rev. Dr. C. F. Manchester will deliver a short address and the services will be brief. Afterwards a military and civic parade will escort the remains to West Lawn cemetery, where they will be deposited in the public receiving vault awaiting the preparation of a permanent resting place.

MEMORIAL SERVICES IN WESTMINSTER.

The United States Embassy learns that a memorial service in honor of the late President McKinley will be held in Westminster Abbey at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, at which seats will be reserved for members of the government and the diplomatic corps. Memorial service will also be held simultaneously at St. Paul's Cathedral, the lord mayor and the sheriffs of the city of London attending in state.

ARMY ORDER APPROVED.

Secretary Root has approved the order of the army announcing the death of President McKinley. It orders that:

At dawn thirteen guns will be fired at each military post, and afterwards at intervals of thirty minutes between the rising and setting sun a single gun, and at the close of the day the salute of the union of forty-five guns. The national flag will be displayed at half mast. On the 19th instant, the day of the funeral, all labor will be suspended at all military posts and stations and on all the public works under the direction of the department, and at noon twenty-one minute guns will be fired. The officers of the army will wear the usual badges of mourning. The following officers will compose the guard of honor and accompany the remains of their late commander-in-chief from the national capitol to Canton, O: Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles; Major Generals John R. Brooke, Elwell S. Otis and Arthur McArthur, and Brigadier General Joe L. Gillespie.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett has issued an order to the navy directing the firing of half-hour guns and the half-masting of ensigns and union jacks.

Counsel for Admiral Schley express themselves as satisfied with Rear Admiral Frances M. Ramsey as a member of the court in the place of Rear Admiral Howison.

No summons has been issued by Judge Advocate Lemley for Rear Admiral Sampson, and unless something unforeseen occurs he will not call Admiral Sampson to Washington on his own initiative. Captain Lemley has issued very few summonses so far, and some of those already issued have been withdrawn. In addition he does not regard the testimony of Admiral Sampson necessary in this case. If Admiral Schley's counsel, however, care to call Admiral Sampson, the Judge Advocate will issue the summons, and his physical and mental condition will determine the character of his response.

The Secretary of the Treasury has given notice that he will receive and consider proposals for the sale to the government on account of the sinking fund, of 3 per cent bonds, loans of 1908–1918; 4 per cent bonds, funded loan of 1907, 4 per cent bonds, loan of 1925, and 5 per cent bonds, loan of 1904, to an amount not exceeding twenty million of dollars. He has also directed that internal revenue receipts be deposited with the national bank depositories up to the par value of all bonds deposited, including the 2 per cent bonds.

This will release about $5,000,000.

Admiral Ramsey, at one time chief of the bureau of navigation, has been selected as Howison's successor on the Schley court of inquiry.

CROLGOSZ THE ASSASSIN.

Very soon a supreme effort will be made to break through the shield of self-possession with which Assassin Czolgosz has protected himself since the day he shot the president. Old Paul Czolgosz will be taken to Buffalo by the police to aid them in their effort to solve the baffling story of the plot that killed McKinley. Interpreters unseen will make a record of every word that father and son utter and the interview will be arranged to make its dramatic effect upon the prisoner as intense as possible.

Paul Czolgosz has declared himself willing to go and do all in his power to make amends for the crime of his son. "I am ready to go with them whenever they come for me," he said through an interpreter. "I am willing to do what they want. I know I cannot save my boy, but I can help to make him tell what he ought to tell."

At 12:30 o'clock Sunday morning Superintendent of Police Bull gave notice that the prisoner assassin had been removed from the headquarters building. Superintendent Bull left the police headquarters before the statement was given out and could not be found afterward. Nothing is known as to where the prisoner is now confined. It is likely that Czolgosz is now in either the jail or penitentiary.

The assassin who plunged the world into sorrow will pay the penalty of his crime in the electric chair. Murder in the first degree will be the charge.

District Attorney Penny has prepared the complaint against Czolgosz and the case will be presented to the grand jury at once.

INCORPORATION papers are filed in the Secretary of State's office in Montgomery for the Bank of Louisville, Barber county. The bank begins its existence with a capital of $50,000. The incorporators are: Messrs. Charles Capel, F. B. Pierce, W. H. Pierce and H. C. Grey.

MOBILE'S street railway fight is over. The street railway company agrees to extend its lines, and to pay into the city treasury each year a percentage of its earnings. The city in return grants the company a franchise until March, 1955, and the use of certain streets.

LOOK INTO YOUR SAFE.

There was an old unused safe the property of the late Judge Coleman, stored in the back of cotton office of Ward & Dunlap, Eutaw. Mr. Dunlap had asked J. O. Banks, Jr., several times to move the safe out as it was in the way. Mr. Banks overlooked it. Messrs. Ward and Dunlap took action to open the safe and get out of old papers and other things that had been in the safe for some thirty-five years untouched. The key was found in one of the spittoon holes and in the sack full of bills.

TO CONTEST IT.

It now seems that the democrats who oppose the new constitution will contest it simultaneously with the issuing of proclamation by Governor Jelks for the election. The governor has fixed the date for about November [illegible]. The most prominent opponent is Jesse F. Stallings, [illegible] from the Montgomery district.

It is understood that Mr. [illegible] will lead the fight on the [illegible]. General Charles M. Shelley will be manager, with headquarters at Birmingham.

SAWED HIS WAY OUT.

James P. Keily, a self-confessed safe blower, who had been sentenced in Montgomery for some term, has been brought here from Birmingham charge of robbery, made his escape Friday afternoon during a heavy storm. Keily was confined in a cell and succeeded in sawing through the bolt that guarded his only window. How he got the tools is a mystery. The other prisoners in the same cell might have gone too but did not.

TENNESSEE COMPANY BUYS.

The officers of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company are now engaged in signing and selling new bonds for the $15,000,000 arranged several months ago. The reports in connection with the contemplated Tennessee Coal and Iron improvements is that plans are being drawn up for the erection of two new steel furnaces, which will double the capacity of the plant and place it in position to turn out over 2,000,000 tons of steel billets each day.

POSTMASTER C. B. NUTT

of Sterling postoffice, reports that he and the postoffice therein were totally destroyed by fire.

THE GREAT STEEL STRIKE.

The great steel strike, which began on June 30, was brought to an end by a conference held Saturday between the leaders of the Amalgamated Association and officers of subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corporation. An agreement was reached under which the men will return to work in the mills. The settlement was made at the New York office of the American Tin Plate company, where the conference was held. The full terms of the settlement are not divulged, in accordance with an agreement between the parties to the conference that no statement would be made until President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association could arrive in order to the men to return to work. It was learned, however, from authoritative source that no concessions were made by the United States Steel Corporation.

FLORIDA'S SUPREME COURT.

The last legislature of Florida provided for a supreme court commission which has just begun work. It was created to assist the supreme court to catch up with its work, which is about four years behind. The members of the commissioners will be able to prepare opinions on cases assigned them and submit such opinions to the justices. If any two of them agree they will become the opinion of the court and judgment rendered accordingly. A constitutional amendment now pending provides for the increasing the number of justices to six.

THE G. A. R.

The thirteenth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, in Cleveland, came to a close amid silence and gloom. Because of the grave condition of the President a shadow over the proceedings. Torrance was elected commander-in-chief. Mrs. Carlista R. Dunham, of Bradford, Vt., was elected president of the Woman's Relief Corps by acclamation.

FIRE IN SALT LAKE.

Last Tuesday the offices of the Oregon Short Line railroad in Salt Lake City, were badly injured by fire. A small quantity of dynamite in the basement exploded and five men were injured. Nearly all the records of the road, including the original new Salt Lake–Los Angeles contract were lost. The new high-[illegible] slightly damaged. Loss [illegible]

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Buffalo, N. Y.—The tragedy of the new century culminated at 2:15 o'clock on Saturday morning, when President McKinley peacefully passed away at the residence of John G. Milburn. Mrs. McKinley had retired to her room and was not with him at the end. His last conscious words reduced to writing by Dr. Mann, who stood at his bedside when they were uttered, were as follows:

"Good bye. All good bye. It is God's way. His will be done, not ours."

Those present at the time of the President's death were Secretary Cortelyou, Dr. Rixey, Mrs. and Miss Barber and Miss Duncan.

The announcement of the death to the members of the Cabinet was made by Webb Hayes, who said: "It is all over."

President McKinley's last conscious hour on earth was spent with his wife, for whom he devoted a life-time of care. He died unattended by a minister of the gospel, but his last words were a humble submission to the will of the God in Whom he believed. He was resigned to the cruel fate to which the assassin's bullet had condemned him, and faced death in the same spirit of calmness and poise which had marked his long and honorable career.

Mrs. McKinley last saw her husband between 11 and 12 o'clock. At that time she sat by the bedside, holding his hand. The members of the Cabi

were admitted to the sick room singly at that time.

President McKinley's relatives and the members of his official family who were at the Milburn house, except Secretary Wilson, who did not avail himself of the opportunity, and some of his personal and political friends took leave of him. His friends came to the door of the sick room, took a long glance at him and turned tearfully away. He was practically unconscious during this time. But powerful heart stimulants, including oxygen, were employed to restore him to consciousness for his final parting with his wife. He asked for her, and she was at his side and held his hand. He kissed her and bade her good by. He went through the heart-trying scene with the same bravery and fortitude with which she has borne the brunt of the tragedy which ended his life.

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PRESIDENT M'KINLEY DEAD

He Succumbs to the Assassin's Bullet in Buffalo at 2.15 O'clock Saturday Morning.

The President, Aware of His Approaching End, Was Calm and Resigned, and Told Those About Him That He Acquiesced Cheerfully in the Divine Will and Was Sure It Was Ordered For the Best.

"God's Will, Not Ours, Be Done," His Dying Words to His Faithful Wife Before He Lost Consciousness.

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Buffalo, N. Y.—The tragedy of the ... occurred at 2.15 o'clock ... when President McKinley finally passed away at the residence of John G. Milburn. Mrs. McKinley had retired to her room, ... at the end. His ... confined to writing. Dr. McBurney, who stood at his bedside, holding ... the President's death to the Cabinet." ... were uttered, were: "It is all ... good bye. It is ... will be done, not ... the time of the ... Secretary Cortelyou ... and Miss ... Duncan ... of the death to the Cabinet was made ... and: "It is all ... last conscious ... with his wife ... time of care ... a minister of ... words were a ... the will of the ... He was ... time to which ... condemned ... the same ... pose which ... and honorable ... husband ... At that ... side, holding ... the Cabinet.

The President breathed his last after a fight for life covering seven days. In all that time, although suffering intensely, he had manifested a magnificent courage. His soul was sustained through the dark hours by the sublimest Christain serenity. From the time when he was pierced by the assassin's bullet, when he said pityingly, referring to the assassin, "Let no one harm him," up to his last night, when he voiced his resignation to the inevitable to his devoted wife, every hour of suffering had been characterized by lofty Christian fortitude.

The sense of loss to the people of Buffalo and to the strangers within her gates is almost overpowering. The President came to this city to lend a neighborly hand in making the exposition a success. The assassin's bullet which struck him down in the Temple of Music was a blow felt throughout the length and breadth of the land, but it was perhaps more intensely felt by the people here. Every bulletin from the sickroom has been regarded almost as a personal message.

The scenes at the intersection of the streets, beyond which the unprivileged who wanted to get near the Milburn house could not pass, constituted in themselves a wonderful tribute to the stricken President, testifying to the supreme affection with which he was regarded. Men and women in every walk of life, schoolboys, with their natural boisterousness checked, and little children without knowledge of what the great tragedy meant, pressed against the rope barriers and waited with mute eloquence for any stray news which might drift to them from the sickroom. Far into the night they waited, and the places of those who went away were filled by others to whom sleep was impossible. When the end finally came, the effect was instantaneous. The pent up tears coursed down the faces of men and women alike. There were sobs and prayers for the stricken wife, followed by fierce condemnation for the assassin.

MRS. McKINLEY'S COURAGE.

When the Blow Came She Did Not Collapse—A Farewell Meeting.

Buffalo, N. Y.—In that unearthly light that surrounds a death bed with all its unearthly halo a soft radiance was cast upon a woman who stood bravely by the President from the sound of the first pistol shot to the hour of gathering gloom. It was her place, for she was his wife.

An invalid who not so long ago had been a short distance removed from death's door, weak, and with a perfect trust that whatever Providence might have in store was for the best, yet she leaned heavily on her husband, the Chief Executive of these United States. He was not the President to her, only husband.

When the blow came she did not collapse or grow ill or cry out. She asked meekly to be permitted to see her husband—that was all. They had been together long, and could look back through it all without one faint shadow over bright memories.

Mrs. McKinley slept well on the night preceding his death, and it was thought best not to interfere with her much-needed rest. But with the cold dampening of the President's brow the surgeons thought of another than their patient. Cabinet officers should know and statesmen ought to know, but the wife must know, of the inevitable.

It fell to the lot of Dr. Rixey to tell the whole truth. He went to her room and broke it as gently as death possibly can be spoken of. She did not falter, for away down in her woman's heart she had perhaps formed by intuition, guided by awful fear for a loved one, what the surgeons learned long after.

"May I see him?" she said simply, and a nod was the silent response.

Quietly, as if making her customary call at the bedside, she entered the room where there lay stretched all that she loved in life. He smiled up at her as he always did, and she bravely smiled back. Then she stooped and whispered a few words into his ear, and he smiled again and answered softly. Then she went away, turning at the door to smile again at her husband.

Then she went to her room alone.

There was no drive for her on the last day her husband was alive, it being thought best that she should not leave the house. Her women friends gathered beside her, but she had no heart to talk.

With the shadows of evening she heard again what she had been waiting for and knew would come. Her husband had been unconscious for many hours, but when he came back to earth for a short while his first request was for her. Again Dr. Rixey was the messenger.

Dr. McBurney was stooping over the couch when she entered the room, and a nurse stood by his side. They glanced around at her, then softly withdrew, but not before they saw there were no tears and nothing but a woman bidding a long farewell. Then the husband and wife were left alone for a few minutes, and then all in the household who should be there were called in.

THE HUNT FOR ROOSEVELT.

Guides Found Him on Mount Marcy—Special Train Took Him to Buffalo.

Albany, N. Y.—Away on the top of Mount Marcy, attired in full hunting costume and with his gun slung over his shoulder, Theodore Roosevelt was found, and informed by a haggard travel-stained guide that he was needed in Buffalo "immediately." That word of command was sufficient to tell him what the weary messenger could not.

"Immediately," and he started on the long walk of ten miles to the upper Tahawus Club house, ten miles from the top of Mount Marcy; "immediately," and it meant a drive of ten miles from there to the lower club house, and of thirty-five miles from there to North Creek, where a special train awaited him. Then came the long, roundabout run to Buffalo.

When news reached North Creek that Roosevelt's presence was demanded in Buffalo because of the serious turn that had been taken in the condition of the President, word immediately was sent to the lower club house, and thence to the upper, ten miles further in the mountains.

Every guide available, and every club member at once started out in a search that seemed hopeless, so great was the extent of territory to be covered. All were armed with guns and pistols, which they fired off at intervals to attract attention. Thus, with the cracking of pistols and the heavier reports of shotguns and the halloaing of "Roosevelt! Roosevelt! Roosevelt!" there began a remarkable hunt for the Vice-President to inform him that the head of the Nation was dying.

One by one the tired searchers returned, almost voiceless from incessant calling and with ammunition exhausted. One by one they reported their fruitless search by telephone to North Creek, where a special train, with engine with full steam up, lay panting in idleness all day.

About 5 o'clock p. m., an old guide found Roosevelt resting with his companions and counting their game. The old guide knew Roosevelt's favorite haunts and had piloted him there many times. He saved his lungs and ammunition until he began the long, weary ascent of Mount Marcy. Then he fired his shotgun at intervals of five minutes and halloaed until the woods rang.

For a long time nothing but echoes answered to "Roosevelt! Roosevelt! Roosevelt!" the name being flung back mockingly from the mountainside. Then, as he neared the top, there came from afar a faint "Halloa!"

Then his shots met answering firing and the lost was found, and the fateful message delivered to a white-lipped hunter. Then, forgetting all fatigue, Roosevelt and the guides started on a swinging walk to the upper club house, ten miles away.

The first message Roosevelt received gave no details, except that he was wanted. When he reached the upper club house, stained and worn, with even the hardy guides lagging far behind, messages were there awaiting him, and informing him that McKinley was dying. They had been brought by dripping horses urged to a dead run for ten miles from the lower club house, which is the only one in direct communication with the outer world.

This was shortly before 10 p. m. Again the foam-flecked horsees were lashed into a gallop, where fair roads permitted, and there began the wild ride for the lower club house, which was not reached until after midnight. More urgent messages awaited Roosevelt there. The worn out horses were changed for a swift, fresh team, and with a good driver he started on the weary drive of thirty-five miles from the club house to North Creek.

SENATOR HANNA PROSTRATED.

Overcome by His Last Look at His Dying Friend, the President.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Senator Hanna, Colonel Myron T. Herrick and Secretaries Wilson and Hitchcock were at the Milburn house awaiting news of the sinking President early Friday evening.

Dr. Rixey, knowing Senator Hanna's longing to see the President alive, told the four men that they might go into his bedroom for a few minutes. Senator Hanna no sooner looked at the pain marked face of his friend than he burst into tears, and would have fallen to the floor but for Secretary Wilson and Colonel Herrick. He was led from the room, soothed and soon regained control of himself. Then he said:

"I'm all right now. I'm all right again. I must go in and see him again."

His request for another look was granted. He stood a few feet from the bedside and looked again at the unconscious President. Suddenly Senator Hanna dropped to his knees at the bedside, and peering into the President's unresponsive face, said in tones that never will be forgotten by those within earshot:

MILBURN HOUSE,
Where the President died.

"Mr. President, Mr. President, can't you see me? Don't you know me?"

There was no response and the stillness became painful as Senator Hanna exclaimed:

"William, William, speak to me."

The President seemed at first to remember the familiar voice, but no permanent look of recognition came into his eyes.

Colonel Herrick went to Senator Hanna, raised him from the floor and supported him as he led him away.

Senator Hanna became so ill that one of the physicians was called on to attend him and Mrs. Hanna was sent for. The Senator is ill with prostration.

WHY DOCTORS GAVE SOLID FOOD.

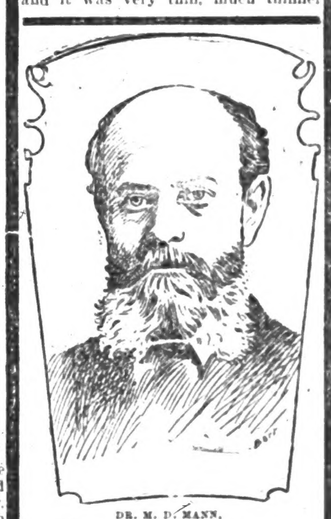
Prescribed For the President to Relieve the Coating on His Tongue.

Buffalo, N. Y.—A surgeon who attended President McKinley was told that many persons were criticizing the surgeons for having permitted the President to eat toast, because there was a general belief, among laymen at any rate, that toast was a substance that would be gritty and tend to irritate the weakened stomach.

"I knew we would be criticized, and bitterly, whenever a change for the worse appeared in the President's condition, no matter what we did," he said. "People cannot be altogether reasonable at such a time and in such matter as this, and we are too human ourselves to expect them to be. But about the toast."

The physician held out his index finger and the one next to it and crossed them just below the nail of the index finger.

"There," he said, "that is as large as the piece of toast the President had and it was very thin, much thinner by half than are my fingers. He merely nibbled at the toast. He had hardly a mouthful of it, not a mouthful of not half a bite altogether. It was given him not so much as food but because there seemed to be no better way of removing the heavy coating on his tongue and the inside of his mouth. The coating was very disagreeable to him and was endangering his comfort."



DR. M. D. MANN,
Who performed the operation.

The surgeon added that of all of the troubles of the surgeons of the last twenty-four hours, none was more distressing to them than the way the President's heart acted. Some people have said that the President had a "tobacco heart." This description has not satisfied the physicians. They did not understand the causes which influenced the action of the heart and it was impossible to treat conditions which had symptoms that they could not understand.

WILLIAM McKINLEY'S CAREER.

He Rose From Lowly Origin to Position of Greatest Honor.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Born at Niles, Ohio, 1843.
Enlisted as private, 1861.
Mustered out as brevet major, 1865.
Admitted to the bar, 1867.
Elected prosecuting attorney, 1869.
Married, 1871.
Elected to Congress, 1876.
Member of ways and means committee, 1880.
Chairman of ways and means committee, 1889.
McKinley tariff enacted, 1890.
Elected Governor of Ohio, 1891.
Re-elected Governor, 1893.
Elected President, 1896.
Re-elected President, 1900.

William McKinley, soldier, statesman and President, will go down in history as an American of the highest type. In personality and achievement his career embodied those qualities and triumphs that constitute the choicest fruits of Americanism. Of humble birth and reared among a simple folk, he rose steadily by his own efforts to the proudest position open to men, and throughout his progress his manhood remained unsullied by a single blemish.

William McKinley was born at Niles, Ohio, January 29, 1843. His ancestry is generally classed as Scotch-Irish, but there were in it strains of German and English blood.

Niles in 1843 was one of the smallest towns in Ohio, little more than a trading place for neighboring farmers. Wishing to give their large family of children better educational facilities, the father and mother decided to move to Poland, which boasted of an academy. During this period at Poland young McKinley studied at the academy, led the village debating society, often relieved the postmaster, tried his ability as a teacher, and was marked as the most promising boy of the community. It was there in 1858 that he became a member of the Methodist Church, a connection that he has maintained throughout life.

He went from his schoolmaster's desk into the army. He was but a boy of eighteen, but he had learned his duty at the hearthstone. When there was a call for volunteers young McKinley was one of the first to enlist. He entered Company E of the Twenty-third Ohio Infantry as a private, and he soon saw active service. For fourteen months he trudged in the ranks, and he was singled out for commissary sergeant. He displayed such conspicuous gallantry at Antietam as to attract the notice of his superiors and win a commission as second lieutenant. McKinley's regiment saw much fighting in the eastern campaigns. He was promoted to first lieutenant and captain, and in 1864 was brevetted major by President Lincoln "for gallant and meritorious services at the battles of Opequan, Cedar Creek and Fisher's Hill."

He was tempted to remain in the army, but at the request of his father he decided to return to civil life, and was mustered out in September, 1865. He was then in his twenty-third year. Returning to Poland he took up the study of law, and soon afterward went to a law college at Albany, N. Y., for a two year course. He was admitted to the bar in 1867. He was then a poor young man of twenty-four, with no resources but his native pluck and ability. Seeking a larger field of action than Poland offered he settled in Canton, Stark County, Ohio.

McKinley's first case was a suit for replevin. The young lawyer scored a victory and earned a fee of $25. He proved to be a man of so much force that he soon impressed himself on the community, and after his arrival at Canton he became the Republican candidate for prosecuting attorney. The county had always been so hopelessly Democratic that Republican nominations were empty honors, but he made a vigorous canvass and surprised old politicians by winning. He was a candidate for re-election, and was defeated by only forty-five votes.

Returning to legal practice, Major McKinley continued in private life until 1876, when he became a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress. He carried every township but one in his county against strong opposition. He was almost as popular in the other counties of the district, and got his nomination on the first ballot.

Congressman McKinley held his place in the National Legislature for fourteen years. In 1878 he was put into a district with an apparent majority against him of 1800, but he carried it by 1300. Six years later he turned a supposed majority of 1500 into a victory with 1500 votes to spare.

In 1880 he ran in a district that had given the Democrats a majority of 2900 the year before. It was a political combat which has been compared to that fought out between Lincoln and Douglas in Illinois.

McKinley was a candidate against Thomas B. Reed in 1889 for the Speakership of the House, but fate, wiser than he, reserved him for the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee, the second highest place, and sometimes the first, in the House. It was thus that the way was paved for the McKinley tariff bill of 1890.

McKinley was an important factor in the National Convention of 1884.

Four years later at Minneapolis he was a Harrison delegate. Ohio tried to start a McKinley stampede by casting its vote for him, but he arose from the chair, for he was presiding, and challenged the vote, leaving no doubt of his loyalty to his pledge. After his defeat for Congress in 1890 he was nominated for Governor of Ohio the following year. He was elected and re-elected in 1893. The Presidential nomination came to him in 1896. The campaign of that year was one of the most hotly contested in the political history of the nation.

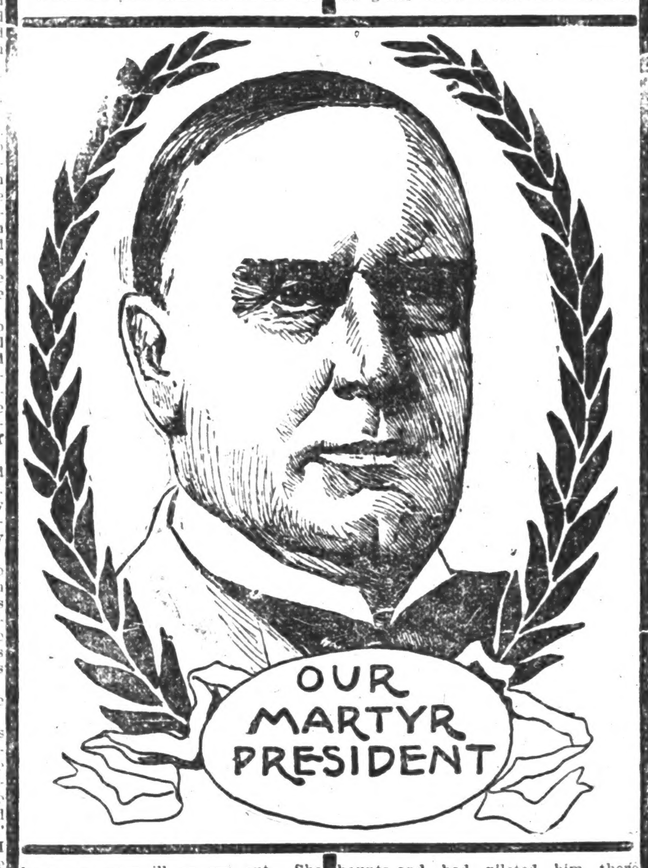
President McKinley's career since taking possession of the executive mansion in Washington is so recent that its incidents are fresh in the memory. He has had to face great problems and grave emergencies. With his entrance into the White House the United States entered upon an era of industrial growth and prosperity.

The President's conduct of the war with Spain shed new lustre on our arms and our diplomacy. It carried the country to a victory unmarred by a defeat. It raised the United States in the estimation of the world, removed the last barrier between North and South and opened the way to new triumphs in the walks of peace.

In his last address, which he delivered on President's Day at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo, President McKinley pointed the way to new triumphs in the arts of peace by the construction of the Isthmian canal and the adoption of reciprocity treaties. In a speech breathing good will to all men, and bristling with the epigrammatic phrases for which he is noted, he voiced a national policy which will have little opposition. His has been a noble career, full of mighty achievements and unmarred by a blemish.

Excitement in Buffalo.

Great crowds assembled in the streets in the business centres of Buffalo at the announcement that President McKinley was dead. Mounted police charged their horses through the crowds and dispersed them.



THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THE copies of the new Constitution have not yet come to hand, but we have every reason to believe we shall be able to send them out to our readers as a supplement to our next issue.

As we go to press we have received notification that Hon. Jesse Stallings will speak against the ratification of the proposed new Constitution at Clanton, Saturday, Sept. 28, at 10 a.m., and at Jemison the same night. Everybody is invited, especially the ladies.

COL. J. M. FALKNER is being prominently mentioned for the vice presidency of the Louisville & Nashville railroad company. The Colonel's great popularity would render this appointment a most agreeable one to the public, and we hope to soon record it as an accomplished fact.

THE DEATH OF PRESIDENT McKINLEY.

WITH profoundest grief, early last Saturday morning, the world learned that President McKinley had succumbed to the wounds inflicted by the dastardly assassin Czolgosz. For several days innumerable prayers from all over the civilized world had ascended to the throne of grace asking that the life of our President might yet be spared for the good of humanity and civilization. But "He who doeth all things well," decided that President McKinley's work on earth was done, and we can only bow in submission to His will. "The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away."

President McKinley had endeared himself to the American people, and the whole world recognized in him a man whose aim was to do right, and that the elect of the American people was a man to be trusted.

OPENING OF THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

Thorsby celebrated the opening of the Normal School on Monday last. The elegant building was much admired by the visitors, the large hall, the finest in the county, in which the exercises were held, coming in for many eulogistic remarks. 136 students were enrolled, 48 of whom were from outside of Thorsby.

Prof. Rasco introduced Judge Adams, who made an interesting speech on education. A few remarks were made by Frank Crichton, and Prof. Carmichael impressed the audience with an earnest speech.

The opening was a grand success and the Normal School starts off with every prospect of success.

On Friday night, September 20, at 7:30 o'clock, the public is invited to the dedication ceremonies of the school, when the following program has been arranged:

Introduction . . . . . Prof. Rasco
Invocation . . . . . Judge Adams
Welcome Address . . Mayor Faegre
Song . . . . . "America"
Remarks . . . . . Prof. Rasco
Music . . . . . Band
Remarks . . . . . Frank Crichton
Mandolin . . . . . Miss Fors
Remarks . . . . . Mr. Engh
Music . . . . . Miss Strock
Remarks . . . . . Rev. F. M. Woods
Graphophone . . . . . S. A. Thorson
Cornet Solo . . . . . Vance McManus
Remarks . . . . . Prof. Carmichael
Song . . . . . Miss Carrie McManus
Music . . . . . Band

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(continued from 1st col. page 4)

worse than the old. If the new is adopted every man in Alabama will be disfranchised, and his right to vote will depend upon the good graces of the three registers appointed to pass on the qualifications of every voter, and it is left with them to say what evidence will be required to establish one's right to vote—there is no rule laid down for them to go by, even under the soldier clause they could require such strong proof that many soldiers would be disfranchised, and nearly every strong lawyer in the convention declared that clause was unconstitutional, and if it is, then the old soldier that has not got the required education or property will have to stand aside and see the negro that comes up to requirements take his ballot and vote. As I have often said I do not believe that manhood should be measured by the amount of property one owns. And look for one moment at the kind of property qualifications there is in the new constitution. It requires $300 real estate or $300 personal property. You see at once the unfairness in this provision. How many white men in Chilton are there that have $300 of personal property? Leaving out the business and public men I do not believe there is five men in Chilton that could meet this requirement, but is a special provision to get in the negro in the black belt. He is the only man in Alabama that this special provision will help. He buys mules and wagons on a credit in the spring; while he owes for them, yet under this provision he can vote. At the last moment I offered an amendment providing that the owner of $300 of property could vote and the convention after some preliminary adopted the change or amendment by a vote of 90 to 30. But when Judge Coleman and two or three of the other bosses got the delegation out and caucussed with them, the convention reconsidered the amendment and let the provision stand just as it is. There never was anything more unfair on earth. Suppose there were three sons, one had 40 acres of land on which he lived that was worth $20, he could vote, and the second had 39 acres worth $299, also had $299 worth of stock, he could not vote, suppose the third had a house and lot worth $299 and a stock of goods worth $299, he could not vote. Now, of course these are extreme cases, but are true. Here are two brothers worth $598 and cannot vote: one brother worth $20 and vote. I charged openly in the convention that this was a special provision for the black belt and no one denied it. I asked Judge Coleman who it benefited and what it was in the report for, and he said he would not give out any information to me unless I would promise to help ratify the constitution, and of course I would not do this. So he would not tell me what it was intended for.

Now, as I said in the outset, I would not undertake to mention all the objections I had. I think it bad policy to create 238 new places for lawyers at the expense of the taxpayers of Alabama, etc. But after the whole thing was passed I did not believe that the white men of Alabama wanted any such constitution, and I presented a plan to first have the constitution submitted to the white people in a primary; it was carried to the clerk's desk, but when it was ascertained what the provision was you never saw such a stir in your life. As I had given notice that I would move to suspend the rules and put the resolution on its passage. Yes, whenever you mention the white voters to the Democratic party you scare them into fits. The politicians of the convention would run mad if the ratification of the new constitution was to be submitted to the white voters; and while the clerk still held my plan for a white primary, the politicians run over the convention and told the members what it was, and the convention refused to even let it be read. A very prominent Democrat moved that I be permitted to put the resolution in, but after he found out what it was withdrew his motion; then I made the move myself, and 59 for it and 38 against it, and the President ruled it required a suspension of the rules which to do this required a two-thirds vote, and he declared the motion lost. I did not sign the new constitution, though a resolution was passed that signing it was not an endorsement but a mere attestation, but I preferred not to have my name attached to it. As is well known, I have been opposed to a convention—have done all I could against it, and if there is any glory in it now I am willing for the other fellow to have it. I hope, however, to be able at some future day to express my views to the public on this question, and I would especially urge every voter in Chilton to read every provision of the suffrage article for himself. You will find it in the last week's Banner, file it away and keep it and compare the new with the old, and remember under the old every man that has not committed a crime can walk up to the polls and vote without being questioned by three political bosses. But if the new is adopted you must get permission from the three kings, who would have the right to say you shall or shall not—just as they please. I hope all free thinking men will consider where we are drifting. Every time there is a change made it strikes at the poor man.

A few years back every man could take his ticket in his pocket to the election and vote it whether he had property or could read or not. Then the law was changed—not to help the uneducated—but to confuse him. And now he has to have a helper, and if the new is adopted he will be left out altogether. And the next time God only knows what the change will be, but you may rest assured rights taken from a people are seldom, if ever restored. I hope the new constitution will not be adopted, and I am sure it will not be if there is a fair election.

Very respectfully,
L. H. REYNOLDS.

TUSKEGEE, ALA., July 28, 1878

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—My Dear Sir: Justice to you demands that I should give you my experience with your excellent medicine, TEETHINA. Our little girl, just thirteen months old, has had much trouble teething. Every remedy was exhausted in the shape of prescriptions from family physicians. Her bowels continued to pass off pure blood and burning fever continued for days at a time. Her life was almost despaired of. Her mother determined to try TEETHINA, and in a day or two there was a great change—new life had returned—the bowels were regular, and thanks to TEETHINA, the little babe is now doing well. Yours, etc.

D. W. McIVER,
Editor and Proprietor Tuskegee (Ala.) News.

PROGRAM

Of the 75th Anniversary and Minister's and Deacon's Meeting of the Ebenezer Baptist church, to be held at Stanton, Ala., September 27, 28, and 29, 1901:

FRIDAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer and song service.
10. Welcome address and responses.
11. Sermon. "The feet-washing scene." A. J. Dickinson.
2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.
3. "The pastor and his Bible." A. J. Dickinson.
4. Question box.
7. Prayer and song service.
7:30. "The sermon: Its object, nature, power, etc." F. M. Woods
8. Sermon, "Giving the first law of Christ's Kingdom" J. E. Barnes.

SATURDAY.

9 a.m. Prayer and song service.
9:30. "How to preach with power." A. J. Dickinson
10. "A sketch of Ebenezer Baptist church." W. O. Perry.
11. Sermon, "Soul-winning for Christ." P. V. Romar.
2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.
3. "What the world owes the Baptists" J. E. Barnes.
4. "Why Baptists should teach their distinctive doctrines." W. J. Ruddick.
4:30. "What Baptist young people can do for Christ." A. J. Preston.
7. Prayer and song service.
7:30. "Does God require all Christian men to pray publicly." W. H. Connell.
8. Sermon, by A. J. Preston.

SUNDAY.

9 a.m. Prayer and song service.
9:30. "What the world owes the Missionaries." J. E. Barnes.
10. "Christianity essentially missionary." W. H. Connell.
10:30. "The Sunday-school as a church and missionary agency." A. J. Preston.
11. Missionary sermon by F. M. Woods.
2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.
3. "The need of foreign mission work as seen by an eye witness." T. U. Crumpton.
3:30. Reflex influence of foreign mission work on the home churches. F. M. Woods.
4. What Baptist missionaries are doing for the world to-day. J. E. Barnes.
7. Prayer and song service.
7:30. "The layman and his Bible." P. V. Romar.
8. Sermon. "The three R's." Issac Windsor.

The public is cordially invited. All visitors will be cared for.

P. G. MAHAFFEY, Pastor.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Pletcher	Beat 8	Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoults	" 7	"	4
Maplesville	" 7	"	5
Benson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Strasburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Cooper	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kincheon	" 6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 216 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "NUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"NUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"NUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "NUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 985 RUPKIN & GILES & COMPANY, 2030 and 2032 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

REMOVAL SALE

EVERYTHING GOES
PRICES AWAY DOWN
BARGAINS IN ALL LINES

We move into our new building September 1, we don't mind moving ourselves and our clerks, but we want you to come in and move our goods to your homes, then we won't have much moving to do.

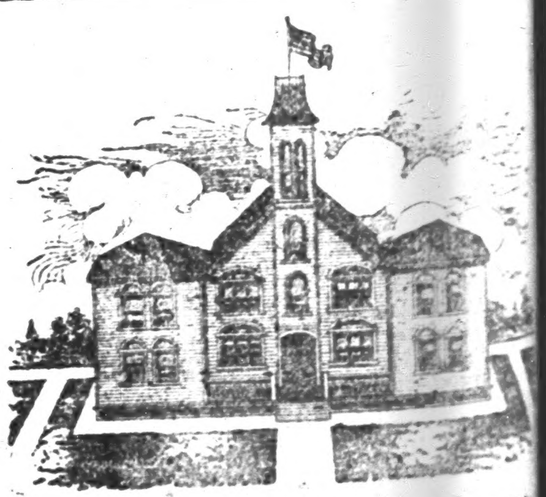
REMOVAL SALE NOW ON

W. H. SARTOR
CLANTON

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.
EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES
J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart
COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

West End Store
For the convenience of the people in this part I have opened a store at my place one mile west of town, and have a full line of
General Merchandise
AND A COMPLETE LINE OF
Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Notions
CHOICE GROCERIES
W. A. KEMP, Clanton, Ala.

C. W. WILSON
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Fancy Groceries a Specialty
CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM. OF THE SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than a thousand volumes.

BOARD, $6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand to helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Court House [illegible] First Monday in [illegible] Monday in [illegible] and third Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7 3/4 @ 7½ cents.

[illegible] same date last year 9.50 cts.

[illegible] received to date, 1901 [illegible] 1900

Pinckard & Co	110	150
Phillips	3	24
Wilson	3	24
Sewell	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	25[illegible]	[illegible]

We are in the market buying Cotton Seed, paying the best market price.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale $6 and $7 per M. F. E. Woodward, Clanton.

Prof. J. M. Calloway and wife, Mrs. D. J. M. Foster of Wetumpka, and Mrs. H. A. Taylor of Birmingham, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. Smith.

Mrs. G. L. Philips is now established in her new brick store with a beautiful line of Fall goods. Call and examine her stock before buying elsewhere.

Teuro's store will be closed Monday on account of Jewish holiday.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and Miss Em have returned from Virginia, accompanied by Mrs. Williams, sister of the former, who has lost her husband recently.

Miss Lulie Watts of Birmingham is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. Sartor.

Sister Sartor Stewart of Birmingham is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. N. Watts, Sept. 17, a bouncing boy.

Misses Hoppa Stanley, Annie Lois and Olive Gullahorn, left for Montevallo Monday to enter Girl's Industrial School.

Mrs. Charley Duncan of Nashville is visiting her sister, Mrs. Stewart.

Judge Adams is conducting a protracted meeting at New Salem this week.

Mrs. T. E. Evans and children of Birmingham are visiting relatives and friends in Clanton.

We are in the market buying Seed and Cotton Seed, paying the best market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Jessie Allen of Oxford has accepted position as music teacher in Clanton High School.

Mrs. Dr. Stewart has returned home after having attended her daughters, Misses Allee and Essie Lee, to college at Loretto, Ky.

We are in the market buying Seed and Cotton Seed, paying the best market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Rev. Mr. Johnson of Oxford, preached at the Baptist church Sunday morning and night.

Miss Mattie Edwards of Pratt City was a visitor here Wednesday.

Miss Belle Jones of Lily is visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Jones.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad in this paper. He has earth, a branch office at Clanton, will stay and a week here every month. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in future. Well may fare one way those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done, 1218 2d ave., between 2d and 3d aves., Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Letters of [illegible] have been issued by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

J. A. Davis and Miss A. B. [illegible]
Mr. H. H. Luther and Willie Keplinger.

Blood Death Off.

[illegible] Monday, a lawyer of Henderson, Tex., once fooled a grave-yard. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to use Electric Bitters, and he was much better, but continued use until he was wholly cured. Sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digesition, cures liver, kidneys and bowels; cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

AL SALE

S

Y DOWN

AINS IN ALL LINES

our new building
don't mind mov-
our clerks, but
me to and move
r homes, then we
moving to do

ALE NOW ON

SARTOR

CLANTON

ctober 1st
First Ave.

AT CUT PRICES

Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

DRUG CO.,

T RATE DRUG STORE

LA M, · ALA.

End Store

people in this part I have opened up
t of town, and have a fine stock of

Merchandise

WELL LINE OF

s, Shoes, Notions,

GROCERIES

EMP, Clanton, Ala.

WILSON

ALER IN—

ERCHANDISE

ries a Specialty

CLANTON

ORMAL SCHOOL

NDENT NORMALISM, OF T
DEPARTMENTS.
MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

ructed. We court investigation, a
, at any time, examine into the m

schools of the State. The Main B
tructure of fifteen rooms. The L
ree-story structure well suited to
The Library consists of more than

TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.
d up and to lend a hand in helping
tate in elevating the youth to a hig

information, address
& CARMICHAEL, THORSBY, ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] court [illegible] Monday in [illegible] November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Close to date [illegible] 7¾ cents.
Same date last year 9.80 cts

	1901	1900
Receipts last week	127	314
Shipped [illegible]	110	160
Sold to [illegible]	5	24
Sold to [illegible]	3	24
Stock	250	526

We are [illegible] market buying [illegible] seed, paying highest market price.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK [illegible] $6 and $7 per [illegible] F. E. W[illegible], Clanton.

[illegible] and wife [illegible] M. Boyd of Weo[illegible] Mrs. [illegible] A. Taylor of [illegible] visiting Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Smith.

Mr. L. Phelps is now es[illegible] new brick store [illegible] Fall mill[illegible] examine her stock [illegible] before pur[illegible]

[illegible] will be closed [illegible] of Jewish [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] and Miss Em[illegible] return home Virginia, [illegible] Mrs. Williams, [illegible] who has lost [illegible]

Mrs. [illegible] Watts of Birming[illegible] visiting her sister, Mrs. W. [illegible]

Master Sartor Stewart of Bir[illegible] visiting relatives in [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. N. Watts, [illegible] a young boy.

Misses Hoppa Stanley, Annie [illegible] and Omie Gulliahorn, left [illegible] Monday to enter [illegible] School.

Mr. Charley Duncan of Nash[illegible] visiting her sister, Mrs. [illegible]

Judge Adams is conducting a [illegible] meeting at New Salem [illegible]

Mr. F. E. Evans and children [illegible] are visiting relatives and friends in Clanton.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

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[illegible] Deeds, Mortgage [illegible] Notes, Receipt [illegible] on sale at The Banner of[illegible]

[illegible] have been issued [illegible] the Probate Judge to [illegible] persons:
[illegible] A. Ayers and Miss A. B. [illegible]
[illegible] H. Luther and [illegible] Willie Kessinger.

Blood Death Off.

[illegible] B. Murphy, a lawyer of Hen[illegible] Tex., [illegible] a grave[illegible] he says: "My brother [illegible] with malarial fever [illegible] I persuaded him [illegible] Electric Bitters, and he was [illegible] Bitters continued [illegible] was wholly cured. [illegible] Bitters saved [illegible] remedy expels [illegible] germs and [illegible] liver, [illegible] ar's digestion, [illegible] and bow[illegible] constipation, dyspepsia, [illegible] sick headache, kidney troubles, [illegible] Only 50c at Clanton drug [illegible]

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Plater combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

REYNOLDS BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

...General Merchandise...

COTTON BUYERS.
JEMISON, ALA.

Owing to a change in our business we are going to sell our entire stock at prices that will alarm you.

10 lbs. Good Coffee		$1.00
18 lbs. Sugar		1.00
Success Soda	per pound	4
Men's Oil Grained Best Grade Shoes		1.25
Women's Oil and Glove Grained Shoes—Button or Lace—Best on Earth	only	1.00
1 lb. Schnapps, Red Apple, Red Rabbit, and Early Bird Tobacco		32
Calico	per yard	5
Cotton Checks	per yard	5.
Good Suit Clothes	only	4.00
Good Family Flour		3.25

Remember the old adage: "Make hay while the sun shines," and get your share of these goods.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
BEEF CATTLE AND COTTON SEED

This is Spot Cash. Do not ask to have them charged, as you will be denied.

REYNOLDS BROS.

NEW ROYAL

HIGH ARM. LIGHT RUNNING
WARRANTED TENYEARS.
FIVE DRAWER $32.

The New Royal is not a cheap machine, but a high-class machine made out of good material, all parts adjustable and ball-bearing; has a good set of steel attachments and all of them work well.

I will exchange the New Royal for old machines and allow the full value of the old machine. Come and see me. I can sell you a machine as cheap as you can buy in Clanton.

Some secondhand machines from $1 up. Send me 25 cents in silver or stamps and an old needle for sample and I will send you 1 doz. needles to fit your machine.

REPAIR WORK GUARANTEED.

L. D. POPWELL,
CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is absolutely guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skillful physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2380 and 2382 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co., clanton.
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kincheon
J. B. Downs, clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Perry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bacheler mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS; MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.70
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.50
Home and Farm	$1.10
Southern Farmer	$1.00

TABLE LAMP.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

Produce the finest artificial light in the world. *Superior to electricity or gas. Cheaper than kerosene oil.* A 20th Century Revolution in the Art of Lighting.

They darkness into daylight turn,
And air instead of money burn.

No Smoke. No Odor. No Noise. Absolutely Safe. They are Portable. Hang or stand them anywhere. We also manufacture *Table Lamps, Wall Lamps, Pendants, Chandeliers, Street Lamps, Etc.* The best and only really successful *Incandescent Vapor Gas Lamps* made. They sell at sight. Each burner 100 candle power. Nothing like them. *Good Ag'ts Wanted.* Write for catalogue and prices.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 81 Fifth Av. Chicago, Ill.

OUTDOOR ARC.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Sad Experience of Young Ladies Attacked By Yellow Jackets.

HE TALKS OF HIS BOYHOOD DAYS

Mrs. Arp Reminds Him of Repairs and General Work Needed, and He Humbly Obeys Orders.

My wife said she had a premonition that we would have an early fall and I had better prepare for it right away. She reminded me that there were some broken glass on the roof of the flower pit and the sash needed repainting and the shelves renewing and I might whitewash the brick wall, and so forth and so fifth, and so on. Well, I have done all that and was humbly waiting for the next order, when she told me that Sam, the darky, wasent coming to run the lawn mower over the grass in the front yard and maybe I could do it and save 75 cents. Well, I have done that, but nobody paid me the 75 cents, and next thing I knew she sent one of the grandchildren to me for 75 cents to pay her debt to the aid society. These women have got nearly as many clubs and societies as the men, but they stay at home of nights and that is better than the men do. There are the Masons and Odd Fellows, and Nights of Pythias and Nights of Damon and the Royal Arcanum and the Elks and the Nights of Jericho and Nights of Labor and they are all nights, or midnights, and the women have to stay home and nurse the children. If I was a marrying woman I would strike out the word obey and put in a promise for the man that he wouldn't join anything that "took him away from home at night. It's bad enough for young folks to tramp around at night hunting for the moon. They are crazy about the moon, and that's why crazy folks are called lunatics—for luna means the moon, and the ticks are not far off on a moonlight walk in the woods. Last Tuesday night there were six couples of out lunatics who went up the river road in search of the moon. They wanted to see it rise from out the water and they had to get out to the big, flat rock in the river to see it, and they had to slide down the bank to reach the rock, and the young men cooned it down first to clear the way, and the yaller jackets were waiting for them and by the time the girls were on the slide the little devils began the attack and they took 'em on the slide in the flank and in the rear, in the face and shirtwaist and arms and legs, and took the young men, too, and such screaming and scrambling was never heard or seen in that part of the country. The young men did not desert their partners, but shoved them up the slide again with great alacrity. The whole party was bunged up amazingly. Eyes and ears and noses and hands and legs began to swell, and they never got to see the moon at all. The girls cried with anguish and the boys moaned and groaned, and there was no ammonia, no soda, no doctor and no house within a mile. They could just see enough to find the horses, and by the time they got back home some were blind in one eye and some in both, and you couldent tell a hand from a foot, nor a nose from a turnip beet, nor the ankle from the calf—calf of the leg, I mean. Well, they got home about midnight and that five-mile ride was the longest and most miserable of their lives. The young men have not yet reported for duty, nor have the girls dared to look into a mirror, for fear of breaking it. It is a wonder that those girls with such thin apparel were not stung to death; but I suppose that the stuffing and padding about the breastworks saved them.

We old school boys know something about yellow jackets. It is bad enough to tackle a nest in the daytime in open ground where you can run and fight, but to slide down into one near the water on a dark night must be awful in the extreme. The last time I came in conflict with the spiteful things I located the nest and went to the house and got the wire fly catcher and set it over the hole. It worked beautifully and was fast filling up when an outsider took me "ker-bim" on the back of the neck and I departed those coasts with alacrity. By and by the boys came and built a little fire not far away and set the fly catcher over the smoke and killed the whole concern. But you must look out for the outsiders—the scouts and sharpshooters. Bees can't sting but one time, but a jacket can keep up as long as the poison lasts. The sting of a bee is bad, that of a jacket is badder and a wasp is the baddest of all, except a hornet or, perhaps, the devil's packsaddle on a fodder blade. They do say in Texas that a tarantula is worse than all the rest put together and frequently proves fatal. They say, too, that any sting is a cure for the rheumatism, but I never found a man that had tried it. Some poisons affect one person more than another. A good citizen of this county died in 24 hours from a bee sting, but my faithful servant, Tip, can take them up in his hands and let them "lite" on his neck and face and sting him furiously, and he brushes them off and laughs and says they tickle him. I have picked the stings off his flesh by the dozen, and he has never had rheumatism. A colony of honey bees number 5,000, yellow jackets 500 and hornets 200.

But this is enough about such pesky things, though the sting of a mosquito seems to be attracting much attention from the men of science.

But I was ruminating about things that have to be done before long. My wife says it is about time to make a lettuce bed for the winter's supply and it is about time to transplant two or three rows of strawberry plants from our own runners, for it is a good plan to have some newones coming on every year. I receive so many letters from good women asking about how to grow them and so forth, that I will say briefly:

Prepare the ground about like you would for any garden herb or vegetable, fork deep and manure liberally, open a furrow and scatter ashes in it—any kind of ashes, wood, coal or mixed. If you can't sift the ashes, be sure and throw out the cinders and lumps. Place the plants about a foot apart, spread out the roots, draw the earth around lightly. If ground is dry, use water to each plant, then pull some dry earth over the wet. That's all. Have the rows two feet apart. If you have no plants of your own, then order some, and get Brandywine, Lady Thompson, Gaudy and Excelsior. There are several other good kinds, but I know what these are. If ashes are scarce use a good handful to each plant. Stable manure makes the plant grow and ashes makes the fruit. Let me make another suggestion to these good women. If you have no asparagus bed, make one this fall. It is the cheapest thing grown, and about the best. We had it in abundance all the spring and are now having a second crop. Buy one hundred or two hundred crowns at 75 cents a hundred, plant about like you would plant strawberries. Don't dig any ditch as they used to do. Give a good coat of manure every fall or winter and the same bed will last you twenty years. Fork up the ground once or twice a year, but do not fork too close to the crowns.

One other thing and I am done. Plant the small butter bean. It is sometimes called the see-wee bean. It is sure and prolific and keeps on bearing until frost. It will take an arbor or very stout poles to hold up the vines.

That's all.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Philadelphia now has two recreation piers.

The National Hay Association has held its annual meeting at Indianapolis, Ind.

National legislators believe new laws will have to be passed for the suppression of anarchy.

Reports of the failure of the fisheries along the northern coast of Labrador are confirmed.

Chile's Congress approved the nomination of two delegates to the Pan-American Congress.

Official statements show that the finances of Brazil are on a more solid foundation than for years.

The Socialist party of Iowa has nominated a State ticket, headed by James Baxter, of Hiteman, for Governor.

To aid the poorer classes Venezuela has decided to remit temporarily the duties on corn, beans and peas.

The amount of duties collected on personal baggage arrived at the port of New York during August was $103,290.

The longest electric railroad in the world will be built from Cincinnati, Ohio, to Pontiac, Mich., a distance of 305 miles.

A mountain 500 feet high in northern Japan sank after an earthquake, leaving its top on a level with the surrounding plain.

The new Capitol building at Harrisburg, Penn., is to be of granite and not marble, the first choice of the commission in charge of the business.

A trolley line between Baltimore and Washington may be built shortly, report having it that the financial part of the programme is, after ten years, completed.

American trains demonstrated that the route across this country was the quickest for mail service between London and Australia, cutting down the time by several days.

The schemes for cheap living may become interesting to a greatly increased number of families if the reports as to the scarcity of vegetables shall prove to be well founded. Indeed, it is a fact that the price of potatoes has gone up in most Northern markets, and there are solemn predictions of an almost complete failure of the crop. How far the cupidity of dealers is responsible for this advance in the price of potatoes has not been ascertained, but it is the part of wisdom for the people to keep in a hopeful frame of mind until the alleged scarcity shall have been placed beyond a doubt. From Virginia comes the cheering announcement that the potato crop of this year in that State has exceeded that of any past year. We may have the same sort of news from other sections before long.

Professor Arlo Bates, of Massachusetts, is shocked by the enormous number of books published in this country every year. We do not see why he should be. Surely we have got to do something to fill the shelves of all those new Carnegie Libraries that are being built. Book-writing has come to be a great national industry, and this is no time to try to check it.

THE DANCE OF DAVID.

Curious Religious Ceremony Peculiar to the Abyssinians.

The following extracts, says the London Graphic, are from the diary of Captain R. P. Cobbold, during his journey to join the Abyssinians operating with the British forces against the Mad Mullah: "I was lucky to have been in Harrar at the festival of the 'Dance of David Before the Ark of the Covenant of the Lord.' The sight is probably but little changed since the first performance 1600 years ago, and still bears, in all probability, an intimate relation to the old Jewish dance. The Christianity of Abyssinia of to-day, in accordance and in religious observance, is a replica of ancient Christendom, such as it was in the time of Constantine, and in this sense alone offers historical interest such as is afforded by no other country at the present moment.

"But to get on with the dance. Its origin dates from the year 323 A. D., or thereabouts, when the Emperor Constantine called together the first council of Bishops in Constantinople. At that time the Abyssinians had been recently converted to Christianity, and, as time went on, sent, as did other Christian Kingdoms and States, a Bishop or representative of the church, at the invitation of the Emperor, to the yearly Council of Bishops at Constantinople, where the ordinances of the church for the ensuing year were drawn up and agreed upon. At the sixth council the 'Dance of David Before the Ark of the Covenant of the Lord' was revived, having been copied from the Jews, and was ordered to be hereafter included in the ordinances for each ensuing year by the representatives of the Christian Church. It seems, however, that at the seventh Council of Bishops, the continuation of the dance of David was disallowed, and the order for its performance rescinded. But it happened that the Bishop representing Abyssinia was unable to be present either at this or the next council; the country, in all probability, being in a state of war, and unable to consider spiritual matters. The Abyssinian Church, therefore, continued in ignorance of the order rescinding the dance, which has, in consequence, been continued and performed on the sacred Saturday before Easter.

"As we neared the courtyard of Ras Makennon's house we were greeted with sounds of singing. Upon entering we were surprised to find the place crowded with people, and then realized that we had been asked to witness a religious ceremony. Some of those present were beautifully attired ni Indian robes, and wore gold crowns covered with precious stones. Others dressed in white, with a deep red band running down the centre (distinguishing them from Mohammedans,) the headdress consisting of a large white turban. All these people were seated on the ground in the veranda, and in the centre we discovered the Garasmatch (General of the Right) seated on a chair of state. After greeting him I had time to look about at the weird crowd facing us in a semi-circle. At my left, under a magnificently embroidered umbrella, stood an aged man, and in his immediate following were small children, holding some scriptural sign. The old man was the high priest. Beyond him, and completing the semi-circle, stood other men, all dressed in white, some holding wands and others rattles, while still others were weighted down with heavy drums. Thus they sang the Psalms of David—to the accompaniment of music and dancing. The priests, as they continued the movement, gradually warmed up to the work, and ended in a wild, fantastical figure. This over, a representative was chosen from among the priests, who delivered a long harangue to the Garasmatch, chanting psalms and extolling the merits of the Emperor, Ras Makennon, and the Garasmatch himself, finishing by hoping that the Garasmatch would not forget that they had fasted for two months, and that he would give them plenty of food and money.

The General of the Right thereupon asked us to call upon him in half an hour, and then proceeded to the reception hall, where the priests received money and an invitation to breakfast on the following morning. After this the priests broke up into small parties, and visited the various European high officials in the town, from whom they demanded money. Each man, on giving them a present, received a talisman from the priests, meaning "Good luck and peace be to them."

Value of a Bee's Tongue.

In the new apiculture the length of the bees' tongues is looked upon as a matter of importance. The longer the tongue the greater is the insect's honey-gathering capacity, and a new French apparatus, the glossmeter, is designed to aid the apiarist who, by judicious selection, seeks to develop a long-tongued race. The apparatus is simply a glass vessel for syrup, with a lid containing numerous small perforations, and a floating scale to show the hight of the liquid when the bees just reach it through the holes. It is estimated that the ordinary bee can draw sweets from a depth of about a quarter of an inch, and that selection can increase its range a twenty-fifth of an inch.

Praises Indian Pupils.

At the recent conference of Baptist missionaries at Chautauqua, Miss Ferree, who represents the Industrial School for Indians at Carlisle, Penn., said that among the noticeable traits of character found in the Indian pupils were honor, obedience and generosity.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Sin of Borrowing Trouble—A Bad Habit That Unfits Many to Properly Discharge the Duties of Life—God Will Meet Our Exigencies as They Arise

[Copyright 1903.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows the folly of allowing forebodings to influence us and how expectation of evil weakens and destroys; text, Matthew vi. 34, "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

The life of every man, woman and child is as closely under the divine care as though such person were the only man, woman or child. There are no accidents. As there is a law of storms in the natural world, so there is a law of trouble, a law of disaster, a law of misfortune, but the majority of the troubles of life are imaginary, and the most of those anticipated never come. At any rate, there is no cause of complaint against God. See how much He has done to make you happy—His sunshine filling the earth with glory, making rainbow for the storm and halo for the mountain, greenness for the moss, saffron for the cloud and crystal for the billow and procession of bannered flame through the opening gates of the morning, chaffinches to sing, rivers to glitter, seas to chant and springs to blossom and overpowering all other sounds with its song and over-reaching all other splendor with its triumph, covering up all other beauty with its garlands and outflashing all other thrones with its dominion—deliverance for a lost world through the Great Redeemer.

I discourse of the sin of borrowing trouble.

First, such a habit of mind and heart is wrong because it puts one into a despondency that ill fits him for duty. I planted two rose bushes in my garden. The one thrived beautifully; the other perished. I found the dead one on the shady side of the house. Our dispositions, like our plants, need sunshine. Expectancy of repulse is the cause of many secular and religious failures. Fear of bankruptcy has upturn many a fine business and sent the man dodging among the note shavers. Fear of slander and abuse has often invited the long-beaked vultures of scorn and backbiting. Many of the misfortunes of life, like hyenas, flee if you courageously meet them.

How poorly prepared for religious duty is a man who sits down under the gloom of expected misfortune! If he prays, he says, "I do not think I shall be answered." If he gives, he says, "I expect they will steal the money." Helen Chalmers told me that her father, Thomas Chalmers, in the darkest hour of the Free Church of Scotland and when the woes of the land seemed to weigh upon his heart, said to his children, "Come, let us go out and play ball or fly kite," and the only difficulty in the play was that the children could not keep up with their father. The McChevnes and the Summerfields of the church who did the most good toiled in the sunlight. Away with the horrors! They distil poison. They dig graves, and if they could climb so high they would drown the rejoicings of heaven with sobs and wailing.

You will have nothing but misfortune in the future if you sedulously watch for it. How shall a man catch the right kind of fish if he arranges line and hook and bait to catch lizards and water serpents? Hunt for bats and hawks, and bats and hawks you will find. Hunt for robin redbreasts, and you will find robin redbreasts. One night an eagle and an owl got into fierce battle. The eagle, unused to the night, was no match for the owl, which is most at home in the darkness, and the king of the air fell helpless, but the morning rose, and with it rose the eagle, and the owls and the nighthawks and the bats came a second time to the combat. Now, the eagle in the sunlight, with a stroke of his talons and a great cry cleared the air, and his enemies, with torn feathers and splashed with blood, tumbled into the thickets. Ye are the children of light. In the night of despondency you will have no chance against your enemies that flock up from beneath, but trusting in God and standing in the sunshine of the promises you shall "renew your youth like the eagle."

Again, the habit of borrowing trouble is wrong, because it has a tendency to make us overlook present blessing. To slake man's thirst the rock is cleft, and cool water leap into his brimming cup. To feed his hunger the fields bow down with bending wheat, and the cattle come down from the clover pastures to give him milk, and the orchards yellow and ripen, casting their juicy fruits into his lap. Alas, that amid such exuberance of blessing man should growl as though he were a soldier on half rations or a sailor on short allowance; that a man should stand neck deep in harvests looking forward to famine; that one should feel the strong pulses of health marching with regular tread all the avenues of life and yet tremble at the expected assault of sickness; that a man should sit in his pleasant home, fearful that ruthless want will some day rattle the broken window sash with tempest and sweep the coals from the hearth and pour hunger into the bread tray; that a man fed by Him who owns all the harvests should expect to starve; that one whom God loves and surrounds with benediction and attends with angelic escort and hovers over with more than motherly fondness should be looking for a heritage of tears! Has God been hard with thee that thou shouldst be foreboding? Has He stinted thy board? Has He covered thee with rags? Has He spread traps for thy feet and galled thy cup and rasped thy soul and wrecked thee with storm and thundered upon thee with a life full of calamity?

If your father or brother come into your bank, where gold and silver are lying about, you do not watch them, for you know they are honest, but if an entire stranger come by the safe you keep your eye on him, for you do not know his designs. So some men treat God not as a father, but a stranger, and act suspiciously toward Him. It is high time you began to thank God for present blessing; thank Him for your children, happy buoyant and bounding; praise Him for your home, with its fountain of song and laughter; adore Him for morning light and evening shadow; praise Him for fresh, cool water bubbling from the rock, leaping in the cascade, soaring in the mist, falling in the shower, dashing against the rocks and clapping its hands in the tempest; love Him for the grass that cushions the earth and the clouds that curtain the sky and the foliage that waves in the forest; thank Him for a Bible to read and a Saviour to deliver.

Many Christians think it a bad sign to be jubilant, and their work of self-examination is a hewing down of their brighter experiences. Like a boy with a new jackknife hacking everything he comes across, so their self-examination is a religious cutting to pieces of the greenest things they can lay their hands on. They imagine they are doing God's service when they are going about borrowing trouble, and borrowing it at thirty per cent., which is always a sure precursor of bankruptcy.

Again, the habit of borrowing trouble is wrong because the present is sufficiently taxed with trial. God sees that we all need a certain amount of trouble, and so He apportions it for all the days and years of our life. Alas for the policy of gathering it all up for one day or year! Cruel thing to put upon the back of one camel all the cargo intended for the entire caravan. I never look at my memorandum book to see what engagements and duties are far ahead. Let every week bear its own burdens. The shadows of to-day are thick enough. Why implore the presence of other shadows? The cup is already distasteful. Why halloo to disasters far distant to come and wring out more gall in the bitterness? Are we such champions that, having won the belt in former encounters, we can go forth to challenge all the future?

Here are business men just able to manage affairs as they now are. They can pay their rent and meet their notes and manage affairs as they now are, but how if a panic should come and my investments should fail? Go to morrow and write on your daybook or on your ledger or on your money safe, "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." Do not worry about notes that are far from due. Do not pile up on your counting desk the financial anxieties of the next twenty years. The God who has taken care of your worldly occupation, guarding your store from the torch of the incendiary and the key of the burglar, will be as faithful in 1910 as in 1901. God's hand is mightier than the machinations of stock gamblers or the plots of political demagogues or the red right arm of revolution, and the darkness will fly and the storm fall dead at His feet.

So there are persons in feeble health, and they are worried about the future. They make out very well now, but they are bothering themselves about future pleurisies and rheumatisms and neuralgias and fevers. Their eyesight is feeble, and they are worried lest they entirely lose it. Their hearing is indistinct, and they are alarmed lest they become entirely deaf. They felt chilly to-day and are expecting an attack of typhoid. They have been troubled for weeks with some perplexing malady and dread becoming lifelong invalids. Take care of your health now and trust God for the future. Be not guilty of the blasphemy of asking Him to take care of you while you sleep with your windows tight down or eat chicken salad at 11 o'clock at night or sit down on a cake of ice to cool off. Be prudent and then be confident. Some of the sickest people have been the most useful. It was so with Payson, who died deaths daily, and Robert Hall, who used to stop in the midst of his sermon and lie down on the pulpit sofa to rest and then go on again. Theodore Frelinghuysen had a great horror of dying till the time came, and then went peacefully. Take care of the present and let the future look out for itself. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

Again, the habit of borrowing misfortune is wrong because it unfits us for it when it actually does come. We cannot always have smooth sailing. Life's path will sometimes tumble among declivities and mount a steep and be thorn pierced. Judas will kiss our cheek and then sell us for thirty pieces of silver. Human scorn will try to crucify us between two thieves. We will hear the iron gate of the sepulcher creak and grind as it shuts in our kindred. But we cannot get ready for these things by forebodings. They who fight imaginary woes will come out of breath into conflict with the armed disasters of the future. Their ammunition will have been wasted long before they come under the guns of real misfortune. Boys in attempting to jump a wall sometimes go so far back in order to get impetus that when they come up they are exhausted, and these long races in order to get spring enough to vault trouble bring us up at last to the dreadful reality with our strength gone.

Finally, the habit of borrowing trouble is wrong because it is unbelief. God has promised to take care of us. The Bible blooms with assurances. Your hunger will be fed, your sickness will be alleviated, your sorrows will be healed. God will sandal your feet and smooth your path, and along by frowning crag and opening grave sound the voices of victory and good cheer. The summer clouds that seem thunder charged really carry in their bosom harvests of wheat and shocks of corn and vineyards purpling for the wine press. The wrathful wave will kiss the feet of the great storm walker. Our great Joshua will command and above your soul the sun of prosperity will stand still. Bleak and wave struck Palmos shall have apocalyptic vision, and you shall hear the cry of elders and the sweep of wings and trumpets of salvation and the voice of hallelujah unto God forever.

Your way may wind along dangerous bridle paths and amid wolf's howl and the scream of the vulture, but the way still winds upward till angels guard it and trees of life overarch it, and thrones line it, and crystalline fountains leap on it, and the pathway ends at gates that are pearl, and streets that are gold, and temples that are always open, and hills that quake with perpetual song and a city mingling forever Sabbath and jubilee and triumph and coronation.

Let pleasure chant her siren song;
'Tis not the song for me.
To weeping it will turn ere long,
For this is heaven's decree.

But there's a song the ransomed sing
To Jesus, their exalted King.
With joyful heart and tongue,
Oh, that's the song for me!

Courage, my brother! the father does not give to his son at school enough money to last him several years, but as the bills for tuition and board and clothing and books come in pays them. So God will not give you grace all at once for the future, but will meet all your exigencies as they come. Through earnest prayer trust Him. People ascribe the success of a certain line of steamers to business skill, and know not the fact that when that line of steamers started the wife of the proprietor passed the whole of each day when a steamer sailed in prayer to God for its safety and the success of the line. Put everything in God's hands and leave it there. Large interest money to pay will soon eat up a farm, a store, an estate and the interest on borrowed troubles will swamp anybody. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

The Mountain Creation.

Moses was to build the tabernacle after the pattern he had received in the mount. God was the architect, Moses only the builder. That method saved much discussion and trouble with the workers about the tabernacle. There are some things the world cannot change; God's plan for a human life is never out of date; the mountain architecture is perfect. It is neither Grecian nor Roman; it does not follow any human school; it is after the heavenly design. See that you make your architecture after the holy pattern, perfected from foundation to capstone. Strange to say that while there is wide difference of opinion as to what is artistic and beautiful in human workmanship, men are of one mind when they stand before the mountain-creation. The sermon on the mount is the pattern of the mount, the architecture of a right life. When men cry: "Back to Christ," urging us to conform to the principles and rules of the Master, they are simply repeating to all men the command that was given to Moses: "See that thou make all things according to the pattern shewed thee in the mount." What perfect harmony there would be among the life-buildings in the world if we followed the heavenly designs!—Ba.tist Union.

The Setting of a Hope.

The setting of a great hope is like the setting of the sun. The brightness of our life is gone. Shadows of evening fall around us and the world seems but a dim reflection—itself a broader shadow; we look forward into the coming lonely night. The soul withdraws into itself. Then stars arise and the night is holy.—H. W. Longfellow.

THE SABBATH SC

INTERNATIONAL LESSON CO FOR SEPTEMBER 27.

Subject: Woes of Intemperance. Isaiah, 29-33.—Golden Text, Prov. 1—Memory Verses, 29-33.—Comments on the Day's Lesson.

29. "Who." A divine [illegible] every man to investigate [illegible] cause of woe and sorrow [illegible] thus be deterred from [illegible] course in life. Robinson [illegible] the drunkard's looking [illegible] those whose face is toward [illegible] habits, so that they may [illegible] will be if they go on. [illegible] space would be needed [illegible] names of all who could [illegible] to this question. [illegible] committed and a certain [illegible] of suffering. Sin of [illegible] own punishment, but [illegible] so speedily and resentless[illegible] tim as the sin of drunkenness [illegible] and has woes of body [illegible] woe's in himself, woes [illegible] diseases, poverty and [illegible] time. Who hath [illegible] word means first poverty. The drunkard has [illegible] making. The cup contains [illegible] woe, a single sorrow [illegible] a numerous as to fill [illegible] long continued, cry [illegible] hath contentions. [illegible] to the first two questions [illegible] to this. Nine tenths of [illegible] fights, quarrels and [illegible] traceable to drink. "W[illegible] This refers to the [illegible] drink to banish and [illegible] vexing secrets, vile [illegible] noisy demonstrations, [illegible] in different stages of drunk[illegible] without cause. "W[illegible] wholly unprofitable [illegible] of the brawls of drunk[illegible] are especially exposed [illegible] cases which temperance [illegible] vented. "Redness of [illegible] blurred or bleared eyes [illegible] cohol induces a paralysis [illegible] controlling the minute [illegible] capillaries, which results [illegible] specially shows itself [illegible] step and in his eye th[illegible] the secret of his sin. [illegible] drunkard's broad road to [illegible] great bundle of woes. As [illegible] losses of time, of talent [illegible] clean conscience, of self-respect [illegible] of religion, of the soul.

30. "They that tarry [illegible] This answers the above [illegible] begins to drink continue[illegible] ing often a whole night [illegible] day and night. "They th[illegible] or among people where [illegible] are made or stored [illegible] wine." Spiced, drugged [illegible] the intoxicating power [illegible] creased by the infusion of [illegible] Such men drink the [illegible] The chemical analysis of [illegible] by the people in this [illegible] they drink alcohol, arsenic [illegible] bitter almonds, blood, [illegible] cocculus indicus, copperas [illegible] bane, isinglass, lime, [illegible] vounica, opium, oil of vi[illegible] oil of turpentine, tobacco [illegible] resin, etc.

31. "Look not thou [illegible] This prohibits moderate [illegible] put yourself in the way of temptation [illegible] who goes freely into temptation [illegible] more than half fallen. "When [illegible] The bright color of the wine [illegible] attractive look and adds to [illegible] and its danger. "When it goeth [illegible] in the cup." Literally, [illegible] brightness, or the beauty [illegible] which the wine-drinker [illegible] ture. "When it goeth [illegible] This verse pictures the attractive[illegible] wine, when it seems perfectly [illegible] sip a little, when it is bright and [illegible] thrilling the nerves with delight [illegible] ing all joy and freedom. It is the [illegible] side of evil that is so dangerous [illegible] ery entrance to the path that [illegible] death.

32. "At last it biteth." The [illegible] will be attended at last with [illegible] pains, when it works like a serpent [illegible] in thy veins and stings like an [illegible] as hard to care as the bites of a [illegible] its effects are opposite to [illegible] Its only beauty is when it [illegible] cup. It can only harm [illegible] tures to enjoy its pleasure [illegible] sends its poison beyond your [illegible] only end is ruin.

33. "Thine eyes shall behold [illegible] women." The loving [illegible] tender of her goodness [illegible] sires spring up to kill her [illegible] or to go from her [illegible] fallen into the same pit [illegible] yourself. Homes are [illegible] result of strong drink. The [illegible] pleadings of the devoted [illegible] and the dance hall is sought [illegible] are dressed to suit the [illegible] and where natural affection [illegible] and cruel lust rules. "Then [illegible] utter froward things." When [illegible] women indulge in the use of [illegible] they let down the bars to [illegible] follows in the train. The [illegible] tre of life, and from it spring [illegible] sires. In a state of drunkenness [illegible] things out of reason and [illegible] cency.

34. "As he that lieth down [illegible] of the sea." To make [illegible] waves of the sea would be [illegible] up in death. So is the drunkard [illegible] as a pilot who has gone [illegible] ship was in the trough [illegible] the tiller to slip out of his hand [illegible] ship to be swamped [illegible] he might have survived [illegible] sotted men know not [illegible] what they are doing [illegible] down they are as if [illegible] waves of the sea or [illegible] mast. Their heads [illegible] disquiet and troubled [illegible] sleep unrefreshing. [illegible] mast." The drunkard [illegible] of life. He is as [illegible] the masthead whence [illegible] must either fall down [illegible] be dashed in pieces, or [illegible] and be drowned.

35. "They have stricken me [illegible] not hurt." With [illegible] self-respect gone the [illegible] the things which [illegible] with shame. They have [illegible] felt it not." Angry [illegible] their worst to end my life [illegible] their blows did not affect me [illegible] shall I awake? I will seek [illegible] Rather when I shall awake [illegible] again. Self-control is gone. The [illegible] is a slave to appetite. He is [illegible] to the pleadings and warnings [illegible] who seek his salvation or [illegible] beseechings of his comrades [illegible] rious.

The trotting record is [illegible] pretty steadily nearing the [illegible] ute mark. And there were [illegible] who argued scientifically [illegible] physically impossible for [illegible] trot a mile less than 2:[illegible]

Says the Los Angeles [illegible] gress should abolish the [illegible] prize money in the navy. [illegible] vival of the time of pirates.

OLGOSZ, THE ASSASSIN

[illegible] Killer, He Spent Days in Fishing and Hating Work.

FAMILY LIVES IN CLEVELAND

[illegible] Czolgosz, the Father, an Industrious [illegible] Family in Fleet [illegible] Blames the Root of the Family — The Father says His Son Should Be Punished For His Dastardly Crime

Cleveland, Ohio. The [illegible] religious family in Fleet street [illegible] centre of the poorest section [illegible] the city. [illegible] Paul Czolgosz, has a large [illegible] exhibits. He is living [illegible] wife. Besides [illegible] are [illegible] the family. [illegible] Detective [illegible] Detroit, who lives in Fleet street.

[illegible] President's assailant and the second time [illegible]

[illegible] of Marcelle avenue. [illegible] is said to be a soldier in the Fifth [illegible] Joseph and Frank, of Alpena [illegible] and two stepdaughters, Twila [illegible] Clara, who live in the Fleet street [illegible]

Paul Czolgosz, the father, maintains [illegible] his son should be punished for [illegible] he has done, and it is evident [illegible] he has no sympathy with Leon [illegible] other members of the family [illegible] to be different from Leon in sen[illegible] ent. They are thrifty, while he [illegible] lazy, and all save the small child [illegible] are workers. Their home is [illegible] fully furnished, but it is clean. Leon [illegible] to have been a black sheep in [illegible] flock.

Paul Czolgosz, the father, is an in[illegible] trious man. He also has some [illegible] More than thirty years ago [illegible] came to this country with his wife [illegible] was at the high tide of prosperi[illegible] after the war. He found his way [illegible] Detroit, where he secured a posi[illegible] as laborer. There he managed [illegible] make a comfortable living. There [illegible] of his children were born. In [illegible] meantime he had accumulated [illegible] money.

When he came to Ohio, fourteen or [illegible] years ago, he purchased a forty [illegible] farm in Warrensville, eight miles [illegible] Cleveland. There the family [illegible] until last spring, when the farm [illegible] sold for $4500 and the family [illegible] into the city, the father and [illegible] sons obtaining employment in [illegible] manufacturing establishments.

Leon would not work. He disappeared several months ago, and the family knew nothing of his whereabouts until he shot the President. [illegible] This is the story the father told, through an interpreter.

Leon was not like the rest of the family. He did not associate with [illegible]

THE MILBURN RESI[illegible]

[illegible] illustration shows the room [illegible] to guard [illegible]

[illegible] He preferred to be alone. He [illegible] home nights to sleep. All day [illegible] was away fishing or killing. He [illegible] he was not well and could not [illegible] He had no friends or associ[illegible] He hated women.

PRONOUNCE IT "SGOLLGOSCH."

[illegible] Way to Name the Man Who Tried to Kill the President.

Chicago.—The name of the man Czolgosz, who shot President McKinley, offers a problem in pronunciation to nine-tenths of those who attempt to speak it. It is one of those [illegible] which the English alphabet [illegible] spell phonetically, and which [illegible] average English-speaking person [illegible] stumbles over in trying to express [illegible] hearing it spoken by a Russian [illegible] according to its sound, the [illegible]

[illegible] time must come—and it cannot [illegible] long distant—when ten days will be [illegible] time to land passengers in Asia, [illegible] total of two weeks between New [illegible] and Manila. This is only 600 or [illegible] miles a day, and while that speed [illegible] not be maintained except at [illegible] expense, the demands of Asiatic [illegible] travel will soon warrant the [illegible]

THE SABBATH SCHO

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMM
FOR SEPTEMBER 22.

Subject: Woes of Intemperance, Prov. xxiii., 29-35.—Golden Text, Prov. xx. 1.—Memory Verses, 29-32.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

29. "Who?" A divine compassion every man to investigate the pow cause of sin and sorrow and strife. this be deterred from taking the course in life. Robinson calls this the drunkard's looking glass, yet how he shuns it as toward the drunkard's house, so that they may see what sin will be needed to reveal. ... shall who could truthfully say ... "Who? Dreadful ... the condemnation for a ... and a certain social condemnation ... sin of all kinds brings ... shame, but there is no sin ... and resentment gnaws the ... drunkenness. The drunkard ... body and more of misery ... woes in his family; ... and all without hope ... bath error. The Hebrew first, perverse, and the ... drunkard has sorrow of heart ... sorrow is not all. There ... contains more than ... sorrow in one word. There ... to call for the instant ... of danger. ... The Scriptural questions will also reveal ... Such revelation as the brawls ... and misunderstandings ... drink. "Who hath babbling? ... to the tendency of strong drink and incessant talking, ... vile conversation ... conditions, which are ... of drunkenness. "Who hath wounds?" Wounds received ... quarrelsome disputes, such as ... of drunken men. Drunkenness ... have ... 30. "They that tarry long at the wine; they that go to seek out mixed wine." Speaks of those who are ... to drink, or who spend ... in drinking a whole night and from the day and night. They that go ... among people where intoxicating ... are made or stored or used. "Mixed wine." Spiced, drugged, medicated ... the intoxicating power of which ... increased by the infusion of drugs and ... Such men drink the cup of costly ... the chemical analysis of the liquors ... by the people in this country shows ... they drink alcohol, arsenic, alum, ... bitter almonds, blood, chalk, cherry-laurel, ... cocculus indicus, coperas, gypsum, ... henbane, isinglass, lime, lead, logwood, ... vitriol, opium, oil of vitriol, oil of ... oil of turpentine, tobacco, sugar of ... resin, etc. ... 31. "Look not thou upon the wine ... This prohibits moderate drinking. Do ... put yourself in the way of temptation, ... who goes freely into temptation is ... more than half fallen. "When it is ... The bright color of the wine gives ... attractive look and adds to its fascination ... and its danger. "When it giveth its ... in the cup." Literally, its eye, the ... brightness, or the bead of bubbles ... which the wine drinker looks with ... "When it goeth down smoothly." ... This verse pictures the attractive ... wine, when it seems perfectly harmless ... sip a little, when it is bright and inviting, ... thrilling the nerves with delight, giving ... all joy and freedom. It is the ... side of evil that is so dangerous—the ... entrance to the path that leads ... death. ... 32. "At last it biteth." The pleasure ... will be attended at last with intense ... pains, when it works like so much ... in the veins and casts thee into ... need to cure as the biting of a serpent ... its effects are opposite to its pleasures ... Its only beauty is when it sparkles ... it. It can only harm the one who ... dares to enjoy its pleasure. Then it ... venomous poison, beyond your reach ... and is ruin. ... "Thine eyes shall behold strange ... women." The loving wife will be ... her goodness despised, and ... seeking up to fill her place with ... to go from her with others who ... fallen into the same pit of drunkenness ... yourself. Homes are broken up ... result of strong drink. The tender ... pleadings of the devoted wife are ... and the dance hall is sought, where ... are dressed to suit the eyes of wicked ... and where natural affection is overcome ... and cruel lust rules. "Thine heart ... utter froward things." When ... women indulge in the use of strong ... they let down the bars to every ... in the train. The heart is ... of life, and from it spring all ... sins. In a state of drunkenness ... things out of reason and contrary ... 34. "As he that lieth down in the ... of the sea." To make one's bed ... waves of the sea would be to be swept ... up in death. So is the drunken man ... as a pilot who has gone to sleep ... ship was in the trough of the sea, ... the tiller to slip out of his hand, ... ship to be swamped with the waves ... he might have outridden. Stupefied ... sotted men know not where they ... what they are doing, and when ... down they are as if tossed by the ... waves of the sea, or upon the top ... "Their heads swim." Their ... dizziness and troublesome dreams ... sleep unrefreshing. "Upon the top ... mast." The drunkard is utterly ... of life. He is as one falling asleep ... the masthead, whence in a few ... must either fall down upon the ... be dashed in pieces, or fall into ... and be drowned. ... "They have stricken me—and ... not hurt." With consciences ... of reproof gone the drunkard ... things which should make him ... wrong, saying, "They have beaten ... and not." Angry companions ... "The worst to end my life, says ... blows did not affect me. ... shall I awake? I will seek it ... further when I shall awake I will ... again." Self-control is gone. The ... is a slave to appetite. He is as ... to the pleadings and warnings ... who seek his salvation as he ... warnings of his comrades when ... rious.

The trotting record is ... pretty steadily nearing the ... ute mark. And there were ... who argued scientifically that ... physically impossible for a ... trot a mile less than 2.20.

Says the Los Angeles Herald: "Congress should abolish the ... prize money in the navy. It ... vival of the time of pirates ... teers."

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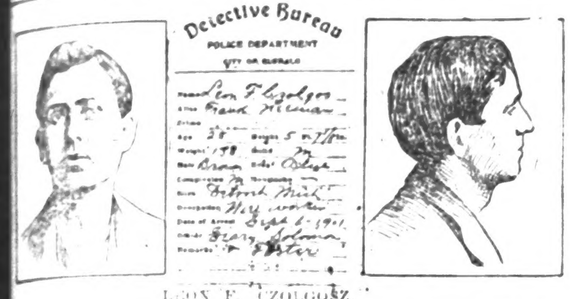
...LY LIVES IN CLEVELAND

... Czolgosz, the Father, an Industrious, ... Worthy Man—Leon, the Anarchist, Unlike the Rest of the Family — The Former Says He Son Should Be Punished For His Dastardly Crime.

Cleveland, ... The home of the ... Fleet street, is in ... section of the ... southeastern part ... of the assassin ... is a large family ... with his second ... Leon Czolgosz ... Waldeck, a ... Fleet street;



LEON F. CZOLGOSZ.
(Taken and the record made by the Buffalo police at the time of his arrest.)

... avenue, Michael, ... Northeast. He was connected with different anarchistic societies and was President of the Sala Club, an organization that has since gone out of existence. Marion Przybelowski, a former companion of the assassin, says that Czolgosz was a very noisy fellow, especially when discussing politics.

... in the Phil- ... Frank, of Alpena, ... Celia ... Fleet street ... Just after the outbreak of the Spanish war Czolgosz and his uncle went from Minneapolis to Peoria, Ill. Neither he nor his uncle were considered real anarchists while they lived here, and the Poles say they have no such society here. The Poles do not believe he is of their nationality, and the Rev. Mr. Kamensky says he has reason to believe that he is a Hungarian. The Poles here generally condemn his act, and say if they had the opportunity they would lynch him.

... father, maintains ... be punished for ... and it is evident ... with Leon. ... of the family ap- ... from Leon in sen- ... thrifty, while he ... and all save the small chil- ... Their home is ... it is clean. Leon ... a black sheep in ... the father, is an in- ... He also has some ... thirty years ago ... country with his wife, ... high tide of prosperi- ... He found his way ... where he secured a posi- ... There he managed ... comfortable living. There ... children were born. In ... had accumulated ... Ohio, fourteen or ... purchased a forty ... ville, eight miles ... There the family ... when the farm ... and the family ... the father and ... employment in ... business ... work. He disap- ... ago, and the ... of his whereabouts ... the President, at ... history the father ... the rest of the ... not associate with ...

Close Description of the Assassin.

In facial appearance Leon Czolgosz belies his fatal anarchistic tendencies.

Though narrow, his forehead is high, heightening a look of intelligence.

His eyes are blue-gray, sharp and well defined.

Head round and large at apex.

Nose prominent, mouth well curved, lending pleasant look to features.

Jawbones not prominent.

Chin weak and receding, narrowing to a point.

Teeth good.

Temperament highly emotional.

Hair light brown and wavy.

Height 5 feet 8½ inches.

Weight, 150 pounds.

Age, twenty-eight years.

Figure, erect and solid.

Habit, inveterate smoker.

Voice low, speaks with accent.

Born in Detroit, Mich.

Educated in Catholic parochial school in Detroit.

Well Known to the Poles of That City, Where He Lived in 1897-98.

St. Paul, Minn.—Leon Czolgosz is well known to the Poles of Minneapolis, where he resided in 1897 and 1898. During that period he was employed in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad shops as a machinist's helper and lived with his uncle, Frank Szolkowski, on Washington street, Northeast. He was connected with different anarchistic societies and was President of the Sala Club, an organization that has since gone out of existence. Marion Przybelowski, a former companion of the assassin, says that Czolgosz was a very noisy fellow, especially when discussing politics.

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Name Is Spelled Phonetically "Tsholgosch," or Its Equivalent, Is Given by Those Who Have Lived Where the Name Is Common.

Cleveland, ... The name of the man who tried to kill the President, ... President McKinley, is a pronuncia- ... those who at- ... one of those ... English alphabet ... and which ... speaking person ... by a Russian, ... its sound, the name of Czolgosz, or its nearest equivalent, is "Tcholgosch," or more broadly speaking, "Sholgosch." The former pronunciation is the one given by Sergeant Ter-Isaian of the Detective Bureau, who is a Russian and who is familiar with the varied dialects in Polish Russia, from whence the parents of Leon Czolgosz came to this country.

"Cz" is represented in the Russian alphabet by a character which is pronounced sch, the same as though one were suppressing a sneeze—"tch." The next two letters, "ol," are pronounced in combination as though written "oll," and the remaining letters of the name, "gosz," have the sound of "gosch."

CZOLGOSZ IN MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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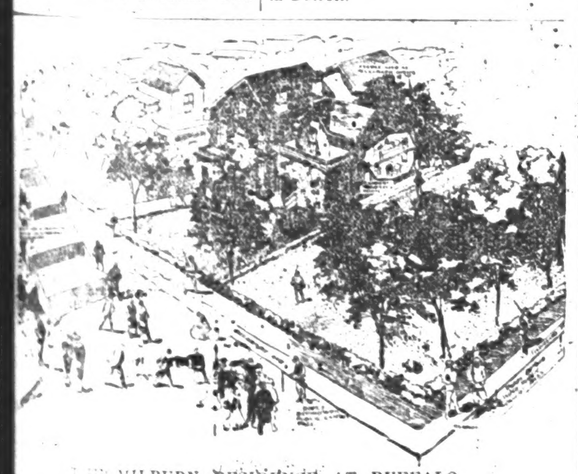

THE MILBURN RESIDENCE AT BUFFALO.
(Showing the room of the President and the precautions taken to guard the house.)

... to be alone. He ... to sleep. All day ... or idling. He ... well and could not ... friends or associates ...

...NCE OF "TSHOLLGOSCH."

Name Is Spelled Phonetically—Name the Man Who Tried to Kill the President.

... of the man ... President McKinley ... pronuncia- ... those who at- ... one of those ... English alphabet ... and which ... speaking person ... by a Russian, ... its sound, the ...

MOVEMENT AGAINST ANARCHISTS.

A Strong Sentiment For the Banishment of All Avowed Reds Developed.

New York City.—The shooting of President McKinley has resulted in a movement throughout the nation for clearing the country of Anarchists. Governors, Senators, Representatives, mayors, jurists and police officers all over the United States are heartily in favor of the suppression of all avowed enemies of Government.

A number of Congressmen propose to introduce bills looking to the exclusion of Anarchists, if not for the expulsion of those now in the country. Others intend to frame and ask for the passage of laws imposing the death penalty upon any person making an attempt to kill the President.

... time ... and it cannot ... which ten days will be ... to land passengers in Asia, ... a total of two weeks between New ... and Manila. This is only 600 or ... miles a day, and while that speed ... not be maintained except at ... expense, the demands of Asiatic travel will soon warrant the ...

One of the most interesting of recent gifts to colleges is that of Mrs. Carroll to the University of Virginia. She has handed over to the institution the greater part of an income which she was to have enjoyed for the term of her natural life. Jefferson's college well deserves such aid. The authorities displayed great pluck after the disastrous fire of a few years ago.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Governor Jelks has issued a proclamation announcing the death of McKinley and ordering that the flag over the capitol be hung at half mast, that the capitol building be draped in mourning, that the executive offices of the state capitol be closed during the hour announced for the funeral, that each battery of the Alabama National Guard pay funeral honors by firing the salutes prescribed by the regulations, and that the people in their respective communities are requested to meet at times and places convenient for themselves to give public expression of their sorrow.

The following committee has been appointed by the governor to attend the funeral of President McKinley: Gen. Rufus N. Rhodes, Hon. H. D. Clayton, Mr. Frank P. Glass, Judge D. L. Shelby, Hon. Robert L. Houston, Mr. Phares Coleman, Mr. Tyler Goodwin, Hon. Ross C. Smith, Mr. Erwin Craighead, Hon. B. M. Long, Hon. Samuel Blackwell, Hon. J. T. Heflin, Mr. J. A. W. Smith, Judge Dan Gordon, Mr. H. S. D. Mallory, Hon. John A. Davis.

UNIVERSITY LAND CASE SETTLED.

The controversy between the University of Alabama and the Sloss-Sheffield Co. regarding the sale of certain lands has been settled. The dispute arose over the sale of 4400 acres of coal lands belonging to the University to the Sloss-Sheffield Co. for $56,000. The sale created a political furore and suit was brought to enjoin the terms of the sale from being carried out. By the settlement the Sloss-Sheffield Co. received back its check for $56,000 and conveyed to the university 2,590 acres of land, while the university conveyed to the Sloss-Sheffield Co. a like body of land. This left disposition to be made of the other 1,900 acres of the original deal. This tract is conveyed back to the university. To even up all disparities the Sloss-Sheffield Co. paid to the university a bonus of about $11,000.

RAILROAD IMPROVEMENT.

The Southern system is considering the advisability of building tracks to facilitate the additional traffic occasioned when the Central Coal and Iron Company puts its new furnace into blast at Tuscaloosa. This furnace will be one of the largest in Alabama, the daily capacity being 250 tons. The Alabama Great Southern is desirous of having a road built between Brookwood and Tidewater, eleven miles. The number of side tracks to be built from the main line to the furnace are, of course, under consideration. The furnace will be located on the Warrior, which affords cheap transportation to Mobile.

BELLS TOLLED AT TUSCALOOSA.

When the death of President McKinley became known at 1:30 Saturday morning, a number of citizens who happened to be awake went to the court house and tolled the bell for the departed chieftan. President McKinley's death is deeply deplored there.

RUSSELLVILLE is to have a new school house to cost $7,500.

THE cornerstone of Jasper's new school was laid last Saturday. The plans show a beautiful structure.

ONE of the coaches of a Southern passenger train caught fire near Anniston Thursday, and was considerably damaged. The origin of the blaze is thought to have been a live spark.

CONGRESSMAN BANKHEAD is well again after his severe malarial attack. His malady was not serious but it made him very sick. He will be home in a few days.

THERE was a rumor that the paymaster of the Republic Iron & Steel Co. would be held up last Saturday on his way to pay off the men. Precautions were taken but nothing developed.

THE celebration of the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Fitts, of Tuscaloosa, took place Friday night in their handsome home in East End. It was one of the largest and most notable affairs in Tuscaloosa's recent history. Among the distinguished guests were former Governor Robert L. Taylor, of Tennessee.

THE Russian government has decided to build five battleships, each of 20,000 tons, in Russian shipyards.

A PORTION of the track of the Southern Railway below Tuscumbia was washed out by the heavy rains Saturday and traffic was delayed several hours.

NEWS has just been given out of another national bank to be established in Anniston, to be known as the City National Bank, with a capital stock of $100,000. M. B. Wellborn is to be president, and J. W. McElrath cashier.

Ancestors of the Ostrich.

The ostrich is a descendant of a genus of bird which in prehistoric times attained an enormous size. In the alluvial deposits of Madagascar evidence has recently been found to show that ostriches 14 and 15 feet in height once lived on the island.

Two thousand of the 30,000 books on the French Revolution, which have been presented to the Bibliotheque Nationale by the British Museum, will be kept there. The remaining 28,000 will be sent to the Bibliotheque Sevigne.

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cinder, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

There were 150,000 children at school in India sixty years ago. There are 4,000,000 now.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

One way to borrow trouble is to lend money.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Express trains in Russia do not run over twenty-two miles an hour.

We refund 10c. for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

If you don't make hay while the sun shines you won't cut much ice when it freezes.

In these days it is hard for a man to get to the front without backing.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The greatest depth of the Atlantic Ocean is 27,366 feet.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

A man must have some sense to know whether he has any or not.

BURNING LIGHTS AT NIGHT.

Many Timid People Think Artificial Light Protects Them.

"A man troubled with insomnia sees a good many phases of the city's night life that are unknown to those on whom the blessings of sleep descend," said the man with the red mustache. "I myself have not known what it is to rest clear through a night for a good many months, and in my peregrinations and star-gazing I have observed many queer things. One of my curious discoveries is that a goodly percentage of New York's population burn a light at night. When I first noticed those faint points of light shining through so many of the windows in the block that backs up to ours I was alarmed, for I thought that every house must shelter three or four invalids, and that made it look as if an epidemic of some kind had struck our part of the city. Indeed, so seriously did I consider the matter that I made it a point to inquire into the health of the neighborhood, and as a reward for my pains I was informed that out of a population of several hundred souls there were not more than a dozen people on the sick list. Upon making a second and more thorough investigation I was surprised to learn that these lights were kept burning by nervous people, who, although perhaps not exactly afraid of the dark, fancied that they could not sleep well in the middle of it. Even in the hot spells a good many shadow-fearing people have clung to the midnight gas jet."—New York Press.

THEY COURT CAUTIOUSLY.

Lapland Girls Must Have Parental Consent to Marriage.

Getting married among the peoples of the northern nations is by no means the off-hand, hit-or-miss affair which it is with too many people in this blessed country of the free. In Norway before a woman can marry it is necessary, under a law recently passed, that she hold a certificate of housewife ability. She must pass an examination in cooking, knitting, spinning, etc., and get her certificate of proficiency in these branches before she can get her marriage certificate. Also both bride and bridegroom must show evidence that they have been vaccinated properly. In Lapland it is an offense punishable with death to marry a girl without her parents' consent. No elopements in that country! When a pair of lovers apparently have reached that stage of courtship which calls for the official cognizance of "pa" and "ma" the friends of the lovers are invited to meet at a specified place to see the enamored ones run a race. To the girl is allowed in starting the advantage of one-third of the distance, so that it is impossible for the young man to overtake her unless she is willing. If the girl outruns her suitor the affair is ended and she thenceforward is "only a sister" to him. It is a penal offense for the lover to renew his offer of marriage. But if the girl is in the condition of mind of the immortal Barkis, she pretends to meet with some accident—stubs her toe or gets out of breath—and comes to a halt before the course is finished, to be caught by the Lapland swain and live happily ever afterward.

Black Hair

"I have used your Hair Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either.

You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

A Bad Breath

A bad breath means a bad stomach, a bad digestion, a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 cts. of Druggists, or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

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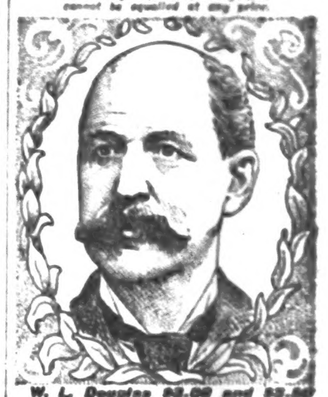
W. L. Douglas sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



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Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere.
Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottoms.
How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cts. additional for carriage. By custom department will make your pair that will equal $6 and fit as well as those costing more. Take measurement of foot as shown on model; state style desired, kind of leather, whether heavy or light sole, whether plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. A $5 guarantee. Try a pair.

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and pronounce it a Perfect Laxative and Liver Medicine. READER:—Have you tried it? Your money back if it fails to do the work.
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Am. N. U., No. 38, 1901.

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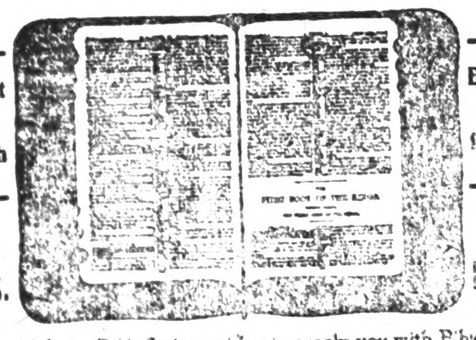

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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	55c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ x1 Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

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Wine of Cardui is the guardian of a woman's health and happiness from youth to old age. It helps her safely into womanhood. It sustains her during the trials of pregnancy, childbirth and motherhood, making labor easy and preventing flooding and miscarriage. It gently leads her through the dangerous period known as the change of life.

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cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and menstrual irregularity in every form. It is valuable in every trying period of a woman's life. It reinforces the nervous system, acts directly on the genital organs and is the finest tonic for women known. Ask your druggist for a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

Batesville, Ala., July 11, 1900. I am using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and I feel like a different woman already. Several ladies here keep the medicines in their homes all the time. I have three girls and they are using it with me.
Mrs. KATE BROWDER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

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Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

F. M. WOODS, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

Not a Success.

"I warn you," he said threateningly, "to keep away from Miss Bilton. I've been making love to her myself."

"Have you, really?" replied his rival. "Well, she'll be glad to have the matter cleared up."

"Cleared up! What do you mean?"

"Why, she said she thought that's what you'd been trying to do, but she wasn't sure."—Chicago Post.

What a man lacks in his head he must make up in his legs.—Atchison Globe.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY,
T. P. A. "Sun Set Route,"
Montgomery, Ala.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellet, of Willford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Curious Vienna Law.

They have curious laws in Vienna and enforce them too. Recently Marie Friedl and Felix Kopstein, aged 15 and 13 years respectively, were walking along a street in the Austrian capital when they came across an old woman staggering along under the weight of a heavy package. Moved by pity, they offered to carry it for the old woman, a proposition to which she readily acceded. The kind hearted children had not gone far before they were arrested by a policeman for carrying parcels without a license. The children were taken to a police station, where the officer in charge lectured them upon the enormity of their offense. They were kept under arrest for six hours and then released with a warning.

It seems that there is a corps of "messengers" in Vienna to which a municipal statute grants the exclusive right of "carrying" inside the city. The boy and girl had violated the law by carrying the old woman's burden, and under such an interpretation of the statute a man who carries a package for a woman with whom he is walking may be "run in" by the first policeman who sees him.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

A SYMPATHETIC NATION.

It would be almost impossible to record to detail the remarkable outburst of sympathy in Great Britian and her colonies over the death of President McKinley, proofs of which are continually arriving here. Not only the King Edward commanded the court to go into mourning for one week but wherever a public meeting of any kind has been held or wherever a public man has had occasion to speak, expressions of horror and sympathy have been heard. In every place of public worship yesterday from St. Paul's cathedral and Canterbury cathedral down, the preachers made special reference to the dead President and invoked a blessing upon the United States and the American people. The church at Balmoral, whose lords had never before been used except on occasions of national interest, broke the custom and assembled the event in the neighborhood.

Mr. Choate and the staff of the United States embassy, who again yesterday had their hands very full, attended service at St. Paul's cathedral in the afternoon. There were many other Americans in the congregation. Canon Scott Holland made a touching allusion to the martyred President and denounced the crime in the most severe language. In accordance with a special army order to the guards at St. James' Palace and at all other points where guard was mounted throughout the United Kingdom, honors were rendered yesterday to the memory of President McKinley, such as are usually accorded only on the death of royal personages. The troops wore crepe and the bands played dirges.

Funeral marches were played in every church in the Kingdom. There was a painful scene at St. David's church, Merthyr-Tydvil. The vicar, the Rev. Mr. Wykes, while referring to the death of Mr. McKinley, swooned. He was carried home ill. Canon Duckworth, preaching in West Minster Abbey, where a memorial service will be held on the day of the funeral, said: "The opening year of the twentieth century will live in our memory and in that of our kinsmen as one that drew us together in the sacred brotherhood of sorrow. It will unite in firmer friendship two great nations."

Similar tributes are recorded in dispatches from the British colonies.

The morning papers again appear with heavy leaded borders, and are almost entirely devoted to Mr. McKinley's death. No such extended tributes of sympathy and respect ever marked the death of any person but a British sovereign. They certainly would not have been called out by the death of any continental ruler.

In addition to almost endless succession of dispatches describing the final scenes and filling many columns, several pages of each journal are given up to descriptions of the sympathy evoked at home and abroad, to extracts from sermons, speeches and editorials, and to extended sketches of the careers of both Mr. McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt, together with reminiscences, mostly accompanied by portraits.

In the editorials on Mr. Roosevelt a sense of relief and intense satisfaction is exhibited at his declaration that he will maintain his predecessor's policy unbroken. While his high courage and integrity of character form the subjects of eulogistic comment and of congratulation to the American nation upon the possession of such a brilliant man to succeed to the presidency.

The Standard comments upon "irony of circumstances that have brought the man supposed to be relegated to obscurity by the vote of the Philadelphia convention into the Presidential chair."

It compares Mr. Roosevelt to the Presidents of the earlier history of the Republic, suggesting that his place in the annals of the United States is likely to be by the side of Madison, Jefferson and Adams.

The Daily Chronicle says:

"It is certain that a man with such a marvellous record will not be a humdrum President. At the same time he is far too level-headed to do anything rash."

It predicts that the coming Presidents will prove to be among the greatest.

The Daily Mail, which calls attention to the allegation that Roosevelt is not a friend to Great Britain, says he expressed his belief to the contrary.

Some of the editorials on Roosevelt expressed a fear that he may seem to have some tendency to overflow of high spirits, which is a man in an ordinary station of life is a failing, but in the head of a nation is more than he speaks with the firmness of true statesmanship.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, catarrh, headache, etc., yet cost less than an ordinary comb—Dr. Mills' Electric Comb. The only perfect Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced, wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the Comb does the rest. This wonderful Comb is simply unbreakable and so so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. We give a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect or stamps for one. Ladies' size 25c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. Write at once for terms. Mention this paper. Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Greatest In The World

Within five years Dr. King's New Life Pills have reached the largest sale of any liver or bowel medicine in the world, simply because they are the best. They have great merit and we can prove it by the sale of over six million boxes last year our best testimonial. No matter what ails you, start using Dr. King's New Life Pills to-day and if you are benefited and in every way satisfied after you have given them a fair trial you can have your money back for the asking. They are put up in tasteless tablets. Every tablet is stamped "C." They don't cost much—25c. and 50c. a box, and a 50c. box will furnish a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Cascarets are the best and cheapest liver and bowel regulator in the world.

All Day Singing

There will be an all day singing at Liberty church, four miles south of Clanton, on Fourth Sunday in this month. Everybody invited and especially the singers.

It is not a liniment, or a lotion. Contains no grease or anything else. A rational, scientific, chemical compound. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic stands pre-eminently above any remedy offered the public for healing Wounds, Burns and Bruises. Used internally for cuts and bruises. A fine thing for colic and bowel troubles.

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST IS VIA THE

L & N

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

The Through Car Line

Elegant Sun parlor cars daily between Louisville and New Orleans

Connecting with all points

TEXAS AND THE WEST

Also running through to Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis

Connecting for all points

NORTH AND NORTHWEST

Before purchasing tickets write the Agent of the L. & N. at Louisville, Ky., or Cincinnati, O. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

Death of Mrs. C. R. Mullins

Mrs. C. R. Mullins died last Sunday morning at her home at Clanton, in giving birth to a child. For eight years she has been the loving wife of Mr. C. R. Mullins, and with five children mourn her loss. The baby is doing well. The funeral took place Sunday evening at Clanton, Judge Adams preaching the funeral sermon. A large number of sorrowing friends and neighbors attended the funeral. Our sympathies are with the bereaved family, may the Lord be with them in their affliction.

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNE

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 26, 1901

same time he is far too level-headed to do anything rash."

It predicts that the coming Presidents will prove to be among the greatest.

The Daily Mail, which gave attention to the allegation that England is not a friend to Great Britain, now expresses its belief in the same way.

Some of the sentiments Mr. Roosevelt expressed a few weeks ago may seem to have been but the overflow of high spirits in the mind of a man in an ornamental position. No sooner does he feel the weight of office as the head of a nation than he speaks with the firmness of true statesmanship.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb.—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People everywhere it has been introduced, wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. 50c stamps for one. Ladies' size and Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (If you want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Greatest In The World.

Within five years Cascarets have reached the largest sale of any liver or bowel medicine in the world simply because they cure. They have great merit and we could not sell over six million boxes a year our best testimonial. Now, whatever ails you, start using Cascarets to-day and if you are not benefited and in every way satisfied after you have given them a fair trial you can have you money back for the asking. There is no way out. They are put up in tablet form. Every tablet is stamped "CCC." They don't cost much—10c, 25c and 50c a box and a 50c box will furnish a whole month's treatment for the worst case. Cascarets are the best and cheapest liver and bowel regulator in the world.

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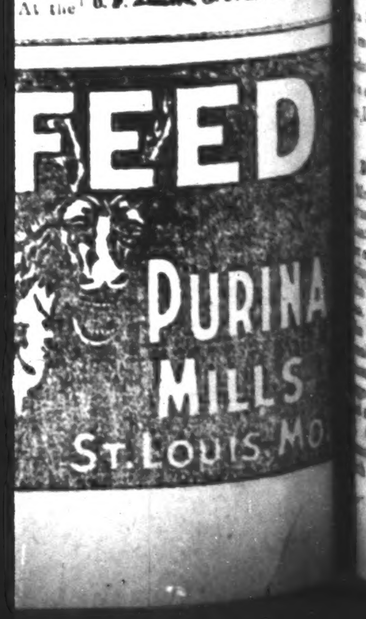
THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, SOUTH AND NORTHWEST — VIA THE — L & N. LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE. The Through Cars Sleeping Car service daily, through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans. Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST. Also running through to Memphis, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala. O. P. Ambern, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.



MAN ON THE CORNER

He Sees and Hears He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

An interesting item comes up from Verbena. The Battillo Brothers have an up-to-date ginnery there, and if you have cotton to be ginned, you pay your money and take your choice whether they gin you a round or square bale. I believe this is the only ginnery in Chilton that operates a round press. The two first round bales turned out were bought by A. Coleedge at 8¼ cents per pound, while on the same day the same bale of cotton brought 7¾ cents. The difference of half-a-cent per pound is one of the round bale. I don't know whether the difference is gone, to be kept up, but if so it looks to me as if there was something worth considering in a round bale.

The Hon. Jesse Stallings, who is well and favorably known in Chilton county as a popular people, is coming to Clanton next Saturday morning to open his big guns upon the new Constitution. Whether he will speak in this smithereens I don't know, but I look for a large crowd to hear him, and he is sure to tell some good tales. I wish you all had a copy of the new Constitution to read right now, so that you could form your own opinions. For my part, I think it might have been a good deal better, but on the other hand it certainly could be a great deal worse. I feel pretty sure in saying that next week you will get a copy. You have plenty of time before the election November 11 to study it, so you can make up your minds about what you have read it.

No sooner is one building about completed in Clanton than another is ready to start. Dick Edwards is moving into his new brick store—a very neat building and reflects much upon Dick as a builder. Hodges & Son will occupy it as soon as they can get possession. The two new brick stores on the A. C. Smith and [illegible] are roof high. A. C. Smith, understand, has rented his store to Kennedy, who will open a business there, and I know he will be run by Moses. So we have the two stores and you will have to get hold of the [illegible] we shall have "Long Mose" and [illegible].

I have to say that several cars of lumber are now on the ground for the new depot, and work will begin in a day or two. The depot is to be a "thing of beauty and a joy for ever," or until it gets burned down again. Anyhow, I can't tell it will be by far the best depot on the line, outside of Selma, the Montgomery and Birmingham depots. It is to be a handsome erection, fitted with modern conveniences, and up-to-date in all particulars. It will be a credit to Clanton as well as to L. & N.

Death of Mrs. C. R. Mullins.

Mrs. C. R. Mullins died last Sunday morning at her home at Clanton, in giving birth to a child. For eight years she has been the loving wife of Mr. C. R. Mullins, who with five children mourn her loss. The baby is doing well. The funeral took place Sunday morning at Clanton, Judge Adams preaching the funeral sermon. A large number of sorrowing friends and neighbors attended the funeral. Our sympathies are with the bereaved family, may the Lord be with them in their affliction.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Coopers, Ala., Sept. 24, 1901

To whom it may concern:

The people of Beat Five in Chilton county have always been law abiding citizens, as the records of our courts will show. But the last Legislature, contrary to the constitution of the State, and contrary to the will of the people, passed a stock which takes effect the first of October, 1901, and I want to give notice that we are going to fight the thing to the finish. We will keep up our fences, and the man that wants to test the justice, and the constitutionality of the law can proceed, and prosecute us, and we will see what the courts of our country will do in the premises.

TAXPAYER.

Don't throw away that sample bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic because it cost you nothing. It's too good to be wasted. Nothing like it for cuts, burns, nail punctures, inflamed eyes, sore throat, etc. Internally it cures colic, diarrhoea and flux.

Maplesville.

Our glorious cotton picking weather practically speaking, with "floods of golden sunshine," and which we think our sensible farmers utilized, has been broken by light showers which was needed for the good of our late crops.

Some of our sensible colored farmers who know lots from experience say there is a fair yield of remarkably good cotton since it has not been stained by rains.

B. O. Glover has the brag pea field made on ordinary pine land; the field had been used as a cow-pen, which after all is the best and cheapest fertilizer.

Our ice cream supper last Wednesday for the benefit of the Methodist church was a success financially and much enjoyed by all attendants; many thanks to those from the neighboring towns for their patronage.

We fancied seeing the tip ends of Cupid's wings flattering, something may come of this yet, to which we are a sincere well-wisher.

There is yet yet much talk and encouragement given our mill enterprise. Mr. Rollins talks our idea of true patriotism, lives for the good of his country "at home," has promised to build us a mill here on Byrd's creek without a pond, and consequently no miasma, mosquitoes, or yellow fever, so with all these advantages we will soon be on a big solid boom.

Mr. Ensign has gone to Marion to get titles to the timber lands in Perry county.

The whistle of Mr. Lawrence cotton gin is here again. Much cotton has been brought in and Mr. Lawrence is paying liberal prices.

T. U. Crumpton has treated his house to a new cover.

We have not words to express our sorrow and indignation by the cruel, inhuman death of our good President. We plead in prayer that he might be spared for the good of our nation. Now, in grief we pray to have the same spirit of of resignation that God in mercy gave him when he realized death. We think the hot beds of anarchists in our midst should be justly and firmly dealt with before too late, as in this terrible case our deepest sympathy is felt for his bereaved wife.

A Shocking Calamity

"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellet, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Boils, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

East Stanton.

The death angel visited the home of J. H. Mitchell on the 18th inst., and carried off little Merit, the baby of Brother and Sister Mitchel, to its home on high. Weep not, dear friends, you can meet your baby in the sweet beyond, where you will part no more; no, never! where there will be no tears to wipe away.

A FRIEND

The bridge across big Mulberry creek near Dixie, fell in the 19th inst. with Mr. Will Smith and a negro man on it. Luckily for them they escaped unhurt, except slight bruises. Said to say the bridge has cost the county $300 or over within the past twelve months and has been unsafe the whole time. It is high time we had a good bridge built. What say the commissioners of our county?

J. F. JOHNSON.

Southeast Chilton.

Cotton is opening very fast, and we have good weather for picking it. Cane is fine through our country.

M. C. Williams went to Coopers and Verbena last Saturday on business.

Mrs. Lizzie Kendrick visited friends at Cross Roads last week.

Mr. Jesse Jones and wife of Prattville are visiting friends here this week.

The Sunday school at Cannan church is progressing very fast.

We are sorry to know that East Chilton writer is dead, and all of East Chilton ought to mourn his death one day anyhow, but we hope he will come again.

We are sorry to say that Rev. E. L. Manning is still on the sick list.

We are sorry to say that one of our best farmers is going to move to Kimore soon; E. T. Connell is a well known man, and we hate very much to have to give him up.

A FRIEND.

Burwell.

Sorry to say Rev. E. L. Manning is on the sick list and is getting somewhat behind with his crop.

Some of our people are being forced to sell their stock at a reduced price on account of the stock law in Beat 5. Oh, men of mothers! oh, men of wives! stop in this reflective moment and consider the ordeals through which the people are about to go. Think of the old gray-haired soldier and widow woman that are making a fairly good living, that are forced to make this sacrifice merely to satisfy the whims of a few ambitious politicians, and make just a few rich men richer. Now, my friendly reader, it is not to be said that there is anything here to warrant a stock law, there is not one-tenth of the land in Beat 5 in cultivation; there is enough timber in Beat 5 to fence Chilton county in 40 acre lots, and yet we are forced to see this fraud. Any man that would honestly and conscientiously contend for stock law here ought to be hoed for hollow horn. But David said fret not thyself because of evil doers, neither be thou envious against the workings of iniquity, for they shall soon be cut down like the graves and wither as the green herb.

The wicked have drawn out the sword and have bent their bow to cast down the poor and needy, and to slay such as be of upright conversation; their swords shall enter into their own hearts and their bows shall be broken. A little that a righteous man hath is better than the riches of many wicked. But all is well that ends well.

Hurrah for Hon. Jesse Stallings. God forbid that any man should be disfranchished except for crime.

We ask the good people to join us and let's look sad one day, as we won't hear any more from Sudon.

CHILTON CRACKER.

PUBLIC SPEAKING

Hon. Jesse F. Stallings will address the citizens of Chilton county, against the ratification of the proposed new Constitution at Clanton, September 28, at 10 a.m., and at Jemison the same night.

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Waddy.

Hats off and a neat bow for the prosperity of Waddy, with its well arranged mail facilities; also a well equipped new saw and grist mill. Eat bread ground there and grow fat. Now, behold a spank new store opens up to day. You may expect good bargains and fair treatment every way. Let us not fail to state that besides these other industries pushed by James Littleton & Blow. They have a new boiler and first rate ginery. You can full in your cotton in a hurry. We have known Mr. Littleton's family for years, and it is a pleasure to say they are worthy of success with all the word means. With good water and good people that Waddy can boast of, we see no reason why this fresh village may not be the center of pleasure and prosperity.

Prosperity opens up the mind more vigorously. Thus we hope the Banner will be more in demand. Neighbors, look over the country and you will not find such a county paper anywhere as the hustling Banner. Send in your subscription at once.

Miss Goldman may admire notoriety; we would prefer a different variety. She will not mourn with the nation on the loss of the nation's head.

MRS. I. CAMPBELL.

You must never kiss and tell, but if you see anybody else doing it you must tell it to everybody.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Brenton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Brenton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a deed of mortgage, executed by the trustees of Clanton Congregational church of the town of Clanton, to the Congregational Church Building Society, on the 4th day of February, 1893, which said deed of mortgage is recorded in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, in Volume 28 of Mortgages, page 475, and which said mortgage has been duly transferred and assigned to the undersigned. I will proceed to sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, in said County, on

MONDAY SEPTEMBER the 30, 1901,

within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate in said mortgage deed mentioned and described, to-wit:

Lots number 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 12, situated east of the Louisville & Nashville railroad in the town of Clanton, county of Chilton and State of Alabama.

ALEX G. DAKE, Transferee.
By ROB'T H. KNOX, his Attorney.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning" writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton drug store.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.
I. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the most wonderful healing compound of the nineteenth century. Preserves the flesh, preventing inflammation and heals like magic. Ask your druggist for it.

No wife can make home happy by following the rules printed in a woman's paper.

"It's no joke," when we say that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is superior to anything offered the "clear people" as a dressing for wounds, bites and stings of insects, "poison oak." It's cleanliness, pleasant odor and quick cures make it a universal favorite wherever known. Price 50c. Remember that it is guaranteed by your druggist.

Alabama Girls' Industrial School.
MONTEVALLO, ALA.

The next session opens September 18, 1901. An enlarged Dormitory and new class rooms make it possible to provide for more girls, and to offer better accommodations. For catalogue address

FRANCIS M. PETERSON,
President.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT. R. R. FARE PAID. 200 FREE. Scholarships offered. Write quick to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

FIFFON HULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Practice in all Courts.
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CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN S. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 10 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

A school to prepare teachers. Demand for graduates greater than the supply. Board $8 per month up. Tuition free. Nineteenth year. Session begins Oct. 1, 1901. For catalogue address

CLARENCE W. DAUGETTE,
President.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date, its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
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Full particulars furnished by the county agent.

ALEX GLASSCOCK, Jemison, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

England almost owns and controls Portugal. Although a rich and fertile country, Portugal has not been able to support herself, and she has mortgaged her industries to foreign governments until she is nearly as much in pawn as Persia.

Justice Goodrich, of the New York Supreme Court, has drawn attention to the fact that the time is approaching when it will be necessary to cut loose, in a great measure, from precedent and decide law cases upon their merits after analysis. The Justice says that there are now rendered in this country more than 20,000 decisions in each year by appellate tribunals, and that there were published in 1900 420 volumes of reports, seventy-seven volumes of digests, ninety-five volumes of statutes and 150 volumes of treatises. No lawyer can do anything with such a mass of legal matter, even if he has the money to buy it; and, since no lawyer can now hope to keep up with the law as expounded, courts must necessarily fall back on application of recognized first principles to the case immediately in hand.

As the world stands to-day, the fall of nations is through internal decay and disintegration, rather than from the invasion of armed enemies. The mightiest empires of the past, whose legions once ruled a good part of the world, are falling into bankruptcy which must inevitably end their existence as independent countries. The absorption of Persia by Russia and Great Britain is concrete illustration of the new method of invasion of one country by a more powerful empire. Persia is practically a bankrupt nation to-day, and is owned part and parcel by Russia and Great Britain. She has raised loans time and again from the two Powers, and to-day mortgages cover her railroads and chief industries. The end of her resources may not yet be in sight, but she has practically delivered over half her empire to Russia and the other half to England. The result is that Persia is hardly an independent country. She can not make a move in the game of politics without consulting her owners, and if she attempted it one or the other would block the move.

The recent disastrous explosion in Philadelphia from the ignition of gasolene vapor has directed renewed attention to the dangers attending the storage or handling of this volatile oil. Gasolene has been exploded for years in lamps and stoves and more recently in launches and automobiles, and has proved itself to be, in the careless handling given it, about as dangerous as dynamite. If those having some experience and skill in its handling have accidents with it, no surprise need be felt when the vapor from a leaky barrel in a grocer's cellar meets a spark and explodes. Yet in many places no adequate measures have been adopted to regulate the storage of the oil. In the first flush of the excitement in Philadelphia the Ledger of that city recommends that the sale of the fluid be absolutely prohibited. This, it acknowledges, would be a hardship to some manufacturers who use the oil largely, as also to families who employ it in cooking, but they, as well as other people, it argues, would be protected from a real and ever-present danger by the prohibition.

As a result of the observation of a board of British naval officers some important changes are to be made in battleships to be built in the near future as part of England's principle defence. For one thing it has been decided to cut down the masts of such ships some sixty feet, because the new signaling devices introduced into use recently make tall masts unnecessary. Furthermore, the high fore and aft bridges are to be lowered, built entirely of iron, and so arranged that in clearing ship for action they can easily be slid overboard. These improvements are in the general line of naval progress, and must be accepted as good. But what will the cotsider think in regard to the gradual disappearance of all that he has long recognized as marks of a ship? There were weepings and wailings when the old spars and canvas went, and in the course of time even the fighting mast will go, and when steam is superseded perhaps even the funnels. Then we shall have nothing but the floating hulk, filled with death-dealing machines and horrid to look upon. But maybe before that time comes war will have been abolished.

ALABAMA NEWS NOTES.

CONSTITUTIONAL FIGHT BEGINS IN JEFFERSON.

FAMILY ASLEEP AND HOME BURNED.

Steamer Robbed—Gadsden Affairs—Oil Operators—Hawes Case Re-Recalled—Over Bluff With a Mule—Crushed by Cars.

WHAT IS IT?

Farmers living between New Decatur and Guntersville have for the last few days been reporting the depredations by some wild animals which have been raiding their sheepfolds and pig pens. A man named Willing, it is said, was severely clawed and bitten by one of the animals a few nights ago, but was unable to tell what his assailant was. A party of men has been organized to hunt the creature down, as the depredations are becoming serious.

ECHO OF HAWES' CASE.

An effort to secure a pardon for Fannie Bryant, who was convicted for complicity in the Hawes murder, will be made during the next few weeks. It is stated that Mrs. L. B. Trapp, of Anniston, is at the head of the movement. Judge Samuel E. Greene, of the criminal court, before whom the trial was conducted, has been requested to prepare a statement of the case.

NEW COURT HOUSE.

Calhoun county's new court house, at Anniston, is nearing completion and will be finished in a short time. The large clock has been received and will be put in place in a few days. The building is expected to be one of the handsomest structures of its kind in the state when completed.

GADSDEN ON A BOOM.

There has been a wonderful awakening along industrial lines in Gadsden the past sixty days. Some $50,000 has been subscribed to new industries and donated sites. There is a steady demand for property at a fair price and the people feel confident of a substantial and lasting improvement.

SYLACAUGA FIRE.

The two story residence belonging to John T. Lewis was totally destroyed by fire at an early hour Friday night. Late in the afternoon fire was kindled in a room up stairs, and the family went driving. The fire first broke out in the top of the building, and it is believed it caught from the grate. Loss covered by insurance.

AFTER OIL.

The Russellville Oil and Gas Company have closed a contract with McCoy Bros., of Leetonia, O., for two wells on the company's property, six miles northeast of town. Work will be commenced as soon as machinery can be placed on the ground.

ESCAPED DEATH.

D. Wright had a narrow escape from death one day last week at Scottsboro. While driving a four mule team to a heavy log wagon the wagon was overturned and, dragging the team over a bluff, fell a distance of several feet. One of the mules fell on Wright and nearly killed him.

ROBBERY AT WARNER.

Saturday night there were five houses robbed in this town. The burglars went in the windows and went through men's pockets while they were asleep. An incident similar to this occurred here four months ago.

THE T. C. I. & R. R. CO.

Concentration will be the policy of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, as announced by Vice-President J. B. McCreary, who recently came south from Nova Scotia to succeed Mr. McCormick as general manager. Ensley will be the real center of the company's works, but Bessemer will also accommodate much of the company's producing power. At these two places will be concentrated in so far as possible all the furnaces and works of the company in the Birmingham district. Ensley will be made the steel center.

SERIOUSLY INJUR

Birch Bushnell, foreman of the electrical department at the Ensley steel plant, was dangerously wounded in the machine shops Sunday afternoon. A high speed motor was being installed and when the current was turned on a part of the rim on the pulley flew off striking him across the face, cutting it in half from ear to ear. He is in the Cunningham hospital.

Birmingham will not hold a state fair until 1902.

THE trustees of the Dallas Academy have elected Miss Abbotse Spratlin teacher to fill the vacancy existing in the sixth grade.

COL. J. H. BANKHEAD, congressman from the sixth Alabama district, is at home at Fayette to recuperate from his recent illness.

JOHN H. WALLACE, JR., captured the weekly button for the ninth time in the shoot of the Huntsville Gun Club Saturday afternoon, making a score of 22 out of 25.

THE Tuscaloosa Elks' street fair is assuming lively proportions. Judge James C. Brown has promised free marriage licenses to the white couple, who will be publicly married at the fair.

THE comptroller of the currency has notified the incorporators of the City National Bank, of Anniston, that that institution has been approved, and he authorizes the immediate beginning of active banking operations.

THE citizens of Dothan, Henry county, are pleased with the result of their efforts to secure a railroad from that place to St. Joe, Florida, 120 miles. It is announced that the proposed road is a certainty, and the work of construction will begin in a short time. It will much benefit both towns.

THE Birmingham Trades Council has presented to the city council a resolution providing for the examination and licensing of motormen and conductor of street cars using the streets of the city; to provide for the establishment of a licensing board, and providing punishment for violation of the ordinance.

STEAMER ROBBED.

The British steamer, Easterfield, which loaded at Mobile last week with nearly 2,000,000 feet of lumber for South America, was robbed Sunday night of several hundred dollars worth of property, consisting of a supply of liquor, a valuable chronometer and other instruments. No arrests have been made.

SAYS IT WAS ACCIDENTAL.

Harry Dunham, a bartender was shot and dangerously wounded Wednesday afternoon by Fritz Carl, Jr., at Birmingham. Several eye-witnesses say that the shooting was accidental, but Chief of Police Austin stated that a witness had told him the shooting was intentional.

STOLE LUMBER.

A peculiar robbery is reported from Huntsville. It is stated that some unknown parties drove a wagon to the yard of the Huntsville Lumber Company Thursday night and hauled off over a thousand feet of lumber, valued at $40. No clew to the identity of the thieves has been found.

HENRY B. GRAY, CHAIRMAN.

Jefferson county has selected a Democratic constitution campaign committee. Henry B. Gray was elected chairman.

IT is now known that Czolgosz did not used poisoned bullets when he shot McKinley.

BESSEMER has increased the pay of all her city officers.

GEN. FUNSTON has been successfully operated on for appendicitis.

ANTHRACNOSE has been found in the cotton of Fulton county, Georgia.

THE University of Alabama, at Tuscaloosa, has again opened its doors.

THE orange crop of Florida this year is said to be surprisingly prolific.

THE COTTON.

Nearly all the farmers near Montgomery have the same story to tell of blighted prospects for the cotton crop. A month's bad weather has cut the crop a third. Corn is no better, and the only bright spots are the potato and sugar cane patches.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

William Bowman, aged about 17 years, was crushed to death between two freight cars of the Plant System in Montgomery Friday. He was a swithman and was engaged in coupling cars at the time.

DIED IN LONDON.

Saturday Selma received the sad intelligence from London by cable that Judge P. G. Woods, for the past twenty-four years probate judge of Dallas county, is dead from pneumonia. He was attending the Methodist ecumenical conference as representative of the Alabama conference, having been appointed in the place of the late Governor William J. Samford.

WENT OVER THE BRIDGE.

MILITARY RECEPTION TO CZAR AND CZARINA IN FRANCE.

GASOLINE FERRY BOAT BLOWS UP.

Railroad Accident Out West—Fire Engine Rolls Over Man—To Down Anarchy—Killed at a Dance — Forest Fires.

TRAIN DROPS INTO A CREEK.

An engine, three flat cars and two coaches belonging to the Wrightsville and Tennille road are now lying in Turkey Creek. Wednesday night last practically every county bridge across Turkey and Rocky creeks was washed away. In this accident a number of men were injured, one seriously, and the rest only slightly. The train wrecked was a work train and was going to the rescue of the evening passenger train which was caught between two washouts near Younkers, Ga. Over Turkey creek there is a long bridge When half way across the timbers of the bridge gave way, throwing the train into the creek. It is believed the loss will foot up several thousand dollars. Some of the bridges were practically new. It is possible that these bridges will be replaced with steel structures, though this is not certain.

A FOREST OF BAYONETS

Passed before the czar, czarina and President Loubet last Friday when 140,000 troops marched past them on the plains of Betheny. It terminated in a magnificent charge of 20,000 cavalry. The spectacle was very imposing as the infantry went by 150 files deep, with fixed bayonets. In his speech at the luncheon which followed the review, President Loubet created somewhat of a sensation by saying: "The Franco-Russian alliance is pledged to settlements inspired by justice and humanity." Whether rightly or otherwise, some of his hearers took the remark to refer to South Africa.

BOAT BLEW UP.

A gasoline ferryboat running between Elizabeth and Palestine on the Little Kanawha river blew up Friday. The last reports from there state nobody were killed, but the following were seriously and some perhaps fatally burned: William Webb, Parkersburg, captain; A. S. Woodyard, Harvey Thorn, H. H. Hopkins, all of Palestine. The other passengers jumped into the river and escaped with slight injuries. The boat was completely burned. Everybody has not yet been accounted for, and it is feared there may have been some passengers drowned.

WILL HAVE CAVALRY TROOPS.

At a meeting of a number of the leading young men of the social set it was decided to organize a cavalry troop in Chattanooga to become a part of the national guard of the state of Tennessee. About thirty-three men were present, while a number of others signified their intention of joining. The number of members will be limited to sixty. The troop is expected to be a social organization as well as a military company.

CAN'T MAKE CANS NOW.

The Toledo plant of the American Tin Can Company, employing a hundred men, was destroyed by fire Saturday, entailing a loss of $300,000, with insurance of $188,000. The plant was bought by the trust last May.

HEAD-END COLLISION.

One man was killed and others injured in a head-end collision between a Big Four passenger train and a freight on the branch of the Big Four near Lawrenceburg, Ind., Saturday. Benjamin McKee, fireman of the freight train, was killed. The injured are: Edward McMullen, engineer passenger train; Charles Hillard, fireman; Charles Lamb, engineer, fatally scalded; James Withorow, baggage-master; William Stratton, trainman, and S. E. McMunnen. Both engines were badly wrecked but none of the cars were damaged.

NARROW ESCAPE.

C. T. Brown, stoker of fire engine company No. 4, of Macon, Ga., had a narrow escape from death while the company was responding to an alarm of fire. Brown was driving the engine and when it reached the scene of fire he attempted to put on the brakes, his foot slipped and he fell to the ground. The right front wheel passed over both legs near the thigh. No bones were broken.

SENATOR QUAY, who was reported seriously ill at his Florida home, St. Lucia, is not so sick as claimed.

THE directors of the Pan-American Exposition claim to have suffered a loss of $1,000,000 by the attack on President McKinley.

THE first permanent church started in Jacksonville since the fire is underway. It will be of white stone and belongs to the First Christian denomination.

LATE reports indicate that thirty-two persons were killed in a collision between the Vienna express and a petroleum train at Paloia instead of eight as at first reported.

MISS LAURA CONGER, daughter of the United States minister to China, was married last Friday to Lieut. Fred E. Buchanan, U. S. A. Their courtship was begun during the siege in Pekin.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has conferred the grand cross of the order of the Red Eagle upon Prince Chun, head of the Chinese mission of expiation for the murder of Baron von Kettler, and the German press is seriously criticising the act.

AGAINST ANARCHY.

President Louis Lewis, of the Excise Commission, of Newark, N. J., offered an anti-anarchistic resolution to the board which was unanimously adopted. It provides that any saloon keeper in the city, who shall be charged with harboring anarchists or permitting them to hold meetings in their place of business and make speeches against the government and the good of the community, shall be deemed not the kind of person to conduct a business of this character, and any person guilty of such offense shall suffer the revocation of his license and be debarred from again receiving a license to do business in the city. Three capitans of the Newark police thanked the board for its action.

DIED A HERO.

Night Watchman Amos Morris was burned to death in Indianapolis, Saturday afternoon while trying to save the Fly Lilly Manufacturing Company's plant from destruction. Fire was communicated to excelsior in some way and Morris fought the fire till his clothing caught. Efforts were made to get the iron barred windows open but when they were forced, Morris was so badly burned that he died in a few minutes. The damage to the plant was very small.

PISTOL DUEL AT DANCE.

At a country dance in Greene county, Tenn., Friday, a pistol duel occurred at midnight with the following results: Bruce Marshall, killed instantly; Joseph Huff, shot in the back and lungs and will die; Patrick Riley, shot in the stomach. The fight came up over an attempt to put a drunken man out of the ball room.

RAILROAD SMASH-UP.

By the collision of two sections of a train on the Northern Pacific line at Lake, Friday, a number of persons were injured, one seriously. The cause assigned for the accident is the failure of the air brakes to work. An old man named Crankle, of Grants Pass, Ore., was the most seriously injured.

FOREST FIRES RAGING.

Forest fires are raging inside the city limits of Battle Lake, Wyoming, and every man, woman and child in the place is fighting the fire though hundreds of people have fled to the hills for safety.

STORMED THE WALL.

Advices from China say that a party of 40,000 people stormed the walls of Chimo, September 2, because the magistrate refused to grant their request to reduce the indemnity tax. He had been warned that the city would be seized. He posted soldiers on the city walls and made a heroic defense. Many were killed on both sides the first day and the next the forces of the people swelled to over a 100,000. The mandarin finally yielded and the extra taxes were rescinded. An important officer has been sent to Chimo to investigate.

KILLED TWO UNCLES.

At Bryan, Tex., last Saturday Jake and Bony Williams, brothers, were shot to death by Tom Williams, a nephew of the dead men.

MOVING pictures taken at Buffalo during the time President McKinley was making his last speech the day before he was shot, show Czolgosz working his way through the crowd to the front and then apparently waiting for some signal.

AMONG THE LAW MAKERS

WHAT OUR PUBLIC MEN ARE THINKING AND SAY.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S WEEKLY LETTER.

Cuban Visitors—Roosevelt in Texas—The New Mistress of the White House—Appointments—Court's Inquiry.

Senor Quesada, the special commissioner from Cuba, accompanied by Senor Tonaylo, the Secretary of Cuba under the insular government, and Dr. Miranda, called upon Secretary Hay Saturday. The island is making every effort to further the cause of reciprocity. They realize that the present conditions are intolerable and that unless the United States is prepared promptly to grant some concessions in the matter of duties on the Cuban staples the financial ruin of the island is inevitable. Realizing the delay that would attend an attempt to frame and negotiate a reciprocity treaty, the Cuban delegation hope they will be able to make with the State Department to arrange a modus vivendi which shall remain in force until Congress has had opportunity to act on a more formal convention.

United States Senator C. K. Hanna, of Ohio, who has been on a visit to the Philippines, has returned. He left June 20th for Manila in company with Adjutant General Corbin, Senator Weston and Congressman Jones. Soon after reaching the Philippines these officials with Surgeon General Sternberg made a circuit of the archipelago. All were highly pleased with the progress made under American administration, no dissatisfaction among the Filipinos being apparent in the more southerly ports of the islands, of which comparatively little has been heard, were found to be pleased with Americans and Filipino civilizing. The future of the Philippines in the opinion of Senator Hanna is very promising.

The personal belongings of McKinley will be packed in a box and sent to Canton. Already upholsterers are about to begin the taking of the carpets which were put down for the summer from the principal portions of the house, and it is expected that this will be completed in advance of the occupancy upon the return of Mrs. McKinley from Washington of Mrs. Roosevelt next Monday. She will then indicate her desires in the way of new furniture to put the house in order for winter.

The Schley court of inquiry, inactive during the time of the President McKinley's illness and death, is now under way in earnest. The witnesses have been examined by Mr. Higginson, who said all possible was not done to destroy the Colon. Schroeder, who said the firing was hastily, and Capt. Harber, who said the blockade line was closer by day than at night. It is thought the court will sit three weeks before a decision can be rendered. The outcome can not now even be guessed at.

Gen. Leonard Wood, the new governor of Cuba, has arrived at Havana.

Harry Stillwell Edwards, the author and postmaster, of Macon, Ga., suggests that a brass tablet be placed on the pedestal of every southern statue in the South inscribed with the statement expressed by Mr. Davis in his Atlanta speech when he left the care of the Confederacy for the care of the Confederate Congress.

President Roosevelt has decided to carry out the plans of President McKinley and appoint Dr. Rixey surgeon-general of the navy. The doctor gave up a practice worth $15,000 a year to become the President's physician, and his promotion is a well worthy reward. Another of President McKinley's arrangements will be carried out by President Roosevelt is the appointment of Judge Day, of Springfield, to be comptroller of the currency in place of Mr. Dawes, resigned. Every promise made by President McKinley will be kept by the new chief magistrate.

Major General Elwell S. Otis, who has forwarded to Secretary of War Root his annual report as Chief of the Department of the Pacific, makes chief recommendations touching the administration of military justice in the care of prisoners. One of these suggests increased punishment for military offenders. The report comments on the fact that during the year there were no disorders in the department requiring the attention of military troops.

AGRICULTURAL.

The Management of Cattle.

While the use of the best cows is a most important matter, yet the management of the farm and the cattle has something to do with the production of milk. There are cows that will give more milk on some farms than others, due to better varieties of feed, more grain food and more comfortable quarters. An indifferent farmer may have good cows from which profit is derived because of poor management. During long periods of drought the pasture may not provide a fraction of the grass compared with the capacity early in the season, and it, therefore, becomes more difficult for the animals to supply them. This deficiency the farmer should observe and supply.

The Summer Diet of Chickens.

There is no perfect summer or winter food for chickens, but with a little ingenuity in mixing their diet we can supply them with what may be called perfect food. A good deal depends upon the nature of the chickens and this in regard to the food, and also upon the season of the year. While the supply of corn may do for winter feeding, it could hardly be recommended for summer feeding. It is altogether too fattening and heat producing. On the other hand a little rice is good for the fowls in summer, and is totally unsuitable for winter. There is practically no heating elements in it, and this is what we need for summer feeding, food that will nourish without heating.

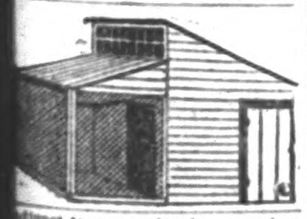
Now when we feed summer or winter for eggs we must consider food from a different standpoint. We need to supply the fowls with egg-producing material, and for the time we must consider the relative importance of heating and non-heating foods much more than formerly. Usually, however, foods that make flesh and fat do not contribute to the egg-producing ability of the hens. The foods adapted to the latter are usually in a class by themselves. In addition to them we should consider only such other foods as necessary to repair the daily waste and loss of heat and fat. In cold weather the loss of the latter is much greater than in summer, and consequently the proportion of these foods must be far larger.

Both fowls and chickens indicate what they most need if turned loose. They will pick of grains, seeds, worms, bugs and all sorts of natural foods. The more of this natural food they can secure the better will it be for them. Chickens that can forage for their living in summer will always be healthy and robust. But we must not forget that very often they fail to have enough to keep them in good growing condition. After they have foraged for the day they need additional food. But in the summer this should not be corn, which so many think necessary. A little, and very little at that, will suffice. The evening meal would be much better for the poultry if composed of a great variety of seeds, grains, rice, scraps from the table, ground fresh bones, oats, barley and so on. Make such an evening meal as varied in its composition as possible, adding as few heat-producing, foods as the case will permit. Feed the poultry freely with this mixture every night, giving them what they will eat up clean. In the morning turn them loose to forage again, feeding them artificial food only when night comes again. Of course, where there are many colonies kept, the foraging grounds will be more limited, and the birds will have to receive more artificial foods.—Annie C. Webster, in American Cultivator.

An Excellent Scratching Shed.

In winter as well as in summer it is imperative that fowls should be kept busy. They delight always to be on their feet, and for this reason no better method of affording them exquisite exercise is to be met with than the ground is mantled with snow than supplying the poultry-house in some way with a good, commodious scratching-shed.

Truth to say, the scratching-shed has come to stay, and if only rightly constructed it forms a most pleasing



adjunct to any poultry-house, and especially to the inmates. The idea of what is required can be seen in the accompanying illustration, although this may be varied to accommodate whatever style of house one happens to have.

The point of view is to have the shed so situated that when the sun is shining it may derive all the benefit possible from its rays. It should therefore occupy the south side of the house, as indicated in the picture—the more so for the reason that it is then out of reach, as near as can be, of the cold northwest winds.

Now, to build this form of scratching-shed erect in the first place a simple, ordinary shed, with a good roof; then, to exclude animals of prey and the like which may be prowling around even in the daytime, cover the three open sides from the exterior with good wire netting, extending it from the ground or base boards clear

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The Summer Diet of Chickens.

There is no perfect summer or winter food for chickens, but with a little ingenuity in varying their diet we can supply them with what may be called perfect food. A good deal depends upon the nature of the chickens and care is in regard to the food, and also upon the season of the year. While the fine supply of corn may do for fattening fowls it could hardly be recommended for summer feeding. It is altogether too fattening and heating. On the other hand a little rice is good for the fowls in summer, and is only unsuitable for winter. There is practically no heating elements in it, and this is what we need for summer feeding, food that will nourish without heating.

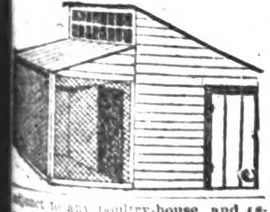
Now when we feed summer or winter for eggs we must consider food from a different standpoint. We need to supply the fowls with egg producing material, and for the time we must consider the relative importance of heating and non heating foods much more than force fly. Usually, however, foods that make flesh and fat do not contribute to the egg producing ability of the hens. The foods adapted to the latter are usually in a class by themselves. In addition to them we should consider only such other foods as are necessary to repair the daily waste and loss of heat and fat. In cold weather the loss of the latter is much greater than in summer, and consequently the proportion of these foods must be far larger.

Both fowls and chickens indicate what they most need if turned loose. They will pick of grains, seeds, worms, bugs and all sorts of natural foods. The more of this natural food they can secure the better will it be for them. Chickens that can forage for living in summer will always be healthy and robust. But we must not forget that very often they fail to have enough to keep them in good laying condition. After they have foraged for the day they need additional food. But in the summer this food should not be corn, which so many think necessary. A little, and very little at that, will suffice. The evening meal would be much better for the poultry if composed of a great variety of seeds, grains, rice, scraps from the table, ground fresh bones, oats, barley and so on. Make such an evening meal as varied in its composition as possible, adding as few egg-producing foods as the case will permit. Feed the poultry freely with this mixture every night, giving them all they will eat up clean. In the morning turn them loose to forage again, feeding them artificial food only when night comes again. Of course, where there are many colonies kept, the foraging grounds will be more limited, and the birds will have to receive more artificial foods.—Annie C. Webster, in American Cultivator.

An Excellent Scratching Shed.

In winter as well as in summer it is imperative that fowls should be kept busy. They delight always to be on their feet, and for this reason no better method of affording them adequate exercise is to be met with than the ground is mantled with snow than supplying the poultry-house in some way with a good, commodious scratching shed.

Truth to say, the scratching-shed has come to stay, and if only rightly constructed it forms a most pleasing



adjunct to any poultry-house, and especially to the inmates. The idea of what is required can be seen in the accompanying illustration, although this may be varied to accommodate whatever style of house one happens to have.

The point of view is to have the shed so situated that when the sun is shining it may derive all the benefit possible from its rays. It should therefore occupy the south side of the house, as indicated in the picture—the same so for the reason that it is then out of reach, as near as can be, of the cold northwest winds.

Now, to build this form of scratching-shed erect in the first place a simple, ordinary shed, with a good roof, then, to exclude animals of prey and the like which may be prowling around even in the daytime, cover the three open sides from the exterior with good wire netting, extending it from the ground or base boards clear to the top. This accomplished, construct on the inside cotton-cloth screen doors to match the netting, and have them hinged at the top so that they can be turned up to the ceiling when the weather is suitable.

When the weather is very stormy, very cold or exceedingly blustering, the doors may be dropped and the fowls left to enjoy their "gymnasium" with scarcely any inconvenience at all, the cloth admitting light sufficient for them to execute the most "foul" antics imaginable. On warm, sunny days, however, the "curtains" may be raised, as likewise they may in summer, and the poultry have a frolicking place well ventilated and pleasant in every respect. This is of decided advantage where fowls have to be confined more or less all the year, as is generally the case in and about villages.

One thing more. To realize good results from such a shed a quantity of straw, hay or the like should occupy it (this to be replaced with fresh every once in a while), and each morning some grain, such as rye, oats, wheat, barley, buckwheat or even grass seed, be sprinkled among it. Thus will the fowls be encouraged to work, so that the laziest among them will obtain a proper amount of exercise and lay in return more eggs—eggs of a much better quality, too.—New York Tribune.

Shrinkage on the Farm.

The loss of corn and fodder by shrinkage varies according to climate and the conditions of the atmosphere. Experiments have been made in different sections, and the results show that there is a wide difference in the shrinkage of corn, wheat and other grains, and that sometimes the loss by shrinkage is such as to render the crop unprofitable. The Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station has given the results of several years' work in solving the problem, and also published facts from other sources. Referring to the relative weights of ears, leaves and stalks, it was found that on August 24 about 24.3 per cent. of the total weight of the corn plant above ground was in the ear. This per cent. gradually increased until near harvest time (September 14) above 35.7 of the total weight of the plant was in the ear. At harvest 46.3 per cent. of the dry matter of the entire plant was in the ear. This experiment was repeated the next year, when it was found that about 47 per cent. of the total dry matter of the plant was in the ear. At harvest (September 14) the ear contained 45.57 per cent. of dry matter, the stalks 21.53 per cent. and the leaves 27.27 per cent., the ears, therefore, not being relatively as dry as the leaves and stalks. It may be claimed, by way of convenience, therefore, that the amount of dry matter in the ears is about equal to that of the whole plant. Ensilage corn, cut at different dates, showed the following percentages of moisture: August 10 the moisture was 82.69; August 25, 79.13; September 6, 72.51, and September 15, 65.14. One lot of 16,155 bushels of corn, of 70 pounds per bushel, was carefully weighed when cribbed. It was to be delivered in July. It weighed at the elevator a fraction over 14,896 bushels, showing a loss from shrinkage of over 1258 bushels, or about 7¾ per cent. In one experiment 2000 pounds of corn shrank 400 pounds between October 19 and January 19. At the end of the year the kernels of corn contained 12.14 per cent. of water and the cobs 25.82 per cent.

It has been demonstrated that there is a slight loss of weight in wheat between complete ripeness and the stage known as dead ripe. There is not only a loss by shelling when the grain becomes over-ripe, but a given area, kept in the ordinary manner, will weigh less if taken from an over-ripe field than if taken from a field cut at the proper time. The amount and quality of the flour, as well as the germinating vigor of the grain, are also less if the grain is allowed to become overripe. Wheat will shrink if the climate is dry; but when the wheat is taken from an intensely dry climate to a comparatively damp one the gain in weight may amount to as much as twenty-five per cent. In eighteen days in an absolutely dry atmosphere the loss in air-dried wheat was 6.2 per cent.; oats, 9.3 per cent., and barley, 7.8 per cent. According to this there must naturally be a gain if exposed again to moist air, the gain in oats in eighteen days being 19.8 per cent.; barley, 20.4 per cent., and wheat (in 14 days), 18.8 per cent. In a very dry climate the grain from such may greatly increase in weight if shipped to some point where the air is moist, the purchaser making the gain by the absorption of moisture by the grain. Experiments also show that wheat lost and gained in weight several times in a season by reason of being exposed to dry and moist conditions. The difference in loss or gain of weight depends upon the condition of the wheat when cured, and hard wheat loses less than the soft varieties. The same rule applies to corn, oats and other grains. Shrinkage usually occurs when grain is kept dry, but loss from shrinkage does not occur in all places with uniformity, as a gain in weight may result during damp periods.—Philadelphia Record.

The egg and poultry crop of Missouri dragged nearly $13,000,000 into the State last year, while mule sales, even under the stimulated demand due to the South African war, amounted to only $9,000,000.

More than eleven per cent. (11.6) of the inhabitants of Switzerland (392,000) are foreigners. In France the proportion of foreigners is three per cent., and Germany only one per cent.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

All Varieties of Boas.

Boas of every description are seen, from ostrich and coque feathers to the silk and ribbon ruche. Novelties must therefore be found in the art metal pendants chosen for the boa. Some of the latest fancies in these pendants are tiny chestnut burrs of silver and enamel, acorns or apples. Another odd design is a metal bar, from which hang two or three tiny coins. Such a pendant, however, is best used only on the broad ribbon ruche.

One Woman's Luggage.

A woman who has gone abroad for a three months' stay in Europe has put all the belongings she expects to need in a suit case. Her underwear is several suits of silk pongee, and her walking suit, in which she will practically live, is to be used with half a dozen wash-silk waists. One real toilet is all she allows herself, and this is a pretty gown of summer foulard, made with due regard to packing well. A single hat that was selected to do general service, and is handsome and available for a variety of occasions, is supplemented with a crush hat for steamer use and mountain wear.

Influence of a Laugh.

It is the woman who has the courage to be herself who attracts. Originals are so much more desirable than copies, no matter how accurate the copy may be. Let every woman dare to be herself, develop her own individuality, not blindly copy some other woman, whom, it may be, her husband happens to admire.

Let every woman think for herself, act for herself, and express her own honest opinions. Individuality, when combined with that nameless something called manner, is the most potent weapon in the possession of the sex. A good woman's laugh is better than medicine. A well told story is as welcome as a sunbeam in a sick room.

Learn to keep your own troubles to yourself. The world is too busy to care for your ills and sorrows. Don't continually cry. Tears do well enough in novels, but are not desirable in life. —Woman's Life.

Stocks in Autumn.

The newest fall effects will show lattice bands on stock and belt and cuff. Lattice bands will also head flounces and, in some cases, whole yokes will be of lattice work. This may be carried out in the narrow silk bands, stitched on very neatly. A gown of turquoise blue veiling, not a costly gown, by the way, had a stock trimmed with a lattace of black satin ribbon. The yoke was also latticed. The belt of satin, with a lattice work carried over it, and the flounce consisted of a lattice, very cunningly made, so that it required no lining.

For dinner wear the dinner sash gives a finish to the gown. If the skirt be a little worn, or passed its first stiffness, nothing will resuscitate it like a sash. The prettiest sashes are made of chiffon and are shaped, the ends being rounding and rather wider than the sash itself. The entire edge is trimmed with a tiny ruching of chiffon or of white satin ribbon, no broader than baby ribbon.

Counting Housewives' Steps.

The New York State Household Economic association proposes to discover how many steps a housewife takes in a day.

It is estimated that 2000 steps make a mile, and the proposition is to compute how many miles are covered a day by the housewife in the preparation of her meals and washing of dishes. Considering 1000 meals as the average for the year, the mileage involved is something stupendous.

Members of the association have by no means undertaken this labor as a mere course of metal gymnastics. The purpose in view is to discover how often two steps might serve instead of three, and to use the statistics as a basis of reform.

A prize should be offered for the best method of reducing the number of these necessary steps on the part of busy and overworked housewives. Reversing the old saw, the man or woman who makes two steps do where three or four have heretofore been required, deserves a patent, a pension and a monument or a niche in the Hall of Fame.—Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.

French Women to Be Jurors.

After securing the right to take legal degrees and be called to the bar, French women have now the prospect of being required to discharge in courts of law duties which many men hitherto have regarded as rather onerous than otherwise, and have sought oftener to avoid than to assume. A deputy has announced his intention of bringing in a bill making it not only admissible but legally obligatory for women to sit as jurors. He proposes that all juries shall be required to consist of six good men and true and six women similarly qualified. Exactly the same obligations as regards the attendance of persons called to be jurors will be binding on "citizenesses" as on citizens, and the same penalties for failure to obey a summons will be authorized by law. It must at once be said, however, that the prospective jurywomen of France nobly rejoice at the privilege which the new measure, if passed, will confer upon them, and show no disposition to grumble in advance at the burden which may be laid upon their shoulders.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Frank Advice to the Summer Girl.

"In the summer days when we are jaunting about, tarrying in new places," writes Margaret E. Sangster in the Ladies' Home Journal, "may it not happen that we are over-precipitate in following enchantments of the novel situation, that we too readily cultivate the untried acquaintance, even ignoring some loyal old friend, it may be, in our new absorption? It is wise to be a trifle reticent until we have had time to take stock of a new acquaintance. Dear girls, may I talk with you frankly about this matter of friendship, as it affects your relations with men? Mary, spending a fortnight in an Adirondack camp, meets John, who has a fortnight's vacation from the office where he is employed in New York. The two are together all day long, and till late in the evening in the witchery of the moon. Before there is the slightest intention of seriousness, one or the other, or both, may become deeply interested. A good rule then is not to be in haste. Though the summer days begin the acquaintance wait for autumn or winter before deciding an issue which must affect the summers and winters of a whole life."

Boudoir Fashions.

Mercerised cotton is effectively employed this season for boudoir gowns. It is the material best adapted to the dashing cretonne applique trimming that is so much in vogue just now. These robes call for the heavier guipure laces, too. There are a great many wash silk gowns on exhibition at the shops that are made up on simple principles purposely, so that they may be turned over to the laundress when they call for rejuvenation. One of pastel pink wash silk was gathered at the shoulder seams and fell in straight folds to the floor. It was finished with narrow frills of the same silk hemstitched. White gauze ribbon painted with a pale pink running rose pattern was wrought into a high corselet girdle with straps that came up over the shoulders. Just at the bust line on the front of the corselet the ribbon was knotted into a bow with short loops and ends extending to the bottom of the robe. The accordion plaited angel sleeves were elbow length and were finished with two rows of the gauze ribbon. This gown was made without a lining and when bereft of its ribbon corselet was as washable as the stoutest white lawn.

The hairdressers advertise freely their new low "boudoir coiffure," which is supposed to be much more in keeping with boudoir robes than the more ceremonious high pompadour styles. The hair is waved slightly around the brow, is parted on the left side and brought back loosely into the figure "8" coil that rests low on the neck. A wired butterfly bow of black velvet tops the coil.

The bootmakers, too, cater especially to these boudoir toilets. They offer some of the daintiest spring heel slippers wrought of daisy ribbon. These are woven with an openwork mesh that is filled in with silk threads holding a strass stone. Often two contrasting ribbons are called into service in manufacturing these novelty slippers. The openwork jute sandals are highly recommended for comfort. Decked out with ribbon straps and bows that are embroidered they may be made quite attractive. Both stockings and slippers worn with boudoir gowns repeat the prevailing shade of robe.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

FASHION NOTES

Brown Holland is one of the wash materials that appears this season in simple effective gowns.

The popular hats of the moment are mostly large, showing a great deal of embroidery and trimmings of ostrich plumes.

Bright colored gloves, such as olive green, are considered bad form. White, pale gray and tans are those most worn at present. It is said that in Paris the gloves never match the gown.

The continued absence of pockets in women's gowns is responsible for the popularity of the chatelaine bag. Either oblong or round is considered the proper shape for the bags this season.

One of the handsomest of parasols embroidered in gold has the work done in solid embroidery on white. The tendency is in using gold to use but little of it, and it has a somewhat tawdry effect.

Much of the finest underwear is imported; the ribbed from Switzerland and the plain from France. This is particularly fine in the softness and quality of the material, and is also excellent in shape.

Blue in all shades, from the delicate forget-me-nots and baby blue tints of iris, corn flower and hyacinth shades, will be even more popular as the season advances. All of these shades appear in the linen gowns.

An ingenious device for keeping the corsage bouquet in place has been invented. It consists of an ordinary safety pin to which has been added a buckle or clasp. The latter holds the flower in place and is made of thin metal.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

The Grasshopper's Untimely End.

"Just watch me," said the grasshopper,
Preparing for a flight;
"I feel so vigorous today,
I'll jump clear out of sight!"
I watched him as he rose in air,
He kept his word no doubt,
For down he came into a stream
Where lived a hungry trout.
—St. Nicholas.

The Game of Cities.

What boy or girl knows how to play the game of "Cities?"

This is how you begin:

I ask you the question: "What city in the United States am I thinking of?"

You reply by naming some city you think I have in mind.

If you do not guess right the first time I say no; that city is too far north, south, east or west from the one I have in mind.

For instance: Supposing I am thinking of San Francisco. I say to you: What city in the United States am I thinking of?

You answer Boston.

No, I reply; Boston is too far northeast.

Then you try again, this time naming a place further west and south of Boston, say, Philadelphia.

I tell you that Philadelphia is still too far east.

Thus you continue, naming cities further west until you say San Francisco, when it will be your turn to think of a city, or until you "give it up," when it will be my turn to choose another one.

If you can keep before your mind's eye a picture of the United States, with the position of the many colors representing the states, you will find it of immense service in locating the direction of the various cities.

Bri-an and the Tur-key.

"Oh! I'm so glad Bri-anis com-ing. He is such a dear lit-tle boy," cried Dot. "What a lot of things we shall have to show him. It seems fun-ny to think he has ne-ver been in the country be-fore."

"Here they come!" cri-ed Mar-ie, rush-ing to the gar-den gate; and the children kiss-ed their lit-tle cou-sin un-til his cap fell off. After dinner the three children made for the farmyard.

"You see, there's such a num-ber of things you've ne-ver seen. Bri-an—chickens and ducks and geese and pigs and—"

"I've seen lots of zem," said Bri-an, a lit-tle in-dig-nant. "We has chickens for din-ner, and ev-er so ma-ny years a-go, I don't 'xactly 'mem-ber when, we had a goose, and we has tur-key at Ch'is-'mas."

Dot and Mar-ie laughed. "But you have ne-ver seen them run-ning a-bout, have you?"

Be-fore Bri-an could make up his mind what to say, they came up-on a brood of duck-lings, and his shout of de-light told them the sight was new to him.

Then the chick-ens and the gos-lings and the lit-tle pigs, all were fresh and de-light-ful to the city boy, and his cou-sins were as happy as he.

But his ro-sy cheeks grew a shade pal-er when he saw a big tur-key strut-ting a-bout with out-spread tail.

"He doesn't look much like the tur-keys in the shops, does he?" said Dot.

As the tur-key took no no-tice of them, Bri-an's courage soon came back. Sud-denly he gave a great shout, and point-ing to the tur-key's wat-tles, he cried ex-cit-ed-ly, "Why, the tur-key's got a trunk!"

Dot and Mar-ie laugh-ed so much at Bri-an's dis-cov-ery that Bri-an began to laugh too, al-though he did not know why; so it was a ve-ry happy par-ty that mo-ther call-ed indoors at last.

But all the time he stay-ed at the farm no-thing plea-sed Bri-an so much as watch-ing the tur-key, and when he was quite a big boy his cou-sins used to re-mind him of the tur-key's trunk.—Cassell's Little Folks.

They Lived 600 Years Ago.

In the early part of the 14th century two exiled Italians left behind them forever their beautiful native city of Florence. One of them was Dante, whom you have all heard of as the poet; the other was Petracco, the father of Petrarch, the poet. Petrarch was born July 20, 1304, at Arrezo, during the second year of his parents' exile, and was named by them Francesco. He was destined to be as famous as his father's companion in exile, Dante. From his earliest childhood Francesco, or Checco, as his little companions called him, loved literature, and daily the longing to be a great writer grew in him. His father, a passionate man, could not give up the desire to see his son a jurist like himself. The story is told that one day in anger he threw into the fire all his boy's most cherished books. Francesco pleaded so hard for his treasures that at last his father rescued two books which were only half burned, and these two were "Cicero" and "Virgil."

This love of letters nothing could kill. It is true that, yielding to his father's wishes, he spent seven years of his life at Montpelier and Bologna studying law, but he always regarded these years as "not so much spent as totally wasted," and after his father's death he gave up the study forever.

Free at 22 to devote himself to literature, he placed himself under the patronage of influential nobles, a necessary step to a literary man of that day. We marvel at the number of books which came from his pen. Though all the world knows him best for the beautiful love songs which he wrote in Italian, his list of Latin books is very interesting. Then there was the Latin poem about Scipio Africanus which brought Petrarch the greatest honor of his life. Largely because of the interest it aroused, on Easter, 1341, Petrarch was crowned with the laurel wreath.

Petrarch's life was a long one, so long that he found time not only to become one of the foremost writers but to collect a library, to make a collection of coins, to arouse interest in preserving old manuscripts, fast becoming lost to the world, and in many ways to awaken the people of his time to a love of the old Greek and Roman writers.

One day in 1374 they found him fast asleep over a book in his home at Arqua. When they tried to waken him they found that he was dead. So was the wish which he had once expressed to his friend Boccaccio fulfilled—"I desire that death find me reading or writing."—Chicago Record-Herald.

What the Wave Said to Molly.

One day not very long ago Molly and Tom went with mamma to the beach. Mamma sat and read while Molly and Tom built castles and forts, waded in the water, caught a jelly fish, and did lots of things.

By and by Molly got tired of playing, so she sat down and watched the waves as they splashed up the beach. At last one little wave almost covered her with water, and then she jumped pretty quick, I can tell you.

"Please don't run away," said the wave. "I wanted to tell you of an adventure of mine." And it gave a splashy chuckle of delight.

"Dear me," said Molly. "Do you have adventures? I thought you did nothing but play all day."

"No, indeed," said the wave. "We have lots of adventures. Once I helped wreck a ship—but I'm not going to tell you about that. This was a funny happening. Yesterday I was playing down there by the bulkhead under the long walk. Lots of land people were leaning over the wall to watch us dance. Pretty soon along came a little girl and her mother. The little girl was crying hard 'cause she was hot and tired and cross. They stopped to watch us and the little girl climbed up and looked over the wall, while her mother held her tight. And all the time the big tears were a-rolling down her face." And the little wave gave another chuckle.

"I don't think it was very funny," said Molly, frowning.

"Don't you?" asked the little wave. "Why, I thought so. Now, please, don't get angry 'cause I haven't come to the funny part yet."

"So the little girl cried," it went on, rippling along the shore. "And I kept a-wondering how to make her laugh. I dashed myself against the bulkhead ever so many times, but it wasn't any use. I couldn't jump high enough you see. And the little girl's tears came so fast she couldn't see through 'em."

Here the little wave stopped and ran off toward the ocean. "O, come back, do, please, little wave," cried Molly, "and tell me how you made her laugh."

The wave came splashing in again and curled around Molly's toes. "I didn't think you cared about it. But if you really and truly want to know—"

"Of course I do," said Molly, clasping he hands.

"Well," said the little wave, as it rolled up a pebble. "I couldn't do it all by myself, you see. So I thought and thought and then I remembered by great-great-great uncle, Seventh Wave. So I ran off quick to find him, 'cause I was afraid the little girl might go away 'fore I came back. And I met him rolling in toward shore. He was foaming with anger and was going to tear down that bulkhead, he said. I told him all the story and after a while he promised to do what I wanted. Then I hopped on his back and away we went rolling in. The little girl was there still, crying hard, and lots of other land people were there, too. Everybody cried, 'Look at that mon-ster-ous wave!' They didn't know it was me on uncle's back that made him look so big. So we came crashing against the bulkhead. And just as we struck it I jumped high in the air and dashed my spray right into the little girl's face."

"And then?" asked Molly.

"And then—the little girl laughed," said the wave as it slipped back into the sea.

"Molly!" called mamma. "You've been standing there for ever so long. Was it a day dream, little daughter?"

Molly rubbed her eyes and laughed, but never a word she said about the story the little wave told her.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Sovereign of Greater Britain.

It appears to be in contemplation to give King Edward a title more worthy of his actual position than that of king, and the one that seems to find most favor in the discussion is "Sovereign of Greater Britain." This would give him distinction over all the other rulers of the earth, since it would raise an indefinite title to a position of commanding definiteness, as the addition of "the" to an Irish name marks the head of the house; when allusion was made to "the sovereign" it would be understood that the Sovereign of Greater Britain alone was meant. How the other sovereigns would take such an assumption of superiority remains to be seen.—Philadelphia Ledger.

And Also Lawyers.

Bobbie—Pa, what happens when cars are telescoped?

Father—The passengers are sure, my son.—Smart Set.

THE BANNER.

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FINE weather for cotton picking—if you have the cotton to pick

OPPOSITION to the ratification of the new Constitution is springing up, but it is too early yet to judge what strength it may develop.

FROM all accounts the cotton crop is going to prove a small one, and it is hard to say what keeps the market down to its present figures.

OUR copies of the new Constitution have not yet come to hand, and we are consequently unable to send them out to our subscribers this week.

What has become of the Peoples' Savings Bank? Nothing has been heard of it lately. We hope it is not going to be allowed to fall through. Clanton needs a bank, and needs it now.

ASSASSIN Czolgosz was convicted on Tuesday of the murder of President McKinley, and the Judge will pronounce sentence to-day (Thursday). The law is being expeditiously and faithfully administered in this case.

THE country is settling down again, after the excitement produced by the tragic death of the lamented McKinley. President Roosevelt starts off with a strong feeling of confidence on all sides that he has the ability to make a good strong executive.

Will the Farmer Listen?

While the farmers of the South are selling their cotton crop, it might be well to study out a few figures.

On Saturday Atlanta quoted cotton at 7 7-8 cents per pound.

On the same day corn was quoted at from 78 to 80 cents per bushel—with futures calling for from 10 to 20 cents higher.

Clear ribs sides stood at 9 1-2 cents.

Ribs, 8 7-8 cents.

Hams, to 1-4 cents.

Lard, 10 3-4 to 11 cents.

These articles form the staples of the provision market. The excuse of the all-cotton farmer has been that he could buy these articles cheaper than he could sell his cotton, and that so long as he had a margin he was justified.

The position, of course is not correct. The first law of domestic economy calls for sustenance. The man who plants without regard to sustenance is always in danger, and the figures given above prove it. Not only does the farmer have to give a difference of from 1 to 3 cents per pound for his supplies, but he has to add the wear and tear of transportation, the loss of time and the inevitable interest.

Can a man afford to raise cotton at 7 7-8 cents per pound, and trade it with a bonus of from 1 to 3 cents per pound for ribs, ham and lard?

Or putting the case differently:

One farmer raises all cotton for 7 7-8 cents. His adjoining neighbor raises meats-tuffs at from 8 7-8 to 11 cents per pound. Which of the two get the best of it in the trade?

The cotton crop of the South is the commercial king of America, but to extract its full profit the farmer should raise it as cheaply as he can, and then sell in the highest market. The best cotton-raiser is the man who has his own smoke house and corn crib.

Is there not a lesson in this for next year?—Atlanta Constitution.

Verbena.

Mr. and Mrs. Fox Maull of Deatsville have been visiting friends in our city.

Rev. A. I. Cousins, presiding elder of the Prattville district, has been assisting Rev. Mr. Threadgill in his protracted meeting, also Rev. Mr. Rinehart and Rev. Mr. Feagan are assisting in the meeting. They are having a good old time Methodist protracted meeting.

Miss Susie Merriwether, one of our most accomplished young ladies, has gone to New York to study to be a professional nurse.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Crenshaw and children of Birmingham, who have been spending the heated term at the Clifton House, have gone on a visit to relatives in the capital city.

Mrs. G. M. Rousseau and family who have been spending the summer here, have returned to their home in Montgomery, to the regret of their many friends.

Miss Cathleen Clisby, one of the Magic city's most lovely and fascinating young ladies, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned home to attend college at Montevallo.

Miss Fannie Marks, a talented and artistic young lady, of the capital city, is the charming guest of Mr. W. A. Gayle's family.

Miss Lula Virden, one of Montgomery's fair young ladies, who has been spending the heated term in our delightful summer resort, has returned home.

Misses Athens Curry, of Ohio, and Mary Lockwood, of Montgomery, two fair young ladies, who have been stopping at the Clifton House, have gone to Montgomery, to the deepest regret of some of our boys. Cheer up boys and "cease repineing behind the cloud, is the sun still shining."

A number of our young ladies and gentlemen took one of their proverbial possum hunts and caught one lone possum, but they report of having a great deal of fun in hunting the sleepy possum.

Mr. Gus Baumgarten, of Memphis is visiting friends in Verbena

Mr. Noble Billing of Montgomery has been the guest of friends here.

Mrs. J. M. Dennis and children, of Montgomery, are registered at the Clifton House.

Cotton will all be picked out and sold in a short time.

There is two things I don't think our people have got use for, that is the new constitution and the stock jaw in this section.

Beating All Records.

Whenever the American people find a thing of merit, absolute genuine merit, they appreciate it and never hesitate to make liberal use of it. It is merit that counts for the enormous sale of Cascarets—over six million boxes last year. It is the best bowel and liver regulator in the world and sells at prices that suit everybody—10c, 25c and 50c a box, put up in tablet form, and every tablet stamped "C.C.C." There is no waste. Cascarets are easy to take and are sold by the makers under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if Cascarets do not prove satisfactory. A 50c box is enough for a month's treatment for the worst case. We urge every sufferer to give Cascarets an immediate trial.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sights Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Stood Death Off

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digesiton, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Clanton drug store.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

PROGRAM

Of the 75th Anniversary and Minister's and Deacon's Meeting of the Ebenezer Baptist church, to be held at Stanton, Ala., September 27, 28, and 29, 1901.

FRIDAY.

9:30 a.m. Prayer and song service.

10. Welcome address and responses.

11. Sermon, "The feet-washing scene." A. J. Dickinson.

2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.

3. "The pastor and his Bible." A. J. Dickinson.

4. Question box.

7. Prayer and song service.

7:30. "The sermon: Its object, nature, power, etc." F. M. Woods

8. Sermon, "Giving the first law of Christ's Kingdom" J. E. Barnes.

SATURDAY.

9 a.m. Prayer and song service.

9:30. "How to preach with power." A. J. Dickinson

10. "A sketch of Ebenezer Baptist church." W. O. Perry.

11. Sermon, "Soul winning for Christ." P. V. Bomar.

2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.

3. "What the world owes the Baptists" J. E. Barnes

4. "Why Baptists should teach their distinctive doctrines." W. J. Ruddick.

4:30. "What Baptist young people can do for Christ." A. J. Preston.

7. Prayer and song service.

7:30. "Does God require all Christian men to pray publicly." W. H. Connell.

8. Sermon, by A. J. Preston.

SUNDAY.

9 a.m. Prayer and song service.

9:30. "What the world owes the Missionaries." J. E. Barnes.

10. "Christianity essentially missionary." W. H. Connell.

10:30. "The Sunday-school as a church and missionary agency." A. J. Preston.

11. Missionary sermon by F. M. Woods.

2:30 p.m. Prayer and song service.

3. "The need of foreign mission work as seen by an eye witness." T. U. Crumpton.

3:30. Reflex influence of foreign mission work on the home churches. F. M. Woods.

4. What Baptist missionaries are doing for the world to-day. J. E. Barnes.

7. Prayer and song service.

7:30. "The layman and his Bible." P. V. Bomar.

8. Sermon. "The three R's." Isaac Windsor.

The public is cordially invited. All visitors will be cared for.

P. G. MAXWELL, Pastor.

TUSKEGEE, ALA., July 28, 1898

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—My Dear Sir: Justice to you demands that I should give you my experience with your excellent medicine, TEETHINA. Our little girl, just thirteen months old, has had much trouble teething. Every remedy was exhausted in the shape of prescriptions from family physicians. Her bowels continued to pass off pure blood and burning fever continued for days at a time. Her life was almost despaired of. Her mother determined to try TEETHINA, and in a day or two there was a great change—new life had returned—the bowels were regular, and thanks to TEETHINA, the little babe is now doing well. Yours, etc.,

D. W. McIVER,
Editor and Proprietor Tuskegee (Ala.) News.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

Amanda Jones, Complainant, vs. Jack Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Jack Jones, is a non resident of the State of Alabama, whose post-office and residence are unknown to affiant, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Jack Jones, to answer or demur to the same within thirty days after the 28th day of October, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama this 23rd day of September, 1901. W. L. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

A. C. SMITH,
Solicitor for Complainant.

It is not a liniment, nor a salve. Contains no grease or ammonia. A rational, scientific, chemical compound. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic stands pre-eminently superior to any remedy offered the public for healing Wounds, Burns and other injuries. Used internally it is a fine thing for colic and bowel troubles.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Pletcher	Beat 8	Oct	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoalts	" 7	"	4
Maplerville	" 7	"	5
Benson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Strasburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Cooper	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kincheon	" 6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "NUFFLES the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"NUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"NUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a compound treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "NUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 985 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2340 and 2342 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Clanton Drug Co.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes glad.

OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy.

OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your family.

OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.

OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.

OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to us.

OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again.

OUR STOCK—Ah!—come and see it—make you want to buy.

OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,

CLANTON

We will move October 1st to 2012 First Ave.

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

W. A. KEMP

KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

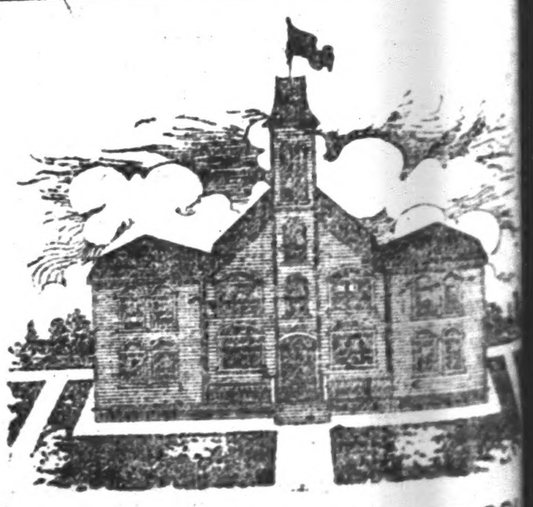
C. W. WILSON

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Fancy Groceries a Specialty

CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM. OF SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation. We shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the details of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main building is a beautiful two story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than a thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $2.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand to helping institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address

RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court convenes monthly in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in August, and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to-day 7¾ @ 7 7-16 cents

Same date last year 9½ cts.

Receipts received to date	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	275	50
Mullins	146	296
Wilson	6	51
Downs	16	59
Total	443	456

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $6 per 1000. F. R. Woodward, Clanton.

Mr. Claud McRee of Montgomery visited friends here a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foshee returned from Selma Wednesday, after a pleasant visit of several days to their son Durwood.

Mr. R. Y. McMorries, of Gadsden is visiting friends in town.

Write T. M. Collier for a catalogue of Clanton High School.

Mr. R. C. Middleton of New Orleans, and Mrs. W. F. Middleton of Mt. Carmel visited the parents of the former the past week.

Miss Maud Lenoir of Lily was a visitor here Wednesday.

New millinery. Stylish and cheap at Mrs. Phillips. If you want something pretty and cheap call on her.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Jones a fine boy Tuesday night.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Noel a bouncing boy Wednesday morning.

Mr. Charlie Gulledge of Verbena was in town Wednesday.

Clanton High School is the place to give your boys and girls a practical education.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Mr. W. M. Sartor is visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. H. Stewart, at Birmingham.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham on Tuesday.

Dr. W. F. Middleton was in town last Friday, en route to his home at Mount Carmel, from Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Collins of Birmingham attended the funeral of the latter's sister, Mrs. C. R. Mullins, here Sunday.

Prepare for enthusiastic teaching in Clanton High School.

Mrs. Mary A. Ray and Mr. and Mrs. Pyron of Deatsville visited the family of Mr. W. I. Mullins Sunday.

Miss Zuella Popwell of Lily was a visitor here Tuesday.

Married at the residence of the bride's parents at Clanton, on Sunday, September 23, 1901, Mr. Jno. Thacker and Miss Annie Mullar, Rev. D. F. Ellison performing the ceremony. Long and happy may their lives together be.

Two prisoners, Will Anderson and Frank Patterson, both colored, made their escape from the county jail last Friday night, and up to the present have not been recaptured.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Missey's ad in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will abpreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Mr. W. H. Stacy has repainted his warehouse, done away with his livery department, and will run a first class restaurant.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. J. D. Thacker and Miss Annie Marler; Mr. Archie Fisher and Miss Lizzie Graham.

STOP THE COUGH and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

e are

. Sartor.

CLANTON

October 1st
First Ave.
AT CUT PRICES

d Virginia Rye 75c Per Qua

DRUG CO.,
UT RATE DRUG STORE
HAM, · ALA

E BELONGS TO

KEMP

ER EYE ON IT

WILSON
EALER IN—
MERCHANDISE
eries a Specialty
CLANTON

ORMAL SCHOOL
NDENT NORMALISM. OF
DEPARTMENTS.
L MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.
science! We court investigation
, at any time, examine into the
schools of the State. The Main
structure of fifteen rooms The
hree-story structure well suited
. The Library consists of more than
0 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.
d up and to lend a hand in helping
tate in elevating the youth to a
information, address
& CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Al

TOWN ITEMS

Chilton county court comes second Monday in February, first Monday in June, and fourth Monday in October and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to day (Nov. 8) 7 7-16 cents. Same date last year 9½ cts.

Receipts to date	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co.	226	507
Molina	146	286
Wilsonville	6	54
Downs	16	52
Total	414	889

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per 1000. F. R. WOODYARD, Clanton.

Mr. [illegible] McRee of Montgomery visited friends here a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foshee returned to Selma Wednesday, after a pleasant visit of several days among Durwood.

Mr. R. N. McMorries, of Gadsden, is visiting friends in town.

Write J. M. Collier for a catalogue of Clanton High School.

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New millinery. Stylish and cheap at Mrs. Phillips. If you want some pretty and cheap call on her.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Work for Dr. A. J. Missey's [illegible] He has established a branch office at Clanton, will spend a week here every [illegible] days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in future. He will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1916 First st., between 18th and 19th sts., Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Blanks, etc., at The Banner office.

Mr. W. [illegible] has repainted his store, [illegible] away with his [illegible] and will run a [illegible] paint.

Marriage licenses have been issued since last by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

[illegible] Thacker and Miss [illegible] Mr. Archie Fisher to Miss [illegible] Graham.

STOP THE COUGH and work off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains, call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Goods damaged by removal must be sold at any price.

This is Your Great Opportunity.

All these goods are good as new, they were only slightly damaged by removal; the fire did not reach my store, but all the stock was removed.

Calicoes from 3 and 4 cents. Lawns from 4 cts.
Ladies' Hats 50 cents on the $1.
Men's and Children's Straw Hats 50 c on $1.
Clothing at half price.
Shoes at half price.
Big line of Umbrellas.
Embroidery 4 cents.

I have a big stock and it must positively be sold. Come in and see for yourselves and pick out your own bargains. You have never seen such values before. Respectfully,

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

REYNOLDS BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

...General Merchandise...

COTTON BUYERS.
JEMISON, ALA.

Owing to a change in our business we are going to sell our entire stock at prices that will alarm you.

10 lbs. Good Coffee	$1.00
18 lbs. Sugar	1.00
Success Soda per pound	4
Men's Oil Grained Best Grade Shoes	1.25
Women's Oil and Glove Grained Shoes—Button or Lace—Best on Earth only	1.00
1 lb. Schnapps, Red Apple, Red Rabbit, and Early Bird Tobacco	32
Calico per yard	5
Cotton Checks per yard	5
Good Suit Clothes only	4.00
Good Family Flour	3.25

Remember the old adage: "Make hay while the sun shines," and get your share of these goods.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR BEEF CATTLE AND COTTON SEED

This is Spot Cash. Do not ask to have them charged, as you will be denied.

REYNOLDS BROS.

FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $20 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS

are on sale by
Campbelle Drug co., clanton,
A. Horn, Thorsby.
A. A. Ayers, clanton.
Rev. M. F. Lett, Kincheon
J. B. Downs, clanton.

N. A. LOGAN,
General Agent for Chilton and Shelby counties, Clanton, Ala.

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS--SASH, DOORS, BLINDS; MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
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BALLOONS IN WARFARE.

ALL MODERN ARMIES USE THEM IN THE FIELD.

Germany's Effective Types—Other Countries Find the Airships Valuable—American Signal Service Employs Them—How General Porter Sailed Over His Enemies.

Germany is further advanced than any other country in the development of the war balloon, says the *Boston Herald*. The most effective type of the war balloon was invented in Germany. It is known as the kite baloon. It looks very like a German sausage. The large bag of this balloon is an elongated cylinder with hemispherical ends. This bag is filled with hydrogen gas. It hangs at an angel of forty-five degrees, due to the fact that a smaller wind-bag hangs at the end of it and partly surrounds it. This wind-bag is in fact the rudder to the balloon.

A German war balloon is made of cotton cloth. It is composed of two thicknesses of this cloth coated with rubber. This is the heaviest fabric used in ballooning, and this fact is very much against it. It has been found by experiment, however, that the silk balloon is too strong a conductor of electricity, specially when coated with rubber. Some years ago, when a silk balloon was sent up in Berlin, the man handling it received a violent shock, and then the balloon burst into flames and the gas exploded, killing one man and injuring five others. Since that time rubber-coated silk has not been used in military ballooning in Germany. But in the United States there have been silk balloons used for war purposes, and in the experiments made in Colorado by Captain Glassford, of the signal service, pongee silk, treated with linseed oil, was used successfully.

Some very expensive experiments were made abroad with goldbeater's skin. This is the membrane obtained from the entrails of the bullock. One animal furnishes a single membrane from eighteen to thirty inches long and ten to twenty inches wide. These membranes are salted until needed. Then they are placed in a vessel with salt water, with a glue obtained from the sturgeon of the Caspian Sea.

A model of cotton cloth having been prepared, the surface is oiled, and inflated within a scaffolding. The membranes are taken from the water and stretched on the inflated cotton cloth, their edges overlapping. In this way the model is covered completely. Two more layers of membrane are laid on, and then ribbons of the same material are laid so as to form a lattice work. This prevents the balloon tearing. On this ribbon structure three more layers of skin are laid. Air is then pumped between the surface of the cotton model and the first layer of skin, and in this way they are separated so that the cotton model can be withdrawn. These membrane balloons cost $1,800 each. The regulation field balloon of the German army costs about $1,250.

The kite balloon is not surrounded by netting. This saves a great deal of weight. A belt of heavy sailcloth passes around the balloon at the bottom, and to this cords are attached, which suspend the basket and also give connection with the ribbon through a cable system. When the balloon rises, the small bag at the lower end is filled automatically by the wind. The object of this bag is to keep the head of the ballon always to the wind.

The war balloon is always attached to a cable. The outfit consists of eight wagons. One holds the balloon, one the reel and cable and six are filled with tubes and gas, to be used in inflating the balloon. Twelve tube wagons are taken into the field in time of war. Six of these, holding twenty cylinders each will carry enough gas to fill the balloon; the other six are a reserve.

In the field the balloon is inflated and let out at the end of the cable. When it is desired to withdraw it it is reeled in by hand. It takes sixteen men to reel 600 meters of cable in twelve to fifteen minutes.

The regular balloon corps is a branch of the German military service attached to the railroad brigade. There is a course of instruction, both physical and mental, and ascensions are made in all weathers, and observations are made to perfect the observers in drawing conclusions as to the movements of armies the plans of forts, etc., from what they can observe from the car of the balloon. Photographs are also made from the balloon car, and form fairly good maps.

Ballooning in war is no means a novelty, and the late General Fitz-John Porter, nearly forty years ago, had an experience with a runaway balloon at Yorktown, while making observations of the Confederate lines. The balloon got away from the cable and Gen. Porter was in danger several times of being carried into the enemy's country. He was actually traveling over Dixie for a considerable part of the time he was in the air, but he found a favoring current which brought him back within the Federal lines and allowed him to make a landing there.

It was President Lincoln who gave orders to have the balloon used for making observations at the beginning of the war but after two years of experimenting the balloon was abandoned. Its failure was due to lack of scientific operations. To-day every great nation has its balloon corps attached to the army. In the United States the signal corps has charge of ballooning, and has recently made many valuable experiments. To be sure, the balloon in our war with Spain was a source of some criticism and ill-feeling, because it was said the great gas bag which was carried along the Santiago road told the enemy accurately the position of our advancing column. Probably in this place it might have been better had it not been used but there are places where its use is extremely valuable, as the experience of other nations has demonstrated.

APPRECIATION

Soon the rose, full-blown and gay,
From the bough will fade away;
But it tosses, brightly glowing,
Brimming with the joy of knowing
That it blows and blooms—today.
—H. K. Munkittrick.

HUMOROUS.

Sillicus—What do you consider the marriageable age? Cynicus—Bondage.

Hoax—He doesn't know enough to come in out of the rain. Joax—Well, he always knows enough to have a borrowed umbrella.

"Men are all alike," declared the cynical old maid. "Yes; I suppose all men look alike to you," murmured the frivolous young thing.

Nell—Do you think that is all her own hair? Belle—No; part of it is her sister's. At least, I saw her sister buying some just like it.

"Sticking to a thing," said the Wise Guy, "is what causes one to rise in the world." "How about the fly and the fly paper?" murmured the Simple Mug.

"Oh, yes! The Rev. Mr. Kurves is a very eloquent preacher." "I understand that he was once a baseball pitcher." "Yes, and a fine one." "Ah, I suppose that's where he got his good delivery."

Dick—Do you like romantic girls, Harry? Harry—I gues not! When you make a hole in your salary buying them expensive flowers they tear them apart, repeating: 'He loves me—he loves me not.'

"I realize the untruth of that saying now," remarked the little pig who had managed to get into the clover field. "What's that?" asked the imprisoned one, enviously. "'The sward is mightier than the pen.'"

"Madam," said a coarse lawyer, "baffled in his attempt to make a cool witness contradict her statements, "you have brass enough to make a saucepan." "And you have sauce enough to fill it," she retorted.

Mrs. Housekeep—That was a very small quart of peaches you sent me, and besides they were very green. Dealer—Yes'm; I noticed they were green, so I thought I'd better not send you enough to do you any harm.

"My good little man," said the visiting pastor, "I am afraid you've been fighting. A black eye! Don't you want me to pray with you. "Naw," said the good little man; "run home and pray with your own kid. He's got two black eyes."

FEATURE OF THE AGE.

The Tendency of Mankind Toward the Larger and Less Selfish Life.

If we were to ask what is the chief characteristic of the present age we should no doubt receive a great variety of answers. Our own answer would be that fundamentally the most marked feature of these times is an attempt to eliminate human nature as the governing factor in the affairs of mankind. Of course, we do not mean that any one believes that the race can be made over again and constituted with an entirely new nature; but the fact which most deeply impresses itself upon the student of human affairs is that there seems to be quite a unanimous belief that some sort of modus vivendi is capable of being attained whereby we shall all, while retaining in our make-up the old traits with which man was endowed when sentient life first made its appearance on this planet, agree nevertheless to subordinate our natural promptings and to bind ourselves to act strictly in accordance with carefully devised schemes of economic and social expediency. The old animal, self-seeking man is to become a thing of the past. The animal and self seeking propensities will no doubt remain, but we shall all be so immensely impressed with the theory of the whole raised working in the most delicately adjusted and harmonius relations to the achievement of great ends looking to the greatest good to the greatest number that it will be the easiest task in the world for us to put a quietus on these propensities every time they show any signs of asserting themselves. In short, the world is rapidly progressing, or thinks it is, toward an orderly, systematic life." This notion governs, or at least is supposed to govern, our activities in every department of human existence. "The larger life" is now the thing by which we all swear, and in which every one of us would willingly have his individuality swallowed up. Such is life and its tendencies as defined by the philosopher, religious, social, economic and industrial, today.—United States Investor.

France's Stationary Census.

The census returns show the population of France to be, in round numbers, 38,600,000, an increase of only 330,000 on 1896. To this small increase Paris and its suburbs contribute 292,000, the greater part of which number is due to foreign immigrants, so that the rest of France gives an increase of only 38,000. Since 1850 the population of France, allowing for alterations of boundaries, has only increased from 35,000,000 to 38,000,000, whereas that of the United Kingdom has risen from 27,000,000 to 41,000,000, Germany from 35,000,000 to 56,000,000, Austria from 30,000,000 to 45,000,000, Italy from 23,000,000 to 32,000,000 and Russia, partly owing to annexations, from 66,000,000 to 128,000,000.—London Times.

The appellate court of India holds that the release clause in a railway pass does not bar a suit for damages sustained through the negligence of an employe of the road.

"ROSE CURE" AND CRIME.

INTERESTING PHASE OF "BACK-TO-NATURE" IMPULSE.

The Employment of Floriculture as a Remedial Factor in Institutions—The Interest That Criminals Take in Their Charges—Deep-Seated Love of Beauty.

An interesting phase of the impulse "back to nature" that is so widely evidenced of late in the higher literature, the saner fads, amusements, etc., is the employment of floriculture as a remedial factor in the treatment of misdemeanants.

We seem to be slowly possessing ourselves of the knowledge that nature's way with the soul of a man is a good one, after all; that simple gladness of color and grace of contour are powers in our psychic life, and that even from the viewpoint of the most orthodox of reformers Sidney Lanier's reading of the "holiness of beauty" holds a radiance of the truth. As humble witness of all which need only be noted the marvellously remedial effects of rose culture. The discovery of this was, after the manner of many valuable discoveries, made by accident. The matron of a house of correction in the middle west, a place adequate, perhaps, but altogether unattractive in its bald utilitarianness, was presented one spring with a rose tree. Incidentally the donor had hesitated some time between this and some serviceable article of apparel, finally deciding upon the former, with the following results:

Preparatory to taking a rather longer vacation than usual the owner of the rose tree consigned it, not indeed without some misgivings, to the care of one of the women committed, whose confidence it had seemed impossible to gain. Patience, gentleness, friendliness had alike fallen fruitless. The poor soul seemed intelligent enough, but morally dead to any remedial influence. The owner of the rose tree was making arrangements for its return to the donor during her absence when the sullen, sodden features of the woman who had been so much in her thoughts rose before her mind's eye, and on an impulse, as inexplicable as it was sudden, she called her and explaining carefully its needs and how to meet them gave the beautiful blossoming thing into her care. After an absence of some weeks she returned to find the plant in a most flourishing condition, and its caretaker, with a new light is her eyes, the hint of a purpose in her shambling gait and the dawning of a conscience in her dulled consciousness, for she voluntarily, in response to the owners praise of its appearance, admitted having forgotten her charge several times, a carelessness which resulted in the destruction of one of its finest shoots. When this small episode reached the ears of one of the board of directors it gave her an inspiration upon which she was not long in acting. It was shortly reported about the place that the showing now made by the single rose tree was so fine that a rose garden for the house was in contemplation. A friend of the institution was found who was willing to stand financial sponsor for the experiment. A very simple and inexpensive conservatory was erected and a few dozens of the most beautiful variety of roses purchased. Then a course of talks on their care was given—very simple, very practical, very short—interspersed with stories of what roses had done in the world and how they had figured in its work. Very tactfully and unostentatiously wise supervision over every detail of the project was kept, but the full care of the plants was given to the women themselves. The summer following a large plot of ground was appropriated to the "rose cure." This was several years ago, and the success of the experiment has justified every dollar and every effort expended upon it.

Two other institutions, one for men, have adopted this method of employing inmates, and those interested in the matter have reason to believe the work will shortly be self-supporting through the sale of cut flowers and slips; the moral effect has already proved phenomenal. The influence of any sort of out-of-door activity has long been recognized as morally healthful and remedial, but it seems there is a vital difference between the effect of work among beautiful flowers and that given to the cultivation of, for instance, potatoes and cabbages. In the male house of correction mentioned three men who had systematically shirked their consignment of labor on the truck farm during confinement actually, after their release, sought a recommitment through the courts, simply to find out how their rose beds were thriving, they having toiled early and late in the making and care of them, and a half-grown boy in his eagerness to return after discharge threw a brick through a store window, finally admitting his object in doing so when questioned in court. Such instances, though exceptional, and happily so, are nevertheless indicative. The love of beauty is as deep-rooted as the love of life itself; every form of it is ennobling, uplifting, purifying. Changes have perhaps been run to weariness on the "single-rose-reforming-a-whole family" theme, but the fact remains—actual experience proves—that the most intelligent utilitarianism necessarily includes estheticism, or rather, perhaps, the extremes meet, mingle and are eventually one.

At all events the suggestion of these pioneer institutions is worthy of note and amplification, and the principle involved might be applied in many phases of reformatory work.—E. H., in *The New York Commercial Advertiser.*

A Cork-Faced Pulley.

A new type of pulley has a metal face with inserts of cork. Holes about three-fourths of an inch in diameter are made in the pulley face and filled with cork, which is allowed to project slightly. Great economy of transmission is the chief aim of the invention.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Methods Needed in the Modern Church—A Practical Gospel to Helpful—Ministerial Laziness Denounced—The Church Needs No Apologies.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Most encouraging to all Christian workers is this discourse of Dr. Talmage while denying the accuracy of statistics which represent Sunday audiences as diminishing; text, Hebrews x, 25, "Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together."

Startling statements have been made in many of the pulpits and in some religious newspapers. It is heard over and over again that church attendance in America is in decadence. I deny the statement by presenting some hard facts. No one will dispute the fact that there are more churches in America than ever before, one denomination averaging two new churches every day of the year. The law of demand and supply is as inexorable in the kingdom of God as it is in the world. More churches supplied argues more church privileges demanded. More banks, more bankers. More factories, more manufacturers. More ships, more importers. More churches, more attendants.

In all our cities within a few years churches have been built large enough to swallow up two or three of the old-time churches. I cannot understand with what kind of arithmetic and slate pencil a man calculates when he comes to the conclusion that church attendance in America is in decadence. Take the aggregate of the number of people who enter the house of God now and compare it with the aggregate of the people who entered the house of God twenty-five years ago, and the present attendance is four to one. The facts are most exhilerating instead of being depressing. That man who presents the opposite statistics must have been most unfortunate in his church acquaintance.

You are not to argue adversely because here and there a church is depleted. Churches have their day. Sometimes merchandise will entirely occupy a neighborhood and crowd out the churches and families ordinarily attendant upon them; sometimes a church perishes through internecine strife. But there are no facts to overthrow the statement that I have made in regard to the increasing attendance upon the house of God. Now, I am ready to admit, as every intelligent man will admit, that there are churches which have been depleted, and it is high time that a sermon be preached for the benefit of young men who are just entering the gospel ministry and for the warning of prosperous churches as to what are the causes of decline in any case. If merchandise crowd out a church, that cannot be helped, but under all other circumstances decadence in church attendance is the fault either of the church or of the pastor.

Churches are often cleared of their audiences by the attempt to transplant the modes of the past into the present. The modes and methods of fifty years ago are no more appropriate for to-day than the modes and methods of to-day will be appropriate for fifty years hence. Dr. Kirk, Dr. McElroy, Dr. Mason, Dr. De Witt, Dr. Vermilyea and hundreds of other men just as good as they were never lacked audiences, because they were abreast of the time in which they lived. People will not be interested in what we say unless we understand the spirit of the day in which we live. All the woebegonish statistics are given by those who are trying in our time to work with the worn-out machinery of the past times. Such men might just as well throw the furnaces out of our church basements and substitute the foot stoves which our grandmothers used to carry with them to meeting, and throw out our organs and our cornets and take the old fashioned tuning fork, striking it on the knee and then lifting it to the ear to catch the pitch of the hymn, and might as well throw out our modern platforms and modern pulpits and substitute the wineglass pulpit up which the minister used to climb to the dizzy height of Mont Blanc solitariness, and then go in out of sight and shut the door after him.

The trouble begins away back in the theological seminaries. It is a shame that larger provision is not made for ministers of religion, for the sick and the aged and the infirm who have worn themselves out in the service of God. We have naval asylums and soldiers' asylums for men who fought on land and sea for our country when these men have become aged or crippled, and it is a shame that larger provision is not made for the good soldiers of Jesus Christ who have worn themselves out in battling for the Lord. But lack of provision in that respect makes a tendency to turn our theological seminaries into hospitals for sick and aged and infirm ministers.

When a man begins to go down they give him the title of D. D. by way of resuscitation. If that fails, then the tendency is to elect him to a professorate in some theological seminary. There are grand exceptions to the rule, but it is often the case that the professorate in a theological seminary is occupied by some minister of the gospel who, not being able to preach himself, is set to teach others how to preach. In more cases than one the poorest speaker in the faculty is the professor of elocution.

We want more wideawake, more able-bodied, able-minded men, more enthusiastic men, in our theological seminaries and in the professorates—men like Addison Alexander, who could during the week teach young men the theory of preaching and then on Sunday go into the pulpit and with the thunder and lightning of Christian eloquence show them how. What would you think of a faculty of unsuccessful merchants to train young merchants or a faculty of unsuccessful lawyers to train young lawyers?

It is often the case that theological seminaries cut a man and clip him and square him and mold him and bore him and twist him until all the individual is gone out of him, and he is only a poor copy of a man who was elected to a professorate because he could not preach.

We want less dead wood in the theological seminaries and more flaming evangels. I declare that a man who cannot preach himself cannot teach others how to preach.

At a meeting of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States a clergyman accustomed on the Sabbath to preach to an audience of two or three hundred people in an audience room that could hold 1500 was appointed to preach a sermon on how to reach the masses! I am told the incongruity was too much for the risibilities of many of the clergy in the audience. Now, a young man coming out from such bedwarfing influences, how can he enter into the wants and the woes and the sympathies of people who want on the Lord's day a practical gospel that will help them all the week and help them forever?

Young ministers are told they must preach Christ and Him crucified. Yes, but not as an abstraction. Many a minister has preached Christ and Him crucified in such a way that he preached to an audience of 500 down to 200 and from 200 to 100 and from 100 to fifty and from fifty to twenty and on down until there was but little left save the sexton, who was paid to stay until the service was over and lock up! There is a great deal of cant about Christ and Him crucified. It is not Christ and Him crucified as an abstraction, but as an omnipotent sympathy applied to all the wants and woes of our immortal nature, a Christ who will help us in every domestic, social, financial, political, national struggle, a Christ for the parlor, a Christ for the nursery, a Christ for the kitchen, a Christ for the barn, a Christ for the street, a Christ for the store, a Christ for the banking house, a Christ for the factory, a Christ for the Congressional assembly, a Christ for the court room, a Christ for every trial and every emergency and every perturbation.

Oh, my brethren in the Christian ministry, we must somehow get our shoulder under the burden of the people on the Lord's day and give them a good stout lift, and we can do it. We have it all our own way. It is a great pity if, with the floor clear and no interruption, we cannot during the course of an hour get our hymn and our prayer or our sermon under such momentum as we can, by the help of God, hit the people, body, mind and soul, clear out of their sins, temptations and troubles.

I think that ministerial laziness often empties the church of auditors. Hearers who are intelligent through reading newspapers and by active association in business circles will not on the Sabbath sit and listen to platitudes. Hearers will not come to sermons which have in them no important facts, no information, no stirring power, no adaptation, no fire. The pew will not listen to the pulpit unless at least on the subject that day under discussion, the pulpit knows more than the pew. Ministerial laziness has cleared out many churches. Such ministers saunter around from parlor to parlor under the name of pastoral visitation and go gadding about through the village or the city on erranda of complete nothingness and wrap their brains around a cigar and smoke them up and then on Saturday afternoon put a few crude thoughts together and on Sunday morning wonder that the theme of Christ and Him crucified does not bring a large audience, and on Monday sit down and write jeremiads for the religious newspapers about the decadence of church attendance.

People will not go to church merely as a matter of duty. There will not next Sabbath be a thousand people in any city who will get up in the morning and say: "The Bible says I must go to church. It is my duty to go to church; therefore I will go to church." The vast multitude of people who go to church go to church because they like it, and the multitude of people who stay away from church stay away because they do not like it. I am not speaking about the way the world ought to be; I am speaking about the way the world is. Taking things are they are, we must make the centripetal force of the church mightier than the centrifugal. We must make our churches magnets to draw the people thereunto, so that a man will feel uneasy if he does not go to church, saying: "I wish I had gone this morning. I wonder if I can't dress yet and get there in time. It is 11 o'clock; now they are singing. It is half-past 11; now they are preaching. I wonder when the folks will be home to tell us what was said, what has been going on."

When the impression is confirmed that our churches, by architecture, by music, by sociality and by sermon, shall be made the most attractive places on earth, then we will want twice as many churches as we have now, twice as large, and then they will not half accommodate the people.

Therefore, my brother Christian worker, if you and I find two illustrations for a religious subject, and the one is a Bible illustration and the other is outside the Bible, I will take the latter because I want to be like my Master. Looking across to a hill, Christ saw the city of Jerusalem.

Talking to the people about the conspicuity of Christian example, He said: "The world is looking at you; be careful. A city that is set on a hill cannot be hid." While He was speaking of the divine care of God's children a bird flew past. He said, "Behold the ravens." Then, looking down into the valley, all covered at that season with flowers, He said, "Consider the lilies."

Oh, my brother Christian workers, what is the use of our going away off in some obscure part of history or on the other side of the earth to get an illustration when the earth and the heavens are full of illustrations?

Oh, Christian workers, we have got to freshen up. What is the use of our going back in the Christian classics to find an illustration of the victorious Christian deathbed when my personal friend, Alfred Cookman, a few years ago went away in as imperial grandeur as did Edward Payson?

Is it any less an illustration to me and to you because I met him a few weeks before in front of Trinity Church, Broadway, and I said: "Cookman, you look as if you were working too hard?" Where in all the classics is there such a story as that of Cookman, when in his last moment he cried: "I am sweeping through the gates washed in the blood of the Lamb?"

Oh, fellow Christian workers, what is the use of our being stale and obsolete and ancient when all around us are these evidences of God's grace, God's deliverance, God's mercy and God's wisdom? We have got to freshen up in our sermons, freshen up in our songs, freshen up in our zeal, freshen up in our consecration, and if we do it, my brethren and sisters, we will no more have to coax people to come to church than if you throw corn on the ground you have to coax pigeons to come and eat it, no more than you would have to coax a tired horse to eat the oats you throw in his manger. Yes, we must freshen up in our Sunday-schools and in our prayer meetings and in our pulpits.

It is high time that the church of God stopped writing apologies for the church. Let the men who are on the outside, who despise religion, write the apologies. If any people do not want the church, they need not have it. It is a free country. If any man does not want the gospel, he need not have it. It is a free country. But you go out, oh, people of God, and give the gospel to the millions of America who do want it.

It is high time we stop skirmishing and bring on a general engagement. I want to live to see the Armageddon, all the armies of heaven and hell in battle array, for I know our Conqueror on the white horse will gain the day. Let the church of God be devoted to nothing else, but go right on to this conquest.

When Moses with his army was trying to conquer the Ethiopians profane history says it was expected that he would go in a roundabout way and come by the banks of the river, as other armies had done, because the straight route was infested with snakes, and no army and no man had dared to go across this serpent infested region. But Moses surprised them. He sent his men out to gather up ibises. The ibis is a bird celebrated for serpent slaying, and these ibises were gathered into crates and into baskets, and they were carried at the head of the army of Moses, and coming up to the serpent infested region the crates were opened and the ibises flew forth, and the way was cleared, and the army of Moses marched right on and came so unexpectedly on the Ethiopians that they flew in wild dismay. O church of God, you are not to march to a roundabout way, but to go straight forward, depending upon winged influences to clear the way. Hosts of the living God, march on, march on! Church attendance, large now, is going to be larger yet. The sky is brightening in every direction. I am glad for the boy and girl five years old; I think they may see the millennium. The wheel of Christian progress has never made one revolution backward. The world moves, the kingdom advances. All nations will yet salute the standards of Prince Immanuel. To Him be glory in the church throughout all ages. Amen!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 1.

Review of the Twelve Lessons of the Third Quarter. Gen. xviii., 17-19, 23-26, 32—Golden Text, Ps. cxl. 13—Summary.

Lesson 1. Topic: The creation. In the beginning God created all things. Afterward He came to the earth to set it in order. He performed six days work. On the first day He made light; on the second the waters were divided; on the third the dry land, seas, grass and trees appeared; on the fourth He made the sun and moon; on the fifth, fish and fowls; on the sixth, creeping things, beasts and man; on the seventh God rested.

2. Topic: The fall of man. Place: The Garden of Eden. The serpent beguiled the woman, said, "Ye shall not surely die," but "shall be as gods." The woman saw that the tree was good for food, pleasant to the eyes, beautiful; would make one wise; took of the fruit; she gave to Adam and he did eat; their eyes were opened; they sewed fig aprons and hid themselves. God came and spake to them; the serpent was cursed; the Redeemer was promised.

3. Topic: The deluge. Place: Ararat mountains. Noah built an ark; took beasts and his family into the ark; the waters were sent; the earth was covered; Noah sent out a raven, and dove; the ark rested; the earth became dry; God told Noah to go forth; he built an altar unto the Lord and offered burnt offerings; the Lord was pleased with his offering, and promised never again to curse the ground for man's sake.

4. Topic: Abram's obedience. Place: God speaks to Abram: "Get thee out of thy country;" "Go to the land I will show thee;" God made great promises, first that he was to become a great nation; that he should be a great name; he would be blessed; he would be a blessing. Abram obeyed; Sarah and Lot and all his substance went; he left Haran and went to Canaan. God again appeared to Abram; he was pleased; Abram built an altar.

5. Topic: The separation between Abram and Lot. Place: Canaan. Abram and Lot left Egypt; they had many herds; their herdmen strove; they decided to separate; Abram told Lot to choose. Lot chose the best; pitched his tent toward Sodom. God appeared to Abram; told him to look in all directions; was promised all he saw; was to become a great nation; built an altar unto the Lord.

6. Topic: God's covenant with Abram. Place: Hebron. The Lord appeared to Abram in a vision; Abram said he had no son; God made him a great promise, his seed was to be as the stars for number; Abram believed God, and the Lord counted it to him for righteousness. Abram prepared an offering—a heifer, a goat, a ram, a dove, a pigeon. Abram waited for the Lord to appear; God gave instructions; made covenant and answered by fire.

7. Topic: God's judgment on Sodom. Places: Abram at Hebron. Lot at Sodom. Three angels appear to Abraham; they promise him a son; they tell Abraham that the cities of the plain are very wicked and must be destroyed. One of the angels is Jehovah; Abraham stands before the angel and makes intercession. Jehovah promises to spare the cities if there are ten righteous. Lot is rescued; the cities are destroyed.

8. Topic: The trial of Abraham's faith. Places: Beer-sheba was Abraham's home. The sacrifice was on Mount Moriah. Abraham is commanded to offer up Isaac for a burnt-offering. Abraham obeys; rises early; takes Isaac, fire and wood; leaves Beer-sheba; starts for Moriah. Isaac asks a question; Abraham answers. An altar is built; Isaac is bound; the knife is raised; an angel stops him; a ram is seen and offered. Blessings; the Lord was pleased with his offering, and promised never again to curse the ground for man's sake.

9. Topic: Isaac oppressed by the Philistines. Places: Isaac dwelt at Gerar; Rehoboth and Beer-sheba. Isaac sowed; Jacob and Esau are born. Isaac prospered; becomes very great; has many possessions; was envied by the Philistines; the Philistines fill his wells; Isaac leaves their country; the Lord appears to Isaac and renews His promises. Isaac builds an altar, dug a well and lived in peace.

10. Topic: The Lord appearing to Jacob. Place: Bethel. Jacob secures Esau's birthright; flees to Haran; sleeps on the plain; has a dream. He sees a ladder reaching to earth to heaven and sees angels on the ladder. God speaks to him and renews many promises. Jacob awoke; knew God was present; was afraid; set up the stone he had used as a pillow, for an altar; gave himself to God.

11. Topic: Jacob's prevailing prayer. Places: Mahanaim. Penuel. Jacob returns to return to Canaan; is met by a host of angels; fears his brother Esau; sends messengers and presents to Esau; divides his company into two bands; prays alone; wrestles with Jehovah; finally succeeds and receives the blessing; is made a prince; his name is changed to Israel. Esau and friendly meeting with Esau.

12. Topic: The effects of wisdom. Solomon, the author of Proverbs, was endued with an unusual degree of wisdom. That we might behold the value of wisdom God has preserved some of the wise sayings of His servant for our use. This lesson has been called the divine looking-glass, and is set before us that we may see our faces are toward the drunkard's home, that they may see what they are when they go on.

Teachings.—God, our Creator, alone can create us anew and give us a new heart. The Psalmist prayed, "Create in me a clean heart, O God." In yielding to the inducements held out by Satan Eve disobeyed God and accepted "the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of life," and in returning to God it is necessary to forsake "the world" if we can expect to be forgiven. The ways of God's judgments may seem strange, but in the end they can not fail to produce good results.—God's promises are sure and precious; we should believe them and step out upon them with confidence. Those who allow selfishness to control their lives cannot retain the favor and fellowship of God. While God is merciful, the time will come with every one when the door of mercy will be closed and the judgments of God will be meted out. Faith is always tested; the test is not for the purpose of destroying faith, but to strengthen and perfect it. God appears to His people for the purpose of encouraging them and leading them to heaven. True prayer takes hold of God and does not let go until an answer is received. The evil effects of the liquor traffic are so great that no person should stand unalterably against its continuance.

Considering the bulk of the mail the mails are interfered with to a wonderful dom that the letter which should have been sent through it has been received may be regarded as a myth, and the letter writer is said not to have been received. It has certainly been sent, and is said to have got there. We know that it reflects upon a very common apology for running neglect, namely and laziness, but the letter does not lie.

CONSTITUTION CAMPAIGN COMMENCES

Election Day Named by Governor—Chairman Underwood Announces His Campaign Committee.

Governor's Proclamation.

Whereas, Under the terms of section 22 of an act approved December 11, 1900, entitled an act

"To provide for the holding of a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this state, which said section reads in part as follows:

"Be it further enacted, That if the event of the framing of such constitution by said convention, it shall be the duty of the Governor, within one week after the filing of the same with the Secretary of State, to issue his proclamation, published as heretofore required for the proclamation to assemble the convention to make known the fact that such constitution has been framed, and thereby require an election to be held in the several counties of this state, in the same manner and by the same officers as general elections are required to be held, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of this state for ratification or rejection of said constitution," and

Whereas, The convention did assemble in the hall of the House of Representatives, in the capitol at Montgomery, Ala., on Tuesday, May 23, 1901, and there did frame a constitution in accordance with the provisions of the law as laid down in said above named act:

Now, therefore, I, William D. Jelks, Governor of the State of Alabama, do hereby, in pursuance of my duty, as provided by section 22 of the said act, appoint Tuesday, November 11, 1901, as the day for an election to be held in each county of this state to determine whether the qualified voters will ratify or reject said constitution, so framed. The sheriffs and other officers charged with duties connected with the election will take notice of this proclamation, and provide for said election in conformity with the law.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the state to be affixed. Done at the capitol, in the city of Montgomery, Ala., this 16th day of September, 1901. WILLIAM D. JELKS.

By the Governor:

Robert P. McDavid,
Secretary of State.

The Arrangements.

Congressman Underwood, the chairman of the State Democratic Campaign Committee on the ratification of the new constitution, has announced the names of the gentlemen who will assist him as follows:

Ben F. Elmore, Demopolis.
George W. Jones, Montgomery.
Henry D. Clayton, Eufaula.
W. B. Brown, Columbiana.
A. J. Driver, Lafayette.
W. W. Brandon, Tuscaloosa.
John L. Burnett, Gadsden.
J. H. Nathan, Sheffield.
B. A. Thompson, Birmingham.
J. G. Moore, Birmingham.
A. M. Tunstall, Greensboro.
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Mr. Underwood expresses the greatest confidence in the result. "It will be a campaign of education," said he. "There will be no personalities indulged in and our slogan will be, White Supremacy! Honest Elections! and the New Constitution—One and Inseparable?"

A call has been issued for the committee to meet in Birmingham on Saturday the 21st.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, lives in very modest style in Washington. He cannot afford to spend much money, because everything he gets goes toward the payment of his father's debts. Daniel has spent thirty years paying off these debts, and it will probably be a life work. His father was Judge William Daniel, of Lynchburg. He was considered well-to-do, but when he died it was found that his fortune had been swept away in the panic of 1873, and that his liabilities were more than $100,000 in excess of the assets. Although Senator Daniel could have repudiated these debts, he chose to assume them. That was nearly thirty years ago, and all that time Senator Daniel has been paying off the debts with interest.

Mosquito hunters will follow with interest the experiments that are being made in New Orleans, where the mosquitoes flourish practically all the year around. Oil has become very cheap in that city since the opening of the Texas fields, and it has been decided to try to do two things at once—lay the lust in the streets and kill the mosquitoes. Railroads have tried sprinkling their roads with crude oil, and have found this method most efficient in permanently laying the dust. New Orleans is trying the same thing, and it is said to be as successful in streets used for traffic as it is on railways. Most of New Orleans mosquitoes are bred in open drains and cisterns, and while the streets are being sprinkled oil is put on the neighboring drains.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER 1.

Review of the Twelve Lessons of the Third Quarter. Gen. xviii., 17-22; xxii., 24-28 — Golden Text, Ps. cxlii., 4. Summary.

Lesson 1. Topic. The creation. In the beginning God created all things; afterward He came to the earth to set it in order. He performed six days' work; on the first day He made light, on the second the waters were divided, on the third the dry land, seas, grass and trees appeared; on the fourth He made the sun and moon; on the fifth fish and fowls, on the sixth creeping things, beasts and man, on the seventh God rested.

2. Topic. The fall of man. Place. The garden of Eden. The serpent beguiled the woman, said, "Ye shall not surely die," but shall be as gods. The woman saw that the tree was good for food, was beautiful, would make one wise; she took the fruit, she gave to Adam and he did eat; their eyes were opened, they made aprons and hid themselves. God came and spake to them; the serpent was cursed; the Redeemer was promised.

3. Topic. The deluge. Place. Ararat mountains. Noah built an ark, took beasts and his family into the ark; the waters were sent, the earth was covered; Noah sent out a raven, and then a dove; the ark rested; the earth became dry; God told Noah to go forth, he built an altar, offered burnt offerings; the Lord was pleased with his offering and promised never again to curse the ground for man's sake.

4. Topic. Abram's obedience. Place. Ur. Abram. Get thee out of thy country. Go to the land I will show thee. God made great promises. Abram was to become a great nation, was to have a great name, he would be blessed, and would be a blessing. Abram obeys God, takes Sarai and Lot and all his substances and goes to Haran and went to Canaan. Here God again appeared to Abram, and Abram built an altar.

5. Topic. The separation between Abram and Lot. Place. Canaan. Abram and Lot. Both had many herds, they could not dwell together, they decided to separate. Abram told Lot to choose. Lot chose the best, pitched his tent toward Sodom. God appeared to Abram, told him to look in all directions, was promised all the land he saw, was to become a great nation, built an altar unto the Lord.

6. Topic. God's covenant with Abram. Place. Hebron. The Lord appeared to Abram in a vision. Abram asked for a son, God made him a great promise; his seed was to be as the stars for number. Abram believed God, and the Lord counted it to him for righteousness. Abram prepared an offering, a heifer, a goat, a ram, a dove, a pigeon. Abram waited for God to appear. God gave instruction, made covenant and answered by fire.

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Teachings. God, our Creator, is able to create us anew and give us a new heart. The Psalmist prayed, "Create in me a clean heart, O God." In yielding to the inducements held out by Satan man disobeyed God and accepted "the world" which St. John says consists in "the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eye and the pride of life," and in returning to God it is necessary to forsake "the world." What we can expect to be forgiven. Although God's judgments may seem severe, yet in the end they can not fail to accomplish good results. God's promises are sure and precious; we should believe them and step out upon them with confidence. Those who allow selfishness to control their lives cannot retain the favor and love of God. While God is merciful, yet we will come with every sinner when the door of mercy will be closed and the judgments of God will be meted out. Faith is always tested; the test is not for the purpose of destroying faith, but to strengthen and perfect it. God appears to His people for the purpose of encouraging them and leading them to heaven. True prayer takes hold of God and does not let go until an answer is received. The evil effects of the liquor traffic are so great that every person should stand unalterably opposed to its continuance.

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CONSTITUTION CAMPAIGN COMMENCES

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THE FINAL TRIBUTE.

In his discourse Rev. Mr. Manchester said:

"The cause of this universal mourning is to be found in the man himself. The inspired penman's picture of Jonathan, likening him unto the 'beauty of Israel,' could not be more appropriately employed than in chanting the lament of our fallen chieftain. It does no violence to human speech, nor is it fulsome eulogy to speak thus of him, for who that has seen his stately bearing, his grace and manliness of demeanor; his kindliness of aspect, but gives assent to this description of him?

"It is a glorious thing to be able to say in this presence, with our illustrious dead before us, that he never betrayed the confidence of his countrymen. Not for personal gain or preeminence would he mar the beauty of his soul. He kept it clean and white before God and man.

"He was sincere, plain and honest, just, benevolent and kind. He never disappointed those who believed in him, but measured up to every duty and met every responsibility in life grandly and unflinchingly."

THE LAST MARCH.

The funeral procession was two miles long. A pathetic feature was the absence of Mrs. McKinley.

At the cemetery Bishop Joyce, of Minneapolis read the burial service of the Methodist church. As his words ended, eight buglers of the Canton band blew the notes of the soldiers last call, "taps." When the last note had floated away Secretary Wilson was in tears. Secretary Long was also weeping and the president was gazing grimly at the walk.

The last resting place of President McKinley, Westlawn cemetery, is on a high knoll overlooking a peaceful valley, with the busy little city of Canton laid out below. If it were not for the intervening church spire one might get a glimpse of the McKinley home. Just inside the stately entrance stands the gray stone vault, where for a time the casket will repose. Its dreary exterior was relieved by great masses of flowers, banked all about until the gray walls were shut out from view. But in due time it will be taken from the vault and committed to the little plot of ground lying further on, the McKinley lot, and here be his father, whose name he bore; the mother he guarded so tenderly in life, his brother James, his sister Anna and his two children. And when the time comes a stately shaft of granite will rise above the grave telling of the civic virtues, the pure life and the martyr death of William McKinley.

THE nineteenth national annual conference of Unitarians is in session in Saratoga, N. Y.

AN agent of the brigands who kidnapped the American missionary, Miss Helen H. Stone, in Salonica, has been arrested.

The U. S. transport Buford carrying the Seventeenth infantry ran aground on a sand bar off the island of Milliana.

President Roosevelt is quoted as saying that it would be his aim to be president of the whole people without regard to geographical lines or class distinction; that it was the welfare of all which he should seek to promote.

State Senator Lasater, of Tennessee, the chief engineer in the launching of the Beveridge boom for the presidency in the Tennessee legislature last spring, in an interview has given it as his opinion that President Roosevelt will unanimously be chosen as the candidate of the next Republican Convention for president. He says that neither Beveridge nor any other man has any show against the Roosevelt forces, and predicts a solid South for his nomination in 1904.

The Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "Asked to make a brief statement as to how he regarded the policy of President Roosevelt so far as it had been expressed, and what sort of an administration he believed the new president would give to the nation, Senator Hannah said:

"'I am done with being interviewed for all time.'

"'Have you decided not to again publicly express your opinion?' was asked.

"'No more,' was the brief answer.

"The senator is broken by the tragedy at Buffalo and his face shows how deeply grief has left its mark."

Elaborate experiments in feeding wheat to farm animals and swine have been made this year at the Kansas Experiment Station, and also in other States of the corn belt. The experts conclude that wheat has greater nutritive value than corn, and may be used either crushed, mixed with oats or corn, or in connection with straw in time of extreme scarcity. The drought in Kansas has not affected the wheat crop, and many farmers will be compelled either to use their wheat as fodder or to sacrifice their live stock.

BACK AT HIS NATIVE HOME

The Remains of Wm. McKinley Repose.

At noon of Wednesday the body of the third martyr president reached its native city. It was met by Judge Day at the head of the local reception committee, while assembled about the station was the entire militia of the state.

President Roosevelt and cabinet in carriages were followed by the guard of honor headed by Admiral Dewey and General Miles in full uniform, and the sad procession moved up Tenth street in the direction of the court house where the body lay in state.

It is estimated that there were 60,000 persons in Canton. All the way from Washington the national grief was shown by deeds of kindness, words of sympathy and display of patriotism and regard. At Pittsburg and Allegheny the demonstration was the most marked.

The crowds moved as if by a common impulse towards the old familiar McKinley cottage. Military guards stationed at the four corners of the lawn paced their beats but there was no other sign of life about the house. A long border of black, which had been put in place after the body was moved to the house, fringed the roof of the porch from which President McKinley had spoken to delegations from every state in the union, and where he had met and talked with all the chieftains of his party.

The people of Canton hardly noticed the president of the United States or his cabinet or the generals and admirals in their resplendent uniforms. The flag-draped casket which contained the body of their friend and fellow-townsman had all their thoughts. He had left them two weeks ago that very day in the full strength of his manhood, and they had brought him back dead. Anguish was in the heart of every man, woman and child.

The only house in all this sorrow-stricken city without a touch of mourning drapery was the old familiar McKinley cottage on North Market street.

The face of the dead president was seen for the last time when it lay in state at the court house. The casket was sealed before it was borne away.

MRS. McKINLEY.

Mrs. McKinley's condition is exciting grave apprehension among those caring for her, and the dreaded collapse is feared. Since she has returned to the old home the full realization of the awful calamity has come upon her. After the body had been brought from the court room and deposited in the little front room formerly used as the president's library she pleaded to be allowed to enter the room and sit beside the casket. Consent was reluctantly granted and for half an hour the stricken widow sat in the dim light beside the flower-draped bier. Then she was led away to her room and has not left it since.

Owing to her condition she was able to take no part in any of the ceremonies, neither going to the church nor coming into the chamber of death when the body was borne away for the last time. From this time on she will be guarded with the most solicitous care and quiet, for it is only in this way that a collapse can be averted.

THE LAST SERVICE.

The services in the Canton Methodist church were simple. They began with the rendition of an organ prelude, Beethoven's funeral march. As the last notes of the prelude were stilled, the Euterpean Ladies' Quartette of Canton sang, "The Beautiful Isle of Somewhere."

Rev. O. B. Milligan, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of Canton, delivered the invocation, which was eloquent and earnest. First Corinthians xv. 51-58 was read by Rev. E. P. Herbrouck, of the Trinity Reformed church, of Canton.

The favorite hymn of President McKinley, "Lead Kindly Light," was rendered by a mixed quartette. This finished, Dr. C. E. Manchester, pastor of the First Methodist church, delivered his address, at the conclusion of which Bishop I. W. Joyce, of Minneapolis, delivered a short prayer.

The hymn "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was sung by the entire congregation. The people remained standing after the close of the hymn while the benediction was pronounced by Monsignor T. P. Thorpe, of Cleveland.

The casket was then borne from the church to the funeral car and the march of the procession to the cemetery began.

Ireland has become innoculated with the bacilli expositionalis and it is planned to hold a great international exhibition at Cork.

People with chest complaints are recommended by medical men to read aloud, as this strengthens throat, lungs and chest muscles alike. The reading should be deliberate, without being allowed to drag, and the enunciation clear, the body being held in an easy, unstrained, upright position, so that the chest will have free play. The breathing should be natural and as deep as possible without undue effort.

You can come pretty near judging people by their clothes when you see the family wash out on the line.

Must For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Sugar exists not only in the cane, beet root and maple, but in the sap of 18 other plants and trees.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

When a woman gets mad she always wishes she were a man and could swear.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Unpleasant remarks are by no means remarkable.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

What has the weather done that it should be talked about so much?

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Automobiling may be dangerous, but it doesn't seem to be as much so as walking.

A Cosmopolitan Army.

The conflict between the Germans and Czechs in Austria-Hungary, which deserves Secretary Seward's appellation of "the irrepressible conflict," makes interesting a study of the elements composing the army of that country, which consists of 428,000 Slavs, 227,000 Allemands, 120,000 Magyars, 48,000 Roumanians and 14,000 Italians. The Slavs are made up of 174,000 Czechs, 76,000 Poles, 75,000 Ruthenians, 75,000 Croatians and Servians and 28,000 Slavonians.

Some girls would like to be rich just to see how much ice cream soda they could consume at one sitting.

A man in Calaveras County, Cal., is hatching pheasants in incubators

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle. Sold by all druggists.

Do not despise humble occupations. Even the hod carrier climbs to the top of the ladder.

During the preserving season there is no such word as can't. Can is the word.

Advice to Girls Who Travel.

The young girl who is traveling by herself should seek information from the train people rather than from her companions on the train. No girl in traveling should make confidants of strangers of either sex, disclose her name, her destination of her family affairs, or make acquaintances on the road. She may, however, show kind attention to a mother traveling with little children, amuse a wearied little one, and politely thank anyone who does her an unobtrusive kindness.—Margaret E. Sangster in the Ladies' Home Journal.

"A BAD EYE."

There is only one kind which cannot be cured by Mitchell's Eye Salve. That's a blind eye, morally or otherwise. Having the curable kind, try "Mitchell's." You will be satisfied. Price, 25c.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

By mail, 25c; Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

Poorly?

"For two years I suffered terribly from dyspepsia, with great depression, and was always feeling poorly. I then tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and in one week I was a new man."—John McDonald, Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't forget that it's "Ayer's" Sarsaparilla that will make you strong and hopeful. Don't waste your time and money by trying some other kind. Use the old, tested, tried, and true Ayer's Sarsaparilla. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Constipation

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers 50 cts. of Druggists, or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5.000 Deposit, Guarantee Positions

500 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS, BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to Ga.-Ala. Business College, Macon, Ga.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

Kentucky Shorthand Business College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

THE PEOPLE

Always render a true verdict. They have tried

LIVERINA

and pronounce it a Perfect Laxative and Liver Medicine. READER—Have you tried it? Your money back if it fails to do the work.

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,

Proprietors, Montgomery, Ala.

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $18 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B.

THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE. SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE. ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

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Address, SCOTT REMEDY CO., Louisville, Ky.

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You Should Own This Book!

IT SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD AS IT MAY BE NEEDED ANY MINUTE.

A Slight Illness Treated at Once Will Frequently Prevent a Long Sickness, With Its Heavy Expenses and Anxieties.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR

By J. HAMILTON AYERS, A. M., M. D.

This is a most Valuable Book for the Household, teaching as it does the easily-distinguished Symptoms of different Diseases, the Causes and Means of Preventing such Diseases, and the Simplest Remedies which will alleviate or cure. 598 Pages, Profusely Illustrated.

This Book is written in plain every-day English, and is free from the technical terms which render most doctor books so valueless to the generality of readers. This Book is intended to be of Service in the Family, and is so worded as to be readily understood by all. Only

60 Cts. Post-Paid.

The low price only being made possible by the immense edition printed. Not only does this Book contain so much Information Relative to Diseases, but very properly gives a Complete Analysis of everything pertaining to Courtship, Marriage and the Production and Rearing of Healthy Families; together with Valuable Recipes and Prescriptions, Explanations of Botanical Practice, Correct Use of Ordinary Herbs. New Edition, Revised and Enlarged with Complete Index. With this Book in the house there is no excuse for not knowing what to do in an emergency.

Don't wait until you have illness in your family before you order, but send at once for this valuable volume. ONLY 60 CENTS POST-PAID. Send postal notes or postage stamps of any denomination not larger than 5 cents.

BOOK PUBLISHING HOUSE 134 Leonard St., N.Y.

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Walhalla, N. Dak., March 15, 1898.

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—For loss of appetite, general debility, and for persons who are just becoming convalescent after some lingering disease, there is nothing so beneficial as McLean's Cordial. I am enjoying vigorous health from its use, and feel better than ever before.

Yours respectfully, E. A. Sharpe.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED Immediately responsible men to travel, locally and elsewhere, for our established and reliable house. Salary $18 weekly, with expenses. Position permanent. Address, THE DOMINION COMMERCIAL TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va.

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH CURE.

Ans. N. U., No. 38, 1901.

"The Sauce that made Worcester famous."

McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

Thompson's Eye Water

Ladies!

Our Millinery Department is in charge of Mrs Annie Miller, of St. Louis, who comes to us with the latest styles in Hats

The ladies of Clanton and vicinity are cordially invited to attend our opening on Tuesday, September 24, and inspect our line of Millinery, before buying.

Very respectfully,

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

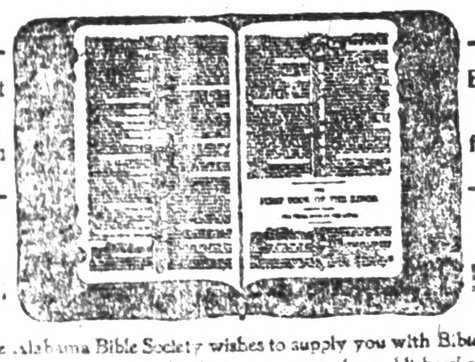
Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

ALABAMA BIBLE SOCIETY

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Bibles at Cost for Cash

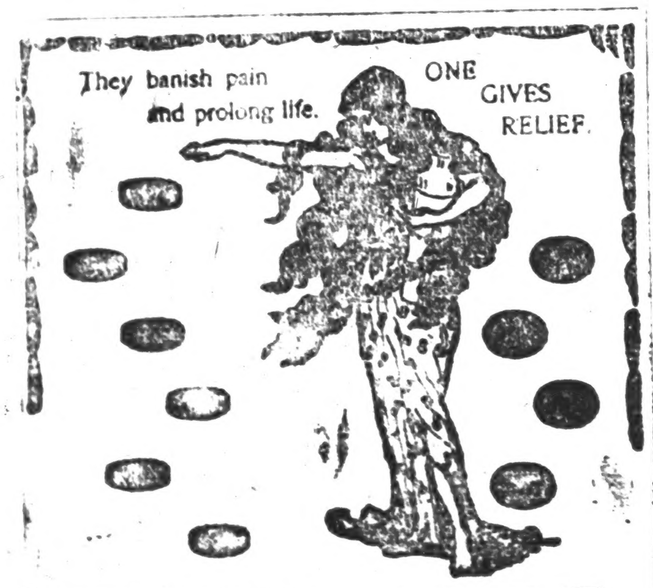


Bibles at Cost for Cash

BIBLES. BIBLES.

The Alabama Bible Society wishes to supply you with Bibles. You can get room in any style binding or type at the publishers' cost price. We do not sell except for CASH. *Write us.*

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	50c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ in Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O.K. LUNCH COUNTER

NEXT TO RAILROAD, CLANTON

W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

ALL WOMEN

Wine of Cardui is the guardian of a woman's health and happiness from youth to old age. It helps her safely into womanhood. It sustains her during the trials of pregnancy, childbirth and motherhood, making labor easy and preventing flooding and miscarriage. It gently leads her through the dangerous period known as the change of life.

WINE OF CARDUI

cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and menstrual irregularity in every form. It is valuable in every trying period of a woman's life. It reinforces the nervous system, acts directly on the genital organs and is the finest tonic for women known. Ask your druggist for a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

Batesville, Ala., July 11, 1900. I am using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and I feel like a different woman already. Several ladies here keep the medicines in their homes all the time. I have three girls and they are using it with me.
Mrs. KATE BROWDER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

On this line pass Cars daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Ammers, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October 1901

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.59
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY, T. P. A. "Sun Set Route," Montgomery, Ala.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

Benton	Beat	3	November
Maplesville	"	7	
Stanton	"	7	
Dixie	"	8	
Valley Creek	"	8	
Kidersville	"	8	until 12 m.
Macedonia	"	3	
Green Coker's Gin	"	2	until 12 m.
Reaves' Mill	"	2	from 2 to 4 p.m.
Providence	"	2	
Elijah Busby's	"	2	until 12 m.
Coker's Gin	"	1	from 2 to 4 p.m.
Smith's School House	"	1	until 12 m.
Mineral Springs	"	1	
Strasburg	"	7	
Cane Creek	"	4	until 12 m.
Goar's School House	"	4	from 2 to 4 p.m.
Providence	"	5	
Burwell	"	5	
Coopers	"	5	
Davis & Rollins Gin	"	6	until 12 m.
Clantonford	"	8	
Pletcher	"	8	
Kinchloe	"	6	
Albert Headley's Store	"	6	
James Maddox Gin	"	4	
Jemison	"	2	December 11
Thorsby	"	2	
Mountain Creek	"	5	
Verbena	"	5	until 12 m.
Clanton	"	4	

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901.

T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

GRANDMA WANTS TO KNOW

THE STATE ELECTION

WILL BE HELD NOV. 11, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH.	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in your order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND BEST GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

	NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1				
2				
3				

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Cash Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official returns are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no checks. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Judge of Probate

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNER

BY THE PEOPLE RULE

VOL. IX CLANTON, ALA.- THURSDAY OCTOBER 3, 1901

NOTICE

AND COLLECTOR'S

d Round

[illegible] Taxes for the purpose [illegible] Chilton county for the year 1901:

[illegible]		November [illegible]
[illegible]		"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]	until 12 m.	"
[illegible]	until 12 m.	"
[illegible]	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
[illegible]	until 12 m.	"
[illegible]	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
[illegible]	until 12 m.	"
[illegible]	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]	until 12 m.	"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]		"
[illegible]		Dec. 2 &
[illegible]	until 12 m.	" 6 &

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

[illegible] days of the year, commencing [illegible]
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

EN AWAY

[illegible]MA WANTS TO KNOW

HE BEST GUESS

Guess	$100.00 Cash
st Guess	50.00 Cash
Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
ext Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
[illegible] Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
[illegible]xt Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
TOTAL CASH.	$300.00

ly Advertiser

[illegible] 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess [illegible] Constitution. Subscribers who are [illegible]wed from date of expiration of present [illegible] sending in your order whether your

ITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
OR AGAINST.

TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST

amount of $_____

e Best Guess!
d November 10th, 1901
[illegible]. within ten days after official [illegible]
Subscriber has one guess FREE
[illegible]ress order or draft. Send no checks.

Montgomery, Ala.
VHERE.

[illegible]MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] of the Sights He Sees, and Some He Does Not

[illegible]ton is getting good, not one [illegible] has been made in a month. [illegible] the blind tigers have gone out [illegible]ness, midnight explosions [illegible] ceased, there is no disturb[illegible] of any kind, and the police [illegible] having an easy time. Marshal [illegible] keeps things quiet during [illegible]day, and Marshal Lee Hayes [illegible] that the nights are peaceful. The Mayor has nothing to do [illegible] pleasant, the Councilmen [illegible] out, the town continues to [illegible] the people are happy and [illegible], and altogether Clanton [illegible] well.

[illegible] Congregationalist church property was sold last Monday for [illegible] Judge Adams being the purchaser. What with the probate [illegible], the county court, a little [illegible], the new Constitution, and [illegible] and one other things, [illegible] judges going to do with a [illegible] on his hands I don't know, [illegible] he will find some use [illegible], or dispose of it to someone. [illegible] building would make a first [illegible] warehouse, and the town is [illegible] to spread in that direction.

[illegible] "long-felt want" is now supplied. Clanton has long needed a [illegible] restaurant, where meals [illegible] served in good style at short [illegible], and the succulent oyster [illegible] be obtained any way you desire. Mr. W. H. Stacy has refitted his place of business next [illegible] depot, has done away with [illegible] stock of groceries, put in a [illegible] of tables, etc., and proposes to run A No. 1 restaurant, [illegible] will supply you with "the [illegible] the market affords" at reasonable prices. It should be well patronized.

[illegible] course of true love does run [illegible] sometimes, Shakespeare to the [illegible] notwithstanding. It [illegible] necessary for true lovers [illegible] to close matters in [illegible] own hands, and steer their course in defiance of opposition. Such a case came to my [illegible] last week when a young [illegible] and a beautiful maiden sought [illegible] at the Probate [illegible], and in the gentle way [illegible] made husband and wife. [illegible] I am proud to [illegible] happy couple came to my [illegible] to pass the honey. [illegible] was touching to see [illegible] which my good friend, Mrs. Smith, took to the [illegible] bride, and gave her lots [illegible] advice.

[illegible], for one moment, pretend to say that I can give the [illegible] advice to brides that [illegible] can, but as far as I [illegible] the following plan is a good [illegible] for brides to act upon. The [illegible] book recipe for cooking a [illegible] catch your hare." [illegible] advice to brides, after [illegible] first to find [illegible] points. (He is [illegible] lots of them, or [illegible] not have caught him). [illegible] them over [illegible] and kindness, never [illegible] him know that you have [illegible] them. (He will never find [illegible] unless you give it away.) [illegible] that you think he is the [illegible] on earth that is worthy [illegible]. (He'll believe it, if [illegible] on thick enough). [illegible] that he is a genius and [illegible] President of the United [illegible] that you want him all [illegible]. (He'll swallow that [illegible] impress upon him the

[illegible] on 3d column, page 4)

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Clanton, Sept. 25, 1901

Editor Banner—Space please for only a word. The constitutional convention has done its work and it is only a short while until we will be called upon to do ours in reference to the proposed new organic law for the State of Alabama. We have from now until the 11th of November next to prepare ourselves for casting our votes for or against the new constitution, and I truly hope every voter in Chilton county, yea in Alabama, will cast an unprejudiced ballot at that most important election. We should be broad minded and liberal thinking on this subject and endeavor to give the people of our great commonwealth the benefit of our best judgment. This should not be a party election, or fight, and I don't think we should make it such by past party feeling or affiliation. There may be some objectionable features in the new constitution, and I am frank to say there are some according to my best judgment. For instance, the board of registrars to be appointed all of the same political party, seems to be an unwise thing to do. And of course there may be some things very bad in our present constitution, consequently let the people study them both and make up their minds as to which is the best and vote that way, Democrat, Populist and Republican, and not be for or against the new one because any man or set of men made it.

Yours for the best.

OBSERVER.

For inflamed eyes, sore throat, sore mouth, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Pleasant to taste and smell and will give quick relief.

HAPPILY MARRIED

At the residence of Mr. Fisher at Lily, on September 25, Mr. Archie Fisher and Miss Lizzie Graham were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. W. A. Woods performing the ceremony. The young couple have many friends who we join in wishing long and prosperous rides to the happy pair.

On September 27 at the court house, Clanton, Mr. H. W. Schmidt and Miss G. L. Parrish, both of Mountain Creek, were happily wedded, Judge Adams officiating. We extend congratulations to the young couple, and trust their married life will be as full of sunshine as the bride's countenance was full of joy.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Culver, at Clanton, on September 29, Mr. Ocie K. Foshee, son of Rev. A. L. Foshee, and Miss Dolie Culver were happily united, Rev. S. M. Adams performing the ceremony. The youthful pair, we hope will have many years of happy wedded life, and that each succeeding year will be more full of blessings than the preceding one.

At the court house, Clanton, October 2, Mr. W. J. Powell and Miss Martha Parrish were made man and wife by Judge Adams. Our best wishes go the happy couple for a long and prosperous life together.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvellous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Store.

ANTI-RATIFICATION MEETING.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Chilton county, irrespective of political affiliation, called to hear the articles of the new constitution discussed by Hon. Jesse Stallings, was called to order at 11 a.m. by the Hon. L. H. Reynolds at the court house. Col. Wm. A. Collier was unanimously chosen chairman, who upon assuming the chair responded in a few well chosen remarks expressing his regard for the honor conferred, and his opposition to the ratification of the new constitution. Then he introduced the Hon. Jesse Stallings, who entertained the large assembly for one and-a-half hours in opposition to the ratification of the new constitution, and was frequently applauded by the whole assembly.

After which the meeting resolved itself into committee of the whole for the purpose of electing a campaign committee. On motion Col. Wm. A. Collier was chosen chairman with power to appoint remaining members and secretary. He at once appointed Alex G. Dake secretary and will fill out remainder of committee in a few days; then the meeting adjourned.

ALEX G. DAKE,
Sec. Cam. Com.

Death of Miss Mollie Vines.

A sweet young life was ended on Tuesday morning, when Miss Mollie Vines, after a few days illness, went to join the angels. Only nineteen years old, the pride of her parents, the joy of her brothers and sister, the loving companion of a host of friends, her loss will be greatly felt, and mourning relatives can only be comforted by the happy reflection that she is translated to a brighter sphere. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon, and Clanton mourning with the bereaved family.

Oh, the sweet, the bright forever,
Just beyond the jasper sea;
When we cross that golden river,
With the dear ones we shall be.

Bethel.

Cotton picking is all the go in this community and is being gathered fast.

Mr. Jasper Dennis has put up a saw mill near here; we suppose he thinks we need better houses.

Mr. Johnnie Collins and sister, Miss Mary, visited Poplar Springs last Sunday and reported a nice time.

Some of our boys are taking in the school at Clanton; we suppose some of the girls will before long.

Public roads and school houses are ongoing in this community.

Mrs. Josephine Askins has been very sick, but glad to say she is getting better.

Mr. E. G. Rollins and wife are visiting relatives in Autauga.

Mr. J. M. Dennis visited Clanton last week. BUCK EYED BOSS.

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c by all druggists.

Concord.

Sudon is not dead, but migrated. He appreciates the mourning of his friends.

People in this section will soon be done gathering, and some of them will patronize Prof. Collier's school.

We are having a great deal of sickness.

Everyone enjoyed the baptizing and preaching at Concord Sunday.

We are having a lively Sunday-school under the superintendency of W. A. Edwards.

On returning from a frolic some negroes shot into the house of Mr. Dan Wethers, and in response he opened fire on them with a shot gun, shooting Charlie Dupree in the eye.

Mrs. Lila Easterling and four children of Timulgee have been visiting relatives here the past week.

Some people are still trying to build upon the downfall of others.

SUDON.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Millinery opening at Thorsby, Monday, Octobr 7. Latest styles, Newest Fashions. Ladies of Clanton and the surrounding country respectfully invited.

Miss SELMA FORS,
Proprietor.

Verbena.

Mrs. G. A. Northington and daughter, Miss Myrtle, have returned from a most enjoyable visit to relatives in South Alabama.

Mrs. S. W. John of Birmingham is the guest of friends in Verbena.

Mr. J. W. Dennis of Montgomery has been visiting his family here.

There will be a circus in town soon and the darkies and children are happy in anticipation of a fine time.

Rev. J. W. Shores of Prattville, one of the pioneers of Methodism, has been assisting in the protracted meeting here. He has been preaching for over a half century, and may he continue for many years to come.

Rev. J. E. McCann of Greenville one of Alabama's most gifted divines, has been assisting Mr. Threadgill in his meeting. The meeting has been a great success for the Methodists, and quite a number have joined the church. The meeting closed Thursday night.

"'Possums and taters" are getting ripe and the darkies are happy.

There are very few new constitution men in this section. I tell you, they will have a hard old time converting the people down here. They call us traitors, republicans, and what-not, but as the Irishman says, they will have a "divil of a toime" trying to make us swallow the new constitution.

Mr. Robert L. Williamson has returned from a pleasant visit to the magic city.

Mr. W. A. Howard of Prattville has been visiting relatives here.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first-class druggists.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
FIRST DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT,
CLANTON.

BOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS.

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnapps, Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

and on Thursday, July 25,

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO
and 600 pounds of SNUFF
Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

Stepped Into Live Coals.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by Clanton Drug Co. Price 25c.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.

J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSS, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, bruises, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

It is a well-known fact that every man should work to his own interest. Then why not the farmer get the benefit of his own labor? Why not the farmer get his prices as well as the merchant? Simply because he does not look around and see what the market price is. He does not know where to go. He does not know that R. L. MARCUS will give more for Produce of all kinds and sell goods for less money than anybody in the city. One call will convince you. Respectfully, R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 12, 1885

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT, St. Louis, Mo.
—I can truly say that your TEETHINA is the greatest blessing to teething children that the world has ever known. I have used it two years, and do not like to be without a box all the time. My baby would hardly have lived through his second summer if I had not used your powders. He is now strong and well, and has all his teeth. I never allow an opportunity to pass without recommending TEETHINA to mothers. May God reward you for the good you have done teething babies through this remedy. Respectfully,

MRS. A. G. RUSSELL.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

SIFTON HULBERT
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Advocate place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WIRSHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 601—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED

OR A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

WALLACE G. EGLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS.: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young	4. A. J. Wilson	7. C. J. Coburn
2. Thomas Harrison	5. D. S. Robinson	8. John R. Powell
3. Alex Glasscock	6. A. T. Hathcock	9. W. A. Mims

Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live Stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

Full particulars furnished by the county agent.

ALEX GLASSCOCK, Jemison, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Railroads in the United States are the best protected and the best signaled in the world, according to expert opinion.

If the old Mississippi cannot be fully utilized in the transportation business, at least, there are 7000 people engaged in taking fish out of her broad bosom, and the fish are mighty good, too.

With public opinion as the greatest power in Europe, according to Frederick W. Holls, the "federation of the world" may have been one of the dreams that held a prophecy.

No statistics can do justice to the yield, monetary value or dietetic worth of the American apple. As the strawberry is the best berry so the apple is the best fruit known to man. It is the king of American fruits.

The Secretary of Agriculture states that the arid area is increasing by reason of the devastation of the forests on the watersheds. As the volume of water decreases in the rivers more and more land is thrown out of cultivation. Some special investigations are in progress, suggested by the recent hot spell, which the officials of the Forestry Bureau believe was greatly intensified by deforestation. As one of them put it: "If you will change the face of nature, you must not expect to escape the consequences."

It has been suggested by lovers of birds that nighthawks, otherwise known as whippoorwills, and swallows, and, above all, purple martins, hunger for mosquitoes as a steady article of diet for breakfast, luncheon, 5 o'clock tea, dinner, supper and frequent smacks and appetizers in the course of every twenty-four hours in the summer. If this is true, societies for the increase of the numbers of these graceful couriers of the air should be organized without delay. More birds and fewer mosquitoes—that's what we want.

Dr. Bernays expressed what is probably the opinion of most medical men of large experience when he said: "I do not think there is a more dangerous thing for a man of fifty or over to do than to change radically his mode of life in any way that will involve more work, either physical or mental. To professional and business men who have reached the middle age I should say: 'Do less than you have been doing, and do not take off weight rapidly.' The golf fad for busy men who have become corpulent while doing hard work is a dangerous experiment."

Those who recall the stories of hardship and danger which attended the voyage of the argonauts to the Klondike are reminded by publications made almost daily of additions to traveling facilities in the North that there is a great difference in the conditions now existing in Alaska and those encountered three or four years ago. The latest news of this kind is that a line of sleigh coaches have been put on the Dawson route. The trip to Dawson is now made with such comparative comfort that it is no unusual thing to meet men who go to and return from there once a year.

The Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post observes that in this age of problems it is hard to discriminate, but there are two upon which all may agree. Just now they lead. The first is in regard to consumption. Some one has said that it has "killed more people than all the wars and plagues and scourges of history put together." Doctor Biggs, the New York expert, declares that of every four New Yorkers who die between the ages of 15 and 65 one dies of consumption, that there are 20,000 cases in that city constantly, and that the death last year numbered more than 9000. According to a New York newspaper, one specialist asserts that of this country's population 10,000,000 "must inevitably expect to die of consumption." The other problem is to get the small cities of the United States to awake to the importance of sanitation. Nearly all of them do nothing until threatened by an epidemic, and then the zeal is only temporary. To arouse these communities to the importance of constant watchfulness and of preventive measures will be to increase the average of life for the nation. We have been dazzled by the outburst of wealth in the new century, but these strivings for health are worth all the dollars that have passed through Wall street.

CANTON CEMETERY GHOULS

AMERICAN COMPANY SUFFERS HEAVY LOSS IN PHILIPPINES.

"COLUMBIA, THE GEM OF THE OCEAN!"

Lincoln Buried—Tennessee Shooting—Episcopal Conference—Floods in Georgia—Drowned Her Children—Other Notes.

ATTACKED McKINLEY'S GRAVE

A strange story comes from Westlawn cemetery where a company of regulars from Ft. Wayne, Mich., are guarding the vault in which the body of President McKinley lies. It is that Private Deprend was on guard duty on top of the vault at a point commanding the entrance from below and the approach from the rear. Shortly before 7:30 he saw what he took to be the face of a man peering from behind a tree about forty feet from his post. He watched it for twenty minutes, he says, and at 7:45 saw the man hurry to a tree ten feet nearer. He challenged the man to halt but this was not heeded. Deprend leveled his gun and aimed to shoot for effect, but just at that instant another man, who came toward him from the opposite side, caught the gun, threw it up and the bullet was spent in the air. This same man struck Deprend on the right side of the abdomen with a knife or other sharp weapon, cutting a gash in his overcoat. All members of the company on hearing the shot, hurried to the vault, and besides searching the cemetery the guard was increased. There are seventy soldiers at the cemetery, twenty of whom are constantly on guard duty around the vault and camp. The first man, the guard says, carried a small white package in his right hand and something that glistened like a polished weapon in the other. The second man, the guard says, wore a mask over his face. Stories regarding the incident when they reached the city were connected with the jail delivery that occurred about the same time. While there seems to be no doubt that at least two prowlers attempted to reach the vault, there is much difference of opinion as to the object of the intruders, who evidently made good their escape, as the cemetery has been searched over in vain.

THE YACHT RACE.

The first race, which was run last Thursday, was declared off because of the failure of the wind. During the race the cup defender, Columbia, was clearly in the lead and had the best of the battle. On Saturday the boats again went over the course, the Columbia winning by thirty-nine seconds actual time, or one minute and twenty-two seconds with the allowance given her under the rules. The Columbia and the Shamrock II are the most evenly matched racers ever competing for the historic cup, and in Saturday's race they ran neck and neck along the entire thirty miles of the course, keeping the result in doubt. Just at the finish the yankee boat spurted and won the race.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The triennial meeting of the Episcopal convention convenes in San Francisco Wednesday. It will be in session until October 20th. The absence of Rev. Dr. Dix, who has presided over the house clerical and lay deputies since 1886, will necessitate the election of a new president. Among those mentioned for this honor are Rev. Dr. Alsap, of Brooklyn, Rev. Dr. Huntington, of New York, and Rev. Dr. Lindsay, of Boston.

ARKANSAS ANIMOSITY.

A special says that Justice of the Peace Robert O'Kelley and Mrs. Kit Helton were killed at Van Buren Saturday and that officers are searching for the husband of Mrs. Helton. The justice was shot from ambush and the woman is said to have been killed at her home.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

A runaway street car crashed into a freight train at Burlington Sunday and was smashed into kindling wood. Mrs. Charles Kupfer was killed and several others were injured.

UNDERGROUND TRANSIT.

The Long Island Railroad has made application to and filed plans with the Rapid Transit Commission of New York for a tunnel from a point in the vicinity of Broadway and Forty-fifth street under East River to Long Island City. The plans represent an outlay of $5,000,000 and call for a double track tunnel its entire length for the carrying of freight and passengers.

ALMOST ANNIHILATED.

The war department has received the following dispatch from General Chaffee:

"Manila, September 29.

"Adjutant General, Washington.

"'Twenty-four men Ninth regiment, U. S. Infantry, wounded, have just arrived from Balangiga, remainder company killed. Insurgents secured all company supplies and all rifles except twelve. Company was attacked during breakfast, morning September 28th; company 72 strong; officers—Thomas W. Connell, captain; Edward A. Bumpus, first lieutenant; Dr. R. S. Griswold, major surgeon, escaped.'"

(Signed) "Chaffee."

Capt. Edwin V. Bookmiller of the Ninth Infantry reports that General Hughes is assembling a force to attack the insurgents.

Company C was a portion of the Ninth Regiment of United States Infantry, which went to China at the time of the Boxer outbreak and while there performed valiant service. Later the troops were engaged in provost duty in Manila. General Otis says the slaughter did not mean that there is anything like widespread revolt in that province. General McArthur said: This is one of those deplorable, isolated incidents which will have no effect upon the general result.

Capt. Lawrence Hern of the Twenty-first Infantry reports a severe engagement with insurgents near Candelaria, the Americans losing one killed and two wounded. The insurgent loss not ascertained. The Americans captured thirty thousand pounds of rice and several hundred rounds of ammunition.

LINCOLN FINALLY INTERRED.

The burial of the remains of Abraham Lincoln has practically been completed, the casket being placed Thursday in the vault at the base of the monument shaft. Over six feet of cement have been laid over the casket. It is thought now that no further removal of the body will ever be made. The casket is buried thirteen feet in the ground, beneath the tomb containing the crypts where lie the remainder of the family. It would take a large force of workmen several days to exhume the casket under the most favorable circumstances.

TENNESSEE TROUBLE.

Saturday afternoon near Conyersville, Wallace Ward, son of Frank Ward, a prominent planter, killed his brother, Brown Ward. The information received is that the brothers were working in a field, when trouble arose in which the younger brother was victor. This enraged Wallace who went to the house and procured a shotgun. Returning he shot his younger brother through the heart. Wallace made no effort to escape, but endeavored to take his own life with poison. According to the report, however, he still lives. The family is well known throughout western Kentucky and Tennessee.

INSANE MOTHER'S ACT.

At Little York, fifteen miles from Cleveland, Mrs. Perry Curtis, wife of a farmer, today drowned her three children in a well and then committed suicide by jumping in after them. The dead are: Mrs. Perry Curtis, aged 38; Rosa, 2; Annie, 5; Harold Scudder, 9. The latter was Mrs. Curtis' step-son. Mrs. Curtis was released from Massillon insane asylum recently as cured. Eugene Roberts, a neighbor, discovered the insane mother's crime when he attempted to draw some water from the well.

RANDALL METTS KILLED.

Randall Metts was shot and killed on the streets of Wilacoochee, Ga., Saturday by Elish Lott, his father-in-law. Both families are prominent. The men are said to have had some family trouble a few days ago. When they met in the street each drew his revolver and began firing. Lott's bullet pierced the heart of Metts.

EVERETT ST. JOHN, late vice-president and general manager of the Seaboard Air-Line, will, it is understood, succeed C. M. Hays as president of the Southern Pacific.

TROLLEY LINE SLEEPERS.

The Lake Shore Electric Company is planning to equip its line with sleeping cars between Cleveland and Detroit and perhaps Toledo. It is the intention to extend the line to Pittsburg from Detroit, making the longest electric line in the world. The company promises to send through trains, equipped with sleepers, between Cleveland and Detroit by Christmas.

TOOK $50,000 WITH HIM.

William Hoeppner, a former confidential bookkeeper for the A. W. Faber Company of New York, who disappeared June 18th last after having, it is alleged, embezzled between $30,000 and $40,000 from the firm, has been arrested at Buenos Ayres, Argentina. At police headquarters it was said that extradition papers will be secured for Hoeppner's return. He was located when his family booked for the South American port.

McKINLEY'S WILL

Is ready for probating. It is in the president's own handwriting and is on executive mansion letter paper. He bequeaths his entire estate to his wife and after her death to his brothers and sisters share and share alike. One paragraph reads: My chief concern is that my wife, from my estate, shall have all she requires for her comfort and pleasure and that my mother shall be provided with whatever money she requires to make her old age comfortable and happy. The instrument is dated Oct. 22, 1897.

IN CHAMBERS COUNTY.

W. G. Jarrell was recently appointed county superintendent of education, although a primary election favored G. B. Avery.

The fruit-growing industry is rapidly developing in that section, through the enterprise of Paul Hoffman.

Schools have opened with the largest attendance in their history. The increased interest is further demonstrated in the erection of new buildings and the purchase of modern furniture and fixtures.

TOO MUCH OF WATER.

The freshet that came down the Savannah river Friday was one of the worst ever experienced by the rice planters of that section. The river rose a foot or more higher than ever known and practically every plantation on the river is under water. The water reached its greatest height Friday night. It not only overflowed the banks into the fields, but in a number of places broke through the banks, making wide washes that can be repaired only with a great deal of trouble and expense. The damage to the rice will not be known until the flood subsides enough to allow a repair of the banks and the drainage of the fields. The water is receding.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

BUBONIC plague has broken out at Naples.

THE health of the Sultan of Turkey is said to be failing.

BRAZIL has a new submarine vessel, the Marques.

JACK HAVERLY, the well known minstrel, is dead at Salt Lake City.

JOHN G. NICOLAY, formerly secretary to President Lincoln, died last Thursday.

PRINCE CHUN has been ordered home from Germany. He will not visit the United States.

ANDREW CARNEGIE says he could have prevented the recent strike if he could have conferred with the men.

THE Canton, O., bar passed a touching memorial on President McKinley last Saturday. Judge Day was among those who spoke on the occasion.

CAMP HILL has a freak of nature in a three-legged chicken.

THE Bellamy Planing Mill of Florence, will establish a branch mill at Sheffield.

MR. RICHARD PINSON, of Piedmont, fifty years old, is getting his third set of teeth.

AFTER changing their minds several times the decision is reached by the directors that no state fair will be held this year, but every effort will be made for a big show in 1902.

THE International Steamship Company, of Mobile, has contracted for the building of two steamers to operate out of the city.

THE temporary bridge across Choctowhatchie river for the A. and F. R. R. will soon be completed when the trains will pass by on their way to Graceville and Marianna, Fla., which will give a quick route to Jacksonville.

ALL AROUND ALABAMA

ENCAMPMENT OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

EXTENSIVE IRON ORE LAND DEAL EFFECTED.

Fatal Accident—Brick Plant at Warrior—Auburn College's New Professor—No State Fair This Year — Miscellany.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Gen. George P. Harrison has fixed November 13th and 14th for the holding of the state reunion of Confederate Veterans, in Montgomery, and many hundreds of the veterans are expected to be in attendance. The idea of state reunions is new, and a result of action taken at the last annual national reunion. It is thought that the state reunion will bring the old soldiers into closer fellowship, enabling many to enjoy the occasion who are unable to attend the national reunions. Montgomery is preparing a royal entertainment for her expected guests. Special features of the reunion will include a grand parade of the veterans and a barbecue.

A NEW PROFESSOR.

Dr. Edwin Mead Wilcox has been elected to the chair of biology in the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, vice F. S. Earle, resigned to accept a position with Columbia University, New York. Dr. Wilcox is a graduate of the University of Ohio where he served as instructor in botany. Subsequently he spent three years at Harvard University where he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. He was then appointed to a traveling fellowship for the study of economic botany and tropical productions in agriculture and traveled in Java, Ceylon, Singapore and Japan.

ORE LANDS BOUGHT.

C. E. Wilson and associates have transferred to the United States Iron Company several hundred acres of valuable iron ore lands in Franklin county in consideration of $25,000 cash. The United States Land Company has within the last year come into possession of some very valuable ore properties throughout this section, and it is claimed by those who are in a position to know that this company now controls the cream of the ore properties within shipping distance of the railroads.

REBUILDING.

The plant of the Coaldale Brick Company at Warrior, which was destroyed by fire last week, is being rebuilt. The plant will be enlarged and made fire-proof. With these improvements it will be the finest of its kind in the South. The company has a large number of brick on hand and the loss of time caused by the fire and rebuilding will not effect the filling of orders.

SAW MILL TRAGEDY.

Felix N. Williams was killed at Alameda, Clark county, Thursday. Young Williams was employed at a saw mill, and in trying to take a piece of bark from a band saw, his sleeve caught and he was pulled into the saw. His body was terribly mangled, and death was almost instantaneous.

THREE DROWNED.

A small sailboat, containing seven persons, capsized on West Lake, near Kalamazoo, Mich., Sunday, and Mrs. Peter Krondyke, P. Van Halst and Miss Edith Maud were drowned. The body of Mrs. Krondyke was recovered.

HUNTSVILLE FIRE.

Fire caused a damage of nearly $1,000 to the stock of furniture in the basement of the A. J. Stewart wholesale and retail furniture store Sunday morning shortly after midnight. The blaze at first threatened to destroy the entire block. The upstairs stock of furniture was not damaged by smoke or water. $2,500 insurance.

GOVERNOR JELKS has the appointment of the successor of Judge Woods, of Selma, and the candidates are numerous and the excitement high.

"RED SKIN PETE," a miner, made a sneering remark about President McKinley, at Pineville, Ky., near the North Carolina line last Saturday. Carl Fennig, a Louisville drummer, championed McKinley's cause and in the fight following killed the miner.

MEN in ambush fired on the Carbondale (Ky.) coal tipple Saturday, but no one was hurt. Adjt. Gen. Murray is there.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

ALABAMA GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION.

The public roads are usually by intelligent observers accepted best indices of the character and prosperity of the people in the through which they pass. The neglect of their roads is justly evidence of poor business and lack of thrift on the part of population which is most upon them.

One of the most hopeful the South's progress is the attention to roads and improving condition. The condition of roads in the South much better now than it was ago that the transportation of in this section to market or to lines costs now many millions of lars less than it did before provements were made.

Every good road is an that causes the building of where real road improvement gins it is almost sure to

Alabama has done much building during the past but she is woefully behind work and an impetus should to the movement and a sentiment created. Now, create and encourage a which will lead to a more interest in the building of highways in Alabama. Manufacturer proposes that Convention be held in Montgomery and a permanent ganization be perfected. work to be done for a hundred The more we progress there will be to do, and the will be the scope.

We suggest that the governor state with himself added, delegates from each congressional trict and four from the state each probate judge, with added, appoint five delegates presidents of Farmers' Clubs, mercial Clubs, Chambers of merce, Boards of Trade, chants' Associations five each, with themselves added, mayors of towns and cities, gates with themselves added, each editor in the state be attend and the commissioner culture and other state officers.

We also suggest at this the United States Government quested to send a man to the tion to give stereopticon roads, good and bad, in this and Europe and also invite the of the National Good Roads dresses.

We are firmly of the belief magnificent association on a ent basis can be organized much and lasting good can be plished. Let's have a good vival in Alabama. Will you movement?—Dixie Manufacturer, tember 25th.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

W. S. Lewis, of Mobile, Master of Independent Order of Fellows in Alabama; H. C. of Huntsville, Grand Secretary Jake Burger, of Birmingham, Warden, are making official the subordinate lodges of the in the upper part of the state. is much activity in Odd Fellowship.

MISS MARGARET McALLISTER

has been elected Queen of the ville Elks' Carnival by popular lot. The contest for Queen very lively for three weeks. McAllister received 7,734 ballots, closest rival scoring 6,166.

PHILADELPHIA had a fire Saturday night when the Comfort & Co. plant burned.

ASHLAND, WIS., reports a hail storm, accompanied destructive lightning, one bolt struck a boat and nearly sunk badly injured its four occupants.

MRS. McKINLEY owns 000 of the McKinley Mines. The mines are in Nevada and to be very valuable. A new was organized September develop them more completely.

THE people of Bolign extensive preparations for annual county Sunday school tion, which will be held in Greene county, on October An elaborate programme has ranged and a large number will attend.

GEN. SHELLEY has campaign committee appointed fication of the new constitution.

Blouse Were Mostly at Home.

The blouse is still with us, but is more in the home than with the outer toilet excepting for coats and Many tucked and corded fasten at the back leaving the fitted front entire. Coats are of types, but the extra long three quarter shape is quite an accepted fashion for evening and carriage wear. The fashionable opera wrap is in flare form, with bell sleeves, and a takes the place of the high collar.

A Beauty Hint.

For one who loves a dainty there are many simple ways of preserving or perfuming it. A cold cream always nice. Oatmeal sewed in a of cheesecloth and used like water for a few minutes is good the complexion. Perhaps a more may now be purchased to make frag the bath. Everybody knows how drop of household ammonia are for all cleansing purposes not every one knows that refreshing a tablespoonful of it is in the daily bath. For bathing the face sunburn milk, buttermilk or lemon juice are all good. Very good in the water could in which a cucumber has been boiled. Philadelphia Times.

Made Her Fortune in Oil.

A woman who has made a success venture in oil is told of by the Woman's Journal which says: West Virginia has an oil queen. She is Mrs. Mary Ihrig, formerly of Statesville, now living in the Tyler county field where her venturesome spirit and good luck have been bringing in an income of about $7000 a week for a month past. Mrs. Ihrig was formerly engaged in the shoe business, but as it did not pay very well she began dabble in oil. She is reported to be developing, with success, what was considered a few months ago the most uncertain wild cat territory in the state, and she is preparing to sink new wells as soon as rigging can be hauled to her property. She has bought a handsome home in Parkersburg, and will direct her new interests from that place.

Makes Her Living as a Blacksmith.

Miss Cela Holbrook, daughter of Rufus Holbrook, has continued her father's blacksmith shop in Sherborn, Mass., employing assistants and carrying on the establishment. She is 19, but was only 17 when her father died, leaving his family in very poor circumstances. Her mother had died eight years earlier. Her brother and three sisters, all younger than herself, are supports by her business ability and enterprise. In addition to carrying on the shop she has taken a contract from the United States to carry the mail twice a day from the village station to the postoffice and return. In the summer she carries the mail on her bicycle; in the winter on foot, making four miles' travel daily. Yet this young woman, who for two years has been practically the head of a family, when she comes of age will not be allowed to vote.

Out-of-the-Ordinary in Millinery.

A shade hat recently "created" for an automobile girl is substantial enough to be able to stand wind and rain and yet gracefully pretty. It is of yellow straw and has a scarf and bow of scarlet ribbon spotted and striped with white. There is a touch of black under the brim and at one side are several gold-painted dark quills.

A traveling hat of emerald green straw trimmed with black velvet is stylish and very becoming to a fair-haired wearer.

For an outdoor fete is an original hat made entirely of wild oats and straw cunningly pleated in together. A huge bunch of ripe mulberries and their foliage give a quaint touch and a wonderfully tied bow of mulberry colored velvet completes the very striking effect.

A shade hat of green horsehair, or Panama, is the shade of the unripe almond. It is artfully trimmed with bunches of mulberries and leaves.

A veritable inspiration is a hat of cream-white embroidered lawn, the gracefully waved brim faced with rose-pink tulle. The only trimming is a big bow of black peau-de-soie and a high Spanish comb of jet.

Three Magpie Costumes.

Black and white, black and white still the cry. A white glace silk gown recently made had a succession of shaped flounces piped with black and white striped silk mounted on it, giving a very light effect; and from the waist downward the skirt was threaded with black velvet, ending in long, tagged ends. A charming little bolero of shaped frills to match the skirt showed an underlay of net, striped with velvet, drawn in to the waist by a belt of mauve glace.

A white voile was fitted to the form by means of tiny tucks, with a wide plastron of tinted guipure showing between the triple box-pleats at the back, a deep shaped flounce cut in tabs caught down over a wide band of guipure by tiny straps of green velvet and gold buckles, and the bodice, carried out in the same style, had the upper part all of lace, a wide gold buckle defining the back of the waist.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

ALABAMA GOOD ROADS CONVENTION.

The public roads are usually [illegible] by intelligent observers as about the best indices of the character and prosperity of the people in the sections through which they pass. The neglect of their roads is justly considered evidence of poor business sense and lack of thrift on the part of the population which is most depend[illegible] upon them.

One of the most hopeful signs of the South's progress is the increasing attention to roads and their steady improving condition. The general condition of roads in the South is much better now than it was ten years ago, that the transportation of crops in this section to market or to railroad lines costs now many millions of dollars less than it did before these improvements were made.

Every good road is an object lesson that causes the building of others where real road improvement once begins it is a most sure to continue.

Alabama has done much in road building during the past three years but she is woefully behind in the great [illegible] and an impetus should be given to the movement and a good healthy sentiment created. Now, in order to create and encourage a sentiment which will lead to a more widespread interest in the building of good highways in Alabama, The Dixie Manufacturer proposes that a Good Roads Convention be held in Birmingham or Montgomery and a permanent organization be perfected. There is work to be done for a hundred years. The more we progress the more there will be to do, and the better will be the scope.

We suggest that the governor of each state with himself added, appoint delegates from each congressional district and four from the state at large, each probate judge, with himself added, appoint five delegates, presidents of Farmers Clubs, Commercial Clubs, Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade, Retail Merchants' Associations five delegates each, with themselves added, mayors of towns and cities, five delegates with themselves added, each editor in the state be invited to attend and the commissioners of agriculture and other state officers.

We also suggest at this meeting that the United States Government be requested to send a man to the convention to give stereopticon views of roads good and bad, in this country and Europe and also invite the officers of the National Good Roads Association to be present and make addresses.

We are firmly of the belief that a magnificent association on a permanent basis can be organized and much and lasting good can be accomplished. Let's have a good roads revival in Alabama. Will you help the movement?—Dixie Manufacturer, September 25th.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

W. S. Lewis, of Mobile, Grand Master of Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Alabama; H. C. Wood, of Huntsville, Grand Secretary; Jake Burger, of Birmingham, Grand Warden, are making official visits to the subordinate lodges of the state in the upper part of the state, and is much activity in Odd Fellowship.

MISS MARGARET McALLISTER has been elected Queen of the Huntsville Elks' Carnival by popular vote. The contest for Queen has been very lively for three weeks. McAllister received 7,734 ballots, closest rival scoring 6,105.

PHILADELPHIA had a $1[illegible] fire Saturday night when the Paul Comfort & Co. plant burned.

ASHLAND, WIS., reports a severe hail storm, accompanied with destructive lightning, one bolt of which struck a boat and nearly sunk it, badly injured its four occupants.

MRS. McKINLEY owns [illegible] 000 of the McKinley Mines. The mines are in Nevada and are said to be very valuable. A new company was organized September 29th to develop them more completely.

THE people of Bolligee are making extensive preparations for the annual county Sunday school convention, which will be held in Greene county, on October 1st. An elaborate programme has been arranged and a large number of people will attend.

GEN. SHELLEY has named a campaign committee against the ratification of the new constitution.

Blouses Worn Mostly at Home.

The blouse is still with us, but is more in the home than with the [illegible] for coats and [illegible] Many [illegible] and corded [illegible] leaving the [illegible] entire. Coats are of [illegible] the extra long three-[illegible] an accepted [illegible] and carriage wear, [illegible] opera wrap is in [illegible] with long sleeves, and a [illegible] of the high collar.

A Beauty Hint.

[illegible] a dainty bath [illegible] ways of medi- [illegible] Almond meal [illegible] sewed in a [illegible] thrown in [illegible] is good [illegible] tablets [illegible] to make frag- [illegible] knows how [illegible] household am- [illegible] purposes, [illegible] how refresh- [illegible] it is in the [illegible] the face to [illegible] milk or [illegible] Very good, [illegible] in which a [illegible] Philadel-

Made Her Fortune in Oil.

[illegible] was made a success- [illegible] told of by the [illegible] says "West [illegible] She is Mrs. [illegible] of Sistersville, [illegible] county field, [illegible] spirit and [illegible] bringing in as [illegible] a week for a [illegible] Mrs. Ihrig was formerly [illegible] business, but, as [illegible] very well, she began [illegible] She is reported to be [illegible] with success, what was [illegible] a few months ago the most [illegible] wild cat territory in the [illegible] and she is preparing to sink [illegible] as soon as rigging can be [illegible] to her property. She has [illegible] a handsome home in Parkers- [illegible] and will direct her new interests [illegible] that place.

Takes Her Living as a Blacksmith.

Miss Cora Holbrook, daughter of [illegible] Holbrook, has continued her [illegible] blacksmith shop in Sherborn, [illegible] employing assistants and carrying [illegible] the establishment. She is 19, [illegible] only 17 when her father died, [illegible] his family in very poor cir- [illegible] Her mother had died [illegible] years earlier. Her brother and [illegible] sisters, all younger than herself, [illegible] supports by her business ability [illegible] enterprise. In addition to carrying [illegible] the shop she has taken a con- [illegible] from the United States to car- [illegible] mail twice a day from the rail- [illegible] station to the postoffice and re- [illegible] In the summer she carries the [illegible] on her bicycle, in the winter on [illegible] making four miles' travel daily. [illegible] this young woman, who for two [illegible] has been practically the head [illegible] family, when she comes of age [illegible] not be allowed to vote.

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Three Magpie Costumes.

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A white voile was fitted to the [illegible] by means of tiny tucks, with a [illegible] pinafore of tinted guipure show- [illegible] between the triple box-pleats at [illegible] back, a deep shaped flounce cut [illegible] tabs caught down over a wide [illegible] of guipure by tiny straps of [illegible] velvet and gold buckles, and [illegible] carried out in the same [illegible] had the upper part all of lace, [illegible] gold buckle defining the back [illegible] waist.

A very smart gown was of black alpaca arranged in loops at the hem, piped with white glace silk, the white repeated in the front seams and in the double loops of the pretty, quaint bolero; its deep square collar of ecru-embroidered batiste and the new ficelle lace had a tiny collar and revers of satin turning back from it, while the skirt was of white chiffon and the belt of silver.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Memory Book.

A good many young people and older people, too, have begun the delightful task of arranging a memory book to record the happy times they have had and the delightful people they have met. Its make-up is easier, it is of more general interest, and much less tedious than the old-fashioned journal, with its daily recount of often trivial and unimportant events. A large scrap book, strongly bound, with guards or extra strips between the leaves to admit the pastings and entry of souvenirs, is the first requisite. A pretty over-cover can be made of denim in blue, green or brown, or of the ordinary tan canvas, with the title in embroidered lettering in outline, or in gold running through the centre.

The title itself may be as fanciful and poetic as one wishes, so long as it is in harmony with the idea. "For Memory's Sake," "The Light of Other Days," etc. A spray of forget-me-nots or a scattering of the blossoms on the outside or on the fly-leaf inside gives a dainty suggestiveness. Let the cover be large enough to meet over the edges and bound with a neat braid or ribbon, stitched on and tied across the ends and at the front.

As this is a keepsake book for the years of after life, it is worth some trouble to make it pretty and attractive. The filling of the pages will be according to the tastes of the maker. A girl of 19 summers has made her memory book really a very dainty piece of work. She selected almost entirely social happenings, using invitations and other suggestive mementos. One whole page was given to a visit to a friend at Thanksgiving time. On the upper part of the large page was the tag which was on her trunk; under it, arranged in a design, were the little hand-painted dinner cards, and so on. Again, on a page commemorating a clambake, given on the rocks of a summer watering place, were some sprays of the seaweed that the clams were baked in, dried, pressed and fastened in the book by little strips of brightly tinted paper, etc.

The Memory Book for traveling should be much smaller—portfolio size—to admit of use on the steamer's deck, or on the long journeys by train. Many a delightful incident, with its accompanying souvenir, can be slipped into its pages for future fastening, that would otherwise be forgotten and lost forever in the crowding experiences that follow.

"My Memory Book is the most precious thing I own," said a young fellow. "It has helped me through many a dismal evening in a lonely city room." Years added to its value, and in the library of the maturer man or woman successive numbers will stand like ledgers of the pleasure times of youth.—Washington Star.

The first asters of the season are out, a sure sign that fall fashions will soon be seen.

Flower crowns independent of leaves and foliage without flowers are features in millinery garniture.

The very latest novelty in corsets for bathing purposes, is made of perforated rubber mysteriously stiffened so that it answers all the requirements of a genuine corset.

White is always the most popular color in underwear, but during warm weather it is more than ever desirable when thin frocks are worn. In winter pink and blue garments are popular.

Cameo brooches have been rescued from the oblivion in which they have lived for some time past and serve a very useful purpose as belt and skirt fasteners. They are not usually worn as stock pins.

Persian patterns represent the latest idea in hosiery and many of the effects are especially pretty. Pale blue, pink or lavender groundworks, with odd Persian designs, are particularly well liked.

The newest petticoats are washable, and enchanting they are with their close tops and full bottoms, which are made to flounce and furbelow by mounting, in points or straight rows, narrow trimming-edged frills upon wider ones.

One of the newest hats is called the Napoleon, but it is greatly modified from any example of headgear associated with the little corporal. It has several points and is worn folded well back from the forehead. It shows the entire front of the coiffure.

In later years there has been a reaction in favor of cambric underwear, and the chemise is regaining popularity. It is to be found in the prettiest and daintiest of makes, French garments in the soft French nainsook, with the most delicate of embroidery, and less expensive and less fine garments of ordinary cambric, but still pretty and dainty. Some of these are made skirt length, trimmed on the lower edge, forming a combination garment.

Floral Designs on Table Linen.

An entirely new touch in patterns for table linen is the introduction of the roots of the plants in the floral designs. Far from being unsightly, they are so artistic, mingled with the plant and its blossoms, as to be extremely effective as well as novel. Fancy a decorative poppy pattern on the finest quality damask so arranged as to appear as if growing from fibrous roots down near the border, then the blossoming plants stretch toward the centre, where they form a circle around the centrepiece.

To Keep Steel Clean.

The best treatment for wrought steel, which has a knack of growing gray, lustreless and ill-looking, is to first wash it very clean with a stiff brush and ammonia soap suds, rinse well, dry, by heat if possible, then oil plentifully with sweet oil, and dust thickly with powdered quicklime. Let the lime stay on two days, then brush it off with a clean, very stiff brush. Polish with a softer brush, and rub with cloths until the lustre comes out. By leaving the lime on, iron and steel may be kept from rust almost indefinitely.

Window Decorations.

"How perfectly beautiful," exclaimed a visitor as she entered the favorite sitting room of the chatelaine of a charming country house. It was no wonder she stood transfixed with admiration. Before her, nearly filling one end of the room, was a deep recessed window and window seat, the former with large plate glass sashes that made the room seem part of a fruit orchard beyond, which was just bursting into pink and white silken cushions to match a great semicircle of hyacinths and tulips just outside that blazed with color within their setting of emerald green turf. Their soft tints of pink, yellow, blue, white, purple, lilac and dark red were all exactly reproduced in the piled up cushions of the window seat.

Proper Care of the Linen.

The best of linen will crack if folded the same way each time that it is ironed. By careful supervision this can be avoided by folding in twos one week and in threes another, and varying the methods. A tablecloth will give a better appearance if the ridges are smoothed out with an iron after the cloth is laid. Many housekeepers who do not like the appearance of folds iron them out entirely after the cloth is on the table.

A table cloth which is to show the creases should be folded lengthwise through the middle, with the two halves folded back in opposite directions, instead of together. This will leave the two creases each side of the central one outward and matching.

A liberal use of tea and tray cloths, centrepieces and doilies every day adds to the dainty appearance of a table and saves the long cloths a great deal of wear and tear, the laundress being spared, meanwhile, much work.

Apple Dumplings—Make a light, melting biscuit dough. Pinch off a small piece and roll thin. Put a heaped spoonful of stiff canned apples in the centre and pinch the edges together. Bake in a quick oven. Serve with sugar and cream.

Spinach Souffle—Take a cupful of spinach which has been prepared and mix it with the beaten yolk of an egg and stir over the fire until the egg is set. Let it cool. When ready to serve stir into it lightly the well-beaten whites of three eggs. Fill individual buttered paper boxes half full and place them in a hot oven for 10 minutes. Serve at once.

Orange Foam—One-half a box of gelatine soaked in one-half a cup of cold water. Dissolve in one pint of boiling water, making only one pint of water in all. Add juice of four large oranges, one cup of granulated sugar. Let it thicken until it is like a syrup. Beat the whites of five eggs, very light. Beat all together until it is white and foamy, then put away to cool. Serve with whipped cream.

Macaroni with Cheese—Break 12 sticks of macaroni into one-inch lengths, and cook in two quarts of boiling salted water for 20 or 30 minutes. Drain the water off and pour into a bake dish. Make a cream sauce by melting a spoonful of butter, rub in a spoonful of flour, then add half a pint of cold milk, and cook until it thickens; salt to taste. Pour over the macaroni, and sprinkle a cup of grated cheese on top. Bake until brown.

Almond Jumbles—Two cupfuls of sugar and one and a half cupfuls of butter beaten to a smooth, light cream. Add six eggs, one at a time, beating thoroughly. Then stir in half a wine glass of apricot juice, half a cupful of cornstarch and three cupfuls of sifted flour. Roll out the dough quite thin, cut it with a jumble cutter, sprinkle over one pound of blanched and chopped almonds, press them in with the rolling pin, sprinkle granulated sugar over the top; place on buttered paper in shallow tins and bake in a hot oven.

BLIND MAN'S STRANGE POWER.

Perceives the Proximity of Any Object on a Level With His Head.

Is there a sixth sense? The blind piano tuner, Dean S. Gray, surely possesses one. When passing a high board fence he can, without touching it, mysteriously feel its presence. Anything which is on a level with his head is recognized in the same way.

"I might," he says, "stumble over a post, but wouldn't run into a large tree or a brick wall, unless walking rapidly."

His physician states that this strange "sense of feeling" comes from the nerves in the face, for his sight is destroyed absolutely.

One evening in Milwaukee avenue a house in the process of being moved was standing in the middle of the street. Mr. Gray passed along the sidewalk where there was nothing to indicate the presence of the house. After arriving at his destination he asked: "What's that thing back there in the street? It ought not to be there."

He has the power of impressing this mysterious feeling upon others. A short time ago he was seated in the centre of a Third street car. A lady got on and sat at the end of the seat. Mr. Gray made no movement, but those watching instantly realized that he knew exactly what had happened. When he rose to leave the car he passed her more deftly than does the ordinary man with two perfect eyes.

As Mr. Gray was walking down Michigan avenue recently to the Journal office to have his first photograph taken, his escort turned from Michigan at Cass avenue instead of walking on to Wayne. Quickly he asked, "Why do you turn here? Michigan and Fort are nearer together through Wayne street than through Cass."

A few steps further he said: "Here is the restaurant where we had dinner."

At Howard street he was asked: "What street is this?" He replied: "One end of Howard."

Thus he knows every street in the city, and street numbers, too. At the front steps of the Journal building he swung his cane forward to measure the first step, and after that proceeded up the rest just as any one else would.

His sister said that when they were going anywhere together she let him lead the way, though she sees perfectly, for he knows the quickest routes.

Many street cars he recognizes by their gongs.

"The new Woodward avenue and the Jefferson and Third avenue cars have rather heavy gongs," he said. "Also the Detroit railway cars. But now they are mixing them up, and it is harder to know when the right one comes."

Many conductors assert that Mr. Gray can tell the streets of the city by his "sense of feeling." But as a matter of fact, the city map is in his mind, and he knows when he passes the last intersection of car lines before his destined street. Then so closely does he caluculate short distances run by the car that he can ring the bell at the right time for his own street. Likewise when walking, he knows when it is time to turn a corner.

Nothing escapes his ears, and he can go home and repeat the entire conversation of those sitting near him, especially on politics. Mr. Gray denied the story that he can tell the demonination of bills. Coins are easy, but no blind person in the United States can tell the denomination of a bill, he says.

Mr. Gray is a busy man, for his affliction has given his ear peculiar aptness in his business of piano tuning. All alone he travels over the city, and even to Windsor. The car lines are the points in his compass which keep him informed of his position. His watch has no crystal, and he reads time from it with perfect ease with his fingers.

He is an expert chess player.

Mr. Gray was graduated from the tuning department of the Michigan school for the blind at Lansing. While there he reecived an excellent education and converses fluently on all popular questions. His residence is at No. 291 Harper avenue east.

Those who meet him for the first time bow mechanically, and try to make the points of their conversation more clear to him by means of gestures. He became completely blind from cataract before he was five years old, and, like so many other blind persons, has no memory of his sight except how light appears.—Detroit Journal.

Warships' Funnels.

Le Yacht is the happy possessor of a gentleman with a pretty and caustic wit. There is this week a long and exhaustive description of the Ohio, which concludes as follows: "Finally, the three funnels have a height of 100 feet above the furnace bars and give an admirable target." "Admirable target" is distinctly good. All the same, it is distinctly true. Some day the naval architects may manage to realize that every lofty funnel is as good as another mast, and that the prime use of the mast is to give an enemy an excellent something to lay his guns by. We are firmly convinced that a ship with stumpy funnels, and either no masts at all or else merely thin poles, is likely to be hit only half as much as the ordinary type of warship. Masts, in point of fact, are a greater danger to modern ships than woodwork, which so much fuss is made about.—London Engineer.

A Hair-Raising Episode.

"Asleep on the switch," mused the girl who had forgotten to put her hair on the mantel before retiring.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A successful author of fiction needs as much good press agent work nowadays as the rising statesman.

By introducing potato bugs into England we will also be able to sell the British farmers a potato bug exterminator after awhile.

The mosquito has never been suspected of transmitting appendicitis or any other recherche disease. It is an insect without a redeeming trait.

Somebody claims to have discovered that the ordinary restaurant pie bears a close relation to crime. If the theory can be sustained it might also be used as a plea of justification.

The effort to suppress fictitious titles will receive hearty support from many a civilian whose well-meaning friends insist on calling him "Colonel" when he would be better pleased with plain "Mister."

The new Italian submarine war vessel *Delfino* is said to have proved a success in her recent trials. She is provided with a cleptoscope, a new device, for reflecting to the crew below a broad view of the surface of the water.

How times change! If Peter the Great were alive and desirous of learning the art of shipbuilding, he would not go to Holland, nor yet to England. He would come to the United States. The Czar sent to the United States for the Variag, and so well likes the performances of that war craft that he will send for others.

In the match industry of the world 1,500,000,000 matches are turned out annually, and possibly 75,000,000 feet of lumber are consumed in their manufacture, and yet scarcely 15,000 people are employed in the industry. Nothing could more strongly exemplify the utility of labor-saving machinery.

Anarchists who rave against all law have cause to be most grateful to the law at present for the protection it gives them. If it were not for the law, and for popular respect for the law, not an anarchist's life in the United States would be worth a moment's lease. As it is, the life even of Czolgosz is quite safe, says the *New York Tribune*.

The unfortunate woman who floated through the Niagara Rapids in a barrel and was then tossed about in the whirpool for hours must have endured prolonged agonies before death came. She brought upon herself her dreadful fate, but she ought never to have been allowed to sacrifice her life. Surely there is warrant in law for the interference of the police in such cases.

It has been widely noted and variously commented upon that the summer girl has been less in evidence this season than usual. There is no cause for regret at her departure, even if it should prove permanent. The summer girl, as pictorially and poetically described, is a creature of fluff and frizzes, with a penchant for coquetry. She is a fleeting joy, who can better be spared than the common-sense girl who makes all seasons her own.

Sir C. A. Cookson, before the recent congress of the Royal Institute of Public Health, at Eastbourne, England, undertook to deal with the attractive theme, "A Smokeless London." He said the inhabitants of London were always complaining of the black frogs which were almost indissolutely associated with the month of November, and which did more than anything else to lower the city as a place of permanent, or even temporary residence. In the estimation of the outside world, the evil was so inveterate that any attempt to remedy it had come to be deemed desperate. Yet there was a remedy at hand and easy of attainment. The chief element which would conduce to a smokeless London would be the burning for domestic purposes of some form of smokeless coal. That smokeless coal was of two kinds, one anthracite, debituminized by a natural, the other, coke, by an artificial process. There were sentimental and financial objections to the proposal, but even supposing the cost was a little more, the loss would be recouped in the gain effected by cleanliness.

Another public-school fad is making headway in the West. This is basket-making. It originated in Minneapolis, and is to be tried in Chicago. Its basis is the idea that the childhood of an individual is similar in its impulses to the childhood of the race. Axes of chipped stone were made by the human race in its infancy. Instruction in the making of stone hatchets is not practicable, however, and, therefore, the making of rattan baskets was substituted. A few of the Minneapolis teachers learned the art and then taught their pupils. The Board of Education grew enthusiastic over the beautiful glove-boxes and flower-pot holders which were made by the school children, and appropriated $3,000 to buy materials and pay for instruction in rattan basket-making in the first four grades of the schools. Next in order, of course, was a school for teachers in basket-making. This is in session in Chicago, and is attended by ninety women and two men. There is a practical side to the matter, according to the Minneapolis leader of the fad. "One little girl," she says, "sold several of her baskets at fifty cents apiece, and took orders for a number more. She brought nine dollars home to her mother, a hard-working washerwoman, and perhaps you can imagine the little one's joy and pride."

AN OLD MEETING-HOUSE.

Built to Serve as a Place of Worship or as a Fort.

The Alna meeting-house looms high on a rather barren hilltop. As in many of the Plymouth colonies, it was also the military storehouse, and tradition has it that loopholes were provided above the first tier of windows, so that in case of need the building could be shuttered and converted into a blockhouse. When the building was repaired several years ago, a cavity in the wall was found filled with old-fashioned moulded bullets. The building, which is painted a dull yellowish brown, is in good repair, both outside and in. The beams measure 12 by 14 inches, and bear the marks of the broadaxe. At the entrance are two old-fashioned foot scrapers, relics of a careful generation and of wretched roads. The pews are of old-time box style, as at Walpole, each a little compartment, entered by a door. So high are the sides that were it not for the open work of tiny carved banisters surrounding the top, one could, even under the preachers' thunder, have napped very comfortably and unseen in the roomy retreat. There are four groups of body pews, with six pews to each, and bordering three sides of the building is a string of twenty-five pews, while in the gallery are double rows, giving in all a very large seating capacity. There are twenty-four panes of glass in each of the present windows, but the original sashes held such tiny panes that each window resembled a patchwork quilt.

A twisting flight of stairs leads up to the old pulpit, and from this dizzy eminence the Gospel darts were hurled. The builders evidently realized that preachers are men of varying stature for fitted into the pulpit's floor is a series of sliding shelves, or little platforms, to raise or lower his standing. Each of these platforms is dented, scratched, and seamed by expressive feet. Over the pulpit hangs the heavy, bell-shaped sounding board, and in the background is a red curtained window, the one touch of color about the interior.

In a sorry state of preservation, with fist-banged covers, is the old Bible, a huge, leather-bound volume, printed at Worcester, Mass., in 1791, by Isaiah Thomas. The old sexton carefully guards it from the curiosity hunter. "I have to keep it hid," he says, "or it wouldn't last so long as old Brown stayed in Heaven, and that you know is a matter of record." * * * The Alna meeting-house had no stove until thirty-five years ago, even then no chimney being built, but the funnel, branching out over the gallery, was poked through a window for egress. Now a regulation chimney leads the smoke out in the way it should go.

Formerly half a garrison house, the Alna Church has in latter years done double duty in another direction, for now it is the town meeting-house, and here the annual elections are held, although it is difficult to imagine the mechanism of the modern ballot-system in operation under the bulging pulpit's frown.—*New England Magazine.*

THE VOLUME OF RIVERS.

Comparison of the Discharge of the Mississippi and Columbia.

An estimate by Captain Harts of the volume of water flowing in the Columbia River is interesting, in comparison with the volume of the Mississippi at New Orleans. Captain Harts made his observations at The Dalles. At low water he found a flow of 108,000 cubic feet per second; at high water 1,600,000 cubic feet per second. At low water the discharge at New Orleans is 250,000 cubic feet per second; at ordinary high water 1,000,000 cubic feet, and at extreme high water 1,200,000 cubic feet per second. To these figures from 10 to 15 per cent. should be added for the flow through the Atchafalaya. This estimate as to the Mississippi is from the most recent resources we have at hand. They are from Johnson's Cyclopedia copyright, 1894, and compiled from the "Journal of the Association of Engineering Societies and Other Sources." The mean annual discharge of the whole Mississippi basin into the Gulf of Mexico, including that by the Atchafalaya and Bayou outlets, is estimated at 675,000 cubic feet per second. It is larger, probably, than the mean annual discharge of the Columbian basin, but not greatly larger; for the Columbia flows at low-water stage not more than two months in the year, and at the high-water stage it carries a greater volume than the Mississippi. Below the Ohio the Mississippi gains little in volume, losing by evaporation about as much as it receives from its lower affluents. The flow of the St. Lawrence much exceeds that of any other river in North America. Various authorities agree that the mean annual discharge is in excess of 1,000,000 cubic feet per second. The volume at Niagara is estimated at 300,000 cubic feet per second. It varies little throughout the year, since the great lakes above regulate the volume and give it an even flow.—*Portland Oregonian.*

Swallowed a Bullet.

Lord Kitchener once had a very extraordinary experience, having swallowed a bullet with which he had been wounded. During the campaign of 1898 Major Kitchener was hit in the side of the face by a bullet during a skirmish near Suakim, and was taken down the Nile and thence to the Citadel Hospital at Cairo, where, despite all the efforts of his surgeons, the bullet could not be located. The wound was a healthy one and soon healed, and the medical officers came to the conclusion that the bullet had worked its way out without being noticed. The major's nurse one day tempted the patient's appetite with a tasty beefsteak, which the major had no sooner attacked than he put his hand to his throat, exclaiming: "Bless, if there was no bone in the steak I've swallowed that bullet; I felt it go down!" This proved to be the case.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

With this issue we send to each subscriber a copy of the new Constitution. Every one should read and study it, and then vote according to his convictions on the matter.

We are glad to learn that the University School at Planterville had a successful opening, with 47 pupils, and the prospects are flattering for a flourishing school there.

The news of the death of Hon. John Bruce, Judge of the United States District Court for the Middle and Northern Districts of Alabama, was received here on yesterday, and evoked expressions of universal regret. He was a just judge and always leaned to side of mercy, and if he had failings, they leaned to virtue's side.

A subscriber writes to us from Prattville that he is not receiving The Banner regularly. We would respectfully ask subscribers, when their postmaster tells them there is no Banner for them, to please take another look, and in most cases he will find it, unless he has given it out to some of your neighbors. The Banner is sent out in bundles to the different postoffices, and unless the bundle should go astray in the mail, when one subscriber gets his paper, all should get theirs also. We are willing to send you another copy, but before you ask for it, please see if you can't find the first one we have sent you, between your postmaster and your neighbors.

In another column we repsint from the columns of the "Dixie Manufacturer" a suggestion for a "Good Roads" convention. That such a convention would result in incalculble advantage to the State we are fully convinced, and sincerely hope the idea will be pushed in every community. The last few years has seen a marked improvement in the conditions of our roads, but they are yet far from being what they should be. "Jordan's a hard road to travel" and so are many of our thoroughfares. The farmer who can haul on good roads his produce to town is far ahead of his competitor who can only bring a small load on account of the poor road he has to travel. This is a matter that concerns every man, and we hope to see good results from the convention.

Banker Routs A Robber

J. R. Garrison, Cashier of the bank of Thornville, Ohio, had been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble. I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with Coughs, Colds, or any Throat, Chest or Lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Clanton Drug Store.

Too Much.

"You say you think your boy has too great an appetite?" said the physician to an anxious mother. "Do you realize how much a growing boy can eat?"

"I should think I ought to if anybody does," returned the boy's parent. "I'll just put the case to you, doctor.

"Where we were, up in the mountains, the waitress would come in and say to my boy, 'We have fried fish, steak, liver and bacon, baked and fried potatoes, rye biscuit, muffins and dry toast.'

"And that boy Ned would say, 'I'll take it all, please—and some eggs.'"—Exchange.

52 Dinners cost only 75 cents.

THE MAN ON THE CORNER.

(continued from 1st col. page 1)

fact that the best thing he has ever done in his life was to marry you,' and that the only way in which he can show his appreciation is to do just whatever you want him to do. (He'll do at at first, but I can't say how long he will keep it up.) Tell him that you "left your happy home," for him, because you knew he was going to the dogs if you didn't. (They all think that, but it is not so by a long way.) Make him understand that a man is nothing without a wife, and that he ought to think himself mighty lucky that he has got you. (He is bound to agree with you, he dare not do otherwise.) Pickle him with love and kisses, preserve him with "honey" and "sugar," pack him up tightly at home, polish him with your affection, pacify him (if he gets fierce) with the pabulum of your love, pad him with expressions of kindness, paddle him if he won't be good, padlock him up if he shows a disposition to stray, pain him if he's naughty, paint him in fancy colors to your friends, pair him with none, pale not before him, pall not his enjoyments, palliate his faults (if he has any) don't pamper him, don't pander to his peculiarities, don't feed him with pap, and by all means don't be always citing "Papa" to him, and don't parade all your good qualities at once before him. If you can do all this he will think you are his precious pearl, a paragon of perfection without a parallel and that he is in paradise. (And perhaps he is). Some other time I will offer a little advice to bridegrooms, if the brides don't fall out with me for this.

Right-Mindedness Exemplified.

In all that occurred from the beginning of his fateful visit to Buffalo, through the days of alternate hope and fear to his dying moment, Mr. McKinley had exhibited a right-mindedness so perfect that human nature seemed capable of nothing better. And from the first news of the bullet-shot on September 6 to the final obsequies at Canton on September 19, Mr. Roosevelt had also exhibited such sincerity of feeling, and such unfailing discernment as to fitting words and right actions, that he also added something to our faith in the high possibilites of human nature. Furthermore, the conduct and the sentiment of the nation at large were so intelligent, so reasonable, and, in short, so essentially right-minded, as to afford a splendid illustration of the reality of American patriotism, and the repose and strength of our democratic institutions. Thus, the assassin's bullet,—aimed not at William McKinley the man so much as at President McKinley in his official capacity, and thus intended to weaken and injure the fabric of our institutions,—merely served to show at once the great heartedness and moral worth of the two representative men chosen as heads of the state, and, further, to illustrate the wholesome mind and spirit of the nation after its long experience of freedom regulated by law. Thus, it has been made manifest that the American people do not hate their institutions, but rather that they love them, and that they have also the capacity, regardless of such minor differences as are expressed by political parties, to appreciate and to love the upright and faithful men whom they have chosen to be their chief public servants.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for October.

It Is A Good Thing.

We like to say a good word for anything that deserves it, so do not hesitate to endorse the Sterling Remedy Company, makers of the famous Cascarets. Within five years the sale of Cascarets has grown from a single box until last year it reached the enormous sale of over six million boxes. We mention this with pride because we have carried the advertising in the columns of this paper and it is only another proof that the right kind of advertising behind an article with real merit like Cascarets brings success. All druggists report an enormous demand for Cascarets that is steadily increasing. They are put up in convenient form and the prices are 10c, 25c and 50c a box and a 50c box is enough for one month's treatment. We urge our friends, who have the slightest liver or bowel trouble to give them a trial.

Alabama Good Roads Convention.

The public roads are usually taken by intelligent observers as about the best indices of the character and prosperity of the people in the region through which they pass. The neglect of their roads is justly considered evidence of poor business sense and lack of thrift on the part of the population which is most dependent upon them.

One of the most hopeful signs of the South's progress is the increased attention to roads and their steadily improving condition. The general condition of roads in the South is so much better now than it was ten years ago that the transportation of crops in this section to market or to railway lines cost now many millions of dollars less than it did before these improvements were made.

Every good road is an object lesson that causes the building of others and where real road improvement once begins it is almost sure to continue.

Alabama has done much in road building during the past three years, but she is woefully behind in the great work and an impetus should be given to the movement and a good healthy sentiment created. Now, in order to create and encourage a sentiment which will lead to a more widespread interest in the building of enduring highways in Alabama, the Dixie Manufacturer proposes that a State Convention be held in Birmingham or Montgomery and a permanent organization be perfected. There is work to be done for a hundred years. The more we progress the more work there will be to do, and the broader will be the scope

We suggest that the Governor of the State with himself added, appoint two delegates from each Congressional District and four from the State at large, each Probate Judge, with himself added, appoint five delegates, the presidents of Farmers Clubs, Commercial Clubs, Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trades, Retail Merchants Associations five delagates each, with themselves added, and mayors of towns and cities, five delegates with themselves added. Also each editor in the State be invited to attend and the Commissioner of Agriculture and other State officers.

We also suggest at this meeting that the United States Government be requested to send a man to the convention to give stereopticon views of roads, good and bad, in this country and Europe and also invite the officers of the National Good Roads Association to be present and make addresses.

We are firmly of the belief that a magnificent association on a permanent basis can be organized and that much and lasting good can be accomplished. Let's have a good roads revival in Alabama. Will you help the movement?

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and cost so little? One application will convince an convert you. Price 50c.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

Amanda Jones, Complainant, vs. Jack Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Jack Jones, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, whose postoffice and residence are unknown to affiant, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Jack Jones, to answer or demur to the same within thirty days after the 28th day of October, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, this 23rd day of September, 1901. W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

A. C. SMITH,
Solicitor for Complainant.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1900, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Pletcher	Beat 8	Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoults	" 7	"	4
Maplesville	" 7	"	5
Benson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Strasburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Cooper	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kincheloe	" 6	"	17

A. C. SMITH, Tax Assessor.
T. I. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 816 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE" and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is not a snuff or dry remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Send prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C #35 EDWIN A. GILES & COMPANY, 2350 and 2352 Market Street, Philadelphia.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear Skin, Rosy cheeks, Rich complexion. Only 25 cents at Clanton Drug Store.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile.

OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy in look at them.

OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad.

OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.

OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.

OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to buy.

OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again.

OUR STOCK—ALL—come and see it—make you want to buy.

OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,
CLANTON

We have moved to 2012 First Avenue
EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, - ALA.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO
W. A. KEMP
KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

C. W. WILSON
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Fancy Groceries a Specialty
CLANTON

THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF THE SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than a thousand volumes.

BOARD, $6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET.

Price to-day 7¾ @ 7 9-16 cents.
Same date last year 9 9-16 cts.

Receipts to date.	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	426	748
Mullins	257	463
Wilson	63	92
Dawes	98	108
Total	843	1411

We are in the market buying Hides and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M. F. R. WOODYARD, Clanton.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips went to the capital city Tuesday.

Mr. W. L. Sampey of Gadsden was in town a day or two this week.

Mr. W. H. Mills of Pletcher was a pleasant visitor here Wednesday.

Prof. W. A. McCreless of Jemison, was one of our welcome visitors last Saturday.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, 50 doses in a bottle. Keep it constant.

Rev. F. M. Woods came down from North Birmingham Wednesday morning and was circulating among old friends, who were glad to see him.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

Dr. E. A. Malone of Lily was one of our welcome visitors Monday.

Judge Adams went to Thorsby Monday.

A gang of workmen are busy building the new depot.

Mr. Will Parrish killed a large amount a few days ago. It can be seen at Kanter's store.

We are in the market buying Hides and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler is back again. He has been adding new members to the Shelby association.

Bridles from $5.00 up; saddles from $1.50 up; bridles from 50 cts.
R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

Mrs. Phillips has a very pretty display of millinery in her window.

Your cow is suffering with garget or spoiled udder," use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic freely. It is said by many to be a very fine remedy by those who have tried it.

President Holloway of the People's Savings Bank was in town Monday on business connected with the building of the banking house.

There was a big crowd in town Saturday at the speaking.

Barnes Circus will be at Thorsby Saturday, October 5. Big parade at 10 o'clock. A number of free outside shows on the grounds after parade. Two performances daily at 2 and 7 p.m. Don't afford to miss it. The finest and best show that will be in this section. Come early. Saturday, October 5.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Look for Dr. A. J. Massey's card in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every month. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 2nd and 3rd aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Two houses have been moved by the Probate Judge to poor persons.

W. Schmidt and Miss Parrish; Mr. Ocie K. Foshee and Dollie Culver; Mr. W. Dowdy and Miss Martha Parrish.

CURES THE COUGH
and works off the Cold.
Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

e are

our new store with the Finest
rought to Chilton county, all
for your inspection.

see them—make your eyes sparkle.
m—make your feet easy to look at
e them—make your heart glad.
—make you feel good.
e them—make your mouth water.
them—make you take a notion to
once—make you want to come again.
see it—make you want to buy.
—we are always glad to see you.
re most respectfully,

. Sartor,

CLANTON

to
st Avenue
AT CUT PRICES

Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

DRUG CO.,
T RATE DRUG STORE
AM, · ALA.

BELONGS TO

KEMP

R EYE ON IT

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TO $13.50 PER MONTH.
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Price to-day 7½ @ 7.9 16 cents.
Same date last year 9.92½ cts.

Cotton received to date:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	426	748
Mullins	337	469
Wilson	63	92
Guest	18	100
Total	843	1409

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M. F. R. WOODWARD, Clanton.

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We are in the market buying Corn and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

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Buggies from $50.00 up, saddles from $10.00 up, bridles from 50 cts.
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Warranty Deeds, Mortgages, Waive Notes, Receipts for sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

H. W. Schmidt and Miss Parrish; Mr. Ocie K. Foshee and Miss Dollie Culver; Mr. W. [illegible] and Miss Martha Parrish.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.
Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains, call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

October bargains

Clearing Out Sale

Bound to go

To clear out my big stock the prices have been cut down and every hing goes at bargain figures. These goods were purchased when the market was low, and I can afford to sell them to you at greatly reduced prices.

You will be surprised and delighted with the quality of these goods, and absolutely astonished to find you can get them for such little money.

Ladies' Capes from 25 cents up. Ladies' Dress Goods from $1 up.

Ladies' Walking Jackets from $1 75 up.

Ladies' Hats from 50 cents up.

Children's Jackets from $1 25 up. Calico 4 cents per yard.

Sheeting, yard wide, 4½ cents per yard. 10 balls Thread 5 cents.

A full line of Men's Clothing, Shoes, Hats etc. but have not space here to give prices.

A BIG LINE OF TRUNKS.

H. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

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...General Merchandise...

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Owing to a change in our business we are going to sell our entire stock at prices that will alarm you.

10 lbs. Good Coffee		$1.00
18 lbs. Sugar		1.00
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Men's Oil Grained Best Grade Shoes		1.25
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Calico	per yard	5
Cotton Checks	per yard	5
Good Suit Clothes	only	4.00
Good Family Flour		3.25

Remember the old adage: "Make hay while the sun shines," and get your share of these goods.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR BEEF CATTLE AND COTTON SEED

This is Spot Cash. Do not ask to have them charged, as you will be denied.

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FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

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An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

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Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T U CRUMPTON, Prop'r
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underseirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

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—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

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FOR BARGAINS,

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OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Makes Pathetic Appeal For Orphans' Home.

TOUCHING STORY OF AN EPIDEMIC

His Own Mother Was Bereft of Her Parents at the Tender Age of Seven, But Fortunately Fell Into Loving Hands.

Ninety-nine years ago today Robert Emmett was executed for high treason. I wonder how many of the old school boys have spoken his speech—his beautiful speech—in defense of himself and companions for the Irish rebellion, and their attempt to seize the arsenal and the arms in Dublin and set Ireland free. I wonder how many of the modern school boys ever heard of Emmet, one of the noblest, purest and most eloquent patriots in all history. It took a smart boy, a gifted boy, a good, kind-hearted boy, to speak that speech with feeling and pathos. Chan Holt could do it, and he was the only one of our set who could make the turkey bumps rise on our spines and our hearts go pity-pat as he stretched himself a little higher and exclaimed: "Let no man write my epitaph. Until Ireland is free, let not my epitaph be written." He had been already tried and convicted, and when the stern old chief justice asked him if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced, he made this speech. The judge could not conceal his emotion, and all the court was in tears. Robert Emmet was a very great man. Although but 22 years old at his death, he was the peer and companion of Curran, Grattan and Philips, and the friend and college mate of Thomas Moore, the poet. When executed he was engaged to Curran's daughter, the beautiful Sarah, and Tom Moore has written a charming poem about their sad and broken-hearted destiny. Had it not been for Sarah and his love, Emmet would not have been tried, for he and his fellow patriots, who were leaders of the rebellion of 1798, had already escaped, most of them to America, but Emmet lingered for Sarah's sake and was arrested and tried for treason.

Among those rebels who escaped to America was a young man named Maguire, who landed at Charleston and settled there. He had some means, and began business as a linen merchant, and prospered. Not long after this he married an orphan girl, the daughter of a sea captain, and they lived happily together. Two children were born to them, James and Caroline. No children ever had more loving parents, no parents ever had more loving and lovely children, and for years there was no foreboding of any calamity or affliction that could or would befall them.

But now, as next Saturday, the 28th, is Orphans' day, my ruminations that began with Robert Emmet have, without design, brought my thoughts along down to this Maguire, who was one of his friends and compatriots. I wish to tell the young people a little story about what happened to James and Caroline. It may read like a romance, but it is all fact. The story will fit the day that is to come, the 28th, and will fit the orphans at the home, near Decatur, and those at Clinton, in South Carolina, and those anywhere and everywhere, for it is a fact that 10 per cent of all the children under 12 years of age are either fatherless or motherless. Orphans are the wards of the nation, and are as much entitled to our care and maintenance as are the blind and the deaf. Charity to helpless, friendless children is one thing we can all agree upon. We may differ in politics or religion, but charity is a universal sentiment. The man who loves his fellow men and sympathizes with them in their distress is forgiven for his faults, for charity hideth a multitude of sins. A man may gamble or cheat or drink or lie, but if he is good to the poor and friendless it balances the scales. It is a Dutch story that Jacob Snyder kept a mill. When he died and knocked at St. Peter's gate for admission, the good saint said, "Jacob, you did keep a mill down in the lower world, and you did sometimes take too much toll—thee cannot come in." "Ah! goot saint, dot is true," said Jacob, "sometimes ven de vater vas low and de stones vas dull, I did take a little too much toll, but I always gave it to de poor." The good saint pondered and ruminated long, but finally said, "Jacob, Jacob, I will let you in, but it do strain the gate."

In the summer of 1815 the yellow fever, that awful scourge, visited Charleston, and in a week's time had swept the people away by thousands. It was several days before the panic became universal, and then all who could go fled in terror; but in hundreds of families one or more were taken and could not leave. Maguire and his wife were taken the same day. They lived twenty-four hours and were buried by night in the same grave. The little boy of 9 years was hurried away by a kind-hearted man, and the little girl of 7 by another. Just then the order came from the board of physicians to remove all the children immediately, and James was hurried on a schooner bound for Boston, and Caroline on another bound for Savannah. They did not meet nor kiss a sad farewell, nor knew of each others' fate nor where they were going. What grief was theirs! What briny tears! Bereft! Bereft! that is the word, for it means snatched away. Yes, I knew something about these orphans, for this same Caroline was my mother, and many times here I sat at her knee and listened and wept over the sad story of her orphanage. How in a day she lost her parents and her brother, and was left alone without a relative this side of the sea.

She was placed in the orphan asylum in Savannah and was cared for by good people until she was 10 years old, when one day a good lady came in a fine carriage to choose and adopt a child. The orphans were all clad in their best garments and gathered in the great, big company room and after they were seated the grand lady went round and round talking kindly to one and another and after long inspection stopped at Caroline and said, "I will take this one." The poor girl was alarmed and cried with grief at being separated from those she had learned to love. The great lady was the mother of Rev. Dr. Goulding and the grandmother of Frank Goulding, who wrote the pretty story of "Young Marooners." In the meantime Caroline's brother had been placed in an orphans' asylum in Boston, and after two years he was taken home by a wealthy gentleman of Randolph, who had an only daughter and no son. This daughter James married when he was 21 and they received the old man's blessing and a good estate. In vain, and in vain, had James visited Charleston to find some clew to his lost sister and sadly he returned and mourned her as dead.

Caroline was sent to school at old Midway, in Liberty county, where she made good progress in her studies. Her teacher took great interest in her and kindly visited Charleston and advertised in the city papers for her brother, but learned nothing. When Caroline was 15 her teacher became so deeply grieved over her sad and lonely fate that he married her and here I am. Again he advertised in several papers, and at last in a Boston paper, and said in good, large type, "If James Maguire, whose parents died of yellow fever in Charleston, S. C., in 1815, is living he can find his sister, Caroline, by addressing the undersigned." He saw that. A friend handed it to him in church one Sunday and there was a scene. He came to Georgia by the first vessel that was bound for Savannah. From there he came to Lawrenceville, where my father was then living. I was then but 7 years old, but I remember the meeting and no pen can describe it. The young people must imagine the rest. When last in Savannah I visited the very ground and reverently looked upon the place that gave my mother a welcome and a home. If I am anything that is worthy, I owe it chiefly to my mother and she owed all that she was to an orphanage. Friends, do not forget the day nor the deed that should be done. It will pay in the long run. Maybe it will open St. Peter's gate to some who have taken a leetle too much toll. Forty times are the fatherless mentioned in the Bible. The word motherless is not there, but the word fatherless includes all orphans in the translation. Let us not forget the day nor the deed. A dime or a dollar or more given will be like lending it to the Lord. Send to Rev. H. S. Crumley, No. 200 Oak street, Atlanta, Ga. I know him well and love him. His life work is for the orphans.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

"Let the protest be entered now, and all along the line," says the Washington Star, "against the incorporation into our everyday language of the unsightly and discordant French word chauffeur to describe or identify the driver or conductor of an automobile. Its proper meaning is the equivalent of 'fireman' or 'stoker,' in English, and is therefore not at all applicable to the use to which it is put in connection with the new vehicle. Either 'driver' or 'conductor' is a shorter, simpler and better descriptive term. But, whether it be so or not, down with 'chauffeur' and all who persist in using it!"

Lionel Decle, who has lately returned to England after a thorough study of Central Africa, predicts that within a few years the former dark continent will become an important factor in the economic affairs of the world. There are great natural resources and abundant cheap labor, and the railroad and telegraph are rapidly opening them to industrial and commercial exploitation. It is indeed evident that there must be business in sight to justify such extensive railroad building. Transportation confined to elephants' tusks and lion skins will never pay dividends.

Within a recent week a bank embezzler from Duisburg, Germany, was caught in Chicago, and a murderer from Wyoming was run down in Kimberley, South Africa. What with land telegraphs, ocean cables and extradition treaties, the modern criminal is at a great disadvantage in playing hide-and-seek with the modern sleuth.

Buenos Ayres, South America, is to have an underground electric railway. This is a rather unlooked-for evidence of progress, especially when so few American cities can boast of similar up-to-date service.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

SCIENCE NOTES EAOI

Among the marine articulates life is often prolonged for years. Some of the larger crabs and few species may live on to nearly two decades before attaining their fullest growth.

M. Bourget has detected the presence of iodine, not only in the thyroid glands, but also in the blood and in nearly all the organs of the human body. Plants absorb iodine from the soil, to which it is brought by the underground waters; herbivorous animals take the iodine in with their food, and man, in his turn, takes it in with the flesh of animals. It is eliminated from the human body through the sweat, in the cuttings of hair and nails and with excreted blood, etc.

Mr. Arctowski, the geologist of the Antarctic expedition in the steamer Belgica, calls attention to the difference in the distribution of ice around the two poles of the earth. The floating ice of the north, he says, comes from true glaciers which are pushed down through the valleys until they reach the water, but the glacial caps themselves do not meet the sea. At the south, on the contrary, perpetual snow is encountered at the 65th degree of latitude, and it is probable that the floating ice of the Antarctic originates from a layer covering the whole polar crown.

Country folk are firmly of the opinion that the tumble bug is an excellent barometer and that it takes flight only when a season of fair weather is coming. M. Fabre, a French naturalist, has investigated the question thoroughly and has come to the conclusion that this insect is, in fact, more sensitive than the best barometers, and that it can veritably be used to predict fine weather. It is to changes of electric tension that the insect is sensitive. Whether the American variety is likely to be useful in weather prediction is respectfully referred to our weather bureau for investigation.

During an explosion in the crater of Mt. Vesuvius on May 9, 1900, one of the volcanic bombs hurled skyward and the largest one observed attained an elevation of a third of a mile, and then fell back upon the mountain. As it now lies, its height exceeds that of a man standing beside it, and its estimated weight is 30 tons. Mr. Manteucci, the geologist, says that the energy of the explosion of steam that threw this huge projectile must have equalel about 600,000 horse power. When the masses of partially fluid lava from which such bombs are formed rise in the air they rotate, and are thus caused to assume a more or less globular shape.

In his recent lecture before the Royal society on "The Nadir of Temperature" Professor James Dewar states that the boiling point of helium—the point at which it would change from a gas to a liquid—appears to be about five degrees on the absolute scale. This is 15 degrees below the boiling point of hydrogen. Hydrogen solidifies at about 16 degrees absolute. Professor Dewar has hopes of being able to liquify helium, although this has not as yet certainly been done. The operation depends on subjecting helium to the same process that has succeeded with hydrogen, only instead of using liquid air under exhaustion as the primary cooling agent, liquid hydrogen must be employed.

The Farmer's Boy and Success.

A banker, a lawyer and a preacher sat in a parlor car on the Hudson River railroad enjoying the beauty of a central New York landscape after a June rain. "On that farm," said the banker, pointing out of the car window, "14 years ago Dr. James F. McKernon, then a farmer's boy, tended a sick sheep. He was skillful, gentle and patient; the suffering animal got well. There were vague dreams of another life, of study and struggle, on his mind, and the young man borrowed some money the following autumn and came to New York. Eleven years ago he was graduated at the Columbia Medical college—after three years of work and recitation from 7 a. m. until 11 p. m., study until 1 a. m., and as scant time for eating as for sleeping. In six weeks after graduation he was supporting himself, examining applicants for insurance in an industrial company. In five years he was able to study a specialty in the treatment of the throat and ear. He is making $25,000 a year now, and works just as hard as he ever did. He is one instance of the farmer's boy who comes to the city and conquers fame and fortune, but there are not so many now as there used to be."

And there seems to be considerable food for reflection in this last statement. Perhaps one hears less of these ambitious country lads than in the old days.—Harper's Weekly.

A Self-Dumping Bucket.

A self-dumping hoisting bucket, for handling coal, ore, gravel and the like, has been perfected which has the ball ends pivoted to its lower half, and the pivots work in slots instead of in round holes. The loaded bucket is kept from tipping by a catch on the ball, which hooks into the top of the vessel. When the bucket strikes the dump pile the slotted ball drops straight down by gravity, releases the catch, and the bucket, being thus unbalanced, turns over.

The man who is his own best friend may also be his own worst enemy.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Power of Kindness — A Spirit of Amity and Good Feeling to to Be Commended — Victory Through Good Will—Most Potent of Words.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage commends the spirit of amity and good feeling and mentions illustrious examples of that spirit; text, Acts xxviii. 2, "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Here we are on the Island of Malta, another name for Melita. This island, which has always been an important commercial centre, belonging at different times to Phoenicia, to Greece, to Rome, to Arabia, to Spain, to France, now belongs to England. The area of the island is about 100 square miles. It is in the Mediterranean Sea, and of such clarity of atmosphere that Mount Etna, 130 miles away, can be distinctly seen. The island is gloriously memorable because the Knights of Malta for a long while ruled there, but most famous because of the apostolic shipwreck. The bestormed vessel on which Paul sailed had "laid to" on the starboard tack, and the wind was blowing east-northeast, and, the vessel drifting probably a mile and a half an hour, she struck at what is now called St. Paul's Bay. Practical sailors have taken up the Bible account and decided beyond controversy the place of the shipwreck. But the island, which has so rough a coast, is for the most part a garden. Richest fruits and a profusion of honey characterized it in Paul's time as well as now. The finest oranges, figs and olives grow there.

When Paul and his comrades crawled up on the beach, saturated and hungry from long abstinence from food and chilled to the bone, the islanders, though called barbarians because they could not speak Greek, opened their doors to the shipwrecked unfortunates. My text finds the ship's crew ashore on Malta and around a hot fire and with the best provision the islanders can offer them. And they go into government quarters for three days to recuperate, Publius, the ruler, inviting them, although he had severe sickness in the house at that time, his father down with a dangerous illness. Yea, for three months they stayed on the island watching for a ship and putting the hospitality of the islanders to a severe test. But it endured the test satisfactorily, and it is recorded for all the ages of time and eternity to read and hear in regard to the inhabitants of Malta, "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Kindness! What a great word that is! It would take a reed as long as that which the apocalyptic angel used to measure heaven to tell the length, the breadth, the height of that munificent word. It is a favorite Bible word, and it is early launched in the book of Genesis, caught up in the book of Joshua, embraced in the book of Ruth, sworn by in the book of Samuel, crowned in the book of Psalms and enthroned in many places in the New Testament. Kindness! A word no more gentle than mighty. I expect it will wrestle me down before I get through with it. It is strong enough to throw an archangel. But it will be well for us to stand around it and warm ourselves by its glow as Paul and his fellow voyagers stood around the fire on the Island of Malta, where the Maltese made themselves immortal in my text by the way they treated these victims of the sea. "The barbarous people showed us no little kindness."

Kindness! All definitions of that multipotent word break down half way. You say it is clemency, benignity, generosity; it is made up of good wishes; it is a contribution to the happiness of others. Some one else says: "Why, I can give you a definition of kindness. It is sunshine of the soul; it is affection perennial; it is a climacteric grace; it is a combination of all the graces; it is compassion; it is the perfection of gentle manliness and womanliness." Are you all through? You have made a dead failure in your definition. It cannot be defined. But we all know what it is, for we have all felt its power. Some of you may have felt it as Paul felt it on some coast of rock as the ship went to pieces, but more of us have again and again in some awful stress of life had either from earth or heaven hands stretched out which "showed us no little kindness."

There is kindness of disposition, kindness of word, kindness of act, and there is Jesus Christ, the impersonation of all of them. Kindness! You cannot affect it; you cannot play it as a part; you cannot enact it; you cannot dramatize it. By the grace of God you must have it inside you, an everlasting summer, or, rather, a combination of June and October, the geniality of the one and the tonic of the other. It cannot dwell with arrogance or spite or revenge or malevolence. At its first appearance in the soul all these Amalekites and Gergishites and Hittites and Jebusites must quit and quit forever. Kindness wishes everybody well, every child well, every bird well, every horse well, every dog well, every cat well.

Give this spirit full swing, and you would have no more need of societies for prevention of cruelty to animals, no more need of protective sewing women's associations, and it would dull every sword until it would not cut skin deep and unwheel every battery till it could not roll and make gunpowder of no more use in the world except for rock blasting or pyrotechnic celebration.

But are you waiting and hoping for some one to be bankrupted or exposed or discomfited or in some way overthrown? Then kindness has not taken possession of your nature. You are wrecked on a Malta where there are no oranges. You are entertaining a guest so unlike kindness that kindness will not come and dwell under the same roof. The most exhausting and unhealthy and ruinous spirit on earth is a revengeful spirit or retaliating spirit, as I know by experience, for I have tried it for five or ten minutes at a time. When some mean thing has been done me or said about me, I have felt "I will pay him in his own coin. I will show him up. The ingrate, the traitor, the liar, the villain!" But five or ten minutes of the feeling has been so unnerving and exhausting I have abandoned it, and I cannot understand how people can go about torturing themselves five or ten or twenty years, trying to get even with somebody. The only way you will ever triumph over your enemies is by forgiving them and wishing them all good and no evil.

As malevolence is the most uneasy and profitless and dangerous feeling, kindness is the most healthful and delightful. And this is not an abstraction. As I have tried a little of the retaliatory feeling, so I have tried a little of the forgiving. I do not want to leave this world until I have taken vengeance upon every man that ever did me a wrong by doing him a kindness.

Let us all pray for this spirit of kindness. It will settle a thousand questions. It will change the phase of everything. It will mellow through and through our entire nature. It will transform a lifetime. It is not a feeling got up for occasions, but perennial. That is the reason I like petunias better than morning glories. They look very much alike, and if I should put in your hand a petunia and a morning glory you could hardly tell which was the petunia and which the morning glory, but the morning glory blooms only a few hours and then shuts up for the day, while the petunia is in as widespread a glow at 12 o'clock at noon and 6 o'clock in the evening as at sunrise. And this grace of kindness is not spasmodic, it is not intermittent, it is not for a little while, but it irradiates the whole nature all through and clear on till the sunset of our earthly existence.

Kindness! I am resolved to get it. Are you resolved to get it? It does not come by haphazard, but through culture under divine help. Thistles grow without culture, Rocky Mountain sage grass grows without culture. Mullein stalks grow without culture. But that great red rose in the conservatory, its leaves packed on leaves, even dyed as though it had been obliged to fight for its beauty and it were still reeking with the carnage of the battle, that rose needed to be cultured, and through long years its floral ancestors were cultured. O God, implant kindness in all our souls, and then give us grace to watch it, to enrich it, to develop it!

The King of Prussia had presented to him by the Empress of Russia the root of a rare flower, and it was put in the royal gardens on an island, and the head gardener, Herr Fintleman, was told to watch it. And one day it put forth its glory. Three days of every week the people were admitted to these gardens, and a young man, probably not realizing what a wrong thing he was doing, pinched this flower and put it in his buttonhole, and the gardener arrested him as he was crossing at the ferry and asked the king to throw open no more his gardens to the public. The king replied: "Shall I deny to the thousands of good people of my country the privilege of seeing this garden because one visitor has done wrong? No, let them come and see the beautiful grounds." And when the gardener wished to give the king the name of the offender who had taken the royal flower he said: "No, my memory is very tenacious, and I do not want to have in my mind the name of the offender, lest it should hinder me granting him a favor some other time." Now, I want you to know that kindness is a royal flower, and, blessed be God, the King of Mercy and Grace, that by a divine gift and not by purloining we may pluck this royal flower and not wear it on the outside of our nature, but wear it in our soul and wear it forever, its radiance and aroma not more wonderful for time than wonderful for eternity.

On your way to noon luncheon you meet an optimistic merchant, and you say, "What do you think of the commercial prospects?" and he says: "Glorious! Crops not so good as usual, but foreign demand will make big prices. We are going to have such an autumn and winter prosperity as we have never seen."

On your way back to your store you meet a pessimistic merchant. "What do you think of the commercial prospects?" you ask. And he answers: "Well, I don't know. Wheat and corn crop blasted in Kansas and Missouri, and the grain gamblers will get their fist in, and the hay crop is short in some places and in the southern part of Wisconsin they had a hailstorm, and our business is as dull as it ever was."

You will find the same difference in judgment of character. A man of good reputation is assailed and charged with some evil deed. At the first story the pessimist will believe in guilt. "The papers said so, and that's enough. Down with him!" The optimist will say: "I don't believe a word of it. I don't think that a man that has been as useful and seemingly honest for twenty years could have got off track like that. There are two sides to this story, and I will wait to hear the other side before I condemn him."

My hearer, if you are by nature a pessimist, make a special effort by the grace of God to extirpate the dolorous and the hypercritical from your disposition. Believe nothing against anybody until the wrong is established.

When you can speak a good word for some one, speak it. If you can conscientiously give letter of recommendation, give it. Watch for opportunities for doing good fifty years after you are dead. All my life has been affected by the letter of introduction that the Rev. Dr. Van Vranken, of New Brunswick Theological Seminary, wrote for me, a boy under him, when I was seeking a settlement in which to preach the gospel. That letter gave me my first pulpit. Dr. Van Vranken has been dead more than thirty years, yet I feel the touch of that magnificent old professor. Strange sensation was it when I received a kind message from Rev. Thomas Guard, of Baltimore, the great Methodist orator, six weeks after his death. By way of the eternal world? Oh, no; by way of this world. I did not meet the friend to whom he gave the message until nearly two months after Thomas Guard had ascended.

So you can start a word about some one that will be on its travels and vigorous long after the funeral psalm has been sung at your obsequies. Kindness! Why, if fifty men all aglow with it should walk through the lost world methinks they would almost abolish perdition!

Furthermore, there is kindness of action. That is what Joseph showed to his outrageous brothers. That is what David showed to Mephibosheth for his father Jonathan's sake. That is what Onesiphorus showed to Paul in the Roman penitentiary. That is what William Cowper recognized when he said he would not trust a man who would with his foot needlessly crush a worm. That is what our assassinated President Lincoln demonstrated when his private secretary found him in the capitol grounds trying to get a bird back to the nest from which it had fallen and which quality the illustrious man exhibited some years before when, having with some lawyers, in the carriage on the way to court passed on the road a swine fast in the mire, and after a while cried to his horses, "Ho!" and said to the gentlemen, "I must go back and help that hog out of the mire." And he did go back and put on solid ground that most uninteresting quadruped.

Suppose all this assemblage and all to whom these words shall come by printers' ink should resolve to make kindness an overarching, undergirding and all pervading principle of their life and then carry out the resolution, why, in six months the whole earth would feel it. People would say: "What is the matter? It seems to me that the world is getting to be a better place to live in. Why, life, after all, is worth living. Why, there is Shylock, my neighbor, has withdrawn his lawsuit of foreclosure against that man, and because he has so much sickness in his family he is going to have the house for one year rent free. There is an old lawyer in that young lawyer's office, and do you know what he has gone in there for? Why, he is helping to fix up a case which is too big for the young man to handle, and the white haired attorney is hunting up previous decisions and making out a brief for the boy. Do you know that a strange thing has taken place in the pulpit, and all the old ministers are helping the young ministers, and all the old doctors are helping the young doctors, and the farmers are assisting each other in gathering the harvest, and for that farmer who is sick the neighbors have made a bee, as they call it, and they have all turned in to help him get his crops into the garner?

And I heard this morning of a poor old man whose three children were in hot debate as to who should take care of him in his declining days. The oldest son declared it was his right because he was the oldest, and the youngest son said it was his right because he was the youngest, and Mary said it was her right because she better understood her father's vertigo and rheumatism and poor spells and knew better how to nurse him, and the only way the difficulty could be settled was by the old man's promise that he would divide the year into three parts and spend a third of his time with each one of them. And neighboring stores in the same line of goods on the same block are acting kindly to each other. It seems to me that those words of Isaiah are being fulfilled when he says, "The carpenter encouraged the goldsmith, and he that smoothed with the hammer; him that smote the anvil, saying, it is ready for the soldering." What is the matter? It seems to me our old world is picking up. Why, the millennium must be coming in. Kindness has got the victory.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR OCTOBER 6.

Subject: Joseph Sold Into Egypt, Gen. xxxvii., 12-36—Golden Text, Ame 9—Memory Verses, 26-28—Comm tary on the Day's Lesson.

12. "In Shechem." Shechem was fifty miles north of Hebron. Jacob pastures there (33: 19) and had fig

13. "Send thee unto them." doubt had some anxiety about because he had removed from on account of the sins they had there, he therefore decides to send to learn of their welfare. He Joseph, and he had no thought brothers would wish to injure him.

14. "Go, I pray thee." Joseph to this remote and dangerous country proof that Jacob did not trust too much indulgence, and that he keep him home from any desire derness. Lions, bears, panthers wolves were common in Palestine days.

17. "Dothan." This was about or twenty miles north of Shechem.

18. "When they saw him." vious feelings rose up. gave them abundant time for tation and for conversation. less brooded over their relations cherished revenge, and encouraged other in their enmity. "Conspired" ningly plotted. "To slay him" would have been a premeditated had they fully carried out their

19. "This dreamer cometh." of dreams." R. V. margin. form of speech conveying great

20. "And we will slay." malice they proceeded to consider the life of their brother and trived a lie to impose upon father.

21. "And Reuben said." all the brothers had the greatest be jealous of Joseph, for, as he he was entitled to many of which were being conferred upon get Reuben proves to be his best

22. "Shed no blood." to shed his brother's blood, dare manfully to save him. design was to find some way to Joseph to his father.

23. "Out of his coat." was done that, if ever found be discerned as a person of and hence no inquiry would be cerning him. They also took to show to their father.

24. "Into a pit." One of the errors excavated out of the built of stones and plastered pose of holding rain water. bottle-shaped, so that it was possible to escape. There are of such cisterns in upper Galilee, prove how dependent the population upon rain water. "Was empty." safe from drowning, but was from starvation. What men they must have been!

25. "Sat down to eat." to a joyous feast, eating and very dainties he had brought them, they left him to die. It was at (Gen. 42: 21) that they "saw the of his soul," when he besought they would not hear. Reuben partaker of that meal, but was bly devising measures for the his brother. It is impossible envy at his dreams, his gaudy the partiality of their father confirmed them in such awful Their hatred of Joseph must produced by a dislike to his pety count of which they saw their be at ease until they had rid of his hated presence. This is the lution of the mystery, just as it ease of Cain. 1 John 3: 12. ites." Called also Midianites probably because the caravan both of these. The general Arabian merchants. "From country east of the Jordan. Gilead was famous in early times spices and aromatic gums. Jer. 11. "Balm." This was a very gum obtained from the balsam most peculiar to Palestine. Egypt would be a great market on account of their being used in the temples, and for embalming dead."

26. "Judah." The fourth son His name means "praise of the "What profit." What profit is sin at the best?

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A writer in the International Magazine amuses himself ing some of the things which sense recognizes as absurd. mathematics proves to be the "axioms" which mathematics disproves is the that "the whole is greater of its parts," whose falsity even to common sense open. For example, all include both odd and even there are as many even there are of all numbers, number can be doubled.

WASHINGTON HAPPENINGS.

PROMINENT MEN ON PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY STILL ON.

Cotton Statistics—Army Changes—From Venezuela—Russian Editorials—"General" Roosevelt—Sampson Not in It.

Dr. Parkhurst has reached New York from England, and, with his characteristic freedom of speech leaped at once into the public world. He took up the Gotham campaign, heaped abuse galore on Boss Croker, endorsed Seth Low and discussed President Roosevelt. "The assassination of President McKinley," he said, "aroused a great deal of sympathy in England. But the sympathy was in large part that which is bred from a sense of common danger. They knew that the bullet which killed McKinley was just as truly a blow at their own institutions as at the government of the United States. The people over there are asking, under their breath, 'Whose turn will it be next?' That is the feeling that is responsible for a great deal of the sympathetic attention that was focused on the deathbed of President McKinley." He says the first utterances of the new president restored great confidence abroad.

Secretary of the Treasury Lyman J. Gage said when asked of the future of the country under President Roosevelt: "All the indications are that the new president is receiving the confidence, hearty support and best wishes of all the people of this country, in all sections and without regard to party. The general public business is going on without interruption. The prospects, so far as they appear to us in Washington, are that there is to be no break in the general good industrial and financial condition which has marked the period of the last two or three years."

It is asserted in well informed circles at Caracas that President Castro will declare war on Colombia at the end of the month. The Venezuelan government is without financial resources and will shortly use the method of South American dictators—dip and proceed to raise funds by force. Lack of confidence in the government is manifested everywhere in Venezuela.

Secretary of War Root is much improved in health. Not long ago he underwent an operation for the removal of a carbuncle. He returned to New York last Friday in order to be with his son, Elihu Root, Jr., who is ill with typhoid fever. Mr. Root's son is said to have passed the danger list and is now expected to recover rapidly.

THE Novoe Vyremya, an influential St. Petersburg newspaper, regards President Roosevelt's announcement of his policy as more than a personal opinion. It hails him as a champion of peace, whose desire to remove all cause for existing misunderstandings will be responded to most sympathetically by Russia.

Maj. Charles A. Dempsey, commanding the Thirteenth Regiment of Infantry in the Philippines, is placed on the retired list of the army, after forty years' service. He is a native of Virginia, and was graduated from the West Point Military Academy in the class of '65.

The board of brevets is in session and will consider at this meeting only the cases of those who distinguished themselves in Cuba and the Philippines.

President Roosevelt is recommended for promotion to the rank of lieutenant general.

The census report on report on cotton says: although the cotton crop of 1900 east of the Mississippi, which was 5,044,451 bales, was generally regarded as short, that of 1900 was 4,761,195, a decrease of 313,256. This loss was more than offset by the yield of the cotton region west and northwest of the Mississippi, where the yield was 5,341,832 in 1900, an increase of 25.7 per cent. Following are the total crop of 1900 in commercial bales by states: Alabama, 1,061,678; Georgia, 828,820; Florida, 55,696; Louisiana, 1,270,597; Kentucky, 133; Texas, 714,073; Mississippi, 1,[illegible]; North Carolina, 529,241; South Carolina, 790,182; Tennessee, 227,612; Virginia, 8,836,506.

Gonzales Esteves, Venezuelan consul in New York, received a cable from Dr. J. Torres Cardenas, the secretary of the Venezuelan government, saying that recent reports regarding predatory proceedings carried by that government have no foundation in fact. The secretary says that peace and security reign throughout the province and that the government respects and guards foreign interests.

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12. "In Shechem." Shechem was about fifty miles north of Hebron. Jacob owned pastures there (33: 19) and had dug a well. 13. "Send thee unto them." Jacob's doubt had some anxiety about his sons because he had removed from Shechem on account of the sins they had committed there; he therefore decides to send Joseph to learn of their welfare. He could not see Joseph, and he had no thought that his brothers would wish to injure him. 14. "Go, I pray thee." Joseph's mission was a remote and dangerous country, proof that Jacob did not treat him with too much indulgence, and that he did not keep him home from any feelings of tenderness. Lions, bears, panthers and wolves were common in Palestine in those days. 17. "Dothan." This was about three or twenty miles north of Shechem. 18. "When they saw him." Their previous feelings rose up. Their occupation gave them abundant time for gloomy reflection and for conversation. They doubtless talked over their relations to Joseph, and revenge and encouraged one another in their enmity. "Conspired." Literally, "united together." "To slay him." This would have been a premeditated murder if they carried out their purpose. 19. "This dreamer cometh." "Master of dreams." R. V. margin. This was a sneering speech conveying great contempt. "And we will slay." From envy, they proceeded to conspire against the life of their brother, and then they proceed to impose upon their father. 21. "And Reuben—said." Reuben, the eldest brother, had the greatest reason of all to envy Joseph, for, as the first born, he was entitled to many of the favors which were being conferred upon Joseph. Reuben proves to be his best friend. "Let us not kill him." He did not wish to shed his brother's blood, neither did he intend fully to save him. Reuben's design was to find some way to restore Joseph to his father. 23. "Coat of his coat." This peculiar coat, it is to be noted, if ever found, he might be recognized as a person of distinction and hence no inquiry would be made concerning him. They also took the coat with them to their father. 24. "Into a pit." One of the many cisterns excavated out of the solid rock with stones and plastered, for the purpose of holding rain water. They were bottle shaped, so that it was almost impossible to escape. There are thousands of such cisterns in upper Galilee, to prove how dependent the population was upon rain water. "Was empty." Reuben was safe from drowning, but was left to perish from starvation. What terribly wicked men they must have been! 25. "Sat down to eat." They sat down to a joyous feast, eating and drinking the very dainties he had brought them, while they left him to die. It was at this time (Gen. 42: 21) that they "saw the anguish of his soul," when he besought them and they would not hear. Reuben was not a partaker of that meal, but was off quietly devising measures for the rescue of his brother. It is impossible that the envy at his dreams, his gaudy dress, the partiality of their father could have confirmed them in such awful wickedness. Their hatred of Joseph must have been produced by a dislike to his piety, on account of which they saw they could not be at ease until they had rid themselves of his hated presence. This is the true solution of the mystery, just as it was in the case of Cain. 1 John 3: 12. "Ishmaelites." Called also Midianites (vs. 28), probably because the caravan consisted of both of these. The general name for Arabian merchants. "From Gilead." The country east of the Jordan. "Spicery." Gilead was famous in early times for its spices and aromatic gums. Jer. 8: 22; 46: 11. "Balm." This was a very precious gum obtained from the balsam tree. It was most peculiar to Palestine. "To Egypt." Egypt would be a great market for it on account of their being used "for embalming in the temples, and for embalming the dead."

26. "Judah." The fourth son of Jacob. His name means "praise of the Lord." "What profit." What profit is there in sin at the best? 27. "Let us sell him." The avarice of these traveling merchants gave a favorable turn to the views of the conspirators, having no wish to commit a great crime, but a degree of crime than was necessary to the accomplishment of their end, they readily approved of Judah's suggestion to sell the life of their obnoxious brother as a slave. "Our brother and our flesh." Acting upon Judah's advice they had their brother in their power ready by the time the merchants reached them. "Twenty pieces of silver." The money was probably in rings or pieces, and silver is always mentioned in the records of that early age, before gold came into use, on account of the rarity of the latter. In those days money was weighed and not coined. Twenty pieces (shekels) of silver was the price of a slave under twenty years of age (Lev. 27: 5), and according to the Oxford Bible was equivalent to $11.28.

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ALABAMA BRIEFS.

TWO new 50-ton furnaces will be added to the Ensley steel plant.

HUNTSVILLE has a sensation in the way of a wholesale cotton stealing crime in which several well known citizens are implicated.

EX-GOVERNOR JOS. F. JOHNSTON has gone to California as a delegate to the general convention of the Episcopal church.

THE Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company issued a notice that it will not cash its pay checks to any one but those to whom issued.

COMMISSIONER of Agriculture Poole is home from Buffalo where he has been in charge of the Alabama exhibit at the Pan-American exposition.

IT is now a settled fact that the Central Iron & Coal Company will erect a furnace in Tuscaloosa, and a soil pipe plant may also be added.

OWING to the holding up of the appointment of T. B. Morton as revenue collector at Birmingham it is said that Julian H. Bingham may hold over.

THE case of Pate vs. Block, a contest over the office of sheriff for Geneva county, has again been tried and Pate won. It goes to the Supreme Court for the second time.

ARRANGEMENTS for a system of water works and electric lights are being discussed in Jasper. A proposition has been made to the citizens of that town to construct the water works and power plant if the city will grant a franchise.

THEIR SECOND WRECK.

Christie, Lowe & Heyworth are government contractors building Lock 6 on the Warrior river, near Tuscaloosa. In April one of their boats, the Daisy, went over the falls and was wrecked. Two lives were lost. In June they bought the Donga in Florida and brought it to Tuscaloosa, and Sunday she struck a snag and sank immediately. All on board swam to shore. It is not known whether the Donga can be raised or not, but at any rate the loss will be considerable.

CUNNINGHAM.

A number of leading politicians in Madison county are launching a campaign in favor of Dr. R. M. Cunningham for governor of Alabama. Dr. Cunningham is ex-president of the senate and one of the most stalwart leaders of democracy in the state. Should Dr. Cunningham consent to aspire to the gubernatorial chair he will prove a strong candidate.

THE steamers Lucania and Campania have communicated by wireless telegraphy over distances varying from 33 to 65 miles.

A SPARK from a locomotive started a fire in the property of the Plymouth Cordage Company at North Plymouth, Mass., Friday afternoon, which caused a loss of $100,000. Most of the loss was on 4,000 bales of Manila hemp.

The Schley inquiry is still at work. The sudden death of Jere Wilson, chief counsel for Schley, is much to be deplored but an able successor is found in Mr. Raynor. The examination of witnesses has brought out some conflicting testimony. Admiral Sampson applied to the court to be allowed representation by attorney but the court ruled Sampson to be no party to the inquiry and disallowed the presence of his attorney.

Protection of property and life from lightning flashes has been a subject that has entrained the attention of natural philosophers since Franklin sent up his historic kite. The net result of more than a century of attempt to secure protection has been the lightning rod, in its more or less inefficient forms, and the discovery that buildings of modern construction having metallic roofs, and often metallic frames as well, are practically immune from attack by lightning. The total number of deaths due to lightning in any given summer is comparatively very small—in the ratio of about one to each 200,000 population in the United States.

Bacilli, dirigible balloons, mosquitoes and submarine boats appear to have crowded out articles of the wonders of liquid air.

The news that the Maine sardine crop is not a failure helps to ease the effect of distressful intelligence from elsewhere.

JOKERS BUDGET

REST.

We laid our little one away—
So young, so frail, so fair—
And with hands fondly clasped we stood
Awhile above her, there.

We laid our little one to rest,
And sighed and turned, and then,
Three minutes later she awoke
And howled away again.
—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

NOT TO BE BALKED.

The Lawyer—The precedents are against you, Madam.

The Lady—Well, sue them, too, then.
—*Indianapolis News.*

BEYOND RECALL.

"We never remember the faces of those we love most dearly."

"That's so. To save me I can't tell what a hundred-dollar bill looks like."
—*Detroit Free Press.*

HIS ENJOYMENT LIMITED.

Mrs. Twaddle—Why, Dr. Jalap, it's ages since I saw you! How have you been? Do you enjoy good health?

Dr. Jalap—Not in others, Mrs. Twaddle—not in others.—*Boston Transcript.*

STRUCK HIM SO, TOO.

Mrs. Wederly (looking at hat in milliner's window)—Oh, what a dear little hat!

Wederly (looking at the price tag)—Well, I should say it is.—*Chicago News.*

OBJECTED TO.

"How did Stringer get out of serving on the jury?"

"When the lawyer asked him if he had formed an opinion on the case he said no, but he expected to."—*Indianapolis News.*

A HEATED DISCUSSION.

"At this point," said the narrator, "she broke down and wept scalding tears."

"My goodness!" exclaimed the listener, "she must have been boiling over with rage."—*Chicago News.*

BETTER REASONS.

She—Love is like a potato.

He—Because why?

She—Because it shoots from the eye.

He—Oh, I thought perhaps it was because paring makes it less.—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

HOARDING HIS FUNDS.

Old Gentleman—My friend, what do you do with your wages every week—put part of them in the savings bank?

'Bus Driver—No, sir; after paying the grocer, butcher and the rent, I pack what's left away in barrels; I don't believe in savings banks.—*Tit-Bits.*

HIS LEISURE SEASON.

"Yes," said the loud guest at the seaside hotel; "I move in the best society in our town."

"Ah!" remarked the quiet man; "I suppose you are able to take your vacation now because the moving business is slack at present."—*Philadelphia Record.*

JUST LIKE HIS FATHER.

Mrs. Howells—Your baby resembles his father very much, don't you think?

Mrs. Growells—Yes, in both looks and actions. Why, he even makes a specialty of crying for the moon in the daytime instead of at night, just for the sake of being contrary.—*Chicago News.*

NON-COMMITTAL ABOUT HIS HEALTH.

Robert—Oh, I suppose Tom is all right, but he is so close-mouthed. For instance, when I saw him to-day I asked him, "How are you?" and he gave me an evasive answer.

Richard—And what was that?

Robert—He said, "How are you?"—*Boston Transcript.*

MAN'S SECRET POWER.

"In all my life," she said with a sigh, "I have seen only one man that I would care to marry."

"Did he look like me?" he carelessly asked.

Then she flung herself into his arms and wanted to know what secret power men possess that enables them to tell when they are loved.—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

A THEORY THAT FAILED.

Relying upon the old saying that the shortest way to a man's heart was through his stomach, the fond wife, who wanted a new Worth gown, regaled her husband with costly viands for a month.

Then she made her request.

But the heartless wretch replied:

"Can't stand it now. The grocery bill and meat bill was too heavy this month."
—*Baltimore American.*

STUCK.

Penner—Say, give me a synonym for "psychic," will you?

Wright—Well, there's "psychological."

Penner—All right. How do you spell it?

Wright—Why—er—oh. I give it up. Why not use "phychic?"

Penner—I would, but I don't know how to spell that.—*Philadelphia Press.*

An International Postage Stamp.

I have reason to believe, says a writer in *The Sketch*, that there are negotiations on between French and English postal authorities with a view to issuing an international postage stamp. Such a stamp is absolutely a necessity. An international postage stamp must come.

The total number of fellows of the Royal Geographical Society is 3,997; the income of the society for last year was over $10,000.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

It may seem peculiar, but the average actor would rather have a long run than a short walk.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Level means flat, but there's a distinction between level-headed and flat-headed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Silk imports yielded in 1900 more than $15,000,000 of duties.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

If you can reach a man's heart through his stomach it is equally true that you can reach his pocketbook through flattery.

Each package of Putnam Fadeless Dye colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

The fellow who laughs and grows fat usually finds that the laugh is turned on him.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Sea Birds Disappear.

The investigation made by Prof. Beyer for the American Ornithological Association of the Louisiana gulf coast for the purpose of stationing wardens to protect the sea birds shows that nearly all the breeding places of the birds had been destroyed by killing the birds themselves and taking their eggs. Not a trace of birds was found on several islands, at one time the homes of millions of sea fowl.

Sozodont

Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont . . . 25c
Sozodont Tooth Powder 25c
Large Liquid and Powder 75c
25c.

HALL & RUCKEL, New York

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50
UNION MADE.
For More Than a Quarter of a Century

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5 and $6 shoes and are just as good.

Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cts. additional for carriage. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal $5 and $6 custom made shoes, in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown on model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. A fit guaranteed. Try a pair.

Fast Color Eyelets used. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000 Deposit Guarantee

Positions

200 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS, BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to Ga.-Ala. Business College, Macon, Ga.

Bryant & Stratton

Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

Am. N. U., No. 40. 1901.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

A Cough

"I have made a most thorough trial of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and am prepared to say that for all diseases of the lungs it never disappoints."
J. Early Finley, Ironton, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral won't cure rheumatism; we never said it would. It won't cure dyspepsia; we never claimed it. But it will cure coughs and colds of all kinds. We first said this sixty years ago; we've been saying it ever since.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate.

25c. All druggists

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

THE PEOPLE

Always render a true verdict. They have tried

LIVERINA

and pronounce it a Perfect Laxative and Liver Medicine. READER:—Have you tried it? Your money back if it fails to do the work.

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
Proprietors, Montgomery, Ala.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER
CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE
ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $25 to $50 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B.
THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous"
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE.

WINCHESTER

"LEADER" and "REPEATER"
SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

are used by the best shots in the country because they are so accurate, uniform and reliable. All the world's championships and records have been won and made by Winchester shells. Shoot them and you'll shoot well.

USED BY THE BEST SHOTS, SOLD EVERYWHERE

Millions

USE

MILLIONS of Women Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humour, Consisting of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; Cuticura Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most fearful form of skin, scalp, blood, humour, and nervous disease, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. Newbery & Sons, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Sq., London, E. C. Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Cuticura THE SET

There is no gathering the rose without being pricked by the thorns.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

Ladies!

Our Millinery Department is in charge of Mrs Annie Miller, of St. Louis, who comes to us with the latest styles in Hats.

The ladies of Clanton and vicinity are cordially invited to attend our opening on Tuesday, September 24, and inspect our line of Millinery, before buying.

Very respectfully,

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

THE BANNER

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

For $1.50 we will send you THE BANNER and either of the following papers for one year:

Atlanta Constitution	$1.50
New York World (3 papers every week)	$1.50
Cosmopolitan (America's Leading magazine)	$1.50
Montgomery Advertiser	$1.50
Nashville American	1.50
Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal	$1.50
Birmingham Age-Herald	$1.10
Home and Farm	$1.00
Southern Farmer	

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THE NULITE.

750 CANDLE POWER ARC ILLUMINATORS

TABLE LAMP.

Outdoor and Indoor.

Chicago Solar Light Co. 21 Fifth Ave. Chicago, Ill.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	35c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good shaving soap	10c
1 2½ by Mirror	10c
1 28 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT THE RAILROAD, CLANTON.
W. M. STACY, Proprietor.

ALL WOMEN

Wine of Cardui is the guardian of a woman's health and happiness from youth to old age. It helps her safely into womanhood. It sustains her during the trials of pregnancy, childbirth and motherhood, making labor easy and preventing dragging and miscarriage. It gently leads her through the dangerous period known as the change of life.

WINE OF CARDUI

cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and menstrual irregularity in every form. It is valuable in every trying period of a woman's life. It reinforces the nervous system, acts directly on the genital organs and is the finest tonic for women known. Ask your druggist for a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

Batesville, Ala., July 11, 1898. I am using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and I feel like a different woman already. Several ladies here keep the medicines in their homes all the time. I have three girls and they are using it with me.
Mrs. KATE BROWDER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. M. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST. NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Clanton daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or E. P. Ashton, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October, 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sunset Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop-Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sunset Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.75
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY, T. P. A. "Sunset Route," Montgomery, Ala.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1902.

Benton	Beat 3		November
Maplesville	" 7		"
Shoals	" 7		"
Dixie	" 8		"
Valley Creek	" 8		"
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	"
Macedonia	" 3		"
Green Cofer's Gin	" 2	until 12 m.	"
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Providence	" 2		"
Elijah Busby's	" 3	until 12 m.	"
Cofer's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Mineral Springs	" 1		"
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m.	"
Strasburg	" 9		"
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m.	"
Flint Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Providence	" 5		"
Burwell	" 5		"
Coopers	" 5		"
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	"
Clantonford	" 8		"
Pletcher	" 8		"
Kinchenor	" 6		"
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		"
James Maddox Gin	" 4		"
Jemison	" 2		Dec. 1
Thorsby	" 9		"
Mountain Creek	" 5		"
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	"
Clanton	" 4		"

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

GRANDMA WANTS TO KNOW

THE STATE ELECTION

WILL BE HELD NOV. 5, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

First Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in your order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND BEST GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

	NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1				
2				
3				

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Cash Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official vote is released and results are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no stamps. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. IX — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY OCTOBER 10, 1901 — NO. 51

MAN ON THE CORNER

Of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] what are you trying to [illegible] trying to get out of [illegible] This was a question and [illegible] between Sheriff Killgore [illegible] Monday [illegible] he heard a suspicious noise in [illegible] and went to see what was [illegible] He put the question, and the [illegible] very truthfully replied. [illegible] did not get out that time.

[illegible] electric light plant would [illegible] mighty good thing for Clanton [illegible] and were prominent citizens [illegible] making enquiries on the subject [illegible] it is to be hoped will [illegible] There are plenty of towns not so large as Clanton which are supplied with electric light and power, and there does not appear to be any good reason why a small plant here should not be made to pay. Our streets should be lighted, and those merchants of the stores and places would gladly avail themselves of the privilege.

[illegible] of the past appeared last week [illegible] show travel [illegible] country in wagons [illegible] here. It reminded [illegible] of old times. Now we are accustomed to the coming of a train, and it is one can be found on the [illegible] in the good old style. But it [illegible] same old clown and the old tricks gave a very creditable performance, and like the [illegible] few went on its ways.

[illegible] new depot is going up as if by magic. The frame work of offices and freight house is [illegible], and a fair idea can be had of the structure will look [illegible] Packard's warehouse has moved back, and a fine long [illegible] will be built away down [illegible]. Our new depot will be [illegible], and don't you forget it.

[illegible] has its charms, Summer [illegible], and Winter its splendors, but of the seasons Autumn is most beautiful. The many [illegible] of the falling leaves present [illegible] picture, and the [illegible] between the boughs [illegible] a variety of color indescribable. The harvest moon [illegible] as never at any other time, [illegible] the entire field a picture [illegible] country, and the [illegible] golden grain a scene for [illegible] delight in. 'Tis the fall [illegible] year but its beauty is grand.

[illegible] Savannah News thinks that [illegible] estimate of the crop from [illegible] indications would be any [illegible] from 10,000,000 to 10,500,000 bales. [illegible] those who have [illegible] making pretty [illegible] number of [illegible] opinion that the [illegible] about 10,000,000 bales [illegible] estimate is nearer the truth [illegible] advance [illegible] cotton, because the [illegible] more cotton this year [illegible] last year. While [illegible] the mills which are [illegible] the coarse cotton fabrics have been finding some difficulty [illegible] of their products, [illegible] which are manufacturing the [illegible] grades of goods appear to [illegible] no difficulty in selling all [illegible] promptly. Now that [illegible] trading again, and taking [illegible] great deal of our coarser [illegible] it ought not to be very long [illegible] the mills, particularly those [illegible] the South, will be active [illegible] of cotton. In that event [illegible] says that the price of [illegible] would doubtless advance [illegible] reach 10 cents a pound.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

CHURCH MEETINGS

The forty-seventh annual session of the Unity Baptist Association, convened Wednesday, and is in session to-day.

The twentieth annual session of the Weogufka Baptist Association convened yesterday (Wednesday) at Cane Creek church.

The seventy-fourth annual session of the Mulberry Missionary Baptist Association will be held next Wednesday and Thursday at Pleasant Grove church, four miles west of Jemison.

The Bibb County Baptist Association (colored) will meet to-day (Thursday) at Spring Hill Baptist church, Marion.

For inflamed eyes, sore throat, sore mouth, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Pleasant to taste and smell and will give quick relief.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas, it has pleased our Father in His wisdom to take from earth's garden our beloved friend and pupil, Miss Mollie Vines, and transplant her into His garden above, October 2, 1901. Therefore be it resolved,

First, That while we weep on the earthly side of the grave, we commit her without fear to Him who fulfilleth His promise, "where I am there ye shall be also."

Second, That our Sabbath-school has lost a faithful friend, and a devoted and obedient member and pupil, whose admirable qualities of character have endeared her memory to each of our hearts.

Third, That we feel deeply this bereavement, and extend to her grief-stricken family our tenderest sympathies, and commend them for comfort, to Him "who doeth all things well."

Fourth, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of our school, a copy be sent to the Alabama Baptist and Clanton Banner for publication, and also a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

By order of Sunday-school, October 6, 1901.

Committee—E. B. Deason, Judson Scott, Mrs. W. L. Forney, Miss Lelia Adams.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County. } In Probate Court.

Under and by virtue of the mandate of a certain commission issued out of the Probate Court of said County, directed to me, I will proceed to sell for partition, division and distribution among Florence G. Boyd, et al, parties in interest, the following described real estate situated in said county to-wit: sw ¼ of se ¼, w ½ of ne ¼, Section four and se ¼ of ne ¼ and se ¼ of sw 1-4, Section five, all in Township 21 Range 14. Said sale is to be for cash and is to be held on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1901, in front of the Court House door in Clanton, Alabama.

This, the 4th day of October, 1901.

E. B. DEASON, Commissioner.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by John J. Roberts and his wife, Sarah Roberts to J. S. Johnson, on the 30th day of March, 1880, to secure an indebtedness to said Johnson by said Roberts and wife, in the sum of $336, which said mortgage was recorded in Volume 5, on Page 401 of the Book of Mortgages in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, on the 23rd day of July, 1880; and which said mortgage and debt has been duly assigned to Roberta A. Mullins, the undersigned; default having been made in the payment of said debt I, said Roberta A. Mullins, will proceed to sell the lands conveyed by said mortgage, to wit:

The sw 1-4 of the sw 1-4, and the nw 1-4 of the sw 1-4 of Section 19, Township 20, of Range 13, situated in Chilton county, Alabama, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901, said sale to be made on said premises, and to satisfy said debt.

This 8th day of October, 1901.

ROBERTA A. MULLINS, Assignee,
by TIPTON MULLINS,
Attorney for Assignee.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Pursuant to the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor of Alabama I hereby give notice that an election will be held at the several polling places in Chilton county, Alabama on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901,

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters the question of ratifying or rejecting the Constitution for the State of Alabama prepared by the convention held in accordance with the act of the Legislature, approved December 11, 1900.

This 5th day of October, 1901.

MOSES KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to-wit:

Beat 1—W. H. Conway, Ira Campbell, Walter Gray, Inspectors. J. W. Middlebrooks, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 1—W. H. Shaw, John Lowery, Geo R. Moore, Inspectors. L. A. McGraw, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 2—Green Coter, Marion Honeycutt, J. H. Patton, Inspectors. A. D. Robinson, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 1—Clayton Edwards, W. A. Wood, Jasper Giles, Inspectors. Geo. W. Calloway, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 2—Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, J. C. Yeazey, Inspectors. Jeff Glasscock, Returning Officer.

Beat 4—N. J. Calloway, J. F. Goodgame, W. J. Armstrong, Inspectors. M. A. Killgore, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, J. H. Vinson, Jesse Cox, Inspectors. G. W. Wilson, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 2—E. J. Jones, Jim Grant, Will Wells, Inspectors. Noah Duffey, Returning Officer.

Beat 6—R. L. Williams, Sr., A. T. Hathcock, A. C. Popwell, Inspectors. B. F. Dobbs, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, J. J. Letcher, F. U. Crumpton, Inspectors. W. Y. Nix, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 2—Jasper Gentry, Frank Green, Noah Latham, Inspectors. Charley Walker, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 1—T. G. Milling, W. M. Price, W. C. Dyer, Inspectors. Frank Johnson, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 2—R. P. Kendrick, J. H. Adams, W. H. Mills, Inspectors. Oscar Harris, Returning Officer.

Beat 9—D. W. Heyenutty, Alfred Chittress, Tom Williams, Inspectors. D. H. Gentry, Returning Officer.

STATE OF ALABAMA. }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 8th day of October, 1901. M. A. KILLGORE Sheriff.

Southeast Chilton.

Mr. Willie Manning of Montgomery has returned home after a visit to his father.

D. E. Kendrick and several of the people here made a pleasant visit to Birmingham Sunday.

We are glad to say Rev. E. L. Manning is slowly improving, and hope he will soon be well and enjoying good health again.

Mrs. Pyron has gone to see her sick son at Troy; hope she will find him improving.

Stock law is now here, and what will the poor farmer do? We hope and trust that the people of Beat 5 will come together and say that we will not put up with it at all, for it was got unlawfully.

J. E. Goss and sister made a pleasant visit to Verbena Sunday.

P. H. Connell went to Mountain Creek Monday on business.

A FRIEND.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Burwell.

October has come, the calm blue sky, the Indian summer shining over the dewyrd foliage of the woodland, while the grass withereth and the flowers fade: it tells me that the word of the Lord, upon which the stability of the seasons and the continuance of human life depend, endureth and liveth forever.

Everything seems to be calm in our neighborhood; but little sickness a good deal of trading.

P. M. Jones has sold his plantation on the river and has purchased the Connell farm and commenced to make some improvements.

W. T. Mims has purchased machinery and is cleaning out a right-o'way and will erect a mill and ginnery right away.

Same rumor has it that there is to be another grist mill and gin, and a large mercantile establishment to go up in the near future—this is to be done by Pierce & Co. Clanton is on a boom and gee whiz! so is Burwell.

The majority of the people have decided to resist the stock law and let their stock run at large. The perpetrators say they are law-abiding men, but when you ask them how this law came about they don't know what to say. How this will terminate your deponent doesn't know. I reckon the good Lord does.

Subscribe for the Banner and get the news from Burwell.

BILLY THE KID.

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c. by all druggists.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
FIRST DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT, CLANTON.

DOWNS' FINE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

FREE TO THE BABIES.

The Eastern Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, will present to every baby, under one year of age, in this county, one solid silver baby spoon with the baby's given name engraved on same. You do not have to pay one cent nor buy anything to get this spoon. The Eastern Manufacturing Co. are large manufacturers and jobbers of jewelry and silverware, and have taken this method of advertising their goods. Instead of spending thousands of dollars for magazine advertising they have decided to give it away direct to consumers.

The undersigned firm has been made distributing agent for this locality. Bring your baby to their store and give its name and age and you will receive one of these beautiful silver spoons all engraved free of cost. This is not a cheap article, but solid silver of elegant design. Don't fail to look over the elegant line of The Eastern Manufacturing Co.'s goods on display at

D. I. DEASON, Verbena.

WANTED.

FOR SALE—80 acres of land, half mile south of Pletcher station. Low price. Easy terms. Call on I. E. SARBER, Thorsby, Ala.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application. J. M. JENKINS, Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1899. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSS, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

It is a well-known fact that every man should work to his own interest. Then why not the farmer get the benefit of his own labor? Why not the farmer get his prices as well as the merchant? Simply because he does not look around and see what the market price is. He does not know where to go. He does not know that R. L. MARCUS will give more for Produce of all kinds and sell goods for less money than anybody in the city. One call will convince you. Respectfully, R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 12, 1885

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT, St. Louis, Mo.,—I can truly say that your TEETHINA is the greatest blessing to teething children that the world has ever known. I have used it two years, and do not like to be without a box all the time. My baby would hardly have lived through his second summer if I had not used your powders. He is now strong and well, and has all his teeth. I never allow an opportunity to pass without recommending TEETHINA to mothers. May God reward you for the good you have done teething babies through this remedy. Respectfully,

Mrs. A. G. RUSSELL.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. ENGE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 401—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. M. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

GUARANTEED UNDER A
$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E W Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cabera
8. John R. Parnell
9. W. A. Mims

Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

Full particulars furnished by the County Agent,

ALEX GLASSCOCK, Jemison, Ala.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

GLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Justice might do better service in some parts of the United States if the bandage were removed from her eyes and a modern weapon substituted for the Roman sword.

London has had an automobile funeral. It is feared that the good old city let its desire to strike the modern pace run away with its sense of propriety.

The Chinese residents of the country are evidently taking to heart the old slogan "The Chinese must go," for they have "gone" to the number of 29,000 in the last 20 years, and we now have less than 90,000 of them. When the Chinaman makes his little fortune he goes back to China to live as a nabob among his people, and this accounts for the decrease.

There is this to be said for the Boers, that in the memory of man no lot of men have done as much as they to make war odious and unpopular. They have damaged war as an institution, hurt its prestige and tarnished its glory. They have wholly neglected its show features; it is not known that they have ever maintained a military band. They have driven the British to expedients that must be distressing to the British soul, and have even managed to throw belated dust on the fresh-won laurels of Lord Roberts by not staying thrashed after he had beaten them. No admirer of war can well help having hard feelings toward the Boers, and wishing heartily that they would abate their monumental obstinacy and listen to reason, remarks E. S. Martin, in Harper's Weekly.

Snobbery is "a worm i' the bud" in any character it once feeds upon; destroying first at the heart, then eating outward. If a man possesses a high idea of himself, and also a high idea of others, he is no snob. It is when he first realizes that inferiority of all about him that the worm begins to gnaw at his vitals. Snobs are made at home; nutured in an atmosphere of flattering self-congratulation, untempered by criticism. The highest love is carefully and kindly critical of its object. The mother who for one moment allows her children to enumerate the shortcomings of others in disparaging comparison to their own high abilities is making snobs; the country that encourages its citizens to value the people of all other countries in an inverse ratio to their own remarkable achievements is manufacturing a nation of snobs, reflects a writer in the National Magazine.

In Michigan a compulsory vaccination rule has come in conflict with the compulsory school-attendance law, and has had the worst of the encounter. The supreme court of the state was arbiter in the contest, the case passed upon being the right of the Kalamazoo school board to exclude from the schools unvaccinated children. This it may not unquallfiedly do, the supreme court ruled. The legislature, the court says, has provided who shall and who shall not attend school, and it has nowhere undertaken to confer power on school boards to change the conditions. If the rule was that during the prevalence of smallpox in Kalamazoo the pupil could not attend school unless vaccinated, a dierent result would be reached, but as these epidemics never last very long the standing rule of the board that no person unless vaccinated can attend school at any time is beyond the power of the board to prescribe.

According to the Baltimore Sun a man need not be a scholar to be an inventor. One of the most successful aeronauts of old times who had made a study of aerial currents and the management of balloons, once delivered an address in which he referred to the "anaconda" as "the largest bird that ever flew," and he also remarked that "the mental faculties of a man's mind is so constructed as to bring things down to a pin's pint." He also referred to the currents of air as stretchums, meaning strata, and yet he was one of the foremost balloonists of his time. He was an inventor also of many useful things, and was the first man in the country to suggest an ironclad man of war with slanting sides. He built a miniature vessel on this plan of sheet iron, placed it in the water and fired musket balls at it at short range. Every ball glanced off. The Merrimac was built on a similar plan, and from that humble beginning the evolution or revolution in naval architecture took its start.

SPRINGVILLE SCORCHED.

A PROMINENT FLORENCE MERCHANT SHOOTS HIMSELF.

THE STATE PENSION ROLL FOR 1902.

An Angry Parent—Miners' Pay—Electrician Meets Death—Industrial Notes — College Opens —No Rifles — Short Items.

FIRE AT SPRINGVILLE.

Springville experienced Saturday night one of the most disastrous fires of its history. It originated in the the second story of the Young Hotel. The whole building was aflame before the fire was discovered and it was quickly consumed. The dry goods store of G. M. Truss & Co. caught and the fire spread to the office of A. W. Woodall. In a few minutes two more houses were entirely destroyed. By heroic efforts the fire was checked at the store of J. F. Galbreath. Mr. Young carried no insurance and suffered a total loss. G. M. Truss & Co. and T. E. Moody were fully covered by insurance, it having gone into effect at 12 o'clock of the same day. The building occupied by A. W. Woodall was fully insured. The burned district will be rebuilt at once.

FLORENCE MAN SUICIDES.

Mark Reisman, one of the leading merchants of Florence, shot himself in the head Saturday morning and died in a few minutes. He told his son that he was going upstairs to clean his pistol and while waiting for him to come down to breakfast the report of the pistol was heard and Reisman was found lying on the floor with a bullet through his brain. He had announced his intention to close out his busines the first of the year and was selling out his stock. He had told his friends that while he was going out of the dry goods busines yet he expected to remain in Florence.

MARION SCHOOL OPENS.

The fifteenth session of the Military Institute is under way with increased attendance. Everett B. Horn, a native of Boston, a graduate of the Boston latin school and a bachelor of arts of Harvard University, is the new professor of English and history. C. P. Kelly, of Georgiana, has been appointed adjutant of the corps of cadets. The special function of the institute is the preparation of students for the large universities.

FATHER OBJECTED.

Prof. Arnold, of the Opelika schools, punished a boy last Monday and in a manner Mr. Powell, the boy's father, claims was too severe. He was very indignant and sought out the professor at the school building, striking him several times in the face. Powell was tried in the city court for assault and battery, pleaded guilty and was fined $1 and cost by the mayor. Professor Arnold then swore out a warrant for him in the county court for the same offense, and Mr. Powell waived a trial and appealed to the grand jury which will convene on the 14th inst. The board of education has passed resolutions upholding the teacher.

THE first annual Elk Carnival at Huntsville, came to an end Saturday. It was a success in every way, and the local Elks made money at the same time, bringing thousands of dollars in trade to the city. One of the features of the midway the last night was a wedding in a cage of lions.

NO CHANGE.

The committee of miners of the Sloss-Sheffield Company have examined the books of the company for the purpose of gaining information concerning sale prices to determine the mining wages for October and has announced that there will be no change in the price. The advance in pig iron did not go into effect in time to change the average selling price of iron, hence no change in the mining wage. The miners are now getting 50 cents per ton, which is 5 cents under the maximum of the scale.

OPERATIONS COMMENCED.

The first run has been made at the A. and J. stove foundry at Gadsden The run was made to make castings for patterns to be used at the shops. The foundry will make wood-burning cooking stoves, coal heaters, wood heaters, club grates and regular frame grates, wash pots, kettles and all kinds of hollow ware. This is one of Gadsden's new industries, built by home capital and organized in July.

THE new constitution campaign is now on in earnest.

BIRMINGHAM is to have another 7-story office building.

JEFFERSON county grand jury found 256 indictments last week.

TALLADEGA'S new market is completed and ready for occupancy.

THE German Immigration convention meets in Birmingham on the 23 inst.

TUSCALOOSA is considering the advisability of building a new court house.

GOVERNOR JELKS was entertained last Thursday evening by the Twickenham club at Huntsville.

AN effort is being made to have mail carried between Gadsden and Attalla, by electric cars.

A small fire occurred in the University at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, last Friday, but little damage was done.

THE annual poultry show of the North Alabama Poultry and Pet Stock Association will be held in Huntsville during the second week in January.

DURING the Demopolis street fair, October 28th to November 2nd, the Demopolis Express, H. W. Hayden, editor and proprietor, will issue his paper daily.

HARRISON KENEDY had his right arm badly injured in a gin at Northport Tuesday. He lost his left arm some years ago which renders his case the more pitiful.

MILES MARCELL, of Springfield, Mo. has been in Huntsville seeking a location for a large foundry and machine shop. The business men of Chattanooga and Huntsville have offered inducements for the location of the plant.

LIEUT. WILLIAM S. WELLS, of Huntsville, has gone to Fort Sheridan, Ills., where he has been assigned to duty. Lieutenant Wells has been attached to the Tenth United States cavalry and after spending a few months at Fort Sheridan expects to be ordered to join his regiment in Cuba or the Philippines.

PENSIONS.

Auditor Sowell has completed his estimate of the Confederate pension fund for the year 1900-1901. The total fund is considerably increased over last year, but the increase is not in keeping with the increase in the list of pensions. In consequence the warrants for this year will be slightly decreased. The total fund last year was $244,487.47; this year it is $257,889.73, an increase of $12,902 24. Last year there were 11,224 pensioners; the state board of examiners increased the list this year to 13,332. The warrant clerk is now engaged in filling out the warrants, and they will be sent to the various probate judges for distribution. It will require probably fifteen days to complete the work of drawing the warrants.

ROBERT BRYAN was seriously hurt in a mine at Belle Ellen Friday morning. He was run over by a loaded car, being bruised about the body, his head crushed and the muscle of his left arm was torn loose from the shoulder to the elbow. His injuries are not necessarily fatal.

RAILROAD MAN KILLED.

Charles Dean, for a number of years in the employ of the A. G. S. R. R., was on the front end of a flying switch at Blocton, Friday, and when an attempt was made to stop the cars the brake chain broke, Mr. Dean lost his footing and fell to the track, the cars passing over his body just above the hips.

AFTER two months of idleness, Sheffield's rolling mills have resumed. During the time many improvements have been made.

NO GUNS.

The adjutant general of the state militia has been endeavoring to secure from the war department supplies of cadet rifles for use in the military schools of Alabama, but the attempt has been unsuccessful. The chief of ordinance refuses unless a regular army officer be on duty as professor of military science and tactics. None of the military schools of the state have a "regular" on duty.

EMPEROR WILLIAM may challenge for America's cup in 1902.

A RECEIVERSHIP has been asked for the New York state stores of the Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.

REPORTS say the Boers are making every effort to escape from the British. Botha is surrounded.

THOUSANDS of horses in northern Missouri are afflicted with a disease similar to glanders and deaths among them are numerous.

THE president has appointed Chas. Hartzell, of Colorado, secretary of Porto Rico, to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Secretary Hunt to the governorship of the island.

GLAVIOVITCH, an anarchist, recently arrived in Rome, has been arrested. He had been heard to threaten the lives of the Pope and Cardinal Rampolla, pontifical secretary of state

COL. ROBT. M. THOMPSON, president of the U. S. Naval Academy Alumni, says Sampson read the proof of McClay's history, and when he found what the author said about Schley being cowardly refused to have anything further to do with the manuscript. He says Sampson was angered and branded the statement as unjust.

$500,000 LOSS.

A destructive fire occurred in Arkansas City, Ark., Monday, completely consuming the Papcke-Leischt Lumber Company's immense yard of cotton-wood lumber, containing some four million feet of seasoned lumber ready for the market and six cars belonging to the Missouri Pacific Railway Company. The loss is estimated at $500,000, partially covered by insurance.

TAMPA STRIKERS.

The labor situation at Tampa, Fla., is one of intense excitement, though no developments of a sensational character have been made. Over one hundred strikers who have been forced to work on the streets, in persuance of the vagrancy crusade, asked Saturday to be allowed to return to work in the factories. Nothing is known of the whereabouts of the strike leader who was spirited away from the city Friday night. Since Friday's riot the Italians have been in a sullen mood, but have attempted no further demonstration.

ATHENS is rejoicing over the prospects of a new passenger station.

THE Tennessee River Convention meets at Huntsville on October 16th.

EAST LAKE claims to have a nocturnal depredator in the form of a bear.

THE Dallas County Sunday School Association convened in the First Presbyterian church of Selma Sunday morning. A number of strong speeches were made by leading members of the association and the work of the past year was discussed, together with plans for the ensuing twelve months.

HUNTSVILLE has had a number of fires recently and an effort is now being made to find out if a fire bug is in town.

SHEFFIELD will shortly equip a hook and ladder company.

FLORENCE will have free mail delivery after December 1st.

OIL has been found at Hartselle and land has doubled in price.

THE supreme court has issued its calendar for the November term.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals having granted ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers and James Howard new trials in the Goebel murder case, the case of the former will be called Tuesday. Powers has been removed to the jail in Georgetown, and it is denied that his mind is giving way under the long confinement. Powers was serving a life sentence while Howard was sentenced to hang. Much new evidence is claimed.

TWENTY HOUSES BURNED.

Twenty buildings in the heart of West Tampa were burned Friday morning with a property loss of $200,000. The fire was discovered in the large cigar factory of O'Halloran & Co. The water supply in West Tampa was inadequate and the fire practically burned itself out. Great excitement existed on account of the belief that the fire was of incendiary origin.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

JONES SUCCEEDS BRUCE.

President Roosevelt has appointed former Governor Thomas G. Jones, of Alabama, United States District Judge for the Northern and Middle Districts of Alabama, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Bruce. It was somewhat of a surprise in republican circles, and yet is generally conceded to be an able appointment.

SUICIDED IN GEORGIA.

John Y. Turner, of Rockmill, Ala., assistant instructor in the carding and spinning branches of the textile department of the Georgia School of Technology, committed suicide Sunday night by taking morphine. Before taking the drug Turner telephoned one of his friends that he was about to end his life, but help arrived too late.

ALL ABOUT A FENCE.

Two white farmers, Brady Jones and J. P. Cowley, living about twelve miles east of Opelika, had a quarrel last week about a fence line. Monday morning they met and renewed the quarrel, Cowley shot Jones with a double-barreled shotgun loaded with buckshot, killing him instantly. Cowley immediately started to Opelika to surrender. As soon as he heard of the difficulty Sheriff Hodge went to arrest Cowley, and met him near Cnewalka en route to Opelika. He was brought to Opelika and lodged in jail.

THE STATE TREASURY.

The condition of the state treasury, at the close of the fiscal year on September 30, 1901, as given out by Treasurer Smith, gives evidence that the state is abundantly able to meet all obligations. The receipts for the last year were something over $128,000 less than the disbursements, this was caused by extraordinary expense; that of the legislature, the constitutional convention and the university land settlement. Here are some of the figures:

Balance of cash on hand at close of September 30, 1900	$ 629,691.44
Total receipts from Oct. 1, 1900, to September 30, 1901	2,842,435.64
Total	$3,472,127.08
Total disbursements from October 1, 1900, to September 1, 1901	2,970,767.78
Leaving balance on hand at close September 30, 1901	$ 501,359.30

The constitutional convention figures:

Amount paid 155 members for per diem and mileage	$69,621.00
Amount paid secretary, clerks and other subordinates	17,842,00
Amount of expenses incurred for incidentals approved and payment authorized by ordinances of the convention	3,195.28
Total	$90,658.28
Credited by overpayments which have since been refunded amount to	189.20
Total net expenditures	$90.469.03

RUMOR says the Southern Railroad will construct a line from Attalla to Oneonta, and it may be extended to Decatur.

ALMOST A FATAL MISTAKE.

Mrs. Maly Jones, wife of Joe L. Jones, a well-known farmer living near Gadsden, narrowly escaped death Monday night from an overdose of morphine taken through mistake. She filled a large capsule with what she thought was quinine and swallowed it. She soon became sleepy, and rousing said she was going blind. A physician by hard work saved her life.

TUSCALOOSA has a street fair on.

FOUR oil wells are to be driven in Washington county.

The navy department has arranged to sell 3,457 small arms of mixed types at public auction at the Mare island navy yard on the 21st instant. These arms were surrendered by the natives of Samoa to the joint high commission.

General MacArthur probably will be the next commander of the Department of the Lakes.

Mrs. Roosevelt has appointed Miss Isabella Hagner as her social secretary.

LAST Saturday at Toledo, O., $01,90 was raised towards a W[illegible] memorial.

SENATOR CHAUNCEY M. D[illegible]PEW is to marry Miss May P[illegible] the near future.

MEXICO is expressing great [illegible]est in the Pan-American congr[illegible] to convene there.

THE ATLANTA JOURNAL [illegible] purchased the Atlanta News and [illegible] latter has ceased publication.

GREAT BRITAIN has just launched her first submarine boat. It [illegible] the Holland type and five more [illegible] building.

THE fifth annual meeting of the Southern Cotton Spinners Association will take place in Atlanta Nov[illegible] 14th and 15 h.

EDWARD VII is reported [illegible] sick. The real facts are [illegible] able, but the stories about his [illegible] troubles are surprised.

M. H. MASSEE, of Macon, [illegible] new president of the Southern Manufacturing Association of Texas [illegible] Sash, Doors and Blinds.

A WORKMAN threw a bomb [illegible] Baron Rothschild in France [illegible] day. The missile missed its [illegible] but smashed the machinery of [illegible] automobile.

THE Earl Marshal has issued [illegible] rules and regulations to govern [illegible] dress at the approaching coronation of Edward VII. The dresses [illegible] are distinctly medevial.

IT is said that King Otto, of Bavaria, who has been insane for [illegible] five years, has recovered his [illegible] Regent Leopold and the cabinet [illegible] said to be in a quandary.

THE new quarters for the [illegible] the United States naval academy [illegible] Annapolis will be the longest [illegible] in the world, 1278 feet 4 inches [illegible] about a quarter of a mile. [illegible] about 11 acres.

ROBT. E. BURKE, oil inspector [illegible] Chicago has been indicted on [illegible] charges of embezzlement aggregating $23,000. He is chairman of the [illegible]ocratic county executive committee and a close friend of Carter Harrison.

THE Standard Brick Company [illegible] Bessemer, has got its plant [illegible] now for operation. J. W. [illegible] of Indianapolis, Ind., who has [illegible] the machinery, is there awaiting [illegible] starting up of the plant. The capacity of the plant will be 3,000 [illegible]ing brick per day. It will employ about forty hands.

GOVERNOR DURBIN will [illegible] a letter to Theodore C. Search, president of the Manufacturers' Association of the United States, invite [illegible] national conference on reciprocity to meet in Indianapolis. The executive committee will meet in Philadelphia October 18 to decide on a date and place of holding the convention.

AN OPEN SWITCH.

In a wreck on the Southern [illegible] at 10 o'clock Saturday night, [illegible] senger train, east bound, ran [illegible] an open switch at White Plains and collided with a freight train on the siding. Two men were instantly killed and one other hurt. W. H. Kain, Knoxville engineer, is reported badly hurt, legs being crushed.

Secretary of Agriculture [illegible] after careful consideration of [illegible] ports and estimates of leading sugar producers, estimates the sugar production for 1901 at [illegible] tons. The cane sugar production estimated as follows: Louisiana, 300,000 tons; Porto Rico, [illegible] Hawaii, 300,000. Total 700,000. The beet sugar production is as follows in tons: California, [illegible] Michigan, 60,000; Colorado, [illegible] Utah, 150,000; Nebraska, [illegible] York, 7,000; Wisconsin, [illegible] Minnesota, 2,500; Washington [illegible] Oregon, 2,000.

On the 9th of October, Rear Admiral Schley will retire from the list of the navy by age limit. His retirement will promote two men to be rear admirals. Captain Wildes, who was in command of the Boston during the battle of Manila bay, and Capt. Henry Glass.

Miss Helen Long, second [illegible] of Secretary of the Navy [illegible] Long, died last Friday [illegible] memory [illegible]able.

DAY'S RATION FOR A SHEEP.

A day's ration for a sheep is estimated [illegible] two pounds of hay, half a pound of [illegible] oats and half a pound of bran in [illegible] winter season, but as large sheep [illegible] more than smaller ones the [illegible] ration may not be strictly correct. Sheep should also be supplied with [illegible] food, sliced carrots being highly relished. They should not be overfed, but should be kept in moderate condition.

BREEDING STOCK FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES.

The tendency among breeders to build [illegible] breeds of live stock for special purposes has done much to separate the breeds in form and markings and to fix their characteristics. With the desire [illegible] have each breed perform a certain [illegible] has come more science in feeding. Progressive farmers no longer throw [illegible] feed promiscuously, but feed to [illegible] Among the changes in that [illegible] breeding pigs for a better quality of [illegible] preference to a superabundance of [illegible] Large rations of corn are no longer [illegible] rule, as green food, a run in the [illegible] and clean and dry quarters are [illegible] a varied ration being preferred.

WHEN WHEAT SHOULD BE CUT.

There have been different opinions as [illegible] the best time of cutting wheat, judging from the common practice of farmers. It is generally cut when dead ripe, [illegible] at least when the grain has become [illegible] This, no doubt, is an error and [illegible] of more importance than many suppose. It should be remembered that [illegible] is composed of gluten, starch and [illegible] Gluten is the nourishing quality [illegible] the grain. It makes the flour stick [illegible] in the hands of the baker, and [illegible] weight to the grain, and there is [illegible] greatest quantity of gluten in the grain just when the straw is yellow two [illegible] three joints from the ground the head [illegible] downward and you can mash a [illegible] between your thumb and finger [illegible] producing any milk. It may, therefore, be set down as an indisputable [illegible] that every day the wheat stands [illegible] this stage of ripeness the gluten [illegible] in quality and the bran increases in thickness.—E. L. Bates, in *The Epitomist.*

CURING MILK FEVER.

In a recent circular Dr. Samuel S. [illegible], of the Maryland Experiment Station, states that he has cured six [illegible] of seven cases of milk or calving fever. He says the following method [illegible] as the Schmidt treatment, after [illegible] Danish scientist, was used: 1. Dissolve two grams iodide of potash in one [illegible] of water, which has been boiled, and allowed to cool to about the temperature of the body. 2. Introduce the [illegible] and pipette into the ends of the [illegible] tube and place in a bucket of [illegible] antiseptic fluid. 3. Milk the udder dry, [illegible] place under the cow a piece of oil [illegible] about a yard square (a carriage [illegible] apron may be made to answer) [illegible] that the udder will be about the middle of the cloth. Wash the udder and [illegible] thoroughly with castile soap and [illegible] water, rinsing carefully with antiseptic fluid. 4. Insert the pipette into [illegible] end of a teat and fill the funnel with [illegible] of potash solution. By passing [illegible] from one teat to another [illegible] the solution equally among the [illegible] of the udder. 5. Rub the udder [illegible] the teat toward the body and massage thoroughly in order to distribute [illegible] solution throughout. 6. Eight or ten [illegible] after the injection or when fever is assured, the udder should be [illegible] milked out and then bathed [illegible] warm water, about 100 degrees. A [illegible] injection is rarely necessary, but [illegible] it should be done at the end of [illegible] or eight hours.—*American Agriculturist.*

POULTRY FOR SHOWS.

It is always valuable to the poultry [illegible] to take an interest in the autumn poultry exhibitions, and even to raise [illegible] birds for them. There is nothing [illegible] the whole business which stimulates [illegible] more in good work than this. We [illegible] the exhibition to see what others have been doing in our line of work and [illegible] how much they have distanced [illegible]. In this way we get valuable lessons which we can take home to put [illegible] practice. Then the effort to secure [illegible] at a show is always a guarantee [illegible] one is making the best of his knowledge and surroundings to raise the best [illegible] one gets interested in these prize [illegible] it is almost impossible to get [illegible] to do his level best. It is the stimulus of competition that makes him study [illegible] connected with the poultry [illegible] for the purpose of improving his [illegible]. I have in mind a friend who raised [illegible] for a living and made a rather [illegible] sort of success. She had eggs [illegible] everybody else had eggs, and her [illegible] were a mongrel mixture and laid [illegible] well. She took no interest in [illegible] breeding, nor attempted to cull her flocks, or to study their needs [illegible]. Then she visited a poultry exhibition and saw some of the [illegible] which took first prizes. She became interested, and when told that she [illegible] raise as good birds if she only [illegible] the question carefully she immediately secured a few well-bred birds [illegible] proceeded to lay her plans to capture a prize in the future. She did not [illegible] in the next year, nor the following, but in the third she took second [illegible]. But the chief part of her story, [illegible] is of value, is that she had become so interested in her well-bred poultry that she had gradually sold off her stock, and replaced it with new, [illegible] by step she had adopted modern [illegible] of poultry culture. She studied [illegible] of the birds as never before, [illegible] did everything possible for her pets,

LAST Saturday at Toledo, O., $1,831,90 was raised towards a McKinley memorial.

SENATOR CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW is to marry Miss May Palmer in the near future.

MEXICO is expressing great interest in the Pan-American congress to convene there.

THE ATLANTA JOURNAL has purchased the Atlanta News and the latter has ceased publication.

GREAT BRITAIN has just launched her first submarine boat. It is of the Holland type and five more are building.

THE fifth annual meeting of the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association will take place in Atlanta November 14th and 15th.

EDWARD VII is reported quite sick. The real facts are unobtainable, all that the stories about his illness contain are guessed.

M. H. MASSELL, of Macon, is the new president of the Southern Manufacturing Association of Yellow Pine Sash, Doors and Blinds.

A WORKMAN uses a spade for the first time in building the Eiffel Tower in France, last Friday. The occasion missed the banal formalities of the machinery of kings and emperors.

THE Earl Marshal has issued the rules and regulations to govern the dresses at the approaching coronation of Edward VII. The dresses ordered are distinctly mediæval.

IT is said that King Otto, of Bavaria, who has been insane for twenty-five years, has recovered his mind. Regent Leopold and the cabinet are said to be in a quandary.

THE new quarters for the cadets at the United States naval academy at Annapolis will be the longest building in the world, 1278 feet 4 inches, or about a quarter of a mile. It covers about 11 acres.

ROBT. E. BURKE, oil inspector of Chicago has been indicted on 17 charges of embezzlement aggregating $23,000. He is chairman of the Democratic county executive committee and a close friend of Carter Harrison.

THE Standard Brick Company, of Bessemer, has got its plant in order now for operation. J. W. Hess, of Indianapolis, Ind., who furnished the machinery, is there awaiting the starting up of the plant. The capacity of the plant will be 30,000 building brick per day. It will employ about forty hands.

GOVERNOR DURBIN will write a letter to Theodore C. Search, president of the Manufacturers' Association of the United States, inviting the national conference on reciprocity to meet in Indianapolis. The executive committee will meet in Philadelphia October 18 to decide on a date and place of holding the convention.

AN OPEN SWITCH.

In a wreck on the Southern Railway at 10 o'clock Saturday night, a passenger train, east bound, ran through an open switch at White Pine, Tenn., and collided with a freight standing on the siding. Two men were instantly killed and one other badly hurt. W. H. Kain, Knoxville, the engineer, is reported badly hurt, both legs being crushed.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, after careful consideration of the reports and estimates of leading sugar producers, estimates the total sugar production for 1901 at 2,100,000 tons. The cane sugar production is estimated as follows: Southern States, 800,000 tons; Porto Rico, 300,000; Hawaii, 300,000. Total 1,400,000. The beet sugar production is divided as follows in tons: California, 90,000; Michigan, 60,000; Colorado, 40,000; Utah, 150,000; Nebraska, 7,000; New York, 7,000; Wisconsin, 2,000; Minnesota, 2,500; Washington, 1,000; Oregon, 2,000.

On the 9th of October, Rear Admiral Schley will retire from the active list of the navy by age limit. His retirement will promote two officers to be rear admirals, Capt. Cook and Wildes, who was in command of the Boston during the battle of Manila bay, and Capt. Henry Glass.

Miss Helen Long, second daughter of Secretary of the Navy John D. Long, died last Friday night of pulmonary trouble.

DAY'S RATION FOR A SHEEP.

A day's ration for a sheep is estimated at two pounds of hay, half a pound of [illegible] and half a pound of bran in winter, with [illegible] as large sheep and smaller ones the [illegible] strictly correct. Sheep should be supplied with [illegible] being high-priced, [illegible] not be overfed, but kept in moderate condition.

FEEDING STALLS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES.

[illegible] breeders to build a special purpose stall to separate the animals and to fix with the desire [illegible] a certain [illegible] in feeding. [illegible] anger throw [illegible] feed for [illegible] is that of [illegible] of flesh [illegible] abundance of [illegible] no longer [illegible] run in the [illegible] quarters are [illegible] preferred.

[illegible] TO BE CUT.

[illegible] opinions as [illegible] wheat, judging [illegible] of farmers [illegible] dead ripe [illegible] has become [illegible] an error and [illegible] many suppose [illegible] that [illegible] starch and [illegible] quality [illegible] flour stick [illegible] baker, and [illegible] there is [illegible] gluten in the [illegible] is yellow two [illegible] around the head [illegible] can mash a [illegible] and finger [illegible] milk. It may, [illegible] disputable [illegible] the wheat stands [illegible] the gluten [illegible] the bran in-[illegible]—L. L. Bates, in [illegible]

CURING MILK FEVER.

[illegible] Dr. Samuel S. [illegible] of the Maryland Experiment [illegible] has cured six [illegible] milk or calving [illegible] following method [illegible] treatment, after [illegible] failed: 1. Dissolve [illegible] potash in one [illegible] has been boiled, [illegible] about the temperature of the body. 2. Introduce the [illegible] into the ends of the udder [illegible] in a bucket of [illegible] the udder dry, [illegible] a piece of oilcloth [illegible] a carriage [illegible] to answer) [illegible] about the middle [illegible] the udder and [illegible] castile soap and [illegible] with anti-[illegible] the pipette into [illegible] the tunnel with [illegible]. By passing [illegible] to another [illegible] 5. Rub the udder [illegible] the body and massage [illegible] to distribute [illegible] light or ten [illegible] or when re-[illegible] the udder should be [illegible] and then bathed [illegible] 100 degrees. A [illegible] necessary, but [illegible] done at the end of [illegible] hours.—*American Agriculturist.*

[illegible] FOR SHOWS.

[illegible] the poultry-[illegible] in the autumn [illegible] even to raise [illegible] there is nothing [illegible] the whole business [illegible] which stimulates [illegible] more good work than this. We [illegible] what others [illegible] not work and [illegible] have distanced [illegible] market valuable les-[illegible] take home to put [illegible] effort to secure [illegible] ways a guarantee [illegible] of his knowledge [illegible] raise the best [illegible] in these prize [illegible] possible to get [illegible] It is the stimulus [illegible] makes him study [illegible] the poultry [illegible] improving his [illegible]

[illegible] who raised [illegible] made a rather [illegible] She had eggs [illegible] eggs and her [illegible] care and had [illegible] an interest in [illegible] stopped to cull [illegible] their needs [illegible] a poul-[illegible] some of the [illegible] prizes. She be-[illegible] that she [illegible] She only [illegible] actually she immediately [illegible] a well bred birds [illegible] her plans to cap-[illegible] She did not [illegible] year, nor the following, but the third she took second [illegible] Be [illegible] part of her story, [illegible] is that she had be-[illegible] so interested in her well-bred poultry [illegible] that she had gradually sold off her [illegible] stock and replaced it with new, [illegible] by step she had adopted modern [illegible] of poultry culture. She studied [illegible] needs of the birds as never before, [illegible] did everything possible for her pets. In the second year she found that her revenues were actually increasing, and by the third year she saw that fine breeding of poultry was not only great sport for the show business, but very profitable work for every day in the year. She secured more eggs, and her birds always brought more in the market. To-day, naturally, she pins her faith to well-bred poultry and intensive methods of raising.—Annie C. Webster, in *American Cultivator.*

COW STABLES IN WINTER.

Economy in various ways is only possible with the best arrangements in the stabling of cows. They must necessarily occupy their stalls the greater part of the time in winter, and unless their ease and comfort are well studied and provided for, there will be a vast amount of fretting among them, which has its results in a diminution of the product, or a loss of food; for the good effect of the food of an animal is greatly interfered with by every discomfort to which it is subjected. There should certainly be room enough to avoid cramping the cows, with a floor so constructed that it is always dry and clean; and this, in turn, should be covered with comfortable litter on which the animals may recline without chafing the skin over the prominent bones, and thus make resting easy and pleasant. Good drainage, to keep the floor dry and the cows clean, is of course necessary, and all interference between neighboring cows should be avoided. The feed troughs should be clean and so built and arranged that there may be no waste, and that each cow may readily get her food. Ample light should be provided, and that the cows may have the full benefit of the warmth and healthful influence of this, it should come in on the sunny side of the barn.

The walls and floor of the stable should be wind-proof. Cold consumes food, for the first use of food is to sustain the warmth of an animal, and exposure to cold will call for so much more food in proportion to the amount of cold to be neutralized by it. Indeed, the most important part of a cow's food, the fats in it, are first to be wasted in this way. In other words, food is fuel, first of all, and exposure to cold wastes it. Even the winds, howling with force and cutting like a knife, must be excluded from the stable, if the cows are to derive all the benefit from their food and their owner all the profit possible from the feeding. Truth to tell, cow stables should have double walls with air-proof lining between them to keep out the wind, and that with proper ventilation to be made use of when necessary; for pure air must not be forgotten, this being a most important element in the sustenance of the natural heat in an animal. Why? Because the oxygen of the air is used up in the animal system in the consumption of such of the food as goes to maintain the animal heat, by the oxidizing of the carbon of the food. On the other hand, impure air, for want of this oxygen, really chills the animals, and so makes an increase of food necessary, just as fuel piled on a full fire, which for want of a draft of air does not burn clearly, is consumed without giving out its due amount of heat. Consequently, pure air is essential in the winter, and it should be supplied by proper ventilation, which will make no drafts and not chill the stable too much. A good ventilator for a winter stable is that which will draw up the foul air, and, by a sufficient number of small sliding ventilators near the floor, admit enough fresh air to keep the interior pure and comfortable.—Fred O. Sibley, in *Agricultural Epitomist.*

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

If you have any sour milk give it to the hens.

Blood and meat are what will make the hens lay.

The clover should be the farmers' emblematic flower.

Burn the rubbish and scatter the ashes among the small fruits.

Let poultry of all kinds fast about twelve hours before killing.

Turkey hens are generally profitable until they are five years old.

It is impossible to have good dairy products without good food.

Cows in good condition make better butter than cows in poor condition.

The more you take from the soil the more you have got to put back on it.

Mutton or wool alone will not pay. You have got to work the two in together.

If you want to be a scientific farmer you must conduct your farm on scientific principles.

It will pay any farmer to oftentimes visit some big market in order to see just what kind of stock brings the profitable prices.

The most successful business men—this includes farmers—are those who study the markets.

Keep the lambs growing. Or, better yet, keep all the young stock growing. It is the easiest way to get the biggest profit out of them.

The biggest horses are not always the most useful on the farm. The "happy medium" horse is the one that it pays the farmer to keep.

It is a great deal easier matter to drive away the birds than it is to kill the insects. Farmers should encourage their "feathered help" to remain with them the year around.

Of late years the most profitable branch of the sheep industry has been the raising of early lambs for market. This is the reason why sheep raisers should choose rams of a breed that are early maturers.

It is fair to credit the sheep with a few extras now and then. They will keep the clover cropped closely, and if this is done through the early part of the summer the seed crop will be heavier from the late growth than by any other manner of handling it.

It isn't any use to build castles in the air unless you own a balloon.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

The British war office has devised a new use for bullets expended upon target practice at rifle ranges. The present market price for spent cupro-nickel bullets is about $90 per ton, and contracts have been made for the recovery and removal of these used bullets from the various ranges.

According to English correspondence, an automobile battery has been evolved abroad which threatens a revolution in horseless travel. In going down hill the motor is reversed and the battery recharges itself, so that it is much stronger at the bottom than at the top. A trip of over 94 miles was made on an American-built wagon equipped with this motor and battery, with no stop for recharging.

As a consequence of the increasing demand for superior grades of sugar in Japan, attention is being turned toward inproving the very primitive methods of crushing now employed at Tainan, and turning out a cleaner and higher grade sugar, says The Engineer. As a first step in this direction four iron mills—crushers—were introduced during the year to replace old stone crushers, but as the same motive power—bullocks—is used as before, this improvement is limited only to the extraction of a larger percentage of juice, and the quality of the sugar produced remains much the same.

Commercial agent Johnson, of Stanbridge, Quebec, has sent to the state department a report on the discovery of a new wood preservative. He says: "The sap is removed from timber and at the same time it is impregnated with chemicals to render the wood either fireproof or impervious to attacks of insects or to decay in salt or other waters. Beechwood can be made suitable for railway sleepers or for boot and shoe lasts. If necessary the impregnating plant can be used at the felling ground. The cost of impregnating is about two cents per cubic foot. The cost of the plant is about $1000."

The product called "electroverre," according to the Moniteur Scientifique, is made as follows: The materials in fine powder are fed into an electric furnace in several compartments; in about 20 minutes a clear liquid glass is obtained, which can be run into moulds or worked as usual, for finer kinds of glass the compartments are placed over one another, as the refining takes place more quietly. Fifty volts is sufficient with the Becker furnace, and the current can be either alternating or continuous. It is claimed as an advantage that the furnace can be easily started or stopped within a short time, and that the expense of pots will be saved. The trials are being made by a company at Cologne.

The geodesists are still measuring the earth, with a view to determining its exact size and shape. People that do not follow closely the work that scientists are doing are under the impression, perhaps, that these points were determined long ago, and so they were approximately. But an approximate conclusion is not satisfactory to science, and so the task of measurement goes on, and will go on until an accurate result is obtained. One of the most important steps recently taken in this direction is the remeasurement of the meridian arc in Peru, which is being done by French geodesists, the original measurement having been made by their countrymen in the early part of the 18th century. The new arc is nearly twice as long as the old one, and covers about six degrees of latitude, crossing the equator near Quito. The great peak of Chimborazo rises not far from the middle point of the new arc.

Gutta-Percha is Not Rubber.

Many persons think that gutta-percha and India rubber are substantially the same product, but, while they resemble each other in some respects, they are distinctly different in others. A writer who was formerly a forester in the Dutch East Indies has recently called attention to these differences. So far as the qualities of the products are concerned the most noticeable difference is that rubber is elastic, while gutta-percha is not. Gutta-percha is obtained from one plant only; rubber from upward of 60 different plants. The gutta-percha tree is cultivated with great difficulty, and the natives of the countries where it grows cut it down to get its sap. Three-fourths of this product comes from Sumatra and Borneo. The total annual production is only about one-twentieth that of rubber, which is estimated at about 99,000,000 pounds, two-thirds of it coming from the Amazon valley, one-third from Central Africa and one-twentieth from Asia.

Rare Butterflies Bring Big Prices.

About 20 butterflies and nearly 600 moths are supplied by Wicken Sege Fen in Cambridgeshire, England, but only a few of the rare and more valuable specimens are sought after by the entomologists. Their value, from a monetary point of view, is somewhat difficult to gauge; for instance, a scarce and inconspicuous brown moth, called Hydrilla palustris, which is only taken at long intervals, several years intervening, is worth $10 to $15, while a swallow tail butterfly, although found nowhere else in England, is worth but 10 cents. A good specimen of the large copper butterfly is worth from $30 to $40, but this butterfly is now extinct.—Pearson's Magazine.

A Warm Weather Dessert.

Mint sherbet is an excellent summer dessert, and has the advantage of being easily made. Pour a pint and a half of boiling water over a bunch of mint, and let it stand. Boil together a quart of cold water and two and one-half cupfuls of sugar for fifteen minutes. Strain the mint into it. Add a cupful each of orange, strawberry and currant juice. Cool and freeze. Arrange a sprig of mint in each cup.

Peanut Cookies.

Peanut cookies will prove a delight to most members of the family. To make them, remove the skins from two cupfuls of shelled peanuts, and put them through a meat chopper. Cream together three teaspoonfuls of butter and one cupful of sugar. Add three eggs, two tablespoonfuls of milk, one saltspoonful of salt, the nuts and enough flour to make a soft dough. Roll them on a floured board, cut them with a small cutter and bake in a moderate oven.

A New Cranberry Pie.

A delicious cranberry pie is made of the uncooked fruit. To make a small pie, take a large cut of the ripe fruit and chop it into small pieces. Add a cup of granulated sugar. Stir a tablespoonful of corn starch into a little cold water and add a quarter of a cup of boiling water. Pour over the cranberries and sugar and mix thoroughly. Roll out the pastry thin, cover the pie plate with pastry and fill with the cranberry filling. Cover with a plain pastry, cover and bake in the oven for about forty minutes.

A Delicious Dessert.

Cherry sauce with plain boiled rice is an inexpensive and delicious dessert. Put into a saucepan a tablespoonful of flour and two ounces of butter. When well blended, a pound of stoned cherries, four whole cloves and a pint of water. Allow this to simmer until the cherries are soft, then strain through a fine sieve, rubbing and mashing the cherries to obtain as much of the pulp as possible. Next add the juice of half a lemon and sufficient sugar to sweeten. Just before serving add the well-beaten whites of two eggs. The eggs must be beaten to a stiff show.

The Breakfast Fruit.

Oranges served whole are always an acceptable fruit to be eaten before the cereal at breakfast, and the combination of sliced oranges and cocoanut with perhaps an addition of sliced bananas is sometimes served at this time, although it is more popularly served at dinner, for dessert. And it is found that the orange cut in squares for this dessert is better than the thin slices, as it does not pack so close in the dish.

Peel as many oranges as are required, and cut in inch-square pieces, removing all the white parts and seeds. Put a layer of these in the bottom of a glass dish and sprinkle them with sugar. Have ready a fresh cocoanut grated and spread some over the sugared oranges. Cut some firm bananas into thin slices and place a layer of them close together over the cocoanut. Repeat with the oranges, sugar, cocoanut and bananas, with a final layer of thickly sugared oranges, and a sprinkling of cocoanut. Serve with candied cherries around the edge of the dish.

Household Hints.

Tinware is made bright by polishing with newspaper.

Fewer dishes will be broken if a small wooden tub is provided instead of the ordinary dishpan.

A fernery and a candle holder combined is a novelty for table decoration found in the jewelry shop.

Salted almonds should be placed on the table at the beginning of the dinner and served with the crackers and cheese.

Dates, figs and raisins chopped together in a meat chopper and moistened with orange or lemon juice make an excellent filling for brown bread sandwiches.

When lamps are clogged with oil the burners should be boiled in a strong solution of soda and water, and allowed to get thoroughly dry before being used again.

A cupful of currant juice to a quart of red raspberries, in canning, will add much to their flavor. Currant juice will also improve red raspberries that are to be eaten raw.

Chairs that look quite hopeless after a season on the porch respond to a stain as well as to enamel paint. An application of ammonia will help to remove any former "coat."

A pinch of powdered ginger added to cranberries in cooking will bring out the flavor. They should not be stewed to a jam, but kept separate, looking more like candied cherries.

Cracks in a stove grate can be easily mended by applying ashes and salt moistened to a stiff paste. Put on at night and in the morning it will be found quite firm. Should it crumble again in the lapse of months, renew the application.

Cranberries make excellent timber for winter shortcakes. Pare, core, and cook with as little water as will prevent burning. Sweeten as for table use, and can. To use place between thin shortcake, cover with frosting and serve. You will call it delicious.

THE WORDS A MAN UTTERS.

The Average Per Day is About Two Newspaper Columns.

"I have been trying to figure out how many words the average man utters in every twenty-four hours," said a gentleman yesterday, who has a penchant for peculiar things, "but I have been unable to reach any satisfactory conclusion on account of the different rates of speed at which different persons talk. Of course, I have no reference to the different kinds of words which may be found in the daily vocabulary of the average man, but I am talking about the total number of words uttered, counting repetitions and all, during every twenty-four hours. There is the quiet, melancholy gentleman will not speak on an average five hundred words a day, and there are many who for one reason and another would not utter anything like this number. On the other hand, there is the conversational Gatling gun, not always a woman either, who will roll off words at a fearful rate of speed, and whose aggregate for one day would run up to dizzy heights. Then there is the normal talker, who will strike a good decent average, the man who will neither bore you with his indifferent silence nor tire you with his meaningless verbosity. But suppose we figure that the average person will utter an average of sixty words every minute. This would amount to 2,400 words every hour, or about 57,600 words for twenty-four hours. Of course, no person will talk this much, as the windiest of men and women would probably break down before they had talked as much as fifty-seven columns in the average daily newspaper. The only question is as to how much time each person puts in talking during each day. Some men and women are situated so that they cannot talk during the day except at meal time, on account of the character of work they have to do. There are others, such as traveling men, for instance, who depend upon talking for their living. I have figured that the high man, probably the traveling man, will talk five hours out of every twenty-four, which would give him a total of twelve thousand words every day. I have figured that most any sort of a man will talk as much as ten minutes of every twenty-four hours, and this would give him a total of six hundred words for the day. These are two extremes. I am satisfied that the normal man, the man who strikes a decent average between indifferent silence and disgusting verbosity, will talk probably one hour, all told, each day, which would allow him twenty-four hundred words. And this, by the way, is considerable talk, for it will fill two columns in a newspaper, and a whole lot of wisdom can be crowded into two columns."—*New Orleans Times-Democrat.*

Rice vs. Potatoes.

The shortness of the potato crop at the north and the unprecedented high prices for the tubers have drawn attention to the comparative merit of other food, notably corn and rice. It would be a wholesome thing for the north if this scarcity of a fvorite article of diet induced them to add rice to their menu and benefit them correspondingly. Oriental people have long known the value of rice, and the southern people, as a class, especially in the gulf and south Atlantic States, appreciate it so much, along with corn grits and cornbread, that no meal is considered complete without it. It is excellent with butter or gravy and a superior addition to soup. It can be converted into most palatable and nutritious desserts. Cornbread, corncake, and corn grits are southern dishes. On hog and hominy the negro maintains his great muscle and the white man thrives in this section. As much depends upon cooking, attention must be paid to these matters. As a rule the northern people know how to prepare potatoes for the table and southern people do not. The northern cook makes the potatoes mealy and delectable; the ordinary southern cook converts it into a hard, soggy, indigestible mass. The northern cook turns rice into glue and imperils its palatability; the southern cook brings it to a dry, and succulent condition. We of the south should learn to cook potatoes properly and the northern folk should learn how to manipulate rice. The ladies who go about teaching cooking at schools might become patriotic as well as gastronomic missionaries if they at once began a campaign of education east and west.—*Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.*

A Tramp in Trouble.

"I had an old barn in a field half a mile from the house," said a Nassau farmer the other day, "and it was a camping place for tramps. One night this last summer there was a big thunder storm, and I felt pretty sure that a bolt hit the old barn. I didn't turn out 'till morning, however, and then I saw the barn had been burned. As I wandered down there I came across a tramp in a fence corner. He was looking dazed and done up, and when I asked him what had happened he slowly explained:

"Why, this thing is going to make me lots of trouble."

"What thing?" I asked.

"This old barn. There was nine of us in there when the lightning struck, and as I was the only one who got out I suppose I'll have to hang around here and attend the funerals of the other eight."—*Brooklyn Citizen.*

Truing Railway Wheels.

A simple device, it is reported, has been put in operation on some of the railroads by which the wheels can be trued up without interfering with their use. It consists of a brake shoe that contains pockets, filled with a grinding material, so that when a wheel becomes flattened it is only necessary to remove the old shoes and put it in its place, doing the braking as usual, the wheel becoming turned down in the course of a little while.

The assessed valuation of the State of Idaho has increased $4,669,580 in a single year, and the total now is $54,195,486.

Marconi has been awarded a medal for inventing the wireless telegraph. As a rule, the inventor of anything is awarded a lawsuit.

In Italy Sundays are usually preferred for marriages when the principals have never been married before. Widows, however, respect an old custom by marrying on Saturdays.

The city of Pensacola, Fla., now claims to be the third in commercial importance on the Gulf of Mexico, being excelled in exports only by New Orleans and Galveston.

A Boston paper has discovered over three hundred happy couples in New England who have passed their golden wedding anniversary, and it is still continuing the search.

Efforts are being made to develop a taste for rifle shootings in Japan and rifle clubs on European lines are being formed. The Emperor is greatly interested in the project, and has given large sums for prizes.

The Court of Civil Appeals in Texas holds that a person who receives a letter addressed to another and who retains it an unreasonable length of time is guilty of obstructing the mail and is liable for whatever damage may thereby result.

European inventors look to America to perfect the flying machine, because there are men here who can afford to experiment with such expensive luxuries. But even the wealthiest people dislike to squander their money, without some prospect of getting, in the parlance of sport, a run for it. And the flying machine seems very much inclined to remain stationary.

Eight members of the jury that tried Guiteau, the murderer of President Garfield, and whom the assassin cursed bitterly in open court when they brought in the verdict of guilty, yet survive, although their average age at the time of the trial was fifty years. John P. Hamlin, the foreman, still resides in Washington, hale and hearty, though over three-score and ten.

Only about 2,200,000 people in the United States buy novels as they run from the press. They do much of this simply that they may keep up to date in literature. It is part of their capital in society. Most of these buy liberally. Plenty of readers are to be found whose book bills for novels run from $100 to $150 a year steadily. At an average of $8 spent by each the total is imposing.

Some check should be placed on the foolish people who attempt to swim through the rapids below Niagara Falls. Many have lost their lives in the attempt, the latest being a woman who was induced to go in a barrel. Such feats as this appeal only to morbid curiosity and they should not be tolerated. They are not legitimate tests of skill or strength, and therefore there is no excuse for them.

Arizona is commonly regarded as a sun-dried and arid territory which produces little besides hot air. But she comes forward this year with the proud report that she has raised $10,000,000 worth of alfalfa. This is a sort of succulent grass, peculiar to the West, which makes an excellent kind of hay. So, Arizona is taking its place in the agricultural column and may yet develop into a flourishing State.

Whatever argument may be framed against capital punishment in ordinary cases, it is the opinion of a writer in the *Christian Register* that no adequate reason has ever been given for sparing the life of an assassin. The safety of rulers, the stability of government, and the welfare of all nations would be advanced if, in cases of public assault where there is no doubt of the criminal, he being caught in the act, there were prompt and speedy execution.

Souvenir collectors will be interested to learn that 100 large tables, six dozen chairs, twelve dozen work-boxes, eleven desks, twenty-four dozen knife handles, twenty-four dozen cigar-cases, 100 dozen umbrella handles and over 100,000 penholders have so far been made out of the only original surrender tree of Santiago, and the tree is nearly all there still. The apple tree at Appomattox did less than this for the faddists of a great country.

A large minded corporation in London is venturing upon the gigantic task of providing two millions of twopenny meals daily for the masses of the hungry who need substantial food at low figures. This is a brave undertaking, in which the margin of profit seems to waver close to the edge of the invisible. If it achieves a lasting success its projectors ought to have medals. If it fails the promoters may find a touch of consolation in the thought of well meant endeavor.

There are some things which seem household necessities in the United States for which there is no market whatever in France or Southern Europe. One of these is the range with a hot water back, another is the refrigerator and a third is the rocking chair. Americans living abroad often want these articles so badly that they even send home for them, but among the French there is no demand for them whatever, and American manufacturers only waste time in trying to create a market for them.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain.
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

FIRST SIX—ONE DOLLAR ONLY—The first six persons who want THE BANNER and the Montgomery Weekly Advertiser can get both papers for One Year by paying One Dollar cash down. This offer is good for one week only. 104 papers for one dollar, less than one cent each paper.

RATIFICATION—"To be or not to be, that is the question."

THE directors of the People's Savings Bank should read the statistics of the cotton crop for last year which will be found in another column—nearly $300,000 handled in Clanton alone, and no bank to put it in. Having read it, they should then get down to business at once, and let us have the bank without further delay.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt has appointed ex-Governor Thomas G. Jones to the Federal judgeship made vacant by the death of Judge Bruce. Governor Jones is a fine lawyer and a man of well-balanced mind, eminently fitted for the judicial office. The appointment is a good one and gives general satisfaction. Whether it will have any political effect in the State remains to be seen.

THE anti-ratification campaign committee has submitted a proposition to the ratification committee that the new Constitution be submitted in a primary to the white voters of the State, the election to be held prior to the general election. A similar proposition was made in 1892 with regard to the governorship, and we expect this proposition will meet with the same fate as that did, and will not be accepted, although it is certainly the fairest way to settle the question.

OUR readers now have the new Constitution before them, and we presume are diligently studying its provisions before making up their minds whether to vote for or against ratification. Four weeks from next Monday will be election day, and as every Banner subscriber has a copy of the new Constitution we can all intelligently discuss it. This we propose to do, and will be glad to publish short letters on the subject. We have this much confidence in the new Constitution, that it will bear investigation and discussion, and we are willing to give a copy of it to any one who will call at the Banner office.

THE "Birmingham District" is rather an elastic term and covers a good deal of ground. Chilton county possibly may not be fairly included in that territory, but we are so near by that whatever affects the mineral district also affects us. We believe there are numerous mineral deposits in this county which will yet be developed. The introduction of new capital and fresh ideas will tend to this desirable end.

We are glad to learn that "The Dixie Manufacturer" is preparing to get out 25,000 copies of an illustrated art edition of that journal which will be mailed to all parts of the world. It will contain 200 pages, and will be the most elegant and comprehensive publication of the kind ever issued in the South. It will show to the world that which has already been accomplished, and the immense possibilities of the future. The attention of capitalists and others will be drawn particularly to the Birmingham district, and great advantages to the State will necessarily ensue from this "Industrial Art Edition of the Dixie Manufacturer," which we heartily wish the greatest success.

THE COTTON CROP OF 1900

CENSUS BULLETIN, No. 98, just to hand, contains some very interesting statistics on the cotton crop of 1900. From it we find that Alabama produced 1,061,678 bales (a decrease of 54,717 bales below the crop of 1899,) and its value was $43,768,061.98. There were 488,006 tons of seed from the crop, valued at $7,808,096, making a grand total of $51,576,157.98.

In the State there are 4,347 ginneries, and of that number 4,044 were at work on the 1900 crop, 145 being idle that year, and 158 had been out of business since the crop of 1899. The average capacity of the ginneries was 263 bales.

Montgomery county produced the greatest number of bales, 47,002; Dallas is next with 42,208, and Lowndes third with 36,023. Chilton is the forty-second county on the list with 12,003 bales. Autauga made 12,135, Elmore 18,561, Coosa 12,762, and Shelby 9,510. Mobile county made only 20 bales.

Chilton county produced 12,003 bales, or 6,014,789 pounds, and its value (at the average price of the crop $.0896875 per pound) would be $539,451.38. Using the same method adopted by the Bulletin, we find this number of bales would make 6,014 tons of seed, worth on an average last season $16.00 per ton. This makes the value of the seed $96,224.00 which added to the value of the cotton makes a grand total value of the cotton crop of Chilton county in 1900 of $635,675.38.

On referring to THE BANNER'S cotton market report for 1900, we find that the number of bales marketed at Clanton last season was 5,551, or nearly one-half of the crop raised in the county. The Bulletin gives the average weight per bale in Alabama as 501 pounds, and this makes the number of bales marketed at Clanton equivalent to 2,781,051 pounds, which at the average price above mentioned, means that the Clanton cotton buyers paid out $249,425.51 to the farmers for cotton. This same number of bales would make 2,781 tons of seed, which at the average price of $16 per ton, would be worth $44,496.00. Adding this to the value of the cotton gives us a grand total value of the cotton crop marketed at Clanton last season of $293,921.51.

We hope this season will be at least as good or better than the last.

Late Literary News.

Little is thought and less is known by the average man concerning the lives and aims of the 400,000 men and boys who delve under the surface of the earth in places of darkness and danger, where hardly a day goes by without recording the death by falls of rock, coal or slate of more than one unfortunate miner. An article on this subject at once impartial and vitally interesting is contributed to The Cosmopolitan for October by John Mitchell, President of the United Mine Workers of America, whom every one recalls as the man who organized the miners and carried through to a successful termination the great anthracite strike of 1900.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSE TRANSPLANTED

Like a beautiful rose plucked from its stem when most lovely, so death's withering blight wrenched from hearts, Miss Mollie Vines, just as she appeared on life's stage of action a mature young woman. After an illness of five days she passed away at 11:45 a.m., October 1, and was laid to rest in Clanton cemetery Wednesday, October 2. It was one of the most memorable funerals that has ever taken place in our town. Rarely, if ever, did such a concourse of sorrowing friends and admirers follow the remains of any one to the grave. The floral contributions were many and costly. The Baptist church was crowded to standing room. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. F. M. Woods, of North Birmingham, former pastor of this church and who baptized Miss Mollie into the church. His tribute to the lamented dead was beautiful in thought and imagery. The life that had just closed was an inspiration to the speaker and most eloquently he commended her life to the surviving relatives and friends.

The following were the active and honorary pall bearers: Messrs. N. A. Kicker, E. B. Deason, H. F. Chandler, Dr. N. S. Johnson, J. Watts Moore, Bascom Y. McMorries, Misses Lillie and Leila Adams, Jessie Allen, Emma Potts, Blanche Foshee and Gamma Leah Chandler.

Heaven has claimed its own, and we thank God for the sweet and blessed influence of the pure life of this christian girl. In her last consciousness she was sure that death was near, and humbly submitted, saying sweetly, "Thy will and not mine be done." "May my death be the salvation of at least one soul." "I will soon be a shining light up yonder."

She was the first young lady of Clanton to die and already she has passed into the pearly gates to beckon loved ones heavenward. She is gone and the place that once knew her will know her no more forever. The once bright and sunny home is now dark and dreary, echoing the tread of those that seem to seek for something that is not. Visitors look in vain for the bright face that once smiled a welcome to all who came. Oh! how changed the scene.

Miss Mollie was a beautiful girl and none could look upon her and not be ready to say that her soul's her spirit, proud in its goodness and purity, was as nobly beautiful as she who lent to the crowded way much of the heavenlike pleasure. None saw her that did not admire her; none knew her that did not love her. She was a loving, obedient daughter, a sweet sister, a true friend, a faithful christian and devoted to those whom she most loved. Her life was as a beautiful poem carrying sunshine and joy wherever she went.

In her death our loss was indeed great and may the ministering angel of mercy comfort and sustain the bereaved father, mother, sister, brothers and hosts of friends and especially that one who seemed most to her and she to him, until God shall call them all home to sing sweet anthems to Him forever. Miss Mollie now enjoys the glories of heaven. God bless her memory.

K. B. D.

If your cow is suffering with garget, "spoiled udder," use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic freely. It is said to be a very fine remedy by those who have tried it.

It may be necessary to hustle in order to get there, but some men overdo the thing.

Every man has his price, but mighty few of them get it.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and cost so little? One application will convince an convert you. Price 50c.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

Amanda Jones, Complainant, vs. Jack Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Jack Jones, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, whose post-office and residence are unknown to affiant, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Jack Jones, to answer or demur to the same within thirty days after the 28th day of October, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, this 23rd day of September, 1901. W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

A. C. SMITH,
Solicitor for Complainant.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1900, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

			1901
Pletcher	Beat 8	Oct.	1
Stanton	" 8	"	2
Dixie	" 8	"	3
Shoults	" 7	"	4
Maplesville	" 7	"	5
Beeson	" 3	"	7
Macedonia	" 3	"	8
Providence	" 2	"	9
Jemison	" 2	"	10
Mineral Springs	" 1	"	11
Stressburg	" 9	"	12
Clanton	" 4	"	14
Coopers	" 5	"	15
Verbena	" 5	"	16
Kinchenor	" 6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. I. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, bruises, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR. "Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "NUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"NUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"NUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "NUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county and conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes glad.

OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at.

OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad.

OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.

OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.

OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to buy.

OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again.

OUR STOCK—All—come and see it—make you want to buy.

OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,

CLANTON

We have moved to 2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Qt.

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, . . ALA.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

W. A. KEMP

KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

C. W. WILSON

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Fancy Groceries a Specialty

CLANTON

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART

Price to day 7 9-16 @ 7½ cents.
Same date last year 7 7-16 cts.

Bales received to date	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	719	756
Mullins	525	655
Wilson	98	154
Downs	21	158
Total	1363	1723

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per 1000. F. R. WOODWARD, Clanton.

Mrs. George Foshee of Maplesville was a visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Meade of Thorsby were visitors here Tuesday.

Miss Gatie Sims of Jasmine visited Clanton Saturday.

Mrs. O. A. Duke of Deatsville spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Clanton.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

Mr. Charley Echerle, sanitary engineer, was down from Birmingham Monday, to look after the sanitary arrangements at the new depot.

Dr. Wisehart made a trip to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. W. R. Wilson left Tuesday morning to attend a session of the Massey Business college at Birmingham.

Judge Adams and Circuit Clerk L. B. Deason went out on Tuesday afternoon to Alpine to attend Union Baptist Association.

Mr. Leonard Thornton of Mountain Creek spent Sunday in Clanton.

Dr. Joseph Johnson of Chattanooga, Tenn., is visiting friends in town.

Mr. D. K. Middleton, of Haynesville was in town Sunday.

Miss Ida Cabaniss of Shelby is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Nellie McKenzie.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Askins of Billingsley visited Clanton Saturday.

A young deputy—just like his pops—arrived at the home of Sheriff Kilgore Tuesday night.

Don't forget to call on Mrs. Phillips and see her new and pretty line of millinery. Brick store near the court house.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, two doses in a bottle. Keep it convenient.

Mrs. H. M. Martin of Atlanta, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thornton, left Monday to accompany her daughter to New York to take a course in elocution.

Dr. Henry Martin and wife, of Atlanta, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Rev. Hood of Lowndesboro visited his daughter, Mrs. D. F. Elmore.

Mr. Harper and family of Cameron, Texas, have moved into the house vacated by Prof. McMorries.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two to six days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Colored. James Lykes and Mary Calloway; John Dixon and Rose Craig.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

e are

our new store with the Finest
ought to Clanton county, all
for your inspection.

see them—make your eyes sparkle.
m—make your feet easy to look at
e them—make your heart glad.
m—make you feel good.
re them—make your mouth water
them—make you take a notion to
once—make you want to come again
see it—make you want to buy.
—we are always glad to see you.
ure most respectfully,

. Sartor,

CLANTON

to
rst Avenue
G AT CUT PRICES

d Virginia Ry. 75c Per Qu

DRUG CO.,
UT RATE DRUG STORE
HAM, · AL

CE BELONGS TO

KEMP

OUR EYE ON IT

WILSON
EALER IN—
MERCHANDIS
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CLANTO

NORMAL SCHOO
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AL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN
racticed. We court investigation
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d schools of the State. The Main
structure of fifteen rooms. The
three-story structure well suited
d. The Library consists of more
50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
$1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.
id up and to lend a hand in helping
State in elevating the youth to a
r information, address
O & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby,

TOWN ITEMS

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CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7 7-16 @ 7¼ cents.
Same date last year 9 7-16 cts.

	1901	1900
Bales received to date	719	956
Packard & Co.	525	655
Mullins	98	154
Wilson	21	128
Downs		
Total	1363	1903

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M.
F. R. WOODWARD, Clanton.

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Miss Grace Sims of Jasmine visited Clanton Saturday.

Mrs. O. A. Duke of Deatsville spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Clanton.

Pleasant, painless, reliable. Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, scaldings, insect bites, etc.

Mr. Charley Eckerle, sanitary engineer, was down from Birmingham Monday, to look after the sanitary arrangements at the new depot.

Dr. Winehart made a trip to Birmingham Monday.

Mr. W. R. Wilson left Tuesday morning to attend a session of the Massey Business college at Birmingham.

Judge Adams and Circuit Clerk E. B. Deason went out on Tuesday afternoon to Alpine to attend Union Baptist Association.

Mr. Leonard Thornton of Mountain Creek spent Sunday in Clanton.

Dr. Joseph Johnson of Chattanooga, Tenn., is visiting friends in town.

Mr. D. K. Middleton, of Haynesville was in town Sunday.

Miss Ida Cabaniss of Shelby is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Joe McKenzie.

We are in the market buying Corn and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Akins of Billingsley visited Clanton Saturday.

A young deputy—just like his pa—arrived at the home of Sheriff Kilgore Tuesday night.

Don't forget to call on Mrs. Phillips and see her new and pretty line of millinery. Brick store near the court house.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, one dose is a bottle. Keep it convenient.

Mrs. H. M. Martin of Atlanta, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thornton, left Monday to accompany her daughter to New York to take a course in elocution.

Dr. Henry Martin and wife, of Atlanta, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton. D

We are in the market buying Corn and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Rev. Hood of Lowndesboro visited his daughter, Mrs. D. F. Elmore.

Mr. Harper and family of Camden, Texas, have moved into the house vacated by Prof. McMorries.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every three os days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1181 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves., Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued last week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.
Colored. James Lykes and Mary Galloway; John Dixon and Rose King.

STOPS THE COUGH
and works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains: call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

October bargains

Clearing Out Sale

Bound to go

To clear out my big stock the prices have been cut down and every hing goes at bargain figures. These goods were purchased when the market was low, and I can afford to sell them to you at greatly reduced prices.

You will be surprised and delighted with the quality of these goods, and absolutely astonished to find you can get them for such little money.

Ladies' Capes from 25 cents up. Ladies' Dress Goods from $1 up.

Ladies' Walking Jackets from $1 75 up.

Ladies' Hats from 50 cents up.

Children's Jackets from $1 25 up. Calico 4 cents per yard.

Sheeting, yard wide, 4½ cents per yard. 10 balls Thread 5 cents.

A full line of Men's Clothing, Shoes, Hats etc. but have not space here to give prices.

A BIG LINE OF TRUNKS.

N. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High-arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

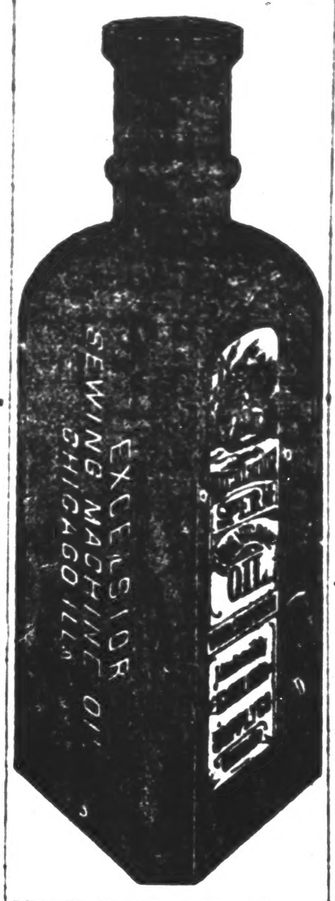
Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.



YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935. EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS;

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Perry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T U CRUMPTON, Prop'r

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underseirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	8 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test, oil	15
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please.

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man On Assassination of President McKinley.

EXTOLLS MANHOOD OF DEAD LEADER

William Is Well Acquainted With Some of Roosevelt's Relatives and Hints For a Government Job on that Account.

The public grief has assayed. The shock that made the nation tremble has passed away. Editors and preachers have had their say and the wheels of government roll on in their established way. Not for a day was there any interruption to commerce or agriculture. Party and partisans softened down and paid regard to the time-honored maxim, "De martimus nil nisibonum"—say nothing but good of the dead. Even the yellow journals stopped their cartoons and gave their readers a rest. But one extreme always follows another and so idolatry began as soon as the resident was assassinated. He would have been sainted if sainting was revived. Now that he is dead he is everybody's president. But time is a good leveler, and history is beginning to be made. Mr. McKinley was no demigod nor will he be written down as a great statesman. He was a Christian gentleman—a better man than his party—but was carried along with it into an unjust war that will not bear the scrutiny of time. He had to fall into line with the greed of commerce, and the consequence is there are thousands of widows and mothers silently mourning for husbands and sons killed in battle or died in hospitals in a foreign land. There is no lamentation over them.

But as Governor Oates said, what are we going to do about it; nothing? Some preachers say it is the will of God and the way to spread the gospel. I don't believe it; and I have not much regard for the preacher who does. It takes more faith than I have got to see the hand of God in any war for dominion or the acquisition of territory. For more than a hundred years Ireland has been held in vassalage against her will. So were the American colonies held until our fathers rebelled. Napoleon coveted the earth and our government coveted Cuba and found a casus belli in a pretense of feeding her starving people, but never fed them. Then our commercial greed crossed the ocean to the Philippines and bought them for a song with ten millions of negroes thrown in. England coveted South Africa and has already spent millions of money and rivers of blood in an effort to subdue a free people and get possession of their gold mines! I don't believe that any of this is God's will. Greece and Rome and Carthage and Napoleon all came to grief. Offense must needs come, but woe unto those by whom they come. I don't believe that any war of aggression has the favor of God, but sooner or later the aggressor will reap what he has sown. John Brown was backed by Henry Ward Beecher and other preachers who thought they saw the will of God in an uprising of the slaves against their masters, no matter if it resulted in murder and arson and other outrages too horrible to mention. He was as much an anarchist as Czolgosz, and his infamous scheme a thousand times more horrible; but last year they removed his bones to Connecticut and reinterred them with honors and a monument. No, I am still the same old rebel—unreconstructed, unrepentant, and I am incredulous of any real or lasting harmony between the north and the south as long as the pension grab goes on and gets bigger every year and we have to pay a third of it for being conquered. If peace and love and harmony prevail, why bleed us forever? Why take our hard earnings to support the children and grandchildren of union soldiers, one-third of whom were Hessians and hirelings who were fighting for $10 a month and rations, with no thought of patriotism? From that imported class, no doubt, sprang these anarchists that breed discord and discontent among our people. Czolgosz was no foreigner. He was born in Detroit, went to school there, learned his trade there, and his elder brother was a soldier in the union army, and he is just as much an American citizen as 54 per cent of the population of New York City—native-born, but of foreign parents. The seeds of anarchy were sown long ago, and it is too late to drive it out by any legislation. The assassins of our presidents were all native-born American citizens. Indeed, it is not surprising that among 75,000,000 of people there are to be found a few men of such abnormal mind as to glory in killing a president. As Roosevelt said, a president must take his chances. "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown." Why that wretch should wish to kill such a kind-hearted and unselfish man as Mr. McKinley, passeth comprehension. If he was jealous of power or great wealth, why didn't he pursue Morgan or Rockefeller or Carnegie? Oh, the pity of it! An unselfish, great-hearted, Christian gentleman. No wonder the women are helping to build the Atlanta monument, for Mr. McKinley was a model husband, true to his marriage vows and ever thoughtful of his loving wife. Even in apprehension of his fate he carried $100,000 of life insurance, and it was all for her—yes, all for her whom he loved better than fame or wealth or power.

And now comes President Roosevelt, the first president from Georgia stock. I like the start he has made, and I believe he will be as much the president as was Andrew Jackson. If we had a United States bank he would close it and remove the deposits. Yes, I know the stock from away back. When I was a school-boy I visited Roswell, where the Kings and Dunwoodys and Bullochs and Pratts and Hands all lived in elegant seclusion. Dan Elliott was one of my companions—a mischievous, black-eyed youth of 16; I went to school with him. He was half-brother to our president's mother. Yes, I know the stock, and maybe I can get some little office with good pay and little work—something like a sinecure or a sine qua non—something that would suit my declining years and let me down easy. I think I would like that, and the president ought to give it to me because I went to school with his half-uncle Dan or his uncle half Dan—that's reason enough.

But my time is up, for my wife says she is going to take an evening nap and I must look after the two little granddaughters, Jessie's children. There is a brand new little boy there now, and the little girls are staying with us till their little brother gets acquainted. Before long I will have to brush up my old baby songs again and sing that boy to sleep. They keep on working me as long as I last. When I die I reckon the women will build a monument to me and say on it:

"He was a faithful husband and father. He nursed the children and grandchildren as long as he lasted."

—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

CUTSIDE THE PRISON GATE.

A Few Kind Words That Changed the Life of a Discharged Convict.

The following is the substance of a true story recently told by a gentleman who had been one of the Prison Commissioners of the State of Connecticut:

"Some thirty years ago, when I was passing the State Prison at Wethersfield, I noticed the gate open and a man come out. The tears streamed from his eyes as he stood perplexed.

"'Where now, my friend?' I asked cheerfully.

"'I don't know, sir. I don't suppose any one wants me anywhere.'

"'I am walking to Hartford; come with me.'

"It was a warm day in early May. The poor convict opened his heart to his new acquaintance, and told him what had brought him to the penitentiary. It soon came out that the convict had made shoes in prison.

"'I think I know a man,' said the gentleman, 'who will hire you in his factory, and if I were in your place I would not lisp a word about having been in prison.'

"'You have been kind,' said the released prisoner, turning away with quivering lips; 'I must say good-by, I cannot longer live and lie. I promised God last night in my cell that when I came out I would be an upright man and take the consequences, and I will keep my word.'

"'Forgive me for tempting you at the outset,' I said. 'Come on.'

"I saw my friend, the manufacturer, and told him the whole story. He had a little talk with my man and made a bargain with him. That night, just as the shop was about to close, we three went into the workroom.

"'Here is a poor fellow who was discharged from State Prison this morning,' said the proprietor. 'I am going to give him a start in life by taking him into the shop; he begins work to-morrow.'

"There were indignant glances among the men, and one spoke up hastily:

"'I shall leave is he stays! I will not work with a jailbird!'

"'Very well,' said the employer. 'Any one who wishes to leave will have a bill of his time in the morning.'

"Only the one man who had objected left:

"Ten years later the 'jailbird' was the owner of that manufactory and the man who would not work with him was one of his journeymen.

"That former convict is now a State Senator in one of the New England Legislatures. He said to me to-day:

"'I tremble when I think of what the result might have been had an evil man instead of a good friend met me outside of the prison door.'"

—Youth's Companion.

Cost of "Running" Gibraltar.

There are over a thousand large cannon on the rock. Go in what direction you will—north, east, south, west, back or front, to the right or the left—you will find guns, guns, guns. So regular are they in places that they seem like monstrous pins projecting from a paper. The Line Wall is an appalling mass of masonry, two miles long, relieved by projecting bastions. There are two great guns, 100 tons each. The balls that they send eight miles on their messages of death weigh 2000 pounds each, and have to be lifted up to the mouth of the gun by machinery. A man could indeed sleep very comfortably in one of these cannons, so far as the question of mere space is concerned.

Back of the town are the batteries rising like grim iron sentries over the little terraced rows of houses on the hillside, each row seeming to be on an elevation of its own. To keep the garrison costs about a million and a quarter dollars a year, though this does not take in the money spent on improvements in fortifications, the building of new defenses, etc.—The Ledger Monthly.

There are thirty-nine miles of books in the British museum.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

No fuel, no fire.

While there's hope there's life.

Simplicity is the sign of seriousness.

The use of the arrow depends on the aim.

Nothing is more profitable than preparation.

The shadow may be the price we pay for the sunshine.

When ability meets opportunity the road of duty is plain.

Your promotion cannot be measured by your locomotion.

It takes the hammer of practice to drive in the nails of precept.

The best things will be but stuff to the man who only seeks the stuff.

He who is only passively willing to do right will find himself actively wishing to do wrong.

The majesty of a man cannot be measured till he is seen standing in a magnificent minority.—Ram's Horn.

WATER PURIFIED BY OZONE.

Moscow's Successful Plan for Keeping Down Infectious Disease Germs.

A new method of sterilizing a city's water supply is being successfully operated in Russia and it was described at the annual meeting of the American Association of Water Works Engineers recently held here, in a paper forwarded by Nicholas Simin, chief engineer of the city of Moscow, where the system has been adopted and according to M. Simin is universally commended.

The plan is to sterilize the water by the introduction of ozonized air and it is contended on its behalf that it destroys all the bacteria in the water and makes it at comparatively small cost absolutely safe for drinking purposes. So far, the system has not been adopted outside Russia, but M. Simin contends that in this country conditions are more favorable than anywhere else for its adoption, and he advocates its introduction here as tending to solve all problems in regard to contaminated water supplies.

The system is based upon the principles that ozone burns all organic matter with which it comes in contact in water, including bacteria and their vital products, that with water which has been freed previously of suspended matter the destruction of the bacteria is equally efficient, no matter how great may be the number, and that the pathogenic bacteria are among the first to be destroyed.

The purification of the water in this way is simply a development of and an improvement upon the ordinary aeration of water by means of atmospheric air. The air, before coming in contact with the water, is subjected to a series of electrical discharges which convert the oxygen from diatomic oxygen to tetratomic oxygen, which is ozone and is remarkable for its power of oxidizing organic matter including the bacteria in water. The cost is put at $6.25 for each million gallons, or in large plants even less.

Extensive experiments in the system have been made in France, Germany, Holland and Belgium. The necessary removal of suspended matter is accomplished by using a small quantity of coagulant for mere clarification. M. Simin says: Ozonization oxidizes not only the bacteria, but all organic matter. The water is rendered colorless, sparkling and odorless. It has an agreable and refreshing taste and there is introduced into it no foreign matter except oxygen, which of course, is beneficial.—New York Sun.

The House of Minos.

Discoveries in Crete seem likely rather to add to than detract from the mythical value of the stories of Minos, the law-giver, of the bull-headed Minotaur, of the 20 youths and virgins of Athens, of Ariadne and her ball of twine and of the hero Theseus who penetrated into the Labyrinth and slew the monster. Instead of being local variants of universal sun-myths, it is possible that all these persons lived and did much as the poets and story-tellers say. For the past two years Arthur J. Evans, an Englishman, who is at the head of the Cretan exploration fund, has been working on the site of ancient Knossos, and all that he has yet found is curiously corroborative of the ancient myths and legends. He has laid bare evidences of a civilization infinitely superior to that which existed at the same time on the Greek mainland. He has found relics of painting and sculpture which are far in advance of contemporary art in Egypt, and can be equalled only by that of the Periclean age which came 10 centuries later. He has discovered that linear writing was known and practised 700 years earlier than the first known historic writings. He has found evidences of a luxury and refinement which were at least equal to those of Egypt and Assyria at their most flowery periods; and all these things in the fabled Labyrinth, the House of the Double Axe, the Palace of Minos.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

"Can Do" Will Not Do.

Out of all the men of the First Chinese regiment—we trust it will also be the very last—that went to the front in north China, not more than 200 returned to Wei-hai-wei. Few casualties occurred among them, but the large majority of the rank and file, who had devoted themselves most industriously to the collection of loot simply deserted with this spoil. We regard this attempt to make soldiers out of the "can do" Chinese coolie as an experiment, and we earnestly advocate its early abandonment.—Hongkong Press.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Defeat of Oblivion—Though the Earth and All Thereon May Pass Away, Yet Every Soul Will Be Remembered in Heaven.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows how any one can be widely and forever recollected and cheers despondent Christian workers; texts, Job xxiv, 20, "He shall be no more remembered," and Psalms cxii, 6, "The righteous shall be in everlasting remembrance."

Of oblivion and its defeats I speak today. There is an old monster that swallows down everything. It crunches individuals, families, communities, States, nations, continents, hemispheres, worlds. Its diet is made up of years, of centuries, of ages, of cycles, of millenniums, of eons. That monster is called by Noah Webster and all the other dictionaries "Oblivion." It is a steep down which everything rolls. It is a conflagration in which everything is consumed. It is a dirge which all orchestras play and a period at which everything stops. It is the cemetery of the human race. It is the domain of forgetfulness. Oblivion! At times it throws a shadow over all of us, and I would not pronounce it to-day if I did not come armed in the strength of the eternal God on your behalf to attack it, to rout it, to demolish it.

Why, just look at the way the families of the earth disappear. For awhile they are together, inseparable and to each other indispensable, and then they part, some by marriage going to establish other homes, and some leave this life, and a century is long enough to plant a family, develop it, prosper it and obliterate it. So the generations vanish. Walk up Pennsylvania avenue, Washington; Broadway, New York; State street, Boston; Chestnut street, Philadelphia; the Strand, London; Princess street, Edinburgh; Champs Elysees, Paris; Unter den Linden, Berlin, and you will meet in this year 1901 not one person who walked there in the year 1801. What engulfment. All the ordinary efforts at perpetuation are dead failures. Walter Scott's Old Mortality may go round with his chisel to recut the faded epitaphs on tombstones, but Old Oblivions has a quicker chisel, with which he can cut out a thousand epitaphs while Old Mortality is cutting in one epitaph.

Call the roll of the armies of Baldwin I. or of Charles Martel or of Marlborough or of Mithridates or of Prince Frederick or of Cortes, and not one answer will you hear. Stand them in line and call the roll of the 1,000,000 men in the army of Thebes. Not one answer. Stand them in line, the 1,750,000 infantry and the 200,000 cavalry of the Assyrian army under Ninus, and call the roll. Not one answer. Stand in line the 1,000,000 men of Sesostris, the 1,200,000 men of Artaxerxes at Cunaxa, the 2,641,000 men under Xerxes at Thermopylae and call the long roll. Not one answer. At the opening of our Civil War the men of the Northern and Southern armies were told that if they fell in battle their names would never be forgotten by their country. Out of the million men who fell in battle or died in military hospitals you cannot call the names of a thousand, nor the names of 500, nor the names of 100, nor the names of fifty.

Oblivion! The world itself will roll into it as easily as a schoolboy's rubber ball rolls down a hill, and when our world goes it is so interlocked by the law of gravitation with other worlds that they will go, too, and so far from having our memory perpetuated by a monument of Aberdeen granite in this world there is no world in sight of our strongest telescope that will be a sure pediment for any slab of commemoration of the fact that we ever lived or died at all. Our earth is struck with death. The axeltree of the constellations will break and let down the populations of other worlds. Stellar, lunar, solar mortality. Oblivion! It can swallow and will swallow whole galaxies of worlds as easily as a crocodile takes down a frog.

Yet oblivion does not remove or swallow anything that had better not be removed or swallowed. The old monster is welcome to his meal. This world would long ago have been overcrowded if not for the merciful removal of nations and generations. What if all the books had lived that were ever written and printed and published? The libraries would by their immensity have obstructed intelligence and made all research impossible.

What if all the people that had been born were still alive? We would have been elbowed by our ancestors of ten centuries ago, and people who ought to have said their last word 3000 years ago would snarl at us, saying, "What are you doing here?" There would have been no room to turn around. Some of the past generations of mankind are not worth remembering. The first useful thing that many people did was to die; their cradle a misfortune and their grave a boon.

In all the Pantheon the weakest goddess is Clio, the goddess of history, and instead of being represented by sculptors as holding a scroll might better be represented as limping on crutches. Faithful history is the saving of a few things out of more things lost. The immortality that comes from pomp of obsequies or granite shaft or building named after its founder or page of recognition in some encyclopedia is an immortality unworthy of one's ambition, for it will cease and is no immortality at all.

Oblivion! A hundred years. But while I recognize this universal submergence of things earthly, who wants to be forgotten? Not one of us. Absent for a few weeks or months from home it cheers us to know that we are remembered there. It is a phrase we have all pronounced, "I hope you missed me." Meeting some friends from whom we have been parted many years we inquire, "Did you ever see me before?" And they say, "Yes," and call us by name, and we feels a delightful sensation thrilling through their hand into our hand and running up from elbow to shoulder and then parting, the one current of delight ascending to the brow and the other descending to the foot, moving round and round in concentric circles until every nerve and muscle and capacity of body and mind and soul is permeated with delight.

Now, I have to tell you that this oblivion of which I have spoken has its defeats, and there is no more reason why we should not be distinctly and vividly and gloriously remembered five hundred million billion trillion quadrillion quintillion years from now than that we should be remembered six weeks. I am going to tell you how the thing can be done and will be done.

We may build this "everlasting remembrance," as my text styles it, into the supernal existence of those to whom we do kindnesses in this world. You must remember that this infirm and treacherous faculty which we now call memory is in the future state to be complete and perfect. "Everlasting remembrance!" Nothing will slip the stout grip of that celestial faculty.

Did you help a widow pay her rent? Did you find for that man released from prison a place to get honest work? Did you pick up a child, fallen on the curbstone, and by a stick of candy put in his hand stop the hurt on his scratched knee? Did you assure a business man, swamped by the stringency of the money market, that times would after awhile be better? Did you lead a Magdalen of the street into a midnight mission, where the Lord said to her: "Neither do I condemn thee. Go and sin no more!" Did you tell a man, clear discouraged in his waywardness and hopeless and plotting suicide, that for him was nearby a lover, in which he might wash and a coronet of eternal blessedness he might wear?

What are epitaphs in graveyards, what are eulogiums in presence of those whose breath is in their nostrils, what are unread biographies in the alcoves of a city library, compared with the imperishable records you have made in the illumined memories of those to whom you did such kindnesses? Forget them? They cannot forget them. Notwithstanding all their might and splendor, there are some things the glorified of heaven cannot do, and this is one of them.

They cannot forget an earthly kindness done. They have not cutlass to part that cable. They have no strength to hurl into oblivion that benefaction. Has Paul forgotten the inhabitants of Malta, who extended the island hospitality when he and others with him had felt, added to a shipwreck, the drenching rain and the sharp cold? Has the victim of the highwayman on the road to Jericho forgotten the good Samaritan with a medicament of oil and wine and a free ride to the hostelry? Have the English soldiers who went up to God from the Crimean battlefields forgotten Florence Nightingale?

It is not half as well on earth known that Christopher Wren planned and built St. Paul's as it will be known in all heaven that you were the instrumentality of building a temple for the sky. We teach a Sabbath class, or put a Christian tract in the hand of a passer-by, or testify for Christ in a prayer meeting, or preach a sermon and go home discouraged, as though nothing had been accomplished, when we had been character building with a material that no frost or earthquake or rolling of the centuries can damage or bring down.

Another defeat of Oblivion will be found in the character of those whom we rescue, uplift or save. Character is eternal. Suppose by a right influence we aid in transforming a bad man into a good man, a dolorous man into a happy man, a disheartened man into a courageous man, every stroke of that work done will be immortalized. There may never be so much as one line in a newspaper regarding it or no mortal tongue may ever whisper it into human ear, but wherever that soul shall go your work upon it shall go, wherever that soul rises your work on it will rise, and so long as that soul will last your work on it will last. Do you suppose there will ever come such an idiotic lapse in the history of that soul in heaven that it shall forget that you invited him to Christ; that you, by prayer or gospel work, turned him round from the wrong way to the right way? No such insanity will ever smite a heavenly citizen.

Oh, this character building! The structure lasting independent of passing centuries, independent of crumbling mausoleums, independent of the whole planetary system. Aye, if the material universe, which seems all bound together like one piece of machinery, should some day meet with an accident that should send worlds crashing into each other like telescoped railway trains, and all the wheels of constellations and galaxies should stop, and down into one chasm of immensity all the suns and moons and stars should tumble like the midnight express at Ashtabula, that would not touch us and would not hurt God, for God is a spirit, and character and memory are immortal, and over that grave of a wrecked material universe might truthfully be written, "The righteous shall be held in everlasting remembrance." O time, we defy thee! O death, we stamp thee in the dust of thine own sepulchers! O eternity, roll on till the last star has stopped rotating and the last sun is extinguished on the sapphire pathway, and the last moon has illumined the last night, and as many years have passed as all the scribes that ever took pen could describe by as many figures as they could write in all the centuries of all time, but thou shalt have no power to efface from any soul in glory the memory of anything we have done to bring it to God and heaven!

There is another and a more complete defeat for oblivion, and that is in the heart of God Himself. You have seen a sailor roll up his sleeve and show you his arm tattooed with the figure of a favorite ship, perhaps the first one in which he ever sailed. You have seen a soldier roll up his sleeve and show his arm tattooed with the figure of a fortress where he was garrisoned or the face of a great general under whom he fought. You have seen many a hand tattooed with the face of a loved one before or after marriage. This custom of tattooing is almost as old as the world. It is some colored liquid punctured into the flesh so indelibly that nothing can wash it out. It may have been there fifty years, but when the man goes into his coffin that picture will go with him on hand or arm. Now, God says that He has tattooed us upon His hands. There can be no other meaning in the forty-ninth chapter of Isaiah, where God says, "Behold, I have graven thee on the palms of My hands." It was as much as to say, "I cannot open My hand to help but I think of you. I cannot spread abroad My hands to bless but I think of you. Wherever I go up or down the heavens I take these two pictures of you with Me. They are so inwrought into My being that I cannot lose them. As long as My hands last the memory of you will last. Not on the back of My hands, as though to announce you to others, but on the palms of My hands for Myself to look at and study and love. Though I hold the winds in My fist, no cyclone shall uproot the inscription of your name and your face, and though I hold the ocean in the hollow of My hand its billowing shall not wash out the record of My remembrance. 'Behold, I have graven thee on the palms of My hands.'"

What joy, what honor, can there be comparable to that of being remembered by the mightiest and most affectionate being in the universe? Think of it—to hold an everlasting place in the heart of God! The heart of God! The most beautiful palace in the universe. Let the archangel build some palace as grand as that if he can. Let him crumble up all the stars of yesternight and to-morrow night and put them together as mosaics for such a palace floor. Let him take all the sunrises and sunsets of all the days and the auroras of all the nights and hang them as upholstery at its windows. Let him take all the rivers and all the lakes and all the oceans and toss them into the fountains of this palace court.

Oh, where is oblivion now? From the dark and overshadowing word that it seemed when I began it has become something which no man or woman or child who loves the Lord need ever fear. Oblivion defeated. Oblivion dead. Oblivion sepulchered. But I must not be so hard on that devouring monster, for into its grave go all our sins when the Lord for Christ's sake has forgiven them. Just blow a resurrection trumpet over them when once oblivion has snapped them down. Not one of them rises. Blow again. Not a stir amid all the pardoned iniquities of a lifetime. Blow again! Not one of them moves in the deep grave trenches. But to this powerless resurrection trumpet a voice responds half human, half divine, and it must be part man and part God, saying, "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more." Thank God for this blessed oblivion. So you see I did not invite you down into a cellar, but up on a throne; not into the graveyard to which all materialism is destined, but into a garden all abloom with everlasting remembrance. The frown of my first text has become the kiss of the second text. Annihilation has become coronation. The wringing hands of a great agony have become the clapping hands of a great joy. The requiem with which we began has become the grand march with which we close. The tear of sadness that rolled down our cheek has struck the lip on which sits the laughter of eternal triumph.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR OCTOBER 13.

Subject: Joseph in Prison. Gen. 39 to 41. 14—Golden Text Gen. 41. 21—Memory Verses, 21, 22. Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—The history of Joseph as recorded in the Bible, is of unique beauty. So simple that a child may understand it, yet in its simplicity so beautiful that no uninspired hand can embellish it. Modern writers would fill volume in recording what Moses puts within the compass of a few chapters. Joseph appears in the life of Israel.

20. "Into the prison." The word implies an edifice, or portion of the royal mansion, mostly subterranean, in which the roof or vault rising nearly from the surface of the ground, round, or shaped like an inverted egg. In chapter 41. 14 it is called "dungeon." Such dungeons are in similar circumstances used. His imprisonment must have been severe at first. In Psalm 105. 18 we read that they hurt his feet with fetters, he was laid in iron. But God blessed him, and it was not long before he had many favors shown him there. Joseph was in prison three years.

21. "The Lord was with him." "This is an example of the strength of God's consolations in the worst of ills. Joseph had power within his soul enabled him to press forward, and it was very dark before him. The pine seemed severe, he was no martyr. But he learned to trust God with gladness of heart he goes to persecution and imprisonment. The eye was upon him, and no weapon against him prospered. He knew right and made the best of everything.

22. "Keeper of the prison." An officer who was charged with the discipline of the prison. "Committed Joseph's hand." We see here the nature of human influence. It is an influence of rank, but of character. In all men equal in rank to-day and to-morrow there will be found those who acquired influence over the others. The prisoners were all in the same rank, but very soon Joseph's character gave him influence.

23. "Because the Lord," etc. The reason of his influence was the favor of God with him. Just so far as a man is Christlike will he have influence. Wisdom and virtue will shine in the narrowest cell. A good man will do good wherever he is and will be a blessing even in banishments, for the Spirit of the Lord is not bound or banished.

1. "The butler." The cupbearer, overseer of the wine-making and drinking and serving, an important officer of the king. "Baker." This was another officer in trust of the king's bread and baking, and his post was one of high honor because they who had charge of the food of the king might easily poison him. "Had offended." High places are dangerous places.

3. "In the house." The state prison was in connection with Potiphar's residence. See on verse 20.

4. "Charged Joseph," etc. The captain of the guard himself, who was Potiphar, charged Joseph with them, which intimates that he began now to be respected by him, and perhaps to be convinced of his innocence. "He served them." He waited upon them. So long as God was with him Joseph will shine even in the dungeon. Pharaoh's officers are sent to witness his graces, which he is not permitted to come forth to show.

5. "Each man—in one night." This shows that the dreams were of the night. While our ordinary dreams have no special significance, yet it can not be doubted that God has in many cases, especially in early times, spoken in dreams. "Differing to the interpretation." The expression is intended to show that the dreams were not meaningless, but suited to each man's case and capable of a sound interpretation.

6. "Sad." They were sure their dreams had more than an ordinary meaning.

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11. "Pressed them." From this we learn that wine anciently was the juice of the grape, without fermentation. The cupbearer took the bunch, pressed the juice into the cup, and immediately delivered it into the hands of his master.

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Joseph also interpreted the dream of the baker. Vs. 16-19. On the third day after this Pharaoh made a great feast, and the butler was restored to his office and the baker was hanged. Joseph had interpreted to the butler, however, forcast Joseph's release. It is supposed that Joseph had at this time been in prison one year, and he must wait two full years" yet before God's time for his release. Joseph knew the fate of the butler and baker, but his future was wisely hidden from him. He must walk by faith and not by sight.

It seems to be a simple fact the Indian is dying out. The latest official figures show that in 1890 there were on the reservations in the United States as against 207,965 in 1900, 243,524 in 1890. The number on reservations, however, increased from 162,000 in 1890 to 172,000 in 1900 and 121,695 last year.

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Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs. Wm. Eddy, Bloomington, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

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Each package of Dr. Kay's Lavender Rose sweet more than any other kind. Try them.

The fellow who never pays his debts never gives anyone credit for being honest.

A woman can be fairly charming and not be beautiful.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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Am. N. U., No. 41, 1901.

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THE SABBATH SCHOOL

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A woman never quarrels with herself.

[illegible] Nervous Debility [illegible] Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer $2 trial bottle and treatise free to U. H. Kline, [illegible] Arch st., Phila. Pa.

[illegible] Jacks in his stock.

[illegible] wrap for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

[illegible] in some people.

[illegible] we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. Marks, [illegible] Feb. 10, 1900.

There is [illegible] between an [illegible].

Piso's Cure for Consumption [illegible] Druggists.

[illegible] Dyspepsia [illegible] Tablets [illegible] drug gists.

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An. N. U., No. 41. 1901.

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CARRIE NATION SYMPATHIZER KNOCKED OUT.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE'S NEW OFFICERS.

Czolgosz's Sentence—Two New States—Fraudulent Claims—Lipton—Diamond Dealer Suicides—Lumbermen to Meet.

A PREACHER SHOOTS.

John C. Brown was shot through the lung on the public square in Carbondale, Ill., Saturday by the Rev. Jos. McGammish, a Seventh Day Adventist minister, and died in forty minutes. Brown for some time has been very bitter against the preacher. He felt that McGammish was paying too much attention to Mrs. Brown. Brown told several people that he would kill McGammish before sundown. The threat reached the minister, he armed himself, and when Brown met him, McGammish shot him. The tragedy occurred during the busiest part of the day and the street was crowded. Brown leaves a widow and one child. McGammish has a wife and two children, considerable property and enjoys the respect of the community.

L. & N. OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the directors of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company held in New York, the following officers were elected: Milton H. Smith, president; Walker D. Hines, first vice-president; S. H. Elgar, second vice-president; W. J. Dickinson, third vice-president; J. H. Ellis, secretary; W. W. Thompson, treasurer. Mr. Hines has been filling the position of assistant chief counsel of the company. He is only 31 years old. The office of third vice-president was newly created. The road's earnings for the year ending June 30th were $28,022,206, an increase of $279,828. The total operating expenses were $18,233,033, a decrease of $70,378.

FOR COMMUTATION.

Governor Odell, of New York, declares he will not consider any petition for a commutation of Czolgosz's death sentence, but the Social Alliance of Boston is circulating a petition of this nature for signatures. The petition is a long one and says: "The motive is no sentimental sympathy, much less the upholding of any form of anarchism, but the belief that the ends of justice, the vindication of the law and the higher interests of civilization will be better served by this change in the form of penalty."

PRIEST CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

Rev. Father Charles J. Jungblud, Lizzie Nolan, his housekeeper, and a servant girl, all of Neillsville, Wis., were arrested Saturday, charged with assaulting Mary Prim, an orphan 11 years of age, who lived at the priest's house. It is alleged that the girl was whipped so severely and punished in other ways that her condition is considered very critical. The people of Neillsville are said to be very indignant.

WIRE CRUSHED THEM.

At Alpena, Mich., Saturday two men were killed and three injured by being crushed under heavy coils of wire at the Page Fence Company's warehouse. The men were pulling wire when a tier of coils toppled over upon them.

WANTS TO COME INTO UNION.

Governor Murphy, of Arizona, has issued a semi-official proclamation calling a statehood convention to convene in Phoenix on October 26. The Phoenix Board of Trade will appropriate funds to cover all the expenses of delegates to the conference. Gov. Murphy has accepted an invitation from Governor Otero, of New Mexico, to address a statehood convention at Albuquerque on October 14. It is understood that the two territories will cooperate in an effort to secure admission.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

Two electric cars on the Camden Inter-State railroad collided Saturday morning in a heavy fog at Huntington, W. Va. Leander Gilkerson, motorman, was probably fatally injured; Charles Wade and Charles W. Dea, mortormen, were dangerously injured, as were several passengers.

MEMPHIS' issue of $250,000 park bonds have been sold at par.

THE LAW PROTECTS 'EM.

The Kansas supreme court has reaffirmed the judgment of the district court of Shawnee county in the case against Balfe Stark. Stark was one of Carrie Nation's assistants in joint smashing. After one of their raids Stark was fined $25 and costs. He appealed to the supreme court, claiming that a saloon being under the ban of the law, might be destroyed by any citizen without violation of the law. The court says: "All places where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, are declared by statute to be common nuisances. This fact, however, does not justify their abatement by any person or persons without process of law. They can be abated only by a prosecution instituted in behalf of the public by the proper officers. The destruction and injury to such property except in the manner provided by the statute, is a trespass."

"JOE WHEELER, JR."

The actions of a young man who for the past few days has been masquerading under the name of Joseph Wheeler, Jr., United States army, are engaging the attention of the Boston police. It appears the young man registered at a leading hotel and from there sent notes to various business men asking for loans of money. The extent of this operation has not been learned. The hotel clerk missed him and an investigation showed that he was not the son of the famous United States army general, as he claimed to be. Then the police were put on his trail.

LIPTON IN CHICAGO.

One of the principal features of the reception and banquet in honor of Sir Thomas Lipton being arranged by the Chicago Athletic Club will be the presentation of a handsome souvenir that will be designed with the view of making a testimonial of his visit that will be of permanent and constant value to Sir Thomas. The memento will not be a loving cup, but some article that will accompany Sir Thomas and remind him of the Chicago Athletic Association wherever he travels.

JEWELER SUICIDES.

With $5,000 worth of diamonds in his possession, D. W. Dickie, a jeweler, committed suicide Saturday night near the Grant monument in Lincoln Park, Chicago. A park policeman heard a pistol shot in the direction of the monument, and, after searching for twenty minutes in the darkness, came upon the body of Dickie lying upon a bench just south of the statue. Dickie was about 55 years of age. Little could be learned about him.

TOBACCO ASSOCIATION.

The National Tobacco Association was organized at Richmond, Va., Wednesday. The objects of the association are stated to be self-protection, to provide ways and means for general warfare in matters affecting insurance, statistics, export trade and the introduction of American tobacco into foreign countries.

THE Baltimore Sun, which has long resisted the idea of publishing a Sunday edition, has finally succumbed to the popular demands and appeared on October 6.

MORMONS have begun a revival in London, and are holding meetings under the direction of Apostle Francis M. Lyman. At a concert Saturday Miss Emma Gates, a granddaughter of Brigham Young, who has been studying music in Berlin, made her debut.

LUMBER CONVENTION.

New Orleans, October 3.—A call has been issued by officials of the various organizations of lumbermen for a convention of all those interested in the lumber business in the states of Tennessee, North and South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas to meet in New Orleans on Thursday, October 17, to discuss the best methods of organizing associations in those states into having them and devising means of enlarging the field of work of those already in operation.

TOO MUCH RAIN.

In Managua, Nicaragua, religious processions are being held and prayers are being offered for the cessation of the excessive rains now falling and that there may not be a repetition of the great flood of twenty-five years ago in Western Nicaragua.

THE democrats of Massachusetts have nominated Josiah Quincy for governor.

A Remarkable Story.

An article in La Science pour Tout, informs us that a Chilian botanist has discovered a plant that coughs when the slightest particle of dust alights on the surface of one of its leaves. Strange as this may seem, it is not at all, for upon sufficient provocation it appears the leaf of this same plant turns red and spasmodic tremors pass over it in sucession, while it gives out a sound precisely like sneezing. The so-called respiration of plants is well known to botanists, but when it comes to coughing, blushing and sneezing it would seem that a special examination should be made both of the plant and the botanist reporting the phenomena.

Stayed in Bed 36 Years.

John Bond, a negro at Dublin, Ind., died the other day at the age of 79. Thirty-six years ago, when his mother was about to sell the family farm, he vowed that if the farm were sold he would take to his bed, where he would stay until he grew white. That period in his life was never reached. The farm was sold, and he kept his vow. He never required the assistance of a physician, and was even carried in his bed to the polls to vote until the Australian system came into use. Then he refused to vote at all. His faithful sisters cared for him throughout the many long years.

From Standing Grain to Loaf.

A Great Bend (Kan.) correspondent of the Kansas City Journal writes: "Standing wheat in the field at noon today, harvested, threshed, ground into flour, baked into bread in large quantities by a bakery and sold around town for 6 o'clock supper was a record-breaker in this county this afternoon, in quickness of conversion of standing wheat in the field to the bread plate. A combined harvester and thresher is doing work in California style near town. Several bushels were taken to the Moses Mill and Elevator company, ground into flour, thence the flour went to the Moore bakery, was made into bread, baked and offered for sale in quantities.

A Remarkable Book.

The most remarkable book in the world, so far as appearance is concerned, is neither written nor printed. It is in the imperial library of Paris, and the letters are cut out of tissue paper with a pair of scissors. A sheet of blue tissue, in which the letters are cut, is placed between two pages of white, and so the matter is read.

Pocahontas is described as having features as regular as those of an European woman. She is also said to have had a lighter complexion than usual among Indians.

Mrs. Emma E. Felch, Treasurer Fond du Lac, Wis., Social Economic Club, Tells How She was Cured of Irregular and Painful Menstruation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for irregular and painful menstruation, and was entirely cured after using two bottles. I can truly say it is a boon to suffering women, and I would recommend all suffering from the above troubles to try a few bottles and be cured. Very thankfully yours, EMMA E. FELCH, Division St., Fond du Lac, Wis."

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

No other medicine for female ills in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Sozodont

Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont - - - - 25c.
Sozodont Tooth Powder - 25c.
Large Liquid and Powder - 75c.
All stores or by mail for the price. Sample for the postage, 3c.

25c.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50
UNITED MADE.

For More Than a Quarter of a Century The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellence has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes, because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5 and $6 shoes and are just as good.

Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cts. additional for carriage. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal $6 and $7 custom made shoes, in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown on model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium, or light soles. A fit guaranteed. Try a pair.

Fast Color Eyelets used.
Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

THE PEOPLE

Always render a true verdict. They have tried

LIVERINA

and pronounce it a Perfect Laxative and Liver Medicine. READER:-Have you tried it? Your money back if it fails to do the work.

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Proprietors, Montgomery, Ala.

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Moccasin Spring, Mo., Aug. 23rd, 1900.
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—I have used your Strengthening Cordial for about one year, and I find it to be a good Strengthener and Blood Purifier. I can recommend it to all.

Yours truly, G. W. Hand.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c | God does not pay weekly, but pays at the end. | **SOZODONT** for the TEETH 25c

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10 cents. 10 cents.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

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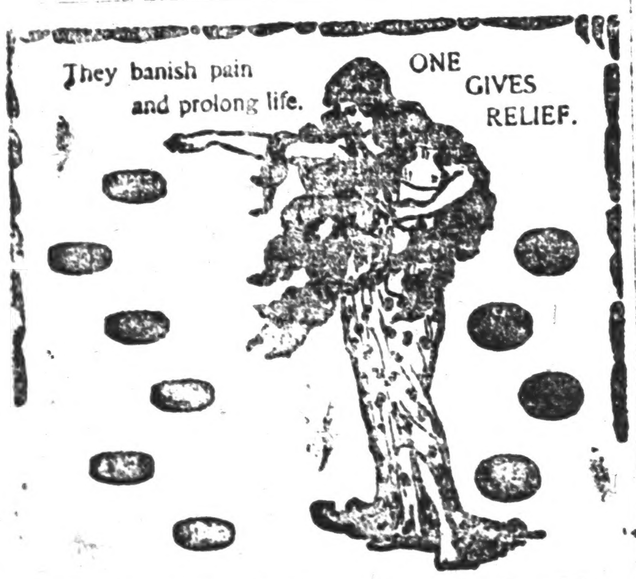
CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	50c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ x 3½ Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

The O. K. Lunch Counter

MEALS AND LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS AT POPULAR PRICES

Fish and Oysters during the Season

I pay highest market price for Chickens and Eggs.

LUNCHES PUT UP FOR TRAVELERS

THE O. K. LUNCH COUNTER
NEXT TO THE RAILROAD, CLANTON
W. H. STACY, Proprietor.

MOTHERHOOD

The greatest ambition of American men and women is to have homes blessed with children. The woman afflicted with female disease is constantly menaced with becoming a childless wife. No medicine can restore dead organs, but Wine of Cardui does regulate derangements that prevent conception; does prevent miscarriage; does restore weak functions and shattered nerves and does bring babies to homes barren and desolate for years. Wine of Cardui gives women the health and strength to bear healthy children. You can get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your dealer.

WINE OF CARDUI

143 Market Street,
Memphis, Tenn., April 14, 1901.
In February, 1901, I took one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. I had been married fifteen years and had never given birth to a child until I took Wine of Cardui. Now I am mother of a fine baby girl which was born March 31, 1901. The baby weighs fourteen pounds and I feel as well as any person could feel. Now my home is happy and I never will be without Wine of Cardui in my house again. Mrs. J. W. C. SMITH.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

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HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

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SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

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L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

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Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

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NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

GENERAL CONVENTION EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SAN FRANCISCO, California, October, 1901.

The Southern Pacific Co's "Sun Set Route" takes pleasure in announcing very low round trip rates from all Coupon Tickets Offices in this territory to San Francisco, Cal., account of the above occasion.

Tickets on sale September 18-26 inclusive.

Stop Overs are allowed on the going trip in Texas and West thereof provided, passengers reach San Francisco not later than October 2nd, and on the return trip at points West of Colorado Common Points, San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas, provided, passengers reach starting point within the extreme limit of the ticket, November 15, 1901.

The privilege of going one route and returning another will be allowed.

Particular attention is called to the "Convention Special," one of the finest trains in the world, from New Orleans through to California without change. This train carrying the equipment of the "Famous Sun Set Limited" Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars, especially arranged to carry the delegates and visitors to California, will leave New Orleans Wednesday, September 25th. Stops will be made at various interesting points enroute.

The following rates have been authorized from various points to San Francisco and return.

Anniston	$ 55.55
Attalla	$ 55.15
Birmingham, Selma, Decatur, Mobile, Montgomery and Tuskaloosa	$ 51.75
Eufaula	$ 56.55
Florence	$ 50.95
Huntsville	$ 53.20
Opelika	$ 55.70

Rates are open to all.

For further information call on or address GEO. W. ELY, T. P. A. "Sun Set Route," Montgomery, Ala.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

Benson	Beat 3		November
Maplesville	" 7		"
Shoults	" 7		"
Dixie	" 8		"
Valley Creek	" 8		"
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	"
Macedonia	" 3		"
Green Cofer's Gin	" 2	until 12 m.	"
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Providence	" 2		"
Elijah Busby's	" 2	until 12 m.	"
Cofer's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Mineral Springs	" 1		"
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m.	"
Strasburg	" 9		"
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m.	"
Flint Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p. m.	"
Providence	" 5		"
Burnell	" 5		"
Coopers	" 5		"
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	"
Clantonford	" 8		"
Pletcher	" 8		"
Kincheon	" 6		"
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		"
James Maddox Gin	" 4		"
Jemison	" 2		Dec. 24
Thorsby	" 9		"
Mountain Creek	" 5		"
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	" 24
Clanton	" 4		"

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

GRANDMA WANTS TO KNOW

THE STATE ELECTION WILL BE HELD NOV. 4, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Each Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH.	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in your order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND BEST GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1			
2			
3			

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Cash Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901.

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official election returns are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no checks. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

VOL. IX

Maplesville.

[illegible] Mr. Hambrick [illegible] N. A. Goodwyn is with [illegible] Mrs. R. D. [illegible] two birds with [illegible] by visiting her brother [illegible] Kelly, and taking in the [illegible] fair.

[illegible] Aired & Calloway had [illegible] fortune to have their store [illegible] into and $100 worth of [illegible] stolen. No clue can be [illegible] to this outrageous robbery. [illegible] some circumstances some [illegible] hands, who were passing [illegible] are suspected.

[illegible] O. Glover and Joe Hicks [illegible] visited their friend W. Brand, [illegible] Randolph.

[illegible] Berry of Orville is now [illegible] her sister, Mrs. T. U. Crump. [illegible] Congratulations would be [illegible] heartilly offered T. U. [illegible] and wife on the late [illegible] of their beautiful little daughter. [illegible] it been a son. We regret [illegible] so good a name in the sex, [illegible] hope she may ever bear as [illegible] a name as now.

[illegible] special request of our colored [illegible] Rev. Mack Saddler and [illegible] Harris, we thank our white [illegible] for their liberal patronage [illegible] very enjoyable barbecue on [illegible] last. They were highly [illegible] with the financial success, [illegible] netted $15.00. Our colored [illegible] are in good spirits gathering [illegible] their crops, for which we have [illegible] delightful weather.

SUBSCRIBER.

[illegible] happen to the most [illegible] as well as the thoughtless. [illegible] prepared for them. Keep a bottle [illegible] Dr. Bigelow's Antiseptic con[illegible] Only 50c. by all druggists.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama, [illegible] County. In Probate Court. [illegible] virtue of the mandate [illegible] commission issued out of [illegible] Court of said County, [illegible] the undersigned to sell for [illegible] and all the right, title [illegible] Flint, to Bond, to all parties [illegible] the following described [illegible] said county to [illegible] Township 21 [illegible] Friday, the 25th [illegible] in front of the [illegible] Clanton, Alabama, [illegible] of October, 1901. [illegible] B. Evans, Commissioner.

Mortgage Sale.

[illegible] virtue of the power of [illegible] contained in a mortgage executed [illegible] J. R. Roberts and his wife, Sarah [illegible] to J. N. Johnson, on the 3rd [illegible] March, 1899, to secure an indebtedness [illegible] said Johnson to said Roberts [illegible] the sum of $350, which said [illegible] was recorded in Volume A, on [illegible] of the Book of Mortgages in [illegible] of the Judge of Probate of [illegible] County, Alabama, on the 23rd [illegible] 1899, and which said mortgage has been duly assigned to [illegible] A. Mullins, the undersigned, [illegible] default having been made in the payment [illegible] said I, said Roberts A. [illegible] will proceed to sell the lands [illegible] said mortgage, to wit: [illegible] of the sw 1-4, and the nw [illegible] of Section 19, Township [illegible] Range 13, situated in Chilton [illegible] Alabama, to the highest bidder, [illegible] the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, [illegible] DAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901, [illegible] be made on said premises, [illegible] said debt.

[illegible] day of October, 1901.

[illegible] A. MULLINS, Assignee.
[illegible] MULLINS,
Attorney for Assignee.

RESTAURANT.

[illegible] public is informed that [illegible] refurnished and made [illegible] to my restaurant. [illegible] prepared to furnish [illegible] at all times in the best [illegible] short notice.

[illegible] OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
[illegible] R. R. DEPOT,
CLANTON.

NOTICE

AND COLLECTOR'S

d Round

owing times and places for the purpose
unty taxes of Chilton county for the
xes for the year 1901:

			1901
Beat 3		November	4
" 7		"	5
" 7		"	6
" 8		"	7
" 8		"	8
" 8	until 12 m.	"	9
" 3		"	11
" 2	until 12 m.	"	12
" 2	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"	13
" 2		"	13
" 2	until 12 m.	"	14
" 1	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"	14
" 1		"	15
" 1	until 12 m.	"	16
" 9		"	18
" 4	until 12 m.	"	19
" 4	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"	19
" 5		"	20
" 5		"	21
" 5		"	22
" 6	until 12 m.	"	23
" 8		"	25
" 8		"	26
" 6		"	27
" 6		"	28
" 4		"	29
" 2		Dec.	2 & 3
" 9		"	
" 5		"	4
" 5	until 12 m.	"	6 & 7
" 4		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

last ten days of the year, commencing
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

EN AWAY

ONE BEST GUESS

est Guess	$300.00 Cash
Best Guess	60.00 Cash
Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
Best Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
ND TOTAL GUESS	$300.00

kly Advertiser

ov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess
New Constitution. Subscribers who are
moved from date of expiration of present
sing sending in your order whether your

WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
OR OR AGAINST.

TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST

the amount of $

the Best Guess!
ed November 10th, 1901.
Co. within ten days after official election
ly subscriber has one guess FREE.
express order or draft. Send no checks.

, Montgomery, Ala.
WHERE.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

L. IX CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY OCTOBER 17, 1901 NO. 12

Maplesville.

Cousin Dunlap has de-
lighted with a visit.
good natured friend, Mr.
has been in our midst
ing many days" without ar-
Miss Russell and Hill of
place lately been to Selma
Hanna has been visiting
Mrs. Claughton.
Sewell's family have re-
from their old home in New
improved.
Joe Hamilton has been quite ill,
are pleased to state he is
with Dr. Claughton
Mr. Joe Adams attend-
church and visited
sick son. Mrs Har-
Mrs. Pegan have visited
here. Mr. Hambrick.
N. A. Goodwyn is with
in Selma. Mrs. R. D.
killing two birds with
by visiting her brother,
Kelly, and taking in the
fair.
Aged & Calloway had
misfortune to have their store
into and $100 worth of
stolen. No clue can be
this outrageous robbery,
some circumstances some
hands, who were passing
suspected.
O. Gover and Joe Hicks
friend W. Brand,
Sow of Orville is now
Mrs. T. U. Crump-
Congratulations would be
offered T. U.
and wife on the late ar-
their beautiful little daugh-
a son. We regret
good a name in the sex,
she may ever bear so
name as now.
request of our colored
Rev. Slack Saddler and
we thank our white
for their liberal patronage
enjoyable barbecue on
They were highly
the financial success,
netted $15.08. Our colored
are in good spirits gather-
crops, for which we have
weather.

SUBSCRIBER.

happen to the most
as the thoughtless,
for them. Keep a bot-
Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic con-
Only 50c. by all druggists.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Alabama,
Chilton County, In Probate Court.
By virtue of the mandate
commission issued out of
Court of Chilton County, Ala-
the undersigned, as Commis-
will on the 16th day
November, 1901, sell at public
to the highest bidder, all parties
the following described
situated in said county to
Section 16, township 21
Range 13 East, to be for cash
Friday, the 25th
at the front door of the
Court House in Clanton, Ala'ama.
Terms of sale, cash.
E. B. Finney, Commissioner.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the power of
contained in a mortgage executed
J. Roberts and his wife, Sarah
to J. J. Johnson, on the 30th
March, 1899, to secure an indebt-
said J. Johnson to said Roberts
in the sum of $150, which said
was duly recorded in Volume 5, on
of the Book of Mortgages in
of the Judge of Probate of
County, Alabama, on the 23rd
1899, and which said mort-
duly assigned to
the undersigned;
default has been made in the pay-
said Roberta A.
with interest thereon, and the lands
by said mortgage, to wit:
of the sw ¼ and the nw
of section 16, Township
Range 13, situated in Chilton
Alabama, to the highest bidder,
at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon,
DAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901,
to be made on said premises,
said debt
day of October, 1901.
A. Mullins, Assignee.
Mullins,
Attorney for Assignee.

RESTAURANT.

Public is informed that
refurnished and made
to my restaurant,
prepared to furnish
all times in the best
short notice.
OYSTERS EVERY DAY.
W. H. STACY,
Depot,
CLANTON.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Clanton, Ala. Oct. 15, 1901

The new constitution. What is it? Is it the thing that those who favored the convention said it would be? They pledged their honor that it would be the instrument that would free the State from the negro, and fraud at the ballot box. Will this be done if the proposed constitution is adopted by a vote of the people on the 11th day of November? I confess that I cannot see anything in this proposed new constitution that will guarantee to the people any such state of things; but to the contrary every young negro that can read and write can register and vote but the old slaves, the very best class of negroes, can't vote and we are placed in a position of enfranchising the most vicious class of the negro, and disfranchising the old negro who, as a class, are not charged with any crime, but were our slaves and were faithful, as a rule, to every interest of our homes in the late war. I will not argue the question, I only mention it that the people may think of the discrimination between the two classes of negroes and in order that we may, as the rulers, seriously ponder in our hearts the justice to all human beings that is involved in this question. There is one more thought that I will mention, and that is the appointment of three men in each county, all three to be of the same political party, who will be clothed with authority and power to pass on the qualification of of voters. The convention ignored an amendment proposed by Governor Oates which provided that not more than two of these registrars should be of the same political party. Why did the convention do that? Was it not the safeguard that the law in all the states has placed around the ballot box? And could there have possibly been any danger to the people in having at least one man on that board of the opposite political views to that of the dominant party? I can see none, but I think that I can see at least a possibility for that board to pass as qualified those who are of their political persuasion, and to reject those who may not think as they do. I will be charitable and hope that if this constitution is accepted that it will never come, but by way of warning I will say that those who are appointed as registrars should be just towards the people, for if the power that is vested in them should be used for exercised to disfranchise men on account of their political views, it will in my judgment, be the means of more trouble in this country than the country ever experienced. The safe and sure thing for the people to do is to vote against the thing, and rid our people of the possibility of any such complications.

Where is the man that the old constitution has stood in his way? Where is the industry or enterprise in the State that the old constitution has stood in the way of its progress? The old constitution is the friend of education, and the friend of the individual man who may not have property to admit him to the polls and who may, as an honest man, dissent from the party in power. God forbid that we should ever put a premium on land or money and ignore true character and manhood. Let us stand by the old constitution, "the old ship that we know is safe."

TAXPAYER AND VOTER.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Three communications received Wednesday night when our space is all filled. If they reach us Tuesday we can use them, later we can't.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Pursuant to the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor of Alabama I hereby give notice that an election will be held at the several polling places in Chilton County, Alabama, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901.

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters the question of ratifying or rejecting the Constitution for the State of Alabama proposed by the Convention held in accordance with the act of the Legislature, approved December 11, 1900.

This 8th day of October, 1901.

MOSES KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to wit:

Beat 1—W. H. Conway, Ira Campbell, Walter Gray, Inspectors. J. W. Middlebrooks, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 1—W. H. Shaw, John Lowery, Geo R. Moore, Inspectors. L. A. McGraw, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 2—Green Cofer, Marion Honeycutt, J. H. Patton, Inspectors. A. D. Robinson, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 1—Clayton Edwards, W. A. Wood, Jasper Giles, Inspectors. Geo. W. Calloway, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 2—Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, J. C. Veazey, Inspectors. Jeff Glasscock, Returning Officer.

Beat 4—N. J. Calloway, J. F. Goodgame, W. J. Armstrong, Inspectors. M. A. Killgore, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, J. H. Vinson, Jesse Cox, Inspectors. G. W. Wilson, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 2—E. J. Jones, Jim Grant, Will Wells, Inspectors. Noah Duffey, Returning Officer.

Beat 6—R. L. Williams, Sr., A. T. Hathcock, A. C. Popwell, Inspectors. B. F. Dobbs, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, J. J. Letcher, T. U. Crumpton, Inspectors. W. Y. Nix, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 2—Jasper Gentry, Frank Green, Noah Latham, Inspectors. Charley Walker, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 1—T. G. Milling, W. M. Price, W. C. Dyer, Inspectors. Frank Johnson, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 2—R. P. Kendrick, J. H. Adams, W. H. Mills, Inspectors. Sear Harris, Returning Officer.

Beat 9—D. W. Heneyentty, Alfred Childress, Thos. Williams, Inspectors. D. H. Gentry, Returning Officer.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 8th day of October, 1901. M. A. KILLGORE Sheriff.

Is Your Life Worth 25 Cents?

Consumptives, we know that you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to be cured. Gooch's Mexican Syrup has cured thousands and it will cure you. Consumption is the result of the food material that should go to support the body and sustain life being absorbed and thrown off in tuberculous matter. To overcome this waste of vital force and restore the nourishment to the system in its natural course, is to cure. This is accomplished by Gooch's Mexican Syrup. It controls coughs, night sweats, spitting of blood, soreness in chest, inflamed throat and lungs, difficulty of breathing, heavy coughs accompanied with expectoration and parched lips. We know you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to save yourself. You can buy a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup for 25 cents. It cures a simple cough as if by magic, and is the best remedy for whooping cough.

For inflamed eyes, sore throat, sore mouth, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Pleasant to taste and smell and will give quick relief.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

S. S Convention Beat 1 & 2.

The Sunday school convention of Beats one and two met with Lexington church, September 29, 1901.

11 a.m. On motion the order of business was suspended and Rev. A. I. Vandiver delivered an address on education.

2 p.m. After singing and prayer Bro. E. W. Honeycutt and C. M. Northcutt addressed the convention on duties of the teachers to their class.

3. Election of officers was held. William Aldridge was elected President, W. H. Conway, vice-President, Miss Lizzie Lowery, Secretary and Treasurer. E. W. Honeycutt, C. M. Northcutt and Arch Glass were appointed by the President as a committee to arrange the program for the next meeting, to be held at Shiloh church, Saturday before the third Sunday in November.

3:30. What is the object of the convention, was discussed by A. H. Glass and J. B. Northcutt. Recitations by Misses Emma Honeycutt, Carrie Dorminy and Emma Lowery.

4. Balance of the day devoted to Bro. Ledy. LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, I. E. Z. Nix, Administrator debonis non of the Estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1901,

at 12 o'clock, noon, upon the following terms, to wit: One-third cash one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with sufficient security to secure the deferred payments, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to wit:

The South half of the South-east quarter, the South-east quarter of the South-South-west quarter, and the West half of the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter, Section 16; the North-east quarter and the South-west quarter of the South-east quarter, less three acres, Section 20; the North-west quarter, and West half of the North-east quarter, Section 21, containing five hundred and seventy-seven acres, more or less, situated in Township 22, Range 13, Chilton county, Alabama. E. Z. NIX,
Administrator debonis non.

DOWAS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

FREE TO THE BABIES.

The Eastern Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, will present to every baby, under one year of age, in this county, one solid silver baby spoon with the baby's given name engraved on same. You do not have to pay one cent nor buy anything to get this spoon. The Eastern Manufacturing Co. are large manufacturers and jobbers of jewelry and silverware, and have taken this method of advertising their goods. Instead of spending thousands of dollars for magazine advertising they have decided to give it away direct to consumers.

The undersigned firm has been made distributing agent for this locality. Bring your baby to their store and give its name and age and you will receive one of these beautiful silver spoons all engraved free of cost. This is not a cheap article, but solid silver of elegant design. Don't fail to look over the elegant line of The Eastern Manufacturing Co.'s goods on display at

D. I. DANCOUSE VERDINE.

WANTED.

FOR SALE—80 acres of land, half mile south of Pletcher station. Low price. Easy terms. Call on I. E. SAPPER, Thorsby, Ala.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application. J. M. JENKINS, Wetumpka, Ala.

PECAN and Elberta Peach Trees for sale. Local salesman wanted. S. W. PEEK, Hartwell, Ga.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to introduce the "hottest" seller on earth. Dr. White's Electric Comb, patented 1898. Agents are coining money. Cures all forms of scalp ailments, headaches, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb. Send 50c in stamps for sample. D. N. ROSS, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

It is a well-known fact that every man should work to his own interest. Then why not the farmer get the benefit of his own labor? Why not the farmer get his prices as well as the merchant? Simply because he does not look around and see what the market price is. He does not know where to go. He does not know that R. L. MARCUS will give more for Produce of all kinds and sell goods for less money than anybody in the city. One call will convince you. Respectfully, R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

HATCHECHUBBEE, ALA. June 30, 1875

Dr. C. J. MOFFETT—Dear Sir: I can assure you that your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) is indispensible to us, and in no single instance has it ever proved a failure. We have tried soothing medicines, and everything known to us and "old women," and your Teething Powders are pre-eminently a success and blessing to mothers and children. Yours truly, etc.

J. M. DELACY

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it ever fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A

$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correllated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue. E. Y. MCMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Harrison
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. S. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Cobern
8. John R. Parnell
9. W. A. Sims

Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live Stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

Full particulars furnished on application to

WALLACE C. EDLER, CLANTON, ALA.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Americans do not monopolize the practice of keeping the courts busy. It is published that in 1899 there were more than 1,125,000 actions started in England, making litigants of over 4 percent of the population.

The New York World says that we can smile at British jealousy of American trade triumphs, but when John Bull intimates that American ladies can't dance he'd better look out. There is such a thing as going too far.

For every man, woman and child in the country there is an average of two farm animals. There are about 40,000,000 each of sheep and swine, about 45,000,000 cows and other cattle, and about 16,000,000 horses and mules.

Dr. Mary Wooley, president of Mt. Holyoke college, says that "gentlewoman" should be a synonym of "college woman," and adds that "the sacrifice of gracious womanhood is far too great for knowledge and is not required."

Professor Ludwig Marlenburger of Chicago announces that the earth draws closer to the sun each succeeding summer and recedes farther away each winter. Though the exact measurements are not at hand, this condition of affairs has been suspected.

The skeleton spectre of famine again stalks abroad in parts of Russia and of Asia. Again the east will cry out to the west to give bread to millions of starving mouths. Even with all the progress of modern civilization, hunger seems to torment as vast multitudes as in the days of the Caesars. Times are sadly out of joint in broad regions of the earth.

The hostility to the teaching of vertical writing in the public schools seems to be gaining headway both in the East and the West. School boards and citizens generally appear to lean toward the slanting support of upright penmanship. The smooth, forward, flowing method of forming letters carries along with it the favor of the masses.

At the last session of the Indiana legislature a law was passed extending the right of eminent domain, such as is exercised by steam railroad corporations to condemn rights of way, to all traction companies. The effect of this law has been wonderfully stimulating to electric railroad construction. Something like 1000 miles of electric railroad is at present projected in the state and a keen competition in suburban and interurban traffic between steam and electric systems is expected to follow.

Niagara is a young river. G. K. Gilbert, of the United States Geological Survey, explains that it came into existence after the glacial epoch. The cataract has sawed a slot seven miles long, moving back four or five feet each year. This would make the river 7000 years old. But the falls have not always been so high, nor the crest line so uniform, nor the volume of water so great. From this it would seem that the river may be anything from seven thousand to a hundred thousand years old. No more exact computation can be made.

Dr. B. Benjamin Andrews, in a lecture on "Veracity" at the University of Chicago said that it is sometimes a good and proper thing to tell a lie, providing the intention in mind is a good one. "Veracity is not merely a statement of facts; neither is a lie merely a statement of what is not true," said Dr. Andrews. "A bad intention is necessary to constitute a lack of veracity. When a sick man is near death is is proper to tell him that in a short time, perhaps, he will be well. This is not lying. But if you tell a man who is near death the fact for the purpose of killing him, that is a lie."

Ten years ago the population of the world was fixed at 1,468,900,000. It is now estimated at 1,540,000,000, an increase of more than 71,000,000. An interesting feature of the statistics is the fact that the Americans are fast catching up with Europe in the gain. The increase in the Americas for the past ten years is 20,000,000, while in Europe it is 50,000,000. It is estimated that the Western hemisphere now contains 142,000,000, about the population of the whole of Europe a century ago. The estimate for Europe at the present time is 390,000,000. Africa is now gaining in population at a greater rate than at any time within a century.

TO INVESTIGATE COTTON.

EX-LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR R. T. LIGON DEAD.

SO. R. R. GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT

Kearsarge and Alabama—Advised to Leave—German Immigration—Railroad Extension—Cotton Burned—Atalla Fire.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

The Southern Railway has entered upon a scheme for the improvement of the wagon roads of the South in pursuance of the policy of President Spencer to encourage the growth and development of all territory tributary to the Southern system. A good roads special train of ten cars will leave Washington shortly for the South under charge of President W. H. Moore of the National Good Roads Association, and will make frequent stops at points along the Southern Railway for the purpose of building sample roads and arousing interest among the people on the subject. The aim is to educate the southern people in practical road building, and to impress on them the economy and benefit to be derived from fine roads. The train will carry all necessary machinery for the building of roads and a corps of road experts.

DISEASED COTTON.

W. A. Ortenk, assistant pathologist in the bureau of plant industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, at Washington, is at Montgomery to investigate the wilt disease of cotton, which has been the cause of much injury in some sections of Alabama as well as in other states. He hopes to obtain a variety of cotton resistant to the wilt. The disease may be recognized, Mr. Ortenk says, by the blackening of the inside of the stem of diseased plants. It occurrs usually in scattered patches in the fields, which increase in size from year to year until they involve the whole field. Land once diseased always remains so, and it is this feature which makes the disease so much to be dreaded.

HENRY PIERSON DITTMAN, a well-known sugar broker, formerly of Selma, died in New York last Friday morning. Mr. Dittman was a brother of Mrs. Ellen Brown, librarian of the Selma Library Association.

THE residence of John Manley, five miles southwest of Huntsville, was destroyed by fire early Saturday morning. The loss was $3,000; no insurance. Mr. Manley and family narrowly escaped from the burning building with their lives, and saved nothing.

COL. LIGON DEAD.

Col. R. T. Ligon, the last Lieutenant governor of Alabama, died in Montgomery Friday morning. He was elected to the office on the ticket with Gov. Houston in 1874. His office was abolished at the close of his term.

A SUGGESTION to the navy department has been made by Gen. Geo. P. Harrison that the U. S. navy be represented at the coronation of Edward VII of England by the ships Kearsarge and Alabama.

200 BALES OF COTTON

Burned at Sylacauga last Thursday. Along with it was lost a quantity of buggies and $500 worth of new furniture for the Thompson hotel. The total loss will aggregrate $5,000.

CAPITOL STOCK $300,000.

The stock of the Warrior Southern, an extension of the M & O., is subscribed. The road reaches the coal fields of Tuscaloosa. It will be built to connect with the A. G. S. at Ensley.

CAPTAIN CAHALL, of the Geneva Company of the State militia has resigned. He has enjoyed the unique distinction of being the only minister in Alabama to hold any office other than that of chaplain in the National Guard. He is pastor of the Baptist Church at Geneva.

FATHER AND SON DEAD.

Michael F. Creman, aged thirty-six years, and his son, Joseph, aged ten, were asphyxiated by illuminating gas at Philadelphia, last Friday. It is believed the electrical attachment to the gas fixtures became disengaged, permitting the gas to escape. Mr. Creman was manager of the publishing house of Henry Altemus & Co., and a singer of some repute.

CENTERVILLE is expecting a cotton factory.

BIRMINGHAM will spend $16,000 upon a city prison.

ALBERTVILLE is to have a bank in the near future.

MONTGOMERY installs new municipal officers this week.

GRADING on the L. & N. between Sardis and Selma is about completed.

FLORENCE added to her school buildings last summer and they are still proving inadequate.

THE REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL CO., is reported after a site for a steel plant near Newport News, Va.

A. N. HOLLAND, who made the race for congress against Hon. Wm. Richardson, has been appointed postmaster at Scottsboro.

NEW and repaired furnaces go into blast all over the iron district this week. The business is good and a rise in prices is expected.

FRANK DUNCAN has been denied a new tiral on the charge of killing police officers Kirkley in Birmingham, and has been sentenced to hang Dec. 6th.

THE meeting of the Republican State Executive Committee called to meet on Monday, October 14th, has been postponed until Saturday, October 19th.

ALABAMA won two gold and two silver medals at the Pan-American Exposition: the former on dairy and cotton seed products and the latter on seeds and forestry.

THE Mobile, Jacksonville & Kansas City R. R. will begin in a few days the erection of their Ensley terminal. They are building the extension to Hattiesburg, Miss.

A $10,000 steam shovel has been installed at Goethite by the Republic Iron & Steele Co. It is the most powerful implement of its kind ever operated in the Birmingham district.

AN earnest effort is being made by Jefferson county to induce the immigration of Germans. A convention to promote the idea is called to meet at Birmingham on Wednesday, October 23rd.

A UNIQUE Demopolis organization is the Landlord's Protective Association, recently perfecfed which has for its aim the protection of landlords in renting and collecting rents for houses It is officered by Captain John C. Webb, Mr. A. Y. Sharpe and Hon. Lesner Williams.

MR. DATE P. PERRY, of near Bliss, has been very active in assisting the deputy marshals in making raids on illicit stills. A few days since young Mr. Perry found a notice posted on a pine tree near his father's house giving him warning to leave the county in three days and stay away, or take the consequences.

SOUTH AMERICAN republics have invested heavily in munitions of war of American manufacture.

S. J. ANSLEY, professor of Latin and Greek at Howard College, East Lake, has resigned on account of ill health. His successor is Professor Moon, a graduate of the University of Virginia.

RAILROAD MAN KILLED.

At the Pea river trestle, on the Alabama Midland railroad, about one mile from Tennville, Pike county, Wednesday night, Flagman Eugene Johnson, of Montgomery, was killed, the exact cause of his death being unknown. On the night of the accident Flagman Johnson was missed from the train, but no apprehension was felt. The body was found badly mangled on the trestle next morning.

HUNTSVILLE offers a bonus to the Southern if it will move its shops to that place

TROLLY CARS COLLIDE.

A serious head-on collision occurred between two trolley cars at Lawrence, Mass., October 11th. Motorman James E. Nagle was killed and Motorman Hart badly injured. Both conductors and a few passengers were slightly injured.

DR. H. P. TITTLE, the inventor of Thorite, is dead.

AIR BRAKE LITIGATION.

FATHER OF DEMOCRACY HAS A NEW TOMB.

CANADA TO TRY FOR AMERICA'S CUP.

Boy's Fatal Fight—Killed His Uncle—Reminder of Colonial Days—Claims Accident—Western Town Burned I. C. Raises Wages.

BIG RAILROAD SUITS.

Fifteen suits aggregating nearly $1,500,000 have been filed in the federal court in Denver. These suits are against all the principal railrords having representatives in Denver. A larger batch will be filed in Chicago and New York, and the total sum asked for will be greatly increased. The suits have been brought by Colonel George W. Cook. They are aimed at all the railway and car companies of the United States and Canada. They invole adjudication of a patent car brake, which was originated in Denver nearly twenty years ago. The suits are for infringement of the brake, the principles of which are alleged now to be in actual application on every railroad on the continent. The patent was issued in 1883, to Simon P. Weller, Sylvanus Wance and George Boesch, all of Denver. Weller is now Master Mechanic of the Missouri Pacific road at Sedalia, Mo.

CLAIMS ACCIDENT.

Jesse Sherman, a prominent ranchman living near Leadville, Col., caught three boys supposedly poaching upon his rabbit preserves Sunday and started after them with a shotgun. One boy was killed instantly, another was shot through the right lung and fatally wounded, and a third was shot through the back and hips. Sherman took the three boys to town and gave himself up. He asserts the gun was accidently discharged while he was running. He was arrested on the charge of murder. Sherman and his family are among the most respected people in this part of the country.

AFRICAN RAILROAD.

It has been decided by the government of the Congo Free State to construct 1,000 kilometers (621 miles) of railroad in the upper Congo region. This marks an important change in the development of the colony. The railway will bring the thickly populated banks of lakes Albert and Tanganyika into direct communication with the Congo river, through a country exceptionally rich and capable of of rapid development. The new line will remain the permanent property of the Congo Free State.

FIVE ROBBERS

Early Saturday morning robbed the post office of Harrodsburg, Ky., securing $30, and afterward attempted to effect an entrance to the Mercer National Bank. Before they succeeded they were discovered by officers, who at once opened fire on them. About forty shots were exchanged and one of the robbers was wounded, after which the band retreated, taking their disabled comrade with them, and effected thei escape. One of the men is reported to have a thumb shot off and a slight wound from a bullet in his face.

NEW CONFERENCE.

Bishop Hartzell, Missionary Bishop of the Methodist church in Africa, will organize a new American Methodist Conference at Umtalli, Rhodesia, November 8th, and will thence make an extended tour through his diocese.

EMBEZZLEMENT CHARGED.

Lee B. Jones, formerly president of the Naval Stores and Lumberman's Bank, of Cordele, Ga., was arrested in Macon last week charged with embezzlement of $15,000 or $20,000 of the bank's funds two years ago. Jones had assumed the name of G. B. Smith and claimed Atlanta as his home.

PAT CROWE

Has offered to surrender to the chief of police of Omaha if the reward of $50,000 for him is withdrawn. The chief advises complying with the demand.

ATTALLA RESIDENCES BURNED

Fire Sunday consumed the residences of R. H. Duncan and Dr. George W. Wills at Attalla. Most of the household effects were saved. Losses partially covered by insurance.

A CANNON from one of the Spanish ships sunk by Dewey at Manila has been presented to the city of New Decatur.

FRANKLIN'S GRANDDAUGHTER DEAD.

Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, the great granddaughter of Benjamin Franklin and one of Philadelphia's most prominent women, died Sunday, aged 80 years. Her father, William John Duane, was secretary of the treasury in President Jackson's cabinet, and was summarily removed by the president for refusal to comply with his order to remove the public funds from the Bank of the United States.

CALIFORNIA TOWN BURNED.

The entire business section of Los Gatos was wiped out by fire Sunday. The area covered by the fire is estimated at about four acres and property worth from $100,000 to $150,000 was destroyed. A dozen or more business blocks, several manufactories, a livery stable, a church and many dwellings were burned.

BOY STABBED TO DEATH.

A special from Kingston, Tenn., says: Saturday afternoon Lew and Charles Tipton became involved in fight with Henry Bolen, which resulted in Lew Tipton stabbing Henry Bolen in the ribs with a pocket knife. Bolen lived about three hours.

VENEZUELAN revolutionists under Gen. Riveras defeated the government troops under Gen. Arostegin last Friday and took the federal commander prisoner.

CANADA WANTS IT.

It is positively stated that A. J. Moxham, of Sydney, of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company; James Ross, of Montreal, President of the Dominion Coal Company, and other members of the Cape Breton Yacht Club, have determined to build a yacht to challenge for the America's cup. The yacht will be built in Canada and will certainly challenge for the cup this year or next.

IN HONOR OF JEFFERSON.

Years ago Virginia contributed to Missouri a gray granite shaft which formerly marked the grave of Jefferson and now stands on the campus of the Missouri State University at Columbia, Mo. Last Saturday two hundred and fifty members of the Jefferson Club, of St. Louis, assembled at Monticello, the historic home of Thomas Jefferson, near Charlottesville, Va., to erect a monument to his memory.

KILLED HIS UNCLE.

John R. Port, a prominent and wealthy citizen of near Madison, Fla., was shot and killed in his home Friday night by his nephew, Munroe Williams. The two men were neighbors and Williams called on his uncle after supper. They were talking when their conversation led to a misunderstanding. Williams immediately shot his uncle, and the bullet broke Port's neck.

WAGES RAISED.

Five thousand employees of the Illinois Central Railroad, including practically every conductor, brakeman, switchman and yard man, except those in the far South will receive an increase in wages within the next month. This means an increase of the pay roll of about half a million dollars annually.

KANSAS BANK ROBBED.

News has reached here that the Bank of Narka, Kan., was robbed Friday night by safe blowers, who used dynamite on the steel safe and secured $15,000, principally in cash.

THROUGH THE WHIRLPOOL.

Peter Nisson, of Chicago, successfully navigated the whirlpool rapids Saturday afternoon in a 21-foot cigar-shaped boat called the Fool Killer. Nisson had been taking soundings in niagara river below the falls and had secured much valuable data. The trip through the whirlpool rapids was witnessed by 15,000 people. Nisson left the Canadian shore from a point near the falls at 2 o'clock. After cruising about in the still water for two hours he floated into the rapids. The Fool Killer passed through the rapids in four minutes.

LAID AT REST.

The remains of the late Probate Judge P. G. Wood reached Selma Thursday night from New York and were buried Friday afternoon from the First Presbyterian church.

GOVERNOR JELKS has appointed Judge P. H. Pitts probate judge to fill the unexpired term of the late Judge P. G. Wood.

BETTER DEFENSE NEEDED

GEN. BROOKE SO SAYS IN HIS ANNUAL REPORT.

INTERESTING FIGURES OF LAST CENSUS

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Gen. John R. Brooke, commanding the Department of the East, has issued his annual report. The bureau at the infantry and cavalry posts found inadequate in size and recommends an enlargement. General Brooke lays great stress upon the desirability to having the army posts in remote Southern posts made as comfortable and attractive as possible for their garrisons. He emphatically renews his former recommendation in regard to the possibility of a war, of an attack of several hundred from the land side in the rear. He urges that the approaches receive the attention which their importance demand. He recommends that experiments in wireless telegraphy be conducted. The most important feature of the report is an appendix by Lieutenant J. P. Story, dealing with ordnance and artillery. He says the most important problem pressing upon the artillery is to provide a sufficient number of officers and men qualified to operate the artillery defense of our harbors. To operate the mines in the harbors of the United States and its possessions will require about seventy officers and 2,700 soldiers.

The final census report on the population by sex, general activity and color of the several states and territories is issued. It shows that the whole number 39,059,242 and constitutes 51.2 per cent of the total population in 1900 while the females number 37,241,145 or 48.8 per cent. There is a slightly larger proportion of females now than ten years ago. There is an increase in total population of 21 per cent since 1890. There are native born persons and foreign born persons. As to color or race the population in 1900 is made up of 66,990,802 white persons, 9,312,585 colored, Chinese, Japanese and Indians. The colored element constitutes 12.2 per cent of the population.

General Wood's trip is producing great interest in the movement for reciprocity, says the Remedios correspondent of the Tribune. Santa Clara, Cardinas, Sagua and Remedios, Spaniards and Cubans, appeal for a reduction of the duty on sugar and tobacco. They say the country will be ruined unless United States grants this appeal. Politics on the eve of an election in president is even overshadowed by this question, and the good feeling for America is noticeable.

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Doctor of Oriental Learning.

Miss Mary Williams Montgomery who has received the degree of doctor of Oriental learning, was born in Turkey 27 years ago. Her mother was Miss Emily Redington of Rome, N. Y., and her father the Rev. E. R. Montgomery. Both went to Turkey as missionaries under the American board (Congregational). Miss Montgomery lived in Turkey until she was 12 years old, when she came to this country to complete her education. She was graduated from Wellesley college in 1898, and from there went to Germany for a post-graduate course in Berlin university. Miss Montgomery is a sister of George R. Montgomery, professor of philosophy in the Yale divinity school.

Crepes and Poplinettes.

As regards fabrics, there is more substance in the soft, clinging crepe de chine and satins of today than in the taffies of yore. Many women complain of the price of crepe de chine, but it is really a good investment for the fabric cleans so beautifully and when the powers of the cleaner have been exhausted the dyer's art can be resorted to. Thus it is seen that crepe de chine is a most serviceable fabric, which can do duty equally well for day or evening wear.

Another fashionable fabric of the same silky texture is poplinette, which likewise can be worn on various occasions. These poplinettes vary in quality. Some are entirely of silk, and others are of silk and wool, resembling a very fine canvas, akin to silk, but of softer finish.

When Packing Luggage.

When packing luggage it is well to make a list of the articles as they are put into the different boxes. The list should be made in such a way that one put in last are entered the first, each box being numbered, so that if any special article is wanted it may be known at once which box contains it. When packing glass or china protect some straw or hay to pack them in if they are to be sent a long way and are heavy. It should be damped to prevent them slipping. Let the most and heaviest things be put first in the box. Let there be plenty of straw and pack them tightly. Never attempt to pack glass which is of much value till you have seen it done by some one used to the job. The expense will be but trifling to have a person to do it who understands it, and may be great if articles of value are packed in an improper manner.

Rage for Burano Lace.

There is a great vogue at present for the lovely and rarely used Burano lace, that 25 years ago Queen Margherita resuscitated during the time of great poverty and starvation in the little village of Burano, outside of Venice. A difficulty arose, however, for, although superb specimens of Burano lace were in existence, so small had been the demand that all the old workers had died out, and the only old woman who remembered the Burano point stitches was unable to teach them. But by watching old Cenci Scarparioia work, Mme. Anna Bali d'Este, present mistress of the school, cunningly learned the secret, perfected herself thoroughly, and then taught to eight pupils what she herself had acquired.

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American Women at Shanghai.

English women living in Shanghai do not go in for culture or intellectual distinction. The American women, however, are true to their traditions. They love books, and, although far from friends and country, they do not forget self-improvement. The club which they founded in Shanghai is flourishing, and which has been well sustained, evidences that fact. As the American consulate is common ground, meetings have been held in the drawing room, which will accommodate several hundred people. The object of the club, it is stated in the constitution and bylaws, is to develop a higher and broader intellectual culture, and to unite more closely the women of the American community in Shanghai. It is called the American Woman's Literary society, and any American woman may join, a member who has been recommended by the executive committee and receives a two-thirds vote of the members present at the meeting at which her name is proposed. The program is arranged for the year by committees, but is subject to revision at the direction of the society, to which it is submitted as a whole.—Philadelphia Press.

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Secret of Unfading Loveliness.

The secret of unfading loveliness has been discovered by an American woman, according to a writer in the London Mail. She had become weary of the monotonous process of applying an artificial bloom to her cheeks, day after day, so while in London went to a "fashionable tattooist" and asked him if he could tatto "a nice, healthy color that would stay there all the time." The artists in pigments was startled, but said he would try, and proceeded to experiment on his own ankle with a pigment about the color of rouge.

The story goes that at the end of a week of close and careful observation he, to his great delight, obtained the exact tint for facial application. He furthermore discovered that it was necessary to grade the coloring so that by repeating the process over the pigment already inserted he was able to make a perfect imitation of the glow of health. Then the American returned, and to her great delight was informed that if she was still determined to go through with it the tattooing could be done.

"Even then," said the tattooist afterward, "I was very nervous about it, for I knew that if it was a failure nothing on earth could ever remove the evidences of a blunder. However, I yielded to persuasion, and set to work with the finest needle I had and some carefully prepared color. How closely I watched the effect of every insertion of the pigment and what a state of anxiety I was in until the second tattooing had been finished I shall always remember, but it was a success beyond anything that either of us had expected. The American looked at herself in the glass and went away delighted beyond measure with the successful results of her own bright idea."

Useful Home Work for Women.

In the Woman's Home Companion Ada C. Sweet has an unusually able and attractive article which every woman interested in home work will read with pleasure.

"I saw an unusually attractive room of a girl last summer. The rug she had made herself from strips of blue and white cotton, knitting them, like yarn, on large wooden needles. The window curtains had been a pair of rather coarse but snow white linen sheets—old homespun linen. These cut in two she had hemstitched all around, to make two curtains for each window. Then she had embroidered them in dull blue and white, just a sprig here and there inside the hems. The bedcover was all white. It had been made from a wide piece of some thick, cotton material, and was edged with an embroidered cambric ruffle. The covers for bureau and wash stand were made in the same way, of the same material. The little bookcase in this room had a brilliant curtain which fairly shone and flashed with color. Its owner had bought a remnant of satin, and loaded it with embroidery in most fanciful patterns and colors. I did not wonder at the pride with which its young mistress showed this room.

"When our girls begin to appreciate woman's handiwork at its true value they will see the worthlessness of much of the gimcrack furniture which lumbers many houses. The pine boxes with veneered fronts which pass for wardrobes and bureaus; the tawdry, unfinished, assertive, weak-kneed tables and chairs, the 'over-stuffed,' fat cushioned sofas with colorings like unto an Indian's blanket, and all the endless bric-a-brac and cheap impedimenta of the day, will not bear the examination of intelligent, instructed eyes. The girl who works, under artistic training, with her own hands at household stuffs will demand tables and chairs of good material, well planned and well made, comfortable and standing square on their four legs, as respectable tables and chairs should stand."

FASHION NOTES

Beautiful lorgnettes are of smoked pearl set with jewels.

A white tulle hat with rather wide brim has a large black ostrich feather across the front.

Folds are seen, some three or four rather wide folds edging a wide collar or sleeve tabs of lace, and forming the standing collar.

On one of the plain backed skirts the bands of the material which finish it are put in an ornamental design across the back. This is not so satisfactory as plain, straight strappings.

Enameling was never prettier or more popular. One little chatelaine watch is in pale blue enamel with a fleur de lys in the centre, and the chatelaine pin in the form of a fleur de lys of the blue enamel.

The heart has been everywhere in woman's dress except on her head, and it has at last reached the hats. Black hats for the fall will be trimmed with black galon spangled, the black spangles in the form of hearts.

The long light woolen coats show yokes from which rows of stitching having the effect of closing inverted plaits fit them to a little below the waist, where each seam opens and leaves the skirt of the coat full.

An attractive brown felt hat with a round derby shaped crown and rolling rim is trimmed with a big knot of brown veiling in the front and light brown quills, two or three on either side tucked into the knot which extends well around to the sides.

Thin clusters of buttons are seen on many of the first exhibitions of fall styles. One long light coat has small satin buttons in the thick clusters with knots of satin ribbon, having the effect of bunches of grapes. The massed clusters of buttons appear on different styles of garments.

GARDEN AND FARM

TO USE WITH PARIS GREEN.

When using paris green allow one pound for 150 pounds of plaster. If water is used, mix one pound paris green with ten gallons of water.

IMPROVEMENT IN BEEF CATTLE.

Fifty years ago the average weight of beef cattle on the hoof were only 800 pounds, but improvement of breeds has so greatly increased the size of beef cattle as to bring the average up to 1,400 pounds at the present day.

WHEN PLANTS WILL GERMINATE.

Experiments show that rye and winter wheat will germinate in a soil the temperature of which is thirty-two degrees; barley, oats, flax, peas and clover will sprout at thirty-five degrees; turnips, the same, carrots at thirty-eight and beans at forty degrees. If these experiments have been carefully conducted they demonstrate that some plants will sprout even below the freezing point.

SCIENCE IN FEEDING.

Too much science in feeding cannot be given, but some of the advice relating to feeding according to the live weight of the animals is almost impossible on some farms. The German tables call for one and a third per cent. of the live weight of the animal, or about 13 pounds of food per 1000 pounds of live weight. As animals vary in weight, while foods also differ in quality, the labor required to apportion the foods for the individual animals would be too costly, and considerable time would also be lost.

THE TREATMENT OF ROUP.

During the season of cold rains and chilly nights unless the poultry is well guarded roup will likely result. The first symptoms appear as a slight cold, a scarcely perceptible gasp in breathing, which slowly develops and shows itself in inflammation of head and eyes. The eyes begin to water, and the fowls rub the sides of their heads on their wings in an attempt to relieve them. At this stage roup may easily be cured, since ulceration has not set in, but if left to itself a cancerous substance will form in the eyes and mouth, and nothing but death will relieve them. When first noticed, the fowls should be isolated and placed in bright, dry rooms, the head and face washed with warm water and castile soap and annointed with carbolized vaseline. A little kerosene should be injected in nostrils, and this treatment should be continued daily for two or three days. Feed lightly and make them work for their food.—*Home and Farm.*

MASH AS A POULTRY FOOD.

A mash of half meal and half bran is one of the best foods for chickens, young or old I know of. For the young chicken I prefer to have the food cooked but for the old ones I do not care. The mash must not be fed in the morning, because when the fowls get all they want of it they will all huddle in the sun together and do nothing all day. The right time to feed mash is just before the fowls go to roost at night. By feeding mash in the winter time I have no trouble in making them fill the egg basket. Mash is also a fine food to fatten fowls with. To fatten fowls with mash it should be mixed with sugar, say a small handful to a quart of mash, fed twice a day. It should be fed in troughs.—*Inland Poultry Journal.*

HORSERADISH AS A GARDEN GARDEN CROP.

Horseradish hardly gets its due in the ordinary gardn. It is put into a corner, like the boy when company comes, as though any place and any treatment were good enough for it. When one buys horseradish on the market—that is, the prepared horseradish—he is reminded again how careless the popular mind has grown to be on this matter. The purchaser of grocery-store horseradish does well if he gets a ten per cent. dose of the real root. The ninety per cent. may be potato or turnip or excelsior, or almost anything. What we need is a horseradish revival. People's eyes should be opened (spite of their weeping) to the merits of pure goods, and, equally, to the merits of the adulterants. Good varieties of horseradish should be selected, good cuttings should be carefully taken and planted in a good place in the garden, and clean, sound roots should be prepared for the dining table. Good horseradish is a wholesome and grateful thing, but poor horseradish is an abomination.—*The Country Gentleman.*

LOSS BY FLIES.

At the Wisconsin Station they divided fourteen cows into two lots, as nearly equal in condition as they could make them, and one-half were sent to pasture according to the usual custom of farmers, though in a small field with plenty of shade during the day. The others were kept during the day in a comfortable stable with screen doors and windows, but allowed to feed in the pasture during the night and early morning. It was found that these produced twenty per cent. more butter than those in the pasture during the day, as the latter were kept moving all of the time by the flies. On an Iowa dairy farm they obtained more milk from cows kept in a dark stable without screens during the day and let out to graze at night, than they did from those in pasture all day and in stable at night. Similar results have been obtained by the spraying of cattle with something to repel the flies, but most of these repellants have an odor that fills the air in the stable and may injure the milk or butter, if not very carefully used. We never found anything better than a sponge or damp cloth just moist with kerosene, and wiped lightly over the top of the head, along the back and over the legs, using it every morning just after milking. The odor evaporates before the next milking, if not used too freely.—*The Cultivator.*

HELPING OUT THE SUMMER PASTURES.

The success of summer dairying depends upon the pasture first, and then on the way the pasture is helped out in the way of providing additional summer food. We have passed the age of dairying where a progressive farmer depends entirely upon a pasture field, turning his cows loose there all summer, and letting them scurry for a living. Such cows live in clover the first half of the summer, and nearly starve during the rest of the season. They grow lean and weak and their milk supply gets smaller and thinner every week, and by the time fall and winter comes they are pretty specimens. A farmer once told the writer that he had tried summer dairying and winter dairying, and there was money in neither. Upon investigation, it was found that his system was to starve the cows in summer for winter dairying, and vice versa for summer dairying. The result was the animals never came up to the mark because it took them half the season to recover from the starvation process.

Whether you intend to try winter dairying or depend simply upon summer dairying, it is necessary to have good pasture through the summer, and in the late summer and autumn it is necessary to help the pasture out. This is simpler than many imagine. Sometimes it simply means fencing off a portion of the field, so the grass has a chance to grow while the cows are feeding on the other part. Constant daily cropping in hot, dry weather kills the grass and keeps the plants from ever getting any headway. If the pasture field is sufficiently large, fence part of it off in August, and in this way keep it green and healthful. Also be sure that the weeds and briers are kept cut down. Do not let any of these go to seed. Their spread will ruin a pasture lot quicker than anything. The cows do not disturb the weeds and briars, and consequently they have the opportunity to grow and thrive while the grass has not. At least give the latter a fair chance in the race.

Help the pasture out with ensilage and corn stover crops. Do not be sparing with these even in summer. They may save a good deal for the late fall pasture, which is oftentimes more valuable to the dairyman than the early spring and summer grass. A little system like this will go a long way toward keeping up the quality and supply of milk and cream, and at the same time preserving the health of the animals for the fall and winter work.—William Conway, in *American Cultivator.*

ARTIFICIAL INCUBATION AND BROODING.

When we set hens with eggs costing several dollars per setting, it causes great anxiety. When operating on incubators, all that is necessary is to look at the thermometer and see that the temperature is being maintained at the proper degree, and if the mercury is playing round 103 or 104, you are satisfied that all must be going well. The objections we have to using hens for incubators is, nothing taxes the vital powers of your birds so much as setting, and then the annoyance, they are invariably declining to set, breaking eggs, eating eggs, etc., that is fatal to the enterprise of early chicken raising. The incubator will hatch just as many chickens from fertile eggs as the hens, and if any difference, more, and the brooder will raise as large a percentage if these chicks as the hens will. Our observation with brooders is that a much larger percentage is raised. Instead of having a number of broody hens for three weeks, you can have them laying, which increases the income and saves food. If hotels and restaurants can afford to pay from fifty to seventy-five cents for young chicks, why not the farmer have his incubator and brooders and get off those nice young broilers early for his own use. After he once gets a machine it will last him for a lifetime if well cared for. We are quite sure if the American people would use more broiler meat and less pork, there would be less sickness and healthier children. The farmer can avail himself of this fine luxury cheaper than any one, as he raises his own grain and has plenty of of free range. An incubator and brooder on a farm for the use of the family may become just as much of a necessity as any machine employed. The main point in artificial incubating and brooding is, you can have broilers just when you want them. If you are breeding fine fowls their health and appearance is much improved with an incubator to hatch your stock. Hens not allowed to set, both young and old, will be in better condition. We believe in incubators to perform the work of hens. The birds will score more points, and prove more profitable as layers as the vitality is not sapped from the ancestors.—J. C. Clipp, in *The Epitomist.*

Iron Crown of Italy.

The famous iron crown of Lombardy is one of tht most precious heirlooms of the Italian royal house. The crown is only partially of iron. Tradition declares it was made from one of the nails used at the Crucifixion. This was beaten out into a thin rim or iron, which was magnificently set in gold and adorned wth jewels. Pope Gregory the Great bestowed it on Queen Theodolinda, a Frankish princess, under whom the Lombards first changed their Arian faith for the Catholic. Charlemagne was crowned with it, and so were Henry of Luxemburg and succeeding emperors. It was also used at the coronation of Napoleon I. The Emperor of Austria restored it to the King of Italy in 1866.—*London Graphic.*

SURGICAL LAWSUIT DECIDED.

The Right to Discretion in Emergencies Affirmed.

There is a popular notion that surgeons will always operate when they get a chance, but when it may not be necessary. This notion has less basis to-day than it had once, although anæsthetics and antiseptic methods make surgery far safer now than fifty years ago. And the idea never had much excuse. There have been in the past, and are to-day, exceptions to the rule, but the majority of surgeons are reluctant to operate until it is absolutely necessary. Indeed they sometimes refuse when patients ask them to do so.

A lawsuit was recently decided in Chicago which was probably based on the old belief here referred to. A surgeon, after beginning an operation such as had been agreed upon, proceeded to do something else which had not been originally proposed, but which he believed to be necessary, in view of newly discovered facts. The patient entirely recovered, and was in excellent health at the time the suit was brought, four years later. The court held that the surgeon had kept within his rights in acting as he had done.

It is important to keep in mind two sets of conditions under which the extra operation might be conducted. It might be something which the surgeon merely regarded as a good, but not a necessary thing. Here it would not be excusable to proceed, if there had been no previous understanding. But unforseen complications may arise. Perhaps a cancer is to be removed, and on opening the body the operator finds that it extends further than was suspected. What shall he do? Take out only a part and leave the rest in? Shall he pause in the middle of the operation, restore the patient to full consciousness (which might require an hour or two), and then lay the case before him for decision? Or, suppose an artery begins to bleed. Must the surgeon wait until next day to get permission to tie it up? "The Medical Record" remarks that "it is wise policy, whenever there is any reasonable probability of unexpected complications, to obtain the patient's prior consent to deal with any other conditions that may be found essentially connected with the proposed operation." But even without such an understanding, surprises will sometimes occur, and the surgeon ought to have freedom to be governed by circumstances.

His Wife Rattled Him.

"Women are so impulsive," said an East End man the other day. "I was awakened from a sound sleep Sunday morning by my wife crying in an excited manner. 'Henry! Henry! come quick!' I sprang from bed and ran to the head of the stairs and at once smelled smoke. Then I shouted, 'Take the baby, run to the corner and turn in the alarm!' I scrambled back to the room and snatched up some clothes, thinking I'd put them on later. Then I grabbed little Elizabeth, who was sleeping with me under my arm and dashed downstairs. 'Where is it?' I exclaimed running here and there to locate the fire. Behold, my wife was sitting in the dining-room with the baby in her lap as calm as could be, with nothing out of the usual, except a smile of joy on her face.

"'Why don't you get out of here? Do you want to be burned up alive?' I shouted.

"'Why, Henry, what in the world's the matter with you? Are you crazy?'

"'No, I'm not crazy. I want to know where the fire is?'

"'Fire! There is no fire,' she said.

"'What did you yell fire for then?'

"'I didn't.'

"'Well, what in thunder is it, then?'

"'Why, Charlotte has a tooth.'

"'Goodness, I thought the house was on fire.'

"'How stupid,' remarked my wife coolly, as she placed the baby in her high chair and started for the kitchen. 'Why don't you put Elizabeth down? Do you intend to carry her under your arm all day? And you had better get dressed, too; breakfast is almost ready.'"

The Enemies of the Lobsters.

Everything that swims is an enemy to the little embryo lobster, including himself—for the larger ones eat the little ones in most wanton fashion. The little fry lobsters shed their shells seventeen times on the average during the first year of their existence. After they are five years old they shed them four times a year.

The range of the lobster is about 1,000 miles, from the straits of Belle Isle on the north of Cape Hatteras on the south, and fifty miles out to sea. It was long a mooted question whether they went up and down the coast, like shad, mackerel, blue fish, etc., or whether they remained stationary like the oyster and clam.

This was settled by the fish commission in a very curious and interesting way. They attached a zinc tag to a lot of them at various points, and set them free. These tags were numbered, and a record kept of them in a book. Fishermen were given a prize if they would return them to the commission by mail with a statement as to where and when found. By these means it was soon discovered that they travel back and forth out to sea, instead of up and down the coast.

The English Beanfeast.

Beanfeast is the name given to an annual dinner given by employers in England to their works people—possibly so called because beans or a bean-goose figure prominently at the banquet. The beanfeast was regularly, in older times, observed on Twelfth Night in England, and also some places on the Continent, and is a very old institution.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Lieutenant Peary has reached the highest point North. But he has not been able to climb the pole.

William Waldorf-Astor has been explaining why he became an Englishman. It is hoped that he is not looking back to his old home and cherishing hopes of fatted calf.

And now some iconoclast has discovered that there is no such thing as a Turkish bath in Turkey. We expect to hear next that there are no French-fried potatoes in France.

During the past sixteen years lynchings have occurred in all the States except five—Delaware, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Utah. It is a national evil.

If this thing keeps up this old world may reasonably expect at some time to receive a visit from a full planet. Not long ago a meteorite was discovered at Porto Alegre, Brazil, fifty-five feet in diameter and eighty-five feet in length.

In Great Britain a child must reach the age of seven years before it can be prosecuted as a criminal. In Germany the limit it twelve. Possibly the English age is the safest. Seven years would seem to be sufficient to inculate the principles of honesty and true humanity into a child.

"No man liveth unto himself." The glory or the shame of the individual is bound to reflect itself, however much he may wish it otherwise, upon the parents who reared him, on the wife and the children who bear his name, and upon all the people and institutions closely associated with his career.

"In a climate where a man can lie in a hammock, pick up a banana with one hand, and dig a sweet potato with one foot, the incentive to idleness is easy, and his debilitating consequences inevitable." This, says former Governor Allen, is sufficient explanation why Porto Rico has for four centuries been practically at a standstill.

General Miles has ordered a thousand new pistols from the manufacturers of the Mauser rifles in Germany for the use of our cavalrymen and mounted officers. The pistols were invented by an American named Borchard, and they possess a remarkable capacity for rapid and accurate fire. Our Government contemplates securing the exclusive right of manufacture.

Chicago's compulsory education department has provided a means to sterilize all the lead pencils used by the pupils as they are given out in the morning and collected at the close of school. As the children do not get the same pencils back again there is danger of infection especially as almost all are in the habit of chewing the ends of their pencils, which is a certain method of contagion unless they are disinfected.

The advent at the White House of a President with an average family makes renewed and sharp disclosure of the fact that this great country has no domicile large enough for its Chief Magistrate. In the residence wing of the Executive Mansion there are but five sleeping apartments, while the Roosevelt family, with nurse, governess, maid and housekeeper, numbers twelve persons. Under such circumstances the housing of the President's family in decent quarters is a serious problem, a solution for which should be promptly found by the incoming Congress next winter, thinks the *Philadelphia Record.*

For many years the French have been endeavoring to devise some means of bringing the oases of the desert of Sahara into such communication with the rest of the world as to admit of their cultivation. Camel trains are too slow and uncertain, and railways are impracticable. At last a suitable means of transportation has apparently been found. It is the automobile. The new vehicle, therefore, offers another means of carrying civilization into Africa. Automobile trips across the hitherto pathless desert may become in the near future one of the things which every tourist will undertake as a part of this Old World travel.

Amos W. Butler, Secretary of the Indiana State Board of Charities, has made a study of the feeble-minded in the Indiana institutions. In a group of 241 families in which there are two or more generations of feeble-mindedness, he found 970 persons who are blood relations. Of these families, 221 have two generations of feeble-mindedness, sixteen have three generations, three have four generations, and one has five generations. The number of direct descendants who are feeble-minded is known to be 726. These facts led Mr. Butler to the conclusion that the State should retain control of these grown-up children during life.

Dr. Max Haushofer, of the Munich University, says that society may be held responsible, though only to a limited extent, for certain conditions of life created by it, into which it introduces the individual and by which it offers occasion to the degeneration of human impulses. Moral carelessness, superstition, vexatious family life, lack of noble incentives, material distress, immoderate longing for enjoyment, wasting envy—these are conditions into which man is brought not quite by his own faults and which form the soil for emotions that either in precipitous passion or by plan, secret and continuous urging create criminal deeds.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

NEXT SEVEN—ONE DOLLAR spot cash will get you The Banner and The Sunny South, a weekly eight-page paper, published at Atlanta, Ga. Both papers one year. One hundred and four papers, sixteen hundred and sixty-four pages of reading matter for only One Dollar. This offer is good only to the first seven subscribers.

IN our correspondence columns will be found a letter on the suffrage clause of the new Constitution signed "Taxpayer and Voter." The writer takes a very pessimistic view of some things which under that clause might possibly happen. If his view should be correct, we are bound to confess that his advice to vote against the new Constitution would be good and safe to follow. But there are two sides to this as well as every other question, and we cannot agree with "Taxpayer and Voter." He takes the gloomy view that every person connected in any way with the registration of voters is to be such a strict partisan as to ignore those not of the same politics. We look at it from the brighter side. Let us see.

1. Three registrars are to be appointed in each county. Will they be all of one political party? We do not know, neither does our correspondent. We have confidence in Governor Jelks seeing to it that the opposition is fairly represented. We are of the opinion that Governor Jelks is just as likely to appoint one or more Populist registrars in Chilton county as to appoint Democrats. It should be remembered that under the Sayre election law we have had a Democrat appointed registrar, and no harm has come out of it, and we do not expect any trouble to arise from the new appointments when made.

2. We do not believe that one white man will be disfranchised under the new Constitution, but undoubtedly a large number of negroes will. This should be a feature very agreeable to our friends the Populists, who were always in favor of getting rid of the negro vote. "Taxpayer and Voter" thinks that young negroes who can read and write will register, and no doubt some of them will. But their number will be comparatively small, and with ALL white men registered what influence can that small number have? That is the safeguard of this suffrage proposition. ALL white men to be voters, and the great bulk of illiterate negro voters eliminated.

3. We heartily concur in this sentiment expressed by "Taxpayer and Voter:"—"God forbid that we should ever put a premium on land or money and ignore true character and manhood." We say amen to that. There seems to be a great deal of misapprehension in relation to this suffrage clause. Under what is known as the temporary registration plan every white man in the State can register whether he can read and write or not, or whether he owns one cent's worth of property or not, and once his name is on the register he is registered for life. After 1903 if he can read and write he can register, but if he cannot read and write he must be a property owner. That is the registration plan simply expressed.

We feel confident that every white man in Chilton county will be duly registered in good time, and none need feel any uneasiness on that score.

THE following circular has been issued by Hon. S. J. Bowie to the voters of Calhoun county, and as it is of equal value to voters of this county we gladly reproduce it.

The more thoroughly voters understand the new Constitution the more they will appreciate it.

The Democratic papers throughout the county and State have published copies of the new Constitution and address explaining it. I hope that you will read both carefully and explain it to your neighbors.

The new Constitution among many other good points, guarantees to the whole people of the State:

1st. The elimination of the great bulk of the incompetent, vicious and ignorant negro vote, without the disfranchisement of any white man except for crime.

2d. That white supremacy in the State is guaranteed by law, and honest elections assured.

3d. That the limit of taxation has been reduced ten cents on the $100.00.

4th. That the Constitutional appropriation for public schools has been increased from one hundred thousand to over one million dollars per annum, making it impossible for the Legislature to reduce the same below the present amount and providing for an increase from year to year in proportion to the increase in taxable values. Under the liberal provisions of the new Constitution a common school education is put within the reach of every child in Alabama.

5th. That the power of the Legislature to enact local and private legislation to the virtual exclusion of general legislation affecting the entire public has been cut up by the roots. Such local legislation as may be needed will hereafter be made by the people affected by it.

6th. The great expense amounting to many thousands of dollars, of holding useless election in August has been abolished entirely.

7th. The Legislature now meets every two years at an expense of nearly sixty thousand dollars. Hereafter they will meet only once in four years unless called in extra session. The direct saving to the people is thus about fifteen thousand dollars per annum.

8. Provision is made for a reduction of a number of offices and circuit solicitors and many other officers now appointed are made directly elective by the people.

9th. Ample provision for refunding the State debt is made under which nearly two hundred thousand dollars per annum can be saved to the people in interest alone.

10th. The present unlimited power of the Legislature to create new judicial offices is curtailed and authority is given the Legislature to consolidate the separate courts of law and chancery thereby doing away in many cases, with unnecessary offices and preventing new ones except where imperatively demanded by the public service.

11. The saving from November elections, quadrennial sessions of the Legislature and refunding of the public debt will constitute a magnificent sum to add, if necessary to the common schools of the State.

I believe it is our duty to let the people know what the new Constitution contains, and of all good citizens to rally to its support. I hope you will aid in organizing your precinct. Advise me what you think ought to be done about sending out literature, having speeches made and the chances of carrying your precinct. If desired I can furnish copies of the new Constitution. Yours truly,

SYDNEY J. BOWIE, Chm.

MARRIED.

At the court house Wednesday morning, Mr. J. T. Klinner and Miss Evie Headley, both of Pletcher, Rev. D. F. Elisor performing the ceremony. Our best wishes go to the happy young couple for a long and prosperous life together.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.

They cure dandruff, hair falling, headache, etc., yet costs the same as an ordinary comb—Dr. White's Electric Comb. The only patented Comb in the world. People, everywhere it has been introduced, are wild with delight. You simply comb your hair each day and the comb does the rest. This wonderful comb is simply unbreakable and is made so that it is absolutely impossible to break or cut the hair. Sold on a written guarantee to give perfect satisfaction in every respect. Send stamps for one. Ladies' size 50c. Gents' size 35c. Live men and women wanted everywhere to introduce this article. Sells on sight. Agents are wild with success. (See want column of this paper.) Address D. N. ROSE, Gen. Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

THE SUNNY SOUTH.

The Sunny South of Atlanta, Ga., is making a special short time offer of its splendid paper from now until January 1st for only 10c. The full subscription price for one year is only 50c and for a literary weekly of its character the price is remarkably cheap. The short time price quoted, 10c until New Years is largely in the nature of an introduction of the paper to its larger Southern audience that it deserves.

The paper, as its title-head states, is devoted to literature, romance, fashions and fiction. It is really devoted to Southern writers and Southern readers and is their own story paper. It contains each week short stories, sketches, incidents of war and of peace, anecdotes at home and afield, poems, ideas, fashions, columns of sunshine, letters of travel, hints for home keepers and indeed everything of interest to young and old. There are at present running two splendid serial stories and at least as many will be kept constantly before its readers.

This paper for over a quarter of a century has been more or less active in the Southern field, but it has not adequately occupied the whole space to which it was allotted. Some six months ago, it passed under a new management and the continued improvement in it has become more apparent with each issue. At present its form is ideal as a family story paper and the offer to send it until January 1st for only 10c is one of the most remarkable.

The Banner has a clubbing rate with the Sunny South and the Weekly Constitution whereby all three papers will be sent one year for only $1.75. This will furnish any family with three good papers at practically the cost of one. The Weekly Constitution on Monday gives the cream of the week closing with its publication, and the Sunny South on Saturday give splendid service in its line.

Mother's Worm Syrup.

Best worm medicine. Children like it so well they eat it on bread.

If your cow is suffering with garget, "spoiled udder," use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic freely. It is said to be a very fine remedy by those who have tried it.

DIED.

On Tuesday morning Mr. Hugh Mullins, aged 27, passed away at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Mullins, at Clanton. Ten years ago, while working on the railroad, he contracted rheumatism from exposure, and has been a terrible sufferer ever since. Death, to him, was a happy release from pain. Our sympathies are with the grief-stricken parents and relatives.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and cost so little? One application will convince and convert you. Price 50c.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama,
Chilton County.

In Chancery, at Clanton, Alabama, Seventh District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

Amanda Jones, Complainant, vs. Jack Jones, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of A. C. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant, that the Defendant, Jack Jones, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, whose post-office and residence are unknown to affiant, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Banner a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Jack Jones, to answer or demur to the same within thirty days after the 28th day of October, 1901, and failing so to do a decree pro confesso will be taken against him in said cause.

Done at office, in Clanton, Chilton county, Alabama, this 23rd day of September, 1901.

W. E. STEWART,
Register in Chancery.

A. C. SMITH,
Solicitor for Complainant.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSOR'S & COLLECTOR'S First Round.

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County Taxes of Chilton County for the year 1902, and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

				1901
Pletcher	Sept	8	Oct.	1
Stanton	"	8	"	2
Dixie	"	8	"	3
Shoults	"	7	"	4
Maplesville	"	7	"	5
Benson	"	3	"	7
Macedonia	"	3	"	8
Providence	"	2	"	9
Jemison	"	2	"	10
Mineral Springs	"	1	"	11
Strasburg	"	9	"	12
Clanton	"	4	"	14
Coopers	"	5	"	15
Verbena	"	5	"	16
Kincheon	"	6	"	17

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. I. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, bruises, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, ointments and gases. Douders and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and effective cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 235 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

FOR HARNESS and Saddle Sores Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It blisters as soon, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

It's this way:

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this Liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile.

OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at.

OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad.

OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.

OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.

OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you like a young girl.

OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again.

OUR STOCK—AH!—come and see it—make you want to buy.

OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,

CLANTON

THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, WITH SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of many thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.50 TO $9.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $5.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in building institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth and the standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
BASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Unemployed court means second Monday in February, first Monday in June, first Monday in September, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7,11-16 vs 7⅞ cts.
Same date last year 9⅛ cts.

Bales received to date:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	919	1086
Mullins	763	772
Wilson	197	159
Downs	68	114
Total	1947	2131

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per m.
F. R. WOODYARD, Clanton.

Miss Sarah Lodge of Lomax was a visitor here Wednesday.

Mrs. I. M. Potts visited Culera Wednesday.

Mrs. Fletcher Jackson of Goldville is visiting her daughter, Miss Maggie, who we regret to learn is quite sick.

County Commissioner W. C. Harris of Coosa paid his brother, Dr. H. A. J. Harris, a couple of days visit last week.

Rev. A. L. Pattillo of Verbena was in town Saturday.

Prof. G. P. Dickinson of Oneonta arrived last week and will act as assistant to Prof. Collier at the High School.

Mayor Faegre of Thorsby and his son were visitors here Tuesday.

Mrs. E. W. Duke is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Dunkin, at Prattville.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. A. Varner of Coosa was in town Monday, looking for a sweetheart.

Miss Lillie Adams is visiting friends at Jemison.

Mrs. Gamma Andersen is visiting her brother, Dr. Middleton at Mt. Carmel. She will visit the street fair at Montgomery before returning.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Pearl McKinney of Billingsley is visiting her brother, Mr. J. W. McKinney.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton visited Montgomery this week.

Miss Glennie McMorries of Martersville is visiting friends in Clanton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Adams spent Sunday with the parents of the latter at Jemison.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, two doses in a bottle. Keep it convenient.

Mr. J. M. Parker of Thorsby was in town last Saturday.

Mrs. Phillips is selling millinery cheaper than ever before known in the history of Clanton. Call and see for yourself.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Miss Lucy Candler is visiting friends in Wetumpka.

Mrs. Lera Knight of Coopers was a visitor here Wednesday.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two to go days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 118½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Mr. Wallace C. Edler went to the capital city Tuesday.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. A. L. Burnett and Mrs. Jane Weldon; Mr. Merl Driver and Miss Mary Terrow; Mr. J. T. Klinner and Miss Evie Headley.

STOP THE COUGH
And Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

...Saddle Horse Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes effect ...astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

...Away!

...Scalded with Fire, with ...you could yourself ...Hot Water, but there is ...way to cure a burn or ...it is by using

...n

...ng Liniment.

...Just get a piece of soft old ...apply the Liniment and bind ...on. You can have to adequate ...relief; this is for a burn until

...you have a horse afflicted with Roup or any ...poultry disease use **Mexican Mustang** ...the standard remedy by poultry breeders.

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...them—make your feet easy to look at

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Mullins	763	722
Wilson	197	159
Brown	68	148
Total	1947	2053

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M. E. R. WOODWARD, Clanton.

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Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

Judge Adams went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. W. A. Warner of Coosa was in town Monday, looking for a purchaser.

Miss Lizzie Adams is visiting friends at Jemison.

Mrs. Carrie Anderson is visiting her brother, Dr. Middleton at St. Carmel. She will visit the street fair at Montgomery before returning.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

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STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains, call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

October bargains Clearing Out Sale Bound to go

To clear out my big stock the prices have been out down and everything goes at bargain figures. These goods were purchased when the market was low, and I can afford to sell them to you at greatly reduced prices.

You will be surprised and delighted with the quality of these goods, and absolutely astonished to find you can get them for such little money.

Ladies' Capes from 25 cents up. Ladies' Dress Goods from $1 up.

Ladies' Walking Jackets from $1 75 up.

Ladies' Hats from 50 cents up.

Children's Jackets from $1 25 up. Calico 4 cents per yard.

Sheeting, yard wide, 4½ cents per yard. 10 balls Thread 5 cents.

A full line of Men's Clothing, Shoes, Hats etc. but have not space here to give prices.

A BIG LINE OF TRUNKS.

M. TOURO, Clanton

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

and will insure your lives and property at lowest current rates.

I also wish to state that I am getting in my Fall stock of the Latest Improved High-arm SINGER MACHINES, and I have my office full of second hand machines of different kinds, all in good running order, that I will sell cheap for cash or trade for produce, most any old way and at any old price. I must have the room for my new stock which will arrive about September 1st.

Also have on sale at my office the latest improved SMOOTHING IRON with Fluter combined.

NEEDLES, OIL, BANDS, CANS, ETC.

Regular office days Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

FINEST OIL MADE FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Nervous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opposate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and so many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS.

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

KRUMP'S KORNER

Has just received a big lot of the Famous Tennent shoes. Every pair warranted. Lot of Parry Buggies from 35.00 up to $75.00. Lot of Famous Heron Iron Bedsteads. No more trouble with vermin if you use them. Lot of all kinds of Furniture. He needs money, you need these things, come let us swap.

Prof. W. J. Atchison, the famous bachelor mathematician, got the Sewing Machine. The girls can look him up.

T. U. CRUMPTON, Prop'r

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underseirt for 10 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	15
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Philosopher Reverts to Weather Conditions.

POLITICS ARE ALSO TOUCHED UPON

Course President Roosevelt Is Pursuing Seems to Go Against the Grain So Far as the G. A. R. Is Concerned.

The elements are unsettled. The wind seems to be veering southward. Roosevelt keeps on saying kind words about us and the republicans are in a state of apprehension. The G. A. Rs made the first assault on him because he dared to emlt the bravery and patriotism of our people, but he answered them back nobly. And now they are in consternation because he invited Clark Howell to dine with him. The City of Snushan is perplexed. It looks like there is a power of good political fun ahead of us, and we can't be worsted. McKinley wanted to be kind, and they wouldn't let him, but my opinion is that Roosevelt is going to run the machine according to his emotions. He is a man of emotions, good, generous emotions—and our emotional nature is the best part of our nature. That is the reason that women are better than men; they are more emotional. A selfish man, a greedy man or a politician "per se" have no emotions. They plot and scheme for personal advantage. Hamlet said that a politician is a man who would circumvent God. They bribe and deceive to gain their end. But Roosevelt is outspoken, candid and fearless. The politician's utterances are cautious and come from his head; Roosevelt talks from his heart, and if he feels like inviting Clark Howell to dine he is going to do it without consulting Mark Hanna or the G. A. R.'s or for a moment considering what the party will say about it.

I like Roosevelt because he has a wife and children; in fact, he has been married twice and has two sets of children. That's all right if the children harmonize and the last wife is as good to the children of the first wife as she is to her own. Our nearest neighbor for long years had three sets of children. Colonel Bayard, a widower, with two children, married Mrs. Hand, a widow with three children. Two more children were born to the last marriage, and all was peace and harmony in that household. This reminds me of another family, where there were three sets, and they didn't harmonize, and one day when they were quarreling in the back yard, the wife came running in and said to her husband: "John, you'd better go out yonder with a switch; your children and my children are fighting our children."

I am pleased to learn that our president is coming to Georgia next fall and will visit his mother's old home at Roswell. Think I will meet him there and show him around, for almost everybody else is dead but me that was there when his mother was a girl. I will show him where we boys played bullpen and town ball, and where his uncle half Dan, or half of his Uncle Dan and I played sweepstakes and Dan always won my white alleys. Yes, I will show him around. But that colony of fine Savannah people, all blooded stock, are not there now. There were the Kings, the Dunwoodys, who were in college with me. Not all the King boys, of course, for there were nine of them and only one sister for the whole crowd— a beautiful girl. I have a very dear cousin in Birmingham who has nine girls and one son. What a pity that those two families were not neighbors and contemporaries, so that the children could have mated and intermarried. I like families with numerous offspring. If I had the making of the constitution, whether federal or state, I wouldn't let a bachelor hold a public office; he shouldn't be eligible to go to congress or to the legislature. It is not possible for him to feel deeply concerned about the perpetuity of government. It is the children and the grandchildren we fathers are living for. An unmarried man lives for himself. He may be smart and moral and well educated, but, as Kipling says, he can't understand the paternal anxiety.

All those Roswell boys were manly and well favored. They made good preachers, good soldiers, good architects and manufacturers and were good citizens. Poor Tom King had his leg shattered at Manassas, and as soon as he could walk was in the field again and was killed at Chickamauga. He was a bright, cheerful, handsome man, and everybody loved him. Old Barrington King sent north for a teacher and got one by the name of Eels, but the boys didn't like him. They said he was a hypocrite and an abolitionist, and was just fooling papa. They called him Slickfish and guyed him until he was sent back to where he came from. Colonel Bayard married Barrington King's sister, the Widow Hand, and moved to Rome. He was a courtly gentlemen, a descendant of Chevalier Bayard, and his grandfather was Nicolas Bayard, a French Huguenot. He was a cousin to the Senators Bayard, of Delaware. He was an expert swordsman, and loved to show you the back stroke by which his ancestor, while flying from some troopers, slowed up his horse, and, as they came up on the gallop, cut their heads off one by one with the same back stroke. One of his granddaughters, Miss Flonda Seay, has recently wedded a Mr. Tracy, of New York, a nephew of B. F. Tracy, who was secretary of the navy. One of Mrs. Bayard's daughters married Bishop Quintard, druggist, doctor, preacher, soldier, chaplain and then bishop. He got a beautiful and dutiful wife, and everything else he asked for. Kind-hearted and lovable as a woman, he always carried a satchel full of cake and candy for other people's children when he traveled on the train. We college boys knew him well in Athens when he was first a drug clerk and next a doctor, and we let him pull our teeth just because he was so kind and genial.

Well, now, I have written all this about Roswell because our president's mother lived there and married there. I like to speak of him as our president, and I don't want any Georgia paper to call him Teddy or make sport of him in carteons. Some idiots think these caricatures of our presidents are very smart and funny, but the people who have respect for the high office think they are shameful. You can't degrade the man without degrading the office.

But we will have to wait some time on Mr. Roosevelt. You can't always sometimes generally tell, as Cobe would say; we must wait and see how long this south wind blows—"the sweet south wind that breathes upon a bank of violets," as Shakespeare says. And we are the violets. We have both hope and confidence, for a man of emotions can't go back upon his ancestors nor the place of their nativity. The Bullochs have been honored in Georgia. More than one hundred years ago we named a county for Governor Bulloch, and we wouldn't mind naming another for his great-great-grandson. Georgia has never had a president, and we will be proud to have even half of one, especially the maternal half—most all great and good men have bred after the dam.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

The proposition to establish terminals for a trans-Atlantic steamship line at Bearhaven, on Bantry Bay, on the west coast of Ireland, and thus shorten the sea voyage to Europe by 120 miles, has so far progressed as to be the subject of favoring legislation in the British Parliament. It is predicted that with swift vessels the trip across the ocean may be shortened to four and one-half days. An almost similar saving in the length of water transportation might be effected on this side of the Atlantic by carrying out the project of the late Austin Corbin for a steamer terminal at the eastern end of Long Island.

Professor Mosso, of Turin, in a recent lecture delivered in the United States, said that physical education and gymnastics develop the brain as well as the muscles. As much time should be devoted to muscular exercise as to intellectual exercise. Children, he thinks, should not be taught to read and write till they are at least nine years old. Following up his comparison of muscular with intellectual fatigue exhibits phenomena identical with those of intellectual fatigue. It is probable that the various parts of the brain relieve each other; that only one part is active at a time. He states, as a principle, that the more mobile any animal's extremities are, the more intelligent the animal is, other things being equal.

The enormous quantity of fiction taken from public libraries—ranging from sixty-five to eighty per cent. of the total circulation—is raising the question whether it pays to still further enervate the minds of the silly element of society by supplying it with trashy fiction at the public expense. There are those who think that Mr. Carnegie would do more good with his library money by establishing branch libraries from which fiction is excluded, thus causing the foolish the extra trouble of a trip to the central reservoir of foolishness. Some librarians have proposed to encourage the reading of useful books by issuing two cards, one for fiction and the other for non-fiction, and allowing card-holders to take out books on both cards.

The present perils of old age should be abated, remarks Puck. A minister of the gospel not long since wrote in one of the magazines to the title—"Should the Old Minister be Shot?" letting us see that this would often be the most graceful solution of the problem. And it is quite true of the other underpaid professions and trades. There are intelligent, decent persons who lead regular and industrious lives and who yet never make enough to have anything left when old age takes them from their work. There are thousands of these whom, under our present system, it would be merciful to shoot. Often they are wise enough to perform the service for themselves. Too often they linger on through the stages of starvation. Here is an inviting field for the puzzled philanthropist. Our homes for old people are just numerous enough to show the need for many times the number we have.

MRS. WM. D. JELKS is visiting in Georgia.

FRANCE'S wheat crop is ten per cent less than last year.

LORENZO SMITH, the fifth head of the Mormon church, is dead.

THE Columbian government has recently purchased several rapid-fire guns.

COLORADO'S mountain peaks are covered with snow. The fall occurred on the 11th inst.

M. SANTOS-DUMONT made a most successful ascension in his new flyer last Thursday.

IT is proposed to build a steel bridge across Behring strait. The distance is about fifty miles.

SWEDEN'S death rate is the lowest, according to the new census, ever recorded by a civilized nation.

LIPTON is determined to have the America's cup. Now he proposes to challenge with the old Shamrock I.

BULGARIA denies the jurisdiction of nationality over the abductors of Miss Stone, the American missionary.

LAST Tuesday Galveston had the severest rainstorm in its history. Fourteen inches of rain fell in as many hours.

IT IS rumored that Turkey is scheming to organize a rising of Arabs in South Algeria in the event of war between Turkey and France.

THE third annual convention of the Cotton States Association of Commissioners of Agriculture met in Hot Springs, Ark., last Tuesday.

COMTE DE LA VAULX, the aeronaut, left Les Sablettes, near Toulon, Sunday night on a balloon voyage across the Mediterranean with a view of testing the possibility of using balloons between France, Corsica and Algeria in time of war.

GEORGE MOORMAN, adjutant general of the United Confederate Veterans, has mailed to each camp of the organization of copy of General Gordon's order requesting that each member of the camp give one dollar toward the Jefferson Davis monument fund.

RETURNS show that Iowa is the healthiest state in the union. Its death rate is only 11.17 per 1,000. Arizona is at the other end of the table, her figures being 32 28. Among the large cities Washington is highest, 21.71 per 1,000, Chicago lowest with 14. 68.

TWO citizens of Lexington, Ky., have surrendered to the sheriff, each believing he fired the shot that killed another man. One used a pistol and the other a rifle. The man shot was hit but once, the bullet went through him and has not been found. The coroner is puzzled as he cannot place the responsibility.

GEORGE W. VANDERBILT will entertain Minister Wu at dinner this week at his country home, Biltmore. The Chinese minister will attend the convention of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents, and will deliver an address on the railroad system and the contemplated railroad enterprises of his country.

ADVICE TO COTTON RAISERS.

A writer in the Lexington Advertiser gives the following advice to cotton raisers in regard to the treatment of the staple, which is doubtless worthy of consideration. "Pick only when dry; never pile on the ground, but empty your sack or basket into the cotton house, and let the cotton lie a week or ten days and go through a mild heat before ginning, and then insist on the gin running moderately slow. The idea for this is to allow the fiber to absorb as much oil from the seed as it possibly can. When this stage is reached the fiber slips from the seed easily without being torn or cut, and the result is longer, smoother, heavier, stronger and richer-colored lint than can be obtained by the slip-shod methods of the average farmer, and the price obtained will more than offset the little additional care taken.

Among Glasgow's municipal institutions are wash houses, where housewives get the use of a washing stall and clean appliances as well as of a drying stove, all for four cents an hour.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Charm of the Christian Religion—It Illuminates and Brightens the Lives of Men and Women—The Beauty of God's Love.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The charm of an exalted religion is by Dr. Talmage in this discourse illustrated and commended; text, Job xxviii, 17, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Many of the precious stones of the Bible have come to prompt recognition, but for the present I take up the less valuable crystal. Job, in my text, compares saving wisdom with a specimen of topaz. An infidel chemist or mineralogist would pronounce the latter worth more than the former, but Job makes an intelligent comparison, looks at religion and then looks at the crystal and pronounces the former as of far superior value to the latter, exclaiming in the words of my text, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Now, it is not a part of my sermonic design to depreciate the crystal, whether it be found in Cornish mine or Harz Mountain or Mammoth Cave or tinkling among the pendants of the chandeliers of a palace. The crystal is the star of the mountain; it is the queen of the cave; it is the eardrop of the hills; it finds its heaven in the diamond. Among all the pages of natural history there is no page more interesting to me than the page crystallographic. But I want to show you that Job was right when, taking religion in one hand and the crystal in the other, he declared that the former is of far more value and beauty than the latter, recommending it to all the people and to all the ages, declaring, "The crystal cannot equal it."

In the first place I remark that religion is superior to the crystal in exactness. That shapeless mass of crystal against which you accidentally dashed your foot is laid out with more exactness than any earthly city. There are six styles of crystallization and all of them divinely ordained. Every crystal has mathematical precision. God's geometry reaches through it, and it is a rhomboid or in some way it has a mathematical figure. Now, religion beats that in the simple fact that spiritual accuracy is more beautiful than material accuracy. God's attributes are exact, God's law exact, God's decrees exact, God's management of the world exact. Never counting wrong, though He counts the grass blades and the stars and the sands and the cycles. His providence never dealing with us perpendicularly when those providences ought to be oblique, nor laterally when they ought to be vertical. Everything in our life arranged without any possibility of mistake. Each life a six-headed prism. Born at the right time, dying at the right time. There are no "happen so's" in our theology. If I thought this was a slipshod universe I would be in despair. God is not an Anarchist. Law, order, symmetry, precision, a perfect square, a perfect rectangle, a perfect rhomboid, a perfect circle. The edge of God's robe of government never frays out. There are no loose screws in the world's machinery. It did not just happen that Napoleon was attacked with indigestion at Borodino so that he became incompetent for one day. It did not just happen that John Thomas, the missionary, on a heathen island, waiting for an outfit and orders for another missionary tour, received that outfit and those orders in a box that floated ashore, while the ship and the crew that carried the box were never heard of. I believe in a particular providence. I believe God's geometry may be seen in all our life more beautifully than in crystallography. Job was right, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Again, I remark that religion is superior to the crystal in transparency. We know not when or by whom glass was first discovered. Beads of it have been found in the tomb of Alexander Severus. Vases of it are brought up from the ruins of Herculaneum. There were female adornments made out of it 3000 years ago—those adornments found now attached to the mummies of Egypt. A great many commentators believe that my text means glass. What would we do without the crystal—the crystal in the window to keep out the storm and let in the day, the crystal over the watch, defending its delicate machinery, yet allowing us to see the hour; the crystal of the telescope, by which the astronomer brings distant worlds so near he can inspect them?

Oh, the triumphs of the crystals in the celebrated windows of Rouen and Salisbury! But there is nothing so transparent in a crystal as in our holy religion. It is a transparent religion. You put it to your eye, and you see man—his sin, his soul, his destiny. You look at God, and you see something of the grandeur of His character. It is a transparent religion. Infidels tell us it is opaque. Do you know why they tell us it is opaque? It is because they are blind. "The natural man receiveth not the things of God because they are spiritually discerned." There is no trouble with the crystal; the trouble is with the eyes which try to look through it. We pray for vision, Lord, that our eyes might be opened! When the eye salve cures our blindness then we find that religion is transparent.

It is a transparent Bible. All the mountains of the Bible come out—Sinai, the mountain of the law; Pisgah, the mountain of prospect; Olivet, the mountain of instruction; Calvary, the mountain of sacrifice. All the rivers of the Bible come out—Hidekel, or the river of paradisaical beauty; Jordan, or the river of holy chrism; Cherith, or the river of prophetic supply; Nile, or the river of palaces, and the pure river of life from under the throne, clear as crystal. While reading this Bible, after our eyes have been touched by grace, we find it all transparent, and the earth rocks, now with crucifixion agony and now with judgment terror, and Christ appears in some of His 256 titles, as far as I can count them—the Bread, the Rock, the Captain, the Commander, the Conqueror, the Star, and on and beyond any capacity of mine to rehearse. Transparent religion!

The providence that seemed dark before becomes pellucid. Now you find God is not trying to put you down. Now you understand why you lost that child and why you lost your property. It was to prepare you for eternal treasures. And why sickness came, it being the precursor of immortal juvenescence. And now you understand why they lied about you and tried to drive you hither and thither. It was to put you in the glorious company of such men as Ignatius, who when he went out to be destroyed by the lions said, "I am the wheat, and the teeth of the wild beasts must first grind me before I can become pure bread for Jesus Christ," or the company of such men as "that ancient Christian martyr" who, standing in the midst of the amphitheatre waiting for the lions to come out of their cave and destroy him, and the people in the galleries jeering and shouting, "The lions!" replied "Let them come on!" and then, stooping down toward the cave where the wild beasts were roaring to get out, again cried, "Let them come on!" Ah, yes, it is persecution to put you in glorious company, and, while there are many things that you will have to postpone to the future world for explanation, I tell you that it is the whole tendency of your religion to unravel and explain and interpret and illumine and irradiate. Job was right. It is a glorious transparency. "The crystal cannot equal it."

I remark again that religion surpasses the crystal in its beauty. The lump of crystal is put under the magnifying glass of the crystallographer, and he sees in it indescribable exquisiteness—snowdrift and spinters of hoarfrost and corals and wreaths and stars and crowns and constellations of conspicuous beauty. The fact is that crystal is so beautiful that I can think of but one thing in all the universe that is as beautiful, and that is the religion of the Bible. No wonder this Bible represents that religion as the daybreak, as the apple blossoms, as the glitter of a king's banquet. It is the joy of the whole earth.

People talk too much about their cross and not enough about their crown. Do you know that the Bible mentions a cross but twenty-seven times, while it mentions a crown eighty times? Ask that old man what he thinks of religion. He has been a close observer. He has seen the sunrises of half a century. He has been an early riser. He has been an admirer of cameos and corals and all kinds of beautiful things. Ask him what he thinks of religion, and he will tell you: "It is the most beautiful thing I ever saw. The crystal cannot equal it."

Beautiful in its symmetry. When it presents God's character, it does not present Him as having love like a great protuberance on one side of His nature, but makes that love in harmony with His justice—a love that will accept all those who come to Him and a justice that will by no means clear the guilty. Beautiful religion in the sentiment it implants! Beautiful religion in the hope it kindles! Beautiful religion in the fact that it power to garland and enthrone and emperialize an immortal spirit! Solomon says it is a lily. Paul says it is a crown. The Apocalypse says it is a fountain issued of the sun. Ezekiel says it is a foliaged cedar. Christ says it is a bridegroom come to fetch home a bride. While Job in the text takes up a whole vase of precious stones—the topaz and the sapphire and the chrysoprasus—he takes out of this beautiful vase just one crystal and holds it up until it gleams in the warm light of the eastern sky, and he exclaims, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Oh, it is not a stale religion, it is not a stupid religion, it is not a toothless hag, as some seem to have represented it—it is not a Meg Merrilies with shriveled arm come to scare the world. It is the fairest daughter of God, heiress of all His wealth, her cheeks the morning sky, her voice the music of the south wind, her step the dance of the sea. Come and woo her. The Spirit and the Bride say come, and whosoever will let him come. Do you agree with Solomon and say it is a lily? Then pluck it and wear it over your heart. Do you agree with Paul and say it is a crown? Then let this hour be your coronation. Do you agree with the Apocalypse and say it is a springing fountain? Then come and slake the thirst of your soul. Do you believe with Ezekiel and say it is a foliaged cedar? Then come under its shadow. Do you believe with Christ and say it is a bridegroom come to fetch home a bride? Then strike hands with your Lord and King while I pronounce you everlastingly one. Or if you think with Job that it is a jewel, then put it on your hand like a ring, on your neck like a bead, on your forehead like a star, while, looking into the mirror of God's word, you acknowledge "The crystal cannot equal it."

"What," say you, "will God wear jewelry?" If He wanted it He could make the stars of heaven His belt, and have the evening cloud for the sandals of His feet. But He does not want that adornment. He will not have that jewelry. When God wants jewelry He comes down and digs it out of the depths and darkness of sin. These souls are all crystallizations of mercy. He puts them on, and He wears them in the presence of the whole universe. He wears them on the hand that was nailed, over the heart that was pierced, on the temples that were stung. "They shall be Mine," saith the Lord, "in the day when I make up My jewels." Wonderful transformation! Where sin abounded grace shall much more abound. The carbon becomes the solitaire. "The crystal cannot equal it."

Three crystals! John says crystal atmosphere. That means health. Balm of eternal June. What weather after the world's east wind! No rack of storm clouds. One breath of that air will cure the worst tubercle. Crystal light on all the leaves; crystal light shimmering on the topaz of the temples, crystal light tossing in the plumes of the equestrians of heaven on white horses. But "the crystal cannot equal it." John says crystal river. That means joy. Deep and ever rolling. Not one drop of the Potomac or the Hudson or the Rhine to soil it; not one tear of human sorrow to imbitter it. Crystal, the rain out of which it was made; crystal, the bed over which it shall roll and ripple; crystal, its infinite surface. But "the crystal cannot equal it." John says crystal sea. That means multitudinously vast, vast in rapture, rapture vast as the sea, deep as the sea, strong as the sea, ever changing as the sea; billows of light, billows of beauty, blue with skies that were never clouded and green with depths that were never fathomed; Arctics and Antarctics and Mediterraneans and Atlantics and Pacifics in crystalline magnificence. Three crystals—crystal light falling on a crystal river, crystal river rolling into a crystal sea. But "the crystal cannot equal it."

"Oh," says some one, putting his hand over his eyes, "can it be that I who have been in so much sin and trouble will ever come to those crystals?" Yes, it may be—it will be. Heaven we must have, whatever we have or have not, and we come here to get it. "How much must I pay for it?" you say. You will pay for it just as much as the coal pays to become the diamond. In other words, nothing. The same Almighty power that makes the crystal in the mountain will change your heart, which is harder than stone, for the promise is, "I will take away your stony heart, and I will give you a heart of flesh."

"Oh," says some one, "it is just the doctrine I want. God is to do everything, and I am to do nothing." My brother, it is not the doctrine you want. The coal makes no resistance. It hears the resurrection voice in the mountain, and it comes to crystallization, but your heart resists. The trouble with you, my brother, is the coal wants to stay coal.

I do not ask you to throw open the door and let Christ in. I only ask that you stop bolting it and barring it. My friends, we will have to get rid of our sins. I will have to get rid of my sins, and you will have to get rid of your sins. What will we do with our sins among the three crystals? The crystal atmosphere would display our pollution. The crystal river would be befouled with our touch. Transformation must take place now or no transformation at all. Give sin full chance in your heart, and the transformation will be downward instead of upward. Instead of a crystal it will be a cinder.

In the days of Carthage a Christian girl was condemned to die for her faith, and a boat was bedaubed with tar and pitch and filled with combustibles and set on fire, and the Christian girl was placed in the boat, and the wind was offshore, and the boat floated away with its precious treasure. No one can doubt that boat landed at the shore of heaven. Sin wants to put you in a fiery boat and shove you off in an opposite direction—off from peace, off from God, off from heaven, everlastingly off, and the port toward which you would sail would be a port of darkness, and the guns that would greet you would be the guns of despair, and the flags that would wave at your arrival would be the black flags of death. Oh, my brother, you must either kill sin or sin will kill you. It is no exaggeration when I say that any man or woman that wants to be saved may be saved. Tremendous choice! A thousand people are choosing this moment between salvation and destruction, between light and darkness, between charred ruin and glorious crystallization.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTARY FOR OCTOBER 20.

Subject: Joseph Exalted. Gen. xli, 37-46. Golden Text, I. Sam. ii, 30. Memory Verses, 39-41. — Commentary on Day's Lesson.

38. "Unto his servants." The high officers of ancient Egypt were assembled in the department of state affairs or the department of the most distinguished servants of priestly order, and, according to custom, admitting Joseph to the ordinary office that was to be conferred. The ministers were consulted as to the propriety and propriety of the step. "Such a one as this." The history of Joseph had become known and his servants, and long experience with him, his present wisdom was a guarantee for the proposed step. "Spirit of God is." Here is a recognition of the existence and power of God. Joseph had expressed (v. 16) that the interpretation of dreams was not in himself but would give the answer. The attributes Joseph's was a spirit of God in him. Such wisdom, could be found only in one attended with the Divine Spirit.

39. "Discreet." Intelligent, clear insight into matters, denotes a capacity to form proper measures to go.

40. "Thou." This was addressed to Joseph and also to his brethren. When Joseph was exalted to be second to a man to government, not have had the reverence would be the man, and were so very willing to have should be carried out, now, when Joseph's "Unto thy word." Joseph before Pharaoh and God in the sight of Pharaoh he was traduced as men, now the king of incomparable wisdom from this not to be reproach, nor puffed best of men have passed port and evil report.

41. "Over all the." Within an hour hath changed his of gold, his rags into into a chariot, his

42. "Took off his token of the highest instrument of power. Give validity to the it was affixed. This chief authority in Egypt East do not sign their seals in which their names engraven, and with which impression with thick ink on for which we use the linen." A costly fabric of rank as a mark of honor. It exceedingly soft and of and has been sold for gold. "A gold chain." of high office; an emblem

43. "The second chariot." state chariot in the Herodotus tells us that for chariots, both for like purposes. "They That is, the king's heralds was to go before and announce of the royal procession. The heralds cried, "Abrek." supposed to be an Egyptian meaning is not definitely mean "rejoice," or "we are ice." Others think it means seive down—do homage." all the land" (R. V.). to which Joseph was exalted recompense for his years of ing. It was also a proof of the goodness of God, and it should be a encouragement to all good people God.

44. "I am Pharaoh." same as though he had said for "Pharaoh" was the the sovereign of Egypt. Joseph's authority was to be universal. Thus did God put this youth. Joseph had been had stood the test. His integrity, age, patience, faithfulness God had been thoroughly tried.

45. "Zaphnath-paaneah." has had various interpretations, which are as follows: "Preserver of "The revealer of secrets." of glorious comfort." "Governor Living One." "Bread of life." the world." Clarke thinks it was "an Egyptian epithet, designating office to which he was now raised. nath." His naturalization was by this alliance with a family of tinction. On being founded by colony Poti-phera, like Jethro, Midian, might be a worshiper God; and thus Joseph, a prince be freed from the charge of idolatress for worldly ends. "On." Heliopolis, meaning "sun," or Called Aven (Ezek. 30 17), and shemesh. Jer. 43 13. "Over all the." No doubt for the building of and appointing proper officers to the corn in every place.

46. "Thirty years old." This age which was appointed for priesthood, and we will remember this was the age when the Saviour Joseph entered upon his ministry and mercy. "Stood before." This means that he was admitted the immediate presence of the had his unlimited confidence. Asiatic princes the privilege of their seat and standing in their was granted only to the highest Joseph though so suddenly and bly raised is not puffed with pride.

47. "By handfuls." A singular sion, alluding not only to the of the crop, but the practice of ers grasping the grain in their This probably refers principally it grows in tufts, a great number proceeding from the same root. was not a place in the then known so well adapted to the production as Egypt.

48. "Gathered up." This was ing to the advice given Pharaoh that a fifth part be gathered up the Government tax, or was bought low prices such as would then Doubtless the people also stored for themselves, but according faith, which was much less than

49. "Joseph gathered." The his subjects owed their lives Through the blessing of God to to supply not only the Egyptians other nations with corn when came.

Probably the most disastrous ity of the year has been in the failure of the crops in sia throughout such an extent of that great empire as to task of preventing starvation tically insuperable. Five thousand square miles of are involved, and 43,000,000 If the necessary food supplies the hungry people were sent Russian outposts the difficulty ing from lack of suitable of transportation would still effort for general relief.

A SIBERIAN MAMMOTH.

Journey Undertaken to Bring Back a Specimen.

In the early years of the century just an ancient ice bank of a northern river melted away more than ed the well-preserved carcass of a prehistoric elephantine whose race had been extinct ages. The flesh was so that when found wolves feeding upon it. The adjacent of the Arctic ocean, indeed, have been noted for their preservation. the preserved tusks of these extinct creatures that once ranged the grassy steppes of northern and became extinct long human records. Lately the Academy of Sciences of St. Petersburg fitted an expedition to recover the remains of one of these mammoths. A recent telegram from Yakutsk sends information that the expedition is about to set out on an journey of 1,600 miles to bring one of these mammoths. It is at Kolymsk at the mouth of the Kolima river on the Arctic ocean, in about latitude 70 northeastern border of Yakutsk. The last journey will take two and a half years. The expedition expects to be back in the spring of 1904. The ancient carcass, if found, will be the first specimen ever secured with its stomach full of food.

A TEMPORARY CROESUS.

$1,000 in His Pocket for a Single Minute.

H. T. Cantrell, president of Wichita Falls, Texas, walked into the subtreasury and had a delightful sensation of being a million for only a minute. He was asked to handle money to the extent of $1,000 on place it in his pocket and walk about the inside portion of the subtreasurer's office. "I'm nearly as old," said Mr. Cantrell. "I have been handling money my own, the governments, and other persons for nearly a half century, but I never had so much money in my possession before at one time, and I never expect to have that much again. The sensation of being a millionaire if only for a minute, is peculiar. I, of course, swell up immediately, but only for a second. When a person sees and handles a million or more of money in such small packages as I did there is no reason in the world why he shouldn't be conceited. This condition in my case, however, was short-lived, and the last minute I felt just like a torn $5 bill that had been knocked about the country for ages—that was, of course, when they took that huge amount of money away from me. I will go back to Wichita Falls now and handle postage stamps."

Cures Blood and Skin Troubles—Medicine Free!

If you suffer from Ulcers, Eczema, Scrofula, Blood Poison, Cancer, Eating Sores, Pimples, Boils, Rheumatism, Catarrh, or any Blood or Skin Disease, we advise you to take Blood Balm (B. B. B.). Especially recommended for old, obstinate, deep-seated cases because Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) goes where all else fails, heals every sore, makes the blood pure and rich, gives the skin the rich glow of perfect health. B. B. B. the most perfect blood purifier made. Thoroughly tested for 20 years. Costs $1 per large bottle at drug stores. To prove it cures, medicine sent free by writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell Street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice also given. Medicine sent at once, prepaid.

It may seem strange but drummers never beat their way.

Pusham Fadeless Dyes are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

The only people who keep diaries for any length of time are the people who sell them for sale.

Japan exported more than $1,000,000 worth of lacquer ware last year.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo } ss.
Lucas County }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Electrical apparatus used in mining is estimated to be worth $100,000,000.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The man who jumps overboard is usually rescued with life.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It's the policeman's duty to watch the lines they may not prey.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Street, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Hanging is too good for the picture that lady presented.

Reformed.

Many young ladies have found it necessary to improve, or rather to alter, the spelling of the names with which they were originally blessed. Ethel becomes Ethelle, Jessie becomes Jessie, Mary becomes Marie, and so on. A brother lately received a letter from his young sister at a fashionable boarding school. It was signed Jessie. He answered: "Dear Sister Jessie—Your welcome letter received. Pa and mamma are well. Aunt Lizzie and Uncle Georgie started for Europe yesterday. I have bought a horse. You ought to see it; it's a pony. It's name is Maudie. Your affectionate brother, Samuel." The sister's next letter was signed Jessie.

THE SABBATH SCHO

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMM
FOR OCTOBER 20.

Subject: Joseph Exalted. Gen. xli., ... Golden Text, I. Sam. ii. 30.—W... Verses, 39-41.—Commentary on ... Day's Lesson.

"Unto his servants." The kings of Egypt were created in the ... of state affairs be the advice ... distinguished members of ... and ability. ... the new and author ... (The responsibility ... Joseph ... prior to ... Acad ... Petersburg dis ... to recover the ... mammoth and ... from Ya ... this ex ... in an over ... to secure ... coast, ... mouth ... extreme ... Yakutsk ... The ... back a ... perfectly ... digested ... ignorant ...

A PRINCE AS CROESUS.

... his Pocket for a ... With ... vas ... deserted ... high good ... behold ... into a ... million ... He was al ... the ... of the ... and ... of the ... Thus ... was ... Egypt. People in ... do not sign their names. They ... the ... wax in their rings and titles ... impress ... with thick ink on all occas ... for which we use the signature. ... A costly fabric, worn by pers ... of rank as a mark of honor. It was ... so fine, soft and of dazzling white ness ... and has been sold for twice its weight ... of gold. A gold chain." This was a ... of high office, an emblem of civil author ... 42. "The second chariot." The ... state chariot in the public process ... Herodotus tells us that Egypt was ... for chariots, both for peaceful and ... for purposes. "They cried before ... That is, the king's heralds, whose du ... was to go before and announce the ... of the royal procession. "Bow the kn ... The heralds cried, "Abrek!" This ... supposed to be an Egyptian word, and ... meaning is not definitely known. It ... mean "rejoice" or "we are at thy ... ce." Others think it means "Cast y ... selves down, do homage." "Set him ... all the land" (R. V.). This high post ... to which Joseph was exalted was a ... recompense for his years of patient ... ing. It was also a proof of the equity ... goodness of God, and it should be an ... couragement to all good people to ... God.

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A SIBERIAN MAMMOTH.

Journey Undertaken to Bring Back a Specimen.

In the ... years of the century just ... an ... of a northern ... river ... away more than ... there was re ... carcass of a ... elephantine ... that been extinct ... The flesh was so ... when found wolves ... The adjacent is ... sean, indeed, have ... of a "ivory" ... of these antedi ... rambled ... of northern ... prior to ... the Acad ... Petersburg dis ... to recover the ... mammoth and ... from Ya ... that this ex ... in an over ... to secure ... coast, ... mouth ... extreme ... Yakutsk ... The ... back a ... perfectly ... digested ... ignorant ...

Human Prey of Wild Animals.

The report of the government of India for 1899 shows that for that year 25,587 human lives fell a prey to wild animals. By far the largest number—24,621—were killed by snakes. Tigers were responsible for 839 deaths, wolves for 238, leopards 225 and 1,402 were killed by elephants, hyenas, jackals, and crocodiles together. The deaths due to serpents were much more numerous than during preceding years.

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. "Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

It's only natural that at the close of day we should wear the clothes of night.

MILWAUKEE PEOPLE

Could Hardly Believe It. A Prominent Woman Saved From Death by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suppose a large number of people who read of my remarkable cure will hardly believe it; had I not experienced it myself, I know that I should not.

MRS. SADIE E. KOCH.

"I suffered for months with troubles peculiar to women which gradually broke down my health and my very life. I was nearly insane with pain at times, and no human skill I consulted in Milwaukee could bring me relief.

"My attention was called to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**; the first bottle brought relief, and the second bottle an absolute cure. I could not believe it myself, and felt sure it was only temporary, but blessed fact, I have now been well for a year, enjoy the best of health, and I cannot in words express my gratitude. Sincerely yours, SADIE E. KOCH, 124 10th St., Milwaukee, Wis."—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over diseases of women.

Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50

UNION MADE.

For More Than a Quarter of a Century

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere.

W. L. Douglas sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5 and $6 shoes and are just as good.

Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send order direct to factory. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cts. additional for carriage. My custom department will make you a pair that will equal $5 and $6 custom made shoes, in style, fit and wear. Take measurements of foot as shown on model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. A fit guaranteed. Try a pair.

Fast Color Eyelets used. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER
CURED BY
DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE
ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

THE Bryant & Stratton
Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, independently rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Miss E., 87 Market St., Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Rich Mines, But No Railroads.

There are few localities in the world where railroads could do so much toward opening rich country as in Northern Mexico. The ore is there, and it is well known by capitalists, but the great problem is that of transportation. The difficulties of getting a railroad across the mountains from a Pacific coast port to the mining regions have, up to the present time, discouraged every capitalist who has thought of it. Several railroads are being built through the country west of the Sierra Madre, but hardly near enough to the mineral district to be very valuable.

Pope Gets His Snuff in America.

Pope Leo XIII. is still addicted to the habit of taking snuff. It is not generally known that the snuff used by the head of the Roman Catholic church is made especially for his use in America. This particular kind is the highest priced made anywhere in the world and before being packed is flavored with the costly attar of roses.

Sozodont Tooth Powder 25c

Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont Liquid 25c Large Liquid and Powder 25c All known or by mail for the price. Sample for postage 3c.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B.
THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

BOOK-KEEPER Subdivisions in 1 x, cents. Kills names. Cost one! Only 11 cents. Dept. SHAT INDEX CO. AUGUSTA, GA.

WINCHESTER

CARTRIDGES IN ALL CALIBERS
from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a modern manner, by exact machinery operated by skilled experts.
THEY SHOOT WHERE YOU HOLD ♦ ALWAYS ASK FOR THEM

If You Try One Bottle LIVERINA

For Biliousness, Constipation, Sick-headache or any trouble from a Torpid Liver, and are not pleased with the results your merchant is authorized to refund the price. 50c. LIVERINA is pleasant to take, does not gripe nor purge, and gives permanent relief.

GAY, HARDIE & DURR,
Manufacturing Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
Montgomery, Ala.

USE CERTAIN CHILL CURE.

Am. N. C., No. 42. 1901.

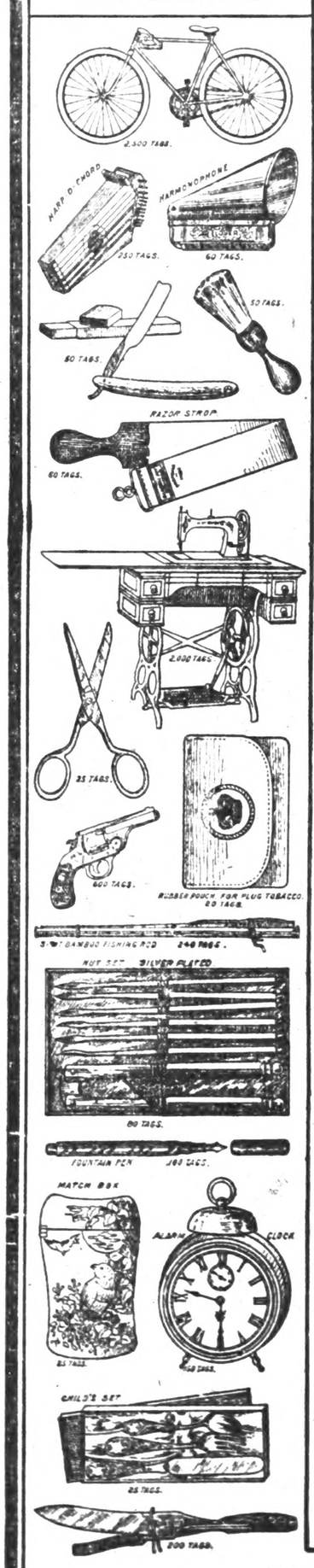
FREE FOR TOBACCO TAGS

NOV. 30TH — FROM — 1902.

"STAR"

"DRUMMOND" Natural Leaf
"GOOD LUCK"
"TENNESSEE CROSSTIE"
"NOBBY SPUN ROLL"
"PIPER HEIDSIECK"
"BOOT JACK"
"OLD PEACH & HONEY"
"GRANGER TWIST"

2 GRANGER TWIST TAGS being equal to one of others mentioned.



"E. Rice, Greenville," "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Cross Bow," "Spear Head," "Old Honesty," "Master Workman," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Jolly Tar," "Standard Navy," "Planet," "Neptune," "Razor," "Ole Varginy." 4

TAGS MAY BE ASSORTED IN SECURING PRESENTS.

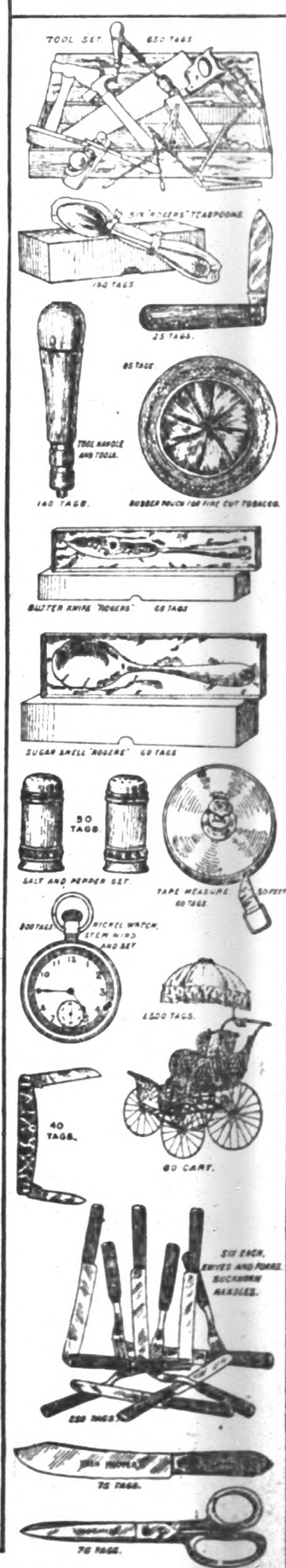
Our new illustrated
CATALOGUE OF PRESENTS
FOR 1902

will include many articles not shown here. It will contain the most attractive List of Presents ever offered for Tags, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.
(Catalogue will be ready for mailing about January 1st, 1902.)

Our offer of Presents for Tags will expire Nov. 30th, 1902.
CONTINENTAL TOBACCO COMPANY.

Write your name and address *plainly* on outside of packages containing Tags, and send them and requests for Presents to

C. Hy. BROWN,
4241 Folsom Ave.,
St. Louis, Mo.



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ATLANTA, GA.

South's Great Literary Weekly

Till January 1st 1902, Only 10c.

This short time rate is offered to better introduce The Sunny South to its large Southern audience. For six months this Southern Literary Weekly has been under a new management, and the paper has fully met the high standard set for it and continues to improve in every way. Thousands of encomiums from enthusiastic well pleased subscribers. A subscription now at this rate means a renewal on January 1st, and we confidently invite your acceptance of this special offer.

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And New Year's Number

will be included in the time of the dime, any one of which will be well worth the whole subscription. Get up a club of ten in your community and send it along with the $1.00 and bring sunshine to as many families in your locality.

The Sunny South is a broad, bright term, but the paper carries the whole meaning of it, and has the flavor of the magnolia, pine and jessamine mingled in the bouquet of good things in store for the fortunate subscribers.

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Ten Cents
till Jan. 1

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The Sunny South
Atlanta, Ga.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

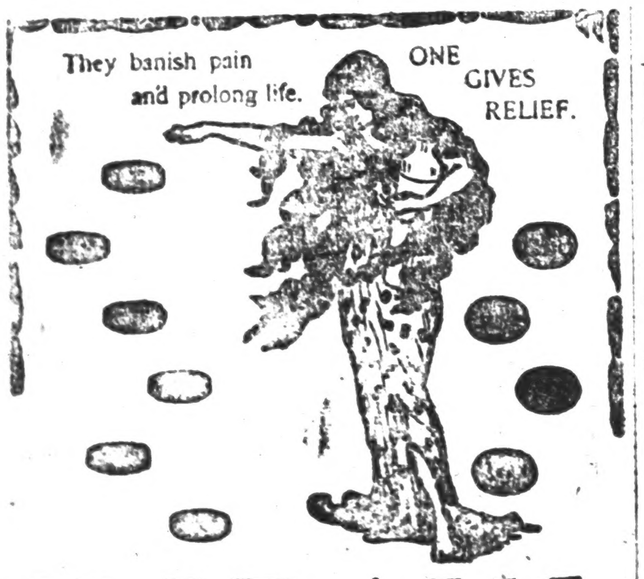
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. I. Calloway, Clanton. SECY-TREAS. P. D. Wilson, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young
2. Thomas Herndon
3. J. S. Wright
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE COUNTY AGENT

Full particulars furnished by the county agent,

R. T. Calloway, Cooper, Ala.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

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KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

We have moved to 2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, · ALA.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	55c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good shaving soap	10c
1 2½ in Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901

Kenon	Beat 3		November
Maplesville	" 7		
Shoults	" 7		
Dixie	" 8		
Valley Creek	" 8		
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	
Macedonia	" 3		
Green Cofer's Gin	" 2	until 12 m.	
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p.m.	
Providence	" 2		
Elijah Busby's	" 2	until 12 m.	
Colet's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p.m.	
Mineral Springs	" 1		
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m.	
Strasburg	" 9		
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m.	
Flint Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p.m.	
Providence	" 5		
Burwell	" 5		
Coopers	" 5		
Davis & Rollins Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	
Clantonford	" 8		
Pletcher	" 8		
Kinchenor	" 6		
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		
James Maddox Gin	" 4		
Jenison	" 2		Dec. 2
Thorsby	" 6		
Mountain Creek	" 5		
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	
Clanton	" 4		

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

THE STATE ELECTION

WILL BE HELD NOV. 5, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in your order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND BEST GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

	NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1				
2				
3				

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $ _____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Cash Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official election returns are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE.

All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no checks.

Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

MAN ON THE CORNER

Commissioner's Sale.

Mortgage Sale.

RESTAURANT.

W. H. STACY,
CLANTON

NOTICE

AND COLLECTOR'S

d Round

...g times and places for the purpose ...ty taxes of Chilton county for the ...es for the year 1901

...eat 3		November	4
" 7		"	5
" 7		"	6
" 8		"	7
" 8	until 12 m.	"	8
" 3		"	9
" 4	until 12 m.	"	11
" 2	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	12
" 2		"	13
" 2	until 12 m	"	13
" 1	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	14
" 1		"	14
" 1	until 12 m	"	15
" 4		"	16
" 4	until 12 m	"	18
" 4	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	19
" 5		"	20
" 5		"	21
" 6	until 12 m.	"	23
" 5		"	25
" 5		"	26
" 6		"	27
" 6		"	28
" 6		"	29
" 2		Dec.	2 & 3
" 7		"	
" 5		"	4
" 5	until 12 m	"	6 & 7
" 4		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

...ten days of the year, commencing
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

VEN AWAY

E BEST GUESS

Guess	$300.00 Cash
st Guess	50.00 Cash
ext Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
ext Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
Next Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
Next Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
TOTAL CASH.	$300.00

y Advertiser

10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess ...Constitution. Subscribers who are ...red from date of expiration of present ...sending in your order whether your

...TH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
...OR AGAINST.

VOTE FOR	AGAINST

amount of $

Best Guess!
November 10th, 1901
within ten days after official election ...scriber has one guess FREE. ...ne order or draft. Send no checks.
Montgomery, Ala.
HERE.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. X CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY OCTOBER 24, 1901 NO. 1

...MAN ON THE CORNER

...the Sights he Saw, and Some He Saw Not

...work ... —our police ... Morgan and ... Lee Hayes. They ... terms and ... appeared ... those unis. The ... would-be ...

...building ... Work was ... on the Pres... building, under ... of Ben Teel, ... elected in thirty ... Edwards is putting ... his new ... Broadhead & Son ... a few days.

...H. L. Byrdz is finish... two brick storehouses, and ... Mims will open up as soon ... H. Touto has rented ... and will move into ... They are both hand-some ... and reflect great credit ... Contractor Byrdz, whose ... are well and expeditious...

...is going ahead right ... and presents an elegant ap... It is certainly the finest ... between Montgomery and ...ham, and is worthy of the ... importance of Clanton.

...more brick storehouses will ... be commenced in another ... or two, and judging from the ... for business premises, ... would seem at least half a ... more buildings could readily ... and would be a paying ... And so we continue ... The more the merrier.

...dents happen to the most ... as well as the thoughtless, ... for them. Keep a bot... Tichenor's Antiseptic con... Only 50c. at all druggists.

Commissioner's Sale.

...Alabama, ... County. In Probate Court.

...under virtue of the mandate ... commission issued out of ... Probate Court of said County, ... will proceed to sell for ... division, and distribution ... the following described ... situated in said county to ... ... of ne ¼ sec... ... Township 21 ... said sale to be for cash ... on Friday, the 25th ... 1901, in front of the ... door in Clanton, Alabama, ... the 8th day of October, 1901.
R. E. Dixson, Commissioner.

Mortgage Sale.

...by virtue of the power of ... in a mortgage executed ... Roberts and his wife, Sarah ... to J. A. Johnson, on the 30th ... March, 1898, to secure an indebt... ... said Johnson by said Roberts ... in the sum of $338, which said ... was recorded in Volume 5, on ... of the Book of Mortgages in ... of the Judge of Probate of ... County, Alabama, on the 23rd ... May, 1898, and which said mort... ... duly assigned to ... A. Mullins, the undersigned; ... default having been made in the pay... of said debt, I, said Roberta A. ... will proceed to sell the lands ... said mortgage, to wit:
... ¼ of the sw ¼, and the nw ... ¼ of Section 13, Township ... Range 13, situated in Chilton ... Alabama, to the highest bidder, ... at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, ... SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901, ... to be made on said premises. ... satisfy said debt.
This ... day of October, 1901.
ROBERTA A. MULLINS, Assignee.
TIPTON MULLINS,
Attorney for Assignee.

...RESTAURANT.

...public is informed that ... refurnished and made ... to my restaurant, ... prepared to furnish ... at all times in the best ... at short notice.
... OYSTERS EVERY DAY.
W. H. STACY,
...ANTLE & N. R.R. DEPOT,
CLANTON

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Editor Banner.—In your last week's issue your correspondent, "Taxpayer and Voter" criticises the proposed new constitution, and professes his inability to see its superiority in it over the old one. But there is a vein of conservatism running through his article, conspicuously absent in many of those who oppose the document formulated by our late convention, and it is therefore to be hoped he is open to conviction and willing to listen to something on the other side.

What are some of the beneficent changes proposed by the new constitution? 1. And most important; under its provisions white supremacy is forever assured, and the negro equality imbedded in the old instrument eliminated, and the pledge is at the same time preserved that no worthy white man is disfranchised.

The temporary plan of registration, with which so much fault has been found, expires by limitation next year, and is so safeguarded, that it will not be practicable for the registrars to deny any worthy applicant, who is entitled to the privilege.

The public school system is far more liberally provided for. It is estimated that the munificent sum of $800,000 annually will be available for common school education in our State, and this will place within the reach of every child in our borders, this inestimable gift. In addition to this the people of any county, by a three-fifths vote can levy 10 cents on the $100, as additional support for their public schools.

3. State taxation has been reduced from 75 to 65 cts. on the $100.

4. Our State elections have been so changed that the Legislature will meet only every 4 years, at an annual saving of $15,000 to the State.

5. The free pass system has been abolished, and our public officials will have to pay their way on the railroads, as other good citizens are required to do when they travel.

6. Local and private legislation, which have been the cause of so much just complaint, and the prolific source of so much evil, has been almost entirely abolished. With such a provision stock laws, and other oppressive measures cannot be exploited over the heads of the majority, by an insignificant minority.

I might mention many other points, but have air advantagessed too greatly on your space perhaps.

In view of the magnitude of the question, and the momentous interests at stake, permit me in conclusion, to appeal to my fellow-citizens to lay all prejudice aside; and calmly and impartially consider this question. It involves consequences vitally affecting the interests of the generations to come after us, and we should therefore examine its merits impartially, without bias or preference of opinion, and as reasonable men desirous of arriving at the truth, and in view of duty to ourselves, and our posterity, act upon the question for God and for the right. CIVIS.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Hon. S. J. Bowie will address the citizens of Chilton county in behalf of the ratification of the new Constitution at the following times and places:

Clanton, Sat'day, Oct. 26, 11 a.m.
Verbena, " " 7:30 p.m.

The public and ladies especially are cordially invited to attend.

TIPTON MULLINS, Chairman.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Pursuant to the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor of Alabama I hereby give notice that an election will be held at the several polling places in Chilton county, Alabama on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901,

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters the question of ratifying or rejecting the Constitution for the State of Alabama proposed by the Convention held in accordance with the act of the Legislature, approved December 11, 1900

This 8th day of October, 1901.
MOSES KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to-wit:

Beat 1—W. H. Conway, Ira Campbell, Walter Gray, Inspectors. J. W. Mordebrooks, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 1—W. H. Shaw, John Lowery, Geo R. Moore, Inspectors. L. A. McGraw, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 2—Green Cofer, Marion Honeycutt, J. H. Patton, Inspectors. A. D. Robinson, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 1—Clayton Edwards, W. A. Wood, Jasper Giles, Inspectors. Geo. W. Calloway, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 2—Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, J. C. Veazey, Inspectors. Jeff Glasscock, Returning Officer.

Beat 4—N. J. Calloway, J. F. Goodgame, W. J. Armstrong, Inspectors. M. A. Killgore, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, J. H. Vinson, Jesse Cox, Inspectors. G. W. Wilson, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 2—F. J. Jones, Jim Grant, Will Wells, Inspectors. Noah Dudley, Returning Officer.

Beat 6—R. L. Williams, Sr., A. T. Hathcock, A. C. Popwell, Inspectors. B. F. Dobbs, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, J. J. Letcher, F. U. Crumpton, Inspectors. W. Y. Nix, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 2—Jasper Gentry, Frank Green, Noah Latham, Inspectors. Charley Walker, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 1—T. G. Milling, W. M. Price, W. C. Dyer, Inspectors. Frank Johnson, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 2—R. P. Kendrick, J. H. Adams, W. H. Mills, Inspectors. Oscar Harris, Returning Officer.

Beat 9—D. W. Honeycutt, Alfred Childers, T. O. Williams, Inspectors. D. H. Gentry, Returning Officer.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
CHILTON COUNTY.

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 8th day of October, 1901. M. A. KILLGORE Sheriff.

Is Your Life Worth 25 Cents?

Consumptives, we know that you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to be cured. Gooch's Mexican Syrup has cured thousands and it will cure you. Consumption is the result of the food material that should go to support the body and sustain life being absorbed and thrown off in tuberculous matter. To overcome this waste of vital force and restore the nourishment to the system in its natural course, is to cure. This is accomplished by Gooch's Mexican Syrup. It controls coughs, night sweats, spitting of blood, soreness in chest, inflamed throat and lungs, difficulty of breathing, heavy coughs accompanied with expectoration and parched lips. We know you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to save yourself. You can buy a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup for 25 cents. It cures a simple cough as if by magic, and is the best remedy for whooping cough.

For inflamed eyes, sore throat, sore mouth, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Pleasant to taste and smell and will give quick relief.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM

of sunday-school convention of Beat 1 and 2 to be held with Bethel church Nov. 16 and 17.

SATURDAY. 9 a m Devotional service. Rufus Houldith.
10 Its object, Rev. A. T. Vandiver
11. Reports of sunday-schools
12:30 p m What are the duties of sunday-school teachers to their classes? J. W. Thomas and W. H. Conway Recitation. Miss Emma Lowery Recitation, Miss Dolsey Vande.
3 Business
A few reasons why so many take no part in sunday-school work. Mrs. M. J. Griffin Recitation, Miss Julie Conway. Recitation, Miss Mary Creel

SUNDAY, 9 a m sunday school.
10 What is our duty as a church toward our sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and others.
Recitation, Miss Sallie Shaw.
Recitation, George Hillyer.
1:30 p m Recitation. Miss Cora Armstrong. Recitation. Miss Annie Lowery. Recitation. Miss Ida Busby.
3 Final influence of sunday-school, Rev. W. J. Lawley
W. M. ALDRIDGE, Pres.
MISS LIZZIE LOWERY, sec.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, I, E. Z. Nix, Administrator de bonis non of the Estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1901,

at 12 o'clock, noon, upon the following terms, to wit: One-third cash, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with sufficient security to secure the deferred payments, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to wit:

The South half of the South-east quarter; the South-east quarter of the South-South-west quarter, and the West half of the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter, Section 16; the North-east quarter and the South-west quarter of the South-east quarter, less three acres, Section 20; the North-west quarter, and West half of the North-east quarter, Section 21, containing five hundred and seventy seven acres more or less, situated in Township 22, Range 13 Chilton county, Alabama. E. Z. Nix,
Administrator de bonis non.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$5.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.
$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.
1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $
But they must go just the same.

FREE TO THE BABIES.

The Eastern Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, will present to every baby, under one year of age, in this county, one solid silver baby spoon with the baby's given name engraved on same. You do not have to pay one cent nor buy anything to get this spoon. The Eastern Manufacturing Co. are large manufacturers and jobbers of jewelry and silverware, and have taken this method of advertising their goods. Instead of spending thousands of dollars for magazine advertising they have decided to give it away direct to consumers.

The undersigned firm has been made distributing agent for this locality. Bring your baby to their store and give its name and age and you will receive one of these beautiful silver spoons all engraved free of cost. This is not a cheap article, but solid silver of elegant design. Don't fail to look over the elegant line of The Eastern Manufacturing Co.'s goods on display at

D. I. DRUMMOND & SONS

WANTED.

FOR SALE—80 acres of land, half mile south of Pletcher station. Low price. Easy terms. Call on I. E. SARBER, Thorsby, Ala.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.
J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

If your cow is suffering with garget, "spoiled udder," use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic freely. It is said to be a very fine remedy by those who have tried it.

Mr. G. G. Calloway, of Enid, recently killed a big rattlesnake on Mrs. M. D. Logan's plantation near Higgins' ferry. It had twelve rattles and a button, and weighed about 25 pounds. It was 3 inches in diameter and about 4 ft. 6 in. long.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

It is a well-known fact that every man should work to his own interest. Then why not the farmer get the benefit of his own labor? Why not the farmer get his prices as well as the merchant? Simply because he does not look around and see what the market price is. He does not know where to go. He does not know that R. L. MARCUS will give more for Produce of all kinds and sell goods for less money than anybody in the city. One call will convince you. Respectfully, R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

HATCHECHUBBEE, ALA. June 30, 1875

Dr. C. J. MORRETT—Dear Sir: I can assure you that your TEETHINA (Teething Powders) is indispensible to us, and in no single instance has it ever proved a failure. We have tried soothing medicines, and everything known to us and "old women," and your Teething Powders are pre-eminently a success and blessing to mothers and children. Yours truly, etc.
J. M. DELACY

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it ever fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positively GUARANTEED
$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E W Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.
Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.
Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.
Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.
Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.
Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.
$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.
E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man.
AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.
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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

One of the chief uses of those South American republics is to make new histories, geographies and maps necessary every year or two.

By a co-operative plan two million Londoners are to be supplied with daily dinners at two pence each. They will, at least, be free from the dangers of overeating.

Massachusetts has fixed a new responsibility upon railroad companies and their agents. A Boston man recently obtained a judgment for $500 against a railroad company because its conductor refused to protect him against abuse and assault by a drunken fellow-passenger.

The "touching" interest of the Italian people in the affairs of their king was strikingly manifested on the occasion of the birth of his daughter. Within two days after that event King Victor received 26,000 congratulatory telegrams and 20,000 requests for money.

Speed is becoming more and more the supreme consideration in the construction of war ships. Ships of the navy, it seems, must not only be able to fight, but it seems must also be able to run away upon occasion, and to steam great distances without stopping to take on coal, states the Baltimore Sun.

At a recent meeting of German spinners at Leipsic a table was submitted, which showed that the world's consumption of cotton was now about 14,000,000 bales annually. The United States stands at the head of the list, being credited with a consumption of 3,600,000 bales. Great Britain comes second, with 3,300,000 bales.

The value of street railway franchises in a big and growing city is exemplified in the offer which the Chicago City railway has made to the municipality in consideration of a 20 years' extension of its franchises. It offers to pave the streets it occupies from curb to curb at a cost of $10,000 in return for the privilege it asks.

The last clause of a will which was filed for probate in Washington, D. C., the other day significantly says: "The net sum of $186,000 left by this will is the financial result of a long life of industry and economy, and if used for good and useful purposes by those to whom it is now given is enough. And if not so used is too much."

The nations of Europe spend for military and naval purposes $750,000,000. They keep under arms continually 3,000,000 men, with six times as many in readiness for emergencies. It is estimated that each community loses at least $200 a year for each man who is kept under arms and is therefore unproductive. This loss, for all Europe, would amount to $600,000,000 which, added to the $750,000,000 paid out for military and naval purposes, would make a grand total of $1,350,000.

The statistics collected during 1899 showing the damage done by lightning have been published by the weather bureau. The number of buildings damaged or destroyed by lightning in 1899 was 5527. In addition to these 729 buildings caught fire as a result of the proximity to other structures that were fired by lightning. The approximate loss in 2824 cases was not reported, owing undoubtedly to the fact that the loss was small. A conservative estimate of the total loss by lightning during the year would be $600,000. The great majority of buildings struck by lightning were not provided with lightning rods. The same conditions prevailed in the preceding year.

Jules Verne, now long past his seventieth year, has begun his ninety-ninth story. Since he commenced writing some of his most marvelous tales have been proved to be only prophecies. For instance, we have submarine boats almost as wonderful as Captain Nemo's craft, and the journey around the world has been accomplished in much less time than that required by the mythical Fogg. If M. Verne wishes to write a novel of adventure so improbable that science will not catch up with it for a long time to come, he will have to tax his powers of ingenuity to the utmost; provided that at the same time, as in his earlier stories, he surrounds it with the specious atmosphere that imparts one of the chief charms to his narratives.

REVOLUTIONARY HEROES.

ANDREW CARNEGIE HAS DONATION FOD NASHVILLE.

THREE PERSONS BURNED IN GEORGIA.

Venezuelan Affairs—Hobson at Knoxville—Automobile Kills Rider—Yale is Two Hundred Years Old—Cotton Famine.

NASHVILLE'S CARNEGIE LIBRARY.

The Nashville Chamber of Commerce is in receipt of a letter from James Bertram, private secretary to Andrew Carnegie, dated at Skibo Castle, Scotland, October 4, which says that Mr. Carnegie stands ready to give $100,000 for the erection of a library building in Nashville. The offer is accompanied with the usual proviso that the city furnish an annuity for running expenses.

VALLEY FORGE MONUMENT.

The first monument erected at Valley Forge in memory of the revolutionary soldiers who died there during the winter of 1777-78 was unveiled and dedicated Saturday by the Daughters of the Revolution. The monument is a handsome obelisk of granite, fifty feet high, and at its base appear two bronze panels, one containing the seal of the society and the other representing a scene of camp life at Valley Forge. Above these the original colonial flag with thirteen stars has been carved in the shaft. The inscription reads: "To the soldiers of Washington's Army Who Sleep in Valley Forge, 1777-78.

GEORGIA HOLOCAUST.

John Hatcher, Jack Hatcher and Minnie Hatcher, two brothers and a sister, all grown, were burned to death near Ashburn, Ga., Saturday morning. Mrs. Hatcher, the mother, was awakened by the heat at her residence and barely escaped with her life, too late to assist her children. Neighbors came to the rescue as quickly as possible, but were unable to save those in the house or to stay the flames. Early in the night a lamp was overturned in a room of seed cotton and the inmates succeeded in extinguishing the fire after being slightly burned. It is thought that the fire was only smothered, as it broke out again in the same room and the house was totally destroyed.

SOLDIERS REINTERRED.

The bodies of nine American soldiers who were killed in the battle of Lundy's Lane, were reinterred Saturday afternoon near the spot where they fell in the bloody strife nearly one hundred years ago. The bodies were discovered several months ago and identified by buttons and accoutrements as members of the Ninth United States Infantry. A company of red-coated Canadian soldiers met a detachment of American soldiers at the center of the upper steel arch bridge at Niagara and escorted them to Lundy's Lane. The ceremonies took place in the presence of a company of distinguished representatives of the Canadian and United States governments, veterans and historical organizations and prominent citizens of the Niagara frontier.

JOHN S. PILLSBURY, former governor of Minnesota and one of the State's foremost citizens, died last Friday. He served three terms as governor, from 1876 to 1882. He was always the friend and benefactor of the University of Minnesota, to whic he gave $150,000, and was most philanthropic in other directions.

HOTEL BURNED.

The Hutchins House, at Houston, Tex., a large four-story hotel, was burned at an early hour Saturday morning and it is believed the fire was the result of incendiarism. There were about 300 guests in the house, all of whom got out in safety and without injury. Many of them lost heavily in effects, however, as thieves raided the hotel while the fire was in progress. The loss is placed at $110,000 on the hotel and furnishings, with insurance of $55,000. The house was built forty years ago and was one of the best-known hotels in the South.

BROTHERS DIE SAME NIGHT.

Jesse Cooper, a native of Ohio, who has resided near Allegheny Springs, Tenn., for twenty years, died suddenly Saturday night. He was found dead in bed by his wife who at once notified his brother in Ohio as to whether he desired the remains shipped to his native state. In reply Mrs. Cooper was informed that the Ohio brother had died the same night.

LIVERPOOL is suffering from a cotton famine.

THE Florida orange crop is estimated at 1,100,000 boxes.

NASHVILLE has been awarded The Southern Base Ball League pennant.

RALEIGH, N. C., will dedicate her new soldiers' home about December 15th.

MRS. LEILA MEADOWS, of Eastman, Ga., shot herself fatally Saturday. She was despondent over ill health.

CAVALRY tilts will be features of the Savannah street fair in early November. Prizes aggregating $1,000 are offered.

RECENT floods on the Isle of Man have been disastrous. Trains were stopped, bridges destroyed and one vessel wrecked.

GEN. JAS. A. WALKER, ex member of congress from Virginia and formerly commander of "Stonewall" Jackson's old brigade, is dead.

LAST Saturday Yale college celebrated its two hundredth anniversary. The exercises will last until Wednesday when President Roosevelt will be made an LL. D.

THE state has ended its testimony in the Powers case for the murder of Governor Goebel of Kentucky. Powers has taken the stand and denies everything sworn to against him.

CRUSHED BY AN AUTO.

While ascending Bull hill, on the road from Central Valley to West Point, the 1,800 pound automobile in which F. H. Benedict and a party of friends were traveling, was overturned and Mr. Benedict was almost instantly killed. He is a son of E. C. Benedict, the intimate friend of former President Cleveland.

IN VENEZUELA.

The military situation of the Tachira frontier apparently remains unchanged, although the scouting and restless activities of General Uribe-Uribe and his followers may result in an engagement with the Colombian troops of more or less importance any day. In various parts of Venezuela guerilla parties of nationalists continue more or less in armed activity, and minor uprisings are frequently reported. President Castro is vigorously repressing insurrection wherever he can.

UNVEILS MONUMENT.

Captain Richmond P. Hobson attended the D. A. R. dedication of a monument marking the site of the home of General James W. White, founder of Knoxville, who was Hobson's great-greatgrandfather. The ceremony occurred on the lawn of the suburban home of Hon. Jesse C. Groner, where General White's house stood. It was preceded by a street parade, headed by Hobson. Hon. Richmond Pearson, of North Carolina, uncle of Hobson, is also a guest of honor.

THE case of Jake Champion, said to have been caught in the act of robbing the office of the Southern Express company a few months ago by F. Z. Woodruff, an employee, came up at Anniston Friday. Mr. Woodruff has received a gift of $100 from the express company for his bravery in capturing the alleged burglar.

LUMBERMEN ORGANIZE.

The Lumbermen's Association of the South as just been organized at New Orleans. Its membership includes the retail lumber dealers and lumber manufacturers and wholesalers of the states of Florida, Georgia, Alabama, the Carolinas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Virginia and Arkansas. The object is the purpose of encouraging and maintaining business ethics and relations which should exist between the manufacturing and business branches of the lumber trade. Carl F. Drake, of Austin, Tex., is president.

GEORGIA WRECK.

A freight train collided with a passenger on the Southwestern Railroad at Wise, Ga., and ten of the crew and passengers from Montgomery and elsewhere along the line were seriously injured.

ARGENTINE Republic is very desirous of quicker steamboat communication with the United States.

TRAIN THROUGH TRESSLE.

ROBBERS OF TAX COLLECTOR MAKE GOOD HAUL.

SPANISH SOUVENIRS FOR MONTGOMERY

Took Carbolic Acid—Gadsden Shooting—Confessed and Sentenced—May Get Appointment—College Delegates.

SPANISH FLAG STAFFS.

Montgomery has been notified that that she may after all get the Oquendo's and Don Juan de Austria's flag staffs which Lieut. Hobson was prevented from presenting to the state. The first American flag unfurled at Santiago is to figure in the street fair at Montgomery during the week of October 28th.

TUSCALOOSA SUICIDE.

The body of Louis Beck, a well-known carpenter, was discovered in a house Saturday near Lock 1 on the Warrior river. A note was found, stating that he could not pay the debts he owed, so he had decided to end his life with carbolic acid. He had purchased the fluid after his work for the day on the Methodist church, and took it after he went to his home, where he lived alone. He was about 47 years old.

GOT AWAY WITH BOOTY.

T. J. Caslisle, the tax commissioner of Lee county, got on the train at Loachapoka Saturday morning and when he was getting off at Opelika, a pickpocket ran his hand in his pocket and got his pocket-book which contained $458 in New York exchange, $50 in gold and $50 in currency. He went to the bank of Opelika where he had purchased the New York exchange, and while notifying them of his loss the man who robbed him came in the bank. Carlisle started towards him and he ran, pursued by carlisle, around an entire block, when he made his escape in the crowd. A farmer named Golden, from Thaddeus, in Tallapoosa county, was robbed at the same time of $130, and another farmer was robbed of $160.

TRESTLE COLLAPSES—TWO ARE KILLED.

A heavy double-header freight train, without a word of warning plunged through the long trestle on the Central of Georgia Railroad near Leeds Saturday morning. Four persons were carried down the drop of forty feet and one of them was instantly killed in the first crash, another dying several hours later. J. W. Webster, engineer of the front engine, was so badly hurt that he died at St. Vincent's hospital, Birmingham, the following night. His fireman was instantly killed. Three others of the train crew were injured. The trestle which caused the disasters pans the Southern Railway and is what is known as a two-deck trestle, practically a trestle upon a trestle. The frame work reaches a height of about forty feet where the timbers gave way. There are no hanging pieces of timber, and the trestle gives the impression of having been cut in two with a knife. Not a vestage of the frame work was left standing between the cutting-off place and the side of the mountain.

WILL BUCHANAN accidentally shot himself while out hunting near Guntersville. The shot entered his mouth and tore out nearly all of his tongue.

GREECE is contemplating a new constitution.

AT ATTALLA.

The North Alabama Presbytery is in session at Attalla. It meets regularly twice a year and this will be what is known as the fall session. The most important business to be considered is the report of the home mission board. The presbytery is considering the employment of an evangelist.

EX-PROBATE JUDGE POLK HARRIS, while at work at his saw mill near Larkinsville Friday had the misfortune to get his right hand caught by a buzz saw and four fingers were cut off.

COLLEGE MEN.

President W. S. Wyman and Dr. C. H. Barnwell have been selected by the faculty to represent the University of Alabama at the meeting of the Association of Colleges of Southern States. The meeting will be held this year at Sewanee during the first week in November.

MISS FLOY HINDS has been appointed Postmistress at Decatur.

J. C. BUCKNER has been appointed justice of the peace of Alabama City beat by Governor Jelks.

IT appears that fine qualities of illuminating and lubricating oils exist in Morgan county. Ohio and Indiana companies, it is said, have thirty thousand dollars set aside for oil development in this county alone.

Ex-County Superintendent of Education of Marshall county, appeared before the court at Guntersville Saturday and plead guilty to a charge of embezzlement. He was given a sentence of fifteen months imprisonment in the penitentiary.

THE grand jury has indicted L. P. Lewis on a charge of embezzlement of funds while tax collector of Marshall county. He made bond in the sum of $1,000 to appear for trial at a called term of the circuit court to be held in December.

WILLIAM BEAL, am employe of the Southern railroad, swung off a train at Jacksonville last Wednesday and fell with one of his feet on the track. The foot was badly mashed, and the physician found amputation necessary. It is thought that he will survive.

THE secretary of war has ordered a re-examination in the case of Lieutenant Mabson, of Montgomery. Lieutenant Mabson, son of Judge Mabson was recently designated for a second lieutenancy in the regular army. He failed physically, but owing to his efficient record he will be given another chance.

COL. J. C. LEE, of Pratt City, was accidently shot Friday by Mr. Fred Martin. It appears that Mr. Martin was shooting sparrows in the front yard with a small rifle. Colonel Lee was sitting on the porch and in some manner the rifle was discharged in his direction, the ball striking him on one of his limbs.

DAN COATS, of Coats' Bend, was accidentally shot recently at Etowaton, while hunting. He went hunting with a companion, and accidently discharged his gun. The entire charge took effect in his left arm, making a painful and serious wound. The attending physicians say he may lose the use of his arm.

MR. GEORGE HOUSTON, yard master for the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company, was badly hurt last Wednesday in the yards at the Bessemer works. While superintending the removal of some pipe one of his legs was caught between two big sections of pipe and the muscles very badly crushed.

GADSDEN SHOOTING.

Street Cooper was shot and killed by James A. Barkly at the home of the latter at Claysville, a few days ago. Cooper and his wife were living at the house of Mr. and Mrs. Barkly who are parents of Mrs. Cooper. The men were drinking and it is said Cooper began to abuse his wife. Her father interfered and was attacked by Cooper with a knife. He seized a shot gun and fired the contents of one load at Cooper, the load taking effect in his stomach which caused death instantly. Barkly was arrested and put in jail at Guntersville. He was released later on a $1000 bond.

MISS GERTRUDE MICHAEL has been elected queen of the Demopolis Elks' Fair and Carnival.

THE carnival fever has struck Anniston. It is to have one during the week of October 28th, and is working hard for a success.

CONCEALED PISTOL.

Saturday, while a wagon load of people were going to Opelika a young man name Simmons took a pistol out of one pocket to put it in another, when it was accidentally discharged, shooting off the end of his thumb and the bullet entering the back of a young man named Gamble, inflicting a painful and dangerous wound.

THE city of Attalla has purchased a John H. McGowan pump for a water works plant at the cost of $1,275. The pump has a capacity of one million gallons per day.

HOTEL BURNED.

The old Carrollton hotel the property of D. S. Currey was burned at midnight Saturday night. Loss about $1,000. Insutance $1,000. The stock of goods of Dayton Hale, Jr. & Co., was slightly injured by removal and water.

THE Postal Telegraph Company will probably extend its service to Hunter" in within the next few months.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

REAR ADMIRAL BUNCE DIES OF CANCER.

BACK FROM EXPLORING FROM HAWAII.

The Shark Goes through Warehouses from Hawaii—Chinese Labor—37,000,000 Packages of Seeds.

Mr. Henry E. Cooper, [illegible] secretary and for several [illegible] prior to his departure for the [illegible] States acting governor of Hawaii, discussed with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson the conditions in the territory. In his conference he [illegible] alized the seriousness of the [illegible] problem. The natives are dying rapidly, the mortality being in [illegible] neighborhood of forty to the [illegible] sand, and foreign laborers are [illegible] the country more rapidly than [illegible] are coming. The encouragement [illegible] Chinese labor is regarded as the [illegible] promising solution. The sugar [illegible] crop that should have been harvested at the beginning of January is still in the field, and will not be harvested before next month. The native [illegible] erally will not work. The coffee industry is languishing, and [illegible] things that should be raised there are bought outside of the islands. The department reports that it costs [illegible] an acre to fertilize the cane [illegible] Hawaii. Secretary Wilson told Mr. Cooper of the plans the department is making for Hawaii, and said he intended to build up the coffee, [illegible] rubber and other industries which help to diversify the Hawaiian industries. The department purposes, Mr. Wilson, to make all these [illegible] within the United States [illegible] ever is adaptable to them [illegible] fully, and to furnish everything [illegible] needed among themselves.

The Department of Agriculture completed plans for the annual distribution throughout the country. Despite the fact that double the amount of seeds are to be sent this year, the preliminary work is advanced further than in the past. There will be 37,000,000 packets distributed. A change has been made in the method of distributing cotton and [illegible] crops which will be sent only in sections where they are adaptable. Havana and Sumatra tobacco will be sent only to Florida and certain [illegible] of New England where their use has proven successful and where [illegible] lin spread over tobacco areas have the necessary tropical conditions. The department will begin sending the seeds about December 1st, most of them will be [illegible] through senators and representatives.

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Children's Column

A Model Spelling.

[illegible] whose spelling is unique. [illegible] words down the "Days of the Week" [illegible] first he spelt "Sunday," [illegible] second day, "Man-day" — [illegible] now a new teacher they send. —St. Nicholas.

Father Pansy.

There is a funny old story about the pansy which many children know, but [illegible] again, do not. The pansy has five petals and five sepals. In all pansies two of the petals are of plain color and three are gay with stripes and spots of bright color. The two plain petals have but one sepal between them, while the two smallest of the gay petals have a sepal each and the one large petal has two sepals.

As the story goes the pansy represents a family—a mother, two daughters and two stepdaughters. The father is very cross and cruel to her stepdaughters, obliging them both to sit on one chair and wear homely dresses, while her daughters have a chair each and very gay dresses, in [illegible]

But why doesn't the father object to such treatment of his daughters? The question is, can you find the father? He is at home. Oh, yes. And you will have to tear the house down, taking off the wife and children, to find him. He is a little bit of a man, with a dirty wrapper on and a nightcap. But [illegible] man, he is sick, and if you will look closely, you will see that he sits with his hands on his knees, a look of despair on his face and his feet in a tub of hot water.—Cincinnati Inquirer.

Traveled Like a Princess.

A little girl came into this port on the St. Paul on Saturday. She was about 7 years of age and was traveling alone. She could speak only Swedish, had no money, was in no one's special charge, and yet no great lady traveling with a retinue of servants could have received more polite and chivalrous attention than was accorded this little kid from over seas.

A piece of sheepskin was tied about her neck and upon it were these words:

"Chris Thompson, Fort Collins, Colorado. Please forward."

She was sent by her grandparents in Sweden to her father and mother who are in the employ of Mr. Thompson, at the place above indicated. Her fare and keep had been paid in advance.

The officers on the ship, the passengers, the men in charge of the docks, the railroad officials to whom she was assigned, did everything within their power for her safety and the increase of her happiness. If she had eaten all that was offered her she could have set up as a museum freak. She seemed happy and not a bit homesick, and [illegible] for the West in a sleeping car with a conductor, a porter, a brakeman and 17 passengers hovering about her and asking if she wanted anything to eat.—New York Correspondence Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Bear in a Trap.

There were days at a time when there was nothing doing in bear traps. The real rushing business did not begin until about the first of June when the moose calves had got big enough to run fast. Then Henry discovered to his great joy that the bears had begun marking anew their hunting trees. The trapper who takes possession of a stream by blazing trees with his ax is only imitating a custom that was old before Elisha studied bear culture. The big bears stand up as high as they can by certain trees and mark them with their teeth. Each year they bite them anew, at the beginning of summer and Henry showed me several freshly struck trees one day. "That bear is an old settler," said Henry, as we looked at the bites in the tree, higher than a tall man's head. So he rebated the nearest traps, burnt the feathers of a loon which had come too close to camp. "I think I will smell those burnt feathers a year," said Henry. Also he toasted cheese and stuck bits of it in cleft sticks about the neighborhood to get the bear interested.

This diabolism worked its spell, for on approaching the trap, three days later, we heard roars and howls a quarter of a mile away. The bear had become entangled in a snarl of blowdowns, and having fought the trap and roared for hours, lay flat on his back when we approached, wailing his despair. Henry said he never heard a bear make so much noise.

There was a great difference in the way the bears acted. Some of them tried to get away, some became furious at our coming. But all of them died in the final blow quietly, and died quietly.—Frederic Irland, in Scribner's.

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It is exciting to watch the duck-hawk in pursuit of his prey. Given a open field with the quarry, it is [illegible] to witness the exhibition.

AGRICULTURAL ADVANCES

REAR ADMIRAL BUNCE DIES OF CANCER.

BACK FROM EXPLORING FRIGID SEAS

The Shark Goes into the Waters—Pictures from Hawaii—Chinese Labor—37,000,000 Packages of Seeds.

Mr. Henry E. Cooper, territorial secretary and for several months prior to his departure for the United States acting governor of Hawaii, has discussed with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson the conditions in the territory. In his conference he emphasized the seriousness of the labor problem. The natives are dying rapidly, the mortality being in a neighborhood of forty to the thousand, and foreign laborers are leaving the country more rapidly than they are coming. The encouragement of Chinese labor is regarded as the most promising solution. The sugar crop that should have been harvested at the beginning of July is not yet in the field, and will not be harvested before next month. The natives generally will not work. The coffee industry is languishing, and many things that should be raised there are bought outside of the islands. The department reports that it costs $[illegible] an acre to fertilize the cane crop in Hawaii. Secretary Wilson told Mr. Cooper of the plans the department is making for Hawaii, and said he intended to build up the coffee, sugar, rubber and other industries and help to diversify the Hawaiian industries. The department purposes, says Mr. Wilson, to make all these islands within the United States raise whatever is adaptable to them individually, and to furnish everything that is needed among themselves.

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It is exciting to watch the duck-hawk in pursuit of his prey. Given a duck fowler with the quarry, it is fascinating to witness the exhibition of speed by these "thoroughbred" racers. The hawk will often overtake and strike a duck in the air, though he seems to prefer to single out from some flock, and, if possible, force him to dive. As the duck comes to the surface to breathe, the hawk is at hand and down goes the duck once more. This is repeated until the poor duck is almost exhausted; and when the duck pauses a second too long at the surface the hawk pounces and the duck is secured.

There is wonderful sagacity shown by these birds in forcing a diving duck away from the reeds into open water. They seem loathe to exert themselves sufficiently to capture their game on the wing, but will "dog him," as it were, from the shallows to deep water, where in sheer desperation the victim dives, fancying that one or two long reaches under water will bring him within the shelter of the reeds. Seldom, however, is he successful in the attempt; fear and exhaustion generally end the matter as the hawk wishes.

A great many ducks crippled by gunners will make for the marshes, where they hide; and sometimes if fortunate and not too severely wounded, they will recover. But even here they are not safe; the prowling fox or mink will strike their trail among the sedge, and often catch them when they venture too near the shore.

Out in the deeper part of the marsh ducks must exercise the greatest caution when feeding; for when the dusk of evening settles down on lake and fen, and the mystery of the twilight reigns, a most dangerous foe—the "still hunting owl"—comes from the darkening woods, and on silent wing the great bird quarters the marsh backward and forward with the thoroughness of a well-trained hound. Still hunting is the high art of sport and the big owls are experts in their way.

A Japanese Baby Prince.

The baby prince born a short time ago in the palace of the Prince Imperial in Japan has been the cause of unusual rejoicing even to the remotest corners of the kingdom, for he is the first son born to an empress for many generations, and some day, if he lives, he will become the Mikado. The Japanese have a strange legend, that the white storks which make their nests in the palace gardens never use the three topomost boughs of the tall pines to build in when a girl is to be born. This year, the Japanese declare, the storks built their nests at the top of the trees in honor of the little prince. After the birth of the royal child, the legend says, the storks rise, and spreading wide their wings, fly far away through the blue sky to carry the glad news to all Japan. That is why one sees pictures of flying storks on Japanese trays and fans and lacquer boxes, or a dozen other things, for anything bearing the likeness of one of these messengers of good tidings is believed to be a gift of good omen.

On the birthday of the prince, all through the country wherever the news had been received, the houses were gayly decorated with two Japanese flags crossed above a white lantern, on which was the motto, "Long life to the Mikado." In the palace itself many curious customs, handed down from ancient times, were repeated with solemn pomp.

One of the funniest of these ceremonies is to throw from the roof an old wooden rice boiler. Nearly three thousand years ago, when all the buildings were loosely built, tradition says that when the Emperor's son was born the roof of the palace let in the snow and rain and the Empress was in danger of catching cold. Then the Emperor took a rice boiler, which is made of several layers of thin wooden boxes, and made a covering to keep out the wet. From this idea roof thatching was invented, and to show that the old boiler is no longer in use it is thrown to the ground.

Another time honored custom is that of sending a messenger as soon as the baby is born to carry the news to the temple of the Mikados. A woman always performs this duty. She takes a box of beautiful white wood, decorated with the sixteen leaved chrysanthemum, which is the symbol of the Mikados. The box is bound with long purple cords, which mean congratulation, and contains a letter announcing the birth. This is given to the priestess, and then read aloud in the most holy place. Ever since the days of the tenth Mikado, nearly 2000 years ago, the same ceremony has been repeated whenever a little prince came into the world, and the priestess of this temple has always been a sister of the Mikado, or a royal princess.

The eighth day of the prince's life was set apart for the ceremony of naming and hair shaving, and in this he is like all other boy babies in Japan, for they too have their heads shaved on the eighth day. The hair shaved from the baby prince is carefully kept as long as he lives, but when he dies it will be placed with other relics in a little silken bag and tied about his neck to be buried with him.—New York Tribune.

The Deepest Natural Well.

There is a man in France, M. Marcel by name, who devotes his time and his energies to the exploration of caverns and other underground places. Many of the discoveries that he has reported have attracted much attention, but none more than that of a natural well in the department of Hautes Alpes, of which he recently gave a description. It is the deepest cavity of its kind known. He has sounded it to a depth of 1017 feet, but believes that he has not yet reached the bottom.

GARDEN AND FARM

ADVANTAGES OF CROP ROTATION.

Rotation of crops not only enables the farmer to get the best results, but largely aids in preventing diseases of plants. Rotation, which includes clover, distributes the plant foods to advantage and prevents loss of any particular element required by plants.

THE FLAVOR OF MILK.

The flavor of milk is not always due to the food. On hundreds of farms there is an utter lack of cleanliness in the handling of milk, although it is well known that sickness and death are caused by the germs which enter into milk through lack of cleanliness in milking and carelessness in other details.

KEEP THE BEST BRED ANIMALS.

The best bred animals are better than culls, even of pure breeds. They may cost more, but they also sell for more, and their increase adds value to the herds and flocks. Quality is a factor at the present day that must be recognized by every farmer, as competition is close, and the farmer must keep in line and endeavor to have the best.

THE MILK PAIL.

Many people who have the care of cows and milk do not realize how much of their trouble with milk souring too soon, with bad flavors in cream or butter, is due to the milk pail. Wooden or paper pails should never be used for milk as they can not be so perfectly cleansed as tin. The white iron pail is preferable as it has no seams to serve as germ-catchers, but a tin pail can be kept perfectly clean if a whisk broom or small brush is used in washing it. A suds of warm water and soap should be used for washing the pail after the milk has been rinsed out with a dash of cold water. This will remove all impurities and with a scalding in boiling water will insure good milk and butter, provided the other vessels are as carefully cleansed as the pail. The strainer also is often at fault as regards the keeping qualities of the milk. If a cloth strainer is used it should be well rinsed in cold water to remove the milk before being scalded in a soap suds and rinsed for drying. A wire strainer sometimes becomes clogged by pouring hot water into it before the milk has been rinsed out, thus cooking a cheeselike substance into the meshes. This can be removed by scouring with salt and a brush, then wash well with soap and warm water, and be more careful next time.

SHALL WE RAISE OUR OWN HONEY?

The bee business is a business of details, which must be looked after just at the proper time; if we neglect them success will not be ours. There is already a great deal of lottery associated with bee keeping, and the chances are very much more against the man who makes bee keeping a side issue.

The man who wants to go into bee culture should make it a business, and go into it heavy enough so the business will support him, or else let it alone.

My theory, I admit, may be disputed, but it will be hard work to dodge the facts as I have observed them during the last quarter of a century. Time and again have I seen neighbors and friends invest money in bees and hives in the hope of adding to their revenues by the labors of the little industrious insect; the result has been failure almost without exception. The hives stand around empty, or are used for hens' nests or for storing apples, etc., and the combs are eaten up by moths. The humming of the bees is not heard any more. Indeed, the exceptions are so rare they only prove the rule. I am very loath now to advise any man to engage in bee keeping without I am satisfied he is willing to give much time and study to the pursuit.

The real difficulty lies in the wintering problem, which is the cause of many a bee keeper giving up the business in disgust, even those who have posted themselves and are up to the times. If there was an easy and sure method of wintering bees everybody could have them and raise some honey; but as it is it is only a question of time before the ordinary bee keeper is forced to give up.—Friedemann Greiner, in *Farm and Fireside*.

SHOCKING CORN.

Two men should work together, and the shocks should be started on a jack, which is made by putting two legs, well braced together, near one end of a ten-foot scantling, and having an auger hole near the upper end for a broom handle. As soon as four armfuls are set up against the jack the shock should be loosely tied with a stalk and the jack removed. In commencing, each cutter should take two rows, and all the shocks should be started that the cutters expect to cut during the day, so that when they again start the shock has wilted and cured out all that is possible. They should now take only one row each and cut from shock to shock, making each armful go half way around the shock, in order to allow it to wilt and cure out. After they have cut clear through, they should again go back to the beginning and cut another row each, continuing this until the shock row is completed always having in mind the perfect curing of the corn.

The shocks should not be violently compressed, as is the usual practice, but loosely tied with a cornstalk to prevent the outside stalks blowing down. An average shock that weighs three hundred pounds when cured will weigh one thousand to twelve hundred pounds when green; and who is there who would put in a shock twelve hundred pounds of gre[illegible] expect it to cure out perfectly, especially if heavily weighted? Anyone knows better than to do this; so why treat a corn shock that way? Just as sure as a green corn shock is tied up tight, without any chance to cure it out, just so sure will a chemical change take place that unfits it for feed, even if it does not turn black or moldy. To avoid this chemical change in newly cut corn fodder, green, most farmers delay cutting until the leaves on the stalk have cured out standing, and thereby secure a very poor grade of fodder.—J. C. Norton, in *American Agriculturist*.

WHEAT CROPS AND SOILS.

The wheat crop is the most important at this season, farmers making preparations in plowing and harrowing. Although the West is considered the principal wheat-producing section, yet Pennsylvania is one of the leading wheat-growing States. The rotation of wheat with clover and corn is largely practiced, and the fact that farmers still make wheat a prominent crop is evidence that it is not exhausting the soil of this State. Several years' experimental work, however, demonstrates that when wheat was grown continuously upon the same soil for eight years there was a loss of 1,700 pounds of nitrogen per acre, about 300 pounds being used as plant food and 1400 pounds lost by the decay of animal and vegetable matter of the soil and liberation of the nitrogen as gaseous and soluble compounds. During the eight years of continuous wheat cultivation there was a loss of over twenty-one per cent. of the total nitrogen of the soil, equivalent to an annual loss of 175 pounds per acre, in addition to that used as plant food. When wheat was grown in a rotation with clover and oats, five crops of wheat being removed in eight years, larger yields per acre were secured and the total loss of nitrogen from the soil was reduced to 800 pounds, or about 450 pounds in excess of that utilized as plant food. When corn was grown with clover and oats, in a rotation, and farm manure used, the total loss of nitrogen from the soil in eight years was less than 100 pounds in excess of that removed as plant food. When oats and barley were grown continuously the losses of nitrogen from the soil were nearly as large as when wheat was grown continuously. When corn was grown continuously the loss of nitrogen from the soil was less than half as large as with wheat, and when corn is introduced into the rotation the losses of nitrogen are less than if wheat were grown.

There is a loss annually of over 2000 pounds of humus per acre when wheat is grown continuously, due to the decay and fermentation of animal and vegetable matter; but no material loss of humus occurs when wheat is grown in rotation with clover and oats. The loss of humus changes the physical properties of the soil, causing it to be less retentive of moisture, makes the color lighter and increases the weight of the soil per cubic foot. When wheat is grown without rotation the land is less able to supply moisture during times of drought. It is more detrimental, however, to practice bare summer fallowing than to grow wheat continuously, as summer fallowing favors the decay of humus and the loss of nitrogen. While larger crops of wheat are produced after a year of fallow this increase is followed by a heavy loss of the total nitrogen of the soil, but summer fallowing rapidly exhausts the soil of its supply of nitrogen. This is an important fact which is not known to some, as it has been the practice in certain sections where clover does not enter into the rotation to grow corn one year and wheat the next, leaving the land idle the third year, which is really a system of fallowing or resting the soil, and for hundreds of years it has been believed that by resting the land the soil was improved, but it is now known that while the soil did really make an increase in nitrogen, the loss, when wheat followed the fallow, was greater than the gain. Farmers now aim to keep the soil covered at all seasons with some kind of growth.

It is not the growing of a crop that removes the fertility so much as failure to rotate. Wheat is not an exhaustive crop when grown in a rotation, but when grown continuously on the same land the loss of plant food is very great. It is not the crop itself that reduces fertility, but the lack of systematic methods. When the nitrogen and humus of the soil were conserved by the rotation of crops, and the production of clover, as demonstrated by the experiment, an increase of twenty bushels of corn and over 5½ bushels of wheat per acre were secured. Old wheat soils readily recuperate when humus-forming materials are returned to the soil, and by rotation of crops the use of barnyard manure and the growing of clover the heavy losses of humus and nitrogen from the soil can be checked and larger yields and a better quality of grain secured.

No farmer should rely entirely upon barnyard manure or rotation, however, in order to retain fertility of his soil. There are so many losses of plant food from rains, snows, heat and failure to properly care for manure, that to attempt to discard fertilizers may prove disastrous from the fact that it is much easier and cheaper to keep the soil fertile than to endeavor to restore fertility after the soil has become more or less impoverished. The danger to our farmers is that they do not appreciate the fact that fertilizers repay their cost by giving increase of crops, and that every dollar expended for fertilizer is one of the best investments the farmer can make. It is claimed that if a farmer must go in debt and mortgage his farm he can do so safely only by going into debt for fertilizer, but while this claim may not be relied upon, yet when a farmer expends capital for fertilizer he buys the very best raw material for manufacturing salable crops on the farm.—*Philadelphia Record*.

The barber may have a poor memory for names, but he remembers mugs.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Large Muffs to Be the Style Again.

This coming season brown furs will rank first, then black, gray and white. Longhaired furs will be most used. Long boas with stole ends, and large muffs, will be much inevidence.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Interested in Forestry.

Miss Myra L. Dock, of Harrisburg, Penn., who has been identified with the forestry movement in that state for many years has received an appointment from Governor Stone to membership in the State Forestry commission.

The "Give Away" Sleeve.

A good judge of lady's dress says she can tell by a glance whether a gown be a true tailor-made or whether it has been fashioned by feminine fingers. The sleeves are supposed to give the information. Tailors, as we all know, cling to the masculine ideal of a coat sleeve, not tight, indeed, but sufficiently close fitting. On the other hand the dressmaker, French, Irish, English or American, is strongly prejudiced in favor of flowing sleeves, undersleeves, balloon puffs on shoulder or elbow—in short, of every possible vagary in the name of a sleeve.

For the "Muddy Skin."

Of the many remedies for skin blemishes the one that is simple, easily obtained and efficacious, without tedious waiting for a cure, is the one sure to be appreciated. Nothing frets a woman like a rough, muddy skin, but with this simple cure-all relief may be obtained at short notice. Wash the face in very salty sweet milk every night, and let it dry without wiping. A mixture made of one small tablespoonful of milk and a teaspoonful of salt applied to the most obstinate blemish of the skin will cure it almost like magic. This is the remedy prescribed by one of the best authorities in England, and it is said that the use of milk and salt is half the secret of the Englishwoman's smooth, beautiful skin.

The Winter's Wraps.

From Paris comes the intimation that pelerines are to be the mode next winter. Some are to be long and draped, having one end thrown over the shoulder and fastened with a gold buckle. They may be lined with white or black taffetas and be cascaded to show the lining. Some of these mantles will have no collar, but will be bordered with a shaped strapping of black and gold embroidery or velvet around the throat. Bell-shaped sleeves will be worn or the mantle may have a cascaded drapery from the shoulders. Then there will be fichu-like wraps which will cross in front and fasten behind with sashes of mousseline. To bridge the chasm between such radical departures from the present mode of wraps there will be jacket mantlettes in white or colored taffetas incrusted with lace.

Individuality in Dress.

It is difficult to resist putting in a plea for a little more individuality in dress, yet the tendency toward an irritating sameness seems more apparent than ever. Taking an average assembly at the present moment, the backs of the heads of nine women out of ten look almost identical, the hat tilted back to the same angle, with the black velvet bow assuming the same droop on the hair. And every neck that is not dressed plain and low has the inevitable ruff of black and white tulle, with long ends, which leads one to believe these articles are turned out by the gross. Yet just now there is an endless variety in pretty ruffles, and nimble fingers might achieve excellent results by manufacturing one somewhat out of the common instead of accepting a hard and monotonous pattern.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Queen Alexandra's Former Governess.

Queen Alexandra, in her early days, in her royal father's home in Copenhagen, was instructed in and carefully taught English by a Danish West Indian lady. That lady, Miss Mathilde Knudsen, was born 70 summers ago in one of King Christian's lovely West Indian colonies, the island of St. Croix, where her father was a planter.

Miss Knudsen, though not English by birth, speaks that language with perfect ease, and on the recommendation of the late Admiral Zarthman's wife, whose husband belonged to the Danish navy, she was selected to teach the English language, not only to the present Queen of England, but also to the Dowager Empress of Russia, the Duchess of Cumberland, Prince Waldemar, and four of the crown prince's children, a very distinguished and highly agreeable task, in which she acquitted herself in the most creditable manner, and the tokens of esteem which have since been bestowed upon her by her royal and imperial pupils have been numerous.

On her frequent visits to England she has always been honored as a guest at the Princess of Wales's table. Miss Knudsen, now in the evening of her life, still resides in the fashionable quarter of Copenhagen, near the royal palace of Amalienborg.—Leslie's Weekly.

Some Pretty Tea Gowns.

A beautiful tea gown is of wing accordion-pleated crepe de chine, with its shaped flounce, deep collar and elbow sleeves, worked with soft silk in harmonizing shades. Ribbon of the same pattern is passed under the arms and used in the hair. Another tea gown is made entirely of butter-colored china insertion about three inches wide. Between each insertion is placed slightly gathered bands of alternately plain and polka-spotted ecru silk mull. The hem is finished with a very deep band of spotted mull, featherstitched on, and the same finish appears on the wide bell sleeves. The gown is worn over a slip of pale lilac oriental satin. There are three collars to the tea gown. They are like the triple capes of an Empire coat and are made of the two kinds of muslin and lace, featherstitched with pale lilac silk. A third gown is of ecru spotted net on deep cream-colored chiffon, edged with Cluny lace. The oversleeves and lining are of soft silk. There is a fichu edged with the lace, and a black chiffon scarf passes under the arms and is fastened with a green enamelled buckle, the long ends of the sash reaching to the ground. A tea gown of gray satin is decorated with clusters of crushed roses in panne and chiffon and the undersleeves and chou are of black chiffon. Tea gowns should have a low neck, but long sleeves.

The Advantages of Sandals.

Sandals are being worn by English women and children to some extent a fact which calls forth the following communication to the London Daily Mail:

I can speak with 10 years' experience of sandals. The chief objection I have seen urged against them is that they will enlarge the feet. Now, I do not believe that any footwear, short of such as has inflicted cruelty in infancy, can possibly alter the size of the foot, which necessarily depends on the bone structure of the individual. It will invariably be found that the person with neat, well-shaped hands has feet to correspond. If allowing the feet to have the free play that nature intended them to have is apt to make them large and ungainly, then sailors, who spend most of their time and do most of their work on bare feet, and who hitherto have always been famous for their neat and well-shaped ones, will have to abandon their claim to this coveted possession.

I have heard it objected that sandals tend to make the foot sensitive and unfit to bear a boot when the latter has to be worn. I have found in my own case and in the cases of friends that feet accustomed to sandals grow a healthier skin, their nerves become less sensitive to pressure and their muscles and tendons gain more power of contraction.

Everyone will allow that sandals are the coolest foot-covering for summer, but doubtless most people will be surprised to learn that they are the warmest wear in winter. If persons suffering from cold feet or chilblains would wear sandals over good thick woolen socks they would soon find themselves cured of these afflictions.

Women's Work.

In many respects southern women seem less afraid of being called radical than their eastern sisters, and it will not be surprising if the ballot should come to them long before it is wielded by the women of the central eastern and New England states. That it will come is as certain as that the republic is to endure. It is impossible to doubt one without questioning the other.

The experience of Georgia women during the past year is such as to drive them pollward, willynilly. They had three pet measures which they advocated in their legislature as ably as they could, and when it is remembered that Rebecca Douglas Lowe, the gracious and accomplished president of the General Federation, lives in Atlanta, as does also Mrs. John K. Ottley, one of the most brilliant club women of the whole country, it is not to be supposed for an instant that "influence" did not have an opportunity to show its work.

The bills were strictly humanitarian in character, except, possibly, that to admit women to the state textile school. The other raised the age of consent (it is now ten years), and the third prohibited the employment of children under 12 years of age in the factories. All three bills were defeated.

In Illinois the women passed a bill for the better accommodation of women students at the state university and the colleges, and it was vetoed by the governor.

In Vermont the federation had a bill introduced asking that women be appointed on boards of control of the asylums where women are confined. This unreasonable (?) demand was slain forthwith.

If men wish to keep women out of the pool of politics they will do well to make haste and give them all they ask along these lines, for there is no other way to stay their advance.

Already the small edge of the wedge has made its way far into the oak of resistance.

In Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Idaho women have full suffrage, including a vote for presidential electors.

In Arkansas and Missouri women may vote on petition on the granting of saloon licenses.

In Delaware municipal suffrage exists in several towns.

In Kansas there is full municipal suffrage.

In Montana women may vote on local taxation.

In a number of cities in New York they may vote on the issuance of bonds for public improvements.

In Pennsylvania women may vote on local improvements by petitioning for or against them.—Alaska's Magazine.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

Hon. S. J. Bowie will speak at Clanton on Saturday morning next at 11 o'clock, and at Verbena the same night at 7:30. His subject will be the new constitution. Mr Bowie is a good speaker, and will be well worth hearing on this particular question. We expect to see large audiences.

With this issue THE BANNER commences its tenth volume with brighter prospects than ever before We are grateful for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed upon us, and will leave nothing undone to merit its continuance. We had prepared a lenghty article of thanks, but have been compelled to leave it out to make room for other matter.

In course of conversation with a number of citizens from various parts of the county this last few days we find, in nearly every instance, that the only objection they had to the new Constitution was the suffrage clause—nay, not even to the clause itself, but to their own fear that under its provisions they were to be deprived of their right to vote. That fear is groundless and without foundation. Not a white man who votes in the coming election, but who will also be able to vote in all future elections. Disabuse your minds of that false idea, gentlemen, and vote for the ratification of the new Constitution.

We repeat, that every white man will be duly registered, and have the privelige of voting in all future elections. If we had the slightest fear that one solitary white man in Chilton county would be deprived of his right to vote, we would oppose ratification as strongly as we knew how, but as it is we earnestly urge every man to study the Constitution himself and then vote on November 11 for its ratification.

Following is the report of the special examiner, appointed by the County Commissioners to examine the books and accounts of the Probate office:

Hon. S. M. Adams,
Judge of Probate Chilton Co.:

Dear Sir:—At your request I examined and checked your books, with reference to your collection and payment of moneys into the State and County Treasuries, in your official capacity, beginning with Nov. 1898, and bringing it up to July 10, 1901.

Your records show that you have issued warrants only as allowed by commissioners court.

Your receipts and records show that you have promptly paid over all moneys coming into your hands, from whatever source received.

In the matter of land redemptions, which lands were sold for taxes and bid in for the State, I find a few small errors in calculation, which errors when balanced, show that your collections and payments into the State and County Treasuries, as a whole, are nearly correct. In the matter of redemption of the lands, known as the Cullahorn lands, sold for the taxes of 1892, and bid in for the State, the records in the Auditor's office show that one hundred and twenty acres of said lands were purchased by A. L. Patrillo, on the 16th of August, 1899, when the entire sum of the original tax and cost, for which said lands were sold, with the pro rata share of subsequent taxes due on the lands sold, were collected leaving only the subsequent taxes due on the unredeemed lands to be collected. As I am informed, the value placed on the remaining lands by yourself, and the assessor of the county, was $1.00 per acre. Under this valuation, the total tax, with interest due the State, on the remaining lands, to the date when redeemed, April 6, 1900, including special tax is $57.70. The sum collected by you and paid into the State Treasury is about $10.00 in excess of this sum, showing that as a whole you have amply protected the public interest in the matter of land redemptions, as well as in other trusts, devolving upon you.

Respectfully submitted,
John Purifoy, Spec'l Ex'mr.

SUFFRAGE PROVISIONS OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION EXPLAINED IN BRIEF.

Under the temporary plan the following male citizens of this State having the necessary residence qualifications can vote: "First—All who have honorably served in the land or naval forces of the United States in the war 1812, or in the war with Mexico, or in any war with the Indians, or in the war between the States, or in the land or naval forces of the Confederate States, or of the State of Alabama in the war between the States; or Third—All persons who are of good character and who understand the duties and obligations of citizenship under a Republican form of government.

It is to be noted that these qualifications are in the alternative. If a man possesses either of them he can vote. He need not, as has been charged by the opposition possess all or more than one of them There is not a white man in the State of Alabama, unless he be a criminal, who cannot register under one or the other of these provisions. Having once registered he is a voter for life If he removes from his precinct it is only necessary to take his registration certificate with him or if he has lost it to apply for and obtain a new one. Ample opportunities are furnished for registration under temporary plan. The registrars are required to give adequate notice visit each precinct at least once and oftener if necessary to make a complete registration of all persons entitled to register and to remain as long as it is necessary for that purpose. They are also required to be at the court house on Friday and Saturday next preceding the day of the election in November 1902 and then and there register all persons entitled thereto who may have become of age since the previous registration or who by reason of physical disability or unavoidable absence from the county were not registerd by the registrar when going through the beats. They are also required to remain at the court house during the entire third week of November 1902 and for six working days next prior to the 20th day of December 1902, to register all persons then entitled to registration or who may not have been registered for any reason during the former registration.

Under the permanent plan to be entitled to vote one must have been registered under temporary plan, or be able to read and write a section of the Constitution of the United States in the English language, or pay taxes on Three Hundred Dollars worth of real, or personal property, or on forty acres of land, or be the husband of a woman who pays taxes on on forty acres of land, or owns Three Hundred Dollars worth of real, or personal property.

The first state election held under the provisions of the permanent plan will be in November 1906. Every white man in the State can register next year under the temporary plan and then vote for life. The permanent plan, therefore, applies only to minors or, those moving into the State after next year. These minors have more than five years in which to lear to read and to write or to acquire three hundred dollars worth of real, or personal property. With the liberal provisions in favor of the common schools the great extension of educational facilities throughout the State, there is not a white child in the State who cannot acquire sufficient education to at least read and write in five years. The next national election is over three years off and the amplest time is allowed every white boy in the State to learn how to read and write by that election. This very provision of the new Constitution, while just in itself, will be a great stimulus to the cause of general education.

Our permanent plan is framed almost word for word from the South Carolina plan. In South Carolina every white man in the State is registered. Hon M. B. McSweeney, Governor of South Carolina on the 2nd instant telegrapped Hon Sidney J. Bowie, Chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee of this county as follows:

"Columbia, S. C., Oct. 2, 1901.

"Sydney J. Bowie: Very few negroes registered in this state. All of the whites are registered. No complaint against our elections."

(Signed) "M. B. McSWEENEY."

Like causes produce like effects, and no white man now entitled to vote, and no white child in the future has any cause for apprehension with reference to his vote. The opponents of the new Constitution charge that boys coming on in the future must be able to read and write and own Three Hundred Dollars worth of property. Attention is called to the fact that this is not true. If he is able to read and write or if he pays taxes on this amount of property, he can vote. It is only necessary to have one of these qualifications.

It is charged that registrars have a discretion as to who they will register. This is not true. They must register every man possessing either of the qualifications named. Every state in the union, including this state, has a system of registration. The registrar has no more power under the new Constitution than the present law, and we have never heard of any person, entitled to registration under the present law, being denied it. Indeed, the right of the voter is better protected under the new Constitution, if additional protection were needed, than under the existing law, since provision is made for an appeal from the action of the registrar without bond to a jury, in case a person applying for registration is refused. No right of appeal exist under the present law nor has one been found necessary, but it is given as an additional precaution in the new Constitution.

The registration feature of the new Constitution is in force only next year. All subsequent registrations must be provided for by the Legislature The sole purpose for providing for the temporary registration next year in the constitution was to save the necessity of an extra session of the Legislature. If registration had not been provided for, an extra session of the Legislature, at a cost of probably forty thousand dollars, would have been necessary. That extra session would have provided for registration just as the new constitution does, and there is no probability that the plan of registration devised by the Legislature would have been wiser or fairer than that devised by the new constitution, In either case registration would have to be made by men of somebodys appointment It has been said by one of our most distinguished that:

"In nearly all the States the right to vote at elections is made to depend upon a previous registration made by officers appointed according to law. This precaution is really vital to the sovereign power of self government."

Fraudlent registration under the new constitution by registrars, is prohibited, under a penalty of from one to five years in the penitentiary. The list is required to be filed in the office of the Judge of Probate of each county, by the first day of February, 1903, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and in the office of Secretary of State by the first day of March, 1903, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and the Legislature is required to provid for purging the list of all who may have been fraudulently registered or who die or become insane. Under these safe-guards every right of the voter is fully protected

The poll tax is required to be paid only by those who are now liable to pay it under the existing statutes. In fact under the old constitution, poll taxes could be required of every citizen, no matter how old. Under the new, it can only be required of those over forty-five years of age, unless the Legislature should see fit to extend it, in which case it could not be extended to those over sixty years of age Moreover, under the old constitution there are no exemptions from poll taxes provided for, but under the present constitution all persons are exempted from poll tax who are permanently disabled, and whose taxable property does not exceed $500.00.

Mother's Worm Syrup.

Best worm medicine. Children like it so well they eat it on bread.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and cost so little? One application will convince and convert you. Price 50c.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN S. GILES & COMPANY, 2336 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

STOP
MEN
WE SAY
GUARANTEE
COUGHS
MEXICAN ROOT PILLS
To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

52 Boxes contain 75 cents.

JUDSON STROCK
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES, PAINTS, ETC.
Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

C. R. MULLINS
REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.
Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.
C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

FOR HARNESS and Saddle Sores Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It relieves at once, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

It's this way:

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

Mexican Mustang Liniment

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile

OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at

OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad

OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.

OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water

OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to buy

OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again

OUR STOCK—AH!—come and see it—make you want to buy.

OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,
CLANTON

THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main ing is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.50 TO $9.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $2.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Chambers County Circuit Court convened Monday in February, first Monday in March and Monday in June convened Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to day 7½ cts. 7¾ cts.
Same date last year 5 15-16 6
BALES RECEIVED TO DATE 1901 1900
Pinckard & Co 1396 1104
Mullins 1018 815
Wise 784 18
Downs 91 15
Total 2 [illegible]

We are in the market buying Cotton, and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M.—F. R. Woodward, Clanton.

A Fair Exchange.—Dental work for corn of feed. I need horse feed, if you need dental work, let's exchange
Dr. O. M. Wisnhart, Clanton.

Ex-Sheriff J. T. Cooley was in town Tuesday.

Assistant State Examiner of Accounts M. L. Woods, of Montgomery, is in town for the purpose of examining the books and accounts of the county officers.

The Thornton Hotel is to be refurnished throughout. A lot of good second hand furniture can be bought there very cheap, within the next ten days.

Clanton High School has enrolled one hundred students, and has more than ninety in regular attendance.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 25c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and her sister, Mrs. Julia Williams, are visiting Gallman this week.

Mr. Varner of Coosa county has rented the B. H. Chesnutt place and will move his family here shortly.

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, bruises, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

Misses Maggie and Hamma Moore have returned home after a pleasant visit to Birmingham.

Mr. Rob't L. Martin of Big Springs, Texas, was a visitor here the past week.

Mrs. A. J. Marlar of Billingsley visited friends in town this week.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips is still selling her millinery at reduced prices. Don't fail to call on her when in need of head gear for the ladies and children.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose. Five doses in a bottle. Keep it constant.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two to on days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 118½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham

Mrs. Geo. Hill and daughter Miss Evie, of Lomax visited Clanton Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Evans visited the capital city Monday.

W. Powell Hale, Impersonator, will give an entertainment at Clanton, Wednesday night, Oct. 30.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Robert J. Lake and Miss Ada L. Aldridge; Mr. W. J. Yates and Miss Lula D. Rowlison; Mr. Jim Mann and Miss Mattie Howe; Mr. W. M. Sykes and Miss Josie Manning; Mr. J. O. Crumpton and Miss Tempy Smith; Mr. M. Dobson and Miss Effie D. O'Neill.

STOP THE COUGH and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

s way:

yourself with Fire, with
or you can scald yourself
Hot Water, but there is
per way to cure a burn or
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n
ng Liniment,

ate relief. Get a piece of soft oil
with this liniment and bind
ond. You can have no adequate
next remedy this is for a burn until

you have a bird affected with Roup or any
or poultry disease use Mexican Mustang
a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

ve are

n in our new store with the Finest
er brought to Chilton county, all
pened for your inspection.

and see them—make your eyes sparkle.
ce them—make your feet easy to look at
and see them—make your heart glad.
them—make you feel good.
and see them—make your mouth water.
l see them—make you take a notion to
ve it once—make you want to come aga
and see it—make you want to buy.
ee us—we are always glad to see you.
e yours most respectfully,

H. Sartor,

CLANTO

NORMAL SCHOO
EPENDENT NORMALISM, OF
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ICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN
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$6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
N. $1.50 TO $8.50 PER MONTH.
build up and to lend a hand in helping
he State in elevating the youth to a
ther information, address
SCO & CARMICHAEL, Troman, A

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in May, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLA. N COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7 cts 7½ cts.		
Same date last year	9-16-in.	
Sales at this place to date	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co.	1396	1104
Hollins	1018	815
Wade	284	168
Downs	91	154
Total	2,89	2,41

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK—For sale at $5 and $7 per M. E. M. WOODARD, Clanton.

A Fair Exchange.—Dental work for corn or oats. I need horse work, if you need dental work, let me know.
O. M. Wasshauer, Clanton.

Engineer T. T. Cooley was in Birmingham Tuesday.

Assistant State Examiner of Accounts M. L. Wills of Montgomery is in town for the purpose of examining the books and accounts of the county officers.

The Tom Hotel is to be refurnished throughout. A lot of good second hand furniture can be bought there very cheap, within the next ten days.

Clanton High School has enrolled one hundred students, and has more than ninety in regular attendance.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 25c a bottle by all first class druggists.

Mrs. J. M. Potts and her sister, Mrs. Julia Williams, are visiting Calhoun this week.

Mr. Varner of Coosa county has rented the B. H. Chesnutt place and will move his family here shortly.

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, cuts, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

Misses Maggie and Bamma Moore have returned home after a pleasant visit to Birmingham.

Mr. Robert L. Martin of Big Springs, Texas, was a visitor here the past week.

Mrs. A. J. Marlar of Billingsley visited friends in town this week.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best for cuts, wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

We are in the market buying Corn and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Mrs. G. L. Phillips is still selling her millinery at reduced prices. Don't fail to call on her when in need of head gear for the ladies and children.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, 50 doses in a bottle. Keep it convenient.

We are in the market buying Corn and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two months. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will reciprocate same in the future. Will pay fare one way to those coming to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1218 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves., Birmingham.

Mrs. Geo. Hill and daughter Miss Effie, of Lomax visited Clanton Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Evans visited the capital city Monday.

W. Powell Hale, Impersonator, will give an entertainment at Clanton, Wednesday night, Oct. 30.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. Robert J. Lake and Miss Ella L. Aldridge; Mr. W. J. Jones and Miss Lula D. Rowlison; Mr. Jim Marsh and Miss Mattie Lowe; Mr. W. M. Sykes and Miss Mamie; Mr. J. O. Crumpton and Miss Tempy Smith; Mr. J. M. Dobson and Miss Effie D. McNeill.

STOP THE COUGH and Work off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 Cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

NOTICE.

To the People of Chilton County:

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to us by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. exchange, we will send free by express, CHARGES PREPAID. **4 Full Quarts**

OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD

Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for **20 years**, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON

FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS.

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

MOTHERHOOD

The greatest ambition of American men and women is to have homes blessed with children. The woman afflicted with female disease is constantly menaced with becoming a childless wife. No medicine can restore dead organs, but Wine of Cardui does regulate derangements that prevent conception; does prevent miscarriage; does restore weak functions and shattered nerves and does bring babies to homes barren and desolate for years. Wine of Cardui gives women the health and strength to bear healthy children. You can get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your dealer.

WINE OF CARDUI

143 Market street,
Memphis, Tenn., April 14, 1901.

In February, 1901, I took one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Thedford's Black-Draught. I had been married fifteen years and had never given birth to a child until I took Wine of Cardui. Now I am mother of a fine baby girl which was born March 31, 1901. The baby weighs fourteen pounds and I feel as well as any person could feel. Now my home is happy and I never will be without Wine of Cardui in my house again. Mrs. J. W. C. SMITH.

For advice and Illustrated address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,
Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underskirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1 00	12 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price to exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Discusses a Visit of Mrs. Arp to Daughter and Grandchildren.

TALKS IN A HIGHLY PLEASING STRAIN

Reverts to Many Matters that Will Rejoice His Better Half When She Returns Home.

My wife went off to the country to spend the day with one of our daughters and her children. We expected her to return that evening, but got a message that she would spend the night and the next day and maybe longer. Thinks I to myself, she wants me to send her word to come home, and I won't. It has been a long time since the runaway. We missed her, but made no sign. Her chair was vacant. Her familiar voice was no longer heard. The pantry keys hung silent on the nail. Nobody called me from the window to stop working in the garden and rest while the sun was so hot. Nobody to say the flour is out or the hominy or the lard or something else, for something is always out at our house. Little grandchildren come to see us and don't stay long "cos granma ain't here." Everything looks like a funeral. Lonesome isent the word for it. There isent any word for the feeling when the maternal ancestor is not cruising around; when we cant hear the rustle of her dress, nor the sound of her voice nor see her stitching away on some infantile garment or reading over again the last letter from the far away boys.

But the girls gave me a hint and said now was a good time to paint the kitchen and surprise her, for she has been talking about those old dirty, dingy, smoky walls ever and anon once or thrice in awhile. So I opened my big heart and little purse and sent for the painter to come early in the morning. He came and did a nice job of it in a day. The kitchen looks like a parlor. The cook woman caught on to the surprise party and scoured the tables and the tinware and then went home and put on a clean, new dress. My wife came home this morning. We gave her a kind welcome, but made no sign. She was glad to get home and indulged in more hilarity than usual. She cruised around looking at familiar things and places. Soon she wandered toward the kitchen and we kept in hailing distance and watched her. Suddenly there was a scream of delight as she looked in at the open door. "Well, I do declare. Did I ever." That is all she said just then, for she turned and came hastily to me and kissed me. She took me by surprise, for she quit kissing me years ago. That kiss more than paid for the paint and the painting. These little sweet surprises are the best part of domestic life. They beat wealth and high life and political honors and fame, and are the next thing to religion, for they are founded in love.

"All thoughts, all passions, all delights
Whatever stirs this mortal frame,
All are but ministers of love
And feed its sacred flame."

These are the songs of birds in the trees—the flowers by the wayside that comfort us in the journey of life. Song birds and flowers! There is nothing in the wide world that gives such emphasis to the love of God for His creatures. We need food and raiment and, of course, the human family would perish without them. But the birds and flowers are extra gifts to minister to our senses, our emotions. How fortunate for us that as we grow older we love them better. When I was a very busy man and had ambition to rise in the world and advance my wife and children I cared little for birds or flowers, but now they are my especial pleasure. Now I understand the meaning of that beautiful verse, "Consider the lilies how they grow. They toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." He who provideth food for the ravens and takes notice of every sparrow that falls to the ground will surely take care of us if we trust Him. I believe there are but two kinds of flowers named in the Bible—the rose of Sharon and the lily of the valley—and these two stand pre-eminent today for beauty and fragrance. Of late I have been watching the rosebuds as they unfold their leaves and open into beauty. How wonderfully they are folded upon the little cone and every layer is waiting for its time and turn to come forth and breathe the air and take on colors from God's sunlight. No human fingers could refold them and make a bud again. The birth of a beautiful rose is a miracle. It passeth comprehension and excites our wonder only. Just so is the feather of a bird. The microscope shows the most wonderful mechanism in its delicately woven fabric—its strength and its gossamer lightness. Then look carefully at the frame work of the seed pods that shoot up from the dandelion. Human fingers cannot approach them in structure. They are exquisite and must come from the hand of God. There is a limit to the perfection of everything that is made by man, but there is none of the works of nature. The finest cambric needle looks like a blunt polated file under the microscope, but the point of the bee's sting is invisible. I wish that the young folks would sometimes stop and think and study nature. It would refine them in thought and feeling and excite a reverence for their Creator.

How beautifully the great poets wrote about flowers. One says, "The humblest flower that blooms sometimes gives thought too deep for tears." "And 'tis my faith that every flower enjoys the air it breathes." Some flowers seem vain and some are modest. From my window I see the rainbow cannas and the proud and lofty dahlias strutting to the morning sun and not far away are the humble violets half hiding from the light. Tennyson says, "Any nose can ravage the scent of a flower, but only the pure in heart have a right to." I am an early riser, and every bright morning I visit the garden and inspect the flowers that the night has opened and cut enough for a fresh vase at the breakfast table. The neighbors' chickens annoy me, for my garden is their feeding ground and they scratch the barn yard manure from my plants. So on yesterday I got some chicken wire and stretched it along the fence. But I forgot to shut the gate and they came in, and when I got after them they put their heads through the meshes and got fast. I had fun with those chickens and they will not come back any more. The gardens are fine this fall. The second crop of beans and potatoes are on hand. Turnip greens and mustard abound. A few tomatoes are still left, and my good neighbor, Yarbrough, the preacher, sends us some of his fine ones every few days. His Crimson Whirlwind is the finest variety I have ever seen. Verily the lines have fallen to us in pleasant places. Day unto day uttereth speech and night unto night showeth knowledge. Miss Stone will be rescued, I reckon, not because she is a missionary in a barbarous country, but because she is an American woman. The best opinion is that she had no business going there. Our people have got more sense and are not drumming up women for missionaries to uncivilized countries. It is strange what a passion some people have for long distance charity. The statistics show 65,000 arrests in Boston the last fiscal year, and yet Boston sends missionaries to Turkey and preachers and teachers for the negroes in the south. Georgia has only 330 white convicts in her penitentiary, while Massachusetts, with only a little larger population, has 1,600, and New York state, with three times the population of Georgia, has 3,600 convicts, besides numerous reformatories with several thousand inmates. The truth is, that every state and every large city has enough of the lawless, the ignorant and the destitute to care for, and it is mistaken charity to overlook them and hunt for misery afar off. But we are getting along fairly well in this blessed land and have much to be thankful for that our northern brethren have not. May the Lord bless and guide the president is our prayer. The south does not expect him to Tylerize his party on the protective tariff or any other republican principle, but it does expect him to appoint the best men to office, regardless of their politics. And if his party kicks and threatens as the whigs did John Tyler, let him say as Tyler said to Clay and others, "Gentleman, you cannot scare me. My back is against the wall and I will veto these bills." Tyler was a noble man and a conscientious statesman, but he was too pure a man to please either party, and, of course, was not nominated for the next presidency. That may be Roosevelt's fate. We shall see.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

The extent to which irrigation has been carried by private enterprise in some portions of the West may be a revelation to those in other portions of the country whose impressions that little in this line has been done may have been gathered from the reports of the persistent agitation for Government aid in this work. Nebraska alone has 3924 miles of irrigating canals, those ditches existing in fifty-four of the ninety counties in the State. One county has 386 miles of irrigating canals, and in several other counties the mileage is from one to two hundred. These ditches have been dug at an estimated cost o. $4,773,984, and they bring water to nearly two million acres of land. The fact that the increase in value of these lands, due to irrigation alone, is estimated by the State Engineer at about $17,000,000, is a good argument for the contention that the lands to be irrigated should bear all the cost of the improvement. A profit of $17,000,000 from an expenditure of less than $5,000,000 is good business.

The relation of the railroads to famines in India is treated exhaustively by The Friend of India in a recent issue. This journal blames the Indian Government for permitting the exportation of grain to such large extent. Something, it declares, should have been done to stop this. It says at the conclusion of a severe arraignment: "That a country the population of which are mainly dependent upon agriculture for their subsistence, which is even ordinarily liable to drought, and which can not import food except at famine prices, can economically or safely export its surplus production from year to year without restraint of any sort, is a proposition which seems to us, on the face of it, little less than insane."

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

There is to be a rival to margarine as a substitute for butter, according to the British Consul-General at Marseilles. He says it is to be called "vegetaline," and is nothing else than the oil extracted from coprah (dried cocoanut); refined, and with all smell and taste neutralized, it becomes like sweet lard.

A London paper announces that the sum of $7,500 has been placed at the disposal of Professors Haeckel, Conrad and Fraas, of Jena, Halle and Stuttgart, respectively, as a prize for the best work on the theme "What do we learn from the principles of the theory of heredity in reference to the inner political development and legislation of States?" Manuscripts must be in German and are to be delivered to Professor Haekel not later than Dec. 1, 1902.

At the Hodbarrow Mines, at Millom, on the Cumberland coast, England, work is being carried out to enable mining to proceed still further under the sea. The company's first lease only extended to ordinary high-water mark on the south. Through the surface caving in when ore was extracted, it was necessary to leave a barrier of 360 feet wide, to protect the mines, as the sea would otherwise have filled the hollows on the surface and eventually have flooded the mine. This barrier was ultimately found to contain over 5,000,000 tons of ore. A second sea wall going beyond the older one has been commenced.

The wholesale slaughter of kangaroos for their valuable hides has resulted in the practical extinction of these remarkable animals except in the remoter regions of Australia, and most visitors make their only experience of the continent's typical quadrupeds in the zoological gardens of the principal cities. In the "back blocks," as the interior parts of Australia are called, they are still to be found in considerable numbers, and afford exciting sport to the hunter. The tribe of Australian kangaroos includes, besides these animals proper, a constantly dwindling succession of related species—wallaroos, wallabies, paddymelons, and so on, ending with the diminutive and dainty kangaroo rat.

Everybody has observed the habit that some insects have of hovering or dancing on the air, generally in a group, with every manifestation of enjoyment. There is a species of two-winged flies that are particularly fond of this sport, for sport it undoubtedly is. They assemble in some spot sheltered from the wind, and indulge in their dance for hours at a time. Their motions consist of alternate rising and falling in periods of a few seconds, and over a distance varying from one foot to four. They become so much interested in the dance that they cannot be scattered. If disturbed for a moment they at once reassemble, and continue the sport as if nothing had interfered with them. Much has been written about this habit, but the naturalists agree, we believe, in considering it real play.

According to a paper recently read by Dr. Aron before the Berlin Medical society the inhalation of oxygen for the relief and cure of certain lung and heart affections, in which it is commonly recommended, is of little value. The atmosphere, he said, contained a sufficient proportion of oxygen to saturate the haemoglobin of the blood, and as the haemoglobin when saturated was, of course, unable to absorb more oxygen inhalations of oxygen were evidently useless. He had found that the results of practical experience were in accordance with these views. The few instances in which the oxygen seemed beneficial were cases of dyspnoae (difficulty in breathing), in cardiac and pulmonary diseases, but the improvement was maintained only while the inhalations were actually in progress. In the treatment of apparent death from drowning artificial respiration was just as efficacious. In poisoning by carbolic oxide and in rarefied air, where the amount of available oxygen was less than the normal, the administration of oxygen was desirable.

Apoplexy and Brain Workers.

The number of deaths from apoplexy daily among prominent business men is a matter for comment. It almost appears that the disease has a special predilection for brain workers who have passed the life meridian.

Some explanation for this may be made by taking into account the stress of mental work to which the ambitious and untiring American so willingly yields himself. The brain is the last organ that seemingly feels the strain, and the ultimate breakdown is usually more or less sudden.

The latter was particularly the case in the death of Bishop Littlejohn. For a long time the mine was being prepared for the final explosion. In a person of his years, temperate habits, vital force and persistent mental activity the gradual wear and tear upon the blood vessels of the brain directly invited the ultimate issue. The arterial supply was evidently quite extensively involved in the gradual degenerative process that occurs late in life. The hemorrhage was consequently quite extensive, involving the deeper portions of the centres, tearing their tissues and overwhelming pain and consciousness in a quick stroke.

Melancholy as is the fact, this mode of death is the best of all that are caused by apoplexy, and the patient is spared a life of subsequent misery and comparative helplessness while awaiting and dreading an inevitable ending.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Way of Destruction—Pitfalls For the Unwary in the Great Cities—The Third Watch of the Night—A Drama in Five Acts.

[Copyright, 1902.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage describes some of the scenes to be witnessed late at night in the great cities and warns the unwary of many perils; text, Isaiah xxi. 11, "Watchman, what of the night?"

When night came down on Babylon, Nineveh and Jerusalem, they needed careful watching, otherwise the incendiary's torch might have been thrust into the very heart of the metropolitan splendor, or enemies, marching from the hills, might have forced the gates. All night long, on top of the wall and in front of the gates, might be heard the measured step of the watchman on his solitary beat; silence hung in air, save as some passer-by raised the question, "Watchman, what of the night?"

It is to me a deeply suggestive and solemn thing to see a man standing guard by night. It thrilled through me as at the gate of an arsenal in Charleston the question once smote me, "Who comes there?" followed by the sharp command, "Advance and give the countersign." Every moral teacher stands on picket or patrols the wall as watchman. His work is to sound the alarm, and whether it be in the first watch, in the second watch, in the third watch or in the fourth watch to be vigilant until the daybreak flings its "morning glories" of blooming cloud across the trellis of the sky.

The ancients divided their night into four parts—the first watch from 6 to 9, the second from 9 to 12, the third from 12 to 3 and the fourth from 3 to 6. I speak now of the city in the third watch, or from 12 to 3 o'clock.

I never weary of looking upon the life of the city in the first watch. That is the hour when the stores are closing. The laboring men, having quitted the scaffolding and the shop, are on their way home. It rejoices me to give them my seat in the city car. They have stood and hammered away all day. Their feet are weary. They are exhausted with the tug of work. They are mostly cheerful. With appetites sharpened on the swift turner's wheel and the carpenter's whetstone they seek the evening meal. The clerks, too, have broken away from the counter and with brain weary of the long line of figures, and the whims of those who go a-shopping seek the face of mother or wife and child. The streets are thronged with young men setting out from the great centres of bargain making. Let idlers clear the street and give right of way to the besweated artisans and merchants! They have earned their bread and are now on their way home to get it. The lights in full jet hang over 10,000 evening repasts—the parents at either end of the table, the children between. Thank God, "who setteth the solitary in families!"

A few hours later and all the places of amusement, good and bad, are in full tide. Lovers of art, catalogue in hand, stroll through the galleries and discuss the pictures. The ballroom is resplendent with the rich apparel of those who on either side of the white, glistening boards await the signal from the orchestra. Concert halls are lifted into enchantment with the warble of one songstress or swept out on a sea of tumultuous feeling by the blast of brazen instruments. Drawing rooms are filled with all gracefulness of apparel, with all sweetness of sound, with all splendor of manner. Mirrors are catching up and multiplying the scene until it seems as if in infinite corridors there were garlanded troops advancing and retreating. The outdoor air rings with laughter and with the moving to and fro of thousands on the great promenades. The dashing span, adrip with the foam of the long country ride, rushes past as you halt at the curbstone. Mirth revelry, beauty, fashion, magnificence, mingle in the great metropolitan picture until the thinking man goes home to think more seriously and the praying man to pray more earnestly. A beautiful and overwhelming thing is the city in the first and second watches of the night.

But the clock strikes 12, and the third watch has begun. The thunder of the city has rolled out of the air. The slightest sounds cut the night with such distinctness as to attract your attention. The tinkling of the bell of the street car in the distance and the baying of the dog. The stamp of a horse in the next street. The slamming of a saloon door. The hiccough of the drunkard. The shrieks of the steam whistle five miles away. Oh, how suggestive, my friends, the third watch of the night!

What a stupendous thought—a whole city at rest! Weary arm preparing for to-morrow's toil. Hot brain being cooled off. Rigid muscles relaxed. Excited nerves soothed. The white hair of the octogenarian in thin drifts across the pillow, fresh fall of flakes on snow already fallen. Childhood, with its dimpled hands thrown out on the pillow and with every breath taking in a new store of fun and frolic. Third watch of the night! God's slumberless eye will look. Let one great wave of refreshing slumber roll over the heart of the great town, submerging care and anxiety and worriment and pain. Let the city sleep.

But, my friends, be not deceived. There will be to-night thousands who will not sleep at all. Go up that dark alley, and be cautious where you tread lest you fall over the prostrate form of a drunkard lying on his own doorstep. Look about you, lest you feel the garroter's hug. Look through the broken window pane and see what you can see. You say, "Nothing." Then listen. What is it? "God help us!" No footlights, but tragedy ghastlier and mightier than Ristori or Edwin Booth ever enacted. No light, no fire, no bread, no hope. Shivering in the cold, they have had no food for twenty-four hours. You say, "Why don't they beg?" They do, but they get nothing. You say, "Why don't they deliver themselves over to the almshouse?" Ah, you would not ask that if you ever heard the bitter cry of a man or a child when told he must go to the almshouse. "Oh," you say, "they are vicious poor, and therefore they do not deserve our sympathy!" Are they vicious? So much more need they your pity. The Christian poor. God helps them.

Pass on through the alley. Open the door. "Oh," you say, "it is locked!" No, it is not locked. It has never been locked. No burglar would be tempted to go in there to steal anything. The door is never locked. Only a broken chair stands against the door. Shove it back. Go in. Strike a match. Now look. Beastliness and rags. See those glaring eyeballs. Be careful now what you say. Do not utter any insult, do not utter any suspicion, if you value your life. What is that red mark on the wall? It is the mark of a murderer's hand! Look at those two eyes rising up out of the darkness and out from the straw in the corner, coming toward you, and as they come near you your light goes out. Strike another match. Ah, this is a babe, not like those beautiful children presented in baptism. This little one never smiled. It never will smile. A flower flung on an awfully barren beach. O Heavenly Shepherd, fold that little one in Thy arms! Wrap around you your shawl or your coat tighter, for the cold wind sweeps through.

Strike another match. Ah, is it possible that the scarred and bruised face of that young woman ever was looked into by maternal tenderness? Utter no scorn; Utter no harsh word. No ray of hope has dawned on that brow for many a year. No ray of hope ever will dawn on that brow. But the light has gone out. Do not strike another light. It would be a mockery to kindle another light in such a place as that. Pass out and pass down the street.

Do you know it is in this third watch of the night that criminals do their worst work? It is the criminals' watch. At half past 8 o'clock you will find them in the drinking saloon, but toward 12 o'clock they go to their garrets, they get out their tools, then they start on the street. Watching on either side for the police, they go to their work of darkness. This is a burglar, and the false key will soon touch the store lock; this is an incendiary, and before morning there will be a light on the sky and a cry of "Fire! Fire!" This is an assassin, and to-morrow morning there will be a dead body in one of the vacant lots.

During the daytime these villains in our cities lounge about, some asleep and some awake, but when the third watch of the night arrives, their eye keen, their brain cool, their arm strong, their foot fleet to fly or pursue, they are ready. Many of these poor creatures were brought up in that way. They were born in a thieves' garret. Their childish toy was a burglar's dark lantern. The first thing they remember was their mother handaging the brow of their father, struck by the police club. They began by robbing boys' pockets, and now they have come to dig the underground passage to the cellar of the bank and are preparing to blast the gold vault.

Just so long as there are neglected children of the street, just so long we will have these desperadoes. Some one wishing to make a good Christian point and to quote a passage of Scripture, expecting to get a Scriptural passage in answer, said to one of these poor lads, cast out and wretched, "When your father and your mother forsake you, who, then, will take you up?" And the boy said, "The perlice!"

I rejoice before God that never are sympathetic words uttered, never a prayer offered, never a Christian almsgiving indulged in but it is blessed. There is a place in Switzerland, I have been told, where the utterance of one word will bring back a score of echoes, and I have to tell you that a sympathetic word, a kind word, a generous word, a helpful word, uttered in the dark places of the town will bring back 10,000 echoes from heaven.

I could give you the history in a minute of one of the best friends I ever had. Outside of my own family I never had a better friend. He welcomed me to my home at the West. He was of splendid personal appearance, but he had an ardor of soul and a warmth of affection that made me love him like a brother. I saw men coming out of the saloons and gambling hells, and they surrounded my friend, and they took him at the weak point—his social nature—and I saw him going down, and I had a fair talk with him, for I never yet saw a man you could not talk with on the subject of his habits if you talked with him in the right way. I said to him, "Why don't you give up your bad habits and become a Christian?" I remember now just how he looked, leaning over his counter, as he replied: "I wish I could. Oh, sir, I should like to be a Christian, but I have gone so far astray I can't get back!" So the time went on. After awhile the day of sickness came. I was summoned to his sickbed. I hastened. It took me but a very few moments to get there. I was surprised as I went in. I saw him in his ordinary dress, fully dressed, lying on top of the bed. I gave him my hand, and he seized it convulsively and said: "Oh, how glad I am to see you! Sit down there." I sat down, and he said: "Mr. Talmage, just where you sit now my mother sat last night. She has been dead twenty years. Now, I don't want you to think I am out of my mind or that I am superstitious, but, sir, she sat there last night, and she said, 'Roswell, I wish you would do better, I wish you would do better.' I said: 'Mother, I wish I could do better. I try to do better, but I can't. Mother, you used to help me; why can't you help me now?' And, sir, I got out of bed, for it was a reality, and I went to her and threw my arms around her neck, and I said: 'Mother, I will do better, but you must help me. I can't do this alone.'" I knelt and prayed. That night his soul went to the Lord who made it.

Arrangements were made for the obsequies. The question was raised whether they should bring him to the church. Somebody said, "You cannot bring such a dissolute man as that into the church." I said: "You will bring him in church. He stood by me when he was alive, and I will stand by him when he is dead. Bring him." As I stood in the pulpit and saw them carrying the body up the aisle I felt as if I could weep tears of blood. On one side of the pulpit sat his little child of eight years, a sweet, beautiful little girl, that I had seen him hug convulsively in his better moments. He put on her all jewels and gave her all pictures and toys, and then he would go away, as if hounded by an evil spirit, to his cups and the house of iniquity, a fool to the correction of the stocks. She looked up wonderingly; she knew not what it all meant; she was not old enough to understand the sorrow of an orphan. On the other side sat the men who ruined him. They were the men who had poured the wormwood into the orphan's cup; they were the men who had bound him hand and foot. I knew them. How did they seem to feel? Did they weep? No. Did they say, "What a pity that so generous a man should be destroyed?" No. Did they sigh repentingly over what they had done? No; they sat there, looking as vultures look at the carcass of a lamb whose heart they have ripped out. So they sat and looked at the coffin lid, and I told them the judgment of God upon those who had destroyed their fellows. Did they reform? I was told they were in the places of iniquity that night after my friend was laid in Oakwood cemetery, and they blasphemed and they drank. Oh, how merciless men are, especially after they have destroyed you! Do not look to men for comfort or help.

But there is a man who will not reform. He says, "I won't reform." Well, then, how many acts are there in a tragedy? I believe there are five acts in a tragedy.

Act the first of the tragedy: A young man starting off from home; parents and sisters weeping to have him go; wagon rising over the hill; farewell kiss flung back. Ring the bell and let the curtain fall.

Act the second: The marriage altar; full organ, bright lights; long white veil trailing through the aisle; prayer and congratulation and exclamation of "How well she looks!"

Act the third: A woman waiting for staggering steps; old garments struck into the broken window pane; marks of hardship on the face; the biting of the nails of bloodless fingers; neglect and cruelty and despair. Ring the bell and let the curtain drop.

Act the fourth: Three graves in a dark place—grave of the child that died for lack of medicine, grave of the wife that died of a broken heart, grave of the man that died of dissipation. Oh, what a blasted heath with three graves! Plenty of weeds, but no flowers. Ring the bell and let the curtain drop.

Act the fifth: A destroyed soul's eternity; no light, no music; blackness of darkness forever. But I cannot look any longer. Woe! woe! I close my eyes to this last act of the tragedy. Quick, quick! Ring the bell and let the curtain drop. "Rejoice, O young man, in thy youth, and let thy heart rejoice in the days of thy youth, but know thou that for all these things God will bring you into judgment." "There is a way that seemeth right to a man, but the end thereof is death."

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR OCTOBER 27.

Subject: Joseph and His Brethren etc., 1-13—Golden Text, Rom. 21—Memory Verses, 4-7—Study on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—This chapter tains the unraveling of the plot, wonderfully illustrates the these particular providences most interesting in the whole saw that his brethren were at his presence, that they were with his present power, and they keenly remembered and their own guilt. It was fort them, lest they would been overwhelmed with How delicate and tender apology he makes for eave also concerning warmest feelings of filial heart.

1. "Joseph." Joseph nine years old; he twenty two years, and of Egypt nine years. The Hebrew word signifies to force, one thing against nature. longer constrain himself the inflexible magistrate natural feelings of brother. "To go out." the Egyptians. That that he might give free his feelings. 2. It was dence to prevent the from becoming known.

2. "Went aloud." highly excited emotions way in which Orientals feelings. "Heard." servants who may have sound of his voice only signify that the to Pharaoh's house.

3. "I am Joseph." the native tongue, the features, would all at prehension of the brothers. They betrayed their as far as they could the memory of the mitted against Joseph with great force. They were prised to find their brother lan throne. They knew power. If he should had treated him there for them.

4. "Come near to me." them to his free favor. the gospel bids us come to pel message is, "Come unto entreaty of love. "So that was impossible to evade early wickedness, but the Lord a spirit not of angry upbraiding elevated poetry and tender reminded Peter of his how full and complete was the John 21: 15-17.

5. "Be not grieved." their having sold him feelings, but to convince tity; and then to reassure traced the agency of an dence in his exile and "Did send me." God used accomplish His purpose. their evil; He has a thousand complishing His ends. Not only your lives, but and the people of the tries. The principles are, 1. That while sinners aged to hope in God's without excuse for their God is able to make use of actions of wicked men for ment of His work.

6. "Neither be earing." neither plowing nor harvest. "Ear" is an old English word plow.

7. "Great deliverance." you, who are now but this danger, might grow into tude.

8. "Father to Pharaoh." pal counselor of state, and thority, respect and power with him."

9. "Go up to my father." that his father might speedily be glad with the tidings of his honor."

10. "Land of Goshen." district had been allotted the king of Egypt, for we can think he could have promised tively, without first obtaining consent. Goshen was a part east of the Nile, well watered cattle, and therefore most proper Israelites, not only for present also that in God's time they the least disadvantage return to It was very fertile, for it was be the best of the land of Egypt.

11. "Nourish thee." It is the children, if the necessity of their does at any time require it, supply them to the utmost of ity. "And thy household." Joseph speaks of "their showing that each of the patriarchs now his own family, besides the family belonging to Jacob.

12. "My mouth." Up to this had spoken to them through ter, but now he speaks in the tongue.

13. "All my glory." He not out of pride, but from love to father, knowing what pleasure give him. It would also be to his father that the prominence be carried out, and it would easier for the ten sons to crime and deceit of the past. haste." It had been twenty since Joseph had seen his was only natural for him to hasten their journey.

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New Orleans insurance the people that the city down any time if the methods of handling

LATEST STATE NEWS.

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If reports be true the 'Frisco Sys has obtained control of the Kan City, Memphis and Birmingham road, and the Seaboard Air Line is interested in recent purchases and the purchases mean the coming of the Seaboard Air Line and its connection with the Kansas City, Mem & Birmingham railroad. This will give the Seaboard Air Line its long desired entrance into Birming and it will also give the western and its prayed-for outlet to the East. The deal Birmingham gets another through line from east to west and another outlet for its freight.

FIRE BUGS.

Monday morning an attempt was made to burn the plant of the Hunts Lumber Co., and though the buildings were saved from total destruction, the loss will amount to considerable. Fire was applied to the mill in two places by the incendiaries, and while the fire department was at work some unknown person dropped a line of hose through with an axe.

EUFAULA BANK SUSPENDS.

On Monday the comptroller of the currency received a telegram announcing a suspension of the Eufaula National Bank. The comptroller appointed National Bank Examiner Jorge R. DeSaussure as temporary receiver. The condition of the bank shown by its report at the close of business September 30, 1901, was as follows: Liabilities: $360,213, of which $125,072 was borrowed money. Resources: $360,213. It seems the bank suffered losses on loans, which impaired the capital stock about 65 per cent.

AFTER OIL.

The Mobile Development Co. has purchased or leased 5,500 acres of land and will begin boring for oil about November 1st. Derricks are now building and one well is down some distance. Gov. Johnston is interested in another oil company there which will develop the value of oil claims in and about the gulf city.

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J. C. B. Mattox, agent of the Ringling Bros.' circus, met death Monday morning at New Castle. He was crossing the yards of the track of the L. & N. as trains were moving. It seems he had gotten out of the way of a train and stopped in front of another, and before the engine could be stopped was caught under the wheels. Those who witnessed the accident say the train men were not to blame. The deceased was about 25 years of age, married and lived in Chicago.

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DIAMOND thieves are at work in Birmingham. Sunday $300 worth of diamonds were stolen from one residence.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTARY FOR OCTOBER 27.

Subject: Joseph and His Brethren, Gen. xlv. 1-15.—Golden Text, Rom. viii. 31.—Memory Verses, 4-7.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction. The chapter, which contains the unveiling of the plot, illustrates the mysterious providences in one of its most striking forms in the whole account. The events which the brethren were conducting that they were strong in recent power and they thought themselves free and thereby deceived themselves. It was necessary to cut their hearts should be made mellow with overmuch anxiety. Hypocrite and finely wrought is the lesson he makes for them. What a lesson concerning his father shows the personal feelings of a benevolent character.

1. "Joseph." Joseph is now (the) ruler. He had been in Egypt two years and half-been governor of the nine years. "Could not refrain." The Hebrew word is very emphatic. It signifies forbearance with difficulty. "Cause every man to go out." Literally, "Joseph could not restrain himself." The sovereign magistrate gives way to the feelings of the moment and cries out, "Let every man go out." That is all. Exit the Egyptians. The was in a good sense free and full. "While Joseph was made himself known unto his brethren." Joseph was the first of the brethren to recognize the author of the brethren.

2. "And he wept." Joseph's heart was full of tender emotions. This is the usual way in which Oriental excess expresses itself. "Hear." This may mean (1) "Hear and obey." Joseph may have spoken within (2) "Hear" in the sense of "Let it be known that the report was brought." "Pharaoh's house." Verse 16.

3. "I am Joseph." The natural question, "Is my father yet alive?" Joseph could not answer it. The sight of his brethren overcome the long remembered feelings and all at once strike the recognition of the brothers. "Troubled." They trembled their terror he shrinked from as they could from a reward. The memory of the sins they had committed against Joseph came upon them with great force. They were greatly troubled to find their brother on an Egyptian throne. They knew they were in his power. If he should treat them as they had treated him there would be no hope for them.

4. "Come near to me." He invites them to a free favor. So our Joseph in the gospel bids us come to Him. The gospel message is, "Come unto Me." It is a free entreaty of love. "Sold into Egypt." It was impossible to evade allusion to the early wickedness, but this Joseph does in a spirit not of angry upbraiding, but of elevated piety and tender charity. Christ reminded Peter of his sin in order to show how full and complete was the forgiveness. John 21: 15-17.

5. "Be not grieved." He spoke of their having sold him, not to wound their feelings, but to convince them of his identity, and then to reassure their minds by the agency of an overruling providence in his exile and present lot. "Did send me." God used their evil to accomplish His purpose. He did not make their evil. He has a thousand ways of accomplishing His ends. "To preserve life." Not only your lives, but the Egyptians and the people of the neighboring countries. The principles laid down by Joseph are: 1. That while sinners are encouraged to hope in God's mercy, they are left without excuse for their sin. 2. That God is able to make use of the wicked actions of wicked men for the advancement of His work.

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11. "Nourish thee." It is the duty of children, if the necessity of their parents does at any time require it, to support and supply them to the utmost of their ability. "And thy household." In verse 18 Joseph speaks of "their household," showing that each of the patriarchs was now his own family, besides the still large family belonging to Jacob.

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New Orleans insurance experts tell the people that the city may be burned down any time if the present methods of handling oil are kept up.

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Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

A square foot of honeycomb contains about 9000 cells.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Boston was the first city in the country to establish free public baths.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

False teeth are now made from paper and are said to last a lifetime.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

There are 30,000 Portuguese in Massachusetts, Boston having over 3000

Among the 282 medical journals published in the United States, twenty-eight are devoted exclusively to hygiene

A woman need never hope to keep a secret Age will tell on her

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

Between the years 1760 and 1776 100,000 pounds of silk were exported from Georgia to England

It doesn't take an agriculturist to raise a row.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Germany has one physician to every 2000 inhabitants, the United States one to every 636.

Brooklyn, N. Y., October 22d. The Garfield Tea Co., manufacturers of Garfield Tea, Garfield Headache Powders, Garfield Tea Syrup, Garfield Relief Plasters, Garfield Digestive Tablets and Garfield Lotion, are now occupying the large and elegant office building and laboratory recently erected by them. For many years the Garfield Remedies have been growing in popularity and their success is well deserved.

Permission has been given for the erection of a crematory in Madrid, Spain

Why Wouldn't She Be?

"Do you notice Miss Passe seems to be stuck on our hotel clerk?"

"Yes; you see when she applied for apartments he assigned her to 'Suite 16.'"

Highest Award on Cocoa and Chocolate.

The Judges of the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, have awarded three gold medals to Walter Baker & Co., Limited, Dorchester, Mass., for the superiority of their Breakfast Cocoa and all of their cocoa and chocolate preparations, and the excellence of their exhibit. This is the thirty-seventh highest award received by them from the great expositions in Europe and America.

Let us be of good cheer, remembering that the misfortunes hardest to bear are those which never come.—Lowell.

MISS LAURA HOWARD,

President South End Ladies' Golf Club, Chicago, Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After the Best Doctors Had Failed To Help Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can thank you for perfect health to-day. Life looked so dark to me a year or two ago. I had constant pains, my limbs swelled, I had dizzy spells, and never

MISS LAURA HOWARD, CHICAGO.

knew one day how I would feel the next. I was nervous and had no appetite, neither could I sleep soundly nights. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, used in conjunction with your Sanative Wash, did more for me than all the medicines and the skill of the doctors. For eight months I have enjoyed perfect health. I verily believe that most of the doctors are guessing and experimenting when they try to cure a woman with an assortment of complications, such as mine; but you do **not guess**. How I wish all suffering women could only know of your remedy; there would be less suffering I know."—LAURA HOWARD, 113 Newberry Ave., Chicago, Ill. —*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are ill to write her for advice. Address Lynn, Mass., giving full particulars.

Am. N. U., No. 43, 1901.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives, salary $5 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B. THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia Pa.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE. SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE. ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

THE Bryant & Stratton Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 $1.00

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

If You Try One Bottle LIVERINA

For Biliousness, Constipation, Sick-head-ache or any trouble from a Torpid Liver, and are not pleased with the results, your merchant is authorized to refund the price, 50c. LIVERINA is pleasant to take, does not gripe nor purge, and gives permanent relief.

GAY, HARDIE & DURR, Manufacturing Chemists and Wholesale Druggists, Montgomery, Ala.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

W. L. DOUGLAS UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES $3.00 THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER. OUR MAJOR. THE LATEST FASHION. W. L. Douglas $4 Gilt Edge Line Cannot be Equaled at Any Price. For more than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4 shoes for style, comfort and wear has steadily increased, all other makes sold at these prices. This extraordinary reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.50 and $4 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.50 and $4 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.50 and $4 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Fast Color Eyelets used. W. L. Douglas $3 and $2.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers sold in $4 and $5 shoes, and are just as good in every way. CATALOG FREE. Sold by 13 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit—and the best shoe dealers everywhere. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 36c. additional for carriage. Take measure—forms of foot as shown, state style desired, size and width, usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium, or light sole. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FREE FOR TOBACCO TAGS

NOV. 30TH — FROM — 1902.

"STAR"

"DRUMMOND" Natural Leaf

"GOOD LUCK"

"TENNESSEE CROSSTIE"

"NOBBY SPUN ROLL"

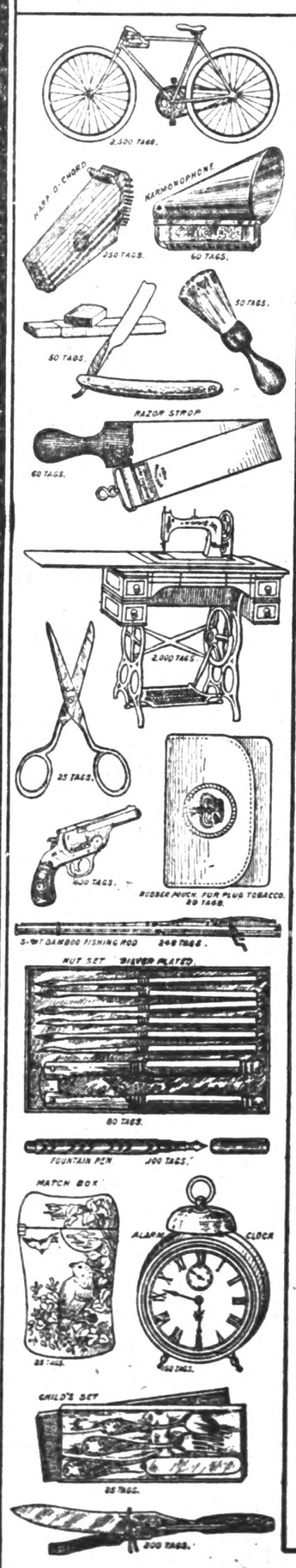
"PIPER HEIDSIECK"

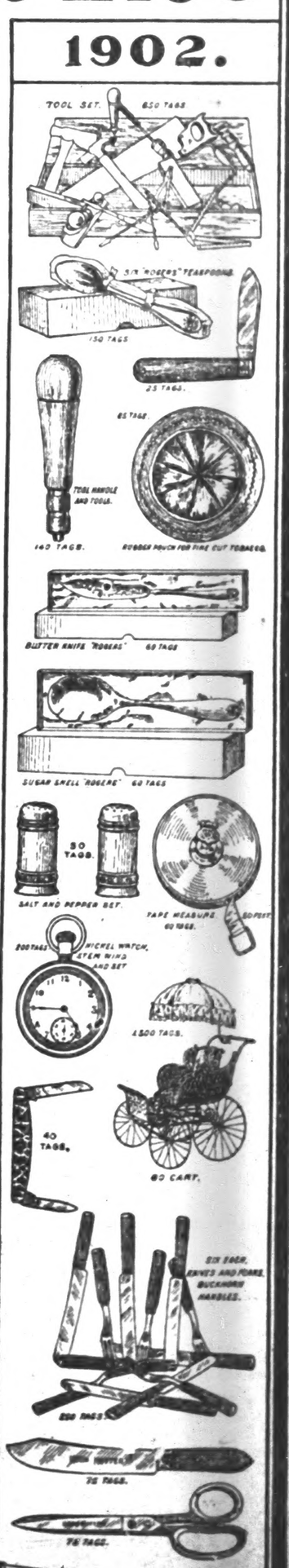
"BOOT JACK"

"OLD PEACH & HONEY"

"GRANGER TWIST"

2 GRANGER TWIST TAGS being equal to one of others mentioned.





"E. Rice, Greenville," "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Cross Bow," "Spear Head," "Old Honesty," "Master Workman," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Jolly Tar," "Standard Navy," "Planet," "Neptune," "Razor," "Ole Varginy." 4

TAGS MAY BE ASSORTED IN SECURING PRESENTS.

Our new illustrated CATALOGUE OF PRESENTS FOR 1902

will include many articles not shown here. It will contain the most attractive List of Presents ever offered for Tags, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.

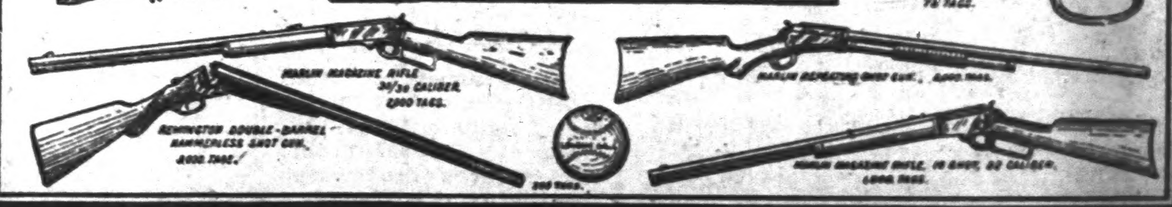
(Catalogue will be ready for mailing about January 1st, 1902.)

Our offer of Presents for Tags will expire Nov. 30th, 1902.

CONTINENTAL TOBACCO COMPANY.

Write your name and address *plainly* on outside of packages containing Tags, and send them and requests for Presents to

C. Hy. BROWN, 4241 Folsom Ave., St. Louis, Mo.



SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c | A caterpillar can eat 600 times its weight of food in a month. | SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c | Thompson's Eye Water

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10 cents. 10 cents.

ATLANTA, GA.

South's Great Literary Weekly

Till January 1st 1902, Only 10c.

This short time rate is offered to better introduce The Sunny South to its large Southern audience. For six months this Southern Literary Weekly has been under a new management, and the paper has fully met the high standard set for it and continues to improve in every way. Thousands of encomiums from enthusiastic well pleased subscribers. A subscription now at this rate means a renewal on January 1st, and we confidently invite your acceptance of this special offer.

A short story contest for Southern Writers has closed successfully and the splendid results will be published during the period of this special offer. The excellent

Thanksgiving Number,
Christmas Number,
And New Year's Number

will be included in the time of the clubs, any one of which will be well worth the whole subscription. Get up a club of ten in your community and send it along with the $1.00 and bring sunshine to as many families in your locality.

The Sunny South is a broad, bright term, but the paper carries the whole meaning of it, and has the flavor of the magnolia, pine and jessamine mingled in the bouquet of good things in store for the fortunate subscribers.

Only..
Ten Cents
till Jan. 1

Address all orders to...
The Sunny South
Atlanta, Ga.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : ALA.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents,

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton. SECRETARY: P. D. Wilson, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. P. C. Young	4. A. J. Wilson	7. C. J. Cobern
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE COUNTY AGENT.

Full particulars furnished by the county agent,
R. T. Calloway, Conner, Ala.

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KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

We have moved to
2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, · ALA.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	55c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Pipe "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ x 4 Mirror	10c
1 2X3 in Razor Strop	50c

For sale by
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Polite Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—is via the—

L & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Quick line pass Union depot, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atwoode, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S
Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901

Benson	Beat 3		November
Maplesville	" 7		
Shoults	" 7		
Dixie	" 8		
Valley Creek	" 8		
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	
Maccedonia	" 3		
Green Cofer's Gin	" 8	until 12 m.	
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p. m.	
Providence	" 2		
Elijah Busby's	" 2	until 12 m.	
Cofer's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p. m.	
Mineral Springs	" 1		
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m.	
Strasburg	" 9		
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m.	
Flat Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p. m.	
Providence	" 5		
Burnett	" 5		
Coopers	" 5		
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	
Clantonford	" 8		
Pletcher	" 8		
Kincheen	" 6		
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		
James Maddox Gin	" 4		
Jemison	" 3		Dec. 18
Thorsby	" 9		
Mountain Creek	" 5		
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	" 18
Clanton	" 4		

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

THE STATE ELECTION
WILL BE HELD NOV. 4, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 10, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in your order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND VOTE GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

	NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1				
2				
3				

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Cash Paid for the Best Guess!
Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official election returns are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no checks. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

L. X

MAN ON THE CORNER

of the Sights He Saw, and Some he Saw Not.

For the life of me I cannot see why any white man can hold up to in the new constitution. A good many others I was in favor of the holding of the convention, because we were fearful the convention might do the convention was held and of the dreadful things of which we were scared happened and they went to work and made a new constitution which unquestionably is decided improvement on the old one. I want to say that can be said, and therefore I want the new constitution and shall vote for it.

It seems to me that the man who will take a copy of the new constitution and sit down and carefully read it—not with his mind already made up that it is bad and he is going to find it, but with a determination to find out for himself what it means—that man, I believe, will become a better and wiser man, and will then and there make up his mind to vote for the new constitution.

There is always two sides to every question and no man ever knows anything by hearing both sides. For my part I would rather go and hear a man talk on the opposite side to which I was than to hear one who was in sympathy with my views. It is pleasant to have your friends endorse your opinions, but if we are both looking the same way you are pretty sure to see things in the same light. But if you hear a man talk upon the other side it will give you new ideas, and if you are a sensible man, if the eye is good, you will alter your opinion. It is the worst way to hear only one side of any question. Hear both and then form your own opinion.

W. L. Kemp of Waugh spent Sunday here with friends.

DIED

Mrs. Boeckholdt passed peacefully away on Monday at her home near Clanton. The funeral took place on Tuesday at the Mills cemetery. A good woman has gone to her reward. Our sympathies are with the bereaved family.

Death of Mr N. L. Meron y

The home of Bro. N. L. Meroney was made very sad by his being hurt with a piece of broken saw in a saw mill near Vine Hill on Oct. 16, 1901. His remains were brought to his home at Kingston and then carried to Pleasant Grove church, where they were interred with masonic honors by Jemison Lodge. He had been a member of the Baptist church ever since 1876. Resolved, that in his death the masonic fraternity has suffered a great loss. We extend to the bereaved wife and children our condolence and commend them to the care of God who has recently called our brother from his labors below to his reward above, and that this be sent to the Banner for publication.

J. Reynolds, Committee
Atkins
Gaines
Jemison Lodge No. 411

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic handy. Only 50c. by all druggists.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made improvements to my restaurant. I am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY.
Near East L. & N. R. R. Depot.
CLANTON.

NOTICE

ND COLLECTOR'S

d Round

ng times and places for the purpose
ty taxes of Chilton county for the
es for the year 1901

at 3		November	4
7		"	5
7		"	6
8		"	7
8	until 12 m.	"	8
3		"	9
3	until 12 m.	"	11
2	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	12
2		"	13
2	until 12 m.	"	14
1	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	15
1		"	16
1	until 12 m.	"	18
4		"	19
4	until 12 m.	"	19
4	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	20
5		"	21
5		"	22
5	until 12 m.	"	23
5		"	25
5		"	26
5		"	27
5		"	28
5		"	29
2		Dec.	2 & 3
5		"	4
5	until 12 m.	"	6 & 7
5		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

ntion Days of the year, commencing
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

EN AWAY

THEY WANT TO KNOW

E BEST GOODS

Goods	$130.00 Cash
Sweets	50.00 Cash
Sugars, cash	10.00 Cash
Sugars, cash	5.00 Cash
Best Goods, cash	2.00 Cash
Best Grocers, cash	1.00 Cash
TOTAL CASH	$300.00

ly Advertiser

30, 1901 will be entitled to one guess
Constitution. Subscribers who are
ved from date of expiration of present
sending in your order whether your

TE YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
OR AGAINST.

VOTE FOR	AGAINST

amount of $_____

Best Guess!
November 10th, 1901
within ten days after official election
subscriber has any guess FREE.
money order or draft. Send no checks.
Montgomery, Ala.
ADDRESS.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE

VOL. X — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY OCTOBER 31, 1901 — NO. 3

MAN ON THE CORNER

He Sees What He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

At the last election I cannot see why some man can find to write in the new constitution. As good citizens I was opposed to the adopting of the constitution, but when we were afraid of what the convention might do, the convention was held and all of the dreadful things of which we were scared happened. Then they went to work and made a new constitution which I supposed would be decided unfavorable to the people. I want what is fair and honest, and therefore I want the new constitution shall vote for it.

Seems to me that the man who makes a copy of the new constitution and sits down and carefully reads it—not with his mind already made up that it is bad and he is going to be a determinate to find in it himself what it may or may not contain, I believe, he will be a better and wiser man, and will come out and there make up his mind to vote for the new constitution.

There always two sides to every question and I do not know man ever thoroughly considering both sides, would not rather go and hear a man who is on the opposite side which I was than to hear one who was in sympathy with my views. It is pleasant to have your own views and opinions, but when we are both looking the same way you are pretty sure to see things in the same light. But if we can talk upon the other side we may get new ideas, and if you are a reasonable man, if they are good, you will alter your opinion. It is the worst way to be on only one side of any question. Hear both and then form your own opinion.

Mr. Wilkinson of Waugh spent Sunday here with friends.

DIED

Mrs. Blackshaw passed peacefully away at her home near Clanton Monday night. The funeral took place yesterday at the Methodist church. A good woman has gone to her reward. Our sympathies are with the bereaved family.

Death of Mr. N. L. Meroney

Mr. N. L. Meroney died at his home near Vine Hill, Monday night. His remains were brought home at Ranburne and from there to Pleasant Grove church. Masonic honors were in charge of the Masonic lodge. He had been a member of the Baptist church for years. Resolved, that in the death of our masonic brother we have sustained a great loss. We extend to the bereaved family our sincere condolence. Commend them to the care of Him who is ever called our father. Brothers below to write resolutions, and that this be filed for publication.

H. Reynolds, J. Atkins, H. Gaines } committee
Jamison Lodge No. 411

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c by all druggists.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
Down East R. R. Depot.
CLANTON.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Editor Banner—Some of the opponents of the new constitution ridicule the idea that there is any menace to the white people, growing out of the negro vote, but in days past the cloud that threatened our horizon from this quarter was dark and ominous, and it is a true saying that "history repeats itself". The time has been when the halls of Alabama legislature were afflicted with as many as forty negro members at a time, selling their votes for a bottle of whiskey or a mule, and under the leadership of vicious white men, adopting the enactments of laws, that inflicted millions of dollars of indebtedness on our State, that we are now paying, and will pay for fifty years to come. Under the constitution now in existence a similar state of affairs might be inaugurated; all they need is courage and leadership. For a third of a century the negro has voted in Alabama, and always votes solidly against the interest and welfare of the state. His racial instincts and low moral status, prompt him to ally himself against everything that is elevating.

Alabama, in round numbers, contains 51,000 square miles, with a population of 1,000,000 whites, and 827,000 negroes. In thirteen central counties of the State, in one of which is the capitol, is embraced 9786 square miles, or one-fifth of the State, and is the most productive portion of it. In this area there reside 373,000 negroes, and 100,000 whites, or three-seventh of the black population, and one-tenth of the white population. 433,000 blacks, and 900,000 whites live in the other counties of the State, containing 42,000 square miles. In eight counties of the fifty-three, the white and black population is nearly equal, and in forty other counties of the fifty-three, the negro holds the balance of power. In only five counties he cuts no figure. So in 61 counties of the 66 of the State he holds the balance of power and may become a potent factor for evil, consider these facts and act the part of wisdom. Restrain him and treat him kindly, and he becomes a useful citizen. Remove restraint, and he reverts to barbarism and lust. The adoption of the new constitution injured no race and order under constitutions fixed by law, rejection, and white supremacy can only be maintained by continuing those method, which are repugnant to our feelings, and justified only by the intolerable alternative, of total submission to the rule and inferior and servile race.

CIVIS

I am satisfied that TEETHINA (Teething Powders) have saved more children than all the doctors put together. I have recommended TEETHINA when the doctors gave up the child and it cured at once. LOUIS F. WAIBEL, Ph. G.
Druggist, St. Louis, Mo.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Dr. R. M. Cunningham will address the citizens of Chilton county in behalf of the ratification of the new constitution at the following times and places:

Clanton, Monday, Nov. 4, 11 a.m.
Thorsby " " 4 7:30 p.m.

Everybody invited.

J. C. DENNIS, Chm. Cam. Com

Judge S. M. Adams will speak in Clanton Saturday, November 9, at 11 a.m, in opposition to the proposed new Constitution. Come one, come all, and let us reason together.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Pursuant to the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor of Alabama I hereby give notice that an election will be held at the several polling places in Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901.

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters the question of ratifying or rejecting the Constitution for the State of Alabama proposed by the convention held in accordance with the act of the Legislature, approved December 11, 1900

This 8th day of October, 1901.

MOSES KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to-wit:

Beat 1—W. H. Conway, Ira Campbell, Walter Gray, Inspectors. J. W. Middlebrooks, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 1—W. H. Shaw, John Lowery, Geo R. Moore, Inspectors. L. A. McGraw, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 2—Green Cofer, Marion Honeycutt, J. H. Patton, Inspectors. A. D. Robinson, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 1—Clayton Edwards, W. A. Wood, Jasper Giles, Inspectors. Geo. W. Calloway, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 2—Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrop, J. C. Veazey, Inspectors. Jeff Glasscock, Returning Officer.

Beat 4—N. J. Calloway, J. F. Goodgame, W. J. Armstrong, Inspectors. M. A. Killgore, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, J. H. Vinson, Jesse Cox, Inspectors. G. W. Wilson, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 2—E. J. Jones, Jim Grant, Will Wells, Inspectors. Noah Duffey, Returning Officer.

Beat 6—R. L. Williams, Sr., A. T. Hathcock, A. C. Popwell, Inspectors. B. F. Dobbs, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, J. J. Letcher, F. U. Crumpton, Inspectors. W. Y. Nix, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 2—Jasper Gentry, Frank Green, Noah Latham, Inspectors. Charley Walker, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 1—T. G. Milling, W. M. Price, W. C. Dyer, Inspectors. Frank Johnson, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 2—R. P. Kendrick, J. H. Adams, W. H. Mills, Inspectors. Sevar Harris, Returning Officer.

Beat 9—D. W. Honeycutt, Alfred Cullivee, T. O. Williams, Inspectors. D. H. Gentry, Returning Officer.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 8th day of October, 1901. M. A. KILLGORE Sheriff.

Is Your Life Worth 25 Cents?

Consumptives, we know that you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to be cured. Gooch's Mexican Syrup has cured thousands and it will cure you. Consumption is the result of the food material that should go to support the body and sustain life being absorbed and thrown off in tuberculous matter. To overcome this waste of vital force and restore the nourishment to the system in its natural course, is to cure. This is accomplished by Gooch's Mexican Syrup. It controls coughs, night sweats, spitting of blood, soreness in chest, inflamed throat and lungs, difficulty of breathing, heavy coughs accompanied with expectoration and parched lips. We know you have been disappointed many times, but make one more effort to save yourself. You can buy a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup for 25 cents. It cures a simple cough as if by magic, and is the best remedy for whooping cough.

For inflamed eyes, sore throat, sore mouth, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Pleasant to taste and smell and will give quick relief.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM

of sunday-school convention of District 1 and 2 to be held with Shiloh church, Nov. 16 and 17.

SATURDAY. 9 a m. Devotional service, Rufus Houldith.

10. Its object, Rev. A. T. Vandiver

11. Reports of sunday-schools

1:30 p.m. What are the duties of sunday-school teachers to their classes? J. W. Thomas and W. H. Conway. Recitation. Miss Emma Lowery. Recitation, Miss Dulsey Vandiver.

3. Business

A few reasons why so many take no part in sunday-school work. Mrs. M. J. Griffin. Recitation, Miss Susie Conway. Recitation, Miss Mary Creel.

SUNDAY, 9 a m. sunday-school.

10. What is our duty as a church toward our sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and others.

Recitation, Miss Sallie Shaw.

Recitation, George Hillson.

1:30 p.m. Recitation, Miss Cora Armstrong. Recitation, Miss Annie Lowery. Recitation, Miss IdaOusby.

3. Final influence of sunday-school, Rev. W. J. Lawley

W. M. ALDRIDGE, Pres.
MISS LIZZIE LOWERY, sec.

Administrator's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton County, Alabama, I, E. Z. Nix, Administrator de bonis non of the Estate of D. H. Davenport, deceased, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door of Chilton county, Alabama, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1901.

at 12 o'clock, noon, upon the following terms, to wit: One-third cash one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with sufficient security to secure the deferred payments, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to wit:

The South half of the South-east quarter; the South-east quarter of the South-South-west quarter, and the West half of the North-west quarter of the South-east quarter, Section 16; the North-east quarter and the South-west quarter of the South-east quarter, less three acres, Section 20; the North-west quarter, and West half of the North-east quarter, Section 21, containing five hundred and seventy seven acres, more or less, situated in Township 22, Range 13, Chilton county, Alabama. E. Z. Nix,
Administrator de bonis non.

DOWNS' FIRE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

FREE TO THE BABIES.

The Eastern Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, will present to every baby, under one year of age, in this county, one solid silver baby spoon with the baby's given name engraved on same. You do not have to pay one cent nor buy anything to get this spoon. The Eastern Manufacturing Co. are large manufacturers and jobbers of jewelry and silverware, and have taken this method of advertising their goods. Instead of spending thousands of dollars for magazine advertising they have decided to give it away direct to consumers.

The undersigned firm has been made distributing agent for this locality. Bring your baby to their store and give its name and age and you will receive one of these beautiful silver spoons all engraved free of cost. This is not a cheap article, but solid silver of elegant design. Don't fail to look over the elegant line of The Eastern Manufacturing Co.'s goods on display at

J. T. DENNIS, Verbena

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.
J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

If your cow is suffering with garget, "spoiled udder," use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic freely. It is said to be a very fine remedy by those who have tried it.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

It is a well-known fact that every man should work to his own interest. Then why not the farmer get the benefit of his own labor? Why not the farmer get his prices as well as the merchant? Simply because he does not look around and see what the market price is. He does not know where to go. He does not know that R. L. MARCUS will give more for Produce of all kinds and sell goods for less money than anybody in the city. One call will convince you. Respectfully, R. L. MARCUS, Clanton.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by John J. Roberts and his wife, Sarah Roberts to J. S. Johnson, on the 30th day of March, 1880, to secure an indebtedness to said Johnson by said Roberts and wife, in the sum of $250, which said mortgage was recorded in Volume 5, on Page 401 of the Book of Mortgages in the office of the Judge of Probate of Chilton county, Alabama, on the 23rd day of July, 1880; and which said mortgage and debt has been duly assigned to Roberta A. Mullins, the undersigned; default having been made in the payment of said debt I, said Roberta A. Mullins, will proceed to sell the lands conveyed by said mortgage, towit:

The sw 1-4 of the nw 1-4, and the nw 1-4 of the sw 1-4 of Section 19, Township 20, of Range 13, situated in Chilton county, Alabama, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901, said sale to be made on said premises, and to satisfy said debt.

This 8th day of October, 1901.

ROBERTA A. MULLINS, Assignee.
by TIPTON MULLINS,
Attorney for Assignee.

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it ever fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 22 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Olan-on Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED under a
$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E W Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

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WALLACE C. EDLER, CLANTON, ALA.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Of course it is perfectly natural that a horse laugh came up from the pastures when announcement was made that an electric vehicle company has failed for $5,000,000.

The vanity of human intelligence seeks various outlets. One man seeks to devise a perfect government and another is in search of perpetual motion. Neither has succeeded as yet, and both are still hopeful in spite of the strictly practical people who shake their heads and declare it can't be done.

A novel way of administering justice and bestowing impartial punishment on juvenile offenders was shown in a Chicago court the other day. Two boys were on trial for fighting, accompanied by their respective mothers. The Justice simply had the mothers swap sons and then administer spankings. The punishment the urchins received was vigorous.

Naturally the ambitious young Canadian, hungry for metropolitan opportunities, goes to New York, or Philadelphia, or Chicago, or Boston. The drift in this direction is as inevitable as that of bright Scotchmen to London. And so Canada loses every year her best brains and her most vigorous energy, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

The professional Anarchists in the United States have almost without exception been of foreign birth. If the family history of the individuals forming this body of malcontents could be traced, it is probable that they would prove to belong to a class of unfortunates who have passed through generations of poverty, depravity and perhaps oppression, with the result that they have, perhaps, inherited a bent of mind which is distinctly abnormal. It is possible, even probable, that such a bent would not be recognized by the psychologist, the medical student, or the alienist as a distinct form of mental disease. When the mind reaches the point of depravity at which it is unable to distinguish the difference between right and wrong—nay, more, that it mistakes wrong for right, even to the point of conceiving the murder of an innocent and unoffending individual to be an act of heroism—what further proof do we need of mental aberration? queries the Scientific American.

Perhaps the most curious result of a popular health fad is the sharp conflict of opinion which it has excited among the physicians. Some members of the profession, adopting the popular theory, maintain that the barefoot habit not only is healthful, but insures the proper development and consequent beauty of the exposed member; while others hold that it is a dangerous and needlessly risky experiment, which, in any event, must produce large, ungainly, splay feet. In support of their theory they argue that the feet of savage races are generally of vast and unsightly proportions. This is a question for the anthropologists; but any one with eyes in his head may be convinced that there are plenty of well formed feet among the shoeless urchins of the cities. The point is not at all likely that the world in general will desert the shoemakers; but it may be asserted very confidently that it is better to wear no shoe at all than one that is too tight or too narrow.

The succession of the Vice-President to the Chief Magistracy of the Republic gives no occasion for the convention of Congress. The notion that an extra session would or should be called is probably the consequence of a recollection of the public mind that existed at the time of the demise of President Garfield, when the question arose as to who would succeed in the event of the death of President Arthur and nobody, not even the most eminent of the interpreters of the Constitution, could give an answer. The law since then passed by Congress leaves no room for uncertainty on this point. It included into the line of succession to the Presidency the members of the Cabinet in the following order: The Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Attorney-General, the Postmaster-General, the Secretaries of the Interior, of the Navy Department and of Agriculture. Under this law the possibility of an interregnum, so to speak, is too remote to be considered.

COLLEGE SECURITIES GONE

MUNITIONS OF WAR HELD BY UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

"BUFFALO BILL" IS AFTER WATER

Arizona Wants Statehood — Cotton Swindlers—Russia Seizes Japan's Ships—Delaware Town Burned —After Russia Trolley Line

SAFE ROBBERY.

One of the boldest safe robberies occurred at Berea, O., Saturday. The hardware store of Lawrence & Brightman was entered, the large safe wrecked and the robbers made good their escape, carrying with them booty of more than $100,000 in value. Baldwin university bears the heaviest loss. C. C. Brightman, the junior member of the firm, is treasurer and a trustee of Baldwin university, and all of the available papers of the institution, which were left in Brightman's custody, were kept in the safe. Bonds, deeds, notes and mortgages of the university aggregating $100,000 in value were secured by the robbers. A diligent search for the thieves has been instituted, but as yet no clew has been established. A singular fact is that the explosion was heard a half mile north and more than that distance southwest of the center of the town, while those residing in the business districts were unaware of it. The force of the explosion was terrific. The heavy safe doors were twisted from their hinges as if made of paper and large pieces were imbedded in the walls of the building one section weighing 50 pounds being blown into an adjoining room. Six men are believed to have been engaged in the affair.

WILL KEEP IT AWHILE.

Suspicious circumstances surrounding a big shipment of arms and ammunition on the Chilian steamer Lea, now lying in San Francisco, has led to action by the United States officials to prevent any possibility of the warlike goods reaching the hands of Central American insurgents. The cases contained 4,500 Remington rifles and bayonets and 2,500,000 ball cartridges. The bills of lading show that the guns and ammunition came to this city from El Paso, where they are supposed to have been reshipped from Mexico. The ship's manifest stated that the munitions of war were for Salvador, and to be landed at Acajutilla. The consul-general of San Salvador here disclaims knowledge of the shipment, though Schwartz Brothers, the ostensible shippers, claim to be acting for Bloom Brothers, of New York, who are agents for the government of Salvador. The steamer will be held pending an investigation by the United States authorities.

FOUR MINERS ENTOMBED.

A bad cave-in occurred in the Highland Boy, at Salt Lake City, Utah, Friday night, in which four miners were entombed. After working for twelve hours rescuers succeeded in reaching and getting two of the men out alive. The other two miners are still entombed. They are still alive, however, for their signals can be heard distinctly by the rescuers, who are bending every effort to rescue their comrades.

MICHIGAN University whipped a rival football eleven to the tune of 128 to 0.

THE Ohio Woman's Christian Temperance Union has petitioned Mrs. Roosevelt to banish wine from the white house.

FATAL SLIP.

Joe Rochelle, a brakeman on the L. & N., slipped in stepping from the pilot of an engine to make a coupling at Athens last Friday, and was instantly killed. His home was at Prospect, Tenn.

SEARCY KILLED.

At Evergreen last Wednesday, W. A. Searcy, a prominent citizen, was returning home and when within a short distance of his home, some one concealed in the corner of the fence fired a load of buck shot through his head. He died instantly.

TOOK HER AWAY FROM HIM.

Will Auxier and Miss Mary Goodwin, both of Maysville, Ky., eloped and were married. On their return home they were met by the bride's father brother, who, with drawn revolvers took the bride away and are now guarding her at her home. The groom has sworn out warrants declaring he will have his bride.

IRRIGATION SCHEME.

Buffalo Bill and Nate Salisbury are at the head of a company of eastern men who are preparing to build a power and irrigation canal 45 miles in length, which will irrigate 100,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Garland and Cody, Wyo. The canal will have its source at the Shoshone river near Cody, where the power plant will be located. The cost of the power plant and canal will aggregate $700,000.

COTTON SWINDLE.

L. J. Guymas, of Mexia, Texas, and W. J. Hume, of New Orleans, who, in 1896, made a contract with a Liverpool firm to ship them cotton, were convicted in the federal court, at Waco, Texas, Saturday. The cotton was shipped with drafts attached to bills of lading which were cashed. When the cotton was examined it was found to be linters. The Liverpool people are said to have lost $50,000.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

According to advices received by the steamer Olympia, arrived from the Orient, three more Japanese sealing schooners have been seized by Russia for sealing within the limit around the Copper and other Russian islands. This makes six schooners and a boat's crew of another which have been seized this year, or about seventy-one men, most of them Japanese, but some Americans and Canadians.

KNOCKING AT THE DOOR

Saturday at Phoenix, Ariz., a statehood convention was held, every county, municipality and commercial organization in the territory sending delegates. Resolutions were adopted with great enthusiasm, declaring that Arizona is justly entitled to statehood. A committee was chosen to go to Washington and lay the claims of the territory before Congress.

RATE ADJUSTMENT.

A meeting of the Mississippi Valley Freight Association was held in Chattanooga last week. The object of the meeting was to adjust freight rates in territory governed by the association. The sessions were excutive and details of the meeting could not be obtained.

FARMER'S NECK BROKEN.

A young farmer by the name of Jones, near Grubbs, Ga., fell out of his wagon between the mules and front wheels. In the fall his neck was broken. Becoming entangled in the chains of the double tree, he was dragged a considerable distance by the frightened team.

OFF THE MAP.

Delmar, a town of about one thousand inhabitants, situated in the extreme southern end of Delaware, was almost wiped out Saturday by fire. Nearly two hundred and fifty people are homeless, and the property loss is estimated at $100,000. Fifty buildings were destroyed.

MURRAY A. VERNER, of Pittsburg, has offered to buy all the municipal and private street railways of St. Petersburg and equip them with electricity.

Ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers was Saturday again convicted as accessory before the fact to the murder of Governor William Goebel, of Kentucky, in January, 1900, and the second time sentenced to imprisonment for life. The jury was out fifty minutes.

A MULE stepped on a shot gun at Huntsville Saturday, discharging it and distributing a load of shot among eight negroes and another mule.

OFFICER BRAY, of Pratt City, while making an arrest last Wednesday, was severely burned by the culprit's throwing a lighted lamp on him.

WORK has begun on the handsome new union railroad depot of brick and stone, to be built by the Southern and Louisville and Nashville at Decatur, as ordered by the railroad commission.

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES D. RICHARDSON, of Tennessee, has been elected Souvereigd Grand Commander of the Scottish Rite Free Masonry for the southern jurisdiction of the United States.

KENTUCKY Confederate Veterans are taking steps to build a state home for veterans and $25,000 has already been subscribed.

FRUITHURST'S SANITARIUM

REPORT OF STATE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

A FEW INDUSTRIAL FACTS AND FIGURES.

Minister Perhaps a Suicide—Fatal Mine and Railroad Accidents—Dug up Buried Treasure—Burning of Cotton.

ALABAMA RAILROADS.

The annual report of the Alabama railroad commission is issued. The commission has secured reductions in freight tariffs on coal, and the general coal rate in Alabama is lower now than ever before. Many improvements in station accommodations have been brought about. For the year ended, June 30, 1901, the gross earnings of railroads in Alabama were $21,778,220.26; the operating expenses $16,076,838.08, leaving the net earnings $5,696,382.18. The average gross earnings per mile were $4,353.74. The operating expenses per mile were $3,198.05, leaving net earnings per mile $1,155.74. The total mileage of main line tracks is 4,145.44; double track 10.06 and of sidings 845.53; total railroad mileage, 5,001,03. During the year ending June 30, 1901, 151.77 miles of new track were built.

FRUITHURST'S PLUM.

The Fruithurst Inn and 15,00 acres of town lots and vineyard have been sold to Dr. Charles Elbert Eastman, of Old Orchard, Me., and that gentleman will establish a sanitarium there. The hotel will be open December 1st, at which time Dr. Eastman will bring fifty invalids from the North with him. The hotel contains eighty rooms and is a large, handsome and commodious structure. It cost $40,000. It was the property of the original Fruithurst Co., as also were the vineyards which Dr. Eastman acquires. He expects to make a winter resort of Fruithurst. It is understood that ample capital is back of Dr. Eastman and that his coming means the imparting of fresh vigor into the vineyard city.

POSSIBLY SUICIDE.

Rev. Otto P. Lenk, of Cullman, who was a member of the German immigration convention, while handling a pistol Friday, discharged it while lying on a lounge. The ball entered his left breast inflicting a fatal wound. About three months ago his fiancee, Miss Minnie Hartung, died and he has been brooding over it ever since. He leaves a mother and two brothers in Patterson, N. J., Mr. Link was only 25 and greatly beloved by his congregation, and his loss will be keenly felt.

BURIED TREASURE.

Jerry Sanders, a negro farm worker of Limestone county, in making an excavation for a cellar dug up an iron chest 23x14 inches, of antique pattern and massive. The chest had to be broken open with siege hammers, and was found to contain a large number of coins, all of them of dates more than a hundred years ago. There were also several pieces of silver plate. The chest was found at a depth of five feet, the spot evidently having been the foundation of a house.

CAUGHT BY THE CARS.

Burley Nabors, a resident of Montevalla, employed in the mines at Maylene, was caught by the cars going down the slope Friday night, and it is reported probably fatally hurt. The cars caught him in a stooping position and his back was broken.

THE FEUD CONTINUES.

Eugene Wall was shot to death Saturday by unknown parties near San Antonio, Tex., and the county is in a furore. Wall is the sixth man to die in the Wall-Brooks feud and his faction has contributed five of the victims, two of them sheriffs of the county. Wall was shot from ambush and fell within a few yards from where his brother was assassinated a few weeks ago. The first person to discover the body was his mother, and when the negro mail carrier came up she was sitting in the road nursing her dead boy's head.

TO HARNESS THE WATERS.

Elba has formed a company with $25,000 capital to develop the power in the Pea and White-water rivers. Plans are perfected for the erection of knitting and wagon factories as soon as the dam is completed.

THE first white wedding in eighteen years at Sloss mines was performed Sunday.

The census bureau has issued a preliminary report regarding the manufacturing industries of Alabama and the city of Birmingham. The report shows that the capital of the state has increased over 52 per cent since the last census, while the manufacturing capital of Birmingham has increased over 63 per cent, as compared with 1901. The report is as follows:

	Alabama.	
	1900.	1890.
Number of establishments	5,602	2,977
Wage earners average number	52,959	31,137
Capital	$70,370,081	$46,122,571
Cost of materials used	46,176,376	28,432,281
Value of products, including custom work and repairs	82,729,073	51,226,605

	Birmingham.	
	1900	1890
Number of establishments	282	283
Wage earners, averge number	6,668	3,247
Capital	$7,430,579	$4,553,478
Cost of materials used	6,066,202	3,608,588
Value of products, including custom work and repairs	12,514,854	7,034 248

COTTON BURNED.

A spark from a locomotive, it is supposed, set fire to the dye room of the Sanders cotton mills at Tuscaloosa last Friday night. The entire building with machinery and 5,000 pounds of cotton was destroyed, $5,000 loss and no insurance.

DEMOPOLIS has a street fair this week.

HON. PORTER KING, formerly mayor of Atlanta, is dead.

JUDSON INSTITUTE at Marion is building a $20,000 addition.

BIRMINGHAM will probably have an 8-story building before snow flies.

A SCHOOL to cost $3,000 is in course of erection by the Dwight Manufacturing Co. at Alabama City.

ON November 11th Tuscaloosa county will decide whether or not to build a new court house.

TALLADEGA'S officers' accounts have been audited and books reported correct almost to a cent.

A $2,500 barn belonging to Frank Washington, burned at Scottsboro last Thursday. No insurance.

GOV. JELKS has appointed Senator James Nunnellee to the vacant clerkship of Dallas county.

GOV. OATES had $50,000 in bonds in the Eufaula bank. But two of them can be found by the bank examiner.

ORDERS for 200 box cars for the Florida East Coast railway will begin to be filled by the Elliot car works at Gadsden by November 15th.

TRUSSVILLE has a new furnace in blast. It is the property of E. C. Buck & Co., and one of the best furnaces in the Birmingham district.

NINETEEN DEAD.

The eight-story structure occupied by Hunt, Wilkinson & Co., upholsterers and furniture dealers, and a three-story building adjoining, burned Friday morning in Philadelphia. There are nineteen known dead, and the property loss amounts to upwards of $500,000. The origin of the conflagration is unknown, but is attributed to an explosion of naphtha or gasoline in the basement. Men and women died a lingering, agonizing death in the presence of thousands of spectators who were unable to lift a hand to their assistance.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON has gone home to England and has offered the Shamrock II for sale.

GOOD authority states that Sheffield has the promise of two new, modern iron furnaces, to be erected by the United States Iron Co. This corporation has recently invested half a million in ore properties in north Alabama.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

ADMIRAL RESIGNS METROPOLITAN CLUB PRESIDENCY

GEN CHAFFEE ASKS FOR MORE MEN

Greeley Home from Philippines—Changes in Navy—Third Assistant Secretary of State Resigns—New Torpedo Boat.

The resignation of Admiral Dewey as president of the Metropolitan Club has caused a considerable flutter in Washington social circles. The Metropolitan is a most exclusive club, its membership numbering officers of army, navy and government officials. It is stated that Dewey resigned because he found the Schley court took so much of his time that he was unable to keep fully abreast of his club affairs. The true inwardness of the case, however, seems to be that he resigned on account of criticisms made against him by club men, who allege that his rulings in the Schley case were too favorable to Schley. There appears to be a strong sentiment against Schley in the club.

Sec. Long announces that Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, chief of the navigation bureau, would be detached from the position and take command of the European squadron next March, being relieved of his present duties by Admiral Henry C. Taylor. The secretary said that this plan had been arranged last April, when upon the expiration of Admiral Crowninshield's four year's commission as chief of the navigation bureau, he was recommissioned for another term. The date fixed was March 8, next, because on that day Admiral Crowninshield, who now holds the title ex-officio as head of navigation bureau, will become rear admiral in fact, through the ordinary course of retirement and promotion.

General Greely, chief of the United States signal service in Washington, returns to New York on Wednesday. General Greely expressed himself pleased to get back from the Philippines and has no intention of returning. During his stay there he completed a network of telegraph lines from one end of the archipelago to the other. The value of this installation was shown by the fact that over ten thousand messages a day were transmitted between the various military posts on the islands.

The estimates for the department of agriculture for the next fiscal year aggregate $4,789,540. This is against $3,862,420 for the current fiscal year, showing an increase of almost a million dollars for next year. This includes $10,000 for silk investigation, which is to be entered upon for the first time.

A cablegram has been received from General Chaffee at the war department asking that 600 recruits be sent at once to Manila to fill vacancies in several regiments. General Chaffee reports that the effective strength of the army in Northern Luzon is 8000 less now than on January 1.

It is understood here that Nicaragua, Honduras, San Salvador, Guatemala and Costa Rica have signed treaties for free trade and agree to arbitration of differences. They purpose holding an international congress every five years.

The torpedo boat destroyer Chauncey was launched Saturday near Philadelphia. Mrs. Mae Chauncey Stevens-Todd christened the vessel.

President Roosevelt was 44 years of age Sunday. According to the custom in the family the event was celebrated with a dinner, in which the children participated.

The last Congress appropriated $10,000 for examination and surveys for the location of four sites to be utilized as permanent maneuver grounds for the instruction of troops. Alabama members are making determined efforts to secure one of the locations.

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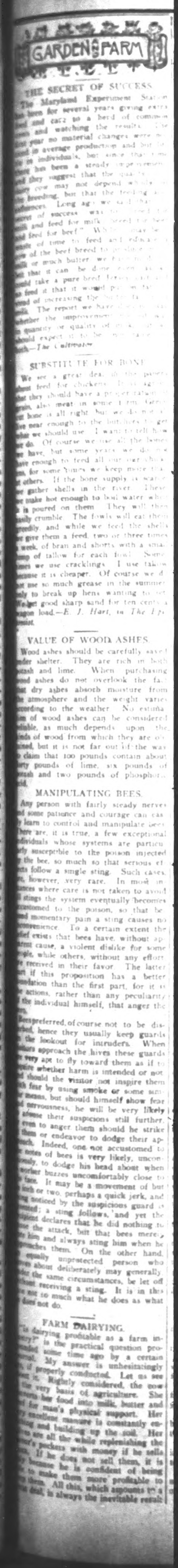

GARDEN AND FARM

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS

The Maryland Experiment Station has been for several years giving extra food and care to a herd of common cows and watching the results. The first year no material changes were made in average production and but little in individuals, but since that time there has been a steady improvement, and they suggest that the quality of dairy cow may not depend wholly on breeding, but that the feeding may influence. Long ago we said that the secret of success was to feed milk and feed for milk, feed for beef. While there may be a waste of time to feed and refine a cow of the beef breed to produce much milk or much butter, we believe that it can be done even with this breed if we would take a pure bred heifer calf and feed it that it would produce milk instead of increasing the quantity of beef. The report we have [illegible] whether the improvement [illegible] in quantity or quality of milk, it should expect it to be more than [illegible].—*The Cultivator.*

SUBSTITUTE FOR BONE

We see a great deal in the papers about feed for chickens. It is agreed that they should have a proper ration of grains, also meat in some form. Green cut bone is all right but we do not live near enough to the butchers to get what we should use. I want to tell how we do. Of course we use all the bones we have, but some years we do not have enough to feed all our chickens, for some times we keep more than others. If the bone supply is scarce we gather shells in the river. These we make hot enough to boil water when it is poured on them. They will then easily crumble. The fowls will eat them readily, and while we feed the shells we give them a feed, two or three times a week, of bran and shorts with a small lump of tallow for each fowl. Sometimes we use cracklings. I use tallow because it is cheaper. Of course we do not use so much grease in the summer only to break up hens wanting to set. We get good sharp sand for ten cents a wagon load.—*E. J. Hart, in The Epitomist.*

VALUE OF WOOD ASHES

Wood ashes should be carefully saved under shelter. They are rich in both potash and lime. When purchasing wood ashes do not overlook the fact that dry ashes absorb moisture from the atmosphere and the weight varies according to the weather. No estimate of wood ashes can be considered reliable, as much depends upon the kinds of wood from which they are obtained, but it is not far out of the way to claim that 100 pounds contain about forty pounds of lime, six pounds of potash and two pounds of phosphoric acid.

MANIPULATING BEES.

Any person with fairly steady nerves and some patience and courage can easily learn to control and manipulate bees. There are, it is true, a few exceptional individuals whose systems are particularly susceptible to the poison injected by the bee, so much so that serious effects follow a single sting. Such cases are, however, very rare. In most instances where care is not taken to avoid stings the system eventually becomes accustomed to the poison, so that the pain momentary pain a sting causes no inconvenience. To a certain extent the belief exists that bees have, without apparent cause, a violent dislike for some people, while others, without any effort, are received in their favor. The latter part if this proposition has a better foundation than the first part, for it is our actions, rather than any peculiarity of the individual himself, that anger the bees. Bees prefer, of course not to be disturbed, hence they usually keep guards at the lookout for intruders. When visitors approach the hives these guards are very apt to fly toward them as if to inquire whether harm is intended or not, and should the visitor not inspire them with fear by using smoke or some similar means, but should himself show fear and nervousness, he will be very likely to arouse their suspicions still further, even to anger them should he strike at them or endeavor to dodge their approach. Indeed, one not accustomed to the notes of bees is very likely, unconsciously, to dodge his head about when another buzzes uncomfortably close to his face. It may be a movement of but an inch or two, perhaps a quick jerk, and being noticed by the suspicious guard is resented; a sting follows, and yet the sufferer declares that he did nothing to provoke the attack, but that bees merely like him and always sting him when he approaches them. On the other hand, an equally unprotected person who moves about deliberately may generally, under the same circumstances, be let off without receiving a sting. It is in this case not so much what he does as what he does not do.

FARM DAIRYING.

"Is dairying profitable as a farm industry?" is the practical question proposed some time ago by a certain journal. My answer is unhesitatingly yes, if properly conducted. Let us see why it. Rightly considered, the cow is the very basis of agriculture. She converts her food into milk, butter and cheese for man's physical support. Her excrement manure is constantly enriching and building up the soil. Her calves are all the while replenishing the farmer's pockets with money if he sells them. If he does not sell them, it is only because he is confident of being able to make them more profitable to him by keeping them. All this, which amounts to a great deal, is always the inevitable result

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

ADMIRAL RESIGNS METROPOLITAN CLUB PRESIDENCY

GEN CHAFFEE ASKS FOR MORE RECRUITS

Greeley Home from Philippines—Changes in Navy—Third Assistant Secretary of State Resigns—New Torpedo Boat.

The resignation of Admiral Dewey as president of the Metropolitan Club has caused a considerable flutter in Washington social circles. The Metropolitan is a most exclusive club, its membership numbering officers of army, navy and government officials. It is stated that Dewey resigned because he found the Schley court took so much of his time that he was unable to keep fully abreast of his club affairs. The true inwardness of the case, however, seems to be that he resigned on account of criticisms made against him by club men, who alleged that his rulings in the Schley court were too favorable to Schley. There appears to be a strong sentiment against Schley in the club.

Sec. Long announces that Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, chief of the navigation bureau, would be detached from the position and take command of the European squadron next March, being relieved of his present duties by Admiral Henry C. Taylor. The secretary said that this plan had been arranged last April, when upon the expiration of Admiral Crowninshield's four year's commission as chief of the navigation bureau, he was recommissioned for another term. The date fixed was March 8, next, because on that day Admiral Crowninshield, who now holds the title ex-officio as head of navigation bureau, will become a rear admiral in fact, through the ordinary course of retirement and promotion.

General Greely, chief of the United States signal service in Washington, returns to New York on Wednesday. General Greely expressed himself pleased to get back from the Philippines and has no intention of returning. During his stay there he completed a network of telegraph lines from one end of the archipelago to the other. The value of this installation was shown by the fact that over ten thousand messages a day were transmitted between the various military posts on the islands.

The estimates for the department of agriculture for the next fiscal year aggregate $4,789,540. This is against $3,862,420 for the current fiscal year, showing an increase of almost a million dollars for next year. This includes $10,000 for silk investigation, which is to be entered upon for the first time.

A cablegram has been received from General Chaffee at the war department asking that 600 recruits be sent at once to Manila to fill vacancies in several regiments. General Chaffee reports that the effective strength of the army in Northern Luzon is 8000 less now than on January 1.

It is understood here that Nicaragua, Honduras, San Salvador, Guatemala and Costa Rica have signed treaties for free trade and agree to arbitration of differences. They purpose holding an international congress every five years.

The torpedo boat destroyer Chauncey was launched Saturday noon at Philadelphia. Mrs. Mae Chauncey Stevens-Todd christened the vessel.

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GARDEN AND FARM

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.

The Maryland Experiment Station has been for several years giving extra care and attention to a herd of common cows and working the results. The results at first were not very striking, changes were noticeable in production and but little improvement, but since that time there has been a steady improvement, so that the quality of a herd depend wholly on breeding, but the feeding also plays a part. We said that the aim was to "breed for milk, breed for beef and breed for both." While it may be a difficult task to breed and educate a herd to produce much milk, we have no doubt it can be done, even as we can breed a Jersey calf and fatten it and put on fat instead of butter fat in its milk. We have does not say anything about noticed was a decrease of milk, but we have found it noticeable in butter fat.—*Exchange.*

SUPPLY FOR BONE.

We read in the papers that it is agreed that a proper ration of bone should be in some form. Green cut bone, we do not all feed it, but the butchers to get rid of it. I want to tell how we give all the bones we can spare. For years we do not feed our chickens, but we keep more than we can supply is scarce. We gather them in the river. These, we make boil enough to boil water when we want to feed them. They will then crack easily. The fowls will eat them greedily. We feed the shells to our pigs two or three times a week, mixed with a small amount of shorts with a small amount of meat each feed. Sometimes we use tallowings. I use tallow for lubricating. Of course we do not use much grease in the summer when there is plenty of milk wanting to set. Green bone is sold for ten cents a pound.—*Mrs. Hart, in The Epitomist.*

VALUE OF WOOD ASHES.

Wood ashes should be carefully saved as they are rich in both potash and lime. When purchasing wood ashes do not overlook the fact that they absorb moisture from the atmosphere and the weight varies according to the weather. No estimate of wood ashes can be considered reliable as it depends upon the kinds of wood from which they are obtained but it is safe to say that out of the way places that two pounds contain about half a pound of potash, six pounds of lime and two pounds of phosphoric acid.

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Any person with fairly steady nerves and some patience and courage can easily learn to handle and manipulate bees. There are at the same time a few exceptional individuals whose systems are particularly susceptible to the poison injected by the bee's sting, so that serious effects follow a single sting. Such cases, however, are rare. In most instances where care has been taken to avoid the stings the system eventually becomes immune to the poison, so that being stung by a bee or a sting causes no more than a certain extent the skin may have, without apparent cause, a different dislike for some people, while it is taken without any effort, and received in good favor. The latter part of this proposition has a better foundation than the first part, for it is not to be disputed that any peculiarity of the individual, insofar as it may be perceived, that anger the bees, is usually kept guards against intruders. When one approaches these guards they will treat them as if to know whether harm is intended or not, and should the visitor not inspire them with fear by using smoke or some similar means, but should himself show fear or nervousness he will be very likely to arouse the suspicions still further, and even to arouse them should he strike them or endeavor to dodge their approach. Indeed, if one is not accustomed to bees it is very likely, unconsciously, to bring the head about when it is uncomfortably close to them. It is not a movement of but a quick jerk, and the suspicious guard is aroused, and yet the person who did nothing to arouse the anger of the bees merely because he did nothing to prevent them from stinging him when he approached them. On the other hand, the person who knows they may generally, under similar circumstances, be let off without receiving a sting. It is in this that he does as what he does not do.

FARM DAIRYING.

The dairying industry as a farm industry is a practical question proposed years ago by a certain class of people and unhesitatingly accepted. Let us see if it is considered, the cow is the very basis of agriculture. She furnishes her food and milk, butter and cheese for man's physical support. Her excellent manure is constantly enriching and building up the soil. Her calves are all the while replenishing the farmer's pockets with money if he sells them. If he does not sell them, it is because he is confident of being able to make them more profitable to him. All this, which amounts to a great deal, is always the inevitable result of farm dairying if properly conducted. Of course, it can be so conducted as to degenerate into a very unprofitable undertaking just as any other enterprise can. But, we are treating the subject on the hypothesis that effort will be made to get all out of it that is attainable. It is to be supposed that the farmer would not think of pouring high priced food into cows that cannot transform it into either milk or beef and then wonder why "dairying don't pay." If he hopes to make dairying pay, he will begin and continue with cows known to be the kind good for dairying purposes. Then he will look well to the food and care necessary to encourage hope of success. Shelter in bad weather and kind treatment of the animals at all times, are absolutely required. Nor is it less important that the proper care be taken to feed only the best milk producing kinds of provender. Of course, we mean the kinds that produce the greatest quantity of rich milk. Bran middlings and cotton seed meal are all excellent for combining to make rich milk, and also good for producing the highest grade manure. Corn, clover and peas are just the articles to make the most milk. Corn fodder, either green or dry or preserved in the form of ensilage, is the very cheapest roughage for cows. Hay, especially clover hay, is choice for roughage. With these combinations and pursuing the course briefly outlined, farm dairying would undoubtedly prove the equal, if not the superior, of any undertaking the farmer could engage in both as to the per cent. of profit and pleasantness of occupation. And the nice thing about it is that money is coming in constantly at all seasons of the year. "Is dairying profitable as a farm industry?" It certainly is and needs only to be tried fairly to prove it. —T. E. Richey, in *Agricultural Epitomist.*

POULTRY KEEPING AND DIVERSIFIED FARMING.

The subject is ably discussed in a recent report of the Massachusetts Board of Agriculture by John H. Robinson, who says: It has been a serious and too common error of poultry farmers in recent years that they have made themselves poultrymen, and nothing more. Many have gone even further in the wrong way, and have tried to make themselves specialists in a single branch of poultry keeping. With a few notable exceptions, those who have limited their effort to narrow special lines have not made their operations with poultry financially successful.

Single, separate branches of poultry culture have rarely been made profitable as all-year-round exclusive occupations. While it is true that man special poultry growers have succeeded with poultry, while neglecting the crop-reducing possibilities of their farms and buying practically all food for their fowls, the experience of those who grow a part or all of their food convinces me that such a combination is desirable. Poultry keeping readily enters into combination with almost every branch of agriculture and the attempt to keep it separate generally does violence to its development along natural lines.

A large stock of fowls makes in the course of a year a great deal of very valuable manure, the greater part of which is lost to the poultry keeper, unless applied to crop-producing land on the same farm. The night droppings, which can easily be collected and kept in condition to sell, constitute but a small part of the manure made. The most of it falls either on the earth floor of the poultry house, or is deposited on the ground outside. None of the manure is salable, but every bit of it can be utilized. Moreover, if it is not utilized, it will sooner or later poison the land wherever deposits of it are very abundant, making it unfit for poultry and often causing disease and loss to such an extent that the poultry ceases to be profitable.

To secure the best possible development of the growing chicks they must be given good, clean range from the weaning age until maturity. They will do well on light sandy or gravelly soil that is washed clean of their droppings by every heavy rain, or on a field so full of bowlders that it can neither be tilled nor mowed, but the loss of manure under such conditions is considerable. They do as well or better on good grass land.

The most difficult matter to regulate when poultry keeping is combined with other farm lines of work, is the labor. The key to the problem is found in the right combination of farm methods and poultry keeping. Three things will be found of prime importance in bringing about this result: the hens must be kept in larger flocks than is usual with the intensive method, they must be given more yard room, and the system of feeding must be such that feeding will take as little time as possible. Much less time is required to care for 200 hens in two flocks of 100 each than to care for the same number in flocks of twelve to thirty each. One of the most successful small poultry farmers I know keeps 600 to 700 hens in flocks of about 100 each, each lot occupying its own house, but all running in the same field.—*New England Homestead.*

FARM AND GARDEN HINTS.

Good tools are always the cheapest in the long run.

At the age of four months the cockrels should be separated from the pullets.

Iron nails thrown into the drinking water will make a good tonic for the fowls.

Farmers should strive to make their farms just a little more productive each year.

Don't compel fifty birds to roost in a hen-house where there is but room for twenty-five.

Don't forget to make the horse familiar with the currycomb. But do not rub too hard.

A little extra care is oftentimes the means of securing an extra cent a pound on butter.

Feed the milch cows liberally. They divide their food between themselves and their owner.

Give cows salt, bran and fine meal. Too much dry and rich food will make ropy or stringy milk.

Young stock can be wintered upon ensilage, but to make a total feed of it is not to be recommended.

Don't allow your churn to stand in the sun too long. As soon as it is thoroughly aired put it in the shade.

Remember that poor butter does not sell as readily as good butter, and the longer butter is kept the worse it gets.

Four or five applications of kerosene ought to cure any case, no matter how bad, of scaly leg on poultry.

Milk at the same time every day. Milk thoroughly to the last drop, because the last milk is the best. Always keep the hands clean, and also the cow's udder and the dairy utensils.

Gasoline as a cure for stomach worms in sheep is considered very satisfactory. One tablespoonful of gasoline is emulsified in four ounces of flaxseed tea. This is given as a drench to each lamb. Out of 1,000 animals treated in some Ohio experiments, only one was lost.

To keep rabbits from injuring young fruit trees, mix pine tar and grease, equal parts, warm and apply it with a cheap paint brush to the lowest two feet of the trunks. This coating will also go far toward keeping out borers if applied in the spring.

A Common Malady.

"I wonder if John Gordon has any trouble with his throat," mused Mrs. Payne, as a friend of her husband passed by her window. "I've seen him day after day with his coat collar turned up, when the mercury was 'way up in the sixties."

"There's nothing the matter with his throat," said Mr. Payne, with an unfeeling grin. "It's his engagement that's made all the trouble."

"What do you mean, Robert?" demanded Mrs. Payne, indignantly. "You know that Mary Wills is one of the sweetest girls that ever lived, and one of my best friends, too."

"That's all very true, my dear," said her husband, "but it doesn't alter her taste in neckties."

"Taste in neckties!" faltered Mrs. Payne.

"Yes, ma'am," said her husband, "that is what I said. She gave the helpless and enamored Jonathan one dozen neckties for a Christmas present, and what is more, she expects to see them adorning his person every day. John confided in me, as a married man, and said he was unwilling to hurt Mary's feelings. But I know how much a man can and ought to bear in the way of criticism from his fellow men, and after I'd seen the ties I counselled John to keep his coat collar turned up when he took his walks abroad."

"Why, I never heard of such a thing in my life!" said Mary Wills's defender, weakly. "Robert! Robert! I believe now I think of it, that you wear your collar turned up when you have on that lovely pink and blue plaid tie I gave you for our anniversary present. Robert—"

But Mr. Payne was already in the hall and front door closed behind him the next moment.—*Youth's Companion.*

Economy on the Cattle Ranch.

The changes in the methods of cattle ranching in the Southwest during the last ten years have removed a large element of romantic picturesqueness. The financial disasters which dethroned many a rich cattle king from 1887 to 1893 have necessitated economies where prodigal waste once prevailed. Tricks of saving, once thought contemptible, are in vogue in all up-to-date ranges. Nowadays the bones of cattle are saved and sold. No one thinks of leaving the pelt on an animal found dead on the range. Time was when such economy was despised and left for the poor half-breed Indians. Even the piles of horns left after dehorning operations were over are now collected and made a source of revenue. The fertilizer that went to waste on the ranges is shipped at so much a ton to horticultural districts in California and Colorado for use in the orchards. Cowboys are fined for drunkenness on the range nowadays. A generation ago the cattle kings bought whiskey and brandy by the barrel for the cowboys to help themselves to.

A half-dozen horses and cowboys do twice as much work and cover twice as much territory as formerly. The branding of calves is done by time-saving contrivances. A dozen inventions have been made in cattle cars, whereby the loss from the trampling to death of animals while in transit to market has been diminished, and also by which more stock may be put in a car.

One of England's Generals.

There is no gold lace or cocked hat about General Mahon. He is in attire probably the strangest figure in the campaign. Picture to yourself a square-built man wearing an ordinary brown cap (not a service one), a khaki coat with one odd sleve, breeches and box-cloth gaiters, carrying a hooked cherry stick and you have General Mahon. And now listen to this little story about him. A few days ago a Tommy was chasing a chicken near a farm on the line of march. Suddenly the cackling, fluttering feathered one dashed in the direction of a plainly-dressed stranger, "Go it, mate; you've got 'im!" yelled the excited Tommy. Then, to his horror, he recognized the General, and, confused, tried to apologize. "Not at all," said the chief, and helped him to kill the bird. Then telling him if he liked he could take it to his colonel and say the General had helped to kill it, he sauntered away.—*From "A Yeoman's Letters."*

The Boers maintain a regular service of despatch riders to receive and file messages at Lorenzo Marques and carry news to the men in the field.

TALKS ABOUT WOMANKIND

The Garter Petticoat.

Quite the latest novelty in lingerie is the "garter petticoat," occasioned by the sheath-like character of the new fall gowns. The new petticoat really belongs to the genus pantalettes, and comes in pairs, to be fastened just above the knees. Thence the garments descend to the bottom of the skirt in many frills of taffeta, this supplying the needed background for the flounced skirt, without interfering with the close-fitting effect of the skirt around the hips which fashion demands.

Hints for Unlined Skirts.

In planning out the wide ruffle of a skirt it is usual to lay centre back and front to a fold, joining on where occasion requires and pressing all such seams out of visible existence. Acting on this method; the right swing and curve is inevitable. Then, as a hem is always a troublesome matter on any sort of curve and not completely satisfactory at the best, to finish the base of the ruffle it is best to apply a shaped facing, one not more than two inches in depth. And if the stitchings are not employed as an ornamental detail, then the upper edge is neater sewed by hand and the result kept as invisible as possible.

A Popular Fad.

The fad of wearing long bead chains to match the gown is rapidly spreading, and may soon be as popular as it has been for some time in London. The chains fall almost to the knee, and are of every conceivable color. Chains of vivid blue beads, ornamented at intervals by larger beads of yellow or terra cotta, yellow and black, or even bright carmine, are all favorites. Many fanciful colors and designs are found in the Japanese and Oriental shops, where dull carved woods are used as additional ornaments on the chain of bright beads. These chains are not considered suitable for outdoor wear, except on country lawns and piazzas, and they are too slender to support any article heavier than the decorative tassels at the end. One particularly fanciful chain worn recently had bright yellow beads strung on either side of long oval black ones, which were painted in Dresden pattern.

Dress for a Debutante at Court.

There are certain stringent rules and regulations about presentation frocks to be worn at the Court of St. James—so that individuality must be shown in detail rather than in the ensemble.

There must be a court train (mantle it was once called) depending from one or both shoulders. The train of a court gown is its very special feature, for it gives the gown its cachet. It must be specially arranged with regard to the fact that, after the actual presentation is over, upon retiring from the throne room, the train is carried over the left arm; thus the left corner of the train should be specially adorned with a large and elaborate spray of artificial flowers, bunch of feathers, or other effective decoration. Formerly, trains were made exclusively of heavy silk, brocade or gold and silver damascene; but last year, at the last drawing-rooms held by the late Queen Victoria, there were a number of exquisite trains worn contrived of tulle, chiffon and other gauzy and perishable materials.

The hair is dressed with three white feathers and a graceful white veil. Formerly, real lace lappets were worn, but these are now the very rare exception.

White shoes, gloves and stockings are absolutely en regle, even for those who, having been presented previously, are wearing colored dresses.—The Criterion.

The Girls of Holland.

In Holland, the mass of every class go to public schools and all mix together. Education begins at six years of age in the public schools, and at 12 a girl is examined and passes on for a five years' course in the higher burgher schools, of which Holland possesses 72. The coeducation of the sexes is an admitted principle. In the primary schools boys and girls are brought up together, they learn side by side, and are on familiar terms from early childhood without the smallest ill resulting. A great point is made of languages, and no Dutch girl of the upper or middle classes is considered educated who cannot speak English, French and German more or less fluently.

Probably owing to the system of education in force, the womenfolk are inclined to grow up somewhat independent; we are told that the prejudice against women working for a livelihood has almost disappeared, and even rich women sometimes choose a profession. They include doctors, dentists, many of them first-rate, photographers and gardeners. About 1000 girls hold posts as assistant chemists, some 3000 are nurses, trained in the White Cross Homes, and on a par with the very best of their profession. A woman is curator of the Natural History Museum in Haarlem, and another holds the same post at Utrecht, while a third is head dispenser at a hospital in Amsterdam. The railway, post and telegraph offices are largely served by female clerks, who altogether outnumber the male.

Girls in Holland have a great deal of liberty. They pay calls, shop and go to parties at the houses of friends without a chaperon, walk and travel alone, cycle, and have tennis and wheeling clubs in company with young men. They enjoy their fun and freedom, and are in no hurry to find husbands. Marriages are not arranged, and the parents' consent is only asked after a proposal is made and accepted. —The Humanitarian.

Things Worth Knowing.

Cleanliness is essential to the care of the hair. Use a stiff brush, but not one which scratches the scalp. Many people labor under the impression that a vigorous brushing of 100 strokes at night and morning will have the effect of making the hair grow. The brush should only be applied with a gentle, caressing motion. The scalp, it is true, needs exercising, but that is best given by finger massage. The two objects in brushing the hair are: First, to polish, and, second, to clean. The bristles distribute the natural oil and remove the surface dust, rendering the hair glossy and smooth. Frequent massage of the scalp will do much to promote the growth of the hair. The motion should be rotary, beginning in front, over the forehead, and going back to the crown, then forward to the temples and back and forth, till the fingers of the two hands meet at the nape of the neck. When brushing the hair part it down the centre with a comb, then brush straight across each side of the head from the parting. Never brush the hair from forehead to nape of neck; that is an incorrect movement. Continue to part the hair lengthwise or diagonally, in small sections, holding one side back and brushing the other side. Go over the head in this manner—twice if your strength doesn't give out. When this is finished, brush the hair straight up from the forehead with several long strokes; then twist the hair loosely in the left hand, throw it up and over the head and brush the roots at the outline of the hair on the neck, from ear to ear.—Montreal Star.

Good Enough for an Old Friend.

"I find being too intimate with people rather a disadvantage than otherwise," remarked a popular woman recently. "If you are, there is always apt to come a time when you are no longer a persona grata, but merely a friend that can be treated anyhow—'Just like one of the family'—and yet be relied upon never to take offence. When your hostess begins to seat herself in the most confortable chair, leaving you to take what you can get, and puts you in the small bedroom when you visit her, because she 'knows you will not care,' you may know that the point I have spoken of has been reached. At their very nicest and most exclusive dinners, too, you are generally left out. 'Dear Katie,' they will say, 'knows how it is herself, certain people must be asked, there are so many "pay backs" to be invited.' Of course, you have to say you quite understand it, but you are not particularly pleased to be written to at the 11th hour by your dear Emily, saying: "What a comfort to have a true friend! I know you will come over this evening and fill Mrs. Lofty's place, who has just given up!' Or to be asked the next week 'because you know them so well' to 'help leaven the lump' of a distinctly frump dinner party. 'I am having old Mr. and Mrs. Winter from the country,' writes dear Emily, 'and poor Miss Wither, who goes out so little, and a few others like that. I know you will not mind coming to enliven things for them. There are not many I could ask such a favor of (I should think not! I ejaculate mentally), but I feel that I never need stand upon ceremony with my dear Katie.' This she certainly never does, but I am beginning to wish she would!"—New York Tribune.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT

Pink, blue and white ribbon are the only shades used for adorning lingerie.

A black coat has a yoke effect of white and is fastened over this with two bows of black.

Yokes, boleros and sailor collars are still all seen upon nightgowns, but the bolero is the newest.

Celestial blue is the latest addition to the list of variations of this popular hue. It is a more beautiful shade than baby or turquoise blue.

White satin or taffetas will be the correct lining for jackets and automobile coats, and it is the best possible material for the protection of a silk waist.

A dainty and chic novelty is the bedroom slipper, made to suit the peignoir. A pretty example is of pink flowered silk with ruching and bows edged with narrow Val, exactly like the material of the lounging robe.

Little tails will be a feature of some of the smartest boleros and short sacque coats with double-breasted fronts fastened with horn or crystal buttons have been given to some of the serge frocks.

A dressy wrap for chilly evenings is a coat of grey beige and white crepe de sole, lace and chiffon hanging loose back and front with exquisitely embroidered collar and a double row of beautifully enameled buttons for decoration.

The woman who wears black underwear, or at least petticoats, with her black gowns buys the little under petticoats in soft, light India silk, trimmed with black lace. They are cool and comfortable, and add but little to the circumference of the wearer, which is one of their greatest charms.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Most of us attribute the success of others to luck.

The Mexican Government proposes to start work in economic entomology, under official auspices, at an early date. The first investigation will be that of the distribution of the Mexican orange worm.

Governor Stanley has withdrawn his offer to give silver cups to all triplets born in Kansas during his administration. After having purchased twenty sets of cups he decided that he would have to call a halt owing to the expense of the scheme.

The smallest exhibit at the Buffalo Exposition is the California fig wasp, which can be seen only with a microscope. The insect is an important aid in producing the fruit, and the United States Government spent $16,000 in establishing it in the Pacific coast fig region.

In old countries, where snow prevails during a long winter, many of the animals change the hue of their coats to a white tint. The Arctic bear and fox are white throughout the year. The northern hare is brown in summer and white in winter. The weasel is especially curious; it retains its brown coat until the first snow appears, and then whitens in a few hours.

It is said the pearl button industry is dying out on account of the scarcity of clam shells. The failure of the clam shell crop is due to the relentless search that is made for pearls along the Mississippi and other western rivers by men who don't mind opening several hundred clams to find one pearl. The man who killed the goose that laid the golden egg has his imitators in all ages and climes.

Of the 12,000,000 letters annually distributed by the postoffices of the world 8,000,000,000 are addressed in English, 1,200,000,000 in German and 1,000,000,000 in French. All the other languages have less than 2,000,000,000 between them.

It is declared by a British Judge that any one could assume whatever name he liked, and did not require a royal license. He quoted cases in point, one being that of a man named Bugg, who, being displeased with that appellation, assumed the name of Norfolk Howard—as a result of which, added the Court, certain insects came to be called "Norfolk Howards."

Among the session laws of Colorado is the following: "Section 1. The white and lavender columbine is hereby made and declared to be the State flower of the State of Colorado. Sec. 2. Whereas, in the opinion of the General Assembly, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be in force from and after its passage." By this prompt action the State was saved from insidious propaganda in favor of other flowers.

Andrew Carnegie is spending his money that he may not "die in disgrace," and W. K. Vanderbilt says of himself that he has nothing to hope for and nothing definite to seek or strive for. The miseries of the very rich should not be given so much publicity. Many young men may be deterred from saving their earnings.

In five years past there has been an increase of 1,357 in the number of public, society and school libraries in the United States, and there are now 5,383 such libraries with 44,591,851 volumes, a against 33,051,872 in 1896, and one library to every 14,118 people and 59 books to every 100 of population, and last year over $16,000,000 was given or bequeathed, for library purposes.

Out of the petrified forests of Arizona may yet be traced the changes of temperature that have undoubtedly taken place in the several zones of the world since the inception of time. These forests were recently examined anew under the direction of the general land office. The silicified logs lie in the greatest abundance with an area of eight square miles in the Apache country. In some places they lie more thickly than they could have stood while living as trees, and it is thought they must have been carried there by a swift current of water in the mesozoic age.

It is probably true that the average death rate in the United States is declining through a lessened infant mortality, incident to smaller families, wiser feeding of children, and the multiplication of agencies for the care and rearing of foundlings, orphans, and the neglected offspring of the improvident and vicious. The progress of medicine and surgery has also had its influence, and so have more intelligent and liberal measures of public and domestic sanitation, says the *New York Times.*

Dr. L. O. Howard, Entomologist of the Department of Agriculture, has made public some startling statements of the property losses caused by insects. He believes they aggregate over $300,000,000 worth of growing crops. The chinch-bug alone has eaten $300,000,000 worth of corn and wheat in the western States since 1850. As for the mosquito, apart from the losses believed to be due to its pernicious activity in the spread of yellow fever and malaria, it is an immense depreciator of real estate values. A New Jersey scientist estimated that its extermination in that one state alone would add to its real estate valuation not less than $100,000,000.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly - - - $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

It is estimated that ratification will carry by at least sixty thousand majority.

Our correspondents will kindly excuse the omission of their communications; we shall have more space at their disposal shortly.

Judge Adams desires us to say that as soon as he receives the warrants for confederate pensioners he will publish notice. We understand the warrants will be issued next week

So many of our friends have expressed the desire to hear Dr Cunningham on the new constitution, we are glad to say their wishes will be gratified, and the Doctor will speak at Clanton at eleven o'clock in the morning on Monday, November 4, and at Thorsby the same evening at 7:30. Every man who can get to either place should hear him

Hon. Sydney J. Bowie made a very interesting speech at the court house Saturday, which we regret we are unable to report in full owing to lack of space. He spoke for two and a half hours, reviewing the causes which led to the framing of the old constitution and the necessity for the new. At night he spoke at Verbena to a large and enthusiastic audience

The registrars will be white men, and they will register their white neighbors who are not outright hoboes. Practically and plainly speaking, they will register all white men, and white supremacy will be fully established. This is the new constitution means. It was written for the purpose of establishing white supremacy in every county of the State. It will do this even in Lowndes county. Deserving negroes will also be registered, but the registration of next year—the permanent registration of the State—will be largely composed of the whites Misrepresentation upon this point is simply demagogical All white persons will be registered upon their appearance at places of registration No evidence will be required Each one's application at a place of registration will suffice "I desire to be registered," is all the speech or evidence that will be required in any county of the State Misrepresentation as to this is wickedly misleading It is preposterous, and no man of any degree of intelligence should be misled by it It simply shows to what extremities the anti-ratification have been driven Do not be deceived by such talk All white men will be registered, and white supremacy in the State will be forever established by an overwhelming vote on the day of ballots now fast approaching—Age-Herald

Mother's Worm Syrup.
Best worm medicine. Children like it so well they eat it on bread.

Over two hundred in all departments is the number with which the Jacksonville State Normal School opened. Twenty-nine counties are represented in the enrollment. The Normal has eleven teachers. It occupies three buildings worth probably $100,000. The school is sustained by the State for the preparation of teachers for its public schools. The Jacksonville school in addition to its professional work prepares teachers for the State examination in January and July each year, thus placing itself in line with the State Board of examiners and the Department of Education. We give these facts as matters of general information to our readers.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and cost so little? One application will convince and convert you. Price 50c.

POINTS OF SUPERIORITY IN THE NEW CONSTITUTION OVER THE OLD.

First. The limit of State taxation has been reduced ten cents on the $100 00. This is not only a direct benefit to every tax payer now residing in the State, but is bound to encourage immigration and the establishment of new manufacturing enterprises. The first question asked by one contemplating moving into the State or making investments or building new industries, is the rate of taxation.

Second. Under the old Constitution the legislature can confer upon county commissioners and boards of aldermen unlimited power to create debts and issue bonds. Under the new Constitution, a limitation is placed on the amount of debt which can be incurred by county or city authorities, and no bonds can be issued until the matter has been submitted to a direct vote of the people and endorsed by them at an election held for that purpose.

Third. The new Constitution provides for the public examination of all State and private banks and bankers and these institutions are requested to make public statements of their assets and liabilities at least twice a year.

Fourth. The legislature will hereafter meet only once every four years saving to the State Treasury about $15,000.00 per annum.

Fifth. Local and private legislation which has heretofore blocked general legislation of a nature in which the entire public was interested, has been almost entirely abolished by the new Constitution. Hereafter such local legislation as may be needed will be made directly by the people affected by it.

Sixth. Under the old Constitution when a vacancy occurs in a public office the Governor appoints the successor to fill out the unexpired term. Under the new Constitution the Governor appoints a successor to hold until the next general election for State officers, and the people themselves at such general election fill the vacancy for the balance of the term.

Seventh. Circuit Solicitors are now elected by the legislature, and the the people of the circuit have but little voice in the matter. Hereafter they will be elected directly by the people to whom they are responsible as are the Judges and other officers.

Eight. In case of the death of a Governor elect before taking the oath of office there is great doubt, under the old Constitution as to who would be his successor. Only last year the State came very near being plunged into the vortex of serious trouble, growing out of the question of the successor to the office at the time when it was thought that Governor elect Samford would probably die before he could qualify. Under the new Constitution this doubt is cleared up and the officer elected by the people will take the position instead of the old Governor holding over.

Ninth. Under the old Constitution the President of the Senate or Speaker of the House succeeds to the office of Governor on the death or resignation of the Governor elect by the people. The President of the Senate is now acting Governor of this State. He was elected by the people of one county to represent them in the State Senate. Under the new Constitution the people elect a Lieutenant Governor who, in case of the death or resignation of the Governor fills the position. Under the new Constitution the people of the whole State elect their own Governor to fill out the unexpired term The office carries with it no increase of salary, nor any duties other than as President of the Senate, unless there is a vacancy in the office of Governor.

Tenth. All State elections occur hereafter only once in four years. As it has been the invariable custom to give State officers two consecutive terms of two years each, the framers of the new constitution decided that it would be best to elect these officers only once every four years, thereby saving us many unnecessary elections

Eleventh The new constitution abolishes the August elections entirely, thereby saving directly, nearly Forty Thousand Dollars every other year to the people of the State and giving the people themselves great relief in the matter of time and convenience

Twelfth The power is conferred upon the legislature to consolidate the seperate courts of law and chancery, thereby doing away in many cases with unnecessary officers and preventing new ones except where imperatively demanded by the public service

Thirteenth Members of the legislature and judicial officers are prohibited from using free passes, or securing tickets or transportation at a reduced rate under heavy penalties

Fourteenth The power to refund the State's present indebtedness under the old constitution is doubtful Under the new constitution this power is expressly conferred. The public credit is strengthened and fortified and in a few years the State will be able to save in the mere matter of interest alone on its borrowed indebtedness nearly Two Hundred Thousand Dollars per annum or double the amount of the cost each year of holding the convention.

Fifteenth The old constitution requires the legislature to appropriate One Hundred Thousand Dollars per annum, the interest upon the sixteenth section fund, and the poll tax to the support of the public schools. Under the new constitution the interest upon the sixteenth section fund, the poll tax and a special tax of three mills on the dollar, or six-thirteenths of the total State taxes, is appropriated perpetually to the support and maintainence of the public schools of the State. And it further provides: "It shall be the duty of the legislature to increase the public school fund from time to time as necessity therefor and the condition of the Treasury and the resources of the State may justify" Under the liberal provisions of the new constitution more than one million dollars annually are devoted in perpetuity to the support of the public schools and the same is increased in proportion as the taxable property increases A free common school education is thus put within the reach of every child within the State. Sixteenth As an additional aid to education the people of any county by a three fifths vote may, if they choose, levy an additional tax of ten cents on the one hundred dollars for the support of the public schools in the county where levied

Seventeenth For twenty-six years it has been impossible to amend the old constitution in any manner affecting the general public no matter how great the need for relief may be and has been, it could not be obtained by amendments under the old constitution If any provision of the new constitution is found to be imperfect or works unsatisfactory, or if a change is thought desirable, it can easily amended without putting the people to the great cost and expense of holding a new constitutional convention

Eighteenth The principal of negro equality is firmly imbedded in the old constitution This is stricken down by the new constitution and in its place white supremacy is written in the fundamental law No white man is disfranchised except for crime and the vote of the vicious, incompetent and corrupt negro is stricken down now and forever more

Nineteenth The old constitution makes force or fraud in many localities essential to the protection of white supremacy In others where the negro holds the balance of power, bribery and corruption have been resorted to by all parties in an effort to divide his vote The new constitution removes the cause and provides a plain and sure path to honest elections in the future The opponents of the new constitution suggests no plan of their own to remedy these admitted evils

Twentieth The old constitution was written in haste with federal soldiers surrounding our ballot boxes and a hostile Republican administration in Washington The new constitution was written after full reflection Adequate debate was had upon every provision No federal troops were near us and in our efforts to secure the supremacy of our race and write it in the fundamental law, it had the full sympathy of all good citizens throughout the civilized world

Twenty-first Copies of the new constitution were printed by the Democratic newspapers and can be had at Democratic headquarters No copies of the new constitution have been printed by the opposition to its ratification, nor any copies distributed by its opponents

Under these circumstances how can any man hesitate between the old and the new?

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING
When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure. No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References Enclose self addressed stamped envelope Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR
"Something New Under The Sun."
All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers, and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.
"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.
CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."
Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 986 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2340 and 2342 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

JUDSON STROOK
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES
PAINTS, ETC.
Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

C. R. MULLINS
REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.
Regular office days. Saturday and Monday.
C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

FOR HARNESS and Saddle Horse Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes out the sore, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sore.

it's this way:
You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using
Mexican Mustang Liniment.
It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this Liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

Here we are

Fairly settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile
OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at
OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad
OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.
OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.
OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to
OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again
OUR STOCK—AH!—come and see it—make you want to buy.
OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,
CLANTON

THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN
Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the work of our work.
One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than thousand volumes.
BOARD, $8.00 TO $9.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $2.50 PER MONTH.
It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth and the standard of citizenship.
For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in July, and first Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART
Price to-day 6.15-16 cts.
Same date last year 8 cts.
Sales received to date: 1901 1900
Pinckard & Co 1597 1135
Mullins 1166 864
Wilson 267 180
Downs 118 158
Total 3148 2337

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per m.—F. K. Woodward, Clanton

A Fair Exchange.—Dental work for corn or feed. I need both feed, if you need dental work let me exchange.
Dr. O. M. Wisehart, Clanton.

The new constitution is the cause of many differing in opinion but all are agreed that Moore, the Painter, is the one to do your work in that line. The materials and workmanship are the very best. Give us a chance on your work.
Moore the Painter.

Miss Maud Allen of Montevallo has been visiting friends in Clanton the past week

Miss Emma Buckhalter and sister of Coopers spent Tuesday in Clanton

Misses Janie and Rebecca Elland of Coopers were visitors here Tuesday

Mrs Mead of Thorsby was a visitor here the past week

Mrs Kincade and Miss Sims of Mulberry were visitors here Friday

For barbed wire cuts on stock use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

Miss Addie Watts of Birmingham is visiting her sister, Mrs W J Sartor

Dr Joe Johnson of Chattanooga was here Tuesday and carried Mr Will Johnson back home with him

Miss Eufaula Mahan of Lily spent Saturday in Clanton

Wanted—Everybody to try Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for wounds, cuts, burns, stings of insects, etc. If you don't like it you can get your money back. You take no risk, see?

Mrs E C Abrams of Lily visited friends here Saturday

Miss Emma Adkins of Cullman has returned home after a pleasant visit to the family of Mr Mrs J M Betts

Don't fail to call on Mrs Phillips and see her new and pretty styles in millinery. Prices reduced

Pleasant, harmless, reliable Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Mr T A Curry left for New York Monday night

Miss Velmer White of Lily is spending a few days in town

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, 50 cents a bottle. Keep it constant.

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Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ad. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every two months. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 118½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.
Mr E L Glasscock and Miss Lillie Williams; Mr W E Broadhead and Miss Cora Lee Sims; Mr I M Grant and Miss Nollie Giles; Mr J Littleton and Miss Sarah collins, —Atchison and Miss Susie Mr George Chekler and Miss Mary Johnson
Colored—Jourdan J Bradford and Lillie Tigarts; Willie Jones and Sarah Moore

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

...and Pacific Pure Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes effect immediately to see how quickly it heals burns.

...Fire, with ...cold yourself ...Water, but there is ...er way to cure a burn or ...t is by using

...n
...ng Liniment.

...ate relief. Get a piece of soft old ...with this Liniment and bind ...ound. You can have no adequate ...ediate relief, this is for a burn until ...

...you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any ...er poultry disease use Mexican Mustang ...a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

...ve are

...n in our new store with the Finest ...er brought to Chilton county, all ...ged for your inspection.

...and see them—make your eyes sparkle.

...ee them—make your feet easy to look at

...and see them—make your heart glad.

...them—make you feel good.

...and see them—make your mouth water.

...d see them—make you like a person to ...

...ee it once—make you want to come again

...e and see it—make you want to buy.

...ee us—we are always glad to see you.

...re yours most respectfully,,

...H. Sartor,

CLANTO...

NORMAL SCHOO...

...EPENDENT NORMALISM, OF ...IAL DEPARTMENTS.
...TICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

...d practiced. We court investigation, ...yone, at any time, examine into the ...

...pped schools of the State. The Main ...ry structure of fifteen rooms. The L... ...t three-story structure well suited ...nsed. The Library consists of more th...

...$6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
...N. $1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.
...build up and to lend a hand in helping ...he State in elevating the youth to a ...

...ther information, address
...SCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, A...

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CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 6 13-16 @ 7 cts.
Same date last year 8½ cts.

Receipts to date:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	1597	1156
Mollins	1166	864
Wilson	267	180
Drent	118	168
Total	2748	2368

We are in the market buying Corn, and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK for sale at $5 and $7 per M. F. H. WOODWARD, Clanton.

A Fair Exchange.—Dental work for corn or feed. I need horse feed, if you need dental work, let us exchange.
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Colored—Jourdan J Bedford and Lillie Tigarts; Willie Jones and Sarah Moore.

STOP THE COUGH and Work off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains: call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to us by express, P. O. Order or R. Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID, **4 Full Quarts**

OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD

Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for **20 years**, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

FINEST OIL MADE
FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY
L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are being Cured Daily in spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Dose. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by the wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most opstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS.

All Agents desiring a supply of Vita-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent
AGENTS WANTED

52 Boxes cost only 75 cts.

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,
Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Undershirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,
J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	1.00	1 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 750 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

Political Events of the Past Engages Bartow Man's Attention.

EXPECTS GOOD THINGS OF ROOSEVELT

William Says Now Is a Propitious Time For a Political Reformation and Cementing of National Friendship.

"To the victors belong the spoils." This was an old war maxim of the Romans in Julius Caesar's day—and was akin to that other one, "vae victis," woe unto the conquered. In 1831, when General Jackson was sweeping the field and removing from federal office everything whig who had been appointed, William L. Marcy, who was in the United States senate, defended him in a great speech and promulgated that maxim, "To the victors belong the spoils." Marcy was a very brilliant statesman, but a very bitter partisan. He was governor of New York three terms, judge of the supreme court, secretary of war under Polk, secretary of state under Pierce, and he used this maxim just as far as he was allowed to. He detested the whig party and defined an old line whig to be "a conceited gentleman who took a drink when he pleased and never voted the democratic ticket." This reminds me of an old man I met in Arkansas, who said to me, "Mr. Arp, I'm gwine onto 80 years old—me and my old o'man have lived together fifty-nine years and jined the same Baptist church the year we was married and every year since then I have voted the democratic ticket." His politics was a good part of his religion. I remember when the alienation between the whigs and democrats was quite as bitter for many years as it has been between republicans and democrats at the south—social equality even in small towns was strained by politics. This alienation got into the churches and colleges. There was no outward breach of good manners, but it was manifested in various ways that the whigs felt they were better than the democrats, for they were generally wealthy and educated and owned slaves. Out of 165 students in our state university in 1845, 130 of them were sons of whigs. I am still a democrat, and my father was before me, but I have always respected the grand old whig party of the south, and lamented its disruption. I still remember with pride and admiration the names of Toombs, Stephens, Ben Hill, Jenkins, Dr. Miller, Crawford, Berrien, the Hulls and Holts and Underwoods and Doughertys, for I knew them all personally and heard them on the stump and in the forum. But the disruption had come both in church and state. The whigs could not any longer stand the company they were in—northern whigs became republicans and affiliated with abolitionists in their political platforms. They precipitated the civil war, and from that was born plunder and corruption. I do not mean to say that all democrats are patriotic and honest—nor that all republicans are unprincipled and dishonest. When our unsophisticated preacher, Ed Axson, said to Judge Underwood that he could not believe Tweed was guilty of stealing all that money in New York city, for Tweed was a democrat, the judge smiled and said: "My dear sir, you are too innocent and unsuspecting to live in this wicked world. I am twice as old as you are and my observation has been that it is within the range of possibility for a democrat to steal." But what I do say is that the democratic party has more conscience and is less greedy than the republicans. Shortly after the war a Dutchman in Chattanooga killed his fat shote and hung it up in the back yard to cool during the night, next morning he was horrified to find that one half of the hog was gone. He ran around wild and was very much excited and declared that some mean old stinkin' democrat had carried off one-half of his beautiful shote. "What makes you think he was a democrat?" a neighbor asked. "Vy, of course he vas a dimocrat—of course he vas—for a republican vould haf stole de whole hog."

That's it exactly. They want it all.

But now is the time for a great reformation. Martin Luther brought one in the church and I believe that Roosevelt will bring one to the management of our national affairs. He knows of the corruption and has determined to purge it. He will appoint good men to office, regardless of their political principles. He will not be governed by that maxim of Marcy's. He is an ardent believer in civil service reform. General Grant had the law passed in 1872 to stop the public plunder, but he couldn't enforce it and it became a dead letter. In 1876 and 1880 both parties pretended to favor its revival and they put it as a plank in their platforms. In 1883 congress passed the present vigorous law on the subject, but party pressure evades it as much as possible and that unchristian, uncivilized maxim of "to the victors belong the spoils" still prevails. The civil serivce reform does not apply to all the little offices, but is pretended to be enforced in the important ones. Thirty thousand railway postal clerks are subject to it and the law is more rigidly enforced in the postal department than any other. Now we hope and have a right to expect that Mr. Roosevelt will see to it that no objectionable postmaster shall be appointed in any town, north or south. The postoffice is emphatically the people's office. It ought really to be an elective office in every town and village. It is close akin to home and home affairs, and the sacred and secret things of our homes. Men, women and children have a share in it and no one but a kind-hearted, accommodating man or woman of good, respectable social standing in the community should be appointed. There is an eternal fitness of things that cannot be disregarded with impunity and no broad-minded man would appoint a negro as postmaster at Athens or Augusta or any white man's town. Why not try one at Canton, Ohio, or Dayton, or any other cultured city of the north? Why insult our people with such federal officials. They say that we are all brethren now, but as the poet says:

"I know that you say that you love me,
But why did you kick me downstairs?"

Now just think of it—and ponder it—what an oportunity for Mr. Roosevelt to win to him many millions of good people who have been long estranged. He can do this and not strain his republicanism. What a great thing it is for a king or an emperor or a president to be loved by his subjects or his people. What a glorious reform it would be for all the conservative citizens of the north and the south, the east and the west to wipe out the party lines and with one heart and one mind, say to Mr. Roosevelt, sir, your high-toned, pure, patriotic and unprejudiced administration since the death of Mr. McKinley has commanded our respect and admiration. We, therefore, nominate you to succeed yourself. I believe it to be possible for this to happen. Keep on that line, Mr. Roosevelt. Put the best men in office, regardless of party lines and my old friend, Evan Howell, and I will back you, but we will not flop over to the republican party all of a sudden as Bob Lowry did. It will have to repent and apologize a long time before I will trust them and shake hands across the bloody chasm. I've got such a long habit of being a democrat that I'm too old to change. Bob Lowry is much younger, and so is Roosevelt. Lowry can turn republican if he chooses and Roosevelt can turn democrat; we don't care.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

HINT TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

The Local Weekly His Defense Against Mail Order Houses.

The country merchant is making a great talk about the mail order houses in the big cities who are getting trade away from him, but with all his outcry he is really making no serious effort to prevent it, says the Advertising World. You can't stop people from buying where they think they can buy the cheapest, simply by the use of invective. The only way the country merchant can hope to compete with the mail order houses is by meeting them on their own ground—by advertising.

There is absolutely no hope for the business of the country merchant until he corrects a few of his time worn views about advertising. Advertising is simply telling what you have to sell and the price. It makes no difference if your ads. are not written by an expert or illustrated by a high-priced artist, you can make them effective and result producing if you bear in mind the one point that an ad. should tell about what you have to sell and not simply about yourself.

The advertising done by the average country merchant is usually something frightful. He does not consider advertising a force by which he is to directly increase his business, but as a kind of leg-pulling proposition on the part of the local newspaper. Any old thing will do him in the way of an announcement, and the smaller the space the editor will let him down with the better the bargain he imagines he has made. Some merchants carry nothing but a stereotyped card, year in and year out, yet if they stopped to think, they find that they have dozens of things they could sell at less than regular prices and which, if made known, would attract many buyers who would otherwise send to the big cities for them. The secret of the success of the mail order firms is simply because their advertisements tell something.

Any kind of advertising is of course better than none. All advertising pays in some way or another, but the merchant who does no advertising at all, because he is not able to afford big pages, makes one large mistake. If you can't do the best advertising, do the best you can. What the best is that you can do may seem very small, but advertising is something that pays for itself and it increases right along.

His Scale of Prices.

An Oklahoma editor, who is a deep thinker, has fixed a table of rates for publishing things "not as they seem," says the Jefferson (Texas) Jimplecut, as follows: "For calling a man a successful citizen when every one knows he is lazier than a government mule, $2.75; referring to a deceased citizen as one who is sincerely mourned by the entire community, when we know he will only be missed by the poker circles, $1.08; referring to some gallivanting female as an estimable lady whom it is a pleasure to meet, when every business man in town had rather see the devil coming, hoofs, horns and all, than to see her coming towards them, $3.19; calling an ordinary pulpit pounder an eminent divine, 90 cents; sending a tough sinner to heaven with poetry, $5.00."

Education is the best cure for crime. It costs less to build additions to schoolhouses than it does to enlarge our jails.

CHINESE LAUNDRYMEN

Steam Work at Lower Prices is Driving Them Out.

"Steam and the Chinamen seem to be eternally at variance," said a Chicago laundryman, "and steam is winning. Not only is it gradually encroaching on the Chinaman's home country, but here in Chicago it is driving him out of his favorite occupation. Steam laundries are everywhere taking the white man's washing out of the hands of the celestials and are rapidly forcing them out of the washing business."

A reference to the business directory of Chicago for a score of years past verified the statement. In 1889 there were but 276 laundries in Chicago, and of these but sixty-six were run by Chinamen. John caught the popular fancy right then, however, and, as he was beginning to come into Chicago in large numbers he began to drive out of business the hard workers of Caucasian blood. In a decade, while the number of laundries were a little more than doubling, the Chinese washermen increased fourfold, so that in 1890 there were 633 laundries in the city, of which 263 were conducted by Asiatics. In 1892 there were 278 of the latter, and in the world's fair year and the year immediately following they increased rapidly to 333.

That was the limit, however. Steam machinery displayed at the world's fair made a great impression on Chicagoans, and there were many new enterprises started as a direct result of the influence of some exhibit on the spectators. In no branch was this more marked than in the laundry machinery, and after the fair steam laundries began to be started. Popular prejudice was against them for a time. The steam machines were said to tear the garments, to do rough work, to wear things out faster, and to rub the buttons off. They were even said to be used with chemicals which injured the fiber, and the public was slow to patronize them. When the various laundries began to fight for trade, however, and cut the price of washing a white shirt down to four cents, and to deliver the next day after collection, the people came to their doors in flocks and more new laundries were started. As a result, John Chinaman's trade fell off. One by one the Celestials took in the red signs that had kept the devils away from their front doors, and either moved into Chinatown or went back to the flowery kingdom to spend their old age in affluence worshiping at the tombs of their forefathers.

So rapidly have their numbers fallen off that in the new directory, while there are shown 459 laundries conducted by white people, most of which are steam, of a total of 707 but 249 are conducted by Chinese, a number smaller in itself and in proportion than that of ten years ago and greatly less than that of half a decade ago.

It is figured by laundrymen that if the Chinese recede as fast as they gained they will in another ten years have practically disappeared, and the white laundry will again be doing all the washing. The shop of the mysterious yellow man will be only a tradition. And a strange tradition it will be for even now, when everybody goes past a Chinese laundry some time during the day, there is much that is unknown and little that is known about them. When does John Chinaman sleep? That is a question many ask and few can answer. Go by his door at any time of day or night and you will see him busy over tub or washing board, or seated on the front steps gazing at the same stars he used to gaze at in his home 10,000 miles away.

What do the marks on a Chinese laundry ticket mean? It is doubtful if John himself can answer that. Tradition asserts that the only requisite for the checks is that they be red, and that the hieroglyphics on each half be alike. Meaning is unnecessary. But it may be that John has a way of describing in his own language the peculiarities of each of his customers in this way, and knows when a man presents a check just what sort of a man he is and whether there is already a grudge against him outstanding.

And are all of the workers in the Chinese laundries Johns, or are some of them Mrs. Johns? And this will never be answered unless some law be devised to require that John wear a label which will enable the Caucasian to distinguish between the two when they are clad in the same style of suits of loose blue stuff.

With all the questions, however, John is doomed. Already the bulk of the business is handled by the big steam machines, and soon they will have it all. And then Chicago may have a run of Chinese cooks, or may take to patronizing Chinese restaurants—or may lose her Chinese population altogether.—Chicago Tribune.

Fatality Among Presidents.

The Republican Party, in its Presidents elected by the people, may be called a party of martyrs. There is no other political party in the history of the constitutional government that has paid so heavy a cost in the murder of its chosen leaders. Every President elevated by the Republicans, or who formerly succeeded to office by death, has passed away. Of the Vice-Presidents elected, only Morton and Roosevelt survive. Yet the Republican Party is less than fifty years old. The extent to which its Presidents have suffered from assassination is startling, whatever the analysis of the causes may be.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Germans are just beginning (in Bavaria) to introduce the American style of railway seats that can be reversed.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Persuasive Word—It Calls All People to Gladness—What We Most Need—The Star of Faith—There is Pardon For All.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls all people to gladness and opens all the doors of expectancy; texts, Genesis vi. 18, "Come;" Revelation xxii. 17, "Come."

Imperial, tender and all persuasive is the word "come." Six hundred and seventy-eight times is it found in the Scriptures. It stands at the front gate of the Bible, as in my first text, inviting antediluvians into Noah's ark, and it stands at the other gate of the Bible, as in my second text, inviting the postdiluvians of all later ages into the ark of a Saviour's mercy. "Come" is only a word of four letters, but it is the queen of words, and nearly the entire nation of English vocabulary bows to its sceptre. It is an ocean into which empties ten thousand rivers of meaning. Other words drive, but this beckons. All moods of feeling hath that word "come." Sometimes it weeps and sometimes it laughs. Sometimes it prays, sometimes it temots and sometimes it destroys. It sounds from the door of the church and from the seraglios of sin, from the gates of heaven and the gates of hell. It is confluent and accrescent of all power. It is the heiress of most of the future. "Come!" You may pronounce it so that all the heavens will be heard in its cadences or pronounce it so that all the woes of time and eternity shall reverberate in its one syllable. It is on the lip of saint and profligate. It is the mightiest of all solicitants either for good or bad.

To-day I weigh anchor and haul in the planks and set sail on that great word, although I am sure I will not be able to reach the farther shore. I will let down the fathoming line into this sea and try to measure its depths, and, though I tie together all the cables and cordage I have on board I will not be able to touch bottom. All the power of the Christian religion is in that word "come." The dictatorial and commendatory in religion are of no avail. The imperative mood is not the appropriate mood when we would have people savingly impressed. They may be coaxed, but they cannot be driven. Our hearts are like our homes—at a friendly knock the door will be opened, but an attempt to force open our door would land the assailant in prison. Our theological seminaries, which keep young men three years in their curriculum before launching them into the ministry, will do well if in so short a time they can teach the candidates for the holy office how to say with great emphasis and intonation and power that one word "come." That man who has such efficiency in Christian work, and that woman who has such power to persuade people to quit the wrong and begin the right went through a series of losses, bereavements, persecutions and the trials of twenty or thirty years before they could make it a triumph of grace every time they uttered the word "come."

You must remember that in many cases our "come" has a mightier "come" to conquer before it has any effect at all. Just give me the accurate census, the statistics of how many are down in fraud, in drunkenness, in gambling, in impurity or in vice of any sort, and I will give you the accurate census or statistics of how many have been slain by the word "come." "Come and click wine glasses with me at this ivory bar." "Come and see what we can win at this gaming table." "Come, enter with me this doubtful speculation." "Come with me and read those infidel tracts on Christianity." "Come with me to a place of bad amusement." "Come with me in a gay bout through the underground life of the city." If in this city there are 20,000 who are down in moral character, then 20,000 fell under the power of the word "come." I was reading of a wife whose husband had been overthrown by strong drink, and she went to the saloon where he was ruined, and she said, "Give me back my husband." And the bartender, pointing to a maudlin and battered man drowsing in the corner of the barroom, said: "There he is. Jim, wake up. Here's your wife come for you." And the woman said: "Do you call that my husband? What have you been doing with him? Is that the manly brow, is that the clear eye, is that the noble heart that I married? What vile drug have you given him that has turned him into a fiend? Take your tiger claws off of him. Uncoil those serpent folds of evil habit that are crushing him. Give me back my husband, the one with whom I stood at the altar ten years ago. Give him back to me." Victim was he, as millions of others have been, of the word "come."

Now, we want all the world over to harness this word for good as others have harnessed it for evil, and it will draw the five continents and the seas between them—yes, it will draw the whole earth back to the God from whom it has wandered. It is that wooing and persuasive word that will lead men to give up their sins. Was skepticism ever brought into love of the truth by an ebullition of hot words against infidelity? Was ever the blasphemer stopped in his oaths by denunciation of blasphemy? Was ever a drunkard weaned from his cups by the temperance lecturer's mimicry of staggering step and hiccough? No. It was, "Come with me to church to-day and hear our singing;" "Come and let me introduce you to a Christian man whom you will be sure to admire;" "Come with me into associations that are cheerful and good and inspiring;" "Come with me into joy such as you never before experienced."

With that word which has done so much for others I approach you to-day. Are you all right with God? "No," you say, "I think not. I am sometimes alarmed when I think of Him. I fear I will not be ready to meet Him in the last day. My heart is not right with God." Come, then, and have it made right. Through the Christ who died to save you, come! What is the use in waiting? The longer you wait the farther off you are and the deeper you are down. Strike out for heaven! You remember that a few years ago a steamer called the Princess Alice, with a crowd of excursionists aboard, sank in the Thames, and there was an awful sacrifice of life. A boatman from the shore put out for the rescue, and he had a big boat, and he got it so full it would not hold another person, and as he laid hold of the oars to pull for the shore, leaving hundreds helpless and drowning, he cried out: "Oh, that I had a bigger boat!" Thank God I am not thus limited, and that I can promise room for all in this gospel boat. Get in, get in! And yet there is room. Room in the heart of a pardoning God. Room in heaven.

I also apply the word of my text to those who would like practical comfort. If any ever escape the struggle of life, I have not found them. They are not certainly among the prosperous classes. In most cases it was a struggle all the way up till they reached the prosperity, and since they have reached these heights there have been perplexities, anxieties and crises which were almost enough to shatter the nerves and turn the brain. It would be hard to tell which have the biggest fight in this world, the prosperities or the adversities, the conspicuities or the obscurities. Just as soon as you have enough success to attract the attention of others the envies and jealousies are let loose from their kennel. The greatest crime that you can commit in the estimation of others is to get on better than they do. They think your addition is their subtraction. Five hundred persons start for a certain goal of success. One reaches it, and the other 499 are mad. It would take volumes to hold the story of the wrongs, outrages and defamations that have come upon you as a result of your success. The warm sun of prosperity brings into life a swarm full of annoying insects. On the other hand, the unfortunate classes have their struggles for maintenance. To achieve a livelihood by one who had nothing to start with and after awhile for a family as well and carry this on until children are reared and educated and fairly started in the world and to do this amid all the rivalries of business and the uncertainty of crops and the fickleness of tariff legislation, with an occasional labor strike and here and there a financial panic thrown in, is a mighty thing to do, and there are hundreds and thousands of such heroes and heroines who live unsung and die unhonored.

What we all need, whether up or down in life or half way between, is the infinite solace of the Christian religion. And so we employ the word "come." It will take all eternity to find out the number of business men who have been strengthened by the promises of God and the people who have been fed by the ravens when other resources gave out and the men and women who, going into this battle armed only with needle or saw or axe or yardstick or pen or type or shovel or shoelast, have gained a victory that made the heaven resound. With all the resources of God promised for every exigency no one need be left in the lurch.

I like the faith displayed years ago in Drury lane, London, in an humble home where every particle of food had given out and a kindly soul entered with tea and other table supplies and found a kettle on the fire ready for the tea. The benevolent lady said, "How is that you have the kettle ready for the tea when you had no tea in the house?" And the daughter in the home said: "Mother would have me put the kettle on the fire, and when I said, 'What is the use of doing so when we have nothing in the house?' she said: 'My child, God will provide.' Thirty years He has already provided for me through all pain and helplessness, and He will not leave me to starve at last. He will send us help though we do not see how. We have been waiting all day for something to come, but until we saw you we knew not how it was to come." Such things the world may call coincidences, but I call them Almighty deliverances, and, though you do not hear of them, they are occurring every hour of every day and in all parts of Christendom.

Those who follow the advice of this world in time of perplexity are in a fearful round, for it is one bewildered soul following another bewildered soul, and only those who have in such time got their eye on the morning star of our Christian faith can find their way out or be strong enough to lead others with an all persuasive invitation.

"But," says some one, "you Christian people keep telling us to 'come,' yet you do not tell us how to come." That charge shall not be true on this occasion. Come believing! Come repenting! Come praying! After all that God has been doing for 6000 years, sometimes through patriarchs and sometimes through prophets and at last through the culmination of all the tragedies on Golgotha, can any one think that God will not welcome your coming? Will a father at vast outlay construct a mansion for his son and lay out parks white with statues and green with foliage and all a-sparkle with fountains and then not allow his son to live in the house or walk in the parks? Has God built this house of gospel mercy and will He then refuse entrance to His children? Will a Government at great expense build life-saving stations all along the coast, and boats that can hover unhurt like a petrel over the wildest surge and then, when the lifeboat has reached the wreck of a ship in the offing, not allow the drowning to seize the life line or take the boat for the shore in safety? Shall God provide at the cost of his only Son's assassination escape for a sinking world and then turn a deaf ear to the cry that comes up from the breakers?

"But," you say, "there are so many things I have to believe and so many things in the shape of a creed that I have to adopt that I am kept back." No, no! You need believe but two things—namely, that Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners and that you are one of them. "But," you say, "I do believe both of those things. Do you really believe them with all your heart? "Yes." Why, then, you have passed from death into life. Why, then, you are a son or a daughter of the Lord Almighty. Why, then, you are an heir or an heiress of an inheritance that will declare dividends from now until long after the stars are dead. Hallelujah! Prince of God, why do you not come and take your coronet? Princess of the Lord Almighty, why do you not mount your throne? Pass up into the light. Your boat is anchored, why do you not go ashore? Just plant your feet hard down, and you will feel under them the Rock of Ages.

I challenge the universe for one instance in which a man in the right spirit appealed for the salvation of the gospel and did not get it. Man alive, are you going to let all the years of your life go away with you without your having this great peace, this glorious hope, this bright expectancy?

Are you going to let the pearl of great price lie in the dust at your feet because you are too indolent or too proud to stoop down and pick it up? Will you wear the chain of evil habit when near by you is the hammer that could with one stroke snap the shackle? Will you stay in the prison of sin when here is a gospel key that could unlock your incarceration? No, no!

As the one word "come" has sometimes brought many souls to Christ, I will try the experiment of piling up into a mountain and then send down in an avalanche of power many of these gospel "comes." "Come thou and all thy house into the ark;" "Come unto Me, all ye who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest;" "Come, for all things are now ready;" "Come with us, and we will do you good;" "Come and see;" "The Spirit and the bride say 'come,' and let him that hearsth say 'come,' and let him that is athirst 'come.'" The stroke of one bell in a tower may be sweet, but a score of bells well tuned and rightly lifted and skillfully swung in one great chime fill the heavens with music almost celestial. And no one who has heard the mighty chimes in the towers of Amsterdam or Ghent or Copenhagen can forget them. Now, it seems to me that in this Sabbath hour all heaven is chiming, and the voices of departed friends and kindred ring down the sky, saying, "Come!"

When Russia was in one of her great wars, the suffering of the soldiers had been long and bitter, and they were waiting for the end of the strife. One day a messenger in great excitement ran among the tents of the army shouting, "Peace! Peace!" The sentinel on guard asked, "Who says peace?" And the sick soldier asked, "Who says 'peace?'" And all up and down the encampment of the Russians went the question, "Who says 'peace?'" Then the messenger responded, "The Czar says 'peace.'" That was enough. That meant going home. That meant the war was over. No more wounds and no more long marches. So to-day, as one of the Lord's messengers, I move through these great encampments of souls and cry: "Peace between earth and heaven! Peace between God and man! Peace between your repenting soul and a pardoning Lord!" If you ask me, "Who says peace?" I answer, "Christ our King declares it;" "My peace I give unto you!" "Peace of God that passeth all understanding!" Everlasting peace!

THE SABBATH SC

INTERNATIONAL LESSON CO FOR NOVEMBER 3.

Subject: Death of Joseph Gen. [illegible] Golden Text, Psa. [illegible] Verses, 18-21 — Commentary on Day's Lesson.

Let us study carefully [illegible] history. 1. Joseph [illegible] 45. 17-28. Pharaoh and his [illegible] well pleased when the [illegible] brethren had come. The [illegible] Joseph in readiness for [illegible] ly. Great provisions were made [illegible] journey. At first [illegible] for the new, warped [illegible] but when he saw the [illegible] "good things of Egypt" [illegible] sent be believed and [illegible] ? The journey [illegible] "Immediately the wheels [illegible] to move to Egypt with their [illegible] movable property. [illegible] about 250 miles along [illegible] route, but it was a long hard [illegible] an old man, with wives and children and flocks and herds. [illegible] Beer-sheba God sent [illegible] encouragement, comfort [illegible] promises and holding [illegible] Little could Jacob see [illegible] of this journey but it was [illegible] in the chain of divine providence [illegible] which the promises were [illegible] The number of Jacob's [illegible] down into Egypt, including [illegible] was seventy-five. Acts 7. 14.

2. The meeting of Israel and [illegible] 46. 28-34. When Jacob reached the [illegible] of Goshen Joseph went [illegible] out to meet his father. Joseph fell on [illegible] father's neck "and wept on his neck a good while." It had been nearly [illegible] three years since Joseph had seen his father to go to Shechem.

4. The meeting of Israel and [illegible] 47. 1-10. "First Joseph presented [illegible] his brethren and introduced them [illegible] Pharaoh, who welcomed them and [illegible] Joseph gave official positions to men [illegible] proved themselves men of [illegible] and ability. Then Joseph presented [illegible] father to the king. Here Joseph showed [illegible] the nobleness of his character and [illegible] ashamed of his father. Jacob's [illegible] of his life to Pharaoh is very [illegible] Sin and sorrow had worked [illegible] and was bringing him to an early [illegible]

5. Jacob blessing his sons. Gen. 48, 49. The time was approaching [illegible] Jacob knew he must die. He was [illegible] nearly blind. Joseph took his two sons, Manasseh and Ephraim, to his father who blessed them. "In the [illegible] but notice the prophetic [illegible] Ephraim and Manasseh to be [illegible] and heads of tribes and the [illegible] chief blessing to Ephraim. The [illegible] Ephraim became the leading tribe [illegible] Judah. Just before his death Jacob [illegible] phesied concerning his sons and pronounced blessings upon them.

6. Jacob's death and burial. Gen. 50. 14. Jacob was 147 years of age when he died. Before his death he [illegible] solemn pledge from Joseph that he would bury him in Egypt (Gen. 50. 5). He charged them to bury him in the [illegible] where Abraham and Isaac were buried. These instructions were carefully [illegible] out. At this time Joseph recalled [illegible] scenes of his boyhood, after an absence of forty years.

15. "Saw their father was dead." This at once argues both a sense of guilt in their own consciences and a want of confidence in their brother.

16. "Thy father did command." Though this is not recorded elsewhere it was undoubtedly true. They had evidently asked their father to help them in this trouble. Jacob must have advised them to humble themselves before their brother and obtain a fresh assurance of his forgiveness.

17. "Forgive," etc. These words were wonderfully well chosen and were spoken in a way to appeal to the noble manner to Joseph's nature and affection. They cast themselves upon his mercy. "Joseph wept." How touching! He wept out of sympathy with the deep sorrow of many years which his but forgiveness and reconciliation alleviate.

18. "Fell down." They again [illegible] do we see the fulfilment of Joseph's dream in a remarkable manner. [illegible]

19. "In the place of God." I am given you and the matter is now between you and God. I am not your judge to punish you.

20. "Ye meant evil." (R. V.) [illegible] they did was just as wicked as if the results had been disastrous. They meant it for evil, and God judges according to the motive which prompts the act. "He meant it for good." (R. V.) God overruled their wickedness and made it turn out good. This fact would remove [illegible] for it would be a great relief to have the injury to Joseph which they intended had been averted.

22. "Dwelt in Egypt." He lived in Egypt until the time of his death, which was fifty-four years after the death of his father. "His father's house" [illegible] the descendants of Joseph were in Egypt 144 years after the death of Joseph. They came to Egypt seventy-one years before his death, which makes his total time in Egypt 215 years. "An hundred and ten years." He was seventeen years old when he came to Egypt, thirty years were spent in slavery and prison, and eighty years on the throne, for it is probable that he retained his high office to the close of his life.

23. "Upon Joseph's knees." Were educated by him, or under his care. His sons and their children were acknowledge him as patriarch of the family, as long as he lived.

24. "Will surely visit you." With unbounded confidence in God's [illegible] made to his ancestors. The promise of God to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob. The throne had not weaned his affections from the true God. He died in the [illegible] ance of faith. "Bear up your courage, ye have everything that can make you comfortable, yet this is not given by covenant, the land which represents the rest that remains for the people of God.

25. "Carry up my bones." He [illegible] finally rest with my ancestors in the land which God gave to Abraham. This is a pledge, as it is a type of the rest of heaven. See Heb. 11. 22. This request was granted. When the Israelites departed from Egypt he took his bones (Ex. 13. 19), and Joshua buried them in Shechem. Josh. 24. 32.

26. "They embalmed him." The Egyptians had special physicians who made the embalmers themselves. "In a coffin." This was not universally used in Egypt, but only used for persons of extraordinary distinction. Joseph was not embalmed by the embalmers, in a chest of stone, as may be seen in our museums of the present day. Others think Joseph's body was placed in a stone sarcophagus.

Progressive business men of the United States have just [illegible] the importance of [illegible] which is inevitable in all [illegible] and chemical processes, but [illegible] recovering substances of [illegible] value out of [illegible] has not attained a degree [illegible] in America comparable [illegible] retirement of the same in [illegible] France.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

NO BOND REQUIRED.

[illegible] H. Dent and E. B. [illegible], president and cashier of the [illegible] Eufaula National Bank, will be required to give any bond for appearance before the United States court. It is said that Government losses of $30,000 will be indicted by the grand jury.

ANOTHER MILL.

[illegible] Garrett and H. W. Lash, members of the firm of Garrett, Crom[illegible] & Co., rod mill builders, of [illegible], Ohio, have been in the Birmingham district recently. Their presence gave rise to a rumor that a big steel rod mill to cost a quarter of a million would be built there.

KILLED BY AN OFFICER.

[illegible] night Officer Richardson, of [illegible], found three boys tampering with the rear door of a Second [illegible] store and when he attempted to arrest them they ran. The officer gave chase, but the boys being fleeter, he [illegible] killing one of them almost instantly. For several hours the boy was unidentified, but finally was recognized as Oscar Lee, of Memphis. [illegible] who identified him were two Memphis boys who were with him. These are held by the police. The officer is almost broken hearted over the dead.

RAILROAD CHASE

[illegible] afternoon an L. & N. freight had an exciting race of ten miles to get out of the way of a parted section of the train. It parted as it was coming down Hartselle hill. All the way to Decatur is down grade. The conductor signalled to go ahead at full speed and the engineers opened wide the throttles and sped down the hill at a rate of sixty miles an hour. The parted section was within 200 yards of the front section all the way down and if it had struck the results would have been serious. Hartselle is a dangerous section of the road and train men are always relieved when it is passed over in safety.

ROBBED AND BEATEN.

[illegible] City was the scene of a [illegible] robbery Monday. John [illegible], ex-policeman of Alabama City, Bob Inglett, Bob Prince and M. [illegible], attacked J. C. White, T. [illegible] and G. L. Grubbs, robbed them and seriously injuring the latter. Holland resisted arrest and was shot at three times before it was [illegible].

THE FIFTH TIME.

[illegible] by the Birmingham Na[illegible] against John G. Bradley, [illegible] decided by the fifth [illegible] in favor of the defendant. It in[illegible] the responsibility of an in[illegible]. The case has become famous [illegible] of the stubbornness with [illegible] has been fought.

GOVERNOR JELKS made the following appointments last week: W. [illegible], constable, beat 1, Autauga county; William H. Musgrove, [illegible] and justice of the peace, [illegible] county; William G. [illegible], justice of the peace, beat 18, [illegible] county; P. E. Cheek, notary [illegible] Birmingham.

GOVERNOR JELKS counted the [illegible] cast in the recent election [illegible] two majors of the Second [illegible] Alabama National Guard. [illegible] that the successful candidates [illegible] Captains C. F. Anderson, [illegible] Avery, and J. E. Carter, of [illegible].

[illegible] camp of Confederate Veterans organized at Montgomery [illegible] night with fifty-seven [illegible] on the charter roll. The [illegible] named Camp Jeff Falkner.

[illegible]LSHEIMER, agent of the [illegible] at Birmingham, will [illegible] November 1st by W. L. [illegible].

[illegible], of Selma, killed a wild [illegible] pelican variety on a creek [illegible] Saturday. It was one [illegible]. It is said that this [illegible] in over seventeen years [illegible] species has [illegible] in Selma, and the presence [illegible] is regarded by the [illegible] of that town as a [illegible] cold and severe winter.

[illegible] TO SHEFFIELD.

[illegible] for the location of the [illegible] is over. Decatur and [illegible] are in the race, but Sheffield [illegible] plan. Huntsville offers [illegible] of $50,000, tob. Work [illegible] sixty days.

THE SABBATH SCH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COM FOR NOVEMBER 5.

Subject: Death of Joseph. Gen. L. 15-
Golden Text, Psa. xc., 10 — Re
Verses, 18-21 — Commentary on
Day's Lesson

Let us study carefully the
history. 1. Joseph sending for his
47: 1-28. Pharaoh and his
well pleased when they knew that
brethren had come. The king bade
Joseph in sending for Jacob and his
Great provisions were made for
journey. At first Jacob's heart
for the news seemed too good to be
but when he saw the wagons and
good things of Egypt that Joseph
sent he believed and his spirit revived
2. The journey to Egypt. 46: 1
Immediately the whole family
to move to Egypt with their flocks
possible property. The journey
about 200 miles along the usual
route, but it was a long hard journey
an old man with women and children
flocks and herds. When they reached
Beersheba God sent Jacob a vision for
encouragement, confirming the
purpose and bidding him go on to Egypt
and Jacob see the real beginning
of the journey, but it was one of the
in the chain of divine providence that
led the transplanted family to
The number of Jacob's children that
down into Egypt, including his sons' wives
was seventy-five. Acts 7: 14.
3. The meeting of Jacob and Joseph.
46: 28-34. When Jacob reached the
of Goshen Joseph went forth in his chariot
to meet his father. Joseph fell on
father's neck and wept on his neck
good while. It had been nearly twenty
three years since Joseph had left his father
to go to Shechem.
4. The meeting of Jacob and Pharaoh.
47: 1-10. First Joseph selected five
his brethren and introduced them
Pharaoh, who welcomed them and
Joseph gave official positions to any
proved themselves men of activity, ability
and integrity. Then Joseph introduced his
father to the king. Here Joseph shows
the nobleness of his character in not being
ashamed of his father. Jacob's address
of his life to Pharaoh is very touching.
Sin and sorrow had weighed him down
and was bringing him to an early old age.
5. Jacob blessing his sons. Chap.
48: 1-20. The time was approaching when
Jacob knew he must die. He is sick
nearly blind. Joseph took his two sons
Manasseh and Ephraim to his father
who blessed them. "In this scene we
but notice the prophetic adoption
Ephraim and Manasseh as his own
and heads of tribes and the giving of
chief blessing to Ephraim, the younger
Ephraim became the leading tribe next
Judah. Just before his death Jacob
blessed concerning his sons and
nounced blessings upon them.
6. Jacob's death and burial. 49:
50: 14. Jacob was 147 years of age when
he died. Before his death he secured
solemn pledge from Joseph that he would
bury him in Egypt (47: 29-31), and
he charged them to bury him in the
where Abraham and Isaac were buried.
These instructions were carefully carried
out. At this time Joseph revisited
scenes of his boyhood, after an absence
forty years.
15. "Saw their father was dead,"
at once argues both a sense of guilt
their own consciences and a want of
fidence in their brother.
16. "Thy father did command"
though this is not recorded elsewhere
was undoubtedly true. They had probably
asked their father to help them in
trouble. Jacob must have advised
to humble themselves before their brother
and obtain a fresh assurance of his
givenness.
17. "Forgive," etc. These words
wonderfully well chosen, and were
kely in a way to appeal in the most
ble manner to Joseph's piety and
fection. They cast themselves wholly
his mercy. "Joseph wept." How
ing! He wept out of sympathy with
deep sorrow of many years which not
but forgiveness and reconciliation
alleviate.
18. "Fell down." Thus again and
do we see the fulfilment of Joseph's dreams
in a remarkable manner. 37: 5-8.
19. "In the place of God." I have
given you and the matter is now between
you and God. I am not your judge to
ish you.
20. "Ye meant evil" (R. V.) And
they did was just as wicked as though
results had been disastrous. They
ed it for evil, and God judges according
the motive which prompts the act.
meant it for good" (R. V.) God
ruled their wickedness and made it
out good. This fact would comfort
for it would be a great relief to have
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in Egypt until the time of his
which was fifty-four years after the
of his father. "His father's house"
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They came to Egypt seventy-one years
fore his death, which makes the
time in Egypt 215 years. "An hundred
ten years." He was seventeen years
when he came to Egypt, thirteen
were spent in slavery and prison
eighty years on the throne, for it is
ble that he retained his high office
close of his life.
23. "Upon Joseph's knees." They
educated by him, or under his
his sons and their children could
acknowledge him as patriarch, or
the family, as long as he lived.
24. "Will surely visit you."
unbounded confidence in the
made to his ancestors. The
throne had not weaned his affections
the true God. He died in the
ance of faith." "Bring you out."
ye have everything that can
comfortable, yet this is not the
given by covenant, the land which
sents the rest that remains for the
of God.
25. "Carry up my bones." "That
finally rest with my ancestors in the
which God gave to Abraham, not
is a pledge as it is a type of the
of heaven." See Heb. 11: 22.
request was granted. When
parted from Egypt he took Joseph's
(Ex. 13: 19), and Joshua buried
Shechem. Josh. 24: 32.
26. "They embalmed him." The
tians had special physicians for
ease: the embalmers forced a
themselves. "In a coffin." Coffins
not universally used in Egypt,
only used for persons of eminence
tinction. Joseph was not, as the
the embalmers, in a chest of wood
as may be seen in our museums
day. Others think Joseph's coffin
stone.

Progressive business men in the
ted States have not failed to
the importance of utilizing the
which is inevitable in all mechanical
and chemical processes, but the
recovering substances of commercial
value out of manufacturing
has not attained a degree of perfection
in America comparable with the
velopment of the same in Germany
France.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

NO BOND REQUIRED.

Willis S. H. Dent and E. B.
president and cashier of the
Eufaula National Bank, will
required to give any bond for
appearance before the United
court. It is said that Gover-
Jelks' losses of $30,000 will be in-
by the grand jury.

ANOTHER MILL.

Garrett and H. W. Lash,
of the firm of Garrett, Crom-
& Co., rod mill builders, of
Ohio, have been in the En-
district recently. Their presence
rise to a rumor that a big steel
will cost a quarter of a mill-
be built there.

KILLED BY AN OFFICER.

night officer Richardson, of
ham, found three boys tam-
with the rear door of a Second
store and when he attempted to
them they ran. The officer gave
but the boys being fleeter, he
killing one of them almost in-
For several hours the boy
unidentified, but finally was rec-
as Oscar Lee, of Memphis.
who identified him were two
Memphis boys who were with
These are held by the police.
father is almost broken hearted
dead.

RAILROAD CHASE.

Friday afternoon an L. & N. freight
exciting race of ten miles to
out of the way of a parted sec-
of the train. It parted as it was
down Hartselle hill. All the
into Decatur is down grade. The
conductor signalled to go ahead at full
and the engineers opened wide
throttles and sped down the
at a rate of sixty miles an hour.
parted section was within 200
of the front section all the way
and if it had struck the results
have been serious. Hartselle
dangerous section of the sys-
and train men are always relieved
this passed over in safety.

ROBBED AND BEATEN.

Tuscaloosa City was the scene of a
robbery Monday. John
ex-policeman of Alabama
Will Inglett, Bob Prince and M.
Bell, attacked J. C. White, T.
Jackson and G. L. Grubbs, rob-
them and seriously injuring the
Holland resisted arrest
shot at three times before it
stopped.

THE FIFTH TIME.

filed by the Birmingham Na-
Bank against John G. Bradley,
been decided by the fifth
favor of the defendant. It in-
the responsibility of an in-
The case has become famous
of the stubbornness with
has been fought.

GOVERNOR JELKS made the fol-
appointments last week: W.
Gary, constable, beat 1, Autauga
county; William H. Musgrove,
public and justice of the peace,
Blount county; William G.
justice of the peace, beat 18,
county. P. E. Cheek, notary
Birmingham.

GOVERNOR JELKS counted the
Saturday cast in the recent elec-
two majors of the Second
Alabama National Guard.
found that the successful can-
were Captains C. F. Anderson,
Montgomery, and J. E. Carter, of

camp of Confederate Vet-
organized at Montgomery
night with fifty-seven
on the charter roll. The
named Camp Jeff Falkner.

BILBEIMER, agent of the
system at Birmingham, will
after November 1st by W. L.

CRAIG, of Selma killed a wild
the pelican variety on a creek
near city Saturday. It was one
of a drove. It is said that this
has been over seventeen years
a goose of this species has
in Selma, and the presence
drove is regarded by the
prophets of that town as a
of a cold and severe winter.

GOES TO SHEFFIELD.

fight for the location of the
shops is over. Decatur and
were in the race, but Shef-
the plum. Huntsville of-
bonus of $50,000, too. Work
in sixty days.

Bad Coughs

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me."
L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption. Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness and give you a good digestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation and biliousness. Gently laxative. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers
50 cts. of Druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

Wheat for Farm Animals.

Elaborate experiments in feeding wheat to farm animals and swine have been made this year at the Kansas experiment station, and also in other states of the corn belt. The experts conclude that wheat has greater nutritive value than corn, and may be used either crushed, mixed with oats or corn, or in connection with straw in time of extreme scarcity.

Cures Rheumatism or Catarrh—Remedy Sent Free.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) kills or destroys the poison in the blood which causes the awful aches, Bone Pains, swollen muscles and joints of Rheumatism, or the foul breath, Hawking, Spitting, Droppings in the Throat, Bad Hearing, specks flying before the eyes, all played out feeling of Catarrh. Botanic Blood Balm has cured hundreds of cases of 30 to 40 years' standing after doctors, hot springs and patent medicines had all failed. It is especially advised for chronic, deep-seated cases. Relief is felt from the first few doses. Impossible for any one to suffer the agonies or symptoms of Rheumatism or Catarrh while taking Botanic Blood Balm.

It makes the blood pure and rich, thereby giving a healthy blood supply. Cures are permanent and not a patching up. Drug stores, $1 per large bottle. Sample of medicine sent free and prepaid, also special medical advice by describing your trouble and writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Norway, Servia, Greece and Bulgaria are the only European nations which have but one House of Parliament.

Dinner Party of Twelve.

A charming dinner table, arranged for a party of twelve, was spread with a cloth of the finest white linen elaborately open-worked, lace-edged and inserted with Hungarian handmade lace. This cloth was laid over a slip of pale green satin. The flowers chosen were sweet peas of all colors, mingled with green and white ribbon, ribbon glass, revers arranged in delicate Greece glasses, with gold rims and gold monogram. The table glasses matched the flower glass and the linen napkins were lace trimmed and drawn to match the tablecloth.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The boarding house bore bores the boarders.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Marriage may be a failure without bankruptcy

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Doctors' bills often make a man wish he were dead.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The electric light pole stands in its own light.

Care of the Complexion.

Many persons with delicate skin suffer greatly in winter from chapping. Frequently the trouble arises from the use of impure soaps and cheap salves. The face and hands should be washed only in clear, hot water with Ivory Soap. A little mutton-tallow or almond oil may be used after the bath to soften the skin. ELIZA R. PARKER.

Every British parish with a population of 300 or over is compelled by law to erect a parish council.

A fellow is not a lobster just because he suffers from boils.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

Graves average five feet deep in England, five feet six inches in France and six feet ten inches in Russia.

Gold pens were first made in 1840. Their sale to-day is 1,500,000 a year.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

French steamers now make the trip from Marseilles to Sydney in thirty-four days. A century ago it took seven months.

The Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette says: "Walter Baker & Co., of Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A., have given years of study to the skilful preparation of cocoa and chocolate, and have devised machinery and systems peculiar to their methods of treatment, whereby the purity, palatability, and highest nutrient characteristics are retained. Their preparations are known the world over and have received the highest indorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."

Refitting Old Cars.

A car-refitting company in New York city buys old Pullman coaches, tears the inside furnishings out and refits them according to the wishes of its customers. Whatever kind of private car a man may wish he may order—parlors, handsomely carpeted, sitting-rooms, dining-rooms, sleeping compartments, smoking-rooms—all with equipment more or less perfect, according to the price. And cars are refitted in this way and sold for prices varying from $1,500 to $15,000. Very handsome and serviceable cars have been built from the old "castaways," and the man of moderate means can travel privately and comfortably in a home of his own.

Mrs. Ellen Ripley, Chaplain Ladies Aid, Grand Army of the Republic, No. 7, 222 10th Ave., N. E., Minneapolis, Minn., Strongly Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound cured me of ulceration of the womb, and getting such a complete cure I felt that the medicine had genuine merit and was well worth recommending to other sick women.

"For fifteen years I have been your friend. I have never written you before, but I have advised hundreds of women to take your medicine, in fact it is the only real reliable remedy I know of for a sick woman.

"I have not yet found a case of ovarian or womb trouble which has not been relieved or cured by the faithful use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"You have brought health to hundreds of women in Minneapolis as you have no doubt to others over the country."—MRS. ELLEN RIPLEY.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine.

Millions in Potatoes

It is estimated that one county on the eastern shore of Virginia, containing a population of about 13,000, sold this year 550,000 barrels of Irish potatoes at a profit of $1,000,000, which means that every man, woman and child in the county would be entitled to receive, if the money were distributed pro rata, something more than $75 from one crop alone.

Christian Governesses in Turkey.

Foreigners residing in Constantinople are much excited over the Sultan's recent edict forbidding Turkish families hereafter to engage Christian governesses. The Turkish journals attempt a weak apology by attacking the moral character of the governesses.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and to Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and State position preferred. Address, Dept. B.
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Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

SYRUP OF FIGS

IS AN EXCELLENT FAMILY LAXATIVE—
IT IS REFRESHING TO THE TASTE AND ACTS PLEASANTLY AND GENTLY.
IT ASSISTS ONE TO OVERCOME HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY

With many millions of families Syrup of Figs has become the ideal home laxative. The combination is a simple and wholesome one, and the method of manufacture by the California Fig Syrup Company ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product, which have commended it to the favorable consideration of the most eminent physicians and to the intelligent appreciation of all who are well informed in reference to medicinal agents.

Syrup of Figs has truly a laxative effect and acts gently without in any way disturbing the natural functions and with perfect freedom from any unpleasant after effects.

In the process of manufacturing, figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinally laxative principles of the combination are obtained from plants known to act most beneficially on the system.

To get its beneficial effects—
buy the genuine—Manufactured by
California Fig Syrup Co
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Lavering, Mich., Sept. 15, 1899.
Gentlemen:—I have felt bad and out of sorts all summer, and have had no appetite. My stomach was so bad it could hardly stand any kind of food. I tried a bottle of McLean's Strengthening Cordial, and after taking it for three days my appetite returned so I could eat almost anything, and I soon regained my health and strength and have felt well ever since.
Yours truly,
Jno. J. Walker.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and loaded by exact machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.
ALL • REPUTABLE DEALERS • KEEP • THEM

W. L. DOUGLAS

OUR PRICE UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES $3.00 THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER

MAJOR

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line Cannot be Equalled at Any Price.

For more than a quarter of a century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the young men who wear W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes think they can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Protect yourselves against high prices and poor shoes by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes. Take no substitute. Take measure of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width; name this paper; place on cap; heavy, medium, or light soles.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

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CATALOG FREE.

Sold by 40 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and the best shoe dealers everywhere.

Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 36c. add. Sent for catalogue. Take measure of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width; name this paper; place on cap.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER
CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
AGENCIES DR. TAFT, 70 E. 126TH ST. N.Y. CITY

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH CURE.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, 5 feet 6 inches tall, weight 150, wishes to correspond with good looking, honest gentleman, with view to marriage. Mrs. E. 67 Market St., Chicago, Ill.

Am. N. U., No. 44, 1901.

FISO'S CURE FOR CURES WORST COUGHS AND COLDS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

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This short time rate is offered to better introduce The Sunny South to its large Southern audience. For six months this Southern Literary Weekly has been under a new management, and the paper has fully met the high standard set for it and continues to improve in every way. Thousands of enconiums from enthusiastic well pleased subscribers. A subscription now at this rate means a renewal on January 1st, and we confidently invite your acceptance of this special offer.

A short story contest for Southern Writers has closed successfully and the splendid results will be published during the period of this special offer. The excellent

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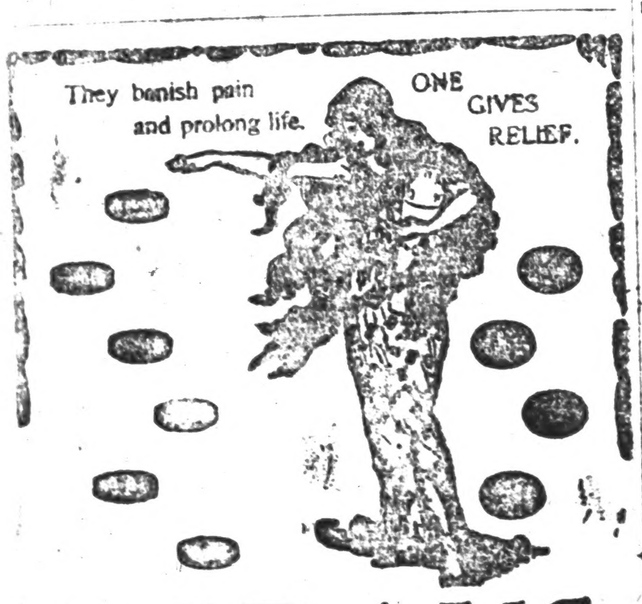
AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·PANS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton. SEC.-TREAS.: P. D. Wilson, Clanton.

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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE COUNTY AGENT.

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R. T. Calloway, Cooper, Ala.

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We have moved to
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EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

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THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Pipe " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good shaving soap.....10c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

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CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. M. TAYLOR, Proprietor

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the latest Hair Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, FOUTH AND NORTH-WEST.

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars

Operated line pass Cabins daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

Subscribe for the Banner.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

Repton	Beat 3		November	
Maplesville	" 7		"	
Shemla	" 7		"	
Dixie	" 8		"	
Valley Creek	" 8		"	
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	"	
Marcdonia	" 3		"	
Green Cofer's Gin	" 2	until 12 m	"	
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p m	"	
Providence	" 2		"	
Elijah Busby's	" 2	until 12 m.	"	
Cofer's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	
Mineral Springs	" 1		"	
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m	"	
Strasburg	" 9		"	
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m	"	
Flint Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p m	"	
Providence	" 5		"	
Burwell	" 5		"	
Coopers	" 5		"	
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	"	
Clantonford	" 8		"	
Pletcher	" 8		"	
Kinchen	" 6		"	
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		"	
James Meddox Gin	" 4		"	
Jemison	" 4		Dec. 14	
Thorsby	" 9		"	
Mountain Creek	" 5		"	
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	"	6
Clanton	" 4			

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

THE STATE ELECTION

WILL BE HELD NOV. 5, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00 Cash
SECOND Best Guess	50.00 Cash
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
GRAND TOTAL CASH	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 30, 1901 will be entitled to an guess THEREON on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in their order whether you are an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS ORDER BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND BEST GUESS, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

	NAME.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1				
2				
3				

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Each Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 18th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official returns are made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or draft. Send no stamps. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

VOL. X

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

NOTICE TO Citizens of Beat 8.

RESTAURANT.

NOTICE

AND COLLECTOR'S

d Round

owing times and places for the purpose
nty taxes of Chilton county for the
xes for the year 1901:

Beat 3		November	4
" 7		"	5
" 7		"	6
" 8		"	7
" 8		"	8
" 8	until 12 m.	"	9
" 3		"	11
" 2	until 12 m.	"	12
" 2	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"	13
" 2		"	14
" 2	until 12 m.	"	15
" 1	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"	16
" 1		"	18
" 1	until 12 m	"	19
" 9		"	20
" 4	until 12 m	"	21
" 4	from 2 to 4 p m.	"	22
" 5		"	23
" 5		"	25
" 5		"	26
" 6	until 12 m.	"	27
" 8		"	29
" 8		"	30
" 6		"	31
" 6		"	32
" 4		"	33
" 4		"	34
" 4		Dec.	2
" 9		"	
" 5		"	
" 5	until 12 m.	"	6
" 4		"	

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

ast ten days of the year, commencing
T. J HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

VEN AWAY

THE BEST GUESS

[illegible]	$999.00 Cash
Best Guess	50.00 Cash
2 Best Guesses, each	10.00 Cash
5 Best Guesses, each	5.00 Cash
10 Best Guesses, each	2.00 Cash
20 Best Guesses, each	1.00 Cash
TOTAL CASH	$1000.00

Weekly Advertiser

[illegible] 1901 will be entitled to one guess
Free Constitution. Subscribers who are
received from date of expiration of present
[illegible] sending in your order whether you

WRITE YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
ON OR AGAINST

TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST

the amount of $

The Best Guess!
[illegible] November 16th, 1901
[illegible] within ten days after official [illegible]
[illegible] subscriber has one guess FREE.
[illegible] express order or draft. Send no checks.
, Montgomery, Ala.
WHERE.

THE BANNE

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. X | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY NOVEMBER 7, 1901 | NO. 8

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] Do Know, and Some Do Saw Not.

[illegible] I had a regular [illegible] from an old friend in [illegible] because we [illegible] upon the new constitution. [illegible] Says [illegible] constitution is [illegible] and you must not say there [illegible] Asked to explain [illegible] "wrong about", and all [illegible] "never mind" [illegible] Am I not to be [illegible] my honest convictions upon such an important [illegible] as the State's constitution [illegible] with div[illegible] and principles, merely because my opinion differs from some [illegible] friends? When my friends [illegible] I am with them, when they are wrong I beg leave to differ.

[illegible] believe that I have studied the new constitution as deeply [illegible] as any man in Chilton county. I state this as prejudiced [illegible] as any man could be, although (like some of my friends) [illegible] the determination not to find [illegible] good in it at all, at all. But [illegible] I did I found myself forced [illegible] there was plenty of good [illegible] and nothing to be afraid of. [illegible] suffrage clause I gave especial [illegible] to, firmly resolved to vote against ratification if by any chance [illegible] white man would be likely to be deprived of his vote. And that what I did not find. I am as [illegible] convinced that every white man will be registered as that I intend to vote for ratification next [illegible], and I hope you will, too.

[illegible] the fifteenth amendment [illegible] Federal constitution standing [illegible] way it is hard to call a spade [illegible] and this is what gives the [illegible] of ratification a peg to [illegible] their try of the disfranchisement [illegible] white man. The suffrage [illegible] had to be made to fit [illegible] conditions, and so far as the [illegible] is concerned it is a very [illegible] at indeed, but the colored [illegible] will find it a very awkward [illegible] to put on. There is not [illegible] doubt as to the result, and people will be the majority.

NOTICE

[illegible] the name of Jake [illegible] will be given if any person [illegible] would persuade [illegible] home, as his mother is [illegible] about him. He is a [illegible] boy and is anxious to go to [illegible] school. Gentlemen, please help him [illegible] home. I am living near [illegible]
J S Jones

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

[illegible] will let to the lowest and best [illegible] two houses to be built for [illegible] County, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1901,

[illegible] premises, five miles north [illegible] near George W. Hills. [illegible] of houses will be [illegible] on day of letting.

[illegible] W. Sorrell, Commissioner.

[illegible] Citizens of Beat 8.

[illegible] Board of Commissioners [illegible] meet the citizens of Beat 8, at [illegible] on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1901.

[illegible] purpose of presenting to [illegible] the question of building a [illegible] bridge across Mulberry Creek. [illegible] are anxious to meet each taxpayer and citizen on that day at [illegible]. Come and don't fail.

W. A. Green, Commissioner.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that [illegible] furnished and made [illegible] refurnished and made [illegible] to my restaurant. [illegible] prepared to furnish [illegible] at all times in the best [illegible] at short notice.

[illegible] AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
[illegible] EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT,
CLANTON

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Editor Banner—During the late canvass to determine whether a convention should be held in this State to frame a new constitution, some of the writers who opposed such a step, declared it would be out of similar proceeding in the States of Mississippi and South Carolina and predicted direful results from the movement, as the inevitable result of the success of the move.

The evidence of that remarkable politician, Hon. Jess Stallings, was quoted to show how a poor, ignorant, illiterate white man in Mississippi was denied the right of registration by the arbitrary and cruel Registrars, who, it was asserted, had unlimited power to disfranchise the poor white men, who was not of their political faith.

Mr. Reynolds gave his own observations during a late trip to South Carolina, of the working of the election law in that state, as administered by the Registrars under the new constitution, and the disfranchisement of poor white men, under arbitrary rulings of the Registrars, and warned the citizens of Chilton, that a similar fate would be theirs, should they vote down the proposed constitutional convention, which in his opinion was set on foot by the Democrats, for partisan purposes.

There are two sides to this question, and truth and justice demand that both be heard to reach a correct conclusion. Let us then put some other witnesses on the stand, who, to say the least, are equally as well informed, and quite as worthy of belief, as those who testified adversely.

The first witness is Hon. M. B. McSweeney, Governor of South Carolina, who differs "in toto" from Mr. Reynolds, as to the practical working of the new constitution in his State. In a communication to Hon. S. J. Bowie, our member of congress from this district, he asserts unqualifiedly, "Very few, few negroes registered in this State. All of the whites are registered. No complaint against our elections."

(Signed) M. B. McSWEENEY.

This does not tally with Mr. Reynolds' observations in his brief visit to that State.

Now, as to charges against the Mississippi law Congressman John S. Williams, of that State, declares: "Our new constitution has secured peace politically, industrially and socially. It has given honest and intelligent men a better opportunity as competitors for public office. It has secured fairness in elections. It has resulted in having a better behaved, a better contented, and more prosperous colored population. I do not suppose there is a white man within the entire limits of Mississippi, from the Tennessee line to the Gulf of Mexico, from the Alabama line to the Mississippi river, whether he be Democrat, Populist or Republican, who would have back the old order of things, existing prior to the adoption of our new constitution, and I do not suppose there are 200 negroes in the entire State, who are not satisfied that the present conditions are better in the long run, for the races and for themselves."

Whose testimony is most worthy of acceptation, that of Mr. Reynolds, who is bitterly opposed to the whole movement, and Mr. Stallings, who blows hot or cold, according to the direction in which his political interest points, both distant from the scenes of which they speak; or shall we give credence of Gov. McSweeney and Congressman Williams, men of high character, who are on the spot and know by experience the practical workings of the law, concerning which they testify?

Let the candid and honest enquirer weigh the testimony and decide which is right. Civis.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Pursuant to the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor of Alabama I hereby give notice that an election will be held at the several polling places in Chilton county, labelled as on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901,

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters the question of ratifying or rejecting the Constitution for the State of Alabama proposed by the convention and in accordance with the act of the Legislature, approved December 11, 1900.

This 8th day of October, 1901.

MOSES KILLGORE, Sheriff.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

This is to certify that the following named persons have been appointed Inspectors and Returning Officers, as required by law, for the above election, to-wit:

Beat 1—W. H. Conway, Ira Campbell, Walter Gray, Inspectors. J. W. Middlebrooks, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 1—W. H. Shaw, John Lowery, Geo. E. Moore, Inspectors. L. A. McGraw, Returning Officer.

Beat 2—box 2—Green Cofer, Marion Honeycutt, J. H. Patton, Inspectors. A. D. Robinson, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 1—Clayton Edwards, W. A. Wood, Jasper Giles, Inspectors. Geo. W. Calloway, Returning Officer.

Beat 3—box 2—T. J. Jones, S. K. Waldrup, J. C. Yeager, Inspectors. Jeff Hancock, Returning Officer.

Beat 4—N. J. Calloway, J. F. Goodgame, W. J. Armstrong, Inspectors. M. A. Killgore, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 1—Moses Popwell, J. H. Vinson, Jesse Cox, Inspectors. G. W. Wilson, Returning Officer.

Beat 5—box 2—K. J. Jones, Jim Greer, Will Wells, Inspectors. Noah Duffey, Returning Officer.

Beat 6—R. L. Williams, Sr., A. T. Hathcock, A. C. Popwell, Inspectors. B. V. Hobbs, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 1—J. G. Smitherman, J. J. Letcher, T. U. Crumpton, Inspectors. W. Y. Nix, Returning Officer.

Beat 7—box 2—Jasper Gentry, Frank Green, Noah Latham, Inspectors. Charley Walker, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 1—T. G. Milling, W. M. Price, W. C. Dyer, Inspectors. Frank Johnson, Returning Officer.

Beat 8—box 2—R. P. Kendrick, J. H. Adams, W. H. Mills, Inspectors. Sear Harris, Returning Officer.

Beat 9—D. W. Hencventty, Alfred Childress, Tom Williams, Inspectors. D. H. Gentry, Returning Officer.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
CHILTON COUNTY. }

I, M. A. Killgore, Sheriff of said county, hereby appoint the returning officers above named, at their respective voting places to act as special deputy sheriffs to attend upon the above named election.

This, the 8th day of October, 1901. M. A. KILLGORE Sheriff.

It Saved Her Life.

Gooch's Mexican Syrup has accomplished a cure in this neighborhood which has astonished the people. Miss Davis was given up to die by her attending physician. She had lung fever. The doctor said she would die before morning, and advised to discontinue his medicine, as it was doing her no good. Her parents had a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup and Gooch's Quick Relief in the house. They at once began to give the syrup in doses one hour apart, and frequently bathed her chest with the Quick Relief. Before morning she was better, and after using a few bottles of each, she is almost as well as ever. It was almost like raising the dead, and has established the reputation of Gooch's Mexican Syrup here as a cough remedy; we can sell nothing else.

J. & N. SANDS,
Trimble, Athens co., O.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Judge S. M. Adams will speak in Clanton Saturday, November 9, at 11 a.m, in opposition to the proposed new Constitution. Come one, come all, and let us reason together,

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM

of Sunday-school convention of Beat 1 and 2 to be held with Shiloh church, Nov. 16 and 17.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Devotional service, Rufus Houldith.

10. Its object, Rev. A. T. Vandiver.

11. Reports of sunday-schools.

1:30 p.m. What are the duties of sunday school teachers to their classes? J. W. Thomas and W. H. Conway. Recitation, Miss Emma Lowery. Recitation, Miss Dulsey Vandiver.

3. Business.

A few reasons why so many take no part in sunday-school work. Mrs. M. J. Griffin. Recitation, Miss Susie Conway. Recitation, Miss Mary Greer.

SUNDAY, 9 a.m. sunday school.

10. What amounts as a church toward one sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and others.

Recitation, Miss Sallie Shaw.

Recitation, George Hilton.

1:30 p.m. Recitation, Miss Cora Armstrong. Recitation, Miss Annie Lowery. Recitation, Miss Ida Busby.

3. Final influence of sunday-school, Rev. W. J. Lawley.

W. M. ALDRIDGE, Pres.
Miss LIZZIE LOWERY, sec.

When your little boy cuts his foot, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You will be delighted with the result. It will stop the bleeding, relieve the suffering, prevent suppuration and heal like magic. Only 50c. a bottle by druggists.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITE

To be held at Thorsby, Ala., Nov. 22 and 23, 1901.

FRIDAY, 10:10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, R. A. Rasco.

10:50. The aim in teaching reading, Miss Annie McGehee, Prof. Folwell. Music.

11:30. My method of teaching grammar, J. D. Means, Mrs. A. G. Dunnap.

1:30 p.m. The true idea of education, W. L. Walker, Miss Lydia Oakley. Music.

2:15. Recitation, Miss Lily Franklin.

2.30. Mental development, R. D. Carmichael, J. F. McCreless.

An entertainment will be given at 7:30 p.m. by Thorsby school. "Merchant of Venice" will be a special feature.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:15. Practical institute work, G. L. Speer, L. E. Bynum. Music.

10. The teacher's responsibility, W. A. McCreless, G. P. Dickinson. Music.

11. Alabama's Need—practical, educated men, W. M. Adams.

11:45. Recitation, Miss Delia Wambem.

1:30 p.m. Educational address. Supt. John W. Abercrombie.

Committee—J. W. Moore, R. A. Rasco, J. M. Collier, J. F. McCreless, W. A. McCreless.

BOWNS' FINE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnapp Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

The Best Preventive for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.

J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

All good mothers keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use when the children get hurt or have colic. Only 50c. a bottle. Contains no oil or grease, the color is very pleasant and the children like it because, when sweetened, it tastes like peppermint candy, and is absolutely harmless. Ask your druggist for it.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will sell at public outcry at Concordia

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1901,

the following described real estate belonging to the estate of John B. Moore: W ½ of ne ¼, se ¼ of ne ¼, se ¼ of se ¼, w ½ of se ¼, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 16; se 1-4 of se 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4 and w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 17; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18; n ½ of ne 1-4, nw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, and s ½ of sw 1-4, north of Dry Creek, sec 19; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 20; nw 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4, w ½ of ne 1-4, and ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 21; all of the above in Tp 24, R 13 east, in Chilton county, Alabama; e 1-2, se ¼ of sw 1-4, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, and sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 24 tp 24 r 13 e; e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 24 tp 24 r 13 e, in Chilton county, Alabama. Terms of sale: ½ cash, ½ in twelve months and balance in two years.

J. ALEX MOORE, Administrator.

I am satisfied that TEETHINA (Teething Powders) have saved more children than all the doctors put together. I have recommended TEETHINA when the doctors gave up the child and it cured at once. LOUIS F. WABEL, Ph. G., Druggist, St. Louis, Mo.

Married at the residence of the brides parents, Thorsby, Oct. 31, W. J. K. Littleton and Miss Sarah Collins, Judge Adams officiating. We wish them much happiness.

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it never fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Advocate place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 29 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 494—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED
$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
ECO FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

That stops Neuralgia! Dr. Miles' Pain Pills

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

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WALLACE C. EDLER, CLANTON, ALA.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

As a matter of law, right and public safety the trial of every murderer should be as prompt and clear and decisive, if not as brief, as that at Buffalo.

The shipment of 2500 Angora goats to Southern Maryland will provide the material for an interesting experiment. While the Angora goat may be valued for its fleecy coat it is unreasonable to expect that it will supplant the opossum as a popular luxury.

Intellect can hide itself behind the grotesque face of Socrates or the high-bred features of Goethe. Similar traits of character may be associated with the lofty stature of Abraham Lincoln or the diminutive form of Lord Roberts, observes the Christian Register.

In a recent interview Count Tolstoi said: "One is so well off when ill you feel detached from all bodily things. You see only life of the spirit soul. Don't talk to me about people who never are or never have been ill. They are terrible, specially women. A woman always in health is verily a ferocious beast."

The foreign diplomats at Washington were surprised, it is said, at the simple character of the late President's funeral. In Europe an occasion of this sort partakes of the nature of a carnival week. In this instance it was too sad for pomp and display. The simplicity of the occasion was in keeping with the life and character of the man, and the silence of the people was the best evidence of their deep grief.

A woman dentist would have been a curiosity in the United States a generation ago, but she excites no surprise now. We have become used to her and have justified her entrance into one of the most useful of all professions. It is useless to oppose the progress of women in the professions as well as in industrial occupations. It is proceeding steadily and irresistibly and prejudice must stand aside before it, or be run over by it, thinks the Atlanta Journal.

All the leading meteorologists in the United States, in the Weather Bureau and out of it, in book, article, lecture and government publications for years have set out clearly and distinctly the non-existence of any such thing as an equinoctial storm. Moreover, they have also explained how, owing to the fact that September is the month of maximum development of the West Indian hurricanes, the belief originated and is from time to time seemingly confirmed by the actual weather facts.

Agriculture is the basis of American national progress. It is for the welfare of all the nation, therefore, that every benison science and love can bring to the family shall be brought to the farmer. It is for the advantage of American society that the tide shall be turned back from the congestion, moral and physical, of cities, into the freedom, the independence, and the simplicity of the farm. All other avocations depend for prosperity upon the prosperity of the farmer, reflects a writer in Harper's Bazar.

Here's an instance in which a man utilized his mouth for something even better than talking. Bertram Hines, an Englishman, became a painter in spite of the fact that he lost both his arms in an accident when he was a child. He had developed at that time a taste for drawing, and the loss of his arms did not swerve him from his determination to become an artist. He therefore set to work holding his pencil or brush with his mouth. At the age of sixteen he exhibited a water color study at the Bristol Fine Art Academy, and a little later won an art scholarship valued at 100 guineas.

Every physician knows that some people lie down and die with slight ailments who might have lived if they had cared to live or if they had been courageous enough to throw off the misgivings which prepared them for more violent disorders. One man having a cold attends to it with cheerfulness and soon recovers. Another, falling into a mood of depression, makes himself a hospitable host for the germs of pneumonia, and so dies. Science, common sense, and the ordinaray experiences of mankind furnish ample evidence of the remedial value of faith, hope, and charity, remarks the Christian Register.

THE PAN-AMERICAN OVER

AND A FINANCIAL LOSS WILL BE RECORDED.

THAT NIAGARA BARREL PROVES A BIG HIT

Threw Pepper in the Guard's Eyes—Requisitions Refused—Kiss Had Death with It—Governor in the Lock-Up—Silver Missing.

A MATTER OF HISTORY.

The Pan-American Exposition ended at 12 o'clock Saturday night, when President Milburn pressed an electric button and the lights in the famous electric tower grew dim for the last time. The exposition has not been a financial success, but it is believed the benefits derived from it will be of great value to the commercial interests of the country. The financial loss will be in the neighborhood of $3,000,000. The loss will fall upon the holders of the common stock, the holders of second mortgage bonds and the contractors who erected the buildings. The total number of admissions for the six months was close to 8,000,000. An average of 2,000,000 a month had been figured on by exposition officials. The great snow storm of last April was a severe blow to the exposition. The killing of President McKinley was another. The attendance had been increasing steadily up to the date of the assassination, but the gates were closed for two days, and when they were reopened there was a drop of 12 per cent in the attendance, and no improvement followed.

PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL.

Mrs. Anna Edson Taylor, who went over the Horseshoe Falls in a barrel in order to secure money with which to pay off the mortgage on her home in Texas, gathered the first fruits of her daring venture when she was paid $200 for a magazine story she is to write of her terrible voyage down the rapids and over the falls. Mrs. Taylor has said since her feat that if the authorities had stopped her, she would have jumped off the suspension bridge and ended it all. It was dollars or death with her and she won. She has already proven herself to be a business woman. The money for the magazine article was at once deposited in the bank in her name and her manager has nothing to do with it. She has received an offer of marriage from a man who wrote that he was a teacher of physical culture, a science in which Mrs. Taylor has had a great deal of experience. Mrs. Taylor is threatened with brain fever.

THE GOVERNOR REFUSES.

Governor W. T. Durbin, of Indiana, in a lengthy communication addressed to Governor Beckham, of Kentucky, refuses to grant the requisition for the extradition of ex-Governor Wm. S. Taylor and Charles W. Finley, who have been indicted by Kentucky courts for complicity in the murder of Governor Wm. Goebel.

SIX INJURED.

A passenger train on the Little Rock & Fort Smith railroad was telescoped at Mayflower Friday, by a freight train. The rear coach of the passenger train was demolished and six passengers were injured.

A TON OF SILVER

Mysteriously disappeared from the criminal court room in Omaha last week. It had figured in a law suit.

LENDING MONEY NOW.

Count Esterhazy, of Dreyfus case notoriety, is now a money lender in London, and has laid himself open to prosecution for acting in that capacity without being registered. Esterhazy carries on his transactions under the name of Voilement and apparently is quite conversant with all the tricks of the trade.

NINE CHILDREN

Were bitten by a mad dog in Colorado Springs on October 26th, and were rushed to Chicago for treatment. No fatalities so far.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

The comptroller of the currency has appointed Mark L. Crawford permanent receiver of the Eufaula National bank succeeding Bank Examiner DeSaussure, temporarily detailed. Mr. Crawford was appointed from Chicago, and has been an examiner in the comptroller's office for a number of years. The comptroller has not received a complete report on the bank's condition.

USED PEPPER.

C. A. Taylor, alias Charles Lowry, serving a ten-year sentence for robbing a bank at Chardon, O., assisted by two pals, escaped from Guard Bowman, of the Ohio penitentiary, on a Cleveland, Akron and Columbus train Saturday afternoon. Lowry had been taken to Cleveland to testify in a case, and he was being returned to the penitentiary. As the train reached the outskirts of Columbus two men suddenly grappled with the guard, one throwing a handful of cayenne pepper in his eyes. The prisoner, who was handcuffed, started for the car door, followed by his pals. The prisoner and his pals jumped from the train and started across the country with the guard in pursuit, the latter firing several shots, but without effect. Reaching a road they held up E. Horney, a prominent citizen of Chillicothe, O., and his wife, who were passing in a phaeton, and compelled them, at the point of revolvers, to surrender the vehicle. The prisoner and his pals were soon out of sight. The guard was unable to continue the chase, and came on to the city to secure treatment for his eyes.

AMERICA AT THE CORONATION.

The American exhibition in Crystal Palace to celebrate the coronation year will be strictly confined to a display of the wealth, industry, science and art of the United States. American entertainments and shows will be introduced, and in the grounds characteristic American sports will be conducted by representative teams. An American advisory committee has been formed consisting of many prominent members of American society in London, who are working in co-operation with Henry Gilman to make the exhibition the most complete and representative ever held. Earnest Schenck, the chairman of the Crystal Palace Company, has been to America in this interest and has met cordial approval of the project everywhere. The exhibition will extend from May to September.

LOCKED UP THE GOVERNOR.

Among a lot of boys arrested at Columbia, S. C., for confetti throwing was the son of a prominent citizen. He seized Gov. McSweeny, who was passing, and begged to be saved from the guard house. The police declined the fine the governor offered to deposit, and his juvenile friend held him with a death-like grip. The police started off with the boy and the boy pulled the governor. The patrol wagon came up and governor and boy were hustled in and taken to the "lock up." Hundreds followed and surrounded the station house, where the governor was kept for a half hour until the captain of the police permitted relatives to put up a forfeit for the boy, who so summarily and persistently held the chief executive prisoner.

DEATH IN THE KISS.

John Chartrand, manager of a skating rink at Hoboken, N. J., is dead from the effects of a pistol wound in the head, and his wife is under arrest pending investigation. Mrs. Chartrand's story is that she put her arm around her husband's neck to kiss him good-bye, and that the revolver which he had just given her, in some way was discharged. The bullet entered Chartrand's head behind the left ear, and he died before he could be taken to a hospital.

THE WEST will have a base ball league next year.

ATTEMPTED REGICIDE.

While the dowager empress of China was embarking to cross the river Saturday before entering Ho Nan, an assassin attempted to murder her, and killed an attendant with a spear before he was cut down. The court has left Ho Nan en route for Pekin.

FRANCE

Has dispatched a small fleet of war ships to Turkey, with the intention of securing some port probably Smyma, to collect customs until France shall obtain the amount it has long claimed from Turkey.

C. H. Hicks, one of the Birmingham Age-Herald's stereotypers, while working on the plates for last Sunday's supplement, unfortunately placed his hand in the shaving machine and suffered the loss of six fingers. The first, second and third fingers of the right hand were cut off just below the second joint, and the first, second and third fingers of the left hand were severed just above the same joint.

OIL WHERE THEY DESPAIRED

THE RACE FOR THE SECRETARYSHIP OF STATE.

BURGLARS AT WORK IN VARIOUS SECTIONS

Fatal Inattention to Repeated Warnings—Presbyterians in Session at Huntsville—Boy Loses a Foot—State News Brevities.

IN AN OLD WELL.

R. R. Zell, president of the Southern Industrial Co., has returned from Reid's Gap, in Blount county, where he has been testing an oil and gas well on his company's property at that place. He says that both oil and gas will be found in paying quantities and he brought with him samples taken from the well at a depth of 1800 feet. The well was dug twelve years ago by a company from Pittsburg, but was stopped up and the prospectors left the country and never returned. They were unfortunate," said Mr. Zell, "one of them succumbed to an attack of typhoid fever: the partner took the body back home, and sent for his men to leave the place. Since then the well has remained stopped up." The plug in the top of the well was twenty feet long. As it was drawn out a match was applied to the mouth of the pipe and gas burned with a blueish flame. Tests of the water were made, and it was found impregnated with oil. On account of the alkaline nature of the water, the oil readily mixed with it, and did not come to the surface as is usual. Mr. Zell and his associates will have the water pumped out, and if necessary will bore the well one thousand feet deeper. He says the pressure of the water is great and until this is removed it will be impossible for the gas to escape. If the gas is found in sufficient quantity Mr. Zell says it will be piped into Birmingham and more wells bored. Machinery has already been ordered with which to do the work.

AT WORK AGAIN.

Burglars have been at work in Tuscaloosa. The store of Mr. H. Gluck was entered early Friday morning and a little over $15 was taken from the safe, which had the day lock on. The cash drawer was also relieved of its contents. The office of the Tuscaloosa Laundry was entered the same night and the cash register stolen. Mr. Simpson, however, had deposited what money he had in the bank, and is only out the register.

THEY DIDN'T GET IT.

The safe of the Southern Express Company, at Hollywood, was blown open Friday night and badly damaged. Several hundred dollars belonging to local cedar companies, together with the money of the express and railroad companies, was in the safe, but the burglars were alarmed at the excessive noise of the explosion and fled.

SAD ACCIDENT.

Crawford, the 16-year-old son of D. C. Byrne, chairman of the executive committee of the democratic party of Baldwin county, accidently discharged a gun while out hunting Wednesday, the shot taking effect in his right foot. Amputation was found necessary.

J. W. PHILLIPS, a car inspector of the Alabama Great Southern, was caught between two cars at Bessemer last week and severely squeezed. His injuries are severe, but it is thought that he will recover.

IT'S ALL OVER.

Montgomery's fall festival closed Saturday. It has not been as complete a success as its two predecessors, and it is not likely that another will be attempted. The fair association may come out free of debt. The redeeming features were the boat races and the vaudeville performance at the auditorium. The latter was really a treat, and the former seems likely to eventuate in the organization of a boat club and the cultivation of the aquatic tastes of the community. The management has done remarkably well, working against a quiet opposition throughout.

CLAIMS INSPIRATION.

While in his bar at Wilson, N. C., Wade Aycock was shot and killed by his clerk, George Gay. The latter then turned his pistol upon himself and inflicted serious but not necessarily fatal injuries. The shooting is supposed to have been the result of sudden insanity, as no motive is apparent. While in an unconscious condition Gay said: "God told me to do it."

OUT OF THE RACE.

The announcement that Senator James H. Nunellee, of Dallas, had withdrawn from the race for secretary of state has caused much gossip among politicians. Senator Nunellee was considered possibly the most formidable candidate in the field and it is said that other would-be aspirants were withholding their announcement awaiting the final decision of the Dallas candidate. It had been for some weeks rumored that in case Senator Nunellee received the appointment as circuit clerk of Dallas that he would withdraw from the state canvass. The rumor now comes that Audjutant General Brandon, of Tuscaloosa, and J. C. Adams, of Dale, chief clerk in the office of the commissioner of agriculture, will enter the race. Both are strong throughout the state and their candidacy would add much interest to the contest. There are three avowed candidates for the position, Frank N. Julian, of Colbert; W. A. Givhan, of Madison, and W. C. Bibb, of Montgomery.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Thieves entered the postoffice at Montevallo Friday night, and blowing open the safe, looted its contents, amounting to about $100. It has been ascertained that the robbers first entered the blacksmith shop of A. M. Cross, selected the necessary tools, and proceeded to the postoffice. The safe was blown open with dynamite, the knob having first been knocked off with a monkey wrench. The door was hurled about ten feet by the explosion and considerably damaged the opposite wall. After robbing the postoffice the cracksmen proceeded to the Montevallo Drug Company's store and rifled the cash drawer but secured only a few cents. The postmaster had placed the bulk of the postoffice funds, $210, in another place.

FELL TO HIS DEATH.

Geo. Lamb, a white employe of the steel plant at Ensley, fell through an opening in some part of the gas producer Friday and was killed, the fall breaking his neck. He had been warned of the opening and only a short time before the accident his attention had been called to it. It appears from the statement of those nearest him at the time that he was drowsy and careless at the time of the accident. He was a trusted employe of the company.

IN HUNTSVILLE.

The Alabama synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian church met in Huntsville Friday, Rev. J. W. Caldwell presiding. Rev. I. D. Steele, of Birmingham, delivered the introductory sermon. Rev. J. L. Cooper, of the Birmingham presbytery, was elected moderator. Delegates from all parts of the state attended.

THE handle mill at Francisco, owned by the Southern Handle Co., of Huntsville, was burned down one night last week entailing a loss of $500. It is thought to have been the work of an incendiary. The company will rebuild at an early day.

ENSLEY'S new post office has $1,000 worth of new furniture.

AUDITOR SOWELL on November 1st sent out the warrants for the Confederate pension money. These warrants were sent to the various probate judges for distribution among the pensioners.

PREPARING FOR BUSINESS.

Col. W. P. Pinckard and W. P. McCrossin were in Tuscaloosa recently in the interest of the DeBardeleben Coal and Coke Company. While here they purchased 160 acres of coal lands from W. D. Seed, paying therefor $880, or $5.50 per acre. Mr. Seed is probably the largest land proprietor in the western part of Alabama, owning something over 11,000 acres. The Debardeleben Coal and Coke Company has opened mines two or three miles out from Dudley on the Alabama Great Southern Railroad, and will soon have a large amount of their output on the market.

TEXAS SHOOTING.

J. W. McDonald and his wife, Susan, were shot from ambush on the banks of the Brazos river near Waco, Tex., and both were killed. They were fishing near their tent when some one fired on them. The shot that killed the wife was evidently very one, for the woman's clothing took fire and her body was burned to a crisp. The murderer was evidently after money.

THANKSGIVING DAY NOW

IN A PROCLAMATION BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

UNCLE SAM WANTS MORE NOW

Guatemala Sends Special Messenger to Express Regrets for McKinley's Death—Roosevelt to Visit Charleston—We Want Fang Called Home by China.

President Roosevelt has his Thanksgiving Day Proclamation ready for Thursday, November 28th, as the day of national thanksgiving. The proclamation is as follows:

A PROCLAMATION.

"The season is well nigh here, and according to the time honored custom of our people, the president must set a day as the especial occasion for praise and thanksgiving to God.

"This thanksgiving finds the people still bowed with sorrow for the death of a great and good president. We mourn President McKinley because we so loved and honored him, and the manner of his death should awaken in the breasts of our people keen anxiety for the country and at the same time a resolute purpose not to be driven by any calamity from the path of strong, orderly, popular liberty, which as a nation we have so far safely trod.

"Yet in spite of this great disaster it is nevertheless true that no people on earth have such an abundant cause for thanksgiving as we have. The past year in particular has been one of peace and plenty. We have prospered in things material and have been able to work for our own uplifting in things intellectual and spiritual. Let us remember that as much has been given us much will be expected from us, and thorough honesty must come from the heart as well as from the head and shows itself in the deeds. We can best prove our thankfulness to Almighty by the way in which we do our duty to his fellowmen.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving, Thursday, the 28th of this present November, and I recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their worldly occupations and at their several homes and places of worship reverently thank the Giver of all good for the manifold blessings of our national life.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington this second day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1901, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth.

("Signed) Theodore Roosevelt.

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"By the President,

"John Hay, Secretary of State."

The little Central American republic of Guatemala has sent a special embassy to Washington with a message of condolence to the United States upon the death of President McKinley. Dr. George Muenor is the bearer of the letter.

President Roosevelt has accepted the invitation of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition to attend the exposition on Wednesday, February 12th, Lincoln's birthday. It is understood that President Roosevelt and all the living members of his cabinet will attend the exposition with the Presidential party.

Congress, at its last session, authorized the Secretary of the Navy Long to contract for needed additions to the navy yards, and the secretary now has let the building of about fourteen vessels in all for the navy. The bill for naval construction waste three battleships, two 14,000 ton battleships, two armored cruisers, six gunboats each of about 600 and 200 tons, and several colliers and picket boats.

The estimates for the expenses of the interior department for the fiscal year beginning next July aggregate $170,000,000, of which $28,200 is asked for pensions and the administrative work of the pension bureau.

The recall of Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister at Washington, has been decided upon. He will be offered, it is announced, a similar post in the foreign office by his abilities, which it is believed he will decline. Li Hung Chang's adopted daughter, Tseng, adopted son of Tseng, is a prominent social leader in the Washington mission. He is years of age and was educated in England.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Old Darkey Man Changes Quickly From Sanguine to Sanguinary.

ROOSEVELT—WASHINGTON INCIDENT

Southern's Faith in New President Receives a Decided Shock—Wishes Editor Brann Were Among the Living Just Now.

It looks now like my old friend, Evan Howell, has lost his influence with the new president, and I have lost my faith. Hope and despair are sometimes not far apart. Last week I was sanguine, which means hopeful, confident, and now I am sanguinary, which means fighting mad.

"This world is all a fleeting show
For man's delusion given,
And you can't always sometimes must
generally tell what is going to happen."

The smartest doctor can't diagnose every case, nor cure a disease if the patient does not want to be cured. My faith is shattered. I wish that Brann was alive with his iconoclast. May be he could do justice to the situation and give me the use of language. Bob Toombs said that fanaticism of our northern brethren about the negro fanned his indignation, and just so now our contempt is getting fired. The day after I read about it I couldn't realize it, nor did I believe it was as bad as pictured, and so I waited for light—more light—I had an idea that Booker Washington in some way had crept in about dinner time, and Mr. Roosevelt, having more heart than head, thoughtlessly asked him to sit down at his table. I thought that may be he sympathized with the man who had done so much for his race and was tabooed everywhere by white people and hotels and churches and white folks, cars and opera houses, and so his heart got the better of his head and he did it in haste and would repent at his leisure. I thought it was just one case, for the New York Press said it was unique. Then I remember that Cleveland invited the dusky queen of the Sandwich islands to the white house, and maybe Roosevelt looked upon Booker Washington as a kind of ambassador or chief of a foreign race, and I kept on thinking and guessing around for an explanation or palliation until it was discovered that the case was not unique, for he did a like thing before at Albany, while he was governor, and that he sent his children to school with negro children at Oyster Bay. Then I gave it up. He has sadly disappointed his friends and dishonored the state his mother came from and desecrated the president's mansion. It is no longer the white house, but, like the chameleon, takes any color that comes. Now I suppose that Miss Washington, who is at Wellesley college, will be a welcome visitor to the mansion during her vacation, and maybe Roosevelt's son will fall in love with her and marry her without leaving to elope. That is the tendency of this new departure—this unique case. But a hopeful man, an optimist, should wait a few days and ruminate. Time is a good doctor and I am not as mad this morning as I was last week. I think maybe that it is not as bad a case as I think it is. By nature I am a good deal like my good old kind hearted mother, who gently took every body's part who was abused. One day my father came home very mad with a man who had mistreated him and when he related his grievance to mother, she said: "Maybe the man didn't mean it and will make it all right after awhile." Father got irritated a little with mother and said: "Caroline, I believe you would defend the old devil if he was here on trial." And she said: "Well, I have sometimes thought that too much was laid on him."

I still believe that Roosevelt is naturally a good, big-hearted man and he didn't think that his official position limited his private and domestic rights. The white house was his home, his castle and he could ask in it or not out whomsoever he pleased. He was born and reared at the north, where a sound and amazing sympathy with the southern negro is almost universal. It monopolized the press and the pulpit, though they knew no more about the negro and his racial traits than we know about Bulgaria and the Macedonian bandits. What a foolish folly is that sympathy. Its tendency is to spoil the most contented and happiest race on earth. Sometimes I envy them their merry nature. Booker Washington seems in earnest in his efforts to elevate and refine his people, but I doubt whether he is really doing them any good. To labor is their nature and the higher education unfits them for it. I suppose that Tuskegee has turned out 2,000 or 3,000 graduates, but where are they and what are they doing? We never hear of one in this region and last year a professor from Tuscaloosa declared publicly in Atlanta that he had been to Tuskegee and investigated and could hear of only about a dozen out of 1,200 who were at work. The most of them came out mechanics or farmers, but they have been transformed into "gentlemen" and are living in their kinnolks. A few have been sent to Africa to start the cotton business, and it is to be hoped that the others will go there and stay. Brann

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This world is a fleeting show,
For man's delusion given,
And you and I are sometimes most
Of what is going to
... nation.

The smartest doctor can't diagnose your case ... a disease if he wants to be cured. My ... I wish that Brann ... iconoclast. May be he could do ... to the situation and ... of language. Bob ... fanaticism of our northern people about the negro fades ... his indignation, and just so ... we get tired. The ... after I read about it I couldn't ... I believe it was as ... and so I waited for ... I had an idea that ... Washington in some way had ... sinner time, and Mr. ... more heart than ... asked him to sit ... I thought that may ... with the man who ... for his race and ... where by white people ... churches and white ... cars and opera houses, and so ... heart got the better of his head ... did it in haste and would repent at his leisure. I thought it was ... for the New York Press ... Then I remember ... invited the dusky ... of the Sandwich islands to the ... and maybe Roosevelt ... Washington as a ... ambassador or chief of a foreign race, and I kept on thinking and ... for an explanation or ... it was discovered that ... was not unique, for he did a ... thing before at Albany, while he ... governor, and that he sent his children to school with negro children at ... Then I gave it up. He ... disappointed his friends and ... the state his mother came ... and decorated the president's ... It is no longer the white ... but, like the chameleon, takes ... color that comes. Now I suppose ... Miss Washington, who is at Wellesley college, will be a welcome visitor ... the mansion during her vacation, ... maybe Roosevelt's son will fall in ... with her and marry her without ... to elope. That is the tendency ... this new departure—this unique ... But a hopeful man, an optimist, ... wait a few days and ruminate. ... is a good doctor and I am not as ... this morning as I was last week. ... that it is not as bad a ... as I think it is. By nature I am ... good deal like my good old kind-hearted mother who gently took everybody's part who was abused. One day ... father came home very mad with ... who had mistreated him and ... he related his grievance to mother, she said: "Maybe the man didn't ... it and will make it all right afterwhile." Father got irritated a little with mother and said: "Caroline, I believe you would defend the old ... if he was here on trial." And ... said: "Well, I have sometimes thought that too much was laid on him."

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But we will wait and watch and some good people will pray for deliverance—"deliver us from evil." I haven't given up Mr. Roosevelt yet. If we could only get him down here for two or three years he would become so disgusted with the negro and so exacting that they wouldn't hire to him. Our observation long has been that the northern people who come south to live soon get their eyes opened and understand the situation. Not long ago the editor of a Baptist paper in New York said that the south was not ready for it now, but the time would soon come when miscegenation would be found the best solution of the race problem. And only last week the editor of a republican paper defended Mr. Roosevelt and said that in another generation social equality between the races would be universal at the south and it was well to start it at the white house. With such malignant fools we can do nothing, for they are too far off. But they had better shinny on their own side.

P. S.—I am gratified that Mrs. Park and others have come to the rescue of Nancy Hart and have established her as a fact and heroine in our history of the revolution. We ought to have a state historian to record and preserve these things. Fifty years from now somebody will be saying that Bill Arp was a myth, and I wouldn't like it.

N. B.—We read that the American Missionary Association at Chicago have indorsed the president and commended social equality between the races. It is about time now for the blue and the gray to embrace again. Let brotherly love continue.

Later from the Front.—The unique has vanished and Roosevelt's capers have become multifarious, ubiquitous and ridiculous.

Hope for a season bids the south farewell. To your tents, Oh, Israel! Call off the dogs. I'm going out to work in my garden.—Bill Arp, In Atlanta Constitution.

With the trend of the country's progress, it may be well to note the unlimited demand for Western lumber. The supply sent to the Eastern markets has materially decreased, owing to the steady building of new Western towns. The vast, productive region beyond the Mississippi, which was marked in Peter Parley's geography as "The Great American Desert," has now become a theatre of business activity, and the dwelling place of thousands of prosperous, contented families. The trade of the Northwest has increased in the past ten years, according to Bradstreet's reports, over five hundred per cent., a statement that seems to be phenomenal. The West can also boast of hundreds of small towns, some less than a year old, and all progressing with vigor and rapidity. Their presence is due to the advance of transportation facilities into new sections, states Sun.

STATE ITEMS IN BRIEF.

RURAL mail delivery in Jefferson county begins about November 1st.

JUDGE THOMAS G. JONES, of Montgomtey, has paid a visit to President Roosevelt.

NEW YORK capital is interested in building an electric road from Huntsville to Monte Sano.

ARCHIE H. ARLINGTON was Friday sworn in as recorder for Montgomery, vice B. H. Tarver.

TUSCALOOSA has finished numbering her houses and free postal delivery commences there on December 1st.

CONVICTION on almost every indictment in Lee county netted the solicitor over $1,000 in fees this last session.

THE number of students at the University of Alabama as shown by President Wyman's report to the trustees is 232.

GOVERNOR JELKS was in Demopolis last Wednesday and crowned Miss Gertrude Michael Queen of the Fair.

THE pig iron market remains firm and an advance of 25 cents a ton on grey forge was reported. A general advance is not expected for some time.

W. B. CRENSHAW, the civil engineer in charge of the survey of the extension of the Southern Railway, known as the "Warrior Southern," has completed his work.

At the close of business October 31, 1901, the public debt, less cash in treasury, was $1,022,032,957, a decrease from last month of $9,363,400. The cash balance was $325,655,697.

CUP, ALA., had a disastrous fire Friday night, in which Mont Black lost five thousand dollars by having his large cotton gin and saw and grist mill destroyed. He lost seven fine porkers that would have netted 2,000 pounds of meat. No insurance.

THE annual poultry show of the North Alabama Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association will be held in Huntsville during the first part of January. Fine fowls from all parts of Alabama and Tennessee will be entered in the contests.

WASHINGTON court of claims has allowed the estate of Hamlin Caldwell, of Scottsboro, $10,760 for property destroyed during the civil war. There are four heirs to the estate—King, George, Europe, and Miss Almena Caldwell, all of whom live in Scottsboro.

MISS LELIA JOHNSTON, of Eufaula, has been declared Queen of the Street Fair to be held in that town in the near future. Arrangements for the fair are nearing completion, the committees having the management in hand having already made most of the preparations.

J. F. HARRISON, of Abbeville Junction, Dale county, was knocked from the track and instantly killed by a Plant System train near Midland City last Wednesday night. The accident occurred about midnight and Mr. Harrison was alone at the time. His body was found lying beside the track early the following morning.

THE Presbyterian Synod of Alabama will convene at Livingston this week Wednesday and will remain in session several days. It will be called to order by the retiring moderator, the Rev. Dr. Neal Anderson, of Montgomery. All the ministers in the state and one ruling elder from each church will be entitled to sit as members of the synod.

BIG MORTGAGE.

The Knickerbocker Trust Company, of New York City, has filed for record at Florence a mortgage for $1,600,000 to secure bonds for the building of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railway on the line projected from Florence to Clifton, Tenn., a distance of eighty miles. J. L. Bell, of New York City, is President and George A. Sykes is treasurer. The road was projected by George L. Johnson, o Waynesboro, Tenn., and J. L. Bell who have been working on the project for several years. The railroad will run through one of the richest brown ore fields in the country.

A CONTRACT for four thousand new books was closed by the Dallas Manufacturing Company of Huntsville to be placed in its library for mill operatives at the Dallas Mills. The company has recently established a free library and a public park and the former will be extensive.

REPAIRS aggregating $5,500 will be made upon the university buildings at Tuscaloosa.

JUNE 25TH, 1902

Is the date set for the coronation of Edward VII of England, the ceremonies to last two days. Offense has been given to the English manufacturers by the king choosing for the robes a velvet only made in Lyons, France. English velvet is claimed to be quite as good and serviceable, but it cannot be obtained in the precise tint the king prefers. The manufacturers are preparing a letter of protest on the subject. Another difficulty has has arisen in deciding the type and make of the peers' coronets, owing to the fact that no genuine ones were obtainable until two were unearthed in the college of heralds. Many peers prefer to absent themselves from the ceremonial rather than wear coronets.

WON HIS CASE, THOUGH.

Attorney Victor Smith, of Atlanta, was painfully cut in the neck Friday in an altercation at Buena Vista, Ga., by Charles Moore, president of the Buena Vista Trading Company. Smith represented the defendant in a suit by the trading company against the Burden, Coleman, Warthen Company for $10,000 damages. Some letters were introduced during the trial which seemed to meet the disapproval of Mr. Moore. After the trial Moore invited Smith to the rear of the court house and while there told him that the letters were untrue. Words passed and it is said that Moore gave Smith the lie, whereupon Smith struck him, and Moore drew a knife and stabbed the Atlantan four times in the back of the neck. The wounds are painful, but not serious. The jury in the case about which the trouble arose rendered a verdict for $750.

TURKEY GIVES IN.

The dispatch of the French fleet for Turkey brought the Sultan to time. He agreed to pay the claims of France. The fleet goes right on, however, as France wants to know how and when payment will be made. Italy's fleet is on its way to join that of France.

FISK'S SLAYER DEAD.

Edward S. Stokes died Saturday afternoon, at the home of his sister, Mrs. McNutt, in New York City. Succeeding a severe attack which came while he was traveling in Canada, Stokes had for some time been in failing health. He was very low ten days ago, but rallied only to sink again. He began failing at midnight, and his strength slowly ebbed away to the end.

JURIST DEAD.

Judge A. D. Matthews, aged 67 years, dropped dead at his home at Ardmore, I. T., Saturday of heart disease. Judge Matthews was a pioneer resident of the Indian Territory and was the first United States commissioner under president Harrison.

NOT ON THE PROGRAM.

A captive balloon containing nine people, one woman and eight men, broke from the fastenings at San Francisco Saturday afternoon and floated to the neighborhood of Redwood City, about thirty miles distant. The occupants of the balloon landed unharmed. Among those in the balloon were Mrs. J. Dunsell, Edward G. Dudley, who is said to be an aeronaut of considerable experience, and a gymnast named Leon. The balloon had a lifting power of 4,000 pounds.

BRIEF FREEDOM.

Thomas Hart, under sentence for murder, and a Mexican named Leibas in jail at Denver for robbery, overpowered the deputy sheriff on guard Sunday and taking possession of a switch engine ran it four miles into the country and escaped. Section Foreman Martin fired a shot through the speeding engine, and from blood found on a cushion in the engine it is supposed that Leibas, who was working the throttle, was hit. When the men left the engine they opened wide the throttle and the locomotive ran seven miles before stopping. The latest report is that the men were encountered near Fortuna, a small mining camp, and a desperate battle ensued, resulting in the killing of Hart and the capture of Leibas.

FAR AWAY FROM HOME.

I. L. Beardsley, of Brooklyn, died in the railway hospital, St. Augustine, Fla., aged 82 years. He arrived from New York Saturday night before, to spend the winter in Florida, coming earlier than usual on account of ill health. He was formerly public librarian of Brooklyn, and was for many years connected with the Standard Oil Company. The body will be taken to Cleveland, Ohio, for interment.

MEXICO IN FIRST PLACE.

At Saturday morning's meeting of the Pan-American Congress, General Rafael Reyes, delegate of Columbia, in a speech full of praise for the United States, proposed that H. C. Davis, chairman of the United States delegation, be elected permanent president of the Pan-American conference. He said it was duty of courtesy. Mr. Davis declined saying that the Americans were not there for place of prominence, but to increase the general feeling of amity and good will among the American nations. Cobaro Balgosa, chairman of the Mexican delegation, was elected president of the American international conference, Lurat Peroira, of Brazil, was elected first vice-president and Balletzar Ehtrurpynian, of Salvador, second vice-president. Senor Carbo, of Ecuador, proposed Secretary Hay as an additional honorary president. Senor Calve, of Costa Rica, seconded the motion, and Senor Carrea, of Nicaragua, asked that the appointment be made by acclamation, and after another speech by Governor Reyes the conference accepted Carbo's proposal unanimously by acclamation.

ATTEMPTED FRAUD.

Since the reported drowning of Mrs. Bettie Collier, of Union Grove, in the Tennessee river near Paint Rock, many sensational reports have been current, based on the fact that a $5,000 life insurance policy had been taken taken out by her only a short while ago. The Union Central Insurance Company through its general and special agents, has investigated the case and obtained affidavits which go to show that a conspiracy had been formed to collect insurance on a disappearance and that Amos was to have been paid a portion. Charles Amos says that he took Mrs. Collier in a skiff a short distance, landed her safely, rowed across and threw out some of her wearing apparel and both their hats, reached a shallow place near the bank, got out and overturned the skiff and cried for help. Will Barber was waiting on the bank. He met him and together they spread the alarm. Mrs. Collier has been seen since the alleged drowning.

VITAL STATISTICS OF AVANNA.

A statement concerning the vital statistics of the city of Havana for the month of September, 1901, compiled from official reports on file in the division of insular affairs of the war department, shows that the health conditions were decidedly the best attained in any month. The least number of deaths occurring in any previous September since 1889 was 496 in 1899, the greater number, 2,307, in 1898. For September, 1901, there were 329 deaths. Taking the yellow fever year as commencing April 1, the record of the past eleven years show that for the six months up to the first of October the smallest number of deaths from this disease occurred in 1899, when there were 38 deaths; the greatest number in 1897, when there were 659 deaths. No smallpox has occurred in a year, and there was scarcely any cases of other infectious diseases.

SHEFFIELD MAY GET IT.

J. M. Brosius, the owner and patentee of the No Treadle sewing machine, is in Sheffield with the view of looking over the situation for the purpose of locating his plant there. He has a fully equipped plant at Terre Haute, Ind., that represents an investment of $300,000, and it is this plant that is proposed to be brought to Sheffield. Sheffield will do all in her power to secure it and it is believed her efforts will be successful.

LI HUNG CHANG is reported improved.

CABLE rates to the Philippines have been reduced.

LOWELL, MASS., felt a severe shock of earthquake last Thursday.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON, upon reaching home, said he would challenge next year for the America's cup.

NINETY-SIX carloads of flour burned at Manitowoc, Wis., Sunday night.

Chang Tee Yi has been appointed Chinese minister to London. He is 55 years of age and was formerly interpreter at the Chinese legations in London and Berlin.

Theodore Ingalls, of Louisville, has been appointed chief of the mail department, succeeding Emanuel Spelch, transferred to another branch of the service.

Portugal's new minister to Washington is Senor Horta Mac Pado.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

A well known doctor advises the adoption of a hard bed and that children should be trained from the beginning to sleep upon no other kind. It is certainly true that as a rule a hard bed conduces to the most refreshing kind of sleep, the feather bed, so dearly loved by our grandmothers, being enervating in the extreme.

In dredging to deepen the channels of the Shoalhaven and Moruya rivers, in New South Wales gold dust was accidentally discovered in the mud. An automatic gold saver was at once attached to the dredging machine and now it is estimated that enough gold will thus be obtained to pay the expenses of keeping the channels open.

Father Karner, who is assisted financially in his underground researches by the Austrian imperial academy of science, reports that he has discovered in Eselte, in Hungary, an artificial cavern of large size, with rooms, passages and steps. From writings and cuttings on the walls it appears that in 1686 many Hungarian nobles took refuge here. A woman's name, with the date 1738, is also visible. On the ground in the lowest vault a prehistoric urn with fragments of other ancient vessels, was found, showing that the cavern had been occupied in ancient times.

Professor Woodworth describes in a scientific paper a new movement for writers with the pen, for which he claims decided advantages over the older methods. He suggests that the paper be placed so as to slant to the right instead of to the left, when the horizontal lines may be followed by the whole arm, in the direction of the forearm, back toward the flank. Meanwhile impart to the wrist and forearm a back and forth motion, which shall produce the vertical strokes of the letters. This method, he says, will make rapid writing freer and more legible, with no tendency to degenerate into the flat scrawl. The movement has another advantage in that it may be taught with comparative ease to the left hand.

It is interesting to learn some of the results already achieved at the Durham county consumption sanatorium, recently opened in Weardale, Eng. In an interim report of 15 cases treated during the 19 weeks of the establishment of the institution at the end of 1900, the medical superintendent said: "These 15 patients gained on an average one and a half pounds in weight per capita each week, and at the same time their walking powers very greatly increased. The walks are extensive and varied and are along sheltered roads, by running streams, through woods, up hills, rising 700 feet, and across heather-clad moors 1400 feet above sea level. Almost all the patients remained out of doors the maximum amount of 11 1-2 hours each day and slept with their French windows wide open all night."

A caster intended particularly for use in metal bedsteads has been recently brought out. The caster is made with the usual wooden wheel and metal stem, but differs from other casters in the construction of the socket, which is made of cork. The cork is inclosed in a strong metal frame stamped from one piece of sheet steel and so shaped as to form both top and bottom plates connected by a side piece. The cork is so tapered as to allow the top end to go into the tube of the bed post easily, and when forced in until it is in as far as the lower plate, it is held rigidly in the tube. After many experiments it was found that cork would be especially suitable for the socket, as the cork adheres firmly to the tubing and also holds the stem in its place, a projection being formed on the end of the stem for this purpose. The stem can be made detachable, or, if desired, it can be permanently fastened by enlarging the projection on the end.

Slow Railroads in Porto Rico.

"There is great opportunity in Porto Rico for the railroad promoter," said D. C. Jennings, a civil engineer recently returned from that island. "There are at present only 126 miles of railroad there—82 miles along the northern coast, 34 miles along the western coast and 22 miles on the southwestern border. That mileage is exclusive of an 11-mile narrow gauge road and six miles of tramroad.

"All of the vast interior and the entire eastern portion of the island are without railroad communication with any place, and if the wagon roads within that area are like the stage route connecting Hormigueros, the southern terminus of the Agusdilla & Hormigueros railroad, with Yauco, the western terminus of the Yauco & Ponce railroad, travel on them must be something that the stranger is likely to remember until he gets to be very, very old.

"The gap between those two railroads is 20 miles, and the stage coach rushes the traveler across it in from 8 to 10 hours. The average rate of speed on the Porto Rico railroads is 12 miles an hour."—New York Times.

Fodily Proportions.

The proportions of the human figure are six times the length of the right foot. The face, from the highest point of the forehead, where the hair begins, to the end of the chin, is one-tenth of the whole stature. The hand, from the wrist to the end of the middle finger, is also one-tenth of the total height. From the crown to the stape of the neck is one-twelfth of the stature.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here pouring truth her glorious precepts flow,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

CIRCUIT Court will convene at Clanton for the Fall Term on Monday, November 25.

RATIFICATION is the question to be decided on Monday next, November 11. Spare an hour or two and vote for ratification.

YOURSELF and those unborn are concerned in your vote next Monday. Vote for ratification and you will vote right!

NOT one white man will be disfranchised. That is the secret of the new constitution. Vote for ratification!

WHAT, if any, objection can you possibly find to the new constitution? Some say the poor white man will lose his right to vote. That is not true. Every white man who can vote now, can register and vote under the new constitution. Vote for ratification!

THERE is nothing good in the old constitution that cannot be found in the new one, and, in addition to the good to be found in the old, there are more good things in the new constitution than can be found in the old. Vote for ratification and you will always be proud of having done so.

ON Monday next the voters of Alabama have to decide the momentous question of the ratification or rejection of the new constitution. This is a matter that comes home to every man, for upon the result depends the welfare and future prosperity, not only of every person now living, but also of those who come after us. Every voter should carefully weigh the merits and demerits of the old and new constitutions, and having made his decision vote accordingly.

This is not a question of party politics; it is not a question where prejudice or preconceived notions should be allowed to enter; it is not a question temporarily affecting the welfare of the State. But it is a question that deeply concerns you now and as long as you live, and also affects your children and grandchildren.

The Democratic party has declared it is not a party question, and has left the matter to every man to decide for himself. The Republican party has left it to its members to vote whichever way they think best. If any other party has taken any action we are not cognizant of it.

The Banner has never offered any advice to its readers it did not honestly believe was for their benefit. That which is good for you is good for us. We believe we have devoted as much time and thought studying the new constitution as any man in Chilton county, and we are profoundly convinced that the ratification of the new constitution is for the best interests of all. We hope to see Chilton county vote for ratification next Monday.

There is nothing to lose by voting for the new constitution, but on the contrary there is much to be gained. We are satisfied that it is only a matter of a short period of time when every man who votes in favor of ratification will congratulate himself upon having so done, and as he sees the growing prosperity of the State under the new organic law he will feel glad that his vote sided in the better condition of affairs generally.

DR. CUNNINGHAM AT CLANTON.

On Monday morning there was a fairly good attendance at the court house to hear Dr. cunningham on the new constitution. W. J. Dennis, chairman of the campaign committee, introduced the speaker. Dr. cunningham first explained the advantage of the new constitution over the old. He showed the necessity for a lieutenant-governor, and how that office would cost the State $300, for four years. Sheriffs, who were State executive officers, would in the event of neglect of duty, be impeached bp the supreme court, instead of the circuit court. The new constitution provides for an increase of three senators and five representatives. He carefully showed the advantage to the people of the new constitution over the old in the matter of local legislation. Under the new there could be no legislation enadted against the wishes of the people, who would have the privilege of voting directly on all matters concerning their interests. Under the new constitution there could be no stock law run over the heads of the people. If they did not want stock law, they would vote that way, and no legislation could be had in opposition to their wishes.

On the suffrage question the Doctor was especially eloquent. He said the paramount question in the constitution was not to take the privilege of voting from one solitary white man, but to take off every negro that possibly could be taken off. In order not to conflict Federals constitution, this was a hard matter, but it had been overcome, and under the new constitution every white man would be a voter, and but a very few negroes would enjoy the privilege.

He illustrated how every white man would be registered. He called upon all the old soldiers and decendants of soldiers in the ordinance to hold up their hands, and a large majority did so. Then he called upon every white man of good character to do likewise, and thus showed that under one clause or the other every white man would be registered. A few negroes who were in the ordinance were neither soldiers or decendants of soldiers, and the good character clause might hard for them to satisfy, so that nearly all the negroes will be left out.

During the canvass for constitutional convention it was often said that the new constitution would never be referred back to the people for ratification. This charge has been proved false, because now the people are to vote upon it on Monday next. Other charges that are now being made have no better foundation than that one had, and while it is absolutely certain that the new constitution will be ratified by a big majority of the white people I want to see the people of Chilton help to do it.

The recent massacres of our troops in the Island of Samar have recalled attention to general condition in the Philippines. In the Review of Reviews for November will be found two articles of exceptional importance dealing with those conditions. Capt. John H. Parker, who served in the archipelago for two years, and during that time had all the varied experiences that fell to the lot of our army officers in putting down the insurrection and restoring order in the islands writes on "The Last Phase of the Philippine Rebellion and the Problems Resulting Therefrom," while Capt. H. L. Hawthorne, another officer whose service in the Philippines has been extensive, defines "The Viewpoint of the Filipinos." Each article presents aspects of the Filipino character that have been imperfectly understood by many of the writers who have attempted to instruct the public regarding the Philippine situation. Captain Parker's account of the Katipunan Society is especially valuable. Captain Hawthorne disposes effectually of the claim that the insurrection was at any stage of its progress a patriotic uprising of a united people.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Bethel.

Weather is fine for cotton picking and opossum hunting. There was a lively crowd at Maple Springs Sunday, and the sermon was enjoyed by all. Mrs J. B Thomas visited relatives near here last Sunday

Messrs. J. M. Mims and Julie Lanford are visiting the capital city.

I suppose Miss Ethel Popwell and her friend had a nice time Sunday; at least we hope so.

Prof. Harris' school at Maple Springs opens next Monday.

Some of the high school boys were at Maple Springs Sunday

BIRD 1.

Healthy Children Are Happy.

Mother's Worm Syrup makes children healthy by expelling the worms that make them ill. Children eat it on bread.

Pleasant Grove.

Editor Banner—Doubtless many of your readers have learned of the death of Mr. N. L. Maroney which occurred a few weeks ago, which was sad news to the people of this community, where Mr. Maroney had be n long and favorably known. Mr. Maroney was a worthy public spirited, christian gentleman, a kind father, a loving husband, an ardent church worker. The writer well remembers the beautiful autumn evening back in the seventies when Mr. Maroney and his loving wife were baptized by Rev. R. M. Honeycutt at Pleasant Grove; and now another lovely autumn day witnesses his burial by loving hands at Pleasant Grove. Mr. Maroney loved Pleasant Grove, and it is surely appropriate that his remains should rest at the place he loved so well. We sympathize with the sorrowing relatives. A FRIEND.

Moccasina.

Farmers have been very busy gathering; corn has been gathered and most of our farmers have made enough corn to make out with, and some cotton to sell and some are selling their cotton seed.

Mr. W. H. Gipson who has been sick with slow fever, for six weeks, is now convalescing, we are glad to say. His little son, Clevie, is also improving.

Messrs J. P. Nix and Lewis Waldrop were visitors to clanton last Monday. Prof. J. T. Martin, has secured a school at Ruderville and will move his family in a few weeks; we regret to give them up.

Several of our farmers have bought new wagons this fall.

Quite a number of our young men have bought new buggies and some new bicycles, so the wheels keep rolling. CLINT.

Plantersville.

It may be of interest to your readers to know that my school here has steadily grown since opening, about 25 additional pupils having been enrolled. My department today reached 83 pupils, the primary department a few more. The upper story of the school building is to be fitted up at once, as the lower rooms are full, and more pupils are to enter. The school building, a new two-story structure, stands upon a beautiful level campus of four acres. The upper story is finished and that is the part which is to be fitted up at once. Success to you,

yours truly, E Y McMORRIES

Maybe you don't have colic. Then you don't need Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for that purpose. But you don't know when you may get hurt, and it is a record-breaker for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, inflamed eyes, Sore Throat, "Poison Oak," etc. Contains no grease, and the odor is very pleasant. Call at drug stores for it.

Subscribe for the Banner.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head office. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that they have claimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

JUDSON STROOK
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES
PAINTS, ETC.
Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

C. R. MULLINS
REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.
Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.
C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ON A WHEEL the rider frequently meets with disaster. A very handy and reliable remedy to have with you when the unwished happens is a bottle of Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Ulcers or Running Sores
need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT
will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

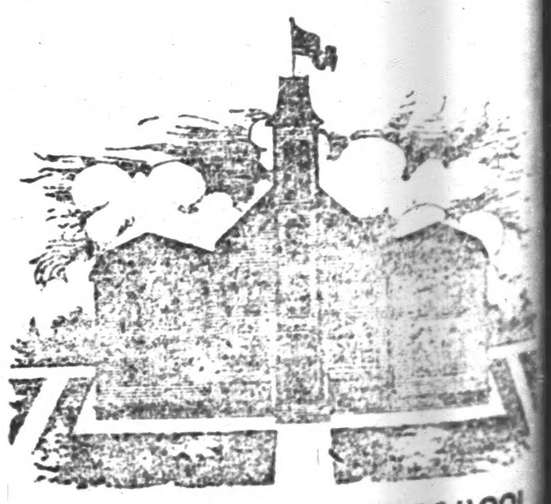
YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the top.

Here we are

Finely settled down in our new store with the Finest Line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile.
OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at it.
OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad.
OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.
OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.
OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to us.
OUR STORE—come and see it once—make you want to come again.
OUR STOCK—Ah!—come and see it—make you want to buy.
OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.
and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,
CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF THE SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the details of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than a thousand volumes.

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TUITION, $1.00 TO $3.00 PER MONTH.

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For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART.

[illegible] 6¼ @ 6¾ cts.
[illegible] last year [illegible] to
[illegible] to date: 1901 1900
[illegible] & Co. [illegible] 209
[illegible] 1344 934
[illegible] 443 199
[illegible] 17 168
Total [illegible] 2,[illegible]

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] and Mrs Barnes of Lily were [illegible] Friday

[illegible] Fannie and Lula Driver [illegible] visited here Monday

[illegible] Wm Martin and daughter [illegible] Eate, of Strawberry, were visitors here Wednesday

[illegible] Autry returned home [illegible] visiting via to Atlanta Ga.

[illegible] Annie [illegible] of Jemison [illegible] pleasant visit there Monday.

[illegible] Orie Wright and Miss [illegible] of Jemison were married [illegible] on Sunday evening last.

[illegible] Maud Allen of Montevallo [illegible] home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton

[illegible] new constitution is the [illegible] of many differing in opinion [illegible] are agreed that Moore, the painter, is the one to do your work [illegible] fine. The materials and workmanship are the very best. Give him a chance on your work.
MOORE THE PAINTER.

[illegible] speakers and singers should use Tichenor's Antiseptic to [illegible] or relieve hoarseness or sore throat. The odor and taste is pleasant, and a few gargles or applications will do the work. Only 50c. For sale by druggists.

W H Foshee visited Birmingham Wednesday on business

[illegible] low prices and pretty styles [illegible] ladies' head-gear, go to Mrs [illegible] millinery store

Ed Gartman of Ensley was [illegible] here Tuesday

[illegible] Sallie and Rosa Cooley [illegible] were visitors here Friday

[illegible] Minnie and Georgia Rasco of Lily were visitors here the week

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Sheriff James T Cooley of [illegible] was in town last Monday

[illegible] Heath visited Lily the past week

[illegible] Bell, jr, of Birmingham [illegible] Sunday with relatives and friends in Clanton

[illegible] Mary Vance of Lily visited here Wednesday

[illegible] Gamma Anderson has returned home after a pleasant visit to brother, Dr W F Saddler on Mount Carmel.

FOR SALE—a splendid Milch cow with young calf.
J T MULLINS, Clanton

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO

Winchart is spending a few days with his parents in Georgia

Wallace C Edler returned [illegible] trip to south Alabama on [illegible]

[illegible]RER Hicks, who is now [illegible] at Jones' Swift, was in town Friday.

A. L. Pattillo of Verbena [illegible] visitor here Wednesday

[illegible] John Milford of Kinchafoonee was in town Wednesday.

[illegible] Court was in session this week.

[illegible] for Dr. A. J. Massey's [illegible] this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, [illegible] spend a week here every [illegible] days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way [illegible] going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 118½ 21st st., between 1st and 2nd aves, Birmingham.

[illegible] licenses have been issued [illegible] by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

[illegible]illiam A. Barnes and Miss [illegible] Thomas; Mr. Huston L. [illegible] and miss Mary F. Thomas; [illegible] K. Wright and miss Ida [illegible]

[illegible] Ed Moore and Lizzie [illegible] Willy Thomas and Texas [illegible]

EXICAN
RG LINIMENT

e are

ORMAL SCHOOL

. Sartor,
CLANTON

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Monday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART.

[illegible]

[illegible]	1901	1900
[illegible]	[illegible]	209
[illegible]	1344	934
[illegible]	443	139
[illegible]	127	168
[illegible]	3,514	2,001

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
M. FINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] of Lint were [illegible]

[illegible] Fare and Lula Driver [illegible] Monday

[illegible] daughter, [illegible] were visiting [illegible]

[illegible] returned home [illegible] Atlanta, Ga.

[illegible] of Jemison [illegible] here Monday

[illegible] married [illegible] last [illegible]

[illegible] to Montevallo [illegible] for a pleasant [illegible] Clanton

[illegible] is the [illegible] opinion [illegible] that Moore, the [illegible] your work [illegible] The materials and workmanship are the very best. [illegible] a chance on your work.
MOORE THE PAINTER.

[illegible] speakers and singers should use Tolerone Antiseptic to [illegible] hoarseness or throat. The odor and taste is pleasant and a few gargles or injections will do the work. [illegible] 50c. For sale by druggists.

W H Fisher visited Birmingham Wednesday on business.

[illegible] prices and pretty styles [illegible] this year, go to Mrs [illegible] millinery store.

[illegible] Hartman of Linsley was here Tuesday.

[illegible] and Rosa Cooley [illegible] here Friday.

[illegible] Minto and Georgia Ross [illegible] visitors here [illegible]

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] prices.
M. FINCKARD & CO.

Sheriff James T Cooley of [illegible] was in town last Monday.

[illegible] Lily the past [illegible]

[illegible] of Birmingham [illegible] relatives and [illegible] Clanton.

[illegible] of Lily visited [illegible] Wednesday.

[illegible] Anderson has returned after a pleasant visit [illegible] brother, Dr W F Middleton [illegible] Carrie.

[illegible] Mitch [illegible]

J N Nelms, Clanton [illegible]

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
M. FINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] is spending a few days [illegible] his parents in Georgia.

Wallace C. Lazer returned home [illegible] from south Alabama [illegible]

[illegible] R R Hicks, who is now [illegible] at Jno. Smith, was in town last Friday.

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[illegible] Ed Moore and Lizzie [illegible] Willy Thomas and Texas [illegible]

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

M. FINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Not to be by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. Exchange, or will send you by express, COLLECT PREPAID. 4 Full Quarts
OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD
Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in Plain Packages, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it at our expense and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you quicker delivery than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for 20 years, and as to our responsibility and reputation for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE.—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but we retain on these of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

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constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

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We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

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REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Sweet Influences—We Are Affected For Good or Evil By Forces That We Seldom Recognize—Importance of Good Actions.

[Copyright, 1895.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage demonstrates that we are affected by forces that we seldom recognize and enlarges upon human accountability. The text is Job xxxviii. 31, "Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades?"

What is the meaning of that question which God put to Job? Have we all our lives been reading it, and are most of us ignorant of its beauty and power and practical suggestiveness? A meaningless passage of Scripture many thought it to be, but the telescopes were busy age after age, and astronomical observations kept on questioning the skies until the meaning of my text comes out lustrously. The Pleiades is a constellation of seven stars appearing to the naked eye, but scientific instruments reveal more than 400 properly belonging to the group. Alcyone is the name of the brightest star of that group called the Pleiades. A Russian astronomer observed that Alcyone is the centre of gravitation of our solar system. Hugh Macmillan says that the sun and its planets wheel around that centre at the rate of 422,000 miles a day in an orbit which it will take 19,000,000 years to complete. The Pleiades appear in the springtime and are associated with flowers and genial warmth and good weather. The navigation of the Mediterranean was from May to November, the rising and the setting of the Pleiades. The priests of Belus noticed that rising and setting 2000 years before Christ.

Now, the glorious meaning of my text is plain as well as radiant. To give Job the beautiful grace of humility God asked him, "Canst thou bind the sweet influences of the Pleiades?" Have you any power over the laws of gravitation? Can you modify or change an influence wielded by a star more than 400,000 miles away? Can you control the winds of the springtime? Can you call out the flowers? How little you know compared with omniscience? How little you can do compared with omnipotence!

The probability is that Job had been tempted to arrogance by his vast attainments. He was a metallurgist, a zoologist, a poet, and shows by his writings he had knowledge of hunting, of music, of husbandry, of medicine, of mining, of astronomy and perhaps was so far ahead of the scholars and scientists of his time that he may have been somewhat puffed up; hence this interrogation of my text. And there is nothing that so soon takes down human pride as an interrogation point rightly thrust. Christ used it mightily. Paul mounted the parapet of his great arguments with such a battery. Men of the world understand it. Demosthenes began his speech to the crown and Cicero his oration against Catiline and Lord Chatham his most famous orations with a question. The empire of ignorance is so much vaster than the empire of knowledge that after the most learned and elaborate disquisition upon any subject of sociology or theology the plainest man may ask a question that will make the wisest speechless. After the profoundest assault upon Christianity the humblest disciple may make an inquiry that would silence a Voltaire.

Called upon, as we all are at times, to defend our holy religion, instead of argument that can always be answered by argument let us try the power of interrogation. We ought to be loaded with at least half a dozen questions and always ready, and when Christianity is assailed, and we are told there is nothing in it and there is no God and there never was a miracle and that the Scriptures are unreasonable and cruel and that there never will be a judgment day, take out of your portable armory of interrogation something like this: What makes the condition of woman in Christian lands better than in heathen lands? Do you think it would be kind in God to turn the human race into a world without any written revelation to explain and encourage and elevate and save? And if a revelation was made, which do you prefer—the Zenda-Vesta of the Persian or the Confucian writings of the Chinese or the Koran of Mohammed or our Bible?

If Christ is not a divine being, what did He mean when He said, "Before Abram was, I am?" If the Bible is a bad book, what are the evil results of reading it? Did you see any degrading influence of the book in your father or mother or sister who used to read it? Do you not think that a judgment day is necessary in order to explain and fix up things that were never explained or fixed up? If our religion is illogical and an imposition upon human credulity, why were Herschel and Washington and Gladstone and William McKinley its advocates?

How did it happen that our religion furnished the theme for the greatest poem ever written, "Paradise Lost," and to the painters their greatest themes in the "Adoration of the Magi," "The Transfiguration," "The Last Supper," "The Crucifixion," "The Entombment," "The Last Judgment," and that all the schools of painting put forth their utmost genius in presenting "The Madonna?"

Why was it that William Shakespeare after amazing the world as he will amaze the centuries with the splendor and power of "The Merchant of Venice," and "Coriolanus," and "Richard III.," and "King Lear," and "Othello," and "Macbeth," and "Hamlet" wrote with his own hand his last will and testament, beginning it with the words: "In the name of God, amen! I, William Shakespeare, of Stratford-on-Avon, in the County of Warwick, in perfect health and memory (God be praised!) do make and ordain this my last will and testament, through the only merits of Jesus Christ, my Saviour, to be made partaker of life everlasting and my body to the earth whereof it is made?" Had Shakespeare lost his reason when he wrote his faith in Christ and the great atonement? Put your antagonist a few questions like that, and you will find him excusing himself for an engagement he must meet immediately.

These words also recognize far-reaching influences. Job probably had no adequate idea of the distance of the worlds mentioned from our world, but he knew them to be far off, and we, who have had the advantage of modern sidereal investigation, ought to be still more impressed than was Job with the question of the text, as it puts before us the fact that worlds hundreds of thousands of miles distant have a grip on our world. There are sweet influences which hold us from afar. There may have been in our ancestral line perhaps 200 years ago some consecrated man or woman who has held over all the generations since an influence for good which we have no power to realize, and we in turn by our virtue or vice may influence those who shall live 200 years from now. Moral gravitation is as powerful as material gravitation, and if, as my text teaches and science confirms, the Pleiades, which are millions of miles from our earth, influence the earth we ought to be impressed with how we may be influenced by others far away back and how we may influence others far down the future. That rill away up among the Alleghanies, so thin you think it will hardly find its way down the rocks, becomes the mighty Ohio, rolling into the Mississippi and rolling into the sea. That word you utter, that deed you do, may augment itself as the years go by until rivers cease to roll and the ocean itself shall be dried up in the burning of the world. Paul, who was all the time saying important things, said nothing more startlingly suggestive than when he declared, "None of us liveth or dieth to himself." Words, thoughts, actions, have an eternity of flight.

As Job could not bind the sweet influences of the Seven Stars, as they were called, so we cannot arrest or turn aside the good projected long ago. Those influences were started centuries before our cradle was rocked and will reign centuries after our graves are dug. Oh, it is a tremendous thing to live! God help us to live aright.

Astronomers can easily locate the Pleiades. They will take you into their observatories on a clear night and aim their revealing instrument toward that part in the heavens where those seven stars have their habitude, and they will point to the constellation Taurus, and you can see for yourself. But it is impossible to point to influences far back that have affected our character and will affect our destiny. We know the influences near by—paternal, maternal, conjugal—but by the time we have gone back two generations, or, at most, three, our investigations falter and fail. Through the modern, interesting habit of searching back to find the ancestral tree we may find a long list of names, but they are only names. The consecration or abandonment of some one 200 years ago was not recorded. It would not be so important if you and I, by our good or bad behavior, blessed or blasted only those immediately around us, but our goodness or our badness will reach as far as the strongest ray of Alcyone—yea, across the eternity. Under this consideration, what do you think of those who give themselves up to frivolity or idleness and throw away fifty years of their existence as though they were shells or pebbles or pods instead of embryo eternities?

I suppose one of the greatest surprises of the next world will be to see what wide, far-reaching influence for good or evil we have all exerted. I am speaking of ourselves, who are only ordinary people. But who can fully appreciate the far-reaching good done by men of wealth in Great Britain for the working classes—Mr. Lister, of Bradford; Edward Akroyd, of Halifax; Thomas Sikes, of Huddersfield; Joseph Wentworth, and Josiah Mason, and Sir Titus Salt? This last great soul, with his vast wealth, provided 756 houses at cheap rent for 3000 working people, and chapel and cricket ground and croquet lawn and concert hall and savings bank, where they might deposit some of their earnings, and life insurance for those who looked further ahead, and bathhouses and parks and museums and lecture halls with philosophical apparatus, the generous example of those men of a previous generation being copied in many places in Canada and the United States, making life, which would otherwise be a prolonged drudgery, an inspiration and a joy.

If something appears against us, they say, "Wait till I hear the other side." If disaster shall befall us, we know from whom would come the first condolence. Family friends, church friends, business friends, lifelong friends. In our heart of hearts we cherish them.

When the heirs of a vast estate in England wished to establish their claim to property worth $100,000,000 they offered a reward of $500 for the recovery of an old Bible, the family record of which contained the evidence requisite. But any Bible, new or old, can help us to a vaster inheritance than the one spoken of, one that never fades away.

The sweet influences of the heavenly world, which many wise men thought for a long while was Alcyone, the centre of the constellation of the Pleiades—world of our future residence, as we hope; world of chorus and illumination; world of reunion; world where we shall be everlastingly complete; world where our old faculties will be itensified and quickened and new faculties implanted; world of high association with Christ, through whose grace we got there at all, and apostles and poets, Habakkuk, and St. John of Patmos, and Edward Young, his "Night Thoughts" turned into eternal day; and Horatius Bonar of modern hymnology, and Hannah More, and Mrs. Hemans, and Mrs. Sigourney, who struck their harps till nations listened; and David, the victor over Goliath with what seemed insufficient weapons; and Joshua of the prolonged day in Gibeon, and Havelock, the evangelist hero, and those thousands of men of the sword who fought on the right side. What company to move in! What guests to entertain! What personages to visit! What choirs to chant! What banquets with lifted chalice filled with "the new wine of the kingdom!" What victories to celebrate!

The stories of that world and its holy hilarities come in upon our souls sometimes in song, sometimes in sermon, sometimes in hours of solitary reflection, and they are, to use the words of my text, sweet influences. But there is one star that affects us more with its sweet influences than the centre star, the Alcyone of the Pleiades, and that is what one Bible author calls the Star of Jacob and another Bible author calls the Morning Star. Of all the sweet influences that have ever touched our earth those that radiate from Christ are the sweetest. Born an Asiatic villager, in a mechanic's home, living more among hammers and saws and planes than among books, yet at twelve years of age confounding robed ecclesiastics and starting out a mission under which those born without optic nerve took in the clear daylight and those afflicted with unresponsive tympanum were made to hear and those almost doubled up with deformities were straightened into graceful poise and the leprous became rubicund and the widow's only son exchanged the bier on which he lay lifeless for the arms of his overjoyed mother and pronouncing nine benedictions on the Mount of Beatitudes and doing deeds and speaking words which are filling the centuries with sweet influences.

Christ started every ambulance, kindled every electric ray, spread every soft hospital pillow and introduced all the alleviations and pacifications and rescues and mercies of all time.

He was the loveliest being that ever trod our earth—more beauty in His eyes, more tenderness in His manner, more gentleness in His footsteps, more music in His voice, more dignity in His brow, more gracefulness in the locks that rolled upon His shoulders, more compassion in His soul.

Sweet influences of the Holy Ghost, with all His transforming and comforting and emancipating power. When that power is fully felt there will be no more sins to pardon, and no more errors to correct, and no more sorrows to comfort, and no more bondage to break. But as the old-time ship captains watched the rising of the Pleiades for safe navigation and set sail in Mediterranean waters, but were sure to get back into port before the constellation Orion came into sight—the season of cyclone and hurricane—so there is a time to sail for heaven, and that is while the sweet influences are upon us and before the storms overtake and delay. Open all your soul to the light and warmth and comfort and inspiration of that gospel which has already peopled heaven with millions of the ransomed and is helping other millions to that glorious destination. Do not postpone the things of God and eternity until the storms of life sweep and the agitations of a great future are upon us. Do not dare wait until Orion takes the place of the Pleiades. Weigh anchor now and with chart unrolled and pilot on board head for the reunions and raptures that await all the souls forgiven. "And they need no candle, neither light nor the sun, for the Lord God giveth them light, and they shall reign forever and ever."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR NOVEMBER 10.

Subject: Israel Oppressed in Egypt. Ex. i., 1-14—Golden Text, Ex. ii., 24—Memory Verses, 8, 9, 13, 14—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "These are the names." Though this book is a continuation of the book of Genesis, with which probably it was in former times conjoined, Moses thought it necessary to introduce it with an account of the names and number of the family of Jacob when they came to Egypt, to show that though they were then very few, yet in a short time, under the special blessing of God they had multiplied exceedingly, and thus the promise to Abraham had been literally fulfilled. "His household." Which fact is of some importance in computing the time needful for their increase to such a large number as went out from Egypt in the exodus. A hint as to the numbers of the households may be gained from the fact that in Abraham's household there were at least 318 men who could bear arms. Gen. 14. 14. The servants were reckoned as part of the household, and were admitted to the covenant and recognized as Israelites. Gen. 17. 27.

5. "Seventy souls." This number included Joseph and his two sons, and it must have also included Jacob himself, but it did not include the wives and daughters.

6. "Joseph died." That is, Joseph had now been some time dead, as also all his brethren, and all the Egyptians who had known Jacob and his twelve sons, and this is a reason why the important services performed by Joseph were forgotten. Death removes the most useful men and the largest families. "All that generation." All the men of that age, Egyptians as well as Israelites.

7. "Were fruitful." There are five expressions in this verse joined together to give emphasis to the fact that there was a remarkable increase of the Israelites, beyond all ordinary calculations. One original word implies that they increased like fishes or insects. From the call of Abraham at Haran to their deliverance from Egypt was 430 years. During the first 215 years they had increased to only seventy souls, but during the latter half of the time, while they were in Egypt, they increased to over 600,000 fighting men, besides women and children. And this prosperity came notwithstanding the great persecutions to which they were subjected. It is thus clearly shown that the blessing of God is the great secret of true prosperity. "The land." Of Goshen. "Was filled." When the women and children are taken into account it will be seen that there must have been a great host. A conservative estimate has placed the number at 2,000,000 souls.

8. "A new king." One of another family, according to Josephus. The old rulers under whom Joseph served were overthrown, and an entirely new dynasty came into power that had no knowledge of or interest in Joseph. "Which knew not Joseph." This new king was not in sympathy with God's plans and purposes; he was envious in his disposition (v. 9), shrewd in his plans (v. 10), and cruel in his requirements. Vs. 11, 12.

9. "Said unto his people." He probably summoned a council of his nobles and elders to consider the subject. "More and mightier." They had risen to great prosperity, for during the lifetime of Joseph and his royal patron they had probably enjoyed a free grant of the land.

10. "Deal wisely." Their policy was shrewd, but it was not wise. Sin is always folly. Such a policy is at once short-sighted and wicked; short-sighted, since kind treatment would have made this rapidly growing people their fast friends and helpers; wicked, because it violates common morality. When men deal wickedly it is common for them to imagine they are dealing wisely, especially if their wickedness seems to be to their worldly advantage. "Lest they multiply." As well might the monarch of Egypt have sought to stem with his puny hand the ocean's tide as to prevent the increase of those who were the subjects of Jehovah's everlasting purpose. "Join—our enemies." The greatest enemies of Egypt were on the east, and the first great danger the king saw was that the Hebrews would join themselves to some invading army and fight against the Egyptians. "Out of the land." The king was also afraid the Hebrews might escape. The Egyptians would lose a large revenue if the Israelites should leave them, and steps were taken to prevent this.

11. "Taskmasters." Having first obliged them, it is thought, to pay a ruinous rent and involved them in difficulties, the new government, in pursuance of its oppressive policy, degraded them to the condition of serfs, employing them in rearing the public works, with taskmasters, who anciently had sticks—now whips—to punish the indolent, or spur on the too languid. "Treasure cities." "Store cities." R. V. Cities where arms and provisions were gathered, necessary for armies and caravans. "Pithom." Meaning "a narrow place." This was a city of Lower Egypt, situated on the eastern bank of the Nile. "Raamses." The same as Rameses. It was probably near by. These two fortified cities, built by the Israelites for Pharaoh, were both in Goshen. Rameses was the point from which the Hebrews started at the time of the exodus.

12. "The more they multiplied." The king not only oppressed the people, but he ordered the male children destroyed. Vs. 16, 22. But the more Pharaoh afflicted them the more God blessed them. Afflictions serve the purpose of developing the moral character. Divine chastisements tend more to growth than to destruction.

13. "To serve with rigor." Intending to depress their spirits and to rob them of everything valuable; to ruin their health and shorten their days and so diminish their numbers. The word translated "rigor" is a very rare one. It is derived from a word which means "to break in pieces," "to crush."

14. "Their lives bitter." This God permitted for wise and just reasons: 1. As a punishment for their idolatry, into which it appears many of them had fallen. 2. To wean them from Egypt, which was in many respects a desirable land. 3. To quicken their desires for Canaan. 4. That they might be aroused to earnest prayer for deliverance. 5. That God's power might be displayed in their freedom. "With hard bondage." So the bondage which Satan puts upon his servants is hard and makes the life bitter. The way of the transgressor is "hard" and "full of misery." But a deliverer was provided, and so in Christ we may all be set free. John 8: 36. "And in brick." Ruins of great brick buildings are found in all parts of Egypt.

The population of France, it is claimed, is increasing somewhat more rapidly than it was 10 years ago. France is not a dying nation.

President Diaz of Mexico has begun a crusade earnestly against gambling. He has authorized the Minister of War to begin action against gambling houses. Army officers found in these establishments will be dismissed from the service and turned over to the civil authorities. All civil servants found gambling are to be summarily discharged.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

SOME ITEMS OF INTEREST TO UNION WORKMEN.

Industries Which Are Best Organized on the Workmen's Side Are the Most Prosperous in England—Well-Written Article on Arbitration.

PARTING OF OLD FRIENDS.

Two old friends stand at the station,
  Waiting for the coming train,
Poor old souls, anticipation
  Fills their hearts with dream-like pain.
They are waiting for the parting
When the train shall come and go,
And already feel the smarting
  Parting friends must ever know.

Thirty years of separation
  On Life's ever-changing stream,
Then a meeting at the station,
  Like awaking from a dream.
One short month they spend together,
  Talking over school day joys;
Once again to each a brother,
  Once again they laugh like boys.

All the intervening sorrow
  Is forgotten in their joy.
And the troubles of to-morrow
  Cannot now their hopes alloy;
Ah, but now has come the parting,
  And the words they hoped to say
Are consumed in sad heart smarting;
  Recollection drifts away.

Moments pass—no word is spoken—
  Hark, the whistle round the hill!
Sad eyes meet, the spell is broken:
  "Give me chaw terbacky, Bill!"
"Let me taste your own plug, Jakey;
  One last chaw——" The train draws nigh.
"Bless your soul, we're growing shaky—
  Well, old boy, good-by!" "Good-by!"

Ah, how old again they're seeming,
  As the miles between them grow;
All alone each one is dreaming
  Of those school days long ago.
Both their hearts are full and burning,
  And, in each ear, ringing still,
Are those words so full of yearning:
  "Give me chaw terbackey, Bill!"

—Faraway Moses.

Some English Industries Prosperous.

The American Federationist, of which Samuel Gompers is editor, prints replies from a number of prominent labor organization advocates in Great Britain, to an inquiry from Mr. Gompers as to whether it is true that England's industries are seeking other fields, and if so, whether this is the fault of the trades unions. The replies are all negative as to the influence of the unions. George H. Barnes, general secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, Manchester, Eng., says that "those industries which are best organized on the workmen's side are the most prosperous industries of the country." "The shipbuilding, engineering, coal-getting and cotton spinning are all well-organized industries, and were never so prosperous, whereas, on the other hand, the heavy textile industries, shoemaking and several other industries that might be mentioned, and which are but indifferently organized on the side of the work people, are dwindling."

Chinese Immigration.

Commissioner of Immigration Powderly, in his annual report, will probably not only recommend the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law, but proposes some new and more stringent regulations to prevent the entrance into the United States of Chinese by way of Mexico. Many Chinese are annually landed at San Francisco under contract to work on the plantations in Mexico. These are allowed to pass through the country, but the immigration officials are satisfied that no more than one-tenth of the whole number

Labor Wins in Struggles.

M. T. Ingalls, president of the Big Four railroad system, says: "My observation in the last twenty-five years has been that labor has steadily won and capital lost in the struggle which always exists more or less." Mr. Ingalls is undoubtedly correct. For whatever the temporary reverses may be, organized labor usually emerges stronger than before.

Labor in the Blue Grass State.

One of the most active trades unionists in this country is L. J. Kieffer, of Jeffersonville, state organizer for Kentucky of the American Federation of Labor. Recently he made a tour of the state and met with great success in organizing unions. Wages have been increased and the conditions of the wage-workers greatly improved. Organizer Kieffer is earnest, intelligent and enthusiastic and expects great results from his efforts in the Blue Grass State.

A Word for Workers.

Make your ministry reach the people in the forms of purest culture if you can, but reach the people, with elaborate doctrine if possible, but reach the people; with classic speech if it may be, but reach the people. The great problem of life to an educated ministry is to make their culture a power instead of a luxury. Our temptations are all one way. Our mission is all the other way.—Professor Austin Phelps.

Westinghouse Inaugurates Bonus.

A bonus system has been inaugurated by the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company at is plant in East Pittsburg. The bonus is based on the net earnings of the company, and its distribution is among the assistant subforemen, and is paid quarterly, in addition to their salaries. If the system is a success it will be extended by the company to take in all skilled workmen of the plant

Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen.

The Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen is strengthening its union, having absorbed the independent Canadian union, thus bringing the membership up to 107,000. The bootworkers have also reached across the border and gained four unions in Montreal, with 3,000 members, two large unions in St. Hyacinthe, and in Quebec and Three Rivers the same result is expected.

Employ a Community Doctor.

In Ludington, Mich., the Swedish residents have introduced a custom of their country in employing a community doctor. The local physicians, of course, charged a uniform rate for services, and this rate was higher than the Swedish people thought right, and so a health association was organized by the heads of 300 families, each of whom pays 50 cents a month toward the salary of a physician whose services are at their command. This, amounting to a salary of $1,800 a year, was not sufficient to command the services of an experienced physician, and the organization had to be satisfied with a recent graduate from a medical college.

New Orleans Captures Much Trade.

New Orleans is capturing much of such trade as we have with the Central American countries. This is a natural result of the growing trade of the Louisiana city in tropical fruits. The fruit boats of that city go to Port Limon, Port Barrios, Ceiba, Bocal del Toro, and other ports, making the merchants of those places familiar with New Orleans, and leading to an interchange of products to the advantage of the dealers at each end of the route. —New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Friederichshof Is Hers.

Friederichshof, at Cronberg, the palace wherein the late Dowager Empress Frederick died, is one of the most beautiful country seats possessed by the royalty of Europe. It is natural, therefore, that envious eyes should be now cast at Princess Frederick Carl of Hesse because, by the will of her deceased mother, she comes into possession of this estate. It is a spacious and sumptuously furnished palace, surrounded by a magnificent park, set in some of the most romantic country scenery in Germany. Upward of $1,000,000 was spent by its recent occupant in improving house and grounds. The young princess who is soon to occupy it is one of the sweetest-faced members of German royalty. She is the fifth and youngest child of the late Empress Dowager, and was the favorite during the last few years of her life. She was born April 22, 1872, and was named Margarethe. Her marriage to Prince Frederick Carl of Hesse occurred in January, 1893, and she has three sons.

ARBITRATION IN MASSACHUSETTS.

The Massachusetts State Board of Arbitration has made its annual report for the year 1900. The services of the board were not in great request, only fifty-four controversies engaging its attention, and in only a few cases did the board invited by the two parties to arbitrate the dispute. In the majority of cases the services of the board were tendered without solicitation. Sometimes they were declined and sometimes ignored altogether; in other cases in which the board actually succeeded in effecting a settlement it was very modest. The fifty-four differences in which it officiated involved numerous establishments and industries. In six of the cases the board acted on the joint petition of both parties involved; in the remaining cases it acted upon the request of one party, and in about four on the board's own initiative. Thus only about 10 per cent of the controversies were joint applications for arbitration. Altogether twenty-seven controversies were settled by the board as a result of interviews with both sides. In a number of cases the board accomplished nothing, but the effect upon the impression is that in many cases little was accomplished on account of a general disinclination of both employes and laborers to submit their disputes to arbitration. It is to be regretted that the board has it has never been invoked; it is authorized to investigate a controversy and on its own motion to which party is responsible or blameworthy, to publish its finding and thus fix the responsibility for blame. But as the board has thus far never availed itself of this power, which is positive, if is suggested that the legislature make the clause mandatory instead of permissive. It is believed that this would introduce the element of state board arbitration into all labor troubles in a positive manner.—Indianapolis News.

START OF THE VANDERBILTS.

Wife of the American Founder of the Family Kept a Hotel.

A woman played a large part in laying the foundation of the fortune of the house of Vanderbilt. The first Cornelius Vanderbilt married at the age of 20, and a year later became captain of a small steamboat plying between New York and New Brunswick, N. J. Passengers were numerous and many of the sons went to New Brunswick and back by boat for the pleasure of the trip. Others, when the boat reached New Brunswick, got into stages and were driven across the state to another steamer, which took them down the Delaware. Of course, they needed something to eat, and here Mrs. Vanderbilt saw her opportunity. The Brunswick's hotel, or half-way house, was dirty and ill-kept. Mrs. Vanderbilt suggested to her husband that he should take the hotel, refit it, and keep it in a style that would attract people. Vanderbilt leased the hotel, but the scheme was his wife's. He said she might run it and have the profits. Mrs. Vanderbilt overhauled the house and named it Bellona Hall, after the steamship Bellona, which her husband then commanded. The fame of Bellona Hall soon spread to New York, and parties were made up to visit it because of the excellent fare to be had there. It also increased the popularity of the line for which Capt. Vanderbilt worked, and his salary was increased to $2,000 a year. Mrs. Vanderbilt twelve years managed Bellona Hall with profit to herself and pleasure to her guests.

Progress in Ocean Travel.

In 1840 the Cunard steamship Britannia, built of wood propelled by paddle wheels, maintained a speed of about 8½ knots. Her steam pressure was 12 pounds per inch. She was 207 feet long, about 2,000 tons measurement, her engines developed about 750-horse power, and her coal consumption was about 40 tons a day, or about five pounds of coal per indicated horse power per day. She carried a full spread of sail. In 1897 her speed has been increased from 14 knots to twenty-three knots, but her speed on the voyage has been reduced to about one-third of what it was.

One horse power, as estimated among engine makers, is the power to raise 33,000 pounds one foot a minute. As this estimate was made upon the capacity of the best horses of London, it is above the average power of a horse.

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

HUSKEY, MO., Aug. 2d, 1900.

THE DR. J. H. MCLEAN MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

GENTLEMEN:—I have used McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL for the past fifteen years, and I heartily recommend it to all suffering from any blood disorders or general weakness. Yours truly,

J. R. BURKETT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ARBITRATION IN MASSACHUSETTS

The Massachusetts State Board of Arbitration has made its official report for the year 1900. The services of the board were not in great demand, only four controversies engaging its attention, and in only a few cases was the board invited by the two parties to arbitrate the dispute. In the great majority of cases the services of the board were tendered without solicitation. Sometimes they were declined and sometimes ignored, though oftener accepted. But the percentage of cases in which the board actually secured a settlement was very satisfactory. Forty-four difficulties in which were involved nineteen disputes were settled in six of the cases the board acted on the joint petition from the parties involved, in fourteen on the petition of one party, and in the remaining twenty-four on the board's own initiative. Twenty-six were jointly submitted to arbitration. Altogether twenty-six were settled by the board as a result of interviews with the parties. In a number of cases the board was not asked to do anything. On the whole the impression is that comparatively little has been accomplished on account of the reluctance of both parties to submit their differences to arbitration. One point is clear. It has never been authorized to investigate a controversy and on its conclusion to fix the party is responsible or blameworthy to publish its finding and to fix the responsibility or blame. The board has this for never available use of this power, which is permissive, it is suggested that the Legislature make the clause mandatory instead of permissive. It is believed that it would introduce the element of state control arbitration into all labor controversies in a positive manner.—Indianapolis News.

START OF THE VANDERBILTS.

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One horse power, as established among engine makers, is the effort to raise 32,000 pounds one foot in a minute. As this estimate was based upon the capacity of the horses of London, it is about 10 per cent above the average power of a horse.

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Aug. 22d, 1900.
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STRENGTHENING
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truly,
J. B. BURNETT.
Made only by
Co., St. Louis, Mo.

NEW YORK'S MID-AIR CLUBS.

Novel Feature of Business Life in the Metropolis.

[illegible] Garrett, turning from steeple-climbing, [illegible] and other "Careers and Pastimes" devotes an article in the Century to what he calls the Mid-Air Clubs of New York, which are [illegible] by business men as [illegible] our toll of the [illegible] sobering and [illegible] can do for [illegible] the postoffice [illegible] building, a [illegible] up 16 stories [illegible] by a wide [illegible] when you [illegible] farther [illegible] easily [illegible] pretty quiet [illegible] we turn into [illegible] the [illegible] and as the [illegible] and we feel [illegible] air. There [illegible] are in the [illegible] well worth [illegible] the [illegible] all the [illegible] along its way [illegible] down on [illegible] or [illegible] anything but [illegible] and [illegible] same as [illegible] one of his [illegible] City he had [illegible] of them [illegible] and at their [illegible] was so [illegible] dared [illegible] had the [illegible] to after his [illegible] of the City reasoned [illegible] without re- [illegible] be strictly [illegible] to firearms.

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Flocking to the Cities.

People die faster in cities than in the country, yet in every part of the world people are flocking to the cities more and more every year. In New York there are, on the general average, fourteen persons in each dwelling house, while the proportion of population to the square mile for the United States is only about twenty-two.

The annual importation of matting into the United States from China is estimated at 300,000,000 cubic yards.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The stray dog realizes that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 31.—After investigating Garfield Tea, which is quite universally acknowledged to be the best family remedy, it is not difficult to explain its success—it is the medicine for good results. It is manufactured here by the Garfield Tea Co. in their new and attractive laboratory and is made wholly from simple sweet, and withal health-giving herbs. Garfield Tea is the original herb cure for constipation and sick headache.

One fifth of the married couples of France are childless.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

It is much better to hit the nail on the head than the nail on the finger.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The only time some men get a hustle on is when they are looking for trouble.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds. N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Youth, in its profound wisdom, feels a great pity for the ignorance of old age.

Sweat and fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

There is nothing underhanded about lovemaking. You can't kiss a girl behind her back.

Belfast is Ireland's richest and most populous city.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Caterpillars as Food.

In many parts of Africa and in portions of Central and South America the caterpillar is regarded as a delicacy. Travelers who have been prevailed upon to taste them pronounce them palatable. In Australia the larvæ of the longicornes or horned caterpillar are much sought after as food. They are found in the interior of decaying trees. The larvæ from each different species of tree have their own distinctive flavor. Many natives eat them raw, but certain civilized tribes prefer them fried.

MRS. IDA L. ROSER

Grand-Niece of Ex-President James K. Polk, Writes to Mrs. Pinkham Saying:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been married for nearly two years, and so far have not been blessed with a child. I have, however, suffered with a complication of female troubles and painful menstruation, until very recently.

MRS. IDA L. ROSER.

"The value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was called to my attention by an intimate friend, whose life had simply been a torture with inflammation and ulceration, and a few bottles of your Compound cured her; she can hardly believe it herself to-day, she enjoys such blessed health. I took four bottles of your Compound and consider myself cured. I am once more in fine health and spirits; my domestic and official duties all seem easy now, for I feel so strong I can do three times what I used to do. You have a host of friends in Denver, and among the best count. Yours very gratefully.—MRS. IDA L. ROSER, 326 18th Ave., Denver, Col."—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice—it is free.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Am. N. U., No. 45, 1901.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | Thompson's Eye Water

Largest in the World.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., are the largest manufacturers of cocoa and chocolate in the world. They received a gold medal from the Paris Exposition of last year. This year they have received three gold medals from the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. Their goods are the standard for purity and excellence.

An Elopement.

Tourist—"My good woman, did you see a bicycle pass a few moments ago?" Country Matron—"Naw, I didn't see any kind of a sickle, mister; but jest a while back I saw a wagon-wheel a-runnin' away with a man." Tourist—"Ha, ha, ha!" Country Matron—"You kin believe it or no. I wouldn't if I hadn't seen it myself."

$8.00 For this
AT YOUR STATION.
Warranted Accurate
Other sizes equally low.
BUY OF THE MAKER
Jones (He Pays the Freight.)
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

$900 TO $1500 A YEAR

We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $3 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. B. THE BELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

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CURED BY
DR. TAFT'S
ASTHMALENE
SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.
ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

THE Bryant & Stratton
Business, Shorthand and Telegraph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 $1.00

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, Infinitely Comely, with stately and Queenly Bearing, Graces Mrs. E., 81 Market St., Chicago, Ill.

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE
OUR $3.50 MAJOR SHOES $3.00
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER
THE LATEST FASHION
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Extra Line Cannot be Equalled at Any Price.
For More than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $3.00 shoes for style, comfort and wear has equalled all other makes sold at these prices. This equalled reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $3.00 and $4.00 shoes, because his reputation for the best $3.50 and $4.00 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00 and $4.00 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Protect yourselves against worn, W. L. Douglas $3 and $4 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in $5 and $6 shoes, and are just as good in every way.
Sold by 43 Douglas stores or American agents selling direct from factory to wearer at other prices; and the best shoe dealers everywhere.
Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25c. additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown, state style desired, size and width, whether plain or cap toe; heavy, medium, or light soles.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.
Catalog Free.

FREE FOR TOBACCO TAGS

NOV. 30TH — FROM — 1902.

"STAR"
"DRUMMOND" Natural Leaf
"GOOD LUCK"
"TENNESSEE CROSSTIE"
"NOBBY SPUN ROLL"
"PIPER HEIDSIECK"
"BOOT JACK"
"OLD PEACH & HONEY"
"GRANGER TWIST"

2 GRANGER TWIST TAGS being equal to one of others mentioned.

"E. Rice, Greenville," "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Cross Bow," "Spear Head," "Old Honesty," "Master Workman," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Jolly Tar," "Standard Navy," "Planet," "Neptune," "Razor," "Ole Varginy." 4

TAGS MAY BE ASSORTED IN SECURING PRESENTS.

Our new illustrated
CATALOGUE OF PRESENTS
FOR 1902

will include many articles not shown here. It will contain the most attractive List of Presents ever offered for Tags, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.
(Catalogue will be ready for mailing about January 1st, 1902.)

Our offer of Presents for Tags will expire Nov. 30th, 1902.
CONTINENTAL TOBACCO COMPANY.

Write your name and address *plainly* on outside of packages containing Tags, and send them and requests for Presents to

C. Hy. BROWN,
4241 Folsom Ave.,
St. Louis, Mo.

SUNNY SOUTH

10 cents. 10 cents.

ATLANTA, GA.

South's Great Literary Weekly

Till January 1st 1902, Only 10c.

This short time rate is offered to better introduce The Sunny South to its large Southern audience. For six months this Southern Literary Weekly has been under a new management, and the paper has fully met the high standard set for it and continues to improve in every way. Thousands of encomiums from enthusiastic well pleased subscribers. A subscription now at this rate means a renewal on January 1st, and we confidently invite your acceptance of this special offer.

A short story contest for Southern Writers has closed successfully and the splendid results will be published during the period of this special offer. The excellent

Thanksgiving Number,
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And New Year's Number

will be included in the time of the dime, any one of which will be well worth the whole subscription. Get up a club of ten in your community and send it along with the $1.00 and bring sunshine to as many families in your locality.

The Sunny South is a broad, bright term, but the paper carries the whole meaning of it, and has the flavor of the magnolia, pine and jessamine mingled in the bouquet of good things in store for the fortunate subscribers.

Only..
Ten Cents
till Jan. 1

Address all orders to...
The **Sunny South**
Atlanta, Ga.

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

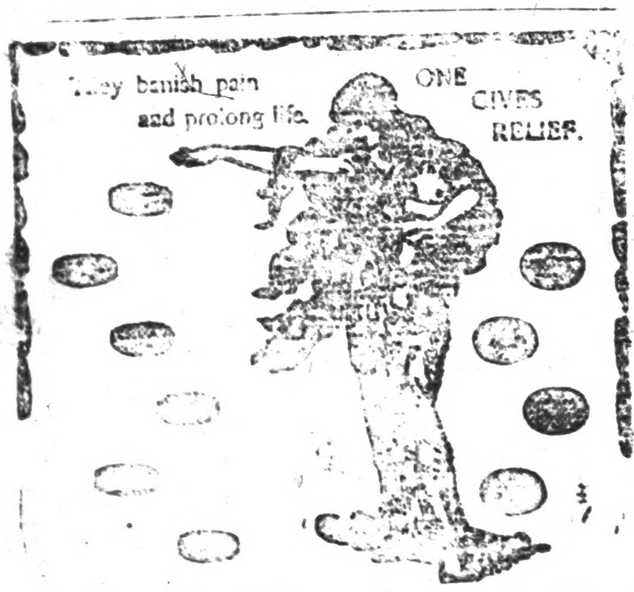
N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ... ALA

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER OFFICE

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: N. J. Calloway, Clanton. SEC. TREAS. F. D. Wilson Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. F. C. Young
2. Thomas Herndon
3. J. S. Wright
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SUB-AGENTS:

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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning, the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE COUNTY AGENT.

Full particulars furnished by the county agent.

B. T. Calloway, Cooper, Ala.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

W. A. KEMP

KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

We have moved to
2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, . ALA.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901.

Benson	Beat 3		Novembe
Maplesville	" 7		
Shoals	" 7		
Dixie	" 8		
Valley Creek	" 8		
Ridgeville	" 8	until 12 m.	
Macedonia	" 3		
Green Cofer's Gin	" 2	until 12 m.	
Hayes' Mill	" 2	from 2 to 4 p m.	
Providence	" 2		
Elijah Busby's	" 2	until 12 m.	
Cofer's Gin	" 1	from 2 to 4 p m.	
Mineral Springs	" 1		
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m.	
Strasburg	" 9		
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m.	
Pilot Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p m.	
Providence	" 5		
Burnsville	" 5		
Coopers	" 5		
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	
Clantonford	" 8		
Pletcher	" 8		
Kitchen	" 6		
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		
James Maddox Gin	" 4		
Jenison	" 2		Dec. 1
Thorsby	" 9		
Mountain Creek	" 5		
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	
Clanton	" 4		

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

W. A. KEMP

KEEP YOUR EYE ON IT

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....7c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....1c
1 Fair good Shaving soap.....1c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 25 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22142.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
November 6, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 26, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong, Homestead entry, No. 5082, for the w ½ of ne ¼ of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, s of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. E. Wardrup, David Hodges, John Crumpton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

THE BEST WAY TO THE

SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST,
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST

—GO VIA THE—

L & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

The Through Cars

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in

TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the

NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Ammers, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

$300.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN THE NEW

CONSTITUTION?

DO YOU THINK IT WILL BE ADOPTED OR DEFEATED?

THE WEEKLY ADVERTISER

HAS OFFERED THE FOLLOWING

CASH PRIZES!

THE STATE ELECTION

WILL BE HELD NOV. 6, 1901.

The Weekly Advertiser has divided $300.00 into over fifty Cash Prizes to be given away for the best guess on the total vote of the State of Alabama, either for or against the adoption of the new Constitution.

FOR THE BEST GUESS

FIRST Best Guess	$100.00
SECOND Best Guess	50.00
FIVE Next Best Guesses, each	10.00
TEN Next Best Guesses, each	5.00
FIFTEEN Next Best Guesses, each	2.00
TWENTY Next Best Guesses, each	1.00
GRAND TOTAL CASH	$300.00

Each Subscriber to The Weekly Advertiser

Who sends $1 for one year's subscription on or before midnight Nov. 30, 1901 will be entitled to one guess FREE on the total vote of Alabama either FOR OR AGAINST the New Constitution. Subscribers who are now getting the Weekly Advertiser may have their subscriptions renewed from date of expiration of present subscription and avoid getting two copies at one time by stating when sending in their order whether for an old or new subscriber.

CUT OUT THIS GUESS BLANK AND FILL OUT CORRECTLY WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS AND VOTE OUTER, EITHER FOR OR AGAINST.

NAME.	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST
1			
2			
3			

The Advertiser Co: Please find enclosed cash to the amount of $_____

REMEMBER----$100.00 Each Paid for the Best Guess!

Last Guess Will Be Received November 10th, 1901

Distribution of prizes is guaranteed by The Advertiser Co. within ten days after official announcement is made public. Tell your friends about it. Every yearly subscriber has one guess FREE. All orders must be accompanied by either money order, express order or check. Send no stamps. Address all orders to

THE ADVERTISER CO., Montgomery, Ala.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

VOL. X

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw. At Some He Saw Not.

The election is over and Alabama now has a new constitution. However much we may have wished about the desirability of a new constitution the one question is we will all have to live under the new organic law and I hope and trust we will all prosper under it. I see no reason why we should not and I believe we will.

Circuit Court convenes at Clanton a week from next Monday and some of our visitors will hardly know Clanton. Those who have not been here since last Fall court will find a new town. In that twelve months two big fires almost swept away the old town which you remember. The fire in February cleaned away the old stores up by the court house and in their place you will find a row of handsome brick stores, while, in addition, on the opposite side of the street, are two new elegant brick stores, in one you will find H. Toxo, of bargain fame, and in the other Moses Mims.

Then, going down the street you will notice Pinckard & Co. have largely increased their storehouse it is almost twice as big as it was last Fall court, and on the opposite side you will find W. H. Sartor in a very handsome new brick store house, which he especially invites you to enter. Looking again across the street you will notice the Jules has cleaned off all the old stores houses there, as well as the depot, and you will find Broadhead & S located in a pretty brick store, and a brand new depot, which is so much ahead in style of any depot in this part of the county, it will fairly take your breath away. The new depot is a dandy and don't you forget it.

Then, the next thing you will notice is that W. H. Stacy has improved his old place, and you will find a first-class up-to-day restaurant there; while further up the street, although you wont see much difference in the outside appearance, if you go inside you will find the Thornton Hotel has changed hands, and Mr. Latham, after refurnishing the house, invites your patronage, and he deserves it.

Oh! I want to tell you of all the changes if I can think of them. There is the Campbelle Drug store repainted and looking neat as a pink, and next door you will find Mr. Marcus dispensing goods. Bill Mullins can be found at the old stand, although he is thinking of putting up an elegant brown stone house soon.

And that brings me back to something I had missed going down next door to Bill Mullins you will find in course of erection, and nearly finished, (I guess it will be finished by court time) the prettiest building in Chilton county. It is to be the home of the People's Savings Bank, and from an architectural point of view is the handsomest building between Montgomery and Birmingham. I don't know whether the bank will be ready for business by court time, but you had better bring your pockets full of money, because as soon as you see that bank building it will make you want to go and do business there.

One more thing and I am through, go up to the Maddox gin and see the ginnery which has ginned over 1400 bales of cotton already this season. And don't forget to call in at the Banner office, where we have to work night and day to get the paper out to you every week. We have not got that new steam press yet, but it looks mighty like that when you come to court next Spring we shall be able to show it to you.

NOTICE

AND COLLECTOR'S

nd Round

llowing times and places for the purpose
ounty taxes of Chilton county for the
xes for the year 1901:

Beat 1		November
" 7		"
" 7		"
" 8		"
" 8	until 12 m.	"
" 2		"
" 2	until 12 m.	"
" 2	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
" 2		"
" 2	until 12 m	"
" 1	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
" 1		"
" 1	until 12 m	"
" 9		"
" 4	until 12 m	"
" 4	from 2 to 4 p.m.	"
" 5		"
" 5		"
" 5	until 12 m.	"
" 8		"
" 8		"
" 6		"
" 6		"
" 4		"
" 4		Dec. 2
" 9		"
" 5		"
" 5	until 12 m.	" 6
" 4		"

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

n last ten days of the year, commencing
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

VEN AWAY

THE BEST GOODS

Best Teas	$[illegible]
Best Soaps	[illegible]
Best Tobacco, each	[illegible]
Best Cigars, each	[illegible]
Best Sweets, each	[illegible]
Best Sweets, each	1.00
TOTAL CASH	$300.00

oddy Advertiser

Nov. 30, 1901 will be entitled to one guess
This Contestation. Subscribers who are
renewed from date of expiration of present
when sending to Star order whether

WITH YOUR NAME AND POST OFFICE
OR OR AGAINST

	TOTAL VOTE FOR	AGAINST

the amount of $

the Best Guess!
ved November 10th, 1901
r Co. within ten days after official
ly subscriber has one guess FREE
express order or draft. Send no stamps

, Montgomery, Ala.
WHERE.

THE BANNER

[illegible]

VOL. X — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY NOVEMBER 14, 1901

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—Editor.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Maplesville.

We have had drenching rights of October's lovliness and are now down to the hard pan of business, scaring off the hawks from our preachers time of chicken, and gathering in our crops, which we are delighted to state are good enough to encourage our farmers in their noble profession.

Dr. Claughton will soon join this noble fraternity (we sincerely hope not to the neglect of his former profession) since he has lately purchased a wagon to make a start with; his friend Mr. Buck Bowline, has most encouragingly and liberally offered to lend him all the wooden rakes he may need since Mr. Bowline has a good supply of this very useful farm tool.

We hope no one unnecessarily will get into trouble by infringing on the patent right of the bridge built across Byrd's creek at the ford. Many humble pedestrians thank the builder.

Mrs. John Foshee from Bell Sumter is here with friends and relations.

Wheeler Foshee is with relations and friends; we sincerely hope he will remain with us.

Mr. Allison of Rideville is visiting here under rather suspicious circumstances; time will however develop all things.

Many of our citizens took in the Montgomery fair. Some were pleased and some were not.

Mrs. Fuller of Summerhill is visiting her mother, Mrs. Dollar.

Miss Lillie Bowline and her brother, Willis, have lately visited Stanton.

Hon. John Burns gave a very plain and sensible talk here the 9th.

Rev. Liles and his son, Alex, from near Burnsville have been guests of F. U. Grumpton.

Mrs. Lawrence has lately visited her sister here, Mrs. Eva Bowline.

Mrs. N. E. Goodwin is with her sister, Mrs. Rebecca Goodwin, of Selma, who is in feeble health.

We are fortunate to have Mrs. Dunlap from near Lily as teacher here.

Our protracted meeting started the 10th with a most excellent sermon by Rev. Dennis of Kentuck. We pray that good may be done.

SUBSCRIBER.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

On Wednesday morning a fatal accident happened at Gullsborns mill. While helping to load a wagon Mr. Peyton Jones got his head crushed between two pieces of 12 by 12. He was a married man and leaves a wife and five children to mourn for him. The greatest sympathy is felt for the bereaved family.

Late Literary News.

The Cosmopolitan has endeavored to make itself known by timely contributions to all important controversies. Frank Moss, so well known in the Lexow and Mazet investigations, contributes "Municipal Misgovernment and Corruption: A Warning to Patriots" to the November issue. This considers a serious difficulty in a way that will be found interesting not only to New Yorkers, but to residents of every part of the United States.

Stanton.

Esq. J. E. McCullough has been appointed by the Governor a Notary Public and justice of the Peace for Beat 8.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
FIRST DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT,
CLANTON

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

I will let to the lowest and best bidder two houses to be built for the County, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1901,

on the premises, five miles north of Clanton, near George W. Hale. Specification of houses will be given on day of letting.

J. W. SORRELL, Commissioner.

Notice to Citizens of Beat 8.

The Board of Commissioners will meet the citizens of Beat 8, at Samantha on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1901,

for the purpose of presenting to them the question of building a steel bridge across Mulberry Creek. We are anxious to meet each taxpayer and citizen on that day at 12 m. Come and do not fail.

W. A. GREEN, Commissioner.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

We will let to the lowest and best bidder a bridge to be built across Yellow Leaf Creek, near John Mancil's place, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1901,

at 11 a.m.

R. C. RIGGINS }
J. W. SORRELL } Commissioners.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

The warrants for Confederate pensioners are now in my hands and all those entitled to them can get them on application at my office.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Chilton County Baptist Association.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing the above Association will be held at Thorsby on Wednesday, December 4, 1901.

Everybody wishing to attend this meeting is cordially invited.

Southeast Chilton.

Farmers are about to get done gathering.

Messrs. D. E. Kendrick, J. R. Blackman, B. P. Kendrick, and Misses Pearl and Mattie Blackman made a pleasant visit to Montgomery last week.

We are glad to say that Mrs. Pytell has returned home from Troy, and her sick son was able to come with her. Rev. Culpepper filled his appointment here Sunday.

Mr. Lonnie Dawson and wife of Maplesville are visiting friends here this week. Syrup making is the go now. B. P. Kendrick picked 95 bales of cotton last week on one stalk, and it has 37 yet to open.

Misses Alice Morgan and Ellen Glenn are visiting friends in Prattville.

A FRIEND.

Protestant Methodist Conference.

Revs. F. A. Gibson, N. A. Dobbs and Mr. Joe Gibson are home again after attending the above conference at Sylacauga.

The Montgomery Journal has the following complimentary notice of Bro. Dobbs:

Rev. N. A. Dobbs of Clanton, one of the oldest men in the conference, and an honored superannuate, is on hand with the zest and zeal of former days, though his strength is somewhat abated. He is the oldest member of the conference and his presence is an inspiration to the younger members. His long service in the Master's vineyard makes him a fit and ripe veteran awaiting the Master's summons to come home.

It Saved Her Life.

Gooch's Mexican Syrup has accomplished a cure in this neighborhood which has astonished the people. Miss Davis was given up to die by her attending physician. She had lung fever. The doctor said she would die before morning, and advised to discontinue his medicine, as it was doing her no good. Her parents had a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup and Gooch's Quick Relief in the house. They at once began to give the syrup in doses one hour apart, and frequently bathed her chest with the Quick Relief. Before morning she was better, and after using a few bottles of each, she is almost as well as ever. It was almost like raising the dead, and has established the reputation of Gooch's Mexican Syrup here as a cough remedy; we cannot sell nothing else.

J. & N. SANDS,
Trimble, Athens co., O.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

PROGRAM

of sunday-school convention of District 1 and 2 to be held with Shiloh church, Nov. 16 and 17.

SATURDAY. 9 a.m. Devotional service, Rufus Houlditch.

10. Its object, Rev. A. T. Vandiver.

11. Reports of sunday-schools.

1:30 p.m. What are the duties of sunday-school teachers to their classes? J. W. Thomas and W. H. Conway. Recitation, Miss Emma Lowery. Recitation, Miss Dulsey Varden.

3. Business.

A few reasons why so many take no part in sunday-school work. Mrs. M. J. Griffin. Recitation, Miss Susie Conway. Recitation, Miss Mary Creel.

SUNDAY, 9 a.m. sunday school.

10. What is our duty as a church toward our sunday-school? C. M. Northcutt and others.

Recitation, Miss Sallie Shaw.

Recitation, George Hillson.

1:30 p.m. Recitation, Miss Cora Armstrong. Recitation, Miss Annie Lowery. Recitation, Miss Ida Busby.

3. Final influence of sunday-school, Rev. W. J. Lawley.

W. M. ATKERSON, Pres.
Miss LIZZIE LOWERY, sec.

When your little boy cuts his foot, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You will be delighted with the result. It will stop the bleeding, relieve the suffering, prevent suppuration and heal like magic. Only 25c a bottle by druggists.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

To be held at Thorsby, Ala., Nov. 22 and 23, 1901.

FRIDAY, 10:15 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, R. A. Rasco.

10:50. The aim in teaching reading, Miss Annie McGehee. Prof. Tidwell, Music.

11:30. My method of teaching grammar, J. D. Means, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

1:30 p.m. The true idea of education, W. L. Walker, Miss Lydia Oakley, Music.

2:15. Recitation, Miss Lily Franzen.

2:30. Mental development, R. D. Carmichael, J. F. McCreless.

An entertainment will be given at 7:30 p.m. by Thorsby school. "Merchant of Venice" will be a special feature.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:15. Practical institute work, G. L. Speer, L. E. Byrum. Music.

10. The teacher's responsibility, W. A. McCreless, G. P. Dickinson. Music.

11. Alabama's Need—practical, educated men, W. M. Adams.

11:45. Recitation, Miss Della Wambem.

1:30 p.m. Educational address, Supt. John W. Abercrombie.

Committee—J. W. Moore, R. A. Rasco, J. M. Collier, J. F. McCreless, W. A. McCreless.

DOWRE' FINE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnapp Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.

J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses advanced, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

All good mothers keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use when the children get hurt or have colic. Only 50c. a bottle. Contains no oil or grease, the odor is very pleasant and the children like it because, when sweetened, it tastes like peppermint candy, and is absolutely harmless. Ask your druggist for it.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will sell at public outcry at Concord, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1901,

the following described real estate belonging to the estate of John B. Moore: W ½ of ne ¼, se ¼ of ne ¼, se ¼ of se ¼, w ½ of se ¼, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 16; se 1-4 of se 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, and w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 17; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18; n ½ of ne 1-4, nw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, and s ½ of sw 1-4, north of Dry Creek, sec 19; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 20; nw 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4, w ½ of ne 1-4, and ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 21; all of the above in Tp 24, R 13 east, in Chilton county, Alabama; e 1-2, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, and sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 24 tp 24 r 12; e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 12 e, in Chilton county, Alabama. Terms of sale: ½ cash, ½ in twelve months and balance in two years.

J. ALEX MOORE, Administrator.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Chilton County.

The members of the above Association are hereby called to meet at Clanton on Saturday, November 23, 1901, at 10 o'clock a.m., when business of importance will come before the meeting.

N. J. CALLOWAY, President.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it ever fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON HULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WEBEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 23 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 401—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Stanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A

$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. Wilson
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EBLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
PRESIDENT: N. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. H. C. Young	4. A. J. Wilson	7. C. J. Coburn
2. Thomas Harrison	5. D. K. Robinson	8. John R. Parnell
3. Alex Glasscock	6. A. T. Hathcock	9. W. A. Mims

Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED BY THE GENERAL AGENT.

Full particulars furnished on application to

WALLACE C. EBLER, CLANTON, ALA.

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

A St. Louis man risked his life the other day to save a cat. The same gentleman would probably throw a shoe at a cat on a back fence and never have a pang in case he hit the mark.

At the Methodist conference in London the interesting fact was developed that there are very nearly 25,000,000 Methodists in the world and $300,000,000 worth of Methodist church property.

An American has just died in New York City at the age of 101 who was a veteran of four wars and had lived through a fifth. Are we such a peaceful nation when one lifetime supplies this record?

Authors are now writing flattering comments on their own works. The days when a writer begged the indulgence of the "gentle reader" are long past. Yet they were the days that produced the masterpieces.

Ocean steamships nowadays are as regular as the railroads in carrying the mails. They have their habitual rate of speed and are expected to make the voyage of 3000 miles over a trackless ocean through wind and storm in the same number of hours and minutes, winter and summer, never slowing down or heaving to except on the very rarest occasions.

Recently a New York newspaper published a very interesting letter from Holland which treated of the advance of women in that very conservative country. The way has been opened in Holland for the employment of women in manufacturing and mercantile occupations and even in the professions. Dutch women seem to be succeeding especially well in dentistry, a profession in which many of them are engaged.

The pistol is, perhaps, the readiest instrument of murder within reach of the hand of the assassin. While seeking the means of statutory curb for the intending murderer, why not put a heavy restraining tax on the manufacture, sale and ownership of this readily concealed and life-destroying weapon? It is already forbidden by law to carry concealed firearms in many of the states; but if it should be made a costly as well as an illegal habit something would have been accomplished in safeguarding the right to live, thinks the Philadelphia Record.

"When will our legislators recognize the fact that the health of the community is its most valuable asset, and take the necessary steps to assist in preserving it?" inquires Health. "Doubtless there are many noises incidental to city life which it is impossible to suppress, but a very large proportion of them are easily preventable, for instance, the incessant discordant clanging of car gongs, the screeching and tooting of switch engines in railroad yards, the rattle of heavily loaded wagons over badly paved streets and the deafening yells of fruit venders and newsboys."

According to Harper's Weekly, England is looking forward to the fiercest municipal contests the kingdom has had for years. There is not an alderman in the whole realm who does not want to be mayor of his respective town, because it has been announced that every mayor in the United Kingdom will be knighted when Edward is crowned king. Whether Edward himself will personally bestow the accolade does not appear, but as he is going to revive all the ancient ceremonies connected with the coronation it seems no more than fair that he gratify the intense desire of so many loyal subjects. Only one thing could increase the happiness of John Bull when he is knighted, and that is to receive his knighthood from his sovereign's hand. It would be unkind in the king to disappoint him.

The fact that assassinations of public men have been more frequent during the past fifty years than at any other time since the Dark Ages is a strange paradox, for during the nineteenth century, and especially its latter half, a higher estimation has been put upon human life than ever before. The amelioration of criminal codes, reducing the frequency of the death penalty and the founding of great numbers of benevolent institutions to prolong the life and increase the comfort of even the lowliest members of the community establish this beyond cavil. The frequency of regicide is clearly a most exceptional feature of our present civilization.

26 PRISONERS GET AWAY

FROM THE UNITED STATES PRISON, FT. LEAVENWORTH.

CHINA'S "GRAND OLD MAN" PASSES AWAY

Fire in Richmond, Va.—Quick Mail Servic via New York City — Statue of Jefferson Given to Louisville — Wonderful Scientific Discovery—Cuba.

TWENTY-SIX PRISONERS.

Escaped from the United States prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., last Thursday. They formed a mutiny and broke for freedom just about time to quit work and owing to the small number of guards they succeeded in their plan. Posses were immediately formed and by Sunday night all but fourteen had been recaptured. Petty thieving of food and clothing has been going on in the country surrounding the prison ever since the delivery. Two of the guards have been wounded and several of the escaped prisoners also; four of them having been killed. Two of the escaped captured a sheriff and his deputy Sunday and held them prisoners for several hours and finally escaped, but not before both were wounded. The general plan of the escaped men seems to be to reach the Indian Tereitory, as they started South. Most of the prisoners are young men.

LONDON'S MAYOR.

The Lord Mayor's show took place Saturday and was more than usually interesting, as there were a number of new features. Special attention was paid to the colonies, which were represented by attractive cars. The decorations of the streets were of the customary character. Big crowds lined the whole route of the procession. After the usual reception at the law courts the procession completed its tour of the city and turned to the Guild Hall.

RICHMOND FIRE.

Fire in Richmond, Va., Saturday, destroyed the four-story brick structure occupied by the Richmond Traction Co., the Virginia Electrical Railway and Development Co., and the Tower-Bingford Electrical Supply Co. The loss is estimated at $100,000, fairly covered by insurance. Miss Emily Crump, a stenographer, was seriously injured by jumping from a second story window. A number of persons were slightly injured. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

LI HUNG CHANG.

The great Chinese statesman, died just before noon of Thursday. He was rated as the richest man of China. His death was due to old age, and one report says his last display of impatience at some political detail hastened his end. He had served his country for many years and was accounted one of the world's great men.

JEFFERSON STATUE UNVEILED.

A statue of Thomas Jefferson, presented to the city of Louisville, by B. and I. B. Bernheim, the wealthy distillers, was unveiled in front of the court house Saturday. It is by Sir Moses Ezekiel and cost $60,000. Ex-Governor Bradley was the orator.

DETERMINED.

Mrs. Wm. Taxter, at Leavenworth, Kas., suicided last Friday in a horrible manner. She saturated her clothing with coal oil and set it on fire. She was injured about three weeks ago and her mind is thought to have been affected.

SOCIETY TROUBLES.

Official announcement is made of the shortage of $10,000 in the accounts of the Brotherhood of Carpenters. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Treasurer McGuire. Chas. D. Thompson, supreme finance keeper of the Maccabees, is short $57,000. He has admitted using the money. His arrest is expected. Dr. L. C. Sister of Akron, O., has been appointed to succeed Thompson. John L. Mulford, former secretary of the American Insurance Union, was arrested at Cleveland, Saturday night, charged with having embezzled funds of the order to the amount of $1,500.

GEORGIA TRAGEDY.

At Nicholls, Georgia, the body of W. J. Smith, a merchant, was found cold and stiff Saturday morning. Smith had been killed with a shotgun, two charges entering his right side. Smith's body was found near the store of H. Meeks. There is no clue to the party who did the shooting.

PRICES of print cloth have fallen.

ADOLPH F. KRAUS, the sculptor, is dead.

CONGRESSMAN TAIT, of Georgia, is quite ill.

CRACKER bakers are considering a combination.

CRAMPS have begun work on Turkey's new cruiser.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY has promised to visit Nashville in January.

CAPTAIN CHARLES ALSTON, one of the oldest river pilots in the South, died at Dyersburg, Tenn., on November 9th.

PRESIDENT ZELAYA, of Nicaragua, has purchased from Germany the special service vessel Arminus which will be used as a cruiser.

IT is reported that J. Pierpont Morgan purchased the White Star line of steamers and is in a position to acquire the Dominion line as well.

A JAPANESE steamer brought $1,000,000 in gold and $1,000,000 in silver from the island empire and China to San Francisco last Friday.

THE German battleship Mecklenburg was launched at Stetten Saturday in the presence of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and the Grand Duchess Marie of the Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

BIOXIDE of sodium, it has recently been discovered, will purify inclosed air sufficiently to enable persons to breathe it over and over again without harmful effects. This discovery was reached by sealing up animals in air-tight receptacles along with lumps of bioxide of sodium. Instead of languishing the animals found no difficulty in breathing whatever.

A TERRIBLE gun accident occurred Saturday on board the British battleship Royal Sovereign outside of the Astoka harbor at Athens. An artilleryman forgot to close the breech before the gun was fired. One officer and six artillerymen were killed outright, the bodies being terribly mutilated, and the captain and thirteen sailors were seriously injured.

FAVORS NEW YORK.

When the Cunyard liner Umbria sailed Saturday she carried a batch of mail matter that arrived in San Francisco last Monday on the steamer Ventura from Sydney and Auckland. It will be the speediest mail delivery every accomplished in the world—more than half around the globe by steam at sea and steam on land, and steam at sea again, in less than thirty days. The Ventura left Melbourne, Australia, on October 14th, bound for San Francisco, by way of Sydney, Auckland and Honolulu. The Umbria will have the letters in the London postoffice on the morning of November 16th. The beating of the last record of thirty-one and a half days will prove that mail can be taken through New York more quickly than through the Suez canal and much more quickly than by the all water route.

CUBAN Democrats have adopted General Bartolome Maso as their candidate for the presidency.

BIRMINGHAM is considering the matter of holding a horse show next spring. The State Fair grounds have been secured for such purpose.

A BIG ORDER.

Nearly $1,000,000 worth of American equipment, machinery, etc., has just been ordered by the South Porto Rico Sugar Co., of New York, for installation in its Porto Rican plantation. The company is capitalized at $3,000,000. William Schall is the president. It has acquired 4,000 acres of sugar lands at Quanica, on the south side of Porto Rico. The plantation is expected to be in operation by December, 1902.

THE CAR FAMINE is still bothering railroad men.

According to reports the condition of Empress Augusta Victoria is more serious, and it is announced that as soon as she is sufficiently rested to bear the journey, she will start for the South to try the effects of a milder climate. It is quite possible that Abbazia, on the Adriatic, will be chosen.

MISS KATE GREENAWAY, the artist, is dead.

STATE LANDS TO BE OPENED

CONFEDERATE VETERANS MEET IN MONTGOMERY.

OIL AT MOBILE CREATES EXCITEMENT

Alabamians Will Not be Prosecuted—Warrior, Bessemer and LaFayette Have Fires — Tennessee River Improvements — Will Make Brick.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

The first state convention of the United Confederate Veterans of Alabama will assemble in Montgomery Wednesday noon. The convention will remain in session two days, the first day being given over to the transaction of general business, and the second day to social sessions. The local camp of veterans are making thorough preparations to entertain the visiting veterans, and a royal time is promised those who attend. Great interest is being taken in the social features of the approaching convention, and it is expected that many of the camps of the state will send sponsors. Miss Lucy Powell Randle, of Union Springs, is the sponsor for the state, and her maid of honor is Miss Mary Kirkpatrick, of Montgomery. The sponsor and maid of honor were appointed by Major General George P. Harrison.

NEW BRICK PLANT.

L. L. Stephenson, of Elderton, Ga., having recently sold out his brick business at that place, has decided to locate in Birmingham and will build an up-to-date Shale brick plant in the Birmingham district. He will be producing a high grade Shale building brick and vetrified foundation and sewer brick. He has already placed his entire machinery order, amounting to over $15,000, with J. J. Gledhill, the Southern representative of E. M. Freese & Co., of Galoin, O. The plant will be located on the Southern railway and Mr. Stephenson hopes to have it in operation by February 15, 1902.

NO PROSECUTION.

A dispatch from Guthrie, O. T., says: It is stated that Colonel Howell and son, of Dadeville, Ala., will not be brought to trial for the alleged shooting of Robert G. Gore, at McKnight, Oklahoma, on September 13, over the ownership of a town lot. At the time Gore was reported dead and his coffin was ordered, but he revived and was taken to his home in Fort Worth, Texas. He has entirely recovered and returned to Lawton, Oklahoma, and has engaged in business there and at Walters, formerly McKnight. It is said he will not appear against the Howells.

MOBILE OIL.

J. D. Cameron, a Mobile mill man, reports that he struck a deposit of petroleum near his mill at Three Mile Creek, about two miles from the city. Mr. Cameron had a sample of the oil and ordinary tests showed it to be the real article. Further investigations are being made on the site, and the sample of oil has been placed in the hands of a chemist for analysis. The report of this find has started another spell of excitement in the city and the parties interested in oil are again actively promoting their schemes.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

The annual session of the Alabama synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian church held a four days' meeting in Huntsville last week. The meeting of the synod was most pleasant. The next annual meeting will be held in Sheffield on November 1, 1902.

LOVE'S TRAGEDY.

Miss Helen Hutton, of Decatur, some days ago was to have been married to a young business man of Birmingham, but he failed to appear, and it is said her letters and telegrams elicited no response. Crazed over his supposed perfidy, she put an end to her life with a 38-calibre pistol ball late Friday afternoon. The bullet shattered her brains, being discharged through her mouth. She was only eighteen.

BURGLARS are still visiting Tuscaloosa.

BESSEMER BLAZE.

Several houses were burned in Bessemer Sunday night, frame and tenement buildings, and one blacksmith and wagon shop. Loss $2,500, partially insured.

H. P. SAWYER, a university law student, was shot in the hand Saturday morning while handling a pistol. The wound is not a dangerous one, though somewhat painful.

GOVERNMENT LANDS.

There are nearly 100,000 acres of public land in Alabama, much of it rich in coal and iron, which may be thrown open to the public at no distant day. Recently the interior department has received many letters inquiring as to the state's public land. These indicate that an interest is now being taken in the subject which may result in a demand sufficient to warrant the department's taking action under the law of 1883 and exposing the property to public sale, after which, under the terms of the act, the remaining land may be exposed to homestead entry. Every investigation made by the department's agent has tended to show that portions of the land may contain fortunes in coal and iron. In addition, it is reported that experts in mining companies have given the land a high rate, and are looking towards it for future speculation. There was originally about 300,000 acres of this land, but by different laws the state has been allowed to select about 200,000 acres for university, normal schools and other purposes. The parts selected have generally been of an agricultural nature, and of little value.

AT LAFAYETTE, TOO.

One of the most disastrous fires this little city has ever experienced occurred Sunday morning. The Brick Hotel building was entirely consumed, leaving only a portion of the walls standing. The second floor has been the leading hotel of the town for a number of years, and for the past three years Mrs. L. V. Willy has been its proprietor. Her furniture, valued at $1,200, was almost completely destroyed. Insurance small. The first floor was occupied by McGehee, Driver & Co., general store. Losses as follows: Dr. Hudson, $1,000, partly insured; F. W. Emon, harness, no insurance; Penrey Nash, cleaning and dye house, no insurance; Andrews Brothers, $6,000, insured for $4,000; McGehee, Driver & Co., $12,000, largely covered by insurance. The fire originated in the cooking department of the hotel.

WARRIOR BADLY SCORCHED.

At an early hour Sunday morning the business section of Warrior was almost completely destroyed by fire. Six storehouses and the principal part of the goods therein were burned entailing a loss of about $25,000. When the flames were first discovered one of the storehouses was partially burned, and though the citizens worked hard, they could not gain control of the fire until six stores had been destroyed. The property was partially covered by insurance. There is no clue as to the origin of the fire.

APPROPRIATION.

Congressman William Richardson has received a letter from Major Knight, United States engineer in charge of the government improvement on the Tennessee river, stating that the chief of engineers has made his report to Congress, recomending that $500,000 be appropriated for the improvement of the river between Chattanooga and Riverton, also that the sum of $19,000 be appropriated for the improvement of the river below Riverton.

SELMA'S first casualty of moment that has occurred on the street car line since the trolley cars were inaugurated happened Sunday when Miss McCarthy was struck. She was not run over but a limb was boken and mangled. Owing to her age her recovery is very doubtful.

UP THEY GO.

The masts taken from the Spanish ships Don Juan de Austria and Oquendo at the battle of Manila and Santiago respectively, which were secured by Captain Richmond P. Hobson, and about which the Navy Department, after several refusals, finally consented to lend to the state, have arrived at Montgomery and will be erected on the capitol grounds.

GEN. JAS. HOGAN died in Mobile last week and was given a military funeral Sunday—the first in Mobile for several years.

M. H. BUNN, has been made chief clerk of the railway mail service with headquarters in Birmingham.

A CORPS of engineers has begun work near Tuscumbia, laying out the tracks which will be run from the city of Sheffield. The work of construction will be commenced as soon as the surveying is completed, and will be rapidly pushed. Both towns will, it is believed, be benefited by the road.

MILITARY DEPARTMENTS

TWO NEW ONES CREATED IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

A NEW CABINET OFFICE IS [illegible]

Promotions in the Army — [illegible] Improved — Secretary [illegible] Depew — From Venezuela — [illegible] Plague—Porto Rican Treasury.

On the recommendation of Gen. Chaffee, commanding the division of the Philippines, the Secretary of War has issued an order for the reorganization of that division. It will be divided into two military departments to include within their limits the entire Philippine archipelago. The will be known as the Department of North and South Philippines. The northern department will be commanded by Major General [illegible] and will include the islands of Luzon, Mindaro and Masbate and all the intervening territory. The southern department, which will be commanded by Brigadier General Wade, will embrace the remainder of the archipelago and include the large islands of Samar, Panay, Mindanao, the Sulus and Jolo.

Minister Wu Ting Fang has received an official notification of the death of Li Hung Chang. It is said at the Chinese legation that Minister Wu has not been informed of his reported relief as Chinese minister at Washington. The minister would be surprised at such news. He says that he has no idea what post will be assigned him if he should be recalled from Washington. It is felt here that the appointment of Wang Ta Shao to take the place of Li Hung Chang as the throne's adviser in China's foreign affairs, will be hailed to Minister Wu's interests.

Representative business men of Chicago will appeal to President Roosevelt to recommend to Congress the creation of a department of commerce and industry, with a cabinet officer at its head. The bill for the creation of a department of commerce and industry was reported favorably by the senate committee on commerce during the fifty-sixth congress, but press of other important public measures prevented action by the senate and house. Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, will reintroduce the bill at the next session.

Dr. Euardo Blanco, Venezuelan minister of foreign affairs, has resigned his portfolio. He will be succeeded by Dr. Pacoachano. The cause of the resignation was a disagreement regarding the Colombian question, particularly the answer of President Castro to the Pan-American Congress in the city of Mexico, which was made without Dr. Blanco's knowledge.

On account of the recent outbreak of plague in Liverpool and Glasgow two additional surgeons from the marine Hospital staff have been detailed for service in those cities. They are Dr. John F. Anderson and Dr. [illegible] Ford. Both have had extensive experience in dealing with plague. The experts are sent merely as a precautionary measure.

Senator Depew has engaged Miss Belle Hagner, social secretary to Mrs. Roosevelt, to act in a similar capacity for the future Mrs. Depew.

The president has declined to accept Senator Cullom, of Illinois, that in making the promotions to the brigadier generalships soon to become vacant the army will be governed entirely by merit, and that it is his intention to promote those whose records show them to be most deserving of promotion, and that neither personal nor political considerations will count.

The president has accepted the resignation of Collector Sapp, of the Louisville, Ky., internal revenue district. The civil service commission had recommended his removal, and the president had intended to comply with the request when Congress met. In making reappointments there seems no doubt that the president will give the recommendation of the civil service commission great weight.

The president has appointed William F. Willoughby, of the District of Columbia, treasurer of the island of Porto Rico. Mr. Willoughby will succeed Jacob Hollander, of Maryland, who resigned some time ago.

Advances of 3 per cent in the pay on the battleships Maine and Texas and good starts on the new battleships Georgia, New Jersey and Rhode Island are shown in the report of the bureau of construction and repair made public, showing the progress of work on the vessels building for the navy. The Maine now shows 41 per cent completed and the Texas at 49. Two per cent on the Maine has been completed.

CONSTITUTION IS RATIFIED

THE NEW MEASURE WINS BY A SAFE MAJORITY.

THE RETURNS INDICATE 30,000 MAJORITY

[illegible] Charge Fraud — Great Interest in Some Counties — Little in Others — Dallas Gives 3,400—Lowndes Goes Anti — Public is Very Close.

THE CHAIRMEN.

At one o'clock Tuesday morning Chairman Underwood of the Democratic Campaign committee said: "The new constitution has been ratified by a final 27,500 majority."

General C. M. Shelley, chairman of the Democratic committee fighting ratification, said: "We have carried the white counties by a large majority against ratification of the new constitution, notwithstanding fraudulent methods in this and other cities and towns in North Alabama. We do not think it possible for advocates of ratification to commit frauds in the black belt or negro counties sufficient to change the result."

So far as returns show the greatest majority for the new constitution was given by Dallas, 5,400. Madison and Montgomery each give 3,500, Marengo, Sumter and Wilcox 3,000. Perry 2,500, Jefferson 2,350, Barbour and Chambers 2,000.

Against the measure are placed DeKalb, Jackson and Morgan 1,500 each, Colbert and Lee 1,200 each and Talladega 1,000.

The counties in doubt are: Choctaw, Coffee, Covington, Crenshaw, Winston, Washington.

Complete returns may change the estimated results a few thousand votes. The latest reports obtainable from the closer counties are:

CHARGES FRAUD.

Lee V. Cowart, chairman of the campaign committee against ratification, said that fraudulent methods had been used in both Birmingham and the county of Jefferson, and that in a fair count the county would have gone against ratification by a small majority. It is claimed by the regularly organized democrats that the leaders of the opposition to ratification in Bessemer imported negroes to vote against the constitution, that box stuffing 270 to 627. Pratt City also furnished one of the surprises of the election, and the large majority against ratification is said to have been wholly unexpected by the democrats.

MADISON.

Reports from eleven precincts out of twenty-two give the constitution a majority of 2,390. The Huntsville box gave a majority of 271 votes. Further returns will only swell the majority. There was a landslide in the county. Of the eleven precincts reported all were carried by the ratificationists and ten of the remaining eleven not heard from are conceded to ratification. Huntsville, 1,175 for, 904 against; Gurley 266 for, 99 against.

LIMESTONE.

The returns from nine of the seventeen boxes show a majority of 1040 in favor of ratification, with the strongholds of Democracy to hear from. The county is safe for ratification by 1,500 majority.

MARENGO.

Marengo county safe for the new constitution by about 800 majority. It appears from the news received that while North Marengo has gone against the new constitution but North Marengo will more than balance it. No election held in Dayton beat and Old Spring Hill failed to hold election. Demopolis beat practically solid for new constitution.

BUTLER.

Greenville cast seven hundred and twenty-six votes. For ratification 328, against 418, giving a majority against 90. The county will go against by about 750 majority.

BIBB.

Brierfield polled 809 votes; 552 for ratification, 251 against. Six votes were thrown out. Beats 4 and 5 give 14 against. Looks like 449 for ratification in the county.

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HENRY.

Abbeville beat gave a majority of sixteen against ratification. Reports have been received from nearly all the beats in the county. Henry county has given a majority between five hundred and eight hundred for ratification. Columbia, for ratification, 44; against 838. About two-thirds of a full vote was polled.

SHELBY.

The vote at Calera was 35 for ratification and 230 against. Total vote 265. The Montevallo vote was 287 for ratification to 99 against ratification.

TALLADEGA.

All beats heard from but three. The county votes for the new constitution by about 1,200 majority. At Sylacauga the election passed off in a very quiet manner. The official count shows 144 for and 822 against ratification.

TUSCALOOSA.

The indications are that the new constitution has carried by a majority of about 300 votes. Tuscaloosa 800 for, 60 against; Northport 105 for, 111 against.

CALHOUN.

The home of President Knox, rolls up a majority of 938 for ratification.

ST. CLAIR

Gives 750 against the constitution.

MARION.

Four precincts heard from. Indications are that Marion county will go against ratification by two to three hundred votes. This majority may be reduced when all precincts are heard from. Guin gave fifteen majority for ratification.

WALKER.

Indications are that Walker county will go against the ratification of the new constitution by a majority of from 150 to 200. Jasper stands 287 for, 39 against, Cordova 143 for, 147 against, Horse Creek, 308 for, 91 against. The country precincts will give majorities against ratification.

MARSHALL.

Meagre returns from Marshall county show that it has gone against ratification by about 1,000 majority. Albertville beat voted 143 for and 198 against.

ETOWAH.

There was an unusually heavy vote polled. In Gadsden beat the vote was 542 for and 110 against; Attalla, 125 for, 174 against; Alabama City, 136 for, 82 against. The indications are that the county will go 500 majority against the convention.

LAMAR.

But little interest manifested and but few beats heard from. Sulligent 109 for, 46 against. Kennedy, Ratification carried here by something over 4 to 1. Other beats heard from about in the same proportion.

MOBILE.

Mobile city gave 15 majority for ratification. Only eight precincts of the county have been heard from and the combined vote gives a majority of about 50 against ratification. Later returns are expected to bring Mobile into the ratification column.

JEFFERSON.

The vote was one of the heaviest ever polled and came as a surprise to both sides. In the boxes which have reported 11,534 votes were polled. It is estimated that remaining beats will cast 2,500 more votes.

AUTAUGA.

The majority in six beats is 124 in favor of the constitution. Estimated majority against ratification is 200.

LAUDERDALE.

Florence goes against the constitution by 682 to 455; the county by about 500.

LEE

Goes anti by about 900.

GREENE.

Gives new constitution safe majority.

Good news for the children comes across the water from England. Heretofore it has been generally understood that people who ate much sugar were simply laying in stocks of future woes and reducing their days upon earth. When little Johnny asks for sugar on his piece of bread he is told that he can't have it because it will ruin his teeth and leave him with a stomach nowhere near as good as new. The girls have been warned that if they eat candy they cannot expect to have red cheeks, and the general idea has been that the taste for sweets is dangerous in the extreme. The British Medical Journal informs us, however, that sugar is about as beneficial a thing as one can eat.

CORN FODDER AND HAY FOR STOCK.

It is difficult to make a proper comparison between corn fodder and hay, because the quality of either largely depends upon the curing. Bright, green corn fodder, shredden or cut fine, is superior to improperly cured hay, while good hay is far superior to corn fodder that was not cut down until the leaves turned yellow. If fodder is tender and juicy the animals will prefer the stalks to the leaves, as the stalks are rich in sugar, but much depends upon the stage of growth at which the stalks were harvested.

VALUE OF CORN STOVER.

The Maryland Experiment Station reports that by weighing the ears and stover of corn, and analyzing them, they found 1,530 pounds of digestible matter in the ears and 1,642 in the stover, or 112 pounds more of food in the stover than in the ear. Probably it was not as rich in percentage of protein as was the ear and grain, but it was certainly too valuable to be wasted, as it often is, where the corn shedder has not come in use. And, by the way, chemists say the lower part of the stalk is more nutritious than that above the ear.

EXCELLENT WINTER FEED.

Turnips and carrots make excellent winter food. For cattle they should be sliced with a root slicer, which does the work very rapidly. Even poultry can consume such foods when the materials are sliced. The way to prepare sliced roots is to sprinkle cornmeal and bran over the mess and give it to the cattle or fowls at least once a day. The advantages are that such foods are succulent, easily digested, and afford a change from the usual dry rations. Ensilage should be given if there is a supply on hand, but the root crops will be found excellent, no matter what the other foods may be.

SELECTION OF THE GARDEN.

There should be upon the farm either a change in the location of the garden, putting the place used for that purpose into grass for a year or two to cleanse it not only of woods, insect pests and fungous diseases, or such changes as will serve as a rotation of crops. It is true that many of the perrennial crops, as rhubarb, asparagus, and the bush fruits, cannot be changed so often, but they need not be in the garden proper. There are often strips along the walls or by the side of the buildings that can be used for these plants, that are now given over to burdock and other weeds, that could be fitted for coultivation with a little labor, and are often by their location fertile, and would be well adapted to growing the fruits, or, indeed, anything else one might want to put there. Being near the house they would be convenient of access from the kitchen, and could receive the soap suds and other house slops to stimulate growth, while they would be handy when it was desired to gather a picking from them. And, indeed, the rhubarb, currants and other bush fruits would often do better if new plantations were set about once in three years and theo ld ones dug up when the new ones had reached full bearing.

UTILIZING BEESWAX FOR PROFIT.

I take all the old comb from our colonies of bees each season, put it in a large iron kettle, such as is used on the farm outdoors, and fill the kettle with water. This is boiled vigorously for several hours. A tub is then filled half full of water, on which is floated an old board of some sort. The mixture is then dipped out with an old pan or dipper from the kettle, and poured through a hemp sack or other thin material, which is allowed to rest upon the board floating in the tub. The wax runs through the sack into the tub. There will be a considerable residue left in the sack, which can be separated by squezing or rolling the mass with a round stick or other press.

The wax will float on the surface of the water and soon cool. In the meantime the kettle should be cleansed, filled with clear water and the wax boiled up a second time. After the first straining it looks brown and unfit for use. It should be boiled a second time and strained carefully through a fine meshed cloth several times. It can be melted now without water and put in molds ready for the market. The sack or cloth used for straining the wax is of no special value afterward and should be thrown away. I have made as much as twenty pounds a season out of comb considered worthless, and would have been thrown away under ordinary circumstances. I always find a good market for first-class beeswax and save all scraps and pieces of old comb, treating it in the manner described above.—Mrs. W. H. Johnson, in New England Homestead.

SWINE FOR MARKET.

For several years now there has practically been a shortage in hogs, and the coming winter promised to be an exception. The industry is not suffering under a boom nor depresion. It has been steady and uniform throughout. Probably the most unsatisfactory thing about some farm crops is that they are subject to rather violent booms and periods of great depression. No farmer of the right type enjoys such uncertainties. There may be a certain class of farmers who like it. But they are rather the speculators and hangers-on of the business, who want to get rich suddenly, and cannot stand the steady, uniform work which carries a man's business by degrees from a low to a high position. Even in the great industrial world booms and depressions are dreaded by all the conservative men and are enjoyed by the speculators and idlers.

In recent years the efforts of cattle men have been directed toward the establishment of steady, uniform markets. They have deplored the uncertainties of their business, and to-day we have far less fluctuations than formerly. Still, the failure or partial failure of corn or wheat must always tend to create a great change in cattle. Without adequate feed on hand cattle dealers will rush their stock to the market, and later there will come a period of scarcity. The wise preparation for any emergency is a part of the business policy of every one engaged in this work. It is something that conservative growers expect and largely anticipate. Now hogs have suffered no depression in the last two years, and in view of present crop conditions, there is little likelihood of the market being overstocked with swine for the next eighteen months. Indeed, one was never surer of good returns from swine-breeding and feeding than to-day. With the comparative scarcity of corn there will naturally be more difficult in feeding the hogs at a cost which will enable the growers to realize profits. But, with our great dairy and grain interests presenting unknown and almost unguessed possibilities for feeding, the shrewd, experienced breeder of hogs will not find the present problem too great for him to solve. There is more than one way to reach any point, and also to perform any problem, but often each one must solve it for himself.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

WINTERING BEES.

The colonies should be strong to winter well. It is the number of bees that count and not the number of hives. When there are weak colonies it is good policy to unite them. They may be united as late as November. If not united the weaklings will continue weak, if they live through the winter, which is doubtful. United, they would make a good strong colony by next June, providing other conditions are favorable. They could then be divided into two good ones. It might do to attempt to winter the weak colonies separate if there was any hope of them building up in the spring, but they won't do it. The bees will die off faster than the young ones come on. They cannot keep the inside of the cluster warm enough for rearing early brood. Being so few in numbers their whole strength is needed to resist the cool spring weather. A large number of bees clustered together can stand the severest cold in winter and keep the nursery warm for the rearing of young bees early. Not more than half the bees in the strongest colonies live through the winter and the weaker ones lose more than half. There should be young bees hatching as late as October to take the place of the old bees that die off during the winter. There should be enough honey in the hives to take the bees through the spring as well as winter.—Fanny M. Wood, in *The Epitomist.*

HARVESTING APPLES AND PEARS.

The proper picking of apples and pears has more to do with their keeping than many imagine. On a large orchard where thousands of bushels of these fruits are harvested, the work is apt to be rushed, and haste generally spoils a good deal of the crop. Poor, ignorant and careless pickers are also responsible for the spoiling of a good deal of the fruit. From 2 to 5 per cent. of the crop is generally figured out as injured by the picking and packing. The experienced apple picker, who works by the day, is worth more to the farmer than two inexperienced men working by the piece. The latter, in order to count a great number of bushels for the day's work, will grow careless and indifferent. He will injure more fruit than his services are worth.

I prefer experienced pickers employed by the day every time, especially in an orchard where fine fruits are raised. For the export trade you cannot afford a careless picker. Apples intended for this trade should be raised on trees where the fruit has been thinned out systematically, in order to make each apple grow its largest. Now on such a tree you cannot afford to lose an apple by careless picking. Yet this may be done by careless pickers so easily that the profits will be seriously cut into. I have seen beginners in their haste to fill their baskets shake the limbs where a few choice apples were just beyond their reach. They not only dislodge these fruits but injure many more on other branches. So important is the picking that I always begin early and employ only a few pickers at a time. They work under my supervision, and if the limbs are shaken or the fruit unduly bruised and pricked, some explanation must be given. The apples are all large and choice, and I expect each one to be harvested without a bruise. There is no reason why more than half a dozen apples or so should be dropped from each tree. If more are dislodged there is some trouble—carelessness or ignorance on the part of the pickers. The employment of boys to pick apples is generally a great mistake unless the apples are small and intended for the cider mill or some local market. While the boys cost only half the amount paid to expert men pickers, the difference will be found in favor of the latter at the end, especially where choice apples or pears are raised. So much depends upon the proper harvesting of apples and pears that it may be said the packing and shipping are only secondary importance. No bruised and pricked fruits can be packed and shipped to keep. First of all, the fruits must be sound and free from all injury.—S. W. Chambers in American Cultivator.

Ancestry of Presidents.

President Roosevelt is the second President of Dutch ancestry, Van Buren being first. Of our other Chief Executives fourteen have sprung from English stock, five from Scotch-Irish, three from Scotch, and one, Jefferson, from Welsh.

The tube of a twelve-inch gun has five grooves, causing the projectile to revolve seventy-five times a second.

New China Closets.

The new china closets are much higher than those in use of recent years, and very many of them set up quite high on legs. A lower shelf of wood to display large bowls, pitchers, etc., is often seen on these latest closets, too.

The Fashionable Screen.

Screens of hugely blossomed cretonne are the fashion for a feminine bedroom. Those of plain green with a tapestry square let into each panel near the top still hold their own for a library or living room, but the leather one, of heavy, metallic-finished roanskin, fastened on with huge bronze nailheads, is far and away in the lead for hall or dining room. In fact, so popular and fashionable have these become that they are used everywhere. Their price of from $40 to $75 will keep them exclusive.

Hall and Parlor in One.

There is a growing tendency among housewives who have to live in the often cramped spaces of the modern house to throw hall and parlor into one, thus making a fair-sized room which they use as a living room-hall. Interior decorators usually object to this plan as lacking privacy, because drafts blowing from the stairway, and, in the case of entertainment, the visitor is ushered at once into the presence of the family. For a country house, where calling is much more informal and the season they are inhabited drafts are welcome, they, however, recommend this plan.

How to Have a Good Light.

I will tell the young housewife in a little practical talk not only how to keep from breaking so many lamp chimneys, but also how to clean a lamp so as to have a clear, steady, brilliant light, for I think in your first housekeeping a well kept lamp is an important factor, not only for happiness and cheerful conversation around it, but for your health and eyesight also.

Lamp chimneys are not so liable to break upon exposure to changes of temperature if they are put in a pan of cold water and allowed to heat gradually until the water is boiling hot, then allow it to cool again. The common kerosene lamp used in almost every household will give a bright, clear light if properly cared for. The bowl of the lamp should be kept full of oil, but when not used the wick should be turned down, to keep the oil from oozing out. If the wick is soaked in vinegar, then thoroughly dried before it is put in the lamp, it will not smoke. When you wish to clean the flues, founts, etc., wash them in a suds made by dissolving a teaspoonful of pearline into a pint of hot water. Clean well, then rinse in clear, warm water and wipe dry in soft cheesecloths. Fill your lamps every day and clean every day also. See that the flues fit tightly. As you live in the country you will use lamps altogether, and this is an excellent method for cleaning.—N. H. H., in Farm, Field and Fireside.

Minced Eggs—Chop hard boiled eggs and heat to boiling in milk seasoned with butter, pepper, catsup or any chopped herb; thicken with flour, and serve garnished with croutons.

Meat Cake—Mince any cold beef or beefsteak, and mix it with an equal weight of bread crumbs; add a little very finely chopped onion and parsley, a little stock, seasoning and a well beaten egg. Form into a cake, and fry in dripping (about an ounce will be sufficient). This may be served with or without brown sauce.

Rice Fritters—Boil one-half a cup of rice in a cup of milk until the rice is tender and has absorbed all the milk, using an inner boiler. Add the beaten yolks of two eggs, a tablespoon of sugar, a sprinkle of cinnamon and a nutmeg and two teaspoons of softened butter. Remove from the fire and let cool before adding the beaten whites of the eggs. Drop in spoonfuls into plenty of boiling lard or fat and let them fry a light brown. Serve with one flavored strongly with lemon.

Butter Rolls—Dissolve two tablespoonfuls of butter in one pint of scalded milk. When cool add one scant teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar, one-half of a yeast cake dissolved in a little warm water and enough flour to make a soft dough. Knead lightly for five minutes and set aside to rise. When very light make into small rolls and let rise again; then bake in moderate oven for 20 minutes.

Prune Jelly—One pound of prunes, one-half box of gelatine. Soak the prunes over night and stew until tender in the water in which they have been soaked. Remove the stones and sweeten to taste. Dissolve the gelatine in a little hot water and add the prunes while hot. Lastly add the juice of a lemon and two tablespoonfuls of blanched almonds. Pour the jelly into molds and set it on the ice to harden. Serve with whipped cream.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

It was the agricultural department that started the present organized war on mosquitoes, and now it has started one on the fly. A special form of trap has been devised, which it is believed will prove to be better than anything yet tried and directions for making it are to be distributed throughout the country. The fly renders some service as a scavenger, but it is so potent a factor in the spread of disease that it should be killed off as far as possible.

Professor Simon Newcomb, in an article published in McClure's Magazine expresses doubts as to the realization of aerial navigation, unless some way of controlling gravity shall be discovered. The balloon is too bulky, the flying machine on a very small scale may be possible, but hardly on a large scale, weight offering an obstacle which will increase with every addition to the size of the machine, more rapidly than the propelling and sustaining power can increase.

When the two Hungarian scientists, Messrs. Pollak and Virag, displayed their new telegraphic apparatus at the Paris exhibition last year, they were invited by the French government to make experiments with it over the lines between Paris and Lyons. On account of the enormous expense, however, the inventors declined the invitation. Since that time, however, they have established a line of their own extending from Buda-Pesth to Fiume, a distance of 375 miles, and have been carrying out a series of tests with their apparatus. A speed of 40,000 words per hour has been attained.

A distinguished English authority in veterinary science suggests that the zebra be domesticated as a beast of burden in British East Africa and the Uganda protectorate, where these animals are found in great number. It is well known that they are immune to the poison of the terrible tsetse fly, which horses and mules are not, and that of itself would be of inestimable advantage. The adult zebra is domesticated with great difficulty, but there would be little trouble in getting the young, and they might readily be trained. They would be specially adapted to army use in Africa and India.

Dr. Calmette, the director of the Pasteur institute at Lille, and the discoverer of a curative serum for the effects of snake bite, is said to have been severely bitten recently on the hand by a trignocephalus. Without delay he gave himself an injection of his anti-venom serum, but nevertheless the hand swelled and acute fever set in; but by the afternoon of the same day he was sufficiently recovered to attend a sitting of the conseil general of the department and on the following day was perfectly well. Dr. Chalmette has thus afforded in his own person though unintentionally, a convincing proof of the efficacy of his remedy.

A French scientific investigator believes that he has discovered a flashlight powder compound which is practically smokeless. The principle is to keep the magnesia that is formed when magnesium powder is exploded as much as possible attached to a heavy substance that will not easily fly about and which soon falls of its own weight. A substance suitable for this purpose is found in the binoxid of barium. At red heat this substance gives up half its oxygen, and supplies that necessary for the rapid combustion of the magnesium powder. As the binoxid must be kept from contact with the air the flash powder is made up in collodion capsules. This is also consumed and its combustion adds to the intensity of the light developed. The proportion of smoke produced by flashlight powders of this description is as small as 10 percent compared with ordinary makes.

Animal Psychology.

The psychology of animals is a subject which seems to be progressing rapidly, says the London Graphic. Not long since a society in Paris for the "investigation of the soul of animals" made the great discovery that lions were greedy and monkeys vain. More recently a savant, after many experiments at the zoological gardens, elicited proof of the high aesthetic capacities of the feline tribe. A tiger purred and smiled over a piece of wool dipped in lavender water, and a lion hit his consort on the side of the head when she approached his bottle of eau de cologne. Another professor has now shown that animals are at least as subject to hypnotic influence as men. Lobsters for instance "when stood on their head for five or ten minutes, become so thoroughly hypnotized that joggling did not awaken them." Guinea pigs are equally susceptible, if care is taken to avoid making a squeaky noise. It is curious that in this investigation into animal psychology scientific appliances are not more used. The phonograph would be of inestimable value in the hands of an experimenter in finding out the language and might be almost as useful as "gazing hypnotically at crocodiles" or "spinning guinea pigs like a top."

Interested.

Mrs. Prills—Now that I have engaged you, Bridget, I am going to begin right away to give you a little training in the art of waiting on guests. You see, my daughter is coming out next month—

Bridget—Indade, mum. How long was she start up for?—Richmond Dispatch.

THE BANNER.

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"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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THE BANNER.
Clanton, Ala.

THANKSGIVING DAY, November 28.

Now that the election is over, we can all take a rest, forget politics and stick to business.

CIRCUIT Court convenes at Clanton on Monday, November 25. We were unable to get the jury list for publication.

RATIFICATION of the new constitution has carried by from 25,000 to 30,000 majority, but it will take the official count on Saturday next before we can get the exact figures.

THE good roads convention to be held at Birmingham this month should have some good representatives from this county. The new road which will be constructed during the convention is an object-lesson alone worth the trouble of going to see.

THE seventy-third annual session of the Methodist Protestant conference closed at Sylacauga yesterday. The time of holding the next conference was set for Wednesday before the second Sunday in November, 1902, to be held at Cedar Grove church in Chilton circuit.

The following appointments were made for the ensuing year:

Clanton Circuit—C. H. Reese.
Chilton Circuit—T. C. Cassedy.

Montgomery, the one time capital of the "Storm Cradled Nation that fell" is again in the hands of the Confederates. The city has capitulated. The terms were unconditional surrender, and they were proposed by the city. Never were conquerers so warmly recieved. Never were victors so heartily welcomed. On a hundred battlefields they who wore the Grey won the deathless gratitude and undying love of Alabamians. The story is the brightest that illuminates history's page. Romance has written nothing like it.

They are passing away, some of these veterans. Many, so many, of them have crossed over the river to rest under the shade of the trees. It is forty years since the great war began.—Montgomery Journal.

The editor of the Review of Reviews, in "The Progress of the World" for November, discusses President Roosevelt's principles of appointment, as related to his "Southern policy"; the tariff and Cuba; the demand for publicity in the management of trusts; the ship-subsidy scheme; the Isthmian canal; the Pan-American congress at Mexico; the New York municipal election; the various State campaigns; and many other topics of the hour.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Beat Box		For	Against
1.	Mineral Springs	7	157
2.—1.	Providence	19	65
2.—2.	Jemison	15	215
3.—1.	Benson	23	43
3.—2.	Macedonia	10	80
4.	Clanton	80	326
5.—1.	Coopers	14	141
5.—2.	Verbena	69	126
6	Kincheon	20	146
7.—1.	Maplesville	35	65
7.—2.	Shoults	5	33
8.—1.	Stanton	54	62
8.—2.	Pletcher	10	58
9.	Thorsby	29	159
	Total	390	1676

Healthy Children Are Happy.

Mother's Worm Syrup makes children healthy by expelling the worms that make them ill. Children eat it on bread.

WOOED AND WEDDED.

On Wednesday morning at the residence of ex sheriff P. M. Moore, Mr. R. L. Martin and Miss Maggie Moore were happily united, Rev. S. M. Adams performing the ceremony. This was the happy fulfilment of love's young dream. Every one knows the charming bride and the gallant groom. Mr. Martin and Miss Maggie have long plighted their troth, and while Bob went to seek a home for his bride in Texas, Miss Maggie remained to await the happy day when she and the partner of her choice would be made one.

There was a number of friends at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Moore on Wednesday morning. The ceremony was impressive, and immediately afterwards, good-byes, with the best wishes of all those assembled, were said to the young couple, who left on the mail for their future home in Texas, where we wish them the greatest possible happiness and prosperity.

At the home of the bride in Beat one, November 7, Mr. J. M. Littleton and Miss Martha Ola Davis were happily united, J. W. Middlebrooks, J. P., officiating. The youthful couple have a long life before them which we hope will be happy and prosperous.

November 10, at the residence of Mr. Newton Dennis, Mr. A. C. Edwards and Miss Florence Dennis were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. J. B. H. Parrish performing the ceremony. We wish the happy young couple a long life of conjugal felicity.

At the court house, Clanton, November 11, Mr. Dave Lackey and Miss Belle McKinney were made man and wife by Judge Adams. A long and prosperous life together we wish the happy couple

A Question of Ethics.

A growing inclination has developed among some ministers of the gospel throughout the country to handle in their official capacity and from the pulpit questions which are, at best, distantly related to the problems of faith and morals, and border rather too closely on politics.

Nothing can be further from the true spirit of the gospel than the wrangle of party disputes, and those unwise ministers who are permitting themselves to be drawn into a discussion of the relative merits of secular questions are, it seems to us, in danger of having their religious work minimized; for, on questions of civil government they cannot, in the very nature of things, pose as an authority.

The ministry is the chastest of all professions, and the worthy minister is placed by the respect and admiration of his flock on a lofty pedestal of authority. This authority, in the opinion of a large proportion of conscientious church memers, should be employed in the pulpit to direct the people in the matter of faith and morals, and not to dictate to them concerning political questions. To the study of the former they have given the principal part of their lives. On the latter subject they can, naturally, be only superficially advised.

In matters of faith and morals there is no question that people should look to their pastor for direction and advice. When it comes, however, to problems affecting their political well-being they have other sources of information and suggestion.

An opinion publicly expressed by a minister concerning a matter of political import cannot but antagonize members of his congregation who do not think as he does; and he thus loses much of his legitimate influence. Such expressions come as a distinct shock to the members of a church who have been accustom to reverence and respect their pastor as a religious teacher, and not a lecturer on public issues.

The newspaper is a proper forum for the discussion of questions of local, state or national import. The pulpit is not.

Even a matter of such widespread interest as an international conflict, it seems to us, is not a proper subject to preach upon in church. Governments may differ and may go to war in defence of the irreconcilable opinions they hold, and the people of the two governments may clash arms in desence of these respective contentions; but a minister of the gospel is the representative of a higher authority than any earthly power and believers in the truth of Christianity are not affected on that ground by international disputes which may number among the contestants on both sides members of the same religious bodies.—Atlanta Constitution.

What Douglas' Case Yielded.

In the presidential campaign of 1856 the Democrats in the west made an effective point by contrasting Mr. Buchanan's long public career as a senator, secretary of state and minister to England with General Fremont's limited experience, consisting of a service of 21 days in the United States senate.

In the great campaign of 1860 they tried the same tactics, which had proved so successful, to disparage Mr. Lincoln. He had served but a single term in congress, while Senator Douglas had for many years enjoyed a national reputation.

This point was urged in a heated discussion overheard between an ardent supporter of Senator Douglas and a German voter who favored Mr. Lincoln. The former finally thought to overwhelm his opponent by saying:

"Who is dis Lincoln, anyhow? Nobody ever heard of him until Senator Douglas brought him into notice by holding joint debates with him. Senator Douglas, on the other hand, is a great statesman. Why, he has had his eye on the presidential chair for the last ten years."

"Vot is dot you say?" was the reply. "You say Meester Douglas have had his eye on the president chair for the last ten years?"

"Yes; that is just what I said."

"Well, you shoost tell Meester Douglas eef he keep been eye on dot chair shoost a leetle vile longer he vill see old Abe Lincoln sitting down in it."

That closed the debate amid a roar of laughter from the bystanders.—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Way the Boy Put It.

Different sermons may be preached from the same text, and there may be more or less of truth in each of them.

"Here is an account," said Mr. Morse, pointing to a paragraph in the evening paper, "of the way in which a boy was saved from drowning by a mastiff which belonged to his cousin. The boy ventured too near the edge of a treacherous bank, lost his footing and fell into the lake. The dog dashed in after him and succeeded in putting him out."

"There," said Mrs. Morse, turning an accusing glance upon her 10-year-old son, "that shows how dangerous it is for a boy to go too near the water!"

"Why, mother," said the boy in sorrowful astonishment, "I thought father read it because it showed how perfectly safe I'd be wherever I went if you'd only let him buy me a big dog!"

Mr. Morse coughed and became discreetly absorbed in the quotations of mining stocks.

Fish Aversions.

The celebrated Erasmus, although a native of Rotterdam, had such an aversion to fish that the smell of it threw him into a fever. Ambrose Pare had a patient who could never see an eel without fainting and another who would fall into convulsions at the sight of a carp.

Hold the Fort.

In October, 1864, Allatoona pass, a defile in the mountains of Georgia, was guarded by General Corse, with 1,500 men. It was a strong, strategic point, and, moreover, 1,500,000 rations were stored there. French, the southern general, with 6,000 men, attacked the garrison and drove the defenders into a small fort on the crest of the hill. The battle was fierce. The northern soldiers fell in such numbers that further fighting seemed folly.

But one of Corse's officers caught sight of a white signal flag fluttering in the breeze on the top of the Kenesaw mountain, across the valley, 16 miles away. The signal was unshelved, and then came the inspiring message from mountain to mountain: "Hold the fort. I am coming.—W. T. Sherman."

Cheer after cheer went up, and, though hopelessly reduced in numbers, they did hold the fort for hours until the advance guard of Sherman's army came to their relief. Six years later P. P. Bliss, the evangelist, heard the story in all its vivid detail from a soldier friend and then wrote the words and music of his famous hymn.—Presbyterian.

Maybe you don't have colic. Then you don't need Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic for that purpose. But you don't know when you may get hurt, and it is a record-breaker for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, inflamed eyes, Sore Throat, "Poison Oak," etc. Contains no grease, and the odor is very pleasant. Call at drug stores for it.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 315 Caxton Building, Chicago.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under the Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucious membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 235 EDWIN A. OBLES & COMPANY, 2030 and 2032 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

JUDSON STROOK
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES
PAINTS, ETC.

Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

C. R. MULLINS
REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES

My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.

Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.
C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ON A WHEEL the rider frequently meets with disaster. A very handy and efficient doctor to have with you when an accident happens is a bottle of Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Ulcers or Running Sores

need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the very top.

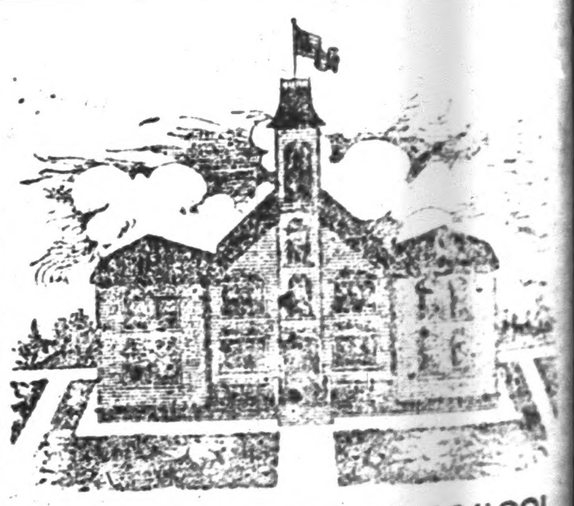
Here we are

Finely settled down in our new store with the Finest line of Goods ever brought to Chilton county, all conveniently arranged for your inspection.

OUR DRY GOODS—come and see them—make your eyes smile.
OUR SHOES—come and see them—make your feet easy to look at us.
OUR CLOTHING—come and see them—make your heart glad.
OUR HATS—come and see them—make you feel good.
OUR GROCERIES—come and see them—make your mouth water.
OUR NOTIONS—come and see them—make you take a notion to us.
OUR STOCK—come and see it once—make you want to come again.
OUR STOCK—AM—come and see it—make you want to buy.
OURSELVES—come and see us—we are always glad to see you.

and we are yours most respectfully,

W. H. Sartor,
CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL
A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF THE SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than one thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.50 TO $9.50 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $2.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] Tuesday next moves overall [illegible] February, first Monday in April, second Monday in June, third Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

[illegible] to-day 6¼ @ 6½ cts
Same date last year 7 cts

Received to date:	1901	1900
[illegible]ard & Co.	2099	1329
[illegible]	1507	1094
[illegible]	521	754
[illegible]	143	816
Total	4270	3993

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
M. PINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] CK! Good hot block at $6 [illegible], soft brick at $3 per 100. [illegible] F. B. Woodward, Clanton.

[illegible] will soon be a State in the [illegible] Do you want to get Abstracts [illegible]
Andrews & Tapp
Gainesville, Fla.

Georgia Thompson of Verbena visited her sister, Mrs. J. W. [illegible] Friday.

Emma Potts has returned after a pleasant visit to [illegible] in Coulman.

Mary Duke is visiting at Shady Grove.

[illegible] Libbie and Mary Vinson [illegible] were visitors here Friday.

[illegible] Shep Rasberry and daughter Pearl, of Lily, were visitors the past week.

[illegible] Pletcher visited [illegible] Saturday.

[illegible] Callie Rogers of Lomax visited here Saturday.

Zula Abbott of Pletcher visited Saturday in Clanton.

Frank Palmer of Mulberry visited friends here Saturday.

[illegible] speakers and singers should use Tichenor's Antiseptic to clear or relieve hoarseness or throat. The odor and taste is pleasant, and a few gargles or applications will do the work. Only 50c. For sale by druggists.

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
M. PINCKARD & CO.

G. L. Phillips is now selling her millinery at reduced [illegible]

Hattie Jones of Lily spent [illegible] in Clanton.

Katie Hill of Lomax visited [illegible] Friday.

Lutie Malone of Mulberry [illegible] visitor here Tuesday.

[illegible] W. A. E. Green and Miss Hannon visited Montgomery [illegible] Sunday.

[illegible] C. Jones spent Sunday in [illegible].

Andy Jones of Lily visited daughter, Mrs. J. P. Hayes.

Quisenberry of Decatur is [illegible] her brother, Mr. T. A. [illegible]

[illegible] Y. McMorries of the [illegible] School, Plantersville, [illegible] visitor here last Saturday.

[illegible] W. Willis has purchased [illegible] Watts' place and has removed his family there.

[illegible] Master New Riggins of [illegible] was in town Tuesday.

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.
M. PINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] for Dr. A. J. Massey's [illegible] this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, [illegible] spend a week here every [illegible] days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage he will appreciate same in [illegible]. Will pay fare one way [illegible] going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental [illegible] 215½ 21st st., between [illegible] and 2nd aves., Birmingham.

[illegible] licenses have been issued by the Probate Judge to following persons.

[illegible] M. Littleton and Miss Ola Davis; Mr. John E. [illegible] Miss Jennie M. A. Furman; Mr. A. C. Edwards and [illegible] Florence Dennis; Mr. J. S. [illegible] and Miss M. B. Keen; [illegible] Williams and Miss Filey [illegible]; Mr. E. L. Lanier and [illegible] Merchant; Mr. Dave [illegible] and Miss Belle McKinney; [illegible] Martin and Miss Maggie [illegible].

[illegible] Fred James and Queen [illegible]

STOPS THE COUGH
[illegible] Bromo-Quinine Tablets [illegible] in one day. No Cure [illegible] Price 25 cents.

...rally meets with disaster. A very ...ient doctor to have with you when ...alcon Mustang Liniment.

...S OF
...g Sores

...fixture upon your
...is your fault, for

...CAN
...LINIMENT

...ickly and perma-
...illictions. There
...out it; if this lin-
...e will follow.

...ickly a burn or scald can be cured ...u have treated it with Mustang ...lor it stands at the very top.

...are

...w store with the Finest
...t to Clinton county, all
...our inspection.

...them—make your eyes sparkle.
...make your feet easy to look at 'em
...em—make your heart glad
...make you feel good.
...em—make your mouth water.
...—make you like a nosegay to 'em.
...—make you want to come again.
...it—make you want to buy.
...are always glad to see you.
...most respectfully,

...Sartor,

CLANTON

...RMAL SCHOOL
...ENT NORMALISM, OF THE
...PARTMENTS.
...ORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.
...ed. We court investigation, and
...any time, examine into the means
...ols of the State. The Main Build-
...ure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies'
...tory structure well suited to the
...e Library consists of more than ...

...$5.00 PER MONTH.
...D $8.00 PER MONTH.
...and to lend a hand in helping other
...n elevating the youth to a higher
...mation, address
...CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

...county court meets second ...in February, first Monday in ...and Monday in June, second ...Monday in August ...first Monday in November.

...ATSON COTTON MART.

...to-day 6¼ @ 6¼ cts
...same date last year 7 cts.

...received to date	1901	1900
...ard & Co	2099	1329
...	1507	1094
...	521	234
...	143	216
...	4270	2903

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices.
...M. PINCKARD & CO.

...Check at 60 ...Sack at $5 per 100 ...Woodcock, Clanton.

...for a state in the ...Address ...Andrews & Topo, Gainesville, Fla.

...Georgia Thompson of Ver- ...visited her sister, Mrs. J. W. ...Friday.

...Emma Pounds has returned ...after a pleasant visit to ...Calman.

...Mary Duke is visiting ...at Shady Grove.

...Libbie and Mary Vinson ...were visitors here Fri-

...Nep Rasberry and daugh- ...Pearl, of Lily, were vis- ...the past week.

...Pletcher of Pletcher visited ...Saturday.

...Cass Rogers of Lomax ...here Saturday.

...Zula Abbott of Pletcher ...Saturday in Clanton.

...Frank Palmer of Mulberry ...friends here Saturday.

...speakers and singers should ...Tichenor's Antiseptic to ...or relieve hoarseness or ...The odor and taste is ...and a few gargles ...will do the work. ...50c. For sale by drug-

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices.
...M. PINCKARD & CO.

...G. L. Phillips is now sell- ...her millinery at reduced

...Hattie Jones of Lily spent ...in Clanton.

...Katie Hill of Lomax visited ...Friday.

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...C. Jones spent Sunday in

...Andy Jones of Lily visited ...daughter, Mrs. J. P. Graves.

...Quesenberry of Decatur is ...her brother, Mr. T. A.

...E. Y. McMorries of the ...Normal School, Plantersville, ...visitor here Saturday.

...W. Wilson has purchased ...Watson place and has re- ...family there.

...Master Newton Higgins of ...was in town Tuesday.

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices.
...M. PINCKARD & CO.

...for Dr. A. J. Mooney's ...this paper. He has estab- ...branch office at Clanton, ...spend a week here every ...days. Thanking the peo- ...Clinton county for past pat- ...he will appreciate same in ...Will pay fare one way ...going to his office in Bir- ...to have their dental ...work done. 1108½ 21st st., between ...and 2nd aves., Birmingham.

...marriage licenses have been issued ...by the Probate Judge to ...following persons:

...J. M. Little and Miss ...Ola Davis; Mr. John E. ...and Miss Jessie M. A. Fur- ...Mr. A. C. Edwards and ...Florence Dennis; Mr. J. S. ...and Miss M. B. Keen; ...H. Williams and Miss Riley ...Mr. E. L. Lenoir and ...Sarah Merchant; Mr. Dave ...and Miss Belle McKinney; ...A. Martin and Miss Mag- ...Stone.

...Fred James and Queen

...CURES THE COUGH ...AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.
...Bromo-Quinine Tablets ...cure in one day. No Cure ...Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, consisting many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains, call and see us.

N. M. PINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

N. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to us by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID. **4 Full Quarts**

OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD

Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for **20 years**, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,

1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF

DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain

Very truly yours,

F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.

INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nauseous Dose, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 955. EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2650 and 2652 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE

PREPARATIONS;

All Agents desiring a supply of Vita-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

Subscribe for the Banner.

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,

Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Undershirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

J. DAMSKY & BRO

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	1	40 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
24-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Keller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER

William Assists Grandchildren In Solving Problems.

TOO HARD ON THE LITTLE ONES

Bartow Philosopher Discusses Modern Methods of Teaching and Records His Disapproval Thereof.

If two-thirds of a house costs four-fifths of the lot and both together cost $4,400, how much was paid for each? Well, that sum is easy if you know how to do it. Our little school girl has me to help her every night and some of these tangled up sums strain my old-fashioned mind, for the rult of three is abolished and new methods adopted. I remember a sum in the old Smiley arithmetic—if six men can cut four acres of wheat in three days by working six hours a day, how many men will it take to cut nine acres in four days and work eight hours a day? These perplexing problems remind me of Judge Bob Strozier's charge to the jury in a horse case, where the plaintiff sued for damages because the horse he bought was a stump-sucker and wouldn't work on the off side. Fourteen witnesses had testified, some for and some against the horse, some for glanders but not for stump-sucking, some for stump-sucking but not for glanders, and some swore he was sound and some unsound. 'Gentlemen," said he, "if you believe that the horse had the glanders but didn't stump suck, or that he sucked stumps but didn't have the glanders, or that glanders is an unsoundness but stump-sucking is only a habit, or if the horse wouldn't pull when worked on the off side and couldn't be cured of it, though this court knows from experience that he could be cured of it; or if you believe from the evidence that the horse was not warranted sound as against stump-sucking and off-siding, but only against such material things as glanders and swiney and the like, then you must find for the plaintiff or the defendant according to the weight of the testimony."

My candid opinion is that some of these miscellaneous problems are too perplexing for children not yet in their teens, and if parents or grandparents or uncles or aunts or somebody don't give help the child would give up in despair. I have often wondered how those pupils got along who had no help. My father helped me all my school life and my wife and I have helped our children. It is impossible for a school teacher to give patient attention to each child where there are thirty or forty pupils in the grades. Only five hours to teach in and four or five different text-books for each pupil and book, while it takes me half and hour every night for one pupil in one book. Hence it is that only a few pupils get a fair education in a graded school only those who are bright and willing and have help at home. Parents that can't help or won't help lose their home influence over their children. Every phase of their education is turned over to the public school, which is a free machine and teaches books only. Morals, modesty and obedience are not in the curriculum. Many little children are sent there to get them out of their mothers' way, for she has work to do or shopping or visiting, or must go to the club. Nevertheless, a few make good scholars and good citizens, and for their sake the system must go on. It is no better in the colleges, for the most charitable estimate is that not more than ten in a hundred ever make a creditable success in life. The ninety had just as well not been born, but the ten will save Sodom, and it will be found that these ten got their best education at home. Good morals, good principles, obedience, self-denial, industry, kindness and good manners are a better foundation to build on than books. To make the home happy and inviting is the secret of all success. The family is a more important institution than the school, and love is the keystone of the family. I scolded a little grandson the other day and he got mad and went off and told his little cousin that grandpa was mean and he was going to tell his mamma on him. Next morning he came to see us again and came to me and kissed me and it made us both happy. A little granddaughter was troubled because her baby brother was sick and the doctor was sent for. She mourned over it tearfully and then brightened up and said: "Well, if baby dies I am going to keep him for a doll." The innocent prattle and sports of these children is my greatest comfort, and it almost grieves me that they have to grow up and encounter trouble and grief and misfortune. George Francis Train may be a crank, but I had rather be him in that park with a score or two of happy children around me every day than to be Pierpont Morgan or Rockefeller. It is pathetic to look at that man who is now past his seventy years, who has traveled all over the world; lived in Australia, lectured in England, Ireland and the United States to laboring men; written and had published many books of travel and biography, and at last discarded all contact with men and society and settled down to daily communion with little children in the public parks in New York city. Accompanied by a friend I got quite near to him once, for I wanted to hear his conversation with the children, but he turned and saw us, and, taking up his little basket of dainties, walked away to another seat and soon had another crowd around him, and the only reason he gives for his peculiar conduct is, "For of such is the kingdom of heaven."

I am again comforted with new books. George Smith has sent me his latest edition of his delightful and instructive book, "The Story of Georgia." It is a contribution to the history of our state that every Georgian should have in the house. It is replete with the romances of our revolutionary history and the biography of our noted men and comes down to the period of the civil war, where Colonel Avery and Semmes and Kell took it up. There has just been published another interesting and instructive book by General S. G. French. The title is "Two Wars," an autobiography being the part he and his command played in the Mexican and the confederate wars. The author was a prominent factor in both, and he is a vigorous, pleasing and graphic writer. The book is happily introduced by Bishop Ellison Capers, of South Carolina. It is published by The Confederate Veteran at Nashville, Tenn. It is dedicated "to the confederate soldiers who battled to maintain the cause for which Oliver Cromwell and George Washington fought." It is indeed gratifying to see our own people multiplying our own histories and thereby fortifying this generation against the malignant and slanderous productions of such authors as the great Goldwin Smith and the small Maclay. It takes a lot of work to keep up with them fellows. I think we are about even with the Roosevelt incident and the miscegenation crowd. Maybe we are a little ahead. We have all had our say and can afford to wait. I still think that Roosevelt is a better man than I think he is, but he is in awful bad company. —Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

LABOR WORLD.

A Russian farm laborer gets about $10 a month.

An increase in the number of unions in the large cities is reported.

It is estimated that there are 80,000 unemployed persons in Berlin.

Spain proposes to legalize strikes, if from four to fifteen days' notice is given.

Locked-out union employes of the Safe Glass Company, Upland, Ill., have won and returned to work.

Two hundred employes of the Wabash Screen Door Company have struck at Rhinelander, Wis.

Southern trades unions report a very prosperous year. Labor is generally employed, while wages are unusually high.

The shipbuilding trade is having such booming times that a dearth of skilled mechanics is feared in the near future.

On account of the failure of crops thousands of agricultural laborers are experiencing the terrors of famine in various sections of Russia.

Almost all industries are unusually active, employing over 1,000,000 more workmen as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Because the National Malleable Casting Co. at Indianapolis, Ind., refused to discharge colored employes, the coremakers went on strike.

The Rev. Sheldon A. Harris, a Congregational minister at Dwight, Ill., has been elected Vice-President of the Illinois State Federation of Labor.

Chicago now has a Stenographers' and Typewriters' Union, which promises to use its influence toward securing easier hours for those engaged at that work.

French labor statistics show a decrease in strikes as compared with last year. Wages have been slightly increased in many trades, while the number of unemployed has been lessened.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

General Buller is being made a popular hero in England.

King Edward, the London Lancet says, is in good health.

President Roosevelt's favorite hymn is "How Firm a Foundation."

Lord Salisbury is one of the best German scholars in England.

The Right Rev. Samuel C. Edsall has been installed Bishop of Minnesota.

Helen Gould has given the public school, at Horse Cave, Ky., 500 books.

It is announced that the Duke of Cornwall and York will shortly receive the title of Prince of Wales.

Quartermaster-General Ludington has resumed his War Department duties after six weeks in the Philippines.

Charles T. Yerkes has purchased Turner's celebrated painting, "Rockets and Blue Lights," at the record price of $77,750.

Dr. Roland B. Dixon, of Cambridge, Mass., instructor in anthropology in Harvard University, has returned from a trip through Siberia and Mongolia.

The Sultan of Turkey has six sons and seven daughters, who are kept in secret seclusion, the former seldom leaving the grounds in which they were born.

Former Governor Hogg of Texas declares that about a year ago he stopped at Beaumont between trains and made a deal in oil lands there which netted him $1,000,000.

Count Tolstoi is not an obedient patient. Some time ago his physicians told him not to walk or ride on horseback, but he did what he pleased, remaking, "I know better than all physicians what is good for me."

King Leopold of Belgium owns a motor car of forty horse power, the Emperor William one of thirty-five horse power, the Czar one of thirty horse power, and the Kings of England, Portugal and Italy each one of twelve horse power.

It is hardly to the nation's credit that the official mansion of the President is what a real estate agent would call a "five-bedroom house."

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

Counsel that favors your desires needs careful watching.

It is always easier to forget bad habits than to forego them.

The laws of friendship are austere and eternal, of one web with the laws of nature.

A woman condemns faults in another woman's children which she pardons in her own.

No man can be brave who thinks pain the greatest evil, or temperate who considers pleasure the highest good.

He only is advancing in life whose heart is getting softer, whose blood warmer, whose brain quicker, whose spirit is entering into living peace.

Right is right, in all simplicity, and either the teachings of the great prophets are false, or they are to be reckoned with daily in all the common affairs of human life upon earth.

It is hard to believe that others cannot see what seems plain to us; but we cannot see the sun at night; and for all that it is quite plain to those on the other side of the world. Everything is in the position one happens to occupy.

The habit of concentrating all the powers for a certain time upon a definite object is not gained without discipline and practice. Many persons meaning conscientiously to perform the work that falls to their lot have, for want of that habit never learned how to do it with thoroughness and dispatch.

The safeguard against temptation is not seclusion, but self-culture. As it is not disinfectants which will most certainly secure one against infection, but a sound constitution, so it is not rules of life which will strengthen one against temptations, but a soul. One must build up his moral deed and high thinking, by fellowship with pure women and honorable men. The chief aids in this regimen are literature and friendship.

THE COST OF WARS.

Conflicts of the Past Century Have Cost Nearly $20,000,000,000.

A writer in the Home Magazine estimated the cost of wars on the 19th century to nearly reach the enormous sum of $20,000,000,000. Just how much is a billion? he asks. It is one thousand millions; but that fact is not expressive. There are only 3,155,673,600 seconds in a century—that is, $6 have been spent on war for every second of the century. If we take Archbishop Usher's chronology, and consider the world to be 5904 years old, we find that the nations have spent on war during the 19th century at the rate of $6 a minute since the creation.

The most costly building in the world is the Church of San Pietro, in Vaticano, known to us as St. Peter's Rome. It has cost not less than $70,000,000 since its foundation stone was laid, yet nearly 300 other churches of equal cost could be built out of what the world has spent on wars during the 19th century. The costliest building in this country is the Philadelphia building, which represents nearly $30,000,000; yet nearly 700 copies of this great pile could be erected out of the money spent on war during the last hundred years. The world spends upward of $530,000,000 a year on education. If it spent 37 times as much it would not equal the war expenses of the past century. The population of the world is estimated at 1,500,000,000; the money spent on war between 1801 and 1900 would give to each man, woman and child alive today more than $13 as pocket money.

If a man counted 200 a minute for 10 hours a day, six days a week, he would have counted 1,000,000 in eight days three hours and 20 minutes. At the same rate he would need 8333 days, three hours and 20 minutes to count 1,000,000,000, or 26 years, 195 days, three hours and 20 minutes, not counting Sundays. To count 20,000,000,000 would take 532 years 150 days six hours and 40 minutes.

Philanthropy in School Work.

Chicago has the distinction of being the first city in the world to furnish free transportation for crippled children of school age to a school of their own. The superintendent of compulsory education of the city in investigating many cases of absence found that a number of children remained from the school sessions both on account of sensitiveness because of their deformity and because, in many instances, they were unable to reach the school without an attendant, an impossibility in families all the members of which had to be breadwinners. The community had provided for the schooling of these unfortunates, but the cost of transportation fell mainly upon the parents and guardians, except when private charity furnished the means. In a building in the stockyard district, where the larger proportion of these children live, a large room has been set apart for them in order that they may not be annoyed and jostled by their healthy and boisterous mates. A smooth running omnibus with an attendant plies daily between the school and the homes of the children, and 18 crippled and comparatively helpless children constitute the first class. Similar schools are contemplated in other parts of the city. That the school boards of other cities will turn their attention from the jobbery in books and the traffic in positions of which they are too often accused, and enter into a noble emulation in the humanities with Chicago is devoutly to be hoped, even though their efforts should be crippled by the bartering of school and hospital appropriations in political corruption.—American Medicine.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Good or Evil Returns to Bless or Blast—Actions May Make the Circuit of Many Years, But Come Back to Us They Will.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows that the good or evil we do returns to bless or blast us; text, Isaiah xl, 22, "It is He that sitteth upon the circle of the earth."

While yet people thought that the world was flat and thousands of years before they found out that it was round Isaiah, in my text, intimated the shape of it—Got sitting upon the circle of the earth. The most beautiful figure in all geometry is the circle. God made the universe on a plan of the circle.

There are in the natural world straight lines, angles, parallelograms, diagonals, quadrangles, but these evidently are not God's favorites. Almost everywhere where you find Him geometrizing you find the circle dominant, and if not the circle then the curve, which is a circle that died young. If it had lived long enough it would have been a full orb, a periphery. An ellipse is a circle pressed only a little too hard at the sides.

Giant's causeway in Ireland shows what God thinks of mathematics. There are over 35,000 columns of rocks—octagonal, hexagonal, pentagonal. These rocks seem to have been made by rule and compass. Every artist has his molding room where he may make fifty shapes, but he chooses one shape as preferable to all others. I will not say that the Giant's causeway was the world's molding room, but I do say out of a great many figures God seems to have selected the circle as the best. "It is He that sitteth on the circle of the earth." The stars in a circle, the moon in a circle, the sun in a circle, the universe in a circle and the throne of God the centre of that circle.

Appreciation of this would correct the architecture of churches, whose shape is often a defiance of divine suggestion. When men build churches they ought to imitate the idea of the Great Architect and put the audience in a circle, knowing that the tides of emotion roll more easily that way than in straight lines. Six thousand years ago God flung this world out of His right hand. But He did not throw it out in a straight line, but in curvilinear, with a leash of love holding it so as to bring it back again. The world started from His hand pure and Edenic. It has been rolling on through regions of moral ice and distemper. How long it will roll God only knows, but it will in due time make complete circuit and come back to the place where it started—the hand of God—pure and Edenic.

The history of the world goes in a circle. Why is it that the shipping in our day is improving so rapidly? A scientific shipbuilder says it is because men are imitating in some respects what the small wits deride, the old model of Noah's ark, not as we see it in old time pictures, but as it really was according to the account given. Great ships have we now, but where is the ship on the sea to-day that could outride a deluge in which the heaven and the earth were wrecked, landing all the passengers in safety, two of each kind of living creatures, hundreds of thousands of species?

Pomology will go on with its achievements until after many ceutnries the world will have plums and pears equal to the paradisaical. The art of gardening will grow for centuries, and after the Downings and Mitchells of the world have done their best in the far future the art of gardening will come up to the arborescence of the year 1.

If the makers of colored glass go on improving they may in some centuries be able to make something equal to the east window of York minster, which was built in the year 1290. We are six centuries behind those artists. But the world must keep on toiling until it shall make the complete circuit and come up to the skill of those very men.

If the world continues to improve in masonry, we shall have after awhile, perhaps after the advance of centuries, mortar equal to that which I saw in the wall of an exhumed English city built in the time of the Romans 1600 years ago, that mortar to-day as good as the day in which it was made, having outlasted the brick and the stone. I say, after hundreds of years masonry may advance to that point.

If the world stands long enough we may have a city as large as they had in old times—Babylon, five times the size of London. You may go into the potteries of England and you find them making cups and vases after the style of the cups and vases exhumed from Pompeii.

The world is not going back. Oh, no! But it is swinging in a circle, and will come around to the styles of pottery known so long ago as the days of Pompeii. The world must keep on progressing until it makes the complete circuit. The curve is in the right direction; the curve will keep on until it becomes the circle.

Well, now, what is true in the material universe is true in God's moral government and spiritual arrangement. That is the meaning of Ezekiel's wheel. All commentators agree in saying that the wheel means God's providence. But a wheel is of no use unless it turns, and if it turn it turns around, and if it turns around it moves in a circle. What then? Are we parts of a great iron machine whirled around and around whether we will or not, the victims of inexorable fate? No! So far from that I shall show you that we ourselves start the circle of good or bad actions, and that it will surely come around again to us unless by divine intervention it be hindered. Those bad or good actions may make the circuit of many years, but come back to us they will as certainly as that God sits on the circle of the earth.

Jezebel, the worst woman of the Bible—Shakespeare copying his Lady Macbeth from her picture—slew Naboth because she wanted his vineyard. While the dogs were eating the body of Naboth Elijah, the prophet, put down his compass and marked a circle from those dogs clear around to the dogs that should eat the body of Jezebel, the murderess. "Impossible!" the people said. "That will never happen." Who is that being flung out of the palace window? Jezebel. A few hours after they came around, hoping to bury her. They find only the palms of the hands and the skull. The dogs that devoured Jezebel and the dogs that devoured Naboth. Oh, what a swift, what an awful circuit!

But it is sometimes the case that this circle sweeps through a century or through many centuries. The world started with a theocracy for government—that is, God was the president and emperor of the world. People got tired of a theocracy. They said: "We don't want God directly interfering with the affairs of the world. Give us a monarchy." The world had a monarchy. From a monarchy it is going to have a limited monarchy. After awhile the limited monarchy will be given up and the republican form of government will be everywhere dominant and recognized. Then the world will get tired of the republican form of government, and it will have an anarchy, which is no government at all.

And then all nations, finding out that man is not capable of righteously governing man, will cry out again for theocracy and say, "Let God come back and conduct the affairs of the world."

Every step—monarchy, limited monarchy, republicanism, anarchy—only different steps between the first theocracy and the last theocracy or segments of the great circle of the earth on which God sits.

But do not become impatient because you cannot see the curve of events and therefore conclude that God's government is going to break down. History tells us that in the making of the pyramids it took 2000 men two years drag one stone from the quarry and put it into the pyramids. If men short lived can afford to work so slowly as that, cannot God in the building of eternities afford to wait?

What though God should take 10,000 years to draw a circle? Shall we take our little watch which we have to wind up every night lest it run down and hold it up beside the clock of eternal ages? If, according to the Bible, a thousand years are in God's sight as one day, then, according to that calculation the 6000 years of the world's existence has been only to God as from Monday to Saturday.

But it is often the case that the rebound is quicker, the return is much quicker than that. The circle is sooner completed. You resolve that you will do what good you can. In one week you put a word of counsel in the heart of a Sabbath-school child. During that same week you give a letter of introduction to a young man struggling in business. During the same week you make an exhortation in a prayer meeting. It is all gone. You will never hear of it, perhaps, you think. A few years after a man comes up to you and says, "You don't know me, do you?" You say, "No. I don't remember ever to have seen you." "Why," he says, "I was in the Sabbath-school class over which you were the teacher. One Sunday you invited me to Christ. I accepted the offer. You see that church with two towers yonder?" "Yes," you say. He says, "That is where I preach," or, "Do you see that governor's house? That is where I live."

One day a man comes to you and says "Good morning." You look at him and say, "Why, you have the advantage of me; I cannot place you." He says, "Don't you remember thirty years ago giving me a letter of introduction to a young man—a letter of introduction to William E. Dodge?" "Yes, yes, I do." He says, "I am the man. That was my first step toward a fortune. But I have retired from business now and am giving my time to philanthropies and public interests. Come up to my house and see me."

Or a man comes to you and says, "I want to introduce myself to you. I went into a prayer meeting some years ago. I sat back by the door. You arose to make an exhortation. That talk changed the course of my life, and if I ever get to heaven under God I will owe my salvation to you." In only ten, twenty or thirty years the circle swept out and swept back again to your own grateful heart.

But sometimes it is a wider circle and does not return for a great while. I saw a bill of expenses for burning Latimer and Ridley. The bill of expenses has these items among others:

	Shillings.	Pence.
One load of fire fagots	3	4
Cartage for four loads of wood	2	
Item, a post	1	4
Item, two chains	3	4
Item, two staples		6
Item, for laborers	2	8

making in all 25s. 8d. That was cheap fire, considering all the circumstances, but it kindled a light which shone all around the world and aroused the martyr spirit, and out from that burning of Latimer and Ridley rolled the circle wider and wider, starting other circles, convoluting, overrunning, circumscribing, overreaching all heaven—a circle.

But what is true of the good is just as true of the bad. You utter a slander against your neighbor. It has gone forth from your teeth. It will never come back, you think. You have done the man all the mischief you can. You rejoice to see him wince. You say, "Didn't I give it to him?" That word has gone out, that slanderous word, on its poisonous and blasted way. You think it will never do you any harm. But I am watching that word, and I see it beginning to curve and it curves around, and it is aiming at your heart. You had better dodge it. You cannot dodge it. It rolls into your bosom, and after it rolls in a word of an old book rolls in after it, saying: "With what measure ye mete it shall be measured to you again."

You maltreated an aged parent. You begrudge him the room in your house. You are impatient with his whimsicalities and garrulity. It makes you mad to hear him tell the same story twice. You give him food he cannot masticate. You wish he was away. You wonder if he is going to live forever. He will be gone very soon. His steps are shorter and shorter. He is going to stop. But God has an account to settle with you on that subject. After awhile your eye will be dim, and your gait will halt, and the sound of the grinding will be low, and you will tell the same story twice, and your children will wonder if you will never be taken away. They called you "father" once. Now they call you the "old man." If you live a few years longer they will call you the "old chap." What are those rough words with which your children are accosting you? They are the echo of the very words you used in the ear of your old father forty years ago.

A gentleman passing along the avenue saw a son dragging his father into the street by the hair of the head. The gentleman, outraged at this brutal conduct, was about to punish the offender, when the old man arose and said: "Don't hurt him. It's all right. Forty years ago this very morning I dragged out my father by the hair of his head!" It is a circle. Other sins may be adjourned to the next world, but maltreatment of parents is punished in this world. That circle is made quickly, very quickly.

The meanest thing a man can do is after some difficulty has been settled to bring it up again, and God will not do anything like that. God's memory is mighty enough to hold all the events of the ages, but there is one thing that is sure to slip His memory, one thing He is sure to forget, and that is pardoned transgression.

How do I know it? I will prove it. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more." "Blessed is he whose transgression is forgiven."

But do not make the mistake of thinking that this doctrine of the circle stops with this life. It rolls on through heaven. You might quote in opposition to me what St. John says about the city of heaven. He says it "lieth four square." That does seem to militate against this idea of a circle. But do you not know there is many a square house that has a family circle facing each other and in a circle moving, and I can prove that this is so in regard to heaven. St. John says, "I heard the voice of many angels round about the throne and the beasts and the elders." And again he says, "I saw round about the throne four and twenty seats." And again he says, "There was a rainbow round about the throne."

The two former imply a circle; the last, either a circle or a semicircle. The seats facing each other, the angels facing each other, the men facing each other. Heaven an amphitheatre of glory. Circumference of patriarch and prophet and apostle. Circumference of Scotch Covenanters and Theban legion and Albigenses. Circumference of the good of all ages. Periphery of splendor unimagined and indescribable. A circle! A circle!

But every circumference must have a centre, and what is the centre of this heavenly circumference? Christ. His all the glory; His all the praise; His all the crowns. All heaven wreathed into a garland round about Him. Take off the imperial sandal from His foot and behold the scar of the spike. Lift the coronet of dominion from His brow and see where was the laceration of the briers. Come closer, all heaven. Narrow the circle around His great heart. O Christ, the Saviour! O Christ, the man! O Christ, the God! Keep Thy throne forever, seated on the circle of the earth, seated on the circle of heaven.

"On Christ, the solid rock, I stand;
All other ground is shifting sand."

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTARY FOR NOVEMBER 17.

Subject: The Childhood of Moses. Ex. 1-10.—Golden Text, Prov. [illegible] Memory Verses, 7-10.—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "A man." His name was [illegible] and his wife's name was Jochebed [illegible] 20; Num. 26. 59. "House of Levi." Moses's parents were both of the tribe of Levi.

2. "A son." There were two [illegible] older than Moses, Miriam (2. 4) [illegible] was probably from eight [illegible] er, and Aaron (7. 7), who was three [illegible] older. (7. 7). "Goodly child." The simple fact that he was good [illegible] fact that he was not only a [illegible] formed child, but that he was very [illegible] ful. This very circumstance was [illegible] ordained by the kind providence of [illegible] to be one means of [illegible] Scarcely anything interests [illegible] than the sight of a lovely child. [illegible] His beauty would induce [illegible] to double their exertions [illegible] was probably the main reason why [illegible] the Egyptian princess [illegible] ular care of him, and [illegible] son, which in all likelihood she would have done had he been [illegible] child. "Hid him." The act [illegible] within the house.

3. "Ark." A small [illegible] ket. She did not make [illegible] it and prepared it for [illegible] bulrushes." The papyrus [illegible] strong and tough reed which [illegible] reaches a height of from [illegible] feet. "Slime." The [illegible] which, when hardened [illegible] "Pitch." Mineral tar [illegible] scription are seen daily floating on the surface of the river, [illegible] ing than Nile mud [illegible] are perfectly water-tight [illegible] ing is forced off by [illegible] "Flags." A general term for [illegible] weed. The spot is truly [illegible] be the Isle of Rhoda near old Cairo.

4. "His sister." Miriam. It [illegible] that Moses had only one sister [illegible] 59. "Afar off." So as not to [illegible] anxiety. "To wit." "To know." [illegible] It was her duty to see whether [illegible] daughter found him, and whether [illegible] in danger from any cause.

5. "Daughter of Pharaoh." It has been estimated that she was about [illegible] years of age at this time and that [illegible] was born in the sixth year of the reign of Rameses II. "To bathe." [illegible] women of Egypt are now kept [illegible] secluded in harems, and it is not [illegible] ary for them to bathe in the Nile. [illegible] has been shown that the women of ancient Egypt were quite unrestrained, had liberties, such as women in Christian lands do now, and bathing in the Nile was a common practice with them at [illegible] time. "At the river." The water was there fenced off as a protection from crocodiles, and doubtless the princess had an enclosure reserved for her own use, the road to which seems to have been known to Jochebed. "Washed herself." Hence the discovery of the ark was made by them, but by the princess herself, a providential circumstance, which led her to a personal interest in the child. "Sent her handmaid" (R. V.) Her immediate attendant.

6. "Saw the child." As soon as she saw the child she knew that it was one of the Hebrew children, for only a Hebrew would have need to hide her child in this manner. "The babe wept." The sight of a beautiful babe in distress could not fail to make the impression here mentioned. See v. 2. It has been conjectured that the cruel edict of the Egyptian king did not continue long in force. See Ex. 1. 22. "Had compassion." Thus she found a protector in the very heart of the king who decreed its death.

"Save the boys." Our great cities are filled with children who are exposed to a worse fate than Pharaoh's decree of Nile exodus in the river. Legislation is lax and severe, and will destroy none to save. Only recently two sixteen-year-old girls were arraigned in the Chicago police court. Such a course is the word that could easily be taken with such small offence. Official charity is also too rough to be trusted with the little life that must be lifted out of the slum. Tender hands are needed to dry the tears of these neglected babies." We must look to Christian women. They should use their influence to see the facts, and not be so blind to their own luxury and comfort that they pass the poor pitch-covered basket by, and they should conquer the prejudice of race and the fear of lowering themselves.

7. "His sister." Miriam had been near enough to see and hear everything. No doubt the child had been carefully instructed by her mother. But God was directing matters, and to Him, more than to any human wisdom, was the praise be given.

9. "Nurse it." By thus taking pay the mother became from this time in some sense the recognized servant of the princess; for otherwise how could she have joy more safety with her babe than before? "Thy wages." She was to be paid. She had not only the wages made her safe as the servant of the princess, but she had the infinite wages of seeing her son safe, and of the privilege of caring for him and training him. "Took the child." Doubtless this God-fearing mother trained him very carefully. Children should be very thankful when they have Christian parents who bring them up in the nurture and fear of God.

10. "Unto Pharaoh's daughter." Though it must have been much [illegible] were a trial for Jochebed to part with [illegible] the second time as the first, she was doubtless, reconciled to it by [illegible] in his high destination as the deliverer of Israel. "He became her son." By adoption, and the high rank [illegible] him advantages in education which [illegible] providence of God, were made [illegible] to far different purposes from the royal patroness intended. We can [illegible] an idea of what his education was [illegible] Acts 7. 22. But Moses had [illegible] moral and an intellectual training [illegible] according to Josephus, he had also [illegible] tical preparation for the great work [illegible] was before him. It appears that [illegible] opians came into Egypt and [illegible] army that was sent to resist them [illegible] upon the command was given to [illegible] He immediately took the field [illegible] feated the enemy with great [illegible] His military achievements [illegible] popular estimation his [illegible] ments, and he returned from [illegible] paign the most popular man in [illegible] dom. "Called his name." What name he had from his parents we know not, whatever it might have been it is [illegible] after lost in the name given to him by the princess of Egypt.

The Nebraska State Journal [illegible] that some day it will dawn on the leaders of the United States [illegible] ticipal beauty is worth more to [illegible] ing trade and visitors than [illegible] devices that are now employed [illegible] this service. Some day [illegible] ucation may begin to realize [illegible] cheaply planned public [illegible] ting is not only an injury to [illegible] dren, but an actual hindrance [illegible] to the whole community.

Sickness Explained.

In Liverpool recently a sentimental young lady was on the Cunard steamship pier when she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of [illegible] dejection and despair. "Poor thing," thought the romantic lady, "she is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy." So she went over to the stranger to win her confidence. "Cross in love" she asked sympathetically. "No," replied the girl, with a [illegible] "crossed in the Servia and an awful rough passage, too."

Rest For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a toothache, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature do this without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

The study of music requires an ability to read between the lines.

B. B. Green's firm, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Drugs Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

The moon moves around the earth at the rate of 2288 miles an hour.

Piles permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The man of letters may be either an author or a postman.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

The difference between a job and a position seems to depend on the salary.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs. Wm. Eddingfield, Vashburn, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The lazy man is never lacking in repose.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Sold by all druggists.

The girl who refuses an offer of marriage is usually very much surprised when the young man takes her at her word.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
Frank J. Cheney.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.
(Seal.)
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The fortunes of war are those made by army contractors.

Colds

"I had a terrible cold and could hardly breathe. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it gave me immediate relief."
W. C. Layton, Sidell, Ill.

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably. For it's first a cold, then a cough, then bronchitis or pneumonia, and at last consumption. Coughs always tend downward. Stop this downward tendency by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
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THE SABBATH SCHO

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMEN FOR NOVEMBER 17.

Subject: The Childhood of Moses, Ex. 1-10 — Golden Text, Prov. Memory Verses, 7-10 — Comm on the Day's Lesson.

1. "A man." His name was Amr and his wife's name was Jochebed. Ex. 6: Num 26: 59. "House of Levi." Moses's parents were both of the tribe of Levi.

2. "A son." There were two children older than Moses, Miriam (15: 20), who was probably from eight to ten years older, and Aaron (7: 2), who was three years older (7: 7). "Goodly child." The Heb simply says that he was good, which implies that he was not only a perfectly formed child, but that he was very beautiful. The very circumstance was ordained by the kind providence of God to be one means of his preservation. Scarcely anything interests the heart more than the sight of a lovely babe in distress. His beauty would induce even his parents to double their exertions to save him, as was probably the sole motive which induced the Egyptian princess to take such particular care of him, and to educate him as her own, which in all likelihood she would not have done had he been only an ordinary child. "Hid him." That is, kept him within the house.

3. "Ark." A small covered box or basket. She did not make it then, but had it and prepared it for her purpose. "Bulrushes." The papyrus plant, a thick, strong and tough reed, which sometimes reaches a height of from ten to fifteen feet. "Slime." The mud of the Nile, which, when hardened, is very tenacious. "Pitch." Mineral tar. Boats of this description are seen daily floating on the surface of the river, with no other covering than Nile mud (Isa. 18: 2), and they are perfectly water-tight unless the covering is forced off by stormy weather. "Flags." A general term for sea or river weed. The spot is traditionally said to be the Isle of Rhoda, near old Cairo.

4. "His sister." Miriam. It appears that Moses had only one sister. Num. 26: 59. "Afar off." So as not to show anxiety. "To wit." "To know." It was her duty to see whether Pharaoh's daughter found him, and whether he was in danger from any cause.

5. "Daughter of Pharaoh." It has been estimated that she was about eighteen years of age at this time, and that Moses was born in the sixth year of the reign of Rameses II. "To bathe" (R. V.). The women of Egypt are now kept jealously secluded in harems, and it is not customary for them to bathe in the Nile. But it has been shown that the women of ancient Egypt were quite unrestrained, and had liberties, such as women in Christian lands do now, and bathing in the river was a common practice with them at the time. "At the river." The water was there fenced off as a protection from crocodiles, and doubtless the princess had an enclosure reserved for her own use, the road to which seems to have been known to Jochebed. "Walked along." Hence the discovery of the ark was made by them, but by the princess herself, a providential circumstance, which led her to a personal interest in the babe. "Sent her handmaid" (R. V.) Her female attendant.

6. "Saw the child." As soon as she opened the child she knew that it was one of the Hebrew children, for only a Hebrew mother would have need to hide her child in this manner. "The babe wept." The sight of a beautiful babe in distress could not fail to make the impression here recorded. See v. 2. It has been conjectured that the cruel edict of the Egyptians did not continue long in force. See ch. 1: 22. "Had compassion." Thus she proved a protector in the very family of the king who decreed its death.

7. "Save the boys." Our great cities are filled with children who are exposed to a worse fate than Pharaoh's decree or the crocodiles in the river. Legislation is too costly and severe, and will destroy instead of save. Only recently two six-year-old girls were arraigned in the Chicago police court. Such a course is the worst that could possibly be taken with such small children. Official clarity is also too rough to be trusted with the little life that must be lifted out of the slum. "Tender hands are needed to dry the tears of these weeping babies." We must look to Christian women. They should use their eyes to see the facts, and not be so busy about their own luxury and comfort that they pass the poor pitch-covered box unnoticed, and they should conquer the prejudice of race and the fear of lowering themselves.

8. "His sister." Miriam had been near enough to see and hear everything. No doubt the child had been carefully instructed by her mother. But God's providence was directing matters and to Him, rather than to any human wisdom, must the praise be given.

9. "Nurse it." By thus taking the child the mother became from this time in some sense the recognized servant of the princess; for otherwise how would she enjoy more safety with her babe than before? "Thy wages." She was to be paid. She had not only the wages which made her safe as the servant of the princess, but she had the infinitely higher wages of seeing her son safe, and of having the privilege of caring for him and training him. "Took the child." No doubt this God-fearing mother trained her child very carefully. Children should be very thankful when they have Christian parents who bring them up in the knowledge and fear of God.

10. "Unto Pharaoh's daughter." Though it must have been nearly as severe a trial for Jochebed to part with him the second time as the first, she was doubtless, reconciled to it by her faith in his high destination as the future deliverer of Israel. "He became her son." By adoption, and the high rank which gave him advantages in education which, by the providence of God, were made subservient to far different purposes from those for which royal patroness intended. We can form an idea of what his education was from Acts 7: 22. But Moses had not only a moral and an intellectual training, for, according to Josephus, he had also a military preparation for the great work which was before him. It appears that the Ethiopians came into Egypt and routed the army that was sent to resist them, and upon the command was given to Moses. He immediately took the field and defeated the enemy with great slaughter. His military achievements established his popular estimation his intellectual attainments, and he returned from the campaign the most popular man in the kingdom. "Called his name." What name he had from his parents we know not, but whatever it might have been it was soon after lost in the name given to him by the princes of Egypt.

The Nebraska State Journal expects that some day it will dawn upon the leaders of the United States that municipal beauty is worth more in attracting trade and visitors than all the devices that are now expended in this service. Some day boards of education may begin to realize that cheaply planned public school building is not only an injury to children, but an actual business drawback to the whole community.

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An Liverpool recently a sentimental young lady was on the Cunard steamship Umbria when she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of utter dejection and despair. "Poor thing," thought the romantic lady, "she is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy." So she went over to the stranger to win her confidence. "Cross-in love, I'm sure," she asked sympathetically. "No," replied the girl, with a sob, "crossed in the Servia, and an awful rough passage, too."

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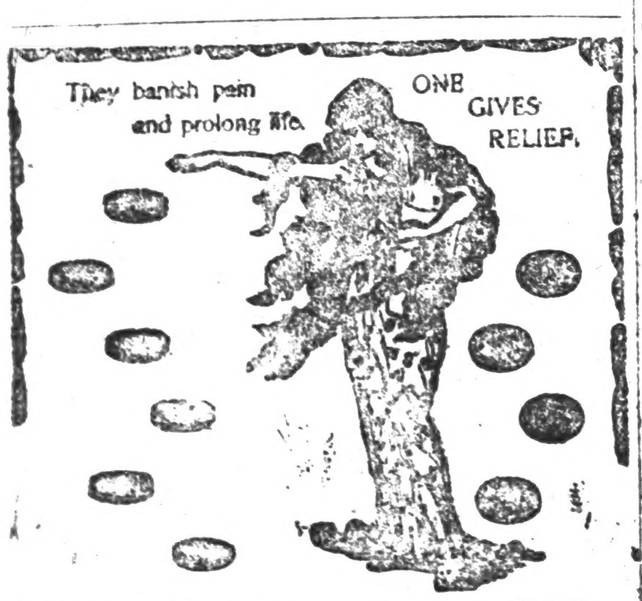

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Pastor.

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Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22142.
Department of the Interior.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 6, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 23, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong, Homestead entry, No. 24112, for the nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, n of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, Davis Hodgens, John Crumpton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BANKS, Register.

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TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

Mineral Springs	B. at	1	
Smith's School House	"	1	until 12 m
Strasburg	"	2	
Cane Creek	"	4	until 12 m
First Hill School House	"	4	from 2 to 4 p.m.
Providence	"	5	
Harwell	"	5	
Coopers	"	5	
Davis & Rollins' Gin	"	6	until 12 m
Chantonford	"	8	
Pleicher	"	8	
Kincheon	"	6	
Albert Headley's Store	"	6	
James Maddox Gin	"	4	
Jemison	"	4	
Thorsby	"	9	
Mountain Creek	"	5	
Verbena	"	5	until 12 m
Clanton	"	4	

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is commended by Statesmen, Professional men and thousands of others prominent in the world's activities, for its fair discrimination in sifting the actual news from conflicting report and the presentation of current events in their just proportion. They commend its freedom from daily-paper sensationalism. All men and women who want to know what the world is doing find it an intellectual necessity, to judge from the letters received from hundreds. Its editorials are comprehensive, and labor saving to the busy man or woman. Its timely contributions on important topics are by the best-informed writers. Its reviews of other magazines give the best of their best work. It is profusely illustrated.

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1 Match Box	25	30 Set north, Genuine Brass Dividers	[illegible]
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25	Pocket Knife, Genuine Stag Handle	[illegible]
3 Scissors, 4½ inches	25	31 Small Gray Camera, Thomson's Detective Lens	[illegible]
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25	32 Gun case, leather, for other guns	[illegible]
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one cast, quadruple plate on white metal	25	33 Revolver, self-cocking, double action or 32 caliber	[illegible]
6 French Polar Wood Pipe	25	34 Tool Set, good physician, best instruments	[illegible]
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	25	35 Tool Set, assembled practical men's handy	[illegible]
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	25	36 Remington Wide Tip, 4 Point, Fountain Pen	[illegible]
9 Pepper Shaker, triple plate, best quality	25	37 Watch, sterling silver, full jewelled, Hunting case	[illegible]
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	25	38 Drum, best cloth, leather, [illegible] and drum sticks	[illegible]
11 Knife, "Keen Cutter," two blades	25	39 Revolver, Nickel Plated, double action, 32 calibre	[illegible]
12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Cutter," 8 in blade	25	40 Revolver, Colt's, Navy, 36 calibre	[illegible]
13 Razor, "Keen Cutter," 4 in blade	25	41 Rifle, Cook's Marine, [illegible]	[illegible]
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	25	42 Gun, Winchester, repeating, [illegible]	[illegible]
15 Blue Ruff "Association," best quality	25	43 Revolver, Bulldog, double action, 32 calibre	[illegible]
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	25	44 Rifle, Winchester Repeating Blue Gun, 32 calibre	[illegible]
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	25	45 Revolver, double action, Bulldog, 32 calibre	[illegible]
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	25	46 Shot Gun, 16 or 12 gauge, [illegible]	[illegible]
19 Harness, good style, buckle's handles	25	47 Revolver, standard make, double action	[illegible]
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	25	48 Shot Gun, Remington, double barrel, hammerless	[illegible]
21 Six north, Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles	25	49 Shot Gun, Jno. Dickey Jr., single barrel, hammerless	[illegible]

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VOL. X

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Sees, and Some He Sees Not.

On the corner the other day we were discussing the election returns and the Colonel gave the following reasons for the large number of ballots in the black belt two years ago for election: "It was fear (again) and the Colonel, "the negro scares himself now, for the good he has got from the new constitution and the future. The negro is a farsighted man; he votes to disfranchise himself for the good of his country. The negro (in the black belt) is an accomodating man, he recognizes that the new constitution is for white supremacy, and he willingly votes that way. In fact there is no end to the sacrifice the negro will not cheerfully make (in the black belt) for the upbuilding of the State. He gladly votes to disfranchise himself in the interests of white supremacy." I suppose the Colonel is right, and that is the only way to account for the reduction from the black belt counties.

Two more new brick stores for Dr. E. A. Matthews are in course of erection between the Bank and Wilson & Bro. The one next to the Bank will be occupied by The Banner, and I have not yet heard who will be in the other. By and by, I want to say the Bank building is a really handsome structure, and is a credit to the town, also to Ben Teel, the contractor. This is Ben's first brick building and I think he takes especial pride in making a first-class job of it. We all knew Ben could build us a right good frame building, and now we know he can build us A No. 1 brick. Good boy, Ben.

Once again we will meet old friends from all parts of the county next week at court, and Clanton extends a hearty welcome to them. Court time brings old friends together, and its social aspect is the best part of it. There are many cases that bring people to court, some may have fallen out over one thing or the other and have to come to court to get it straightened out; but jurymen and witnesses, and visitors generally, hob nob with each other, and have a good time around. I am neither a juryman or a witness, or a participator in suits, and therefore am pleased and proud to meet you all. You will find me on the corner, glad to hear all you have to say, but as Clanton is getting to be such a big town you will have to find out for yourselves which corner I am on.

HAPPILY MARRIED.

At the home of the bride's parents near Clanton, November 14, Mr. Thomas W. Kemp and Miss Lottie L. Oates were happily united, Judge Adams performing the ceremony. Tom is a popular young man and his bride a charming young lady. We join their many friends in wishing them long life and happiness.

At the residence of the bride's parents on November 10, Mr. L. Williams and Miss Filey Calloway were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. M. J. Parrish officiating. The youthful pair have many years before them which we hope will be happy and prosperous.

November 12, at the home of the bride, Mr. J. S. Kendrick and Miss Ella H. Keen were made man and wife by justice of the Peace G. W. Jones. Long and happy may their wedded life be.

In the morning of November 11, at the court house, while the ratification election was going on, Mr. Jno. Lackey and Miss Belle McCrary elected to become one, and Judge Adams tied the election knot, and they were happy ever after. We wish them long life and happiness.

NOTIC

AND COLLECTOR

nd Round

...ewing taxes and places for the p... county taxes of Chilton county fo... taxes for the year 1901:

B... ... until 12 m. Novem...
... ...
... ... until 12 m. ...
... ... from 2 to 4 p m. ...
... ...
... ... until 12 m. ...
... ...
... ...
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... ...
... ... Dec.
... ...
... ... until 12 m. ...

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

last ten days of the year, commen...
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

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THE BANNE

...NEW TWICE-A-WEEK PAPER.

VOL. X | CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY NOVEMBER 21, 1901

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

...REMAN ON THE CORNER

...ews of the Night He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

On the corner the other day we were discussing the election returns, and the Colonel gave the following reasons for the large number of votes in the black belt voting for ratification: "It is a fact," said the Colonel, "the negro scourges himself now, for the good he thought he would get from the new constitution for the future. The negro is a farsighted man; he votes to disfranchise himself for the good of his country. The negro (in the black belt) is an accomodating man; he recognizes that the new constitution is for white supremacy, and he willingly votes that way. In fact there is no end to the sacrifice the negro will not cheerfully make (in the black belt) for the upbuilding of the State. He gladly votes to disfranchise himself in the interests of white supremacy." I suppose the Colonel is right, and that is the only way to account for the returns from the black belt counties.

Two more new brick stores for Dr. E. A. Matthews are in course of erection between the Bank and Wilson & Bro. The one next to the Bank will be occupied by The Banner, and I have not yet heard who will be in the other. By and by, I want to say the Bank building is a really handsome structure, and is a credit to the town, also to Ben Teel, the contractor. This is Ben's first brick building and I think he takes especial pride in making a first-class job of it. We all knew Ben could build us a right good frame building, and now we know he can build us A No. 1 brick. Good boy, Ben.

Once again we will meet old friends from all parts of the county next week at court, and Clanton extends a hearty welcome to them. Court time brings old friends together, and its social aspect is the best part of it. There are many causes that bring people to court; some may have fallen out over one thing or the other and have to come to court to get it straightened out; but jurymen and witnesses, and visitors generally, hob nob with each other, and have a good time around. I am neither a juryman or a witness or a participe criminis, and therefore am pleased and proud to meet you all. You will find me on the corner, glad to hear all you have to say, but as Clanton is getting to be such a big town you will have to find out for yourselves which corner I am on.

HAPPILY MARRIED.

At the home of the bride's parents near Clanton, November 14, Mr. Thomas W. Kemp and Miss Lottie L. Oates were happily united, Judge Adams performing the ceremony. Tom is a popular young man and his bride a charming young lady. We join their many friends in wishing them long life and happiness.

At the residence of the bride's parents on November 10, Mr. L. ... Williams and Miss Filey Calloway were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Rev. M. J. Parrish officiating. The youthful pair have many years before them which we hope will be happy and prosperous.

November 12, at the home of the bride, Mr. J. S. Kendrick and Miss ... H. Kern were made man and wife by justice of the Peace G. W. Stearns. Long and happy may their wedded life be.

On the evening of November 11, at the home of the bride's father, near ... Mr. ... and Miss Nellie McCoy were joined in the bonds of matrimony, Rev. ... officiating. We wish them a long life of happiness.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO GIVE A GOLD DOLLAR AWAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Pratt City, Ala., Nov. 13, 1901.

The marriage of Mr. Eureka J. Downs to Miss Libbie Ethel Gholson was solemnized by Rev. J. Black of the M. E. church South, at 5:30 p.m., at the home of the bride's parents, Pratt City, Alabama. Mr. L. E. Gholson, father of the bride, came from Autauga county to Pratt City, several years ago, where they are widely known and have hosts of friends, who wish for Mr. and Mrs. Downs a long and happy journey through life's paths, and may their constant companionship be sweet always, as God hath ordained that they should. Miss Gholson is a young lady of a very lovable and sweet disposition, and the groom deserves being complimented in the highest in winning for himself Miss Gholson as a companion. Mr. Downs has numerous friends in Chilton county that will all join together in wishing the bride and groom guidance by the holy spirit in all the paths of life. J. W. H.

How to Make Friends of the Filipinos.

It is impossible to live among the Filipinos without admiring their many good and wholesome qualities. Nearly all of their weakness of character and disposition are due to causes for which they should not be held accountable. What is bad or vicious in them is not in the blood but in the influence of example and custom. If we will remove from their daily lives the presence of an immoral government and of venal and licentious officials, and from their surroundings the aspiror incident to a corrupt and grasping tax-system then we will advance them far on the road to prosperity and civilization; we will rouse in them a desire for comfort, cleanliness, and homely luxuries, eradicate those qualities of sloth and deceit which, after all, are but skin deep, and bring into pressing prominence their natural traits of kindness, good nature, love of family, and virtuous living. Their religious fervor needs no cure, except at the head; and this is the one good inheritance—could we forget the wrongs done by individuals—which the departed power of Spain has left behind.

The part taken by our army in the civil settlement of the Philippine Islands is a page in history that may never be written, but will be remembered by the Filipinos with gratitude and respect. It was from that army that they gained the true definition of official honor; and with unaccustomed eyes they saw its members using every power of mind and body in the development of good government and fair dealings, with no incentive beyond right principle, and no reward but clear conscience. They looked, as was natural to men of their training, for motives, either sinister or selfish; for it was not conceivable that health, and home, and even life would be risked or thrown away for the mere contemplation of duty done and honor satisfied. But it has come to pass, and their eyes are opened and they believe.—From "The view-point of the Filipinos," by H. L. Hawthorne, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for November.

Healthy Children Are Happy.

Mother's Worm Syrup makes children healthy by expelling the worms that make them ill. Children eat it on bread.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
NEXT DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT.
CLANTON

Subscribe for the Banner.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

We will let to the lowest and best bidder a bridge to be built across Yellow Leaf Creek, near ... Marcus' place, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1901, at 11 a m

R. C. RIGGINS, J. W. SORSBY } Commissioners

Chilton County Baptist Association.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing the above association will be held at Thorsby on Wednesday, December 4, 1901.

Everybody wishing to attend this meeting is cordially invited.

Concord.

Rev. W. I. Armstrong filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

An effort is now being made to paint Concord church.

People in this section are about done gathering, and some are holding their cotton for better prices.

J. E. Goss was among friends here Sunday.

Again we hear the ring of wedding bells. John Parrish seems to have found the center of attraction to be down about the section houses.

Willie Cox has about completed his new building. "I spect sumpin will come from it yit."

Some of our boys carry back braces with them of a Sunday.

Rev Willie Robinson will preach at Concord next Sunday.

Oh! Where is now, "Billy the Kid?" Dead, dead, dead!

SUDON.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The Fall term of Circuit Court commences at Clanton next Monday. There are several small cases set for the first, or civil, week. The principle case is that of Mrs. Lola Cunningham vs. Jackson Lumber Co. This is a suit for $25,000 damage for the loss of her husband, an engineer, killed by the derailing of the Company's log train.

In the second week the principle case is that of Joe Christian, charged with attempt to murder Mr. G. W. Willis.

FATAL SHOOTING AT CLEAR CREEK.

An unfortunate shooting affair took place last Saturday night at the home of Jim Woolley (colored) near Clear Creek. There was a frolic, at which some white men were present, and Bill Bailey (white) procuring a gun shot and killed Joe Patton (white).

On Sunday Justice of the Peace W. H. Shaw held an inquest and Bailey was committed to the county jail.

Following is the verdict returned by the jury:

We, the jury summoned and duly sworn, to ascertain who the dead man was, when and by what means he came to his death; we find the deceased, Joe Patton, came to his death by a gun shot in the hands of Bill Baily and that the act was unjustifiable;

G. L. Glezmer, R. C. Skipper, F. L. Watson, F. S. Boyd, G. W. Shaw, W. J. Watson.

It Saved Her Life.

Gooch's Mexican Syrup has accomplished a cure in this neighborhood which has astonished the people. Miss Davis was given up to die by her attending physician. She had lung fever. The doctor said she would die before morning, and advised to discontinue his medicine, as it was doing her no good. Her parents had a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup and Gooch's Quick Relief in the house. They at once began to give the syrup in doses one hour apart, and frequently bathed her chest with the Quick Relief. Before morning she was better, and after using a few bottles of each, she is almost as well as ever. It was almost like raising the dead, and has established the reputation of Gooch's Mexican Syrup here as a cough remedy; we can sell nothing else.

J. & N. SANDS,
Trimble, Athens co., O.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE GEORGIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

The agricultural division of the twelfth census has completed its estimation of the cotton crop of Alabama in the year 1899.

In that year there were 192,384 farms reporting cotton, with an acreage of 3,202,135, producing 1,106,840 commercial bales, or the equivalent of 1,093,694 bales of 500 pounds each. The value of this cotton to the farmers as sold by them, exclusive of the seed, was $47,400,598. The cotton reported ginned by manufacturers division for this state was 1,078,519 bales of 500 pounds.

When your little boy cuts his foot, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You will be delighted with the result. It will stop the bleeding, relieve the suffering, prevent suppuration and heal like magic. Only 50c. a bottle by druggists.

PROGRAM TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

To be held at Thorsby, Ala., Nov. 22 and 23, 1901.

FRIDAY, 10:10 a.m. Devotional Exercises.

10:30. Welcome Address, R. A. Rasco.

10:50. The aim in teaching reading, Miss Annie McGehee, Prof. Tidwell. Music.

11:30. My method of teaching grammar, J. D. Means, Mrs. A. G. Dunlap.

1:30 p.m. The true idea of education, W. L. Walker, Miss Lydia Oakley. Music.

2:15. Recitation, Miss Lily Franklin.

2:30. Mental development, R. D. Carmichael, J. F. McCreless.

An entertainment will be given at 7:30 p.m. by Thorsby school. "Merchant of Venice" will be a special feature.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Devotional exercises.

9:15. Practical institute work, G. L. Speer, L. E. Byrum. Music.

10. The teacher's responsibility, W. A. McCreless, G. P. Dickinson. Music.

11. Alabama's Need—practical, educated men, W. M. Adams.

11:45. Recitation, Miss Della Wambum.

1:30 p.m. Educational address, Supt. John W. Abercrombie.

Committee—J. W. Moore, R. A. Rasco, J. M. Collier, J. F. McCreless, W. A. McCreless.

BOWERS' FINE SALE
—ON—
SNUFF AND TOBACCO
FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

$3.50 buys a 10 lb. box of Schnaps Early Bird, Long Pole, Red Rabbit, Stampede, Black Horse, Henry County Leaf or Monarch.

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 2½ oz. Bruton.

$1.00 gets you 10 boxes 3½ oz. Bruton

$1.00 gets you 12 boxes 3½ oz. Hot Scotch.

1500 pounds of TOBACCO and 600 pounds of SNUFF Staple as Gold $ $ $ $ $

But they must go just the same.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22165.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 30th, 1901, viz: James L. Barnett, Homestead entry, No. 31072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 of Sec. 6, Tp. 23 n of r 15 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Edison, R. Vanderslice, J. J. Wright, H. M. Willis, all of Jumbo, Ala.

[illegible], Register.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK!! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.

J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses advanced, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

All good mothers keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use when the children get hurt or have colic. Only 50c. a bottle. Contains no oil or grease, the odor is very pleasant and the children like it because, when sweetened, it tastes like peppermint candy, and is absolutely harmless. Ask your druggist for it.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will sell at public outcry at Concord, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1901,

the following described real estate belonging to the estate of John B. Moore: W ½ of ne ¼, se ¼ of ne ¼, se ¼ of se ¼, w ½ of se ¼, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 of sw 1-4 sec 16; se 1-4 of se 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, and w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 17; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18; n ½ of ne 1-4, nw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, and s ½ of sw 1-4, north of Dry Creek, sec 19; n ½ of nw 1-4 sec 20; nw 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4, w ½ of ne 1-4, and ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 21; all of the above in Tp 24, R 13 east, in Chilton county, Alabama; e 1-2, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, and sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 24 tp 24 r 13 e; e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 23 tp 24 r 13 e, in Chilton county, Alabama. Terms of sale: ½ cash, ½ in twelve months and balance in two years.

J. ALEX MOORE, Administrator.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Chilton County.

The members of the above Association are hereby called to meet at Clanton on Saturday, November 23, 1901, at 10 o'clock a.m., when business of importance will come before the meeting.

N. J. CALLOWAY, President.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

Pile-ine Cures Piles!
Money refunded if it ever fails.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON HULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office in the Advertiser office
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Circuit Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT E. KING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clanton, Ala.
Will practice in adjoining State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO H. WEINHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store. CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OVERER NO. 6, PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 424—2 Rings
MONTGOMERY, ALA

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store. CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED under a
$5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Chase's Nerve Ointment. Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning. Its charges are the safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Canada occasionally grows weary of being called "our lady of the snows." Even poetic license ought not permit a man to cast aspersions on any one's climate.

The hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," which President McKinley murmured in his dying hour, was written by Mrs. Sarah Flower Adams, who was born in 1805. It was a record of her own religious experience, and was written as a memorial of answered prayer, probably without any expectation that it would be of public service. It was furnished, with thirteen other hymns, to Charles Fox's "Collection of Hymns and Anthems," published in London in 1841.

The New York Herald has lately compiled a list of 3828 millionaires in the United States—that is, one person out of every 20,000. And the estimate is that eighty-seven per cent. of them made their own fortunes; that only thirteen per cent. of them received large fortunes by inheritance; that the same number became rich from the increased values of real estate; that nearly twenty per cent. made fortunes as manufacturers, sixteen per cent. as merchants, twelve per cent. by transportation and ten per cent. by banking.

Hope springs eternal in the breasts of many visionaries, who imagine that they may get possession some day of enormous estates in England. The latest delusion of that sort is inspired by a ridiculous fable to the effect that in the British Court of Chancery property amounting in value to more than $200,000,000 is awaiting proofs of descent to be submitted by American heirs, who base their claims on a lineage going back to an English ancestor dead some two hundred years. How wild and fantastic are the dreams of such Americans!

The theory that still lingers in nearly all the geography books, that the Gulf Stream brings warmth and salubrity to England and to the coasts of Northwestern Europe, is now denounced by the United States meteorologists as a myth, says Popular Science. It is stated that by the time the Gulf Stream arrives east of Newfoundland it is not distinguishable in temperature or set of current from the rest of the ocean; and if it were by any possibility to be diverted at the Straits of Florida no one in England would be aware of it. It is the eastward drift of the atmosphere from the Atlantic which distributes over Europe a mild climate.

The late census statistics collated in Great Britain show that the present race of Britishers is increasing in height and weight. Out of 10,000 boys and men used as a test, it has been found that at the age of seventeen the average height is five feet eight inches and average weight 142 pounds; at twenty-two, five feet nine inches and 153 pounds. In fifty years the average for the whole nation has advanced from five feet seven and a half inches in height to five feet eight and a half inches. The average height of the upper classes at thirty years of age is given at five feet eight and a half inches; of farm laborers, five feet seven and three-fifth inches; while the height of the criminal class has fallen to five feet five and four-fifth inches.

An English critic, writing on the novel of the future, suggests that its most salient characteristic may be "the relegation of the element of sex love to a secondary place." Accurate persons will suggest at once that the result would be, not a noval, but a romance. For the conventional love story leading up to the wedding march, the wedding breakfast and the bridal tour, even if these things are cut out at the last moment, is as essentially a part of our novels as it is of our plays. An American or English novel is expected to end with wedding bells, just as a French one begins with them. No matter what digressions may be introduced, the history of the love affair of the heroine and hero is the string upon which the whole narrative is strung. Even in the historical novels, princes, principalities and powers, great statesmen and great soldiers, circulate around the two modest figures whose happiness is at stake. Hence the custom, common with many feminine readers, of turning to the last pages, after reading the first chapter, to satisfy their very characteristic curiosity as to whether or not the tale has a happy ending, remarks the New York Evening Sun.

THE RATIFICATION FIGURES

FROM ALL BUT SIX COUNTIES ARE OBTAINED.

GOV. JELKS' GOOD ROADS PROCLAMATION

Wages Increase—Leeds Accident Explained — Furnace Fatality — Huntsville's Progress — Greenville's Fires — Go Hunting Now — Field Trials.

HOW IT WENT.

The canvassing boards of every county in the state met Saturday and declared the official returns of the election on the ratification of the new constitution.

In the table below appear the official figures from sixty of the sixty-six counties. Out of the six counties to hear from the anti-ratifiers will carry four, and possibly five. This will bring the ratification majority down to possibly 28,000.

MAJORITIES FOR RATIFICATION:

Counties.	Majority.
Bibb	166
Baldwin	94
Barbour	1784
Bullock	1006
Clarke	402
Calhoun	615
Colbert	1291
Chambers	4051
Crenshaw	415
Dallas	7890
Elmore	1214
Escambia	253
Greene	976
Henry	292
Hale	4603
Jefferson	1928
Limestone	1657
Lawrence	357
Macon	888
Monroe	597
Madison	2011
Montgomery	3061
Marengo	1617
Perry	3313
Pike	432
Pickens	452
Randolph	54
Russell	1216
Tuskaloosa	232
Sumter	2762
Talladega	1322
Walker	39
Total	46,692

MAJORITIES AGAINST RATIFICATION.

Counties	Majority.
Autauga	15
Butler	509
Blount	897
Coosa	425
Cherokee	934
Chilton	1270
Cullman	1250
Conecuh	804
Coffee	57
Covington	325
DeKalb	770
Etowah	952
Fayette	489
Franklin	659
Jackson	1227
Lauderdale	922
Lee	1197
Lowndes	252
Lamar	9
Marion	890
Marshall	1816
Morgan	1352
Mobile	5
Shelby	1706
St. Clair	770
Tallapoosa	1427
Washington	32
Winston	700
Total	15,176

Majority for ratification 31,516

Counties not heard from are Cleburne, Choctaw, Dale, Geneva, Clay and Wilcox.

The antis are still claiming to have carried the state by about 20,000.

ARRANGEMENTS are being completed for the beautifying of the park at the Huntsville depot of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad. Major Thomas, the president, will have a handsome fountain put in.

NUMBER ELEVEN.

The eleventh cotton mill will probably be established in Huntsville within the next few months. W. I. Wellman and other well known business men are negotiating with eastern capitalists, and it appears now that Huntsville has the advantage in the eyes of the investors.

LAND AGENT McCAIN.

Governor Jelks has appointed State Senator J. R. McCain, of Clay county, to be state land agent, to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of E. H. Lawrence.

GOOD NEWS.

The Louisville & Nashville authorities announce that beginning November 1st the wages of all mechanics in the shops at New Decatur will be advanced 10 per cent.

THE North Alabama Conference of the M. E. church will convene at Anniston on November 27th, Bishop Hendrix, presiding.

FOR GOOD ROADS.

Governor Jelks has issued the following proclamation with reference to the Good Roads Conventions:

Whereas, Good Road Conventions will be held in Birmingham, November 20th to 23rd; in Mobile, from November 29th to 30th, and in Montgomery, beginning December 4th and including December 6th, and, whereas, it is very important for the future welfare of the state that we improve this opportunity looking to the uniform betterment of all our highways. Therefore, I, William D. Jelks, Governor of Alabama, request and urge the mayors of the cities and towns, the commercial bodies, the boards of revenue and the commissioners' courts of the various counties to send suitable men as delegates to such of these conventions as shall be most convenient for them. Practical road making will engage the attention of the delegates during a good part of the time and can but furnish happy object lessons to be carried back and distributed in the various districts of the state. The thoughts of our people can rest upon no more important subject than the building and care of our stretches of neglected highways, and, hence, the interest I, as governor of this state, in common with all thoughtful people, have in the proposed movement. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of State to be affixed at the Capitol, in the city of Montgomery, this the 13th day of November, 1901.

(Great Seal) William D. Jelks.

By the Governor:

Robert P. McDavid,
Secretary of State.

BEFORE HIS FATHER'S EYES.

At Anniston Sidney Olive, a young white man, met a most horrible death at the furnace of the Woodstock Iron Company Friday morning. The young man was switching cars. He was on the incline of the stock house when told to let a string of seven cars down the incline. He started and had begun setting up the brakes when the cars got from under his control and ran down the incline colliding at the bottom with a loaded car. When the strings of "empties" collided, Mr. Olive was thrown from his position to the rails and the wheels of three cars passed over him mangling him almost beyond recognition. His father who is also employed by the company, witnessed the death of his son. Olive's head was cut from his shoulders, his left leg cut off and his right arm mashed with the rest of his body into into a mangled mass. Death was instantaneous.

BRAKES WOULDN'T WORK.

A collision occurred at Ardella Friday morning on the "Three B," road. A Southern double-header was bound north and as it neared the station the air brakes became uncontrollable. The engines ran into the caboose of another freight train and tore up both engines. The caboose was mashed into splinters and ten cars were derailed. Engineer Foster of one of the double header engines was seriously bruised but not necessarily fatally. A wrecking train which started to the assistance of the wrecked train was wrecked at Bootbtown. The engine was derailed but nobody was hurt.

RICHARD McFARLAND'S handsome country residence situated two miles from Bridgeport was entirely destroyed by fire early last week. The fire caught from a defective flue. No insurance.

TWO FIRES

Tuesday night aroused the slumbering citizens of Greensboro. One was soon extinguished. The other was the residence of Mrs. Ben Fitzpatrick, who owns the telephone exchange. The fire originated in the kitchen, and the house was in flames while Mrs. Fitzpatrick and her five children slept. Some of the household effects were saved, but the house was consumed. No insurance. Many kind friends have come to the rescue, and more than $1,000 has been subscribed to build Mrs. Fitzpatrick another house.

A NEW BANK.

A new national bank, plans for which have been in preparation for some time, will be opened for business about the first of January in Montgomery. It is announced that the new institution will have a capital stock of $250,000 and that all the stock has been subscribed. S. Roman will be president of the new bank, it is said, with John Kohn, cashier.

FATAL AFFRAY.

At Benton, Lowndes county, Thursday night, Walter Jones, a well-known young white man, shot Charles Miller, inflicting a wound which proved fatal. Jones is the proprietor of a restaurant at Benton, and Miller was for some time in his employ. The two men had had trouble about Miller's salary, and words developed into a warm altercation. Jones, it is said, drew a revolver and knocked Miller down with it. The latter sprang up and struck his assailant with a stick, when Jones in turn fired his weapon one of the bullets taking effect in Miller's breast and coming out at the back. Jones gave himself up to the police immediately after the shooting.

A FIENDISH ACT IF TRUE.

The officials of the Central of Georgia Railroad believe that the recent wreck at Leeds, in which two men were killed and several others were seriously injured, was the result of malicious tampering with the trestle through which the train fell, and an arrest has been made in the case. The party under arrest is a negro named Will Morgan, and he is charged with maliciously injuring a trestle by taking from it portions which weakened it so that engines or cars passing over it would go through.

THE BEST LIGHTS.

The new machinery ordered for the duplicating of that now in use by the Huntsville Railway, Light & Power Co. has been ordered. President A. L. Sweeney, of the company, announces that Huntsville will enjoy the best light and electric railway system of any city in Alabama after his new machinery has been installed. The city is now being furnished with the incandescent system and several extensions in the railway systems are contemplated.

LAST FRIDAY the state game law expired and the sportsmen of Alabama are now at liberty to hunt the partridges, which are said to be unusually plentiful this season, to their heart's content. The game law of this state is a particularly severe one and is especially stringent against pot hunters, providing severe penalties for anyone guilty of trapping game birds or mammals for sale. Those guilty of hunting out of season are also severely punished.

HENRY KING, a well known planter, living near Selma, had a narrow escape from death Friday morning, his life being saved by a derby hat. He was standing under a windmill on his place when one of the flanges of the mill flew off and falling, struck him in the top of his head. He was painfully hurt, but the stiff hat saved him from serious injury.

THOMAS J. ASHFORD, of Birmingham, president of the Alabama Field Trial Club, has been in Athens making the final arrangements for holding the next Alabama Field Trials. He met with enthusiastic encouragement and the next trials will be held near Athens, with headquarters at Athens, beginning on February 3rd, next.

It is understood the president will make no direct recommendation on the subject of taxation. He will lay the situation before Congress and call attention to the recommendations of Secretary Gage but he will make no direct suggestions.

FATAL SALOON ROW.

In Attalla Saturday night Perry Stovall was shot and instantly killed by John R. Kelly in a saloon. Both were young boys about 19 years old. Stovall had been drinking and picked up a billiard cue and struck Kelly. Kelly drew his pistol and shot four times, two balls penetrating Stovall's heart.

RECORD BROKEN.

The record of mining coal from one slope was broken by the Warner mines last Friday when 2,370 tons were brought to light.

TRANSGRESSORS' WAYS.

Circuit court at Carrollton adjourned Saturday night at 11 o'clock. The week was a Waterloo for criminals. Every case that went to a jury received a verdict of guilty exceptone minor misdemeanor. The solicitor gets $1,132.50 in fees.

GRAY FORGE IRON has gone up 75c per ton.

LATEST STATE NEWS.

FELL SIXTY FEET.

Frank Cooper, a brickmason employed on Birmingham's City Hall, had a miraculous escape from death Saturday afternoon. Mr. Cooper had some occasion to go down to the ground and he decided to go by the way of a shaft that is being used to hoist lumber and other material to the upper floors of the building. There was a rope hanging down this shaft and he caught this and swung out into space. The rope was only lying across a beam, not being fastened to anything and he shot down ward at a frightful rate with the rope clutched in his hands. Mr. Cooper landed with terrific crash upon a heap of lumber on the ground floor. The noise was heard by a number of persons who rushed to the spot expecting to find him dead or dying. Instead they found him with a sickly smile upon his face, as much as to say "the joke is on me," and he arose from the lumber heap and walked off unaided.

SHEFFIELD HEADS THE LIST.

The official report of loaded cars handled by the Southern Railway during the month of October, makes a most flattering showing for Sheffield. In fact Sheffield leads all other points in Alabama. The following figures show the number of loaded cars handled by the Southern Railway during the month of October at the principal cities located on their line: Sheffield, 2542 cars; Birmingham, 2374; Florence, 1076; Huntsville, 423; Decatur, 157; Tuscumbia, 33. It is believed by the citizens of this place that in view of the large amount of revenue that it derives from Sheffield, that at an early date the Southern Railway will decide to run its through passenger trains through here, as it would necessitate a detour from its present main line of only about a mile.

FIRE AT GALLION.

Fire in Gallion Sunday afternoon burned to the ground the following business houses: R. W. Collins, Davico & Bro., Kahn and company and two other stores. Nothing was left in Gallion after the fire but J. T. Collins store and the depot. Every one carried full insurance. No cause is known for the fire.

FELL FROM THE TRAIN.

Ed Adams, a white miner, fell from a freight train Sunday at Mobile Junction, receiving injuries from which he died. Adams got on the train at Whilden. He was not an employe of the road, but was assisting with the brakes when he fell.

CAUGHT IN THE MACHINERY.

Mr. Robert Harris, working at the Ensley Steel Plant, was seriously and perhaps fatally injured while at work Sunday night. In some manner he became entangled in some machinery and it is thought sustained a fracture of the skull.

MR. NAT BAXTER, president of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, has tendered his resignation from that position and accepted the presidency of the Cumberland Coal & Coke Co., of Tennessee. The resignation takes effect December 1st.

A PAVING contract for 1700 square yards of street in the business section of Mobile was awarded Friday to the Green River Asphalt Company of St. Louis. The contract calls for the expenditure by the city of $48,201.45, the company agreeing to do the work for $1.80 per square yard.

LITIGATION of unusual interest is pending in the circuit court of Talladega, being a suit brought by the First Presbyterian church, which owns the Isbell Female college, to recover $10,000 of the late Mr. Isbell's estate, which is alleged to have been bequeathed to the college. The heirs of the estate resist the claim, urging that the state is now insolvent owing the estate of Captain Armstong, deceased, the executor of the Isbell estate, a large sum of money.

THE University of Alabama eleven defeated the Mechanical College team from Starkville, Miss., last Saturday at Tuscaloosa, the score being 45 to 0.

SUGGESTION has been made and it is believed it will carry for the Baptist denomination of Alabama to present Mrs. A. W. McGaha with a handsome home in Huntsville in appreciation of the wonderful Christian work accomplished by her husband, Rev. Dr. A. W. McGaha, who is in a dying condition at the home of his mother in Huntsville.

NEW TREATY SIGNED.

The new Hay-Pauncefote Nicaragua canal treaty was signed Monday. It is said to contain the following provisions: The canal may be constructed under the auspices of the government of the United States either directly at its own cost or by government loan to individuals or corporations or through subscription, the said government shall have and enjoy all the rights incident to such construction as well as the exclusive right of providing for the management and maintenance of the canal. The canal shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations, the canal shall never be blockaded nor shall any act of hostility be committed within. Vessels of war of any belligerent shall not revictual nor take any stores in the canal except in such as may be strictly necessary, and the transit of such vessels through the canal shall be effected with the least possible delay. No belligerent shall embark or disembark troops, munitions of war or war like materials in the canal except in case of accident. The provisions of this article shall apply to waters adjacent to the canal within three marine miles. The vessels of war of a belligerent shall not remain in such waters longer than twenty-four hours at any one time except in cases of distress, but a vessel of war of a belligerent shall not depart within twenty-four hours from the departure of a vessel of war of the other belligerent. The plants and establishments, building and all works necessary to the construction, maintenance and operation of the canal shall be deemed thereof, and in time of war as in time of peace shall enjoy complete immunity from attack from belligerents.

QUEEN LIL

Arrived in San Francisco a few days since and it is announced that she is seeking recovery of health and has come to consult the authorities relative to the crown lands of Hawaii, which were sequestered by the revolutionary government, and no attempt has been made to reimburse her for the loss of the revenues, amounting to $100,000 a year. The territorial legislature appropriated $250,000 for the crown lands, but President Dole vetoed the bill on the ground of insufficient money to pay it. Subsequently the legislature offered her a pension of $25,000 a year, but she refused to be placed on the list of charitables. She favored the annexation of the islands and advised to submit her claims to the court for arbitration. The crown lands comprise over a million acres and are worth about $15,000,000.

A GOOD HAUL.

E. F. Lowenthal, a diamond dealer of New York, arrived at Portland, Ore., Sunday evening and registered at a hotel. He was assigned to a room and placed a trunk containing diamonds valued at $10,000 and $1,000 in gold in the room. Mr. Lowenthal states that he left the hotel between 9 and 10 o'clock last evening and that, when he returned, he found the trunk broken open and the diamonds and cash missing. Detectives are searching for a missing jeweler believed to have committed the robbery.

TO THE GRAND JURY.

It is now asserted that the national bank failure will be investigated before the federal grand jury. The Western National Bank of New York is said to have had a hand in the failure and it also holds the Oates bonds which were placed in the Enfaula bank as a deposit. A statement of the bank's condition has not yet been published. A gentleman interested said the conditions seemed to darken with investigation. He thought the bank's depositors would get would be 35 cents on the dollar.

ONE of Ensley's enterprising concerns, the Austin Bryan company, has doubled its $75,000 capital and now manufactures plows and has an export trade.

N. W. TRIMBLE has been appointed referee in bankruptcy for the northern district of Alabama. The appointment was made by Judge Thos. G. Jones. He has served years.

LIEUT. RICHMOND P. HOBSON has been detailed to make an exhibit at Charleston.

A WONDERFUL growth in Birmingham under irrigation is reported—eight feet in one year.

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Spread the Gospel — Printing Press Confiscation—Danish West Indies to be Transferred to Uncle Sam — W. C. T. U. Sends Roosevelt Message.

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The south-western express on the Northern Central Railway, was wrecked Friday night by a charge of dynamite placed under the tracks near Cockeysville, Pa., a short distance north of York. Passengers on the train were severely shocked but escaped injury. A piece of rail 2½ feet long was blown out of the track and three coaches were derailed and ran over the ties a distance of 200 feet before the train was brought to a stop. It is believed the object of the perpetrators was robbery. A hole was blown in the roadbed large enough to bury a man. Where the rails were broken they were cut off as if done by shears. Detectives were dispatched to begin operations from York and Harrisburg. There is little hope that the dynamiters will be captured. It is thought they undoubtedly made their way to one of the large cities before daylight.

COPPER PIGS.

A special says the first shipment of commercial pig copper, in bars, ever turned out of the South went from Ducktown, Tenn., last week. It consisted of twelve car loads and the special train was decorated. The copper was sent to New York City. The pig copper smelter recently completed at Isabella, is said, the largest one of its kind in existence, save that at Anaconda, Mont. The Tennessee Copper company has spent about $1,000,000 and about three years' time in preparations for the working of copper ore, so that it can be put on the market as a finished copper product. This is one of the most important industries of the state.

MURDER WILL OUT.

The mystery of the murder of an old fisherman whose only known name was Ed, in a house boat at Tiptonville, has been solved. It seems that for some years he had held practically a boy, a young girl only 17 years of age. Recently she became acquainted and infatuated with a young man named Jack Matthews. The latter murdered her with a pistol and she killed the old fisherman. Together they threw him from the house boat, and after landing in the Tennessee river, turned it adrift. The girl related the facts to parties whom they met in the county. Both have escaped.

MONEY FOR MISSIONS.

Methodist Episcopal church appropriations for home missions are: Atlanta, $1,067; Central Alabama, $1,104; Central Missouri, $3,496; Eastern Tennessee, $1,803; Florida, $656; Little Rock, $2,705; Louisiana, $705; Mississippi, $1,803; Mobile, $1,104; Tennessee, $2,254; Texas, $3,[illegible]; Upper Mississippi, $2,223.

THERE is much excitement in Northern Michigan over the discovery of several beds of live asphalt near Rapid River, a village at the head of Little Bay Bencquetti. It is said the quality of the asphalt is equal to the famed Trinidad product.

HICKS ELECTED.

After re-electing Simon Burns, of Pittsburg, general master workman of the Knights of Labor the general assembly of the order reconsidered the action, and in Burns' place elected Henry A. Hicks, of New York, as the executive head of the order.

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PRINTING PRESS TRUST.

Plans are being discussed among some of the important makers of printing presses for the organizing of a consolidated company, says the Journal of Commerce. If the plans are carried out the combination will include the Cox Duplex and the Huber works, the Miehle Printing Press and Manufacturing Company, the Potter Printing Works at Springfield, Mass.; the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing Company; the Goss Printing Press Company; the Whitlock Printing Press and Manufacturing Company and the Walter Scott & Co. There have been reports from time to time that Hoe & Co. might enter the combination. The management of Hoe & Co. has steadily refused to enter into any amalgamation, no matter what the character, and consequently rumors of this nature find little credence in business circles. It is stated that estimates of the capital stock of the new combination range anywhere from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000.

OUR NEW ISLANDS.

Negotiations between the governments of the United States and Denmark relative to the cession to the United States of the Danish West Indies have been transferred to Washington. The negotiations were initiated by Mr. Swensen, United States minister to Copenhagen, about three years ago, and later on Mr. White, secretary of embassy at London, took up the work in behalf of the United States. The transfer to Washington was brought about through the desire of the Danish government to place its interests in the matter in the hands of Mr. Constantin Brun, the Danish minister at our capital. It is learned that within the last few days there has been increased activity in the negotiations and that sensible progress has been made toward the completion of a treaty of cession.

KISS AND MAKE UP.

Mrs. Daisy Mack, of DeKalb Ills., who secured a divorce from her husband, John F. Mack, last week, was given a surprise today when she received back $60,000 which she had given him as a wedding present. The couple separated on good terms and now it is affirmed Mrs. Mack is so affected by this generosity on the part of her former husband that the differences between them may be patched up.

W. C. T. U.

The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union of America is in session at Ft. Worth, Tex. There is great enthusiasm and a large attendance. One of the members made the startling announcement that there are saloons in Chicago that have play rooms for children and the little ones are taught to drink liquor. The following telegram was ordered sent to President Roosevelt: "The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, in convention assembled, at Fort Worth, Tex., representing 300,000 women of the United States, sends greetings, with an appreciation of the responsibilities that have come to you. Be assured of our prayers to aid you in your work for righteousness."

MRS. SARAH ELIZABETH GRISWOLD MORSE, widow of Professor Samuel F. B. Morse, inventor of the telegraph, died in Berlin, Germany, on Thursday. She was Professor Morse's second wife and was married to him in 1848.

WAR ORDERS.

Orders have been issued by the war department directing the twenty-seventh infantry to sail for the Philippines as soon as transportation can be provided. Two battalions of the regiment are now at the Plattsburg barracks, New York, and the other at Fort McPherson, Ga. The regiment will probably proceed to Manila via New York and Suez canal. A battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, now in Colorado, has been ordered to Fort McPherson, where the other two battalions now en route home from the Philippines will be sent on arrival.

THE state of Illinois has presented a handsome silver service often pieces to the battleship named for the state.

UNITED STATES Senator Bacon, of Georgia, is home from the Philippines.

QUEEN WILHELMINA, of Holland, is reported much improved.

IMMIGRATION STATISTICS

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY LONG WANTS MORE VESSELS.

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION REPORT READY

Alabama Cotton Statistics for 1899—The Gathmann Torpedo Tested — Senator Stranahan's Plum — Agriculture Department Plans — Military.

The annual report of Commissioner General Powderly of the immigration bureau shows the total steerage arrivals in the United States during the year to have been 487,918, an increase over the preceding year of 39,346, or approximately 9 per cent. Of these 2020 came through Canadian ports and the remainder through ports of this country. There were also 74,950 other alien passengers who came in the cabin, making a total for the year of 562,868. The ratio of increase of Italian immigrants as compared with those from the same country last year is approximately 36 per cent., or more than threefold the ratio of increase from all Europe, and the increase numerically from all other countries of Europe aggregate scarcely one-fourth of that of Italy. The total steerage immigration as to sex: 331,055 males and 156,863 females; as to age: 62,562 under 14 years, 396,516 from 14 to 45 years and 28,849 of 45 years and over. It is shown that 117,587 were unable to read or write, 3,058 could read but not write; 294,860 brought each less than $30 and 56,312 had more than $30 each. During the year 363 were returned to their respective countries, having become public charges within one year after landing. The number refused a landing was 3,051 as against 4,246 last year.

The key note of the annual report of Secretary Long for 1901 is "increase," an increase in both the number of ships and the number of officers and sailors for the navy. The secretary's recommendation for new construction is as follows: Three first-class battleships; two first-class armored cruisers; three gunboats 1,000 tons trial displacement; three gunboats 200 tons trial displacement insular service; three picket boats 650 tons trial displacement. Three steel sailing training ships 2,000 tons trial displacement, with many minor and valuable auxiliaries that go to make a superior navy. The United States Navy is behind that of England, France, Germany, Russia, Japan and Italy. Another pressing need is a national reserve. The secretary recommends the revival of the grade of vice admiral; an increase of 50 per cent in the number of cadets at the naval academy; an increase of the marine corps by 750 men and increase in the corps of naval constructors and civil engineers.

Secretary Wilson has decided to send one of the department experts with a full crops of assistants to the Philippines to investigate the situation. Upon ascertaining the needs in respect to seed the department will ship to the islands such seeds as may be required. It is expected that many things not heretofore grown in the Philippines, can be produced and especial attention will be directed to the growing of new crops. The seeds will be distributed gratis

Charles A. Conant, special commissioner of the war department on coinage and banking in the Philippines, and D. P. Williams, secretary of the Philippine commission, are en route to Washington, carrying with them the annual report of the Philippine commission.

The agricultural division of the twelfth census has completed its tabulation of the cotton crop of Alabama in the year 1899. In that year there were 192,384 farms reporting cotton, with an acreage of 3,202,135, producing 1,106,840 commercial bales, or the equivalent of 1,093,694 bales of 500 pounds each. The value of this cotton to the farmers as sold by them, exclusive of the seed, was $37,300,598. The cotton ginned reported by the manufacturers' division for this state was 1,078,519 bales, of 500 pounds.

President Roosevelt has appointed Senator N. N. Stranahan, of Oswego, N. Y., collector of the port of N. Y.

The United States transport Hancock ran aground in Japanese waters last Friday. This is the third United States transport to meet with mishap in Japanese waters recently. The Sheridan has been ordered to her assistance.

Orders issued by the war department contemplate making Atlanta again a military center in the South. The twenty-third regiment is ordered to Fort McPherson.

THE TEMPERATURE OF ICE.

It Is Declared to Be Colder in Winter Than in Summer.

Is ice any colder in winter than in summer? Most people suppose not. They understand that ice is ice and cannot be made any colder or warmer.

If a thermometer is buried in ice in summer it will indicate thirty-two degrees. If you throw a piece of ice into boiling water and leave it there till it is almost gone, what is left will still be at thirty-two degrees. Ice can never be gotten above that temperature.

But while ice can never be warmed above thirty-two degrees, it will go as much below that as the water does. An iceman delivering ice one zero day in January was asked whether his ice was any colder than in July. He thought not. But as a matter of fact a piece of summer ice, if he had had it, would have been something of a foot warmer for him, as it would have been thirty degrees warmer than the air of the bottom of his wagon.

Mixing salt with ice makes it much cooler. The ice in an ice cream freezer goes down to about zero. This is why the point zero on our common thermometers was fixed where it is. It was supposed to be the lowest point which could be reached by artificial means. Since then we have reached about 383 degrees below zero, by chemical processes.

Ice will cool down with everything else, on a cold night, to zero or below. What should prevent it? On a day when it is just freezing a block of iron and a block of ice outdoors will stand at thirty-two degrees. If the weather grows warmer the iron will warm up with the weather, but the ice will stay at thirty-two degrees, and melt away. But if the weather grows colder the iron and the ice will cool off, too, and one just as much as the other.

As the ice grows colder it gets harder and more brittle. There can be no "hickory bend" on the skating pond on a zero day, for ice is then too brittle. Slivers of ice dipped in liquid air become so hard that they will cut glass. Water thrown on ice in the arctic regions will shiver it like pouring boiling water upon cold glass. This is because the ice is so much colder than the water.—Denver Times.

King Oscar and the Young Reporter.

Not long ago Oscar II. went to Gothenburg to attend a dedication or the opening of something or other, where he was expected to make a speech. An enterprising reporter intercepted him at a railway station upon arrival to ask for a copy of his manuscript in advance in order that it might be published the same afternoon, for there would be no time for a stenographer to write out his notes after delivery. The King greeted him pleasantly and explained that he had no manuscript; that he intended to speak without notes. The reporter was very much disappointed. He told the King frankly that he was a new man and that his future standing with his employer might be seriously affected if he failed to get the speech. King Oscar responded sympathetically, motioned to the reporter to get into his carriage, and while they were driving to the hotel gave a brief synopsis of what he expected to say.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Paper Reading in Mexico.

The sale of daily newspapers over the country is a remarkable development of these latter years. People who formerly were contented with the State Government organ, devoted mainly to Governor's decrees and official notices, and with a column of the dryest local information, now buy daily sheets; newsboys with City of Mexico papers haunt hotels and railway stations, and there are local distributors of these journals in all the chief towns. It is an indication of the modernization of the country, this awakened appetite for the daily news. A few papers in this city date their editions one day ahead, so they may appear fresh to country readers! But this practice will soon disappear. It is inherently absurd. Everybody sees through it.—Correspondence Boston Herald.

The "Eaglet's" First Royal Act.

The King of Rome had reached the mature age of six months, when an old soldier, who had already received many favors from the Emperior, decided that he wanted more, and thought it would be a good scheme to address his petition to the heir to the throne, and thus work on Napoleon's sympathies. He addressed his petition to his Majesty the King of Rome. Napoleon smiled when he read the address, and ordered the Duke of Frioul to take the paper to the King and read it to him. This was done with due solemnity and state, and the Duke returned to the Emperor. "What did his Majesty say?" asked Napoleon. "Nothing," replied the Duke. "Silence gives consent," said the Emperor; "see that this old rascal of a soldier gets what he wants."—Paris Figaro.

Bakers Subject to Premature Death.

Bakers are more than normally subject to premature death. In the first place, there is great danger from accident in the striking of a match or taking a light into a room in which flour dust is floating. In case this is done, there follows an explosion which is likely to be very dangerous. Then in the flour itself there is a very small microbe which eventually has its effect upon the teeth, causing them to break away at the roots. This little microbe also attacks the drums of the ears and causes deafness, to say nothing of fanning the spark of consumption. Bakers do not die much from alcoholism, but they are peculiarly subject to diseases of the liver, rheumatic fever, and diabetes.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

Discourses Interestingly On the Sins of Lying and Stealing.

CORRUPTION IN PRESENT DAY POLITICS

Public Crib Offers Temptations that Otherwise Honest Men Find It Hard to Resist—Liars of High and Low Degree.

We are not distressed at the overthrow of Tammany in New York. Seventy years is long enough for a party or a political power to rule a great metropolis. Corruption breeds more maggots as the city grows, for, as Thomas Jefferson said: "The growth of great cities is pestilential to good morals." The public treasury is a thing to be plundered, whether it be municipal, state or national. There are thousands of men who would not steal from me, but would steal the money I pay into the treasury, for there it becomes so mixed up that nobody knows whose money it is. It is just as it was two hundred years ago, when Swift wrote:

"Great fleas have little fleas upon their backs to bite 'em,
And little fleas have lesser fleas, and so on ad infinitum."

There is one comfort about all this public plunder. The money does not go dead. It has to be invested and gives employment to labor. A millionaire can't eat nor wear out much more than I can, nor will he lock up his money and let it rest. Not long ago I asked a clever northern man why it was that rich people who pay the most of the taxes let the pension steal go on so long and get bigger every year? He smiled and said: "Why that pension money goes mostly to the poor and we get it all back sooner or later. It is our cheapest way of supporting them, especially when we have your help." Poor Garfield. In his last message he lamented that the pension rolls had got to the alarming sum of $30,000,000, but said there was comfort in knowing that it was obliged to decrease from natural causes, for death was the common lot and the pensioners were rapidly decreasing in number. He was mistaken. They have been multiplying ever since he was killed, and now it takes $150,000,000 to pay the roll.

Public plunder would not be so bad if it was done in the open. What aggravates us is that it is done on the sly through corruption, through bribes, franchises, charters, licenses, salaries and schemes. It always vexes me to see the cook hiding something or her child carrying off a bundle on the sly and hiding it under her apron as she is going home. But they are all so kind and so willing and so good to the children that we saw wood and say nothing. They remind me of what a blind phrenologist said of a public official in Rome while feeling the bumps on his head. He did not know him at all, but said, "This man is kind-hearted and good-natured and would do you a favor if you were in distress, but he will steal. If he found a man asleep alone in a room at night he would slip his purse from out his pocket, but would kiss him before he left him." He diagnosed the man correctly, for he was turned out of office soon after for embezzling the public money, and everybody was sorry for him because he was so generous with his plunder. Stealing from the public crib seems to be a higher grade of crime than lying, though it takes lying and hypocrisy and deceit to accomplish it. I have often wondered why lying was not forbidden in the Ten Commandments. "Thou shalt not steal" is there, but "Thou shalt not lie" is not there, and yet it is accursed all through the scriptures and is the last sin recorded in the last chapter of Revelations and in nearly the last verse. "For without are dogs and sorcerers, and whore mongers and murders and whosoever loveth and maketh a lie." According to David, that sin did not leave very many to enter heaven, for he says, "I said in mine haste all men are liars." The old Scotch preacher took it for a text and his first remark was, "Ah, David, mon, if ye had waited until now ye might have said it at your leisure." Lying is no doubt the most universal sin among mankind, but it is graded and not always a sin. Stealing is always a sin, but lying must be malignant or harmful. Paul sent Titus to Crete and wrote to him that he would have a hard time in establishing a church there, for the Cretans were all liars. Crete is Candia now, an island in the Mediterranean, inhabited by Mohammedans chiefly, and travelers say that they are no better now than they were in St. Paul's day, for they are not only liars, but thieves. England used to have laws to punish common scolds, common drunkards and common vagabonds, but none to punish common liars, for they are generally harmless. Every community has one or two and they keep us amused at their Munchausen exploits in hunting and fishing and their narrow escapes. Then there are some uncommon liars—liars of the first magnitude as Shakespeare calls them, such as Baron Munchausen, Joe Mulhatton and some Chicago editors and preachers. Some of these get into the pulpit and make up pathetic stories and thrilling incidents to emphasize their sermons and create a sensation. And there are thousands of little white lies, society lies that have to be told for civility's sake—lies that flatter and please the visitor, the customer or the patient. All these are spoken lies, but there are as many acted lies in trading, such as concealing the truth and putting the best on top. In fact, everybody lies more or less except children and fools, thought most of us mean no harm by it. My old partner used to say that some mighty clever men would be shut out of heaven for swearing a lie to their tax returns, for David says, "Lord, who shall abide in Thy tabernacle; who shall dwell in Thy holy hill—he that speaketh the truth in his heart and sweareth to his own hurt and changeth not."

Withholding what is due to the state is as bad as stealing from it. And withholding what a man ought to give to the church he belongs to is almost as great a sin as that of Ananias. It is stealing from God. Nothing that a member of the church can do so readily fixes his character as a Christian as his willingness to give all that he can according to his means. Tithes and offerings have come down to us from Cain and Abel in an unbroken line. Cain was a bad man, but he paid his tithes. He was the first liar on record—the devil excepted.

Then there are the lies published every day in the great daily papers—political lies, commercial lies and medical lies to catch the ignorant and unsuspecting; some reporters lie to show their diligence in business.

High coloring, veneering, varnishing are essential qualities in a reporter, whether his journal be white or yellow. He must lie a little, even though it has to be taken back or modified the next day. And so the world wags on and the people have become so accustomed to lies that they make allowance for everything they hear or read. When the historian wanted to cap the climax of General Washington's noble character, he wove in that little story of the cherry tree and made the boy to say: "Father, I cannot tell a lie." And so I hope that all our little boys will grow up to be truthful men. Don't go behind the barn and smoke a cigarette, for that is telling a lie to your father. You can tell a lie by winking your eyes or pointing your finger or concealing what you do from your parents or your teacher. If you do wrong own it like a gentleman and you will have their respect as well as your own.

But the downfall of Tammany was no defeat of the New York democracy—for there were as many good democrats as republicans on that fusion ticket and they will help Low to clean out the Augean stables. So let the procession proceed.—Bill Arp in Atlanta Constitution.

A vigorous booming might land hundreds, or even thousands, of settlers in South Africa. Their success or failure would soon be advertised. Others purposing to leave their homes for some new country would weigh the advantages and opportunities of this region against those of other lands which, for many years to come, will still remain open to the surplus thousands of overcrowded populations. Home-making in arid South Africa will be weighed against life in Canada, in the far West of America, in distant New Zealand and Australia, in hot North Borneo, and on the pampas of South America. Cuba offers homes and the promise of prosperity to several millions; Egypt, with its new systems of irrigation, has attractions for others; the Argentine holds out possibilities of its own. South Africa has no monopoly of new lands or prospective wealth with which to tempt the intending emigrant. Enthusiasm may talk loudly of trade and population following the flag, and of a vast influx immediately upon the conclusion of hostilities in South Africa. Calmer judgment halts at such ready opinion, and notes that Canada, Australia, North Borneo, and even Cape Colony have been under the British flag for many years, and are not yet densely populated, though each of them offers greater promise of comfort and prosperity than does England's latest acquisition, states a writer in The Forum.

The belief entertained by many persons that arsenic is used in dangerous quantities in the coloring of dress goods and wall paper is not well founded, according to the Massachusetts Board of Health. The Bay State has a stringent law on the subject, providing that there shall not be in dress goods or other articles of dress more than one one-hundredth of a grain to the square yard, or in other materials or articles more than one-tenth of a grain to the square yard. The board, after an investigation, finds little if any ground for invoking the power of this law, only one piece of cloth being found to contain more than the statutory allowance of arsenic. As compared with conditions existing ten years ago, there is very little complaint regarding the use of arsenic in dyeing or in coloring wall paper.

For a long time the movement for the prevention of cruelty to animals was regarded as chimerical. Now it hauls into court the brutes who beat horses and the public helps in the good work. Sentiment of the right sort is power, reflects the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

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Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

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Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

Col. M. L. Woods, State Examiner of Accounts, who has been with us the last two or three weeks, examining the books and accounts of our county officers, finished his work here and left for Montgomery on Tuesday night. We understand the Colonel said, before he left, that he had found everything alright, and he especially commended Tax Collector T. J. Hubbard for the careful manner in which his accounts were kept. We are gratified at this good showing of our county officials.

THE BANNER takes pleasure in announcing that the long-talked of steam press will soon make its appearance. For a long time past we have had to work under very unfavorable circumstances, and the consequence has been that our subscribers have received a paper not as clean and as well printed as we desired. They have been very considerate, however, and we sincerely thank them for their forbearance and kindness.

The circulation of The Banner has increased beyond our present facilities, and yet we did not feel justified in going to the necessary heavy expense of a steam press while we remained in our old office. By the end of next month we shall have moved into the new brick building next to the bank, and we are now negotiating for a new press, with which to start the new year aright.

This means an outlay of several hundred dollars, and we respectfully urge upon our subscribers that they settle their little accounts with us now and thus help us put in a press that will furnish them with a better paper. If each one of you will kindly remember that what you owe us is but a small amount and will not inconvenience you in the least to settle now, that when we get those little amounts all together they make one big sum, and that is what we need to get the new press.

We have much to thank the good people of Chilton county for, and they always kindly respond to our requests. We feel satisfied that our subscribers, now that their attention is called to their little accounts, will promptly come forward and settle them. But come quickly, gentlemen, we want to put in the new press before we move into the new building.

THE new constitution has been ratified by the people of Alabama, according to the official returns, and we shall soon be living and thriving under the new organic law. We beleive that the new constitution is good, it might have been better, but it is a distinct gain over the old one. How it was ratified is an open question. The main point now is, are the people willing to accept the new constitution irrespective of the methods by which it was acquired. If they should not be willing to accept it, how is it to be remedied? Its defects can be remedied by the next legislature submitting amendments to the vote of the people. Our faith has been somewhat shaken, but with the negro vote left out, we think the next election will come out alright.

THE governor, auditor and commissioner of agriculture are being flooded with applications for registrar under the new constitution. There are to be three in each county and the officers above named constitute the board which is to make the appointments.

EX-GOVERNOR JOHNSON ON THE ELECTION

Former Governor Joseph F. Johnston, one of the leaders of the anti ratification movement gave out the following signed statement yesterday anent the election on Monday: Ratifiers claim 27,000 majority. They have closed up their headquarters, ceased to give out any details and like the Arab "have silently folded their tents and stolen away." Let us see where this 27,000 majority is to come from and who is expected to furnish it. The census last year gives us the number of white men and colored men in each county over 21 years old. I give below what this census disclosed as to certain counties:

Counties	Majority of Negro Votes	Maj. claimed for Ratif'n
Barbour	1289	2000
Clarke	422	1022
Dallas	7346	5400
Greene	3477	1000
Hale	3485	4000
Macon	2736	1000
Marengo	4003	1500
Monroe	251	560
Montgmery	4988	3500
Perry	3429	3000
Pickens	436	150
Russell	2408	1127
Sumter	3885	3000
Wilcox	4258	3000
Total	43,877	27,199

These figures show that if the grossest frauds were not committed, that of these 43,877 negro majorities in these counties, 35,538 voted to disfranchise themselves and only 8,339 voted against ratification, leaving the majority, 37,199 claimed for ratification in these counties.

And yet those advocating ratification have the effrontry to say that in the white counties the negroes voted against ratification.

The majority claimed for ratification is exactly this shown in the counties named above, and was claimed the day before the election, and the day after the election, when no human could know. What would make a negro in Dallas vote to disfranchise himself when he might have some hope of office on account of his numbers, and in DeKalb vote against it when without such hope is one of the unfathomable mysteries.

The Booker Washington incident seems to be the explanation offered to consolidate the negro votes in the black belt for ratification.

But let us go a little further and examine some other proud majorities claimed for ratification:

Country	Negro Votes	White Votes	Ratif'n maj.
Chambers	3380	3457	3000
Talladega	3817	3990	1334
Totals	7197	7447	4334

So we see in these two sample counties where all the inspectors and clerks were ratifiers, and where there is a white majority of exactly 250, that some 4000 negroes must have voted for "white supremacy and honest electum."

Every one knows that these majorities, aggregating 31,000, are fraudulent on their face, and yet, without them, the new constitution is defeated in every other county in the state but four or five by 30,000 majority.

What honest white man wants a constitution repudiated by a majority of 30,000 white men imposed upon the state by the fraudulent count of negro votes that were not cast? What honest white man, who sincerely stands for fair elections, can damn his record by enduring and approving such unparalled and unblushing fraud?

Can the white men of the black belt, whose chief security is in the numbers and sympathy and good will of the white men in the hills and mountains, afford to give them mortal offence?

Is white supremacy to be secured and rest upon fraudulent negro votes in the black belt?

Certainly those favoring ratification have a fair chance. They started with a handsome campaign fund and replenished that. They had the active aid of every state official. They had both senators and every congressman. They had all the sheriffs but five or six and a vast majority of the Probate judges and clerks. They usurped the democratic organization. They had several hundred new speakers and nearly all the lawyers and over 100 speakers. On our side we had no campaign fund, but six papers, some five speakers, and yet three-fourths of the white counties roll up a majority of 30,000 against ratification.

Was there ever such a victory of the people against power and influence and ability and money and organization?

Is it a victory that demonstrates the ability of the Anglo-Saxon to stand against all odds, untertified and resolute.

Is it not a good time for men assuming leadership and hoping for preferment to pause, to hesitate?

Is unblushing fraud to be rebuked now or destroyed hereafter with all its apologists and defenders?

Can any one rejoice over a victory to be obtained by methods that no decent man can endorse?

Can political ambition defy all decencies, threaten the peace and endanger the honor, the progress and the glory of our commonwealth?

J. F. JOHNSTON.

Help... Nature

Babies and children need proper food, rarely ever medicine. If they do not thrive on their food something is wrong. They need a little help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

will generally correct this difficulty.

If you will put from one-fourth to half a teaspoonful in baby's bottle three or four times a day you will soon see a marked improvement. For larger children, from half to a teaspoonful, according to age, dissolved in their milk, if you so desire, will very soon show its great nourishing power. If the mother's milk does not nourish the baby, she needs the emulsion. It will show an effect at once both upon mother and child.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

STRAYED

From my place near Lily about August 1, 1901, Two Heifer Yearlings, one white and red spotted and the other white with red ears, and One Cow, blue and white pied, crumpled horns. I will give the smallest of the two yearlings for the return of the other two.

G. I. CALLEN, Lily, Ala.

The One Exception.

Towne—He's quite a linguist, I believe.

Browne—Yes, he can converse in 34 different tongues.

Towne—So I understand; but there's one tongue he has never succeeded in mastering.

Browne—What's that? Chinese?

Towne—No, his wife's.—Philadelphia Press.

CONFEDERATE PENSIONS.

The warrants for Confederate pensioners are now in my hands and all those entitled to them can get them on application at my office.

S. M. ADAMS,
Judge of Probate.

Maybe you don't have colic. Then you don't need Dr. Thenor's Antiseptic for that purpose. But you don't know what you may get hurt, and it is a remedy to assuage for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, inflamed eyes, Sore Throat, "Poison Oak," etc. Contains no grease, and the odor is very pleasant. Call at drug stores for it.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head office. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Carton Building, Chicago.

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All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, snuffs, gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membrane causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

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You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

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need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

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YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the very top.

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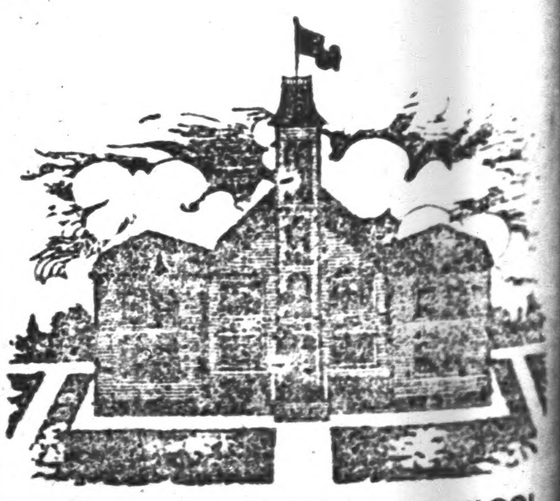

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TOWN ITEMS

...commissioners' court meets second ... in February, first Monday in ..., first Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

...to-day 6¾ @ 7 cts.
...same date last year 9 6.5 cts.

...received to date:	1901	1900
...land & Co.	2366	1626
...	1708	1294
...	594	265
...	185	261
...total	4853	3444

...are in the market buying ... and Cotton Seed, paying ... market prices.
J. H. PINCKARD & CO.

...CE! Good hard brick at $6 ... soft brick at $5 per 1000.
J. R. Woodward, Clanton.

...will soon be a State in the ... Do you want to go? Address Auxiliary & Town, Gainesville, Fla.

Luc. Candler has returned after a pleasant visit to at Wetumpka.

Mr. Thomas and wife of ... were visitors here Friday.

Scott of Bozeman was ... here the past week.

Fannie Driver of Coopers ... Saturday in Clanton.

John Allen of Coopers visited Saturday.

A. J. Massey will be at his office here at Clanton first ... of court. All wishing Artificial Plates, Gold Crown and ... work, come on Monday and ..., as he is generally crowded ... last of the week. He also ... 666 gallons the best ribbon ... syrup for family use. Come ... He needs no recommendation in this county.

...speakers and singers should ... Tichenor's Antiseptic to ... or relieve hoarseness or ... The odor and taste is ... and a few gargles ... will do the work. ... 50c. For sale by druggists.

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Ethel Aldridge has returned from a pleasant visit to ... in Birmingham.

... Adams went to Birmingham ... Monday.

... Driver of Cooper was one ... welcome visitors Saturday.

... A. Gay of Riderville gave ... a call Saturday.

... H. Thomas of Coalburg ... Thursday.

Caldwell McMorries spent ... in Birmingham.

... licenses have been issued by the Probate Judge to ... persons.

Thomas W. Kemp and Miss L. Oates; Mr. B. E. Mims ... Sarah Jane Parrish; Mr. ... and Miss Ada Odey; ... Gray and Miss Lula J. ... Mr. C. J. Middlebrooks ... Susie Conway; Mr. J. C. ... Miss B. A. Robinson. ... Sidney Hendrix and ...

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...Circuit Court convenes second ...February first Monday in ...Monday in ...convenes second Monday in A... ...first Monday in November.

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...day 6¾ @ ... cts.
...date last year 9 65 cts.

...RECEIVED TO DATE	1901	1900
...& Co	2366	1626
	1706	1294
	594	263
	188	261
	4853	3444

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices
...H. PINCKARD & CO.

...Good hard brick at $6 ...soft brick at $5 per 1000. ...R. Woodward, Clanton.

...will soon be a State in the ...Union want to go? Address ...Answers & Town, ...sville, Fla.

...Cashier has returned ...after a pleasant visit to ...Birmingham.

...Mr. Thomas and wife of ...were visitors here Friday.

...Scott of Bozeman was a ...here the past week.

...Father Dwyer of Coopers ...Sunday in Clanton.

...John Allen of Coopers vis...here Sunday.

...A. J. Massey will be at his ...office here at Clanton first ...of court. All wishing Ar...Plates, Gold Crown and ...work, come on Monday and ...as he is generally crowded ...of the week. He also ...gallons the best ribbon ...syrup for family use. Come ...He needs no recom...in this county.

...Speakers and singers should ...Tickner's Antiseptic to ...relieve hoarseness or ...The odor and taste is ...and a few gargles ...will do the work. ...50c. For sale by drug...

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices.
...H. PINCKARD & CO.

...Morris of Bozeman visited ...Friday.

...Sallie Dennis and Miss ...of Coopers were vis...Saturday.

...and Mrs. J. E. Evans visit...Montgomery Tuesday.

...W. H. Foster spent Tues...Montgomery.

...Anderson of Birmingham ...accepted a call to the Baptist ...here and preached a good ...Sunday last.

...and Mrs. Bowen Jones of ...near Clanton, Tuesday.

...Thos. H. Williams of Jumbo ...visitor here Saturday.

...Lillie Adams is visiting ...Birmingham.

...Cora Hall has returned ...after a pleasant visit to ...Birmingham.

...Minnie Mask of Jemison ...Sunday in Clanton.

...Wm. Adams is visiting her ...at Plantersville.

...of the Lucas E. Mc... of Birmingham was in town ...Sunday.

...are in the market buying ...and Cotton Seed, paying ...market prices.
...H. PINCKARD & CO.

...Editor Aldridge has return...from a pleasant visit to ...Birmingham.

...Adams went to Birming...Monday.

...Driver of Cooper was one ...welcome visitors Saturday.

...A. Gavin of Riderville gave ...a call Saturday.

...W. H. Thomas of Coalburg ...town last Thursday.

...Caldwell McMorries spent ...in Birmingham.

...Marriage licenses have been issued ...by the Probate Judge to ...following persons.
...Thomas W. Kemp and Miss ...Oates; Mr. B. E. Mims ...Sarah Jane Parrish; Mr. ...and Miss Ada Odey; ...Gray and Miss Lula J. ...; Mr. C. J. Middlebrooks ...Minnie Conway; Mr. J. C. ...Miss B. A. Robinson. ...Sidney Hendrix and ...

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...and Conquer the Cold.
...Bromo-Quinine Tablets ...cure in one day. No Cure ...Price 25 cents.

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For the next 30 days AT CONT, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

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About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

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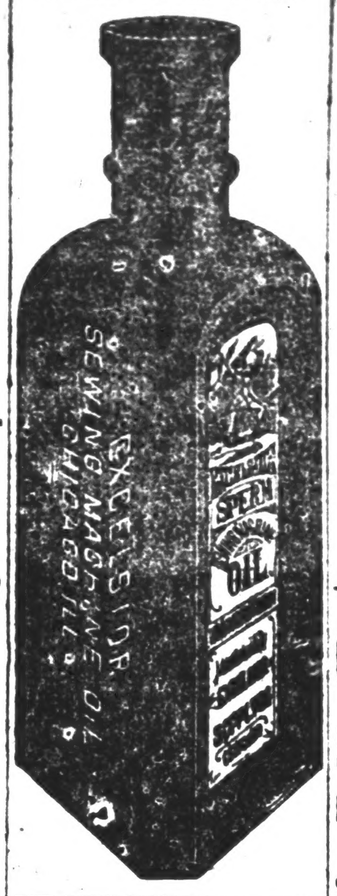

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WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHER! All this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

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Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
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We give you a good heavy Undershirt for 19 cents.
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We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

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OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	87 cents	bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
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We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. L. Flour.

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Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Salvation For the Morally Shipwrecked — Yield Not to the Force of Immoral Gravitation — Helpfulness of Religion—Door of Mercy Swings Wide.

(Copyright, 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage depicts the struggle of a man who desires liberation from the enthralment of evil and shows how he may be set free; text, Proverbs xxiii, 35: "When shall I awake? I will seek it yet again."

With an insight into human nature such as no other man ever had, Solomon in these words is sketching the mental process of a man who has stepped aside from the path of rectitude and would like to return. Wishing for something better, he says: "When shall I awake? When shall I get over this horrible nightmare of iniquity?" But seized upon by uneradicated appetite and pushed down hill by his passions he cries out: "I will seek it yet again. I will try it once more."

About a mile from Princeton, N. J., there is a skating pond. One winter day, when the ice was very thin, a farmer living near by warned the young men of the danger of skating at that time. They all took the warning except one young man. He, in the spirit of bravado, said, "Boys, one round more." He struck out on his skates, the ice broke and his lifeless body was brought up. And in all matters of temptation and allurement it is not a prolongation that is proposed, but only just one more indulgence, just one more sin. Then comes the fatality. Alas, for the one round more! "I will seek it yet again."

Our libraries are adorned with elegant literature addressed to young men, pointing out to them all the dangers and perils of life. Complete maps of the voyage of life—the shoals, the rocks, the quicksands. But suppose a young man is already shipwrecked, suppose he is already off the track, suppose he has already gone astray, how can he get back? That is a question that remains unanswered, and amid all the books of the libraries I find not one word on that subject. To that class of persons I this day address myself.

You compare what you are now with what you were three or four years ago, and are greatly disheartened. You are ready with every passion of your soul to listen to a discussion like this. Be of good cheer! Your best days are yet to come. I offer you the hand of welcome and rescue. I put the silver trumpet of the gospel to my lips and blow one long, loud blast, saying, "Whosoever will, let him come, and let him come now." The church of God is ready to spread a banquet upon your return, and all the hierarchs of heaven fall into line of bannered procession over your redemption.

Years ago, and while yet Albert Barnes was living, I preached in his pulpit one night to the young men of Philadelphia. In the opening of my discourse I said, "O Lord, give me one soul to-night!" At the close of the service Mr. Barnes introduced a young man, saying, "This is the young man you prayed for." But I see now it was a too limited prayer. I offer no such prayer to-day. It must take in a wider sweep. "Lord, give us all these souls to-day for happiness and heaven!"

So far as God may help me I propose to show what are the obstacles to your return, and then how you are to surmount those obstacles. The first difficulty in the way of your return is the force of moral gravitation. Just as there is a natural law which brings down to earth anything you throw into the air, so there is a corresponding moral gravitation. I never shall forget a prayer I heard a young man make in the Young Men's Christian Association of New York. With trembling voice and streaming eyes he said: "O God, Thou knowest how easy it is for me to do wrong and how hard it is for me to do right! God help me!" That man knows not his own heart who has never felt the power of moral gravitation.

In your boyhood you had good associates and bad associates. Which most impressed you? During the last few years you have heard pure anecdotes and impure anecdotes. Which the easiest stuck to your memory? You have had good habits and bad habits. To which did your soul more easily yield? But that moral gravitation may be resisted. Just as you may pick up anything from the earth and hold it in your hand toward heaven, just so, by the power of God's grace, a fallen soul may be lifted toward peace, toward pardon, toward salvation. The force of moral gravitation is in every one of us, but also power in God's grace to overcome that force.

The next thing in the way of your return is the power of evil habit. I know there are those who say it is very easy for them to give up evil habits. I cannot believe them. Here is a man given to intoxication, who knows it is disgracing his family, destroying his property and ruining him body, mind and soul. If that man, being an intelligent man and loving his family, could easily give up that habit, would he not do so? The fact that he does not give it up proves that it is hard to give it up. It is a very easy thing to sail down stream, the tide carrying you with great force, but suppose you turn the boat up stream—is it so easy then to row it? As long as we yield to the evil inclinations in our heart and to our bad habits we are sailing down stream, but the moment we try to turn we put our boat in the rapids just above Niagara and try to row up stream.

A physician tells his patient that he must quit the use of tobacco, as it is destroying his health. The man replies, "I can stop that habit easy enough." He quits the use of the weed. He goes around not knowing what to do with himself. He cannot add up a column of figures; he cannot sleep nights. It seems as if the world had turned upside down. He feels his business is going to ruin. Where he was kind and obliging he is scolding and fretful. The composure that characterized him has given way to a fretful restlessness, and he has become a complete fidget. What power is it that has rolled a wave of woe over the earth and shaken a portent in the heavens? He has quit tobacco. After awhile he says: "I am going to do as I please; the doctor does not understand my case. I am going back to my old habits." And he returns. Everything assumes its usual composure. His business seems to brighten. The world becomes an attractive place to live in. His children, seeing the difference, hail the return of their father's genial disposition. What wave of color has dashed blue into the sky and greenness into the mountain foliage and the glow of sapphire into the sunset? What enchantment has lifted a world of beauty and joy on his soul? He has resumed tobacco.

The fact is we all know in our own experience that habit is a taskmaster. As long as we obey it, it does not chastise us. But let us resist it and we find that we are lashed with scorpion whips and bound with ship cable and thrown into the track of bone breaking Juggernauts.

In Paris there is a sculptured representation of Bacchus, the god of revelry. He is riding on a panther at full leap. Oh, how suggestive! Let every one who is speeding on bad ways understand he is not riding a docile and well broken steed, but that he is riding a monster wild and bloodthirsty and going at a death leap.

I have also to say if a man wants to return from evil practices society repulses him. The prodigal, wishing to return, tries to take some professor of religion by the hand. The professor of religion looks at him, looks at the faded apparel and the marks of dissipation, and instead of giving him a firm grip of the hand offers him the tip end of the longer fingers of the left hand, which is equal to striking a man in the face.

Oh, how few Christian people understand how much gospel there is in a good, honest handshaking! Sometimes when you have left the need of encouragement and some Christian man has taken you heartily by the hand have you not felt thrilling through every fiber of your body, mind and soul an encouragement that was just what you needed?

The prodigal, wishing to get into good society, enters a prayer meeting. Some good man without much sense greets him by saying: "Why are you here? You are about the last person that I expected to see in a prayer meeting. Well, the dying thief was saved, and there is hope for you." You do not know anything about this, unless you have learned that when a man tries to return from evil courses of conduct he runs against repulsions innumerable.

We say of some man, "He lives a block or two from the church, or half a mile from the church." In all our great cities there are men who are 5000 miles from church—vast deserts of indifference between them and the house of God.

The fact is we must keep our respectability though thousands perish. Christ sat with publicans and sinners, but if there come to the house of God a man with marks of dissipation upon him people are almost sure to put up their hands in horror, as much as to say, "Is it not shocking?"

How these dainty, fastidious Christians in all our churches are going to get into heaven I do not know unless they have an especial train of cars cushioned and upholstered, each one a car to himself. They cannot go with the great herd of publicans and sinners.

O ye who curl your lip of scorn on the fallen, I tell you plainly that if you had been surrounded by the same influences instead of sitting to-day amid the cultured and the refined and the Christian you might have been a crouching wretch in stable or ditch covered with filth and abomination!

It is not because we are naturally any better, but because the mercy of God has protected us. Those that are brought up in Christian parentage should not be so hard on the fallen.

I think also that men are often hindered from returning by the fact that churches are anxious about their membership, too anxious about their denominations, and they rush out when they see a man about to give up sin and return to God and ask him how he is going to be baptized, whether by sprinkling or immersion, and what kind of a church he is going to join.

Oh, despise not parental anxiety! The time will come when you will have neither father nor mother, and you will go around the place where they used to watch you and find them gone from the house and gone from the field and gone from the neighborhood. Cry as loud for forgiveness as you may over the mound in the churchyard, they cannot answer. Dead! Dead!

God pity the young man who has brought disgrace on his father's name! God pity the young man who has broken his mother's heart! Better that he had never been born. Better if in the first hour of his life, instead of being laid against the warm bosom of maternal tenderness, he had been coffined and sepulchered.

There is no balm powerful enough to heal the heart of one who has brought parents to a sorrowful grave, and who wanders about through the dismal cemetery rending the air and wringing the hands and crying: "Mother! Mother!" Oh, that to-day, by all the memories of the past and by all the hopes of the future, you would yield your heart to God! May your father's God and your mother's God be your God forever!

This hour the door of mercy swings wide open. Hesitate not a moment. In many a case hesitation is the loss of all. At the corner of a street I saw a tragedy. A young man evidently doubted as to which direction he had better take. His hat was lifted high enough so you could see he had an intelligent forehead. He had a stout chest and a robust development. Splendid young man! Cultured young man! Honored young man! Why did he stop there while so many were going up and down? The fact is that every young man has a good angel and a bad angel contending for the mastery of his spirit, and there were a good angel and a bad angel struggling with that young man's soul at the corner of the street. "Come along with me," said the good angel; "I will take you home. I will spread my wings over your pillow. I will lovingly escort you all through life under supernatural protection. I will bless every cup you drink out of, every couch you rest on, every doorway you enter. I will consecrate your tears when you weep, your sweat when you toil, and at the last I will hand over your grave into the hand of the bright angel of a Christian resurrection. I have been sent of the Lord to be your guardian spirit. Come with me," said the good angel in a voice of unearthly symphony. It was music like that which drops from a lute of heaven when a seraph breathes on it.

"Oh, no," said the bad angel, "come with me. I have something better to offer. The wines I pour are from chalices of bewitching carousal. The dance I lead is over floors tessellated with unrestrained indulgence. There is no God to frown on the temples of sin where I worship. The skies are Italian. The paths I tread are through meadows daisied and primrosed. Come with me."

The young man hesitated at a time when hesitation was ruin, and the bad angel smote the good angel until it departed, spreading wings through the starlight, upward and away until a door swung open in the sky, and forever the wings vanished. That was the turning point in that young man's history, for, the good angel flown, he hesitated no longer, but started on a pathway which is beautiful at the opening, but blasted at the last. The bad angel led the way through gate after gate, and at each gate the road became rougher and the sky more lurid, and what was peculiar, as the gate slammed shut it came to with a jar that indicated it would never open. Past each portal there were a grinding of locks and a shoving of bolts, and the scenery on each side of the road changed from gardens to deserts, and the June air became a cutting December blast, and the bright wings of the bad angel turned to sackcloth, and the fountains that at the start had tossed with wine poured forth bubbling tears of foaming blood. And on the right side of the road there was a serpent, and the man said to the bad angel, "What is that serpent?" And the answer was, "That is the serpent of stinging remorse." On the left side of the road there was a lion, and the man asked the bad angel, "What is that lion?" The answer was, "That is the lion of all devouring despair." A vulture flew through the sky, and the man asked the bad angel, "What is that vulture?" The answer was, "That is the vulture waiting for the carcasses of the slain."

And then the man said to the bad angel, "What does all this mean? I trusted in what you said at the street corner; I trusted it all. Why have you thus deceived me?" Then the last deception fell off the charmer and he said, "I was sent from the pit to destroy your soul. I watched my chance for many a long year. When you hesitated that night at the street corner I gained my triumph. Now you are here. Ha, ha! You are here! Come, now, let us fill the chalice and drink to darkness and woe and death! Hail, hail!"

Oh, young man, will the good angel sent forth by Christ or the bad angel sent forth by sin get the victory over your soul? Their wings are interlocked this moment above you, contending for your soul, as above the Apennines eagle and condor fight in midsky. This hour decides eternal destinies.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR NOVEMBER 24.

Subject: World's Temperance Lesson. Isa. v., 8-30 — Golden Text, Isa. v., 23 — Memory Verses, 11, 12 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

8. "That join house to house." Covetousness is one of the leading sins in our land at the present time. A desire to be rich, a desire to add house to house, and field to field, leads men into all sorts of wickedness and dishonest dealings. It leads to the selling of strong drink, to renting buildings for saloons and gambling dens and other unholy purposes. It is the "love of money" that is the "root of all evil."

9. "In mine ears." That is, the Lord spoke what is to follow into the ears of the prophet. "Shall be desolate." God's curse will rest on the many houses and farms which have been acquired through penuriousness and unlawful or unholy means. The houses shall stand without tenants.

10. "Ten acres—one bath." Ten acres of vineyard shall yield only about seven gallons of wine. "An homer—an ephah." The homer, or kor, was about eight bushels. An ephah was about three and one-fifth pecks. The owner would thus reap only a tenth part of the seed he had sown.

11. "Woe." Grief, sorrow, misery, a heavy calamity, a curse. "Early in the morning." When it was regarded especially shameful to drink. Acts 2: 15. Banquets for revelry began earlier than usual. Eccles. 10: 16, 17. "May follow strong drink." That they begin and continue to use it from early morn till night. "Till wine inflame them." Until there is excited, excessive action in the blood vessels, causing them to act in excitement, in anger, or any evil way which their natures might be made to feel, under the unnatural pressure upon the forces and functions of the body. In this condition no man is able to use good judgment or to execute his work correctly.

12. "The harp." A stringed instrument of triangular figure. Music was common at ancient feasts. Amos 6: 5, 6. "The viol." An instrument with twelve strings. "The tabret." A small drum or tambourine, played on as an accompaniment to singing. "Pipe." The principal musical wind instrument of the Hebrews, consisting of a tube with holes, like a flute or clarionet. It was made of reed, copper or bronze, and was used on all occasions in religious worship, processions, feasts and mourning. "Wine." Such as indulge in revels must have every sense gratified, for only by being stimulated by such excitement, could they at all be satisfied there. "They regard not." The most positive proof that such conduct is sinful. When so filled with worldly pleasure there is no taste for anything serious. "Neither consider." In punishing the guilty.

13. "Gone into captivity." The prophet sees the future as if it were before his eyes. Those who follow after strong drink are sure to end in sorrow as though they were already fallen, with no further power to act for themselves. "Because they have no knowledge." Because of their foolish recklessness in following strong drink they make drunkards of themselves. They act contrary to wisdom. They become captives because their brains are so ruined by excessive drinking that they are not capable of acting the part of prudent, careful men. "Honorable men are famished." Strong drink ruins those in honorable positions just as quickly as men of low estate. "Dried up with thirst." Both the great men and the common people suffer alike when in captivity to the cruel power of strong drink. Awful thirst follows drinking, and the burning sensation which drinking men feel is like the drying up of themselves.

14. "Hell hath enlarged herself." The grave, the unseen world of spirits. Not here, the place of torment. Poetically, it is represented as enlarging itself immensely in order to receive the countless hosts of Jews which should perish. "Their glory." All their honors shall be laid in the dust. Death will put an end to all their joys. "Their multitude." Did they glory in their numbers? Their multitude shall go down to the pit. Ezek. 31: 18; 32: 32. "Their pomp." The figure they made. "He that rejoiceth." Death will turn their mirth into mourning. He that rejoices and revels, and never knows what it is to be serious, shall go where there is weeping and wailing.

15. "Mean man—mighty man—eyes of the lofty." When death overlooks this class of men, those ruined by drink, even though they come from various positions in life, then it is that they are brought low. There is no further room for boasting. Death settles the matter.

16. "Shall be exalted in judgment." When man's glory is all passed away God is unchanged. Though men scorn His offered mercy and refuse His wise counsels He is not cast down. He is exalted. "Sanctified in righteousness." Regarded as holy by reason of His righteous dealings.

17. "Then shall the lambs." When these are gone into captivity and swallowed up in death others shall fill their place.

18. "Iniquity." Guilt incurring punishment. "Cords of vanity." Wickedness. Rabbins says, "An evil inclination is at first like a fine hair-string, but the finishing like a cart-rope."

19. "Let him make speed," etc. They challenge the Almighty to do His worst, and set His justice at defiance.

21. "Wise in their own eyes." Those who prefer their own reasonings to divine revelations, who despise or reject the gospel, or who claim to have a knowledge of it, but do not practice it.

22. "Mighty to drink." Those who boast that they can drink more than others and yet be able to stand. They shall not escape the curse of drunkenness. "To mingle strong drink." To add spices to strong drink, and the count themselves strong because they can endure the effects. Their glory is their shame.

23. "Which justify the wicked for reward." Who, as judges, pervert justice and for a bribe acquit the guilty; God will punish such. "Take away the righteousness." Though a man be proven innocent, yet because he does not give a fee he is condemned by these unjust men. Misery will overtake him.

24-30. In these verses the prophet sums up his terrible denunciations and shows how complete their ruin will be and how necessarily and unavoidably it will follow upon their sins. Because they had despised the word of God they should be destroyed like chaff before the fire by the foreign armies that should come upon them and devastate their land and carry them away captive. "Upon a guilty race, unpitied by heaven or by earth, these armies execute their commission; and leave the land desolate and dark, without one ray of comfort to cheer the horrid gloom."

United States Consul Haynes, of Rouen, says that the metric system is to-day compulsory in twenty countries, representing more than 300,000,000 inhabitants — Germany, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Spain, France, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Roumania, Servia, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Argentine Republic, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, Peru and Venezuela—and advises American exporters in dealing with any of these countries to adopt the system.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

SOME ITEMS OF INTEREST TO UNION WORKMEN.

Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America Preparing for a Great Convention in Detroit Next December—Membership About 26,000.

THE SONG OF LIFE.

One must sing of the sunshine;
One must sing of the rain;
One must sing of the songs of joy;
And one sing woe's refrain;
Yet in the end all the songs will blend
In one harmonious strain.

One must sing of the future,
With hopes and fearings rife;
One must sing of the misty past—
Its dreaming and its strife—
Yet they will meet in a chord full sweet—
The marvelous song of life.

One must sing of the mountains;
One must sing of the sea;
One must sing us the song of love;
And one in hate's shrill key;
Yet all will rise to the blending skies
In one grand harmony.

Love and hate and compassion,
Sorrow and right and wrong,
Past and future and war and peace—
Rise in an anthem strong.
And all will grow as they ebb and flow,
To life's unceasing song.
—Josh Wink, in Baltimore American.

IN THE SWITCH-SHANTY.

Charles De Lano Hine, an ex-railway officer, turned railroad man, has an illustrated article in the Century which he calls "Gossip of the Switch-Shanty." The suggestive subhead of a western paper for the news notes of its railroad column is "Switch-Shanty Secrets." It is in the switch-shanty and about the round-house that two or three railroad men gather together to exchange views, reminiscences and predictions. When a man comes off duty, either at the end of a run or at the close of a day's work in the yard, he does not stop to gossip for the simple reason that he is hungry. When he is "going out" or "coming on" it is different. He then has a full "tender" (stomach), whatever the hour of day or night. A good railroad man, like a good soldier, eats on every possible occasion, not knowing when the next opportunity may come. With that full feeling which comes after eating, and which to a healthy man is so comfortable, the railroad man warms up to a discriminating discussion of all the railroad questions of the hour, from the latest "re-Morganization" of neighboring roads to the kind of "smokeless" coal the purchasing agent or the fuel agent is buying for engine use. The fireman with fine scorn speaks of it as "steamless" coal, an apt description of its failure to yield sufficient heat-units to keep up the required steam-pressure. With the exaggeration characteristic of men of action and of motion, from Capt. John Smith to Emilio Aguinaldo, the fireman asserts in all sincerity: "I shoveled ten ton' o' coal for the old lady last trip. Put in the last shovelful pulling into the yard. Thought we'd have to cut (detach the engine) and run for coal, but Jack (the engineman) said we could make in, and we did, by doing our durndest. Finest feller on the road ter fire fer, that Jack Pullem. He won't take no back slack when them conductors tries to rawhide (impose on) him, but he never says a word to his fireman. He knows when he's got a good man on the left-hand side (fireman). All yer got to do is to keep her hot, and turn on the injector time enough to keep the water from gettin' low in the boiler, and he'll do the rest." To the initiated this sounds very much like the satisfaction of the Irishman who enjoyed carrying a hod of bricks up the ladder because "a poor divil of a mason at the top did all the worruk for him." However, this passes unnoticed, and the group, realizing that the fireman is "hooked up" for talking, lets him continue in his audible hero-worship.

The discovery in Palestine of valuable mineral treasures making it probable that there will soon be an industrial awakening of the Holy Land.

THE ITALIAN WORKINGMAN.

The lot of an Italian workingman in this country is at times a hard one, with more cause to complain of the padrone system than the societies formed to protect them are aware, says the New York Evening Post. Last winter a gang of Italians were engaged through a padrone to work on a section railroad in the upper part of the state, in a region far from any town and on the border of Tupper lake. A sharp, cold snap set in just after the men were started on the job. Between the cold and the loneliness the gang became more and more demoralized. The number of desertions grew from day to day and the cold weather kept up, till at last the remaining workmen left in a body one freezing morning. The men worked their way slowly and painfully back to New York and arriving, of course, without a cent, applied immediately to another padrone for a job. He promised them just the work they were looking for and ordered them to appear the next day in the railroad yards at Eleventh avenue and Thirtieth street. There they were put on a car and shipped off for an all-night trip to their unknown destination. Next morning the first one to wake had to scratch the frost off the window pane to look out. The car had stopped on a siding and they had evidently reached their journey's end. A long stretch of ice-bound lake lay in front of the window, with some familiar shed-like huts along its shore. With a yell he turned to his companions: "He look!" he shouted, "Sama da-old Tuppa lake——!"

EVADE CHILD LABOR LAW.

Superintendent Bodine of the compulsory education department has filed with the board of education a report covering the work accomplished from September, 1900, to June, 1901, in truancy investigation, medical inspection and transportation service for crippled children, says the Chicago Chronicle. The report calls attention to the fact that many children of the fifth and sixth grades leave school to go to work in stores and factories, their parents filing false affidavits that the children are fourteen years of age or over in order to comply with the child labor law. This abuse was discovered through the conflict between the age records previously given at the schools by the children and the age subsequently sworn to by the parents. The affidavit system is a farce," said Superintendent Bodine. "This year the department will co-operate with the state factory inspector in a suppression of these evils, which are becoming a menace to school attendance." The report shows that during the school year 18,799 children were placed in school by truant officers. Lack of clothing prevented school attendance in 313 cases. At the request of Superintendent Bodine relief was extended by local charitable institutions. There was not a case where a child was unable to attend school for lack of a seat.

Tricks of Peanut Venders.

Boys who sell peanuts in the grandstands at the baseball grounds are never discouraged if there is "nothing doing" in their line until after the fifth inning. Patrons of the game do not begin to feel "peekish" until after 5 o'clock, and then the peanut boy begins to work diplomatically. If he sells one bag in a row of men he does not pass on to the next isle, but waits in the back seats until his first customer begins to eat peanuts. In a minute or two men who never had any thought of buying peanuts beckon to him to come forward. Usually his basket is empty before he reaches the next aisle and he goes back for a fresh supply. One bag of freshly roasted peanuts in the hands of a man who eats them as though he enjoys them is sure to create an appetite for a dozen more bags among his neighbors.

Not a Waste of Time.

"Edication is a good thing, Limpy, an' don't you run it down."

"Ever git any of it, Weary?"

"Me? Well, I shoulud say yes. I went to night school all one winter."

"An' what did you git to show for it, Weary?"

"What did I git? I got four overcoats, three hats and seven umbrellas. Don't you tell me that goin' to school is a waste o' time.

WHAT A SWITCHMAN DOES.

According to a writer in the Century, a railroad switchman is often in peril of his life. The poetry of his calling surrounds with a halo those who are its votaries. The stage driver and the locomotive engineer have a local following and are worshiped from afar by a host of admirers. It is the engineman who gets the credit for the fast run, but the fireman who keeps the engine in order, or the mechanical engineer, whose brain devised the improvements in the machine. The master mechanic and the roundhouse foreman, whose careful attention and good judgment keep the engine in order, receive a negative amount of credit. If anything goes wrong they hear of it. The fireman comes in for some of the glamour and glory, for, like the conductor and brakeman, he "runs on the road." The men who "switch in the yard" are also among the elect for their education brings them constantly in the face of death. A "switchman" is in rank and file is not the switch-tender who merely "throws switches" for approaching trains. A switchman "throws switches" but not in any fixed location, and more distinctly he "couples 'em off" (uncouples cars), goes between 'em (sets brakes) and "ties 'em together" (couples cars). He is a skillful a dodger of flying cars as is a "pony" (switch engine) of innumerable trains. The head switchman is carried on the pay rolls as a "yard conductor," but the men cling to the old appellation of "foreman" or "pony conductor." His assistants, to whom his word is law are officially designated "yard brakemen" in appropriate title, which has failed so far to supplant the good old-fashioned term "helpers."

DIED FAR FROM HOME.

Adventurous Princes Who Fell Victims to Disease or Bullets.

The death of Prince Henri of Orleans calls attention to the fact that princes who go roaming about the world have no protection against the common ills and frequently die far away from the land of their birth, of disease induced by the climate, or even sometimes from a bullet. The Prince Imperial was killed in the Zulu war in South Africa. Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein died of fever in the Boer war, and Prince Henry of Battenberg died of fever in a little war on the Gold Coast of Africa. The Prince of Orange was a young man of great promise, and passionately fond of travel, died in Australia. Now Prince Henri of Orleans dies in Saigon, Indo-China. Prince Henri gained much notoriety through his visit to Abyssinia and his subsequent duel with the Count of Tudela, was a genuine duel, and real blood was shed in it, but the prince died, after his adventures, of an abscess on the liver. A relative of Prince Henri fought another celebrated duel in Spain. He was the Duke of Montpensier, and he fought with the Duke of Enghien, whom he killed, greatly to his chagrin, may and the surprise of the specators. They were both brothers-in-law of Queen Isabella of Spain. A Bourbon Prince who has protested vigorously against duelling in all its forms was a brother of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne. This Prince, Don Alfonso, is a devout man and a good citizen, but he cannot enter the lists for in case of the death of Don Carlos he would become his brother's heir and representative of the Carlist cause.

Overweight.

On a hot afternoon last summer when every self-supporting woman in London was enjoying a lot of the "simply clinging" from a stout, elderly lady, somewhat resembling a violet silk balloon, waddled out of her carriage and entered the post office. The "young persons" behind the brazen latticework kept the elderly lady waiting for nearly a minute and a half before one of them was at leisure to weigh her parcel, reply to a dozen questions and issue the requisite stamps. In consequence of this seemly delay, the stout lady ordered her coachman waiting by the door while she killed time in superfluous shopping) was naturally wrathy. "And do you expect me," she asked arrogantly, "to put the stamps on myself?" "Why, no, madam," replied the postoffice girl, demurely, "I'm afraid we could hardly send you by post for 4½d."

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Paducah, Texas, July 6th, 1900.
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Dear Sirs:—I am now 97 years old. I have been using McLean's Cordial in my family ever since the spring of 1886, and it has proven to be the most successful remedy I can get for the complaints for which you recommend it.
Yours truly, W. L. Lary.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

BIG COTTON FIRE.

The worst cotton fire that has visited Albany, Ga., in fifteen years occurred Friday night, when the big warehouse of A. W. Muse & Co. was completely destroyed. During its progress the fire engine became disabled, and the flames in the warehouse were free to feed on anything they might reach. Hundreds of bales of cotton that might have been saved but for the giving out of the water supply and the subsequent breaking down of the steamer, were burned before the eyes of helpless persons. There were about 2,500 bales of cotton stored in the warehouse, and all were wholly or partially destroyed. The value of the cotton stored in the warehouse, most of which belonged to farmers, is estimated at about $87,000. The warehouse building was worth $10,000, and bagging, ties, provisions, etc., stored therein $3,000 or $4,000 more, making the total loss not less than $100,000. Fireman Edward Fields narrowly escaped a horrible death about midnight.

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Cordial

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Finlanders in Minnesota Mines.

About 40 per cent of the men employed in the Minnesota mines are Finlanders, another 40 per cent Hungarians, about 8 per cent Italians, and the rest are divided among Americans, Germans, French, Scotch and Welsh. The mainstay of the mines are the Cornishmen.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cas-carets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

It's easy enough to run into debt, but it's hard to crawl out.

Brooklyn, N.Y., Nov. 15.—A medical author-ity says: "There is hardly a family anywhere in which Garfield Tea does not often take the place of the Family Physician, for practically everyone suffers at times from disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels. Certainly, from no other medicine can such good results be obtained. This Herb remedy makes people well and thus greatly increases their capacity for enjoying life; it is good for young and old."

Any man is privileged to waste his own time, but not the time of others.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

There are 336 places of public entertain-ment in London, with a combined seating capacity for 400,000 people.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervous-ness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

The fellow who suffers from corns ought to be glad he isn't a centipede.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

You can't convince a woman that talk is cheap.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

One inch of rain equals 100 tons to the acre.

He Helped Them.

"He's one of these idiotic funny men who are continually making puns, isn't he?" "Yes, that's his style." "How is it he's so popular with the ladies, then, I wonder?" "He is only popular with the ladies who have pretty teeth.

When You Order

Baker's Chocolate or Baker's Cocoa examine the package you receive and make sure that it bears the well known trade-mark of the chocolate girl. There are many imitations of these choice goods on the market. A copy of Miss Parloa's choice recipes will be sent free to any housekeeper. Address Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

More Important.

Niblack (soulfully)—Oh, darling, do name the day and let it be soon. Miss Koy. How impatient you are! Well then, let us say the first week in Oc-tober. Niblack. O—er—really I—er—I'm entered for our club tournament at the Hootmon links that week.

MRS. H. F. ROBERTS

Says to All Sick Women: "Give Mrs. Pinkham a Chance, I Know She Can Help You as She Did Me."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: The world praises great reformers; their names and fames are in the ears of everybody, and the public press helps spread the good tidings. Among them all Lydia E. Pinkham's name goes to posterity

MRS. H. F. ROBERTS,
County President of W. C. T. U., Kansas City, Mo.

with a softly breathed blessing from the lips of thousands upon thousands of women who have been restored to their families when life hung by a thread, and by thousands of others whose weary, aching limbs you have quickened and whose pains you have taken away.

"I know whereof I speak, for I have received much valuable benefit myself through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and for years I have known dozens of wo-men who have suffered with displace-ment, ovarian troubles, ulcerations and inflammation who are strong and well to-day, simply through the use of your Compound."—MRS. H. F. ROBERTS, 1404 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pink-ham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass.

Bryant & Stratton
business, shorthand and Tele-graph College, Louisville, Ky., open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalog free

NO GUESS NEEDED.
When you weigh on a Jones 800 Lb. Scale
PRICE $8.00. FULL PARTICULARS.
JONES (WE PAY THE FREIGHT.)
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

Am. N. U., No. 47, 1901.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

His Money's Worth.

"Mary Ann," said the economical husband at the summer resort hotel, "let the mashed turnips alone and take some more of those cream potatoes. Think what they're charging us here for board!"—Chicago Tribune.

In India a box of 720 safety matches imported from Sweden or Belgium can be bought for three cents.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole sys-tem when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable phy-sicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mer-cury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internal-ly, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

☞Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An ostrich which was lately dissected in London had in its stomach a small prayer book

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We want intelligent Men and Women as Traveling Representatives or Local Managers; salary $900 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want local representatives; salary $9 to $15 a week and commission, depending upon the time devoted. Send stamp for full particulars and state position preferred. Address, Dept. R.

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CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

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$3.50 $3.00 SHOES

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W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line Cannot Be Equaled At Any Price.

For More Than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $4.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has caused all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $4.00 and $3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best $4.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained.

W. L. Douglas $2.00 and $2.50 shoes are made of the same high-grade leathers used in $3.00 and $3.50 shoes and are just as good in every way.

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TAKE OTHER STYLISH WEARS. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cents additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown; state style de-sired, size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles.

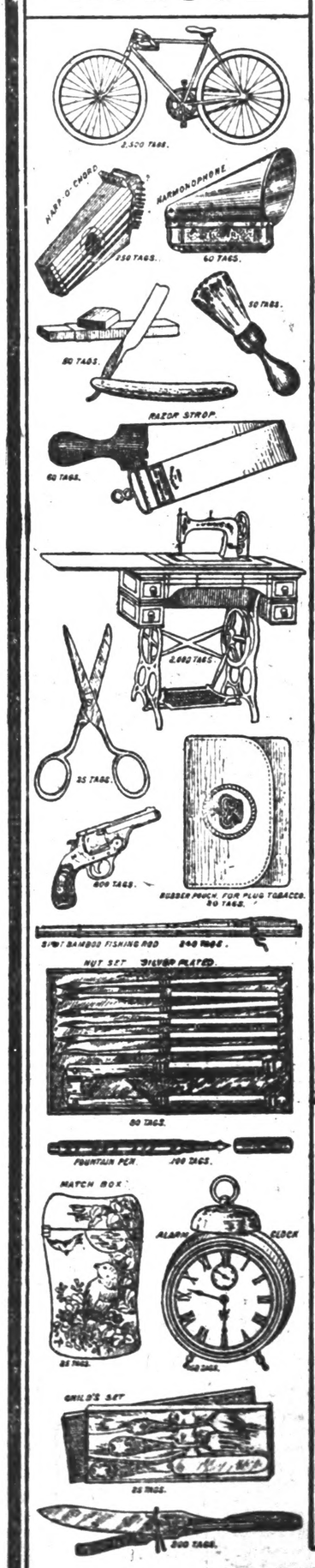
Sold by all Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and the best shoes dealers everywhere. Catalog 6 Free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

HANDSOME AMERICAN LADY, in poor but decently rich, wants good, honest husband. Address Mrs. E., 67 Market St., Chicago, Ill.

USE CERTAIN CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH CURE.

FREE FOR TOBACCO TAGS

NOV. 30TH



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"STAR"
"DRUMMOND" Natural Leaf
"GOOD LUCK"
"TENNESSEE CROSSTIE"
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"BOOT JACK"
"OLD PEACH & HONEY"
"GRANGER TWIST"

2 GRANGER TWIST TAGS being equal to one of others mentioned.

"E. Rice, Greenville," "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Cross Bow," "Spear Head," "Old Honesty," "Master Workman," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Jolly Tar," "Standard Navy," "Planet," "Neptune," "Razor," "Ole Varginy."

TAGS MAY BE ASSORTED IN SECURING PRESENTS.

Our new illustrated
CATALOGUE OF PRESENTS
FOR 1902

will include many articles not shown here. It will contain the most attractive List of Presents ever offered for Tags, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.

(Catalogue will be ready for mailing about January 1st, 1902.)

Our offer of Presents for Tags will expire Nov. 30th, 1902.

CONTINENTAL TOBACCO COMPANY.

Write your name and address *plainly* on outside of packages containing Tags, and send them and requests for Presents to

C. Hy. BROWN,
4241 Folsom Ave.,
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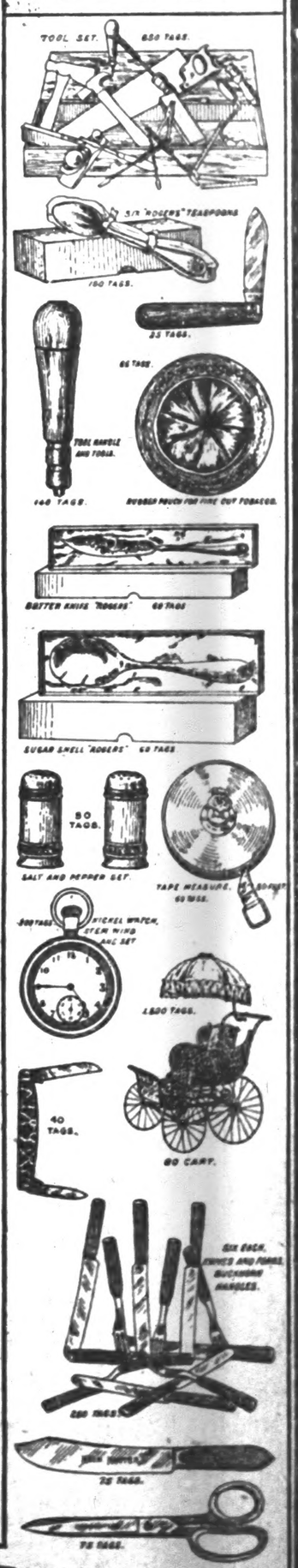

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will be included in the time of the dime, any one of which will be well worth the whole subscription. Get up a club of ten in your community and send it along with the $1.00 and bring sunshine to as many families in your locality.

The Sunny South is a broad, bright form, but the paper carries the whole meaning of it, and has the flavor of the magnolia, pine and jessamine mingled in the bouquet of good things in store for the fortunate subscribers.

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Ten Cents
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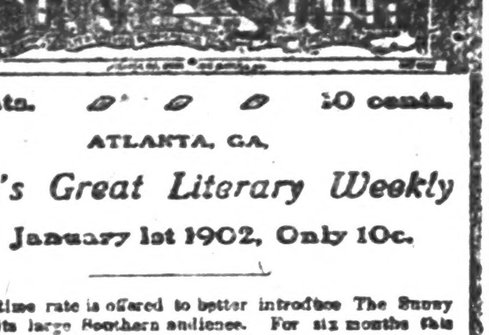

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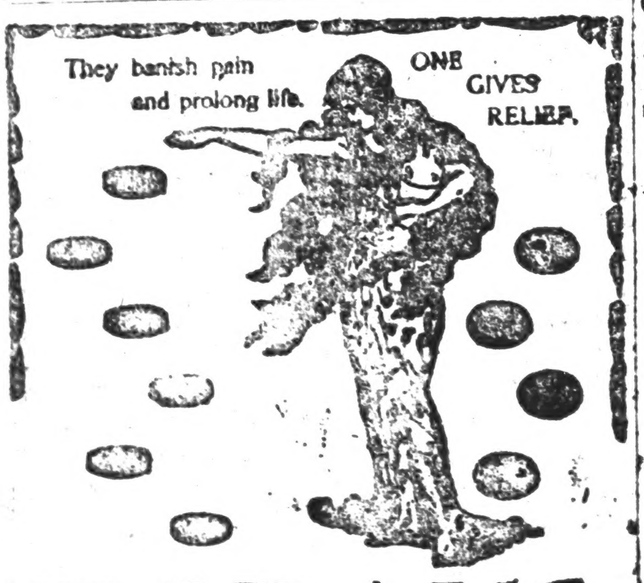
CLANTON, ... ALA.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

We have moved to
2012 First Avenue
EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, . . . ALA.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9¼ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....20c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 fine good shaving soap.....10c
1 3½ in Mirror.....10c
1 25 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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Baptist—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

—A. Pastor.

Methodist—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. Ellison, Pastor.

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W. R. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
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THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

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Direct line from Cincinnati, passing through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST,

Also, running through to Memphis, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or D. P. Ainsworth, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22862.
Department of the Interior.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 6, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong, Homestead entry, No. 21112, for the nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, n of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, Davis Hodgens, John Crumpton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

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TAX NOTICE

ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS
Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the state and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

Mineral Springs	Beat 1		
Smith's School House	" 1	until 12 m	
Strasburg	" 9		
Cane Creek	" 4	until 12 m	
Flint Hill School House	" 4	from 2 to 4 p m	
Providence	" 5		
Baxter	" 5		
Coopers	" 5		
Davis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	usn. 12 m.	
Clanfeofed	" 8		
Fletcher	" 8		
Kinchens	" 6		
Albert Headley's Store	" 6		
James Maddox Gin	" 4		
Jemison	" 2		
Thorsby	" 9		
Mountain Creek	" 5		
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m	
Clanton	" 4		

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is commended by Statesmen, Professional men and thousands of others prominent in the world's activities, for its fair discrimination in sifting the actual news from conflicting report and the presentation of current events in their just proportion. They comment on its freedom from daily-paper sensationalism. All men and women who want to know what the world is doing find it an intellectual necessity, to judge from the letters received from hundreds. Its editorials are comprehensive, and labor saving to the busy man or woman. Its timely contributions on important topics are by the best-informed writers. Its reviews of other magazines give the best of their best work. It is profusely illustrated.

These letters will enable all thoughtful men and women to judge of its value to them:

PRESIDENT

"I know that through its columns views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have had access to; because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge are given free utterance in its columns."—*Theodore Roosevelt*

EX-PRESIDENT

"I consider it a very valuable addition to my library."
—*Grover Cleveland*

"It is a publication of very great value. I have sometimes found there very important matter indeed which I should not otherwise have discovered."—*George F. Hoar, U. S. Senator, Massachusetts*

"I am a constant reader of the Review of Reviews and appreciate it very highly indeed. I think it a very important part of my library, and practically a necessity for one in public life."—*J. B. Foraker, U. S. Senator Ohio*

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"I do not have a great deal of time to read magazines but I take pleasure in saying that the Review of Reviews is among the number which finds a place on my table each month."—*James K. Jones U. S. Senator, Arkansas*

Send for particulars as to how it can be had with an invaluable set of books for 50 cents a month.

The Review of Reviews Company
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK

SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in exchanging presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	Tags.
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 6½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one piece, quadruple plated on the metal	25
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	25
8 Butcher Knife, triple plate, best quality	25
9 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	25
10 Napkin Ring, sterling silver	25
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	25
12 Pocket Knife, "Keen Kutter," 3-in blade	25
13 Razor, "Keen Kutter," 5-inch	25
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	25
15 Base Ball, "Association," best quality	25
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	25
17 Six Teaspoons, Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	25
18 Watch, nickel, open-face, good	25
19 Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles	25
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	25
21 Six razor, Knives and Forks, stainless steel	25
22 Six teaspoons, Genuine Rogers' Extra Heavy Forks, best plated goods	25
23 Hammerless Gun, 5 in barrel, 32 calibre	25
24 Watch, genuine silver, full jewelled	25
25 Drum, with drum, snaffles, handles and drumsticks	25
26 Sewing Machine, fine and clean, with all attachments	25
27 Revolver, Colt's, Smaller, best grade	25
28 Rifle, Colt's, Smaller, [illegible]	25
29 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, [illegible]	25
30 Mandolin, very handsome, best [illegible]	25
31 Wheelbarrow, Regulating Steel Axle, [illegible]	25
32 Bicycle, Ladies', Gent's, Boy's or Girl's, [illegible]	25
33 Bicycle, standard make, [illegible]	25
34 Gun, Shotgun, double barrel, breech loader	25
35 Regular Mens' Size, Big Ben Watch	25

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REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Judge

VOL. X

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

[illegible] Sun, and Some Re[illegible] Saw Not.

I hear this (Thursday) morning that court will probably be in session all the week, but the grand jury will get through some time today. The case now in court is that of Mrs. Lois Cunningham vs. Mr. Jackson Lumberton. She is suing for damages for the loss of her husband who was killed by the company's log train. Next week the principle case will be that of the Christian charged with attempted murder of Mr. George Wilson. I don't know what the grand jury may bring forth.

S. S. Convention Beats 1 & 2

The Sunday school Convention of Beats 1 and 2 met with Shiloh church, Nov. 16 and 17, 1901.

Devotional services conducted by Bro. Vandiver. Miss Cora Armstrong was elected Secretary pro tem, the secretary being absent. Report from the Sun Sunday school received.

1:30 p.m. What are the duties of sub-school teachers to their school? Opened by Rev. [illegible], followed by A. L. Vandiver and others.

Officers were elected for the next year as follows: W. M. Aldridge, President; W. H. Conway, Vice President; Lizzie Lowery, Sec.

The place of meeting for the next convention was considered, Rockville and Jemison being the two places under consideration. By a vote of the convention it was decided to meet at Jemison Baptist church the third Sunday in February, 1902. J. B. Northcutt, L. H. Reddis and W. M. Aldridge were appointed as a committee to arrange a program for the next convention.

The business of the convention being over, the next subject on the program was taken up and freely discussed by Mrs. M. J. Griffin, A. L. Vandiver, W. L. Crim and others. Miss Mary Creel recited a touching piece.

2:30 a.m. What is our duty as a church to the Sunday-school? was ably discussed by Bro. J. B. Northcutt, Misses Sallie Lowery and Emma Lowery recited very appropriate pieces. The convention joined hands to sing No. 15. It being the hour for preaching, the convention gave way to Bro. Vandiver, who preached his well sermon.

7 p.m. After partaking of the refreshments the good people had joined Bro. L. Gey in prayer, which the convention was opened with recitations by Misses Lois Lowery, Ida Bushy, Martha Cox Armstrong.

The influence of the Sabbath school was discussed by Bro. Lindsey. A. L. Vandiver responded with some appropriate remarks.

The convention was interspersed with music, led by Bro. J. B. Northcutt.

The convention was entertained at Salem. We hope to meet again.

Singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," the convention adjourned to meet at Jemison Baptist church, third Sunday in February, 1902.

W. M. Aldridge, Pres.
Lois Lowery, Sec.

It Saved Her Life

Gooch's Mexican Syrup has wrought a cure in this neighborhood which has astonished the people. Miss Lavia was given up to die by her attending physician. She had lung fever. The doctor said she could die before morning, and had to discontinue his medicine as it was doing her no good. Her father had a bottle of Gooch's Mexican Syrup and Gooch's Quick Relief in the house. They at once began to give the syrup in doses one hour apart, and frequently bathed her with the Quick Relief. The next morning she was better, and after using a few bottles of each, was as well as ever. It was the raising the dead, and established the reputation of Gooch's Mexican Syrup here as a remedy we can all recommend.

J. & N. Sales,
Druggists, Athens, Ga.

Judge of Probate

DEFECTIVE ORIGINAL

THE BANNE

LET THE PEOPLE READ.

VOL. X CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY NOVEMBER 30, 1901 NO. 6

NOTIC

AND COLLECTOR

nd Round

lowing times and places for the p county taxes of Chilton county for taxes for the year 1901:

Beat 1		November
" 1	until 12 m.	"
" 9		"
" 4	until 12 m.	"
" 4	from 2 to 4 p m.	"
" 5		"
" 5		"
" 5		"
" 6	until 12 m.	"
" 8		"
" 8		"
" 6		"
" 6		"
" 4		"
" 3		Dec. 2
" 9		"
" 5		"
" 5	until 12 m.	" 6
" 4		"

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

last ten days of the year, commencing
T. J HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

AN MONTHLY
REVIEWS

NTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS
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ll thoughtful men and women to judge

"I am a constant reader of the Review of Reviews,' and appre ciate it very highly indeed I think it is a very important part of my library, and practically a necessity for one in public life."—J. B. Foraker, U. S. Senator, Ohio.

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"I do not have a great deal of time to read magazines, but I take pleasure in saying that the 'Review of Reviews' is among the number which finds a place on my table each month."—James K. Jones, U. S. Senator, Arkansas.

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of Reviews Company
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK

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small stars printed on under side of "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and Tin Tags are of equal value in exchange, and may be assorted. Every man something on the list that they would

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EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30th, 1901.

a dime's worth of
UG TOBACCO
ore pleasure than a dime's worth of

THIS TIME!
TAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

...REMAN ON THE CORNER

...of the Right He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

I hear this (Thursday) morning that court will probably be in session all the week, but the grand jury will get through some time to-day. The case now in court is that of Mrs. Lois Cunningham vs. the Jackson Lumber Co. She is suing for damages for the loss of her husband who was killed by the company's log train. Next week the principle case will be that of the Christian charged with attempted murder of Mr. George Willis. I dont know what the grand jury may bring forth.

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The business of the convention being over, the next subject on the program was taken up and freely discussed by Mrs. M. J. Griffin, A. L. Vandiver, W. L. Crim and others. Miss Mary Creel recited an interesting piece.

Sunday, 9:30 a.m. What is our work as a church to the sundayschool? was ably discussed by Bro. J. M. Northcutt. Misses Sallie Lowery and Emma Lowery recited two very appropriate pieces. The convention joined in a song, "Nearer, My God, to Thee." It being the hour for preaching, the convention gave way to Bro. Vandiver, who preached his usual sermon.

2:30 p.m. After partaking of the refreshments the good people had spread, Bro. L. Loley led in prayer, after which the convention was entertained with recitations by Misses Lou Lowery, Ella Busby, Mattie Patton, Cora Armstrong.

The subject of the Sabbath-school was discussed by Bro. Lolley, A. L. Vandiver responded with some appropriate remarks.

The convention was interspersed with music, led by Bro. J. B. Northcutt.

The convention was entertained by at Sunday. We hope to meet them again.

After singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," the convention adjourned to meet at Jemison Baptist church, the third Sunday in February, 1902.

W. M. ALDRIDGE, Pres.
LIZZIE LOWERY, Sec.

It Saved Her Life.

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J. A. N. NAPIER,
Trouble Athens, Ga.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

To the Farmers of Chilton County:

I want to say a few words to my friends and neighbors of Chilton county, about the Farmers Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama, a vigorous branch of which is now growing up in our county. The object of this Association is to enable us as neighbors to do in a systematic way what we are enjoined by High Authority to do, viz: "Bear ye one another's burdens". A little help at the needed time is far better than any spasmodic giving. The Association is authorized by the Assembly, the highest authority in our State, it stands on a thoroughly legal footing, and the provisions as to pro rata assessments enable the poor as well as the rich, to protect themselves against worldly calamity. Its operations are confined to one class of risks, (Farmers and isolated residences) it is not run for profit, there are no salaried officers and you are not called on for money until the loss has occurred, and your neighbor needs your assistance. The average expence for losses is small, experience in other States, and in part of our own State, all go to prove that the average loss per year, is less than twenty cents on the one hundred dollars of property insured, in this county it has not cost twenty cents on the one hundred dollars in almost two years. I thought so highly of the plan, that I applied to Mr. Edler, the county agent, to take me in but he showed me that I was not eligible, being too close to other houses in Clanton, as a consequence I had to go to a Standard Insurance Company and pay over five times as much for two-thirds of the protection, my policy only insuring against fire and lightning, I get nothing if my house is destroyed by wind. This is a step in the right direction of teaching us to organize and protect ourselves. The question of who acts as agent is not the main question, and the only question with the farmer should be, is it safe and good for me?

S. M. ADAMS.

Chilton County Baptist Association

A meeting for the purpose of organizing the above Association will be held at Thorsby on Wednesday, December 4, 1901

Everybody wishing to attend this meeting is cordially invited.

Concord.

Rev. Robinson filled his appointment here Sunday.

Yes, some have married, and the bells are still ringing. At the home of the bride, on Monday, Nov. 18, Mr. Ernest Mims and Miss Janie Parrish, were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony. We wish them a congenial life together.

Some of our young people attended services at Poplar Sunday, and report a nice time in the afternoon.

Seek, the German, and Boot, the American, had quite a time at the goober parching Saturday night.

Mr. Marion Gore and Miss Lilla Danforth, were among those present at Concord Sunday.

We are glad to know the Banner is soon to have a steam press.

All of our correspondents seem to be asleep, Wake up! Wake up! Some of our good folks have gone courting this week.

Those flowers are still living.

SUDON.

Healthy Children Are Happy.

Mother's Warm Syrup makes children healthy by expelling the worms that make them ill. Children eat it on bread.

STRAYED

From my place at Lomax, a Light Yellow Cow. Crop off the right ear, split in the left. I will offer a reward of $2.00 for her.

G. W. JONES, Lomax, Ala.

Institute of Teacher's Institute.

The Teachers' Institute of Chilton county met Friday, Nov. 22, 1901, in the auditorium of the Thorsby Normal School; was called to order by Supt. J. W. Moore, and opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. P. H. Manson. After enrollment a few remarks of welcome were made by Prof. Rose, Miss Della Wambem then entertained the institute with the recitation of "The Last Hymn."

"The aim in teaching reading" was discussed in paper by Miss Mc Gehee and in a speech by Prof Tidwell. J T Moore led in discussion before the Institute "Method of teaching grammar." Adjourned by Superintendent's order for noon recess.

Called to order in the afternoon at 2:05 p.m. "The true aim of education" and "mental development" were discussed with enthusiasm by various teachers, and also by the Rev Windsor.

Adjourned to meet again Saturday morning.

Called to order at 9.35 a.m. by Superintendent. Devotional exercises were conducted by Prof J. M. Collier.

The Superintendent announced committees. He also made some interesting remarks concerning his appreciation of the present work of the teachers in the county.

"Practical Institute work" and "the teacher's responsibility" were discussed by various teachers.

Miss Dora Thorsby also entertained the Institute with a recitation, "Legend of the organ builder."

After adjournment for noon recess, the Institute met again at 2 p.m., and entered into a discussion of methods of class work.

The subjects of reading and decimal fractions were discussed by various teachers. The Institute was especially pleased with Miss Susie Hale's work in illustrating actual methods of class work in reading.

The committee on resolutions reported through its chairman, Prof. G. L. Speer, the following resolutions which were adopted single by rising vote:

Whereas, the people of Thorsby have so kindly welcomed us among them, have opened their doors to us, and have entertained us so hospitably during the session of our Institute now closing, therefore be it

Resolved, first, that our thanks are due and are hereby tendered to these good people of Thorsby for the kindness and hospitality so extended.

Resolved second, that our thanks are hereby extended to Profs. Rose and Carmichael for their untiring efforts to make this session of our Institute a success.

Resolved third, that we extend our thanks to the President and Secretary for the efficient discharge of their duties.

Resolved fourth, that the teachers of Chilton county in Institute assembled, wish to express their appreciation of the work accomplished by Supt. J. W. Abercrombie in his untiring efforts for the furtherance of education and its interests in Alabama.

Resolved fifth, that the teachers of Chilton county further endorse the work of Supt. Abercrombie by nominating him for a third term for Superintendent of Education for the State of Alabama.

Resolved sixth that this Institute extend to Miss Susie Hale of the Educational Exchange, especial thanks for her interesting and excellent work during the sessions.

The young people of Thorsby and of the Thorsby Normal School, at frequent intervals, entertained the teachers with music.

Clanton was chosen as the next place for holding the Institute.

Institute adjourned to meet at the Superintendent's call sometime in February next.

J. W. MOORE, Pres.
R. D. CARMICHAEL, Sec.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT,
CLANTON

Piles-ine Cures Piles
Money refunded if it does not.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots, with short distance at dormitory and college building. Call at our office on Main street.

THE THORSBY LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

Poplar Springs.

Christmas is Coming and cotton is going and people in this community are not done picking their seventeen cent cotton.

Rev. W. S. Cox filled his regular appointment here Sunday

The wedding bell will soon be ringing again in this community.

Mr. W. A. Goss of Burwell was in our midst Sunday, there must be something attractive to his eye up here

Messrs. J. N. Goss and John Parrish Jr. of Concord was again in our midst Sunday.

There must be something attractive in this community for they are visitors here every Sunday evening especially

Mr. W. A. Dupree has returned home after spending two months in Montgomery.

Success to the Banner and its readers. MORNING STAR.

When your little boy cuts his foot, apply Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. You will be delighted with the result. It will stop the bleeding, remove the suffering, prevent suppuration and heal like magic. Only 50c. a bottle by druggists.

MARRIED

At Thorsby last Sunday morning Prof. R. D. Carmichael and Miss Ella S. Narremore were happily united, Judge Adams performing the ceremony. The Professor and his charming bride are both connected with the Thorsby Normal school, and we wish them all possible happiness and success in life.

ANOTHER
CAR LOAD
TENNESSEE MULES
—AT—
J. B. DOWNS
CLANTON

The Best Prescription for Malaria.

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is merely iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, bearing date of November 22, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash on the premises at public auction, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 23 1901,

the following described lands, to wit: The nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 the nw 1-4 of the se 1-4 the se 1-4 of the nw 1-4; the se 1-4 of the sw 1-4 of Section 29, township 20, range 11, and the sw 1-4 of the se 1-4 of section 29, township 20, range 11, in Chilton county, Alabama, is ordered to be sold under a decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of distribution among the heirs at law of John C. Frisby, deceased.

R. W. LITTLE, Commissioner.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22165.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 30th, 1901, viz: James L. Burnett, Homestead entry, No. 21072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 of Sec. 6, Tp. 22 n of r 15 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Ellison, R. Vandiverton, J. J. Wright, H. A. Willis, all of Jemison, Ala.

ROBERT HARDEN, Register.

WANTED.

BRICK! BRICK! Good hard brick, and favorable freight rates. Prices and samples on application.
J. M. JENKINS,
Wetumpka, Ala.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

All good mothers keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use when the children get hurt or have colic. Only 50c. a bottle. Contains no oil or grease, the odor is very pleasant and the children like it because, when sweetened, it tastes like peppermint candy, and is absolutely harmless. Ask your druggist for it.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Probate Court of Chilton county, Alabama, I will sell at public outcry at Concord, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1901,

the following described real estate belonging to the estate of John B. Moore: W ½ of ne ¼, se ¼ of ne ¼, se ¼ of se ¼, w ½ of se ¼, sw 1-4 of se 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 16; se 1-4 of se 1-4, nw 1-4 of sw 1-4, and w ½ of sw 1-4 sec 17; se 1-4 of ne 1-4, e ½ of se 1-4, and nw 1-4 of se 1-4 sec 18; n ½ of ne 1-4, nw 1-4, se 1-4 of ne 1-4, and s ½ of sw 1-4, north of Dry Creek, sec 19; n ½ of sw 1-4 sec 20; nw 1-4, w ½ of sw 1-4, w ½ of ne 1-4, and ne 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 21; all of the above in Tp 24, R 13 east, in Chilton county, Alabama; e 1-2, se 1-4 of sw 1-4, e 1-2 of nw 1-4, and sw 1-4 of nw 1-4 sec 24 tp 24 r 13 e; e 1-2 of se 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 25 tp 24 r 13 e, in Chilton county, Alabama. Terms of sale: ½ cash, ½ in twelve months and balance in two years.

J. ALEX MOORE, Administrator.

Notice of Letting County Farm for the Poor.

The commissioners will let to the lowest and best bidder, the County Farm for the poor, on December 16, 1901. Place of letting will be on the Farm, five miles north of Clanton, near G. W. Hill's place.

J. W. SORRELL, Commissioner.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON HULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM H. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Advertiser office
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Adjacent Courts.
CLANTON, - - Ala.

ROBERT H. KING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO H. WEBNART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.
Office over Wilson's Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 20 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours 9 to 10 and 2 to 4.
Telephone 694—2 Calls
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Positions GUARANTEED under a $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
500 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Which stops Heartaches? The Miller Pain Pills.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a teaching and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county where pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public, adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

R. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"

WALLACE C. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:

PRESIDENT: M. J. CALLOWAY, Clanton.
SEC.-TREAS: P. D. WILSON, Clanton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. M. C. Young
2. W. H. Shaw
3. Alex Glasscock
4. A. J. Wilson
5. D. A. Robinson
6. A. T. Hathcock
7. C. J. Coburn
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against Loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.

AGENTS MUST HAVE A COMMISSION SIGNED AT THE GENERAL AGENCY.

Full particulars furnished on application.

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Arizona olives are said to be better than the imported ones. Evidently nobody has found out, as yet, how to adulterate them.

A buried forest has been uncovered in Alaska, at the mouth of Turner Creek, which represents indisputable evidence that our northern territory once possessed a tropical, or, at least, a semi-tropical climate.

It will perhaps be a source of surprise to many Americans to know that the production of grouse in any country could be made more profitable than the raising of sheep, and yet it appears that one of the most astute proprietors of grouse moors in North Wales cleared off the sheep from his moors some years ago, with the result that the $750 a year he got for the grazing of 7000 Welsh sheep has been more than doubled in the increase of grouse rental he enjoys from this improvement.

An automobile savings bank is the latest French novelty. The authorities of Mezieres, wishing to encourage thrift among the peasants, have had it built to specifications. It is an electric motor-car containing four seats, one for the driver and three in the rear arranged around a small table. Folding shelves make a convenient desk for a person standing beside the vehicle. Under the table is a small safe. The passengers are two clerks from the local treasury department and a cashier. The cart travels about the country making short stops in the villages on pre-arranged days, and receiving such sums as the citizens or farmers of the neighborhod may wish to deposit. So far, however, the innovation has met little encouragement.

One of the subjects recently considered by the Massachusetts Bureau of Labor is the comparative cost of food cooked at home and that cooked outside. Bread furnished by the baker, for instance, costs about one cent a pound less than that baked at home, but on meat cooked at home there is a saving of about one-third. The saving is still greater on entire dinners cooked at home. In one case it was found that a family dinner cooked in the home kitchen cost an average of sixteen cents for each person, but a similar dinner, when cooked outside and sent in, cost twenty-five cents for each person. The object of this investigation was to benefit families living in cities, where, in late years, facilities for getting outside-cooked meals have been abundantly provided.

Two experiments in canal rowing by electricity are about to be made, one in Ohio, the other in the northern suburbs of London, England. The former consists of a trolley line with a standard-gauge track laid on the old towpath of the Miami and Erie canal. Motor cars of 150 horse-power will be operated on the line. Each of these will be able to haul ten heavily loaded canal boats at a speed of ten miles an hour, which will have to be kept down, however, to four miles per hour to comply with the provisions of the state charter. The canal connects Toledo and Cincinnati, and the power will be drawn from the latter city, fourteen sub-stations being scattered along the route. In the London experiment the canal barges will be drawn by an electrically propelled vehicle using the towpath and fed by an overhead trolley also.

Among recent arrival from Europe is a man who went thither in response to a cable message which notified him that his sister was dying. That was some idiot's idea of a funny practical joke, as the woman was not ill. The victim of such a cruel and wicked joke is ready to urge legislation which will impose on the practical joker penalties but little less severe than those which are provided for cases of assault and injury to the body. He maintains that no bodily harm which is not permanent can be worse than the distress of mind which he has been made to suffer. There are other practical jokes which result in wounded self-esteem or in a feeling of humiliation, and which hurt more than any bodily bruise. It was a French critic of penetration who said that man's best satisfaction is in not being a dupe. No one, however, can always protect himself against the ingenuity of the practical joker.

ALABAMA'S CONSTITUTION

GOES INTO EFFECT ON THANKSGIVING DAY.

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION REGARDING IT.

Opelika's New Sewer System—After Appointments as Registrars—Church Home—Mill Burned—Up for 28 Years—Money for Missions.

THE NEW CONSTITUUTION

Goes into effect on Thanksgiving Day. The governor has issued the following proclamation giving the day special significance this year:

Whereas, It appears from the certificate of the Secretary of State and the Attorney General that on the 11th day of November, 1901, at an election held in the several counties in this State for and against constitution, that the whole number of votes cast "for constitution" is one hundred and eight thousand six hundred and thirteen (108,613). and the whole number of votes cast "against constitution" is eighty-one thousand seven hundred and thirty-four (81,734).

Now, therefore, I, William D. Jelks, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested as Governor of Alabama, do declare the majority of votes cast "for constitution" to be twenty-six thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine (26,879.)

I, therefore, proclaim that that the said new constitution so satisfied shall go into effect as the constitution of the State of Alabama on Thursday, it being the twenty-eighth day of November, 1901, and shall thenceforth be binding and obligatory as such upon the people of this State.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at the Capitol, in the city of Montgomery, this the 21st day of November, A. D., 1901.

(Seal.)

By the Governor.

W. D. JELKS, Governor.

ROBERT P. M'DAVID,
Secretary of State.

THE METHODISTS.

The North Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, meets at Anniston, this week, and the Rev. J. D. Simpson, presiding elder, expects to make one of the best reports ever sent from the Birmingham district. The year has been one of the most successful in the history of the church. The increase of membership is about 1,200. They have raised $1,200 over the assessment for missions and have made an increase of $2,500 over last year for the support of the ministry. Over $16,000 has been raised for building, repairing and furbishing churches throughout the Birmingham district. A church has been built at Ensley which will cost $15,000, and another one has been started at Pratt City to cost in the neigborhood of $8,000. A church being built at East Birmingham will cost about $2,000. The members of the church in the Birmingham district have raised for church purposes during the year over $60,000.

S. J. BARTLETT, rated as the richest man in Limestone county, died Thursday at his home near Mooresville, twenty-two miles west of Huntsville. Mr. Bartlett was about 65 years old.

STRUCK WITH A BILLIARD CUE.

In a barroom fight Saturday Joe Thomas struck General Gibbs on the head with a billiard cue and very seriously injured him. His skull was fractured. Both were employes at the Louisville & Nashville shops at New Decatur.

SMALL-SIZED HURRICANE.

A severe wind storm which came in the shape of a hurricane swept over Eufaula Saturday night. It lasted three hours and came from a southeasterly direction. Only a slight sprinkle of rain accompanied it, and at times it was alarming. Fences were blown down and limbs were twisted from the trees. Country people say that the roads are blocked by fallen trees and are impassable in many places.

HUNTSVILLE has not had a death for sixty-four days.

A NEW BANK.

The new City National Bank, of Anniston will throw open its doors December 2. Extensive improvements are now being made in the building formerly occupied by the Bank of Anniston. The new bank has complied with all the requirements of the treasury department, and has been given authority by the comptroller of the currency to begin business at that time.

OPELIKA

Has recently closed a contract with the Sanitary Sewer Company of Philadelphia for sewering the city throughout in a first-class manner at a cost of about $30,000. This cost is to be borne by the company, which has a contract for thirty years, and they will get their pay in annual rentals from those who connect with the sewers. The city has fully protected the citizens in that also, and the rates for connections are approximately the same as those charged for water works. No place in the state has needed sewers worse than Opelika. It position is such that it has a fine drainage. The city has the right to purchase the system from the company anytime after five years and the contract also provides for daily flushing.

THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Held its convention in Greenville last week. Many important lessons were learned, among them being a lesson on the way we American people are spending our money: $1,200,000,000 for strong drink in one year, $600,000,000 for tobacco, $400,000,000 for amusements, $300,000,000 for jewelry, $75,000,000 for candy, $25,000,000 for chewing gum, $5,000,000 for foreign missions—150 religious bodies in the United States have given this $5,000,000 and made 3,000,000 converts in heathen lands in 100 years. The convention adjourned to meet in Selma, November, 1902.

EVERBODY WANTS IT.

The state board of registrars, consisting of the governor, auditor and commissioner of agriculture, are almost overwhelmed with applications for places on the county boards. The state board will make no appointments until sometime in December, and in the meantime are arranging the applicants in alphabetical lists. When the board does take up the matter the applicants will be considered in this order, the lists being carefully gone over with a view to appointing the best men possible to the positions.

HEARD AT ONCE.

Judge J. G. Winter, one of the counsel for Dr. J. H. Crossland, charged with assault with intent to murder Captain Noble J. Wiley in Montgomery some months ago, has made a motion in the court of that city to have the trial, the date for which was set at November 26th, postponed, on the ground that defendant's counsel could not attend at that date. Judge Thomas, however, overruled the motion, and the case will be called on the day orizinally set.

MILL BURNED.

The cedar mill of McCutchen & Evans at Larkinsville wat destroyed by fire last week. The fire is supposed to have originated from sparks being blown from the boiler furnace into the cedar shavings. Two carloads of fine cedar was also destroyed. The loss is heavy, with no insurance.

J. P. COOK, the telegraph operator who shot and killed Dr. John Payne, at Hillman, about six months ago, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and his punishment fixed at twenty-five years.

THERE ARE TWO applicants for the postmastership at New Decatur, in addition to the present incumbent, F. P. Jennings. The present Mayor, Thomas Turner, is an applicant and has a strong chance of winning. Former City Clerk Charles Bassett is also in the race.

THE MASONS

Of Montgomery are manifesting considerable interest in the approaching convention of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons to be held in that city December 2nd. In addition to the Royal Arch Masons there will also be a meeting of the Grand Council of Royal and Select Masons during the day of December 3rd. Preliminary arrangements for the convention are being made by the Montgomery Masons.

HELENA'S new guide mill has been placed in operation.

MAY REVOKE LICENSES.

The Huntsville chamber of commerce has appointed a committee, with Col. R. B. Rhett as chairman, to investigate why it is that Huntsville cotton buyers are paying less for cotton than other cities are paying. If the fact that there is a pool among buyers can be established they will be prosecuted and their licenses revoked.

BIG TREASURE ROBBERY.

COLORADO JURIST COMMITS PECULIAR SUICIDE.

THEY WERE WEDDED BY TELEPHONE.

Our Chinese Minister to be Dean of Corps—Wounded But Killed His Man—The Cuban Governor—Crime Added to Crime—San Juan Purchased.

STOLE TREASURE IN TRANSIT.

The fact that 112 bars of gold and silver bullion, valued at over $20,000, were stolen six months ago in transit from the smelters at El Paso, Texas, to eastern refineries has just come to light. The shipment was made over the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio railway under heavy bond. It was not missed until the car reached New Orleans. It has been since learned that the bullion was thrown from the car near El Paso, and that it now lies buried in western Texas. The thieves have been traced from place to place, and a few bars have been unearthed. Detectives have a clew to the hidden treasure.

WEDDED BY WIRE.

The second wedding ceremony over the telephone line from Bowdon to Carrollton this year was performed Saturday morning. C. W. McDonald and Miss E. V. Graben, an eloping couple from over the line of Alabama, reached Bowdon early this morning, and got the telephone operator there to 'phone a marriage license and a justice of the peace to perform the ceremony over the telephone. In a few minutes the license had been procured and the ceremony was pronounced by Justice J. T. Norman, of this place Witnesses at various 'phones heard the ceremony performed.

BLOODY FEUD.

J. F. Ward, a member of the Highland, Kan., city council, crushed J. E. Springer's skull with a club, fatally wounding him, after Springer had twice shot him as the result of an old-time family feud. Ward is seriously wounded. Springer went to Ward's house with the avowed intention of shooting his adversary. He fired two shots at Ward, one of which took effect above the heart and the other in the left shoulder, when Ward felled him with a blow on the head. Springer cannot live.

BLEW HIMSELF UP.

News reaches us of the suicide of Judge M. A. Rogers, formerly of the Supreme Court of Colorado and one of the ablest lawyers in the state, at Steamboat Springs, Colo. Judge Rogers lay down with a stick of dynamite under him and lighting a cigar fired the fuse and calmly smoked until the shock of the explosion ended his life. Judge Rogers had been in Steamboat Springs all summer with his wife. No cause is known for the suicide.

MINISTER CONGER will soon be the only foreign minister in Pekin who passed through the siege, and will then become the dean of the diplomatic corps. All the other ministers have been relieved or expect to leave for Pekin.

A special from Houston, Tex., says that the Southern Pacific Railroad will establish an immigration bureau in Chicago, December 1st, under the personal direction of S. F. B. Morse, passenger traffic manager of the Atlantic system. The object is to direct immigration to Texas.

FIENDISH.

Adolph Carlson, an Armourdale, Kas., saloonkeeper; Louis Arlinger, his night bartender; Tom Schwaber, a packing house employe, and the saloon porter were drugged in Carlson's place of business Saturday by two robbers who administered "knock-out drops." The robbers secured $200 in cash and $150 in checks, and then while the four men lay in a stupor on the floor, they locked the doors, set fire to the building and escaped. The fire was extinguished before much damage was done and the men were rescued unhurt.

DECLINES PAY.

It is learned that Mr. Isador Rayner, chief counsel for Rear Admiral W. S. Schley in the recent hearing before the court of inquiry, has refused to accept a fee for his services. A mutual friend of the Admiral and Mr. Rayner stated that the admiral recently sent a valuable gold watch to Mr. Rayner, and a magnificent brooch of diamonds and pearls to Mrs. Rayner.

MINOR MENTION.

MANCHESTER'S demand for cotton goods continues strong.

ST. LOUIS' fair will not be postponed as has been proposed.

LONG BRANCH pier was broken in two by a tug boat last Sunday.

PENSACOLA is experimenting with crude petroleum as a means to lay dust.

GROUND will be broken on December 20th for the St. Louis Exposition buildings.

THE recent city election cost New York City $670,000, or $1.08 for each voter that was registered.

PORTLAND Me., has been selected as the next meeting place of the National W. C. T. U. in 1902.

THE eighth annual meeting of the Mississippi Christian Endeavor Union occurs in Columbus this week.

A DENVER physician claims that the purpose of the vermiform appendix is to lubricate the large intestine.

THEBES, ILL., will soon boast of a $2,000,000 bridge across the Mississippi at that place, over a half mile in length.

HEAVY RAINS have swelled the Ohio so that navigation at Pittsburg is again possible and coal can again be removed.

COL. ARTHUR LYNCH, the newly elected member of parliament for Galway, has been informed that if he comes to England he will be tried forthwith for treason.

THOMAS HALLIDAY, of Ohio, a passenger on the steamer Cymbric, from Liverpool to Queenstown, attempted to kill his wife and then committed suicide. His mind was affected.

MR. DICKINSON, the special diplomatic agent of the United States, who has been conducting the negotiations for the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone, arrived at Constantinople from Sofia Sunday.

THE fifteen hour submerged test of the submarine boat Fulton, Saturday night, proved eminently satisfactory. Those of the crew say they felt no discomfort and could have remained under water three months.

CALIFORNIA is to have a unique philanthropic institution in the girls' homes which are being built by Mrs. F. M. Smith, wife of the "borax king." Mrs. Smith has resolved to provide for 100 girls, housing them in ten cottages. Homeless girls of all ages will compose the colony.

Governor-General Wood will return to Havana, visiting all the ports on the north coast of Cuba and then go to Washington to endeavor to secure an amendment to the tariff schedules affecting sugar and tobacco which he says he regards as absolutely necessary.

Representative Richardson will urge the appropriation in the rivers and harbor bill of $600,000, the amount recommended by the chief of engineers for the improvement of the Tennessee river in Alabama. "I am working for the improvement of the Tennessee river exclusively," said Mr. Richardson tonight, "but also want to see the Black Warrior and Coosa receive the appropriations they merit." The delegation will be united to obtain for the whole state everything possible under the new bill.

Frank Nelson, superintendent of public instruction at Topeka, Kan., is completing an investigation of the Kansas educational system, which will show that 120,000 of the 400,000 children of school age in the state don't attend school. Kansas has a compulsory education law.

GEORGIA'S LEGISLATURE

Is considering the amendment of its constitution so that a court of appeal be established; that all pensions be put upon an indigent basis; that there shall be a change of venue in all criminal cases where there is danger of lynching; that the term of governor be changed from two to four years and that he be ineligible for four years after the expiration of his term; that the entire educational fund of the state shall be divided between the negroes and whites for educational purposes in the exact proportion to the amount of taxes paid by each.

J. K. RICHARDS, solicitor-general of the United States, addressed the Union League club, of Philadelphia, last Saturday night on the need of legislation for the suppression of anarchy. In the course of his remarks he said the life of the president should be protected by the laws of the country.

BANKRUPTCY is staring Turkey in the face.

AMONG OUR LAW MAKERS

PROSPECTIVE LEGISLATION AND ARRANGEMENT FOR IT.

ALABAMA REPRESENTATIVES ARE ASTIR.

Census and Election Figures to be Used Against the South—Rivers and Harbors—Richardson Will Probably be Re-elected Minority Leader.

Representative Crumpacker of Indiana will come to Washington prepared to fight throughout the session for the passage of his bill reducing the southern congressional representation. Armed with census reports on the number of negroes twenty-one years of age and over in southern states, as compared with the number of votes officially reported, he hopes to convince the house that the discrepancy calls for a new apportionment. The republican congressman is said to be in favor of legislation on the subject as this committee realizes that the result of the elections last November may be to close the effort. In the last congress when the apportionment subject was under consideration, Mr. Crumpacker and his associates met with defeat owing to the opposition of many of the leaders of the republican party, including the late President McKinley. Before the house adjourned, however, a resolution was passed calling upon the director of the census for statistics of the negro voting population. The figures will be supplied as soon as congress meets, and will be referred to the committee on the census, from which an effort will be made to report a bill modifying the measure passed last winter placing the membership of the House at 386, with six additional members from the states of Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

Representative Burton, of Ohio, who will head the rivers and harbors committee in the new congress, and who will probably be in February before his committee's bill is introduced. From the middle of next month until the latter part of January hearings will be given by the committee to delegations asking for rivers and harbors improvements. The bill, as passed by the house in the last congress, carried about $13,600,000. Owing to delays resulting from the failure of the bill the new measure will be in excess of this amount. If the president has been correctly quoted as favoring the irrigation of western lands, and decides to recommend the commencement of this new feature of public improvements in his message to congress there will hardly be any limit to the amount carried by the bill. Members of the rivers and harbors committee will for this reason oppose placing irrigation appropriations in a rivers and harbors bill. It is a big proposition, involving millions of dollars, and there seems to be a general feeling that it should receive special attention, and if deemed sufficiently meritorious to warrant an appropriation, a special bill.

The house democrats will meet in caucus next Saturday night for the purpose of electing a minority leader and transacting other business of importance coming before them. Representative Richardson of Tennessee, the present democratic leader, will probably be re-elected. While he has not been sufficiently aggressive to suit a number of his colleagues he is a safe man and rarely makes a mistake. Just at present when the democratic policy seems to be a negative one, his re-election is generally considered the best solution of the leadership problem.

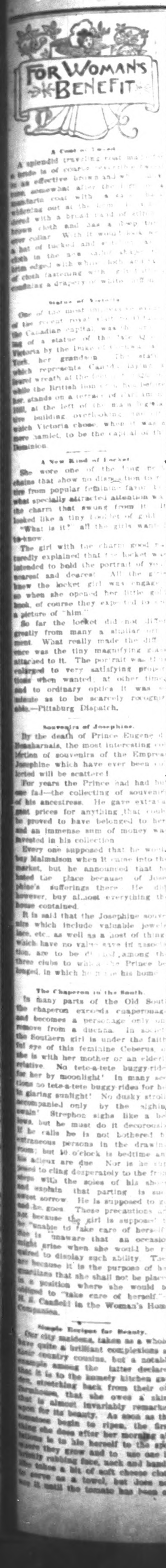
RACING will be a feature of the Charleston exposition.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

Secretary Gage has received from an unknown person through the collector of customs at New York a contribution of $18,669. At the treasury house it was explained that the $18,669 was the sum collected by H. S. Black of this city, who recently returned from abroad with a valuable necklace on which duties had been paid.

QUEEN WILHELMINA of Holland has declined to pay her husband's debts and he has gone to Germany.

A. J. REILLY, mining engineer of the Pratt Mines division of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, has tendered his resignation to become effective January 1, 1902. Reilly came to the Tennessee company from the Pennsylvania Railroad a number of years ago, and is recognized as an expert in his line of work. The announcement was received with surprise.



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A Coat of Tweed.

A splendid traveling coat made for a bride is of dark reversible tweed in an effective brown and white mixture, somewhat after the form of a man's frock coat with a sack back fitted at the hem. It is bordered with a broad band of stitched velvet and has a deep turnover collar. With it would look well a hat of the Alice and stitched castor felt in a sailor shape, the brim edged with white cloth, and tabs of cloth fastening with gilt buttons under a country of white chiffon.

Statue of Victoria.

One of the most impressive events of the royal visit to Ottawa, the Canadian capital, was the unveiling of a statue of the late Queen Victoria by the Duke of Cornwall and York, her grandson. The statue, which represents Canada laying a wreath at the feet of the Queen, stands before the Parliament buildings, at the head of the main legislative building, overlooking the city which Victoria chose, when it was a mere village, to be the capital of the Dominion.

A New Kind of Locket.

The modern version of the long neck chain that was in disregard to remove from popular feminine favor, but that specially attracted attention was the charm that swung from it. It looked like a tiny wallet of gold.

"What is it?" all the girls wanted to know.

The girl with the charm good naturedly explained that the locket was intended to hold the portrait of your parent and lover. All the girls knew that the locket was engaged, so when she opened her little gold book of course they expected to see a series of hairs.

So far the locket did not differ greatly from many a similar ornament. What really made the difference was the tiny magnifying glass attached to it. The portrait was thus enlarged to very satisfying proportions when wanted, at other times and to ordinary optics it was so minute as to be scarcely recognizable.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Souvenirs of Josephine.

By the death of Prince Eugene de Beauharnais, the most interesting collection of souvenirs of the Empress Josephine which have ever been collected will be scattered.

For years the Prince had had but one fad—the collecting of souvenirs of his ancestress. He gave extravagant prices for anything that could be proved to have belonged to her, and an immense sum of money was invested in his collection.

Every one supposed that he would buy Malmaison when it came into the market, but he announced that he hated the place because of Josephine's sufferings there. He did, however, buy almost everything the house contained.

It is said that the Josephine souvenirs which include valuable jewels, lace, etc., as well as a host of things which have no value save in association, are to be sold among the crowned heads to whom Prince Eugene belonged in which case they will go to his home.

The Chaperon of the South.

In many parts of the Old South the chaperon exercises chaperonage and becomes a necessity only one remove from a duenna. In society the Southern girl is under the faithful eye of this feminine Cerberus, or she is with her mother or an elderly relative. No tete-a-tete buggy-rides for her by moonlight! In many sections no tete-a-tete buggy-rides for her during sunlight! No dusky strolls accompanied only by the sighing zephyrs! Strephon sighs like a furnace, but he must do it decorously. If he calls he is not bothered by encounters in the drawing-room, but promptly at bedtime and a minute after. Nor is he supposed to cling affectionately to the front door with the soles of his shoes, and explain that parting is such sweet sorrow. He is supposed to go, and he does. These precautions are because the girl is supposed to be unable to take care of herself." It is unknown that an occasion might arise when she would be required to display such ability. They are because it is the purpose of her guardians that she shall not be placed in a position where she would be obliged to take care of herself."—R. A. Cardell in the Woman's Home Companion.

Simple Recipes for Beauty.

Our city maidens, taken as a whole, have quite a brilliant complexions as their country cousins, but a notable example among the latter declares that it is to the homely kitchen garden, stretching back from their old farmhouses, that she owes a skin that is almost invariably remarked upon for its beauty. As soon as the tomatoes begin to ripen, the first thing she does after her morning ablutions is to pile herself to the spot where they grow and to use one in lieu of soap, rubbing face, neck and hands. She takes a bit of soft cheese cloth to serve as a towel, but does not use it until the tomato has been on for a few minutes. When cucumbers are overripe she uses them in the same manner.

An English woman, who has lived in this country for 50 years, still has her clear, bright complexion, and in an answer to the question whether this much desired beauty was attributed to any particular treatment she said: "Yes, my dear," while the roses deepened in her cheeks, "hot water, both in winter and summer, and good, honest soap is my cosmetic. You know I stay in town during all the dust and heat, every day during the summer. When I come in from down street I am never comfortable until my face is well washed with soap and water almost as hot as I can bear it, with plenty of fresh hot water to rinse off every trace of soap. In winter, if I am going into the sharp air, I shade the water from hot to cold.

"Besides this fact washing after a journey I do the very same thing before breakfast and at bedtime. Since wrinkles have begun to show I have used an emollient, with gentle massage at night, not hoping to wholly remove the marks of Father Time, but to make the old fellow soften his touch as much as possible."

Could anything be simpler, less expensive and more hygienic than this? And, if successful, wouldn't it soon drive the "beauty doctors" out of existence?—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Rainy Day Outfit.

If properly clad there is no reason why rain should keep any woman indoors. A mackintosh is certainly not a necessity except one is bound for a matinee or an afternoon tea, when street cars are the means of getting to one's destination and a long gown must be worn, and even the mackintosh is no longer the formidable rubber coat of seasons past. Correct and stylish rainyday clothes appropriate for any and every occasion now consist of a short skirt, a shirtwaist, a stylish jacket, a walking hat, an umbrella, walking shoes with cork soles or shoes with a sandal rubbers and heavy, well-fitting gloves. With rainyday skirts bloomers or tights should take the place of petticoats, the skirts average about the same in cut and length as they have been doing for the last season, though the newer ones are somewhat longer, escaping the ground by not more than two and one-half inches all round. Umbrellas with small wood handles are neat, inexpensive and stylish. The natural knotted-root effect is unobstrusive but popular. Of course elaborate handle designs are used, but an umbrella is like a piano—you may content yourself with something plain and elegant or you may have one elaborately and magnificently decorated. However, if you have a propensity for lending umbrellas select the former variety.

The chief thing about the rainyday costume is that it be well fitting and stylish. Ready made rainyday suits are frequently failures because the cloth is not properly shrunken before it is cut. If the rainyday suit is to be made at home, and there is no reason why it cannot be, send the material to a tailor to be shrunken before you put your scissors to it, and when your suit is finished send it back to him to be pressed. It will cost you very little to have this done and it will repay you tenfold in appearance.

Use for the suit doubled-faced material; it requires no lining; in fact rainy skirts should never be lined, nor does the coat require a lining, save in the sleeves, though about this latter garment it is a matter of choice.

To return to the mackintosh. If one is required the most popular thing and the most stylish is the long, loose, perfectly plain ulster made of waterproof cloth and finished with stitching, buttons and a velvet coat collar.—American Queen.

Various shades of magenta form a stunning hat.

Touches of black velvet on the hat and on the gown are now becoming almost indispensable.

Chinese and Japanese embroideries look particularly well upon waists of dark blue, red or light tan silk.

Hats composed of the feathers of brilliant hued tropical birds and those of ebony plumage are included among the season's millinery novelties.

Plain, straight vests are put into waists this year. One black cheviot cloth gown has the vest of a black cloth of a basket weave, with clusters of tiny white dots in it.

There is a revived interest in rubies, especially what is called the pigeon blood ruby. Alexandrite, a polished gem stone with a red hue in it, is combined with diamonds.

Black velvet applique is in evidence at the shops, and there are, too, beautiful velvet appliques of softly shaded colors which promise stunning effects upon gowns in white or soft pastel tints.

White net dotted all over with tiny jet spots and with a border of black lace applied on the white ground and heavily encrusted with jet is among the most exquisite of the new robe materials.

Norfolk jackets will be much worn in the near future, and they are as a rule exceedingly becoming to slight women. The belt is usually removable, and may be replaced by one of patent leather if desired. The newest of these jackets are made with yokes in front.

To Clarify Molasses.

The old-fashioned way of clarifying molasses—and it is probably as good as any—is to heat it over the fire, pouring in a pint of sweet milk for each gallon. The scum which arises should be taken off before it is broken by boiling.

Lighting and Wall Paper.

Consider well the lighting of your rooms before selecting new wall coverings. Red absorbs the sun's rays, and will darken a room more than any other color. Green, too, has a decided tendency to tone down the light. Yellow, however, heightens the effect of sunlight and is admirable for dark rooms. This latter shade in a bronze tint is the fashionable fad just now in combination with dark brown fumed oak.

Dish-Washing.

The first step is well-scraped dishes. I find a dainty help in the use of cheap tissue paper for wiping out greasy dishes. Into a small dishpan half full of boiling hot water put a piece of common kitchen soap and allow it to remain only long enough to make the water slightly soapy. A regular order of dish-washing should be observed: first the glasses, next the silver, then the cups and saucers, followed by the sticky and greasy dishes, and last the pots and pans and kettles. One should have three dish-mops, a small one for the glasses and after-dinner coffee cups, another for the other dishes, and a third for the cooking utensils. If the cooking utensils are properly scraped before being put into the water they can be cleaned perfectly without the use of that abomination, a dishcloth. The mops should be carefully washed after use and be hung in a bright, warm place to dry thoroughly. Take one dish in the hand at a time and wash carefully. When dishes are handled in this way only the tips of the fingers of the left hand need come in contact with the dishwater. As soon as the dishwater in the pan gets cool or becomes at all dirty, it should be emptied out and the pan be refilled half full of boiling water. The dishwater should never be allowed to become like "boarding house soup." Dishes can, of course, be dried more easily when scalded.—Good Housekeeping.

Rice Cocoa Cream—Put four cups of milk in a double boiler and when boiling hot pour in one-half cup of washed rice, one tablespoonful of butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt, five tablespoonfuls of sugar, three tablespoonfuls of cocoa, one teaspoonful of vanilla. Steam one hour and serve ice cold.

Angel Cakelets—Beat the whites of four eggs and half a level teaspoonful cream tartar until stiff; sift together half cupful fine granulated sugar and half cupful of flour; add gradually to the eggs. Flavor with quarter teaspoon of almond. Bake in little cake pans. Sprinkle with powdered sugar and bake in a moderate oven twenty minutes.

Boiled Leg of Mutton—Dust the leg with flour and wrap in a cloth; put in a kettle of boiling water and let it boil gently twelve minutes to every pound; when about done add two teaspoonfuls of salt. When tender remove the cloth, sprinkle with tablespoonful of chopped parsley, a heaping teaspoonful of salt and a saltspoonful of pepper; serve with caper sauce.

Pumpkin Marmalade — Take four pounds of yellow pumpkins, four and a half pounds of sugar, half a dozen lemons and half a dozen oranges; cut the pumpkin into very small dice; mix the sugar with it and let stand over night. Peel the oranges and lemons with a very sharp knife, and boil the rinds two hours, changing the water twice. When the rinds are sold trim off as much of the white part as possible to prevent bitterness. Put the ingredients all together in a preserving kettle, and boil for two or three hours until the right consistency is reached. Place in jelly glasses and keep in a dark, cool place.

Brown Fricassee of Sheep's Tongues—Wash six tongues and put them in a stew pan, with boiling water to cover, and let them simmer for two hours. Let them cool in the liquor they were boiled in, then take them out, rid them of their roots and cut them in two. At dinner time season them with one teaspoonful salt, one saltspoonful pepper, and roll them in flour. Put three tablespoonfuls butter in a pan, add a chopped onion, brown, then add the tongues, brown on all sides, add two tablespoonfuls of browned flour, then one pint of stock; stir, well, add lastly one teaspoonful lemon juice. Dish on a hot platter with a border of boiled rice.

MAKING CUT GLASS.

From the Rough Flint to the Beautiful Finished Product.

It looks very easy to cut glass. It seems to be a very simple process. One is constrained to wonder how it is that skilled workers in cut glass have to serve a three years' apprenticeship. But they do it, and even then it isn't every one of them who is fitted to the vocation.

There is something very fascinating in watching the tracing of exquisite designs on a piece of glass by an expert workman. With so little apparent effort he holds it at just the right angle against the swiftly moving wheel of his lathe, the sharp edge of which furrows the smooth surface, throwing off minute particles of glass, which impart a milky color to water.

Of course, every one knows that only the best flint glass will sustain cutting, and even it must be very thick. The manufacturers of cut glass purchase it at 35 or 40 cents per pound. Only a few articles, such as goblets and wine glasses, are bought by the piece. This flint glass comes from different points throughout the country, and in its undecorated state is decidedly unattractive. In the process of decorating one-half the glass in a bowl, jar or other object is cut away, and yet the finished vessel of moderate size will weigh six or eight pounds.

Every manufacturer owns his own designs and is constantly trying to devise new and effective ones. Given the smooth flint glass, the workman to whom the execution of a design is intrusted traces it upon the object with a pigment, indicating the initial lines of the pattern first and developing its more intricate beauties by slow degrees. Then the flying wheel is guided along the lines thus traced, deeply inscribing them.

It is easily seen what a nicety of eye and hand is necessary for the work. There are three processes, called roughing, smoothing and polishing. The workman who executes the first must take care to cut into the glass only just so deep, because in smoothing it is necessary to make the cuts deeper. Thus, in the finished object the glass is cut away to an extreme thinness.

After roughing, the cuts made are opaque and rough to the touch. Smoothing removes the roughness, and polishing adds the final exquisite lustre and clearness. The first process is carried out on what is termed a steel mill, by the aid of sand and water; the second by means of a whirling stone, while wood conveys the final polish. Of course, a great deal of the fragile ware is broken in process of manufacture, although the proportion is less than might be supposed.

How fragile it is! The fact of its being half an inch thick in some places and an eighth or so in others renders it liable to destruction by variations of temperature alone, not to speak of other dangers. Nevertheless, people who can afford it will always buy it, if for no other reason than because it defies imitation. Counterfeit diamonds may sometimes deceive experts, but counterfeit cut glass never. The brilliance of its lustre is simply unobtainable by any other method than the one employed. Hence it keeps its value, and skilled workers in it continue to draw good salaries.

Among novelties recently designed is that of the mushroom effect. This is used in water, oil or cologne bottles, the stoppers of which are mushroom-shaped. When finely cut they are very handsome. Another new shape is that of a rose bowl supported by a foot. It is much prettier than the old style rose bowl, giving more opportunity for effective decoration.

There are some favorite old patterns which are always used, and among these is the chair bottom pattern, resembling a woven cane seat. The silver diamond effect, the original thickness of the glass cut in facets, is always employed by reason of its great beauty.—Philadelphia Press.

To Judge the Age of Lace.

In fixing the approximate date of any given piece of lace it is well to remember that machine-made thread was not used till after the beginning of the 18th century. Before that time the threads ran in lengths of about 20 inches, for the worker could streach no further than her distaff, and had to break off and join again; so that if after unravelling some 25 inches of thread no joint is found the lace is surely after the introduction of machine made thread. The "bride's ornee" alone are enough to go by; in the 15th century the bar had only a knot or a dot as ornament; in the 16th a double or single loop; in the 17th a star. The edging also helps; a sharp angle in the scallop fixes the date in the middle ages; the rounded scallop comes in with the 19th century; with the 17th a dotted scallop; the 18th century one is more elaborate, a large alternating with a small scallop and dots along in the centre of each.

Salad Eating Good Sense.

Even men are progressing gastronomically. Scientific dietetics has at last revealed to us the fact that the woman who eats salad on a hot day in July, August or September is displaying sound gastronomic sense. The long haired dreamer in the restaurant may have been 19 different kinds of a fool upon every other proposition in life, but he knew what to eat on a hot day. The human animal needs grass, or its equivalent, in summer. With their oil the salads supply everything a man physically needs in hot weather. All the civilized races of the world are salad eaters, but Americans eat less than do any other people. It is not a sign of mental decay or moral degeneracy for a man to eat salad; it is gastronomic sense.—What to Eat

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

A true benefactor is one who makes us do the best we can.

Beauty without kindness dies unenjoyed and undelighting.

Greatness is never thrust on us but who leads an aimless life.

Fools create opportunities for wise men to take advantage of.

Time never sits heavily on us but when it is badly employed.

The less a man thinks or knows about his virtues the better we like him.

That action is best that procures the greatest happiness for the greatest numbers.

There never was a day that did not bring its own opportunity for doing that never could have been done before, and never can be again.

Even if work were the sole aim of life, it would be folly to neglect relaxation; for no labor can be efficiently and permanently carried on without it.

Better make of every sorrow a stepping stone to higher, nobler thought and deed than to bring it against your heart to weight you down into the slough of despond.

The making of a man's way comes only from that quickening of resolves which we call ambition. It is the spur that makes man struggle with destiny; it is heaven's own incentive to make purpose great and achievement greater.

The most solid comfort one can fall back upon is the thought that the business of one's life—the work at home after the holiday is done—is to help in some small, nibbling way to reduce the sum of ignorance, degradation and misery in the face of the beautiful earth.

A BUTTONHOLE CASE.

Brought to Decide the Precedence of the Opening.

Once upon a time, says the Boston Transcript, a case was brought before a learned judge in which the question at issue was as to whether the button was made for the buttonhole or the buttonhole for the button.

Counsel for the button held that it superfluous that the buttonhole was made for the use and behoof of the the button; still for form's sake, he would give a few reasons why his contention was the correct one. It was apparent, he said, that without the buttonhole the button would be unable to perform its function, and hence it was plain that the button preceded the buttonhole, and that the latter was invented in order that the button might be of service to mankind. It should be clear to everybody that had it not been for the button the buttonhole never would have been thought of. Its existence necessarily presupposed the existence of the button.

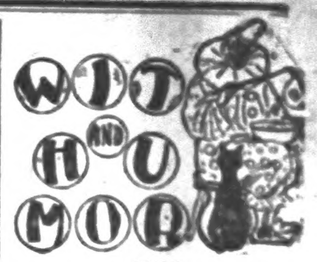
The lawyer for the other side was equally positive in the stand he had been employed to take. He averred that the buttonhole preceded the button; that, in fact, the button was merely an afterthought. He said that, as everybody knew, the buttonhole can be employed without the button, as witness Farmer Jones, who invariably uses a nail or sliver of wood instead of the conventional button, whereas it was impossible to make an effective use of the button without the aid and assistance of the buttonhole. Hence it was shown beyond peradventure that the buttonhole was of greater importance than the button, and it was natural to infer that the buttonhole was first invented and that the button came later simply as an ornament, or, at best, as an improvement upon the nail, sliver, or other instrumentality wherewith the buttonhole was made to perform its duty. To show the relative value of the buttonhole and the button, he said, take this simple example: When a button comes off the button can still be made serviceable, but if the buttonhole is slit open the button is of no use whatever. With this the learned counsel rested his case, although he claimed that he had not exhausted the subject.

When the court came in after recess the learned judge promptly decided the case in favor of the buttonhole—clearly a just decision, although it was wispered about the court house that the decision might have been different but for the fact that while changing his linen between adjournment and reassembling of the court his honor had dropped his collar button and hunted for it without success for half an hour, and perhaps might never have found it had he not stepped upon it. But, of course, this suggestion came from the partisans of the button and may fairly be imputed to their disappointment and chagrin.

Lime Honey the Best in the World.

The tree of a thousand uses, as the lime has been called, was formerly planted in England much more than it is today. The little row of pollard limes in front of the old farmhouse or the substantial thatched cottage is still a familiar site of unspoiled south country villages, while avenues of tall and ancient limes are very pleasant features of some of the large country houses, the manor houses in particular. It is claimed that the best honey in the world is made from the limes. Kowno honey is said to be made from no other flower. It is of a greenish hue. In Lithuania there are forests of lime trees and the hopey made there is particularly fine.—London Express.

The swiftest bird known to the naturalist is either the vulture, which is said to make 150 miles an hour, or the English kestril, which can probably equal, if not exceed, this speed.



WHEN A HORSESHOE IS UNLUCKY.

They say that a horseshoe is lucky;
Well, often that may be true;
But certainly not when the horse himself
Is handing it up to you.
—*Philadelphia Press.*

A DOMESTIC OBSERVATION.

Lou—I declare, since I came back I'm quite another woman.

Biddy—Oh, won't your husband be pleased!

—*Chicago Journal.*

ANOTHER CYNIC.

"Solomon says 'In all labor there is profit.'"

"I wonder if Solomon ever tore up the sidewalk to get a nickle he had dropped through a crack?"

THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Mrs. Dashleigh—Do you believe it is possible, as Mrs. Roosevelt says, for a woman to dress on $300 a year?

Mrs. Kaflippe—It may be possible, but what's the use?

AN EGOTIST DESCRIBED.

"What kind of a man is Willigson?"

"Well," answered the mutual friend, "he is one of those people who think he is spiting the world because he won't write a book and tell all he knows."

HE HAD.

"Colonel," the fair grass widow asked "have you ever had a dumb, nameless dread of something that ——"

"Yes," he answered, leaping over a music rack and thus getting out of the corner, "but its gone now."

A PECUNIARY FATIGUE.

"Don't forget," said the willing worker, "that money talks."

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum, a little glumly, "but I can't help wishing that you boys would select another photograph occasionally."

THE BRIGAND'S EXPLANATION.

"How did you come to reduce the amount demanded as a ransom for that missionary?"

"She lectured us so eloquently on the wickedness of avarice that our conscience forced us to a rebate."

CREDIT PROMPTLY CLAIMED.

"The banana peel joke seems to have gone entirely out of vogue," remarked the casual observer.

"That," replied the city official, who never misses a trick, "is entirely due to the efficiency of the street cleaning department."

LET HER AVOID RISK.

"I have been studying a picture of the woman who went over Niagara Falls in a barrel."

"And what is your conclusion?"

"That if brigands ever steal her it will take a lot of coaxing to raise a ransom fund of $50."

A SUSPICION.

"You know George Washington said he could not tell an untruth."

"Nonsense," answered the practical politician; "that was probably a campaign slander, invented to make his party managers think he was a hard man to handle."

AN IMPRESSION.

"I am very much afraid," said Miss Cayenne, "that I am losing my reputation as a keen observer and a satirist."

"What makes you think so?"

"Several people yesterday said they were glad to see me as if they really meant it."

A WORRY CLUB.

Tess—What's the trouble in that club of yours?

Jess—Oh, half the members are afraid our President will get discouraged and resign.

Tess—And how about the other half?

Jess—They're afraid she won't.—*Philadelphia Press.*

SOMETHING WORTH WHILE.

"Did you ever read that magazine poem which begs the fates to 'give us yesterday'?" asked the Long-haired Person. "It was sublime."

"No," answered the Short-haired Man, "But if any of those fellows write anything about 'Give us Payday,' I'll take a look at it."—*Baltimore American.*

VALUE RECEIVED.

"Remember," said the friend, "it is dangerous to try to deceive the people. You cannot get something for nothing."

"I know that perfectly well," answered Senator Sorghum rather indignantly. "Nobody can accuse me of trying to get votes by making speeches instead of producing cash."

SELF-CONCENTRATION.

"King Lear is a great character," remarked a friend.

"Yes," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes; "I suppose you remember my performance last season?"

"No, I must confess I have never seen you in the part."

"Indeed!" was the rejoinder in a tone of gentle surprise. "Then how on earth did you know it was a great character?"

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

SECOND EDITION.

THE Grand Jury filed their final report at 3 p.m. Thursday.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

To Hon. N. D. Denson,

Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit:

We, the Grand Jury, empanelled and charged by your Honor, for the Fall Term of the circuit court of Chilton county, beg leave to submit this our final report.

As a result of our labors, having enquired into 64 alleged violations of our laws, we have brought into your Honor's court 26 indictments.

Our investigations show that the county poor are well cared for, and that the public roads of the county are in fairly good condition.

The books and bonds of our county officers, as far as we have been able to ascertain from a limited examination, we find correctly kept and solvent.

Our county finances we find in good condition, and the statement submitted to us by the County Treasurer and attached hereto, and marked "Exhibit A" shows cash on hand of the General Fund $626.38, and the Fine and Forfeiture Fund, $192.68.

The county jail we find in fairly good condition. We hereby admonish the Sheriff to use added care and diligence in preventing the escape of prisoners from the custody of the law.

We desire to impress upon our county Tax Assessor the necessity of complying strictly with the law in the discharge of his official duty, and especially in the administering of the oaths required by law.

We desire to thank your honor for the able charge defining our duties, and to our Solicitor, Hon. S. L. Brewers, for his courteous assistance.

Having completed our duties we now ask to be discharged.

Respectfully submitted,
C. J. STEWART, Foreman.

THANKSGIVING DAY to-day.

THE Governor has issued a proclamation declaring the new constitution has been ratified by the people, and it becomes operative from to-day.

THIS term of circuit court is held under two constitutions. The first, or civil docket, is under the old constitution, the second, or criminal week, comes under the new.

A large number of democrats who oppose the new constitution met at Birmingham Tuesday and decided to continue a vigorous fight against the new instrument inside the democratic party. Probate Judge Mitchell, of Lauderdale, was made chairman. About one hundred prominent anti-ratifiers were in attendance. The following resolutions were adopted:

"First, the securing of the right of suffrage to all white men under the permanent as well as the temporary plan.

"Second, the securing of honest and fair primaries and elections, and putting an end to the shameless frauds which are now defeating the will of the white voters and disgracing our commonwealth.

"Third, the securing of such amendments as will strike out the odious and undemocratic features of the constitution defeated at the polls but proclaimed as ratified as will make it fair and just and secure to every white man equal rights and representation.

"Fourth, to secure the nomination of state officers, general senators and representatives by a primary election at which each candidate shall equal representation.

"Fifth, that these reforms can be secured by an active and aggressive organization within the democratic party only."

CIRCUIT COURT.

The fall term of Circuit Court convened on Monday morning, Judge N. D. Denson presiding.

After the preliminaries were all arranged the Judge made a very clear and impressive charge to the Grand Jury, who then retired. At the time of our going to press court is still in session. The Grand Jury has returned some sixteen true bills, and will probably adjourn this afternoon.

The following juries were empanelled:

GRAND JURY

Pink Littleton, Ben Vines, Lee Sammons, W. J. Atchison, A. Patterson, Wm Burnett, C. J. Stewart, Alex Boutwell, Charley Foshee, W. C. Robinson, John Parnell, T. M. Driver, J. W. Littlejohn, J. G. Gay, Rufus Houlditch, W. H. Bean, Alfred Mims, J. H. Green.

C. J. Stewart was chosen Foreman of the Grand Jury and J. B. Robinson, Bailiff.

PETIT JURY NO. 1

George Blaylock, Wm. Walker, G. W. Hill, Ellis Scott, D. F. Jacks, John Mims, Bennett Easterling, Isaac Atecrombie, Frank Goodgame, W. M. Goss, E. H. Smith, Jeff Baker.

PETIT JURY NO. 2.

Robert Roper, Jack Williams, G. W. Jones, W. S. Cox, Marion Marcus, David Cooley, J. R. Johnson, A. T. Hathcock, John W. Baker, J. M. Langston, Sr., Frank Adams, J. J. Letcher.

PETIT JURY NO. 3

Joe Price, Frank Harris, D. H. Gentry, G. W. Sorrell, Jr., J. N. Gentry, Sanford Kelly, R. W. Gandy.

East Chilton.

People are about done gathering their crops now, and moving seems to be all the go.

E. T. Connell will move to Elmore this week. P. M. Jones will move into the Connell house and J. P. Jones will move in the Jones house but I don't know who will move in J. P.'s house, I guess somebody will.

Mrs. Jane Goss, we are glad to say, is convalesing.

B. P. Kendrick has returned from school at Clanton. D. Kendrick has gone to Birmingham to secure work, it seems like all the country boys are trying to get to the towns.

Joseph Mims is having trouble with his jaw caused from having his tooth extracted, but hope he will soo be up again.

W. A. Goss paid a flying visit to Poplar Springs Sunday.

The preaching day at Corinth church has been changed to the first Sunday with Rev. J. H. Thomas pastor. A SUBSCRIBER

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: over-work and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however, you'll pay for it

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists,
409 Pearl Street,
New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Farmer's Mutual Insurance Association.

A special meeting of the Chilton County branch of the Farmer's Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama was held in Clanton on Saturday, November 23rd, 1901. The meeting was called to order by County President N. J. Calloway, who stated that the business before the members present, was to reconsider the action taken at the meeting on the 3rd of last August in amending and adding to the constitution and by-laws of the county Association. President Calloway stated that he had received letters from State Agent, W. R. Greene and State President, W. A. Clyde, which had convinced him that the action of the county Association in August 3rd was illegal and in conflict with the Constitution of the State Association. Secretary and Treasurer P. D. Wilson, then read a commission from State Agent W. R. Greene, appointing Wallace C. Edler of Clanton, assistant general agent in charge of Chilton and other counties. After some little discussion by several of the members, it was moved and seconded; That all of the business passed on August 3rd be declared null and void, except the election of county President N. J. Calloway, Sec and Treas. P. D. Wilson and nine beat directors.

The vote was taken on above resolutions, and President Calloway declared it carried. As a result of this action Wallace C. Edler, is now to be recognized as the regularly authorized and lawful agent in Chilton County. No other business being before the meeting, it then adjourned.

P. D. WILSON, Sec. & Treas.

STRAYED

From my place near Lily, about August 1, 1901, Two Heifer Yearlings, one white and red spotted and the other white with red ears, and One Cow, blue and white piped, crumpled horns. I will give the smallest of the two yearlings for the return of the other two.

G. T. CALPRE, Lily, Ala.

Jemison.

Mr. Dick Hubbard has opened up a store in our town.

Jemison will be (after St Louis) the next world's fair city.

Our school is doing well under the able management of Professors W. A. and J. F. McCreless.

Mr Charlie Reynolds and family are visiting relatives in Eclectic.

Mr. Wiley Howard of Wessington was in our city Sunday.

Mr. James Lowery and family, and Miss Bessie Johnson, of Bessemer visited friends and relatives here last week

Sheriff Kilgore was in our town Saturday.

After No. 2 left Monday morning a feeling of loneliness came to Mr. James W. Patton. We felt for him but could not reach him.

Mrs. K. E. Barnes of Montgomery is visiting her mother at this place.

Brothers Lee and Alexander are conducting a series of meetings at the Presbyterian church in this city.

There is a young merchant in our city who looks like he wants to marry Can anyone guess who he is.

The Critic is not dead. But he was nearly scared to death last Sunday. It wasn't no ghost either.

Critic.

Maybe you don't have colic. Then you don't need Dr. Thomas' Antiseptic for that purpose. But you don't know when you may get hurt, and it is a sure friend for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, inflamed eyes, Sore Throat, "Poison Oak," etc. Contains no grease, and the odor is very pleasant. Call at druggists for it.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR
"Something New Under the Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE"

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 952 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

JUDSON STROOK
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES
PAINTS, ETC.
Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

C. R. MULLINS
REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES
My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.
Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.
C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ON A WHEEL the rider frequently meets with disaster. A very handy and efficient doctor to have with you when an accident happens is a bottle of Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Ulcers or Running Sores

need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the very top

Corner Store

Second Avenue and Seventh Street

Has the Best Goods

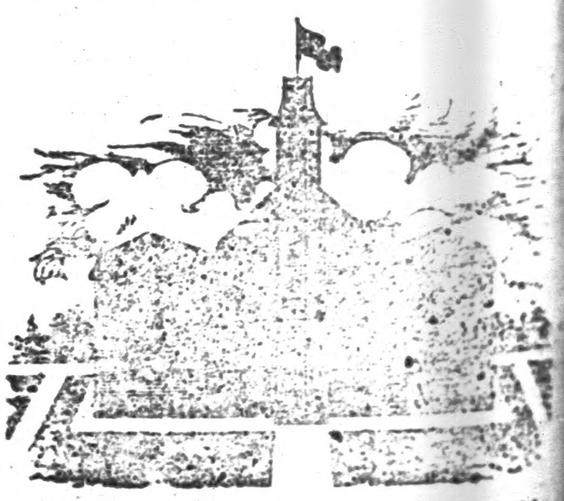
At a Lower Price

Than any in Town

A Warm Welcome to All.

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON



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A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF THE SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.
THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than two thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.00 TO $8.50 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.00 TO $2.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

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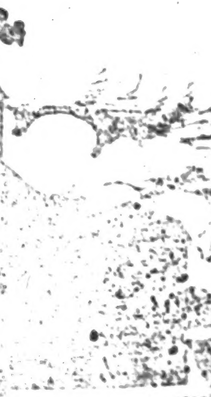

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to lend a hand in helping other
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RMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

NOW'S HERE

[illegible] Sunday in February last Sunday in [illegible] Sunday in June moved [illegible] Sunday in August [illegible] Sunday in November

CLANTON COTTON MART.

[illegible]

[illegible]	9 5-16	[illegible]
[illegible] TO DATE	1991	1903
[illegible] & Co	2696	1785
[illegible]	2031	1504
[illegible]	63½	2-4
[illegible]	206	305
[illegible]	5961	5900

[illegible] is the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.

W. H. PINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] car load at 26 [illegible] per 1000

[illegible] Clanton.

[illegible] Address [illegible] Fla.

[illegible] Miss [illegible] visitors

[illegible] Mr. [illegible] Berry [illegible] Cures

[illegible] Coopers

[illegible] visited Birmingham yesterday.

Lone Adams has returned after a pleasant visit to [illegible]

McCary of Mulberry was a here the past week.

T. A. Curry visited Montevallo Tuesday.

Cora Smith of Thorsby visited Clanton Wednesday.

R. B. Wallrop's smiling face always be found behind counter at W. H. Barton's.

D. S. Peters killed a big [illegible] on his place about one mile above the mouth of Walnut Creek on Saturday, Nov. 23. She [illegible] and whipped the dog after he killed it.

Carpenters and wagons should use Tichenor's Antiseptic to heal or relieve soreness of flesh. The odor and taste is pleasant, and a few gar. lies applications will do the work. Only 50c. For sale by druggists.

N. B. Cunningham of Riderville was a visitor here this week.

Minnie Bland of Coopers visitor here Wednesday.

Lena and Mattie Headly were visited Clanton Wednesday.

[illegible] is the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.

W. H. PINCKARD & CO.

County Deeds, Mortgages, Waive Notes, Receipts, Sale at the Banner office.

Meadows, representative of [illegible] & Co., Chicago, was in town Tuesday.

Buckner Harris of Santa visitor here this week. All [illegible] to see Buck.

W. J. Bodick of Stanton was a visitor here Tuesday. He discontinued the minutes of Lanier Association while [illegible] Banner [illegible] to [illegible] the call from Dr.

W. H. Shaw of Clear Creek was in town last Friday in the [illegible] of the Mulberry Association. The Banner office for a set. Please call and get them.

[illegible] Justices of the Peace [illegible] court this week.

[illegible] are in the market buying [illegible] and Cotton Seed, paying [illegible] market prices.

W. H. PINCKARD & CO.

[illegible] licenses have been issued [illegible] by the Probate Judge to [illegible] persons.

W. S. Gaitman and Miss [illegible] D. Broadnax; Mr. J. M. [illegible] and Miss Margie Horton; [illegible] W. Atcher and Miss [illegible] Maddox; Mr. Harvey W. [illegible] and Miss Lottie Branche; [illegible] A. Nobles and Miss Hattie [illegible]; Mr. Ed Campbell and [illegible] Reed; Mr. Robert D. [illegible] and Miss Zula Smith [illegible]; Mr. Thomas C. Kemp [illegible] Ida Gertrude White; Mr. [illegible] and Miss Callie Hunt; [illegible] Ed Sutton and Hettie [illegible]; Manual Peoples and Lizzie [illegible]; Richard F. Lewis and [illegible].

STOP THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.
Bromo-Quinine Tablets
Cure in One Day. No Cure
Price 25 cents.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must move room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

H. H. PINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

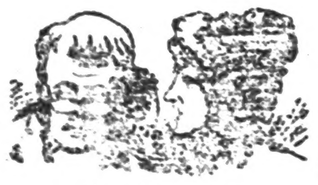
For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to me by express, P. O. Order or N. Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID, 4 Full Quarts
OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD
Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey
We ship in Plain Packages, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it at our expense and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you quicker delivery than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for 20 years, and as to our responsibility and reputation for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.
SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 35, Birmingham, Ala.
NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C. O. D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.
CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF
Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery
and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

ARE YOU DEAF? HAVE HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF
DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING
ARE NOW CURABLE
by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.
HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.
F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:
BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.
Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.
About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.
I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only memorially, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.
Then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,
F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.
Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.
Recreation and YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost.
NATIONAL AURAL SUPPLY CO., 380 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FINEST OIL MADE
FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.
YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.
An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.
No Nauseous Dose, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.
It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.
WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.
All correspondence strictly confidential.

HOUSEWORK
Too much housework wrecks women's nerves. And the constant care of children, day and night, is often too trying for even a strong woman. A haggard face tells the story of the overworked housewife and mother. Deranged menses, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb result from overwork. Every housewife needs a remedy to regulate her menses and to keep her sensitive female organs in perfect condition.
WINE OF CARDUI
is doing this for thousands of American women to-day. It cured Mrs. Jones and that is why she writes this frank letter:
Glendenne, Ky., Feb. 19, 1901.
I am so glad that your Wine of Cardui is helping me. I am feeling better than I have felt for years. I am doing my own work without any help, and I washed last week and was not one bit tired. That shows what the Wine is doing for me. I am getting fleshier than I ever was before, and sleep good and eat heartily. Before I began taking Wine of Cardui, I used to have to lay down about four times every day, but now I do not think of lying down through the day. MRS. RICHARD JONES.
$1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.
For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS.
All Agents desiring a supply of Vitae-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.
W. A. LOGAN, General Agent
AGENTS WANTED

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,
Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of
Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Undershirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.
Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville.
J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.
COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES
THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—CASH DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT
THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—
CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,
THORSBY, ALA.
OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	1	50 cents bushel sack Meal	1.10
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Brown and Bulk	10-12
14½ lb Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. X. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

As Age Advances Darkness of Night Grows More Unwelcome.

TWILIGHT HAS LOST ALL ITS CHARM.

As Symbol of Evil the Night Is Given as a Contrast to that Which is Good—William Quotes Extensively.

I confess that I do not like the night—except when I am asleep. Of course I mean the dark night—nor do I go into raptures over what we call the twilight—that doubtful light twixt sunshine and darkness, and that literally means "light cut in two." It seems to me that these twilights grow shorter as we grow older. When the day is done the darkness does seem to fall from the wings of night, and we hasten to light the lamps, for darkness is never welcome. It is an intruder and a symbol of every evil thing. We suppose that night was created as a contrast to make us enjoy the day, just as evil was created as a contrast to that which is good. The scriptures say no good thing concerning darkness or night and when describing heaven say, "There shall be no night there." They tell us of outer darkness and thick darkness and the blackness of darkness and darkness that may be felt. Darkness was one of the ten plagues that was sent upon Pharaoh. Job cursed the day of his birth and says, "Let the day be darkness. Let the darkness and the shadow of death stain it." David saith, "Sorrow endureth for the night, but joy cometh in the morning," and tells of the pestilence that walketh in darkness. The apostles use it as a symbol of every calamity. Darkness covered the land when the Savior was crucified. The devil is called the prince of darkness. Ancient mythology describes Erebus as the dark cavern through which the spirits of the damned and wicked dead shall pass on their way to hell. And Homer writes of a country called Cimmeria afar beyond the sea where the sun never shines and the people live in darkness. Milton describes the darkness of Hades as so dense that it was visible. Speaking of evil spirits that haunt mankind, he says they move in darkness, but fear truth and chastity. "No evil thing that walks by night in fog or fire—no hag, or ghost, or goblin damned has hurtful power over a chaste and virtuous woman." Montgomery says, "Night is the time to weep. And Shakespeare says, "In the dark night, imagining some fear, a little bush appears to be a bear." Young says, "An atheist half believes in God by night," and Tennyson says of himself, "I am but an infant crying in the night—an infant crying for the light." But this is enough, and these ruminations were provoked last night about midnight—the hour when the deep sleep falleth upon a man, but not upon a woman. My wife's voice awakened and startled me. She said, "What is it? Who is it? What do you want?" Then she called me and struck a match and lighted the candle that was near. "What did you hear?" said I. "Somebody is at the door," she said, excitedly. "Which door?" said I. "This one right here—maybe somebody I sick upstairs," she said. Unlocking the door quickly, the light shone into the room, but nobody was visible. I examined the room carefully and then went into the hall and dining room and parlor and thence upstairs on tiptoe, but all was silent. When I returned she said, "Well, I did certainly hear somebody at that door, and it waked me, but maybe I was dreaming. I remember now, I did have a troubled dream, but please look under the bed before you put out the light." Such is conjugal life and felicity. For some time I laid awake listening for a noise and ruminating on human helplessness during the darkness of the night.

I remember when I had an unwilling fear of ghosts that I would not acknowledge. I got it from the awful stories that our negroes told to us children, for there was a fascination about them that drew me to their cabins by night, and I listened to their made-up tales of ghosts and witches and Jack O'Lanterns and raw head and bloody bones until I was afraid to look around behind me, and had to be guarded to the big house door when I left. But this childish fear passed away, and long since I have realized that there are no spirits to haunt us, and that "only man is vile."

My wife is not a timid woman, but she is cautious, and will not consent for me to keep a pistol in our bedroom for fear I might have a bad dream and shoot somebody through mistake. She never sleeps very sound. A mother who has nursed ten children never does, and the cracking of the paper on the wall will arouse her. She is happy now, for there is another grandchild not far away, and she goes there every day. Pretends she goes to help Jessie, but it is really to nurse and fondle Jessie's baby boy, for the maternal instinct never dies, and she has not forgotten the lullabies she sang to her children in their infancy. I remember how my aged mother, when on her last bed, dreamed away her loving life imagining there was a babe at her breast and whispering a song to it just before she died. She found two in heaven when she got there. Oh, ye young men who linger and jest in the saloon or around the gaming tables or frequent disreputable places, stop and think. Stop and think and remember the long and weary nights that a mother watched with you and never complained. Maybe her spirit is watching you now and yearning over you in the spirit land. For her sake stop and think and come back to the innocence of your childhood.

And there are some little songs that I, too, remember and can still sing to the little helpless teething things and soothe them to sleep as I walk the room. My little baby songs are stereotyped in my memory and have been handed down, tho' not published or copyrighted. They are a masculine medley of "By, baby bunting," "Hush, my dear; lie still and slumber," "Juliana Johnson, don't you cry," "Away down in Shinbone alley, "And we'll pass over the Jordan, and so forth. They are all in the same key and in the same meter and dovetail into one another and just go round and round, monotonous and mournful, until the child has to go to sleep to keep from hearing them; nevertheless, it is a fact that I can get a sick child to sleep when its mother can't—and sometimes away in the dead of night, as I walked the room in my night shirt, I have not only got the child to sleep, but the mother, too.

But I am having some little domestic troubles that are disturbing my tranquility. Night before last I slipped the keys off the nail in the back room and went to the pantry to get some nice apples I had hid away there for a surprise to the family just before bedtime. I like these little surprises and so do they. I found the cat locked up in the pantry and put her out, and then pushed the door to keep her out while I was getting the apples. It is a curious door lock, for it has no knob on the inside, and I soon found that the cat was locked out and I was locked in. I rapped and banged for awhile for somebody to hear me and come, but nobody came. Then I knocked harder and hallooed louder, but to no effect. Then I kicked the door and made all sorts of a racket, but nobody came. So I concluded they heard me, but thought it was good fun to keep me in prison and give me time to reflect on my past life and the value of freedom in this land of liberty. But I didn't ponder long on those things. I was perplexed, but, after awhile thought of my knife as a screw driver and soon had the hasp off and was out of prison. "Didn't you hear me? I inquired. "Yes, we heard you knocking. What were you doing out there?" said my wife. They thought I was fixing or mending something, and did not hear my voice, for there were two rooms and a hall between us and all the doors shut. I distributed the apples and everything was soon calm and serene, but I have an increased horror of being put in jail and I am going to behave myself and keep out.

Monday night we heard Mrs. Sheridan sing, and it was a feast. We have known her from her childhood, when she wore pantaletts and pinafores and went to school in Rome with my children. I could not realize that this was or ever had been little Sarah McDonald who used to play and romp and scream like other children; but in her youth she heard a prima donna sing, and resolved to be a great singer, too. The Scotch-Irish blood was in her veins and she succeeded. Her father and mother were poor, but that made no difference. They had faith—religious faith; Bible faith—and named their four boys Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, and their three daughters, Mary, Martha and Sarah. Mark and Luke are living in Rome yet and have prospered. Sarah chanced to visit Philadelphia some years ago and by request sang one Sabbath at a little mission church that was founded by John Wannamaker. He was there and heard her and took a great liking to her and helped her to visit Europe to have her voice trained. She soon found other friends, who have befriended her and lavished upon her their aid and blessing.

As I listened to her singing those sweet old Scottish songs I wondered if there were not many just such female voices in that audience and all they lacked was culture and determination. I recalled Gray's beautiful lines—

"Full many a gem of purest ray serene
The dark, unfathomed caves of ocean bear;
Full many a flower is born to blush unseen
And waste its sweetness on the desert air.

—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

To Peterboro, N. H., belongs the distinction of establishing the first free public library in the world. It was incorporated in December, 1799. Although other towns had accepted gifts of libraries, and there have been in Europe for three hundred years or more municipal libraries, Peterboro was the first place to vote money for the formation and support of a free town library. Its first catalogue, issued in 1834, consisted largely of religious works, but there was a fair showing of works on travel and a respectable representation of fiction both as to quality and quantity.

In the sixteenth century the average of human life was eighteen and twenty years. At the close of the eighteenth century it was a little over thirty, while now it is over forty years, thus showing that within 300 years the average has been doubled.

KILLED IN ATHENS RIOTS

An Attempt Made to Assassinate the Greek Premier.

University Students Precipitate the Trouble—Disorders Due to a Proposed Gospel Translation.

Athens, Greece.—A remarkable politico-religious agitation has kept this city for days past in a state of excitement which has resulted in serious rioting and loss of life. The ostensible cause of the trouble is the opposition of the university students and others to the proposal to translate the Gospels into modern Greek and authorize such new version for general use. There is, however, a considerable political element in the movement, involving popular hostility to Slav influences.

In the view of those who oppose the translation Russia is working through Queen Olga against Greek national ideas and the members of the royal family, as well as the Government, are objects of their indignation. The governmental newspapers Akropolis and Asty, which support the translation proposal, also share in this hostility.

The demonstrations have been growing in violence daily, and in the course of rioting about twenty cavalrymen and a few civilians were wounded. The following day the students organized a meeting at the ruins of the Temple of Zeus and about 20,000 persons attended. The Government had supplemented the police with a large force of troops. Disturbances soon began and revolvers were freely used. In the melee seven persons were killed and thirty wounded and many persons suffered minor injuries.

Some of the rioters who recognized Premier Theotokis in the street tried to assassinate him. Several revolver shots were fired at M. Theotokis, but he escaped unharmed. The Prefect of Police and the Prefect of Athens were among the slightly injured.

Strong guards have been posted at the Palace and the residence of the Premier, and also at the offices of the Akropolis and Asty. The students hold the university as their headquarters and have adopted military discipline.

FANCY PRICES FOR MEAT CATTLE

Beef on the Hoof Sells For 21 1-2 Cents a Pound at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Penn.—The third annual and most successful fat stock show ever held in Pittsburg, closed with a banquet to the visiting shippers, breeders and dealers. At the auction sale of the prize winners and other cattle, all price records were broken for beef on the hoof.

Charles Escher's load of first prize winners, after spirited bidding finally sold for twenty-one and one-half cents per pound, said to be the highest price ever paid for a car load of meat cattle. The big steer, weighing 2190 pounds, raised by A. D. Bassel, of Lost Creek, W. Va., was sold for $4280.

LYNCH ELECTED AN M. P.

Fought For Boers and Will Be Arrested if He Appears in Commons.

Dublin, Ireland.—Colonel Lynch has been elected to Parliament in the voting in Galway. Lynch formerly commanded a force in the Boer army, and it is said that if he appears to take his seat he will be arrested and sent to South Africa to stand trial for treason.

The result of the election was: Lynch, 1247; Plunkett, 473.

In the event of Colonel Lynch's election being quashed on the ground that he is a traitor, Mr. Plunkett says he will decline to take the seat thus reverting to him. Lynch's friends seem satisfied he will attempt to take his seat.

GATHMANN GUN TEST ABANDONED

Board Thinks It Not Worth While to Try Any More.

New York City.—The Army and Navy officers detailed to report on the performances of the Gathmann gun have concluded to abandon any further test, after witnessing the effect of a regular service shell charged with twenty pounds of maximite.

The latter was discharged from the regular twelve-inch rifle with a reduced charge of smokeless powder, at a distance representing four miles. The service shell, with a muzzle velocity of 1800 feet a second, struck the target and shattered it to fragments.

BOSTON BANKS MERGED.

The Shawmut Absorbs the Commonwealth; Combined Capital $4,000,000.

Boston. — The National Shawmut Bank has purchased two-thirds of the stock of the National Bank of the Commonwealth and the two institutions will be consolidated at once.

The capital stock of the National Shawmut Bank is $3,000,000; that of the Commonwealth Bank $1,000,000. The aggregate deposits are nearly $50,000,000.

It is understood that a consolidation of banking interests by which the Shawmut will have a rival is contemplated. The new combination, it is said, will include eleven national banks.

Brooklyn's Postmaster Resigns.

The resignation of Postmaster Wilson, of Brooklyn, was accepted by President Roosevelt, at Washington.

Blew Open Safe; Got $3000.

Robbers blew open the safe in the vault of the First National Bank at Mondovi, Wis., and secured over $3000.

Chief Justice Gummere in Office.

William S. Gummere, who last winter was appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, was sworn in as a member of the Court of Errors and Appeals by Chancellor Magie at Trenton.

Boer Appeal Fails.

The Administrative Council of the Court of Arbitration at The Hague, Holland, decided that it was incompetent to consider the Boer appeal for intervention in the war in South Africa.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Power of Hope—No Better Medicine Did a Man Ever Take—Forgive the Repentant—The Perfect Life to Come—Cultivate Hope.

[Copyright, 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage would lift people out of despondency and bring something of future joy into earthly depression. The text is Hebrews vi, 19, "Which hope."

There is an Atlantic Ocean of depth and fullness in the verse from which my text is taken, and I only wade into the wave at the beach and take two words. We have all favorite words expressive of delight or abhorrence, words that easily find their way from brain to lip, words that have in them mornings and midnights, laughter and tears, thunderbolts and dewdrops. In all the lexicons and vocabularies there are few words that have for me the attractions of the last word of my text, "Which hope."

There have in the course of our life been many good angels of God that have looked over our shoulders, or met us on the road, or cloanted the darkness away, or lifted the curtains of the great future, or pulled us back from the precipices, or rolled down upon us the rapturous music of the heavens, but there is one of these angels that has done so much for us that we wish throughout all time and eternity to celebrate it—the angel of Hope. St. Paul makes it the center of a group of three, saying, "Now abideth faith, hope, charity." And, though he says that charity is the greatest of the three, he does not take one plume from the wing, or one ray of luster from the brow, or one aurora from the cheek, or one melody from from the voice of the angel of my text, "Which hope."

That was a great night for our world when in a Bethlehem caravansary the Infant Royal was born, and that will be a great night in the darkness of your soul when Christian hope is born. There will be chanting in the skies and a star pointing to the Nativity. I will not bother you with the husk of a definition and tell you what hope is. When we sit down hungry at a table, we do not want an analytical discourse as to what bread is. Hand it on; pass it round; give us a slice of it. John speaks of hope as a "pure hope;" Peter calls it a "lively hope;" Paul styles it a "good hope," a "sure hope," a "rejoicing hope." And all up and down the Bible it is spoken of as an anchor, as a harbor, as a helmet, as a door.

When we draw a check on a bank, we must have reference to the amount of money we have deposited, but Hope makes a draft on a bank in which for her benefit all heaven has been deposited. Hope! May it light up every dungeon, stand by every sickbed, lend a helping hand to every orphanage, loosen every chain, caress every forlorn soul and turn the unpictured room of the almshouse into the vestibule of heaven! How suggestive that mythology declares that when all other deities fled the goddess of Hope remained!

It was hope that revived John Knox when on shipboard near the coast of Scotland he was fearfully ill, and he was requested to look shoreward and asked if he knew the village near the coast, and he answered: "I know it well, for I see the steeple of that place where God first opened my mouth in public to His glory, and I am fully persuaded how weak that ever I now appear I shall not depart this life till I shall glorify His holy name in the same place." His hope was rewarded, and for twenty-five years more he preached. That is the hope which sustained Mr. Morrell of Norwich when departing this life at twenty-four years of age he declared, "I should like to understand the secrets of eternity before tomorrow morning." That was the kind of hope that the corporal had in the battle when, after several standard bearers had fallen, and turned to a lieutenant-colonel and said, "If I fall, tell my dear wife that I die with a good hope in Christ and that I am glad to give my life for my country." That was the good hope that Dr. Goodwin had in his last hour when he said: "Ah, is this death? How have I dreaded as an enemy this smiling friend!"

No better medicine did a man ever take than hope. It is a stimulant, a febrifuge, a tonic, a catholicon. Thousands of people long ago departed this life would have been living to-day but for the reason they let hope slip their grasp. I have known people to live on hope after one lung was gone and disease had seemed to lay hold of every nerve and muscle and artery and bone.

Alexander the Great, starting for the wars in Persia, divided his property among the Macedonians. He gave a village to one, a port to another, a field to another and all his estate to his friends. Then Perdiccas asked, "What have you kept for yourself?" He answered triumphantly, "Hope."

And, whatever else you and I give away, we must keep for ourselves hope—all comforting, all cheering hope. In the heart of every man, woman and child that hears or reads this sermon may God implant this principle right now!

Many have full assurance that all is right with the soul. They are as sure of heaven as if they had passed the pearly panels of the gate, as though they were already seated in the temple of God unrolling the libretto of the heavenly chorister. I congratulate all such. I wish I had it, too—full assurance—but with me it is hope. "Which hope." Sinful, it expects forgiveness; troubled, it expects relief; bereft, it expects reunion; clear down, it expects wings to lift; shipwrecked, it expects lifeboat; bankrupt, it expects eternal riches; a prodigal, it expects the wide open door of the father's farmhouse. It does not wear itself out by looking backward; it always looks forward. What is the use of giving so much time to the rehearsal of the past? Your mistakes are not corrected by a review. Your losses cannot, by brooding over them, be turned into gains. It is the future that has the most for us, and hope cheers us on. We have all committed blunders, but does the calling of the roll of them make them any the less blunders? Look ahead in all matters of usefulness. However much you may have accomplished for God and the world's betterment your greatest usefulness is to come. "No," says some one, "my money is gone." "No," says some one, "the most of my years are gone and therefore my usefulness." Why, you talk like an infidel. Do you suppose that all your capacity to do good is fenced in by this life? Are you going to be a lounger and a do nothing after you have quit this world?

It is my business to tell you that your faculties are to be enlarged and intensified and your qualifications for usefulness multiplied tenfold, a hundredfold, a thousandfold.

Is your health gone? Then that is a sign that you are to enjoy a celestial health compared with which the most jocund and hilarious vitality of earth is invalidism. Are your fortunes spent? Remember, you are to be kings and queens unto God. And how much more wealth you will have when you reign forever and ever! I want to see you when you get your heavenly work dress on. This little bit of a speck of a world we call the earth is only the place where we get ready to work. We are only journeymen here, but will be master workmen there. Heaven will have no loafers hanging around. The book says of the inhabitants, "They rest not day nor night." Why rest when they work without fatigue? Why seek a pillow when there is no sight there? I want to see you after the pedestrianism of earth has been exchanged for power of flight and velocities infinite and enterprises interstellar, interworld.

I suspect that the telescope of that observatory brings in sight constellations that may comprise ruined worlds which need looking after and need help saintly and missionary. There may be worlds that, like ours, have sinned and need to be rescued, perhaps saved by our Christ or by some plan that God has thought out for other worlds as wise, as potent, as lovely as the atonement is for our world.

The laziness which has cursed us in this world will not gain the land of eternal activities—so much tonic in the air, so much inspiration in the society, so much achievement after we get the shackles of the flesh forever off. Do not dwell so much on opportunities past, but put your emphasis on opportunities to come.

Am I not right in saying that eternity can do more for us than can time? What will we not be able to do when our powers of locomotion shall be quickened into the immortal spirit's speed? Why should a bird have a swiftness of wing when it is of no importance how long it shall take to make its aerial way from forest to forest and we, who have so much nobler important errand in the world, get on so slowly? The roebuck outruns us, the hounds are quicker in the chase, but wait until God lets us loose from all limitations and hinderments. Then we will fairly begin. The starting post will be the tombstone. Leaving the world will be graduation day before the chief work of our mental and spiritual career. Hope sees the doors opening, the victor's foot in stirrup for the mounting. The day breaks—first flush of the horizon. The mission of hope will be an everlasting mission, as much of it in the heavenly hereafter as in the earthly now. Shall we have gained all as soon as we enter realms celestial—nothing more to learn, no other heights to climb, no new anthems to raise, a monotony of existence, the same thing over and over again for endless years? No! More progress in that world than we ever made in this.

Hope will stand on the hills of heaven and look for ever brightening landscapes, other transfigurations of color, new glories rolling over the scene, new celebration of victories in other worlds, heaven rising into grander heavens, seas of glass mingled with fire, becoming a more brilliant glass mingling with a more flaming fire. "Which hope."

Hope on, and, though you may never hear of your son's reformation and others may think he has left this life hopeless, who knows but that in the last moment, after he has ceased to speak and before his soul launches away, your prayer may have been answered and he be one of the first to meet you at the shining gate. The prodigal in the parable got home and sat down at the feast, while the elder brother, who never left the old place, stood pouting at the back door and did not go in at all.

To another class of persons I introduce the angel of hope, and they are the invalids. I cannot take the diagnosis of your disorder, but let hope cheer you with one of two thoughts. Such marvelous cures are being wrought in our day through medication and surgery that your invalidism may yet be mastered.

Persons as ill as you have got well. Cancer and tuberculosis will yet give way before some new discovery. I see every day people strong and well who not long ago I saw pallid and leaning heavily on a staff and hardly able to climb stairs.

But if you will not take the hand of hope for earthly convalescence let me point you to the perfect body you are yet to have if you love and serve the Lord. Death will put a prolonged anaesthetic upon your present body, and you will never again feel an ache or pain, and then in His good time you will have a resurrection body, about which we know nothing expect that it will be painless and glorious beyond all present appreciation. What must be the health of that land which never feels cut of cold or blast of heat, and where there is no east wind sowing pneumonias on the air, your fleetness greater than the foot of deer, your eyesight clearer than eagle in sky, perfect health, in a country where all the inhabitants are everlastingly well!

You who have in your body an encysted bullet ever since the Civil War; you who have kept alive only by precautions and self denials and perpetual watching of pulse and lung; you of the deafened ear and dim vision and the severe backache; you who have not been free from pain for ten years, how do you like this story of physical reconstruction, with all weakness and suffering subtracted and everything jocund and bounding added?

Do not have anything to do with the gloom that Harriet Martineau expressed in her dying words: "I have no reason to believe in another world. I have had enough of life in one and can see no good reason why Harriet Martineau should be perpetuated." Would you not rather have the Christian enthusiasm of Robert Annan, who when some one said, "I will be satisfied if I manage somehow to get into heaven," replied, pointing to a sunken vessel that was being dragged up the River Tay: "Would you like to be pulled into heaven with two tugs like that vessel yonder? I tell you I would like to go in with all my sails set and colors flying."

Again, let me introduce the element of hope to those good people who are in despair about the world's moral condition. They have gathered up appalling statistics. They tell of the number of divorces, but do not take into consideration that there are a thousand happy homes where there is one of marital discord.

They tell you of the large number in our land who are living profligate lives, but forget to mention that there are many millions of men and women who are doing the best they can.

They tell you the number of drunkeries in this country, but fail to mention the thousands of glorious churches with two doors—one door open for all who will enter for pardon and consolation, and the other door opening into the heavens for the ascent of souls prepared for translation.

From this hour cultivate hope. Do so by reading all the Scriptural promises of the world's coming Edenization, and doubt if you dare the veracity of the Almighty when He says He will make the desert roseate, and the leopard and kid will lie down in the same pasture field, and the lion, ceasing to be carnivorous, will become graminivorous, eating "straw like an ox," and reptilian venom shall change into harmlessness, so that the "weaned child shall put his hand on the cockatrice's den, and there shall be nothing to hurt or destroy in all God's holy mountain, for the earth shall be full of the knowledge of the Lord as the waters cover the sea." So much for the world at large.

Then cultivate hope in regard to your own health, your own financial prosperity, your own longevity, by seeing how in other people God mercifully reverses things and brings to pass the unexpected, remembering that Washington lost more battles than he gained, but triumphed at the last, and, further, by making sure of your eternal safety through Christ Jesus, understand that you are on the way to palaces and thrones. This life a span long, ending in durations of bliss that neither human nor archangelic faculties can measure or estimate—redolence of a springtime that never ends and fountains tossing in the light of a sun that never sets. May God thrill us with anticipation of this immortal glee! "Which hope."

I said in the opening of this subject that my text was only the wave on the beach, while the whole verse from which it is taken is an ocean. But the ocean tides are coming in, and the sea is getting so deep I must fall back, wading out as I waded in, for what mortal can stand before the mighty surges of the full tide of eternal gladness? "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard; neither hath entered into the heart of man the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

THE SABBATH

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR DECEMBER

Subject: The Call of Moses—Golden Text: Ex. iii, 10—Verses, 9-12—Commentary on Lesson.

Introduction—The life of Moses divided into three periods of forty each. 1. He was in Egypt during which time he was in his own home, and afterward household of Pharaoh. 2. He in Midian forty years, caring for flocks of his father-in-law, in the wilderness where he was to lead the children of Israel. 3. The last forty years of his life were spent in preparing for his life work, which was the deliverance of Israel. For forty years the people of God in bondage, as they journeyed towards Canaan.

1. "Priest of Midian." Or, priest and prince. The word has both meanings. "He led the flock beyond the desert, and came to the mountain of God, Horeb." About forty years Moses had been living as a shepherd, caring for the flocks of his father-in-law. "Back of the desert" (R. V.). During all this time he had been holding communion with God, and was being prepared for his work. But think of a man with such talents and ability such as Moses had, shut down for forty years with a few sheep. Yet this was evidently God's way. Our wanderings would many times be more acquainted with the whole matter if we could see how this would be of great importance when he came to lead his people from Egypt. "Mountain of God" is sometimes named Horeb in other places. It was called the mountain of God because God appeared upon it to Moses.

2. "Angel of the Lord." Not a created angel for he is called Jehovah in vs. 4, 6. This was none other than Christ, the Redeemer of mankind. "In a flame of fire." Representing the holiness, purity and power and energy of God. He was about to bring destruction on his enemies, and light and comfort to his people. "The bush burned." Its emblem it instructs us. As it astonishes. 3. As a magnet it attracts. 4. As a monitor it warns. This is the emblem of the state of the bush in their distress. 2. Of the state of the church in the world. 3. Of the state of every true Christian. "Not consumed." Showing that this was fire from God. 3. "Why the bush is not burned." If possible to see the cause of this strange appearance. God will reveal to souls all they need to know when they are able to follow and obey Him.

4. "God called unto of the bush." Flame is the best symbol of God. It is immaterial. 2. It is glorious. It is mysterious in its nature. 3. It is everywhere—omnipresent. 4. It enlightens the world. 5. It is the emblem of life, beauty and power. 6. It is undefiled and undefilable. 7. It purifies. 8. It is terrible as a destroyer. 9. It is warming, cheering and inviting. "And said Moses." Moses was thus addressed by name and was more surprised by what he heard than what he saw.

5. "Put off thy shoes." Put off the sandals is a very ancient form of worship. The rabbins say that priests perform their service with bare feet as a token of purity and reverence. The Mohammedans, Brahmins and Parsees worship barefooted to the present. "This was required of Moses as a sign of his reverence for God, of his humiliation for his sins, of his putting away impurity in his life and of his submission and readiness to obey God's will."

6. "I am the God." God does not say I "was" the God of my fathers but I "am" their God. The patriarchs were still living, for God is not the God of the dead but of the living. Matt. xxii, 32. "Afraid to look." He was afraid in God's presence.

7. "Seen the affliction." God says I have considered their affliction, their oppressed state, their sorrows, their sighs, their heavy burdens, I come in review before Him. He counts the sighs of His people and puts their tears into His bottle.

8. "Am come down." When something very extraordinary was said to "come down" to do it. Gen. xxxviii, 7; Ex. xix, 11. So Christ came down from heaven to save fallen man. "And a land flowing with milk and honey." God promised to bring his people out of Egypt, with its misery and impurity, into a good land, a land of good things. The milk and honey are typical of the richness and fullness of God's grace.

9. "The cry—is come unto me." God had not come down to see the miseries and subjects of His promise were in a condition as to merit His salvation, nor was He attracted by their prayers or their virtues; but it was the cry of Him that they needed the grace and assurance that He was able to give them.

10. "I will send thee." Many years before this Moses had been called to deliver his people in his own strength. Now he is taught by his own strength. Now he is taught the other lessons God would teach him and his time had come. There is a difference between God using a man and a man running against God.

11. "Who am I." Moses was not prepared for his work of leadership; eminent for learning, for experience, and yet he says, "Who am I?" The better prepared any one is for service, the less common he has for saying, "That I should go." Doubtless he was affected by the remembrance of his former failure. The work to be done was great and dangerous. 1. He was to be in danger. 2. What could he do to influence a king? It was not likely that the Egyptian would give up 2,000,000 people who were doing their work without compensation. He was to organize and discipline such a band of untrained men would require patience and ability. 4. It was difficult to induce the Israelites to follow and leave Egypt for an unknown country.

12. "Will be with thee." "I will be with you, and I will direct thee, and I will bring all these mighty things to pass." "Upon this mountain." God promised that in their return from Egypt they would stop at this mountain on the way, and would worship God in it. This would confirm the faith of Moses in all the work of the long journey they were to follow.

News of the Future.

Agricultural labor in Italy does not have a very prosperous outlook.

On the advice of Cecil Rhodes Arab laborers are to be used in Rhodesia.

Vienna has a school for waiters, a three years' course. Among the subjects taught is French.

Engineers and firemen on the Pacific's big compound locomotives will have their pay increased.

An investigation shows that members of various trades unions in Berlin are registered as unemployed.

It is proposed to build in Paris an hotel for unemployed women. It is hoped that the United States could never be of such a thing here.

Children's Rights.

What a child wants is a chance to grow and learn by experience his duty toward the world. Our duty to children, as wise and enlightened people, is to be consistently kind and firm, because he has sensitive nerves, just as we have; to be tender, because he is dependent; to be patient, because he partakes of our own faulty nature; and loving, because only in the atmosphere of love can goodness flourish. Above all, we should be the natural protectors of his natural rights and privileges because he is a child and cannot protect himself.—Dr. Hall Winterburn in Woman's Companion.

A Long Pennant.

United States collier Brutus, which arrived at New York recently from Seattle, had a homeward bound pennant 225 feet long.

Miss Lillie Degenkolbe
Society of Christian
Chicago Ave., Chicago
ia E. Pinkham's Veg

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — When I
had a hard fall and internally
considerably inflamed, debilitated
and spirits. I spent no money
visited our home. She was
ham's Vegetable Compound
would satisfy her. I
hundred times for its cure, I
me within seven weeks.
I now wish to thank you, your me
—LILLIE DEGENKOLBE.

FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE
women are troubled with
weakness, inflammation, displacement
that bearing-down feeling
or flatulency, general debility,
are beset with nervousness,
irritability, nervousness,
"want-to-be-left-alone" feeling
should remember there is one tried
to buy any other medicine, for
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women
has guided thousands to health.

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"LEADER" and
SMOKELESS POWDE
used by the best shots in the country
form and reliable. All the world's champ
and made by Winchester shells. Shoot
USED BY THE BEST SHOTS.

MITCHELL'S

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T. R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000
Deposit Guarantee
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COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

TO $1500 A YEAR
Intelligent Men and Women as
Representatives or Local Managers,
to Represent and Introduce
experience and ability. We
Introduce, offering upon the time
Send stamp for full particulars and
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AMERICAN LADY, independent
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the Tobacco Industry.
several years the Japanese government has been conducting experiments in tobacco culture, not only with to supplying the demand of its people, but of encouraging a profitable export trade in the article. A report on the results of these experiments has just been issued by the Japanese department of agriculture and commerce, and it records a considerable measure of success. It is the purpose of the Mikado's government to if possible, a home-grown leaf of excellence that the importation of which has done away with of American, Egyptian and other foreign tobaccos, which importation has shown a marked increase in recent years.

THE SABBATH SC

INTERNATIONAL LESSON CO FOR DECEMBER 1.

Subject: The Call of Moses, Ex. 3:1-10. —Golden Text: Ex. III., 10. Verses, 9-13.—Commentary on Lesson.

Introduction—The life of Moses divided into three periods of forty each. 1. He was in Egypt during which time he was brought up in his own home, and afterwards in the school of Pharaoh. 2. He was forty years, caring for the flocks of his father-in-law, in the very prime of life, where he was to lead the children of Israel. 3. The first third of his life were only a preparation for the work which was the glory of Israel. For forty years he was a keeper of God in their wanderings. They journeyed towards Canaan. 1. Priest of Midian." Or priest and prince, "the original meanings. "Led the flock" forty years Moses had been as a shepherd, caring for the flocks of his father-in-law. "Back of the desert." (R. V.) During all this time he had been holding communion with God and was being prepared for work. But think of a man with the ability such as Moses had, hidden for forty years with a few sheep! It was evidently God's plan. Sunderings would make him thoroughly acquainted with this whole region which would be of great importance when he came to lead his people out of Egypt. "Mountain of God." Sinai was named Horeb at other times. It was called the mountain of God because God appeared upon it to Moses. "Angel of the Lord." Not an angel for he is called Jehovah in v. 6. This was none other than Christ, the Redeemer of mankind. "Flame of fire." Representing God in purity and power, and showing that it was about to bring destruction on sinners, and light and comfort to his people. "The bush burned." 1. It is emblem it instructs. 2. As a rose it astonishes. 3. As a magnet it attracts. 4. As a monitor it warns. This is an emblem of the state of the Israelites in their distress. 2. Of the state of the church in the world. 3. Of the state of every true Christian. "Not consumed." Showing that this was fire from God. "Why the bush," etc. He was desirous if possible to see the cause of this strange appearance. God will reveal to his people all they need to know in order to be able to follow and obey Him. 5. "God called out of the midst of the Flame is the best symbol of God. It is immaterial. 2. It is glorious. It is mysterious in its nature. 4. And it is everywhere—omnipresent. It enlightens the world. 6. It is a type of his beauty and power. 7. It is undefiled and undefilable, absolutely pure. 8. It is terrible as a destructive force. 9. It is warming, cheering and inspiring. "And said Moses." Moses was thus addressed by name, must have been more surprised by what he heard than by what he saw.

5. "Put off thy shoes." Putting off the sandals is a very ancient place of worship. The rabbins say that the priests perform their service with bare feet, in token of purity and reverence. Mohammedans, Brahmins and Parsees worship barefooted to the present day. "This was required of Moses as a token of his reverence for God, of his humiliation for his sins, of his putting off impurity in his life and of his entire and readiness to obey God's will." 6. "I am the God." God does not say I "was" the God of thy father, but I "am" their God. The patriarchs are still living, for God is not the God of the dead but of the living. Mark, "Afraid to look." He was overcome by God's presence.

7. "Seen the affliction." They have considered their afflictions, their oppressed state, their sorrows, their cries, their sighs, their heavy bondage, have come in review before Him; He counts the sighs of His people and their tears into His bottle.

8. "Am come down." When God does something very extraordinary he is said to "come down" to do it, as in Gen. 11:5. So Christ came down from heaven to save fallen man. "And a large land." Canaan was large compared with Egypt. "With milk and honey." God compares the people out of Egypt, with its idolatry, impurity, into a good land, full of good things. The milk and honey are typical of the richness and fullness of God's grace.

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News of the Toilers.

Agricultural labor in Kansas does not have a very prosperous year.

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Vienna has a school for waiters, with a three years' course. Among the subjects taught is French.

Engineers and firemen on the Southern Pacific's big compound locomotives will have their pay increased.

An investigation shows that the members of various trades unions in Berlin are registered as out of employment.

It is proposed to build a city in Paris in which to maintain 10,000 fallen women. It is hopeless to think of such a thing here. The United States could never get over it.

Miss Lillie Degenkolbe, Treasurer South Side Society of Christian Endeavor, 3141 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill., Cured by Mrs. E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When life looked brightest to me I became a hopeless invalid and internal complications were the result. My ovaries were inflamed, did not feel that I could walk, and lost much flesh. I spent money doctoring without any help, when a friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, having used it herself, that it was the medicine for me. She was so enthusiastic over it I could not delay trying it until I sent for a bottle. I have thanked God for it since, for it brought blessed health to me in less than seven weeks.

Gratefully yours, Miss LILLIE DEGENKOLBE.

FOR FIFTY YEARS IT HAS BEEN THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE. Troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bearing-down pains, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration with symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, flatulency, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" or "let-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

WINCHESTER
"LEADER" and "REPEATER"
SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS
Used by the best shots in the country because they are so accurate, uniform and reliable. All the world's championships and records have been won and made by Winchester shells. Shoot them and you'll shoot well.
LOADED BY THE BEST SHOTS, SOLD EVERYWHERE

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ALL FARE AND UNDER $5,000
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FREE SCHOLARSHIPS BOARD AT COST. Write for Catalogue to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

$10 TO $1500 A YEAR
Good Reliable Men and Women as Agents, Representatives or Local Managers; $10 to $1500 a year and all expenses, according to experience and ability. We also want Traveling Salesmen; salary $60 to $75 a month and expenses, depending upon the time and territory. For full particulars and position address, Dept. B., THE ROWELL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AMERICAN LADY, independent, to travel among good homes; long salary. Address, 1111 Masonic Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Boom in the Tobacco Industry.

For several years the Japanese government has been conducting experiments in tobacco culture, not only with a view to supplying the demand of its people, but of encouraging a profitable export trade in the article. A report on the results of these experiments has just been issued by the Japanese department of agriculture and commerce, and it records a considerable measure of success. It is the purpose of the Mikado's government to make possible a home-grown leaf in order to insure that the importation of foreign tobacco, which has been done away with of American, Egyptian and other foreign leaf, which importation has shown a marked increase in recent years.

Children's Rights.

What a child wants is a chance to grow and learn by experience his duties toward the world. Our duty toward him, as wise and enlightened people, is to be consistently kind and generous, because he has sensitive nerves just as we have; to be tender, because he is dependent; to be patient, because he partakes of our own faulty nature and loving, because only in the atmosphere of love can goodness flourish. Above all, we should be the natural protectors of his natural rights and privileges because he is helpless and cannot protect himself.—Shell Winterburn in Woman's Home Companion.

A Long Pennant.

The United States collier Brutus, which arrived at New York recently from Manila, had a homeward bound pennant all the way long.

YANKEE CAPITAL IN CANADA.

The economic development of Canada is being rapidly advanced by both native and "States" capital. A great Buffalo (N. Y.) syndicate, headed by Capt. Wolverin, is pressing a scheme to build elevators at Quebec and ship grain from the West and Northwest to Europe. Sites for the new elevators have already been practically selected, and it has been found that they could be advantageously built all along the Quebec river front for nine miles, up to the site of the next bridge. The company is ready to begin operations at once, and will place ten steamers to start with, upon the route between Duluth and Quebec, to feed the elevators. Still more American capital is finding its way to Canada for investment in the pulp industry. A large syndicate, having at its head the Messrs. Clark of New York and Meaney of Toronto, has contracted with the provincial government of Quebec to expend $2,000,000 within the next two years in developing the industry upon the Labrador coast, in consideration of the action of the government in selling them a valuable water power for the sum of $15,000. This power is one of the falls of the Marguerite river on the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and is capable of producing several thousand horse power. This syndicate will employ the power to generate electricity, and this force will be conveyed on wires to Seven Islands, some ten miles away, where there is a splendid harbor for ships of a heavy draught, and where it is consequently intended to erect the company's mills. The syndicate has already purchased several hundred square miles of valuable timber limits on the banks of the Marguerite and other streams, and now prospectors are out on various portions of the Labrador coast, spying out desirable locations for other similar industries.—Pennsylvania Grit.

THE LIFE OF A COAL MINER.

First, the boy of eight or ten is sent to the breaker to pick the slate and other impurities from the coal which has been brought up from the mine; from there he is promoted and becomes a door boy, working in the mine; as he grows older and stronger he is advanced to the position and given the pay of a laborer; there he gains the experience which secures him a place as a miner's helper; and as he acquires skill and strength he becomes, when in the height of his manhood and vigor, a full-fledged miner. If he is fortunate enough to escape the falls of rock and coal he may retain this position as a miner for a number of years, but as age creeps on and he is attacked by some of the many diseases incident to work in the mines he makes way for those younger and more vigorous following him up the ladder whose summit he has reached. He then starts on the descent, going back to become a miner's helper, then a mine laborer, now a door boy, and when old and decrepit he finally returns to the breaker where he started as a child, earning the same wages as are received by the little urchins who work at his side. There is no incentive for ambition in the average miner's life. He cannot rise to places of eminence and wealth; only one in five hundred can even be given place as a foreman or superintendent, and these are positions which few miners care to hold.—Cosmopolitan.

INVALIDED BY FASHION.

Society Girls Overworked Trying to Become Accomplished.

To learn as many of the fashionable accomplishments as possible appears to be the ambition of the girl of the period and her mamma. It is too often the case that considerations of physical health are entirely overlooked and that the fashionable girl finds herself worn out and old in appearance and disposition before she has reached the age of 22. The Ladies' Home Journal characterizes this folly properly when it says: "There are parents who, not content with the studies which their daughters have to grapple with at school, load them down with a few special studies in the 'finer arts.' I have in mind now several young girls between the precarious ages of 12 and 17, who, after they return from school, have an extra dose of painting, music or languages. 'But my daughter must know something of these things,' is the protest of the fond mother. 'She must be able to hold her own with other girls of her set.' Of course, the girl at this tender age, with such a mental load, soon goes to pieces. She becomes anaemic, listless and nervous, and then the mother wonders why! To build her up everything under the sun is tried except a lessening of mental work and the unnatural strain upon the nervous system. The girl develops into what? A bundle of nerves incased in the most fragile frame, her physical vitality sapped almost to the last dreg. And in this condition she enters the marriage state! And yet we wonder why there are so few women absolutely free from organic troubles. Is it so inexplicable?"

Pelting Brides with Flowers.

The custom of showering bridal couples with rice is as old as the monumental hills. It is sometimes attended with disagreeable results, but is still persisted in at most matrimonial functions. An improvement upon this custom which seems likely and ought to become popular was observed at a pretty wedding celebrated at Lake Geneva just before the close of the outing season. The piazzas and lawn of the bride's home were beautifully decorated with hydrangeas, which the extensive garden of the bride's home furnished in unusual profusion. The altar arranged at one end of the parlor was beautifully decorated and bowered with the same blooms mingled with ferns and evergreens. Bunches of the blossoms stood in large jars and vases in the spacious hall and banked the great fireplace. When the newly wedded pair started away in the late afternoon the guests lined the way from the house to the entrance gate of the grounds, everyone provided with hydrangeas, and through this lane of pelting flowers the bridal carriage was driven. It was a poetic and picturesque change from the usual rice shower.

A Marvelous Machine.

An invention, which it is claimed, will supplant petroleum as a motive power and will make stopping to take on a supply of electricity unnecessary for automobiles, is the work of a French scientist, one S. North. The device, according to an English contemporary, consists of an automatic generator of electricity which takes up very little space and makes electricity as the automobile proceeds on its journey. Only a small quantity of water is required for generating the electricity, and this can be easily carried in a bottle. It is stated that the French government has under consideration the advisability of adopting this new invention for submarine boats.

It Could Not Be.

Little Ham stood on the main deck of the ark, crying bitterly. "What is the matter, my son?" inquired Noah, pausing in his effort to induce the pterodactyl to cease annoying the ichthyosaurus. "I have been all through the animal quarters and I don't see any red lemonade or peanuts, and I think your old circus is no good," wailed the youth. How in the world did Ham know anything about circuses, though?—Baltimore American.

True to Godus.

"You remember Quorum, who was always so full of big ideas for making money?" "Quite well. What has become of him?" "That's what I was going to tell you. His last scheme was to dig a tunnel under the Atlantic ocean, between the United States and England. He had the thing figured down to a nicety, and had all the estimates to show that such a tunnel could be constructed for $2,375,000,000. He spent six months making his calculations, and then all at once he gave it up." "What did he do that for?" "The capitalists he was trying to get to back him had him run in for vagrancy."—Chicago Tribune.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Of 8899 suicides in France, 3008 were unmarried.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

There are now about 800 ostriches on California farms.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Tea plants at the age of seven years yield 700 pounds of tea to the acre.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The steeple climber naturally feels that he is up against it.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance. Sold by all druggists.

A German naturalist says that in case of an early spring a single pair of field mice may, by the end of the autumn, be the proud ancestors of 200 mice.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The fragrant honeysuckle has a very pretty meaning—generous, devoted affection.

Mistake in the Amount.

"The prisoner offered this court a bribe of 50 cents to turn him loose," said the indignant crossroads justice. "No, your honor," replied the lawyer, "it was $2." "Now, that's something like it, and I stand corrected," replied the justice. "Let him go.

Coughs

"My wife had a deep-seated cough for three years. I purchased two bottles of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, large size, and it cured her completely."
J. H. Burge, Macon, Col.

Probably you know of cough medicines that relieve little coughs, *all coughs, except deep ones!* The medicine that has been curing the worst of deep coughs for sixty years is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

"WHAR DEW I CUM IN?"

(Being the Soliloquy of a Farmer on the Free Raw Sugar Question.)

"Thar's a mighty lot er talkin' about farmers 'n thar rights,
'N the wonderful prosperity thet beet growin' invites.
Thar's a heap er foolish crowin' 'n the "beats" begin ter shout
'n holler fer the Tariff ter keep free raw sugar out!
But I notis thet the beet-producin' farms are very few,
An' the farmers through the country aint got much of it ter dew.
The hull land aint a-raisin' beets, 'n aint goin' ter begin,
Beet growin's right fer sum, I guess, but, whar dew I cum in?

The farmer gits four dollars now fer every ton o' beets—
A handsom price, I must allow—but hidin' sum deceits.
Beet sugar manufacterers admit es they hev found
Thet "granylated" costs 'em sumthin' like tew cents a pound.
In fact thet leaves a profit on which they'd greatly thrive—
Ahh—if it kin be sold fer three, why should we pay 'em FIVE?
It seems ter me es thet's a game thet's mighty like a skin—
But—if thar's any benefit—waal,—whar dew I cum in?

When Uncle Sam's in want o' cash we're glad ter help him out,
'N we'll stand all the taxes thet are needed, never doubt.
But when his pocket-book's well lined an' nary cent he lacks,
Et seems ter me his duty's ter repeal thet sugar tax.
Them fellers wot is interested see its to protect
The beet-producin' farmer thet the duty they collect,
But I guess thet explanation es a little bit too thin—
The sugar maker,—he's all right;—but whar dew we cum in?

Take off raw sugar duty an' the price will quickly fall,
To everybody's benefit, fer sugar's used by all.
The poor will bless the Government thet placed it in thar reach—
(In millions of our citizens free sugar now beseech)
The dealer 'll be delighted—less expenditure fer him—
More demand 'n bigger profits—which at present are but slim.
An' the farmer 'll be as well paid as he ever yet has been—
But he'll buy his sugar cheaper—thet's whar he an' I'll cum in.

Now, whar's the sense er reason of the sugar tax to-day,
When our treasury's a-bulgin' an' we hev no debts ter pay?
The duty on raw sugar's fifty million every year—
An' the people's got ter pay it—thet's a fact thet's very clear.
Fifty million! Great Jerusha! Ter protect beet magnates, too,
Why should they tax ALL the people—just ter help a scattered FEW?
And the FEW? Beet sugar MAKERS! Don't it really seem a sin
Thus ter help an' fill thar coffers? Whar dew you an' I cum in?

The farmer growin' beets hes got a contract price fer years—
Free raw sugar wouldn't hurt him, an' of it he hes no fears.
But mebbe, like myself—he's also growing fruit so nice—
Ter preserve it—at a profit—he needs sugar—at a price!
The repealing of the duty, surely cuts the price in two—
Thet'll make a mighty difference, neighbor, both ter me an' you!
Let the sugar manufacterer make such profits as he kin—
Ter him it may seem right enuff—but whar dew I cum in?

An' I aint agoin' ter swaller all the argyments they shout
Thet the farmers need protection—an' must tax raw sugar out.
Common sense is plainly showin' that the people in the land
Want raw sugar free in future—an' its freedom will demand.
'Tis a tax no longer needed—hateful to the public view,—
Taxing millions of our people to enrich a favored few.
They can't blind me any longer with the foolish yarns they spin,—
While they're busy making money—whar dew you an' I come in?

I'm agoin' ter keep on hustlin', talkin', plendin' with my frends,—
Aint no sense in lettin' others gain thar selfish privet ends.
I'm agoin' ter write termorrer to my Congressman 'nd say
Thet he oughter do his best ter kill that tax without delay!
Feller-farmers, do your utmost—whether you grow beets or not
To repeal the tax on sugar—you can but improve your lot!
Cheaper sugar helps your pocket, greater blessings you can win—
When we've three-cent granylated—that's whar you an' I cum in!"

For More Than a Quarter of a Century the reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has excelled all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other $4.00 and $5.00 shoes because his reputation for the best $3.00 and $3.50 shoes must be maintained.

Sold by 63 Douglas Stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and best shoe dealers everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 SHOES $3.00
UNION MADE

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 Gilt Edge Line Cannot Be Equaled at Any Price.

The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00 and $4.00 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Fast Color Eyelets Used.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made of the same high-grade leathers used in $5.00 and $6.00 shoes and are just as good in every way.

Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and 25 cents additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles.

CATALOG FREE.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

WE WANT SALESMEN in every county to take orders for our BLACK GIANT ANTI-RUST ROOF PAINT, Oils and Compounds. We make no extravagant offers but have a good proposition to make a reliable, energetic man.
VULCAN CHEMICAL COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O.

Am. N. U., No. 48, 1901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE. 25 CTS.

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

25 CTS. RISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

The Scientific Production

of a laxative of known value and distinctive action is rapidly growing in public favor, along with the many other material improvements of the age. The many

who are well informed

must understand quite clearly, that in order to meet the above conditions a laxative should be wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance, with its component parts simple and wholesome and it should act pleasantly and gently without disturbing the natural functions in any way. The laxative which fulfils most perfectly the requirements, in the highest degree, is

Syrup of Figs

The sale of millions of bottles annually for many years past, and the universal satisfaction which it has given confirm the claim we make, that it possesses the qualities which commend it to public favor.

Its Excellence

is due to the originality and simplicity of the combination and also to the method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and which ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product essential to the ideal home laxative. In order to get

Its Beneficial Effects

always buy the genuine and note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. In the process of manufacturing figs are used as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. New York, N.Y.
For sale by all druggists — Price fifty cents per bottle.

10 cents. 10 cents.

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will be included in the time of the dime, any one of which will be well worth the whole subscription. Get up a club of ten in your community and send it along with the $1.00 and bring sunshine to as many families in your locality.

The Sunny South is a broad, bright form, but the paper carries the whole meaning of it, and has the flavor of the magnolia, pine and jessamine mingled in the bouquet of good things in store for the fortunate subscribers.

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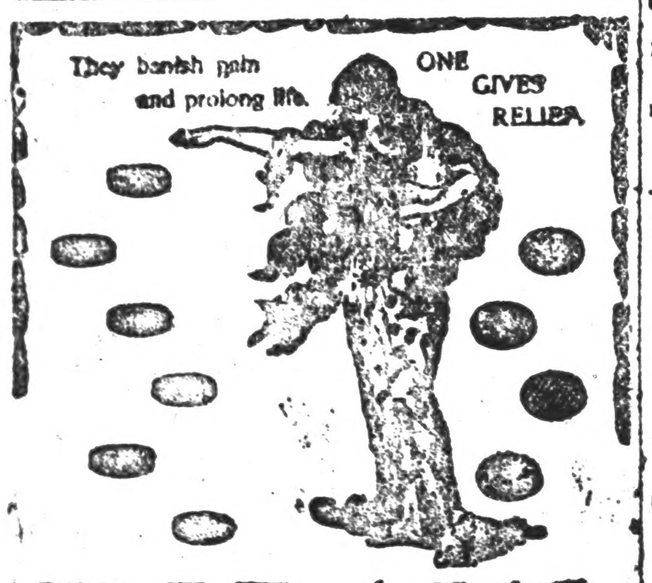
CLANTON, ... ALA.

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.



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No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.

CLANTON.

We have moved to

2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT OUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, . . ALA.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9/4 in Hair Brush.....35c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good shaving soap.....10c
1 2 1/2 x 3 Mirror.....10c
1 35 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

—, Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. BARRETT, Pastor.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. R. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the latest Styles. Reasonable Charges. Best Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

BASEMENT

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—VIA THE—

L & N.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.

The Through Line

Offers the best Cities, Sleeping Through Sleepers, Meals and Self Service.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

Also connecting through to Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

Connecting for all points in the NORTH AND NORTH-WEST.

Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or S. F. Allison, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

50 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 2242.
Department of the Interior.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 6, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong, Homestead entry, No. 21112, for the nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, n of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. K. Waldrup, Davis Hodgens, John Crampton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

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TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the state and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1901 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901

Mineral Springs	Beat 1		November
Smith's School House	" 1	until 11 a.m.	
Strasburg	" 9		
Cane Creek	" 4	until 11 a.m.	
Plant Hill School House	" 4	from 1 to 4 p.m.	
Providence	" 5		
Barwell	" 5		
Coopers	" 5		
Lewis & Rollins' Gin	" 6	until 12 m.	
Clanteelord	" 3		
Pletcher	" 3		
Kirkham	" 6		
Albert Hendley's Store	" 6		
James Haddox Gin	" 4		
Jemison	" 7		Dec. 21
Thorsby	" 9		
Mountain Creek	" 5		
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	
Clanton	" 4		

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is commended by Statesmen, Professional men and thousands of others prominent in the world's activities, for its fair discrimination in sifting the actual news from conflicting report and the presentation of current events in their just proportion. They comment on its freedom from daily-paper sensationalism. All men and women who want to know what the world is doing find it an intellectual necessity, to judge from the letters received from hundreds. Its editorials are comprehensive, and labor saving to the busy man or woman. Its timely contributions on important topics are by the best-informed writers. Its reviews of other magazines give the best of their best work. It is profusely illustrated.

These letters will enable all thoughtful men and women to judge of its value to them:

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"I know that through its selections views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have had access to; because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge, are given free utterance in its columns."—*Theodore Roosevelt.*

EX-PRESIDENT

"I consider it a very valuable addition to my library."—*Grover Cleveland.*

"It is a publication of very great value. I have sometimes found there very important matter indeed which I should not otherwise have discovered."—*George F. Hoar, U. S. Senator, Massachusetts.*

"I am a constant reader of the 'Review of Reviews' and appreciate it very highly indeed. I think it a very important part of my library, and practically a necessity for one in public life."—*J. B. Foraker, U. S. Senator, Ohio.*

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"I do not have a great deal of time to read magazines, but I take pleasure in saying that the 'Review of Reviews' is among the number which finds a place on my table each month."—*Jonathan L. Rose, U. S. Senator, Arkansas.*

Send for particulars as to how it can be had with an invaluable set of books for 50 cents a month.

The Review of Reviews Company
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK

SAVE YOUR STAR™ TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "House Boss," "G. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummer." Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

HERE ARE SOME OF THE GOODS

	Tags		Tags
1 Wrench Set	[illegible]	18 Silk watch, Genuine Stamped Leather case	[illegible]
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	[illegible]	Fishing reel, [illegible]	
3 Scissors, Old Hickory	[illegible]	19 Clock, Large "Ansonia" Thermometer, Barometer	[illegible]
4 CELLULOID Knife, Pearl and Brown	[illegible]	20 Lantern, [illegible]	[illegible]
5 Alloy, solid Pocket Set, one blade, quick flight pattern white metal	[illegible]	21 Lantern, [illegible]	[illegible]
6 French Brier Wood Pipe	[illegible]	22 Tool Box, two [illegible]	[illegible]
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine Sheffield steel	[illegible]	23 Tool Box, [illegible]	[illegible]
8 Pocket Knife, bright plated, best quality	[illegible]	24 Watch, sterling silver, [illegible]	[illegible]
9 Pocket Knife, bright plated, best quality	[illegible]	25 Dress Watch Chain, [illegible]	[illegible]
10 Pocket Knife, blue Chrome steel	[illegible]	26 Revolver, [illegible]	[illegible]
11 Knife, "Home Knives," two blades	[illegible]	27 Revolver, [illegible]	[illegible]
12 Pocket Knife, "Home Knives," four blades	[illegible]	28 Revolver, Colt's, [illegible]	[illegible]
13 Razor, "Home Knives," [illegible]	[illegible]	29 Rifle, Colt's, [illegible]	[illegible]
14 Pipe Set, Cocoanut and 6 Pipes, silver mounted	[illegible]	30 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
15 Razor Strop, "Americanized," best quality	[illegible]	31 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
16 Alarm Clock, gilded	[illegible]	32 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
17 Six Genuine Regent Tooth Picks, best flavored gums	[illegible]	33 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
18 Watch, [illegible]	[illegible]	34 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
19 Chronometer, good [illegible]	[illegible]	35 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
20 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	36 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
21 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	37 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
22 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	38 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
23 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	39 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
24 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	40 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
25 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	41 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
26 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	42 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
27 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	43 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
28 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	44 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
29 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	45 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
30 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	46 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
31 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	47 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
32 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	48 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
33 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	49 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]
34 Pipe, Genuine Briar, [illegible]	[illegible]	50 Rifle, [illegible]	[illegible]

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1901.

REMEMBER IN MIND that a dime's worth of

STAR PLUG TOBACCO

will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.

MAKE THE TEST!

Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

VOL. X

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw and Some of Those He Saw Not

A great deal of sympathy is being expressed for the mother of Mary Adams, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years for killing her husband. From all that we can learn, it seems to be a case where a gardening parent could do the most truly applied. It happens that the poor woman married the murdered man at a time from pure ignorance of the law, acting under bad advice and with no thought of wrong doing. A petition to the Governor I believe would have good results.

I am glad to learn that the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association has straightened out its affairs, and while some few members have written down, other new members have been added, who more than make up for those who have gone. N. J. Calloway has resigned the presidency, and P. D. Wilson, under the constitution and by-laws is acting president. I understand that Alex G. Dake will be duly elected president of the Association at a meeting of the directors to be held next Saturday. The Association is really one of the best things for our people and I trust it will continue to flourish and prosper.

WOOED AND WEDDED.

MULLINS—FOSHEE

A large and fashionable assembly gathered at the residence of Mr. W. H. Foshee on Tuesday morning to witness the marriage of Mr. J. Renfroe Mullins and Miss Blanche Foshee. Rev. D. F. Barrett was the officiating minister. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for Birmingham.

Mr. Mullins is one of our rising young men who is bound to make his mark, and Miss Blanche every one loves. They have known each other all their lives and their union is the culmination of love's young dream. That they may long live and prosper is the earnest wish of all their friends.

JOHNSON—GOLDTHORPE

When Dr. N. S. Johnson left for Montgomery last Sunday it was not expected he would return with a blushing bride on Monday. And when Miss Lillian Goldthorpe left Mobile to meet the Doctor at Montgomery there were few, if any, who knew what was going to happen. Miss Lillian was accompanied by her sister, Miss Nettie. But the young people had known and loved each other in Mobile and the meeting at Montgomery was by prior arrangement. Rev. N. L. Anderson made them man and wife and they came to Clanton one where all who know the Doctor are glad to welcome him home with his charming bride. We wish them many years of happiness together.

LOST.

On Wednesday morning a pocket book containing $52 and one paper. Finder will recieve a reward of $10 on returning it to the owner.

A. A. CLACKLER
Jumbo, Ala.

PUBLIC MEETING

To the voters of Chilton county who are in favor of all white men voting:

You are hereby requested to meet in Clanton, Friday, Dec 27, 1901, at 11 a.m.

There are some important features of the new constitution that all men who wish to vote in future should understand, and after February 1, 1902, it will be too late to come one, come all, and let us take such steps as will be best in the premises.

(Signed) J. W. Letcher, R. M. Smith, A. C. Smith, B. H. Wells, J. B. Deason, B. W. Garner, Thos. Williams, W. H. Conway, C. Langston, S. M. Adams, Lewis Reynolds, H. A. J. Harris, M. Kilgore, W. J. Bone, P. M. Jones, Felix Eiland, W. F. Little, R. M. Roebuck, J. T. [illegible]

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. X — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY DECEMBER 5, 1901 — NO. 7

Judge of Probate

PUBLIC MEETING

To the voters of Chilton county who are in favor of all white men voting

You are hereby requested to meet in Clanton, Friday, Dec 27, 1901, at 11 a. m.

There are some important features of the new constitution that all men who wish to vote in future should understand, and after February 1, 1902, it will be too late to do anything, come all, and let us take such steps as will be best under the premises.

(Signed) J. W. Letcher, R. M. Smith, A. C. Smith, B. H. Wells, E. B. Deason, B. W. Garner, Thos. H. Williams, W. H. Conway, G. L. Langston, S. M. Adams, Lewis H. Reynolds, H. A. J. Harris, M. A. Kugore, W. L. Bone, P. M. Moore, Felix Leland, W. F. Livingston, R. M. Roebuck, J. T. Chambers.

Will Not Hide My Light Under a Bushel.

GENTLEMEN:—I will not hide my light under a bushel, for I want the people to know what your Gooch's Mexican Syrup has done for me. For four years I have been afflicted with Asthma, and could not get anything to do me any good until I got your Gooch's Mexican Syrup. I took three bottles and it cured me entirely. I give you this hoping it may be the means of saving some one from a horrible and premature death.

Yours under obligations,
REV. THOS. B. WARWICH,

Maplesville.

Some of your readers are growing sentimental on reaching the last leaf of the calendar; our year as the new boy said "is rounding up." To those who have not been afflicted with bereavements, we think it has been a most prosperous year.

Many patriotic citizens kept Thanksgiving. Some, we regret to say, enjoyed the good dinner more than obedience to the law of Teddy. Many fine turkeys came to an untimely end. Some got up a good dinner with chicken fry and pie made from the giblets.

Mr. R. D. Martin entertained our local officials with the proverbial turkey.

Mr. F. M. Matthews, wife and children, Charles, from Matthews, have daughter relations here with a visit.

Messrs. Matthews and R. O. Glover visited Mr. C. H. Dansby near Verbena. The former was delighted with the farming interests, the prosperity of the country; he raised much cotton where made, where many producers were able to sell their cotton, no surer sign of confidence.

Indeed your correspondent has rarely heard so many good things of our Republican county government, that like Agrippa we almost per[illegible] "the idea of the government owning our railroads and telegraphs and giving us free rides and free telegrams is convincing, and would it be unlawful when long distances can indulge in their favorite style of talk. Oh happy day will that be."

Miss Maud Gilmer is visiting kinsfolks here. The many friends she made here, by her affable manners, are delighted to see her again.

Mr. Rasberry and Miss Minnie Clark have visited relatives here.

Rev. W. A. Parker from near Montgomery gave us a most excellent sermon the 1st. He was appreciative of the courtesy extended him, was guest of Dr. Claughton.

Dr. F. Dubose has paid a visit to Selma lately.

We hope a good attendance on the Sabbath school convention which meets here the 3d and 4th.

SUBSCRIBER.

Fails A Dead y Attack.

"My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., "but was completely cured by Dr King's New Life Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles, constipation, sick headache. 25c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

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CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the second and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 11 a.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISON, P. C.

The Banner is the leading paper of Chilton county and has the largest circulation. Advertisers should take notice of this fact.

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Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents

VERBENA, ALA., Nov. 26, 1901.

Editor Banner.—I understand Judge Denson charged the Grand Jury to get a true bill against everyone in Beat five that have got stock running out. There are about five hundred voters in Beat five, and I don't think there are over five that have put their stock up. How did they get that stock law any how? I can tell you how they got it. About fifteen men in Beat five signed a petition and sent it to the last Legislature to get stock law in Beat five, and over three hundred signed a petition to keep out stock law in Beat five. Who prevailed with the Legislature? The fifteen did. How did they do it? I will tell you in one of their own words how they did it. He said: I am to pay $25 if they get the stock law bill passed, and he said others were to pay so much if they got the bill, I don't recollect how much. He let the cat of the bag. They bought that bill through the last Legislature. Please tell me if there is any justice in that law; is fifteen to rule five hundred. I have always been a law abiding citizen, but the stock law has been one of the hardest pills I have ever tried to swallow.

You can go through Beat five and I am satisfied that you will not find over 15 or 20 men that are in favor of stock law. They have been counting out negroes in the black belt for years. Why don't they prosecute them, they break the law when they count them out. Look at Dallas at the last election. I have been told that about five hundred voters voted in Dallas county at the last election. But when they got through counting they had over seven thousand majority for constitution.

Mr. Editor, I have been a black belt Democrat and I know what it is to be ruled by negroes, and I do not blame the men for counting the negroes. I say let the majority rule in the white counties. If they indict one I think they will have to indict nearly every one in Beat five. I don't think there has been over ten men in the Beat that have kept up their stock. I thought the law of this country were made for the good of the people, not for a few.

Hon. Chas G. Brown, Attorney General of Alabama, spoke here this year, also Col. W. W. Brandon spoke here. In their speeches both said the stock law was a bad law for this community. Well, I will close this letter, I just wanted to show you how our people stood on stock law. H. B. NORTHINGTON.

The "biggest little thing" and one of the most useful you can offer a friend as a Christmas present is a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. A clean, pleasant remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, nail punctures, sore throat, inflamed eyes, stings of insects, "poison oak," etc. Used internally, it gives quick relief in cases of colic and derangement of stomach or bowels. Free from opiates and positively harmless.

Circus at Clanton next Wednesday, December 11.

Saved At Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbash, Stomach and Bowel Dispepsia. But this excellent medicide did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 lbs." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge Verbena.

Barnes' Nickel Plate Show will be at Clanton next Wednesday, December 11.

Notice of Letting County Farm for the Poor.

The commissioners will let to the lowest and best bidder, the County Farm for the poor, on December 16, 1901. Place of letting will be on the Farm, five miles north of Clanton, near G. W. Hill's place.

J. W. SORRELL, Commissioner.

COL WOODS SLOWING REPORT

Colonel M. L. Woods, Assistant State Examiner of Public Accounts, yesterday filed with Gov. Jelks his report upon the result of his examination of the books and accounts of the officials of Chilton county. The Examiner tells the Governor in his report that the officials are faithful and efficient.

The report on R. M. Hoevcutt, former Probate Judge of Chilton County, covers the period from August 1, 1897, to November 4, 1898. Colonel Woods reports that his accounts were well kept and that his remittances were promptly made to the State Treasurer.

Colonel Woods reports that the books and accounts of Hon. S. M. Adams, present Probate Judge of Chilton County, have been properly kept and that all moneys received have been promptly paid into the State Treasury. He says that Judge Adams was uniformly courteous to him and assisted him in making the examination. The examination into the accounts of Judge Adams covered a period from November 4, 1898, to September 30, 1901.

The Examiner also reported yesterday upon the accounts of T. J. Hubbard, Tax Collector of Chilton County. The examination embraced the years 1897, 1898, 1899 and 1900. His books were carefully kept and all money was accounted for.

Colonel Woods adds:

"Mr. Hubbard is painstaking in the discharge of his official duties to a commendable degree."

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Kincheon

Farmers are done gathering in this community and are enjoying a few days of rest these fine autumn days.

The school house was burned at the cross roads, two miles west of this place on Nov. 13. But we went to work with a vim and in a few days we had another house up, and our school is progressing fine under the control of Prof. Claud Byrum.

Mr. Ben Wallace gave the young people of this place a candy breaking Saturday night last, which was enjoyed by all.

Miss Effie Carter visited Miss Alice Powell last Sunday.

The good people met at the cross roads last Sunday and organized a Sunday-school. We hope much good will come from it.

Mr. Sam Deason and wife of Coosa county were welcome visitors to friends and relatives here last week.

Mr. Forest Deason of Tuskaloosa county was a welcome visitor to relatives here last week. He had not seen his brother Sam in thirty years, and one lives in Tuskaloosa county and the other in Coosa. The readers can figure up how far apart they live and see how little they visited each other.

Mrs. L. D. Deason of Clanton is visiting her son, Mr. A. W. Powell.

Mr. E. B. Deason and Miss Fannie Deason of Clanton visited Mr. I. M. Deason of Kincheon Sunday last.

Mr. G. W. Edwards' wife, we are sorry to say, is very sick; we hope she will soon be up again.

Mr. W. L. and Walter Popwell have ginned something over seven hundred bales of cotton this season at this place, which speaks well for them as business men. Go it, boys, we love to see young men coming to the front. Hurry up, and put in a saw mill, for we need some lumber to build school houses.

Mr. D. Bone had the misfortune to get one of his toes shot off last Friday by the discharge of his gun in a fall, while trying to shoot some birds. Success to the Banner.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

East Chilton.

Rev. J. H. Thomas filled his regular appointment at Corinth Sunday and preached two very impressive sermons.

W. A. Goss paid a flying visit to Verbena Sunday. Mr. T. S. Pyron and charming sister, Miss Lena, of Verbena, were in our midst Sunday. Mr. Lee Robinson and sister, Miss Anna, from near Enid, attended preaching at Corinth Sunday. Mr. J. E. Goss went to Birmingham last Sunday.

Mr. Tige Gulsborn of Wadsworth's mill was here Sunday.

The sound of the mill whistle can now be heard in most any direction from East Chilton. Mr. Wadsworth will soon have his big saw mill at the mouth of Blue creek in operation. This mill is connected with the L. & N. railroad by a branch line from Cooper.

We are glad the Banner is soon to have a new home and press.

Success to the Banner and its readers.

SAME AS BEFORE.

A Million Voices

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption and writes—"it completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, bearing date of November 22, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the premises at public auction, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1901,

the following described lands, to-wit: The nw 1-4 of ne 1-4, the nw 1-4 of the se 1-4, the se 1-4 of the nw 1-4; the se 1-4 of the sw 1-4 of Section 29, township 20, range 11, and the sw 1-4 of the se 1-4 of section 20, township 20, range 11, in Chilton county, Alabama, is ordered to be sold under a decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of distribution among the heirs at law of John C. Friday, deceased.

R. W. LITTLE, Commissioner.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22142.
Department of the Interior.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 6, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong. Homestead entry, No. 5112, for the nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, n of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. K. Waldrup, Davis Hodgens, John Crumpton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

ANOTHER
CAR LOAD
TENNESSEE MULES
—AT—
J. B. DOWNS
CLANTON

WANTED.

Cuba will soon be a State in the Union. Do you want to go? Address ANDREWS & TODD, Gainesville, Fla.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses advanced, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

Every family should keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use in case of accident. It is a clean, pleasant liquid, does not soil the person or clothing and is the greatest healing compound on the American market. Buy a 50c. bottle from your agent and keep it convenient.

STRAYED

From my place near Lily about August 1, 1901, Two Heifer Yearlings, one white and red spotted and the other white with red ears, and One Cow, blue and white pied, crumpled horns. I will give the smallest of the two yearlings for the return of the other two.

G. T. CALFEE, Lily, Ala.

TEACHER'S EXAMINATION.

The next State Teacher's Examination for Chilton county, will be held on 1st Monday in January 1902, at Clanton, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

Scott Town, O.

Consumptives, try it. It cures a simple cough as if by magic, and is the best remedy for whooping cough. Price 25 cents.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
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Mother's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy and remove worms in children. It is cruel not to administer it to them whenever there is need.

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PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county.

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as some are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are misled.

$150 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Think of a passage over the ocean at the average rate of 22.23 knots being that of a ship that has lost the supremacy of the Atlantic. The ship in question, the Kaiser Wilhelm, has been beaten by the Deutschland, by more than a knot and a half, so that she now has to wait for her sister, or brother, the Kronprinz Friederich to beat the Deutschland.

Carl Peters, the African explorer, gives it as the result of his experience that the mosquito is only one of the agents producing malaria. He found that the contagion was carried by wind from swampy water, and that drinking stagnant water also produced the disease. His observations were made at a station where there were no mosquitoes whatever, and would therefore seem to be more or less conclusive.

The Department of Agriculture is preparing a bulletin giving a digest of the game laws of the country, and it makes recommendation of a uniform game protective law throughout the country, making it a national rather than a State question. The American Ornithological Union has practically gained national protection for non-game birds, and the same efforts are now to be exerted toward the preservation of birds and animals that are annually hunted as game.

A good reform in the matter of obtaining pardons for convicts has just been introduced by the Governor of North Carolina. He has notified the people of his state that all petitions for pardons must first be advertised for a given period in the newspapers of the locality where the penal crime was committed. It is intended to prevent pardons being quietly railroaded through without proper examination being made into the merits of the case, which has been the old-time practice.

Professor Haeckel gives some very interesting facts in regard to the human monkeys of Java, which seem to be near to the missing link. One of the most remarkable features of these monkeys is the voice, which is capable of expressing emotions like the human voice. It would be interesting to know how much the intelligence of these monkeys could be developed by systematic training. Probably the animals could be raised by care to the mental plane of the Bushman of Australia or the Hottentot of West Africa.

Experience with wooden pavements in Boston have been satisfactory on level stretches of streets. But Boston has comparatively little area of level street surface, and on any grade exceeding two percent the wooden pavement, as generally laid, is as slippery as asphalt under similar conditions. In every other respect the wooden pavement is satisfactory, being almost noiseless, showing no wear at the end of a year's trial, and being generally superior to asphalt. So reports Bertrand T. Wheeler, superintendent of streets. Efforts are now being made to overcome the objections of slipperiness. An experimental section has been paved with wooden blocks notched on one side. Laid in this manner there is a quarter of an inch opening, or joint, every four inches in the pavement, and this is filled with Portland cement grout concrete. It is expected that this will remedy the trouble.

A curious relic of old-world belief is reported in Yatesville, Penn. Two young men, from their names evidently Italians, were out chestnutting one Sunday and on their way home dropped their bag of nuts into an old well. One of them went down into the well to get the nuts and when he did not return the other followed to see what had happened. The well was full of black damp and both were suffocated. The next day an undertaker went to their home to bury them and found that this had already been done by their parents, who had put the bodies under six inches of fresh soil in the garden, their belief being that if a person is suffocated he could be restored by burying him in fresh earth. So deep-seated was this belief in the minds of the family and neighbors of the boys that it was with the utmost difficulty they were persuaded to allow the bodies to be interred properly, and then only after another twenty-four hours had passed.

In walking a mile a man uses 17 1-2 tons of energy. An ordinary day's work consumes 300 tons.

ENGLAND'S AFRICAN AFFAIRS

HARSH EXPRESSION AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON'S GRANDSON DEAD.

Klondyke Pioneer—Live Stock—Washington Correspondents—Battleship Service—Ferryboats Collide at San Francisco—Cooked Her Baby.

THE WILEY BOER.

In order to cope with the large number of Boers which keep in touch with Commandant General Botha east of the line of the block houses from Wilge river to Grelingstad, twelve British columns are operating between the Delagoa and Natal railways.

In the western transvaal, Colonel Kekewich and Colonel Hycke are sweeping the country in conjunction with the forces on the railway line and the constabulary posts. Block houses are to form the chief factor in the pacification of the country.

The concentration of the British columns south of the Delagoa railroad has withdrawn the troops north of the line with the result that the Boers are again back in that neighborhood where horse sickness and fever do not prevail and food is plentiful.

OF A FAMOUS NAME.

Judge Charles A. Hamilton, of Milwaukee, Wis., died at Daytona, Fla., last week, aged 75 years. Judge Hamilton was a grandson of Alexander Hamilton. He served with distinction in the civil war as lieutenant colonel of the seventh regiment of Wisconsin. Judge Hamilton was born in 1826, in New York, in a house belonging to the Hamilton family. He was educated partly in England and Germany. When he was twenty years old he went to Milwaukee, where he was admitted to the bar when about twenty-one years of old. He practiced law until 1861, when he entered the army and was mustered out as a colonel. He was severely wounded and carried the bullets to his death. After the war he was elected superior court judge.

SAID ROOSEVELT SHOULD DIE.

Philadelphia officials admitted having arrested a man for uttering anarchistic sentiments concerning President Roosevelt. The arrest was made in the business section of the city. The prisoner gave his name as William H. Miller. He was in a crowd which had gathered to read the bulletins of the football game between the army and navy elevens. He is said to have made the statement that "Roosevelt should be shot down as McKinley was." A revolver is said to have been found in his posession. Miller says he is a Swede. The official charge against him is inciting a riot and using violent language.

THE BIG LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

Thirty-six exhibitors with more than 2,000 animals have just added their quota to the list of exhibits for the International Live Stock Association show, which is to be held at the Union Stock Yards this week. More than 10,000 animals will be on exhibition and the money value of these prize animals is approximately three million.

MRS. LOUIS E. WORDEN, a pioneer of the Klondike, died last Tuesday at Victoria. She owned valuable properties near Dawson and was one of the first women to enter the district. She was a native of California.

DENVER reports the organization of the first Roosevelt 1904 club.

GEN. WOOD ARRIVES.

Among the passengers arrived recently from Havana, were Gen. Leonard Wood, governor of Cuba, and Mrs. Wood. General Wood said that he would proceed directly to Washington to report to President Roosevelt, and expected to return by the steamer sailing December 7.

HERR WOLF RESIGNS HIS SEAT.

Herr Wolf, German Nationalist member of the lower house of the Austrian Reichsrath, who has been so prominent in riotous scenes in the house, has resigned his seat.

AGGY AGGRESSIVE.

A letter received at Fort Worth from Manila says: "General Chaffee has recommended that Aguinaldo be brought to this country. It is stated that he has been detected carrying on treasonable correspondence and trying to stir up strife, and that he will probably be tried and brought over here under a sentence ranging from two to three years."

WAR HAS COST ENGLAND 100,000,000 POUNDS.

During the years of the South African war the Bankers' Magazine says, the net decreases in the value of 320 selected listed British securities amounts to the enormous total of £148,946,000. Consols, which the day before the Boer ultimatum were quoted at 103¼ are 91 13-16, whereas in the same period several foreign government stocks and American railroad rose in value about £47,000,000. The decrease in foreign, British and Indian government funds amounted to £76,392,000. The common stock of nineteen British railroads lost in value in the war period over £69,000,000, while the decline in railroad debentures and preferences brings the total loss to over £100,000,000.

FERRYBOAT COLLISION.

The ferryboats Sausalito and San Rafael collided in a dense fog in San Francisco harbor last Saturday and the San Rafael sank in about fifteen minutes. It is thought that not more than twenty persons were drowned, although the San Rafael carried between 150 and 200 persons. The Sausalito was not seriously injured, and after rescuing all the passengers of the San Rafael that she could she proceeded to San Francisco under her own steam. The boats belonged to the San Francisco and Northern Pacific railroad, and plied between San Francisco and Sausalito, a suburb across the bay.

SURRENDERED.

Particulars reach here of the killing of John G. Watts, ex-United States marshal for Western Virginia, by George J. Jones, in Tazewell county last Friday. The trouble, it is said, was caused over a line fence which Jones was building. Watts commanded him to stop work, and failing to obey this order, it is alleged, Watts threatened to kill Jones and attempted to draw a revolver, whereupon Jones struck Watts over the head with an iron post-hole digger, crushing in his skull and causing instant death Jones escaped to the woods, but last night surrendered to the authorities and is now in jail.

TESTIMONIAL FOR BATTLESHIP ALABAMA.

Chairman Max Hamburger, Jr., of the commission appointed by the late Governor Samford to raise funds to purchase a suitable testimonial for the battleship Alabama has called a meeting of the commission to be held at the Exchange Hotel in Montgomery Tuesday, December 3. Mr. Hamburger has announced that $2,500 in addition to the sum already secured will be necessary to raise the fund sufficiently.

THE QUILL DRIVERS.

The biennial meeting of the Washington correspondents of the newspapers of the United States was held Saturday and the following standing committee of correspondents was elected for the fifty-seventh congress, the names being arranged in the order of the number of votes cast for them: E. E. Payne, the Associated Press; Robert J. Winne, New York Press; John P. Miller, Baltimore Sun; Raymond Patterson, Chicago Tribune; W. W. Jermiane, Minneapolis Journal.

Mrs. J. Fred Meyers, living five miles from Correctionville, Ia., wrapped her five-months-old baby in a blanket, put her in the oven of the kitchen stove to keep warm and went out in the yard to gather fuel. When, half an hour later, she came back, the baby was dead, its arms and legs being burned to a crisp.

TWO KILLED.

Two Chinese were killed and two others mortally wounded as the result of an old feud between rival highbinder associations in Chinatown, San Francisco. Officers arrested six armed highbinders.

MARIA LOUISA, a negress 160 years old, is dead. She was the last representative of the slaves who were imported directly from Africa.

QUEEN WILHELMINA, of Holland, is reported much better. The report that the king consort fought a duel recently is unfounded.

COLONEL HOFFMAN ATKINSON died in New York last week. At the outbreak of the civil war he raised the regiment of the first Virginia cavalry. He was seriously wounded at Perryville and Chickamauga, commanding the Ninetieth Pennsylvania cavalry. In 1875 he was made secretary of the legation of St. Petersburg, resigning from the diplomatic service in 1875.

HE KILLED HIS FATHER

TESTIMONIAL FOR BATTLESHIP ALABAMA.

A CASE OF "DIDNT KNOW IT WAS LOADED"

Decatur Wants Army Post—An Honest Man—Court Has no Power—Fire at Goodwater—Depot Burned—Methodist Home for the Aged.

METHODIST HOME FOR AGED.

At a recent session of the North Alabama conference in session at the Anniston First church the report of the committee to consider a plan to raise money for the erection of the proposed home for superannuated preachers and the widows and orphans of deceased preachers was made. The committee suggested an annual assessment of $10,000, 20 per cent of which to be set aside as a sinking fund. As soon as enough is accumulated in the sinking fund the money is to be used in building this home. The report was adopted. Thus $8,000 a year will be distributed while $2,000 will be annually added to the building fund. The following laymen were elected to attend the general conference in Dallas, Tex., next May: N. M. Rowe, W. E. Walt, A. C. Miller, T. C. Banks, Thomas Bradford.

AN HONEST MAN.

An instance of unusually excellent memory and commendable honesty came to light when D. W. Howton of Jefferson county came to Tuscaloosa and began a hunt for the bridge keeper who had credited him for 10 cents, the price of the toll, when he crossed he Warrior bridge on February 28, 1880. At that time the bridge was a toll bridge and Sampson McGee, grandfather of the present tax collector, was the keeper, but when Mr. Howton came to pay his bridge fare he found the elder McGee had long since died and his grandson refused to take the amount due. However, Mr. Howton induced Probate Judge Brown to take the 10 cents and 20 cents more for interest for the county and went away with a satisfied conscience. It was the first time the honest debtor had been in Tuscaloosa in twenty years.

KILLED HIS FATHER.

Wilson Atkins, a farmer of Cullman county, was killed last week by his son, Judson, 16 years old. Atkins, it is said, was abusing and striking his wife when the boy remonstrated with his father. The old man turned upon the boy, it is alleged, fiercely threatening him with death and brandishing a big chop-axe. Judson is said to have grappled with his father, disarmed him of the axe, and as the father was in the act of shooting him with a fowling piece, cleft the old man's skull. Old man Atkins has been four times marrried, his last wife and mother of the boy being much younger than himself.

HON. JOHN T. M'ENIRY, of Bessemer, is mentioned for marshal of North Alabama. He has been twice elected mayor of Bessemer, and his administration of public affairs was much commended.

DECATUR WANTS ARMY POST.

Efforts are being made by Decatur citizens to procure the establishment of the army training post which is to be located somewhere in the South. It is being urged that Decatur has fine advantages, being on the Tennessee river.

"DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED."

While cleaning a shot gun last week, preparatory to a thanksgiving hunt, George Hardy, aged 19, living four miles west of Trinity, accidentally shot and perhaps fatally wounded his sister, Ada, aged 22. The gun, which was loaded with heavy shot, was thought to have been empty.

THOMAS L. FREEMAN, town marshal of Guntersville for several years, died last week in Etowah county. He was feared by the disorderly element and was covered with wounds received in street encounters.

DEPOT BURNED.

The Alabama Great Southern railroad frieght and passenger depot and the office of the Southern Express Company, at Springville, was destroyed by fire last week. The origin of the fire is at this time unknown. About one hundred and twenty-five bales of cotton, together with a lot of freight, was also destroyed. The express on hand and valuable papers were saved.

LIMESTONE MURDER.

Saturday morning twelve miles west of Athens, an unknown assassin fired a load of buckshot into the body of Daniel Morrison, an old fisherman who plied his trade on Elk river The old man left his home in the morning, went to the river and got into his boat to work his lines, when some person hiding in the trees along the bank fired on him filling his chest and tearing away a part of his head and face, and breaking both his arms. He was evidently standing up when fired on, for he fell out of the boat into the shallow water and was found there by a neighbor. He was not dead when found, but never recovered consciousness and died late in the afternoon. He lived with his only child a married daughter, and had no known enemies. There can be no reason given for his assassination. He was 73 years of age, had long lived in the neighborhood where he was killed and was well liked.

CONVENTION ENDS.

The good roads convention in Mobile adjourned Saturday afternoon and the train has gone to Montgomery, where the state convention will be held. The South Alabama Good Roads Association was organized as follows: Henry Fonde, president; J. Bestor Robertson, secretary; A. S. Lyons, treasurer, all of Mobile. Vice-presidents were selected, ten in number, one from each county represented at the meeting. A membership of two hundred was had almost before the adjournment was taken. Resolutions were adopted asking the government to locate an experiment station in Mobile county, suggesting the adoption by the Legislature of a modern and practical road law in Alabama, and making every newspaper man in Alabama an honorary member of the association. The association will be represented in Montgomery.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF ALABAMA.

A meeting in the interest of the Central railroad of Alabama, was held at Decatur last week, and matters relative to the early construction of the road were discussed. The various committees on subscriptions, right of way, etc., which were appointed a short time ago, reported that their work was progressing most satisfactorily on running right of way through the country and in obtaining terminal facilites, and also that nearly all the cash donations of $2,500 had been raised. The committees will complete their work and work will start on the new road soon after.

FIRE AT SELMA.

At an early hour Saturday morning fire broke out in a row of houses belonging to the Estelle cotton mills and occupied by employes of the mill. The flames were not extinguished until three of the buildings had been completely destroyed, including all the personal effects of the occupants. One of the families lost $45 in cash, representing the savings of years for them. There was no insurance.

WORK on the sewerage system for Opelika will be begun shortly and the work will be pushed to completion before the summer months.

BAPTIST MINISTER DIES.

A. W. McGaha, of Huntsville, one of the best known ministers of the Baptist denomination in the South, died last week at the residence of his brother-in-law, M. B. Neece. Death was the result of a stroke of paralysis complicated with other affections.

WORKING FOR ALABAMA.

On application of congressman Richardson, the postoffice department has ordered an inspector to look over two proposed routes out of Huntsville and one out of Tuscumbia for free rural mail delivery. It is believed that the department will establish these routes as every facility for free delivery is provided.

THE Grand Lodge of Colored Masons of the state has been in session at Opelika. Their installation of officers was at the court house and was public.

THANKSGIVING ACT.

Governor Jelks' principal act on Thanksgiving day was the parole from Pratt Mines of Jack Pace, white, convicted in Franklin county and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The cause of the parole being granted was that Pace's wife was reported to be dying, and the Governor wished to allow him to go to her. Governor Jelks made arrangements to have Pace immediately released from prison.

GREAT POLITICAL P

HOLD CAUCUSES AND THEIR LEADERS

Henderson and Fich

The Alabama Camp G homa's New Governor 216 Great Big Indian Coming Home.

The caucus of the Republi bers of the House was held hall of representatives day afternoon and about three hours. Speaker son and the old officers of the were made the unanimous the caucus, and the major the time was devoted to an ful effort, led by Representative burn, of Iowa, to effect some in the rules of the last house Cannon, Illinois, presided deliberations and Mr. Lo New Jersey, acted as There were 146 of the 198 members of the house. Mr. Iowa, placed General Hen nomination for speaker and unanimously chosen as the of the caucus. Mr. Hen dressed the members of the Among other things he said duties before us in the next will be onerous ones. The can party never stands still but at work. The last congress started in with thirteen measures been so far approved that the can party has again been pl trol, starting in with thirty-eight jority. There is always more at every congress preceding congressional election than at any time. We will require all the we posess and all of the pa for we have a great danger front us continually, and that surplus in the treasury. The of the country have put the cans in control of this house expect much from us. I th appeal for wisdom and work the constant presence of the of the republican party to that this is the place for the meeting each day." Mr. S New York, then offered a for the election of the old the old house. Alex McDow sylvania, as clerk; Henry Wisconsin, as sergeant-at-a J. Glenn, New York, as door Joseph C. McElroy, Ohio, and Henry N. Condon, Mi chaplain. This resolution mously adopted. Mr. He fort to secure a modification rules for the adoption of the with certain prescribed changes however, did not alter the of the rules themselves, was in. No question of pol broached at the caucus.

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FENIAN LEADER DE

Thos. Clark Tuby died of in Jersey City, November who was born in Ireland in came a leader in the Fenian ment. In 1864 he became editor of the Irish People in The paper was seized by the ment and Tuby served five a twenty-one-year sentence was pardoned in 1878. He his home in this country and from Maine to California to cause.

ARP'S LETTER

Man Dilates Upon the Importance of Knowledge.

THAT ADDS TO STORE OF WISDOM

Life Does Not End Possibilities Leaving, and William Believes There Will Be Instruction in the Life to Come.

Montague said, "There is no enjoyment so cheap as reading and pleasure so lasting." The perusal of biography is a great comfort. I that every family had a Cyclopedia of Universal Knowledge—something they could turn to for reference instruction or entertainment. Cyclopedias cost much money, but the money spent in a year or two for articles of modern literature would pay Appleton's or some other standard. I was ruminating about this be my friend Murphy told me that Widow Cheek did not raise her young chicks but carried them about with them nestled under her wings and fed them as she journeyed from place to place. Murphy is considered author on hunting and fishing, but we do give full credit to fishermen and so I turned to the cyclopedia and found it just as he had said. Bird rarely has more than two young ones and carries them about with her nestled under her wings. This reminds me that old Tom Price, an English man of great observation, said the big owl laid but one egg and when it was hatched and the young fledged she laid another egg made the young bird cover and hatch it while she was foraging around for food for both. Observation and reflection are good school teachers, and if a man has a good cyclopedia of reference he can get a pretty good education. And there is the comfort of studying the lives of great or notable men and women. In idle moments it is a recreation to open a volume at random and to read these brief but full biographies of Socrates, Plato, Seneca, Archimedes and other great old men of the olden time, of Mozart, Handl, Raphael, Beethoven and the great masters of art and music. The other day I chanced on Cervantes—a Spaniard—the author of "Don Quixote, and it was a revelation. If he had been an English he would have taken rank with Shakespeare and Milton and Pope. In fact most of the English writers borrowed from him for they could transplant his bright sayings and quote them as English without fear of detection. "Don Quixote" (pronounced kee-ho-te) not his best work, but is the most readable and it effectually paralyzed the pompous chivalry and knight errantry of the time. The knights soon became the butt of universal ridicule. Yet there is not a malicious or malignant line in the book. One who reads such sarcasm can read and laugh until he has the side ache. Philip I saw a student reading a book convulsed with laughter. He said: "This young man is crazy or he is reading Don Quixote.'" Cervantes became a soldier in early life and joined the Christian army against the Turks. He was desperately wounded at the battle of Lepanto and lost the use of his left arm for life. But he rejoined the army again and was taken prisoner by the Moors and kept in slavery for five years. He was ransomed and then began his literary career. Ariosto and Tasso had then begun to illuminate the literary world, and Shakespeare was close behind, but Cervantes was seventeen years older than Shakespeare, and they died on the same day in the same year. For wit and epigrams Cervantes never had an equal in all the world—we find some of them in Shakespeare, but they were borrowed from Cervantes. "Make hay while the sun shines," "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush," "Murder will out," "Little said soonest mended," "More knave than fool," "Faint heart ne'er won fair lady," "Look before you leap," "The proof of the pudding is the eating of it," "Never build castles in the air," "Honesty is the best policy," "The pot should not call the kettle black," "A stitch in time saves nine," "Don't count your chickens before they are hatched," "Don't look for birds in last year's nests," "Plain as the nose on a man's face," "You have got the wrong sow by the ear," and scores of others all from Cervantes. To cap the climax of his character, he was a good husband to his wife and children, always cheerful and had no enemies. Once he was put in prison for a debt and wrote himself out by short sketches to the press. President Gilman says that the young people read too much and clog their minds with a mass of tribes and trash, but reading the biography of great thinkers, writers, inventors and masters of art and music is storing away useful knowledge. The examples set by the great helps to mold our own characters, as Longfellow said:

"Lives of great men all remind us,
We may make our lives sublime,
And departing leave behind us
Footprints on the sands of time."

What a debt of gratitude we owe to

GREAT POLITICAL PARTIES

HOLD CAUCUSES AND NAME THEIR LEADERS.

Henderson and Richardson Chosen.

The Alabama Camp Ground—Oklahoma's New Governor—Schley Gets 216 Great Big Dollars—Pain Coming Home.

The caucus of the Republican members of the House was held in the hall of representatives last day afternoon and lasted about three hours. Speaker Reed presided and the old officers of the House were made the unanimous choice of the caucus, and the major portion of the time was devoted to an unsuccessful effort, led by Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, to effect some changes in the rules of the last house. Cannon, Illinois, presided over the deliberations and Mr. Loudenslager, of New Jersey, acted as secretary. There were 146 of the 198 representatives members of the house. Mr. Lacey, of Iowa, placed General Henderson in nomination for speaker and he was unanimously chosen as the caucus nominee of the caucus. Mr. Henderson addressed the members of the caucus. Among other things he said: "The duties before us in the next congress will be onerous ones. The republican party never stands still but is at work. The last congress, which started in with thirteen majority, has been so far approved that the republican party has again been put in control, starting in with thirty-nine majority. There is always more work at every congress preceding a congressional election than at any other time. We will require all the votes we possess and all of the patriotism for we have a great danger to confront us continually, and that is the surplus in the treasury. The people of the country have put the republicans in control of this house. They expect much from us. I therefore appeal for wisdom and work and the constant presence of the members of the republican party to remember that this is the place for the hard meeting each day." Mr. Sherman, of New York, then offered a resolution for the election of the old officers of the old house, Alex McDowell, of Pennsylvania, as clerk; Henry C. Rudolph, of Wisconsin, as sergeant-at-arms, J. Glenn, New York, as door-keeper, Joseph C. McElroy, Ohio, postmaster and Henry N. Condon, Michigan, chaplain. This resolution was unanimously adopted. Mr. Hepburn made an effort to secure a modification of the rules for the adoption of the old rules with certain prescribed changes, which, however, did not alter the operation of the rules themselves, was considered in. No question of policy was broached at the caucus.

Congressman Richardson, it is said, that it is his belief that Huntsville's chances for securing the army training post are as good, if not better than any other Alabama city.

The secretary of war has sent word to Manila, ordering Governor Wright home on leave, so that he can recuperate and regain his health and strength.

The president has appointed Thomas G. Furguson, governor of Oklahoma, vice, Wm. M. Jenkins, removed.

Congressman Richardson will introduce a bill providing for the establishment of a home for confederate and union soldiers in Huntsville. This bill was offered at the last session of the sixth congress: but was not reached on the calendar. There is a good sentiment in the north in favor of the passage of such a bill.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained a large number of Washington people including many officials of the army, navy and congressional circles at a game of the West Point-Annapolis football game at Philadelphia.

The prize money for the battleship victory has been apportioned, Schley receiving $25,000 and Sampson receiving $216. Dewey, for his share of the prize money in the battle of Manila received more than nine thousand dollars.

FENIAN LEADER DEAD.

Thos. Clark Tuby died of paralysis in Jersey City, November [illegible] who was born in Ireland in [illegible] came a leader in the Fenian movement. In 1864 he became managing editor of the Irish People in New York. The paper was seized by the government and Tuby served five years in a twenty-one-year sentence. He was pardoned in 1878. He made his home in this country and traveled from Maine to California for the Fenian cause.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Fellow Man Dilates Upon the Great Importance of Knowledge.

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The Life Does Not End Possibilities of Learning, and William Believes There Will Be Instruction in the Life to Come.

Lady Montague said, "There is no entertainment so cheap as reading and no pleasure so lasting." The perusal of biography is a great comfort. I wish that every family had a Cyclopedia of Universal Knowledge—some thing they could turn to for reference or instruction or entertainment. Cyclopedias cost much money, but the amount spent in a year or two for all parts of modern literature would pay for Appleton's or some other standard work. I was ruminating about this because my friend Murphy told me that the woodcock did not raise her young in a nest, but carried them about with her nestled under her wings and fed them as she journeyed from place to place. Murphy is considered authority on hunting and fishing, but we do give full credit to fishermen's yarns, and so I turned to the cyclopedia and found it just as he had said. The bird rarely has more than two young ones and carries them about with her nestled under her wings. This reminds me that old Tom Price, an illiterate man of great observation, said that the big owl laid but one egg and then it was hatched and the young bird feathered she laid another egg and made the young bird cover and watch it while she was foraging around for food for both. Observation and experience are good school teachers, and if a man has a good cyclopedia for reference he can get a pretty good education. And there is the comfort of studying the lives of great or notable men and women. In idle moments it is a recreation to open a volume at random and to read these brief but full biographies of Socrates, Plato, Galileo, Seneca, Archimedes and other grand old men of the olden time, and of Mozart, Handi, Raphael, Beethoven and the great masters of art and music. The other day I chanced on Cervantes—a Spaniard—the author of "Don Quixote," and it was a revelation. If he had been an English man he would have taken rank with Shakespeare and Milton and Pope. In fact most of the English writers borrowed from him for they could transplant his bright sayings and quote them as English without fear of detection. Don Quixote (pronounced kee-ho-te) was not his best work, but is the most readable and it effectually paralyzed the pomposity of chivalry and knight errantry of the time. The knights soon became the butt of universal ridicule and yet there is not a malicious or malignant line in the book. One who enjoys such sarcasm can read and laugh until he has the side ache. Philip I saw a student reading a book and convulsed with laughter. He said: "That young man is crazy or he is reading 'Don Quixote!'" Cervantes became a soldier in early life and joined the Christian arms against the Turks. He was desperately wounded at the great battle of Lepanto and lost the use of his left arm for life. But he soon joined the army again and was taken prisoner by the Moors and kept in prison for five years. He was ransomed and then began his literary career. Lope and Tasso had then begun to illuminate the literary world, and Shakespeare was close behind, but Cervantes was seventeen years older than Shakespeare, and they died on the same day in the same year. For plays and epigrams Cervantes never had an equal in all the world—we find some of them in Shakespeare, but they were borrowed from Cervantes. "The hay while the sun shines," "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush," "Murder will out," "Little said soonest mended," "More knave than fool," "Faint heart ne'er won fair lady," "Look before you leap," "The proof of the pudding is the eating of it," "Never build castles in the air," "Honesty is the best policy," "The pot should not call the kettle black," "A world of troubles," "Don't count your chickens before they are hatched," "Don't look for birds in last year's nest," "A chain as the nose on a man's face," "You have got the wrong sow by the ear" and scores of others all from Cervantes. To cap the climax of his character, he was a good husband to his wife and children, was always cheerful and had no enemies. Once he was put in prison for a debt and wrote himself out by sketches to the press. President Hillyer says that the young people read too much and clog their minds with a mass of trifles and trash, but the biography of great thinkers, inventors and masters of art and music is storing away useful knowledge. The examples set by the great helps to mold our own characters, as Longfellow said:

"The lives of great men all remind us,
We may make our lives sublime,
And departing leave behind us
Footprints on the sands of time."

What a debt of gratitude we owe to those who have gone before us. Old Dr. Johnson said to Boswell:

"We can never pay it, sir—not a tithe of it, but it is every man's duty to do something for posterity. He should write a good book or invent some useful thing or raise up a son who will be a good citizen and fight the battles of his country. If he can't do anything else, sir, he can plant a tree or a vine that will give fruit or shade to those who come after him. Let no man live a blank and die like a dog!"

I believe that our education begins here in infancy and continues through youth and manhood till we die and goes on without a recess or vacation as soon as the spirit reaches heaven—if it goes there. This life is but a probation, a kindergarten, a type of the life to come. "I want to be an angel; a harp within my hand," is a very childish idea of heaven and so is that other couplet—

"Teach me some melodious sonnet
Sung by flaming tongues above."

Music will be taught there, of course, but will not be sung by tongues on fire. I believe that our elevation in science and art will be gradual and progressive, just as it is here. The intelligent soul will be employed in mastering the mysteries of heaven and earth and the universe. We strain our thoughts now to reach the remotest planet and wonder what is away beyond and where the firmament ends. Every year reveals new wonders here that were never dreamed of by our fathers. Isaac Newton said: "I have solved a little, near the shore, but the vast ocean of mystery lies beyond." We are climbing higher and higher and it is the duty of every one to climb as high as is possible so as to have a good start in the next life—otherwise we will be assigned to the first grade or perhaps go foot. I have thought that Moses and Elijah were chosen to witness the transfiguration because of their high rank in heavenly attainments. It will be all right for little children to begin at the bottom, but it will be mortifying to old people, however good they may be, to have to go into an infant class. Yes, I believe there will be schools there and teachers, whose delight will be to educate and elevate the willing minds of their pupils and witness their expansion as one by one, the mysteries of heaven's arcana are unfolded to them. What supreme delight will woman have in growing flowers into new colors and forms, in making pearls and rubies and sapphires from heaven's elements, in singing the songs of the angels and adorning the temples of God.

Yes, I heard Jenny Lind sing once, and I hope to hear her sing again. I heard George Pearce preach once, and I hope to hear him again. I used to listen with rapture to Dr. Means as he soared among the stars and lifted our young minds up higher and higher until we almost feared he could not come down without a fall. He is up among the stars now, and is happy. Yes, I hope to see John Milton there and hear him tell of Paradise regained. But this is enough, for I am not preaching now—I wish that I was. If there were no other inducements to draw us heavenward it is enough that we will meet all the great and good men of whom we have read. And now, turning from things heavenly to those that are of "earth earthy," and dirty, too, it is amusing to see our legislature having a mighty controversy about redistricting the state. They don't seem to know that congress will soon save that trouble, for the resolution is already prepared to reduce our representation from eleven to five districts. The ax is laid at the root of the tree. The New York Press says that congress will only wait for the census report to be presented and this report will show that five states have disfranchised the negroes by law and three (Georgia, Florida and Arkansas) disfranchised them in fact by other methods. Georgia is put down at 216,000 negroes practically disfranchised. The proposed cut will reduce the representation of eight states from 58 to 30 representatives. Alabama will lose four, Arkansas two, Florida one, Georgia six, Louisiana four Mississippi five, South Carolina four and Virginia two. The other southern states have not yet been sentenced. The Press says that the house is bound by no rules of court and it is not necessary to find that the negroes have been denied by law; but it is only necessary to find that their rights have been denied and the census returns will prove this and the cut will certainly be made. It is about time now for the blue and the gray to embrace again.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

France appears to be taking the lead in prison reform. At the new lockup, which is about eight miles from Paris, the authorities show their belief in fresh air and sunshine, and the prison is a model sanitarium. The prison is the largest in the world, and takes the place of three old ones. It is built in a very simple style, but covers, with its floral gardens and residences of officials, more than half a square mile. There are 1824 cells, but as there is accommodation on the association system for about 400 more prisoners, the total it will contain is considerably over 2000.

When a prominent man eats nowadays he finds it necessary to indicate whether the operation has any political significance or whether it is only for the purpose of satisfying hunger.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

The man who procrastinates struggles with ruin.

Genius is only a superior power of seeing.—Ruskin.

Fidelity is seven-tenths of business success.—Parton.

Many a man's tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.

Going to law is losing a cow for the sake of a cat.—Chinese Proverb.

Life is not so short but that there is always time for courtesy.—Emerson.

Labor is the divine law of our existence; repose is desertion and suicide—Mazzini.

Life, true life, is not mere guarding against sin, but growth in good and toward good.—Brooke Herford.

Speaking much is a sign of vanity; for he that is lavish in words is a niggard in deed.—Sir Walter Raleigh.

No degree of knowledge attainable by man is able to set him above the want of hourly assistance.—Johnson.

The conditions of conquest are always easy. We have but to toil a while, endure a while, believe always and never turn back.

Next in importance to freedom and justice is popular education, without which neither justice nor freedom can be permanently maintained.—Garfield.

Empty hours, empty hands, empty companions, empty words and empty hearts draw in evil spirits, as a vacuum draws in air. To be occupied with good is the best defense against the inroads of evil.—William Arnot.

CRAZY CROCKER'S DREAM.

His Prediction of a Transcontinental Railroad Ridiculed.

The National Magazine has an interesting article on the development of American railroad systems, by E. E. Clark, grand chief conductor of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

When the late "Charlie Crocker of Central Pacific railway fame, crossing the plains in the forties was by ox-team over the old emigrant trail from Council Bluffs to San Francisco, he frequently predicted that within a comparatively few years a steam railroad would be running across the continent, following substantially the same course traveled by them. His prediction was considered so absurd by his associates that he was nicknamed "Crazy Crocker." Mr. Crocker had the satisfaction of not only seeing his prediction come true, but of being one of the leading spirits in the construction of the first transcontinental railroad.

Since Mr. Crocker's dream was realized and the first transcontinental line was completed five other distinct and separate lines have been built to the Pacific coast, namely: The Canadian Pacific, the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, the Santa Fe, and the Southern Pacific. With the extension of the roads and the building up of large systems has come a corresponding increase in the amount of business, and the building of railroads in unsettled and comparatively unexplored portions of our domain has done more to develop the resources of the country than all other agencies put together.

The Last Goodby.

"There's one goodby that seems to drown all the others," said a veteran trans-Atlantic traveler the other day. "I don't know why it is, but the long whistles from the countless craft on the way down the upper and lower bays appear flat and wooden to the three long blasts which the red hulled lightship on Sandy Hook bar pipes out to us as, with the pilot safe in the take-off boat,' the dial marks 'full speed' in the engine room, and we go scooting off to the eastward, to begin our long trip to Europe. Salutes are a mere conventionality alongside this cheerful 'God speed you' of the lightship. It reminds one of the hearty handshake of a big hearted man when one's luck has been on the ebb.

"The formal whistles of the myriad of consequential tugs that were met on the way out, the acre of white linen that whipped the air at the pier end as we backed into the stream, the tooting of the dodging ferry boats and the screeching of the small fry going seaward through the winding channels, are one and all remembered when we turn in for the night, but forgotten when we turn out the next morning for a roll with old Neptune and coffee with shipmates. The three long blasts of the lightship, still on the bar, in all probability, but now many miles back of our creamy wake, alone remains fixed in the memory of the 'goodbyes' that came from the soul."—New York Mail and Express.

New Jersey's Lone Indian.

In a little one-room house without windows, situated in a lonely spot along the Maurice river, a short distance from Norma, N. J., lives the sole survivor of the South Jersey Indians, Dan Halstead. For more than half a century this old man, shunning the ways of civilization as much as possible, has clung to the habits of his forefathers. Halstead, though not a full-blooded Indian, is said to be a grandson of old Shamung, a great chief whose tribe had its hunting grounds along the banks of the Maurice river. The grandson of the old chief is a quiet, peaceful sort of a fellow, without kith or kin, and the only living friend he has in the world is his dog Prince, a mongrel. This dog is his sole companion. Dan Halstead lives with only one ray of hope to brighten his existence—that the red man will return some day to reclaim his hunting grounds and that he will then become a true Indian again and adopt the costume and manners of his race—Newark News.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Now is a Time For Rejoicing—Pens of Praise For the Victories of Peace—The Triumphs of Husbandry—Conquests of the Pen.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is a national congratulation over the achievements of brain and hand during the past twelve months. The texts are: I Corinthians ix, 10, "He that ploweth shall plow in hope;" Isaiah xli, 7, "He that smootheth with the hammer;" Judges v, 14, "They that handle the pen of the writer."

There is a table being spread across the top of the two great ranges of mountains which ridge this continent, a table which reaches from the Atlantic to the Pacific sea. It is the Thanksgiving table of the nation. They will come from the East and the West and the North and the South and sit at it. On it are smoking the products of all lands, birds of every aviary, cattle from every pasture, fish from every lake, feathered spoils from every farm. The fruit baskets bend down under the products plucked from the peach fields of Maryland, the apple orchards of Western New York, the orange groves of Florida, the vineyards of Ohio and the nuts thrashed from New England woods. The bread is white from the wheat fields of Illinois and Michigan, the banqueters are adorned with California gold, and the table is agleam with Nevada silver, and the feast is warmed with the fire grates heaped up with Pennsylvania coal. The hall is spread with carpets from Lowell mills, and at night the lights will flash from bronzed brackets of Philadelphia manufacture.

Welcome, Thanksgiving Day! Whatever we may think of New England theology, we all like New England Thanksgiving Day. What means the steady rush to the depots and the long rail trains darting their lanterns along the tracks of the Boston and Lowell, the Georgia Central, the Chicago Great Western, the St. Paul and Duluth and the Southern railway? Ask the happy group in the New England farm house; ask the villagers whose song of praise in the morning will come over the Berkshire hills; ask all the plantations of the South which have adopted the New England custom of setting apart a day of thanksgiving. Oh, it is a great day of national festivity! Clap your hands, ye people, and shout aloud for joy! Through the organ pipes let there come down the thunder of a nation's rejoicing! Blow the cornet! Wave the palm branches! "Oh, that men would praise the Lord for His goodness and for His wonderful works to the children of men!"

For two years and a half this nation has been celebrating the triumph of sword and gun and battery. We have sung martial airs and cheered returning heroes and sounded the requiem for the slain in battle. Methinks it will be a healthful change if on this year's Thanksgiving in church and homestead we celebrate the victories of the plow, the hammer and the pen, for nothing was done at Santiago or Manila that was of more importance than that which in the last year has been done in farmer's field and mechanic's shop and author's study by those who never wore an epaulet or shot a Spaniard or went a hundred miles from their own doorsill. Come up, farmers and mechanics and literary men and get your dues as far as I can pay them.

Things have marvelously changed. Time was when the stern edict of governments forbade religious assemblages. Those who dared to be so unloyal to their king as to acknowledge loyalty to the Head of the universe were punished. Churches awfully silent in worship suddenly heard their doors swung open, and down upon the church aisle a score of muskets thumped as the leaders bade them "Ground arms!" This custom of having the fathers, the husbands, the sons and brothers at the entrance of the pew is a custom which came down from olden time, when it was absolutely necessary that the father or brother should sit at the end of the church pew fully armed to defend the helpless portion of the family. But now how changed! Severe penalties are threatened against any one who shall interrupt religious services, and annually, at the command of the highest official in the United States, we gather together for thanksgiving and holy worship. To-day I would stir your souls to joyful thanksgiving while I speak of the mercies of God and in unconventional way recount the conquests of the plow, the hammer and the pen.

Most of the implements of husbandry have been superseded by modern inventions, but the plow has never lost its reign. It has furrowed its way through all the ages. Its victories have been waved by the barley of Palestine, the wheat of Persia, the flax of Germany, the ricestalks of China, the rich grasses of Italy. It has turned up the mammoth of Siberia, the mastadon of Egypt and the pine groves of Thessaly. Its iron foot hath marched where Moses wrote and Homer sang and Aristotle taught and Alexander mounted his war charger. It hath wrung its colter on Norwegian wilds and ripped out the stumps of the American forest, pushing its way through the savannahs of the Carolinas and trembling in the grasp of the New Hampshire yeomanry. American civilization hath kept step with the rattle of its clevises, and on its beam hath ridden thrift and national plenty.

I do not wonder that the Japanese and the Chinese and the Phoenicians so particularly extolled husbandry or that Cincinnatus went from the consulship to the plow or that Noah was a farmer before he became a shipbuilder or that Elisha was in the field plowing with twelve yoke of oxen when the mantle fell on him or that the Egyptians in their paganism worshiped the ox as a tiller of their lands.

To get an appreciation of what the American plow has accomplished I take you into the western wilderness. Here in the dense forest I find a collection of Indian wigwams. With belts of wampum the men lazily sit on the skins of deer, smoking their feathered calumets, or, driven forth by hunger, I track their moccasins far away as they make the forest echoes crazy with their wild halloo or fish in the waters of the still lake. Now tribes challenge and council fires blaze, and war whoops ring, and chiefs lift the tomahawks for battle. After awhile wagons from the Atlantic coast come to those forests. By day trees are felled, and by night bonfires keep off the wolves. Log cabins rise, and the great trees begin to throw their branches in the path of the conquering white man. Farms are cleared. Stumps, the monuments of slain forests, crumble and are burned. Villages appear, with smiths at the bellows, masons on the wall, carpenters on the housetop. Churches rise in honor of the Great Spirit whom the red men ignorantly worship. Steamers on the lake convey merchandise to her wharf and carry east the uncounted bushels that have come to the market. Bring hither wreaths of wheat and crowns of rye, and let the mills and the machinery of barn and field unite their voices to celebrate the triumph, for the wilderness hath retreated and the plow hath conquered.

Within our time the Presidential Cabinet has added a Secretaryship of Agriculture. Societies are constantly being established for the education of the plow. Journals devoted to this department are circulated through all the country. Farmers through such culture have learned the attributes of soils and found out that almost every field has its peculiar preferences. Lands have their choice as to which product they will bear. Marshy lowlands touched by the plow rise and wring out their wet locks in the trenches. Islands born down on the coast of Peru and Bolivia are transported to our fields and make our vegetation leap. Highways by the plow are changed from buggy ruts into roads like the Roman Appian way. Fields go through bloodless revolutions until there the farmhouse stands. In summer honeysuckles clamber over the trellises. On one side there stands a garden, which is only a farm condensed. On the other side there is a stretch of meadow land with thick grass, and as the wind breathes over it it looks like the deep green ocean waves. There goes a brook, tarrying long in its windings, as if loath to leave the spot where the reeds sing, and the cattle stand at noonday under the shadow of the weeping willows. In winter the sled comes through the crackling snow with huge logs from the woods, and the barn floor quakes under the thumpings of the flail or the deafening buzz of the thrashing machine. Horses stand beneath mow poles bending under loads of hay and whinny to the well filled oat bins. Comfort laughs at the wind rattling the sashes and clicking the icicles from the eaves.

Praise God for the great harvests that have been reaped this last year! Some of them injured by drought or insects or freshets were not as bountiful as usual, others far in excess of what have ever before been gathered, while higher prices will help make up for any decreased supply. Sure sign of agricultural prosperity we have in the fact that cattle and horses and sheep and swine and all farm animals have during the last two years increased in value. Twenty million swine slaughtered this last year, and yet so many hogs left.

If the ancients in their festivals presented their rejoicings before Ceres, the goddess of corn and tillage, shall we neglect to rejoice in the presence of the great God now? From Atlantic to Pacific let the American nation celebrate the victories of the plow.

I come next to speak of the conquests of the American hammer. Its iron arm has fought its way down from the beginning to the present. Under its swing the city of Enoch rose, and the foundry of Tubal Cain resounded, and the ark floated on the deluge. At its clang ancient temples spread their magnificence and chariots rushed out fit for the battle. Its iron fist smote the marble of Paros, and it rose in sculptured Minervas and struck the Pentelican mines until from them a Parthenon was reared whiter than a palace of ice and pure as an angel's dream. Damascus and Jerusalem and Rome and Venice and Paris and London and Philadelphia and New York and Washington are but the long protracted echoes of the hammer. Under the hammer everywhere dwellings have gone up, ornate and luxurious. Schoolhouses, lyceums, hospitals and asylums have added additional glory to the enterprise as well as the beneficence of the American people.

Vast public works have been constructed, bridges have been built over rivers and tunnels dug under mountains and churches of matchless beauty have gone up for Him who had not where to lay His head, and the old theory is exploded that because Christ was born in a manger we must always worship Him in a barn.

Edward Eggleston and Will Carleton and Mark Twain and John Kendrick Bangs and Marion Harland and Margaret Sangster and Stockton and Churchill and Hopkinson Smith and Irving Bacheller and Julia Ward Howe and Amelia Barr and Brander Matthews and Thomas Nelson Page and Elizabeth Stuart Phelps and William Dean Howells and a score of others, some of them fixed stars and some meteors.

As the pen has advanced our colleges and universities and observatories have followed the waving of its plume. Our literature is of two kinds—that on foot and that on the wing. By the former I mean the firm and substantial works which will go down through the centuries. When, on the other hand, I speak of literature on the wing, I mean the newspapers of the land. They fly swiftly and vanish, but leave permanent results upon the public mind. They fall noiselessly as a snow flake, but with the strength of an Alpine glacier.

This unparalleled multiplication of intelligence will either make or break us. Every morning and evening our telegraph offices, with huge wire rakes, gather up the news of the nation and of the whole world, and men write to some purpose when they make a pen out of a thunderbolt.

It needs great energy and decision and perseverance for a man to be ignorant in this country to-day. It seems to me that it requires more effort for him to keep out knowledge than to let it in. The mailbags at the smallest postoffices disgorge large packages of intelligence for the people. Academies with maps, globes and philosophic apparatus have been taking the places of those institutions where thirty or forty years ago you were put to the torture. Men selected for their qualifications are intrusted with the education of our youth instead of those teachers who formerly with a drover's shout and goad compelled the young generations up the hill of science. Happy childhood! What with broken tops and torn kites and the trial of losing the best marble and stumping your foot against a stone and somebody sticking a pin into you to see whether you will jump and examination day, with four or five wise men looking over their spectacles to see if you can parse the first page in Young's "Night Thoughts" until verbs and conjunctions and participles and prepositions get into a grand riot.

How things have marvelously changed! We used to cry because we had to go to school. Now children cry if they cannot go. Many of them can intelligently discuss political topics long before they have seen a ballot box or, teased by some poetic muse, can compose articles for the newspapers. Philosophy and astronomy and chemistry have been so improved that he must be a genius at dullness who knows nothing about them.

On one shelf of a poor man's library is more practical knowledge than in the 400,000 volumes of ancient Alexandria, and education is possible for the most indigent, and no legislature or congress for the last fifty years has assembled which has not had it in rail splitters and farmers and drovers or men who have been accustomed to toiling with the hand and the foot.

Lift up your eyes, O nation of God's right hand, at the glorious prospects! Build larger your barns for the harvests; dig deeper the vats for the spoil of the vineyards; enlarge the warehouses for the merchandise; multiply galleries of art for the pictures and statues. Advance, O nation of God's right hand, but remember that national wealth, if unsanctified, is sumptuous waste, is moral ruin, is magnificent woe, is splendid rottenness, is gilded death! Woe to us for the wine vats if drunkenness wallows in them! Woe to us for the harvests if greed sickles them! Woe to us for the merchandise if avarice swallows it! Woe to us for the cities if misrule walks them! Woe to the land if God defying crime debauches it! Our only safety is in more Bibles, more churches, more free schools, more good men and more good women, more consecrated printing presses, more of the glorious gospel of the Son of God, which will yet extirpate all wrongs and introduce all blessedness.

But the preachers on Thanksgiving morning will not detain with long sermons their hearers from the home group. The housekeepers will be angry if the guests do not arrive until the viands are cold. Set the chairs to the table—the easy chairs for grandfather and grandmother, if they be still alive; the high chair for the youngest, but not the least. Then put out your hand to take the full cup of thanksgiving. Lift it and bring it toward your lips, your hands trembling with emotion, and if the chalice shall overflow and trickle a few drops on the white cloth that covers the table do not be disturbed, but let it suggest to you the words of the psalmist and lead you thankfully to say, "My cup runneth over!"

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THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR DECEMBER 8.

Subject: Moses and Pharaoh Ex. xi., 1-10—Golden Text, Isa. lviii., 9—Memory Verses, 4-7—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—Moses asked that they might go three days' journey into the wilderness, where they would be free from all intrusion, and where the worship of God which had been neglected could be revived. Many seem to think that this proposition on the part of Moses was not sincere, and that he intended to go and not return. But there is no suggestion that any such duplicity was planned. They would have gone and worshipped and returned, had they been permitted to do so; and then God would have made further demands upon Pharoah. It is not necessary for Jehovah to resort to trickery in order to accomplish His purposes.

1. "The Lord said." Or, as some think, the Lord had said, at some time in the past. Verses 1-3 are evidently thrown in here in parenthesis, as verses 4-8 seem to be a continuation of the interview Moses was having with Pharaoh at the close of the preceding chapter. Pharaoh had ordered Moses to leave his presence, and threatened him with death if he saw his face again (10:28, 29); and Moses said he would see his face no more, but before he left Pharaoh he threatened him with the death of the first born. It was a terrible threat, but was carried out to the letter soon after. 12:29-33. "One plague more." One more heavy blow must fall upon this hard-hearted monarch and his land, ere he will be compelled to let go the favored objects of Jehovah's sovereign grace. The king of Egypt had ample warning of the terrible calamity that was to come upon them, and if he had repented and humbled himself it might have been averted.

2. "Let every man borrow," etc. "Let them ask every man," etc. R. V. Borrow is a wrong and misleading translation. God commanded the Israelites to ask or demand a certain recompense for their past services, and He inclined the hearts of the Egyptians to give liberally; and this, far from being a matter of oppression, wrong, or even charity, was no more than a very partial recompense for the long and painful services which we may say 600,000 Israelites had rendered to Egypt, during many years. There can be no doubt that during their servitude the profits of their labor went wholly to the Egyptians. God has many ways of balancing accounts, of righting the oppressed, and compelling those who have done wrong to make restitution. "Jewels," etc. The work translated "jewels" may be translated "articles" or "goods." "The Israelites received gold and silver, probably both in coin and in plate of different kinds."

3. "Very great." Because of the miracles he had wrought and the plagues he had brought upon the people. "This seems to be mentioned as a reason why no attempt had been made against his life."

4. "About midnight." God's judgments come upon sinners when they least expect it, and in their moments of fancied security. The darkness can not hide from God; we know not what will be in the approaching night. The wicked may awake to find that the stern messenger of eternal justice has seized upon them. "Will I go out." In this last plague God is represented as descending in person. This was designed to impress Pharaoh with the terrible character of the next judgment.

5. "The first born." It has been suggested that this might not in every case have meant the oldest child in the family, as that child might now have been dead or absent; but, inasmuch as there was not a house where there was not one dead (12: 30), the word in some cases must have meant the "most eminent," or the "best beloved." In this sense the term is frequently used. "Behind the mill." The poor captive slave employed in the hardest labor. It was the custom then, as it is with the Arabs at present, to grind their corn with hand-mills, turned by their women servants, who, for that purpose, stood behind the mill.

6. "Great cry." The Egyptians were excessive in their manifestations of grief. "They whipped, beat and tore themselves, and when a relative died they ran into the streets and howled in the most lamentable and frantic manner." How dreadful must have been the scene when there was one dead in every house. No such wail ever went up before or since.

7. "Shall not a dog," etc. The Israelites were not only to be free from death, but they were to depart without being molested in any way; the dogs would not even bark at them. "Doth put a difference." The Egyptians were crying, helpless, frightened, dead. The Israelites were quiet, peaceful, protected, blessed. So the Lord always puts a difference between His people and His enemies. One has the promise of this life and of that which is to come; the other has nothing to expect but indignation and wrath from the hands of an offended God.

8. "Get thee out." See the fulfilment of this in Ex. 12: 31-36. "In a great anger." "In hot anger."—R. V. "Moses was not in an unholy passion; he was grieved at the perversity of a wicked soul."

10. "The Lord hardened Pharaoh's heart." God is sometimes said to do what He merely permits to be done, because He can not wisely prevent it. But, by studying the narrative it will be seen that Pharoah hardened his own heart. "Harden" is used nineteen times in this account. Eleven times God is said to harden Pharaoh's heart, five times the simple statement is made that it was hardened, and three times it is said that he hardened it himself. "In the narrative of what actually took place, it is not till after the sixth plague that it is said that the Lord hardened his heart, and only after the eighth plague is the agency exclusively ascribed to God."

The project to drain the Zuyder Zee, of which a good deal was spoken some five years ago, when it was made a part of the Dutch Government programme, has been withdrawn from the States General by the new Ministry. The reasons given for the withdrawal of the scheme from the Netherlands Parliament are the state of the public finances (requiring the practice of economy) and the fact that the low ruling price for arable land would make the creation of new agricultural holdings undesirable. The Zuyder Zee was once dry; but the reconquest of this part of Holland will be reserved for a future generation of Dutch.

An effort is to be made to remove a large red oak tree from the wildest section of Arkansas to Forest Park, St. Louis, without injuring it. The tree is 160 feet high and twelve feet in diameter at the base. A double tramway will be built from the tree to the river, where it will be floated and towed to St. Louis. It is estimated that this will occupy six months.

THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

THE report of the State Examiner on the books and accounts of chilton's officials is a very flattering one, and reflects great credit upon our county officers.

IT appears from the complaints of some of our subscribers that an explanation of last week's issue of THE BANNER is required. Last week some of our subscribers received their paper on time, but it did not contain the report of the Grand Jury, others got their paper on time and in it they found the report.

The explanation is very simple. THE BANNER gives you the news, when possible while it is news. In order to give you the news on time, THE BANNER is compelled to go to press on Thursday morning or else we cannot catch the mails. We held back last week as long as we possibly could for the Grand Jury to make its report. Had we held back any longer than we did a great number of our subscribers would not have received their paper until Monday or later of this week when news would be stale. And so, to give you all the other news we gave you all the news that was possible. The Grand Jury did not report until 3 . m Thursday; we had already printed several hundred papers, but we considered the remaining subscribers, whose papers were not yet printed, were entitled to the latest news, so we took out some matter from the first edition and substituted the reyort of the Grand Jury. You can always depend upon THE BANNER giving you the very latest news.

In this connection, a word to our correspondents would be in place. News is news! If you send state news don't be surprised if it is left out. Send news while it is fresh and it there is any possibility of squeezing it into our columns we will get it in—we are noted for squeezing more into the columns of THE BANNER than any other newspaper in Alabama. Don't stretch it out, say all that you possibly can in as short a space as you know how. If you don't, we may have to cut it short. Don't send a letter of twenty pages, as a good friend did recently. We cannot give one correspondent all the paper and a supplement also. It may be the best thing that ever was written but we have not the time or space to publish it. Don't send your communications so that we receive them on Thursday morning because by that time our columns are filled up, maybe with not such interesting matter as yours, but it would delay us another day to take out the other matter and put in yours.

We could go on indefinitely, but after all it must be left to the common sense of correspondents, with this one understanding: Send us NEWS; send it while it is NEWS, not two or three weeks after the affair has happen. If you wish to express an opinion upon public events, send your letter in as soon as you can, but in any event not later than Tuesday morning of each week, or we may be unable to publish it. It takes time to set your communication even if it is not twenty pages in lenght.

THE BANNER has published more correspondence than any other paper in Alabama, but we cannot do impossibilities. We shall be in a much better position in a few weeks to meet our correspondents requirements when we get into our new building and get in our steam press.

CIRCUIT COURT

The second, or criminal week, of circuit court convened Monday Judge Denson, with his usual promptness, at once got the court down to work

The following juries were empanelled:

JURY NO. 1.

S. M. Yates, J. c. Martin, charley Walker, James Price. W. F. Littlejohn, Joseph Smithermon, L. R. Barnes, Thomas Billingsley, J. B. Northcutt, Bowen Jones, J. T. Littleton, Anderson Baker Jr.

JURY NO 2.

W. H. Martin, w. S Stephens, w R Dawson, J D Elam, B w Garner, A L Foshee Sr, c R Mullins, S P Franklin, R M Roebuck, josedh Mitchell, joseph Foshee, J T chambers.

JURY NO. 3

Elijah Mims, B N Martin, J w Friday, Felix Eiland, Jack Parker, T H williams, B H wells.

The following were the principal cases disposed of:

John Easterling, charged with larceny of a bale of cotton in 1887, nolle prossed.

Joe christian (col) attempt to murder Mr G W Willis, 20 years in the penitentiary.

Wm Bailey, charged with the killing of Joe Patton at clear creek 12 years in the penitentiary

charley Adams (col) burglary, 5 years in the penitentiary

Milton Edwards, (col) assault to murder, 4 years in penitentiary

Fayette callens (col) assault to murder, 2 years in penitentiary

Mary Adams, bigamy, 2 years in penitentiary

It is expected that court will adjourn this (Thursday) morning

In the civil case of Mrs Lola cunningham vs the Jackson Lumber co., last week, a verdict was returned for the plaintiff, with $5,000 damages A motion was made for a new trial which was to be heard wednesday night

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

To Hon. N. D. Denson,
Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit:

We, the Grand Jury, empanelled and charged by your Honor, for the Fall Term of the circuit court of chilton county, beg leave to submit this our final report.

As a result of our labors, having enquired into 64 alleged violations of our laws, we have brought into your Honor's court 26 indictments.

Our investigations show that the county poor are well cared for, and that the public roads of the county are in fairly good condition.

The books and bonds of our county officers, as far as we have been able to ascertain from a limited examination, we find correctly kept and solvent.

Our county finances we find in good condition, and the statement submitted to us by the county Treasurer and attached hereto, and marked "Exhibit A" shows cash on hand of the General Fund $626.38, and the Fine and Forfeiture Fund, $192.68.

The county jail we find in fairly good condition. We hereby admonish the Sheriff to use added care and diligence in preventing the escape of prisoners from the custody of the law.

We desire to impress upon our county Tax Assessor the necessity of complying strictly with the law in the discharge of his official duty, and especially in the administering of the oaths required by law.

We desire to thank your honor for the able charge defining our duties, and to our Solicitor, Hon S. L. Brewer, for his courteous assistance.

Having completed our duties we now ask to be discharged.

Respectfully submitted.

C. J. STEWART, Foreman.

The Pride of Heroes.

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Corns, Sore Feet and stiff joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena

A FINE TRIBUTE TO JUDGE ADAMS

From the Blocton Messenger.

We notice in a recent issue of the Centreville Press that "Burnt Arm" Adams met Jno. Knox in a joint debate The article is rather a severe reflection on the Rev. Sam Adams.

We believe most of the people of Bibb, irrespective of political party or religious creed, are admirers of Mr Adams. His father was killed in the service of the Confederacy and young Sam Adams is said to have plowed a steer four or five years, cultivating a small farm that hardly afforded a subsistence for his mother and younger brothers. But this boy Sam had in him the stuff that heroes are made of, and he toiled and struggled along, patiently following his little steer in the field, sharing with his mother and the little ones a frugal supper of bread and spring water, and then to his night fire of pine knots, by the flickering blaze of which he learned to read and write and make figures. But the good mother of Sam lived to see her plow boy develop into manhood; to see him converted to Jesus, and then began the life work of this earnest boy. Feeling called to preach, he received orders from the Baptist church and his first efforts in the pulpit are said to have been equally embarrassing to himself and congregation, but his seeming failures only gave strength to each succeeding effort, until the poor, gawky young preacher gradually became one of the most forcible and eloquent pulpit orators of this section

Then when a large percentage of Democrats became dissatisfied with their party machinery, Sam, who was a Democrat, espouse the cause of the Third party. He thought he was right and for him to think that was to go to work for this new cause with the same energy that had dominated his whole life. He toiled for its success and the reputation of Sam Adams as a stump speaker soon became national.

From the awkward little country boy that plowed the steer to make bread for a dear old widowed mother, Sam Adams became a great preacher, a great orator and a great leader. He is the acknowledged head of the Populist party in Alabama and was offered the nomination for Governor but refused it.

We differ with him in politics a little, but we do admire his courage, his manliness, his fearless adherence to his convictions. We admire Sam Adams as one of old Bibb's self made men—one of nature's noblemen.

If your boy gets burned when he shoots his Christmas crackers, use the "old reliable," Dr. Tabhenor's Antiseptic. It is clean and pleasant, cooling and soothing to the burn, relieves suffering and heals almost like magic Only 50c a bottle, by druggists

HOME AND CHILD

Does your horse "feel his oats"? What a difference between the grain-fed and the grass-fed horse! The first strong and full of ginger, the second flabby, weak and tired out before he begins. The feeding makes the difference.

Children are not alike either. One is rosy, bright-eyed, full of life and laughter, another is pale, weak and dull. The feeding again is responsible.

Sickly children need special feeding. They don't "feel their oats". Scott's Emulsion adds just the right richness to their diet. It is like grain to the horse. The child gets new appetite and strong digestion.

Scott's Emulsion is more than food. It is a strong medicine. It rouses up dull children, puts new flesh on thin ones and red blood into pale ones. It makes children grow. Scott's Emulsion makes ordinary food do its duty.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

Send for free sample.

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50c and $1. all druggists.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References Enclose self addressed stamped envelope Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
"Something New Under The sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Then powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 235 EDWIN B GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22185.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 30th, 1901, viz: James L. Burnett, Homestead entry, No. 21072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 of Sec. 3, Tp. 23 n of r 15 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Ellison, R. Vanderslice J. J. Wright, H. M Willis, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BROWN, Register.

Add water and sugar to Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and subtract the colic from your Baby. Very pleasant, perfectly harmless and absolutely reliable. Cost 50c.

Fortify yourself against the casualties consequent upon "Merry Christmas." Equal to an insurance policy is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic against gun-shot wounds, powder burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., and costs only 50c. at drug stores.

Mexican Mustang Liniment will readily overcome Loss of Hair, Diseased Hoofs and Scratches in horses, mules and cattle. Farmers try it.

A toad under a harrow

suffers no more than the faithful horse that is tortured with Spavins, Swinney, Harness Sores, Sprains, etc. Most horse owners know this and apply the kind of sympathy that heals, known far and wide as

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Never fails—not even in the most aggravated cases. Cures caked udder in cows quicker than any known remedy. Hardly a disease peculiar to muscle, skin or joints that cannot be cured by it.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is the best remedy on the market for Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. It keeps horses and mules in condition.

Corner Store

Second Avenue and Seventh Street

Has the Best Goods

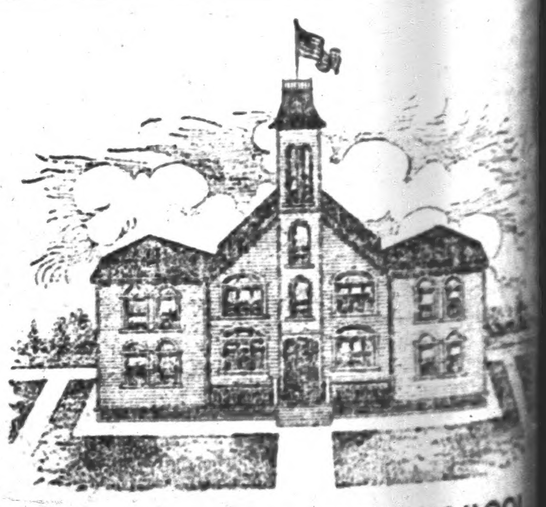
At a Lower Price

Than any in Town

A Warm Welcome to All.

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON SECTARIAN

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the work of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main building is a beautiful two-story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.00 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lead a band in behalf of institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Justices' court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7¼ @ 7¾ cts.
Same date last year 9 5-16 cts.

Received To date:	1901	1900
Pickard & Co.	2304	1926
Selma	2726	1612
Ellis-Q	696	305
Sundry	776	523
Total	6502	4366

We are in the market buying Peas and Cotton seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK! Good hard brick at $6 per 1000, soft brick at $5 per 1000.
F. R. WOODYARD, Clanton.

Mr. S. H. Wilson, of Double Springs, Treasurer of Winston county, visited his son, Mr. Harvey Wilson, last week. We were pleased to make his acquaintance

Mr. M S Owen, of Kincheon was one of our welcome visitors Tuesday.

Mr. J H Patton, Jr., of Jemison was in town Tuesday.

Mr. H Shaw, J. P., of Clear Creek was attending court Tuesday

Mr. D H Mitchell, of Stanton gave us a pleasant call Wednesday

Mr. J. N Gentry, of Lawley, was one of our welcome visitors Tuesday

Mr J. H. Green, of Active, gave us a pleasant visit Thursday.

Mr. J. T. Blow, of Jemison, was a visitor here last week.

Hon. L. H. Reynolds, was in town Monday morning

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Peas and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

The Harris Nickel-Plate show will be at Clanton next Wednesday, December 11. The circus is one of the old-fashioned kind, the performance being given in one ring, and it is pronounced everywhere the best of smaller shows on the road. The attractions are all first-class and the performance is pleasing and clean throughout. The tent has a seating capacity of 3000 and everything about the show has the appearance of a big circus.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stewart entertained a number of their friends Thursday evening at cards. The guests left, after thanking the hostess for their enjoyable evening spent. Those who attended were Mesdames Tipton Mullins, Willie Mullins, Guy Higgins, Emma Anderson, Jim Jones, Roberta Mullins, Misses Jessie Allen, Ross Thornton, Mollie Hanson, Mr. N. A. Kicker, Dr. N. S. Jackson and Hon. S. L. Brewer.

Mrs. O. A. Duke of Deatsville is visiting friends here.

Mrs. C. B. McNeill of Montgomery is a visitor here this week.

Born to Rev. and Mrs. D. F. Ellison a little girl Tuesday night.

Mr. Oliver Latham visited Montgomery Wednesday.

Ex-Sheriff cooley of Shelby was here Wednesday.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Ague and Fever is a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c

Watch for Dr. A. J Massey's ad in this paper. He has opened a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1187½ 21st-st., between 2nd and 3d aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Peas and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Marriage licenses have been issued during the week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Dock H Mims and Miss Lula Mims; Mr Henry Oscar Bean and Miss Lillie Hayes; Mr Wm M Lewis and Miss Duly Bellingham; Mr John Oates and Miss Mattie; Mr P D Killingsworth and Miss Ida Prim.

Joe Shelton and Elmira Woodson; Woodson Robins and Minnie Sparrow; Richard Sheppard and Lilla White.

will readily overcome Loss of Hair, Thousand Bloods and Scratches in horses mules and cattle. Farmers try it.

nder

or the faithful horse
Swinney, Harness
horse owners know this
sympathy that heals, known

tang
Liniment.'

the most aggravated cases,
quicker than any known
peculiar to muscle, skin
cured by it.

the best remedy on the market for
Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps.
It keeps horses and mules in condition.

Store

nd Seventh Street,

Goods

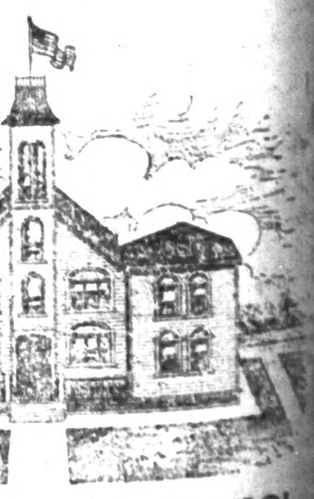
wer Price

han any in Town

Welcome to All.

SARTOR

CLANTON



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DEPARTMENTS.
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schools of the State. The Main Building
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TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
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up and to lend a hand in helping other
te in elevating the youth in a
information address
& CARMICHAEL, Tuskegee, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February first Monday in March, first Monday in June second Monday in July second Monday in August and next Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to day 7½ @ 7¾ cts.
Same date last year 9 5-16 cts.

RECEIVED TO DATE:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	2304	1996
Selma	2286	1612
Ellis-a	696	305
Lowndes	226	323
Total	6042	4236

We are in the market buying Hides and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK: Good hard brick at $6 per 1000, soft brick at $5 per 1000.
F. R. Woodward, Clanton.

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Mr. J. N. Gentry, of Lawley, was one of our welcome visitors Thursday.

Mr. J. H. Green, of Active, had us a pleasant visit Thursday.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

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E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

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Mr. Duca Mims and Miss Lula Belle Mims; Mr Henry Oscar Bean and Miss Lillie Hayes; Mr Wm M Nichols and Miss Duly Belle Gardner; Mr John Oates and Miss Ella Merler; Mr P D Killingsworth and Miss Ida Prim.

Joe Shelton and Elmira Lockwood; Woodson Robins and Lizzie Sparrow; Richard Sheppard and Lilla White.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall stock, securing many fine grades of goods

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to us by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID. **4 Full Quarts**

OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD

Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for **20 years**, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES

My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.

Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF

DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,

F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.

INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FINEST OIL MADE FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY
L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Nervous Doses. No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS:

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

COMING TO CLANTON

W. H. Harris'

WORLD · FAMOUS NICKEL PLATE SHOW

WILL EXHIBIT AT

CLANTON

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11th.

THE FAMOUS ST. LEON FAMILY,
Acrobats, Aerialists and Riders

THE WONDERFUL CARROLL'S,
Kings and Queens of the Air

Miss EMMA LaTOW
Queen of the Wire

Miss ELSIE St. LEON
Australia's Daring Hurdle Rider

ALBERT COSTELLO
America's Greatest and Principal Rider

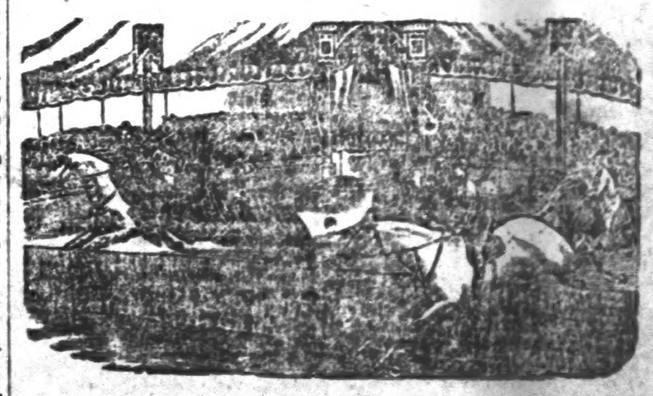
CLAUDE HORTON
4 Horse Roman Rider

AJAX, the Boneless Wonder

8 MAGNIFICENT SIBERIAN CAMELS 8
Trained to Work in Harness

GYPSEY, the Largest Elephant on earth

A $10,000.00 Den of Performing Lions



AMERICA'S GRANDEST AND BEST AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISE

TWICE DAILY—AT 2 AND 8 P.M.

Doors Open One Hour Earlier.

THE MESSAGE

Of President Roosevelt to Congress.

IS AN INTERESTING DOCUMENT

He Refers Forcibly to All the Important Questions of the Day and Gives His Ideas as to the Best Remedies For Correcting Present Evils.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The president in his annual message to congress says:

The congress assembles this year under the shadow of a great calamity. On the 6th of September President McKinley was shot by an anarchist while attending the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo and died in that city on the 14th of that month.

Of the last seven elected presidents he is the third who has been murdered, and the bare recital of this fact is sufficient to justify grave alarm among all loyal American citizens. Moreover, the circumstances of this, the third assassination of an American president, have a peculiarly sinister significance. Both President Lincoln and President Garfield were killed by assassins of types unfortunately not uncommon in history, President Lincoln falling a victim to the terrible passions aroused by four years of civil war and President Garfield to the revengeful vanity of a disappointed office seeker. President McKinley was killed by an utterly depraved criminal belonging to that body of criminals who object to all governments, good and bad alike, who are against any form of popular liberty if it is guaranteed by even the most just and liberal laws and who are as hostile to the upright exponent of a free people's sober will as to the tyrannical and irresponsible despot.

Anarchy and Anarchists.

The president continues with a eulogy of Mr. McKinley, then turns to the subject of anarchy, denouncing its doctrines and preachers. He says:

I earnestly recommend to the congress that in the exercise of its wise discretion it should take into consideration the coming to this country of anarchists or persons professing principles hostile to all government and justifying the murder of those placed in authority. Such individuals as those who not long ago gathered in open meeting to glorify the murder of King Humbert of Italy perpetrate a crime, and the law should insure their rigorous punishment. They and those like them should be kept out of this country, and if found here they should be promptly deported to the country whence they came, and farreaching provision should be made for the punishment of those who stay. No matter calls more urgently for the wisest thought of the congress.

A Subject For Federal Courts.

The federal courts should be given jurisdiction over any man who kills or attempts to kill the president or any man who by the constitution or by law is in line of succession for the presidency, while the punishment for an unsuccessful attempt should be proportioned to the enormity of the offense against our institutions.

Anarchy is a crime against the whole human race, and all mankind should band against the anarchist. His crime should be made an offense against the law of nations, like piracy and that form of man stealing known as the slave trade.

The president next considers business conditions, which he finds highly satisfactory. He continues:

The tremendous and highly complex industrial development which went on with ever accelerated rapidity during the latter half of the nineteenth century brings us face to face at the beginning of the twentieth with very serious social problems. The old laws and the old customs which had almost the binding force of law were once quite sufficient to regulate the accumulation and distribution of wealth. Since the industrial changes which have so enormously increased the productive power of mankind they are no longer sufficient.

Trade Combinations.

The growth of cities has gone on beyond comparison faster than the growth of the country, and the upbuilding of the great industrial centers has meant a startling increase not merely in the aggregate of wealth, but in the number of very large individual and especially of very large corporate fortunes. The creation of these great corporate fortunes has not been due to the tariff nor to any other governmental action, but to natural causes in the business world, operating in other countries as they operate in our own.

The process has groused much antagonism, a great part of which is wholly without warrant. It is not true that as the rich have grown richer the poor have grown poorer. On the contrary, never before has the average man, the wageworker, the farmer, the small trader, been so well off as in this country and at the present time. There have been abuses connected with the accumulation of wealth, yet it remains true that a fortune accumulated in legitimate business can be accumulated by the person specially benefited only on condition of conferring immense incidental benefits upon others. Successful enterprise of the type which benefits all mankind can only exist if the conditions are such as to offer great prizes as the rewards of success.

Reasons For Caution.

The president adds that there are many reasons for caution in dealing with corporations. He says:

The same business conditions which have produced the great aggregations of corporate and individual wealth have made them very potent factors in international commercial competition.

Moreover, it cannot too often be pointed out that to strike with ignorant violence at the interests of one set of men almost inevitably endangers the interests of all. The fundamental rule in our national life—the rule which underlies all others—is that, on the whole and in the long run, we shall go up or down together.

The mechanism of modern business is so delicate that extreme care must be taken not to interfere with it in a spirit of rashness or ignorance. In dealing with business interests, for the government to undertake by crude and ill considered legislation to do what may turn out to be bad, would be to incur the risk of such farreaching national disaster that it would be preferable to undertake nothing at all. The men who demand the impossible or the undesirable serve as the allies of the forces with which they are nominally at war, for they hamper those who would endeavor to find out in rational fashion what the wrongs really are and to what extent and in what manner it is practicable to apply remedies.

How to Correct the Evils.

All this is true, and yet it is also true that there are real and grave evils, one of the chief being overcapitalization because of its many baleful consequences, and a resolute and practical effort must be made to correct these evils.

It is no limitation upon property rights or freedom of contract to require that when men receive from government the privilege of doing business under corporate form, which frees them from individual responsibility and enables them to call into their enterprises the capital of the public, they shall do so upon absolutely truthful representations as to the value of the property in which the capital is to be invested. Corporations engaged in interstate commerce should be regulated if they are found to exercise a license working to the public injury. It should be as much the aim of those who seek for social betterment to rid the business world of crimes of cunning as to rid the entire body politic of crimes of violence. Great corporations exist only because they are created and safeguarded by our institutions, and it is therefore our right and our duty to see that they work in harmony with these institutions.

Publicity the First Essential.

The first essential in determining how to deal with the great industrial combinations is knowledge of the facts—publicity. In the interest of the public the government should have the right to inspect and examine the workings of the great corporations engaged in interstate business. Publicity is the only sure remedy which we can now invoke. What further remedies are needed in the way of governmental regulation or taxation can only be determined after publicity has been obtained by process of law and in the course of administration. The first requisite is knowledge, full and complete—knowledge which may be made public to the world.

Artificial bodies, such as corporations and joint stock or other associations, depending upon any statutory law for their existence or privileges should be subject to proper governmental supervision, and full and accurate information as to their operations should be made public regularly at reasonable intervals.

The large corporations, commonly called trusts, though organized in one state, always do business in many states, often doing very little business in the state where they are incorporated. There is utter lack of uniformity in the state laws about them, and, as no state has any exclusive interest in or power over their acts, it has in practice proved impossible to get adequate regulation through state action. Therefore, in the interest of the whole people, the nation should, without interfering with the power of the states in the matter itself, also assume power of supervision and regulation over all corporations doing an interstate business.

Amend Constitution If Necessary.

When the constitution was adopted, at the end of the eighteenth century, no human wisdom could foretell the sweeping changes, alike in industrial and political conditions, which were to take place by the beginning of the twentieth century. At that time it was accepted as a matter of course that the several states were the proper authorities to regulate, so far as was then necessary, the comparatively insignificant and strictly localized corporate bodies of the day. The conditions are now wholly different, and wholly different action is called for.

I believe that a law can be framed which will enable the national government to exercise control along the lines above indicated, profiting by the experience gained through the passage and administration of the interstate commerce act. If, however, the judgment of the congress is that it lacks the constitutional power to pass such an act, then a constitutional amendment should be submitted to confer the power.

There should be created a cabinet officer, to be known as secretary of commerce and industries, as provided in the bill introduced at the last session of the congress. It should be his province to deal with commerce in its broadest sense, including among many other things whatever concerns labor and all matters affecting the great business corporations and our merchant marine.

Labor.

The president declares that he regards it necessary to re-enact the Chinese exclusion law. In regard to labor he says that the government should provide in its contracts that all work should be done under "fair" conditions and that all night work should be forbidden for women and children as well as excessive overtime. He continues:

Very great good has been and will be accomplished by associations or unions of wageworkers when managed with forethought and when they combine insistence upon their own rights with law abiding respect for the rights of others. The display of these qualities in such bodies is a duty to the nation no less than to the associations themselves. Finally, there must also in many cases be action by the government in order to safeguard the rights and interests of all. Under our constitution there is much more scope for such action by the state and the municipality than by the nation. But on points such as those touched on above the national government can act.

He asserts that the immigration laws are unsatisfactory and that a law should be enacted to keep out not only anarchists, but persons of a low moral tendency, or of unsavory reputation, and those who are below a certain standard of economic fitness to enter our industrial field as competitors with American labor.

The Tariff and Reciprocity.

The president declares that nothing could be more unwise than to disturb the business interests of the country by any general tariff change at this time. He adds:

Yet it is not only possible, but eminently desirable, to combine with the stability of our economic system a supplementary system of reciprocal benefit and obligation with other nations. Such reciprocity is an incident and result of the firm establishment and preservation of our present economic policy. It was specially provided for in the present tariff law.

Reciprocity must be treated as the handmaiden of protection. Our first duty is to see that the protection granted by the tariff in every case where it is needed is maintained, and that reciprocity be sought for so far as it can safely be done without injury to our home industries. Just how far this is must be determined according to the individual case, remembering always that every application of our tariff policy to meet our shifting national needs must be conditioned upon the cardinal fact that the duties must never be reduced below the point that will cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad. The well being of the wageworker is a prime consideration of our entire policy of economic legislation.

Need For Wider Markets.

Subject to this proviso of the proper protection necessary to our industrial well being at home, the principle of reciprocity must command our hearty support. The phenomenal growth of our export trade emphasizes the urgency of the need for wider markets and for a liberal policy in dealing with foreign nations. Whatever is merely petty and vexatious in the way of trade restrictions should be avoided. The customers to whom we dispose of our surplus products in the long run, directly or indirectly, purchase those surplus products by giving us something in return. Their ability to purchase our products should as far as possible be secured by so arranging our tariff as to enable us to take from them those products which we can use without harm to our own industries and labor or the use of which will be of marked benefit to us.

It is most important that we should maintain the high level of our present prosperity. We have now reached the point in the development of our interests where we are not only able to supply our own markets, but to produce a constantly growing surplus for which we must find markets abroad. To secure these markets we can utilize existing duties in any case where they are no longer needed for the purpose of protection, or in any case where the article is not produced here and the duty is no longer necessary for revenue, as giving us something to offer in exchange for what we ask. The cordial relations with other nations which are so desirable will naturally be promoted by the course thus required by our own interests.

The natural line of development for a policy of reciprocity will be in connection with those of our productions which no longer require all of the support once needed to establish them upon a sound basis and with those others where either because of natural or of economic causes we are beyond the reach of successful competition.

I ask the attention of the senate to the reciprocity treaties laid before it by my predecessor.

The Merchant Marine.

The condition of the American merchant marine is such as to call for immediate remedial action by the congress. It is discreditable to us as a nation that our merchant marine should be utterly insignificant in comparison to that of other nations which we overtop in other forms of business. We should not longer submit to conditions under which only a trifling portion of our great commerce is carried in our own ships. To remedy this state of things would not merely serve to build up our shipping interests, but it would also result in benefit to all who are interested in the permanent establishment of a wider market for American products and would provide an auxiliary force for the navy. Ships work for their own countries just as railroads work for their terminal points. Shipping lines, if established to the principal countries with which we have dealings, would be of political as well as commercial benefit. From every standpoint it is unwise for the United States to continue to rely upon the ships of competing nations for the distribution of our goods. It should be made advantageous to carry American goods in American built ships.

At present American shipping is under certain great disadvantages when put in competition with the shipping of foreign countries. Many of the fast foreign steamships, at a speed of fourteen knots or above, are subsidized, and all our ships, sailing vessels and steamers alike, cargo carriers of slow speed and mail carriers of high speed, have to meet the fact that the original cost of building American ships is greater than is the case abroad; that the wages paid American officers and seamen are very much higher than those paid the officers and seamen of foreign competing countries, and that the standard of living on our ships is far superior to the standard of living on the ships of our commercial rivals. Our government should take such action as will remedy these inequalities. The American merchant marine should be restored to the ocean.

Financial.

The passage of the act establishing gold as the standard money has, it is declared, been shown to be timely and judicious. The president adds:

In many respects the national banking law furnishes sufficient liberty for the proper exercise of the banking function, but there seems to be need of better safeguards against the deranging influence of commercial crises and financial panics. Moreover, the currency of the country should be made responsive to the demands of our domestic trade and commerce.

Economy in expenditures is urged. Amendment of the interstate commerce act is advised to insure the cardinal provisions of that act. The work carried on by the department of agriculture is next considered and praised highly. The president then turns to forest preservation and irrigation of arid lands, saying that both are highly necessary. He would put all the work in connection with the forest reserves in charge of the bureau of forestry.

Irrigation.

The president continues by tracing the connection between the forest reserves and the water supply. He says:

The forests are natural reservoirs. By restraining the streams in flood and replenishing them in drought they make possible the use of waters otherwise wasted. They prevent the soil from washing and so protect the storage reservoirs from filling up with silt. Forest conservation is, therefore, an essential condition of water conservation.

The forests alone cannot, however, fully regulate and conserve the waters of the arid region. Great storage works are necessary to equalize the flow of streams and to save the flood waters. Their construction has been conclusively shown to be an undertaking too vast for private effort. Nor can it be best accomplished by the individual states acting alone. The government should construct and maintain these reservoirs as it does other public works. Where their purpose is to regulate the flow of streams, the water should be turned freely into the channels in the dry season to take the same course under the same laws as the natural flow.

The reclamation of the unsettled arid public lands presents a different problem. Here it is not enough to regulate the flow of streams. The object of the government is to dispose of the land to settlers who will build homes upon it. To accomplish this object water must be brought within their reach.

The pioneer settlers on the arid public domain chose their homes along streams from which they could themselves divert the water to reclaim their holdings. Such opportunities are practically gone. There remain, however, vast areas of public land which can be made available for homestead settlement, but only by reservoirs and main line canals impracticable for private enterprise. These irrigation works should be built by the national government. The lands reclaimed by them should be reserved by the government for actual settlers, and the cost of construction should, so far as possible, be repaid by the land reclaimed. The distribution of the water, the division of the streams among irrigators, should be left to the settlers themselves in conformity with state laws and without interference with those laws or with vested rights.

The declaration is made that in the arid states the only right to water which should be recognized is that of use. The president says that the doctrine of private ownership of water apart from land cannot prevail without causing wrong.

Insular Problems.

Insular questions are next treated. In Hawaii our aim must be to develop the territory on the traditional American lines. Porto Rico is declared to be thriving as never before. The attention of congress is called to the need of legislation concerning the island's public lands. In Cuba it is stated that much progress has been made toward putting the independent government of the island upon a firm footing, and it is declared that independence will be an accomplished fact. The president adds:

Elsewhere I have discussed the question of reciprocity. In the case of Cuba, however, there are weighty reasons of morality and of national interest why the policy should be held to have a peculiar application, and I most earnestly ask your attention to the wisdom, indeed to the vital need, of providing for a substantial reduction in the tariff duties on Cuban imports into the United States.

In dealing with the Philippine people we must show both patience and strength, forbearance and steadfast resolution. Our aim is high. We do not desire to do for the islanders merely what has elsewhere been done for tropic peoples by even the best foreign governments. We hope to do for them what has never before been done for any people of the tropics—to make them fit for self government after the fashion of the really free nations.

The only fear is lest in our overanxiety we give them a degree of independence for which they are unfit, thereby inviting reaction and disaster. As fast as there is any reasonable hope that in a given district the people can govern themselves self government has been given in that district. There is not a locality fitted for self government which has not received it. But it may well be that in certain cases it will have to be withdrawn because the inhabitants show themselves unfit to exercise it; such instances have already occurred. In other words, there is not the slightest chance of our failing to show a sufficiently humanitarian spirit. The danger comes in the opposite direction.

Troubles Ahead Yet.

There are still troubles ahead in the islands. The insurrection has become an affair of local banditti and marauders, who deserve no higher regard than the brigands of portions of the old world. Encouragement, direct or indirect, to these insurrectos stands on the same footing as encouragement to hostile Indians in the days when we still had Indian wars.

The president declares that the time has come for additional legislation for the Philippines. He says:

It is necessary that thes congress should pass laws by which the resources of the islands can be developed, so that franchises (for limited terms of years) can be granted to companies doing business in them and every encouragement be given to the incoming of business men of every kind. It is urgently necessary to enact suitable laws dealing with general transportation, mining, banking, currency, homesteads and the use and ownership of the lands and timber. These laws will give free play to industrial enterprise, and the commercial development which will surely follow will afford to the people of the islands the best proofs of the sincerity of our desire to aid them.

The Cable and the Canal.

I call your attention most earnestly to the crying need of a cable to Hawaii and the Philippines, to be continued from the Philippines to points in Asia. We should not defer a day longer than necessary the construction of such a cable. It is demanded not merely for commercial but for political and military considerations. Either the congress should immediately provide for the construction of a government cable or else an arrangement should be made by which like advantages to those accruing from a government cable may be secured to the government by contract with a private cable company.

No single great material work which remains to be undertaken on this continent is of such consequence to the American people as the building of a canal across the isthmus connecting North and South America. Its importance to the nation is by no means limited merely to its material effects upon our business prosperity, and yet with a view to these effects alone it would be to the last degree important for us immediately to begin it. While its beneficial effects would perhaps be most marked upon the Pacific coast and the gulf and South Atlantic states, it would also greatly benefit other sections. It is emphatically a work which it is for the interest of the entire country to begin and complete as soon as possible.

I am glad to be able to announce to you that our negotiations on this subject with Great Britain, conducted on both sides in a spirit of friendliness and mutual good will, have resulted in my being able to lay before the senate a treaty which, if ratified, will enable us to begin preparations for an isthmian canal at any time and which guarantees to this nation every right that it has ever asked in connection with the canal. It specifically provides that the United States alone shall do the work of building and assume the responsibility of safeguarding the canal and shall regulate its neutral use by all nations on terms of equality without the guarantee or interference of any outside nation from any quarter.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The Monroe doctrine should be the cardinal feature of the foreign policy of all the nations of the two Americas, as it is of the United States. The Monroe doctrine is a declaration that there must be no territorial aggrandizement by any non-American power at the expense of any American power on American soil. It is in nowise intended as hostile to any nation in the old world. Still less is it intended to give cover to any aggression by one new world power at the expense of any other. It is simply a step, and a long step, toward assuring the universal peace of the world by securing the possibility of permanent peace on this hemisphere.

During the past century other influences have established the permanence and independence of the smaller states of Europe. Through the Monroe doctrine we hope to be able to safeguard like independence and secure like permanence for the lesser among the new world nations.

This doctrine has nothing to do with the commercial relations of any American power save that it in truth allows each of them to form such as it desires. In other words, it is really a guarantee of the commercial independence of the Americas. We do not ask under this doctrine for any exclusive commercial dealings with any other American state. We do not guarantee any state against punishment if it undertakes it itself, provided that punishment does not take the form of the acquisition of territory by any non-American power. Our attitude in Cuba is a striking guarantee of our own good faith. We have not the slightest desire to acquire any territory at the expense of any of our neighbors.

The Navy.

The president devotes considerable space to the navy, the upbuilding of which, he says, should be steadily continued. The navy offers us, it is believed, the only means of making good the Monroe doctrine, and a strong navy is the best guarantee against war. He recommends that provision be made not only for more ships, but for more men. Four thousand additional men and 1,000 additional marines should be provided, as well as an increase in officers. After indorsing the naval militia forces the president says:

But in addition we should at once provide for a national naval reserve organized and trained under the direction of the navy department and subject to the call of the chief executive whenever war becomes imminent. This should be a real auxiliary to the navy in securing peace establishment and also material to be drawn on at once for manning our ships in time of war.

The Army.

It is not necessary to increase our army beyond its present size at this time, but it is necessary to keep it at the highest point of efficiency. The individual units who as officers and enlisted men compose this army seem to have good reason to believe it is fully efficient as those of any other army in the entire world. It is our duty to see that their training is of a kind to insure the highest possible expansion of power to these units when acting in combination.

A general staff should be created. Promotions should be made with regard to the good of the service. Congress ought to provide, the president adds, for field exercises. He continues:

Action should be taken in relation to the militia and to the raising of volunteer forces. Our militia law is absolete and worthless. The organization and armament of the national guard of the several states, which are recognized as militia in the appropriations by congress, should be made identical with those provided for the regular army. The obligations and duties of the militia in time of war should be carefully defined and a system established by which under which the method of procedure of raising volunteer forces should be prescribed in advance.

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The president indorses the merit system of making appointments and says:

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The president then turns to the Indian question. He says:

We should now break up the tribal funds, doing for them what government does for the tribal lands, that is, they should be divided into individual holdings. There will be a transition period during which the funds will in many cases have to be held in trust. This is the case also with the lands. A step should be put upon indiscriminate permission to Indians to lease their allotments. The policy should be steadily to make the Indian work like any other man on his ground. The marriage laws of the Indians should be made the same as those of the whites. In the schools the education should be elementary and largely industrial.

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Cure.

The Sheriff—You say that fellow who broke jail left a message behind?

The Keeper—Yes, sir; here it is on the paper. "Excuse the liberty I take."

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No matter what ails you, headache to a toothache, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, you can feel without a gripe or pain, produce natural movements, cost you just 10c to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

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Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Thompson's Eye Water

PAPER IS WIDELY USED.

NOW EMPLOYED IN A GREAT DIVERSITY OF WAYS.

Ten Years' Improvements—Glass Ceilings Made of Paper—Cars Which Roll on Paper Wheels—Paper Vests and Paper Underclothing—Household Articles.

Paper manufacturers have developed their industry in two ways in recent years, and the results justify all the labor and experiment carried on through the application of science and chemistry, claims the Scientific American. The application of machinery to cheapen the process of converting the raw material into different grades of paper has enormously stimulated paper production in this country, and the various processes employed have often been described.

But a no less important expansion of the paper industry has been in increasing the manifold uses to which paper can be put. Here, too, science has been the chief agent, and it has wrought remarkable changes and improvements. Chemistry has been laboring in this field for two decades, and from the laboratory have come discoveries that have made possible the enormous side products of the paper trade that are now manufactured on a large scale.

One of the things in the paper industry that seemed almost incredible a number of years ago was the manufacture of car wheels. It seemed incomprehensible to the lay mind that wheels made of compressed paper would stand the strain better than wheels made of steel. But the manufacture of paper wheels is no longer a novelty, and they are made in a great variety of sizes and shapes for use on roller skates up to heavy car wheels. After the car wheels made of paper were announced somebody applied paper to the construction of hollow telegraph poles, which were designed to take the place of those which had heretofore disgraced our streets and highways. But paper telegraph poles have never proved of any great value except to illustrate to the skeptical what can be done with paper.

There have in recent years been made of paper, water and sewer mains which promise to be of value. These are hardened and treated chemically, so that they are more impervious to water than some of the iron and earthenware mains. It remains to be proved by actual test whether they can outlast some of the latter. The announcement was made a few years ago that paper window panes had actually been made and used, but these were much like the oyster-shell window panes of the Filipino huts. They may admit a certain amount of light to brighten up the interior, but they could never be looked through with any degree of satisfaction. Still, a semi-opaque glass is often needed for the ceilings of public buildings, where the light admitted must be dimmed and diffused in passing through the substance. Paper window panes have been used in this way with more or less success.

By means of improved machinery and new chemical processes wood pulp can be drawn out into the thinnest imaginable sheets. In this spinning and squeezing the paper does not lose its toughness. Thus thin paper napkins and tablecloths are produced and printed with fancy borders and patterns. Some of these articles are almost as tough as linen in resisting the attempt to tear them. Of course, they will not stand wetting and soon lose their toughness when moistened. But otherwise they make serviceable substitutes for table linen. Likewise the paper vests and paper underclothing and lining of winter suits are prepared for practical use, and they accomplish nearly all that is claimed for them. The paper vests and linings are made so thin that their weight is practically nothing, and yet they keep out the wind and cold. They are chemically treated so that they will last a long time. They are also manufactured so that they do not make the rustling sound usually characteristic of paper, and they are pliable enough not to stand out or bulge the cloth in any way.

Waterproofing and, more recently, fireproofing of paper have occupied the attention of chemists and practical papermakers. Paper made waterproof and as fine as the ordinary napkins and tablecloths would prove a boon to many lines of industries, especially at restaurants and hotels. It is said that public eating houses are waiting anxiously for durable paper napkins and tablecloths. Waterproof paper is made today, but not in such a way as to be valuable for table use. Waterproof paper sheets are frequently glued to cloth, and in this way the latter is rendered impervious to moisture. This waterproof paper is good, however, only for limited lines of articles.

Lately the paper pulp mills have been experimenting with fireproof paper. In fact, the experiments in producing fireproof paper paved the way for making fireproof wood. The wood pulp that is compressed into molds for general household uses, such as for wainscoting, dadoes, ceilings and moldings, can be made fireproof in the same way as the paper. The fireproofing material is introduced and mixed with the wood pulp when the latter is in a soft, pliable condition, and when hardened through hydraulic pressure the chemicals remain in the wood.

This is one of the most interesting lines of experiments yet attempted by the wood pulp mills. It opens up a world of new possibilities. Should they succeed in producing perfect fireproof wood pulp there would be nothing to prevent them from furnishing our builders and marine architects with nearly all the interior wood-trimmings in pressed material. The demand for such fireproof wood pulp products would be extensive. Our Navy Department is demanding such material for their battleships and cruisers, and the builders of the great skyscrapers in our cities are just as anxiously looking around for the same thing. If fireproof wood pulp could be produced satisfactorily it would enter into our daily lives in innumerable ways.

When we consider the great number of household articles already made of wood pulp, it can readily be understood that a fireproofing process for paper and wood would be immediately of great value to all. The interior trimmings of railroad cars, public halls and hotels are nearly all made of hardwood treated with oil, so that it is more inflammable than in the natural state. All this trimming of wood forms a daily menace to thousands of people, and should a fire occur it would sweep irresistibly through these handsome steamship saloons and parlor cars. The whole trade is merely waiting for the proper fireproof wood to make revolutionary changes in its methods.

There are innumerable smaller trades built up in recent years as the result of improvements in manufacturing paper. Thus in the electric light business compressed paper, chemically prepared, is of great value, and it is employed for insulating purposes on a large scale. Paper is in increasing demand for packing perishable goods. Butter, cheese and similar products packed in waterproof oiled paper will keep twice as long as when wrapped in any other substance. This packing paper is rendered absolutely air-tight. Druggists use large quantities of it for wrapping around the corks of their bottles, and even in sealing up boxes of medicine which need to be kept from the air as much as possible. In this way results are obtained which cannot be approached by any other cheap material. Filter papers are also articles of considerable commercial value. Thousands of tons of fine filtering paper are used every year in the drug trade.

JACKSON'S TACTICS.

He Wasted No Time at Drills but Had Good Marksmen.

"The battle of New Orleans was the first occasion in history," said an ex-officer of volunteers, "in which highly-disciplined troops working together with machine-like precision, were pitted against individual marksmen, and it is a curious fact that the tactics adopted by the Americans in that engagement are just now, after the lapse of nearly a century, being recognized by modern military authorities as the proper way to fight. Our British cousins are a little slow to learn," continued the ex-officer, "and history has to repeat itself a few times before it attracts their attention. Nevertheless, it seems very strange that the lesson they received at Chalmette in 1815 should have been duplicated in almost every particular only two years ago at the Tugela river. On both occasions they were confronted by earthworks manned by civilian sharpshooters and attempted to rush them with compact masses of splendidly drilled professional soldiers, and on both occasions they were frightfully and expeditiously licked. After the Tugela river disaster they began to do a little hard thinking and finally came to the conclusion that one skilled rifleman who fights on his own hook and brings down a man every time he pulls the trigger is worth 20 fancy drilled soldiers who fire in squads and never hit anything except the landscape. But they might have acquired exactly the same information 86 years ago at New Orleans, and when I read the accounts of that remarkable battle I am filled with admiration for the genius of Andrew Jackson. The majority of his troops were rough backwoodsmen who knew nothing about the manual of arms, but were magnificent rifle shots. Jackson wasted no time at drills, and the only advice he gave was not to throw away any ammunition and wait until they saw the whites of their eyes before they fired. That was his sole chance of winning the day, and if he had commanded a similar number of trained veterans he would have been simply overwhelmed. As it was, his backwoodsmen picked off the British one by one and literally annihilated whole battalions before they could reach the foot of the intrenchments."

Florida's Substitute for Lobster.

The lobster of our North Atlantic coast is so near extinction that Massachusetts has practically forbidden its capture since only adult ones may be taken under the law, and only small ones can be found. But why conclude the North Atlantic coast has a monopoly with which we may not compete? Below Miami we have a substitute for the lobster that lives in the crevices of the rock till his season comes, and then he sprawls over acres of sand, fat and fine. This Florida sea crawfish is of excellent flavor, grows to four pounds in weight, is abundant and easily taken. He is not only the equal of the lobster, but better. It only remains that he be introduced to the gourmand with proper preparation and he will immediately become a favorite.—Florida Times-Union.

The Only Difference.

The Chicken (patronizingly)—What! You have a lucky bone the same as I! Why, you don't know what you are squeaking about.

The Rabbit (gayly)—Certainly. You don't know what you are clucking about. My lucky bone is in my left hind leg.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Populations in Cities.

In Rhode Island 81.2 per cent of the population in 1900 lived in cities or towns of 8,000 inhabitants or more, while this element also constitutes 76 per cent of the population in Massachusetts, 68.5 per cent in New York, 61.2 per cent in New Jersey and 53.2 per cent in Connecticut.

Britains Growing Taller.

No nation is increasing in height and weight so rapidly as the English, says a British student. The proof of this is shown in statistics recently collected of the height of 10,000 boys and men. At the age of 17 these averaged 5 feet 8 inches; at the age of 22, 5 feet 9 inches. In 50 years the average has gone up for the whole nation from 5 feet 7½ inches to 5 feet 8½ inches.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers, Eczema, Etc.—Medicine Sent Free.

If you have offensive pimples or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, skin itches and burns, sore lips or gums, eating, festering sores, sharp, gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginnings of deadly cancer. You may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), made especially to cure the worst blood and skin diseases. It heals every sore or ulcer, stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood troubles, such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula, etc. Especially advised for all obstinate cases that have reached the second or third stage. Druggists, $1. To prove it cures, sample of medicine sent free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gillam, 12 Mitchell Street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

Within a few weeks the Germans of Mexico City collected $30,000 for a German schoolhouse to be built there.

We refer to the men as small potatoes who don't get to the top of the heap.

AT SHAKESPEARE'S HOME.

"Stratford-on-Avon."

"I am finishing a tour of Europe; the best thing I've had over here is a box of Tetterine I brought from home."—C. H. McConnell, Mgr. Economical Drug Co., of Chicago, Ill. Tetterine cures itching skin troubles. 50c. a box by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., if your druggist don't keep it.

Last year there were 192,705 miles of telegraphic lines and 933,153 miles of wire in the United States.

Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., enough for an ordinary cold; 50c., just right for bronchitis, hoarseness, hard colds, etc.; $1, most economical for chronic cases and to keep on hand.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

MORE COTTON

to the acre at less cost, means more money.

More Potash

in the Cotton fertilizer improves the soil; increases yield—larger profits. Send for our book (free) explaining how to get these results.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

AN OPEN LETTER

Address to Women by the Treasurer of the W. C. T. U. of Kansas City, Mrs. E. C. Smith.

"My Dear Sisters:—I believe in advocating and upholding everything that will lift up and help women, and but little use appears all knowledge and learning if you have not the health to enjoy it.

MRS. E. C. SMITH.

"Having found by personal experience that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine of rare virtue, and having seen dozens of cures where my suffering sisters have been dragged back to life and usefulness from an untimely grave simply by the use of a few bottles of that Compound, I must proclaim its virtues, or I should not be doing my duty to suffering mothers and dragged-out housekeepers.

"Dear Sister, is your health poor, do you feel worn out and used up, especially do you have any of the troubles which beset our sex, take my advice; let the doctors alone, try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it is better than any and all doctors, for it cures and they do not."—Mrs. E. C. Smith, 1212 Oak St., Treasurer W. C. T. U., Kansas City, Mo.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Am. N. U., No. 49. '901.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

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The tire buyer should look well before choosing. A good pair of tires adds to the life of your wheel—saves it many a jolt and jar.

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The offer in our Premium Booklet expiring January 1, 1902, is hereby

EXTENDED FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF 1902

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To appreciate our offer, these facts should be considered: That we are giving $2000.00 per day for tags, to fix the memory of chewers on our trade marks placed on tobaccos, to identify our best efforts to please chewers, and prevent them from being deceived by imitators.

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Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Knob Lick, Mo., Aug. 11th, 1900.

The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—For three years I have used McLean's Strengthening Cordial in my family, and I am confident it saved my daughter's life. I can cheerfully recommend it to everyone.

Yours truly, J. H. Stone.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by

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A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

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We have moved to 2012 First Avenue

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and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

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AT REDUCED PRICES

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

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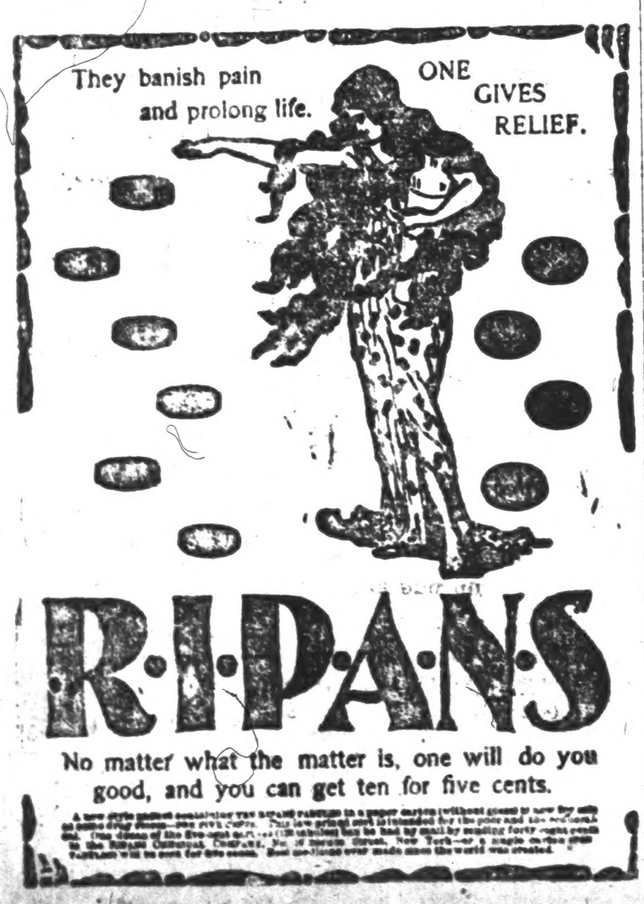

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style patent combining the REMEDIES PREVIOUS in a paper carton (without glass) is now by mail or at some drug stores—ONE FIVE CENTS. This low price and convenience for the poor and the millions. One dose of the five-cent carton (12 tablets) has been sold by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Clanton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

				1901
Jemison	" 2		Dec.	2 & 3
Thorsby	" 9		"	4
Mountain Creek	" 5		"	5
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	"	6 & 7
Clanton	" 4		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

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DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES PAINTS, ETC.

Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.

HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.

You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to have	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	50c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb, in case	10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ in Mirror	10c
1 23 in Razor Strop	50c

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L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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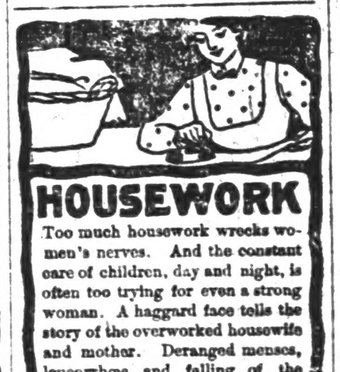

HOUSEWORK

Too much housework wrecks women's nerves. And the constant care of children, day and night, is often too trying for even a strong woman. A haggard face tells the story of the overworked housewife and mother. Deranged menses, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb result from overwork. Every housewife needs a remedy to regulate her menses and to keep her sensitive female organs in perfect condition.

WINE OF CARDUI

is doing this for thousands of American women to-day. It cured Mrs. Jones and that is why she writes this frank letter:

Glendeane, Ky., Feb. 10, 1901.

I am so glad that your Wine of Cardui is helping me. I am feeling better than I have felt for years. I am doing my own work without any help, and washed last week and was not one bit tired. That shows that the Wine is doing me good. I am getting fleshier than I ever was before, and sleep good and eat heartily. Before I began taking Wine of Cardui, I used to have to lay down five or six times every day, but now I do not think of lying down through the day. MRS. RICHARD JONES.

$1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.

For advice and Women, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
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In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

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Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,

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MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in all stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods and will take great pleasure in showing our bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underskirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville, J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE

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—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white syrup	
½ bbl " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes and stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.

We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens highest market price in exchange for goods.

Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Mgr.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. X | CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY DECEMBER 12, 1901 | NO. 8

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

A great deal of sympathy is being expressed for the unfortunate Mary Adams, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years for bigamy. From all I can learn it seems to be a case where the sentencing power could be well and justly applied. It appears that the poor woman married the second time from pure ignorance of the law, acting under bad advice, and with no thought of wrong doing. A petition to the Governor I believe would have good results.

I am glad to learn that the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association has straightened out its affairs, and while some few members have withdrawn, other new members have been added, who more than make up for those who have gone. N. J. Calloway has resigned the presidency, and P. D. Wilson, under the constitution and by-laws is acting president. I understand that Alex G. Dake will be duly elected president of the Association at a meeting of the directors to be held next Saturday. The Association is only one of the best things for our people and I trust it will continue to flourish and prosper.

WOOED AND WEDDED.

MULLINS—FOSHEE

A large and fashionable assembly gathered at the residence of Mr. W. H. Foshee on Tuesday evening to witness the marriage of Mr. J. Renfroe Mullins and Miss Blanche Foshee. Rev. D. F. Ellinor was the officiating minister. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for Birmingham.

Mr. Mullins is one of our rising young men who is bound to make his mark, and Miss Blanche everyone loves. They have known each other all their lives and their union is the culmination of love's young dream. That they may long live and prosper is the earnest wish of all their friends.

JOHNSON—GOLDTHORPE.

When Dr. N. S. Johnson left for Montgomery last Sunday it was not expected he would return with a blushing bride on Monday. And when Miss Lillian Goldthorpe left Mobile to meet the Doctor at Montgomery there were few, if any, who knew what was going to happen. Miss Lillian was accompanied by her sister, Miss Nettie. But the young people had known and loved each other in Mobile, and the meeting at Montgomery was by prior arrangement. Rev. N. L. Anderson made them man and wife, and they came to Clanton one where all who know the Doctor are glad to welcome him home with his charming bride. We wish them many years of happiness together.

LOST.

On Wednesday morning a pocketbook containing $52 and one paper. Finder will receive a reward of $10 on returning it to the owner.

A. A. CLACKLER
Jumbo, Ala.

PUBLIC MEETING

To the voters of Chilton county who are in favor of all white men voting:

You are hereby requested to meet in Clanton, Friday, Dec 27, 1901, at 11 a.m.

There are some important features of the new constitution that all men who wish to vote in future should understand, and after February 1, 1902, it will be too late. Come one, come all, and let us take such steps as will be best in the premises.

(Signed) J. W. Letcher, R. M. Smith, A. C. Smith, B. H. Wells, J. B. Deason, B. W. Garner, Thos. Williams, W. H. Conway, C. Langston, S. M. Adams, Lewis Reynolds, H. A. J. Harris, M. Killgore, W. J. Bone, F. M. Jones, Felix Eiland, W. F. Littlejohn, R. M. Roebuck, J. T. Chambers.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

Verbena, Dec. 10 1901

Editor Banner—I wish to say that your correspondent from Verbena, did our Honorable Judge a grave injustice. The Foreman of the Grand Jury lives in your town and he would doubtless tell you that the Judge did not say what he is represented as saying. I think as a matter of justice to him the statement should be corrected.

Respectfully,
W. H. SPROCK.

Program of Fifth Sunday Meeting

To be held with Pilgrims Rest Baptist church, in West District of Unity Association, Dec. 27, 28, and 29, 1901.

FRIDAY, 11 a.m. Introductory sermon, P. G. Mattress.

12. Dinner.

1:30 p.m. Prayer service, E. Pool.

2. The influence of religious literature in the home, Rev. W. M. Walker.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Prayer service, J. D. Deason

9:30 the importance of the district meetings, Rev. W. J. Ruddick.

10:15. Co-operation in the churches, Rev. T. Maroney.

11. Sermon, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

12 m. Dinner.

1:30 p.m. Prayer service, W. F. Johnson.

2. How can we best promote spiritual growth in our churches? Rev. W. H. Connel.

3. The Bible plan of missions, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

SUNDAY, 9 a.m. Prayer service, A. C. Pool.

9:30. Sunday school mass meeting, J. S. Pool.

Sermon at eleven o'clock and preaching at night if the weather will permit.

We ask all the churches to send a delegation and let us revive the interest in the district meetings.

I don't think we could spend Christmas in a better way than to come together and discuss those questions that pertain to the upbuilding of the Master's cause.

T. J. DEASON, Pastor.

The "biggest little thing" and one of the most useful you can offer a friend as a Christmas present is a bottle of Dr Tichenor's Antiseptic. A clean, pleasant remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, nail punctures, sore throat, inflamed eyes, stings of insects, "poison oak," etc. Used internally, it gives quick relief in cases of colic and derangement of stomach or bowels. Free from opiates and positively harmless.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to me will please come forward and settle their accounts on or before January 15, 1902.

E. A. MATTHEWS,
Clanton, Ala.

POPULIST EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton county is called to meet at Clanton on Friday, December 27, at 10 a.m. Every member is particularly requested to be present.

L. B. POUNDS, Chm.

The Pride of Heroes.

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Corns, Sore Feet and stiff joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

Subscribe for the Banner.

Notice of Letting County Farm for the Poor.

The commissioners will let to the lowest and best bidder, the County Farm for the poor, on December 16, 1901. Place of letting will be on the Farm, five miles north of Clanton, near G. W. Hill's place.

J. W. SORRELL, Commissioner.

DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE MEETS

The Democratic Executive Committee of Chilton county, is hereby called to meet in Clanton on Monday the 23rd day of December, 1901. In addition to the committee, all Democrats are cordially invited to be present.

This Dec. 7, 1901.

TIPTON MULLINS, Chm.

STOPS THE COUGH and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Cross Roads.

Several out of our community attended court last week

We had the pleasure of attending a wedding at the residence of Mr. J. W. Hayes Sunday. It was Mr. Oscar Bean and Miss Lillie Hayes that were joined in the bonds of holy wedlock. I suppose there were a hundred spectators and between seventy-five and a hundred eat of the bountiful dinner that was prepared. Rev. Albert Foshee officiated.

Mr. S. H. Wilson, Treasurer of Winston county, visited his son, Mr. Harvey Wilson, Friday. Mr. Mr. Wilson preached quite an interesting sermon at Cedar Grove Sunday evening. He seems to have made a good impression on those he met. And all of us were sorry to see him take his leave for Double Springs Monday. Come again, Mr. Wilson.

Mr. A. L. Collins is building him a dwelling on the Clanton and Thorsby road. We predict that the "square" is coming out of the "kinks."

We are having a nice school here now under the supervision of Prof. Means and Miss Samiels. They don't seem to making as much fuss as we had in our last school, but it is reported by good authority that they are having better results in imparting their knowledge to their pupils. It doesn't take the greatest noise to accomplish the most good.

NIMROD

Jemison.

Mr. E. B. Langston is suffering from a severe attack of Pneumonia. We hope to see him up soon.

Mr. Arthur Gentry of Active, was a visitor here Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. R. B. McNeill and J. H. Patton Jr., went to Birminghan Monday.

W. T. Hand, was in our city Monday.

Judge Adams and Mr. Holloway of Clanton, were here Tuesday.

The Editor gave some of us correspondents a black eye in last weeks issue of THE BANNER, about sending stale news. I think we deserved it. CRITIC.

MARRIED

HARRISON—BRISTOW.

At the residence of Mrs. Bristow of Jemison at 5 o'clock p.m., December 11, the bright lights shone over fair women and brave men. Many hearts beat happily when Mr. J. H. Harrison led to the marriage altar Miss Jessie Bristow, and the mellow voice of Rev. I. Windsor, pronounced the beautiful ceremony that united their lives as one. Congratulations were showered upon this happy couple, who left immediately for Pensacola, Fla. on a bridal tour.

BRISTOW—MURPHY.

The marriage of Mr. J. C. Bristow of Jemison, and Miss Willie Murphy at the residence of Mrs. Claudie Session on December, 11, was quite a pretty home affair, Rev. I. Windsor officiated. Miss Murphy the bride, is a beautiful and attractive young woman. The groom is a most genial and excellent gentleman, whose popularity attests his great worth.

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.
THORSBY, ALA.

CLEARING OUT SALE

My Entire Stock of Goods to be sold out at and below cost. Bargains in Everything.

J. B. DOWNS,
Clanton.

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Alabama, } In Probate Court.
Chilton County. }
Estate of L. A. Welch, deceased.

To John Welch, who resides in Meridian, Miss., and Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Yiteman, who reside in Rome, Ga.

A petition having been filed in this Court by O. S. Welch, Administrator of the estate of L. A. Welch, deceased, for the sale of real estate belonging to the Estate of L. A. Welch, deceased, for the purpose of division. You are hereby notified that Thursday, January 16, 1902, is the day set for hearing said petition, when you can appear and contest said application if you think proper.

S. M. ADAMS, Judge of Probate.

A Million Voices

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption and writes—"it completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A Gulledge, Verbena.

52 Banners cost only 75 cents.

Commissioner's Sale.

In pursuance of and in accordance with the terms and directions of a Commission issued and directed to the undersigned by the Hon. S. M. Adams, Judge of the Probate Court of Chilton county, bearing date of November 22, 1901, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the premises at public auction, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1901,

the following described lands, to-wit: The nw 1-4 of ne 1-4, the nw 1-4 of the se 1-4, the se 1-4 of the nw 1-4; the ne 1-4 of the sw 1-4 of Section 29, township 20, range 11, and the sw 1-4 of the se 1-4 of section 20, township 20, range 11, in Chilton county, Alabama, is ordered to be sold under a decree of the Probate Court of said county for the purpose of distribution among the heirs at law of John C. Friday, deceased.

R. W. LITTLE, Commissioner.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22842.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., }
November 6, 1901 }

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on December 19, 1901, viz: Henry H. Armstrong, Homestead entry, No. 41112, for the nw 1-4 of ne 1-4 of Sec. 2, Tp. 22, n of R 12, east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Z. J. Jones, S. E. Waldrup, Davis Hodgens, John Crumpton, all of Randolph, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

ANOTHER

CAR LOAD

TENNESSEE MULES

—AT—

J. B. DOWNS

CLANTON

WANTED.

Cuba will soon be a State in the Union. Do you want to go? Address Andrews & Toon, Gainesville, Fla.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager 316, Caxton Building, Chicago.

Every family should keep Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic to use in case of accident. It is a clean, pleasant liquid, does not soil the person or clothing and is the greatest healing compound on the American market. Buy a 50c. bottle from your agent and keep it convenient.

STRAYED

From my place near Lily about August 1, 1901, Two Heifer Yearlings, one white and red spotted and the other white with red ears, and One Cow, blue and white pied, crumpled horns. I will give the smallest of the two yearlings for the return of the other two.

G. T. CALFEE, Lily, Ala.

TEACHER'S EXAMINATION.

The next State Teacher's Examination for Chilton county, will be held on 1st Monday in January 1902, at Clanton, Ala.

J. W. MOORE, Co. Supt.

Scott Town, O.

Consumptives, try it. It cures a simple cough as if by magic, and is the best remedy for whooping cough. Price 25 cents.

RESTAURANT.

The public is informed that I have refurnished and made additions to my restaurant, and am prepared to furnish meals at all times in the best style at short notice.

FISH AND OYSTERS EVERY DAY.

W. H. STACY,
FIRST DOOR EAST L. & N. R.R. DEPOT.
CLANTON

Cruelty to Children.

Mother's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy and remove worms in children. It is cruel not to administer it to them whenever there is need.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

TIPTON MULLINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CLANTON - ALA

WILLIAM M. ADAMS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in all Courts.
Office at the Adams' place
CLANTON - - - ALA

JOHN C. DENNIS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practice in the Supreme Court of Alabama, and all Inferior Courts.
CLANTON, - - ALA

ROBERT H. KNOX,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLANTON, ALA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Alabama.

Dr. OTTO M. WISEHART,
DENTIST.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 6 p.m.
Office over Wright's Store CLANTON

Dr. N. S. JOHNSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Clanton Drug Store CLANTON

Dr. GEO. A. DENNIS,
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE 23 S. PERRY ST.
Office Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
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MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Positions GUARANTEED UNDER A $5,000 DEPOSIT
R. R. FARE PAID
200 FREE
Scholarships offered. Write quick to
GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Pile-ine Cures Piles.
Money refunded if it ever fails.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
PLANTERSVILLE, ALA.

Is a training and strictly private school for boys and girls.

Correlated to the University of Alabama and to the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

Has fitted more pupils for college, more pupils for teaching, more pupils for advanced business positions than all other schools in Chilton county combined. It is the only school in Chilton county whose pupils have a First Grade Certificate under the present school laws.

Its course of instruction is the best arranged, its methods the soundest, most thorough and up-to-date; its scholarship the most advanced; its location, buildings, grounds, furniture, equipments, the most attractive and best adapted of any school in Chilton county

Its pupils enter any college in the South on certificate of the Principal. It deals honestly with the public adheres to professional courtesy, and performs its promises. Its mission is to build up, not to pull down. It is not, as so many are, a mere common school called "College," "Normal," etc., by which misnomers the uninformed are mislead.

$101 pays all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, lights, etc., for session of nine months. School opens September 25, 1901. Write for catalogue.

E. Y. McMORRIES, Principal.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama
CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.
"BY THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE"
WALLACE G. EDLER, General Agent, Clanton, Ala.
CHILTON COUNTY BRANCH:
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Insures Farmers' dwellings, outbuildings and contents, and Live stock against loss by Fire, Wind and Lightning;—the cheapest, safest and most sensible method of Insurance known to man.
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THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OXANTON, - - - ALABAMA,

The Molly Pitcher of Siberia appears to be Mme. Anna Youdina, of Blagovestschensk, who fought gallantly in defense of that city when it was attacked by Chinese last year. As a reward of merit the municipal authorities have made her a citizen.

During the last fiscal year the United States Bureau of Engraving and Printing made 4,235,088,000 postage stamps. In addition the reserve stock was broken into, for the postmasters required 4,276,087,682. Envelope makes must also have done a large business.

An insurance statistician has compiled an interesting statement of the number and kind of accidents last year. Among others 555 persons fell off railway trains, 272 were hurt by ladders, 2569 were hurt from riding or driving, ten by automobiles, 224 by bumping into furniture, nine "hurtfully took off shoes."

One of the most interesting features at the New York Zoological Gardens was the orang-outang Rajah, an animal of unusual intelligence, who died the other day. Rajah's sedulous efforts to learn ways that are human were crowned with success. He not only wore clothing, ate with a knife and fork and used a napkin, but rode a tricycle, and, at the time of his death, was just learning to skate on roller-skates. His value was placed at $1000.

The most healthful place in the United States is Marion, Iowa, according to the statistics of the Marine Hospital Service. With a population of 4100 there were only six deaths in 1900, making the death rate only 1.46 per one thousand inhabitants. The average death rate in all the 1190 towns and cities from which the statistics were obtained was 17.47. Of the populous States, Iowa showed a death rate of 11.17, North Dakota's rate was 6.05.

The British have found a social use for the biograph. With them the moving picture is no longer monopolized by the theatre and its audiences. It is a thing of private and personal entertainment, a sort of glorification of the old family portrait collection. Lady Beautiful gets a new gown and is straightway biographed in a succession of graceful posings. Lady Beautiful gives an afternoon tea and biographs her guests in the act of raising their dainty cups and of gesturing to their lightsome chatter. Lady Matronly biographs her nursery and Lady Bowwows her doggery, and so on.

"It was not many years ago," says Country Life in America, "that people lived in the suburbs as a matter of economy. Now they live in these parts because higher ideals may often be attained here. From reports personally obtained from twenty-eight of the largest cities in America, North, South, East and West, it was shown that during two recent years over $420,000,000 had been incorporated and spent in private purchases and the development of lands adjacent to large cities, for suburban operations. Over $60,000,000 have been voted and spent by trolley and railroad companies to extend their service beyonds the limits of these cities. Nearly half a billion dollars have, therefore, been invested within two years in the proposed development of suburban properties, in addition to the millions of dollars already so invested."

Sir Christopher Furness, an Englishman, who has just visited America, and who is recognized as one of the most eminent authorities on financial and economical matters, declares that "The United States is destined to become the greatest financial power in the world." He adds: "With her vast resources and millions of energetic people, she cannot be dowfed. We see indications of it everywhere. What happened when we were called upon to borrow money some months ago? Who bought the bonds? Where did they go? They went to America. Americans were ready on the spot to produce any amount of money that was necessary or desired. I dare say they could have been taken up at home, but they were not. The Americans did not give us the chance. Thus it is everywhere. This is just one illustration, but it is a good one, and hundreds of others can be found on every hand.

A B.G PROTEST MEETING

REVOLUTION IN BRITISH IRON INDUSTRY.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IS AN ORATOR

To Break up Alleged Oil Swindle—Revolution is Said to be About Over—Boers Wanted in Holland—A Wreck on the Central of Georgia.

BIG PROTEST MEETING.

A program of protest against British methods in the South African war was carried out before an in immense audience in the Auditorium theatre. Chicago, on the 8th inst. Following an eloquent address by W. Bourke Cockran and earnest speeches by others, resolutions for the appointment of a committee to bring the sentiments of the meeting before the president were adopted. Although an admission was charged, the funds being intended to aid the Boers and especially their women and children, standing room was at a premium and many were unable to gain admittance. The program opened with the song, "The True Heart," sung by nineteen good singing societies of Chicago, Brother Hiram Thomas, head of the Peoples church, followed with a prayer for the women and children in South African prison camps. There were five hundred people on the stage when Mr. Cockran, the orator of the evening, arose and bowed in recognition of the tumult of applause which greeted him.

CRISIS IN BRITISH IRON.

Under this caption, the Statist, after expatiating upon the enormous developements in this line in the United States to the detriment of Great Britain, earnestly advocates the importing of ore from Newfoundland and Nova Scotia and the establishment in England of basic furnaces, by which alone that ore can be treated. The revolution in the British industry must begin with the construction of basic furnaces for the utilization of phosphoric ores which will soon be all that is available. But that will not suffice to preserve our steel-making industry. We must also merge our smelting and steel-making in one continuous, economical process. In corroboration of the Statist's remarks, it is expected that in the Scotch steel trade many works will remain closed throughout January.

THE KING AN ORATOR.

The evolution of the Prince of Wales from a sailor into an orator caused great comment and satisfaction. His Guild Hall speech was perfectly free from that platitudinous element usually notably in royal utterance in England. His declaration that the old country must wake up if it wanted to hold its own almost took his hearers' breath away. It is probable that the Prince was entirely responsible for the construction of the speech, as he used copious notes. His delivery, earnestness and willingness to commit himself to such sentiments have raised him higher in the estimation of the people than any previous action. Several of the papers declared that the elocution of Lord Salisbury, Lord Roseberry and Mr. Chamberlain fell quite flat after the Prince of Wales' effort.

The attempt of the Federal authorities to break up what is alleged to be an oil mill trust existing in Mississippi is attracting widespread attention, and thus far the oil mill men seem to have the best of the fight, notwithstanding the fact that numerous indictments have been brought against them.

REVOLUTION ABOUT OVER.

Colonel Barara, the wounded insurgent leader who surrendered and was brought to Colon, believes that the revolutionists will confine the fighting to the interior of the Department of Panama, and certainly will not attack along the line of the Panama railroad before next March. He declares that General Porraras, a revolutionary leader, has about 500 men and a good supply of ammunition. Colonel Barara considers that practically all of the best insurgent officers on the Isthmus have surrendered.

HOLLAND WANTS BOERS.

When parliament reassembles the British government will bring forward a new proposal in regard to the reconcentrado camps in South Africa. It is believed that this proposal will suggest the distribution of the refuges in the settled districts. Holland has asked the powers to support her in a demand that the people in these camps be brought to Holland.

CHAFFEE'S REPORT.

The War Department has made public the first annual report of Maj.-Gen. A. P. Chaffee, Military Governor of the Philippines. Commenting upon the plan of gradually replacing military with civil administration, General Chaffee recommends that there be no further material reduction of troops before January, 1903. In anticipation of a partial concentration of the troops in the Philippines next year, General Chaffee names $2,500,000 as his estimate of cost for the construction of quarters and barracks. Great attention is paid in appended reports to the subject of the prevalence of venerial diseases in the army of the Philippines, and the measures to segregate dissolute women and by rigid physical inspection guard against a dread of the disease.

DISCUSSES THE MESSAGE.

LaPatria, a liberal newspaper of Mexico City, warns the Mexicans that they need not hope to look to Europe for help against the North American aggregation so much talked of by the clerical papers, but adds: "We fear nothing from the United States. That great republic plants itself on the Monroe doctrine and that of peace in his hemisphere. The United States offers as a pledge of its sincerity the the support they gave Mexico during her war with Napoleon III." El Correlo Espania, the organ of the resident Spanish colony, praises Roosevelt's message as being well written and full of altruism and optimism, but for all his fine sentiments, there is Cuba in servitude to the United States by right of the Platt law embodied in her new constitution.

ROYALTY IN DANGER.

Prince Henry has not appeared in public since the recent disclosures in regard to the domestic troubles in the Court of the Netherlands. If he did he would certainly be mobbed. His picture has been withdrawn from the Kinematograph exhibitions in the music halls throughout Holland, owing to fiery demonstrations of anger provoked.

THE RIGHT WAY.

A. R. Peacock, one of the Pittsburg group of steel made multi-millionaires, has discovered a new way of avoiding the disgrace of dying rich. He is looking up the friends of his youth, whose ships failed to come in as well laden with gold as his own, and is presenting them with consolation prizes in the form of homesteads of their own selection.

CONVENTION MEETS IN MAY.

The Southern Industrial Association, called to meet in Memphis, January 11, 1902, has been postponed until May. This information was given out by Colonel N. F. Thompson, secretary. The postponement is for various reasons and is said to be satisfactory to the people of Memphis who will do the entertaining.

VANDERBILT FINED $200.

William K. Vanderbilt has been condemned in a French court to pay 1,000 francs damages as a result of a collision between his automobile and a dog cart at d'Eauville last year.

Another Chinese has been murdered in San Francisco as a result of the Wong Chin family feud in Chinatown. While walking along the street Wong Get was approached from behind and shot four times in the back, the wounds proving fatal in a short time. The murderer was arrested.

STORM DISABLES SHIP.

The British steamer Durango, Captain Anderson, which sailed from Baltimore November 30, via Hampton Roads, December 1, for Rotterdam, with a general cargo, arrived at St. Johns, N. F., with her machinery disabled, owing to having encountered the terrific storms which have been raging on the Atlantic.

More than 85,000 visitors were in attendance at the Chicago Live Stock show last Friday. The show has been a great success.

MOBS ATTACK POLICE.

At Scranton, Pa., Sunday an attempt was made by three deputies to arrest boys who were stoning cars on South Main avenue, manned by non-union men. A big crowd set upon the officers, and in the face of flying bullets overpowered them and beat them severely. Two of the deputies are in the hospital. The third was able to go home.

LIVE WASHINGTON ITEMS

SECRATARY ROBERT'S REPORT IS ENCOURAGING.

THE PRESIDENT WILL REACH CONCLUSION

Richarson and Pettus See President—The House Will Probably Pass the Philippine Measure—The Revision Committee Making Great Progress.

The report of George E. Roberts, director of the mint, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, shows the coinage amounted to 176,999,132 pieces, of the value of $186,340,781. Of this $99,065,715 was in gold, $24,298,850 in silver dollars, $10,963,648 in fractional silver and $2,000,568 in minor coins. There also was coined at the Philadelphia mint 226,000 gold pieces of the value of $349,014 for the government of Costa Rica. Coinage operations were conducted during the year in the mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans. The Philadelphia mint is now in its new quarters and the old site will be offered for sale to the highest bidder on December 19, 1901. An upset price of $2,000,000 has been placed on it. The original cost of the ground to the government was $35,840. The new mint under construction at Denver has made slow progress during the year and the supervising architect finds an additional appropriation necessary before the final contracts can be let. The appropriation for the site and building was $500,000 and for equipment $150,000.

The original deposits of gold at the mint and assay offices amounted to $153,101,580, an increase of $19,181,561 over the preceding year. The estimated production of gold in the United States during the calendar year 1900 was of the value of $79,171,000 and notwithanding the fact that this country led the world in productions, its imports exceeded its exports by $12,866,010. The production of North America, practically all of which comes to the United States was $116,051,500. The world's coinage of gold in the calendar year 1900 was $354,936,497 and of siver $177,011,902. The industry consumption of gold in the United States during the calendar year 1901 is estimated at $16,867,500 and of the world approximately $75,000,000. The stock of subsidary coin in the country is limited by law to $100,000,000 and of November 1, 1901, the existing stock was $90,613 512. It is suggested that the limit of the country's stock of subsidiary coin be raised to at least $120,000,000. No good reason is apparent, says the report, why the coinage of dollar pieces should not be allowed to cease and all of the silver on hand be used in subsidiary coinage.

The only message of importance which the senate has on its calendar for the present week is the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty, making provision for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and opening the way for the construction of an isthmian canal by the United States. Acting for the committee on foreign relations Senator Lodge will ask the senate to go into executive session for the consideration of the treaty and each day thereafter until the convention is disposed of.

The reported assignment of Monsignor Scalabraini of Placenza, Italy, as the successor of Cardinal Martinelli, the papal delegate in this country, is regarded as very improbable by officials of the delegation in this city. Monsignor Scalabraini is regarded as one of the ablest ecclesiastics of the church in Italy and for some years has been in charge of his present diocese in Piacanza.

It is expected that by the end of the week, The President will reach a conclusion upon the Alabama Federal offices. He has already consulted the several members of the Congressional delegation, Booker T. Washington and ex-Governor Johnston. Washington is to be called in for a final conference.

Senator Pettus and Representatives Richardson and Bowie saw the president and asked that Captain John Bacon McDonald, Third Cavalry, be appointed to one of the vacant positions in the line of brigadier-general.

The house will probably pass the measure to meet the situation created by the Philippine decision of the Supreme Court. Up to the present time, however, the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee have not decided upon the character of the measure which will be reported.

The revision committee of the General Presbyterian Assembly is making progress, but in discussing the great questions pending progress must be slow and nothing final can be reached for a week or more.

SHORT STATE ITEMS.

DALLAS county's circuit clerkship still hangs fire in the courts.

THIRTY people left Cherokee bound for texas and Oklahoma.

EX-GOVERNOR JOHNSTON was in Washington last week on private business.

GEORGE LILZES, of Birmingham, took morphine to relieve pain and never awoke.

GADSDEN'S first street fair is over. It is said to have been immoral and demoralizing.

OIL excitement at Cordova has subsided and is rarely mentioned there nowadays.

JOHN SHURART, colored was convicted of murder at Gadsden and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

CORDOVA is going to make an effort to get Eli Riskins, the famous humorist, to deliver a lecture at that place.

THE dummy line from Birmingham to Bessemer will be changed into an electric car line. Work will commence at once.

REV. MR. THOMPSON, of Lafayette, has accepted the call to the pastorate of the Bessemer Baptist church.

GADSDEN becomes a better cotton market each season. During the last four days of last week 1,100 bales came to town.

TUSCALOOSA was cut off from mail service for 18 hours last week, caused by two bad wrecks on the A. G. S. railroad.

MR. PILLSBURY, the chess champion, gave an exhibition of his powers in the games of chess and checkers at Tuscaloosa recently.

The Woman's club has turned over to Mayor Cochrane, of Tuscaloosa, the sum of $14 50 to be used in the work of keeping the streets in repair.

THE infant child of J. L. Johnson, of near Gadsden, was found dead one morning recently, having smothered to death. The remains were carried to Edwardsville, Ala., for interment.

ATTALLA'S city council has raised the saloon license from $500 to $2,500. Only two out of the four present saloon-keepers declare their intention of taking out license another year.

DR. W. E. DAVIS' buggy was struck by a dummy in Birmingham last Sunday and his wife thrown out and slightly injured. Dr. Davis does not blame anyone as his horse became frightened at some lime barrels and backed into the dummy.

D. B. KIERCE, who was struck on the head by a piece of square iron, which was caught in the spokes of the big wheel in the blowing room of the Ensley furnace, died at Dr. Cunningham's Hospital.

ARTICLES of incorporation for the Gadsden Pipe and Foundry Company have been filed in the probate office. The company is capitalized at $50,000. This is an other industry organized by home capital.

RICHARD STEELE, son of the late Sylvester Steele, of Elyton, died at Montevallo last week, after an illness of less than twelve hours. He was taken suddenly with paralysis which proved fatal. He leaves a wife and five children.

THE contract for the building of the Searles extension of the Tidewater branch of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad has been let to W. J. Oliver & Company, of Savannah, and work will begin on the road at once. This is the road which will connect Tuscaloosa with the coal fields in the northern part of this county.

THE stove foundry which was built by home capital at Gadsden is now in full operation. They are daily turning out stoves, grates, pots and all kind of hollow ware. The president and general manager says he finds a ready sale for the products, and by the first of January hopes to have stock enough on hand to commence to fill some of the orders.

Emil L. Boas, local agent of the Hamburg-American Steamship Line, is in Germany conferring with the high officials of the company concerning the operation of the ocean line in conjunction with an American railroad. It is said in shipping circles that it would be impossible for Americans to secure control of the Hamburg-American Line, the capitalization of which is about $80,000,000, and that Mr. Boas' mission abroad was to lay before the Hamburg-American Company plans and arrangements for a deal with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad.

SHEFFIELD COTTON MILL.

It is stated that Sheffield will have a cotton mill. While it will not be a very large one, having only five thousand spindle, it will be the starter of a movement in the construction of cotton mills there that all hope will develop. New York parties are managing, but Philadelphia parties are putting up the money. The Birmingham parties who purchased the properties of the land companies in Sheffield will sell enough property for their plant when the titles have been investigated and deeds have been changed.

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A communication in the form of a "round robin" will be presented to the governor of Alabama, as commander-in-chief of the national guard, asking why the court martial of Lieutenant Colonel Osceola Kyle has been delayed and why the personel of the court has been changed. This petition, request or "round robin" has been or is being compiled by a committee of local military officers.

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The Berlin correspondent of the London Times says President Roosevelt's message to Congress has been utilized by the supporters of the anti-trust bill. The hopes raised in the minds of the anti-protectionists by Mr. McKinley's utterances on the subject of reciprocal commercial treaties have been dashed by Mr. Roosevelt's compromising tone and the support of the bill have been quick to point "American danger" in the language of their arguments. Nevertheless, says the correspondent, the conservatives do not approve the general tenor of the message. The Kreuz Zeitung in an article full of bitter irony says President Roosevelt was to establish an era of honest government by annihilate the empire rule of trusts, and to "break down the wall of high protection."

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Bartow Man Says Negro Education is a Flat Failure.

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Says Present Generation of Negroes Have Gained No Advantage By All of Their Schooling.

A neighbor said to me, Major, what in all this racket about—this rumpus and this swimporium about the nigger? Have they broke loose? Have they risen again? You remember how they used to rise before the war, but they generally went to the corn field or the cotton patch. I've been reading the New York Journal and it looks like something must have happened out in Mississippi or somewhere, and the bishops and college folks and bank women are mightily bothered about 'em."

Well, it is amusing to read the platitudes and theories about the negro. A few of them are sensible, some of them a delusion, and some are almost idiotic. With most of them education seems to be the panacea for everything and some of them want kindergarten schools for the babies and separate schools for the mothers to learn physiology. Some of the northern female antiquities want social equality and hint at miscegenation as the coming remedy. Some say total separation is the only solution and the negro must go, and some say that every dollar spent on their education widens the gulf between the races. One very sensible writer says stop the voting and stop paying taxes for the education.

Take them all together and they don't harmonize on any plan, though a large majority, with Dr. Curry in the lead, are for education—more education. Well, it is possible for even a great and good a man as Dr. Curry to be mistaken. He and Bishop Candler and some others on that line have made a life long business of educating young people, and I am naturally disposed to magnify its importance, but it seems to me when we try an experiment for thirty years and spend over one hundred millions of dollars on it and the negroes get worse instead of better, it is time to halt and try some other method.

These negroes are a new generation and know nothing of slavery. The northern idea seems to be that they are the same negroes we had before the war, and that they have recently emerged from slavery and semi-barbarism, and must be educated into good citizenship. This is a mistake. The old-time negroes had a very good education—not in book learning, but by contact and association with their masters and their masters' families and neighbors. Education is not all gotten from books. It comes through the ear as well as through the eye. Our old-time slaves were better educated for usefulness and happiness than are the college graduates of today. They had more common sense and far more morality. We had among them carpenters, masons, blacksmiths, tanners, shoemakers, tinners, wagon makers, painters, paperers, railroaders, and we had good farmers and ginners and millers and hostlers.

Among the women we had weavers, carders, spinners, seamstresses, chambermaids, butter makers, cooks and nurses and they were all educated in their business. I owned a carpenter who could plan and build a first-class house and make a handsome mantel and run a modern staircase. I owned another who grew up from infancy with my children, and who could paint and paper and cook and put down carpets and other things, and he was my faithful bodyguard during the war and is still devoted to my family. Education—why, the children taught Tip to read, and that was enough for him, and he was always happy and contented. He had the daily benefit of example and precept. Why is it that we have now over 4,000 convicts and did not have one then. All this maudlin philanthropy has come from the idea that our negroes were savages until freedom came, when the truth is they were better fed and clothed and housed and far happier than the poor of the northern states. I do not remember he have ever punished but one of our slaves—our own boys got most of the whippings, and the negroes grew up in fear of it. It is not the lack of education that increases crime and fills our prisons, for it is recorded that 47 per cent of the convicts can read and write. What is wanted is good moral training and the fear of punishment for crime. The negroes get some of this from their parents or their teachers or preachers, while in slavery their race trait of stealing little things was curbed and restrained, but it has come back in full force and now all of this generation will steal with but few exceptions. We have not had but one domestic in twenty-five years who would not steal, or, as they call it, take little things on the sly. We expect them to steal and are never disappointed. It is just as much a race trait in the negro as it is in the Arabs or the posterity of Ishmael. It is to the credit of the negro that he will not cheat you nor betray your confidence. It is to the discredit of Jews and Gentiles that they will cheat you or deceive you if they can "honorably."

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We think it amusing to read these elaborate plans and theories about the negro. A few of them are sensible, some of them a delusion, and some are almost crazy. With most of them education seems to be the panacea for everything and some of them want kindergarten schools for the babies and separate schools for the mothers to learn physiology. Some of the northern female antiquities want social equality and want miscegenation as the coming remedy. Some say that separation is the only solution and the negro must go. And some say that every dollar spent on their education widens the gulf between the races. One very recent writer says stop their voting and stop paying taxes for their education.

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These people are a new generation and know nothing of slavery. The northern idea seems to be that these are the same negroes we had before the war, and that they have recently emerged from slavery and semi-barbarism, and must be educated into good citizenship. This is a mistake. The old-time negroes had a very good education—not in book learning, but by contact and association with their masters and their masters' families and neighbors. Education is not all gotten from books. It comes through the ear as well as through the eye. Our old time slaves were better educated for usefulness and happiness than are the college graduates of today. They had more common sense and far more morality. We had among them carpenters, masons, blacksmiths, tanners, shoemakers, tinners, wagon makers, painters, paperers, railroaders, and we had good farmers and ginners and millers and hostlers.

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But the most alarming trait among the negroes is their utter disregard for chastity and their conjugal obligations. A large majority of the negro women are harlots and their children are bastards. This lack of womanly virtue is no drawback on their social standing or their church membership. If a woman belongs to the Daughters of Zion and pays her mite to the preacher, she is one of the saints. A negro is never turned out of church. They never suffer from remorse or the stings of conscience. They fear ghosts and graveyards, but not hell or the devil. Their religion is a compound of emotion and superstition. Neither the jail nor the gallows gives them much concern, for they spend their time in eating or sleeping, and then go straight to Jesus. They are a curious and interesting race of people. Imitative as monkeys, they readily fall into all the vices and follies of the white folks—negro boys all smoke cigarettes. The young bucks about the towns and cities wear tan shoes, and the girls wear spectacles and black stockings because the white girls do. A lady who has recently gone to Washington city to live writes to The New York Press that she cannot get a reliable or trustworthy negro servant, and says: "Have all the good negroes gone down south to Booker Washington's school? What has become of all that faithful, dog-like service the southerners tell us about? I have tried a whole procession of them, and they have worn out my patience. The last one I engaged came next morning at 10 o'clock wearing a white tulle hat and a pink satin bodice!"

But we still find them willing and useful about the house, and patriarchs like my wife and myself who have to keep open house for our numerous offspring and kindred and friends can hardly get along without them. I can still black my shoes and go to the market and the postoffice and work in the garden, and I don't mind making one fire in the morning, if I feel well enough to get up, but there are numerous little things I don't like to have to do. Old Uncle Tom is chopping wood for me now, and my wife has just sent him a cup of coffee and some biscuit to help out his dinner. She has great regard for these old, humble, good-natured negroes. I don't believe Uncle Tom would steal, for he says it was whipped out of him when he was a boy. Pity it isn't the rule now to whip them and save them from the chaingang. What a den of negro burglars and thieves there must be in Atlanta, judging from the daily business of the recorder's court. I reckon it is as bad in the other cities, but we don't hear of it. Bishop Gailor says the Tennessee people have tried education long enough and the people will no longer be overridden with a hord of trifling illiterate and immoral negroes. Mississippi declares that although the negroes outnumber the whites, they pay only 10 per cent of the poll tax and get back 60 per cent for thir own education, and that it has got to be stopped. If a negro won't pay a dollar a year for the education of his children, they don't deserve it, and the people have determined to quit spending half a million a year upon them. Georgia seems determined to do the same thing and our people all say amen. Let them have the taxes they pay and no more. Education is too cheap anyhow. Old Cononel Howard, whom everybody in this community loved and honored, was one of the best scholars and the best read man I ever met, and he told me that he never had but a few months' schooling and he prized his education all the more because he got it hard, for he was poor and had to work by day and study by the light of a tallow candle by night.

Well, this is enough for one time—whether it be orthodoxy or heterodoxy, it is my doxy and nobody is responsible for it but myself. I have some cardinal principles about the negro that I dare to maintain. I would lynch every brute who assaulted a white woman. I could see him massacred or burned or hanged, drawn and quartered. If this be treason, make the most of it. I would pursue him with arms and pitchforks, as Israel Putnam pursued the wolf that devoured the lambs of his flock. Even the law excuses some homicides when done in the heat of passion and before a man has time to cool. A father or a husband or a brother of the victim never cools. It rankles and stings to the quick as long as life lasts. If the officer gets the brute first let him keep him, but I have little respect for the officer who runs his horse to get him first. I have not forgotten the ten years we lived in the country and the apprehension I felt every day that I was away from home. The citizens who live in towns or cities and whose wives and daughters are protected by day and by night know nothing about the shadowy fear that follows those who live in the country and have no protection against the brutes. This fear is the greatest impediment to the country schools and the controlling reason that causes every prosperous farmer to rent out his farm and move to town. It was this that broke up our school and brought my family and most of the neighbors to Cartersville.

And now the northern press is gloating over the prospect of reducing our representation, because the negro has been disfranchised. "Let them do it," says Bishop Gailor—we must control the negro or the south will be ruined by them. After it is done will we have peace—or will the republican and the G. A. R.'s (grab all, republicans), hunt for something else to feed upon? Well, Mordecai is still sitting at the gate, but it was Haman who was hanged.

P. S.—I have just read Bishop Kelly's reply to the symposium and heartily indorse every word of it. He understands the negro and knows what he is writing about. And I have read Professor Council's earnest pleading for the negro girls who are nursing the little white children all over the sunny south. He begs the mothers of these children to train these nurses in good morals and virtuous conduct and save them from shame and disgrace. His letter is admirable, and so are all his writings and speeches. I have great respect for him.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

PICTURES THAT ARE OLD.

That Is the Test of Value in Some Cases Says a Dealer.

"There is nothing more pathetic in the world," said a local art dealer, "than a poor gentleman or a lady with a worthless picture which he or she believes to be valuable and wants to sell. New Orleans is simply overflowing with cases of that kind, because there are such an enormous number of pictures here that are merely old and have no other interest. In nine cases out of ten the possessor of one of these blackened, mildewed, worm-eaten canvases will feel satisfied that he has an art treasure of extraordinary value; often there is a family tradition that it is an 'old master,' and the prices placed on such lumber would be laughable if they were not pathetic. I laid down a rule years ago," the dealer went on, "never to allow sentiment to enter into business; but quite recently I broke it in behalf of the owner of a picture of the kind to which I refer, and have since had occasion to regret that I didn't stick to my principles. It was an old friend, who had a painting that he believed firmly to be a masterpiece from one of the great European galleries. The subject was mythological, introducing several goddesses and graces, but the surface was so discolored by smoke and time that it was almost impossible to distinguish any of the figures. I could see enough, however, to tell me that it was a mere daub, and when he asked me to put it on sale at my store I at first declined. He pleaded so earnestly, however, that I finally told him to send it around, and agreed to advise him of any advantageous proposition. Two or three days later a stranger dropped in and amazed me by offering $75 for the picture. I accepted at once, but before delivering it I sent word to my friend, who came around in hot haste and repudiated the bargain. Moreover, he was highly indignant that I should have dreamed of accepting such a beggarly pittance and said so much that I got mad myself and ordered him to remove the picture at once, which he did, and took it to a second-hand store near Jackson Square.

"Now comes the curious sequel. In less than a week a fat, prosperous-looking gentleman brought the identical painting into the store to be framed and boxed for shipment to Chicago. He told me he had paid $300 for it. 'I don't know who painted it,' he said, 'and don't care; the thing I want is genuine age, and it's certainly got that—lots of it.' My friend now believes firmly that I tried to juggle him out of his treasure at a fraction of its value, and I have taken a solemn oath never to have anything more to do with old pictures of any description. I ought to add that the Chicago lunatic was a bird of great rarity. If he was plentiful there would be an immense boom in the local old-master market."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

How Russian Peasants Live.

Most of the Russian peasants pass a great deal of their life in workshops where they work, eat and sleep, the same room sheltering a number and probably a pig into the bargain. There are few beds. Instead, all around the four walls of the room is fixed what may be literally described as a bench. It is made of wood, and at this works the peasant by day and on it he sleeps by night, each man at his own spot. The conditions of the Russian workshop, or factory, and the Russian prison and military barracks, so far as interior arrangements are concerned, are akin. Chairs there will also be and tables, rudely fashioned, as a rule, by the men themselves.—London Saturday Review.

Lamp-Post Street Booths.

An English plan in some of the smaller towns is to build stands around the base of electric lamp posts, fitting them up with electric light and renting them to costermongers. They would doubtless be popular with the Italian fruit venders in America.

Irrigation has enabled Arizona to add olives and dates to her products. If the regions now within the rain belt do not look a little out the so-called arid regions, through irrigation, will leave them in the lurch. If irrigation is good for one section, it is good for all, and there is no reason why even the most favored regions should not arrange for irrigation, if only to be held in reserve in the event of drought, reflects the St. Louis Star.

Multiple telegraphy has made a seven-league stride from four messages on one wire to sixteen, if reports from Paris of the success of the new Mersadier system be not tinged all rose color. To send at one and the same time sixteen messages, while receiving an equal number, is certainly a feat in single wire telegraphy.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: Dreams—They Are the Avenue Through Which God Has Again and Again Marched Upon the Human Soul—Proof of Immortality—Warned by God

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage discusses a much talked of subject, and one in which all are interested. The text is Joel ii. 28: "I will pour out My spirit upon all flesh. Your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions."

In this photograph of the millennium the dream is lifted into great conspicuity. You may say of a dream that it is a nocturnal fantasia, or that it is the absurd combination of waking thoughts, and with a slur of intonation you may say, "It is only a dream," but God has honored the dream by making it the avenue through which again and again He has marched upon the human soul, decided the fate of nations, and changed the course of the world's history. God appeared in a dream to Abimelech, warning him against an unlawful marriage; in a dream to Jacob, announcing by the ladder set against the sky full of angels, the communication between earth and heaven; in a dream to Joseph, foretelling his coming power under the figure of all the sheaves of the harvest bowing down to his sheaf; to the chief butler, foretelling his disimprisonment; to the chief baker, announcing his decapitation; to Pharaoh, showing him first the seven famine struck years, under the figure of the seven lean cows devouring the seven fat cows; to Solomon, giving him, the choice between wisdom and riches and honor; to a warrior, under the figure of a barley cake smiting down a tent, encouraging Gideon in his battle against the Midianites; to Nebuchadnezzar, under the figure of a broken image and a hewn down tree, foretelling the overthrow of his power; to Joseph, of the New Testament, announcing the birth of Christ in his own household, and again bidding him fly from Herodic persecutions; to Pilate's wife, warning him not to become complicated with the judicial overthrow of Christ.

We all admit that God in ancient times and under Bible dispensation addressed the people through dreams. The question now is, does God appear in our day and reveal Himself through dreams? That is the question everybody asks, and that question I will try to answer. You ask me if I believe in dreams. My answer is, I do, but all I have to say will be under five heads.

Remark the First—The Scriptures are so full of revelation from God that if we get no communication from Him in dreams we ought, nevertheless, to be satisfied.

With twenty guidebooks to tell you how to get to New York or Pittsburg or London or Glasgow or Manchester do you want a night vision to tell you how to make the journey? We have in this Scripture full direction in regard to the journey of this life and how to get to the celestial city, and with this grand guidebook, this magnificent directory, we ought to be satisfied. I have more faith in a decision to which I come when I am wide awake than when I am sound asleep. I have noticed that those who give a great deal of their time to studying dreams get their brains addled. They are very anxious to remember what they dreamed about the first night they slept in a new house. If in their dream they take the hand of a corpse they are going to die. If they dream of a garden it means a sepulcher. If something turns out according to a night vision, they say: "Well, I am not surprised; I dreamed it." If it turns out different from the night vision, they say, "Well, dreams go by contraries." In their efforts to put their dreams into rhythm they put their waking thoughts into discord. Now, the Bible is so full of revelation that we ought to be satisfied if we get no further revelation.

Sound sleep received great honor when Adam slept so extraordinarily that the surgical incision which gave him Eve did not wake him, but there is no such need for extraordinary slumber now, and he who catches an Eve must needs be wide awake! No need of such a dream as Jacob had, with a ladder against the sky, when ten thousand times it has been demonstrated that earth and heaven are in communication. No such dream needed as that which was given to Abimelech, warning him against an unlawful marriage, when we have the records of the county clerk's office. No need of such a dream as was given to Pharoah about the seven years of famine, for now the seasons march in regular procession and steamer and rail train carry breadstuffs to every famine struck nation. No need of a dream like that which encouraged Gideon, for all through Christendom it is announced and acknowledged and demonstrated that righteousness sooner or later will get the victory.

If there should come about a crisis in your life upon which the Bible does not seem to be sufficiently specific go to God in prayer, and you will get especial direction. I have more faith ninety-nine times out of a hundred in directions given you with the Bible in your lap and your thoughts uplifted in prayer to God than in all the information you will get unconscious on your pillow.

I can very easily understand why the Babylonians and the Egyptians, with no Bible, should put so much stress on dreams, and the Chinese in their holy book, Chow King, should think their emperor gets his directions through dreams from God, and that Homer should think that all dreams came from Jove, and that in ancient times dreams were classified into a science, but why do you and I put so much stress upon dreams when we have a supernal book of infinite wisdom on all subjects? Why should we harry ourselves with dreams? Why should Eddystone and Barnegat lighthouses question a summer firefly?

Remark the Second—All dreams have an important meaning. They prove that the soul is comparatively independent of the body. The eyes are closed; the senses are dull, the entire body goes into a lethargy which in all languages is used as a type of death, and then the soul spreads its wing and never sleeps. It leaps the Atlantic Ocean and mingles in scenes 3000 miles away. It travels great reaches of time, flashes back eighty years, and the octogenarian is a boy again in his father's house. If the soul before it has entirely broken its chain of flesh can do all this, how far can it leap, what circles can it cut when it is fully liberated? Every dream, whether agreeable or harassing, whether sunshiny or tempestuous, means so much that, rising from your couch, you ought to kneel down and say: "O God, am I immortal? Whence? Whither? Two natures. My soul caged now—what when the door of the cage is opened? If my soul can fly so far in the few hours in which my body is asleep in the night, how far can it fly when my body sleeps the long sleep of the grave?" Oh, this power to dream, how startling, how overwhelming! Immortal! immortal!

Remark the Third—The vast majority of dreams are merely the result of disturbed physical condition, and are not a supernatural message. Job had carbuncles and he was scared in the night. He says, "Thou scarest me with dreams and terrifiest me with visions." Solomon had an overwrought brain, overwrought with public business, and he suffered from erratic slumber, and he writes in Ecclesiastes, "A dream cometh through the multitude of business." Dr. Gregory, in experimenting with dreams, found that a bottle of hot water put to his feet while in slumber made him think he was going up the hot sides of Mount Etna. Another morbid physician, experimenting with dreams, his feet uncovered through sleep, thought he was riding in an Alpine diligence. But a great many dreams are merely narcotic disturbance. Anything that you see while under the influence of chloral or brandy or hashish or laudanum is not a revelation from God.

The learned De Quincey did not ascribe to divine communication what he saw in sleep, opium saturated, dreams which he afterward described in the following words: "I was worshiped, I was sacrificed, I fled from the wrath of Brahma, through all the forests of Asia. Vishnu hated me. Seeva laid in wait for me. I came suddenly upon Isis and Osiris. I had done a deed, they said, that made the crocodiles tremble. I was buried for a thousand years in stone coffins, with mummies and sphinxes in narrow chambers at the heart of eternal pyramids. I was kissed with the cancerous kiss of crocodiles and lay confounded with unutterable slimy things among wreathy and Nilotic mud."

Do not mistake narcotic disturbance for divine revelation. But I have to tell you that the majority of the dreams are merely the penalty of outraged digestive organs, and you have no right to mistake the nightmare for heavenly revelation. Late suppers are a warranty deed for bad dreams. Highly spiced salads at 11 o'clock at night, instead of opening the door heavenward, open the door infernal and diabolical. You outrage natural law, and you insult the God who made those laws. It takes from three to five hours to digest food, and you have no right to keep your digestive organs in struggle when the rest of your body is in somnolence. The general rule is eat nothing after 6 o'clock at night, retire at 10, sleep on your right side, keep the window open five inches for ventilation, and other worlds will not disturb you much. By physical maltreatment you take the ladder that Jacob saw in his dream, and you lower it to the nether world allowing the ascent of the demoniacal. Dreams are midnight dyspepsia. An unregulated desire for something to eat ruined the race in paradise, and an unregulated desire for something to eat keeps it ruined. The world during 6000 years has tried in vain to digest that first apple. The world will not be evangelized until we get rid of a dyspeptic Christianity. Healthy people do not want the cadaverous and sleepy thing that some people call religion. They want a religion that lives regularly by day and sleeps soundly by night. If through trouble or coming on of old age or exhaustion of Christian service you cannot sleep well, then you may expect from God "songs in the night," but there are no blessed communications to those who willingly surrender to indigestibles. Napoleon's army at Leipsic, Dresden and Borodino came near being destroyed through the disturbed gastric juices of its commander. That is the way you have lost some of your battles.

All dreams that make you better are from God. How do I know it? Is not God the source of all good? It does not take a very logical mind to argue that out. Tertullian and Martin Luther believed in dreams. The dreams of John Huss are immortal. St. Augustine, the Christian father, gives us the fact that a Carthagenian physician was persuaded of the immortality of the soul by an argument which he heard in a dream. The night before his assassination the wife of Julius Caesar dreamed that her husband fell dead across her lap.

Furthermore, I have to say that there are people who were converted to God through a dream. The Rev. John Newton, the fame of whose piety fills all Christendom, while a profligate sailor on shipboard, in his dream thought that a being approached him and gave him a very beautiful ring and put it upon his finger and said to him: "As long as you wear that ring you will be prospered. If you lose that ring you will be ruined." In the same dream another personage appeared and by a strange infatuation persuaded John Newton to throw overboard that ring, and it sank into the sea. Then the mountains in sight were full of fire, and the air was was lurid with consuming wrath. While John Newton was repenting of his folly in having thrown overboard the treasure another personage came through the dream and told John Newton he would plunge into the sea and bring that ring up if he desired it. He plunged into the sea and brought it up and said to John Newton, "Here is that gem, but I think I will keep it for you lest you lose it again." And John Newton consented, and all the fire went out from the mountains, and all the signs of lurid wrath disappeared from the air, and John Newton said that he saw in his dream that that valuable gem was his soul, and that the being who persuaded him to throw it overboard was Satan, and that the one who plunged in and restored that gem, keeping it for him, was Christ. And that dream makes one of the most wonderful chapters in the life of that most wonderful man.

A German was crossing the Atlantic Ocean, and in his dream he saw a man with a handful of white flowers, and he was told to follow the man who had that handful of white flowers. The German, arriving in New York, wandered into the Fulton street prayer meeting, and Mr. Lamphier, the great apostle of prayer meetings, that day had given to him a bunch of tuberoses. They stood on his desk, and at the close of the religious services he took the tuberoses and started homeward, and the German followed him and through an interpreter told Mr. Lamphier that on the sea he had dreamed of a man with a handful of white flowers, and was told to follow him. Suffice it to say that through that interview and following interviews he became a Christian and is a city missionary, preaching the gospel to his own countrymen. God in a dream!

John Hardonk, while on shipboard, dreamed one night that the day of judgment had come, and that the roll of the ship's crew was called except his own name, and that these people, this crew, were all banished, and in this dream he asked the reader why his own name was omitted, and he was told it was to give him more opportunity for repentance. He woke up a different man. He became illustrious for Christian attainment. If you do not believe these things, then you must discard all testimony and refuse to accept any kind of authoritative witness. God in a dream!

Rev. Herbert Mendes was converted to God through a dream of the last judgment, and many of us have had some dream of that great day of judgment which shall be the winding up of the world's history. If you have not dreamed of it, perhaps tonight you may dream of that day. There are enough materials to make a dream. Enough voices, for there shall be the roaring of the elements and the great earthquake. Enough light for the dream, for the world shall blaze. Enough excitement, for the mountains shall fall. Enough water, for the ocean shall rear. Enough astronomical phenomena, for the stars shall go out. Enough populations, for all the races of all the ages will fall into line of one of two processions, the one ascending and the other descending, the one led on by the rider on the white horse of eternal victory, the other led on by Apollyon on the black charger of eternal defeat. The dream comes on me now, and I see the lightnings from above answering the volcanic disturbances from beneath, and I hear the long reverberating thunders that shall wake up the dead, and all the seas, lifting up their crystal voices, cry, "Come to judgment!" and all the voices of the heaven cry, "Come to judgment!" and crumbling mausoleum and Westminster abbeys and pyramids of the dead with marble voices cry, "Come to judgment!" And the archangel seizes an instrument of music that was made only for one sound, and thrusting that mighty instrument through the clouds and turning it this way, he shall put it to his lips and blow the long, loud blast that shall make the solid earth quiver, crying, "Come to judgment!"

Then from this earthly grossness quit,
Attired in stars, we shall forever sit.

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THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR DECEMBER 15.

Subject: The Passover, Ex. xii., 1-11—Golden Text, I Cor. v., 7—Memory Verses, 12-14—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "The Lord spake." The week of redemption, the appointment of the feast, the change in the calendar, were all divine. The source of all was God, not Moses.

2. "This month." Abib, or Nisan; corresponding as nearly as possible to the last half of March and the first half of April. The Jewish months began with the new moon. "Beginning of months." The first not only in order, but in estimation. It had formerly been the seventh according to the reckoning of the civil year which began in September and which continued unchanged, but from this time Abib was to stand first in the national religious year.

3. "Speak," etc. Through the elders, V. 21. "A lamb for an house." A kid might be taken, V. 5. The service was to be a domestic one, for the deliverance was to be from an evil threatened to every house in Egypt.

4. "If the household be too little." That is, if there be not enough persons in one family to eat a whole lamb, then two families must join together. The rabbins tell us that there should be at least ten persons to one paschal lamb, and not more than twenty. "According to the number." There may be a want of persons to feed upon the lamb, though there can be no lack of food for them to feed upon. Every man "according to his eating" may feast to the full upon Christ.

5. "Without blemish." That is entire, whole, sound, having neither defect nor deformity. This was a type of Christ. See Heb. 7: 26; 1 Pet. 1: 19. The Saviour—the Lamb of God was (1) perfect, (2) innocent and (3) slain as a sacrifice for others. (4) He was offered at the season and at the very hour of the pascal sacrifice. (5) Not a bone was broken. (6) He is able to take away our sins. John 1: 29.

6. "Keep it up." The Hebrew implies that it was to be kept with great care. "Until the fourteenth." It was to be separated from the rest of the flock four days before the time of sacrifice. "In the evening." Literally, "between the evenings;" that is, from the time the sun begins to decline to that of its full setting, say, between 3 and 6 o'clock. The rabbins mark four things that were required in the first passover that were never required afterward: 1. The eating of the lamb in their houses dispersed through Goshen. 2. The taking the lamb on the tenth day. 3. The striking of its blood on the door posts and lintels of their houses. 4. Their eating it in haste.

7. "Take of the blood." The life is in the blood. This typifies the blood of Christ which was shed for the sins of the world. "Strike it." This was done by dipping a bunch of hyssop into the blood, V. 22. "Two side posts," etc. This was done as a mark of safety, a token of deliverance, that the destroying angel, when passing through the land to slay the first born of the Egyptians, might see and pass over the houses of the Israelites and spare their families.

8. "Eat the flesh." Undoubtedly this feast had a physical purpose. The Israelites were to start in the middle of the night on a long and wearisome journey, and it was important that they should not start fasting. Eating together is a symbol of fellowship and a covenant of unity. "Roast with fire." For the sake of expedition; and this difference was always observed between the cooking of the pascal lamb and the other offerings. 2 Chron. 35: 13. "Unleavened bread." This was also for the sake of dispatch. Deut. 16: 3. There was also a typical meaning attached to the unleavened bread; leaven was emblematical of evil. Luke 12: 1; 1 Cor. 5: 8. "With bitter herbs." This was to remind the Hebrews of their great afflictions in Egypt, and also of the trials to which they were subject on account of sin. Our bitter herbs are the remembrance of sins committed and the confession of our wrongdoings. The cup of repentance is bitter.

9. "Raw." That is, unfit for use, and therefore unfit for representing spiritual enjoyment. "Sodden." Boiled. It must not be deprived of any portion of its savor. "Head with his legs," etc.—See R. V. Not a bone was to be broken. This pointed to Christ. See John 19: 36.

10. "Let nothing of it remain." The lamb was to be eaten, all eaten, eaten by all, and eaten at once. The Lord Jesus is to be received into the soul as its food, and this is to be done with a whole Christ, by each one of His people, and done just now. The Israelites must not only slay, they must eat. It is not enough that Christ has died for us, we must receive Him into our hearts and lives. "Until the morning." To prevent putrefaction, which would soon take place in a hot country. That which is offered to God must not become corrupt.

11. "Girded," etc. Every preparation must be made for an immediate departure. The long, flowing robes were girded around the loins; shoes, or sandals, not worn in the house or at meals, were fastened to the feet, and the traveler's staff was taken in hand. These instructions are understood by the Jews to apply only to the first passover. "The Lord's passover." Called by this name because the destroying angel passed over the dwellings of the Israelites, while destroying the Egyptians.

12. "Gods of Egypt." 1. God smote objects of Egyptian worship, in destroying the first born of the king and the animals which were worshiped. 2. This showed the worthlessness of these gods, for they were powerless to save the people.

13. "The blood a token." Or sign. The blood was a sign of God's mercy, love, protection and deliverance; it was also a sign of the obedience and faith of the Israelites.

14. "This day—a memorial." To keep in remembrance God's mercy in bringing them out of Egypt, and His judgments on their oppressors. "A feast." It was to be annually observed, and celebrated with solemn religious joy as long as they remained a distinct people. "An ordinance." It was an institution of God, and was neither to be altered nor set aside by any human authority.

15. "Cut off." There are thirty-six places in which this cutting off is threatened against the Jews for neglect of some particular duty. It probably means that the one thus "cut off" was separated "from the rights and privileges of an Israelite."

16. "An holy convocation." The people were called together by the sound of trumpets "to attend the rites and ordinances of divine worship." God is a holy being and must be worshiped in holiness. Psa. 29: 2.

17. "The feast of unleavened bread." This seems to be only another name for the feast of the Passover. Ex. 23: 15.

It is a curious fact that two of what may be called the greatest gun inventors of England of the time are American-born men. As is well-known, the United States claims Sir Hiram Maxim as its own; while the other celebrity who was born under the Stars and Stripes is Dr. Richard J. Gatling, who completed his eighty-third year recently. It is hardly necessary to say that the veteran is the inventor of the famous Gatling gun, which has been computed to have killed a quarter of a million men since 1862.

THE BANNER.

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Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
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THE BANNER, Clanton, Ala.

ONE feature of the new constitution which cannot be too well known is that every man who wishes to take part in future elections must pay his poll tax ($1.50) each year and hold the Tax Collector's receipt for the same. All poll taxes must be paid by the 1st of February, or you cannot vote.

CLANTON will have a municipal election in January, and all citizens who desire to vote at that election, must hold the receipt for their poll tax for 1902, or they will be ineligible. They cannot put off paying their poll tax until the 1st of February. The Collector will be here the last ten days of this year, and Clantonians should make it a point to settle up then.

THE public meeting called for December 27, is a move in the right direction. It is not a party movement as will be seen by referring to the signatures of the men calling the meeting. Many more signatures of both prominent Democrats and Populists would have been added, but the idea was to get the meeting called and as much notice given as possible. We hope to see a full attendance and a correct understanding of the new condition of affairs come to.

THE Harris Nickel Plate Show which gave two performances at Clanton yesterday was one of the best we have seen in some time. The St. Leon family were an exceptionally clever troup of acrobats, aerialists and riders, and the Carrolls performed some wonderful feats in the air. The show was clean throughout and was highly appreciated by the audiences.

Mary J. Adams, white, convicted of bigamy last week and sentenced to two years, has been pardoned by the Governor. The endorsement of the Governor is as follows: "The presiding judge states that this womam thought that a decree granted to her husband authorized her to remarry. The judge and the pardoning board recommend executive clemency. She was a very ignorant woman. Let a pardon issue.

ECONOMY is a virtue, but it can sometimes be carried to an inconvenient length. The new depot at Clanton is a credit to the town as well as the L. & N. Railroad Co. While daylight lasts we can all admire it as much as we want to, and as soon as darkness comes the two lamps outside the depot give an agreeable light and make the crossing of the railroad safe and practicable. But alas! as soon as the mail train has passed, the company, with great economy, turns out the light and all is gloom and darkness, and the numerous freight trains make crossing difficult and dangerous. If the company cannot afford to burn one lamp at the crossing, it would seem that the Town Council might enter into some arrangement with them that the light might be kept burning until at least ten or eleven o'clock when all good people should be in bed. The expense would be very small and our citizens would be greatly benefitted, while accidents would be avoided and the company thereby a gainer.

OPENING OF THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK.

On Saturday last the elegant new brick building of the Peoples Savings Bank was formally opened for business. The building itself is undoubtedly the most handsome erection to be found anywhere between Birmingham and Montgomery, and the office fittings are elaborate and up to date.

The vault is strongly and substantially built and contains a National Safe and Lock Co's., time safe of the latest construction. The vault and safe are burglar proof as well as fire proof, making an absolutely safe place that depositors can firmly depend upon. The makers of the safe have given the following guarantee:

To the People of Ghilton County:

We hereby certify that the National Cannon-Breech Screw Door safe, regular price $1000, which we have sold to the Peoples Saving Bank, furnishes absolute protection to depositors when the safe is locked and the three magnificient time locks thereon are set and running.

We further certify that if any safe factory or representative of any safe factory, or any newspaper, or man can produce a single instance where this safe has been robbed up to date in the United States we will make them a present of a $2000 safe. We also certify that we can prove in writing that the Mosler Screw Door, and also the Victor Screw Door Bank safe, have both been robbed of a large amount of money.

NATIONAL SAFE & LOCK CO.
per G. J. THRASHER.

The first day's deposits amounted to $10,564.00, most of our leading citizens opening account with the Bank.

President W. S. Holloway was early on hand and a meeting of the Board of Directors was held and Dr. E. A. Matthews appointed Cashier. Then business was commenced and throughout the day was continued in a highly satisfactory manner.

A large number of persons opened accounts on the first day and there is no doubt but that the Bank has a bright and prosperous future before it.

The bank affords a splendid opportunity for our people to learn thrift. Money in the pocket burns a hole, but money in the bank requires a little deliberation; although you can deposit your money in the bank in the morning and take it out again the same day if you wish. Put your cash in the bank and no matter when you want to take it out it is always there awaiting your call. Deposits from fifty cents up will be received. Just think, a deposit of only fifty cents each week will amount to $26 a year. You won't miss the fifty cents every week, but you will appreciate the total amount at the end of a year. Try it.

W. E. Holloway, of Montgomery, is President; Dr. E. A. Matthews, of Clanton, Vice President and Cashier. The Directors are E. M. Pinckard, W. I. Mullins, W. T. Callens, P. D. Wilson, H. M. Martin Sr., and Probate Judge S. M. Adams. These gentlemen will use every endeavor to see that the business of the institution is conducted in the best enterests of the people as well as safely for the stockholders. The bank means much for Chilton county and Clanton.

Mr. T. B. Teel, the contractor, deserves great credit for the building of the bank, and Mr. J. M. Moore, the painter, for the fine finish of the interior.

Saved At Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbash, Stomach and Bowel Dispepsia. But this excellent medicide did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 lbs." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Guiledge Verbena.

We may reform others unconciously by good examples.

A New College For Alabama.

Our state is keeping pace with other states in educational matters as well as in other things. Besides the splendid state institutions, and the schools under control of religous denominations, the Presbyterian Synod of Alabama at its recent meeting in Birmingham, decided to found a college in this state. A committee of five members was appointed; Rev. A. A. Little, chairman, Rev A. R. Curry, Rev. G. W. Patterson, Judge Coleman of Eutaw, and Mr. Caldwell Bradshaw of Birmingham.

The Presbyterians of our state are a fine body of people and as a general thing, prosperous, it is a wonder they have not had a college before this, when we remember the well known attitude of this church on the subject of education. No doubt men of means will consider it a privilege to give largely to the endowment, and those of smaller means can add to it. This is a fine opportunity for some enterprising town to secure a first rate institution of learning. A college always brings a class of people that any town will be glad to have in its borders. No doubt several of our towns will compete actively for this college. A suitable site and enough buildings will be expected as an enducement to locate an institution of such value in one of our towns.

This school, when established will be a feeder to the university, and to the great universities outside of our state. Every educational enterprise deserves the cordial cooperation of all who have the welfare of their country at heart. For every one tends to drive away that cloud of ignorance which is the hatching place for ills of our body politic. Every school reaches some who would other vise grow up in ignorance. There is no unwise and unholy competition between church schools, and our state institutions. They are mutually helpful to one another; and any attempt to array one against the other is foolish, to say the least. So let the state take care of her institutions of learning, and let the various denominations establish their colleges until the ghoul of ignorance is driven away and her twin sister, vice hides her face among an enlightened people.

If married women had their lives to live over again, we venture to say that most of them would change their minds about who they marry.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE RUMOR—that Strock gives a bargain in Children's Shoes? It is true

If your boy gets burned when he shoots his Christmas cracker, use the "old reliable," Dr. Tibhenor's Antiseptic. It is clean and pleasant, cooling and soothing to the burn, relieves suffering and heals almost like magic. Only 50c. a bottle, by druggists.

KICK A DOG

Kick a dog and he bites you. He bites you and you kick him. The more you kick the more he bites and the more he bites the more you kick. Each makes the other worse.

A thin body makes thin blood. Thin blood makes a thin body. Each makes the other worse. If there is going to be a change the help must come from outside.

Scott's Emulsion is the right help. It breaks up such a combination. First it sets the stomach right. Then it enriches the blood. That strengthens the body and it begins to grow new flesh.

A strong body makes rich blood and rich blood makes a strong body. Each makes the other better. This is the way Scott's Emulsion puts the thin body on its feet. Now it can get along by itself. No need of medicine.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

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YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR
"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 985 EDWIN E. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22165.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery Ala., November 13, 1901

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 30th, 1901, viz: James K. Burnett, Homestead entry, No. 31072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 of Sec. 6, Tp. 23 n of r 15 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Ellison, R. Vanderslice, J. J. Wright, H. M. Willis, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARBER, Register.

Add water and sugar to Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and subtract the colic from your Baby. Very pleasant, perfectly harmless and absolutely reliable. Cost 50c.

Fortify yourself against the casualties consequent upon "Merry Christmas." Equal to an insurance policy is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic against gun-shot wounds, powder burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., and costs only 50c. at drug stores.

Mexican Mustang Liniment will readily overcome Loss of Hair, Diseased Heels and Scratches in horses mules and cattle. Farmers try it.

A toad under a harrow

suffers no more than the faithful horse that is tortured with Spavins, Swinney, Harness Sores, Sprains, etc. Most horse owners know this and apply the kind of sympathy that heals, known far and wide as

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Never fails—not even in the most aggravated cases. Cures caked udder in cows quicker than any known remedy. Hardly a disease peculiar to muscle, skin or joints that cannot be cured by it.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is the best remedy on the market for Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. It keeps horses and mules in condition.

Corner Store

Second Avenue and Seventh Street,

Has the Best Goods

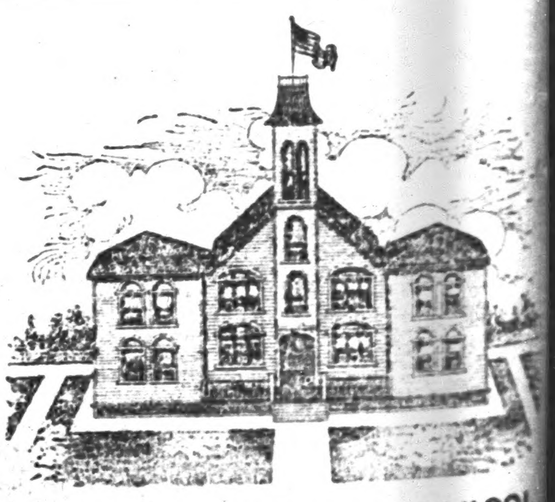
At a Lower Price

Than any in Town

A Warm Welcome to All.

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF HIGH GRADE. SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the work of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two story structure of fifteen rooms. The Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than thousand volumes.

BOARD, $6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

TOWN ITEMS

...ed ... in February, first Monday in April, Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

...to-day 7⅛ @ 7¼ cts.
...same date last year 9 5-16 cts.

RECEIVED TO DATE:	1901	1900
...ed & Co.	3067	2055
...	2390	1643
...	781	315
...	291	335
Total	6439	4348

...are in the market buying ... and Cotton seed, paying ... market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

...CK! Good hard brick at $6 ... Soft brick at $5 per 1000.
F. R. WOODYARD, Clanton.

... D. M. Foshee of Selma, is ...ing relatives in town.

... G. M. Anderson is visiting ...es in Birmingham.

... and Mrs. Lamar and son of ...ville visited the family of Mr. ...Higgins Sunday.

...AVE YOU HEARD THE ...OR—that Strock gives a bar... in Children's Shoes? It is ...

... Geo. Hill and daughter, ...Exie, of Lomax were visitors ...Tuesday.

... Nellie Merritt of Birming... is visiting friends here.

... French Evans is visiting ... in Birmingham.

... A. C Holt of Helena was ...ton Wednesday.

... Minnie Rasberry of Lily is ...ing friends in town.

...ranty Deeds, Mortgage ..., Waive Notes, Receipt ..., on sale at The Banner office.

...are in the market buying ... and Cotton Seed, paying ...est market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

... Annie Lou Croswell and ... Mary Louise of Deatsville returned home after a pleas... visit to friends in Clanton.

... Bertie Johnson of Birming... has returned home after a ...day's visit to Mrs. Renfroe ...

... Gertrude Wooley of Bir... ...ham visited friends in Clan... ...is week.

... Jessie Richards of Louisi... visiting her sister Mrs. W. ...ohee.

... Belle Askins of Energy ... visitor here Tuesday.

...e Best Prescription for Malaria ... and Fever is a bottle of ...'s TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It ...ains only iron and quinine in a ... form. No cure—no pay. ...50c.

... C. B. McNeil of Montgomery has returned home after a ...ant visit to friends here.

... H. L. Davis of Energy ... Tuesday here in Clanton

... Ayers Francis of Birmingham was a visitor here Tuesday.

... Denson is visiting friends ... country this week.

...re was a large crowd in town ...nday to the circus.

...ch for Dr. A. J Massey's ... in this paper. He has estab... a branch office at Clanton, ...ill spend a week here every ...ge days. Thanking the peo... of Chilton county for past pat...age, he will appreciate same in ...future. Will pay fare one way ...one going to his office in Bir...ham to have their dental ...done. 1185½ 21st st., between ...d 3d aves, Birmingham

...ranty Deeds, Mortgage ..., Waive Notes, Receipt ..., on sale at The Banner office

...are in the market buying ... and Cotton Seed, paying ...est market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

...riage licenses have been issued ...week by the Probate Judge to ...owing persons.

... J. N. Martin and Miss Col... Varden; Mr. James M. ... and Miss Rose B. Jones; ... C. Langston and Miss Jen...; Mr. C. W. Sullivant ...Miss Nettie Eiland; Mr. W. ...yatt and Miss Hattie B. Rob...; Mr. F. L. Martin and Miss ...; Mr. J. Renfroe Mul... and Miss L. Blanche Foshee; ... C. Teel and Miss Lizzie ...; Mr. James C. Bristow and ...Willie M. Murphy; Mr. ... H. Harrison and Miss Jessie ...

... William Kennedy and ... Wilson; Lawrence Foshee ...Linda Lee Deramus; Luther ...ton and Elzada Gordon; ...yd and Lizzie Lee.

readily overcome Loss of Hair, Sweat Hoofs and Scratches in horses and cattle. Farmers try it.

ier

faithful horse
Harness
know this
heals, known

ing
niment.'
most aggravated cases.
quicker than any known
peculiar to muscle, skin
d by it.

best remedy on the market for
Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps.
keep horses and mules in condition.

Store

d Seventh Street,

Goods

er Price

n any in Town

come to All.

ARTOR

CLANTON

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ENT NORMALISM, OF THE
PARTMENTS.
ORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.
d. We court investigation, and
ny time, examine into the work

ols of the State. The Main Building
ure of fifteen rooms. The Library
tory structure, well suited to the
e Library consists of more than

$8.00 PER MONTH.
$8.50 PER MONTH.
nd to lend a hand in helping students
n elevating the youth to a higher

mation, address
ARMICHAEL, THORSBY, ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' court meets second Monday in February first Monday in April, Monday in June second Monday in July second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Sold to-day 7½ & 7¾ cts.
Same date last year 9 5-16 cts.

RECEIVED TO DATE:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co	3067	2075
"	2390	1683
"	751	315
"	231	335
Total	6139	4398

We are in the market buying Seed Cotton Seed, paying market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK: Good hard brick at $6 per 1000, soft brick at $5 per 1000.
F. R. Woodward, Clanton.

J. D. M. Fowlkes of Selma, is visiting relatives in town.

J. G. M. Anderson is visiting friends in Birmingham.

Mr. and Mrs. Lamar and son of Selma were visiting the family of Mr. Georgia Sunday.

HAVE YOU HEARD THE NEWS—that Brock gives a bargain in Childrens' Shoes? It is true.

Gen. Hill and daughter, Miss, of Lomax were visitors Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Merritt of Birmingham is visiting friends here.

Mr. French Evans is visiting friends in Birmingham.

Mr. A. C. Holt of Helena was in Clanton Wednesday.

Miss Minnie Rasberry of Lily is visiting friends in town.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Seed and Cotton Seed, paying market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Misses Annie Lou Croswell and Mary Louise of Deatsville returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Clanton.

Miss Bettie Johnson of Birmingham has returned home after a visit to Mrs. Renfroe Mullins.

Miss Gertrude Wooley of Birmingham visited friends in Clanton this week.

Miss Jessie Richards of Louisiana is visiting her sister Mrs. W. Wilson.

Miss Belle Askins of Energy was a visitor here Tuesday.

Chill Best Prescription for Malaria and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is only iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Mr. C. B. McNeil of Montgomery has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends here.

Mr. H. L. Davis of Energy was here Tuesday on his way to Clanton.

Mr. Ayers Francis of Birmingham was a visitor here Tuesday.

Mr. Deason is visiting friends in the country this week.

There was a large crowd in town Tuesday to the circus.

Search for Dr. A. J. Massey's card in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 30 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in future. Will pay fare one way to anyone going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1188 21st st., between 2nd and 3rd aves., Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Seed and Cotton Seed, paying market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

J. N. Martin and Miss Callie Warden; Mr. James M. Ward and Miss Rose B. Jones; Mr. C. C. Langston and Miss Jennie; Mr. C. W. Sullivant and Miss Nettie Erland; Mr. W. Pratt and Miss Hattie B. Robertson; Mr. F. L. Martin and Miss Bruin; Mr. J. Renfroe Mullins and Miss L. Blanche Foshee; Mr. C. C. Teel and Miss Lizzie Lee; Mr. James C Bristow and Miss Willie M. Murphy; Mr. W. H. Harrison and Miss Jessie Hudson.

Mr. William Kennedy and Miss Wilson; Lawrence Foshee and Lee Deramus; Luther Harrison and Elzada Gordon; Lloyd and Lizzie Lee.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall Stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

MOVED

into our new brick store yesterday

I will sell everything in the line of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, etc., etc.

For the next 30 days AT COST, before I will move in the new brick building. This is the best opportunity for early buyers. I do this as the season is about one month late. So come at once and see that my statement is true, and you will SAVE MONEY by it.

Yours truly,

H. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to us by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID. 4 Full Quarts

OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD

Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for 20 years, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but to points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES

My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.

Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF

DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement, accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,

F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.

INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FINEST OIL MADE

FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY

L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE

VITAE ORE PREPARATIONS:

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,

Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"

MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of

Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—
Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underseirt for 19 cents.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,

J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.

COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES

THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY

—DEALER IN—

ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.

OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT

THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—

CASH STORE

FOR BARGAINS,

THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00	2 bushel sack Meal	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water, white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " "	2.25	1 lb Ham	15
24 lb sack " " "	60	Whole Ham, per pound	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
100 lbs Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Rolled Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please.

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager.

THE NEW WOMAN OF FIFTY.

Young Looking Grandmothers of To-day and a Fresh Cause of Discontent.

The grandmother may not have disappeared altogether, but her outward and visible signs have changed enough to make her very different from what she used to be. The woman of fifty to-day looks as little like the ideas formerly entertained of that age as she wants to.

If the ideal of thirty years ago is in her mind she may look like an old woman. If she prefers to follow the mode of the day she may look as young as the dressmakers and her own natural condition will enable her to appear. And this youthfulness will not attract the least attention.

If her hair be without a suspicion of gray and her figure slim that will be no more unexpected than the youthfulness of her dress; and the woman of fifty may now dress like the woman of thirty and still observe the best standards of taste. She may even dye her hair without committing any such transgression of the laws of taste as she would have been guilty of several years ago. Even if she dyes it yellow she will be criticised no more sharply than the woman of thirty would if she did the same thing.

Now middle age has the privileges of youth and is at liberty to keep itself as attractive looking as possible. The woman of fifty is not to be put among the aged nowadays because she happens to have accumulated a certain number of years and has become a grandmother. She is not for that reason to be counted among the women who are forbidden to think of their looks or to attend to their appearances further than to see to it that their white caps are coquettishly trimmed with ribbons and their black dresses free from wrinkles. It used to be a foregone conclusion that they would be wrinkled themselves whether their gowns were or not.

The woman of fifty enjoys her present privileges so much that it is a wonder that she could ever have reconciled herself to the old ideas. Whether the liberality that is shown now toward the woman of this age will be extended to those still her senior remains to be seen. It is certain that nobody supposed twenty years ago that the women of fifty would ever look as they do to-day, or would be able to dress with taste and propriety in the styles that they adopt to-day. So this new view may be extented to take another and older class.

The new woman of fifty has not been received by all of her sex as a complete success. Some of the objections to her are plainly founded on prejudice. But what follows is not the talk of a woman who is in the lest prejudiced, and there is no criticism to be made of her intelligence. She thinks that women were happier when they were less youthful-looking at fifty.

"There may be," she said, "greater satisfaction among women of a certain age that they look younger now than they were able to appear several years ago; but they are no happier than they were for that reason. There are more dissatisfied, discontented-looking women of fifty nowadays than there ever were in the past.

"I think it is largely due to the fact that their new dress and their new place in the world do not in the least agree with their ages. It is not of the least use for a woman to look like forty or younger when she is compelled to act still as she would at her real age.

"It is this incongruity between the woman's looks and the way she is compelled to act that makes her unhappy and discontented with her lot. She looks in the glass and sees that she looks younger by ten years than she is. That makes her feel as if she would like to act more in accordance with the age she would like to be. But that is out of the question in the majority of cases, and she is compelled to reconcile herself as best she can to the difference between her looks and her aspirations.

"That is the evil of the new change in the woman of fifty. She may be younger-looking that she was in the old days, but she is not so happy."—New York Sun.

Jewels of the Olden Times.

Heirlooms can be as instructive as they are precious if they are worthy the name in length of years and accumulation of honors, in the opinion of a fair Newport maid, who with pride shows a Cardinal Richelieu gold medal, coming down from the venerable Queen Anne days. When gold medals were modishly worn on chains and ribbons this one was the ornament of a certain Lady Clarissa Montgomerie, an ancestress of renowned beauty. Looking up the jewels of that period all are most familiar, since we are now wearing about the same kind, in the same way. Gold hearts, plain or jeweled, were the craze then, as now. So were gold chains with fanciful links, and they were much the fashion when set with "Moco" stone known to us by the name of moss agate. Strings of pearls were women's pride and delight, from two to five and six grains each in weight, and wondrous solitaire pearls, pierced with holes and weighing twelve grains each, were envied possessions. To have a diamond ring set with stones was to be in the latest fashion, and to own others set with rubies, as well as garnets, the diamonds to number twelve and being smaller, was considered something to be proud of, while an amethyst alone, set with twelve diamonds, was a smart finger jewel. Long diamonds, which we are beginning to revive, and which weighed two and one-half to three grains, were very much in vogue for "drops," as they were called, to stomacher pieces, as well as earrings. A pair of diamond earrings with moderate drops sold then for $2?. Garnet earrings and drops were also much worn, and so were gold ones set with "turky," which was the simplification of turquoise. Mourning rings were the modish thing, and carnelian ones had fine favor with the masses, while carnelian seals, together with padlocks in gold and silver, swung from watch chains and ribbons, and so did much-wrought watch keys. Children born with gold spoons in their mouths were decked out with watches and chains and lockets—in one case to the number of six lockets set with pearls and emeralds.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Women as Inventors.

As inventors women have long been to the fore, and numerous instances could be given of women who have invented articles which have placed them in comfortable circumstances. Women inventors occupy all ranks of society, from the poor, struggling working women to the Empress of the French, who invented the dress improver which years since developed into the then fashionable crinoline. The woman who patented the improved baby carriage made $50,000, while a young girl living at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, devised a simple toilet requisite from which she derived an income of $500 a year. The wife of a clergyman invented an improved corset, which was the means of making her independently rich. It was a woman's inventive power that produced the paper bag making machine. Another clever woman is responsible for the wonderful device for deadening the sound of car wheels on the overhead railway. Women have perhaps more often figured as the instigators of inventions than as inventors. The machine by which the Brothers Morely made their great fortune was invented by Rev. William Lee, who was an eminent fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, England. The story of his life is pathetic. He fell in love with an innkeeper's daughter and married her, which action soon deprived him of his fellowship. He was soon reduced to extreme poverty. His wife knitted stockings for a living, and Lee, sitting by her side as she worked, watched the intricate movements of her hands, and was thus led to speculate on the possibility of constructing a machine which would do the work more expeditiously. Lee, however, unfortunately came to grief, owing to the machine being regarded as a device for throwing people out of work, and he died poor and friendless, a broken-hearted man.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The handsomest hat pins are of enamel.

Plaid strappings on zibeline are considered chic.

Buttons and buckles of gun metal and steel are used on the newest traveling coats.

Panne velvet is frequently to be seen on children's coats. It is soft and youthful in effect.

Large flowered velvets in bright colors are used in some stocks, which are very attractive.

An English fancy is the pigskin quill, either plain, embossed or picked out in brown like yokes work.

The low coiled coiffure is much more generally adopted in Paris and London than on this side of the water.

More stylish cloth skirts are made with a separate drop skirt of silk than with a lining sewed in with the outside fabric.

Slippers are pretty with buckles of double circles of gems or dull gold, through which the ribbon is run twice and tied in a bow above.

On some coats of fur jeweled belts are to be seen, but without exception they are ugly and tawdry. The more simple the lines of a fur garment the better as a rule.

More attractive than the leaves is a spray of orchids for the same purpose. There is a cluster of the mauve orchids, to place, say, on the shoulder, and a spray of gray-green leaves and more orchids to carry down the front of the bodice.

One of the most charming of stocks has the red chiffon covering it without a fold, and around the lower edge is the tie which forms a bow with broad ends at the front. The ends to this tie are finished with dots in the shape of diamonds in black.

Jeweled trimmings afford opportunity for new effects. A dinner gown which has the top of the corsage finished with jeweled trimming is worn with a jeweled dog collar, while a couple of jeweled chains are draped from the collar in front to the corsage.

Muffs are taking to themselves additional ornaments, and one in black chiffon has two bunches of violets, with the foliage, upon it. One cluster of the flowers is at the top on the right side of the muff, and at the lower edge on the left side, at the beginning of the deep end frills.

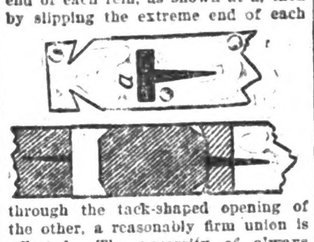
FARM AND GARDEN.

Results of Careful Selection of Seed.

The importance of good seed cannot be too strongly urged. A grower of wheat in several years' experiments found that it paid well to hand-pick his seed wheat. The first year he planted seven and a half pounds of hand-picked wheat on one acre in rows eighteen inches apart, and at harvest he threshed out sixty-seven bushels. The next year the yield was seventy-two bushels, using a little more seed. On a trial row he planted seventy-six extra fine kernels of seed (weighing forty-five grains), and the product was ten and a quarter pounds, or at the rate of 100 bushels of wheat per acre. The experiments were made many years ago by Professor Blount, of the Colorado Experiment Station, the seed being in rows eighteen inches apart, and twelve inches apart in the rows, a wheel hoe being used for cultivating between the rows. In Belgium all seeds are carefully hand-picked and the wheat crop cultivated, with the result that from sixty to seventy-five bushels of wheat per acre may be found on nearly all farms.

When the Buckle is Gone.

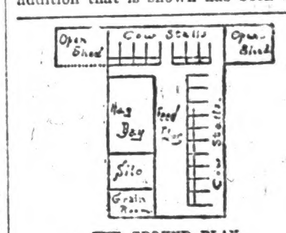
The accompanying illustrations show how to join the ends of the driving reins together when the buckle has been lost. With a pocket knife cut the end of each rein, as shown at a, then by slipping the extreme end of each



through the tack-shaped opening of the other, a reasonably firm union is effected. The necessity of always keeping the reins fastened together cannot be too strongly emphasized. If a horse becomes frightened, and one rein is dropped, there is no possible way of recovering it, if it is not fastened to the other. Many a runaway has resulted from a failure to observe this precaution.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Added Stable Room.

The illustrations show the elevation of the ordinary farm barn, and also the floor plan, as it appears when the addition that is shown has been built



THE GROUND PLAN.

to give increased room for the accommodation of cow, or other stalls. The addition is across one end of the barn, each end projecting to form an open manure shed. The shed on the left hand can be boarded in and used for

ELEVATION OF THE BARN.

calves or other young stock, or for a place to store tools and farm machines if desired. The shed on the right is convenient to both lines of stalls, the manure being hauled out to the shed each day. Such an addition costs but little, having a simple shed roof, and furnishes added room that is often exceedingly valuable—the extra stalls, and the covered place in which to store the manure.—American Agriculturist.

Use and Value of Cut Green Bone.

What the silo has done for the dairyman the green-bone cutter is doing for the poultryman. Each in its field has solved the problem of supplying a food that will be eagerly relished, and will force production at a season when nature is against us, and at a minimum of cost.

The important constituent of animal food for poultry is protein, which produces flesh and feathers and the albumen of the egg. When given a free range the fowls will supply themselves with animal food by catching bugs and worms when they are obtainable. The trouble is, nature does not always supply this food in sufficient quantities even in summer, and during the winter months it is not to be had at all. Some seasons there will be plenty of grasshoppers and crickets, and after a shower the ground will be covered with angle-worms, but during a dry season worms are scarce, and if the grasshoppers fail to appear, the poultryman must supply something to take their place. Nothing answers this purpose as well as green bone.

Fresh bones contain a large percentage of protein. The same can be said of the several brands of meat meal on the market, but the fresh product is more palatable, more wholesome, easier to feed and cheaper. Hens have to acquire a taste for meat meal. It sometimes takes several days to get them accustomed to eating the mixed feed containing it. In all my experience as a poultry-raiser I never saw the hen or chick that looked twice before eating fresh-cut bone. Meat meal is liable to become tainted before use, especially in hot weather. It is sometimes made of scraps and refuse that have reached such a stage of ripeness that no poultryman who caters to first-class trade would think of feeding it. If fed in too large quantities, the strong odor which always accompanies it is likely to impart a disagreeable odor to the eggs or flesh. There are several good, pure brands of meat meal on the market, and they are certainly better than no animal food at all, but are to fresh green bone what dried beef is to beefsteak. Feed the meat when you cannot get bones.

Fresh bone is easier to feed. It does not have to be mixed with ground feed and stirred up with water, but can be fed just as it comes from the mill, and may be scattered in the litter, thus affording exercise for the hens in scratching for it. Every year more poultrymen are giving up the use of ground feed and are giving a whole grain diet, reducing the work of feeding considerably. The green bone can be cut in less time than it takes to mix soft feed.

The cost of bones for a small flock is generally nothing; the butcher will supply them. When a large quantity is used they can be obtained from the large butcher shops and slaughter houses at a very moderate price. No matter what the price is, nothing will start hens laying and keep them at it, or make young chicks grow large frames and feather out well, hasten the moult or fit a bird for the show pen, like fresh-cut green bone, when fed in conjunction with a proper grain, grit and green-food ration.—J. Franklin Hiller, in The County Centleman.

Progress in Farming.

Farmers are becoming more progressive and are also beginning to work on more scientific lines. At many of the experiment stations the sons of farmers are taking special courses in agriculture, with the result that they become largely instrumental in improving farm methods in their communities when they return to their homes. The period has passed for expressions of contempt for the theoretical farmer, as theory and practice have demonstrated by actual tests that no advance can be made by practical effort alone. The theoretical farmer may have been lacking in skill when handling the plow or in the use of other implements, and his theories may also have failed, but he aimed for something better and became an educator of others. The most progressive agriculturists are those who are not satisfied with present methods. They are willing to experiment, to learn and to teach, and they bring into the community better breeds, improved fruits and superior varieties of grasses, grains and vegetables. Some of them have gone into bankruptcy because of unwise expenditure in their efforts to do more than others, but they left their neighbors better off and also better supplied with live stock and more fertile farms.

No farmer can progress unless he is willing to study and learn. In all occupations theory is a mighty factor, for education is considered essential to success. The farmer of to-day who maintains that only practical farming is worthy of his consideration, and who believes that his sons can learn all that is necessary about farming on the farm itself, daily witnesses the sons of those outside of farming deriving knowledge at institutes in which instruction in mechanics is imparted. The best engineers, machinists and wood workers endeavor to enter their sons in schools or colleges at which they can be taught all that is possible from a theoretical standpoint. The farmer has kept himself back by his opposition to theoretical farming, the "book farmer" being, to him, one utterly destitute of knowing anything except to expend his money foolishly in the effort to accomplish an impossibility. The farmer, however, is a close observer of operations, for, while he will not become a pioneer and gives no encouragement to those working outside of practical lines, he quickly secures the benefits derived through the efforts of the experimenter. Of course all farmers are not alike, for many of them are progressive, but many prefer to wait for developments, and when they become convinced that a change in their methods of farming is necessary will accept the inevitable and endeavor to improve.

The class known as "breeders" has made many sacrifices in the effort to improve the breeds of live stock, the greatest obstacle to progress being the indifference of farmers. But the breeders went on with their work, every year witnessing an advance in the improvement of horses, cattle, sheep and swine. Records were made and live stock went up in prices. Where before an animal was sold at only a nominal sum prices rose ten or a hundred fold. While the farmers were oblivious to the work of the breeders the latter class was making rapid headway. To-day hundreds of farmers are breeders, and their farms are operated on the most scientific methods known. The result of the combination of practice and theory has increased the value of live stock in the United States to thousands where formerly the figures were given in hundreds, while the increase in the yields of crops has been very marked. What is more important, however, is that the fertility of the farms is now much greater than before. "Abandoned" farms are fewer, "worn out" soils are brought again under cultivation, a larger and more selected variety of fruits has been introduced and the general condition of the farmer has been greatly improved.

Much of the advance made by the farming class is due to the heretofore despised theoretical farmer, who has always led the way, even if years were required after his decease to demonstrate that he was right, though during his time unsuccessful and unfortunate.—Philadelphia Record.

UNFAMILIAR MINERALS

STRANGE USES FOUND FOR CRYOLITE, BEAUXITE AND SELENIUM

Cryolite Used as an Important Auxiliary in the Manufacture of Aluminum—Beauxite Mined in Alabama, Georgia and Arkansas—"Infusorial Earth" a Puzzle.

The announcement made a few days ago by the press of the loss of a ship which had gone to Greenland for a cargo of cryolite brought into fresh notice a mineral with a rather unfamiliar name, and one which is now rather less in demand than it was a few years ago. Cryolite, or kryolite, as it is sometimes spelled, is a salt containing both sodium and aluminum. Both of the latter and some of their compounds have been obtained from that source. Colorado and the Ural Mountains produce it in limited quantities, but the largest and most available deposits yet found are in Greenland, near the west coast, and this region has been the chief, if not the sole, reliance of commerce.

Aluminum is made from alumina, the oxide of aluminum, and the process of getting rid of the oxygen is called reducing. In this country the business is controlled by the Pittsburg Reduction Company, which for a long time purchased its alumina from the Pennsylvania Salt Company, and the latter manufactured the article from cryolite, which it imported from Ivigtut, Greenland. At present, however, practically all of the alumina made in this country—at least, that which is converted into aluminum—is derived from an entirely different ore, beauxite, of which more anon.

Still in the final separation of the aluminum and oxygen by the American system cryolite is used as an important auxiliary. The alumina to be treated is dissolved in a bath of the Greenland mineral melted, and an electric current of enormous volume passed through the fluid. In this operation there is little or no waste of cryolite. It is the alumina which needs constant renewal.

Caustic soda, or the hydrated oxide of sodium, much used in the industries, and especially in the production of lye for soap, was formerly made by boiling slaked lime with cryolite. But the Solvay and other modern processes of manufacturing soda from common salt—chloride of sodium—are now rapidly displacing that method. Again, the pure metal sodium is obtained more cheaply from cryolite than from other sources.

Cryolite is a lustrous material, often of a pure or grayish white, but sometimes possessing a yellow tint. Combined with silica by melting, it is wrought into a glass resembling porcelain, and variously known as "hot cast porcelain" and "cryolite glass."

Beauxite, sometimes spelled bauxite, takes its name from the place where it was first discovered in considerable quantities, Beaux, France. It is now found abundantly in the southern part of this country. A few years ago Alabama and Georgia were the chief producers. But Edward W. Parker, managing editor of the Engineering and Mining Journal, remarked that the supply in that quarter was falling off, while Arkansas is yielding bountifully and seems to have almost unlimited deposits.

Another mineral which has come into notice within the last few years in consequence of its industrial applications is monazite, from which are obtained the rare metals thorium, lanthanum and didymium, used in the manufacture of mantles for gas lighting. Monazite is found in the form of small crystals, mixed with sand, in the beds of streams where a certain class of granite rocks have disintegrated, and both in Europe and America it seems to be confined to those regions which have escaped glacial action.

Something of a sensation was created in England a year or so ago by the widespread sickness which apparently resulted from drinking cheap beer. It was believed that the trouble came from the use by the brewers of glucose from which the sulphuric acid had not been altogether eliminated. The acid, in turn, was suspected of being tainted with arsenic, a common impurity in that article when manufactured out of Spanish pyrites. Since the first sensation over the trouble subsided the theory has been advanced that it was selenium and not arsenic which poisoned the beer. That substance is also present in Spanish pyrites, and has been recently found in some of the products of British breweries. Thus another comparatively unknown metal has been brought to public attention. Selenium is not only very rare, but thus far has found little use in the arts. One of its qualities, the variability of its electric conductivity under the influence of light, has been turned to account by many inventors who were trying to transmit pictures by telegraph. Selenium costs about $13 a pound just now, and is, therefore, more valuable than silver.

In the whole catalogue of "chemicals, minerals and rare elements," the prices of which are quoted every week by trade journals, perhaps no name is more puzzling to the uninitiated than "infusorial earth." Still, if he knows much about dynamite, he is aware that this is the stuff employed as an absorbent to hold the nitro-glycerine of that famous explosive. It was Nobel, the great Swedish engineer, who founded a number of attractive prizes to encourage scientific progress, who first discovered the trick by which nitro-glycerine could be safely handled. Infusorial earth is composed of the silicious shells of minute vegetable organisms, diatoms which reveal wonderfully complicated and beautiful structures under the microscope.—New York Tribune.

Steam motor sprinklers are now in use on the streets of Paris.

LITTLE THINGS Worth Knowing

A St. Louis man died of [illegible] and an autopsy showed that [illegible] organs which normally [illegible] been on his right side were [illegible] side, and vice versa. It was [illegible] sual location of the appendix [illegible] led the physician and made [illegible] fatal.

A new restaurant opened in New York City the other day displayed [illegible] announcement: "All you can eat [illegible] ten cents." An immense stock of [illegible] bles was on hand, but at 2 p. m. [illegible] doors had to be closed. There [illegible] a crumb left on the premises [illegible] after the prices are to be regulated.

The Koreans have great [illegible] for bald heads, believing they [illegible] kens of wisdom, and that [illegible] decreases the vigor of the [illegible] ing increases. Their superstitions [illegible] picturesque. When a new house is [illegible] pected they go out with [illegible] cessions to propitiate her [illegible] l ck.

In Haroldswick, in the Shetland [illegible] whalebone Viking ship in good condition was found [illegible] a grave that contained human [illegible] together with those of horses [illegible] dogs. The grave is probably that [illegible] a sea king buried with his horse [illegible] dog in the time of Harold Hardrada [illegible] thousand years ago.

Attached to the door of the church of Seale, near Farnham, England, is the following notice: [illegible] time. Come straight into the [illegible] Kneel down. Do not look [illegible] every time the door opens. [illegible] directly the hymns are given out [illegible] not whisper to your neighbor [illegible] your thoughts fixed."

Many watches beat five times [illegible] second, 300 each minute, 18,000 [illegible] hour, 432,000 per day. A few [illegible] the key once a day stores up [illegible] in the spring which is then [illegible] into nearly 500,000 beats. Multiplied [illegible] daily beats by 365¼, the number [illegible] days in a year, and we find [illegible] watch ticks 157,788,000 times [illegible] the earth is making one journey [illegible] the sun.

When an Arabian horse has been wounded and perceives that [illegible] not be able to bear its rider much [illegible] er, it quickly retires from the [illegible] carrying its master to a place of [illegible] ty while it has still sufficient [illegible] But if the rider is wounded and [illegible] to the ground, the faithful [illegible] mains beside him, mournfully [illegible] ger, neighing until assistance [illegible] brought.

A novel condition in railroad [illegible] neering was presented recently [illegible] sinking of the roadbed on the [illegible] Railway, in Lake County, Ill. [illegible] 800 feet of bed settled, and in [illegible] over two months the depression [illegible] reached an estimated depth [illegible] feet. For months the company [illegible] been filling the hole, over [illegible] loads of rubble and timber [illegible] been dumped in it. The bottom [illegible] to have been reached. Explosions [illegible] natural gas is said to have [illegible] phenomenon.

The Little Elm Tree.

"Pessimists may talk [illegible] please," said an elderly [illegible] little coterie of women who [illegible] cussing human nature in [illegible] there is a vast deal of goodness all along the way [illegible]

"We have recently planted [illegible] elm tree bordering our sidewalk [illegible] place a fine maple that was [illegible] the electric wires, and I [illegible] long ago that the tree needed [illegible] As a woman cannot very [illegible] trees along the public [illegible] waited until I could get a [illegible] it. In a day or two the [illegible] looked better; and so I [illegible] I must have imagined [illegible] trimming. The next day [illegible] still more symmetrical, and [illegible] to wonder what had happened [illegible]

"The problem was solved by [illegible] erly German neighbor, who [illegible] blocks up the street, [illegible] our gate one day.

"'Mrs. Brown,' he said, [illegible] broken English, 'I trimmed [illegible]

"'What tree, Mr. Schmitz?' [illegible] deringly inquired.

"'Dose leetle elm tree,' [illegible] pointing to it; 'it was [illegible] mings. I knowed you [illegible] 'bout de place, so I [illegible] I goes down town; and [illegible] some more w'en I get up [illegible] it grows all right, ain't [illegible]

"Surely, it is not a [illegible] friendly world of which [illegible] deeds may be chronicled [illegible] Free Press.

Gardeners Wanted in Canada.

The chances for young [illegible] gage in trade in the [illegible] abundant. The adventurer [illegible] is getting rich. The [illegible] $4000 this season from [illegible] acre patch of ground [illegible] that there are a great [illegible] bles that will not thrive [illegible] ity. Tomatoes will not [illegible] vines thrive well, but [illegible] duce fruit. Cabbages [illegible] become immense in size [illegible] will not get hard. Potatoes [illegible] of the ground and are [illegible] Corn, squash, beans and [illegible] will not grow on account [illegible] sive moisture and cold [illegible] everything else in the [illegible] bles can be produced in [illegible] tities.—Washington Times.

[illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's [illegible] Compound After [illegible] Its Record For [illegible]

[illegible] Mrs. Pinkham:—Health is [illegible] from bestowed on humanity [illegible] anything that can [illegible] health is a blessing. I [illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a blessing to [illegible] and Nation. It cures her mother [illegible] and daughters and makes them [illegible] strong.

PRINCESS VIROQUA.
Practising Physician and Lecturer

[illegible] Fifteen years I have noted the [illegible] of your Vegetable Compound in [illegible] special diseases of women. I have of nothing superior for [illegible] trouble, barrenness, and it [illegible] prevented hundreds of dangerous [illegible] where physicians claimed [illegible] only chance to get well. [illegible] and inflammation of the [illegible] has been cured in two or three [illegible] through its use, and as I find it [illegible] an herbal remedy, I unhesitatingly give it my highest endorsement. [illegible] Dr. P. Viroqua, [illegible] Mich."—$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

If you are ill do not hesitate to [illegible] a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at [illegible], and write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for special advice; it is entirely free.

TREATED WITHOUT ALCOHOL.

[illegible] board of the London Temperance Hospital has just issued its [illegible]-eighth report. The hospital [illegible] founded in 1873, for the treatment [illegible] medical and surgical cases without [illegible] use of alcohol as ordinarily prescribed. The medical staff was allowed [illegible] to administer alcohol when it [illegible] be deemed needful, but every [illegible] case must be recorded and published in the succeeding annual report. It is interesting to know that during the twenty-seven years of the [illegible] existence there have been [illegible] forty-three such cases in a total [illegible] in-patients. From the opening of the hospital to the end of 1906 [illegible] in-patients numbered 17,910. The [illegible] were 10,372, and the deaths [illegible] giving the low percentage of 7.2. [illegible] out-patients and casualty patients [illegible] numbered 22,339. The friends [illegible] movement claim that the hospital has justified the great reason for [illegible] establishment. Its success as a [illegible] hospital has been proven, and [illegible] has fully proved the non-necessity [illegible] alcohol as a medicine. Besides this, [illegible] led to a very large diminution of [illegible] amount of alcohol used in other [illegible] The London Temperance [illegible] is, therefore, the pioneer of [illegible] reform.

Liston's Business Habits.

[illegible] Thomas Lipton did not neglect business while in this country for [illegible] yacht races. He was in constant [illegible] with his London [illegible], and it is said that his bill [illegible] this from the cable company [illegible] was enormous.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE

A GOOD POSITION

[illegible] obtained when you are in possession of a diploma from the Birmingham Business College. Our illustrated Catalogue tells the whole story. Write for one to-day. Sessions day and night. Location, Potter Bldg., 1908½ Fifth avenue, Birmingham, Ala. Special inducements to all students entering college by January 1, 1907.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE.

[illegible] Jones Scales

[illegible] a postal for Bargain Catalogue.

[illegible] PAYS THE FREIGHT.

[illegible] BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

[illegible] Shoes Than a Quarter of a Century the [illegible] $3.00 shoes for style, comfort and wear have [illegible] the world over. This standard reputation has been [illegible] to give better satisfaction than other [illegible] for the same price, and has [illegible] $3.50 and $4.00 shoes. Shoes [illegible] in American cities selling [illegible] profit, and but one direct [illegible]

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES $3

UNION MADE

[illegible] has always been placed so high that the [illegible] $3.50 shoe for style, comfort and wear has [illegible] other two manufacturers [illegible] W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes are made [illegible] in $3.00 and $3.50 shoes and are just [illegible] having W. L. Douglas shoes with [illegible] shoes and anything on account of price or [illegible] $3.50 shoes, when as good as [illegible] shoes, leather, workmanship [illegible]

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brock[illegible]

LITTLE THING Worth Knowing

A St. Louis man died of apoplexy and an autopsy showed that all of his organs which normally should be on his right side were on his left, and vice versa. It was the natural position of the appendix that led the physician and made the [illegible]

A new restaurant opened in New York the other day displayed no [illegible]. All you can eat for 15 cents. An immense stock of food was on hand, but at 2 p. m. the doors had to be closed. There was nothing left on the premises. The low prices are to be regular.

The Koreans have great [illegible] for bald heads, believing they are [illegible] of wisdom, and that as the hair leaves the vigor of the under[illegible] increases. Their superstition [illegible] When a new moon [illegible] they group with [illegible] to propitiate her and [illegible]

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A novel condition in railroad building was presented recently by the sinking of the roadbed on the Rock Island Railway, in Lake County, Ill. Some 300 feet of bed settled, and in the course of over two months the depression reached an estimated depth of 100 feet. For months the company has been filling the hole, over 75,000 loads of rubble and timber having been dumped in it. The bottom is said to have been reached. Exhaustion of natural gas is said to have caused the phenomenon.

The Little Elm Tree.

"Pessimists may talk as they please," said an elderly widow to a little coterie of women who were discussing human nature in general, "but there is a vast deal of genuine goodness all along the way through life. We have recently planted an elm tree bordering our sidewalk in place of a fine maple that was killed by the electric wires, and I noticed long ago that the tree needed trimming. As a woman cannot very well climb trees along the public highway I waited until I could get a man to do it. In a day or two the tree looked better, and so I decided that I must have imagined that it needed trimming. The next day it looked still more symmetrical, and I began to wonder what had happened. The problem was solved by our elderly German neighbor, who lives two blocks up the street, stopping at our gate one day.

"'Mrs. Brown,' he said, in his broken English, 'I trimmed dat elm tree.'

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"'Dose leetle elm tree,' he replied, pointing to it; 'it was need so much trimmings. I knowed you didn't want it, so I trimmed it myself. I goes down to wu; and I trim some more w'en I goes up to dinner. It grows all right, ain't it?'

"Surely, it is not a bad world where friendly deeds may be chronicled in the Free Press."

Gardeners Wanted in Alaska.

The chances for young men engaged in trade in Alaska are good, as the demand is abundant. The dairyman, too, is getting rich. The man who makes $4000 this season from a little patch of ground, discovered that there are a great many vegetables that will not thrive in this city. Tomatoes will not ripen, vines thrive well, but will not produce fruit. Cabbages grow but become tasteless in size, and will not get hard. Potatoes, most of the ground and are not good. Corn, squash, beans and peas will not grow on account of excessive moisture and cool nights. Everything else in the way of vegetables can be produced in abundance.—Washington Star.

[illegible]ESS VIROQUA, M. D.

[illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's [illegible]table Compound After [illegible]ing Its Record For [illegible]

[illegible] MRS. PINKHAM:—Health is the greatest boon bestowed on humanity, and therefore anything that can restore lost health is a blessing. I [illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a blessing to [illegible] Nation. It cures her mother and daughters and makes them [illegible] strong.

PRINCESS VIROQUA,
Prominent Medical Woman and Lecturer.

[illegible] year. I have noted the [illegible] Vegetable Compound in [illegible] of women.

[illegible] nothing superior for [illegible] harmlessness, and it [illegible] hundreds of dangerous [illegible] physicians claimed [illegible] to get well. [illegible] of the [illegible] two or three [illegible] I find it [illegible] I unhesitatingly [illegible] Dr. P. VIROQUA,
[illegible] $5000 forfeit if above testimonial is false.

If you are ill do not hesitate to [illegible] a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at [illegible], and write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice; it is entirely free.

TREATED WITHOUT ALCOHOL.

The London Temperance Hospital has just issued its [illegible] report. The hospital [illegible] for the treatment of medical and surgical cases without the use of alcohol as ordinarily prescribed. The medical staff was allowed to administer alcohol when it should be deemed needful, but every case must be recorded and published in the succeeding annual report. It is interesting to know that during the twenty-seven years of the institution's existence there have been forty-three such cases in a total of 33,310 in-patients. From the opening of the hospital to the end of 1900 the in-patients numbered 17,910. The [illegible] 15,572, and the deaths [illegible] gives the low percentage of 7.2. The out-patient and casualty patients [illegible] numbered 22,339. The friends of the movement claim that the hospital has justified the great reason for its establishment. Its success as a medical hospital has been proven, and it has fully proved the non-necessity of alcohol as a medicine. Besides this, it has led to a very large diminution in the amount of alcohol used in other hospitals. The London Temperance Hospital is therefore, the pioneer of a great reform.

Uncle Reuben's Habits.

Uncle Reuben did not neglect [illegible] in this country for [illegible] He was in constant [illegible] with his London [illegible] and it is said that his bill [illegible] company em[illegible]

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE

A GOOD POSITION [illegible] when you are in [illegible] from the Birmingham Business College. Our illustrated catalogue tells the whole story. Write for it today. Session this day and every Tuesday. Letter writing, 10c. Special inducements to all students desiring to enter by January 1, 1902.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Buy Jones Scales

Send a postal for Bargain Catalogue. [illegible] FREIGHT. [illegible] N. J.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION [illegible]

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 12 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

With the aid of a microphone you can hear a fly walk.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

The first American telescope was put in position at Yale College in 1830.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

South Wales raises more coal than any other part of Great Britain.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Geologists are not the only people who are out for the rocks.

A Doctor's Testimonial.

Dr. C. L. S. Cawthon, of Andalusia, Ala., writes: "Tetterine is superior to any remedy known to me for Eczema and stubborn skin diseases." 50c. a box by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., if your druggist don't keep it.

An ordinary piano contains a mile of wire string.

We refund 10c. for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

The average girl is capricious. She will tell a fellow he is the light of her life and then turn him down.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The British boot and shoe trade is largely dependent upon American machinery.

A Curious Custom.

No document can have the authority of the imperial throne of China unless it bears a red mark placed there by the sovereign. With this seal upon it, the paper becomes official.

The genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters must have their Private Die Stamp over the neck of the bottle. For fifty years it has been the recognized remedy for stomach, liver and kidney complaints. It will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and biliousness, also prevent malaria, fever and ague.

It's easy enough to love your neighbors if they are far enough away.

SNUFFY MARTIN'S PUPIL.

After the recent ceremony of receiving the freedom of Glasgow and while passing from his cab to the hotel Mr. Carnegie was greeted with the salutation, uttered in the dialect peculiar to his native Fifeshire: "Weel done for Snuffy Martin's school!" That was the local designation of the humble scholastic establishment in Dunfermline where Mr. Carnegie as a lad conned the letters of the alphabet. The exclamation came from an old school fellow. Mr. Carnegie stopped and gave the speaker a hearty handshake.

I Coughed

"I had a most stubborn cough for many years. It deprived me of sleep and I grew very thin. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was quickly cured."
R. N. Mann, Fall Mills, Tenn.

Sixty years of cures and such testimony as the above have taught us what Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will do.

We know it's the greatest cough remedy ever made. And you will say so, too, after you try it. There's cure in every drop.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000 Deposit, Guarantee

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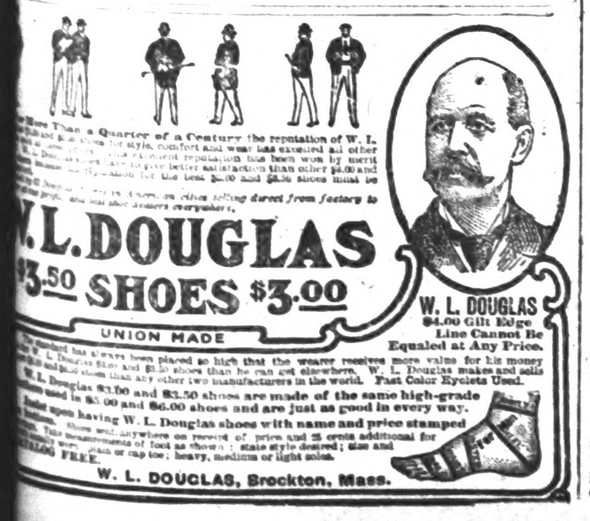
200 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS. BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, MACON, GA.



GOSSIP CAUSES TRAGEDY

Herbert Marx Kills Intruders at His Home in Virginia.

EXONERATED BY CORONER'S JURY

New York Man Accused of Insulting Cousin of a Friend—Party Went to His House to Charge Him—Thought They Were Burglars and Fired—Two Killed, One Mortally Wounded.

Richmond, Va.—A shooting near Oak Grove, Westmoreland County, resulted in the death of William P. Taylor, Jr., and H. N. Heflin, and the mortal wounding of J. T. Stiff. Herbert Marx did the shooting. The difficulty, it is said, grew out of the charge that Marx insulted Rosa Taylor, the pretty seventeen-year-old cousin of Taylor.

Marx has denied having insulted Miss Taylor, and an investigation of the charges showed that the reported insult gained credence through country store gossip. It reached the ears of W. P. Taylor, Jr., a relative of the young girl and a former friend of Marx. He gathered several of his friends together and went to Cedar Hill, Marx's country home, for the purpose of chastising him. When they attempted to break into his house, Marx opened fire upon them, thinking they were burglars. It was not until after he had killed one man and wounded two others that he discovered their identity.

When he learned who they were he used every effort to obtain medical aid for them, and rode with the party to Wirt's Wharf, the Potomac River landing, where the wounded men were placed on a steamboat to be sent to Washington. After the departure of the boat he surrendered to the county authorities.

W. T. Guthrie, a Justice of the Peace and acting Coroner, summoned a jury and investigated the tragedy. Marx was exonerated by the Coroner's jury and also by the young woman whom he was accused of insulting. The evidence showed that the men who attacked him gave no intimation of their purpose or identity, and he had naturally assumed that they were burglars. R. H. Douglass, who was one of the attacking party, said that simultaneously with the firing of the first shot from Marx's rifle there was shooting from eight or ten places in the yard. After the Coroner's verdict Marx left for New York City, where his family live.

Heflin died at the Emergency Hospital in Washington.

NEW HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY.

Gives the United States the Right to Build and Protect the Canal.

Washington, D. C.—The new Hay-Pauncefote treaty was sent to the Senate. The convention gives the United States the right to build and protect the canal, which shall be open without discrimination to the commerce of the world. It is provided that in time of war the canal shall never be blockaded, while the warships of the belligerents shall be allowed equal rights of transit through the waterway.

It is not expressly provided in the treaty that the United States shall fortify the canal. This means that the navy will defend the canal. There is no express prohibition of fortifications, and perhaps the United States might build forts without violating the treaty, if forts became necessary to preserve neutrality, but forts are not contemplated in the scheme, and were not anticipated by the contracting parties.

Sentiment in the Senate is very strong in favor of quick ratification.

ISTHMIAN CANAL REPORT.

Nicaragua Route Favored, and Cost of Construction Estimated at $189,864,062.

Washington, D. C.—The report of the Isthmian Canal Commission was sent to Congress. The commission favors the Nicaragua route, and makes an estimate of $189,864,062 as the total cost of construction of the canal through Nicaragua. The estimated cost of the Panama route is $144,233,358, but, the report says, it would cost $109,141,000 to obtain the Panama concession. The commission values the work done at $40,000,000.

The Nicaragua route has no natural harbors at either end, but satisfactory harbors may be constructed. With an adequate force and plant, the Commission estimates that the Nicaragua Canal can be completed in six years, exclusive of two years for preparation. The total length of the Nicaragua route is 185.66 miles.

It is estimated that the cost of operating and maintaining the Nicaragua Canal annually will be $1,350,000 greater than that of the Panama Canal. The Nicaragua route, the report says, is more advantageous for commerce.

ROBBED OF SANITY BY TERROR

Boy Loses his Mind as He Sees Death Approach.

Chicago.—Lying on his back in a great iron boiler, his cries for help unheard because of the roar and din of the big factory, Robert Carter, eighteen years old, saw a big steel drill cut its way through the steel above him, and pointing at his breast, come driving on until it caught his jumper.

Just in the nick of time the whirling drill was stopped just in time to save his life, but not soon enough to save his mind. He was taken to the South Chicago Hospital a maniac, and it is not likely he will recover his reason.

Indians Shoot Ranchers in Arizona.

John Baker has arrived at Bisbee, Ariz., with the report that he and his partner, Walter Kelly, were fired on by Indians in the mountains of Southern Arizona and Kelly was killed. Baker was painfully wounded. Officers have gone to investigate.

Pencil Gouged Out an Eye.

John Fenelli, a pupil of the public school at Atco, N. J., was romping with a companion when the sharp point of a pencil ran into one of his eyes, destroying the sight.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;
Acts Pleasantly;
Acts Beneficially;
Acts truly as a Laxative.

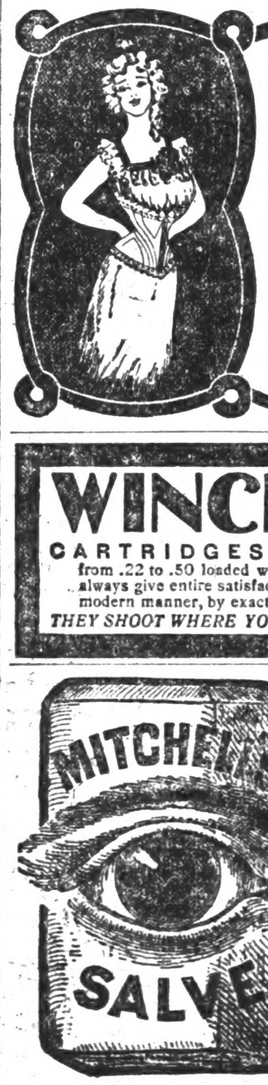
Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. New York, N.Y.

For sale by all druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.



The Corset?

is one that puzzles all women. If you want the right kind, wear the best made, the Straight front

Royal Worcester or Bon Ton Corsets.

They Always please.
Ask your dealer to show them to you—Take none other....

Royal Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

WINCHESTER

CARTRIDGES IN ALL CALIBERS

from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a modern manner, by exact machinery operated by skilled experts.

THEY SHOOT WHERE YOU HOLD ✦ ALWAYS ASK FOR THEM

How to Get Rich

A book of 100 pages written by a business man of 50 years experience, who has made fortunes and come in contact with most of the rich men of the country. Especially for boys and young men; yet thousands of older men read it. YOU can be successful by following directions. Mailed on receipt of price $1.00 cash or money order. Agents selling them fast. G. S. & F. M. SCOFIELD, Bankers, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

W. C. HOLMES Improved Farm Level "Eclipse." Best un-bridgeable level made. Price $4.50 with rod. Write for descriptive circular. 13 North Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

AGT. N. U., No. 50, 1901.

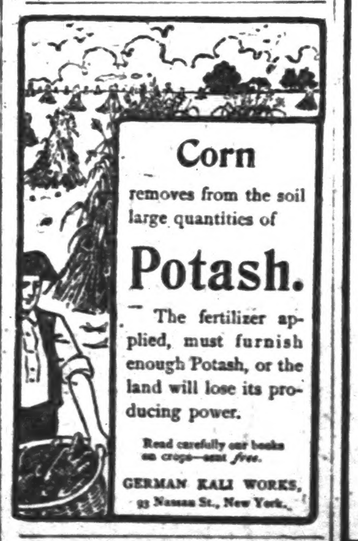
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

BOOK PUB. HOUSE,
134 Leonard St., N. Y. City

PRICE, 25c.



Corn

removes from the soil large quantities of

Potash.

The fertilizer applied, must furnish enough Potash, or the land will lose its producing power.

Read carefully our books on crops—sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

$2000.00 PER DAY GIVEN AWAY!

VALUABLE INFORMATION

The offer in our Premium Booklet expiring January 1, 1902, is hereby

EXTENDED FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF 1902

(except Present No. 129)

PRESENTS WILL BE GIVEN FOR TAGS

delivered to us during the year 1902, taken from the following brands of our tobacco:

R. J. Reynolds' 8 oz., Strawberry, R. J. R., Schnapps, Golden Crown, Reynolds' Sun Cured, Brown & Bro.'s Mahogany, Speckled Beauty, Apple Jack, Man's Pride, Early Bird, P. H. Hanes & Co.'s Natural Leaf, Cutter and O. N. T.

To appreciate our offer, these facts should be considered: That we are giving $2000.00 per day for tags, to fix the memory of chewers on our trade marks placed on tobaccos, to identify our best efforts to please chewers, and prevent them from being deceived by imitators.

Full descriptions of Presents offered for our tags will be furnished upon request to

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

A large stock

constantly replenished affords the purchaser an opportunity to select what is wanted.

In Clothing and Dry Goods the fashions are always changing, and to get the best Groceries they must be fresh.

Our stock is large and new goods always coming in, that is why you can find the best at

WILSON & BRO.
CLANTON.

We have moved to 2012 First Avenue

EVERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

J. Martin's Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,
THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE
BIRMINGHAM, · ALA.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

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AT REDUCED PRICES

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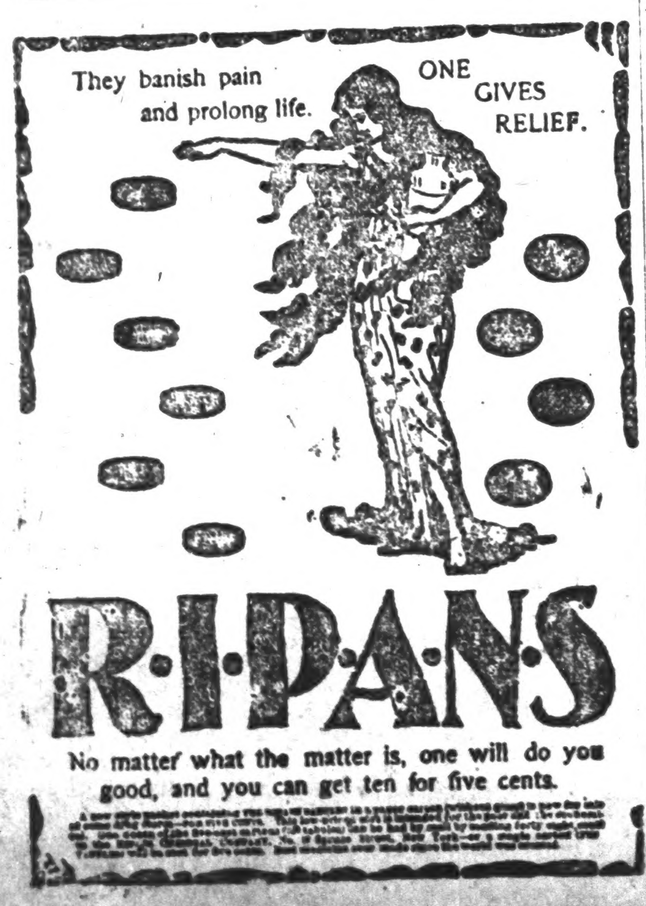
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS

N.B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertakers' Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, : : : : : ALA.



No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style Parlor Match in a metal match box which can be used for the pocket and for a match box on the table. This new style of match is intended for the pocket and for the table. The combination of the Diamond Match Parlor (Table) has to be had by each by making forty cents (40c) in the Diamond Match Co., No. 8 Spruce Street, New York, and a single parlor free to the trade. Diamond Match Co. will be sent for five cents. Most dealers now sell these five cent Parlors.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

			1901
Jemison	" 2		Dec. 2 & 3
Thorsby	" 9		" 4
Mountain Creek	" 5		" 5
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	" 6 & 7
Clanton	" 4		" 9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

JUDSON STROCK

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES PAINTS, ETC.

Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you, at prices at which you cannot complain.
HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.
You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush..... 10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2½ in Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by
L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP
W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.
HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING
In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.
CLANTON

THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

The Through Cars
Of this line pass Chicago daily, running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Connecting with all points in
TEXAS AND THE WEST.
Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.
Connecting for all points in the
NORTH AND NORTH-WEST
Before purchasing tickets to any point write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

HOUSEWORK

Too much housework wrecks women's nerves. And the constant care of children, day and night, is often too trying for even a strong woman. A haggard face tells the story of the overworked housewife and mother. Deranged menses, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb result from overwork. Every housewife needs a remedy to regulate her menses and to keep her sensitive female organs in perfect condition.

WINE OF CARDUI

is doing this for thousands of American women to-day. It cured Mrs. Jones and that is why she writes this frank letter:

Glendeane, Ky., Feb. 13, 1901.
I am so glad that your Wine of Cardui is helping me. I am feeling better than I have felt for years. I am doing my own work without any help, and I washed last week and was not one bit tired. That shows that the Wine is doing me good. I am getting fleshier than I ever was before, and sleep good and eat heavy. Before I began taking Wine of Cardui, I used to have to lay down five or six times every day, but now I cannot think of lying down through the day.
MRS. RICHARD JONES.

$1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.

For advice, and illustrated address, write Ladies Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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Roosevelt's Southern Policy.

Regardless of mere party consideration, President Roosevelt has determined to apply to the South his principle that the first consideration in appointing men to office must be their personal fitness, and second must be their reasonable acceptability to the people of the neighborhood where their functions are to be performed. The first opportunity that presented itself for the exemplification of this principle was in Alabama. A vacancy had occurred through the death of a United States district judge. Although the judiciary should be kept as much as possible from mere party associations, it has been the general rule for Presidents to fill vacancies on the federal bench with men belonging to their own political party. There were several Republican candidates for the vacant Alabama judgeship, the most prominent of whom was the district attorney. Mr. Roosevelt, however, appointed a Democratic ex-Governor, the Hon. Thomas G. Jones. Mr. Jones is not a man of the extreme partisan type, and he has shown himself broad-minded and just in his attitude toward the education of the colored race and in his stern opposition to lynching. It is understood that Booker T. Washington, who is the most prominent colored Republican of the South, heartily concurred in these selection of ex-Governor Jones. Although the appointment was displeasing to certain organized groups of Republican politicians, there at ample reason for saying that it immensely strengthened the real and permanent interests of the Republican party in the South. It does not mean, of course, that President Roosevelt intends to ignore existing adherents of the Republican party in the Carolinas, Georgia, and the Gulf States; but he will consult local sentiment and will not appoint Republicans who do not command confidence and respect in their neigeborhoods irrespective of party consideration. In answer to those Republicans who say that this method will destroy the Republican party as now organized in the South, the reply might be made that perhaps destruction of the existing Republican organization, at least in some Southern States, is the only possible means by which a real and influential Republican organization can be started. Doubtless, Mr. Roosevelt sees with perfect clearness the effect that his Southern policy might conceivably have upon his future political fortunes. If he were merely planning to capture the presidential nomination in 1904, nothing would be easier for him than to make Southern appointments in such a way as to secure for himself the entire mass of Southern Republican delegates. And it is, of course, not impossible that the course he has decided to pursue may alienate the Southern delegations, which accordingly, may be purchase once and again in behalf of presidential candidates with long purses—as, everybody knows, has happened in times past. But considerations of this kind will not keep Mr. Roosevelt from doing what he believes to be his duty to the south, and, in the long run, to the Republican party. Since there was unanimous agreement upon Mr. McKinley's renomination there was, of course, no struggle over the control of the Southern delegations in the last national convention, and there were no pledge [illegible] Mr. McKinley's last [illegible] and if he had lived his Southern appointments would have been shown to be not [illegible] which Mr. Roosevelt is [illegible]. Thus the new President is [illegible] parting essentially from the [illegible] of Mr. McKinley had [illegible] notably in South Carolina, Louisiana, and to some extent other States.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for November.

Will Not Hide My Light Under a Bushel.

GENTLEMEN:—I will not hide my light under a bushel, for I want the people to know what Gooch's Mexican Syrup has done for me. For four years I have been afflicted with Asthma, and could not get anything to do me any good until I got your Gooch's Mexican Syrup. I took three bottles and it cured me entirely. I give you this hoping it may be the means of saving some one from a horrible and premature death.

Yours under obligations,
REV. THOS. B. WARWICH,

HAVE YOU HEARD THE RUMOR—that Stock Growing is again in Children's Shoes? It is true.

Foils A Deadly Attack.

"My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., "but was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation, sick headache, at Clanton Drug Co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

The BANNER office is the Job Printing establishment for Clanton and Coosa counties. We do you best work at lower prices than you can get elsewhere. Give us a trial.

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BAPTIST—Preaching on the second and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.
Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 11 a.m.
Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.
Prayer meeting at seven every Wednesday night.
D. F. ELLISON, Pastor.

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Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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The Review of Reviews Company,
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VOL. X

PUBLIC MEETING

To the voters of Chilton county who are in favor of all white men voting.

You are hereby requested to meet in Clanton, Friday, Dec. 27, 1901, at 11 a.m.

There are some important features of the new constitution that all men who wish to vote in future should understand, and after February 1, 1902, it will be too late. So no one, come all, and let us take such steps as will be best for the premises.

(Signed) J. W. Letcher, R. [illegible] Smith, A. C. Smith, H. H. Wood, E. B. Deason, B. W. Garner, Theo. H. Williams, W. H. Conway, [illegible] L. Langston, S. M. Adams, Lewis H. Reynolds, H. A. J. Harris, [illegible] A. Kilgore, W. J. Bone, P. S. Moore, Felix Efland, W. F. L. [illegible], R. M. Roebuck, J. [illegible] Chambers.

Will Not Hide My Light Under a Bushel.

GENTLEMEN:—I will not hide my light under a bushel, for I want the people to know what Gooch's Mexican Syrup has done for me. For four years I have been afflicted with Asthma, and could not get anything to do me any good until I got your Gooch's Mexican Syrup. I took three bottles and it cured me entirely. I give you this hoping it may be the means of saving some one from a horrible and premature death.

Yours under obligations,
REV. THOS. B. WARWICH,

Maplesville.

Some of your readers are growing sentimental on reaching the last leaf of the calendar; our year is the new boy said "is rounding up." To those who have not been afflicted with bereavements, we think it has been a most prosperous year.

Many patriotic citizens kept Thanksgiving. Some, we regret to state enjoyed the good dinner more than obedience to the law of Feddy. Many fine turkeys came to an untimely end. Some got up a good dinner with chicken fry and pie made from the giblets.

Mr. R. D. Martin entertained our mil. officials with the proverbial turkey.

Mr. F. M. Matthews, wife and little son, Charles, from Matthews have daughter relations here with a visit.

Messrs. Matthews and R. [illegible] Glover visited Mr. C. H. Daniel near Verbena. The former was delighted with the farming interests, the prosperity of the country, he raised much cotton while mid many profusions were shown held your cotton, no surprise of the firmness.

Indeed your correspondent has lately heard so many good things of our Populite county government that like Agrippa "we almost persuaded," the idea of the government owning our railroads and telegraphs and giving us free rides and free telegrams is convincing, and would be delightful when long distance ladies can indulge in their favorite style of talk. Oh happy day will that be."

Miss Maud Gilmer is visiting kin folks here. The many friends she made here, by her affable manners, are delighted to see her again.

Mrs. Rasberry and Miss Minnie Clark have visited relatives here.

Rev. W. A. Parker from near Montgomery gave us a most excellent sermon the 1st. He was appreciative of the courtesy extended him; was guest of Dr. Claughton.

Dr. F. DuBose has paid a visit to home lately.

We hope a good attendance on our Sabbath school convention which meets here the 3d and 4th.

SUBSCRIBER.

Foils A Deadly Attack.

"My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., "but was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation, sick headache, at Clanton Drug Co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

Harris' Nickel Plate Show will be at Clanton next Wednesday, December 11.

Judge of Probate

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

VOL. X — CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY DECEMBER 19, 1901 — NO. 9

THE MAN ON THE CORNER

Some of the Sights He Saw, and Some He Saw Not.

[illegible] close to my heart is the place where we gather [illegible] evenings our stories [illegible] Where under its shelter we care not for weather.

The [illegible] that covers the old court house well.

The tumble-down shelter, the rickety [illegible]

The shelter that covers the old court house well.

The rotten dilapidated old court house well.

The rotten dilapidated old court house well.

The rotten dilapidated

THE BANNER.

Published Weekly.

OXANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

There is in Liverpool, England, what is known as the police-aided association for clothing the destitute children of that city, and it has worked well for five or six years past. The object of the association is the clothing of all insufficiently clothed children who come under the notice of the police.

Observes the San Francisco Call: "An Eastern investigator announces that if men would breathe deeper and more slowly they would have longer hair, but it may be that as deep breathing prolongs life all that the investigator meant is that the deeper you breathe the longer you will wear your hair."

A German professor, probably a linear descendant of the erudite grammarian who upon his deathbed expressed his profound regret that he had not devoted his entire life to the study of the native case alone, is said to have determined the exact duration of an average wink. He declares that it takes four-tenths of a second. Of course the learned scientist made use of special apparatus constructed by himself and devoted much time to arduous experiments. That is the way of the conscientious and patient German professor. But after all, does the world care much to know whether a wink occupies four-tenths of a second, or only three and three-quarters? queries the New York Tribune.

A destructive parasite has attacked the sugar beet plants in Hungary, and is creating consequent alarm. It seems almost inevitable that the development of any special agricultural industry must be followed by the allied development of a destructive insect pest. At first the luxuriant hop vines in Oregon and Washington were exempt, and great and very profitable crops were raised; but the vermin have found out the hop fields and have nearly ruined a prosperous industry. The phylloxera has devastated European vineyards. The potato has its insect enemy. It was hardly to be expected that the sugar beet should remain immune, and it will be well to keep a wary eye on the progress of the invader in Hungary. There is no attack which mankind finds more difficult to repel than that of hungry insect enemies.

The unveiling of a monument at Valley Forge is the text of the following paragraph from the Baltimore Herald: "Many brave deeds have been commemorated in bronze, granite and marble by a grateful posterity since the days when the American troops suffered the rigors of winter and the pangs of hunger on this campground, but the heroism there displayed has been overlooked in the dotting of field, meadow, park and square with emblems of daring deeds. Valley Forge has not been forgotten, although it has, until recently, been neglected. Every schoolboy and schoolgirl is early taught that the patient suffering of the soldiers there marked the lowest ebb of the revolutionary movement which made a signal change in the world's history, and that the almost superhuman inspiration of Washington held together the remnants of a band of heroes and infused in them a spirit of endurance that was wonderful and unconquerable."

In several Iowa cities weeds are officially pronounced noxious and a nuisance, and ordinances provide for their cutting by the city, the expense to be taxed against the owners of the abutting property, if the owner neglects to abate the nuisance. These ordinances have been pronounced valid by a Judge of the District Court, who holds that the municipality is not required to limit its attention to noxious weeds, but that it has the power to declare a nuisance and to abate it. Assessed citizens of Des Moines, who instituted the legal proceedings, must now pay, or prove that the alleged weeds on or near their premises were neither noxious nor a nuisance. This can be done in many cases, it is reported, the greedy contractors who did the cutting not being particular what they cut, but being anxious to make the cleared area as large as possible, as they were paid by measurement. In some cases, the indignant citizens claim, the weed-cutters mowed down flowers and shrubs, and in others cleared whole fields of good grass suitable for pasturage. Even lawns, beautified by gardeners, were included in the tract measured by the contractors, and for which they were paid.

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY

SUBMITS ITS FINDINGS TO THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

ADMIRAL DEWEY STANDS BY SCHLEY

Says He Won the Glorious Victory and is Entitled to the Credit—Benham and Ramsey Condemn the Hero of Santiago. What Individuals Say.

The most prolonged, interesting and independent naval tribunal ever held in this country came to a close, after having in open and secret session lasted one week, short of three months, when Secretary Long Friday received the findings of the court which inquired into the conduct of Rear Admiral Schley during the Santiago campaign.

The result was a complete surprise, and it is probable that no prophecy has approached the truth. There are two reports. Both are signed by Dewey, the president of the court, and by Lemly, the judge advocate. Admiral Dewey offered a minority report, to express his qualification of or dissenting views as expressed by the court, comprising besides himself Admirals Benham and Ramsey.

THE COURT'S OPINION.

Commodore Schley, in command of the flying squadron, should have proceeded with utmost dispatch off Cienfuegos, and should have maintained a close blockade at that part.

He should have endeavored on May 22rd, at Cienfuegos, to obtain information regarding the Spanish squadron by communicating with the insurgents at the place designated in the memorandum delivered to him at 8:15 a. m. of that date.

He should have proceeded from Cienfuegos to Santiago de Cuba with all despatch, and should have disposed his vessels with a view to intercepting the enemy in any attempt to pass the flying squadron.

He should not have delayed the squadron for the Eagle.

He should not have made the retrograde turn westward with his squadron.

He should have promptly obeyed the Navy Department's order of May 25th.

He should have endeavored to capture or destroy the Spanish vessels at anchor near the entrance of Santiago harbor on May 29th and 30th.

He did not do his utmost with the force under his command to capture ro destoy the Colon and other vessels of the enemy which he attacked on May 31st.

By commencing the engagement on July 3rd, with the port battery and turning the Brooklyn around with port helm Commodore Schley caused her to lose distance and position with the Spanish vessels—especially when the Brooklyn's turn to starboard was made to avoid getting her into dangerous proximity to the Spanish vessels. The turn was made toward the Texas, and caused that vessel to stop and back her engines to avoid possible collision.

Admiral Schley did injustice to Lieutenant-Commander A. C. Hodgson in publishing only a portion of the correspondence which passed between them.

Commodore Schley's conduct in connection with the events of the Santiago campaign prior to June 1, 1898, was characterized by vacillation, dilatoriness and lack of enterprise.

His official reports regarding the coal supply, and the coaling facilities of the flying squadron were inaccurate and misleading.

His conduct during the battle of July 3rd, was self possessed, and he encouraged in his own person, his subordinate officers and men to fight courageously.

(Signed) George Dewey,
Admiral, U. S. N. Pres.
Samuel C. Lemly,
Judge Advocate General U. S. N.
Judge Advocate.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S OPINION.

In the opinion of the undersigned, the passage from Key West to Cienfuegos was made by the flying squadron, with all possible dispatch. Commodore Schley having in view the importance of arriving off Cienfuegos with as much coal as possible in the ships' bunkers.

The blockade of Cienfuegos was effective.

Commodore Schley, in permitting the steamer Adula to enter the port of Cienfuegos, expected to obtain information concerning the Spanish squadron from her when she came out.

The passage from Cienfuegos to a point about twenty-two miles south of Santiago was made with as much dispatch as was possible while keeping the squadron a unit.

The blockade of Santiago was effective.

Commodore Schley was the senior officer of our squadron off Santiago when the Spanish squadron attempted to escape on the morning of July 3, 1898. He was in absolute command and is entitled to the credit due to such commanding officer for the glorious victory which resulted in the total destruction of the Spanish ships.

(Signed) George Dewey,
Admiral U. S. N., Pres.
Samuel C. Lemly,
Judge Advocate General, U. S. N.
Judge Advocate.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

In view of the length of time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the events of the Santiago campaign, the court recommends no further proceedings be had in the premises.

(Signed) George Dewey,
Admiral U. S. N., Pres.
Samuel C. Lemly,
Judge Advocate-General, U. S. N.,
Judge Advocate.

Admiral Schley's mail has been steadily growing lately and he has received a number of offers to go on the lecture platform. One proposition was a fixed price of $500 a night for lectures, to last forty nights. Admiral Schley politely declined this and all other offers.

Rear Admiral Belknap, U. S. N., retired, said of the Schley court verdict: "The pith of the decision is in Admiral Dewey's findings. As I recall all the evidence laid before the court that finding is, in my judgment, just and proper."

Opinion in the Senate is divided as to the probability of a congressional investigation of the Schley controversy, but is on the whole against such a course. Democratic Senators generally seemed disposed to wait upon the expression of opinion by Admiral Schley. Senator Martin said he thought Congress should adopt the joint resolution, stating its confidence in the admiral. Representative Sherman of New York said: "I think the country will accept Admiral Dewey's view as conclusive and that Congress will take the same view of it. Dewey's conclusions will live in history long after the other members of the court are forgotten."

Isidore Rayner showed keen disappointment when the findings of the court of inquiry were communicated to him. He announced that he would go to Washington as soon as his engagements will permit, and will counsel Admiral Schley to fight the case to a finish by every appeal that is possible. "I think the country will almost unanimously accept Admiral Dewey's judgment. The testimony was so overwhelming upon almost every one of the specifications in favor of Admiral Schley that I must confess I am utterly at a loss to understand upon what facts or upon the evidence of what witnesses the other two members of the court reached their conclusion. I am absolutely satisfied that the opinion of the two judges is at total variance with the opinion of the country, and that this will not by any means terminate the controversy. I shall advise Admiral Schley to fight it out to a finish, to oppose it by every appeal that is possible, congressional or otherwise, and I believe that the sentiment of the whole country will uphold him in his resolve not to let the judgment stand."

Captain Parker, of Admiral Schley's counsel, said: "Until I have read the reports in full I cannot say more than this: Admiral Dewey knows what was right. He, better than any one else in the world, was qualified to consider the case. He is the one man living, besides Admiral Schley, who conducted a campaign and fought a battle with modern ships under modern conditions. He probably found there was a difference between theory and practice, and judged Schley in the light of his own experience. The two other members of the court were high-minded men of the highest character, and men who would not misjudge knowingly or willingly. They never had the experience the admiral had, and probably did not see things in the same light as he did. We shall leave the matter to the judgment of the people of the country, confident that in the just popular mind the findings of Admiral Dewey will be sustained."

Captain Parker seemed almost as much pleased that Admiral Dewey had sustained Rear Admiral Schley as if the court had been unanimous in the verdict that he (Dewey) rendered.

Rear Admiral George Brown, retired, when asked for his opinion of the verdict in the Schley case said: "I read the original charges against Admiral Schley, of course, and made up my mind that no court would ever convict him of cowardice. The whole country knows he is not a coward. There is not a drop of cowardly blood in his veins. If there were he would never have become a commodore and admiral in the navy of the United States. I did think, moreover, that the court would possibly censure him for his retrograde movement and his tardiness in getting to Santiago. Cervera had time before the arrival of Schley to coal and get away. He did not, and Schley got there in time and did the work. Cervera did not get away and his fleet was destroyed at Santiago."

Delegate Baker, of the lower house of the Virginia general assembly, introduced a joint resolution calling for the appointment by the presiding officers of the two bodies of the assembly of a joint committee to ascertain the sentiments of the people of Virginia on the subject of the Schley verdict, which are believed to be indignation at the findings of the court.

Admiral Schley has placed whatever future his case may have in the hands of Mr. Rayner.

An offer of $10,000 from an anonymous source for use in the admiral's behalf has been declined.

PENNYSLVANIA FLOOD.

A storm, which has not been equalled in the section for twenty-five years, visited Eastern and Central Pennsylvania Sunday night, causing almost unprecedented damage, and resulting in the loss of at least four human lives. The havoc in the coal regions is enormous, and the loss to railroad and mining companies will amount to millions of dollars. Rivers have risen as high as fifteen feet above their levels, and tributaries have overflowed, inundating the country in a dozen counties. Washouts have occurred on the railroads; bridges were carried away and traffic is at a standstill. The force of water weakened the supports of a bridge spanning a creek near Williamsport and a freight train was wrecked and three men killed. At Oneida a miner was swept from a bridge and drowned. In the Schuylkill Valley forty-eight mines were flooded and in the Lehigh and Lackawanna regions the destruction is equally great. Hundreds of mules were drowned in the collieries and it will be weeks before many can resume operation. In some sections the water reached the second stories of dwellings, and the town of Westmore, near Wilkesbarre, is submerged. Many of the residents have left their homes in boats. Pittsburg's three rivers have passed the danger line and are still rising with reports from the headwaters of the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers stating that the cold wave will prevent the streams from reaching thirty feet, but that considerable damage will result from the unexpected rise and inability of shippers and river men to tie craft securely before the crest of the rise arrived.

ALBERTVILLE is planning to organize a school for girls.

GOODWATER is recovering from its recent fire.

ANNISTON'S street car service has been extended to Tyler Hill.

POLICEMAN BRYAN is Anniston's new chief of police.

NOVEMBER'S increase in pig iron productions was 4,000 tons per week.

JUDGE JONES, of the United States court, has appointed Jas. E. H. Guest United States commissioner at Ft. Payne.

CONN ICTING Selma with the Mineral road at Blocton will be built a line of the L. & N. The work will begin as soon as the bridge at Selma is completed.

DR. JOHN F. CONNOR, state veterinary surgeon, was badly injured by a kick from a horse Friday at Uniontown. He was taken to Selma for treatment. Grave fears are entertained for his recovery.

The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for a report of the condition of the national banks at the close of business Tuesday, December 10th.

The joint committee of the two houses of Congress appointed to make the necessary arrangements for a McKinley memorial service decided upon a motion by Senator Fairbanks to invite Secretary of State John Hay to be the orator whenever the proposed services shall be held.

ALABAMA'S OIL RESOURCE

TOOK $6,000 AND WAS CAPTURED IN TWO DAYS.

A FATAL SHOOTING AT MONTEVALLO

Central of Georgia Loses Station—Presbyterian College—Huntsville Has a Flood—Refused to Marry and was Killed—Clothing Manufactory.

AT DECATUR.

What is supposed to be one of the richest mineral finds ever made in North Alabama is that reported by the Alabama Oil and Gas Company. The find was made in a well, which they are drilling for oil near there. At the depth of 300 feet a quantity of the finest oil baring sand known to exist was struck and the indications for striking a gusher are more promising than ever before. After a depth of about twenty feet had been reached after striking oil bearing sand a mineral water was struck which flooded the well to the depth of several feet. The mineral water tasted very much like the famous Blue Lick of Kentucky. Both water and sand will be sent to a chemist for analysis. On account of the overflow of mineral water, the company will be compelled to take up the casing for the purpose of reaming down several feet.

MONTEVALLO MURDER.

Walter S. Cary, attorney, was shot and killed Friday evening by Frank Kroell, liveryman. An altercation arose over a lawsuit against one Garner by the Kroell's, Cary defending Garner. Upon their return from Calera, where the case was tried, Kroell and Cary had a dispute, in which shooting occurred. Later Mr. Cary was shot twice with a double barrel shot gun, the gun tearing a great hole through the left arm and a few shot striking him in the head. Mr. Cary fell. Frank Kroell then ran up and shot him through the head. Mr. Kroell made his escape. Mr. Cary died an hour later. He was one of the most prominent lawyers in this section. Mr. Kroell is a son of George Kroell, the largest merchant in this part of the country. Mr. Cary leaves six orphan children, his wife having died in July last.

BANK RUNNER MISSING.

Thursday afternoon Robert Chamblin, a runner employed by the People's Bank, of Mobile, left to take a package containing $6,000 to be shipped to Mississippi and has since been missing. His departure was discovered when the bank opened the next morning. It was discovered that he left town for New Orleans. Chamblin is 21 years of age, and has been in the bank's employ several years. On Saturday he was captured at Cairo, Ill., and all but $100 of the money was recovered.

DEPOT BURNED.

The Central of Gergia railway freight depot at Hurtsboro, burned Saturday. It is thought that the fire was started by sparks from a passing freight engine. Sixty bales of cotton and several freight cars were burned. About $1,500 worth of cotton seed, the property of Agent C. E. Borom, was also destroyed.

A TUSCALOOSA fire company has an elephant on its hands in the shape of a piano which it won in a contest of popularity. It has been unable to sell the instrument. Now it is proposed that the city buy it for the schools.

MURDER IN LAWRENCE.

A telephone message from Lawrence county gives a detailed account of a tragedy which took place ten miles southeast of Moulton Saturday morning. Charlie Sutton has been paying marked attention to a young woman. Her brother, William Thurman, upon Sutton's refusing to marry her, drew a pistol and shot him through the breast. Sutton died instantly. Upon hearing of her brother's action, the young woman attempted to take her life by swallowing morphine, but a physician saved her. Thurman has not been arrested.

COTTON MILL FOR HUNTSVILLE

Huntsville capitalists have organized the Huntsville Cotton Oil & Fertilizer Co. to operate an oil mill and fertilizer factory in West Huntsville. The new industry will begin operations by the first of February. The company will manufacture a brand of fertilizer prescribed especially for the soil of North Alabama.

ALABAMA OIL FIELD.

The oil fever is on in earnest in Talladega county, and boring will begin in the near future in the north and south ends of the county. The machinery is on the ground at Citronelle for the purpose of boring for oil on lands outside the corporate limits. The prospectors are ready, willing and anxious to begin operations, but a slight hitch is in the way of procedure. The men at the head of the movement are waiting for the right kind of proposition from the parties owning the lands and as soon as the proper concessions are granted they will begin the sinking of the well. It is said that the indications for oil at Citronelle are equally as strong, if not stronger, than at Beaumont, Texas, and it is the opinion that the find there will be a most profitable one.

$250,000 MALE COLLEGE.

Presbyterians of Birmingham will make strenuous efforts to secure the location of a $250,000 male college, and if successful, the city will be adorned by one of the strongest educational institutions in the South. At a recent meeting of the synod of Alabama a committee for the purpose of promoting this institution was appointed to discuss the matter of raising funds and to receive applications from different cities for the location of the school. There were several propositions received. No action was taken in regard to these offers, as a proposition was received from the synod of Georgia and Florida to unite in the building of the college. This offer is under consideration.

HUNTSVILLE FLOODED.

Reports from over Madison county tell of great damage wrought by Friday night's flood. Bridges and pikes were washed away, dozens of houses in the lower part of the city were flooded and great damage done. Lumber dealers lost a great deal of lumber, which floated away from inundated yards. At Brownsboro, Esslinger's cotton gin was flooded by Flint river; 50 bales of cotton and 100 bushels of seed were lost.

BASEBALL.

The Southern league of baseball clubs next season will be composed of the following cities and managers:

Nashville—Newt Fisher.
New Orleans—Abner Powell.
Atlanta—Ed Pabst.
Chattanooga—Not selected.
Birmingham—Frank Haller.
Memphis—Charles Frank.
Shreveport—George Reed.
Little Rock—Mike Finn.

THE remains of Capt. Joseph H. Hinds, superintendent of the United States mails in Manila, who died a few weeks ago, have arrived and have been interred at Huntsville. Captain Hinds in former years held several important government positions, among them being United States minister to Brazil.

HUNTSVILLE'S chamber of commerce is interested in a proposed factory across the Tennessee at Whitesburg.

GADSDEN FOUNDRY CO'S [illegible] run was made last Friday [illegible]. The plant is a large one and was built by home capital.

ARCHITECTS are now at work on the plan for the new court house for Sumter county. It will be a two story stone and brick structure, and will cost about $22,000. The building will be replaced on the site of the old court house in the center of the square.

ROBERT RANSOM WALDEN, president of the commercial [illegible] association, died Saturday.

DECATUR KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS will soon begin the erection of a handsome brick building. It will be three stories high, with stone front. The first story will be used for stores, the second offices, and the third the Castle Hall of the Knights. Plans are now being drawn, and as soon as accepted, work will commence and the building pushed on to completion. It will be quite an ornament to the city.

The United Fruit Co., has [illegible] contract for 30,000 tons of coal to [illegible] steamers entering Mobile.

SELMA is rejoicing in the prospects of a $30,000 railroad. The L. & N. promises [illegible] after the ore at Montevallo. The road is planning to locate shops here also.

BILL ARP'S LETTE[R]

Bartow Man Tells of Some of Earliest Recollections.

REMEMBERS NOTED SHOWER OF ST[illegible]

Describes His Trip From Savannah to Boston When There Was Not a Railroad in the Country.

Shakespeare tells of a man's seven ages, but his seven does not fill the day—nor indeed, did they fill his day with any distinct line of demarcation between them. They glide into each other and it is hard to tell when the one quits and the other begins. We have infants and school boys and lovers, but very few old soldiers—not one in a hundred ever becomes a justice of the peace. He wants to do justice to our men and women of three score years and ten, most of them grow fat instead of lean and our big manly voices have turned to treble, nor do they piping whistle in their sound. I can still bass to the long meter doxology and my wife can sing "Mary had a little lamb" to the baby. As to the seven ages, which he pictures as second childhood and mere oblivion without teeth or taste or eyes or ears or anything, we never see them—our old people are before they get to that. But in the life of every man and woman there are epochs, events, mile stones, as it were, that stand out prominent in memory and mark their progress from youth to old age. My earliest recollection is the killing of our dog Hector, who we supposed to be made, and it grieved us for we loved him and he loved us. Next I recall the falling of the stars in 1833. My father held me up and with my feet upon the top railing of the banisters, I saw them come down in myriads as quietly and softly as snowflakes and they went out as they neared the earth. They were separate and distinct as the stars, but as near together as the sparks from the chimney of an oldtime blacksmith shop. George Lester was my playmate and lived close by and the next morning he and I hunted all over his mother's garden to find some signs of the stars that fell, but saw none. While they were falling our negro cook, Aunt Allsey, went down on her knees praying, and as I clung to my mother's night gown, she called on Jesus to come and take us home to heaven. That night was an epoch and it is worth being 75 years old to have witnessed it. My next remembrance of note is a journey to Savannah with my father and mother and brother, where we took a sail vessel for Boston. I remember the magnificent double row of china trees in the long street and I wonder now if there is a person living in Savannah who was living there then and remembers that row of beautiful trees that are long since dead and gone. I remember that voyage of thirty-three days around Cape Hatteras, where our ship was almost wrecked, and mother hung fast unto her children and silently prayed for deliverance. I remember when we reached Boston and how, after our visit was over, father bought a carriage and a pair of horses, and we journeyed by land from Boston to Georgia and never crossed a railroad for there were none to cross. I remember our stop at the natural bridge in Virginia, and how we walked down in the gorge and looked up and afterwards stood on the bridge and looked down from the dizzy height.

When I was about ten years old I had another epoch, for I had a fight on Sunday at a camp meeting and got licked and my fine Sunday clothes were all spoiled with mud and dirt. A country boy said I was a town boy and was dressed too fine and he was going to take the starch outen my ruffled shirt. And he did. I fought as hard as I could, but he licked me and I cried. I had gone to the spring to get some water and the fight came off there. My father whipped me next morning and the school teacher started to whip me again, but I showed him my legs and he let me off with a talking.

My next episode has left an indelible impression. We had to walk two miles to school and about half way there was a big gully that we used to slide down in. One morning Bill Maithie and Overton Young and Jim Wilson and myself stopped to slide down and have pulled out a deck of cards and said he would show us how to play. I had never seen a deck before in my life but I had heard tell of em. They were mighty pretty, and he taught us how to shuffle and cut and deal and turn Jack and play seven-up. One morning Tom Wilson and Jim Alexander came along as they were going to school and heard our racket in the gully and they caught us playing cards. They slipped up on us, for we were completely absorbed in the game, and Tom said, "Well, you are the youngest set of gamblers I ever saw in my life. The school will get you and put you all in jail before night." I never was scared so bad in my life. I couldn't study my lessons nor eat my dinner at school and watched for the sheriff all day long. But that cured me of card playing, and I never handled a deck again until I got to college. College was a good place to play cards then; it is a good place to kick a ball now. Tom Wilson and Jim Alexander were good hearted boys and never told on us.

ALABAMA OIL FIELD.

The oil fever is on in earnest in Mobile county, and boring will begin in the near future in the north and south ends of the county. The machinery is on the ground at Citronelle for the purpose of boring for oil on lands inside the corporate limits. The prospectors are ready, willing and waiting to beg n operations, but a slight hitch is in the way of procedure. The men at the head of the movement are waiting for the right kind of proposals from the parties owning the lands and as soon as the proper concessions are granted they will begin the sinking of the well. It is said that the indications for oil at Citronelle are equally as strong, if not stronger, than at Beaumont, Texas, and it is the opinion that the find there will be a most profitable one.

$250 000 MALE COLLEGE.

Presbyterians of Birmingham will make strenuous efforts to secure the location of a $250,000 male college, and if successful, the city will be adorned by one of the strongest educational institutions in the South. At a recent meeting of the synod of Alabama a committee for the purpose of promoting this institution was appointed to discuss the matter of raising funds and to receive applications from different cities for the location of the school. There were several propositions received. No action was taken in regard to these offers, as a proposition was received from the synods of Georgia and Florida to unite in the building of the college. This offer is under consideration.

HUNTSVILLE FLOODED.

Reports from over Madison county tell of great damage wrought by nights' flood. Bridges and pikes were washed away, dozens of houses in the lower part of the city were flooded and great damage done. Lumber dealers lost a great deal of lumber, which floated away from inundated yards. At Browns boro, Eslinger's cotton gin was flooded by Flint river; 50 bales of cotton and 100 bushels of seed were lost.

BASEBALL.

The Southern league of baseball clubs next season will be composed of the following cities and managers:

Nashville—Newt Fisher.
New Orleans—Abner Powell.
Atlanta—Ed Pabst.
Chattanooga—Not selected.
Birmingham—Frank Haller.
Memphis—Charles Frank.
Shreveport—George Reed.
Little Rock—Mike Finn.

THE remains of Capt. Joseph W. Hinds, superintendent of the United States mails in Manila, who died a few weeks ago, have arrived and have been interred at Huntsville. Captain Hinds in former years held several important government positions, among them being United States minister to Brazil.

HUNTSVILLE'S chamber of commerce is interested in a proposed factory across the Tennessee at Whitesburg.

GADSDEN FOUNDRY CO'S first run was made last Friday afternoon. The plant is a large one and was built by home capital.

ARCHITECTS are now at work on the plan for the new court house for Sumter county. It will be a two story stone and brick structure, and will cost about $22,000. The building will be replaced on the site of the old court house in the center of the square.

ROBERT RANSOM WALDEN, president of the commercial travelers association, died Saturday.

DECATUR KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS will soon begin the erection of a handsome brick building. It will be three stories high, with stone front. The first story will be used for stores, the second offices, and the third the Castle Hall of the Knights. Plans are now being drawn, and as soon as accepted, work will commence and the building pushed on to completion. It will be quite an ornament to the city.

The United Fruit Co. has closed a contract for 30,000 tons of coal for steamers entering Mobile.

SELMA is rejoicing in the prospects of a $30,000 railroad shops. The L. & N. promises one shortly after the one at Montgomery. The road is planning to locate shops there also.

BILL ARP'S LETTER

Bartow Man Tells of Some of His Earliest Recollections.

REMEMBERS NOTED SHOWER OF STARS

Describes His Trip From Savannah to Boston When There Was Not a Railroad in the Country.

Shakespeare tells of a man's seven ages, but his seven does not fit our day—nor indeed did they fit his own day with any distinct lines of demarcation between them. They glide into each other and it is hard to tell where the one ends and the other begins. We have infants and school boys and lovers by the dozen, few are soldiers, and some in a mixed way becomes a justice of the peace. His sixth age does not fit now to our men and women of three score years and ten, for most of them now are fat instead of lean, and our feeble voices have not turned to treble nor do they pipe and whistle in the sound. I can still sing hymns to the Westminster doxology and my wife can sing "Mary had a little lamb to the last verse. As to the seventh age, we do not have it as second childhood and mere oblivion without teeth or taste or eyes or ears or anything, we never get so. Our old people die before that. But in the life of every man and woman there are epochs, milestones, as it were, that stand out prominent in memory and many years from youth to old age. My earliest recollection is the killing of our dog Hector, who was supposed to be mad, and it grieved us, for we loved him and he loved us. Next I recall the falling of the stars in 1833. My father woke me up and with my feet on the top railing of the banisters I saw them come down in myriads as quietly and softly as snowflakes and they went out as they neared the earth. They were separate and distinct as the stars, but as near together as the sparks from the chimney of an old time blacksmith shop. George Lester was my playmate and lived close by and the next morning he and I hunted in our kind mother's garden to find some signs of the stars that fell but saw none. While they were falling our aged cook, Aunt Allsey, was down on her knees praying, and as she clung to my mother's night gown, she called on Jesus to come and take us all to heaven. That night was an epoch and it is worth being 75 years old to have witnessed it. My next remembrance of note is a journey to Savannah with my father and mother and brother, where we took a sail vessel for Boston. I remember the magnificent double row of china trees in the long street and I wonder now if there is a person living in Savannah who was living there then and remembers that row of beautiful trees that are long since dead and gone. I remember that voyage of thirty-three days around Cape Hatteras, where our ship was almost wrecked, and mother held fast unto her children and silently prayed for deliverance. I remember when we reached Boston and how, after our wild was over, father bought a carriage and a pair of horses, and we journeyed by land from Boston to Georgia and never crossed a railroad, for there were none to cross. I remember our stop at the natural bridge in Virginia, and how we walked way down in the gorge and looked up and afterwards stood on the bridge and looked down from the dizzy height.

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For several years there was no epoch—no episode. Every day was alike until I began to notice the girls with a peculiar longing emotion and brushed my hair most carefully and carried a cleaner handkerchief and wore tighter boots well polished. In fact, I got to be a dandy in my dress. Shakespeare makes fun of the lover and dismisses him with a line. Says he sighed and wrote poetry about his sweetheart's eyebrows. We beat that in our day. I didn't sigh a bit, for my sweetheart was as bad off about me as I was about her, and we were too happy to sigh. We soon became engaged, and she fixed the day away on in June, but I judged it backwards to May, and then to April and at last to March, to all of which she blushingly assented. I wrote poetry, too—not to her eyebrows—but to her from head to foot. Here is the last verse, which is only a sample of what I could do in those halcyon days:

"When incense on the sacred altars burned,
Its odors seemed in fragrant clouds to rise;
So may my wishes all to heaven turned,
Procure rich blessings for thee from the skies."

This is pretty good, I think. In 1864 some yankee soldier came along and stole the album and carried it off as a trophy and gave it to his sweetheart. She kept it twenty years, and married another fellow and sent the album back to him, and he mailed it to my wife with a nice apology. He is a gentleman, though it took him a long time to repent and reform. Of course our marriage was an epoch—a big mile-stone. My wife was only 16 and as docile as a pet lamb. I took her young, believing I could train her if she needed training. For a year or two I could make her do just as I pleased, but later on I could make her do just as she pleased, and now she makes me do just as she pleases, too. But it is all right, and I have got used to it.

Yesterday I received a letter from a friend asking me to help him about choosing a wife. He is a widower, with one child, and wanted a woman over 30 and under 40—a settled woman—and he said he would make her a good, loving husband, etc. Well, I talked it over in the family and named several good old settled girls, and my wife stopped sewing and said: "I don't think you are a very good judge of marriageable girls. You had better let this matter alone." I didn't like that remark, and replied: "Well, when I was a young man maybe I was a poor judge, but I think I can do better now." I am sorry I said it, for a woman can't take such jokes and keep calm and serene. I'll be more careful in the future.

But I must reserve some epochs for another letter. The birth of our first child was an epoch, but afterwards that business ceased to be a monopoly and became monotonous.—Bill Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

OREGON had a little shock of earthquake last week.

MAKERS of pneumatic tools are threatening a combine.

SENATOR DEPEW is on his way to Europe to be married.

THE BRITISH PRESS is denouncing the Nicaraguan treaty.

THURSDAY, June 26th, is the date set for the coronation of Edward VII of England.

LARKS to the number of one thousand composed the pie given to England's king by London's citizens.

IN A POURING RAIN was the proclamation read announcing the date of King Edward's coronation.

Wyoming was swept by a disastrous blizzard last Friday. Many sheep were lost and some men frozen to death.

HASH AND HAMBURGER too frequently caused the University of Wisconsin girl students to rebel. They ask for fruit.

GEN. BRUCE HAMILTON, of the British army, surprised the Boers and the world last week by killing 16, wounding several and capturing 76 armed men. He also recaptured one of Benson's guns.

The population of the United States is increasing faster than that of any other country. This is the richest country in the world—we are worth at least fifteen thousand millions more than Great Britain. Our miles of railroad track exceed by more than 10,000 all the tracks of Europe. We manufacture more than England, France and Germany combined.

FALLACIES ABOUT FLOUR.

Patent Roller Article More Digestible Than Graham.

Commonly accepted and widely taught ideas in regard to the evil effects of eating white flour bread, instead of graham and whole wheat breads, are upset by recent experiments of the Department of Agriculture. Digestion experiments were carefully carried out with bread made from each of the several kinds of flour, and the proportions of protein assimilated and rejected by the system carefully determined. The whole wheat flours may afford a greater proportion of the mineral nutriments, however, as this phase of the subject was not studied, but as far as the available protein fats, carbohydrates and energy are concerned the patent roller flours are preferable.

According to the chemical analysis of graham, entire wheat and standard patent flours, milled from the same lot of hard Scotch Fife spring wheat the graham flour contained the highest and the patent flour the lowest percentage of total protein. The results of the digestion experiments with these flours showed that they were valuable in the reverse order, that is, the standard patent roller flour afforded the greatest amount of assimilable protein, while the graham and whole wheat afforded lesser amounts. This paradox, that the flour containing the smallest proportion of protein, should afford the greatest proportion available for digestion, is explained by the coarseness of the particles of the whole wheat varieties. The bran and germ of these flours resist the action of the digestive juices to a great degree, and consequently pass through the system unaltered. On the other hand, the finely ground condition of the patent flours improves its digestibility.

It was also shown that the addition of wheat starch to flour did not improve its bread-making qualities or the size of the loaf. The most desirable flour for bread-making appears to be one produced by blending hard and soft wheat flours, in which the undesirable properties of the gluten of each are counterbalanced.

WORDS OF WISDOM.

There is no recreation in desecration.

The Sun of righteousness withers the hypocrites.

The only way to feed the sheep is to follow the shepherd.

The only anger without sin is that which is against sin.

If life is a day-dream death will be a terrible night of reality.

The heavier sins fetter the more some boast of their freedom.

Life is to be measured by its outflow rather than by its income.

The man of bitter thoughts will not be likely to live a sweet life.

The people who sing the wrong stanza usually sing the loudest.

When money is your only friend you naturally hate to part with it.

The counsel that falls like the snow lies longer than the hail of chiding.

The links in the devil's chain are forged out of what we call our liberties.

It is still an open question whether this is the steel age or the age of steal.

No woman can find greater social opportunities than those of her own home.—Ram's Horn.

An Acetylene Life Saver.

A successful trial has taken place at Vienna, Austria, at the Diana Baths of a new invention for saving life at sea. The inventor is Lieutenant George Irsay de Irsay of the Hussars.

A man completely dressed, the life-saving appliance hanging loosely from his shoulder, threw himself into the water. After a few seconds he returned to the surface, and then for some hours was kept above the water by the inflated bladder or bag constituting the essential part of the appliance.

The invention consists of a metal box and a bag, which is closely wrapped around the box. Within the apparatus a perforated case is placed containing a certain chemical preparation.

The lock of the case consists of a rubber plate, which is kept upward before use by means of a substance soluble in water.

The instant water penetrates into the apparatus acetylene gas is developed and the lock becomes closed automatically.

The inflated bag serves as a sort of floating cushion, by means of which even voluntary attempts at diving are impossible.

A Curious Marriage Notice.

The following curious marriage notice appeared the other day in the London Times: "On Tuesday, the 15th inst., at Bottesfield, Lincolnshire, John Kirk, an occasional preacher in the Methodist Connection, to Susanna Seaton, of Burringham, mantau maker. The patient bride had kept company near two years with a blacksmith of the same place, who was actually published with him in the church the very Sunday preceding her marriage, but for the reasons best known to herself eloped next day with the preacher; so true is it that we know not what a day may bring forth."

A Wonderful Increase.

Recent census figures show that in the last ten years newspapers and periodicals have increased to the enormous number of 7916. There are published to-day 23,916 papers in all. It is not to be wondered at that advertising pays so well in this country. These figures show how small a percentage of our population is illiterate.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR DECEMBER 22.

Subject: Christmas, Isaiah. ix., 1-7—Golden Text, Luke ii., 11—Memory Verses, 6, 7—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Shall not be such." The darkness shall not be as great as it has been. There was a ray of encouragement for those who were ready to receive the prophet's words. "Zeb'lun." The country of Galilee around the sea of Galilee was the land that principally suffered in the first Assyrian invasion.

2. "The people that walked in darkness." The people of Judah. They were at this time under a two-fold darkness: (1) The darkness of outward trouble. See 2 Kings 15: 37; 16: 4-8, 17; 2 Chron. 28: 5-8. (2) They were in moral darkness. They were attacked by the King of Israel and by the King of Damascus and afterward by the King of Assyria. Great multitudes were carried captives or were slain. In this deep affliction of the Jewish nation her old foes rose up against her. The Edomites on the southeast and the Philistines on the southwest poured in their troops upon the devoted land and added to its calamities. The Philistines took permanent possession of the territory which they had overrun, occupying it and adding it to their dominion. Judah was indeed "brought low and made naked." 2 Chron. 28: 19. Her country was desolate, her cities were burned with fire; her land—strangers devoured it in her presence. Isa. 1: 7. The territory that remained to her was truly but a very small remnant, and even that was threatened. To escape from these troubles King Ahaz appealed to Tiglath-Pileser II. of Assyria for help. He came, and the result was that Ahaz had to rob the temple and his palace of their treasures in order to pay the required tribute; and, still more, he sacrificed the independence and honor of the realm itself.

3. "Thou hast multiplied the nation." "The prophet shows them the Messiah and His times. He would move them to hope, awaken faith, arouse to righteousness, by the vision of good times coming. The only way to such a blessed consummation was by the path of holiness, obedience and faith." "They joy before Thee." The prophet notes it to be a religious joy because it is said to be before God—that is, in His presence and with a grateful acknowledgement of His benefits.

4. "Thou hast broken the yoke." The Jews were successively delivered from the burdensome and galling yoke of the Assyrians, Chaldeans, Persians and Macedonians, but these deliverances were only a shadow of redemption from the yoke of Satan, and that redemption seems here especially predicted as if already accomplished. "As in the day of Midian." As Gideon with a handful of men conquered the hosts of Midian, so Messiah, the "child" (v. 6), shall prove to be the "Prince of peace," and the small company under him shall overcome the mighty hosts of Antichrist. See the same contrast in Mic. 5: 2-5.

5. "For every battle." It was the custom of antiquity to pile the arms of prostrate enemies, the spoils of less value, and their spotted garments, into a heap and then burn them. All that belongs to war shall be swept away; the war itself shall die. The Messiah abolishes all war, but not until His foes are either swept away by His judgments or melted into penitence and won over to submission by His love.

6. "Unto us." The prophet spake of the predicted blessings as if already communicated. Angels say, "Unto you," but this child was born for the benefit of us men, of us sinners, of all believers, to the end of the world. In the far distance the prophet foresaw the Redeemer of the world. A little later came the vision of the suffering Saviour (Isa. 53); then the town where He should be born (Micah 5: 2); a more complete revelation came through Daniel. These prophecies were so spread abroad that at the time of His coming there prevailed throughout the entire East an intense conviction that ere long a powerful monarch would rise in Judea and gain dominion over the world. Virgil, who lived a little before this, owns that a child from heaven was looked for, should restore the golden age and take away sin. "A son is given." God's gratuitous gift, upon which man had no claim. John 3: 16. A gift of love, of joy, of universal fitness to our needs, of eternal enrichment, of forever increasing value, and this gift insures all other gifts. Rom. 8: 32. As Son of man Jesus was "a child born;" as Son of God He was a "Son given." "Government." The ensign of government, the scepter, the sword or key, was borne upon or hung from the shoulder. All government shall be vested in Him. "His name." A name stands for all that is in the man—his character, his principles and his property. "Wonderful." Because His nature was both human and divine. Whoever refuses to believe in the supernatural must pause at the manger. He can go no farther. How Godhood and manhood could be knit together in the person of Christ is beyond us. But things incomprehensible are not incredible. All divine works are wonderful. "Counsellor." One who has wisdom to guide himself and others. Jesus was the embodiment of the wisdom of God. A Saviour, both God and man—a personal revelation of God's love, a perfect character and example, the sum of all motives for being good, the atonement that takes away sin while it forgives, the gift of the Holy Spirit, the institution of the church, its continual guidance, an everlasting but unseen Saviour—all these are proofs of wisdom divine and limitless. He is our Counsellor, never guiding us astray, but always by the best ways to the best ends. "Mighty God." God the mighty One. As He has wisdom, so He has strength; He is able to save to the uttermost; and such is the work of the Mediator that no less a power than that of the mighty God could accomplish it. He has control of all forces for the salvation of men; He can conquer all enemies, make His kingdom triumphant over all obstacles, can always stand before and above His people, leading them on to higher and higher developments. "Everlasting Father." Expressing the divine love and pity for men, a love that can never fail, for it is everlasting. The Father pitieth His children that are weak in knowledge, and instructs them; pities them when they are forward and bears with them; pities them when they are sick and comforts them; when they are fallen, and helps them up again; when they have offended and upon their submission forgives them; when they are wronged, and rights them. Thus "the Lord pitieth them that fear Him." "Prince of Peace." As a King He preserves, commands, creates peace. His peace both keeps the hearts of His people and rules in them. He is the author of all that peace which is the present and future bliss of His subjects.

A bargain-counter rush at Charleston, S. C., resulted in severe injuries to a number of women participating in the race for marked-down commodities. This indicates that feminine pastimes have the same element of danger that pertains to masculine sports.

Everything is coming our way. Even the mail from Australia to London will probably in future travel via New York.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

DISCOURSE BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The World Grows Better—The Time in Which We Live is Wonderful For Disaster and Wonderful For Blessings—Infidelity Dwindling.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage recites some great events and shows that the world is advancing in the right direction; text, Joel ii, 30, "I will show wonders in the heavens and in the earth."

Dr. Cumming—great and good man—would have told us the exact time of the fulfillment of this prophecy. As I stepped into his study in London on my arrival from Paris just after the French had surrendered at Sedan the good doctor said to me: "It is just what I had told you about France. People laughed at me because I talked about the seven horns and the vials, but I foresaw all this from the book of Daniel and the book of Revelation." Not taking any such responsibility in the interpretation of the passage, I simply assert that there are in it suggestions of many things in our time.

Our eyes dilate and our heart quickens in its pulsations as we read of events in the third century, the sixth century, the eighth century, the fourteenth century, but there were more far-reaching events crowded into the nineteenth century than into any other, and the last twenty years eclipse any preceding twenty. We read in the daily newspapers of events announced in one paragraph and without any special emphasis—events which a Herodotus, a Josephus, a Xenophon, a Gibbon, would have taken whole chapters or whole volumes to elaborate. Looking out upon our time, we must cry out in the words of the text, "Wonders in the heavens and in the earth."

I propose to show you that the time in which we live is wonderful for disaster and wonderful for blessing, for there must be lights and shades in this picture as in all others. Need I argue that our time is wonderful for disaster? Our world has had a rough time since by the hand of God it was bowled out into space. It is an epileptic earth—convulsion after convulsion; frosts pounding it with sledge hammer of icebergs and fires melting it with furnaces seven times heated. It is a wonder to me it has lasted so long. Meteors shooting by on this side and grazing it and meteors shooting by on the other side and grazing it, none of them slowing up for safety. Whole fleets and navies and argosies and flotillas of worlds sweeping all about us. Our earth like a fishing smack off the banks of Newfoundland, while the Majestic and the St. Paul and the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse rush by. Besides that, our world has by sin been damaged in its internal machinery, and ever and anon the furnaces have burst, and the walking beams of the mountains have broken, and the islands have shipped a sea, and the great hulk of the world has been jarred with accidents that ever and anon threatened immediate demolition.

But it seems to us as if the last hundred years were especially characterized by disaster—volcanic, oceanic, epidemic. I say volcanic because an earthquake is only a volcano hushed up. When Stromboli and Cotopaxi and Vesuvius stop breathing, let the foundations of the earth beware! Seven thousand earthquakes in two centuries recorded in the catalogue of the British association! Trajan, the emperor, goes to ancient Antioch, and amid the splendors of his reception is met by an earthquake that nearly destroys the emperor's life.

Lisbon, fair and beautiful, at 1 o'clock on the 1st of November, 1755, in six minutes 60,000 have perished, and Voltaire writes of them, "For that region it was the last judgment; nothing wanting but a trumpet!" Europe and America feeling the throb—1500 chimneys in Boston partly or fully destroyed!

But the disasters of other times have had their counterpart in later times. In 1812 Caracas was caught in the grip of an earthquake, in 1882 in Chile 100,000 square miles of land by volcanic force upheaved to four and seven feet of permanent elevation, in 1854 Japan felt the geological agony; Naples shaken in 1857, Mexico in 1858; Mendoza, the capital of the Argentine Republic, in 1861; Manila terrorized in 1863; the Hawaiian Islands by such force uplifted and let down in 1871; Nevada shaken in 1871, Antioch in 1872, California in 1872, San Salvador in 1873, while 1883 what subterranean excitement! Ischia, an island of the Mediterranean, a beautiful Italian watering place, vineyard clad, surrounded by all natural charm and historical reminiscence; yonder Capri, the summer resort of the Roman emperors; yonder Naples, the paradise of art—this beautiful island suddenly toppled into the trough of the earth, 8000 merrymakers perishing, and some of them so far down beneath the reach of human obsequies that it may be said of many a one of them, as it was said of Moses, "The Lord buried him." Italy, all Europe weeping, all Christendom weeping where there were hearts to sympathize and Christians to pray. But while the nations were measuring that magnitude of disaster, measuring it not with golden rod like that with which the angel measured heaven, but with the black rule of death, Java, of the Indian archipelago, the most fertile island of all the earth, is caught in the grip of the earthquake, and mountain after mountain goes down, and city after city until that island, which produces the best beverage of all the world, produced the ghastliest catastrophe. One hundred thousand people dying, dead! Coming nearer home, on August 31, 1886, the great earthquake which prostrated one-half of Charleston, S. C.

But look at the disasters cyclonic. At the mouth of the Ganges are three islands, the Hattiah, the Sundeep and the Dekin Shabazpore. In the midnight of October, 1877, on all those three islands the cry was, "The waters!" A cyclone arose and rolled the sea over those three islands, and of a population of 340,000, 215,000 were drowned. Only those saved who had climbed to the top of the highest trees! Did you ever see a cyclone? No? Then I pray God you may never see one. I saw a cyclone on the ocean, and it swept us 800 miles back from our course, and for thirty-six hours during the cyclone and after it we expected every moment to go to the bottom. They told us before we retired at 9 o'clock that the barometer had fallen, but at 11 o'clock at night we were awakened with the shock of the waves. All the lights out! Crash went all the lifeboats. Waters rushing through the skylights down into the cabin and down on the furnaces until they hissed and smoked in the deluge. Seven hundred people praying, shrieking. Our great ship poised a moment on the top of a mountain of phosphorescent fire and then plunged down, down, down until it seemed as if she never would again be righted. Ah, you never want to see a cyclone at sea!

But I was in Minnesota, where there was one of those cyclones on land that swept the city of Rochester from its foundations and took dwelling houses, barns, men, women, children, horses, cattle and tossed them into indiscriminate ruin and lifted a rail train and dashed it down, a mightier hand than that of engineer on the airbrake. Cyclone in Kansas, cyclone in Missouri, cyclone in Wisconsin, cyclone in Illinois, cyclone in Iowa! Satan, prince of the power of the air, never made such cyclonic disturbances as he has in our day. And am I not right in saying that one of the characteristics of the time in which we live is disaster cyclonic?

But look at the disasters oceanic. Shall I call the roll of the dead shipping? Ye monsters of the deep, answer when I call your names. The Ville de Havre, the Schiller, the City of Boston, the Melville, the President, the Cimbria, the Oregon, the Mohegan. But why should I go on calling the roll when none of them answers, and the roll is as long as the white scroll of the Atlantic surf at Cape Hatteras breakers? If the oceanic cables could report all the scattered life and all the bleached bones that they rub against in the ocean, what a message of pathos and tragedy for both hemispheres! In one storm eighty fishermen perished off the coast of Newfoundland and whole fleets of them off the coast of England. God help the poor fellows at sea and give high seats in heaven to the Grace Darlings and Ida Lewises and the lifeboat men hovering around Goodwin sands and the Sherries! The sea, owning three-fourths of the earth, proposes to capture the other fourth, and is bombarding the land all around the earth. The moving of the hotels at Brighton Beach backward 100 yards from where they once stood, a type of what is going on all around the world and on every coast. The Dead Sea rolls to-day where ancient cities stood.

But now I turn the leaf in my subject, and I plant the white lilies and the palm tree amid the nightshades and the myrtle. This age no more characterized by wonders of disaster than by wonders of blessing—blessing of longevity, the average of human life rapidly increasing. Forty years now worth 400 years once.

Now I can travel from Manitoba to New York in less than three days. In other times it would have taken three months. In other words, three days now are worth three months of other days. The average of human life practically greater now than when Noah lived, with his 950 years, and Methuselah lived his 969 years.

Blessings of intelligence. The Salmon P. Chases and the Abraham Lincolns and the Henry Wilsons of the coming time will not be required to learn to read by pine knot lights or seated on shoemaker's bench, nor will the Fergusons have to study astronomy while watching the cattle. Knowledge rolls its tides along every poor man's door, and his children may go down and bathe in them.

If the philosophers of a hundred years ago were called up to recite in a class with our boys and girls, those old philosophers would be sent down to the foot of the class because they failed to answer the questions!

Free libraries in all the important towns and cities of the land. Historical alcoves and poetical shelves and magazine tables for all who desire to walk through them or sit down at them.

So I rejoice day by day. Work for all to do, and we may turn the crank of the Christian machinery this way or that, for we are free agents. But there is the track laid so long ago no one remembers it—laid by the hand of the Almighty God in sockets that no terrestrial or satanic pressure can ever affect.

And along the track the car of the world's redemption will roll and roll to the Grand Central depot of the millennium. I have no anxiety about the track. I am only afraid that for our indolence and unfaithfulness God will discharge us and get some other stoker and some other engineer. The train is going through with us or without us.

There is a house in London where Peter the Great of Russia lived awhile when he was moving through the land incognito and in workman's dress, that he might learn ship carpentry, by which he could supply the needs of his people. A stranger was visiting at that house, "What's in that box?" The owner said: "I don't know. That box was there when I got the house, and it was there when my father got it. We havn't had any curiosity to look at it. I guess there's nothing in it." "Well," said the stranger, "I'll give you £2 for it." "Well, done." The £2 was paid, and the contents of that box were sold to the Czar of Russia for $50,000. In it the lathing machine of Peter the Great, his private letters and documents of value beyond all monetary consideration. And here are the events that seem very insignificant and unimportant, but they increase treasures of Divine Providence and eternities of meaning which after awhile God will demonstrate before the ages as being of stupendous value.

When Titans play quoits they pitch mountains, but who owns these gigantic natural forces we are constantly reading about? Whose hand is on the throttle valve of the volcanoes? Whose foot, suddenly planted on the footstool, makes the continents quiver? God! I must be at peace with Him.

Through the Lord Jesus Christ this God is mine and He is yours. I put the earthquake that shook Palestine at the crucifixion against all the down rockings of the centuries. This God on our side, we may challenge all the centuries of time and all the cycles of eternity.

Those of you who are in midlife may well thank God that you have seen so many wondrous things, but there are people alive to-day who may live to see the shimmering veil between the material and the spiritual world lifted.

Magnetism, a word with which we cover up our ignorance, will yet be an explored realm. Electricity, the fiery courser of the sky, that Benjamin Franklin lassoed and Morse and Bell and Edison have brought under complete control, has greater wonders to reveal.

Whether here or departed this life, we will see these things. It does not make much difference where we stand, but the higher the standpoint the larger the prospect. We will see them from heaven if we do not see them from earth.

Years ago I was at Fire Island, Long Island, and I went up in the cupola from which they telegraph to New York the approach of vessels hours before they come into port. There is an opening in the wall, and the operator puts his telescope through that opening and looks out and sees vessels far out at sea. While I was talking with him he went up and looked out. He said, "We are expecting the Arizona to-night." I said: "Is it possible you know all those vessels? Do you know them as you know a man's face?" He said: "Yes, I never make a mistake. Before I see the hulls I often know them by the masts. I know them all—I have watched them so long."

Oh, what a grand thing it is to have ships telegraphed and hailed long before they come to port, that friends may come down to the wharf and welcome their long absent ones! So to-day we take our stand in the watch tower, and through the glass of inspiration we look off and see a whole fleet of ships coming in. That is the ship of peace, flag with one star of Bethlehem floating above the topgallants. That is the ship of the church, mark of salt water high upon the smokestack, showing she has had rough weather, but the Captain of Salvation commands her, and all is well with her. The ship of heaven, mightiest craft ever launched, millions of passengers waiting for millions more, prophets and apostles and martyrs in the cabin, conquerors at the foot of the mast, while from the rigging hands are waving this way as if they knew us, and we wave back again, for they are ours. They went out from our own households. Ours! Hail, hail! Put off the black and put on the white. Stop tolling the funeral bell and ring the wedding anthem. Shut up the hearse and take the chariot.

Now the ship comes around the great headland. Soon she will strike the wharf and we will go aboard her. Tears for ships going out. Laughter for ships coming in. Now she touches the wharf. Throw out the planks. Rush not up that gangway with embracing long lost friends, for you will have eternity of reunion. Stand back and give way until other millions come aboard her. Farewell to sin! Farewell to struggle! Farewell to sickness! Farewell to death! "Blessed are all who enter in through the gates into the city."

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THE BANNER.

Printed and Published Every Thursday at Clanton, Chilton County, Ala.

Entered at the postoffice at Clanton, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain,
Here patriot truth her glorious precepts draw,
Pledged to religion, liberty and law."

Subscription, yearly . . . $1.00
Invariably in Advance.

Address all communications to
THE BANNER,
Clanton, Ala.

FOR SALE, a 9 col. Washington (Hoe) Hand Press, will print four pages of a 6 col. quarto. The press this paper is printed on. In good condition. We are putting in a power press.

THE BANNER, Clanton, Ala.

TO ONE MAN ONLY.

EVERYBODY ELSE PLEASE SKIP THIS PIECE.

Dear Sir:—When, two or three weeks ago, we told you we were about to buy a new press for THE BANNER, and respectfully requested you to pay the small amount you are due us, as we greatly needed the money, we are afraid you must have overlooked it, or we would surely have heard from you. Or perhaps you thought it was the other fellow we were addressing. But it was you we were talking to, and as this is for your eye only, and not intended for anyone else, we have put a blue cross-mark opposite this paragraph so that you will understand that you are the one man out of all our large crowd we are waiting to hear from. We won't put the blue cross-mark on the outside of the paper where your postmaster and neighbors can see it, but inside where only yourself can see it.

We have the new press looked out and are only waiting for you to pay up so that we can get the press here.

Please let us hear from you at once and much oblige,

Yours very respectfully,
THE BANNER.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS to all.

"PEACE on earth, good will to men." Bury the political hatchet, and all other differences, and so fulfill the divine command.

WITH reference to Mr. Bice's letter, which will be found in our correspondence columns, and the municipal elections to be held next month at Clanton and Thorsby, the following section of the new constitution clears the matter up, and practically the elections will be held the same as in former years.

Section 184 of the new Constitution says: No person, not registered and qualified as an elector under the provisions of this article, shall vote at the general election in nineteen hundred and two, or at any subsequent State, county, or municipal election, general, local or special: but the provisions of this article shall not apply to any election held prior to the general election in the year nineteen hundred and two.

We are in receipt of a letter from John Smith, of Lewisville, Denton county, Texas, who wishes to hear from Alex Glasscock and others.

BLIZZARD weather this week. The coldest December weather on record in the South.

A party of about twenty per sons, moving from Coosa to Tuskaloosa county, were in town Wednesday night. The party comprised Mr. Lem Dobbs, children and grandchildren.

A most marvellous acheivement was the recent communication by wireless telegraph between the two sister ships Lucania and Campania, in mid-ocean, eastward and westward bound. The distance between them was 150 miles, and the communication was kept up for three hours, the passengers exchanging the news of two continents.

HAPPILY MARRIED.

"Happy is the bride that the sun shines on," and the sun was brightly shining on Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock, when a large number of friends assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Moore to witness the nuptials of Mr. Walter L. Kemp and Miss Alabama Moore. Judge Adams performed the solemn ceremony that made them one, and the happy couple left on the southbound mail for their future home at Waugh where we wish them a long and prosperous career.

Mr. Kemp makes friends wherever he goes by his steady and upright conduct, and Miss Bamma has endeared herself to all who know her. They are a well matched couple, bound to succeed in life. God bless them.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association.

Clanton, Dec. 14, 1901

The Board of Directors of the Chilton County Branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Association of Alabama, held a special meeting to-day at the Treasurer's office. Beats 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 9 were present in person or by proxy. The Board nominated and unanimously elected A. G. Dake County President, in place of N. J. Calloway. There being no further business, the Board then adjourned.

P. D. WILSON, Sec. & Treas.,
Chilton County Branch.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Howard college, Dec. 16, 1901

EDITOR BANNER: Knowing the great advantages offered by Howard college, I desire to mention a few of them to the people of chilton county through the BANNER. Howard college undertakes to provide instruction as broad and thorough as can be had in any secular institution, and in addition to surround the students with influence most conducive to the development of character. Its tests of scholarship are rigid and the standard of graduation is unusually high, while the physical, social and religious welfare of its students is regarded as no less important. It is not necessary to say anything about the location. The fact that it is in the healthy county of Jefferson and so near the thriving city of Birmingham as to feel the throb of industry is sufficient proof of its excellent location.

The faculty is a very able body of men. Each a specialist in his department, they rule the students by love, and are always ready to give help and advice to any student.

Each student is required to take enough Physical exercise to keep him in perfect health. The cadet corps is required to drill three times a week, and gymnasium work is done twice a week. The leading games among the boys are basket ball, baseball and tennis.

The students maintain a strong Y. M. C. A., which adds much to the moral and religious influence among the boys. They keep a reading room well filled with the very best magazines and papers that can be secured. This room is open to all the student body. The Ministerial class does much work among the students in trying to lead them to nobler views of life and to bring the unconverted to their Savior. Every boy is required to attend the church of his choice. The pastors of the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian churches feel a great interest in the students and give them a welcome among their congregation. The pastors often visit the college and speak words of wisdom and advice to the students.

The only thing necessary for the people of East Lake to know is that you are a "Howard boy," then their doors are opened, and you are welcome as their guest.

Howard has for its aim to make men and not money. Any young man anticipating entering college would make a wise choice in coming here. We will welcome you, not with "shazing," but with a hearty hand shake as a brother.

J. O. COLLEY.

Saved At Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbash, Stomach and Bowel Dispepsia. But this excellent medicide did me a world of good. Since ueing it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 lbs." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge Verbena.

Program of Fifth Sunday Meeting

To be held with Pilgrims Rest Baptist church, in West District of Unity Association, Dec. 27, 28, and 29, 1901.

FRIDAY, 11 a.m. Introductory sermon, P. G. Mason.

12. Dinner.

1:30 p.m. Prayer service, E. Pool.

2. The influence of religious literature in the home, Rev. W. M. Walker.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Prayer service, J. D. Deason.

9:30 the importance of the district meetings, Rev. W. J. Reddick.

10:15. Co-operation in the churches, Rev. F. Maroney.

11. Sermon, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

12 m. Dinner.

1:30 p.m. Prayer service, W. F. Johnson.

2. How can we best promote spiritual growth in our churches? Rev. W. H. Connel.

3. The Bible plan of missions, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

SUNDAY, 9 a.m. Prayer service, A. C. Pool.

9:30. Sunday school mass meeting, J. S. Pool.

Sermon at eleven o'clock and preaching at night if the weather will permit.

We ask all the churches to send a delegation and let us revive the interest in the district meetings.

I don't think we could spend Christmas in a better way than to come together and discuss those questions that pertain to the upbuilding of the Master's cause.

T. J. DEASON, Pastor.

The United States Senate, by unanimous vote, has confirmed the President's nomination of Thos. G. Jones to be the Judge of the Middle and Northern Districts of Alabama. While this is nothing more than was expected, still it is gratifying to his friends to know that the universal approval of his selection had its effect on those who were the final arbiters in the case. His fitness for the high position is well recognized by lawyers, not only in Alabama, but throughout the country, for he has a well established reputation for thorough knowledge of the law. As he is a fair-minded man, the scales of justice will be evenly held, and no wrong be done either to individual or government, so far as it is in his power to prevent. It is a matter of congratulation to have such a man on the Federal bench in Alabama.—Advertiser.

If your boy gets barned when he shoots his Christmas cracker, use the "old reliable," Dr Tibbenor's Antiseptic. It is clean and pleasant, cooling and soothing to the burn, relieves suffering and heals almost like magic. Only 50c a bottle, by druggists

That Cough Hangs On

You have used all sorts of cough remedies but it does not yield; it is too deep seated. It may wear itself out in time, but it is more liable to produce la grippe, pneumonia or a serious throat affection. You need something that will give you strength and build up the body.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will do this when everything else fails. There is no doubt about it. It nourishes, strengthens, builds up and makes the body strong and healthy, not only to throw off this hard cough, but to fortify the system against further attacks. If you are run down or emaciated you should certainly take this nourishing food medicine.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR. "Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, lend gases inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucuous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNIFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNIFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNIFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNIFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 935 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22165.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 30th, 1901, viz: James K. Burnett, Homestead entry, No. 31072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n ½ of se 1-4 of Sec. 6, Tp. 23 n of r 13 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Kibon, R. Vandelslice, J. J. Wright, H. M. Willis, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARNES, Register

Add water and sugar to Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and subtract the colic from your Baby. Very pleasant, perfectly harmless and absolutely reliable. Cost 50c.

Fortify yourself against the casualties consequent upon "Merry Christmas." Equal to an insurance policy is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic against gun-shot wounds, powder burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., and costs only 50c. at drug stores.

Mexican Mustang Liniment will readily overcome Loss of Hair, Diseased Hoofs and Scratches in horses, mules and cattle. Put once to try it.

A toad under a harrow

suffers no more than the faithful horse that is tortured with Spavins, Swinney, Harness Sores, Sprains, etc. Most horse owners know this and apply the kind of sympathy that heals, known far and wide as

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Never fails—not even in the most aggravated cases. Cures caked udder in cows quicker than any known remedy. Hardly a disease peculiar to muscle, skin or joints that cannot be cured by it.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is the best remedy on the market for Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. It keeps horses and mules in condition.

Corner Store

Second Avenue and Seventh Street,

Has the Best Goods

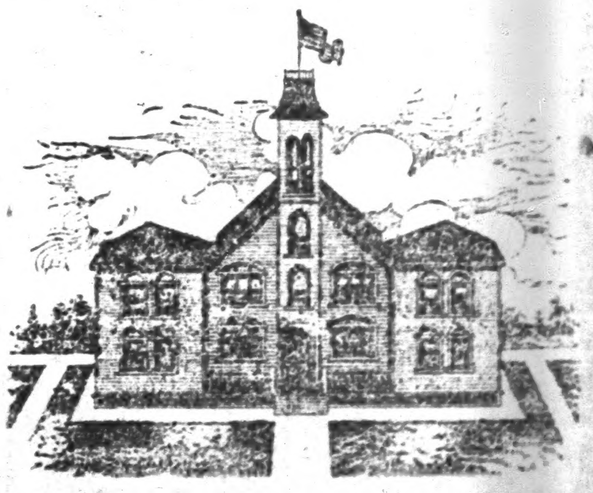
At a Lower Price

Than any in Town

A Warm Welcome to All.

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON



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A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF TEN SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than one thousand volumes.

BOARD $6.50 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $12.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lend a hand in helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address
RASCO & CARMICHAEL, THORSBY, ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

[illegible] County Court convenes [illegible] Monday in February, first Monday in April, third Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MARKET

Price to-day 7¾ @ 7⅞ cts.
Same date last year [illegible]

Pinckard & Co	3219 [illegible]
Mullins	2184 [illegible]
Wilson	[illegible]
Downs	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK! Good hard brick at $[illegible] per M. Soft brick at $[illegible] per M.
F. R. Woodward, Canton.

Rev. A. T. Cake of Shelby gave us a pleasant call Tuesday.

Mrs. Gamma Anderson has returned home from a delightful visit to friends in Birmingham.

Mr. P. D. Wilson went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. J. A. Mitchell of Verbena was in town Tuesday.

Miss Mamie Latham gave a delightful anagram party last Friday eve, at the home of her parents, complimentary to her charming guest and school mate, Miss Gertrude Woolley, of Birmingham. Flowers was the subject, and Mrs. Renfroe Mullins was awarded the prize, while Dr. E. A. Matthews was awarded the Booby prize for the least number guessed. Mrs. Dr. Martin and Miss Jessie Allen gracefully presided over the piano, while Miss Woolley delighted her hearers by vocal selections. Refreshments were served. Miss Latham was gracious and cordial in her role as hostess and made the occasion one of great pleasure and I felt honored to have been an invited guest. The following were present; Misses Leila Adams, Bettie Mullins, Clyde Campbell, Jessie Allen, Emma Mullins, Gertrude Woolley, Messrs. Harvey Chandler, Prof. Dickinson, Cris Jones, Watts Moore, E. H. Deason, Dr. O. M. Wisehart, Dr. and Mrs. Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. Renfroe Mullins, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Martin. The stags were Rush Vines, P. D. Wilson, Martin Nix, and Sam'l Latham.

Miss Brunette Wiggington of Birmingham is visiting the family of Mr. P. M. Moore.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Rev. D. F. Ellisor has been assigned to the Elba circuit. Bro. Ellisor has made many friends during his sojourn among us, who regret he is about to leave us, and wish him God-speed in his new appointment.

Rev. J. S. F. Stevens, of Goldson, has been appointed to the Methodist church here and we bid him a hearty welcome.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 60 to 90 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185½ 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. W. H. Martin and Miss Betty Glass; Mr. J. M. Beasley and Miss Lauretta Robinson; Mr. J. H. Easterling and Miss Laura E. Parrish; Mr. Sam Dawson and Miss Martha Pate; Mr. John G. Copeland and Miss Mary E. Moody; Mr. J. A. Tracey and Miss Martha Littleton; Mr. A. B. Comey and Miss Mary J. Hubbard; Mr. Onie Moreland and Miss Zula Burk; Mr. W. L. Kemp and Miss Alabama Moore.

Colored. Andrew Shelton and Lillie Broady; Wm. Judge and Bettie S. Zeigler; Frank Shelton and Wilder Bradford.

...thly overcome Loss of Hair, ...and Herds and Scratches in horses and cattle. For more try it.

...Chilton County Horse Show, Harness ...know this ...by that hens, known

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...iment."
...ost aggravated cases. ...ker than any known ...ular to muscle, skin ...y it.

...t remedy on the market for ...alls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. ...Horses put in condition.

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...Seventh Street,

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...Price

...ny in Town

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...CLANTON

...AL SCHOOL
...NORMALISM, OF TEN ...MENTS.
...AND NON-SECTARIAN.
...e court investigation, and ...e, examine into the merits

...he State. The Main Build- ...iteen rooms. The Ladies' ...ructure well suited to the ...ry consists of more than one

...R MONTH.
...PER MONTH
...nd a hand in helping other ...ating the youth to a higher

...address
...CHASL, THORSBY, ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

Commissioners' Court meets second Monday in February, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, second Monday in July, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

Price to-day 7¾ @ 7⅞ cts.
Same date last year 9 cts.

SALES RECEIVED TO DATE:	1901	1900
Pinckard & Co.....	3219	2104
Mullins.....	2484	1743
Wilson.....	778	328
Downs.....	235	345
Total.....	6716	4520

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK! Good hard brick at $6 per 1000, Soft brick at $5 per 1000
F. R. WOODWARD, Clanton.

Rev. A. T. Clarke of Shelby gave us a pleasant call Tuesday.

Mrs. Gamma Anderson has returned home from a delightful visit to friends in Birmingham.

Mr. P. D. Wilson went to Birmingham Tuesday.

Mr. J. A. Mitchell of Verbena was in town Tuesday.

Miss Mamie Latham gave a delightful anagram party last Friday eve, at the home of her parents, complimentary to her charming guest and school mate, Miss S. Gertrude Woolley, of Birmingham. Flowers was the subject, and Mrs. Renfroe Mullins was awarded first prize, while Dr. E. A. Matthews was awarded the Booby prize for the least number guessed. Mrs. Dr. Martin and Miss Jessie Allen gracefully presided over the piano, while Miss Woolley delighted her hearers by vocal selections. Refreshments were served. Miss Latham was gracious and cordial in her role as hostess and made the occasion one of great pleasure and I felt honored to have been an invited guest. The following were present; Misses Leila Adams, Bettie Mullins, Clyde Campbell, Jessie Allen, Emma Mullins, Gertrude Woolley, Messrs. Harvey Chandler, Prof. Dickinson, Crit Jones, Watts Moore, E. B. Deason, Dr. O. M. Wisehart, Dr. and Mrs. Matthews, Mr. and Mrs. Renfroe Mullins, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Martin. The stags were Rush Vines, P. D. Wilson, Martin Nix, and Sam'l Latham.

Miss Brunette Wigginton of Birmingham is visiting the family of Mr. P. M. Moore.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Rev. D. F. Ellisor has been assigned to the Elba circuit. Bro. Ellisor has made many friends during his sojourn among us, who regret he is about to leave us, and wish him God-speed in his new appointment.

Rev. J. S. F. Stevens, of Gordon, has been appointed to the Methodist church here and we bid him a hearty welcome.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's adv. in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, and will spend a week here every 60 to 90 days. Thanking the people of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in the future. Will pay fare one way for those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental work done. 1185 21st st., between 1st and 2d aves, Birmingham

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt Books, on sale at The Banner office

We are in the market buying Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Marriage licenses have been issued this week by the Probate Judge to the following persons.

Mr. W. H. Martin and Miss Betty Glass; Mr. J. M. Beasley and Miss Laurretta Robinson; Mr. J. H. Easterling and Miss Laura E. Parrish; Mr. Sam Dawson and Miss Martha Pate; Mr. John G. Copeland and Miss Mary E. Moody; Mr. J. A. Tracey and Miss Martha Littleton; Mr. A. B. Causey and Miss Mary J. Hubbard; Mr. Onie Moreland and Miss Zula Burt; Mr. W. L. Kemp and Miss Alabama Moore.

Colored, Andrew Shelton and Lillie Broady; Wm. Judge and Bettie S. Zeigler; Frank Shelton and Wilder Bradford.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Christmas and New Year Gifts

You cannot do better than make your selections from the large stock of

N. TOURO, Clanton

For $3.20 Sent to me by express, P.O. Order or N.Y. exchange, we will send you by express, CHARGES PREPAID, **4 Full Quarts**
OF THE CELEBRATED 7-YEAR-OLD
Calhoun Pure Rye Whiskey

We ship in **Plain Packages**, no marks to indicate contents, which will avoid all comment. When you get it and test it, if it is not satisfactory, return it **at our expense** and your $3.20 will be cheerfully refunded. This whiskey is as good as any $5.00 goods in the market. We are close at hand and can give you **quicker delivery** than distant houses. We have been doing business in this city and at the same stand for 20 years, and as to our **responsibility and reputation** for honest dealing we refer you to any bank or merchant here or to the editor of this paper.

SOLOMON & LEVI,
1928-1930 First Ave., P. O. Box 33, Birmingham, Ala.

NOTICE—We pay express charges to all points reached by the "Southern Express Company," but in points on lines of other express companies we prepay only to points where Southern Express Company transfers to said other company. We cannot ship C.O.D. Price list for other goods on application. When writing please mention this paper.

C. R. MULLINS

REPRESENTS THE MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., AND SEVERAL LEADING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

AND WILL INSURE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES

My new stock of High Arm Singer Machines are now in, cheaper than ever before. Old machines taken in exchange. Needles, Oil, Bands, Cans and Attachments.

Regular office days, Saturday and Monday.

C. R. MULLINS, Agent, Singer Office, Clanton.

ARE YOU DEAF? **ANY HEAD NOISES?**

ALL CASES OF
DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE
by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.
HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.
F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,

F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. **YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME** at a nominal cost.

INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

FINEST OIL MADE
FOR SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS OR BICYCLES.

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFACTORY. FOR SALE BY
L. D. POPWELL, CLANTON.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in spite of themselves.

No Nerves Destroyed, No Weakening of the Nerves. A Pleasant and Positive Cure for the Liquor Habit.

It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 935, ED. WIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

All correspondence strictly confidential.

THE
VITAE ORE
PREPARATIONS.

All Agents desiring a supply of Vitæ-Ore will find it at the Campbelle Drug Co., Clanton, at usual agents' prices.

N. A. LOGAN, General Agent

AGENTS WANTED

Oh there!

Come on with your money, cotton, Hides or Tallow, Shingles, Wool, Piles or Ties and let me trade you some of my surplus stock of goods.

I have bought too much, you have bought too little. Let's exchange and make each other happy.

T. U. CRUMPTON,
Proprietor "KRUMP'S KORNER"
MAPLESVILLE, ALA.

GOOD NEWS for the People of Maplesville, Riderville and surrounding country.

We beg to call your attention to our stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, which is now complete in both stores, and everybody is invited to call and examine our goods and prices, which will astonish you. We will give you a few of our prices which will convince you that we are leaders of low prices and first-class goods, and will take great pleasure in showing you bargains. Here they are:

Calicoes at 4 cents per yard. Outings from 3½ cents up.
Yard wide Sheeting 5 cents.
We have the Anvil brand Shoes—Guaranteed to give satisfaction—Men's and Ladies' Shoes from 90 cents up.
We give you a good heavy Underseirt for 19 centr.
We are again selling 10 balls of Thread for 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

Yours, for bargains, at the Jew stores at Maplesville and Riderville,
J. DAMSKY & BRO.

J. W. FRANZEN
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, DRY GOODS, SHOES, HATS AND EVERY THING KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.
COFFINS AND CASKETS AND FUNERAL SUPPLIES
THORSBY.

A. L. Wambem
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
HOUSE MOVING A SPECIALTY
—DEALER IN—
ALL BUILDING MATERIALS—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, ETC.
OFFICE ON JONES ST. OPPOSITE DEPOT
THORSBY.

—CALL AT THE—
CASH STORE
FOR BARGAINS,
THORSBY, ALA.

OUR CASH PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

15 lbs. Granulated Sugar....	$1.00	12 bushel sack Meal.....	1.20
1 bbl Red Seal Patent Flour..	4.50	1 gal water white 150 fire test oil	18
½ bbl " " " " ..	2.25	1 lb Ham.....	15
24 lb sack " " " ..	64	Whole Ham, per pound.....	13
1 bbl Straight Family Flour..	3.50	Bacon and Buck.....	10-12
14-lb sk Family Flour.....	50	8 lb Lard.....	10
100 lbs Bran.....	1.10	50 lbs Lard.....	4.50

We are handling Minneapolis Flour. Soda Crackers and Sweet Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Cheese, Lemons, Irish Potatoes always in stock. Also best Dried Fruits in the market. Also handle Roller Champion and I. E. M. Flour.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware and the very best Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Fresh Fish and Oysters every Saturday.
We take Eggs, Butter, Corn, Meal, Fruit and Chickens at the highest market price in exchange for goods.
Yours to please,
A. M. JOHNSON, Manager.

... WILL OBJECT

SEVERE STORM THROUGHOUT GREAT BRITAIN.

MADAME NORDICA WANTS $3,000,000

Throw_h Bridge—Chili and Argentine—Mrs. Bonine Acquitted—Raisins Cornered—Son-in-law Shot First—Marriage in High Life—Kites.

VENEZUELA DON'T LIKE IT.

"The United States government will not oppose any steps which Germany may take to enforce her rights in Venezuela, with the exception of preventing the annexation of Venezuelan territory." This announcement is not well received by Venezuela. She infers that Uncle Sam considers her part of his preserves. In the meantime Germany will probably take steps to collect that little account of $2,000,000 which German citizens claim.

STORM SWEPT ENGLAND.

A severe storm Friday caused a telegraphic break-down throughout the United Kingdom unequalled since 1881. Many provincial towns were so snowbound that courts were closed, owing to the litigants residing in the country being unable to reach the towns. A large Austrian steamer, the Noreate, which had left the yards of her builders at Londonderry, was driven on the rocks off Warren Point.

NORDICA'S SUIT.

E. W. Dowd, real estate dealer, Ottowa, Kas., asserts that if Madame Nordica, the singer, wins her suit against the government for a sum said to be between three and four millions, he will come in for a share of the money. Madame Nordica's claim is for money paid the United States by the French government for the destruction of a ship that belonged to Ichabod Norton, an ancestor. The money, it is said, was never paid over to the Norton heirs.

KILLED HIS FATHER-IN-LAW.

John Pilley, 50 years old, was killed by Willis Ray, his son-in-law near Decatur, Ill., Thursday night. Pilley got a shot-gun and started to kill Ray, but the latter was too quick for him, got a revolver and killed Pilley. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

BRIDGE GAVE WAY.

A special from Troy, O., December 14th, says: The Big Four bridge at this place went down this morning. One man was killed and several injured.

DR. ROBERT CURRY, founder of Curry University, of Pittsburg, and well known in educational circles throughout the country, died at his home in Allegheny aged 80 years

MAY BE WAR.

Chili has called out her 50,000 reserves to protect the mountain passes. Argentine has ordered hers out also. Brazil and the United States have offered mediation.

NOT GUILTY.

Mrs. Ida Bonine, accused of the murder of young Ayers, in Washington, has been acquitted.

CHILI-COLOMBIA TREATY.

A dispatch from Colon, Columbia, says: General Foliaco, a Colombian government officer, says that according to the latest news he has received the Chilian government and Colombia have signed a treaty of alliance.

TELEPHONE'S GROWTH.

The Electrical Review gives data on the telephone business in the United States, showing that, including all companies, there are 4,311 exchanges in operation, with 2,278,717 telephones in use. The total capital invested is nearly $500,000,000. One company employes 33,000 persons and handles a total of two billions calls per year. The manufacturing side is estimated to produce a total of 3,000 telephones per day. This annual output of instruments, with their accessory, being valued at between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000.

KITES are being used to enlarge the range of wireless telegraphy.

DR. A. R. ABBOTT, mayor of Muskogee, and Dr. Earle, of Eufaula, have been ejected from the Indian Territory because they persistently refused to comply with the law and appear before the medical board for examination to determine their fitness to practice.

KITES KATCH THE KLICK.

Signor Marconi from St. Johns, N. F., informs our correspondent that he has received wireless messages from a station in Cornwall, England, solving the problem of signalling across the Atlantic ocean without wires. Signor Marconi elevated a kite with an aerial wire by means of which signals are sent or received. He remained at the recorder attached to the receiving apparatus and to his satisfaction signals were received at intervals according to the programme arranged previously with the operator at Pold House. This signal was repeated so frequently and so in accordance with the detailed plan arranged to provide safeguards against possibility of mistake that Marconi was satisfied that it was genuine transmission. Signor Marconi emphasizes the fact that the system is yet only in an embryonic stage and that the possibility of its ultimate development is demonstrated by the success of the present experiments with incomplete and imperfect apparatus, as the signals can only be received by the most sensatively adjusted apparatus. Signor Marconi will for the present disregard the matter of communicating with trans-Atlantic steamers. He announces that he will remain in England until after the coronation of King Edward and that he hopes to send the news of that event across the Atlantic by the wireless method, so as to prove the capability of the system for such purposes. He probably will in the meantime equip all the vessels of the leading lines of steamers with his apparatus.

$500,000 FIRE.

Saturday night fire broke out in the Salem, W. Va., Express office, a weekly newspaper of the town, which caused a loss of $500,000 and destroyed the whole business section. Sixty-five business houses and fourteen residences were burned. Many people lived over the business houses and it is reliably estimated that at least 250 people are homeless.

APARTMENT BUILDING BURNED

The Olinger Flats in Chicago, were burned at an early hour Sunday morning. The sixty tenants, most of whom were asleep, were aroused by the dense smoke and many narrow escapes from death were spectacular and exciting. All chance of escape by the main stairway was cut off by the flames and many persons were kept by force from caping from the upper windows. Women in their night clothes and with bare feet climbed out on the fire escapes and decended to the street and were given refuge in neighboring residences and stores. Many daring escapes and rescues were made by the firemen. Loss $50,000. An overheated furnace caused the fire.

GEO. SEALY, one of Galveston's bond commissioners, died suddenly on board a railroad train while en route to the conference at New York.

BECK PAYS FOR HIS PASSAGE.

Johann Beck, the man who shipped himself in a box on the Hamburg-American steamer Palatia which arrived on December 2nd, has applied to United States Commissioner Shields for his first citizenship papers. Beck said he was 30 years of age and was born in Austria. Beck is now employed in a hotel as a painter. He is meeting a bill for $70 presented by the steam-ship company.

DISREGARDED ORDERS.

Failure on the part of a conductor to obey orders is supposed to have been the cause of a head-end collision on the Illinois Central between Irene and Perryville, Ill., early Sunday morning, which resulted in six dead, two missing and eleven hurt. The trains met in a short bend in the track, both running at full speed. The smoking, express and baggage cars were piled on the locomotives, penning in the occupants of the smoker, which took fire. Only three of the half dozen in that car escaped. The others, if not instantly killed were roasted to death and their bodies along with those of the engine crews were consumed. The general superintendent of transportation places the blame on the conductor and engineer of the fast freight train. They are said to have disobeyed orders.

GREAT NORTHERN WRECK.

A wreck occurred on the Great Northern Railroad near Essex, Mont., in the Rocky Mountains, early Sunday. Some cars were overturned and all were more or less wrecked. The accident was due to rails spreading. Otto Erickson was killed and twenty-one others were injured.

P. C. KNOX IS CONFIRMED

IN THE FACE OF THE OPPOSITION AGAINST HIM.

GEN. BELL IS BUSY IN THE PHILIPPINES

Kearsarge Goes to Cuba—Vaughan Sees the President—Carnegie's Steel Company Bonds not Acceptable—Hobson to Marry—Hay Selected.

The navy department has been informed of the departure from Hampton Roads of the battleship Kearsarge, bound for Havana, where she will meet the Alabama and Massachusetts.

District Attorney Vaughan has had an interview with the president on his fight for reappointment. No final decision was reached, but Mr. Vaughan appears confident that he will continue to be district attorney for the Northern judicial district.

Additional papers have been filed with the senate judiciary committee by persons who are protesting against the confirmation of Attorney-General Knox. The papers for the most part are complaints because there has been no prosecution of the "trusts" by the department of justice.

Just before adjournment Monday night the senate confirmed the nomination of Hon. Philander C. Knox to be attorney general of the United States. Senator Jones of Arkansas had moved to recommend the nomination to the committee on judiciary, in the meantime publishing the testimony bearing upon the case. Speeches in favor of this proposition were made by Senators Jones and Turner, and in opposition by Senators Hoar and Pettus.

It is to be definitely decided that President Roosevelt will not accept the offer of Mr. Carnegie of $10,000,000 of Bonds of the United States Steel Corporation for the purpose of founding an institution for higher education in Washington. Prominent senators are unanimous against the acceptance of the offer in its present shape. The provision attached to the offer that the government shall hold the bonds for a number of years is considered especially objectionable. The president is hopeful that an adjustment can be made by which Mr. Carnegie will convert the bonds which he tendered into cash or United States bonds and that the gift can be accepted in that shape.

General Franklin Bell has been exceedingly active in Bantangas province, P. I., where he intends by every means available to stamp out the insurrection. There are daily small fights between the insurgents and the men of General Bell's command, in which the former are almost invariably routed. Lieutenant Hennessy of the Eighth infantry together with one American scout and six Fillipinos, captured an insurgent major with 42 men, twenty-two rifles and 880 rounds of ammunition, without the loss of a man. A number of captured documents and papers, now in the hands of General Bell implicate in the insurrection the presidente and other prominent natives of Lian, Bantangas province. General Bell has notified the natives in Bantangas that on December 28th he proposes to concentrate them in the neighborhood of the towns.

Representative Bankhead has filed with the president the application and endorsements of T. B. Morton, candidate for the Alabama collectorship.

Capt. Richmond P. Hobson, of Merrimac fame, will in February, 1902, marry Miss Eleanor Ludlow, of Springfield, O., a niece of former Govenor Bushnell.

Thomas H. Clark, of Alabama, law librarian of the House of Representatives, has been elected president of the Library Association of the District of Columbia, which is composed of all the libraries of Washington, including the congressional library.

By recent probate decision President Roosevelt will inherit between $100,000 and $150,000.

Secretary Hay has accepted the invitation of the two houses of congress to deliver an address in honor of the late President McKinley.

The United States training ship Alliance has arrived from a foreign cruise. The 500 apprentices on board are reported well.

Congress is talking about building an office building for the president to be known as the executive building.

The customs receipts in Cuba for the ten months ending October 31, 1901, were $13,039,336, as compared with $13,228,861 for the same period of 1900, and $12,120,991 for 1899.

GRAND JURY INDICTS.

Helen Wilmans-Post Must Answer in Court to Charge of Practicing Fraud.

The grand jury in the United States court at Jacksonville, Fla., has returned a true bill against Helen Post, alias Helen Wilmans, of Sea Breeze. The indictment charges that the defendant violated section 5480 of the revised statutes by devising schemes and artifices to defraud persons under false and fradulent pretenses on her part, by representing that she possessed the power of mental science or mind cure to cure all forms of disease and weakness, for which she received money that was converted to her own use. The case promises to become celebrated, as the mental scientists at their recent national convention at Seabreeze voted to participate in the defense of the accused woman and her associates.

Mrs. Post was arrested in August last and has been under $5,000 bail. Her husband, Colonel C. C. Post, and her son in law, S. F. Burgman, were indicted in Macon, Ga., last month.

Mrs. Post's operations have been extensive and she is alleged to have made large sums of money by the practice of "mental science."

Her instructions to patients are very interesting. They read in part as follows:

"I wish you to go alone fifteen minutes each day and hold yourself receptive to my thought, as if you were quietly expecting something pleasant to come to you.

"Do not make any great effort to fix your thoughts on me, but trust me to draw your thoughts to me; I can do it for you better than you can do it for yourself. If your mind wanders do not try to force it back; leave it free. If you become drowsy, give way to the feeling; do not antagonize it. I will take care of your condition, whatever it is.

"The first requirement during the time you sit for treatment is that you relax yourself; take the nerve tension off your muscles and your mind, and let yourself down into an attitude of perfect ease and carelessness, as if you did not care how things went; did not even care whether you are sick or not. This attitude releases your thoughts from your disease, and gives my thoughts a chance to come in and cure you."

WALTHOUR WINS PRIZE.

Crossed Tape First in Great Six-Day Bicycle Race In Gotham.

A new York dispatch says: Bobby Walthour, of Atlanta, Ga., of the bicycle team of McEachern and Walthour, won the six-day race at the Madison Square Garden Saturday night. He crossed the tape two yards ahead of his nearest competitor.

The prizes the men contended for were seven in number, as follows: First prize, $1,500; second, $1,000; third, $750; fourth, $500; fifth, $350; sixth, $250, and seventh prize, $150. In addition the management agreed to pay the training expenses of the men remaining in the race during the six days.

DECLARED A FRAUD.

Grand Jury Returns Indictment Against "Cherry Tree" Company.

The United States district court at Charlotte, N. C., finally adjourned Saturday night after a five days' session. Among other indictments returned by the grand jury was one against the Amos Owen Cherry Tree Company, doing business at Henrietta, Rutherford county.

Under the indictment the defendants, when brought into court, will be tried for fraud and for improper use of the United States mail.

The grand jury discovered the fact that the cherry tree company has been operating very extensively and that many persons have been caught by the tempting offers held out by this scheme.

Schley Ready to Take Action.

A Baltimore dispatch says: Rear Admiral W. S. Schley has notified Attorney General Raynor that he is ready to take any action with reference to his case that Mr. Raynor may advise.

EXECUTION IS POSTPONED.

Convicted Papist Gets New Lease Of Life Through Governor.

Counsel for Bill Collier, the negro sentenced to die on the gallows in Dalton, Ga., last Friday for an assault on Mrs. McPherson, succeeded in getting a stay of execution by an amendment to the motion for new trial and Judge Fite granted a rule nisi and set the hearing for next week.

RAYNOR IS DUMBFOUNDED.

Schley's Attorney Amazed at Findings of Inquiry Court.

Attorney Isidor Raynor showed keen disappointment when the findings of the court of inquiry were communicated to him in Baltimore Friday night. He announced that he would go to Washington and counsel Admiral Schley to fight the case to a finish by every appeal that is possible. In an interview he said:

"I think the country will almost unanimously accept Admiral Dewey's judgment.

OUR INFLUENCE IN CHINA

The Part Taken by the United States in Establishing Peace.

Exerted a Salutary "Influence in the Cause of Moderation, Humanity and Justice."

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Hay has transmitted to Congress a report from W. W. Rockhill, Special Commissioner of the United States to China, in which the part played by the United States in the negotiations resulting in the establishment of peace between the Chinese Government and the Powers is set forth. The notable circular note addressed by Secretary Hay, on July 3, to all the powers concerned in the adjustment of the Chinese troubles was never departed from by the diplomatic officers through whom it was transmitted, Mr. Rockhill says, and he adds:

"Bearing these instructions in mind the task of the agents of our Government in Pekin was a comparatively easy one. Throughout the negotiations our object was to use the influence of our Government in the interest of justice and moderation and in a spirit of equal friendship to the Powers negotiating jointly with us and the China.

After an exposition of what was accomplished by the international envoys at Pekin, Mr. Rockhill gives a brief summary of the attitude of the United States. "While we maintained complete independence," he says, "we were able to act harmoniously in the concert of the Powers, the existence of which was so essential to a prompt and satisfactory settlement of the situation. We retained the friendship of all the negotiating Powers, exerted a salutary influence in the cause of moderation, humanity and justice, securing adequate reparation for wrongs done our citizens, guarantees for their future protection, and labored successfully in the interests of the whole world in the cause of equal and impartial trade with all parts of the Chinese Empire."

WANTS $180,000,000 FOR CANAL

Senator Morgan Introduces His Bill For the Project.

Washington, D. C.—Senator Morgan has introduced a bill providing $180,000,000 for the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, of which $5,000,000 is made immediately available, and of which aggregate sum such amounts as are necessary are to be appropriated by Congress from time to time.

The control of the canal and of the canal belt is vested in a board of eight citizens of the United States, in addition to the Secretary of War, who is to be President, each member of the board to be paid $8000 a year and to be chosen regardless of political affiliation.

There is a provision authorizing the establishment of a regiment from the regular army on the canal belt to guard it properly, and Courts also are authorized conformable to the powers granted by the Governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

WEALTHY WOMAN SENTENCED.

Convicted of Burning Her House to Defraud Insurance Companies.

Binghamton, N. Y.—Mrs. Mary Johnson, who, with I. H. Radford, of Buffalo, was indicted for burning the Davidge summer residence at Newark Valley, on the night of July 4, 1900, and who was convicted of the crime, was sentenced by Judge Mead in Owego, to serve fifteen years in Auburn.

Mrs. Johnson is a woman of considerable wealth and refinement, who has resided in Chicago and Buffalo. It is charged that she entered into a conspiracy with several business men to systematically defraud the fire insurance companies, and placed an insurance of $8500 on the Davidge residence, which she bought through Radford, and then burned it.

Her lawyers have secured a stay of sentence pending an effort to secure a certificate of reasonable doubt, and a a new trial.

CANNIBALISM IN PHILIPPINES.

Native Sentenced to Death Who Killed Companion and Ate Body.

Washington, D. C.—Cannibalism has appeared in the varied list of crimes charged against Filipinos by American military courts. According to the record of a court-martial convened in the Department of the Visayas, P. I., which has been received at the War Department, Raymundo Fonte, a native, found his working companion, Liberato Benliro, sleep in his (Fonte's) boat.

Fonte became enraged, killed the slumbering man with a blow of an oar, cut off his nose and ears, and, according to his own confession, cooked and ate part of the body. He was sentenced to be hanged in Capiz, Panay.

Shoe Trade Fairly Active.

The boot and shoe trade is still fairly active, but the busy buying season is drawing to a close, as most of the large jobbers have already placed orders for the bulk of their requirements for another season.

Filipinos Renew Their Attacks.

The Filipino natives are aroused by the recent closing of ports, and are renewing attacks on the American troops.

McKinley Day in Indiana.

Churches in Indiana will observe the third Sunday in January as McKinley Day.

Airships and under-water craft have done remarkable things in France in the first year of this century, but the vessels which have been careering about the clouds like comets and the boats which have been poking their noses beneath the waves have not yet achieved such triumphs that the surface of the earth and the level of the sea will speedily be abandoned for purposes of travel.

THE COOK INLET REGION.

Its Natural History Treated in a Recent Bulletin.

The "Natural History of the Cook Inlet Region," Alaska, forms the subject of one of the most recent bulletins of the Department of Agriculture.

Among other things it is stated that the region about Cook Inlet was at the beginning of the field season of 1900 the only general district of consequence on the Pacific coast of Alaska that had not been recently visited by naturalists.

Cook Inlet, it is stated, is the first important indentation of the Alaskan coast east of the Alaskan peninsula. It is a long narrow inlet bifurcated at its upper end into two large arms—Knik arm and Turnagain arm. The first of these, Knik arm, is about fifteen miles long and at its upper end receives the waters of a large stream, the Matanuska. The other, Turnagain arm, is thirty miles or more in length, and extends inland until within about five miles of the waters of Prince William Sound. West of Knik arm is the delta of the Sushitna River, the largest stream emptying into the inlet. South of Turnagain arm, and connected with the mainland only by the five miles of glacier between the head of the arm and Prince William Sound, is the Kenai peninsula. Numerous relatively small streams enter both sides of Turnagain arm and both sides of the main inlet as well, so that in addition to the great volume received from the Sushitna there is a large secondary supply of fresh water. Except in Turnagain arm, the country bordering Cook Inlet is low and comparatively level, though high mountains from ten to sixty miles inland can be seen on all sides. The small trading station and native village of Tyonek is situated on a low sandpit on a plain about twenty miles west of the mouth of the Sushitna. Hope City is situated at the mouth of Resurrection Creek, on each side of which rugged mountains rise to an altitude of 5000 feet or more

Moose, bear and mountain sheep are the principal big game, and although they have already been hunted to a considerable extent, it is probable that they are more abundant than in any equally accessible place in North America. Fur-bearing animals are well represented, but, as elsewhere in the north, have been much reduced in numbers. The smaller, less conspicuous mammals are such as are generally found throughout Northern Alaska.

Birds are not found in great numbers. Land birds, with the exception of grouse, which are fairly common, are not numerous in species or individuals. Water birds, particularly littoral or semi-pelagic forms, are noticeably uncommon, probably on account of the brackish water of the inlet and the comparative absence of marine invertebrates. Ducks and geese, however, and birds which feed in fresh water are locally quite abundant.

Spruce and hemlock timber ceases between 2000 and 3000 feet elevation, and the higher slopes are clothed only with matted masses of low shrubs or wide expanses of tall grass. In the gulches thickets of alders hold control and a few stunted individuals often straggle well up toward the snow line. The characteristic mammals on the mountains are the Dall mountain sheep (Ovis dalli), the hoary marmot (Arctomys caligatus), and the Alaska mountain vole (Microtus mizurus).

Durability of Timber.

Now that there is so much talk about the durability of Australian timbers, it might not be out of place to consider some other hard woods that are nearer to hand than the Karri and Jarrah forests of Westralia. There is in the British Museum a life-size wooden image of Rameses II.—the famous Sesostris—which seems to be in a perfect state of preservation. As this particular Rameses flourished over thirty-two centuries ago, we may fairly take it that this piece of timber from the Nile valley is at least 3000 years old, and it is practically certain that it has passed through many trying vicissitudes, such as being buried among ruins, submerged in Nile floods and the rest. Westralian wood enthusiasts who have recently been boasting that Jarrah can stand the wear and tear of fifty years or more had better ponder this. And our authorities in Egypt might do well to see if there are any forests available for cutting down by Dongola boat or through the Soudan.—London Circle.

He Routed the Bear.

An amusing story is told of Lablache, the celebrated bass singer, says Tit-Bits. One day as he was strolling leisurely through a French fair a cry was suddenly raised that a bear had escaped from the menagerie. The crowd fled in every direction—all save the singer, whose massive proportions precluded the idea of rapid motion. Amid the general commotion he amongst them all stood unmoved, calmly awaiting the advent of the ferocious beast, which sure enough came slouching rapidly toward him. When within a few feet it halted as though to gather itself together for a final rush, when Lablache stepped forward, and from the lowest depths of his immense chest sent forth such a thunderous roar that the terrified animal turned and fled.

Unsanitary Parisians.

No fewer than 4000 landlords have refused to provide a proper drainage system to their houses, in accordance with the new sanitary regulations. The Municipal Council has now to decide whether it shall undertake 4000 prosecutions, or do the work itself and sue the landlords to recover the cost afterward.

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A large st[illegible]ock

[illegible] replenished affords the constantly [illegible] opportunity to select purchaser a[illegible]ted.

[illegible] what is wa[illegible]ing and Dry Goods the [illegible]

In Clo[illegible]re always changing, and fashions a[illegible] best Groceries they must to get the [illegible] be fresh. [illegible]ck is large and new goods [illegible]ing in, that is why you always co[illegible]he best at. [illegible] can find t[illegible]

WI[illegible]SON & BRO.

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EVE[illegible]ve-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

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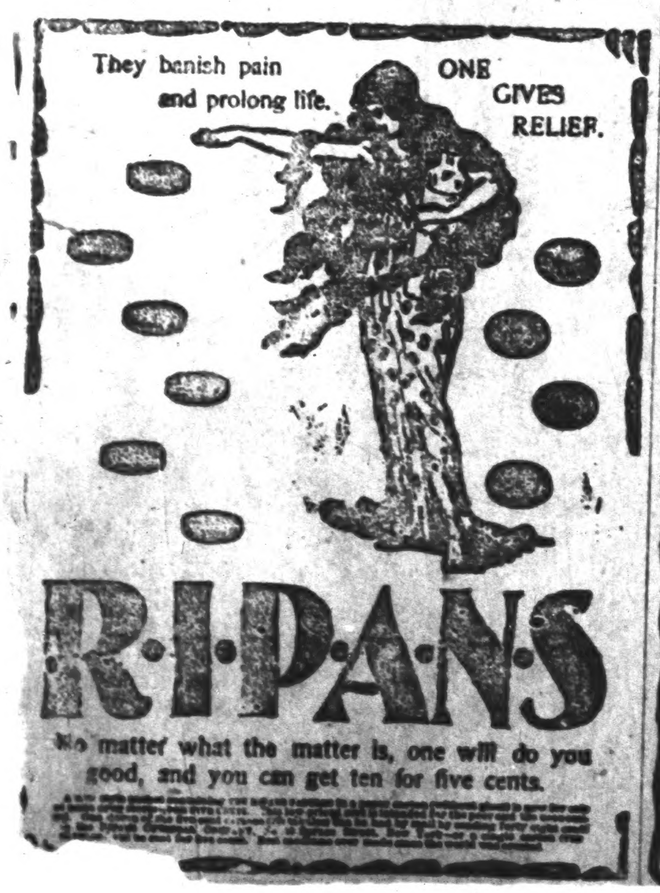

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

					1901
Jemison	"	2		Dec.	2 & 3
Thorsby	"	9		"	4
Mountain Creek	"	5		"	5
Verbena	"	5	until 12 m.	"	6 & 7
Clanton	"	4		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing December 20, 1901. T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

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DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, SHOES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES, PAINTS, ETC.

Wants your trade. He will make the goods to you at prices at which you cannot complain.

HE AIMS TO PLEASE HIS CUSTOMERS.

You are invited especially to look at the RED SEAL SHOE found there.

THIS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave.....75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush.....55c
1 Shaving Brush.....10c
1 7 in Barber Comb.....10c
1 Rubber Fine " 10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case.....10c
1 Bar good Shaving soap.....10c
1 2½x3½ Mirror.....10c
1 23 in Razor Strop.....50c

For sale by

L. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

CLANTON BARBER SHOP

W. H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

HAIR CUTTING
SHAVING
SHAMPOOING

In all the Latest City Styles. Reasonable Charges. Prompt Attention.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.

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THE BEST WAY TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, NORTH AND NORTH-WEST,

—IS VIA THE—

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LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

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Chain line pass Cars daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

Connecting with all points in TEXAS AND THE WEST.

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Before purchasing tickets ask agent to write the Agent of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad at Clanton, Ala., or [illegible]

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HOUSEWORK

Too much housework wrecks women's nerves. And the constant care of children, day and night, is often too trying for even a strong woman. A haggard face tells the story of the overworked housewife and mother. Deranged menses, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb result from overwork. Every housewife needs a remedy to regulate her menses and to keep her sensitive female organs in perfect condition.

WINE OF CARDUI

is doing this for thousands of American women to-day. It cured Mrs. Jones and that is why she writes this frank letter:

Glasgow, Ky., Feb. 21, 1901.

I am so glad that your Wine of Cardui is helping me. I am feeling better than I have felt for years. I am doing my own work without any help, and I washed last week and was not sore at all. This shows that the Wine is doing me good. I am getting fleshed then I ever was before, and sleep good and eat hearty. Before I began taking Wine of Cardui, I used to have to lie down five or six times every day, but now I do not think of lying down through the day. MRS. BENJAMIN JONES.

$1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.

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GENTLEMEN:—I will not hide my light under a bushel, for I want the people to know what your Gooch's Mexican Syrup has done for me. For four years I have been afflicted with Asthma, and could not get anything to do me any good until I got your Gooch's Mexican Syrup. I took three bottles and it cured me entirely. I give you this hoping it may be the means of saving some one from a horrible and premature death.

Yours under obligations,

REV. THOS B. WARWICK.

Finest train in the world; goes one-tenth the distance of any other train in the world; over the greatest canyon in the world; best railway meal service in the world.

Daily Chicago and Kansas City to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Wide-vestibuled, electric lighted and luxuriously equipped.

The California Limited Santa Fe

Drawing-room Pullmans, Buffet-smoking Car (with barber shop), Harvey Dining Car, Observation Car (with ladies' parlor).

Best train for best travelers.

Visit Grand Canyon of Arizona en route, now reached by rail.

Illustrated Books—"To California and Back," "Grand Canyon of Arizona," ten cents.

G. A. DOBBIN,
Pass. Agt., A. T. & S. F. Ry.,
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Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

PUBLIC PROTECTED

Hon. Judge Wing of the Federal Court of Cleveland has just issued a permanent injunction with costs and damages enjoining a lawyer named Geary from the manufacture and sale of an imitation of Cascarets. Geary imitated the boxes, shape of the tablet and used a similar sounding name. This decision is to be commended. It is a long step in the right direction. Any dealer who will offer a substitute or say that something "is just as good" when cascarets are called for, does it for the purpose making a few cents extra profit, which must always be at the expense of the customer's health.

Cascarets have been advertised freely in our columns and as the result of making them known, Cascarets today having the largest sale of any bowel medicine in the world. They are always packed in metal boxes with the long tablet on the cover and each tablet stamped CCC. They are never sold in bulk or from jars. We deem it our duty to warn our readers against an imitation or substitute of this meritorious medicine, and if at any time they have ever been offered a substitute or an offer made to sell something "just as good" when Cascarets have been asked for, we will be pleased indeed to have a letter to that effect or write direct to the Sterling Remedy Company, New York or Chicago.

Foils A Deadly Attack

"My wife was so low that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., "when she was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation, sick headache, 25c at Clanton Drug Co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BAPTIST—Preaching on the first and third Sundays at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Sunday-school every Sunday at 10 a.m.

Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Pastor.

METHODIST—Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. and every fourth Sunday at 7 p.m.

Sunday-school at 10 a.m. every Sunday.

Prayer meeting at seven o'clock every Wednesday night.

D. F. ELLISOR, Pastor.

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There are many readers in your locality who have yet to learn of its usefulness. We wish to establish active agents in every city and township in the country. We will pay liberally for energetic effort in the subscription field. Leisure moments can be utilized with substantial increase of income. Make a list of the persons in your locality who should have the "Review of Reviews," and send to us for agent's terms, sample copies, and working outfit. Then solicit their subscriptions. It is a compliment to approach a person with a subscription proposition for the "Review of Reviews," and consequently orders are easily secured. This is the active subscription season. Make application at once, naming your references.

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WYOMING SOAP MINE.

Wyoming has a soap mine. A deposit of a whitish material, in composite form, containing just enough sulphate, potash, and pumice to give gritty essential, has been discovered five miles west of Newcastle, in the northeastern part of Wyoming. The deposit lies in a fissure and dips into the ground like a vein of mineral. The vein, so called, is 15 to 18 feet wide and runs the length of a quarter section, which for twenty years up to date was used as a stock pasture. Next week probably a building of commodious dimensions, fitted with machinery that will cut the slabs of mineral soap into sizes for commercial use, will cover a portion of the ground. The cleanest town in the United States, it is possible, will be located in this section. It will be free from soot and smoke. For the factory boilers will be heated by petroleum found near by, and the soap to keep the place clean is found in large quantities in the ground and consequently so dirt cheap that men can be kept on the payroll to do nothing else but look out for dirt spots and quickly remove them. Mr. Betts has plans for developing the unique field, and it may be expected that in a short time the markets of the world will be supplied with another wonderful product of the states of boundless resources in the Rocky mountain region.—Philadelphia Item.

One of the first things to attract the attention of Baby Clarence was grandma's hatrack, made of a pair of deer's horns. One afternoon, when he was three years old, papa took him to a park. When relating the incidents of the trip he exclaimed: "And, oh, mamma! I saw a deer with a hatrack on his head!"—Boston Herald.

Not to Be Used on Freddie.

Eddie (to his friend)—Fancy giving your mother a pair of slippers for her birthday! Freddie—Yes, but I marked them, "Only to be worn on the feet."

Periodically the question of abolishing grade crossings in Chicago is agitated, but without effect. As a result of the present conditions of the crossings, out of a population of a little more than a million and a half there were in the year 1900 330 deaths by railroad accidents. Of these, 257 were caused by steam cars and 73 by street cars. In the same year there were in New York city 134 deaths by railroad accidents in a population of nearly three and a half millions, and in Philadelphia (with a population or more than a million and a quarter) there were only 55 deaths by railroad accidents. St. Louis, with a population of 576,228, had the lowest mortality by railroads, the number of deaths being nine. The comparative statement which has been prepared by the Federal Labor Bureau should cause the people of Chicago to demand the sinking or the elevation of the tracks

Long Hair

"About a year ago my hair was coming out very fast, so I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stopped the falling and made my hair grow very rapidly, until now it is 45 inches in length."—Mrs. A. Boydston, Atchison, Kans.

There's another hunger than that of the stomach. Hair hunger, for instance. Hungry hair needs food, needs hair vigor—*Ayer's.* This is why we say that Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color, and makes the hair grow long and heavy. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

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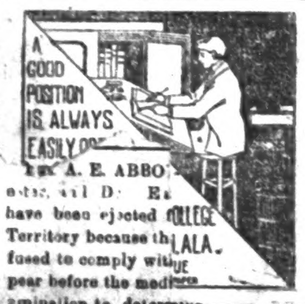

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have been ejected
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fused to comply with
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to practice.

Tell-Tale Fly.

At a recent meeting of the entomological society in London the president, G. H. Verrall, told an amusing story to prove that a knowledge of insects may even be useful in settling questions in literary history. Commentators on the works of Robert Louis Stevenson were trying in vain to discover whether the notes made by him in a certain book were written before or after he took up his residence in Samoa. It happened that a fly had been squeezed between the pages, and when Mr. Verrall saw it he instantly recognised it as belonging to a species peculiar to the Polynesian islands. That settled the question.

Portland, Ore., is planning to hold an exposition in 1906 in celebration of what is known as the Lewis and Clark expedition of 1804-6, which opened the northwest territory of the United States.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Columbian half dollars of 1893 are quoted at sixty to seventy-five cents.

Wish All a Merry Christmas!

And tell them of Garfield Tea, which cures indigestion and liver disorders and insures the return of many happy Christmas Dinners by removing the cause of dyspepsia and ill health.

Norway, Servia, Greece and Bulgaria are the only European nations which have but one house of Parliament.

The rearing of worms and manufacture of silk were completely broken up in America by the Revolution.

Tetterine in Texas.

"I enclose 50c. in stamps. Mail me one or two boxes of Tetterine, whatever the price; it's all right—does the work."—Wm. Schwarz, Gainesville, Texas. 50c. a box by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., if your druggist don't keep it.

Not six per cent. of all the women in America spend as much money as $50 a year on their clothes.

Naturally people want to be Well for Christmas, for nothing so promotes happiness and good cheer. Therefore, take Garfield Tea now; it cures all derangements of stomach, liver, kidneys or bowels; it cleanses the system and purifies the blood, thus removing the cause of rheumatism, gout and many chronic diseases. It is good for young and old and has been held in the highest repute for many years. Physicians recommend it.

The United States continues at the head of the list of the world's exporting nations.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle. Sold by all druggists.

Procrastination is now the kleptomaniac of time.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The little German university town of Jena has no fewer than seven free reading rooms.

Sitka is the oldest settlement of importance in Alaska.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

A chestnut tree has been known to live for 800 years, oak 1000 and yew 2000 years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A solid cubic foot of anthracite weighs in round numbers 100 pounds.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDELEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Japanese are now producing about 40,000,000 pounds of tea annually.

A Christmas Philosopher:

He asks three great gifts—Health, Wealth and Happiness! Then give him Garfield Tea, it brings Good Health, promotes Happiness and makes the pursuit of Wealth possible.

Australia is exporting pickled sheepskins to the United States.

Yours for Health Lydia E. Pinkham

How Truly the Great Fame of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Justifies Her Original Signature.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of **Backache** and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yields to it.

Womb troubles, causing pain, weight, and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that **Bearing-down Feeling**, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, **Dizziness, Faintness**, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues" and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures.

Kidney Complaints and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound always cures.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

Mothers and Daughters!

Both look well if they wear the straight front

Royal Worcester or Bon Ton Corsets.

Try them now. You will always wear them.

Ask your dealer to order what you select, if he does not keep them.

Royal Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.

Small crops, unsalable vegetables, result from want of

Potash.

Vegetables are especially fond of Potash. Write for our *free* pamphlets.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000 Deposit, Guarantee

Positions

200 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS, BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

SPEED!

A high-grade tire, to be worthy of its name, should possess four virtues — speed, easy riding qualities, ability to wear, ease of repair.

G & J Tires have all these virtues. When punctured, take off the outer cover, repair the inner tube and go on your way in a jiffy.

So simple a child can do it.

Catalogue free.

G & J TIRE COMPANY,
Indianapolis, Ind.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

Gold Medal at Buffalo Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO
Am. N. U., No. 51. 1901

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

LION COFFEE

STRENGTH!

PURITY!

FLAVOR!

Sold only in 1-lb. Packages.

Premium List in Every Package.

For the round Lion heads cut from the fronts of L wrappers we mail FREE the most valuable premium COFFEE offered. ever

Here are some of the LION'S LATEST GIFTS:

Colored Wax Crayons—scholars' joys,
Cornelian Agates for the boys;
Nice Disc Dolls for little girls,
String Tops which the urchin twirls;
Box of Jackstraws—a lively game,
Fine Pictures, all well-known to fame—
"Childhood Days" is sure to please,
As will "Violets and Sweet Peas,"
"A Gift from Heaven" is a gem of art,
"A Lively Tussle" shows puppies smart;
"Little Sweethearts" is very cute—
All are pretty, beyond dispute!

Best Steel Shears and Scissors too
Among the presents here for you;
Buttonhole Scissors we send along,
Ladies' Penknives or Jackknives strong;
Religious Pictures, rich and rare,
Cloth-bound Novels read everywhere;
Dictionaries for daily use,
And Tapestry Covers we can produce;
Subscription to "American Queen,"
Pocket Match Safes, the best yet seen;
Men's Neckties, varied in design—
Suspenders that are really fine!

And good Steel Razors, hollow ground,
With Leather Razor Straps are found;
A Wedding Ring, a Turquoise Ring,
An Opal Ring will pleasure bring.
A Garnet Ring for youth or man,
A Brooch-Pin made on neatest plan;
A Silver Bracelet for the wrist,
And Belt Buckles are in the list;
Hair Combs made of Tortoise-shell
Six Hairpins of the same, as well;
And Rubber Dressing Combs so fine,
With Hair Brushes—a varied line!

A Porcelain Clock surely charms,
We've also those that give alarms,
And Watches, too, for either sex,
Which man or woman can annex;
There's Handkerchiefs for man and wife,
Lace Handkerchiefs to last a life;
And, for the Ladies' special use,
Supporters, Garters, we produce;
A Shopping Bag, or Ladies' Belt,
Or Pocket-Book to hold the "geldt,"
And Silver Tea or Table Spoons
Are listed in our Premium boons!

A Kitchen Knife so sharp and keen,
Conspicuous in the List is seen,
And Linen Towels—housewife's pride,
For Lion Heads we will provide.
Tooth-Brushes that are strong and fine,
With bristles white and genuine;
And Silver Napkin Rings so neat
Their equal you but seldom meet;
A host of gifts both small and great.—
Too numerous to enumerate;
They're here to meet the varied views
Of those who LION COFFEE use!

Illustrated Premium List in Every Package.

Woolson Spice Co., TOLEDO, OHIO.

McLean's Strengthening Cordial

Is the Only Tonic Remedy

which has an immediate stimulating effect, relieves the weariness incident to over-exertion, and which continues its tonic effect, curing temporary illnesses and those of long standing. It has no equal as a "pick me up," toning up the system to withstand the lassitude and weariness incident to changes of season. *It promotes appetite, aids digestion and makes one feel strong and well.*

The best blood purifier in the world. One testimonial out of thousands:

Walhalla, N. Dak., March 15, 1898.
The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co.,
St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—For loss of appetite, general debility, and for persons who are just becoming convalescent after some lingering disease, there is nothing so beneficial as McLean's Cordial. I am enjoying vigorous health from its use, and feel better than ever before.

Yours respectfully, E. A. Sharpe.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Made only by

$2000.00 PER DAY GIVEN AWAY!

VALUABLE INFORMATION

The offer in our Premium Booklet expiring January 1, 1902, is hereby

EXTENDED FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF 1902

(except Present No. 119)

PRESENTS WILL BE GIVEN FOR TAGS

delivered to us during the year 1902, taken from the following brands of our tobacco:

R. J. Reynolds' 8 oz., Strawberry, R. J. R., Schnapps, Golden Crown, Reynolds' Sun Cured, Brown & Bro.'s Mahogany, Speckled Beauty, Apple Jack, Man's Pride, Early Bird, P. H. Hanes & Co.'s Natural Leaf, Cutter and O. N. T.

To appreciate our offer, these facts should be considered: That we are giving $2000.00 per day for tags, to fix the memory of chewers on our trade marks placed on tobacco, to identify our best efforts to please chewers, and prevent them from being deceived by imitators.

Full descriptions of Presents offered for our tags will be furnished upon request to

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., WINST

to Erickson was killed and twenty-one others were injured.

with $18,228,851 for the calendar period of 1900, and $12,120,991 for 1899.

unanimously accept Admiral Dewey's judgment.

the sea will speedily be abandoned for purposes of travel.

or it shall undertake [illegible], or do the work itself and sue the landlords to recover the cost afterward.

THE BANNER.

LET THE PEOPLE RULE.

CLANTON, ALA. THURSDAY DECEMBER 26, 1901

ON THE CORNER

Sights He Saw and Some He Saw Not

[illegible] remember, and [illegible] while [illegible] children would [illegible] at Christ[illegible] little verse [illegible] moment. God's [illegible] friends [illegible] follows that [illegible] Christmas [illegible] Happy New Year. What [illegible] hope for? I can wish [illegible] better for you, my friends, [illegible] Christmas and a Happy New Year and God's blessing [illegible]

[illegible] beautiful? Through [illegible] and eternity the angels warble [illegible] "Peace on earth"—[illegible] would heed God's com[illegible] there would be nothing else [illegible] peace on earth, but mankind is [illegible] we do those things we [illegible] ought not to do, and leave undone those that we should do and there [illegible] "Mercy mind." Ah! we [illegible] look forward to a mild and merciful forgiveness for our wayward [illegible] in this life. Can there be a more beautiful thought than "God and sinner reconciled"? But while we trust in God's mercy we should try and do our part. Avoid sin in the first place, and if we do sin, then let our repentance be sincere and lasting. I do not ask too much from the Almighty's merciful forgiveness.

But, dear me, whither am I drifting? I was saying something about Christmas, when these thoughts came into my mind. Well, never mind, they are appropriate to this season. There is something about Xmas, it always seems to me, that appeals to our better nature. I have spent Xmas on the mountain top and on the level plain, on the broad ocean in the tropics and on the verge of the Antarctic sea, in the busy city and quiet country, and in every case Christmas time had a distinctive mark upon it different from any other period of the year. Ah, me!

"Where is now the merry party
I met in days long ago,
Dancing round the Christmas fire
Brightened by its ruddy glow.
Some have gone from us for ever,
Longer here they could not stay
They are all dispersed and wandered
Far away, far away."

STOPS THE COUGH

and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure No Pay. Price 25 cents.

FOR SALE—200 Acres of good land, eight miles north-east of Clanton, 65 acres in cultivation. Two good houses and outbuildings on it. Apply to W. E. MADDOX, Clanton, Ala.

Christmas Presents—Everything for Xmas. Fine Lamps, Vases, and other pretty things at MARCUS' Clanton.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We are willing to publish our subscribers views at any time, but it must be distinctly understood we do not hold ourselves responsible for these opinions.—EDITOR.]

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

PUBLIC MEETING

To the voters of Chilton county who are in favor of all white men voting.

You are hereby requested to meet in Clanton, Friday, Dec. 27, 1901, at 11 a.m.

There are some important features of the new constitution that all men who wish to vote in future should understand, and after February 1, 1902, it will be too late. So come one, come all, and let us take such steps as will secure the peace.

[illegible]

On the 9th of January the legislature will be charge assembly of the citizens of Clanton county, Ala. The object of this assembly is to urge those over 21 years of age and under 45 years of age to pay their poll tax during the month of January next, in order to enable them to be qualified under the new constitution to register. Unless this poll tax is paid in January by those over 21 and under 45 years of age they cannot register, consequently they cannot vote.

The Times regards this as a wise movement and thinks every county in the State should take similar action.

While the citizens of Chilton county are assembled it would be well for them to take action defining their political status for the future as the Populist party has ceased to exist and that only two great national parties are in existence and we are persuaded to believe that the former Populists in Chilton county are like they are in a number of other counties, and will renounce their allegiance to any party that has the odor of Democracy attached to it.—Birmingham Times.

NOTICE

All parties indebted to me will please come forward and settle their accounts on or before January 15, 1902.

E. A. MATTHEWS,
Clanton, Ala.

POPULIST EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's Party of Chilton county is called to meet at Clanton on Friday, December 27, at 10 a.m. Every member is particularly requested to be present.

L. B. POTTS, Chm.

The Pride of Heroes.

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Corns, Sore Feet and stiff joint, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at Clanton Drug co., and F. A. Gulledge, Verbena

NEW DRUG FIRM
NEW DRUGS

O. E. Latham and Dr. P. I. Hopkins have purchased the drug stock of L. H. Campbelle Drug Co. You will find us at same stand with a full line of Drugs, Medicines, and a complete line of Toilet Requisetes. Your Prescriptions at all times, will be carefully compounded by a Registered Pharmacist.

HOPKINS DRUG CO.

HOME FROM THE PHILIPPINES

Private Crayton Ellison, a Chilton county boy, who enlisted in the 22d Infantry of the regular army rather more than three years ago, and who has spent two years and eight months of that time in the Philippines, returned home a few days or two ago looking well and hearty. He left Manila on October 15, arrived at San Francisco [illegible] he was delighted to be [illegible] Chilton a few days [illegible]

[illegible] of the Philippines and [illegible] country, he thinks the Filipinos [illegible] kind of people, but he will take several years to thoroughly pacify the country.

He had a good opportunity to see a great deal of the country, it is nearly all the time he was stationed at San Fadore, one hundred miles north of Manila. He was in seven engagements and escaped unhurt.

Mr. Ellison likes the service and intends re-enlisting [illegible] Army. And we [illegible] wish him success in the army and return to the Philippines.

The biggest little "thing" and one of the most useful any man could get at Christmas present is a bottle of E. W. Grove's Antiseptic. A cure for all forms of cuts, bruises, sores, throat, inflamed eyes, stings of insects, poison oak, etc. Used externally, it gives quick relief in cases of colic and derangement of stomach or bowels. For sale by druggists and positively guaranteed.

In Alabama—where a little more than 14 per cent. of the adult male whites of American parentage are reported as illiterate, where 59.5 per cent. of the male negroes of voting age are illiterate,—it is declared that the new constitution was adopted by popular vote of November 11; and under the operation of the clauses relating to the franchise this entire mass of negro illiteracy will be at once excluded from the voting privilege. Most of the white illiterates will probably be able, under exception clauses, to place their names on the registration books. But after a limited period the system will work with practical equality, and every man of whatever race who knows enough to be morally entitled to exercise political privileges will be allowed to register and vote. These Southern franchise systems, viewed as to their main features, rather than narrowly in their minor details, bid fair to be of advantage to both races. They supply the most powerful incentive to education and personal improvements. They create at once a bond and sympathy between the enfranchised and the disfranchised but they do not erect an arbitrary or difficult barrier. An object lesson in the disadvantages of illiteracy will be constantly before the eyes of the rising generation of both races. The children of native born Americans will be impelled to follow the example of the American born children of foreign parents and acquire the rudiments of an ordinary education.—From the Progress of the World in the American Monthly Review of Reviews, for December.

When you meet a man with a scheme, proceed to get in a hurry.

Notice to Creditors.

OF FIRST MEETING.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama. In Bankruptcy. No. 606.

In the matter of Basil E. Jones, of Chilton County Bankrupt.

The aforesaid Basil E. Jones having been adjudged a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved July 1st, 1898, a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt is called at the office of the undersigned Referee, in the United States Court House, Montgomery, Alabama, on the 20th day of December next at 10 o'clock a.m., to make proof of their claims, the election of a Trustee, and such other matters as are necessary and required by the act of Congress aforesaid.

Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 10, 1901.

ASA E. STRATTON, [illegible]

Thorsby.

To such parents who wish to come to Thorsby to educate their children we will give special rates on choice building lots within short distance of dormitory and college building. Call at our office or address

THE CONCORDIA LAND AND IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION
THORSBY, ALA.

CLEARING OUT SALE

My Entire [illegible] Goods to be sold at and below cost. Bargains in Everything.

J. B. DOWNS,
Clanton.

Non-Resident Notice.

State of Alabama, Chilton County, In the Probate Court, at Office in Clanton, Ala., December 9th, 1901.

[illegible] Meredith [illegible] Mrs. Mary Meredith [illegible] Washington Meredith [illegible] Meredith, [illegible] Meredith, [illegible] Meredith,

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the jury gave ict for $14,500 for
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years ago, wh t of $12,000
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German delicacy. rmans h
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of such food varieti s as theirs w
sponsible for Amer can dyspepsia.
the sauerkraut ma ket to furnish t
open door to our etter education?

An amusing story is told of L
Kelvin, who on one occasion pai
visit with a fri d to some well kno
electrical work. They were escor
over the workshops by the senior fo
man, a man of much intelligence a d
an enthusiastic electrician. Slowly t ey
passed from department to departr nt
Lord Kelvin never once flagging i his
attention to the foreman's hor ies.
At last, when the tour of insp tion
was complete Lord Kelvin tly
turned to him and asked: What,
then, is electricity?" This was poser
for the man, who, somewhat hame-
faced, confessed that he could not say.
"Well, well," said Lord Kelvin gently,
"that is the only thing about electric-
ity which you and I don't know."

Texas is going into the sugar-pro-
ducing industry on an extensive scale.
In addition to her present sugar-cane
growing interests, which are operated
under the state penitentiary system,
arrangements are being made to place
about 5000 additional acres in cultiva-
tion. About two years ago a farm
embracing 5000 acres was purchased
by the state on which penitentiary
convicts were to be worked. This
farm is situated in Brazoria county in
the richest sugar cane belt of Texas.
Owing to the lack of a sugar mill, but
little of the new farm was placed un-
der cultivation. But within a year it
is hoped to have a sugar mill in op-
eration, and to pay its $175,000 cost
out of the proceeds of the farm's crops
in the following two years.

Instances of unbounded faith in the
efficacy of queer treatment of dis-
eases do not seem to fall off in num-
ber or in oddity. One western man
says he was a martyr to the most
agonizing form of chronic dyspepsia
until he began the practice of taking a
small quantity of fine, dry sand into
his stomach every day. He insists
that he is now completely cured of his
malady. But many persons will be
inclined to regard the swallowing of
sand daily as almost as severe an af-
fliction as dyspepsia. In Colorado a
former citizen of New York City as-
serts that by going almost constantly
bareheaded he has relieved himself
of chronic catarrh of the worst type,
while a clergyman in West Virginia
declares that by eating no solid food
for 40 days he has conquered entirely
the besetting rheumatism which had
tormented him for a dozen years.
These are interesting cases. How would
it do for some adventurous experiment-
er to try all three systems of treat-
ment on himself at once—to go bare-
headed all the time, to swallow sand
every 24 hours, and to fast from other
food for 40 days? What would the
autopsy reveal? A constitutional disa-
bility to tell the truth? queries the
New York Tribune.

CHLEY COURT AFTERMATH

GENERAL MILES REPRIMANDED AND McCLAY ASKED TO RESIGN

SECY. LONG APPROVES COURT'S FINDINGS.

Admiral Sampson Files his Objections—What Gen. Miles Said and What He Meant—Sec'y. Root's Reprimand—President Roosevelt's Position.

Judge Advocate Lemly and Solicitor Hanna Friday submitted to Secretary Long their report upon the bill of objections filed by Admiral Schley to the findings of the court of inquiry. In substance the report is an argument supplementary to the argum ent made before the court of inquiry.

The principal points are an insistence upon their contention that the first report is the unanimous report of the court of inquiry; that the court was justified in rejecting Admiral Schley's testimony by the number of witnesses who took issue with him, and that there is not sufficient reason for a reopening of the case, as requested by Admiral Schley.

The report says:

"It was somewhat difficult to deal with Admiral Schley's bill of objections on account of its general and non-specific character and sweeping assertion of opinion by the applicant and his counsel that, in their judgment, the adverse finding of the court is not justified by the evidence. The paper might be dismissed as simply a not unexpected expression of dissatisfaction with an adverse judgment but for the fact that it contains a number of misstatements, and particularly has woven through its entire structure an 'inaccurate and misleading' use of the words 'majority of the court.'

"The findings of fact and the opinion of the court of inquiry in the case of Admiral Schley upon the more im-rtant and material points before it n not reached by a majority of the me rs only, but by the entire cour

Th rt then recites some of the evidence d particularly the point claimed st Admiral Schley.

The obje on of W. T. Sampson that portion f Admiral Dewey's r port of the Sley court of inquiry, which he says Admiral Schley was command at the battle of Santiag and entitled credit of the v tory, was fi th Secretary I Friday. It is rt as follows:

"Sir: As co for Rear Adm l Sampson, we ha the honor to requ st that the depar ent strike out r specifically disa rove that port n of Admiral Dewy pinion filed in relation to the proc ings of the Sch ey court of inquiry which he states his views that Commodore Schley was in absolute comman at Santiago.

"First—Commodo Schley was not in command at that tle.

"Second—The pres nt of the United States and the Na Dep tment should decide that Adm ral S mpson was in command at th be le, and Commodore Schley sec in command.

"Third—And who con nded at Santiago was not referred he court for consideration, and evi ce bearing on th point was exclu

"The m jority opinion pressed by Admira Dewey is in var e with all the rulin s of the court, his regard, and di ectly contradict he letters where Admiral Dewey, or the court, d fines Admiral S pson's status.

"We three separate times pealed to the court asking for protec n or for permission to appear and defend Admiral Sampson's rights. Eah time our request was denied and w were assured that Admiral Sampson s not involved, and finally Admiral wey, acknowledging the receipt of e of our letters, said: 'I have t state the court considers that Admire ampson is not an interested party d you are informed that should circun ances arise which, in the opinion of the court, render it necessary for Admiral ampson to be represented, due noth will be sent.'

"Upon that promise Admiral mpson relied. The notice came o in the form of a minority opinion by l miral Dewey discussing matters yond the scope of the precept and where included in the facts found by the court. Very respectfully,

(Signed) STAYTON & CAMPBELL, and F. S. THALL.

The determination on the part of the administration absolutely to terminate further discussion of the Sampson-Schley controversy takes shape in the publication of correspondence between Secretary Root and Lieut-Gen. Miles, relative to the latter's interview, published in a Cincinnati paper commenting upon the Schley case. It is seldom that so severe a reprimand is administered to an officer of high rank. What the result will be cannot be foretold, although it is assumed that General Miles will submit without further comment.

That General Miles appreciates the situation, is shown by the concern he manifests and his frequent visits to the ffice of Secretary Root. It was necessary for him to write two letters to eet the demands of the department, d even then there was no expression sat on the secretary's part the explanation. However, creta t regards the incident as sed.

The gist the correspondence is:

"War Department.

"Sir: I nstructed by the presi-nt to c ur attention to the re-rt of a terview appearing in the sociated Press newspapers of December 17, and to inquire whether the servations upon the action of a co-dinate branch of the service in the atter now pending in the navy de-rtment were made as reported and to afford you such opportunity planation in writing as you may ir

Very respectfully,

"ELIHU ROOT,

"Secretary of War.

"To L utenant General Miles."

To the tter, Gen. Miles replied:

"He quarters of the Army.

e Hor able, the Secretary of r:

"Sir—R ying to your note of the , I ha the honor to state that observ ions, as substantially re-cted, ha no reference to the action, ending otherwise, of a co-ordi-nate bra h of service; they were merely my personal views concerning which I co ceive there was no impropriety in expressing an opinion, the same as ny other citizen, upon a matter of public interest. My observations were in no sense intended as a critici , and the statement that I had no mpathy with any effort tending to parage a distinguished and gallar lcer, likewise had no such refer

Very respectfully,

"NELSON A. MILES,

"Lieutenant General."

G al Miles supplemented this lette ith a second:

"S —Referring to my note of yesterda and in order that there may be no n nderstanding, I desire to say that everal years a distinguished and ant officer has been assailed by p es who have endeavored to write m and other high officials down til finally he appealed against such saults. A court of inquiry unani usly exonerted him from such epithe as coward, poltroon, etc., and th r opinions were given to the public or information of all citizens. When said that I had no sympathy with t ose who had endeavored to destroy e reputation of a high officer, I had mind those assaults against which he admiral had appealed for protec on and justification, and certainly not to a co-ordinate branch of the g vernment.

"I quest that this note be laid before president and have no objection it being made public. Very tion fully

Resp "NELSON A. MILES,

"Lieutenant General."

T interview referred to was as foll rs. General Miles said:

" am willing to take the judgment of niral Dewey in the matter. He ha en a commander of a fleet and as au nas known the anxities and re-sp sibilities which rest on a man un-de these circumstances.

" think Dewey summed up the ma er in a clear and concise manner an I believe his conclusions will be en orsed by the patriotic people of th United States. I have no sympa-th with the efforts which have been made to destroy the honor of an officer under s ich circumstances."

The reprimand is contained in a letter of Secretary Root to General Miles.

"Sir—By direction of the president, I communicate to you his conclusions upon your course in the interview to which your attention was called by my letter on the 19th inst.

"Your explanation of the public statement, made by you, is not satisfactory. You are in error if you suppose that you have the same right as other citizens to express publicly an opinion regarding official questions pending in the course of military discipline. Your duty is to express your opinion on official matters when called upon by your official superiors, and not otherwise. The first article of the regulations governing the army of the United States, provides:

"'Deliberations or discussions among military men conveying praise or censure, or any mark of approbation, toward others in the military service, are prohibited.'

"In this controversy the army has not been involved. A court of inquiry has been held on the matters in controversy and a report had been made in which one member of the court had dissented in some particulars from the majority, and the report was pending before the reviewing authority. At this point, you, the lieutenant-general of the army, saw fit to make public your opinion, accompanied by a criticism of most severe character, which could not fail to be applied by the generality of readers to the naval officers against whose view your opinion was expressed. It is of no consequence on whose side your opinion was or what it was. You had no business in the controversy, and no right to express an opinion. Your conduct was in violation of the regulations above cited and the rules of official propriety, and you are justly liable to censure, which I now express.

Very respectfully,

"ELIHU ROOT, Sec'y of War.

"P. S.—Your second letter of explanation does not change the case; there is no necessity for repeated explanations, but illustrates the importance of the rule which you have violated.

"ELIHU ROOT, Sec'y of War."

President Roosevelt gave General Miles a verbial reprimand at the White House. When the general called to see the president about certain statements he had made favorable to Schley he was ushered into the public waiting room and much to Miles' surprise the president joined him there and within the earshot of fifteen or twenty people censured him for the interview. General Miles tried to get the president to lower his voice, but Mr. Roosevelt warmed up and talked louder and faster. Mr. Roosevelt is opposed to further agitation in the Sampson-Schley wrangle, and "Historian" Maclay's resignation was called for by executive order. The fact that it was announced by the head of the War Department instead of the Navy Department, indicates the resignation does not meet the approval of Secretary Long.

The fact that simultaneously with the publication of the Miles correspondence Secretary Root gave out a copy of Secretary Long's letter directing that Maclay's resignation be requested, is taken as an indication of the president's purpose to clear the official records of all pending issues in that matter.

The following order was made public by Secretary of War Root:

"Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, Commandant Navy Yard, New York: Sir—I am directed by the president to ask Edgar S. Maclay, special laborer, general storekeeper office navy yard, New York, to send in his resignation. Very respectfully,

"John D. Long, Sec."

Maclay is author of a history of the navy, and his criticism of Admiral Schley's conduct at the naval battle off Santiago, brought about the court of inquiry.

UNITED STATES SENATOR J. H. BERRY, of Arkansas, while en route to his home, was badly injured by a fall on the ice.

FIRE destroyed fourteen buildings in Charleston last Thursday, entailing a loss of $30,000.

A DROP in submarine cable st k commenced with the announ of Marconi's success in havin mitted signals across the ocean wireless system, and has since continuous.

ORDERS are issued for the trans of a battery of artillery at Hav Cuba, to Fort Sill, Okla.

GER MANY is said to be preparing for m tary action against Venezuela.

CH UNCEY DEPEW will wed ay Palmer on Saturday at ica.

CAP R. P. HOBSON denies his engage nt to Miss Eleanor Ludlow.

GRO ND was broken last Friday for the Louis Exposition,

The New York postoffice has been informed by the postoffice department that all mail matter to Porto Rico is mailable in the same manner as to any part of the United States.

Rear Admiral Evans, who has just returned from Tutuila, Samoa, will go to the east in February to assume command of a division of the Asiatic Squadron.

AUDITOR SOWELL'S REPORT

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT COST US LAST YEAR.

COOSWATER SUFFERS AGAIN FROM FIRE

Desperado Killed in Hard Fought Battle—Kilied by Steel Pier — Cotton Crop Short—College Book Goes to Press A New Railroad is Proposed.

ALABAMA'S EXPENSES.

State Auditor Sowell's report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1901, shows disbursements by the state as follows:

Executive Department, salaries, etc.	$47,050.88
Judiciary department, salaries, fees and commissions	103,030.30
Department archives and history	1,750.00
Military department	25,021.40
Geological department	7,450.00
Mining department	4,522.45
Insurance department	3,062.82
Railroad department	13,782.09
Health department, improvement on Mobile quarantine plant and state medical association	14,322.53
Agricultural department	52,081.22
Pension department, 11,224 pensions	251,439.21
Educational and benevolent department	1,356,325.33
General expense	571,281.38
Amounts refunded	55,647.52
Miscellaneous	21,719.88
Expenses of constitutional convention	90,615.98
Expenses of legislature	63,948.33
Penitentiary department	97,261.01

The total expenses of running the state government during the past year were $2,980,201.41.

DESPERATE FIGHT.

During a bloody battle at Russellville, Thursday, between City Marshal Ben Barrett and Deputy Sheriff Hargett on one side, and Tom and Henry Williams on the other, one man was killed and two probably fatally injured. Henry Williams was indicted several years ago for stealing cattle, but escaped to the Indian Territory. Getting into trouble there, he returned. He was seen to enter McClurg's drug store, while his brother stood guard. Hargett approached Henry to arrest him and was assaulted, Williams was in the act of shooting when Barrett fired, killing the desperado instantly. Barrett then shot Tom in the arm and chest. The wounded man changed his revolver to his left hand, and, firing as he ran, escaped. At William's first shot McClurg fell. His wound is thought to be fatal. He is is a brother-in-law of the Williams'.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

N. C. Nicholson, a workman em ployed by the Southern Bridge Co. on a bridge being erected across Five Mile creek, at Cardiff, was killed Thursday morning by the falling of a steel cylinder which was being raised to its place as a pier. Mr. Nicholson lived at Burton, Ga. He was an expert steel workman, and was considered one of the most careful men employed by the company.

A TELEGRAM from Washington says that Jack Jones, son of State Back Tax Commissioner Harvey E. Jones, has successfully passed at Washington his examination for a lieutenancy in the regular army.

THE SOUTHERN RAILROAD will install more trains between Birmingham and Atlanta.

DISTRESSING DEATH.

While standing in front of a grate at Birmingham, Mrs. Fannie Brooks' dress caught fire, and before she realized her condition, flames were leaping all about her. A little negro girl employed as a nurse tried frantically to extinguish the flames with water. The efforts of the nurse being futile, Mrs. Brooks ran screaming into another room. She was wrapped in rugs and quilts till the flames were smothered, but not till after she had been fatally burned.

A LARGE corporation expresses a wish to purchase 50,000 acres fee simple coal lands in Marion county. They want the land at once and will pay from $4 to $6 per acre.

J. H. Nunnelee, of Selma, who was appointed circuit court clerk of Dallas county sometime ago by Governor Jelks, announces that he will not ter contest for the position.

SECOND FIRE IN THIRTY D

For the second time within days the business section of C water has been partly obliterated a disastrous fire. Six business were burned Sunday night and estimated the loss to buildings merchants will amount to over $ The fire broke out in a beef A stiff wind from the st kept flames from crossing street that part of the to Was The losses: D. O. some insurance. Cre 000, insurance $3,0 Neighbors & Co., $5,0 not known. J. A. Neig $3,000, no insurance. T is lined with goods of tion and the goods ren stores are almo a loss in the fir about $30,000 a than $40,000 goods removed ings not totally

ALABAMA'S N PAP

Rev. Frank W. Bar in Birmingham on Jan y 1st, issue of the Southern Baptist, a six page weekly. Mr. Barnett will be tor-in-chief and owner and will ha staff of able associates. The South Baptist will be modern in every ture and broad in its application Christian practices. Mr. Barnett born in Alabama thirty-six years and received a university train after which he spent four years abro He practiced law five years upon return. In 1892 he was made head a department in the well-known N York firm of Frederic de Peyster F ter, where he remained for a year. then returned south and practiced in Atlanta with his cousin, Sam Barnett. A few years later he ente upon a theological course in the Sou ern Baptist Seminary at Louisvil and since, has been prominent Southern Baptist circles. During t Centennial at Nashville, he preach a series of sermons on crime and widely copied in the press. Mr. Ba nett brings to his new work all consecration, courage and comm sense and will no doubt do mu through his life and paper toward spiritual uplifting of Birmingham the state.

FINISHED.

The University Register, which Prof. T. W. Palmer has laboring for several years, is finished It contains 505 pages and is divid into four parts: a complete list of of cers from 1831 to the present day, list of students arranged by class with a brief biographical sketch each, an alphabetical index of t students and a list of the honorary graduates, sketch of the alumni society and other items. The book is biographical dictionary of many of t most prominent men in the South and will be of value to those that interested in Southern history.

COTTON SHORT.

"I feel very certain that the cotto crop of Alabama for this year will fa short of the bureau report," said Com missioner of Agriculture R. R. Poole while discussing crop conditions Twenty per cent is his estimate of d crease.

NEW ROAD.

A charter for the Long Branch Co and Railroad Co. has issued from t office of the secretary of state. Th road is a branch of the L. & N. s is to extend from a point on the B mingham Mineral Railroad to t Long Branch Coal field in Blo county, and it is understood that will reach about forty miles.

6,000 GALLONS OIL BURNED.

The oil house of the Tennessee Coal Iron & Railroad Company at Ensley caught fire Thursday morning from an explosion of a hot pot. The fire department could get no water. It is estimated the building contained about six thousand gallons of oil.

A RAILROAD LINE from Huntsville, Ala., to Leitchfield, Ky., is proposed by a syndicate with a capital of $7,000,000.

DALLAS MANUFACTURING CO., of Huntsville, has increased its stock from $300,000 to $1,400,000. Mill No. 2, with a capacity of 25,000 spindles is completed and will soon be put in operation.

THE car famine has seriously affected the shipments of pig iron, cast iron pipe and steel from th

TH DEALING FURNACES

S SERIOUS ACCIDENTS AT PITTSBURG.

Y COAL LOSS IN THE OHIO RIVER

Quarrel and Murder Results. California Has Railroad Horror South American War Possible Lynch to Try Again.

UP E EXPLODED

Tota e burned to death and y an explosion of gas at We are furnace last Thursday tion an explosion was caused heat m furnace the gas and E. M. upward through the BRICK ing and twe a terrific boiler Mr. J Diamond ste been sit others Friday Alabam rned four boiler days me, reduc ng th Dr. and burned and charre nday fo ted iron There th the pa iece of iron of ste lisses re building. The m d sixty fee on each turn, and it ught that both crews were in t nt at the time of explosion. T esident of the plant, states that t ilers were examined last week a nounced in excellent condition. own cause can be given for the e losion.

On the heels of the awful disas the Soho furnaces Thursday, at the Black Diamond Works Frida omes the report of an explosion Nimick plant of the Crucible St Co. Two of a battery of five boil exploded scalding seven men, two them fatally. There were two other men at work in the mill at time who were more or less injur The cause of the explosion is attrib to frozen pipes.

COLLISION IN CALIFORNIA

Southern Pacific coast limited tr running between San Francisco Los Angeles came together in a b and collision at Uplands early Th day morning. A fireman, ex messenger and baggageman were ed and 25 passengers more or les jured. Both engines were demoli and the baggage, smoking and cars of one train were burned. of the passengers nor cars of the s bound train were injured. In th part of the mail and a number press packages were burned. A the passengers there happened two physicians, and the injure ceived prompt attention. The dent was due, the officials say, failure of the engineer of the n bound train to obey orders.

LOOKS LIKE WAR.

The Argentine government h called its representative at Ba de Chili, leaving the legati charge of the secretary, but matic relations between the tw tries have not yet broken.

ARKANSAS FIRE.

Last Friday fire destroyed t pariel Hotel, King's drug store residence of Henry Lohmes in Ark., entailing a loss of $75,00 tially insured.

CHINESE AT MANIL

The Chinese cruiser Hai Manila. Her commander s he has a cruising commissio object of his call is to see Ge fes, whom the Chinese con principal friend of the Chines the foreign soldiers at Pekin.

SUGAR MILL.

Governor Bayers, of Te nounces that it has been d purchase for the penitentiary farm of 2,500 acres and to er on a sugar mill to cost betw 000 and $300,000, the p owned by the state now e 8,000 acres, to be devoted the raising of sugar cane an labor to be employed in the will remove all convict la railroads and other contract ment. The mill will be year.

BANG AND SUICID

G. T. Christenden, of Miss., stood in front of a his room at midnight, sang Leibet mir im Herzen," an a bullet into his mouth. stantly. His wife says th been under a doctor's care years and suffered with a ed.

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Southern Pacific coast limited trains running between San Francisco and Los Angeles came together in a head-end collision at Uplands early Thursday morning. A fireman, express messenger and baggageman were killed and 25 passengers more or less injured. Both engines were demolished and the baggage, smoking and chair cars of one train were burned. None of the passengers nor cars of the southbound train were injured. In the fire part of the mail and a number of express packages were burned. Among the passengers there happened to be two physicians, and the injured received prompt attention. The accident was due, the officials say, to the failure of the engineer of the northbound train to obey orders.

LOOKS LIKE WAR.

The Argentine government has recalled its representative at Santiago de Chili, leaving the legation in charge of the secretary, but diplomatic relations between the two countries have not yet broken.

ARKANSAS FIRE.

Last Friday fire destroyed the Nonpariel Hotel, King's drug store and the residence of Henry Lohman in Helena, Ark., entailing a loss of $75,000, partially insured.

CHINESE AT MANILA.

The Chinese cruiser Hai Chi is at Manila. Her commander says that he has a cruising commission. The object of his call is to see Gen. Chaffee, whom the Chinese consider the principal friend of the Chinese among the foreign soldiers at Pekin.

SUGAR MILL.

Governor Sayers, of Texas, announces that it has been decided to purchase for the penitentiary board a farm of 2,500 acres and to erect thereon a sugar mill to cost between $250,000 and $300,000, the plantations owned by the state now comprising 8,000 acres, to be devoted solely to the raising of sugar cane and convict labor to be employed in the mill. This will remove all convict labor from railroads and other contract employment. The mill will be built next year.

SANG AND SUICIDED.

C. T. Christenden, of St. Paul, Minn., stood in front of a mirror in his room at midnight, sang "Du, Du, Liebst mir 'im Herzen," and then fired a bullet into his mouth. He died instantly. His wife says that he had been under a doctor's care for some years and suffered with an abscess in head.

SON SHOT BY FATHER.

During a family quarrel in Central City, W. Va., Sunday, Wm. Lafferty was shot and seriously wounded by his son, Burt Lafferty. After being injured, the father seizing a shotgun, ran into the street and fired at his fleeing son, the shot penetrating his back. His injuries will result fatally. Rebecca Lafferty, a daughter, intercepted the father, when he turned and fired at her, inflicting a serious wound. Lafferty was overpowered by the officer and is in jail. Lafferty had not been living with his family and claims that he called at the home to try to heal up old differences. Neighbors allege that Lafferty was whipping his wife when the son reached the scene and opened fire.

HEAVY COAL LOSS.

The steamer Joe B. Williams, belonging to the Monongahela Coal & Coke Company, of Pittsburg, met with an accident in the Ohio river near Carrollton, Ky., Saturday, which resulted in the loss of 175,000 bushels of coal, as well as serious injury to her machinery. The Williams was on her way to New Orleans with a large tow of coal. Her machinery became unmanageable, and she ran aground. Seven of her barges, containing 25,000 bushels of coal each, were sunk, and the greater portion of her tow was scattered. A number of the crew, at work trying to save the coal, suffered severely, several of them being badly frozen.

KILLED HIS SON-IN-LAW.

John W. Moore, an old soldier aged 69 years, shot and instantly killed his son-in-law, Thomas Mawhinney, in Bellvue, Pa., Sunday afternoon. It is said the Mawhinneys quarreled on Friday, and Mrs. Mawhinney told her father her husband had abused her and called her names. The old man said he would attend to the matter, and went to Mawhinney's home, called him to the door and without parley shot him. Moore then walked to the police station and gave himself up, remarking that Mawhinney had driven his first wife to suicide, but he could not do the same with Rosie, for he had killed him.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON, in a long interview with King Edward at which the America's cup races were discussed, unfolded plans for the future. His Majesty expressed the opinion that it would be hard to beat the Americans, to which Sir Thomas replied that he could secure a yacht much better than the Shamrock II.

THE place in which the Irish kings were crowned, the historic Hall of Tara, at Navan, county Meath, has been offered at auction. A wealth of legendary interest clusters about the spot and authentic records show that the Monarchs of Ireland were crowned there from 80 B. C. to 56 A. D.

CREEK INDIANS have suffered from the cold and reports from Tulsa say very many are sick with pneumonia, a disease that proves fatal among Indians. Cold weather has produced smallpox. Tulsa reports say the wheat crop has been greatly damaged.

THE steel trust will put in operation a civil service system on its lake vessels by which all promotions will be made. Records of all its employes will be kept.

THE American Federation of Catholic Societies closed a three days' meeting at Cincinnati last Thursday.

REPORTS say George Gould has purahased the K. C., Ft. S. & M. R. R.

PEOPLE of Denmark want the question of selling islands to the United States put to vote of the people.

A LONE ROBBER with a pistol secured $7000 from a Springdale, Ark., bank on the 19th inst., and got away.

AS a result of the intense cold and blizzard Oklahoma Territory stockmen figure a 10 per cent loss in cattle.

LARGE CITIES all over the country are anxious about coal. The car famine, floods and cold snaps are responsible for the anxiety.

FIRE late Thursday afternoon at Terrell, Texas, destroyed 2000 bales of cotton stored in an old compress. Loss $8000.

W. W. PEET, treasurer of the Turkish mission in Constantinople, and M. Garguilo, dragoman of the United States legation, are still at Salonica endeavoring to open negotiations with the brigands, who hold captive Miss Ellen M. Stone and to fix a rendezvous with them.

KING EDWARD has been asked to arbitrate between Argentine and Chili.

Childrens Corner

THE MAN, UNCLE DAN.

There once was a man—
His name was Uncle Dan—
Who thought he'd run away, so he ran
and he ran.
Until the place came by
Where the road it meets the sky.
Then Uncle Dan he lost his way—tell
why he never can.

So he turned and ran back
Crying all the while "Quack!
Quack!"
Until the duck and ducklings of the
farms along the way
Came running, quacking too,
And they made so much ado
That Uncle Dan he lost his head—just
where he couldn't say.

Then he just ran round and round
(And he never made a sound!)
Until those ducks and ducklings were
so scared they just said "Now!"
Then they ran away so fast—
Quacking loud from first to last—
That Uncle Dan he lost himself—and
never could tell how.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

AN HONEST MONKEY MESSENGER.

Of the countless numbers of cases of monkeys' cleverness, there is still none to beat the record held by a spider monkey that belonged, many years ago, to the Governor of Carthagena, in South America. One of its duties was to fetch and carry the wine for its master. A pot being placed in one hand and money in the other, away went the monkey to the tavern down the town. Here it presented the pot, but would not part with the coin till the pot was handed back filled with wine. On the return journey it carried the pot with a care that many a human porter might envy, but could not equal. If the boys, as boys sometimes will, took to throwing stones at it, the pot was put down on the ground, and the monkey, also boyish and especially boy-messenger-like, began to throw stones at them. Although, sad to say, fond of wine, not a drop would he touch until leave was granted. It is refreshing to read of such fidelity and honesty, although only a monkey.

THE PIGEONS' PRECAUTION.

A gentleman had two pairs of pigeons living in dovecotes placed side by side. In each pigeon family there was a father and a mother bird and two little ones. On a certain day the parents in one dovecote went away to get food, and while they were gone one of their little bids fell out of the dovecote and down to the ground. The poor baby bird was not much hurt, strange to say, but it could not get back, for it was too young to fly.

Now the parents of the other dovecote were at home when this happened, and it seemed as if they said to themselves. "One of our babies might fall out in just that way. We must do something to make the dovecote safer." And then this wise careful father and mother went to work. They flew about until they found some small sticks. These they carried to their own dovecote and there in the doorway they built a cunning little fence of sticks. Not so high but that the little pigeons could look over it, but high enough to keep them from ever falling out of the dovecote, as their little neighbor had done. The owner of the pigeons, who had seen the birdling fall and had put it back into its dovecote, watched the birds the whole time while they gathered the sticks and built the fence across the doorway.

QUEER WAYS OF MINK AND MARTEN.

"The Hudson Bay marten, the little furbearer whose skin is ever popular and at times exceedingly valuable, is still plentiful in that region of fur bearers," said W. B. Salmon, one time a trapper for the Hudson Bay Company, "but I believe it would have been virtually extinct there long ago if it were not for a habit it has of making periodical disappearances, of which I never heard any satisfactory explanation

"These disappearances occur every ten years. Where the animals go no one knows. No dead ones are ever found, and no one has yet discovered any evidence of their migration to any other region. A few martens, of course, remain on their old feeding grounds, but during the season of the disappearance of their fellows none of them will touch the bait in a trap, and, consequently, none are caught. The next year the martens are back again in their old haunts, as numerous as ever, and for ten years more subsult to being caught.

"The Hudson Bay martens seem to be the only ones of the species that have this strange habit. The Lake Superior martens don't waste any of their time in disappearing voluntarily, but are found at the old stand year in and year out, housing themselves in hollow trees in the deepest woods and making life a perpetual burden to birds, squirrels, rabbits and other small game on which they prey.

"The Lake Superior marten has one predilection of the palate in which he resembles the bear. That is a passion for honey. He will line a wild bee to its home with the precision of the most expert bee hunter, and the hidden sweets of that bee colony will have to be in a most inaccessible place if the marten doesn't soon revel in them. Like the male mink, the male marten has an overpowering love, not only for his own offspring, but for the offspring for his fellow martens—such peculiar love, indeed, that if it wasn't for the instinct and shrewdness of the mother martens the race of martens would have been unknown long ago. The male marten is so fond of his young that he will eat them up wherever he happens to find them. The mother, therefore, bears her young in some secret hiding place, and keeps them hidden until they are half grown and able to defy the cannibalistic love of their sire. The female mink exercises the same instinct with her progeny, for the father of them, as fond as he is of trout and other fish, will leave his fishing any time to dine on his interesting little family."—Boston Transcript.

THEIR WINTER HOME.

Mrs. Whitehead Sparrow and Mrs. Topknot were holding an earnest discussion.

"It is certainly getting to be colder. And I am afraid of the snow and the severe weather, which I hear always comes in the season called winter."

"How did you hear anything about it?" asked Mrs. Topknot curiously.

"Oh, I heard all about it from the parrot who hung in the cherry tree summer," Mrs. Whitehead replied.

"He said it was cold enough to freeze your feathers. But then, of course, that may depend upon the [illegible] His were very gaudy.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead picked many spots which they thought might do for a winter home, where they could shelter from the cold, which they feared. The leaves were turning red, and dropping in dens from the trees. They were sheltered places, here and there, under limb, or behind a loose piece of bark. But these would not be much protection when a high wind blew, or in driving snow storm, and although the little sparrows did not know much about cold weather, yet their instinct made them look about for a comfortable home.

One day Mrs. Whitehead thought she had found the very thing. A deserted car stood on the railroad track, and she crept in through a little broken window in the roof. What fine places for a home. Up in the corner or behind the seats, she twittered with delight to Mr. Whitehead. "The most splendid place he could possibly invent," she cried. "So dry and warm."

"Don't you think this [illegible] one of the big machines they pull [illegible] and [illegible] ery day?" asked Mr. Whitehead in a doubtful way.

"Not at all! Not at [illegible]" cried Mrs. Whitehead exultantly. "It has been here for days and days. Very likely they left it on purpose for our accommodation."

"All right, my dear. [illegible] it suits [illegible] I know I shall like it. I'll move to-morrow."

But when to-morrow came a crisis, disappointment came to Mrs. Whitehead. Two pairs of noisy and quarrelsome sparrows, who had been the neighbors for a long time, had turned into these fine quarters first, and when Mrs. Whitehead flew into the car ready to settle herself comfortably she found the two quarrelsome families, making themselves very much at home in the two best places, the car. There were other places, course, but she had been glad enough to get away from these chattering people, and she certainly did not want to live with them all winter.

"Never mind," Mr. Whitehead said, soothingly. "I have found a beautiful place under the roof of the woodshed. It is behind a post and you will find it sheltered and comfortable."

Mrs. Whitehead was doubtful. She was sure nothing could be as charming as the car-home, which they had lost. But, after a while they went to live under the roof of the woodshed, and she grew to like it very much indeed. It was cozy and sunny, and the big post near their front door seemed to shut off nearly all the wind and storm.

And one day a queer thing happened. Mr. Whitehead, flying home, saw a number of men pulling the car into the shop to be mended up and caused again. Two chattering pairs of sparrows were flying round and round in dismay, watching their nice little home traveling away from them.

"How glad I am we did not go there," twittered Mrs. Whitehead, when he told her about it. "Just think, some one else might have moved into our woodshed, and then what would we have done?"

"Everything is for the best," said Mr. Whitehead, preparing to go to sleep with his head under his wing.—Youth's Companion.

Sensitive Canada.

An Englisman who wanted to earn the cordial dislike of Canada [illegible] only to refer to the Dominion as "Ou[illegible] Lady of the Snows," or something like that. People across the border are very touchy on the subject. The London Times recently offended by [illegible] king of the climatic conditions of Canada as such that emigrants from England "preferred to go to the temperate zones," meaning the United States. And even Mr. Gladstone had the impression that Canada was a land of perpetual snow. Just how the Canadians are down on Arthur Wing Pinero, who, in his new play, "Iris," refers to Canada as "that genteel Siberia," a phrase not calculated to earn more popularity than Kipling's peotic title. Captain Bernier and some other Canadians believe that the North Pole is properly a part of the Dominion, so that any degre of cold can be attributed to Canada. But at the same time it seems not to be appreciated, if indeed it is known, [illegible] glishmen, that the point [illegible] Canada lies below the [illegible] or below the southernmost [illegible] land. Montreal, Quebec [illegible] are five or six degrees [illegible] and are considerably [illegible] well.—Springfield Repub[illegible]

POPULAR SCIENCE

Plants with white blossoms have a larger proportion of fragrant species than any others; next comes red, then yellow and blue, after which, and in the same order, may be reckoned violet, green, orange, brown and black.

Diphtheria germs survive at least fifteen years. This has been proved by two cases of diphtheria in children who could have contracted the disease in no way except through playing with toys that had been stored fifteen years in an old trunk.

M. Berthelot, the French chemist, has been trying to find what is the smallest weight of an odorous substance that can excite the nerves of smell in a human being. By repeated dilutions he found that even such an unimaginable quantity as three-eighths of a millionth of a grain of iodoform would produce the characteristic smell, and musk was many times stronger still.

The larvae of flies, bees, beetles and other insects have been placed in the wooden half of a box having one section of lead and the other of wood, and on exposure to Rontgen rays they have been greatly excited, invariably retreating to the leaden part of the box. With blind larvae the results were the same, showing that the exciting rays were perceived through the nerves of the skin.

The human body, it has been found, is shorter at night than in the morning, due to the weight of the body compressing the intervertebral cartilages. During sleep, or while in a recumbent position, the pressure being removed, their natural elasticity enables them to resume their normal size, consequently the height of an individual will vary from three-eighths to half an inch between morning and night.

The skunk first appears in history in the year 1636, when he was described in Theodat's History of Canada. He had been a long time on the earth before that time, however, for there are species of fossil skunks. The skunks of the genus Chinca range over the greater portion of North America and as far south as Mexico. Other skunks are found in Central and South America. They live in [illegible] either of other animals, or [illegible] themselves. Their habits are nocturnal, and they hibernate. The severest part of winter [illegible] food consists of small animals, insects and birds' eggs. They are eaten by hundreds of thousands, and have been trapped for their fur for many years. The young are born in litters of four to ten. The adults occasionally rob the poultry yard, but such depredations as they [illegible] are more than offset by their destruction of noxious animals and insects, especially the white grub, of lawns and meadows. They are easily trapped in box traps, and [illegible] killed by putting them, trap and [illegible] in a trough of water.

M. Tarde, noted for his suggestive and [illegible] the "Psychology of Crowds." He has now issued a new volume (not yet translated from the French, it is believed) under the title, "L'Opinion et la Foule." [illegible] different from the public is something [illegible] crowd are a crowd. In a theatre [illegible] and meet the public and the [illegible] created a same thing. But printing and other modern devices have [illegible] independent public which has an opinion [illegible] is a [illegible] of propinquity. Opinion [illegible] are at a distance. The book in [illegible] its studies the public, how it is [illegible] developed, what its relations [illegible] to those who direct its opinions, [illegible] and [illegible] to the newspaper press, [illegible] subs, to church and to state, its [illegible] of action, its powers for good [illegible] and ill. All these matters are fit [illegible] for a strictly scientific treatment, which, in fact, they receive. In [illegible] the seventeenth century there was only [illegible] a library public, in the eighteenth [illegible] philosophic public rose. Journalism [illegible] came in with the revolution. Public [illegible] opinion in olden times was formed [illegible] by conversation; with the advent [illegible] of the press a new factor was introduced. The journal acts on the individual, and the public reacts on the journal. In the last analysis the public has the press it deserves.

The Social Rank of Cabinet Officers.

The social rank of each Cabinet officer is reckoned according to his standing in the order of succession to the Presidency, which is arranged according to the age of each executive department. The State Department being been the first executive branch of the Government created, the Secretary of State is the official and social head of the Cabinet and the first of the members to succeed to the Presidency, in the event of the death of both President and Vice-President. If the President, Vice-President and Secretary of State were all to die before their successors had been appointed the Secretary of the Treasury would become President, because his is the second oldest of the executive departments. This right to succession extends in turn to the Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of the Navy, and lastly to the Secretary of the Interior. This gradation thus indicates the social rank of each Cabinet officer in his own circle.—Ladies' Home Journal.

An ordinarily healthy man of thirty years old can lift, with both hands, 300 pounds, and support on his shoulders 350 pounds.

Their S[illegible]

Desmond—"Dr. [illegible] ALA. rous people not [illegible] nerves."

Osmond—"Well, [illegible] Talking about the [illegible] thing that keeps [illegible] —Puck.

Dear [illegible]

Mother—"You [illegible] ive." viding that [illegible] with the worry [illegible] sister have [illegible] truth [illegible] boy! In di- John [illegible] kept the half had [illegible] yourself and let Bost[illegible] alf." [illegible] pro[illegible] ected the worm [illegible] t'other side."—

[illegible] Questions.

Lady—"How old are [illegible] Thirty-five." Lady—"Bachelor?" Alas, yes." Lady—"Ah, too bad. York Times.

A Sl[illegible] Sport.

respect, at least, in There's one which fishing is a good deal safer sport than hunting." "How is that?" "We don't make any fatal mistakes hooking up men who happen to look like fish."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

In [illegible] It.

"Do you believe," [illegible] asked in a hesitating way, "that it is possible for a woman to—to dress on $300 a year?" "Oh, Jack!" she cried, falling into his arms; "don't let that bother you. I can, by having it worked over a few times, make my wedding outfit last three or four years at least."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Approval.

"It seems to me that there is a great [illegible]ary awakening in this country." "Yes," answered the matter-of-fact citizen. "I observe it with great approval." "Then you are fond of books." "No. I am in the stationery business. I sell pens, ink and paper."—Washington Star.

The Main Thing.

"I'm going into the business for myself," the plumber's clerk announced. "What!" exclaimed his employer; "you don't know nothin' about plumbin'." "I know all I need to," replied the clerk. "I've been making out your bills for you for the last three or four years."—Philadelphia Press.

Disappointment.

"I suppose you are disappointed because the critics condemned your book." "Yes. I don't mind what they said so much, as the mean way in which they said it." "They seemed disposed to be mild." "Yes. None of the denunciations were sufficiently violent to attract any attention whatever to the book."—Washington Star.

Mr. Meekton's Impression.

"Henrietta," said Mr. Meekton, "your speech was very fine. By the way, the orator who preceded you was obviously an unmarried woman, who didn't know what she was talking about." "What do you mean?" "She talked about me being a tyrant and an oppressor. We know better, Henrietta, and I don't think she ought to be encouraged in putting such foolish ideas in the heads of husbands."—Washington Star.

An Unsuccessful Author's Diary.

Following is an extract from the journal of an author who has not been fortunate enough to write a successful novel:

"Rose at five and thought out the plot for a short story.

"At eight, I rang the breakfast bell, moved the chairs around the table and rattled the knives to fool the neighbors.

"Wrote two poems on the world as a great place to fast in; also, a short article to prove that appetite is a mere delusion.

"I then went to the postoffice to hear the clerk say there had been a wreck on the road, and my check for a late manuscript wouldn't arrive till after Christmas.

"The clerk observed that it was 'a beautiful day,' and I went out and dined sumptuously on the climate."—Atlanta Constitution.

Pay Your Poll Tax

Do not for one moment listen to those who say the payment of the current poll tax is not required at the hands of voters. It is a tax that is now due and that will continue to be due until it is paid, and the new constitution says all poll taxes due from a citizen must be paid by February 1 in order to enable that citizen to vote this year. The savant who says otherwise is misleading the citizen into a loss of his dearest political privilege. He is innocently perhaps disfranchising him.

The citizen who will not contribute one dollar and a half towards the support of the public schools in order to retain the right to vote is a pretty poor citizen. He is a very poor citizen. He need not plead after February 1 that he "forgot" to save his electoral rights, for all know what the condition for voting now is. The new situation has been explained to all, and the man who does not pay his poll tax before February 1 simply does not care what may happen to State, county or city. Good or bad government is alike a matter of indifference to him.

The payment of a poll tax after February 1 will be useful in year to come, but in 1902 such a payment will not restore lost civic rights. Throughout that entire year the citizen who does not pay poll taxes before February 1 loses the right to vote at the polls or in the primaries. He is as much deprived of political rights as the man in stripes at the coal mines. His deprivation can be removed by subsequent payments, but no power on earth can restore to him the voting privilege in the year 1902. This should be well understood, and well remembered. The poll tax now due from every male citizen under 45 years of age is an absolute condition precedent, and none of the tricks of the past can set it aside. —Age-Herald.

Making Our Farms Pay.

The best way to make southern agriculture more prosperous is not to merely discuss the idea of diversification, but to put that system into practice and in a systematic manner. Every man in order to attain to that standard of prosperity which we, as workers with, or subject to the laws of nature, must satisfy, must be a citizen of his country, his fellowmen, with the duties considered and with the demands of his country. These things well nothing to hinder if adhered to, there is natural consequence prosperity as a consequence.

When we speak of diversification of crops, we mean that of diversification of all that is needed. But first united, organized effort. The South is in united effort. The people, because A due consideration of what is going to be in demand and a united effort to be ready to supply that demand should be made.

Every southern farmer should consider well the field he is in and see that it is utilization of his available implements for the best results should be done. Suitable village to get A home market in the village to be obtained, factuning establishment may of manufacture farm products into manufactured for consumption, thus combining the interests of producer and manufacturer, and dispensing with the impositions of capitalists with the immense benefit to a community that can all be supplied by home. This effort on the part of southern farmers.

As to mistakes and weak points to avoid, the farmers are many. Some farmers have been in the habit of opening up too much farm land. I know of many large, old, run down farms that are worthless, which had the land on them was put to cultivation if they had then stopped clearing up land and devoted to fertilizing the farm instead of clearing more, there would not be hundreds of acres of rich land with valuable timber, instead of old worn-out fields. Next spring do not undertake too large a crop so that the crop pushes all the farmer instead of the farmer pushing the crop. John Rush, Randolph Co., Ala. Farm and home.

The people who grumble the most at this world kick the hardest when they get a chance to move on the next.

Saved At Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of Indigestion, Waterbash, Stomach and Bowel Dispepsia. But this excellent medicide did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 lbs. For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Clanton Drug Co., and F. A. Gulledge Verbena.

Program of Fifth Sunday Meeting

To be held with Pilgrims Rest Baptist church, in West District of Unity Association, Dec. 27, 28, and 29, 1901.

FRIDAY, 11 a.m. Introductory sermon, P. G. Marcus.

12. Dinner.

1.30 p.m. Prayer service, E. Peoples.

2. The influence of religious literature in the home, Rev. W. M. Walker.

SATURDAY, 9 a.m. Prayer service, J. D. Deason.

9:30 the importance of the district meetings, Rev. W. J. Ruddick.

10:15. Co-operation in the churches, Rev. T. Maroney.

11. Sermon, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

12 m. Dinner.

1.30 p.m. Prayer service, W. F. Johnson.

2. How can we best promote spiritual growth in our churches? Rev. W. H. Connel.

3. The Bible plan of missions, Rev. J. M. Smoke.

(Sunday) 9 a.m. Prayer service, J. C. [illegible]

9:30. Sunday school mass meeting, J. S. [illegible]

Sermon at eleven o'clock and preaching night if the weather will permit.

We ask the churches to send delegates and let us revive the interest in the district meetings.

I don't think we could spend Christmas in a better way than to come together and discuss those questions that pertain to the upbuilding of the Master's cause.

T. J. DEASON, Pastor.

The proprietors of Mexican Mustang Liniment have issued an almanac for 1902, especially adapted for the South, called "The Cotton States almanac." The calculations are all made for this State only, and consequently are much more reliable than any general almanac can be. It is deservedly more sought after than the old style almanacs, like Poor Richard's and others, whose calculations are supposed to cover several States and sometimes the whole country.

The Garden Remarks have been prepared by the most experienced agricultural experts in the State and are up to date. The weather predictions are based not upon mere guesswork but upon the Signal Reports from the station at Montgomery. The Almanac also contains a court calendar for every circuit in the State, the names of Judges and the time for holding court. Altogether, it contains so much of interest to residents of this State that we advise everyone to look it over carefully.

The [illegible] to publish an Afro-American almanac for the negroes. Both Almanacs can be had free at the drug stores and of general dealers. Be sure and secure one before the supply is exhausted.

That Cough Hangs On

You have used all sorts of cough remedies but it does not yield; it is too deep seated. It may wear itself out in time, but it is more liable to produce la grippe, pneumonia or a serious throat affection. You need something that will give you strength and build up the body.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

will do this when everything else fails. There is no doubt about it. It nourishes, strengthens, builds up and makes the body strong and healthy, not only to throw off the hard cough, but to fortify the system against attacks. If you are thin or emaciated you should certainly take this great food medicine.

Sold by all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 316 Caxton Building, Chicago.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR

"Something New Under The Sun."

All Doctors have tried to cure CATARRH by the use of powders, and gases, inhalers and douches in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same in many cases that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of CATARRH, has at last perfected a Treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures CATARRH, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "SNUFFLES" the GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE and is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"SNUFFLES" is the only perfect CATARRH CURE ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve HAY FEVER or COLD in the HEAD.

CATARRH when neglected often leads to CONSUMPTION—"SNUFFLES" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure CATARRH in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "SNUFFLES" the "GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept C 985 EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2550 and 2552 Market Street, Philadelphia.

To cure SICK HEADACHE, HABITUAL CONSTIPATION, and all diseases arising from indigestion. They will purify your blood and make your complexion as FAIR AS A LILY. They are gelatin coated. PRICE 25 CENTS.

Final Proof Notice.

Notice No. 22165.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., November 13, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on December 20th, 1901, viz: James L. Burnett, Homestead entry, No. 31072, for the se 1-4 of ne 1-4, n 1/2 of se 1-4 of Sec. 6, Tp. 23 n of r 15 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jim Elkins, R. Vanderslice, J. J. Wright, H. M. Willis, all of Jumbo, Ala.

ROBERT BARKER, Register.

Add water and sugar to Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic and subtract the colic from your Baby. Very pleasant, perfectly harmless and absolutely reliable. Cost 50c.

Fortify yourself against the casualties consequent upon "Merry Christmas." Equal to an insurance policy is Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic against gun-shot wounds, powder burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., and costs only 50c. at drug stores.

Mexican Mustang Liniment will readily overcome Loss of Hair. Diseased Hoofs and Scratches in horses, mules and cattle. Farmers try it.

A toad under a harrow

is not more than the frog that is tortured with Spavins, Swinney, Harness Sores, Scratches, Mange, Mange on cattle know and apply the best of all penetrating Last Holes, far and wide.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Never fails—not even in the most aggravated cases. Cures caked udder in cows quicker than any known remedy. Hardly a disease peculiar to muscle, skin or joints that cannot be cured by it.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is the best remedy on the market for Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. It keeps horses and mules in condition.

Corner Store

Second Avenue and Seventh Street,

Has the Best Goods

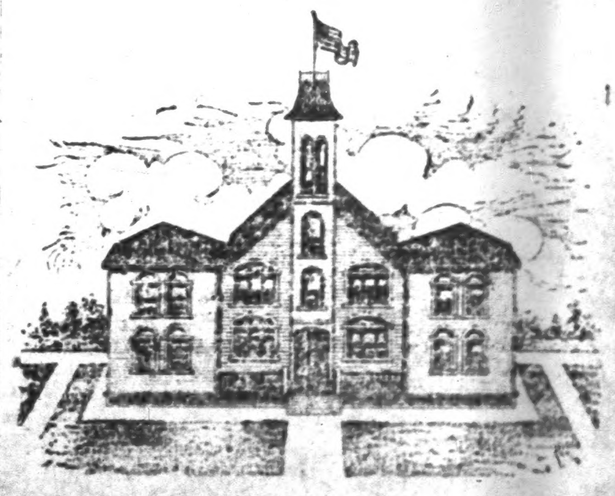
At a Lower Price

Than any in Town

A Warm Welcome to All.

W. H. SARTOR

CLANTON



THORSBY NORMAL SCHOOL

A SCHOOL OF INDEPENDENT NORMALISM, OF TEN SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

THOROUGH, PRACTICAL, MORAL AND NON-SECTARIAN.

Economy taught and practiced. We court investigation, and shall be glad to have anyone, at any time, examine into the merits of our work.

One of the best equipped schools of the State. The Main Building is a beautiful two story structure of fifteen rooms. The Ladies' Dormitory is an excellent three-story structure well suited to the purposes for which it is used. The Library consists of more than one thousand volumes.

BOARD, $8.00 TO $8.00 PER MONTH.
TUITION, $1.50 TO $3.50 PER MONTH.

It is our purpose to build up and to lead a school in helping other institutions throughout the State in elevating the youth to a higher standard of citizenship.

For catalogue or further information, address

RASCO & CARMICHAEL, Thorsby, Ala.

Pay Your Poll Tax

Making Our Farms Pay

Program of Fifth Sunday Meeting

Final Proof Notice

...ill readily overcome Loss of Hair, ...ousand Hoofs and Scratches in horses, Mules and Cattle. Farmers try it.

...der

...than the fr...
...Swinney. Harr...
...horse on ... know...
...ly last home, in

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...niment.

...most aggravated cases, ...quicker than any known ...peculiar to muscle, skin ...by it.

...best remedy on the market for ...Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. ...eeps horses and mules in condition.

...Store

...Seventh Street,

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...RTOR

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...AND NON-SECTARIAN.

...We court investigation, and ...me, examine into the merits

...the State. The Main Build... ...fifteen rooms. The Ladies' ...structure well suited to the ...brary consists of more than one

...PER MONTH.
...PER MONTH.
...lend a hand in helping other ...eating the youth to a higher

...n, address
...MICHAEL, THORSBY, ALA.

TOWN ITEMS

...stockholders' meeting ...day in February, first Monday in ...first Monday in June, second Monday in August and first Monday in November.

CLANTON COTTON MART.

...Price to-day 7½ @ 7¾ cts.
...Same date last year 9 cts.

...RECEIPTS TO DATE:	1901	1900
...Pinckard & Co.	3269	2119
...Billins	2534	1768
...Vile-o	862	328
...Downs	237	345
Total	6902	4560

We are ... the market buying ...ton and Cotton Seed, paying ...highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

BRICK! ...hand brick at $6 ...$5 per 1000.
F. R. ...RD, Clanton.

Mr. ... Middleton, who ...been at the University ...Alabama ...home for the ...holidays.

Dr. ... S. Johnson left ...Monday for ...to spend Xmas ...with the parents of the latter.

Misses ...ie Gullahorn and ...Stanley, two of Clanton's ...young ladies, have re...turned home from Montevallo to ...spend Christmas.

Mr. Walter Smith of Hanover, ...county, returned home Sun...day from a pleasant visit to his ...grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick ...Smith.

The many friends of Mr. James ...Middleton are glad to welcome ...him home on a visit after spending ...three years in Texas.

Prof. E. Y. McMorries of the ...University School, Plantersville, ...which we are glad to learn is flour...ishing, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Marion Gore has returned ...from Birmingham, and will be ...pleased to see his friends at Varner ...Johnson's store.

Mr. James W. Mims is at home ...from the medical college at Mobile ...to spend Xmas.

Mr. P. M. Moore has accepted a ...position with R. L. Marcus, and ...invites the public to call and he ...will tell them some good things.

Mr. C. L. Langston of Jemison ...was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Belle McKenzie has return...ed from a visit to Mr. H. A. Wil...son's family at Lomax.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage ...Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt ...Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying ...Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying ...highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Prof. Harris A. Askins of Bil...ingsley was in town Tuesday.

Dr. Wisehart is spending the ...Christmas holidays with friends in ...Birmingham.

Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Middleton ...of Mt. Carmel are visiting the ...doctor's parents, Capt. and Mrs. ...A. Middleton.

The union Sunday-schools gave ...a Christmas tree at the court house ...Sunday night.

Mr. Cliff Gullahorn has returned ...from a successful hunting tour in ...Coldwin county.

Watch for Dr. A. J. Massey's ...ad in this paper. He has established a branch office at Clanton, ...and will spend a week here every ...60 days. Thanking the people ...of Chilton county for past patronage, he will appreciate same in ...the future. Will pay fare one way ...to those going to his office in Birmingham to have their dental ...work done. 1185½ 21st st., between ...2nd and 3rd aves, Birmingham.

Warranty Deeds, Mortgage ...Deeds, Waive Notes, Receipt ...Books, on sale at The Banner office.

We are in the market buying ...Cotton and Cotton Seed, paying ...highest market prices.
E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

...Marriage licenses have been issued ...this week by the Probate Judge to ...the following persons.

...James C. Maddox and Miss ...Julie Culp; Mr. E. S. Sanders ...and Miss Lula Dennis; Mr. D. R. ...Jackson and Miss Eliza Ann ...Cox; Mr. L. M. Taylor and Miss ...Linnie Lee Curry; Mr. G. G. ...Cox and Miss Pearl Murphy; Mr. ...J. H. Ellison and Miss Susie ...Davis; Mr. Oscar Lowery and Miss ...Julie A. Pinson; Mr. Robert H. ...Bolton and Miss Enny Bolton; ...Mr. Harris A. Askins and Miss ...Alice Moody; Mr. J. T. Abernathy and Miss Pearl Bridges; ...Mr. Robert Coleman and ...Miss Shelton; R. B. Maxwell ...and Maggie Foshee; Robert Clark ...and Mattie Thompson; James ...Lily Campbell; John ...Julie Harris.

NOW!

Our Mr. Pinckard has just returned from the East, where he purchased our Fall stock, securing many fine grades of goods.

We must make room for these new goods, so NOW is your chance. We will show you great bargains; call and see us.

E. M. PINCKARD & CO.

Christmas and New Year Gifts

You cannot do better than make your selections from the large stock of

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About five years ago my right ear began to ring, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the headnoises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement, accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain. Very truly yours,

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It is now generally known and understood that drunkenness is a disease and not weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "HOME GOLD CURE" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of Drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

WIVES CURE YOUR HUSBANDS!! CHILDREN CURE YOUR FATHERS!! this remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of Drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "CURE" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. DO NOT WAIT. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "HOME GOLD CURE" is sold at the extremely low price of One Dollar, thus placing within reach of every body a treatment as effectual than others costing $25 and $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of One Dollar. Address Dept. C 955, EDWIN B. GILES & COMPANY, 2530 and 2532 Market Street, Philadelphia.

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I have bought too ... have bought too little, ... change and make each other ...

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...'s and Ladies' Shoes ... 90 cents.
We give you a good heavy ... Underseirt ... 19 centr.
We are again selling 10 ... of Thread ... 5 cents.

We could give a long list of prices that would astonish you, but space will not permit. All we ask of you is to give us a trial.

Remember, we pay Highest Prices for WOOL, HIDES, SKINS, BEESWAX, and Country Produce generally.

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...Seal Patent Flour	4.50	1 gal water white	150
... " "	2 25	fire test oil	18
... " "	60	1 lb Ham	15
		Whole Ham, per pound	13
...Straight Family Flour	3.50	Bacon and Bulk	10-12
...Family Flour	50	1 lb Lard	10
...Bran	1.10	50 lbs Lard	4.50

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Yours to please,

A. M. JOHNSON, Manager.

...ce was the greatest man, because ...had the greatest calling and filled ...as no other man has done, and she ...notes that verse from Daniel which ...says, "They who have called many to ...righteousness shall shine as the stars ...forever and forever." My wife grew up under his matchless preaching, and is a pretty good Methodist yet. This reminds me of a delightful sketch I find in the proceedings of the last Georgia Bar Association held at Warm Springs in July. The subject is "The Georgia Lawyer" viewed by a woman. The woman is Mrs. J. Render Terrell, of Greenville. The papers generally read at these annual meetings are dry and prosy to everybody save the lawyers, but this paper is charming, entertaining and instructive from beginning to end. The first sentence attracted me, and I kept on to the last and my feeling at it close was—well, that woman is a trump, she is a historian, a philosopher and a first-rate lawyer, even though she be a woman. I read it aloud to my female family. She closes with a poetic apostrophe to the Georgia lawyer which many an unfortunate defendant will appreciate:

"The parson points the way to heaven,
And then with tender care
The doctor consummates the work
And sends the patient there.

"But the Georgia lawyer would delay
Departure with such cries:
Hold! Can this man read his title clear
To mansions in the skies?"

"In doubt he files a brief and seeks
To hold the ignoramus
And stops his flight to heavenly bliss
By injunction or mandamus."

And so, while looking around for the greatest man, we might well pause and hear what Mrs. Terrell says about John Forsyth. She says: "Forsyth was a champion for the establishment of our supreme court, and earnestly advised it in his message in 1828." He said: "It is an awful reflection that life, liberty and reputation are dependent upon the decision of a single judge uncontrolled and uncontrollable in his circuit." Then she continues, "Forsyth's matchless oratory and the purity of his private and political life won for him a name that will be honored and revered always. While in the United States senate he had no superior as an orator, and was called the equal of Lord Erskine.' If I had a paper of my own I would publish every line of Mrs. Terrell's delightful paper. And the first Sunday I would publish the part written by J. H. Merrill, of Thomasville, on "The Bible in the Lawyer's Library." Why, this paper ought to be read by students, not only by the lawyers, but by every preacher in the land. It is fit for a text-book in the colleges, and is so interspersed with gems of good wit and humor that one does not get the sense. And there is an admirable paper on the same line by Warner Hill, entitled "Historic Landmarks of the Law," and he, too, diligently perused not only the Bible but the Apocrypha. His story as to how Daniel made his reputation as a lawyer will be new to most readers. I wish I had space to make mention of all the good things in this little volume. For, as there were giants in the days that are gone, even so we have great men and great women among us now. Here we have learned sketches by such men as J. C. C. Black, Reuben Arnold, Roland Ellis, C. A. Turner, W. L. Scruggs, L. Q. C. Lamar, Sylvanus Morris, Wimbish, Parsons, Charlton Bryan, and last, but not least, a good lot of side-bar talk by the venerable Justice Bleckley, who closed the exercises by proposing to elect the association with $100,000, and was ready to give his note for that amount. If I live and can travel, I will attend the next meeting, and hope Mrs. Terrell will be there and read another paper—sometimes the description is the better part of the feast.—Frank Arp, in Atlanta Constitution.

Irrigation in Arizona has been the subject of an investigation conducted by the Government, the results of which are now available. Within ten years 54[illegible] miles of canals and ditches were constructed at a cost of $1,508,469. The total increase in irrigated land in ten years has been 119,575 acres. At a low estimate its present average value is $30 per acre, or $3,587,250. Irrigation has added this large amount to the farm wealth of the Territory. The total number of acres of irrigated crops is 37,233, while the total number of acres of land irrigated is 185,396. The difference of 48,163 acres represents approximately the area of past irrigated.

The consternation of the English over the American invasion increases day by day. Some effort has been made to stem the tide by the imitation of American products, but so far it has failed of success. For example an Englishman attempted to imitate an American daylight bank robber. He entered the most promising bank house, revolver in hand, and called on the clerks to hold up the money. He shot the cashier dead, but was tackled by a clerk he turned his revolver on himself and checked for gallows. The idea was bold, but because he lacked American skill the imitator failed, as most imitators engage. The Germans have been no more successful with their imitations of American sewing machines, but for the ... and some other articles.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

HIS SERMON BY THE EMINENT DIVINE LAST SUNDAY.

Subject: The Merciful Interpretation of Human Behavior—Follow the Divine Leading—We Will Not Pass This Way Again, So Do Your Good Now.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse is a most unusual presentation of things that take place in many lives, and Dr. Talmage pleads for merciful interpretation of human behavior. The text is Joshua iii, 4, "Ye have not passed this way heretofore."

In December, 1889, I waded the River Jordan, and, although the current was strong, I was able to bear up against it, but in the time of spring freshet, when the snows on Mount Lebanon melt, nothing but a miracle would enable any one to cross this river. It was at the dangerous springtime that Joshua and the officers of his army uttered the words of my text to the people who were in a few hours to cross the Jordan. About that crossing we say but little, because on a previous occasion we discoursed concerning that piling up of the waters into crystal barricade. We only speak of the march to the brink of the river. No stranger thing has ever occurred in all history.

The ark of the covenant was a brilliant chest of acacia wood, overlaid with gold, [illegible] which were two winged [illegible] to each other. It was five feet [illegible] feet wide. Poles were [illegible] the rings at the side, and [illegible] the ark was lifted. This [illegible] was to be carried three-[illegible] mile ahead of the hosts of [illegible] way to the crossing. That [illegible] the box and the advance [illegible] must be kept because of [illegible] was a sanctity in that [illegible] they must observe by [illegible] arters of a mile away. [illegible] that glittering box and [illegible] see they would lose their [illegible] arrive at the right place for [illegible]. They had never been there before, and they must be guided. For that reason Joshua utters the words of my text, "Ye have not passed this way heretofore." And the subordinate officers at the head of the regiments repeated it, "Ye have not passed this way heretofore."

What was truthfully said of the ancient Israelites may be truthfully said of us. We are making our first and last journey through this world. It is possible, as some of my good friends believe, that this world will be corrected and improved and purified and floralized and emparadised as to climate and soil and character until it shall become a heaven for the ransomed, but I do not think it. I have an idea that heaven is already built somewhere. Our departed friends could not wait until this world is finished up for saintly and angelic residence. Having once gone out of the world, I do not think we will come back, but as ministering spirits to help those who remain in the earthly struggle or perhaps to look on the wondrous spectacle of the shining planet.

But, leaving that theory aside, we are sure that we are for the first time doing the earthly pilgrimage. "Ye have not passed this way before." Every minute is a new minute, every hour a new hour, every century a new century. Other folks have gone over the same road we are traveling, but it is our first trip. New appearances, new temptations, new sorrows, new joys. That is the reason so many lose their way. They meet some one on the road of life and ask for direction, and a wrong direction is given. We have all been perplexed by misdirection after asking the way to some place we wished to visit. Some one said to us, "Take the first road to the right and, having gone a mile on that road, take the first road on the left, and you will soon reach your destination." We took the advice, but our informer forgot a turn in the road or forgot one of roads leading to the left, and we took the wrong road and were lost in the woods. The night came on, and we were put to great irritation and trouble.

This is, I blame no one for making mistakes. I pity them instead of blaming them. There are so many wrong roads and only one right one. You cannot be perfectly different from youth. You cannot tire of the age draw upon midlife experiences, for the two stages of existence are so different. What is wisdom for one man to do would be folly for another to undertake. A man of nerve and nluck is not qualified to advise a man timid and shrinking. An achievement that would be easy for you might be impossible for me. Human advice is ordinarily of little value. People revise their own successes or failures and then tell us what is best for us to do, not realizing that our circumstances are different, our temperament is different, our physical and mental and moral capacities different. Most of the great mistakes that have been made have been made under human advisement.

So, too, it may be said to every nation, "Ye have not passed this way before." Our own republic is going through novel experiences. Could wisest statesman twenty years ago have prophesied present conditions? Every President, every Congress, has new crises to meet and new questions to settle. So prophecies made about conditions in this country fifty years from now may turn out as far untrue as the prophecies made fifty years ago by the greatest of American statesmen when he declared on yonder Capitol hill that it was unwise to think of civilization on prosperity the other side of the Rocky Mountains, and according to his belief the Pacific coast would be the perpetual abode of barbarians and mountain lions, and we must not think of annexing those forbidding regions.

Many prophecies in regard to our nation fail, and many prophecies concerning its future will fail, because it is traveling a new road. Every step it takes on that road is a novelty. The opinion of a Monroe or a Jefferson in the far past is not of as much value as the opinion of our wisest men now. How could men know in 1823 what it would be best for this nation to do in 1901? It is belittling as well as unwise for our statesmen, who are quite equal to the statesmen of the past and who have, in addition to the natural talents of their predecessors, attainments in knowledge that were impossible in any decade, but their own, to depend on advice of men who have been dead three-quarters of a century. In all other things the world has advanced. Can it be that in statesmanship it has gone back, and that this opening of the twentieth century must consult the opening of the nineteenth century? "Ye have not passed this way before."

Yea, our entire world is on a new pathway. It may be swinging in the same old orbit as when by the hand of the Almighty immensity was sprinkled with worlds, but it has been rocked with earthquakes and scorched with volcanic fires and whelmed with tidal waves and wrought upon by climatic changes—cities sunk, and islands lifted, and mountains avalanched into valleys.

So it is another world than that which first started in the solar system. Yet all the time changing and will keep changing until the hour of its demolition. This beautiful world, this lustrous and this glorious world, it may be said, "have not passed this way before."

But what is the practical use of this subject? Instead of putting so much stress on human advice and instead of asking what is past what we ought to do, follow the line leading as the men of Joshua followed the golden lidded chest of acacia, which was the symbol of the divine presence.

Three-quarters of a mile distance between the ark or sacred box and the front column of Joshua's troops mightily impresses me. It was a forceful way of teaching reverence for the Almighty. They needed to learn that lesson of reverence, as we all need to learn it. Irreverence has cursed all nations, and none more than our own. Irreverence in the use of God's name. Hear you it not on the streets and in social groups, and is not a profane word sometimes thought necessary to point jocosity? Irreverence for the Scriptures, the phraseology of the Bible often introduced into the most frivolous conversation and made mirth provoking. Irreverence for the oath in courtroom or custom house or legislative hall by the conventional and mechanical mode of its administration. Irreverence for the holy Sabbath by the way it is broken in pleasure excursion and carousal. Irreverence on the part of children for their parents, insolence being substituted for obedience. Irreverence for rulers, which induces vile cartoons and assassination. Irreverence in church during prayer, measuring off song and sermon by cold, artistic or literary criticism, and in prayer time neither bowing the head nor bending the knee nor standing as one does in the presence of earthly ruler, thus showing more respect for a man than to the King of kings. We ask not for genuflexions or circumflexions or prostrations, but when prayer is offered let us either bow the head or bend the knee or let us in some way prove that we are not indifferent.

No one has come to midlife who has not been stung of ingratitude. On the battlefield of Alma in 1854 a wounded Russian was crying in anguish of thirst for water. Captain Eddington, of the English Army, ran to him and gave him drink. As the captain was running by to join his regiment the wounded soldier shot him. Almost all languages have proverbs setting forth this perversity. English proverb, "Bring up a raven and it will pick out your eyes." Arabic proverb, "Eat the present and break the dish." Italian proverb, "The ass, after having drunk, gives a kick to the bucket." An old proverb says, "If God were to be so complacent as to carry us on His back to Rome, we would not thank Him for His pains if He did not also set us down in an easy chair." You will never be happy in this world if you do not do all the good you can and look for no responsive gratitude. All the damage I did a man who is my enemy was to take him from a position where he received $700 a year salary into a position where he has ever since received $2500 a year. He never forgave me, but has pursued me with pen vitriolic ever since. The worst enemy you ever had is the man you introduced and favored and helped. But be not disturbed or even irritated. You are no better than your Lord.

If the world had had any thankful appreciation of His coming it would have filled that Bethlehem caravansary with flowers, which bloom there clear on into the December month, and Herod, instead of attempting His death, would have sent a chariot to fetch the infant to the palace, and the over and terminer of Pilate's courtroom would have pronounced Him not guilty, and instead of a cross and a crown of thorns it would have been a coronation, with all the mighty ones of the earth kneeling at the foot of His throne.

But closely allied is the other fact which we hinted at in the opening—that we will not pass this way again. This is our only opportunity for doing certain things that ought to be done. On all sides there are griefs we ought to solace, hunger we ought to feed, cold that we ought to warm, kind words that we ought to speak, generous deeds we ought to perform. All that you and I do toward making this world better and happier we must do very soon or never do at all. Joshua and his troops never came back over the way they were marching toward the crossing of the Jordan. The impress of the sandal or the bare feet of each soldier showed in what direction he was going, but never did the impress of the sandal of any one of them show that he had returned. We are all facing eternity to come. There is no retreat. Alertness and fidelity would not be so important if we could truthfully say: "I will be back here again. The things I neglect now I will do the next time I come. I will be reincarnated, and I will resume my earthly obligations. Having then more knowledge than I have now, I will discharge my earthly duties better than I can now discharge them. I do not give solemn farewell to these obligations and opportunities, but a smiling and cheery good-bye until I see them again." No, we cannot say that. There will be no new and corrected edition of the volume of our earthly life. After we make exit from the stage at the close of the fifth act we cannot reenter.

How many millions of people have lived and died I know not, but of all the human race who have gone only seven persons that I now think of have returned, the son of the widow at Zarephath, the young man of Nain, the ruler's daughter, Tabitha, Eutychus, Lazarus and Christ. Among all the ages to come I do not suppose there will be one more who will return to this life, having once left it.

At this point I ask you to notice the fact that my text does not call attention to the crossing of the Jordan, but to the way leading thereto. We all think much of our crossing of the Jordan when the march of our life is ended, but put too little emphasis on the way that leads to the crossing. What you and I need most to care about is the direction of the road we are traveling. We need have no fear of the crossing if we come to it in the right way. In other words, we need not care about death if our life has been what it ought to be. We will die right if we live right.

What an absurdity it would have been for Joshua and his men to have asked each other questions like these: "How can we cross the Jordan if we get there? Will not the water be too deep to allow us to wade? Will we not all be so saturated that we may lose our lives by exposure? How many of us can swim? Had we better not wait until the annual freshet has subsided?" No such folly did they commit. They were chiefly anxious about the way that they had "not passed before" and were ignorant of and to keep their eyes on the golden covered acacia box, wing mounted, which was the ark of the covenant.

O hearer, stop bothering about your exit from sublunary scenes! By the grace of God get your heart right and then go ahead. If the Lord takes care of you clear on to the bank on this side of the river, I think you can trust Him to take you from bank to bank, from the willows on this side the stream to the palms on the other side, from the last kiss of sorrowing ones on this side to the welcome, saintly, cherubic, seraphic, deific on the other side.

One Easter morning Massena, the Marshal of France, appeared with 18,000 armed men on the heights above the town of Feldkirch. There were no arms to defend the town, and the inhabitants were wild with terror. Then the old dean of the church cried out: "My brothers, this is Easter day! We have been depending on our own strength, and that fails. Let us turn to God. Ring the bells and have service as usual." Then the bells rang out sweetly and mightily from the church towers of Feldkirch, and the people thronged to the houses of prayer for worship. The sound of the bells made the enemy think that the Austrian army had come in to save the place, and Massena and his 18,000 soldiers retreated. By the time the bells had stopped ringing there was not one soldier in sight. So put your trust in God, and when hosts of troubles and temptations march for your overthrow ring all the bells of hope and faith and Christian triumph, and the threatening perils of your life will fall back, and your deliverance will be celebrated all up and down the skies. The God who led you through the way you never passed before will be with you at all the crossings.

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THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR DECEMBER 29.

Review of the Last Quarter of 1901. Psalm cv., 1-6—Golden Text, Rom. viii., 31—Summary of the Twelve Preceding Lessons.

Introduction—During the past quarter we have seen the Lord gradually bringing about His purpose in ways that are mysterious and strange. A nation is raised up in a foreign country, and then with a mighty hand is delivered from the oppressor and started toward the land of promise. We should learn that no event in our lives is unimportant, for great results may spring from that which in itself is very insignificant.

Summary—Lesson I. Topic: The sin of Joseph's brethren. Place: Jacob lived at Hebron. Joseph was sold at Dothan. Jacob sends Joseph to Shechem to visit his brethren; he finds them at Dothan; as soon as they see him they plan to kill him; Reuben persuades them not to kill him, but to cast him into a pit; they sit down to eat and see a company of Ishmaelites; they sell Joseph to the Ishmaelites, and send his coat, covered with blood, to their father; Jacob mourns greatly.

II. Topic: The dreams of Pharaoh's officers. Place: The capital of Egypt, probably Zoan. Joseph is sold to Potiphar in Egypt; lives in Potiphar's house ten years; is falsely accused by Potiphar's wife and cast into prison; the Lord is with him and gives him favor with his keeper; the king's butler and baker are sent to the same prison; Joseph serves them; they each have a dream and are sad; Joseph interprets their dreams, and asks the butler to remember him.

III. Topic: Fidelity rewarded. Place: Zoan. Pharaoh has two dreams that trouble him; his wise men are not able to interpret them; the butler then remembers Joseph; he is called; the king tells his dreams; there were to be seven years of plenty and then seven years of famine; Pharaoh chooses Joseph to buy up the corn during these years of plenty; Joseph is made ruler over the land, Joseph's name is changed; he marries Asenath; Joseph goes through the land and gathers great quantities of corn.

IV. Topic: Joseph forgiving his brethren. Place: Zoan. The famine reaches Canaan and Jacob sends his sons to Egypt to buy corn; Joseph recognizes them; keeps Simeon in prison; they return a second time with Benjamin; Joseph "could not refrain himself;" sends the Egyptians from the room; makes himself known; "wept aloud" and "kissed all his brethren;" asks concerning his father; tells them they must come to Egypt; offers to give them the land of Goshen.

V. Topic: Joseph's last days. Place: Goshen. Joseph sends presents to his father; Jacob and his sons go to Egypt; Joseph meets them and weeps on his father's neck; Joseph then introduces his father to Pharaoh; Jacob blesses his sons; Jacob dies and is buried in the cave with Abraham and Isaac; Joseph's brethren again ask forgiveness; Joseph forgives them; Joseph trains his children well; Joseph dies and is embalmed.

VI. Topic: The afflictions of God's people. Place: Goshen. God greatly prospered the Hebrews and they became numerous; the new king of Egypt oppressed them greatly; they were made to serve with rigor; taskmasters were set over them to afflict them with heavy burdens; they built Pithom and Raamses; their lives were made bitter, but the more they were oppressed the more God prospered them.

VII. Topic: God preserving Moses. Place: Zoan. Moses's parents, Amram and Jochebed, were of the house of Levi; Moses was a goodly child and was hid three months by his mother; an ark was then made; the child was put in the river; the king's daughter went to bathe and saw the child; Moses's sister Miriam is told to call a nurse; she calls her mother; after the child was grown he became the son of Pharaoh's daughter; she called his name Moses.

VIII. Topic: The woes of intemperance. Israel is compared to a vineyard; the Lord looked for good grapes, but it brought forth wild grapes; some of their evil deeds are here enumerated; woes are pronounced upon the covetous—those who "join house to house;" also upon the drunkards who regard not God; because of this the people are to be carried into captivity; their ruin will be complete and unavoidable; they are to be destroyed like chaff before the fire.

IX. Topic: God calling Moses to deliver Israel. Place: In the land of Midian. Moses decided to leave Pharaoh's court and join himself to the people of God; he killed a man and fled to Arabia; he married Zipporah; tended his father-in-law's sheep; when in the desert, near Horeb, God spoke to him from the burning bush; told him to put off his shoes; said he was about to deliver Israel; called Moses to lead them out of Egypt and promised to be with him.

X. Topic: The last plague threatened. Place: Goshen. Moses thought he was not able to deliver Israel, but God sent Aaron to assist him. Nine plagues were brought—blood, frogs, lice, flies, murrain, boils, hail, locusts, darkness—and still Pharaoh refused. One more plague was to be brought and then they would be thrust out. All the first born in the land were to be slain; there would be a great cry, but among the Hebrews all would be safe.

XI. Topic: Preparing for the exodus. Place: Goshen. The Lord gave minute instructions to Moses and Aaron. Each Hebrew family was to take a lamb and kill it in the evening and sprinkle the blood on the lintel and the two side posts; the lamb was to be roasted and all eaten; they were to eat in haste, prepared to leave at any moment; the blood would protect them. They were finally thrust out, and Pharaoh followed them to the Red Sea, where his host was drowned.

XII. Topic: The Prince of Peace. Place: Jerusalem. The prophet promised that a great light should come to the people. This light was Christ, the world's Redeemer. He has come and has established a government of peace. It is to continue forever, and is destined to fill the whole world.

Massachusetts is supporting a State bathhouse at Revere Beach. It was patronized last summer by 710,963 persons, 11.6 per cent. in excess of the patronage of the previous year. The total receipts amounted to $38,272, an average of about twenty-two cents per capita.

The power of the shortest word in advertising becomes doubly evident when one remembers that it is possible for a human being to get through life on fifteen hundred words of English, that Shakespeare's vocabulary, which was the greatest, included between fifty and sixty thousand, and that fully a quarter of the people of the United States communicate in slang and set phrases: that they are not only incapable of expressing themselves in ordinary English, but that the average sentence from Stevenson, Johnson or Wordsworth is not intelligible to them, states Pr[illegible]'s Ink.

Bronchitis

"I have kept Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my house for a great many years. It is the best medicine in the world for coughs and colds."
J. C. Williams, Amica, N. Y.

All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this first in a single night with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Use it also for bronchitis, consumption, hard colds, and for coughs of all kinds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists.

Consult your doctor freely. Follow them do as he says to take it, then do as he directs. Leave it with him.
J. C. AYER CO.

Gold Medal at Exposition.
McILHENNY'S TABASCO

Am. N. U., No. 51

Serum for Snake Bite.

Dr. Calmette, the director of the Pasteur Institute at Lille, is the discoverer of a curative serum for snake bite. He was severely bitten recently by a poisonous reptile, and at once gave himself an injection of his cure. His hand swelled badly and acute fever set in, but during the same day he was well enough to attend a meeting of the general committee of his department and to make an argument in favor of a grant of money to a sanitarium which he has founded at Lille. On the following day he was perfectly well, having thus afforded in his own person, albeit unwillingly, a convincing proof of the efficacy of his remedy.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

When a girl becomes a Mrs. she never will be Missed.

A Good Way to Begin 1901.

Cleanse the system, purify the blood and regulate the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels with the Herb medicine, Garfield Tea, insuring health and happiness for the New Year.

Knowledge is power except in the case of a man who knows he's been whipped.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

The only reason some people don't make fools of themselves is because the opportunity is lacking.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Many a man thinks his wife is gifted as a mind reader when in reality he talks in his sleep.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The most ductile metal is platinum. Wires have been made of it very little thicker than the threads of a spider web.

Italy owns the three largest churches in the world—St. Peter's, Rome; the Duomo, Milan, and St. Paul's, Rome.

New Jersey Skin Troubles

Can't resist Tetterine. "I have been troubled with Eczema four years. Tetterine has done me so much good that I gladly recommend it. Send another box."—W. C. Fuller, Seminole Cottage, Sea Cliff, N. J. 50c. a box by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., if your druggist don't keep it.

Most married women feel that they would like to organize a society for the improvement of men.

All kinds of cures for rheumatism from baking to vibration, are now being exploited. This disease, judging from the amount of space devoted to it in the public prints, is getting to be more and more a common complaint. "Tip" seems to fairly revel in new and wierd cures for the affliction, and the patent medicine advertisements set forth a tempting list of remedies. Probably the reason that people with rheumatism did not talk so much about it in the old days was for fear the doctor would be called in. One has only to look over an old medical book to realize that a visit from a doctor a hundred years ago was no joke. Here is a book on "The Practice of Physic," printed in Edinburgh in 1784—a hundred and seventeen years ago. It is written by the foremost doctor of his time, William Cullen, professor in the University of Edinburgh, "First Physician to His Majesty in Scotland," and member of all the learned societies. In its day "Cullen's First Lines" was the greatest medical text book in the English language. Now this is what Dr. Cullen would have done for "Tip," or any other seeker after a cure for rheumatism. The learned doctor says: "The cure requires in the first place an antiphlogistic (inflammation checking) regime, and particularly a total abstinence from animal food and from all fermented or spirituous liquors; substituting a vegetable and milk diet. Blood-letting is the first remedy in acute rheumatism. The blood ought to be drawn in large quantity and the bleeding to be repeated in proportion to the frequency, fullness and hardness of the pulse and the violence of the pain. For the most part large and repeated bleedings during the first days of the disease seem to be necessary." In addition to these general bleedings the doctor [illegible] local bleedings wherever there was any swelling or redness. Fresh.

Bronchitis

"I have kept Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my house for a great many years. It is the best medicine in the world for coughs and colds."
J. C. Williams, Attica, N. Y.

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Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.

Consult your doctor then do as he says. If he says to take it, then do it. Leave it with him and obey orders.
J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Gold Medal at Buffalo.

McILHENNY'S TABASCO

Am. N. U., No. 51

Serum for Snake Bite.

Dr. Calmette, the director of the Pasteur Institute at Lille, is the discoverer of a curative serum for snake bite. He was severely bitten recently by a poisonous reptile, and at once gave himself an injection of his cure. His hand swelled badly and acute fever set in, but during the same day he was well enough to attend a meeting of the general committee of his department and to make an argument in favor of a grant of money to a sanitarium which he has founded at Lille. On the following day he was perfectly well, having thus afforded in his own person, albeit unwillingly, a convincing proof of the efficacy of his remedy.

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SWAPPING CONFIDENCES.

One Girl Wastes Sympathy on a Man Another Makes His Man Waste Theirs.

"I'll never be even civil to a man again," muttered the brown eyed girl.

The blue eyed girl shrugged her shoulders incredulously. "Have your unsophisticated affections been trifled with?"

"It is worse than that. A man I don't even like thinks I am in love with him.

"Did you give him cause?"

"Indeed I did not. Only a conceited prig could have mistaken my conduct. You know, I have just returned from Cousin Nan's cottage. There was a bachelor next door. I don't know how long he has been a bachelor, but long enough to be utterly selfish and uninteresting. He ran in every day, and I took Nan's husband that it was better to be lonely than to be bored. Then in some unexplainable way I got it into my head that he had been in love with Nan, and was still true to her."

"You—girl, and thinking that? ...er," commented the blue eyed ...

"I know made him interesting. His expression seemed soulful, and when he shook hands with Cousin Nancy I could see that I was a wistful expression, and when he kissed her children I felt sure that only a ... will was keeping back his tears. I thought him so noble, so uncomplaining, and I tried to enter into all his moods. It wasn't very thrilling, but as there were no other men around, I thought it wouldn't hurt me to be good to him and cheer him up as much as I could. We rode and walked together in sympathetic silence, and I felt sure that he understood, for he told Tom that I was such a restful girl. One evening we stood on the porch, and I thought of the years of loneliness before him, and my heart ached. Picking up his hand, I held it for a second against my cheek, said 'Good night' very abruptly, and went into the house."

"No wonder he thought that you were in love," interrupted the blue eyed girl.

"Nonsense! If a man picked up a girl's hand she wouldn't think that he was in love—she would know that he was simply affected by the moon or something that he had eaten for dinner."

"Of course, he proposed?"

"Hardly. This story isn't in any story book. He was frightened to death and never called again. I found out afterward that he had never been in love with anyone except himself—conceited prig!"

The blue eyed girl looked thoughtful. "If you want to be awfully popular I'll tell you how if you will promise never to breathe it."

"I'll promise anything."

"Well, I will tell you my own experience. Last summer there was only one eligible man at the summer resort, and I knew that my chances for a good time were slim, for the other girls were younger and very attractive. Then some one who didn't know told that man that the man I was engaged to had died, and since that time I had been indifferent to men. It was better to have him think that than to know the real unromantic truth, so I dropped several remarks which would confirm his opinion. He hadn't even looked at me before, but after that he began studying my face, and he thought it so wonderful the way I hid my true feelings, for though my heart was broken, only a very close observer would have guessed it. To make a long story short, he decided that I was very safe for a summer girl, and he showered his attentions on me, and I accepted them with an understanding air. It worked so beautifully that I now have six men trying to make me forget some deep, unknown sorrow, for they all feel sure that I can't fall in love."

"But do you think any of them will propose?"

"I hope not. I don't want to have a good thing spoiled."

Then the blue eyed girl began looking over her engagement book for the week.—Chicago Post.

The Secretary of State's Duties.

The Secretary of State's duties are more ceremonious than those of any other Cabinet member. At the New Year reception he presents the entire Diplomatic Corps to the President. He then returns to his own home and entertains the corps—with its dukes, marquises, counts, viscounts, barons and other nobles—at a magnificent luncheon. With great ceremony he will from time to time personally introduce to the President all new diplomats accredited to this country. He reserves one forenoon in each week for the reception at his office of Ministers and Charge d'Affaires. He also attends to the correspondence between the President and the emperors, kings, sultans and other rulers of foreign States. When a royal child is born he frames a letter of congratulation to the parents. When a royal personage dies it is he who dispatches this nation's formal message of condolence. A clerk in the State Department copies these polite missives upon large sheets of gilt-edged paper, in a faultless copperplate hand. A messenger takes them to the White House for the President's signature. They are then returned to the Secretary of State, who seals them with the Great Seal of the United States.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Last Year's Output of Pennies.

At the United States mints 66,833,700 bronze cents were coined last year—a larger number than was produced during any previous twelvemonth.—Chronicle.

HYGIENIC BATHING.

Public Swimming Pool Dangerous to Public Health.

The dangers of the public swimming pool should not be forgotten by those suddenly interested in the subject of cleanliness among the poor of the cities. The proper methods of bathing are four: (1) By the bath in ocean water at the seashore. For only a very few of the entire people, and for but one-fourth of the year is this possible. Such bathing, like many other kinds of bathing, is not for cleansing the body. (2) By the bath tub with pure water, possible only for the well-to-do, and a limited number in public bath houses. (3) By the spray or rain bath, the sole method advisable in public baths, and especially if supported by the benevolent, by the state, or by city appropriations. (4) By means of sponge or towel at home, even with only a few gallons of water. This method should be encouraged by hygienists, physicians and all those who would discriminatingly help forward the cause of the public health. The free swimming bath for the vast majority of our people is impossible to provide if the water shall be pure, and it is impossible to keep the water pure when it is provided. We leave out of the count the not-to-be-sneered-at fact that unless the bathing is done unclothed, soap and cleanliness are not thought of, and, even at best, modesty, that hardly-won virtue, is not encouraged in public bathing. The only incontestable fact is that the public swimming pool is a danger to, not a promoter of, the public health. The newspapers, the politicians and the selfishly charitable are right in their efforts to encourage cleanliness, but the mere desire to do good nowadays does not prevent the final result from showing wasted effort, and, not infrequently, positive evil. Science should banish our sentimentalism, and nowhere more carefully than in socialistic experiment and fervors.—Philadelphia American Medicine.

King of Denmark's Palace.

Fredensborg is the largest of the King of Denmark's palaces. It has an imposing exterior, and is surrounded by wonderful avenues of limes, but is extremely simple in its interior arrangements. The bedrooms are small and furnished in the plainest style, and there are hardly any dressing rooms or wardrobes. A very wonderful view may be had from the palace roof, which is made entirely of copper. This metal is much used in Copenhagen; some of the steeples have copper steps by which they can be ascended. Rosenborg has a handsomer exterior than Fredensborg, and is full of beautiful artistic objects, including, it is said, the finest Venetian glass in the world.

Tadpoles in Trees.

There occurs in Japan a species of tadpole which seems to frequent the boughs of trees. The parent frog, or toad, or newt—it is not known which of these amphibians has so reckless a disregard for family traditions—builds in a tree a nest, and from the eggs which are there deposited, tadpoles are produced. The tadpoles seem to prefer this airy situation, which perhaps suits them in its freedom from rapacious fishes or frogs, for there is no evidence that they ever desert it. When the time comes for them to be converted into frogs, they drop into the pond below; but the American naturalist who first discovered this extraordinary fact did not succeed in tracing their future development.

"Could you do the landlord in the Lady of Lyons'?" asked the manager of a seedy actor. "Well, I should think I might; I have done a good many landlords."—London Tit-Bits.

If fools went not to market, bad wares would not be sold.

The sense of eternity in the heart makes the truly great life

A Christmas Dinner That Was Not Eaten Because of Indigestion.

This story would not have been told if the system had been regulated and the digestion perfected by the use of Nature's remedy, Garfield Tea. This wonderful Herb medicine cures all forms of stomach, liver and bowel derangements, cleanses the system, purifies the blood and lays the foundation for long life and continued good health.

Woman's crowning glory is sometimes her hair, but more often her hat.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

The glazing of pens, in some varieties considered an important operation, is done with shellac dissolved in naphtha.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Fortune smiles on some of us, and gives the rest of us the laugh.

A barrel of gasoline confined in a cellar has twice the explosive force of a barrel of gunpowder.

Wish All a Happy New Year.

Happiness that comes with good health is given to all who use Nature's gift, Garfield Tea. This Herb Cure cleanses the system, purifies the blood and removes the cause of disease.

The Laplanders average four feet eleven inches in height and are the shortest people in Europe.

WE PAY R. R. FARE AND UNDER $5,000 Deposit, Guarantee

Positions

200 FREE SCHOLARSHIPS. BOARD AT COST. Write Quick to GA.-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, MACON, GA.

PRICE, 25c.

ROYAL WORCESTER AND BON TON CORSETS

STRAIGHT FRONT

Are made in all the latest shapes and colors. They have no equals, and no others are "just as good." Ask your dealer about them.

Royal Worcester Corset Co. Worcester, Mass.

WINCHESTER "NEW RIVAL" FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS

outshoot all other black powder shells, because they are made better and load with machinery with the standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Try them and you will be convinced.

ALL • REPUTABLE • DEALERS • KEEP • THEM

$200.00 PER DAY GIVEN AWAY!

VALUABLE INFORMATION

The offer in our Premium Booklet expiring January 2, 1902, is hereby

EXTENDED FOR THE ENTIRE YEAR OF 1902

(except Present No. 129)

PRESENTS WILL BE GIVEN FOR TAGS

delivered to us during the year 1902, taken from the following brands of our tobacco:

R. J. Reynolds' 4 oz., Strawberry, R. J. R., Schnapps, Golden Crown, Reynolds' Sun Cured, Brown Pride, Mahogany, Speckled Beauty, Apple Jack, Mail Pouch, Cutter, Early Bird, P. H. Hanes & Co.'s Natural and N. T.

To appreciate our offer, these facts should be considered: That we are giving $2000.00 a day for tags, the memory of observers on our trade mark tags placed on to identify our best efforts, please buyers, and prevent being deceived by imitators.

Full descriptions of presents offered with our tags will be furnished upon request.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

BOOK PUB. HOUSE, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City

DROPS ... Book of testimonials Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

$5 to $10 DAY handling National Automatic Window Cleaner, sells at sight. Sayler Carry Mfg. Co., Rm 18, Hulbert Block, Cincinnati, O.

W. C. HOLMES Improved Farm Level "Eclipse." Best up-to-date level made. Price $4.50 with rod. Write for descriptive circular. 12 North Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

It is pure.
It is gentle.
It is pleasant.
It is efficacious.
It is not expensive.
It is good for children.
It is excellent for ladies.
It is convenient for business men.
It is perfectly safe under all circumstances.
It is used by millions of families the world over.
It stands highest, as a laxative, with physicians.
If you use it you have the best laxative the world produces.

Because

Its component parts are all wholesome—no after-effects.
It acts gently without any unpleasant after effects.
It is wholly free from objectionable substances.
It contains the laxative principles of plants.
It contains the carminative principles of plants.
It contains wholesome aromatic liquids which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste.
All are pure.
All are delicately blended and compounded.
All are skillfully and scientifically manufactured and to
Its value is due to our method of manufacture and combination, the orginality and simplicity of the genuine.
To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine.
Manufactured by
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y.
Louisville, Ky.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A GOOD POSITION IS ALWAYS EASILY OBTAINED AFTER GRADUATING FROM BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE BIRMINGHAM, ALA. WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

...enished affords the ...pportunity to select ...ed.

...ing and Dry Goods the ...e always changing, and ...best Groceries they must ...

...ck is large and new goods ...ing in, that is why you ...s best at

...SON & BRO.

CLANTON.

...moved to

2012 First Avenue

...ERYTHING AT CUT PRICES

Five-Year-Old Virginia Rye 75c Per Quart

COLLIER DRUG CO.,

THE CUT RATE DRUG STORE

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE CLANTON DRUG CO.

CARRIES A LARGE LINE OF

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines and Stationery

and is prepared to serve you in a nice way.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Job Printing cheap at THE BANNER office

AT REDUCED PRICES

W. I. MULLINS

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, PLANTATION SUPPLIES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

FURNITURE AND COFFINS.

N. B. A full line of Burial Clothes and all necessary Undertaker's Goods constantly kept in stock.

CLANTON, ALA.

R·I·P·A·N·S

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

TAX NOTICE

ASSESSOR'S AND COLLECTOR'S

Second Round

We will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of assessing the State and County taxes of Chilton county for the year 1902 and collecting the taxes for the year 1901:

				1901
Jemison	" 2		Dec.	2 & 3
Thorsby	" 9		"	4
Mountain Creek	" 5		"	5
Verbena	" 5	until 12 m.	"	6 & 7
Clanton	" 4		"	9

A. C. MIMS, Tax Assessor.
T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

I will be at Clanton the last ten days of the year, commencing Dec. 20, 1901.

T. J. HUBBARD, Tax Collector.

DO YOU LIKE

A GOOD TRADE?

THEN BUY YOUR

BOOTS, SHOES, PAINTS AND GLASS AT

STROCK'S

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES

HE GIVES A BARGAIN IN CHILDREN'S SHOES

CLANTON, ALA.

THIS IS COMPLETE SHAVING OUTFIT FOR $1.00. 9 PIECES

1 English Steel Razor—Guaranteed to shave	75c
1 9½ in Hair Brush	55c
1 Shaving Brush	10c
1 7 in Barber Comb	10c
1 Rubber Fine "	10c
1 4 in Pocket comb in case	10c
1 Bar Imported Shaving soap	10c
1 2½ in Mirror	10c
1 25 Razor Strop	50c

For sale by

C. D. POPWELL, Clanton.

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50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

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